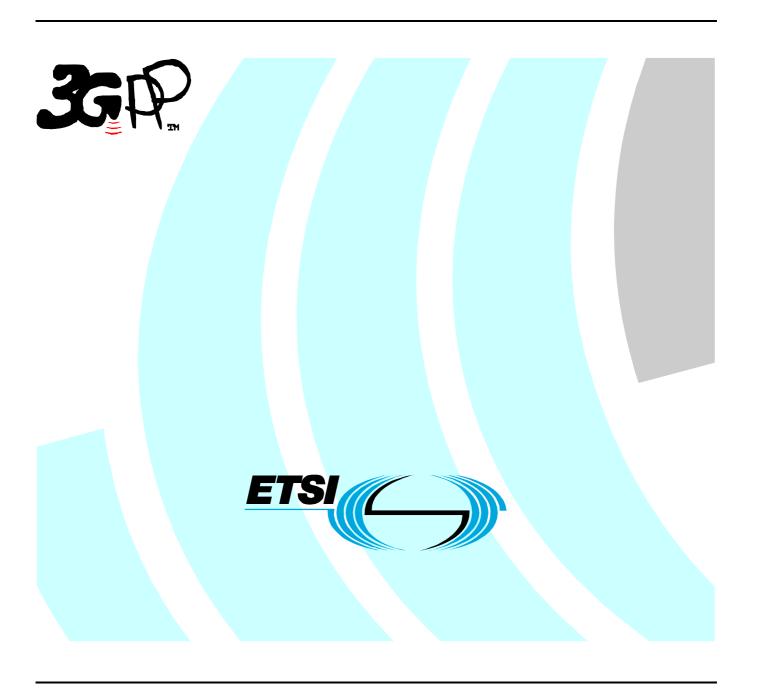
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#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

## Introduction

The present document is part 1 of a multi-parts TS:

3GPP TS 34.121-1: User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception (FDD); Part 1: Conformance specification.

3GPP TS 34.121-2 [32]: User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception (FDD); Part 2: Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS).

NOTE: TS 34.121 has been converted to multipart TS with version 7.0.0. Previous versions are a single part standard 34.121.

# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the measurement procedures for the conformance test of the user equipment (UE) that contain transmitting characteristics, receiving characteristics and performance requirements in addition to requirements for support of RRM (Radio Resource Management) in FDD mode.

The requirements are listed in different clauses only if the corresponding parameters deviate. More generally, tests are only applicable to those mobiles that are intended to support the appropriate functionality. To indicate the circumstances in which tests apply, this is noted in the "definition and applicability" part of the test.

For example only Release 5 and later UE declared to support HSDPA shall be tested for this functionality. In the event that for some tests different conditions apply for different releases, this is indicated within the text of the test itself.

# 2 References

[14]

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document.
- For a Release 1999 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 3.x.y. For a Release 4 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 4.x.y. For a Release 5 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 5.x.y. For a Release 6 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 6.x.y. For a Release 7 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 7.x.y. 3GPP TS 25.101 "UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)". [1] [2] 3GPP TS 25.133 "Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)". [3] 3GPP TS 34.108 "Common Test Environments for User Equipment (UE) Conformance Testing". [4] 3GPP TS 34.109 "Terminal logical test interface; Special conformance testing functions". [5] 3GPP TS 25.214 "Physical layer procedures (FDD)". 3GPP TR 21.905 "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [6] [7] 3GPP TR 25.990 "Vocabulary". 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification". [8] [9] 3GPP TS 25.433 "UTRAN Iub Interface NBAP Signalling". ITU-R Recommendation SM.329: "Spurious emissions". [10] 3GPP TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected [11] Mode". [12] 3GPP TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode". 3GPP TS 25.321: "Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification". [13]

3GPP TS 25.213: "Spreading and modulation (FDD)".

[15]	3GPP TS 25.223: "Spreading and modulation (TDD)".
[16]	ETSI ETR 273-1-2: "Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes".
[17]	3GPP TR 25.926: "UE Radio Access Capabilities".
[18]	3GPP TR 21.904: "UE capability requirements".
[19]	3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
[20]	3GPP TS 05.08 (R99): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio subsystem link control".
[21]	3GPP TS 34.123-1: "User Equipment (UE) Conformance Specification; Part 1: Protocol Conformance Specification".
[22]	3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical Layer – Measurements (FDD)".
[23]	Void
[24]	3GPP TR 34.902 " Derivation of test tolerances for multi-cell Radio Resource Management (RRM) conformance tests ".
[25]	3GPP TS 51.010-1: "Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification; Part 1: Conformance specification ".
[26]	3GPP TS 25.307 "Requirements on UEs supporting a release independent frequency band".
[27]	ITU-T recommendation O.153: "Basic parameters for the measurement of error performance at bit rates below the primary rate".
[28]	3GPP TS 05.05 (R99): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception".
[29]	3GPP TS 45.005 (Rel-4 and later releases): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception".
[30]	3GPP TS 45.008 (Rel-4 and later releases): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio subsystem link control".
[31]	3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".
[32]	3GPP TS 34.121-2: " User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception (FDD); Part 2: Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS)".

# 3 Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations

Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations used in the present document are listed in TR 21.905 [5] and TR 25.990 [6].

Terms are listed in alphabetical order in this clause.

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional terms and definitions apply:

**Maximum Output Power:** This is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

Nominal Maximum Output Power: This is the nominal power defined by the UE power class.

**Mean power:** When applied to a W-CDMA modulated signal this is the power (transmitted or received) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot unless otherwise stated.

**RRC** filtered mean power: The mean power as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor  $\alpha$  and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

NOTE 1: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated W-CDMA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal.

NOTE 2: The roll-off factor  $\alpha$  is defined in 25.101 clause 6.8.1.

**RegDTX:** Regular DTX. These are the times when the HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK is not expected to be transmitted due to an Inter-TTI period greater than 1

statDTX: Statistical DTX. These are the times when the HS-DPCCH is expected to transmit an ACK or NACK but none is transmitted due to the UE not being able to decode consistent control information from the HS\_SCCH.

**Throughput:** Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.

**Enhanced performance requirements type 1:** This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE. The requirements are based on UEs which utilise receiver diversity.

**Enhanced performance requiremetns type 2:** This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE. The requirements are based on UEs which utilise a chip equaliser receiver structure.

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

[...] Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it means that a decision about that value was not taken

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional abbreviations apply:

AFC Automatic Frequency Control
ASD Acceleration Spectral Density
ATT Attenuator
BER Bit Error Ratio
BLER Block Error Ratio

BTFD Blind Transport Format Detection CQI Channel Quality Indicator EVM Error Vector Magnitude

FDR False transmit format Detection Ratio. A false Transport Format detection occurs when the

receiver detects a different TF to that which was transmitted, and the decoded transport block(s)

for this incorrect TF passes the CRC check(s).

HSDPA High Speed Downlink Packet Access HS-DSCH High Speed Downlink Shared Channel

HS-PDSCH High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel

HARQ Hybrid ARQ sequence

HYB Hybrid IM Intermodulation

ITP Initial Transmission Power control mode

OBW Occupied Bandwidth

OCNS Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on

the other orthogonal channels of a downlink

PAR Peak to Average Ratio

P-CCPCH Primary Common Control Physical Channel

P-CPICH Primary Common Pilot Channel

PCDE Peak Code Domain Error
RBW Resolution Bandwidth
PRBS Pseudo Random Bit Sequence

regDTX Regular DTX RRC Root-Raised Cosine

S-CCPCH Secondary Common Control Physical Channel

S-CPICH Secondary Common Pilot Channel

SCH Synchronisation Channel consisting of Primary and Secondary synchronisation channels

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SS System Simulator; see Annex A for description

statDTX Statistical DTX

TGCFN Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number

TGD Transmission Gap Distance
TGL Transmission Gap Length
TGPL Transmission Gap Pattern Length

TGPRC Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count TGSN Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number

## 3.4 Equations

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional equations apply:

 $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  The ratio of the received energy per PN chip of the CPICH to the total transmit power spectral

density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.

 $\underline{DPCH}_{\underline{E}_{c}}$  The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral

density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.

 $\underline{DPCCH}_{\underline{E}_c}$  The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCCH to the total transmit power spectral

density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.

 $\underline{DPDCH}_{\underline{E}_c}$  The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPDCH to the total transmit power spectral

 $I_{or}$ 

density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.

F<sub>11w</sub> Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute frequency(s) or

a frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency.

I<sub>Node\_B</sub> Interference signal power level at Node B in dBm, which is broadcasted on BCH.

 $I_{oac}$  The power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate and normalized

to the chip rate) of the adjacent frequency channel as measured at the UE antenna connector.

I<sub>oc</sub> The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized

to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are

not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 $I_{or}$  The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate

and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector

 $\hat{I}_{or}$  The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate and

normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 $I_{otx}$  The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized

to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating Node B transmitter impairments)

as measured at the Node B transmit antenna connector(s).

I<sub>ouw</sub> Unwanted signal power level.

*P-CCPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>* Average (note) energy per PN chip for P-CCPCH.

 $P-CCPCH \frac{E_c}{I_o}$  The ratio of the received P-CCPCH energy per chip to the total received power spectral density at the UE antenna connector.

 $\frac{P - CCPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$  The ratio of the average (note) transmit energy per PN chip for the P-CCPCH to the total transmit power spectral density.

P- $CPICH_E_c$  Average (note) energy per PN chip for P-CPICH.

 $PICH_E_c$  Average (note) energy per PN chip for PICH.

 $\frac{PICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  The ratio of the received energy per PN chip of the PICH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.

R Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by

a HSDPA capable UE.

<REFSENS> Reference sensitivity

<REF $\hat{I}_{or}>$  Reference  $\hat{I}_{or}$ 

 $SCH_E_c$  Average (note) energy per PN chip for SCH.

S- $CPICH_E_c$  Average (note) energy per PN chip for S-CPICH.

NOTE: Averaging period for energy/power of discontinuously transmitted channels should be defined.

NOTE: The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH\_E<sub>c</sub> and P-CPICH\_E<sub>c</sub>) and others defined in terms of PSD (I<sub>oac</sub>, I<sub>oc</sub>, and Î<sub>or</sub>). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of energy per chip to PSD (DPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>or</sub>, E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>or</sub> etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

# 4 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

## 4.1 General

The information presented in this clause is based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

NOTE: Other chip rates may be considered in future releases.

# 4.2 Frequency bands

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate in either of the following paired bands:

Operating Band	UL Frequencies UE transmit, Node B	DL frequencies UE receive, Node B transmit
	receive	
1	1920 – 1980 MHz	2110 – 2170 MHz
II	1850 –1910 MHz	1930 – 1990 MHz
III	1710 -1785 MHz	1805 - 1880 MHz
IV	1710 -1755MHz	2110 - 2155MHz
V	824 - 849MHz	869 - 894MHz
VI	830 - 840 MHz	875 - 885 MHz
VII	2500 - 2570 MHz	2620 - 2690 MHz
VIII	880 – 915 MHz	925 – 960 MHz
IX	1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz	1844.9 - 1879.9 MHz
X	1710 – 1770 MHz	2110 – 2170 MHz
XI	1427.9 - 1452.9 MHz	1475.9 - 1500.9 MHz

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Note: See TS25.307 [26] for Band IV, V,VI, VII, VIII and IX.

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded.

# 4.3 TX–RX frequency separation

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate with the following TX-RX frequency separation.

Operating Band	TX-RX frequency separation
I	190 MHz
II	80 MHz
III	95 MHz
IV	400 MHz
V	45 MHz
VI	45 MHz
VII	120 MHz
VIII	45 MHz
IX	95 MHz
X	400 MHz
XI	48 MHz

- b) UTRA/FDD can support both fixed and variable transmit to receive frequency separation.
- c) The use of other transmit to receive frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.

# 4.4 Channel arrangement

# 4.4.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario.

## 4.4.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz, for all bands which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to table 4.1a, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

# 4.4.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN). For each operating Band, the values of the UARFCN are defined as follows.

Uplink:  $N_U = 5 * (F_{UL} - F_{UL\_Offset})$ , for the carrier frequency range  $F_{UL\_low} \le F_{UL} \le F_{UL\_high}$ 

Downlink:  $N_D = 5 * (F_{DL} - F_{DL \text{ Offset}})$ , for the carrier frequency range  $F_{DL \text{ low}} \le F_{DL} \le F_{DL \text{ high}}$ 

For each operating Band,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{UL\_low}$ ,  $F_{UL\_high}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_low}$  and  $F_{DL\_high}$  are defined in Table 4.1 for the general UARFCN. For the additional UARFCN,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$  and the specific  $F_{UL}$  and  $F_{DL}$  are defined in Table 4.1A.

Table 4.1: UARFCN definition (general)

	UI	PLINK (UL)		DOWNLINK (DL)		
	UE transr	nit, Node B red		UE receive, Node B transmit		
Band	UARFCN	Carrier freq	uency (F <sub>∪L</sub> )	UARFCN	Carrier freq	uency (F <sub>DL</sub> )
	formula offset	range	[MHz]	formula offset	range	[MHz]
	F <sub>UL_Offset</sub> [MHz]	$F_{UL\_low}$	F <sub>UL_high</sub>	F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz]	$F_{DL\_low}$	F <sub>DL_high</sub>
I	0	1922.4	1977.6	0	2112.4	2167.6
II	0	1852.4	1907.6	0	1932.4	1987.6
III	1525	1712.4	1782.6	1575	1807.4	1877.6
IV	1450	1712.4	1752.6	1805	2112.4	2152.6
V	0	826.4	846.6	0	871.4	891.6
VI	0	832.4	837.6	0	877.4	882.6
VII	2100	2502.4	2567.6	2175	2622.4	2687.6
VIII	340	882.4	912.6	340	927.4	957.6
IX	0	1752.4	1782.4	0	1847.4	1877.4
Х	1135	1712.4	1767.6	1490	2112.4	2167.6
XI	733	1430.4	1450.4	736	1478.4	1498.4

Table 4.1a: UARFCN definition (additional channels)

		nsmit. Node B receive			
		,	UE receive, Node B transmit		
Band	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	
	formula offset	(F <sub>UL)</sub> )	formula offset	(F <sub>DL)</sub> )	
	F <sub>UL_Offset</sub> [MHz]		F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz]		
ı	-	-	-	-	
	1850.1	1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5, 1867.5,	1850.1	1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5, 1947.5,	
II		1872.5, 1877.5, 1882.5, 1887.5,		1952.5, 1957.5, 1962.5, 1967.5,	
		1892.5, 1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5		1972.5, 1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5	
III	-	-	-	-	
IV	1380.1	1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5, 1727.5,	1735.1	2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5, 2127.5,	
		1732.5, 1737.5 1742.5, 1747.5,		2132.5, 2137.5, 2142.5, 2147.5,	
		1752.5		2152.5	
V	670.1	826.5, 827.5, 831.5, 832.5,	670.1	871.5, 872.5, 876.5,	
		837.5, 842.5		877.5, 882.5, 887.5	
VI	670.1	832.5, 837.5	670.1	877.5, 882.5	
VII	2030.1	2502.5, 2507.5, 2512.5,	2105.1	2622.5, 2627.5, 2632.5,	
		2517.5, 2522.5, 2527.5,		2637.5, 2642.5, 2647.5,	
		2532.5, 2537.5, 2542.5,		2652.5, 2657.5, 2662.5,	
		2547.5, 2552.5, 2557.5,		2667.5, 2672.5, 2677.5,	
		2562.5, 2567.5		2682.5, 2687.5	
VIII	-	-	-	-	
IX	-	-	-	-	
Х	1075.1	1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5,	1430.1	2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5,	
		1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5,		2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5,	
		1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5,		2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5,	
		1757.5, 1762.5, 1767.5		2157.5, 2162.5, 2167.5	
XI	-	-	-	-	

# 4.4.4 UARFCN

The following UARFCN range shall be be supported for each paired band.

Operating	Uplink	Downlink
Band	UE transmit, Node B receive	UE receive, Node B transmit
	9 612 to 9 888	10 562 to 10 838
II	9 262 to 9 538	9 662 to 9 938
	and	and
	12, 37, 62, 87,	412, 437, 462, 487,
	112, 137, 162, 187,	512, 537, 562, 587,
	212, 237, 262, 287	612, 637, 662, 687
III	937 to 1288	1162 to 1513
IV	1312 to 1513	1537 to 1738
	and	and
	1662, 1687, 1712, 1737, 1762, 1787,	1887, 1912, 1937, 1962, 1987, 2012,
	1812, 1837, 1862	2037, 2062, 2087
V	4132 to 4233	4357 to 4458
	and	and
	782, 787, 807,	1007, 1012, 1032,
	812, 837, 862	1037, 1062, 1087
VI	4162 to 4188 and 812, 837	4387 to 4413 and 1037, 1062
VII	2012 to 2338 and 2362, 2387, 2412,	2237 to 2563 and 2587, 2612, 2637,
	2437, 2462, 2487, 2512, 2537, 2562,	2662, 2687, 2712, 2737, 2762, 2787,
	2587, 2612, 2637, 2662, 2687	2812, 2837, 2862, 2887, 2912
VIII	2712 to 2863	2937 to 3088
IX	8762 to 8912	9237 to 9387
X	2887 to 3163	3112 to 3388
	and	and
	3187, 3212, 3237, 3262,	3412, 3437, 3462, 3487,
	3287, 3312, 3337, 3362,	3512, 3537, 3562, 3587,
	3387, 3412, 3437, 3462	3612,3637, 3662, 3687
XI	3487 to 3587	3712 to 3812

Table 4.2: UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

NOTE: If the UE is on a network with Mobile Country Code set to Japan then it may assume that any DL UARFCN sent by the network from the overlapping region of Band V and Band VI is from Band VI. If the UE is on a network with a Mobile Country Code other than Japan then it may assume that any DL UARFCN sent by the network from the overlapping region of Band V and Band VI is from Band V.

# 4A Reference Conditions

The reference environment used by all test cases in this document are specified in TS 34.108 [3]. Where a test requires an environment that is different, this will be specified in the test itself.

# 4A.1 Generic setup procedures

Test procedures for RF test are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. The initial conditions of this clause also refer to the generic setup procedures defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.2.

# 4A.2 System information

The reference system information used for test cases specified in this document is defined in TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0a (Default Master Information Block and Scheduling Block messages) and 6.1.0b (Default System Information Block Messages). For cells other than cell 1 the difference in information elements is defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.4. For the generic setup procedures defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 some SIB elements override those specific SIB elements from TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b. Annex I in the present document overwrites specific elements in the Master Information Block and Scheduling Block messages compared to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0a and specific SIB elements compared to TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0b and 7.3. In the test description itself specific SIB elements can be overwritten again. This leads to the following places defining Master Information Block, Scheduling Block messages and System Information Block Messages:

- 1. TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0a, 6.1.0b and 6.1.4
- 2. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3

- 3. TS 34.121 Annex I
- 4. TS 34.121 test case description

When the same Information Element is defined in several places then the place with the higher number according to the above list will override the other definition(s).

# 4A.3 Message contents

Default message contents for test cases specified in this document are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9. Most default message contents are specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.2.1, but some default message contents originally defined for signalling test cases are re-used for RF testing and specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.1.1. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 contains additional information regarding the default messages. Annex I in the present document overwrites specific message contents for some test cases. In the test description itself specific information elements can be overwritten again. This leads to the following places defining message contents:

1a. TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.1.1 (only if indicated by TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 or the test description in TS 34.121)

1b. TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.2.1 (as indicated by TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 or the test description in TS 34.121)

- 2. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3
- 3. TS 34.121 Annex I
- 4. TS 34.121 test case description

When the same Information Element is defined in several places then the place with the higher number according to the above list will override the other definition(s). Default message contents from TS 34.108 [3] clause 9 will be used either from clause 9.1.1 (1a in the list above) or from clause 9.2.1 (1b in the list above). Some messages are not defined in all places, but all messages have to be defined at least in the test description.

# 4A.4 Measurement configurations

Measurement configurations defined by system information are specified in TS 34.108 [3]. System Information Block type 11 (SIB 11) configures measurements for cell 1 according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.4 for the difference in message contents of SIB 11 (FDD) for other cells used in the test. SIB 12 is specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b, but is currently not used to configure measurements.

Some modifications to specific information elements in SIB 11 are defined in TS 34.121 Annex I or in the test description itself. In this case the priority defined in clause 4A.2 shall be applied.

Note: Currently SIB 11 in TS 34.108 [3] configures Intra-frequency measurement system information to use "Intra-frequency measurement identity=1" (default value), "Intra-frequency measurement identity =CPICH RSCP" with events 1a, 1b and 1c. The Inter-frequency measurement system information and the Inter-RAT measurement system information do not configure measurement identities. Traffic volume measurement system information is not present.

In many test cases the measurement identity as configured by SIB 11 is reused and the Measurement Control message will "Modify" the Measurement Identity configured in SIB 11.

In some test cases additional measurements are used. Then the Measurement Control message will "Setup" a new Measurement Identity with the default value for that measurement quantity as specified in TS 25.331 [8]. If the Measurement Control message uses "Setup" then the new Measurement Identity shall be different to already configured ones. All Inter-frequency measurements and Inter-RAT measurements are first configured by Measurement Control message using "Setup".

All UE measurements are referenced to the UE antenna connector.

# 5 Transmitter Characteristics

## 5.1 General

Transmitting performance test of the UE is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic

channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function. (Refer to TS 34.109 [4]).

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in table 5.1.

Table 5.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	UL DPCH bit rate	Remarks
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Unless detailed the transmitter characteristic are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. Transmitter characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

All the parameters in clause 5 are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) specified in clause C.2.1 and unless stated otherwise, with the UL power control ON.

The common RF test conditions of Tx Characteristics are defined in clause E.3.1, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 5) should refer clause E.3.1. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

For HSDPA test cases and E-DCH test cases, when DTCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DTCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period.

The MAC header transmission on HS-DSCH for all E-DCH test cases shall use a correct MAC-hs header consistent with the actual HSDPA transmission.

The DL and UL RLC SDU size for all E-DCH tests in clause 5 shall be set according to Annex C.11.3.

For HSDPA test cases without E-DCH, the MAC headers on HS-DSCH shall be according to Annex C.9A.

# 5.2 Maximum Output Power

# 5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The nominal maximum output power and its tolerance are defined according to the Power Class of the UE.

The maximum output power is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE maximum output power shall be within the nominal value and tolerance specified in table 5.2.1 even for the multi-code transmission mode.

**Table 5.2.1: Nominal Maximum Output Power** 

Operating	Power	Class 1	Power	Class 2	Power	Class 3	Power C	lass 3bis	Power	Class 4
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)								
Band I	+33	+1/-3	+27	+1/-3	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band III	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band IV	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band V	-		-	•	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band VI	-	•	-	•	+24	+1/-3	-	•	+21	+2/-2
Band VII	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+23	+2/-2	+21	+2/-2
Band VIII	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+23	+2/-2	+21	+2/-2
Band IX	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band X	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2
Band XI	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	-	-	+21	+2/-2

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.1.

# 5.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power does not exceed the range prescribed by the nominal maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2.1.

An excess maximum output power has the possibility to interfere to other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

## 5.2.4 Method of test

## 5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

## 5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 2) Measure the mean power of the UE in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.

## 5.2.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power, derived in step 2), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the nominal maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2.2.

**Table 5.2.2: Nominal Maximum Output Power** 

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Operating	Power	Class 1	Power C	lass 2	Power	Class 3	Power Cla	ss 3bis	Power	Class 4
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)								
Band I	+33	+1,7/- 3,7	+27	+1,7/- 3,7	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band III	-	-	1	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band IV	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band V	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band VI	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band VII	-	-	1	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	+23	+2,7/- 2,7	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band VIII	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	+23	+2,7/- 2,7	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band IX	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band X	-	-	1	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7
Band XI	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/- 3,7	-	-	+21	+2,7/- 2,7

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH (Release 5 only)

# 5.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and its tolerance are defined according to the Power Class of the UE.

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The measurement period shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA for Release 5.

# 5.2A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH shall be within the value and tolerance specified in table 5.2A.1 when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall be within the values and tolerance specified in table 5.2.1.

Table 5.2A.1: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH

	Power C	ass 3	Power Class 4		
Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	
	(ubili)	\ /	(ubili)	\"-" /	
$1/15 \le \beta_c/\beta_d \le 12/15$	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2	
$13/15 \le \beta_c/\beta_d \le 15/8$	+23	+2/-3	+20	+3/-2	
$15/7 \le \beta_c/\beta_d \le 15/0$	+22	+3/-3	+19	+4/-2	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.2.

# 5.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH does not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2A.1.

An excess maximum output power may interfere with other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

## 5.2A.4 Method of test

## 5.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1 with the beta values set according to table C.10.1.4.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.2A.1A.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.2A.1A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2A.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
·	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

## 5.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the mean power of the UE. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.
- 5) Repeat the measurement for the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

# 5.2A.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH, derived in step 4), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2A.2. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall not exceed the range prescribed in table 5.2.2.

The UL reference measurement channel for TX test will be set as defined in C.10.1 with the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH and DPDCH being set to the values defined in table C.10.1.4.

Table 5.2A.2: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH for test

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	Power	Class 3	Power Class 4		
Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	
$\beta_{c}/\beta_{d} = 2/15, 12/15$	+24	+1.7/-3.7	+21	+2.7/-2.7	
$\beta_c/\beta_d = 15/8$	+23	+2.7/-3.7	+20	+3.7/-2.7	
$\beta_c/\beta_d = 15/4$	+22	+3.7/-3.7	+19	+4.7/-2.7	
Note: For the purpose of the test $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI}$ = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs}$ = 30/15 * $\beta_c$ .					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.2AA Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH (Release 6 and later)

# 5.2AA.1 Definition and applicability

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and its tolerance are defined according to the UE Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power.

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The measurement period shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA without E-DCH.

# 5.2AA.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power shall be within the value and tolerance specified in table 5.2AA.1 for when the values of of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot.

Table 5.2AA.1: Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE transmit channel configuration CM (dB) MPR (dB) For all combinations of; DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH  $0 \le CM \le 3.5$  MAX (CM-1, 0)

Note 1: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

CM = CEIL { 
$$[20 * log10 ((v_norm^3)_{rms}) - 20 * log10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms})] / k, 0.5 }$$

Where

- CEIL{ x, 0.5 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. CM ∈ [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5]

- k is 1.85 for signals where all channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF,\,N}$  where N< SF/2
- k is 1.56 for signals were any channelisations codes meet the following criteria C<sub>SF, N</sub> where N ≥ SF/2
- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and 20 \* log 10 ((v\_norm\_ref<sup>3</sup>)<sub>rms</sub>) = 1.52 dB

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.2.

# 5.2AA.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH does not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2AA.2.

An excess maximum output power may interfere with other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

#### 5.2AA.4 Method of test

#### 5.2AA.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.2AA.1A.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.2AA.1A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2AA.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.2AA.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according to the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the mean power of the UE. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.

5) Repeat the measurement for the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

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# 5.2AA.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH, derived in step 4), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2AA.2. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall not exceed the range prescribed in table 5.2.2.

The UL reference measurement channel for TX test will be set as defined in C.10.1 with the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH and DPDCH being set to the values defined in table C.10.1.4.

Sub-test in	Power (	Class 3	Power Class 4	
table C.10.1.4	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
1	+24	+1.7/-3.7	+21	+2.7/-2.7
2	+24	+1.7/-3.7	+21	+2.7/-2.7
3	+23.5	+2.2/-3.7	+20.5	+3.2/-2.7
1	+23.5	+2 2/-3 7	+20.5	+3 2/-2 7

Table 5.2AA.2: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH for test

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.2B Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

# 5.2B.1 Definition and applicability

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH and its tolerance are defined according to the UE Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power.

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit when HS-DPCCH and E-DCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The measurement period shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

# 5.2B.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power shall be within the value and tolerance specified in table 5.2B.1 for when the values of of  $\beta_{c_i}$ ,  $\beta_{d_i}$ ,  $\beta_{hs_i}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot.

Table 5.2B.1: Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Note 1: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

CM = CEIL { 
$$[20 * log10 ((v_norm^3)_{rms}) - 20 * log10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms})] / k, 0.5 }$$

Where

- CEIL{ x, 0.5 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. CM  $\in [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5]$ 

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- k is 1.85 for signals where all channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF,\,N}$  where N < SF/2
- k is 1.56 for signals were any channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF,\,N}$  where  $N \ge SF/2$
- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and 20 \* log 10 ((v\_norm\_ref<sup>3</sup>)<sub>rms</sub>) = 1.52 dB

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.2.

# 5.2B.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH does not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2B.5.

An excess maximum output power may interfere with other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

#### 5.2B.4 Method of test

#### 5.2B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table C.11.1.3 and each UL physical channel to be at constant power during the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.2B.4A.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.2B.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark		
UL Transport channel information for all transport			
channels			
- 2bit CTFC	3		
- Power offset Information			
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors		
- CHOICE mode	FDD		
- Gain factor ßc	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3		
- Gain factor ßd	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3		
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info		
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2		
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gain factors as in the default message			

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Table 5.2B.2: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Subtests 1,2,4,5

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	67
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18
- Reference E-TFCI	71
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23
- Reference E-TFCI	75
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26
- Reference E-TFCI	81
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27

Table 5.2B.3: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Subtest 3

Information Element	Value/Remark	
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info	
- E-DPDCH info		
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs	
- Reference E-TFCI	11	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4	
- Reference E-TFCI	92	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18	

Table 5.2B.4 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
<ul> <li>Power Control Algorithm</li> </ul>	Algorithm2	
- $\Delta_{\sf ACK}$	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
- A <sub>NACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)	
E-DCH info		
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms	
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)	
- ∆ <sub>CQI</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	

Table 5.2B.4A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
Cell type		Serving cell	
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2B.4.1	
Qqualmin	dB	-24	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21	
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86	
·	MHz		

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.2B.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the Absolute Grant according to Table C.11.1.3.
- 2) The SS starts transmitting HSDPA and the UE loops the received data back on E-DCH.
- 3) Set the UE power to be at least 6dB lower than the maximum output power. Wait 150ms.
- 4) Send power control bits to give one  $TPC_cmd = +1$  command to the UE.
- 5) The SS checks the received E-TFCI for 150 ms. If UE does not send any decreased E-TFCI (DTX on E-DPDCH is also considered decreased E-TFCI) within the 150ms then go back to step (4) otherwise proceed to step 6).
- 6) Send power control bits to give one TPC\_cmd = -1 command to the UE.
- 7) The SS checks the received E-TFCI for 150 ms. If UE sends any decreased E-TFCI within the 150ms, then send new power control bits to give another TPC\_cmd = -1 command to the UE and wait 150ms.
- 8) Confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table C.11.1.3. If the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is not equal to the target E-TFCI, then fail the UE.
- 9) Measure the mean power of the UE. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.
- 10) Repeat the measurement for the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.11.1.3.

# 5.2B.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH, derived in step 9), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2B.5. Note:

The UL reference measurement channel for TX test will be set as defined in C.11.1 with the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH, DPCCH and E-DPCCH being set to the values defined in table C.11.1.3.

Table 5.2B.5: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH for test

Sub-test in	Power Class 3		Power	Class 4
table C.11.1.3	Power	Tol	Power	Tol
	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)
1	+24	+1.7/-5.2	+21	+2.7/-4.2
2	+22	+3.7/-5.2	+19	+4.7/-4.2
3	+23	+2.7/-5.2	+20	+3.7/-4.2
4	+22	+3.7/-5.2	+19	+4.7/-4.2
5	+24	+1.7/-5.2	+21	+2.7/-4.2

NOTE1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

NOTE2: The test prodedure will result in a power slightly below the maximum, and therefore the lower limits in Table 5.2B.5 are made lower by 1.5 dB.

# 5.2C UE relative code domain power accuracy

# 5.2C.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Relative code domain power accuracy is a measure of the ability of the UE to correctly set the level of individual code powers relative to the total power of all active codes. The measure of accuracy is the difference between two dB ratios:

UE Relative CDP accuracy = (Measured CDP ratio) – (Nominal CDP ratio)

where

Measured CDP ratio = 10\*log((Measured code power) / (Measured total power of all active codes))

Nominal CDP ratio = 10\*log((Nominal CDP) / (Sum of all nominal CDPs))

The nominal CDP of a code is relative to the total of all codes and is derived from beta factors. The sum of all nominal CDPs will equal 1 by definition.

NOTE: The above definition of UE relative CDP accuracy is independent of variations in the actual total power of the signal and of noise in the signal that falls on inactive codes.

The requirements apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. This test applies only to UE that support HSDPA.

# 5.2C.2 Minimum Requirements

The required accuracy of the UE relative CDP is given in table 5.2C.1. The UE relative CDP accuracy shall be maintained over the period during which the total of all active code powers remains unchanged or one timeslot, whichever is the longer.

Table 5.2C.1: UE Relative CDP accuracy

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.5
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.0
-15 dB to ≥ -20 dB	±2.5

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.3.

# 5.2C.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE relative code domain power accuracy meets the requirements given in table 5.2C.4.

#### 5.2C.4 Method of test

#### 5.2C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.2C.2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

Table 5.2C.2: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of HS-DPCCH

Parameter Unit		Cell 1	
Cell type		Serving cell	
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2C.4.1	
Qqualmin	dB	-24	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21	
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86	
	MHz		

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

## 5.2C.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values defined in table C.10.1.4 subtest 1 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH half slot offset required for measurements. This will create a signal with a repeat pattern of 12ms. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 2) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS to set the output power of the UE, when the HS-DPCCH is not transmitted, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range  $0 \text{ dBm} \pm 2 \text{dB}$ . This is a nominal setting and not part of the test requirements.
- 3) Send alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC\_cmd = 0.
- 4) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 5) Figure 5.2C.1 shows the 12ms cycle created when using the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message from Annex I with the test specific message content defined below and with TPC\_cmd=0. Measure the relative code domain power of each active code at the measurement points specified in figure 5.2C.1. Each measurement is over a half slot period. Point 1 is the half slot prior to the ACK/NACK. Point 2 is the first half slot of the ACK/NACK, point 3 is the first half slot of the CQI and point 4 is the first half slot after the CQI. The 25us transient periods at the end of each half slot period shall not be included. The nominal UE relative code domain power for each active code at each point is defined in table 5.2C.3. The required accuracy which is the difference between the expected and measured code domain power shall meet the test requirements given in table 5.2C.4.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I. The test specific content for the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is as follows:

Information Element	Value/remark
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	1
- CQI repetition factor	1

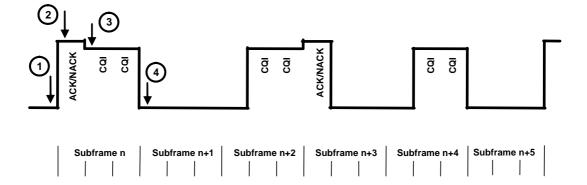


Figure 5.2C.1: Transmit power profile showing measurement points

# 5.2C.5 Test requirements

For the expected relative code domain power ratios given in table 5.2C.3 the UE shall meet the UE relative code domain power accuracy test requirements given in Table 5.2C.4.

Table 5.2C.3: UE relative code domain power nominal ratios

Sub-test in table	Measure	Expected relative code domain power in dB		
C.10.1.4	ment point	DPCCH	DPDCH	HS-DPCCH
	1	-17.6	-0.08	OFF
1	2	-17.9	-0.4	-11.8
'	3	-17.8	-0.3	-13.7
	4	-17.6	-0.08	OFF
	1	-4.1	-2.1	OFF
2	2	-8.2	-6.2	-2.1
2	3	-7.1	-5.2	-3
	4	-4.1	-2.1	OFF
	1	-1.1	-6.5	OFF
3	2	-7.2	-12.7	-1.2
3	3	-5.8	-11.3	-1.8
	4	-1.1	-6.5	OFF
	1	-0.3	-11.8	OFF
4	2	-7.1	-18.5	-1
4	3	-5.6	-17.1	-1.5
	4	-0.3	-11.8	OFF

Table 5.2C.4: UE relative code domain power accuracy test requirements

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.7
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.3
-15 dB to ≥ -20 dB	±2.9

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.2D UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy for HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

# 5.2D.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Relative code domain power accuracy is a measure of the ability of the UE to correctly set the level of individual code powers relative to the total power of all active codes. The measure of accuracy is the difference between two dB ratios:

UE Relative CDP accuracy = (Measured CDP ratio) – (Nominal CDP ratio)

where

Measured CDP ratio = 10\*log((Measured code power) / (Measured total power of all active codes))

Nominal CDP ratio = 10\*log((Nominal CDP) / (Sum of all nominal CDPs))

The nominal CDP of a code is relative to the total of all codes and is derived from beta factors. The sum of all nominal CDPs will equal 1 by definition.

NOTE: The above definition of UE relative CDP accuracy is independent of variations in the actual total power of the signal and of noise in the signal that falls on inactive codes.

The requirements apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. This test applies only to UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH. This test is in addition to the test for HSDPA only in 5.2C.

# 5.2D.2 Minimum Requirements

The required accuracy of the UE relative CDP is given in table 5.2D.1. The UE relative CDP accuracy shall be maintained over the period during which the total of all active code powers remains unchanged or one timeslot, whichever is the longer.

Table 5.2D.1: UE Relative CDP accuracy

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.5
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.0
-15 dB to ≥ -20 dB	±2.5

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.3.

# 5.2D.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE relative code domain power accuracy meets the requirements given in table 5.2D.8.

## 5.2D.4 Method of test

#### 5.2D.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table C.11.1.3 and each UL physical channel to be at constant power at the start of the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.2D.6.

4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.2D.2 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark
UL Transport channel information for all transport channels	
- 2bit CTFC	3
- Power offset Information	
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Gain factor ßc	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Gain factor ßd Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gain factors as in the default message	

Table 5.2D.3: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Subtests 1,2,4

Information Element	Value/Remark	
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info	
- E-DPDCH info		
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs	
- Reference E-TFCI	11	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4	
- Reference E-TFCI	67	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18	
- Reference E-TFCI	71	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23	
- Reference E-TFCI	75	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26	
- Reference E-TFCI	81	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27	

Table 5.2D.4: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Subtest 3

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	92
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18

Table 5.2D.5 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Δ <sub>NACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- $\Delta_{\text{CQI}}$	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3

Table 5.2D.6: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2B.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	
NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of $\hat{l}_{or}$ instead of CPICH_RSCP because RSCP is a		

receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.2D.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set UE to maximum output power according to 5.2.B.4.2 steps 1 to 8.
- 2) Send alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining  $TPC\_cmd = 0$ .
- 3) Send Absolute Grants in a repeating pattern starting with the value according to Table C.11.1.3 and alternating between this value and an Absolute Grant Index of Zero\_Grant. This will generate a repeating pattern on the E-DPDCH(s) with a level corresponding to the sending of Scheduling Information every other 10ms E-DCH TTI as shown in Figure 5.2D.1.

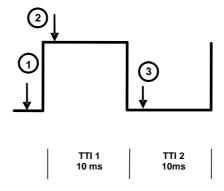


Figure 5.2D.1: Transmit power profile showing measurement points

- 4) Measure the relative code domain power of each active code at the measurement points specified in Figure 5.2D.1. Each measurement is made over one timeslot. Measurement point 1 is the last timeslot before TTI1. Measurement point 2 is the first timeslot of TTI1 and measurement point 3 is the first timeslot of TTI2. The 25us transient periods at the ends of each measured timeslot shall not be included. The nominal UE relative code domain power for each active code at each point is defined in table 5.2D.7. The required accuracy which is the difference between the expected and measured code domain power shall meet the test requirements given in table 5.2D.8.
- 5) Repeat steps 1 through 4 for the other combinations of beta values for sub-tests 1, 2, 3, and 4 as given in Table C.11.1.3.

# 5.2D.5 Test requirements

For all UE relative code domain power nominal ratios given in table  $5.2D.7 \ge -20$  dB the UE shall meet the UE relative code domain power accuracy test requirements given in Table 5.2D.8.

Sub-Test in Table	Measure -ment	Expected Relative Code Domain Power in dB					
C.11.1.3	Point	DPCCH	DPDCH	HS-DPCCH	E-DPCCH	E-DPDCH1	E-DPDCH2
	1	-9.3	-6.6	-3.3	-7.3	-18.9	OFF
1	2	-18.5	-15.8	-12.5	-16.5	-0.5	OFF
	3	-9.3	-6.6	-3.3	-7.3	-18.9	OFF
	1	-11.9	-3.9	-5.8	-5.8	-21.4	OFF
2	2	-14.0	-6.0	-8.0	-8.0	-4.1	OFF
	3	-11.9	-3.9	-5.8	-5.8	-21.4	OFF
	1	-9.8	-14.2	-3.7	-3.7	-19.3	OFF
3	2	-14.6	-19.1	-8.6	-8.6	-4.7	-4.7
	3	-9.8	-14.2	-3.7	-3.7	-19.3	OFF
	1	-17.9	-0.4	-11.9	-17.9	-27.5	OFF
4	2	-19.7	-2.2	-13.7	-19.7	-4.7	OFF
	3	-17 9	-0.4	-11 9	-17 9	-27 5	OFF

Table 5.2D.7: UE relative code domain power nominal ratios

Table 5.2D.8: UE relative code domain power accuracy test requirements

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.7
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.3
-15 dB to ≥ -20 dB	±2.9

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.2E UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy for HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

# 5.2E.1 Definition and applicability

Editor's note: This test is incomplete. The UE Relative code domain power accuracy is a measure of the ability of the UE to correctly set the level of individual code powers relative to the total power of all active codes. The measure of accuracy is the difference between two dB ratios:

UE Relative CDP accuracy = (Measured CDP ratio) – (Nominal CDP ratio)

where

Measured CDP ratio = 10\*log((Measured code power) / (Measured total power of all active codes))

Nominal CDP ratio = 10\*log((Nominal CDP) / (Sum of all nominal CDPs))

The nominal CDP of a code is relative to the total of all codes and is derived from beta factors. The sum of all nominal CDPs will equal 1 by definition.

NOTE: The above definition of UE relative CDP accuracy is independent of variations in the actual total power of the signal and of noise in the signal that falls on inactive codes.

The requirements apply for Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH 16QAM UE capability category 7. This test applies only to UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

# 5.2E.2 Minimum Requirements

The required accuracy of the UE relative CDP is given in table 5.2E.1. The UE relative CDP accuracy shall be maintained over the period during which the total of all active code powers remains unchanged or one timeslot, whichever is the longer.

Table 5.2E.1: UE Relative CDP accuracy, HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.5
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.0
-15 dB ≥ -20 dB	±2.5
-20 dB ≥ -30 dB	±3.0

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.3.

# 5.2E.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE relative code domain power accuracy meets the requirements given in table 5.2E.8.

## 5.2E.4 Method of test

#### 5.2E.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the DL Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex [C.11.1] and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table [C.11.1.3] and each UL physical channel to be at constant power at the start of the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.2E.6.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.2E.2: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark	
UL Transport channel information for all transport channels		
- 2bit CTFC	3	
- Power offset Information		
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Gain factor ßc - Gain factor ßd	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3 Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gain		

Table 5.2E.3: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Subtests 1,2,4

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	67
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18
- Reference E-TFCI	71
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23
- Reference E-TFCI	75
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26
- Reference E-TFCI	81
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27

Table 5.2E.4: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Subtest 3

Information Element	Value/Remark	
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info	
- E-DPDCH info	·	
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs	
- Reference E-TFCI	11	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4	
- Reference E-TFCI	92	
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18	

Table 5.2E.5: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Δ <sub>NACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- ∆ <sub>CQI</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3

Table 5.2E.6: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Parameter Unit Cell 1		Cell 1			
Cell type		Serving cell			
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2E.4.1			
Qqualmin	in dB -24				
Qrxlevmin	dBm -115				
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	AX_RACH dBm +21				
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2) dBm/3.84 -86				
MHz					
NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of Î <sub>or</sub> instead of CPICH_RSCP because RSCP is a					
receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set $\hat{l}_{or}$ .					

## 5.2E.4.2 Procedure

TBD

# 5.2E.5 Test requirements

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

For all UE relative code domain power nominal ratios given in table  $5.2E.7 \ge -30$  dB the UE shall meet the UE relative code domain power accuracy test requirements given in Table 5.2E.8.

Table 5.2E.7: UE relative code domain power nominal ratios

Sub-Test in Table	Measure -ment	Expected Relative Code Domain Power in dB					
C.11.1.3 Point		DPCCH	DPDCH	HS-DPCCH	E-DPCCH	E-DPDCH1	E-DPDCH2
	1	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
1	2	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	3	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	1	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
2	2	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	3	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	1	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
3	2	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	3	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	1	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
4	2	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	3	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]

Table 5.2E.8: UE relative code domain power accuracy test requirements, HSDPA and E-DCH with 16QAM

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.7
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.3
-15 dB ≥ -20 dB	±2.9
-20 dB ≥ -30 dB	[±3.5]

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clau

# 5.3 Frequency Error

# 5.3.1 Definition and applicability

The frequency error is the difference between the RF modulated carrier frequency transmitted from the UE and the assigned frequency. The UE transmitter tracks to the RF carrier frequency received from the Node B. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. In the later case, signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are allowed for within the minimum requirements specified in 5.3.2.

The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  ppm observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.3.

## 5.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE carrier frequency error does not exceed  $\pm 0.1$  ppm. This requirement is tested with the UE receiver at the reference sensitivity.

An excess error of the carrier frequency increases the transmission errors in the up link own channel.

This test verifies the ability of the receiver to derive correct frequency information for the transmitter, when locked to the DL carrier frequency.

## 5.3.4 Method of test

#### 5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment for UE without vibration sensitive components: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Test environment for other UE: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

NOTE: "UE without vibration sensitive components" is declared in table A.12 of [32].

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, and RF parameters (DPCH\_Ec and Îor) are set up according to table 6.2.2. The relative power level of other downlink physical channels to the DPCH\_Ec are set up according to clause E.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE reaches its maximum output power.
- 2) Measure the frequency error delta f, using the Global In-Channel-Tx-test (annex B).

# 5.3.5 Test Requirements

For all measurements, the frequency error, derived in step 2), shall not exceed  $\pm (0.1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$ .

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.4 Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink

Power control is used to limit the interference level.

# 5.4.1 Open Loop Power Control in the Uplink

## 5.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

Open loop power control in the uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power to a specific value. This function is used for PRACH transmission and based on the information from Node B using BCCH and the downlink received signal power level of the CPICH. The information from Node B includes transmission power of CPICH and uplink interference power level.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 5.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE open loop power is defined as the mean power in a timeslot or ON power duration, whichever is available.

The UE open loop power control tolerance is given in table 5.4.1.1.

Table 5.4.1.1: Open loop power control tolerance

Normal conditions	±9 dB
Extreme conditions	±12 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.1.

## 5.4.1.3 Test purpose

The power measured by the UE of the received signal and the signalled BCCH information are used by the UE to control the power of the UE transmitted signal with the target to transmit at the lowest power acceptable for proper communication.

The test stresses the ability of the receiver to measure the received power correctly over the receiver dynamic range.

The test purpose is to verify that the UE open loop power control tolerance does not exceed the described value shown in table 5.4.1.1.

An excess error of the open loop power control decreases the system capacity.

#### 5.4.1.4 Method of test

#### 5.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

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Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH\_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to Table 5.4.1.1a.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) After the UE has performed registration and entered idle mode, Îor is set up according to table 5.4.1.2. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1
- 5) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in [3] clause 7.3.1 with channel conditions according the test parameters in table 5.4.1.3, The RACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test.

Table 5.4.1.1a: Settings for the serving cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21
Preamble Retrans Max		1

Table 5.4.1.2: Test parameters for Open Loop Power Control (UE)

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
î <sub>or</sub>	See table 5.4.1.3	dBm / 3,84 MHz

Table 5.4.1.3: Test parameters for Open Loop Power Control (SS)

Parameter		RX Upper dynamic end	RX-middle	RX-Sensitivity level
Î <sub>or</sub> (note 3)		–25,0 dBm / 3,84 MHz	-65,7 dBm / 3,84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; dBm / 3,84 MHz</refî<sub>
CPICH_RSCP	(notes 3 and 4)	-28,9 dBm	-28,9 dBm -69,6 dBm	
Primary CPICI	H DL TX power	+19 dBm	+28 dBm	+19 dBm
Simulated path loss = Primary CPICH DL TX power – CPICH_RSCP		+47.9 dB	+97.6 dB	Band I, IV, VI, X: +128.9 dB Band II, V, VII, XI: +126.9 dB Band III, VIII: +125.9 dB Band IX: +127.9 dB
UL Band I, IV, VI, X Band II, V, VII,		–75 dBm	−101 dBm	-110 dBm
	XI			-100 dbiii
	Band III, VIII			-107 dBm
Band IX				-109 dBm
Constant Valu	е	−10 dB	–10 dB	–10 dB
Expected nominal UE TX power (note 5)		-37.1 dBm	-13.4 dBm	+8.9 dBm (note 2)

- NOTE 1: While the SS transmit power shall cover the receiver input dynamic range, the logical parameters: Primary CPICH DL TX power, UL interference, Constant Value are chosen to achieve a UE TX power, located within the TX output power dynamic range of a class 4 UE.
- NOTE 2: Nominal TX output power <9 dBm allows to check the open loop power algorithm within the entire tolerance range (9 dBm ± 12 dB; 9 dBm + 12 dB = 21 dBm = max power class 4).
- NOTE 3: <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> is specified in Table 6.2.2, and CPICH\_Ec / Ior is specified in Table E.2.2. The power level of S-CCPCH should be defined because S-CCPCH is transmitted during Preamble RACH transmission period. The power level of S-CCPCH is set to -5.3 dB relative to I<sub>or</sub>.
- NOTE 4: The purpose of this parameter is to calculate the Expected nominal UE TX power.
- NOTE 5: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].

#### 5.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain  $\hat{I}_{or}$  at the UE antenna connector.  $\hat{I}_{or}$  shall be according to table 5.4.1.3 (-25 dBm / 3,84 MHz).
- 2) Measure the first RACH preamble mean power of the UE.
- 3) Repeat the above measurement for all SS levels in table 5.4.1.3.

#### 5.4.1.5 Test requirements

The deviation with respect to the Expected nominal UE TX power (table 5.4.1.3), derived in step 2), shall not exceed the prescribed tolerance in table 5.4.1.4.

Table 5.4.1.4: Open loop power control tolerance

Normal conditions	±10 dB
Extreme conditions	±13 dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.4.2 Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink

## 5.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

Inner loop power control in the uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to adjust its output power in accordance with one or more TPC commands received in the downlink.

The power control step is the change in the UE transmitter output power in response to a single TPC command, TPC\_cmd, derived at the UE.

This clause does not cover all the requirements of compressed mode or soft handover.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 5.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The UE transmitter shall have the capability of changing the output power with a step size of 1 dB, 2 dB and 3 dB according to the value of  $\Delta_{TPC}$  or  $\Delta_{RP-TPC}$ , in the slot immediately after the TPC\_cmd can be derived.

- a) The transmitter output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.4.2.1.
- b) The transmitter aggregate output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.4.2.2. Here a TPC\_cmd group is a set of TPC\_cmd values derived from a corresponding sequence of TPC commands of the same duration.

The inner loop power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

Table 5.4.2.1: Transmitter power control range

TPC_cmd	Transmitter power control range (all units are in dB)					
	1 dB step size 2			ep size	3 dB st	ep size
	Lower Upper		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+0,5	+1,5	+1	+3	+1,5	+4,5
0	-0,5	+0,5	-0,5	+0,5	-0,5	+0,5
-1	-0,5	-1,5	-1	-3	-1,5	-4,5

TPC\_cmd group Transmitter power control range after 10 equal Transmitter power TPC cmd group control range after 7 (all units are in dB) equal TPC\_cmd groups (all units are in dB) 1 dB step size 2 dB step size 3 dB step size Lower Upper Lower Upper Lower Upper +1 +8 +12 +16 +24 +16 +26 0 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -8 -12 -16 -24 -16 -26 0,0,0,0,+1 +14 N/A +6 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A -14 0,0,0,0,-1-6

Table 5.4.2.2: Transmitter aggregate power control tolerance

The UE shall meet the above requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in clause 5.4.3.2, and the Maximum output power supported by the UE (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be in the range specified for the power class of the UE in clause 5.2.2.

NOTE: 3 dB inner loop power control steps are only used in compressed mode.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.2.1.1.

The requirements for the derivation of TPC\_cmd are detailed in TS 25.214 [5] clauses 5.1.2.2.2 and 5.1.2.2.3.

## 5.4.2.3 Test purpose

- To verify that the UE inner loop power control size and response is meet to the described value shown in clause 5.4.2.2.
- To verify that TPC cmd is correctly derived from received TPC commands.

An excess error of the inner loop power control decreases the system capacity.

The UE shall be tested for the requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test.

The Min power threshold for test is defined as the Minimum Output Power Test Requirement (clause 5.4.3.5).

The Max power threshold for test is defined as the Measured Maximum output power of the UE in the relevant Step of the test (using the same method as in clause 5.2.4.2 step 2) minus the Test Tolerance specified for test 5.2 Maximum Output Power in table F.2.1.

For the final power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.

#### 5.4.2.4 Method of test

#### 5.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.

Table 5.4.2.4.1: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement - Power Control Algorithm	Uplink DPCH info Algorithm 2

3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.4.2.4.2 Procedure

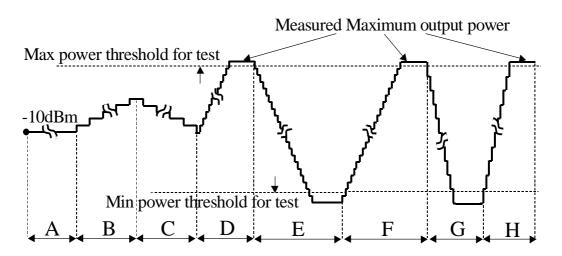


Figure 5.4.2.4 Inner Loop Power Control Test Steps

- 1) Before proceeding with paragraph (2) (Step A) below, set the output power of the UE to be in the range  $-10 \pm 9$  dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal ( $\hat{I}_{or}$ ) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 2) Step A: Transmit a sequence of at least 30 and no more than 60 TPC commands, which shall commence at a frame boundary and last for a whole number of frames, and which shall contain:
  - no sets of 5 consecutive "0" or "1" commands which commence in the 1<sup>st</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> or 11<sup>th</sup> slots of a frame;
  - at least one set of 5 consecutive "0" commands which does not commence in the 1, 6 or 11 slots of a frame;
  - at least one set of 5 consecutive "1" commands which does not commence in the 1<sup>st</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> or 11<sup>th</sup> slots of a frame.

The following is an example of a suitable sequence of TPC commands:

#### 

- 3) Step B: Transmit a sequence of 50 TPC commands with the value 1.
- 4) Step C: Transmit a sequence of 50 TPC commands with the value 0.
- 5) Step D: Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to reconfigure the uplink channel in order to set the Power Control Algorithm to algorithm 1, and the TPC step size to 1 dB. Contents of the message is specified in the table 5.4.2.4.2.A. After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit a sequence of TPC commands with the value 1 until the UE output power is above the maximum power threshold.
- 6) Step E: Transmit a sequence of 150 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 0.

- 7) Step F: Transmit a sequence of 150 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 1.
- 8) Step G: Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to reconfigure the uplink channel in order to set the TPC step size to 2 dB (with the Power Control Algorithm remaining as algorithm 1). Contents of the message is specified in the table 5.4.2.4.2.B. After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit a sequence of TPC commands with the value 1 until the UE output power is above the maximum power threshold. Transmit a sequence of 75 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 0.
- 9) Step H: Transmit a sequence of 75 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 1.
- 10) During steps A to H the mean power of every slot shall be measured, with the following exceptions:
  - In steps D and F, measurement of the mean power is not required in slots after the 10<sup>th</sup> slot after the mean power has exceeded the maximum power threshold;
  - In steps E and G, measurement of the mean power is not required in slots after the 10<sup>th</sup> slot after the mean power has fallen below the minimum power threshold.

The transient periods of  $25 \,\mu s$  before each slot boundary and  $25 \,\mu s$  after each slot boundary shall not be included in the power measurements.

- NOTE 1: These numbers of TPC commands are given as examples. The actual number of TPC commands transmitted in these steps shall be at least 10 more than the number required to ensure that the UE reaches the relevant maximum or minimum power threshold in each step, as shown in figure 5.4.2.4.
- NOTE 2: In order to make it more practical to measure the entire power control dynamic range (between min power threshold and max power threshold with suitable margins), it is permissible to segment the power control sequences into smaller subsequence. For example, Step-E can be divided into different stages while still fulfilling the purpose of the test to measure the entire dynamic range.

Table 5.4.2.4.2.A: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for step D (step 5)

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset	-40 (-80dB)	
-PC Preamble	1 frame	
-SRB delay	7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0	
-Number of DPDCH	1	
-spreading factor	64	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	

Table 5.4.2.4.2.B: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for step G (step 8)

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
3	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
gg. a. q. a. q.	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	THOU TOOCH	
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	Not i resent	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	Not i resent	
	Not Proport	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	Not Droppet	
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	Not Droppet	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info	FDD	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset	-40 (-80dB) 1 frame	
-PC Preamble		
-SRB delay	7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1 2dB	
-TPC step size		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0	
-Number of DPDCH	1	
-spreading factor	64 TDUE	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1 	
Downlink radio resources	FDD	
-CHOICE mode	FDD Net Brosent	D00 on d D d 4
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
Described information according to the P. P. P.	Not Decemb	only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	ļ

# 5.4.2.5 Test requirements

Table 5.4.2.5.1: Transmitter power control range

TPC_cmd	•	Transmitter power control range (all units are in dB)						
	1 dB st	1 dB step size		2 dB step size		3 dB step size		
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper		
+1	+0,4	+1,6	+0,85	+3,15	+1,3	+4,7		
0	-0,6	+0,6	-0,6	+0,6	-0,6	+0,6		
-1	-0,4	-1,6	-0,85	-3,15	-1,3	-4,7		

TPC_cmd group	Transmitte	er power con TPC_cm (all units	Transmitter power control range after 7 equal TPC_cmd groups (all units are in dB)			
	1 dB s	1 dB step size 2 dB ste		tep size	3 dB step size	
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+7,7	+12,3	+15,7	+24,3	+15,7	+26,3
0	-1,1	+1,1	-1,1	+1,1	-1,1	+1,1
<b>–1</b>	-7,7	-12,3	-15,7	-24,3	-15,7	-26,3
0,0,0,0,+1	+5,7	+14,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.0.0.01	-5.7	-14.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 5.4.2.5.2: Transmitter aggregate power control tolerance

- a) During Step A, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd of 0, as given in table 5.4.2.5.1.
- b) During Step A, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of 0, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- c) During Step B, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1, given that every 5 TPC\_cmd should have the value +1, with a step size of 1 dB, and all other TPC\_cmd should have the value 0.
- d) During Step B, the change in mean power over 50 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of {0,0,0,0,+1}, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- e) During Step C, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1, given that every 5<sup>th</sup> TPC\_cmd should have the value -1, with a step size of 1 dB, and all other TPC\_cmd should have the value 0.
- f) During Step C, the change in mean power over 50 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of {0,0,0,0,-1}, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- g) During Step E, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC\_cmd of -1 and step size of 1 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step D. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- h) During Step E, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of -1, and step size of 1 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step D. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.
- i) During Step F, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC\_cmd of +1 and step size of 1 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- j) During Step F, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of +1, and step size of 1 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.

- k) During Step G, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC\_cmd of -1 and step size of 2 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- 1) During Step G, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of -1, and step size of 2 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots.
- m) During Step H, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC\_cmd of +1 and step size of 2 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step H. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- n) During Step H, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC\_cmd group of +1, and step size of 2 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step H. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 5.4.3 Minimum Output Power

## 5.4.3.1 Definition and applicability

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is when the power control setting is set to a minimum value. This is when both the inner loop and open loop power control indicate a minimum transmit output power is required.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 5.4.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one timeslot. The minimum transmit power shall be less than -50 dBm.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.3.1.

## 5.4.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE minimum transmit power is less than -50 dBm.

An excess minimum output power increases the interference to other channels, and decreases the system capacity.

## 5.4.3.4 Method of test

#### 5.4.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.4.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Down power control commands to the UE.
- 2) Measure the mean power of the UE.

### 5.4.3.5 Test requirements

The measured power, derived in step 2), shall be less than -49 dBm.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power

### 5.4.4.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics in this section are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in section 5.4.4.2 below.

The UE shall monitor the DPCCH quality in order to detect a loss of the signal on Layer 1, as specified in TS 25.214 [5]. The thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  specify at what DPCCH quality levels the UE shall shut its power off and when it shall turn its power on respectively. The thresholds are not defined explicitly, but are defined by the conditions under which the UE shall shut its transmitter off and turn it on, as stated in this clause.

The DPCCH quality shall be monitored in the UE and compared to the thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  for the purpose of monitoring synchronization. The threshold  $Q_{out}$  should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where no reliable detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH can be made. This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 30%. The threshold  $Q_{in}$  should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH is significantly more reliable than at  $Q_{out}$ . This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 20%.

The requirements of this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 5.4.4.2 Minimum Requirements

When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality or the quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH frame received from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the last 160 ms period or quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the previous 240 slots in which the TPC symbols are known to be present when the discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled to be worse than a threshold  $Q_{out}$ , the UE shall shut its transmitter off within 40 ms. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on again until the DPCCH quality exceeds an acceptable level  $Q_{in}$ . When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality or the quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH frame received from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the last 160 ms period or quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the previous 240 slots in which the TPC symbols are known to be present when the discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled to be better than a threshold  $Q_{in}$ , the UE shall again turn its transmitter on within 40 ms.

The UE transmitter shall be considered "off" if the transmitted power is below the level defined in subclause 6.5.1 (Transmit off power). Otherwise the transmitter shall be considered as "on".

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.4.1.

The quality levels at the thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  correspond to different signal levels depending on the downlink conditions DCH parameters. For the conditions in table 5.4.4.1, a signal with the quality at the level  $Q_{out}$  can be generated by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -25 dB, and a signal with  $Q_{in}$  by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -21 dB. The DL reference measurement channel (12.2) kbps specified in subclause C.3.1 and with static propagation conditions. The downlink physical channels, other than those specified in table 5.4.4.1, are as specified in table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Table 5.4.4.1: DCH parameters for test of Out-of-synch handling test case

Parameter	Value	Unit
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-1	dB
$I_{oc}$	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
$\frac{DPDCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	See Figure 5.4.4.1: Before point A -16,6 After point A Not defined See note in clause 5.4.4.3	dB
$\frac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	See table 5.4.4.2	dB
Information Data Rate	12,2	kbps

Table 5.4.4.2: Minimum Requirements for DPCCH\_Ec/lor levels

Clause from figure 5.4.4.1	DPCCH_Ec/lor	Unit
Before A	-16,6	dB
A to B	-22,0	dB
B to D	-28,0	dB
D to E	-24,0	dB
After E	-18,0	dB

Figure 5.4.4.1 shows an example scenario where the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the DPCH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below  $Q_{out}$  where the UE shall shut its power off and then back up to a level above  $Q_{in}$  where the UE shall turn the power back on.

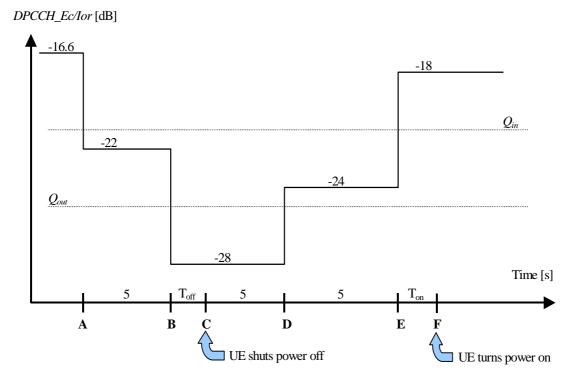


Figure 5.4.4.1: Test case for out-of-synch handling in the UE.

In this test case, the requirements for the UE are that:

- 1. The UE shall not shut its transmitter off before point B.
- 2. The UE shall shut its transmitter off before point C, which is Toff = 200 ms after point B.
- 3. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on between points C and E.
- 4. The UE shall turn its transmitter on before point F, which is Ton = 200 ms after point E.

The reference for this test case is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.4.2.

### 5.4.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE monitors the DPCCH quality and turns its transmitter on or off according to DPCCH level diagram specified in figure 5.4.4.1.

NOTE 1: DPDCH\_Ec/I<sub>or</sub> after point A is not defined in table 5.4.4.1. However it is assumed that DPDCH and DPCCH power level are same on DL 12,2 kbps reference measurement channel for testing. (PO1, PO2, and PO3 are zero.)

NOTE 2: The test case covers only the continuous uplink DPCCH transmission scenario.

#### 5.4.4.4 Method of test

#### 5.4.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal: see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3]sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in System Information Block type 1 specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 6.1.0b.

Table 5.4.4.2A: System Information Block type 1 message

Information Element	Value/Remark
UE Timers and constants in connected mode	
- T313	15 seconds
- N313	200

- 3) DCH parameters are set up according to table 5.4.4.1 with DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio level at -16,6 dB. The other RF parameters are set up according to clause E.3.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.4.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS sends continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE transmitter power reach maximum level.
- 2) The SS controls the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'A to B' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 seconds and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched off during this time.
- 3) The SS controls the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'B to D' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS waits 200 ms and then verifies that the UE transmitter has been switched off.
- 4) The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 seconds and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched on during this time.
- 5) The SS controls the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'D to E' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 s and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched on during this time.
- 6) The SS controls the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'After E' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS waits 200 ms and then verifies that the UE transmitter has been switched on.

#### e o

### 5.4.4.5 Test requirements

Table 5.4.4.3: Test Requirements for DPCCH\_Ec/lor levels

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Clause from figure 5.4.4.1	DPCCH_Ec/lor	Unit
Before A	-16,6	dB
A to B	-21,6	dB
B to D	-28,4	dB
D to E	-24,4	dB
After E	-17,6	dB

To pass the test, steps 1 through 6 of the procedure in clause 5.4.4.4.2 must be fulfilled.

The UE transmitter off criterion and its tolerances is defined in clause 5.5.1 (Transmit off power).

The UE transmitter on criterion and its tolerances is defined in clause 5.4.3 (Minimum Output Power). The UE transmitter is considered to be on if the UE transmitted power is higher than minimum output power.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Test Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.5 Transmit ON/OFF Power

### 5.5.1 Transmit OFF Power

### 5.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

Transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power when the transmitter is off. The transmit OFF power state is when the UE does not transmit. During transmission gaps in UL compressed mode, the UE is not considered to be in the OFF state.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 5.5.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The requirement for the transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.1.1.

#### 5.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE transmit OFF power is less than -56 dBm.

An excess transmit OFF power increases the interference to other channels, and decreases the system capacity.

### 5.5.1.4 Method of test

This test is covered by clause 5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask.

### 5.5.1.5 Test requirements

The measured RRC filtered mean power shall be less than -55 dBm.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask

### 5.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The time mask for transmit ON/OFF defines the ramping time allowed for the UE between transmit OFF power and transmit ON power. Possible ON/OFF scenarios for release 99 and release 4 only are PRACH, CPCH or uplink compressed mode. For release 5 and later the possible ON/OFF scenarios are PRACH or uplink compressed mode.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 5.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 5.5.1 for PRACH preambles, and figure 5.5.2 for all other cases. The off signal is defined as the RRC filtered mean power.

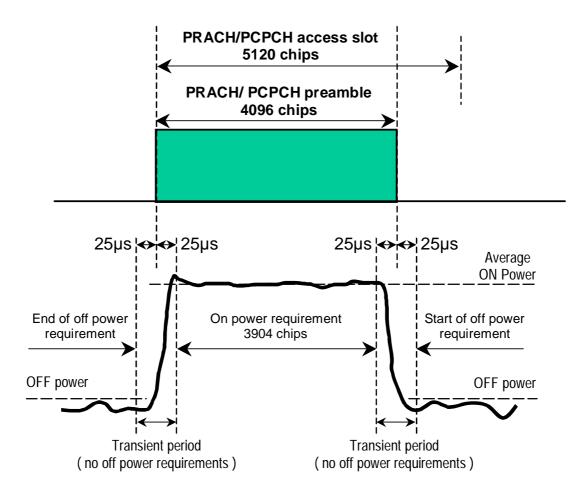


Figure 5.5.1: Transmit ON/OFF template for PRACH preambles

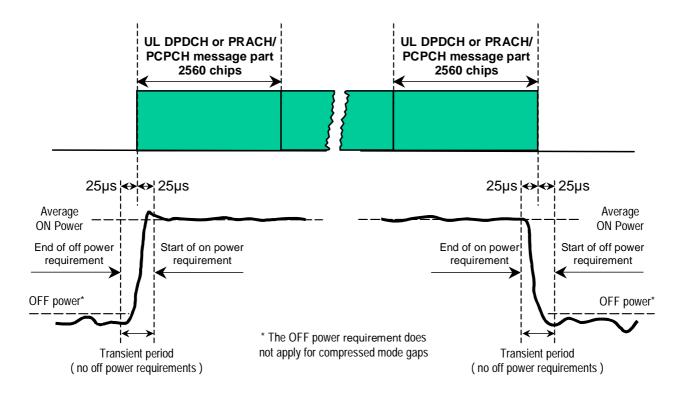


Figure 5.5.2: Transmit ON/OFF template for all other On/Off cases

OFF Power is defined in clause 5.5.1.2.

ON power is defined as the mean power. The specification depends on each possible case.

- First preamble of PRACH: Open loop accuracy (table 5.4.1.1).
- During preamble ramping of the RACH and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part: Accuracy depending on size of the required power difference (table 5.5.2.1).
- After transmission gaps in compressed mode: Accuracy as in table 5.7.1.
- Power step to Maximum Power: Maximum power accuracy (table 5.2.1).

Table 5.5.2.1: Transmitter power difference tolerance for RACH preamble ramping, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part

Power difference size ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power difference tolerance [dB]
0	±1
1	±1
2	±1,5
3	±2
4 ≤ ΔP ≤ 10	±2,5
11 ≤ ΔP ≤ 15	±3,5
16 ≤ ΔP ≤ 20	±4,5
21 ≤ ΔP	±6,5

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.2.1.

This is tested using PRACH operation.

### 5.5.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power ON/OFF ratio of the PRACH shown in figure 5.5.1 meets the requirements given in 5.5.2.2.

Transmission of the wrong power increases interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink's own channel.

### 5.5.2.4 Method of test

#### 5.5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH\_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to I<sub>or</sub> are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to table 5.5.2.1A.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) After the UE has performed registration and entered idle mode,  $\hat{I}_{or}$  is set up according to table 5.5.2.2. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to  $I_{or}$  are set up according to clause E.2.1
- 5) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, in [3] clause 7.3.1 with channel conditions according the test parameters in table 5.5.2.3.

The RACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. The number of the available subchannels should be limited to one. This ensures that the preamble sequence is known to the SS. The preamble retransmission shall be at least 3. The power ramping step size shall be 1 dB. Note that the maximum number of preamble retransmissions is limited to 5 due to the fact that the commanded uplink power exceeds the allowed uplink power of more than 6 dB. The SS shall not send either an ACK or a NACK.

Table 5.5.2.1A: Settings for the serving cell

			Се	II 1	
Parameter	Unit	Power class 1	Power class 2	Power class 3	Power class 4
Cell type		Serving cell			
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			
Qqualmin	dB	-24			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			
UE TXPWR MAX RACH	dBm	33	27	24	21

Table 5.5.2.2: Test parameters for Transmit ON/OFF Time mask (UE)

Doromotor	Loyal / Status	l loit
Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Îor	See table 5.5.2.3	dBm / 3.84 MHz

Table 5.5.2.3: Test parameters for Transmit ON/OFF Time mask (SS)

Para	meter	Power Class 1	Power Class 2	Power Class 3	Power Class 4	Unit
Î <sub>or</sub> (note 1)		<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84 MHz
CPICH_RSCP (notes 1 and 2		<refî<sub>or&gt; + CPICH_Ec / Ior</refî<sub>	dBm			
Primary CPICI	H DL TX power	+19	+19	+19	+19	dBm
Simulated path loss =	Band I, IV, VI, X	128.9	128.9	128.9	128.9	
Primary CPICH DL	Band II, V, VII, XI	126.9	126.9	126.9	126.9	dB
TX power – CPICH_RSC P	Band III, VIII	125.9	125.9	125.9	125.9	
ľ	Band IX	127.9	127.9	127.9	127.9	
	Band I, IV, VI, X	-86	-92	<b>-95</b>	-98	
UL interference	Band II, V, VII, XI	-84	-90	-93	-96	dBm
	Band III, VIII	-83	-89	-92	-95	
	Band IX	-85	-91	-94	-97	
Constant Valu	e	-10	-10	-10	-10	dB
Expected nom power (note 3)		+32.9	+26.9	+23.9	+20.9	dBm

NOTE 1: <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> is specified in Table 6.2.2, and CPICH\_Ec / Ior is specified in Table E.2.2. The power level of S-CCPCH should be defined because S-CCPCH is transmitted during Preamble RACH transmission period. The power level of S-CCPCH is set to -5.3 dB relative to I<sub>or</sub>.

NOTE 2: The purpose of this parameter is to calculate the Expected nominal UE TX power.

NOTE 3: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].

#### 5.5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain  $\hat{I}_{or}$  at the UE antenna connector and select the test parameters of table 5.5.2.3 according to the power class.  $\hat{I}_{or}$  shall be according to table 5.5.2.3.
- 2) Measure the mean power (ON power) of the UE on the first PRACH preamble according to the timing in figure 5.5.1.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power (OFF power) in a 2368 chip time interval before a transient period of 25  $\mu s$  (96 chips) prior to a RACH preamble (ON power). Measure the RRC filtered mean power (OFF power) in a 2368 chip time interval after a transient period of 25  $\mu s$  (96 chips) after a RACH preamble (ON power). Due to the dynamic range between the ON and OFF power measurements, the OFF power measurements can be made on subsequent PRACH preambles rather than adjacent to the first PRACH preamble.

### 5.5.2.5 Test requirements

The deviation with respect to the Expected nominal UE TX power (table 5.5.2.3), derived in step 2), shall not exceed the prescribed upper tolerance in table 5.2.2 (clause 5.2.5) and lower tolerance in table 5.4.1.4. (clause 5.4.1.5) for the first PRACH preamble.

The measured RRC filtered mean power, derived in step 3), shall be less than -55 dBm. (clause 5.5.1.5).

# 5.6 Change of TFC

# 5.6.1 Definition and applicability

A change of TFC (Transport Format Combination) in uplink means that the power in the uplink varies according to the change in data rate. DTX, where the DPDCH is turned off, is a special case of variable data, which is used to minimise the interference between UE(s) by reducing the UE transmit power when voice, user or control information is not present.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 5.6.2 Minimum requirements

A change of output power is required when the TFC, and thereby the data rate, is changed. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will vary. The power step due to a change in TFC shall be calculated in the UE so that the power transmitted on the DPCCH shall follow the inner loop power control. The step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size is specified in table 5.6.1. The power change due to a change in TFC is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from 25  $\mu$ s before the slot boundary to 25  $\mu$ s after the slot boundary.

Power control step size (Up or down) Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]  $\Delta P [dB]$ ±0,5 ±0,5  $\pm 1,0$ 3 ±1,5  $4 \le \Delta P \le 10$  $\pm 2,0$  $11 \le \Delta P \le 15$ ±3,0  $16 \le \Delta P \le 20$  $\pm 4,0$ 21 ≤ ΔP ±6,0

Table 5.6.1: Transmitter power step tolerance

Clause C.2.1 defines the UL reference measurement channels (12,2 kbps) for TX test and the power ratio between DPCCH and DPDCH as –5,46 dB. Therefore, only one power control step size is selected as minimum requirement from table 5.6.1. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size is specified in table 5.6.2.

Table 5.6.2: Transmitter power step tolerance for test

Quantized amplitude ratios $\beta_{\text{C}}$ and $\beta_{\text{d}}$	Power control step size (Up or down) ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
$\beta_{C} = 0,5333,  \beta_{d} = 1,0$	7	±2

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 5.6.1.

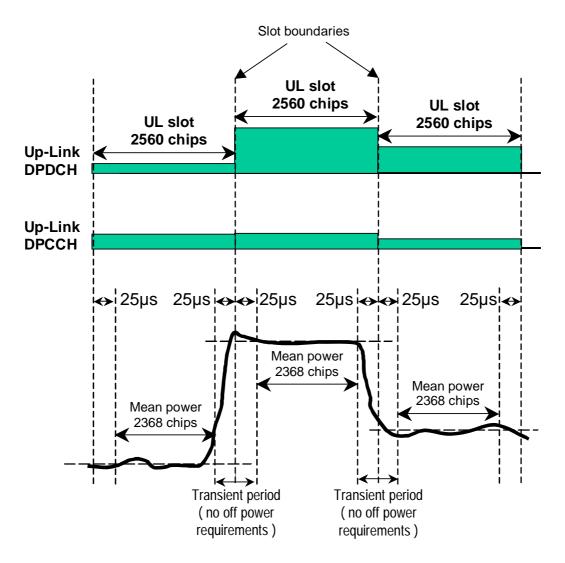


Figure 5.6.1: Transmit template during TFC change

The UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) is a fixed rate channel. Therefore, DTX, where the DPDCH is turned off, is tested, as shown in figure 5.6.2.

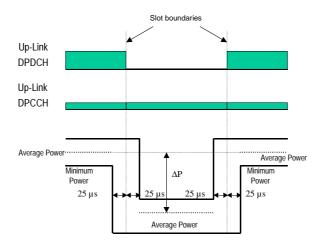


Figure 5.6.2: Transmit template during DTX

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.3.1.

## 5.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the tolerance of power control step size does not exceed the described value shown in table 5.6.2.

To verify that the DTX ON/OFF power levels versus time meets the described mask shown in figure 5.6.2.

### 5.6.4 Method of test

#### 5.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the power level of the UE to ,  $0 \text{ dBm} \pm 1 \text{ dB}$ .
- 2) Send alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC\_cmd = 0.
- 3) Measure the mean output power of the UE in two cases, both DPDCH and DPCCH are ON and only DPCCH is ON. The measurements shall not include the transient periods.

# 5.6.5 Test requirements

The difference in mean power between DPDCH ON and OFF, derived in step 3), shall not exceed the prescribed range in table 5.6.3.

Table 5.6.3: Transmitter power step tolerance for test

Quantized amplitude ratios $\beta_{\text{C}}$ and $\beta_{\text{d}}$	Power control step size (Up or down) ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
$\beta_{C} = 0,5333, \ \beta_{d} = 1,0$	7	±2.3

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode

# 5.7.1 Definition and applicability

Compressed mode in uplink means that the power in uplink is changed.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support UL or combined UL/DL compressed modes.

# 5.7.2 Minimum requirements

A change of output power is required during uplink compressed frames since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will also vary. The power

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step due to compressed mode shall be calculated in the UE so that the energy transmitted on the pilot bits during each transmitted slot shall follow the inner loop power control.

Thereby, the power during compressed mode, and immediately afterwards, shall be such that the mean power of the DPCCH follows the steps due to inner loop power control combined with additional steps of  $10\text{Log}_{10}(N_{pilot.prev} / N_{pilot.curr})$  dB where  $N_{pilot.prev}$  is the number of pilot bits in the previously transmitted slot, and  $N_{pilot.curr}$  is the current number of pilot bits per slot.

The resulting step in total transmitted power (DPCCH +DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in table 5.6.1 in clause 5.6.2. The power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, when neither the original timeslot nor the reference timeslot are in a transmission gap. The transient duration is not included, and is from  $25 \,\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $2 \, 5 \,\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

In addition to any power change due to the ratio  $N_{pilot.prev} / N_{pilot.curr}$ , the mean power of the DPCCH in the first slot after a compressed mode transmission gap shall differ from the mean power of the DPCCH in the last slot before the transmission gap by an amount  $\Delta_{RESUME}$ , where  $\Delta_{RESUME}$  is calculated as described in clause 5.1.2.3 of TS 25.214 [5].

The resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power difference exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots shall be as specified in table 5.7.1.

Table 5.7.1: Transmitter power difference tolerance after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots

Power difference (Up or down) ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance after a transmission gap [dB]
$\Delta P \leq 2$	+/- 3
3	+/- 3
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	+/- 3.5
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	+/- 4
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	+/- 4.5
21 ≤ ΔP	+/- 6.5

The power difference is defined as the difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot before the transmission gap and the mean power of the target timeslot after the transmission gap, not including the transient durations. The transient durations at the start and end of the transmission gaps are each from 25  $\mu$ s before the slot boundary to 25  $\mu$ s after the slot boundary.

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 5.7.1.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.4.1.

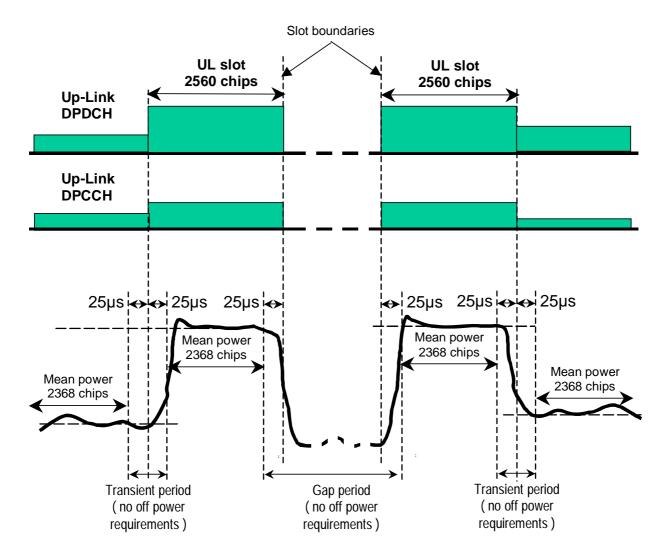


Figure 5.7.1: Transmit template during Compressed mode

For RPL (Recovery Period Length) slots after the transmission gap, where RPL is the minimum out of the transmission gap length and 7 slots, the UE shall use the power control algorithm and step size specified by the signalled Recovery Period Power Control Mode (RPP), as detailed in TS 25.214 [5] clause 5.1.2.3.

When nominal 3 dB power control steps are used in the recovery period, the transmitter mean power steps due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.7.2, and the transmitter aggregate mean power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.7.3, excluding any other power changes due, for example, to changes in spreading factor or number of pilot bits.

Table 5.7.2: Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size

TPC_cmd	Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+1,5 dB	+4,5 dB
0	−0,5 dB	+0,5 dB
-1	−1.5 dB	-4.5 dB

Table 5.7.3: Transmitter aggregate power control range for 3dB step size

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 7 equal TPC_cmd groups	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+16 dB	+26 dB
0	−1 dB	+1 dB
-1	–16 dB	−26 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.2.1.1.

## 5.7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the changes in uplink transmit power in compressed mode are within the prescribed tolerances.

Excess error in transmit power setting in compressed mode increases the interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink.

### 5.7.4 Method of test

### 5.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The 12,2 kbps UL reference measurement channel is used, with gain factors  $\beta_c = 0.5333$  and  $\beta_d = 1.0$  in non-compressed frames. Slot formats 0 and 0B are used on the uplink DPCCH.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.7.4.2 Procedure

NOTE: CFNs are given in this procedure for reference as examples only. A fixed offset may be applied to the CFNs.

- 1) Before proceeding with step (3) below, set the output power of the UE to be in the range  $-36 \pm 9$  dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 2) Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the uplink power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 2 dB, and to set the compressed mode parameters shown in table 5.7.5. The contents of the message are specified in table 5.7.9. This set of compressed mode parameters defines the compressed mode pattern which is used to test the implementation of:
  - a) in steps (3) and (4), upward 3 dB output power steps and the implementation of a downward power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap, and
  - b) in steps (7) and (8), downward 3dB output power steps and the implementation of an upward power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap.

Table 5.7.5: Parameters for pattern A for compressed mode test

Parameter	Meaning	Value
TGPRC	Number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission	1
	Gap Pattern Sequence	
TGCFN	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern	0
	within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	
TGSN	Slot number of the first transmission gap slot within the TGCFN	2
TGL1	Length of first transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	7 slots
TGL2	Length of second transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	7 slots
TGD	Duration between the starting slots of two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern	15 slots
TGPL1	Duration of transmission gap pattern 1	3 frames
TGPL2	Duration of transmission gap pattern 2	R99 and Rel-4: Omit Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
RPP	Recovery Period Power Control Mode	Mode 1
ITP	Initial Transmit Power Mode	Mode 1
UL/DL Mode	Defines whether UL only or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used	UL only or UL/DL
Downlink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating downlink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Uplink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating uplink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Scrambling code change	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used	No code change
Downlink frame type	Downlink compressed frame structure	Α
DeltaSIR	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during compressed frames	0
DeltaSIRafter	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames	0

The resulting compressed mode pattern is shown in figure 5.7.2.

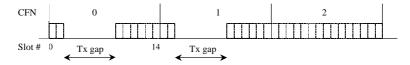


Figure 5.7.2: Pattern A for compressed mode test

3) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.6.

Table 5.7.6: TPC commands transmitted in downlink

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
0	01111111
1	11101010
2	1010101010101

4) Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 0: Slots # 9,10,11,12,13,14

CFN 1: Slots # 0,1,9

- 5) Re-start the test. Before proceeding with step (7) below, set the output power of the UE to be in the range  $2 \pm 9$  dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 6) Repeat step (2) above, with the exception that TGCFN = 3 in table 5.7.5 and table 5.7.9.
- 7) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.7.

Table 5.7.7: TPC commands transmitted in downlink

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
3	01000000
4	00010101
5	0101010101010

8) Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 3: Slots # 9,10,11,12,13,14

CFN 4: Slots # 0,1,9

- 9) Re-start the test. Before proceeding with step (11) below, set the output power of the UE to be in the range –10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 10) Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the uplink power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB, and to set the compressed mode parameters shown in table 5.7.8. The contents of the message are specified in table 5.7.10. This set of compressed mode parameters defines the compressed mode pattern which is used to test the implementation of power steps at the start and end of compressed frames, and the implementation of a zero power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap.

Table 5.7.8: Parameters for pattern B for compressed mode test

Parameter	Meaning	Value
TGPRC	Number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission	1
	Gap Pattern Sequence	
TGCFN	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern	7
	within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	
TGSN	Slot number of the first transmission gap slot within the TGCFN	8
TGL1	Length of first transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	14 slots
TGL2	Length of second transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	omit
TGD	Duration between the starting slots of two consecutive	UNDEFINED
	transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern	
TGPL1	Duration of transmission gap pattern 1	4 frames
TGPL2	Duration of transmission gap pattern 2	R99 and Rel-4: Omit Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
RPP	Recovery Period Power Control Mode	Mode 0
ITP	Initial Transmit Power Mode	Mode 0
UL/DL Mode	Defines whether UL only or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used	UL only or UL/DL
Downlink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating downlink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Uplink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating uplink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Scrambling code change	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used	No code change
Downlink frame type	Downlink compressed frame structure	Α
DeltaSIR	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during compressed frames	0
DeltaSIRafter	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames	0

The resulting compressed mode pattern is shown in figure 5.7.3.

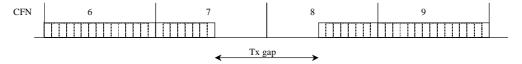


Figure 5.7.3: Pattern B for compressed mode test

11) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.8.

Table 5.7.8: TPC commands transmitted in downlink

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
6	0000000000111
7	11111111
8	00000000
9	00011111111111

12) Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25  $\mu$ s transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 6: Slot # 14

CFN 7: Slots # 0 and 7 CFN 8: Slots # 7 and 14

CFN 9: Slot # 0

Table 5.7.9: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 2)

Message Type  UE Information Elements -RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info  message authoritient code  SS calculates the value of MAC I for this	
-RRC transaction identifier 0 -Integrity check info	
-Integrity check info	
The more and authoritation code	
- message authentication code SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
message and writes to this IE. The first/ lef bit of the bit string contains the most signification.	
bit of the MAC-I.	Carit
- RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of this IE, from its int	ternal
counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info Not Present	
-Activation time Not Present	
-New U-RNTI Not Present Not Present	
-New C-RNTT Not Present -RRC State Indicator CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient Not Present	
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity Not Present	
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info Not Present	
PhyCH information elements -Frequency info  Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset -40 (-80dB)	
-PC Preamble 1 frame	
-SRB delay 7 frames -Power Control Algorithm Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size 2dB	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-Scrambling code type Long	
-Scrambling code number 0	
-Number of DPDCH 1	
-spreading factor 64	
-TFCI existence TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit 1 Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL Not Present	
-CHOICE mode FDD -DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI 1	
-TGPS Status Flag Activate	
-TGCFN 0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP FDD measurement -TGPRC 1	
-TGPRC 1 -TGSN 2	
-1GSN 2 -TGL1 7	
-TGL2 7	
-TGD 15	
-TGPL1 3	

-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-RPP	Mode 1	only
-RPP -ITP	Mode 1	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL only or UL and DL, depending on UE	
December to a second second second second second	capability	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2 or Not present depending on UE capability	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	A	
-DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1	0 0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	D00 I D-I 4
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
D ( 1/ DD011 0% 1)/ 1	N (B)	only
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link	500	
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info	400	
-Primary scrambling code	100	D00 1D14
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
DDCCH ando manning	Not Present	only R99 and Rel-4
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Flesent	only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		Offig
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
-DFOIT Hairie onset	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code	Not i lesent	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
CODT Gen Identity	I NOT I TOSCIIL	only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	Office
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
COOL OLI IIIIOIIII alioii 1011 AOIT	Not i resent	

Table 5.7.10: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 10)

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info	'	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset	-40 (-80dB)	
-PC Preamble	1 frame	
-SRB delay	7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0	
-Number of DPDCH	1	
-spreading factor	64	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio		
links	Not Droppet	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI	1	
-TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag	1 Activate	
-TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN	7	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	<b>'</b>	
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	1	
-TGSN	8	
-TG1	14	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	4	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
101 12	HOLFIGOOR	1100 and INDIT

	I	
		only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL only or UL and DL, depending on UE capability	
<ul> <li>Downlink compressed mode method</li> </ul>	SF/2 or Not present depending on UE capability	
<ul> <li>-Uplink compressed mode method</li> </ul>	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	A	
-DeltaSIR1	0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-33D1 Illioilliation	Not i lesent	only
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	Ulliy
	Not Fresent	
-Downlink information per radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	,
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
COOL CIT IIIIOIIII alioiT IOI I 7 (OIT	HOLLIOOOIL	

# 5.7.5 Test requirements

For ease of reference, the following uplink output power measurements are defined in figure 5.7.4. In this figure:

- $P_g$  is the RRC filtered mean power in an uplink transmission gap, excluding the 25  $\mu s$  transient periods.
- P<sub>a</sub> is the mean power in the last slot before a compressed frame (or pair of compressed frames), excluding the 25 μs transient periods.
- $P_b$  is the mean power in the first slot of a compressed frame, excluding the 25  $\mu s$  transient periods.
- $P_c$  is the mean power in the last slot before a transmission gap, excluding the 25  $\mu$ s transient periods.
- $P_d$  is the mean power in the first slot after a transmission gap, excluding the 25  $\mu$ s transient periods.
- $P_e$  is the mean power in the last slot of a compressed frame, excluding the 25  $\mu s$  transient periods.
- P<sub>f</sub> is the mean power in the first slot after a compressed frame (or pair of compressed frames), excluding the 25 µs transient periods.

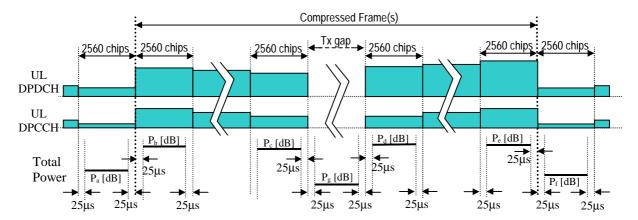


Figure 5.7.4: Uplink transmit power in uplink compressed mode

- 1. At the boundary between CFN 6 and CFN 7,  $P_b P_a$  shall be within the range  $+4 \pm 2.3$  dB.
- 2. In slot #9 of CFN 1, the power difference  $P_d P_c$  from the power in slot #1 of CFN 1 shall be within the range  $-11 \pm 4.3$  dB.
- 3. In slot #9 of CFN 4, the power difference  $P_d P_c$  from the power in slot #1 of CFN 4 shall be within the range  $+11 \pm 4.3$  dB.
- 4. In slot #7 of CFN 8, the power difference  $P_d P_c$  from the power in slot #7 of CFN 7 shall be within the range  $0 \pm 3.2$  dB.
- 5. (void)
- 6. At the boundary between CFN 8 and CFN 9,  $P_f P_e$  shall be within the range -4  $\pm$  2.3 dB.
- 7. In the slots between slot #10 of CFN 0 and slot #1 of CFN 1 inclusive, the change in mean power from the previous slot shall be within the range given in table 5.7. 11 for TPC\_cmd = +1.
- 8. The aggregate change in mean power from slot #9 of CFN 0 to slot #1 of CFN 1 shall be within the range given in table 5.7. 12 for TPC\_cmd = +1.
- 9. In the slots between slot #10 of CFN 3 and slot #1 of CFN 4 inclusive, the change in mean power from the previous slot shall be within the range given in table 5.7. 11 for TPC\_cmd = -1.
- 10. The aggregate change in mean power from slot #9 of CFN 3 to slot #1 of CFN 4 shall be within the range given in table 5.7. 12 for TPC\_cmd = -1.

Table 5.7.11: Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size

TPC_cmd	Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+1,3 dB	+4,7 dB
0	−0,6 dB	+0,6 dB
<b>–1</b>	−1,3 dB	−4,7 dB

Table 5.7.12: Transmitter aggregate power control range for 3dB step size

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 7 equal TPC_cmd groups	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+15,7dB	+26,3dB
0	-1,1dB	+1,1dB
-1	-15,7dB	–26,3dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.7A HS-DPCCH power control

## 5.7A.1 Definition and applicability

The transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI over the HS-DPCCH may cause the transmission power in the uplink to vary. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPCCH and the Ack/Nack and CQI respectively is signalled by higher layers.

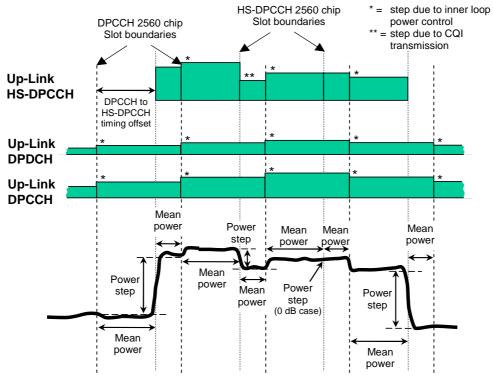
The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

# 5.7A.2 Minimum requirement

The nominal sum power on DPCCH+DPDCH is independent of the transmission of Ack/Nack and CQI unless the UE output power when Ack/Nack or CQI is transmitted would exceed the maximum value specified in Table 5.2A.1 or fall below the value specified in 5.4.3.2, whereupon the UE may then also apply additional scaling to the total transmit power as defined in section 5.1.2.6 of TS.25.214 [5].

The composite transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH+HS-DPCCH) shall be rounded to the closest integer dB value. If rounding is done a power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.

The nominal power step due to transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI is defined as the difference between the nominal mean powers of two power evaluation periods either side of an HS-DPCCH boundary. The first evaluation period starts 25  $\mu$ s after a DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25 $\mu$ s before the following HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The second evaluation period starts 25  $\mu$ s after the same HS-DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25  $\mu$ s before the following DPCCH slot boundary. This is described in figure 5.7A.1.



The power step due to HS-DPCCH transmission is the difference between the mean powers transmitted before and after an HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The mean power evaluation period excludes a 25µs period before and after any DPCCH or HS-DPCCH slot boundary.

Figure 5.7A.1: Transmit power template during HS-DPCCH transmission

The tolerance of the power step due to transmission of the HS-DPCCH shall meet the requirements in table 5.7A.1.

Table 5.7A.1: Transmitter power step tolerance

Power step size (Up or down) ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
0	+/- 0.5
1	+/- 0.5
2	+/- 1.0
3	+/- 1.5
4 ≤ Δ P ≤ 7	+/- 2.0

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.5.1.

# 5.7A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the changes in uplink transmit power when transmitting the HS-DPCCH (Ack/Nack and CQI) and the power between HS-DPCCH transmissions are within the allowed power step tolerances as shown in table 5.7A.2 and 5.7A.3. The test is carried out at max power with TPC\_cmd=1 and at a nominal power of 0 dBm at the minimum point of the 12ms transmit pattern (HS-DPCCH off).

### 5.7A.4 Method of test

#### 5.7A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.7A.1A.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.7A.1A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.7A.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

### 5.7A.4.2 Procedure

1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values defined in table C.10.1.4 subtest 3 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH half slot offset required for measurements. This will create a signal with a repeat pattern of 12ms. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall initially specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.

- 2) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS to set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector when the HS-DPCCH is not transmitted, to be in the range  $0 \text{ dBm} \pm 2 \text{dB}$ . This is a nominal setting and not part of the test requirements.
- 5) Figure 5.7A.2 shows the 12ms cycle created when using the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message from Annex I with the test specific message content defined below and with TPC\_cmd=0. Measure the mean power during the half slot periods either side of the measurement points specified on figure 5.7A.2. The 25us transient periods at the end of each half slot period shall not be included. Measurement points 4, 8 and 11 are at the DPCCH slot boundaries just after and just before the HS-DPCCH transmission. Evaluate the difference in mean power to determine the power steps around the measurement points shown in Figure 5.7A.2. The power steps shall meet the test requirements in table 5.7A.2.
- 6) Reconfigure the uplink DPCH power control Info to use Algorithm 1 with 1 dB step size. Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power during HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK transmission reaches the maximum as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 7) Figure 5.7A.3 shows the 12ms cycle created when using TPC\_cmd=1. Measure the mean power during the half slot periods either side of the measurement points specified on figure 5.7A.3. The 25us transient periods at the end of each half slot period shall not be included. Measurement points 5, 10 and 13 are at the DPCCH slot boundaries in between the HS-DPCCH transmissions. The last downward step prior to the HS-DPCCH transmission is not tested due to the accumulation of tolerances making the test requirement very wide. Evaluate the difference in mean power to determine the power steps around the measurement points shown in Figure 5.7A.3. The transmitter power steps shall meet the test requirements in table 5.7A.3.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I. The test specific content for the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is as follows:

Information Element	Value/remark
<ul> <li>Ack-Nack repetition factor</li> </ul>	1
- CQI repetition factor	1

# 5.7A.5 Test requirements

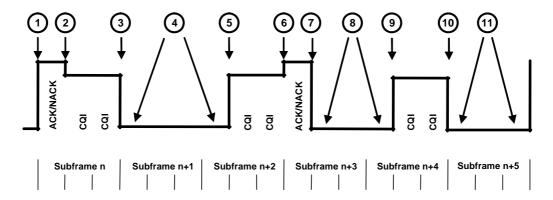
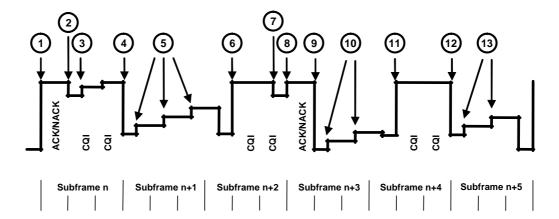


Figure 5.7A.2: Transmit power template below max power with TPC\_cmd = 0



97

Figure 5.7A.3: Transmit power template at max power with TPC\_cmd = 1

The difference in mean power derived in steps 5) and 7), shall not exceed the allowed transmitter power step range in table 5.7A.2 and 5.7A.3 respectively.

The UL reference measurement channel for TX test will be set as defined in C.10.1 with the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH and DPDCH being set to the values defined in table C.10.1.4 sub-test 3.

Table 5.7A.2: Transmitter power test requirements for TPC\_cmd=0

Sub-test in table C.10.1.4	Power step	Nominal Power step size, ΔP [dB]	Rounded Power step size, ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step Tolerance [dB]	Allowed Transmitter power step range [dB]
	1	6.14	6	+/- 2.3	3.7 to 8.44
	2	-1.38	-1	+/- 0.6	-1.98 to -0.4
	3	-4.76	-5	+/- 2.3	-7.3 to -2.46
	4 <sup>1</sup>	0	0	+/- 0.6	-0.6 to 0.6
	5	4.76	5	+/- 2.3	2.46 to 7.3
3	6	1.38	1	+/- 0.6	0.4 to 1.98
	7	-6.14	-6	+/- 2.3	-8.44 to -3.7
	8 <sup>1</sup>	0	0	+/- 0.6	-0.6 to 0.6
	9	4.76	5	+/- 2.3	2.46 to 7.3
	10	-4.76	-5	+/- 2.3	-7.3 to -2.46
	11 <sup>1</sup>	0	0	+/- 0.6	-0.6 to 0.6
Note 1: Two test points					

Power Sub-test in **Nominal Power Rounded Power Transmitter** Allowed table power step **Transmitter** step step size,  $\Delta P$ step size,  $\Delta P$ C.10.1.4 Tolerance [dB] power step range [dB] [dB] [dB] 6.14 6 +/- 2.3 3.7 to 8.44 2 -1.38 -1 +/- 0.6 -1.98 to -0.4 3 1 +/- 0.6 0.4 to 1.6 1 4 -4.76 -5 +/- 2.3 -7.3 to -2.46 5<sup>1</sup> 1 +/- 0.6 0.4 to 1.6 1 6 4.76 5 +/- 2.3 2.46 to 7.3 3 7 -1.38 -1 +/- 0.6 -1.98 to -0.4 +/- 0.6 8 1.38 1 0.40 to 1.98 9 -6.14 -6 +/- 2.3 -8.44 to -3.7  $10^{2}$ 1 1 +/- 0.6 0.4 to 1.6 4.76 11 5 +/- 2.3 2.46 to 7.3 -7.3 to -2.46 +/- 2.3 12 -4.76 -5 13<sup>2</sup> 1 1 +/- 0.6 0.4 to 1.6 Note 1: Three test points Note 2: Two test points

Table 5.7A.3: Transmitter power test requirements for TPC\_cmd=1

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.8 Occupied Bandwidth (OBW)

## 5.8.1 Definition and applicability

Occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centred on the assigned channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.8.2 Minimum Requirements

The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.1.

# 5.8.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE occupied channel bandwidth is less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

Excess occupied channel bandwidth increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

#### 5.8.4 Method of test

#### 5.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.8.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the power spectrum distribution within two times or more range over the requirement for Occupied Bandwidth specification centring on the current carrier frequency with 30 kHz or less RBW. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter).
- 3) Calculate the total power within the range of all frequencies measured in '2)' and save this value as "Total Power".
- 4) Sum up the power upward from the lower boundary of the measured frequency range in '2)' and seek the limit frequency point by which this sum becomes 0,5 % of "Total Power" and save this point as "Lower Frequency".
- 5) Sum up the power downward from the upper boundary of the measured frequency range in '2)' and seek the limit frequency point by which this sum becomes 0,5 % of "Total Power" and save this point as "Upper Frequency".
- 6) Calculate the difference ("Upper Frequency" "Lower Frequency" = "Occupied Bandwidth") between two limit frequencies obtained in '4)' and '5)'.

# 5.8.5 Test Requirements

The measured Occupied Bandwidth, derived in step 6), shall not exceed 5 MHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.9 Spectrum emission mask

## 5.9.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.9.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9.1.

The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz.

Δf in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (N	Additional	Measurement bandwidth	
(Note 1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	requirements Band II, IV, V, X (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 - 3.5	$\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-71.1 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 - 7.5	$\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 - 8.5	$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 12.5 MHz	-49 dBc	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)

**Table 5.9.1: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

- Note 1: Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.
- Note 3: For operation in Band II, IV, V, X only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

# 5.9.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

### 5.9.4 Method of test

#### 5.9.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

### 5.9.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9.2. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple

50 kHz or narrower filter measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9.2. The measured power shall be recorded for each step.

- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power 2) with respect to 3) in dBc.

## 5.9.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9.4.2 step 4) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9.2.

**Table 5.9.2: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

Δf in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2)		Additional requirements	Measurement bandwidth
(Note 1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement (in measurement band width)	Band II, IV, V, X (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 - 3.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-69.6 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 - 7.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 - 8.5	$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 - 12.5 MHz	-47.5 dBc	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)

- Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.
- Note 3: For operation in Band II, IV, V, X only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.9A Spectrum Emission Mask with HS-DPCCH

# 5.9A.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

## 5.9A.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9A.1. The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  as specified in [5].

**Table 5.9A.1: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

Δf in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2)		Additional requirements Band	Measurement bandwidth
(Note 1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	II, IV, V, X (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5	$\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-71.1 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5	$\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5	$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz	-49 dBc	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
Note 1: Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.  Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.				

- Note 3: For operation in Band II, IV, V, X only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at  $\Delta f$  equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

# 5.9A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9A.1. even in the presence of the HS-DPCCH. (see note). This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

Note:

For a static signal, the measurement with a 1MHz filter can be replaced by a narrower filter and integration over the bandwidth. (Note 6 in table 5.9A.1) For a non static signal the above described replacement gives different results, depending on the type of dynamic in the signal and depending on the bandwidth of the filter. Hence the signal is tested only when static.

### 5.9A.4 Method of test

#### 5.9A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.9A.2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.9A.2: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Spectrum Emission Mask with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.9A.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.9A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) When UE has reached the maximum power, measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9A.3. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter(≥3kHz) measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9A.3. The measured power shall be recorded for each step. The measurement duration with the filter on one frequency shall last at least the filter settling time and the measurement period shall be inside the HS-DPCCH on-period.
- 5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the power 4) with respect to 5) in dBc.
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

# 5.9A.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9A.4.2 step 6) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9A.3.

(Note 5)

(Note 7)

Δf in MHz	Minimum requirement (Note	Additional	Measurement bandwidth	
(Note 1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	requirements Band II, IV, V, X (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-69.6 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5	$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz	-47.5 dBc	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz

Table 5.9A.3: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement

- Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.
- Note 3: For operation in Band II, IV, V, X only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at  $\Delta f$  equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.9B Spectrum Emission Mask with E-DCH

# 5.9B.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

# 5.9B.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9B.1. The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [5].

Δf in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2)		Additional requirements Band	Measurement bandwidth
(Note 1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	II, IV, V, X (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5	$\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-71.1 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5	$\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5	$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz	-49 dBc	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)

**Table 5.9B.1: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

- Note 1:  $\Delta$ f is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.
- Note 3: For operation in Band II, IV, V, X only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at  $\Delta f$  equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

# 5.9B.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9B.1. even in the presence of the E-DCH. (see note). This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and/or E-DCH is specified in table 5.2B.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

Note: For a static signal, the measurement with a 1MHz filter can be replaced by a narrower filter and integration over the bandwidth. (Note 6 in table 5.9B.1) For a non static signal the above described replacement gives different results, depending on the type of dynamic in the signal and depending on the bandwidth of the filter. Hence the signal is tested only when static.

#### 5.9B.4 Method of test

### 5.9B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages as given in Tables 5.2B.1A, 5.2B.2, 5.2B3 and 5.2B.4. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table C.11.1.3 and each UL physical channel to be at constant power during the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.9B.2.

4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.9B.2: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Spectrum Emission Mask with E-DCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.9B.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

### 5.9B.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set UE to maximum output power according to 5.2B.4.2 steps 1 to 8.
- 2) When UE has reached the maximum power, measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9B.3. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter(≥3kHz) measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9B.3. The measured power shall be recorded for each step. The measurement duration with the filter on one frequency shall last at least the filter settling time and the measurement period shall be inside the HS-DPCCH on-period.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power 2) with respect to 3) in dBc.
- 5) Repeat steps 1-4 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.11.1.3.

# 5.9B.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9B.4.2 step 4) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9B.3.

Δf in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note	Additional requirements	Measurement bandwidth	
(Note 1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	Band II, IV, V, X (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-69.6 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5	$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz	-47.5 dBc	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm (Note 7)	1 MHz (Note 5)

**Table 5.9B.3: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

- Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.
- Note 3: For operation in Band II, IV, V, X only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at  $\Delta f$  equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.10 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)

# 5.10.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.10.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10.1.

Table 5.10.1: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or -5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

# 5.10.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

#### 5.10.4 Method of test

#### 5.10.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.10.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the RRC filtered mean power.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in '2)'and '3)'.

# 5.10.5 Test requirements

If the measured adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power, derived in step 3), is greater than -50,0 dBm then the measured ACLR, derived in step 4), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10.2.

Table 5.10.2: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32,2 dB
3	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	42,2 dB
4	+5 MHz or -5 MHz	32,2 dB
4	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	42,2 dB

- NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.
- NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.
- NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.
- NOTE 4: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.10A Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH

# 5.10A.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

# 5.10A.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than  $-50 \mathrm{dBm}$  then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10A.1. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  as specified in [5].

Table 5.10A.1: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or -5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

# 5.10A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10A.1. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

#### 5.10A.4 Method of test

#### 5.10A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.10A.2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

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Table 5.10A.2: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.10A.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
·	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.10A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) When UE has reached the maximum power, measure the RRC filtered mean power on the wanted channel. The measurement period shall be inside the HS-DPCCH on-period for the wanted and the adjacent channels.
- 5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in step 4) and step 5).
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

# 5.10A.5 Test requirements

The measured ACLR, derived in step 6), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10A.3.

Table 5.10A.3: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
3	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	42.2 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
4	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	42.2 dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.10B Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with E-DCH

# 5.10B.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

# 5.10B.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10B.1. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [5].

Table 5.10B.1: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

# 5.10B.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10B.1. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and/or E-DCH is specified in table 5.2B.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

# 5.10B.4 Method of test

#### 5.10B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9, with the exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages as given in Tables 5.2B.1A, 5.2B.2, 5.2B3 and 5.2B.4. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table C.11.1.3 and each UL physical channel to be at constant power during the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.10B.1A.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.10B.1A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with E-DCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.10B.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.10B.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set UE to maximum output power according to 5.2B.4.2 steps 1 to 8.
- 2) When UE has reached the maximum power, measure the RRC filtered mean power on the wanted channel. The measurement period shall be inside the HS-DPCCH on-period for the wanted and the adjacent channels.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in step 2) and step 3).
- 5) Repeat steps 1-4 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.11.1.3.

# 5.10B.5 Test requirements

The measured ACLR, derived in step 4), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10B.2.

Table 5.10B.2: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
3	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	42.2 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
4	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	42.2 dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause

# 5.11 Spurious Emissions

# 5.11.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The frequency boundary and the detailed transitions of the limits between the requirement for out band emissions and spectrum emissions are based on ITU-R Recommendations SM.329.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.11.2 Minimum Requirements

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Table 5.11.1a: General spurious emissions requirements

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Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	−36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	−36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 000 MHz	100 kHz	−36 dBm
1 GHz ≤ f < 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	–30 dBm

Table 5.11.1b: Additional spurious emissions requirements

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Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
I	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note 1)
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note 1)
		3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note 1)
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz 300 kHz	-60 dBm -41 dBm
	1884.5 MHz < f <1919.6 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-41 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
ll l	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
"	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
III	921 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note 1)
111	$925 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 935 \text{ MHz}$	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note 1)
	923 WI IZ \$ I \$ 933 WI IZ	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
IV	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VI	860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz	1 MHz	-37 dBm
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VII	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note 1)
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note 1)
		3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note 1)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz	3.84 MHz	-50 dBm
VIII	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz 3.84 MHz	-67 dBm (see note 1) -60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
		3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see notes 1 and 2)
		3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 2)
	1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note 1)
		3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
IV	2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 2)
IX	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60dBm
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
V	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
X	869 MHz ≤ f ≤894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm

	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
XI	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm

NOTE 1: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.1a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement

NOTE 2: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 5.11.1a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement due to 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic spurious emissions

NOTE: The applicability of each line in Table 5.11.1b for UEs of different releases is defined in TS 25.101 [1] and TS 25.307 [26].

As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.1a are permitted in each of the bands, 925 MHz to 960 MHz and 1805 MHz to 1880 MHz for each UARFCN used in the measurement. The reference is 3GPP TS 45.005 [29].

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.3.1.

# 5.11.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE spurious emissions do not exceed described value shown in table 5.11.1a and table 5.11.1b.

Excess spurious emissions increase the interference to other systems.

#### 5.11.4 Method of test

#### 5.11.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.11.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Sweep the spectrum analyzer (or equivalent equipment) over a frequency range and measure the average power of spurious emission.

# 5.11.5 Test requirements

The measured average power of spurious emission, derived in step 2), shall not exceed the described value in tables 5.11.2a and 5.11.2b.

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Table 5.11.2a: General spurious emissions test requirements

Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	−36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	−36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 000 MHz	100 kHz	−36 dBm
1 GHz ≤ f < 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	-30 dBm

Table 5.11.2b: Additional spurious emissions test requirements

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Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
I	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note 1)
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note 1)
	923 MHZ \(\sigma\) \(\sigma\) \(\sigma\)	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note 1)
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1884.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
II	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 3)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 4)
III	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note 1)
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note 1)
	020 IVII IZ = 1 = 000 IVII IZ	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
IV	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 3)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 4)
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 3)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 4)
VI	860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz	1 MHz	-37 dBm
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VII	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note 1)
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz 3.84 MHz	-67 dBm (see note 1) -60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note 1)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz	3.84 MHz	-50 dBm
VIII	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz 3.84 MHz	-67 dBm (see note 1) -60 dBm
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note 1)
	1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz	3.84 MHz 100 kHz	-60 dBm -71 dBm (see notes 1 and 2)
		3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 2)
	1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz 3.84 MHz	-71 dBm (see note1) -60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm

	2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm (see note 2)
IX	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60dBm
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
X	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
XI	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm

- NOTE 1: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.2a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement
- NOTE 2: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 5.11.2a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement due to 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic spurious emissions.
- NOTE 3: For UEs that conform to Release 6 and support Band II, IV or V shall support the defined frequency bandwidth.
- NOTE 4: For UEs that conform to Release 7 and later releases and support Band II, IV or V shall support the defined frequency bandwidth.
- NOTE 5: The applicability of each line in Table 5.11.2b for UEs of different releases is defined in TS 25.101 [1] and TS 25.307 [26].

NOTE: The applicability of each line in Table 5.11.2b for UEs of different releases is defined in TS 25.101 [1] and TS 25.307 [26].

As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.2a are permitted in each of the bands, 925 MHz to 960 MHz and 1805 MHz to 1880 MHz for each UARFCN used in the measurement. The reference is 3GPP TS 45.005 [29].

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.12 Transmit Intermodulation

# 5.12.1 Definition and applicability

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

UE(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or Node B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE transmit intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power of the wanted signal to the RRC filtered mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 5.12.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE transmit intermodulation shall not exceed the described value in table 5.12.1.

Table 5.12.1: Transmit Intermodulation

CW Signal Frequency Offset from Transmitting Carrier		10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	-40	dBc
Intermodulation Product	-31 dBc	-41 dBc

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.7.1.

# 5.12.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE transmit intermodulation does not exceed the described value in table 5.12.1.

An excess transmit intermodulation increases transmission errors in the up link own channel when other transmitter exists nearby.

# 5.12.4 Method of test

#### 5.12.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.2.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

# 5.12.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Set the frequency of the CW generator to the offset 1 or offset 2 as shown in table 5.12.2.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the UE.
- 4) Search the intermodulation product signal, then measure the RRC filtered mean power of transmitting intermodulation, and calculate the ratio with the power measured in step 3).
- 5) Repeat the measurement with another tone offset.

# 5.12.5 Test requirements

The ratio derived in step 4), shall not exceed the described value in table 5.12.2.

**Table 5.12.2: Transmit Intermodulation** 

CW Signal Frequency Offset from Transmitting Carrier	5MHz	10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	-40	dBc
Intermodulation Product	-31 dBc	-41 dBc

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13 Transmit Modulation

Transmit modulation defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH/PCPCH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions for release 99 and release 4 only. For release 5 and later the requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions. In cases where the mean power of the RF signal is allowed to change versus time e.g. PRACH, DPCH in compressed mode, change of TFC, inner loop power control and for HSDPA transmissions with non-constant HS-DPCCH code power, the EVM and Peak Code Domain Error requirements do not apply during the 25 us period before and after the nominal time when the mean power is expected to change.

# 5.13.1 Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)

# 5.13.1.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off  $\alpha$ =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

For Release 99 and Release 4 the measurement interval is one timeslot.

For Release 5 and later releases where tests may include power changes, the measurement interval is further clarified as being one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 5.13.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17,5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1.

Table 5.13.1: Parameters for EVM

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥ –20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1.

# 5.13.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17,5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1.

An excess EVM increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

#### 5.13.1.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 5.13.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B).
- 3) Set the power level of UE to -18dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be -18dBm with  $\pm 2$ dB tolerance.
- 4) Repeat step 2).

## 5.13.1.5 Test requirements

The measured EVM, derived in step 2) and 4), shall not exceed 17,5 %. for parameters specified in table 5.13.1 Parameters for EVM.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.1A Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH

## 5.13.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off  $\alpha$ =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot.

For signals containing more than one spreading code where the slot alignment of the codes is not the same and the code power is varying, the period over which the nominal mean power remains constant can be less than one timeslot. For such time-varying signals it is not possible to define EVM across one timeslot since this interval contains an expected change in mean power, and the exact timing and trajectory of the power change is not defined. For these signals, the EVM minimum requirements apply only for intervals of at least one half timeslot (less any 25µs transient periods) during which the nominal code power of each individual code is constant.

Note:

The reason for setting a lower limit for the EVM measurement interval is that for any given impaired signal, the EVM would be expected to improve for measurement intervals less than one timeslot while the frequency error would be expected to degrade.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 only to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

## 5.13.1A.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1A.1. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  as specified in [5].

Table 5.13.1A.1: Parameters for EVM

Parameter		Level / Status	Unit	
Output power		≥ -20	dBm	
Operating conditions		Normal conditions		
Power control step size		1	dB	
Measurement PRACH		3904	Chips	
period <sup>1</sup> Any DPCH		From 1280 to 2560 <sup>2</sup>	Chips	
Note 1: Less any 25us transient periods				

Note 1: Less any 25µs transient periods

Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1.

## 5.13.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17.5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1A.1 using the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  specified in table C.10.1.4 for subtest 3.

#### 5.13.1A.4 Method of test

### 5.13.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.13.1A.2. Set the Default DPCH Offset Value according to the required HS-DPCCH slot offset as specified in TS 25.331 [8] clause 8.6.6.14 and TS 25.211 [19].
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.13.1A.2: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.13.1A.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.13.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message defined in Annex I to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 subtest 3 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH half slot offset required for measurements. This will create a signal with a repeat pattern of 12ms as shown in Figure 5.13.1A.1. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 2) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS such that the half slot period with the highest output power for the defined 12ms sequence as measured at the UE antenna connector is the maximum output as defined in table 5.2A.1. Maintain this power level by sending alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC\_cmd = 0.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) With reference to Figure 5.13.1A.1 measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B) during the last half slot period of the ACK/NACK in subframe n+3 when the UE is at its maximum power in the 12ms cycle (measurement point 3) and in the following half slot period when the CQI is off (measurement point 4) and the UE is at its minimum power in the cycle. Measure the EVM in the last half slot before subframe n when the UE is at its minimum power (measurement point 1) and immediately following in the first half slot of subframe n

when the ACK/NACK is transmitting and the UE is at its maximum power in the 12ms cycle (measurement point 2). All measurements shall exclude the 25 us transient periods at the beginning and end of each measurement period.

- 5) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS such that the half slot period with the lowest output power for the defined 12ms sequence as measured at the UE antenna connector is –18dBm with ±2dB tolerance. Maintain this power level by sending alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC\_cmd = 0.
- 6) Repeat step 4).

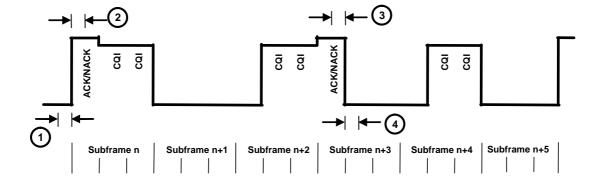


Figure 5.13.1A.1: HS-DPCCH on/off pattern showing measurement positions

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I. The test specific exception for the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is as follows:

Information Element	Value/remark
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	1
- CQI repetition factor	1

## 5.13.1A.5 Test requirements

The measured EVM, derived in steps 4) and 6), shall not exceed 17.5 % for parameters specified in table 5.13.1A.1 parameters for EVM.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.1AA Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) and phase discontinuity with HS-DPCCH

# 5.13.1AA.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off  $\alpha$ =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25 µs at each end of the slot.

For signals containing more than one spreading code where the slot alignment of the codes is not the same and the code power is varying, the period over which the nominal mean power remains constant can be less than one timeslot. For such time-varying signals it is not possible to define EVM across one timeslot since this interval contains an expected

change in mean power, and the exact timing and trajectory of the power change is not defined. For these signals, the EVM minimum requirements apply only for intervals of at least one half timeslot (less any 25µs transient periods) during which the nominal code power of each individual code is constant.

Note:

The reason for setting a lower limit for the EVM measurement interval is that for any given impaired signal, the EVM would be expected to improve for measurement intervals less than one timeslot while the frequency error would be expected to degrade.

Phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH is the change in phase due to the transmission of the HS-DPCCH. In the case where the HS-DPCCH timeslot is offset from the DPCCH timeslot, the period of evaluation of the phase discontinuity shall be the DPCCH timeslot that contains the HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for that part of the DPCCH timeslot prior to the HS-DPCCH slot boundary, and the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for remaining part of the DPCCH timeslot following the HS-DPCCH slot boundary. In all cases the subslot EVM is measured excluding the transient periods of  $25~\mu s$ .

Since subslot EVM is only defined for intervals of at least one half timeslot, the phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH is only defined for non-aligned timeslots when the offset is 0.5 slots.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

### 5.13.1AA.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1AA. This is applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{bs}$  as specified in [5].

Parameter Level / Status Unit Output power dBm  $\geq -20$ Operating conditions Normal conditions Power control step size dB 1 Measurement **PRACH** 3904 Chips period<sup>1</sup> Any DPCH From 1280 to 2560<sup>2</sup> Note 1: Less any 25µs transient periods

Table 5.13.1AA.1: Parameters for EVM

The phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 5.13.1AA.2 90% of the time. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3 and 6.8.2, of TS 25.101 [1] respectively shall be met.

The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant

Table 5.13.1AA.2: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement for HS-DPCCH at HS-DPCCH slot boundary

Phase discontinuity for	
HS-DPCCH Δθ in	$\Delta\theta \leq 30$
degrees	

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1 and 6.8.5.1.

#### 5.13.1AA.3 Test purpose

Note 2:

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17.5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1AA using the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$  and  $\beta_{hs}$  specified in table C.10.1.4 for subtest 3.

To verify that HSDPA phase discontinuity does not exceed the values in table 5.13.1AA.2.

Note: The statistical aspect (90% pass rate) of this minimum requirement is not currently tested.

#### 5.13.1AA.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.1AA.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.13.1AA.3. Set the Default DPCH Offset Value according to the required HS-DPCCH slot offset as specified in TS 25.331 [8] clause 8.6.6.14 and TS 25.211 [19].
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.13.1AA.3: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.13.1AA.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
,	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.13.1AA.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message defined in Annex I to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 subtest 3 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH half slot offset required for measurements. This will create a signal with a repeat pattern of 12ms as shown in Figure 5.13.1AA.1. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 2) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS such that the half slot period with the highest output power for the defined 12ms sequence as measured at the UE antenna connector is the maximum output as defined in table 5.2A.1. Maintain this power level by sending alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC\_cmd = 0.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) With reference to Figure 5.13.1AA.1 measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B) during the last half slot period of the ACK/NACK in subframe n+3 when the UE is at its maximum power in the 12ms cycle (measurement point 3) and in the following half slot period when the CQI is off and the UE is at its minimum power in the cycle (measurement point 4). Compute from these two EVM results the phase discontinuity between the two half slot periods. Measure the EVM in the last half slot before subframe n when the UE is at its minimum power (measurement point 1) and immediatley following in the first half slot of subframe n when the ACK/NACK is transmitting and the UE is at its maximum power in the 12ms cycle (measurement point 1). Compute from these two EVM results the phase discontinuity between the two half slot periods. All measurements shall exclude the 25 us transient periods at the beginning and end of each measurement period.
- 5) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS such that the half slot period with the lowest output power for the defined 12ms sequence as measured at the UE antenna connector is -18dBm with  $\pm 2$ dB tolerance. Maintain this

power level by sending alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC\_cmd = 0.

#### 6) Repeat step 4).

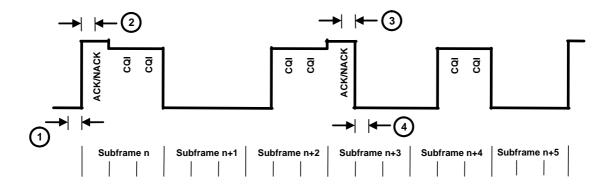


Figure 5.13.1AA.1: HS-DPCCH on/off pattern showing measurement positions

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I. The test specific exception for the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is as follows:

Information Element	Value/remark
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	1
- CQI repetition factor	1

## 5.13.1AA.5 Test requirements

Table 5.13.1AA.4: Phase discontinuity test requirement for HS-DPCCH at HS-DPCCH slot boundary

Phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH Δθ in	Δθ ≤ 36
degrees	

The measured EVM, derived in steps 4) and 6), shall not exceed 17.5 % for parameters specified in table 5.13.1AA.1 parameters for EVM.

The measured phase discontinuity, derived in steps 4) and 6), shall not exceed the value specified in table 5.13.1AA.4.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.2 Peak code domain error

#### 5.13.2.1 Definition and applicability

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting power of the error vector (as defined in clause 5.13.1.1) onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes.

For Release 99 and Release 4 the measurement interval is one timeslot.

For Release 5 and later releases where tests may include power changes, the measurement interval is further clarified as being one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by  $25 \mu s$  at each end of the slot.

The requirements and this test apply only to the UE in which the multi-code DPDCH transmission is provided and therefore does not apply for the PRACH and PCPCH preamble and message parts for R99 and Release 4 only or the PRACH preamble and message parts for Release 5 and later.

## 5.13.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB at spreading factor 4 for the parameters specified in table 5.13.3. The requirements are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps) specified in clause C.2.5.

Table 5.13.3: Parameters for Peak code domain error

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥-20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.3.1.

#### 5.13.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE peak code domain error does not exceed -15 dB for the specified parameters in table 5.13.3.

An excess peak code domain error increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

# 5.13.2.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, and RF parameters are set up according to table 5.13.4.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 5.13.4: Test parameters for Peak code domain error

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Uplink signal	multi-code	
Information bit rate	2*384	kbps
Power control step size	1	dB

#### 5.13.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the Peak code Domain error using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B).
- 3) Set the power level of UE to -18dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be-18dBm with ±2dB tolerance.
- 4) Repeat step 2).

# 5.13.2.5 Test requirements

The measured Peak code domain error, derived in step 2) and 4), shall not exceed -14 dB.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

## 5.13.2A Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH

## 5.13.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in TS 25.101 [1] 6.8.2) onto the code domain. Only the code channels with non-zero betas in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every non-zero beta code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that non-zero beta code, to the mean power of the non-zero beta code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot.

The Relative Code Domain Error is affected by both the spreading factor and beta value of the various code channels in the domain. The Effective Code Domain Power (ECDP) is defined to capture both considerations into one parameter. It uses the Nominal CDP ratio (as defined in TS25101 [1] 6.2.3), and is defined as follows for each used code, k, in the domain:

 $ECDP_k = (Nominal\ CDP\ ratio)_k + 10*log10(SF_k/256)$ 

The requirements for Relative Code Domain Error are not applicable when either or both the following channel combinations occur:

- when the ECDP of any code channel is < -30dB.
- when the nominal code domain power of any code channel is < -20 dB

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error also does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

The requirements apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. This test applies only to UE that support HSDPA.

### 5.13.2A.2 Minimum Requirements

The Relative Code Domain Error shall meet the requirements in Table 5.13.2A.1 for the parameters specified in table 5.13.2A.2.

Table 5.13.2A.1: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement

ECDP dB	Relative Code Domain Error dB
-21 < ECDP	≤ -16
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -21	≤ -37 - ECDP
ECDP < -30	No requirement

Table 5.13.2A.2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude/Peak Code Domain Error

Parameter		Unit	Level
UE Output Power		dBm	≥ -20
Operating conditi	ons		Normal conditions
Power control step size		dB	1
Measurement	PRACH		3904
period (Note 1) Any DPCH		Chips	From 1280 to 2560 (Note 2)
Note 1: Less any 25µs transient periods Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.3a.

## 5.13.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Relative Code Domain Error does not exceed the values in table 5.13.2A.5 for the beta values defined in table 5.13.2A.4.

#### 5.13.2A.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK version) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1 with the beta values set according to table C.10.1.4.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.13.2A.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

Table 5.13.2A.3: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.2A.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86
·	MH <sub>2</sub>	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.13.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE and wait until the UE has reached maximum power.
- 2) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 sub test 1 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the Relative Code Domain Error of the DPCCH, DPDCH and HS-DPCCH.
- 5) Repeat step 4 for the other combinations of beta values as given in table 5.13.2A.4.
- 6) Set the power level of UE to -18 dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be -18 dBm with  $\pm 2 dB$  tolerance.
- 7) Repeat step 4 for all the combinations of beta values as given in table 5.13.2A.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

#### 5.13.2A.5 Test requirements

For the ECDP of each code measured in step 4 the Relative Code Domain Error shall not exceed the value given in table 5.13.2A.5.

Sub-test in table C.10.1.4	Code	Nominal Code Domain Power	Spreading factor	Nominal ECDP
	DPCCH	-17.9	256	-17.9
1	DPDCH	-0.4	64	-6.4
	HS-DPCCH	-11.8	256	-11.8
	DPCCH	-7.2	256	-7.2
3	DPDCH	-12.7	64	-18.7
	HS-DPCCH	-1.2	256	-1.2
	DPCCH	-7.1	256	-7.1
4	DPDCH	-18.5	64	-24.5
	HS-DPCCH	-1	256	-1

Table 5.13.2A.4: Nominal ECDP ratios

NOTE: The nominal ECDP ratios given above are calculated from the nominal beta factors and are for general information to indicate the test coverage. The actual ECDP to use in the test for each code shall be based on the measured code domain power. The accuracy of the code domain powers is tested separately in 5.2C.

Table 5.13.2A.5: Relative Code Domain Error test requirement

ECDP dB	Relative Code Domain Error dB
-21 < ECDP	≤ -15.5
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -21	≤ -36.5 - ECDP
ECDP < -30	No requirement

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.2B Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

# 5.13.2B.1 Definition and applicability

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in TS 25.101 [1] 6.8.2) onto the code domain. Only the code channels with non-zero betas in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every non-zero beta code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that non-zero beta code, to the mean power of the non-zero beta code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot.

The Relative Code Domain Error is affected by both the spreading factor and beta value of the various code channels in the domain. The Effective Code Domain Power (ECDP) is defined to capture both considerations into one parameter. It uses the Nominal CDP ratio (as defined in TS25101 [1] 6.2.3), and is defined as follows for each used code, k, in the domain:

 $ECDP_k = (Nominal\ CDP\ ratio)_k + 10*log10(SF_k/256)$ 

The requirements for Relative Code Domain Error are not applicable when either or both of the following channel combinations occur:

- when the ECDP of any code channel is < -30dB.

when the nominal code domain power of any code channel is < -20 dB

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error also does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

The requirements apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. This test applies only to UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

#### 5.13.2B.2 Minimum Requirements

The Relative Code Domain Error shall meet the requirements in Table 5.13.2B.1 for the parameters specified in Table 5.13.2B.2.

Table 5.13.2B.1: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement

ECDP dB	Relative Code Domain Error dB
-21 < ECDP	≤ -16
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -21	≤ -37 – ECDP
ECDP < -30	No requirement

Table 5.13.2B.2: Parameters for Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Parameter		Unit	Level
UE Output Power		dBm	≥ -20
Operating conditions			Normal conditions
Power control step size		dB	1
Measurement	PRACH		3904
period (Note 1) Any DPCH		Chips	From 1280 to 2560 (Note 2)
Note 1: Less any 25 µs transient periods			
Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.3a.

#### 5.13.2B.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Relative Code Domain Error does not exceed the values in table 5.13.2B.9 for the beta values defined in table 5.13.2B.8.

#### 5.13.2B.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.2B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9, with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table C.11.1.3 and each UL physical channel to be at constant power at the start of the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.13.2B.7.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.13.2B.3: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark	
UL Transport channel information for all transport channels		
- 2bit CTFC	3	
- Power offset Information		
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Gain factor ßc	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
- Gain factor ßd	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gain factors as in the default message		

Table 5.13.2B.4: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Sub-tests 1,2,4

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	67
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18
- Reference E-TFCI	71
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23
- Reference E-TFCI	75
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26
- Reference E-TFCI	81
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27

Table 5.13.2B.5: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Sub-test 3

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	92
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18

Table 5.13.2B.6: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Δ <sub>NACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- $\Delta_{\text{CQI}}$	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3

Table 5.13.2B.7: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
Cell type		Serving cell	
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.13.2B.4.1	
Qqualmin	dB	-24	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21	
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86	
,	MHz		

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of Î<sub>or</sub> instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set Î<sub>or</sub>.

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.13.2B.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set UE to maximum output power according to 5.2.B.4.2 steps 1 to 8.
- 2) Measure the Relative Code Domain Error of the DPCCH, DPDCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH(s).
- 3) Repeat steps 1 through 2 for the other combinations of beta values as given in Table C.11.1.3.
- 4) Set the power level of UE to -18 dBm or send Down power control commands (1 dB step size should be used) to the UE until UE output power shall be -18 dBm with  $\pm$  2 dB tolerance.
- 5) Measure the Relative Code Domain Error of the DPCCH, DPDCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH(s).
- 6) Repeat steps 4 and 5 for all the combinations of beta values for sub-tests 1, 2, 3, and 4 as given in Table C.11.1.3.

### 5.13.2B.5 Test requirements

For the ECDP of each code measured in steps 2 and 5 the Relative Code Domain Error shall not exceed the value given in table 5.13.2B.9.

Table 5.13.2B.8: Nominal ECDP ratios

Sub-Test in Table C.11.1.3	Code	Nominal Code Domain Power	Spreading Factor	Nominal ECDP
	DPCCH	-18.5	256	-18.5
	DPDCH	-15.8	64	-21.8
1	HS-DPCCH	-12.5	256	-12.5
	E-DPCCH	-16.5	256	-16.8
	E-DPDCH	-0.5	4	-18.6
	DPCCH	-14.0	256	-13.9
	DPDCH	-6.0	64	-11.9
2	HS-DPCCH	-8.0	256	-7.8
	E-DPCCH	-8.0	256	-8.8
	E-DPDCH	-4.1	4	-22.0
	DPCCH	-14.6	256	-15.2
	DPDCH	-19.1	64	-25.6
3	HS-DPCCH	-8.6	256	-9.2
3	E-DPCCH	-8.6	256	-6.2
	E-DPDCH1	-4.7	4	-23.4
	E-DPDCH2	-4.7	4	-23.4
	DPCCH	-19.7	256	-19.7
4	DPDCH	-2.2	64	-8.2
	HS-DPCCH	-13.7	256	-13.7
	E-DPCCH	-19.7	256	-19.4
	E-DPDCH	-4.7	4	-22.9

NOTE: The nominal ECDP ratios given above are calculated from the nominal beta factors and are for general information to indicate the test coverage. The actual ECDP to use in the test for each code shall be based on the measured code domain power. The accuracy of the code domain powers is tested separately in 5.2D.

Table 5.13.2B.9: Relative Code Domain Error test requirement

ECDP dB	Relative Code Domain Error dB	
-21 < ECDP	≤ -15.5	
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -21	≤ -36.5 – ECDP	
ECDP < -30	No requirement	

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.2C Relative Code Domain Error for HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

### 5.13.2C.1 Definition and applicability

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in TS 25.101 [1] 6.8.2) onto the code domain. Only the code channels with non-zero betas in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every non-zero beta code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that non-zero beta code, to the mean power of the non-zero beta code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot.

The Relative Code Domain Error is affected by both the spreading factor and beta value of the various code channels in the domain. The Effective Code Domain Power (ECDP) is defined to capture both considerations into one parameter. It

uses the Nominal CDP ratio (as defined in TS25101 [1] 6.2.3), and is defined as follows for each used code, k, in the domain:

 $ECDP_k = (Nominal\ CDP\ ratio)_k + 10*log10(SF_k/256)$ 

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels, the requirements for Relative Code Domain Error are not applicable when either or both of the following channel combinations occur:

- when the ECDP of any code channel is < -30dB.
- when the nominal code domain power of any code channel is < -30 dB

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error also does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

The requirements apply for Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH 16QAM UE capability category 7. This test applies only to UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

## 5.13.2C.2 Minimum Requirements

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels, the Relative Code Domain Error of the codes not using 16QAM shall meet the requirements in Table 5.13.2C.1 for the parameters specified in Table 5.13.2C.3.

Table 5.13.2C.1: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement, codes not using 16QAM

ECDP dB	Relative Code Domain Error dB	
-22 < ECDP	≤ -18	
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -22	≤ -40 - ECDP	
ECDP < -30	No requirement	

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels; the Nominal CDP-Ratio-weighted average of the Releative Code Domain Errors measured individually on each of the codes using 16QAM shall meet the requirements in Table 5.13.2C.2 for the parameters specified in Table 5.13.2C.3. The Nominal CDP Ratio-weighted average of the Relative Code Domain Errors means the sum  $\sum_{k} 10^{(\text{Nominal CDP ratio})_k/10} \cdot 10^{(\text{Relative Code Domain Error})_k/10} \text{ over all code k that uses}$ 

16QAM.

For the purposes of evaluating the requirements specified in Table 5.13.2C.2, the ECDP value is determined as the minimum of the individual ECDP values corresponding to the codes using 16QAM.

Table 5.13.2C.2: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement, with 16QAM used

ECDP dB	Average Relative Code Domain Error dB	
-25.5 < ECDP	≤ -18	
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -25.5	≤ -43.5 – ECDP	
ECDP < -30	No requirement	

Table 5.13.2C.3: Parameters for Relative Code Domain Error, with 16QAM used

Parameter		Unit	Level
UE Output Power, 16QAM		dBm	≥ -30
Operating conditions			Normal conditions
Power control step size		dB	1
Measurement	PRACH		3904
period (Note 1)	Any DPCH	Chips	From 1280 to 2560 (Note 2)
Note 1: Less any 25 µs transient periods			
Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.3a.

5.13.2C.3

To verify that the Relative Code Domain Error does not exceed the values in table 5.13.2C.9 for the beta values defined in table 5.13.2C.8.

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#### 5.13.2C.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.2C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Test purpose

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the DL Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex [C.11.1] and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9, with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions allow the beta values to be set according to table [C.11.1.3] and each UL physical channel to be at constant power at the start of the measurement. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5A.1. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 5.13.2C.7.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH.

Table 5.13.2C.4: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark	
UL Transport channel information for all transport		
channels		
- 2bit CTFC	3	
- Power offset Information		
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Gain factor ßc	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
- Gain factor ßd	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3	
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gain factors as in the default message		

Table 5.13.2CB.5: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Sub-tests 1.2.4

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	67
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18
- Reference E-TFCI	71
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23
- Reference E-TFCI	75
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26
- Reference E-TFCI	81
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27

Table 5.13.2C.6: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA) for Sub-test 3

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	92
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18

Table 5.13.2C.7: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
- Δ <sub>ACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Δ <sub>NACK</sub>	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- <sup>Δ</sup> CQI	Value used in test: see Table C.11.1.3

Table 5.13.2C.8: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
Cell type		Serving cell	
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 5.13.2C.4.1	
Qqualmin	dB	-24	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21	
Î <sub>or</sub> (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	-86	
	MHz		

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of  $\hat{l}_{or}$  instead of CPICH\_RSCP because RSCP is a receiver measurement, whereas the SS can only set  $\hat{l}_{or}$ .

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 5.13.2C.4.2 Procedure

TBD

# 5.13.2C.5 Test requirements

For the ECDP of each code measured in steps x) and x) the Relative Code Domain Error shall not exceed the value given in table 5.13.2C.10 and table 5.13.2C.11.

Table 5.13.2C.9: Nominal ECDP ratios

Sub-Test in Table C.11.1.3	Code	Nominal Code Domain Power	Spreading Factor	Nominal ECDP
	DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
1	HS-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
2	HS-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
3	HS-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
3	E-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPDCH1	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPDCH2	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
4	DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	HS-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPCCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]
	E-DPDCH	[TBD]	[TBD]	[TBD]

NOTE: The nominal ECDP ratios given above are calculated from the nominal beta factors and are for general information to indicate the test coverage. The actual ECDP to use in the test for each code shall be based on the measured code domain power. The accuracy of the code domain powers is tested separately in 5.2E.

Table 5.13.2C.10: Relative Code Domain Error test requirement, codes not using 16QAM

ECDP dB	Average Relative Code Domain Error dB	
-22 < ECDP	≤ -17.5	
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -22	≤ -39.5 - ECDP	
ECDP < -30	No requirement	

Table 5.13.2C.11: Relative Code Domain Error test requirement, with 16QAM used

ECDP dB	Average Relative Code Domain Error dB
-25.5 < ECDP	≤ -17.5
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -25.5	≤ -43.0 – ECDP
ECDP < -30	No requirement

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity

# 5.13.3.1 Definition and applicability

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between any two adjacent timeslots. The EVM for each timeslot (excluding the transient periods of  $25~\mu s$  on either side of the nominal timeslot boundaries) shall be measured according to subclause 5.13.2. The frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing used to minimise the error vector are chosen independently for each timeslot. The phase discontinuity result is defined as the difference between

the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the preceding timeslot, and the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the succeeding timeslot.

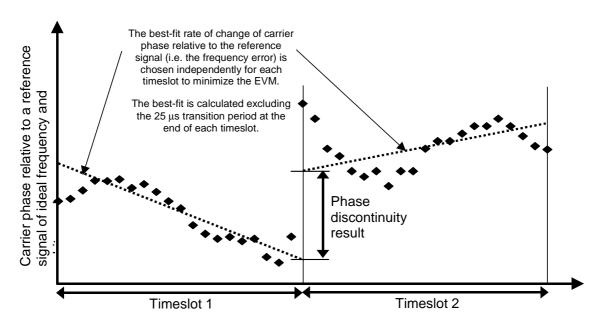


Figure 5.13.3.1 Graphical description of phase discontinuity

The best-fit rate of change of phase for each timeslot is calculated using the same process as used to minimize the EVM. This best-fit rate of change of phase is by definition the frequency error result for the timeslot. Due to the presence of power steps in the test, the data used for the best-fit calculation shall exclude the 25µs transition period at the beginning and end of each timeslot. The best-fit rate of change of phase for each timeslot is then extrapolated in both directions onto the timeslot boundaries. The phase discontinuity result at any one slot boundary is the difference between the extrapolated phase at the end of the timeslot preceding the slot boundary and the extrapolated phase at the start of the timeslot following the slot boundary.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and later releases.

## 5.13.3.2 Minimum requirements

The rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1 shall not exceed the values specified in table 5.13.2. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC) and compressed mode are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses TS 25.101 [1] 6.3 and TS 25.101 [1] 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

Table 5.13.1: Parameters for Phase discontinuity

Parameter	Unit	Level
Power control step size	dB	1

Table 5.13.2: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement

Phase discontinuity Δθ in degrees	Maximum allowed rate of occurrence in Hz	
$\Delta\theta \leq 30$	1500	
$30 < \Delta\theta \le 60$	300	
Δθ > 60	0	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.4.

#### 5.13.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE phase discontinuity is within the limits shown in clause 5.13.3.2.

To verify that any timeslot used in the calculation of a phase discontinuity result also passes the frequency error and EVM requirements referenced in clause 5.3 2 and 5.13.3.2.

### 5.13.3.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure using power control algorithm 1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### Procedure

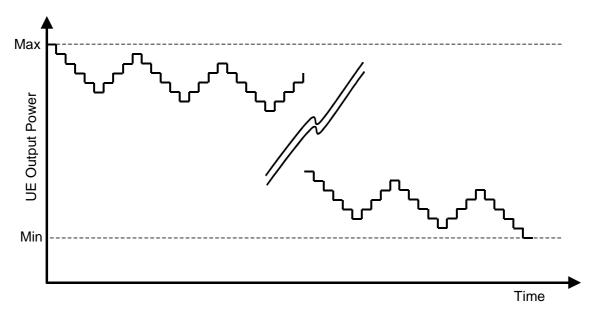
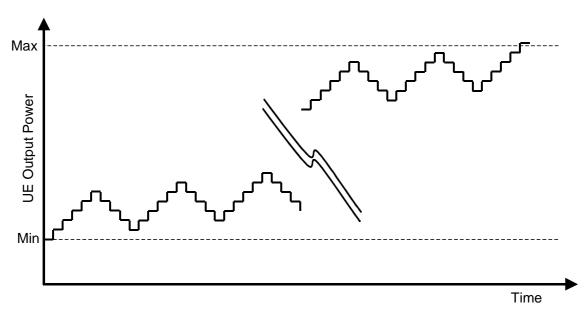


Figure 5.13.3.4 Five down four up hysteresis test pattern



#### Figure 5.13.3.5 Five up four down hysteresis test pattern

- 1) Set the power of the UE to max power using continuous up TPC commands.
- 2) Transmit a sequence of five down four up TPC commands as shown in figure 5.13.3.4 until the UE has reached the minimum power defined in 5.4.3 with  $\pm 2dB$  tolerance.
- 3) During step 2 starting with the slot before the first down power step, measure the EVM of each slot and the phase discontinuity to the next slot.
- 4) Transmit a sequence of five up four down TPC commands as shown in figure 5.13.3.5 until the UE has reached its maximum power defined in 5.2 with  $\pm 2dB$  tolerance.
- 5) During step 4 starting with the slot before the first up power step, measure the EVM of each slot and the phase discontinuity to the next slot.

NOTE: In order to make it practical to measure the entire power control dynamic range (between min power threshold and max power threshold with suitable margins), it is permissible to segment the power control sequences into smaller subsequences. Except when within 5 dB of the upper or lower thresholds, segmentation will require sufficient overlap such that every power step in one direction is followed by four steps in the other direction.

### 5.13.3.5 Test requirements

- a) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5, the EVM of every measured slot which is greater than or equal to -20 dBm shall not exceed 17.5%
- b) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5, the Frequency error of every measured slot shall not exceed  $\pm (0.1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$ .
- c) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5; the phase discontinuity measurements made between any two adjacent slots shall be less than or equal to 36 degrees. If a phase discontinuity measurement is greater than 36 degrees and less than or equal to 66 degrees then the next four measurements shall be less than or equal to 36 degrees. No measurement shall exceed 66 degrees.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality

### 5.13.4.1 Definition and applicability

PRACH preamble quality is a measure of the ability of the UE to transmit the PRACH preamble in accordance with the core requirements so that the Node B can reliably decode the PRACH.

This test applies to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE from Release 5 onwards.

### 5.13.4.2 Minimum requirements

The EVM of the PRACH preamble observed over the interval of 3904 chips (i.e. excluding the transient periods) shall not exceed 17.5%.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.

The UE modulated carrier frequency used to transmit the PRACH preamble observed over the interval of 3904 chips (i.e. excluding the transient periods) shall be within  $\pm$  0.1 PPM compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.3.

The PRACH preamble shall be transmitted in the correct access slot using the correct signature as defined by the parameters signalled to the UE.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.214 [5] clause 6.1 physical random access procedure.

# 5.13.4.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the transmission quality of the first PRACH preamble meets the minimum requirements for modulation quality, carrier frequency, access slot and signature as defined in 5.13.4.2. The UE is tested at nominal maximum output power and nominally 5.6 dB to 8.6 dB above reference sensitivity, which simulates operation towards the cell boundary. The access slot and signature are chosen randomly from the allowed possibilities for each execution of the RACH procedure. There are 384 possible configurations that could be chosen, but only 10 of these are randomly selected for test in order to minimize the test time.

#### 5.13.4.4 Method of test

#### 5.13.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, using the modified parameters according to table 5.13.4.1 and table 5.13.4.2. The relative power levels of the downlink physical channels to  $I_{or}$  are set up according to clause E.2.1. The physical random access procedure within the call setup is used for the test.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and 25.214 [5] for details of the physical random access procedure.

Static Parameters	Power Class 1	Power Class 2	Power Class 3	Power Class 4	Unit
Îor	-98.1	-98.1	-98.1	-98.1	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Nominal CPICH_RSCP	-102	-102	-102	-102	dBm
Primary CPICH TX power	+24	+24	+24	+24	dBm
Simulated path loss = Primary CPICH TX power – CPICH_RSCP	+126	+126	+126	+126	dB
UL interference	-83	-89	-92	-95	dBm
Constant Value	-10	-10	-10	-10	dB
Expected nominal UE TX power <sup>1</sup>	+33	+27	+24	+21	dBm
Preamble Retrans Max			1		

NOTE 1: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].

Table 5.13.4.2: Random test parameters for PRACH quality

Random Parameters <sup>1</sup>	Value	
Available RACH Sub Channels	One sub-channel chosen at random from the 12-bit Available sub channel number	
Available PRACH Signatures	One signature chosen at random from the 16-bit Available signature number	
ASC Setting	Both Available signature Start Index and Available signature End Index are 0	
AICH transmission timing	Chosen at random from the range 0 to1	
NOTE 1: In order to avoid a static test configuration, each time the RACH procedure is executed, the parameters in this table are to be chosen at random from the defined range. The random function used shall be such that		

Table 5.13.4.3: PAGING TYPE 1 Message content

each of the allowed selections is chosen with equal probability.

Information Element	Value/remark	
BCCH modification info		
MIB Value Tag	Set to the same value as the value tag of the MIB after	
_	the BCCH modification	
BCCH Modification time	Not present	

#### 5.13.4.4.2 Procedure

1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain  $\hat{I}_{or}$  at the UE antenna connector.  $\hat{I}_{or}$  shall be according to table 5.13.4.1 depending on the power class of the UE.

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- 2) The SS shall initiate a call by sending PAGING TYPE 1 message and measure the first RF transmission from the UE.
- 3) The SS shall determine the access slot used, the received signature, the EVM and the frequency error.
- 4) Choose a new set of parameters from table 5.13.4.2
- 5) Send PAGING TYPE 1 message with BCCH modification info as per table 5.13.4.3.
- 6) Wait 5seconds to allow the UE to read the new SIB 5.
- 7) Repeat from step number 2) ten times.

#### 5.13.4.5 Test requirements

For all the transmitted PRACH preambles measured in 5.13.4.4.2 step 3:

- 1) The EVM shall not exceed 17,5 %.
- 2) The frequency error shall not exceed  $\pm (0.1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$ .
- 3) The detected access slot and signature shall be correct according to the physical random access procedure defined in [5].

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6 Receiver Characteristics

# 6.1 General

Receiving performance test of the UE is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function (Refer to TS 34.109 [4])

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in table 6.1.

Table 6.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	UL DPCH bit rate	Remarks
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signals applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below. The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

With the exception of clause 6.8, all the parameters in clause 6 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) specified in clause C.3.1 and unless stated otherwise, with DL power control OFF.

The common RF test conditions of Rx Characteristics are defined in clause E.3.2, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 6) should refer clause E.3.2. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

For HSDPA test cases, when DTCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DTCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period.

All Bit Error ratio (BER) measurements in clause 6 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6.

For HSDPA test cases without E-DCH, the MAC headers on HS-DSCH shall be according to Annex C.9A.

# 6.2 Reference Sensitivity Level

## 6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> is the minimum mean power received at the UE antenna port at which the Bit Error Ratio (BER) shall not exceed a specific value

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 6.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.

**DPCH Ec Operating Band** Unit <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> <REFSENS> dBm/3.84 MHz -117 -106.7 Ш dBm/3.84 MHz -115 -104.7 Ш dBm/3.84 MHz -114 -103.7 IV dBm/3.84 MHz -117 -106.7 V dBm/3.84 MHz -115 -104.7 V١ dBm/3.84 MHz -117 -106.7 dBm/3.84 MHz -115 -104.7 VII VIII dBm/3.84 MHz -114 -103.7IX dBm/3.84 MHz -116 -105.7Х dBm/3.84 MHz -117 -106.7dBm/3.84 MHz -115 -104.7

For Power class 3 and 3bis this shall be at the maximum output power

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the reference sensitivity level of -114.5 dBm DPCH\_Ec <REFSENS> shall apply for

For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power

Band IX. The corresponding <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> is -104.2 dBm

Table 6.2.1: Test parameters for Reference Sensitivity Level

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.3.1.

# 6.2.3 Test purpose

2.

3.

To verify that the UE BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.

The lack of the reception sensitivity decreases the coverage area at the far side from Node B.

### 6.2.4 Method of test

### 6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH\_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.1.5 for "Default settings for a serving cell in a single cell environment".
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 5) The RF parameters are set up according to table 6.2.2.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test.

#### 6.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

## 6.2.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.2.2: Test parameters for Reference Sensitivity Level

Operating Band	Unit	DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>
I	dBm/3.84 MHz	-116.3	-106
II	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104
III	dBm/3.84 MHz	-113.3	-103
IV	dBm/3.84 MHz	-116.3	-106
V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104
VI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-116.3	-106
VII	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104
VIII	dBm/3.84 MHz	-113.3	-103
IX	dBm/3.84 MHz	-115.3	-105
X	dBm/3.84 MHz	-116.3	-106
XI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104

- 1. For Power class 3 and 3bis this shall be at the maximum output power
- 2. For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power
- 3. For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the reference sensitivity level of -113.8 dBm DPCH\_Ec <REFSENS> shall apply for Band IX. The corresponding <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> is -103.5 dBm

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.3 Maximum Input Level

## 6.3.1 Definition and applicability

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified BER performance.

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The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.1.

NOTE: Since the spreading factor is large (10log(SF)=21dB), the majority of the total input signal consists of the OCNS interference. The structure of OCNS signal is defined in clause E.3.3.

## 6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B

## 6.3.4 Method of test

#### 6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.3.3 and table E.3.3.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.3.1 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 6.3.2: Test parameters for Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î <sub>or</sub>	-25	dBm / 3,84MHz
$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I}$	-19	dB
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

#### 6.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3.3 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 2) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

## 6.3.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.3.3: Test requirements for Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Îor	-25.7	dBm / 3,84MHz
$\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$	-19	dB
$I_{or}$		
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)

## 6.3A.1 Definition and applicability

Maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception is defined as the maximum power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified HSDPA throughput performance. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA FDD UE that support HSDPA(16QAM).

# 6.3A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 (16QAM version) specified in Annex C.8.1.1 with the addition of the parameters in Table 6.3A.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3A.2.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.2.

Table 6.3A.1 Minimum requirement parameters for 16QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Unit	Value
Phase reference		P-CPICH
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25 *
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)
oe transmitted mean power	UDIII	18 (for Power class 4)
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ		1

transmissions

Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI.

Table 6.3A.2 Minimum throughput requirement

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$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put R (kbps)
-3	700

## 6.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE HSDPA throughput meets the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3A.2 for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 specified in Annex C.8.1.1 with the addition of the parameters specified in table 6.3A.4.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B.

### 6.3A.4 Method of test

#### 6.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

RF parameters are given in tables 6.3A.4 and table E.5.1.

Table 6.3A.3 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

#### 6.3A.4.2 Procedure

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) An RRC connection is set-up according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure with looping back 12.2kbps RMC specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. Additional radio bearer message definition is in table 6.3A.3
- 3) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3A.4 and send power control commands to the UE .The UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 4) Measure the HS-PDSCH throughput *R* received by the UE by counting the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH (Throughput = blocksize\*number of blocks acknowledged/time).
- 5) The UE is switched off.

## 6.3A.5 Test requirements

The measured throughput, as derived in step 4), shall meet or exceed 700Kbit/second. The minimum number of measurements required for a statistically significant result to this test are clarified in annex F.6.3, Table F.6.3.5.1.

Table 6.3A.4: Test requirement parameters for 16QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Unit	Value
Phase reference		P-CPICH
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25.7
		20 (for Power class 3 and
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	3bis)
		18 (for Power class 4)
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ		1

Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.3B Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (64QAM)

## 6.3B.1 Definition and applicability

Editor's note: This test case is not complete yet. Need to confirm that H-Set 7 is not the correct H-Set to be used for this test case.

Maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception is defined as the maximum power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified HSDPA throughput performance. The requirements and this test apply for Release 7 and later releases to all types of UTRA FDD UE that support HSDPA (64QAM).

# 6.3B.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 7 (64QAM version) specified in Annex C.8.1.7 with the addition of the parameters in Table 6.3B.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3B.2.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.2.

Table 6.3B.1 Minimum requirement parameters for 64QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Unit	Value
Phase reference		P-CPICH
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	0
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1
Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI		

Table 6.3B.2 Minimum throughput requirement

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put R (kbps)
-2	11800

## 6.3B.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE HSDPA throughput meets the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3B.2 for the DL reference channel H-Set 7 specified in Annex C.8.1.7 with the addition of the parameters specified in table 6.3B.4.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B.

## 6.3B.4 Method of test

#### 6.3B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

RF parameters are given in tables 6.3B.4 and table E.5.1.

Table 6.3B.3 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

#### 6.3B.4.2 Procedure

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) An RRC connection is set-up according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure with looping back 12.2kbps RMC specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6. Additional radio bearer message definition is in table 6.3B.3
- 3) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3B.4 and send power control commands to the UE .The UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with  $\pm 1 dB$  tolerance.
- 4) Measure the HS-PDSCH throughput *R* received by the UE by counting the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH (Throughput = blocksize\*number of blocks acknowledged/time).
- 5) The UE is switched off.

# 6.3B.5 Test requirements

The measured throughput, as derived in step 4), shall meet or exceed 11800Kbit/second. The minimum number of measurements required for a statistically significant result to this test are clarified in annex F.6.3, Table F.6.3.5.1A.

Table 6.3B.4: Test requirement parameters for 64QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Unit	Value
Phase reference		P-CPICH
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25.6
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	0
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1

Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.4 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) (Rel-99 and Rel-4)

## 6.4.1 Definition and applicability

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4.

# 6.4.2 Minimum Requirements

For the UE of power class 3 and 4, the BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.4.1. This test condition is equivalent to the ACS value 33 dB.

Table 6.4.1: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 99 and Release 4.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-103	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Îor	-92,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated)	-52	dBm
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	−5 or +5	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.5.1.

NOTE: The  $I_{oac}$  (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

# 6.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the test parameters specified in table 6.4.1.

The lack of the ACS decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists in the adjacent channel.

### 6.4.4 Method of test

#### 6.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.4.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.4.2.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.4.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 6.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

## 6.4.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.4.2: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 99 and Release 4.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-103	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Î <sub>or</sub>	-92,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated)	-52	dBm
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	–5 or +5	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.4A Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) (Rel-5 and later releases)

## 6.4A.1 Definition and applicability

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of

the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and later releases.

## 6.4A.2 Minimum Requirements

For the UE of power class 3, 3bis and 4, the BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.4A.1. This test condition is equivalent to the ACS value 33 dB.

Table 6.4A.1: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for release 5 and later releases

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 14 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 41 dB</refî<sub>
I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
		20 (for Power class 3	20 (for Power class 3 and
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	and 3bis)	3bis)
·		18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.5.1.

NOTE: The I<sub>oac</sub> (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

## 6.4A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the test parameters specified in table 6.4A.1.

The lack of the ACS decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists in the adjacent channel.

#### 6.4A.4 Method of test

#### 6.4A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.4.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.4A.2.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.4A.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 6.4A.4.2 Procedure

1) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4A.2 case 1.

- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4A.2 case 1 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 4) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4A.2 case 2.
- 5) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4A.2 case 2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 6) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

## 6.4A.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.4A.2: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 5 and later releases

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 14 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 41 dB</refî<sub>
I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
		20 (for Power class 3	20 (for Power class 3 and
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	and 3bis)	3bis)
		18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.5 Blocking Characteristics

## 6.5.1 Definition and applicability

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

The requirements in clause 6.5.2.1 and 6.5.2.2 and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

The requirements in clause 6.5.2.3 and this test apply to the FDD UE supporting band II, band IV, band V or Band VIII.

The frequency range 4 requirements do not apply to Release 5 or earlier releases, but only to Release 6 and onwards.

# 6.5.2 Minimum Requirements

### 6.5.2.1 Minimum Requirements (In-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.1. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.1.

Table 6.5.1: Test parameters for In-band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Level		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>		
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>		
I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56	-44	
F <sub>uw</sub> offset		=±10 MHz	≤-15 MHz & ≥15 MHz	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band I operation)	MHz	2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6 (Note 2)	2095≤ f ≤2185	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band II operation)	MHz	1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6 (Note 2)	1915≤ f ≤2005	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band III operation)	MHz	1797.4≤ f ≤1887.6 (Note 2)	1790≤ f ≤1895	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)	MHz	2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6 (Note 2)	2095≤ f ≤2170	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band V operation)	MHz	861.4≤ f ≤901.6 (Note 2)	854≤ f ≤909	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VI operation)	MHz	867.4≤ f ≤892.6 (Note 2 and 3)	860≤ f ≤900 (Note 3)	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VII operation)	MHz	2612.4≤ f ≤2697.6 (Note 2)	2605 ≤ f ≤ 2705	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VIII operation)	MHz	917.4≤ f ≤967.6 (Note 2)	910 ≤ f ≤ 975	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IX operation)	MHz	1837.4 ≤ f ≤ 1887.4 (Note 2)	1829.9 ≤ f ≤ 1894.9	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band X operation)	MHz	2102.4 ≤ f ≤ 2177.6 (Note 2)	2095 ≤ f ≤ 2185	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XI operation)	MHz	1468.4 $\leq$ f $\leq$ 1508.4 (Note 2) 1460.9 $\leq$ f $\leq$ 151		
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)		

- Note 1:  $I_{blocking}$  (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table E.3.6.
- Note 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies, the carrier frequency +/- 10 MHz.
- Note 3: For Band VI, the unwanted interfering signal does not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

## 6.5.2.2 Minimum requirements (Out of-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.2. Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. For table 6.5.2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

For Table 6.5.2 in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using 1 MHz step size.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.2.

Table 6.5.2: Test parameters for Out of band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit dBm/3.84	Frequency range 1	Frequency range 2	Frequency range 3	Frequency range 4
DPCH_Ec	MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	$<$ REF $\hat{l}_{or}>+3 dB$	<REFÎ <sub>or</sub> $>$ + 3 dB	$<$ REFÎ $_{or}>+3$ dB	$<$ REFÎ $_{or}>+3$ dB
$I_{ m blocking}$ (CW) $F_{ m uw}$	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15
(Band I operation)	MHz	2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤2025 2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td>-</td></f></f>	2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f>	1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band II operation)	MHz	1870 <f <1915<br="">2005<f <2050<="" td=""><td>1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f &lt;2075</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤1845 2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910</td></f></f>	1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f &lt;2075</f>	1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750	1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band III operation)	MHz	1745 <f <1790<br="">1895<f <1940<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f &lt; 1965</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤1720 1965≤f&lt;12750</td><td>-</td></f></f>	1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f &lt; 1965</f>	1< f ≤1720 1965≤f<12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)	MHz	2050< f <2095 2170< f <2215	2025< f ≤2050 2215≤ f < 2240	1< f ≤2025 2240≤f<12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band V operation)	MHz	809< f <854 909< f <954	784< f ≤809 954≤ f < 979	1< f ≤784 979≤f<12750	$824 \le f \le 849$
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VI operation)	MHz	815 < f < 860 900 < f < 945	$790 < f \le 815$ $945 \le f < 970$	$1 < f \le 790$ $970 \le f < 12750$	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VII operation)	MHz	2570 < f < 2605 2705 < f < 2750	na 2750 ≤ f < 2775	1 < f ≤ 2570 2775 ≤ f < 12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VIII operation)	MHz	865 < f < 910 975 < f < 1020	$840 < f \le 865$ $1020 \le f < 1045$	1 < f ≤ 840 1045 ≤ f < 12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IX operation)	MHz	1784.9 < f < 1829.9 1894.9 < f < 1939.9	$1759.9 < f \le 1784.9$ $1939.9 \le f < 1964.9$	1 < f ≤ 1759.9 1964.9 ≤ f < 12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band X operation)	MHz	2050 < f < 2095 2185 < f < 2230	$2025 < f \le 2050$ $2230 \le f < 2255$	$1 < f \le 2025$ $2255 \le f < 12750$	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XI operation)	MHz	1415.9 < f < 1460.9 1515.9 < f < 1560.9	1390.9 < f ≤ 1415.9 1560.9 ≤ f < 1585.9	1 < f ≤ 1390.9 1585.9 ≤ f< 12750	-
UE transmitted mean power	dBm		20 (for Power cl 18 (for Pow		
Band I operation Band II	and clause	≤2185 MHz, the appropri 6.4.2 shall be applied. ≤2005 MHz, the appropri	-		•
operation Band III	and clause	≤2005 MHz, the appropri 6.4.2 shall be applied ≤1895 MHz, the appropri	· ·	•	•
operation Band IV	and clause For 2095≤f	6.4.2 shall be applied. ≤2170 MHz, the appropri	-	•	•
operation Band V	For 854≤ <f< td=""><td>6.4.2 shall be applied. ≤909 MHz, the appropria</td><td></td><td>adjacent channel select</td><td>ivity in subclause</td></f<>	6.4.2 shall be applied. ≤909 MHz, the appropria		adjacent channel select	ivity in subclause
operation Band VI	6.5.2 and subclause 6.4.2 shall be applied.  For 860≤f ≤900 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and				
operation Band VII	clause 6.4.2 shall be applied. For $2605 \le f \le 2705$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause				
operation Band VIII operation	6.5.2 and subclause 6.4.2 shall be applied.  For 910 ≤ f ≤ 975 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause				
Band IX operation	6.5.2 and subclause 6.4.2 shall be applied. For 1829.9≤f≤ 1894.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band X operation	For $2095 \le f \le 2185$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band XI operation		$\leq$ f $\leq$ 1515.9 MHz, the ap ause 6.4.2 shall be appli-		ing or adjacent channel	selectivity in clause

## 6.5.2.3 Minimum requirements (Narrow band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.3. This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing. The requirements and this test apply to UTRA for the FDD UE supporting band II, band IV, band V or band VIII.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.3

Table 6.5.3: Test parameters for narrow band blocking

Parameter	Unit	Band II, IV, V, X	Band III, VIII
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>
I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)	
power	UDIII	18 (for Power class 4)	

NOTE: I<sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004. It is a continuous GMSK modulated carrier following the structure of the GSM signals, but with all modulating bits (including the midamble period) derived directly from a random or any pseudo random data stream.

## 6.5.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.1, table 6.5.2 and table 6.5.3. For Table 6.5.2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to (24) exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

For Table 6.5.2 in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

The lack of the blocking ability decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists (except in the adjacent channels and spurious response).

#### 6.5.4 Method of test

#### 6.5.4.1 Initial conditions

For in-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For out-of-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequency to be tested: 1 arbitrary frequency chosen from the low, mid or high range; see clause G.2.4.

For narrow-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.5.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.5.4, table 6.5.5 and table 6.5.6.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.

4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.5.3A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 6.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the CW generator or the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.5.4, 6.5.5 and table 6.5.6. For table 6.5.5, the frequency step size is 1 MHz.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.5.4, table 6.5.5, and table 6.5.6, or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with  $\pm 1$ dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 4) For table 6.5.5, record the frequencies for which BER exceed the test requirements.

## 6.5.5 Test requirements

For table 6.5.4, the measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0.001. For table 6.5.5, the measured BER, derived in step 2) shall not exceed 0,001 except for the spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3). The number of spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3) shall not exceed 24 for frequency range 1, 2 and 3. The number of spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3) shall not exceed 8 for frequency range 4. For table 6.5.6, the measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0.001.

Table 6.5.4: Test parameters for In-band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Level		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>		
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	+ 3 dB	
I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56	-44	
F <sub>uw</sub> offset		=±10 MHz	≤-15 MHz & ≥15 MHz	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band I operation)	MHz	2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6 (Note 2)	2095≤ f ≤2185	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band II operation)	MHz	1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6 (Note 2)	1915≤ f ≤2005	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band III operation)	MHz	1797.4≤ f ≤1887.6 (Note 2)	1790≤ f ≤1895	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)	MHz	2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6 (Note 2)	2095≤ f ≤2170	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band V operation)	MHz	861.4≤ f ≤901.6 (Note 2)	854≤ f ≤909	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VI operation)	MHz	867.4≤ f ≤892.6 (Note 2 and 3)	860≤ f ≤900 (Note 3)	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VII operation)	MHz	2612.4≤ f ≤2697.6 (Note 2)	2605 ≤ f ≤ 2705	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VIII operation)	MHz	917.4≤ f ≤967.6 (Note 2)	910 ≤ f ≤ 975	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IX operation)	MHz	1837.4 ≤ f ≤ 1887.4 (Note 2)	1829.9 ≤ f ≤ 1894.9	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band X operation)	MHz	2102.4 ≤ f ≤ 2177.6 (Note 2)	2095 ≤ f ≤ 2185	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XI operation)	MHz	1468.4 ≤ f ≤ 1508.4 (Note 2)	1460.9 ≤ f ≤ 1515.9	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)		

Note 1:  $I_{blocking}$  (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table E.3.6.

Note 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies, the carrier frequency +/- 10 MHz.

Note 3: For Band VI, the unwanted interfering signal does not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 6.5.5: Test parameters for Out of band blocking characteristics

<b>Parameter</b> DPCH_Ec	Unit dBm/3.84 MHz	Frequency range 1 <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	Frequency range 2 <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	Frequency range 3 <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	Frequency range 4 <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	$<$ REF $\hat{l}_{or}>$ + 3 dB	$<$ REF $\hat{l}_{or}>$ + 3 dB	$<$ REF $\hat{l}_{or}>$ + 3 dB	$<$ REF $\hat{l}_{or}>+3 dB$
I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15
F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	2050 <f <2095<="" td=""><td>2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤2025</td><td>-</td></f></td></f>	2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤2025</td><td>-</td></f>	1< f ≤2025	-
(Band I operation)		2185 <f <2230<="" td=""><td>2230 ≤f &lt;2255</td><td>2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>	2230 ≤f <2255	2255≤f<12750	
F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td><math>1850 \le f \le 1910</math></td></f></td></f>	1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td><math>1850 \le f \le 1910</math></td></f>	1< f ≤1845	$1850 \le f \le 1910$
(Band II		2005 <f <2050<="" td=""><td>2050 ≤f &lt;2075</td><td>2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>	2050 ≤f <2075	2075≤f<12750	
operation)					
F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	1745 <f <1790<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1720</td><td>-</td></f></td></f>	1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1720</td><td>-</td></f>	1< f ≤1720	-
(Band III		1895 <f <1940<="" td=""><td>1940≤f &lt; 1965</td><td>1965≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>	1940≤f < 1965	1965≤f<12750	
operation)	N 41 1-	2050 4 2005	0005 ( 10050	4 ( .0005	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV	MHz	2050< f <2095 2170< f <2215	2025< f ≤2050	1< f ≤2025	-
operation)		2170<1<2213	2215≤ f < 2240	2240≤f<12750	
F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	809< f <854	784< f ≤809	1< f ≤784	$824 \le f \le 849$
(Band V		909< f <954	954≤ f < 979	979≤f<12750	<b>02 0</b> . <b>0</b>
operation)			00.2. (0.0	0.02.4.2.00	
Fuw	MHz	815 < f < 860	$790 < f \le 815$	1 < f ≤ 790	-
(Band VI		900 < f < 945	$945 \le f < 970$	$970 \le f < 12750$	
operation)					
F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	2570 < f < 2605	na	1 < f ≤ 2570	-
(Band VII		2705 < f < 2750	2750 ≤ f < 2775	2775 ≤ f < 12750	
operation) F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	865 < f < 910	840 < f ≤ 865	1 < f ≤ 840	_
(Band VIII	IVII IZ	975 < f < 1020	1020 ≤ f < 1045	$1045 \le f < 12750$	
operation)		070 17 1020	1020 51 < 1043	1045 21 < 12750	
F <sub>uw</sub>	MHz	1785 < f < 1830	1760 < f ≤ 1785	1 < f ≤ 1760	-
(Band IX		1895 < f < 1940	1940 ≤ f < 1965	1965 ≤ f < 12750	
operation)					
$F_{uw}$	MHz	2050 < f < 2095	$2025 < f \le 2050$	1 < f ≤ 2025	-
(Band X		2185 < f < 2230	$2230 \le f < 2255$	2255 ≤ f < 12750	
operation)	NALI-	1416 af a 1461	4004 5 < 4440	4 5 4004	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XI	MHz	1416 < f < 1461 1516 < f < 1561	1391 < f ≤ 1416 1561 ≤ f < 1586	1 < f ≤ 1391	-
operation)		1310 < 1 < 1301	1501 51 < 1580	1586 ≤ f< 12750	
UE transmitted	dBm		20 (for Power o	class 3 and 3bis)	
mean power	ű <b>.</b>			wer class 4)	
Band I operation	For 2095≤f	≤2185 MHz, the appro	priate in-band blocking	or adjacent channel se	lectivity in clause 6.5.2
	and clause	6.4.2 shall be applied.			·
Band II operation			priate in-band blocking	or adjacent channel se	lectivity in clause 6.5.2
		6.4.2 shall be applied			
Band III operation			priate in-band blocking	or adjacent channel se	lectivity in clause 6.5.2
D 107 C		6.4.2 shall be applied.			
Band IV operation			priate in-band blocking	or adjacent channel se	lectivity in clause 6.5.2
Dand \/I aparation		6.4.2 shall be applied.		in hand blooking or on	liccont channal
Band VI operation			00 MHz, the appropriate subclause 6.4.2 shall be		ijaceni channei
Band VII			ropriate in-band blockin		salactivity in subclausa
operation		subclause 6.4.2 shall be		ig or adjacent orianner c	ociootivity iii subolauso
Band VIII			oriate in-band blocking	or adiacent channel sele	ectivity in subclause
operation		subclause 6.4.2 shall be		or adjacom onamic con	ooning in outsidads
Band IX operation			priate in-band blocking	or adjacent channel se	lectivity in clause 6.5.2
,		6.4.2 shall be applied.		,	,
Band X operation			ropriate in-band blockin	g or adjacent channel s	selectivity in clause
	6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band XI operation			ropriate in-band blockin	g or adjacent channel s	selectivity in clause
	6.5.2 and c	clause 6.4.2 shall be ap	plied.		

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Table 6.5.6: Test parameters for narrow band blocking

Parameter	Unit	Band II, IV, V, X	Band III, VIII	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>	
I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56	
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8	
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)		
power	UDIII	18 (for Power class 4)		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.6 Spurious Response

## 6.6.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit is not met.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 6.6.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.6.1.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.7.1.

Table 6.6.1: Test parameters for Spurious Response

Parameter	Level	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	dBm / 3,84MHz
Îor	<refî<sub>or&gt; +3 dB</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84MHz
I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)	-44	dBm
Fuw	Spurious response frequencies	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

# 6.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.6.1.

The lack of the spurious response ability decreases the coverage area when other unwanted interfering signal exists at any other frequency.

### 6.6.4 Method of test

#### 6.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequency to be tested: the same frequency as chosen in clause 6.5.4.1 for Blocking characteristics out-of-band case.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.6.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.6.2.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.

4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.6.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 6.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameter of the CW generator as shown in table 6.6.2. The spurious response frequencies are determined in step 3) of clause 6.5.4.2.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.6.2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with  $\pm 1$ dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

## 6.6.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0,001.

**Table 6.6.2: Test parameters for Spurious Response** 

Parameter	Level	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	dBm / 3,84MHz
Î <sub>or</sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; +3 dB</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84MHz
I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)	-44	dBm
F <sub>uw</sub>	Spurious response frequencies	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics

## 6.7.1 Definition and applicability

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. The test parameters in tables 6.7.2 and 6.7.4 applies to the FDD UE supporting Band II, Band III, Band IV, Band V or Band VIII.

## 6.7.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.7.1 and in table 6.7.2.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.8.1 and clause 7.8.2.

NOTE: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

Table 6.7.1: Test parameters for Intermodulation Characteristics

Parameter	Level		Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsen< td=""><td>NS&gt; +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3,84 MHz</td></refsen<>	NS> +3 dB	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Îor	<refî<sub>or</refî<sub>	> +3 dB	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)	-46		dBm
I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated)	-4	46	dBm
F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)	10 -10		MHz
F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)	20 -20		MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3		dBm
	and 3bis)		
	18 (for Pov	ver class 4)	

Table 6.7.2: Test parameters for narrow band intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Band II, IV, V, X		Band III, VIII	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>	
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>		[ <refî<sub>or&gt; +10 dB</refî<sub>	
I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44		-43	
I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)	dBm	-44		-43	
F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)	MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6
F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)	MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)		bis)	

NOTE:  $I_{ouw2}$  (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004. It is a continuous GMSK modulated carrier following the structure of the GSM signals, but with all modulating bits (including the midamble period) derived directly from a random or any pseudo random data stream.

## 6.7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.7.1 and in table 6.7.2.

The lack of the intermodulation response rejection ability decreases the coverage area when two or more interfering signals, which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal, exist.

### 6.7.4 Method of test

#### 6.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.7.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.7.3 and table 6.7.4.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.7.2A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

### 6.7.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the CW generator and interference signal generator as shown in table 6.7.3 and in table 6.7.4.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the tables 6.7.3, and table 6.7.4 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with  $\pm 1$ dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

## 6.7.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.7.3: Test parameters for Intermodulation Characteristics

Parameter	Level		Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>		dBm / 3.84 MHz
Îor	<refî<sub>or&gt; +3 dB</refî<sub>		dBm / 3.84 MHz
I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)	-46		dBm
I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated)	-46		dBm
F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)	10 -10		MHz
F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)	20 -20		MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4)		dBm

Table 6.7.4: Test parameters for narrow band intermodulation characteristics

Unit	Band II, IV, V, X		Band	Band III, VIII	
DdBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		
DdBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>		[ <refî<sub>or&gt; +10 dB</refî<sub>		
dBm	-44		-43		
dBm	-44	1	-	43	
MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6	
MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0	
dBm	20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis 18 (for Power class 4)		bis)		
	DdBm/3.84 MHz DdBm/3.84 MHz dBm dBm MHz MHz	DdBm/3.84 MHz <refsens< th="">           DdBm/3.84 MHz         <refî<sub>or&gt;           dBm         -44           dBm         -44           MHz         3.5           MHz         5.9</refî<sub></refsens<>	DdBm/3.84 MHz <refsens>+ 10 dB           DdBm/3.84 MHz         <refî<sub>0r&gt; + 10 dB           dBm         -44           dBm         -44           MHz         3.5         -3.5           MHz         5.9         -5.9           dBm         20 (for Power of Power</refî<sub></refsens>	DdBm/3.84 MHz <refsens>+ 10 dB         <refsen< th="">           DdBm/3.84 MHz         <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB         [<refî<sub>o           dBm         -44            dBm         -44            MHz         3.5         -3.5         3.6           MHz         5.9         -5.9         6.0           dBm         20 (for Power class 3 and 3)</refî<sub></refî<sub></refsen<></refsens>	

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 6.8 Spurious Emissions

# 6.8.1 Definition and applicability

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 6.8.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.8.1 and table 6.8.2.

Table 6.8.1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

Table 6.8.2: Additional receiver spurious emission requirements

Operating band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
I	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1 920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 980 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	2 110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2 170 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
III	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
IV	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1710 MHz ≤ f < 1755 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
V	824 MHz ≤ f ≤ 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VI	815 MHz ≤ f ≤ 850 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
VII	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note)	
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz -3.84 MHz	-67 dBm (see note) -60 dBm	
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)	
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note)	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2500 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz	3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz	-60 dBm -60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VIII	880 MHz ≤ f ≤ 915 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note)	
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz 3.84 MHz	-67 dBm (see note) -60 dBm	
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)	
	1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
IX	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz	-60 dBm -60 dBm	
	1749.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1784.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state

	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
X	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	- 60 dBm	
	1710 MHz ≤ f < 1770 MHz	3.84 MHz	- 60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	- 60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
XI	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1427.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1452.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	surements are made on frequent surements with a level up to the			

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.9.1.

each UARFCN used in the measurement

## 6.8.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE spurious emission meets the specifications described in clause 6.8.2.

Excess spurious emissions increase the interference to other systems.

### 6.8.4 Method of test

#### 6.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect a spectrum analyzer (or other suitable test equipment) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.
- 2) RF parameters are setup according to table E.3.2.2. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 6.8.2A.
- 3) A call is set up according to the setup procedure specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.5, with the following exceptions for information elements in System Information Block type3.

SIB 3 Information Element	Value/Remark	
- Cell selection and re-selection info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Sintrasearch	0 dB	
- Sintersearch	0 dB	
- RAT List	This parameter is not present	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	Power level where Pcompensation=0	

The exceptions for SIB1 are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.5.2.

NOTE: The setup procedure (3) sets the UE into the CELL\_FACH state. With this state and the SS level (2) it is ensured that UE continuously monitors the S-CCPCH and no cell reselections are performed [see 3GPP TS 25.304, clauses 5.2.3.and 5.2.6]. The UE will not be transmitting, and therefore will not interfere with the measurement.

Table 6.8.2A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Rx Spurious Emissions

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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 6.8.4.1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21
CPICH Ec (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	As defined in table E.3.2.2
	MHz	

NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of CPICH\_Ec instead of CPICH\_RSCP as RSCP is a receiver measurement and only CPICH\_Ec can be directly controlled by the SS.

NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.

#### 6.8.4.2 Procedure

1) Sweep the spectrum analyzer (or equivalent equipment) over a frequency range and measure the average power of spurious emission.

#### 6.8.5 Test requirements

It shall be verified that the RRC connection release at the end of the procedure described in 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.5.3 shall be completed successfully indicating that the UE has stayed in CELL FACH state during the measurement of the spurious emissions.

The measured spurious emissions, derived in step 1), shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.8.3 and table 6.8.4.

Table 6.8.3: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

Table 6.8.4: Additional receiver spurious emission requirements

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Operating Band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
I	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1 920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 980 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	2 110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2 170 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
III	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
IV	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1710 MHz ≤ f < 1755 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band (see note 1)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.8.4 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band (see note 2)
V	824 MHz ≤ f ≤ 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VI	815 MHz ≤ f ≤ 850 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
VII	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note)	
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz -3.84 MHz	-67 dBm (see note) -60 dBm	
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)	
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note)	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2500 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VIII	880 MHz ≤ f ≤ 915 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm (see note)	
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)	
	MHz 935 MHz < f ≤ 960	3.84 MHz 100 kHz	-60 dBm -79 dBm (see note)	
	MHz	<del></del>	(222 ::219)	

	1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
IX	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1749.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1784.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
X	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1710 MHz ≤ f < 1770 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
XI	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1427.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1452.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1500.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
<u> </u>	<b>→</b>			

Note: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 7.10 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement.

Note 1: For UEs that conform to Release 6 and support Band IV shall support the defined frequency bandwidth.

Note 2: For UEs that conform to Release 7 and later releases and support Band IV shall support the defined

frequency bandwidth.

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

NOTE 2: The Test Requirements are measured in the CELL\_FACH state instead of in the UE states defined in the Minimum Requirement because the CELL\_FACH state ensures that the UE receiver is continuously on and the UE transmitter is off whilst the spectrum analyser searches for spurious emissions. The UE states defined in the Minimum Requirement allow the UE receiver to be in discontinuous reception, and using those UE states during the measurement would have resulted in a complicated and significantly lengthened test procedure since the UE receiver would be allowed to be switched off part of the time.

# 7 Performance requirements

## 7.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in annex C and table 7.1.1, the propagation conditions specified in clause 7.1.2 and the Down link Physical channels specified in annex D. Unless stated otherwise, DL power control is OFF. Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with more than one receive antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

The method for Block Error Ratio (BLER) measurement is specified in Annex C.6. See 3GPP TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the UE test loop.

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	DL DPCH bit rate	TTI (ms)
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	20
64 kbps reference measurement channel	64 kbps	120 ksps	240 kbps	20
144kbps reference measurement channel	144 kbps	240 ksps	480 kbps	20
384 kbps reference measurement channel	384 kbps	480 ksps	960 kbps	10

Table 7.1.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

The common RF test conditions of Performance requirement are defined in clause E.3.3, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 7) should refer clause E.3.3. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

All Block Error ratio (BLER) measurements in clause 7 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6

# 7.1.1 Measurement Configurations

It as assumed that fields inside DPCH have the same energy per PN chip. Also, if the power of S-CCPCH is not specified in the test parameter table, it should be set to zero. The power of OCNS should be adjusted that the power ratios  $(E_c/I_{or})$  of all specified downlink channels add up to one.

Unless otherwise stated, the UE output power for the tests shall be greater than -10 dBm.

Note 1: If tests are performed with maximum UE output power it is known that this may cause a good UE to fail at least for tests in sections 7.7 and 7.10.

# 7.1.2 Definition of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) Interferer

See clause D.1.1.

# 7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation conditions

## 7.2.1 Demodulation of Dedicated Channel (DCH)

## 7.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in the static environment is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

### 7.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.1.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.2.1.2. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 7.2.1.1: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		-	-1		dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.2.1.2: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$\overline{I_{or}}$	
1	–16,6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–13,1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–12,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	−9,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−5,6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.2.3.1.

## 7.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a static propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

#### 7.2.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.2.1.3.

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4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

#### 7.2.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

### 7.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.1.3 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{E_c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.2.1.4. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

NOTE: The test case is executed with TFCS size 4 according to the Reference Measurement Channels defined in Annex C.

Table 7.2.1.3: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-0,7				dB
$I_{oc}$	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.2.1.4: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

Test Number	$DPCH_{-}E_{c}$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
1	–16,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-13,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–12,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	−9,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	–5,5 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.3 Demodulation of DCH in Multi-path Fading Propagation conditions

# 7.3.1 Single Link Performance

### 7.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

## 7.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in tables 7.3.1.1, 7.3.1.3, 7.3.1.5, 7.3.1.7 and 7.3.1.9 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$ 

power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in tables 7.3.1.2, 7.3.1.4, 7.3.1.6, 7.3.1.8 and 7.3.1.10. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 7.3.1.1: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9				dB
$I_{oc}$	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.2: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
1	–15,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–13,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–10,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	–10,6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−6,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−6,3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−2,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 7.3.1.3: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Parameter	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-3	-3	3	6	dB
$I_{oc}$		—(	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.4: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
5	−7,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
6	−6,4 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−2,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
7	-8,1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
8	−5,5 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−3,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 7.3.1.5: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-3	-3	3	6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.6: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
9	–11,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
10	−8,1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-7,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	−6,8 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
11	−9,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−8,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-8,0 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
12	−5,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-4,4 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>

Table 7.3.1.7: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16	Unit
Phase reference	S-CPICH				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9			dB	
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12.2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.8: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
13	-15,0 dB	-2
13	-15,0 ub	10 <sup>-2</sup>
14	-13,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-10,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
15	-10,6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-6,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
16	-6,3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-2,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 7.3.1.9: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-3	-3	3	6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.10: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-5,1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
18	-4,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-3,8 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
	-6,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
19	-5,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-5,0 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
	-2,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
20	-2,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-1,4 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.3.1.1.

## 7.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

#### 7.3.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-20 as specified table 7.3.1.11, table 7.3.1.13, table 7.3.1.15, table 7.3.1.17 and table 7.3.1.19.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition case 1, case 2, case 3 and case 6, which are described in table D.2.2.1.

#### 7.3.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

### 7.3.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in tables 7.3.1.11, 7.3.1.13, 7.3.1.15, 7.3.1.17 and 7.3.1.19 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in tables 7.3.1.12, 7.3.1.14, 7.3.1.16,

7.3.1.18 and 7.3.1.20. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

NOTE: The test case is executed with TFCS size 4 according to the Reference Measurement Channels defined in Annex C.

Table 7.3.1.11: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		9	,6		dB
or/loc					ID / 0.04 MIL
$I_{oc}$		-6	50		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.12: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
1	–14,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–13,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	–10,5 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−6,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−6,2 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−2,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 7.3.1.13: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Parameter	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-(	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.14: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
_		0
5	−7,6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
6	-6,3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−2,6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
7	-8,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-5,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
8	-5,4 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−3,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 7.3.1.15: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.16: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$\overline{I_{or}}$	
9	–11,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
10	-8,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–7,3 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	−6,7 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
11	−8,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-8,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	−7,9 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
12	−5,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-3</sup>
	−4,3 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>

Table 7.3.1.17: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16	Unit
Phase reference		S-CI	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		9	,6		dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.18: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
13	-14,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
14	-13,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-9,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
15	-10,5 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-6,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
16	-6,2 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-2,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 7.3.1.19: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.20: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-5,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
18	-4,3 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-3,7 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
	-5,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
19	-5,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-4,9 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
20	-2,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-2,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-1,3 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions

## 7.4.1 Single Link Performance

## 7.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic moving propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

### 7.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.1.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.4.1.2.

Table 7.4.1.1: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-C	PICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-	-1	dB
$I_{oc}$	-	60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.4.1.2: DCH requirements in moving propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–14,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	−10,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.4.1.1.

#### 7.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a moving propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

#### 7.4.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.

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- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.4.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as moving propagation condition, which is described in clause D.2.3.

#### 7.4.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

# 7.4.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.1.3 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified  $I_{or}$ 

value for the BLER shown in table 7.4.1.4.

Table 7.4.1.3: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P.	-CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		-0,4	dB
$I_{oc}$		-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.4.1.4: DCH requirements in moving propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–14,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–10,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions

# 7.5.1 Single Link Performance

# 7.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic birth-death propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

# 7.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.1.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.5.1.2.

Table 7.5.1.1: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-	CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		<b>–1</b>	dB
$I_{oc}$		-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.5.1.2: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–12,6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-8,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.5.1.1.

# 7.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a birth-death propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

# 7.5.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.5.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as birth-death propagation condition, which is described in clause D.2.4.

#### 7.5.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

#### 7.5.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.1.3 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.5.1.4.

Table 7.5.1.3: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-CI	PICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	-(	0,4	dB
$I_{oc}$		60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.5.1.4: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–12,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-8,6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.5A Demodulation of DCH in high speed train condition

# 7.5A.1 Single Link Performance

# 7.5A.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in high speed train conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE for Release 7 and later releases.

#### 7.5A.1.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 7.5A.1.1 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 7.5A.2.

Table 7.5A.1.1: DCH parameters in high speed train condition

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2

Table 7.5A.1.2: DCH requirements in high speed train condition

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-21.8	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.5A.1.1.

# 7.5A.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a high speed train channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

#### 7.5A.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.5A.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.

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- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.5A.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as High speed train conditions, which is described in clause D.2.4A.

#### 7.5A.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

# 7.5A.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5A.1.3 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.5A.1.4.

Table 7.5A.1.3: DCH parameters in high speed train condition

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5.6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2

Table 7.5A.1.4: DCH requirements in high speed train condition

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-21.7	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.6 Demodulation of DCH in downlink Transmit diversity modes

# 7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open-loop transmit diversity mode

# 7.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in open loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 7.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.1.1 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.1.2.

Table 7.6.1.1: Test parameters for DCH reception in a open-loop transmit diversity scheme (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9	dB
$I_{oc}$	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	kbps

Table 7.6.1.2: Test requirements for DCH reception in open-loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
	(antenna 1/2)	
1	–16,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.1.1.

# 7.6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the Node B while open loop transmit diversity is enabled during the connection.

#### 7.6.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.1.3. With these exceptions, open-loop transmit diversity mode is activated.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.1.4 and table E 3.4.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

# Table 7.6.1.3: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

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# SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

# SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

# **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD,
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

# 7.6.1.4.2 Procedure

1) Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.1.5.

# 7.6.1.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.1.4 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{E_c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.1.5.

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Table 7.6.1.4: Test parameters for DCH reception in a open-loop transmit diversity scheme (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9,8	dB
$I_{oc}$	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	kbps

Table 7.6.1.5: Test requirements for DCH reception in open-loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
	(antenna 1/2)	
1	–16,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode

# 7.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the dedicated channel (DCH) in closed loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The requirements for Closed loop mode 1 and test 1 apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. The requirements for Closed loop mode 2 and test 2 apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

# 7.6.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.2.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.2.2.

Table 7.6.2.1: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1 (Mode 1)	Test 2 (Mode 2)	Unit
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9	9	dB
$I_{oc}$	-60	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	12,2	kbps
Feedback error ratio	4	4	%
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	1	-

Table 7.6.2.2: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ (see note)	BLER
1	-18,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	−18,3 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. Power sharing between antennas are closed loop mode dependent as specified in TS 25.214 [5].		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.2.1.

# 7.6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the Node B while closed loop transmit diversity is enabled during the connection.

#### 7.6.2.4 Method of test

#### 7.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.2.3. With these exceptions, closed loop transmit diversity mode is activated.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.2.1 and table E 3.5.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 7.6.2.3: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

# SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

# RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

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# RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode2

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode2
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode2

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode2
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# 7.6.2.4.2 Procedure

1) Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.2.2.

# 7.6.2.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.2.4 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.2.5.

Table 7.6.2.4: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1 (Mode 1)	Test 2 (Mode 2)	Unit
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9,8	9,8	dB
$I_{oc}$	-60	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	12,2	kbps
Feedback error ratio (*)	4	4	%
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	1	-

\* Note: As the uplink is error free, the feedback error ratio is generated by the SS internally as follows: 4% of the feedback bits, received by the SS on the uplink, shall be inverted prior to being processed. The inverted bits shall occur at random, e.g controled by a random generator.

Table 7.6.2.5: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number		$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} \text{(see note)}$	BLER
1		−17,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2		-18,2 dB 10 <sup>-2</sup>	
NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. Power sharing between antennas are closed loop mode dependent as specified in TS 25.214 [5].			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.6.3 Demodulation of DCH in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control mode

# 7.6.3.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error characteristics of UE receiver is determined in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control (SSDT) mode. Two Node B emulators are required for this performance test. The delay profiles of signals received from different base stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chip periods.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the Release 99 and Release 4 FDD UE.

# 7.6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The downlink physical channels and their relative power to Ior are the same as those specified in clause E.3.3 irrespective of Node Bs and the test cases. DPCH\_Ec/Ior value applies whenever DPDCH in the cell is transmitted. In Test 1 and Test 3, the received powers at UE from two Node Bs are the same, while 3dB offset is given to one that comes from one of Node Bs for Test 2 and Test 4 as specified in table 7.6.3.1.

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.3.1 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified  $I_{or}$ 

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.3.2.

Table 7.6.3.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-C	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	0	-3	0	0	dB
$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	0	0	0	-3	dB
$I_{oc}$		_	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	12,2	12,2	kbps
Cell ID code word error ratio in uplink (note)	1	1	1	1	%
Number of FBI bits assigned to "S" Field	1	1	2	2	
Code word Set	Long	Long	Short	Short	
UL DPCCH slot Format	#2 #5				
NOTE: The code word errors are introduced independently in both uplink channels.					

Table 7.6.3.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT Mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-6,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	−5,0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	–10,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−9,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.3.1.

# 7.6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the selected Node B while site selection diversity is enabled during soft handover.

#### 7.6.3.4 Method of test

#### 7.6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Activate one of two cells (Cell 1).
- 3) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.3.3A. With these exceptions, necessary information for SSDT mode is sent to the UE.
- 4) Activate the other cell (Cell 2) on the other SS.
- 5) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.3.4 and table 7.6.3.5
- 6) After receiving MEASUREMENT REPORT message from the UE, send the ACTIVESET UPDATE message from Cell 1 to the UE in order to activate SSDT mode. Contents of the message is specified in table 7.6.3.3B
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 8) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

# Table 7.6.3.3A: Specific Message Contents for SSDT mode

# RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	a

# RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	a

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	a

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	a

# Table 7.6.3.3B: Message Contents of ACTIVESET UPDATE message

# ACTIVESET UPDATE for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
- Radio link addition information	
- Primary CPICH info	Same as defined in Cell2
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	This should be refrlected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
	message
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	b Not Droppet
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	None
- SSDT information	
- S field	1 long
- Code Word Set	long

# ACTIVESET UPDATE for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and
	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal
	counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
- Radio link addition information	
- Primary CPICH info	Same as defined in Cell2
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	This should be refriected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
	message
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	b
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	None
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short

# 7.6.3.4.2 Procedure

Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.3.4.

# 7.6.3.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.3.4 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{E_c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.3.5.

Table 7.6.3.4: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-C	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	0,8	-2,2	0,8	0,8	dB
$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	0,8	0,8	0,8	-2,2	dB
$I_{oc}$	-60			dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	12,2	12,2	kbps
Cell ID code word error ratio in uplink (note)	1	1	1	1	%
Number of FBI bits assigned to "S" Field	1	1	2	2	
Code word Set	Long	Long	Short	Short	
UL DPCCH slot Format	#2 #5				
NOTE: The code word errors are introduced independently in both uplink channels.					

Table 7.6.3.5: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	−5,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	−4,9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	–10,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−9,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.7 Demodulation in Handover conditions

# 7.7.1 Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover (Release 5 and earlier)

# 7.7.1.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error ratio characteristics of UE is determined during an inter-cell soft handover. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different Base Stations. A UE has to be able to demodulate two P-CCPCH channels and to combine the energy of DCH channels. Delay profiles of signals received from different Base Stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chips.

The receive characteristics of the different channels during inter-cell handover are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE. This test is applicable for Release 5 and earlier releases only.

#### 7.7.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1.2.

Table 7.7.1.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	0	0	3	6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH\_E_c$	BLER
	$I_{or}$	
1	–15,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–11,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–11,3 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	−9,6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	-6,0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.1.1.

# 7.7.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the BLER does not exceed the value at the DPCH\_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.7.1.2.

#### 7.7.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.7.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

#### 7.7.1.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Set up the call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.7.1.3.
- 4) Count, at the SS, the number of information blocks transmitted and the number of correctly received information blocks at the UE.
- 5) Measure BLER of DCH channel.

# 7.7.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1.3 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1.4.

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Table 7.7.1.3: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	0,6	0,6	3,6	6,6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1.4: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH\_E_c$	BLER
	$\overline{I_{or}}$	
1	–15,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–11,7 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–11,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	−9,5 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	-5,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.7.1A Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover (Release 6 and later)

# 7.7.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error ratio characteristics of UE is determined during an inter-cell soft handover. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different Base Stations. A UE has to be able to demodulate two P-CCPCH channels and to combine the energy of DCH channels. Delay profiles of signals received from different Base Stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chips.

The receive characteristics of the different channels during inter-cell handover are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE. This test is applicable for Release 6 and later releases only.

#### 7.7.1A.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1A.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1A.2.

Table 7.7.1A.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	0	0	3	6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12.2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1A.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$\overline{I_{or}}$	
1	–15,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–11,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–11,3 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	−9,9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−6,3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−5,8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.1A.1.

# 7.7.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the BLER does not exceed the value at the DPCH\_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.7.1A.2.

# 7.7.1A.4 Method of test

#### 7.7.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

#### 7.7.1A.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Set up the call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.7.1A.3.
- 4) Count, at the SS, the number of information blocks transmitted and the number of correctly received information blocks at the UE.
- 5) Measure BLER of DCH channel.

# 7.7.1A.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1A.3 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1A.4.

Table 7.7.1A.3: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	0,6	0,6	3,6	6,6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12.2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1A.4: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

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Test Number	$DPCH \_E_c$	BLER
	$\overline{I_{or}}$	
1	–15,1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	–11,7 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–11,2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	−9,8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	−9,4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	−6,2 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	–5,7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

# 7.7.2.1 Definition and applicability

When a UE is in soft handover, multiple TPC commands may be received in each slot from different cells in the active set. In general, the TPC commands transmitted in the same slot in the different cells may be different and need to be combined to give TPC\_cmd as specified in TS 25.214 [5], in order to determine the required uplink power step.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 7.7.2.2 Minimum requirements

Test parameters are specified in table 7.7.2.1. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

For Test 1, the sequence of uplink power changes between adjacent slots shall be as shown in table 7.7.2.2 over the 4 consecutive slots more than 99% of the time. Note that this case is without an additional noise source  $I_{oc}$ .

For Test 2, the Cell1 and Cell2 TPC patterns are repeated a number of times. If the transmitted power of a given slot is increased compared to the previous slot, then a variable "Transmitted power UP" is increased by one, otherwise a variable "Transmitted power DOWN" is increased by one. The requirements for "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" are shown in table 7.7.2.3.

Table 7.7.2.1: Parameters for TPC command combining

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-C	PICH	-
DPCH_Ec/lor	_	12	dB
$\hat{I}_{or1}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}$	_	60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
$I_{oc}$	-	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Power-Control-Algorithm	Algor	ithm 1	-
Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,0	),1,1}	-
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,1	,0,1}	-
Information Data Rate	1:	2,2	Kbps
Propagation condition	Static without AWGN	Multi-path fading case 3	<u>.</u>
	source $I_{\mathit{oc}}$		

Table 7.7.2.2: Requirements for Test 1

Test Number	Required power changes over the 4 consecutive slots
1	Down, Down, Down, Up

Table 7.7.2.3: Requirements for Test 2

Test Number	Ratio (Transmitted power UP) / (Total number of slots)	Ratio (Transmitted power DOWN) / (Total number of slots)
2	≥0,25	≥0,5

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.2.1.

# 7.7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the combining of TPC commands received in soft handover results in TPC\_cmd being derived so as to meet the requirements stated in tables 7.7.2.2 and 7.7.2.3.

#### 7.7.2.4 Method of test

#### 7.7.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.13.
- 2) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.2.4 for Test 1.
- 3) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 4) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.7.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Before proceeding with paragraph (2), set the output power of the UE to be in the range  $-10 \pm 9$  dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal ( $\hat{I}_{or}$ ) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SSs.
- 2) Send the following sequences of TPC commands in the downlink from each SS over a period of 5 timeslots:

	Downlink TPC commands				
	Slot #0	Slot #3	Slot #4		
SS1	0	0	0	1	1
SS2	0	0	1	0	1

- 3) Measure the mean output power of the UE in timeslots # 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, not including the 25  $\mu$ s transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 4) Repeat steps 1) to 3) according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 5) End test 1 and disconnect UE.
- 6) Connect two SS's and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 7) Initialise variables "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" to zero.

- 8) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.2.4 for Test 2.
- 9) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.
- 10) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB.
- 11) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 12) Perform the following steps a) to d) 193 times:
  - a) Before proceeding with step b), set the output power of the UE to be in the range  $-10 \pm 9$  dBm. This may be achieved by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SSs.
  - b) Send the following sequences of TPC commands in the downlink from each SS over a period of 33 timeslots:

	Downlink TPC commands		
SS1	100110011001100110011001100110011		
SS2	10101010101010101010101010101010101		

- c) Measure the mean output power of the UE in each timeslot, not including the  $25 \,\mu s$  transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- d) For each timeslot from the 2<sup>nd</sup> timeslot to the 33<sup>rd</sup> timeslot inclusive:
  - if the mean power in that timeslot is greater than or equal to the mean power in the previous timeslot plus 0.4 dB, increment "Transmitted power UP" by 1;
  - if the mean power in that timeslot is less than or equal to the mean power in the previous timeslot minus 0.4 dB, increment "Transmitted power DOWN" by 1.

# 7.7.2.5 Test requirements

Test parameters are specified in table 7.7.2.4. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

Table 7.7.2.4: Parameters for TPC command combining

Parameter Phase reference	<b>Test 1</b> P-C	Test 2 PICH	Unit -
DPCH_Ec/lor	_1	1,9	dB
$\hat{I}_{or1}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}$	-60	-59.4	dBm / 3,84 MHz
$I_{oc}$	-	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Power-Control-Algorithm	Algoi	rithm 1	-
Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,0	),1,1}	-
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,1	,0,1}	-
Information Data Rate	1:	2,2	Kbps
Propagation condition	Static without AWGN	Multi-path fading case	-
	source $I_{aa}$	3	

- 1) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #1 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #0 minus 0.4 dB.
- 2) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #2 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #1 minus 0.4 dB.
- 3) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #3 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #2 minus 0.4 dB.
- 4) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #4 shall be greater than or equal to the mean power in slot #3 plus 0.4 dB.
- 5) The sequence of test requirements 1-4 shall be fulfilled more than 99% of the time.

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- 6) At the end of the test, "Transmitted power UP" shall be greater than or equal to 1443(23.36% of Total number of slots) and "Transmitted power DOWN" shall be greater than or equal to 2971(48.10% of total number of slots).
- NOTE 1: The test limits in requirement (6) have been computed to give a confidence level of 99,7 % that a UE which follows the core requirements will pass while meeting the minimum test duration in Annex F table F.6.1.6.2 for multi-path fading environments. The number of timeslots has been chosen to get a good compromise between the test time and the risk of passing a bad UE.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

# 7.7.3.1 Definition and applicability

When a UE is in soft handover, reliable TPC commands may be received in each slot from different cells in the active set. In general, the TPC commands transmitted in the same slot in the different cells may be different and need to be combined to give TPC\_cmd as specified in TS 25.214 [5], in order to determine the required uplink power step.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 7.7.3.2 Minimum requirements

Test parameters are specified in Table 7.7.3.1. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

Test 1 verifies that the UE follows only the reliable TPC commands in soft handover. Test 2 verifies that the UE follows all the reliable TPC commands in soft handover.

During tests 1 and 2 the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

Table 7.7.3.1: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Phase reference	•	P-CPICH	
DPCH_Ec/lor1	dB	Note 1	Note 1 & Note 3
DPCH_Ec/lor2	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6
DPCH_Ec/lor3	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	-
$\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-1
$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-1
$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	=
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algo	rithm 1
Cell 1 TPC commands	-	Note 2	Note 2
Cell 2 TPC commands	•	"1"	"1"
Cell 3 TPC commands	-	"1"	=
Information data Rate	Kbps	12.2	
Propagation condition	-	Static	

Note 1: The DPCH\_Ec/lor1 is set at the level corresponding to 5% TPC error rate.

Note 2: The uplink power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would stay at -15 dBm.

Note 3: The maximum DPCH\_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB.

Table 7.7.3.2: Test requirements for reliable TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
UE output power	dBm	-15 ± 5 dB	-15 ± 3 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.3.1.

# 7.7.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the combining of reliable TPC commands received in soft handover results in TPC\_cmd being derived so as to meet the requirements stated in tables 7.7.3.2 and 7.7.3.3.

#### 7.7.3.4 Method of test

#### 7.7.3.4.1 Test 1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect three SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.18.
- 2) Activate Cell 1.

#### 7.7.3.4.2 Test 1 Procedures

- 1) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 2) Activate the other two cells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the other SS's.
- 3) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.3.3 for Test 1.
- 4) The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 level is adjusted so that 5 +/-1%. downlink TPC error is maintained from Ec/Ior1. Cell 1 transmits a known pattern of TPC commands and for each slot detect the power step. Thereby the TPC error rate can be measured. The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 is adjusted so that the TPC error rate is equal to 5 +/-1%.
- 5) Send power control commands to the UE until the UE output power measured by Test System is adjusted to the specified power level with  $\pm 1.5$  dB tolerance due to power control step size.
- 6) Set up the UE in soft handover between Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. The downlink TPC commands from Cell 2 and Cell 3 shall continuously have the value "1" during the test while Cell 1 use the UE Output power = -15 dBm as the power control target.
- 7) The DPCH Ec/Ior2 and DPCH Ec/Ior3 are adjusted to be 10 dB lower than DPCH\_Ec/Ior1.
- 8) Measure the mean output power of the UE, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 9) Repeat step 8) according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 10) End test 1 and disconnect UE.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.7.3.4.3 Test 2 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.13.
- 2) Activate Cell 1.

#### 7.7.3.4.4 Test 2 Procedures

1) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

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- 2) Activate the other cell (Cell 2) on the other SS
- 3) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.3.3 for Test 2.
- 4) The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 level is adjusted so that 5 +/-1%. downlink TPC error is maintained from Ec/Ior1. Cell 1 transmits a known pattern of TPC commands and for each slot detect the power step. Thereby the TPC error rate can be measured. The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 is adjusted so that the TPC error rate is equal to 5 +/-1%.
- 5) Send power control commands to the UE until the UE output power measured by Test System is adjusted to the specified power level with  $\pm 1.5$  dB tolerance due to power control step size.
- 6) Set up the UE in soft handover between Cell 1 and Cell 2. The downlink TPC commands from Cell 2 shall continuously have the value "1" during the test while Cell 1 use the UE Output power = -15 dBm as the power control target.
- 7) The DPCH Ec/Ior2 is adjusted to be 6 dB higher than DPCH Ec/Ior1.
- 8) Measure the mean output power of the UE, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each
- 9) Repeat step 8) according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 10) End test 2 and disconnect UE.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.7.3.5 Test requirements

Test parameters are specified in Table 7.7.3.3. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

Table 7.7.3.3: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Phase reference	•	P-CPICH	
DPCH_Ec/lor1	dB	Note 1	Note 1 & Note 3
DPCH_Ec/lor2	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6
DPCH_Ec/lor3	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	-
$\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-1
$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-1
$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algo	rithm 1
Cell 1 TPC commands	-	Note 2	Note 2
Cell 2 TPC commands	-	"1"	"1"
Cell 3 TPC commands	-	"1"	-
Information data Rate	Kbps	12.2	
Propagation condition		Static	

The DPCH\_Ec/lor1 is configured to a level such that the TPC error rate is set to Note 1: 5+/-1% (with 95% confidence).

The uplink power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would Note 2: stay at -15 dBm.

The maximum DPCH\_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB. Note 3:

- NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- 1) In step 8) of clause 7.7.3.4.2, the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.
- 2) In step 8) of clause 7.7.3.4.4, the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

# 7.8 Power control in downlink

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

The minimum requirements in this subclause were derived with the assumption that the UTRAN responds immediately to the uplink TPC commands by adjusting the power of the first pilot field of the DL DPCCH that commences after end of the received TPC command.

However, for downlink power control tests introduced to the specifications in Release 99, Release 4 and Release 5, (and for those same tests that exist unmodified in Release 6 and later releases), it is permitted to use an SS implementation which has an additional one slot delay in responding to TPC commands. In such cases, there are two sets of test requirements and the choice of which set to use is a function only of the implementation of the SS and not a function of the UE.

Note: The additional delay in TPC response time shifts the expected UE performance. Simulations have predicted the expected change and rather than provide two alternative minimum requirements, for convenience the change in expected performance is covered by altering the test tolerance. This change in

test tolerance does not imply the alternative implementation is less accurate.

Note: The possibility of removing the alternative test method for release 7 and later is for further study. If an SS implementation is upgraded to use the immediate TPC response time it will be necessary to modify the test implementation to use the applicable test requirements.

# 7.8.1 Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target (Release 5 and earlier)

# 7.8.1.1 Definition and applicability

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and earlier releases.

# 7.8.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.1.1 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.8.1.2 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in table 7.8.1.2. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Table 7.8.1.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9	-1	dB
$I_{oc}$	-6	60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12	2,2	kbps
Target quality on DTCH	0,01		BLER
Propagation condition	Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7		dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18		dB
DL Power Control step size, Δ <sub>TPC</sub>	1		dB
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"		-
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].			

Table 7.8.1.2: Requirements in downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$DPCH \ \_E_c$	-16,0	-9,0	dB
$I_{or}$			
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.1.1.

# 7.8.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE receiver is capable of converging to required link quality set by network while using as low power as possible.

#### 7.8.1.4 Method of test

#### 7.8.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.1.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.8.1.4.2 Procedure

1) After call set up, the SS waits 15 seconds.

2) After this period, BLER is measured. Simultaneously the downlink  $\frac{DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio averaged over one slot is measured.

# 7.8.1.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.1.3.

Table 7.8.1.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9,6	-0,4	dB
$I_{oc}$	_	60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2		kbps
Target quality on DTCH	0	,01	BLER
Propagation condition	Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7		dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18 1 "Not used"		dB
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$			dB
Limited Power Increase			-
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].			

- a) The measured quality on DTCH does not exceed the values in table 7.8.1.4 for SS supporting immediate TPC response time or the values in 7.8.1.4A for SS supporting an additional one slot delay in TPC response time. BLER measurements shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.
- b) The downlink  $\frac{DPCH E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be below the values in

table 7.8.1.4 more than 90 % of the time for SS supporting immediate TPC response time or the values in 7.8.1.4A for SS supporting an additional one slot delay in TPC response time.

Table 7.8.1.4: Requirements in downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\frac{DPCH \ \_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-15,9	-8,9	dB
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

Table 7.8.1.4A: Requirements in downlink power control, constant BLER target using SS with an additional one slot delay in power control response time

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$	-15,6	-8,7	dB
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.8.1A Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target (Release 6 and later)

# 7.8.1A.1 Definition and applicability

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later release for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 7.8.1A.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.1A.1 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.8.1A.2 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in table 7.8.1A.2. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Table 7.8.1A.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	<b>Test 1</b> 9	Test 2 -1	<b>Test 3</b> 4	<b>Test 4</b> 9	<b>Unit</b> dB
$I_{oc}$		-60			dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12.2		(	64	kbps
Reference channel (See clause C.3)	C.3.1		С	.3.5	<u>:</u>
Target quality on DTCH	0.01		0.1	0.001	BLER
Target quality on DCCH	-		0.1	0.1	BLER
Propagation condition		Case 4	4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)		7			dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18			dB
DL Power Control step size,		1			dB
$\Delta_{ extsf{TPC}}$ Limited Power Increase		"Not use	ed"		-

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

Table 7.8.1A.2: Requirements in downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$DPCH _E_c$	-16,0	-9,0	-9,0	-10,3	dB
$\overline{I_{or}}$					
Measured quality on DTCH	0.01 ± 30 %	0.01 ± 30 %	0.1 ± 30 %	0.001 ± 30 %	BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.1.1.

# 7.8.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE receiver is capable of converging to required link quality set by network while using as low power as possible.

#### 7.8.1A.4 Method of test

#### 7.8.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.

- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.1A.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.8.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) After call set up, the SS waits 15 seconds.
- 2) After this period, BLER is measured. Simultaneously the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio averaged over one slot is measured.

# 7.8.1A.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.1A.3.

Table 7.8.1A.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9.6	-0.4	4.6	9.6	dB
$I_{oc}$		-60			dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12.2		6	4	kbps
Reference channel (See clause C.3)	C.3.1		C.3	3.5	-
Target quality on DTCH	0.01		0.1	0.001	BLER
Target quality on DCCH	-		0.1	0.1	BLER
Propagation condition		Case	4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)		7			dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18			dB
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$		1			dB
Limited Power Increase		"Not use	ed"		-

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

- a) The measured quality on DTCH does not exceed the values in table 7.8.1A.4. BLER measurements shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.
- b) The downlink  $\frac{DPCH E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be below the values in table 7.8.1A.4 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.1A.4: Requirements in downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$DPCH \ \_E_c$	-15,9	-8,9	-8,9	-10,2	dB
$I_{or}$					
Measured quality on DTCH	0.01 ± 30 %	0.01 ± 30 %	0.1 ± 30 %	0.001 ± 30 %	BLER

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.8.2 Power control in the downlink, initial convergence

# 7.8.2.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 7.8.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.2.1 the downlink DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio measured values, which are averaged over 50 ms, shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.2 more than 90 % of the time. T1 equals to 500 ms and it starts 10 ms after the uplink DPDCH physical channel is considered established. T2 equals to 500 ms and it starts when T1 has expired. Power control is ON during the test.

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The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, i.e. the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50 ms.

Table 7.8.2.1: Test parameters for downlink power control, initial convergence

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Target quality value on	0,01	0,01	0,1	0,1	BLER
DTCH					
Initial DPCH_Ec/lor	-5,9	-25,9	-3	-22,8	dB
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	64	64	kbps
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		dB			
$I_{oc}$		dBm/3,84 MHz			
Propagation condition					
Maximum_DL_Power (note)		dB			
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18			
DL Power Control step size,	4				dB
$\Delta_{TPC}$		uБ			
Limited Power Increase	•				
NOTE: Power is compared	to P-CPICH a	s specified in [	9].		

Table 7.8.2.2: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence

Parameter	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
$\underline{DPCH}_{-}\underline{E_{c}}$ during T1	-18,9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11,9	$-15,1 \leq DPCH\_Ec/lor \leq -8,1$	dB
$I_{or}$			
$DPCH _E_c$ during T2	$-18,9 \le DPCH\_Ec/lor \le -14,9$	-15,1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11,1	dB
$I_{or}$			

Note: The low limit is decreased by 3 dB for a UE with more than one antenna connector.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.2.1.

Note: DTCH shall be transmitted during the whole test.

# 7.8.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established.

# 7.8.2.4 Method of test

#### 7.8.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.

#### 7.8.2.4.2 Procedure

1) Enter the UE into loopback test mode according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. System simulator shall activate power control at the activation time of the Radio Bearer Setup message (At RRC connection setup only

DCCH is established). The uplink DPCH physical channel is considered established at the activation time of the Radio Bearer Setup message.

- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.2.3 for the test running. After the transmission of Radio Bearer Setup message, Initial DPCH\_Ec/Ior is set to the specified level at the activation time.
- 3) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 4) Measure  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{cr}}$  power ratio averaged over 50 ms during T1. T1 starts 10 ms after the uplink DPDCH

physical channel is considered established and T1 equals to 500 ms. The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, i.e. the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms. At the first slot where the averaging window crosses the T1 - T2 boundary, the average power level within the window begins to test against the T2 requirements.

5) Measure  $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio averaged over 50 ms during T2. T2 starts, when T1 has expired and T2 equals to 500 ms.

The reception of the "RB setup complete" and the "CLOSE UE TEST LOOP COMPLETE" messages is not necessary to pass this test.

#### 7.8.2.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.2.3.

NOTE 3: UL AM AUXMC 12.2 kbps. See C.6.7.

Table 7.8.2.3: Test parameters for downlink power control, initial convergence

				Unit
0,01	0,01	0,1	0,1	BLER
-5,9	-25,9	-3	-22,8	dB
12,2	12,2	64	64	kbps
12,2 Note 2	12,2 Note 2	12,2 Note 3	12,2 Note 3	kbps
	dB			
	dBm/3,84 MHz			
	dB			
	dB			
	dB			
"Not used"				
	-5,9 12,2 12,2 Note 2	-5,9 -25,9 12,2 12,2 12,2 Note 2  Si  "Note "Note 2	-5,9 -25,9 -3 12,2 64 12,2 Note 2 Note 2 Note 3 -1 -60 Static 7 -18	-5,9

a) The downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4 during T1 more

than 90 % of the time or, when using an SS with an additional one slot delay in power control response, within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4A during T1 more than 90 % of the time.

b) The downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4 during T2 more

than 90 % of the time or, when using an SS with an additional one slot delay in power control response, within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4A during T2 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.2.4: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence

Parameter	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
$\underline{DPCH}_{\underline{E}_{c}}$ during T1	-19,5 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11,3	$-15,7 \le DPCH\_Ec/Ior \le -7,5$	dB
$I_{or}$			
$\underline{DPCH}_{-}\underline{E_{c}}_{-}$ during T2	$-19,5 \le DPCH\_Ec/Ior \le -14,3$	-15,7 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -10,5	dB
$I_{or}$			

Note: The low limit is decreased by 3 dB for a UE with more than one antenna connector.

Table 7.8.2.4A: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence target using SS with an additional one slot delay in power control response time

Parameter	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
$\underline{DPCH}_{-}\underline{E}_{c}$ during T1	-19,7 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11,1	$-15,9 \le DPCH\_Ec/Ior \le -7,3$	dB
$I_{or}$			
$\underline{DPCH}_{-}E_{c}$ during T2	$-19,7 \leq DPCH\_Ec/lor \leq -14,1$	-15,9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -10,3	dB
$I_{or}$			

Note: The low limit is decreased by 3 dB for a UE with more than one antenna connector.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.8.3 Power control in the downlink, wind up effects (Release 5 and earlier)

# 7.8.3.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that, after the downlink maximum power is limited in the UTRAN and it has been released again, the downlink power control in the UE does not have a wind up effect, i.e. the required DL power has increased during time period the DL power was limited. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and earlier releases.

# 7.8.3.2 Minimum requirements

This test is run in three stages where stage 1 is for convergence of the power control loop, in stage two the maximum downlink power for the dedicated channel is limited not to be higher than the parameter specified in table 7.8.3.1. All parameters used in the three stages are specified in table 7.8.3.1. The downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{\underline{E}_c}}$  power ratio measured values,

which are averaged over one slot, during stage 3 shall be lower than the value specified in table 7.8.3.2 more than 90 % of the time. Power control of the UE is ON during the test.

Table 7.8.3.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1			Unit
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	>15	5	0,5	S
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		5		dB
$I_{oc}$		-60		dBm/3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate		12,2		kbps
Quality target on DTCH	0,01			BLER
Propagation condition		Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7	-6,2	7	dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18		dB
DL Power Control step size,	1			dB
$\Delta_{TPC}$	1			GB
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"			-
NOTE: Power is compared to	P-CPICH a	s specified i	n [9].	

Table 7.8.3.2: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-13,3	dB
$I_{or}$		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.3.1.

# 7.8.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE downlink power control does not require too high downlink power during a period after the downlink power is limited by the UTRAN.

#### 7.8.3.4 Method of test

#### 7.8.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.8.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.3.3. Stage 1 is used for the power control to converge and during Stage 2 the maximum downlink power is limited by UTRAN.
- 2) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE during stages 1, 2, and 3. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 3) Measure  $\underline{DPCH}_{\underline{E}_{c}}$  power ratio during stage 3 according to table 7.8.3.3.
- 4) Repeat steps 1 3328 times.

Note: The number of repetitions (328) is derived from minimum testing time for 3 km/h fading channels (Table F.6.1.6.2; 164 seconds).

# 7.8.3.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.3.3.

Table 7.8.3.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter		Test 1	Unit				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3				
Time in each stage	>15	5	0,5	S			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		5,6		dB			
$I_{oc}$		-60	dBm/3,84 MHz				
Information Data Rate		12,2	kbps				
Quality target on DTCH		0,01		BLER			
Propagation condition		Case 4					
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7	-6,2	7	dB			
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18		dB			
DL Power Control step size,	1			dB			
Δ <sub>TPC</sub>							
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"			-			
NOTE: Power is compared to							

The downlink  $\underline{DPCH \_ E_c}$  power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot during stage 3, shall be lower than the  $I_{-}$ 

level specified in table 7.8.3.4 during stage 3 more than 90 % of the time for SS supporting immediate TPC response time or the values in 7.8.3.4A for SS supporting an additional one slot delay in TPC response time.

Table 7.8.3.4: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-13,2	dB
$I_{or}$		

Table 7.8.3.4A: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects with an additional one slot delay in power control response time

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-12.9	dB
$I_{or}$		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.8.3A Power control in the downlink, wind up effects (Release 6 and later)

# 7.8.3A.1 Definition and applicability

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

This requirement verifies that, after the downlink maximum power is limited in the UTRAN and it has been released again, the downlink power control in the UE does not have a wind up effect, i.e. the required DL power has increased during time period the DL power was limited. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later release for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

# 7.8.3A.2 Minimum requirements

This test is run in three stages where stage 1 is for convergence of the power control loop. In stage two the maximum downlink power for the dedicated channel is limited not to be higher than the parameter specified in table 7.8.3A.1. All  $_{DPCH\_E_c}$ 

parameters used in the three stages are specified in table 7.8.3A.1. The downlink  $I_{or}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged over one slot, during stage 3 shall be lower than the value specified in table 7.8.3A.2 more than 90 % of the time. Power control of the UE is ON during the test.

Table 7.8.3A.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter		Test 1		
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	5	5	0,5	S
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		5		dB
$I_{oc}$		-60		dBm/3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate		12,2		Kbps
Quality target on DTCH		0,01		BLER
Propagation condition		Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (Note 2)	7	min(-6.2, P) Note 1	7	dB
Minimum_DL_Power (Note 2)		-18		dB
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TP}$	С	1		dB
Limited Power Increase		"Not used"		-
Note 1: $P$ is the level corresponding to the average $PCH _{-}E_{c}$ power ratio - 2 dB compared $PCH _{-}E_{c}$				
to the P-CPICH level. The average $I_{or}$ power ratio is measured during the initialisation stage after the power control loop has converged before the actual test starts.  Note 2: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].				

Table 7.8.3A.2: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-13,3	dB
$I_{or}$		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.3.1.

# 7.8.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE downlink power control does not require too high downlink power during a period after the downlink power is limited by the UTRAN.

#### 7.8.3A.4 Method of test

#### 7.8.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.8.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) P (TBD) is the level corrsponding to the average DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ration -2 dB compared to the P-CPICH level.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.3A.3. Stage 1 is used for the power control to converge and during Stage 2 the maximum downlink power is limited by UTRAN.
- 3) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE during stages 1, 2, and 3. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.

4) Measure 
$$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$$
 power ratio during stage 3 according to table 7.8.3A.3.

5) Repeat steps 1 - 4328 times.

Note: The number of repetitions (328) is derived from minimum testing time for 3 km/h fading channels (Table F.6.1.6.2; 164 seconds).

Table 7.8.3A.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1		Unit	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	5	5	0,5	S
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		5,6		dB
$I_{oc}$	-60			dBm/3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2			kbps
Quality target on DTCH	0,01			BLER
Propagation condition		Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (Note 2)	7	min(-6.2, P) Note 1	7	dB
Minimum_DL_Power (Note 2)	-18		dB	
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	1			dB
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"			-

 $DPCH _E_c$ 

Note 1: P is the level corresponding to the average  $I_{or}$  power ratio - 2 dB compared  $DPCH_{-}E_{c}$ 

to the P-CPICH level. The average  $I_{or}$  power ratio is measured during the initialisation stage after the power control loop has converged before the actual test starts.

Note 2: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

 $DPCH \_E$ 

The downlink  $I_{or}$  power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot during stage 3, shall be lower than the level specified in table 7.8.3A.4 during stage 3 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.3A.4: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-13,2	dB
$I_{or}$		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 7.8.4 Power control in the downlink, different transport formats

## 7.8.4.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that UE outer loop power control has proper behaviour with different transport formats. The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 7.8.4.2 Minimum requirements

Test 1 verifies that UE outer loop power control has proper behaviour with different transport formats.

The downlink reference measurement channel used in this subclause shall have two different transport formats. The different transport formats of the downlink reference measurement channel used shall correspond to the measurement channels specified in Annex C.3.1A. The different transport formats of the uplink reference measurement channel used shall correspond to the measurement channels specified in Annex C.6.3A. The transport format used in downlink reference measurement channel during different stages of the test shall be set according to the information data rates specified in Table 7.8.4.1. During stage 1 a downlink transport format combination using the 12.2kbps information data rate DTCH shall be used, and during stage 2 the downlink transport format combination shall be changed such that a 0kbps information data rate transport format combination is then used.

For the parameters specified in Table 7.8.4.1 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 7.8.4.2 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in Table 7.8.4.2. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Table 7.8.4.1: Parameters for downlink power control in case of different transport formats

Parameter	Unit	Tes	st 1	
Parameter	Unit	Stage 1 Stage		
Time in each stage	S	Note 1 Note 1		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	0	
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2 0		
Quality target on DTCH	BLER	0.01		
Quality target on DCCH	BLER	1		
Propagation condition		Case4		
Maximum_DL_Power	dB	7	,	
Minimum_DL_Power	dB	-1	8	
DL Power Control step	dB	1		
size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	35			
Limited Power Increase	-	"Not used"		
Note 1: The stage las	ts until the DTCH qu	ality has conver	ged to the	

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

Table 7.8.4.2: Requirements in downlink power control in case of different transport formats

Parameter	Unit	Test 1, stage 1	Test 1, stage 2
$\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-16.0	-18.0
Measured quality on DTCH	BLER	0.01±30%	0.01±30%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.4.1.

## 7.8.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE outer loop power control works properly with different transport formats.

## 7.8.4.4 Method of test

## 7.8.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information elements of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.8.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.4.3.
- 2) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE during stage 1 and 2.
- 3) Stage 1. The SS waits 15 seconds before it performs the measurement in step 4.
- 4) Measure quality on DTCH according to statistical significance in Annex F.6.1.10 and  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio according to table 7.8.4.3.
- 5) Stage 2. The SS waits 15 seconds before it performs the measurement in step 6.
- Measure quality on DTCH according to statistical significance in Annex F.6.1.10 and  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio according to table 7.8.4.3.Note: The measurement should not start until after power control has converged.

### 7.8.4.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.4.3.

Table 7.8.4.3: Parameters for downlink power control in case of different transport formats

Parameter	Unit	Test 1		
Parameter	Offic	Stage 1	Stage 2	
Time in each stage	S	Note 1	Note 1	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9.6		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	0	
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2	0	
Quality target on DTCH	BLER	0.01		
Quality target on DCCH	BLER	1		
Propagation condition		Case4		
Maximum_DL_Power	dB	7	7	
Minimum_DL_Power	dB	-1	8	
DL Power Control step	dB	1		
size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	<u> </u>	'		
Limited Power	_	"Not used"		
Increase				
Note 1: The stage lasts until the DTCH quality has converged to the				

quality target.

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

a) The measured quality on DTCH does not exceed the values in table 7.8.4.4 or in table 7.8.4.5.

b) The downlink 
$$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$$
 power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall

be below the values in table 7.8.4.4 more than 90 % of the time for SS supporting immediate power control response time or below the values in 7.8.4.5 for SS supporting an additional one sloy delay in power control response time.

Table 7.8.4.4: Requirements in downlink power control in case of different transport formats

Parameter	Unit	Test 1, stage 1	Test 1, stage 2
$\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-15.9	-17.9
Measured quality on DTCH	BLER	0.01±30%	0.01±30%

Table 7.8.4.5: Requirements in downlink power control in case of different transport formats with an additional one slot delay in power control response time

Parameter	Unit	Test 1, stage 1	Test 1, stage 2
$\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-15.6	-17.7
Measured quality on DTCH	BLER	0.01±30%	0.01±30%

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 7.8.5 Power control in the downlink for F-DPCH

#### 7.8.5.1 Definition and applicability

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink.

The requirements and this test apply to release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support F-DPCH and HSDPA.

## 7.8.5.2 Minimum requirements

Limited Power Increase

Power Control Algorithm

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.5.1 the downlink  $\frac{F - DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over TPC symbols of the F-DPCH frame, shall be below the specified value in table 7.8.5.2 more than 90% of the time. TPC Command Error Rate shall be as shown in table 7.8.5.2. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

**Parameter** Test 1 Test 2 Unit dB 9 -1  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ dBm / 3,84 MHz  $I_{oc}$ -60 Spreading Factor (SF) 256 Target quality value on Fractional 5 % DPCH (F-DPCH) Propagation condition Case 4 Maximum\_DL\_Power (note) dB Minimum\_DL\_Power (note) -18 dB DL Power Control step size,  $\Delta_{TPC}$ 1 dΒ

Table 7.8.5.1: Test parameter for downlink power control for F-DPCH

Table 7.8.5.2: Requirements in downlink power control for F-DPCH

Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9]

"Not used'

Algorithm 1

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$F - DPCH \_E_c$	-15,9	-12,0	dB
$\overline{I_{or}}$			
TPC Command Error Rate	0,01 ± 50 %	0,05 ± 30 %	%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.1.1.

### 7.8.5.3 Test purpose

NOTE:

To verify that the UE receiver is capable of converging to required link quality set by network while using as low power as possible.

### 7.8.5.4 Method of test

#### 7.8.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.x.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.5.3.
- 4) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB.
- 5) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

#### 7.8.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1) After call set up, the SS waits 15 seconds.
- 2) After this period, TPC Command Error Rate is measured. Simultaneously the downlink  $\frac{F DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio averaged over TPC symbols of the F-DPCH frame is measured.

## 7.8.5.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.5.3.

Table 7.8.5.3: Test parameter for downlink power control for F-DPCH

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9,6	-0,4	dB		
$I_{oc}$	_	60	dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Spreading Factor (SF)	2	56			
Target quality value on Fractional DPCH (F-DPCH)	1	5	%		
Propagation condition	Case 4				
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7		dB		
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18		dB		
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$		1	dB		
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"		-		
Power Control Algorithm	Algor	ithm 1			
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CF					

- a) The measured quality on F-DPCH does not exceed the values in table 7.8.5.4. TPC Command Error Rate shall be performanced as specified in TS 25.214 [9].
- b) The downlink  $\frac{F DPCH E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values, which are averaged over TPC symbols of the F-DPCH frame, shall be below the values in table 7.8.5.4 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.5.4: Requirements in downlink power control for F- DPCH

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$F - DPCH \_E_c$	-15,8	-11,9	dB
$I_{or}$			
TPC Command Error Rate	0,01 ± 50 %	0,05 ± 30 %	%

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.9 Downlink compressed mode

Downlink compressed mode is used to create gaps in the downlink transmission, to allow the UE to make measurements on other frequencies.

# 7.9.1 Single link performance (Release 5 and earlier)

## 7.9.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the Dedicated Traffic Channel (DCH) in compressed mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) and transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio in the downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

The compressed mode parameters are given in clause C.5. Tests 1 and 2 are using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters from table C.5.1 in clause C.5 while tests 3 and 4 are using Set 2 compressed mode patterns from the same table.

The requirements for compressed mode by spreading factor reduction (tests 1 and 2) apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE from Release 5 and earlier releases only. The requirements for compressed mode by puncturing (tests 3 and 4) apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

## 7.9.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.9.1 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.9.2 more than 90% of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.2.

Downlink power control is ON during the test. Uplink TPC commands shall be error free.

Table 7.9.1: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Delta SIR1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR after1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR2	0	0	0	0	dB
Delta SIR after2	0	0	0	0	dB
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		Ç		dB	
$I_{oc}$			dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Information Data Rate			kbps		
Propagation condition		Cas	se 2		
Target quality value on DTCH		0,0	01		BLER
Maximum DL Power (note)			dB		
Minimum DL Power (note)			dB		
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$			dB		
Limited Power Increase			-		

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

Table 7.9.2: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-14,6	No	-15,2	No	dB
$\overline{I_{or}}$		requirements		requirements	
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	No requirements	< 0,001	No requirements	< 0,001	BLER
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 $\pm$ 30 %				BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.9.1.1.

## 7.9.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the reception of DPCH in a UE while downlink is in a compressed mode. The UE needs to preserve the BLER using sufficient low DL power. It is also verified that UE applies the Delta SIR values, which are signaled from network, in its outer loop power control algorithm.

#### 7.9.1.4 Method of test

## 7.9.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure, specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH..
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.9.3.
- 4) Set compressed mode parameters according to table C.5.1. Tests 1 and 2 are using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters and while tests 3 and 4 are using Set 2 compressed mode pattern parameters.

NOTE: Set 2 is applicable to Release 99 and Release 4 only.

- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 6) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used. SS response time for UE TPC commands shall be one slot.
- 7) The SS waits 15 seconds before it performs measurements as described in 7.9.1.4.2.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.9.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Test 1: Measure quality on DTCH and  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 2) Test 2: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.
- 3) Test 3: Measure quality on DTCH and  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 4) Test 4: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.

## 7.9.1.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.9.3.

Table 7.9.3: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Delta SIR1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR after1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR2 (note 2)	0	0	0	0	dB
Delta SIR after2 (note 2)	0	0	0	0	dB
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$			dB		
$I_{oc}$		dBm / 3,84 MHz			
Information Data Rate		kbps			
Propagation condition					
Target quality value on DTCH		0,0	01		BLER
Maximum DL Power (note 1)		dB			
Minimum DL Power (note 1)		dB			
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$		dB			
Limited Power Increase			-		

NOTE 1: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

NOTE 2: Delta SIR2 is not present in Test 1, Test 2, Test 3 and Test 4.

a) Test 1: The downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table

7.9.4 more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4. BLER measurements based on measured quality on DTCH shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.

- b) Test 2: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4. BLER measurements based on measured quality on DTCH shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.
- c) Test3: The downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table
  - 7.9.2 more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4. BLER measurements based on measured quality on DTCH shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.
- d) Test 4: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4. BLER measurements based on measured quality on DTCH shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH \ \_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-14,5	No requirements	-15,1	No requirements	dB
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	No requirements	< 0,001	No requirements	< 0,001	BLER
Measured quality on DTCH	0.01 + 30 %				

Table 7.9.4: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 7.9.1A Single link performance (Release 6 and later)

## 7.9.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the Dedicated Traffic Channel (DCH) in compressed mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) and transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio in the downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

The compressed mode parameters are given in clause C.5. Test 1 is using Set 2A compressed mode pattern parameters from table C.5.1 and Test 2 is using Set 1 compressed mode patterns from the same table.

The requirements for compressed mode by spreading factor reduction (tests 1 and 2) apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE from Release 6 and later releases.

## 7.9.1A.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.9.1A the downlink  $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.9.2A more than 90% of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.2A.

Downlink power control is ON during the test. Uplink TPC commands shall be error free.

Table 7.9.1A: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit		
Delta SIR1	0 3		dB		
Delta SIR after1	0	3	dB		
Delta SIR2	0	0	dB		
Delta SIR after2	0	0	dB		
Compressed Mode Patterns	C.5.1 Set 2A	C.5.1 Set 1	dB		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	!	dB			
$I_{oc}$	-	dBm / 3,84 MHz			
Information Data Rate	12	2,2	kbps		
Propagation condition	Case 3	Case 2			
Target quality value on DTCH	0,	01	BLER		
Maximum DL Power (note)		7	dB		
Minimum DL Power (note )	-18		dB		
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$		dB			
Limited Power Increase	"Not	-			
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].					

Table 7.9.2A: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$DPCH \_E_c$	-13.7	No	dB
$I_{or}$		requirements	
Measured quality of compressed and recovery	No	< 0,001	BLER
frames	requirements		
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %		BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.9.1.1.

## 7.9.1A.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the reception of DPCH in a UE while downlink is in a compressed mode. The UE needs to preserve the BLER using sufficient low DL power. It is also verified that UE applies the Delta SIR values, which are signaled from network, in its outer loop power control algorithm.

## 7.9.1A.4 Method of test

#### 7.9.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure, specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.9.3A.
- 4) Set compressed mode parameters according to table C.5.1. Test 1 is using Set 2A compressed mode pattern parameters and test 2 is using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 6) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC\_MODE) 0 shall be used. SS response time for UE TPC commands shall be one slot.
- 7) The SS waits 15 seconds before it performs measurements as described in 7.9.1A.4.2.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

#### 7.9.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Test 1: Measure quality on DTCH and  $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 2) Test 2: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.

## 7.9.1A.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.9.3A.

Table 7.9.3A: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit		
Delta SIR1	0	3	dB		
Delta SIR after1	0	3	dB		
Delta SIR2 (note 2)	0	0	dB		
Delta SIR after2 (note 2)	0	0	dB		
Compressed Mode Patterns	C.5.1 Set 2A	C.5.1 Set 1	dB		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	9,6	dB			
$I_{oc}$	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz			
Information Data Rate	12,2	kbps			
Propagation condition	Case 3	Case 2			
Target quality value on DTCH	0,01	BLER			
Maximum DL Power (note 1)	7	dB			
Minimum DL Power (note 1)	-18	dB			
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	1	dB			
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"	-			
NOTE 1: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].					

NOTE 2: Delta SIR2 is not present in Test 1 and Test 2.

- a) Test 1: The downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table
  - 7.9.4A more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4A. BLER measurements based on measured quality on DTCH shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.
- b) Test 2: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4A. BLER measurements based on measured quality on DTCH shall be performed according to the statistical testing in Annex F.6.1.10.

Table 7.9.4A: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\underline{DPCH \ \_E_c}$	-13.6	No	dB
$I_{or}$		requirements	
Measured quality of	No	< 0,001	BLER
compressed and recovery	requirements		
frames			
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ±	30 %	BLER

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 7.10 Blind transport format detection

## 7.10.1 Definition and applicability

Performance of Blind transport format detection is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values and by the measured average transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior value.

## 7.10.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.10.1 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{-}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER and FDR shown in table 7.10.2. Table 7.10.3 defines the Transport Format Combinations Set for the downlink. The reference measurement channel used in this test case is defined in Annex C.4.

Table 7.10.1: Test parameters for Blind transport format detection

Parameter $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Test 1	<b>Test 2</b> -1	Test 3	Test 4	<b>Test 5</b> –3	Test 6	<b>Unit</b> dB
$I_{oc}$			-6	60			dBm / 3.84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	kbps
Propagation condition	,	static	,	` multi-p	ath fading	case 3	-
TFČI			0	ff			-

Table 7.10.2: The Requirements for DCH reception in Blind transport format detection

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER	FDR	
1	–17,7dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	
2	-17,8dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	
3	-18,4dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	
4	-13,0dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	
5	-13,2dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	
6	-13,8dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	
NOTE: The value of DPCH_Ec/lor, loc, and lor/loc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted.				

NOTE: In the test, 9 different Transport Format Combinations (table 7.10.3) are sent during the call set up procedure, so that the UE has to detect the correct transport format from these 9 candidates.

Table7.10.3: Transport format combinations informed during the call set up procedure in the test

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DTCH	12,2 k	10,2 k	7,95 k	7,4 k	6,7 k	5,9 k	5,15 k	4,75 k	1,95 k
DCCH	2,4 k								

## 7.10.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the blind transport format detection to receive a predefined test signal, representing a static propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a block error ratio (BLER) and false transport format detection ratio (FDR) not exceeding a specified value.

To verify the ability of the blind transport format detection to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a block error ratio (BLER) and false transport format detection ratio (FDR) not exceeding a specified value.

## 7.10.4 Method of test

#### 7.10.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9 in the case for test 1-3. Connect the SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10 in the case of test 4-6.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-6 as specified table 7.10.4 and table 7.10.5.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 and start the loopback test.
- 5. In the case of test 4-6, Setup fading simulator as fading condition case 3 which are described in table D.2.2.1.

Note: In loopback test mode 2 the UE may return any valid uplink Transport Format Combination.

#### 7.10.4.2 Procedure

Measure BLER and FDR of DCH.

For FDR, the SS shall check the TFI of the UE transmitted transport format to verify that the UE has detected the correct downlink transport format.

In this test TF0 and TF10 on uplink DTCH shall be counted as block errors.

During the measurements downlink DCCH shall be continuously transmitted. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

NOTE: The TFCS size used in this test shall be 18 and not 9 as implied by TS 25.101 (and the NOTE above Table 7.10.3). Since the DCCH will be continously transmitted and the DCCH is not used in the BTFD for the DTCH this does not have an impact on the BTFD performance.

## 7.10.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.10.4.

Table 7.10.4: Test parameters for Blind transport format detection

Parameter $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Test 1	<b>Test 2</b> -0,7	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5 -2,4	Test 6	<b>Unit</b> dB
$I_{oc}$			-6	60			dBm / 3.84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	kbps
propagation condition	, ,	Static	,	multi-p	ath fading	case 3	-
TFCI			O	off			-

BLER and FDR shall not exceed the values at the DPCH\_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.10.5.

Table 7.10.5: The Requirements for DCH reception in Blind transport format detection

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I}$	BLER	FDR		
	$I_{or}$				
1	-17,6dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>		
2	–17,7dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>		
3	-18,3dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>		
4	-12,9dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>		
5	–13,1dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>		
6	-13,7dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>		
NOTE: The value of DPCH_Ec/lor, loc, and lor/loc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted.					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)

## 7.11.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics of paging channel are determined by the probability of missed paging message (Pm-p). PCH is mapped into the S-CCPCH and it is associated with the transmission of Paging Indicators (PI) to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 4 and later releases.

## 7.11.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.11.1 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in table 7.11.2. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table E.3.3.1 of Annex E. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

Table 7.11.1: Parameters for PCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Number of paging indicators per frame (Np)	-	72	2
Phase reference	-	P-CP	ICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	0
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-3
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3

Table 7.11.2: Test requirements for PCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	PICH_Ec/lor	Pm-p
1	-14.8	-19	0.01
2	-9.8	-12	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.12.1.

# 7.11.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) does not exceed a specified value.

## 7.11.4 Method of test

### 7.11.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9 in the case of test 1. Connect the SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10 in the case of test 2.
- 2) Set the test parameters for test 1-2 as specified in tables 7.11.3 and 7.11.4. In the case of test 2, Setup fading simulator as fading condition case 3 which are described in table D.2.2.1. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in table E.3.3.1. The S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7 and includes 2 S-CCPCH according to TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.1. The SCCPCH\_Ec/Ior for the S-CCPCH carrying FACH is -7.0 dB while the SCCPCH\_Ec/Ior for the S-CCPCH carrying PCH is defined in table 7.11.4.

#### 7.11.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the CELL PCH state.
- 3) The SS transmits the Paging type 1 message with used paging identity being a UTRAN identity and including the UE's assigned U-RNTI
- 4) If the UE responds with a CELL UPDATE message within 8 seconds, then a success is recorded. If the UE does not respond with a CELL UPDATE message within 8 seconds, a failure is recorded. On reception of the CELL UPDATE message the SS transmits 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages using CCCH on downlink FACH. Then the SS waits for 3 seconds to allow the UE time to move back to CELL PCH state.
- 5) Repeat steps 3-4 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.

NOTE: In the Step 4 above, the 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages are transmitted with the same RRC message sequence number. Transmitting 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages is done to increase the probability of correct message reception at the UE.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and clause 6.1.1 based on 6.1.0a.3 SIB default schedule of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

#### PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (STEP 2)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	6
Downlink information for each radio link	
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 "Default settings
	(FDD)"

### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE1 (STEP 2)

Information Element	Value/remark
- UE timers and constants in connected mode	
- T302	1000 ms

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5 (STEP 2)

Information Element	Value/remark
- SIB6 indicator	TRUE

- PICH Power offset	-9 dB (in Test 1)
	-2 dB (in Test 2)
- CHOICE Mode	FDD
- AICH Power offset	0 dB
- Secondary CCPCH system information	(For 2 SCCPCHs)
- Secondary CCPCH info	(SCCPCH for standalone PCH)
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- STTD indicator	FALSE
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	3
- Pilot symbol existence	FALSE
- TFCI existence	FALSE
- Fixed or Flexible position	Fixed
- Timing offset	30
- TFCS	
- CHOICE TFCI signalling	Normal
- TFCI Field 1 information	
- CHOICE TFCS representation	Complete reconfiguration
- TFCS complete reconfiguration information	
- CHOICE CTFC Size	2 bit
- CTFC information	0
- Power offset information	Not Present
- CTFC information	1
- Power offset information	Not Present
- FACH/PCH information	THOU TESCHE
- TFS	(PCH)
- CHOICE Transport channel type	Common transport channels
- Dynamic Transport format information	Continion transport channels
- RLC Size	240
- Number of TB and TTI List	240
- Number of Transport blocks	0
- Number of Transport blocks	•
- CHOICE Mode	FDD
- CHOICE Logical channel List	ALL
- Semi-static Transport Format information	
- Transmission time interval	10 ms
- Type of channel coding	Convolutional
- Coding Rate	1/2
- Rate matching attribute	256
- CRC size	16 bit
- Transport channel Identity	12 (for PCH)
- CTCH indicator	FALSE
- PICH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Channelisation code	2
- Number of PI per frame	72
- STTD indicator	FALSE
- Secondary CCPCH info	(SCCPCH including two FACHs)
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- STTD indicator	FALSE
- Spreading factor	64
- Code number	2
- Pilot symbol existence	FALSE
- TFCI existence	TRUE (default value)
- Fixed or Flexible position	Flexible (default value)
- Timing offset	Not Present
Taning onset	Absence of this IE is equivalent to default value 0
	processes of this in is equivalent to detault value 0

# PAGING TYPE 1 (STEP 3)

Information Element	Value/remark	
Message Type		

Paging record list		
-Paging record		
- CHOICE Used paging identity	Utran-Identity	
-U-RNTI	•	
-SRNC-Identity	'00000000001'B	
-S-RNTI	'0000000000000000001'B	
BCCH modification info	Not Present	

#### CELL UPDATE (STEP 4):

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Cell update cause	paging response	

### CELL UPDATE CONFIRM (STEP 4):

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	6

## 7.11.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.11.3 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in table 7.11.4. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table E.3.3.1 of Annex E. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

Table 7.11.3: Parameters for PCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Number of paging indicators per frame (Np)	-	7:	2
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	0
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-0.6	-2.3
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3

Table 7.11.4: Test requirements for PCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	PICH_Ec/lor	Pm-p
1	-14.8	-19	0.01
2	-9.8	-12	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 7.12 Detection of Acquisition Indicator (AI)

# 7.12.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics of Acquisition Indicator (AI) are determined by the probability of false alarm Pfa and probability of correct detection Pd. Pfa is defined as a conditional probability of detection of AI signature given that a AI signature was not transmitted. Pd is defined as a conditional probability of correct detection of AI signature given that the AI signature is transmitted.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 4 and later releases.

## 7.12.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.12.1 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not exceed the specified values in table 7.12.2. Power of downlink channels other than AICH is as defined in Table E.3.3.1 of Annex E.

Table 7.12.1: Parameters for AI detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Number of other transmitted Al signatures on AICH	-	0
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-22.0
AICH Power Offset	dB	-12.0
Propagation condition	-	Static

Note that AICH\_Ec/Ior can not be set. Its value is calculated from other parameters and it is given for information only. (AICH\_Ec/Ior = AICH Power Offset + CPICH\_Ec/Ior)

Table 7.12.2: Test requirements for Al detection

Test Number	Pfa	1-Pd
1	0.01	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.13.1.

## 7.12.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability of false detection of AI (Pfa) and average probability of missed AI (1-Pd) do not exceed specified values.

## 7.12.4 Method of test

#### 7.12.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- 2) Set the test parameters for test 1 as specified in tables 7.12.4 and 7.12.5. Power of downlink channels other than AICH are as defined in Table E.3.3.1 of Annex E.

Table 7.12.3 UE parameters for AI test

Parameter	Unit	Set 1	Set 2
Maximum number of preamble ramping cycles(Mmax)		2	2
Maximum number of preambles in one preamble cycle (preamble retrans max)		32	12
Back-off time (Tb01=10ms*NB01) (NB01min=NB01max=10)	ms	100	100
Power ramp step when no acquisition indicator is received (power offset p0)	dB	1	3

Table 7.12.4 SS parameters for AI test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-82
SIR in open loop power	dB	-10
control (Constant value)		

See reference TS25.331 [8] clause 8.5.7 Open loop power control to calculate Pinitial. See also reference TS25.214 [5] subclause 6 step 6.3.

#### 7.12.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) The SS and the UE shall perform location registration procedure as specified in TS34.108 [3] clause 7.2.2. UE parameters are set as defined in table 7.12.3 Set 1.
- 3) SS sends the Paging type 1 message in idle mode with used paging identity being a CN identity and including the UE's assigned IMSI.
- 4) UE starts transmitting RACH preambles at level P=Pinitial.
- 5) SS does not send AI. If UE sends a new preamble a success for calculating Pfa is recorded. This step is repeated until UE stops sending preambles. SS does not calculate Pfa for the first preamble of every preamble cycles.
- 6) UE stops sending preambles. If number of sent preambles in the preamble cycle < preamble\_retrans\_max a failure for calculating Pfa is recorded and test continues from step 3. If number of preamble cycles  $M \neq Mmax$ , a new preamble cycle is initiated and test continues from step 4. If number of preamble cycles M = Mmax then test continues from step 3.
- 7) Repeat steps 5-6 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.
- 8) UE parameters are set as defined in table 7.12.3 Set 2 by modification of system information block 5.
- 9) SS sends the Paging type 1 message in idle mode with used paging identity being a CN identity and including the UE's assigned IMSI.
- 10) UE starts transmitting RACH preambles.
- 11)SS responds with AI signature containing NACK in AICH.
- 12) If UE stops sending preambles, a success for calculating Pd is recorded. If UE does not stop sending preambles, a failure for calculating Pd is recorded.
- 13) Repeat steps 9-12 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE1

Information Element	Value/remark
- UE timers and constants in idle mode	
- T300	1000 ms

### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
AICH Power Offset	-12

# 7.12.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.12.5 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not exceed the specified values in table 7.12.6. Power of downlink channels other than AICH are as defined in Table E.3.3.1 of Annex E.

Table 7.12.5: Parameters for Al detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Number of other transmitted AI signatures on AICH	-	0
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-0.6
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-22.0
AICH Power Offset	dB	-12.0
Propagation condition	-	Static

Table 7.12.6: Test requirements for AI detection

Test Number	Pfa	1-Pd
1	0.01	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8 Requirements for support of RRM

## 8.1 General

The cell configuration mapping between cells as defined in TS 34.121 and cells as defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 is described in Annex K.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

The MAC header transmission on HS-DSCH for all E-DCH test cases shall use a correct MAC-hs header consistent with the actual HSDPA transmission.

For HSDPA test cases without E-DCH, the MAC headers on HS-DSCH shall be according to Annex C.9A.

The DL and UL RLC SDU size for all E-DCH tests in clause 8 shall be set according to Annex C.11.3.

For MBMS test cases which require invalid MAC header to be transmitted during the test, the configuration of invalid MAC header for MTCH transmission shall use the value "1111" for the MBMS-Id field. The UE shall discard PDU's with this invalid MAC header according TS 25.321[13] section 10.

For the UE which supports both Band I and Band VI operating frequencies, the inter-frequency requirements for Band VI shall apply to the multi-band UE by measuring a Band I frequency while in Band VI to prevent interference. Otherwise, the Band VI inter-frequency requirements cannot be tested.

Parameters given in table 8.1 will be used throughout this section, unless otherwise stated by the test case.

Table 8.1: Test parameters for UTRAN Cell (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	UTRAN Cells
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115

# 8.1.1 Definition of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) Interferer

See clause D.1.1.

## 8.2 Idle Mode Tasks

## 8.2.1 Cell Selection

Void.

### 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection

## 8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case

## 8.2.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.2.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ , where:

 $T_{evaluateFDD}$  See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by

the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.2 and A.4.2.1.

## 8.2.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.2.2.1.4 Method of test

8.2.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.2.2.1.1 to 8.2.2.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.2.1.1: Scenario 1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE 1 - CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information		-	00 80(H) → Cell 1 00 81(H) → Cell 2	This identity should be set as different value from the neigbour cell so that a Location Updating procedure(MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure(GMM) is performed when UE selects more suitable cell in idle state.
	Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell reselection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell reselection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.2.2.1.2: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection single carrier multi cell

Parameter	Unit	Cel	l 1	Се	II 2	Cel	Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel1	Char	Channel1		Channel1		Channel1 Channel1 Cha		Channel1 Channel1		Channel1		nel1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	10	-1	0		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15	-1	5		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0,9	41	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7,3	10,27	10,27	7,3	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4		
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39		
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3,84 MHz						-7	70							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23			
Propagation Condition							AW	'GN							
Cell_selection_and_reselection_		CPICH E	'NI <sub>o</sub>	CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E	/NI <sub>o</sub>	CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀			
quality_measure				CFICITE (NO											
Qqualmin	dB	-2		-2		-20		-20		-20		-20			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11			15		-115		-115		15	-115			
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2		2	1	2	-	2	•	2		2			
		C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C		C4, (			C1: 0		C1: 0		
		C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C		C4, (		C5, 0		C6, 0			
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C		C4, (		C5, 0		C6, 0			
		C1, C		C2, C5: 0		C3, C		C4, (			C4: 0	C6, 0			
		C1, C	6: 0	C2, C6: 0		C3, C	C3, C6: 0		C6: 0	C5, (	C6: 0	C6, (	C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	0		(		C		(		`	)	(			
Treselection	S	0		(	)	C	)	(	)	0		0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	ent	not	sent	not s	sent	not :	sent	not :	not sent		sent		

NOTE 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.2.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.2.2.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a first registration procedure on cell2.
- 4) 15 s after step 3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2 in table 8.2.2.1.3.
- 5) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 1 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T2 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell1.
- 6) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to that as described for T1 in table 8.2.2.1.3.
- 7) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T1 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure(MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell 2.
- 8) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T1, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

### 8.2.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.2.2.1.3: Scenario 1: Test requirements for Cell re-selection single carrier multi cell

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Cel	Cell 2 Cell		Cell 3 Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6						
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2				
UTRA RF Channel Number		Cha	nnel1	Channel1		Channel1		Channel1		Channel1		Channel1					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-6	9.4	-9.	.4	-10	).5	-10	.5	-10	.5	-10	).5				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-11	.4	-12	2.5	-12	.5	-12	.5	-12	2.5				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-11	.4	-12	-12.5 -12.5		.5	-12.5		-12	2.5				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	4.4	-14	.4	-15	5.5	-15.5		-15.5		-15.5					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.10	-1.	10	-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.3	0.30		0	0.3	80	0.3	30				
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69	-69.7 -69.7		.7	-69	.7	-69	).7				
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3,84 MHz		-70														
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		.5 -23.5		-23	3.5

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.2.2.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

### 8.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Updating procedure(MM) or Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

#### 8.2.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ , where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub> See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by

the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.3 and A.4.2.2.

## 8.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.2.2.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.2.2.2.1 to 8.2.2.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1: Scenario 2: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in multi carrier case

P	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE 1 - CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information		-	00 80(H) → Cell 1 00 81(H) → Cell 2	This identity should be set as different value from the neigbour cell so that a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) is performed when UE selects more suitable cell in idle state.
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle le	ength	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	T1	S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
	T2	S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
NOTE: M	lonitored cell list size l	nas 6 cells	on 2 carriers. See Ani	nex I for the cell information.

Table 8.2.2.2: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell

Parameter	Unit	Cel	Cell 1 T1 T2		II 2	Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1			T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chan	Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		nel 2	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	41	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	<del>)</del> 41
$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} $	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or(Notel)}$	dBm	-73.39	-67.75	-67.75	-73.39	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3.84 MHz					-70				•		•	
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20 -20		20	-20		-20		
Propagation Condition							AW	GN					
Cell_selection_and_reselection_		CPICH	:H E₀/N₀ CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E√N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		
quality_measure										0 0			
Qqualmin	dB	-2		-2	_	-2		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11		-1°		-11		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2		2	-	2	-	2		21		2	•
		C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C		C4, 0		C5, 0		C6, 0	
		C1, C		C2, 0			C3, C2: 0		C4, C2: 0		C5, C2: 0		C2: 0
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C		C4, 0		C5, 0		C6, 0	
		C1, C		C2, C5: 0		C3, C		C4, C5: 0		C5, C4: 0		C6, 0	
		C1, C	6: 0	C2, C6: 0		C3, C	26: 0	C4, (	26: 0	C5, 0	26: 0	C6, 0	25: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		(		(		(	_
Treselection	S	0		(	)	0		(	)	0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	ent	not :	not sent		sent	not	sent	not sent		not	sent
Sintersearch	dB	not s	sent	not :	sent	not s	sent	not sent		not sent		not sent	

NOTE 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.2.2.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.2.2.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a first location registration procedure on cell2.
- 4) 30 s after step3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2 in table 8.2.2.2.3.
- 5) The SS waits for random access request from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 1 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T2 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell 1.
- 6) After another 15 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to that as described for T1 in table 8.2.2.2.3.
- 7) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T1 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell2.
- 8) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T1, the parameters are changed as described for T2.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

## 8.2.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

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Table 8.2.2.2.3: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell

Parameter	Unit	С	ell 1	С	ell 2		ell 3	С	ell 4	C	ell 5		Cell 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1	Channel	12	Channe	l 1	Channel	1	Channel	2	Channe	1 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3		-9.3		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3		-11.3		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3		-11.3		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3		-14.3		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.13		-1.13		-0.77		-0.77		-0.77		-0.77	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.2.2.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection

## 8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed

## 8.2.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

#### 8.2.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $26 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$ , where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $4*T_{measureGSM} + T_{BCCH}$ , where:

T<sub>measureGSM</sub> See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

T<sub>BCCH</sub> Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and

TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 or later releases.

According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when

being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 25.6 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 26 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.1.

### 8.2.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.2.3.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.2.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.1.1 to 8.2.3.1.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.3.1.1: Scenario 1: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

P	Parameter		Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final	Active cell		Cell2	
condition				
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	
Monitored	cell list size		12 GSM	NOTE: See Annex I for cell
			neighbours	information
			including the	
			ARFCN of	
			cell 2	
T1		S	45	
T2		S	35	

Table 8.2.3.1.2: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-5
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E <sub>0</sub> /N	0
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.1.3: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)		
Farameter	Onit	T1	T2	
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1		
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75	
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-1	04	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	3	3	
FDD_Qmin	dB	-1	4	
Qsearch_I	-	alw	ays	

### Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

#### 8.2.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 28 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) After 35 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.

9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

### 8.2.3.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.1.4: Scenario 1: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell	1 (UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0,928
$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} $	dB	0.3	-5.3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-12.8	-16.5
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-79.6	-85.4
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E	c/N <sub>0</sub>
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2:	0
Qhyst1	dB	0	•
Treselection	S	0	•
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.1.5: Scenario 1: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)			
Farameter	Ollit	T1	T2		
Absolute RF Channel Number		BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25] for the GSM band under test. BCCH ARFCN is 744 for FDD Band II and PCS1900 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 241 for FDD Band V or VI and GSM850 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 114 for FDD Band VIII and GSM900 under test.			
RXLEV	dBm	-91	-74		
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104			
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14			
Qsearch_I	-		always		

NOTE 1: CPICH\_Ec/Io and CPICH\_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed

## 8.2.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

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The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

#### 8.2.3.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $7.7~\mathrm{s} + T_{BCCH}$ , where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: Max (3\* T<sub>measureGDM</sub>, T<sub>measureGSM</sub>+DRX cycle length) + T<sub>BCCH</sub>, where:

See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.  $T_{\text{measureFDD}}$ 

 $T_{measureGSM}$ See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

DRX cycle 1.28s see Table A.4.7.A in TS 25.133 [2] clause A.4.3.2.

length

Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and  $T_{BCCH} \\$ 

TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when

being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 7.68 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 7.7 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.2.

#### 8.2.3.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.2.3.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.2.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.2.1 to 8.2.3.2.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.3.2.1: Scenario 2: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Р	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final	Active cell		Cell2	
condition				
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	DRX cycle length		1.28	
Monitored	cell list size		12 GSM	NOTE: See Annex I for cell
			neighbours	information
			including the	
			ARFCN of	
			cell 2	
T1		S	45	
T2		S	12	

Table 8.2.3.2.2: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (	UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	20	-9
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.0	-19.5
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-70	-100
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH E <sub>o</sub> /	N <sub>o</sub>
reselection_quality_measure		CI ICIT Lø	110
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.2.3: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80	-80
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

### Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

#### 8.2.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 9.7 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) After 12 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.

9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

### 8.2.3.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.2.4: Scenario 2: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	•
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0.941
$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} $	dB	20.3	-9.3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note1)	dB	-9.9	-19.9
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-70.6	-100.4
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E	c/N <sub>0</sub>
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: (	)
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.2.5: Scenario 2: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)			
		T1	T2		
Absolute RF Channel Number		conditions for the GS BCCH AR PCS1900 BCCH AR GSM850 L	FCN is 241 for FDD Band V or VI and under test. FCN is 114 for FDD Band VIII and		
RXLEV	dBm	-81	-79		
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104			
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			
Qsearch_I	-	always			

NOTE 1: CPICH\_Ec/Io and CPICH\_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.2.3.3 Scenario 3: HCS with only UTRA level changed

## 8.2.3.3.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

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The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for the combined FDD and GSM UE.

#### 8.2.3.3.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $37.7 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$ , where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 45.008 [30].

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $30 \text{ s} + T_{\text{measureGSM}} + DRX$  cycle length  $+ T_{\text{BCCH}}$ , where:

See Table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.  $T_{\text{measureFDD}}$ 

 $T_{measureGSM}$ See Table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

DRX cycle 1.28s see Table A.4.7.D in TS 25.133 [2] clause A.4.3.3. length

 $T_{BCCH} \\$ Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 45.008 [30].

According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when

being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 37.68 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 37.7 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.3.

#### 8.2.3.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.2.3.3.4 Method of test

8.2.3.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.3.1 to 8.2.3.3.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.3.3.1: Scenario 3: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Р	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final	Active cell		Cell2	
condition				
HCS				Used
DRX cycle	DRX cycle length		1.28	
Monitored	Monitored cell list size		12 GSM neighbours including the	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information
			ARFCN of cell 2	
T1		S	45	
T2		S	45	

Table 8.2.3.3.2: Scenario 3: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	30	10
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-100	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.0	-10.4
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-100
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH E <sub>0</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	
reselection_quality_measure			
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	0	
SHCS,RATm	dB	25	
S <sub>limit,SearchRAT</sub>	dB	0	
Penalty_time	S	0 (default value)	
HCS_PRIO		0 (default value)	
Qhcs		0 (default value)	
T <sub>Crmax</sub>	s	not used (default value)	

Table 8.2.3.3.3: Scenario 3: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)	
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80	-80
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

#### Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS45.008 [30] clause 9, with the above exceptions.

### 8.2.3.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.3.4 and 8.2.3.3.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.3.4 and 8.2.3.3.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 39.7 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.

- 6) After 45 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.3.4 and 8.2.3.3.5.
- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.3.4 and 8.2.3.3.5.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3], with the above and the following exceptions:

## SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE3

Information Element	Value
HCS Serving Cell Information	
-HCS PRIO	0
-Qhcs	0
-T <sub>CRmax</sub>	not used

### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value
HCS neighbouring Cell Information	
-HCS PRIO	0
-Qhcs	0
-HCS Cell RE-selection Information	
-Penalty_time	0

## 8.2.3.3.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.3.4: Scenario 3: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0.928	
$[\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}]$	dB	30.3	9.7	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-100		
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note1)	dB	-9.9	-10.5	
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-79.6	-100.4	
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		
Qqualmin	dB	-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0		
Qhyst1	dB	0		
Treselection	S	0		
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	0		
SHCS,RATm	dB	25		
Slimit,SearchRAT	dB	0		
Penalty_time	S	0 (default valu	e)	
HCS_PRIO		0 (default value)		
Qhcs		0 (default valu	e)	
T <sub>Crmax</sub>	S	not used (defa	ult value)	

Table 8.2.3.3.5: Scenario 3: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)			
		T1	T2		
Absolute RF Channel Number		BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25] for the GSM band under test.  BCCH ARFCN is 744 for FDD Band II and PCS1900 under test.  BCCH ARFCN is 241 for FDD Band V or VI and GSM850 under test.  BCCH ARFCN is 114 for FDD Band VIII and GSM900 under test.			
RXLEV	dBm	-81	-79		
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104			
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			
Qsearch_I	-	always			

NOTE 1: CPICH\_Ec/Io and CPICH\_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.2.4 FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

## 8.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the cell quality levels change to the moment when this change makes the UE reselect a better ranked cell, and starts to send the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on the new cell.

This test is for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a TDD cell.

The requirements and this test apply to UEs supporting both FDD and TDD.

### 8.2.4.1.1 3.84 Mcps TDD Option

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the cell quality levels change to the moment when this change makes the UE reselect a better ranked cell, and starts to send the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on the new cell.

This test is for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a 3.84Mcps TDD cell.

The requirements and this test apply to UEs supporting both FDD and 3.84Mcps TDD.

### 8.2.4.1.2 1.28 Mcps TDD Option

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the cell quality levels change to the moment when this change makes the UE reselect a better ranked cell, and starts to send SYNCH-UL sequence in the UpPTS for sending RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on the new cell.

This test is for the case where the UE camps on a FDD cell and reselects to a 1.28Mcps TDD cell.

The requirements and this test apply to UEs supporting both FDD and 1.28Mcps TDD.

## 8.2.4.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1,28 s. This shall be verified in more than 90 % of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.4 and A.4.4.

### 8.2.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a TDD cell.

## 8.2.4.4 Method of test

### 8.2.4.4.1 Initial conditions

### 8.2.4.4.1.1 3.84 Mcps TDD Option

This scenario implies the presence of UTRA FDD and 1 3.84Mcps TDD cell as given in tables 8.2.4.1, 8.2.4.2 and 8.2.4.3. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system information blocks that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.4.1: General test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

	Parameter	Unit Value Comment		Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	TDD cell
UE_T	XPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	Service Class (ASC#0) Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	HCS			Not used
	DRX cycle length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	T1	S	15	
	T2	S	15	

Table 8.2.4.2: Cell 1 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9	3
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-7	70
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-71	-77
Propagation Condition		AW	GN
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH	_Ec/No
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15
Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	(	)
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not	sent

Table 8.2.4.3: Cell 2 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Unit Cell 2			
DL timeslot number		0 8		3	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Char	nnel 2	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-:	3	n.	a.
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	-:	3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-	9	
SCH_t <sub>offset</sub>	dB		1	0	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-3.	.12	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-4	2	-4	2
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-77	-71	n.a.	n.a.
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	z -70			
Propagation Condition			AW	'GN	
Qrxlevmin	dBm		-1	03	
Qoffset2 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB		(	0	
Qhyst2	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			
NOTE: that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.					

## 8.2.4.4.1.2 1.28Mcps TDD Option

This scenario implies the presence of UTRA FDD and 1 1.28Mcps TDD cell as given in tables 8.2.4.1A, 8.2.4.2A and 8.2.4.3A. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system information blocks that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.4.1A: General test parameters for FDD/TDD cell re-selection

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final	Active cell		Cell2	TDD cell
condition				
UE_	TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Access	Access Service Class (ASC#0)		1	Selected so that no additional delay is
- F	Persistence value			caused by the random access procedure.
				The value shall be used for all cells in the
				test.
	HCS			Not used
	DRX cycle length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	T1	S	15	
	T2	S	15	

Table 8.2.4.2A: FDD/TDD cell re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Cel	l 1
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	)41
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9	3
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-71	-77
Propagation Condition		AW	GN
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_mea		CPICH_	_Ec/No
sure			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	15
Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not s	sent

Table 8.2.4.3A: Cell 2 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
DL timeslot number		C	)	Dw	PTs
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Char	nnel 2	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-;	3		
DwPCH _Ec/lor	dB			(	)
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-;	3		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-4	2	-4	2
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-77	-71		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 1.28 MHz	-70			
Propagation Condition			AW	'GN	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-103			
Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			

## 8.2.4.4.2 Procedures

- a) The SS activates cell 1 and cell 2 with T1 defined parameters and monitors them for random access requests from the UE.
- b) The UE is switched on.
- c) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE.

- d) After 15 s, the parameters are changed as described for T2.
- e) The SS waits for random access request from the UE.
- f) After another 15 s, the parameters are changed as described for T1.
- g) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE.
- h) Repeat step d) to g) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

## 8.2.4.5 Test requirements

- 1) In step c), after the UE has responded on cell 1, it shall not respond on any other cell (cell selection).
- 2) In step e), the UE shall respond on cell 2 within 8 s in more than 90 % of the cases.
- 3) In step g), the UE shall respond on cell 1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility

## 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

## 8.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The active set update delay of the UE is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying soft handover to the switch off of the old downlink DPCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

The active set update delay is defined as the time from when the UE has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message from UTRAN, or at the time stated through the activation time when to perform the active set update, to the time when the UE successfully uses the set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The active set update delay is depending on the number of known cells referred to in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message. A cell is known if it has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The active set update delay shall be less than 50+10\*KC+100\*OC ms, where

KC is the number of known cells in the active set update message.

OC is the number of cells that are not known in the active set update message.

If the UE have radio links in the active set that it can not use for data detection (due to low signal level), the UE shall at least every 150 ms search for the radio link.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.1.2 and A.5.1.1. The active set update delay shall be less than 60 ms in CELL\_DCH state when using test parameters as given in table 8.3.1.1.1.

### 8.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

### 8.3.1.4 Method of test

### 8.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.1.1.1 and 8.3.1.1.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.3.1.1.1: General test parameters for Soft handover

Para	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps and UL Auxiliary Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	DL Measurement Channel as specified in clause C.3.1 UL Auxiliary Measurement Channel as specified in clause C.6.3	
Power Control			On	
Target quality	value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting range	ge	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting dea threshold	ctivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigge	er	ms	0	
Filter coefficie	nt		0	
T0		S	10	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	3	
T3		S	0.5	
T4		ms	60	This is the requirement on active set update delay, see clause 8.3.1.2, where KC=1 and OC=0.
T5		ms	20	
T6		S	2	

Table 8.3.1.1.1A: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover (T0)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
		T0	T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	-0.94
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-Inf
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf
Propagation Condition		AWG	iN

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to Ior.

Table 8.3.1.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 1 Cell 2							
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-1(	)					-1	0	•	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12	2					-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12	2					-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-15	5					-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Not	te1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	No	te1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2		-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	Note2	Note2	No	te2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	2.91	2.91		2.91	2.91	-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.9	91
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz						-7	0					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-14	-1	4	-14	-14	-Inf	-14	-14	-14	-1	4
Propagation Condition			AWGN										
Relative delay of	chips		{-148 148}										
paths received from		Note 4											
cell 2 with respect to													
cell 1		<u> </u>											

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

NOTE 3: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH\_Ec/lor of Cell 1 at the end of T2.

NOTE 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within ±148 chip.

#### 8.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.3.1.1.2A.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters and test loop mode 2 is used. See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test. 10 seconds after call setup is completed, the power settings will be set according to T1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after power settings have been changed to T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN observed time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 7) At the beginning of T3 the downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 8) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now", adding cell 2 to the active set. The start of T4 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message.
- 9) At the beginning of T5 the DPCH from cell 1 shall be switched off.
- 10) The UE downlink BLER shall be measured during time period T6.
- 11) If the UE sends a Cell Update message with the cell update cause as radio link failure, the SS shall re-establish the radio link on the first cell and shall continue the test. The BLER values measured for this loop will be discarded while maintaining the BLER values measured for the previous loops,
  - NOTE: The Radio link could be setup either by switching off the UE and restarting the test or by reestablishing the Radio Link directly using additional signalling procedures. However this decision is left upto the the SS manufacturer
- 12) After step10 has completed, the DPCH from cell 1 shall be switched on. The SS shall send ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now" to remove cell 2 from the active set. The RF parameters will be set according to T1.
- 13) BLER is measured during concatenated time periods T6.Repeat step 4-12 until the confidence level for BLER is achieved. This is defined in annex F.6.1.10.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (step 3):

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information list	1	
- Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information		
- Downlink transport channel type	DCH	
- DL Transport channel identity	10	
- CHOICE DL parameters	Same as UL	
- Uplink transport channel type	DCH	
- UL TrCH Identity	5	
- DCH quality target	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Valuo/Nomain
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.30)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W	Not Present 1.0
-vv -Hysteresis	0 dB
-nysteresis -Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	<u> </u>
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

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Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting

## ACTIVE SET UPDATE message (step 8):

Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type	Message Type		
UE information elements			
-RRC transaction identifier	RRC transaction identifier 10.3.3.36	0	
-Integrity check info	Integrity check info 10.3.3.16		
-message authentication code		SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number		SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	Not Present	
-Activation time	Activation time 10.3.3.1	"now".	
-New U-RNTI	U-RNTI 10.3.3.47	Not Present	
CN information elements			
-CN Information info	CN Information info 10.3.1.3	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements			
Uplink radio resources			
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.39	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources			
-Radio link addition information	Radio link addition information 10.3.6.68	Radio link addition information required for each RL to add	
-Primary CPICH info	Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60	Same as defined in cell2	

Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark	Version
-D7ownlink DPCH info for each RL	Downlink DPCH info for		
	each RL 10.3.6.21		
-CHOICE mode			
-FDD			
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH usage for	Primary CPICH may be	
estimation	channel estimation 10.3.6.62	used	
-DPCH frame offset	Integer(038144 by step of 256)	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
-Secondary CPICH info	Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code			
-Secondary scrambling code	Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	Integer(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512)	128	
-Code number	Integer(0Spreading factor - 1)	96	
-Scrambling code change	Enumerated (code change, no code change)	No code change	
-TPC combination index	TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	SSDT Cell Identity 10.3.6.76	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Integer(1, 2)	Not Present	,
-TFCI combining indicator	TFCI combining indicator 10.3.6.81	FALSE	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	SCCPCH Information for FACH 10.3.6.70	Not Present	
Radio link removal information		Radio link removal	
		information required for	
		each RL to remove	
-Radio link removal information	Radio link removal information 10.3.6.69	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	TX Diversity Mode 10.3.6.86	None	
-SSDT information	SSDT information 10.3.6.77	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

## ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information	1	
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as defined in cell2	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only

#### 8.3.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.1.1.2A: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover (T0)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2			
		T0	T0			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	-1.13			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-Inf			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84	=	70			
	MHz					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-Inf			
Propagation Condition		AWGN				
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.						

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{or}$ .

Table 8.3.1.1.3: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1					Cell 2					
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-9.3						-9.3			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.3	3					-11.3	}		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.3	3					-11.3	}		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-14.3	3					-14.3	}		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Not	e1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	Note1	
OCNS		Note2	Note2	Not	e2	-1.13	-1.13	-1.13	-1.13	Note2	Note2	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	2.91	2.9	91	2.91	2.91	-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3 .84 MHz					1	-7	70				1	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-13.3	-13	3.3	-13.3	-13.3	-Inf	-13.3	-13.3	-13.3	-13	.3
Propagation Condition			AWGN										
Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1	chips		{-147.5 147.5} Note 4										
	l level is c	ontrolled b	by the pow	er contro	ol loop								

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to Ior

NOTE 3: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH\_Ec/lor of Cell 1 at

the end of T2.

NOTE 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within -147.5 ... 147.5 chip.

The average measured quality on the DTCH of the UE downlink during T6 shall be BLER = $0.01\pm30\%$ . (The final BLER shall be achieved by integrating over a number of repetitions of procedure step 10).

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

## 8.3.2.1 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to intra-frequency cell

## 8.3.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay of the UE is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

### 8.3.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The interruption time shall be less than 110 ms in CELL\_DCH state in the single carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay  $D_{handover}$  equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.2.2.2 as follows:

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPDCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCCH, is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than Tinterrupt1

For Release 99, Release 4 and Release 5 T<sub>interrupt1</sub> is the following equation:

 $T_{interrupt1} = T_{IU} + 40 + 20 * KC + 150 * OC + 10 * F_{max} ms$ 

where:

 $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).

KC is the number of known target cells in the message, and

OC is the number of target cells that are not known in the message.

 $F_{max}$  denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

NOTE: The figure 40 ms is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 clause 4.3.1.2.

For Release 6 and later releases T<sub>interrupt1</sub> is the following equation:

$$T_{interrupt1} = T_{IU} + T_{sync} + 20*KC + 150*OC + 10*F_{max} ms$$

where

 $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).

KC is the number of known target cells in the message, and

OC is the number of target cells that are not known in the message.

 $F_{\text{max}}$  denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

 $T_{sync}$  is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 section 4.3.1.2. In case higher layers indicate the usage of a post-verification period  $T_{sync}$ =0 ms. Otherwise  $T_{sync}$ =40 ms.

In the interruption requirement  $T_{interrupt1}$  a cell is known if it has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.2.2 and A.5.2.1.

### 8.3.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.3.2.1.4 Method of test

### 8.3.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.3.2.1.1 to 8.3.2.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed timed difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 1A. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the Physical Channel reconfiguration message.

N312 shall have the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

Table 8.3.2.1.1: General test parameters for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Parar	neter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH paramete	rs		DL and UL Reference	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
			Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control			On	
Target quality v	alue on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting rang	е	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting dead threshold	ctivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	r	ms	0	
Filter coefficien	t		0	
T1		S	5	
T2	T2 s		≤5	
T3	-	S	1	

Table 8.3.2.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	6.	6.97		5.97		
$\hat{I}_{or(Note4)}$	dBm	-70.00	-63	3.03	-Infinity	-64	1.03	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3. 84			-	70			
	MHz							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			-Infinity	-1	14	
Propagation Condition				AV	VGN			

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{or}$ .

NOTE 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 4: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4. Data shall be sent on the DTCH throughout the call.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 5) 5 seconds after step 4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time set to "now". The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.

- 8) The SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 9) If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 190 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 10) After 1 seconds from the beginning of time period T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11) Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Damania
Message Type (10.2.17)	Value/Remark
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	ľ
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33) -Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	INOL FIESEIIL
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria	Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting
·	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	Event 1A Monitored set cells
-ringgering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-Vens forbidden to affect Reporting Range	1.0
-vv -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	, ,
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
mossage admentisation code	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
-NNC message sequence number	internal counter.	
Integrity protection made info	Not Present	
-Integrity protection mode info		
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	"now"	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
Uplink radio resources	Dame downlink DAM ON as used for cell 2	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)		
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)	EDD	
-CHOICE mode	FDD (20 IP)	
-DPCCH power offset	-40 (-80dB)	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1	
- TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)	
-Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)	
-Spreading factor	64	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)		
-Timing indicator	Initialise	
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	THOU I TOUGHT	
-DPC mode	0 (single)	
-DPC mode -CHOICE mode	0 (single) FDD	
-Power offset P <sub>Pilot-DPDCH</sub>	0 Not Propert	
-DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Fixed or Flexible Position	Fixed	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-CHOICE SF	128	

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	150	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0 Not Decode	D00 I D-I 4
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	- ,
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
<ul> <li>Intra-frequency measured results list</li> </ul>	
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
- SFN-SFN observed time difference	Checked that this IE is present
- Cell synchronisation information	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	100
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
- Cell synchronisation information	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code - CPICH Ec/N0	150
	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP - Pathloss	Checked that this IE is present Checked that this IE is absent
1 3.11.1333	
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is present

# 8.3.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90 % of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.2.1.3: Test requirements for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3	•		-9.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3			-14.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-1.13	-1.13	Note2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 4)}$	dB	0 7.0		-Infinity	6	5.0	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70.0	-70.0 -63.0		-Infinity	-6	4.0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3. 84 MHz			-	70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-12.3		-Infinity	-1	3.3
(Note 4)							
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

NOTE 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 4: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.3.2.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell

### 8.3.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.3.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The interruption time shall be less than 140 ms in CELL\_DCH state in the dual carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay  $D_{handover}$  equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.2.2.2 as follows:

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and the UE needs compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{interrupt2}$ 

For Release 99, Release 4 and Release 5 T<sub>interrupt2</sub> is the following equation:

$$T_{interrupt2} = T_{IU} + 40 + 50 * KC + 150 * OC + 10 * F_{max} ms$$

For Release 6 and later releases  $T_{\text{interrupt2}}$  is the following equation:

$$T_{interrupt2} = T_{IU} + T_{sync} + 50*KC + 150*OC + 10*F_{max} \text{ ms}$$

In the interruption requirement T<sub>interrupt2</sub> a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.2.2 and A.5.2.2.

8.3.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.2.2.4 Method of test

8.3.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.3.2.2.1 to 8.3.2.2.3 below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 2C. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the Physical Channel reconfiguration message.

N312 shall have the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

Table 8.3.2.2.1: General test parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Para	meter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parame	eters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Contro	ol		On	
Target quality	y value on	BLER	0.001	
Compressed	mode		A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.5.
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	
Final conditions	Active cell		Cell 2	
Threshold no frequency	on used	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W non-used	frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Time to Trigg	ger	ms	0	
Filter coeffici	ent		0	
T1	•	S	5	
T2	•	S	≤5	
T3	<u>-</u>	S	1	

Table 8.3.2.2.2: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1			Channel 2	
Number							
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15		-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB		0		-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or(Note4)}$	dBm		-70.0		-Infinity	-71.8	-71.8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3. 84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity		14	
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

- NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop
- NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>
- NOTE 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.
- NOTE 4: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 with Compressed mode parameters as in Table 8.3.2.2.1. Data shall be sent on the DTCH throughout the call.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 5) 5 seconds after step 4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time "now". The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 8) The SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 9) If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 220 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 10) After 1 seconds from the beginning of time period T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11) Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated belowabove shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, event 2C (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2 Satur
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Setup
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
Callinfo	8.3.2.2.2
- Cell info - Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not Present
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria	
-Filter coefficient	0 FDD
-CHOICE mode -Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	OT TOTAL CONTROL
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	On with no reporting
-UE autonomous update mode -CHOICE report criteria	On with no reporting  Inter-frequency measurement reporting
-onolog report ontend	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	omona
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity (10.3.7.14)	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W used frequency	Not Present

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual
	active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
frequency	
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	1
-Threshold non-used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

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# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type	Valao/Nomain	V 01 01011
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
3 1	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	"now"	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
>RB with PDCP information list	Not Present	
>>RB with PDCP information	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)		
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH power offset	-40 (-80dB)	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1	
- TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)	
-Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)	
-Spreading factor -TFCI existence	64 TRUE	
-Number of FBI bit -Puncturing Limit	Not Present(0)	
Downlink radio resources	1	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
Downlink i Door intoffiation	NOCE TOSOIIC	only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		O. IIIy
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)		
-Timing indicator	Initialise	
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	1100111	
-DPC mode	0 (single)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Power offset P <sub>Pilot-DPDCH</sub>	0	
-DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Fixed or Flexible Position	Fixed	
I MOU OF ETOMOTO E CONTOUT	i mod	ı l

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-CHOICE SF	128	
-Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	1	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- TGCFN	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	Not Present	
configuration parameters		
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
,		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	250	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
,		only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
3( * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		,
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	,
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	2
Measured Results	
<ul> <li>Inter-frequency measured results</li> </ul>	
- Frequency Info	Checked that this IE is present
<ul> <li>Inter-freqcell measured results list</li> </ul>	
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
<ul> <li>Cell synchronisation information</li> </ul>	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	250
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
- Pathloss	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is present

#### 8.3.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.2.2.3: Test requirements for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1			Channel 2		
Number								
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.2			-9.2		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.2			-11.2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.2			-11.2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.2			-14.2		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-1.16	-1.16	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 4)}$	dB		0		-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm		-70.0		-Infinity	-71.8	-71.8	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3. 84 MHz			-	70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-12.2		-Infinity	-13	3.2	
(Note 4)								
Propagation		AWGN						
Condition								

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

NOTE 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 4: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

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## 8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover

## 8.3.3.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and TDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

### 8.3.3.2 Minimum requirement

The hard handover delay shall be less than 110 ms in CELL\_DCH state in the dual carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay  $D_{handover}$  equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.3.2.2 as follows:

If FDD/TDD handover is commanded, the interruption time shall be less than:

$$T_{interrupt} = T_{offset} + T_{UL} + 30*F_{SFN} + 20*KC + 180*UC + 10*F_{max} \ ms$$

where.

T <sub>offset</sub>	Equal to 10 ms, the frame timing uncertainty between the old cell and the target cell and the time that can elapse until the appearance of a Beacon channel
$T_UL$	Equal to 10 ms, the time that can elapse until the appearance of the UL timeslot in the target cell
$F_{SFN}$	Equal to 1 if SFN decoding is required and equal to 0 otherwise
KC	Equal to 1 if a known target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
UC	Equal to 1 if an unknown target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
F <sub>max</sub>	Denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

An inter-frequency TDD target cell shall be considered known by the UE, if the target cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.3.2 and A.5.3.2.

## 8.3.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

## 8.3.3.4 Method of test

#### 8.3.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.3.2.2.1 and 8.3.2.2.2 below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The Primary CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3. The RRC procedure delay is defined in TS 25.133 [2].

The UL DPCH in cell 2 shall be transmitted in timeslot 10.

Table 8.3.3.1: General test parameters for Handover to TDD cell

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment				
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.3.1				
			Channel 12.2 kbps	and in TS 34.122 clause C.2.2				
Power (	Control		On					
Target quality v	alue on DTCH	BLER	0.001					
Compress	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.5				
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell				
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell				
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	TDD cell				
C	)	dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.				
Hyste	resis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C				
Time to	Trigger	ms	0					
Threshold non-used frequency		dBm	-75	Applicable for Event 2C				
Filter co	efficient		0					
Monitored of	cell list size		6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2					
T <sub>SI</sub>		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test				
T-	T1		5					
T2		S	15					
T:	3	S	1					

Table 8.3.3.2: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to TDD cell (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				
		T1, T2	T3			
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1				
Number		Channel				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	n.a.			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13				
Propagation Condition		AWGN				
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total						

power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Table 8.3.3.3: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to TDD cell (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2								
DL timeslot number		0		2			8			
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel		Oh ann al O								
Number		Channel 2								
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-3			n.a.		n.a.		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			n.a.		-3			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9		n.a.		-9				
SCH_t <sub>offset</sub>	dB	5		n.a.		5				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.		n.a. Note 1		n.a.				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.12		0 Note 2		-3.12				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-Inf	6	6	-Inf		6	-Inf	6	1
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-Inf -67 n.a. n.a.								
	dBm/3,									
$I_{oc}$	84	-70								
	MHz									
Propagation Condition		AWGN								

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.

#### 8.3.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 with Compressed mode parameters as in Table 8.3.2.2.1. Data shall be sent on the DTCH throughout the call.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C.
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time "now".
- 8) After 10 seconds, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2. If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 110 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 1 seconds, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11) Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, event 2C (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	inter requeries measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.10) -Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	HOLI IGOGIIL
-inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18) -CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
	inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria -Filter coefficient	
	0 ITDD
-CHOICE mode	1. – –
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	Primary CCPCH RSCP
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	544.05
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Proposed TGSN reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-
	used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
frequency	·
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
ONOIGE report uniona	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	ontona .
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity (10.3.7.14)	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Depart cells within acceptant 1
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non- used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
frequency	
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	1
-Threshold non-used frequency	-80 dBm
-W non-used frequency	
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element  Message Type  UE Information Elements -RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counterIntegrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info -Ciphering mode info -Atticution time	
UE Information Elements -RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-IRRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counterIntegrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info  Not Present	
-RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -Integrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info  Not Present	
-Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info  Not Present	
-message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info  Not Present	
message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info  message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  Not Present  Not Present	
leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info    SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.   Not Present   Not Present	
most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info  Not Present  Not Present	;
-RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counterIntegrity protection mode info  Ciphering mode info  Not Present  Not Present	;
-Integrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info Not Present Not Present	
-Integrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info Not Present Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info Not Present	
-Activation time   "now"	
-New U-RNTI Not Present	
-New C-RNTI Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient Not Present	
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity Not Present	
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info  Not Present	
-RB with PDCP information list Not Present	
-RB with PDCP information Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	
-CHOICE mode TDD	
-UARFCN (Nt) Same UARFCN as used for cell 2	
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power 33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)	
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)	
-CHOICE mode	
-CHOICE <i>TDD option</i> 3.84 Mcps TDD	
-UL Target SIR Not Present	
-CHOICE UL OL PC info Individually signalled	
-CHOICE TDD option 3.84 Mcps TDD	
-Indivdual Timeslot interference info	
-Individual timeslot interference (10.3.6.38)	
-Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
-CHOICE TDD option 3.84 Mcps TDD	
-Timeslot number 10	
- UL Timeslot Interference -90 dBm	
-CHOICE mode TDD	
-Uplink timing advance control (10.3.6.96)	
-CHOICE Timing Advance Disabled	
-UL CCTrCH list 1	
-UL Target SIR TBD dB	
-Time Info (10.3.6.83)	
-Activation Time "now"	
-Duration Infinite	
-Common timeslot info Not Present	
-Uplink DPCH timeslots and codes (10.3.6.94)	
-Dynamic SF Usage False	
-First individual timeslot info (10.3.6.37)	
-Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
-CHOICE TDD option 3.84 Mcps	
-Timeslot number 10	
-TFCI existence True	
-Midamble shift and burst type (10.3.6.41)	
-CHOICE TDD option 3.84 Mcps	
-CHOICE Burst Type Type 1	
-Midamble Allocation Mode Default	

Information Element	Value/Remark
-Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3	16
-Midamble shift	Not present
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-First timeslot code list	1
-Channelisation code	8/1
-CHOICE more timeslots	No more timeslots
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Downlink information common for all radio links (10.3.6.24)	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	
-Timing indicator	Initialise
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-TPC Step size	1 dB
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0
-Downlink information per radio link list	1
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH info (10.3.6.57)	
- CHOICE mode	TDD
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- CHOICE sync case	Case 2
- Timeslot	0
- Cell parameters ID	20
- SCTD indicator	False
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
- DL CCTrCH list	1
-TFCS ID	Not Present
-Time Info (10.3.6.83)	
-Activation Time	"now"
-Duration	Infinite
-Common timeslot info	Not Present
- Downlink DPCH timeslots and codes (10.3.6.32)	
- First individual timeslot info (10.3.6.37)	
- Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- Timeslot number	2
- TFCI existence	True
- Midamble shift and burst type (10.3.6.41)	
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- CHOICE Burst Type	Type 1
- Midamble Allocation Mode	Default
<ul> <li>Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3</li> </ul>	16
- Midamble shift	Not present
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- First timeslot channelisation codes (10.3.6.17)	
- CHOICE codes representation	Consecutive codes
- First channelisation code	16/1
- Last channelisation code	16/2
- CHOICE more timeslots	No more timeslots
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

## 8.3.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied NOTE: for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

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#### Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM 8.3.4

#### 8.3.4.1 Definition and applicability

The UTRAN to GSM cell handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission on the channel of the new RAT.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

#### 8.3.4.2 Minimum requirement

The UE shall begin to send access bursts on the new DCCH of the target cell less than 100 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The test requirement in this case is expressed as:

 $= 90 \text{ ms} \text{ (Table 8.3.4.1)} + T_{\text{offset}} + T_{\text{III}}$ T<sub>Handover delay</sub>

Equal to 4.65 ms, GSM timing uncertainty between the time from when the UE is ready to Toffset:

transmit until the start of the next time-slot in GSM 26 multiframe structure

Equal to 4.65 ms, the time the UE has to wait in case the next timeslot is an idle frame or a  $T_{UL}$ :

SACCH frame.

This gives a total of 99.3 ms, allow 100 ms in the test case.

Table 8.3.4.1: FDD/GSM handover - handover delay

UE synchronisation status	handover delay [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	90
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before the	190
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

Table 8.3.4.2: FDD/GSM handover - interruption time

Synchronisation status	Interruption time [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	40
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before the	140
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.4.2 and A.5.4.

#### 8.3.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.4.4 Method of test

8.3.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

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The test parameters are given in table 8.3.4.3, 8.3.4.4 and 8.3.4.5 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3C shall be used.. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

The UTRAN shall send a HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND with activation time "now". In the GSM Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI, containing the HO command.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table 8.3.4.3.

Table 8.3.4.3: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		Conversational / speech / UL:12.2 DL:12.2 kbps / CS RAB + UL:3.4 DL:3.4 kbps	As specified in TS 34.108 clause 6.10.2.4.1.4
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Compressed mode patterns			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
- GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in clause C.5, table C.5.2
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		Pattern 2	As specified in clause TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
- GSM BSIC re- confirmation		Pattern 2	As specified in clause TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information . The information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
T Reconfirm abort		5.5	Based on TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8, rounded up due to 0.5 seconds quantization, as specified in section 10.3.6.33 of TS 25.331 [8]
T1	S	20	
T2	S	5	
T3	s	1	

Table 8.3.4.4: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)
		T1, T2, T3
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
NOTE 1: The DPCH leve	I is controlled by the nowe	r control loop

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ .

Table 8.3.4.5: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)	
		T1	T2, T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-75

#### 8.3.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to T1 in Table 8.3.4.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.7. For UEs that require compressed mode, the compressed mode parameters are configured as in the table 8.3.4.3. The compressed mode shall remain inactive. Data shall be sent on the DTCH on the UTRA cell throughout the call.
- 4) The RF parameters for cell 2 are set up according to T1 in Table 8.3.4.6 and the SS configures a traffic channel.
- 5) The start of T1 is TTI aligned.
- 6) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 7) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 8) The SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 9) At the T1-T2 transition, the SS shall switch the power of cell 2 as in Table 8.3.4.6.
- 10) The UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C.
- 11) The SS shall transmit a HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message with activation time "now" and indicating the traffic channel of the target GSM cell to the UE through DCCH of the serving UTRAN cell. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI, containing the HANDOVER command.
- 12) The UE shall transmit a burst on the traffic channel of cell 2 implying that it has switched to the GSM cell. The UE sends a HANDOVER ACCESS message. If the UE transmits access bursts on the new DCCH of the target cell less than 100 ms from the beginning of time period T3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one
- 13) At the end of T3 SS shall end the call and UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE
- 14) Repeat step 1-13 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter Rat measurement (step 6):

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Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.22)		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
-message authentication code		
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	110111100111	
	Not Dropont	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	<b>.</b>	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
(10.3.6.18)	Not i rocom	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)	(1/2 = 2000)	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(1/3 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	mode 0	The and the Tolly
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
<ul> <li>-Uplink compressed mode method</li> </ul>	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(2/3 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	2	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
1 O Otatas riag	dodolivato	1

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	***************************************	
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	gsm-initialBSICIdentification	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	8	
-TGPL2	Not Present	
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2 SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	B	
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	66	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(3/3 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	3	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM BSIC re-confirmation	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	8 Not Decoup	
-TGPL2 -RPP	Not Present	
-RPP -ITP	mode 0 mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	5.5	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
(10.3.6.27)	FDD	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)	100	
-Primary scrambling code	Not Propert	POO and Dat 4 and
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43) -Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-DOWNINK DPCH INIO IOI Each RL (10.3.6.21) -CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
DI OTTIMINO ORGEL	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code	1.1317 1000110	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
	1	ı

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Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

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## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 8):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message aumentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-NNO message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Cotup
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	inter-txx i measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27) -Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	Not i lesent
-Measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)  -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(10.3.7.38) -Filter coefficient	0
	0 FDD
-CHOICE mode	
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	0 Description
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	EALOE
- UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
- CHOICE system	GSM
- Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting indicator	FALSE
- GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	
-Parameters required for each event	1 -
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual
	active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Active (for all three patterns specified in
	table 8.3.4.3)

# HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message (step 11):

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type (10.2.15)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code  -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Activation time	now
RB information elements	
-RAB information list	1
-RAB Info	
- RAB identity	0000 0001B
	The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string
	contains the most significant bit of the RAB
	identity.
- CN domain identity	CS domain
- NAS Synchronization Indicator	Not present
- Re-establishment timer	Use T315
Other information elements	
-CHOICE System type	GSM
-Frequency Band	Set to "GSM/ PCS 1900" if GSM/ PCS 1900
	is used in this test. Otherwise set to
	"GSM/DCS 1800 Band"
-CHOICE GSM message	Single GSM message
-Single GSM message	GSM HANDOVER COMMAND formatted and coded according to GSM specifications as BIT STRING (1512). The first/ leftmost/most significant bit of the bit string contains bit 8 of the first octet of the GSM message. The contents of the HANDOVER COMMAND see next table.

## HANDOVER COMMAND

Information Element (GSM)	Value/remark	Version
Protocol Discriminator	RR Management.	
Skip Indicator	0000	
Message Type	00101011	
Cell Description - Network Colour Code - Base station Colour Code - BCCH Carrier Number	1 5 BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25] for the GSM band under test. BCCH ARFCN is 744 for FDD Band II and PCS1900 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 241 for FDD Band V or VI and GSM850 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 114 for FDD Band VIII and GSM900 under test.	
Channel Description 2  - Channel Type and TDMA offset  - Timeslot Number  - Training Sequence Code  - Hopping  - ARFCN	TCH/F + FACCH/F and SACCH/F Chosen arbitrarily by the test house, but not Zero. Chosen arbitrarily by the test house. Single RF channel. BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25] for the GSM band under test. BCCH ARFCN is 744 for FDD Band II and PCS1900 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 241 for FDD Band V or VI and GSM850 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 114 for FDD Band VIII and GSM900 under test.	
Handover Reference	Change arbitrarily by the test bayes	
- Handover Reference Value  Power Command and ACCESS Type - ATC - EPC_mode - FPC	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.  0 0 0	REL-5 R99 and
- EPC_FPC - Power level	0 Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	REL-4 only REL-5
Synchronization Indication	Not present.	
Channel Mode	speech full rate or half rate version 1	
All other information elements	Not present.	

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter-RAT test cases

This message is common for all inter RAT-frequency test cases and is described in Annex I.

## 8.3.4.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.4.6: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)					
Farameter	Offic	T1	T2, T3				
Absolute RF Channel Number		conditions in claus [25] for the GSM to BCCH ARFCN is PCS1900 under to BCCH ARFCN is and GSM850 under	744 for FDD Band II and est. 241 for FDD Band V or VI er test. 114 for FDD Band VIII and				
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-74				

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL FACH

## 8.3.5.1 One frequency present in neighbour list

## 8.3.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.3.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.6 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

If a cell has been detectable at least  $T_{identify,intra}$ , the cell reselection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a cell in the same frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection,intra}} = T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Intra}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Intra} = 200\ ms.$ 

 $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 $T_{SI}$  = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.  $T_{RA}$  is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 clause 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore  $T_{RA}$  in this test case is 40 ms.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.1 and A.5.5.1.

## 8.3.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state in the single carrier case

## 8.3.5.1.4 Method of test

## 8.3.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.1.1 to 8.3.5.1.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.5.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0)  – Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
T1		s	15 (initial), 5 (repetition)	
T2		s	5	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)).

#### Table 8.3.5.1.2: void

## Table 8.3.5.1.3:void

Table 8.3.5.1.4: Cell specific conditions for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cel	II 1	Ce	ell 2	Ce	I 3	Cel	I 4	Ce	ell 5	Cel	I 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel		Chan	nol 1	Char	nnel 1	Chan	nol 1	Chan	2011	Chai	nnel 1	Chan	nol 1	
Number		Crian	nen i	Criai	illei i	Crian	nei i	Criari	iei i	Criai	nnei i	Crian	ilei i	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		0	-	10	-1	0	-10		-	·10	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	-12		-12		-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		5		15		5	-1			15		5	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2		12	-1	2	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	295	-1.	295	-1.2		-1.2			.295	-1.2	295	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.2	27	0.2	27	0.	.27	0.2	27	
$\hat{I}_{or(Notel)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69	.73	-69.	73	-69	9.73	-69	.73	
	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-16   -13   -13		-16	-2	3	-2	3	-:	23	-2	-23	
Propagation Condition			AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_re selection_quality_mea sure		CPICH	I E₀/N₀	CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH	I E <sub>0</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH E₀/N₀		_	PICH √N₀	СРІСН	I E₀/N₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-2	0	-2	20	-2	0	-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	15	-1	15	-1°	15	-11	5	-1	115	-11	15	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_R ACH	dBm	2	1	2	21	2	1	21		2	21	21		
Qoffset 2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C C1, C C1, C	C1, C3: 0 C C1, C4: 0 C C1, C5: 0 C		2, C1: 0		02: 0 04: 0 05: 0 06: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0		C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0		C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	C	)	(	0	(	)	0			0	C	)	
Treselection	s	C	)		0	(	)	0			0	0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not s	ent	not	sent	not s	sent	
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		not s	sent	not	sent	not :	not sent not sent		not	sent	not s	sent		

NOTE 1: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

## 8.3.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with RF parameters set up according to T1 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in the CELL\_FACH state on Cell 2 and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 seconds at initial or 5 seconds for repeated case from completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.84 s, then the success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 5 s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After total of 5 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.1.5.

- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.84 s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s at initial or 5 s for repeated case from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved .
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore the cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.84 s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms). Specific Message Contents
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL\_FACH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
New C-RNTI	1010101010101010 B
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH

## 8.3.5.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.5.1.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	II 2	Ce	II 3	Cel	4	Cell	5	Cell	6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		nel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.4	-9	.4	-10	0.5	-10	.5	-10	.5	-10.	.5
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.4	-11	1.4	-12	2.5	-12	.5	-12	.5	-12.	.5
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.4	-11	1.4	-12.5		-12.5		-12	.5	-12.5	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	.4	-14	-14.4		5.5	-15	-15.5		-15.5		.5
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.4	-11	1.4	-12	2.5	-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	52	-1.	52	-1.	1.13 -1.13		-1.13		-1.13		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	7.0	10.4	10.4	7.0	0	.3	0.3	3	0.3	3	0.3	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69	9.7	-69	.7	-69	.7	-69.	.7
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3. 84 MHz						-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.	5

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.5.1.4 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

## 8.3.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.3.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

If a cell has been detectable at least  $T_{identify,inter}$ , the cell reselection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a FDD cell on a different frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{Measurement inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

T<sub>Measurement inter</sub> is 480 ms in this case

 $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 $T_{SI}$  = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.  $T_{RA}$  is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 clause 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore  $T_{RA}$  in this test case is 40 ms.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.2 and A.5.5.2.

## 8.3.5.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state in the single carrier case

## 8.3.5.2.4 Method of test

## 8.3.5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.2.1 to 8.3.5.2.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms

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Table 8.3.5.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0)  – Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
T1		S	15 (initial), 5 (repetition)	
T2		S	5	
NOTE: 1	Monitored cell list size has	6 cells on 2	carriers. See Annex I for the o	cell information.

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)).

Table 8.3.5.2.2:void

Table 8.3.5.2.3:void

Table 8.3.5.2.4: Cell specific conditions for Cell re-selection in CELL\_FACH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	Cell 1		Cell 2		II 3	Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Char	nel 2	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 2	Chan	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-12		-12		2	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-12		-12		-12		-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1.8	2.2	2.2	-1.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-71.85	-67.75	-67.75	-71.85	-76.85	-74.75	-76.85	-74.75	-74.75	-76.85	-74.75	-76.85
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz						-7	0					
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-15	-13	-13	-15	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20
Propagation Condition			AWGN										
Cell_selection_													
and_reselection_		CPICH	CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E <sub>0</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		$H E_0/N_0$
quality_measure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20		20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1 <sup>-</sup>	15	-1	15	-115		-1	15	-1 <sup>-</sup>	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_	dBm	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1
MAX_RACH	UDIII												
		C1, ( C1, (	23: 0	C2, (		C3, C	C2: 0	C4, 0 C4, 0	C2: 0	C5, C	C2: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0	
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, 0		C2, (		C3, C		C4, (		C5, 0			C3: 0
		C1, 0			C5: 0	C3, C		C4, (		C5, 0			C4: 0
01 10	ID.	C1, (			26: 0	C3, C		C4, (		C5, 0			C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB		)		)	C			)		)		<u>)                                    </u>
Treselection	S	`	)	`	)	(	<u> </u>	`	)	`	)	`	)
Sintrasearch	dB	not		not		not		not :		not			sent
Sintersearch	dB	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		se	nt	se	ent	se	nt	se	nt	Se	ent	se	ent
FACH Measurement occasion												+	
cycle length coefficient		3	3		3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3
Inter-frequency FDD		_				_							
measurement indicator		TR	UE	TR	UE	TR	UE	TRUE		TRUE		TRUE	
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FAL	.SE	FALSE		FALSE		FALSE		FALSE		FALSE	

NOTE 1: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in the CELL\_FACH state on Cell 2 and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 seconds at initial or 5 seconds for repeated case from completion of step3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 2.14 s, then the success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 5 s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After total of 5 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 2.14 s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s at initial or 5 s for repeated case from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore the cell re-selection delay shall be less than 2.14 s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms).
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms+1280ms).

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL\_FACH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
New C-RNTI	10101010101010 B
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH

## 8.3.5.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90 % of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.5.2.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL\_FACH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	I 1	Cel	II 2	Cel	I 3	Ce	II 4	Ce	II 5	Cel	I 6
·		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channe	el 1	Channe	el 2	Channe	el 1	Channe	el 1	Channe	el 2	Channe	el 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.4	-9	.4	-10	).7	-10	).7	-10	).7	-10	).7
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.4	-11	.4	-12	2.7	-12	2.7	-12	2.7	-12	2.7
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.4	-11	1.4	-12	2.7	-12.7		-12	2.7	-12.7	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4 -15.7		5.7	-15.7		-15.7		-15.7		
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.7 -1		-12	-12.7		-12.7		2.7
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	52	-1.	52	-1.	80	-1.	80	-1.	08	-1.0	08
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	-1.80	+4.64	+4.64	-1.80	-6.80	-3.16	-6.80	-3.16	-3.16	-6.80	-3.16	-6.80
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-71.8	-67.0	-67.0	-71.8	-76.8	-74.8	-76.8	-74.8	-74.8	-76.8	-74.8	-76.8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3 .84 MHz	-70.0	-71.6	-71.6	-70.0	-70.0	-71.6	-70.0	-71.6	-71.6	-70.0	-71.6	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-14.4	-11.6	-11.6	-14.4	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.5.2.4 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.3.5.3 Cell Reselection to GSM

## 8.3.5.3.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE starts to transmit the random access in Cell 2 (the GSM cell).

This requirements and this test apply to UE supporting FDD PS and GSM GPRS.

## 8.3.5.3.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $5.5 + T_{RA}$  s.

The rate of correct reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed

$$T_{\text{reselection, GSM}} = T_{\text{identify,GSM}} + T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} + 40 + T_{\text{BCCH}} + T_{\text{RA ms}}$$

where:

 $T_{identify,GSM}$  Specified in TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.4.2.5.2.1, here it is 2880 ms

T<sub>measurement, GSM</sub> Specified in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.5.2.1.4, here it is 640 ms

T<sub>BCCH</sub> According to TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases, the maximum

time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

 $T_{RA}$  The additional delay caused by the random access procedure in the GSM cell, is 10 ms (2 GSM

radio frames).

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.4 and A.5.5.3.

## 8.3.5.3.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state.

## 8.3.5.3.4 Method of test

## 8.3.5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.3.1 to 8.3.5.3.5. This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UTRAN cell and the GSM cell are set to belong to different location areas. The GSM cell shall be set up to allow the UE to transmit radio access bursts in every GSM radio frame. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 6 GSM cells. The GSM cell is configured as GSM only (GPRS not active).

Table 8.3.5.3.1: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Par	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
HCS				Not used
Neighbour cell list size			24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1		S	5	
T2		S	10	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)) .

Table 8.3.5.3.2: void

Table 8.3.5.3.3: void

Table 8.3.5.3.4: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (	UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	_
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1:	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1:	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	95
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-5
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-7	0
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13	-16.2
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85
Propagation Condition		AW	GN
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH	Ec/No
Qqualmin	dB	-2	0
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	5
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C	2: 0
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	Not s	sent
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		Se	nt
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3	
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		FAL	SE
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FAL	SE
Inter-RAT measurement indicators		Inclu	
>RAT type		GS	М

Table 8.3.5.3.5: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN	1
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

## Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

## 8.3.5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-2 with RF parameters set up according to T1 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.
- 2) The UE is switched on.

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- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.8 to place the UE in CELL\_FACH and the SS waits for this process to complete. T1 starts.
- 4) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.
- 5) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 5.51 s (=5.5 s +  $T_{RAS}$ ) from the beginning of time period T2 then a success is recorded and the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 10s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After 10 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.
- 8) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE on cell 1. The SS completes the routing area update procedure in UTRA. T1 starts.
- 9) Repeat step 4) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

## 8.3.5.3.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.5.3.6: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1) Test Requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (	UTRA)	
		T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1		
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.309	-1.282	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0.3	-5.3	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-7	0	
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-12.8	-16.5	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-79.6	-85.4	
Propagation Condition		AW	GN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH Ec/No		
Qqualmin	dB	-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	1	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0		
Qhyst1	dB	0		
Treselection	S	0		
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	Not sent		
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		Se	ent	
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3		
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		FAL		
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FAL	.SE	
Inter-RAT measurement indicators		Inclu		
>RAT type		GS	SM	

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Table 8.3.5.3.7: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2) Test Requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)				
		T1	T2				
Absolute RF Channel Number		BCCH ARFCN of cell A as a conditions in clause 26.6.5. the GSM band under test. BCCH ARFCN is 744 for FU under test. BCCH ARFCN is 241 for FU GSM850 under test. BCCH ARFCN is 114 for FU under test.	OD Band V or VI and				
RXLEV	dBm	-91	-74				
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-1	04				
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33					
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14					
Qsearch_I	-	alw	ays				

NOTE 1: CPICH\_Ec/No and CPICH\_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Note:

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.3.5.4 Cell Reselection during an MBMS session, one frequency present in neighbour list

## 8.3.5.4.1 Definition and applicability

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell identification for UEs in an MBMS PTM session and the required functionality on measurement occasions by use of a cell re-selection test case.

The requirements and this test apply to release 6 and later releases for FDD UE that supports MBMS.

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

## 8.3.5.4.2 Minimum requirements

The UE is requested to receive the MBMS service and monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.9s.

During T1 and T2 the MTCH SDU ER shall not exceed 4.0%.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay in this case is expressed as:

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{Measuremnt, inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms,}$$

where:

 $T_{Measuremnt, \, inter} \qquad Specified \ in \ TS \ 25.133 \ [2] \ section \ 8.4.2.3.2 \ as \ 480ms$ 

T<sub>identify, inter</sub>i Specified in TS 25.133 [2] section 8.4.2.3.1 as 2.72 s in this case, thus 3sec for T2 is sufficient for identification of cell 1.

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Note: The calculation based on the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH provides a measurement occasion of 20ms repeated every 80ms. As the MTCH TTI length is only 40ms this has to be shortened to a gap of 10ms

every 80ms, the re-selection delay is based upon.

T<sub>SI</sub>: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception

procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 [8] for a

UTRAN cell.1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

Note: Since 1280 ms is one of the typical values for repeating system information blocks, T<sub>SI</sub> of 1280 ms could

be increased by the RRC procedure delay in order to allow the SIB repetition period of 1280 ms.

 $T_{RA}$ :  $T_{RA}$  is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 [5]

section 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore  $T_{RA}$  in this test

case is 40 ms.

Note: The maximum allowed time to be used to perform the measurements for a UE in an MBMS session may

be smaller than the duration of the measurement occasion to fulfill the MBMS demodulation

performance.

This gives a total of 1.83 s, allow 1.9s in the test case.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.5.5.4.1.

## 8.3.5.4.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell identification for UEs in an MBMS PTM session and the required functionality on measurement occasions by use of a cell re-selection test case.

## 8.3.5.4.4 Method of test

## 8.3.5.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For the test parameters given in tables 8.3.5.4.4.1, 8.3.5.4.4.2, 8.3.5.4.4.3, 8.3.5.4.4.4, 8.3.5.4.4.5 and 8.3.5.4.4.6. The UE is requested to receive the MBMS service and monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.5.4.4.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH

Paramete	ŗ	Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class ( - Persistence value	(ASC#0)	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
MBMS preferred freque	ency layer			Not used
T1		S	15(initial), 5 (repetition)	
T2		S	3	
T3		S	3	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table 8.3.5.4.4.2 and Table 8.3.5.4.4.3.

Table 8.3.5.4.4.2: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_1 carrying the FACH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	Kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	Ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table 8.3.5.4.4.3: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_1

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	480
Transport Block Set Size	480
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Fixed

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the MTCH are defined in Table 8.3.5.4.4.4 and Table 8.3.5.4.4.5.

Table 8.3.5.4.4.4: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_2 carrying the MTCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	Kbps	960
Channel symbol rate	Ksps	480
Slot Format #I	-	14
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot	dB	0
fields relative to data field		

Table 8.3.5.4.4.5: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_2

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	2560
Transport Block Set Size	10240
Transmission Time Interval	40ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding
Coding Rate	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible

Table 8.3.5.4.4.6: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL\_FACH state

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1	•		Channel 2	•		
Number		Channel			Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15			
S-CCPCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
S-CCPCH_2_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			-6			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			Note 1			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	-3.37	0	0	0	-5	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	- infinity	-15	-13	-13	-13	-16.2	
Propagation Condition		AWGN	•			•	•	
Cell_selection_								
and_reselection_		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /	$N_0$		CPICH E₀/N₀			
quality_measure								
Qqualmin	dB	-20			-20			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			-115			
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21			21			
		C1, C2: 0			C2, C1: 0			
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	,			02, 01. 0			
Qhyst2	dB	0			0			
Treselection	S	0			0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			not sent			
IE "FACH								
Measurement		Sent			Sent			
occasion info"								
FACH Measurement								
occasion cycle length		2			2			
coefficient								
Inter-frequency FDD		TRUE			TRUE			
measurement indicator		INOL			INOL			
Inter-frequency TDD		FALSE			FALSE			
measurement indicator								
Note 1. The power of th	e OCNS ch	nannel that is	s added sh	nall make	the total pov	ver from the	e cell to be	

Note 1. The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T3, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

## 8.3.5.4.4.2 Procedure

## Initiation

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-2 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.5.4.5 and monitors cell 2 for random access requests from the UE. The SS broadcast the cell reselection parameters according to table 8.3.5.4.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on. The UE has selected the broadcast service provided by the SS (included in the MBMS\_ACTIVATED\_SERVICES VARIABLE).
- 3) Set up a call according to the generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10 to configure and activate an MBMS broadcast session, and transition to CELL\_FACH state on Cell 2. The SS waits for this procedure to be completed.
- 4) Initiate the variables N\_UEOK\_T1\_TEMP, N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP, N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC, N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC, N\_SS\_T1\_ACC, N\_SS\_T2\_ACC to 0. (The variables N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC, N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC, N\_SS\_T1\_ACC, N\_SS\_T2\_ACC shall not be initiated when returning back from step 17.)

**T1** 

- 5) Start T1, and simultaneously start transmitting valid MAC headers on MTCH.
- 6) After 5 s (15 s in the first iteration) from the start of T1, start transmitting invalid MAC headers on MTCH and store N\_SS\_T1.

#### Read out UE counter

Note: Steps 7 to 10 below implies that the duration of T1 is longer than specified in the core requirement. The active measurement period is however correct.

- 7) The SS sends a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message.
- 8) The UE to respond by a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message reporting the number of received RLC SDUs on MTCH. Store this in the variable N\_UEOK\_T1\_TEMP.
- 9) The SS calculate the following:
  - N\_SS\_T1: Number of SS transmitted RLC SDUs with valid MAC headers during T1.

N\_UEOK\_T1\_TEMP: UE received RLC SDUs as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 8.

N\_UEOK\_T1: UE received RLC SDUs during T1. This is calculated as N\_UEOK\_T1\_TEMP – N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP.

N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_UEOK\_T1 during T1 periods tested so far.

 $N\_SS\_T1\_ACC: Accumulated sum of \ N\_SS\_T1 \ during \ T1 \ periods \ tested \ so \ far.$ 

**T2** 

- 10) The parameters are changed as described for T2 in table 8.3.5.4.5 and the SS start sending valid MAC headers on MTCH.
- 11) After 3 s from the start of T2, start transmitting invalid MAC headers on MTCH and store N\_SS\_T2.

#### Read out UE counter

Note: Steps 12 to 15 below implies that the duration of T2 is longer than specified in the core requirement. The active measurement period is however correct.

- 12) The SS sends a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message.
- 13) The UE to respond by a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message reporting the number of received RLC SDUs on MTCH. Store this in the variable N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP.
- 14) The SS calculate the following:

N\_SS\_T2: Number of SS transmitted RLC SDUs with valid MAC headers during T2.

N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP: UE received RLC SDUs as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 13.

N\_UEOK\_T2: UE received RLC SDUs during T2. This is calculated as N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP - N\_UEOK\_T1\_TEMP.

N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_UEOK\_T2 during T2 periods tested so far.

N\_SS\_T2\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_SS\_T2 during T2 periods tested so far.

**T3** 

15) The parameters are changed as described for T3 in table 8.3.5.4.5.

- 16) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.9 s, then a success is recorded for the delay requirement, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and the procedure moves to step 18.
- 17) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure for the delay requirement is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 3 s from the beginning of T3 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 18.
- 18) After the cell update procedure, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.4.5.
- 19) The SS waits for PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") from the UE on cell 2. The SS completes the cell update procedure.

Repeat step 5) to 19) until the confidence level for the delay requirement according to annex F.6.2 are achieved. This includes the confidence level for the RLC SDU error ratio. Refer Annex F.6.1 Table F.6.1.8-3.

## Post procedure

20) End the call according to the generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10.

SDU error rate is measured during concatenated time periods T1 and T2 separately, as follows:

$$SDU\_ER\_T1\_ACC = (N\_SS\_T1\_ACC - N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC) / N\_SS\_T1\_ACC$$
 
$$SDU\_ER\_T2\_ACC = (N\_SS\_T2\_ACC - N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC) / N\_SS\_T2\_ACC$$

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the exceptions stated in clause 7.3.10 of 34.108[3].

Content of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL\_FACH (Step 16 or 17)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
New C-RNTI	1010101010101010 B
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH

## 8.3.5.4.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.5.4.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL\_FACH state

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2					
		T1	T2	T3	T1 T2 T3					
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			Channel 2					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9			-9					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11			-11					
SCH Ec/lor	dB	-11			-11					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14			-14					
S-CCPCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-11			-11					
S-CCPCH_2_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			-5					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			Note 1					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (Note2)	dB	-infinity	-3.35	2.66	0	2.44	-5			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70.0	-70.0	-71.5	-70.0	-71.4	-70.0			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note2)	dB	- infinity	-14.0	-10.9	-12.0	-11.0	-15.2			
Propagation Condition		AWGN	•	•	•	•				
Cell_selection_ and_reselection_ quality_measure		CPICH E₀/N₀			CPICH E₀/N₀					
Qqualmin	dB	-20			-20					
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			-115					
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21			21					
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0			C2, C1: 0					
Qhyst2	dB	0			0					
Treselection	S	0			0					
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			not sent					
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			not sent					
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		Sent			Sent					
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		2			2					
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		TRUE			TRUE					
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FALSE FALSE								
Note 1: The power of the OCNS lor.  Note 2: These parameters are n				•			e equal to			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

The cell re-reselection delay defined as the time from the beginning of time period T3, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

For the test to pass, the following need to be fulfilled:

parameters

- the SDU error rate during T1 (SDU\_ER\_T1\_ACC) shall not exceed 4.0 %,
- the SDU error rate during T2 (SDU\_ER\_T2\_ACC) shall not exceed 4.0 %,
- the total number of successful tests of the cell re-selection delay requirement shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

## 8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL PCH

## 8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

## 8.3.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.3.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ , where:

 $T_{evaluateFDD}$  See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by

the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.6.2 and A.5.6.1.

## 8.3.6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

## 8.3.6.1.4 Method of test

## 8.3.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.6.1.1 to 8.3.6.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.6.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_PCH, one freq. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
Tsi		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	cle length s		1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s		T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.3.6.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL\_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1		nel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	<del>)</del> 41	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ I)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3.84 MHz						-7	70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	3	-2	3	-2	:3	-2	23	
Propagation Condition							AW	GN						
Cell_selection_and_reselection_		CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	I E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	CH E <sub>0</sub> /N <sub>0</sub> CPICH E <sub>0</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀			
quality_measure	-ID							20		20		20		
Qqualmin	dB	-2		-2		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11		-1°		-11		-115		-115		-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	•	2	-	2	•	21		21		21		
		C1, C		C2, (		C3, C		C4, C1: 0		C5, C1: 0		C6, C1: 0		
		C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C2: 0		C4, 0		C5, 0		C6, 0		
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, 0		C3, C		C4, 0		C5, 0		C6, 0		
		C1, C		C2, C	C5: 0	C3, C	C5: 0	C4, C	C5: 0	C5, 0	C4: 0	C6, 0	C4: 0	
		C1, C	C6: 0	C2, C6: 0		C3, C	C6: 0	C4, 0	C6: 0	C5, C	26: 0	C6, 0	25: 0	
Qhyst2	dB	0	)	(	0		)	C	)	0		(	)	
Treselection	S	0	)	(	)	C	)	(	)	0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not s	sent	not	not sent		not sent	

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.6.1.4.2 Procedure

1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.6.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.

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- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the CELL PCH state on Cell 2 and then the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.1.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.6.1.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 "Default settings (FDD)"

## Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL\_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

## 8.3.6.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.6.1.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL\_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4 -11.		-11.4	11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10		-1.10		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30		
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7 -6		-69.7		-69.7		-69.7		
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70												
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.6.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

## 8.3.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

## 8.3.6.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ , where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub> See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by

the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.6.2 and A.5.6.2.

## 8.3.6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

## 8.3.6.2.4 Method of test

## 8.3.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.6.2.1 to 8.3.6.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms.

Table 8.3.6.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_PCH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment					
initial	Active cell		Cell2						
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6						
final condition	Active cell		Cell1						
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.					
HCS				Not used					
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.					
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.					
T1		s	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell reselection reaction time is taken into account.					
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell reselection reaction time is taken into account.					
NOTE: I	Monitored cell list size has	6 cells on 2 c	arriers. See Annex I for the c	cell information.					

Table 8.3.6.2.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL\_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6		
		T1	T2	T1 T2		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1:	2	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	
$\hat{I}_{or\;(Note\;1)}$	dBm	-73.39	-67.75	-67.75	-73.39	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz						-7	<b>'</b> 0						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16 -13		-13	-13 -16		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGN												
Cell_selection_and_reselection_		CPICH	⊏ /NI.	CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E₀/N₀		
quality_measure		CFICIT	□c/1 <b>1</b> ()	CPICH Ed/No		CFICH Ed No		CFICITE ØINO						
Qqualmin	dB	-2	<u> </u>	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	5	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2		21		21		21		21		21		
			C1, C2: 0 C2, C1: 0		C3, C1: 0		C4, C1: 0		C5, C1: 0		C6, C1: 0			
					23: 0	C3, C2: 0		C4, C2: 0		C5, C2: 0		C6, C2: 0		
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, C4: 0		C3, C4: 0		C4, C3: 0		C5, C3: 0		C6, C3: 0		
		C1, C		C2, C5: 0		C3, C5: 0		C4, C5: 0		C5, C4: 0		C6, C4: 0		
		C1, C		C2, C6: 0		C3, C6: 0		C4, C6: 0		C5, C6: 0		C6, C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0		
Treselection	S	0		0		0		0		0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		

Note 1 The nominal for values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.6.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.6.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A RRC connection is set up according the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in CELL\_PCH state on cell 2. The SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 30 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3,6.2.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 11) Steps 5 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.82s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

### PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info	
, ,	Reference to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 "Default settings (FDD)"

# Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL\_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

### 8.3.6.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.6.2.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL\_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	Cell 2		II 3	Ce	II 4	Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	Channel 1		Channel 2		nel 1	Chan	nel 1	Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.3	-9.3		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8		-10	0.8
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.3	-11	1.3	-12	-12.8		2.8	-12	2.8	-12.8	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.3	-11	-11.3		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8		2.8
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	1.3	-14.3		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	13	-1.	13	-0.77		-0.	77	-0.	77	-0.	77
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.6.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.3.6.3 Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN inter-frequency and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list

#### 8.3.6.3.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to a Release 6 UE supporting GSM and MBMS.

Editor's note: This test is incomplete

#### 8.3.6.3.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T3, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 3, and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to Cell 3.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $2.75 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$ , where  $T_{BCCH}$  is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 45.008 [30].

During T1 and T2 the MTCH SDU ER shall not exceed 4.0%.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $Max(3*T_{measureFDD}, T_{measureGSM}+DRX)$  cycle length) +  $T_{BCCH}$ , where:

T<sub>measureFDD</sub> See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

 $T_{measureGSM}$  See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

DRX cycle length 160ms see Table A.4.7.A

T<sub>BCCH</sub> Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 45.008 [30]. According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH

carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of  $2.72 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$ , allow  $2.75 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.5.6.3.

#### 8.3.6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

#### 8.3.6.3.4 Method of test

#### 8.3.6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, 1 UTRAN inter-frequency cell and 2 GSM cells of which one is to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbor cells on 2 UMTS carriers (Channel 1, Channel 2) and 12 GSM cells. Test parameters are given in Tables 8.3.6.3.1 to 8.3.6.3.5.

Table 8.3.6.3.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection

P	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment				
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	UMTS cell providing the MBMS session				
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1	UMTS inter-frequency neighbour cell				
			Cell3, Cell4	GSM cells				
Final condition	Active cell		Cell3					
DRX cycle	length	ms	160					
HCS				Not used				
MBMS preflayer	MBMS preferred frequency laver			Not used				
Monitored (	cell list size		2 UMTS cells and 12 GSM cells,including the UARFCN of UMTS cells 1, 2 and the ARFCN of the GSM cells 3,4	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information				
T1	T1		15 (initial), 5 repeated					
T2		S	45					
T3		S	7					

The transport and physical channel parameters of the S-CCPCH\_2 carrying the MTCH are defined in Tables 8.3.6.3.2 and 8.3.6.3.3.

The transport and physical channel parameters of S-CCPCH\_1 carrying the FACH and PCH are TBD.

The transport and physical channel parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the MCCH are TBD.

Table 8.3.6.3.2: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_2 carrying the MTCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	960
Channel symbol rate	ksps	480
Slot Format #I	-	14
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table 8.3.6.3.3: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_2

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	2560
Transport Block Set Size	10240
Transmission Time Interval	40ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding
Coding Rate	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible

Table 8.3.6.3.4: Cell specific test parameters for serving Cell2 and inter-frequency neighbour Cell1

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2			
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3		
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			Channel 2				
Number		Charmer			Charmerz	•			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15				
S-CCPCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12				
S-CCPCH_2_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			[-6,8]				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			Note 1				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	-4.75	-infinity	0	0	-15		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70	•	•		•	- 1		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	- infinity	-16	- infinity	-13	-13	-25.14		
CPICH_RSCP		- infinity	-84,75	- infinity	-80	-80	-95		
Propagation Condition		AWGN							
Cell_selection_									
and_reselection_		CPICH E <sub>o</sub> /N	0		CPICH E√N <sub>0</sub>				
quality_measure									
Qqualmin	dB	-20			-20				
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			-115				
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21			21	21			
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0			C2, C1: 0				
Qhyst2	dB	0			0				
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB				C2, C3: 0;	C2, C4: 0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			0	,			
Treselection	S	0			0				
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			not sent				
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			not sent				
SsearchRAT	dB	not sent			not sent				
Note 1. The power or to lor.	the OCNS	channel that	is added sh	all make the t		om the cell	to be eq		

Table 8.3.6.3.5: Cell re-selection parameters for GSM cells case (cell 3 and cell4)

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 3 (GS	SM)		Cell 4 (GSM)	
		T1 T2 T3			T1	T2	Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 2			ARFCN 1		
RXLEV	dBm	-infinity	-85	-85	-infinity	-85	-infinity
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104			-104		
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			33		
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14			-14		
Qsearch_I	-	always			always		

#### Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS45.008 [30] clause 9, with the above exceptions.

#### 8.3.6.3.4.2 Procedure

#### Initiation

- 1) Initiate the variables N\_UEOK\_T1, N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP, N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC, N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC, N\_SS\_T1\_ACC, N\_SS\_T2\_ACC to 0.
- 2) The SS activates cell 1 to 4 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.3.6.3.6 and 8.3.6.3.7 and monitors cell 2 and 3 for random access requests from the UE. The SS broadcast the cell reselection parameters according to tables 8.3.6.3.6 and 8.3.6.3.7.

- 3) The UE is switched on. The UE has selected the broadcast service provided by the SS (included in the MBMS\_ACTIVATED\_SERVICES VARIABLE).
- 4) Set up a call according to the generic call setup procedure TS34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10 to configure and activate an MBMS broadcast session, and transition to CELL\_PCH state. The SS waits for this procedure to be completed.

#### **T1**

- 5) Start T1, and simultaneously start transmitting valid MAC headers on MTCH
- 6) After 5 s (15 s in the first iteration) from the start of T1, start transmitting invalid MAC headers on MTCH and store N SS T1

#### Go to CELL FACH and read out UE counter

Note: Steps 7 to 14 below implies that the duration of T1 is longer than specified in the core requirement. The active measurement period is however correct.

- 7) The SS transmits a PAGING TYPE 1 message to the UE on the PCH and the UE moves to CELL\_FACH state, sending a CELL UPDATE message. The SS replies with a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.
- 8) UE confirms the received C-RNTI to be used in CELL FACH state by transmitting a UTRAN MOBILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message on the uplink DCCH.
- 9) The SS sends a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message.
- 10) The UE to respond by a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message reporting the number of received RLC SDUs on MTCH. Store this in the variable N\_UEOK\_T1.
- 11) The SS calculate the following:
  - N\_SS\_T1: Number of SS transmitted RLC SDUs with valid MAC headers during T1

N\_UEOK\_T1: UE received RLC SDUs during T1 as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 10.

N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_UEOK\_T1 during T1 periods tested so far.

N\_SS\_T1\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_SS\_T1 during T1 periods tested so far.

#### Go back to CELL\_PCH

- 12) The SS orders the UE to move to CELL\_PCH state by transmitting a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with the RRC state indicator set to "CELL\_PCH".
- 13) The UE send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message

#### **T2**

- 14) The parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.3.6.3.6 and 8.3.6.3.7 and the SS start sending valid MAC headers on MTCH.
- 15) After 45 s from the start of T2, start transmitting invalid MAC headers on MTCH and store N\_SS\_T2.

#### Go to CELL\_FACH and read out UE counter

Note: Steps 16 to 23 below implies that the duration of T2 is longer than specified in the core requirement. The active measurement period is however correct.

- 16) The SS transmits a PAGING TYPE 1 message to the UE on the PCH and the UE moves to CELL\_FACH state, sending a CELL UPDATE message. The SS replies with a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.
- 17) UE confirms the received C-RNTI to be used in CELL FACH state by transmitting a UTRAN MOBILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message on the uplink DCCH.
- 18) The SS sends a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message.

- 19) The UE to respond by a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message reporting the number of received RLC SDUs on MTCH. Store this in the variable N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP.
- 20) The SS calculate the following:

N\_SS\_T2: Number of SS transmitted RLC SDUs with valid MAC headers during T2

N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP: UE received RLC SDUs as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 19

N\_UEOK\_T2: UE received RLC SDUs during T2. This is calculated as N\_UEOK\_T2\_TEMP - N\_UEOK\_T1.

N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_UEOK\_T2 during T2 periods tested so far.

N\_SS\_T2\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N\_SS\_T2 during T2 periods tested so far.

#### Go back to CELL\_PCH

- 21) The SS orders the UE to move to CELL\_PCH state by transmitting a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with the RRC state indicator set to "CELL PCH".
- 22) The UE send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message

#### **T3**

- 23) The parameters are changed as described for T3 in tables 8.3.6.3.6 and 8.3.6.3.7.
- 24) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 3 (GSM cell) within 4.65 s then a success is recorded for the delay requirement, the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 26.
- 25) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure for the delay requirement is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 7s from the beginning of T3 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 2. Otherwise the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 26.
- 26) After the location update procedure in GSM, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in tables 8.3.6.3.6 and 8.3.6.3.7.
- 27) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE on cell 2. The SS completes the routing area update procedure in UTRA.

Repeat step 4) to 27) until the confidence level for the delay requirement according to annex F.6.2 are achieved. This includes the confidence level for the RLC SDU error ratio. Refer Annex F.6.1 Table F.6.1.8-3

SDU error rate is measured during concatenated time periods T1 and T2 separately, as follows:

$$SDU\_ER\_T1\_ACC = (N\_SS\_T1\_ACC - N\_UEOK\_T1\_ACC) / N\_SS\_T1\_ACC$$
 
$$SDU\_ER\_T2\_ACC = (N\_SS\_T2\_ACC - N\_UEOK\_T2\_ACC) / N\_SS\_T2\_ACC$$

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the exceptions stated in clause 7.3.10 of 34.108 [3]

#### 8.3.6.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the following need to be fulfilled:

- the SDU error rate during T1 (SDU ER T1 ACC) shall not exceed 4.0 %,
- the SDU error rate during T2 (SDU\_ER\_T2\_ACC) shall not exceed 4.0 %,
- the total number of successful tests of the cell re-selection delay requirement shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.6.3.6: Cell specific test requirements for serving Cell2 and inter-frequency neighbour Cell1

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Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		Cell 2				
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3		
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1		•	Channel :	2			
Number		Charmer			Chariner				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9			-9		-10.1		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11			-11	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11			-11		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14			-14		-15		
S-CCPCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-11			-11		-12		
S-CCPCH_2_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			-5,8		-6.8		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			Note 1				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (Note2)	dB	-infinity	-4.74	-infinity	0	2.63	-15.3		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70.0	•	•	-70.0	-71.5	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note2)	dB	- infinity	-15	- infinity	-12	-10.9	-25.54		
CPICH_RSCP (Note2)		- infinity	-83.75	- infinity	-79	-77.9	-95.4		
Propagation Condition		AWGN							
Cell_selection_									
and_reselection_		CPICH E <sub>0</sub> /N	$V_0$		CPICH E√N <sub>0</sub>				
quality_measure									
Qqualmin	dB	-20			-20				
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			-115				
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21			21				
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0			C2, C1: 0				
Qhyst2	dB	0			0				
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB				C2, C3: 0	; C2, C4: 0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			0				
Treselection	s	0			0				
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			not sent				
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			not sent				
SsearchRAT	dB	not sent not sent							

Table 8.3.6.3.7: Cell re-selection requirements for GSM cells case (cell 3 and cell4) Test Requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cel	1 3 (GS	SM)	Cell 4 (GSM)		
		T1	T3	T1	T2 T3		
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 2			ARFCN 1		
RXLEV	dBm	-infinity	-86	-84	-infinity	-86	-infinity
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104			-104		
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			33		
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14			-14		
Qsearch_I	-	always			always		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

Note 2. These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable

### 8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH

### 8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

#### 8.3.7.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

#### 8.3.7.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ , where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub> See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by

the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.7.2 and A.5.7.1.

#### 8.3.7.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

#### 8.3.7.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.3.7.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.7.1.1 to 8.3.7.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. In System Information Block Type 2 cell1 and cell 2 URA identity is set to a different value.

Table 8.3.7.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH, one freq. in neighbour list

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	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
TYPE 2 - URA ident - URA ident	tity	-	0000 0000 0000 0001(B) (Cell 1) 0000 0000 0000 0010(B) (Cell 2)	
Access Ser - Persistend	vice Class (ASC#0) ce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle I	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

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Table 8.3.7.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA\_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cel	I 1	Ce	II 2	Cel	I 3	Cel	II 4	Cell 5		Cell 6		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chan	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-10 -10		-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-12 -12		-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7,3	10,27	10,27	7,3	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3,84 MHz						-7	0						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	3	-2	:3	-23		-23		
Propagation Condition							AW	GN						
Cell_selection_and_reselection_		CPICH	E /No	CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH	IE/Na	CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E₀/N₀		
quality_measure				CFICITE//N0										
Qqualmin	dB	-2		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	_	-1°		-11	_	-115		-115		-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2	•	2	1	2	•	2	1	2	1	2	1	
		C1, C		C2, C	C1: 0	C3, C		C4, C		C5, C1: 0		C6, 0		
		C1, C		C2, C		C3, C		C4, 0		C5, 0		C6, 0		
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, C		C3, C		C4, C	C3: 0	C5, 0	C3: 0	C6, 0		
		C1, C		C2, C5: 0		C3, C		C4, C		C5, 0		C6, 0		
		C1, C	26: 0	C2, (	26: 0	C3, C	26: 0	C4, (	C6: 0	C5, C6: 0		C6, (	C5: 0	
Qhyst2	dB	C	)	(	)	C	)	0		0		0		
Treselection	S	C	)	(	)	C	)	C	)	0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	sent	not s	sent	not s	sent	not sent		not sent		not sent		

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.7.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.7.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the URA PCH state on Cell 2 and then the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.1.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of another 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.7.1.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

#### PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	URA PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

Contents of URA UPDATE CONFIRM message for URA\_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
RRC state indicator	URA_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
URA identity	As specified in Table 8.3.7.1.1

### 8.3.7.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95 % of the cases.

Table 8.3.7.1.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in URA\_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Се	II 1	Cel	I 2	Cel	l 3	Cel	I 4	Cel	I 5	Cel	I 6		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T1 T2		T2	T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channe	el 1	Channe	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		el 1	Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5 -12.5 -		-12.5		-12.5					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4		-15.5	5.5 -15.5		-15.5		-15.5				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10		-1.10		-0.83	-0.83 -0.83			-0.83		-0.83			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30			
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7		-69.7		-69.7		-69.7			
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70				•									
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5 -23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5	

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.7.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

### 8.3.7.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

#### 8.3.7.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ , where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub> See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by

the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.7.2 and A.5.7.2.

#### 8.3.7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

#### 8.3.7.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.3.7.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.7.2.1 to 8.3.7.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. In System Information Block Type 2 in cell 1 and cell 2 URA identity is set to different value.

Table 8.3.7.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final	Active cell		Cell1	
condition				
	NFORMATION			
BLOCK TY	PE 2			
- URA iden	•			
- URA iden	tity		0000 0000 0000 0001(B) (Cell 1)	
			0000 0000 0000 0010(B) (Cell 2)	
	vice Class (ASC#0)			Selected so that no additional delay is
- Persisten	ce value	-	1	caused by the random access
				procedure. The value shall be used for
				all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T <sub>SI</sub>		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition
				period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in
				the test.
	T1	S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-
				selection reaction time is taken into
				account.
	T2	S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-
				selection reaction time is taken into
				account.

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Table 8.3.7.2.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cel	l 1	Cel	12	Cel	13	Cel	I 4	Cel	15	Cel	II 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1		-1	2	-1	2	-1		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	41	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	41	-0.9	941	-0.9	941
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or(Note 1)}$	dBm	-73.39	-67.75	-67.75	-73.39	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
$I_{oc}$	dBm / 3.84 MHz					-70							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition						AWGN							
Cell_selection_and_reselection_		CPICH	E /Na	CPICH E₀/N₀		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CDICH	E /No	CPICH	E /Na	CPICH	IE/Na
quality_measure								CPICH E₀/N₀					
Qqualmin	dB	-2		-2		-20		-20		-20		-2	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	_	-11		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2		2		2		2	•	2		21	
		C1, C		C2, C		C3, C		C4, C		C5, C		C6, 0	
		C1, C		C2, C		C3, C		C4, C		C5, C		C6, C2: 0	
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, C		C3, C		C4, C		C5, C		C6, 0	
			C1, C5: 0		25: 0	C3, C		C4, C		C5, C		C6, 0	
		C1, C		C2, C6: 0		C3, C		C4, C		C5, C		C6, 0	
Qhyst2	dB	0		C		0		0		0		C	
Treselection	S	0		C	'	0	'	0		0		C	
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	ent	not s	sent	not s	sent	not s	ent	not s	sent	not sent	
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	ent	not s	sent	not s	sent	not s	ent	not s	not sent		sent

Note 1 The nominal for values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.3.7.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.7.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in URA PCH state on cell 2. The SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 30 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 11) Steps 5 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.82s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

#### PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	URA PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

#### Contents of URA UPDATE CONFIRM message for URA PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
RRC state indicator	URA_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
URA identity	As specified in Table 8.3.7.2.1

#### 8.3.7.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.3.7.2.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in URA\_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Се	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cel	II 3	Cel	I 4	Cell 5		Cell 6			
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Channel 2		Channel 1		Chan	Channel 1		nel 2	Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.3	-9.	.3	-10	).8	-10.8		-10	).8	-10	0.8	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.3	-11	.3	-12	2.8	-12	-12.8		2.8	-12	2.8	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.3	-11	-11.3		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	1.3	-14	.3	-15	-15.8 -15.8		5.8	-15.8		-15.8		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	13	-1.	13	-0.	77	-0.	77	-0.	77	-0.	77	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.7.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.3.8 Serving HS-DSCH cell change

### 8.3.8.1 Definition and applicability

When the UE receives a RRC message implying HS-DSCH cell change with the activation time "now" or earlier than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to receive the HS-SCCH channel from the new cell within  $D_{\text{cell\_change}}$  seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA (all categories).

#### 8.3.8.2 Minimum requirement

The UE shall start to transmit the CQI to cell 2 based on the quality of cell 2 less than 74 ms from the beginning of time period T4.

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The UE shall also be able to start to receive the first HS-SCCH message from cell 2 less than 74 ms from the beginning of time period T4 and transmit the ACK or NAK which corresponds to the HS-SCCH message.

NOTE: The delay  $D_{cell\_change}$  equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time of receiving HS-DSCH data stated in section 5.10.2.2 of TS 25.133. The RRC procedure delay is 50 ms and the interruption time is given by  $T_{interrupt1} = T_{IU} + 22$  ms=24 ms.

The total delay  $D_{cell\ change} = 50 + 24\ ms = 74\ ms$ 

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.10.2 and A.5.8.

### 8.3.8.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the delay when performing the serving HS-DSCH cell change in CELL\_DCH state specified in section 8.3.8.2.

#### 8.3.8.4 Method of test

The test parameters are given in Table 8.3.8.1, 8.3.8.1a, and 8.3.8.2 below. The test consists of 4 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. At the start of time duration T1 the UE have cell 1 and cell 2 in active set and cell 1 as the serving HS-DSCH cell.

Data shall be transmitted continuously to the UE on the HS-DSCH channel.

Table 8.3.8.1: General test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change

P	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL Reference Measurement	As specified in section C.3.1
			Channel 12.2 kbps	-
Power Control			On	
Target quality val	lue on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
HSDPA paramete	ers		Fixed Reference Channel	As specified in section C.8.1.1
			Definition H-Set 1, with QPSK	
			modulation only.	
Initial conditions	Active cells		Cell 1 and Cell 2	
	Serving HS-DSCH cell		Cell 1	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1 and Cell 2	
	Serving HS-DSCH cell		Cell 2	
Hysteresis		dB	0	
Time to Trigger		ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
CQI Feedback cy	/cle, k	ms	2 (0 for cell 1)	
CQI repetition fac	ctor		1	
	HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern		The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.	
DPCH Frame offs	set	256*chip	0	
Default DPCH Of	Default DPCH Offset Value (DOFF)		0	
T1			5	
T2		S	3	
T3		S	0.5	
T4		ms	100	

Table 8.3.8.1a: Cell specific test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change, initial conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2			
		T0	T0			
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	(Note 1)	N/A			
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor(Note 3)	dB	-10	-inf			
HS-SCCH-1_ Ec/lor(Note 4)	dB	-13	-inf			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	(Note 2)	-0.94			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	3.64	-inf			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-	70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-inf			
Propagation Condition		AWGN				

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

 $E_c/I_{or}$  value represent the per code power for HS-PDSCH channel. HS-SCCH-2, HS-SCCH-3, and HS-SCCH-4 are DTX. Note 3:

Note 4:

Table 8.3.8.2: Cell specific test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change

Parameter	Unit		Ce	II 1			Cell 2				
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4		
UTRA RF Channel Number			Char	nnel 1			Char	nnel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			10				10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12			-1	12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12			-1	12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	15			-1	15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1		
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	dB		-10		-inf		-10				
HS-SCCH-1_ Ec/lor	dB		-13		-inf		-13				
OCNS		Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	3.64		1.14		1.14 3.64					
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz				-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13 -15.5 -15.5 -				-13					
Propagation Condition		AWGN									
Relative delay of paths received from	Chips	{-148 148}									
cell 2 with respect to cell 1					No	te 4					

Note 1:

The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub> Note 2:

Note 3: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH\_Ec/lor of Cell 1 at the end of T2.

The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within  $\pm 148$  chip. Note 4:

#### 8.3.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.14.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to T0 in table 8.3.8.1a with cell 1 as serving HS-DSCH cell.
- 3) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (QPSK): The information bit payload block is 9377 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 9377 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 4) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, start transmitting HSDPA Data.

#### 8.3.8.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Turn on cell 2 and set the levels for both cells according to T1 in table 8.3.8.3.
- 2) SS shall send a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (event 1A, 1B)
- 3) SS shall send a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (event 1D)
- 4) UE shall send a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN observed time difference between cell1 and cell2.
- 5) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now ", adding cell 2 to the active set
- 6) UE shall send a ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE message
- 7) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.3.8.3.
- 8) During time period T2, UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1D for cell 2.
- 9) After 3 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 according to the parameters defined in table 8.3.8.3.
- 10) During T3, no CQI measurements shall be reported by the UE.
- 11)SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (cell 2 HS-DSCH serving cell) with activation time set to "now" changing serving HS-DSCH from cell 1 to cell 2. The start of T4 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 12) The SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.3.8.3 and immediately start transmitting HSDPA Data on cell 2. The SS shall not send any HSDPA data on cell 1 after the start of T4.
- 13) The SS shall measure the time from start of T4 until the start of the HS-DPCCH subframe where the UE starts transmitting CQI measurements on cell 2
- 14) The SS shall measure the time from start of T4 until the start of the HS-DPCCH subframe where the UE starts transmitting ACK/NAK. The SS shall not start to monitor the HS-DPCCH for ACK/NAK until one frame after the start of T4 to eliminate the risk of detecting the ACK/NAK for cell 1.
- 15) If steps 10, 13 and 14 fulfill the test requirements, then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 16) The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 17)SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (cell 1 HS-DSCH serving cell) with activation time set to "now" changing serving HS-DSCH back to cell 1.

- 18) The SS shall switch the power settings from T4 to T1 in table 8.3.8.3. The start of T1 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 19) The SS shall start transmitting HSDPA Data on cell 1 and shall not send any HSDPA data on cell 2.
- 20) During T1, the UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1D for cell 1 and may also transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1B for cell 2.
- 21) Repeat step 7-20 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

#### Specific Message Contents

The default messages for SIB11 and SIB12 as specified for Cell 1 and Cell 2 in clause 6.1.4 of 34.108 [3] are used.

Default parameters according to Cell 1 and Cell 2 in clause 6.1.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

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### MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (event 1A, 1B)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Varao/Romank
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
Ĭ	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	N . D
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9) -CHOICE mode	0 FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	CFICIT_EC/NO
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE ` ´
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	3 dB Not Present
-Veils forbidden to affect Reporting Range	1.0
-vv -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	<b> </b>
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
·	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
	·

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting

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# MEASUREMENT CONTROL (event 1D):

Use the same message as specified in 34.108 except for the following:

Information Element	Value/remark
Measurement identity	2
Measurement command	Setup
- CHOICE measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not present
- Intra-frequency measurement	· ·
quantity	
- Filter coefficient	0
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
- Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
- Reporting quantities for active set cells	
- Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
- Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
- CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
- CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
- Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
- Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
- Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
- Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
- CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	FALSE
- CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
- Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
- Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
- Reporting cell status	Not present
- Measurement validity	Not present
- CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
- Parameters required for each event	
- Intra-frequency event identity	1D
- Triggering condition 2	Active set cells
- Hysteresis	0
- Time to trigger	0
- Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
- Use CIO	FALSE
Measurement reporting mode	
- Measurement reporting transfer mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
Periodic reporting / Event trigger reporting mode	Event trigger
Additional measurement list	Not present
DPCH compressed mode status info	Not present

### ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark
Message Type	Message Type	
UE information elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	RRC transaction identifier 10.3.3.36	0
-Integrity check info	Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
-message authentication code		SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number		SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	Not Present
-Activation time	Activation time 10.3.3.1	"now".

CN Information elements CN Information info 10.3.1.3  Not Present Phy CH information elements Uplink radio resources Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.39  Downlink radio resources Radio link addition information Radio link removal information Radio link	Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark
CN Information info Phy CH information elements Upplink radio resources	-New U-RNTI	U-RNTI 10.3.3.47	Not Present
Phy CH information elements Uplink radio resources Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.39  Downlink radio resources Radio link addition information Radio link addition information 10.3.6.68 Primary CPICH info Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH info Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH info Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.62 Primary CPICH info Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.72 Integer(0.38144 by step of 256) Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73 Present Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.73 Present Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.74 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.75 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.81 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.82 Integer(0.38144 by step of 256) Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.81 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.82 Integer(0.38144 by step of 256) Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.81 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.82 Integer(0.38144 by step of 256) Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.81 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.81 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.82 Integer(0.38144 by step of 256) Integer(0			
Uplink radio resources  Maximum allowed UL TX power  Maximum allowed UL TX power  10.3.6.39  Downlink radio resources  Radio link addition information  Radio link addition information required for each RL to add  -Primary CPICH info  -Drownlink DPCH info for each RL  -OHOICE mode  -FDD  -Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation  -DPCH frame offset  -Secondary CPICH info  -DL channelisation code  -Secondary scrambling code  -Secondary scrambling code  -Serambling code change  -TPC combination index  -Closed loop timing adjustment mode  -TFCI combining indicator  -TFCI combining indicator  -TFCI combining indicator  -Radio link removal information  Radio link addition information  Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60  Same as defined in cell2  This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message  Primary CPICH may be used  estimation 10.3.6.73  This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation information and estimation for each RL to add  This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation information required for each RL to remove  Not Present	-CN Information info	CN Information info 10.3.1.3	Not Present
Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.39   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.30   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.60   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.80   Primary CPICH information information predicted for each RL to add Call part of each RL to remove   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.80   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.80   Primary CPICH information information predicted for each RL to remove   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.80   Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.80   Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60   Primar	Phy CH information elements		
Downlink radio resources Radio link addition information Radio link addition information Radio link addition information Radio link addition information required for each RL to add Primary CPICH info Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.68 Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.21  Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Integer(038144 by step of 256) Primary CPICH may be used estimation information in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message Not Present  Secondary scrambling code Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.73  Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73  Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73  Primary CPICH may be used estimation information in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message Not Present  Not Present  128  128  128  128  128  128  128  12	Uplink radio resources		
Radio link addition information 10.3.6.68  -Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.68  Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.68  Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60  Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.21  -CHOICE mode -FDD -Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation -DPCH frame offset  Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation -DPCH frame offset  Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation -DPCH frame offset  Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Integer(038144 by step of 256)  Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code thange -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information	·		33 dBm
Primary CPICH info Drownlink DPCH info for each RL Drimary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Drimary CPICH info for each RL Drimary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Integer(038144 by step of 256) Drimary CPICH info for each RL Drimary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Integer(038144 by step of 256) Drimary CPICH info for each RL Drimary CPICH may be used estimation information in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message Not Present Drimary CPICH info for each RL Drimary CPICH info for	Downlink radio resources		
-D7ownlink DPCH info for each RL  -CHOICE mode -FDD -Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation -DPCH frame offset  -Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code -Secondary scrambling code -Spreading factor -Spreading factor -Code number -Scrambling code change -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCL combining indicator -TCC combining indicator -TCC combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information -Radio link removal information  Primary CPICH may be used -Primary CPICH usage for channel -Primary cpich -Primary cpich -Primary cpich -Primary cpich -Primary cpich -Primary cpich -Primary	-Radio link addition information	10.3.6.68	
-CHOICE mode -FDD -Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation -DPCH frame offset  -Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code -	-Primary CPICH info		Same as defined in cell2
-FDD -Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation -DPCH frame offset  -Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code -Code number -Scrambling code change -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  -Radio link removal information -Radio link removal information  Radio link removal information  Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62  This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation information in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message Not Present  Not Present  128  128  128  128  No code change No code change No code change  No tresent  FALSE Not Present  Radio link removal information  Not Present			
estimation -DPCH frame offset  estimation 10.3.6.62 Integer(038144 by step of 256)  -Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code -Secondary scrambling code -Secondary scrambling code -Spreading factor  -Spreading factor  -Code number -Scrambling code change  -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  -Radio link removal information	-FDD		
-Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code -Not Present -Not Present -Secondary Scrambling code -Secondary scrambling code -Secondary scrambling code -Not Present -Secondary Scrambling code -Secondary Scrambling code -Secondary Scrambling code -Not Present -Secondary Scrambling code -Secondary Scrambling code -Not Present -Secondary Scrambling code -Se	-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation		Primary CPICH may be used
-Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code -Secondary scrambling code -Spreading factor -Spreading factor -Code number -Scrambling code change -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information -Radio link removal information -Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73 -Not Present	-DPCH frame offset	Integer(038144 by step of 256)	received MEASUREMENT REPORT
-Secondary scrambling code  -Spreading factor  -Spreading factor  -Code number -Scrambling code change  -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  -Radio link removal information  -Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74  Integer(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512)  Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor -Spreading factor -Spreading factor -Spreading factor -Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor -Spreadi		Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73	
-Spreading factor  -Code number -Scrambling code change  -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  -Radio link removal information  -Spreading factor -Integer(1, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512)  Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor -Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor -Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor -Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Spreading factor -Integer(1, 2) -Spreading factor -Integer(1, 2) -Not Present -Not Present -Radio link removal information	-Secondary scrambling code		Not Present
-Scrambling code change  -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  -Radio link removal information  Radio link removal information  Not Present  Not Present	-Spreading factor		128
-TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  10.3.6.69	-Code number	Integer(0Spreading factor - 1)	96
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  10.3.6.69	-Scrambling code change		No code change
-TFCI combining indicator -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for FACH 10.3.6.70  Radio link removal information 10.3.6.69  RADSE Not Present Not Present	-TPC combination index	TPC combination index 10.3.6.85	0
-SCCPCH Information for FACH  Radio link removal information  10.3.6.69		Integer(1, 2)	Not Present
Radio link removal information 10.3.6.69 Radio link removal information Not Present		TFCI combining indicator 10.3.6.81	
-Radio link removal information Radio link removal information Not Present Not Present	-SCCPCH Information for FACH		
-Radio link removal information Radio link removal information Not Present 10.3.6.69	Radio link removal information		
	-Radio link removal information		
	-TX Diversity Mode	TX Diversity Mode 10.3.6.86	None

### Contents of PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (cell 2 HS-DSCH serving cell):

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
RRC transaction identifier	Arbitrarily selects an integer between 0 and 3
Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
Ciphering mode info	Not Present
Activation time	Not Present
Delay restriction flag	Not Present
New U-RNTI	Not Present
New C-RNTI	Not Present
New H-RNTI	'0101 0101 0101 0101'
New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present
New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_DCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN information info	Not Present
URA identity	Not Present
Downlink counter synchronization info	Not Present
Frequency info	Not present

Information Element	Value/remark
Mariana alla TV	Network
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not present
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Uplink DPCH power control info	40 ( 00 JD)
- DPCCH power offset	-40 (-80dB)
- PC Preamble	1 frame
- SRB delay	7 frames
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1 0 (1dB)
- TPC step size	3
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	
- ∆ <sub>NACK</sub>	3
<ul> <li>Ack-Nack repetition factor</li> </ul>	1
- Scrambling code type	Long
- Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)
- Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)
- spreading factor	64
- TFCI existence	TRUE
- Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)
- Puncturing Limit	1
E-DCH Info	Not Present
CHOICE Mode	FDD
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- HS-SCCH Info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- DL Scrambling Code	Not present
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Information - HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2 3
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	6
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	7
- Measurement Feedback Info	r
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement Power Offset	12 (6 dB)
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	2 ms
- CQI repetition factor	1
- Δ <sub>CQI</sub>	5 (corresponds to 0dB in relative power offset)
- CHOICE mode	FDD (no data)
Downlink information common for all radio links	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
- Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	
- Timing indicator	Maintain
- CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present
<ul> <li>Downlink DPCH power control information</li> </ul>	
- DPC mode	0 (single)
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Power offset P <sub>Pilot-DPDCH</sub>	0
- DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present
- Spreading factor	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- Fixed or Flexible Position	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- TFCI existence	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- CHOICE SF	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- DPCH compressed mode info	Not Present
- TX Diversity mode	None
- Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
- MAC-hs reset indicator	Not Present

Information Element	Value/remark
- Downlink information for each radio link	(for cell 1)
- Choice mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as defined in cell1
- Cell ID	Not Present
<ul> <li>Serving HS-DSCH radio link indicator</li> </ul>	FALSE
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	Not present
- Downlink information for each radio link	(for cell 2)
- Choice mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as defined in cell2
<ul> <li>Serving HS-DSCH radio link indicator</li> </ul>	TRUE
<ul> <li>Downlink DPCH info for each RL</li> </ul>	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently
	stored in SS) mod 38 400
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No change
- TPC combination index	0
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present
MBMS PL Service Restriction Information	Not Present

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### Contents of PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (cell 1 HS-DSCH serving cell):

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
RRC transaction identifier	Arbitrarily selects an integer between 0 and 3
Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
<ul> <li>RRC message sequence number</li> </ul>	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
Ciphering mode info	Not Present
Activation time	Not Present
Delay restriction flag	Not Present
New U-RNTI	Not Present
New C-RNTI	Not Present
New H-RNTI	'0101 0101 0101 0101'
New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present
New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_DCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN information info	Not Present
URA identity	Not Present
Downlink counter synchronization info	Not Present
Frequency info	Not present
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not present
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
<ul> <li>Uplink DPCH power control info</li> </ul>	
- DPCCH power offset	-40 (-80dB)
- PC Preamble	1 frame
- SRB delay	7 frames
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1
- TPC step size	0 (1dB)
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	3
- ∆ <sub>NACK</sub>	3
<ul> <li>Ack-Nack repetition factor</li> </ul>	[1
- Scrambling code type	Long

Information Element	Value/remark
- Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)
- Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)
- spreading factor	64
- TFCI existence	TRUE
- Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)
- Puncturing Limit	1
E-DCH Info	Not Present
CHOICE Mode	FDD
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- HS-SCCH Info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- DL Scrambling Code	Not present
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Information	That processing
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	3
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	6
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	7
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement Power Offset	12 (6 dB)
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	0 '
- CQI repetition factor	1
- $\Delta_{ extsf{CQI}}$	5 (corresponds to 0dB in relative power offset)
- CHOICE mode	FDD (no data)
Downlink information common for all radio links	
<ul> <li>Downlink DPCH info common for all RL</li> </ul>	
- Timing indicator	Maintain
<ul> <li>CFN-targetSFN frame offset</li> </ul>	Not Present
<ul> <li>Downlink DPCH power control information</li> </ul>	
- DPC mode	0 (single)
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Power offset P <sub>Pilot-DPDCH</sub>	0
<ul> <li>DL rate matching restriction information</li> </ul>	Not Present
<ul> <li>Spreading factor</li> </ul>	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- Fixed or Flexible Position	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- TFCI existence	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- CHOICE SF	Reference to clause 6.10 Parameter Set
- DPCH compressed mode info	Not Present
<ul> <li>TX Diversity mode</li> <li>Default DPCH Offset Value</li> </ul>	None Not Present
- MAC-hs reset indicator	Not Present Not Present
- Downlink information for each radio link	(for cell 2)
- Choice mode	IFDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as defined in cell 2
- Cell ID	Not Present
- Serving HS-DSCH radio link indicator	FALSE
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	Not present
- Downlink information for each radio link	(for cell 1)
- Choice mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as defined in cell 1
<ul> <li>Serving HS-DSCH radio link indicator</li> </ul>	TRUE
<ul> <li>Downlink DPCH info for each RL</li> </ul>	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently
O L ORIGIN:	stored in SS) mod 38 400
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	Net governet
- Secondary scrambling code	Not present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96 No change
<ul> <li>Scrambling code change</li> <li>TPC combination index</li> </ul>	No change
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	0 Not Present
MBMS PL Service Restriction Information	Not Present
INDINO I E OFINIOE IZESHIOHOH HHOHHAHOH	INOCT TOOGHT

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency event 1A,1B

This message is common for all intra-frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency, event 1D test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	2

### 8.3.8.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.8.2a: Cell specific test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change, initial conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
		T0	T0		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	(Note 1)	N/A		
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor(Note 3)	dB	-9.3	-inf		
HS-SCCH-1_ Ec/lor(Note 4)	dB	-12.3	-inf		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	(Note 2)	-1.13		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	3.64	-inf		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-inf		
Propagation Condition		AWGN			

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

 $E_{\scriptscriptstyle c}/I_{\scriptscriptstyle or}$  value represent the per code power for HS-PDSCH channel. HS-SCCH-2, HS-SCCH-3, and HS-SCCH-4 are DTX. Note 3:

Note 4:

Table 8.3.8.3: Cell specific test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2				
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			Channel 1					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9	.3		-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3			-11.3			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3		-11.3				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3				-14.3				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor Note 5	dB	-9.3 -inf			-inf			-9.3		
HS-SCCH-1_Ec/lor Note 6	dB		-12.3		-inf	-inf		-12.3		
OCNS		Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	3.64 1.14 1.14 3.64								
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70								
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-12.3 -14.8			-14.8 -12.3					
Propagation Condition		AWGN								
Relative delay of paths received	Chips	{-147.5 147.5}								
from cell 2 with respect to cell 1		Note 4								

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH\_Ec/lor of Cell 1 at the end of Note 3:

Note 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within ±147.5 chip.

Note 5:  $E_c/I_{or}$  value represent the per code power for HS-PDSCH channel. Note 6: HS-SCCH-2, HS-SCCH-3, and HS-SCCH-4 are DTX.

The delay from the start of the HS-DSCH sub frame until the start of the corresponding UL HS-DPCCH is 5.3 ms. The test requirement for ACK/NAK shall be increased by this delay. This delay is not relevant for CQI reporting.

The maximum uncertainty of delay due to not scheduling any data to the UE is 2 HS-SCCH sub frames for HS-SCCH signalling pattern used (up to 2 consecutive sub frames not allocated to the UE), the test requirement for ACK/NAK shall be increased by this delay. This delay is not relevant for CQI reporting.

Step 10: No CQI reports shall be sent prior to serving cell change. The reason is that the source of the CQI reports (which cell it is calculated from) can not be determined, and the test must therefore verify that no CQI reports are transmitted based on cell 1 measurements.

Step 13: Time from end of last frame of the serving cell change command to the sub frame of HS-DPCCH where CQI is starting shall be less than 74 ms +  $T_0*T_{chip} = 74.3$  ms. Allow 75 ms in the test.

Step 14: Time from end of last frame of the serving cell change command to the sub frame of HS-DPCCH where ACK/NAK is starting shall be less than 74 ms +  $7.5*T_{slot}$  +  $T_0*T_{chip}$ +  $2*T_{subframe}$  = 74 + 9.3 = 83.3 ms. Allow 85 ms in the test.

Note:

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.4 RRC Connection Control

### 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay

#### 8.4.1.1 Test 1

#### 8.4.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ( $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}}$ ) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}}$  is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements of this test apply to the FDD UE.

#### 8.4.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

The Re-establishment delay T<sub>RE-ESTABLISH</sub> to a known cell shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{\text{RE-ESTABLISH}} = T_{\text{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH}} + T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-KNOWN}}$ 

where

 $T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} = 160ms + (N_{313}-1)*10ms + T_{313}$ 

 $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH\_REQ-KNOWN}} = 50 ms + T_{\text{search}} + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}},$ 

 $N_{313} = 20$ 

 $T_{313} = 0s$ 

 $T_{search} = 100 ms$ 

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The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.  $T_{RA} =$ 

is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the  $T_{SI}$ 

reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331

for a UTRAN cell (ms). 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 1820ms, allow 1.9s in the test case.

#### 8.4.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

#### 8.4.1.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.4.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.4.1.1, table 8.4.1.1.A, and table 8.4.1.2 below. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. And DRX cycle length shall be 1280ms. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consist of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Table 8.4.1.1 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
		measurement channel	
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell, Initial		Cell 1	
condition			
Active cell, Final		Cell 2	
condition			
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall only include intra frequency
			neighbours. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
Cell 2			Included in the monitored set
T <sub>SI</sub>	ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system
			infomation blocks.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

Table 8.4.1.1.A Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
		T0	T0		
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1	1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-infinity		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	2.39	-infinity		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-infinty		
Propagation Condition		AWO	AWGN		

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ 

Table 8.4.1.2 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1		1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15	
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-Infinity	Not applicable	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	2,39	-Infinity	4,39	0,02
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	finity -13	
Propagation Condition		AWGN			

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to

#### 8.4.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters.
- 4) The RF parameters are setup according to T1.
- 5) 10 s after step4 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 6) If the UE responds on cell 2 within 2.1 s from the beginning of time period T2 with a CELL\_UPDATE command then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7) SS shall transmit a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message to make the UE transit to idle mode.
- 8) After 6 seconds from the beginning of time period T2, the RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 9) The SS shall wait for 30s to make the UE complete cell reselection to cell1.
- 10) Repeat step 3-9 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks is defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 2060ms (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 2.1s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message UM (Step 7):

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Release cause	Re-establishment Reject	

#### 8.4.1.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note:

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 8.4.1.2 Test 2

#### 8.4.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ( $T_{\text{UE-E-ESTABLISH-REQ}}$ ) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}}$  is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements of this test apply to the FDD UE.

#### 8.4.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{RE-ESTABLISH} = T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} + T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}$ 

where

 $T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} = 160ms + (N_{313}-1)*10ms + T_{313}$ 

 $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}} \!\!=\!\! 50ms \!\!+\! T_{\text{search}} \!^*\! NF + T_{SI} + T_{\text{RA}},$ 

 $N_{313} = 20$ 

 $T_{313} = 0s$ 

 $T_{\text{search}} = 800 \text{ms}$ 

NF is the number of different frequencies in the monitored set. 3 frequencies are assumed in this test

case.

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.

T<sub>SI</sub> is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the

reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331

for a UTRAN cell (ms).1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 4120ms, allow 4.2s in the test case.

# 8.4.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

### 8.4.1.2.4 Method of test

### 8.4.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.4.1.3 and table 8.4.1.4 below. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. And DRX cycle length shall be 1280ms. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Table 8.4.1.3 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL and UL Reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell, initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall include 2 additional frequencies.  NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
Cell 2			Cell 2 is not included in the monitored set. Cell 2 is located on one of the 2 additional frequencies of the monitored set. NOTE: Cell 2 is included in the monitored cell list (SIB 11), but not known by the UE.
T <sub>SI</sub>	ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system infomation blocks.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

**Parameter** Unit Cell 1 Cell 2 T1 T2 T1 **T2** ChNr Cell Frequency CPICH Ec/lor dB -10 -10 PCCPCH\_Ec/lor dB -12 -12 SCH\_Ec/lor dB -12 -12 PICH\_Ec/lor dB -15 -15 DCH\_Ec/lor Not applicable dB Note 1 -Infinity OCNS\_Ec/lor Note 2 -0.941  $-0.\overline{941}$ dΒ -Infinity dB -3,35 -Infinity 0.02  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$ dBm/ 3.84 -70 MHz -Infinity CPICH\_Ec/lo dΒ -15 -Infinity -13 **Propagation Condition** 

Table 8.4.1.4 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 2

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to

### 8.4.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters.
- 4) 10 s after step3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 5) If the UE responds on cell 2 within 4.4 s from the beginning of time period T2 with a CELL\_UPDATE command then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) SS shall transmit a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message to make the UE transit to idle mode.
- 7) After 6 seconds the RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 8) The SS shall wait for 30s to make the UE complete cell reselection to cell1.
- 9) Repeat step 3-8 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks is defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520msms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 4360ms (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 4.4s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB\_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB\_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB\_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB\_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB\_POS 46 SIB\_POS 32)\*10ms +1280ms).

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message UM (Step 6):

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Release cause	Re-establishment Reject	

## 8.4.1.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note:

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.4.2 Random Access

# 8.4.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK (Release 5 and earlier)

# 8.4.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

This test is applicable for Release 5 and earlier releases only. See subclause 8.4.2.1A for later releases.

## 8.4.2.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall have capability to calculate initial power according to the open loop algorithm and apply this power level at the first preamble and increase the power on additional preambles. The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall have an accuracy as specified in table 6.3 of TS 25.101 [1]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall be -30 dBm with an accuracy as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1]. The accuracy is  $\pm$  9dB in the case of normal condition or  $\pm$ 12dB in the case of extreme condition.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is  $\pm 2$  dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1]. The test requirement of the power difference between  $10^{th}$  preamble PRACH and message part is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is  $\pm 2$  dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between  $10^{th}$  preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P  $_{p-m}$  in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor  $\beta_d$  is set to 15. The temporary gain factor  $\beta_c$  is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.1.

# 8.4.2.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements and that the PRACH power settings are within specified limits.

### 8.4.2.1.4 Method of test

### 8.4.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1 in the case of the PRACH power measurement. And in the case of the function test of the random access procedure, connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Table 8.4.2.1.1: RF Parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
$[\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}]$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

The test parameters "System Information Block (SIB) type 5 (ASC #0)" defined in clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be used in all random access tests (see note). Crucial parameters for the test requirements are repeated in tables 8.4.2.1.2 and 8.4.2.1.3 and these overrule the parameters defined in SIB type 5.

NOTE: A parameter of AC-to-ASC mapping(AC0-9) in SIB5 of clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3] shall be set to 0 in the case of all random access tests. The EFACC of Type A, which is specified in clause 8.3.2.15 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be selected.

Table 8.4.2.1.2: UE parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class (ASC#0)		
- Persistence value	01	1
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M <sub>max</sub> ).		
Maximum number of preambles		12
in one preamble ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T <sub>B01</sub>	ms	N/A
$N_{B01min}=N_{B01max}$	#TTI	10
Power step when no acquisition	dB	3
indicator is received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the		
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)		
Maximum allowed UL TX	DBm	21
power		

Table 8.4.2.1.3: SS parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power control	dB	-10
(Constant value)		
AICH Power Offset	dB	0

### 8.4.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an ACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS
- 2) Measure the first PRACH preamble output power, the each power difference for preamble ramping and the power difference between  $10^{th}$  preamble PRACH and message part of the UE according to annex B.
- 3) Measure the number of the preamble part and the message part by using a spectrum analyzer.

### 8.4.2.1.5 Test requirements

The accuracy of the first preamble as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1] shall not be verified in this test. It is verified under the section 5.4.1, Open loop power control.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is  $\pm 3$  dB. The test requirement of the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part (control + data) is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is  $\pm 3$  dB

Table 8.4.2.1.4:
Test requirement for power difference

	Power difference preambles	ence for all		etween 10th preamble ge part (control+data)
Test requirement	3dB	±3 dB	3dB	±3 dB

NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P  $_{p-m}$  in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor  $\beta_d$  is set to 15. The temporary gain factor  $\beta_c$  is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

**Parameter** Unit Cell 1 UTRA RF Channel Number Channel 1 CPICH\_Ec/lor dB -10 PCCPCH\_Ec/lor dB -12 SCH\_Ec/lor dΒ -12 Number of other transmitted 0 Acquisition Indicators AICH\_Ec/lor dΒ -10 PICH\_Ec/lor dB -15 OCNS Ec/lor when an AI is not dΒ -0,941 transmitted OCNS Ec/lor when an AI is dΒ -1,516 transmitted  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ dΒ dBm/3.8  $I_{oc}$ -70

Table 8.4.2.1.5: RF Parameters for Random Access test

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

4 MHz

-13

**AWGN** 

dB

### 8.4.2.1A Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK (Release 6 and later)

### 8.4.2.1A.1 Definition and applicability

CPICH Ec/lo

Propagation Condition

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

This test is applicable for Release 6 and later releases only. This test includes measurement of PRACH timing. See subclause 8.4.2.1 for the PRACH test for earlier releases that does not include PRACH timing.

#### 8.4.2.1A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall have capability to calculate initial power according to the open loop algorithm and apply this power level at the first preamble and increase the power on additional preambles. The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall have an accuracy as specified in table 6.3 of TS 25.101 [1]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall be -30 dBm with an accuracy as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1]. The accuracy is  $\pm$  9dB in the case of normal condition or  $\pm$ 12dB in the case of extreme condition.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1A.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is  $\pm 2$  dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1]. The test requirement of the power difference between 10<sup>th</sup> preamble PRACH and message part is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is  $\pm 2$  dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

In order to calculate the power difference between 10<sup>th</sup> preamble PRACH and message part by using NOTE: Power offset P p-m in the table 8.4.2.1A.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor  $\beta_d$  is set to 15. The temporary gain factor  $\beta_c$  is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon an ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

The UE PRACH burst timing error shall be less than or equal to ± 3.5 Chips. The reference point shall be the expected timing calculated from the UE's reference detected path of the P-CCPCH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2, 7.4.2 and A.6.2.2.1.

# 8.4.2.1A.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements and that the PRACH power settings and timing are within specified limits.

### 8.4.2.1A.4 Method of test

### 8.4.2.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1 in the case of the PRACH power measurement. And in the case of the function test of the random access procedure, connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Table 8.4.2.1A.1: RF Parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
$[\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}]$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

The test parameters "System Information Block (SIB) type 5 (ASC #0)" defined in clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be used in all random access tests (see note). Crucial parameters for the test requirements are repeated in tables 8.4.2.1A.2 and 8.4.2.1A.3 and these overrule the parameters defined in SIB type 5.

NOTE: A parameter of AC-to-ASC mapping (AC0-9) in SIB5 of clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3] shall be set to 0 in the case of all random access tests. The EFACC of Type A, which is specified in clause 8.3.2.15 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be selected.

Table 8.4.2.1A.2: UE parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class (ASC#0)		
- Persistence value	01	1
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M <sub>max</sub> ).		
Maximum number of preambles		12
in one preamble ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T <sub>B01</sub>	ms	N/A
$N_{B01min}=N_{B01max}$	#TTI	10
Power step when no acquisition	dB	3
indicator is received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the		
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)		
Maximum allowed UL TX	DBm	21
power		

Table 8.4.2.1A.3: SS parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power control	dB	-10
(Constant value)		
AICH Power Offset	dB	0

### 8.4.2.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1A.1, table 8.4.2.1A.2 and table 8.4.2.1A.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an ACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS
- 2) Measure the first PRACH preamble output power and timing, the each power difference for preamble ramping and the power difference between 10<sup>th</sup> preamble PRACH and message part of the UE according to annex B.
- 3) Measure the number and timing of the preamble part and the message part by using a spectrum analyzer.

## 8.4.2.1A.5 Test requirements

The power accuracy of the first preamble as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1] shall not be verified in this test. It is verified under the section 5.4.1, Open loop power control.

The timing accuracy of all measured PRACH preamble and PRACH message bursts shall be within  $\pm$  4 chips of the reference timing for the used access slot for PRACH preambles or slot for PRACH messages. The reference timing shall be the expected timing calculated from the UE's reference detected path of the P-CCPCH.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1A.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is  $\pm 3$  dB. The test requirement of the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part (control + data) is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is  $\pm 3$  dB

Table 8.4.2.1A.4:
Test requirement for power difference

	Power differe preambles	nce for all	Power difference better PRACH and message	tween 10th preamble ge part (control+data)
Test requirement	3dB	±3 dB	3dB	±3 dB

NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P <sub>p-m</sub> in the table 8.4.2.1A.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor  $\beta_d$  is set to 15. The temporary gain factor  $\beta_c$  is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon an ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

Table 8.4.2.1A.5: RF Parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.4.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

### 8.4.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

### 8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer  $T_{B01}$  expires.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the SS. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.2.

### 8.4.2.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements.

### 8.4.2.2.4 Method of test

### 8.4.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

### 8.4.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an NACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS
- 2) Measure the number of the preamble part and the time delay between 10<sup>th</sup> preamble in the first ramping cycle and first preamble in the second ramping cycle by using a spectrum analyzer.

### 8.4.2.2.5 Test requirements

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer  $T_{B01}$  expires.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the SS. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.4.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

### 8.4.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

# 8.4.2.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.3.

## 8.4.2.3.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements.

### 8.4.2.3.4 Method of test

## 8.4.2.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

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See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

#### 8.4.2.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2, and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that SS shall transmit no AICH.
- 2) Measure the number of the preamble part by using a spectrum analyzer.

#### 8.4.2.3.5 Test requirements

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.4.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

### 8.4.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321[13]. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303 [12].

### 8.4.2.4.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power, which is specified in Table 8.4.2.4.1 and configured by the SS, with more than the accuracy tolerances as defined in section 6.5 of TS 25.133 [2].

Section 6.5 of TS25.133 [2] states that for UE output powers that are outside the range covered by the UE transmitted power measurement the UE output power shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX Power with more than the tolerances specified for the Open loop power control in TS 25.101 [1] section 6.4.1.

No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

### 8.4.2.4.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the PRACH power behavior when reaching Maximum allowed UL TX power is correct.

### 8.4.2.4.4 Method of test

#### 8.4.2.4.4.1 Initial condition

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Table 8.4.2.4.1: UE parameters for correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class (ASC#0)		
- Persistence value	01	1
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M <sub>max</sub> ).		
Maximum number of preambles		12
in one preamble ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T <sub>B01</sub>	ms	N/A
$N_{B01min}=N_{B01max}$	#TTI	10
Power step when no acquisition	dB	3
indicator is received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the		
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)		
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	0
power		

### 8.4.2.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.4.1 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that SS shall transmit no AICH.
- 2) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain  $\hat{I}_{or}$  at the UE antenna connector.  $\hat{I}_{or}$  shall be according to table 8.4.2.1.4.
- 3) Measure all PRACH preamble output power of the UE according to annex B.

### 8.4.2.4.5 Test requirements

The UE shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the SS with more than the tolerance specified in Table 8.4.2.4.2.

Table 8.4.2.4.2: Test requirement for maximum preamble power

	Maximum pr	eamble power
Test requirement(normal)	0dBm	±10 dB
Test requirement(extreme)	0dBm	±13 dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE

# 8.4.3.1 Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps

# 8.4.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.4 in TS25.321 [13]. This in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. Transport format combination selection is described in section 11.4 of TS 25.321 [13].

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99, Release 4, Release 5 and later releases.

## 8.4.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Elimination, Recovery* and *Blocking* criteria defined below, how TFCs on an uplink DPDCH can be used for the purpose of TFC selection. The evaluation shall be performed for every TFC in the TFCS using the estimated UE transmit power of a given TFC. The UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC shall be made using the UE transmitted power measured over the measurement period, defined in 9.1.6.1 of TS 25.133 [2] as one slot, and the gain factors of the corresponding TFC.

The UE shall consider the *Elimination* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC is greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X out of the last Y successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Excess-Power state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bit rate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Elimination* criterion was detected.

The UE shall consider the *Recovery* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for the last Z successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Supported state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Recovery* criterion was detected.

The evaluation of the *Elimination* criterion and the *Recovery* criterion shall be performed at least once per radio frame.

The definitions of the parameters X,Y and Z which shall be used when evaluating the *Elimination* and the *Recovery* criteria when no compressed mode patterns are activated are given in Table 8.4.3.1.1.

Table 8.4.3.1.1: X, Y, Z parameters for TFC selection

Х	Υ	Z
15	30	30

The UE shall consider the *Blocking* criterion for a given TFC to be fulfilled at the latest at the start of the longest uplink TTI after the moment at which the TFC will have been in Excess-Power state for a duration of:

$$(T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1\_proc})$$

where:

 $T_{notify}$  equals 15 ms

 $T_{modify}$  equals  $MAX(T_{adapt\_max}, T_{TTI})$ 

T<sub>L1 proc</sub> equals 15 ms

 $T_{adapt\_max}$  equals MAX( $T_{adapt\_1}$ ,  $T_{adapt\_2}$ , ...,  $T_{adapt\_N}$ )

N equals the number of logical channels that need to change rate

For Release 99 and Release 4,  $T_{adapt\_n}$  equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. Table 8.4.3.1.2 defines  $T_{adapt}$  times for different services. For services where no codec is used  $T_{adapt}$  shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms.

**Table 8.4.3.1.2: T**<sub>adapt</sub>

Service	T <sub>adapt</sub> [ms]
UMTS AMR	40
UMTS AMR2	60

For Release 5 and later releases  $T_{adapt\_n}$  equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. For services where no codec is used  $T_{adapt}$  shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms. For services where either UMTS\_AMR2 or UMTS\_AMR\_WB is used, Tadapt shall be considered to be

equal to the time required to switch from the current codec mode to a new supported codec mode. In that case Tadapt equals 20 ms + 40 ms per codec mode switch. E.g. Tadapt equals 60ms if one codec mode switch is necessary and Tadapt equals 140ms if 3 codec mode switches are necessary.

T<sub>TTI</sub> equals the longest uplink TTI of the selected TFC (ms).

The Maximum UE transmitter power is defined as follows

Maximum UE transmitter power = MIN(Maximum allowed UL TX Power, UE maximum transmit power)

where

Maximum allowed UL TX Power is set by SS and defined in TS 25.331 [8], and

UE maximum transmit power is defined by the UE power class, and specified in TS 25.101 [1].

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.4.2 and A.6.4.1.

## 8.4.3.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose is to verify the UE blocks (stops using) a currently used TFC when the UE output power is not sufficient to support that TFC. The test will verify the general requirement on TFC selection in section 8.4.3.1.2 for a RAB intended for packet data services, i.e. Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64kbps as defined in TS 34.108 [3].

### 8.4.3.1.4 Method of test

### 8.4.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Tables 8.4.3.1.3, 8.4.3.1.4, 8.4.3.1.5 and 8.4.3.1.6 below. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Details on the UL reference RAB in table 8.4.3.1.3 and 8.4.3.1.4 can be found in TS 34.108 [3] section "Interactive or background / UL:64 DL: 64 kbps / PS RAB + UL:3.4 DL:3.4 kbps SRBs for DCCH".

Table 8.4.3.1.3: UL reference RAB, Interactive or Background

	TFI	64 kbps RAB (20ms TTI)	DCCH 3.4kbps (40ms TTI)
TFS	TF0, bits	0x336	0x148
	TF1, bits	1x336	1x148
	TF2, bits	2x336	N/A
	TF3, bits	3x336	N/A
	TF4, bits	4x336	N/A

Table 8.4.3.1.4: UL TFCI

TFCI	(64 kbps RAB, DCCH)
UL_TFC0	(TF0, TF0)
UL_TFC1	(TF0, TF1)
UL_TFC2	(TF1, TF0)
UL_TFC3	(TF1, TF1)
UL_TFC4	(TF2, TF0)
UL_TFC5	(TF2, TF1)
UL_TFC6	(TF3, TF0)
UL_TFC7	(TF3, TF1)
UL_TFC8	(TF4, TF0)
UL_TFC9	(TF4, TF1)

Table 8.4.3.1.5: General test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
TFCS size		10	
TFCS		UL_TFC0, UL_TFC1, UL_TFC2,	
		UL_TFC3, UL_TFC4, UL_TFC5,	
		UL_TFC6, UL_TFC7, UL_TFC8,	
		UL_TFC9	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	21	
power			
T0	S	10	
T1	S	30	
T2	S	2	
Propagation condition		AWGN	

Table 8.4.3.1.6: Cell specific test parameters

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		
		T0	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		С	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-13		
Propagation Condition			AWGN		

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow uplink transmission at the highest bit rate (UL\_TFC8 or UL\_TFC9) during the entire test and it shall be ensured that the UE is using UL\_TFC8 or UL\_TFC9 at the end of T1.

## 8.4.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 with T0 parameters defined in table 8.4.3.1.6.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2, using the test procedure to setup a PS call using the parameters defined in tables 8.4.3.1.3, 8.4.3.1.4 and 8.4.3.1.5.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) For T1=30 secs the SS shall command the UE output power to be between 14 and 15 dB below the UE Maximum allowed UL Tx power (table 8.4.3.1.5).
- 6) The SS shall start sending continuously TPC\_cmd=1 to the UE for T2=2 secs (see NOTE).
- 7) The time from the beginning of T2 until the UE blocks (stops using) UL\_TFC8 and UL\_TFC9 shall be measured by the SS. The UE shall stop using UL\_TFC8 and UL\_TFC9 within 140 ms from beginning of time period T2. A success is counted, if the UE stops within 140 ms. An error is counted otherwise.
- 8) Repeat steps 5-7 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

NOTE: This will emulate that UL\_TFC8 to UL\_TFC9 can not be supported because the UE reaches the maximum UL Tx power and still SS is sending power-up commands.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

RRC CONNECTION SETUP message is defined in clause 9.1.1, "Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (Transition to CELL\_DCH)" using condition A1.

RADIO BEARER SETUP message is defined in clause 9.1.1, "Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM" using condition A3.

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# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
moodage damoniloadion code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Title message sequence names	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	Tonouncal reporting
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
·	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

# 8.4.3.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note:

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.4.4 E-TFC restriction in UE

### 8.4.4.1 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction

# 8.4.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC and E-TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.8.1.4 in TS25.321 [13]. This is in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. E-TFC selection is described in section 11.8.1.4 of TS25.321 [13].

The requirements of this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

### 8.4.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Elimination, Recovery* and *Blocking* criteria defined below, how TFCs on an uplink DPDCH can be used for the purpose of TFC selection. The evaluation shall be performed for every TFC in the TFCS using the estimated UE transmit power.

The UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC, when HS-DPCCH is not transmitted during the measurement period, shall be calculated using the DPDCH and DPCCH gain factors of the corresponding TFC and reference transmit power. The reference transmit power is the transmit power of DPCCH and DPDCH of a given TFC during the measurement period for which UE transmit power estimation is made. If HS-DPCCH is transmitted either partially or totally within the given measurement period the UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC shall be calculated using DPDCH and DPCCH gain factors, the maximum value of the HS-DPCCH gain factor that is used during the measurement period, and the reference transmit power. The timing of the measurement period, which is defined in 9.1.6.1 of TS 25.133 [2] as one slot, is the same as the timing of the DPCH slot.

E-TFC selection is allowed only in the CELL\_DCH state. E-TFC selection is based on the estimated power leftover from TFC selection if the DPDCH is present and from the HS-DPCCH.

The UE shall estimate the normalised remaining power margin available for E-TFC selection based on the following equation for E-TFC candidate j

$$NRPM_{j} \!\! = \!\! (PMax_{j} - P_{DPCCH, \, target} - P_{DPDCH} \!\! - P_{HS\text{-}DPCCH} \!\! - P_{E\text{-}DPCCH}) / \, P_{DPCCH, \, target} \; , \label{eq:nrpm}$$

where

PMax<sub>i</sub> = Maximum UE transmitter power for E-TFC-j as defined in section 6.5 of TS25.133 [2].

 $P_{DPCCH}(t)$  represents a slotwise estimate of the current UE DPCCH power at time t. If at time t, the UE is transmitting a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t) = P_{DPCCH}(t) \times (N_{pilot,C}/N_{pilot,N})$  else  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t) = P_{DPCCH}(t)$ . If the UE is not transmitting uplink DPCCH during the slot at time t, either due to compressed mode gaps or when discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled then the power shall not contribute to the filtered result. Samples of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  shall be filtered using a filter period of 3 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  when the E-DCH TTI is 2ms or 15 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH}(t)$  comp when the E-DCH TTI is 10ms to give  $P_{DPCCH,filtered}(t)$ . The accuracy of the  $P_{DPCCH}(t)$  estimate shall be at least that specified in table 8.4.4.1.1.2.

If the target E-DCH TTI for which  $NRPM_j$  evaluated does not correspond to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target} = P_{DPCCH,filtered}$ .

If the target E-DCH TTI for which  $NRPM_j$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target} = P_{DPCCH,filtered} \times (N_{pilot,N}/N_{pilot,N})$ .  $N_{pilot,N}$  and  $N_{pilot,C}$  are numbers of pilot symbols as defined in [5].

 $P_{\text{DPDCH}}$  = estimated DPDCH transmit power, based on  $P_{\text{DPCCH,target}}$  and the gain factors from the TFC selection that has already been made. If the target E-DCH TTI for for which  $NRPM_j$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{\text{DPDCH}}$ 

 $P_{\text{HS-DPCCH}} = \text{estimated HS-DPCCH} \ \ \text{transmit power based on the maximum HS-DPCCH} \ \ \text{gain factor based on} \\ P_{\text{DPCCH,target}} \ \ \text{and the most recent signalled values of } \Delta_{\text{ACK}}, \Delta_{\text{NACK}} \ \ \text{and } \Delta_{\text{CQI}}. \ \ \text{If the target E-DCH TTI for for which} \\ NRPM_{j} \ \ \text{is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors} \\ \text{which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of } P_{\text{HS-DPCCH}}$ 

 $P_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$  = estimated E-DPCCH transmit power, based on  $P_{\text{DPCCH,target}}$  and the E-DPCCH gain factor calculated using the most recent signalled value of  $\Delta_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$ . If the target E-DCH TTI for for which NRPM $_{j}$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$ 

Note:  $P_{DPCCH}(t)$ ,  $PMax_j$ ,  $P_{DPCCH,filt,target}$ ,  $P_{DPDCH}$ ,  $P_{HS-DPCCH}$ , and  $P_{E-DPCCH}$  are expressed in linear power units

The UE shall consider the *Elimination* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC is greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X out of the last Y successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Excess-Power state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Elimination* criterion was detected.

The UE shall consider the *Recovery* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for the last Z successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Supported state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Recovery* criterion was detected.

The evaluation of the *Elimination* criterion and the *Recovery* criterion shall be performed at least once per radio frame.

The definitions of the parameters X, Y and Z which shall be used when evaluating the *Elimination* and the *Recovery* criteria when no compressed mode patterns are activated are given in Table 8.4.4.1.1.1.

Table 8.4.4.1.1.1: X, Y, Z parameters for TFC selection

X	Υ	Z
15	30	30

The UE shall consider the *Blocking* criterion for a given TFC to be fulfilled at the latest at the start of the longest uplink TTI after the moment at which the TFC will have been in Excess-Power state for a duration of:

$$(T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1 proc})$$

where:

T<sub>notify</sub> equals 15 ms, and

 $T_{modify}$  equals  $MAX(T_{adapt\ max},\!T_{TTI}),$  and

T<sub>L1 proc</sub> equals 15 ms, and

 $T_{adapt\_max}$  equals MAX( $T_{adapt\_1}$ ,  $T_{adapt\_2}$ , ...,  $T_{adapt\_N}$ ), and

N equals the number of logical channels that need to change rate, and

 $T_{adapt\_n}$  equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. For services where no codec is used  $T_{adapt}$  shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms. For services where either UMTS\_AMR2 or UMTS\_AMR\_WB is used, Tadapt shall be considered to be equal to the time required to switch from the current codec mode to a new supported codec mode. In that case Tadapt equals 20 ms + 40 ms per codec mode switch. E.g. Tadapt equals 60ms if one codec mode switch is necessary and Tadapt equals 140ms if 3 codec mode switches are necessary.

T<sub>TTI</sub> equals the longest uplink TTI of the selected TFC (ms).

The UE shall be able to update the normalised remaining power estimate of each E-TFC at least every E-DCH TTI. The UE shall use the latest available estimate of NRPM<sub>j</sub> at the time when all absolute and relative grants relating to the E-DCH TTI under consideration have been received. Using the estimates of NRPM<sub>j</sub>the UE shall evaluate for each E-TFC which configured MAC-d flows are supported and which are unsupported as follows:

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered does not belong to a compressed mode frame then if NRPM<sub>i</sub> $\geq \sum (\beta_{ed,i}/\beta_c)^2$  then E-TFC<sub>i</sub> can be supported, otherwise it cannot be supported

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered belongs to a compressed mode frame then if  $NRPM_i \ge \sum (\beta_{ed,C,i}/\beta_{c,C})^2$  then E-TFC<sub>i</sub> can be supported, otherwise it cannot be supported

 $\beta_{\rm ed,i}/\beta_c$  and  $\beta_{\rm ed,C,i}/\beta_{c,C}$  is the quantized amplitude ratio.

If the UE is allowed to reduce its maximum transmit power for certain TFCs and E-TFCs, the UE shall use the reduced maximum transmit power in the evaluation of the TFC and E-TFC selection criteria for those TFCs.

Table 8.4.4.1.1.2: Accuracy requirements for the estimate of PDPCCH used in E-TFC restriction

Total UE output power value (dBm)	P <sub>DPCCH</sub> accuracy(dB) (note 1)
25<= total output power <34	note 2
24<= total output power <25	±2.0
23<= total output power <24	±2.0
22<= total output power <23	±2.0
21<= total output power <22	±2.0
20<= total output power < 21	±2.5
19<= total output power <20	±3.0
18<= total output power <19	±3.5
17<= total output power <18	±4.0
16<= total output power <17	±4.0
15<= total output power <16	±4.0
14<= total output power <15	±4.0
13<= total output power <14	±4.0 (power class 4)
13<= total output power < 14	±6.0 (power class 3)
12<= total output power <13	±4.0 (power class 4)
12<= total output power <15	±6.0 (power class 3)
11<= total output power <12	±4.0 (power class 4)
11<= total output power <12	±6.0 (power class 3)
-50<= total output power <11	±6.0
Note 1: PDPCCH accuracy is the difference b	between the estimate of PDPCCH used
by the UE for the purposes of E-TF	FC selection and the actual power of
the DPCCH being transmitted	
Note 2: No tolerance is specified.	

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.4.2 and A.6.6.1.1.

## 8.4.4.1.3 Test Purpose

The purpose is to verify the UE stops using a currently used E-TFC when its remaining power margin is not sufficient to support that E-TFC, and resumes using that E-TFC when its remaining power margin is sufficient to support it. This test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC selection in section 8.4.4.1.2 for a 10 ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block Size Table 0 as defined in TS 25.321 [13].

The test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC restriction and recovery in section 6.4 of TS25.133 [2] for a 10ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block Size Table 0.

NOTE: The test case covers only the continuous uplink DPCCH transmission scenario.

## 8.4.4.1.4 Method of test

### 8.4.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.4.4.1.3 and 8.4.4.1.6 below. The test consists of 2time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The UE shall be configured to transmit UL DTCH data continuously on the DPCH. An HSDPA radio bearer shall be configured so that the UE transmits ACK on the UL HS-DPCCH. An E-DCH radio bearer shall be configured, so that UE is transmitting E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH in the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0.

Table 8.4.4.1.3: General test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
UL DPCH configuration	Oilit	12.2kbps reference	Comment
OL DI OTI comiguration		measurement channel	
E-DCH Transport Block Size		10ms TTI E-DCH Transport	
Table		Block Size Table 0 according to	
		TS 25.321 [13] annex B.3	
UL Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	24	For a class 4 UE maximum
power			allowed TX power can still be
			signalled as 24dBm however the
			UE only has capability to transmit
			21dBm
Propagation condition		AWGN	
$eta_{ extsf{d}}/eta_{ extsf{C}}$		9/15	Care needs to be taken to ensure
			that TFCS with $\beta_d/\beta_C = 9/15$ is
			always used even during power
			limited part of the test in T2
A <sub>hs</sub>		2	$\Delta_{ACK} = \Delta_{NACK} = \Delta_{CQI}$
A <sub>ec</sub>		2	
$eta_{ ext{ed,ref}}/eta_{C}$		5/15	
L <sub>ref</sub>		1	
K <sub>ref</sub>		18	
$\Delta_{harq}$	٩D	0	
DI	dB	0.52	
$PL_{non-max}$		0.52	
E-DCH minimum set E-TFI		0	Makes E-DCH transport block
			size with index 0 unblockable
			even in power limited phase
Periodicity for Scheduling		Every TTI	Ensures that some data is sent on
Info			every TTI even in the power
			limited phase
E-DCH MAC-D flow		0	
maximum number of			
retransmissions			
T1	S	2	
T2	S	2	

Table 8.4.4.1.4: Additional cell specific parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
		T0	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$		-10		
PCCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
$PICH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB		-15	
$DPCH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB		-7.5	
HS-SCCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-7.5		
HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-3.67		
E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX'd		
E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Note 1		
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow E-DCH uplink transmission at the highest possible bit rate with E-DCH TB index 127. It shall also be ensured that sufficient data is made available on the DTCH so that the UE is continuously transmitting on the DPCH.

### 8.4.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 with T0 parameters defined in table 8.4.4.1.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions are derived from Table 8.4.4.1.3, and in addition allow the beta values to be set and each UL physical channel to be at constant power during the measurement.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test. See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. This way the UE is configured to transmit a data stream on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH.

Table 8.4.4.1.4A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark
UL Transport channel information for all transport	
channels	
- 2bit CTFC	3
<ul> <li>Power offset Information</li> </ul>	
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Gain factor ßc	15/15
- Gain factor ßd	9/15
Maximum allowed UL TX power	24dBm
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gair	factors as in the default message

Table 8.4.4.1.4B Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark
<ul> <li>Added or reconfigured E-DCH MAC-d flow</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of</li> </ul>	0
retransmissions	
Uplink DPCH info	
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	8, giving $A_{hs} = 30/15$
- ∆ <sub>NACK</sub>	8, giving $A_{hs} = 30/15$
<ul> <li>Ack-Nack repetition factor</li> </ul>	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPCCH info	
<ul> <li>E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset</li> </ul>	8, giving $A_{ec} = 30/15$
- E-DPDCH info	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	0, making E-DCH transport block size with index 0 unblockable even in power limited
	phase
- Reference E-TFCIs	1 E-TFCI
- Reference E-TFCI	0
- Reference E-TFCI PO	0, giving $A_{ed} = 5/15$
- Maximum channelisation codes	2sf4, for E-DPDCH Categories 1, 2 and 3
	2sf2, for E-DPDCH Categories 4, 5 and 6
- PLnon-max	0.52
- Scheduling Information Configuration	
- Periodicity for Scheduling Info – grant	Every TTI
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- Δ <sub>CQI</sub>	8, giving $A_{hs} = 30/15$

- 5) The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The UL RLC PDU size shall be 336 bits. The SS signals AG value = 31 and AG scope = 0 on the E-AGCH continuously to give UE grants to make use of the maximum possible data rate.
- 6) Before T1, the SS shall send continuously TPC\_cmd = +1 to the UE. The UE shall be transmitting at its maximum DPCCH power and the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI with index 0.
- 7) From the start of T1 the system simulator shall send sufficient consecutive TPC\_cmd = -1 to the UE until the DPCCH power is between -2.3dBm and +1dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -5.3dBm and -2dBm for a power class 4 UE.
- 8) From the start of T1 the E-TFC indicated on the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall be measured by the SS. An "ETFCI recovery success" is counted, if the UE is using the E-TFC index which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities as shown in Table 8.4.4.1.5, within 50ms from the start of T1. An ETFCI recovery error is counted otherwise.

Table 8.4.4.1.5: UE's 10 ms TTI FDD E-DCH

E-DPDCH Category	E-TFCI Index
Category 1	101
Category 2 - 3	119
Category 4 - 6	127

- 9) Before T2, UE P<sub>DPCCH</sub> power shall be between -2.3dBm and +1dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -5.3dBm and -2dBm for a power class 4 UE. The UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of the E-TFCI which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities.
- 10) From the start of T2 the system simulator shall send shall send continuously TPC\_cmd = +1 to the UE.
- 11) From the start of T2 the E-TFC indicated on the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall be measured by the SS. An "ETFCI restriction success" is counted, if the UE is using E-TFC with index 0, within 50 ms from the start of T2. An ETFCI restriction error is counted otherwise. During this phase the UE may perform DTX of the E-DPDCH in accordance with [5] clause 5.1.2.6.

12) Repeat steps 6-11 until the confidence level according to Annex F.6.2 is achieved.

NOTE: The required headroom to support E-TFC 127 can be calculated using the parameters  $L_{ref}=1$ ,  $K_{ref}=18$  and  $K_{127}=20000$ . This requires  $\{(5006)*3+12\}*4=60120$  bits before rate matching/ARQ based on section 4 of [31]. This can be transmitted on 2xSF/2 codes, so needs equivalent of 4xSF/4 codes, giving  $L_{127}=4$ .

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# 8.4.4.1.5 Test Requirements

For the test to pass, the ETFCI recovery success ratio shall be more than 90%, and also the ETFCI restriction success ratio shall be more than 90%, each with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.4.4.1.6: Cell specific test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
		T0	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Channel 1	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$			-9.9	
PCCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
$\begin{array}{c} {\rm SCH} \ ^{E_c/I_{or}} \\ {\rm PICH} \ ^{E_c/I_{or}} \end{array}$	dB		-15	
$DPCH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-7.5		
HS-SCCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-7.5		
HS-DSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (Note 2)	dB	-3.7		
E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX'd		
E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Note 1		
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-69.3		

Note 1: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 2 :  $\frac{E_c/I_{or}}{I_{or}}$  value represent the total power of the HS-DSCH channel (which include five codes as required by H-Set 1)

Note:

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.4.4.2 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction

### 8.4.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC and E-TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.8.1.4 in TS25.321 [13]. This is in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. E-TFC selection is described in section 11.8.1.4 of TS25.321 [13].

The requirements of this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

# 8.4.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Elimination, Recovery* and *Blocking* criteria defined below, how TFCs on an uplink DPDCH can be used for the purpose of TFC selection. The evaluation shall be performed for every TFC in the TFCS using the estimated UE transmit power.

The UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC, when HS-DPCCH is not transmitted during the measurement period, shall be calculated using the DPDCH and DPCCH gain factors of the corresponding TFC and reference transmit power. The reference transmit power is the transmit power of DPCCH and DPDCH of a given TFC during the

measurement period for which UE transmit power estimation is made. If HS-DPCCH is transmitted either partially or totally within the given measurement period the UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC shall be calculated using DPDCH and DPCCH gain factors, the maximum value of the HS-DPCCH gain factor that is used during the measurement period, and the reference transmit power. The timing of the measurement period, which is defined in 9.1.6.1 of TS 25.133 [2] as one slot, is the same as the timing of the DPCH slot.

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E-TFC selection is allowed only in the CELL\_DCH state. E-TFC selection is based on the estimated power leftover from TFC selection if the DPDCH is present and from the HS-DPCCH.

The UE shall estimate the normalised remaining power margin available for E-TFC selection based on the following equation for E-TFC candidate j

$$NRPM_{j} = (PMax_{j} - P_{DPCCH, target} - P_{DPDCH} - P_{HS-DPCCH} - P_{E-DPCCH}) / P_{DPCCH, target},$$

where

PMax<sub>i</sub> = Maximum UE transmitter power for E-TFC-j as defined in section 6.5 of TS25.133 [2].

 $P_{DPCCH}(t)$  represents a slotwise estimate of the current UE DPCCH power at time t. If at time t, the UE is transmitting a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t) = P_{DPCCH}(t) \times (N_{pilot,C}/N_{pilot,N})$  else  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t) = P_{DPCCH}(t)$ . If the UE is not transmitting uplink DPCCH during the slot at time t, either due to compressed mode gaps or when discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled then the power shall not contribute to the filtered result. Samples of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  shall be filtered using a filter period of 3 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  when the E-DCH TTI is 2ms or 15 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  comp when the E-DCH TTI is 10ms to give  $P_{DPCCH,filtered}$ . The accuracy of the  $P_{DPCCH}$  estimate shall be at least that specified in table 8.4.4.1.1.2.

If the target E-DCH TTI for which  $NRPM_j$  evaluated does not correspond to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target} = P_{DPCCH,filtered}$ .

If the target E-DCH TTI for which  $NRPM_j$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target} = P_{DPCCH,filtered} \times (N_{pilot,N}/N_{pilot,N})$ .  $N_{pilot,N}$  and  $N_{pilot,C}$  are numbers of pilot symbols as defined in [5].

 $P_{\text{DPDCH}}$  = estimated DPDCH transmit power, based on  $P_{\text{DPCCH,target}}$  and the gain factors from the TFC selection that has already been made. If the target E-DCH TTI for for which  $NRPM_j$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{\text{DPDCH}}$ 

 $P_{HS\text{-}DPCCH}$  = estimated HS-DPCCH transmit power based on the maximum HS-DPCCH gain factor based on  $P_{DPCCH,target}$  and the most recent signalled values of  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$ . If the target E-DCH TTI for for which  $NRPM_j$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{HS\text{-}DPCCH}$ 

 $P_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$  = estimated E-DPCCH transmit power, based on  $P_{\text{DPCCH,target}}$  and the E-DPCCH gain factor calculated using the most recent signalled value of  $\Delta_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$ . If the target E-DCH TTI for for which NRPM $_{j}$  is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$ 

Note:  $P_{DPCCH}(t)$ ,  $PMax_i$ ,  $P_{DPCCH,filt,target}$ ,  $P_{DPDCH}$ ,  $P_{HS-DPCCH}$ , and  $P_{E-DPCCH}$  are expressed in linear power units

The UE shall consider the *Elimination* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC is greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X out of the last Y successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Excess-Power state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{\text{notify}}$  from the moment the *Elimination* criterion was detected.

The UE shall consider the *Recovery* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for the last Z successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Supported state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Recovery* criterion was detected.

The evaluation of the *Elimination* criterion and the *Recovery* criterion shall be performed at least once per radio frame.

The definitions of the parameters X, Y and Z which shall be used when evaluating the *Elimination* and the *Recovery* criteria when no compressed mode patterns are activated are given in Table 8.4.4.2.2.1.

Table 8.4.4.2.2.1: X, Y, Z parameters for TFC selection

X	Υ	Z
15	30	30

The UE shall consider the *Blocking* criterion for a given TFC to be fulfilled at the latest at the start of the longest uplink TTI after the moment at which the TFC will have been in Excess-Power state for a duration of:

$$(T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1\_proc})$$

where:

T<sub>notify</sub> equals 15 ms, and

 $T_{modify}$  equals  $MAX(T_{adapt\_max}, T_{TTI})$ , and

T<sub>L1 proc</sub> equals 15 ms, and

 $T_{adapt\_max}$  equals MAX( $T_{adapt\_1}$ ,  $T_{adapt\_2}$ , ...,  $T_{adapt\_N}$ ), and

N equals the number of logical channels that need to change rate, and

 $T_{adapt\_n}$  equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. For services where no codec is used  $T_{adapt}$  shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms. For services where either UMTS\_AMR2 or UMTS\_AMR\_WB is used, Tadapt shall be considered to be equal to the time required to switch from the current codec mode to a new supported codec mode. In that case Tadapt equals 20 ms + 40 ms per codec mode switch. E.g. Tadapt equals 60ms if one codec mode switch is necessary and Tadapt equals 140ms if 3 codec mode switches are necessary.

T<sub>TTI</sub> equals the longest uplink TTI of the selected TFC (ms).

The UE shall be able to update the normalised remaining power estimate of each E-TFC at least every E-DCH TTI. The UE shall use the latest available estimate of NRPM<sub>j</sub> at the time when all absolute and relative grants relating to the E-DCH TTI under consideration have been received. Using the estimates of NRPM<sub>j</sub>the UE shall evaluate for each E-TFC which configured MAC-d flows are supported and which are unsupported as follows:

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered does not belong to a compressed mode frame then if  $NRPM_j \ge \sum (\beta_{ed,j}/\beta_c)^2$  then E-TFC<sub>j</sub> can be supported, otherwise it cannot be supported

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered belongs to a compressed mode frame then if  $NRPM_i \ge \sum (\beta_{ed,C,i}/\beta_{c,C})^2$  then E-TFC<sub>i</sub> can be supported, otherwise it cannot be supported

 $\beta_{ed,i}/\beta_c$  and  $\beta_{ed,C,i}/\beta_{c,C}$  is the quantized amplitude ratio.

If the UE is allowed to reduce its maximum transmit power for certain TFCs and E-TFCs, the UE shall use the reduced maximum transmit power in the evaluation of the TFC and E-TFC selection criteria for those TFCs.

Table 8.4.4.2.2.2: Accuracy requirements for the estimate of PDPCCH used in E-TFC restriction

Total UE output power value (dBm)	P <sub>DPCCH</sub> accuracy(dB) (note 1)	
25<= total output power <34	Note 2	
24<= total output power <25	±2.0	
23<= total output power <24	±2.0	
22<= total output power <23	±2.0	
21<= total output power <22	±2.0	
20<= total output power < 21	±2.5	
19<= total output power <20	±3.0	
18<= total output power <19	±3.5	
17<= total output power <18	±4.0	
16<= total output power <17	±4.0	
15<= total output power <16	±4.0	
14<= total output power <15	±4.0	
13<= total output power <14	±4.0 (power class 4)	
13<= total output power < 14	±6.0 (power class 3)	
12<= total output power <13	±4.0 (power class 4)	
12<= total output power < 15	±6.0 (power class 3)	
11<= total output power <12	±4.0 (power class 4)	
	±6.0 (power class 3)	
-50<= total output power <11	±6.0	
•	between the estimate of P <sub>DPCCH</sub> used	
by the UE for the purposes of E-TFC selection and the actual power of		
the DPCCH being transmitted		
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Note 2: No tolerance is specified.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.4.2 and A.6.6.1.2.

#### 8.4.4.2.3 **Test Purpose**

The purpose is to verify the UE stops using a currently used E-TFC when its remaining power margin is not sufficient to support that E-TFC, and resumes using that E-TFC when its remaining power margin is sufficient to support it. This test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC selection in section 8.4.4.2.2 for a 2 ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block Size Table 0 as defined in TS 25.321 [13].

The test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC restriction and recovery in section 6.4 of TS25.133 [2] for a 2 ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block Size Table 0.

The test case covers only the continuous uplink DPCCH transmission scenario.

### 8.4.4.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.4.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1, QPSK) are specified in Annex C.11.1 and C.8.1.1.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.4.4.2.3 and 8.4.4.2.6 below. The test consists of 2time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The UE shall be configured to transmit UL DTCH data continuously on the DPCH. An HSDPA radio bearer shall be configured so that the UE transmits ACK on the UL HS-DPCCH. An E-DCH radio bearer shall be configured, so that UE is transmitting E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH in the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0.

Table 8.4.4.2.3: General test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
UL DPCH configuration		12.2kbps reference	
		measurement channel	
E-DCH Transport Block Size		2ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block	
Table		Size Table 0 according to 25.321	
		annex B.1	
UL Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	24	For a class 4 UE maximum allowed TX power can still be signalled as 24dBm however the UE only has capability to transmit
Dranagation condition		AMCN	21dBm
Propagation condition		AWGN	
β <sub>σ</sub> /βc		9/15	Care needs to be taken to ensure that TFCS with $\beta_d/\beta_C$ =9/15 is always used even during power limited part of the test in T2
A <sub>hs</sub>		2	$\Delta$ ack= $\Delta$ nack= $\Delta$ cqi
A <sub>ec</sub>		2	
$eta_{ ext{ed,ref}}/eta_{ ext{C}}$		5/15	
L <sub>ref</sub>		1	
K <sub>ref</sub>		18	
$\Delta_{harq}$	dB	0	
$PL_{non-max}$		0.52	
E-DCH minimum set E-TFI		0	Makes E-DCH transport block size with index 0 unblockable even in power limited phase
Periodicity for Scheduling Info		Every TTI	Ensures that some data is sent on every TTI even in the power limited phase
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions		0	
T1	S	2	
T2	S	2	

Table 8.4.4.2.4: Additional cell specific parameters

Parameter	Unit	t Cell 1		
		T0	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Channel 1	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$			-10	
PCCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
$PICH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB		-15	
$DPCH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB		-7.5	
HS-SCCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-7.5		
HS-DSCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-3.67		
E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-DTX'd		
E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Note 1		
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$ $\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70	

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow E-DCH uplink transmission at the highest possible bit rate

with E-DCH TB index 127. It shall also be ensured that sufficient data is made available on the DTCH so that the UE is

# 8.4.4.2.4.2 Procedure

continuously transmitting on the DPCH.

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 with T0 parameters defined in table 8.4.4.2.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP messages. These exceptions are derived from Table 8.4.4.2.3, and in addition allow the beta values to be set and each UL physical channel to be at constant power during the measurement.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test. See TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. This way the UE is configured to transmit a data stream on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH.

Table 8.4.4.2.4A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)

Information Element	Value/Remark	
UL Transport channel information for all transport		
channels		
- 2bit CTFC	3	
<ul> <li>Power offset Information</li> </ul>		
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Signalled Gain Factors	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Gain factor ßc	15/15	
- Gain factor ßd	9/15	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	24dBm	
Note: All other 2 bit CTFC values use computed gain factors as in the default message		

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Table 8.4.4.2.4B Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	
- Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	
- CHOICE UL parameters	
- E-DCH Transmission Time Interval	2 ms
<ul> <li>Added or reconfigured E-DCH MAC-d flow</li> </ul>	
- E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	0
retransmissions	
Uplink DPCH info	
- ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	8, giving $A_{hs} = 30/15$
- Δ <sub>NACK</sub>	8, giving $A_{hs} = 30/15$
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPCCH info	
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	8, giving $A_{ec} = 30/15$
- E-DPDCH info	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	0, making E-DCH transport block size with
	index 0 unblockable even in power limited
	phase
- Reference E-TFCIs	1 E-TFCI
- Reference E-TFCI	0
- Reference E-TFCI PO	0, giving $A_{ed} = 5/15$
- Maximum channelisation codes	2sf4, for E-DPDCH Category 2
	2sf2, for E-DPDCH Categories 4 and 6
- PLnon-max	0.52
- Scheduling Information Configuration	
- Periodicity for Scheduling Info – grant	[Every TTI] Ensures that some data is sent on
	every TTI even in the power limited phase
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- ∆ <sub>CQI</sub>	8, giving $A_{hs} = 30/15$

- 5) The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The UL RLC PDU size = 336 bits. The SS signals AG value = 31 and AG scope = 0 on the E-AGCH continuously to give UE grants to make use of the maximum possible data rate.
- 6) Before T1, the SS shall send continuously TPC\_cmd = +1 to the UE. The UE shall be transmitting at its maximum DPCCH power and the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI with index 0.
- 7) From the start of T1 the system simulator shall send sufficient consecutive TPC\_cmd = -1 to the UE until the DPCCH power is between 0.3 dBm and 3.0 dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -3.3 dBm and 0 dBm for a power class 4 UE.
- 8) From the start of T1 the E-TFC indicated on the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall be measured by the SS. An "ETFCI recovery success" is counted, if the UE is using the E-TFC index which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities as shown in Table 8.4.4.2.5, within 31 ms from the start of T1. An ETFCI recovery error is counted otherwise.

Table 8.4.4.2.5: UE's 2 ms TTI FDD E-DCH

E-DPDCH Category	E-TFCI Index
Category 2	88
Category 4	108
Category 6	127

- 9) Before T2, UE P<sub>DPCCH</sub> power shall be between 0.3dBm and +3dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -3.3dBm and 0dBm for a power class 4 UE. The UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of the E-TFCI which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities.
- 10) From the start of T2 the system simulator shall send shall send continuously  $TPC\_cmd = +1$  to the UE.

- 11) From the start of T2 the E-TFC indicated on the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall be measured by the SS. An "ETFCI restriction success" is counted, if the UE is using E-TFC with index 0, within 31 ms from the start of T2. An ETFCI restriction error is counted otherwise. During this phase the UE may perform DTX of the E-DPDCH in accordance with [5] clause 5.1.2.6.
- 12) Repeat steps 6-11 until the confidence level according to Annex F.6.2 is achieved.

NOTE: The required headroom to support E-TFC 127 can be calculated using the parameters L<sub>ref</sub>=1, K<sub>ref</sub>=18 and  $K_{127}$ =11484. This requires {(3836) \* 3+12} \*4 = 34560 bits before rate matching/ARQ based on section 4 of [31]. This can be transmitted on 2xSF/2 codes, so needs equivalent of 4xSF/4 codes, giving  $L_{127}=4$ .

### 8.4.4.2.5 **Test Requirements**

For the test to pass, the ETFCI recovery success ratio shall be more than 90%, and also the ETFCI restriction success ratio shall be more than 90%, each with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.4.4.2.6: Additional cell specific test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
		T0	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Channel 1	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$			-9.9	
PCCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-12	
$PICH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB		-15	
$DPCH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-7.5		
$HS ext{-}SCCH^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-7.5		
HS-DSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (Note 2)	dB	-3.7		
E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-DTX'd		
E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20		
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Note 1		
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-69.3		

The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to Note 1:

be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

 $E_{c}/I_{\it or}$  value represent the total power of the HS-DSCH channel (which include five codes Note 2: as required by H-Set 1)

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics

### 8.5.1 **UE Transmit Timing**

### 8.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmit timing is defined as the timing of the uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame relative to the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame from the reference cell. The reference point is the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA of the FDD UE.

# 8.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE initial transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to  $\pm 1.5$  chips. This requirement applies at the first transmission on the DPCCH/DPDCH. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the time when the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH or F-DPCH frame is received from the reference cell plus  $T_0$  chips.  $T_0$  is defined in TS25.211 [19].

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When the UE is not in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the one the UE has in the active set. In case the UE is initially allocated in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the same cell as used for calculating the initial CFN as defined in 25.331 [8].

The cell, which is selected as a reference cell, shall remain as a reference cell even if other cells are added to the active set. In case that the reference cell is removed from the active set the UE shall start adjusting its transmit timing no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account.

When the UE has performed a timing-maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover and higher layers has indicated that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, or when the UE attempts to re establish all dedicated physical channel(s) after an inter-RAT, intra- or inter-frequency hard-handover failure [18], it shall resume UL transmission with the same transmit timing as used immediately before the handover attempt. After resuming transmission, transmit timing adjustment requirements defined in the remainder of this clause apply.

The UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according to the received downlink DPCCH/DPDCH or F-DPCH frame. When the transmission timing error between the UE and the reference cell exceeds  $\pm 1.5$  chips the UE is required to adjust its timing to within  $\pm 1.5$  chips.

All adjustments made to the UE timing shall follow these rules:

- 1) The maximum amount of the timing change in one adjustment shall be ¼ chip.
- 2) The minimum adjustment rate shall be 233ns per second.
- 3) The maximum adjustment rate shall be \( \frac{1}{4} \) chip per 200 ms.

In particular, within any given 800\*d ms period, the UE transmit timing shall not change in excess of  $\pm d$  chip from the timing at the beginning of this 800\*d ms period, where  $0 \le d \le 1/4$ .

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 7.1.2.

- Note 1: The requirement to test that the start of adjustment occurs no later than the RRC procedure delay after the cell update message is not to be tested.
- Note 2: The understanding of the period 800\*d is that this is the period between any two timing adjustments. Since d is not defined it is only possible to test against this requirement using the maximum value of d = 1/4. This defines a minimum period of 200ms over which the maximum adjustment rate of 1/4 chip per 200ms can fairly be evaluated.
- Note 3: Due to the fact that the UE can update its timing at any interval, including just less than 200ms, when evaluating the maximum adjustment rate in any 200ms period an additional ¼ chip quantization uncertainty must be allowed for since there exists the possibility of two timing adjustments during the evaluation period.
- Note 4: The minimum adjustment rate of 233ns/s is only to be evaluated from the end of the RRC procedure delay until the UE has converged on the new reference cell.
- Note 5: In addition to the minimum requirements above, an additional allowance is made to the maximum and minimum adjustment rates of 0.384 chips / s and -0.384 chips/s respectively for the possibility of up to a 0.1 PPM frequency error between the UE and the test system.

### 8.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to:

1) Verify that the UE initial transmit timing accuracy is within the limits specified in 8.5.1.5.

- 2) Verify that the UE transmit timing accuracy remains within the limits specified in 8.5.1.5 when the timing of a cell in the active set not used as the reference cell changes its timing.
- 3) After receipt of the ACTIVESET UPDATE message, verify that the maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, and the minimum and maximum adjustment rate are within the limits specified in 8.5.1.5.
- 4) Verify that after convergence on the new reference cell the UE is within the limits specified in 8.5.1.5.

### 8.5.1.4 Method of test

### 8.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For this test, two cells on the same frequency are used.

The reporting of event 1A and event 1B is configured with SIB 11.

1) Connect the test system to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.14.

Table 8.5.1.1: Test parameters for UE Transmit Timing requirements

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.5
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-10
PCCPH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1. 2
Î <sub>or,</sub> Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-96
Î <sub>or,</sub> Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-99
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1	•	
Propagation condition	AWGN	

# 8.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. A call is set up with Cell 1 according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.5.1.2.
- 2. After a connection is set up with cell 1, the test system shall measure the UE transmit timing offset with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 3. Cell 2 is introduced into the test system at a delay of +2 µs (7.68 chips) from cell 1. The UE shall transmit a Measurement report message triggered by event 1A. The test system transmits an ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information).
- 4. The test system transmits a Measurement Control message. The test system verifies that cell 2 is added to the active set.
- 5. The test system shall measure the UE transmit timing error with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 6. The test system switches the Tx timing of cell 2 to a delay of -2 μs with respect to cell 1. During this step the UE may loose the knowledge of the timing of cell 2. It is assumed that the UE regains knowledge of cell 2 timing prior to step 11.
- 7. After 2 seconds the test system verifies that cell 2 remains in the active set. The SS then sends a Measurement Control message (measurement release for measurement ID 2).
- 8. The test system shall measure the UE transmit timing error with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.

- 9. The test system switches off cell 1.
- 10. Void
- 11. The UE shall transmit a Measurement report message triggered by event 1B, and the test system shall transmit an ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information). The test system samples the UE <u>Transmit Timing</u> once per frame, beginning immediately after the last TTI, containing the ACTIVESET UPDATE, The samples are named TrTm(t) **Tr**ansmit **Timing** (discrete time) starting at t=0. This instant shall be designated t=RRC\_start. The instant taken 60 ms later (the maximum allowed RRC procedure delay) shall be designated t=RRC\_end. The sampling of timing shall continue until t > RRC\_end + 1800. (The furthest the UE has to adjust is 8.68 chips @ (1/4/0.28 0.384) chips / s = 17.1 seconds.)
- 12. After step 11 has completed, the test system shall, after a delay of 2 seconds, measure the UE transmit timing offset with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of the new reference cell.
- 13. The test system turns on cell 1 again with the same timing as used in step 1 of the procedure. The UE shall transmit a Measurement report message triggered by event 1A. The test system shall transmit an ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information).
- 14. The test system transmits a Measurement Control message. The test system verifies that cell 1 is added to the active set. SS then sends a Measurement Control message (measurement release for measurement ID 2).
- 15. Test system measures the UE transmit timing with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 16. Test system switches off cell 2 and starts sampling the UE <u>Transmit Timing</u> error relative to cell 2 at a rate of once per frame. starting at t=0.
- 17. Void.
- 18. Step 11 is repeated.
- 19. Step 12 is repeated.

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	Taladitalia
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and
moodage dumonication code	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	oo promado uno rando or uno 12, montro uno uno mar doduno.
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	o comp
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	r chromatal reperming
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	0
-Filter coefficient	FDD
-CHOICE mode	CPICH RSCP
-Measurement quantity	
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	FALSE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within monitored set on
Marine and a second and the second as the se	used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	Not Droport
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

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# ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit	
	of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH usage for channel</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	'
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE	
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

# ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information	1	
- Primary CPICH info		
<ul> <li>Primary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Same as removing cell	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

# Measurement Control message (measurement release)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	release

# 8.5.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.5.1.2: Test parameters for UE Transmit Timing requirements

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.4
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-9.9
PCCPH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1.21
Î <sub>or,</sub> Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-95
Î <sub>or,</sub> Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-97.7
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1	-	
Propagation condition	AV	VGN

The following measurement uncertainties have been taken into account in the test requirements below:

The accuracy of transmit timing measurements relative to the reference cell =  $\pm$  0.5 chips

The accuracy of the difference between two transmit timing measurements =  $\pm$  0.25 chips1) In steps 2, 5 and 8, the UE transmit timing offset shall be within  $T_0 \pm 2.0$  chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.

2) In step 11, .check for all adjacent samples that the maximum adjustment step of ¼ chip adjusted for measurement uncertainty is met:

From t=1 until the end of the measurement record, |TrTm(t) - TrTm(t-1)| shall be  $\leq (\frac{1}{4} + 0.25)$  chips.

Check for the short term maximum allowed adjustment rate of ½ chip in 200 ms adjusted for quantization uncertainty, frequency drift and measurement uncertainty, using a sliding window of step size 10ms:

From t=20 until the end of the measurement record, |TrTm(t) - TrTm(t-20)| shall be  $\leq (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + 0.384/5 + 0.25)$  chips.

Check for the long term maximum allowed adjustment rate of ¼ chip in 200 ms adjusted for frequency drift, quantization uncertainty and measurement uncertainty:

From t=RRC\_end+21 until the end of the measurement record,  $|TrTm(t) - TrTm(RRC_end)|$  shall be  $\leq ((t-RRC_end)/20*(\frac{1}{4} + 0.384/5) + \frac{1}{4} + 0.25)$  chips.

Check for convergence then for the long term minimum allowed adjustment rate of 233 ns/s (¼ chip in 280 ms) adjusted for frequency drift, quantization uncertainty and measurement uncertainty:

For |TrTm(t)| < 5.68 chips, the UE is regarded as still adjusting. For  $|TrTm(t)| \ge 5.68$  chips, the UE is regarded as converged.

For the last transition from adjusting to converged:

 $|TrTm\ (t) - TrTm\ (RRC\_end)|\ shall\ be \\ \ge ((t-RRC\_end)/28*(^1\!\!/_4 - 0.384*0.28) - ^1\!\!/_4 - 0.25)\ chips.$ 

Check that final timing is within  $\pm 1.5$  chips  $\pm 0.5$  chip measurement uncertainty of the timing of the new reference cell

For t=1750 to t=1800, 5.68 < |TrTm(t)| < 9.68

- 3) In step 12. and 15, the UE transmit timing error shall be within  $T_0 \pm 2.0$  chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 4) In step 18, .Repeat test requirement step 2 for the second set of TrTm (t) data.
- 5) In step 19., UE transmit timing offset shall be within  $T_0 \pm 2.0$  chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- NOTE 1: The above Test Requirement differs from the Test Requirement of TS 25.133 [2] clause A7.1.2, from which the requirements for the test system are subtracted to give the above Test Requirement.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

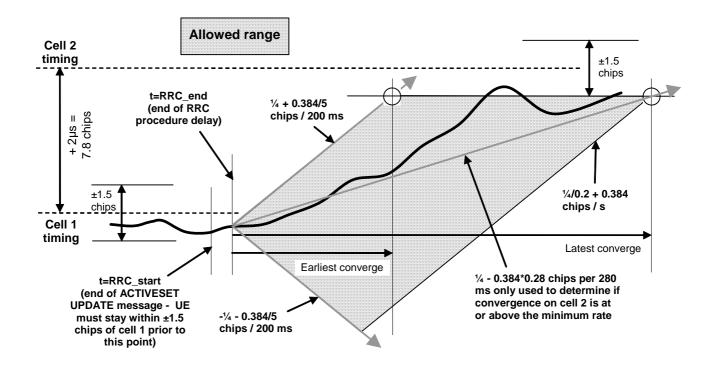


Figure 8.5.1.5 Illustration of measurement principle (excluding measurement uncertainty)

# 8.6 UE Measurements Procedures

# 8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements

# 8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)

## 8.6.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

### 8.6.1.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB, SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In case of conflict when a compressed gap sequence is activated the UE may choose to prioritise the SFN decoding. In the CELL\_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intrafrequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least  $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$  cells , where  $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$  is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2]. If the UE has identified more than  $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$  cells, the

UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Intra}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8 \text{ (cells)}$ 

 $T_{Measurement\ Period\ Intra} = 200$  ms. The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Intra}$ : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $T_{basic\_identify\_FDD, intra} = 800$  ms. This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

Reported measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9 of TS 25.133 [2].

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T identify intra defined above.

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Intra}$  ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_intra}$  and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Intra}$  when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133[2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.1.

### 8.6.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

# 8.6.1.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.1.1.1 to 8.6.1.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A.. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.6.1.1.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
		Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	s	5	
T2	s	5	
T3	s	1	
T4	s	5	

Table 8.6.1.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					(	Cell 2		
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	10			-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			12				-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12				-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			15				-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1				I/A	N	ote 1	
OCNS			No	te 2		-0.	941	N	ote 2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	6.97	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	5.97	-Infinity	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70	-63.03	-63.03	-70	-Infinity	-64.03	-64.03	-Infinity	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70								
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-14	-Infinity	
Propagation Condition		AWGN								

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1.3, with cell 1 active.
- 2. The UE is switched on.
- 3. A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2.
- 4. SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. T1 starts.
- 5. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.1.3.
- 6. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.

- 7. During the time period T2 the SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T3" adding cell 2 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3.
- 8. After 6 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T4 in table 8.6.1.1.3.
- 9. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1B\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1B\_success is increased by one.
- 10. After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 9) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T4, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 11. SS shall sets the new primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2. Previous timing information of cell 2 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 12. Repeat steps 3-11 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Florent/Crown name	Value/Remark
Information Element/Group name Message Type (10.2.17)	value/Remark
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	AM DLO
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurement type	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	NOCE TO SOME
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	_
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	TRUE (N. c. 4)
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W Hystorosis	0 l0 dB
-Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	,
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
·	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark						
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present						
-W	0						
-Hysteresis	0 dB						
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present						
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present						
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present						
-Time to trigger	0 ms						
-Amount of reporting	Not Present						
-Reporting interval	Not Present						
-Reporting cell status							
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or						
	monitored set cells on used frequency						
- Maximum number of reported cells	3						
Physical channel information elements							
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present						
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained							
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,							
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information							
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in						
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.							
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reportin	g						

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

# 8.6.1.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.1.3: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9	9.3				-9.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3				-11.3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3				-11.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	4.3				-14.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1				I/A	N	lote 1
OCNS			Note 2				.13	N	lote 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	7.0	7.0	0	-Infinity	6.0	6.0	-Infinity
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70	-63.0	-63.0	-70	-Infinity	-64.0	-64.0	-Infinity
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-Infinity	-13.3	-13.3	-Infinity
(Note 3)									
Propagation Condition		AWGN							

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>. Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters...

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.1.1A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)

# 8.6.1.1A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.1A.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH  $Ec/Io \ge -20$  dB,  $SCH\_Ec/Io \ge -20$  dB for at least one channel tap and  $SCH\_Ec/Ior$  is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In case of conflict when a compressed gap sequence is activated the UE may choose to prioritise the SFN decoding.

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell not belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify detected set}} = 30s$$

when CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB, SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In the CELL\_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least  $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$  cells , where  $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$  is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2]. If the UE has identified more than  $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$  cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Intra}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{basic\ measurement\ FDD} = 8$  (cells)

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Intra} = 200$  ms. The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

T<sub>Intra</sub>: This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $T_{basic\_identify\_FDD, intra} = 800$  ms. This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The UE shall furthermore be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least 1 detected intra-frequency cell, in the detected set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 10 s. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2].

Reported measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9 of TS 25.133 [2].

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T <sub>identify intra</sub> defined above.

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Intra}$  ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_intra}$  and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Intra}$  when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay on cells not belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined  $T_{identify\ detected\ set}$  defined above.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.1.

# 8.6.1.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

# 8.6.1.1A.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.1.1A.1 to 8.6.1.1A.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.6.1.1A.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
		Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	<b>'</b>
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information
T1	s	5	
T2	s	5	
T3	s	5	

Table 8.6.1.1A.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15		-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1			N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note 2			-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	-Infinity	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70	-63.03	-70	-Infinity	-64.03	-Infinity	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-Infinity	
Propagation Condition		AWGN						

- Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop
- Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>
- Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.1.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1A.3.
- 2. The UE is switched on.
- 3. A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2.
- 4. SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. T1 starts.
- 5. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.1A.3.
- 6. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 7. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.6.1.1A.3.
- 8. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1B\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1B success is increased by one.
- 9. After the SS receives the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 10. SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2. Previous timing information of cell 2 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1A.3.
- 11. Repeat steps 3-10 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Value/Norman
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1 Modify
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Modify
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	11.1.17
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD TRUE
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	T ALOL
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
Intro fraguency management reporting criteria (10.2.7.20)	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval -Reporting cell status	0 ms (Note 2)
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
OTTOTOL Teported Cell	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
	· '

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	1.0				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present				
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	Not Present				
-Reporting cell status					
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
- Maximum number of reported cells	3				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated f					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting

# 8.6.1.1A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.1A.3: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2				
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3			-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3			-14.3				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1			N/A				
OCNS			Note 2			-1.13				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	7.0	0	-Infinity	6.0	-Infinity			
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70	-63.0	-70	-Infinity	-64.0	-Infinity			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz				-70		<u> </u>			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-Infinity	-13.3	-Infinity			
(Note 3)										
Propagation Condition					AWGN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub> Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters...

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

# 8.6.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.2.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.2.

#### 8.6.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

#### 8.6.1.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2.4.

Table 8.6.1.2.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3				
		T0	T0	T0				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf				
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85					
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13 -Inf -Inf						
Propagation Condition		AWGN						

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2.2 and 8.6.1.2.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0, only Cell 1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.2.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	1	
T3	S	10	
T4	S	4	
T5	S	1	
T6	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.2.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1					Cell 2				Cell3							
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10					-10				-10							
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12	2				-12				-12						
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12	2				-12				-12						
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15				-15					-15							
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB			Note	e 1			N/A					N/A	Note 1		N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB			Note	e 2					-0.9	41			-0.941		Note 2		-0.9	941
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	6.97		6.93	5.9	97	6.12	-1	nf	9.43	6.	97	7.62	5.9	97	6.93	-Ir	ıf	5.62
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-78.03	3	-78.07	-79	.03	-78.88	-Inf -75.57 -78.03 -77.38			-77.38	-79.03 -78.07			-Ir	ıf	-79.38		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85																
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13		-16	-1	4	-15.5	-1	nf	-13.5	-1	13	-14	-1	4	-16	-Ir	ıf	-16
Propagation Condition		AWGN																	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2:

The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be Note 3: configured.

#### 8.6.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2 and Cell3.
- 4) SS shall transmit the initial MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings for T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 7) During the time period T1, the SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T2" adding cell 3 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T2.
- 8) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 9) After 11 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T3 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1C\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1C\_success is increased by one.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 12) SS shall transmit the measurement control message to disable event 1C reporting.
- 13) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 14)UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, thenthe counter event1B\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1B\_success is increased by one.
- 15) During the time period T4, SS shall after the Event 1B triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T5" removing cell 3 from the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T5.
- 16) Void.
- 17) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T5 to T6 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 18) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T6 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 19) Void.

20) Void.

- 21) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 18) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T6, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 22) SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2 and Cell3. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2 and Cell3. Previous timing information of Cell 2 and Cell3 are invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2.4.
- 23) Repeat steps 3-22 used with three different primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2 and Cell3 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events and for 1C events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# Initial MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Tarao, Itoriani
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33) -Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	INOT FIESEIIL
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE `
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD TRUE
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.3)	Not Present
-Neasurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1 0 mg (Noto 2)
-Reporting cell status	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
- Sholot reported tell	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
Acporting Nango Constant	10 42

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Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	0					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	Not Present					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
·	monitored set cells on used frequency					
- Maximum number of reported cells	3					
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1C					
-Reporting Range Constant	Not present					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	Not present					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not present					
-Replacement activation threshold	0					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	1					
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
- Maximum number of reported cells	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained						

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message to disable event 1C reporting:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Valadirionario
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33) -Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	INOL FIESEIIL
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB Not Present
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W	0
-vv -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 1)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
Maximum number of reported sells	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells     -Intra-frequency event identity	Sevent 1B
-intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Demant and tradition of the M
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
Maximum number of reported cells	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements -DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present
ריס וערן רוס ווער אוווי (10.3.0.34)	ן וייטו רופטכווו

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
NOTE 1: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	g.

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

# 8.6.1.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events and for 1C events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.2.4: Initial test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3				
		T0	T0	T0				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3	-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3	-14.3				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.13	-1.13				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf				
$\hat{I}_{or)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85					
CPICH_Ec/Io(Note 3)	dB	-12.3	-Inf	-Inf				
Propagation Condition		AWGN						

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.1.2.5: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1				Cell 2				Cell3								
		T1 '	T2 1	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3					-9.	3			-9.3							
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.	.3					-11	.3			-11.3					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.	.3			-11.3				-11.3							
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3				-14.3						-14.3						
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB			Note	1			N/A					N/A	Note 1			N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB			Note	2					-1.1	13			-1.13	3 Note 2			-1.13	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	7.0	6	6.9	6.0	)	6.1	-1	nf	9.4	7	.0	7.6	6.0		6.9	-1	nf	5.6
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-78.0	-7	'8.1	-79.	.0	-78.9	-1	nf	-75.6	-7	8.0	-77.4	-79	9.0 -78.1 -		-II	nf	-79.4
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85																
CPICH_Ec/lo(Note 3)	dB	-12.3	-1	5.3	-13.	.3	-14.8	-1	nf	-12.8	-1	2.3	-13.3	-13	3.3	-15.3	-lı	nf	-15.3
Propagation Condition			AWGN																

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

# 8.6.1.2A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.2A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.2.

#### 8.6.1.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

#### 8.6.1.2A.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal: see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2A.4.

Table 8.6.1.2A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3			
		T0	T0	T0			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941			
$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} $	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf			
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2A.2 and 8.6.1.2A.3. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.2A.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement		0	Applicable for event 1C
activation threshold			
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
T3	S	5	
T4	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.2A.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2				Cell3					
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	0				10		-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2				12			-1:	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2				12		-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	5			-15				-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1		N/A				N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 2		-0.941			-0.941					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	6.97	6.93	5.97	6.12	-Inf	9.43	6.97	7.62	5.97	6.93	-Inf	5.62	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-78.03	-78.07	-79.03	-78.88	-Inf	-75.57	-78.03	-77.38	-79.03	-78.07	-Inf	-79.38	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13 -16 -14 -15.5				-Inf	-13.5	-13	-14	-14	-16	-Inf	-16	
Propagation Condition			AWGN											

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.1.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2 and Cell3.
- 4) SS shall transmit the initial MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings for T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.

- 7) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1C\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1C\_success is increased by one.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 11) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 12)SS shall transmit the measurement control message to disable event 1C reporting
- 13) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 14) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1B\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1B\_success is increased by one.
- 15) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 16) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A success is increased by one.

17) Void

18) Void

- 19) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 16) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T4, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 20) SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2 and Cell3. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2 and Cell3. Previous timing information of Cell 2 and Cell3 are invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2A.4.
- 21) Repeat steps 3-20 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B and for 1C events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# Initial MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Taido/Romai R
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
-RRC message sequence number	most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type -Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	TOC 1 7000III
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	TDUE (Note 4)
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1) TRUE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	TRUE
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	FDD TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity	3  Event 1A
-intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	U Not Droppet
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present 0 ms
-Time to trigger -Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Amount of reporting -Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	55 (11010 Z)
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
·	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
·	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1C
-Reporting Range Constant	Not present
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	Not present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not present
-Replacement activation threshold	0
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message to disable event 1C reporting:

Information Flowert/Cross name	Value/Demark
Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17) UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	O
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Management Information clamants	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity -Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Would
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0 Not Present
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Neasurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
on order of our smalls	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0 l0 dB
-Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 1)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
Marian was a superior of any auto-discilla	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells     -Intra-frequency event identity	Sevent 1B
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
- Onloide reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark						
NOTE 1: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.							

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.1.2A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events and for 1C events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.2A.4: Initial test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3					
		T0	T0	T0					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3	-9.3					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3	-14.3					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.13	-1.13					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf					
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf					
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-85							
CPICH_Ec/Io(Note 3)	dB	-12.3	-Inf						
Propagation Condition		AWGN							

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{or}$ .

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.1.2A.5: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2				Cell3				
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9	.3			-6	9.3		-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	1.3			-1	1.3			-11.3			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	1.3			-1	1.3		-11.3				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	1.3			-1	4.3		-14.3				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1			N/A				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 2		-1.13				-1.13				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	7.0	6.9	6.0	6.1	-Inf	9.4	7.0	7.6	6.0	6.9	-Inf	5.6	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-78.0	-78.1	-79.0	-78.9	-Inf	-75.6	-78.0	-77.4	-79.0	-78.1	-Inf	-79.4	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85											
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note	dB	-12.3	-15.3	-13.3	-14.8	-Inf	-12.8	-12.3	-13.3	-13.3	-15.3	-Inf	-15.3	
3)														
Propagation Condition		AWGN												

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{or}$ .

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

# 8.6.1.3.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.3.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.3.

#### 8.6.1.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

#### 8.6.1.3.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3.1.

Table 8.6.1.3.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3					
		T0	T0	ТО					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-0.941	-0.941					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	Note 2	-Inf	-Inf					
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-79.13	-Inf	-Inf					
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-85							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11 -Inf -Inf							
Propagation Condition		AWGN							

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3.2 and 8.6.1.3.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of five successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4 and T5 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0, only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.3.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	arameter Unit Value		Comment
DCH parameters DL and		DL and UL Reference	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
		Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	·
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
T3	S	1	
T4	S	10	
T5	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.3.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2					Cell3						
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-10			-10					-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-12			-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12				-12				-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15					-15					-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB			Note 1			N/A Note 1			N/A						
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB			Note 2			-0.9	.941 Note 2			-0.941					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	14.55	28.5	1	14.45	28.51	-Inf	27	.51	13.95	21.51	8.05	21.	51	13.95	27.5
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	70.45	56.4	9	70.55	56.49	-Inf -57.		7.49	-71.05	-63.49	-76.95	-63	49	-71.05	-57.49
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz					-85										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11 -13 -14.5 -13					-Inf	-1	4.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-2	0	-15	-14
Propagation Condition			AWGN													

The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop Note 1:

Note 2:

The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor
The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be Note 3: configured.

#### 8.6.1.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2 and Cell3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. T0 starts.
- 5) After 10 seconds from the beginning T0, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.3.5.
- 6) After a total of 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 7) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 8) During the time period T2, the SS shall, after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported, send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T3" adding cell 2 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3.
- 9) After 11 seconds from the beginning T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T4.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 11) After 10 seconds from the beginning T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T4 to T5.
- 12) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T5 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1B\_failure is increased by one If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1B\_success is increased by one.
- 13) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 12) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T5, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 14)SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2 and Cell3. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2 and Cell3. Previous timing information of Cell 2 and Cell3 are invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3.4.
- 15) Repeat steps 3-14 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Crown name	Value/Damaria
Information Element/Group name Message Type (10.2.17)	Value/Remark
UE information elements	+
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	mad requestey measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	TDUE (N )
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	FDD TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria	Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting
·	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A Monitored set cells
-Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Demonstration and the state of
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
- Maximum number of reported colle	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity	Sevent 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
1	10

Value/Remark
Not Present
0
0 dB
Not Present
Not Present
Not Present
0 ms
Not Present
Not Present
Report cell within active set and/or
monitored set cells on used frequency
3
Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.1.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.3.4: Initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		T0	T0	T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.60	-9.60	-9.60
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.60	-14.60	-14.60
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.04	-1.04
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	5.90	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or)}$	dBm	-79.10	-Inf	-Inf
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.49	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	·

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.1.3.5: Test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2				Cell3									
		T1	T2 T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-960					-9.60			-9.60				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.6	0				-11.60			-11.60				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.6	0			-11.60				-11.60				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.6	0			-14.60				-14.60				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note	1		N/A Note 1			N/A						
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note	2		-1.04 Note 2			-1.04						
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	14.6	28.50	14.5	28.5	-Inf	27	'.50	14.0	21.50	8.1	21.	50	14.0	27.5
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70.40	-56.50	-70.50	-56.50	-Inf	-57	7.50	-71.00	-63.50	-76.90	-63.	50	-71.00	-57.50
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85												
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.60	-12.60	-14.1	-12.60	-Inf	-13	3.60	-14.60	-19.60	-17.1	-19.	60	-14.60	-13.60
Propagation Condition			•		•	•	•	AWGN	•			•			

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

#### 8.6.1.3A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.3A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.3.

#### 8.6.1.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

#### 8.6.1.3A.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3A.4.

Table 8.6.1.3A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		T0	T0	ТО
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5.87	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-79.13	-Inf	-Inf
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3A2 and 8.6.1.3A.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.3A.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
T3	S	10	
T4	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.3A.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Ce	Cell 1 Cell 2					Ce	II3					
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	Т3	T4		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10					10		-10						
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2			-	12		-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2				12		-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	5			-	15			-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1 N/A			Note 1 N/A			Note 1 N/A				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note 2 -0.941 -0			-0.9	941								
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	14.55	28.51	14.45	28.51	-Inf	27.51	13.95	21.51	8.05	21.51	13.95	27.51		
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70.45	-56.49	-70.55	-56.49	-Inf	-57.49	-71.05	-63.49	-76.95	-63.49	-71.05	-57.49		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz						-8	35							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-13	-14.5	-13	-Inf	-14.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-20	-15	-14		
Propagation Condition			AWGN												

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.1.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2 and Cell3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. TO starts.
- 5) After 10 seconds from the beginning T0, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 in 8.6.1.3A.5.
- 6) After a total of 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 7) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.

- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, counter event1A success is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1B\_failure is increased by one If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1B\_success is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T4, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 13) SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2 and Cell3. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2 and Cell3. Previous timing information of Cell 2 and Cell3 are invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 14) Repeat steps 3-13 used with three different primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2 and Cell3 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	value/Remark
UE information elements	+
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	ľ
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present 0
-Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
'	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.1.3A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1B events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.3A.4: Initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell3
		T0	T0	T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.60	-9.60	-9.60
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.60	-14.60	-14.60
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.04	-1.04
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	5.90	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or)}$	dBm	-79.10	-Inf	-Inf
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.59	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.1.3A.5: Test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2				Ce	II3							
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.60				-9	.60			-9.60			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	.60			-11	1.60			-11.60			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	.60			-11	1.60			-11	.60		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	.60			-14	1.60		-14.60				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1			N	/A			N/	N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2 -1.04			-1.04			-1.	-1.04					
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	14.60	28.50	14.50	28.50	-Inf	27.50	14.0	21.50	8.10	21.50	14.0	27.50	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70.40	-56.50	-70.50	-56.50	-Inf	-57.50	-71.00	-63.50	-76.90	-63.50	-71.00	-57.50	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz						-8	35						
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.60	-12.60	-14.10	-12.60	-Inf	-13.60	-14.60	-19.60	-17.10	-19.60	-14.60	-13.60	
Propagation Condition			AWGN											

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 8.6.1.4 Void

# 8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

#### 8.6.1.4A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 4 and later FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.4A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.4.

#### 8.6.1.4A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and also verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

#### 8.6.1.4A.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.4A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.4A.1 and 8.6.1.4A.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1B shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Table 8.6.1.4A.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	120	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	s	200	
T2	s	201	

Table 8.6.1.4A.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Cel	12			
		T1	T2	T1	T2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		10	-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		12	-12	2			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		12	-12	2			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		15	-18	5			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 2	-0.941				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.29	3.29	3.29	7.29			
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-62.71	-66.71	-66.71	-62.71			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-7	0				
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-12 -16 -16 -12						
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as spec	specified in table D.2.2.1						

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ 

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.1.4A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the fading simulator is switched on, configured with the settings in table 8.6.1.4A.3 at the beginning of T1.

- 6) UE may start to transmit MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1A.
- 7) SS shall count the reports. The number of received event 1A reports shall be less than 60. If the SS receives 60 or greater event 1A reports, then a failure is recorded. If the SS receives number of event 1A reports within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 8) After 200 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 9) UE may start to transmit MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1B.
- 10) During the first 1s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- 11) After the first 1s SS shall start counting the reports. The number of received event 1B reports shall be less than 60. If the SS receives number of event 1B reports within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 12) After 201 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 13)SS shall sets the different previous primary code group and primary code on Cell2. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2. Previous timing information of cell 2 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 14) Repeat steps 3-13 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	value/Remark
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-RRC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1 Modify
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Modify
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	0
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9) -CHOICE mode	
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	ITALOL
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	FALSE Not Present
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)  -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.01) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	Event 1A Active set cells and monitored set cells
- riggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant	O dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger -Amount of reporting	120 ms Infinity
-Amount of reporting -Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	5 m3 (10to 2)
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	1.0				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present				
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present				
-Time to trigger	120 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	Not Present				
-Reporting cell status					
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
- Maximum number of reported cells	3				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters con					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting

#### 8.6.1.4A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check every time first if the number of the event 1A events is within the required limit, and then, check if the number of the event 1B events is within the required limit.

Table 8.6.1.4A.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cel	11	Cel	12		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.30	-9.70	-9.70	-9.30		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.30	-11.70	-11.70	-11.30		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.30	-11.70	-11.70	-11.30		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.30	-14.70	-14.70	-14.30		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	Note 1	N/A	A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	Note 2	-1.02	-1.13		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	7.30	3.30	3.30	7.30		
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-62.70	-66.70	-66.70	-62.70		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-7	0			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-11.30 -15.70 -15.70 -11.30					
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as spec	ase 5 as specified in table D.2.2.1					
Note 1: The DPC	Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.						
	e power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to equal to $I_{or}$ .						
	. 311						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.6.1.5 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition

#### 8.6.1.5.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 5 and later FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.5.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.5.

#### 8.6.1.5.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in Case 1 fading propagation conditions.

#### 8.6.1.5.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.1.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.5.1 and 8.6.1.5.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A shall be used and "CFN-SFN-Observed Time Difference" shall be reported. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of invisible cells.

Table 8.6.1.5.1: General test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
-		Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cells		Cell2, Cell3, Cell4	
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	Applicable for event 1A
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 1A
Reporting range R <sub>1a</sub>	dB	9	Applicable for event 1A
W		0	Applicable for event 1A
TriggeringCondition		activeSetAndMonitoredSetCells	Applicable for event 1A
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	5	
T2	s	5	

Table 8.6.1.5.2: Cell specific test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian fading propagation condition

Unit	Cell	11	Ce	II 2	Ce	II 3	Cel	I 4
	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
	Chanr	Channel 1 Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		
dB	-10	0		10	-1	0	-1	0
dB	-1:	2		12	-1	2	-1	2
dB	-13	2		12	-1	2	-1	2
dB	-1:	5		15	-1	5	-1	5
dB	n.a	١.	No	te 1	Not	e 1	Not	e 1
dB	-0.9	41	No	Note 2		Note 2		e 2
dB	-∞	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	1.3	1.3	4.3
dBm/3.84 MHz	-70							
	Case 1 (3km/h) as specified in table D.2.2.1							
dB	-∞	-17.6	-14.6	-17.6	-14.6	-17.6	-17.6	-14.6
dB	-∞	-20.0	-17.0	-20.0	-17.0	-20.0	-20.0	-17.0
	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB	T1  Chann  dB -1  dB∞  dB -∞  dB -∞  dB -∞  dB -∞	T1         T2           Channel 1         dB           dB         -10           dB         -12           dB         -15           dB         n.a.           dB         -0.941           dB         -∞           dBm/3.84         MHz           Case           dB         -∞           -∞         -17.6           -∞         -20.0	T1         T2         T1           Channel 1         Chandland           dB         -10         -10           dB         -12         -10           dB         -12         -10           dB         -12         -10           dB         -15         -10           dB         -0.941         Not           dB         -∞         1.3         4.3           dBm/3.84         MHz         Case 1 (3km/r           dB         -∞         -17.6         -14.6           -∞         -20.0         -17.0	T1         T2         T1         T2           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -10         -10           dB         -12         -12           dB         -15         -15           dB         n.a.         Note 1           dB         -∞         1.3         4.3         1.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         Case 1 (3km/h) as spe           dB         -∞         -17.6         -14.6         -17.6           -∞         -20.0         -17.0         -20.0	T1         T2         T1         T2         T1           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -10         -10         -1           dB         -12         -12         -1           dB         -15         -15         -1           dB         -0.941         Note 1         Not           dB         -∞         1.3         4.3         1.3         4.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         Case 1 (3km/h) as specified in           dB         -∞         -17.6         -14.6         -17.6         -14.6           -∞         -20.0         -17.0         -20.0         -17.0	T1         T2         T1         T2         T1         T2           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -10         -10         -10           dB         -12         -12         -12           dB         -15         -15         -15           dB         n.a.         Note 1         Note 1           dB         -0.941         Note 2         Note 2           dB         -∞         1.3         4.3         1.3         4.3         1.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         Case 1 (3km/h) as specified in table D.           dB         -∞         -17.6         -14.6         -17.6         -14.6         -17.6           -∞         -20.0         -17.0         -20.0         -17.0         -20.0	T1         T2         T1         T2         T1         T2         T1         T2         T1           Channel 1         Channel 1

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power equal to Ior.

NOTE 3: CPICH\_Ec/lo and SCH\_Ec\_maxpath/lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable themselves.

#### 8.6.1.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.5.1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up with Cell 2 in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling codes are set to Cell1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with the settings in table 8.6.1.5.3. T1 starts.
- 6) During the time period T1, the SS shall send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T1" adding cell 3 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T1.
- 7) During the time period T1, the SS shall send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T1" adding cell 4 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T1.
- 8) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.1.5.3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 1 triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN observe time difference between cell 1 and cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 10) After the SS receives the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 9) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 11) SS shall set the new primary code group and primary code on Cell 1. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell 1. Previous timing information of cell 1 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.5.3.

12) Repeat steps 3-11 according to Annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

#### **Specific Message Contents**

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Propert
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33) -Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	Not Present
-intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38) -Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	OF TOTI_EG/NO
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria	Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting
-OHOIGE report citiena	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	Ontona
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	9 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Department within a stire of the state of th
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
Maximum number of reported cells	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
Physical channel information elements -DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present
ריס וערן compressed mode status inio (10.3.0.34)	וויטנו־ופספוונ

	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
Note 1:	The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated fr	om the OFF and Tm parameters contained			
	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331	, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,			
	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information				
	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 2	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in			
	MEASUREMENT CONTROL.				
Note 2:	Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	g			

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.1.5.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for Event 1A shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.5.3: Test requirements for Cell specific test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	Cell 2		II 3	Cell 4	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.	3	-9	.3	-9	.3	-9.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.3	-11	1.3	-11	1.3	-11	1.3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3		-11.3		-11.3		-11.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3		-14.3		-14.3		-14.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a	١.	Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.13	-1.19	Note 2		Note 2		Not	e 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-∞	1.2	4.2	1.2	4.2	1.2	1.2	4.2
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70							
Propagation Condition		Case 1 (3km/h) as specified in table D.2.2.1							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-∞	-16.9	-13.9	-16.9	-13.9	-16.9	-16.9	-13.9
	dB	-∞	-19.3	-16.3	-19.3	-16.3	-19.3	-19.3	-16.3

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power equal to Ior.

NOTE 3: CPICH\_Ec/lo and SCH\_Ec\_maxpath/lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable themselves.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.6.1.6 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition

#### 8.6.1.6.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH . The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 5 and later FDD UE.

#### 8.6.1.6.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.6.

#### 8.6.1.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in Case 3 fading propagation conditions.

#### 8.6.1.6.4 Method of test

8.6.1.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.5.1 and 8.6.1.5.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1F shall be used and "CFN-SFN-Observed Time Difference" shall be reported. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of invisible cells.

Table 8.6.1.6.1: General test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cells		Cell2, Cell3, Cell4	
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	Applicable for event 1A
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 1A and event 1F
Reporting range R <sub>1a</sub>	dB	8	Applicable for event 1A
W		0	Applicable for event 1A
TriggeringCondition		activeSetAndMonitoredSetCells	Applicable for event 1A
Absolute threshold T <sub>1f</sub>	dB	-20	Applicable for event 1F
Time to Trigger	ms	0	Applicable for event 1F
TriggeringCondition		activeSet	Applicable for event 1F
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	

Table 8.6.1.6.2: Cell specific test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chanr	nel 1	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	10	-10	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-1:	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.3	-9.	3	-9	.3	-9.	3
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15	-1:	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Not	e 2	Note 2		Note 2		Note 2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-8	1.1	3.6	4.6	3.6	4.6	6.6	-∞
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70							
Propagation Condition		Case 3 (120km/h)							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-8	-18.0	-16.5	-14.5	-16.5	-14.5	-13.5	-∞
$\frac{SCH\_\hat{E}_{c,\text{maxpath}}}{I_o}$	dB	-∞	-20.0	-18.5	-16.5	18.5	-16.5	-15.5	-∞

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power equal to Ior.

NOTE 3: CPICH\_Ec/Io, SCH\_Ec\_maxpath/Io, and  $I_o$  levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable themselves.

#### 8.6.1.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.6.1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up with Cell 2 in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with the settings in table 8.6.1.6.3. T1 starts.
- 6) During the time period T1, the SS shall send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T1" adding cell 3 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T1.
- 7) During the time period T1, the SS shall send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T1" adding cell 4 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T1.
- 8) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.1.6.3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 1 triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN observe time difference between cell 1 and cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 10) During the time period T2, SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time "start of T2" removing cell 4 from the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T2.

- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 1 triggered by event 1F containing the CFN-SFN observe time difference between cell 1 and cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1F\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1F\_success is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receives the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 13) SS shall set the new primary code group and primary code on Cell 1. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell 1. Previous timing information of cell 1 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.6.3.
- 14) Repeat steps 3-13 according to Annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 1A events and for 1F events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	value/Remark
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	ŭ
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	a noquono, mouduromont
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	FALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	8 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W Hystorosis	0 0 dB
-Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	, ,
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
·	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1F
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	Not Present

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	Not Present					
-Hysteresis	Not Present					
-Threshold used frequency	-20 dB					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
- Maximum number of reported cells	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters containe						
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,						
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information						
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 2	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting

#### 8.6.1.6.5 Test requirements

Note 2:

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for Event 1A and for Event 1F shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.1.6.3: Test requirements for Cell specific test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian fading propagation condition

Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4							
	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2				
	Channel 1		Channel 1 Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1 Channel 1 Channe		Channel 1 Chann		Chan	nel 1
dB	-6	-9.3 -9.3 -9.3			-9	.3						
dB	-1	1.3	-11	.3	-11	1.3	-11	1.3				
dB	-8	.6	-8.	6	-8	.6	-8	.6				
dB	-1-	4.3	-14	.3	-14	4.3	-14	4.3				
dB	n.a.		Note	1 No		Note 1		e 1				
dB	Note 2		Note 2		Note 2		Note 2					
dB	-∞	0.80	3.3	4.3	3.3	4.3	6.3	-∞				
dBm/3.84 MHz	-70											
	Case 3 (120km/h)											
dB	-∞	-17.3	-15.8	-13.8	-15.8	-13.8	-12.8	-∞				
dB	-∞	-19.3	-17.8	-15.8	-17.8	-15.8	-14.8	-∞				
	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB	T1  Char  dB -9  dB -1  dB -8  dB -8  dB -1  dB -8  dB -1  dB -8  dB -∞  dB -∞  -∞	T1         T2           Channel 1         dB           dB         -9.3           dB         -11.3           dB         -8.6           dB         -14.3           dB         n.a.           dB         Note 2           dB         -∞           dBm/3.84         MHz           dB         -∞           -17.3           -∞         -19.3	T1         T2         T1           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -9.3         -9.           dB         -11.3         -11           dB         -8.6         -8.           dB         -14.3         -14           dB         n.a.         Note           dB         Note 2         Note           dB         -∞         0.80         3.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         Ca           dB         -∞         -17.3         -15.8           -∞         -19.3         -17.8	T1         T2         T1         T2           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -9.3         -9.3           dB         -11.3         -11.3           dB         -8.6         -8.6           dB         -14.3         -14.3           dB         n.a.         Note 1           dB         Note 2         Note 2           dB         -∞         0.80         3.3         4.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         -70           dB         -∞         -17.3         -15.8         -13.8           dB         -∞         -19.3         -17.8         -15.8	T1         T2         T1         T2         T1           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -9.3         -9.3         -9.3           dB         -11.3         -11.3         -1.3           dB         -8.6         -8.6         -8.6           dB         -14.3         -14.3         -14.3           dB         n.a.         Note 1         Not           dB         Note 2         Note 2         Not           dB         -∞         0.80         3.3         4.3         3.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         Case 3 (120km/h)           dB         -∞         -17.3         -15.8         -13.8         -15.8           -∞         -19.3         -17.8         -15.8         -17.8	T1         T2         T1         T2         T1         T2           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -9.3         -9.3         -9.3           dB         -11.3         -11.3         -11.3           dB         -8.6         -8.6         -8.6           dB         -14.3         -14.3         -14.3           dB         n.a.         Note 1         Note 1           dB         Note 2         Note 2         Note 2           dB         -∞         0.80         3.3         4.3         3.3         4.3           dBm/3.84 MHz         Case 3 (120km/h)           dB         -∞         -17.3         -15.8         -13.8         -15.8         -13.8           -∞         -19.3         -17.8         -15.8         -17.8         -15.8         -15.8	T1         T2         T1         T2         T1         T2         T1         T2         T1           Channel 1         -9.3         -1.2         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4         -1.4				

NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power equal to Ior.

NOTE 3: CPICH\_Ec/lo, SCH\_Ec\_maxpath/lo, and  $I_o$  levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable themselves.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements

## 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Release 5 and earlier)

#### 8.6.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and earlier releases.

### 8.6.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB, SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of 25.133 [2] with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}} \cdot T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{\textit{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for  $X_{basic\ measurement\ FDD\ inter}$  inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set or the virtual active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{Measurement\ Inter.}$ 

$$X_{basic\ measurement\ FDDinter} = 6$$

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Inter}$  = 480 ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_inter}$  for interfrequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Inter:}$  This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements, during the period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per transmission gap is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 [31] and by assuming 2\*0.5 ms for implementation margin and after that taking only full slots into account in the calculation.

 $T_{basic\_identify\_FDD,inter} = 800$  ms. This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

 $T_{basic\_measurement\_FDD\ inter} = 50$  ms. This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

 $N_{Freq}$ : Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T  $_{identify\ inter}$  defined in Clause 8.1.2.3.1 of 25.133 [2] When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_inter}$  and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Inter}$  provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.1.

#### 8.6.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

#### 8.6.2.1.4 Method of test

8.6.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.1.1

Table 8.6.2.1.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1 Cell 2			
		T0	T0	T0		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf		
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf		
Propagation Condition		AWGN				

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.2.1.2 and 8.6.2.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting.

Table 8.6.2.1.2: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 1	If required, as specified in C.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Reporting range	dB	4	Applicable for event 1A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A
W non-used frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1 16 on channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	5	

Table 8.6.2.1.3: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cel	I 1	Cell	2	Cel	II 3
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chanr	nel 1	Chan	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-10	)	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-12	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-12		-12		2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Not	Note 1 N/A			N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Not	e 2	-0.941		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.92	-1.8	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70	-64.58	-Infinity	-66.08	-71.80	-71.80
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70 -70			0		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14.5	-14	-14
Propagation Condition	AWGN						

The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. Note 1:

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to

be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ . The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since Note 3: they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The parameters are set up according to table 8.6.2.1.2 and table 8.6.2.1.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2 and Cell3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency).
- 5) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency).

- 6) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise go to step 8.
- 7) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 8) 5 seconds after the previous step has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter frequency) triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 9.08 seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event2C\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event2C\_success is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1.5.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 13) SS shall sets the new primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2 and Cell3. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2 and Cell3. Previous timing information of Cell 2 and Cell3 are invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 14) Repeat steps 3-13 used with three different primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2 and Cell3 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 2C events and for 1A events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.
- NOTE: The measurement reporting delay is 956.2 ms plus 80 ms delay uncertainty (twice the TTI). This gives a total of 1036.2 ms and rounded off to 1040 ms.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Message Type UE Information Elements -RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code  -RRC message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -Integrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info -Ciphering mode info -Activation time -New U-RNTI -New C-RNTI -Not Present -CELL_DCH -UTRAN DRAX cycle length coefficient -CELL_DCH -UTRAN mobility information elements -CN Information Elements -CN Information elements -Not Present -Not Present  -Not Present  -Not Present  -Not Present  -Not Present	Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
UE Information Elements -Integrity check info -message authentication code -message authentication code -message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -Integrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info -Ciphering mode info -Ciphering mode info -New U-RNTI -New C-RNTI -New C-RN			
-RRC transaction identifier integrity check info -message authentication code -message authentication code -message authentication code -message authentication code -message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -Integrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info -Ciphering mode info -Activation time -New U-RNTI -New C-RNTI -Ne	UE Information Elements		
-Integrity check info -message authentication code -message sequence number -message and writes to this lie. The first/ leftmost bit of the MAC-Imessage sequence number -message and writes to this lie. The first/ -message sequence number station the MAC-I of this stange and writes to this lie. The first of the MAC-Imessage and writes to this lie. The first/ -message and writes to this lie trainge the mess the most significant bit of the MAC-Imessage and writes to this lie trainge the message and writes to this lie trainge the missing the most significant bit of the MAC-Imessage and writes to this lie trainge the missing the most significant bit of the MAC-Imessage and writes the value of this left into the MAC-I to the MAC-I the MAC-I to the MAC-I the MAC-I the Mac I the Mac		0	
-message authentication code  -message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-1.  -RRC message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -method with the mess significant bit of the MAC-1.  -method with the message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -method with the message sequence of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of the message and writes the walle of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of the message and writes of the walle of this IE, from its internal counter.  -method with the message sequence of the message and writes of the message and writes.  -message and writes the MAC-1.  -method with its IE, from its internal counter.  -method with its III.  -method with its III.  -method research.  -method with its III.  -method with its III.  -method research.  -method with			
message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. Activation time  Integrity protection mode info  Ciphering mode info  Not Present  Other internation info  UTRAN mobility information elements  UTRAN mobility information elements  Downlink counter synchronisation info  Not Present  Downlink rounter synchronisation info  Not Present  PDD  Ownlink information common for all radio links  -Downlink protect information  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  PDD  -Downlink protect information  Not Present  Not Present  PDD  -Downlink protect information  Not Present  PDD  -Downlink protect information  Not Present  Not Present  PDD  -Downlink information elements  -Infinity  Activate  (Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256  -Infinity  -		SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.   RRC message sequence number	message duti entication code		
RRC message sequence number  Integrity protection mode info  Ciphering mode info  Ciphering mode info  Ciphering mode info  Ciphering mode info  Not Present  Rel-4 only  Not Present  Not			
### RRC message sequence number internal counters internal counters (Cophering protection mode info Not Present No			
Internal counter.   Inte	DDC massage seguence number		
Integrity protection mode info	-RRC message sequence number		
-Ciphering mode info	lata mita a mata atia a manda infa		
Activation time	-integrity protection mode into		
Not Present			
Not Present			
-RRC State Indicator			
Not Present			
CN Information info		Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	CN Information Elements		
URA identity	-CN Information info	Not Present	<u> </u>
URA identity	UTRAN mobility information elements		
RB information elements -Downlink counter synchronisation info PhyCH information elements -Frequency info Uplink radio resources -Maximum allowed UL TX power Downlink radio resources -CHOICE mode -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink DPCH info common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL4 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL		Not Present	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info PhyCH information elements -Frequency info Uplink radio resources -Maximum allowed UL TX power Downlink radio resources -CHOICE mode -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink information common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGCL -TGBC -TGBC -TGBC -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -T			
PhyCh   Information elements   Frequency info		Not Present	
Frequency info			
Uplink radio resources		Not Present	
Maximum allowed UL TX power   Not Present		Not i resent	
Downlink radio resources -CHOICE mode -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink DPCH info common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGC1 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -RPP -TGPL3 -RPP -TGPL4 -RPP -TGPL5 -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4 -T Reconfirm abort -T Repont -T Reconfirm abort -T X Diversity Mode -T Not Present -T Reconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -T Resonfirm abort -T X Diversity Mode -SSDT information -Not Present -T Repont -T Repent -T Reconfirm abort -T X Diversity Mode -T Repent -T Repe	·	Not Dropont	
-CHOICE mode -Downlink PDSCH information -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink Information common for all RL -OHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGDL3 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGPL -TGPL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TOPL2 -TOPL2 -TOPL2 -TOPL2 -TOPL2 -TOPL2 -TOPL2 -TOPL3 -TOPL2 -TOPL3 -TOPL2 -TOPL3 -TOPL4 -TOPL5 -TOPL5 -TOPL5 -TOPL5 -TOPL6 -TOPL6 -TOPL6 -TOPL7 -TOPL7 -TOPL8 -TOPL8 -TOPL9 -T		Not Present	
-Downlink PDSCH information -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink DPCH info common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGBN -TGL1 -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -TGPL2 -RPP -TGPL2 -RPP -TGPL2 -RPP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink rame type -DeltaSIRa1 -DeltaSIRa1 -DeltaSIRa1 -DeltaSIRa2 -DeltaSIRa1 -DeltaSIRa1 -DeltaSIRa1 -DeltaSIRa1 -TREconfirm abort -T Reponfirm abort -T R99 and -TREP -TRECH -TTH/TOMSeC) -TOM -TRESH -TTH/TOMSeC) -TTH/TOMSeC -TTH		500	
Downlink information common for all radio links Downlink DPCH info common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -NI dentify abort -TR econfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information -Deresent -TRO PC -Downlink compressed mode -Not Present -TRO PC -TGPL -TGP		. – –	D00 1
-Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink DPCH info common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGEFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGBN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGBD -TGPL1 -TGPL3 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -Not Present -T Reconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -T R99 and -T R90 and -T R9	-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL -CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -Not Present -T Reconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -T Reposent -T Reposent -T Resent -T Resent -T Reposent -T R			Rel-4 only
-CHOICE mode -DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TTI/10msec))mod 256 -TTI/10msec))mod 256 -TTI/10msec))mod 256 -TTI/10msec) -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TTI/10msec))mod 256 -TTI/10msec) -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TTI/10msec))mod 256 -TTI/10msec) -TTI/10msec) -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TTI/10msec))mod 256 -TTI/10msec) -TTI/10msec) -TTI/10msec)mod 256 -TTI/10msec) -TTI/10ms		<u> </u>	
-DPCH compressed mode info -Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TTPL9 -TGPL9 -TG			
-Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL1 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -		FDD	
-TGPSI -TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -Not Present -T Reconfirm abort -T Resont			
-TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL1 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL4 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGP			
-TGCFN -Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL1 -TGPL9 -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGP		1	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -TGPL9 -TGP			
Parameters   FDD measurement   Infinity   FDD measurement		(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL2 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL2 -TGPL3 -TGPL2 -TGPL4 -TGPL2 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL5 -TGPL6 -TGPL6 -TGPL7 -TGPL7 -TGPL8 -	-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration		
-TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -T	parameters		
-TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -T	-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -			
-TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL1 -TGPL2  Not Present UNDEFINED 3 -TGPL2  Not Present R99 and Rel-4 only  RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR3fter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  R99 and R199 and R99 and	-TGSN	4	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2  Not Present UNDEFINED 3 -TGPL2  Not Present  R99 and Rel-4 only  RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Ul and DL -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4 -TReconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  Not Present -TReponder -TRepon	-TGL1	7	
-TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2  Not Present  R99 and Rel-4 only  -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4 -DeltaSIR4 -DeltaSIR4 -TeltaSIR4 -DeltaSIR4 -TeltaSIR4 -TeltaS		Not Present	
-TGPL1 -TGPL2  Not Present  R99 and Rel-4 only  -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -Not Present -T Reconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  R99 and Rel-4 only  R99 and Rel-4 only  R99 and Rel-4 only  R99 and Rel-4 only  And Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  R99 and			
-TGPL2  Not Present  R99 and Rel-4 only  -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  Not Present -SSDT information  Not Present -R99 and Rel-4 only  R99 and Rel-4 only  R99 and Rel-4 only  Rol-4 only  R99 and Rel-4 only  Rol-4 only  And Pel-4 only  Rol-4 only  And Policy  Not Present  Not Present  R99 and Rel-4 only  Rol-4 only  And Pel-4 only  Rol-4 only  Roll-4			
Rel-4 only  -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Ul and DL -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  Mode 0  Mode 0  UL and DL  SF/2  SF/2  B  3.0  3.0  VI Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Rel-4 only  Rel-4 only  Rel-4 only  Rel-4 only  Rel-4 only  And DL  SF/2  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Reg9 and			R99 and
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Ul and DL -Downlink compressed mode method -Ul and DL -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information -SSDT information -Mode 0 Mode 0 Mode 0  Mode 0  Mode 0  Not PC  SF/2  SF/2  B  3.0  3.0  VI Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  R99 and	10122	Tiot i room	
-ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Ul and DL -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method SF/2 -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 3.0 -DeltaSIRafter1 3.0 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -Not Present -Not Present Not Present -T Reconfirm abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2  SF/2  Not Present  Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present R99 and	_RPP	Mode 0	TAGE T OF ITY
-CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -UL and DL SF/2 -Uplink compressed mode method SF/2 -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 3.0 -DeltaSIRafter1 3.0 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  UL and DL SF/2 SF/2  Not Present  3.0  Not Present R99 and			
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information -SSDT informati			
-Uplink compressed mode method         SF/2           -Downlink frame type         B           -DeltaSIR1         3.0           -DeltaSIRafter1         3.0           -DeltaSIR2         Not Present           -DeltaSIRafter2         Not Present           -N Identify abort         Not Present           -T Reconfirm abort         Not Present           -TX Diversity Mode         Not Present           -SSDT information         Not Present           R99 and			
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  B 3.0 -Not Present Not Present R99 and			
-DeltaSIR1 3.0 -DeltaSIRafter1 3.0 -DeltaSIR2 Not Present -DeltaSIRafter2 Not Present -T Reconfirm abort Not Present -TX Diversity Mode Not Present -SSDT information R99 and			
-DeltaSIRafter1 3.0 -DeltaSIR2 Not Present -DeltaSIRafter2 Not Present -N Identify abort Not Present -T Reconfirm abort Not Present -TX Diversity Mode Not Present -SSDT information R99 and			
-DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -Not Present -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode -SSDT information  Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present R99 and			
-DeltaSIRafter2 Not Present -N Identify abort Not Present -T Reconfirm abort Not Present -TX Diversity Mode Not Present -SSDT information Not Present R99 and			
-N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present R99 and			
-T Reconfirm abort Not Present -TX Diversity Mode Not Present -SSDT information Not Present R99 and			
-TX Diversity Mode Not Present SSDT information Not Present R99 and			
-SSDT information Not Present R99 and		Not Present	
	-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Rel-4 only	-SSDT information	Not Present	
			Rel-4 only

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	
- Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info	100	
-Primary scrambling code	1.55	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	'
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
JE information elements	
RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	2
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	·
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
Ortici Old downlink(idd)	8.6.2.1.5
- Cell info	0.0.2.1.3
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	0 11 0 11 1 10 110
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell3
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not Present
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE `
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
OHOLOE TEPOR ORIGINA	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	ontona
	1
-Parameters required for each event	Front 2C
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
W Hood troguopov	Not present
-W used frequency -Hysteresis	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency):

UE information elements -RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code -RRC message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -RRC message sequence number  Measurement Information elements -Measurement Command (10.3.7.46) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurements list (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurement list (10.3.7.36) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.38) -Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9) -CHOICE mode -Measurement quantity -CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -CPICH BC/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH BC/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indi	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
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-Integrity check info -message authentication code -message sequence number -message sequence number -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message sequence number  -message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the bit string condition and the most significant bit of the bit string condition and the most significant bit of the bit string condition and the most significant bit of the bit string condition and the most	UE information elements	
-message authentication code  -RRC message sequence number  -Measurement Information elements  -Measurement Information elements  -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.37.46)  -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.37.49)  -Measurement Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode  -Periodical Reporting indicator  -P	-RRC transaction identifier	0
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-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE (Note 1)  TRUE (Note 1)  TRUE -FALSE -NUE -FALSE -NUE -FALSE -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE (Note 1)  TRUE  TRUE  FALSE  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)  1  Event 1A  Monitored set cells	-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Pathloss reporting indicator  -Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)  -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator  -Cell Identity reporting indicator  -CHOICE mode  -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator  -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator  -Pathloss reporting indicator  -Pathloss reporting indicator  -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)  -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)  -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)  -CHOICE report criteria  -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)  -Parameters required for each event  -Intra-frequency event identity  -Triggering condition 2  FALSE  TRUE  TRU	-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE (Note 1)  TRUE -TRUE -FDD -TRUE -FDD -TRUE -TRUE -FDD -TRUE -TRUE -FDD -NOT Present -TRUE -TR	-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE (Note 1) TRUE -TRUE -TRU	-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE -TRUE -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  FDD TRUE -TRUE -FALSE -Not Present Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Event 1A Monitored set cells	-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRU	-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  TRUE FALSE  Not Present Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria  Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria  Event 1A Monitored set cells		FDD
-Pathloss reporting indicator  -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)  -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)  -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)  -CHOICE report criteria  -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)  -Parameters required for each event  -Intra-frequency event identity  -Triggering condition 2  Not Present  Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)  1  Event 1A  Monitored set cells		TRUE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)  -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)  -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)  -CHOICE report criteria  -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)  -Parameters required for each event  -Intra-frequency event identity  -Triggering condition 2  Not Present  Not Present  Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria  Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria  1  Event 1A  Monitored set cells		
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  Not Present Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria  1  Event 1A Monitored set cells	-Pathloss reporting indicator	
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  Not Present Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria  1  Event 1A Monitored set cells		
-CHOICE report criteria Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria -Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event 1 -Intra-frequency event identity Event 1A -Triggering condition 2 Monitored set cells	-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event  -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  criteria   criteria   the condition 2		Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event  -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2  Event 1A Monitored set cells	-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
-Parameters required for each event 1 -Intra-frequency event identity Event 1A -Triggering condition 2 Monitored set cells		criteria
-Intra-frequency event identity Event 1A -Triggering condition 2 Monitored set cells		
-Triggering condition 2 Monitored set cells		1
-Reporting Range Constant		
	-Reporting Range Constant	4 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range Not Present		
-CHOICE mode FDD		FDD
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-W 1.0		
-Hysteresis 0 dB		
-Threshold used frequency Not Present		
-Reporting deactivation threshold 0		-
-Replacement activation threshold Not Present		
-Time to trigger 0 ms		
-Amount of reporting Infinity		
-Reporting interval 0 ms (Note 2)		
-Reporting cell status Not Present		Not Present
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34) Not Present	-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Note 1:	The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated fr	om the OFF and Tm parameters contained
	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331	, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,
	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPOR	T if IE "Cell synchronisation information
	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 2	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in
	MEASUREMENT CONTROL.	
Note 2:	Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	g

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter and intra frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 2C events and for 1A events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.2.1.4: Test requirements for initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3			
		T0	T0	T0			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2	-14.2	-14.2			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.16	-1.16			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf			
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12.21	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.2.1.5: Test requirements for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3					ell 3
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Chan	Channel 1		nnel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	).2	-9	.2	-!	9.2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.2	-11	-11.2		11.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.2	-11	1.2	-1	1.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2 -14.2 -14.2				14.2	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1 N/A N/A					N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2 -1.16 -1.16				1.16	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.9	-1.8	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70	-64.6	-Infinity	-66.10	-71.8	-71.8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/Io (Note	dB	-12.21	-12.20	-Infinity	-13.70	-13.20	-13.20
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.2.1A Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Release 6 and later)

#### 8.6.2.1A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later release for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.6.2.1A.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{ ext{identify, inter}} = T_{ ext{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{ ext{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{ ext{Inter}}} \cdot N_{ ext{Freq}} \quad \textit{ms}$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB, SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of 25.133 [2] with measurement period given by

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$$\Gamma_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}}, T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for  $X_{basic\ measurement\ FDD\ inter}$  inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set or the virtual active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{Measurement\_Inter}$ .

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDDinter}} = 6$ 

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Inter}$  = 480 ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_inter}$  for interfrequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Inter:}$  This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements, during the period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per transmission gap is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 [31] and by assuming 2\*0.5 ms for implementation margin and after that taking only full slots into account in the calculation.

 $T_{basic\_identify\_FDD,inter} = 300$  ms. This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

 $T_{basic\_measurement\_FDD\ inter} = 50$  ms. This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

N<sub>Freq</sub>: Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T <sub>identify inter</sub> defined in Clause 8.1.2.3.1 of 25.133 [2] When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_inter}$  and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Inter}$  provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.1.

8.6.2.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.2.1A.4 Method of test

8.6.2.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.1A.1

Table 8.6.2.1A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell3			
		T0	T0	T0			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf			
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{or}$ .

Note 3: The nominal for values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.2.1A.2 and 8.6.2.1A.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting.

Table 8.6.2.1A.2: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment		
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1		
Power Control		On			
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 1	If required, as specified in C.5.		
Active cell		Cell 1			
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C		
Reporting range	dB	4	Applicable for event 1A		
Hysteresis	dB	0			
W		1	Applicable for event 1A		
W non-used frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C		
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A		
Time to Trigger	ms	0			
Filter coefficient		0			
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1 16 on channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.		
T1	S	5			
T2	S	5			

Table 8.6.2.1A.3: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2	
Number				Ondrino 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A		N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		-0.941		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.92	-1.8	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-70	-64.58	-Infinity	-66.08	-71.80	-71.80
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			-70		
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14.5	-14	-14
Propagation Condition	AWGN						

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

#### 8.6.2.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The parameters are set up according to table 8.6.2.1A.2 and table 8.6.2.1A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2 and Cell3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency).
- 5) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency).
- 6) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise, go to step 8.
- 7) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 8) 5 seconds after the previous step has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1A.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter frequency) triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than [3.48] seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event2C\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event2C\_success is increased by one.
- 10) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1A.5.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event1A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event1A\_success is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.

- 13) SS shall sets the new primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2 and Cell3. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2 and Cell3. Previous timing information of Cell 2 and Cell3 are invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 14) Repeat steps 3-13 used with three different primary code groups and primary codes on Cell2 and Cell3 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 2C events and for 1A events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

NOTE: The measurement reporting delay is 956.2 ms plus 80 ms delay uncertainty (twice the TTI). This gives a total of 1036.2 ms and rounded off to 1040 ms.

### **Specific Message Contents**

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type	value/Remark	version
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info	U	
	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
-message authentication code		
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most	
220	significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	140t i 1000iit	
	Not Present	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	INOU IT IESEIIL	
PhyCH information elements	Not Droppet	
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration	(54115111 (255 111/15111555))11154 255	
parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGIN -TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	3 Not Breezewa	D00 :
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information		B00 c24
וווטוווומווטוו ו עכט-	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	
- Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info	100	
-Primary scrambling code		
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	'
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
DDC	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Getup
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
0.111.6	8.6.2.1.5
- Cell info	Not Decemb
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
Reference time difference to cell     Read SFN indicator	Not Present FALSE
- Read SFN indicator	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell3
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not Present
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1) TRUE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
-W used frequency	Not present 0 dB
-Hysteresis	

Value/Remark
0 ms
Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency
3
-18 dB
1
Not Present

NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	value/iveillai k
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	Modify
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Modify
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	TDUE (Note 4)
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1) TRUE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present  Not Present
-Neasurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	4 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-CHOICE mode -Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)	FDD
-Filliary CFICH IIII0 (10.3.6.60)	1.0
-W -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Not Present
Physical channel information elements	N / P
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
Note 1:	ote 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained				
	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331	, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,			
	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information				
	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in				
	MEASUREMENT CONTROL.				
Note 2:	Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	g			

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter and intra frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

### 8.6.2.1A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 2C events and for 1A events shall independently indicate a pass result.

Table 8.6.2.1A.4: Test requirements for initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		T0	T0	T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2	-14.2	-14.2
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.16	-1.16
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12.21	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition		AWGN		

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.2.1A.5: Test requirements for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Chai	Channel 1		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-6	9.2	-(	-9.2		-9.2	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.2	-1	1.2	-	11.2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.2	-1	1.2	-	11.2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	4.2	-1	-14.2		-14.2	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N	N/A		N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 2	-1	-1.16		-1.16	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.9	-1.8	-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70	-64.6	-Infinity	-66.10	-71.8	-71.8	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note	dB	-12.21	-12.20	-Infinity	-13.70	-13.20	-13.20	
Propagation Condition	AWGN							

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable Note 3: parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Release 5 only)

#### 8.6.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 only to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.2.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.2.

#### 8.6.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

#### 8.6.2.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.2.4.1 and 8.6.2.2.4.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Table 8.6.2.2.4.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 2 (TGPL1=12)	If required, as specified in C.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2C	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 8 on frequency Channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex D
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	40	

Table 8.6.2.2.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		-0.941	
$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} $	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-70		-Infinity	-71.8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity	-14
Propagation Condition		Case 5 as specified in Annex D			

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to Ior.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

### 8.6.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.2.2.4.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise go to step 6.

- 6) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with settings in table 8.6.2.2.4.3. T1 starts.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.2.4.3.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 36.4 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 40 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 10) SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2. Previous timing information of Cell 2 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 11) Repeat steps 3-10 until the confidence level is achieved according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
DDC manage and an arrange at the arr	most significant bit of the MAC-I.  SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-RRC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16) -Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	140111030111
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
0 11: 6	8.6.2.2.4.3
- Cell info - Cell individual offset	Not Droppet
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not Present
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	Inter frequency reporting evitoric
-CHOICE reporting criteria -Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	Inter-frequency reporting criteria 0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE FDD
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH EC/NO reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
Inter frequency magazinement reporting evitaria (40.0.7.40)	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	1
-Parameters required for each event -Inter-frequency event identity	1 Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
-W used frequency	Not present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
1 /	1

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present
Note 4. The CEN CEN shoemed time difference is coloule	t- d f th- OFF d T

Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
mossage aumonitoution oddo	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
-NNC message sequence number	internal counter.	
Integrity protection made info		
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	The state of the s	rio and rio roing
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
-IGCFN	(Current CFN + (236 - 111/10msec))mod	
Transmission gan nettern apquence configuration	230	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration		
parameters	EDD magaurament	
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	D00 1D14 1
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	Not Present	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
		•

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Downlink information per radio link list		
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

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### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95% According to annex F.6.2. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.2.2.4.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	II 2
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.2	-9	.2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.2	-11	1.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.2	-11	1.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	1.2	-14	1.2
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		-1.16	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70 -Infinity -71.8		-71.8	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12	.21	-Infinity	-13.2
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex D				
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.					
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to					

be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied NOTE: for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.2.2A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Release 6 and later)

### 8.6.2.2A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.6.2.2A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.2.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.2.

### 8.6.2.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

### 8.6.2.2A.4 Method of test

### 8.6.2.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.2A.4.1 and 8.6.2.2A.4.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Table 8.6.2.2A.4.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 2 (TGPL1=12)	If required, as specified in C.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2C	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 8 on frequency Channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex D
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	15	

Table 8.6.2.2A.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8
Î <sub>or (Note 3)</sub>	dBm	-70		-Infinity	-71.8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity	-14
Propagation Condition		Case 5 as specified in Annex D			

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

### 8.6.2.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.2.2A.4.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise, go to step 6.
- 6) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with settings in table 8.6.2.2A.4.3. T1 starts.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.2A.4.3.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than [13.9] seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 15 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 10) SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2. Previous timing information of Cell 2 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 11) Repeat steps 3-10 until the confidence level is achieved according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	- 3-3-3-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
-RRC message sequence number	most significant bit of the MAC-I.  SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-RRC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal ocurren.
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurement type	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table 8.6.2.2.4.3
- Cell info	0.0.2.2.4.3
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not Present FALSE
- Tx Diversity Indicator - Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	Not i lesent
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate -Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	FALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22) -UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
S. S. S. S. Fopoli, S. Roma	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
-W used frequency	Not present
-Hysteresis	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present
Note 4. The OFN OFN sharmed time difference is calculated	to different the OFF and Tax management are acceptable and

Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

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Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
mossage aumonitoution oddo	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
-NNC message sequence number	internal counter.	
Integrity protection made info		
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	The state of the s	rio and rio roing
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
-IGCFN	(Current CFN + (236 - 111/10msec))mod	
Transmission and nettern anguence configuration	230	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration		
parameters	EDD magaurament	
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	D00 1D14 1
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	Not Present	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
		•

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Downlink information per radio link list		
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
<ul> <li>-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

#### 8.6.2.2A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95% According to annex F.6.2. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.2.2A.4.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	12
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.2	-9	.2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.2	-11	.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	.2	-11	.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	1.2	-14	.2
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1 N/A		/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2 -1.16		16	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	0 -Infinity		-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-70 -Infinity -71.8		-71.8	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12	.21	-Infinity	-13.2
Propagation Condition					
Note 1: The DPCH level is	controlled by the pov	ver control lo	op.	•	
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to					

be equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied NOTE: for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.6.2.3 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition using TGL1=14

### 8.6.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.6.2.3.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.2.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.3.

### 8.6.2.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions using TGL1=14.

### 8.6.2.3.4 Method of test

### 8.6.2.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.3.4.1 and 8.6.2.3.4.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Table 8.6.2.3.4.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition using TGL1=14

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 4 (TGPL1=4)	As specified in C.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2C	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 8 on frequency Channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex D
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	2	

Table 8.6.2.3.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition using TGL1=14

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Cha	nnel 1	Cha	nnel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-	10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-	12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	Note 1		N/A	
OCNS		Note 2		-0.	.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dB	-70		-Infinity	-71.8	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		-	70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity	-14	
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex D					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

### 8.6.2.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.2.3.4.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The scrambling code is set to Cell2.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 6) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with settings in table 8.6.2.3.4.3. T1 starts.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.3.4.3.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than [1.78] seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 2 seconds after the beginning of T2, the SS shall transmits a RRC Connection Release message to make the UE to transit to idle mode.
- 10) SS shall sets the new primary code group and primary code on Cell2. Three different primary code groups and primary codes according to Annex I are used to turn on Cell2. Previous timing information of Cell 2 is invalid in the UE. The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 11) Repeat steps 3-10 until the confidence level is achieved according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
-RRC message sequence number	most significant bit of the MAC-I.  SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-KKC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal odditor.
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type -Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
- Cell info	8.6.2.3.4.3
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not Present
- Tx Diversity Indicator - Cell for measurement	FALSE Not Present
- Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	Not Flesent
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	On with me nementing
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	ontona
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
-W used frequency	Not present
-Hysteresis	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present
Note 4. The OFN OFN sharmed time difference is calculated	to different the OFF and Tax management are acceptable and

Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
message authentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
DDO	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	THOSE I TOUGHT	
	Not Present	
-URA identity RB information elements	INUL FIESEIIL	
	N ( D	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		,,
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI		
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
	256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration		
parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	8	
-TGL1	14	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	4	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	Mode 0	N99 and Nei-4 only
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	Not Present	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	The and the The
-Delault DI OH OHSet Value (10.3.0.10)	INOCTICSCIIC	I

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Downlink information per radio link list		
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
<ul> <li>-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

### 8.6.2.3.5 Test requirements

Note 3:

parameters.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95% According to annex F.6.2. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.2.3.4.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	12
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.2	-9.	2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.2	-11	.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.2	-11	.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	1.2	-14	.2
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Not	e 1	N/	/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Not	e 2	-1.	16
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc\ (Note\ 3)}$	dB	C	)	-Infinity	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or}$	dBm	-7	0	-Infinity	-71.8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-7	0	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12	.21	-Infinity	-13.2
Propagation Condition Case 5 as specified in Annex D					
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.  Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub> .					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable

## 8.6.3 TDD measurements

### 8.6.3.1 Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

### 8.6.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and TDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

### 8.6.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

### 8.6.3.1.2.1 3.84Mcps TDD option

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, N_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB and SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -13 dB. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with a measurement period as given by

$$T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}, N_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency TDD measurements shall be 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$  inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}}$ .

where

 $X_{basic\ measurement\ TDD\ inter} = 6$  (cells)

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ TDD\ inter} = 480\ ms.$  The time period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_TDD\ inter}$  for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements.

 $N_{TDD\ inter:}$  This is the smallest resulting integer number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence assigned to UE by UTRAN for inter frequency TDD measurements during the time period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ TDD\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $N_{basic\_identify\_TDD\ inter}$  =80. This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period used in the inter frequency TDD equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new inter frequency TDD cell is defined.

 $N_{basic\_measurement\_TDD\ inter} = 5$ . This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ TDD\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing that is used in the inter-frequency TDD equation for defining where the measurement period for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements is defined.

 $N_{\text{Freq}}$ : This is the number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

### 8.6.3.1.2.2 1.28Mcps TDD option

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, N_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{\textit{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB and DwPCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -5 dB. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with a measurement period as given by

$$T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}, N_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{\textit{Freq}} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency TDD measurements shall be 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$  inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}}$ .

where

$$X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} = 6 \text{ (cells)}$$

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ TDD\ inter}$  = 480 ms. The time period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_TDD\ inter}$  for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements.

 $N_{TDD\ inter}$ . This is the smallest resulting integer number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence assigned to UE by UTRAN for inter frequency TDD measurements during the time period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ TDD\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $N_{\text{basic\_identify\_TDD inter}}$  =80. This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period used in the inter frequency TDD equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new inter frequency TDD cell is defined.

 $N_{basic\_measurement\_TDD\:inter} = 5$ . This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\:TDD\:inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing that is used in the inter-frequency TDD equation for defining where the measurement period for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements is defined.

 $N_{Freq}$ : This is the number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.4 and A.8.3.1

### 8.6.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.6.3.1.4 Method of test

8.6.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

8.6.3.1.4.1.1 3.84Mcps TDD option

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.6.3.1.1, 8.6.3.1.2 and 8.6.3.1.3. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. Two cells shall be present in the test, cell 1 being the UTRA FDD serving cell and cell 2 being a 3.84Mcps TDD neighbour cell on the unused frequency. All cells shall be synchronised, i.e. share the same frame and timeslot timing.

In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. P-CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. The Measurement control message shall be sent to the UE such that the delay between the end of the last received TTI containing the message and the beginning of T1 is at least equal to the RRC procedure delay as defined in [9].

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20 ms.

Table 8.6.3.1.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Paran	Parameter Unit Value		Value	Comment
DCH par	ameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 34.121 Annex C
Power (	Control		On	
Target quality v	alue on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compress	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS 34.121 Annex C
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
C	)	dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Hyste	resis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C
Time to	Trigger	ms	0	
Threshold frequ		dBm	-71	Applicable for Event 2C
Filter co	efficient		0	
Monitored cell list size			6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2	
T1 S		S	15	
T:	2	S	10	

Table 8.6.3.1.2: Cell 1 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Unit	Cell 1
	T1, T2
	Channel 1
dB	-10
dB	-12
dB	-12
dB	-15
dB	Note 1
dB	Note 2
dB	0
dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
dB	-13
	AWGN
	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2 : The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ 

Table 8.6.3.1.3: Cell 2 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Cel	I 2	
DL timeslot number			)	8	3
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Chan	nel 2	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-;	3	n.	a.
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	-(	3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-(	9	
SCH_t <sub>offset</sub>	dB		10	0	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-3.	12	
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-75	-67	n.a.	n.a.
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2	6	-2	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3,84 MHz		-7	0	
Propagation Condition			AW	GN	
Note that the transmit energy per F	PN chip for the SCH is	averaged ov	ver the 256	chip duratio	n when

### 8.6.3.1.4.1.2 1.28Mcps TDD option

the SCH is present in the time slot.

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.6.3.1.1A, 8.6.3.1.2A and 8.6.3.1.3A. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. Two cells shall be present in the test, cell 1 being the UTRA FDD serving cell and cell 2 being a 1.28Mcps TDD neighbour cell on the unused frequency. All cells shall be synchronised, i.e. share the same frame and timeslot timing.

In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. P-CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. The Measurement control message shall be sent to the UE such that the delay between the end of the last received TTI containing the message and the beginning of T1 is at least equal to the RRC procedure delay as defined in [9].

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20 ms.

Table 8.6.3.1.1A: General test parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Paran	Parameter		Value	Comment		
DCH par	ameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1		
Power (	Control		On			
Target quality v	get quality value on DTCH		0.01			
Compress	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS25.101 section A.5		
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell		
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell		
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell		
Ö		dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.		
Hyste	resis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C		
Time to	Trigger	ms	0			
Threshold	Threshold non-used		Threshold non-used		-71	Applicable for Event 2C
frequency						
Filter coefficient			0			
Monitored cell list size			6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2			
T	1	S	15			
T:	2	S	10			

Table 8.6.3.1.2A: Cell 1 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			
		T1, T2			
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			
Number		Charmer			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			
Propagation Condition	ppagation Condition AWGN				
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop					
Note 2: The power of t	Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total				

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ .

Table 8.6.3.1.3A: Cell 2 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
DL timeslot number		0		Dwl	PTs
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 2			
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3	}		
DwPCH _Ec/lor	dB	0		)	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3	}		
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-75	-67		
$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} $	dB	-2	6	-2	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/1.28 MHz	-70			
Propagation Condition		AWGN			

### 8.6.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 6) UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message
- 7) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2c for cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 9.2 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 9) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.

10) Repeat steps 1-9 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	raido/Nomain
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-NNO message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurement type	Not Present Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
-CHOICE inter-frequency cell removal	No inter-frequency cells removed
-New inter-frequency cells	1
-Inter-frequency cell id	1
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	TOD
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2 in Table 8.6.2.4.1.2
-Cell info (10.3.7.2)	0.0.2.4.1.2
-Cell individual offset	Not Present
-Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
-Read SFN indicator	False
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH info (10.3.6.57)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-3.84Mcps -CHOICE Sync case	2
-Timeslot	2
-1.28 Mcps	
- TSTD indicator	True
-cell parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of cell 2
-SCTD indicator	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH Tx power	Set to Primary CCPCH Tx power of cell 2
-Timesllot list	as described in Table 8.6.2.4.1.2  Not Present
-Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting critera	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	Primary CCPCH RSCP
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21) -UTRA carrier RSSI	
-Frequency quality estimate	
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Proposed TGSN Reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Neasurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	, , , ,

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Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W Used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting Cell Status (10.361)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active and/or monitored
	set on used frequency or within virtual active
	and/or monitored set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequenc	
- Threshold non-used frequency	-71
- W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

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# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (Step 6)

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		10101011
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
message admentioation code	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
-KKO message sequence number	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	Not i lesent	
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	Not Flesent	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	NOTE I GOOM	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	NOCT TOOCH	
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	Not i lesent	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
Downline ( Door ( Information		only
-Downlink information common for all radio		,
links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	TDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Not present	
-TGSN	10	
-TGL1	10	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	11	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
DDD	Marka 0	only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	puncturing	
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	A 2.0	
	3.0 3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
1 232		100 0.10 1.01 1

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	only
- Downlink information for each radio link -Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		_
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation	, i	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

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### MEASUREMENT REPORT message (step 8)

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	T SILLOY TO THAT IT
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number Measurement identity	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measured Results (10.3.7.44)	
-CHOICE Measurement	Inter-frequency Measured results list
-Inter-frequency measured results	1
-Frequency info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2
-UTRA carrier RSSI	Not Present
-Inter-frequency cell measured results	1
-Cell measured results (10.3.7.3)	
-Cell identity	Not Present
-Cell synchronisation info	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Cell parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of Cell 2
-Proposed TGSN	Not Present
-Primary CCPCH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
-Pathloss	Not Present
-Timeslot list	Not Present
Measured results on RACH	Not Present
Additional measured results	Not Present
Event results (10.3.7.7)	
-CHOICE event result	Inter-frequency measurement event results
-Inter-frequency event identity	2C
-Inter-frequency cells	1
-Frequency Info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH Info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE Sync Case	Not Present
-Cell Parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of Cell 2
-SCTD Indicator	FALSE

### 8.6.3.1.5 Test requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report for Cell 2 with a measurement reporting delay less than 9.2 s from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

### 8.6.4 GSM measurements

### 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

### 8.6.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM for Release 99 and later releases.

### 8.6.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

Measurements on GSM cells can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified.

- 1) In CELL\_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.
- 2) If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements:
  - the UE shall measure all GSM cells present in the monitored set
  - the relevant requirements for GSM dedicated mode when a TCH channel is assigned in TS 45.008 shall apply.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.5 and A.8.4.1.

### 8.6.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

### 8.6.4.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.4.1.4.1 Test 1 initial conditions

Test 1 with BSIC verification required case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.4.1, 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively.

Table 8.6.4.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode			Only applicable for UE requiring
patterns			compressed mode patterns
- GSM carrier RSSI			
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM Initial BSIC			
identification		Pattern 2	As specified in section 8.1.2.5.2.1 TS 25.133 [2] table 8.7.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement		GSM Carrier RSSI	
quantity			
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	See Annex I for cell information.  Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from table 8.7 in TS 25.133 [2].
T1	S	5	
T2	S	7	
T3	S	5	

Table 8.6.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
		T0,T1, T2, T3
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1
Number		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/ 3.84	-85
	MHz	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{or}$ .

Table 8.6.4.3: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number		_	ARFO	CN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

#### 8.6.4.1.4.2 Test 1 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 4) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise go to step 6.
- 5) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 6) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 7) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 6.32s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, thenthe counter event3C\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event3C\_success is increased by one.
- 9) After 7 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event 3B\_failure is increased by one If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event 3B success is increased by one.
- 11) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 10) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off.
- 12) Repeat steps 1-11according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 3C events and for 3B events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

### **Specific Message Contents**

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter Rat measurement (step 4):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
	value/Remark	version
Message Type (10.2.22)		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	No. 1 . Coo. N	
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	1.001.1	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	140t 1 163611t	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	Not Present	
	Not Droppet	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	00.45	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
(10.3.6.18)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(1/2 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	mode 0	Troo and troi Toniy
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(2/2 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	2	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	I

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	gsm-initialBSICIdentification	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	8	
-TGPL2	Not Present	
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
	SF/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2 SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	-· · -	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	66	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
(10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		rios and rior romy
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as	
-Di Oi i name onset	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code	INOUT I GOGIIL	
	Not Present	
-Secondary scrambling code		
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	Value/Nemark
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	U
0 7	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message authentication code	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	0
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	'
- UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
- CHOICE system	GSM
- Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting indicator	FALSE
- GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	inter tatt medeatement reperting enterta
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24	Event 3B
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual
-OHOIGE reported cell	active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported colle	
-Maximum number of reported cells	2 Event 3C
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	
-Threshold own system	Not Present Not Present
-W	
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Demand cells with the second second second
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual
	active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	If compressed mode is required, Active (for
	two patterns specified in table 8.6.4.1).
	Otherwise, this should be Not Present.

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### 8.6.4.1.4.3 Test 2 initial conditions

Test 2 without BSIC verification required case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.4.4, 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.6 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively.

Table 8.6.4.4: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		not required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	See Annex I for cell information.  Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	2	
T3	S	5	

Table 8.6.4.5: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

<b>T0, T1, T2, T3</b> Channel 1
Channel 1
•
-10
-12
-12
-15
Note 1
Note 2
0
-85
-13
AWGN

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I<sub>or</sub>.

Table 8.6.4.6: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1			
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

#### 8.6.4.1.4.4 Test 2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 4) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise, go to step 6.
- 5) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message
- 6) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 7) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event3C\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event3C\_success is increased by one.
- 9) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, thenthe counter event3B\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event3B\_success is increased by one.
- 11) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 10) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off.
- 12) Repeat steps 1-11 according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 3C events and for 3B events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter Rat measurement (step 4):

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Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.22)		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
-message aumentication code		
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	100011	
	Not Dropont	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	<b>.</b>	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
	Not Flesent	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
(10.3.6.18)	THOU TOOOTH	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
	FUU	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	1	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	mode 0	The and the Tolly
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
<ul> <li>-Uplink compressed mode method</li> </ul>	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
1 25.44K 21 011 01100t value (10.0.0.10)	1100111000111	ı

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	10101011
-Downlink information for each radio link		
(10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICÉ mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	0
-BSIC verification required	Not Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	1
- UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
- CHOICE system	GSM
<ul> <li>Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting indicator</li> </ul>	FALSE
- GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3B
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	If compressed mode is required, Active (for the pattern specified in table 8.6.4.4).
	the pattern specified in table 8 Otherwise, this should be Not

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MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter – RAT test cases

These messages are common for all inter-RAT test cases and are described in Annex I.

### 8.6.4.1.5 Test requirements

### 8.6.4.1.5.1 TEST 1 With BSIC verification required

Table 8.6.4.7: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		conditions ir [25] for the ( BCCH ARF) PCS1900 ur BCCH ARF) GSM850 un	n clause 26.6 GSM band ui CN is 744 foi nder test. CN is 241 foi der test. CN is 114 foi	as defined in 5.5.1 of TS 5 nder test. r FDD Band r FDD Band	1.010-1 II and V or VI and
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 3C events and for 3B events shall independently indicate a pass result.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.6.4.1.5.2 TEST 2 Without BSIC verification required

Table 8.6.4.8: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		[25] for the 0 BCCH ARF PCS1900 ui BCCH ARF0 GSM850 un	n clause 26 GSM band un FCN is 744 nder test. CN is 241 for der test.	6.6.5.1 of TS nder test. for FDD Band	S 51.010-1 and II and V or VI and
		BCCH ARF GSM900 un	nd VIII and		
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 3C events and for 3B events shall independently indicate a pass result.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.6.5 Combined Interfrequency and GSM measurements

### 8.6.5.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

### 8.6.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM for Release 6 and later releases.

### 8.6.5.1.2 Minimum requirement

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, inter}} = \mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot \boldsymbol{N}_{\textit{Freq}} \;\; \text{ms}$$

The UE physical layer shall when transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements also be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of 25.133 [2] with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \bigg\{ T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}} \cdot T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{\textit{Freq}} \bigg\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for  $X_{basic\ measurement\ FDD\ inter}$  inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set or the virtual active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{Measurement\_Inter.}$ 

$$X_{basic\ measurement\ FDDinter} = 6$$

$$T_{identify, inter} = 3.3 \text{ s}$$

 $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Inter}$  = 480 ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_inter}$  for interfrequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Inter}$  = 44 ms. This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements, during the period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per transmission gap is calculated by using 6 gaps of length 11 slots each.

 $T_{basic\_identify\_FDD,inter} = 300$  ms. This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

 $T_{basic\_measurement\_FDD\ inter} = 50$  ms. This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

N<sub>Freq</sub>: Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB, SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T  $_{identify\ inter}$  defined in Clause 8.1.2.3.1 of 25.133 [2] When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay for a GSM cell with verified BSIC, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than  $2 * T_{Measurement\_Period, GSM} = 2 * 480 \text{ ms} = 960 \text{ ms}$ .

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_inter}$  and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ Inter}$  provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

Measurements on GSM cells can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified.

- 1) In CELL\_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.
- 2) If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements:
  - the UE shall measure all GSM cells present in the monitored set
  - the relevant requirements for GSM dedicated mode when a TCH channel is assigned in TS 45.008 shall apply.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3, 8.1.2.5 and A.8.54.1.

### 8.6.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing combined inter frequency and GSM measurements.

### 8.6.5.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.6.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.5.1.4.1, 8.6.5.1.4.2 and 8.6.5.1.4.3. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B and 3A shall be used as well as periodic reporting with period 4s. The test consists of five successive time periods, with a time duration T1, T2, T3, T4 and T5 respectively.

Table 8.6.5.1.4.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns.
Interfrequency measurements		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 1	As specified in table C.5.3
- GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 2	As specified in table C.5.3
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 3	As specified in table C.5.3
- GSM BSIC reconfirmation		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 4	As specified in table C.5.3
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		required	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used frequency	dB	-15	Ec/lo threshold for Event 2B and 3A
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used for a not used frequency	dB	-15	Ec/lo threshold for Event 2B
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3A.
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 FDD neighbours 8 on frequency Channel 2 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	See annex I for cell information.  Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
T1	S	1	
T2	S	4	
T3	S	1	
T4	S	8	
T5	S	15	

Table 8.6.5.1.4.2: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1						Ce	II 2			
		T0	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	T0	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
UTRA RF Channel Number			Channel 1						Char	nnel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10						-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12						-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12						-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15 -15										
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note	1			N/A		N/A Note 1					
OCNS		Note	2			- 0.94	1	-0.94	1		Note	2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	0 -8				-Infin	ity	0	0	-	8	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13 -18.6 -Infinity -13				-13	-18.6					
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop  Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be													

equal to I<sub>or</sub>

Table 8.6.5.1.4.3: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 3)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 3					
Farameter	Oilit	T0	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1					
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity -75			-75		
GSM BSIC		N/A Valid			Valid	Not valid	

#### 8.6.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in Table 8.6.5.1.4.4 and 8.6.5.1.4.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 4) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (compressed gaps).
- 5) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message (compressed gaps).
- 6) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency)
- 7) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (periodic inter RAT)
- 8) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (event triggered inter RAT, activation of TGPSI 1-4)
- 9) 3 seconds after step8 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.5.1.4.4 and 8.6.5.1.4.5.
- 10)1 seconds after step9 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in tables 8.6.5.1.4.4 and 8.6.5.1.4.5.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter frequency) triggered by event 2B for cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 3.5 seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event2B failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event2B\_success is increased by one.
- 12) After 4 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 according to the parameters defined in tables 8.6.5.1.4.4 and 8.6.5.1.4.5

- 13) The UE shall receive a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION so that a timing maintained hard handover is completed to cell 2 within 1 s since the beginning of T3.
- 14) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message
- 15)SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (Intra Frequency)
- 16) After 1 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 according to the parameters defined in tables 8.6.5.1.4.4 and 8.6.5.1.4.5.
- 17) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter RAT) triggered by event 3A for cell 3. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 6.24 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter event3A\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter event3A\_success is increased by one.
- 18) After 8 seconds from the beginning of T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T4 to T5 according to the parameters defined in tables 8.6.5.1.4.4 and 8.6.5.1.4.5.
- 19) UE shall in a periodic MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter RAT) indicate that the BSIC of the GSM carrier is not verified. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T5 until this message shall be less than 9.04 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then the counter BSIC\_failure is increased by one. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the counter BSIC\_success is increased by one.
- 20) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 19) or 15 seconds after the beginning of T5, the UE is switched off.
- 21) Repeat steps 1-19 according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8. If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counters are continued. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 2B events, 3A events and for BSIC events shall independently indicate a pass result. The test is stopped immeadiately and the test is considered to be a fail, if any counter reaches an early fail criterion.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	ANA DI O
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type -Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16) -Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter-frequency cells	INOUT TESETIL
- Inter frequency cell id	Refer to table K.1
- Frequency info	TOTAL TO TO TO TOTAL TOT
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
	8.6.5.1.4.2
- Cell info	
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not present
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	Inter fraguency reporting suitaria
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria -Filter coefficient	0
-Filter coefficient -CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	0. 10/1 20/110
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
- Parameters required for each events	OI-
- Inter-frequency event identity	2b
- Threshold used frequency	-15 dB
- W used frequency	0

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
- Hysteresis	0 dB
- Time to trigger	0 ms
- Reporting cell status	Within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
<ul> <li>Maximum number of reporting cells</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>Non used frequency parameter list</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Threshold non used frequency</li> </ul>	-15 dB
- W non-used frequency	0
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (event triggered inter RAT, activation of TGPSI 1-4)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	CO levilete - the conduct of MACO I for their
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
PPC monogo ocquenco number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-RRC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	
-CHOICE mode	FDD CDICH Follo
-Measurement quantity	CPICH EcNo GSM
-CHOICE system -Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	0
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	required
- UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
- CHOICE system	GSM
Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting indicator	FALSE
- GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24	Event 3A
-Threshold own system	-15
-W	0
-Threshold other system	-80
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	<u>r-</u>
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	
- TGPS reconfiguration CFN	(Current CFN + (230 - TTI/10msec))mod
<b>J</b> <del>-</del>	256
-Transmission gap pattern sequence (1 to <maxtgps>)</maxtgps>	
- TGPSI	1
- TGPS Status Flag	activate
- TGCFN	(TGPS reconfiguration CFN +6)mod 256
- TGPSI	2
- TGPS Status Flag	activate
- TGCFN	(TGPS reconfiguration CFN +10)mod 256
- TGPSI	3
- TGPS Status Flag	activate
- TGCFN	(TGPS reconfiguration CFN +18)mod 256
- TGPSI	4
- TGPS Status Flag	activate
- TGCFN	(TGPS reconfiguration CFN +26)mod 256
	., -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (periodic inter RAT)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
Measurement Information elements		
-Measurement Identity	3	
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup	
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)		
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC	
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting	
Mode	l	
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present	
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement	
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	l	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list	Not Present	
(10.3.7.23)		
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	N . D	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality	Not Present	
estimate (10.3.7.38)	0014	
-CHOICE system	GSM	
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI	
-Filter coefficient	0	
-BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	not required	
-UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE	
-CHOICE system	GSM	
-GNOCE system -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator	TRUE	
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	IKOL	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual	
-OHOIOL TEPOREU CEII	active set or of the other RAT	
-Maximum number of reported cells	6	
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria	
-Periodical reporting criteria (10.3.7.53)	Torrodical reporting orienta	
-Amount of reporting	Infinity	
-Reporting interval	4000 ms	
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (Intra Frequency)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	value/reilial K
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	4
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	mila ricquericy measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	
- CHOICE Intra-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	Refer to table K.1
- Cell info	l
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info - Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Not present
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cells for measurement	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5) -Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator  -Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting quantities for detected set cens (10.3.7.5)  -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Neasurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB

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Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present			
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0			
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present			
-Time to trigger	0 ms			
-Amount of reporting	Infinity			
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 1)			
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)				
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or			
	monitored set cells on used frequency			
-Maximum number of reported cells	2			
Physical channel information elements				
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present			
Note 1: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting				

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (compressed gaps):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.22)		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
mossage aumentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
	INOU FIESCHI	
UTRAN mobility information elements	Not Decemb	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	l	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)	Not Droppet	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
(10.3.6.18)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(1/3 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGFRC -TGSN	8	
-TGL1	14	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	8	
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(2/3 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	2	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
1 Or and a Landerser -		1

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement	version
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	8	
-TGL1	14	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	24	
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
<ul> <li>Downlink compressed mode method</li> </ul>	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	(3/3 TGPS)	
- TGPSI	3	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM Initial BSIC identification	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	8	
-TGL1	14	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	24	
-RPP -ITP	mode 0	
-TIP -CHOICE UL/DL mode	mode 0 UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	22	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	4	
- TGPSI	4	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM BSIC re-confirmation	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	8	
-TGL1	14	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	24	
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2 SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	5.5	

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None	
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
(10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell1	
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Hard Handover:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type	Talac/Nomark	10131011
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
message authentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
Titto message sequence number	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	"now"	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	Not i resent	
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	1100111	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	110011	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
>RB with PDCP information list	Not Present	
>>RB with PDCP information	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	1101111000111	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)		
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH power offset	-40 (-80dB)	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1	
- TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)	
-Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)	
-Spreading factor	64	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL		
(10.3.6.18)		
-Timing indicator	Maintain	
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH power control information		
(10.3.6.23)		
-DPC mode	0 (single)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Power offset P <sub>Pilot-DPDCH</sub>	0	
-DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Fixed or Flexible Position	Fixed	

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-CHOICE SF	128	
-Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)	Not Present	
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
(10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2	
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter-frequency

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter-RAT, periodic reporting

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	3

### 8.6.5.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.6.5.1.4.4: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

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Parameter	Unit			Ce	II 1					Ce	ell 2		
		T0	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T0	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
UTRA RF Channel Number				Char	nel 1					Chai	nnel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.2						-9.2					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2						-11.2					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	11.2				-11.2						
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2	-14.2				-14.2						
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note '	1			N/A		N/A			Note 1		
OCNS		Note 2	2			- 0.94	.1	-0.94	1		Note 2		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0			-	8		-Infini	ity	0	0	-	8
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.8 4 MHz							-60					
CPICH_Ec/Io (Note 3)	dB	-12.2		-17.8				-Infini	ity	-12.2	-12.2	-17.8	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ 

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.5.1.4.5: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 3)

Parameter	Unit				Cell 3		
Farameter	Ollit	T0	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
Absolute RF Channel Number		condition the GS BCCH a under to BCCH a GSM85	ons in cl M band ARFCN est. ARFCN 50 under ARFCN	ause 26 under t is 744 is 241 r test.	6.6.5.1 of est. for FDD B	ed in the ir TS 51.010- and II and and V or V	-1 [25] for PCS1900
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity -74			74		
GSM BSIC			N	I/A		Valid	Not valid

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. For the overall outcome of the test to be considered a pass, the counters for 2B events, 3A events and for BSIC events shall independently indicate a pass result.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements

Unless explicitly stated:

- Reported measurements shall be within defined range in 90 % of the cases.
- Measurement channel is 12.2 kbps as defined in Annex C, sub-clause C.3.1. This measurement channel is used both in active cell and cells to be measured.
- Physical channels used as defined in Annex E.
- Cell 1 is the active cell.
- Single task reporting.

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- Power control is active.

Note: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement

performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

### 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP

### 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy

### 8.7.1.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

#### 8.7.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the actual CPICH RSCP power from same cell.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.7.1.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.1.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -113 dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -112 dBm for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

 $CPICH\_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -111 \ dBm$  for Band III and VIII.

$$\frac{I_{o}}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH \_E_{c}}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.1.1: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	cy [dB]		Condi	tions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
CPICH_RSC	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470	-9370	-9270	-9170
P	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050	-7050	-7050	-7050

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.1.1 and A.9.1.1.2.

### 8.7.1.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.1.1.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

### 8.7.1.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH RSCP intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.1.1.2.

Table 8.7.1.1.1.2: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency parameters

Doro	motor	Unit	Tes	t 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3	
Parameter		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Chan	nel number		Channel 1		Chan	nel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X						-97	.47
	Band IX*				 		-96.47	
loc Band II, V, VII, XI		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-77.54		-59.98		-95.47	
	Band III, VIII	1		-94.47				
Îor/loc	·	dB	4	0	9	0	0	-6.53
	Band I, IV, VI, X						-107.47	-114.0
CPICH RSCP,	Band IX*						-106.47	-113.0
Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm	-83.5	-87.5	-60.98	-69.88	-105.47	-112.0
	Band III, VIII						-104.47	-111.0
Band I, IV, VI, X				•	Į.		-94	
lo, Note 1  Band IX*  Band II, V, VII,  XI  Band III, VIII							-9	3
		dBm/3.84 MHz	-71		-50		-92	
							-91	
Propagation cor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH\_RSCP value in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power of Cell 1 and Cell 2 reported by UE is compared to actual CPICH RSCP power for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

### MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
, and the second	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	i chicanan reperang
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	THOU T TOOGHT
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	or for fied
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	TALOL
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	I ALOL
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH ECNO reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting dualitities for detected set cells -Reporting cell status	Not Flesent
-CHOICE reported cell	Poport all active act calls a calls within
-Oriolog reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Maximum number of reported cells	Not Present
-Measurement validity	
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	Net Decemb
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

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### 8.7.1.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.1.1.1.3: CPICH\_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy, test requirement

	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions				
Parameter		Normal condition	Extreme condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
rarameter				Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III, VIII	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±7.4	±10.4	-9470	-9370	-9270	-9170	
CFICIT_ROCF	dBm	±9.4	±12.4	-7050	-7050	-7050	-7050	

Table 8.7.1.1.1.4: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Chan	nel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor			-1	0	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Id	or	dB	-1		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15		-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-79.16		-61,6		-96.47	
	Band IX*						-95.47	
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz					-94.47	
	Band III, VIII						-93.47	
Îor/loc	Îor/loc		4.3	0.3	9.3	0.3	0.3	-6.23
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-84.82	-88.92	-62.3	-71.3	-106.17	-112.7
CPICH RSCP,	Band IX*						-105.17	-111.7
Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm					-104.17	-110.7
	Band III, VIII						-103.17	-109.7
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-72.4		-51,4		-92,8	
Io, Note 1	Band IX*						-91.8	
	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm / 3.84 MHz					-90.8	
	Band III, VIII						-89.8	
Propagation cor	Propagation condition		AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN

NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the absolut intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.1.1.5.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

Table 8.7.1.1.1.5: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements for the reported
values

Test 1	Test 2	Test 3 (Band I,	Test 3 (Band	Test 3 (Band	Test 3 (Band				
1030 1	1031 2	IV, VI and X)	IX)	II,V, VII and XI)	III, VIII)				
Normal Conditions									
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_26	_44	_2	_3	_4	_5				
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_45	_63	_17	_18	_19	_20				
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_22	_35	-5 (NOTE 2)	-4 (NOTE 2)	-3 (NOTE 2)	2 (NOTE 2)				
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_41	_54	_10	_11	_12	_13				
value (Cell 2)         _41         _54         _10         _11         _12         _13           Extreme Conditions									
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_23	_41	-1 (NOTE 2)	_0	_1	_2				
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_48	_66	_20	_21	_22	_23				
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_19	_32	-5 (NOTE 2)	-5 (NOTE 2)	-5 (NOTE 2)	-5 (NOTE 2)				
CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP				
_44	_57	_13	_14	_15	_16				
		CPICH_RSCP _ 26         CPICH_RSCP _ 44           CPICH_RSCP _ 45         CPICH_RSCP _ 63           CPICH_RSCP _ 22         CPICH_RSCP _ 35           CPICH_RSCP _ 41         CPICH_RSCP _ 54           CPICH_RSCP _ 41         CPICH_RSCP _ 41           CPICH_RSCP _ 41         CPICH_RSCP _ 41           CPICH_RSCP _ 48         CPICH_RSCP _ 66           CPICH_RSCP _ 32         CPICH_RSCP _ 32           CPICH_RSCP _ CPICH_RSCP _ 32         CPICH_RSCP _ CPICH_RSCP	CPICH_RSCP         CPICH_RSCP         CPICH_RSCP         CPICH_RSCP           _26         _44         _2           CPICH_RSCP         _45         _63         _17           CPICH_RSCP         _35         _5 (NOTE 2)           CPICH_RSCP         _54         _10           CPICH_RSCP         _41         _54           CPICH_RSCP         _10           CPICH_RSCP         _10           CPICH_RSCP         _10           CPICH_RSCP         _10           CPICH_RSCP         _10           CPICH_RSCP         _20           CPICH_RSCP         _20           CPICH_RSCP         _20           CPICH_RSCP         _5 (NOTE 2)           CPICH_RSCP         _5 (NOTE 2)           CPICH_RSCP         _5 (NOTE 2)	CPICH_RSCP         CPICH_R	CPICH_RSCP         CPICH_R				

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

NOTE 2: This value applies for a UE complying to release 5 or later. The corresponding value for a pre-release 5 UE is CPICH\_RSCP\_0.

### 8.7.1.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

### 8.7.1.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.7.1.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.1.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113 dBm$  for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 dBm$  for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111 dBm$  for Band III and VIII.

$$\left| CPICH \ RSCP1 \right|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH \ RSCP2 \Big|_{in\ dBm} \right| \le 20dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.1.2.1: CPICH\_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions				
Parameter		Normal	Extreme	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II,V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII	
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
CPICH_RSC P	dBm	± 3	± 3	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.1.2 and A.9.1.1.2.

#### 8.7.1.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.1.2.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

8.7.1.1.2.4 Method of test

8.7.1.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH RSCP intra frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.1.1.2.

#### 8.7.1.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH\_RSCP value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) The result of step 3) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH RSCP of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement in clause 8.7.1.1.1.4.2 is used.

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

#### 8.7.1.1.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.1.1.2.2: CPICH\_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

		Accura	cy [dB]	Conditions				
Parameter	Unit Normal Extreme lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			3.84 MHz]				
rarameter	Oilit	condition	condition	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and	
				and X		and XI	VIII	
CPICH_RSC P	dBm	±3.8	±3.8	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.1.1.2.3: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Test 3	
Fair	illetei	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Chan	nel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10		-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12		-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
Band I, IV, VI, X							-96	.47
	Band IX*		-74.54		-61,6		-95.47	
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz					-94.47	
	Band III, VIII						-93.47	
Îor/loc		dB	4.3	0.3	9.3	0.3	0.3	-6.23
	Band I, IV, VI, X						-106.17	-112.7
CPICH RSCP,	Band IX*						-105.17	-111.7
Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm	-80.2	-84.2	-62.3	-71.3	-104.17	-110.7
	Band III, VIII						-103.17	-109.7
	Band I, IV, VI, X			•			-92	2,8
	Band IX*						-91	.8
lo, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-67	7.8	-51,4		-90.8	
	Band III, VIII						-89.8	
Propagation cor	ndition	-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the relative intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.1.2.4.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

Table 8.7.1.1.2.4: CPICH\_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Normal Conditions						
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 13)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 11)			
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_x	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 5)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 3)			
Extreme Conditions						
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 13)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 11)			
Highest reported value cell2						
CPICH_RSCP_x is the reported value of cell 1						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

### 8.7.1.2.1 Relative accuracy requirement

### 8.7.1.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP in inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.7.1.2.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.2.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113$  dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 \ dBm$  for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -111 dBm for Band III and VIII.

$$|CPICH \_RSCP1|_{in dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2|_{in dBm}| \le 20dB$$

| Channel 1\_Io $|_{dBm/3.84~MHz}$  -Channel 2\_Io $|_{dBm/3.84~MHz}$  |  $\leq 20~dB$ .

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.2.1.1: CPICH\_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accura	cy [dB]	Conditions				
				Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and VIII	
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	and X		and XI		
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
CPICH_RSC P	dBm	± 6	± 6	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.2.1 and A.9.1.1.2.

#### 8.7.1.2.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.2.1.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

#### 8.7.1.2.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.1.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies.

For UEs that require compressed mode, compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256".

For UEs that do not require compressed mode, compressed mode is not applied and therefore no Physical Channel Reconfiguration message will be sent.

CPICH RSCP inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.2.1.2.

Table 8.7.1.2.1.2: CPICH RSCP Inter frequency parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	t 1	Tes	st 2
		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/loi	ſ	dB	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-84.00	-94.46
loo	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84	-60.00	-60.00	-83.00	-93.46
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-60.00		-82.00	-92.46
	Band III, VIII				-81.00	-91.46
Îor/loc		dB	9.54	9.54	0	-9.54
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-94.0	-114.0
CPICH RSCP,	Band IX*	dBm	-60.46	-60.46	-93.0	-113.0
Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDIII	-60.46		-92.0	-112.0
	Band III, VIII				-91.0	-111.0
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-81.0	-94.0
lo, Note 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84	-50.00	-50.00	-80.0	-93.0
IO, NOTE I	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-50.00	-30.00	-79.0	-92.0
	Band III, VIII				-78.0	-91.0
Propagation con	dition	-	AWGN		AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.1.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.2.1.4.
- 2) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise, go to step 4.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement and transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check CPICH\_RSCP value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 5) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH RSCP of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.2.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.
- 9) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 1):

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Information Element   Value/Remark   Version	
UE Information Elements -RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-IRRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counterIntegrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info -Activation time -New U-RNTI -New C-RNTI -New C-RNTI -New C-RNTI -New C-RNTI -NOT Present -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient -CN Information Elements -CN Information info -UTRAN mobility information elements -URA identity -URA identity -Downlink counter synchronisation info -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -URA identity -Downlink counter synchronisation info -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -Not Present -URA identity -Downlink counter synchronisation info -Not Present -Not	
-RRC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counterIntegrity protection mode info -Ciphering mode info -Not Present -Activation time -New U-RNTI -New C-RNTI -New C-RNTI -New C-RNTI -Not Present -CS tate Indicator -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient CN Information Elements -CN Information info UTRAN mobility information elements -URAN identity -Downlink counter synchronisation info Not Present -PhyCH information elements -Prequency info Uplink radio resources -Maximum allowed UL TX power -CHOICE channel requirement -CHOICE mode  PDD  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the bits string contains the m	
-Integrity check info -message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info  -Ciphering mode info  -Activation time  Not Present  -New U-RNTI  -New U-RNTI  -New C-RNTI  -RRC State Indicator  -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient  CELL_DCH  -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient  CN Information Elements  -CN Information info  Vot Present  -URA identity  RB information elements  -Downlink counter synchronisation info  Not Present  -PhyCH information elements  -Frequency info  Uplink radio resources  -Maximum allowed UL TX power  -CHOICE channel requirement  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  -CHOICE mode  FDD	
-message authentication code  SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  -RRC message sequence number  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.  -Integrity protection mode info  -Ciphering mode info  -Activation time  Not Present  -New U-RNTI  -New U-RNTI  -New C-RNTI  -RRC State Indicator  -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient  CN Information Elements  -CN Information info  UTRAN mobility information elements  -URA identity  RB information elements  -Downlink counter synchronisation info  PhyCH information elements  -Frequency info  Uplink radio resources  -Maximum allowed UL TX power  -CHOICE channel requirement  Downlink radio resources  -CHOICE mode  -CHOICE mode	
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Downlink radio resources -CHOICE mode FDD	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information Not Present R99 and	
Rel-4 on	ıly
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL Not Present	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI 1	
-TGPS Status Flag Activate	
-TGCFN (Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration	
-TGMP FDD measurement	
-TGPRC Infinity	
-TGSN 4	
-TGL1 7	
-TGL2 Not Present	
-TGD UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1 3	
-TGPL2 Not Present R99 and	l
Rel-4 on	ıly
-RPP Mode 0	•
-ITP Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method SF/2 -Uplink compressed mode method SF/2	
-Downlink frame type  B  B  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	
-DeltaSIR1 3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1 3.0	
-DeltaSIR2 Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2 Not Present	
-N Identify abort Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode Not Present	
-SSDT information Not Present R99 and	
, and a management of the same	1

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	Rel-4 only
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not i lesem	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info	. 22	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0 Not Brosser	D00
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and
Closed lean timing adjustment made	Not Droppet	Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

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First MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 3):

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Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
DDC magazga agguenas number	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	Woully
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	l chodical reporting
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells -Cell synchronisation information reporting	EALCE
indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	1.00.1.1.000
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
'	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

Second MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Three message sequence names	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	. ~
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement object list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.2.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.1.2.1.3: CPICH\_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

548

		Accura	cy [dB]		Condi	itions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal Extreme			lo [dBm/3	3.84 MHz]	
raiailietei	Oilit	condition	condition	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and
		Condition	Condition	and X		and XI	VIII
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±7.1	±7.1	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.1.2.1.4: CPICH RSCP Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	t 1	Test 2	
		Oilit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0		10
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	•	dB	-1	2	^	12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	^	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5		15
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-83.00	-93.46
loc	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84	-61.6	.6 -61.6	-82.00	-92.46
100	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-01.0		-81.00	-91.46
	Band III, VIII				-80.00	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	9.84	9.84	0.3	-9.24
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-61.8	-61.8	-92.7	-112.7
CPICH RSCP,	Band IX*	al Duna			-91.7	-111.7
Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm			-90.7	-110.7
	Band III, VIII				-89.7	-109.7
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-79.8	-93.0
lo, Note 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84	-51.3	F1 2	-78.8	-92.0
IIO, NOTE I	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-51.5	-51.3	-77.8	-91.0
	Band III, VIII				-76.8	-90.0
Propagation con	dition	-		AWGN AWGN		

NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the relative inter frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.2.1.5.

Table 8.7.1.2.1.5: CPICH\_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported

	Test 1	Test 2			
Normal Conditions					
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 28)			
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x + 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 12)			
Extreme Conditions					
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 28)			
Highest reported value cell2 CPICH_RSCP_(x + 8) CPICH_RSCP_(x - 12)					
CPICH_RSCP_x is the reported value of cell 1					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

### 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo

### 8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy

### 8.7.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

### 8.7.2.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the actual CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio from same cell.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.7.2.1.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.1.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1| $_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -113 dBm$  for Band IX,

CPICH RSCP1|<sub>dBm</sub>  $\geq$  -112 dBm for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -111 dBm$  for Band III and VIII.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.1.1.1: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy, minimum requirements

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions				
Parameter	Unit		Extreme	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII, and XI	Band III and VIII	
Parameter	Onit	Normal condition Extreme condition		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	$\pm$ 1.5 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 $\pm$ 3 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	± 3	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.2.1.1.

#### 8.7.2.1.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.1.1.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.1.1.4 Method of test

8.7.2.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using the test parameters in table 8.7.2.1.1.2.

	Parameter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	t 2	Tes	t 3		
•	Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF C	hannel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/I	or	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-10			
PCCPCH_E	c/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/ld	or	dB	-15	-	-15	-	-6	-		
OCNS_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94		
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-56.98		-89.07		-94.98			
	Band IX*				-88.07		-93	.98		
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-87.07		-92	.98		
	Band III, VIII				-86.07		-91.98			
Îor/loc	,	dB	3.0	3.0	-2.9	-2.9	-9.0	-9.0		
CPICH Ec/Id	o, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0		
Io, Note 1	Band I, IV, VI, X				-8	6	-9	4		
	Band IX*				-8	5	-9	3		
	Band II, V, VII, XI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50		-50		-8	4	-9	2
	Band III, VIII				-83		-91			
Propagation	condition	-	AW	GN	AWGN		AWGN			

Table 8.7.2.1.1.2: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency parameters

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NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.2.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH\_Ec/No value in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1, which is compared to the actual CPICH Ec/Io power ratio from the same cell for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

Table 8.7.2.1.1.3: CPICH Ec/lo measurement report mapping

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Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_Ec/No _00	CPICH Ec/lo < -24	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _01	-24 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _02	-23.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _47	-1 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -0.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _48	-0.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < 0	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _49	0 ≤ CPICH Ec/Io	dB

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	o de la companya de l
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
The stage duther thousand to de	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Trivo message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	Wisdiny
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	onocioci reporting
l-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	mad frequency measurement
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	Not i rosont
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	OI IOI I ROOI
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
Indicator	11.02
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	7,1202
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
lindicator	7,1202
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
55.62 ropolica con	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
2. C. Compressed mede states into	1.100111

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

### 8.7.2.1.1.5 Test requirements

The CPICH Ec/Io measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.2.1.1.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm for Band I, IV, VI and X, -98dBm for Band IX, -97 dBm for Band II, V and XI, -96 dBm for Band III) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in subclause 8.7.2.1.1.2 as shown in table 8.7.2.1.1.4.

Table 8.7.2.1.1.4: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy, test requirements

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		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions				
Parameter	Unit		Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
T drameter   Onit		Normal condition	Normal condition condition		Band IX	Band II,V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII	
CPICH_Ec	dВ	-3.11.9 for -14 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo -3.62.4 for -16 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 -4.63.4 for -20 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	-4.63.4	-9487	-9386	-9285	-9184	
/10		$\pm$ 1.95 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2.4 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 $\pm$ 3.4 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3.4	-8750	-8650	-8550	-8450	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.2.2.

Table 8.7.2.1.1.5: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency tests parameters

	aram et ar	l lmit	Tes	st 1	Tes	t 2	Tes	t 3
-	arameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	•	dB	-9	.7	-9.8		-9.9	
PCCPCH_Ec/	/lor	dB	-11	1.7	-11	.8	-11	.9
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-11	.7	-11	.8	-11	.9
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-14	1.7	-14	.8	-14	.9
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-14.7	-	-14.8	-	-5.9	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.2	-1.02	-1.17	-0.99	-2.64	-0.97
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-58.5		-89.07		-93.98	
loc	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-88.07		-92.98	
100	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/ 3.04 IVII IZ			-87.07		-91.98	
	Band III, VIII				-86.07		-90.98	
Îor/loc		dB	3.3	3.3	-2.6	-2.6	-8.7	-8.7
CPICH Ec/lo,	Note 1	dBm	-13.6	-13.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-19.6
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-85	.85	-92	2.9
Io, Note 1	Band IX*	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-51	1.2	-84.85		-91.9	
io, note i	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDIII / 3.04 IVITZ	-51	٠.٥	-83.85		-90.9	
	Band III, VIII				-82.85		-89.9	
Propagation c	ondition	-	AWGN		AWGN		AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the absolute intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.1.1.6.

Table 8.7.2.1.1.6: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_17	CPICH_Ec/No_12	CPICH_Ec/No_0
Highest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_25	CPICH_Ec/No_22	CPICH_Ec/No_16
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_14	CPICH_Ec/No_10	CPICH_Ec/No_0
Highest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_28	CPICH Ec/No 24	CPICH_Ec/No_16

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

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NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 8.7.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

#### 8.7.2.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.7.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.1.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113$  dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 dBm$  for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111 dBm$  for Band III and VIII.

$$|CPICH RSCP1|_{in dBm} - CPICH RSCP2|_{in dBm}| \le 20dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}}$$
 -  $\left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$ 

Table 8.7.2.1.2.1: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [d	y [dB]		Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Extreme	Extromo	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII, and XI	Band III and VIII	
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	$\pm$ 1.5 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 $\pm$ 3 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	± 3	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.2.1.2 and A.9.1.2.2.

### 8.7.2.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.1.2.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.1.2.4 Method of test

8.7.2.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.2.1.1.2.

#### 8.7.2.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH\_Ec/No value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1 and Cell 2. CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) The result of step 3) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH\_Ec/Io of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement in clause 8.7.2.1.1.4.2 is used.

#### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

### 8.7.2.1.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.2.1.2.2: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [c	IB]	Conditions				
Parameter	Unit		Extreme	lo [dBm / 3.84 MHz]				
rarameter	Oilit	Normal condition condition		Band I, IV, VI, and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	$\pm 2.3$ for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm 2.8$ for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 $\pm 3.8$ for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	±3.8	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.2.1.2.3: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency tests parameters

Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3
Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 1	Channel 1	
dB	-9.7		-9.8		-9.9	
dB	-1	-11.7		-11.8		1.9
dB	-1 <sup>-</sup>	1.7	-11.8		-11.9	
dB	-14	1.7	-14	1.8	-14.9	
dB	-14.7	-	-14.8	-	-5.9	-
dB	-1.2	- 1.02	-1.17	-0.99	-2.64	-0.97
	-58.5		-89.07		-93.98	
			-88.07		-92.98	
dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-87.07		-91	.98
			-86.07		-90.98	
dB	3.3	3.3	-2.6	-2.6	-8.7	-8.7
dBm	-13.6	-13.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-19.6
			-85	.85	-92	2.9
			-84	.85	-91	1.9
dBm / 3.84 MHz	-5′	1,3	-83.85		-90.9	
			-82.85		-89.9	
=	AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN
	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dBm/ 3.84 MHz dB dBm	Cell 1   Chan   Chan   dB   -9   dB   -14.7   dB   -1.2   dBm/ 3.84 MHz   -58   dB   3.3   dBm   -13.6   dBm/ 3.84 MHz   -57	Cell 1   Cell 2   Channel 1   dB   -9.7     dB   -11.7     dB   -14.7     dB   -14.7     dB   -1.2   -1.02     dBm/ 3.84 MHz   -58.5     dB   3.3   3.3   dBm   -13.6   -13.6     -13.6	Cell 1         Cell 2         Cell 1           Channel 1         Chan           dB         -9.7         -9           dB         -11.7         -11           dB         -14.7         -14.8           dB         -14.7        14.8           dB         -1.2         - 1.02         -1.17           dBm/ 3.84 MHz         -58.5         -88           dBm/ 3.84 MHz         -58.5         -86           dBm/ 3.84 MHz         -51,3         -13.6         -15.6           -85         -84           -83         -83           -84         -83           -85         -84           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80         -80           -80	Cell 1         Cell 2         Cell 1         Cell 2           Channel 1         Channel 1         Channel 1           dB         -9.7         -9.8           dB         -11.7         -11.8           dB         -14.7         -14.8           dB         -14.7         -         -14.8         -           dB         -1.2         -1.02         -1.17         -0.99           -88.07         -88.07         -88.07           -88.07         -86.07         -86.07           dB         3.3         3.3         -2.6         -2.6           dBm / 3.84 MHz         -51,3         -85.85         -84.85           dBm / 3.84 MHz         -51,3         -83.85         -84.85	Cell 1         Cell 2         Cell 1         Cell 2         Cell 1         Cell 2         Cell 1         Cell 1         Channel 2         Cell 1         Channel 1         Channel 2         Channel 2         Channel 3         Channel 3 <t< td=""></t<>

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the relative intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.2.1.2.4: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)
CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reported	value of cell 1		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

### 8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

### 8.7.2.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Void

## 8.7.2.2.2 Relative accuracy requirement

### 8.7.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io in the inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on a different frequency.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.7.2.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.2.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113$  dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$  dBm for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$  dBm for Band III and VIII.

$$|CPICH \_RSCP1|_{in dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2|_{in dBm}| \le 20dB$$

| Channel 1\_Io| $_{dBm/3.84~MHz}$  -Channel 2\_Io| $_{dBm/3.84~MHz}$  |  $\leq$  20 dB.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.2.2.1: CPICH\_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy, minimum requirements

		Accuracy [dl	B] Conditions				
Parameter	11!1		Extreme	Band I, IV, VI, and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII
raiametei	Unit	Normal condition condition		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	$\pm$ 1.5 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 $\pm$ 3 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	± 3	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.2.2.2 and A.9.1.2.2.

#### 8.7.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.2.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.2.2.4 Method of test

8.7.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies.

For UEs that require compressed mode, compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256".

For UEs that do not require compressed mode, compressed mode is not applied and therefore no Physical Channel Reconfiguration message will be sent.

CPICH Ec/Io inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.2.2.2.2.

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Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF (	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec	/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	
PCCPCH_	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lc	r	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/Id	or	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-	
OCNS_Ec/	lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	
	Band I, IV, VI, X	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-52.22	-52.22	-87.27	-87.27	-94.46	-94.46	
loo	Band IX*				-86.27	-86.27	-93.46	-93.46	
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI				-85.27	-85.27	-92.46	-92.46	
	Band III, VIII				-84.27	-84.27	-91.46	-91.46	
Îor/loc		dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54	
CPICH Ec/	To, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0	
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-86	-86	-94	-94	
lo Noto 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84	F0	-50	-85	-85	-93	-93	
lo, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-50		-84	-84	-92	-92	
	Band III, VIII				-83	-83	-91	-91	
Propagatio	n condition	-	AW	GN	AWGN		AWGN		

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4.
- 2) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise, go to step 4.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement and transmit another MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check CPICH\_Ec/No value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1 and Cell 2. CPICH\_Ec/Io power ratio measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH\_Ec/Io power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 6) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH\_Ec/Io of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.
- 9) After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
oooago aantonnoanon ooao	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
Title modage dequence named	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	Not i resent	
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements	NOTE TO SOME	
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	INOUT I GOGIIL	+
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	Not Fresent	
-Frequency info	Not Present	
	Not Fresent	
Uplink radio resources	Not Propert	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources -CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-DOWNINK PDSCH INIOINIALION	Not Fresent	only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		Offig
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info	PDD	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	(Current Cr 14 + (230 - 111/101115ec))11100 230	
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGFNC -TGSN	4	
-TG1N	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	3	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
. 3, 22	Titot i iosoin	only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list -Downlink information for each radio link	Not Present	
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		Offig
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change -TPC combination index	No code change	
	0 Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	,
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

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First MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 4):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	value/Reillai k
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	U
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message aumentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-freqquency measurement objects list	N . B
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	TRUE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	IRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

Second MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 4):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	raido/Nomain
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	O
	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message authentication code	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
DDC magaza agguence number	significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-RRC message sequence number	
Magaurament Information alamenta	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	N . B
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
·	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
John process mede status mile	

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

### 8.7.2.2.5 Test requirements

The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver -99 dBm for Band I, IV, VI and X, -98dBm for Band IX, -97 dBm for Band II, V and XI, -96 dBm for Band III) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in clause 8.7.2.2.2.2 as shown in table 8.7.2.2.2.3.

Table 8.7.2.2.2.3: CPICH\_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
			condition	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	$\pm 3.5$ for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm 4$ for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ - 14 $\pm 5$ for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ - 16	± 5	-9487	-9386	-9285	-9184
		$\pm 2.3$ for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm 2.8$ for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 $\pm 3.8$ for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	± 3.8	-8750	-8650	-8550	-8450

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.2.2.

Table 8.7.2.2.2.4: CPICH Ec/lo Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
		Onic	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_E	c/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	
PCCPCH_	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/Id	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/I	or	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/	/lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-	
OCNS_Ec	/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	
	Band I, IV, VI, X	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-53.5	-53.5	-86.27	-86.27	-93.46	-93.46	
loc	Band IX*				-85.27	-85.27	-92.46	-92.46	
100	Band II, V, VII, XI				-84.27	-84.27	-91.46	-91.46	
	Band III, VIII				-83.27	-83.27	-90.46	-90.46	
Îor/loc		dB	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24	
CPICH Ec	/Io, Note 1	dBm	-13.8	-13.8	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7	
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-84.9	-84.9	-93	-93	
lo Noto 1	Band IX*	dBm /3.84	-51.15	E4.4E	-83.9	-83.9	-92	-92	
Io, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-51.15	-51.15	-82.9	-82.9	-91	-91	
	Band III, VIII				-81.9	-81.9	-90	-90	
Propagation	on condition	-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

The reported values for the relative inter frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.2.2.5.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

Table 8.7.2.2.2.5: CPICH\_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Normal Conditions						
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x -5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 10)			
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x +10)			
Extreme Conditions						
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 10)			
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 10)			
CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reported value of cell 1						

### 8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for Inter-frequency handover evaluation.

### 8.7.3.1 Absolute measurement accuracy requirement

### 8.7.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of UTRA Carrier RSSI is defined as the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the actual UTRA Carrier RSSI power of that same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.7.3.1.2 Minimum Requirements

Table 8.7.3.1.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions				
				Band I, IV, VI,	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and	
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	and X		and XI	VIII	
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
UTRA Carrier	dBm	± 4	± 7	-9470	-9370	-9270	-9170	
RSSI	dBm	± 6	± 9	-7050	-7050	-7050	-7050	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.3.1.

### 8.7.3.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement is within the specified limits. This measurement is for inter-frequency handover evaluation.

#### 8.7.3.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies.

For UEs that require compressed mode, compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256".

For UEs that do not require compressed mode, compressed mode is not applied and therefore no Physical Channel Reconfiguration message will be sent.

UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.3.1.2.

Table 8.7.3.1.2: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Test 3	
		Offic	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF (	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec	/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_I	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/Id	or	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/	lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-52.22	-52.22	-70.27		-94.46	-94.46
loo	Band IX*					-70.27	-93.46	-93.46
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI					-70.27	-92.46	-92.46
	Band III, VIII						-91.46	-91.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54
CPICH Ec/	lo, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, IV, VI, X						-94	-94
la Nota 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84	50	-50	00	60	-93	-93
lo, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-50		-69	-69	-92	-92
	Band III, VIII	1					-91	-91
Propagatio	n condition	-	AW	GN	AWGN		AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2.
- 2) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise, go to step 4.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check UTRA carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. UTRA carrier RSSI power of Channel 2 reported by UE is compared to actual UTRA Carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 6) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 6) above is repeated.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

### PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		10101011
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
	O	
-Integrity check info	CC calculates the value of MAC I for this recognition	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	N . B	
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
	Not Fresent	
Downlink radio resources	500	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	D00 1D 14
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN		
	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters	500	
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	3	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
1 01 22	Tree in recent	only
-RPP	Mode 0	J,
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	INOCT TOOLIC	only
I	I	Orny

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	
-Downlink information for each radio link -Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code	lu . B	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	D00 1D 14
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	Not Droport	only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 4):

Managara Type	
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier 0	)
-Integrity check info	
	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	nessage and writes to this IE. The first/
	eftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	nternal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity 2	2
-Measurement Command S	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	·
	Acknowledged mode RLC
	Periodical reporting
Mode	. ~
-Additional measurement list N	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type Ir	nter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	· ,
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
	Not Present
	Cell 2 information is included.
	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
	nter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient 0	
	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality C	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
	TRUE
	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator T	TRUE
3	TRUE
	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	requency
	2
	Not Present
	Not Present
	Periodical reporting criteria
·	nfinity
	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
	Not Present

### MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

### 8.7.3.1.5 Test requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.3.1.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm for Band I, IV, VI and X, -98dBm for Band IX, -97 dBm for Band II, V, VII and XI, -96 dBm for Band III and VIII) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in subclause 8.7.3.1.2 as shown in table 8.7.3.1.3.

Table 8.7.3.1.3: UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy, test requirements

				Accuracy	[dB]		
Parameter	Unit	t Normal condition			Extreme condition		
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7.15	± 5.1	-55.8	± 10.15	± 8.1	-88.8

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.3.2.

Table 8.7.3.1.4: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	t 1	Tes	t 2	Test 3	
	i arameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF (	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec	/lor	dB	-1	0	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/ld	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/le	or	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-15	1	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/	lor lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-53.5	-53.5	-69.27	-69.27	-93.46	-93.46
loc	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz					-92.46	-92.46
ioc	Band II, V, VII, XI						-91.46	-91.46
	Band III, VIII						-90.46	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24
CPICH Ec/	lo, Note 1	dBm	-13.8	-13.8	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7
	Band I, IV, VI, X				67.0	-67.9	-93	-93
lo Noto 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84	-51.15	F4 45			-92	-92
Io, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	-51.15	-51.15	-67.9		-91	-91
	Band III, VIII						-90	-90
Propagatio	n condition	•	AW	GN	AWGN		AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.3.1.5.

Table 8.7.3.1.5: UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3						
Normal Conditions									
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_4	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_2	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_0						
	2	7	2						
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_5	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_3	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_1						
	7	8	3						
Extreme Conditions	5								
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_3	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_2	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_0						
	9	4	0						
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_6	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_4	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_1						
	0	1	6						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

### 8.7.3.2 Relative measurement accuracy requirement

### 8.7.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy requirement is defined as the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from another frequency.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

### 8.7.3.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.3.2.1 are valid under the following condition:

|Channel 1\_ $Io|_{dBm/3.84~MHz}$  - |Channel 2\_ $Io|_{dBm/3.84~MHz}$  < 20 dB.

Table 8.7.3.2.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accurac	cy [dB]	Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7	± 11	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.3.2.

#### 8.7.3.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement is within the specified limits. This measurement is for inter-frequency handover evaluation.

### 8.7.3.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.3.2.1A. UTRA carrier RSSI measurements of neighbour cell 2 and neighbour cell 3 are reported to serving cell 1.

Table 8.7.3.2.1A: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1			Test 2			Test 3		
Par	ameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
UTRA	RF		Channe	Chann	Channel	Channel	Channe	Chann	Channel	Channel	Chann
Channe	el number		11	el 2	3	1	12	el 3	1	2	el 3
CPICH	_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10			-10	
PCCPC	CH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12			-12	
SCH_E	Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12			-12	
PICH_I	Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15			-15	
DPCH_		dB	-15	-	-	-6	-	-	-6	-	-
OCNS_	_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X	dBm/ 3.84 MHz							-94.45	-94.45	-75.45
loc	Band IX*				-71.23				-93.45	-93.45	-74.45
	Band II, V, VII, XI			-52.23		-91.27	-91.27	-81.27	-92.45	-92.45	-73.45
	Band III, VIII									-91.45	-91.45
Îor/loc	•	dB	-1.75	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54	-9.54
CPICH Note 1	Ec/lo,	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, IV, VI, X	dBm/							-94 (Note 2)	-94	-75
lo, Note	Band IX*			-50 (Note		00	-90	-90	-90 -80	-93 (Note 2)	-93
1	Band II, V, VII, XI	3.84 MHz	2)	e -50	-69	(Note 2)	-90	-00	-92 (Note 2)	-92	-73
	Band III, VIII								-91 (Note 2)	-91	-72
Propag condition		-		AWGN			AWGN			AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

NOTE 2: lo levels are not reported by the UE on cell 1.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose Cell 2 or Cell 3 in between the tests.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.3.2.

#### 8.7.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.3.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. The SS shall wait 6.8 seconds to allow UE to be ready for inter frequency measuresements.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check UTRA carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 and Channel 3 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. UTRA carrier RSSI power value measured from Channel 3 is compared to UTRA carrier RSSI power value measured from Channel 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 6) is compared to actual power level difference of UTRA Carrier RSSI of Channel 3 and Channel 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.

- 9) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### **Specific Message Contents**

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 2):

L.C C El	V-1 - /D1	
Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		1
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	NOTE TO SOIL	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
	Not Fresent	
PhyCH information elements	Not Dresout	
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	3	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	The state of the s	only
-RPP	Mode 0	,,
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2   SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	B00 15 : :
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
I	I	only

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list -Downlink information for each radio link	Not Present	
-Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 4):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
moodage additionation oode	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Titto message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	Cottap
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	. Grission reporting
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	inter requeries measurement
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 and Cell 3 information are included.
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	Not Flesent
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
	CPION ROCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity -UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	TOUE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting lindicator	TRUE
	TOUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	TRUE
	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	
-Reporting cell status	Depart calls within accepts
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
-Maximum number of reported cells	frequency 3
-Maximum number of reported ceris  -Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity 500 ms
-Reporting interval	000 III9
Physical channel information elements	Not Procent
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

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## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

## 8.7.3.2.5 Test requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI relative measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.3.2.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm for Band I, IV, VI and X, -98dBm for Band IX, - 97 dBm for Band II, V, VII and XI, -96 dBm for Band III and VIII) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in clause 8.7.3.2.2 as shown in table 8.7.3.2.2.

Table 8.7.3.2.2: UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy, test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Normal condition			Extreme condition		
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7.9	± 8.8	± 8.9	± 11.9	± 12.8	± 12.9

Table 8.7.3.2.3: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy test parameters

Parameter		Hnit	Unit Test 1			Test 2			Test 3		
Га	rameter	Offic	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
UTR/ Chan numb	nel		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3
CPIC	H_Ec/lor	dB		-10	II.		-10			-10	
PCCI r	PCH_Ec/lo	dB		-12			-12			-12	
SCH	_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12			-12	
	_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15			-15	
	H_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-	-	-6	-	-	-6	-	-
OCN	S_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X								-93.45	-93.45	-74.45
	Band IX*	dBm/							-92.45	-92.45	-73.45
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI	3.84 MHz	-53.50	-53.50	-71.23	-91.27	-91.27	-81.27	-91.45	-91.45	-72.45
	Band III, VIII								-90.45	-90.45	-71.45
Îor/lo	C	dB	-1.45	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24	-9.24
CPIC Note	H Ec/Io, 1	dBm	-13.7	-13.7	-13.7	-15.7	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7	-19.7
	Band I, IV, VI, X								-93 (Note 2)	-93	-74
lo, Not	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84	-51.15	-51.15	-69	-90	-90	90	-92 (Note 2)	-92	-73
Band II,	Band II, V, VII, XI	MHz	(Note 2)	-51.15	-69	(Note 2)	-90	-80	-91 (Note 2)	-91	-72
	Band III, VIII								-90 (Note 2)	-90	-71
Propa condi	agation ition	-		AWGN			AWGN			AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose Cell 2 or Cell 3 in between the tests.

The frequency separation among 3 cells shall be at least 10 MHz to avoid overlapping the AWGN interference coming from different loc sources.

The reported values for the UTRA Carrier RSSI relative measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.3.2.4.

NOTE 2: lo levels are not reported by the UE on cell 1.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

UTRA\_carrier\_RSSI\_LEV

(x + 32)

Test 1 Test 3 Test 3 Normal Conditions UTRA carrier RSSI LEV ( Lowest reported UTRA\_carrier\_RSSI\_LEV\_( UTRA carrier RSSI LEV ( value (Cell 3) x - 26x + 1x + 10UTRA carrier RSSI LEV ( UTRA carrier RSSI LEV ( UTRA carrier RSSI LEV ( Highest reported x + 28) value (Cell 3) x - 10)x + 19) **Extreme Conditions** UTRA\_carrier\_RSSI\_LEV\_ UTRA\_carrier\_RSSI\_LEV\_ UTRA carrier RSSI LEV Lowest reported value (Cell 3) (x - 30)(x - 3)(x + 6)

Table 8.7.3.2.4: UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

UTRA\_carrier\_RSSI\_LEV

(x + 23)

## 8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI

Highest reported

value (Cell 3)

## 8.7.3A.1 Definition and applicability

The GSM carrier RSSI measurement is used for handover between UTRAN and GSM.

carrier\_RSSI\_LEV

(x - 6)

UTRA\_carrier\_RSSI\_LEV\_x is the reported value of cell 2

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

## 8.7.3A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV below, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

The absolute accuracy shall be as follows:

The R.M.S received signal level at the receiver input shall be measured by the UE and the BSS over the full range of -110 dBm to -48 dBm with an absolute accuracy of  $\pm 4$  dB from -110 dBm to -70 dBm under normal conditions and  $\pm 6$  dB over the full range under both normal and extreme conditions. The R.M.S received signal level at the receiver input shall be measured by the UE above -48 dBm up to -38 dBm with an absolute accuracy of  $\pm 9$  dB under both normal and extreme conditions.

If the received signal level falls below the reference sensitivity level for the type of UE or BSS, then the measured level shall be within the range allowing for the absolute accuracy specified above. In case the upper limit of this range is below the reference sensitivity level for the type of UE or BSS, then the upper limit shall be considered as equal to the reference sensitivity level.

The relative accuracy shall be as follows:

If signals of level x1 and x2 dBm are received (where x1  $\leq$  x2) and levels y1 and y2 dBm respectively are measured, if x2 - x1 < 20 dB and x1 is not below the reference sensitivity level, then y1 and y2 shall be such that:

 $(x2 - x1) - a \le y2 - y1 \le (x2 - x1 + b)$  if the measurements are on the same or on different RF channel within the same frequency band;

and

 $(x2 - x1) - c \le y2 - y1 \le (x2 - x1 + d)$  if the measurements are on different frequency bands:

 $a,\,b,\,c$  and d are in dB and depend on the value of x1 as follows:

$$x1 \ge s+14, x2 < -48 \text{ dBm}$$
  $2$   $2$   $4$   $4$   $5+14 > x1 \ge s+1$   $2$   $2$   $4$   $4$   $2$   $6$   $4$ 

For single band MS or BTS and measurements between ARFCN in the same band for a multiband

MS or BTS:

s = reference sensitivity level as specified in 3GPP TS 05.05 [28] for R99 and in 3GPP TS 45.005 [29] for Rel-4 and later releases.

For measurements between ARFCN in different bands;

s = the reference sensitivity level as specified in [28] and [29] for the band including x1.

At extreme temperature conditions an extra 2 dB shall be added to c and d in above table.

The selectivity of the received signal level measurement shall be as follows:

- for adjacent (200 kHz) channel ≥ 16 dB;
- for adjacent (400 kHz) channel  $\geq$  48 dB;
- for adjacent (600 kHz) channel  $\geq$  56 dB.

The selectivity shall be met using random, continuous, GSM-modulated signals with the wanted signal at the level 20 dB above the reference sensitivity level.

The reporting range and mapping specified for RXLEV in TS 05.08[20] for R99 and in TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases shall apply.

The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

The normative reference for this requirement is:

For R99: TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.1.2.5 and 9.1.4 and TS 05.08 [20] clause 8.1.2.

For Rel-4 and later releases: TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.1.2.5 and 9.1.4 and TS 45.008 [30] clause 8.1.2.

### 8.7.3A.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the GSM Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy in CELL\_DCH state, for UE that needs compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, is within the specified limits. This measurement is for UTRAN to GSM handover evaluation.

## 8.7.3A.4 Method of test

## 8.7.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In the test in Cell\_DCH state compressed mode with purpose "GSM Carrier RSSI Measurement" is applied to measure on GSM. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 2 of table C.5.2 except for TGPRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". Table 8.7.3A.1 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UMTS FDD cell, where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the GSM RSSI measurement.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table 8.7.3A.1.

Table 8.7.3A.1: General GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in section C.3.1
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode		Compressed mode reference pattern 2	As specified in table C.5.2 section C.5
patterns		Set 2	
- GSM carrier RSSI			
measurement			
Inter-RAT measurement		GSM Carrier RSSI	
quantity			
BSIC verification required		Not required	
Monitored cell list size		6 GSM neighbours	See Annex I for cell information
			Measurement control information is sent
			before the compressed mode patterns
			starts.

Table 8.7.3A.2: Cell specific GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1
Îor/loc	dB	-1
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70
Propagation condition	-	AWGN

Table 8.7.3A.3: Signal levels at receiver input in dBm

Step	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
1	-38.5	-38.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	-48.5	-48.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	-70.5	-70.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	-109.5	-109.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	-57.5	NA	-54.5	NA	NA	NA
6	-64.5	NA	-59.5	NA	NA	NA
7	-71.5	NA	NA	-64.5	NA	NA
8	-78.5	NA	NA	-69.5	NA	NA
9	-85.5	NA	NA	NA	-74.5	NA
10	-92.5	NA	NA	NA	-79.5	NA
11	-99.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-84.5
12	-106.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-89.5

Table 8.7.3A.4: ARFCN numbers for GSM cells

GSM band	BCCH1	BCCH2	ВССН3	ВССН4	ВССН5	ВССН6
GSM 450	276	293	264	269	281	288
GSM 480	323	340	311	316	328	335
GSM 900 for	110	124	1	90	80	100
FDD Band						
VIII(note1)						
GSM 900 for	62	124	20	40	80	100
FDD bands ≠						
FDD Band						
VIII						
DCS 1800 for	747	885	585	660	855	835
FDD Band III						
and IX(Note2)						
DCS 1800 for	700	885	585	660	790	835
FDD bands ≠						
FDD Band III						
and IX						
PCS 1900 for	700	805	585	615	790	550
FDD Band						
II(note3)						
PCS 1900 for	700	805	585	660	790	550
FDD bands ≠						
FDD Band II						
450/900	124	276	293	269	288	1
480/900	124	323	340	316	335	1
450/1800	885	276	293	269	288	512
480/1800	885	323	340	316	335	512
900/1800 for	885	1	124	90	100	512
FDD Band						
VIII(Note1) 900/1800 for	885	62	124	40	100	512
FDD bands ≠	000	02	124	40	100	312
FDD Band						
VIII						
450/900/1800	124	276	885	293	1	512
480/900/1800	124	323	885	340	1	512
GSM 850 for	220	251	130	140	240	230
FDD Band V						
and VI						
(Note4)						
GSM 850	189	251	150	170	210	230
for FDD						
bands ≠ FDD						
Band V and						
VI						
GSM 750	475	511	440	455	485	500
750/850	251	475	511	455	485	128

Note1: The following BCCH ARFCN's specified for FDD Band VIII provide enough gap for a UMTS cell and its AWGN to be setup with center frequency at UARFCN number 3013.

Note2: The following BCCH ARFCN's specified for FDD Band III and IX provide enough gap for a UMTS cell and its AWGN to be setup with center frequency at UARFCN number 1375 and 9312.

Note3: The following BCCH ARFCN's specified for FDD Band II provide enough gap for a UMTS cell and its AWGN to be setup with center frequency at UARFCN number 9800.

Note4: The following BCCH ARFCN's specified for FDD Band V and VI provide enough gap for a UMTS cell and its AWGN to be setup with center frequency at UARFCN number 4400.

#### 8.7.3A.4.2 Procedure

1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to table to table 8.7.3A.1 and 8.7.3A.2.

- 2) The RF parameters for two GSM cells are set up according to the step 1 in table 8.7.3A.5. The fading profile for the BCCHs will be set to static, see 51.010-1 [25]. The ARFCN numbers for GSM cells are set up according to table 8.7.3.A.4.
- 3) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 4) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 5) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 6) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 7) SS shall check GSM carrier RSSI value of the two GSM cells in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. The GSM CARRIER RSSI values reported in the first measurement report are discarded. The SS records repeatedly GSM CARRIER RSSI values reported for the two BCCHs in each step. One report produces more than one mapped level or level difference. If the UE reports a value compliant with the applicable Table 8.7.3A.6 or 8.7.3A.8 or 8.7.3A.9 then a success is recorded. Otherwise a failure is recorded. The successes and failures are assigned to the individual mapped levels or level differences. Repeat steps 7 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8. The repetition shall be continued, until the last mapped level or level difference experiences an early decision according to Annex F.6.2.
- 8) The RF parameters for two GSM cells are set up according to the next test step in table 8.7.3A.5.
- 9) Repeat procedure steps 7 and 8 until MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from the test step 12 of Table 8.7.3A.5 have been recorded.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the system information in clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3] and in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter-RAT measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.22)		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info	O	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
-message aumentication code		
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	INOUT TESCHIL	
	Not Dropont	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	N ( D	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
(10.3.6.18)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	1	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	activate	
- TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
- 100114	256	
Transmission gan nattern sequence	230	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters	COM	
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)		
-17 Diversity filode (10.3.0.00)	None	1

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
(10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value ( as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

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MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter-RAT measurement (step 5):

Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Report cells within active set or within virtual	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
-RRC message authentication code  -RRC message sequence number  -Rasurement Information elements  -Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)  -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)  -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)  -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.41)  -Measurement Reporting Fevent Tringer Reporting Mode  -Periodical Reporting / Event Tringer Reporting Mode  -Periodical Reporting Periodical reporting  Mode Periodical reporting  -Redditional measurement (10.3.7.1)  -CHOICE Inter-RAT measurement objects list  (10.3.2.3)  -CHOICE Inter-RAT cell removal  -New inter-RAT cell id  -CHOICE Radio Access Technology  -Cell individual offset  -Cell selection and re-selection info  (10.3.2.4)  -BSIC (10.3.8.2)  -Base transceiver Station Identity Code  (BSIC)  -Base transceiver Station Identity Code  (BSIC)  -Report measurement  -Reporting indicator  -BCCH ARFCN  -Cell for measurement  -Inter-RAT measurement quantity  -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.29)  -Measurement quantity  -Filter coefficient  -BSIC verification required  -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)  -ITRAN estimated quality  -CHOICE system  -Observed time difference to GSM cell  Reporting indicator  -Reporting indicator  -Reporting ell status (10.3.7.31)  -Report cells within active set or within virtual	Message Type (10.2.17)		
-Integrity check info -message authentication code  -message authentication code  -message authentication code  -RRC message sequence number  -RRC message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bACC-I.  -SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	UE information elements		
-message authentication code  -RRC message sequence number  -RRC message sequence number  -RRC message sequence number  -RRC message sequence number  -Measurement Information elements -Measurement Command (10.3.7.46) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49) -Measurement Report Transfer Mode -Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode -Reperiodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode -Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurement type -Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27) -Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23) -CHOICE Inter-RAT cell removal -New inter-RAT cell -CHOICE Radio Access Technology -Cell individual offset -Cell selection and re-selection info (10.3.2.4) -Basic (10.3.8.2) -Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)  -Band indicator -BCCH ARFCN -Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity -Cell individual offset -Cell selection and re-selection info (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell -Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.81) -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell -Reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.81) -CHOICE reported cell -Report cells within active set or within virtual	-RRC transaction identifier	0	
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-Cell selection and re-selection info (10.3.2.4) -BSIC (10.3.8.2) -Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)  BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Som Carrier RSSI  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Not Present  BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of the Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 54.00  According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 54.00  According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 54.00  According to PICS/PIXIT  BCH(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 54.00  According to PICS/PIXIT  BCH(1+n)	-CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM	
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-BSİC (10.3.8.2) -Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)  -Band indicator -BCCH ARFCN  -Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  -BSIC (1-n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  GSM Carrier RSSI  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  ont required  TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual	-Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present	
-Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)  BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH (1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4  -Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2, 10 schosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  - On trequired - Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) - UTRAN estimated quality - CHOICE system - Observed time difference to GSM cell Report cells within active set or within virtual	(10.3.2.4)		
(BSIC)  Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT  BCCH (1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4  Cell for measurement Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38)  -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4  Not Present  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  Onot required  FALSE  R99 and Rel-4 of Report cells within active set or within virtual	-BSIC (10.3.8.2)		
by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH ARFCN  -Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  ont required  FALSE GSM FALSE R99 and Rel-4 of TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual	-Base transceiver Station Identity Code	BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3]	
-Band indicator -BCCH ARFCN  -Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  According to PICS/PIXIT BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  Onot required  FALSE GSM FALSE R99 and Rel-4 of TRUE	(BSIC)	by the test house such that it does not	
-BCCH ARFCN  -Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  0 not required  FALSE GSM FALSE R99 and Rel-4 or TRUE	-Band indicator		
-Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  8.7.3A.4 Not Present  Not Present  SSM  GSM GSM Carrier RSSI  Onot required  FALSE GSM FALSE  TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual			
-Cell for measurement -Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  Not Present  SSM  GSM  GSM Carrier RSSI  0 not required  FALSE  GSM  FALSE  RP99 and Rel-4 or RP90 and RP90 and Rel-4 or RP90 and Rel-4 or RP90 and Rel-4 or RP90 and RP90 an	2001171111 011		
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29) -Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Not Present  SSM  GSM Carrier RSSI  FALSE  GSM  FALSE  TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual	-Cell for measurement		
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate (10.3.7.38) -CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Not Present  GSM  GSM  GSM Carrier RSSI  Onot required  FALSE  GSM  FALSE  TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual		The tribution of the tr	
estimate (10.3.7.38)  -CHOICE system  -Measurement quantity  -Filter coefficient  -BSIC verification required  -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)  -UTRAN estimated quality  -CHOICE system  -Observed time difference to GSM cell  Reporting indicator  -GSM carrier RSSI  -TRUE  Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)  -CHOICE reported cell  GSM  GSM  GSM  FALSE  GSM  FALSE  R99 and Rel-4 or R99 and Rel-4 or Reporting indicator  -Report cells within active set or within virtual		Not Present	
-CHOICE system -Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI  FALSE GSM FALSE GSM FALSE TRUE  R99 and Rel-4 of TRUE  Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  Report cells within active set or within virtual			
-Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI 0 not required  FALSE GSM FALSE  GSM FALSE  TRUE  TRUE		GSM	
-Filter coefficient -BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  0 not required  FALSE GSM FALSE  R99 and Rel-4 or R99 and Rel-4 or Reporting indicator  TRUE			
-BSIC verification required -Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  not required  FALSE  GSM  FALSE  TRUE			
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32) -UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  FALSE  GSM  FALSE  TRUE  TRUE		<u> </u>	
-UTRAN estimated quality -CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  FALSE GSM FALSE  TRUE  TRUE			
-CHOICE system -Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  GSM FALSE  TRUE  TRUE		FALSE	
-Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting indicator -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  FALSE  TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual			
Reporting indicator  -GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)  -CHOICE reported cell  Report cells within active set or within virtual			R99 and Rel-4 only
-GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell  TRUE  Report cells within active set or within virtual			
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell Report cells within active set or within virtual		TRUE	
-CHOICE reported cell Report cells within active set or within virtual			
	-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT	
-Maximum number of reported cells 6			
-CHOICE report criteria Periodical reporting criteria		Periodical reporting criteria	
-Periodical reporting criteria (10.3.7.53)			
-Amount of reporting Infinity		1 -	
-Reporting interval 500 ms		500 ms	
Physical channel information elements			
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34) Not Present	-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter- RAT test cases

This message is common for all inter-RAT test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

## 8.7.3A.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.3A.5: Signal levels at receiver input in dBm, test parameters for test requirements

Step	BCCH1	BCCH2	ВССН3	BCCH4	BCCH5	ВССН6
1	-39.5	-39.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	-49.5	-49.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	-71.5	-71.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	-108.5	-108.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	-57.5	NA	-54.5	NA	NA	NA
6	-64.5	NA	-59.5	NA	NA	NA
7	-71.5	NA	NA	-64.5	NA	NA
8	-78.5	NA	NA	-69.5	NA	NA
9	-85.5	NA	NA	NA	-74.5	NA
10	-92.5	NA	NA	NA	-79.5	NA
11	-99.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-84.5
12	-106.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-89.5

For the UE preliminarily to pass the absolute requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.6: GSM Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

Step	Nori	mal	TL/VL &	TH/VH
	Lowest reported value for BCCH1	Highest reported value for BCCH1	Lowest reported value for BCCH1	Highest reported value for BCCH1
1	RXLEV = 61	RXLEV = 63	RXLEV = 61	RXLEV = 63
2	RXLEV = 54	RXLEV = 63	RXLEV = 54	RXLEV = 63
3	RXLEV = 34	RXLEV = 44	RXLEV = 32	RXLEV = 46
4	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09
5	RXLEV = 46	RXLEV = 60	RXLEV = 46	RXLEV = 60
6	RXLEV = 39	RXLEV = 53	RXLEV = 39	RXLEV = 53
7	RXLEV = 34	RXLEV = 44	RXLEV = 32	RXLEV = 46
8	RXLEV = 27	RXLEV = 37	RXLEV = 25	RXLEV = 39
9	RXLEV = 20	RXLEV = 30	RXLEV = 18	RXLEV = 32
10	RXLEV = 13	RXLEV = 23	RXLEV = 11	RXLEV = 25
11	RXLEV = 06	RXLEV = 16	RXLEV = 04	RXLEV = 18
12	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 11
Note:	It is not mandatory for th	ne UE to report BCCH1 in	n step 12	

For the UE preliminarily to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.7: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values, measurements on different ARFCN within the same frequency band

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Step	Normal & TL/VL & TH/VH			
	Lowest reported value for BCCH2	Highest reported value for BCCH2		
1	No requirements	No requirements		
2	RXLEV = x-4	RXLEV = x+4		
3	RXLEV = x-4	RXLEV = x+4		
4	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+4		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3		
5	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+7		
6	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+9		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4		
7	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11		
8	RXLEV = x+5	RXLEV = x+13		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5		
9	RXLEV = x+7	RXLEV = x+15		
10	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+17		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6		
11	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+19		
12	RXLEV = x+11	RXLEV = x+21		
x is the reported value RXLEV for BCCH1				
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12				

For the UE preliminarily to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.8: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values, measurements on different frequency bands

Step	Normal		TL/VL & TH/VH	
	Lowest reported value	Highest reported	Lowest reported value	Highest reported
	for BCCH2	value for BCCH2	for BCCH2	value for BCCH2
1	No requirements	No requirements	No requirements	No requirements
2	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+8
3	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+8
4	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-10	RXLEV = x+8
	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3
5	RXLEV = x-3	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x-5	RXLEV = x+11
6	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+11	RXLEV = x-3	RXLEV = x+13
	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4
7	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+13	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+15
8	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+15	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+17
	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5
9	RXLEV = x+5	RXLEV = x+17	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEX = x+19
10	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x+19	RXLEV = x+4	RXLEV = x+21
	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6
11	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+21	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x+23
12	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+23	RXLEV = x+7	RXLEV = x+25
	x is the reported value RXLEV for BCCH1			
Note:	Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12			

For the UE preliminarily to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.9: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values, measurements at single frequency (BCCH1)

Step n	Step m	Normal & TL/VL & TH/VH		
		Lowest reported value for BCCH1 at	Highest reported value for BCCH1 at	
		step n	step n	
5	6	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
5	7	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
6	7	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
6	8	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
7	8	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
7	9	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
8	9	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
8	10	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+18	
9	10	RXLEV = x+2	RXLEV = x+11	
9	11	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+18	
10	11	RXLEV = x+2	RXLEV = x+11	
10	12	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+18	
11 12 RXLEV = x+1 RXLEV		RXLEV = x+11		
x is the reported value of BCCH1 at step m				
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12				

For the UE finally to pass, all preliminary decisions must be decided pass.

FFS: 3 test-environments \* 12 reporting periods \* 3 levels per report = 108 individual pass fail decisions

An individual pass/fail decision has a wrong decision risk of 5%. All individual decisions must pass, to pass the entire test. As a consequence a UE with marginal performance for each individual level will pass each individual test with a probability of 95%, but will fail the entire test with high probability. It is for further study whether to:

- Accept this situation.
- Decrease the wrong decision risk for each individual test at the expense of additional test time, to increase the pass probability for the entire test.
- Introduce allowance to fail a limited number of individual tests.

# 8.7.3B Transport channel BLER

Void.

# 8.7.3C UE transmitted power (R99 and Rel-4 only)

## 8.7.3C.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmitted power absolute accuracy is defined as difference between the UE reported value and the UE transmitted power measured by test system. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to the R99 and Rel-4 only FDD UE.

## 8.7.3C.2 Minimum requirements

The measurement period in CELL\_DCH state is 1 slot.

Table 8.7.3C.2.1 UE transmitted power absolute accuracy

		Accurac	y [dB]
Parameter	Unit	PUEMAX 24dBm	PUEMAX 21dBm
UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX	dBm	+1/-3	±2
PUEMAX > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-1	dBm	+1.5/-3.5	±2.5
PUEMAX-1 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-2	dBm	+2/-4	±3
PUEMAX-2 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-3	dBm	+2.5/-4.5	±3.5
PUEMAX-3 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-10	dBm	+3/-5	±4

NOTE 1: User equipment maximum output power, PUEMAX, is the maximum output power level without tolerance defined for the power class of the UE in TS 25.101 [1] section 6.2.1.

NOTE 2: UE transmitted power is the reported value.

For each empty slot created by compressed mode, no value shall be reported by the UE L1 for those slots.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.6.

## 8.7.3C.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that for any reported value of UE Transmitted Power in the range PUEMAX to PUEMAX-10 that the actual UE mean power lies within the range specified in clause 8.7.3C.2.

### 8.7.3C.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.3C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.7.3C.4.1 and 8.7.3C.4.2 below. In the measurement control information it shall be indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the UE transmitted power measurement shall be used.

Table 8.7.3C.4.1: General test parameters for UE transmitted power

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1
DL-Power Control		Off	

Table 8.7.3C.4.2: Cell Specific parameters for UE transmitted power

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-5.2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

### 8.7.3C.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3C.4.1 and 8.7.3C.4.2. Set the UE power and Maximum allowed UL TX power to the maximum power for the UE power class.
- 2) SS shall send continuously during the entire test Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message as defined in the specific message contents below.
- 4) Decode the UE Transmitted power reported by the UE in the next available MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) Measure the mean power of the UE over a period of one timeslot.
- 6) Steps 4 and 5 shall be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) Decrease the Maximum allowed UL TX power by 1 dB. The SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, as defined in the specific message contents below.
- 8) SS shall wait for the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE.
- 9) Repeat from step 4) until the Maximum allowed UL TX Power reaches PUEMAX-10.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark	
Message Type		
UE information elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
Measurement Information elements		
-Measurement Identity	5	
-Measurement Command	SETUP	
-CHOICE Measurement type	UE Internal measurement	
-UE Internal measurement quantity		
-Measurement quantity	UE Transmitted power	
-Filter coefficient	0	
-UE Internal reporting quantity		
-UE Transmitted power	TRUE	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	FALSE	
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria	
-Amount of reporting	Infinity	
-Reporting interval	250	
-Measurement Reporting Mode		
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC	
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting	
-AdditionalMeasurementList	Not Present	
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present	

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message:

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on PIXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	5
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
<ul> <li>UE Transmitted power</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is present
<ul> <li>UE Rx-Tx report entries</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements -URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements	Not Flesent	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	NOT LESCH	
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	NOT LESCH	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	At the first time this value is set to PUEMAX-1. After the second time this value is decreased with 1 dB from previous value.	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and R4
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	only
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	

## 8.7.3C.5 Test requirements

Compare each of the UE transmitted power reports against the following mean power measurement. At least 90% of the mean power measurements for any one value of reported UE transmitted power shall be within the range specified in table 8.7.3C.5.

	SS measured mean power (X) range [dBm]		
UE reported value	PUEMAX	PUEMAX	
	24dBm	21dBm	
UE_TX_POWER_104	33-3.7 ≤ X < 34+1.7	33-2.7 ≤ X < 34+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_103	32-3.7 ≤ X < 33+1.7	32-2.7 ≤ X < 33+2.7	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
UE_TX_POWER_097	26-3.7 ≤ X < 27+1.7	•	
UE_TX_POWER_096	25-3.7 ≤ X < 26+1.7	•	
UE_TX_POWER_095	24-3.7 ≤ X < 25+1.7	•	
UE_TX_POWER_094	23-4.2 ≤ X < 24+2.2	23-2.7 ≤ X < 24+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_093	22-4.7 ≤ X < 23+2.7	22-2.7 ≤ X < 23+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_092	21-5.2 ≤ X < 22+3.2	21-2.7 ≤ X < 22+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_091	20-5.7 ≤ X < 21+3.7	20-3.2 ≤ X < 21+3.2	
UE_TX_POWER_090	19-5.7 ≤ X < 20+3.7	19-3.7 ≤ X < 20+3.7	
UE_TX_POWER_089	18-5.7 ≤ X < 19+3.7	18-4.2 ≤ X < 19+4.2	
UE_TX_POWER_088	•	17-4.7 ≤ X < 18+4.7	
UE_TX_POWER_087	•	16-4.7 ≤ X < 17+4.7	
UE_TX_POWER_086	•	15-4.7 ≤ X < 15+4.7	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
UE_TX_POWER_022	-49-5.7 ≤ X < -48+3.7	-49-4.7 ≤ X < -48+4.7	
UE_TX_POWER_021	-50-5.7 ≤ X < -49+3.7	-50-4.7 ≤ X < -49+4.7	

Table 8.7.3C.5 UE transmitted power test requirements

NOTE 1: Although test requirements are given for all UE reported values, a good UE will likely report values between PUEMAX and PUEMAX - 10 dB. However, even a good UE may report also wider range of values due to errors in TPC command reception and allowed range specified for UE transmit power setting accuracy when Maximum Allowed UL TX Power has been signaled. On the other hand, a faulty UE may report any power value but then it does not fulfill the Table 8.7.3C.5 requirements for mean power or then it will not pass some other tests e.g. TC 5.2 of this specification.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 8.7.3D UE transmitted power (Rel-5 and later)

## 8.7.3D.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmitted power absolute accuracy is defined as difference between the UE reported value and the UE transmitted power measured by test system. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for the FDD UE.

## 8.7.3D.2 Minimum requirements

This requirement is applicable in CELL\_DCH state. The measured quantity is the transmitted power averaged over the longest period (excluding a  $25~\mu s$  period either side of any expected composite power change) during which the nominal composite symbol power reaches the maximum during 1 DPCH slot interval.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.6.

## 8.7.3D.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that for any reported value of UE Transmitted Power in the range specified in table 8.7.3D.5 that the actual UE mean power lies within the range specified in clause 8.7.3D.5.

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### 8.7.3D.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.3D.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.7.3D.4.1 and 8.7.3D.4.2 below. In the measurement control information it shall be indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the UE transmitted power measurement shall be used. The UE measured quantity absolute accuracy is defined in Table 8.7.3D.4.3.

Table 8.7.3D.4.1: General test parameters for UE transmitted power

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			As specified in clause C.3.1
		Channel 12.2 kbps	
DL-Power Control		Off	

Table 8.7.3D.4.2: Cell Specific parameters for UE transmitted power

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-5.2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table 8.7.3D.4.3: UE transmitted power requirements

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Accura	cy (dB)
Reported value	(dBm)	note 1	
UE_TX_POWER _104	33 ≤ to < 34	not	.e 2
UE_TX_POWER _103	32 ≤ to < 33	not	.e 2
UE_TX_POWER _102	31 ≤ to < 32	not	e 2
UE_TX_POWER _096	25 ≤ to < 26	not	.e 2
UE_TX_POWER _095	24 ≤ to < 25	2.0	-2.0
UE_TX_POWER _094	23 ≤ to < 24	2.0	-2.0
UE_TX_POWER _093	22 ≤ to < 23	2.0	-2.0
UE_TX_POWER _092	21 ≤ to < 22	2.0	-2.0
UE_TX_POWER _091	20 ≤ to < 21	2.5 -2.5	
UE_TX_POWER _090	19 ≤ to < 20	3.0 -3.0	
UE_TX_POWER _089	18 ≤ to < 19	3.5 -3.5	
UE_TX_POWER _088	17 ≤ to < 18	4.0	-4.0
UE_TX_POWER _087	16 ≤ to < 17	4.0	-4.0
UE_TX_POWER _086	15 ≤ to < 16	4.0	-4.0
UE_TX_POWER _085	14 ≤ to < 15	4.0	-4.0
UE_TX_POWER _084	13 ≤ to < 14	4.0*	-4.0 (note 3)
UE_TX_POWER _083	12 ≤ to < 13	4.0*	-4.0 (note 3)
UE_TX_POWER _082	11 ≤ to < 12	4.0*	-4.0 (note 3)
UE_TX_POWER _081	10 ≤ to < 11	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _023	-48 ≤ to < -47	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _022	-49 ≤ to < -48	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _021	-50 ≤ to < -49	not	e 2

Note 1: The tolerance is specified for the maximum and minimum measured quantity value (dBm), i.e.

MIN(Measured quantity value) + MIN(Accuracy)

<= UE transmitted Power < Max (Measured quantity value) + MAX(Accuracy)

Note 2: No tolerance is specified. Note 3: Applicable to power class 4

#### 8.7.3D.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3D.4.1 and 8.7.3D.4.2. Set the UE power and Maximum allowed UL TX power to the maximum power for the UE power class.
- 2) SS shall send continuously during the entire test Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message as defined in the specific message contents below.
- 4) Decode the UE Transmitted power reported by the UE in the next available MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) Measure the mean power of the UE over the longest period (excluding a 25 µs period either side of any expected composite power change) during which the nominal composite symbol power reaches the maximum during one DPCH slot interval.
- 6) Steps 4 and 5 shall be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) Decrease the Maximum allowed UL TX power by 1 dB. The SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, as defined in the specific message contents below.
- 8) SS shall wait for the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE.
- 9) Repeat from step 4) until the Maximum allowed UL TX Power reaches PUEMAX-10.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

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# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE,
	from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	5
-Measurement Command	SETUP
-CHOICE Measurement type	UE Internal measurement
-UE Internal measurement quantity	
-Measurement quantity	UE Transmitted power
-Filter coefficient	0
-UE Internal reporting quantity	
-UE Transmitted power	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	FALSE
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting -Reporting interval	Infinity 250
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting
-AdditionalMeasurementList	Not Present
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message:

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on PIXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	5
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
<ul> <li>UE Transmitted power</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is present
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

## PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements	0	
-RRC transaction identifier		
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most	
	significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	At the first time this value is set to PUEMAX-1.	
	After the second time this value is decreased	
	with 1 dB from previous value.	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	R99 and R4 only
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	-

# 8.7.3D.5 Test requirements

Compare each of the UE transmitted power reports against the following mean power measurement. At least 90% of the mean power measurements for any one value of reported UE transmitted power shall be within the range specified in table 8.7.3D.5.

Table 8.7.3D.5 UE transmitted power test requirements

Reported value	Measured quantity value (dBm)	Accuracy (dB) note 1	
UE_TX_POWER _104	33 ≤ to < 34	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _103	32 ≤ to < 33	no	ote 2
UE_TX_POWER _102	31 ≤ to < 32	no	ote 2
UE_TX_POWER _096	25 ≤ to < 26		ote 2
UE_TX_POWER _095	24 ≤ to < 25	2.7	-2.7
UE_TX_POWER _094	23 ≤ to < 24	2.7	-2.7
UE_TX_POWER _093	22 ≤ to < 23	2.7	-2.7
UE_TX_POWER _092	21 ≤ to < 22	2.7 -2.7	
UE_TX_POWER _091	20 ≤ to < 21	3.2 -3.2	
UE_TX_POWER _090	19 ≤ to < 20	3.7 -3.7	
UE_TX_POWER _089	18 ≤ to < 19	4.2 -4.2	
UE_TX_POWER _088	17 ≤ to < 18	4.7	-4.7
UE_TX_POWER _087	16 ≤ to < 17	4.7	-4.7
UE_TX_POWER _086	15 ≤ to < 16	4.7	-4.7
UE_TX_POWER _085	14 ≤ to < 15	4.7	-4.7
UE_TX_POWER _084	13 ≤ to < 14	4.7*	-4.7 (note 3)
UE_TX_POWER _083	12 ≤ to < 13	4.7*	-4.7 (note 3)
UE_TX_POWER _082	11 ≤ to < 12	4.7*	-4.7 (note 3)
UE_TX_POWER _081	10 ≤ to < 11	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _023	-48 ≤ to < -47	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _022	-49 ≤ to < -48	note 2	
UE_TX_POWER _021	-50 ≤ to < -49		ote 2

Note 1: The tolerance is specified for the maximum and minimum measured quantity value (dBm), i.e.

MIN(Measured quantity value) + MIN(Accuracy)

<= UE transmitted Power < Max (Measured quantity value) + MAX(Accuracy)

Note 2: No tolerance is specified. Note 3: Applicable to power class 4

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference

## 8.7.4.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement

## 8.7.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The intra frequency SFN-CFN observed time difference is defined as the SFN-CFN observed time difference from the active cell to a neighbour cell that is in the same frequency. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22].

The reference point for the SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

## 8.7.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.4.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$  dBm for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113$  dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge$  -112 dBm for Bands II,V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111 dBm$  for Band III and VIII.

$$\begin{split} & \left| CPICH \_RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2 \Big|_{in \, dBm} \right| \leq 20 dB \\ & \left| \frac{I_o}{\left( \hat{I}_{or} \right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left( \frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \, dB} \leq 20 dB \\ & \left| \frac{I_o}{\left( \hat{I}_{or} \right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left( \frac{P - CCPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \, dB} \text{ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.} \end{split}$$

Table 8.7.4.1.1 SFN-CFN observed time difference intra frequency accuracy

			Conditions				
Parameter   I Init		Accuracy	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
		[chip]	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII	
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.7.1 and A.9.1.4.2.

## 8.7.4.1.3 Test Purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in the clause 8.7.4.1.2. This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

#### 8.7.4.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.4.1.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table 8.7.4.1.2: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

Pa	Parameter		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Га	Tallietei	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	
UTRA RF Cha	annel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/loi	•	dB	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/	'lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11	
Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5	10.5	
loc	la a		Io -13.7 dB = loc,		lo -13.7 dB = loc,	
100		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-94	
lo	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50	-72	-93	
10	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/3.04 IVII IZ	-30	-12	-92	
Band III, VIII					-91	
SFN-CFN observed time				V		
difference as specified in TS		chip		X Note 2		
25.215 [22]				INUIE Z		
Propagation of	ondition	1	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN	

NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power lo at receiver input and the geometry factor for/loc.

NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters "OFF" and "Tm" as specified in TS 25.215 [22].

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 4) SS shall check "OFF" and "Tm" values in MEASUREMENT REPORT message and calculate SFN-CFN observed time difference value according to the definition in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22]. This value shall be compared to the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count the number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
mossage aumonissanon osus	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	,
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
. ,	
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Deposit all pative pat calls a salls within
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
Maximum number of reported calls	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	Not Dropant
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

## 8.7.4.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.4.1.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference intra frequency accuracy

				Condi	tions	
Parameter   Linit		Accuracy	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
		[chip]	Band I, IV, VI, and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III, and VIII
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.4.1.4: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	Test 2 Test 3		t 3				
		Offic	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2				
UTRA RF Cha	nnel number		Channel 1 Chann		nel 1	Chan	nel 1					
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0				
PCCPCH_Ec/l	lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2				
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2				
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5				
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5				
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11		-1.11		-1.11		-1.	-1.11		11
Îor/loc	or/loc		10	10.8		10.8		10.8				
Band I, IV, VI, X							-106.7					
la a	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-65		-85.7	. 7	-105.7	5.7				
loc	Band II, V, VII, XI		-00	).3		). /	-104.7					
	Band III, VIII						-103.7					
	Band I, IV, VI, X						-92	2.7				
lo Note 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-51	1 2	-71.7		-91	.7				
Io, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/3.04 IVII IZ	-5	1.5			-90	).7				
	Band III, VIII						-89	).7				
SFN-CFN observed time difference		chip			)	(						
as specified in TS 25.215 [22]		ыр			Not	e 2						
Propagation co		-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN				

NOTE 1: lo level has been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. It is not a settable parameter itself.

NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters "OFF" and "Tm" as specified in TS 25.215 [22].

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The accuracy of the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement value calculated from the reported "OFF" and "Tm" values shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.4.1.5.

Table 8.7.4.1.5: SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Lowest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)
Highest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)
SFN-CFN_TIME (X) is the re	ported value for the actual SF	N-CFN observed time differen	ence value as defined in
table 8.7.4.1.4			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

## 8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurement requirement

## 8.7.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

The inter frequency SFN-CFN observed time difference is defined as the SFN-CFN time difference from the active cell to a neighbour cell that is in a different frequency. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22].

The reference point for the SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.7.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.4.2.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \ dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH RSCP1,2|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -113 dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -112 dBm for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$  dBm for Band III and VIII.

$$|CPICH \_RSCP1|_{in dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2|_{in dBm}| \le 20dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}}$$
 -  $\left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$ 

Table 8.7.4.2.1 SFN-CFN observed time difference inter frequency accuracy

				Condi	tions	
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz] Band I, IV, VI and Band IX Band II, V, VII Band III and			
i arameter	Oilit	[chip]				
			Χ		and XI	
SFN-CFN observed time	chip	± 1	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150
difference	Criip	ΙΙ	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.7.2 and A.9.1.4.2.

## 8.7.4.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in the clause 8.7.4.2.2. This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

## 8.7.4.2.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

 $Test\ environment:\ normal,\ TL/VL,\ TL/VH,\ TH/VL,\ TH/VH;\ see\ clauses\ G.2.1\ and\ G.2.2.$ 

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this test case both cells are on different frequencies.

For UEs that require compressed mode, compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN

+ (256 - TTI/10msec)) mod 256". When compressed mode is in use, the OFF parameter will always be set to 0 as described in TS 25.215 clause 5.1.8

For UEs that do not require compressed mode, compressed mode is not applied and therefore no Physical Channel Reconfiguration message will be sent. In this case, the OFF parameter will be a measured value.

Table 8.7.4.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Table 8.7.4.2.2: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter	Unit	Tes	t 1	Test 2		Test 3	
Farameter	Offic	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	11	-1.	11	-1.11	
Îor/loc	dB	10.1		10.1		10.1	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	lo -10.6 dB = loc,		lo −10.6	,	Io -10.6 dB = Ioc,	
	abili, 0.04 Miliz	Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	
Band I, IV, VI, X						-9	
lo Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	Λ	-7	2	-9	3
Band II, V, VII, XI	abili/0.04 Miliz	-50		-72		-92	
Band III, VIII						-91	
S FN-CFN observed time				>	,		
difference as specified in TS	chip			Not			
25.215 [22]				INOL	C Z		
Propagation condition	-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN

NOTE 1: *loc* level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power *lo* at receiver input and the geometry factor *lor/loc*.

NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters "OFF" and "Tm" as specified in TS 25.215 [22].

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

#### 8.7.4.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4.
- 2) If compressed mode is required, SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. Otherwise go to step 4.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check "OFF" and "Tm" values in MEASUREMENT REPORT message and calculate SFN-CFN observed time difference value according to the definition in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22]. Note that according to TS 25.215 [22] UE will always report the "OFF" parameter as zero in the specific case where compressed mode is in use. In other cases, the "OFF" parameter will be a measured value. This should be taken into account when calculating the SFN-CFN observed time difference value. This calculated value shall be compared to the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

period. Then, steps 5) and 6) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 5) and 6) above are repeated.

- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for inter frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and	
	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string	
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
Intervity protection model info	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info -Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	Not Bernaut	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources -CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-Bowillink i Boot i illioittiation	Not i leacht	only
-Downlink information common for all radio		Office
links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters -TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	3	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method	UL and DL SF/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2 SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	B	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	only
-Downlink information per radio link list -Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-PDSCH code mapping		only R99 and Rel-4
. Doon sout mapping	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently	
Canadam CDICI Linta	stored in SS) mod 38400 Not Present	
-Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code	Not Present	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

## MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
moodage damenmoaden oode	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Titte message sequence names	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-CHOICE reporting criteria	3 - 1 - 1
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
· ·	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

## MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

## 8.7.4.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.4.2.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference inter frequency accuracy

			Conditions				
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
i arameter	Onne	[chip]	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII	
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.4.2.4: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
"	T di difficiel		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec	/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11		-1.11		-1.11		
Îor/loc		dB	10.4		10.4		10.4		
	Band I, IV, VI, X				-82.6		-103.5		
loc	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-62.1	-102.5					
100	Band II, V, VII, XI			-101.5					
	Band III, VIII						-100.5		
	Band I, IV, VI, X						-92		
Io, Note 1	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-51.3		-71.8		-91.7		
10, 14010 1	Band II, V, VII, XI	GB11/0.01 Wil 12			-71.0		-90.7		
	Band III, VIII						-89.7		
	SFN-CFN observed time				>	,			
difference as specified in TS		chip	chip		Note 2				
	25.215 [22]		NOTE Z						
Propagation of	ondition	-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN	

NOTE 1: Io level has been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. It is not a settable parameter itself.

NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters "OFF" and "Tm" as specified in TS 25.215 [22].

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The accuracy of the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement value calculated from the reported "OFF" and "Tm" values shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.4.2.5.

Table 8.7.4.2.5: SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Lowest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	
Highest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	
SEN-CEN_TIME (X) is the reported value for the actual SEN-CEN observed time difference value as defined in				

SFN-CFN\_TIME (X) is the reported value for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value as defined in table 8.7.4.2.4. Note that the "OFF" parameter is always set to zero in the specific case where compressed mode is in use.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

#### 8.7.5 SFN-SFN observed time difference

#### 8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

#### 8.7.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

#### 8.7.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113$  dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 dBm$  for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -111 dBm for Band III and VIII.

$$|CPICH \_RSCP1|_{in \ dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2|_{in \ dBm}| \le 20dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB}$$
 is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

Table 8.7.5.1.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

			Conditions					
Parameter	arameter Unit Accuracy [chip] lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				3.84 MHz]			
Farameter	Oilit	Accuracy [chip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and		
			and X		and XI	VIII		
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150		

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.1.1 and A.9.1.5.1.2.

#### 8.7.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.5.1.2. This measurement is for identifying time difference between two cells.

#### 8.7.5.1.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.14.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.1.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table 8.7.5.1.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Farameter	Offic	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.29	-1.29 -1.29 -1.2		
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5	10.5	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io -13.7 dB = Ioc,	lo -13.7 dB = loc,	lo -13.7 dB = loc,	
loc	UDIII/ 3.04 IVITZ	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	
Band I, IV, VI, X				-94	
lo Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50	-72	-93	
Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/3.04 IVII IZ	-50	-12	-92	
Band III, VIII				-91	
SFN-SFN observed time		v			
difference type 1 as specified in	chip	X Note 2			
TS 25.215 [22]		Note 2			
Propagation condition	-	AWGN AWGN		AWGN	

NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power lo at receiver input and the geometry factor for/loc.

NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using the parameters "OFF" and "Tm" as specified in TS 25.215 [22].

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

### 8.7.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check "SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count the number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3] and clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD) (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
- Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting	
- SFN-SFN observed time difference reporting indicator	type 1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Reporting quantity	CPICH RSCP
- Maximum number of reported cells on RACH	current cell + best neighbour

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Traffic Volume measurement (Step 2):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
Measurement Information elements		
- Measurement Identity	4	
- Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup	
- Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)		
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC	
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting	
- Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present	
- CHOICE Measurement type (10.3.7.68)	Traffic Volume measurement	
- Traffic volume measurement		
Object (10.3.7.70)		
- Traffic volume measurement objects	1	
- Uplink transport channel type	RACHorCPCH	R99 and Rel-4
		only
- Uplink transport channel type	RACH	Rel-5
- UL Target Transport Channel ID	Not Present	
- Traffic volume measurement		
quantity (10.3.7.71)		
- Measurement quantity	RLC Buffer Payload	
- Time Interval to take an average or a variance	Not Present	
- Traffic volume reporting quantity (10.3.7.74)		
- RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE	
- Average of RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE	
- Variance of RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE	
- Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present	
- CHOICE report criteria (10.3.7.53)	Periodical reporting criteria	
- Amount of reporting	Infinity	
- Reporting interval	250 ms	
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 test case (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in
	TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be
	active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub
	IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be
	absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is
	compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used
	by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	4
Measured Results	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is present
<ul> <li>Measurement result for current cell</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
<ul> <li>CHOICE measurement quantity</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is present
<ul> <li>Measurement results for monitored cells</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>SFN-SFN observed time difference</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE Type	Type 1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	150
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

# 8.7.5.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.5.1.3 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

Parameter Unit			Conditions			
		Accuracy [chip]		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]		
raiametei	Oilit	Accuracy [criip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and
			and X		and XI	VIII
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.5.1.4: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit		Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
P	rarameter Omit		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF C	hannel number		Chan	nel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/I	or	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	
PCCPCH_E	c/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lo		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
S-CCPCH_I	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
OCNS_Ec/le	or	dB	-1.	29	-1.	29	-1.	29	
Îor/loc		dB	10	.8	10	.8	10	.8	
loc	Band I, IV, VI, X Band IX* Band II, V, VII, XI Band III, VIII Band I, IV, VI, X Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-65.3	3 dB	-85	5.7	-10 -10 -10 -10 -92 -91	5.7 4.7 3.7 2.7	
Io, Note 1	Band II, V, VII, XI Band III, VIII	dBm/3.84 MHz	-51.3		-71	.7	-90 -89	).7	
SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 as specified in TS 25.215 [22]		chip	x Note 2						
Propagation		-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AW	GN	
NOTE 1: lo level has been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. It is not a settable parameter itself.									

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.5.1.5.

Table 8.7.5.1.5: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Lowest reported value	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X - 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X - 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X - 2)		
Highest reported value	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)		
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X) is the reporting value corresponding to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measured					
by system simulator					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 8.7.5.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 without IPDL period active

This test case is not complete and there are currently no plans to complete it. Note:

#### 8.7.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE supporting this measurement.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using the parameters "OFF" and "Tm" as specified in TS 25.215 [22].

## 8.7.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.2.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \ dBm$  for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113$  dBm for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge$  -112 dBm for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$  dBm for Band III and VIII.

$$\frac{I_{o}}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH_{E_{c}}}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 8.7.5.2.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy

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				Cond	litions	
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy		3.84 MHz]		
raiailletei	arameter Onit		Band I, IV, VI Band IX and X		Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III, and VIII
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 0.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.2.1.

## 8.7.5.2.3 Test purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy without IPDL period active is within the limits specified in clause 8.7.5.2.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from -1279.75 to 1280 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table 8.7.5.2.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1
CPICH_Ec/lo, Note 2	dB	-13.2	-13.2
Range 1	dD co/2 0.4 ML la	-9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X) -9370 (Band IX*) -9270 (Band II, V, VII, XI) -9170 (Band III, VIII)	9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X) -9370 (Band IX*) -9270 (Band II, V, VII, XI) -9170 (Band III, VIII)
Range 2	lo dBm/3.84 MHz	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X) -9350 (Band IX*) -9250 (Band II, V, VII, XI) -9150 (Band III, VIII)	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X) -9350 (Band IX*) -9250 (Band II, V, VII, XI) -9150 (Band III, VIII)
Propagation condition	-	AWG	

NOTE 1: *loc* level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density *lo* at receiver input and the geometry factor *lor/loc*.

NOTE 2: Io and CPICH Ec/lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

## 8.7.5.3 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 with IPDL period active

Note: This test case is not complete and there are currently no plans to complete it.

## 8.7.5.3.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE supporting IPDL measurements.

#### 8.7.5.3.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.3.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$  dBm for Bands I, IV, VI and X,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -113 dBm$  for Band IX,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|<sub>dBm</sub> ≥ -112 dBm for Bands II, V, VII and XI,

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111 dBm$  for Band III and VIII.

$$\frac{I_{o}}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_{c}}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Additionally the accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.3.1 is also valid for neighbour cells for which the following conditions apply to during idle periods provided idle periods have a length of 1 slot:

CPICH\_RSCPx,y $|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm$ .

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

$$\left. \frac{I_{o\_idle\_period}}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left( \frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB,$$

where x and y represent cells measured using idle periods and  $I_{o\_idle-period}$  is the total received power during the idle period.

NOTE: Additional general conditions are needed for the requirements in table 8.7.5.3.1 to be valid.

Table 8.7.5.3.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy

Parameter Unit			Conditions				
		Accuracy lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]					
raiailletei	Oilit	[chip]	Band I, IV, VI and X	Band IX	Band II, V, VII and XI	Band III and VIII	
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 0.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.2.2.

## 8.7.5.3.3 Test purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy without IPDL period active is within the limits specified in clause 8.7.5.2.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 shall be set according to the assistance data defined in table 8.7.5.3.3.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.3.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table 8.7.5.3.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	C	ell 1	C	Cell 2	
Time		No idle period	Idle period in Cell 1	No idle period	Idle period in Cell 1	
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-	-	
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11	-0.94	-0.94	
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	-24.5	-6	-6	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-80				
Io, Note 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-69.04	-79.01	-69.04	-79.01	
CPICH_Ec/Io, Note 1	dB	-10.46	-35.49	-26.96	-16.99	
Propagation condition	-	AWGN				

NOTE 1: Io and CPICH Ec/lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are is not settable parameters themselves.

When verifying the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 intra frequency measurement accuracy with IPDL period active the idle period parameters in table 8.7.5.3.3 shall be used.

Table 8.7.5.3.3: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Search Window Size	Chips	80
IP_Status	-	Continuous
IP_Spacing	Frames	10
IP_Lenght	Symbols	10
IP_Offset	frame	NA
Seed	integer	13
Burst_Start		NA
Burst_Length		NA
Burst_Freq		NA

## 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference

# 8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 (Release 5 and earlier)

## 8.7.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Rx-Tx time difference is defined as the time difference between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The reference point of the UE Rx-Tx time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.10 of TS 25.215.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and earlier releases.

#### 8.7.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

Table 8.7.6.1.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

			Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy		lo [dBm/3.84MHz]		
raiametei	Oilit	[chip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and VIII
			and X		and XI	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.9.1.1 and A.9.1.6.1.2.

## 8.7.6.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of Rx-Tx time difference is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.6.1.2. This measurement is used for call setup purposes to compensate propagation delay of DL and UL.

#### 8.7.6.1.4 Method of test

## 8.7.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1

Table 8.7.6.1.2: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

-	Daramatar	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1	Cell 1
UTRA RF C	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/	lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	7	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-15	-15	-15
OCNS_Ec/I	or	dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11
Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5	10.5
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	lo -10.9 dB = loc, Note 1	lo -10.9 dB = loc, Note 1	lo -10.9 dB = loc, Note 1
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-94		
lo.	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-93	-72	50
lo	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/3.84 IVITZ	-92	-12	-50
	Band III, VIII		-91		
Propagation	n condition	-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN

NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the geometry factor loc/loc.

#### 8.7.6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 1.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 4) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 5) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 6) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 8) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 9) SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
-Measurement Identity	5
-Measurement Command	SETUP
- Additional measurements list	Not Present
-Measurement Reporting Mode	Not i lesem
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting
-CHOICE Measurement type	UE Internal measurement
-UE Internal measurement quantity	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	UE Rx-Tx time difference
-Filter coefficient	0
-UE Internal reporting quantity	
-UE Transmitted power	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	TRUE
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	5
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
<ul> <li>UE Transmitted power</li> </ul>	Checked that this IE is absent
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	100
- UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	Checked that this IE is present
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

## 8.7.6.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.6.1.3 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

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			Conditions Io [dBm/3.84MHz]				
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy					
Faranietei	Oilit	[chip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and	
			and X		and XI	VIII	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 2.0	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.6.1.4: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
	Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1	Cell 1
UTRA RF	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_E	c/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH	_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/	'lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_E	c/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
OCNS_E	c/lor	dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11
Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5	10.5
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-103.6		-62.2
loc	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-102.6	-82.9	
100	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDIII/ 3.04 IVITIZ	-101.6		-02.2
	Band III, VIII		-100.6		
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-92.7		
lo.	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-91.7	-72	-51.3
lo	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDIII/3.04 IVITZ	-90.7	-12	-01.0
	Band III, VIII	]	-89.7		
Propagati	on condition	-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN

NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the geometry factor lor/loc.

The reported values for UE Rx-Tx time difference accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.6.1.5.

Table 8.7.6.1.5: UE Tx-Rx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Lowest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X-2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X-2)$	RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)			
Highest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$			
RX-TX_TIME_(X) is the reporting value corresponding to UE Rx-Tx time difference measured by system simulator						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.7.6.1A UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 (Release 6 and later)

#### 8.7.6.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Rx-Tx time difference is defined as the time difference between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The reference point of the UE Rx-Tx time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.10 of TS 25.215.

The connection is started using Cell 1, and then Cell 2 is added to the active set so that Cell 1 is the timing reference. During the test the downlink DPCH time difference between Cell 1 and Cell 2 can be set to any value from -148 to +148 chips.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 6 and later releases.

#### 8.7.6.1A.2 Minimum requirements

Table 8.7.6.1A.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

				Condi	tions		
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy		lo [dBm/3.84MHz]			
Parameter Onit [6		[chip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and VIII	
			and X		and XI		
UE RX-TX time	ahin	. 4.5	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	
difference	chip	± 1.5					

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.9.1.1 and A.9.1.6.1.2.

## 8.7.6.1A.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy measured for Cell 2 of Rx-Tx time difference is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.6.1A.2. This measurement is used for call setup purposes to compensate propagation delay of DL and UL.

#### 8.7.6.1A.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.6.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1

Table 8.7.6.1A.2: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	t 1	Tes	t 2	Test 3		
		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF	Channel number		Chan	nel 1	Chan	Channel 1		Channel 1	
Downlink DPCH timing		Chips	Timing Reference	Note 2	Timing Reference	Note 2	Timing Reference	Note 2	
CPICH_E	c/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	-10		0	
PCCPCH.	_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/I	lor	dB	-1	2	-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/	/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		
DPCH_E	c/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		
OCNS_E	c/lor	dB	-1.11		-1.11		-1.11		
Îor/loc		dB	10.5		10.5		10.5		
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	lo -13.7 dB = loc,		lo -13.7 dB = loc,		lo -13.7 dB = loc,		
100		UDIII/ 3.04 IVIIIZ	Not	Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-9	4					
lo	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-9	3	7	2	F0		
10	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/3.04 IVII IZ	-9	2	-72		-50		
	Band III, VIII		-9	1					
Propagati	on condition	-	AW	GN	AWGN		AWGN		

NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the geometry factor loc/loc.

#### 8.7.6.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.6.1A.4 for Test 1.
- 2) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now", adding cell 2 to the active set.

For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

NOTE 2: From reference timing -148 to reference timing +148.

- 3) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 4) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" measurement is measured for Cell 2. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 6) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1A.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 7) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" measurement is measured for Cell 2. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 8) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1A.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 9) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" measurement is measured for Cell 2. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 10) SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 11) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.
- NOTE 1: Only one value from -148 to +148 chips need to be set during the test for the downlink DPCH time difference between Cell 1 and Cell 2.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

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# MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.  SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	5
-Measurement Command	SETUP
- Additional measurements list	Not Present
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting
-CHOICE Measurement type	UE Internal measurement
-UE Internal measurement quantity	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	UE Rx-Tx time difference
-Filter coefficient	0
-UE Internal reporting quantity	
-UE Transmitted power	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	TRUE
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

# MEASUREMENT REPORT message

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	5
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
- UE Transmitted power	Checked that this IE is absent
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	100
- UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	Checked that this IE is present
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

## 8.7.6.1A.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.6.1A.3 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

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			Conditions Io [dBm/3.84MHz]				
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy					
Faranietei	Oilit	[chip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V, VII	Band III and	
			and X		and XI	VIII	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 2.0	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.6.1A.4: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
Га	i arameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Cha	annel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		
Downlink DPCH timing		Chips	Timing Reference	Note 2	Timing Reference	Note 2	Timing Reference	Note 2	
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec	/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	-15		5	
DPCH_Ec/lor	DPCH_Ec/lor		-15		-15		-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	OCNS_Ec/lor		-1.11		-1.11		-1.11		
Îor/loc	Îor/loc		10.8		10.8		10.8		
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-106.7 -105.7		85.7		-65.3		
loc	Band IX*	dBm/ 3.84 MHz							
100	Band II, V, VII, XI	dDiff/ 5.04 Wif 12	-104	4.7	-05.7		-00	.5	
	Band III, VIII		-103.7						
	Band I, IV, VI, X		-92	.7					
lo	Band IX*	dBm/3.84 MHz	-91	-91.7		-71.7		2	
10	Band II, V, VII, XI	UDITI/3.04 IVII IZ	-90	.7	] -/ '	.1	-51.3		
	Band III, VIII		-89	.7					
Propagation of	ondition	-	AW	GN	AW	GN	AWGN		

NOTE 1: *loc* level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density *lo* at receiver input and the geometry factor *lor/loc*.

The reported values for UE Rx-Tx time difference accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.6.1A.5.

Table 8.7.6.1A.5: UE Tx-Rx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Lowest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X-2)$	RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)	RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)			
Highest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$	RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$			
RX-TX_TIME_(X) is the reporting value corresponding to UE_Rx-Tx time difference measured by system simulator						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.7.6.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

Note: This test case is not complete and there are currently no plans to complete it.

## 8.7.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Rx-Tx time difference is defined as the time difference between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

NOTE 2: From reference timing -148 to reference timing +148.

reference point of the UE Rx-Tx time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.10 of TS 25.215.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE supporting this measurement.

#### 8.7.6.2.2 Minimum requirements

Table 8.7.6.2.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement accuracy

				Cond	itions		
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Accuracy lo [dBm/3.84MHz]				
Farameter	Onne	[chip]	Band I, IV, VI	Band IX	Band II, V,	Band III and	
			and X		VII and XI	VIII	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.0	-9450	-9350	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.9.2.1.

## 8.7.6.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of Rx-Tx time difference type 2 is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.6.2.2.

The connection is started using cell 1, then cell 2 is added to the active set so that cell 1 is the timing reference. During the test the downlink DPCH time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to any value from -148 to 148 chips.

Table 8.7.6.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table 8.7.6.2.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
Downlink DPCH timing	Chips	Timing reference	From reference timing –148 to reference timing+148
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	lo −10.9 dB = loc, Note 1	Io-13.7 dB = Ioc, Note 1
lo	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X) -9350 (Band IX*) -9250 (Band II, V, VII, XI) -9150 (Band III, VIII)	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X) -9350 (Band IX*) -9250 (Band II, V, VII, XI) -9150 (Band III, VIII)
Propagation condition	-	AW	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the geometry factor loc.

# 8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell (R99 and Rel-4 only)

Void

## 8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP

## 8.7.8.1 Absolute measurement accuracy

## 8.7.8.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of P-CCPCH RSCP is defined as the P-CCPCH RSCP measured in an UTRA TDD cell on one frequency compared to the actual P-CCPCH RSCP power of that cell on the same frequency.

<sup>\*)</sup> For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

The requirements and this test apply only to UE supporting both UTRA FDD and UTRA TDD for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

#### 8.7.8.1.2 Minimum Requirements

## 8.7.8.1.2.1 3.84Mcps TDD option

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.8.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

P-CCPCH RSCP ≥ -102 dBm,

$$\frac{I_{o}}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)_{in\ dB}} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH - E_{c}}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} \le 8dB$$

Table 8.7.8.1.1: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470
F-CCFCH_RSCF	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050

#### 8.7.8.1.2.2 1.28Mcps TDD option

The accuracy requirement in table 9.31A is valid under the following conditions:

P-CCPCH RSCP ≥ -102 dBm

P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB

Table 8.7.8.1.1A: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	lo [dBm/1.28 MHz]
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470
F-CCFCH_RSCF	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.11.1 and A.9.1.8.

### 8.7.8.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the P-CCPCH RSCP absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

## 8.7.8.1.4 Method of test

8.7.8.1.4.1 Initial conditions

8.7.8.1.4.1.1 3.84Mcps TDD option

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies. Cell 1 is a UTRA FDD cell and cell 2 is a 3.84Mcps TDD cell. The second Beacon timeslot shall be provided for cell 2 in timeslot 8. Compressed mode as specified in TS 25.101 [1] section A.5, set 3 of table A.22, is applied. TGPRC and TGCFN shall be set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec)) mod 256". P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table 8.7.8.1.2.

Table 8.7.8.1.2: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter	Unit 7		st 1		Test 2		
Parameter	Offic	Cell 1	Cell 2	2	Cell 1	Cel	12
DL timeslot number		n.a.	0	8	n.a.	0	8
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 2	Channe	el 1	Channel 2	Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	n.a.		-10	n.a	ā.
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-3	n.a.	-12	-3	n.a
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-9		-12	-6	)
SCH_t <sub>offset</sub>		n.a.	5		n.a.	5	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	n.a.	-3	-15	n.a.	-3
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	n.a.		-15	n.a	а.
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-3.12	2	-1.11	-3.	12
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-60	-57.7	7	-84	-84	.7
Îor/loc	dB	9.54	7		0	3	
P-CCPCH RSCP, Note 1	dBm	n.a.	-53.7	n.a.	n.a.	-84.7	n.a.
CPICH RSCP, Note 1	dBm	-60.46	n.a.		-94	n.a	а.
Io, Note 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50	-50		-81	-8	0
Propagation condition	-	AW	GN		AW	'GN	

Note 1: P-CCPCH RSCP, CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed, test parameters for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that the UE does not lose the Cell 2 in between the test.

#### 8.7.8.1.4.1.2 1.28Mcps TDD option

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies. Cell 1 is a UTRA FDD cell and cell 2 is a 1.28McpsTDD cell. The second Beacon timeslot shall be provided for cell 2 in timeslot 2. Compressed mode as specified in TS 25.101 [1] section A.5, set 3 of table A.22, is applied. TGPRC and TGCFN shall be set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec)) mod 256". P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table 8.7.8.1.2A.

AWGN

Test 1 Test 2 **Parameter** Unit Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 1 Cell 2 DwP **DwPT** DL timeslot number n.a. n.a. Ts UTRA RF Channel number Channel 2 Channel 2 Channel 1 Channel 1 CPICH\_Ec/lor dB -10 -10 n.a. P-CCPCH\_Ec/lor dB -12 -3 -12 -3 DwPCH \_Ec/lor dB 0 0 n.a. n.a. PICH\_Ec/lor dB -15 n.a -15 n.a. n.a. n.a. DPCH\_Ec/lor -15 -15 dB n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. OCNS Ec/lor dB -1.11 -1.11 -3 -3 -57.7 -84.7 -60 dBm/ 3.84 -84 dBm/ dBm/1.28 dBm/1.28 loc 3.84 MHz MHz MHz MHz Îor/loc dΒ 9.54 0 P-CCPCH RSCP, Note 1 dBm n.a. -53.7 n.a. -84.7 CPICH RSCP, Note 1 dBm -60.46 n.a. -94 n.a. -80 dBm/1.28 -50 dBm/ 3.84 -50 dBm/1.28 -81 dBm/ Io, Note 1 3.84 MHz MHz MHz MHz

Table 8.7.8.1.2A: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency tests parameters

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P-CCPCH RSCP, CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for Note 1: information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed, test parameters for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that the UE does not lose the Cell 2 in between the test.

AWGN

1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.8.1.2.

#### 8.7.8.1.4.2 Procedure

Propagation condition

- 1) SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 2) UE shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 4) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 5) SS shall check P-CCPCH RSCP values of Cell 2 in the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. P-CCPCH RSCP power level of Cell 2 reported by the UE shall be compared to the actually set P-CCPCH RSCP value of Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.8.1.2 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and in Annex I, with the following exceptions:

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# PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for inter frequency measurement (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Revision
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info	ľ	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
-message aumentication code	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
DDC	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources	THE TREE THE TREE THE TREE THE TREE THE TREE TRE	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources	Not i resent	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-DOWININK PDSCH INIOITIALION	Not Present	
-Downlink information common for all radio		only
links	Net Decemb	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	A stinets	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters	TDD .	
-TGMP	TDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	10	
-TGL1	10	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	11	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	Puncturing	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	A	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		•

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list -Downlink information for each radio link	Not Present	only
-Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement (Step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	Value/1\GIIIai N
UE information elements	
	0
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included.
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	THOU TOOOTIC
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	Primary CCPCH RSCP
lestimate	I filliary CCI CIT ROCI
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	TROL
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	FALSE
	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FALSE
	TDD
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	1. – –
-Proposed TGSN Reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting cell status	FALSE
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
Maximum mumb on of non-cut-discut-	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Not Decomp
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

## 8.7.8.1.5 Test requirements

The PCCPCH RSCP measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.8.1.2.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 8.7.9 UE Transmission Power Headroom

## 8.7.9.1 Definition and applicability

The accuracy requirements for the UE transmission power headroom depends on the total power transmitted by the UE as defined in the functionality in section 9.2.5.3.2 of TS 25.321[13], section 9.1.13.4 of TS 25.133 [2] and section 5.1.14 of TS 25.215 [22]. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

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## 8.7.9.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE transmission power headroom (UPH) is defined in section 5.1.14 of TS 25.215 [22] as the ratio of the maximum UE transmission power and the corresponding DPCCH code power, and shall be calculated as following:

$$UPH = P_{\text{max tx}} / P_{DPCCH}$$

where:

Pmax,tx = min {Maximum allowed UL TX Power, Pmax} is the UE maximum transmission power;

Maximum allowed UL TX Power is set by UTRAN and defined in [8];

Pmax is the UE nominal maximum output power according to the UE power class and specified in [1] table 6.1;

PDPCCH is the transmitted code power on DPCCH.

The accuracy requirements for UE transmission power headroom depends on the total power transmitted by the UE. Table 8.7.9.1 defines the accuracy of the measured quantity as defined in section 9.1.13.4 of TS 25.133 [2].

Table 8.7.9.1: UPH reporting accuracy

Total UE output power value (dBm)	UPH reporting accuracy(dB) (note 1)	
25<= total output power <34	note 2	
24<= total output power <25	±2.0	
23<= total output power <24	±2.0	
22<= total output power <23	±2.0	
21<= total output power <22	±2.0	
20<= total output power < 21	±2.5	
19<= total output power <20	±3.0	
18<= total output power <19	±3.5	
17<= total output power <18	±4.0	
16<= total output power <17	±4.0	
15<= total output power <16	±4.0	
14<= total output power <15	±4.0	
13<= total output power <14	±4.0 (power class 4)	
13<= total output power < 14	±6.0 (power class 3)	
12<= total output power <13	±4.0 (power class 4)	
12<= total output power < 13	±6.0 (power class 3)	
11<= total output power <12	±4.0 (power class 4)	
11<= total output power < 12	±6.0 (power class 3)	
-50<= total output power <11 ±6.0		
Note 1: UPH reporting accuracy is the difference between the UPH reported by the UE and the actual uplink power headroom  Note 2: No tolerance is specified.		

## 8.7.9.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test case is to verify that the UE transmission power headroom measurement report accuracy is within the specified limits defined in section 9.1.13.4 of 25.133 [2] shown in table 8.7.9.1.

## 8.7.9.4 Method of test

#### 8.7.9.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) The beta factors for E-DPCCH & HS-DPCCH, Reference E-TFCI index, and E-DCH configurations are set as in table 8.7.9.2.

Table 8.7.9.2: General test parameters for UE transmission power headroom

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DL DCH configuration		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in Annex C.3.1 of the
		12.2 kbps	present document
DL configuration		DL Fixed Reference Channel (FRC	As specified in Annex C.8.1.1 of the
		H-Set 1, QPSK version)	present document
E-DCH TTI	ms	10	
E-DCH configuration		10 ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block	
		Size Table 0 according to TS 25.321	
		[13] annex B.3.	
DL Power Control		Off	
Active cell		Cell 1	
βс		8	As specified in 34.108 section 9.2.1
			RADIO BEARER SETUP message:
			AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)
βd		15	As specified in 34.108 section 9.2.1
			RADIO BEARER SETUP message:
			AM or UM (Test Loop Mode1)
βεc/βc		5/15	
βed_ref/βc		5/15	
Ahs		5/15	$\Delta$ ACK = $\Delta$ NACK = $\Delta$ CQI
Reference E-TFCI index		0 as per Table 0 according to TS	
		25.321 [13] annex B.3.	

3) The power levels and cell specific parameters are set as in table 8.7.9.3.

Table 8.7.9.3: Cell Specific parameters for UE transmission power headroom

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	dB	-8
HS-PDSCH _Ec/lor	dB	-3
E-AGCH_Ec/lor	dB	DTX'd
E-HICH_Ec/lor	dB	DTX'd
E-RGCH_Ec/lor	dB	DTX'd
OCNS	dB	Note 1
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
Note 1: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or.</sub>		

4) The UE is switched on.

5) An E-DCH call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] 7.3.9 with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP message. These exceptions are derived from Table 8.7.9.2, and in addition allow the beta values to be set and each UL physical channel to be at constant power during the measurement.

Table 8.7.9.4 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (E-DCH and HSDPA)

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Information Element	Value/Remark
Uplink DPCH info	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2
- $\Delta_{ACK}$	0, giving $A_{hs} = 5/15$
- $\Delta_{NACK}$	0, giving $A_{hs} = 5/15$
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPCCH info	
- E-DPCCH/DPCCH power offset	0, giving $A_{ec} = 5/15$
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	1 E-TFCI
- Reference E-TFCI	0
- Reference E-TFCI PO	0, giving $A_{ed\_ref} = 5/15$
- Scheduling Information Configuration	
<ul> <li>Periodicity for Scheduling Info – no grant</li> </ul>	10 ms
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms
- CQI repetition factor	2 (required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)
- ∆ <sub>CQI</sub>	0, giving $A_{hs} = 5/15$

## 8.7.9.4.2 Test procedure

- 1) The Scheduling Information configuration for the E-DCH indicates to the UE that it shall periodically report Scheduling Information, which contains UPH measurement every E-DCH TTI. During the test the system simulator shall not send any scheduling grant to the UE, and therefore the UE will not send any payload data on the E-DCH.
- 2) The SS shall set the UE DPCCH power to be between -11.1 dBm and -8 dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -14.1 dBm and -11dBm for a power class 4 UE by using uplink power control.
- 3) The SS measures both the power transmitted by the UE on DPCCH and the total output power of the UE every time slot. The SS averages both the DPCCH output power and total output power of the UE over 100 ms.
- 4) The SS estimates the UE transmission power headroom as the difference between the maximum allowed uplink transmit power ( $P_{\rm max}$ ) and the average DPCCH power measured in step 3.
- 5) The SS notes the UE transmission power headroom value reported in the Scheduling Information.
- 6) The SS calculates the difference between the UE transmission power headroom value estimated in step 4 and the reported UE transmission power headroom noted in step 5. The SS notes this as the UE transmission power headroom accuracy, and compares it to the applicable limit according to the total output power measured in step 3.
- 7) If the UE transmission power headroom accuracy exceeds the value in Table 8.7.9.5 count a bad result, otherwise a good result with respect to the actually set TX power.
- 8) Repeat steps 3 to 7 in order to collect more good or bad results for the currently set power level. Continue the repetition, until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.2.8 is achieved.
- 9) The SS sends 5 up TPC commands at the frame boundary to bring the Tx power of the UE up by a nominal 1 dB step, then alternate UP/DOWN to maintain constant Tx power.
- 10) Repeat steps 3 through 9 and note the UE transmission power headroom accuracy for each UE total power value until the UE stops reporting UPH or does not give lower UPH values for 8 consecutive repetitions of steps 3 through 9. If the lowest reported UPH is UE\_POWER\_HEADROOM\_13 or higher for a power class 3 UE, or UE\_POWER\_HEADROOM\_14 or higher for a power class 4 UE, then count a bad result.

## 8.7.9.5 Test requirements

The UE transmission power headroom measurement report accuracy recorded in steps 6, 9 and 10 above shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.9.5. The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%. To

pass the test, the UE transmission power headroom accuracy for each power level in the reporting range must pass. Once a power level is passed, no more results need be collected on this power level.

Table 8.7.9.5: Test requirement for UPH reporting accuracy

Total UE output power value (dBm)	UPH reporting accuracy(dB) (note 1)		
25<= total output power <34	note 2		
24<= total output power <25	±2.8		
23<= total output power <24	±2.8		
22<= total output power <23	±2.8		
21<= total output power <22	±2.8		
20<= total output power < 21	±3.3		
19<= total output power <20	±3.8		
18<= total output power <19	±4.3		
17<= total output power <18	±4.8		
16<= total output power <17	±4.8		
15<= total output power <16	±4.8		
14<= total output power <15	±4.8		
13<= total output power <14	±4.8 (power class 4)		
13<= total output power < 14	±6.8 (power class 3)		
12<= total output power <13	±4.8 (power class 4)		
12<= total output power <13	±6.8 (power class 3)		
11<= total output power <12	±4.8 (power class 4)		
11<= total output power <12	±6.8 (power class 3)		
-50<= total output power <11 ±6.8			
Note 1: UPH reporting accuracy is the difference between the UPH reported by			
the UE and the actual uplink power headroom			
Note 2: No tolerance is specified.			

NOTE1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 9 Performance requirements for HSDPA

## 9.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex C, the propagation conditions specified in Annex D and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex E. Unless stated otherwise, DL power control is OFF.

Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with more than one receive antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal appled to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

A UE with one antenna connector may also fulfill the enhanced performance requirements Type 1 and Type 3. The levels of the test signal are applied to the single antenna connector as defined in the respective sections below.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

When DTCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DTCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period.

The MAC headers on HS-DSCH shall be according to Annex C.9A.

The common RF test conditions of Performance requirements are defined in clause E.5, and each test conditions in clause 9 should refer to clause E.5. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

All throughput measurements in clause 9 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6.3.

Unless otherwise stated, the UE output power for the tests shall be greater than -10 dBm.

The requirement for a FDD UE that support HSDPA shall be tested according to the declared UE HS-DSCH category. For Release 6 and later UEs that support either the optional Type 1 or the Type 2 enhanced performance requirement, the UE shall be tested according to this enhanced performance requirement as well. For Release 7 and later UEs that support optional Type 3 enhanced performance requirement, the UE shall be tested according to this enhanced performance requirement as well.

## 9.1.1 Definition of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) Interferer

See clause D.1.1.

# 9.2 Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

The minimum performance requirement for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.1. The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1 are determined according to Table 9.2.2. The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to HS-DSCH either of the categories 7, 8, 13 or 14 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2 are determined according to Table 9.2.3. The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to either of HS-DSCH categories 7, 8, 13 or 14 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to Table 9.2.3A.

Table 9.2.1: FRC for minimum performance requirements for different HS-DSCH categories

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HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement				
	Single Link	Open Loop Diversity	Closed Loop Diversity		
Category 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1		
Category 2	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1		
Category 3	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2		
Category 4	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2		
Category 5	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 6	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 7 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 8 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 11	H-Set 4	H-Set 4	H-Set 4		
Category 12	H-Set 5	H-Set 5	H-Set 5		

Note 1: Single link minimum performance requirements for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian A with  $\hat{I}_{cr}/I_{cc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3.

Note 2: For UE supporting the minimum performance requirements for HS-DSCH the minimum requirements for HS-SCCH detection for single link are determined in Table 9.4.1.2 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.4.2.2.

Table 9.2.2: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 1 for different HS-DSCH categories

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement				
	Single Link	Open Loop Diversity	Closed Loop Diversity		
Category 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1		
Category 2	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1		
Category 3	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2		
Category 4	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2		
Category 5	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 6	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 7 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		
Category 8 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3		

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 1 for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian A with  $\hat{I}_{x}/I_{x}=10$ dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3.

Note 2: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH detection for single link are determined in Table 9.4.1A.2 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.4.2A.2.

Table 9.2.3: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 2 for different HS-DSCH categories

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement					
	Single Link (Note 1)	Open Loop Diversity (Note 2)	Closed Loop Diversity (Note 3)			
Category 7	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 6, H-Set 3			
Category 8	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 6, H-Set 3			
Category 13	H-Set 8, H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3			
Category 14	H-Set 8, H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3			

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 13 and 14 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 and 18 dB is set according to H-Set 8. Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for

Categories 7, 8, 13 and 14 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements.

Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements.

Note 3: Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian B 3km/h with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB and  $E_c/I_{or}$ =-3dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are set according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements.

Note 4: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 2 for HS-DSCH the minimum requirements for HS-SCCH detection for single link are determined in Table 9.4.1.2 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.4.2.2.

**HS-DSCH** 

Table 9.2.3A: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3 for different HS-DSCH categories

HS-D	SCH category		corresponding requiremen	t
		Single Link (Note 1)	Open Loop Diversity	Closed Loop Diversity
			(Note 2)	(Note 3)
C	ategory 7	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
С	ategory 8	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
Ca	ategory 13	H-Set 8, H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
Ca	ategory 14	H-Set 8, H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
Note 1	Categories 7, 8 Requirements i	anced performance requirement according to H-Set 8. Single I, 13 and 8 14 with $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dln other conditions are accordin	ink ennanced performance $^{\hat{I}}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =5dB are set acg to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced	equirements type 3 for ecording to H-Set 6. If performance requirements.
Note 2	Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.			
Note 3	Closed loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.			
Note 4		ing the enhanced performance ction for single link are determi le 9.4.2A.2.		

Table 9.2.3B: FRC for UEs from categories that support MIMO

**Corresponding requirement** 

cate	gory	Single Link	Open Loop	Closed Loop Diversity	MIMO
		(Note 1)	Diversity (Note 2)	(Note 3)	
Categ	ory 15	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 9
Categ	ory 16	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 9
Note 1:				e 3 for Categories 15 and 16 v	
	10r 10c =50 type1 enh	dB are set according anced performance	to H-Set 6. Requiremered requirements.	ents in other conditions are ac	ccording to H-Set 3
Note 2:	Open loop	•	equirements are set ac	cording to H-Set 3 type1 enhance	anced performance
Note 3:	<ol> <li>Closed loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.</li> </ol>				
Note 4:	te 4: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.4.1.2 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.4.2A.2.				
Note 5:	For UE su	upporting MIMO for I	HS-DSCH the requirem	nents for HS-SCCH Type M de	etection are determined

During the Fixed Reference Channel tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4:

Table 9.2.4: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1st
	redundancy and constellation version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up
	to the maximum permitted number or RV's)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV
	previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ
	process

NOTE: Performance requirements in this section assume a sufficient power allocation to HS-SCCH\_1 so that probability of reporting DTX is very low.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.

in Tables TBD and Table TBD.

# 9.2.1 Single Link Performance

The test cases in the following sections 9.2.1A to 9.2.1I define the Single Link Performance tests for the different HS-DSCH Categories as defined in tables 9.2.1, 9.2.2, 9.2.3 and 9.2.3A.

# 9.2.1A Single Link Performance - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

## 9.2.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6.

## 9.2.1A.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1A.1 and 9.2.1A.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1A.2 and 9.2.1A.4.

Table 9.2.1A.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CF	PICH	
$I_{oc}$		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4		

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1A.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 \text{ dB}$	
1	PA3	-6	65	309	
'	FAS	-3	N/A	423	
2	PB3	-6	23	181	
	FBS	-3	138	287	
3	VA30	-6	22	190	
3	VASU	-3	142	295	
4	VA120	-6	13	181	
4	VA120	-3	140	275	

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1A.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CF	PICH	
$I_{oc}$		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1A.4: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	198
'	FAS	-3	368
2	PB3	-6	34
	FBS	-3	219
3	VA30	-6	47
3	VA30	-3	214
4	VA120	-6	28
4	VAIZU	-3	167

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R
should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in
kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R
should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1 and 9.2.1.2.

## 9.2.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.1A.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to tables 9.2.1A.1 and 9.2.1A.3 and levels according to tables 9.2.1A.5 to 9.2.1A.8 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload

block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS equence must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long. ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]

- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number i is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A

#### 9.2.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1A.5 to 9.2.1A.8 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1 and F.6.3.5.2.2.

## 9.2.1A.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1A.5 to 9.2.1A.8 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1A.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)			lied)

Table 9.2.1A.6: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.6 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	65	309		
1	PAS	-2.9	N/A	423		
0	DDO	-5.9	23	181		
2	2 PB3	-2.9	138	287		
•	1/400	-5.9	22	190		
3	VA30	-2.9	142	295		
,	V/A420	-5.9	13	181		
4	VA120	-2.9	140	275		

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1A.7: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		lied)	

Table 9.2.1A.8: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	198		
'	FAS	-2.9	368		
0	DDO	-5.9	34		
2	PB3	-2.9	219		
0	VA30	-5.9	47		
3		-2.9	214		
4	VA120	-5.9	28		
4	VATZU	-2.9	167		
* Notes:	Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1				
	2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R				
	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)				
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R				

# 9.2.1B Single Link Performance - QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in

## 9.2.1B.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 11 and 12.

## 9.2.1B.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Table 9.2.1B.1 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Tables 9.2.1B.2 and 9.2.1B.3.

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Table 9.2.1B.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-6	0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2	5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	1	

Note:

The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1B.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
	DAG	-6	72	340
1	PA3	-3	N/A	439
2	PB3	-6	24	186
2	PDS	-3	142	299
3	VA30	-6	19	183
3	V A30	-3	148	306
4	VA120	-6	11	170
4	VA120	-3	144	284
* Note: The	reference value l	ع المصلحة المسلمة الم		204

Table 9.2.1B.3: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	98	464
I	PAS	-3	N/A	635
2	PB3	-6	35	272
2	PB3	-3	207	431
2	1/420	-6	33	285
3	VA30	-3	213	443
4	\/\120	-6	20	272
4	4 VA120	-3	210	413
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.3.

## 9.2.1B.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.1B.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.

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- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to table 9.2.1B.1 and levels according to tables 9.2.1B.4 to 9.2.1B.6 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 5: The information bit payload block is 3202 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 3202 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A

#### 9.2.1B.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1B.4 to 9.2.1B.6 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.3 and F.6.3.5.2.4.

## 9.2.1B.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1B.4 to 9.2.1B.6 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1B.4: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		ed)	

Table 9.2.1B.5: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.6 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB
4	DAG	-5.9	72	340
1	PA3	-2.9	N/A	439
	2 PB3	-5.9	24	186
2		-2.9	142	299
	\/A00	-5.9	19	183
3	VA30	-2.9	148	306
	4 VA120	-5.9	11	170
4		-2.9	144	284
* Note: The	reference value F	R is for the Fixed Reference	e Channel (FRC) H-Set 4	1

Table 9.2.1B.6: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 0.6 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
1	DAG	-5.9	98	464		
'	PA3	-2.9	N/A	635		
2	PB3	-5.9	35	272		
2	F B3	-2.9	207	431		
3	VA30	-5.9	33	285		
3	VASU	-2.9	213	443		
4	VA120	-5.9	20	272		
4	VA120	-2.9	210	413		
* Notes:						

# 9.2.1C Single Link Performance - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/3

## 9.2.1C.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

## 9.2.1C.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

intended for the UE.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 6/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.6 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1C.1, 9.2.1C.3, 9.2.1C.5 and 9.2.1C.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Tables 9.2.1C.2, 9.2.1C.4, 9.2.1C.6, and 9.2.1C.8.

Table 9.2.1C.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI		

Table 9.2.1C.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	1407	
Į.	FAS	-3	2090	

Table 9.2.1C.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.		

Table 9.2.1C.4: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	887
'	FAS	-3	1664

Table 9.2.1C.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$			-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1C.6: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
2	2 PB3	-6	23	181
	FBS	-3	138	287
3	VA30	-6	22	190
3 VA30	-3	142	295	
4 VA120	\/\120	-6	13	181
	VATZU	-3	140	275

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to I+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1C.7: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$			-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1C.8: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
2	PB3	-6	34	
	FBS	-3	219	
3 VA30	VA30	-6	47	
3	VA30	-3	214	
4	VA120	-6	28	
		-3	167	

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1, 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.4 and 9.2.1.5.

# 9.2.1C.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.1C.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to tables 9.2.1C.1, 9.2.1C.3, 9.2.1C.5 or 9.2.1C.7 and levels according to tables 9.2.1C.9 to 9.2.1C.16 respectively. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 3 (16QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A

#### 9.2.1C.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1C.9 to 9.2.1C.16 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1, F.6.3.5.2.2, F.6.3.5.2.5 and F.6.3.5.2.6.

#### 9.2.1C.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1C.9 to 9.2.1C.16 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1C.9: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit Test 1		
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)	

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Table 9.2.1C.10: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \text{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB			
1	DA2	-5.9	1407			
'	PA3	-2.9	2090			

Table 9.2.1C.11: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)

Table 9.2.1C.12: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

ſ	Test	Propagation	Reference value			
	Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *			
			$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
ĺ	1	PA3	-5.9	887		
	ı	PAS	-2.9	1664		

Table 9.2.1C.13: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		

Table 9.2.1C.14: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.6 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB
0	DD2	-5.9	23	181
2	PB3	-2.9	138	287
3	VA30 -	-5.9	22	190
		-2.9	142	295
4		-5.9	13	181
4	VA120	-2.9	140	275

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1C.15: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		

Table 9.2.1C.16: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
0	DD2	-5.9	34		
2	PB3	-2.9	219		
	VA30	-5.9	47		
3		-2.9	214		
	)/A400	-5.9	28		
4	VA120	-2.9	167		
* Notes:	Fixed Reference	nce value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for nce Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be blied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where			

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values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

# 9.2.1D.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: the HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1.

The requirements and this test apply also for Release 7 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: the HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

# 9.2.1D.2 Minimum requirements

The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1 are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.2.

During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1D.1 and 9.2.1D.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1D.2 and 9.2.1D.4.

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Table 9.2.1D.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CF	PICH	
$I_{oc}$		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4		

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1D.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
		-12	N/A	247	
1	PA3	-9	N/A	379	
1	FA3	-6	195	N/A	
		-3	329	N/A	
		-9	N/A	195	
2	PB3	-6	156	316	
		-3	263	N/A	
		-9	N/A	212	
3	VA30	-6	171	329	
		-3	273	N/A	
		-9	N/A	191	
4	VA120	-6	168	293	
		-3	263	N/A	

\* Notes:

- 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
- 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1D.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz	P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4		

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1D.4: Minimum requirement Enhanced	l requirement type 1	1 16QAM, Fi	xed Reference
Channel (FRC)	H-Set 1/2/3		

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-9	312		
ı	FAS	-6	487		
2	PB3	-6	275		
2	FDS	-3	408		
3	VA30	-6	296		
3	VASU	-3	430		
4	VA120	-6	271		
4	VA120	-3	392		
* Notes:	1)The reference	value R is for the Fixed F	Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1		
	2) For Fixed Refe	erence Channel (FRC) H	-Set 2 the reference values for R		
	should be scaled	(multiplied by 1.5 and ro	ounding to the nearest integer t-put in		
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)				
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R				
	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
		es of i+1/2 are rounded			

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1 and 9.2.1.2.

# 9.2.1D.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.1D.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1D.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connectors as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to table 9.2.1D.1 or 9.2.1D.3 and the levels according to tables 9.2.1D.5 to 9.2.1D.8 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number i is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and for UEs that support receive diversity as also described in clause D.2.5.

#### 9.2.1D.4.2 Procedure

1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.

2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1D.5 to 9.2.1D.8 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1A and F.6.3.5.2.2A.

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# 9.2.1D.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1D.5 to 9.2.1D.8 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1D.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		plied)	

Table 9.2.1D.6: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)
H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation					
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.6 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
		-11.9	N/A	247		
1	PA3	-8.9	N/A	379		
'	PAS	-5.9	195	N/A		
		-2.9	329	N/A		
		-8.9	N/A	195		
2	PB3	-5.9	156	316		
		-2.9	263	N/A		
		-8.9	N/A	212		
3	VA30	-5.9	171	329		
		-2.9	273	N/A		
		-8.9	N/A	191		
4	VA120	-5.9	168	293		
		-2.9	263	N/A		

Notes: 1)

Table 9.2.1D.7: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		plied)	

<sup>1)</sup> The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1D.8: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

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Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB			
1	PA3	-8.9	312			
ı	PAS	-5.9	487			
2	PB3	-5.9	275			
2	PDS	-2.9	408			
3	VA30	-5.9	296			
3	VA30	-2.9	430			
4	V/A420	-5.9	271			
4	VA120	-2.9	392			
* Notes:	1)The reference \	alue R is for the Fixed F	lue R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1			

\* Notes:

1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

# 9.2.1E Single Link Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1- QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/3

# 9.2.1E.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8; and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1.

# 9.2.1E.2 Minimum requirements

The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1 are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.2.

During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 6/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.6 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1E.1, 9.2.1E.3, 9.2.1E.5 and 9.2.1E.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1E.2, 9.2.1E.4, 9.2.1E.6 and 9.2.1E.8.

Table 9.2.1E.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1E.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirements type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-12	672	
'	FAS	-9	1305	

Table 9.2.1E.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1		
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-				
SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.1E.4: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirements type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-9	912	
!	FAS	-6	1730	

Table 9.2.1E.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$		-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1E.6: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation		Reference value				
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ ({\sf dB}) \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
		-9	N/A	195			
2	PB3	-6	156	316			
		-3	263	N/A			
		-9	N/A	212			
3	VA30	-6	171	329			
		-3	273	N/A			
		-9	N/A	191			
4	VA120	-6	168	293			
		-3	263	N/A			

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1E.7: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$		-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1E.8: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *				
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
2	PB3	-6	275			
_	PDS	-3	408			
3	VA30	-6	296			
3	VASU	-3	430			
4	1/4400	-6	271			
4	VA120	-3	392			

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1, 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.4, and 9.2.1.5.

# 9.2.1E.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.1E.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1E.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1) The SS (node B emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connectors as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to table 9.2.1E.1, 9.2.1E.3 or 9.2.1E.5 and levels according to tables 9.2.1E.9 to 9.2.1E.16 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.

- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 3 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number i is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and for UEs that support receive diversity as also described in clause D.2.5.

#### 9.2.1E.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1E.9 to 9.2.1E.16 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1A, F.6.3.5.2.2A, F.6.3.5.2.5A and F.6.3.5.2.6A.

# 9.2.1E.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1E.9 to 9.2.1E.16 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1E.9: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)

Table 9.2.1E.10: Test requirement enhanced requirements type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB		
1	PA3	-11.9	672		
<b>'</b>	PAS	-8.9	1305		

Table 9.2.1E.11: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)

Table 9.2.1E.12: Test requirement enhanced requirements type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB			
1	PA3	-8.9	912			
1	FAS	-5.9	1730			

Table 9.2.1E.13: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

Table 9.2.1E.14: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.6 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB	
		-8.9	N/A	195	
2	PB3	-5.9	156	316	
		-2.9	263	N/A	
		-8.9	N/A	212	
3	VA30	-5.9	171	329	
		-2.9	273	N/A	
		-8.9	N/A	191	
4	VA120	-5.9	168	293	
		-2.9	263	N/A	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.1E.15: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

Table 9.2.1E.16: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	pagation Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_{_{c}}/I_{_{or}}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB
2	PB3	-5.9	275
2	PD3	-2.9	408
3	VA30	-5.9	296
3	VASU	-2.9	430
4	1/1/100	-5.9	271
4	VA120	-2.9	392

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

# 9.2.1F Single Link Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 2 - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/3

# 9.2.1F.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2.

# 9.2.1F.2 Minimum requirements

The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to HS-DSCH categories 7 and 8 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2 are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.3.

During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 6/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.6 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1F.1, 9.2.1F.3 and 9.2.1F.5 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1F.2, 9.2.1F.4 and 9.2.1F.6.

Table 9.2.1F.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

Table 9.2.1F.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation		Reference value
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	DAS	-6	1494
l	PA3	-3	2153
2	PB3	-6	1038
2	FB3	-3	1744
3	VA30	-6	1142
3	VA30	-3	1782
4	VA120	-6	909
4	VAIZU	-3	1467

Table 9.2.1F.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz -60				
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2	,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission				4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-					
1 shall only use the identi	1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.1F.4: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	991	
'	FAS	-3	1808	
2	PB3	-6	465	
_	FDS	-3	1370	
3	VA30	-6	587	
3	VA30	-3	1488	
4	VA120	-6	386	
4	VATZU	-3	1291	

Table 9.2.1F.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CF	PICH	
$I_{oc}$			-6	0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,	5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	ļ	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1F.6: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_{c}/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	65	N/A
ļ.	I PAS	-3	N/A	N/A
2	PB3	-6	23	N/A
		-3	138	N/A
3	VA30	-6	22	N/A
3	VASU	-3	142	N/A
4	4 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-6	13	N/A
4	VA120	-3	140	N/A

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1, 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.4, and 9.2.1.5.

# 9.2.1F.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

<sup>2)</sup> For UE supporting enhanced performance requirement type 2 and condition  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB this is tested using the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6.

#### 9.2.1F.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1F.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to table 9.2.1F.1, 9.2.1F.3 or 9.2.1F.5 and levels according to tables 9.2.1F.7 to 9.2.1F.12 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 6 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 9377 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 9377 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A.

#### 9.2.1F.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1F.7 to 9.2.1F.12 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1, F.6.3.5.2.5B and F.6.3.5.2.6B.

# 9.2.1F.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1F.7 to 9.2.1F.12 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1F.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference			P-C	PICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		d)	

Table 9.2.1F.8: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)
H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	1494	
<b>'</b>		-2.9	2153	
2	PB3	-5.9	1038	
		-2.9	1744	
3	VA30	-5.9	1142	
3	VASU	-2.9	1782	
4	VA120	-5.9	909	
4	VA120	-2.9	1467	

Table 9.2.1F.9: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference			P-CPIC	H	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)			

Table 9.2.1F.10: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	991	
'		-2.9	1808	
2	PB3	-5.9	465	
		-2.9	1370	
3	1/420	-5.9	587	
3	VA30	-2.9	1488	
4	VA120	-5.9	386	
4	VA120	-2.9	1291	

Table 9.2.1F.11: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference			P-CI	PICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		lied)	

Table 9.2.1F.12: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.6 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	65	N/A
!	FAS	-2.9	N/A	N/A
2	DDo	-5.9	23	N/A
2	2 PB3	-2.9	138	N/A
0	1/400	-5.9	22	N/A
3	VA30	-2.9	142	N/A
4		-5.9	13	N/A
4	VA120	-2.9	140	N/A

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

# 9.2.1G Single Link Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 3 - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/3

# 9.2.1G.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 7 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

# 9.2.1G.2 Minimum requirements

The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to HS-DSCH categories 7 and 8 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.3A.

During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 6/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.6 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1G.1 and 9.2.1G.4 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1G.2, 9.2.1G.3, 9.2.1G.5 and 9.2.1G.6.

<sup>2)</sup> For UE supporting enhanced performance requirement type 2 and condition  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB this is tested using the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6.

Table 9.2.1G.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5
Phase reference		P-CPICH				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz			-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence				{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	Maximum number of 4					
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.						

Table 9.2.1G.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-9	1554	
	PAS	-6	2495	
2	PB3	-9	1190	
		-6	2098	
3	VA30	-9	1229	
3		-6	2013	
4	VA120	-9	1060	
4	VA120	-6	1674	

Table 9.2.1G.3: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 5 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \text{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5 dB	
5	PB3	-6	1248	
5	FDS	-3	2044	

Table 9.2.1G.4: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5
Phase reference				P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz			-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence				{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4				
Note: The HS-SCCH-1	and HS-PDSCH sh	hall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-			ower. HS-	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1G.5: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
	DAG	-6	1979	
1	PA3	-3	3032	
2	PB3	-6	1619	
2	PDS	-3	2464	
3	VA30	-6	1710	
3		-3	2490	
4	4 VA120	-6	1437	
4		-3	2148	

Table 9.2.1G.6: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM at  $\hat{I}_{_{or}}/I_{_{oc}}$  = 5 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5 dB	
5	PB3	-6	779	
3	FDS	-3	1688	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1, 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.4, and 9.2.1.5.

# 9.2.1G.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

# 9.2.1G.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1G.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to table 9.2.1G.1 or 9.2.1G.4 and levels according to tables 9.2.1G.7 to 9.2.1G.12 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 6 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 9377 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 9377 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.6.

#### 9.2.1G.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1G.7 to 9.2.1G.12 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1, F.6.3.5.2.5C and F.6.3.5.2.6C.

# 9.2.1G.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1G.7 to 9.2.1G.12 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1G.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5
Phase reference		P-CPICH				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)				

Table 9.2.1G.8: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB	
1	PA3	-8.9	1554	
'	PAS	-5.9	2495	
2	PB3	-8.9	1190	
		-5.9	2098	
3	VA30	-8.9	1229	
3		-5.9	2013	
4	VA120	-8.9	1060	
4	VAIZU	-5.9	1674	

Table 9.2.1G.9: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 5 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5.6 dB	
5	PB3	-5.9	1248	
5	FD3	-2.9	2044	

Table 9.2.1G.10: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5
Phase reference		P-CPICH				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)				

Table 9.2.1G.11: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.6 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	1979	
I	PAS	-2.9	3032	
2	DDO	-5.9	1619	
2	PB3	-2.9	2464	
3	VA30	-5.9	1710	
3		-2.9	-2.9	2490
1	VA120	-5.9	1437	
4	VA120	-2.9	2148	

Table 9.2.1G.12: Test requirement enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 5, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5.6 dB	
5	PB3	-5.9	779	
3	FBS	-2.9	1688	

# 9.2.1H Single Link Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 2 - 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8

# 9.2.1H.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 7 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: HSDPA UE capability categories 13 and 14 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2.

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

# 9.2.1H.2 Minimum requirements

The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to HS-DSCH categories 13 and 14 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2 are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.3.

During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 8 specified in Annex C.8.1.8, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Table 9.2.1H.1 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1H.2.

Table 9.2.1H.1: Test Parameters for Testing 64QAM FRCs H-Set 8

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
$I_{otx}/I_{or}$	dB	-24.4
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1H.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH) *	T-put $R$ (kbps)	
		$\hat{I}_{or}^{}$ $/$ $I_{oc}^{}$ (dB)	$E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB	
1	PA3	15	4507	
ı	FAS	18	5736	
* Note:	Note: When determining lor/loc, the contribution from $I_{\mathit{otx}}$ is not included.			

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.2.1.6.

### 9.2.1H.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

# 9.2.1H.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1H.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for test 1 according to table 9.2.1H.1 and levels according to tables 9.2.1H.3 and 9.2.1H.4 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 8 (64 QAM): The information bit payload block is 26600 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 26600 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27].
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A.

#### 9.2.1H.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to [FFS] as specified by table [FFS] and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc,1 for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1H.3 and 9.2.1H.4 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 table F.6.3.5.2.7.

### 9.2.1H.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1H.3 and 9.2.1H.4 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to [FFS] define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table [FFS] indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3) vary.

Table 9.2.1H.3: Test Parameters for Testing 64QAM FRCs H-Set 8

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)	
$I_{otx}/I_{or}$	dB	-24.4 (no test tolerance applied)	

Table 9.2.1H.4: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *
		$\hat{I}_{or}$ $/$ $I_{oc}$ (dB)	$E_c / I_{or} = -1.9 \text{ dB}$
1	PA3	15.6	4507
Į	PAS	18.6	5736
* Note: When determining lor/loc, the contribution from $I_{ m orx}$ is not included.			

# 9.2.11 Single Link Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 3 - 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8

# 9.2.11.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 7 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support: HSDPA UE capability categories 13 and 14 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

# 9.2.11.2 Minimum requirements

The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to HS-DSCH categories 13 and 14 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.3A.

During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 8 specified in Annex C.8.1.8, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Table 9.2.1I.1 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1I.2.

Table 9.2.11.1: Test Parameters for Testing 64QAM FRCs H-Set 8

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
$I_{otx}/I_{or}$	dB	-24.4
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.1I.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 3 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH *	T-put $R$ (kbps)	
		$\hat{I}_{or}$ $/$ $I_{oc}$ (dB)	$E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB	
1	PA3	15	6412	
ı	FAS	18	7638	
* Note: When determining lor/loc, the contribution from $I_{\it otx}$ is not included.				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.2.1.6.

#### 9.2.11.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.1I.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.1I.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for test 1 according to table 9.2.1I.1 and levels according to tables 9.2.1I.3 and 9.2.1I.14 as appropriate. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 8 (64QAM): The information bit payload block is 26600 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 26600 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27]
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.6.

#### 9.2.1I.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to [FFS] as specified by table [FFS] and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1I.3 and 9.2.1I.4 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 table F.6.3.5.2.7A.

### 9.2.11.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1I.3 and 9.2.1I.4 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to [FFS] define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table [FFS] indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3) vary.

Table 9.2.11.3: Test Parameters for Testing 64QAM FRCs H-Set 8

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	z -60 (no test tolerance applied)	
$I_{otx}/I_{or}$	dB	-24.4 (no test tolerance applied)	

Table 9.2.11.4: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 3 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH *	T-put $R$ (kbps)
		$\hat{I}_{or}$ $/$ $I_{oc}$ (dB)	$E_c / I_{or}$ = -1.9 dB
1	PA3	15.6	6412
'	FAS	18.6	7638
* Note:	When determining lor/loc, the contribution from $I_{\mathit{otx}}$ is not included.		

# 9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

The test cases in the following sections 9.2.2A to 9.2.2D define the Open Loop Diversity Performance tests for the different H-Sets for the different HS-DSCH Categories as defined in tables 9.2.1, 9.2.2 and 9.2.3.

# 9.2.2A Open Loop Diversity Performance - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

# 9.2.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

# 9.2.2A.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.2A.1 and 9.2.2A.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

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Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.2A.2 and 9.2.2A.4.

Table 9.2.2A.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.2A.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	77	375	
I PAS	-3	180	475		
2	PB3	-6	20	183	
2	FD3	-3	154	274	
2 1/420	\/\\20	-6	15	187	
3	VA30	-3	162	284	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.2A.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.2A.4: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test Propagation Number Conditions		Reference value		
		$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	295	
ı	FAS	-3	463	
2	PB3	-6	24	
2		-3	243	
3	VA30	-6	35	
3	VA30	-3	251	
* Notes:	otes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)			

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.2.1 and 9.2.2.2.

# 9.2.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.2A.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.2A.1 or 9.2.2A.3 and levels according to tables 9.2.2A.6 to 9.2.2A.9. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].

4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.7.

# Table 9.2.2A.5: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

# 9.2.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA with looping back 12.2kbps RMC connection according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.2A.5, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.2A.6 to 9.2.2A.9 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.1 and F.6.3.5.3.2. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.2A.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.2A.6 to 9.2.2A.9 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (open loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Table 9.2.2A.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

Table 9.2.2A.7: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	77	375
ı	PAS	-2.9	180	475
2	PB3	-5.9	20	183
2	FDS	-2.9	154	274
2 \\/\20	-5.9	15	187	
3	VA30	-2.9	162	284

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

Table 9.2.2A.8: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

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Table 9.2.2A.9: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	295	
'	FAS	-2.9	463	
2	PB3	-5.9	24	
	FBS	-2.9	243	
3	VA30	-5.9	35	
3 VA30		-2.9	251	
* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1				

\* Notes:
1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 9.2.2B Open Loop Diversity Performance - QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

# 9.2.2B.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 11 and 12.

#### 9.2.2B.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Table 9.2.2B.1 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.2B.2 and 9.2.2B.3.

Table 9.2.2B.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.2B.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	70	369
'	1 73	-3	171	471
2	PB3	-6	14	180
	FBS	-3	150	276
3	3 VA30	-6	11	184
3	V A 3 U	-3	156	285
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4				

Table 9.2.2B.3: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
4	DAS	-6	116	563
ı	1 PA3	-3	270	713
2	PB3	-6	30	275
2	FDS	-3	231	411
3 VA30	-6	23	281	
3	VASU	-3	243	426
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.2.2.3.

# 9.2.2B.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

# 9.2.2B.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.2B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.2B.1 and levels according to tables 9.2.2B.5 to 9.2.2B.7. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.7.

#### Table 9.2.2B.4: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### 9.2.2B.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.2B.4, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.2B.5 to 9.2.2B.7 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.3 and F.6.3.5.3.4. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.2B.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.2B.5 to 9.2.2B.7 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (open loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Table 9.2.2B.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no	test tolerance	applied)

Table 9.2.2B.6: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	70	369
ı	PAS	-2.9	171	471
2	PB3	-5.9	14	180
2	PD3	-2.9	150	276
2	\/^20	-5.9	11	184
3	VA30	-2.9	156	285
* Note: The r	eference value R is	for the Fixed Reference	Channel (FRC) H-Set 4	•

Table 9.2.2B.7: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	116	563
'	FAS	-2.9	270	713
2	PB3	-5.9	30	275
	FB3	-2.9	231	411
3	VA30	-5.9	23	281
3	V A30	-2.9	243	426
* Note:The	* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 9.2.2C Open Loop Diversity Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1 - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

# 9.2.2C.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1.

The requirements and this test apply also for Release 7 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

# 9.2.2C.2 Minimum requirements

intended for the UE.

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant parts of Table 9.2.2.1

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.2C.1 and 9.2.2C.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.2C.2 and 9.2.2C.4.

Table 9.2.2C.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	m number of A			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI				

Table 9.2.2C.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 \text{ dB}$
		-12	N/A	268
1	PA3	-9	N/A	407
'	FAS	-6	197	N/A
		-3	333	N/A
		-9	N/A	183
2	PB3	-6	152	288
		-3	251	N/A
		-9	N/A	197
3	VA30	-6	164	307
		-3	261	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.2C.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.2C.4: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-9	340
'	FAS	-6	513
2	PB3	-6	251
	FBS	-3	374
3	VA30	-6	280
3	VASU	-3	398
* Notes:	s: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1		
	2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R		
	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in		
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)		
	3) For Fixed Peterones Channel (FPC) H Set 3 the reference values for P		

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.2.1 and 9.2.2.2.

# 9.2.2C.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.2C.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.2C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

- 1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.22 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.12 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.2C.1 or 9.2.2C.3 and levels according to tables 9.2.2C.6 to 9.2.2C.9. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27].

4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.5.

# Table 9.2.2C.5: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

# 9.2.2C.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.2C.5, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.2C.6 to 9.2.2C.9 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.5 and F.6.3.5.3.6. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.2C.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.2C.6 to 9.2.2C.9 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (open loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Table 9.2.2C.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)			

Table 9.2.2C.7: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test Number	Propagation Conditions	Reference value			
		HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-11.9	N/A	268	
		-8.9	N/A	407	
		-5.9	197	N/A	
		-2.9	333	N/A	
2	PB3	-8.9	N/A	183	
		-5.9	152	288	
		-2.9	251	N/A	
3	VA30	-8.9	N/A	197	
		-5.9	164	307	
		-2.9	261	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

Table 9.2.2C.8: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.2C.9: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB		
1	PA3	-8.9	340		
'	PAS	-5.9	513		
2	PB3	-5.9	251		
2	FDS	-2.9	374		
3	VA30	-5.9	280		
3	VASU	-2.9	398		
* Notes:	1)The reference	ralue R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1			
	2) For Fixed Refe	erence Channel (FRC) H	-Set 2 the reference values for R		
:	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)					
;	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R				
;	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where valu	es of i+1/2 are rounded	up to i+1, i integer)		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 9.2.2D Open Loop Diversity Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 2 - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

### 9.2.2D.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2.

#### 9.2.2D.2 Minimum requirements

intended for the UE.

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 3 specified in Annex C.8.1.3, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.2D.1 and 9.2.2D.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.2D.2 and 9.2.2D.4.

Table 9.2.2D.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI				

Table 9.2.2D.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	77	375
ı	PAS	-3	180	475
2	PB3	-6	20	183
2	FBS	-3	154	274
3	VA30	-6	15	187
3	VASU	-3	162	284

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.2D.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.2D.4: Minimum requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Refere	ence value
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_{_{C}}/I_{_{or}}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	295
ı	PAS	-3	463
2	PB3	-6	24
2	rb3	-3	243
3	VA30	-6	35
3	VA30	-3	251

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.2.1 and 9.2.2.2.

#### 9.2.2D.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.2D.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.2D.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.2D.1 or 9.2.2D.3 and levels according to tables 9.2.2D.6 to 9.2.2D.9. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.7.

#### Table 9.2.2D.5: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

#### 9.2.2D.4.2 Procedure

1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.2D.5, with levels according to table E.5.0.

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- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.2D.6 to 9.2.2D.9 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.1 and F.6.3.5.3.2. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

#### 9.2.2D.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.2D.6 to 9.2.2D.9 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (open loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Table 9.2.2D.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

Table 9.2.2D.7: Test requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	77	375
1	FAS	-2.9	180	475
2	PB3	-5.9	20	183
2	PDS	-2.9	154	274
0	1/420	-5.9	15	187
3	VA30	-2.9	162	284

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.2D.8: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

Table 9.2.2D.9: Test requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Propagation	Reference value		
Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
DAG	-5.9	295	
PAS	-2.9	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
DD3	-5.9	24	
FBS	-2.9	243	
\/\\30	<b>-</b> 5.9	35	
VA30	-2.9	251	
		Conditions         HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)           PA3         -5.9           -2.9         -5.9           -2.9         -2.9           -2.9         -5.9	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance

The test cases in the following sections 9.2.3A to 9.2.3D define the Closed Loop Diversity Performance tests for the different H-Sets for the different HS-DSCH Categories as defined in tables 9.2.1, 9.2.2 and 9.2.3.

# 9.2.3A Closed Loop Diversity Performance - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

## 9.2.3A.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver closed loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

#### 9.2.3A.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in tables 9.2.3A.1 and 9.2.3A.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.3A.2 and 9.2.3A.4.

Table 9.2.3A.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
DPCH frame offset	Ohin		0		
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	0			
Redundancy and constellation version coding		{0,2,5,6}			
sequence					
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Feedback Error Ratio	%	4			
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-					

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.3A.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	118	399
'	FAS	-3	225	458
2	PB3	-6	50	199
	F D 3	-3	173	301
3	VA30	-6	47	204
3	VASU	-3	172	305

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integers)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.3A.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset	Ob.:-		0	
(τ <sub>DPCH,n</sub> )	Chip	0		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Feedback Error Ratio	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1		

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.3A.4 Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps)*		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	361		
· ·	FAS	-3	500		
2	PB3	-6	74		
2	FBS	-3	255		
3	VA30	-6	84		
3	VASU	-3	254		
* Notes:	1)The reference	value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1			
	should be scaled	rerence Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R d (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in ues of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)			

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.3.1 and 9.2.3.2.

#### 9.2.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.3A.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS ( Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.3A.1 or 9.2.3A.3 and levels according to tables 9.2.3A.6 to 9.2.3A.9. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.7.

#### Table 9.2.3A.5: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### 9.2.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.3A.5, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.3A.6 to 9.2.3A.9 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.1 and F.6.3.5.4.2. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.3A.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.3A.6 to 9.2.3A.9 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3, PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (closed loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.3: column Note.

Table 9.2.3A.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		pplied)

Table 9.2.3A.7: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put $R$ (kbps) * T-put $R$ (k		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	118	399	
!	FAS	-2.9	225	458	
2	PB3	-5.9	50	199	
	FB3	-2.9	173	301	
3	VA30	-5.9	47	204	
3	VASU	-2.9	172	305	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

Table 9.2.3A.8: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		oplied)

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integers)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.3A.9 Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB			
1	PA3	-5.9	361			
'	FAS	-2.9	500			
2	PB3	-5.9	74			
	FB3	-2.9	255			
3	VA30	-5.9	84			
3	VASU	-2.9	254			
* Notes:	1)The reference	ralue R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1				
	2) For Fixed Refe	erence Channel (FRC) H	ence Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R			

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

# 9.2.3B Closed Loop Diversity Performance - QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

#### 9.2.3B.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver closed loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 11 and 12

#### 9.2.3B.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.1.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.3B.1 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.3B.2 and 9.2.3B.3.

Table 9.2.3B.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset (τ <sub>DPCH,n</sub> )	Chip		0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.3B.2: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	114	398	
!	FAS	-3	223	457	
2	PB3	-6	43	196	
2	FDS	-3	167	292	
3	VA30	-6	40	199	
3	VASU	-3	170	305	
* Note: The	reference value R is	for the Fixed Reference Ch	annel (FRC) H-Set 4		

Table 9.2.3B.3: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	177	599	
'	FAS	-3	338	687	
2	PB3	-6	75	299	
_	FBS	-3	260	452	
3	2 1/420	-6	71	306	
3	VA30	-3	258	458	
* Note: The	reference value	R is for the Fixed Reference	e Channel (FRC) H-Set 5		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.2.3.3.

# 9.2.3B.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.3B.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.3B.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.3B.1 and levels according to tables 9.2.3B.5 to 9.2.3B.7. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.7.

#### Table 9.2.3B.4: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### 9.2.3B.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.3B.4, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.3B.5 to 9.2.3B.7 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.3 and F.6.3.5.4.4. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.3B.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.3B.5 to 9.2.3B.7 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3, PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (closed loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.3: column Note.

Table 9.2.3B.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		applied)

Table 9.2.3B.6: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	114	398	
Į.	FAS	-2.9	223	457	
2	PB3	-5.9	43	196	
2	FD3	-2.9	167	292	
2	\/^20	-5.9	40	199	
3	VA30	-2.9	170	305	

Table 9.2.3B.7: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	177	599	
1	FAS	-2.9	338	687	
2	PB3	-5.9	75	299	
2	FDS	-2.9	260	452	
3	2 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-5.9	71	306	
3	VA30	-2.9	258	458	
* Note: The	reference value	R is for the Fixed Reference	e Channel (FRC) H-Set 5		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

# 9.2.3C Closed Loop Diversity Performance Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1, QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

#### 9.2.3C.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver closed loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1.

The requirements and this test apply also to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

## 9.2.3C.2 Minimum requirements

Note:

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.2.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.3C.1 and 9.2.3C.3 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.3C.2 and 9.2.3C.4.

Table 9.2.3C.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and				
constellation version coding		{0,2,5,6}		
sequence				
Maximum number of HARQ			4	
transmission				
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing			1	
adjustment mode			I	

The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-

Table 9.2.3C.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put $R$ (kbps) * T-put $R$ (kbps)		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	118	399	
'	PAS	-3	225	458	
2	PB3	-6	50	199	
	FDS	-3	173	301	
3	VA30	-6	47	204	
3		-3	172	305	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

- 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integers)
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.2.3C.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Ohin		0	
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and			(0.0.4.5)	
constellation version coding			{6,2,1,5}	
sequence				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.3C.4 Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	er Conditions HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{_{or}}$ (dB)		T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
	DAG	-6	361
1	PA3	-3	500
2	PB3	-6	74
2	PD3	-3	255
3	VA30	-6	84
3		-3	254

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R
should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.3.1 and 9.2.3.2.

# 9.2.3C.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.3C.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.3C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.22 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.12 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.3C.1 or 9.2.3C.3 and levels according to tables 9.2.3C.6 to 9.2.3C.9. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.5.

#### Table 9.2.3C.5: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

#### 9.2.3C.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.3C.5, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.3C.6 to 9.2.3C.9 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.1 and F.6.3.5.4.2. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.3C.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.3C.6 to 9.2.3C.9 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3, PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (closed loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.3: column Note.

Table 9.2.3C.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		pplied)

Table 9.2.3C.7: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value  HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) * T-put R (kbps)		
Number	Conditions			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	118	399
'	FAS	-2.9	225	458
2	PB3	-5.9	50	199
2	FDS	-2.9	173	301
3	VA30	-5.9	47	204
3		-2.9	172	305

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

Table 9.2.3C.8: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference P-CPICH				
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no	test tolerance ap	oplied)

Table 9.2.3C.9 Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 1, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test			Reference value
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	361
'	FAS	-2.9	500
2	PB3	-5.9	74
	FDS	-2.9	255
3	VA30	-5.9	84
3		-2.9	254

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

# 9.2.3D Closed Loop Diversity Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 2 - QPSK/16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/3

#### 9.2.3D.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver closed loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integers)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8 and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2.

#### 9.2.3D.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.3.

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 6/3 specified in Annex C.8.1.6 and C.8.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.3D.1, 9.2.3D.5 and 9.2.3D.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.3D.2, 9.2.3D.4, 9.2.3D.6 and 9.2.3D.8.

Table 9.2.3D.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
DPCH frame offset	01.		
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4	
Feedback Error Rate	%	4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.			

Table 9.2.3D.2: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PB3	-3	1536	

Table 9.2.3D.3: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1		
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin	0		
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	0		
Redundancy and constellation version		{6,2,1,5}		
coding sequence		[0,2,1,0]		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Feedback Error Rate	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode 1				
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.3D.4: Minimum requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PB3	-3	1154	

Table 9.2.3D.5: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and				
constellation version coding			{0,2,5,6}	
sequence				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
transmission				
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing			1	
adjustment mode			ı	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-				
SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.3D.6: Minimum requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value  HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) * T-put R (kbps) *		
Number	Conditions			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	118	399
ı	PAS	-3	225	458
2	PB3	-6	50	199
	rbo	-3	173	*Note 2
3	VA30	-6	47	204
3	VA30	-3	172	305

\* Notes:

1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

2) Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian B 3km/h with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB and  $E_c/I_{or}$ =-3dB are set according to H-Set 6.

Table 9.2.3D.7: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset	Oh:n			
(T <sub>DPCH,n</sub> )	Chip		0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.2.3D.8 Minimum requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	361	
ı	PAS	-3	500	
2	PB3	-6	74	
2	FBS	-3	*Note 2	
3	VA30	-6	84	
3	VA30	-3	254	
* Notes:	: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for			
Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where				

values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
2) Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for

Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian B 3km/h with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB and  $E_c/I_{or}$  =-3dB are set according to H-Set 6.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.3.1, 9.2.3.2, 9.2.3.4 and 9.2.3.5.

#### 9.2.3D.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.3D.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.3D.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.

- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-3 according to table 9.2.3D.1, 9.2.3D.3, 9.2.3D.5 or 9.2.3D.7 and levels according to tables 9.2.3D.10 to 9.2.3D.17. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 \* 10 bits long ) Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.7.

#### Table 9.2.3D.9: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### 9.2.3D.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.3D.9, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.3D.10 to 9.2.3D.17 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.1, F.6.3.5.4.2, F.6.3.5.4.5 and F.6.3.5.4.6. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

# 9.2.3D.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.3D.10 to 9.2.3D.17 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3, PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (closed loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.3: column Note.

Table 9.2.3D.10: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter Unit		Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)

Table 9.2.3D.11: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value					Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB							
1	PB3	-2.9	1536						

Table 9.2.3D.12: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)

Table 9.2.3D.13: Test requirement Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *				
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB			
1	PB3	-2.9	1154			

Table 9.2.3D.14: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		oplied)

Table 9.2.3D.15: Test requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value						
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *				
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB				
1	PA3	-5.9	118	399				
'	FAS	-2.9	225	458				
2	PB3	-5.9	50	199				
	FBS	-2.9	173	*Note 2				
3	VA30	-5.9	47	204				
3   VA	VA30	-2.9	172	305				
* Notes:	1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)  2) Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7							
	and 8 in Pedestrian B 3km/h with $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB and $E_c/I_{or}$ =-3dB are set according to H-Set							

Table 9.2.3D.16: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		pplied)

Table 9.2.3D.17 Test requirement Enhanced performance requirements Type 2, 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

Test	Propagation	Reference value					
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10.8 dB				
4	PA3	-5.9	361				
1	PAS	-2.9	500				
2	PB3	-5.9	74				
	PD3	-2.9	*Note 2				
3	VA30	-5.9	84				
3	VASU	-2.9	254				
* Notes:	1)The reference	value R is for the Fixed F	alue R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for				

Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1, for Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

2) Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian B 3km/h with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB and  $E_c/I_{or}$  =-3dB are set according to H-Set 6.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

#### 9.2.4 MIMO Performance

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

The test case in section 9.2.4A defines the MIMO Performance test for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9.

# 9.2.4A MIMO Performance - Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9

# 9.2.4A.1 Definition and applicability

The MIMO performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments is determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 15 and 16.

#### 9.2.4A.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to the relevant part of Table 9.2.4.

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 9 specified in Annex C.8.1.9, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.2.4A.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

The primary precoding vector signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred primary precoding vector reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

The determination of applied precoding vector for single transport block transmission shall be as follows: the reported preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block.

The determination of applied precoding vector for two transport block transmission shall be as follows: If the CQI reported by the UE indicates a preference for a single transport block, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block. If the CQI reported by the UE indicates a preference for two transport blocks, and the preferred primary precoding vector corresponds to the highest reported CQI value, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary precoding vector does not correspond to the highest reported CQI value, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the secondary transport block.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.2.4A.2.

Table 9.2.4A.1: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO FRC H-Set 9

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	0	-60	
DPCH frame offset	Chin	0		0	
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	U			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5} for 16QAM {0,2,5,6} for QPSK		{6,2,1,5} for 16QAM	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		4	
PCI/CQI reporting Error Rate	%	0		(	)
Number of transport blocks		2		1	I
Modulation		Primary Transport Block: 16QAM Secondary Transport Block: QPSK  Primary Tr Block: 16 Second Transport not us		16QAM ndary t Block is	

Table 9.2.4A.2: Minimum requirement MIMO, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps)			
		$\hat{I}_{or}^{}$ $/$ $I_{oc}^{}$ (dB)	$E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB			
1	PA3	10	5563			
2	VA3	10	4347			
3	PA3	6	3933			
4	VA3	6	3011			

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.2.4.1.

# 9.2.4A.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

#### 9.2.4A.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.4A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 2. Connect the SS (Node B Emulator) and faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connectors as shown in figure A.22.
- 2. Set the node B emulator behaviour according to table 9.2.4. Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to table 9.2.4A.1 and levels according to tables 9.2.4A.4 and 9.2.4A.5. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 9 dual stream [tests 1 & 2]: The information bit payload block is 17548 bits for the primary block using 16QAM and 9719 bits for the secondary block using QPSK. Hence the PRBS must be at least 17548 \* 10 bits long for the primary block and 9719 \* 10 bits for the secondary block. Also. For fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 9 single stream [tests 3 & 4]: The information bit payload block, there is only one payload block size which is 17548 bits using QPSK, hence the PRBS must be at least 17548 \* 10 bits long for the single stream case). Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].
- 4. Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.9.2 and clause D.2 for tests 1&2 and as described in table D.2.9.1 and clause D.2 for tests 3&4.

Table 9.2.4A.3: Specific Message Contents for MIMO

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for HSDPA Tests 1 & 2

Information Element	Value/remark
MIMO parameters	
- MIMO operation	Start
- MIMO N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio	1/1
- MIMO pilot configuration	
- CHOICE Second CPICH pattern	
>Antenna2 P-CPICH	
>Antenna1 S-CPICH	

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for HSDPA Tests 3 & 4

Information Element	Value/remark
MIMO parameters	
- MIMO operation	Start
<ul> <li>MIMO N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio</li> </ul>	FFS
- MIMO pilot configuration	
- CHOICE Second CPICH pattern	
>Antenna2 P-CPICH	
>Antenna1 S-CPICH	

#### 9.2.4A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA with looping back 12.2kbps RMC connection according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.2.4A.3, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B as specified by table E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for H-set 9 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.1 and F.6.3.5.3.2. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

#### 9.2.4A.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.4A.4 and 9.2.4A.5 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8B, when applied in this subclause (MIMO performecne) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Table 9.2.4A.4: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH	P-CPICH		
I	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no tes	t tolerance	-60 (ı	no test
¹oc	GDITI/5.07 IVII 12	applied)		tolerance	e applied)

Table 9.2.4A.5: Test requirement MIMO Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps)
		$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ (dB)	$E_c/I_{or} = -1.9 \text{ dB}$
1	PA3	10+TBD	5563
2	VA3	10+TBD	4347
3	PA3	6+TBD	3933
4	VA3	6+TBD	3011

# 9.3 Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator

For the cases in this subclause where CQI reporting is evaluated under fading conditions it is expected that the UE will not always detect the HS-SCCH, resulting in a DTX for the uplink ACK/NACK transmission. The downlink configuration for evaluating CQI performance does not use retransmission. Therefore any BLER calculations must exclude any packets where the UE may have attempted to combine data from more than one transmission due to having missed one or more new data indicators from lost HS-SCCH transmissions.

The implication of this situation is covered in the procedure for each test.

# 9.3.1 Single Link Performance - AWGN Propagation Conditions

#### 9.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

#### 9.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.1 the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm -2$  of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI  $\pm 2$ ) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI  $\pm 1$ ) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.3.1.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in AWGN – single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	10
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$	dB		-3	
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-		1	
Number of HS-SCCH se to be monitored	t _	1		
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2		
CQI repetition factor	-		1	
HS-SCCH-1 signalling		frame HS-3 be "XO0 TTI in wh identity of indicates	orate inter-TTI=: SCCH-1 signallir DXOO", where lich the HS-SCC of the UE under the TTI in which the s a different UE	ng pattern shall e "X" indicates H-1 uses the test, and "O" e HS-SCCH-1
Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [8].				
Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physic channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214			Other physical g table	
Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.				
	transport format the p continuously with co			S-PDSCH shall

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.1.1.

# 9.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the variance of the CQI reports when using TF based on CQI 16 is within the limits defined and that a BLER of 10% falls between the TF based on Median CQI-1 and the TF based on Median CQI and the TF based on Median CQI+2.

#### 9.3.1.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data
  is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The
  sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for
  consecutive transmissions.

#### 9.3.1.4.2 Procedure

1) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0, and with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP message.

Information Element	Value/Remark	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DL Scrambling Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Info		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2	
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	Compatible with the values in table 9.3.1.1 and according to TS 25.214 [5] clause 6A.2	
- Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information		
- CHOICE DL parameters	HS-DSCH	
- HARQ Info		
- Number of Processes	2	
- Added or reconfigured MAC-d flow		
- MAC-hs queue to add or reconfigure list	(one queue)	
- MAC-d PDU size Info		
- MAC-d PDU size	112 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	0	
- MAC-d PDU size	448 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	1	
Note 1: For UE Categories 1-6, 11 and 12, MAC-d		
categories, MAC-d PDU sizes of 112 and 448 are used. Less than CQI value of 23		
according to [5], 112 is used, and above the CQI values, 448 is used.		

2) Set test conditions according to test 1 in table 9.3.1.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.

Note: The following part of the procedure will test if the UE reports a limited range of CQI values under the predefined channel conditions.

3) The SS shall send the TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH until 2000 CQI reports have been gathered. In this process the SS

collects CQI reports every 2 ms and also cases where UE transmits nothing in its CQI field (CQI0) are counted as CQI reports.

- 4) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the CQI-values, reported. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) If 1800 or more of the CQI values are in the range (Median CQI 2)  $\leq$  Median CQI  $\leq$  (Median CQI + 2) then continue with step 6), otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The following part of the procedure will test if BLER versus CQI has the correct sense.

6) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE's CQI reports. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the associated ACK, NACK and statDTX responses. The responses are then filtered as follows: for the sequence of responses for each HARQ process, discard all the statDTX responses. If the number of consecutive discarded statDTX for any one process is an odd number including one, also discard the next response for that HARQ process regardless whether it is an ACK or NACK. Continue to gather data until the number of filtered ACK+NACK responses reaches 1000.

For the filtered ACK and NACK responses if the ratio (NACK / ACK + NACK) < 0.1 then goto step 7), otherwise goto step 8)

7) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI+2 value and shall not react to the UE's CQIreports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record and filter the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses as in step 6 until 1000 filtered ACK+NACK responses are gathered.

```
If the ratio (NACK /ACK + NACK ) \geq 0.1
```

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE

8) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI-1 value and shall not react to the UE's CQI value. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record and filter the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses as in step 6 until 1000 filtered ACK+NACK responses are gathered.

```
If the ratio ( NACK / ACK + NACK) < 0.1
```

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The statistical selectivity based on 1000 samples is not sufficient to distinguish between BLER < 0.1 and > 0.1. However, it is assumed that the difference between

```
[true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI + 2)] and [true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI - 1)]
```

is large enough to exceed the statistical uncertainty and hence the measurement can indicate the correct sense of BLER.

9) Repeat the same procedure (steps 3 to 8) with test conditions according to the table 9.3.1.1 for Test 2 and Test 3.

# 9.3.1.5 Test Requirements

The pass fail decision is as specified in the test procedure in clause 9.3.1.4.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

# 9.3.2 Single Link Performance - Fading Propagation Conditions

#### 9.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

# 9.3.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.1, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.2.2.. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.3.2.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading – single link

Paramete	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	-4
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8.5	
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-1	6
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1	I
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1	1
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	2
CQI repetition factor	-	1	
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-		es TTI in which the the identity of the d "O" indicates TTI -SCCH-1 uses a
Propagation Channel		Cas	se 8
Note1: Measurement power offset "\Gamma" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [8]  Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters as			ed CQI statistics.
configured according to the CQI maping table described in TS25.214  Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.			in TS25.214 power adjustment
Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.			

Table 9.3.2.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - single link

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER	
	Test 1	Test2
CQI median	60%	60%
CQI median + 3	15%	15%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.1.2.

#### 9.3.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is  $\leq 60\%$  and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is  $\leq 15\%$ .

#### 9.3.2.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for consecutive transmissions.

#### 9.3.2.4.2 Procedure

1) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0, and with the following exceptions in the RADIO BEARER SETUP message. Set test conditions according to test 1 in table 9.3.2.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.

Table 9.3.2.3 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/Remark	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DL Scrambling Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Info - HS-SCCH Channelisation Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code  - Measurement Feedback Info	2	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	Compatible with the values in table 9.3.2.1 and	
	according to TS 25.214 [5] clause 6A.2	
- Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information		
- CHOICE DL parameters	HS-DSCH	
- HARQ Info		
- Number of Processes	2	
<ul> <li>Added or reconfigured MAC-d flow</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>MAC-hs queue to add or reconfigure list</li> </ul>	(one queue)	
- MAC-d PDU size Info		
- MAC-d PDU size	112 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	0	
- MAC-d PDU size	448 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	1	
Note 1: For UE Categories 1-6, 11 and 12, MAC-d		
categories, MAC-d PDU sizes of 112 and 448 are used. Less than CQI value of 23		
according to [5], 112 is used, and above the CQI values, 448 is used.		

- 2) The SS shall send TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH until 8200 CQI reports have been gathered. In this process the SS collects CQI reports every 2 ms and also cases where UE transmits nothing in its CQI field (CQI0) are counted as CQI reports.
- 3) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the reported CQI values. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 4) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE's reported CQI value. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses, and associate with each response the CQI report that corresponds to the CQI evaluation period in which the end of the HS-PDSCH is received. (See figure 9.3.2.1 below.)

The responses are then filtered as follows: for the sequence of responses for each HARQ process, discard all the statDTX responses. If the number of consecutive discarded statDTX for any one process is an odd number including one, also discard the next response for that HARQ process regardless whether it is an ACK or NACK.

Continue to gather and filter responses until 1000 filtered responses with CQI = Median CQI and 1000 filtered responses with CQI = Median CQI + 3 have been collected.

5) Measure BLER as described below.

In the test there are two BLER requirements to be tested:

R1: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI BLER ≤ 60%

R2: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI + 3 BLER  $\leq$  15%

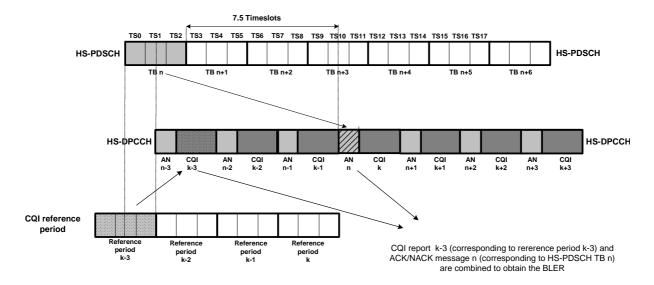


Figure 9.3.2.1 Combination of ACK/NACK message and the CQI report for BLER calculation

For each set of samples R1 and R2 the BLER = (NACK) / (ACK + NACK)

Repeat the same procedure with test conditions according to the test 2 of table 9.3.2.1.

# 9.3.2.5 Test Requirements

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in table 9.3.2.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

# 9.3.3 Open Loop Diversity Performance - AWGN Propagation Conditions

#### 9.3.3.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

# 9.3.3.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.2 the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI  $\pm$ 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI  $\pm$ 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.3.3.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in AWGN - single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	10
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$HS\text{-PDSCH}E_{c}/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB	-3		
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10		
$DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-		1	
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1		
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2		
CQI repetition factor	-	1		
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub- frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.		ng pattern shall e "X" indicates H-1 uses the test, and "O" e HS-SCCH-1
Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as define in [8].				
Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physic channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214			Other physical g table	
<ul> <li>Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.</li> <li>Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH s be transmitted continuously with constant power.</li> </ul>			-	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.2.1.

#### 9.3.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the variance of the CQI reports when using TF based on CQI 16 is within the limits defined and that a BLER of 10% falls between the TF based on Median CQI-1 and the TF based on Median CQI and the TF based on Median CQI+2.

#### 9.3.3.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12a.
- 2. Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for consecutive transmissions.

#### 9.3.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.3.3.2, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2) Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.3.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.

Note: The following part of the procedure will test if the UE reports a limited range of CQI values under the predefined channel conditions.

- 3) The SS shall send the TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH until 2000 CQI reports have been gathered. In this process the SS collects CQI reports every 2 ms and also cases where UE transmits nothing in its CQI field (CQI0) are counted as CQI reports.
- 4) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the CQI-values, reported. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) If 1800 or more of the CQI values are in the range (Median CQI 2)  $\leq$  Median CQI  $\leq$  (Median CQI + 2) then continue with step 6), otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The following part of the procedure will test if BLER versus CQI has the correct sense.

6) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE's CQI reports. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the associated ACK, NACK and statDTX responses. The responses are then filtered as follows: for the sequence of responses for each HARQ process, discard all the statDTX responses. If the number of consecutive discarded statDTX for any one process is an odd number including one, also discard the next response for that HARQ process regardless whether it is an ACK or NACK. Continue to gather data until the number of filtered ACK+NACK responses reaches 1000.

For the filtered ACK and NACK responses if the ratio ( NACK / ACK + NACK) < 0.1 then goto step 7), otherwise goto step 8)

7) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI+2 value and shall not react to the UE's CQIreports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record and filter the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses as in step 6 until 1000 filtered ACK+NACK responses are gathered.

```
If the ratio (NACK /ACK + NACK ) \geq 0.1
```

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE

8) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI-1 value and shall not react to the UE's CQI value. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record and filter the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses as in step 6 until 1000 filtered ACK+NACK responses are gathered.

```
If the ratio (NACK / ACK + NACK) < 0.1
```

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The statistical selectivity based on 1000 samples is not sufficient to distinguish between BLER < 0.1 and > 0.1. However, it is assumed that the difference between

```
[true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI + 2)] and [true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI - 1)]
```

is large enough to exceed the statistical uncertainty and hence the measurement can indicate the correct sense of BLER.

9) Repeat the same procedure (steps 3 to 8) with test conditions according to the table 9.3.3.1 for Test 2 and Test 3.

# Table 9.3.3.2: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

# SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

# RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

# RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/remark	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DL Scrambling Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Info		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2	
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	Compatible with the values in table 9.3.3.1 and	
	according to TS 25.214 [5] clause 6A.2	
- Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information		
- CHOICE DL parameters	HS-DSCH	
- HARQ Info		
- Number of Processes	2	
- Added or reconfigured MAC-d flow		
- MAC-hs queue to add or reconfigure list	(one queue)	
- MAC-d PDU size Info	44017 (01 4 4)	
- MAC-d PDU size	112 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	0	
- MAC-d PDU size	448 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	1	
Downlink information common for all radio links		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	
Note 1: For UE Categories 1-6, 11 and 12, MAC-d PDU size of 112 is used. For other UE categories, MAC-d		
PDU sizes of 112 and 448 are used. Less than CQI value of 23 according to [5], 112 is used, and above		

#### 9.3.3.5 Test Requirements

the CQI values, 448 is used.

The pass fail decision is as specified in the test procedure in clause 9.3.3.4.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

## 9.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance - Fading Propagation Conditions

#### 9.3.4.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

## 9.3.4.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.2, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.4.2.. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.3.4.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading – single link

Paramete Unit		Test 1	Test 2
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	-4
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	.5
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-1	6
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1	I
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1	I
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	2
CQI repetition factor	-	1	1
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates T in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.	
Propagation Channel		Cas	se 8
<ul> <li>Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [8]</li> <li>Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are</li> </ul>			
configured according to the CQI maping table described in TS25.214  Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.  Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-			
PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.			power.

Table 9.3.4.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - single link

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER	
	Test 1	Test2
CQI median	60%	60%
CQI median + 3	15%	15%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.2.2.

#### 9.3.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is  $\leq 60\%$  and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is  $\leq 15\%$ .

#### 9.3.4.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The

sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for consecutive transmissions.

3) Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1B and clause D.2.7.

#### 9.3.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.3.4.3, with levels according to table E.5.0. Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.4.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.
- 2) The SS shall send TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH until 8200 CQI reports have been gathered. In this process the SS collects CQI reports every 2 ms and also cases where UE transmits nothing in its CQI field (CQI0) are counted as CQI reports.
  - 3) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the reported CQI values. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median COI value,
- 4) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE's reported CQI value. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses, and associate with each response the CQI report that corresponds to the CQI evaluation period in which the end of the HS-PDSCH is received. (See figure 9.3.4.1 below.)

The responses are then filtered as follows: for the sequence of responses for each HARQ process, discard all the statDTX responses. If the number of consecutive discarded statDTX for any one process is an odd number including one, also discard the next response for that HARQ process regardless whether it is an ACK or NACK. Continue to gather and filter responses until 1000 filtered responses with CQI = Median CQI + 3 have been collected.

5) Measure BLER as described below.

In the test there are two BLER requirements to be tested:

R1: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI BLER ≤ 60%

R2: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI + 3 BLER  $\leq$  15%

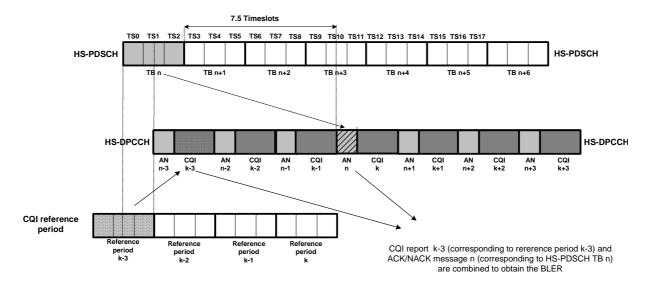


Figure 9.3.4.1 Combination of ACK/NACK message and the CQI report for BLER calculation

For each set of events R1 and R2 the BLER = (NACK) / (ACK + NACK)

Repeat the same procedure with test conditions according to the test 2 of table 9.3.4.1.

## Table 9.3.4.3: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

## SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/remark	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DL Scrambling Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Info		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2	
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	Compatible with the values in table 9.3.4.1 and	
	according to TS 25.214 [5] clause 6A.2	
- Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information		
- CHOICE DL parameters	HS-DSCH	
- HARQ Info		
- Number of Processes	2	
- Added or reconfigured MAC-d flow		
- MAC-hs queue to add or reconfigure list	(one queue)	
- MAC-d PDU size Info		
- MAC-d PDU size	112 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	0	
- MAC-d PDU size	448 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	1	
Downlink information common for all radio links		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	
Note 1: For UE Categories 1-6, 11 and 12, MAC-d PDU size of 112 is used. For other UE categories, MAC-d		
PDU sizes of 112 and 448 are used. Less than CQI value of 23 according to [5], 112 is used, and above		

#### 9.3.4.5 Test Requirements

the CQI values, 448 is used.

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in table 9.3.4.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

## 9.3.5 Closed Loop Diversity Performance - AWGN Propagation Conditions

#### 9.3.5.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

#### 9.3.5.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.3 the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 fthe reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI  $\pm$ 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI  $\pm$ 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.3.5.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in AWGN - single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	10
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$HS\text{-PDSCH}E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-3	
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
$DPCH\ E_{c}/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-		1	
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-		1	
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2		
CQI repetition factor	-	1		
Feedback Error Rate	%	0		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub- frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates  TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.			
Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [8].				
Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214  Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ				
described in TS 25.214.  Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shabe transmitted continuously with constant power.				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.3.1.

#### 9.3.5.3 Test purpose

To verify that the variance of the CQI reports when using TF based on CQI 16 is within the limits defined and that a BLER of 10% falls between the TF based on Median CQI-1 and the TF based on Median CQI and the TF based on Median CQI and the TF based on Median CQI+2.

#### 9.3.5.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12a.
- 2. Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for consecutive transmissions.

#### 9.3.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.3.5.2, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2) Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.5.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.

Note: The following part of the procedure will test if the UE reports a limited range of CQI values under the predefined channel conditions.

- 3) The SS shall send the TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH until 2000 CQI reports have been gathered. In this process the SS collects CQI reports every 2 ms and also cases where UE transmits nothing in its CQI field (CQI0) are counted as CQI reports.
- 4) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the CQI-values, reported. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) If 1800 or more of the CQI values are in the range (Median CQI 2)  $\leq$  Median CQI  $\leq$  (Median CQI + 2) then continue with step 6), otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The following part of the procedure will test if BLER versus CQI has the correct sense.

6) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE's CQI reports. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the associated ACK, NACK and statDTX responses. The responses are then filtered as follows: for the sequence of responses for each HARQ process, discard all the statDTX responses. If the number of consecutive discarded statDTX for any one process is an odd number including one, also discard the next response for that HARQ process regardless whether it is an ACK or NACK. Continue to gather data until the number of filtered ACK+NACK responses reaches 1000.

For the filtered ACK and NACK responses if the ratio ( NACK / ACK + NACK) < 0.1 then goto step 7), otherwise goto step 8)

7) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI+2 value and shall not react to the UE's CQIreports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record and filter the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses as in step 6 until 1000 filtered ACK+NACK responses are gathered.

```
If the ratio (NACK /ACK + NACK ) \geq 0.1
```

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE

8) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI-1 value and shall not react to the UE's CQI value. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record and filter the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses as in step 6 until 1000 filtered ACK+NACK responses are gathered.

```
If the ratio (NACK / ACK + NACK) < 0.1
```

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The statistical selectivity based on 1000 samples is not sufficient to distinguish between BLER < 0.1 and > 0.1. However, it is assumed that the difference between

```
[true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI + 2)] and [true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI - 1)]
```

is large enough to exceed the statistical uncertainty and hence the measurement can indicate the correct sense of BLER.

9) Repeat the same procedure (steps 3 to 8) with test conditions according to the table 9.3.5.1 for Test 2 and Test 3.

## Table 9.3.5.2: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

## SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/remark	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DL Scrambling Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Info		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2	
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	Compatible with the values in table 9.3.5.1 and	
	according to TS 25.214 [5] clause 6A.2	
<ul> <li>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information</li> </ul>		
- CHOICE DL parameters	HS-DSCH	
- HARQ Info		
- Number of Processes	2	
<ul> <li>Added or reconfigured MAC-d flow</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>MAC-hs queue to add or reconfigure list</li> </ul>	(one queue)	
- MAC-d PDU size Info		
- MAC-d PDU size	112 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	0	
- MAC-d PDU size	448 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	1	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
- Number of FBI bit	1	
Downlink information common for all radio links		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	
Note 1: For UE Categories 1-6, 11 and 12, MAC-d PD	U size of 112 is used. For other UE categories, MAC-d	
PDU sizes of 112 and 448 are used. Less than CQI value of 23 according to [5], 112 is used, and above		

#### 9.3.5.5 Test Requirements

the CQI values, 448 is used.

The pass fail decision is as specified in the test procedure in clause 9.3.5.4.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

## 9.3.6 Closed Loop Diversity Performance - Fading Propagation Conditions

#### 9.3.6.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

#### 9.3.6.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.3, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.6.2.. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.3.6.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading – single link

Paramete	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	-4
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	.5
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-(	6
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1	
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1	l
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	2
CQI repetition factor	-	1	
Feedback Error Rate	%	(	)
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1	l
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate in sub-frame HS-SC pattern shall be 'where "X" indicate HS-SCCH-1 uses UE under test, and in which the HS-different U	CCH-1 signalling 'XOOXOO", ss TTI in which the the identity of the d "O" indicates TTI SCCH-1 uses a
Propagation Channel		Cas	
<ul> <li>Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [8]</li> <li>Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI maping table described in TS25.214</li> </ul>			
Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment $\Delta$ described in TS 25.214.			
Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.			

Table 9.3.6.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - single link

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER	
	Test 1	Test2
CQI median	60%	60%
CQI median + 3	15%	15%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.3.2.

#### 9.3.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is  $\leq 60\%$  and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is  $\leq 15\%$ .

#### 9.3.6.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.

- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks.
- 3) Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1B and clause D.2.7.

#### 9.3.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.3.6.3, with levels according to table E.5.0. Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.6.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.
- 2) The SS shall send TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH until 8200 CQI reports have been gathered. In this process the SS collects CQI reports every 2 ms and also cases where UE transmits nothing in its CQI field (CQI0) are counted as CQI reports.
- 3) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the reported CQI values. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median COI value.
- 4) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE's reported CQI value. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the ACK, NACK and statDTX responses, and associate with each response the CQI report that corresponds to the CQI evaluation period in which the end of the HS-PDSCH is received. (See figure 9.3.6.1 below.)

The responses are then filtered as follows: for the sequence of responses for each HARQ process, discard all the statDTX responses. If the number of consecutive discarded statDTX for any one process is an odd number including one, also discard the next response for that HARQ process regardless whether it is an ACK or NACK. Continue to gather and filter responses until 1000 filtered responses with CQI = Median CQI and 1000 filtered responses with CQI = Median CQI + 3 have been collected.

5) Measure BLER as described below.

In the test there are two BLER requirements to be tested:

R1: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI BLER ≤ 60%

R2: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI + 3 BLER  $\leq$  15%

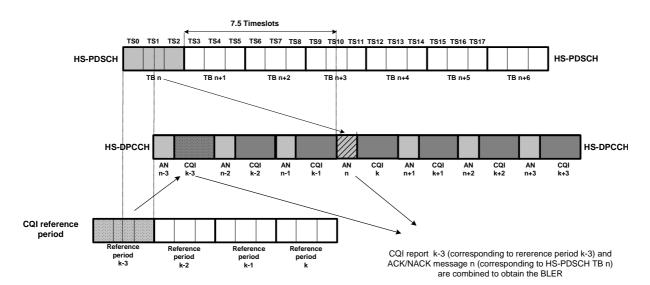


Figure 9.3.6.1 Combination of ACK/NACK message and the CQI report for BLER calculation

For each set of events R1 and R2 the BLER = (NACK) / (ACK + NACK)

Repeat the same procedure with test conditions according to the test 2 of table 9.3.6.1.

## Table 9.3.6.3: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

## SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM (HSDPA)

Information Element	Value/remark	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DL Scrambling Code		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code Info		
- HS-SCCH Channelisation Code	2	
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	Compatible with the values in table 9.3.6.1 and	
	according to TS 25.214 [5] clause 6A.2	
<ul> <li>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information</li> </ul>		
- CHOICE DL parameters	HS-DSCH	
- HARQ Info		
- Number of Processes	2	
<ul> <li>Added or reconfigured MAC-d flow</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>MAC-hs queue to add or reconfigure list</li> </ul>	(one queue)	
- MAC-d PDU size Info		
- MAC-d PDU size	112 bits (Note 1)	
- MAC-d PDU size index	0	
- MAC-d PDU size	448	
- MAC-d PDU size index	1	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
- Number of FBI bit	1	
Downlink information common for all radio links		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	
	U size of 112 is used. For other UE categories, MAC-d	
PDU sizes of 112 and 448 are used. Less than CQI value of 23 according to [5], 112 is used, and above		

#### 9.3.6.5 Test Requirements

the CQI values, 448 is used.

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in table 9.3.6.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

#### 9.3.7 MIMO Performance

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

The test cases in sections 9.3.7A and 9.3.7B define the MIMO Performance test for Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator.

## 9.3.7A MIMO Single Stream Conditions

#### 9.3.7A.1 Definition and applicability

The minimum performance requirements of channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under MIMO single stream conditions are defined based on a CQI Type A versus Type B reporting ratio of 1/2, i.e. the parameters  $N_{\text{cqi}}$  type A and  $M_{\text{cqi}}$  (see [5]) are assumed to be set to 1 and 2, respectively. The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO single stream conditions are defined in Table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2. The precoding used at the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [5]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.

The reporting accuracy of CQI under MIMO single stream conditions is determined by the BLER performance when transmitting with a transport format indicated by the reported CQI median determined over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 7 and later for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 15 and 16.

#### 9.3.7A.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.7A.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.2, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.7A.2. The CQI median shall be determined over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2 with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI value was associated.

Table 9.3.7A.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

		_
Parameter	Unit	Test 1
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$	dB	-2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$ using STTD	dB	-15
$\begin{array}{c} DPCH\ E_c/I_{\mathit{or}} \\ using\ STTD \end{array}$	dB	-10
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1
CQI feedback cycle	Ms	2
CQI repetition factor	-	1
PCI/CQI reporting Error Rate	%	0
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO Where "X" indicates TTI in which	
Propagation Channel		MIMO single stream conditions
<ul> <li>Note 1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]</li> <li>Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause TBD is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one</li> </ul>		
parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described		

The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause TBD.

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment  $\Delta$  described in TS 25.214

For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-Note 4: PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.

Table 9.3.7A.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER
Reported CQI	Test 1
CQI median	60%
CQI median + 3	15%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.4.1.

#### 9.3.7A.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is  $\leq 60\%$  and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is  $\leq 15\%$ .

#### 9.3.7A.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.4.7A.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.22.
- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for consecutive transmissions.
- 3) Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.

#### 9.3.7A.4.2 Procedure

**TBD** 

#### 9.3.7A.5 Test Requirements

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in table 9.3.7A.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

#### 9.3.7B MIMO Dual Stream Conditions

#### 9.3.7B.1 Definition and applicability

The minimum performance requirements of channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under MIMO dual stream conditions are defined based on a Type A reporting fraction of 100%, i.e. the parameters  $N_{\text{cqi_typeA}}$  and  $M_{\text{cqi}}$  (see [5]) are assumed to be both set to 1. The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO dual stream conditions are defined in Table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2. The precoding used at the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding matrices as defined in [5]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in Table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.

The reporting accuracy of CQI under MIMO dual stream conditions is determined by the BLER performance of two streams of transport blocks using the transport formats indicated by the respective stream specific reported CQI median over all dual transport block CQI reports for each stream that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in Table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 7 and later for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 15 and 16.

#### 9.3.7B.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.7B.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.2, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each stream when transmitting a fixed transport format per stream given by the stream specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.7B.2. The stream specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in Table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the first column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in Table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used respectively to determine the median CQI values for stream #1 and stream #2 as depicted in Figure B.5 in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the second column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used to determine the median CQI values for stream #2 and stream #1, respectively. The stream specific BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with a PCI report that was matching the precoding matrix

embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2 with the two transport blocks of the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fractions of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI values were associated.

Table 9.3.7B.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB	-2
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$ using STTD	dB	-15
$\begin{array}{c} DPCH\ E_{c}/I_{\mathit{or}}\\ using\ STTD \end{array}$	dB	-10
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1
CQI feedback cycle	Ms	2
CQI repetition factor	-	1
PCI/CQI reporting Error Rate	%	0
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.
		MIMO single stream conditions
	ower offset "Γ" is co	onfigured by RRC accordingly and as
Note 2: TF for HS-PDSC TF based on me reports and all T reports matching channel as defin	dian CQI over all s ype B CQI reports the precoding vec ed in subclause TE	cording to the reported CQI statistics. ingle transport block Type A CQI that were reported together with PCI stor embedded in the propagation BD is used. Other physical channeling to the CQI mapping table described

Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause TBD is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause TBD.

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior is decreased according to reference power adjustment  $\Delta$  described in TS 25.214

Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.

Table 9.3.7B.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER
Reported CQ1	Test 1
CQI median	60%
CQI median + 3	15%

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.3.4.1.

#### 9.3.7B.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is  $\leq 60\%$  and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is  $\leq 15\%$ .

#### 9.3.7B.4 Method of test

#### 9.3.4.7B.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.22.
- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks. The sending of new data means that for each HARQ process the new data indicator bit in the HS-SCCH toggles for consecutive transmissions.
- 3) Setup the fading simulators with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.A and clause D.2.

#### 9.3.7B.4.2 Procedure

**TBD** 

#### 9.3.7A.5 Test Requirements

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in table 9.3.7A.2.

There are no parameters in the test setup or measurement process whose variation impacts the results so there are no applicable test tolerances for this test.

#### 9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance

## 9.4.1 Single Link Performance

#### 9.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$ , which is declared when the UE is signalled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  is denoted  $P(E_{\rm m})$ .

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA.

#### 9.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.4.1.2 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ .

Table 9.4.1.1: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	•		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCC	H-1: 10101010	10101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$			rd TTI only, UE	
10,2 10,2			ed solely via HS	
			H-2: 00010010 <sup>4</sup>	
			H-3: 00011010 <sup>4</sup>	
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010		
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF corresponding to CQI1		
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern		The HS-SCCH	I-1 shall be tran	smitted
		continuously with constant power.		wer.
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern		The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted		smitted
		continuously w	vith constant pov	wer.
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-	The six sub-fra	ame HS-SCCH-	1 signalling
		pattern shall b	e "XOOXOO.	", where "X"
		indicates TTI in	n which the HS-	SCCH-1 uses
		the identity of	the UE under te	st, and "O"
		indicates TTI in	n which the HS-	SCCH-1 uses
		a different UE	identity.	

Table 9.4.1.2: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-9	0	0.05
2	PA3	-9.9	5	0.01
3	VA30	-10	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.4.1.

#### 9.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that  $P(E_{\rm m})$  does not exceed the limit in table 9.4.1.2.

#### 9.4.1.4 Method of test

#### 9.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test 1-3 as specified in table 9.4.1.3 and 9.4.1.4. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A.

#### 9.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The UE is switched on.
- 2. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Table E.5.4 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.

4. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.1 and table F.6.1.8. NACK and ACK are counted as a pass and statDTX is counted as a failure.

## 9.4.1.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.4.1.3. and 9.4.1.4 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for relevant tests. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  denoted as  $P(E_{\rm m})$  (test procedure step 3) shall not exceed the specified value in table 9.4.1.4. The pass/fail decision is done according to Annex F.6.1.

Table 9.4.1.3: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-9.9	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCC	H-1: 101010101	10101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		(every third TTI only, UE under test addressed solely via HS-SCCH-1) HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010 HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010		
		HS-SCC	H-4: 000111111	10101010
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF corresponding to CQI1		
MAC-d PDU size	Bits	112		
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern			I-1 shall be trans vith constant pov	
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern			H shall be trans	
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-	pattern shall b indicates TTI in the identity of	ame HS-SCCH- e "XOOXOO. n which the HS- the UE under te n which the HS- identity.	", where "X" SCCH-1 uses st, and "O"
Number of HARQ processes			2	

Table 9.4.1.4: Test requirement for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-8.9	0.6	0.05
2	PA3	-9.8	5.6	0.01
3	VA30	-9.9	0.6	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

## 9.4.1A Single Link Performance – Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1

#### 9.4.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$ , which is declared when the UE is signalled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  is denoted  $P(E_{\rm m})$ .

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1.

The requirements and this test apply also for Release 7 and later to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

#### 9.4.1A.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1A.1, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.4.1A.2 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ .

Table 9.4.1A.1: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCC	H-1: 101010101	0101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		\ ,	rd TTI only, UE	
10,2 10,20			d solely via HS-	,
			H-2: 000100101	
		HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010		
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010		0101010
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF corresponding to CQI1		CQI1
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern			I-1 shall be trans	
		continuously w	ith constant pov	ver.
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern		The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted		mitted
		continuously w	ith constant pov	ver.
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-		ame HS-SCCH-	
		pattern shall be	e "XOOXOO.	", where "X"
		indicates TTI in	n which the HS-	SCCH-1 uses
		the identity of	the UE under te	st, and "O"
		indicates TTI in	n which the HS-	SCCH-1 uses
		a different UE	identity.	

Table 9.4.1A.2: Minimum requirement for Enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-12.0	0	0.01
2	VA30	-15.6	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.4.1.

#### 9.4.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that  $P(E_{\rm m})$  does not exceed the limit in table 9.4.1A.2.

#### 9.4.1A.4 Method of test

#### 9.4.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS, multipath fading simulators and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector(s) as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test 1-2 as specified in table 9.4.1A.3 and 9.4.1A.4. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A and for UEs that support receive diversity as also described in clause D.2.5.

#### 9.4.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The UE is switched on.
- 2. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Table E.5.4 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.1 and table F.6.1.8. NACK and ACK are counted as a pass and statDTX is counted as a failure.

#### 9.4.1A.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.4.1A.3. and 9.4.1A.4 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for relevant tests. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  denoted as  $P(E_{\rm m})$  (test procedure step 3) shall not exceed the specified value in table 9.4.1A.4. The pass/fail decision is done according to Annex F.6.1.

Table 9.4.1A.3: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH		
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-9.9	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCC	H-1: 10101010	10101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$			ird TTI only, UE	
10,1 10,1			ed solely via HS	
			H-2: 00010010	
			H-3: 00011010	
			H-4: 00011111	
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF c	orresponding to	CQI1
MAC-d PDU size	Bits		112	
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern			H-1 shall be trar vith constant po	
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern			CH shall be tran	
110 1 Boot 1 transmission pattern			vith constant po	
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-	pattern shall be indicates TTI in the identity of	ame HS-SCCH  e "XOOXOO  n which the HS  the UE under to  n which the HS  identity.	", where "X" -SCCH-1 uses est, and "O"
Number of HARQ processes			2	

Table 9.4.1A.4: Test requirement for Enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-SCCH detection – single link

ſ	Test	Propagation	Reference value		
	Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
Γ	1	PA3	-11.9	0.6	0.01
	2	VA30	-15.5	0.6	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 9.4.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

#### 9.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$ , which is declared when the UE is signalled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  is denoted  $P(E_{\rm m})$ .

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA.

#### 9.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.4.2.2 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ .

Table 9.4.2.1: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SC	CH-1: 1010101010	101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		(every third TTI only,UE under test addressed solely via HS-SCCH-1)		
		HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010		
		HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010		
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010		
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF	corresponding to C	QI1
HS-SCCH-1 transmission		The HS-SCCH-1 s	hall be transmitted	continuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-PDSCH transmission		The HS-PDSCH sl	hall be transmitted	continuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall		
Pattern			", where "X" indicat	
			ses the identity of th	
		and "O" indicates	TTI in which the HS	-SCCH-1 uses a
		different UE identit	y.	

Table 9.4.2.2: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-11.6	0	0.05
2	PA3	-13.4	5	0.01
3	VA30	-11.5	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.4.2.

#### 9.4.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that  $P(E_{\rm m})$  does not exceed the limit in table 9.4.2.2.

#### 9.4.2.4 Method of test

#### 9.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS, multipath fading simulators and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test 1-3 as specified in table 9.4.2.4 and 9.4.2.5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A and clause D.2.7.

#### 9.4.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The UE is switched on.
- 2. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.4.2.3, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Table E.5.4 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.1 and table F.6.1.8. NACK and ACK are counted as a pass and statDTX is counted as a failure.

Table 9.4.2.3: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

## 9.4.2.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.4.2.4. and 9.4.2.5 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for relevant tests. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  denoted as  $P(E_{\rm m})$  (test procedure step 3) shall not exceed the specified value in table 9.4.2.5. The pass/fail decision is done according to Annex F.6.1.

Table 9.4.2.4: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	=		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-9.9	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SC	CH-1: 1010101010	101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		(every third TTI or	nly,UE under test ad	Idressed solely via
10,12 10,10			HS-SCCH-1)	
			CH-2: 0001001010	
			CH-3: 0001101010 <sup>1</sup>	
		HS-SC	CH-4: 0001111110	101010
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF	corresponding to Co	QI1
MAC-d PDU size	Bits	112		
HS-SCCH-1 transmission		The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with		continuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-PDSCH transmission		The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with		
pattern		constant power.		
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall		
Pattern		be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which		
		the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test,		
		and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a		
		different UE identity.		
Number of HARQ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2		
processes				

Table 9.4.2.5: Test requirement for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-11.5	0.8	0.05
2	PA3	-13.3	5.8	0.01
3	VA30	-11.4	0.8	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 9.4.2A Open Loop Diversity Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1

#### 9.4.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$ , which is declared when the UE is signalled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  is denoted  $P(E_{\rm m})$ .

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1.

The requirements and this test apply also for Release 7 and later to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA and the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3.

#### 9.4.2A.2 Minimum requirements

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.4.2A.1, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_{c}/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.4.2A.2 the measured  $P(E_{m})$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_{m})$ .

Table 9.4.2A.1: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Phase reference	•	P-C	PICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-	10
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCCH-1: 10	101010101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$			der test addressed solely via CCH-1)
		HS-SCCH-2: 00	010010101010
		HS-SCCH-3: 00	011010101010
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010	
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF corresponding to CQI1	
HS-SCCH-1 transmission		The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with	
pattern		constant power.	
HS-PDSCH transmission		The HS-PDSCH shall be tra	ansmitted continuously with
pattern		constant power.	
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCC	H-1 signalling pattern shall
Pattern		be "XOOXOO", where	"X" indicates TTI in which
		the HS-SCCH-1 uses the ic	
		and "O" indicates TTI in whi	ich the HS-SCCH-1 uses a
		different UE identity.	

Table 9.4.2A.2: Minimum requirement for Enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-15.2	0	0.01
2	VA30	-16.4	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.4.2.

#### 9.4.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that  $P(E_{\rm m})$  does not exceed the limit in table 9.4.2A.2.

#### 9.4.2A.4 Method of test

#### 9.4.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.22 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.12 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test 1-2 as specified in table 9.4.2A.4 and 9.4.2A.5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A and clause D.2.5. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.4.

#### 9.4.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The UE is switched on.
- 2. Set up a HSDPA connection with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.6 with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 9.4.2A.3, with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Table E.5.4 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.1 and table F.6.1.8. NACK and ACK are counted as a pass and statDTX is counted as a failure.

Table 9.4.2A.3: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE11

Information Element	Value/remark
New intra-frequency cells	
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

#### **RRC CONNECTION SETUP**

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed test loop mode1 and HSDPA

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	1

## 9.4.2A.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.4.2A.4. and 9.4.2A.5 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for relevant tests. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  denoted as  $P(E_{\rm m})$  (test procedure step 3) shall not exceed the specified value in table 9.4.2A.5. The pass/fail decision is done according to Annex F.6.1.

Table 9.4.2A.4: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-9	.9
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCCH-1: 101	01010101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		(every third TTI only,UE und HS-SC	ler test addressed solely via CCH-1)
		HS-SCCH-2: 000 HS-SCCH-3: 000 HS-SCCH-4: 000	01101010101010
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF correspon	ding to CQI1
MAC-d PDU size	Bits	11	_
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern		The HS-SCCH-1 shall be tra	ansmitted continuously with
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern		The HS-PDSCH shall be trace constant power.	nsmitted continuously with
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCCF be "XOOXOO", where " the HS-SCCH-1 uses the ide and "O" indicates TTI in which different UE identity.	X" indicates TTI in which entity of the UE under test,
Number of HARQ processes		2	2

Table 9.4.2A.5: Test requirement for Enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Numbe	r Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-15.1	0.8	0.01
2	VA30	-16.3	0.8	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 9.5 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

During the Fixed Reference Channel tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.4.

Performance requirements in this section assume sufficient power allocation to HS-SCCH\_1, so that the probability of detection failure, when the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, is very low.

## 9.5.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

#### 9.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) with HS-SCCH-less operation in multi-path fading environment is determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support the optional HS-SCCH-less HS-DSCH.

Editors Note: This test case is not complete.

#### 9.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 7 specified in Annex C.8.1.7, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.5.1.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.5.1.2.

Table 9.5.1.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRC H-Set 7

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence	-	{0,3}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	-	2

NOTE: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for redundancy version 3 transmissions intended for the UE.

Table 9.5.1.2: Minimum requirement, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

Test	Propagation	R	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps)	
1	Case 8	-6	0	19.9	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.5.1.

#### 9.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE is capable of decoding the HS-PDSCH on the first transmission without the HS-SCCH, and be capable of combining the first transmission and second transmissions. Corresponding throughput requirements are specified.

#### 9.5.1.4 Method of test

#### 9.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the test parameters for test 1 according to tables 9.5.1.3 and 9.5.1.4. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (Fixed reference Channel Definition H-Set 7 (QPSK): The information bit payload block is 605 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 605 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T 0.153 Ref [27].
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channel as specified in Annex C.8.1.7.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.B.

#### 9.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) The SS shall count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.7.

SPECIFIC MESSAGE CONTENTS ARE TBD.

#### 9.5.1.5 Test Requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 7 specified in Annex C.8.1.7. Tables 9.5.1.3 and 9.5.1.4 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. Table E.5.6 defines the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the test requirements specified in table 9.5.1.4.

Table 9.5.1.3: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRC H-Set 7

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (No test tolerance applied)
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence	-	{0,3}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	-	2

NOTE: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for redundancy version 3 transmissions intended for the UE.

Table 9.5.1.4: Test requirement, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

Test		Propagation	Reference value		
Numb	er	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps)
1		Case 8	-5.9	0.6	19.9

## 9.5.1A Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7 – Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1

#### 9.5.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) with HS-SCCH-less operation in multi-path fading environment is determined by the information bit throughput R.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support the optional HS-SCCH-less HS-DSCH and the optional performance requirements type 1.

Editors Note: This test case is not complete.

## 9.5.1A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 7 specified in Annex C.8.1.7, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.5.1A.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.5.1A.2. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.5.1A.1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRC H-Set 7

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence	-	{0,3}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	-	2

NOTE: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for redundancy version 3 transmissions intended for the UE.

Table 9.5.1A.2: Enhanced requirement type 1, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

Test	Propagation Reference val			
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps)
1	Case 8	-9	0	23.5

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.5.1.

#### 9.5.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE is capable of decoding the HS-PDSCH on the first transmission without the HS-SCCH, and be capable of combining the first transmission and second transmissions. Corresponding throughput requirements are specified.

#### 9.5.1A.4 Method of test

#### 9.5.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call with looping back 12.2kbps RMC according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the test parameters for test 1 according to tables 9.5.1A.3 and 9.5.1A.4. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 7 (QPSK): The information bit payload block is 605 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 605 \* 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-T O.153 Ref [27].
- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channel as specified in Annex C.8.1.7.
- 6) Setup the fading simulator with fading conditions as described in table D.2.2.1.B and for UEs that support receive diversity as also described in clause D.2.5.

#### 9.5.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) The SS shall count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.8.

SPECIFIC MESSAGE CONTENTS ARE TBD.

#### 9.5.1A.5 Test Requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 7 specified in Annex C.8.1.7. Tables 9.5.1A.3 and 9.5.1A.4 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. Table E.5.6 defines the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the test requirements specified in table 9.5.1A.4.

Table 9.5.1A.3: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRC H-Set 7

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence	-	{0,3}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission	-	2

NOTE: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for redundancy version 3 transmissions intended for the UE.

Table 9.5.1A.4: Test requirement, Enhanced requirement type 1, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps)
1	Case 8	-8.9	0.6	23.5

## 10 Performance requirement (E-DCH)

## 10.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this subclause are specified for the propagation conditions specified in Annex D.2 and the Downlink Physical channels specified in Annex E.5A.

Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with more than one receive antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below. Enhanced performance requirements Type 1 are based on receiver diversity.

A UE with one antenna connector may also fulfill the enhanced performance requirements Type 1. The levels of the test signal are applied to the single antenna connector as defined in the respective sections below.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

When DTCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DTCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period.

The MAC header transmission on HS-DSCH for all E-DCH test cases shall use a correct MAC-hs header consistent with the actual HSDPA transmission.

The DL and UL RLC SDU size for all E-DCH tests in clause 10 shall be set according to Annex C.11.3.

Unless otherwise stated, the UE output power for the tests shall be greater than -10dBm.

Note: If tests are performed with maximum UE output power it is known that this may cause a good UE to fail at least for tests in section 10.4.

For Release 7 and later UEs that support the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements the UE shall be tested according to this enhanced performance requirement as well.

# 10.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH)

## 10.2.1 Single link performance

#### 10.2.1.1 Single link performance (10ms TTI)

#### 10.2.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the missed ACK and false ACK values. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

#### 10.2.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.1.1.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.1.1.2.2 . For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.1.1.2.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.1.1.2.3 .

Table 10.2.1.1.2.1: Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
OC.	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK	100% DTX

Table 10.2.1.1.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-35.1	0	0.01

Table 10.2.1.1.2.3: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – single link

	Test	Propagation	Reference value		
I	Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
	2	VA30	0	0.5	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.1

#### 10.2.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the average probability for missed ACK and false ACK when E-HICH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots do not exceed the specified values.

#### 10.2.1.1.4 Method of test

#### 10.2.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.10.
- 2) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test and the false ACK test as specified in table 10.2.1.1.5.1.to 10.2.1.1.5.3 and table E.5A.2.
- 3) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Switch on the fading simulator.

#### 10.2.1.1.4.2 Procedure

Note:

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) and for the false ACK test (step 6 to 9) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS reacts with E-HICH = ACK or DTX. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK or DTX, received by the UE . The later is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- . 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The UL datarate was configured by signalling AG value = 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from the SS was received as NACK or DTX by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from the SS was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.
- 6. In the test false ACK the SS responds with 100% DTX.
- 7. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the DTX from the SS was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as false(ACK). If the UE indicates on E-DPCCH retransmission, the DTX from the SS was received as DTX or NACK by the UE. This is counted as correct reception.
- 8. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 9. The number of retransmissions will reach the maximum number of transmissions due to several retransmissions in series. The first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK received by the UE. This case is not counted as sample.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms (indication of exhausted resources on frame
	basis)

# 10.2.1.1.5. Test requirements

Table 10.2.1.1.5.1: Test Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-6	60
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	35 (test1)	-∞(test 2)
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK	100% DTX

Table 10.2.1.1.5.2: Test requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-35.0	0.6	0.01

Table 10.2.1.1.5.3: Test requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference	e value
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
2	VA30	0.6	0.5

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq$  0.01 and the ratio (false(ACK) /(all valid DTX, sent))  $\leq$  0.5

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.1.1A Single link performance (10ms TTI, Type 1)

# 10.2.1.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the missed ACK values. The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA FDD UEs that support E-DCH and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

# 10.2.1.1A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.1.1A.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.1.1A.2.2

Table 10.2.1.1A.2.1: Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
06	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK

# Table 10.2.1.1A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-38.3	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.1

# 10.2.1.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the average probability for missed ACK when E-HICH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots do not exceed the specified values.

#### 10.2.1.1A.4 Method of test

#### 10.2.1.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal: see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connectors as shown in figure Figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test as specified in table 10.2.1.1A.5.1and 10.2.1.1A.5.3 and table E.5A.2.
- 3) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Switch on the fading simulators.

### 10.2.1.1A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS reacts with E-HICH = ACK. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK or DTX, received by the UE . The later is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The UL datarate was configured by signalling AG value = 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from the SS was received as NACK or DTX by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from the SS was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms (indication of exhausted resources on frame
	basis)

# 10.2.1.1A.5. Test requirements

Table 10.2.1.1A.5.1: Test Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$E\text{-HICH}^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-38.2(test1)
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK

Table 10.2.1.1A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-38.2	0.6	0.01

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq$  0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.1.2 Single link performance (2ms TTI)

# 10.2.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the missed ACK and false ACK values. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA.

# 10.2.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.1.2.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.1.2.2.2 For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.1.2.2.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.1.2.2.3.

Table 10.2.1.2.2.1: Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK	100% DTX

Table 10.2.1.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-28.3	0	0.01

Table 10.2.1.2.2.3: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

	Test	Propagation	Reference value $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) False ACK proba	
I	Number	Conditions		
	2	VA30	0	0.5

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.1

## 10.2.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the average probability for missed ACK and false ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots, do not exceed the specified values.

# 10.2.1.2.4 Method of test

#### 10.2.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.10.
- 2) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test and the false ACK test as specified in table 10.2.1.2.5.1.to 10.2.1.2.5.3 and table E.5A.2.
- 3) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 4.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Switch on the fading simulator.

#### 10.2.1.2.4.2 Procedure

Note:

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) and for the false ACK test (step 6 to 9) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS reacts with E-HICH = ACK or DTX. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK or DTX, received by the UE . The later is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 4 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 273 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 39.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from the SS was received as NACK or DTX by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from the SS was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.
- 6. In the test False ACK the SS responds with 100% DTX.
- 7. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the DTX from the SS was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as false(ACK). If the UE indicates on E-DPCCH retransmission, the DTX from the SS was received as DTX or NACK by the UE. This is counted as correct reception.
- 8. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 9. The number of retransmissions will reach the maximum number of transmissions due to several retransmissions in series. The first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK received by the UE. This case is not counted as sample.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

# RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	2ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	2ms (indication of exhausted resources on TTI basis)

## 10.2.1.2.5. Test requirements

Table 10.2.1.2.5.1: Test Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-28.2 (test 1)	-∞(test 2)
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK	100% DTX

Table 10.2.1.2.5.2: Test requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	on Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-28.2	0.6	0.01

Table 10.2.1.2.5.3: Test requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	est Propagation Reference value		e value
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
2	VA30	0.6	0.5

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq$  0.01 and the ratio (false(ACK) /(all valid DTX, sent))  $\leq$  0.5

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.1.2A Single link performance (2ms TTI, Type 1)

# 10.2.1.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the missed ACK values. The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA FDD UEs that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

# 10.2.1.2A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.1.2A.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.1.2A.2.2

Table 10.2.1.2A.2.1: Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
F-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK

# Table 10.2.1.2A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-31.7	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.1

# 10.2.1.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the average probability for missed ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots, do not exceed the specified values.

#### 10.2.1.2A.4 Method of test

#### 10.2.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal: see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test as specified in table 10.2.1.2A.5.1and 10.2.1.2A.5.2 and table E.5A.2.
- 3) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 4.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Switch on the fading simulator.

### 10.2.1.2A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS reacts with E-HICH = ACK. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK or DTX, received by the UE . The later is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 4 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 273 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 39.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from the SS was received as NACK or DTX by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from the SS was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	2ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	2ms (indication of exhausted resources on TTI basis)
	Da515)

# 10.2.1.2A.5. Test requirements

Table 10.2.1.2A.5.1: Test Parameters for E-HICH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-31.6 (test 1)
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK

Table 10.2.1.2A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-31.6	0.6	0.01

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq$  0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions

# 10.2.2.1 RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

# 10.2.2.1.1 RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms TTI)

### 10.2.2.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK and false ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

## 10.2.2.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.2. For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.3

Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-1	10
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% ACK (+1)	100% NACK (0)
	ell F-HICH F / I	power level is set to -16 dB w	hen hybrid ARO

Note 1 The Serving E-DCH cell E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power level is set to -16 dB when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots and to -23 dB when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.

Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test Propagation			Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability	
1	VA30	-23.6	0	0.05	

Table 10.2.2.1.1.2.3: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
2	VA30	0	2E-4

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.

### 10.2.2.1.1.3 Test Purpose

Note: Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.1.5 the following abbreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover for cell 2 the average probability for missed ACK and the average probability for false ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.1.1.4 Method of test

10.2.2.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.11.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK and false ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.1.1.5.1 to 10.2.2.1.1.5.3 and table E.5A.3, with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA30.
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure
- 8) Set  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.1.1.5.2 to 10.2.2.1.1.5.3. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11)SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

### 10.2.2.1.1.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) and for the false ACK test (step 6 to 9) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK on the cell 2 and with E-HICH = NACK on the cell 1. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, but the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The worst case for a conformant UE is 22 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% NACK (-1) on cell 1 and 100% ACK (1) cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 2 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed (ACK). If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 2 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.
- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.
- 6. In the test false ACK the SS responds with 100% NACK (-1) on cell 1 and with 100% NACK (0) on cell 2.

- 7. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the NACK (DTX) from the SS on cell 2 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as false(ACK). If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH retransmission, then NACK (DTX) from cell 2 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as correct reception.
- 8. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 9. The number of retransmissions will reach the maximum number of transmissions due to several retransmissions in series. The first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK received by the UE. This case is not counted as sample.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
-RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms

# ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
, and the second	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
j 1	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
<ul> <li>Scrambling code change</li> </ul>	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.2.2.1.1.5 Test Requirements

For table 10.2.2.1.1.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.1.1.5.2. For table 10.2.2.1.1.5.1, the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.1.1.5.3

Table 10.2.2.1.1.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter Note 1	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Phase reference	-	P-CP	rich	
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-22	9	
E-HICH $_2$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-23.5 (test1)	-∞ (test 2)	
$HS ext{-}DPSCH_1\ ^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-2.9(test 1)	-2.9(test 2)	
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% ACK (+1)	100% NACK (0)	
Note 1 Index 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Index 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.				

Table 10.2.2.1.1.5.2: Test requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	I = I = I = I = I = I = I = I = I = I =		Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-23.5	0.6	0.05

Table 10.2.2.1.1.5.3: Test requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
2	VA30	0.6	2E-4	

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent) <= 0.05 and

The ratio (false (ACK) / all valid samples) <= 0.0002

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.2.1.1A RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms TTI, Type 1)

### 10.2.2.1.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA FDD UEs that support E-DCH and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

# 10.2.2.1.1A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.1.1A.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.1.1A.2.2.

Table 10.2.2.1.1A.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60		
	MHz			
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH		
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10		
E-HICH signalling pattern for	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>		
the Serving E-DCH cell				
E-HICH signalling pattern for		100% ACK (+1)		
cell belonging to RLS not				
containing the Serving E-DCH				
cell				
Note 1 The Serving E-DCH cell E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -16 dB when hybrid AR				
acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots and to -23 dB whe hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.				

Table 10.2.2.1.1A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-27.8	0	0.05

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.

### 10.2.2.1.1A.3 Test Purpose

Note: Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.1.5 the following abbreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover for cell 2 the average probability for missed ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.1.1A.4 Method of test

10.2.2.1.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.24 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.11 for UEs that do not support receive diversity...
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.1.1A.5.1 and 10.2.2.1.1A.5.2 and table E.5A.3 with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure

- 8) Set  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.1.1A.5.1 to 10.2.2.1.1A.5.2. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on

### 10.2.2.1.1A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement prin

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK on the cell 2 and with E-HICH = NACK on the cell 1. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, but the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The worst case for a conformant UE is 22 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% NACK (-1) on cell 1 and 100% ACK (1) cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 2 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed (ACK). If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 2 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.
- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

# **RADIO BEARER SETUP:**

Information Element	Value/remark
-RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms

# ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
ŭ	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
<ul> <li>Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL</li> </ul>	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.2.2.1.1A.5 Test Requirements

For Table 10.2.2.1.1A.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.1.1A.5.2.

Table 10.2.2.1.1A.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter Note 1	Unit	Missed ACK	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-22.9	
E-HICH $_2$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-27.7 (test1)	
$HS ext{-}DPSCH_1$ $^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-2.9(test 1)	
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	
for the Serving E-DCH cell			
E-HICH signalling pattern		100% ACK (+1)	
for cell belonging to RLS			
not containing the Serving			
E-DCH cell			
Note 1 Index 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Index 2: cell			
belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.			

Table 10.2.2.1.1A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}$ /I and $\hat{I}$ /I (dR)		Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-27.7	0.6	0.05

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq 0.05$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.2.1.2 RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms TTI)

## 10.2.2.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK and false ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA.

## 10.2.2.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.2. For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.3.

Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-(	60	
Phase reference	-	P-C	PICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10		
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% ACK (+1) 100% NACK (0)		
Note 1 The Serving E-DCH cell E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -16 dB when hybrid ARQ				
acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots and to -23 dB when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.				

Table 10.2.2.1.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-16.3	0	0.05

Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.3: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

ſ	Test	Propagation	Referenc	e value
	Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
ſ	2	VA30	0	2E-4

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.

# 10.2.2.1.2.3 Test Purpose

Note:

Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.1.2.5 the following abbreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover for cell 2 the average probability for missed ACK and the average probability for false ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.1.2.4 Method of test

10.2.2.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.11.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK and false ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.1.2.5.1 to 10.2.2.1.2.5.3 and table E.5A.3 with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA30

- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 3.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Set  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.1.2.5.2 to 10.2.2.1.2.5.3. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.2.2.1.2.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) and for the false ACK test (step 6 to 9) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK on the cell 2 and with E-HICH = NACK on the cell 1. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, but the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The worst case for a conformant UE is 22 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 3 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 123.5 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 21
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% NACK (-1) on cell 1 and 100% ACK (1) cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 2 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed (ACK). If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 2 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.
- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.
- 6. In the test false ACK the SS responds with 100% NACK (-1) on cell 1 and with 100% NACK (0) on cell 2.
- 7. If the UE indicates on the the E-DPCCH new data, the NACK (DTX) from the SS on cell 2 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as false(ACK). If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH retransmission, then NACK (DTX) from cell 2 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as correct reception.
- 8. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 9. The number of retransmissions will reach the maximum number of transmissions due to several retransmissions in series. The first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK received by the UE. This case is not counted as sample.

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# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

# RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
-RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	2ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
-RLC PDU size - E-DCH Transmission Time E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	2ms

# ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
•	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements	Not i resent	TKGI-0
- CN Information info	Not Present	
	NOT FIESEIIL	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources	00 dD	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
<ul> <li>Primary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH usage for channel</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
<ul> <li>Secondary CPICH info</li> </ul>	Not Present	
<ul> <li>DL channelisation code</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence		
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	. (0. 0
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.2.2.1.2.5 Test Requirements

For table 10.2.2.1.2.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.1.2.5.2. For table 10.2.2.1.2.5.1, the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.1.2.5.3

Table 10.2.2.1.2.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter Note 1	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
Phase reference	-	P-CI	PICH
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-1:	5.9
E-HICH $_2$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-16.2 (test 1)	-∞ (test 2)
$HS ext{-DPSCH}_1$ $E_c$ $^{\prime}I_{or}$	dB	-3.1(test 1)	-3.1(test 2)
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% ACK (+1)	100% NACK (0)
Note 1 Index 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Index 2: cell belonging to RL not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.			dex 2: cell belonging to RLS

Table 10.2.2.1.2.5.2 Test requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) $\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)		Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-16.2	0.6	0.05

Table 10.2.2.1.2.5.3: Test requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
2	VA30	0.6	2E-4

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent) <= 0.05 and

The ratio (false (ACK) / all valid samples) <= 0.0002

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.2.1.2A RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms TTI, Type 1)

## 10.2.2.1.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA FDD UEs that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

## 10.2.2.1.2A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.1.2A.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.1.2A.2.2.

Table 10.2.2.1.2A.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% ACK (+1)
Note 1 The Serving E-DCH cell E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -16 dB when hybridized has a		$E_{\scriptscriptstyle c}/I_{\scriptscriptstyle or}$ power level is set to -16 dB when hybrid ARQ
acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots and to -23 dB when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.		

Table 10.2.2.1.2A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	n Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-20.6	0	0.05

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.

## 10.2.2.1.2A.3 Test Purpose

Note:

Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.1.2.5 the following abbreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover for cell 2 the average probability for missed ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.1.2A.4 Method of test

10.2.2.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.24 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.11 for UEs that do not support receive diversity..
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.1.2A.5.1 and 10.2.2.1.2A.5.2 and table E.5A.3 with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 3.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.

- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Set  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.1.2A.5.1 to 10.2.2.1.2A.5.2. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11)SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

### 10.2.2.1.2A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement pri

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK on the cell 2 and with E-HICH = NACK on the cell 1. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, but the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The worst case for a conformant UE is 22 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 3 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 123.5 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 21
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% NACK (-1) on cell 1 and 100% ACK (1) cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 2 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed (ACK). If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 2 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.
- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
-RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	2ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	2ms

# ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
Ŭ	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
3 11 11 11 11 11	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements	THE TOTAL TO	110.0
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements	TTOCT TOOGIN	
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources	33 dBill	
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	Same as adding cell	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation	Tilliary of fortillay be used	
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
- Di Oirmaine onset	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code	INOLI 1636IIL	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Spreading factor - Code number	96	
- Code number - Scrambling code change		
- TPC combination index	No code change	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information	INOL LIGOCIIL	Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	Kel-0
- Charmelisation Code - Signature Sequence	0 1	
		Dol 6
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	Dalic
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.2.2.1.2A.5 Test Requirements

For table 10.2.2.1.2A.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.1.2A.5.2

Table 10.2.2.1.2A.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter Note 1	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-15.9
E-HICH $_2$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20.5 (test 1)
$HS ext{-DPSCH_1}^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-3.00(test 1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% ACK (+1)
		ig the Serving E-DCH cell, Index 2: cell belonging CH cell.

Table 10.2.2.1.2A.5.2 Test requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-20.5	0.6	0.05

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq 0.05$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.2.2 RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

# 10.2.2.2.1 RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms TTI)

### 10.2.2.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK and false ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

# 10.2.2.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.2. For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.3

Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-(	60
Phase reference	-	P-C	PICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10	
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)	100% DTX (0)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)	100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK)	$\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-29.7	0	0.05

Table 10.2.2.2.1.2.3: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test Number	Propagation	Reference value	
	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
2	PA3	0	0.1
3	VA120	0	0.1

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.1

# 10.2.2.2.1.3 Test purpose

Note: Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.2.5 the following abreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the

Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover forcell 1 the average probability for missed ACK and the average probability for false ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.2.1.4 Method of test

10.2.2.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.11.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK and false ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.2.1.5.1 to 10.2.2.2.1.5.3 and table E.5A.3, with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30, PA 3 or VA 120
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5.

- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Reset  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.2.1.5.2 to 10.2.2.2.1.5.3. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11) The SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.2.2.2.1.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 3 to 5) and for the false ACK test (step 6 to 9) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK or DTX on cell 1 and with NACK (DTX) on cell 2. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells.
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells. DTX, received by the UE from cell 1, is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, and the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A.The UL data rate was configured by by signalling AG value 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK(1) on cell 1 and 100% NACK(0) on cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 1 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 1 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.
- 6. In the test false ACK the SS responds with 100% DTX (0) on cell 1 and with 100% NACK(0) on cell 2.
- 7. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the DTX from cell 1 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as false(ACK).

Note: An ACK reception from cell 2 also causes new data. However, the probability for this event is < 2E-4 according to Table 10.2.2.1.1.5.3

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH retransmission, then DTX or NACK was received by the UE from cell 1. This is counted as correct reception.

8. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

9. The number of retransmissions will reach the maximum number of retransmissions due to several retransmissions in series. The first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK received by the UE. This case is not counted as sample.

# Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

# **RADIO BEARER SETUP:**

Information Element	Value/remark
- RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms

# ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
, and the second	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
j 1	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
<ul> <li>Scrambling code change</li> </ul>	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.2.2.2.1.5 Test requirements

For table 10.2.2.2.1.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.2.1.5.2. For table 10.2.2.2.5.1, the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.2.1.5.3.

Table 10.2.2.2.1.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-	60
Phase reference	-	P-C	PICH
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-29.6 (test 1)	-∞ (test2,3)
E-HICH <sub>2</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	•	-∞
$HS ext{-}DPSCH_1$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-2.9(test 1)	-2.9 (test,2.3)
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)	100% DTX (0)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)	100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.1.5.2: Test requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

ſ	Test	Propagation	Reference value		
	Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
	1	VA30	-29.6	0.6	0.05

Table 10.2.2.2.1.5.3: Test requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
2	PA3	0.6	0.1	
3	VA120	0.6	0.1	

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq$  0.05 and

The ratio (false (ACK) /(all valid samples))  $\leq 0.1$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.2.2.2.1A RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms TTI, Type 1)

## 10.2.2.2.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

## 10.2.2.2.1A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.2.1A.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.2.1A.2.2.

Table 10.2.2.2.1A.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.1A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for	$\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK
		Serving E-DCH cell	$I_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $I_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (ub)	probability
		(ACK)		
1	VA30	-33.4	0	0.05

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.1

### 10.2.2.2.1A.3 Test purpose

Note: Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.2.5 the following abreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the

Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover forcell 1 the average probability for missed ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.2.1A.4 Method of test

10.2.2.2.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.24 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.11 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.2.1A.5.1 and 10.2.2.2.1A.5.2 and table E.5A.3 with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30.
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.

- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Reset  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.2.1A.5.1 to 10.2.2.2.1A.5.2. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11) The SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

## 10.2.2.2.1A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement prin

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 3 to 5) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK on cell 1 and with NACK (DTX) on cell 2. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells.
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells. DTX, received by the UE from cell 1, is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1 and the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A.The UL data rate was configured by by signalling AG value 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK(1) on cell 1 and 100% NACK(0) on cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 1 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 1 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
- RLC PDU size	112
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)
retransmissions	
E-DCH info	
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms

# ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		1 2 2
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements	140t Froom	
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources	33 dBill	
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information	1	
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH info</li> <li>Primary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Sama as adding call	
- Primary scrambling code - Downlink DPCH info for each RL	Same as adding cell	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
	•	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation PDCI from a officer	This should be reflected by the IC!! Call	
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
O	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.2.2.2.1A.5 Test requirements

For table 10.2.2.2.1A.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.2.1A.5.2

Table 10.2.2.2.1A.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	ı	P-CPICH
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-33.3 (test 1)
E-HICH $_2$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-∞
$HS ext{-DPSCH}_1$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-2.9(test 1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.1A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

I	Test	Propagation	Reference value		
	Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK)	$\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
	1	VA30	-33.3	0.6	0.05

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq 0.05$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 10.2.2.2.2 RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms TTI)

# 10.2.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK and false ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA.

## 10.2.2.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.2.2.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.2.2.2.2. For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.2.2.2.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.2.2.2.3

Table 10.2.2.2.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Phase reference	•	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10	
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)	100% DTX (0)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)	100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK)	$\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-23.2	0	0.05

Table 10.2.2.2.2.3: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test Number	Propagation	Reference value		
	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
2	PA3	0	0.1	
3	VA120	0	0.1	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.1

# 10.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

Note: Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.2.5 the following abreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the

Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover for cell 1 the average probability for missed ACK and the average probability for false ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.2.2.4 Method of test

10.2.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.11.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK and false ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.2.5.1 to 10.2.2.2.5.3 and table E.5A.3, with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30, PA3 or VA 120.
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 3.

- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Reset  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.2.2.5.2 to 10.2.2.2.5.3. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11) The SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.2.2.2.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement princ

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to 5) and for the false ACK test (step 6 to 9) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK or DTX on cell 1 and with DTX on cell 2. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells.
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells. DTX, received by the UE from cell 1, is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, and the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 3 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 123.5 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 21.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK(1) on cell 1 and 100% NACK(0) on cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 1 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 1 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.
- 6. In the test false ACK the SS responds with 100% DTX (0) on cell 1 and with 100% NACK(0) on cell 2.
- 7. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the DTX from cell 1 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as false(ACK).

Note: An ACK reception from cell 2 also causes new data. However, the probability for this event is < 2E-4 according to Table 10.2.2.1.2.2.3:

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH retransmission, then DTX or NACK was received by the UE from cell 1. This is counted as correct reception.

8. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

9. The number of retransmissions will reach the maximum number of transmissions due to several retransmissions in series. The first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK received by the UE. This case is not counted as sample.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

## RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark	
- RLC PDU size	112	
- E-DCH Transmission Time	2ms	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)	
retransmissions		
E-DCH info		
- Happy bit delay condition	2ms	

## ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
ŭ	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
<ul> <li>Scrambling code change</li> </ul>	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
<ul> <li>Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL</li> </ul>	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

## 10.2.2.2.5 Test requirements

For table 10.2.2.2.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.2.5.2. For table 10.2.2.2.5.1, the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.2.2.2.5.3.

Table 10.2.2.2.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Phase reference	-	P-C	PICH
E-HICH <sub>1</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-23.1 (test 1)	-∞ (test 2 ,3)
E-HICH <sub>2</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-∞	
$HS ext{-DPSCH_1}\ {}^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-2.9(test 1)	-2.9 (test 2,3)
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)	100% DTX (0)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)	100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.5.2: Test requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK) $\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)		Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-23.1	0.6	0.05

Table 10.2.2.2.5.3: Test requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
2	PA3	0.6	0.1	
3	VA120	0.6	0.1	

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq$  0.05 and

The ratio (false (ACK) /(all valid samples))  $\leq 0.1$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 10.2.2.2.2A RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms TTI, Type 1)

#### 10.2.2.2.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

### 10.2.2.2.2A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2.2.2.2A.2.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2.2.2.2A.2.2.

Table 10.2.2.2.2A.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH		
		" ' '     // and / // (dB)		Missed ACK
				probability
		(ACK)		
1	VA30	-27.1	0	0.05

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.2.2.1

10.2.2.2.2A.3 Test purpose

Note: Through all the text below including clause 10.2.2.2.5 the following abreviation holds: Cell 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Cell 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the

Serving E-DCH cell

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover for cell 1 the average probability for missed ACK, when E-HICH is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots, does not exceed specified values.

10.2.2.2.2A.4 Method of test

10.2.2.2.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.24 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed ACK test as specified in table 10.2.2.2.2A.5.1 and 10.2.2.2.2A.5.2 and table E.5A.3 with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30.
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 3.
- 5) The relative grant is not configured. This ensures that the UL datarate remains constant.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.

- 8) Reset  $\hat{l}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.2.2.2.2A.5.1 to 10.2.2.2.2A.5.2. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 10) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 11) The SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message, adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 12) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.2.2.2.2A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measuren

The measurement principle for the missed ACK test (step 2 to5) is as follows. Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds with E-HICH = ACK on cell 1 and with DTX on cell 2. The UE transmits new data or retransmissions on the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS shall discriminate between:

- (1) new data is a sign for ACK, received by the UE from any of the cells.
- (2) retransmission is a sign for NACK received by the UE on both cells. DTX, received by the UE from cell 1, is interpreted as NACK by higher layer and causes retransmission.
- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected thoughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1and the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The UL data rate was configured by signalling AG value 3 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 123.5 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 21.
- 2. In the test Missed ACK the SS responds with 100% ACK(1) on cell 1 and 100% NACK(0) on cell 2.
- 3. If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH a retransmission, the ACK from cell 1 was received as NACK by the UE. This is counted as missed(ACK).

If the UE indicates on the E-DPCCH new data, the ACK from cell 1 was received as ACK by the UE. This is counted as correct ACK.

- 4. Continue until statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.
- 5. If the number of retransmissions reaches the maximum number of retransmissions due to several false or missed ACK detections in series, the first new data on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH are not the consequence of ACK. This case is not counted as sample.

#### **Specific Message Contents**

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

## RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark	
- RLC PDU size	112	
- E-DCH Transmission Time	2ms	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	15 (max)	
retransmissions		
E-DCH info		
- Happy bit delay condition	2ms	

## ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
, and the second	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
j 1	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
<ul> <li>Scrambling code change</li> </ul>	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
<ul> <li>Closed loop timing adjustment mode</li> </ul>	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

## 10.2.2.2.A.5 Test requirements

For table 10.2.2.2.2A.5.1, the average downlink E- HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for missed ACK probability in Table 10.2.2.2A.5.2.

Table 10.2.2.2.2A.5.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	1	P-CPICH
$E ext{-HICH}_1$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-27.0 (test 1)
E-HICH <sub>2</sub> $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	- 00
$HS ext{-DPSCH}_1$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-2.9(test 1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% ACK (+1)
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell		100% NACK (0)

Table 10.2.2.2.2A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Γ	Test	Propagation	Reference value		
	Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for $\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) Serving E-DCH cell		Missed ACK probability
			(ACK)		
Γ	1	VA30	-27.0	0.6	0.05

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (ACK) / all valid ACKs, sent)  $\leq 0.05$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.3 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)

## 10.3.1 Single link performance

## 10.3.1.1 Single link performance (10ms TTI)

# 10.3.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

Note: The fail cases for Up are Down (erroneous detection) and Hold (missed detection).

The fail cases for Down are Up and Hold. TS 25.101 designated this test "Missed Up/Down". It is assumed that the minimum requirements apply for both fail cases erroneous and missed detection.

#### 10.3.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.1.1.2.1 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed UP/DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.1.1.2.2. For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.1.1.2.1 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.3.1.1.2.

Table 10.3.1.1.2.1: Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN	Missed HOLD
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP	100% HOLD
		50% DOWN	

Table 10.3.1.1.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability
1	VA30	-31	0	0.05/0.05

Table 10.3.1.1.2.3: Minimum requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Referen	ce value
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability
2	VA30	0	0.1

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.3.1

## 10.3.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability for missed up down and average probability for missed hold, when E-RGCH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, do not exceed specified values.

#### 10.3.1.1.4 Method of test

#### 10.3.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.10.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed up down test and the missed hold test as specified in table 10.3.1.1.5.1. to 10.3.1.1.5.3 and table E.5A.2. Set the fading conditions to VA 30
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0. and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 7) The fading simulator is switched on.

#### 10.3.1.1.4.2 Procedure

Note:

The measurement principle for the missed up down test (step 3 to 10) and for the missed hold test (step 11 to 15) is as follows. The UE transmits E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS transmits E-RGCH up or down or hold (DTX). The UE changes or holds the transport format of the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH accordingly. This is visible for the SS by reading the E-TFCI, signalled on the corresponding E-DPCCH.

- 1) The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2) Upon reception of every E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS signals always "DTX" on the E-HICH during the entire test. This way there is no E\_HICH power. Nevertheless the UE will transmit new data, since "E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions" is set to 0.
- 3) The SS signals 4 consecutive "down" on the E-RGCH
- 4) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 4 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to these "down"
- 5) If the UE increases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon a "down" command, count a missed(down).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

- 6) The SS signals 4 consecutive "up" on the E-RGCH
- 7) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 4 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to these "up".
- 8) If the UE decreases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon an "up" command, count a missed(up).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

9) Repeat the "down-up" cycle in step 3 to 8, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved for up and down separately.

Due to missed up or missed down the operating range will shift down or up. If the operating range shifts outside the range shown in Table 10.3.1.1.4.2.1 the operating range must be re-adjusted.

Table 10.3.1.1.4.2.1 E-TFCI operating point/range(10 ms)

missed up down	missed hold	AG Value	$ m eta_{ed}/ m eta_{c}$	E-TFCI	TB Size=N*112 + Header + Padding	UL rate kbps
		6	24/15	59	1264 = 11*112 + 18 + 14	126.4
			21/15	52	951 = 8* 112 + 18 + 37	95.1
Initialoper ating range	Initial operating point	5	19/15	45	716 = 6*112 + 18 + 26	71.6
•	-		17/15	40	584 = 5*112 + 18 + 6	58.4
		4	15/15	35	477 = 4*112 + 18 + 11	47.7
			13/15 12/15	28 19	359 = 3*112 + 18 + 4 249 = 2*112 + 18 + 7	35.9 24.9

- 10) If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counter is continued. The missed up down test is decided pass, if the last counter reaches pass. The missed up down test is decided fail, if the first counter reaches fail.
- 11) Hold on E-RGCH is indicated by DTX from the SS.
- 12) The SS signals "DTX" on the E-RGCH

- 13) The SS reads the E-TFCI, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to that "DTX".
- 14) If the UE increases or decreases the transport format upon a "DTX" command, record a missed(hold).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

15) Repeat step 11 to 14, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

Due to missed hold the operating range will shift down or up. If the operating range shifts outside the range shown in Table 10.3.1.1.4.2.1 the operating range must be re-adjusted.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

## **RADIO BEARER SETUP:**

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
RLC PDU size	112	Rel-6
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	0	
retransmissions		
E-DCH info		Rel-6
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms (indication of exhausted resources on	
	frame basis)	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	Not Present in RGCH performance tests, all	
	E-TFCs should be in the selection process)	
Downlink information for each radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
- CHOICE E-RGCH Information		Rel-6
- E-RGCH Information		
- Signature Sequence	0	
- RG combination index	0	

## 10.3.1.1.5 Test requirements

Table 10.3.1.1.5.1: Test Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN	Missed HOLD
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-6	60
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-30.9 (test 1)	-∞ (test 2)
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP	100% HOLD
		50% DOWN	

Table 10.3.1.1.5.2: Test requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability
1	VA30	-30.9	0.6	0.05/0.05

Table 10.3.1.1.5.3: Test requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Referen	ce value
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability
2	VA30	0.6	0.1

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(down) / all valid down commands, sent) <= 0.05 and

the ratio (missed(up) / all valid up commands, sent)  $\leq 0.05$  and

the ratio (missed(hold) / all DTX from the SS) <= 0.1

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 10.3.1.1A Single link performance (10ms TTI, Type 1)

## 10.3.1.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed UP/DOWN. The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

Note: The fail cases for Up are Down (erroneous detection) and Hold (missed detection). The fail cases for Down are Up and Hold. TS 25.101 designated this test "Missed Up/Down". It is assumed that the minimum requirements apply for both fail cases erroneous and missed detection.

#### 10.3.1.1A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.1.1A.2.1 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed UP/DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.1.1A.2.2.

Table 10.3.1.1A.2.1: Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP
		50% DOWN

Table 10.3.1.1A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability
1	VA30	-35	0	0.05/0.05

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.3.1

#### 10.3.1.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability for missed up down, when E-RGCH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, do not exceed specified values.

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#### 10.3.1.1A.4 Method of test

#### 10.3.1.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed up down test as specified in table 10.3.1.1A.5.1. and 10.3.1.1A.5.2 and table E.5A.2. Set the fading conditions to VA 30
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0. and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 7) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.3.1.1A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed up down test (step 3 to 10) is as follows. The UE transmits E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS transmits E-RGCH up or down. The UE changes or holds the transport format of the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH accordingly. This is visible for the SS by reading the E-TFCI, signalled on the corresponding E-DPCCH.

- 1) The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2) Upon reception of every E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS signals always "DTX" on the E-HICH during the entire test. This way there is no E\_HICH power. Nevertheless the UE will transmit new data, since "E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions" is set to 0.
- 3) The SS signals 4 consecutive "down" on the E-RGCH
- 4) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 4 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to these "down"
- 5) If the UE increases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon a "down" command, count a missed(down).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

- 6) The SS signals 4 consecutive "up" on the E-RGCH
- 7) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 4 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to these "up".
- 8) If the UE decreases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon an "up" command, count a missed(up).
  - If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.
- 9) Repeat the "down-up" cycle in step 3 to 8, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved for up and down separately.

Due to missed up or missed down the operating range will shift down or up. If the operating range shifts outside the range shown in Table 10.3.1.1A.4.2.1 the operating range must be re-adjusted.

Table 10.3.1.1A.4.2.1 E-TFCI operating point/range(10 ms)

missed up down	AG Value	m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m	E-TFCI	TB Size=N*112 + Header + Padding	UL rate kbps
	6	24/15	59	1264 = 11*112 + 18 + 14	126.4
		21/15	52	951 = 8*112 + 18 + 37	95.1
Initialoper	5	19/15	45	716 = 6*112 + 18 + 26	71.6
ating range		17/15	40	584 = 5*112 + 18 + 6	58.4
•	4	15/15	35	477 = 4*112 + 18 + 11	47.7
		13/15	28	359 = 3*112 + 18 + 4	35.9
		12/15	19	249 = 2*112 + 18 + 7	24.9

<sup>10)</sup> If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counter is continued. The missed up down test is decided pass, if the last counter reaches pass. The missed up down test is decided fail, if the first counter reaches fail.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

#### **RADIO BEARER SETUP:**

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
RLC PDU size	112	Rel-6
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions	0	
E-DCH info		Rel-6
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms (indication of exhausted resources on frame basis)	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	Not Present in RGCH performance tests, all E-TFCs should be in the selection process)	
Downlink information for each radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
- CHOICE E-RGCH Information		Rel-6
- E-RGCH Information		
- Signature Sequence	0	
- RG combination index	0	

## 10.3.1.1A.5 Test requirements

Table 10.3.1.1A.5.1: Test Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
00	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-34.9 (test 1)
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP
		50% DOWN

Table 10.3.1.1A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability	
1	VA30	-34.9	0.6	0.05/0.05	

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(down) / all valid down commands, sent) <= 0.05 and

the ratio (missed(up) / all valid up commands, sent) <= 0.05

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 10.3.1.2 Single link performance (2ms TTI)

## 10.3.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA.

Note: The fail cases for Up are Down (erroneous detection) and Hold (missed detection).

The fail cases for Down are Up and Hold. TS 25.101 designated this test "Missed Up/Down". It is assumed that the minimum requirements apply for both fail cases erroneous and missed detection.

#### 10.3.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.1.2.2.1 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed UP/DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.1.2. 2.2 and

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.1.2.2.1 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.3.1.2.2.3

Table 10.3.1.2.2.1: Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN	Missed HOLD
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
OC.	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-1	0
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP	100% HOLD
		50% DOWN	

Table 10.3.1.2.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability	
1	VA30	-24.4	0	0.05/0.05	

# Table 10.3.1.2.2.3: Minimum requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{-}/I_{-}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD
		or loc (GLZ)	probability
2	VA30	0	0.1

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.3.1

#### 10.3.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability for missed up down and average probability for missed hold when E-RGCH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots do not exceed specified values.

#### 10.3.1.2.4 Method of test

#### 10.3.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.10.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed up down test and the missed hold test as specified in table 10.3.1.2.5.1 to 10.3.1.2.5.3 and table E.5A.2. Set the fading conditions to VA 30
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 4
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 7) The fading simulator is switched on.

#### 10.3.1.2.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed up down test (step 3 to 10) and for the missed hold test (step 11 to 15) is as follows. The UE transmits E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS transmits E-RGCH up or down or hold (DTX). The UE changes or holds the transport format of the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH accordingly. This is visible for the SS by reading the E-TFCI, signalled on the corresponding E-DPCCH.

- 1) The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by by signalling AG value 4 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 273 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 39.
- 2) Upon reception of every E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS signals always "DTX" on the E-HICH during the entire test. This way there is no E\_HICH power. Nevertheless the UE will transmit new data, since "E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions" is set to 0.
- 3) The SS signals 8 consecutive "up" on the E-RGCH
- 4) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 8 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to these "up"
- 5) If the UE decreases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon a "up" command, count a missed(up).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

- 6) The SS signals 8 consecutive "down" on the E-RGCH
- 7) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 8 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to these "down".
- 8) If the UE increases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon a "down" command, count a missed(down).
  - If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.
- 9) Repeat the "up-down" cycle in step 3 to 8, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved for up and down separately.
- 10) If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counter is continued. The missed up down test is decided pass, if the last counter reaches pass. The missed up down test is decided fail, if the first counter reaches fail.

Due to missed up or missed down the operating range will shift down or up. If the operating point shifts into the range "risk of buffer underflow" or "ambigous E-TFCI" (see Table 10.3.1.2.4.2.1) the operating point must be re-adjusted.

Table 10.3.1.2.4.2.1 E-TFCI operating point/range(2 ms)

missed up down	misssed hold	AG Value	$ m R_{ed}/ m R_{c}$	E- TFCI	TB Size=N*112+Header+min Padding	UL rate kbps
			Risk of	buffer und	erflow	
			21/15	54	817 = 7*112 + 18 + 15	408
		5	19/15	50	707 = 6*112 + 18 + 17	353.5
Initial			17/15	45	590 = 5*112 + 18 + 12	295.5
operating	Initial operating	4	15/15	39	474 = 4*112 + 18 + 8	273
range	point					
			13/15	31	355 = 3*112 + 18 + 1	177.5
Ambig	uous E-TFCI		12/15	21	247 = 2*112 + 18 + 5	123.5
		3	11/15	21	247 = 2*112 + 18 + 5	123.5

- 11) Hold on E-RGCH is indicated by DTX from the SS.
- 12) The SS signals "DTX" on the E-RGCH
- 13) The SS reads the E-TFCI, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to that "DTX".
- 14) If the UE increases or decreases the transport format upon a "DTX" command, record a missed(hold).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

15) Repeat step 12 to 14, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

Due to missed hold the operating point will shift down or up. If the operating point shifts into the range "risk of buffer underflow" or "ambigous E-TFCI" (see Table 10.3.1.2.4.2) the operating point must be re-adjusted.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
- RLC PDU size	112	Rel-6
<ul> <li>E-DCH Transmission Time</li> </ul>	10 ms (Test 2 and 4), 2ms (Test 1 and 3)	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number	0	
of retransmissions		
E-DCH info		Rel-6
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms (Test 2 and 4), 2ms (Test 1 and 3) (indication of exhausted resources on frame basis)	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	Not Present in RGCH performance tests, all E-TFCs should be in the selection process)	
Downlink information for each radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
- CHOICE E-RGCH Information		Rel-6
- E-RGCH Information		
- Signature Sequence	0	
- RG combination index	0	

## 10.3.1.2.5 Test requirements

Table 10.3.1.2.5.1: Test Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN	Missed HOLD
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-6	0
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CP	ICH
E-RGCH $^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-24.3 (test 1)	-∞ (test 2)
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP	100% HOLD
		50% DOWN	

Table 10.3.1.2.5.2: Test requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability	
1	VA30	-24.3	0.6	0.05/0.05	

Table 10.3.1.2.5.3: Test requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Referen	eference value	
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability	
2	VA30	0.6	0.1	

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(down) / all valid down commands, sent) <= 0.05 and

the ratio (missed(up) / all valid up commands, sent) <= 0.05 and

the ratio (missed(hold) / all DTX from the SS)  $\leq$ = 0.1

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 10.3.1.2A Single link performance (2ms TTI, Type 1)

## 10.3.1.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed UP/DOWN. The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH with 2ms TTI and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

Note: The fail cases for Up are Down (erroneous detection) and Hold (missed detection).

The fail cases for Down are Up and Hold. TS 25.101 designated this test "Missed Up/Down". It is assumed that the minimum requirements apply for both fail cases erroneous and missed detection.

#### 10.3.1.2A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.1.2A.2.1 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed UP/DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.1.2A.2.2.

Table 10.3.1.2A.2.1: Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP 50% DOWN

Table 10.3.1.2A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability	
1	VA30	-28.6	0	0.05/0.05	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.3.1

## 10.3.1.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability for missed up down, when E-RGCH is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots, do not exceed specified values.

#### 10.3.1.2A.4 Method of test

#### 10.3.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed up down test as specified in table 10.3.1.2A.5.1 and 10.3.1.2A.5.2 and table E.5A.2. Set the fading conditions to VA 30
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 4
- 5) The UE is switched on.

- 6) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 7) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.3.1.2A.4.2 Procedure

Note: The measurement principle for the missed up down test (step 3 to 10) is as follows. The UE transmits E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH. The SS transmits E-RGCH up or down. The UE changes or holds the transport format of the corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH accordingly. This is visible for the SS by reading the E-TFCI, signalled on the corresponding E-DPCCH.

- 1) The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is 142 kbps. The UL data rate was configured by by signalling AG value 4 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 273 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 39.
- 2) Upon reception of every E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS signals always "DTX" on the E-HICH during the entire test. This way there is no E\_HICH power. Nevertheless the UE will transmit new data, since "E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions" is set to 0.
- 3) The SS signals 8 consecutive "up" on the E-RGCH
- 4) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 8 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to that "up"
- 5) If the UE decreases or holds the transport format at each HARQ process upon a "up" command, count a missed(up).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

- 6) The SS signals 8 consecutive "down" on the E-RGCH
- 7) The SS reads the E-TFCI for 8 consecutive HARQ processes, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to these "down".
- 8) If the UE increases or holds the transport format upon a "down" command, count a missed(down).

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH TTI is not counted as sample.

- 9) Repeat the "up-down" cycle in step 3 to 8, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved for up and down separately.
- 10) If one counter reaches the pass criterion, this counter is stopped and the remaining counter is continued. The missed up down test is decided pass, if the last counter reaches pass. The missed up down test is decided fail, if the first counter reaches fail.

Due to missed up or missed down the operating range will shift down or up. If the operating point shifts into the range "risk of buffer underflow" or "ambigous E-TFCI" (see Table 10.3.1.2A.4.2.1) the operating point must be re-adjusted.

Table 10.3.1.2A.4.2.1 E-TFCI operating point/range(2 ms)

missed up down	AG Value	$ m eta_{ed}/ m eta_{c}$	E- TFCI	TB Size=N*112+Header+min Padding	UL rate kbps
		Risl	k of buffer	underflow	-
		21/15	54	817 = 7*112 + 18 + 15	408
	5	19/15	50	707 = 6*112 + 18 + 17	353.5
Initial operating		17/15	45	590 = 5*112 + 18 + 12	295.5
range	4	15/15	39	474 = 4*112 + 18 + 8	273
		13/15	31	355 = 3*112 + 18 + 1	177.5
Ambiguous E-TFCI		12/15	21	247 = 2*112 + 18 + 5	123.5
	3	11/15	21	247 = 2*112 + 18 + 5	123.5

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

#### **RADIO BEARER SETUP:**

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
- RLC PDU size	112	Rel-6
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms (Test 2 and 4), 2ms (Test 1 and 3)	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number	0	
of retransmissions		
E-DCH info		Rel-6
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms (Test 2 and 4), 2ms (Test 1 and 3) (indication of exhausted resources on frame basis)	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	Not Present in RGCH performance tests, all E-TFCs should be in the selection process)	
Downlink information for each radio		
link list		
- Downlink information for each radio		
link		
- CHOICE E-RGCH Information		Rel-6
- E-RGCH Information		
- Signature Sequence	0	
<ul> <li>RG combination index</li> </ul>	0	

## 10.3.1.2A.5 Test requirements

Table 10.3.1.2A.5.1: Test Parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
E-RGCH $^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-28.4 (test 1)
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP 50% DOWN

Table 10.3.1.2A.5.2: Test requirement Type 1 for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability	
1	VA30	-28.4	0.6	0.05/0.05	

To pass the test,

the ratio (missed(down) / all valid down commands, sent) <= 0.05 and

the ratio (missed(up) / all valid up commands, sent) <= 0.05

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

## 10.3.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions

## 10.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives

signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-RGCH signalling from different cells, Serving E-DCH cell and Non-serving E-DCH RL.

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The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA.

## 10.3.2.2 Minimum requirement for Non-serving E-DCH RL

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.2.2.1 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.3.2.2.2. For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.2.2.1 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.2.2.3.

Table 10.3.2.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-RGCH – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Parameter	Unit	Missed HOLD	Missed DOWN		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH		
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10			
E-RGCH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% UP <sup>1</sup> 100% UP <sup>1</sup>			
E-AGCH information		Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>	Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>		
E-RGCH signalling pattern for Non-serving E-DCH RL		100% HOLD	100% DOWN		
Note 1 Serving E-DCH of	Note 1 Serving E-DCH cell E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -22 dB and relative scheduling				
grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots. Note 2 Serving E-DCH cell E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -15 dB and E-AGCH TTI length is 10ms.					

Table 10.3.2.2.2: Minimum requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability		
1	VA30	0	0.005		

Table 10.3.2.2.3: Minimum requirement for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed DOWN probability		
2	VA30	-27.3	0	0.05		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.3.2.

## 10.3.2.3 Test Purpose

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover the average probability for missed HOLD and the average probability for missed DOWN do not exceed specified values.

#### 10.3.2.4 Method of test

### 10.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.11.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed HOLD and missed DOWN test as specified in table 10.3.2.5.1 to 10.3.2.5.3 and table E.5A.3, with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to  $-\infty$ . Set the fading conditions to VA 30.
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5.
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 7) Reset  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.3.2.5.2 to 10.3.2.5.3. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 9) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 10)SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message adding cell 2 to the active set.
- 11) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.3.2.4.2 Procedure

Note:

The measurement principle of the missed hold test (step 3 to 5) is as follows: Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds as follows: Cell 1 responds "up" on the E-RGCH and a fixed SG on the E-AGCH. Cell 2 responds DTX=hold. The SS reads the transport format, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to that signalling. If the E-TFCI is not changed, the reception on cell 2 is interpreted as hold. If the E-TFCI is decreased by one step, the DTX on cell 2 was received as down. If the E-TFCI is increased to the fixed SG, then the hold on cell 2 was received correctly and the Non\_Serving\_RG\_Timer has expired.

- 1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, but the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The worst case for a conformant UE is 22 kbps. The UL datarate was configured by signalling AG value = 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.
- 2. Upon reception of every E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS signals always "DTX" on the E-HICH during the entire test. This way there is no E\_HICH power. Nevertheless the UE will transmit new data, since "E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions" is set to 0.
- 3. Upon reception of the E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS signals "up" on the E-RGCH and AG value = 5 on the E-AGCH of cell 1 and "DTX" on the E-RGCH of cell 2.
- 4. The SS reads the E-TFCI transport, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to that "up and SG".
- 5. If the UE decreases the E-TFCI by one step, the DTX on the E-RGCH of cell 2 was received as "down". Count a missed(hold). If the UE holds the E-TFCI, count a correct sample.

## Figure 10.3.2.4.2.1 Void

Table 10.3.2.4.2.2 E-TFCI operating range (10 ms)

Missed hold applicability	Missed down applicability	AG Value	$ m g_{ed}/ m g_c$	E-TFCI	TB Size	е	= N*11 Padd			eade	er +	UL rate kbps
		6	24/15	59	1264	=	11*112	+	18	+	14	126.4
			21/15	52	951	=	8* 112	+	18	+	37	95.1
Fixed SG	Fixed SG	5	19/15	45	716	=	6*112	+	18	+	26	71.6
Applicable	Applicable		17/15	40	584	=	5*112	+	18	+	6	58.4
SG range	SG range	4	15/15	35	477	=	4*112	+	18	+	11	47.7
•	•		13/15	28	359	=	3*112	+	18	+	4	35.9
			12/15	19	249	=	2*112	+	18	+	7	24.9

If the UE increases the E-TFCI by one or more steps at one instant to the fixed SG, signalled on the E-AGCH, the Non\_Serving\_RG\_Timer has expired.

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH blocks are not counted as sample.

If the UE decreases the E-TFCI due to several missed hold to the TFCI = 19, (TFCI =  $45 \rightarrow 40 \rightarrow 35 \rightarrow 28 \rightarrow 19$ ) without Non\_Serving\_RG\_Timer expired, fail the UE.

6. Repeat step 3) to 5) such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

Note: The measurement principle of the missed down test (step 8 to 10) is as follows: Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds as follows: Cell 1 sends "up" on the E-RGCH and a fixed SG on the E-AGCH. Cell 2 sends down. The SS reads the transport format, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to that signalling. If the transport format is decreased by one step, the Down on cell 2 was received correctly as down. If the transport format is not changed or is increased, the down on cell 2 was missed.

- 7. Repeat the settings of step 1
- 8. On cell 1, the SS signals "up" on the E-RGCH and AG value=5 on the E-AGCH. On cell 2, the SS signals a periodic sequence of 12 "down" followed by 8 "hold" on the E-RGCH. The SS should not count the E-TFCI as samples during signalling "hold". The sequence of 8 "hold" should allow restablishment of the initial transport format for all the HARQ processes, unless "hold" is falsely detected as "down", when the Non\_Serving\_RG timer is undesirably started. In that case the SS shall not count as samples the 12 E-TFCI corresponding to the 12 "down" of next period (steps 9 and 10 are not executed for those).
- 9. The SS reads the E-TFCI at each HARQ process, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to that "down on the E-RGCH of cell 2.
- 10. If the UE does not decrease the E-TFCI by one step at each HARQ process upon that "down on cell 2" record a missed(down). Otherwise count a correct sample.

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH blocks are not counted as sample.

## Figure 10.3.2.4.2.3 Void

11. Repeat step 8 to 10, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

## RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
- RLC PDU size	112	Rel-6
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	0	
retransmissions		
E-DCH info		Rel-6
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	Not Present in RGCH performance tests, all	
	E-TFCs should be in the selection process)	
Downlink information for each radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
- CHOICE E-RGCH Information		Rel-6
- E-RGCH Information		
- Signature Sequence	0	
<ul> <li>RG combination index</li> </ul>	0	

## ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation " · ·	T: 1 111 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
Canandam CDICI Linfo	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code	Not Propert	
- Secondary scrambling code - Spreading factor	Not Present 128	
- Spreading factor - Code number	96	
- Code number - Scrambling code change		
- TPC combination index	No code change	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not Present	
E-HICH Information	NOCT TOSCIIC	Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	INGI-U
- Signature Sequence	1	
E-RGCH Information	1	Rel-6
- Signature Sequence	0	i Noi-0
- RG combination index	1	
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6
L-DOLLIGOUIIIguration iilioimation	INOLI ICOCIIL	1761-0

# 10.3.2.5 Test Requirements

For table 10.3.2.5.1, the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.3.2.5.2. For table 10.3.2.5.1, the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.2.5.3

Table 10.3.2.5.1: Test scenario parameters for E-RGCH – Non-serving E-DCH RL

P	Parameter	Unit	Missed HOLD	Missed DOWN	
	$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Pha	ise reference	-	P-CP	ICH	
E-R	$GCH_1^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-21	.9	
E-A	${ m GCH_1}^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-14	.9	
E-R	$GCH_2^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-∞	-27.2	
HS-D	$PSCH_1^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-3.1	-3.1	
	signalling pattern ving E-DCH cell	-	100% UP <sup>1</sup>	100% UP <sup>1</sup>	
E-AG	CH information		Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>	Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>	
	signalling pattern serving E-DCH RL		100% HOLD	100% DOWN	
Note 1	RLS not containing	the Serving I			
Note 3	scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.				
	length is 10ms. TT is added to Serving E-DCH cell E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ and E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$				
			ception on the serving cell is or ause incorrect interpretation of the contract interpretation of the contract in the contract		

Table 10.3.2.5.2: Test requirements for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) Missed HOLD probability				
Number	Conditions					
1	VA30	0.6	0.005			

Table 10.3.2.5.3: Test requirements for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	I = I = I = I = I = I = I = I = I = I =		Missed DOWN probability	
2	VA30	-27.2	0.6	0.05	

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (hold) / all DTX from the SS) <= 0.005 and

The ratio (missed (down) / all valid down commands, sent)  $\leq 0.05$ 

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.3.2A Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions (Type 1)

## 10.3.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed UP/DOWN error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-RGCH signalling from different cells, Serving E-DCH cell and Non-serving E-DCH RL.

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The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support E-DCH and HSDPA and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

## 10.3.2A.2 Minimum requirement for Non-serving E-DCH RL

For the parameters specified in Table 10.3.2A.2.1 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.2A.2.2.

Table 10.3.2A.2.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-RGCH - Non-serving E-DCH RL

	Parameter	Unit	Missed DOWN
	$I_{oc}$		-60
Pha	ase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-C	CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-RGCH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell		-	100% UP <sup>1</sup>
E-AG	E-AGCH information		Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>
E-RGCH signalling pattern for Non-serving E-DCH RL			100% DOWN
Note 1	lote 1 Serving E-DCH cell E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -22 dB and relative		
scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots. Note 2 Serving E-DCH cell E-AGCH $E_{c}/I_{or}$ power level is set to -15 dB and E-AGCH			
	TTI length is 10ms.		

Table 10.3.2A.2.2: Enhanced performance requirement for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed DOWN probability
2	VA30	-31.2	0	0.05

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 10.3.2.

## 10.3.2A.3 Test Purpose

To verify that during an inter-cell soft handover the average probability for missed DOWN do not exceed specified values.

#### 10.3.2A.4 Method of test

#### 10.3.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure Figure A.24 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.11 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed DOWN test as specified in table 10.3.2A.5.1 and 10.3.2A.5.2 and table E.5A.3 with the exception of  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  that shall be set to - $\infty$ .. Set the fading conditions to VA 30.
- 4) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0, and the Absolute Grant shall be set to 5.
- 5) The UE is switched on.

- 6) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1, looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH, and start the loopback test. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.9 and TS 34.109 [4] clauses 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
  - 7) Reset  $\hat{I}_{or2}$  according to tables 10.3.2A.5.1 to 10.3.2A.5.2. The downlink DPCH of cell 2 must remain inactivated.
  - 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
  - 9) The downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.

10)SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message adding cell 2 to the active set.

11) The fading simulators are switched on.

#### 10.3.2A.4.2 Procedure

Note:

The measurement principle of the missed down test is as follows: Upon the UE transmission on E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, the SS responds as follows: Cell 1 sends "up" on the E-RGCH and a fixed SG on the E-AGCH. Cell 2 sends down. The SS reads the transport format, signalled on the E-DPCCH, corresponding to that signalling. If the transport format is decreased by one step, the Down on cell 2 was received correctly as down. If the transport format is not changed or is increased, the down on cell 2 was missed.

1. The Nominal Avg. Information Bit Rate in the DL is set to 534 kbps according to QPSK H-Set 1. The expected throughput under this level and fading conditions is tested with a single cell in clause 9.2.1, but the DL throughput for this test case will be less than for the single cell case because of interference from Cell 2. The DL throughput for this test case is estimated based on the HSDPA throughput corresponding to the subtests using "HS-PDSCH Ec/Ior = -6dB" condition in 9.2.1A. The worst case for a conformant UE is 22 kbps. The UL datarate was configured by signalling AG value = 5 on the E-AGCH. The expected UL datarate is 71.6 kbps corresponding to E-TFC Index 45.

Missed down applicability	AG Value	ßed∕ßc	E-TFCI	TB Size = N*112 + Header + Padding	UL rate kbps
	6	24/15	59	1264 = 11*112 + 18 + 14	126.4
		21/15	52	951 = 8* 112 + 18 + 37	95.1
Fixed SG	5	19/15	45	716 = 6*112 + 18 + 26	71.6
Applicable SG		17/15	40	584 = 5*112 + 18 + 6	58.4
range	4	15/15	35	477 = 4*112 + 18 + 11	47.7
		13/15	28	359 = 3*112 + 18 + 4	35.9
		12/15	19	249 = 2*112 + 18 + 7	24.9

Table 10.3.2A.4.2.1 E-TFCI operating range (10 ms)

- 2. The SS signals 12 consecutive "down" on the E-RGCH of cell 2 followed by a sequence of hold. The SS signals up on the E-RGCH of cell 1 and AG value = 5 on the E-AGCH always. (To avoid the lower limit of SG after several down in sequence, the SS signals hold continuously on cell 2 until the initial transport format is reestablished.). The SS should not count the E-TFCI as samples during signalling hold.). The SS shall take into account that UE may falsely detect "Hold" of the non-serving cell to "Down". This is FFS.
- 3. The SS reads the E-TFCI at each HARQ process, signalled on the E-DPCCH corresponding to that "down on the E-RGCH of cell 2.
- 4 If the UE does not decrease the E-TFCI by one step at each HARQ process upon that "down on cell 2" record a missed(down). Otherwise count a correct sample.

If the UE signals Happy Bit = 1, the UE may transmit less data than granted. (TS25.321 [13] section 11.8.1.5. bullet point 1) The corresponding E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH blocks are not counted as sample.

5. Repeat step 2 to 4, such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

## Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

## RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
- RLC PDU size	112	Rel-6
- E-DCH Transmission Time	10 ms	
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	0	
retransmissions		
E-DCH info		Rel-6
- Happy bit delay condition	10 ms	
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI	Not Present in RGCH performance tests, all E-TFCs should be in the selection process)	
Downlink information for each radio link list	E-17CS Should be in the selection process)	
- Downlink information for each radio link		
<ul> <li>CHOICE E-RGCH Information</li> </ul>		Rel-6
- E-RGCH Information		
- Signature Sequence	0	
- RG combination index	0	

## ACTIVE SET UPDATE message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
- New H-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Primary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
- New Secondary E-RNTI	Not Present	Rel-6
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
<ul> <li>Radio link addition information</li> </ul>		
- Primary CPICH info		
<ul> <li>Primary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
<ul> <li>Primary CPICH usage for channel</li> </ul>	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
<ul> <li>DPCH frame offset</li> </ul>	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
<ul> <li>DL channelisation code</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Secondary scrambling code</li> </ul>	Not Present	
<ul> <li>Spreading factor</li> </ul>	128	
- Code number	96	
<ul> <li>Scrambling code change</li> </ul>	No code change	
- TPC combination index	1	
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- Downlink F-DPCH info for each RL	Not present	
E-HICH Information		Rel-6
- Channelisation Code	6	
- Signature Sequence	1	5.10
E-RGCH Information	Not Present	Rel-6
- Signature Sequence	0	
- RG combination index	1	
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	D-LC
Serving HS-DSCH cell information	Not Present	Rel-6
E-DCH reconfiguration information	Not Present	Rel-6

# 10.3.2A.5 Test Requirements

For table 10.3.2A.5.1, the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed DOWN probabilities in Table 10.3.2A.5.2

Table 10.3.2A.5.1: Test scenario parameters for E-RGCH – Non-serving E-DCH RL

	Parameter	Unit	Missed DOWN	
	$I_{oc}$		-60	
Pha	ase reference	1	P-CPICH	
E-R	${\sf GCH_1}$ $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-21.9	
	$AGCH_1^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-14.9	
E-R	${\sf GCH_2} \stackrel{E_c/I_{or}}{=}$	dB	-31.1	
HS-E	$DPSCH_1^{E_c/I_{or}}$	dB	-3.1	
E-RGCH	E-RGCH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell		100% UP <sup>1</sup>	
E-AG	E-AGCH information		Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>	
	I signalling pattern serving E-DCH RL		100% DOWN	
Note 1	belonging to RLS r	not containing	ntaining the Serving E-DCH cell, Index 2: cell the Serving E-DCH cell	
Note 2		-	/I <sub>or</sub> power level is set to -22 dB+TT and relative	
scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.  Note 3 Serving E-DCH cell E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -15+TT dB and E-AG				
TTI length is 10ms. TT is added to Serving E-DCH cell E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ and E-				
	AGCH $E_{\scriptscriptstyle c}/I_{\scriptscriptstyle or}$ power. E-RGCH and E-AGCH reception on the serving cell is			
	outside the test purpose. However reception errors may cause incorrect interpretation of the wanted test.			

Table 10.3.2A.5.2: Test requirements Type 1 for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed DOWN probability
2	VA30	-31.1	0.6	0.05

To pass the test,

The ratio (missed (down) / all valid down commands, sent) <= 0.05

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 10.4 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

# 10.4.1 Single link performance

## 10.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed detection probability. The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH.

## 10.4.1.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.4.1.1 the average downlink E-AGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed detection probability in Table 10.4.1.2.

Table 10.4.1.1: Test parameters for E-AGCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Missed detection
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
00	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-AGCH information	-	Varying SG
E-AGCH TTI length	ms	10

Table 10.4.1.2: Minimum requirement for E-AGCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Miss detection probability
1	VA30	-23.2	0	0.01

#### 10.4.1.3 Test Purpose

The aim of the test is to verify that the missed detection probability of the E-AGCH channel does not exceed 0.01.

#### 10.4.1.4 Method of test

#### 10.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clause G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.10.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed detection test as specified in Table 10.4.1.3, 10.4.1.3a and Table E.5A.2. Setup the fading simulator as per the fading condition, which is described in Table 10.4.1.3a.
- 4) Relative Grant shall not be transmitted on the E-RGCH and only Absolute Grant sent on E-AGCH will affect the Serving Grant (SG).
- 5) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to the 4.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test. See TS34.108[3] clause 7.3.9 and TS34.109[4] clause 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH. This way the UE is configured to transmit a data stream on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.
- 8) Switch on the fading simulator

#### 10.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS shall signal 100% ACK on the E-HICH for all processes.
- 2) The SS shall signal the Absolute Grants according to the E-AGCH information sequence as defined in Table 10.4.1.3.
- 3) The SS shall analyse the E-TFCI transmitted on the E-DPCCH for each E-DCH TTI to determine if a missed detection event has occurred by correlating the detected E-TFCIs with the expected E-TFCIs corresponding to the absolute grant sequence sent on E-AGCH. If the expected E-TFC is not detected by the SS, record a missed detection event.
- 4) The test shall be run such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	0
retransmissions	

# 10.4.1.5 Test Requirements

The missed detection probability shall not exceed to the values specified in Table 10.4.1.3a.

The missed detection probability = the ratio of (missed detection event)/ (all detected E-TFCI event)  $\leq$  0.01.

Tables 10.4.1.3 and 10.4.1.3a define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for the test.

Table 10.4.1.3: Test parameters for E-AGCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Missed detection
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-AGCH information		The E-AGCH information sequence "AG <sub>4</sub> AG <sub>8</sub> AG <sub>10</sub> AG <sub>4</sub> AG <sub>8</sub> AG <sub>10</sub> AG <sub>4</sub> AG <sub>8</sub> AG <sub>10,</sub> " shall be transmitted continuously, where AG <sub>4</sub> , AG <sub>8</sub> and AG <sub>10</sub> denote absolute grant index of 4, 8, 10 respectively
E-AGCH TTI length	ms	10
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20
$eta_{ extsf{c}}$		15/15
$eta_{ extsf{d}}$		5/15
$eta_{\sf hs}$		15/15

Table 10.4.1.3a: Test requirement for E-AGCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	E-AGCH $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) Miss detection probability			
1	VA30	-23.1	0.6	0.01	

The exact mapping of the E-AGCH absolute grant indices and the expected E-TFCIs is shown in Table 10.4.1.4. The mapping shall be used by the SS to compute the missed detection probability.

Table 10.4.1.4: Mapping of the E-AGCH test sequence and the expected E-TFCI

	Absolute Grant Index	Expected E-TFCI index	
AG <sub>4</sub>		E-TFCI <sub>28</sub>	
AG <sub>8</sub>		E-TFCI <sub>67</sub>	
	AG <sub>10</sub>	E-TFCI <sub>81</sub>	
Note:	E-TFCl <sub>28</sub> , E-TFCl <sub>67</sub> E-TFCl <sub>81</sub> denotes the E-TFC index of 28, 67 and 81		
from 10ms TTI Table 0 in 25.321[13]. This mapping is based on the assumption that 1, 5 or 9 RLC PDUs of size 336 bits are used respectively.			

# 10.4.1A Single link performance (Type 1)

## 10.4.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed detection probability. The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA and E-DCH and the optional Type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

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## 10.4.1A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.4.1A.1 the average downlink E-AGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed detection probability in Table 10.4.1A.2.

Table 10.4.1A.1: Test parameters for E-AGCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Missed detection
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
OC.	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-AGCH information	-	Varying SG
E-AGCH TTI length	ms	10

Table 10.4.1A.2: Enhanced performance requirement for E-AGCH detection – single link

Test Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Miss detection probability
1	VA30	-26.8	0	0.01

## 10.4.1A.3 Test Purpose

The aim of the test is to verify that the missed detection probability of the E-AGCH channel does not exceed 0.01.

#### 10.4.1A.4 Method of test

#### 10.4.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clause G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.21 for UEs that support receive diversity or figure A.10 for UEs that do not support receive diversity.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.11.
- 3) Set the test parameters for the missed detection test as specified in Table 10.4.1.3 and 10.4.1A.5 and Table E.5A.2. Setup the fading simulator as per the fading condition, which is described in Table 10.4.1A.2.
- 4) Relative Grant shall not be transmitted on the E-RGCH and only Absolute Grant sent on E-AGCH will affect the Serving Grant (SG).
- 5) The value of Absolute Grant Scope shall be set to the 0 and the Absolute Grant shall be set to the 4.
- 6) The UE is switched on.
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback mode 1 looping back both the 12.2kbps RMC and HSDPA to E-DCH and start the loopback test. See TS34.108[3] clause 7.3.9 and TS34.109[4] clause 5.3.2.3 and 5.3.2.6 for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA and E-DCH. This way the UE is configured to transmit a data stream on the E-DPDCH with E-DPCCH. To fill the RLC transmit buffer, run the loopback for [3]s before starting the procedure.

8) Switch on the fading simulators

#### 10.4.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS shall signal 100% ACK on the E-HICH for all processes.
- 2) The SS shall signal the Absolute Grants according to the E-AGCH information sequence as defined in Table 10.4.1A.3.
- 3) The SS shall analyse the E-TFCI transmitted on the E-DPCCH for each E-DCH TTI to determine if a missed detection event has occurred by correlating the detected E-TFCIs with the expected E-TFCIs corresponding to the absolute grant sequence sent on E-AGCH. If the expected E-TFC is not detected by the SS, record a missed detection event.
- 4) The test shall be run such that statistical significance according to Annex F.6.4 is achieved.

### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9.2.1 of 34.108 [3] with the following exceptions:

#### RADIO BEARER SETUP:

Information Element	Value/remark
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of	0
retransmissions	

## 10.4.1A.5 Test Requirements

The missed detection probability shall not exceed to the values specified in Table 10.4.1A.5.

The missed detection probability = the ratio of (missed detection event)/ (all detected E-TFCI event)  $\leq$  0.01.

Table 10.4.1A.3 and 10.4.1A.5 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for the test.

Table 10.4.1A.3: Test parameters for E-AGCH detection – single link

Parameter	Unit	Missed detection
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-AGCH information		The E-AGCH information sequence "AG <sub>4</sub> AG <sub>8</sub> AG <sub>10</sub> AG <sub>4</sub> AG <sub>8</sub> AG <sub>10</sub> AG <sub>4</sub> AG <sub>8</sub> AG <sub>10,</sub> " shall be transmitted continuously, where AG <sub>4</sub> , AG <sub>8</sub> and AG <sub>10</sub> denote absolute grant index of 4, 8, 10 respectively
E-AGCH TTI length	ms	10
E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-20
$eta_{ extsf{c}}$		15/15
$eta_{ extsf{d}}$		5/15
$eta_{hs}$		15/15

The exact mapping of the E-AGCH absolute grant indices and the expected E-TFCIs is shown in Table 10.4.1A.4. The mapping shall be used by the SS to compute the missed detection probability.

Table 10.4.1A.4: Mapping of the E-AGCH test sequence and the expected E-TFCI

	Absolute Grant Index	Expected E-TFCI index
	$AG_4$	E-TFCI <sub>28</sub>
	AG <sub>8</sub>	E-TFCI <sub>67</sub>
	AG <sub>10</sub>	E-TFCI <sub>81</sub>
Note:	E-TFCI <sub>28</sub> , E-TFCI <sub>67</sub> E-TFCI <sub>81</sub> denote	es the E-TFC index of 28, 67 and 81
from 10ms TTI Table 0 in 25.321[13]. This mapping is based on the		
	assumption that 1, 5 or 9 RLC PDU	Is of size 336 bits are used respectively.

Table 10.4.1A.5: Test requirement for E-AGCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	/ // (dB)		Miss detection probability
1	VA30	-26.7	0.6	0.01

# 11 Performance requirement (MBMS)

#### 11.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this subclause are specified for the propagation conditions specified in Annex D.2 and the Downlink Physical channels specified in Annex E.5B.

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

For MBMS test cases which require invalid MAC header to be transmitted during the test, the configuration of invalid MAC header for MTCH transmission shall use the value "1111" for the MBMS-Id field. The UE shall discard PDU's with this invalid MAC header according TS 25.321[13] section 10.

A UE with one antenna connector may also fulfill the enhanced performance requirements Type 1. The levels of the test signal are applied to the single antenna connector as defined in the respective sections below.

#### 11.2 Demodulation of MTCH

## 11.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the MTCH is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER). RLC SDU ER is specified for each individual data rate of the MTCH. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support MBMS.

Note: This test is incomplete.

## 11.2.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.2.2.1 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c$  / $I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.2.2.2.

Test 1 **Parameter** Unit Test 2 Test 3 Phase reference P-CPICH -60  $I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ dΒ -3 -3 -3 MTCH Data Rate 128 kbps 256 kbps 128 kbps Transmission Time Interval 40 40 80 ms Propagation condition VA3 3 3 3 Number of Radio Links p Delay of Radio Link 2 160ms 20 ms 20 ms compared with Radio Link 1 Delay of Radio Link 3 40.67 ms 80.67 ms 1240ms compared with Radio Link 1 (1 TTI + 1 slot) (1 TTI + 1 slot)

Table 11.2.2.1: Parameters for MTCH detection

Table 11.2.2.2: Test requirements for MTCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-4.9	0.1
2	-5.6	0.1
3	-8.5	0.1

## 11.2.3 Test Purpose

The aim of the test is to verify that the RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER) for each individual data rate of the MTCH channel does not exceed 0.1. The test shall be performed in CELL\_PCH state only.

#### 11.2.4 Method of test

#### 11.2.4.1 Initial conditions

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulator to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.23.
- 2) The DL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.12.1.
- 3) The configuration for the downlink channel for each radio link is defined in Annex.E.5B.
- 4) The same MTCH data shall be sent in all radio links during the test.
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) The UE is interested in the broadcast service provided by the SS, this service is included in the MBMS\_ACTIVATED\_SERVICES variable.
- 7) Set up a call according to the generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10 and enter the UE into loopback test mode 3 with transition to the CELL\_PCH state. See TS 34.108 and TS 34.109 for details regarding loopback test mode 3 for MBMS.
- 8) Setup the test parameter for Test 1-3 as specified in Table 11.2.5.1 and 11.2.5.2. Set up fading simulator as per the fading condition VA3, which is described in table D.2.2.1C.
- 9) Switch on the fading simulator.

#### 11.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Initiate the variables N<sub>SS</sub>\_ACC to 0.
- 2) SS shall start the test by sending valid MAC headers and RLC SDUs on the MTCH radio bearer for [10] seconds and store the count of transmitted RLC SDU blocks on the MTCH with valid MAC headers in the variable  $N_{SS}$  and adds it to  $N_{SS}$ \_ACC.

- 3) The SS transmits invalid MAC headers on the MTCH.
- 4) SS shall transmit a PAGING TYPE 1 message to place the UE in CELL\_FACH state.
- 5) UE shall move to CELL\_FACH state by sending a CELL\_UPDATE message. On reception of the CELL UPDATE message the SS shall transmit 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.
- 6) SS shall send a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message and wait for the UE to respond with a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" reporting the received RLC SDU counter value. Store this counter in the variable N<sub>UEOK</sub>.
- 7) SS shall compute the RLC SDU error rate by the following:

The RLC SDU error rate =  $(N_{SS\_}ACC - N_{UEOK}) / N_{SS\_}ACC$ 

 $N_{UEOK}$ : UE received RLC SDUs as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 6.

N<sub>SS</sub>\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N<sub>SS</sub> tested so far.

- 8) The SS orders the UE to move to CELL\_PCH state by transmitting a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with the RRC state indicator set to "CELL\_PCH".
- 9) The UE send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 10) Repeat steps 2) to 9) until the statistical significance according to Annex to F.6.1.8 is achieved.
- 11) End the RRC connection according to the generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10.

NOTE: In the Step 5 above, the 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages are transmitted with the same RRC message sequence number. Transmitting 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages is done to increase the probability of correct message reception at the UE.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the exceptions stated in clause 7.3.10 of 34.108[3].

## 11.2.5 Test Requirements

Table 11.2.5.1: Parameters for MTCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Cell1 $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4
Cell2 $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4
Cell3 $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4
MTCH Data Rate		128 kbps	256 kbps	128 kbps
Transmission Time Interval	ms	40	40	80
Propagation condition			VA3	
Number of Radio Links p		3	3	3
Delay of Radio Link 2 compared with Radio Link 1		160ms	20 ms	20 ms
Delay of Radio Link 3 compared with Radio Link 1		1240ms	40.67 ms (1 TTI + 1 slot)	80.67 ms (1 TTI + 1 slot)

Table 11.2.5.2: Test requirements for MTCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-4.8	0.1
2	-5.5	0.1
3	-8.4	0.1

The RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER) for all the MTCH demodulation tests shall not exceed the value specified in 11.2.5.2 for the specified  $\underline{S-CCPCH_-E_c}$ .

The RLC SDU error rate = the ratio of (transmitted RLC SDU count – received RLC SDU count) / (transmitted RLC SDU count) < 0.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# 11.2A Demodulation of MTCH - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1

### 11.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the MTCH is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER). RLC SDU ER is specified for each individual data rate of the MTCH. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 7 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support MBMS and enhanced receiver type 1.

## 11.2A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.2A.2.1 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c$  / $I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.2A.2.2.

Table 11.2A.2.1: Parameters for MTCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
MTCH Data Rate		128 kbps	256 kbps	128 kbps
Transmission Time Interval	ms	40	40	80
Propagation condition			VA3	
Number of Radio Links p		3	3	3
Delay of Radio Link 2 compared with Radio Link 1		160ms	20 ms	20 ms
Delay of Radio Link 3 compared with Radio Link 1		1240ms	40.67 ms (1 TTI + 1 slot)	80.67 ms (1 TTI + 1 slot)

Table 11.2A.2.2: Test requirements for MTCH detection for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-7.7	0.1
2	-8.7	0.1
3	-11.5	0.1

#### 11.2A.3 Test Purpose

The aim of the test is to verify that the RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER) for each individual data rate of the MTCH channel does not exceed 0.1. The test shall be performed in CELL\_PCH state only.

#### 11.2A.4 Method of test

#### 11.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.25.
- 2) The DL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.12.1.
- 3) The configuration for the downlink channel for each radio link is defined in Annex.E.5B.
- 4) The same MTCH data shall be sent in all radio links during the test.
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) The UE is interested in the broadcast service provided by the SS, this service is included in the MBMS\_ACTIVATED\_SERVICES variable.
- 7) Set up a call according to the generic call setup procedure in TS34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10 and enter the UE into loopback test mode 3 with transition to the CELL\_PCH state. See TS 34.108 and TS 34.109 for details regarding loopback test mode 3 for MBMS.
- 8) Setup the test parameter for Test 1-3 as specified in Table 11.2A.5.1 and 11.2A.5.2. Set up fading simulators as per the fading condition VA3, which is described in table D.2.2.1C.
- 9) Switch on the fading simulator.

#### 11.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Initiate the variables N<sub>SS</sub>\_ACC to 0.
- 2) SS shall start the test by sending valid MAC headers and RLC SDUs on the MTCH radio bearer for [10] seconds and store the count of transmitted RLC SDU blocks on the MTCH with valid MAC headers in the variable  $N_{SS}$  and adds it to  $N_{SS}$ —ACC.
- 3) The SS transmits invalid MAC headers on the MTCH.
- 4) SS shall transmit a PAGING TYPE 1 message to place the UE in CELL\_FACH state.
- 5) UE shall move to CELL\_FACH state by sending a CELL\_UPDATE message. On reception of the CELL UPDATE message the SS shall transmit 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.
- 6) SS shall send a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message and wait for the UE to respond with a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" reporting the received RLC SDU counter value. Store this counter in the variable N<sub>UEOK</sub>.
- 7) SS shall compute the RLC SDU error rate by the following:

The RLC SDU error rate =  $(N_{SS}\_ACC - N_{UEOK}) / N_{SS}\_ACC$ 

 $N_{UEOK}$ : UE received RLC SDUs as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 6.

N<sub>SS</sub>\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N<sub>SS</sub> tested so far.

- 8) The SS orders the UE to move to CELL\_PCH state by transmitting a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with the RRC state indicator set to "CELL\_PCH".
- 9) The UE send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 10) Repeat steps 2) to 9) until the statistical significance according to Annex to F.6.1.8 is achieved.

11) End the RRC connection according to the generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10.

NOTE: In the Step 5 above, the 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages are transmitted with the same RRC message sequence number. Transmitting 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages is done to increase the probability of correct message reception at the UE.

#### Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the exceptions stated in clause 7.3.10 of 34.108 [3].

### 11.2A.5 Test Requirements

Table 11.2A.5.1: Parameters for MTCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Cell1 $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4
Cell2 $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4
Cell3 $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4
MTCH Data Rate		128 kbps	256 kbps	128 kbps
Transmission Time Interval	ms	40	40	80
Propagation condition			VA3	
Number of Radio Links p		3	3	3
Delay of Radio Link 2		160ms	20 ms	20 ms
compared with Radio Link 1		1001115	20 1115	201115
Delay of Radio Link 3		1240ms	40.67 ms	80.67 ms
compared with Radio Link 1		12701113	(1 TTI + 1 slot)	(1 TTI + 1 slot)

Table 11.2A.5.2: Test requirements for MTCH detection for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-7.6	0.1
2	-8.6	0.1
3	-11.4	0.1

The RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER) for all the MTCH demodulation tests shall not exceed the value specified in 11.2A.5.2 for the specified  $\underline{S-CCPCH\_E_c}$ .

The RLC SDU error rate = the ratio of (transmitted RLC SDU count – received RLC SDU count) / (transmitted RLC SDU count) < 0.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

#### 11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification

## 11.3.1 Definition and applicability

MBMS combining is not controlled by a network but instead it is autonomously handled by a terminal. UE has to be able to receive MTCH and identify intra-frequency neighbour cells according to the requirements. The receive characteristic of the MTCH combined with cell identification is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER).

The requirements and this test apply to Release 6 and later releases for FDD UE that supports MBMS.

Editor's note: This test is incomplete.

## 11.3.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 11.3.2.1 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU error rate shown in Table 11.3.2.2. The cell reselection parameters are given in clause in Table 11.3.2.3. The different cells are assumed to be time aligned.

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Table 11.3.2.1: Parameters for MTCH demodulation requirements with cell identification

Parameter	Unit	Unit Test 1		
Parameter	Offic	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
Time in each stage	S	2	0.8	2
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	-73	-70
Cell1 $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	0	-3
Cell2 $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	0	-infinity
Cell3 $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	0	-3
Propagation condition			Case1	
MTCH Data Rate	Kbps		128	
Number of Radio Links		2	3	2

Table 11.3.2.2: Requirements for MTCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-5.6	0.05

Parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification requirements are defined in Table 11.3.2.3.

Table 11.3.2.3: Cell reselection parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value
Serving cell in the initial condition		Cell1
Neighbour cells		32 intra-frequency neighbour cells are indicated including Cell2 and Cell3
Cell_selection_and_resel ection_quality_measure		CPICH E₀/N₀
Qqualmin	dB	-20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	21
Qhyst2	dB	20 dB
Treselection	Seconds	4
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		not sent

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 11.3.1 and TS 25.101 [1] annex A.9.

## 11.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the SDU error rate does not exceed the value at the S-CCPCH\_Ec/Ior specified in table 11.3.2.2.

#### 11.3.4 Method of test

11.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source and fading simulators to the UE antenna connector as shown in Figure A.23.
- 2) The DL Reference Measurement Channel parameters are defined in Annex C.12.1 and C.12.2.
- 3) The configuration for the downlink channel for each radio link is defined in Annex.E.5B.1.
- 4) The same MTCH data shall be sent in all active cells during the test.
- 5) The UE is switched on.
- 6) The UE selects the broadcast service provided by the SS (included in the MBMS\_ACTIVATED\_SERVICES variable).
- 7) Set up a call according to the generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10 to configure and activate an MBMS session and enter the UE into loopback mode 3 with transition to CELL\_PCH state. The SS broadcast the cell reselection parameters according to table 11.3.2.3. See TS 34.108 and TS 34.109 for details regarding loopback test mode 3 for MBMS.
- 8) Set up fading simulators as per the fading condition Case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.
- 10) Switch on the fading simulator.

#### 11.3.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Initiate the variables  $N_{SS}$  to 0.
- 2) The SS configures and activates cell 1 to 3 with RF parameters according to Stage 1 conditions in Table 11.3.5.1.
- 3) The SS transmits valid MAC headers and RLC SDUs on the MTCH radio bearer for 2 seconds during Stage 1, 0.8 seconds during Stage 2 and 2 seconds during T3. The SS changes the test parameters for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 from Stage 1 to 3 as specified in table 11.3.5.1 and counts the number of transmitted RLC SDUs on the MTCH with valid MAC headers ( $N_{SS}$ ) and adds it to  $N_{SS}$ \_ACC.
- 4) The SS transmits invalid MAC headers on the MTCH radio bearer.
- 5) The SS transmits a PAGING TYPE 1 message to place the UE in CELL\_FACH state.
- 6) UE shall move to CELL\_FACH state by sending a CELL\_UPDATE message. On reception of the CELL UPDATE message the SS shall transmit 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.
- 7) The SS sends a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER REQUEST" message.
- 8) The SS waits for the UE to respond by a "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message reporting the number of received RLC SDUs on MTCH (N<sub>UEOK</sub>).
  - 9) The SS in Cell 1 calculates the SDU error rate by the following: The SDU error rate =  $(N_{SS}\_ACC N_{UEOK}) / N_{SS}$

 $N_{UEOK}$ : UE received RLC SDUs as reported in the "UE TEST LOOP MODE 3 RLC SDU COUNTER RESPONSE" message in step 8.

N<sub>SS</sub>\_ACC: Accumulated sum of N<sub>SS</sub> tested so far.

- 10) The SS orders the UE to move to CELL\_PCH state by transmitting a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with the RRC state indicator set to "CELL\_PCH".
- 11) The UE send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 12) Repeat steps 2) to 11) until the confidence level for RLC SDU's according to annex F.6.1.8.
- 13) End the RRC connection according to the generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.10.
- NOTE: In the Step 6 above, the 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages are transmitted with the same RRC message sequence number. Transmitting 3 identical CELL UPDATE CONFIRM messages is done to increase the probability of correct message reception at the UE.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the exceptions stated in clause 7.3.10 of 34.108 [3].

## 11.3.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 11.3.5.1.

Table 11.3.5.1: Parameters for MTCH demodulation requirements with cell identification

Parameter	Unit	Test 1		
Parameter	Offic	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 2
Time in each stage	S	2	0.8	2
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	-73	-70
Cell1 $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	0.6	-2.4
Cell2 $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-2.4	0.6	-infinity
Cell3 $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	0.6	-2.4
Propagation condition			Case1	
MTCH Data Rate	Kbps	128		•
Number of Radio Links		2	3	2

The RLC SDU ER shall not exceed the value specified in table 11.3.5.2 for the specified  $\frac{S - CCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$ .

Table 11.3.5.2: Requirements for MTCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-5.5	0.05

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

# Annex A (informative): **Connection Diagrams**

#### **Definition of Terms**

System Simulator or SS – A device or system, that is capable of generating simulated Node B signalling and analysing UE signalling responses on one or more RF channels, in order to create the required test environment for the UE under test. It will also include the following capabilities:

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- 1. Measurement and control of the UE Tx output power through TPC commands
- 2. Measurement of Rx BLER and BER
- 3. Measurement of signalling timing and delays
- 4. Ability to simulate UTRAN and/or GERAN signalling

Test System - A combination of devices brought together into a system for the purpose of making one or more measurements on a UE in accordance with the test case requirements. A test system may include one or more System Simulators if additional signalling is required for the test case. The following diagrams are all examples of Test Systems.

Note:

The above terms are logical definitions to be used to describe the test methods used in this document (TS34.121), in practice, real devices called 'System Simulators' may also include additional measurement capabilities or may only support those features required for the test cases they are designed to perform.

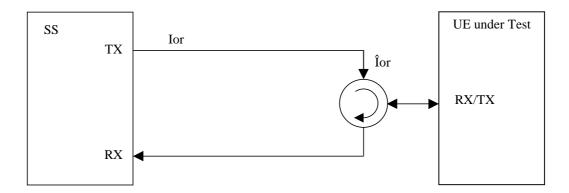


Figure A.1: Connection for basic single cell tests

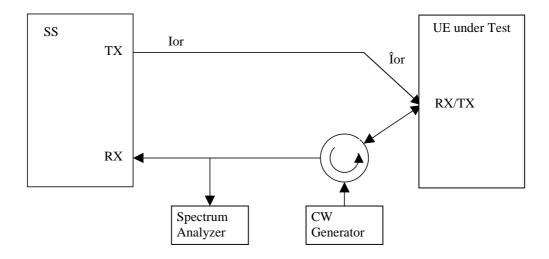


Figure A.2: Connection for Transmitter Intermodulation tests

Figure A.3: Void

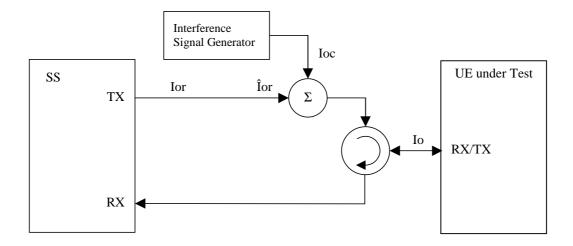


Figure A.4: Connection for Receiver tests with Interference

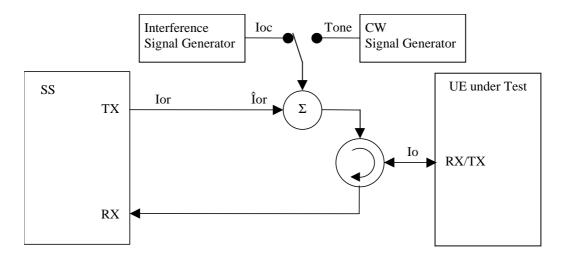


Figure A.5: Connection for Receiver tests with Interference or additional CW signal

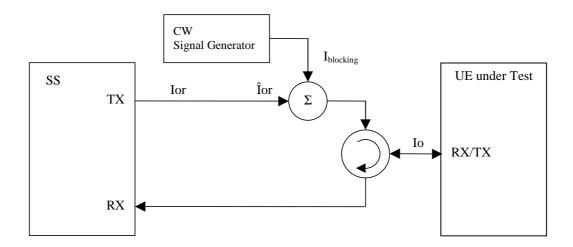


Figure A.6: Connection for Receiver tests with additional CW signal

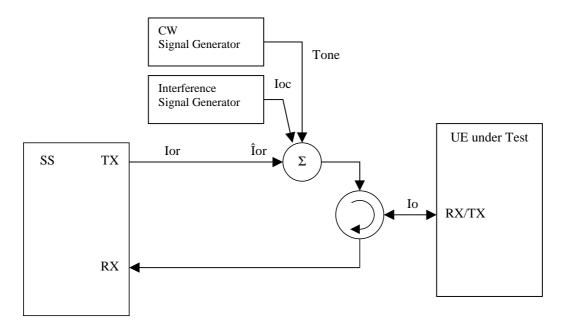


Figure A.7: Connection for Receiver tests with both Interference and additional CW signal

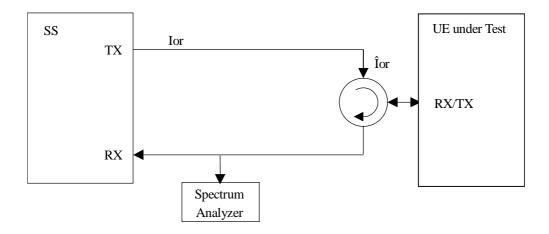


Figure A.8: Connection for tests with additional Spectrum Analyzer

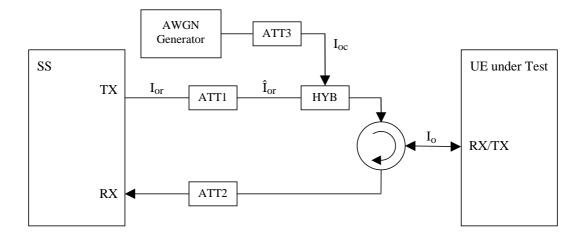


Figure A.9: Connection for single cell tests with static propagation

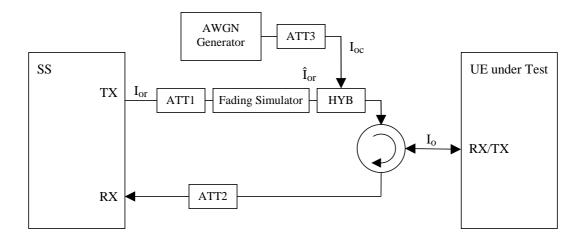


Figure A.10: Connection for single cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation

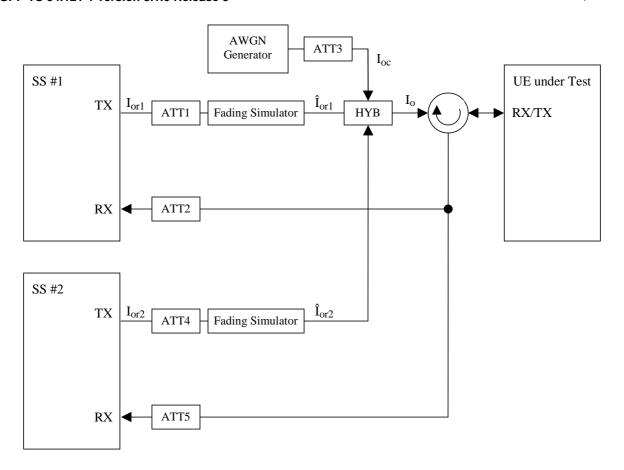


Figure A.11: Connection for two cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation

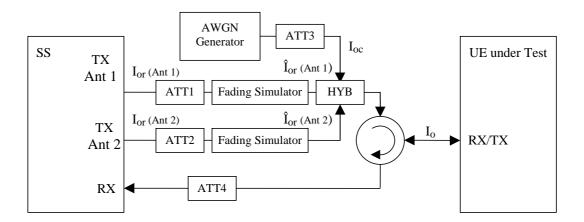


Figure A.12: Connection for single cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation and transmit diversity

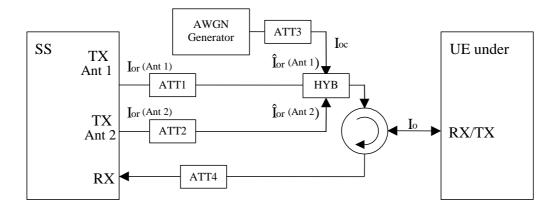


Figure A.12a: Connection for single cell tests with static propagation and transmit diversity

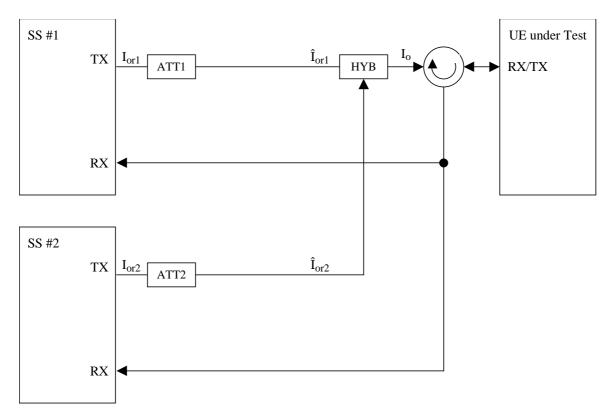


Figure A.13: Connection for basic two cell tests

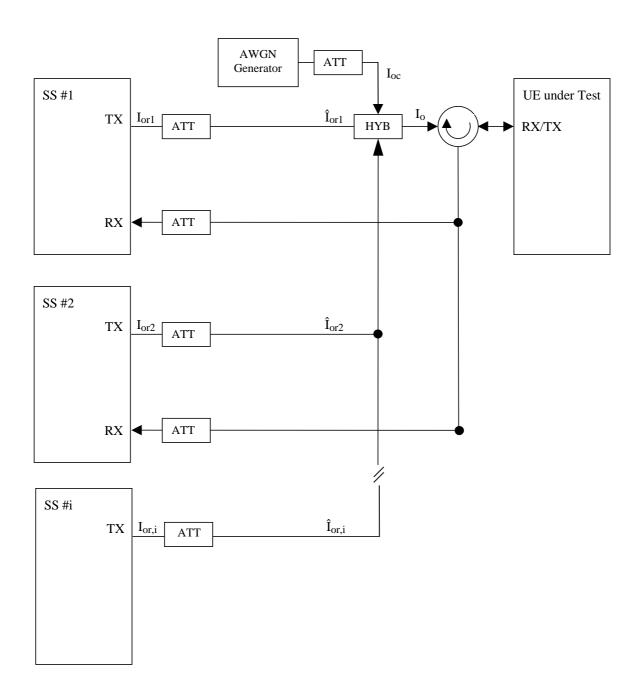


Figure A.14: Connection for multi-cell tests with static propagation

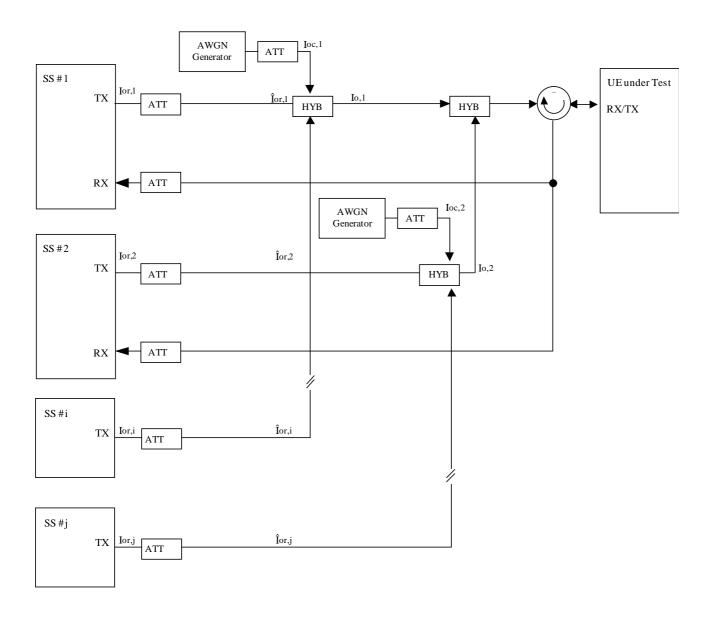


Figure A.15: Connection for multi-carrier, multi-cell tests with static propagation

Figure A.16: Void

Figure A.17: Void

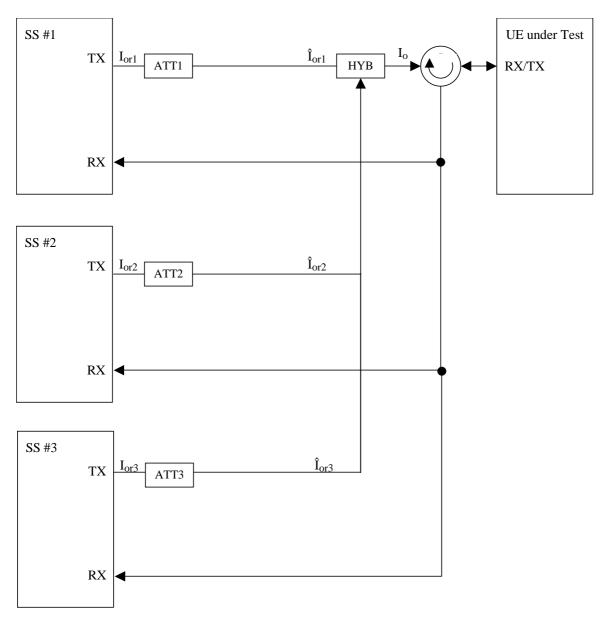


Figure A.18: Connection for basic three cell tests

Figure A.19: Void

Figure A.20: Void

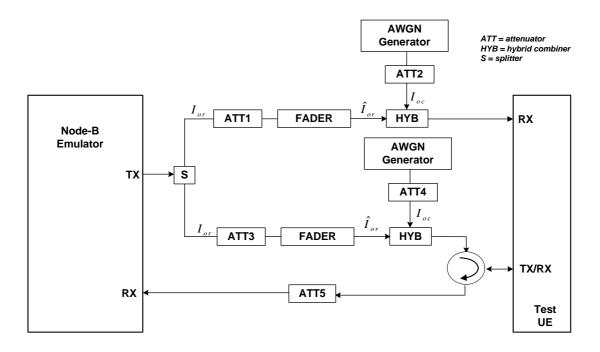


Figure A.21: Connection for single cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation and UE receive diversity

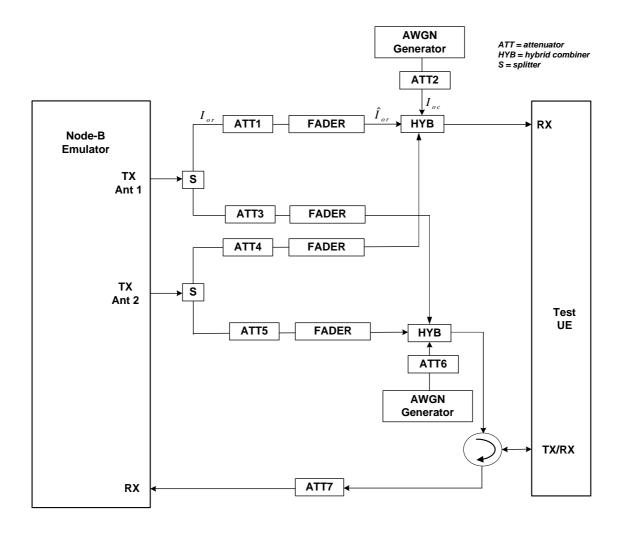


Figure A.22: Connection for single cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation, transmit diversity UE receive diversity and MIMO.

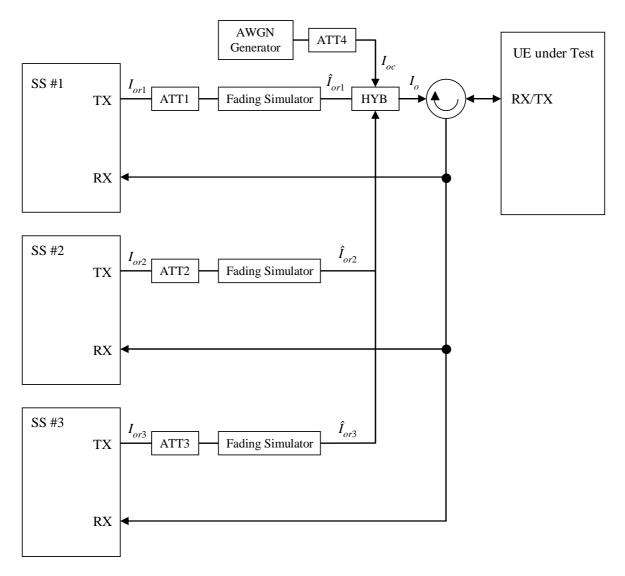


Figure A.23: Connection for three cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation

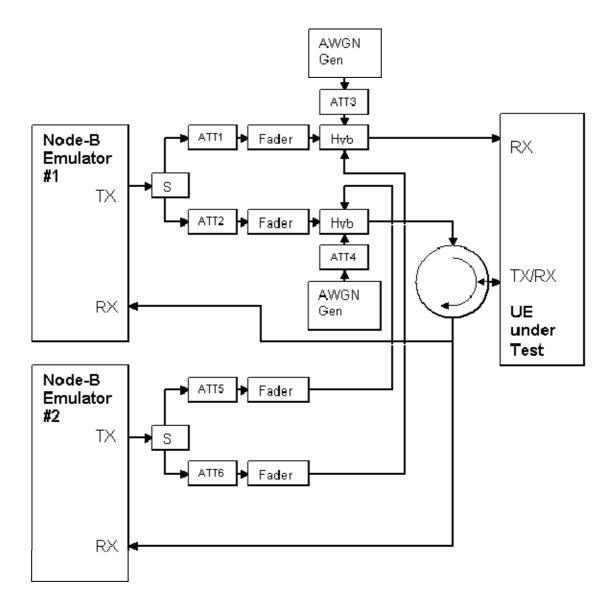


Figure A.24: Connection for two cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation and UE receive diversity

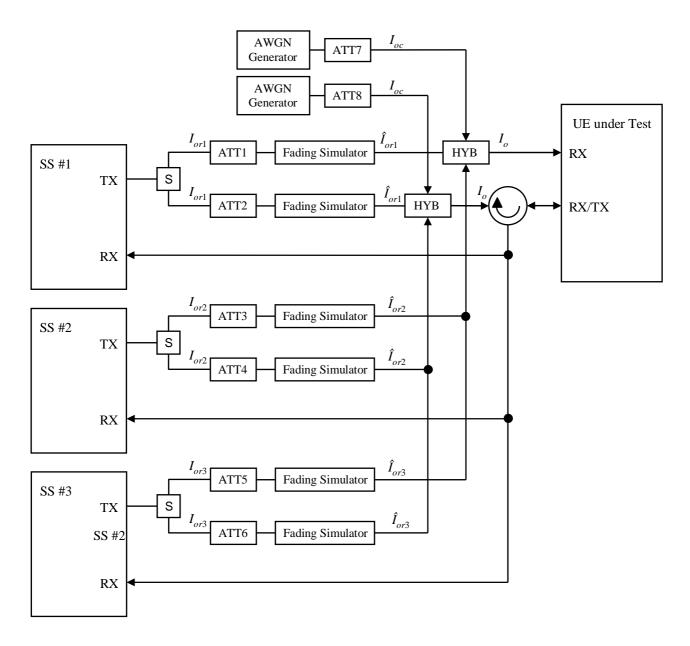


Figure A.25: Connection for three cell tests with Multi-path Fading propagation propagation and UE receive diversity

# Annex B (normative): Global In-Channel TX-Test

## B.1 General

The global in-channel Tx test enables the measurement of all relevant parameters that describe the in-channel quality of the output signal of the Tx under test in a single measurement process.

The parameters describing the in-channel quality of a transmitter, however, are not necessarily independent. The algorithm chosen for description inside this annex places particular emphasis on the exclusion of all interdependencies among the parameters. Any other algorithm (e.g. having better computational efficiency) may be applied, as long as the results are the same within the acceptable uncertainty of the test system as defined in annex F.

All notes referred in the various clauses of B.2 are put together in B.3.

# B.2 Definition of the process

## B.2.1 Basic principle

The process is based on the comparison of the actual **output signal of the TX under test**, received by an ideal receiver, with a **reference signal**, that is generated by the measuring equipment and represents an ideal error free received signal. The reference signal shall be composed of the same number of codes at the correct spreading factors as contained in the test signal. Note, for simplification, the notation below assumes only codes of one spreading factor although the algorithm is valid for signals containing multiple spreading factors. All signals are represented as equivalent (generally complex) baseband signals.

## B.2.2 Output signal of the TX under test

The output signal of the TX under test is acquired by the measuring equipment, filtered by a matched filter (RRC 0.22, correct in shape and in position on the frequency axis) and stored for further processing.

The following form represents the physical signal in the entire measurement interval:

one vector  $\mathbf{Z}$ , containing  $\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{ns} \times \mathbf{sf}$  complex samples;

with

ns: <u>n</u>umber of <u>s</u>ymbols in the measurement interval;

sf: number of chips per symbol. (sf: spreading factor) (see Note: Symbol length)

# B.2.3 Reference signal

The reference signal is constructed by the measuring equipment according to the relevant TX specifications.

It is filtered by the same matched filter, mentioned in clause B.2.2., and stored at the Inter-Symbol-Interference free instants. The following form represents the reference signal in the entire measurement interval:

- one vector  $\mathbf{R}$ , containing  $\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{ns} \times \mathbf{sf}$  complex samples;
- ns, sf: see clause B.2.2.

## B.2.4 void

### B.2.5 Classification of measurement results

The measurement results achieved by the global in-channel TX test can be classified into two types:

- Results of type "deviation", where the error-free parameter has a non-zero magnitude. (These are the parameters that quantify the integral physical characteristic of the signal). These parameters are:

RF Frequency;

Power (in case of single code);

Code Domain Power (in case of multi code);

Timing

(Additional parameters: see Note: Deviation).

- Results of type "residual", where the error-free parameter has value zero. (These are the parameters that quantify the error values of the measured signal, whose ideal magnitude is zero). These parameters are:

Error Vector Magnitude (EVM);

Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE).

(Additional parameters: see Note Residual)

## B.2.6 Process definition to achieve results of type "deviation"

The reference signal ( $\mathbf{R}$ ; see clause B.2.3) and the signal under Test ( $\mathbf{Z}$ ; see subclause B.2.2) are varied with respect to the parameters mentioned in clause B.2.5 under "results of type deviation" in order to achieve best fit. Best fit is achieved when the RMS difference value between the varied signal under test and the varied reference signal is an absolute minimum.

Overview:

$$FCT \left[ Z(\widetilde{f}, \widetilde{t}, \widetilde{\varphi}, g_1, g_2, ..., g_{synch}) - R(f, t, \varphi, \widetilde{g}_1, \widetilde{g}_2, ..., \widetilde{g}_{synch}) \right] = Minimum !$$

Z: Signal under test.

R: Reference signal,

with frequency f, the timing t, the phase  $\varphi$ , gain of code1 (g<sub>1</sub>), gain of code2 (g<sub>2</sub>) etc, and the gain of the synch channel g<sub>synch</sub> See Note: Power Step.

The parameters marked with a tilde in Z and R are varied in order to achieve a best fit.

Detailed formula: see Note: Formula for the minimum process.

The varied reference signal, after the best fit process, will be called R'.

The varied signal under test, after the best fit process, will be called Z'.

The varying parameters, leading to **R'** and **Z'** represent directly the wanted results of type "deviation". These measurement parameters are expressed as deviation from the reference value with units same as the reference value.

In case of multi code, the type-"deviation"-parameters (frequency, timing and (RF-phase)) are varied commonly for all codes such that the process returns one frequency-deviation, one timing deviation, (one RF-phase –deviation).

(These parameters are <u>not</u> varied on the individual codes signals such that the process would return kr frequency errors... (kr: number of codes in the reference signal)).

The only type-"deviation"-parameters varied individually are the code domain gain factors (g1, g2, ...).

#### B.2.6.1 Decision Point Power

The mean-square value of the signal-under-test, sampled at the best estimate of the of Intersymbol-Interference-free points using the process defined in subclause 2.5, is referred to the *Decision Point Power* (DPP):

$$DPP = mean(|Z'|^2)$$

#### B.2.6.2 Code-Domain Power

The samples, Z', are separated into symbol intervals to create ns time-sequential vectors **z** with sf complex samples comprising one symbol interval. The *Code Domain Power* is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the vectors **z** defined above.
- 2) To achieve meaningful results it is necessary to descramble z, leading to z' (see Note1: Scrambling code)
- 3) Take the orthogonal vectors of the channelization code set **C** (all codes belonging to one spreading factor) as defined in TS 25.213 and TS 25.223 (range +1, -1), and normalize by the norm of the vectors to produce Cnorm=C/sqrt(sf). (see Note: Symbol length)
- 4) Calculate the inner product of **z'** with Cnorm. Do this for all symbols of the measurement interval and for all codes in the code space.

This gives an array of format k x ns, each value representing a specific symbol and a specific code, which can be exploited in a variety of ways.

k: total number of codes in the code space

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval

- 5) Calculate k mean-square values, each mean-square value unifying ns symbols within one code. (These values can be called "Absolute CodeDomainPower (CDP)" [Volt<sup>2</sup>].) The sum of the k values of CDP is equal to DPP.
- 6) Normalize by the decision point power to obtain

$$Relative \ CodeDomain Power = \frac{Absolute \ CodeDomain Power}{Decision Point Power}$$

## B.2.7 Process definition to achieve results of type "residual"

The difference between the varied reference signal ( $\mathbf{R}'$ ; see clause B.2.6.) and the varied TX signal under test ( $\mathbf{Z}'$ ; see clause B.2.6) is the error vector  $\mathbf{E}$  versus time:

-  $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{Z} - \mathbf{R'}$ .

Depending on the parameter to be evaluated, it is appropriate to represent **E** in one of the following two different forms:

Form EVM (representing the physical error signal in the entire measurement interval)

One vector  $\mathbf{E}$ , containing  $\mathbf{N} = \text{ns } \mathbf{x}$  sf complex samples;

ns, sf: see B.2.2

<u>Form PCDE</u> (derived from Form EVM by separating the samples into symbol intervals)

ns time-sequential vectors **e** with sf complex samples comprising one symbol interval.

E gives results of type "residual" applying the two algorithms defined in clauses B 2.7.1 and B 2.7.2.

## B.2.7.1 Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)

The Error Vector Magnitude EVM is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the error vector **E** defined in clause B.2.7 (Form EVM) and calculate the RMS value of **E**; the result will be called RMS(**E**).
- 2) Take the varied reference vector  $\mathbf{R'}$  defined in clause B.2.6 and calculate the RMS value of  $\mathbf{R'}$ ; the result will be called RMS( $\mathbf{R'}$ ).
- 3) Calculate EVM according to:

$$EVM = \frac{RMS(E)}{RMS(R')} \times 100\%$$
 (here, EVM is relative and expressed in %)

(see Note: Formula for EVM)

## B.2.7.2 Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE)

The Peak Code Domain Error is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the error vectors **e** defined in clause B.2.7 (Form PCDE)
- 2) To achieve meaningful results it is necessary to descramble e, leading to e' (see Note1: Scrambling code)

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- 3) Take the orthogonal vectors of the channelisation code set **C** (all codes belonging to one spreading factor) as defined in TS 25.213 and TS 25.223 (range +1, -1). (see Note: Symbol length) and normalize by the norm of the vectors to produce Cnorm= **C**/sqrt(sf). (see Note: Symbol length)
- 4) Calculate the inner product of **e'** with **Cnorm**. Do this for all symbols of the measurement interval and for all codes in the code space.

This gives an array of format k x ns, each value representing an error-vector representing a specific symbol and a specific code, which can be exploited in a variety of ways.

k: total number of codes in the code space

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval

- 5) Calculate k RMS values, each RMS value unifying ns symbols within one code. (These values can be called "*Absolute CodeEVMs*" [Volt].)
- 6) Find the peak value among the k "Absolute CodeEVMs". (This value can be called "Absolute PeakCodeEVM" [Volt].)
- 7) Calculate PCDE according to:

("Absolute PeakCodeEVM")
$$^2$$

10\*lg ------ dB (a relative value in dB).

$$(RMS(\mathbf{R'}))^2$$

(see Note2: Scrambling code)

(see Note IQ)

## B.3 Notes

#### **Note: Symbol length)**

A general code multiplexed signal is multicode and multirate. In order to avoid unnecessary complexity, the measurement applications use a unique symbol-length, corresponding to a spreading factor, regardless of the really intended spreading factor. Nevertheless the complexity with a multicode / multirate signal can be mastered by introducing appropriate definitions.

#### **Note: Deviation)**

It is conceivable to regard more parameters as type "deviation" e.g. Chip frequency and RF-phase.

As chip-frequency and RF-frequency are linked together by a statement in the core specifications [1] it is sufficient to process RF frequency only.

A parameter RF-phase must be varied within the best fit process (B 2.6.). Although necessary, this parameter-variation doesn't describe any error, as the modulation schemes used in the system don't depend on an absolute RF-phase.

#### **Note: Residual)**

It is conceivable to regard more parameters as type "residual" e.g. IQ origin offset. As it is not the intention of the test to separate for different error sources, but to quantify the quality of the signal, all such parameters are not extracted by the best fit process, instead remain part of EVM and PCDE.

#### **Note 1: Scrambling Code)**

In general a TX signal under test can use more than one scrambling code. Note that PCDE is processed regarding the unused channelisation - codes as well. In order to know which scrambling code shall be applied on unused channelisation -codes, it is necessary to restrict the test conditions: TX signal under test shall use exactly one scrambling code.

#### **Note 2: Scrambling Code)**

To interpret the measurement results in practice it should be kept in mind that erroneous code power on unused codes is generally de-scrambled differently under test conditions and under real life conditions, whereas erroneous code power on used codes is generally de-scrambled equally under test conditions and under real life conditions. It might be indicated if a used or unused code hits PCDE.

#### Note IO)

As in FDD/uplink each code can be used twice, on the I and on the Q channel, the measurement result may indicate separate values of CDP or PCDE for I and Q on which channel (I or Q) they occur.

**Note:** Fomula for the minimum process

$$L\left(\Delta \widetilde{f}, \Delta \widetilde{t}, \Delta \widetilde{\varphi}, \Delta \widetilde{\varphi}, \Delta \widetilde{g}_{c}, ...\right) = \sum_{v=0}^{N-1} |Z(v) - R(v)|^{2}$$

Legend:

L: the function to be minimised

The parameters to be varied in order to minimize are:

 $\Delta \widetilde{f}$ : the RF frequency offset

 $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ : the timing offset

 $\Delta \widetilde{arphi}$  : the phase offset

 $\Delta \tilde{g}_c$ ... code power offsets (one offset for each code)

Z(v): Samples of the signal under Test

R(v): Samples of the reference signal

 $\sum_{i=0}^{N-1}$  : counting index V starting at the beginning of the measurement interval and ending at its end.

N = No of chips during the measurement interval.

Z(v): Samples of the signal under Test. It is modelled as a sequence of complex baseband samples  $Z(\gamma)$  with a time-shift  $\Delta t$ , a frequency offset  $\Delta f$ , a phase offset  $\Delta \phi$ , the latter three with respect to the reference signal.

$$Z(v) = Z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) * e^{-j2\pi\Delta \tilde{f}v} * e^{-j\Delta \tilde{\varphi}}$$

R(v): Samples of the reference signal:

$$R(v) = \sum_{c=1}^{No.of} (g_c + \Delta \tilde{g}_c) * Chip_c(v)$$

g : nominal gain of the code channel

 $\Delta \widetilde{g}$ : The gain offset to be varied in the minimum process

Chip(v) is the chipsequence of the code channel

Indices at g,  $\Delta g$  and Chip:

The index indicates the code channel: c = 1,2,... No of code channels

Range for Chip<sub>c</sub>: +1,-1

Note: Formula for EVM

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |Z'(\gamma) - R'(\gamma)|^2}{\sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |R'(\gamma)|^2}} * 100 \%$$

 $Z'(\gamma)$ ,  $R'(\gamma)$  are the varied measured and reference signals.

# Annex C (normative): Measurement channels

## C.1 General

The measurement channels in this annex are defined to derive the requirements in clauses 5, 6 and 7. The measurement channels represent example configuration of radio access bearers for different data rates.

The measurement channel for 12,2 kbps shall be supported by any UE both in up- and downlink. Support for other measurement channels is depending on the UE Radio Access capabilities.

## C.2 UL reference measurement channel

# C.2.1 UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12,2 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.1.1, table C 2.1.2, table C 2.1.3 and table C.2.1.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.1.

Table C.2.1.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12,2 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12,2	kbps
DPDCH	60	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-5,46	dB
TFCI	On	-
Repetition	23	%
NOTE: Slot Format #2 is used for closed loop tests in clause 7.6.2. Slot Format #2 and		
#5 are used for site selection diversity transmission tests in subclause 7.6.3.		

Table C.2.1.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		TM	UM/AM
	Payload siz	zes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data ra	ate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU heade	er, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU h	eader, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multip	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport (	Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit		244	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*244	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding type		Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number	er of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	Uplink: Max rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	402	90
	RM attribut	e	256	256

Table C.2.1.3: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

Repetition

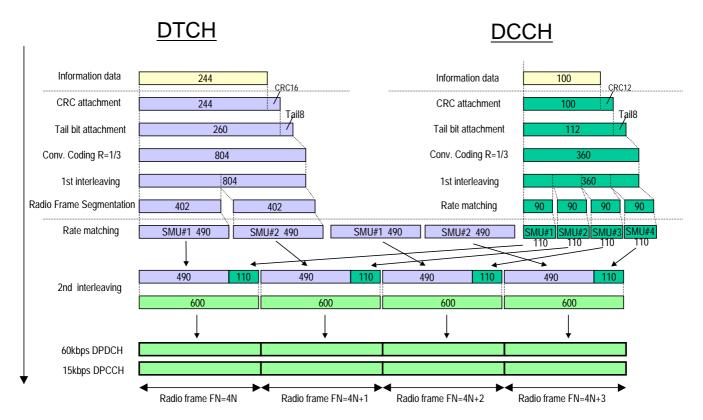


Figure C.2.1 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

# C.2.2 UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the 64 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.2.1, table C.2.2.2, table C.2.2.3 and table C.2.2.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.2.2.

Parameter Level Unit Information bit rate 64 kbps DPDCH 240 kbps DPCCH 15 kbps DPCCH Slot Format #i 0 DPCCH/DPDCH dB -9,54 TFCI On

18

%

Table C.2.2.1: UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

Table C.2.2.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer			
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1280	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	1950	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.2.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical cl	nannel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mod		AM	UM/AM
	Payload s	sizes, bit	1264	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	63200	2200/2000
	PDU hea	der, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC hea	der, bit	0	4
	MAC mul	tiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes,	bit	1280	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding ty	ре	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding R	ate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
		ber of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	Uplink: M	ax number of bits/radio frame before hing	1950	90
	RM attrib	ute	256	256

Table C.2.2.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

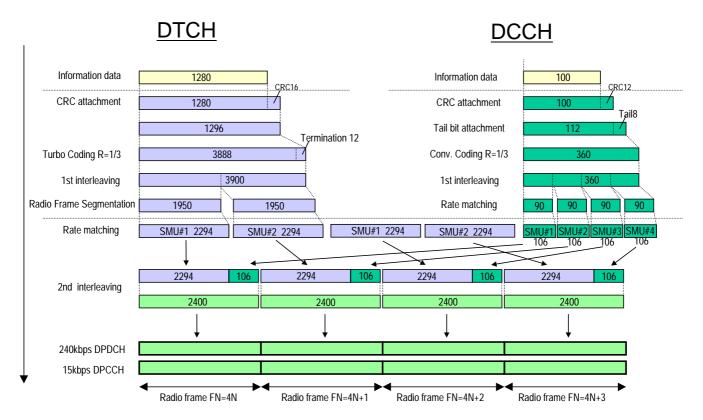


Figure C.2.2 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

# C.2.3 UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the 144 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.3.1, table C.2.3.2, table C.2.3.3 and table C.2.3.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.3.

**Parameter** Level Information bit rate 144 kbps **DPDCH** 480 kbps DPCCH 15 kbps DPCCH Slot Format #i 0 DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio dB -11,48 **TFCI** On Repetition % 8

Table C.2.3.1: UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

Table C.2.3.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2880	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	144000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	4350	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.3.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	2864	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	143200	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit		N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit		2880	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
TTI, ms			20	40
	Coding typ	e	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	te	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max numb	er of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before		4350	90
	rate match			
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.3.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (144 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

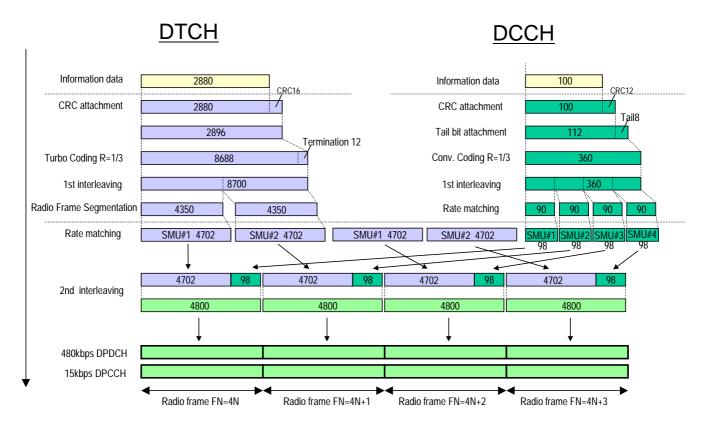


Figure C.2.3 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

# C.2.4 UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the 384 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.4.1, table C.2.4.2, table C.2.4.3 and table C.2.4.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.4.

**Parameter** Level Unit Information bit rate 384 kbps **DPDCH** 960 kbps **DPCCH** 15 kbps DPCCH Slot Format #i 0 DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio -11,48 dB On Puncturing 18 %

Table C.2.4.1: UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

Table C.2.4.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer	Louisel channel true	DTCII	DOCH
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3840	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	384000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	11580	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.4.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical cl	nannel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mod		AM	UM/AM
	Payload s	sizes, bit	3824	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	382400	2200/2000
	PDU hea	der, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC hea	der, bit	0	4
	MAC mul	tiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH typ	e	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes,	bit	3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		11580	360
	Uplink: M	ax number of bits/radio frame before hing	11580	90
	RM attrib	ute	256	256

Table C.2.4.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (384 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

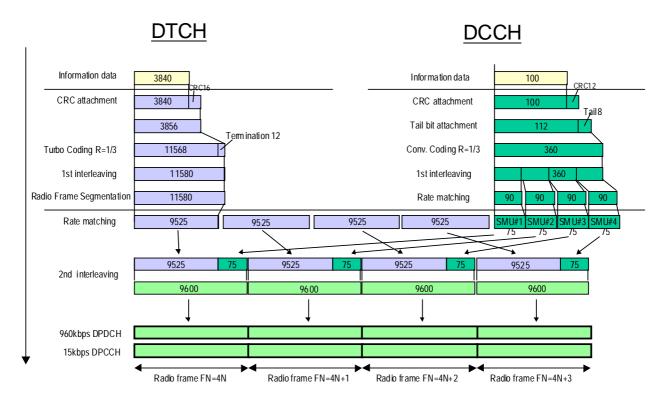


Figure C.2.4 (informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

## C.2.5 UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for 768 kbps are specified in table C.2.5.1, table C.2.5.2, table C.2.5.3 and table C.2.5.4.

Table C.2.5.1: UL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (768 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	2*384	kbps
DPDCH <sub>1</sub>	960	kbps
DPDCH <sub>2</sub>	960	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11.48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing	18	%

Table C.2.5.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer			
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	7680	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	768000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	2*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	23160	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	23160	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.5.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical cl	nannel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mod		TM	UM/AM
	Payload s	sizes, bit	7664	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	766400	2200/2000
	PDU hea	der, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC hea	der, bit	0	4
	MAC mul	tiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	e	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes,	bit	3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	2*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		23160	360
	Uplink: M rate mate	ax number of bits/radio frame before hing	23160	90
	RM attrib	ute	256	256

Table C.2.5.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (768 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

# C.3 DL reference measurement channel

## C.3.1 DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12,2 kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.3.1.1, table C.3.1.2 and table C.3.1.3. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.1. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.3.1.1: DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.2	kbps
DPCH	30	ksps
Slot Format #I	11	-
TFCI	On	
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.1.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	244	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*244	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.1.3: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

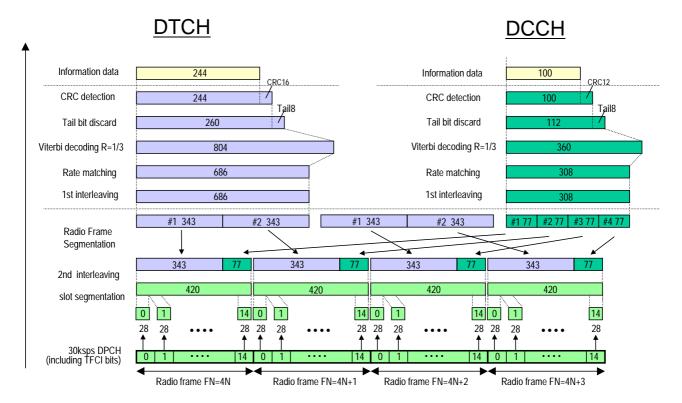


Figure C.3.1 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

## C.3.1A DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps and 12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 0 kbps and 12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.3.1A.1, table C.3.1A.2 and table C.3.1A.3. The channel coding is detailed in figures C.3.1A and C.3.1B. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in the test procedure for RF testing as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to make sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.3.1A.1: DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps and 12.2 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.2	kbps
DPCH	30	ksps
Slot Format #I	11	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.1A.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (0 kbps and 12.2 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	244	100
	TFS TF0, bits	1*0	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel codir	ng 804	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.1A.3: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (0 kbps and 12.2 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

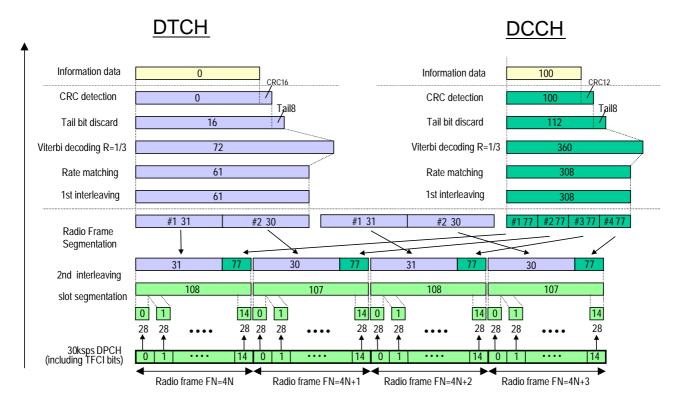


Figure C.3.1A (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps)

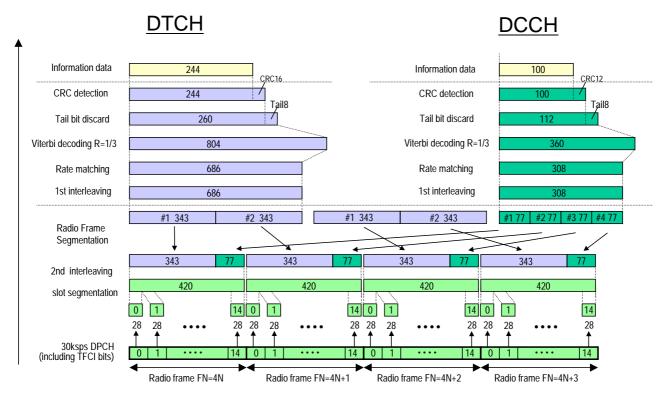


Figure C.3.1B (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

## C.3.2 DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in table C.3.2.1, table C.3.2.2, table C.3.2.3 and table C.3.2.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.2. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.3.2.1: DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	64	kbps
DPCH	120	ksps
Slot Format #i	13	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.2.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	e	TM	UM/AM
	Payload s	izes, bit	1280	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU head	der, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	der, bit	0	4
	MAC mult	iplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		6	10
	TB sizes, bit		1280	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max numb	per of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	RM attribu	ıte	256	256

Table C.3.2.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1264	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	63200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.2.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

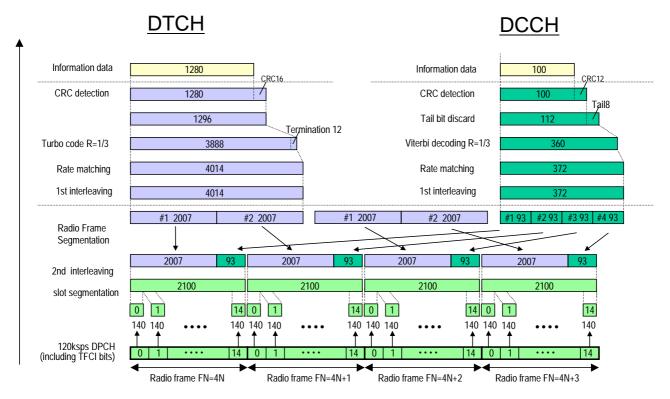


Figure C.3.2 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

## C.3.3 DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 144 kbps are specified in table C.3.3.1, table C.3.3.2, table C.3.3.3 and table C.3.3.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.3. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.3.3.1: DL reference measurement channel (144kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	144	kbps
DPCH	240	ksps
Slot Format #i	14	-
TFCI	On	
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.3.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	nannel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mod	e	TM	UM/AM
	Payload s	izes, bit	2880	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	144000	2200/2000
	PDU head	der, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	der, bit	0	4
	MAC mult	iplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		6	10
	TB sizes, bit		2880	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max numb	per of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	RM attribu	ute	256	256

Table C.3.3.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2864	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	143200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.3.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (144 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

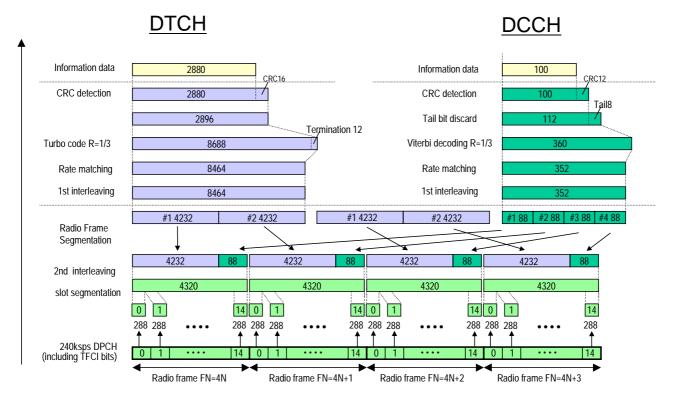


Figure C.3.3 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

# C.3.4 DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 384 kbps are specified in table C.3.4.1, table C.3.4.2, table C.3.4.3 and table C.3.4.4. The channel coding is shown for information in figure C3.4. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.3.4.1: DL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (384 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	384	kbps
DPCH	480	ksps
Slot Format #i	15	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.4.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mod	e	TM	UM/AM
	Payload s	izes, bit	3840	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	384000	2200/2000
	PDU head	der, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	der, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing		N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		6	10
	TB sizes, bit		3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max numl	per of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
RM attribute		ute	256	256

Table C.3.4.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3824	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	382400	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.4.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (384 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

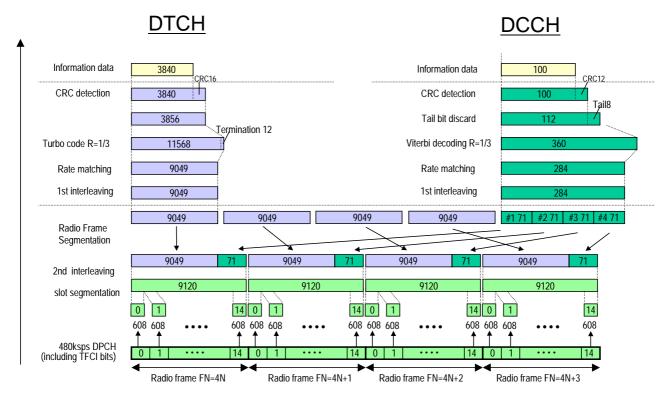


Figure C.3.4 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

## C.3.5 DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel 2 for 64 kbps are specified in table C.3.5.1, table C.3.5.2 and table C.3.5.3. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.5. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.3.5.1: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (64 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate (DTCH)	kbps	64
Information bit rate (DCCH)	kbps	3.4
DPCH	ksps	120
Slot Format #i	-	13
TFCI	-	On
Puncturing (DTCH)	%	8.6
Repetition (DCCH)	%	27.9

Table C.3.5.2: DL reference measurement channel 2 using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	336	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	336	148
	TB set size, bit	1344	148
	TB per TTI	4	1
	TFS TF0, bits	0*336	0*148
	TF1, bits	4*336	1*148
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	16
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	1068*4	516
	RM attribute	143	200

Table C.3.5.3: DL reference measurement channel 2, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

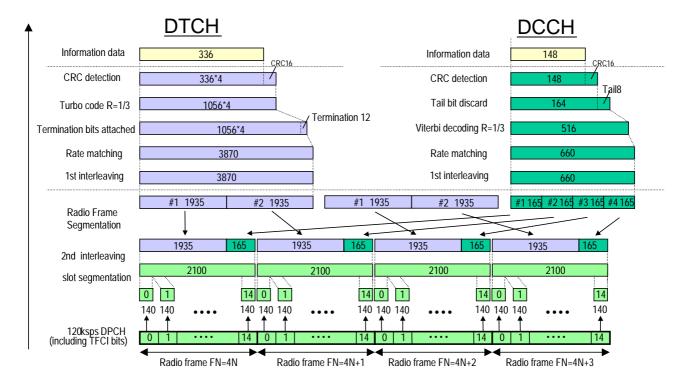


Figure C.3.5 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)

# C.4 Reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

# C.4.1 UL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for UL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in table C.4.1.1, table C.4.1.2, table C.4.1.3 and table C.4.1.4.

Table C.4.1.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters for BTFD

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.8k, 10.8k, 8.55k, 8.0k,	kbps
	7.3k, 6.5k, 5.75k, 5.35k,	
	2.55k	
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-5.46 (12.8k - 7.3k)	dB
	-2.69 (6.5k – 2.55k)	
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing Limit	100	%

Table C.4.1.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters for SRB

Higher Layer	R.A	AB/Signalling RB	SRB
RLC	RLC Logical channel type		DCCH
	RLC mod	de	UM/AM
	Payload :	sizes, bit	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	2200/2000
	PDU hea	der, bit	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	N/A
MAC	MAC hea	ider, bit	4
	MAC mul	Itiplexing	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH
	Transpor	t Channel Identity	10
	TB sizes,	bit	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*100
	TTI, ms		40
	Coding ty		Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		1/3
	CRC, bit		12
		ber of bits/TTI after	360
	channel of	•	
		lax number of bits/radio	90
		fore rate matching	
	RM attrib	ute	256

Table C.4.1.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	12.8k /10.8k/8.55k/8.0k/7.3k/6.5k/5.75k/5.35k/2.55k
RLC	Logical channel	DTCH
	type	
	RLC mode	TM
	Payload sizes, bit	256, 216, 171, 160, 146, 130, 115, 107, 51, 12
	Max data rate, bps	12200
	PDU header, bit	N/A
	TrD PDU header, bit	0
MAC	MAC header, bit	0
	MAC multiplexing	N/A
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1
	TB sizes, bit	256, 216, 171, 160, 146, 130, 115, 107, 51,12
	TFS TF0 bit	0x256
	TF1 bit	1x256
	TF2 bit	1x216
	TF3 bit	1x171
	TF4 bit	1x160
	TF5 bit	1x146
	TF6 bit	1x130
	TF7 bit	1x115
	TF8 bit	1x107
	TF9 bit	1x51
	TF10	1x12
	bit	
	TTI, ms	20
	Coding type	CC
	Coding Rate	1/3
	CRC, bit	0
	RM attribute	256

Table C.4.1.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS

TFCS si	ze	22
TFCS		(DTCH, DCCH)=
		(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF2, TF0), (TF3, TF0), (TF4, TF0), (TF5, TF0), (TF6, TF0), (TF7, TF0),
		(TF8, TF0), (TF9, TF0), (TF10, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1), (TF2, TF1), (TF3, TF1), (TF4,
		TF1), (TF5, TF1), (TF6, TF1), (TF7, TF1), (TF8, TF1), (TF9, TF1), (TF10, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs (TF0, TF0), (TF10, TF0) and (TF0, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

# C.4.2 DL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for DL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in table C.4.2.1, table C.4.2.2, table C.4.2.3 and table C.4.2.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figures C.4.1, C.4.2, and C.4.3. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer\_STATUS\_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to ensure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Table C.4.2.1: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters for BTFD

Parameter	Rate 1	Rate 2	Rate 3	Unit
Information bit rate	12,2	7,95	1,95	kbps
DPCH		30		ksps
Slot Format #I	at #I 8			-
TFCI		Off		-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 0			dB	
DTX position	Fixed		-	

Table C.4.2.2: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters for SRB

Higher Layer	R.A	AB/Signalling RB	SRB
RLC	Logical cl	hannel type	DCCH
	RLC mod	le	UM/AM
	Payload s	sizes, bit	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	2200/2000
	PDU hea	der, bit	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	N/A
MAC	MAC hea	der, bit	4
	MAC mul	tiplexing	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		20
	TB sizes,	bit	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*100
	TTI, ms		40
	Coding ty	<i>r</i> ре	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		1/3
	CRC, bit		12
		ber of bits/TTI after	360
	channel o		
		ax number of bits/radio fore rate matching	90
	RM attrib		256

Table C.4.2.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	12.2k/10.2k/7.95k/7.4k/6.7k/5.9k/5.15k/4.75k/1.95k
RLC	Logical channel	DTCH
	type	
	RLC mode	TM
	Payload sizes, bit	244, 204, 159, 148, 134, 118, 103, 95, 39
	Max data rate, bps	12200
	PDU header, bit	N/A
	TrD PDU header,	0
	bit	
MAC	MAC header, bit	0
	MAC multiplexing	N/A
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH
	Transport Channel	1
	Identity	
	TB sizes, bit	244, 204, 159, 148, 134, 118, 103, 95, 39
	TFS	
	TF0 bit	1x244
	TF1 bit	1x204
	TF2 bit	1x159
	TF3 bit	1x148
	TF4 bit	1x134
	TF5 bit	1x118
	TF6 bit	1x103
	TF7 bit	1x95
	TF8 bit	1x39
	TTI, ms	20
	Coding type	CC
	Coding Rate	1/3
	CRC, bit	12
	RM attribute	256

Table C.4.2.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS

TFCS size	18
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF2, TF0), (TF3, TF0), (TF4, TF0), (TF5, TF0), (TF6, TF0), (TF7, TF0),
	(TF8, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1), (TF2, TF1), (TF3, TF1), (TF4, TF1), (TF5, TF1), (TF6, TF1),
	(TF7, TF1), (TF8, TF1)

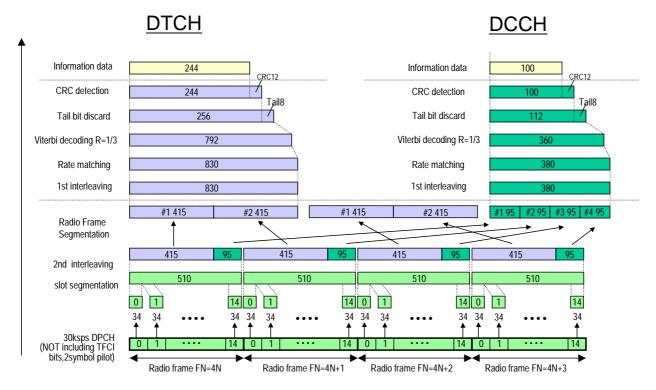


Figure C.4.1 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 1)

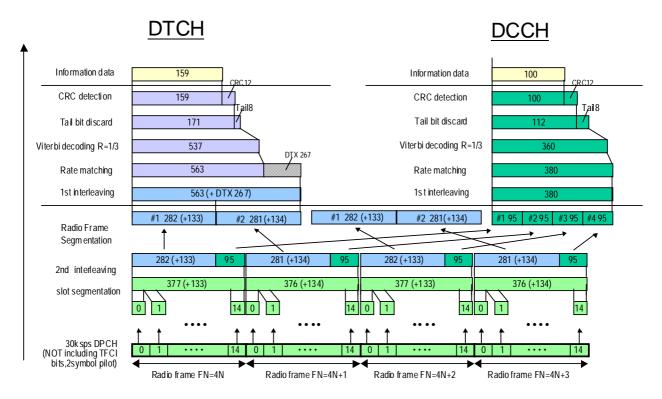


Figure C.4.2 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 2)

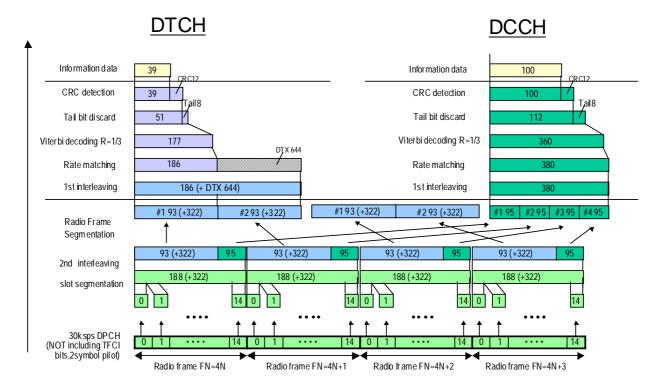


Figure C.4.3 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 3)

# C.5 DL reference compressed mode parameters

Parameters described in table C.5.1 are used in some test specified in TS 25.101 while parameters described in table C.5.2 are used in some tests specified in TS 25.133 [2].

Set 1 parameters in table C.5.1 are applicable when compressed mode by spreading factor reduction is used in downlink. Set 2 parameters in table C.5.1 are applicable when compressed mode by puncturing is used in downlink. Set 2 is applicable for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

Table C.5.1: Compressed mode reference pattern 1 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 2A	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting	11	11	4	
Slot Number)				
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	7	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	7	For Set 1 and Set 2 only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	15	Only one gap in use. For Set 1 and Set 2 UNDEFINED is used for TGD.
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	4	4	4	
TGPL2 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	-	-	-	R99 and Rel-4: Only one pattern in use. Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	0	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible DL &UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	Puncturin g	SF/2	Compressed mode by puncturing is applicable for R99 and Rel-4 only.
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11A	11B	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	

Table C.5.2: Compressed mode reference pattern 2 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	4	4	10	8	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	10	14	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	0	0	UNDEFINED is used for TGD.
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	3	12	11	4	
TGPL2 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	1	-	-	1	R99 and Rel-4: Only one pattern in use. Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible. DL & UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	Puncturing	SF/2	Compressed mode by puncturing is applicable for R99 and Rel-4 only.
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	11A	11B	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	0	

Table C.5.3: Compressed mode reference pattern 3 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	8	8	8	8	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	14	14	14	14	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	0	0	UNDEFINED is used for TGD.
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	8	24	24	24	
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	0	4	12	20	
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible. DL & UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	11B	11B	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	0	

# C.6 Auxiliary measurement channels

## C.6.1 Introduction

BLER measurements for test cases where the UL data rate is less or equal to the DL data rate require that special auxiliary measurement channels (AUXMC) are used. This annex specifies the alternative auxiliary measurement channels and the UE test loop mode parameters to be used for the different UL and DL data rate combinations.

# C.6.2 Channel combinations for BLER measurements

Table C.6.2: BLER test method and measurement channels for BLER tests for UL DL data rate combinations

DL rate	UE UL	BLER	DL RMC	UL RMC	UE test	Comments	
	RMC rate	Test			loop		
	capability	method			mode		
[kbps]	[kbps]				(Note 1)		
12.2	RMC 12.2	Loopback	DL TM RMC	UL TM AUXMC	2	Perform test in CS domain.	
		Data+CRC	12.2 kbps	12.2 kbps, no CRC			
			See C.3.1	See C.6.3			
64	RMC 12.2	AM	DL AM RMC	UL AM AUXMC	1	DL RLC SDU size=1248	
		ACK/NACK	64 kbps	12.2 kbps		UL RLC SDU size=0	
			See C.3.2	See C.6.7		See Note 2	
						Perform test in PS domain.	
144	RMC 12.2	AM	DL AM RMC	UL AM AUXMC	1	DL RLC SDU size=2848	
		ACK/NACK	144 kbps	12.2 kbps		UL RLC SDU size=0	
			See C.3.3	See C.6.7		See Note 3	
						Perform test in PS domain.	
384	RMC 12.2	AM	DL AM RMC	UL AM AUXMC	1	DL RLC SDU size=3808	
		ACK/NACK	384 kbps	12.2 kbps		UL RLC SDU size=0	
			See C.3.4	See C.6.7		See Note 4	
						Perform test in PS domain.	
Note 1						Annex A.3 for description of	
				neasurement channel ai			
				or BLER test method us	ing AM refer	ence measurement channels	
			M ACK/NACK).				
Note 2						nd size = 1264 bits and TTI =	
						– 16 bits for length indicator	
					ameter "UL	RLC SDU size" is set to 0	
				E buffer overflows.			
Note 3						pad size = 2864 bits and TTI	
	= 20 ms. The SS sends one RLC SDU of size 2848 bits (payload size of 2864 bits – 16 bits for length						
	indicator and extension bit) every downlink TTI (20 ms). The UE test loop parameter "UL RLC SDU size" is set to 0 (no data will be returned) in order to avoid UE buffer overflows.						
Note 4						dd-i	
Note 4						yload size of 3824 bits and a	
						824 bits – 16 bits for length	
					t loop param	eter "UL RLC SDU size" set	
	to 0 (no data will be returned) in order to avoid UE buffer overflows.						

# C.6.3 UL auxiliary reference measurement channel (TM, 12.2 kbps, no CRC)

Table C.6.3: UL AUXMC TM 12.2 kbps (13 kbps), no CRC

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	260	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	13000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	260	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*260	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*260	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	402	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

# C.6.3A UL auxiliary reference measurement channel (TM, 0 kbps and 12.2 kbps, no CRC)

Table C.6.3A: UL AUXMC TM 0 kbps (400 bps) and 12.2 kbps (13 kbps), no CRC

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling R	RAB RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	260/16	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	13000/400	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	260	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*260	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*260	1*100
	TF2, bits	1*16	-
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after cha	annel coding 804	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio rate matching	frame before 402	90
	RM attribute	256	256

C.6.4 Void

Table C.6.4: Void

C.6.5 Void

Table C.6.5: Void

C.6.6 Void

Table C.6.6: Void

## C.6.7 UL AUXMC AM 12.2 kbps

Table C.6.7: UL AUXMC AM 12.2 kbps (11.2 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	224	88/80
	Max data	ate, bps	11200	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU ł	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	_ayer 1 TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit		240	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*240	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*240	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding typ	e	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	te	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		792	360
		x number of bits/radio frame before	396	90
	rate match			
	RM attribu	te	256	256

# C.7 DL reference parameters for PCH tests

The parameters for the PCH demodulation tests are specified in table C.7.1 and table C.7.2.

Table C.7.1: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	Kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	Ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table C.7.2: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	PCH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed

# C.8 DL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

## C.8.1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)

#### C.8.1.1 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1

Table C.8.1.1: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 1

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534	777	
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3	3	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2	2	
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle INF}}$ )	Bits	3202	4664	
MAC-d PDU size	Bits	336	336	
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1	
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680	
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200	19200	
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600	9600	
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61	
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4	
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but				
only every third TTI shall be allocated to the UE under test				

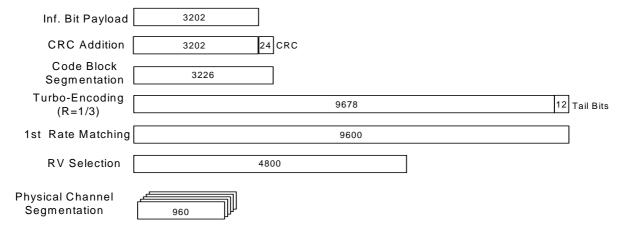


Figure C.8.1: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (QPSK)

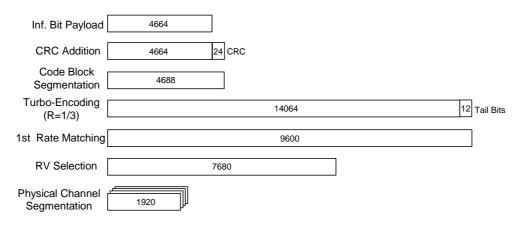


Figure C.8.2: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (16 QAM)

### C.8.1.2 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 2

Table C.8.1.2: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801	1166	
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	2	2	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3	3	
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	3202	4664	
MAC-d PDU size	Bits	336	336	
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1	
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680	
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	28800	28800	
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600	9600	
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61	
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4	
Modulation QPSK 16QAM				
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but only every second TTI shall be allocated to the UE under test				

3202 Inf. Bit Payload 24 CRC **CRC** Addition 3202 Code Block 3226 Segmentation Turbo-Encoding 12 Tail Bits 9678 (R=1/3)1st Rate Matching 9600 **RV** Selection 4800 Physical Channel Segmentation 960

Figure C.8.3: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (QPSK)

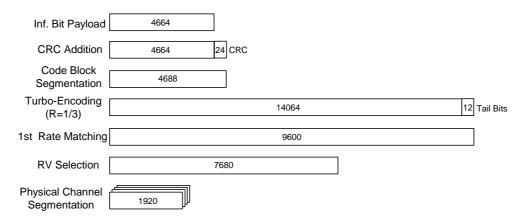


Figure C.8.4: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (16QAM)

### C.8.1.3 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 3

Table C.8.1.3: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Value	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	1601	2332
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\it INF}$ )	Bits	3202	4664
MAC-d PDU size	Bits	336	336
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680
Total Available SML's,in UE	SML's	57600	57600
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600	9600
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM

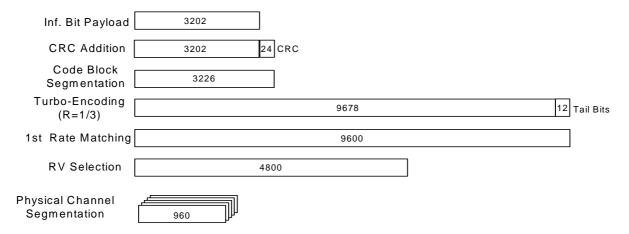


Figure C.8.5: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (QPSK)

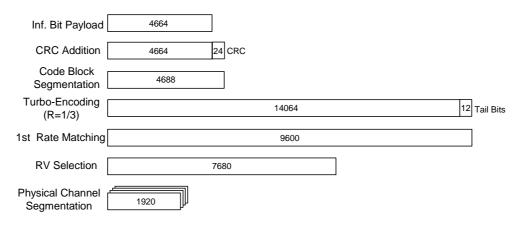


Figure C.8.6: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (16QAM)

### C.8.1.4 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 4

Table C.8.1.4: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	2
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	3202
MAC-d PDU Size	Bits	336
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	14400
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	7200
Coding Rate		0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation		QPSK

Note:

This FRC is used to verify the minimum inter-TTI distance for UE category 11. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. The six sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling pattern shall repeat as follows: ...OXXOOOXOXO...,

where 'X' marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses the identity of the UE under test and 'O' marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses a different identity.

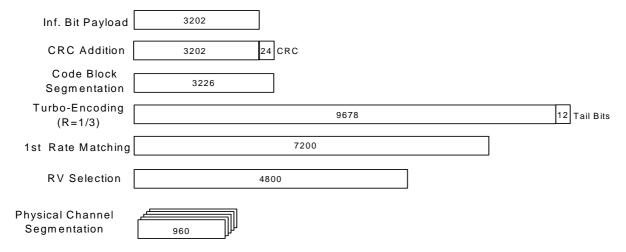


Figure C.8.7: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

### C.8.1.5 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 5

Table C.8.1.5: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	3202
MAC-d PDU Size	Bits	336
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	28800
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate		0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation		QPSK

Note

This FRC is used to verify the minimum inter-TTI distance for UE category 12. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. The six sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling pattern shall repeat as follows:

...OOXXXOOOXXXO...,

where 'X' marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses the identity of the UE under test and 'O' marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses a different identity.

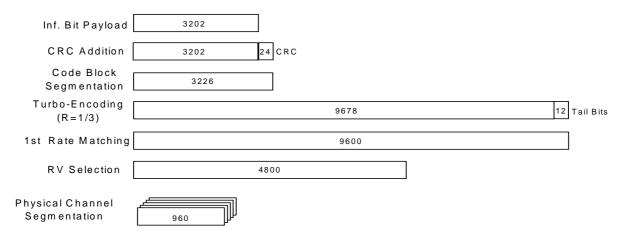


Figure C.8.8: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

#### C.8.1.6 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 6

Table C.8.1.6: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	3219	4689
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	6438	9377
Mac-d PDU Size	Bits	336	336
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	9600	15360
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	115200	115200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	19200	19200
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	10	8
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM

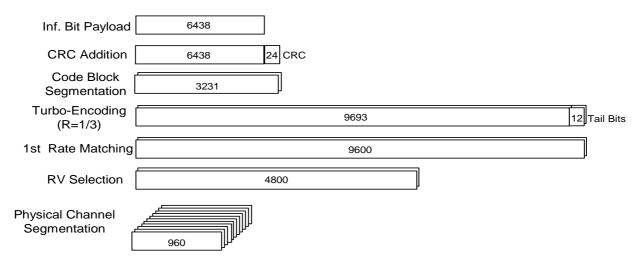


Figure C.8.9: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 6 (QPSK)

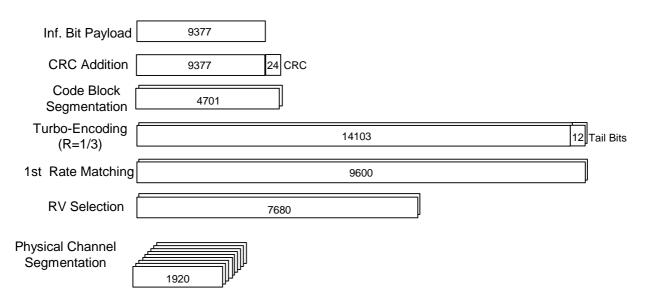


Figure C.8.10: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 6 (16 QAM)

#### C.8.1.7 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 7

Table C.8.1.7: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 7

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	37.8
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	8
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$ )	Bits	605
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Coding Rate		0.66
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note: This FRC is used to verify CPC op		
be transmitted continuously with constant power but only every 8 <sup>th</sup> TTI shall be allocated to the UE under test.		r but only every

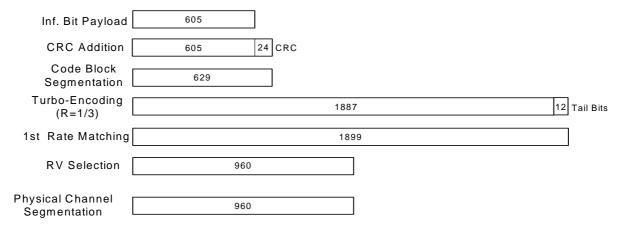


Figure C.8.11: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 7 (QPSK)

### C.8.1.8 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 8

Table C.8.1.8: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 8

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	13245
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6
	ses	
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$ )	Bits	26600
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	6
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	43200
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	259200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	43200
Coding Rate		0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	15
Modulation		64QAM

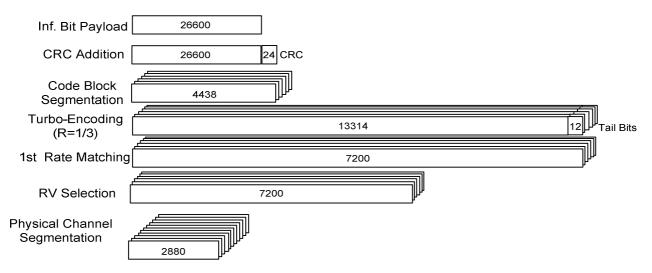


Figure C.8.12: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 8 (64 QAM)

#### C.8.1.9 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 9

Table C.8.1.9: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 9

Parameter	Unit	Value		
Transport block		Primary	Secondary	
Combined Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate		1:	3510	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	8650	4860	
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1	1	
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6	6	
	ses	b	O	
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	17548	9719	
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	4	2	
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	28800	14400	
Total available SML's in UE	Bits	345600		
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	28800	28800	
Coding Rate		0.6	0.67	
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	15	15	
Modulation		16QAM	QPSK	

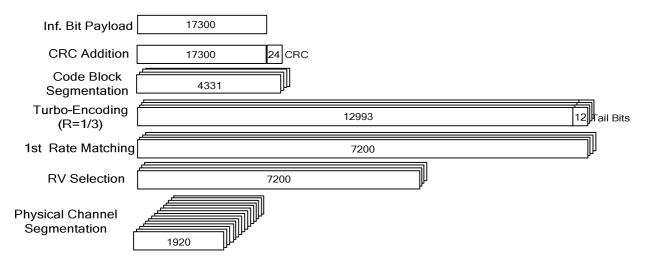


Figure C.8.13: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 9 Primary Transport Block

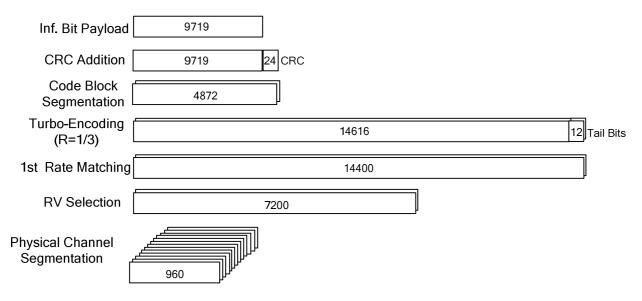


Figure C.8.14: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 9 Secondary Transport Block

# C.9 Downlink reference channel dummy DCCH transmission on DCH

Many test cases have been designed to have continuous downlink DCCH transmission on DCH. The DCCH is carrying SRBs. When there are no signalling messages to be transmitted on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH messages shall be transmitted on the downlink.

For all test cases with continuous downlink DCCH transmission on DCH the format of the dummy DCCH message is using an invalid MAC header with the value "1111" for the C/T field. The UE shall discard PDU's with this invalid MAC header according to TS 25.321. This applies for cases where a MAC header is used to distinguish between several logical channels. In the case of the reference measurement channels the SRBs on DCH use a 4 bit MAC header.

## C.9A MAC header transmission on HS-DSCH

For all test cases with HS-DSCH transmission either a correct MAC-hs header consistent with the actual HSDPA transmission is used or an inconsistent MAC-hs header with the value "111" for the SID field is used. If an inconsistent MAC-hs header is used, then the UE shall discard PDU's according to TS 25.321[13] section 10. For other fields the MAC-hs header shall be set according to the HS-DSCH configuration configured by RRC and the actual HS-DSCH transmission in order to avoid unspecified UE behavior.

# C.10 UL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

This annex specifies the UL reference channels in for HSDPA test cases and the UE test loop mode parameters to be used when the UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps) from C.2.1 does not support the required test conditions. Transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH require continuous transmission and test loop operation on UL DPCH.

### C.10.1 UL reference measurement channel for HSDPA tests

Table C.10.1.1 to C.10.1.4 are applicable for tests on Transmitter Characteristics with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.2C, 5.2AA, 5.7A, 5.9A, 5.10A, 5.13.1A and 5.13.1AA.

Table C.10.1.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12.2 kbps) for HSDPA tests

	Parameter	Level	Unit
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio		-5.46 (Note 1)	dB
Note 1:	on the beta values given		·
Note 2: With the exception of the DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio parameter in this table all other parameters are defined in UL reference measurement channel in clause C.2.1, table C.2.1.1.			

Table C.10.1.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps) for HSDPA

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Note:	e: As defined in UL reference measurement channel in clause C.2.1, table C.2.1.2.		

Table C.10.1.3: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps) for HSDPA

Note:	As defined in UL reference meausrement channel in clause C.2.1, table C.2.1.3.
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Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βс	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

# C.11 Reference channel parameters for E-DCH tests

This annex specifies the reference channel parameters for E-DCH test cases.

### C.11.1 UL reference measurement channel for E-DCH tests

On uplink E-DCH the MAC-d flow parameters and the physical channel parameters according to default Radio Bearer Setup message of section 9.2.1 of TS 34.108 are used. On uplink DCH the reference measurement channel according to section C.2.1 is used with the exception that for transmitter characteristics tests the DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio depends on the beta values given in table C.11.1.3. For transmitter characteristics tests the beta values on all uplink channels according to table C.11.1.3. are used.

**Table C.11.1.1: Void** 

**Table C.11.1.2: Void** 

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β <sub>c</sub> /β <sub>d</sub>	βнs (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	<b>CM</b> (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### C.11.2 DL reference measurement channel for E-DCH tests

On downlink DCH the reference measurement channel according to section C.3.1 is used. On downlink HS-DSCH the fixed reference channel H-Set 1 according to section C.8.1.1 is used.

#### C.11.3 RLC SDU size for E-DCH tests

The DL RLC SDU size for all E-DCH tests is set to 2936bits and UL RLC SDU size for all E-DCH tests is shown in Table C.11.3.1

Table C.11.3.1: UL RLC SDU size for E-DCH tests

TC Clause	TS 34.121-1 E-DCH Test Cases	UL RLC SDU Size (Note)
5.2B	Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
5.2D	UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy for HS- DPCCH and E-DCH	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
5.9B	Spectrum Emission Mask with E-DCH	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
5.10B	ACLR with E-DCH	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
5.13.2B	Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
8.4.4.1	10 ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC Restriction	11744bits (4*DL RLC SDU)
8.4.4.2	2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC Restriction	35232bits (12*DL RLC SDU)
8.7.9	UE Transmission Power Headroom	No E-DCH payload data transmitted
10.2.1.1	Detection of E-HICH -Single Link Performance (10ms)	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
10.2.1.2	Detection of E-HICH -Single Link Performance (2ms)	5872bits (2*DL RLC SDU)
10.2.2.1.1	Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions- RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms)	11744bits (4*DL RLC SDU)
10.2.2.1.2	Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions- RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms)	17616bits (6*DL RLC SDU)
10.2.2.2.1	Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions- RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms)	17616bits (6*DL RLC SDU)
10.2.2.2.2	Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions- RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms)	29360bits (10*DL RLC SDU)
10.3.1.1	Detection of E-RGCH - Single Link Performance (10ms)	2936bits (1*DL RLC SDU)
10.3.1.2	Detection of E-RGCH - Single Link Performance (2ms)	5872bits (2*DL RLC SDU)
10.3.2	Detection of E-RGCH - Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions	11744bits (4*DL RLC SDU)
10.4.1	Demodulation of E-AGCH ( Single Link Performance)	8808its (3*DL RLC SDU)
	UL RLC SDU size for each test case is defined based on th JL data rates transmitted within the test case	e asymmetrical

DL reference parameters for MBMS tests

This annex specifies the reference channel parameters for MBMS test cases.

## C.12.1 MTCH

C.12

The parameters for the MTCH demodulation tests are specified in Table C.12.1.1 and Table C.12.1.2.

Table C.12.1.1: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	Unit	Level	Level
User Data Rate	kpbs	256	128
Channel bit rate	kbps	960	480
Channel symbol rate	ksps	480	240
Slot Format #i	-	14	12
TFCI	-	ON	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0	0

Table C.12.1.2: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter		MTCH	
User Data Rate	256 kbps	128 kbps 40 ms TTI	128 kbps, 80 ms TTI
Transport Channel Number	1	1	1
Transport Block Size	2560	2560	2560
Transport Block Set Size	10240	5120	10240
Nr of transport blocks/TTI	4	2	4
RLC SDU block size	10160	5072	10160
Transmission Time Interval	40 ms	40 ms	80 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo	Turbo	Turbo
Rate Matching attribute	256	256	256
Size of CRC	16	16	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible	Flexible	Flexible

# C.12.2 Combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification

The parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification test are defined in Table C.12.2.1.

Table C.12.2.1: Cell reselection parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value
Serving cell in the initial condition		Cell1
Neighbour cells		32 intra-frequency neighbour cells are indicated including Cell2 and Cell3
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH E₀/N₀
Qqualmin	dB	-20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	21
Qhyst2	dB	20 dB
Treselection	seconds	4
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		not sent

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# Annex D (normative): **Propagation Conditions**

#### D.1 General

#### D.1.1 Definition of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) Interferer

The minimum bandwidth of the AWGN interferer shall be 1,5 times chip rate of the radio access mode (e.g. 5,76 MHz for a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps). The flatness across this minimum bandwidth shall be less than ±0,5 dB and the peak to average ratio at a probability of 0,001 % shall exceed 10 dB.

#### D.2**Propagation Conditions**

#### Static propagation condition D.2.1

The propagation for the static performance measurement is an Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) environment. No fading and multi-paths exist for this propagation model.

#### D.2.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

Table D.2.2.1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. All taps have classical Doppler spectrum.

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3 Case 4 Case 5 (Note 1) Case 6 Speed for Band Speed for Band I, II. III. IV. IX and X: II, III, IV, IX and II, III, IV, IX and II. III. IV. IX and X: I, II, III, IV, IX II, III, IV, IX and 3 km/h 250 km/h and X: X: X: X: 3 km/h 120 km/h 3 km/h 50 km/h Speed for Band Speed for Band V, Speed for Band Speed for Band Speed for Band Speed for Band V, VI and VIII: V, VI and VIII: V. VI and VIII: V, VI and VIII: V VI and VIII. VI and VIII. 282 km/h (Note 2) 7 km/h 7 km/h 7 km/h 118 km/h 583 km/h (Note 2) Speed for Band VII: VII: VII: VII: VII: VII: 2.3 km/h 2.3 km/h 92 km/h 2.3 km/h 38 km/h 192 km/h Speed for Band XI: XI: XI: XI: XI: XI: 4.1 km/h 4.1 km/h 166 km/h 4.1 km/h 69 km/h 345 km/h (Note 2) Relativ Relati Relativ Relativ Relativ Relativ Relati Relativ Relati Relativ Relati Relativ e Delay e Delay ve e mean ve e mean Delay mean [ns] **Power** [ns] mean Delay mean Delay mean Delay **Power** [ns] Power [dB] Power [ns] Power [ns] Power [ns] [dB] [dB] [dB] [dB] [dB] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 n 976 -10 976 260 -3 976 0 976 -10 260 -3 0 20000 0 521 -6 521 -6 781

Table D.2.2.1: Propagation conditions for multi-path fading environments

NOTE 1: Case 5 is only used in Requirements for support of RRM.

NOTE 2: Speed above 250km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

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Table D.2.2.1A shows propagation conditions that are used for HSDPA performance measurements in multi-path fading environment.

Table D.2.2.1A: Propagation Conditions for multi-path fading environments for HSDPA

ITU Pede Speed (PA	3km/h			•		Speed '	icular A 120km/h 120)
Speed for B IV, IX	and X	Speed for Band I, II, III, IV, IX and X:		Speed for Band I, II, III, IV, IX and X: 30 km/h		Speed for Band I, II, III, IV, IX and X: 120 km/h	
Speed for E VI 7 kr	II n/h	Speed for E VI 7 kr	II n/h	Speed for Band V, VI, VIII 71 km/h		Speed for Band V, VI VIII 282 km/h (Note 1)	
Speed for 2.3 k			ed for Band VII Speed for Band VII 2.3 km/h 23 km/h		·		r Band VII km/h
Speed for 4.1 k		Speed for 4.1 k		•	Speed for Band XI Speed for Band 41 km/h 166 km/h (Note		
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	-9.7	200	-0.9	310	-1.0	310	-1.0
190	-19.2	800	-4.9	710	-9.0	710	-9.0
410	-22.8	1200	-8.0	1090	-10.0	1090	-10.0
		2300	-7.8	1730	-15.0	1730	-15.0
		3700	-23.9	2510	-20.0	2510	-20.0

NOTE 1: Speed above 120km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table D.2.2.1B shows propagation conditions that are used for CQI test in multi-path fading and HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH.

Table D.2.2.1B: Propagation Conditions for CQI test in multi-path fading and HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH

Case 8				
Speed for Band I, II, II	I, IV, IX and X: 30km/h			
Speed for Band V,	VI and VIII: 71km/h			
Speed for Bar	nd VII: 23km/h			
Speed for Bar	nd XI: 41km/h			
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative mean Power [dB]			
0	0			
976	-10			

Table D.2.2.1C shows propagation conditions that are used for MBMS demodulation performance measurements in multi-path fading environment.

Table D.2.2.1C: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBMS Performance Requirements

ITU vehicular A				
Speed 3km/h				
(VA	<b>(3)</b>			
Speed for Band I,	II, III, IV, IX and X			
3 kr	n/h			
Speed for Band	d V, VI and VIII			
7 kr	n/h			
Speed for	Band VII:			
2.3 k	xm/h			
Speed for	Band XI:			
4.1 k	xm/h			
Relative Delay	Relative Mean Power			
[ns]	[dB]			
0	0			
310	-1.0			
710 -9.0				
1090	-10.0			
1730	-15.0			
2510	-20.0			

## D.2.3 Moving propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance are non fading channel models with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, one static, Path0, and one moving, Path1. The time difference between the two paths is according Equation D.2.3.1. The taps have equal strengths and equal phases.

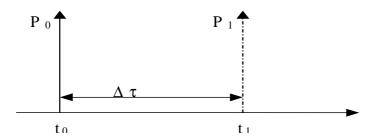


Figure D.2.3.1: The moving propagation conditions

$$\Delta \tau = B + \frac{A}{2} (1 + \sin(\Delta \omega \cdot t))$$

Equation D.2.3.1

The parameters in the equation are shown in.

A	5 μs
В	1 μs
Δω	$40 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$

# D.2.4 Birth-Death propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, Path1 and Path2 while alternate between 'birth' and 'death'. The positions the paths appear are randomly selected with an equal probability rate and are shown in figure D.2.4.1.

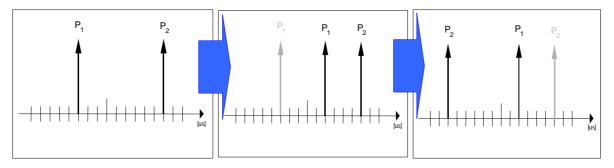


Figure D.2.4.1: Birth death propagation sequence

- NOTE1: Two paths, Path1 and Path2 are randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] µs. The paths have equal strengths and equal phases.
- NOTE 2: After 191 ms, Path1 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] µs but excludes the point Path2.
- NOTE 3: After additional 191 ms, Path2 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] µs but excludes the point Path1.
- NOTE 4: The sequence in 2) and 3) is repeated.

### D.2.4A High speed train conditions

The high speed train condition for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with one tap. Doppler shift is given by

$$f_s(t) = f_d \cos \theta(t) \tag{D.2.4A.1}$$

where  $f_s(t)$  is the Doppler shift and  $f_d$  is the maximum Doppler frequency. The cosine of angle  $\theta(t)$  is given by

$$\cos\theta(t) = \frac{D_s/2 - vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (D_s/2 - vt)^2}}, \ 0 \le t \le D_s/v$$
 (D.2.4A.2)

where  $D_s/2$  is the initial distance of the train from BS, and  $D_{\min}$  is BS-Railway track distance, both in meters; v is the velocity of the train in m/s, t is time in seconds. The parameters in the equation are shown in table D.2.4A.1. Accordingly, Doppler shift changes to the following figure D.2.4A.1.

Table D.2.4A.1

Parameter	Value
$D_s$	300 m
$D_{ m min}$	2 m
ν	300 km/h
$f_d$	600 Hz

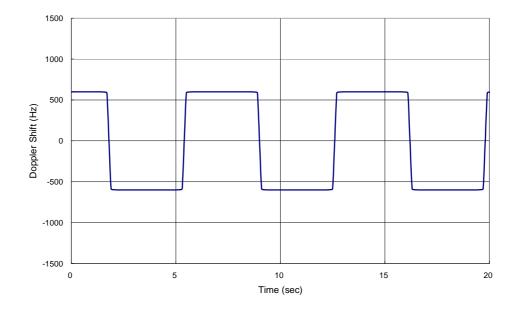


Figure D.2.4A.1: Doppler shift trajectory

# D.2.5 Conditions for HSDPA enhanced performance requirements type 1 with UE receiver diversity

The fading profiles used in the two or four faders for testing enhanced performance requirements type 1 with UE receiver diversity shall be uncorreleted to each other.

The two AWGN signals used for testing enhanced performance requirements type 1 with UE receiver diversity shall be uncorreleted to each other.

# D.2.6 Conditions for HSDPA enhanced performance requirements type 3 with UE receiver diversity

The fading profiles used in the two faders for testing enhanced performance requirements type 3 with UE receiver diversity shall be uncorreleted to each other.

The two AWGN signals used for testing enhanced performance requirements type 3 with UE receiver diversity shall be uncorreleted to each other.

## D.2.7 Conditions for open and closed loop diversity performance

The fading profiles used in the two or four faders for testing open and closed loop diversity performance shall be uncorreleted to each other.

# D.2.8 Conditions for MBMS enhanced performance requirements type 1 with UE receiver diversity

The fading profiles used in the six faders for testing enhanced performance requirements type 1 with UE receiver diversity shall be uncorreleted to each other.

The two AWGN signals used for testing enhanced performance requirements type 1 with UE receiver diversity shall be uncorreleted to each other.

### D.2.9 MIMO propagation conditions

MIMO propagation conditions are defined based on single-tap fading processes with classical Doppler spectrum. MIMO propagation conditions are defined for a 2x2 antenna configuration. The resulting propagation channel shall be characterized by a complex 2x2 matrix termed

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The channel coefficients of **H** shall be defined as a function of the possible precoding vectors or matrices. The possible precoding vectors for MIMO operation according to [5] shall be termed

$$\mathbf{w}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1+j}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1-j}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w}^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{-1+j}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w}^{(4)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{-1-j}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (EQ. D.2.9.1)

In what follows. Furthermore the following possible precoding matrices shall be defined:

$$\mathbf{W}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(1)} & \mathbf{w}^{(4)} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{W}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(2)} & \mathbf{w}^{(3)} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{W}^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(3)} & \mathbf{w}^{(2)} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{W}^{(4)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(4)} & \mathbf{w}^{(1)} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{(EQ. D.2.9.2)}$$

### D.2.9.1 MIMO Single Stream Conditions

For MIMO single stream conditions, the resulting propagation channel shall be generated using two independent fading processes with classical Doppler and one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector **w** out of the set defined in equation EQ. D.2.9.1. The two fading processes shall be generated according to the parameters in Table D.2.9.1

**Table D.2.9.1** 

MIMO Single Stream Conditions,					
Speed	for Band I, II, III, IV, IX a	and X: 3km/h			
Spee	ed for Band V, VI and VI	II 7.1km/h			
	Speed for Band VII: 2.3km/h				
Relative Delay	Relative Mean	(Amplitude, phase)			
[ns]	Power [dB]	symbols			
0	0	$(a_{\scriptscriptstyle 1},oldsymbol{arphi}_{\scriptscriptstyle 1})$			
0	0	$(a_2^-, \varphi_2^-)$			

NOTE: The amplitude  $a_2$  is not used in tests under MIMO single stream conditions, only the phase  $\varphi_2$  will be used.

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channnel under MIMO single stream condiitons shall be given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} = a_1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) \\ \exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{w}^{\mathrm{H}}$$

The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO single stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports are depicted Figure D.2.9.1.

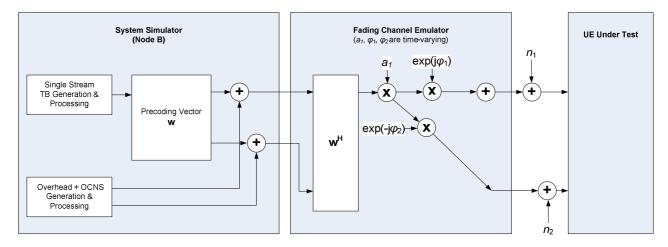


Figure D.2.9.1: Test setup under MIMO Single Stream Conditions

#### D.2.9.2 MIMO Dual Stream Conditions

For MIMO dual stream conditions, the resulting propagation channel shall be generated using two independent fading processes with classical Doppler and one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix  $\mathbf{W}$  out of the set defined in equation EQ. D.2.9.2. The two fading processes shall be generated according to the parameters in Table D.2.9.2

MIMO Dual Stream Conditions,Speed for Band I, II, III, IV, IX and X: 3km/hSpeed for Band V, VI and VIII 7.1km/hSpeed for Band VII: 2.3km/hRelative Delay [ns]Relative Mean (Amplitude, phase) symbols00 $(a_1, \varphi_1)$ 0-3 $(a_2, \varphi_2)$ 

**Table D.2.9.2** 

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channnel under MIMO dual stream condiitons shall be given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{pmatrix} \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) & \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) \\ \exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) & -\exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & 0 \\ 0 & a_2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{W}^{\mathrm{H}}$$

The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO dual stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports are depicted Figure D.2.9.2.

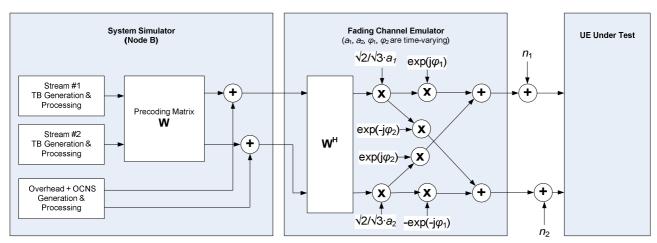


Figure D.2.9.2: Test setup under MIMO Dual Stream Conditions

# Annex E (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

### E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection. For the definition of OCNS, the power of OCNS shall be controlled so as to keep the total transmit power spectral density Ior constant. The Ior shall be measured as the mean power defined in 3.1 Definitions. The mean power shall be kept constant from one slot to the next.

In test cases where the Ior should be kept constant, it shall be acceptable to continuously send logical channel DCCH data which is allowed to be dummy DCCH data, so that it is not necessary to count the number of power off symbols and calculate OCNS power every symbol or slot period to keep the Ior constant.

NOTE: The power level specified for each physical channel in this annex is an average power, as measured during periods when the physical channel transmission is ON (see [19] for definitions), and no DTX symbols are being transmitted on that physical channel.

# E.2 Connection Set-up for non-HSDPA test cases

Table E.2.1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table E.2.1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel		
CPICH		
P-CCPCH		
SCH		
S-CCPCH		
PICH		
AICH		
DPCH		

### E.2.1 Measurement without dedicated connection

Table E.2.2 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for measurement before connection. This is applicable for the clauses 5.4.1 and 5.5.2.

Table E.2.2: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted without dedicated connection

Physical Channel	Power		
Îor	Test dependent power		
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / lor	= -3.9  dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / lor	= -8.3 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / lor	= −8.3 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / lor	= -8.3 dB	
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH Ec / lor	= -5.3 dB	

# E.3 During connection for non-HSDPA test cases

The following clauses describe the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done. For these measurements the offset between DPCH and SCH shall be zero chips at base station meaning that SCH is overlapping with the first symbols in DPCH in the beginning of DPCH slot structure.

#### E.3.1 Measurement of Tx Characteristics

Table E.3.1 is applicable for measurements on the Transmitter Characteristics (clause 5) with the exception of clauses 5.3, 5.4.1, 5.4.4 and 5.5.2.

NOTE: Applicability to clause 5.7 (Power setting in uplink compressed mode) is FFS.

Table E.3.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power		
Îor	-93 dBm / 3,84MHz		
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 7 dB		
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 5 dB		
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 5 dB		
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 2 dB		
DPCH	-103,3 dBm / 3,84MHz		

### E.3.2 Measurement of Rx Characteristics

Table E.3.2.1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 6) including clauses 5.3, excluding clauses 6.3 and 6.8.

Table E.3.2.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power		
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 7 dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/ DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 2 dB	
DPCH	Test dependent power		

Table E.3.2.2 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for the test of Spurious Emissions (clause 6.8). The UE is in the CELL\_FACH state during the measurement.

Table E.3.2.2: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during the Rx Spurious Emissions test

Physical Channel	Power		
CPICH	-86dBm / 3,84MHz		
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/ CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -5 dB	
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	

# E.3.3 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table E.3.3 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements (clause 7), including clauses 6.3 and 5.4.4, excluding clauses 7.6.1,7.6.2, 7.11 and 7.12.

Table E.3.3.1 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements (clause 7) that are done without a dedicated connection (i.e. clauses 7.11 and 7.12).

Table E.3.3: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power <sup>2</sup>		Note	
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10 dB	Use of P-CPICH or S-CPICH as	
			phase reference is specified for	
			each requirement and is also set by	
0.051011			higher layer signalling.	
S-CPICH	S-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10  dB	When S-CPICH is the phase	
			reference in a test condition, the	
			phase of S-CPICH shall be	
			180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH. When S-CPICH is not	
			the phase reference, it is not	
			transmitted.	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH Ec/lor	= -12 dB	transmitted.	
SCH	SCH Ec/lor	= -12 dB	This power shall be divided equally	
	0011_20/101	- 12 GB	between Primary and Secondary	
			Synchronous channels	
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	= -15 dB		
DPCH	Test dependent pow	er	When S-CPICH is the phase	
			reference in a test condition, the	
			phase of DPCH shall be	
			180 degrees offset from the phase	
			of	
			P-CPICH.	
OCNS			OCNS interference consists of 16	
	transmit power spec	tral density		
NOTE 4				
	presenting intended	se monn owier	cens for are further out after the call-	
OCNS  Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.  NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.  NOTE 2: Power levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-set-up phase.				

Table E.3.3.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted without a dedicated connection

Physical Channel	Power <sup>2</sup>		Note	
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10  dB		
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	= -12 dB		
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	= –12 dB	This value is set in case the SCCPCH is not a test dependent power	
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	= –12 dB	This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels	
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	= -15 dB	This value is set in case the PICH is not a test dependent power	
AICH	AICH_Ec/lor	= -10 dB	This value is set in case the AICH is not a test dependent power	
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density  OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as			
NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.				
	s are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and erepresenting interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-			

# E.3.4 Connection with open-loop transmit diversity mode

Table E.3.4 is applicable for measurements for clause 7.6.1.

Table E.3.4: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power <sup>2</sup>	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_E <sub>c1</sub> / $I_{or}$ = -13 dB	1. Total P-CPICH_E <sub>c</sub> /I <sub>or</sub> = -10 dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_E <sub>c2</sub> /I <sub>or</sub> = $-13 \text{ dB}$	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec <sub>1</sub> /I <sub>or</sub> = -15 dB	STTD applied
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec <sub>2</sub> /I <sub>or</sub> = -15 dB	2. Total P-CCPCH_Ec/I <sub>or</sub> = -12 dB
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	$SCH_E_C/I_{OI}$ = -12 dB	TSTD applied.     This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
PICH (antenna 1)	$PICH_{E_{c1}}/I_{or} = -18 \text{ dB}$	STTD applied
PICH (antenna 2)	$PICH_{E_{c2}}/I_{or} = -18 \text{ dB}$	2. Total PICH_E <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>or</sub> = −15 dB
DPCH	Test dependent power	STTD applied     Total power from both antennas
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (I <sub>or</sub> ) adds to one <sup>1</sup>	This power shall be divided equally between antennas     OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table E.3.6.

- NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.
- NOTE 2: Power levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-set-up phase.
- NOTE 3: The time alignment of the P-CPICH from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2 as measured at the UE antenna connection shall be within 1/4 chip.

#### Connection with closed loop transmit diversity mode E.3.5

table E.3.5 is applicable for measurements for clause 7.6.2.

Table E.3.5: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power <sup>2</sup>	Note	
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB		
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB	STTD applied	
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB	STTD applied, total	
		P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	TSTD applied	
PICH (antenna 1)	$PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB$	STTD applied	
PICH (antenna 2)	$PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB$	STTD applied, total	
		PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
DPCH	Test dependent power	Total power from both antennas	
OCNS	Necessary power so that total	This power shall be divided	
	transmit power spectral density	equally between antennas	
	of Node B (Ior) adds to one <sup>1,3</sup>	2. OCNS interference consists of	
		16 dedicated data channels as	
		specified in Table E.3.6.	
NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient			
channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.			
NOTE 2: Power levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and			
noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-			

- set-up phase.
- NOTE 3: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.
- NOTE 4: The time alignment of the P-CPICH from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2 as measured at the UE antenna connection shall be within 1/4 chip.

#### E.3.6 **OCNS** Definition

Table E.3.6: DPCH Channelization Code and relative level settings for OCNS signal.

Channelization Code at SF=128 <sup>1</sup>	Relative Level setting (dB) <sup>1,2</sup>	DPCH Data
2	-1	The DPCH data for each
11	-3	channelization code shall
17	-3	be uncorrelated with each
23	-5	other and with any wanted
31	-2	signal over the period of
38	-4	any measurement. For
47	-8	OCNS with transmit
55	-7	diversity the DPCH data
62	-4	sent to each antenna shall
69	-6	be either STTD encoded
78	-5	or generated from uncorrelated sources.
85	-9	uncorrelated sources.
94	-10	
125	-8	
113	-6	
119	0	

- NOTE 1: The DPCH Channelization Codes and relative level settings are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic Peak to Average Ratio.
- NOTE 2: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

# E.4 W-CDMA Modulated Interferer for non-HSDPA test cases

The W-CDMA modulated interferer consists of the downlink channels defined in table E.4.1 plus the OCNS channels defined in Table E.3.6. The relative power of the OCNS channels shall be such that the power of the total signal adds up to one. In this subclause Ior refers to the power of the interferer.

Table E.4.1: Spreading Code, Timing offsets and relative level settings for W-CDMA Modulated Interferer signal channels.

Channel Type	Spreading Factor	Channelization Code	Timing offset (x256T <sub>chip</sub> )	Power	NOTE
P-CCPCH	256	1	0	P- CCPCH_Ec/lo r = -10 dB	
SCH	256	-	0	SCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	The SCH power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
P-CPICH	256	0	0	P- CPICH_Ec/lor = *10 dB	
PICH	256	16	16	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
OCNS		See table E.3.6		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of the dedicated data channels. as specified in Table E.3.6.

# E.5 HSDPA DL Physical channels

### E.5.0 Downlink Physical Channels for connection set-up

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Connection setup		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

## E.5.1 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement

Table E.5.1 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 5.2A, 5.2AA, 5.2C, 5.7A, 5.9A, 5.10A, 5.13.1A, 5.13.1AA, 5.13.2A, 6.3A, 9.2.1A to 9.2.1I, 9.3.1 and 9.3.2. Table E.5.2 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 9.2.2A to 9.2.2D, 9.3.3 and 9.3.4. Table E.5.3 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 9.2.3A to 9.2.3D, 9.3.5 and 9.3.6. Table E.5.4 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 9.4.1, 9.4.1A. Table E.5.4A is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 9.4.2, 9.4.2A.

Table E.5.1: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Single Link performance

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	-10dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per [14] S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	-15dB	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex C.3.1
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH is not allocated to the UE the HS-SCCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one <sup>1</sup>	OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5 and E.5.5A. Table E.5.5 specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 1 to H-Set 6. Table E.5.5A specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 8.

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

Table E.5.2: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Open Loop Transmit Diversity performance and MIMO performance

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is –12dB.
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	TSTD applied.     Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	STTD applied.     Total power from both antennas
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied. 2. Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH_1 is not allocated to the UE, the HS-SCCH_1 shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	UE assumes STTD applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	1. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	2. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	STTD applied.     Total power from both antennas
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one <sup>1,2</sup>	1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. Power divided equally between antennas. 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5.

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the

NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table E.5.3: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Closed Loop Transmit Diversity (Mode-1) performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is –12dB.
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	TSTD applied.     Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	CL1 applied.     Total power from both antennas
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied. 2. Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH_1 is not allocated to the UE, the HS-SCCH_1 shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	UE assumes STTD applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	1. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX'd	2. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	CL1 applied.     Total power from both antennas
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one <sup>1,2</sup>	1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. Power divided equally between antennas. 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5.

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the

NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table E.5.4: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance

Parameter	Units	Value	Comment
CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per [14] S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0
PICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-15	
HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-  1. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-2
HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-3
HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-4
$DPCH\ E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB	-8	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex C.3.1
HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Test Specific	All HS-SCCH's allocated equal $E_c/I_{or}$ .
HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		Specifies $E_c/I_{or}$ when TTI is active.
HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH's
HS-SCCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		are not allocated to the UE, the HS- SCCH's shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Remaining power at Node- B (including HS-SCCH power allocation when HS- SCCH's inactive). <sup>1,2</sup>	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table E.5.4A: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection with Open Loop Transmit Diversity performance

Parameter	Units	Value	Comment
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
	CCPCH_Ec1/lor		2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is -12dB.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-	-15dB	
0011 (2712777 4/0)	CCPCH_Ec2/lor	40-ID	4 TOTO smalled
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	1. TSTD applied.
			2. Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.
HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10 dB	1. STTD applied.
$L_c/I_{or}$	<u></u>	. 0 0.2	2.HS-PDSCH associated with HS-
			SCCH-1. The HS-PDSCH shall be
			transmitted continuously with
			constant power.
			Total power from both antennas
HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-
	ID.	DTV.	SCCH-2
HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS- SCCH-3
	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-
HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	UD.	DIX	SCCH-4
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	1. STTD applied.
$D \cap C \cap E_c \cap I_{or}$	45	G	Total power from both antennas
HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Test Specific	UE assumes STTD applied.
	dB	·	2.All HS-SCCH's allocated equal
HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	<u> </u>		$E_{c}^{/I_{or}}$ . Specifies $E_{c}^{/I_{or}}$ when TTI
HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		is active. During TTIs, in which the
HS-SCCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		HS-SCCH's are not allocated to the
			UE, the HS-SCCH's shall be
			transmitted continuously with
			constant power.
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Remaining power at	OCNS interference consists of 6
		Node-B (including HS-	dedicated data channels as
		SCCH power allocation	specified in table E.5.5
		when HS-SCCH's	
<del></del>	<u> </u>	inactive).1,2	

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

### E.5.2 HSDPA OCNS Definition

The selected channelization codes and relative power levels for OCNS transmission for HSDPA performance assessment are defined in Table E.5.5 and E.5.5A. The selected codes are designed to have a single length-16 parent code.

Table E.5.5: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing

Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB)	DPCH Data
122	0	The DPCH data for each channelization code shall
123	-2	be uncorrelated with each other and with any
124	-2	wanted signal over the period of any
125	-4	measurement. For OCNS with transmit diversity
126	-1	the DPCH data sent to each antenna shall be
127	-3	either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources.

Table E.5.5A: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing, FRC H-Set 8.

Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB) (Note 1)	DPCH Data
4	0	The DPCH data for each channelization code
5	-2	shall be uncorrelated with each other and with
6	-4	any wanted signal over the period of any
7	-1	measurement. For OCNS with transmit diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna shall be either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources.

NOTE 1: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

# E.5.3 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement including test tolerances

Table E.5.6 to E.5.8B are applicable for tests in subclause 9.2. Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3, PB3, VA30, VA120) vary. Table E.5.6 is also applicable for tests in subclause 9.5.1 and 9.5.1A.

Table E.5.6: Level set 1 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-5,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-7.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-13.3
Measurement conditions	PA3 & Case	8:HS-PDSCH = -
	6dB, Io	r/loc = 0 dB
	Case 8: HS-	PDSCH = -9 dB,
	lor/lo	c = 0 dB

Table E.5.7: Level set 2 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-5.9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-10.75
Measurement conditions	HS-PDS	SCH = -6dB,
	lor/loc = 1	I0dB and 0dB

Table E.5.8: Level set 3 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-2,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-8.4
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	off
Measurement conditions	HS-PDS	SCH = -3dB,
	lor/loc = 1	0dB and 0 dB

Table E.5.8A: Level set 4 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-8,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-6.75
Measurement conditions	HS-PDS	SCH = -9dB,
	lor/lo	oc = 10dB

Table E.5.8B: Level set 5 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-11,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-5.6
Measurement conditions		CH = -12dB, oc = 10dB

Table E.5.9: Application of level sets for measurement

Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps)	T-put R (kbps)		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB		
		-12	Not tested	Level set 5		
1	PA3	-9	Not tested	Level set 4		
'	FAS	-6	Level set 1	Level set 2		
		-3	Level set 3	Level set 3		
	PB3	-9	Not tested	Level set 4		
2		-6	Level set 2	Level set 2		
		-3	Level set 3	Level set 3		
	VA30	-9	Not tested	Level set 4		
3		-6	Level set 2	Level set 2		
		-3	Level set 3	Level set 3		
		-9	Not tested	Level set 4		
4	VA120	-6	Level set 2	Level set 2		
		-3	Level set 3	Level set 3		

# E.5.4 Downlink Physical Channels for Transmitter Characteristics with HS-DPCCH

Table E.5.10 is applicable for measurements on the Transmitter Characteristics with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.2AA, 5.2C, 5.7A, 5.9A, 5.10A, 5.13.1A, 5.13.1AA and 5.13.2A.

Table E.5.10: Test specific downlink physical channels

Parameter	Unit	Test		
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	-9		
HS-SCCH_1 HS-SCCH_Ec/lor (dB) -8				
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor (dB)	-3		
Note: The power levels are selected high enough to keep the DTX reporting ratio very small and to ensure that the radio link is maintained during the test.				

# E.5A E-DCH with HSDPA DL Physical channels

# E.5A.0 Downlink Physical Channels for connection set-up

Table E.5A.0: Levels for connection setup

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Connection setup		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
E-HICH	dB	off
E-AGCH	dB	off
E-RGCH	dB	off
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

## E.5A.1 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement

Table E.5A.1 is applicable for tests in subclause 5.2B, 5.2D, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B. Table E.5A.2 is applicable for tests in subclause 10.2.1, 10.3.1, 10.4.1. and 10.4.1A. Table E.5A.3 is applicable for tests in subclause 10.2.2, 10.3.2 and 10.3.2A.

Table E.5A.1: Downlink Physical Channel parameters for E-DCH the Transmitter Characteristics tests

Parameter	Unit	Value	Remark
During Measurement			
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15	
HS-PDSCH	dB	-3	During TTIs, in which the HS-PDSCH is not allocated to the UE via HS-SCCH signalling, the HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8	During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH is not allocated to the UE the HS-SCCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	·
E-AGCH	dB	-20	
E-HICH	dB	-20	
E-RGCH	dB	DTX'd	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (Ior) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5A.4

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

NOTE 2: For 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, the power levels are selected high enough to keep the DTX reporting ratio very small and to ensure that the radio link is maintained during the test.

Table E.5A.2: Downlink Physical Channel parameters for E-DCH singlelink performance tests

Parameter	Unit	Value	Remark
During Measurement			
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15	
HS-PDSCH	dB	-3	During TTIs, in which the HS-PDSCH is not allocated to the UE via HS-SCCH signalling, the HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-7.5	During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH is not allocated to the UE the HS-SCCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
E-AGCH	dB	Test specific	Test-specific value or –20dB is used
E-HICH	dB	Test specific	Test-specific value or DTX'd is used
E-RGCH	dB	Test specific	Test-specific value or DTX'd is used
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Necessary	OCNS interference consists of 6
		power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5A.4

NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.

Table E.5A.3: Downlink Physical Channel parameters for E-DCH in Inter-cell SHO tests

Parameter	Unit	Value	Remark
During Measurement (Note 1)			
P-CPICH_Ec/lor 1 and 2	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor <sub>1 and 2</sub>	dB	-12	
PICH _Ec/lor <sub>1 and 2</sub>	dB	-15	
HS-PDSCH₁	dB	Test specific	During TTIs, in which the HS-PDSCH is not allocated to the UE via HS-SCCH signalling, the HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power
HS-SCCH_1 <sub>1</sub>	dB	-7.5	During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH is not allocated to the UE the HS-SCCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
DPCH_Ec/Ior <sub>1 and 2</sub>	dB	-10	
E-AGCH₁	dB	Test specific	Test-specific value or –20dB is used
E-HICH 1	dB	Test specific	Test-specific value or DTX'd is used
E-RGCH₁	dB	Test specific	Test-specific value or DTX'd is used
OCNS_Ec/lor <sub>1 and 2</sub>	dB	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one).	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5A.4

NOTE1: Index 1: cell belonging to RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell, Index 2: cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

#### E.5A.2 E-DCH OCNS Definition

The selected channelization codes and relative power levels for OCNS transmission for E-DCH tests assessment are defined in Table E.5A.4. The selected codes are designed to have a single length-16 parent code.

Table E.5A.4: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing

Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB)	DPCH Data
122	0	The DPCH data for each channelization code shall be
123	-2	uncorrelated with each other and with any wanted signal
124	-2	over the period of any measurement. For OCNS with
125	-4	transmit diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna shall
126	-1	be either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated
127	-3	sources.

NOTE 1: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

# E.5B MBMS DL Physical channels

## E.5B.1 Downlink Physical Channels for connection set-up

Table E.5B.1 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements in Clause 11.

Table E.5B.1: Downlink Physical Channels on each radiolink

Physical Channel	Power ratio	NOTE
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	Only P-CPICH is used as phase reference for S-CCPCH carrying MCCH or MTCH.
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	This power shall be high enough such that UE can transition to CELL_PCH state reliably
S-CCPCH_1	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -7 dB	Specifies the power of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH/PCH/MCCH
S-CCPCH_2	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = test dependent	Specifies the power of the S-CCPCH carrying the MTCH
MICH	MICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6

# E.6 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation (This clause is informative)

## E.6.1 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for non-HSDPA test cases

Table E.6.1.1 shows the downlink code allocation for non-HSDPA test cases. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined. Only the system configuration according to TS 34.108 [3] section 6.10b is used for RF testing. The codes used for the WCDMA interferer as defined in Table E.4.1 are not included in the table below because the WCDMA interferer is on another carrier. The S-CCPCH has been moved from code 1 to code 2 (SF=64) in order to resolve the code conflict with OCNS DPCH.

Table E.6.1.1: Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for RF testing (non-HSDPA)

0: P-CPICH       0: -       TS 25.213; TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.4         1: P-CCPCH       1: -       TS 25.213         2: PICH       1: -       TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)         3: AICH       1: -       TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)         4: -       2: OCNS DPCH       OCNS: TS34.121: Table E.3.6         6: -       3: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only         8: -       4: -       S-CCPCH for RF testing TS 34.108 [3] (SIB5), TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)         10: -       5: -       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)         11: -       3: -       4: -         13: -       7: -       3: -         14: -       7: -       4: -         16:	: 7.3
1: P-CCPCH       0: -       TS 25.213         2: PICH       1: -       TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)         3: AICH       2: OCNS DPCH       OCNS: TS34.121: Table E.3.6         6: -       3: S-CCPCH       3: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only         8: -       4: -       2: S-CCPCH         10: -       5: -       5: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)         5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)	: 7.3
2: PICH       1: -       TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)         3: AICH       2: OCNS DPCH       OCNS: TS34.121: Table E.3.6         5: -       3: S-CCPCH       3: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only         8: -       4: -       S-CCPCH for RF testing TS 34.108 [3] (SIB5), TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)         10: -       5: -       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)         11: -       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)	: 7.3
3: AICH       TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)         4: -       2: OCNS DPCH         5: -       3: S-CCPCH         1: -       3: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only         8: -       4: -         9: -       4: -         10: -       5: -         11: -       5: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only         5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)         5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)       4: -         16:	: 7.3
5: -     2: OCNS DPCH       6: -     3: S-CCPCH       7: -     3: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only       8: -     4: -       9: -     4: -       10: -     5: -       11: -     5: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only       5: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)       5: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)	: 7.3
5: -     6: -       7: -     3: S-CCPCH       8: -     4: -       9: -     4: -       10: -     5: -       11: -     5: -       12: -     6: -       13: -     6: -       14: -     7: -       16:     8: -       17: -     8: -       18: -     9: -	: 7.3
6: -     7: -       7: -     3: S-CCPCH       8: -     4: -       9: -     4: -       10: -     5: -       11: -     5: -       12: -     6: -       13: -     6: -       15: -     3: -       16:     8: -       17: -     4: -       18: -     9: -	: 7.3
8: -     4: -       9: -     4: -       10: -     5: -       11: -     5: -       12: -     6: -       13: -     7: -       15: -     3: -       16:     8: -       17: -     4: -       18: -     9: -    S-CCPCH for RF testing TS 34.108 [3]  (SIB5), TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)  5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)  4: -	: 7.3
9: -     4: -       10: -     5: -       11: -     5: -       12: -     6: -       13: -     3: -       14: -     7: -       16:     8: -       17: -     4: -       18: -     9: -         (SIB5), TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)       5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)	: 7.3
9: - 10: - 11: - 12: - 13: - 14: - 15: - 16: - 17: - 18: - 19: - 19: - 19: -	
10: - 11: - 12: - 13: - 14: - 15: - 16: - 17: - 18: - 19: - 19: -	
11: - 12: - 13: - 14: - 7: - 15: - 16:	
13: -     6: -       14: -     7: -       15: -     8: -       17: -     4: -       18: -     9: -	
13: - 14: - 7: - 15: - 16:	
14: -     7: -       15: -     8: -       16:     8: -       17: -     4: -       18: -     9: -	
15: - 16: 8: - 17: - 18: - 19: - 9: -	
17: - 18: - 19: - 4: -	
17: - 18: - 19: - 4: -	
18: - 19: -	
19: -	
1 20:	
20: -	
21: -	
11: OCNS DPCH OCNS: TS 34 121: F 3.6	
23: -	
24-31: - 12-15: - 6-7: -	
32: -	
8: -	
34: - OCNS DPCH OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6	
35: - CONO. 10 34: 121: 2:3.0	
36-43: - 18-21: - 9-10: -	
45: -	_
46: - 11: - 00NO TO 04 404 F 0 0	
47: - 23: OCNS DPCH OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6	
48-59: - 24-29: - 12-14: -	
60:-	
61:-	
15: -	
63: - 31: OCNS DPCH OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6	
64-75: - 32-37: - 16-18: -	
76: -	
77 38: OCNS DPCH   OCNS: 15 34.121: E.3.6	
79: -	
79: -	

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
80-91: -	40-45: -	20-22: -	
92: -	46: -		
93: -	40	23: -	
94: -	47: OCNS DPCH	23	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
95: -	47. OCINO DI OIT		OCINO: 10 54.121. E.5.0
96-107: -	48-53: -	24-26: -	
108: -	54: -		
109: -		27: -	
110: - 111: -	55: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
112-123: -	56-61: -	28-30: -	
124: -		20-30	
125: -	62: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
126: -	00:	31: -	
127: -	63: -		
128-135: -	64-67: -	32-33: -	
136: -	68: -		
137: -	00.	34: -	
138: -	69: OCNS DPCH	0	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
139: -	70.77	05.00	
140-155: -	70-77: -	35-38: -	
156: - 157: -	78: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
158: -		39: -	
159: -	79: -		
160-167: -	80-83: -	40-41: -	
168: -	84: -		
169: -	04	42: -	
170: -	85: OCNS DPCH	72.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
171: -			00110.110.01112.11.21.01.0
172-187: -	86-93: -	43-46: -	
188: - 189: -	94: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
190: -		47: -	
191: -	95: -		
192: DCH SRB			
193: -	96: DCH 12.2	40	TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 (DCH SRB and 12.2);
194: -	97: -	48: -	DCH 64: SF32-Code24, DCH 144: SF16-Code12,
195: -	97		DCH 144: SF10-Code12, DCH 384: SF8-Code6
196-223: -	98-111: -	49-55: -	2011001.01000000
224: -	112: -		
225: -		56: -	
226: -	113: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
227: - 228-235: -	114-117: -	57-58: -	
236: -		J1-J0	
237: -	118: -		
238: -	440, 00010 55011	59: -	0000 70 04 404 5 0 6
239: -	119: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
240-59: -	120-123: -	60-61: -	
248: -	124: -		
249: -	147	62: -	
250: -	125: OCNS DPCH	J2.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
251: -		00:	
252-255: -	126-127: -	63: -	

# E.6.2 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for HSDPA test cases

Tables E.6.2.1 and E.6.2.2 show the downlink code allocation for HSDPA test cases. Table E.6.2.1 shows the complete downlink code tree for spreading factors 16, 32 and 64. Table E.6.2.2 shows details of the downlink code tree for SF=16 code=0 with spreading factors 64, 128 and 256. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined.

Note 1: Performance requirements for test cases using 15 HS-PDSCH codes have not been defined by RAN4 yet. A specific code allocation for test cases using 15 HS-PDSCH codes needs to be aligned with assumptions taken in RAN4.

Table E.6.2.1: HSDPA Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for RF testing

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note
0: -		01 = 10	P-CPICH, P-CCPCH, PICH, AICH on SF256
1: -	0: -		HS-SCCH1 and HS-SCCH2 on SF128
2: S-CCPCH		0: -	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b
3: -	1: -		HS-SCCH3 and HS-SCCH4 on SF128
4: -			
5: -	2: -		4 4110 000011 1
6: -		1: HS-PDSCH	1st HS-PDSCH code
7: -	3: -		
8: -	4		
9: -	4: -	O. LIO DDOOLI	0-4110 PD0011 4-
10: -	F.	2: HS-PDSCH	2nd HS-PDSCH code
11: -	5: -		
12: -	6: -		
13: -	0	3: HS-PDSCH	3rd HS-PDSCH code
14: -	7: -	3. 113-FD3C11	314 113-FD3011 0008
15: -	7		
16: -	8: -		
17: -	J	4: HS-PDSCH	4th HS-PDSCH code
18: -	9: -	4.113-123011	4III II 3-F D3CI I code
19: -	9		
20: -	10: -		
21: -	10	5: HS-PDSCH	5th HS-PDSCH code
22: -	11: -		Stiffig-1 Doctricode
23: -	11		
24: -	12: -		
25: -	12.	6: HS-PDSCH	6th HS-PDSCH code
26: -	13: -	0.110-1 00011	om no-i boch code
27: -	10.		
28: -	14: -		
29: -	1 11	7: HS-PDSCH	7th HS-PDSCH code
30: -	15: -		
31: -			
32: -	16: -		
33: -		8: HS-PDSCH	8th HS-PDSCH code
34: -	17: -		
35: -			
36: -	18: -		
37: -		9: HS-PDSCH	9th HS-PDSCH code
38: -	19: -		
39: -			
40: -	20: -		
41: -		10: HS-PDSCH	10th HS-PDSCH code
	21: -		
43: - 44: -			
45: -	22: -		
46: -		11: -	
47: -	- 23: -		
48: -			
49: -	24: -		RMC12.2 on code 96 (SF128), the SRB
50: -		12: -	standalone used during call setup on code 192
51: -	25: -		(SF256) (TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1)
52: -	1		
53: -	26: -		
54: -	1	13: -	
55: -	27: -		
56: -			
57: -	- 28: -	1	
58: -	00	14: -	
59: -	29: -		
<del></del>	+		!

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note
60: - 61: -	30: -	15.	OCNS DPCH on codes 122-127 (SF128)
62: - 63: -	31: -	15: -	C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C

Table E.6.2.2: HSDPA Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for SF=16 code=0

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
0: P-CPICH	0: -		TS 25.213; 34.108 [3]: 6.1.4; 34.121: E.4.2
1: P-CCPCH	0	0: -	TS 25.213; 34.121: E.4.2
2: PICH	1: -	0	TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
3: AICH	1		TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
4: -	2: HS-SCCH1		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
5: -	2. 03-30001	1: -	13 34.100 [3]. 9.2.1 NB Setup message
6: -	3: HS-SCCH2	1	TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
7: -	3. 110-000112		10 04.100 [5]. 3.2.1 ND Getup message
8: -	4: -		
9: -	т.	2: S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
10: -	5: -	2.0 001 011	0 001 011. 10 04.100 [0]. 0.1.00 (0100)
11: -	J		
12: -	6: HS-SCCH3		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
13: -	0.110 000110	3: -	10 04.100 [0]. 5.2.1 No detup message
14: -	7: HS-SCCH4	J.	TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
15: -	7.110 000114		10 04.100 [0]. 5.2.1 ND Oetap message

# E.6.3 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for E-DCH test cases

Tables E.6.3.1 and E.6.3.2 show the downlink code allocation for E-DCH test cases. Table E.6.3.1 shows the complete downlink code tree for spreading factors 16, 32 and 64. Table E.6.3.2 shows details of the downlink code tree for SF=16 code=0 with spreading factors 64, 128 and 256. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined.

Table E.6.3.1: E-DCH Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for RF testing

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note
0: -	0.		P-CPICH, P-CCPCH, PICH, AICH on SF256
1: -	0: -		HS-SCCH1 and HS-SCCH2 on SF128
2: S-CCPCH		0: -	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b
3: -	1: -		E-HICH/E-RGCH on SF128, E-AGCH on SF256
4: -			
5: -	2: -	4 440 550044	4.440.00004
6: -		1: HS-PDSCH	1st HS-PDSCH code
7: -	3: -		
8: -	_		
9: -	4: -		
10: -	1_	2: HS-PDSCH	2nd HS-PDSCH code
11: -	5: -		
12: -			
13: -	6: -		
14: -		3: HS-PDSCH	3rd HS-PDSCH code
15: -	7: -		
16: -			
17: -	8: -		
18: -		4: HS-PDSCH	4th HS-PDSCH code
19: -	9: -		
20: -			
	10: -		
21: -		5: HS-PDSCH	5th HS-PDSCH code
22: -	11: -		
23: -			
24: -	12: -		
25: -		6: -	
26: -	13: -		
27: - 28: -			
	14: -		
29: -		7: -	
30: -	15: -		
31: -			
32: -	16: -		
33: -		8: -	
34: -	17: -		
35: -			
36: -	18: -		
37: -		9: -	
38: -	19: -		
39: -	+		
40: -	20: -		
41: -		10: -	
42: -	21: -		
43: -			
44: -	22: -		
45: -		11: -	
46: -	23: -		
47: -		40.	DMC40.0 an and 00 (05400) the 0DD
48: -	24: -	12: -	RMC12.2 on code 96 (SF128), the SRB
49: -		1	standalone used during call setup on code 192

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note
50: -	25: -		(SF256) (TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1)
51: -	20.		
52: -	26: -		
53: -	20	13: -	
54: -	27: -	13	
55: -	21		
56: -	28: -		
57: -	20	14: -	
58: -	29: -	14	
59: -			
60: -	30: -		
61: -	J 30	15: -	OCNS DPCH on codes 122-127 (SF128)
62: -	31: -	10	
63: -	31		

Table E.6.2.2: E-DCH Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for SF=16 code=0

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
0: P-CPICH	0: -		TS 25.213; 34.108 [3]: 6.1.4; 34.121: E.4.2
1: P-CCPCH	7 0	0: -	TS 25.213; 34.121: E.4.2
2: PICH	1: -	0	TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
3: AICH	] '. <del>-</del>		TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
4: -	2: HS-SCCH1	1: -	TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
5: -			
6: -	3: HS-SCCH2		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
7: -	3.113-30012		
8: -	4: -	- 2: S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
9: -	4: -		
10: -	5: -		
11: -			
12: -	6: E-HICH/E- RGCH	3: -	TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
13: -			
14: E-AGCH	7: -		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
15: -			

# E.6.4 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for MBMS test cases

Table E.6.4.1 show the details of downlink code allocation for MBMS test cases. The numbers in the Code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined.

Table E.6.4.1: MBMS Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for RF testing

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
0: P-CPICH 1: P-CCPCH	0: -		TS 25.213; TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.4 TS 25.213
2: PICH		0: -	TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
3: AICH	1: -		TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
4: -			
5: -	2: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS34.121: Table E.3.6
6: -		1: -	
7: MICH	3: -		
8: -	4.		
9: -	4: -	2: S-CCPCH	2. TC 24 400 [2], C 4 0b (CIDE)
10: -	5: -	2. S-CCPCH	2: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
11: -	J		
12: -	6: S-CCPCH		6: TS 34.121: TC 8.3.5.4
13: -	0. 3-00F CFT	3: -	0. 13 34.121. 10 0.3.3.4
14: -	7: -	0.	
15: -	, ,		
16:	8: -		
17: -		4: -	
18: -	9: -		
19: -			
20: -	10: -		
21: -		5: -	
22: -	11: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
23: -	10.15	6-7: -	
24-31: - 32: -	12-15: -	0-7	
33: -	16: -		
34: -		8: -	
35: -	17: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
36-43: -	18-21: -	9-10: -	
44: -	İ	0 10.	
45: -	22: -		
46: -	00 0000 0000	11: -	00ND T0 04 404 F 0 0
47: -	23: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
48-59: -	24-29: -	12-14: -	
60: -	30: -		
61: -	30	15: -	
62: -	31: OCNS DPCH	13	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
63: -	31. OONO DI OIT		OCINO. 10 34.121. E.o.o
64-75: -	32-37: -	16-18: -	
76: -	38: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
77: -		19: -	
78: -	39: -		
79: -		00.00	
80-91: -	40-45: -	20-22: -	
92: -	46: -		
93: -		23: -	
94: -	47: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
95: -	19.52	24.26:	
96-107: - 108: -	48-53: -	24-26: - 27: -	
109: -	54: -	21	
103	1		

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
110: - 111: -	55: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
112-123: -	56-61: -	28-30: -	
124: -		20 00.	
125: -	62: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
126: -		31: -	
127: -	63: -		
128-135: -	64-67: -	32-33: -	
136: - 137: -	68: -		
138: - 139: -	69: OCNS DPCH	34: -	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
140-155: -	70-77: -	35-38: -	
156: -	78: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
157: -	10. UCNS DPCH	20.	OCINS. 13 34.121. E.3.0
158: -	79: -	39: -	
159: -	13.		
160-167: -	80-83: -	40-41: -	
168: -	84: -		
169: -	04.	42: -	
170: -	85: OCNS DPCH	12.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
171: -			00110. 10 0 1.121. 2.0.0
172-187: -	86-93: -	43-46: -	
188: - 189: -	94: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
190: -		47: -	
191: -	95: -		
192: -	00:		TS 34.121: TC 8.3.5.4, 8.3.6.3,11.2(Test 2)
193: -	96: -	40.	MTCH 256kbps: SF8-Code6
194: -	07.	48: -	'
195: -	97: -		TS 34.121: TC 11.2(Test 1 and 3), 11.3
196-223: -	98-111: -	49-55: -	MTCH 128kbps: SF16-Code12
224: -	112: -		
225: -	114	56: -	
226: -	113: OCNS DPCH	JU	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
227: -			33113. 10 04.121. E.o.0
228-235: -	114-117: -	57-58: -	
236: -	118: -		
237: -		59: -	
238: -	119: OCNS DPCH	-5.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
239: -		22.24	
240-59: -	120-123: -	60-61: -	
248: -	124: -		
249: -		62: -	
250: -	125: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
251: -	106 107	63.	
252-255: -	126-127: -	63: -	

# Annex F (normative): General test conditions and declarations

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in the present document.

Many of the tests in the present document measure a parameter relative to a value that is not fully specified in the UE specifications. For these tests, the Minimum Requirement is determined relative to a nominal value specified by the manufacturer.

When specified in a test, the manufacturer shall declare the nominal value of a parameter, or whether an option is supported.

In all the relevant clauses in this clause all Bit Error Ratio (BER), Block Error Ratio (BLER), False transmit format Detection Ratio (FDR) measurements shall be carried out according to the general rules for statistical testing in clause F.6.

### F.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test, where appropriate. The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified range, and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All ranges and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95 % is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95 % of the performance of a population of test equipment.

For RF tests it should be noted that the uncertainties in clause F.1 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

#### F.1.1 Measurement of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the UE test environments defined in annex G, Test environments shall be.

- Pressure ±5 kPa.

- Temperature ±2 degrees.

Relative Humidity ±5 %.

- DC Voltage  $\pm 1.0 \%$ .

- AC Voltage  $\pm 1,5 \%$ .

- Vibration 10 %.

- Vibration frequency 0,1 Hz.

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

#### F.1.2 Measurement of transmitter

Table F.1.2: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for transmitter tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.2 Maximum Output Power	±0,7 dB	
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-	±0,7 dB	
DPCCH (Release 5 only)		
5.2AA Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH (Release 6 and later)	±0,7 dB	
5.2B Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH and E-DCH	±0,7 dB	
5.2C UE relative code domain power	For 0 dB ≥ -10 dB CDP ± 0.2 dB	This accuracy is based on the
accuracy	For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP ± 0.3 dB	linearity of the code domain
	For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP ± 0.4 dB	power measurement of the test equipment.
5.2D UE Relative Code Domain Power	For 0 dB ≥ -10 dB CDP ± 0.2 dB	This accuracy is based on the
Accuracy with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP ± 0.3 dB	linearity of the code domain
	For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP ± 0.4 dB	power measurement of the test equipment.
5.3 Frequency Error	±10 Hz	
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	±1,0 dB	The uncertainty of this test is a combination of the downlink level setting error and the uplink power measurement that are uncorrelated.
		Formula = SQRT(source_level_error² + power_meas_error²)
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	The test system uncertainty is the function of the UE transmitter power control range for each combination of the step size and number of steps.	This accuracy is based on the linearity of the absolute power measurement of the test equipment.
	For 0 dB and 1 dB range ±0,1 dB	
	For a nominal 2 dB range ±0,15 dB	
	For a nominal 3 dB range ±0,2 dB	
	For a greater than 3 dB range ±0,3 dB	
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	±1,0 dB	Measured on a static signal
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\underline{DPCCH_{-}E_{c}}$	±0,4 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCCH ratio
$I_{or}$		0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
		based on power meter
		measurement after the combiner
		Overall error is the sum of the
		$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error and the
		DPCCH_Ec/lor ratio. The
		absolute error of the AWGN
		loc is not important but is
5.5.1 Transmit OFF Power: (static case)	±1,0 dB	specified as 1.0 dB  Measured on a static signal
J.S. Handin St. 1 Towor (diano dado)	± 1,0 dD	sacarea en a ciado digital

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	On power +0,7 dB - 1,0 dB Off power (dynamic case) TBD	Assume asymmetric meas error -1.0 dB / 0.7 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error, and +0.7 dB for upper limit (assume UE won't go above 24 nominal). For the off power, the accuracy of a two-pass measurement needs to be analysed.
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size (7 dB step)	±0,3 dB relative over a 9 dB range	
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	A subset of 5.4.2.	
5.7A HS-DPCCH	The test system uncertainty is the function of the UE transmitter power range for each step size on the HS-DPCCH channel.  For 0 dB and 1 dB range ±0,1 dB	This accuracy is based on the linearity of the absolute power measurement of the test equipment.
	For a nominal 2 dB range ±0,15 dB For a nominal 3 dB range ±0,2 dB For a greater than 3 dB range ±0,3 dB	
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	±100 kHz	Accuracy = ±3*RBW. Assume 30 kHz bandwidth.
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	±1,5 dB	
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	±1,5 dB	
5.9B Spectrum emission mask with E-DCH	±1,5 dB	
5.10 ACLR	5 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB 10 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB	
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	5 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB	
5.10B ACLR with E-DCH	10 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB 5 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB 10 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB	
5.11 Spurious emissions	± 2,0 dB for UE and coexistence bands for results ≥ -60 dBm  ± 3,0 dB for results < -60 dBm  Outside above: f≤2.2GHz: ± 1.5 dB  2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz:	
	± 2.0 dB f > 4 GHz: ±4.0 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	± 2.2 dB	CW Interferer error is 0.7 dB for the UE power RSS with 0.7 dB for CW setting = 1.0 dB
		Measurement error of intermod product is 0.7 dB for UE power RSS with 0.7 dB for relative = 1.0 dB
		Interferer has an effect of 2 times on the intermod product so overall test uncertainty is 2*1.0 RSS with 1.0 = 2.2 dB.
		Apply half any excess test system uncertainty to increase the interferer level
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	±2.5 %	
	(for single code)	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	±2.5 % (for single code)	
5.13.1AA Transmit modulation: EVM and	±2.5 %	
phase discontinuity with HS-DPCCH	(for single code)	
	±6 degree for Phase discontinuity	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	±1.0dB	
5.13.2A Relative Code Domain Error	±0.5 dB	
5.13.2B Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	±0.5 dB	
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity	±2.5 % for EVM (for single code)	
	±10 Hz for Frequency error	
	±6 degree for Phase discontinuity	
5.13.4 PRACH quality (EVM)	±2.5 %	
5.13.4 PRACH quality (Frequency error)	±10 Hz	

#### F.1.3 Measurement of receiver

Table F.1.3: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for receiver tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	± 0.7 dB	•
6.3 maximum input level:	± 0.7 dB	The critical parameter is the overall signal level and not the –19 dB DPCH_Ec/lor ratio.  0.7 dB absolute error due to
		signal measurement
		DPCH_Ec/lor ratio error is <0.1 dB but is not important so is ignored
6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS- PDSCH Reception (16QAM)	± 0.7 dB	
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity (Rel-99 and Rel-4)	± 1.1 dB	Overall system uncertainty comprises three quantities:
		Wanted signal level error
		2. Interferer signal level error
		Additional impact of interferer ACLR
		Items 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared to provide the ratio error of the two signals. Assume for simplicity this ratio error is linearly added to the interferer ACLR.
		Test System uncertainty = SQRT (wanted_level_error <sup>2</sup> + interferer_level_error <sup>2</sup> ) + ACLR effect.
		The ACLR effect is calculated by:(Formula to follow)
		(E.g. ACLR at 5 MHz of 51 dB gives additional error of .0765 dB. ACLR of 48 gives error of -0.15 dB.)
6.4A Adjacent channel selectivity (Rel-5 and later releases)	± 1.1 dB	Same as above
6.5 Blocking characteristics	System error with f <15 MHz offset: $\pm$ 1.4 dB f >= 15 MHz offset and f <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.2 GHz: $\pm$ [1.0]	Using ± 0.7 dB for signal and interferer as currently defined and 68 dB ACLR @ 10 MHz.
	dB 2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±[1.7] dB f > 4 GHz: ±[3.1] dB	
6.6 Spurious Response	f ≤ 2.2 GHz: ± 1.0 dB 2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±1.7 dB f > 4 GHz: ±3.1 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	±1.3 dB	Similar issues to 7.4 ACS test.  ETR028 says impact f the closer signal is twice that of the far signal. If both signals drop 1 dB, intermod product drops 2 dB.  Formula = $\sqrt{(2 \cdot CW_{level\_error})^2 + (\text{mod\_level\_error})^2}$
		(Using CW interferer ±0.5 dB, modulated interferer ±0.5 dB, wanted signal ±0.7 dB) 1.3 dB!  Broadband noise/ACLR not considered but may have impact.
6.8 Spurious emissions	$\pm$ 3.0 dB for UE receive band and UE transmit band (-60 dBm) Outside above: f≤2.2GHz: $\pm$ 2.0 dB (-57 dBm) 2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: $\pm$ 2.0 dB (-47 dBm) f > 4 GHz: $\pm$ 4.0 dB (-47 dBm) Downlink signal $\hat{l}$ or $\pm$ 2.0 dB	

## F.1.4 Performance requirement

**Table F.1.4: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements** 

Clause	Maximum To	est System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation Condition	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} $ $ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} $	±0.3 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio  0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  Overall error is the sum of the $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error and the DPCH_Ec/lor ratio but is not RSS for simplicity. The absolute error of the AWGN loc is not important for any tests in clause 7 but is specified as 1.0 dB.
7.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath Fading Propagation conditions	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.56 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6$ dB
7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3
7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3
7.5A Demodulation of DCH in high speed train conditions	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3

Clause	Maximum T	est System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open loop Transmit diversity mode	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.8 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB.
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop Transmit diversity mode	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \end{array} $	±0.8 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Round up to 0.8 dB Same as 7.6.1
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site selection diversity Transmission power control mode	$ \begin{vmatrix} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \end{vmatrix} $	±0.8 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.6.1
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover (Release 5 and earlier)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB, but per output $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ or $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ the error is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6$ dB.
7.7.1A Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover (Release 6 and later)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB, but per output $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ or $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ the error is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6$ dB.

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ & & & \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} & & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array}$	Test is looking for changes in power – need to allow for relaxation in criteria for power step of probably 0.1 dB to 0.4 dB
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 2	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB	Same as 7.7.1
	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB	
	I <sub>oc</sub> ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	Same as 7.2.
radio link sets	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	Offsets calculated as RMS of: lor1/loc, DPCH_Ec1/lor1 and
	$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	DPCH_Ec2/lor2 and
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	lor1/loc, DPCH_Ec1/lor1 and DPCH_Ec3/lor3 respectively.
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} \qquad \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$	respectively.
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} \qquad \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_{c3}}{I_{or3}} \qquad \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$	
	Offset of $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}}$ relative to	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} \qquad \text{\pm 0.4 dB}$	
	Offset of $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c3}}{I_{or1}}$ relative to	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} \qquad \pm 0.4 \text{ dB}$	

Clause	Maximum Te	est System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant BLER target (Release 5 and earlier)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3 For test cases wherein the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response then additional test system uncertainty in $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ is applied: For test 1 an additional 0.3 dB is allowed. This value is based on a rounded 0.24 dB delta value from simulations. For test 2 an additional 0.2 dB is allowed. This value is based
7.8.1A Power control in downlink constant BLER target (Release 6 and later)	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	on a rounded 0.14 dB delta value from simulations.  Same as 7.3
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial convergence	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3. When the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response, then additional test system uncertainty in $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ of 0.2 db is applied. This value is based on a rounder of the state of the
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up effects (Release 5 and earlier)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	delta value from simulations. Same as 7.3. For test cases wherein the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response, then additional test system uncertainty in $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ is applied: For test 1 an additional 0.3 dB is allowed. This value is based on a rounded 0.26 dB delta value from simulations.
7.8.3A, Power control in downlink: wind up effects (Release 6 and later)	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	value from simulations. Same as 7.3.

Clause	Maximum Te	est System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.8.4, Power control in the downlink, different transport formats	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \\ I_{oc} \\ \underline{DPCH\_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Uncertainty  Same as 7.3  For test cases where the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response, then additional test system uncertainty in $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ is applied:  For test 1 stage 1, an additional 0.2 dB is allowed. This value is based on a rounded 0.24 dB delta value from simulations.
7.8.5, Power control in the downlink for F-	ĵ /r	.0.C.dD	For test 1 stage 2, an additional 0.1 dB is allowed. This value is based on a rounded 0.16 dB delta value from simulations.  Same as 7.3
DPCH	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	Jame as 1.5
		±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{F - DPCH _E_c}{I}$	±0.1 dB	
7.9.1 Downlink compressed mode	$I_{or}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
(Release 5 and earlier)			Game as 7.5
	$I_{oc}$	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.9.1A Downlink compressed mode	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
(Release 6 and later)		±1.0 dB	
	I <sub>oc</sub>	±1.0 db	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.10 Blind transport format detection	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.3 dB	Same as 7.2
Tests 1, 2, 3	$I_{oc}$	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.10 Blind transport format detection	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
Tests 4, 5, 6			
	$\frac{I_{oc}}{\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}}$	±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel	Test 1:		Test 1: Values for Îor/loc and
(PCH)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.3 dB	loc are the same as 7.2
	$I_{oc}$	±1.0 dB	Uncertainties for S-
	S-CCPCH_Ec/Ic		CCPCH_Ec/lor and PICH_Ec/lor are the same as
	PICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	for DPCH_Ec/lor

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty		Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	Test 2: $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ S-CCPCH_Ec/lor PICH_Ec/lor $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ $I_{oc}$ AICH_Ec/lor S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB ±0.1 dB ±0.3 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB ±0.1 dB	Test 2: Values for lor/loc and loc are the same as 7.3 Uncertainties for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor and PICH_Ec/lor are the same as for DPCH_Ec/lor  Values for lor/loc and loc are the same as 7.2 Uncertainty for AICH_Ec/lor and S-CCPCH_Ec/lor is the same as for DPCH_Ec/lor

## F.1.5 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.1.5: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Radio Resource Management Tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks		
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection		
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	During T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$ $I_{oc} \qquad \text{\pm 1.0 dB}$	
	During T1:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (1, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to $I_{or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{During T2:}}{I_{or}(1)} \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(r loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	r(n), and channel power
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) achave any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation)	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(2) at T uncertainty of lor(1, 3, 4, 5, 6), are uncor Similarly, the absolute uncertainty of lor(2, 3, 4, 5, 6), are uncor	related to each other. 1) at T2 and the relative
	An explanation of correlation between ur rationale behind the assumptions, is received. [24].	

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Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	$I_{or}$ $I_{oc}$ (1) ±1.0 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 1 during T2: $I_{ar}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I <sub>oc</sub> (2) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1:}}{I_{or} \text{ (2)}} \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T2:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) to e): Same as for the one-frequency	test 8.2.2.1.
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(3, 4), are uncorrelated to each other. uncertainty of lor(2) and the relative uncurcorrelated to each other.	Similarly, the absolute
	g) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	h) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uprationale behind the assumptions, is received.	
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB RXLEV ±1.0 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \text{±0.1 dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	Same as 8.2.3.1
changed	$I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB	
	I <sub>oc</sub> ±1.0 dB	
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
8.2.3.3 Scenario 3: HCS with only UTRA	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	Same as 8.2.3.1
level changed	$I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	Same as 8.2.2.2
	$I_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$	
	$I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	or	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	$\frac{\text{During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:}}{CPICH\_E_c} \\ \frac{E}{I_{or}} \\ \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB Relative delay of paths received from cell 2	
	with respect to cell 1: ±0.5 chips	
	<u>During T0/T1:</u> Already covered above	
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: $I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), cl derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other.	and channel power ratio are
	c) Across different cells, the channel power ramount of positive correlation from zero (und correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of lor(2),
	An explanation of correlation between uncerbehind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI	
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover 8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	During T1 and T2 / T3:	
	$\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{cr}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I <sub>or</sub> (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	<u>During T1:</u> Already covered above	
	During T2 / T3:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	

Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio. loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2. b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other. c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties m have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated). d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the relative uncertainty lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other. An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rational behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].  Channel 1 during T1 and T2/T3: CPICH _ E.	Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
ratio are uncorrelated to each other.  c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties m have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated).  d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated) one (fu		<ul> <li>a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2.</li> <li>b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power</li> </ul>	
have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated).  d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated) e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the relative uncertainty lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.  An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rational behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].  8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell  Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3.  CPICH _ E_			
positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlate e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the relative uncertainty lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.  An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rational behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].  8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell  Channel 1 during T1 and T2/T3: $\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 1} 2 \text{ during T1}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T1}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 3} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 3} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 3} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 3} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 3} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 4} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 4} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 4} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 4} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 4} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2 \text{ during T2}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{C_{hannel 2} 2  du$		have any amount of positive correlation to	
$   lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other. \\ An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rational behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24]. \\ \hline 8.3.2.2 \                                $			
behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].   Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3: $\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1  \text{dB}$ $I_{oc}(1) = \pm 1.0  \text{dB}$ $I_{oc}(2) = \pm 1.0  \text{dB}$ $\frac{Channel 2  \text{during T1}}{I_{oc}(2)} = \pm 0.1  \text{dB}$ $\frac{Channel 2  \text{during T1}}{I_{oc}(2)} = \pm 1.0  \text{dB}$ $\frac{Channel 2  \text{during T2} / \text{T3}}{I_{oc}(2)} = \pm 0.1  \text{dB}$ $\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1  \text{dB}$ $\frac{Channel 2  \text{during T1}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1  \text{dB}$ $Channel 2  \text{during T2$			the relative uncertainty of
CPICH _ E_c		behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	
Channel 2 during T1 and T2 / T3:  I_{oc}(2) ±1.0 dB  Channel 2 during T1: Already covered above  Channel 2 during T2 / T3:  CPICH _ E_c	8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
Channel 2 during T1 and T2 / T3:  \$I_{oc}(2) \ \pm \pm \pm \pm \pm \pm \pm \pm \pm \			
Already covered above  Channel 2 during T2 / T3:  CPICH _ E_		Channel 2 during T1 and T2 / T3:	
CPICH _ E_c   ±0.1 dB    I_{or} (2) ±0.7 dB    Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2. b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other. c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties m have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated). d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).			
Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2. b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other. c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties me have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated). d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).		$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{}$ ±0.1 dB	
<ul> <li>a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2.</li> <li>b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other.</li> <li>c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties m have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated).</li> <li>d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlate).</li> <li>e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).</li> <li>f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).</li> </ul>		$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
ratio are uncorrelated to each other.  c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties mention have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated).  d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).  e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).  f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).		a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(r loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-	
have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) one (fully correlated).  d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).  e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fucorrelated).  f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fucorrelated).			r(n), and channel power
e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fu correlated).  f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fu		have any amount of positive correlation t	
amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (for correlated).  f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (for correlation from zero).			
amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fu		amount of positive correlation from zero	
Correlated).			
An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rational behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].  8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover  TBD	8 3 3 FDD/TDD Handover	behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	ainties, and of the rationale PTR 34 902 [24].

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB RXLEV ±1.0 dB $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio  0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner  The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.  The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH 8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	$\begin{array}{ll} & \underline{\text{During T1 and T2:}} \\ & \underline{CPICH}\_E_c \\ & I_{or} \end{array}  \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{oc} \qquad \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ & \underline{\text{During T1:}} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2)} \qquad \pm 0.7 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (1, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (2) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & \underline{\text{During T2:}} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (1)} \qquad \pm 0.7 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (2) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (2) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (2) } \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ & I_{or} \text{ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (3, 4, 5, 6) } \\ & I_{or} \text{ (4, 4, 5, 6) } \\ & I_{or} \text{ (4, 4, 5, 6) } \\ & I_{or} \text{ (4, 5, 6) } \\ & I_{or}  (4,$	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty	
	,	a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for I ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power	
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) a have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).		
	d) Across different cells, the channel polyhere any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	•	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) ma positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation)		
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(2) at 1 uncertainty of lor(1, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unconsimilarly, the absolute uncertainty of loruncertainty of lor(2, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unconsidered.	orrelated to each other. r(1) at T2 and the relative	
	An explanation of correlation between unce behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GF		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	- Chiconami,
neighbour list	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{oc}$ (1) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{I_{or}\text{(1)}} \\ \pm 0.7\text{dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{I_{or}\text{(1)}} \\ \pm 0.7\text{dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{oc}$ (2) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T2:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) to e): Same as for the one-frequency	test 8.3.5.1.
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(3, 4), are uncorrelated to each other. uncertainty of lor(2) and the relative uncurrelated to each other.	Similarly, the absolute
	g) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	h) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions is recorded in 3GPP	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.5.3 Cell Re-selection to GSM	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	$I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB	CFICH_ECTATIO
	I <sub>oc</sub> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB	based on power meter measurement after the
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	combiner
	$I_{or}$	0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.3.5.4 Cell Reselection during an MBMS session, one frequency present in	Channel 1 during T2 and T3:	
neighbour list	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	Channel 1 during T1, T2 and T3:	
	$I_{oc}$ (1) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1, T2 and T3:	
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I <sub>oc</sub> (2) ±1.0 dB	
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for loratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) nositive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncerbehind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI	tainties, and of the rationale PTR 34 902 [24].

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH		
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.6.3 Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN inter-frequency and	Channel 1 during T2:	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power
	Channel 1 during T1, T2 and T3:	meter measurement after the combiner
	$I_{oc}$ (1) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1, T2 and T3:	The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
	$I_{oc}$ (2) ±1.0 dB	TWEET TO SPECIFICATION AS THE AST.
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	
	GSM during T2:	
	$I_{oc}(2)/RXLEV$ 1 ±0.5 dB RXLEV1 ±1.0 dB	
	$I_{oc}(2)/RXLEV$ 2 ±0.5 dB	
	RXLEV2 ±1.0 dB	
	GSM during T3: $I_{oc}(2)/RXLEV$ 1 ±0.5 dB	
	RXLEV1 ±0.5 dB	
	Assumptions:	<u> </u>
	a) The contributing uncertainties for lor( loc are derived according to ETR 273-1 factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for loratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel po have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GP	
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.8 Serving HS-DSCH cell change	$\frac{\text{During T0 and T1/T2/T3/T4:}}{CPICH \_E_c} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or} = 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1: $\pm 0.5 \text{ chips}$ $\frac{\text{During T0:}}{\text{Already covered above}}$ $\frac{\text{During T1/T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:}}{I_{or} \text{ (2) relative to } I_{or} \text{ (1)} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}}$ Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), c derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with	
	<ul> <li>b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n) uncorrelated to each other.</li> <li>c) Across different cells, the channel power amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated).</li> <li>d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (if e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.</li> <li>An explanation of correlation between uncertainty the assumptions, is recorded in 3GP</li> </ul>	ratio uncertainties may have any correlated) to one (fully ve any amount of positive fully correlated).  relative uncertainty of lor(2), tainties, and of the rationale
8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	Settings. $ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \qquad \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ I_{oc} \qquad \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio   0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner   Overall error is the sum of the $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error and the CPICH_Ec/lor ratio.   The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.4.2 Random Access	Settings. $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in AICH_Ec ratio
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{AICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the
		combiner $ \begin{array}{c} \text{Overall error is the sum of the} \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \end{array} \text{ ratio error and the} $
		AICH_Ec/lor ratio.  The absolute error of the
	Measurements:	AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB  Power difference:
	Power difference. ± 1dB Maximum Power: same as 5.5.2	Assume symmetric meas error ±1.0 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error.
		Maximum Power: Assume asymmetric meas error -1.0 dB / 0.7 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error, and +0.7 dB for upper limit
2.42.7	PRACH timing error ±0.5 chips	0.4.15
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio
8.4.4 E-TFC restriction in UE		
8.4.4.1 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	$oxed{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio
	$I_{or}$ ±0.7 dB	
	DPCCH code domain absolute power measurement uncertainty ±0.9 dB	Absolute power uncertainty (all codes together) ±0.7dB, relative code domain power uncertainty ±0.5dB,
		These are uncorrelated so can be combined RSS.
0.4.4.0.0 TTLE DOUG TEO.		Overall error is $(0.5^2 + 0.7^2)^{0.5}$ = 0.9 dB,
8.4.4.2 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio
	$I_{or}$ ±0.7 dB	
	DPCCH code domain absolute power measurement uncertainty ±0.9 dB	Same as 8.4.4.1
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	$I_{or}$ ±1.0 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in
	$I_{or1}/I_{or2}$ ±0.3 dB	DPCH_Ec ratio
	$\frac{DPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB uncertainty in lor1/lor2
		based on power meter measurement after the
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	combiner
	Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.5 chips	The absolute error of the lor is
	Tx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.25 chips	specified as 1.0 dB.
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures 8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements		
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in	During T1/T4 and T2/T3:	
AWGN propagation conditions (R99)	CPICH E	
	$\frac{1}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	During T1/T4 only:	
	Already covered above	
	During T2/T3 only:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.1A Event triggered reporting in	During T1/T3 and T2:	
AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	$CPICH_E_c$ ±0.1 dB	
	$I_{or}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	During T1/T3 only:	
	Already covered above	
	During T2 only:	
	$I_{\it or}$ (2) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.1 and 8.6.1.1A	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), c	hannel nower ratio, and loc are
	derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with	a coverage factor of k=2.
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n) uncorrelated to each other.	, and channel power ratio are
	c) Across different cells, the channel power i	ratio uncertainties may have any
	amount of positive correlation from zero (und	correlated) to one (fully
	correlated).  d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have	ve any amount of positive
	correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (i	fully correlated).
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of Ior(2),
	An explanation of correlation between uncer	
	behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GP	P 1R 34 902 [24].

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	$\frac{\text{During T0 to T6:}}{CPICH\_E_c} \\ \frac{E}{I_{or}} \\ \text{±0.1 dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	During T1/T2, T3 and T6:	
	$I_{or}$ (3) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	During T3, T4/T5 and T6: $I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions:	
	a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), cl derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [4], with a b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other.	coverage factor of k=2. and channel power ratio are
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated).	correlated) to one (fully
	d) Across different cells, the channel power rany amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	(uncorrelated) to one (fully
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	ully correlated).
8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\text{During T0 to T4:}}{CPICH \_E_c} \\ \frac{E_{or}}{I_{or}} \\ \text{$\pm 0.1$ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	During T1, T2 and T4: $I_{or}$ (3) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	During T2, T3 and T4:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
9.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of two	Assumptions: Same as 8.6.1.2	
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{During T0 to T5:}} \\ \underline{CPICH}\_\underline{E}_c \\ \underline{I_{or}} \end{array} \qquad \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	During T1, T2/T3, T4 and T5: $I_{or}$ (3) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	During T2/T3, T4 and T5:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\text{During T0 to T4:}}{CPICH \_E_c} \\ \frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \\ \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or} \text{ (1)} \\ \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} \\ \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	
	During T1, T2, T3 and T4: $I_{or}$ (3) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	During T2, T3 and T4: $I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions:	
	a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for loratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) achave any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2, 3), are uncorrelated to each other.	
	An explanation of correlation between u rationale behind the assumptions, is rec [24].	
8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\text{During T1 and T2:}}{CPICH \_E_c} \\ \frac{E_{or}}{I_{or}} \\ \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	
	During T1 and T2:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty	
8.6.1.4A	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2. b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other.		
	c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties may have a amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).		
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f		
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of lor(2),	
8.6.1.5 Event triggered reporting of	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF During T1 and T2:		
multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$		
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB		
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB		
	During T1 and T2: $I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB		
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), cl derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [4], with a		
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other.	and channel power ratio are	
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across amount of positive correlation from zero (unc correlated).		
	d) Across different cells, the channel power rany amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).		
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f		
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of lor(2), are	
O.C.A.C. Franch triangue de ser estima e f	An explanation of correlation between uncertable behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF		
8.6.1.6 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition	$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{During T1 and T2:}}}{CPICH \_E_c} \\ \underline{I_{or}} \end{array}  \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$		
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB		
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB		
	During T1 and T2:		
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [4], with a coverage factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across different cells may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).	
	d) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the relative uncertainty of lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	
	An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rationale behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].	
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in	Channel 1 during T0, T1 and T2:	
AWGN propagation condition (Release 5	-	
and earlier)	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I}$ ±0.1 dB	
	$I_{or}$ $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB	
	Channel 1 during T2:	
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T0, T1 and T2:	
	<i>I<sub>oc</sub></i> ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$I_{or}$ (3) ±0.7 dB	
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \text{±0.1 dB}$	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(I loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-factor of k=2.	
	<ul> <li>b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other.</li> <li>c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties may amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated one (fully correlated)</li> </ul>	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	I the relative uncertainty of
	f) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) at amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	g) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) and loc(2) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).  An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rationale behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].	
8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Release 6 and later)	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition (Release 5 only)	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1 and T2:}}{CPICH\_E_c} \\ \frac{\text{constant}}{I_{or}} \\ \text{ $\pm 0.1$ dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) $\pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc}$ (1) $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1 and T2:}}{I_{oc}\left(2\right)\qquad \qquad \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}}$	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{CPICH \_E_c} \\ \frac{E_{or}}{I_{or}} \\ \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I<sub>or</sub></i> (2) ±0.7 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for loratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) nositive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rationale behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].	
8.6.2.2A Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition (Release 6 and later)	Same as 8.6.2.2	Same as 8.6.2.2
8.6.2.3 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition using TGL1=14	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1 and T2:}}{\text{CPICH }\_E_c} \qquad \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (1) $\pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc}$ (1) $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	
	$\frac{ \frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{CPICH \_E_c}}{I_{or}} \qquad \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$	
	$I_{or}$ (2) ±0.7 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-factor of k=2.	
	<ul><li>b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel powratio are uncorrelated to each other.</li><li>c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelate one (fully correlated).</li></ul>	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) and lor(2) may have amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to or correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
8.6.3 TDD measurements		
8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	TBD	
8.6.4 GSM Measurement		
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
Condition	I <sub>oc</sub> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB	based on power meter
		measurement after the
	$\frac{CPICH_{-}E_{c}}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	combiner
		0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.6.5 Combined Interfrequency and GSM		
measurements		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.5.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Channel 1 during T0 to T5:	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
7. W GIV propagation container	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	$I_{or}$ (1) ±0.7 dB $I_{oc}$ (1) ±1.0 dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	Channel 1 during T2 to T5:	The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
	$I_{or}$ (2) relative to $I_{or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB $\frac{\rm Channel\ 2\ during\ T0\ to\ T5:}{I_{oc}}$ (2) ±1.0 dB	The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2 to T5:}}{\text{CPICH }\_E_c} \\ \frac{\text{C}}{I_{or}} \\ \text{\pm 0.1 dB}$ $I_{or} \text{(2)} \\ \text{\pm 0.7 dB}$	
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB <u>GSM during T4/T5</u> $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB RXLEV ±1.0 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for loratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) repositive correlation from zero (uncorrelation)	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI	
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements		
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP		
8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $CPICH_{-}E_{c}$	Same as 8.2.2.1
	$I_{or}$ ±0.1 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.3 dB $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB For multi-band UE with Band I and VI $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.5 dB for	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/Io		
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	$I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.3 dB $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB For multi-band UE with Band I and VI $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.5 dB for	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.7.3.1 UTRA Carrier RSSI, absolute measurement accuracy	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.3 dB For multi-band UE with Band I and VI $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}$ ±0.5 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  0.3 dB or 0.5dB uncertainty in loc1/loc2 based on power meter measurement after the combiner  The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.3.2 UTRA Carrier RSSI, relative measurement accuracy	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $I_{oc2}/I_{oc3}$ ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  0.3 dB uncertainty in loc2/loc3 based on power meter measurement after the combiner  The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in
	$I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.5 dB	CPICH_Ec ratio
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	$\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ RXLEV $\qquad \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	RXLEV1/RXLEV2 ±1.4 dB	0.5 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The relative accuracy of RXLEV1 to RXLEV2 is specified to be 1.4 dB (RMS of individual uncertainties) when BCCHs are on the same or on different RF channel within the same frequency band
		The relative accuracy of RXLEV1 to RXLEV2 is specified to be 1.4 dB (RMS of individual uncertainties) when BCCHs are on different frequency band
8.7.3C UE Transmitted power (R99 and Rel-4 only)	Mean power measurement ±0,7 dB	Downlink parameters are unimportant.
8.7.3D UE Transmitted power (Rel-5 and later)	Mean power measurement ±0,7 dB	Downlink parameters are unimportant.
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference	1 ^ /	
8.7.4.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$I_{oc}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-CFN observed time difference: ±0.5 chips	0.3 dB uncertainty in $I_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurements accuracy	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
document	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-CFN observed time difference: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
difference type 1	$I_{oc}$ $\pm 1.0~{\rm dB}$ Actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1: $\pm 0.5~{\rm chips}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference (Release 5 and earlier)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.5 chip	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.7.6.1A UE Rx-Tx time difference (Release 6 and later)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.5 chip	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD	, we can be opposited as the ab.
8.7.9 UE Transmission Power Headroom	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio
	Overall UL absolute power measurement uncertainty ±0.7 dB  DPCCH code domain absolute power measurement uncertainty ±0.8 dB	Absolute power uncertainty (all codes together) ±0.7dB, relative code domain power uncertainty ±0.3dB,  These are uncorrelated so can be combined RSS.
		Overall error is $(0.3^2 + 0.7^2)^{0.5}$ = 0.8 dB,

#### F.1.6 Performance requirement (HSDPA)

Table F.1.6: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements (HSDPA)

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
9.2.1A to 9.2.1I Single Link Performance	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio  Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2)$
9.2.2A to 9.2.2D Open loop diversity performance	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.8 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	$+ 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6  \mathrm{dB}$ Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output  In addition the same $\pm 0.3  \mathrm{dB}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB. Round up to 0.8 dB
9.2.3A to 9.2.3D Closed loop diversity	Same as 9.2.2A	Same as 9.2.2A
9.3.1 Single Link Performance - AWGN propagation conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio  0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ based on power meter measurement after the combiner  Overall error is the sum of the $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error and the DPCH_Ec/lor ratio but is not RSS for simplicity. The absolute error of the AWGN loc is not important for any tests in clause 7 but is specified as 1.0 dB.

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
9.3.2 Single Link Performance - Fading propagation conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio  Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2+0.3^2)^{0.5}=0.6$ dB
9.3.3 Open Loop Diversity Performance - AWGN propagation conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.5 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ for each antenna output based on power meter measurement after the combiner  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.3^2+0.3^2)^{0.5}=0.424$ dB. Round up to 0.5 dB
9.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance - Fading propagation conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.8 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2+0.5^2+0.3^2)^{0.5}=0.768$ dB. Round up to $0.8$ dB
9.3.5 Closed Loop Diversity Performance - AWGN propagation conditions	Same as 9.3.3	
9.3.6 Closed Loop Diversity Performance - Fading propagation conditions 9.4.1 Single link Performance	Same as 9.3.4 $\widehat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \qquad \pm 0.6 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} \qquad \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}} \qquad \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio  Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.  These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.  Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6$ dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
9.4.1A Single link Performance – Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	Same as 9.4.1	Same as 9.4.1
9.4.2 Open loop diversity performance	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.8 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.52 + 0.52 + 0.32) \ 0.5 = 0.768$ dB. Round up to 0.8 dB
9.4.2A Open loop diversity performance – Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	Same as 9.4.2	Same as 9.4.2
9.5.1 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS- DSCH	Same as 9.2.1A	Same as 9.2.1A
9.5.1A HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH, Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	Same as 9.2.1A	Same as 9.2.1A

#### F.1.7 Performance requirement (E-DCH)

Table F.1.7: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements (E-DCH)

Clause		Test System ertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
10.2.1.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio
Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single Link Performance (10 ms TTI)	I <sub>oc</sub> E-HICH_Ec/lor	±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output
			In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ratio error as 7.2.
			These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.
			Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)$ $^{0.5} = 0.6 \text{ dB}$
10.2.1.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio
Link Performance (10 ms TTI,Type 1)	I <sub>oc</sub> E-HICH_Ec/lor	±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output
			In addition the same $\pm 0.3~\mathrm{dB}~\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
			ratio error as 7.2.
			These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.
			Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6 \text{ dB}$
10.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI)	Same as in 10.2	.1.1	Same as 10.2.1.1
10.2.1.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	Same as in 10.2	.1.1	Same as 10.2.1.1
10.2.2.1.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter- Cell handover conditions – RLS not	$egin{array}{c c} \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} \ \hat{I}_{oc}/I_{oc} \end{array}$	±0.6 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ±0.5 dB per output
containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	In addition the same ±0.3 dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
TTI)	$I_{oc}$	±1.0 dB	ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.
	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	Overall error per $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ or
			$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6 \text{ dB}.$
10.2.2.1.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile
Cell handover conditions – RLS not containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	is ±0.5 dB per output In addition the same ±0.3 dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
TTI, Type 1)	$I_{oc}$	±1.0 dB	ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.
	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	Overall error per $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ or
			$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6 \text{ dB}.$

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
10.2.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter- Cell handover conditions – RLS not containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI)	Same as 10.2.2.1.1	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.2.2.1.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS not containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	Same as 10.2.2.1.1	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.2.2.2.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter- Cell handover conditions – RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI)	Same as 10.2.2.1.1	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.2.2.2.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	Same as 10.2.2.1.1	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.2.2.2.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter- Cell handover conditions – RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI)	Same as 10.2.2.1.1	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.2.2.2.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	Same as 10.2.2.1.1	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.3.1.1 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link Performance (10 ms TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB E-RGCH_Ec/lor ±0.1 dB	Same as 10.2.1.1
10.3.1.1A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link Performance (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB E-RGCH_Ec/lor ±0.1 dB	Same as 10.2.1.1
10.3.1.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI)	Same as 10.3.1.1	Same as in 10.2.1.1
10.3.1.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	Same as 10.3.1.1	Same as in 10.2.1.1
10.3.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell Handover conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
10.3.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell Handover conditions (Type 1)	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{E-RGCH\_Ec/lor} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \\ \hat{I}_{or1} \big/ I_{oc} & \pm 0.6 \text{ dB} \\ \hat{I}_{or2} \big/ I_{oc} & \pm 0.6 \text{ dB} \end{array}$	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
	$I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB E-RGCH_Ec/lor ±0.1 dB	
10.4.1 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) Single Link Performance	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $I_{oc}$ ±1.0 dB E-AGCH_Ec/lor ±0.1 dB	Same as 10.2.1.1

Clause		Test System rtainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
10.4.1A Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) Single	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	±0.6 dB	Same as 10.2.1.1
Link Performance (Type 1)	$I_{oc}$	±1.0 dB	
	E-AGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	

## F.1.8 Performance requirement (MBMS)

Table F.1.8: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements (MBMS)

Clause	Maximum Test Sys Uncertainty	tem Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
11.2 Demodulation of MTCH	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor $\pm 0.1$ c $I_{oc}$ $\pm 1.0$ dB	
	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB	ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2)^{0.5}=1.0$ dB, but per output $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ , $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ or $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ the error is $(0.5^2+0.3^2)^{0.5}=0.6$ dB.
11.2A Demodulation of MTCH - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor $\pm 0.1$ c $I_{oc}$ $\pm 1.0$ dB	dB 0.1 dB uncertainty in S-CCPCH_Ec/lor ratio Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is $\pm 0.5$ dB per output.  In addition the same $\pm 0.3$ dB $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB	ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2)^{0.5}=1.0$ dB, but per output $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ , $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ or $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ the error is $(0.5^2+0.3^2)^{0.5}=0.6$ dB.
11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor $\pm 0.1$ dB	
	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ ±0.6 dB	ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ is $(0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2+0.5^2)^{0.5}=1.0$ dB, but per output $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ , $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ or $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ the error is $(0.5^2+0.3^2)^{0.5}=0.6$ dB.

## F.2 Test Tolerances (This clause is informative)

The Test Tolerances defined in this clause have been used to relax the Minimum Requirements in the present document to derive the Test Requirements.

The Test Tolerances are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Tolerances may sometimes be set to zero.

The test tolerances should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.).

#### F.2.1 Transmitter

Table F.2.1: Test Tolerances for transmitter tests.

Clause	Test Tolerance
5.2 Maximum Output Power	0.7 dB
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-	0.7 dB
DPCCH (Release 5 only)	
5.2AA Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH (Release 6 and later)	0.7 dB
5.2B Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH and E-DCH	0.7 dB
5.2C UE relative code domain power accuracy	For 0 dB ≥ -10 dB CDP 0.2 dB For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP 0.3 dB For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP 0.4 dB
5.2D UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	For 0 dB ≥ -10 dB CDP 0.2 dB For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP 0.3 dB For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP 0.4 dB
5.3 Frequency error	10 Hz
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	1.0 dB
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	0.1 dB (1 dB and 0 dB range) 0.15 dB (2 dB range) 0.2 dB (3 dB range 0.3 dB (> 3 dB range))
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	1.0 dB
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of	0.4 dB
output power: $\frac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: transmit ON/OFF time	0 ms
5.5.1 Transmit OFF power	1.0 dB
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	On power +0.7 dB / -1.0 dB
	Off power TT 1.0 dB
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	0.3 dB
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	See subset of 5.4.2
5.7A HS-DPCCH	0.1 dB (1 dB and 0 dB range) 0.15 dB (2 dB range) 0.2 dB (3 dB range) 0.3 dB (> 3 dB range)
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	0 kHz
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II, Band IV, Band V and Band X only)
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II, Band IV, Band V and Band X only)
5.9B Spectrum emission mask with E-DCH	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II, Band IV and Band V only)
5.10 ACLR	0.8 dB for ratio 0.0 dB for absolute power
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	0.8 dB for ratio 0.0 dB for absolute power

Clause	Test Tolerance
5.10B ACLR with E-DCH	0.8 dB for ratio
	0.0 dB for absolute power
5.11 Spurious emissions	0 dB
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	0 dB
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	0%
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with	0%
HS-DPCCH	
5.13.1AA Transmit modulation: EVM and	0% EVM
phase discontinuity with HS-DPCCH	6 degress phase discontinuity
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code	1.0 dB
domain error	
5.13.2A Relative Code Domain Error	±0.5 dB
5.13.2B Relative Code Domain Error with	±0.5 dB
HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity	0% for EVM
	10 Hz for Frequency error
	6 degree for Phase discontinuity
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	0%
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality	10 Hz
(Frequency error)	

## F.2.2 Receiver

Table F.2.2: Test Tolerances for receiver tests.

Clause	Test Tolerance
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	0.7 dB
6.3 Maximum input level:	0.7 dB for lor
6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-	0.7 dB for lor
PDSCH Reception (16QAM)	
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity (Rel-99	0 dB
and Rel-4)	
6.4A Adjacent channel selectivity (Rel-5	0 dB
and later releases)	
6.5 Blocking characteristics	0 dB
6.6 Spurious Response	0 dB
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	0 dB
6.8 Spurious emissions	0 dB

# F.2.3 Performance requirements

**Table F.2.3: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements.** 

Clause	Test Tolerance
7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
Condition	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
Fading Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{ac}/I_{ac}$
Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}$
Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.5A Demodulation of DCH in high speed	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
train conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open loop	0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
Transmit diversity mode	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed	0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}$
loop Transmit diversity mode	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site	0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{ac}/I_{ac}$
selection diversity Transmission power	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
control mode 7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft	
Handover conditions (Release 5 and	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
earlier)	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.1A Demodulation in inter-cell soft	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
Handover conditions (Release 6 and later)	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	0 dB for lor1, lor2
1	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different	Test parameters:
radio link sets	0 dB for $\hat{I}_{ort}/I_{oc}$
	0 dB for $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
	0 dB for $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec1/lor1
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec2/lor2
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec3/lor3
	Test requirements:
	0 dB for Test 1
	0 dB for Test 2
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant BLER target (Release 5 and earlier)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
BEEN larger (Nelease 5 and earlier)	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
	For test cases wherein the SS response time to DL power
	control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the
	immediate response the following $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ test
	tolerances apply:
	Test 1: 0.4 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$
	Test 2: 0.3 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I}$
	lest 2: 0.3 dB for $$
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Clause	Test Tolerance		
7.8.1A Power control in downlink constant	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
BLER target (Release 6 and later)	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial	0.6 dB for measured DPCH_Ec/lor power ratio values		
convergence (Release 5 and earlier)	during T1 and T2.		
	When the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response the following measured DPCH_Ec/lor power ratio value test tolerance applies:  Test 1, 2, 3 and 4: 0.8 dB (= rounded 0.75 dB)		
7.8.3A, Power control in downlink: wind up effects (Release 6 and later)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
. , ,	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
effects	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
	For test cases wherein the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response the following $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ test		
	tolerance applies:		
	Test 1: 0.4 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$		
7.8.4, Power control in the downlink,	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
different transport formats	0.6 dB for $I_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
	For test cases where the SS response time to DL power control commands is delayed by one timeslot from the immediate response the following $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ test tolerances apply: Test 1 stage 1: 0.3 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ Test 1 stage 2: 0.2 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$		
7.8.5, Power control in the downlink for F-	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
DPCH	0.1 dB for F-DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.9.1 Downlink compressed mode	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
(Release 5 and earlier)	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.9.1A Downlink compressed mode	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{ac}/I_{ac}$		
(Release 6 and later)	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.10 Blind transport format detection	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
Tests 1, 2, 3	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.10 Blind transport format detection	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
Tests 4, 5, 6	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor		
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel	Test 1: 0.4 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
(PCH)	Test 2: 0.7 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	0.4 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$		

## F.2.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.2.4: Test Tolerances for Radio Resource Management Tests

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks	
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection 8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	During T1 and T2:
o.z.z.i Scenario i. Single camer case	During T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 1 and 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.50 dB for all Cell 3, 4,5, 6 Ec/lor ratios +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)
	<u>During T1:</u> -0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)
	<u>During T2:</u> +0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Channel 1 during T1 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios -0.80 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 1 during T1: -0.01 dB for lor(1) -0.01 dB for lor(3, 4) No change for loc(1)
	Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.80 dB for loc(1)
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.80 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.80 dB for loc(2)
	Channel 2 during T2: -0.01 dB for lor(2) -0.01 dB for lor(5, 6) No change for loc(2)
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection 8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	^ /
6.2.3.1 Scenario 1. Botti OTKA and GSivillevel Changed	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	1.0 dB for RXLEV
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.2.3.3 Scenario 3: HCS with only UTRA level changed	1.0 dB for RXLEV
o.z.s.s scenario s. nos with only of KA level thanged	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection	1.0 dB for RXLEV
0.2.71 DD Cell 16-3616CliOH	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/Ior ratios Relative delay: {-147.5 +147.5} chips
	<u>During T0/T1:</u> Already covered above
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	During T1 and T2 / T3: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1: Already covered above
9.2.2.2 Handover to inter frequency cell	During T2 / T3: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3: +0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T1: Not applicable
	Channel 2 during T2 / T3: +0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	TBD
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover form UTRAN FDD to GSM	During T2 and T3: + 1 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH	
8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	During T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 1 and 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.50 dB for all Cell 3, 4, 5, 6 Ec/lor ratios +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)
	During T1: -0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)
	<u>During T2:</u> +0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
0.0.0.2 Two frequentions present in the heighbour list	+0.60 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	-0.70 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratios
	on o ab for all coll o and i bollor ratios
	Channel 1 during T1:
	+0.05 dB for lor(1)
	+0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)
	No change for loc(1)
	Channel 1 during T2:
	+0.75 dB for lor(1)
	-0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)
	-1.60 dB for loc(1)
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	+0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	-0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios
	-0.70 db for all cell 5 and 6 Ec/for fallos
	Channel 2 during T1:
	+0.75 dB for lor(2)
	-0.05 dB for lor(5, 6)
	-1.60 dB for loc(2)
	<u> </u>
	Channel 2 during T2:
	+0.05 dB for lor(2)
	+0.05 dB for lor(5, 6)
	No change for loc(2)
0.0500	
8.3.5.3 Cell Re-selection to GSM	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	0.1 dB for CPICH_EC/for
	1.0 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5.4 Cell Reselection during an MBMS session, one frequency	Channel 1 during T2 and T3:
present in neighbour list	+1.00 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 1 during T3:
	-1.52 dB for loc(1)
	Channel 2 during T1, T2 and T3:
	+1.00 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	Charmal 2 during T2
	Channel 2 during T2:
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH	-1.38 dB for loc(2)
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.6.3 Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN	Channel 1 during T2:
inter-frequency and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list	+1.00 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	+1.00 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T2:
	-1.50 dB for loc(2)
	Channal 2 during T2:
	Channel 2 during T3: -0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	_ , _
	-0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	GSM during T2:
	-1.0 dB for RXLEV1
	-1.0 dB for RXLEV2
	GSM during T3:
	+1.0 dB for RXLEV1

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH	103t Foldrande
8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.8 Serving HS-DSCH cell change	During T0/T1/T2/T3/T4: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios Relative delay: {-147.5 +147.5} chips During T0 Already covered above
	During T1/T2/T3/T4 +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.4 RRC Connection Control	
8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	Settings: 0 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0 dB for any_Ec/lor Zero TT is applied, as level settings are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.
8.4.2 Random Access	Settings:
	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0.1 dB for AICH_Ec/lor Measurements: Power difference: $\pm$ 1dB Maximum Power: -1dB / +0.7dB
0.4.2 Transport format combination calcution in LIE	PRACH timing error 0.5 chips
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE 8.4.4 E-TFC restriction in UE	0 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
8.4.4.1 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	0.1 dB for Ec/lor
	0.7 dB for Îor
8.4.4.2 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	0.1 dB for Ec/lor 0.7 dB for Îor
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics	
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 1 dB for Îor1 1.3 dB for Îor2 0.5 chips for Rx-Tx timing accuracy 0.25 chips for Tx-Tx Timing Accuracy
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures	0.20 onipo for TX-TX Tilling Accuracy
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements	
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)	During T1/T4 and T2/T3: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1/T4 only: Already covered above  During T2/T3 only: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.1A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	During T1/T3 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1/T3 only: Already covered above  During T2 only: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	During T0 to T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	During T0 to T4: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in	During T0 to T5:
AWGN propagation condition (R99)	+0.40 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.40 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.40 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in	During T0 to T4:
AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	+0.40 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.40 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.40 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation	During T1:
condition (Rel-4 and later)	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.30 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	During T2:
	+0.30 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.5 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in	During T1 and T2:
Case 1 fading condition	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.6 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in	During T1 and T2:
Case 3 fading condition	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
9.6.2 EDD inter frequency magaziromente	+0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	During T0 to T2:
condition (Release 5 and earlier)	+0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
deficition (Release 5 and earlier)	+0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.80 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2.1A Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	During T0 to T2:
condition (Release 6 and later)	+0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.80 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation	During T1 and T2:
condition (Release 5 only)	+0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
0.000 A Correct reporting of pointh over in Foding proportion	+0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2.2A Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition (Release 6 and later)	During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
Condition (Release o and later)	+0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2.3 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation	During T1 and T2:
condition using TGL1=14	+0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
3	+0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.3 TDD measurements	
8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation	TBD
condition	
8.6.4 GSM measurements	
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	During T2:
propagation condition	+ 1 dB for RXLEV
	During T3:
	During T3: -1 dB for RXLEV
8.6.5 Combined Inter frequency and GSM measurements	I GD TOT TAKEE V
8.6.5.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	_During T0 to T5:
condition	+0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	During T4 to T5:
	+ 1 dB for RXLEV
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements	
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP	
8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for loc
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Clause	Test Tolerance
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
	1.0 dB for loc
	For multi-band UE with Band I and VI 0.5 dB for loc1/loc2
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo	0.5 dB 101 10C1/10C2
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
	1.0 dB for loc
	For multi-band UE with Band I and VI 0.5 dB for loc1/loc2
8.7.3.1 UTRA Carrier RSSI, absolute measurement accuracy	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
	1.0 dB for loc For multi-band UE with Band I and VI
	0.5 dB for loc1/loc2
8.7.3.2 UTRA Carrier RSSI, relative measurement accuracy	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	1.0 dB for loc
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	TT for test parameters
	GSM cell levels:
	Step 1: -1 dB
	Step 2: -1 dB
	Step 3: -1 dB Step 4:+1 dB
	Relative accuracy requirements: a, b, c and d values in minimum requirements are
	increased by 2 dB i.e.,
	For $x1 \ge s+14$ , $x2 < -48$ dBm:
	a=4, b=4, c=6, d=6
	For s+14 > x1 ≥ s+1
	a=5, b=4, c=7, d=6
	For s+1 > x1
	a=6, b=4, c=8, d=6
	Absolute accuracy requirements: original
	minimum requirements are increased by ±1
8.7.3B Transport channel BLER	dB TBD
8.7.3C UE Transmitted power (R99 and Rel-4 only)	0.7 dB for mean power measurement by
0.7.00 UE Tenereitte de eure (D. 1.5	test system
8.7.3D UE Transmitted power (Rel-5 and later)	0.7 dB for mean power measurement by test system
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	1.0 dB for loc
	±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-CFN
	observed time difference

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	1.0 dB for loc
	±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1
8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference (Release 5 and earlier)	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	1.0 dB for loc
	0.5 chip for Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy
8.7.6.1A UE Rx-Tx time difference (Release 6 and later)	0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	1.0 dB for loc
	0.5 chip for Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy
8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell	TBD
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD
8.7.9 UE Transmission Power Headroom	0.8 dB for UPH reporting accuracy

## F.2.5 Performance requirements (HSDPA)

Table F.2.5: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements (HSDPA).

Clause	Test Tolerance
9.2.1A to 9.2.1I Single Link Performance	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for Ec/lor
9.2.2A to 9.2.2D Open loop diversity	0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
performance	0.1 dB for Ec/lor
9.2.3A to 9.2.3D Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2A
9.3.1 Single Link Performance - AWGN propagation conditions	No test tolerances applied
9.3.2 Single Link Performance - Fading propagation conditions	No test tolerances applied
9.3.3 Open Loop Diversity Performance - AWGN propagation conditions	No test tolerances applied
9.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance - Fading propagation conditions	No test tolerances applied
9.3.5 Closed Loop Diversity Performance - AWGN propagation conditions	No test tolerances applied
9.3.6 Closed Loop Diversity Performance - Fading propagation conditions	No test tolerances applied
9.4.1 Single Link Performance	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for P-CPICH_Ec/lor and HS-SCCH_Ec/lor
9.4.1A Single Link Performance - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	Same as 9.4.1
9.4.2 Open loop diversity performance	0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for P-CPICH_Ec/lor and HS-SCCH_Ec/lor
9.4.2A Open loop diversity performance – Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	Same as 9.4.2
9.5.1 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH	Same as 9.2.1A
9.5.1A HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH, Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	Same as 9.2.1A

#### F.2.6 Performance requirements (E-DCH)

Table F.2.6: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements (E-DCH)

Clause	Test Tolerance
10.2.1.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
HICH) Single Link Performance (10 ms)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.1.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
(E-HICH) Single Link Performance (10 ms, Type 1)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
HICH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.1.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
(E-HICH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	01 1 00
10.2.2.1.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor   0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
(E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS not	
containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.2.1.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS not	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
(E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS not	,
containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI)  10.2.2.1.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
(E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS not	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.2.2.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
(E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.2.2.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	l
(E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS containing	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.2.2.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS containing	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI)	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
10.2.2.2.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
(E-HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions – RLS containing	,
the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI, Type 1) 10.3.1.1 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-	0.1 dB for E-HICH_Ec/lor
RGCH) Single Link Performance (10 ms TTI)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
10.3.1.1A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-	0.1 dB for E-RGCH_Ec/lor
RGCH) Single Link Performance (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for E-RGCH_Ec/lor
10.3.1.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
1 1	0.1 dB for E-RGCH_Ec/lor
10.3.1.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
	0.1 dB for E-RGCH_Ec/lor
10.3.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell Handover conditions	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
III IIIter-Cell Halidover Conditions	0.1 dB for E-RGCH_Ec/lor
10.3.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$
in Inter-Cell Handover conditions (Type 1)	,
10.4.1 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-	0.1 dB for E-RGCH_Ec/lor
AGCH) Single Link Performance	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
· · ·	0.1 dB for E-AGCH_Ec/lor
10.4.1A Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) Single Link Performance (Type 1)	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$
(Type 1)	0.1 dB for E-AGCH_Ec/lor

#### F.2.7 Performance requirements (MBMS)

Table F.2.7: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements (MBMS).

Clause	Test Tolerance
11.2 Demodulation of MTCH	0.1 dB for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor
	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ , $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ .
11.2A Demodulation of MTCH - Enhanced Performance	0.1 dB for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor
Requirements Type 1	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ , $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ .
11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification	0.1 dB for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor
	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ , $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$

## F.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared – without any modification – against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ETR 273-1-2 clause 6.5.

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in clause F.1 of the present document.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in clause F.1, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made value as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in clause F.1 shall be used to tighten the Test Requirement – making the test harder to pass. (For some tests e.g. receiver tests, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a Test System not compliant with clause F.1does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with clause F.1 had been used.

For some of the more complex tests e.g. RRM, deriving the overall test system uncertainty is not straightforward. In such cases the derivation is given in TR 34.902 [24] rather than in subclause F.1. If it is deemed necessary to apply the additional test system uncertainty rules to these tests, the formula for deriving the new overall uncertainty from any excess fundamental test system uncertainties, shall use the formulas provided in 34.902.

# F.4 Derivation of Test Requirements (This clause is informative)

The Test Requirements in the present document have been calculated by relaxing the Minimum Requirements of the core specification using the Test Tolerances defined in clause F.2. When the Test Tolerance is zero, the Test Requirement will be the same as the Minimum Requirement. When the Test Tolerance is non-zero, the Test Requirements will differ from the Minimum Requirements, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in table F.4.

#### F.4.1 Transmitter

**Table F.4.1: Derivation of Test Requirements (Transmitter tests)** 

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.2 Maximum Output Power	Power class 1 (33 dBm) Tolerance = +1/-3 dB Power class 2 (27 dBm) Tolerance = +1/-3 dB Power class 3 (24 dBm) Tolerance = +1/-3 dB Power class 4 (21 dBm) Tolerance = ±2 dB	0.7 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH (Release 5 only)	For Power class 3: Power class 3 (24 dBm) Tolerance = +1/-3 dB Power class 3 (23 dBm) Tolerance = +2/-3 dB Power class 3 (22 dBm) Tolerance = +3/-3 dB For Power class 4: Power class 4 (21 dBm) Tolerance = ±2 dB Power class 4 (20 dBm) Tolerance = +3/-2 dB Power class 4 (19 dBm) Tolerance = +4/-2 dB	0.7 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.2AA Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH (Release 6 and later)	For Power class 3:    Sub-test 1: Power class 3 (24 dBm)    Tolerance = +1/-3 dB    Sub-test 2: Power class 3 (24 dBm)    Tolerance = +1/-3 dB    Sub-test 3: Power class 3 (23.5 dBm)    Tolerance = +1.5/-3 dB    Sub-test 4: Power class 3 (23.5 dBm)    Tolerance = +1.5/-3 dB    For Power class 4:     Sub-test 1: Power class 4 (21 dBm)    Tolerance = ±2 dB    Sub-test 2: Power class 4 (21 dBm)    Tolerance = ±2 dB    Sub-test 3: Power class 4 (20.5 dBm)    Tolerance = +2.5/-2 dB    Sub-test 4: Power class 4 (20.5 dBm)    Tolerance = +2.5/-2 dB	0.7 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS	Test	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	25.101	Tolerance (TT)	700t (toquilollolle ili 10 04/12)
5.2B Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	For Power class 3:     Sub-test 1: Power class 3 (24 dBm)     Tolerance = +1/-3     Sub-test 2: Power class 3 (22 dBm)     Tolerance = +3/-3     Sub-test 3: Power class 3 (23 dBm)     Tolerance = +2/-3     Sub-test 4: Power class 3 (22 dBm)     Tolerance = +1/-3     Sub-test 5: Power class 3 (24 dBm)     Tolerance = +1/-3     For Power class 4:     Sub-test 1: Power class 4 (21 dBm)     Tolerance = ±2 dB     Sub-test 2: Power class 4 (19 dBm)     Tolerance = +4/-2 dB     Sub-test 3: Power class 4 (20 dBm)     Tolerance = +3/-2 dB     Sub-test 4: Power class 4 (19 dBm)     Tolerance = +4/-2 dB     Sub-test 5: Power class 4 (21 dBm)     Tolerance = ±2 dB	0.7 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT
5.2C UE relative code domain power accuracy	For 0 dB $\geq$ -10 dB CDP $\pm$ 1.5 dB For -10 dB $\geq$ -15 dB CDP $\pm$ 2.0 dB For -15 dB $\geq$ -20 dB CDP $\pm$ 2.5 dB	For 0 dB ≥ - 10 dB CDP 0.2 dB For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP 0.3 dB For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP 0.4 dB	Formula: UE relative CDP accuray + TT  For 0 dB $\geq$ -10 dB CDP $\pm$ 1.7 dB  For -10 dB $\geq$ -15 dB CDP $\pm$ 2.3 dB  For -15 dB $\geq$ -20 dB CDP $\pm$ 2.9 dB
5.2D UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	For 0 dB ≥ -10 dB CDP ±1.5 dB For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP ± 2.0 dB For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP ± 2.5 dB	For 0 dB ≥ - 10 dB CDP 0.2 dB For -10 dB ≥ -15 dB CDP 0.3 dB For -15 dB ≥ -20 dB CDP 0.4 dB	Formula: UE relative CDP accuracy + TT  For 0 dB $\geq$ -10 dB CDP $\pm$ 1.7 dB  For -10 dB $\geq$ -15 dB CDP $\pm$ 2.3 dB  For -15 dB $\geq$ -20 dB CDP $\pm$ 2.9 dB

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.3 Frequency Error	The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ±0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.		Formula: modulated carrier frequency error + TT  modulated carrier frequency error = ±(0.1 ppm + 10 Hz).
5.4.1 Open loop power control in the uplink	Open loop power control tolerance ±9 dB (Normal)  Open loop power control tolerance ±12 dB (Extreme)	1.0 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in uplink	See table 5.4.2.1 and 5.4.2.2	0.1dB 0.15 dB 0.2 dB 0.3 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT (Lower) Minimum Requirement - TT
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	UE minimum transmit power shall be less than –50 dBm	1.0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT  UE minimum transmit power = -49 dBm
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power:	$\frac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ levels}$ $\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}}$ AB: -22 dB BD: -28 dB DE: -24 dB EF: -18 dB transmit ON/OFF time 200ms $\frac{DPDCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} - 60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	$0.4  \mathrm{dB}$ for $\frac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0 ms for timing measurement	Formulas: Minimum Requirement between A and B + TT Minimum Requirement between B and D - TT Minimum Requirement between D and E - TT Minimum Requirement between E and F + TT transmit ON/OFF time Minimum Requirement + TT timing $\frac{DPDCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -1 \text{ dB}$
			Uncertainty of OFF power measurement is handled by Transmit OFF power test and uncertainty of ON power measurement is handled by Minimum output power test.

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS	Test	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	25.101	Tolerance (TT)	-
5.5.1 Transmit OFF power (static case)	Transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm	1.0 dB	Formula: Transmit OFF power Minimum Requirement + TT
			Transmit OFF power = -55dBm.
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	Transmit ON power shall be the target value as defined in clause 5.5.2.2 Transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm	On power upper TT = 0.7 dB On power lower TT = 1.0 dB Off power TT = 1.0 dB	Formula for transmit ON power: (Upper) Minimum Requirement (Transmit ON power) + On power upper TT  (Lower) Minimum Requirement (Transmit ON power) - On power lower TT  To calculate Transmit ON power target value range take the nominal TX power range from Table 5.5.2.3 then apply table 5.4.1.1 open limits then apply
			table 5.7.1 (only if there has been a transmission gap) then cap the upper value using table 5.2.1.  Formula for transmit OFF power: Transmit OFF power Minimum Requirement + Off power TT  Transmit OFF power = -55 dBm
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	TFC step size = 7dB (Up or Down) Tolerance=±2dB	0.3 dB	For the nominal -7dB step: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT = -4.7 dB (Lower) Minimum Requirement - TT = -9.3 dB  For the nominal +7dB step: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT = +9.3 dB (Lower) Minmum Requirement - TT = +4.7 dB
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode	See tables 5.7.2 and 5.7.3	Subset of 5.4.2	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT (Lower) Minimum Requirement – TT
5.7A HS-DPCCH	See table 5.7A.1 and 5.7A.2	0.1 dB 0.15 dB 0.2 dB 0.3 dB	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT (Lower) Minimum Requirement – TT
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.	0 kHz	Formula: occupied channel bandwidth Minimum Requirement + TT  occupied channel bandwidth = 5.0  MHz
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher. This is expressed as the equivalent power in the measurement band-width used at each offset.	1.5 dB	Formula: Minimum requirement + TT Lower limit Minimum Requirement + TT Add 1.5 to Minimum requirement entries in TS25.101 Table 6.10. Zero test tolerance is applied for Additional requirements for Band II, Band IV Band V and Band X due to FCC regulatory requirements. The lower limit shall be -48.5 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher.

Test	Minimum Require 25.101	ment in TS	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	n TS 34.121
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH	Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher.		1.5 dB	Formula: Minimum requi Lower limit Minimum Red TT Add 1.5 to Minimum requi entries in TS25.101 Tabl Zero test tolerance is ap Additional requirements Band IV, Band V and Ba FCC regulatory requirem The lower limit shall be - 3.84 MHz or which ever	quirement + uirement le 6.10. plied for for Band II, nd X due to nents48.5 dBm / is higher.
5.9B Spectrum emission mask with E-DCH	Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher.		1.5 dB	Formula: Lower limit Min Requirement + TT  Add 1.5 to Minimum requentries in TS25.101 Table Zero test tolerance is ap Additional requirements Band IV, Band V and Bate FCC regulatory requirements In It lower limit shall be - 3.84 MHz or which ever	uirement le 6.10. plied for for Band II, nd X due to nents. -48.5 dBm /
5.10 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)	If the adjacent channel power is greater than –50 dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the values specified below.		0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute powe TT	r threshold +
	Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5 MHz, ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MHz or -10 MHz, ACLR limit: 43 dB		0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR Minimun - TT Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -1 limit = 32.2 dB UE channel +10 MHz or ACLR limit = 42.2 dB	5 MHz, ACLR
5.10A Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-	If the adjacent channel power is greater than –50 dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the values specified below.		0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute powe TT	r threshold +
DPCCH	Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5MHz, ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MHz or - 10MHz, ACLR limit: 43 dB		0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR Minimun  – TT  Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -1 Limit: 32.2 dB  UE channel +10 MHz or ACLR Limit: 42.2 dB	5MHz, ACLR
5.10B Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with E-DCH	If the adjacent channel power is greater than –50 dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the values specified below.		0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute powe Minimum Requirement +	
	Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5MHz, ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MHz or - 10MHz, ACLR limit: 43 dB		0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR Minimun Requirement- TT Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -: Limit: 32.2 dB UE channel +10 MHz or ACLR Limit:42.2 dB	5MHz, ACLR -10MHz,
5.11 Spurious Emissions				Formula: Minimum Requ Add zero to all the value Requirements in table 5. 5.11.1b.	s of Minimum
	Frequency Band	Minimum Requirem ent		Frequency Band	Minimum Requirement
	9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	-36dBm /1kHz	0 dB	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	–36dBm /1kHz

Test	Minimum Require 25.101	ment in TS	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	–36dBm /10kHz	0 dB	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	–36dBm /10kHz
	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	–36dBm /100kHz	0 dB	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	–36dBm /100kHz
	1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz	0 dB	1 GHz ≤ f < 2.2 GHz	-30dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	2.2 GHz ≤ f < 4 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	4 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	-30dBm /1MHz
	1893.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	–41dBm /300kHz	0 dB	1893.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	–41dBm /300kHz
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	–67dBm /100kHz	0 dB	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	–67dBm /100kHz
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	–79dBm /100kHz	0 dB	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	–79dBm /100kHz
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	–71dBm /100kHz	0 dB	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	–71dBm /100kHz
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	Intermodulation Product 5MHz -31 dBc 10MHz -41 dBc CW Interferer level = -40 dBc		0 dB	Formula: CW interferer M Requirement– TT/2 Intermod Products limits unchanged. CW interferer level = -40	remain
5.13.1 Transmit	The measured EVM	shall not	0%	Formula: EVM Minimum	
modulation: EVM	exceed 17.5%.			+ TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM Minimum + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	•
5.13.1AA Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	The measured EVM exceed 17.5%.	shall not	0%	Formula: EVM Minimum + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	Requirement
	Phase discontinuity:		[6] degree	Formula: Phase discontin	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	The measured Peak domain error shall n -15 dB.		1.0 dB	Formula: Peak code dom Requirement + TT Peak code domain error	
5.13.2A Relative Code Domain Error	The measured RCD exceed table 5.13.2		0.5 dB	Formula: UE RCDE requ	irement +TT
5.13.2B Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	The measured RCD exceed table 5.13.2	B.1.	0.5 dB	Formula: UE RCDE requ	irement + TT
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity	EVM:The measured not exceed 17.5%.	EVM shall	0%	Formula: EVM Minimum + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	Requirement
	Frequency error: The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within +/-0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.		10 Hz	Formula: modulated carr error + TT modulated carrier freque (0.1 ppm + 10 Hz).	
	Phase discontinuity:		6 degree	Formula: Phase discontin	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM Minimum + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (Frequency error)	The UE modulated of frequency shall be a within +/-0.1 ppm co	ccurate to mpared to	10 Hz	Formula: modulated carr error Minimum Requirem	ent + TT
	the carrier frequency from the Node B.	y received		modulated carrier freque (0.1 ppm + 10 Hz).	ncy error = +/-

#### F.4.2 Receiver

Table F.4.2: Derivation of Test Requirements (Receiver tests)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	for = -106.7 dBm / 3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -117 dBm / 3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001		Formula: Îor Minimum Requirement + TT  DPCH_Ec + TT  BER limit unchanged  Îor = -106 dBm / 3.84 MHz
6.3 Maximum input level	-25 dBm lor -19 dBc DPCH_Ec/lor	0.7 dB	DPCH_Ec = -116.3 dBm / 3.84 MHz Formula: Ior Minimum Requirement -TT Ior = -25.7 dBm
6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)	-25 dBm lor	0.7 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement -TT lor = -25.7 dBm
6.4 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (Rel-99 and Rel-4)	for = -92.7 dBm / 3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -103 dBm / 3.84 MHz loac (modulated) = -52 dBm/3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001	0 dB	Formula: Îor unchanged DPCH_Ec unchanged Ioac Minimum Requirement – TT BER limit unchanged
6.4A Adjacent Channel Selectivity (Rel-5 and later releases)	Case 1:	0 dB	Ioac = -52 dBm/3.84 MHz  Formula: Îor unchanged     DPCH_Ec unchanged     Ioac Minimum Requirement – TT     BER limit unchanged  Case1: Ioac = -52 dBm/3.84 MHz Case2: Ioac = -25 dBm/3.84 MHz
6.5 Blocking Characteristics	dBm/3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001 See Table 6.5.3 and 6.5.4. in TS34.121 BER limit = 0.001	0 dB	Formula: I blocking (modulated) Minimum Requirement - TT (dBm/3.84MHz) I blocking (CW) Minimum Requirement - TT (dBm)
6.6 Spurious Response	Iblocking(CW) –44 dBm Fuw: Spurious response frequencies BER limit = 0.001	0 dB	BER limit unchanged  Formula: I blocking (CW) Minimum Requirement - TT (dBm) Fuw unchanged BER limit unchanged  Iblocking(CW) = -44 dBm
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	louw1 (CW) -46 dBm louw2 (modulated) -46 dBm / 3.84 MHz Fuw1 (offset) 10 MHz Fuw2 (offset) 20 MHz lor = -103.7 dBm/3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -114 dBm/3.84 BER limit = 0.001	0 dB	Formula:     lor Minimum Requirement + TT     DPCH_Ec + TT     louw1 level unchanged     louw2 level unchanged     BER limit unchanged.  lor = -114 dBm  BER limit. = 0.001
6.8 Spurious Emissions			Formula: Maximum level + TT Add zero to all the values of Maximum Level in table 6.8.1.

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
	Frequency Band	Maximum level		Frequency Band	Maximum level
	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-57dBm /100kHz	0 dB	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-57dBm /100kHz
	1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75GHz	-47dBm /1MHz	0 dB	1GHz ≤ f ≤ 2.2GHz	-47dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	2.2GHz < f ≤ 4GHz	-47dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	4GHz < f ≤ 12.75GHz	-47dBm /1MHz
	1920MHz ≤ f ≤ 1980MHz	-60dBm /3.84MHz	0 dB	1920MHz ≤ f ≤ 1980MHz	-60dBm /3.84MHz
	2110MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170MHz	-60dBm /3.84MHz	0 dB	2110MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170MHz	-60dBm /3.84MHz

## F.4.3 Performance requirements

Table F.4.3: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.2 Demodulation of DPCH in static conditions	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.5 to -16.6 dB $I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = -1 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline TT \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ TT \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.7 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{oc}} = -5.4 \text{ to } -16.5 \text{ dB} : \\ \hline$
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 1-4	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} -2.2 \text{ to -15.0}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB to -3 dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + TT$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -2.1 \text{ to } -14.9 \text{ dB}$
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 5-8	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} -3.2 \text{ to -7.7 dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6 \text{ dB to -3 dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline TT \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ TT \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to -2.4 dB} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -3.1 \text{ to -7.6 dB:} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ I_{or$
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 9-12	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -4.4 to -11.8 dB $I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 6 dB to -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -4.3 \text{ to } -11.7 \text{ dB}$ :

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 13-16	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} -2.2 \text{ to -15.0 dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + IT$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -2.1 \text{ to } -14.9 \text{ dB}:$
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 17-20	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -1.4 to -8.8 dB $I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 6 to -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + T$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -1.3 \text{ to } -8.7 \text{ dB}$ :
7.4 Demodulation of DPCH in moving propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -10.9 to -14.5 $I_{oc} = \text{- 60 dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{-1 dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline TT \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ TT \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10.8 \text{ to } -14.4 \text{ dB} \text{:} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline $
7.5 Demodulation of DPCH birth-death propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -8.7 to -12.6 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = -1 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -18.6 \text{ to } -12.5 \text{ dB}:$

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.5A Demodulation of DCH in high speed train conditions	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -21.8 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline TT \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ TT \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5.6 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -21.7 \text{ dB}: \\ \hline I_{or}$
7.6.1 Demodulation of DPCH in transmit diversity propagation conditions  7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop Transmit diversity	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} - 16.8 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} - 18 \text{ to } -18.3 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline TT \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ TT \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.8 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.7 \text{ dB:} \\ \hline Formulas: \\ DPCH\_E_c = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline $
mode	$I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 9 dB	$I_{or}$ 0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.8 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -17.9 \text{ to } -18.2 \text{ dB}:$
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site selection diversity Transmission power control mode	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.0 to -10.5 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 to -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.8 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ I_{or}$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ to -2.2 dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -4.9 \text{ to -10.4 dB:}$ $I_{or}$

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover (Release 5 and earlier)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -5.5 to -15.2 dB}$ $I_{oc} = \text{- 60 dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{6 to 0}$ dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT} \\ \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT} \\ \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT} \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \\ 6.6 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{oc}} = \\ -5.4 \text{ to } -15.4 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} = \\ $
7.7.1A Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover (Release 6 and later)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -5.8 to -15.2 dB}$ $I_{oc} = \text{-60 dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{6 to 0}$ dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{D}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I} = -5.7 \text{ to } -15.1 \text{ dB}:$
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -12 dB Ior1 and Ior2 -60dBm	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ OdB for lor1 and lor2	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -11,9 \text{ dB}: \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -60 \text{dBm} \\ \text{Ior2} = -60 \text{dBm} \\ \text{The absolute levels of lor1 and lor2 are} $

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 2	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -12 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT} \\ \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT} \\ \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \text{TT} \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \\ 0.6 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \\ -11,9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}$
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	Test parameters: $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{set at the level}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{set at the level}$ corresponding to 5% TPC error rate. $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c3}}{I_{or3}} = \frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ $\frac{dB}{I_{or3}}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} + 6$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} + 6$ $\frac{dB}{I_{or1}}$ Test requirements: $\frac{1}{I_{or1}} = \frac{1}{I_{or1}} + \frac{1}{I_{or1}} + \frac{1}{I_{or2}} = \frac{1}{I_{or3}} + $	0 dB for all test parameters 0 dB for all test requirements	Test parameters: $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ TT $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_{c3}}{I_{or3}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I$ Test requirements: $\text{Test 1:}$ UE output power = -15 dBm $\pm$ (5 dB + TT) $\text{Test 2:}$ UE output power = -15 dBm $\pm$ (3 dB + TT)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant BLER target (Release 5 and earlier)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -9 to -16 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 9 to -1 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Alternative $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ tolerances also apply for test cases using an SS with delayed DL power control response time.	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{1}{I_{or}}I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{or}}I_{oc} = 9.6 \text{ to } -0.4 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ dB} : \\ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or$
7.8.1A Power control in downlink constant BLER target (Release 6 and later)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -9 to -16 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 9 to -1 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ I_{or}$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 \text{ to } -0.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -8.9 \text{ to } -15.9 \text{ dB}$ : $I_{or}$
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial convergence (Release 5 and earlier)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -8.1 to -18.9 dB $I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = -1 dB	0.6 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values during T1 and T2. Alternative $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ tolerance of 0.8 dB applies when using an SS with delayed DL power control response time.	Formulas:

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
		(TT)	
7.8.3A, Power control in downlink: wind up effects (Release 6 and	$rac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -13.3 dB	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{}$ = Minimum Requirement +
later)	,	$\frac{DICH_{-}L_{c}}{I_{or}}$	$oxed{TT} I_{or}$
	$I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5 dB	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = Minimum Requirement + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5.6 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -13.2 \text{ dB}:$
7.8.3, Power control in	$\underline{DPCH}_{-}\underline{E_{c}}_{-}$ -13.3 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
downlink: wind up effects	$I_{or}$	for $\underline{DPCH\_E_c}$	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement +}$
	$I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm	$I_{or}$	тт
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5  dB$	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = Minimum Requirement + TT
	$I_{or}/I_{oc} = 3 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Alternative	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
		$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5.6 dB
		tolerances	$DPCH_{-}E_{c} = -13.2 \text{ dB}$ :
		also apply for test	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -13.2 \text{ dB}:$
		cases using an	
		SS with delayed DL	
		power control	
		response time.	
7.8.4, Power control in	$\underline{DPCH\_E_c}$ -16 to –18 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
the downlink, different transport formats	$I_{or}$	for $\underline{DPCH\_E_c}$	$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = Minimum Requirement +$
	$I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm	$I_{or}$	тт
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9  dB$	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = Minimum Requirement + TT
	Tor/Toc = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ Alternative	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
		$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 9.6 dB
		tolerances also apply	$DPCH_{-}E_{c}$ =-15.9 to -17.9 dB:
		for test	$I_{or}$
		using an SS with	
		delayed DL	
		power control	
		response time.	

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.8.5, Power control in the downlink for F- DPCH	$\frac{F - DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}} -15.9 \text{ to -12 dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ to -1 dB}$	(TT)  0.1 dB for $F-DPC\underline{H}E_{c}$ $I_{or}$ 0.6 dB for	
7.9.1 Downlink compressed mode / single link performance (Release 5 and earlier)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ Test 1 -14.6 dB Test 3 -15.2 dB $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ 0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = Minimum Requirement + TT $I_{oc}$ unchanged $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 9.6 dB $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ =
7.9.1A Downlink compressed mode / single link performance (Release 6 and later)	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ Test 1 -13.7 dB $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Test 1 -14.5 dB Test 3 -15.1 dB: Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \hline TT \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ TT \\ I_{oc} \text{ unchanged} \\ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \\ \hline Test 1 -13.6 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \label{eq:decomposition}$
7.10 Blind transport format detection Tests 1, 2, 3	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -17.7 to -18.4 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = -1 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ I_{or} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ IT = \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ IT = I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ IT = IT = IT = IT = IT = IT = IT = IT$

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.10 Blind transport format detection Tests 4, 5, 6	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -13.0 to -13.8 dB $I_{oc}$ = - 60 dBm $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + I_{or}$ TT $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{oc}} = -12.9 \text{ to } -13.7 \text{ dB}$ :
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel (PCH)	Test 1: loc=-60 dBm lor/loc = -1 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -14.8 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -19 dB  Test 2: loc=-60 dBm lor/loc = -3 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -9.8 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	Test 1: 0.4 dB for Îor/loc Test 2: 0.7 dB for Îor/loc	loc, S-CCPCH_Ec/lor and PICH_Ec/lor are unchanged  Since PICH Power Offset has to be an integer value TT for PICH_Ec/lor is zero. But TT of îor/loc has been increased by 0.1 dB from its normal value (0.3 dB / 0.6 dB) due to test system uncertainty of PICH_Ec/lor.  Formulas: $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = Minimum Requirement + TT
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	loc=-60 dBm Îor/loc = -1 dB AICH_Ec/lor = -22.0 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12.0 dB	0.4 dB for Îor/loc	Ioc and AICH_Ec/lor are unchanged.  Since AICH Power Offset has to be an integer value TT for AICH_Ec/lor is zero. But TT of Îor/loc has been increased by 0.1 dB from its normal value (0.3 dB) due to test system uncertainty of AICH_Ec/lor.  No need to add test tolerance to S-CCPCH_Ec/lor since it is not critical parameter  Formula: Îor/loc = Minimum Requirement + TT

## F.4.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.4.4: Derivation of Test Requirements (RRM tests)

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks		(* - 7	
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection			
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerance are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].		
	During T1 and T2:  Cells 1 and 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  Cells 3, 4, 5, 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  Ior(3, 4, 5, 6) = -69.73 dBm	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	During T1: lor(1) = -62.73 dBm lor(2) = -59.73 dBm	During T1: -0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)	During T1:  lor(1) Minimum Requirement + TT lor(2) Minimum Requirement + TT
	During T2: lor(1) = -59.73 dBm lor(2) = -62.73 dBm	During T2: +0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)	During T2:  Ior(1) Minimum Requirement + TT Ior(2) Minimum Requirement + TT
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].		

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:  Cell 1:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  Cells 3 and 4: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	-0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
			TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 1 during T1:  lor(1) = -73.39 dBm  lor(3, 4) = -77.39 dBm  loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 1 during T1: -0.01 dB for lor(1) -0.01 dB for lor(3,4) 0.00 dB for loc(1)	Channel 1 during T1:  Ior(1) Minimum Requirement + TT Ior(3, 4) Minimum Requirement + TT oc(1) Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 1 during T2:  lor(1) = -67.75 dBm lor(3, 4) = -74.75 dBm loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.80 dB for loc(1)	Channel 1 during T2:  Ior(1) Minimum Requirement + TT  Ior(3, 4) Minimum Requirement + TT  Ioc(1) Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:  Cell 2:  CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB  PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:  Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Cells 5 and 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	-0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT  Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
			Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 2 during T1:  lor(2) = -67.75 dBm  lor(5, 6) = -74.75 dBm  loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.80 dB for loc(2)	Channel 2 during T1:  Minimum Requirement (lor(2)) + TT  Minimum Requirement (lor(5, 6)) + TT  Minimum Requirement (loc(2)) +
O O O LITDANIA COM	Channel 2 during T2:  Ior(2) = -73.39 dBm  Ior(5, 6) = -77.39 dBm  Ioc(2) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 2 during T2: -0.01 dB for lor(2) -0.01 dB for lor(5,6) 0.00 dB for loc(2)	TT Channel 2 during T2:  Ior(2) Minimum Requirement + TT Ior(5, 6) Minimum Requirement + TT Ioc(2) Minimum Requirement + TT
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection  8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	During T1: $\frac{CPICH _{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $Ior/loc = 0 \text{ dB}$ $RXLEV=-90 \text{ dBm}$	During T1: 0.1 dB for $\underline{CPICH\_E_c}$ $I_{or}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	During T1: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ Requirement + TT lor/loc = Minimum Requirement + TT $\text{RXLEV - TT}$ lor/loc = 0.3 dB $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB:}$ Measured GSM Carrier RSSI $\pm$ uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below $-90 \text{ dBm}$ (Threshold for GSM).
	During T2: $\frac{CPICH _{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $Ior/loc = -5 \text{ dB}$ $RXLEV = -75 \text{ dBm}$	During T2: 0.1  dB for $CPICH\_E_c$ $I_{or}$ 0.3  dB for lor/loc 1.0  dB for RXLEV	During T2: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ Requirement - TT $\text{lor/loc} = \text{Minimum Requirement}$ - TT $\text{RXLEV + TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = -5.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10.1 \text{ dB:}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -75.4 \text{ dB:}$ uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above $-75.4 \text{ dBm}$ (Threshold for GSM).

Test	Test Parameters in	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]  During T1: $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $Ior/loc = 20 \text{ dB}$ $RXLEV=-80 \text{ dBm}$	Test Tolerance (TT)  During T1: 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc  1.0 dB for RXLEV	Test Requirement in TS 34.121  During T1: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ Requirement + TT $\text{lor/loc} = \text{Minimum Requirement}$ + TT $\text{RXLEV - TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = 20.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB}$ : $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB}$ : Measured GSM Carrier RSSI $\pm$
	During T2: $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or}/I_{or} = -9 \text{ dB}$ $RXLEV=-80 \text{ dBm}$	During T2: 0.1  dB for $CPICH\_E_c$ $I_{or}$ 0.3  dB for lor/loc 1.0  dB for RXLEV	Measured GSM Carrier RSSI $\pm$ uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below $-80$ dBm (Threshold for GSM).  During T2: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_{-E_{c}}}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ Requirement - TT lor/loc = Minimum Requirement - TT $RXLEV + TT$ $lor/loc = -9.3 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10.1 \text{ dB:}$ Measured GSM Carrier RSSI $\pm$ uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above $-80 \text{ dBm}$ (Threshold for GSM).
8.2.3.3 Scenario 3: HCS with only UTRA level changed	$\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $Ior/Ioc = 30 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ Requirement + TT   Ior/loc = Minimum Requirement + TT
			RXLEV + TT $Ior/Ioc = 30.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB}:$

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	$\underline{CPICH}_{-}\underline{E_{c}}$ = -10 dB	0.1 dB for	Formulas:
	$I_{or}$	$\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{CPICH_{-}E_{c}}{}$ = ratio - TT
	lor/loc = 10 dB	0.3 dB for lor/loc	$I_{or}$
		1.0 dB for RXLEV	lor/loc = ratio - TT
		1.0 05 101 10.221	RXLEV + TT
			lor/loc = 9.7 dB
			$\frac{CPICH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = -10.1 \text{ dB}:$
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re- selection	TBD		
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	TBD		
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	Because the relationships betwee are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is record	give a simple derivation	
	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 = {-148 148} chips	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB 0.5 chips	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
			{-148+TT 148-TT} chips
	During T0/T1:	During T0/T1:	During T0/T1:
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: Cell 2:	<u>During</u> <u>T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:</u>	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover			
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	Because the relationships betwee are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is record	give a simple derivation	
	During T1 and T2 / T3:	During T1 / T2 / T3:	During T1 and T2 / T3:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
			TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above
	During T2 / T3:	During T2 / T3:	During T2 / T3:
8.3.2.2 Handover to	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT ertainties and the Test Tolerances
inter-frequency cell	are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is recor	give a simple derivation	of the Test Requirement in this
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T1:  Not applicable	Channel 2 during T1: Not applicable	Channel 2 during T1:  Not applicable
	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
8.3.3 FDD/TDD	TBD		
Handover  8.3.4 Inter-system  Handover form UTRAN  FDD to GSM	During T2 and T3 RXLEV=-75 dBm	During T2 and T3: + 1 dB for RXLEV	During T2 and T3 Minimum Requirement + TT  Only RXLEV during T2 and T3 is
			a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test.
			During T2 and T3: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121	
8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolera are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in the document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			
g	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	
	Cells 1 and 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  Cells 3, 4, 5, 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB Ior(3, 4, 5, 6) = -69.73 dBm	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Interval In	
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:	
	lor(1) = -62.73 dBm lor(2) = -59.73 dBm	-0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)	Minimum Requirement (lor(1)) + TT Minimum Requirement (lor(2)) + TT	
	During T2:	During T2:	During T2:	
	lor(1) = -59.73 dBm lor(2) = -62.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)	lor(1) Minimum Requirement + TT or(2) Minimum Requirement + TT	
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:  Cell 1:  CPICH Ec/lor = -10 dB	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  Cells 3 and 4: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
		-0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 1 during T1:  lor(1) = -71.85 dBm lor(3, 4) = -76.85 dBm loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 1 during T1: +0.05 dB for lor(1) +0.05 dB for lor(3,4) 0.00 dB for loc(1)	Channel 1 during T1:  Ior(1) Minimum Requirement + TT Ior(3, 4) Minimum Requirement + TT Ioc(1) Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 1 during T2:  lor(1) = -67.75 dBm  lor(3, 4) = -74.75 dBm  loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1)	Channel 1 during T2:  Ior(1) Minimum Requirement + TT Ior(3, 4) Minimum Requirement + TT Ioc(1) Minimum Requirement + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2: Cell 2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  Cells 5 and 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T1:  lor(2) = -67.75 dBm  lor(5, 6) = -74.75 dBm  loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2)	Channel 2 during T1:  Ior(2) Minimum Requirement + TT  Ior(5, 6) Minimum Requirement + TT  Ioc(2) Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T2: lor(2) = -71.85 dBm lor(5, 6) = -76.85 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2) +0.05 dB for lor(5,6) 0.00 dB for loc(2)	Channel 2 during T2:  Ior(2) Minimum Requirement + TT Ior(5, 6) Minimum Requirement + TT Ioc(2) Minimum Requirement + TT
8.3.5.3 Cell Reselection to GSM	$\frac{\text{During T1:}}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $\text{Ior/loc} = 0 \text{ dB}$ $\text{RXLEV=-90 dBm}$ $\text{Ioc/RXLEV} = 20$	$\frac{\text{During T1:}}{\text{0.1 dB for}}$ $\frac{\text{CPICH}\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	$\frac{\text{During T1:}}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{Minimum}$ $\text{Requirement + TT}$ $\text{Ior/loc = Minimum Requirement} + \text{TT}$ $\text{RXLEV - TT}$ $\text{Ior/loc = 0.3 dB}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB:}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB:}$ $\text{Measured GSM Carrier RSSI} \pm \frac{1}{1000}$
			uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below –90 dBm (Threshold for GSM).

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T2: $\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $Ior/loc = -5 \text{ dB}$ $RXLEV = -75 \text{ dBm}$ $Ioc/RXLEV = 5$	During T2: 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	$\frac{\text{During T2:}}{CPICH\_E_c} = \text{Minimum}$ $Requirement - \text{TT}$ $lor/loc = \text{Minimum Requirement}$ $- \text{TT}$ $RXLEV + \text{TT}$ $lor/loc = -5.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10.1 \text{ dB:}$
8.3.5.4 Cell			shall be above –75 dBm (Threshold for GSM). ertainties and the Test Tolerances
Reselection during an MBMS session, one frequency present in neighbour list	are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is record Channel 1 during T2 and T3:		
norgina da line	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 1 during T3:  loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 1 during T3: -1.52 dB for loc(1)	Channel 1 during T3:  loc(1) Minimum Requirement +
	Channel 2 during T1, T2 and T3:	Channel 2 during T1, T2 and T3:	TT Channel 2 during T1, T2 and T3:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH1_Ec/lor = -12 dB S-CCPCH2_Ec/lor = -6 dB	+1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T2: loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 2 during T2: -1.38 dB for loc(2)	Channel 2 during T2:  loc(2) Minimum Requirement +
		, ,	TT`´

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH			
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
neighbour list	$\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH _{-}E_{c}}{} = \text{Minimum}$
	$I_{oc}$ = - 70 dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	I <sub>or</sub> Requirement + TT
	lor/loc = 10.27 dB		lor/loc = Minimum Requirement + TT
	Note: Parameters are valid for cell 1 at time T2 and cell 2 at time T1		loc unchanged
			lor/loc = 10.57 dB
			$\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ =-9.9 dB:
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
	$\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas:
	$I_{oc}$ = - 70 dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	$I_{or}$ Requirement + TT
	lor/loc = 2.2 dB		lor/loc = Minimum Requirement + TT
	Note: Parameters are valid for cell 1 at time T2 and cell 2 at time T1		loc unchanged
			loc ratio unchanged
			lor/loc = 2.5 dB
			$\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB}:$
8.3.6.3 Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN	Same way as 8.3.5.4 for Channel 1 and 2 during T1 and T2.	Same way as 8.3.5.4 for Channel 1 and 2 during T1 and T2.	Same way as 8.3.5.4 for Channel 1 and 2 during T1 and T2.
inter-frequency and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list	Channel 1 during T2: Cell 1:	Channel 1 during T2:	Channel 1 during T2:
are neighbodi list	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+1.00 dB +1.00 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB	TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
			Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement + TT
			Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+1.00 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+1.00 dB +1.00 dB +1.00 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
	S-CCPCH1_Ec/lor = -12 dB S-CCPCH2_Ec/lor = -6.8 dB	+1.00 dB +1.00 dB	TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
			TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
			Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during T2:
	loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	-1.50 dB for loc(2)	loc(2) Minimum Requirement + TT
	Channel 2 during T3:	Channel 2 during T3:	Channel 2 during T3:
	$\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$	-0.1 dB for <u>CPICH _ E<sub>c</sub></u>	$\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = Minimum$
		$I_{or}$	Requirement + TT
	lor/loc = -15 dB	-0.3 dB for lor/loc	lor/loc = Minimum Requirement + TT
	GSM During T2:	GSM During T2:	GSM During T2:
	RXLEV1=-85 dBm RXLEV2=-85 dBm	-1.0 dB for RXLEV1 -1.0 dB for RXLEV2	RXLEV + TT RXLEV + TT
			Measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below –85 dBm (Threshold for GSM).
	GSM During T3:	GSM During T3:	GSM During T3:
	RXLEV1=-85 dBm	+1.0 dB for RXLEV1	RXLEV + TT
			Measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –85 dBm (Threshold for GSM).

Test Parameters in	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
10 25.100 [2]	(11)	
Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
Same as 8 2 2 2	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
	Came as s.z.z.z	Game as 6.2.2.2
Recause the relationships between	on the Test system upon	ertainties and the Test Tolerances
are complex, it is not possible to	give a simple derivation	of the Test Requirement in this
During T0/T1/T2/T3:	During T0/T1/T2/T3:	During T0/T1/T2/T3:
Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB HS-SCCH_Ec/lor = -13 dB	+0.70 dB	TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
Cell 2:	+0.70 dB	Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement + TT
CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement + TT  Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement + TT
received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 = {-148	0.5 chips	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
T TO STILLE		Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
		Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
		Ec/Ior Minimum Requirement +
		{-148+TT 148-TT} chips
		During T0
Already covered above <u>During T1/T2/T3</u>	Covered above During T1/T2/T3	Already covered above <u>During T1/T2/T3</u>
Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement +
	Same as 8.2.2.1  Because the relationships betwee are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is record During T0/T1/T2/T3:  Cell 1:  CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB HS-SCCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB HS-SCCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 = {-148 148} chips  During T0  Already covered above During T1/T2/T3  Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	Same as 8.2.2.1   Same as 8.2.2.1

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T4:	During T4:	During T4:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -13 dB HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB HS-SCCH_Ec/lor = -13 dB  Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 = {-148 148} chips	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT Ec/lor Minimum Requirement + TT
			ТТ
8.4 RRC Connection			{-148+TT 148-TT} chips
Control			
8.4.1 RRC Re- establishment delay	TBD		
8.4.1.1 Test 1	Cell 1, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB DCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB lor/loc = 2.39 dB  Cell 1, T2: lor/loc = -infinity  Cell 2, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 4.39 dB  Cell 2, T2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 4.39 dB  Cell 2, T2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -15 dB IOTH_EC/lor = -15 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.4.1.2 Test 2	Cell 1, T1:  CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB  PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  DCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB  lor/loc = -3.35 dB  Cell 1, T2:  lor/loc = -infinity  Cell 2, T1:  lor/loc = -infinity  Cell 2, T2:  CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB  PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  lor/loc = 0.02 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.
8.4.2 Random Access	PRACH power difference nominal 3dB ± 2dB UE setting uncertainty	Measurement TT:Power difference ± 1dBMaximum Power-1dB / +0.7dB	Test parameter settings unchanged.Power measurement:Upper limit +TT Lower limit -TT
8.4.2.1A Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK (Release 6 and later)	PRACH timing error ±3.5 chips	0.5 chips	Formula: Upper limit + TT Lower limit – TT
8.4.2.4 Random Access correct behaviuor when reaching maximum transmit power	Maximum preamble power=0dBm±9dB (Normal)  Maximum preamble power=0dBm±12dB (Extreme)	1.0 dB	Formula: Upper limit + TT Lower limit - TT  For Normal conditions: Upper Tolerance limit = +10 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -10 dB  For Extreme conditions: Upper Tolerance limit = +13 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -13 dB
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE  8.4.4 E-TFC restriction	DL Power control is ON so DPCH_Ec/lor depends on TPC commands sent by UE	0 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor	No test requirements for DPCH_Ec/lor
in UE  8.4.4.1 10ms TTI E- DCH E-TFC restriction	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ -3.47, -10, -31dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or} = \text{Minimum Paguirament II}$
8.4.4.2 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	$\begin{split} & \hat{\text{lor}} = \text{-70 dBm} \\ & \frac{E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -3.5, -10, -24.4dB} \\ & \hat{\text{lor}} = \text{-70 dBm} \end{split}$	0.7 dB for $\hat{l}$ or 0.1 dB for $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	$ \begin{split} & \hat{\text{lor}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ & \text{TT} \\ & \text{Formulas:} \\ & \frac{E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT} \\ & \hat{\text{lor}} = \text{Minimum Requirement} + \\ \end{split} $
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics		0.7 dB for Îor	TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	DPCH_Ec/lor = -13.5 dB CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB Îor1=-96 dB Îor2=-99 dB  Rx-Tx Timing accuracy ±1.5 chips  1/4 chip / 200ms maximum rate 233ns / s minimum rate	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 1 dB for Îor1 1.3 dB for Îor2 0.5 chips for Rx-Tx timing accuracy 0.25 chips for Tx-Tx Timing Accuracy	Since the test is performed close to sensitivity level any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:  Îor1 shall not go below –96 dBm Îor2 shall not go below –99 dBm Îor1/Îor2 shall not go above 3 dB  DPCH_Ec/lor shall not go below –13.5 dB  CPICH_Ec/lor shall not go below –10 dB  Formulas for test parameters  DPCH_Ec/lor +TT  CPICH_Ec/lor + TT  Îor1 + TT  Îor2 + TT  Rx-Tx Timing accuracy ±2.0
			chip Formulas for test requirements: Upper limit +TT Lower limit -TT  Tx-Tx Timing accuracies Formulas for test requirements: Upper limit +TT Lower limit -TT
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures			Lower mint - 1 1
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements 8.6.1.1 Event triggered			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)	are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is record During T1 to T4:		
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  During T1/T4 only:	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB <u>During T1/T4 only:</u>	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T1/T4 only:
	Already covered above  During T2/T3 only:	Covered above During T2/T3 only:	Already covered above <u>During T2/T3 only:</u>
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.1A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	Because the relationships betwee are complex, it is not possible to document. The analysis is record During T1 / T2 / T3:	give a simple derivation	
,	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T1/T3 only :	During T1/T3 only:	During T1/T3 only:
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above
	During T2 only:	During T2 only:	<u>During T2 only:</u>
	Cell 2:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.2 Event triggered			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of multiple	are complex, it is not possible to		
neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	document. The analysis is record During T0 to T6:	During T0 to T6:	During T0 to T6:
(R99)	During 10 to 16.	During 10 to 16.	During 10 to 16.
(1100)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.2A Event	Because the relationships between	en the Test system unc	I ertainties and the Test Tolerances
triggered reporting of	are complex, it is not possible to		
multiple neighbours in	document. The analysis is record		
AWGN propagation	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:
condition (Rel-4 and			
later)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		_ ,
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + 11 Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.3 Event triggered			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of two	are complex, it is not possible to		
detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation	document. The analysis is record During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:	24J. 18D During T0 to T5:
condition (R99)	<u> </u>	During 10 to 13.	During 10 to 13.
()	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.3A Event			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
triggered reporting of two detectable	are complex, it is not possible to		
neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is record During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:
propagation condition	Barring 10 to 14.	Bulling To to 14.	Daning 10 to 14.
(Rel-4 and later)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.40 dB +0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	1 IO11_E0/IO1 = -13 UB	TU.40 UD	Londinalio + 11
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
		<u> </u>	
8.6.1.4A Correct			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours in fading propagation	are complex, it is not possible to		
in fading propagation document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
condition (Rel-4 and	During T1 only:	During T1:	During T1:
later)			g
,	Cell 1:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	0 "0		
	Cell 2:	. 0.00 dD	Fallen netie v TT
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.30 dB +0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	During T2 only:	During T2:	During T2:
	During 12 only.	Bulling 12.	Daning 12.
	Cell 1:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 2:	<b>-</b>	
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
0.6.1.F. Event triagered	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT ertainties and the Test Tolerances
8.6.1.5 Event triggered reporting of multiple	are complex, it is not possible to		
neighbour cells in Case	document. The analysis is record		
1 fading condition	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
3 11 11	<u>=g</u>		<u>= =g + 1 =</u>
	Cell 1, 2, 3 and Cell 4:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.6 Event triggered			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of multiple	are complex, it is not possible to		
neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
3 faultig conditions	Duning 11 and 12.	During 11 and 12.	During 11 and 12.
	Cell 1, 2, 3 and Cell 4:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2 FDD inter	TBD		
frequency			
measurements		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
8.6.2.1 Correct	Because the relationships between	en the Test system unce	ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours	are complex, it is not possible to		
in AWGN propagation condition (Release 5	document. The analysis is record During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:
and earlier)	<u> </u>	During 10 to 12.	During 10 to 12.
aa oamor,	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:	0.00.15	_ ,
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	<u> </u>		

Test	Test Parameters in	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.6.2.1A Correct	TS 25.133 [2]	(TT)	l ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours			
in AWGN propagation	are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].		
condition (Release 6	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:
and later)	Barring To to TE.	Burning 10 to 12.	Barring To to TE.
,	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:	0.00 ID	- "
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Decree the relationships het us	on the Test systems was	entainties and the Test Televines
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours	are complex, it is not possible to		ertainties and the Test Tolerances
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is record		
condition (Release 5	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
only)	During 11 and 12.	During 11 and 12.	Duning 11 and 12.
J,,	Cell 1 and Cell 2:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2.2A Correct			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours	are complex, it is not possible to	give a simple derivation	of the Test Requirement in this
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is record		
condition (Release 6	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
and later)	Call 1 and Call 2		
	Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2.3 Correct			ertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours	are complex, it is not possible to		
in Fading propagation	document.		
condition using	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
TGL1=14			
	Cell 1 and Cell 2:	0.00 ID	- "
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_EC/lor = -12 dB   PICH Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + 11 Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.3 TDD	TBD	TO.00 UD	LO/IOI IAUO T I I
measurements			
8.6.3.1Correct	TBD		
reporting of TDD			
neighbours in AWGN			
propagation condition			
8.6.4 GSM			
0.0			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm	During T2: + 1 dB for RXLEV	During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT
propagation condition	During T3 RXLEV=-85 dBm	During T3: -1 dB for RXLEV	Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test.
			During T2: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above – 80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV
			During T3: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below – 80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=-1 dB for RXLEV
8.6.5 Combined Inter frequency and GSM measurements			
8.6.5.1 Correct	During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:
reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB During T4 and T5:	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	During T4 to T5: RXLEV=-75 dBm	+ 1 dB for RXLEV	During T4 and T5 RXLEV + TT
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements			
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	see table 8.7.1.1.1 andtable 8.7.1.1.2	±1 dB for loc±0.3 dB for lor/loc±0.1dB forEc/lor	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1 (absolute and relative): lo shall not go above -70dBm Test 2(absolute and relative): lo shall not go above -50 dBmTest 3 (absolute and relative): lo shall not go below -94 dBm lor/loc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy:Absolute±1.0 dB for loc±0.3 dB for lor/loc ±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor ∑ 1.4dBRelative±0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell1)±0.3 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2)±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2) ±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2) ∑ 0.8dB

Test	Test Parameters in	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	TS 25.133 [2]	(TT)	
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	See table 8.7.1.2.1.1 and table 8.7.1.2.1.2	±1 dB for loc±0.3 dB for loc1/loc2±0.3 dB for lor/loc±0.1dB for Ec/lor For multi-band UE with Band I and VI 0.5 dB for loc1/loc2	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1: lo shall not go above -50 dBmTest 2: lo shall not go below -94 dBm lor/loc + TT TT on top of UE measurement accuracy: ±0.3 dB for loc1/loc2 ±0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell1) ±0.3 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell1) ±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2) ∑ 1.1 dB
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	table 8.7.2.1.1.1 and table 8.7.2.1.1.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:
		±0.1dB forEc/lor	Test 1(absolute and relative): Io shall not go above -50 dBm
			Test 2 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -87dBm
			Test 3 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -94 dBm
			CPICH Ec/Io shall stay in the UE accuracy ranges
			Ior/Ioc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:
			Absolute
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior
			∑ 0.4dB
			Relative
			Ioc1=Ioc2
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell1)
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell2)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell1)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell2)
			∑ 0.8dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	table 8.7.2.2.2.1 and table 8.7.2.2.2.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:
		Ioc1/Ioc2	Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBm
		±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc ±0.1dB	Test 2: Io shall not go below -87 dBm
		forEc/lor For multi-band UE with Band I and VI 0.5 dB for loc1/loc2	Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm
			Ior/Ioc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:
			Ioc1=Ioc2.
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell1)
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell2)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell1)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell2)
			∑ 0.8 dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.3.1 UTRA Carrier RSSI, absolute measurement accuracy	Table 8.7.3.1.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for Ioc1/Ioc2	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:  Test 1: Io shall not go above -50
		±0.3 dB for Îor/Ioc  For multi-band UE with Band I and VI 0.5 dB for loc1/loc2	dBm  Test 2: Io shall not go below -69 dBm  Test 3: Io shall not go below -94
			dBm
			Ior/Ioc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:
			Test 1:
			Max TT= Io <sub>max</sub> – Io <sub>nominal</sub>
			$Io_{nominal} = -51.15 dBm$
			$Io_{max} = Ioc_{max} + Ior_{max} =$ $(-53.5 \text{ dBm} + 1\text{dB}) + (-52.5 \text{ dBm} - 1.45 \text{ dB} +$ $0.3 \text{ dB}) = -50.0 \text{ dBm}$
			=> Max TT = 1.15 dB
			$Min TT = Io_{min} - Io$
			$Io_{min} = Ioc_{min} + Ior_{min} =$ $(-53.5 \text{ dBm} - 1 \text{ dB}) + (-54.5 \text{ dBm} - 1.45 \text{ dB} - 0.3 \text{ dB}) = -52.3 \text{ dBm}$
			=> Min TT = -1.15 dB
			Test 2:
			Max TT= Io <sub>max</sub> – Io <sub>nominal</sub>
			$Io_{nominal} = -67.9 \text{ dBm}$
			$Io_{max} = Ioc_{max} + Ior_{max} =$ $(-69.27 \text{ dBm} + 1\text{dB}) + (-68.27 \text{ dBm} - 4.4 \text{ dB} +$ $0.3 \text{ dB}) = -66.8 \text{ dBm}$
			$\Rightarrow$ Max TT = 1.1 dB
			$Min TT = Io_{min} - Io$
			Io <sub>min</sub> = Ioc <sub>min</sub> + Ior <sub>min</sub> = (-69.27 dBm - 1 dB) + (-70.27 dBm - 4.4 dB - 0.3 dB) = -69.0 dBm
			=> Min TT = -1.1 dB
			Test 3 (Band I):
			$Max TT = Io_{max} - Io_{nominal}$
			$Io_{nominal} = -93 dBm$
			$\begin{split} Io_{max} &= Ioc_{max} + Ior_{max} + \\ No &= (-93.46 \text{ dBm} + \\ 1dB) + (-92.46 \text{ dBm} - \\ 9.24 \text{ dB} + 0.3 \text{ dB}) + -99 \\ dBm &= -91.2 \end{split}$
	Eī	sı	=> Max TT = 1.8 dB

RSSI, relative measurement accuracy  = 0.3 dB for loc2/loc3 = 0.3 dB for loc2/loc3 = 0.3 dB for loc2/loc3 = 0.3 dB for loc7/loc = 20 dB.  Test 1: lo shall not go below -90 dBm, lo3-lo2 shall not go below -90 dB	Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
2-0.3 dB for   Ico2/Ico3   2-0.3 dB for   Ico2/Ico3   2-0.3 dB for Ico7/Ico2   Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBm. Io3-Ico2 shall not go below -91 dBm. Io3-Ico2 shall not go above 20 dB   Test 2: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band I). Io3-Ico2 shall not go above 20 dB   Ico7/Ico2 ratio +10.3 dB for Ico3/Ico2 ratio +0.3 dB Ico3/Ico3 dB for Ico3/Ico2 ratio +0.3 dB Ico3/Ico3 ratio +0.3 dB Ico3/Ico3 dB Ico3/Ico3 ratio +0.3 dB Ico3/Ico3/Ico3/Ico3/Ico3/Ico3/Ico3/Ico3/		Table 8.7.3.2.1A		
dBm. 1o3-1o2 shall not go below -91 dBm. 1o3-1o2 shall not go below -91 dBm. 1o3-1o2 shall not go above 20 dB  Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band I). 1o3-1o2 shall not go above 20 dB.  Ior/Ioc + TT  To not pof UE measurement accuracy:  Test 1:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio \$\frac{2}{2}\$=0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower). Noise floor impact: Noise floor impact: Noise floor impact: Noise floor impact: Noise floor inpact: Test 3: 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc3 ratio	measurement accuracy			
dBm. Io3-Io2 shall not go above 20 dB  Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band I). Io3-Io2 shall not go above 20 dB.  Ior/Ioc + TT  TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:  Test 1:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.  No impact from Noise Floor. The same TT for all bands.  Test 2:  ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio 10.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor =0.96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ Io 2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  ⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3: ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio Σ+0.9 dB (This is the worst ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio Σ+0.9 dB (This is the worst ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ±0.3 dB fo				dBm. Io3-Io2 shall not go below
dBm (Band I), 103-102 shall not go above 20 dB.  lor/loc + TT  TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:  Test 1:  ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.  No impact from Noise Ploor. The same TT for all bands.  Test 2: ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact: 10.3 dB for lor3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc2 ratio				dBm. Io3-Io2 shall not go above
TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:  Test 1:  ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.  No impact from Noise Floor. The same TT for all bands.  Test 2: ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc3 ratio ∑=0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower)  Noise floor impact: Noise floor impact: Noise floor = 96 dB for Band Iff and VIII (worst case).⇒ lo2 increases by 0.1 dB, lo3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB ⇒> TT = ±1.8 dB The same TT for all bands.  Test 3: ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio				dBm (Band I). Io3-Io2 shall not
Test 1:  ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor2/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower. No impact from Noise Floor. The same TT for all bands.  Test 2: ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower). Noise floor impact: Noise floor = 96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ 102 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB, 103 increases by 1.0 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc3 ratio ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc3 ratio				Ior/Ioc + TT
### ##################################				_
±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.  No impact from Noise Floor. The same TT for all bands.  Test 2: ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact: Noise floor impact: Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB ⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB The same TT for all bands.  Test 3: ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case) and B (This is the worst case).  10.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio				Test 1:
±0.3 dB for Ior3/loc3 ratio  ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.  No impact from Noise Floor.  The same TT for all bands.  Test 2:  ±0.3 dB for Ior3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/loc3 ratio  ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ Io2 increases by 1.0 dB. Ito3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus insie floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  ⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ior3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/loc3 ratio  ∑±0.3 dB for Ior3/loc3 ratio				±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio
<ul> <li>∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.</li> <li>No impact from Noise Floor.</li> <li>The same TT for all bands.</li> <li>Test 2:     ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).</li> <li>Noise floor impact:</li> <li>Noise floor impact:</li> <li>Noise floor jol2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB, Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB</li> <li>⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB</li> <li>⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB</li> <li>The same TT for all bands.</li> <li>Test 3:     ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio 5+0.9 dB (This is the worst tous in the wo</li></ul>				±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio
case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower.  No impact from Noise Floor.  The same TT for all bands.  Test 2:  ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  ⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ∑+0.9 dB. (This is the worst)				±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio
The same TT for all bands.  Test 2:  ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor2/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio  ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ lo2 increases by 1.0 dB, lo3 increases by 1.0 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  ⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3: ±0.3 dB for loc3/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor2/loc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for lor3/loc3 ratio  ∑+0.9 dB (This is the worst)				case since G factor makes
Test 2:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  => TT = ±1.8 dB The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ∑±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio				No impact from Noise Floor.
#0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio #0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio #0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  \$\sum_{\pmu} \pmu.0 \text{dB}\$ (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  => TT = \pmu 1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  \pmu.0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio \pmu.0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio \pmu.0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio				The same TT for all bands.
±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  Σ±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  => TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3: ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  Σ+0.9 dB (This is the worst				Test 2:
±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). ⇒ Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  ⇒ TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  ∑+0.9 dB (This is the worst)				±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio
<ul> <li>∑±0.9 dB (This is the worst case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).</li> <li>Noise floor impact:</li> <li>Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). =&gt; Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB</li> <li>=&gt; TT = ±1.8 dB</li> <li>The same TT for all bands.</li> <li>Test 3:</li> <li>±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio</li> <li>∑+0.9 dB (This is the worst</li> </ul>				±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio
case since G factor makes the actual tolerance lower).  Noise floor impact:  Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  => TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  \$\frac{\psi_0.3}{\psi_0.3}\$ dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio				±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio
Noise floor = -96 dB for Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB => TT = $\pm 1.8$ dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3: $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio}$ $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio}$ $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio}$ $5 \pm 0.9 \text{ dB (This is the worst)}$				case since G factor makes
Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance by 0.9 dB  => TT = ±1.8 dB  The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio				Noise floor impact:
The same TT for all bands.  Test 3:  ±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio  ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio  ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio  \( \Sigma \text{TO 9 dB (This is the worst)} \)				Band III and VIII (worst case). => Io2 increases by 1.0 dB, Io3 increases by 0.1 dB. Thus noise floor increases the test tolerance
Test 3: $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio}$ $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio}$ $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio}$ $\Sigma \pm 0.9 \text{ dB (This is the worst)}$				$=> TT = \pm 1.8 \text{ dB}$
±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio ±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio Σ+0.9 dB (This is the worst				The same TT for all bands.
$\pm 0.3$ dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio $\pm 0.3$ dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio $\Sigma \pm 0.9$ dB (This is the worst				Test 3:
$\pm 0.3$ dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio $\Sigma \pm 0.9$ dB (This is the worst				±0.3 dB for Ioc3/Ioc2 ratio
$\Sigma$ +0.9 dB (This is the worst				±0.3 dB for Ior2/Ioc2 ratio
$\Sigma \pm 0.9$ dB (This is the worst				±0.3 dB for Ior3/Ioc3 ratio
case since G factor makes			ETSI	

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	WCDMA cell parameters: See table 8.7.3A.2 GSM cell parameters: See table 8.7.3A.3	TT for test parameters  GSM cell levels: Step 1: -1 dB Step 2: -1 dB Step 3: -1 dB Step 4:+1 dB  TT for test requirements: Relative accuracy requirements: a, b, c and d values in minimum requirements are increased by 2 dB i.e.,  For x1 ≥ s+14, x2< -48 dBm: a=4, b=4, c=6, d=6  For s+14 > x1 ≥ s+1 a=5, b=4, c=7, d=6  For s+1 > x1 a=6, b=4, c=8, d=6  Absolute accuracy requirements: original minimum requirements are increased by ±1 dB	WCDMA: Test parameter settings are unchanged since level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test  GSM: Test parameter settings are changed in steps 1,2,3 and 4 as follows: BCCH levels are increased by test tolerance so that during  Step 1, level ≤ 38 dBm, Step 2, level ≤ 48 dBm, Step 3, level ≤ 70 dBm, Step 4, level ≥ -110 dBm. Hence during steps 1,2,3 and 4: New levels=Original levels + TT  For other steps 5 to 12 GSM test parameter settings are unchanged since level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test  TT on top of UE measurement accuracy: Relative accuracy: Test system uncertainty ±1.4 dB. Rounded to ±2 dB due to granularity of GSM Carrier RSSI report mapping of 1 dB.  Absolute accuracy: Test system uncertainty ±1.0 dB. No need to increase due to granularity of GSM Carrier RSSI report
8.7.3B Transport channel BLER	TBD		mapping of 1 dB.
8.7.3C UE Transmitted power (R99 and Rel-4 only)	Accuracy upper limit Accuracy lower limit Depends on PUEMAX see table 8.7.3C.2.1	0.7 dB	Formula: Upper accuracy limit + TT  Lower accuracy limit - TT  Add and subtract TT to all the values in table 8.7.3C.2.1.
8.7.3D UE Transmitted power (Rel-5 and later)	Accuracy upper limit Accuracy lower limit	0.7 dB	Formula: Upper accuracy limit + TT  Lower accuracy limit - TT  Add and subtract TT to all the accuracy values in table 8.7.3D.4.3.

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time	T able 8.7.4.1.2 and Table 8.7.4.2.2	±1.0 dB for loc	Intra and inter frequency case:
difference		±0.3 dB for lor/loc	Test 1: lo shall not go above -50 dBm
		±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference	Test 2: No restrictions on lo value
			Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band 1, IV, VI, X), or below -93 dBm (Band IX), or below -92 dBm (Band II, V, VII, XI) or below -91 dBm (Band III, VIII)
			Îor/loc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurements accuracy: SFN-CFN observed time difference: 1.0 chips + TT
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time	T able 8.7.5.1.2	±1.0 dB for loc	Test 1: lo shall not go above -50 dBm
difference type 1		±0.3 dB for lor/loc	Test 2: No restrictions on lo
		±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-SFN	value
		observed time difference	Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band 1, IV, VI, X), or below -93 dBm (Band IX), or below -92 dBm (Band II, V, VII, XI) or below -91 dBm (Band III, VIII)
			Îor/loc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurements accuracy: SFN-SFN observed time difference: 1.0 chips + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time	lo -10.9 dB = loc,	1 dB for loc	Test 1: Io = -92.7 dBm,
difference (Release 5 and earlier)	Test 1: Io = -94 dBm Test2 : Io = -72dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	loc = -103.6 dBm
	Test3 : Io = -50dBm  Timing Accuracy ± 1.5 chip	0.5 chip for timing accuracy	Formula: loc*(1-TT <sub>loc</sub> + (lor/loc-TT <sub>lor/loc</sub> )) ≥ -94
			Test 2: unchanged (no critical RF parameters)
			Test 3: lo = -51.3 dBm, loc = -62.2 dBm
			Formula: $loc*(1+TT_{loc}+ (lor/loc+TT_{lor/loc})) \le -50$
			Timing accuracy ±2.0 chip
			Formulas:
			Upper limit +TT
			Lower limit –TT
8.7.6.1A UE Rx-Tx time difference (Release 6 and later)	Table 8.6.7.1A.2 and Table 8.6.7.1A.4	±1.0 dB for loc  ±0.3 dB for lor/loc  ±0.5 chip for timing accuracy	Test 1: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band I, IV, VI, X), or below -93 dBm (Band IX), or below - 92 dBm (Band II, V, VII, XI) or below -91 dBm (Band III, VIII)  Formula: Ioc*(1-TT <sub>loc</sub> + (Ior/Ioc-TT <sub>lor/Ioc</sub> )) ≥ -94  Test 2: No restrictions on Io value  Test 3: Io shall not go above -50 dBm  Formula: Ioc*(1+TT <sub>loc</sub> + (Ior/Ioc+TT <sub>lor/Ioc</sub> )) ≤ -50  Timing accuracy ±2.0 chip  Formulas: Upper limit +TT  Lower limit -TT
8.7.7 Observed time	TBD		
difference to GSM cell 8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD		
5101 001 01111001			

Test	Test Parameters in	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	TS 25.133 [2]	(TT)	
8.7.9 UE Transmission Power Headroom	UPH reporting accuracy from ±2 dB to ±6 dB, depending on UE power class and total UE output power.	0.8 dB for UPH reporting accuracy	Formula: (Upper) Minimum Requirement + TT (Lower) Minimum Requirement - TT UPH reporting accuracy from ±2.8 dB to ±6.8 dB, depending
			on UE power class and total UE output power.

## F.4.5 Performance requirements (HSDPA)

Table F.4.5: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests HSDPA)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS	Test	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	25.101	Tolerance (TT)	
9.2.1A to 9.2.1I Single	$E_c$ -12, -9, -6, -3 and -2 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
Link Performance	$I_{or}$	for $\frac{E_c}{\bar{c}}$	$\frac{E_c}{E_c}$ = ratio + TT
		$I_{or}$	$I_{or}$
	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 10 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
9.2.2A to 9.2.2D Open loop diversity	$E_c$ -6 and -3 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
performance	$I_{or}$	for $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.8 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 10 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
9.2.3A to 9.2.3D	Same as 9.2.2A	Same as	Same as 9.2.2A
Closed loop diversity performance		9.2.2A	
9.3.1 Single Link		No test	
Performance - AWGN propagation conditions		tolerances applied	
9.3.2 Single Link		No test	
Performance - Fading		tolerances	
propagation conditions		applied	
9.3.3 Open Loop		No test	
Diversity Performance -		tolerances	
AWGN propagation conditions		applied	
9.3.4 Open Loop		No test	
Diversity Performance -		tolerances	
Fading propagation		applied	
conditions 9.3.5 Closed Loop		No test	
Diversity Performance -		tolerances	
AWGN propagation		applied	
conditions		1	
9.3.6 Closed Loop		No test	
Diversity Performance - Fading propagation		tolerances applied	
conditions		αρριισα	
9.4.1 Single Link	$\underline{E_c}$ -9, -9.9 and -10 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
Performance	$I_{or}$ 3, 3.3 and 10 dB	for $E_c$	$\frac{E_c}{}$ = ratio + TT
		$\overline{I_{or}}$	$\overline{I_{or}}$
	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm		$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
		0.6 dB for	011 00
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 5 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
9.4.1A Single Link	$E_{c}$ -12 and -15.6 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
Performance - Enhanced	$I_{or}$	for $\frac{E_c}{\bar{L}}$	$\frac{E_c}{E_c}$ = ratio + TT
Performance		$I_{or}$	I <sub>or</sub>
Requirements Type 1	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
		(TT)	
9.4.2 Open loop	$E_c$ -11.6, -13.4 and -11.5 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
diversity performance	$\overline{I_{or}}$	for $\underline{E_c}$	$\frac{E_c}{E_c}$ = ratio + TT
		$I_{or}$	$I_{or}$
	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.8 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 5 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
9.4.2A Open loop	$rac{E_c}{}$ -15.2 and -16.4 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
diversity performance – Enhanced	$I_{or}$	for $\underline{E_c}$	$\underline{E_c}$ = ratio + TT
Performance		$I_{or}$	$I_{or}$
Requirements Type 1	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.8 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
9.5.1 HS-SCCH-less	$rac{E_c}{}$ -6 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
demodulation of HS- DSCH	$I_{or}$	for $E_c$	$\frac{E_c}{E_c}$ = ratio + TT
DOCIT		$I_{or}$	$I_{or}$
	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
9.5.1A HS-SCCH-less	$\underline{E_c}$ -9 dB	0.1 dB	Formulas:
demodulation of HS-	$\overline{I_{or}}$	for $\underline{E_c}$	$E_c$ = ratio + TT
DSCH, Enhanced Performance		$I_{or}$	$I_{or}$
Requirements Type 1	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged

## F.4.6 Performance requirements (E-DCH)

Table F.4.6: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests E-DCH)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
10.2.1.1 Detection of	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -35.1 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Formulas:
E-DCH HARQ ACK		HICH_Ec/lor	E-HICH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Indicator Channel (E- HICH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm		$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
Performance (10 ms	^ /	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	
TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.2.1.1A Detection of	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -38.1 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Formulas:
E-DCH HARQ ACK	, as IB	HICH_Ec/lor	E-HICH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Indicator Channel (E- HICH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
Performance (10 ms	^ /	$0.0 \text{ GB } \text{IOI} \ I_{or}/I_{oc}$	
TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.2.1.2 Detection of	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -28.3 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Same as in 10.2.1.1
E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	I CO dD	HICH_Ec/lor	
HICH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	
Performance (2 ms	â /2 0 15	$I_{or}/I_{oc}$	
TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		
10.2.1.2A Detection of	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -31.7 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Same as in 10.2.1.1
E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	I 60 dDm	HICH_Ec/lor	
HICH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	
Performance (2 ms	2 /- 2 15	$0.0 \text{ dB for } I_{or}/I_{oc}$	
TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		
10.2.2.1.1 Detection of	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -23.6 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Formulas:
E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	HICH_Ec/lor	E-HICH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
HICH) in Inter-Cell	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
handover conditions –	2 /-	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
RLS not containing the	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB		1 or 2 / 1 oc
serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.2.2.1.1A Detection	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -27.8 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Formulas:
of E-DCH HARQ ACK	L-111011_L0/101 = -27.0 db	HICH_Ec/lor	E-HICH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Indicator Channel (E-	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm		$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
HICH) in Inter-Cell		0.6 dB for	
handover conditions –	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
RLS not containing the serving E-DCH cell (10	0.17 00		0.2, 00
ms TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.2.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -16.3 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
Indicator Channel (E-	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	HICH_Ec/lor	
HICH) in Inter-Cell	1 <sub>0C</sub> = -00 dBiii	0.6 dB for	
handover conditions –	<b>→</b> /-	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	
RLS not containing the	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB		
serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	
10.2.2.1.2A Detection	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -20.6 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
of E-DCH HARQ ACK	_	HICH_Ec/lor	
Indicator Channel (E-	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.0 -10 (-	
HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions –		0.6 dB for	
RLS not containing the	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	
serving E-DCH cell (2		$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	
ms TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	• or 2 / • oc	

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
10.2.2.2.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -29.7 dB	0.1 dB for E- HICH_Ec/lor	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions –	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	
RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (10	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$egin{aligned} \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} &  ext{and} \ \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} \end{aligned}$	
ms TTI) 10.2.2.2.1A Detection	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB E-HICH_Ec/lor = -33.4 dB	0.1 dB for E-	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-	$I_{ac} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	HICH_Ec/lor	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
HICH) in Inter-Cell handover conditions –		0.6 dB for	
RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (10	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	
ms TTİ, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	
10.2.2.2.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -23.2 dB	0.1 dB for E- HICH_Ec/lor	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
Indicator Channel (E- HICH) in Inter-Cell	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	
handover conditions – RLS containing the	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	
serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	
10.2.2.2.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK	E-HICH_Ec/lor = -27.1 dB	0.1 dB for E- HICH_Ec/lor	Same as 10.2.2.1.1
Indicator Channel (E- HICH) in Inter-Cell	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	
handover conditions – RLS containing the	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	
serving E-DCH cell (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	
10.3.1.1 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor = -31 dB	0.1 dB for E- RGCH_Ec/lor	Formulas: E-RGCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
Performance (10 ms TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	- or   - oc	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.3.1.1A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor = -35 dB	0.1 dB for E- RGCH_Ec/lor	Formulas: E-RGCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
Performance (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	or i oc	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.3.1.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor = -24.4 dB	0.1 dB for for E- RGCH_Ec/lor	Same as 10.3.1.1
Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	
Performance (2 ms TTI)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	0,, 00	
10.3.1.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor = -28.6 dB	0.1 dB for for E- RGCH_Ec/lor	Same as 10.3.1.1
Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	
Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	51,	
10.3.2 Detection of E- DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor = -27.3 dB	0.1 dB for E- RGCH_Ec/lor	Formulas: E-RGCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell Handover	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
conditions	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
10.3.2A Detection of E- DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor = -31.2 dB	0.1 dB for E- RGCH_Ec/lor	Formulas: E-RGCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell Handover	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
conditions (Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.4.1 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant	E-AGCH_Ec/lor = -23.2 dB	0.1 dB for E- AGCH_Ec/lor	Formulas: E-AGCH Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Channel (E-AGCH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = ratio + TT
Performance	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		$I_{oc}$ unchanged
10.4.1A Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute	E-AGCH_Ec/lor = -26.8 dB	0.1 dB for E- AGCH_Ec/lor	Formulas: E-AGCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
Grant Channel (E- AGCH) Single Link	$I_{oc}$ = -60 dBm	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
Performance (Type 1)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		$I_{oc}$ unchanged

## F.4.7 Performance requirements (MBMS)

Table F.4.7: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests MBMS)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
11.2 Demodulation of MTCH	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -4.9, - 5.6, -8.5 dB	0.1 dB for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor ratio	Formulas: S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
			$I_{oc}$ unchanged
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	î /z matia .TT
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + TT$
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + TT$ $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + TT$
11.2A Demodulation of MTCH - Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 1	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -7.7, - 8.7, -11.5 dB	0.1 dB for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor ratio	Formulas: S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
			$I_{oc}$ unchanged
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + TT$
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + TT$
			$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio +TT}$
11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -5.6 dB	0.1 dB for S-CCPCH_Ec/lor ratio	Formulas: S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = ratio + TT
identification	Stage 1:	_	
	$ I_{oc} = -70 \text{ dB} $ $ \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = -3 \text{ dB} $		$I_{oc}$ unchanged
	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = -3 \text{ dB}$		
	$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} = -infinity$	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ = ratio +TT
		0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ = ratio +TT
	Stage 2: $I_{oc} = -73 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + TT$
	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		
	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		
	$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$		
	Stage 3:		
	$I_{oc}$ = -70 dB		
	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} = -3 \text{ dB}$		
	$\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} = -infinity$		
	$\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} = -3 \text{ dB}$		

# F.5 Acceptable uncertainty of Test Equipment (This clause is informative)

This informative clause specifies the critical parameters of the components of an overall Test System (e.g. Signal generators, Signal Analysers etc.) which are necessary when assembling a Test System that complies with clause F.1 Acceptable Uncertainty of Test System. These Test Equipment parameters are fundamental to the accuracy of the overall Test System and are unlikely to be improved upon through System Calibration.

# F.5.1 Transmitter measurements

Table F.5.1: Equipment accuracy for transmitter measurements

Test	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
5.2 Maximum Output Power	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH (Release 5 only)	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.2AA Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH (Release 6 and later)	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.2B Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH and E-DCH	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.2C UE relative code domain power accuracy	For 0 dB $\geq$ -10 dB CDP $\pm$ 0.2 dB For -10 dB $\geq$ -15 dB CDP $\pm$ 0.3 dB For -15 dB $\geq$ -20 dB CDP $\pm$ 0.4 dB	-10 to 10 dBm
5.2D UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	For 0 dB $\geq$ -10 dB CDP $\pm$ 0.2] dB For -10 dB $\geq$ -15 dB CDP $\pm$ 0.3] dB For -15 dB $\geq$ -20 dB CDP $\pm$ 0.4] dB	-10 to 10 dBm
5.3 Frequency error	± 10 Hz	0 to 500 Hz.
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	Not critical	-43.7 dBm to 25 dBm
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	±0.1 dB relative over a 1.5 dB range ±0.15 dB relative over a 3.0 dB range ±0.2 dB relative over a 4.5 dB range ±0.3 dB relative over a 26 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	Not critical	
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\frac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCCH_Ec/lor ratio	Ratio from –16.6 dB to –28 dB
5.5.1 Transmit ON/OFF Power: UE transmit OFF power	Not critical	-56 dBm (static power)
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Power: transmit ON/OFF time mask	TBD	-56 dBm (dynamic power over approx. 70 dB range)
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	±0.3 dB relative over a 9 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	Subset of 5.4.2	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.7A HS-DPCCH	±0.1 dB relative over a 1.5 dB range ±0.15 dB relative over a 3.0 dB range ±0.2 dB relative over a 4.5 dB range ±0.3 dB relative over a 26 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	±100 kHz	For results between 4 and 6 MHz?
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements
5.9B Spectrum emission mask with E-DCH	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements
5.10 ACLR	5 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for results between 40 dB and 50
	10 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	dB. 25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for results between 45 dB and 55
		dB.

5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	5 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for
		results between 40 dB and 50
	10 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	dB.
		25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for
		results between 45 dB and 55
		dB.
5.10B ACLR with E-DCH	5 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for
		results between 40 dB and 50
	10 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	dB.
		25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for
		results between 45 dB and 55
		dB.
5.11 Spurious emissions	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	±2.5 %	25 dBm to -21 dBm
	(for single code)	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with	±2.5 %	25 dBm to -21 dBm
HS-DPCCH	(for single code)	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code	±1.0dB	For readings between -10 dB to
domain error		−20 dB.
5.13.2A Relative Code Domain Error	±0.5 dB	Effective Code Domain Power >
		-30 dB
		Nominal Code Domain Power
		> -20 dB
5.13.2B Relative Code Domain Error	±0.5 dB	Effective Code Domain Power >
with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH		-30 dB
		Nominal Code Domain Power
		> -20 dB
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity	±10 Hz for Frequency error	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
	±2.5 % for EVM (for single code)	+25 dBm to -20 dBm
	6 degree for Phase discontinuity	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	±2.5 %	25 dBm to -21 dBm
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality	± 10 Hz	0 to 500 Hz.
(Frequency error)		

# F.5.2 Receiver measurements

Table F.5.2: Equipment accuracy for receiver measurements

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	Not critical	
6.3 Maximum input level:	Not critical	
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity (Rel-99 and Rel-4)	Not critical	
6.4A Adjacent channel selectivity (Rel-5 and later releases)	Not critical	
6.5 Blocking characteristics	Not critical	
6.6 Spurious Response	Not critical	
6.7 Intermod Characteristics	Not critical	
6.8 Spurious emissions	Not critical	

# F.5.3 Performance measurements

Table F.5.3: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
7.2 to 7.10	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	-2.2 to -21.8 dB

# F.5.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.5.4: Equipment accuracy for RRM

Clause	Equi	pment accuracy	Test conditions
8.2.2 to 8.7.8	any_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	
	lor//loc	±0.3 dB	
	loc1/loc2	±0.3 dB	
	loc	±1.0 dB	
	RXLEV	±1.0 dB	
	loc/ RXLEV ±0.5 dB		
8.4.2.1A Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK (Release 6 and later)	PRACH timing 6	error ±0.5 chips	±10 chips

# F.5.5 Performance measurements (HSDPA)

Table F.5.5: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements (HSDPA)

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
9.2.1A to 9.2.1I Single Link Performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	-12, -9, -6 and -3 dB
	1 or ±0.1 dB	
9.2.2A to 9.2.2D Open loop diversity	Same as 9.2.1A	Same as 9.2.1A
performance		
9.2.3A to 9.2.3D Closed loop diversity	Same as 9.2.1A	Same as 9.2.1A
performance		
9.3.1 Single Link Performance - AWGN	Same as 9.2.1A	
propagation conditions		
9.3.2 Single Link Performance - Fading	Same as 9.2.1A	
propagation conditions		
9.3.3 Open Loop Diversity Performance -	Same as 9.2.1A	
AWGN propagation conditions		
9.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance -	Same as 9.2.1A	
Fading propagation conditions		
9.3.5 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	Same as 9.2.1A	
- AWGN propagation conditions		
9.3.6 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	Same as 9.2.1A	
- Fading propagation conditions		
9.5.1 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-	Same as 9.2.1A	-6 dB
DSCH		
9.5.1A HS-SCCH-less demodulation of	Same as 9.2.1A	-9 dB
HS-DSCH, Enhanced Performance		
Requirements Type 1		

# F.5.6 Performance measurements (E-DCH)

Table F.5.6: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements (E-DCH)

Clause	Equipm	ent accuracy	Test conditions
10.2.1.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-35.1 dB
Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single Link			
Performance (10 ms TTI)			
10.2.1.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-38.3 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single			
Link Performance (10 ms TTI, Type 1)			
10.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-28.3 dB
Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single Link			
Performance (2 ms TTI)			
10.2.1.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-31.7 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) Single			
Link Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)			20015
10.2.2.1.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-23.6 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-			
Cell handover conditions – RLS not			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms TTI)			
10.2.2.1.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-27.8 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-	L-111011_L0/101	±0.1 0D	-27.0 db
Cell handover conditions – RLS not			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms			
TTI, Type 1)			
10.2.2.1.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-16.3 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-		_0 0_	10.0 42
Cell handover conditions – RLS not			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms			
TTI)			
10.2.2.1.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-20.7 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-			
Cell handover conditions – RLS not			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms			
TTI, Type 1)			
10.2.2.2.1 Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-29.7 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-			
Cell handover conditions – RLS			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms			
TTI)	E 111011 E //	0.4 ID	00.4 ID
10.2.2.2.1A Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-33.4 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-			
Cell handover conditions – RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell (10 ms			
TTI, Type 1)			
10.2.2.2.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-23.2 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-	L-111011_LC/101	±0.1 UD	-23.2 db
Cell handover conditions – RLS			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms			
TTI)			
10.2.2.2.2A Detection of E-DCH HARQ	E-HICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-27.1 dB
ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in Inter-			
Cell handover conditions – RLS			
containing the serving E-DCH cell (2 ms			
TTI, Type 1)			
10.3.1.1 Detection of E-DCH Relative	E-RGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-31 dB
Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link			
Performance (10 ms TTI)			
10.3.1.1A Detection of E-DCH Relative	E-RGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-35 dB
Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link			
Performance (10 ms TTI, Type 1)	E DOOLL E "	0.4.15	04.4.15
10.3.1.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative	E-RGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-24.4 dB
Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link			
Performance (2 ms TTI)			

10.3.1.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) Single Link	E-RGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-28.6 dB
Performance (2 ms TTI, Type 1)			
10.3.2 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant	E-RGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-27.3 dB
Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell			
Handover conditions			
10.3.2A Detection of E-DCH Relative	E-RGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-31.2 dB
Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in Inter-Cell			
Handover conditions (Type 1)			
10.4.1 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute	E-AGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-23.2 dB
Grant Channel (E-AGCH) Single Link			
Performance			
10.4.1A Demodulation of E-DCH	E-AGCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-26.8 dB
Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)			
Single Link Performance (Type 1)			

## F.5.7 Performance measurements (MBMS)

Table F.5.7.1: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements (MBMS)

Clause	Equipme	ent accuracy	Test conditions
11.2 Demodulation of MTCH	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-4.9dB, -5.6dB, -8.5dB
11.2A Demodulation of MTCH -	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-7.7dB, -8.7dB, -11.5dB
Enhanced Performance Requirements			
Type 1			
11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	-5.6dB
identification			

# F.6 General rules for statistical testing

# F.6.1 Statistical testing of receiver BER/BLER performance

#### F.6.1.1 Error Definition

1) Bit Error Ratio (BER)

The Bit Error Ratio is defined as the ratio of the bits wrongly received to all data bits sent. The bits are the information bits above the convolutional/turbo decoder

2) Block Error Ratio (BLER)

A Block Error Ratio is defined as the ratio of the number of erroneous blocks received to the total number of blocks sent. An erroneous block is defined as a Transport Block, the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) of which is wrong.

#### F.6.1.2 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Record the number of samples tested and the number of occurred events (bit error or block error)
- c) Stop the test at a stop criterion which is minimum test time or an early pass or an early fail event.
- d) Once the test is stopped decide according to the pass fail decision rules (subclause F.6.1.7)

#### F.6.1.3 Test Criteria

The test shall fulfil the following requirements:

a) good pass fail decision

- 1) to keep reasonably low the probability (risk) of passing a bad unit for each individual test;
- 2) to have high probability of passing a good unit for each individual test;
- b) good balance between testtime and statistical significance
  - 3) to perform measurements with a high degree of statistical significance;
  - 4) to keep the test time as low as possible.

## F.6.1.4 Calculation assumptions

#### F.6.1.4.1 Statistical independence

- (a) It is assumed, that error events are rare (lim BER BLER → 0) independent statistical events. However the memory of the convolutional /turbo coder is terminated after one TTI. Samples and errors are summed up every TTI. So the assumption of independent error events is justified.
- (b) In the BLER test with fading there is the memory of the multipath fading channel which interferes the statistical independence. A minimum test time is introduced to average fluctuations of the multipath fading channel. So the assumption of independent error events is justified approximately.

#### F.6.1.4.2 Applied formulas

The formulas, applied to describe the BER BLER test, are based on the following experiments:

- (1) After having observed a certain number of errors (**ne**) the number of samples are counted to calculate BER BLER. Provisions are made (note 1) such that the complementary experiment is valid as well:
- (2) After a certain number of samples (ns) the number of errors, occurred, are counted to calculate BER BLER.

Experiment (1) stipulates to use the following Chi Square Distribution with degree of freedom ne: 2\*dchisq(2\*NE,2\*ne).

Experiment (2) stipulates to use the Poisson Distribution: dpois(ne,NE)

(NE: mean of the distribution)

To determine the early stop conditions, the following inverse cumulative operation is applied:

0.5 \* qchisq(D,2\*ne). This is applicable for experiment (1) and (2).

D: wrong decision risk per test step

Note: other inverse cumulative operations are available, however only this is suited for experiment (1) and (2).

#### F.6.1.4.3 Approximation of the distribution

The test procedure is as follows:

During a running measurement for a UE ns (number of samples) and ne (number of errors) are accumulated and from this the preliminary BER BLER is calculated. Then new samples up to the next error are taken. The entire past and the new samples are basis for the next preliminary BER BLER. Depending on the result at every step, the UE can pass, can fail or must continue the test.

As early pass- and early fail-UEs leave the statistical totality under consideration, the experimental conditions are changed every step resulting in a distribution that is truncated more and more towards the end of the entire test. Such a distribution can not any more be handled analytically. The unchanged distribution is used as an approximation to calculate the early fail and early pass bounds.

## F.6.1.5 Definition of good pass fail decision.

This is defined by the probability of wrong decision F at the end of the test. The probability of a correct decision is 1-F.

The probability (risk) to fail a good DUT shall be  $\leq$  F according to the following definition: A DUT is failed, accepting a probability of  $\leq$  F that the DUT is still better than the specified error ratio (Test requirement).

The probability to pass a bad DUT shall be  $\leq$  F according to the following definition: A DUT is passed, accepting a probability of  $\leq$  F that the DUT is still worse than M times the specified error ratio. (M>1 is the bad DUT factor).

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This definitions lead to an early pass and an early fail limit:

Early fail: ber≥ berlim<sub>fail</sub>

$$ber \lim_{fail} (D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne}{qchisq(D, 2 * ne)}$$
 (1)

For ne≥ 7

Early pass: ber ≤berlimbad<sub>pass</sub>

$$ber \lim bad_{pass}(D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne * M}{qchisq(1 - D, 2 * ne)}$$
(2)

For ne  $\geq 1$ 

With

ber (normalized BER,BLER): BER,BLER according to F.6.1.1 divided by Test requirement

D: wrong decision probability for a test step. This is a numerically evaluated fraction of F, the wrong decision probability at the end of the test. See table F.6.1.6.1.

ne: Number of error events

M: bad DUT factor see table F.6.1.6.1.

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi squared distribution

## F.6.1.6 Good balance between testtime and statistical significance

Three independent test parameters are introduced into the test and shown in Table F.6.1.6.1. These are the obvious basis of test time and statistical significance. From the first two of them four dependent test parameters are derived. The third independent test parameter is justified separately.

Table F.6.1.6.1 independent and dependent test parameters

Independe	dependent test parameters		Dependent test parameters		
Test Parameter	Value	Reference	Test parameter	Value	Reference
Bad DUT factor M	1.5	Table F.6.1.8	Early pass/fail condition	Curves	Subclause F.6.1.5 Figure 6.1.9
Final probability of wrong pass/fail decision F	0.2% 0.02%, note 2	Subclause F.6.1.5	Target number of error events	345	Table 6.1.8
			Probability of wrong pass/fail decision per test step D	0.0085% 0.0008% and 0.008%, note 2	
			Test limit factor TL	1.234]	Table 6.1.8
Minimum test time		Table F.6.1.6.2			

The minimum test time is derived from the following justification:

1) For no propagation conditions and static propagation condition

No early fail calculated from fractional number of errors <1 (see note 1)

2) For multipath fading condition

No stop of the test until 990 wavelengths are crossed with the speed given in the fading profile.

3) For birth death propagation conditions

No stop of the test until 200 birth death transitions occur

4) For moving propagation conditions: 628 sec

This is necessary in order to pass all potential critical points in the moving propagation profile 4 times:

Maximum rake window

Maximum adjustment speed

Intersection of moving taps

5) For high speed train conditions

This corresponds 4 complete cycles of approach and leave to and from a BS antenna.

Table F.6.1.6.2: minimum Test time

Fading profile	Minimum test time
Multipath propagation 3 km/h	164 sec
Multipath propagation 50 km/h	9.8 sec
Multipath propagation 120 km/h	4.1 sec
Multipath propagation 250 km/h	2 sec
Birth Death propagation	38.2 sec
Moving propagation	628 sec
High speed train conditions	28.8 sec

In table F.6.1.8 the minimum test time is converted in minimum number of samples.

#### F.6.1.7 Pass fail decision rules

No decision is allowed before the minimum test time is elapsed.

1) If minimum Test time < time for target number of error events then the following applies: The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at an early pass or early fail event.

For BER:

For every TTI (Transmit Time Interval) sum up the number of bits (ns) and the number if errors (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BER<sub>1</sub> (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

BER<sub>0</sub> (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If BER<sub>0</sub> is above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

If BER<sub>1</sub> is below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

For BLER:

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BLER<sub>1</sub> (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

BLER<sub>0</sub> (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If BLER<sub>1</sub> is below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

If BLER<sub>0</sub> is above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

2) If the minimum test time ≥ time for target error events, then the test runs for the minimum test time and the decision is done by comparing the result with the test limit.

#### For BER:

For every TTI (Transmit Time Interval) sum up the number of bits (ns) and the number if errors (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate  $BER_0$ 

#### For BLER:

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate  $BLER_0$ 

If BER<sub>0</sub>/BLER<sub>0</sub> is above the test limit, fail the DUT.

If BER<sub>0</sub>/BLER<sub>0</sub> is on or below the test limit, pass the DUT.

## F.6.1.8 Test conditions for BER, BLER, RLC SDU Error Rate tests

Table F.6.1.8: Test conditions for a single BER/BLER tests

Type of test (BER)	Test requirement (BER/BLER)	Test limit (BER/BLER) = Test requirement (BER/BLER) x TL TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit BER/BLE R factor M
Reference Sensitivity Level	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Maximum Input Level	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Adjacent Channel Selectivity	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Blocking Characteristics Pass condition Note 2	0.001	1.251	403 (26.4s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Blocking Characteristics Fail condition Note 2	0.001	1.251	403 (26.4s)	Note 1	0.02	1.5
Spurious Response	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Intermodulation Characteristics	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
HS-SCCH Detection	0.05	1.234	345 (34s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Performance	0.01	1.234	345 (168s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5

Table F.6.1.8-2: Test conditions for BLER tests

Type of test (BLER)	Information Bit rate	Test requirement (BER/BLER)	Test limit (BER/B LER)= Test require ment (BER/B LER)x TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that bad unit will pass = Prob that good unit will fail [%]	Bad unit BER/BL ER factor M
Damadulation			<b>TL</b> 1.234	245	Noted	0.0	4.5
Demodulation in Static Propagation conditions	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	Note1	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Multi-path Fading Propagation conditions							
3km/h (Case 1, Case	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s)	8200	0.2	1.5
2, Case 4)	64	0.1		(55.92s)	8200		
	144	0.01 0.1 0.01		(559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s)	8200 8200 8200		
	384	0.1 0.01		(27.96s) (279.58s)	16400 16400		
120 km/h (Case3)	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	205 205 205 205 205 205 410 410	0.2	1.5
250 km/h (Case 6)	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	100 100 100 100 100 200 200	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions	12.2 64	0.01 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16)	31400 31400	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions	12.2 64	0.01 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (559.16s)	1910 1910	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in high speed train conditions	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s)	1440	0.2	1.5

Demodulation of DCH in Base Station Transmit diversity modes (3 km/h, case1)	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s)	8200	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode (3 km/h,	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s)	8200	0.2	1.5
case1) Mode 1 Mode 2	12.2	0.01		(559.16s)	8200		
Demodulation of DCH in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control mode	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16)	8200	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover (120 km/h, case3)	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	205 205 205 205 205 205 410 410	0.2	1.5
Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, initial convergence				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, wind up effects				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, different transport formats				Not applicable			
Downlink compressed mode				Not applicable			

Blind transport format					345			
detection	Static 12.2 7.95 1.95 Multipath 12.2 7.95 1.98	BLER 10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup>	FDR 10 <sup>-4</sup> 10 <sup>-4</sup> 10 <sup>-4</sup> 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.234	BLER FDR 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min	Note 1 Note 1 Note 1 205 205 205	0.2	1.5

Table F.6.1.8-3: Test conditions for RLC SDU Error Rate (SDU ER) tests

Type of test (SDU ER)	Test requirement (SDU ER)	Test limit (SDU ER)= Test requirement (SDU ER)x TL TL	Target number of error events	Minimum number of samples	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit SDU ER factor M
Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN inter-frequency and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list	0.04	1.236	the Cell resele and its test dura the test duration During the cell r test more so necessary f significance are SDU ER test. (a Hence, after fir delay test, the decided agains	NA  It is embedded in ction delay test tion depends on of the delay test. eselection delay amples than or statistical generated in the pprox factor 50). halisation of the SDU ER test is set the test limit: 16=0.0495	5%	1.5

## F.6.1.9 Practical Use (informative)

See figure F.6.1.9:

The early fail limit represents formula (1) in F.6.1.5. The range of validity is  $ne \ge 7$ ,  $\ge 8$  in case of blocking test to ne = 345

The early pass limit represents the formula (2) in F.6.1.5. The range of validity is ne=1 to ne =345. See note 1

The intersection co-ordinates of both curves are: number of errors ne = 345 and test limit TL = 1.234.

The range of validity for TL is ne>345.

A typical BER BLER test, calculated form the number of samples and errors (F.6.1.2.(b)) using experimental method (1) or (2) (see F.6.1.4. calculation assumptions) runs along the yellow trajectory. With an errorless sample the trajectory goes down vertically. With an erroneous sample it jumps up right. The tester checks if the BER BLER test intersects the early fail or early pass limits. The real time processing can be reduced by the following actions:

 $BLER_0$  (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)). is calculated only in case of an error event.

BER<sub>0</sub> (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)). is calculated only in case of an error event within a TTI.

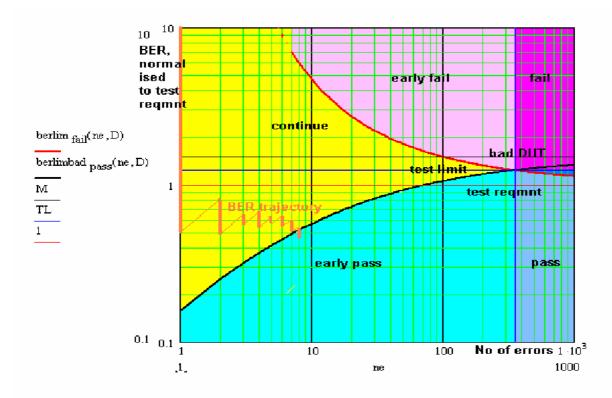
So the early fail limit cannot be missed by errorless samples.

The check against the early pass limit may be done by transforming formula (2) in F.6.1.5 such that the tester checks against a  $\underline{L}$ imit- $\underline{N}$ umber-of-samples (NL(ne)) depending on the current number of errors (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

Early pass if

$$NL(ne) \ge \frac{qchisq(1-D,2*ne)}{2*TR*M}$$

TR: test requirement (0.001)



**Figure F.6.1.9** 

Note 1: At the beginning of the test, an artificial error is introduced. This ensures that an ideal DUT meets the valid range of the early pass limit. In addition this ensures that the complementary experiment (F.6.1.4. bullet point (2)) is applicable as well.

For the check against the early fail limit the artificial erroneous sample, introduced at the beginning of the test, is disregarded.

Due to the nature of the test, namely discrete error events, the early fail condition shall not be valid, when fractional errors <1 are used to calculate the early fail limit: Any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne  $\geq 7$ . In the blocking test any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne  $\geq 8$ .

Note2: F= 0.2% is intended to be used for a test containing a few BER/BLER tests (e.g. receiver sensitivity is repeated 12 times). For a test containing many BER/BLER tests (e.g. blocking test) this value is not appropriate for a single BER/BLER test.

The blocking test contains approx. 12750 single BER tests. A DUT on the limit will fail approx. 25 to 26 times due to statistical reasons (wrong decision probability at the end of the test F=0.2~%). 24 fails are allowed in the blocking test but they are reserved for spurious responses. This shall be solved by the following rule:

All passes (based on F=0.2%) are accepted, including the wrong decisions due to statistical reasons.

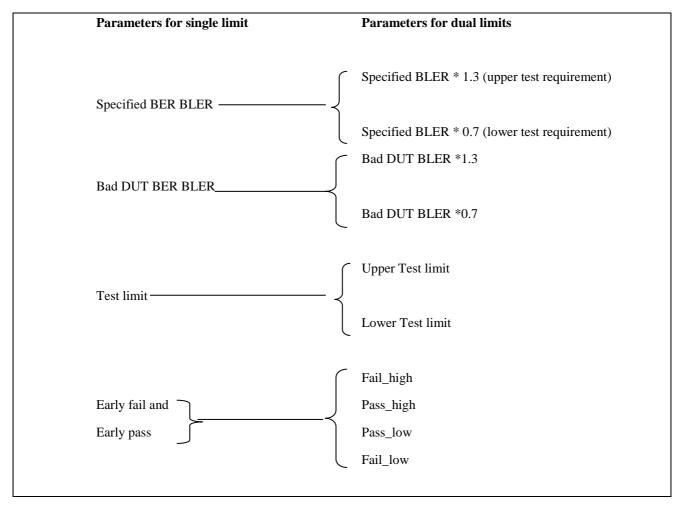
An early fail limit based on F=0.02% instead of 0.2% is established, that ensures that wrong decisions due to statistical reasons are reduced to 2 to 3.

These asymmetric test conditions ensure that a DUT on the test limit consumes hardly more test time for a blocking test than in the symmetric case and on the other hand discriminates sufficiently between statistical fails and spurious response cases.

#### F.6.1.10 Dual limit BLER tests

This annex is applicable for subclause 7.8.1 and 7.8.1A Power control in the downlink constant BLER target, subclause 7.8.4 Power control in the downlink, different transport formats and subclause 7.9 Downlink compressed mode. In this tests the BLER shall stay between two limits.

Table F.6.1.10. Parameters for single and dual limit BLER



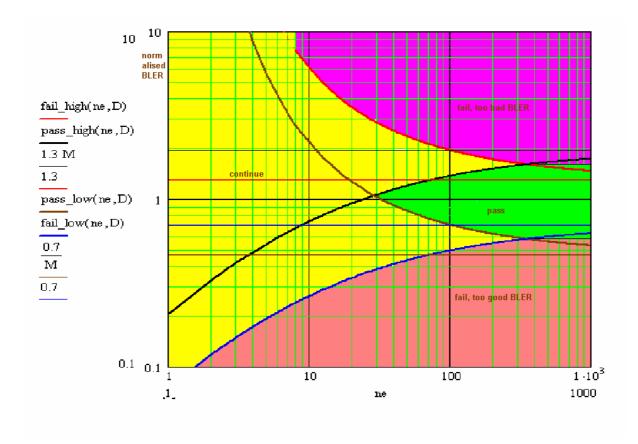


Figure F.6.1.10: Dual limit BLER

#### F.6.1.10.1 Description of the parameters for dual limit BLER tests

(refer figure F.6.1.10)

#### The origin

1 (black horizontal line in the centre): this is the normalised origin BLER

#### The assymptotes

- 1.3 (red horizontal line): this is the specified upper limit of the range (BLER +30%) (upper test requirement)
- 0.7(blue horizontal line): this is the specified lower limit of the range (BLER-30%)(lower test requirement)
- 1.3\*M (black horizontal line): this is M times the specified upper limit of the range (Bad DUT BLER)
- 0.7/M (brown horizontal line): this is 1/M times the specified lower limit. (Bad DUT BLER)

#### The pass/fail limits

Fail\_high (bold red curve ):

Definition: A momentary BLER value above this curve is with high probability above the specified upper limit: BLER +30%.

Verdict: Above: Fail due to bad BLER

Below: continue

It approaches towards 1.3(red).

Validity range 7< errors <345.

Formula:

$$fail\_high(ne, D) := 2 \cdot \frac{ne \cdot 1.3}{qchisq(D, 2 \cdot ne)}$$

Fail\_low (bold blue curve):

Definition: A momentary BLER value below this curve is with high probability below the specified lower limit: BLER -30%).

Verdict: Above: continue

Below: Fail due to too good BLER

It approaches towards 0.7(blue).

Validity range  $1 \le \text{errors} < 343$ .

Formula:

$$fail\_low(ne\,,D) := 2 \cdot \frac{ne \cdot 0.7}{qchisq\,(1-D,2 \cdot ne)}$$

Pass\_high (bold black curve):

Definition: a momentary BLER value on and below this curve is with high probability below M times the specified upper limit.

Verdict: Above: continue

Below: pass for ne  $\geq 29$ 

continue for ne < 29

It approaches 1.3\*M(black).

Validity range  $1 \le \text{errors} < 345$ .

Formula:

pass\_high (ne, D) := 
$$2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne}}{\text{qchisq}(1 - D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})} \cdot M \cdot 1.3$$

Pass\_low (bold brown curve):

Definition: a momentary BLER value on and above this curve is with high probability above 1/M times the specified lower limit of the range.

Verdict: Above: pass for  $ne \ge 29$ ,

continue for ne < 29

Below: continue

It approaches 0.7/M(brown).

Validity range 7< errors <343.

$$pass\_low (ne, D) := 2 \cdot \frac{ne \cdot \frac{0.7}{M}}{qchisq(D, 2 \cdot ne)}$$

Legende formulas:

D: wrong decision risk per test step: 0.000085

M: bad DUT factor: 1.5

ne: number of errors

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi square function

Upper test limit (boarder between pink and green)1.3\*1.234 = 1.6

Validity range:  $345 \le \text{errors}$ .

Verdict: Above: fail due to bad BLER

Below: pass

Lower test limit (boarder between green and orange) 0.7/1.234 = 0.567

Validity range:  $343 \le \text{errors}$ 

Verdict: Above: pass

Below: fail due to too good BLER

The intersection co-ordinates:

Fail\_high (bold red curve ) and Pass\_high (bold black curve):

Upper target number of errors (345) and upper test limit: 1.3\* 1.234

Fail\_low (bold blue curve) and Pass\_high (bold black curve):

Lower target number of errors (343) and lower test limit: 0.7 / 1.234

Pass\_high (bold black curve) and Pass\_low (bold brown curve)

Minimum number of errors (29) and optimum normalised BLER (1.049)

The ranges:

Range(pink): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is failed due to too high BLER.

Range (orange): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is failed due to too low BLER.

Range (yellow): in this range the measurement is undecided and must be continued.

Range (green): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is passed. No final BLER result is achieved.

#### F.6.1.10.2 Pass fail decision rules

No decision is allowed before the minimum test time (Table F.6.1.6.2) has elapsed

1) If minimum Test time < time for target number of error events then the following applies: The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability, Table F.6.1.6.2) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at

fail\_high

pass\_high

pass\_low

fail\_low

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BLER<sub>1</sub> (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1, F.6.1.9))and

BLER<sub>0</sub> (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1, F.6.1.9)).

If BLER<sub>0</sub> is above *fail\_high*, fail the test due to too bad BLER

If BLER<sub>1</sub> is below fail\_low, fail the test due to too good BLER

If BLER<sub>0</sub> is on or below fail high and if BLER<sub>1</sub> is above pass high, continue the test

If  $BLER_0$  is below pass\_low and if  $BLER_1$  is above or on fail low, continue the test

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If BLER<sub>1</sub> is below or on pass\_high and if BLER<sub>0</sub> is on or above pass\_low, pass the test

2) If the minimum test time ≥ time for target error events, then the test runs for the minimum test time and the decision is done by comparing the result with the upper and lower test limit.

If BLER<sub>0</sub> is above the upper test limit, fail the DUT due to too bad BLER

If BLER<sub>1</sub> is below the lower test limit, fail the DUT due to too good BLER

If BLER<sub>0</sub> is on or below the upper test limit and if BLER<sub>1</sub> is on or above the lower test limit, pass the DUT

#### F.6.1.10.3 Test conditions for dual limit BLER tests

Table F.6.1.10.3 Test conditions for dual limit BLER tests

Type of test (BLER)	Data rate, Propagation condition	Test requirement (BLER)	Test limit = Test requirement * TL TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that a good unit will fail = prob that a bad unit will pass: F[%]	Bad unit factor M
Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target	12.2 kbit/s, 3km/h (case4)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5
Downlink compressed mode	12.2kbit/s, 3km/h (case 2)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5
Power control in the downlink, different transport formats	12.2 kbit/s, 3km/h 0 kbit/s, 3km/h (case 4)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5

# F.6.2 Statistical testing of RRM delay performance

#### F.6.2.1 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Measure the delay repeated times. Start each repetition after sufficient time, such that each delay test is independent from the previous one. The delay-times, measured, are simplified to:
  - a good delay, if the measured delay is  $\leq$  limit.
  - a bad delay, if the measured delay is > limit
- c) Record the number of delays (ns), tested, and the number of bad delays (ne)
- d) Stop the test at an early pass or an early fail event.

e) Once the test is stopped, decide according to the pass fail decision rules (subclause F.6.2.7)

## F.6.2.2 Bad Delay Ratio (ER)

The Bad Delay Ratio (ER) is defined as the ratio of bad delays (ne) to all delays (ns). (1-ER is the success ratio)

#### F.6.2.3 Test Criteria

The test shall fulfil the following requirements:

- a) good pass fail decision
  - 1) to keep reasonably low the probability (risk) of passing a bad unit for each individual test;
  - 2) to have high probability of passing a good unit for each individual test;
- b) good balance between test-time and statistical significance
  - 3) to perform measurements with a high degree of statistical significance;
  - 4) to keep the test time as low as possible.

#### F.6.2.4 Calculation assumptions

#### F.6.2.4.1 Statistical independence

It is arranged by test conditions, that bad delays are independent statistical events.

#### F.6.2.4.2 Applied formulas

The specified ER is 10% in most of the cases. This stipulates to use the binomial distribution to describe the RRM delay statistics. With the binomial distribution optimal results can be achieved. However the inverse cumulative operation for the binomial distribution is not supported by standard mathematical tools. The use of the Poisson or Chi Square Distribution requires  $ER \rightarrow 0$ . Using one of this distributions instead of the binomial distribution gives sub-optimal results in the conservative sense: a pass fail decision is done later than optimal and with a lower wrong decision risk than predefined.

The formulas, applied to describe the RRM delay statistics test, are based on the following experiment:

- (1) After having observed a certain number of bad delays (**ne**) the number of all delays (**ns**) are counted to calculate ER. Provisions are made (note 1) such that the complementary experiment is valid as well:
- (2) After a certain number of delays (ns) the number of bad delays (ne), occurred, are counted to calculate ER.

Experiment (1) stipulates to use the Chi Square Distribution with degree of freedom ne: 2\*dchisq(2\*NE,2\*ne).

Experiment (2) stipulates to use the Poisson Distribution: dpois(ne,NE)

(NE: mean value of the distribution)

To determine the early stop conditions, the following inverse cumulative operation is applied:

0.5 \* qchisq(D,2\*ne) for experiment (1) and (2)

D: wrong decision risk per test step

Note: Other inverse cumulative operations are available, however only this is suited for experiment (1) and (2).

#### F.6.2.4.3 Approximation of the distribution

The test procedure is as follows:

During a running measurement for a UE ns (Number of Delays) and ne (Number of bad delays) are accumulated and from this the preliminary ER is calculated. Then new samples up to the next bad delay are taken. The entire past and

the new samples are basis for the next preliminary ER. Depending on the result at every step, the UE can pass, can fail or must continue the test.

As early pass- and early fail-UEs leave the statistical totality under consideration, the experimental conditions are changed every step resulting in a distribution that is truncated more and more towards the end of the entire test. Such a distribution can not any more be handled analytically. The unchanged distribution is used as an approximation to calculate the early fail and early pass bounds.

## F.6.2.5 Definition of good pass fail decision

This is defined by the probability of wrong decision F at the end of the test. The probability of a correct decision is 1- F.

The probability (risk) to fail a good DUT shall be  $\leq$  F according to the following definition: A DUT is failed, accepting a probability of  $\leq$  F that the DUT is still better than the specified bad delay ratio (Test requirement).

The probability (risk) to pass a bad DUT shall be  $\leq$  F according to the following definition: A DUT is passed, accepting a probability of  $\leq$  F that the DUT is still worse than M times the specified bad delay ratio. (M>=1 is the bad DUT factor).

This definitions lead to an early pass and an early fail limit:

Early fail: er≥ er**lim**<sub>fail</sub>

$$er \lim_{fail} (D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne}{qchisq(D, 2 * ne)}$$
(1)

For ne > 5

Early pass: er ≤ er**lim**bad<sub>pass</sub>

$$er \lim_{bad_{pass}} (D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne * M}{qchisq(1 - D, 2 * ne)}$$
(2)

For ne  $\geq 1$ 

With

er (normalized ER): ER according to F.6.2.2 divided by specified ER

D: wrong decision probability for a test step . This is a numerically evaluated fraction of F, the wrong decision probability at the end of the test. see table F.6.2.6.1

ne: Number of bad delays

M: bad DUT factor see table F.6.2.6.1

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi squared distribution

## F.6.2.6 Good balance between test-time and statistical significance

Two independent test parameters are introduced into the test and shown in Table F.6.2.6.1. These are the obvious basis of test time and statistical significance. From them four dependent test parameters are derived.

Table F.6.2.6 independent and dependent test parameters

Independe	Independent test parameters			Dependent test parameters			
Test Parameter	Value	Reference	Test parameter	Value	Reference		
Bad DUT factor M	1.5	Table F.6.1.8	Early pass/fail condition	Curves	Subclause F.6.2.5 Figure 6.2.9		
Final probability of wrong pass/fail	5%	Table F.6.2.8	Target number of bad delays	154	Table 6.2.8		
decision F			Probability of wrong pass/fail decision per test step D	0.6 %			
			Test limit factor TL	1.236]	Table 6.2.8		

#### F.6.2.7 Pass fail decision rules

The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at an early pass or early fail event. Sum up the number of all delays (ns) and the number of bad delays from the beginning of the test and calculate:

ER<sub>1</sub> (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

ER<sub>0</sub> (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If ER<sub>0</sub> is on or above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

If ER<sub>1</sub> is on or below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

# F.6.2.8 Test conditions for RRM delay tests, Combining of TPC commands test 1, Demodulation of Paging channel and Detection of acquisition indicator tests.

Table F.6.2.8: Test conditions for a single RRM delay tests, Combining of TPC commands test 1, Demodulation of Paging channel and Detection of Acquisition indicator tests.

			l —			
Type of test	Test requirement Delay (s)	Test requirement (ER= 1- success ratio)	Testlimit(ER )= Test requirement (ER)x TL TL	Target number of bad delays	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit factor M
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1 Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for power control sequence.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets Test 1 and Test 2. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for power control sequence.	Not applicable	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH) Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for procedure step 4.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.12 Detection of Acquisition indicatior (AI). Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.12. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for procedure steps 5, 6 and 12.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.2 Cell recelection	8	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.1 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 1	27.9	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.2 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 2	9.6	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.3 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 3	39.6	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.4 FDD/TDD Cell reselection	8	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft handover	NA					

8.3.2 FDD FDD Hard Handover						
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra	110 ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
frequency cell						
8.3.2.2 Handover to	140ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
interfrequency cell						
8.3.4 UTRAN to GSM HandOver	100 ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.6.3 Cell re-selection during an	4.65 s	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
MBMS session, one UTRAN inter-						
frequency and 2 GSM cells						
present in the neighbour list						
8.3.8 Serving HS-DSCH cell	75 ms, 85	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
change	ms					
8.4.3. Transport format	140ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
combination selection in UE.	(see					
	8.4.3.1.4.2					
8.4.4.1: 10 ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC	step 7) 50ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
restriction	501115	0.1	1.230	154	5	1.5
8.4.4.2: 2 ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC	31ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
restriction	31113	0.1	1.230	154	3	1.5
8.6.2.2 correct reporting of	[13.9 s]	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
neighbours in fading propagation	( see	0.1	1.200	101	Ü	1.0
condition.	procedure					
	8.6.2.2.4.2					
	step 8.)					
8.6.2.3 correct reporting of	[1.78 s]	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
neighbours in fading propagation	( see					
condition using TGL1=14.	procedure					
	8.6.2.3.4.2					
	step 8.)					
8.7.3 AGSM Carrier SSI Note: The	Not	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
theory of statistical testing of RRM	applicable					
delay performance in clause F.6.2						
is applied for test case 8.7.3A.						
The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio in						
procedure step 7						
8.7.9 UE Transmission Power	Not	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
Headroom. Note: The theory of	applicable	0.1	1.200	15-	3	1.0
statistical testing of RRM delay	applicable					
performance in clause F.6.2 is						
applied for test case 8.7.9. The						
success ratio for delay is replaced						
by the success ratio in procedure						
step 7						

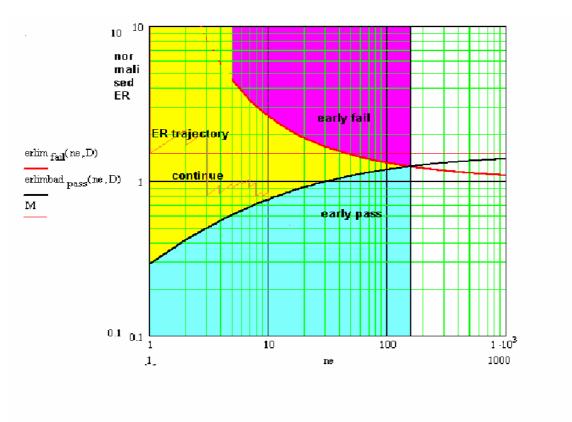
## F.6.2.9 Practical Use (informative)

See figure F.6.2.9:

The early fail limit represents formula (1) in F.6.2.5. The range of validity is  $ne \ge 5$  to ne = 154

The early pass limit represents the formula (2) in F.6.2.5. The range of validity is ne=1 to ne=154. See note 1. The intersection co-ordinates of both curves are: target number of bad delays ne=154 and test limit TL=1.236.

A typical delay test, calculated form the number of samples and errors (F.6.2.2) using experimental method (1) or (2) (see F.6.2.4.2. calculation assumptions) runs along the yellow trajectory. With an good delay the trajectory goes down vertically. With a bad delay it jumps up right. The tester checks if the ER test intersects the early fail or early pass limits.



**Figure F.6.2.9** 

Note 1: At the beginning of the test, an artificial bad delay is introduced. This ensures that an ideal DUT meets the valid range of the early pass limit. In addition this ensures that the complementary experiment (F.6.2.4.2. bullet point (2)) is applicable as well. For the check against the early fail limit the artificial bad delay sample, introduced at the beginning of the test, is disregarded.

Due to the nature of the test, namely discrete bad delay events, the early fail condition shall not be valid, when fractional bad delays <1 are used to calculate the early fail limit: Any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne  $\geq 5$ .

# F.6.3 Statistical Testing of HSDPA Receiver Performance

#### F.6.3.1 Definition

Information Bit Throughput R:

The measured information bit throughput R is defined as the sum (in kilobits) of the information bit payloads (excluding the 24-bit HS-DSCH CRC) successfully received during the test interval, divided by the duration of the test interval (in seconds).

## F.6.3.2 Mapping throughput to block error ratio

- a) In measurement practice the UE indicates successfully received information bit payload by signalling an ACK to the SS.
  - If payload is received, but damaged and cannot be decoded, the UE signals a NACK.
- b) Only the ACK and NACK signals, not the data bits received, are accessible to the SS. The number of bits is known in the SS from knowledge of what payload was sent.

- c) For fixed reference channel the number of bits in a TTI is fixed during one test.
- d) The time in the measurement interval is composed of successful TTIs (ACK), unsuccessful TTIs (NACK) and DTX-TTIs.
- e) DTX-TTIs occur regularly according to the H-set. (regDTX). In real live this is the time when other UEs are served. regDTX vary from test to test but are fixed within the test.
- f) Additional DTX-TTIs occur statistically when the UE is not responding ACK or NACK where it should. (statDTX)

This may happen when the UE was not expecting data or decided that the data were not intended for it.

The pass / fail decision is done by observing the:

- number of NACKs
- number of ACKs and
- number of statDTXs (regDTX is implicitly known to the SS)

The ratio (NACK + statDTX) / (NACK+ statDTX +ACK) is the Bock Error Ratio BLER. Taking into account the time consumed by the ACK-, NACK-, and DTX-TTIs (regular and statistical), BLER can be mapped unambiguously to throughput for any single FRC test.

#### F.6.3.3 Bad DUT factor

Note:

Data throughput in a communication system is of statistical nature and must be measured and decided pass or fail. The specified limit of throughput related to the ideal throughput in different throughput tests is in the range of a few % to near 100%. To make it comparable with BER, we define the complement of the relative throughput: BLER as defined above. Complementary this is in the range of near 100% down to a few % For e.g. BLER = 1%, the currently in BER BLER used Bad DUT factor M=1.5 is highly meaningful. For e.g. BLER = 99%, the currently used M=1.5 obviously meaningless.

An appropriate definition of the bad DUT factor is illustrated in figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor.

It illustrates how to find the Bad BLER when the nominal BLER is given.

- 1) In the range 0%< nominal BLER>10% the Bad DUT factor is constant 1.5
- 2) In the range 90% < bad BLER>100% it decreases to 1. (symmetrical to (1))
- 3) The range in between is interpolated by an arc section.

The example shows: nominal BLER=35,6%  $\rightarrow$  bad BLER=47.67.5%  $\rightarrow$  M=1.34

(blue mapping)

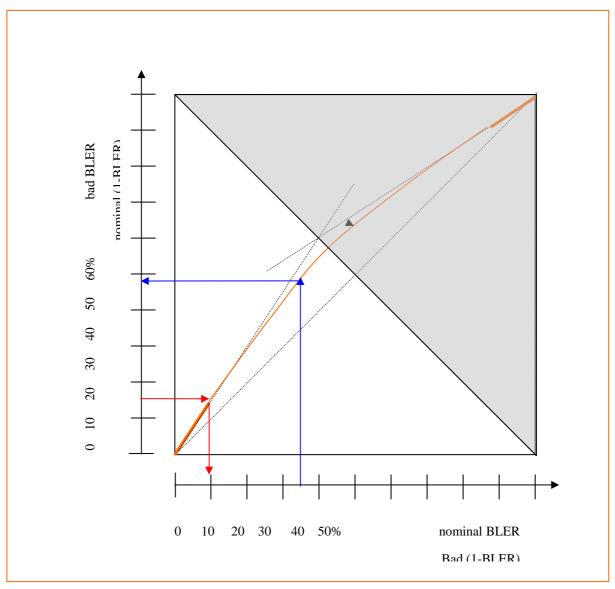


Figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor

Formula:

For 0 < BLER <= 0.1 M = 1.5

$$M(BLER) := \frac{\sqrt{r^2 - (BLER - 2.35)^2}}{BLER} - \frac{1.35}{BLER}$$
 For 0.1 

For 0.9 <= BLER < 1 M(BLER)= 2/3BLER + 1/3

With BLER: nominal Block Error Ratio (0<BLER<1)

With r = 2.70415 (Radius of the arc)

#### F.6.3.3.1 Bad DUT factor, range of applicability

Inaccuracy is one practical reason to avoid the grey shaded area of figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor. For BLER near 1 the Bad DUT factor M is near 1. For M=1,exactly, the pass and fail criteria do not intersect. The test never is finalised.

For M near 1 the pass and fail criteria exhibit a very smooth intersection. In addition the binomial distribution and its inverse are of discrete nature. Therefore the test limit and the number of samples is calculable only very ambiguous.

It is proposed to apply the bad DUT factor only in the not shaded area of figure F.6.3.3.

This is done by the following:

BLER mode:

Use BLER as defined above in the range of 0 to 50%, use M >1 as defined above.

The Test Limit will be > the Test Requirement in the table F.6.3.5. below.

Relative Throughput mode:

If BLER is in the range 50 to 100%, use 1-BLER instead. Use m<1 instead of M.

1-BLER is the relative throughput with respect to the ideal throughput.

As a consequence, the Test Limit < Test Requirement

Formula for m:

For  $0 < (1-BLER) \le 0.15 \text{ m} = 1/1.5$ 

For 0.15 <(1-BLER) <.85 
$$m := \frac{2.35 - \sqrt{r^2 - [(1 - BLER) + 1.35]^2}}{(1 - BLER)}$$

In the figure F.6.3.3: this is represented by the red mapping.

The tables F.6.3.5. below distinguishe between m and M.

#### F.6.3.4 Minimum Test time

Same as with BER BLER there is a minimum test time is necessary for multipath fading profiles with the same justification:

Table F.6.3.5 Applicability and characteristics of the Tables F.6.3.5.1 to F.6.3.5.4.8

profile	Minimum Test time
PA3, PB3	164s
VA30, Case 8	16.4s
VA 120	4.1s

The purpose of tables F.6.3.5.1 to F.6.3.5.4 is to decide throughput pass or fail.

(the Ior/Ioc levels are only for reference)

Meaning of a decision:

- A passed DUT is not worse than a Bad DUT with 95% confidence level.
- A failed DUT is not better than a Limit DUT with 95% confidence level.

The minimum Test Time is

1) the minimum test time due to statistical reasons

( To ensure the confidence level, the test must be continued until a certain number of samples (NACK+ statDTX+ACK) is reached.)

2) the minimum test time due to multipath fading.

The longer test time applies. It is marked in table F.6.3.5. which one applies.

Statistical independence:

If a process works within an incremental redundancy sequence, the samples are not independent. The incremental redundancy sequence for every process must be finalised, successfully or unsuccessfully, on or beyond the minimum test time.

Then the BLER (or 1-BLER) is compared with the Test Limit to decide pass or fail.

Note: It is FFS, if correlation within groups of retransmissions may influence the confidence level of the test.

#### Formula:

The theory, to derive the minimum number of samples and the Test Limit, takes into consideration that BLER is in the range of near 0% to near 100%. Hence it is based on the binomial distribution and its inverse cumulative function: qbinom:

For the BLER test mode:

```
ne_{low} = qbinom(D, ns, M*BLER_{limit}) (1)
```

$$ne_{high} = qbinom(1-D,ns,BLER_{limit})$$
 (2)

given: 1-D: confidence level= 95%

BLER<sub>limit</sub>=Block error ratio at the limit

M: Bad DUT factor >1

Input: ns: number of samples (NACK+ statDTX + ACK)

Output ne: number of events (NACK+ statDTX)

The intersection of (1) and (2) is the Test Limit with the coordinates: ns and ne

For the Relative Throughput test mode:

$$ne_{low} = qbinom(D,ns,1-BLER_{limit})$$
 (3)

$$ne_{high} = qbinom(1-D,ns,m*(1-BLER_{limit}))$$
 (4)

given: 1-D: confidence level= 95%

1-BLER<sub>limit</sub>= Relative Throughtput at the limit

m: Bad DUT factor <1

Input: ns: number of samples (NACK+ statDTX + ACK)

Output ne: number of events (ACK)

The intersection of (3) and (4) is the Test Limit with the coordinates: ns and ne

- Note 1: In contrast to BER BLER test, this approach does not contain any test time optimisation. (early pass, early fail)
- Note 2: The intersection of (3) and (4) above is a multipoint intersection due to the discrete nature of those curves. Thus, the specific interesection point used for the test limit is a subjective decision about the interesection point. In all cases, the interesection point was chosen such that it fell in the middle of the set of intersections of curves (3) and (4) above.

Nomenclature used in the tables F.6.3.5... below:

- NACK+ statDTX + ACK is summarised as No of samples
- NACK+ statDTX is summarised as No of errors
- ACK is summarised as No of successes

- In the BLER (BL) test mode the ratio: No of errors/ No of samples is recorded. In this mode a pass is below the test limit
- In the Relative Throughput (RT) test mode (1-BLER) the ratio: No of successes/ No of samples is recorded. In this mode a pass is above the test limit
- The test mode, used, is indicated in the rightmost column with BL or RT
- The transition from the BL to the RT test mode can also be seen in the column relative test requirement: BLER% → (1-BLER%)
- The generic term for No of errors (BLER mode) or No of successes (Relative Throughput mode) is No of events. This is used in the table column Test Limit.

Table F.6.3.5.1 Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)

Maximum		Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Input Level		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
for HS-		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
PDSCH	Absolute Test	ideal=777 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Reception	requirement			events to pass)		
(16QAM)	(kbps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
16 QAM H-Set 1		samples in %		Mandatory if applicable	and approx. if statistical	
		10%	58/467	467	2.8s (stat)	BL
	700	. 370	(M=1.5)	(≤58)	2.00 (0.01)	

#### Table F.6.3.5.1A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (64QAM)

Maximum		Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Input Level		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
for HS-		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
PDSCH	Absolute Test	ideal=FFS kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Reception	requirement			events to pass)		
(64QAM)	(kbps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
64 QAM H-Set 7		samples in %		Mandatory if applicable	and approx. if statistical	
	11800	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS	BL

Table F.6.3.5.2.1 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1A, 9.2.1C and 9.2.1F demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Single link Performance QPSK	H-SET 1 Absolute Test requirement		Relative test requirement (normalized to	Test limit expressed as No of events/min No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s  Mandatory if	BL / RT
H-Set 1/2/3			ideal=534 kbps for H-SET 1)	samples for H-SET 1, 2, 3	(number of events to pass)	fading Informative	
Test number	(K	bps)	No of events/No of samples in % BL → (RT)	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if applicable	and approx. if statistical	
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \\ \text{dB}) \end{array} $	PA3	65	87,82% → (12.18%)	60/595 (m = 1 / 1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
2		23	95.69% <b>→</b> (4.31%)	64/1796 (m = 1/1.5)	N.A	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ dB)	PB3	138	74.14%→ (25.86%)	58/268 (m = 0.682)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
$3 \qquad (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30	22	95.9% → (4.1%)	64/1888 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
dB)	VASO	142	73.4% → (26.6%)	59/264 (m = 0.684)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
4		13	97.564% → (2.436%)	63/3224  (m = 1/1.5)	3224 (≥63)	H-set 1: 19.5s(stat) H-set 2:	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ dB)	VA12 0					13s (stat) H-set 3: 6.5s (stat)	
		140	73.77% → (26.23%)	59/268 (m = 0.683)	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10) \end{array} $	PA3	309	42.1%	83/171 (M = 1.295)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		423	20.74%	60/237 (M = 1.445)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
2	DDG	181	66.1% → (33.9%)	62/215  (m = 0.703)	N.A	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	PB3	287	46.22%→ (53,78%)	84/176 (m = 0.77)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
3	V/A20	190	64.4% → (35.6%)	64/211 (m = 0.708)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	VA30	295	44.72% → (55.28%)	85/173  (m = 0.775)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
$4 \qquad (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA12	181	66.1% → (33.9%)	62/215  (m = 0.703)	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT
dB)	0	275	48.5% → (51.5%)	79/174  (m = 0.761)	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.1A Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1D and 9.2.1E demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement	H-SET 1 Absolute Test		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 1			ideal=534 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
Performance	require		H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
QPSK		bps)				Informative	
H-Set 1/2/3	(1)	ibps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			samples in % BL → (RT)		applicable	statistical	
		195		64/205	N.A.	164s (fading)	
1			63.46% →	(m = 0.710)			RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PA3		(36.54%)				
	PAS	329	38.35% →(61.65%)		N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			,	78/175		, ,	BL
				(M = 1.320)			
2		156	70.77% →	59/239	N.A.	164s (fading)	
	DDA		(29.23%)	(m = 0.690)		, ,	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	PB3	263	50.72% →	76/176	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(49.28%)	(m = 0.753)		\	RT
		171	67.96% →	61/225	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
3			(32.04%)	(m = 0.697)		3,	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30		(	( /			
dB)		273	48.84% →	96/174	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
ub)		0	(51.16%)	(M =1.252)		. 55(.449)	BL
4		168	68.52% →	60/228	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
<u> </u>	VA12		(34.48%)	(m = 0.696)			RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	0	263	50.72% →	76/176	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
dB)		_00	(49.28%)	(m = 0.753)		(	RT
1		247	53.72% →	72/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	
			(46.28%)	(m = 0.742)		(10.10)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3	379	28.95% →	66/193	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)		0.0	(71.02%)	(M = 1.386)		10.0 (.aag)	BL
2		195	63.46% →	63/204	N.A.	164s (fading)	
_			(36.54%)	(m = 0.710)		10.0 (.aag)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	PB3	316	40.79% →	81/172	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(59.21%)	(M = 1.303)		(10.10)	BL
3		212	60.27% →	66/194	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	T
_			(39.73%)	(m = 0.720)	141/11	. 5. 15(144.119)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA30	329	38.35% →	78/175	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	T
dB)		0_0	(61.65%)	(M = 1.320)		. 55(1441.19)	BL
4		191	64.21% →	63/208	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	<del></del>
•	VA12	101	(35.79%)	(m = 0.708)	14.7 1.	io(iddiiig)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$	0	293	45.10% →	89/173	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
dB)		200	(54.90%)	(M = 1.275)	14./ \.	i. ro(iddirig)	BL
	l		(07.0070)	(101 - 1.270)		l .	

Table F.6.3.5.2.2 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1A and 9.2.1C demodulation of HS-DSCH (16 QAM, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Single link	H-SET 1		Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL											
Performance			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/											
16 QAM			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT											
H-Set 1/2/3	Absolu	' <del>-</del>	ideal=777 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading												
	require		H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)													
To at mumah an		dbps)	No of events/No of	(Dad DUT factor)	Mandatan, if	Informative												
Test number			samples in %	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if applicable	and approx. if statistical												
			BL → (RT)		арріісаріе	Statistical												
1		198	74.53%→	58/272	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT											
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	PA3		(25.47%)	(m=0.681)														
	FAS	FAS	368	52.66%→	74/179	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT										
dB)			(47.34%)	m=0.746														
2	PB3	34	95.626%→	64/1770	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT											
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10)$			(4.374%)	(m=1/1.5)														
		219	71.83% <b>→</b>	58/240	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT											
dB)			(28,17%)	(m=0.687)														
3		47	93.95% → (6.05%)	63/1259	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT											
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10)$	VA30			(m=1/1.5)														
	v A30	VASU	VASU	v A30	VASU	v A30	VASU	v A30	V A30	V A30	v A30	VASU	214	72.47% <b>→</b>	59/255	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			(27.53%)	(m=0.686)														
		28	96.4% → (3.6%)	64/2150	2150	12.9s H-set1	RT											
4				(m=1/1.5)	(≥64)	8.6s H-set2												
	VA12				, ,	4.3s Hset3												
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	0					(stat)												
dB)		167	78.51% →	57/319	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT											
			(21.49%)	(m=0.673)														

Table F.6.3.5.2.2A Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1D and 9.2.1E demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 1, 16 QAM, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced	H-SET 1		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 1		te Test	ideal=777 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
Performance	require		H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
16 QAM		(bps)				Informative	
H-Set 1/2/3	(1)	(DPO)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			samples in %		applicable	statistical	
		040	BL → (RT)	00/400	N. A	404 (6 11 )	
1		312	59.86% →	66/193	N.A.	164s (fading)	БТ
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3	407	(40.14%)	(m = 0.722)		404 (6 11 )	RT
dB)		487	37.35% → (62.65)	76/176	N.A.	164s (fading)	Б.
			04.000( )	(M = 1.327)		404 (6 11 )	BL
2		275	64.62% →	63/209	N.A.	164s (fading)	БТ
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3		(35.38%)	(m = 0.707)			RT
		408	47.51% <del>→</del> (52.49)	94/174	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)				(M = 1.260)			BL
3		296	61.92% →	65/199	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30		(38.08%)	(m = 0.715)			RT
	V/100	430	44.68% →	88/173	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
dB)			(55.32%)	(M = 1.278)			BL
4		271	65.14% →	62/211	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA12		(34.86%)	(m = 0.705)			RT
	0	392	49.57% →	97/175	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	
dB)			(50.43%)				BL

Table F.6.3.5.2.3 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1B demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK H-Set 4)

Single link Performance QPSK	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		Relative test requirement (normalized to	Test limit expressed as No of events/min No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s  Mandatory if	BL / RT
H-Set 4			ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of events to pass)	fading	IXI
Test number	(K	υ <b>ρ</b> 8)	No of events/No of samples in % BL → (RT)	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PA3	72	86.5% <b>→</b> (13.5%)	59/528 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		24	05.50/ \(\lambda(4.50/)\)	(2/1/05	NT A	1640 (fodina)	рт
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0)$	PB3	24	95.5% → (4.5%)	63/1695 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)	. 20	142	73.4% <b>→</b> (26.6%)	59/264 (m=0.684)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
3	\/A00	19	96.44% → (3.56%)	64/2176 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ dB)	VA30	148	72.27% → (27.73%)	59/253 (m=0.686)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
4	VA12 0	11	98% → (2%)	65/3746 (m=1/1.5)	3746 (≥65)	22.5s (stat)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ dB)		144	73% <b>→</b> (27%)	58/256 (m=0.684)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
. 1		340	36.29%	75/177 (M=1.334)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	PA3	439	17.74%	58/266 (M=1.468)	N.A.	164s (fading)	DI
2	DDG	186	65.15% → (34.85%)	62/209 (m=0.705)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	PB3	299	44% → (56%)	87/174 (m=0.778)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
3	VA30	183	65.7% →(34.3%)	63/216 (m=0.704)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	VASU	306	42.66%	86/176 (M=1.291)	N.A.	16.4s (faging)	BL
4	\/A4C	170	68,14% → (31.86%)	61/226 (m=697)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	VA12 0	284	46.78%→ (53.22%)	81/172 (m = 0.767)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.4 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1B demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK H-Set 5)

Single link Performance QPSK H-Set 5	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		Relative test requirement (normalized to ideal=801 kbps)	Test limit expressed as No of events/min No of samples	Min No of samples (number of	Test time in s  Mandatory if fading	BL / RT	
Test number			No of events/No of samples in % BL → (RT)	(Bad DUT factor)	events to pass)  Mandatory if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical		
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0) \end{array} $	PA3	98	87.76% → (12.24%)	59/583 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
dB) 2		35	95.63% <b>→</b> (4.37%)	63/1746 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ dB)	PB3	207	74.14% → (25.86%)	58/268 (m=0.682)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
$3 \qquad (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30	33	95.88% → (4.12%)	64/1879 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT	
dB)		77.00	213	73.4% <b>→</b> (26.6%)	59/264% (m=0.684)	N.A.	16.2s (fading)	RT
$4 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0)$	VA12 0	l.	20	97.5% → (2.5%)	64/3101 (m=1/1.5)	3101 (≥64)	12.4s (stat)	RT
dB)			210	73.77% → (26.23%)	59/268 (m=0.683)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10) \end{array} $	PA3	464	42%	84/174 (M=1.295)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL	
dB)	17.0	635	20.67%	59/234 (M=1.446)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL	
$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10) \end{array} $	PB3	272	66.02% → (33.98%)	63/218 (m=0.703)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
dB)	1 20	431	46.16% → (53.84)	84/176 (m=0.77)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT	
$3 \qquad (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30	285	64.4% → (35.6%)	64/211 (m=0.708)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT	
dB)	V7.00	443	44.7% <b>→</b> (55.3%)	85/173 (m=0.775)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT	
$\begin{cases} 4 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10 \end{cases}$	VA12	272	66.02% → (33.98%)	63/218 (m=0.703)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT	
dB)	0	413	48.4% → (51.6%)	81/176 (m=0.761)	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT	

Table F.6.3.5.2.5 Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1C demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Performance	Absolute Test		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
QPSK			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
H-Set 6			ideal=3219 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
	requirement (kbps)			·	events to pass)	-	
Toot number			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		1407	56.29% →	70/185	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
(î /I = 10	DAG	PA3	(43.71%)				
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	FAS	2090	35.07% →	73/179	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)			(64.93%)				

Table F.6.3.5.2.5A Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1E demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 1			ideal=3219 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
QPSK			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 6			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		672	79.12% →	57/328	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3		(20.88%)	(m = 0.672)			RT
	1 73	1305	59.46% →	67/193	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(40.54%)	(m = 0.723)			RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.5B Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1F demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 2, QPSK H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement	Absolute Test requirement		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 2			ideal=3219 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance		(bps)			events to pass)		
QPSK	(1)	юрз)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 6			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			BL → (RT)		applicable	statistical	
1		1494	53.59% →	72/179	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3		(46.41%)	(m = 0.743)			RT
	1 73	2153	33.12% →	71/182	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(66.88%)	(M = 1.356)			BL
2		1038	67.75% →	61/224	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3		(32.25%)	(m = 0.698)			RT
	1 03	1744	45.82% →	90/172	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(54.18%)	(M = 1.271)			BL
3		1142	64.52% →	63/209	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30		(35.48%)	(m = 0.707)			RT
	V A30	1782	44.64% →	88/172	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
dB)			(55.36%)	(M = 1.278)			BL
4		909	71.76% →	59/248	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA12		(28.24%)	(m = 0.687)			RT
	0	1467	54.43% →	72/181	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
dB)			(45.57%)	(m = 0.740)			RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.5C Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1G and 9.2.1I demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 3, QPSK H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced	Absolute Test requirement		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 3			ideal=3219 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
QPSK	(1)	ups)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 6			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		1554	51.72% →	75/178	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3		(48.28%)	(m = 0.749)			RT
	1 73	2495	22.49% →	61/226	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(77.51%)	(M = 1.433)			BL
2		1190	63.03% →	64/205	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3		(36.94%)	(m = 0.712)			RT
	F B 3	2098	34.82% →	73/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(65.18%)	(M = 1.344)			BL
3		1299	59.65% <del>→</del>	66/192	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$	VA30		(40.35%)	(m = 0.722)			RT
	V A30	2013	37.46% →	77/176	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
dB)			(62.54%)	(M = 1.326)			BL
4		1060	67.07% →	61/221	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$	VA12		(39.93%)	(m = 0.700)			RT
	0	1647	48.84% →	96/174	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
dB)			(51.16%)	(M = 1.252)			BL
5		1248	61.23% →	66/198	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5)$	PB3		(38.77%)	(m = 0.717)			RT
	1 03	2044	36.50% →	75/176	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(63.50%)	(M = 1.332)			BL

Table F.6.3.5.2.6 Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1C demodulation of HS-DSCH (16 QAM H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Performance			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
16 QAM	Absolute Test requirement		(normalized to	events/min No of	-	Mandatory if	RT
H-Set 6			ideal=4689 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
	requirement (kbps)			·	events to pass)		
To at mount an	(кррѕ)		No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		887	81.08% →	56/362	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I})/I = 10$	PA3		(18.92%)	(m = 0.669)			RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	FA3	1664	64.51% →	63/209	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(35.49%)	(m = 0.707)			RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.6A Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1E demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 1, 16 QAM H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced .			requirement	expressed as No of	samples	B.A. 1	/ DT
requirement	Absolu	te Test	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 1	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		ideal=4689 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
16 QAM			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 6			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		912	80.55% →	56/352	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}/I - 10)$	PA3		(19.45%)	(m = 0.670)			RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	FAS	1730	63.10% →	64/203	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(36.90%)	(m = 0.712)		,	RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.6B Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1F demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 2, 16 QAM H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced	Absolute Test		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement	Absolu	to Toot	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 2	Absolute Test requirement		ideal=4689 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
16 QAM	(K	(bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 6			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		991	78.86% →	57/324	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$\int_{\hat{I}} \hat{I} = 10$	PA3		(21.14%)	(m = 0.673)			RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	PAS	1808	61.44% →	65/197	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(38.56%)	(m = 0.717)		ν σ,	RT
2		465	90.08% → (9.92%)	60/740	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10)$	PB3			(m = 1/1.5)			RT
	PDS	1370	70.78% →	59/242	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(29.22%)	(m = 0.690)			RT
3		587	87.48% →	59/573	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA30		(12.52%)	(m = 1/1.5)			RT
	VA30	1488	68.26% →	60/226	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
dB)			(31.74%)	(m = 0.697)			RT
4		386	91.77% → (8.23%)	61/905	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA12			(m = 1/1.5)			RT
	0	1291	72.46% →	58/254	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
dB)			(27.54%)				RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.6C Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1G and 9.2.1I demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 3, 16 QAM H-Set 6)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement	Abaalu	to Toot	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 3	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		ideal=4689 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
16 QAM	(1)	mh2)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 6			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		1979	57.79% →	69/190	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3		(42.21%)	(m = 0.728)			RT
	FAS	3032	35.34% →	73/178	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(64.66%)	(M = 1.340)			BL
2		1619	65.47% →	62/211	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3		(34.53%)	(m = 0.704)			RT
	F B 3	2464	47.45% →	92/171	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(52.55%)	(M = 1.260)			BL
3		1710	63.53% →	63/204	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30		(36.47%)	(m = 0.710)			RT
	VA30	2490	46.90% →	91/171	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
dB)			(53.10%)	(M = 1.264)			BL
4		1437	69.35% →	59/231	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA12		(30.65%)	(m = 0.694)			RT
	0	2148	54.19% →	72/182	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
dB)			(45.81%)	(m = 0.740)			RT
5		779	83.39% →	57/414	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=5$	PB3		(16.61%)	(m = 0.667)		_	RT
	1 00	1688	64.00% →	63/207	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(36.00%)	(m = 0.709)			RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.7 Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1H demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 2, 64QAM H-Set 8)

Single link			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
enhanced			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
requirement	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
type 2			ideal=13245 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
64 QAM	(r	ups)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 8			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		4507	65.97% →	57/324	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 15)$	PA3		(34.03%)	(m = 0.703)			RT
	1 //3	5736	56.69% →	70/188	N.A.	164s (fading)	
and 18 dB)			(43.31%)	(m = 0.732)			RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.7A Single link Performance for test case 9.2.1I demodulation of HS-DSCH (enhanced requirement type 3, 64QAM H-Set 8)

Single link enhanced			Relative test requirement	Test limit expressed as No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s	BL /
requirement	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		(normalized to	events/min No of	·	Mandatory if	RT
type 3			ideal=13245 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Performance					events to pass)		
64 QAM			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
H-Set 8			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
Test number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		6412	51.59% →	78/184	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 15)$	PA3		(48.41%)	(m = 0.750)			RT
	FAS	7638	42.33% →	85/175	N.A.	164s (fading)	
and 18 dB)			(57.67%)	(M = 1.293)			BL

Table F.6.3.5.3.1 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2A and 9.2.2D demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	H-SET	1	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	Absolute Test requirement		ideal=534 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3			H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
		bps)		(5 15154 )		Informative	
Test number	(		No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			samples in %		applicable	statistical	
			BL → (RT)				
1		77	85.57% <del>→</del> (14.43%)	58/486	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	PA3			(m=1/1.5)			
		180	66.27%→(33.73%)	62/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.702)			
2		20	96.25% → (3.75%)	64/2065	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)			
	. 50	154	71.14% <del>→</del> (28,86%)	59/243	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.689)			
		15	97.19% → (2.81%)	64/2758	H-Set 1:	H-Set 2,3:	RT
3				(m=1/1.5)	2758	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	VA30				(≥64)	H-Set 1:	
	V A30					16.6s(stat.)	
dB)		162	69.64% → (30.36%)	60/235	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
				(m=0.693)			
1		375	29.7%	68/192	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3			(M=1.38)			
	FAS	475	11%	58/425	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.499)			
2		183	65.7% → (34.3%)	63/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_	PB3			(m=0.704)			
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	rbs	274	48.7% →(51.3%)	80/177	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.76)			
3		187	65% → (35%)	62/208	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	1/420		` ′	(m=0.706)		, 5,	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA30	284	46.8% →(53.2%)	82/174	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.767)		, 5,	

Table F.6.3.5.3.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2A and 9.2.2D demodulation of HS-DSCH (16 QAM, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	H-SET	1	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
16 QAM		te Test	ideal=777 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3	require		H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
		(bps)				Informative	
Test number	(1)	юро)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
1 est fluitibei			samples in %		applicable	statistical	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$				
1		295	62% →(38%)	66/203	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	PA3			(m=0.715)			
	FAS	463	40.4%	82/176	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.306)			
2		24	96.9% →(3.1%)	64/2500	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)			
	FD3	243	68.7% →(31.3%)	60/227	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.695)			
3		35	95.5% →(4.5%)	63/1695	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10)$	VA30		, ,	(m=1/1.5)			
	V A30	251	67.7% →(32.3%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.698)			

Table F.6.3.5.3.3 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2B demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 4)

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	requirement		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK			ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 4					events to pass)		
	(1)	DP3)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			BL → (RT)		applicable	statistical	
1		70	86.9% →(13.1%)	59/544	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	PA3			(m=1/1.5)			
	1 73	171	68% →(32%)	61/225	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.697)			
2		14	97.4% →(2.6%)	64/2982	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)			
0, 00	FDS	150	71.9% <del>→</del> (28.1%)	59/250	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.687)			
3		11	97.04% →(2.06%)	65/3819	3819	23s (stat)	RT
	VA30			(m=1/1.5)	(≥65)		
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	VASU	156	70.8% →(29.2%)	60/243	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.69)			
1		369	30.9%	69/188	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$\left  \hat{I} \right  = 10$	DAG			(M=1.372)		( 0,	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	PA3	471	11.7%	58/400	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.497)		, ,	
2		180	66.3% →(33.7%)	63/220	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_	חחח		, ,	(m=0.702)		( 0,	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	PB3	276	48.3% →(51.7%)	79/173	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.762)		( 0,	
3		184	65.5% →(34.5%)	62/211	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
_	1/420		, ,	(m=0.704)		, 3,	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA30	285	46.6% →(53.4%)	81/171	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.768)		, 3,	

Table F.6.3.5.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2B demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 5)

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement,	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	A books	to Toot	normalized to	events/min No of	·	Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	Absolute Test requirement		ideal=801 kbps	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 5			·	·	events to pass)		
	(K	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			BL → (RT)		applicable	statistical	
1			85.5% →(14.5%)	59/492	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PA3	116	, ,	(m=0.667)		, ,	
	PAS		66.27% →(33.73%)	62/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		270		(m=0.702)			
2			96.25% →(3.75%)	65/2100	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PB3	30		(m=1/1.5)			
	PDS		71.14% <del>→</del> (28.86%)	58/243	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)	231			(m=0.689)			
3			97.13% →(2.87%)	64/2741	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	VA30	23		(m=1/1.5)			
	V A30		69.64% →(30.36%)	60/234	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		243		(m=0.693)			
1			29.67%	68/194	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3	563		(M=1.381)			
	1 73		10.93%	58/428	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		713		(M=1.499)			
2			65.65% →(34.35%)	64/212	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	275		(m=0.704)			
	1 00		48.66% →(51.34%)	77/170	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		411		(m=0.76)			
3			64.9% →(35.1%)	63/211	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30	281		(m=0.706)			
	V // 30		46.78% →(53.22%)	81/172	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		426		(m=0.767)			

Table F.6.3.5.3.5 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2C demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	H-SET	1	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK		· · ·	ideal=534 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3	Absolute Test requirement		H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
	•	abps)				Informative	
Test number	(1)	ibps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
restriumber			samples in %		applicable	statistical	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$				
1		197	63.09% →	64/203	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	PA3		(36.91%)	(m = 0.712)			RT
	FAS	330	38.16% →	80/181	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(61.84%)	(M = 1.321)			BL
2		152	71.52% →	59/247	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PB3		(28.48%)	(m = 0.688)			RT
	PD3	251	52.97% →	73/179	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(47.03%)	(m = 0.745)			RT
3		164	69.27% →	60/232	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	VA30		(30.73%)	(m = 0.694)			RT
	VA30	261	51.09% →	75/176	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
dB)			(48.91%)	(m = 0.751)			RT
1		268	49.78% →	101/181	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3		(50.22%)	(M = 1.246)			BL
	PAS	407	23.74% →	62/217	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(76.26%)	(M = 1.424)			BL
2		183	65.71% →	62/213	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3		(34.29%)	(m = 0.704)			RT
	PDS	288	46.03% →	93/178	N.A.	164s (fading)	
dB)			(53.97%)	(M = 1.269)			BL
3		197	63.09% →	64/203	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
_	1/420		(36.91%)	(m = 0.712)		. 5,	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30	307	42.47% →	87/178	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
dB)			(57.53%)	(M = 1.292)			BL

Table F.6.3.5.3.6 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2C demodulation of HS-DSCH (16QAM, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	н	SET 1	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
16 QAM		lute Test	ideal=777 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3		irement	H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
	-	(bps)				Informative	
Test number	(,	(ups)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
restriumber			samples in %		applicable	statistical	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$				
1		340	56.26% →	70/184	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3		(43.74%)	(m = 0.733)			RT
	FAS	513	34.01% →	72/180	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
dB)			(65.99%)	(M = 1.350)			BL
2		251	67.71% →	60/222	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3		(32.29%)	(m = 0.698)			RT
	FBS	374	51.89% →	74/177	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
dB)			(48.11%)	(m = 0.749)			RT
3		280	63.98% →	63/206	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA30		(36.02%)	(m = 0.709)			RT
	V A30	398	48.80% →	96/174	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	
dB)			(51.20%)	(M = 1.252)			BL

Table F.6.3.5.4.1 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3A, 9.2.3C and 9.2.3D demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Closed Loop Diversity Performance	H-:	SET 1	Relative test requirement (normalized to	Test limit expressed as No of events/min No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s  Mandatory if	BL / RT
QPSK H-Set 1/2/3	Absolute Test requirement		ideal=534 kbps for H-SET 1)	samples for H-SET 1, 2, 3	(number of events to pass)	fading	
Test number		(bps)	No of events/No of samples in % BL → (RT)	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PA3	118	77.89% →(22.11%)	58/315 (m=0.674)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)	1710	225	57.84% →(42.16%)	69/189(m=0.728)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	DD2	50	90.63% →(9.37%)	61/787 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(T_{or}/T_{oc} = 0)$ dB)	PB3 173		67.58% →(32.42%)	61/222 (m=0.698)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$3 \qquad (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30	47	91.2% →(8.8%)	62/852 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(T_{or}/T_{oc} = 0)$ dB)	VASU	172	67.77% →(32.23%)	61/223 (m=0.698)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10) \end{array} $	PA3	399	25.23%	63/207 (M=1.413)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(I_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$ dB)	PAS	458	14.18%	57/325 (M=1.487)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
2	DD2	199	62.71% →(37.29%)	65/204 (m=0.713)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	PB3 301		43.6%	88/180 (M=1.285)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
3	V/A20	204	61.77% →(38.23%)	65/198 (m=0.716)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$ dB)	VA30	305	42.85%	85/173 (M=1.29)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL

Table F.6.3.5.4.2 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3A, 9.2.3C and 9.2.3D demodulation of HS-DSCH (16 QAM, H-Set 1, 2, 3)

Closed Loop Diversity			Relative test requirement	Test limit expressed as No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s	BL /
Performance		OFT 4	(normalized to	events/min No of	Gampioo	Mandatory if	ŔŦ
16 QAM		SET 1 lute Test	ideal=777 kbps for	samples for H-SET	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3		irement	H-SET 1)	1, 2, 3	events to pass)		
						Informative	
Test number	(kbps)		No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
T GOT TIGHTIS OF			samples in %		applicable	statistical	
			$BL \to (RT)$				
1		361	53.56% →(46.44%)	73/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3			(m=0.743)			
	1710	500	35.68%	74/177	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.338)			
2		74	90.48% →(9.52%)	62/788	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)			
	1 03	255	67.2% →(32.8%)	61/219	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.7)			
3		84	89.2% →(10.8%)	61/683	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30			(m=1/1.5)			
	V A30	254	67.32% →(32.68%)	61/220	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.699)			

Table F.6.3.5.4.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3B demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 4)

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples	1001 11110 1110	/
Performance	l	_	(normalized to	events/min No of	campico	Mandatory if	ŔŦ
QPSK		te Test	ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	1
H-Set 4	requirement		ideal—ee i kape)	Campico	events to pass)	raamig	
11 000 1	(k	(bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	στοιπο το ράσο,	Informative	
Test number			samples in %	(200 20 : 10010.)	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
rootmanibor			BL → (RT)		applicable	statistical	
1		114	78.64% →(21.36%)	58/327	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
·			(=110070)	(m=0.673)		(	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	PA3	223	58.21% →(41.79%)	69/191	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			00.2170 7 (11.7070)	(m=0.727)	14.7	ro io (idaiiig)	
2		43	91.94% →(8.06%)	62/930	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
			(0.0070)	(m=1/1.5)		(	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PB3	167	68.71% →(31.29%)	60/227	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			(,	(m=0.695)		3 ( 33 3)	
3		40	92.5% →(7.5%)	63/1017	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
•	VA30			(m=1/1.5)		· 0,	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	VASU	170	68.14% →(31.86%)	61/226	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.697)			
1		398	25.42%	63/206	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3			(M=1.412)			
	FAS	457	14.37%	57/321	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.486)			
2		196	63.27 →(36.73%)	64/204	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3			(m=0.711)			
	1 03	292	45.28% →(54.72%)	85/175	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.773)			
3		199	62.71% →(37.29%)	65/204	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=10$	VA30			(m=0.713)			
	V 730	305	42.85%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.29)			

Table F.6.3.5.4.4 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3B demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 5)

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	۸ <b>۱</b> ۵ ما ۱۰ س	4. T	(normalized to	events/min No of	·	Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	Absolu		ideal=801 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 5	require		• •	·	events to pass)	· ·	
	(K	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %	,	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1			77.89% <del>→</del> (22.11%)	58/315	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PA3	177	,	(m=0.674)		, ,,	
	PAS		57.78% →(42.22%)	68/186	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		338	, ,	(m=0.728)		, ,,	
2			90.63% →(9.37%)	61/787	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	PB3	75	,	(m=1/1.5)		, ,,	
0, 00	PD3		67.52% →(32.48%)	62/225	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		260	, ,	(m=0.699)		, ,,	
3			91.13% →(8.87%)	62/846	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	VA30	71		(m=1/1.5)			
	VA30		67.77% →(32.23%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		258		(m=0.698)			
1			25.17%	64/211	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PA3	599		(M=1.413)			
	1 73		14.18%	57/325	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		687		(M=1.487)			
2			62.65% <del>→</del> (37.35%)	64/200	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	299		(m=0.713)			
	1 03		43.54%	87/174	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		452		(M=1.285)			
3			61.77% →(38.23%)	65/198	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	VA30	306		(m=0.716)			
	V // 30		42.79%	86/175	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
dB)		458		(M=1.29)			

Table F.6.3.5.4.5 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3D demodulation of HS-DSCH (QPSK, H-Set 6)

Closed Loop Diversity	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		Relative test requirement	Test limit expressed as No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s	BL /
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of	,	Mandatory if	RT
QPSK			ideal=3219 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 6					events to pass)		
	(1)	.bp3)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1		·	52.28% →	74/178	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	1536	(47.72%)	(m = 0.747)			RT
dB)							

Table F.6.3.5.4.6 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3D demodulation of HS-DSCH (16QAM, H-Set 6)

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Absolute Test requirement		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
16QAM			ideal=4689 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 6	requirement (kbps)				events to pass)		
	(,	(ups)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1	PB3	1154	75.39% →	57/280	N.A.	164s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10$			(24.61%)	(m = 0.679)			RT
dB)							

#### Table F.6.3.5.4.7 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH for test case 9.5.1 (QPSK, H-Set 7))

HS-SCCH- less			Relative test requirement	Test limit expressed as No of	Min No of samples	Test time in s	BL /
demodulation of HS-DSCH	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		(normalized to ideal=TBD kbps)	events/min No of samples	number of	Mandatory if fading	RT
QPSK H-Set 7			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	events to pass)	Informative	
Test number			samples in % BL → (RT)		Mandatory if applicable	and approx. if statistical	
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \\ \text{dB}) \end{array} $	Case 8	19.9	TBD% → (TBD%)	TBD (m = TBD)	N.A.	TBDs (fading)	TB D

Table F.6.3.5.4.8 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH for test case 9.5.1A (Enhanced requirement type 1, QPSK, H-Set 7))

HS-SCCH-			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
less			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
demodulation	Aboolut	o Toot	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
of HS-DSCH	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		ideal=TBD kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
QPSK					events to pass)		
H-Set 7			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
rest number			$BL \rightarrow (RT)$		applicable	statistical	
1	_	22.5	TBD% → (TBD%)	TBD	N.A.	TBDs (fading)	TB
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	Case	23.5		(m = TBD)			D
	8						
dB)							

## F.6.4 Statistical testing of performance requirement (E-DCH)

#### F.6.4.1 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Measure the E-HICH, the E-RGCH and the E-AGCH repeated times. The results, measured, are summarized to:

a bad result, if the measured E-HICH returns a missed ACK or a false ACK or if the E\_RGCH test returns a missed HOLD or a missed UP/DOWN or a missed DOWN or if the E-AGCH test returns a missed detection in the relevant test.

a good result, otherwise.

c) Record the number of valid results (ns), tested, and the number of bad results (ne)

- d) Stop the test at an early pass or an early fail event.
- e) Once the test is stopped, decide according to the pass fail decision rules

### F.6.4.2 Bad Result Ratio (ER)

The Bad Result Ratio (ER) is defined as the ratio of bad results (ne) to all valid results (ns).

(1-ER is the success ratio)

## F.6.4.3 Mapping of E-DCH tests to RRM tests (F.6.2) and HSDPA tests (F.6.3)

The test design and the explanations for the RRM tests in F.6.2.4 to F.6.2.7 are valid also for the E-DCH test as long as the error ratio for minimum requrements is  $\leq 0.1$ .

The test design and the explanations for the HSDPA tests in F.6.3.3 to F.6.3.4 are partly valid also for the E-DCH test as long as the error ratio for minimum requrements is > 0.1.

### F.6.4.4 Test conditions for E-DCH tests

Table F.6.4.4: Test conditions for a E-DCH tests

Type of test	Mini mum requi reme nt (ER)	Testlimit TL (ER)= Minimum requirem ent (ER)x TL TL	Targe t numb er of bad result s	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit factor M	Mini mum Test time [s] Note
Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-						
HICH)						
10.2.1.1 Single link performance (10ms TTI)	0.04	4.000	454	_	4.5	40.4
Missed ACK probability (VA30, Test 1)	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
False ACK probability (VA30, Test 2)Note 2)	0.5	1.127	NA	5	1.245	16.4
10.2.1.2 Single link performance (2ms TTI)	0.04	4.000	454	_	4.5	40.4
Missed ACK probability (VA30, Test 1)	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
False ACK probability (VA30, Test 2)Note 2)	0.5	1.127	NA	5	1.245	16.4
Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions						
10.2.2.1.1 RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell						
(10ms TTI).	0.05	1 226	151	F	1 5	16.4
Missed ACK probability (VA30, Test1) False ACK probability (VA30, Test 2)	0.05 2E-4	1.236 1.236	154 154	5	1.5 1.5	16.4 NA
10.2.2.1.2 RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell	ZE-4	1.230	154	5	1.5	INA
(2ms TTI)						
Missed ACK probability (VA30, Test 1)	0.05	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
False ACK probability (VA30, Test 1)	2E-4	1.236	154	5	1.5	NA
10.2.2.2.1 RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell	ZL-4	1.230	134	3	1.5	INA
(10ms TTI)						
Missed ACK probability (Test 1, VA30)	0.05	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
False ACK probability (Test 2,PA3)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5	164s
False ACK probability (Test 3, VA120)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5	4.1
10.2.2.2.2 RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell	0.1	1.200	101		1.0	1.1
(2ms TTI)						
Missed ACK probability (Test 1, VA30)	0.05	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
False ACK probability (Test 2, PA3)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5	164
False ACK probability (Test 3, VA120)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5	4.1
Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)						
10.3.1.1 Single link performance (10ms TTI)						
Missed UP/DOWN (VA30, Test 1)	0.05	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
Missed HOLD (VA30,Test 2)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
10.3.1.2 Single link performance (2ms TTI)						
Missed UP/DOWN (VA30, Test 1)	0.05	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
Missed HOLD (VA30, Test 2)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
10.3.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions						
Missed HOLD probability (Test 1)	0.005	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
Missed DOWN probability (Test 2)	0.05	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
10.4 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel						
(E-AGCH						
Missed detection probability (Test 1)	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5	16.4
Note 1) The minimum test time due to propagation cond						ıtistical
reasons. The test time due to statistical reasons	is variab	ole and depen	ds on the	quality of the	DUT.	
Justification is given in clause F.6.1.6.  Note 2) No early decision is designed in this test. Sample		<del></del>	==			
Note 2) No early decision is designed in this test. Sample	a tar 16 1	ic Iban daci	マヘ ナトヘ ピロ	2 against tha T	ıı ıhalir	nit ratio

Note 2) No early decision is designed in this test. Sample for 16.4 s. Then decide the ER against the TL. The limit ratio is 102/181=0.563536

## Annex G (normative): Environmental conditions

### G.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

## G.2 Environmental requirements

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s)

## G.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

#### **Table G.2.1.1**

+15°C to + 35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to + 55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in extreme temperature conditions. These test conditions are denoted as TL (temperature low, -10\*C) and TH (temperature high, +55\*C).

## G.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

**Table G.2.2.1** 

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	0.9 * nominal	1.1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0.9 * nominal	1.3 * nominal	1.1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries:			
- Leclanché	0.85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal
- Lithium	0.95 * nominal	1.1*Nominal	1.1*Nominal
- Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0.90 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in extreme voltage conditions. These test conditions are denoted as VL (lower extreme voltage) and VH (higher extreme voltage).

### G.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes:

**Table G.2.3.1** 

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0.96 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup> at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB / Octave

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation.

## G.2.4 Specified frequency range

The manufacturer shall declare, which of the frequency bands defined in clause 4.2 is supported by the UE.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in low, mid and high range of the operating frequency band of the UE. The UARFCN's to be used for low, mid and high range are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 5.1.1.

For GSM frequency bands see TS 51.010-1 [25]. The test frequencies depend on the GSM bands supported by the terminal (according to PICS/PIXIT).

# Annex H (normative): UE Capabilities (FDD)

For UE capabilities regarding FDD refer to TS 25.306.

H.1 Void

H.2 Void

## Annex I (normative): Default Message Contents

This Annex contains the default values of common messages, other than those described in TS 34.108 [3]. The messages are primarily concerning the RRM test cases in clause 8 and unless indicated otherwise in specific test cases, shall be transmitted and checked by the system simulator. In this Annex, decimal values are normally used. However, sometimes, a hexadecimal value, indicated by an "H", or a binary value, indicated by a "B" is used.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Message Type		
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below.	
- Message authentication code	Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent. This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.	
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.	
Measurement identity Measured Results	1	
Intra-frequency measured results list     Cell measured results		
- Cell Identity     - Cell synchronisation information	Not present	
- Tm	If reporting of "Tm" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Tm" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- OFF	If reporting of "OFF" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "OFF" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- CHOICE mode - Primary CPICH info	FDD Checked that this IE is present	
- Primary scrambling code	See Annex K and TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4	
- CPICH Ec/N0	If reporting of "CPICH Ec/N0" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "CPICH Ec/N0" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- CPICH RSCP	If reporting of "CPICH RSCP" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "CPICH RSCP" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- Delta <sub>CPICH RSCP</sub>	If reporting of "CPICH RSCP" measurement is configured this IE may be present	Rel-5
- Pathloss Measured results on RACH	This IE does not need to be checked. If reporting of "Measured results on RACH" is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Measured results on RACH" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
Additional measured results Event results	This IE does not need to be checked.  If reporting of "Event results" is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Event results" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity Measured Results	2
<ul> <li>Inter-frequency measured results list</li> </ul>	
- UTRA Carrier RSSI	If reporting of "UTRA Carrier RSSI" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "UTRA Carrier RSSI" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- Inter-frequency cell measurement results	then no check is needed.
- Cell measured results - Cell Identity - Cell synchronisation information	Not present
-Tm	If reporting of "Tm" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Tm" measurement is
- OFF	not configured then no check is needed.  If reporting of "OFF" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "OFF"
- CHOICE mode	measurement is not configured then no check is needed. FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code - CPICH Ec/N0	See Annex K and TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4
- CPICH EC/NU	If reporting of "CPICH Ec/N0" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "CPICH Ec/N0" measurement is not configured then no check is needed
- CPICH RSCP	If reporting of "CPICH RSCP" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "CPICH RSCP" measurement is not configured then no check is
Dathlass	needed.
- Pathloss	absent  If reporting of "Measured results on BACH" is configured
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of "Measured results on RACH" is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Measured results on RACH "measurement is not
	configured then no check is needed.
Additional measured results	This IE does not need to be checked.
Event results	If reporting of "Event results" is configured then check that this IE is present.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter – RAT test cases

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Message Type		
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.	
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.	
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.	
Measurement identity Measured Results	2	
- Inter-RAT measured results list - CHOICE system - GSM	GSM	
- Measured GSM cells - GSM carrier RSSI	Checked that this IE is present If reporting of "GSM carrier RSSI" measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "GSM carrier RSSI" measurement is	
- CHOICE BSIC	not configured then no check is needed. If reporting of "BSIC verification" measurement is required then check this IE. If reporting of "BSIC verification" measurement is not required then no check is needed.Non verified BSIC	
- Non verified BSIC	If reporting of "BSIC verification" measurement is not required then check this IE. If reporting of "BSIC verification" measurement is required then no check is needed	
- BCCH ARFCN - Observed time difference to GSM cell	Checked that this IE is present This IE does not need to be checked.	R99 and Rel-4
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of "Measured results on RACH" is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Measured results on RACH" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	only
Additional measured results Event results	This IE does not need to be checked. If reporting of "Event results" is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of "Event results" measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (Transition to CELL\_DCH)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] for test cases 7.8.1, 7.8.2, 7.8.3, 7.8.4 and 7.9.1.

Information Element	Value/remark
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	
- DCH quality target	
- BLER Quality value	0.0

Contents of Master Information Block PLMN type is the case of GSM-MAP

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.2.3.1, 8.2.3.2, 8.2.3.3, 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.4.1.1, 8.4.1.2, 8.6.1.1,8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3A, 8.6.1.3A, 8.6.1.4A, 8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.1A, 8.6.2.2, 8.6.2.2A, 8.6.2.3, 8.6.4.1, 8.6.5.1 test cases and based on the maximum SIB repetition period for 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.1, 8.3.6.2, 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- SIB_POS	2
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	Scheduling Block 1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	22
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	22
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 2
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	20
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 3
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	52
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 4
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	38
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 5

#### Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on SIB repetition period for 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.1, 8.3.6.2, 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	3
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	58
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.2.3.1, 8.2.3.2, 8.2.3.3, 8.4.1.1, 8.4.1.2, 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.4A, 8.6.2.2, 8.6.2.2A, 8.6.2.3 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	4
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A2 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.3.6.3

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
- New intra-frequency cells	1
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=1
- Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	
- New inter-frequency cells	1
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- New inter-RAT cells	12
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n ( n=0 to 9)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
- Cell individual offset	0
- Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
- BSIC	
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BCCH ARFCNs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A3 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.4.1.1, 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.4A.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system	
information	
- New intra-frequency cells	24
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n (n=0 to 17)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system	Not Present
information	
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.4.1.2.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	18
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n(n=0 to12)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	
- New inter-frequency cells	6
- Inter frequency cell id	7
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not present Absence of this IE is equivalent to applying the default duplex distance defined for the operating frequency according to 3GPP TS 25.101 [11].
- UARFCN downlink(Nu)	A different channel as specified in TS34.108 [3] Table 6.1.4 for Cell 1 and for Cell 4 within the currently used UTRA band.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
- Inter frequency cell id	8+n (n =0 to 1)
- Frequency info	Not Present Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous "frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.6.2.2, 8.6.2.2A, 8.6.2.3.

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Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	16
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n (n=0 to 10)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	
- New inter-frequency cells	8
- Inter frequency cell id	7+n (n =0 to 4)
- Frequency info	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous
	"frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
	with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

The following information element is exception to SIB11 as specified in TS34.108 [3] for 8.2.2.1, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.4, 8.3.6.1, and 8.3.7.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
- Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0

#### Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for tests 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.2, and 8.3.7.2.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	3
- Intra-frequency cell id	1
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=1
- Intra-frequency cell id	2
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2
- Intra-frequency cell id	3
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=3
<ul> <li>Intra-frequency measurement quantity</li> </ul>	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
<ul> <li>Inter-frequency measurement system information</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>New inter-frequency cells</li> </ul>	3
- Inter frequency cell id	4
- Frequency info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=4
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
- Inter frequency cell id	5
- Frequency info	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous
	"frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=5
- Inter frequency cell id	6
- Frequency info	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous
	"frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=6
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

#### Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.4.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	5
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	4
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	8
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A2 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.3.4, 8.6.4.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
- New intra-frequency cells	24
- Intra-frequency cell id	7+n (n=0, 1, 4 to 22)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	Not present
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- New inter-RAT cells	6
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n ( n=0 to 3)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
- Cell individual offset	0
- Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
- BSIC	
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BCCH ARFCNs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A2 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.3.5.3.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
- New intra-frequency cells	24
- Intra-frequency cell id	7+n (n=0, 1, 4 to 22)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with
	the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall
	not be overlapped values.
- Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	Not present
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- New inter-RAT cells	6
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n ( n=0 to 3)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
- Cell individual offset	0
- Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
- BSIC	
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not
	collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not
	collide with BCCH ARFCNs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.

The following information element is exception to SIB11 option A2 as specified in TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.2.3.1, 8.2.3.2 and 8.2.3.3

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
- Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	Not present
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n ( n=0 to 9)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
- Cell individual offset	0
- Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
- BSIC	
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does
	not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does
	not collide with BCCH ARFCNs of other Inter-RAT cell
	ids.

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A3 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3A.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system	
information	
- New intra-frequency cells	32
- Intra-frequency cell id	n( n=0, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10 and 12 to 31)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system	Not Present
information	
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

#### Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.1A, 8.6.5.1 test case.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	6
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	5
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	8
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SEG_COUNT	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.1A.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	24
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n(n=0 to18)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	
- New inter-frequency cells	16
- Inter frequency cell id	7+n (n =0 to 12)
- Frequency info	Not Present
Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous	
"frequency info" in the list.	
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A2 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.6.5.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	16
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n(n=0 to12)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2
	with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	
- New inter-frequency cells	8
- Inter frequency cell id	25+n (n =0 to 4)
- Frequency info	Not Present
Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous	
"frequency info" in the list.	
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
	with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- New inter-RAT cells	6
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n ( n=0 to 3)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
- Cell individual offset	0
- Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
- BSIC	
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not
	collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not
	collide with BCCH ARFCNs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.

The following information element is exception to SIB 11 option A2 as specified in TS34.108 [3] section 6.1.0b based on the monitored list size for 8.7.3a

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Inter-frequency measurement system	Not present
information	
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n ( n=0 to 3)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
<ul> <li>Cell individual offset</li> </ul>	0
<ul> <li>Cell selection and re-selection info</li> </ul>	Not Present
- BSIC	
<ul> <li>Base transceiver Station Identity Code</li> </ul>	BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table
(BSIC)	6.1.10; for n=2 to 3 chosen arbitrarily by the test house
	such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-
	RAT cell ids
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	BCCH(1+n) according to Table 8.7.3A.4

Contents of TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for test cases with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.2C, 5.7A, 5.9A, 5.10A and 5.13.1A (Rel-5 and later releases).

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Message Type		
RRC transaction identifier	Arbitrarily selects an integer between 0 and 3	
Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
- KKO message sequence number	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
New H-RNTI	'1010 1010 1010 1010'	
RRC State indicator UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	CELL_DCH Not Present	
CN information info	Not Present	
URA identity	Not Present	
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
UL Transport channel information for all transport		
channels		
- PRACH TFCS	Not Present	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- TFC subset	Not Present	
- UL DCH TFCS	Name	
- CHOICE TFCI signalling	Normal	
- TFCI Field 1 information - CHOICE TFCS representation	Complete reconfiguration	
- TFCS complete reconfigure information	Complete reconfiguration	
- CHOICE CTFC Size	Same as used in the call set up.	
- CTFC information	This IE is repeated for TFC numbers used in	
	the call set up	
- CTFC	Same as used in the call set up.	
- Power offset information	Computed Cain Factors assert for the	
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Computed Gain Factors except for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) when Signalled	
	Gain Factors is used	
- Gain factor βc	Value used in test (Not Present if the	
Cam ractor po	CHOICE Gain Factors is set to Computed	
	Gain Factors)	
- Gain factor βd	Value used in test	
	(Not Present if the CHOICE Gain Factors is	
D ( TEO 12	set to Computed Gain Factors)	
- Reference TFC ID	0	
- CHOICE mode - Power offset P p-m	FDD Not Present	
Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information list	Not Present	
CHOICE mode	Not Present	
DL Transport channel information common for all	Not Present	
transport channel		
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information list	Not Present	
Frequency info	Not Present	
Maximum allowed UL TX power CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
- Uplink DPCH power control info	Uplink DPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DPCCH power offset	-80dB	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1 or as specified in the test	
- TPC step size	1dB	
- $\Delta$ ACK	Value used in test	
- Δ <sub>NACK</sub>	Value used in test	

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	3(required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Scrambling code type	Long	
- Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)	
- Number of DPDCH	Not Present (1)	
- spreading factor	Reference to TS34.121 clause C.2.1	
	Parameter Set	
- TFCI existence	TRUE	
- Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)	
- Puncturing Limit	1	
CHOICE Mode	Not present	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info	Not Present	
- Measurement Feedback Info		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	6 dB	
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	4 ms	
- CQI repetition factor	2(required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)	
- $\Delta_{CQI}$	Value used in test	
- CHOICE mode	FDD (no data)	
Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	
Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	

Contents of ACTIVE SET UPDATE message for test cases with SHO in clauses 7.7.1, 7.7.1A, 7.7.2, and 7.7.3.

ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	#of Adding Cells	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL - CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
- Di Giriname onset	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code	110t i 1000lit	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index	different value for each new cell	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	<b> </b>
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE	
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only

Contents of ACTIVE SET UPDATE message for test cases with SHO in clauses 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.2 and 8.6.1.3 ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources	00.45	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	1	
- Radio link addition information		
- Primary CPICH info	0	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL - CHOICE mode	EDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	FDD Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation	Filliary CFICH may be used	
- DPCH frame offset	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell	
- Di Oi maine onset	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code	11011100011	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index	0 (Note: This requires that SS sends the same	
	TPC commands from all cells in the active set)	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	_
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE	
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only

#### ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
- Radio link addition information	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information - Primary CPICH info	1	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as removing cell	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

Scrambling codes for cell2 and cell3 in clauses 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3A, 8.6.1.4A, 8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.1A, 8.6.2.2, 8.6.2.2A, 8.6.2.3.

Test Case	Cell2	Cell3
8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.4A	150,400,450	-
8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3A	150,400,450	200,500,50
8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.1A	150,400,450	250,300,350
8.6.2.2, 8.6.2.2A, 8.6.2.3	250,300,350	-

Scrambling codes for cell1 in clauses 8.6.1.5 and 8.6.1.6.

Test Case	Cell1
8.6.1.5, 8.6.1.6	100, 400, 450

## Annex J (informative): Information about special regional application of test cases and requirements

This annex provides information about special regional application of the tests specified in the core part of the present document. The special regional application of certain test cases is typically caused by specific local regulation and legalisation.

## J.1 Japan

For regulatory testing in Japan shared risk against core specification value with test tolerance of zero may be applied provisionally, until the time the non-zero test tolerances principle used in the present document is reflected in Japanese regulations, The shared risk principle described above will apply to the following requirements:

- 5.9 Spectrum Emission Mask;

NOTE: This information should be reviewed on a regular basis to check its applicability, as changes to regulation allowing usage of the non-zero test tolerances principle are expected.

## Annex K (normative): Cell configuration mapping

The cells defined in TS 25.133 [2] and used in TS 34.121 do not correspond to the cells defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4. Table K.1 describes the mapping between cells described in TS 34.121 and those defined in TS 34.108 [3]. For each test case in section 8 the cells as defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 are listed in one row. The test case shall apply the RF parameters as defined in TS 34.121 according to the column heading. The use of cells as defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 is important in order to have consistent SIB11 configurations between the different cells.

Note: For example if the second cell in a test case is an inter-frequency cell then Cell4 from TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 is used with the radio parameters as defined for Cell2 in TS 34.121.

Table K.1: Cell configuration mapping for RF testing

Test Case	Description	34.121 Cell1	34.121 Cell2	34.121 Cell3	34.121 Cell4	34.121 Cell5	34.121 Cell6
8.2.2.1	Idle Mode / Cell Re-Selection / Scenario 1:Single carrier case	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.2.2.2	Idle Mode / Cell Re-Selection / Scenario 2:Multi carrier case	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.2.3.1	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/ Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.3.2	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/ Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.3.3	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/ Scenario 3: HCS with only UTRA level changed	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.4	Idle Mode / FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection	Cell1	TDD				
8.3.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDSoft Handover	Cell1	Cell2				
8.3.2.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDHard Handover to intra-frequency cell	Cell1	Cell2				
8.3.2.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDHard Handover to inter-frequency cell	Cell1	Cell4				
8.3.3	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/TDDHard Handover	Cell1	TDD				
8.3.4	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility /Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	Cell1	Cell9				
8.3.5.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellReselection in CELL_FACH / One frequency present						
	in neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.5.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellReselection in CELL_FACH / Two frequencies						
0.2.5.2	present in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.3.5.3	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellReselection in CELL_FACH / Cell Reselection to GSM	Cell1	Cell9				
8.3.5.4	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-	Cell I	Cella				
0.0.0.	selection in CELL_FACH / Cell Reselection during						
	an MBMS session, one frequency present in						
	neighbour list	Cell1	Cell4				
8.3.6.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-						
	selection in CELL_PCH / One frequency present in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.6.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-	Cell I	Celiz	Cells	Cell7	Cello	Cell I
0.3.0.2	selection in CELL_PCH / Two frequencies present	0-114	0-114	0-110	0-110	0-115	0-110
8.3.6.3	in the neighbour list UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
0.3.0.3	selection in CELL_PCH / Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN inter-frequency						
	and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell10	Cell9		
8.3.7.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellReselection in URA_PCH / One frequency present in						
	the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.7.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellReselection in URA_PCH / Two frequencies present	0 114	0 114	0 110	0 110	0 115	0 110
8.3.8	in the neighbour list Serving HS-DSCH cell change	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.4.1.1	RRC Connection Control / RRCRe-establishment	Cell1	Cell2				
8.4.1.2	delay / Test 1 RRC Connection Control / RRCRe-establishment	Cell1	Cell2				
8.4.2.1	delay / Test 2  RRC Connection Control / Random Access	Cell1	Cell4				
	/Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK	Cell1					
8.4.2.1A	RRC Connection Control / Random Access	Calla					
8.4.2.2	/Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK RRC Connection Control / Random Access	Cell1					
J.7.2.2	/Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK	Cell1					
8.4.2.3	RRC Connection Control / Random Access	Cell1					

// Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power  8.4.3.1 RRC Connection Control / Transport format combination selection in UE / Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps  8.4.4.1 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.4.4.2 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	
transmit power  8.4.3.1 RRC Connection Control / Transport format combination selection in UE / Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps  8.4.4.1 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.4.4.2 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.5.1 Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit Timing  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition	
8.4.3.1 RRC Connection Control / Transport format combination selection in UE / Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps Cell1  8.4.4.1 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.4.4.2 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.5.1 Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit Timing  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition	
combination selection in UE / Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps  8.4.4.1 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	
8.4.4.1 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.4.4.2 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.5.1 Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit Timing  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3 Cell3 Cell3 Cell4 Cell4 Cell5 Cel	
A.4.2   RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction   Cell1   Cell2	
8.4.4.2 RRC Connection Control / E-TFC restriction in UE / 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction  8.5.1 Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit Timing  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  8.6.2.1 FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	
Ams TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction   Cell1	
8.5.1 Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit Timing  8.6.1.1 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.1A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5	
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conditions  Cell1 Cell2  8.6.1.1A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5	
8.6.1.1A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3 Cell3 Cell4 Cell5 Ce	
triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions  8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell5	
conditions    Cell   Cell   Cell	
8.6.1.2 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
propagation condition  8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell Cell Cell Cell Cell Cell Cell Cel	
8.6.1.2A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
8.6.1.3 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 FDD interfrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  Cell Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
8.6.1.3A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  Cell1 Cell2  Cell2  Cell3  Cell2 Cell3  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition  8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  Cell Cell2  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2  Cell2 Cell3  Cell2  Cell2  Cell3 Cell3  Cell3 Cell3  Cell3 Cell3  Cell5 Cell5 Cell3 Cell5  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 Cell5  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 Cell5  Cell5 Cell5 Cell5  Cell6 Cell6 Cell6 Cell6 Cell5  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7 Cell7  Cell7 Cel	
8.6.1.4A FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Case 1 fading condition  FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
condition  Cell1 Cell2  8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
8.6.1.5 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3 Cel	
triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  Cell2 Cell3 cell3	
Case 1 fading condition  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell7  8.6.1.6 FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell7  Cell2 Cell3 cell7  Cell2 Cell3 cell7	
triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading conditions  Cell1  Cell2  Cell3  cell7  8.6.2.1  FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	7
Case 3 fading conditions Cell1 Cell2 Cell3 cell3  8.6.2.1 FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	
8.6.2.1 FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	_
	/
reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	
condition Cell1 Cell2 Cell4	
8.6.2.1a FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	
reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	
condition Cell1 Cell2 Cell4	
8.6.2.2 FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	
reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition Cell1 Cell4	
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reporting of neighbours in fading propagation	
condition Cell1 Cell4	
8.6.2.3 FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	
reporting of neighbours in fading propagation	
condition using TGL1=14 Cell1 Cell4  8.6.3.1 TDD measurements / Correct reporting of TDD	
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GSMneighbours in AWGN propagation condition Cell1 Cell9	
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measurements/ Correct reporting of neighbours in	
AWGN propagation condition Cell1 Cell4 Cell9	
8.7.1.1.1 Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH RSCP / Intra frequency measurements	
accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement Cell1 Cell2	
8.7.1.1.2 Measurements Performance Requirements	
/CPICH RSCP / Intra frequency measurements Cell1 Cell2	1 I

	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement						
8.7.1.2.1							
0.7.1.2.1	/CPICH RSCP / Inter frequency measurement						
	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.2.1.1	Measurements Performance Requirements						
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Intra frequency measurements						
	accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.2.1.2	Measurements Performance Requirements						
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Intra frequency measurements						
	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.2.2.1	Measurements Performance Requirements						
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Inter frequency measurement						
	accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.2.2.2							
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Inter frequency measurement						
0704	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.3.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /UTRA						
	Carrier RSSI / Absolute measurement accuracy	Cell1	Cell4				1
8.7.3.2	requirement Measurements Performance Requirements /UTRA	Cell I	CEII4	+		+	+
0.7.3.2	Carrier RSSI / Relative measurement accuracy						1
	requirement	Cell1	Cell4	Cell7			
8.7.3A	Measurements Performance Requirements /	00111	COIIT	0011		†	†
0111071	GSMCarrier RSSI	Cell1	Cell9	Cell10	GSM	GSM	GSM
8.7.3B	Measurements Performance Requirements			1		1	1
	/Transport channel BLER						
0.7.00	•	1	-	1	-	1	1
8.7.3C	Measurements Performance Requirements / UE	Colla					1
8.7.3D	transmitted power  Measurements Performance Requirements / UE	Cell1	1	1		+	1
0.7.30	transmitted power	Cell1					
8.7.4.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-	OGII I					
J	CFN observed time difference /Intra frequency						
	measurement requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.4.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-			1		1	1
	CFN observed time difference /Inter frequency						1
	measurement requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.5.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-						
	SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN						
	observed time difference type 1	Cell1	Cell2	1		1	1
8.7.5.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-						1
	SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN						
	observed time difference type 2 without IPDL	0-114	0-110				
8.7.5.3	period active	Cell1	Cell2	+		+	1
0.7.3.3	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN						
	observed time difference / 5FN-5FN observed time difference type 2 with IPDL period						
	active	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.6.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /	23				1	
	UERx-Tx time difference / UE Rx-Tx time						1
	difference type 1 (Release 5 and earlier)	Cell1					
8.7.6.1A	Measurements Performance Requirements /						
	UERx-Tx time difference / UE Rx-Tx time						1
	difference type 1 (Release 6 and later)	Cell1	Cell2			1	1
8.7.6.2	Measurements Perforemence Requirements /						1
	UERx-Tx time difference/ UE Rx- Tx time		0				
0.7.7	difference type 2	Cell1	Cell2	1	-	1	1
8.7.7	Measurements Performance Requirements						
	/Observed time difference to GSM cell						
8.7.8.1	Measurements Performance Requirements / P-						
	CCPCH RSCP / Absolute measurement accuracy	Cell1	TDD	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
0.7.0	Measurements Performance Requirements / UE						
8.7.9	Transmission Power Headroom	Cell1					

## Annex L (informative): Change history

T	Doc-1 <sup>st</sup> -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version	Version	Doc-2 <sup>nd</sup> -Level
Meeting						- Current	-New	
TP-07				Approval of the specification		2.0.0	3.0.0	
				No change: replaces invalid zip file on server		3.0.0	3.0.1	
TP-08	TP-000090	001		Editorial corrections to clauses 2, 3, 4 and 5.1	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000059
TP-08	TP-000090	002		Modifications to clause 5.4 "Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink"	С	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000060
TP-08	TP-000090	003		Out-of-synchronisation handling of the UE	В	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000061
TP-08	TP-000090	004		Modifications to clauses 5.8, 5.9, 5.10 and 5.11	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000062
TP-08	TP-000090	005		Modifications to Chapter 6 "Receiver Characteristics"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000063
TP-08	TP-000090	006		Modifications to Annex D, Annex E, Annex G and Annex H	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000067
TP-08	TP-000090	800		Modifications to clauses 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000069
TP-08	TP-000090	009		Modifications to Chapter 7 "Performance requirements"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000070
TP-08	TP-000090	010		Modifications to test power control in downlink	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000071
TP-08	TP-000090	011		Modifications to clause 5.13 "Transmit Modulation"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000072
TP-08	TP-000090	012		Modifications to test for inner loop power control in the uplink	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000073
TP-08	TP-000090	013		Revision of Annex B: Global in-channel Tx test	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000074
TP-08	TP-000090	014		Blind transport format detection	В	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000075
TP-08	TP-000090	015		Removal of Annex I "Open Items"	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000077
TP-08	TP-000090	016		Modifications to Chapter 8 "Requirements for support of RRM"	С	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000117
TP-08	TP-000090	017		Modifications to Annex C "Measurement channels"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000118
TP-08	TP-000090	018		Idle mode test cases (test of performance requirements)	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000119
TP-09	TP-000163	019		Editorial corrections for References and Frequency Stability (2, 5.2, 5.3)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000131
TP-09	TP-000163	020		Corrections for Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink (5.4)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000132
TP-09	TP-000163	021		Transients for uplink inner loop power control (5.4.2.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000133
TP-09	TP-000163	022		Transmit On/Off power (5.5.2.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000134
TP-09	TP-000163	023		Change of TFC (5.6.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000135
TP-09	TP-000163	024		Clarification of the definition on Peak Code Domain Error (5.13.2.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000139
TP-09	TP-000163	025		UE interfering signal definition (6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000140
TP-09	TP-000163	026		Performance requirements (7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000143
TP-09	TP-000163	027		CR on clause 7.6 and 7.7 in TS34.121 (7.6, 7.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000144
TP-09	TP-000163	028		Performance requirements (7.9, 7.10, 7.11)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000146
TP-09	TP-000163	029		Corrections for Annex D (Annex-D)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000147
TP-09	TP-000163	030		Corrections for Annex E (Annex-E)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000148
TP-09	TP-000163	031		Corrections for Transmit ON/OFF Power, Change of TFC and Power setting in uplink compressed mode (5.5, 5.6, 5.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000149
TP-09	TP-000163	032		Corrections for power setting in uplink compressed mode (5.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000136
TP-09	TP-000163	033		CR for subclause 7.8: Power control in downlink (7.8)	В	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000145
TP-09	TP-000163	034		Corrections to clause 5.8, 5.9, 5.10, 5.11 and 5.12	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000137
TP-09	TP-000163	035		Corrections to EVM and PCDE formulae (B.2.7.1, B2.7.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000138
TP-09	TP-000163	036		New initial conditions for Spurious emission test case (6.8.4.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000141
TP-09	TP-000163	037			F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000142
TP-10	TP-000216	038		Corrections to Chapter 3 "Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations"	D	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000247
TP-10	TP-000216	039		Vocabulary Corrections	D	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000253
TP-10	TP-000216	040		Reference Measurement Channels in Annex C	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000238
TP-10	TP-000216	041		Inclusion of OCNS definition for performance tests	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000241
TP-10	TP-000216	042		Handling of measurement uncertainties in UE conformance testing (FDD)	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000250
TP-10	TP-000216	043		Update of Idle mode test cases	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000252
TP-10	TP-000216	044		UE emission mask measurement filter definition	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000254

New structure of TS 34.121	Т	Doc-1 <sup>st</sup> -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version	Version	Doc-2 <sup>nd</sup> -Level
TP-10	-	DOC-1 -FEAC	Cit	Kev	Subject	Cat	-		DUC-Z -Level
TP-10   TP-000216   046   New structure of TS 34.121   TP-10   TP-000216   047   Test for combining TPC commands in soft handower   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000239   TP-10   TP-000216   047   Corrections to power control tests   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000249   TP-10   TP-000216   048   Correction to Dpen Loop Power Control in Uplink   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000241   TP-10   TP-000216   049   Correction to Dpen Loop Power Control in Uplink   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000242   TP-10   TP-000216   050   Correction to Spurious emissions test   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000241   TP-10   TP-000216   051   Correction of Spurious emissions test   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000248   TP-10   TP-000216   052   Correction of Spurious emission measurement   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000248   TP-10   TP-000216   053   Correction of Spurious emission measurement   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000248   TP-10   TP-000216   053   Correction of test procedure and test requirement   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000248   TP-10   TP-000216   054   Subclause 7.8 Power control in downlink   F   3.2.0   3.3.0   T1-000248   TP-11   TP-010019   056   CR Non Test tolerance for 6.5 Blocking   F   3.3.0   3.4.0   T1-010025   TP-11   TP-010019   057   CR Non Test tolerance for 6.5 Slocking   F   3.3.0   3.4.0   T1-010025   TP-11   TP-010019   057   CR Non Test tolerance for 6.5 Slocking   F   3.3.0   3.4.0   T1-010027   Transmit Off Power   Transmi					correction		Current		
TP-10	TP-10	TP-000216	045			F	320	330	T1-000255
TP-10									
TP-101   TP-000216   605	TP-10								
TP-10		TP-000216	048		Correction to Open Loop Power Control in Uplink			3.3.0	T1-000242
TP-10									
Product   Prod									
TP-000216					procedure				
Terestiver blocking and spurious response.					Out-of-synchronization handling of output power				
TP-101	TP-10		053			F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000248
TP-11									
Characteristics		TP-000216							
Characteristics	TP-11	TP-010019	056				3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010020
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019	057			F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010025
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019	058		CR on Test tolerance for 5.5.1 Test Tolerance for	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010027
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019	059			F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010028
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019			CR on Test tolerance for 5.11 Test Tolerance for	F	3.3.0		
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019	061			F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010030
TP-11									
TP-11					CR on Test tolerance for 5.4.3 Minimum Output				
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019	064		CR on Test tolerance for 5.9 Spectrum Emission	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010033
TP-11	TP-11	TP-010019	065			F	330	340	T1-010034
Intermodulation								3.4.0	
Level	TP-11		067		Intermodulation	F		340	
TP-11					Level				
TP-11									
TP-11									
TP-11									
TP-11					CR on Test tolerance for 5.4.4 Out of				
TP-11         TP-010019         074         CR on Test tolerance for 6.8 RX Spurious Emissions         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010108           TP-11         TP-010019         075         CR on corrections to DL compressed mode         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010021           TP-11         TP-010019         076         CR on Corrections to DL 384kbps and BTFD         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010022           TP-11         TP-010019         077         CR on Corrections to Maximum output power         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010023           TP-11         TP-010019         078         CR on RX spurious emissions         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         079         CR on Editorial correction to channel number         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         080         CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010043           TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System u	TP-11	TP-010019	073			F	330	340	T1-010042
TP-010   TP-010019									
TP-11         TP-010019         076         CR on Corrections to DL 384kbps and BTFD measurement channels         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010022 measurement channels           TP-11         TP-010019         077         CR on Corrections to Maximum output power         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010023           TP-11         TP-010019         078         CR on RX spurious emissions         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         079         CR on Editorial correction to channel number         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         080         CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E and reference information to Annex E and reference information to Annex E and Test to Annex E         T1-010043         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010043           TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerance         F         3.4.0									
TP-11         TP-010019         077         CR on Corrections to Maximum output power         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010023           TP-11         TP-010019         078         CR on RX spurious emissions         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         079         CR on Editorial correction to channel number         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         080         CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information in Annex E         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010043           TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerance         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR					CR on Corrections to DL 384kbps and BTFD				
TP-11         TP-010019         078         CR on RX spurious emissions         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010024           TP-11         TP-010019         079         CR on Editorial correction to channel number         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010026           TP-11         TP-010019         080         CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010043           TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerance         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerance         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerance         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119	TP-11	TP-010019	077			F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010023
TP-11         TP-010019         079         CR on Editorial correction to channel number         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010026           TP-11         TP-010019         080         CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010043           TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         Presented directly to TP-11           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 2									
TP-11         TP-010019         080         CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E         S.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010043           TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         Presented directly to TP-11           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerances         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases F         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         089						D			
TP-11         TP-010019         081         Editorial corrections         D         3.3.0         3.4.0         T1-010044           TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         Presented directly to TP-11           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerances         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089	TP-11	TP-010019	080			F	3.3.0		T1-010043
TP-11         TP-010076         082         1         Regional requirements on Test Tolerance         F         3.3.0         3.4.0         Presented directly to TP-11           TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerances         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         T	TP-11	TP-010019	081			D	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010044
TP-12         TP-010119         083         CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerances         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010139           TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multicode OCNS signal         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12	TP-11	TP-010076	082	1	Regional requirements on Test Tolerance	F	3.3.0		
TP-12         TP-010119         084         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010140           TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CR: CR: CR: CR: CR: CR: CR: CR: CR: CR:	TP-12	TP-010119	083			F	3.4.0	3.5.0	
TP-12         TP-010119         085         CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010141           TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CONS signal         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010146           TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12 </td <td>TD 40</td> <td>TD 040440</td> <td>004</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>2.5.0</td> <td>T4 040440</td>	TD 40	TD 040440	004			_	0.40	2.5.0	T4 040440
TP-12         TP-010119         086         CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010142           TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CR: TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149						F			
TP-12   TP-010119   087   Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h   F   3.4.0   3.5.0   T1-010143									
TP-12         TP-010119         087         Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010143           TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CNS signal         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010146           TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149	' ' ' '	510119	000			l'	3.7.0	3.0.0	. 1 0 10 172
TP-12         TP-010119         088         Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010144           TP-12         TP-010119         089         Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010145           TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multicode CNS signal         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010146           TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149	TP-12	TP-010119	087		Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h		3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010143
TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multi-code OCNS signal         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010146           TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149					Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets		3.4.0	3.5.0	
TP-12         TP-010119         090         Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multi-code OCNS signal         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010146           TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149	TP-12	TP-010119	089		Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010145
TP-12         TP-010119         091         Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010147           TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149	TP-12	TP-010119	090		Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multi-	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010146
TP-12         TP-010119         092         Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121         F         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010148           TP-12         TP-010119         093         Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121         D         3.4.0         3.5.0         T1-010149	TP-12	TP-010119	091		Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010147
TP-12 TP-010119 093 Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121 D 3.4.0 3.5.0 T1-010149	TP-12	TP-010119	092			F	340	350	T1-010148

т	Doc-1 <sup>st</sup> -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version	Version	Doc-2 <sup>nd</sup> -Level
Meeting	Doc-1 -Level	CK	Kev	Subject	Cat	-	-New	DOC-2 -Level
				the limits		Current		
TP-12	TP-010119	095		Maintenance CR: romoval of annex.I	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010151
TP-12	TP-010119	096		Maintenance CR: correction to annex.E	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010152
TP-12	TP-010119	097		Maintenance CR: corrections to TS34.121	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010153
TP-13 TP-13	TP-010184 TP-010184	098 099		Annex F Measurement uncertainty RX Spurious emissions	F F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010342 T1-010364
TP-13	TP-010184	100		Structure of RRM test cases	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010354
TP-13	TP-010184	101		Clause 8.2, Idle mode cell reselection delay tests	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010361
TP-13	TP-010184	102		Proposal for measuring method of Random Access	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010362
TP-13	TP-010184	103		Modification to OCNS code channels to allow for 384 kbps allocation	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010339
TP-13	TP-010184	104		Clarification of AWGN definition	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010340
TP-13	TP-010184	105		Correction to test for inner loop power control in the uplink (FDD)	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010341
TP-13	TP-010184	106		Core specification change for uplink inner loop	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010355
TP-13	TP-010184	107		Power Control mode in downlink	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010357
TP-13	TP-010184	108		Correction of frequency range for receiver spurious	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010360
TP-13	TP-010184	109		emission requirements Test numbering of multi-path fading propagation	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010363
TP-13	TP-010184	110		tests	F			T1-010370
				Measurement of the ON/OFF power during the PRACH preamble		3.5.0	3.6.0	
TP-14	TP-010259	111		Improvement of test description: CPICH RSCP test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010489
TP-14	TP-010259	112		Improvement of test description: CPICH Ec/lo test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010490
TP-14	TP-010259	113		UTRA Carrier RSSI test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010491
TP-14	TP-010259	114		Corrections and improvements for TS 34.121 subclauses 5, 6 and Annex E	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010492
TP-14	TP-010259	115		Clarification of test requirements for Transmit ON/OFF time mask	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010493
TP-14	TP-010259	116		Clarification of procedure for Out-of-synchronisation	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010494
TP-14	TP-010259	117		handling of output power UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010495
TP-14	TP-010259	118		UE Transmit Timing	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010496
TP-14	TP-010259	119		Changes to blocking characteristics and spurious response test cases	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010497
TP-14	TP-010259	120		Clarification in Spectrum emission mask section	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010498
TP-14	TP-010259	121		DL Power Control Step Size in performance	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010499
TP-14	TP-010259	122		requirements  DL Compressed mode, correction of pattern	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010500
	TP-010259	123		BER/BLER testing based on statistical approach	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010505
TP-14	TP-010259	124		Deletion of OFF power measurement on "Power setting in uplink compressed mode" Test	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010520
TP-14	TP-010259	125		Cell reselection delay tests in idle mode	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010521
TP-14	TP-010259	126		CR for Transmit OFF power measurement	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010522
TP-15	TP-020039	127		Correction of power terms and definitions	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020133
TP-15	TP-020039	128		cases in Annex I	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020134
TP-15	TP-020039	129		Transmit ON/OFF time mask, Change of TFC and Power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020135
TP-15	TP-020039	130		Maintenance of Annex B	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020136
TP-15	TP-020039	131		Correction of minimum test times under fading	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020137
TP-15	TP-020039	132		Addition of test case description for SFN-CFN observed time difference	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020138
TP-15	TP-020039	133		Addition of test case description for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020139
TP-15	TP-020039	134		Corrections for TS 34.121 subclause 8.7.6	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020140
TP-15	TP-020039	135		Correction changes in clause 8.7	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020141
TP-15	TP-020039	136	<u> </u>	Update of RRM Cell reselection delay tests in idle mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020142
TP-15	TP-020039	137		Implementation of test tolerances to test cases in subclause 7	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020143
TP-15	TP-020039	138		RRM AnnexF	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020144
TP-15	TP-020039	139		Connection Diagrams for RRM tests cell re-selection in idle mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020145
TP-15	TP-020039	140		Statistical testing of RRM delay performance	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020146
TP-15	TP-020039	141		RRM Hard handover test cases	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020147
TP-15	TP-020039	142		System Simulator and Test System definition	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020148
TP-15	TP-020039	143		WCDMA 1800 and 1900 additions	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020170

Newton	<b>T</b>	Doc-1 <sup>st</sup> -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version	Version	Dog 2 <sup>nd</sup> Loyel
FP-15   FP-20039   144   Correction of power spectral density   F   3.70   3.80   T1-020171	Meeting	Doc-1 -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version -		Doc-2 -Level
TP-16	TP-15	TP-020039	144		Correction of power spectral density	F		380	T1-020171
TP-16	TP-16				Spectrum emission mask test case: Change to				
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	146	1			3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020221
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	147		Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020222
AWGN propagation conditions									
					AWGN propagation conditions				
TP-16		TP-020139	149		neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions				
Frequency Error test	TP-16	TP-020139	150			F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020226
P-020139   153   Deletion of lest case description Correct reporting of   F   3.8.0   3.9.0   T1-020237	TP-16	TP-020139	151			F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020227
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	152			F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020235
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	153		Deletion of test case description 'Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation conditions - Inter	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020236
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	154			F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020237
TP-16	TP-16				Correction of Units of side conditions and test				
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	156	<b>†</b>		F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020239
TP-16	TP-16					F			
TP-16	TP-16		158		UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection: Change of		3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020241
TP-16	TP-16	TP-020139	159	1		F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020242
TP-16	TP-16		160			F	3.8.0		
TP-16	TP-16								
Case									
R3.72 (Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH)		TP-020139	163		case		3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020246
Re-establishment delay    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re-establish    Re	TP-16	TP-020139	164		8.3.7.2 (Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH)		3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020247
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TP-16	TP-16		166			F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020249
TP-16	TP-16								
TP-16									
TP-16         TP-020139         171         Correction for SSDT test parameters and UL pPCCH slot format for performance         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020265 pPCCH slot format for performance           TP-16         TP-020139         172         Correction of UE FDD EVM definition         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020266           TP-16         TP-020139         173         Clarification of Meaning of FDR         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020267           TP-16         TP-020139         174         Modification to the test case for RX spurious emissions in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020268           TP-16         TP-020139         175         Editorial correction to Open Loop Power Control and Transmit ON/OFF Time mask in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020422           TP-17         TP-020185         177         Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020423           TP-17         TP-020185         178         Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020453           TP-17         TP-020185         180         Maintenance of Re-selection in CELL_PCH         F         3.9.0         3.10.0									
TP-16	TP-16 TP-16								
TP-16         TP-020139         173         Clarification of Meaning of FDR         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020267           TP-16         TP-020139         174         Modification to the test case for RX spurious emissions in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020268           TP-16         TP-020139         175         Editorial correction to Open Loop Power Control and F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020422           TP-16         TP-020139         176         Corrections to ACLR in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020423           TP-17         TP-020185         177         - Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020423           TP-17         TP-020185         178         - Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020453           TP-17         TP-020185         179         - Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020455           TP-17         TP-020185         180         - Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020456           TP-17         TP-020185         181									
TP-16         TP-020139         174         Modification to the test case for RX spurious emissions in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020268           TP-16         TP-020139         175         Editorial correction to Open Loop Power Control and Transmit ON/OFF Time mask in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020422           TP-16         TP-020139         176         Corrections to ACLR in TS34.121         F         3.8.0         3.9.0         T1-020423           TP-17         TP-020185         177         Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020423           TP-17         TP-020185         178         Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020453           TP-17         TP-020185         179         Addition of test case Transport format combination         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020455           TP-17         TP-020185         180         -         Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020455           TP-17         TP-020185         181         -         Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         <									
Pr-16									
Transmit ON/OFF Time mask in TS34.121  TP-16 TP-020139 176 Corrections to ACLR in TS34.121 F 3.8.0 3.9.0 T1-020423 TP-17 TP-020185 177 - Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020453 TP-17 TP-020185 178 - Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020454 TP-17 TP-020185 179 - Addition of test case Transport format combination F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020455 TP-17 TP-020185 180 - Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020456 TP-17 TP-020185 181 - Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020457 TP-17 TP-020185 182 - Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020458 TP-17 TP-020185 183 - Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020459 TP-17 TP-020185 184 - Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020460 TP-17 TP-020185 185 - Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020461 TP-17 TP-020185 187 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020463 TP-17 TP-020185 189 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020464 TP-17 TP-020185 190 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020466 TP-17 TP-020185 191 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Correct reporting of F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020466 TP-17 TP-020185 191 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Correct reporting of F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020466 TP-17 TP-020185 191 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Correct reporting of F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020466 TP-17 TP-020185 191 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Correct reporting of F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020466 TP-17 TP-020185 191 - Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Correct reporting of F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020466 TP-17 TP-020185 193 - Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020468 TP-17 TP-020185 193 - Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020469					emissions in TS34.121				
TP-17         TP-020185         177         -         Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020453           TP-17         TP-020185         178         -         Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020454           TP-17         TP-020185         179         -         Addition of test case Transport format combination         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020455           TP-17         TP-020185         180         -         Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020456           TP-17         TP-020185         181         -         Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020456           TP-17         TP-020185         182         -         Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020457           TP-17         TP-020185         183         -         Corrections to clause 8.7.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020458           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered					Transmit ON/OFF Time mask in TS34.121				
TP-17         TP-020185         178         -         Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020454           TP-17         TP-020185         179         -         Addition of test case Transport format combination         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020455           TP-17         TP-020185         180         -         Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020456           TP-17         TP-020185         181         -         Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020457           TP-17         TP-020185         182         -         Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020457           TP-17         TP-020185         183         -         Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020458           TP-17         TP-020185         184         -         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020460           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered									
TP-17         TP-020185         179         -         Addition of test case Transport format combination         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020455           TP-17         TP-020185         180         -         Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020456           TP-17         TP-020185         181         -         Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020457           TP-17         TP-020185         182         -         Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020458           TP-17         TP-020185         183         -         Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020459           TP-17         TP-020185         184         -         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020461           TP-17         TP-020185         188         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>1166</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				-	1166				
TP-17         TP-020185         180         -         Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020456           TP-17         TP-020185         181         -         Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020457           TP-17         TP-020185         182         -         Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020458           TP-17         TP-020185         183         -         Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020459           TP-17         TP-020185         184         -         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020460           TP-17         TP-020185         187         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         189         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F				-	<del>-</del>				
TP-17         TP-020185         181         Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020457           TP-17         TP-020185         182         -         Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020458           TP-17         TP-020185         183         -         Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020459           TP-17         TP-020185         184         -         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020460           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020461           TP-17         TP-020185         187         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         188         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.				<del> </del>	I				
TP-17         TP-020185         182         -         Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020458           TP-17         TP-020185         183         -         Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020459           TP-17         TP-020185         184         -         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020460           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020461           TP-17         TP-020185         187         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         188         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         189         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ļ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				ļ					
TP-17         TP-020185         183         Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020459           TP-17         TP-020185         184         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020460           TP-17         TP-020185         185         Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020461           TP-17         TP-020185         187         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         188         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         189         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185				Ι-	and the second s				
TP-17         TP-020185         184         -         Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020460           TP-17         TP-020185         185         -         Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020461           TP-17         TP-020185         187         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         188         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         189         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         -         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         -         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         <				-					
TP-17         TP-020185         185         Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020461           TP-17         TP-020185         187         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         188         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         189         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469				-					
TP-17         TP-020185         187         Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020463           TP-17         TP-020185         188         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         189         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469				-					
TP-17         TP-020185         188         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020464           TP-17         TP-020185         189         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         -         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         -         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         -         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469				-					
TP-17         TP-020185         189         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         -         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         -         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         -         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469	TP-17	TP-020185	187	-	Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020463
TP-17         TP-020185         189         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020465           TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         -         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         -         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         -         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469	TP-17	TP-020185	188	-	Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020464
TP-17         TP-020185         190         -         Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020466           TP-17         TP-020185         191         -         Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020467           TP-17         TP-020185         192         -         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         -         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469	TP-17	TP-020185	189	1-		F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020465
TP-17         TP-020185         192         -         Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020468           TP-17         TP-020185         193         -         Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo         F         3.9.0         3.10.0         T1-020469	TP-17	TP-020185		-	Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of		3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020466
TP-17 TP-020185 193 - Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020469	TP-17	TP-020185	191	-		F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020467
TP-17 TP-020185 193 - Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo F 3.9.0 3.10.0 T1-020469	TP-17	TP-020185	192	1-	Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020468
	TP-17			1-		F			
	TP-17	TP-020185	194	1-	Correction of test case 'Rx-Tx time difference type	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020470

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Meeting	DOC-1 -LEVEI		Rev	Gubject	Jac	- Current	-New	DOC-2 -LEVE
TP-17	TP-020185	195	-	FDD/TDD Handover Test Case	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020471
TP-17	TP-020185	196	-	Test Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020474
TP-17	TP-020185	197	-	Correction to clause 8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020475
TP-17	TP-020185	198	-	Segmented Measurement to be allowed for Inner	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020476
TP-17	TP-020185	199	-	Correction to clause 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020477
TP-17	TP-020185	200	-	Correction to clause 8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020478
TP-17	TP-020185	201	-	Correction to clause 8.7.4 and 8.7.5 SFN-CFN/SFN	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020479
TP-17	TP-020185	202	-	Addition of a set of Compressed mode reference	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020480
TP-17	TP-020185	203	-	Correction of Compressed Mode Performance	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020481
TP-17	TP-020185	204	-	Tx Power level control during Rx testing	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020482
TP-17	TP-020185	205	-	Deletion of some suclauses from F.6.1 Statistical	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020483
TP-17	TP-020185	206	-	Correction to clause 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020484
TP-17	TP-020185	207	-	Test Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in CELL-	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020485
TP-17	TP-020185	208	-	Calculation of Test Requirements for Cell Re-	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020486
TP-17	TP-020185	209	-	Clarification of the definition of 90 % success rate	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020491
TP-17	TP-020185	210	-	Update of test requirement derivation of Downlink	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020492
TP-17	TP-020192	211	-	Correction of regional note in Annex J.1	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	-
TP-18	TP-020294	212	-	Correction of table titles of Demodulation of DCH in	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020631
				closed loop transmit diversity mode test case				
TP-18	TP-020294	213	-	Maintenance of FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection test case	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020632
TP-18	TP-020294	214	-	Maintenance of UE Transmit Timing test case	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020633
TP-18	TP-020294	215	-	Correction of ACLR absolute power limit	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020634
TP-18	TP-020294	216	=	Correction to clause 8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020636
TP-18	TP-020294	217	-	Maintenance of 8.4.2.4 Correct behavior when reaching maximum transit power	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020637
TP-18	TP-020294	218	-	Correction of table numbers	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020639
TP-18	TP-020294	219	-	Correction of message parameter	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020640
TP-18	TP-020294 TP-020294	220	-	Correction of test parameter in 8.4.2.3 Correct behavior when Time-out  Modification of the Random Access Test 8.4.2.1,	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020641 T1-020651
TP-18	TP-020294	222	-	Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK.  Modifications to the test case for Inner Loop Power	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020651
TP-18	TP-020294	223	_	Control in the Uplink in TS34.121  Correction of SCH side conditions and other	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020042
TP-18	TP-020294	224		corrections  Corrections of test for power setting in uplink	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020750
11-10	17-020294	224	-	compressed mode		3.10.0	3.11.0	11-020731
TP-18	TP-020294	225	=	Text for annex F.6.2 Statistical testing of RRM delay performance	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020752
TP-18	TP-020294	226	=	Maintenance of annex F.6.1 Statistical testing of BER BLER performance	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020753
TP-18	TP-020294	227	-	Dual limit BLER tests	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020754
TP-18	TP-020294	228	-	Correction of test method: Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020755
TP-18	TP-020294	229	-	Correction of table and subclause references	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020756
TP-18	TP-020294	230	-	Revision of table titles in Sec 8. to provide unique and unambiguous descriptions	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020757
TP-18	TP-020294	231	-	Correction to clause 8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020758
TP-18	TP-020294	232	-	Correction to PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message that activates	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020759
TP-18	TP-020294	233	-	Introduction of test tolerances in Cell Reselection multi carrier test cases	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020769
TP-18	TP-020294	234	-	Correction of UL reference measurement channel	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020889
TP-19	TP-030045	235	-	P-CCPCH RSCP test case for FDD to TDD	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030171
TP-19	TP-030045	236	-	l	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030172
TP-19	TP-030045	237	-	Correction for minimum requirement of UE	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030173
TP-19	TP-030045	238	-	Removal of 34.123-1 Annex A reference	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030174
TP-19	TP-030045	239	-		F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030175
TP-19	TP-030045	240	-	Correction of Out-of-synchronisation handling of	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030178
TP-19	TP-030045	241	-	Removal of uplink dummy DCCH transmission	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030170
TP-19	TP-030045	242	-	Correction for Combining of TPC commands from	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030186
TP-20	TP-030099	243	-	Modifications to the test cases for Transmit diversity	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030323

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				modes in TS34.121				
TP-20	TP-030099	244	-	Correction for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH state test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030324
TP-20	TP-030099	245	-	Correction for Random Access test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030325
TP-20	TP-030099	246	-	Correction for downlink compressed mode test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030326
TP-20	TP-030099	247	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to Activation Time in Hard Handover RRM Test Cases	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030343
TP-20	TP-030099	249	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Corretion to Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030348
TP-20	-	-	-	Upgrade to Rel-4	-	3.13.0	4.0.0	-
TP-20	TP-030099	250	-	Addition of clarification for modulation accuracy requirement	F	4.0.0	5.0.0	T1-030732
TP-21	TP-030189	251	-	Creation of a merged release for 34.121 which incorporates R99 and Rel-4	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030796
TP-21	TP-030189	253	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030814
TP-21	TP-030189	254	-	CR to 34.121 REL-4; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)		4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030815
TP-21	TP-030189	255	-	CR to 34.121 REL-5; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)		5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030816
TP-21	TP-030189	256	-	Correction of SSDT performance test case (R99)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030817
TP-21	TP-030189	257	-	Correction of SSDT performance test case (Rel-4)	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030818
TP-21 TP-21	TP-030189 TP-030189	258 261	-	Correction of SSDT performance test case (Rel-5) Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter	A F	5.0.0 3.13.0	5.1.0 5.1.0	T1-030819 T1-030841
TP-21	TP-030189	262	-	Frequency Measurement Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030842
TP-21	TP-030189	263	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030843
TP-21	TP-030189	264	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030859
TP-21	TP-030189	265	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030860
TP-21	TP-030189	266	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030861
TP-21	TP-030189	267	-	Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (R99)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030862
TP-21	TP-030189	268	-	Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (Rel-4)	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030863
TP-21	TP-030189	269	-	Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (Rel-5)	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030864
TP-21	TP-030189	270	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030865
TP-21	TP-030189	271	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030866
TP-21	TP-030189	272	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030867
TP-21	TP-030189	277	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031108
TP-21	TP-030189	278	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	4	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031109
TP-21	TP-030189	279	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031110
TP-21	TP-030189	280	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Intra Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031182
TP-21	TP-030189	281	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Intra Frequency Measurement	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031183
TP-21	TP-030189	282	-	CR Rel 5 Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031184
TP-21	TP-030189	283	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031188
TP-21	TP-030189	284	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031189
TP-21	TP-030189	285	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031190
TP-21	TP-030189	286	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access tests	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031191

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TP-21	TP-030189	287	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access Test	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031192
TP-21	TP-030189	288	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access Test	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031193
TP-21	TP-030189	289	-	Completion of Annex F	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031229
TP-21	TP-030189	290	-	Completion of Annex F	Α	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031230
TP-21	TP-030189	291	-	Completion of Annex F	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031231
TP-21	TP-030189	252	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Corretion to Inter-system	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030800
				Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM				
TP-21	TP-030189	273	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-99; Correction to CRC bit for	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030870
				reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for				
				DTCH, transport channel parameters	_			
TP-21	TP-030189	274	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030873
TP-21	TD 020400	259		in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	400	F 4 0	T4 020020
1P-21	TP-030189	259	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	Г	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030832
TP-21	TP-030189	260		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030833
16-21	17-030169	200	[	in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	11-030633
TP-21	TP-030189	275	1_	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Corretion to Inter-system	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031103
' ' ' '	11 030103	213		Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	l'	4.0.0	3.1.0	11 031103
TP-21	TP-030189	276	l-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Corretion to Inter-system	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031104
	000.00	0		Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	ľ	0.0.0	00	
TP-21	TP-030189	292	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4: Correction to CRC bit for	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030871
				reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for				
				DTCH, transport channel parameters				
TP-21	TP-030189	293	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to CRC bit for	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030872
				reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for				
				DTCH, transport channel parameters				
TP-21	TP-030189	296	-	Introduction of the phase discontinuity test (Specific	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031277
				to Rel-5)				
TD 00	TD 000000	200		Complete CR266 implementation	_	5.1.0	5.1.1	T4 004050
TP-22	TP-030280	298		CR to 34.121: Correction to Inter-system Handover	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031356
TP-22	TP-030280	299		from UTRAN FDD to GSM CR to 34.121: Correction to Power control in DL,	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031357
17-22	17-030200	299		initial convergence test case	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	11-031337
TP-22	TP-030280	319		Correction to RRM test case 8.3.2.1	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031445
TP-22	TP-030280	314	1	Correction of clause 4.2 Frequency bands	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031551
TP-22	TP-030280	315	h	Clause 4.4 Channel arrangement for DS-CDMA	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031552
				Introduction in the 800 MHz Band				
TP-22	TP-030280	316	1	DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031553
TP-22	TP-030280	317	1	Correction and maintenance of Annex H and DS-	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031556
				CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band				
TP-22	TP-030280	300	1	Introduction of reference to RRM test tolerances TR	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031561
TP-22	TP-030280	301	þ	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031562
				tests 8.2.2.1 & 8.2.2.2				
TP-22	TP-030280	302	1	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031563
TD 00	TD 000000	200		in CELL_PCH tests 8.3.6.1 & 8.3.6.2	_	F 4 4	500	T4 004504
TP-22	TP-030280	329		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031564
TP-22	TP-030280	303	4	in URA_PCH tests 8.3.7.1 & 8.3.7.2 Clarification of Downlink Physical Channel in table	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031565
17-22	17-030200	503	<b> </b>	E.3.1	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	11-031303
TP-22	TP-030280	309	1	FDD inter-frequency cell identification and	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031566
11 22	11 030200	505	ľ	measurement reporting test case	l'	5.1.1	0.2.0	11 031300
TP-22	TP-030280	310	1	Changes to section 8.4.3, TFC selection	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031567
				requirements for codec mode switch				
TP-22	TP-030280	327	1	Test requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031568
				Frequency Measurement				
TP-22	TP-030280	328	1	Test requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031569
				Frequency Measurement				
TP-22	TP-030280	324	1	Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Intra	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031570
				Frequency Measurement				
TP-22	TP-030280	325	1	Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Inter	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031571
		L		Frequency Measurement	_			
TP-22	TP-030280	318	[1	Correction of clause 8.7.3C UE transmitted power	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031604
TD 00	TD 000000	204	_	OD 1- 04 404- O	-	F 4 4	F 0 0	T4 004005
TP-22	TP-030280	304	[	CR to 34.121: Correction to FDD/FDD Soft	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031605
TP-22	TP-030280	308	ļ	Handover test case	F	5.1.1	F 2 C	T1 021606
TP-22		308	<u>'</u>	Correction to RRM test case 8.3.5.3  12.2 kbit/s RMC is insufficient for BLER testing	F	5.1.1	5.2.0 5.2.0	T1-031606 T1-031611
TP-22	TP-030280 TP-030280	321 320	<u> </u>	Update of initial conditions for RF test cases	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031611 T1-031612
TP-22	TP-030280	307	2	Addition of two new test cases; 7.11 (Demodulation	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031612
11 -22	11 -030200	501	ŕ	of paging channel (PCH)) and 7.12 (Detection of	[	J. 1. I	0.2.0	11-031013
				acquisition indicator (AI)).	1			
TP-22	TP-030280	311	h	Performance requirement for HSDPA skeleton	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031624
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				section added				
TP-22	TP-030280	312	1	New test requirements for Demodulation of HS- DSCH (fixed reference channel) single link performance	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031625
TP-22	TP-030280	313	1	New test requirements for reporting of HS-DSCH Channel Quality Indicator (CQI) AWGN propagation conditions	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031626
TP-22	TP-030280	306	1	Correction to F.1.5 Requirements for support of RRM	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031627
TP-22	TP-030280	331		Correction to W-CDMA modulated interferer definition	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031652
TP-22 TP-22	TP-030280 TP-030280	330 332	1	Correction on Random Access test cases Addition to Scope clause to clarify applicability of	F F	5.1.1 5.1.1	5.2.0 5.2.0	T1-031692 T1-031694
TP-23	TP-040038	332		tests to Releases Introduction of Test Tolerance to Maximum Input	r F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040099
			-	Level test 6.3				
TP-23	TP-040038	333	-	CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for reported values.	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040165
TP-23	TP-040038	334	=	Correction to the meassurement control message in 8.7.2.	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040288
TP-23	TP-040038	335	=	Correction of the TGD value for single gap transmission gap pattern	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040289
TP-23	TP-040038	336	-	Correction to the Measurement Control message in 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040292
TP-23	TP-040038	337	-	Introduction of correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040341
TP-23	TP-040038	338	-	Correction to 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040345
TP-23	TP-040038	339	-	Correction to RRC connection control test 1 and 2	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040354
TP-23	TP-040038	340	-	Correction of measurement control message in inter	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040100
TP-23	TP-040038	341	-	frequency measurement test cases.  Correction to W-CDMA modulated interferer definition	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040190
TP-23	TP-040038	342	-	Removal of square brackets in Annex F.6	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040248
TP-23	TP-040038	343	-	Excess test uncertainties	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040279
TP-23	TP-040038	344	=	Define TBD message parameters for FDD/FDD Hard Handover test cases	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040281
TP-23	TP-040038	345	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to FDD/FDD Hard Handover to intra-frequency cell, test 8.3.2.1	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040282
TP-23	TP-040038	346	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell, test 8.3.2.2	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040284
TP-23	TP-040038	347	-	Introduction of PRACH preamble tests	В	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040330
TP-23	TP-040038	348	-	Correction of requirements of HSDPA CQI reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040333
TP-23	TP-040038	349	-	Annex A for HSDPA	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040337
TP-23	TP-040038	350	-	Annex F.1 for HSDPA	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040338
TP-23	TP-040038	351	-	Correction of DL channelisation code value in DL radio resources	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040339
TP-23	TP-040038	352	-	Correction to F.4.1	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040393
TP-23	TP-040038	353	-	Links to Annex F.6.2 in RRM test cases	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040139
TP-23	TP-040038	354	-	Clarify measurement control for FDD/FDD Inter- frequency Hard Handover test case	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040252
TP-23	-	-	-	Correction on implementation of CR 333 on CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for reported values.on Table 8.7.2.2.2.3	F	5.3.0	5.3.1	-
TP-24	TP-040113	355	-,	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions, test 8.6.1.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040524
TP-24	TP-040113	356	-	Corrections to CPICH RSCP test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040533
TP-24	TP-040113	357	-	Corrections to CPICH Ec/lo test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040534
TP-24	TP-040113	358	-	Correction to 8.4.1.1 RRC cnnection control test 1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040864
TP-24	TP-040113	359	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL and MEASUREMENT REPORT messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040541
TP-24	TP-040113	360	-	Addition of unit for OCNS_Ec/lor in RRM tests	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040542
TP-24	TP-040113	361	-	Correction to default messages in Annex I of 34.121	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040591
TP-24 TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	362 363	-	Update of F1.5 Correction of Spurious Emissions for	F F	5.3.1 5.3.1	5.4.0 5.4.0	T1-040695 T1-040700
TP-24	TP-040113	364	-	UMTS800(band VI) Removal of [] for UE transmit power test case 8.7.3C	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040720
TP-24	TP-040113	365	-	Correction to 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040728
TP-24	TP-040113	366	-	Inter system handover	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040805

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TP-24	TP-040113	367		Correction to BTFD test case 7.10	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040815
TP-24	TP-040113	368	-	Addition of details for RRM test case for GSM carrier RSSI		5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040816
TP-24	TP-040113	369	-		F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040817
TP-24	TP-040113	370	-	Correction of FDD inter frequency measurements, wrong IEs	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040818
TP-24	TP-040113	371	1_	Correction to Transmit Off Power	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040824
TP-24	TP-040113	372	-	Corrections to UTRA Carrier RSSI test cases	F.	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040825
TP-24	TP-040113	373	-	Corrections to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040826
TP-24	TP-040113	374	-		F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040827
TP-24	TP-040113	375	-	Corrections to SFN-CFN observed time difference test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040831
TP-24	TP-040113	376	-	Corrections to SFN-SFN type 1 measurement test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040832
TP-24	TP-040113	377	-	Correction to URA identity for reselection in Cell URA_PCH	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040834
TP-24	TP-040113	378	-	to 34.121 Annex	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040838
TP-24	TP-040113	379	-	Correction of channel number for UMTS800(band VI)	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040839
TP-24	TP-040113	380	-	control messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040840
TP-24	TP-040113	381	-	HSDPA test 9.3.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040842
TP-24	TP-040113	382	-	HSDPA test 9.3.2	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040843
TP-24	TP-040113	383	-	New test case for 9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040844
TP-24	TP-040113	385	-	Statistical approach for HSDPA tests	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040854
TP-24	TP-040113	386	-	Correction to GSM neighbour reporting in 8.6.4.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040856
TP-24 TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	387 388	-	Correction to measurement report in 8.3.2 Corrections to UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 test	F F	5.3.1 5.3.1	5.4.0 5.4.0	T1-040857 T1-040859
TP-24	TP-040113	389	-	Addition of MEASUREMENT CONTROL message	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040863
TP-24	TP-040113	391	-	and ACTIVESET UPDATE meesage in 8.5.1 HSDPA test: 9.2.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040871
TP-24	TP-040113	392	-	New test case for 9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040871
TP-24	TP-040113	393	<del> </del>	New TPC combining in SHO	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040873
TP-24	TP-040113	394	-	New test case for 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040874
TP-24	TP-040113	395	-	Addition of CELL_UPDATE CONFIRM Message and URA_UPDATE CONFIRM Message.	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040866
TP-24	TP-040113	396	-	Correction to 7.11 (Demodulation of paging channel (PCH))	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040855
TP-25	TP-040158	395	-	Addition of a new case to Adjacent Channel Selectivity test	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041017
TP-25	TP-040158	396	-	Removal of [] for test case 8.3.5.3 'Cell Reselection to GSM'	D	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041034
TP-25	TP-040158	397	-	Addition of the integrity protection in messages	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041058
TP-25	TP-040158	398	-	Correction to Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH test cases	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041076
TP-25	TP-040158	399	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 8.4.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041093
TP-25	TP-040158	400	=	Revision of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions, test	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041098
TP-25	TP-040158	401	-	8.6.1.1  Correction of RRM test case 8.7.3A (GSM carrier RSSI)	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041176
TP-25	TP-040158	402	-		F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041201
TP-25	TP-040158	403	-		F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041203
TP-25	TP-040158	404	-		F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041204
TP-25	TP-040158	405	-	Correction to test uncertainty definition of Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041307
TP-25	TP-040158	406	-	Addition of the integrity protection in 5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041308
TP-25	TP-040158	407	-	Corrections to Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover	В	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041311
TP-25	TP-040158	408	-	Correction to 7.7.3: Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041314

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TP-25	TP-040158	409		Addition of TPC error rate accuracy to TC 7.7.3	F	Current 5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041316
TP-25	TP-040158	410	1	Test system uncertainties update for test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041310
11 20	11 040100	710		8.3.5.3	l'	0.4.0	0.0.0	11041010
TP-25	TP-040158	411	-	Corrections to UTRA Carrier RSSI test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041325
TP-25	TP-040158	412	-	Resolution of downlink code conflict between OCNS	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041326
				DPCH and S-CCPCH				
TP-25	TP-040158	413	-	Addition of the information element for monitor cells	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041328
TP-25	TP-040158	414	<u> </u>	in Annex I Correction to 5.5.2: Transmit ON/OFF Time mask	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041333
11 -23	11 -040130	414	_	test case	'	3.4.0	3.3.0	11-041333
TP-25	TP-040158	415	-	Cell configuration mapping	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041341
TP-25	TP-040158	416	-	Test tolerances in 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041344
				delay				
TP-25	TP-040158	417	-	Completion of Transmitter Intermodulation test 5.12	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041345
TP-25	TP-040158	418	-	Correction of reference to generic setup procedure	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041348
TP-25	TP-040158	419		in TS 34.108 for Cell_FACH  Correction to TC 7.8.3, Power control in the	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041349
17-25	17-040156	419	Ι-	downlink, wind up effects	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	11-041349
TP-25	TP-040158	420	-	Revision of Receiver Spurious Emissions Test 6.8	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041353
TP-25	TP-040158	421	-	Correction to BTFD test case 7.10 and DL dummy	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041358
				DCCH				
TP-25	TP-040158	422	-	Correction to measurement control message in	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041360
				8.6.1.2				
TP-25	TP-040158	423	-	Correction to test case 8.2.3 'UTRAN to GSM Cell	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041362
TP-25	TP-040158	425		Re-Selection' Corrections to Annex F.2.4 and F.4.4	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041322
TP-25	TP-040158	426	1	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041322
11 -23	11 -040130	420	_	reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN	'	3.4.0	3.3.0	11-041329
				propagation condition, test 8.6.1.2				
TP-25	TP-040158	427	-	Correction to 8.6.1.1	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041361
TP-25	TP-040158	429	-	Proposed addition of HSDPA downlink code	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041372
<b>TD 0</b>	TD 040450	100		allocation to 34.121 Annex	_			T
TP-25 TP-25	TP-040158 TP-040158	430	-	Maximum Input Level for HSDPA	F F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041375
TP-25	TP-040158	431	-	Correction to test procedure for test cases using Cell_PCH or URA_PCH state	-	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041347r2
TP-25	TP-040158	432	<del> </del>	Clarification of OCNS power control	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041318r4
TP-26	TP-040234	433	-	Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 5	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041524
TP-26	TP-040234	434	-	Correction of the FDD/FDD Soft Handover test	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041567
				parameters				
TP-26	TP-040234	435	-	Corrections to TC 8.7.3C UE transmitted power	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041577
TP-26	TP-040234	436	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 8.3.4	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041579
TP-26 TP-26	TP-040234 TP-040234	437 438	-	New clause for reference conditions	F F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041648 T1-041650
TP-26	TP-040234	439	<del> -</del>	Alignment of HSDPA OCNS with TS 25.101  Correction to Handover to GSM TC 8.3.4	F	5.5.0 5.5.0	5.6.0 5.6.0	T1-041650
TP-26	TP-040234	440	-	Correction to test procedure in 7.12	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041661
TP-26	TP-040234	441	-	Correction to 8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041662
				1				
TP-26	TP-040234	442	-	Corrections to RRM test cases 8.6.1.2 Event	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041667
TD 05	TD 01005	4	1	riggered reporting	_		5.0.0	T4 04405
TP-26	TP-040234	443	-	Update of references to GSM core specifications	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041684
TP-26 TP-26	TP-040234 TP-040234	444 445	+	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.4 (HS-SCCH detection) Clarification of HS-PDSCH and HS-SCCH signal	F	5.5.0 5.5.0	5.6.0 5.6.0	T1-041749 T1-041790
15-20	17-040234	440	Ī-	structure	1	3.3.0	3.0.0	11-041/90
TP-26	TP-040234	446	1-	CR to 34.121 Rel 5: Editorial corrections to test 8.7.3	D	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041810
TP-26	TP-040234	447	1-	Corrections to BTFD test case	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041813
TP-26	TP-040234	448		Corrections to RRM test cases 8.3.2.1 and 8.3.2.2	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041818
				Correction to the test procedure of FDD/FDD Hard				
				Handover test cases				
TP-26	TP-040234	449	-	Corrections to TC 8.6.4.1	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041822
TP-26	TP-040234	450	-	Corrections to PRM test ages 9.5.1 LIE Transmit	F F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041824
TP-26	TP-040234	451	[-	Corrections to RRM test case 8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	-	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041830
TP-26	TP-040234	452	-	Corrections and additions to Release 5 RRM test	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041831
		15-		case 8.6.2.2				
TP-26	TP-040234	453	-	Measurement Channel for BLER measurement in	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041832
TP-26	TP-040234	454	+	8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover.  Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041834
17-20	17-040234	404	[	type 1 measurement test case	-	5.5.0	3.0.0	11-041034
TP-26	TP-040234	455	1-	Corrections to HSDPA test 6.3A (max input power)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041838
TP-26	TP-040234	456	1-	CM configuration in FDD inter frequency	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041841
17-20	11 0-020-	700				0.0.0	0.0.0	11011011

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TP-26	TP-040234	457	-	Addition of the scheduling information for Cell Re- Selection test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041843
TP-26	TP-040234	458	-	Correction to 8.3.1 UE FDD/FDD Soft Handover	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041844
TP-26	TP-040234	459	-	Correction to 8.7.1.1 CPICH RSCP Intra frequency measurements accuracy	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041845
TP-26	TP-040234	460	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.3 (CQI reporting)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041852
TP-26	TP-040234	461	-	Correction to measurement configurations in section 7	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041858
TP-26	TP-040234	462	-	Change of notes position in TS34.121 Annex E.3	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041859
TP-26	TP-040234	463	-	BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data rates	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041860
TP-26	TP-040234	464	-	Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041861
TP-26	TP-040234	465	-	Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041865
TP-26	TP-040234	466	-	Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test case	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041866
TP-26	TP-040234	467	-	Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041867
TP-26	TP-040234	468	-	S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041868
TP-26	TP-040234	469	-	Corrections to TC 8.2.3.1 and 8.2.3.2	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041869
TP-26	TP-040234	470	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL Message for 8.6.2.1: Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition and 8.3.2.2: FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell test cases		5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041870
TP-26	TP-040234	471	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.2 (Demod of HS-DSCH)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041872
TP-26	TP-040234	472	-	Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 6	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041873
TP-26	TP-040234	473	-	Correction of time to receive system information in RRM test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041877
TP-26	TP-040234	474	-	CR to 34.121: Changing the BLER target for the DCCH in test 7.8	D	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041878
TP-26	TP-040234	475	-	Corrections to Information elements for Monitored Cells in Annex I.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041881
TP-26	TP-040234	476	-	Introduction of UMTS-850 MHz band V	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041882
TP-26	TP-040234	477	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later), test 8.6.1.2A	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041507
TP-26	TP-040234	478	-	Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 4.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041523

T. C. 2.7 As	Т	Doc-1 <sup>st</sup> -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version	Version	Doc-2 <sup>nd</sup> -Level
T. C. 2.7 As	Meeting						- Current	-New	
TP-27   TP-050033   480   Corrections to RRM test case 8.4.3.1 "Transport   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050124	TP-27	TP-050033	479			F		6.0.0	T1-050080
TP-27   TP-050033   482   Removal of editorial notes from TC 8.7.3C   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050215	TP-27	TP-050033	480		Corrections to RRM test case 8.4.3.1 "Transport	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050122
TP-27   TP-050033   483   Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050215   (mandatory)   484   Correction to RRC CONNECTION SETUP and RB   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050217   T1-05033   485   Correction to CPICH Ection in 8.6.1.3   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050219   T1-050233   486   Correction to CPICH Ection in 8.6.1.3   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050219   T1-050233   487   Table E.3.4 Correction to CPICH Ection in 8.6.1.3   T1-050234   T1-050233	TP-27	TP-050033	481		lor value correction for RRM test case, 8.6.2.1		5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050124
TP-27	TP-27	TP-050033	482		Removal of editorial notes from TC 8.7.3C	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050186
SETUP messages for TX diversity	TP-27	TP-050033	483			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050215
TP-27 TP-050033 485	TP-27	TP-050033	484			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050217
TP-27	TP-27	TP-050033	485		Correction to CPICH, Ec/Io in 8.6.1.3	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050219
TP-27   TP-050033   487									
FP-27						-			
TP-27	TP-27	TP-050033	487			D	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050233
TP-27									
TP-27									
TP-27   TP-050033   491									
TP-27									
Characteristics					7.7.3	-			
Acquisition Indicator					Characteristics				
reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN	TP-27	TP-050033	493		Acquisition Indicator	F			T1-050313
TP-27   TP-050033   496   Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050316	TP-27	TP-050033	494	_	CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050315
TP-27   TP-050033   496   Clarification of reference value for T Reconfirm Abort   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050319   Parameter in Inter-Rat Test Case 8.3.4   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050321   TP-27   TP-050033   498   Correction to RRM TC 8.2.3   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050322   Control Messages   Control Messages   Correction to Reporting cell status* in Measurement   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050322   Control Messages   Control Messages   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050322   Control Messages   TP-27   TP-050033   499   Correction to 8.3.1   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050326   Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050326   In Annex   TP-27   TP-050033   501   Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050326   In Annex   TP-27   TP-050033   502   Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2   Open loop diversity   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050339   TP-27   TP-050033   503   Clarification for Test 9.2.2   Open loop diversity   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050347   Introduce UMTS 850 Band   TP-27   TP-050033   505   Clarification for Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050351   TP-27   TP-050033   506   Correction to OCNS value in 8.7.2.2   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   508   Correction to OCNS value in 8.7.2.2   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   508   Correction to Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   509   Clarification for Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   509   Clarification for Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   509   Clarification for Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   510   Correction to Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050362   TP-27   TP-050033   510   Clarification for New 1 to Annex 1 to	TP-27	TP-050033	495		Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050316
TP-27   TP-050033   498					Clarification of reference value for T Reconfirm Abort Parameter in Inter-Rat Test Case 8.3.4				
Control Messages			497					6.0.0	
TP-27   TP-050033   500   Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in Annex   In Annex   In Annex   In Annex   In In Annex   In In In Annex   In In In In In In In In In In In In In	TP-27	TP-050033	498			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050322
In Annex     In Annex     In Annex       In Annex         In Annex	TP-27	TP-050033	499		Correction to 8.3.1	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050324
TP-27   TP-050033   501   Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050329	TP-27	TP-050033	500			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050326
TP-27   TP-050033   502   Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2   Open loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance loop diversity	TP-27	TP-050033	501			F	560	600	T1-050329
TP-27   TP-050033   503   CR to 34.121: Changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band	TP-27				Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity				
TP-27   TP-050033   504   Correction of 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050351   TP-27   TP-050033   505   Clarification for Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050352   TP-27   TP-050033   506   Correction to CORN value in 8.7.2.2   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050356   TP-27   TP-050033   508   Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test   9.2.2   Open loop diversity performance   And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance   And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance   And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance   And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance   TP-27   TP-050033   510   Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050368   9.2.1   Single link performance   S.2.1   Single link performance   S.2.1   Single link performance   S.2.1   Single link performance   TP-27   TP-050033   511   Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2   D   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050370   TP-27   TP-050033   512   Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050371   TP-27   TP-050033   513   Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050373   TP-27   TP-050033   514   Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050373   TP-27   TP-050033   515   Correction to H Set-6/5 pattern length   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050374   TP-27   TP-050033   516   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for   Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH   TP-27   TP-050033   518   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test   S.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050378   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test   S.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050378   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test   S.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050379   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test   S.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050379   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test   S.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050379   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new te	TP-27	TP-050033	503		CR to 34.121: Changes to Annex D and Annex H to	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050347
TP-27   TP-050033   505   Clarification for Test Case 7.9   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050352   TP-27   TP-050033   506   Correction to CONS value in 8.7.2.2   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050356   TP-27   TP-050033   508   Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test   9.2.2   Open loop diversity performance   And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance   And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance   TP-27   TP-050033   510   Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050366   Information scheduling for RRM test cases.   TP-27   TP-050033   511   Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2   D   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050370   TP-27   TP-050033   512   Correction to Ts34.121 TC 8.4.2   D   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050370   TP-27   TP-050033   513   Correction to Ts34.121 TC 8.4.2   D   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050371   TP-27   TP-050033   513   Correction to Teporting of CQI   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050373   TP-27   TP-050033   514   Correction to Teporting of CQI   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050373   TP-27   TP-050033   515   Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050375   TP-27   TP-050033   516   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH   TP-27   TP-050033   518   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH   TP-27   TP-050033   519   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH   TP-27   TP-050033   519   CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH   TP-27   TP-050033   520   CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for B   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050379   CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for B   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050379   TP-27   TP-050033   521   CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for B   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050382   TP-27   TP-050033   521   CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for B   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050382   TP-27   TP-050033   521   CR to 34.121: C	TP-27	TP-050033	504			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050351
TP-27   TP-050033   506   Correction to OCNS value in 8.7.2.2   F   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050356									
TP-27   TP-050033   508   Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2   Open loop diversity performance And Test 9.2.3   Closed loop diversity performance Changes to Annex I to harmonise System Information scheduling for RRM test cases.   F						Ė			
TP-27         TP-050033         509         Changes to Annex I to harmonise System Information scheduling for RRM test cases.         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050366           TP-27         TP-050033         510         Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050368           TP-27         TP-050033         511         Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2         D         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050370           TP-27         TP-050033         512         Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050371           TP-27         TP-050033         513         Corrections to reporting of CQI         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050373           TP-27         TP-050033         514         Corrections to reporting of CQI         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050373           TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050374           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27	TP-27				Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test				
TP-27   TP-050033   510   Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1   Single link performance   Single link performance   D   5.6.0   6.0.0   T1-050370	TP-27	TP-050033	509		Changes to Annex I to harmonise System	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050366
TP-27         TP-050033         511         Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2         D         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050370           TP-27         TP-050033         512         Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050371           TP-27         TP-050033         513         Corrections to reporting of CQI         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050373           TP-27         TP-050033         514         Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050373           TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050374           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for perception         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27	TP-27	TP-050033	510			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050368
TP-27         TP-050033         512         Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050371           TP-27         TP-050033         513         Corrections to reporting of CQI         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050373           TP-27         TP-050033         514         Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050374           TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050375           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for introduction of uMTS 850 Band									
TP-27         TP-050033         513         Corrections to reporting of CQI         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050373           TP-27         TP-050033         514         Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050374           TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050375           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Ease for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for Ease for sectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases	TP-27								
TP-27         TP-050033         514         Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050374           TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050375           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for sectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to	TP-27		512		Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases	F		6.0.0	T1-050371
TP-27         TP-050033         514         Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050374           TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050375           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for sectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to	TP-27	TP-050033	513		Corrections to reporting of CQI	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050373
TP-27         TP-050033         515         Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050375           TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050381           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382		TP-050033	514			F			T1-050374
TP-27         TP-050033         516         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050376           TP-27         TP-050033         517         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050377           TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050381           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382				1					
Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH				1					
Case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH		11 030033			Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH			0.0.0	11 000070
TP-27         TP-050033         518         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050378           TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050381           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	517		case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050377
TP-27         TP-050033         519         CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050379           TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050381           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	518		CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050378
TP-27         TP-050033         520         CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band         B         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050381           TP-27         TP-050033         521         Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception         F         5.6.0         6.0.0         T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	519		CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050379
TP-27 TP-050033 521 Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050382 reception	TP-27	TP-050033	520		CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050381
	TP-27	TP-050033	521		Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050382
JOSOGO   DEE       DOLLOGIO TO LOGI DE HANDING HINNIA   H. LOGO TO.O.O   H. PARATONA	TP-27	TP-050033	522	1	Corrections to TC 8.5.1 UE transmit timing	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050318r3

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Meeting	Doc-1 -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version - Current	-New	Doc-2 -Level
TP-27	TP-050033	523		Corrections to demodulation of HS-DSCH	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050383
RP-28	RP-050269	525	1-	CR to 34.121: Correction to operating conditions for	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050671
				TCs: 5.13.1, 5.13A.1 & 5.13.2				
RP-28	RP-050269	526	-	Removal of TGPL2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050842
RP-28	RP-050269	527	-	Clarification of the interfering signal in 6.5 Blocking	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050816
				Characteristics and 6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics				
RP-28	RP-050269	528	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 7.11	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050615
RP-28	RP-050269	529	-	Correction to 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050820
				from radio links of different radio link sets				
RP-28	RP-050269	530	-	Clarification of TS34.121 Closed Loop Transmit Diversity test cases	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050833
RP-28	RP-050269	531	-	CR to 34.121: Clarification of Annex C.6 for BLER measurement configurations	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050843
RP-28	RP-050269	532	1-	Change of 34.121 test case 7.8.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050850
RP-28	RP-050269	533	-	Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.6.1.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050571
RP-28	RP-050269	534	-	Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.7.6.1	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050573
RP-28	RP-050269	535	-	Corrections to test cases having power control ON.	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050652
RP-28	RP-050269	536	-	Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.6.1.3	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050822
RP-28	RP-050269	537	-	Modification of call setup procedure for inter-RAT connected state RRM tests	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050823
RP-28	RP-050269	538	<del> </del>	Addition of test tolerances and corrections for	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050825
111 20	111 000200	000		8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading		0.0.0	0.1.0	110 000020
				propagation condition				
RP-28	RP-050269	539	-	CR to 34.121: GSM band corrections	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050829
RP-28	RP-050269	540	-	Statistical approach for 8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050837
RP-28	RP-050269	541	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-6; Update of the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to RRC release 5	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050821
RP-28	RP-050269	542	-	CR to 34.121: Corrections to Annex C and Annex E	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050830
RP-28	RP-050269	543	-	CR to TC 5.9 Spectrum emission mask	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050814
RP-28	RP-050269	544	-	Clarifications of TS34.121 section 9.1	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050575
RP-28	RP-050270	545	-	Editorial correction to TS34.121 TC 9.3.2	D	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050718
RP-28	RP-050270	546	-	CR to 34.121: Addition of a new annex section for uplink Reference Measurement Channel for testing	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050841
				of UE Transmitter Characteristics with HS-DPCCH.				
RP-28	RP-050270	547	-	CR to 34.121: New test case for HS-DPCCH.	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050860
RP-28	RP-050270	548	-	Correction to 9.2.1 Single Link Performance in 9.2 Demodulation of HS-DSCH	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050864
RP-28	RP-050270	549	-	Corrections to TC 7.12, detection of acquisition	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050819
RP-28	RP-050270	550	-	indicator (AI)  Corrections to test tolerances in TC 7.8.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050847
RP-28	RP-050270	551	1	OCNS for TX diversity	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050859
RP-28	RP-050270	552	Ī-		F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050863
141 20	141 000270	002		Control Messages in 8.3.2.2		0.0.0	0.1.0	110 000000
RP-28	RP-050270	553	-	Corrections to TC 5.4.1 and 5.5.2 due to too low S-CCPCH level	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050614
RP-28	RP-050270	554	-	Changes to 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover.	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050877
RP-29	RP-050517	555	-	Addition of test tolerances to open loop power	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051155
				control tolerance				
RP-29	RP-050517	556	-	Correction to 5.13.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051282
RP-29	RP-050517	557	-	Correction of Transmit ON/OFF Test Case 5.5.2 Clarification to TX OFF power Test Tolerance in TC	F F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051405
RP-29	RP-050517	558		5.5.2		6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051406
RP-29	RP-050517	559	-	Correction to 5.6	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051408
RP-29	RP-050517	560	-	Correction to 34.121 for test case: 5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051412
RP-29	RP-050517	561	1-	Correction to 5.3 Frequency Error	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051440
RP-29	RP-050517	562	1-	Output power control in the uplink procedure	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051441
			1	changes (TC5.4.1)				
RP-29	RP-050517	563	-	Correction to 5.4.1and 5.5.2	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051442
RP-29	RP-050517	564	-	Correction to 5.11	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051453
RP-29	RP-050517	565		CR to 34.121: Correction to TC 7.11 PCH detection regarding SIB5	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051117
RP-29	RP-050517	566	-	Corrections to Procedure and Test System Uncertainty for TC7.7.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051444
RP-29	RP-050517	567	1-	Correction to UE parameters for AI test	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051452
RP-29	RP-050517	568	-	CR on 34.121: Correction to TC 8.3.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051099
RP-29	RP-050517	569	-	Removal of TC 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051159
RP-29	RP-050517	570	1_	neigbours in fading propagation condition Removal of TC 8.7.3.2 from R99, Rel-4 and Rel-5	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051160
RP-29	RP-050517	571	<del> -</del>	CR to 34.121: Correction to RXLEV in test	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051193
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Meeting				<i></i>		-	-New	2002 2010.
				requirements for cell re-selection to GSM test cases		Current		
RP-29	RP-050517	572	-	Correction to 8.3.5.2	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051275
RP-29	RP-050517	573	-	Correction to "Reporting cell status" in Measurement Control Messages		6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051276
RP-29	RP-050517	574	-	TX type 2 measurement requirements	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051417
RP-29	RP-050518	575	-	Correction to procedure for RRM test case 8.3.5.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051418
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050518 RP-050518	576 577	-	Update of Annex I and K  Correction / Clarification to Annex E Transmit	F F	6.1.0 6.1.0	6.2.0 6.2.0	R5-051421 R5-051416
			-	Diversity				
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050518 RP-050518	578 579	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of Closed Loop mode 2 Feature Clean Up: Removal of DRAC from TS	F F	6.1.0 6.1.0	6.2.0 6.2.0	R5-051072 R5-051422
		373		34.121	-			
RP-29	RP-050518	580	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of Observed Time Difference to GSM cell from TS 34.121	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051423
RP-29	RP-050518	581	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of SSDT from TS 34.121	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051424
RP-29	RP-050518	582	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of compressed mode by puncturing	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051425
RP-29	RP-050518	583	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of DSCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051426
RP-29	RP-050518	584	-	Feature Clean Up to 34.121: Removal of CPCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051447
RP-29	RP-050518	585	-	Correction to Annex F for 6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception		6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051278
RP-29	RP-050518	586	-	Correction to 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051279
RP-29	RP-050518	587	-	Correction to 5.9A Spectrum Emission Mask with HS-DPCCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051429
RP-29	RP-050513	588	-	Correction to 34.121 for HSDPA test case: Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and addition of Uplink Reference Measurement Channel for testing	L	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051431
RP-29	RP-050518	589	-	Table C.8.1.5 Correction	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051433
RP-29	RP-050518	590	-	Correction to 5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051449
RP-29	RP-050513	591	-	DPCCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051450
RP-29	RP-050518	592	-	7.9.1	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051438
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050518 RP-050518	593 594	-	Corrections and Clarification of TC8.6.4.1 Corrections to Inter-system handover TC 8.3.4	F F	6.1.0 6.1.0	6.2.0 6.2.0	R5-051589 R5-051590
RP-30	RP-050767	595	-	Corrections to inter-system handover 10 6.5.4  Correction to 34.121 for HSDPA test case 5.7A: HS-DPCCH	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-051921
RP-30	RP-050767	596	-	Correction to 34.121: UE Capabilities for HSDPA testing	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052341
RP-30	RP-050767	597	-		F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-051927
RP-30	RP-050716	598	-	Addition of reference measurement channel for E- DCH RF testing	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052327
RP-30	RP-050719	599	-	Restructuring of chapter 9.4 (HS-SCCH detection performance)	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052333
RP-30	RP-050719	600	-	Addition of HSDPA Enhanced performance requirements plus splitting of Test Cases in Sections 9.2.1, 9.2.2 and 9.2.3	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052343
RP-30	RP-050767	601	-	Addition of Open and Closed loop diversity Rel-6 test cases for CQI reporting in section 9.3 and	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052318
RP-30	RP-050770	602	1-	calculation of BLER during CQI reporting tests  Modification of the protection band for PHS	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-051994
RP-30	RP-050770	603	-	Revision of additional receiver spurious emissions requirements on 800MHz band in Japan	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-051995
RP-30	RP-050770	604	-	Clarification of UE measurement reference point	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052305
RP-30	RP-050770	605	-	Addition of test tolerance to Change of TFC Test	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-051843
RP-30	RP-050770	606	-	Case Addition of test tolerance to Power setting in Uplink	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052303
RP-30	RP-050770	607	-	compressed mode Test Case Correction to TC5.4.1 and 5.5.2 <reflor> and</reflor>	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052304
DD 20	RP-050770	600		levels	F	620	630	R5-051844
RP-30 RP-30	RP-050770	608 609	<del> -</del>	Correction to TS34.121 TC7.7.3  Correction to Measurement Configuration in	F	6.2.0 6.2.0	6.3.0 6.3.0	R5-051844 R5-052309
RP-30	RP-050770	610	_	TS34.121 Chapter 7  Clarification on TFCS size for DCH demodulation	' F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052309
RP-30				requirements	F			
RP-30	RP-050770 RP-050776	611 612	<del> -</del>	Correction to TC7.7.2 statistical requirements Test time optimization for test cases 7.11 and 7.12	F	6.2.0 6.2.0	6.3.0 6.3.0	R5-052306 R5-052022

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RP-30	RP-050770	613	-	Modification of BLER target in RRM hard handover test cases	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-051853
RP-30	RP-050770	614	-	Removal of some event 1C reporting which may fill RLC buffer in RRM testcases 8.6.1.2 and 8.6.1.2A	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052310
RP-30	RP-050770	615	-	Correction to 8.2.3.1 and 8.2.3.2 Monitored cell list information added	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052338
RP-30	RP-050770	616	-	Correction to 8.3.1 Test procedure	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052312
RP-30	RP-050770	617	-	Clarification of monitored cell list	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052336
RP-30	RP-050770	618	-	Correction to 8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052007
RP-30	RP-050770	619	-	Addition of integrity check info in MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052314
RP-30	RP-050777	620	-	Correction to SIB 11 of 8.6.2.2 in Annex I	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052315
RP-30	RP-050779	621	-	New test scenario: 8.2.3.3 Scenario 3: HCS with only UTRA level changed.	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052347
RP-30	RP-050779	622	-	Introduction of PRACH timing accuracy test	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052337
RP-30 RP-30	RP-050770 RP-050770	623 624	-	Correction to Measurement Report messages  Corrections to Annex F for Change of TFC	F F	6.2.0	6.3.0 6.3.0	R5-052344 R5-052316
RP-30	RP-050770	625	<del> -</del>	Removal of temporary BLER measurement	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052316
			ļ	configuration	-			
RP-30	RP-050780	626	-	Introduction of UMTS1700 for TS34.121	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	R5-052334
RP-31	RP-060144	627	-	Introduction of test case 5.9B Spectrum Emission Mask with E-DCH	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060465
RP-31	RP-060155	628	-	Allowance of alternative DL power control response time	D	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060466
RP-31	RP-060153	629	-	Introduction of Band VII and Band VIII to Chapter 5	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060427
RP-31	RP-060155	630	-	Allowance of DL power control response time in TC 7.8.2	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060114
RP-31	RP-060155	631	-		F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060464
RP-31	RP-060144	632	-	Introduction of test case 5.10B Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio (ACLR) with E-DCH	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060456
RP-31	RP-060155	633	-	Correction to tolerance of setting -20 dBm output power in tests 5.13.1 and 5.13.2	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060458
RP-31	RP-060155	634	-	Correction to spurious emissions requirements in TC 5.11	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060461
RP-31	RP-060155	635	-	Clarification of Connection Diagrams in Annex A	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060452
RP-31	RP-060166	636	-	New Rel-6 RRM test case for combined inter- frequency and GSM measurements	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060460
RP-31	RP-060155	637	-	Alignment of 34.121 and 25.133 for TC 8.4.1.2	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060421
RP-31	RP-060153	638	-	Introduction of UMTS band VII and VIII test cases for TS34.121 chapter 8 and annex D	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060428
RP-31	RP-060146	639	-	Correction to Performance requirements for HSDPA in Clause 9	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060243
RP-31	RP-060146	640	-	Correction to 34.121 for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060426
RP-31	RP-060151	641	-	Correction to Annex F Statistical Requirements for HSDPA tests	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060425
RP-31	RP-060146	642	-	Correction to TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for test cases with HSDPA	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060423
RP-31	RP-060146	643	-	Missing references and definitions for performance requirements for HSDPA	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060417
RP-31	RP-060146	644	-	Definition of downlink power level for HSDPA RF transmitter test cases	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060416
RP-31	RP-060146	645	1-	Addition of Test System Uncertainties for 9.3.x	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060411
RP-31	RP-060155	646	-	Correction to monitored cell lists	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060420
RP-31	RP-060155	647	1-	Clarification of CN domain for BLER measurements	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060261
RP-31	RP-060164	648	-	Editorial errors and missing changes in Section 9 and related annexes	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060409
RP-31	RP-060155	649	-	Correction to 7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060246
RP-31	RP-060155	650	1-	Correction to TC7.7.2 power step threshold	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060407
RP-31	RP-060155	651		Editorial errors in Clause 5	D	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060403
RP-31	RP-060155	652	-	Band IX additions to tables 5.4.1.3 and 5.5.2.3	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060408
RP-31	RP-060144	653	-	Code allocation for EDCH testing	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060437
RP-31	RP-060163	654	-	Correction to 34.121: FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection, TDD measurements and P-CCPCH RSCP test	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060441
RP-31	RP-060155	655	-	Detection and measurements of new cells not	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060418
RP-31	RP-060152	656	-	belonging to monitored set Introduction of Band VII and Band VIII to Chapter 6	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060040
RP-31	RP-060152	657	-	Introduction of Band VII and Band VIII to Chapter 4	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060038

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				and interdesting of any HARFON selection		Current		
RP-31	RP-060146	658	<u> </u>	and introduction of new UARFCN scheme  Correction to HSDPA call setup levels in 34.121	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060297
RP-31	RP-060155	659	-	Corrections to downlink code allocation tables in Annex E.6	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060046
RP-31	RP-060163	660	-	Clarifications to TC 8.6.1.4A	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060288
RP-31	RP-060155	661	-	Correction to 8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurement requirement	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060242
RP-31	RP-060163	662	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL message in 8.6.1.2A		6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060241
RP-31	RP-060155	663	-	Correction to 8.3.2.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060240
RP-31	RP-060155	664	-	Change to the statistical analysis of multiple events in 8.6.x.x. tests	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060047
RP-31	RP-060163	665	-	Correction to 7.12	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060239
RP-31 RP-31	RP-060155 RP-060155	666 667	-	Correction to 7.8.2  Correction of TGD parameter for compressed mode	F F	6.3.0	6.4.0 6.4.0	R5-060238 R5-060237
			-	tests		6.3.0		
RP-31 RP-31	RP-060155 RP-060155	668 669	-	Correction to Frequency Error Correction to the operating conditions in TS34.121	F F	6.3.0	6.4.0 6.4.0	R5-060235 R5-060043
RP-31	RP-060144	670	-	5.13.1 and 5.13.1A  Correction to 34.121: HSDPA and E-DCH beta	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060468
KF-31	KF-000144	670	[	configurations		0.3.0	0.4.0	K3-060466
RP-31	RP-060146	671	-	Correction of HSDPA EVM test case 5.13.1A	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060590
RP-31	RP-060164	672	-	New Test Case Introduction to 34.121: Power	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060588
RP-31	RP-060166	673	-	control in the downlink, different transport formats  Replace the content of 34.121 with reference pointer	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R5-060557
RP-31	RP-060167	674	-	to Version 7.0.0  Convert 34.121 to a multipart specification; 34.121-1	F	6.3.0	7.0.0	R5-060574
RP-32	RP-060322	675	1_	modification  Correction to test system uncertainty in 5.11	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061402
RP-32	RP-060322	676	-	Correction to test system dicertainty in 3.11  Correction to spurious emissions requirements applicability for TC 5.11	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061209
RP-32	RP-060329	677	1-	Correction to 5.13.3	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061456
RP-32	RP-060322	678	-	Clarification to TC7.8.2	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061404
RP-32	RP-060322	679	-	Correction to TC7.9	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061405
RP-32	RP-060322	680	-	Correction to 7.8.1 and 7.9.1 test cases	F F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061406
RP-32	RP-060329	681	-	Correction to 34.121-1 Test Case 7.8.4: Power control in the downlink, different transport formats	-	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061407
RP-32	RP-060328	682	-	Missing lor/loc field in 7.12 test requirements	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061408
RP-32	RP-060331	683	-	Modifications to 8.6.5 Combined Interfrequency and GSM measurements	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061409
RP-32	RP-060329	684	-	Correction to Measurement Control Message in 8.6.2.2	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061411
RP-32	RP-060322 RP-060322	685 686	-	Correction to Tc 8.7.3.a Tc 8.7.3a - Move Sib 11 exceptions to Annex I	F F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061412 R5-061413
RP-32 RP-32	RP-060322 RP-060322	687	-	Tc 8.3.5.3 - Addition of 2quater parameters to the	F	7.0.0 7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0	R5-061414
RP-32	RP-060322	688	_	test parameters  Addition of measurement performance requirements		7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061416
RP-32	RP-060322	689	_	for Band III/IX UE  Correction to the contents of Tables of the section of		7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061457
111 02	111 000022	000		F.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1		7.0.0	7.1.0	110 001407
RP-32	RP-060322	690	-	Correction to Annex F.6.1.10 Dual limit BLER tests	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061458
RP-32	RP-060328	691	-	Addition of downlink physical channels power definition for performance tests without a dedicated	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061423
RP-32	RP-060337	692	1	connection Clarification to H-SET 1 used in Tx HSDPA tests	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061428
RP-32	RP-060337	693	-	Number of HARQ processes in HS-SCCH performance tests	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061049
RP-32	RP-060337	694	1-	Clarification of HS-SCCH performance requirements	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061076
RP-32	RP-060337	695	-	Beta values for HSDPA RF test 5.7A	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061436
RP-32	RP-060337	696	-	Correction to 5.2A	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061437
RP-32 RP-32	RP-060337 RP-060337	697 698	-	Annex F HSET data rate clarification and corrections Addition of MAC-d PDU size and HARQ process in	F F	7.0.0 7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0	R5-061422 R5-061467
DD 30	DD 060227	600	<b>_</b>	9.3 and 9.4 and Annex C.8.1	E	700	710	DE 064.474
RP-32 RP-32	RP-060337 RP-060337	699 700	1-	Correction to 5.7A and 5.13.1A waveform patterns Correction to 5.13.1A minimum power setting	F F	7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0	R5-061471 R5-061433
RP-32	RP-060337	701	1-	E-HICH test	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061447
RP-32	RP-060332	702	1-	E-RGCH test	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061462
RP-32	RP-060332	703	ļ	Test tolerances for E-HICH and E_RGCH	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061090
RP-32	RP-060332	704	-	Definition of serving cell for E-DCH RF transmitter test cases	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061463

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RP-32	RP-060332	705	-	Correction to 34.121-1: HSDPA and E-DCH beta configurations	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061459
RP-32	RP-060332	706	-	Addition to 34.121-1 for HSUPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH and HS-DPCCH only release 6 and later	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061461
RP-32	RP-060332	707	-	Introduction of the demodulation of E-AGCH test case	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061445
RP-32	RP-060335	708	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of improvement of performance requirements of HSDPA receiver (type 3) for UE categories 7 & 8	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061472
RP-32	RP-060334	709	-	Intorduction of Band IV to 34.121-1 Chapter 4	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061072
RP-32	RP-060334	710	-	Introduction of Band IV to 34.121-1 Chapter 5	F.	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061073
RP-32	RP-060334	711	-	Introduction of Band IV to 34.121 Chapter 6	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061465
RP-32	RP-060334	712	-	CR to 34.121-1: Changes to Annex D to introduce UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz (Band IV)	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061452
RP-32	RP-060334	713	-	CR to 34.121-1: Changes to chapter 8 to introduce UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz (Band IV)	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061466
RP-32	RP-060322	714	-	Correction of UE Transmit timing 8.5.1	F	7.0.0	7.1.0	R5-061475r3
RP-33	RP-060549	715	-	Correction to the formula of CPICH_RSCP of Table 5.5.2.3	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062423
RP-33	RP-060553	716	-	Correction to 5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062220
RP-33	RP-060553	717	-	Correction to 5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062406
RP-33 RP-33	RP-060549 RP-060553	718 719	-	Split of 34.121-1 test case 6.4 to 6.4 and 6.4A  BLER test limit for TC 7.8.4 Power control in DL,	F F	7.1.0 7.1.0	7.2.0 7.2.0	R5-062407 R5-062129
RP-33	RP-060552	720	-	different transport formats  Correction to test case 7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062450
RP-33	RP-060549	721	-	Correction to 7.8.2 Power control in the downlink, initial convergence	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062409
RP-33	RP-060549	722	-		F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062400
RP-33	RP-060549	723	-	Correction to the RRM Test cases 8.6.1.1 and 8.6.1.1A	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062411
RP-33	RP-060549	724	-		F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062203
RP-33	RP-060549	725	-	Clarification to GSM target cell in test case 8.3.5.3	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062204
RP-33	RP-060549	726	-	Correction to 8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062222
RP-33	RP-060560	727	-	Correction to 8.6.5.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062413
RP-33	RP-060549	728	-	Correction to Annex C.6.2 Channel combinations for BLER measurements	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062426
RP-33	RP-060567	729	-	Beta values for HSDPA RF tests	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062060
RP-33	RP-060567	730	-		F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062420
RP-33	RP-060567	731	-	9.3.1	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062421
RP-33	RP-060567	732	-	MAC header transmission on HS-DSCH	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062439
RP-33	RP-060567	733	-	cell change	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062422
RP-33	RP-060567	734	-	Changes to annex of 34.121-1 for the testcase "Serving HS-DSCH cell change"	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062231
RP-33	RP-060567	735	-	Correction of beta factors during the measurement period for test cases in 5.xA tests	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062441
RP-33	RP-060562	736	-	New HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1: E-TFC restriction in UE	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062452
RP-33	RP-060562	737	-	New HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1: Detection Inter- Cell Handover conditions for E-HICH for RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell and containing the Serving E-DCH cell	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062448
RP-33	RP-060562	738	-	New HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1: Detection Inter- Cell Handover conditions for E-RGCH	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062449
RP-33	RP-060562	739	-	Clarification on the loopback test mode for E-DCH RF test cases	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062433
RP-33	RP-060562	740	-	Introduction of E-AGCH information sequence for E-AGCH test case.	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062434
RP-33	RP-060562	741	-	Test tolerance for E-AGCH test case.	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062211
RP-33	RP-060549	742	-	Correction to 5.11 and 6.5.2.2	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062436
RP-33	RP-060560	743	-	Addition of phase discontinuity to HSDPA EVM test	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062444r2
RP-33	RP-060562	744	-	Beta values for E-DCH RF tests	F	7.1.0	7.2.0	R5-062447r2
RP-34	RP-060731	745	-	Correction to call setup procedure	F F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063403
RP-34	RP-060731	746	<u> </u>	Correction to PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION messages		7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063404
RP-34	RP-060735	747	-	Corrections to Annex C table references	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063405

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RP-34	RP-060735	748	-	Clarification to HSDPA EVM and phase discontinuity timing diagrams	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063406
RP-34	RP-060735	749	-	Clarification on the MAC headers for HSDPA test cases	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063230
RP-34	RP-060731	750	-	Correction to transmit diversity test cases	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063447
RP-34	RP-060731	751	-	Correction to SHO test cases	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063408
RP-34	RP-060731	752	-	Correction to TC 7.8.2	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063453
RP-34	RP-060739	753	-	Correction to RRM Test Case to 34.121-1: Band VI Inter-Frequency Band test cases interference issue.	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063461
RP-34	RP-060731	754	-	Correction to the RRM Test case 8.3.5.3	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063410
RP-34	RP-060731	755	-	Correction to RRM Test case 8.6.1.2A	F F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063411
RP-34 RP-34	RP-060731 RP-060731	756 757	<del> -</del>	Correction to 8.3.4 Correction to 8.3.5	F	7.2.0 7.2.0	7.3.0 7.3.0	R5-063412 R5-063413
RP-34	RP-060731	758	-	Correction to 8.4.1	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063414
RP-34	RP-060731	759	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages in 8.7.2.1.1 and 8.7.6.1	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063415
RP-34	RP-060731	760	-	Update of Annex I	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063416
RP-34	RP-060731	761	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages in RRM	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063417
RP-34	RP-060732	762	-	Correction to UARFCN frequency offset for Band VII	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063070
RP-34	RP-060735	763	-	Corrections to CQI tests	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063418
RP-34	RP-060739	764	-	Correction of reference to connection diagram in 9.3.3 and 9.3.5	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063419
RP-34	RP-060735	765	-	Correction to Downlink Physical Channels for HSDPA Closed Loop Transmit Diversity	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063422
RP-34	RP-060735	766	-	Correction to Annex F.6.1.8 and F.6.3.4	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063420
RP-34	RP-060739	767	-	New test case - UE Relative code domain power accuracy	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063452
RP-34	RP-060743	768	-	Correction to TC 10.2.1 E-HICH test, single link	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063456
RP-34 RP-34	RP-060743 RP-060743	769 770	-	Correction to TC 10.3.1 E-RGCH, single link Correction to HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1:	F F	7.2.0 7.2.0	7.3.0 7.3.0	R5-063457 R5-063468
KP-34	RP-000743	770	-	Detection Inter-Cell Handover conditions for E-HICH for RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell and containing the Serving E-DCH cell	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	K3-063466
RP-34	RP-060743	771	-	Correction of test case: Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions for E-RGCH.	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063464
RP-34	RP-060743	772	-	Correction to HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1: E-TFC restriction in UE 10ms TTI test case and addition of 2ms TTI test case	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063465
RP-34	RP-060743	773	-	Additions to HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1: Test Tolerances for E-TFC restriction in UE 10ms TTI test case and 2ms TTI test case	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063438
RP-34	RP-060743	774	-	Adding the notice to Sub-test 3 in E-DCH Test cases	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063439
RP-34	RP-060743	775	-	Adding downlink channel and power definition for E-DCH tests		7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063469
RP-34	RP-060743	776	-	Clarification on the MAC headers for E-DCH test cases	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063232
RP-34	RP-060743	777	-	Clarification on the beta values for the E-AGCH test	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063466
RP-34	RP-060743	778	-	UE Transmission Power Headroom test	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063470
RP-34	RP-060743	779	-	Addition of statistical testing of RRM delay performance for test case 8.4.4 for 10 ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction and 2 ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063449
RP-34	RP-060735	780	-	Corrections to test case 5.7A HS-DPCCH power time template	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063462r1
RP-34	RP-060743	781	1-	Correction to set UE to maximum output power	F	7.2.0	7.3.0	R5-063434r1
RP-35	RP-070101	782	-	Correction to 34.121-1 test case for: Change of TFC	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070501
RP-35	RP-070105	783	-	Correction to 34.121-1 test case for: Change to peak code domain error applicability	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070173
RP-35	RP-070101	784	-	7.7.2.	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070216
RP-35	RP-070101	785	-	Correction to test requirements in section 8.4.2.4 and F.4.4	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070502
RP-35	RP-070101	786	-	Correction to Table 8.3.7.2.1 and Table F.4.1	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070555
RP-35	RP-070101	787	-	Correction to the content of Measurement Control message in RRM Test cases 8.3.2.2, 8.6.2.1 and 8.6.2.2	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070503
RP-35	RP-070101	788	1-	Correction of the definition of known cell	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070218
RP-35	RP-070101	789	<u> -</u>	Correction to system uncertainty of GSM test cases	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070256
RP-35	RP-070111	790	-	Correction to SIB11for 8.6.5.1 in AnnexI	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070257
RP-35	RP-070111	791	-	Correction to 8.3.8	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070504
RP-35	RP-070101	792	<u> -</u>	Default Qrxlevmin value for RRM Testcases	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070505

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RP-35	RP-070101	793	-	Correction to Active Set Update messsage in Annex	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070506
RP-35	RP-070105	794	-	Correction to reference TFC in Annex I	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070219
RP-35	RP-070105	795	-	Continuous DPCH transmission during HSDPA and E-DCH performance tests	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070220
RP-35	RP-070105	796	-	Removal of the fixed MAC-hs header option for HSDPA test cases	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070290
RP-35	RP-070105	797	-	Correction to HSDPA Performance test cases	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070583
RP-35	RP-070105	798	-	Clarification of CQI test cases	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070584
RP-35	RP-070111	799	-	Introduction of Relative Code Domain Error	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070557
RP-35 RP-35	RP-070096 RP-070096	800	-	E-TFC selection for E-DCH maximum power tests	F F	7.3.0	7.4.0 7.4.0	R5-070512
		801	-	Corrections to method of test and limits for E-DCH RRM test 8.4.4.1				R5-070582
RP-35	RP-070096	802	-	Correction to HSUPA Test Case to 34.121-1: E-TFC restriction in UE 10ms TTI test case and 2ms TTI test case	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070576
RP-35	RP-070096	803	-	Reduction of lower limits in TC 5.2B	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070223
RP-35	RP-070096	804	-	Addition of test system uncertainties and test	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070524
DD 05	DD 070000	005		tolerances for inter cell E-DCH tests	_	7.0.0	7.4.0	DE 070500
RP-35 RP-35	RP-070096 RP-070096	805 806	-	Correction to E-AGCH test case Removal of the 2ms test from 10.2.1(E-HICH, Single	F	7.3.0 7.3.0	7.4.0 7.4.0	R5-070520 R5-070562
KF-35	KF-070090	800	Ī	link performance)	Г	7.3.0	7.4.0	K3-070302
RP-35	RP-070096	807	-	Separation of the 2ms test from 10.2.1(E-HICH, Single link performance)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070563
RP-35	RP-070096	808	-	Removal of the 2ms test from 10.2.2.1(E-HICH, SHO, RLS not cont)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070577
RP-35	RP-070096	809	-	Separation of the 2ms test from 10.2.2.1(E-HICH, SHO, RLS not cont)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070578
RP-35	RP-070096	810	-	Removal of the 2ms test from 10.2.2.2(E-HICH, SHO, RLS containing)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070579
RP-35	RP-070096	811	-	Separation of the 2ms test from 10.2.2.2(E-HICH, SHO, RLS containing)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070567
RP-35	RP-070096	812	-	Removal of the 2ms test from 10.3.1(E-RGCH, Single link performance)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070568
RP-35	RP-070096	813	-	Separation of the 2ms test from 10.3.1(E-RGCH, single link)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070569
RP-35	RP-070097	814	-	Correction to 10.3.2(E-RGCH, SHO)	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070570
RP-35	RP-070097	815	-	Statistical annex for E-DCH performance tests	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070561
RP-35	RP-070097	816	-	Statistical requirements for test cases 8.4.4	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070515
RP-35	RP-070090	817	-	New test case: Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification – RLC SDU Error Rate		7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070580
RP-35	RP-070090	818	-	Addition of reference measurement channel, downlink physical channels configuration and VA3 fading condition for MBMS RF testing	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070546
RP-35	RP-070090	819	-		F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070547
RP-35	RP-070094	820	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Mode Test frequencies for Operating Band X (Extended 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Chapter 4	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070162
RP-35	RP-070094	821	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Band X (Extended UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Chapter 5	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070536
RP-35	RP-070094	822	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Band X (Extended UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Chapter 6	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070537
RP-35	RP-070094	823	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Band X (Extended UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Annex D	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070165
RP-35	RP-070094	824		CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Band X (Extended UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Annex F	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070166
RP-35	RP-070101	825	-	Test time reduction to event trigger tests	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070560
RP-35	RP-070090	826	-	New test case: Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN inter-frequency and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list	F	7.3.0	7.4.0	R5-070573
RP-36	RP-070357	827	-	Uncertainties for E-TFC restriction test cases 8.4.4.1 and 8.4.4.2.	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071064
RP-36	RP-070368	828	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Band X (Extended UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Chapter 8	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071080
RP-36	RP-070368	829	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of FDD Band X (Extended UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz) to Annex F for RRM test cases	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071081
RP-36	RP-070344	830	-	TC 8.3.4 - addition of physical channel reconfiguration message	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071103
RP-36	RP-070356	831	-	Correction to connection diagram to use for test 9.2.1G	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071151

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RP-36	RP-070354	832	-	Addition of settings for the serving cell in test case 5.2AA	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071153
RP-36	RP-070349	833	<u> </u>	Adding the AICH power level to TC 7.11	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071179
RP-36	RP-070350	834	-	TC 7.8.4 and RRC CONNECTION SETUP message in Annex I		7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071180
RP-36	RP-070357	835	<u> </u>	Corrections to test procedure of test case 5.2B	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071182
RP-36	RP-070357	836	-		F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071183
RP-36	RP-070350	837	-	Clarification to DL DTCH for HSDPA test cases and	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071203
RP-36	RP-070363	838	-	E-DCH test cases in section 5.  Connection diagram for three cells tests with	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071207
RP-36	RP-070344	839	-	multipath fading propagation is missing  Correction to Measurement report message in	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071217
DD 00	DD 070057	0.40		Annex I for Inter RAT tests	_	7.40	7.5.0	D5 074000
RP-36	RP-070357	840	-	Correction to RB setup in 5.2B	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071222
RP-36 RP-36	RP-070357 RP-070357	841 842	-	Correction to missed down procedure in 10.3.2  Correction of procedure for 10.3.1.1	F F	7.4.0	7.5.0 7.5.0	R5-071226 R5-071228
RP-36	RP-070363	843	1	Correction to the demodulation of MTCH test case	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071255
RP-36	RP-070344	844	-	Applicability change of vibration condition to 34.121-1 test case 5.3	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071323
RP-36	RP-070344	845	-	Correction to 5.13.1	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071324
RP-36	RP-070350	846	-	Correction of test parameter 'Available signature Start Index and Available signature End Index' for TC 5.13.4 in TS 34.121-1	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071325
RP-36	RP-070350	847	-	Correction to 6.3A	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071326
RP-36	RP-070349	848	-	Correction to 7.11	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071327
RP-36	RP-070350	849	-	Correction to 7.8.4	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071328
RP-36	RP-070354	850	-	UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071330
RP-36	RP-070363	851	-	Tc 8.3.6.3 - modification of table 8.3.6.3.1 and addition of SIB11	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071332
RP-36	RP-070354	852	-	Correction to 8.3.8	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071334
RP-36	RP-070344	853	-	Correction to Annex K - ' cell configuration mapping' table	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071336
RP-36	RP-070350	854	-	Correction to 34.121-1 test case for: UE Transitted Power test tolearnces to Annex F	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071339
RP-36	RP-070354	855	-	Applicability of DL power tables	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071340
RP-36	RP-070350	856	-	Clarification to fading conditions for Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 3 and Transmit Diversity	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071341
RP-36	RP-070350	857	-	MAC-d PDU size for UE Categories 7 and above in 9.3	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071342
RP-36	RP-070354	858	-	Correction to performance TCs for HS-SCCH detection	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071343
RP-36	RP-070350	859	-		F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071345
RP-36	RP-070350	860	-	CR to 34.121-1:Introduction of test tolerances for multi-path fading intra-frequency cell identification	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071346
RP-36	RP-070350	861	-	RRM test cases CR to 34.121-1:Introduction of default message	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071347
				contents for multi-path fading intra-frequency cell identification RRM test cases				
RP-36	RP-070357	862	-	Corrections to E-TFCI restriction test cases 8.4.4.1 and 8.4.4.2	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071349
RP-36	RP-070357	863	-	Correction to E-DCH Power Setting	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071355
RP-36	RP-070357	864	-	Corrections to HSUPA test case 8.4.4.1	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071356
RP-36	RP-070363	865	-	Correction to Annex E.5B	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071357
RP-36	RP-070350	866	-	1	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071362
RP-36	RP-070350	867	-	Correction to 34.121-1 test case for: UE transmitted power	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071363
RP-36	RP-070344	868	-	TC 8.6.4.1 test 1 and 2 - addition of physical channel reconfiguration messages		7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071364
RP-36	RP-070354	869	-	Corrections to TC 8.6.5.1Correct reporting of neighbours	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071366
RP-36	RP-070363	870	-	Typo correction on Tc 8.3.6.3.	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071367
RP-36	RP-070357	871	-	Introduction of Relative Code Domain Power	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071369
RP-36	RP-070357	872	-	Accuracy for HS-DPCCH and E-DCH Introduction of Relative Code Domain Error with HS-	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071370
DD 30	DD 070257	070	1	DPCCH and E-DCH	_	740	750	DE 074074
RP-36 RP-36	RP-070357 RP-070357	873 874	<del> -</del>	RLC SDU size for E-DCH test cases in Annex C Statistical requirements for 8.7.9 UE Transmission	F F	7.4.0 7.4.0	7.5.0 7.5.0	R5-071371 R5-071372
130	1.0.0001	014		Power Headroom	<u>'</u>	7.4.0	, .0.0	1.0 01 1012

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RP-36	RP-070363	875	-	Statistical Requirements for TC 8.3.6.3	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071373
RP-36	RP-070363	876	-	MBMS New test case: Cell Reselection during an	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071374
				MBMS session, one frequency present in neighbour list				
RP-36	RP-070357	877	1_	Correction to E-TFC restriction in UE	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071375
RP-36	RP-070357	878	1-	RLC SDU size for E-DCH test cases	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071376
RP-36	RP-070357	879	-	Corrections to HSUPA test case 8.4.4.2	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071377
RP-36	RP-070344	880	-	Correction of testcase 8.3.4 for Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071249
RP-36	RP-070344	881	-	Corrections to RRM test case 8.7.3.A when run in FDD Band V and VI	F	7.4.0	7.5.0	R5-071379r1
RP-37	RP-070588	882	-	Correction to call setup procedure	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072256
RP-37	RP-070588	883	-	Correction to ACTIVESET UPDATE message in Annex I	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072257
RP-37	RP-070596	884	-	CR to 34.121-1: New Requirements for Fast L1 Synchronization	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072134
RP-37	RP-070593	885	-	Correction to cell configurations of 8.7.3.2 and 8.7.3D in Annex K	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072258
RP-37	RP-070588	886	-	Clarification of Transmission gap pattern sequence	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072260
RP-37	RP-070596	887	-	Correction to Annex I	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072262
RP-37 RP-37	RP-070588 RP-070596	888	-	Removing test procedure for event trigger tests	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072263
RP-37	RP-070596	889	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (Intra Frequency) in 8.6.5.1	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072575
RP-37	RP-070596	890	-		F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072129
RP-37	RP-070596	891	-	F CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of new compressed	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072130
DD 07	DD 070500	200		mode reference pattern in Annex C	_		7.00	DE 070400
RP-37	RP-070596	892	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of test case for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition using TGL1=14 RRM test tolerances	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072132
RP-37	RP-070596	893	1_	Correction to channel power of T0 in 8.3.8	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072265
RP-37	RP-070596	894	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to the Inter Frequency	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072406
				Cell Identification test cases test tolerances				
RP-37	RP-070601	895	-	Scheduling info Power offset for E-DCH E-TFC restriction TCs	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072055
RP-37	RP-070601	896	-	Correction of the maximum channelisation codes allowed in test cases 8.4.4.1 and 8.4.4.2.	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072056
RP-37	RP-070601	897	-	Correction to reference for E-DCH Test Case	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072060
RP-37	RP-070601	898	-	Correction to E-DCH 2 cell TCs	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072071
RP-37	RP-070601	899	-	Correction to E-DCH Active set update message	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072072
RP-37 RP-37	RP-070601 RP-070601	900	-	Corrections to Table C.11.3.1 in Annex C  Correction to HS-PDSCH power in section 10 test	F F	7.5.0 7.5.0	7.6.0 7.6.0	R5-072243 R5-072269
			-	cases				
RP-37	RP-070608	902	-	Addition of test tolerances for MBMS RF and RRM test cases	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072342
RP-37	RP-070615	903	-	Introduction of continuous packet connectivity (CPC) to "Out-of-syncronization handling of output power"	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072179
RP-37	RP-070596	907	-	Add test tolerance and test frequencies for 5.13.2A and 5.13.2B UE Relative Code Domain Error.	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072353
RP-37	RP-070596	908	-	Replace tentative test tolerances for UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy tests 5.2C and 5.2D.	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072354
RP-37	RP-070596	909	-	Add frequency range 4 to 6.5 Blocking Characteristics	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072355
RP-37	RP-070596	910	-		F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072356
RP-37	RP-070588	911	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test cases	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072357
RP-37	RP-070596	912	=	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of test case for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072358
RP-37	RP-070593	913	-	condition using TGL1=14 RRM test case  Correction to measurement control message in	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072363
RP-37	RP-070596	914	<u> -</u>	8.7.3D  Correction to frequency separation in 8.7.3.2	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072364
RP-37	RP-070593	915	-	Correction to HSDPA diversity performance TCs	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072366
RP-37	RP-070601	916	-	Corrections to E-DCH UE Power Headroom TC	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072370
RP-37	RP-070601	917	-	Definition of uncertainties for E-DCH UE Power Headroom TC	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072371
RP-37	RP-070601	918	-	Corrections to E-DCH E-TFC restriction Test Cases	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072372
RP-37	RP-070601	919	-	Correction to 5.2D UE Relative Code Domain Power Accuracy for HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072375
RP-37	RP-070601	920	-	Corrections to Section 10	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072377

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RP-37	RP-070608	921		Downlink physical channels code allocation for	F	<b>Current</b> 7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072381
KF-31	KF-070000	921	-	MBMS test cases		7.5.0		K5-072361
RP-37	RP-070615	922	-	Introduction of continuous packet connectivity (CPC) to E-TFC restriction	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072384
RP-37	RP-070618	923	-	New E-DCH TC: RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms TTI, Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072388
RP-37	RP-070618	924	-		F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072389
RP-37	RP-070618	925	-	New E-DCH TC: RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (10ms TTI, Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072390
RP-37	RP-070618	926	-	New E-DCH TC: RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell (2ms TTI, Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072391
RP-37	RP-070618	927	-	New E-DCH TC: E-RGCH single link performance (10ms TTI, Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072392
RP-37	RP-070618	928	-	New E-DCH TC: E-RGCH single link performance (2ms TTI, Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072393
RP-37	RP-070618	929	-	New E-DCH TC: Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions (Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072394
RP-37	RP-070618	930	-	New E-DCH TC: E-AGCH single link performance (Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072395
RP-37	RP-070618	931	-	Measurement uncertainties for E-DCH RX diversity	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072396
RP-37	RP-070618	932	-	(Type 1) tests   Downlink physical Channels for E-DCH RX-diversity   (Type 1) tests	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072397
RP-37	RP-070618	933	-	New E-DCH Connection Diagram: 2 cells/Fading/RX-diversity	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072343
RP-37	RP-070617	934	-	New test case for demodulation of MTCH and enhanced performance requirement 1	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072385
RP-37	RP-070600	935	-	UE performance requirements for high speed train	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072413
RP-37	RP-070596	936	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to the Inter Frequency Cell Identification test cases	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072405
RP-37	RP-070592	937	-	Correction to 8.6.1.2A – invalid IE for event 1C	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072410
RP-37	RP-070596	938	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction for testing receiver diversity UEs	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072402
RP-37	RP-070601	939	-	Correction to E-DCH AG detection TC	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072403
RP-37	RP-070601	940	-	Correction to 10.4 (E-AGCH)	F F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072400
RP-37	RP-070618	941	-	New E-DCH TC: E-HICH single link performance (10ms TTI, Type 1)		7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072414
RP-37	RP-070618	942	-	New E-DCH TC: E-HICH single link performance (2ms TTI, Type 1)	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072415
RP-37	RP-070601	943	-	Corrections to section 5.2B maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH procedure	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072417
RP-37	RP-070601	944	-	Correction to signalling pattern on the E-RGCH in 10.3.1 and 10.3.2	F	7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072418
RP-37	RP-070600	945	-	Production of 34.121-1 Rel-7 pointer version to point to Rel-8 of the spec		7.5.0	7.6.0	R5-072591
RP-37	RP-070599	904	-	Introduction of UMTS1500(Band XI) requirements to Chapter 4, 5 and 6		7.5.0	8.0.0	R5-072274
RP-37	RP-070599	905	-	Introduction of UMTS1500(Band XI) requirements to Chapter 8		7.5.0	8.0.0	R5-072275
RP-37	RP-070599	906	-	Introduction of UMTS1500(Band XI) requirements to Annex D and F		7.5.0	8.0.0	R5-072276
RP-38	RP-070858	946	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to TFC and Compressed Mode Time Mask Diagrams		8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073065
RP-38	RP-070858	947	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to Spectrum Emission Mask Limits for Band V (UMTS 850)	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073067
RP-38	RP-070871	948	-	Clarification to section 5.2B when no E-TFCI is present	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073363
RP-38	RP-070876	949	-	to receiver requirements	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073082
RP-38	RP-070871	950	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to Downlink Compressed Mode Layer 1 Requirements	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073397
RP-38	RP-070858	951	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to test case CPICH RSCP intra frequency measurements absolute	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073068
RP-38	RP-070858	952	-	accuracy minimum requirements CR to 34.121-1: Correction to test case CPICH	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073314
RP-38	RP-070871	953	<u> </u>  -	RSCP intra frequency test parameters CR to 34.121-1: Correction to the UE Rx-Tx Time	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073365
RP-38	RP-070858	954	1-	Difference Type 1 test case  CR to 34.121-1: Test time reduction for Cell Re-	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073071
130	111 070000	554		selection in CELL_FACH State for one and two frequency present in neighbour list	[	0.0.0	0.1.0	11.0 07.007.1

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RP-38	RP-070858	955	-	CR to 34.121-1: Test time reduction for RRM delay	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073316
RP-38	RP-070871	956	-	tests CR to 34.121-1: Correction to test case combined interfrequency and GSM measurements correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073080
RP-38	RP-070871	957	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to test case FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell minimum requirements	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073317
RP-38	RP-070871	958	-	Test Case 8.3.8 – Correction to Measurement Report	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073318
RP-38	RP-070871	959	-	Test Case 8.6.5.1 – Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL and MEASUREMENT REPORT messages	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073319
RP-38	RP-070871	960	-	Correction to RRM testcase 8.7.9	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073367
RP-38	RP-070858	961	-	Correction to the test case 8.6.2.1 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073379
RP-38	RP-070871	962	-	Correction to the test case 8.6.2.1A – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073380
RP-38	RP-070869	963	-	Correction to the test cases 8.6.2.2 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073381
RP-38	RP-070871	964	-	Correction to the test cases 8.6.2.2A – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073382
RP-38	RP-070858	965	-	Correction to test case 8.6.4.1 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073393
RP-38	RP-070858	966	-	Correction to the test case 8.7.1.2.1 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073384
RP-38	RP-070858	967	-	Correction to the test case 8.7.2.2.2 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073385
RP-38	RP-070858	968	-	Correction to the test case 8.7.3.1 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073394
RP-38	RP-070858	969	-	Correction to test case 8.7.4.2 – compressed mode	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073387
RP-38	RP-070858	970	-	Corrections to test cases 8.6.1.3 and 8.6.1.3A	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073179
RP-38	RP-070858	971	-	Correction to Qhyst parameter in 8.3.5	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073207
RP-38	RP-070859	972	-	Addition of specific reference messages for 8.4.3	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073208
RP-38	RP-070859	973	-	Correction to system uncertainty of RRM test cases	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073209
RP-38	RP-070859	974	-	Correction to RRM test case 8.7.3.A	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073210
RP-38	RP-070859	975	-	Corrections to the BCCH ARFCN for RRM TCs	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073211
RP-38	RP-070859	976	-	Correction to Primary CPICH Tx Power in Measurement Control message for RRM TCs	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073324
RP-38	RP-070859	977	-	Correction to IE Reporting interval in RRM event triggered tests	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073213
RP-38	RP-070859	978	-	Correction to Annex I	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073215
RP-38	RP-070871	979	-	Corrections to TC 9.2.1G Enhanced Performance Requirements Type 3	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073052
RP-38	RP-070859	980	-	CR to 34.121-1: Correction to UARFCN for Band V and Band VI	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073064
RP-38	RP-070871	981	-	Correction to 10.2.2.2.1of 34.121-1	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073087
RP-38	RP-070871	982	-	Correction to fading configuration in 9.3.4 and 9.3.6	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073090
RP-38	RP-070871	983	-	Correction to number of tests in 9.4.1A and 9.4.2A	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073327
RP-38	RP-070872	984	-	Clarification on the behaviour of the SS in 10.3.2	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073092
RP-38	RP-070859	985	-	Correction to extreme condition voltages for Lithium batteries	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073122
RP-38	RP-070876	986	-	Correction to 34.121-1 applicability of HSDPA tests testing Enhanced performance type 3 terminals	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073328
RP-38	RP-070859	987	-	Addition of new TCs to Annex K - cell configuration mapping table	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073127
RP-38	RP-070869	988	-	table	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073329
RP-38	RP-070876	989	-	Correction to test conditions in F5.3	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073190
RP-38	RP-070859	990	-	Correction of Table F.6.2.8 (statistical testing)	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073222
RP-38	RP-070872	991	=	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of new Constant BLER Target Requirements using DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073368
RP-38	RP-070872	992	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of test tolerances for new Constant BLER Target using DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps) test case	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073369
RP-38	RP-070872	993	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of new Power Control in the Downlink for F-DPCH Requirements	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073335
RP-38	RP-070872	994	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of new Power Control in the Downlink, Wind Up Effects (Release 6 and	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073370
RP-38	RP-070872	995	<u> </u>	later) Requirements CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of test tolerances for	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073337
1/1 -20	111-0/00/2	990	1-	TOTA TO 04.12 1-1. Introduction of test tolerances for	<u>'</u>	0.0.0	0.1.0	110-010001

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				new Power Control in the Downlink, Wind Up Effects (Release 6 and later) test case				
RP-38	RP-070877	996	-	Clarification of the invalid MAC header for MBMS RF/RRM testing	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073175
RP-38	RP-070877	997	-	Clarification of power level for MBMS RF/RRM testing	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073346
RP-38	RP-070877	998	-	Test tolerances for TC 11.2 MTCH demodulation test	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073347
RP-38	RP-070877	999	-	Addition of test system uncertainties and test tolerance for 8.3.5.4 and 8.3.6.3	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073344
RP-38	RP-070877	1000	-	Correction to Test Procedures of 8.3.5.4 and 8.3.6.3	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073345
RP-38	RP-070877	1001	-	Clarification of test procedure in 11.2, 11.2A and 11.3	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073343
RP-38	RP-070884	1002	-	Introduction of HSDPA performance requirements for 64QAM	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073348
RP-38	RP-070884	1003	-	New 64QAM Test Case: Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (64QAM)	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073373
RP-38	RP-070883	1004	-	CR to 34.121-1: Introduction of UE Transmitter Requirements for 16-QAM test cases	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073366
RP-38	RP-070885	1005	-	Introduction of HS-SCCH-less demodulation requirements for CPC	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073352
RP-38	RP-070881	1006	-	New MIMO Test Case: Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel): MIMO Performance	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073396
RP-38	RP-070881	1007	-	New MIMO Test Case: Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator: MIMO Performance	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073375
RP-38	RP-070881	1008	-	HSDPA performance requirements for MIMO	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073353
RP-38	RP-070881	1009	-	MIMO Fading scenrios and MIMO changes for 34.121-1 Annex	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073395
RP-38	RP-070888	1010	_	Addition of test tolerances for TC 11.2A demodulation of MTCH enhanced perf req 1	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	R5-073357

## History

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