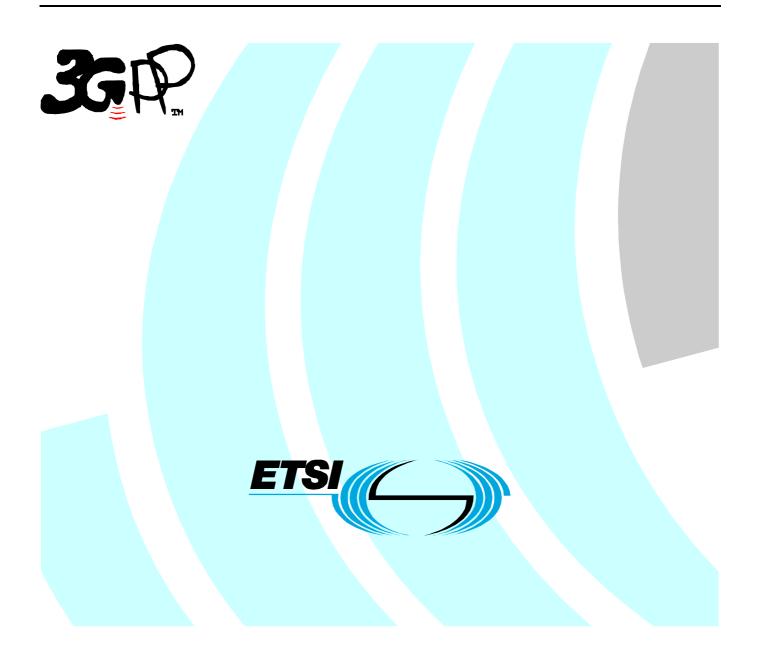
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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the measurement procedures for the conformance test of the user equipment (UE) that contain transmitting characteristics, receiving characteristics and performance requirements in addition to requirements for support of RRM (Radio Resource Management) in FDD mode.

The requirements are listed in different clauses only if the corresponding parameters deviate. More generally, tests are only applicable to those mobiles that are intended to support the appropriate functionality. To indicate the circumstances in which tests apply, this is noted in the '*definition and applicability*' part of the test.

For example only Release 5 and later UE declared to support HSDPA shall be tested for this functionality. In the event that for some tests different conditions apply for different releases, this is indicated within the text of the test itself.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document.
- For a Release 1999 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 3.x.y.
- For a Release 4 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 4.x.y.
- For a Release 5 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 5.x.y.
- For a Release 6 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 6.x.y.
- [1] 3GPP TS 25.101 "UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.133 "Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 34.108 "Common Test Environments for User Equipment (UE) Conformance Testing".
- [4] 3GPP TS 34.109 "Terminal logical test interface; Special conformance testing functions".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.214 "Physical layer procedures (FDD)".
- [6] 3GPP TR 21.905 "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [7] 3GPP TR 25.990 "Vocabulary".
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.433 "UTRAN Iub Interface NBAP Signalling".
- [10] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329: "Spurious emissions".
- [11] 3GPP TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected Mode".
- [12] 3GPP TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode".
- [13] 3GPP TS 25.321: "Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".
- [14] 3GPP TS 25.213: "Spreading and modulation (FDD)".

- [15] 3GPP TS 25.223: "Spreading and modulation (TDD)".
- [16] ETSI ETR 273-1-2: "Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measuremement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes".
- [17] 3GPP TR 25.926: "UE Radio Access Capabilities".
- [18] 3GPP TR 21.904: "UE capability requirements".
- [19] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
- [20] 3GPP TS 05.08 (R99): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio subsystem link control".
- [21] 3GPP TS 34.123-1: "User Equipment (UE) Conformance Specification; Part 1: Protocol Conformance Specification".
- [22] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical Layer Measurements (FDD)".
- [23] Void
- [24] 3GPP TR 34.902 " Derivation of test tolerances for multi-cell Radio Resource Management (RRM) conformance tests ".
- [25] 3GPP TS 51.010-1: "Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification; Part 1: Conformance specification ".
- [26] 3GPP TS 25.307 "Requirements on UEs supporting a release independent frequency band".
- [27] ITU-T recommendation O.153: "Basic parameters for the measurement of error performance at bit rates below the primary rate".
- [28] 3GPP TS 05.05 (R99): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception".
- [29] 3GPP TS 45.005 (Rel-4 and later releases): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception".
- [30] 3GPP TS 45.008 (Rel-4 and later releases): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio subsystem link control".
- [31] 3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".

3 Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations

Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations used in the present document are listed in TR 21.905 [5] and TR 25.990 [6].

Terms are listed in alphabetical order in this clause.

3.1 Definitions

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional terms and definitions apply:

Maximum Output Power: This is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least $(1 + \alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

Nominal Maximum Output Power: This is the nominal power defined by the UE power class.

Mean power: When applied to a W-CDMA modulated signal this is the power (transmitted or received) in a bandwidth of at least $(1 + \alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot unless otherwise stated.

RRC filtered mean power: The mean power as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor α and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

- NOTE 1: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated W-CDMA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal.
- NOTE 2: The roll-off factor α is defined in 25.101 clause 6.8.1.

RegDTX: Regular DTX. These are the times when the HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK is not expected to be transmitted due to an Inter-TTI period greater than 1

statDTX: Statistical DTX. These are the times when the HS-DPCCH is expected to transmit an ACK or NACK but none is transmitted due to the UE not being able to decode consistent control information from the HS_SCCH.

Throughput: Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

[...] Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it means that a decision about that value was not taken

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional abbreviations apply:

AFC	Automatic Frequency Control
ASD	Acceleration Spectral Density
ATT	Attenuator
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BTFD	Blind Transport Format Detection
CQI	Channel Quality Indicator
EVM	Error Vector Magnitude
FDR	False transmit format Detection Ratio. A false Transport Format detection occurs when the
	receiver detects a different TF to that which was transmitted, and the decoded transport block(s)
	for this incorrect TF passes the CRC check(s).
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HS-DSCH	High Speed Downlink Shared Channel
HS-PDSCH	High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel
HARQ	Hybrid ARQ sequence
HYB	Hybrid
IM	Intermodulation
ITP	Initial Transmission Power control mode
OBW	Occupied Bandwidth
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on
	the other orthogonal channels of a downlink
PAR	Peak to Average Ratio
P-CCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
P-CPICH	Primary Common Pilot Channel
PCDE	Peak Code Domain Error
RBW	Resolution Bandwidth
PRBS	Pseudo Random Bit Sequence
regDTX	Regular DTX
RRC	Root-Raised Cosine

S-CCPCH	Secondary Common Control Physical Channel
S-CPICH	Secondary Common Pilot Channel
SCH	Synchronisation Channel consisting of Primary and Secondary synchronisation channels
SS	System Simulator; see Annex A for description
statDTX	Statistical DTX
TGCFN	Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number
TGD	Transmission Gap Distance
TGL	Transmission Gap Length
TGPL	Transmission Gap Pattern Length
TGPRC	Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count
TGSN	Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number

3.4 Equations

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional equations apply:

$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip of the CPICH to the total transmit power spectral
- or	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
$DPCH _E_c$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral
I _{or}	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
$\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCCH to the total transmit power spectral
- or	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
$\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPDCH to the total transmit power spectral
or	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
F_{uw}	Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute frequency(s) or a frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency.
I _{Node_B}	Interference signal power level at Node B in dBm, which is broadcasted on BCH.
I _{oac}	The power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the adjacent frequency channel as measured at the UE antenna connector.
I _{oc}	The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector.
I _{or}	The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector
Î _{or}	The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector.
I _{ouw}	Unwanted signal power level.
P - $CCPCH_E_c$	Average (note) energy per PN chip for P-CCPCH.
$P - CCPCH \frac{E_c}{I_o}$	The ratio of the received P-CCPCH energy per chip to the total received power spectral density at
U	the UE antenna connector.
$\frac{P - CCPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the average (note) transmit energy per PN chip for the P-CCPCH to the total transmit
- or	power spectral density.

P - $CPICH_E_c$	Average (note) energy per PN chip for P-CPICH.
PICH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for PICH.
$\frac{PICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip of the PICH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
R	Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.
<REFSENS $><REF\hat{I}_{or} >$	Reference sensitivity Reference \hat{I}_{or}
SCH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for SCH.
S-CPICH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for S-CPICH.

- NOTE: Averaging period for energy/power of discontinuously transmitted channels should be defined.
- NOTE: The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH_E_c and P-CPICH_E_c) and others defined in terms of PSD (I_{oac} , I_{oc} , and \hat{I}_{or}). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of energy per chip to PSD (DPCH_E_c/I_{or}, E_c/I_{or} etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

4 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

4.1 General

The information presented in this clause is based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

NOTE: Other chip rates may be considered in future releases.

4.2 Frequency bands

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate in either of the following paired bands:

Operating Band	UL Frequencies UE transmit, Node B receive	DL frequencies UE receive, Node B transmit
I	1920 – 1980 MHz	2110 –2170 MHz
II	1850 –1910 MHz	1930 –1990 MHz
III	1710-1785 MHz	1805-1880 MHz
IV	1710-1770MHz	2110- 2170MHz
V	824 - 849MHz	869-894MHz
VI	830- 840 MHz	875-885 MHz

Note: See TS25.307 [26] for Band IV, V and VI. Band VI specifications are developed for use in Japan.

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded.

4.3 TX–RX frequency separation

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate with the following TX-RX frequency separation.

Operating Band	TX-RX frequency separation
1	190 MHz
II	80 MHz
III	95 MHz
V	45 MHz
VI	45 MHz

- b) UTRA/FDD can support both fixed and variable transmit to receive frequency separation.
- c) The use of other transmit to receive frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.

4.4 Channel arrangement

4.4.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario.

4.4.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz, for all bands which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to table 4.1a, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

4.4.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN). The values of the UARFCN are as follows.

UPLINK (UL)		DOWNLINK (DL)		
UE t	ransmit, Node B receive	UE receive, Node B transmit		
UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	UARFCN Carrier frequency [MHz]		
	(F _{UL)}) (Note 1)		(F _{DL)}) (Note 2)	
$N_u = 5 * F_{UL}$	0.0 MHz \leq F _{UL} \leq 3276.6 MHz	$N_d = 5 * F_{DL}$	0.0 MHz \leq F _{DL} \leq 3276.6 MHz	
Note 1: F _{UL} is the uplink frequency in MHz Note 2: F _{DL} is the downlink frequency in MHz				

Table 4.1: UARFCN definition (general)

Table 4.1a: UARFCN definition (additional channels)

		PLINK (UL)		WNLINK (DL)
Band	UE transmit, Node B receive		UE receive, Node B transmit	
Bana	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]
		(F _{UL)})		(F _{DL)})
I	-	-	-	-
	$N_u = 5 * (F_{UL} -$	1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5,	$N_d = 5 * (F_{DL} - $	1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,
	1850.1 MHz)	1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5,	1850.1 MHz)	1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,
		1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5,		1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,
		1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5		1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5
	-	-	-	-
V	$N_u = 5 * (F_{UL} - $	826.5, 827.5, 831.5,	$N_d = 5 * (F_{DL} - $	871.5, 872.5, 876.5,
	670.1 MHz)	832.5, 837.5, 842.5	670.1 MHz)	877.5, 882.5, 887.5
VI	$N_u = 5 * (F_{UL} -$	832.5, 837.5	$N_d = 5 * (F_{DL} -$	877.5, 882.5
	670.1 MHz)		670.1 MHz)	
	,			

4.4.4 UARFCN

The following UARFCN range shall be be supported for each paired band.

Table 4.2: UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

Operating Band	Uplink UE transmit, Node B receive	Downlink UE receive, Node B transmit
I	9 612 to 9 888	10 562 to 10 838
II	9 262 to 9 538	9 662 to 9 938
	and	and
	12, 37, 62, 87,	412, 437, 462, 487,
	112, 137, 162, 187,	512, 537, 562, 587,
	212, 237, 262, 287	612, 637, 662, 687
III	8562 to 8913	9037 to 9388
V	4132 to 4233	4357 to 4458
	and	and
	782, 787, 807,	1007, 1012, 1032,
	812, 837, 862	1037, 1062, 1087
VI	4162 to 4188 and 812, 837	4387 to 4413 and 1037, 1062

4A Reference Conditions

The reference environment used by all test cases in this document are specified in TS 34.108 [3]. Where a test requires an environment that is different, this will be specified in the test itself.

4A.1 Generic setup procedures

Test procedures for RF test are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. The initial conditions of this clause also refer to the generic setup procedures defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.2.

4A.2 System information

The reference system information used for test cases specified in this document is defined in TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0a (Default Master Information Block and Scheduling Block messages) and 6.1.0b (Default System Information Block Messages). For cells other than cell 1 the difference in information elements is defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.4. For the generic setup procedures defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 some SIB elements override those specific SIB elements from TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b. Annex I in the present document overwrites specific elements in the Master Information Block and Scheduling Block messages compared to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0a and specific SIB elements compared to TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0b and 7.3. In the test description itself specific SIB elements can be overwritten again. This leads to the following places defining Master Information Block, Scheduling Block messages and System Information Block Messages:

- 1. TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0a, 6.1.0b and 6.1.4
- 2. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3
- 3. TS 34.121 Annex I
- 4. TS 34.121 test case description

When the same Information Element is defined in several places then the place with the higher number according to the above list will override the other definition(s).

4A.3 Message contents

Default message contents for test cases specified in this document are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9. Most default message contents are specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.2.1, but some default message contents originally defined for signalling test cases are re-used for RF testing and specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.1.1. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 contains additional information regarding the default messages. Annex I in the present document overwrites specific message contents for some test cases. In the test description itself specific information elements can be overwritten again. This leads to the following places defining message contents:

- 1a. TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.1.1 (only if indicated by TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 or the test description in TS 34.121)
- 1b. TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.2.1 (as indicated by TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 or the test description in TS 34.121)
- 2. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3
- 3. TS 34.121 Annex I
- 4. TS 34.121 test case description

When the same Information Element is defined in several places then the place with the higher number according to the above list will override the other definition(s). Default message contents from TS 34.108 [3] clause 9 will be used either from clause 9.1.1 (1a in the list above) or from clause 9.2.1 (1b in the list above). Some messages are not defined in all places, but all messages have to be defined at least in the test description.

4A.4 Measurement configurations

Measurement configurations defined by system information are specified in TS 34.108 [3]. System Information Block type 11 (SIB 11) configures measurements for cell 1 according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.4 for the difference in message contents of SIB 11 (FDD) for other cells used in the test. SIB 12 is specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b, but is currently not used to configure measurements.

Some modifications to specific information elements in SIB 11 are defined in TS 34.121 Annex I or in the test description itself. In this case the priority defined in clause 4A.2 shall be applied.

Note: Currently SIB 11 in TS 34.108 [3] configures Intra-frequency measurement system information to use 'Intra-frequency measurement identity=1' (default value), 'Intra-frequency measurement identity=CPICH RSCP' with events 1a, 1b and 1c. The Inter-frequency measurement system information and the Inter-RAT measurement system information do not configure measurement identities. Traffic volume measurement system information is not present.

In many test cases the measurement identity as configured by SIB 11 is reused and the Measurement Control message will 'Modify' the Measurement Identity configured in SIB 11.

In some test cases additional measurements are used. Then the Measurement Control message will 'Setup' a new Measurement Identity with the default value for that measurement quantity as specified in TS 25.331 [8]. If the Measurement Control message uses 'Setup' then the new Measurement Identity shall be different to already configured ones. All Inter-frequency measurements and Inter-RAT measurements are first configured by Measurement Control message using 'Setup'.

5 Transmitter Characteristics

5.1 General

Transmitting performance test of the UE is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function. (Refer to TS 34.109 [4]).

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in table 5.1.

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	UL DPCH bit rate	Remarks
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Table 5.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Unless detailed the transmitter characteristic are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. Transmitter characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

All the parameters in clause 5 are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) specified in clause C.2.1 and unless stated otherwise, with the UL power control ON.

The common RF test conditions of Tx Characteristics are defined in clause E.3.1, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 5) should refer clause E.3.1. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

5.2 Maximum Output Power

5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The nominal maximum output power and its tolerance are defined according to the Power Class of the UE.

The maximum output power is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least $(1 + \alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE maximum output power shall be within the nominal value and tolerance specified in table 5.2.1 even for the multi-code transmission mode.

Operating	Power Class 1 F		Power Class 2		Power 0	Class 3	Power 0	Class 4
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
Band I	+33	+1/-3	+27	+1/-3	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band III	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band V	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band VI					+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2

Table 5.2.1: Nominal Maximum Output Power

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.1.

5.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power does not exceed the range prescribed by the nominal maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2.1.

An excess maximum output power has the possibility to interfere to other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

5.2.4 Method of test

5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 2) Measure the mean power of the UE in a bandwidth of at least $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.

5.2.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power, derived in step 2), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the nominal maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2.2.

Operating	Power	Power Class 1 Power Class 2 Power Class 3		Power Class 2		Power Class 4		
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
Band I	+33	+1,7/-3,7	+27	+1,7/-3,7	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band III	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band V	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band VI					+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7

Table 5.2.2: Nominal Maximum Output Power

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH

5.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and its tolerance are defined according to the Power Class of the UE.

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The measurement period shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

5.2A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH shall be within the value and tolerance specified in table 5.2A.1 when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall be within the values and tolerance specified in table 5.2.1.

	Power Cl	ass 3	Power Class 4	
Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
$1/15 \leq \beta_{c}/\beta_{d} \leq 12/15$	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
$13/15 \le \beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} \le 15/8$	+23	+2/-3	+20	+3/-2
$15/7 \le \beta_0/\beta_d \le 15/0$	+22	+3/-3	+19	+4/-2

Table 5.2A.1: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.2.

5.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH does not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2A.1.

An excess maximum output power may interfere with other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

5.2A.4 Method of test

5.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1 with the beta values set according to table C.10.1.4.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

5.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the mean power of the UE. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.
- 5) Repeat the measurement for the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.2A.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH, derived in step 4), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2A.2. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall not exceed the range prescribed in table 5.2.2.

The UL reference measurement channel for TX test will be set as defined in C.10.1 with the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH and DPDCH being set to the values defined in table C.10.1.4.

	Power	Class 3	Power Class 4		
Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	
$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} = 1/15, 12/15$	+24	+1.7/-3.7	+21	+2.7/-2.7	
$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} = 13/15, 15/8$	+23	+2.7/-3.7	+20	+3.7/-2.7	
$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} = 15/7, 15/0$	+22	+3.7/-3.7	+19	+4.7/-2.7	
Note: For the purpose of the test Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.3 Frequency Error

5.3.1 Definition and applicability

The frequency error is the difference between the RF modulated carrier frequency transmitted from the UE and the assigned frequency. The UE transmitter tracks to the RF carrier frequency received from the Node B. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. In the later case, signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are allowed for within the minimum requirements specified in 5.3.2.

The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 ppm observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.3.

5.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE carrier frequency error does not exceed ± 0.1 ppm. This requirement is tested with the UE receiver at the reference sensitivity.

An excess error of the carrier frequency increases the transmission errors in the up link own channel.

This test verifies the ability of the receiver to derive correct frequency information for the transmitter, when locked to the DL carrier frequency.

5.3.4 Method of test

5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, and RF parameters (DPCH_Ec and Îor) are set up according to table 6.2.2. The relative power level of other downlink physical channels to the DPCH_Ec are set up according to clause E.3.1.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE reaches its maximum output power.
- 2) Measure the frequency error delta f, at the UE antenna connector using the Global In-Channel-Tx-test (annex B).

5.3.5 Test Requirements

For all measurements, the frequency error, derived in step 2), shall not exceed $\pm (0,1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4 Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink

Power control is used to limit the interference level.

5.4.1 Open Loop Power Control in the Uplink

5.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

Open loop power control in the uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power to a specific value. This function is used for PRACH transmission and based on the information from Node B using BCCH and the downlink received signal power level of the CPICH. The information from Node B includes transmission power of CPICH and uplink interference power level.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE open loop power is defined as the mean power in a timeslot or ON power duration, whichever is available.

The UE open loop power control tolerance is given in table 5.4.1.1.

Table 5.4.1.1: Open loop power control tolerance

Normal conditions	±9 dB
Extreme conditions	±12 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.1.

5.4.1.3 Test purpose

The power measured by the UE of the received signal and the signalled BCCH information are used by the UE to control the power of the UE transmitted signal with the target to transmit at the lowest power acceptable for proper communication.

The test stresses the ability of the receiver to measure the received power correctly over the receiver dynamic range.

The test purpose is to verify that the UE open loop power control tolerance does not exceed the described value shown in table 5.4.1.1.

An excess error of the open loop power control decreases the system capacity.

5.4.1.4 Method of test

5.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to Table 5.4.1.1a.
- 3) Switch on the phone.

- 4) After the UE has performed registration and entered idle mode, Îor is set up according to table 5.4.1.2. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1
- 5) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in [3] clause 7.3.1 with channel conditions according the test parameters in table 5.4.1.3, The RACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21
Preamble Retrans Max		1

Table 5.4.1.1a: Settings for the serving cell

Table 5.4.1.2: Test parameters for Open Loop Power Control (UE)

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	See table 5.4.1.3	dBm / 3,84 MHz

Table 5.4.1.3: Test parameters for Open Loop Power Control (SS	Table 5.4.1.3: Test	parameters for C)pen Loop	Power	Control (SS)
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Para	meter	RX Upper dynamic end	RX-middle	RX-Sensitivity level			
Î _{or} (note 3)		–25,0 dBm / 3,84 MHz	–65,7 dBm / 3,84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> dBm / 3,84 MHz</refî<sub>			
CPICH_RSCP (notes 3 and 4)		–28,3 dBm	–69 dBm	<refî<sub>or> -CPICH_Ec / lor</refî<sub>			
Primary CPICH DL TX power		+19 dBm	+28 dBm	+19 dBm			
Simulated path loss = Primary CPICH DL TX power – CPICH_RSCP		+47,3 dB	+97 dB	+129 dB			
UL	Band I, VI	–75 dBm	–101 dBm	-110 dBm			
interference	Band II, V			–108 dBm			
	Band III			–107 dBm			
Constant Value)	–10 dB	–10 dB	-10 dB			
Expected nominal UE TX power (note 5)		-37,7 dBm	-14 dBm	+9 dBm (note 2)			
 NOTE 1: While the SS transmit power shall cover the receiver input dynamic range, the logical parameters: Primary CPICH DL TX power, UL interference, Constant Value are chosen to achieve a UE TX power, located within the TX output power dynamic range of a class 4 UE. NOTE 2: Nominal TX output power 9 dBm allows to check the open loop power algorithm within the entire tolerance range (9 dBm ± 12 dB; 9 dBm + 12 dB = 21 dBm = max power class 4). 							

- NOTE 3: <REFÎ_{or}> is specified in Table 6.2.1, and CPICH_Ec / lor is specified in Table E.2.2. The power level of S-CCPCH should be defined because S-CCPCH is transmitted during Preamble RACH transmission period. The power level of S-CCPCH is set to -5.3 dB relative to I_{or}.
- NOTE 4: The purpose of this parameter is to calculate the Expected nominal UE TX power.

NOTE 5: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].

5.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 5.4.1.3 (-25 dBm / 3,84 MHz).
- 2) Measure the first RACH preamble mean power of the UE.
- 3) Repeat the above measurement for all SS levels in table 5.4.1.3.

5.4.1.5 Test requirements

The deviation with respect to the Expected nominal UE TX power (table 5.4.1.3), derived in step 2), shall not exceed the prescribed tolerance in table 5.4.1.4.

Table 5.4.1.4: Open loop power control tolerance

Normal conditions	±10 dB
Extreme conditions	±13 dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4.2 Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink

5.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

Inner loop power control in the uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to adjust its output power in accordance with one or more TPC commands received in the downlink.

The power control step is the change in the UE transmitter output power in response to a single TPC command, TPC_cmd, derived at the UE.

This clause does not cover all the requirements of compressed mode or soft handover.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The UE transmitter shall have the capability of changing the output power with a step size of 1 dB, 2 dB and 3 dB according to the value of Δ_{TPC} or Δ_{RP-TPC} , in the slot immediately after the TPC_cmd can be derived.

- a) The transmitter output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.4.2.1.
- b) The transmitter aggregate output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.4.2.2. Here a TPC_cmd group is a set of TPC_cmd values derived from a corresponding sequence of TPC commands of the same duration.

The inner loop power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from 25μ s before the slot boundary to 25μ s after the slot boundary.

TPC_cmd	Transmitter power control range (all units are in dB)						
	1 dB step size		2 dB step size		3 dB step size		
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	
+1	+0,5	+1,5	+1	+3	+1,5	+4,5	
0	-0,5	+0,5	-0,5	+0,5	-0,5	+0,5	
-1	-0,5	-1,5	-1	-3	-1,5	-4,5	

Table 5.4.2.1: Transmitter power control range

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 10 equal TPC_cmd group (all units are in dB)			Transmitt control rar equal TF grou (all units a	nge after 7 PC_cmd ups	
	1 dB step size 2 dB step size			3 dB step size		
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+8	+12	+16	+24	+16	+26
0	-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1
-1	-8	-12	-16	-24	-16	-26
0,0,0,0,+1	+6	+14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0,0,0,0,-1	-6	-14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 5.4.2.2: Transmitter aggregate power control tolerance

The UE shall meet the above requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in clause 5.4.3.2, and the Maximum output power supported by the UE (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be in the range specified for the power class of the UE in clause 5.2.2.

NOTE: 3 dB inner loop power control steps are only used in compressed mode.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.2.1.1.

The requirements for the derivation of TPC_cmd are detailed in TS 25.214 [5] clauses 5.1.2.2.2 and 5.1.2.2.3.

5.4.2.3 Test purpose

- To verify that the UE inner loop power control size and response is meet to the described value shown in clause 5.4.2.2.
- To verify that TPC_cmd is correctly derived from received TPC commands.

An excess error of the inner loop power control decreases the system capacity.

The UE shall be tested for the requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test.

The Min power threshold for test is defined as the Minimum Output Power Test Requirement (clause 5.4.3.5).

The Max power threshold for test is defined as the Measured Maximum output power of the UE in the relevant Step of the test (using the same method as in clause 5.2.4.2 step 2) minus the Test Tolerance specified for test 5.2 Maximum Output Power in table F.2.1.

For the final power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.

5.4.2.4 Method of test

5.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.

Table 5.4.2.4.1: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2

3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.4.2.4.2 Procedure

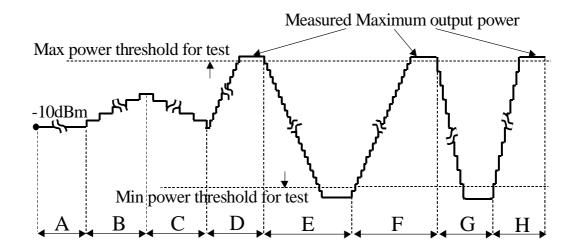


Figure 5.4.2.4 Inner Loop Power Control Test Steps

- 1) Before proceeding with paragraph (2) (Step A) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (\hat{I}_{or}) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 2) Step A: Transmit a sequence of at least 30 and no more than 60 TPC commands, which shall commence at a frame boundary and last for a whole number of frames, and which shall contain:
 - no sets of 5 consecutive "0" or "1" commands which commence in the 1^{st} , 6^{th} or 11^{th} slots of a frame;
 - at least one set of 5 consecutive "0" commands which does not commence in the 1^{s} , 6^{m} or 11^{m} slots of a frame;
 - at least one set of 5 consecutive "1" commands which does not commence in the 1^{s} , 6^{m} or 11^{m} slots of a frame.

The following is an example of a suitable sequence of TPC commands:

- 3) Step B: Transmit a sequence of 50 TPC commands with the value 1.
- 4) Step C: Transmit a sequence of 50 TPC commands with the value 0.
- 5) Step D: Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to reconfigure the uplink channel in order to set the Power Control Algorithm to algorithm 1, and the TPC step size to 1 dB. Contents of the message is specified in the table 5.4.2.4.2.A. After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit a sequence of TPC commands with the value 1 until the UE output power is above the maximum power threshold.

- 6) Step E: Transmit a sequence of 150 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 0.
- 7) Step F: Transmit a sequence of 150 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 1.
- 8) Step G: Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to reconfigure the uplink channel in order to set the TPC step size to 2 dB (with the Power Control Algorithm remaining as algorithm 1). Contents of the message is specified in the table 5.4.2.4.2.B. After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit a sequence of TPC commands with the value 1 until the UE output power is above the maximum power threshold. Transmit a sequence of 75 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 0.
- 9) Step H: Transmit a sequence of 75 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 1.

10) During steps A to H the mean power of every slot shall be measured, with the following exceptions:

- In steps D and F, measurement of the mean power is not required in slots after the 10^{th} slot after the mean power has exceeded the maximum power threshold;
- In steps E and G, measurement of the mean power is not required in slots after the 10^{10} slot after the mean power has fallen below the minimum power threshold.

The transient periods of 25 μ s before each slot boundary and 25 μ s after each slot boundary shall not be included in the power measurements.

- NOTE 1: These numbers of TPC commands are given as examples. The actual number of TPC commands transmitted in these steps shall be at least 10 more than the number required to ensure that the UE reaches the relevant maximum or minimum power threshold in each step, as shown in figure 5.4.2.4.
- NOTE 2: In order to make it more practical to measure the entire power control dynamic range (between min power threshold and max power threshold with suitable margins), it is permissible to segment the power control sequences into smaller subsequence. For example, Step-E can be divided into different stages while still fulfilling the purpose of the test to measure the entire dynamic range.

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
5	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset	-6dB	
-PC Preamble	1 frame	
-SRB delay	7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0	
-Number of DPDCH	1	
-spreading factor	64	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	

Table 5.4.2.4.2.A: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for step D (step 5)

Table 5.4.2.4.2.B: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for step G (step 8)

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
C C	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset	-6dB	
-PC Preamble	1 frame	
-SRB delay	7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size	2dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number -Number of DPDCH	0	
	1 64	
-spreading factor -TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	Siny Siny
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	

5.4.2.5 Test requirements

TPC_cmd	-	Transmitter power control range (all units are in dB)					Transmitter p	
	1 dB st	1 dB step size 2 dB step size			3 dB st	tep size		
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper		
+1	+0,4	+1,6	+0,85	+3,15	+1,3	+4,7		
0	-0,6	+0,6	-0,6	+0,6	-0,6	+0,6		
-1	-0,4	-1,6	-0,85	-3,15	-1,3	-4,7		

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 10 equal TPC_cmd group (all units are in dB)			control rai equal TI gro	ter power nge after 7 PC_cmd ups are in dB)	
	1 dB st	1 dB step size 2 dB step size		3 dB step size		
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+7,7	+12,3	+15,7	+24,3	+15,7	+26,3
0	-1,1	+1,1	-1,1	+1,1	-1,1	+1,1
-1	-7,7	-12,3	-15,7	-24,3	-15,7	-26,3
0,0,0,0,+1	+5,7	+14,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0,0,0,0,-1	-5,7	-14,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 5.4.2.5.2: Transmitter aggregate power control tolerance

- a) During Step A, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd of 0, as given in table 5.4.2.5.1.
- b) During Step A, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of 0, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- c) During Step B, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1, given that every 5th TPC_cmd should have the value +1, with a step size of 1 dB, and all other TPC_cmd should have the value 0.
- d) During Step B, the change in mean power over 50 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of {0,0,0,+1}, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- e) During Step C, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1, given that every 5th TPC_cmd should have the value -1, with a step size of 1 dB, and all other TPC_cmd should have the value 0.
- f) During Step C, the change in mean power over 50 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of {0,0,0,0,-1}, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- g) During Step E, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of -1 and step size of 1 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step D. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- h) During Step E, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of -1, and step size of 1 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step D. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.
- i) During Step F, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of +1 and step size of 1 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- j) During Step F, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of +1, and step size of 1 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.

- k) During Step G, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of -1 and step size of 2 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- During Step G, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of -1, and step size of 2 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots.
- m) During Step H, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of +1 and step size of 2 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step H. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- n) During Step H, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of +1, and step size of 2 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step H. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4.3 Minimum Output Power

5.4.3.1 Definition and applicability

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is when the power control setting is set to a minimum value. This is when both the inner loop and open loop power control indicate a minimum transmit output power is required.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one timeslot. The minimum transmit power shall be less than -50 dBm.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.3.1.

5.4.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE minimum transmit power is less than -50 dBm.

An excess minimum output power increases the interference to other channels, and decreases the system capacity.

5.4.3.4 Method of test

5.4.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.

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3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.4.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Down power control commands to the UE.
- 2) Measure the mean power of the UE.

5.4.3.5 Test requirements

The measured power, derived in step 2), shall be less than -49 dBm.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power

5.4.4.1 Definition and applicability

The UE shall monitor the DPCCH quality in order to detect a loss of the signal on Layer 1, as specified in TS 25.214 [5]. The thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} specify at what DPCCH quality levels the UE shall shut its power off and when it shall turn its power on respectively. The thresholds are not defined explicitly, but are defined by the conditions under which the UE shall shut its transmitter off and turn it on, as stated in this clause.

The DPCCH quality shall be monitored in the UE and compared to the thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} for the purpose of monitoring synchronization. The threshold Q_{out} should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where no reliable detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH can be made. This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 30%. The threshold Q_{in} should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH is significantly more reliable than at Q_{out} . This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 20%.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.4.2 Minimum Requirements

When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality over the last 160 ms period to be worse than a threshold Q_{out} , the UE shall shut its transmitter off within 40 ms. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on again until the DPCCH quality exceeds an acceptable level Q_{in} . When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality over the last 160 ms period to be better than a threshold Q_{in} , the UE shall again turn its transmitter on within 40 ms.

The UE transmitter shall be considered "off" if the transmitted power is below the level defined in subclause 6.5.1 (Transmit off power). Otherwise the transmitter shall be considered as "on".

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.4.1.

The quality levels at the thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} correspond to different signal levels depending on the downlink conditions DCH parameters. For the conditions in table 5.4.4.1, a signal with the quality at the level Q_{out} can be generated by a DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio of -25 dB, and a signal with Q_{in} by a DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio of -21 dB. The DL reference measurement channel (12.2) kbps specified in subclause C.3.1 and with static propagation conditions. The downlink physical channels, other than those specified in table 5.4.4.1, are as specified in table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Value	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-1	dB
I _{oc}	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
$\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	See Figure 5.4.4.1: Before point A -16,6 After point A Not defined See note in clause 5.4.4.3	dB
$\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	See table 5.4.4.2	dB
Information Data Rate	12,2	kbps

Table 5.4.4.1: DCH parameters for test of Out-of-synch handling test case

Table 5.4.4.2: Minimum	Requirements	for DPCCH	_Ec/lor levels
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Clause from figure 5.4.4.1	DPCCH_Ec/lor	Unit
Before A	-16,6	dB
A to B	-22,0	dB
B to D	-28,0	dB
D to E	-24,0	dB
After E	-18,0	dB

Figure 5.4.4.1 shows an example scenario where the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the DPCH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below Q_{out} where the UE shall shut its power off and then back up to a level above Q_{in} where the UE shall turn the power back on.

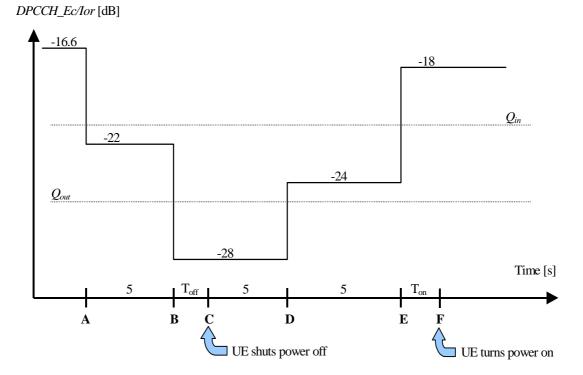


Figure 5.4.4.1: Test case for out-of-synch handling in the UE.

In this test case, the requirements for the UE are that:

- 1. The UE shall not shut its transmitter off before point B.
- 2. The UE shall shut its transmitter off before point C, which is Toff = 200 ms after point B.
- 3. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on between points C and E.

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4. The UE shall turn its transmitter on before point F, which is Ton = 200 ms after point E.

The reference for this test case is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.4.2.

5.4.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE monitors the DPCCH quality and turns its transmitter on or off according to DPCCH level diagram specified in figure 5.4.4.1.

NOTE: DPDCH_Ec/I_{or} after point A is not defined in table 5.4.4.1. However it is assumed that DPDCH and DPCCH power level are same on DL 12,2 kbps reference measurement channel for testing. (PO1, PO2, and PO3 are zero.)

5.4.4.4 Method of test

5.4.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, with the following exception for information elements in System Information Block type 1 specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 6.1.0b.

Table 5.4.4.2A: System Information Block type 1 message

Information Element	Value/Remark
UE Timers and constants in connected mode	
- T313	15 seconds
- N313	200

- 3) DCH parameters are set up according to table 5.4.4.1 with DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level at -16,6 dB. The other RF parameters are set up according to clause E.3.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS sends continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE transmitter power reach maximum level.
- 2) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'A to B' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 seconds and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched off during this time.
- 3) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'B to D' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS waits 200 ms and then verifies that the UE transmitter has been switched off.
- 4) The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 seconds and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched on during this time.
- 5) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'D to E' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 s and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched on during this time.
- 6) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'After E' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS waits 200 ms and then verifies that the UE transmitter has been switched on.

5.4.4.5 Test requirements

Clause from figure 5.4.4.1	DPCCH_Ec/lor	Unit
Before A	-16,6	dB
A to B	-21,6	dB
B to D	-28,4	dB
D to E	-24,4	dB
After E	-17,6	dB

Table 5.4.4.3: Test Requirements for DPCCH_Ec/lor levels

To pass the test, steps 1 through 6 of the procedure in clause 5.4.4.4.2 must be fulfilled.

The UE transmitter off criterion and its tolerances is defined in clause 5.5.1 (Transmit off power).

The UE transmitter on criterion and its tolerances is defined in clause 5.4.3 (Minimum Output Power). The UE transmitter is considered to be on if the UE transmitted power is higher than minimum output power.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Test Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.5 Transmit ON/OFF Power

5.5.1 Transmit OFF Power

5.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

Transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power when the transmitter is off. The transmit OFF power state is when the UE does not transmit. During transmission gaps in UL compressed mode, the UE is not considered to be in the OFF state.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.5.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The requirement for the transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.1.1.

5.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE transmit OFF power is less than -56 dBm.

An excess transmit OFF power increases the interference to other channels, and decreases the system capacity.

5.5.1.4 Method of test

This test is covered by clause 5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask.

5.5.1.5 Test requirements

The measured RRC filtered mean power shall be less than -55 dBm.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask

5.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The time mask for transmit ON/OFF defines the ramping time allowed for the UE between transmit OFF power and transmit ON power. Possible ON/OFF scenarios for release 99 and release 4 only are PRACH, CPCH or uplink compressed mode. For release 5 and later the possible ON/OFF scenarios are PRACH or uplink compressed mode.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 5.5.1 for PRACH preambles, and figure 5.5.2 for all other cases. The off signal is defined as the RRC filtered mean power.

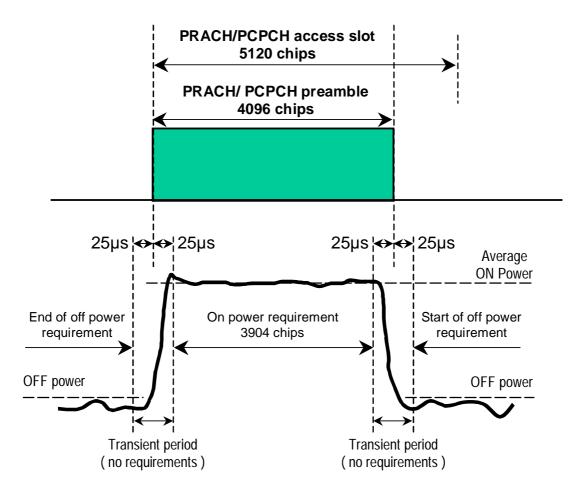


Figure 5.5.1: Transmit ON/OFF template for PRACH preambles

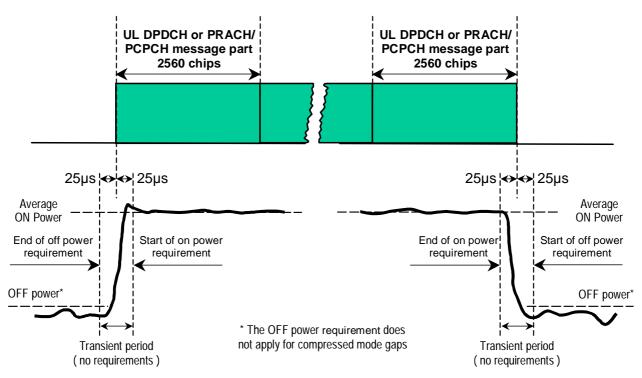


Figure 5.5.2: Transmit ON/OFF template for all other On/Off cases

OFF Power is defined in clause 5.5.1.2.

ON power is defined as the mean power. The specification depends on each possible case.

- First preamble of PRACH: Open loop accuracy (table 5.4.1.1).
- During preamble ramping of the RACH and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part: Accuracy depending on size of the required power difference (table 5.5.2.1).
- After transmission gaps in compressed mode: Accuracy as in table 5.7.1.
- Power step to Maximum Power: Maximum power accuracy (table 5.2.1).

Power difference size ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power difference tolerance [dB]
0	±1
1	±1
2	±1,5
3	±2
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	±2,5
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	±3,5
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	±4,5
21 ≤ ΔP	±6,5

 Table 5.5.2.1: Transmitter power difference tolerance for RACH preamble ramping, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.2.1.

This is tested using PRACH operation.

5.5.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power ON/OFF ratio of the PRACH shown in figure 5.5.1 meets the requirements given in 5.5.2.2.

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Transmission of the wrong power increases interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink's own channel.

5.5.2.4 Method of test

5.5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to I_{or} are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to table 5.5.2.1A.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) After the UE has performed registration and entered idle mode, \hat{I}_{or} is set up according to table 5.5.2.2. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to I_{or} are set up according to clause E.2.1
- 5) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, in [3] clause 7.3.1 with channel conditions according the test parameters in table 5.5.2.3.

The RACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. The number of the available subchannels should be limited to one. This ensures that the preamble sequence is known to the SS. The preamble retransmission shall be at least 3. The power ramping step size shall be 1 dB. Note that the maximum number of preamble retransmissions is limited to 5 due to the fact that the commanded uplink power exceeds the allowed uplink power of more than 6 dB. The SS shall not send either an ACK or a NACK.

	Cell 1				
Parameter	Unit	Power class 1	Power class 2	Power class 3	Power class 4
Cell type			Servii	ng cell	
UTRA RF Channel Number			Char	nel 1	
Qqualmin	dB		-2	24	
Qrxlevmin	dBm		-1	15	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	33 27 24 21			21

Table 5.5.2.1A: Settings for the serving cell

[Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
	Î _{or}	See table 5.5.2.3	dBm / 3,84 MHz

Para	meter	Power Class 1	Power Class 2	Power Class 3	Power Class 4	Unit
Î _{or} (note 1)		<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84 MHz
CPICH_RSCP		<refî<sub>or> –</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> –</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> –</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> –</refî<sub>	dBm
(notes 1 and 2)	CPICH_Ec / lor	CPICH_Ec / lor	CPICH_Ec / lor	CPICH_Ec / lor	ubiii
Primary CPICH	H DL TX power	+19	+19	+19	+19	dBm
Simulated path Primary CPICH – CPICH_RSC	H DL TX power	+129	+129	+129	+129	dB
UL	Band I, VI	-86	-92	-95	-98	
Interference	Band II, V	-84	-90	-93	-96	dBm
Interference	Band III	-83	-89	-92	-95	
Constant Value	е	-10	-10	-10	-10	dB
Expected nom power (note 3)		+33	+27	+24	+21	dBm
CCF The	PCH should be of spower level of states	d in Table 6.2.1, a defined because S S-CCPCH is set to	-CCPCH is transm -5.3 dB relative to	hitted during Prear o I _{or} .	nble RACH transm	
NOTE 3: The		parameter is to ca nal UE TX power i § 25.331 [8].				Open Loop

Table 5.5.2.3: Test parameters for	r Transmit ON/OFF	Time mask (SS)
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5.5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector and select the test parameters of table 5.5.2.3 according to the power class. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 5.5.2.3.
- 2) Measure the mean power (ON power) of the UE on the first PRACH preamble according to the timing in figure 5.5.1.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power (OFF power) in a 2368 chip time interval before a transient period of 25 μ s (96 chips) prior to a RACH preamble (ON power). Measure the RRC filtered mean power (OFF power) in a 2368 chip time interval after a transient period of 25 μ s (96 chips) after a RACH preamble (ON power). Due to the dynamic range between the ON and OFF power measurements, the OFF power measurements can be made on subsequent PRACH preambles rather than adjacent to the first PRACH preamble.

5.5.2.5 Test requirements

The deviation with respect to the Expected nominal UE TX power (table 5.5.2.3), derived in step 2), shall not exceed the prescribed upper tolerance in table 5.2.2 (clause 5.2.5) and lower tolerance in table 5.4.1.4. (clause 5.4.1.5) for the first PRACH preamble.

The measured RRC filtered mean power, derived in step 3), shall be less than -55 dBm. (clause 5.5.1.5).

5.6 Change of TFC

5.6.1 Definition and applicability

A change of TFC (Transport Format Combination) in uplink means that the power in the uplink varies according to the change in data rate. DTX, where the DPCH is turned off, is a special case of variable data, which is used to minimise the interference between UE(s) by reducing the UE transmit power when voice, user or control information is not present.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.6.2 Minimum requirements

A change of output power is required when the TFC, and thereby the data rate, is changed. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will vary. The power step due to a change in TFC shall be calculated in the UE so that the power transmitted on the DPCCH shall follow the inner loop power control. The step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size is specified in table 5.6.1. The power change due to a change in TFC is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from 25 μ s before the slot boundary to 25 μ s after the slot boundary.

Power control step size (Up or down) ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
0	±0,5
1	±0,5
2	±1,0
3	±1,5
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	±2,0
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	±3,0
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	±4,0
21 ≤ ΔP	±6,0

Table 5.6.1: Transmitter	power ste	p tolerance
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Clause C.2.1 defines the UL reference measurement channels (12,2 kbps) for TX test and the power ratio between DPCCH and DPDCH as -5,46 dB. Therefore, only one power control step size is selected as minimum requirement from table 5.6.1. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size is specified in table 5.6.2.

 Table 5.6.2: Transmitter power step tolerance for test

Quantized amplitude ratios β_{c} and β_{d}	Power control step size (Up or down) ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
$\beta_{c} = 0,5333, \beta_{d} = 1,0$	7	±2

The transmit power levels versus time shall meet the mask specified in figure 5.6.1.

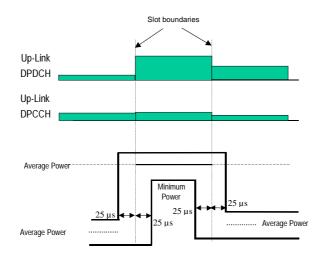


Figure 5.6.1: Transmit template during TFC change

The UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) is a fixed rate channel. Therefore, DTX, where the DPDCH is turned off, is tested, as shown in figure 5.6.2.

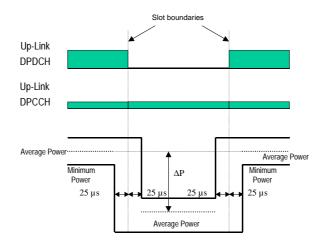


Figure 5.6.2: Transmit template during DTX

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.3.1.

5.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the tolerance of power control step size does not exceed the described value shown in table 5.6.2. To verify that the DTX ON/OFF power levels versus time meets the described mask shown in figure 5.6.2.

5.6.4 Method of test

5.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the power level of the UE to , $0 \text{ dBm} \pm 1 \text{ dB}$.
- 2) Send alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC_cmd = 0.
- 3) Using the Tester, measure the mean power at the antenna connector of the UE in two cases, both DPDCH and DPCCH are ON and only DPCCH is ON. The measurements shall not include the transient periods.

5.6.5 Test requirements

The difference in mean power between DPDCH ON and OFF, derived in step 3), shall not exceed the prescribed range in table 5.6.2.

5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode

5.7.1 Definition and applicability

Compressed mode in uplink means that the power in uplink is changed.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support UL or combined UL/DL compressed modes.

5.7.2 Minimum requirements

A change of output power is required during uplink compressed frames since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will also vary. The power step due to compressed mode shall be calculated in the UE so that the energy transmitted on the pilot bits during each transmitted slot shall follow the inner loop power control.

Thereby, the power during compressed mode, and immediately afterwards, shall be such that the mean power of the DPCCH follows the steps due to inner loop power control combined with additional steps of $10Log_{10}(N_{pilot.prev} / N_{pilot.curr})$ dB where $N_{pilot.prev}$ is the number of pilot bits in the previously transmitted slot, and $N_{pilot.curr}$ is the current number of pilot bits per slot.

The resulting step in total transmitted power (DPCCH +DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in table 5.6.1 in clause 5.6.2. The power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, when neither the original timeslot nor the reference timeslot are in a transmission gap. The transient duration is not included, and is from 25 μ s before the slot boundary to 2 5 μ s after the slot boundary.

In addition to any power change due to the ratio $N_{pilot.prev} / N_{pilot.curr}$, the mean power of the DPCCH in the first slot after a compressed mode transmission gap shall differ from the mean power of the DPCCH in the last slot before the transmission gap by an amount Δ_{RESUME} , where Δ_{RESUME} is calculated as described in clause 5.1.2.3 of TS 25.214 [5].

The resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power difference exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots shall be as specified in table 5.7.1.

Power difference (Up or down) ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance after a transmission gap [dB]
$\Delta P \leq 2$	+/- 3
3	+/- 3
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	+/- 3.5
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	+/- 4
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	+/- 4.5
21 ≤ ΔP	+/- 6.5

Table 5.7.1: Transmitter power difference tolerance after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots

The power difference is defined as the difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot before the transmission gap and the mean power of the target timeslot after the transmission gap, not including the transient durations. The transient durations at the start and end of the transmission gaps are each from 25 μ s before the slot boundary to 25 μ s after the slot boundary.

The transmit power levels versus time shall meet the mask specified in figure 5.7.1.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.4.1.

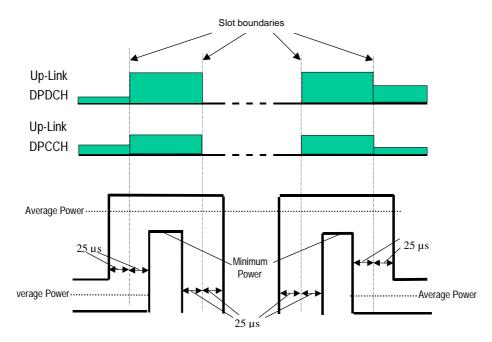


Figure 5.7.1: Transmit template during Compressed mode

For RPL (Recovery Period Length) slots after the transmission gap, where RPL is the minimum out of the transmission gap length and 7 slots, the UE shall use the power control algorithm and step size specified by the signalled Recovery Period Power Control Mode (RPP), as detailed in TS 25.214 [5] clause 5.1.2.3.

When nominal 3 dB power control steps are used in the recovery period, the transmitter mean power steps due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.7.2, and the transmitter aggregate mean power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.7.3, excluding any other power changes due, for example, to changes in spreading factor or number of pilot bits.

TPC_cmd	Transmitter power control range for 3dB step si	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+1,5 dB	+4,5 dB
0	–0,5 dB	+0,5 dB
	–1,5 dB	-4,5 dB

 Table 5.7.2: Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 7 equal TPC_cmd groups	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+16 dB	+26 dB
0	–1 dB	+1 dB
-1	–16 dB	–26 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.2.1.1.

5.7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the changes in uplink transmit power in compressed mode are within the prescribed tolerances.

Excess error in transmit power setting in compressed mode increases the interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink.

55

5.7.4 Method of test

5.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The 12,2 kbps UL reference measurement channel is used, with gain factors $\beta_c = 0.5333$ and $\beta_d = 1.0$ in non-compressed frames. Slot formats 0 and 0B are used on the uplink DPCCH.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.7.4.2 Procedure

- NOTE: CFNs are given in this procedure for reference as examples only. A fixed offset may be applied to the CFNs.
- 1) Before proceeding with step (3) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -36 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 2) Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the uplink power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 2 dB, and to set the compressed mode parameters shown in table 5.7.5. The contents of the message are specified in table 5.7.9. This set of compressed mode parameters defines the compressed mode pattern which is used to test the implementation of:
 - a) in steps (3) and (4), upward 3 dB output power steps and the implementation of a downward power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap, and
 - b) in steps (7) and (8), downward 3dB output power steps and the implementation of an upward power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap.

Parameter	Meaning	Value
TGPRC	Number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	1
TGCFN	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	0
TGSN	Slot number of the first transmission gap slot within the TGCFN	2
TGL1	Length of first transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	7 slots
TGL2	Length of second transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	7 slots
TGD	Duration between the starting slots of two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern	15 slots
TGPL1	Duration of transmission gap pattern 1	3 frames
TGPL2	Duration of transmission gap pattern 2	R99 and Rel-4: Omit Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
RPP	Recovery Period Power Control Mode	Mode 1
ITP	Initial Transmit Power Mode	Mode 1
UL/DL Mode	Defines whether UL only or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used	UL only or UL/DL
Downlink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating downlink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Uplink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating uplink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Scrambling code change	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used	No code change
Downlink frame type	Downlink compressed frame structure	A
DeltaSIR	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during compressed frames	0
DeltaSIRafter	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames	0

The resulting compressed mode pattern is shown in figure 5.7.2.

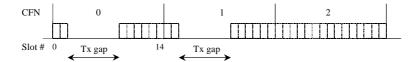


Figure 5.7.2: Pattern A for compressed mode test

3) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.6.

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
0	01111111
1	11101010
2	101010101010101

4) Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 0: Slots # 9,10,11,12,13,14 CFN 1: Slots # 0,1,9

5) Re-start the test. Before proceeding with step (7) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range 2 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to

yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.

- 6) Repeat step (2) above, with the exception that TGCFN = 3 in table 5.7.5 and table 5.7.9.
- 7) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.7.

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
3	01000000
4	00010101
5	010101010101010

Table 5.7.7: TPC commands transmitted in downlink

 Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 3: Slots # 9,10,11,12,13,14 CFN 4: Slots # 0,1,9

- 9) Re-start the test. Before proceeding with step (11) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 10) Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the uplink power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB, and to set the compressed mode parameters shown in table 5.7.8. The contents of the message are specified in table 5.7.10. This set of compressed mode parameters defines the compressed mode pattern which is used to test the implementation of power steps at the start and end of compressed frames, and the implementation of a zero power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap.

Parameter	Meaning	Value
TGPRC	Number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	1
TGCFN	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	7
TGSN	Slot number of the first transmission gap slot within the TGCFN	8
TGL1	Length of first transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	14 slots
TGL2	Length of second transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	omit
TGD	Duration between the starting slots of two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern	UNDEFINED
TGPL1	Duration of transmission gap pattern 1	4 frames
TGPL2	Duration of transmission gap pattern 2	R99 and Rel-4: Omit Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
RPP	Recovery Period Power Control Mode	Mode 0
ITP	Initial Transmit Power Mode	Mode 0
UL/DL Mode	Defines whether UL only or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used	UL only or UL/DL
Downlink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating downlink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Uplink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating uplink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Scrambling code change	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used	No code change
Downlink frame type	Downlink compressed frame structure	A
DeltaSIR	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during compressed frames	0
DeltaSIRafter	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames	0

The resulting compressed mode pattern is shown in figure 5.7.3.

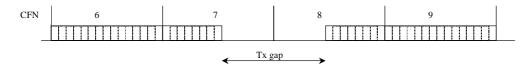


Figure 5.7.3: Pattern B for compressed mode test

11) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.8.

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
6	0000000000111
7	1111111
8	00000000
9	00011111111111

12)Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

 CFN 6:
 Slot # 14

 CFN 7:
 Slots # 0 and 7

 CFN 8:
 Slots # 7 and 14

 CFN 9:
 Slot # 0

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
č	counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset	-6dB	
-PC Preamble	1 frame	
-SRB delay	7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size	2dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0	
-Number of DPDCH	1	
-spreading factor	64	
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	Daa i = i
Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-
Devery link information of the Wall is		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Net Decent	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI	1	
	1 Activate	
-TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN	Activate 0	
	U	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters -TGMP	EDD measurement	
-TGPRC	FDD measurement	
	1	
-TGSN	2 7	
		1
-TGL1	7	
-TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD	7 15	

-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-RPP	Mode 1	only
-REE -ITP	Mode 1	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL only or UL and DL, depending on UE	
	capability	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2 or Not present depending on UE capability	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	A	
-DeltaSIR1	0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	,
-Downlink information per radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	500	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as	
-Secondary CPICH info	currently stored in SS) mod 38400 Not Present	
-DL channelisation code	Not Flesent	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	-
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

Table 5.7.10: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 10)

Information ElementValue/RemarkVersMessage Type	
UE Information Elements 0 -Integrity check info 0 - message authentication code SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. - RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. - Integrity protection mode info Not Present - Ciphering mode info Not Present - Activation time Not Present - New U-RNTI Not Present -New U-RNTI Not Present -New C-RNTI Not Present -RRC state Indicator CELL_DCH -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient Not Present -CN Information Elements -CN Information elements -URA identity Not Present -Dwonlink counter synchronisation info Not Present PhyCH information elements -Downlink counter synchronisation info -Dhyck chance requirements - -Directic chance requirements - -Directic chance requirement - -Directic chance requirement - -Directic chance requirement -	
-RRC transaction identifier 0 -Integrity check info SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. - RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. - Integrity protection mode info Not Present - Ciphering mode info Not Present - Activation time Not Present - New U-RNTI Not Present - New C-RNTI Not Present - New C-RNTI Not Present - UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient Not Present - CN Information elements Not Present - CN Information elements Not Present - UTRAN mobility information elements Not Present - UTRAN mobility information elements Not Present - UTRAN mobility information elements Not Present - UPA identity Not Present PhyCH information elements Not Present - Downlink counter synchronisation info Not Present PhyCH information elements Not Present -Frequency info Not Present Uplink radio resources Not Present -	
-Integrity check info SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. - RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. -Integrity protection mode info Not Present -Ciphering mode info Not Present -Activation time Not Present -New U-RNTI Not Present -New U-RNTI Not Present -New U-RNTI Not Present -RC State Indicator CELL_DCH -UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient Not Present CN Information Elements Not Present -CN Information elements Not Present -URA identity Not Present PhyCH information elements Not Present -Downlink counter synchronisation info Not Present PhyCH information elements Not Present -Frequency info Not Present Uplink radio resources Not Present -Maximum allowed UL TX power Not Present -CHOICE channel requirement Uplink DPCH info	
- message authentication code SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. - RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. - Integrity protection mode info Not Present - Ciphering mode info Not Present - Activation time Not Present - New U-RNTI Not Present - New C-RNTI Not Present - RRC State Indicator CELL_DCH - UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient Not Present CN Information Elements Not Present - UTRAN mobility information elements Not Present - UTRAN mobility information elements Not Present - UTRAN mobility information elements Not Present - Downlink counter synchronisation info Not Present PhyCH information elements Not Present - Frequency info Not Present - Frequency info Not Present Uplink radio resources Not Present - Maximum allowed UL TX power Not Present - CHOICE channel requirement Uplink DPCH info - Uplink DPCH power control info Not Pr	
and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I RRC message sequence numberSS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counterIntegrity protection mode infoNot Present-Ciphering mode infoNot Present-Activation timeNot Present-New U-RNTINot Present-New C-RNTINot Present-RRC State IndicatorCELL_DCH-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficientNot PresentUTRAN mobility information elementsNot Present-URA identityNot PresentBinformation elementsNot Present-Downlink counter synchronisation infoNot PresentPhyCH information elementsNot Present-Trequency infoNot PresentUplink radio resourcesNot Present-Maximum allowed UL TX power -CHOICE channel requirement -Uplink DPCH power control infoNot Present	
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-Maximum allowed UL TX power Not Present -CHOICE channel requirement Uplink DPCH info -Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE channel requirement Uplink DPCH info -Uplink DPCH power control info	
-Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-DPCCH Power offset -6dB	
-PC Preamble 1 frame	
-SRB delay 7 frames	
-Power Control Algorithm Algorithm 1	
-TPC step size 1dB	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-Scrambling code type Long	
-Scrambling code type 0	
-Number of DPDCH 1	
-Number of FBI bits Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit 1	
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information Not Present R99 and	I Rel-4
only	
-Downlink information common for all radio	
links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL Not Present	
-CHOICE mode FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI 1	
-TGPS Status Flag Activate	
-TGCFN 7	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP FDD measurement	
-TGPRC 1	
-TGPRC -TGSN 8	
-TGL1 14	
-TGL2 Not Present	
-TGD 0	
-TGPL1 4	
-TGPL2 Not Present R99 and	I Kel-4

		only
-RPP	Mode 0	Only
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL only or UL and DL, depending on UE capability	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2 or Not present depending on UE capability	
	SF/2 of Not present depending of DE capability	
-Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	A	
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1		
	-	
-DeltaSIRafter1	0 Not Droppet	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link	FDD	
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info	100	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
PDSCH and a manning	Not Present	only R99 and Rel-4
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Fresent	
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		only
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel		
estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as	
-DF GIT frame onset	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Spreading factor -Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	Only
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
	notriosofit	

5.7.5 Test requirements

For ease of reference, the following uplink output power measurements are defined in figure 5.7.4. In this figure:

- P_g is the RRC filtered mean power in an uplink transmission gap, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_a is the mean power in the last slot before a compressed frame (or pair of compressed frames), excluding the 25 µs transient periods.
- P_b is the mean power in the first slot of a compressed frame, excluding the 25 µs transient periods.
- P_c is the mean power in the last slot before a transmission gap, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_d is the mean power in the first slot after a transmission gap, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_e is the mean power in the last slot of a compressed frame, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_f is the mean power in the first slot after a compressed frame (or pair of compressed frames), excluding the 25 µs transient periods.

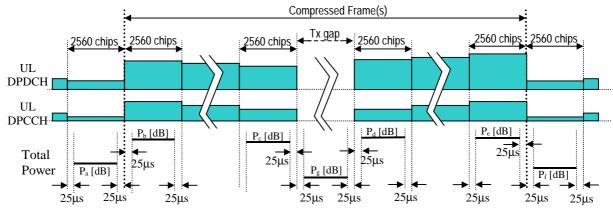


Figure 5.7.4: Uplink transmit power in uplink compressed mode

- 1. At the boundary between CFN 6 and CFN 7, $P_b P_a$ shall be within the range $+4 \pm 2$ dB.
- 2. In slot #9 of CFN 1, the power difference $P_d P_c$ from the power in slot #1 of CFN 1 shall be within the range $-11 \pm 4 \text{ dB}$.
- 3. In slot #9 of CFN 4, the power difference $P_d P_c$ from the power in slot #1 of CFN 4 shall be within the range +11 ± 4 dB.
- 4. In slot #7 of CFN 8, the power difference $P_d P_c$ from the power in slot #7 of CFN 7 shall be within the range 0 ± 3 dB.
- 5. (void)
- 6. At the boundary between CFN 8 and CFN 9, $P_f P_e$ shall be within the range -4 ± 2 dB.
- 7. In the slots between slot #10 of CFN 0 and slot #1 of CFN 1 inclusive, the change in mean power from the previous slot shall be within the range given in table 5.7.2 for TPC_cmd = +1.
- 8. The aggregate change in mean power from slot #9 of CFN 0 to slot #1 of CFN 1 shall be within the range given in table 5.7.3 for TPC_cmd = +1.
- 9. In the slots between slot #10 of CFN 3 and slot #1 of CFN 4 inclusive, the change in mean power from the previous slot shall be within the range given in table 5.7.2 for TPC_cmd = -1.
- 10. The aggregate change in mean power from slot #9 of CFN 3 to slot #1 of CFN 4 shall be within the range given in table 5.7.3 for TPC_cmd = -1.

5.7A HS-DPCCH

5.7A.1 Definition and applicability

The transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI over the HS-DPCCH may cause the transmission power in the uplink to vary. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPCCH and the Ack/Nack and CQI respectively is signalled by higher layers.

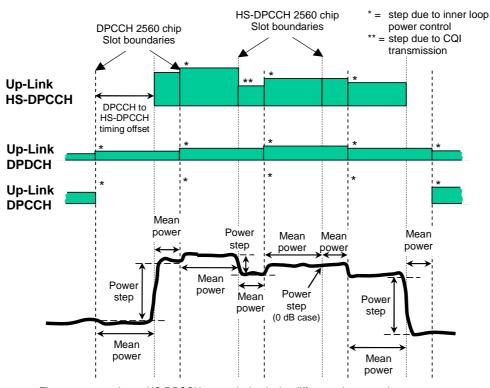
The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

5.7A.2 Minimum requirement

The nominal sum power on DPCCH+DPDCH is independent of the transmission of Ack/Nack and CQI unless the UE output power when Ack/Nack or CQI is transmitted would exceed the maximum value specified in Table 5.2A.1 or fall below the value specified in 5.4.3.2, whereupon the UE shall apply additional scaling to the total transmit power as defined in section 5.1.2.6 of TS.25.214 [5].

The composite transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH+HS-DPCCH) shall be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.

The nominal power step due to transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI is defined as the difference between the nominal mean powers of two power evaluation periods either side of an HS-DPCCH boundary. The first evaluation period starts 25 μ s before the following HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The second evaluation period starts 25 μ s after the same HS-DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25 μ s before the following DPCCH slot boundary. This is described in figure 5.7A.1.



The power step due to HS-DPCCH transmission is the difference between the mean powers transmitted before and after an HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The mean power evaluation period excludes a 25µs period before and after any DPCCH or HS-DPCCH slot boundary.

Figure 5.7A.1: Transmit power template during HS-DPCCH transmission

The tolerance of the power step due to transmission Scoptic HS50PC0CH shall + neter the topping the to DPCCH 2560 chip Slot boundaries 5.7A.1: Transmitter power step tolerance step due to CQI Power dov smitter power step **Up-Link** [dB] **HS-DPCCH** DPCCH to +/- 0.5 0 IS-DPCCI +/- 0.5 1 timing offset 2 +/- 1.0 **Up-Link** DPDCH 4 <u>≤</u> Δ P ≤ 7 +/- 2.0 **Up-Link** The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6,5.5.1. Mean Power powe Mean Mean Mean step 5.7A.3 power Test purpose power powę transr Mean ver of Ack/Nack and IS-DPCCH slot boundaries are within CQI at the in table_ the prescribed tolerances asstepowr 1 Mean I Power rsus time meet the mask specified in powerpowel step figure 5.7A.1. power step (0 dB case) Mean power Mean power The power step due to HS-DPCCH transmission is the difference between the mean powers transmitted before and after an HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The mean power evaluation period excludes a 25µs period before and after any DPCCH slot boundary.

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5.7A.4 Method of test

5.7A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1) are specified in Annex C.10.1 and C.8.1.1.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 1 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

5.7A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values defined in table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 2) Generate suitable TPC commands from the SS to set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range 0 dBm \pm 1dB.
- 3) Send alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC_cmd = 0.
- 4) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 5) Using the Tester, measure the mean power following the measurement periods specified on figure 5.7A.2. When using the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message from Annex I with the test specific message content then the pattern on figure 5.7A.2 repeats every 12ms. The measurements shall not include the transient periods. Evaluate the difference in mean power to determine the power steps around the HS-DPCCH slot boundaries as given in table 5.7A.2. The power steps shall meet the test requirements in table 5.7A.2. Additionally the value of the mean power measured over the DPCCH slot prior to the low to high transition of the Ack/Nack pulse, shall be 0 dBm +/- 1.1 dB.
- 6) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 7) Repeat the measurements of mean power as described in step 5 and evaluate the power steps given in table 5.7A.2. The transmitter power steps shall meet the test requirements in table 5.7A.2.
- 8) Repeat steps 1-7 for different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4 using sub-tests selected in table 5.7A.2.

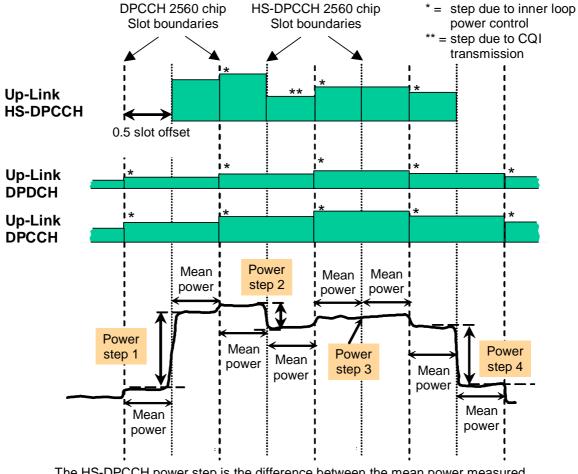
Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I. The test specific content for the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is as follows:

Information Element	Value/remark	
 Ack-Nack repetition factor 	1	
- CQI repetition factor	1	

5.7A.5 Test requirements

The transmit power levels and steps shall meet the time mask specified in Figure 5.7A.2.



The HS-DPCCH power step is the difference between the mean power measured either side of the indicated HS-DPCCH slot boundaries. The mean power is evaluated excluding a 25µs period either side of any expected power step.

Figure 5.7A.2: Transmit power template during HS-DPCCH transmission measurements

The difference in mean power derived in steps 5) and 7), shall not exceed the prescribed range in table 5.7A.2. The test requirements shall be satisfied regardless of the DPCH and transmitter output power levels.

The UL reference measurement channel for TX test will be set as defined in C.10.1 with the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH and DPDCH being set to the values defined in table C.10.1.4.

Sub-test in table C.10.1.4	Power step	Power step slot boundary	Power step size, ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
	1	Start of Ack/Nack	7	+/- 2.3
5	2	Start of CQI	2	+/- 1.15
5	3	Middle of CQI	0	+/- 0.6
	4	End of CQI	5	+/- 2.3
	1	Start of Ack/Nack	7	+/- 2.3
6	2	Start of CQI	1	+/- 0.6
0	3	Middle of CQI	0	+/- 0.6
	4	End of CQI	6	+/- 2.3

Table 5.7A.2: Transmitter power test requirements

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.8 Occupied Bandwidth (OBW)

5.8.1 Definition and applicability

Occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centred on the assigned channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.8.2 Minimum Requirements

The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.1.

5.8.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE occupied channel bandwidth is less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

Excess occupied channel bandwidth increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.8.4 Method of test

5.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.8.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the power spectrum distribution within two times or more range over the requirement for Occupied Bandwidth specification centring on the current carrier frequency with 30 kHz or less RBW. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter).
- 3) Calculate the total power within the range of all frequencies measured in '2)' and save this value as "Total Power".
- 4) Sum up the power upward from the lower boundary of the measured frequency range in '2)' and seek the limit frequency point by which this sum becomes 0,5 % of "Total Power" and save this point as "Lower Frequency".
- 5) Sum up the power downward from the upper boundary of the measured frequency range in '2)' and seek the limit frequency point by which this sum becomes 0,5 % of "Total Power" and save this point as "Upper Frequency".
- 6) Calculate the difference ("Upper Frequency" "Lower Frequency" = "Occupied Bandwidth") between two limit frequencies obtained in '4)' and '5)'.

5.8.5 Test Requirements

The measured Occupied Bandwidth, derived in step 6), shall not exceed 5 MHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.9 Spectrum emission mask

5.9.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.9.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9.1.

The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz.

∆f in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2) Bar VI	Minimum requirement (Note 2) Band I, II, III, IV, V, VI		Measurement bandwidth			
	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	Band II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3)	(Note 6)			
2.5 - 3.5	$\left\{-35 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-71.1 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)			
3.5 - 7.5	3.5 - 7.5 $\left\{-35 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc -55.8 \text{ dBm} -13 \text{ dBm} \frac{1 \text{ MHz}}{(\text{Note 5})}$						
7.5 - 8.5	$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)			
8.5 12.5 MHz	8.5 12.5 MHz -49 dBc -55.8 dBm -13 dBm 1 MHz (Note 5)						
 Note 1: Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth. Note 2: The minimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & VI is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power. Note 3: For operation in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power. Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz. Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz. Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth. 							

 Table 5.9.1: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

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5.9.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.9.4 Method of test

5.9.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.9.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9.2. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9.2. The measured power shall be recorded for each step.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power 2) with respect to 3) in dBc.

5.9.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9.4.2 step 4) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9.2.

	in MHz	Minimum requirement (Note 2) Band I, II, III, IV, V, VI		Additional	Measurement
Absolute Absolute requirement Ba Relative requirement (in				requirements Band II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3)	bandwidth (Note 6)
2.5 - 3.5		$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-69.6 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 - 7.5 $\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc \qquad -54.3 \text{ dBm} \qquad -13 \text{ dBm} \qquad 1 \text{ MH} $ (Note					
7.5 - 8.5		$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 - 12.5 MHz -47.5 dBc -54.3 dBm -13 dBm (Note 5)					
 Note 1: Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth. Note 2: The minimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & VI is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power. Note 3: For operation in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power. Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz. Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz. Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth. 					
the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.					

Table 5.9.2: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.9A Spectrum Emission Mask with HS-DPCCH

5.9A.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

5.9A.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9A.1. The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5].

	MHz te 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2) Band I, II, III, IV, V, Additional I VI requirements Band			Measurement bandwidth		
-	-	Relative requirement Absolute requirement II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3) (Note 6)					
2.5 to 3.5 $\left\{-35 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc -71.1 \text{ dBm}\right\}$		-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)				
3.5 to 7.5 $\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\} dBc -55.8 \text{ dBm} -13 \text{ dBm} \frac{1 \text{ MHz}}{(\text{Note 5})}$							
7.5 to 8.5		$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)		
8.5 to 12.5 MHz -49 dBc -55.8 dBm -13 dBm (Note 5)							
 Note 1: ∆f is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth. Note 2: The minimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & VI is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power. Note 3: For operation in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power. 							
 power. Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at ∆f equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz. Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at ∆f equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz. Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is 							

smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

5.9A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9A.1. even in the presence of the HS-DPCCH. (see note). This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

Note: For a static signal, the measurement with a 1MHz filter can be replaced by a narrower filter and integration over the bandwidth. (Note 6 in table 5.9A.1) For a non static signal the above described replacement gives different results, depending on the type of dynamic in the signal and depending on the bandwidth of the filter. Hence the signal is tested only when static.

5.9A.4 Method of test

5.9A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

5.9A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9A.3. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter(≥3kHz) measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9A.3. The measured power shall be recorded for each step. The measurement duration with the filter on one frequency shall last at least the filter settling time and the measurement period shall be inside the HS-DPCCH on-period5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the power 4) with respect to 5) in dBc.
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.9A.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9A.4.2 step 6) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9A.3.

∆f in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2) Band I, II, III, IV, V, VI		Additional requirements	Measurement bandwidth
(1010-1)	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	Band II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-69.6 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5	$\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5	$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz -47.5 dBc -54		-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
Note 2: The min absolut Note 3: For ope	e separation between the carrier frequency an nimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & e requirement, whichever is the higher power eration in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, t m requirement calculated in Note 2 or the ad	VI is calculated t : he minimum req	from the relative requ uirement is calculate	uirement or the d from the

Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.

Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at ∆f equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.

Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.10 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)

5.10.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.10.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10.1.

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB

Table 5.10.1: UE ACLR

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

5.10.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.10.4 Method of test

5.10.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.10.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the RRC filtered mean power.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in '2)'and '3)'.

5.10.5 Test requirements

If the measured adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power, derived in step 3), is greater than -50,0 dBm then the measured ACLR, derived in step 4), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10.2.

Table 5.10.2: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32,2 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42,2 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32,2 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42,2 dB

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

- NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.
- NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.
- NOTE 4: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.10A Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH

5.10A.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

5.10A.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10A.1. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5].

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB

Table 5.10A.1: UE ACLR

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

5.10A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10A.1. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.10A.4 Method of test

5.10A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

5.10A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum output as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- Measure the RRC filtered mean power on the wanted channel. The measurement period shall be inside the HS-DPCCH on-period for the wanted and the adjacent channels.
 Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in step 4) and step 5).
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.10A.5 Test requirements

The measured ACLR, derived in step 6), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10A.3.

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42.2 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42.2 dB

Table 5.10A.3: UE ACLR

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.11 Spurious Emissions

5.11.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The frequency boundary and the detailed transitions of the limits between the requirement for out band emissions and spectrum emissions are based on ITU-R Recommendations SM.329.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.11.2 Minimum Requirements

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	–36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	–36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 000 MHz	100 kHz	–36 dBm
1 GHz ≤ f < 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	–30 dBm

Table 5.11.1a: General spurious emissions requirements

Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
I	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note)
	1893.5 MHz <f<1919.6 mhz<="" td=""><td>300 kHz</td><td>-41 dBm</td></f<1919.6>	300 kHz	-41 dBm
I	-	-	-
III	925 MHz ≤ f ≤935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)
	2110 MHz \leq f \leq 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VI	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1893.5 MHz ≤ f≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
NOTE: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.1a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement			

As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.1a are permitted in each of the bands, 925 MHz to 960 MHz and 1805 MHz to 1880 MHz for each UARFCN used in the measurement. The reference is 3GPP TS 45.005 [29].

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.3.1.

5.11.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE spurious emissions do not exceed described value shown in table 5.11.1a and table 5.11.1b.

Excess spurious emissions increase the interference to other systems.

5.11.4 Method of test

5.11.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.11.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Sweep the spectrum analyzer (or equivalent equipment) over a frequency range and measure the average power of spurious emission.

5.11.5 Test requirements

The measured average power of spurious emission, derived in step 2), shall not exceed the described value in tables 5.11.2a and 5.11.2b.

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	–36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	–36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 000 MHz	100 kHz	–36 dBm
1 GHz < f < 12 75 GHz	1 MHz	30 dBm

Table 5.11.2a: General s	purious emissions	test requirements
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Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note
	1893.5 MHz <f<1919.6 mhz<="" td=""><td>300 kHz</td><td>-41 dBm</td></f<1919.6>	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	-	-	-
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VI	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1893.5 MHz ≤ f≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
exception	surements are made on frequencies ns, up to five measurements with a le n table 5.11.2a are permitted for each	vel up to the applicab	le requirements

Table 5.11.2b: Additional spurious emissions test requirements

As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.2a are permitted in each of the bands, 925 MHz to 960 MHz and 1805 MHz to 1880 MHz for each UARFCN used in the measurement. The reference is 3GPP TS 45.005 [29].

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.12 Transmit Intermodulation

5.12.1 Definition and applicability

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

UE(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or Node B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE transmit intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power of the wanted signal to the RRC filtered mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.12.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE transmit intermodulation shall not exceed the described value in table 5.12.1.

Table 5.12.1:	Transmit Intermodulation
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CW Signal Frequency Offset from Transmitting Carrier	5MHz	10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	ence CW Signal Level -40 dBc	
Intermodulation Product	–31 dBc	–41 dBc

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.7.1.

5.12.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE transmit intermodulation does not exceed the described value in table 5.12.1.

An excess transmit intermodulation increases transmission errors in the up link own channel when other transmitter exists nearby.

5.12.4 Method of test

5.12.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.2.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.12.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Set the frequency of the CW generator to the offset 1 or offset 2 as shown in table 5.12.2.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the UE.
- 4) Search the intermodulation product signal, then measure the RRC filtered mean power of transmitting intermodulation, and calculate the ratio with the power measured in step 3).
- 5) Repeat the measurement with another tone offset.

5.12.5 Test requirements

The ratio derived in step 4), shall not exceed the described value in table 5.12.2.

CW Signal Frequency Offset from Transmitting Carrier	5MHz	10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	-40 dBc	
Intermodulation Product	-31 dBc	-41 dBc

Table 5.12.2: Transmit Intermodulation

5.13 Transmit Modulation

Transmit modulation defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH/PCPCH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions for release 99 and release 4 only. For release 5 and later the requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions. In cases where the mean power of the RF signal is allowed to change versus time e.g. PRACH, DPCH in compressed mode, change of TFC and inner loop power control, the EVM and Peak Code Domain Error requirements do not apply during the 25 us period before and after the nominal time when the power is expected to change.

5.13.1 Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)

5.13.1.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off α =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

For Release 99 and Release 4 the measurement interval is one timeslot.

For Release 5 and later releases where tests may include power changes, the measurement interval is further clarified as being one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25 μ s at each end of the slot. For release 99 and release 4 only PRACH and PCPCH preambles the measurement interval is 4096 chips less 25 μ s at each end of the burst (3904 chips). For release 5 and later PRACH preambles the measurement interval is 4096 chips less 25 μ s at each end of the burst (3904 chips). The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.13.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17,5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1.

Table 5.13.1: Parameters for EVM

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥-20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17,5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1.

An excess EVM increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

5.13.1.4 Method of test

5.13.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.13.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B).
- 3) Set the power level of UE to -20dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be -20dBm with ±1dB tolerance.
- 4) Repeat step 2).

5.13.1.5 Test requirements

The measured EVM, derived in step 2) and 4), shall not exceed 17,5 %. for parameters specified in table 5.13.1 Parameters for EVM.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.1A Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH

5.13.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off α =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by $25 \ \mu$ s at each end of the slot.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

Editors note: This test case is not complete.

5.13.1A.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1A. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5].

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥ -20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

Table 5.13.1A: Parameters for EVM

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1.

5.13.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17.5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1A. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

An excess EVM increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

5.13.1A.4 Method of test

5.13.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10. Set the Default DPCH Offset Value according to the required HS-DPCCH slot offset as specified in TS 25.331 [8] clause 8.6.6.14 and TS 25.211 [19].
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

5.13.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table C.10.1.4 and the DPCH frame offset according the HS-DPCCH slot offset required for measurements.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum output as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B). The details of the measurement method in the presence of HSDPA is FFS.
- 5) Set the power level of UE to -20dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be -20dBm with ±1dB tolerance.
- 6) Repeat step 4).
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table C.10.1.4.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.13.1A.5 Test requirements

The measured EVM, derived in step 4) and 6), shall not exceed 17.5 %. for parameters specified in table 5.13.1A parameters for EVM.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.2 Peak code domain error

5.13.2.1 Definition and applicability

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting power of the error vector (as defined in clause 5.13.1.1) onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes.

For Release 99 and Release 4 the measurement interval is one timeslot.

For Release 5 and later releases where tests may include power changes, the measurement interval is further clarified as being one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by $25 \ \mu s$ at each end of the slot.

The requirements and this test apply only to the UE in which the multi-code DPDCH transmission is provided and therefore does not apply for the PRACH and PCPCH preamble and message parts.

5.13.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB at spreading factor 4 for the parameters specified in table 5.13.3.The requirements are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps) specified in clause C.2.5.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥-20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

Table 5.13.3: Parameters for Peak code domain error

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.3.1.

5.13.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE peak code domain error does not exceed -15 dB for the specified parameters in table 5.13.3.

An excess peak code domain error increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

5.13.2.4 Method of test

5.13.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, and RF parameters are set up according to table 5.13.4.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 5.13.4: Test parameters for Peak code domain error

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Uplink signal	multi-code	
Information bit rate	2*384	kbps
Power control step size	1	dB

5.13.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the Peak code Domain error using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B).
- 3) Set the power level of UE to -20dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be-20dBm with ±1dB tolerance.
- 4) Repeat step 2).

5.13.2.5 Test requirements

The measured Peak code domain error, derived in step 2) and 4), shall not exceed -14 dB.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity

5.13.3.1 Definition and applicability

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between any two adjacent timeslots. The EVM for each timeslot (excluding the transient periods of 25 μ s on either side of the nominal timeslot boundaries) shall be measured according to subclause 5.13.2. The frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing used to minimise the error vector are chosen independently for each timeslot. The phase discontinuity result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the preceding timeslot, and the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the succeeding timeslot.

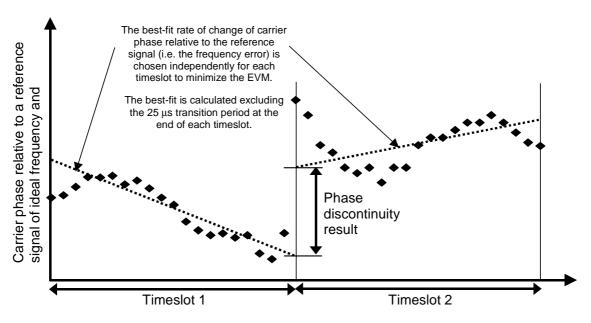


Figure 5.13.3.1 Graphical description of phase discontinuity

The best-fit rate of change of phase for each timeslot is calculated using the same process as used to minimize the EVM. This best-fit rate of change of phase is by definition the frequency error result for the timeslot. Due to the presence of power steps in the test, the data used for the best-fit calculation shall exclude the 25µs transition period at the beginning and end of each timeslot. The best-fit rate of change of phase for each timeslot is then extrapolated in both directions onto the timeslot boundaries. The phase discontinuity result at any one slot boundary is the difference between the extrapolated phase at the end of the timeslot preceding the slot boundary and the extrapolated phase at the start of the timeslot following the slot boundary.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and later releases.

5.13.3.2 Minimum requirements

The rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1 shall not exceed the values specified in table 5.13.2. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC) and compressed mode are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses TS 25.101 [1] 6.3 and TS 25.101 [1] 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

Table 5.13.1: Parameters	for Phase discontinuity
--------------------------	-------------------------

Parameter	Unit	Level
Power control step size	dB	1

Phase discontinuity Δθ in degrees	Maximum allowed rate of occurrence in Hz	
$\Delta \theta \leq 30$	1500	
$30 < \Delta \theta \le 60$	300	
$\Delta \theta > 60$	0	

Table 5.13.2: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.4.

5.13.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE phase discontinuity is within the limits shown in clause 5.13.3.2.

To verify that any timeslot used in the calculation of a phase discontinuity result also passes the frequency error and EVM requirements referenced in clause 5.3 2 and 5.13.3.2.

5.13.3.4 Method of test

5.13.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure using power control algorithm 1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

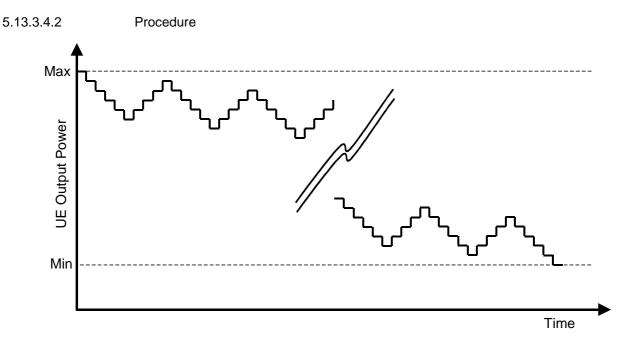


Figure 5.13.3.4 Five down four up hysteresis test pattern

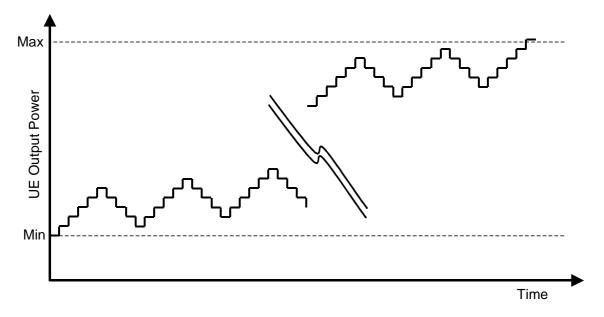


Figure 5.13.3.5 Five up four down hysteresis test pattern

1) Set the power of the UE to max power using continuous up TPC commands.

2) Transmit a sequence of five down four up TPC commands as shown in figure 5.13.3.4 until the UE has reached the minimum power defined in 5.4.3.

3) During step 2 starting with the slot before the first down power step, measure the EVM of each slot and the phase discontinuity to the next slot.

4) Transmit a sequence of five up four down TPC commands as shown in figure 5.13.3.5 until the UE has reached its maximum power defined in 5.2.

5) During step 4 starting with the slot before the first up power step, measure the EVM of each slot and the phase discontinuity to the next slot.

NOTE: In order to make it practical to measure the entire power control dynamic range (between min power threshold and max power threshold with suitable margins), it is permissible to segment the power control sequences into smaller subsequences. Except when within 5 dB of the upper or lower thresholds, segmentation will require sufficient overlap such that every power step in one direction is followed by four steps in the other direction.

5.13.3.5 Test requirements

a) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5, the EVM of every measured slot which is above -20 dBm shall not exceed 17.5%

b) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5, the Frequency error of every measured slot shall not exceed $\pm(0,1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$.

c) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5; the phase discontinuity measurements made between any two adjacent slots shall be less than or equal to 30 degrees. If a phase discontinuity measurement is greater than 30 degrees and less than or equal to 60 degrees then the next four measurements shall be less than or equal to 30 degrees. No measurement shall exceed 60 degrees.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality

5.13.4.1 Definition and applicability

PRACH preamble quality is a measure of the ability of the UE to transmit the PRACH preamble in accordance with the core requirements so that the Node B can reliably decode the PRACH.

This test applies to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE from Release 5 onwards.

5.13.4.2 Minimum requirements

The EVM of the PRACH preamble observed over the interval of 3904 chips (i.e. excluding the transient periods) shall not exceed 17.5%.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.

The UE modulated carrier frequency used to transmit the PRACH preamble observed over the interval of 3904 chips (i.e. excluding the transient periods) shall be within \pm 0.1 PPM compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.3.

The PRACH preamble shall be transmitted in the correct access slot using the correct signature as defined by the parameters signalled to the UE.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.214 [5] clause 6.1 physical random access procedure.

5.13.4.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the transmission quality of the first PRACH preamble meets the minimum requirements for modulation quality, carrier frequency, access slot and signature as defined in 5.13.4.2. The UE is tested at nominal maximum output power and nominally 5 dB above reference sensitivity, which simulates operation towards the cell boundary. The access slot and signature are chosen randomly from the allowed possibilities for each execution of the RACH procedure. There are 384 possible configurations that could be chosen, but only 10 of these are randomly selected for test in order to minimize the test time.

5.13.4.4 Method of test

5.13.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, using the modified parameters according to table 5.13.4.1 and table 5.13.4.2. The relative power levels of the downlink physical channels to I_{or} are set up according to clause E.2.1. The physical random access procedure within the call setup is used for the test.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and 25.214 [5] for details of the physical random access procedure.

Static Parameters	Power Class 1	Power Class 2	Power Class 3	Power Class 4	Unit
Î _{or}	-101,7	-101,7	-101,7	-101,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Nominal CPICH_RSCP	-105	-105	-105	-105	dBm
Primary CPICH TX power	+24	+24	+24	+24	dBm
Simulated path loss = Primary CPICH TX power – CPICH_RSCP	+129	+129	+129	+129	dB
UL interference	-86	-92	-95	-98	dBm
Constant Value	-10	-10	-10	-10	dB
Expected nominal UE TX power ¹	+33	+27	+24	+21	dBm
Preamble Retrans Max	1				
NOTE 1: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].					

Table 5.13.4.1: Static test parameters	for PRACH quality
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Table 5.13.4.2: Random test	parameters for PRACH quality
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Random Parameters ¹	Value	
Available RACH Sub	One sub-channel chosen at random from the 12-bit Available sub channel number	
Channels		
Available PRACH Signatures	One signature chosen at random from the 16-bit Available signature number	
AICH transmission timing	Chosen at random from the range 0 to1	
NOTE 1: In order to avoid a static test configuration, each time the RACH procedure is executed, the parameters in		
this table are to be chosen at random from the defined range. The random function used shall be such that		
each of the allowed	selections is chosen with equal probability.	

Table 5.13.4.3: PAGING TYPE 1 Message content

Information Element	Value/remark
BCCH modification info	
MIB Value Tag	Set to the same value as the value tag of the MIB after
	the BCCH modification
BCCH Modification time	Not present

5.13.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 5.13.4.1 depending on the power class of the UE.
- 2) The SS shall initiate a call and measure the first RF transmission from the UE.
- 3) The SS shall determine the access slot used, the received signature, the EVM and the frequency error.
- 4) Choose a new set of parameters from table 5.13.4.2
- 5) Send PAGING TYPE 1 message with BCCH modification info as per table 5.13.4.3.
- 6) Wait 5seconds to allow the UE to read the new SIB 5.
- 7) Repeat from step number 2) ten times.

5.13.4.5 Test requirements

For all the transmitted PRACH preambles measured in 5.13.4.4.2 step 3:

- 1) The EVM shall not exceed 17,5 %.
- 2) The frequency error shall not exceed $\pm (0,1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$.

- 3) The detected access slot and signature shall be correct according to the physical random access procedure defined in [5].
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6 Receiver Characteristics

6.1 General

Receiving performance test of the UE is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function (Refer to TS 34.109 [4])

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in table 6.1.

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	UL DPCH bit rate	Remarks
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Table 6.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. Receiver characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

With the exception of clause 6.8, all the parameters in clause 6 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) specified in clause C.3.1 and unless stated otherwise, with DL power control OFF.

The common RF test conditions of Rx Characteristics are defined in clause E.3.2, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 6) should refer clause E.3.2. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

All Bit Error ratio (BER) measurements in clause 6 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6

6.2 Reference Sensitivity Level

6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> is the minimum mean power received at the UE antenna port at which the Bit Error Ratio (BER) shall not exceed a specific value

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.

Table 6.2.1: Test parameters for Reference Sensitivity Level

Operating Band	Unit	DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>
I, VI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-117	-106.7
II	dBm/3.84 MHz	-115	-104.7
	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114	-103.7
V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-115	-104.7
 For Power class 3 this shall be at the maximum output power For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power 			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.3.1.

6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.

The lack of the reception sensitivity decreases the coverage area at the far side from Node B.

6.2.4 Method of test

6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.3.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.1.5 for 'Default settings for a serving cell in a single cell environment'.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in [3] clause 7.3.1.
- 5) The RF parameters are set up according to table 6.2.2.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test.

6.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.2.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0,001.

Operating Band	Unit	DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>
I, VI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-116.3	-106
II	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104
V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104
111	dBm/3.84 MHz	-113.3	-103
2 Ear Dowar class 2 t	his shall be at the maximum	output power	

Table 6.2.2: Test parameters for Reference Sensitivity Level

3. For Power class 3 this shall be at the maximum output power

4. For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power

6.3 Maximum Input Level

6.3.1 Definition and applicability

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified BER performance.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.1.

NOTE: Since the spreading factor is large (10log(SF)=21dB), the majority of the total input signal consists of the OCNS interference. The structure of OCNS signal is defined in clause E.3.3.

6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B

6.3.4 Method of test

6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.3.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.3.3 and table E.3.3.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

Table 6.3.1 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

 Table 6.3.2: Test parameters for Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	-25	dBm / 3,84MHz
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	–19	dB
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

6.3.4.2 Procedure

- Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3.3 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 2) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.3.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	-25.7	dBm / 3,84MHz
$\boxed{\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}}$	-19	dB
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

Table 6.3.3: Test requirements for Maximum Input Level

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)

6.3A.1 Definition and applicability

Maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception is defined as the maximum power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified HSDPA throughput performance. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA FDD UE that support HSDPA(16QAM).

6.3A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 (16QAM version) specified in Annex C.8.1.1 with the addition of the parameters in Table 6.3A.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3A.2.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.2.

Table 6.3A.1 Minimum requirement parameters for 16QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter Phase reference	Unit	Value P-CPICH
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25 *
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)
DPCH_Ec/lor HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB dB	-13 -13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1

Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI.

HS-PDSCH E_c / I_{or} (dB)	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps)
-3	700

6.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE HSDPA throughput meets the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3A.2 for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 specified in Annex C.8.1.1 with the addition of the parameters specified in table 6.3A.4.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B.

6.3A.4 Method of test

6.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

RF parameters are given in tables 6.3A.4 and table E.5.1.

Table 6.3A.3 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

6.3A.4.2 Procedure

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.3.

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) An RRC connection is set-up according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3]. Additional radio bearer message definition is in table 6.3A.3
- 3) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3A.4 and send power control commands to the UE .The UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.

- 4) Measure the HS-PDSCH throughput *R* received by the UE by counting the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH (Throughput = blocksize*number of blocks acknowledged/time).
- 5) The UE is switched off.

6.3A.5 Test requirements

The measured throughput, as derived in step 4), shall meet or exceed 700Kbit/second. The minimum number of measurements required for a statistically significant result to this test are clarified in annex F.6.3, Table F.6.3.5.1.

Table 6.3A.4: Test requirement parameters for 16QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter Phase reference	Unit	Value P-CPICH
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25.7
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1

Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI.

6.4 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

6.4.1 Definition and applicability

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.4.2 Minimum Requirements

For the UE of power class 3 and 4, the BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.4.1. This test condition is equivalent to the ACS value 33 dB.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-103	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Î _{or}	-92,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
loac mean power (modulated)	-52	dBm
F _{uw} (offset)	-5 or +5	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

Table 6.4.1: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 99 and Release 4.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 14 dB</refî<sub>	REFÎ _{or} > + 41 dB
I _{oac} mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	20 (for Power class 3)
	uBIII	18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

Table 6.4.1.a: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for release 5 and later releases

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.5.1.

NOTE: The I_{oac} (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

6.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the test parameters specified in table 6.4.1.

The lack of the ACS decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists in the adjacent channel.

6.4.4 Method of test

6.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.4.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.4.2.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.4.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.4.4.2 Procedure for release 99 and release 4

- 1) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 6.4.4.3 Procedure for release 5 and later releases
 - 1) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2A case 1.

- Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2A case 1 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 4) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2A case 2.
- 5) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2A case 2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 6) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.4.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.4.2: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 99 and Release 4.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-103	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Î _{or}	-92,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Ioac mean power (modulated)	-52	dBm
F _{uw} (offset)	–5 or +5	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

Table 6.4.2A: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 5 and later releases

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 14 dB</refî<sub>	REFÎ _{or} > + 41 dB
Ioac mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	20 (for Power class 3)
	ubili	18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.5 Blocking Characteristics

6.5.1 Definition and applicability

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

The requirements in clause 6.5.2.1 and 6.5.2.2 and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

The requirements in clause 6.5.2.3 and this test apply to the FDD UE supporting band II, band III or Band V.

6.5.2 Minimum Requirements

6.5.2.1 Minimum Requirements (In-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.1.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.1.

NOTE: I_{blocking} (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E3.6.

Table 6.5.1: Test parameters for In-band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Level	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	• + 3 dB
I _{blocking} mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56 -44 (for F _{uw} offset ±10 MHz) (for F _{uw} offset ±15 Mł	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	

6.5.2.2 Minimum requirements (Out of-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.2. For table 6.5.2 up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.2.

Table 6.5.2: Test parameters for Out of band blocking characteristics

Parameter DPCH_Ec Î _{or}	Unit dBm/3.84 MHz dBm/3.84 MHz dBm	Frequency range 1 <refsens>+3 dB <refî<sub>or> + 3 dB -44</refî<sub></refsens>	Frequency range 2 <refsens>+3 dB <refî<sub>or> + 3 dB -30</refî<sub></refsens>	Frequency range 3 <refsens>+3 dB <ref<math>\hat{I}_{or}> + 3 dB -15</ref<math></refsens>
I _{blocking} (CW) F _{uw} (Band I operation)	MHz	2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f <2255</f></td><td>1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750</td></f></f>	2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f <2255</f>	1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750
F _{uw} (Band II operation) F _{uw}	MHz	1870 <f <1915<br="">2005<f <2050<br="">1745 <f <1790<="" td=""><td>1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f <2075 1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750 1< f ≤1720</td></f></f></td></f></f></f>	1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f <2075 1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750 1< f ≤1720</td></f></f>	1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750 1< f ≤1720
(Band III operation) F _{uw}	MHz	1895 <f <1940<br="">809< f <854</f>	1940≤f < 1965 784< f ≤809	1965≤f<12750 1< f ≤784
(Band V operation) F _{uw}	MHz MHz	909< f <954 815 < f < 860	954≤ f < 979 790 < f ≤ 815	979≤f<12750 1 < f ≤ 790
(Band VI operation) UE transmitted mean power	dBm	900 < f < 945	$945 \le f < 970$ 20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	970 ≤ f < 12750
Band I operation	For 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.			
Band II operation	For $1915 \le f \le 2005$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied			
Band III operation	For $1790 \le f \le 1895$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.			
Band V operation	For 854≤ <f 6.4.2="" 6.5.2="" adjacent="" and="" applied.<br="" appropriate="" be="" blocking="" channel="" in="" in-band="" mhz,="" or="" selectivity="" shall="" subclause="" the="" ≤909="">For 860≤f ≤900 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause</f>			
Band VI operation	6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.			

6.5.2.3 Minimum requirements (Narrow band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.3. This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing. The requirements and this test apply to UTRA for the FDD UE supporting band II, band III or band V.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.3

Parameter	Unit	Band II and Band V	Band III
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>
Iblocking (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	
power	UDIII	18 (for Powe	er class 4)

Table 6.5.3: Test parameters for narrow band blocking

NOTE: I_{blocking} (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004. It is a continuous GMSK modulated carrier following the structure of the GSM signals, but with all modulating bits (including the midamble period) derived directly from a random or any pseudo random data stream.

6.5.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.1, table 6.5.2 and table 6.5.3. For table 6.5.2 up to (24) exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

The lack of the blocking ability decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists (except in the adjacent channels and spurious response).

6.5.4 Method of test

6.5.4.1 Initial conditions

For in-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For out-of-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequency to be tested: 1 arbitrary frequency chosen from the low, mid or high range; see clause G.2.4.

For narrow-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.5.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.5.4, table 6.5.5 and table 6.5.6.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

Table 6.5.3A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the CW generator or the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.5.4, 6.5.5 and table 6.5.6. For table 6.5.5, the frequency step size is 1 MHz.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.5.4, table 6.5.5, and table 6.5.6, or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 4) For table 6.5.5, record the frequencies for which BER exceed the test requirements.

6.5.5 Test requirements

For table 6.5.4, the measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0.001. For table 6.5.5, the measured BER, derived in step 2) shall not exceed 0,001 except for the spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3). The number of spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3) shall not exceed 24. For table 6.5.6, the measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0.001.

Parameter	Unit	Level		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>		
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>		
I _{blocking} mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56 -44 (for F _{uw} offset ±10 MHz) (for F _{uw} offset ±15 MHz)		
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)		

Table 6.5.4: Test parameters for In-band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Frequency range 1	Frequency range 2	Frequency range 3	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>0r> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	
I _{blocking} (CW)	dBm	-44	-30	-15	
F _{uw}	MHz	2050 <f <2095<="" td=""><td>2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1< f ≤2025</td></f></td></f>	2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1< f ≤2025</td></f>	1< f ≤2025	
(Band I operation)		2185 <f <2230<="" td=""><td>2230 ≤f <2255</td><td>2255≤f<12750</td></f>	2230 ≤f <2255	2255≤f<12750	
F _{uw}	MHz	1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1< f ≤1845</td></f></td></f>	1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1< f ≤1845</td></f>	1< f ≤1845	
(Band II operation)		2005 <f <2050<="" td=""><td>2050 ≤f <2075</td><td>2075≤f<12750</td></f>	2050 ≤f <2075	2075≤f<12750	
F _{uw}	MHz	1745 <f <1790<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1< f ≤1720</td></f></td></f>	1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1< f ≤1720</td></f>	1< f ≤1720	
(Band III operation)		1895 <f <1940<="" td=""><td>1940≤f < 1965</td><td>1965≤f<12750</td></f>	1940≤f < 1965	1965≤f<12750	
F _{uw}	MHz	809< f <854	784< f ≤809	1< f ≤784	
(Band V operation)		909< f <954	954≤ f < 979	979≤f<12750	
F _{uw}	MHz	815 < f < 860	790 < f ≤ 815	1 < f ≤ 790	
(Band VI operation)		900 < f < 945	945 ≤ f < 970	970 ≤ f < 12750	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm		20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)		
Band I operation		MHz, the appropriate in- clause 6.4.2 shall be app		nt channel selectivity in	
Band II operation	For 1915≤f ≤2005 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied				
Band III operation	For $1790 \le 1895$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band VI operation	For 860 <f<875 6.4.2="" 6.5.2="" 885<f<900="" adjacent="" and="" applied<="" appropriate="" be="" blocking="" channel="" in="" in-band="" mhz="" mhz,="" or="" selectivity="" shall="" subclause="" td="" the=""></f<875>				

Table 6.5.5: Test parameters for Out of band blocking characteristics

Table 6.5.6: Test parameters for narrow band blocking

Parameter	Unit	Band II and Band V	Band III	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>	
Iblocking (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56	
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8	
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)		
power	ubiii	18 (for Powe	er class 4)	

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.6 Spurious Response

6.6.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit is not met.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.6.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.6.1.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.7.1.

Parameter	Level	Unit	
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	dBm / 3,84MHz	
Î _{or}	<refî<sub>or> +3 dB</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84MHz	
I _{blocking} (CW)	-44	dBm	
F _{uw}	Spurious response frequencies	MHz	
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm	
	18 (for Power class 4)		

Table 6.6.1: Test parameters for Spurious Response

6.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.6.1.

The lack of the spurious response ability decreases the coverage area when other unwanted interfering signal exists at any other frequency.

6.6.4 Method of test

6.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequency to be tested: the same frequency as chosen in clause 6.5.4.1 for Blocking characteristics out-of-band case.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.6.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.6.2.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.6.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2	

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameter of the CW generator as shown in table 6.6.2. The spurious response frequencies are determined in step 3) of clause 6.5.4.2.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.6.2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.6.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0,001.

Parameter	Level	Unit	
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	dBm / 3,84MHz	
Î _{or}	<refî<sub>or> +3 dB</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84MHz	
I _{blocking} (CW)	-44	dBm	
F _{uw}	Spurious response frequencies	MHz	
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm	

Table 6.6.2: Test paran	eters for Spurious Response
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NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics

6.7.1 Definition and applicability

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. The test parameters in tables 6.7.2 and 6.7.4 applies to the FDD UE supporting Band II, Band III or Band V.

6.7.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.7.1 and in table 6.7.2.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.8.1 and clause 7.8.2.

NOTE: I_{ouw2} (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

Parameter	Le	vel	Unit
DPCH_Ec		NS> +3 dB	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Îor	<refî₀< td=""><td>_r> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3,84 MHz</td></refî₀<>	_r > +3 dB	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I _{ouw1} (CW)	_	46	dBm
I _{ouw2} mean power (modulated)		46	dBm
F _{uw1} (offset)	10	-10	MHz
F _{uw2} (offset)	20	-20	MHz
UE transmitted mean power		ver class 3) ver class 4)	dBm

Table 6.7.1: Test parameters for Intermodulation Characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Band II and Band V		Band III	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>		$[< REF \hat{I}_{or} > +10 dB$	
I _{ouw1} (CW)	dBm	-44		-43	
I _{ouw2} (GMSK)	dBm	-44		-43	
F _{uw1} (offset)	MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6
F _{uw2} (offset)	MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)			

Table 6.7.2: Test parameters for narrow band intermodulation characteristics

6.7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.7.1 and in table 6.7.2.

The lack of the intermodulation response rejection ability decreases the coverage area when two or more interfering signals, which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal, exist.

6.7.4 Method of test

6.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.7.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.7.3 and table 6.7.4.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.7.2A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2	

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.7.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the CW generator and interference signal generator as shown in table 6.7.3 and in table 6.7.4.
- Set the power level of UE according to the tables 6.7.3, and table 6.7.4 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

NOTE: I_{ouw2} (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004. It is a continuous GMSK modulated carrier following the structure of the GSM signals, but with all modulating bits (including the midamble period) derived directly from a random or any pseudo random data stream.

6.7.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Parameter	Le	vel	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refse< td=""><td>√S> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3.84 MHz</td></refse<>	√S> +3 dB	dBm / 3.84 MHz
Î _{or}	<refî₀< td=""><td>r> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3.84 MHz</td></refî₀<>	r> +3 dB	dBm / 3.84 MHz
I _{ouw1} (CW)	_	46	dBm
I _{ouw2} mean power (modulated)	_	46	dBm
F _{uw1} (offset)	10	-10	MHz
F _{uw2} (offset)	20	-20	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Pov	ver class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Pov	ver class 4)	

Table 6.7.4: Test parameters for narrow band intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Band II an	d Band V	Bai	nd III	
DPCH_Ec	DdBm/3.84 MHz	<refsen< td=""><td colspan="2"><refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens></td><td colspan="2"><refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens></td></refsen<>	<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	DdBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>		[<refî<sub>or> +10 dB</refî<sub>		
I _{ouw1} (CW)	dBm	-44		-43		
I _{ouw2} (GMSK)	dBm	-4	-44		-43	
F _{uw1} (offset)	MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6	
F _{uw2} (offset)	MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0	
UE transmitted mean	dBm 20 (for Power class 3)					
power	dBill	18 (for Power class 4)				

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.8 Spurious Emissions

6.8.1 Definition and applicability

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.8.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.8.1 and table 6.8.2.

Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

Table 6.8.1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Operating band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
1	1 920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 980 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	2 110 MHz \leq f \leq 2 170 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
III	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
V	824 MHz ≤ f ≤ 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VI	830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 840 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	$2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	

Table 6.8.2: Additional receiver spurious emission requirements

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.9.1.

6.8.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE spurious emission meets the specifications described in clause 6.8.2.

Excess spurious emissions increase the interference to other systems.

6.8.4 Method of test

6.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect a spectrum analyzer (or other suitable test equipment) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.
- 2) RF parameters are setup according to table E.3.2.2. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 6.8.2A.
- 3) A call is set up according to the setup procedure specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.5, with the following exceptions for information elements in System Information Block type3.

SIB 3 Information Element	Value/Remark		
- Cell selection and re-selection info			
- CHOICE mode	FDD		
- Sintrasearch	0 dB		
- Sintersearch	0 dB		
- RAT List	This parameter is not present		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	Power level where Pcompensation=0		

The exceptions for SIB1 are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.5.2.

NOTE: The setup procedure (3) sets the UE into the CELL_FACH state. With this state and the SS level (2) it is ensured that UE continuously monitors the S-CCPCH and no cell reselections are performed [see 3GPP TS 25.304, clauses 5.2.3.and 5.2.6]. The UE will not be transmitting, and therefore will not interfere with the measurement.

Table 6.8.2A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Rx Spurious Emissions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
Cell type		Serving cell	
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 6.8.4.1	
Qqualmin	dB	-24	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21	
CPICH Ec (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	As defined in table E.3.2.2	
	MHz		
NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of CPICH_Ec instead of CPICH_RSCP as RSCP			
is a receiver measurement and only CPICH_Ec can be directly controlled by the SS.			
NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.304, 5.2.3.1.2.			

6.8.4.2 Procedure

1) Sweep the spectrum analyzer (or equivalent equipment) over a frequency range and measure the average power of spurious emission.

6.8.5 Test requirements

It shall be verified that the RRC connection release at the end of the procedure described in 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.5.3 shall be completed successfully indicating that the UE has stayed in CELL_FACH state during the measurement of the spurious emissions.

The measured spurious emissions, derived in step 1), shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.8.3 and table 6.8.4.

Table 6.8.3: General re	ceiver spurious	emission	requirements
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Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
$1 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 12,75 \text{ GHz}$	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

Operating Band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
I	1 920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 980 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	2 110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2 170 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	$\begin{array}{c} 1930 \ \text{MHz} \leq \text{f} \leq 1990 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	$1805 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1880 \\ \text{MHz}$	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
V	824 MHz f ≤ 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	869 MHz f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VI	830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 840 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	$\begin{array}{c} 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	

Table 6.8.4: Additional receiver spurious emission requirements

- NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- NOTE 2: The Test Requirements are measured in the CELL_FACH state instead of in the UE states defined in the Minimum Requirement because the CELL_FACH state ensures that the UE receiver is continuously on and the UE transmitter is off whilst the spectrum analyser searches for spurious emissions. The UE states defined in the Minimum Requirement allow the UE receiver to be in discontinuous reception, and using those UE states during the measurement would have resulted in a complicated and significantly lengthened test procedure since the UE receiver would be allowed to be switched off part of the time.

7 Performance requirements

7.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in annex C and table 7.1.1, the propagation conditions specified in clause 7.1.2 and the Down link Physical channels specified in annex D. Unless stated otherwise, DL power control is OFF.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

The method for Block Error Ratio (BLER) measurement is specified in Annex C.6. See 3GPP TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the UE test loop.

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	DL DPCH bit rate	TTI (ms)
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	20
64 kbps reference measurement channel	64 kbps	120 ksps	240 kbps	20
144kbps reference measurement channel	144 kbps	240 ksps	480 kbps	20
384 kbps reference measurement channel	384 kbps	480 ksps	960 kbps	10

Table 7.1.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

The common RF test conditions of Performance requirement are defined in clause E.3.3, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 7) should refer clause E.3.3. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

All Block Error ratio (BLER) measurements in clause 7 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6

7.1.1 Measurement Configurations

It as assumed that fields inside DPCH have the same energy per PN chip. Also, if the power of S-CCPCH is not specified in the test parameter table, it should be set to zero. The power of OCNS should be adjusted that the power ratios (E_c/I_{or}) of all specified downlink channels add up to one.

Measurement configurations for different scenarios are shown in figure A.9, figure A.10 and figure A.11.

- Note 1: If tests are performed with maximum UE output power it is known that this may cause a good UE to fail at least for tests in sections 7.7 and 7.10.
- Note 2: The UE output power needs to be high enough so that uplink transmission can be received error free in the SS.

7.1.2 Definition of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) Interferer

The minimum bandwidth of the AWGN interferer shall be 1,5 times chip rate of the radio access mode (e.g. 5,76 MHz for a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps). The flatness across this minimum bandwidth shall be less than $\pm 0,5$ dB and the peak to average ratio at a probability of 0,001 % shall exceed 10 dB.

7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation conditions

7.2.1 Demodulation of Dedicated Channel (DCH)

7.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in the static environment is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.1.1 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.2.1.2. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 7.2.1.1: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-	1		dB
or/foc			20		dBm / 3,84 MHz
I _{oc}		-t	60		
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–16,6 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–12,8 dB	10 ⁻²

-9.9 dB

-9,8 dB

-5,6 dB

-5,5 dB

10⁻¹ 10⁻²

10⁻¹

10⁻²

Table 7.2.1.2: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.2.3.1.

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7.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a static propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.2.1.4 Method of test

7.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.2.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

7.2.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

 I_{or}

7.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.1.3 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.2.1.4. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 7.2.1.3: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-0),7		dB
- or / - oc			60		dBm / 3.84 MHz
I _{oc}		-(50		UDIT / 5,04 MI 12
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
1	–16,5 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–12,7 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–9,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,7 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–5,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,4 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.2.1.4: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.3 Demodulation of DCH in Multi-path Fading Propagation conditions

7.3.1 Single Link Performance

7.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in tables 7.3.1.1, 7.3.1.3, 7.3.1.5, 7.3.1.7 and 7.3.1.9 the average downlink \underline{DPCH}_{-E_c}

power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in tables 7.3.1.2, 7.3.1.4, 7.3.1.6, 7.3.1.8 and 7.3.1.10. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		(9		dB
I _{oc}		-(60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.1: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Table 7.3.1.2: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–15,0 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–10,0 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–6,8 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–6,3 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,2 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.3: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Parameter	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-3	-3	3	6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.4: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
5	-7,7 dB	10 ⁻²
6	-6,4 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,7 dB	10 ⁻²
7	–8,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,1 dB	10 ⁻²
8	–5,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–3,2 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.5: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-3	-3	3	6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$DPCH _ E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
9	–11,8 dB	10 ⁻²
10	–8,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–7,4 dB	10 ⁻² 10 ⁻³
	–6,8 dB	10 ⁻³
11	–9,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–8,5 dB	10 ⁻² 10 ⁻³
	–8,0 dB	10 ⁻³
12	–5,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,1 dB	10 ⁻² 10 ⁻³
	-4,4 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.6: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Table 7.3.1.7: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16	Unit
Phase reference	S-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		ç	9		dB
I _{oc}		-60			
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.8: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
13	-15,0 dB	10 ⁻²
14	-13,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-10,0 dB	10 ⁻²
15	-10,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-6,8 dB	10 ⁻²
16	-6,3 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-2,2 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.9: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-3	-3	3	6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	0		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8,8 dB	10 ⁻²
18	-5,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-4,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	-3,8 dB	10 ⁻³
	-6,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
19	-5,5 dB	10 ⁻²
	-5,0 dB	10 ⁻³
20	-2,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-2,1 dB	10 ⁻²
	-1,4 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.10: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.3.1.1.

7.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.3.1.4 Method of test

7.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-20 as specified table 7.3.1.11, table 7.3.1.13, table 7.3.1.15, table 7.3.1.17 and table 7.3.1.19.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition case 1, case 2, case 3 and case 6, which are described in table D.2.2.1.

7.3.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

7.3.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in tables 7.3.1.11, 7.3.1.13, 7.3.1.15, 7.3.1.17 and 7.3.1.19 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in tables 7.3.1.12, 7.3.1.14, 7.3.1.16,

7.3.1.18 and 7.3.1.20. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		9	,6		dB
I _{oc}		-(60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.11: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Table 7.3.1.12: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-14,9 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,9 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–6,7 dB	10 ⁻²
4	-6,2 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,1 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.13: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Parameter	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
- or / - oc		-6	30		dBm / 3.84 MHz
I _{oc}		-(00		abin / 5,64 Minz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.14: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
5	-7,6 dB	10 ⁻²
6	–6,3 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,6 dB	10 ⁻²
7	–8,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,0 dB	10 ⁻²
8	–5,4 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–3,1 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.15: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Parameter	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
9	–11,7 dB	10 ⁻²
10	–8,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–7,3 dB	10 ⁻²
	–6,7 dB	10 ⁻³
11	–8,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–8,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	–7,9 dB	10 ⁻³
12	–5,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,0 dB	10 ⁻¹ 10 ⁻² 10 ⁻³
	–4,3 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.16: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Table 7.3.1.17: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16	Unit
Phase reference	S-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,6				dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.18: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
13	-14,9 dB	10 ⁻²
14	-13,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-9,9 dB	10 ⁻²
15	-10,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-6,7 dB	10 ⁻²
16	-6,2 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-2,1 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.19: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8,7 dB	10 ⁻²
	-5,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
18	-4,3 dB	10 ⁻²
	-3,7 dB	10 ⁻³
	-5,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
19	-5,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	-4,9 dB	10 ⁻³
	-2,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
20	-2,0 dB	10 ⁻²
	-1,3 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.20: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions

7.4.1 Single Link Performance

7.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic moving propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.1.1 the average downlink $DPCH_{-E_c}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.4.1.2.

Table 7.4.1.1: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-C	PICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-	–1	dB
I _{oc}	-	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.4.1.2: DCH requirements in moving propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–14,5 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–10,9 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.4.1.1.

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7.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a moving propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.4.1.4 Method of test

7.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.4.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as moving propagation condition, which is described in clause D.2.3.

7.4.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

7.4.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.1.3 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.4.1.4.

Table 7.4.1.3: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-(CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-0,4	dB
I_{oc}		-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.4.1.4: DCH requirements in moving propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–14,4 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–10,8 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions

7.5.1 Single Link Performance

7.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic birth-death propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.1.1 the average downlink $\underline{DPCH _ E_c}_{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.5.1.2.

Table 7.5.1.1: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	I	P-CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-1	dB
I_{oc}		-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.5.1.2: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–12,6 dB	10 ⁻²
2	-8,7 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.5.1.1.

7.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a birth-death propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.5.1.4 Method of test

7.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.5.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as birth-death propagation condition, which is described in clause D.2.4.

7.5.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

7.5.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.1.3 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.5.1.4.

Table 7.5.1.3: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P	CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-0,4	dB
I _{oc}		-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.5.1.4: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–12,5 dB	10 ⁻²
2	-8,6 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.6 Demodulation of DCH in downlink Transmit diversity modes

7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open-loop transmit diversity mode

7.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in open loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.1.1 the average downlink \underline{DPCH}_{-E_c} power ratio shall be below the specified I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.1.2.

Table 7.6.1.1: Test parameters for DCH reception in a open-loop transmit diversity scheme (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9	dB
I _{oc}	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	kbps

Table 7.6.1.2: Test requirements for DCH reception in open-loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	<u>DPCH_E_c</u>	BLER
	I _{or} (antenna 1/2)	
1	–16,8 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.1.1.

7.6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the Node B while open loop transmit diversity is enabled during the connection.

7.6.1.4 Method of test

7.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.1.3. With these exceptions, open-loop transmit diversity mode is activated.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.1.4 and table E 3.4.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 7.6.1.3: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD,
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

7.6.1.4.2 Procedure

1) Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.1.5.

7.6.1.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.1.4 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.1.5.

Table 7.6.1.4: Test parameters for DCH reception in a open-loop transmit diversity scheme (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,8	dB
I _{oc}	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	kbps

Table 7.6.1.5: Test requirements for DCH reception in open-loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
	(antenna 1/2)	
1	–16,7 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode

7.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the dedicated channel (DCH) in closed loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The requirements for Closed loop mode 1 and test 1 apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. The requirements for Closed loop mode 2 and test 2 apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

7.6.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.2.1 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.2.2.

Table 7.6.2.1: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1 (Mode 1)	Test 2 (Mode 2)	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9	9	dB
I _{oc}	-60	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	12,2	kbps
Feedback error ratio	4	4	%
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	1	-

Table 7.6.2.2: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ (see note)	BLER
1	–18,0 dB	10 ⁻²
2	2 –18,3 dB	
NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. Power sharing between antennas are closed loop mode dependent as specified in TS 25.214 [5].		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.2.1.

7.6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the Node B while closed loop transmit diversity is enabled during the connection.

7.6.2.4 Method of test

7.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.2.3. With these exceptions, closed loop transmit diversity mode is activated.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.2.1 and table E 3.5.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 7.6.2.3: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode2

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode2
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode2

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode2
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

7.6.2.4.2 Procedure

1) Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.2.2.

7.6.2.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.2.4 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.2.5.

Table 7.6.2.4: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter		Test 1 (Mode 1)	Test 2 (Mode 2)	Unit	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		9,8	9,8	dB	
	I _{oc}		-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Inforr	Information data rate		12,2	kbps	
Feedb	Feedback error ratio (*)		4	%	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1	1	-	
* Note: As the uplink is error free, the feedback error ratio is generated by the SS internally as follows: 4% of the feedback bits, received by the SS on the uplink, shall be inverted prior to being processed. The inverted bits shall occur at random, e.g controled by a random generator.					

Table 7.6.2.5: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number		$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ (see note)	BLER		
1		–17,9 dB	10 ⁻²		
2		–18,2 dB	10 ⁻²		
NOTE:	sharin	his is the total power from both antennas. Power haring between antennas are closed loop mode ependent as specified in TS 25.214 [5].			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.6.3 Demodulation of DCH in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control mode

7.6.3.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error characteristics of UE receiver is determined in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control (SSDT) mode. Two Node B emulators are required for this performance test. The delay profiles of signals received from different base stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chip periods.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the Release 99 and Release 4 FDD UE.

7.6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The downlink physical channels and their relative power to Ior are the same as those specified in clause E.3.3 irrespective of Node Bs and the test cases. DPCH_Ec/Ior value applies whenever DPDCH in the cell is transmitted. In Test 1 and Test 3, the received powers at UE from two Node Bs are the same, while 3dB offset is given to one that comes from one of Node Bs for Test 2 and Test 4 as specified in table 7.6.3.1.

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.3.1 the average downlink $DPCH_{-E_{c}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.3.2.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}	0	-3	0	0	dB
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0	0	0	-3	dB
I _{oc}		_	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	12,2	12,2	kbps
Cell ID code word error ratio in uplink (note)	1	1	1	1	%
Number of FBI bits assigned to "S" Field	1	1	2	2	
Code word Set	Long	Long	Short	Short	
UL DPCCH slot Format	#	£2	#	±5	
NOTE: The code word errors are introduced independently in both uplink channels.					

Table 7.6.3.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Table 7.6.3.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT Mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–6,0 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–5,0 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,5 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–9,2 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.3.1.

7.6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the selected Node B while site selection diversity is enabled during soft handover.

7.6.3.4 Method of test

7.6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Activate one of two cells (Cell 1).
- 3) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.3.3A. With these exceptions, necessary information for SSDT mode is sent to the UE.
- 4) Activate the other cell (Cell 2) on the other SS.
- 5) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.3.4 and table 7.6.3.5
- 6) After receiving MEASUREMENT REPORT message from the UE, send the ACTIVESET UPDATE message from Cell 1 to the UE in order to activate SSDT mode. Contents of the message is specified in table 7.6.3.3B
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

8) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

Table 7.6.3.3A: Specific Message Contents for SSDT mode

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

Table 7.6.3.3B: Message Contents of ACTIVESET UPDATE message

ACTIVESET UPDATE for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
- Radio link addition information	
- Primary CPICH info	Same as defined in Cell2
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	This should be refriected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
	message
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	b
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	None
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long

ACTIVESET UPDATE for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and
	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal
	counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
- Radio link addition information	
- Primary CPICH info	Same as defined in Cell2
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	This should be refriected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
Secondary CDICH info	message Not Present
- Secondary CPICH info - DL channelisation code	Not Flesent
- DE channelisation code - Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	b
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	None
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short

7.6.3.4.2 Procedure

Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.3.4.

7.6.3.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.3.4 the average downlink <u>DPCH_E</u> power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.3.5.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}	0,8	-2,2	0,8	0,8	dB
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0,8	0,8	0,8	-2,2	dB
I _{oc}		-	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	12,2	12,2	kbps
Cell ID code word error ratio in uplink (note)	1	1	1	1	%
Number of FBI bits assigned to "S" Field	1	1	2	2	
Code word Set	Long	Long	Short	Short	
UL DPCCH slot Format	#	£2	#	ŧ5	
NOTE: The code word errors are introduced independently in both uplink channels.					

Table 7.6.3.4: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–5,9 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–4,9 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,4 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–9,1 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.7 Demodulation in Handover conditions

7.7.1 Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover

7.7.1.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error ratio characteristics of UE is determined during an inter-cell soft handover. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different Base Stations. A UE has to be able to demodulate two P-CCPCH channels and to combine the energy of DCH channels. Delay profiles of signals received from different Base Stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chips.

The receive characteristics of the different channels during inter-cell handover are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.7.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1.1 the average downlink $DPCH_{-E_c}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1.2.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} and \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0	0	3	6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Table 7.7.1.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-	-2
1	–15,2 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–11,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–11,3 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–9,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,2 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–6,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,5 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.1.1.

7.7.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the BLER does not exceed the value at the DPCH_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.7.1.2.

7.7.1.4 Method of test

7.7.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

7.7.1.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Set up the call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.7.1.3.
- 4) Count, at the SS, the number of information blocks transmitted and the number of correctly received information blocks at the UE.
- 5) Measure BLER of DCH channel.

7.7.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1.3 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1.4.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF	PICH		
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} and \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0,8	0,8	3,8	6,8	dB
I _{oc}		-6	0		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1.3: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Table 7.7.1.4: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–15,1 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–11,7 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–11,2 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–9,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,1 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–5,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,4 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

7.7.2.1 Definition and applicability

When a UE is in soft handover, multiple TPC commands may be received in each slot from different cells in the active set. In general, the TPC commands transmitted in the same slot in the different cells may be different and need to be combined to give TPC_cmd as specified in TS 25.214 [5], in order to determine the required uplink power step.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.7.2.2 Minimum requirements

Test parameters are specified in table 7.7.2.1. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

For Test 1, the sequence of uplink power changes between adjacent slots shall be as shown in table 7.7.2.2 over the 4 consecutive slots more than 99% of the time. Note that this case is without an additional noise source I_{oc} .

For Test 2, the Cell1 and Cell2 TPC patterns are repeated a number of times. If the transmitted power of a given slot is increased compared to the previous slot, then a variable "Transmitted power UP" is increased by one, otherwise a variable "Transmitted power DOWN" is increased by one. The requirements for "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" are shown in table 7.7.2.3.

Parameter Phase reference DPCH_Ec/lor	-	Test 2 PICH 12 60	Unit - dB dBm / 3,84 MHz
${\hat I}_{or1}$ and ${ {\hat I}_{or2}}$ ${ I_{oc}}$	-	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Power-Control-Algorithm Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	6	ithm 1 ,1,1}	-
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,1	,0,1}	-
Information Data Rate Propagation condition	12 Static without AWGN source I_{oc}	2,2 Multi-path fading case 3	Kbps -

Table 7.7.2.1: Parameters for TPC command combining

Table 7.7.2.2: Requirements for Test 1

Test Number	Required power changes ove the 4 consecutive slots	
1	Down, Down, Down, Up	

Table 7.7.2.3: Requirements for Test 2

Test Number	Ratio	Ratio	
	(Transmitted power UP) /	(Transmitted power DOWN) /	
	(Total number of slots)	(Total number of slots)	
2	≥0,25	≥0,5	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.2.1.

7.7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the combining of TPC commands received in soft handover results in TPC_cmd being derived so as to meet the requirements stated in tables 7.7.2.2 and 7.7.2.3.

7.7.2.4 Method of test

7.7.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.13.
- 2) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.2.4 for Test 1.
- 3) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.
- 4) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.7.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Before proceeding with paragraph (2), set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (\hat{I}_{or}) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SSs.
- 2) Send the following sequences of TPC commands in the downlink from each SS over a period of 5 timeslots:

	Downlink TPC commands				
	Slot #0	Slot #1	Slot #2	Slot #3	Slot #4
SS1	0	0	0	1	1
SS2	0	0	1	0	1

- 3) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector in timeslots # 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, not including the 25 μ s transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 4) Repeat steps 1) to 3) according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 5) End test 1 and disconnect UE.
- 6) Connect two SS's and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 7) Initialise variables "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" to zero.
- 8) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.2.4 for Test 2.
- 9) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.

10)Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB.

11)Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

12)Perform the following steps a) to d) 15 times:

- a) Before proceeding with step b), set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SSs.
- b) Send the following sequences of TPC commands in the downlink from each SS over a period of 33 timeslots:

	Downlink TPC commands		
SS1	100110011001100110011001100110011		
SS2	101010101010101010101010101010101010101		

- c) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector in each timeslot, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- d) For each timeslot from the 2^{nd} timeslot to the 33^{rd} timeslot inclusive:
 - if the mean power in that timeslot is greater than or equal to the mean power in the previous timeslot plus 0,5 dB, increment "Transmitted power UP" by 1;
 - if the mean power in that timeslot is less than or equal to the mean power in the previous timeslot minus 0,5 dB, increment "Transmitted power DOWN" by 1.

7.7.2.5 Test requirements

Test parameters are specified in table 7.7.2.4. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-C	PICH	-
DPCH_Ec/lor	_1	1,9	dB
${\hat I}_{or1}$ and ${ {\hat I}_{or2}}$	-60	-59.2	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I_{oc}	-	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Power-Control-Algorithm	Algo	rithm 1	-
Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,0),1,1}	-
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,1	,0,1}	-
Information Data Rate	1	2,2	Kbps
Propagation condition	Static without AWGN	Multi-path fading case	-
	source I_{oc}	3	

Table 7.7.2.4: Parameters for TPC command combining

- 1) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #1 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #0 minus 0,5 dB.
- 2) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #2 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #1 minus 0,5 dB.
- 3) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #3 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #2 minus 0,5 dB.
- 4) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #4 shall be greater than or equal to the mean power in slot #3 plus 0,5 dB.
- 5) The sequence of test requirements 1-4 shall be fulfilled more than 99% of the time.
- 6) At the end of the test, "Transmitted power UP" shall be greater than or equal to 95(19.8% of Total number of slots) and "Transmitted power DOWN" shall be greater than or equal to 210(43.8% of total number of slots).
- NOTE 1: The test limits in requirement (6) have been computed to give a confidence level of 99,7 % that a UE which follows the core requirements will pass. The number of timeslots has been chosen to get a good compromise between the test time and the risk of passing a bad UE.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

7.7.3.1 Definition and applicability

When a UE is in soft handover, reliable TPC commands may be received in each slot from different cells in the active set. In general, the TPC commands transmitted in the same slot in the different cells may be different and need to be combined to give TPC_cmd as specified in TS 25.214 [5], in order to determine the required uplink power step.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.7.3.2 Minimum requirements

Test parameters are specified in Table 7.7.3.1. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

Test 1 verifies that the UE follows only the reliable TPC commands in soft handover. Test 2 verifies that the UE follows all the reliable TPC commands in soft handover.

During tests 1 and 2 the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Phase reference	-	P-C	PICH	
DPCH_Ec/lor1	dB	Note 1	Note 1 & Note 3	
DPCH_Ec/lor2	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6	
DPCH_Ec/lor3	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	-	
\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-1	
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-1	
\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algorithm 1		
Cell 1 TPC commands	-	Note 2	Note 2	
Cell 2 TPC commands	-	'1'	'1'	
Cell 3 TPC commands	-	'1'	-	
Information data Rate	Kbps	1	2.2	
Propagation condition	-	Static		
Note 1: The DPCH_Ec/lor1 is set at the level corresponding to 5% TPC error rate.				
Note 2: The uplink power	control from cell1 sh	all be such that the UE	transmit power would	
stay at -15 dBm.				
Note 3: The maximum DF	PCH_Ec/lor1 level in	cell1 is -9 dB.		

Table 7.7.3.1: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

Table 7.7.3.2: Test requirements for reliable TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
UE output power	dBm	-15 ± 5 dB	-15 ± 3 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.3.1.

7.7.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the combining of reliable TPC commands received in soft handover results in TPC_cmd being derived so as to meet the requirements stated in tables 7.7.3.2 and 7.7.3.3.

7.7.3.4 Method of test

7.7.3.4.1 Test 1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect three SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.18.
- 2) Activate Cell 1.

7.7.3.4.2 Test 1 Procedures

- 1) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure. Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 2) Activate the other two cells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the other SS"s.
- 3) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.3.3 for Test 1.
- 4) The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 level is adjusted so that 5 +/-1%. downlink TPC error is maintained from Ec/Ior1. Cell 1 transmits a known pattern of TPC commands and for each slot detect the power step. Thereby the TPC error rate can be measured. The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 is adjusted so that the TPC error rate is equal to 5 +/-1%.
- 5) Send power control commands to the UE until the UE output power measured by Test System is adjusted to the specified power level with ± 1.5 dB tolerance due to power control step size.
- 6) Set up the UE in soft handover between Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. The downlink TPC commands from Cell 2 and Cell 3 shall continuously have the value '1' during the test while Cell 1 use the UE Output power = -15 dBm as the power control target.
- 7) The DPCH Ec/Ior2 and DPCH Ec/Ior3 are adjusted to be 10 dB lower than DPCH_Ec/Ior1.
- 8) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 9) Repeat step 8) [1000] times according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

10) End test 1 and disconnect UE.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.7.3.4.3 Test 2 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.13.
- 2) Activate Cell 1.

7.7.3.4.4 Test 2 Procedures

- 1) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure. Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 2) Activate the other cell (Cell 2) on the other SS
- 3) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.3.3 for Test 2.
- 4) The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 level is adjusted so that 5 +/-1%. downlink TPC error is maintained from Ec/Ior1. Cell 1 transmits a known pattern of TPC commands and for each slot detect the power step. Thereby the TPC

error rate can be measured. The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 is adjusted so that the TPC error rate is equal to 5 + 1%.

- 5) Send power control commands to the UE until the UE output power measured by Test System is adjusted to the specified power level with ±5 dB tolerance.
- 6) Set up the UE in soft handover between Cell 1 and Cell 2. The downlink TPC commands from Cell 2 shall continuously have the value '1' during the test while Cell 1 use the UE Output power = -15 dBm as the power control target.
- 7) The DPCH Ec/Ior2 is adjusted to be 6 dB higher than DPCH_Ec/Ior1.
- 8) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 9) Repeat step 8) [1000] times according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

10) End test 2 and disconnect UE.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.7.3.5 Test requirements

Test parameters are specified in Table 7.7.3.3. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Phase reference	-	P-C	PICH	
DPCH_Ec/lor1	DB	Note 1	Note 1 & Note 3	
DPCH_Ec/lor2	DB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6	
DPCH_Ec/lor3	DB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	-	
\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}	DB	-1	-1	
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	DB	-1	-1	
\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}	DB	-1	-	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algorithm 1		
Cell 1 TPC commands	-	Note 2	Note 2	
Cell 2 TPC commands	-	'1'	'1'	
Cell 3 TPC commands	-	'1'	-	
Information data Rate	Kbps	1	2.2	
Propagation condition	-	Static		
Note 1: The DPCH_Ec/lor1 is configured to a level such that the TPC error rate is set to				
5+/-1% (with 95% confidence).				
Note 2: The uplink power	power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would			
stay at -15 dBm.	n.			
Note 3: The maximum DPCH_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB.				

Table 7.7.3.3: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

1) In step 8) of clause 7.7.3.4.2, the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

2) In step 8) of clause 7.7.3.4.4, the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

7.8 Power control in downlink

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

7.8.1 Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target

7.8.1.1 Definition and applicability

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.8.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.1.1 the downlink $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}_{I_{or}}$ power ratio measured values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.8.1.2 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in table 7.8.1.2. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9	-1	dB	
I _{oc}	-6	60	dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12	2,2	kbps	
Target quality on DTCH	0,01		BLER	
Propagation condition	Cas	se 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	-	7	dB	
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-1	18	dB	
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}		1	dB	
Limited Power Increase	"Not	used"	-	
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].				

Table 7.8.1.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$DPCH _E_c$	-16,0	-9,0	dB
I _{or}			
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.1.1.

7.8.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE receiver is capable of converging to required link quality set by network while using as low power as possible.

7.8.1.4 Method of test

7.8.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.1.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.8.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) After call set up, the SS waits 15 seconds.
- 2) After this period, BLER is measured. Simultaneously the downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio averaged over one slot is measured.

7.8.1.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.1.3.

Table 7.8.1.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,6	-0,4	dB	
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12	2,2	kbps	
Target quality on DTCH	0,01		BLER	
Propagation condition	Cas	se 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	-	7	dB	
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-1	8	dB	
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}		1	dB	
Limited Power Increase	"Not	used"	-	
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].				

- a) The measured quality on DTCH does not exceed the values in table 7.8.1.4.
- b) The downlink $\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be below the values in table 7.8.1.4 more than 90 % of the time.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-15,9	-8,9	dB
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

Table 7.8.1.4: Requirements in downlink power control, constant BLER target

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.8.2 Power control in the downlink, initial convergence

7.8.2.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.8.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.2.1 the downlink DPCH_Ec/Ior power ratio measured values, which are averaged over 50 ms, shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.2 more than 90 % of the time. T1 equals to 500 ms and it starts 10 ms after the uplink DPDCH physical channel is considered established. T2 equals to 500 ms and it starts when T1 has expired. Power control is ON during the test.

The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, i.e. the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Target quality value on	0,01	0,01	0,1	0,1	BLER
DTCH					
Initial DPCH_Ec/lor	-5,9	-25,9	-3	-22,8	dB
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	64	64	kbps
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}			-1		dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm/3,84 MHz
Propagation condition	Static				
Maximum_DL_Power (note)			7		dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18			dB	
DL Power Control step size,	1			dB	
$\Delta_{ ext{TPC}}$	I				uБ
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"				
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].					

Table 7.8.2.1: Test parameters for downlink power control, initial convergence

Table 7.8.2.2: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence

Parameter	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I}$ during T1	$-18,9 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -11,9$	$-15,1 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -8,1$	dB
$\underline{DPCH}_{-}\underline{E_{c}}$ during T2	$-18,9 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -14,9$	$-15,1 \leq DPCH_Ec/lor \leq -11,1$	dB
I _{or}			

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.2.1.

7.8.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established.

7.8.2.4 Method of test

7.8.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.

7.8.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Enter the UE into loopback test mode according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. System simulator shall activate power control at the activation time of the Radio Bearer Setup message (At RRC connection setup only DCCH is established). The uplink DPCH physical channel is considered established at the activation time of the Radio Bearer Setup message.
- 2) RF parameters are set up at the activation time of the Radio Bearer Setup message according to table 7.8.2.3 for the test running.
- 3) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 4) Measure $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio averaged over 50 ms during T1. T1 starts 10 ms after the uplink DPDCH

physical channel is considered established and T1 equals to 500 ms. The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, i.e. the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms.

5) Measure $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio averaged over 50 ms during T2. T2 starts, when T1 has expired and T2 equals

to 500 ms.

The reception of the "RB setup complete" and the "CLOSE UE TEST LOOP COMPLETE" messages is not necessary to pass this test.

7.8.2.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.2.3.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit		
Target quality value on DTCH	0,01	0,01	0,1	0,1	BLER		
Initial DPCH_Ec/lor	-5,9	-25,9	-3	-22,8	dB		
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	64	64	kbps		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		dB					
I _{oc}		dBm/3,84 MHz					
Propagation condition							
Maximum_DL_Power (note)		dB					
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		dB					
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}		dB					
Limited Power Increase							
NOTE: Power is compared							

Table 7.8.2.3: Test parameters for downlink power control, initial convergence

- a) The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4 during T1 more than 90 % of the time.
- b) The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4 during T2 more

than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.2.4: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence

Parameter $\underline{DPCH} _ \underline{E_c}$ during T1	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
	-19,5 \leq DPCH_Ec/lor \leq -11,3	-15,7 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -7,5	dB
$\frac{I_{or}}{\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}} \text{ during T2}$	$-19,5 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -14,3$	$\textbf{-15,7} \leq \text{DPCH}_\text{Ec/lor} \leq \textbf{-10,5}$	dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.8.3 Power control in the downlink, wind up effects

7.8.3.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that, after the downlink maximum power is limited in the UTRAN and it has been released again, the downlink power control in the UE does not have a wind up effect, i.e. the required DL power has increased during time period the DL power was limited. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.8.3.2 Minimum requirements

This test is run in three stages where stage 1 is for convergence of the power control loop, in stage two the maximum downlink power for the dedicated channel is limited not to be higher than the parameter specified in table 7.8.3.1. All parameters used in the three stages are specified in table 7.8.3.1. The downlink $\underline{DPCH_{-E_c}}_{I_{arc}}$ power ratio measured values,

which are averaged over one slot, during stage 3 shall be lower than the value specified in table 7.8.3.2 more than 90 % of the time. Power control of the UE is ON during the test.

Parameter	Test 1			Unit
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	>15	5	0,5	S
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		5		dB
I _{oc}		-60		dBm/3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2			kbps
Quality target on DTCH	0,01		BLER	
Propagation condition		Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7 -6,2 7		dB	
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18		dB
DL Power Control step size,	1			dB
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"			-
NOTE: Power is compared to	P-CPICH a	s specified i	n [9].	

Table 7.8.3.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Test 1, stage 3	Unit
-13,3	dB
	_

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.3.1.

7.8.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE downlink power control does not require too high downlink power during a period after the downlink power is limited by the UTRAN.

7.8.3.4 Method of test

7.8.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.8.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.3.3. Stage 1 is used for the power control to converge and during Stage 2 the maximum downlink power is limited by UTRAN.
- 2) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE during stages 1, 2, and 3. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 3) Measure <u>DPCH_E</u> power ratio during stage 3 according to table 7.8.3.3. I_{or}
- 4) Repeat steps 1 3328 times.
- Note: The number of repetitions (328) is derived from minimum testing time for 3 km/h fading channels (Table F.6.1.6.2; 164 seconds).

7.8.3.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.3.3.

Table 7.8.3.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1			Unit
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	>15	5	0,5	S
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		5,6		dB
I _{oc}		-60		dBm/3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate		12,2		kbps
Quality target on DTCH		0,01		BLER
Propagation condition		Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7	-6,2	7	dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18		dB
DL Power Control step size,	1			dB
Δ_{TPC}				
Limited Power Increase		"Not used"	-	
NOTE: Power is compared to	P-CPICH a	s specified i	n [9].	

The downlink $\underline{DPCH _ E_c}_{or}$ power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be lower than the level specified in I_{or}

table 7.8.3.4 during stage 3 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.3.4: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH _E_c$	-13,2	dB
I or		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.9 Downlink compressed mode

Downlink compressed mode is used to create gaps in the downlink transmission, to allow the UE to make measurements on other frequencies.

7.9.1 Single link performance

7.9.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the Dedicated Traffic Channel (DCH) in compressed mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) and transmitted DPCH_Ec/Ior power ratio in the downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

The compressed mode parameters are given in clause C.5. Tests 1 and 2 are using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters from table C.5.1 in clause C.5 while tests 3 and 4 are using Set 2 compressed mode patterns from the same table.

The requirements for compressed mode by spreading factor reduction (tests 1 and 2) apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE from Release 99 onwards. The requirements for compressed mode by puncturing (tests 3 and 4) apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

7.9.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.9.1 the downlink $\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio measured values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.9.2 more than 90% of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.2.

Downlink power control is ON during the test. Uplink TPC commands shall be error free.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit		
Delta SIR1	0	3	0	3	dB		
Delta SIR after1	0	3	0	3	dB		
Delta SIR2	0	0	0	0	dB		
Delta SIR after2	0	0	0	0	dB		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		ç)		dB		
I _{oc}		-6	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Information Data Rate		12	,2		kbps		
Propagation condition		Cas	e 2				
Target quality value on DTCH		0,0	01		BLER		
Maximum DL Power (note)		7	7		dB		
Minimum DL Power (note)		-1	8		dB		
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}	1 dB						
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}	1 dB						
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CF	PICH as speci	fied in [9].					

Table 7.9.1: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Table 7.9.2: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit	
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-14,6	No requirements	-15,2	No requirements	dB	
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	No requirements	< 0,001	No requirements	< 0,001	BLER	
Measured quality on DTCH		0,01 ± 30 %				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.9.1.1.

7.9.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the reception of DPCH in a UE while downlink is in a compressed mode. The UE needs to preserve the BLER using sufficient low DL power. It is also verified that UE applies the Delta SIR values, which are signaled from network, in its outer loop power control algorithm.

7.9.1.4 Method of test

7.9.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure, specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.9.3.
- 4) Set compressed mode parameters according to table C.5.1. Tests 1 and 2 are using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters and while tests 3 and 4 are using Set 2 compressed mode pattern parameters.
- NOTE: Set 2 is applicable to Release 99 and Release 4 only.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 6) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used. SS response time for UE TPC commands shall be one slot.
- 7) The SS waits 15 seconds before it performs measurements as described in 7.9.1.4.2.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.9.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Test 1: Measure quality on DTCH and $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 2) Test 2: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.
- 3) Test 3: Measure quality on DTCH and $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 4) Test 4: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.

7.9.1.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.9.3.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Delta SIR1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR after1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR2	0	0	0	0	dB
Delta SIR after2	0	0	0	0	dB
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		9,	6		dB
I _{oc}			dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Information Data Rate		12	,2		kbps
Propagation condition		Cas	e 2		
Target quality value on DTCH		0,0	01		BLER
Maximum DL Power (note)		7	7		dB
Minimum DL Power (note)		-1	8		dB
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}		dB			
Limited Power Increase		"Not u	used"		-
NOTE: Power is compared to P-C	PICH as speci	fied in [9]			

Table 7.9.3: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

a) Test 1: The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table

7.9.4 more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4.

- b) Test 2: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4.
- c) Test3: The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table

7.9.2 more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4.

d) Test 4: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4.

Table 7.9.4: Requirements in downlink compressed	d mode
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Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-14,5	No requirements	-15,1	No requirements	dB
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	No requirements	< 0,001	No requirements	< 0,001	BLER
Measured quality on DTCH		BLER			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.10 Blind transport format detection

7.10.1 Definition and applicability

Performance of Blind transport format detection is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values and by the measured average transmitted DPCH_Ec/Ior value.

7.10.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.10.1 the average downlink $\underline{DPCH _ E_c}_{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER and FDR shown in table 7.10.2. Table 7.10.3 defines the Transport Format Combinations Set for the downlink. The reference measurement channel used in this test case is defined in Annex C.4.

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].

Parameter \hat{I} / I	Test 1	Test 2 -1	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5 −3	Test 6	Unit dB
I_{or}/I_{oc} I_{oc}			-6	60			dBm / 3.84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	kbps
Propagation condition	(static	()	()	ath fading	case 3	-
TFCI			0	off			-

Table 7.10.1: Test parameters	for Blind transport format detection
- a.o.o	

Table 7.10.2: The Requirements for DCH recepti	on in Blind transport format detection

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER	FDR		
1	–17,7dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
2	–17,8dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
3	–18,4dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
4	-13,0dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
5	–13,2dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
6	–13,8dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
NOTE: The value of DPCH_Ec/lor, loc, and lor/loc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted.					

NOTE: In the test, 9 different Transport Format Combinations (table 7.10.3) are sent during the call set up procedure, so that the UE has to detect the correct transport format from these 9 candidates.

Table7.10.3: Transport format combinations informed during the call set up procedure in the test

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DTCH	12,2 k	10,2 k	7,95 k	7,4 k	6,7 k	5,9 k	5,15 k	4,75 k	1,95 k
DCCH	2,4 k								

7.10.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the blind transport format detection to receive a predefined test signal, representing a static propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a block error ratio (BLER) and false transport format detection ratio (FDR) not exceeding a specified value.

To verify the ability of the blind transport format detection to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a block error ratio (BLER) and false transport format detection ratio (FDR) not exceeding a specified value.

7.10.4 Method of test

7.10.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9 in the case for test 1-3. Connect the SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10 in the case of test 4-6.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.

- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-6 as specified table 7.10.4 and table 7.10.5.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 and start the loopback test.
- 5. In the case of test 4-6, Setup fading simulator as fading condition case 3 which are described in table D.2.2.1.

Note: In loopback test mode 2 the UE may return any valid uplink Transport Format Combination.

7.10.4.2 Procedure

Measure BLER and FDR of DCH.

For FDR, the SS shall check the TFI of the UE transmitted transport format to verify that the UE has detected the correct downlink transport format.

In this test TF0 and TF10 on uplink DTCH shall be counted as block errors.

During the measurements downlink DCCH shall be continuously transmitted. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

NOTE: The TFCS size used in this test shall be 18 and not 9 as implied by TS 25.101 (and the NOTE above Table 7.10.3). Since the DCCH will be continously transmitted and the DCCH is not used in the BTFD for the DTCH this does not have an impact on the BTFD performance.

7.10.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.10.4.

Table 7.10.4:	Test parameters	for Blind tra	ansport format	detection
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Parameter \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	Test 1	Test 2 -0,7	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5 -2,4	Test 6	Unit dB
I _{oc}			-(60			dBm / 3.84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	12,2 (rate 1)	7,95 (rate 2)	1,95 (rate 3)	kbps
propagation condition	· · · ·	Static	()	multi-p	ath fading	case 3	-
TFCI			C	off			-

BLER and FDR shall not exceed the values at the DPCH_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.10.5.

Table 7.10.5: The Requirements for DCH reception in Blind transport format detection

Test Number	\underline{DPCH}_{E_c}	BLER	FDR		
	I _{or}				
1	–17,6dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
2	–17,7dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
3	–18,3dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
4	–12,9dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
5	–13,1dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
6	–13,7dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
NOTE: The value of DPCH_Ec/lor, loc, and lor/loc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted.					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)

7.11.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics of paging channel are determined by the probability of missed paging message (Pm-p). PCH is mapped into the S-CCPCH and it is associated with the transmission of Paging Indicators (PI) to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 4 and later releases.

7.11.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.11.1 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in table 7.11.2. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

Table 7.11.1: Parameters for PCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Number of paging indicators per frame (Np)	-	7	2
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-3
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3

Table 7.11.2: Test requirements for PCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	PICH_Ec/lor	Рт-р
1	-14.8	-19	0.01
2	-9.8	-12	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.12.1.

7.11.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) does not exceed a specified value.

7.11.4 Method of test

7.11.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9 in the case of test
 Connect the SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10 in the case of test 2.
- 2) Set the test parameters for test 1-2 as specified in tables 7.11. 3 and 7.11. 4. In the case of test 2, Setup fading simulator as fading condition case 3 which are described in table D.2.2.1. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in table E.3.3. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

7.11.4.2 Procedure

1) The UE is switched on.

- 2) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the CELL_PCH state.
- 3) The SS transmits the Paging type 1 message with used paging identity being a UTRAN identity and including the UE's assigned U-RNTI
- 4) If the UE responds with CELL UPDATE message within 8 seconds, then a success is recorded. If the UE does not respond with CELL UPDATE message within 8 seconds, a failure is recorded.
- 5) Repeat steps 3-4 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and clause 6.1.1 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (STEP 2)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	6
Downlink information for each radio link	
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 'Default settings (FDD)'

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5 (STEP 2)

Information Element	Value/remark
- SIB6 indicator	TRUE
- PICH Power offset	-9 dB (in Test 1)
	-2 dB (in Test 2)
- Secondary CCPCH system information	(For 2 SCCPCHs)
- Secondary CCPCH info	(SCCPCH for standalone PCH)
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present
- STTD indicator	FALSE
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	3
- Pilot symbol existence	FALSE
- TFCI existence	FALSE
- Fixed or Flexible position	Fixed
- Timing offset	30
- TFCS	
- CHOICE TFCI signalling	Normal
- TFCI Field 1 information	
- CHOICE TFCS representation	Complete reconfiguration
- TFCS complete reconfiguration information	
- CHOICE CTFC Size	2 bit
- CTFC information	0
- Power offset information	Not Present
- CTFC information	1
- Power offset information	Not Present
- FACH/PCH information	
- TFS	(PCH)
- CHOICE Transport channel type	Common transport channels
- Dynamic Transport format information	
- RLC Size	240
- Number of TB and TTI List	
- Number of Transport blocks	0
- Number of Transport blocks	1
- CHOICE Mode	FDD
- CHOICE Logical channel List	ALL

- Semi-static Transport Format information	
- Transmission time interval	10 ms
- Type of channel coding	Convolutional
- Coding Rate	1/2
- Rate matching attribute	256
- CRC size	16 bit
- Transport channel Identity	12 (for PCH)
- CTCH indicator	FALSE
- PICH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Channelisation code	2
- Number of PI per frame	72
- STTD indicator	FALSE
- Secondary CCPCH info	(SCCPCH including two FACHs)
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- STTD indicator	FALSE
- Spreading factor	64
- Code number	2
- Pilot symbol existence	FALSE
- TFCI existence	TRUE (default value)
- Fixed or Flexible position	Flexible (default value)
- Timing offset	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to default value 0

7.11.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.11.3 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in table 7.11.4. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

Table 7.11.3: Parameters for PCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Number of paging indicators per frame (Np)	-	72	
Phase reference	-	P-CP	СН
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60)
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-0.6	-2.3
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3

Table 7.11.4: T	Test requirements	for PCH detection
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Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	PICH_Ec/lor	Pm-p
1	-14.8	-19	0.01
2	-9.8	-12	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.12 Detection of Acquisition Indicator (AI)

7.12.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics of Acquisition Indicator (AI) are determined by the probability of false alarm Pfa and probability of correct detection Pd. Pfa is defined as a conditional probability of detection of AI signature given that a

AI signature was not transmitted. Pd is defined as a conditional probability of correct detection of AI signature given that the AI signature is transmitted.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 4 and later releases.

7.12.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.12.1 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not exceed the specified values in table 7.12.2. Power of downlink channels other than AICH is as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Number of other transmitted Al signatures on AICH	-	0
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-22.0
AICH Power Offset	dB	-12.0
Propagation condition	-	Static

Table 7.12.1: Parameters for AI detection

Note that AICH_Ec/Ior can not be set. Its value is calculated from other parameters and it is given for information only. (AICH_Ec/Ior = AICH Power Offset + CPICH_Ec/Ior)

Table 7.12.2: Test requirements for AI detection

Test Number	Pfa	1-Pd
1	0.01	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.13.1.

7.12.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability of false detection of AI (Pfa) and average probability of missed AI (1-Pd) do not exceed specified values.

7.12.4 Method of test

7.12.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- 2) Set the test parameters for test 1 as specified in tables 7.12.4 and 7.12.5. Power of downlink channels other than AICH and S-CCPCH are as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Unit	Set 1	Set 2
Maximum number of preamble ramping cycles(Mmax)		2	2
Maximum number of preambles in one preamble cycle (preamble retrans max)		32	12
Back-off time (Tb01=10ms*NB01) (NB01min=NB01max=10)	ms	100	100
Power ramp step when no acquisition indicator is received (power offset p0)	dB	1	3

Table 7.12.3 UE parameters for AI test

Table 7.12.4 SS parameters for AI test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power control (Constant value)	dB	-10

See reference TS25.331 [8] clause 8.5.7 Open loop power control to calculate Pinitial. See also reference TS25.214 [5] subclause 6 step 6.3.

7.12.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) The SS and the UE shall perform location registration procedure as specified in TS34.108 [3] clause 7.2.2. UE parameters are set as defined in table 7.12.3 Set 1.
- 3) SS sends the Paging type 1 message in idle mode with used paging identity being a CN identity and including the UE's assigned IMSI.
- 4) UE starts transmitting RACH preambles at level P=Pinitial.
- 5) SS does not send AI. If UE sends a new preamble a success for calculating Pfa is recorded. This step is repeated until UE stops sending preambles. SS does not calculate Pfa for the first preamble of every preamble cycles.
- 6) UE stops sending preambles. If number of sent preambles in the preamble cycle < preamble_retrans_max a failure for calculating Pfa is recorded and test continues from step 3. If number of preamble cycles $M \neq Mmax$, a new preamble cycle is initiated and test continues from step 4. If number of preamble cycles M = Mmax then test continues from step 3.
- 7) Repeat steps 5-6 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.
- 8) UE parameters are set as defined in table 7.12.3 Set 2 by modification of system information block 5.
- 9) SS sends the Paging type 1 message in idle mode with used paging identity being a CN identity and including the UE's assigned IMSI.
- 10) UE starts transmitting RACH preambles.
- 11)SS responds with AI signature containing NACK in AICH.
- 12) If UE stops sending preambles, a success for calculating Pd is recorded. If UE does not stop sending preambles, a failure for calculating Pd is recorded.
- 13)Repeat steps 9-12 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
AICH Power Offset	-12

7.12.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.12.5 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not exceed the specified values in table 7.12.6. Power of downlink channels other than AICH and S-CCPCH are as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Number of other transmitted AI signatures on AICH	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-22.0
AICH Power Offset	dB	-12.0
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12.0
Propagation condition	-	Static

Table 7.12.5: Parameters for AI detection

Table 7.12.6: Test requirements for AI detection

Test Number	Pfa	1-Pd
1	0.01	0.01

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8 Requirements for support of RRM

8.1 General

The cell configuration mapping between cells as defined in TS 34.121 and cells as defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 is described in Annex K.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

- 8.2 Idle Mode Tasks
- 8.2.1 Cell Selection

Void.

8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection

8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case

8.2.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.2.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

T _{evaluateFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received
	by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.2 and A.4.2.1.

8.2.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.2.1.4 Method of test

8.2.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.2.2.1.1 to 8.2.2.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
TYPE 1	NFORMATION BLOCK non GSM-MAP NAS system	-	00 80(H) → Cell 1 00 81(H) → Cell 2	This identity should be set as different value from the neigbour cell so that a Location Updating procedure(MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure(GMM) is performed when UE selects more suitable cell in idle state.
	Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.2.2.1.1: Scenario 1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

Table 8.2.2.1.2: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection single carrier multi cell

Parameter	Unit	Ce T1	ll 1 T2	Ce T1	ll 2 T2	Ce T1	II 3 T2	Ce T1	ell 4 T2	Ce T1	ll 5 T2	Ce T1	II 6 T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chai	nnel1	Char	nnel1	Char	nnel1	Cha	nnel1	Char	nel1	Char	nnel1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		0	-1	0	-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		2	-1	2	-1	2	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		2	-1	2	-1	2	-*	12	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		5	-1	15	-1	5	-*	15	-1	5	-1	15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0,	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941	-0,	941	-0,9	941	-0,9	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7,3	10,27	10,27	7,3	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz						-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	23	-2	23	-2	3	-2	<u>2</u> 3
Propagation Condition		_					AM	/GN					
Cell_selection_and_reselection _quality_measure		CPICH E	_c /N ₀	CPICH E	_c /N ₀	CPICH E	_c /N ₀	CPICH E	c/N ₀	CPICH E	⊳/N₀	CPICH E	_c /N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	-20 -20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm		15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	21	2	1	2	21
		C1, 0	C2: 0	C2, 0	C1: 0	C3, 0	C1: 0	C4,	C1: 0	C5, C			C1: 0
			C3: 0		C3: 0		C2: 0		C2: 0	C5, C			C2: 0
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB		C4: 0		C4: 0	C3, (C3: 0	C5, C			C3: 0
			C5: 0		C5: 0	C3, (C5: 0	C5, C			C4: 0
		C1, 0	C6: 0	C2, 0	C6: 0	C3, 0	C6: 0	C4,	C6: 0	C5, C	C6: 0	C6, 0	C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	_ (0)	0		0		()		0
Treselection	S	_ ()	()	(0 0		0	0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not	sent	nots	sent	not	sent

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.2.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.2.2.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a first registration procedure on cell2.
- 4) 15 s after step 3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2 in table 8.2.2.1.3.
- 5) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 1 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T2 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell1.
- 6) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to that as described for T1 in table 8.2.2.1.3.
- 7) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T1 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure(MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell2.
- 8) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T1, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.2.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Parameter	Unit	t Cell 1		Ce	ll 2	Ce	ll 3	Cel	4	Cel	15	Ce	ll 6						
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2						
UTRA RF Channel Number		Cha	hannel1 Char		nnel1	Chai	Channel1		nel1	Channel1		Channel1							
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	9.4	-9	.4	-10.5		-10.5		-10	.5	-1().5						
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-11	1.4	-12.5		-12	-12.5		.5	-12	2.5						
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-11.4		-1:	2.5	-12	-12.5		.5	-12.5							
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-14.4 -14.4		4.4	-1:	5.5	-15.5		-15.5		-15.5							
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.10	-1.	-1.10		.83	-0.8	-0.83		-0.83		-0.83						
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.	30	0.3	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30		80	0.3	30
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	- 63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-6	9.7	-69	.7	-69.7		-69.7							
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz			-70															
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	- 15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23	3.5	-23.5 -23.5		-23	3.5								

Table 8.2.2.1.3: Scenario 1: Test requirements for Cell re-selection single carrier multi cell

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.2.2.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

8.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Updating procedure(MM) or Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.2.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

TevaluateFDD	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by
	the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.3 and A.4.2.2.

8.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.2.2.4 Method of test

8.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.2.2.2.1 to 8.2.2.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1: Scenario 2: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in multi carrier case

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment		
Initial	Active cell		Cell2			
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6			
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1			
SYSTEM IN	NFORMATION		00 80(H) → Cell 1	This identity should be set as different value from		
BLOCK TYPE 1 - CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information		-	00 81(H) → Cell 2	the neigbour cell so that a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) is performed when UE selects more suitable cell in idle state.		
Access Ser	vice Class (ASC#0)			Selected so that no additional delay is caused by		
- Persistene	ce value	-	1	the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.		
HCS				Not used		
T _{SI}			-		1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.		
	T1		T1 s		30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection		
				reaction time is taken into account.		

Table 8.2.2.2.2: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell

Parameter	Unit	Ce T1	II 1 T2	Ce T1	II 2 T2	Ce T1	II 3 T2	Cel T1	I 4 T2	Cel T1	I 5 T2	Ce T1	II 6 T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char			nel 2	Chan		Chan		Chan			nnel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		10		10	-1		-1		-1			10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1		-1	12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15	-1	15	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	41	-0.9	941	-0.9	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or(NoteI)}$	dBm	-73.39	-67.75	-67.75	-73.39	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz						-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-2	<u>20</u>
Propagation Condition							AW	/GN					
Cell_selection_and_reselection _quality_measure		CPICH	H E₀/N₀	CPICH	IE _c ∕N₀	CPICH	IE _c /N ₀	CPICH	E_c/N_0	CPICH	E_c/N_0	CPICH	HE _c /N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2		2		2		2		2			21
			C2: 0		C1: 0	C3, 0		C4, C		C5, C			C1: 0
			C3: 0	C2, (C3, (C4, C		C5, C			C2: 0
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB		C4: 0		C4: 0	C3, 0		C4, C		C5, C			C3: 0
		-)	C5: 0		C5: 0	C3, C		C4, C		C5, C			C4: 0
	ID	C1, 0	C6: 0	C2, 0	C6: 0	C3, (26:0	C4, C	6:0	C5, C	6:0		C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	(0 0		0		C	0		0		0	
Treselection	S	(J)		0 0		0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB		sent		sent	not		not		not s			sent
Sintersearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not s	sent	not	sent

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.2.2.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.2.2.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a first location registration procedure on cell2.
- 4) 30 s after step3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2 in table 8.2.2.2.3.
- 5) The SS waits for random access request from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 1 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T2 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell1.
- 6) After another 15 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to that as described for T1 in table 8.2.2.2.3.
- 7) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T1 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell2.
- 8) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T1, the parameters are changed as described for T2.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.2.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Parameter	Unit	C C	ell 1	C	ell 2	C	ell 3	С	ell 4	С	ell 5	C	ell 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number	·	Channe	1	Channe	12	Channel	11	Channe	1	Channe	12	Channe	2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		·9.3	-	9.3	-1	10.8	-1	0.8	-*	10.8	-1	0.8
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	11.3	-1	11.3	-1	12.8	-1	2.8	-*	12.8	-1	2.8
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	- '	11.3	-1	11.3	-1	12.8	-*	2.8	-*	12.8	-1	2.8
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	14.3	-1	14.3	-1	15.8	-^	5.8	-*	15.8	-1	5.8
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	'	1.13	-1	1.13	-().77	-().77	-().77	-().77
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40
Î _{or}	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8

Table 8.2.2.2.3: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.2.2.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection 8.2.3

8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed

8.2.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.2.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than $26 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$, where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE:	The cell	re-selection delay can be expressed as: $4 \text{ * } T_{\text{measureGSM}} + T_{\text{BCCH}}$, where:
T_{mea}	sureGSM	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{BCC}	СН	Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 or later releases. According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 25.6 s + T_{BCCH} , allow 26 s + T_{BCCH} in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.1.

8.2.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.3.1.4 Method of test

8.2.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.1.1 to 8.2.3.1.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Pa	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final	Active cell		Cell2	
condition				
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	
T1	T1		45	
T2		S	35	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-5
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /	No
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.1.2: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Table 8.2.3.1.3: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Paramotor	Parameter Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)	
Farameter		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	I
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

8.2.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 28 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) After 35 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.

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- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.2.3.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.1.4: Scenario 1: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0,928
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0.3	-5.3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/Io (Note 1)	dB	-12.8	-16.5
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-79.6	-85.4
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E	$/N_0$
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.1.5: Scenario 1: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)		
Farameter	Onic	T1	T2	
Absolute RF Channel Number		BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initia conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [2 for the GSM band under test.		
RXLEV	dBm	-91 -74		
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104		
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33		
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14		
Qsearch_I	-	always		

NOTE 1: CPICH_Ec/Io and CPICH_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed

8.2.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.2.3.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 7.7 s + T_{BCCH} , where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: Max ($3*T_{measureFDD}$, $T_{measureGSM}$ +DRX cycle length) + T_{BCCH} , where:

T _{measureFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{measureGSM}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
DRX cycle length	1.28s see Table A.4.7.A in TS 25.133 [2] clause A.4.3.2.
T _{BCCH}	Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases. According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 7.68 s + T_{BCCH} , allow 7.7 s + T_{BCCH} in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.2.

8.2.3.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.3.2.4 Method of test

8.2.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.2.1 to 8.2.3.2.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Pa	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	
T1		S	45	
T2		S	12	

Table 8.2.3.2.1: Scenario 2: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Table 8.2.3.2.2: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	20	-9
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.0	-19.5
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-70	-100
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.2.3: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)	
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80	-80
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

8.2.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.

- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 9.7 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) After 12 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.2.3.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.2.4: Scenario 2: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	20.3	-9.3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note1)	dB	-9.9	-19.9
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-70.6	-100.4
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E	c/N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0)
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)		
		T1	T2	
Absolute RF Channel Number		BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25 for the GSM band under test.		
RXLEV	dBm	-81	-79	
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104		
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33		
Qsearch_I	-	always		

NOTE 1: CPICH_Ec/Io and CPICH_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.4 FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

8.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the cell quality levels change to the moment when this change makes the UE reselect a better ranked cell, and starts to send the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on the new cell.

This test is for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a TDD cell.

The requirements and this test apply to UEs supporting both FDD and TDD.

8.2.4.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1,28 s. This shall be verified in more than 90 % of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.4 and A.4.4.

8.2.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a TDD cell.

8.2.4.4 Method of test

8.2.4.4.1 Initial conditions

This scenario implies the presence of UTRA FDD and 1 UTRA TDD cell as given in tables 8.2.4.1, 8.2.4.2 and 8.2.4.3. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system information blocks that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.4.1: General test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	TDD cell
UE_T	TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	Service Class (ASC#0) Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	HCS			Not used
	DRX cycle length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	T1	S	15	
	T2	S	15	

Parameter	Unit	Ce	Cell 1		
		T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nnel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	10		
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	9	3		
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-71	-77		
Propagation Condition		AW	/GN		
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH	_Ec/No		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15		
Qoffset1 _{s,n}	dB	0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			

Table 8.2.4.2: Cell 1 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

Table 8.2.4.3: Cell 2 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2					
DL timeslot number		0 8		3			
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number			Cha	nnel 2			
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3 n.a.			a.		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	-	3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-9			
SCH_t _{offset}	dB			10			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.12					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-4	2	-4	2		
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-77	-71	n.a.	n.a.		
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3,84 MHz		-	70			
Propagation Condition			AV	VGN			
Qrxlevmin	dBm		-1	03			
Qoffset2 _{s,n}	dB			0			
Qhyst2	dB	0					
Treselection	S	0					
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent					
Sintersearch	dB		not	sent			
			Note: that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.				

8.2.4.4.2 Procedures

- a) The SS activates cell 1 and cell 2 with T1 defined parameters and monitors them for random access requests from the UE.
- b) The UE is switched on.
- c) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE.
- d) After 15 s, the parameters are changed as described for T2.
- e) The SS waits for random access request from the UE.
- f) After another 15 s, the parameters are changed as described for T1.

- g) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE.
- h) Repeat step d) to g) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.2.4.5 Test requirements

- 1) In step c), after the UE has responded on cell 1, it shall not respond on any other cell (cell selection).
- 2) In step e), the UE shall respond on cell 2 within 8 s in more than 90 % of the cases.
- 3) In step g), the UE shall respond on cell 1.
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility

8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

8.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The active set update delay of the UE is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying soft handover to the switch off of the old downlink DPCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

The active set update delay is defined as the time from when the UE has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message from UTRAN, or at the time stated through the activation time when to perform the active set update, to the time when the UE successfully uses the set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The active set update delay is depending on the number of known cells referred to in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The active set update delay shall be less than 50+10*KC+100*OC ms, where

KC is the number of known cells in the active set update message.

OC is the number of cells that are not known in the active set update message.

If the UE have radio links in the active set that it can not use for data detection (due to low signal level), the UE shall at least every 150 ms search for the radio link.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.1.2 and A.5.1.1. The active set update delay shall be less than 60 ms in CELL_DCH state when using test parameters as given in table 8.3.1.1.

8.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.1.4 Method of test

8.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.1.1.1 and 8.3.1.1.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

Para	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parame	ters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps and UL Auxiliary Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	DL Measurement Channel as specified in clause C.3.1 UL Auxiliary Measurement Channel as specified in clause C.6.3
Power Contro			On	
Target quality DTCH	value on	BLER	0.01	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting ran	ge	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting dea threshold	activation		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigg	er	ms	0	
Filter coefficie	ent		0	
T0		S	10	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	3	
Т3		S	0.5	
T4		ms	60	This is the requirement on active set update delay, see clause 8.3.1.2, where KC=1 and OC=0.
T5		ms	10	
T6		S	2	

Table 8.3.1.1.1: General test parameters for Soft handover

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
		ТО	ТО
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	-0.94
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-7	70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf
Propagation Condition		AW	GN
Note 1: The DPCH leve	l is controlled by the	power control loop.	
		t is added shall make the total power	r from the cell to be equal to Ior.

Parameter	Unit			Cell 1					Ce	2		
		T1	T2	T3 T4	T5	Т6	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Т6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-10					-1	0		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-15					-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	Note1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	Note2	Note2	Note2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz					-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/lo Propagation	dB	-13	-14	-14	-14	-14 AW	-Inf /GN	-14	-14	-14	-14	4
Condition												
Relative delay of	chips						148}					
paths received from cell 2 with respect to						INO	te 4					

Table 8.3.1.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

cell 1

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}

Note 3: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH_Ec/lor of Cell 1 at the end of T2.

Note 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within ±148 chip.

8.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.3.1.1.2A.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters and test loop mode 2 is used. See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test. 10 seconds after call setup is completed, the power settings will be set according to T1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after power settings have been changed to T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN observed time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 7) At the beginning of T3 the downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 8) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now ", adding cell 2 to the active set. The start of T4 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message.
- 9) At the beginning of T5 the DPCH from cell 1 shall be switched off.
- 10) The UE downlink BLER shall be measured during time period T6.
- 11) After step10 has completed, the DPCH from cell 1 shall be switched on. The SS shall send ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now " to remove cell 2 from the active set. The RF parameters will be set according to T1.
- 12) BLER is measured during concatenated time periods T6.Repeat step 4-11 until the confidence level for BLER is achieved. This is defined in annex F.6.1.10.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (step 3):

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information list	1	
- Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information		
- Downlink transport channel type	DCH	
- DL Transport channel identity	10	
- CHOICE DL parameters	Same as UL	
- Uplink transport channel type	DCH	
- UL TrCH Identity	5	
- DCH quality target	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Aessage Type (10.2.17)	
JE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event	2
-Parameters required for each event	Event 1A
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
- Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-Cells forbladen to anect Reporting Range	1.0
-w -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Poport coll within active act and/ar
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
Maximum number of reported colle	monitored set cells on used frequency
	3
- Maximum number of reported cells	Event 4D
- Maximum number of reported cens -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1	Event 1B Active set cells

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present	
-W	1.0	
-Hysteresis	0 dB	
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present	
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present	
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present	
-Time to trigger	0 ms	
-Amount of reporting	Not Present	
-Reporting interval	Not Present	
-Reporting cell status		
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or	
	monitored set cells on used frequency	
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3	
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present	
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained	
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	31, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,	
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	ORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information	
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	S 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in	
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.		
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical report	ing	

ACTIVE SET UPDATE message (step 8):

Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type	Message Type		
UE information elements			
-RRC transaction identifier	RRC transaction identifier 10.3.3.36	0	
-Integrity check info	Integrity check info 10.3.3.16		
-message authentication code		SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number		SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	Not Present	
-Activation time	Activation time 10.3.3.1	"now".	
-New U-RNTI	U-RNTI 10.3.3.47	Not Present	
CN information elements			
-CN Information info	CN Information info 10.3.1.3	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements			
Uplink radio resources			
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.39	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources			
-Radio link addition information	Radio link addition information 10.3.6.68	Radio link addition information required for each RL to add	
-Primary CPICH info	Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60	Same as defined in cell2	

Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark	Version
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	Downlink DPCH info for		
	each RL 10.3.6.21		
-CHOICE mode			
-FDD			
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH usage for	Primary CPICH may be	
estimation	channel estimation 10.3.6.62	used	
-DPCH frame offset	Integer(038144 by step of 256)	This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
-Secondary CPICH info	Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code			
-Secondary scrambling code	Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	Integer(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512)	128	
-Code number	Integer(0Spreading factor - 1)	96	
-Scrambling code change	Enumerated (code change, no code change)	No code change	
-TPC combination index	TPC combination index 10.3.6.85	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	SSDT Cell Identity 10.3.6.76	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Integer(1, 2)	Not Present	
-TFCI combining indicator	TFCI combining indicator 10.3.6.81	FALSE	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	SCCPCH Information for FACH 10.3.6.70	Not Present	
Radio link removal information	10.0.0.70	Radio link removal	
		information required for each RL to remove	
-Radio link removal information	Radio link removal	Not Present	
	information 10.3.6.69		
-TX Diversity Mode	TX Diversity Mode	None	
	10.3.6.86		
-SSDT information	SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	10.3.6.77		only

ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
 RRC transaction identifier 	0	
 Integrity check info 		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
 Maximum allowed UL TX power 	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
 Radio link addition information 	Not Present	
 Radio link removal information 	1	
- Primary CPICH info		
 Primary scrambling code 	Same as defined in cell2	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

8.3.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.1.1.2A: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover (T0)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
		ТО	ТО
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	-1.13
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84	-	70
-00	MHz		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-Inf
Propagation Condition		AV	VGN
		e power control loop.	wer from the cell to be equal to L

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Parameter	Unit			Cell	1					Cell	2		
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-9.3	3					-9.3			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.	3					-11.3	}		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.	3					-11.3	}		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-14.	3					-14.3	}		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	No	te1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	Note1	
OCNS		Note2	Note2	No	te2	-1.13	-1.13	-1.13	-1.13	Note2	Note2	Note2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	2.91	2.9	91	2.91	2.91	-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz						-7	70				•	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-13.3	-13	3.3	-13.3	-13.3	-Inf	-13.3	-13.3	-13.3	-13	3.3
Propagation Condition							AW	/GN					
Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1								147.5} te 4					
Note 1: The DP	CH level is o	controlled	by the pov	ver conti	rol loop								
Note 2: The pov	ver of the O	CNS chan	nel that is	added s	hall ma	ke the to	tal power	r from the	e cell to be	equal to I	or		
	CH level is o											of Cell ?	l at
Note 4: The rela	ative delay c	of the path	from cell 2	2 with re	spect to	cell 1 sh	all alway	s be with	in –147.5	147.5 c	chip.		

Table 8.3.1.1.3: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

The average measured quality on the DTCH of the UE downlink during T6 shall be BLER = $0.01\pm30\%$. (The final BLER shall be achieved by integrating over a number of repetitions of procedure step 10).

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

8.3.2.1 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to intra-frequency cell

8.3.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay of the UE is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The interruption time shall be less than 110 ms in CELL_DCH state in the single carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay $D_{handover}$ equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.2.2.2 as follows:

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPDCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCCH, is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than T_{interrupt1}

 $T_{interrupt1=}T_{IU}+40+20*KC+150*OC+10*F_{max} ms$

where

 T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

KC is the number of known target cells in the message, and

OC is the number of target cells that are not known in the message.

 F_{max} denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

Note: The figure 40 ms is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 clause 4.3.1.2.

In the interruption requirement T_{interrupt1} a cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.2.2 and A.5.2.1.

8.3.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.2.1.4 Method of test

8.3.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.3.2.1.1 to 8.3.2.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed timed difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 1A. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the Physical Channel reconfiguration message.

N312 shall have the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

Par	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parame	DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Contr	ol		On	
Target qualit	y value on	BLER	0.01	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbourin g cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting rai	nge	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting de threshold	eactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigg	ger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
T1 s		S	5	
T2		S	≤5	
T3		S	5	

Table 8.3.2.1.1: General test parameters for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	0 6.97		-Infinity	5.97	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note4)}$	dBm	-70.00	-63	3.03	-Infinity	-64.03	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-	70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-13		-Infinity	-1	4
Propagation Condition				AV	VGN		
Note 2: The pow	ver of the C	CNS channel t				ne cell to be equ	

Note 4: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 5) 5 seconds after step 4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A

- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time set to "now". The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 8) The SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 9) If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 190 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 10) After 5 seconds from the beginning of time period T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11)Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info -message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode -Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	AM RLC Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1) -CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	FALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold	0 Not Present
-Time to trigger	Not Present 0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
	I

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	1.0				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present				
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	Not Present				
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)					
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
-Maximum number of reported cells	2				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained				
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reportir	ng				

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type UE Information Elements		
	-	
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
5 5	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	"now"	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
CN Information info	Not Present	
JTRAN mobility information elements		
URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info (10.3.6.36)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)		
Jplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)		
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH power offset	-6dB	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1	
- TPC step size	1dB	
		1
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)	
-Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)	
	64	
-Spreading factor		
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel
		only
Downlink information common for all radio links		
10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18		
-Timing indicator	Initialise	
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6		
-DPC mode	0 (single)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Power offset P _{Pilot-DPDCH}	0 Not Decemb	
-DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
	Fired	
	Fixed	
-Fixed or Flexible Position	Fixed	
	TRUE 128	

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)	Not Present	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	150	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0 Not Descent	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
Classed laser timing adjustment mode	Not Droppet	only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
 SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70) 	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
 Intra-frequency measured results list 	
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
 SFN-SFN observed time difference 	Checked that this IE is present
- Cell synchronisation information	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	100 Observed that this UE is an example
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP - Cell measured results	Checked that this IE is present
- Cell Identity	Not present
- Cell synchronisation information	Not present
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	150
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
- Pathloss	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is present

8.3.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	Т3	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3	•		-9.3		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3			-14.3		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-1.13	-1.13	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc (Note 4)}$	dB	0	0 7.0 -Infinity 6				6.0	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70.0	-63	3.0	-Infinity	-64	4.0	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-	70			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 4)	dB		-12.3		-Infinity	-1:	3.3	
Propagation Condition				AW	/GN			

Table 8.3.2.1.3: Test requirements for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Note 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

Note 4: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

8.3.2.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell

8.3.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The interruption time shall be less than 140 ms in CELL_DCH state in the dual carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay $D_{handover}$ equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.2.2.2 as follows:

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and the UE needs compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than $T_{interrupt2}$

 $T_{interrupt2} = T_{IU} + 40 + 50 * KC + 150 * OC + 10 * F_{max} ms$

In the interruption requirement T_{interrupt2} a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.2.2 and A.5.2.2.

8.3.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.2.2.4 Method of test

8.3.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.3.2.2.1 to 8.3.2.2.3 below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 2C. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the Physical Channel reconfiguration message.

N312 shall have the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Cont	rol		On	
Target quali DTCH	ty value on	BLER	0.01	
Compressed	d mode		A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.5.
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	
Final conditions	Active cell		Cell 2	
Threshold n frequency	on used	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W non-used	frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Time to Trig	ger	ms	0	
Filter coeffic	ient		0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	≤10	
T3		S	5	

Table 8.3.2.2.1: General test parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2			
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3	
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1			Channel 2	•	
Number								
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB		0		-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 4)}$	dBm		-70.0		-Infinity	-71.8	-71.8	
I _{oc}	dBm/			-	70			
00	3.84							
	MHz							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-13		-Infinity	-1	14	
Propagation				AV	VGN			
Condition								
Note 1: The DPC	H level is	controlled by the	he power control	loop				
Note 2: The powe	er of the O	CNS channel	that is added sha	all make the tot	al power from th	ne cell to be equ	lal to $I_{\rm or}$	
Note 3: The DPC	H may not	t be power cor	trolled by the po	wer control loo	D.			

Table 8.3.2.2.2: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Note 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

Note 4: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 with Compressed mode parameters as in Table 8.3.2.2.1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 5) 5 seconds after step 4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time "now". The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 8) The SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 9) If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 220 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 10) After 5 seconds from the beginning of time period T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11)Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated belowabove shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, event 2C (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Node (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	0
- Frequency info	FDD
	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
	8.3.2.2.2
- Cell info	
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
 Reference time difference to cell 	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Set to Primary CPICH Tx Power of Cell2
	described in Table 8.3.2.2.2
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting citteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	541.05
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	
	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
	1
-Parameters required for each event	
-Parameters required for each event -Inter-frequency event identity (10.3.7.14) -Threshold used frequency	Event 2C Not Present

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Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-W used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual
	active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
frequency	
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	1
-Threshold non-used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
3	internal counter.	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
-Activation time	"now"	
-New U-RNTI		
	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
>RB with PDCP information list	Not Present	
>>RB with PDCP information	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell 2	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)		
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)		
	FDD	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCCH power offset	-6dB	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
 Power Control Algorithm 	Algorithm1	
- TPC step size	1dB	
-CHOICE mode	FDD]
-Scrambling code type	Long	
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)	
-Scrambing code number -Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)	
-Spreading factor		
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)	
-Puncturing Limit	1	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		,
(10.3.6.24)		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)		
	Initializa	
-Timing indicator	Initialise	
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)		
-DPC mode	0 (single)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Power offset P _{Pilot-DPDCH}	0	
	-	
	Not Present	
-DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present	
	Not Present 128 Fixed	

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-TFCI existence	TRUE	
-CHOICE SF	128	
-Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	1	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate	
- TGCFN	Not Present	
 Transmission gap pattern sequence 	Not Present	
configuration parameters		
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None	
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0	
-Downlink information per radio link list	1	
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	250	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
 Inter-frequency measured results 	
- Frequency Info	Checked that this IE is present
 Inter-freqcell measured results list 	
 Cell measured results 	
- Cell Identity	Not present
 Cell synchronisation information 	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	250
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
- Pathloss	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is present

8.3.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.2.2.3: Test requirements for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2			
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3		
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1			Channel 2			
Number									
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.2			-9.2			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.2			-11.2			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.2			-11.2			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.2			-14.2			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-1.16	-1.16	Note2		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 4)	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8			
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm		-70.0		-Infinity	-71.8	-71.8		
I _{oc}	dBm/			-	70				
	3.84 MHz								
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-12.2 -Infinity -13.2						
(Note 4)									
Propagation Condition				AV	VGN				
Note 1: The DPC	H level is	controlled by th	he power control	loop					
Note 2: The powe	er of the O	CNS channel	that is added sha	all make the tot	al power from th	ne cell to be equa	al to I _{or.}		
Note 3: The DPC	H may no	t be power con	trolled by the po	wer control loo	р.				
Note 4: These pa	rameters	are not directly	settable, but are	e derived by ca	lculation from th	e settable parar	neters.		

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover

8.3.3.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and TDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

8.3.3.2 Minimum requirement

The hard handover delay shall be less than 110 ms in CELL_DCH state in the dual carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay $D_{handover}$ equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.3.2.2 as follows:

If FDD/TDD handover is commanded, the interruption time shall be less than,

$$T_{interrupt} = T_{offset} + T_{UL} + 30*F_{SFN} + 20*KC + 180*UC + 10*F_{max} ms$$

where,

T _{offset}	Equal to 10 ms, the frame timing uncertainty between the old cell and the target cell and the time that can elapse until the appearance of a Beacon channel
T _{UL}	Equal to 10 ms, the time that can elapse until the appearance of the UL timeslot in the target cell
F_{SFN}	Equal to 1 if SFN decoding is required and equal to 0 otherwise
KC	Equal to 1 if a known target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
UC	Equal to 1 if an unknown target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
F _{max}	Denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

An inter-frequency TDD target cell shall be considered known by the UE, if the target cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.3.2 and A.5.3.2.

8.3.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.3.4 Method of test

8.3.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.3.2.2.1 and 8.3.2.2.2 below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The Primary CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3. The RRC procedure delay is defined in TS 25.133 [2].

The UL DPCH in cell 2 shall be transmitted in timeslot 10.

Parameter Ur		Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.3.1 and in TS 34.122 clause C.2.2
Dowor	Control		On	and in 13 54.122 clause 0.2.2
	ity value on CH	BLER	0.01	
Compres	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.5
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
0		dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Hyste	eresis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C
Time to	Trigger	ms	0	
	non-used lency	dBm	-75	Applicable for Event 2C
Filter co	efficient		0	
Monitored cell list size			6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2	
T _{SI}		T _{SI} s		The value shall be used for all cells in the test
T1		S	5	
Т	2	S	15	
T	3	S	5	

Table 8.3.3.1: General test	parameters for Handover to TDD cell
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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			
		T1, T2	Т3		
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			
Number		Channer			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	n.a.		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			
Propagation Condition		AWGN			
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop					
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total					
power from th	e cell to be equ	ual to I _{or}			

Parameter	Unit	Ce			11 2					
DL timeslot number		0			2			8		
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel						Char				
Number						Chan	nel Z			
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-3			n.a.			n.a.	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			n.a.				-3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9			n.a.			-9		
SCH_t _{offset}	dB	5			n.a.			5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.		n.a. Note 1		n.a.				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-3.12		0 Note 2			-3.12		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-Inf	6	5	-Inf 6		-Inf	6		
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-Inf -67 n.a.			n.a.					
	dBm/									
I _{oc}	3,84	-70								
	MHz									
Propagation Condition		AWGN								

Table 8.3.3.3: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to TDD cell (cell 2)

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.

8.3.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 with Compressed mode parameters as in Table 8.3.2.2.1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C.
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time "now".
- 8) After 10 seconds, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2. If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 110 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 5 seconds, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11)Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, event 2C (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Node (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	Primary CCPCH RSCP
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Proposed TGSN reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-
Movimum number of reported cells as a set of set of the set	used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
requency	
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity (10.3.7.14)	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non- used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
requency	
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	1
-Threshold non-used frequency	-80 dBm
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Net Descent
	Not Present

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
5 5	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	"now"
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
-RB with PDCP information list	Not Present
-RB with PDCP information	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN (Nt)	Same UARFCN as used for cell 2
Uplink radio resources	
	22 dDm
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)	
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps TDD
-UL Target SIR	Not Present
-CHOICE UL OL PC info	Individually signalled
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps TDD
-Indivdual Timeslot interference info	1
-Individual timeslot interference (10.3.6.38)	
-Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps TDD
-Timeslot number	10
- UL Timeslot Interference	-90 dBm
-CHOICE mode	
-Uplink timing advance control (10.3.6.96)	
	Disabled
-CHOICE Timing Advance	Disabled
-UL CCTrCH list	
-UL Target SIR	TBD dB
-Time Info (10.3.6.83)	
-Activation Time	"now"
-Duration	Infinite
-Common timeslot info	Not Present
-Uplink DPCH timeslots and codes (10.3.6.94)	
-Dynamic SF Usage	False
-First individual timeslot info (10.3.6.37)	
-Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-Timeslot number	10
-TFCI existence	True
-Midamble shift and burst type (10.3.6.41)	THUC .
	2.84 Mone
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-CHOICE Burst Type	Type 1
-Midamble Allocation Mode	Default

Information Element	Value/Remark
-Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3	16
-Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3	Not present
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-First timeslot code list	1
-Channelisation code	8/1
-CHOICE more timeslots	No more timeslots
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Downlink information common for all radio links (10.3.6.24)	TBB
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	
-Timing indicator	Initialise
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	Not Tresent
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-TPC Step size	1 dB
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0
-Downlink information per radio link list	1
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH info (10.3.6.57)	100
- CHOICE mode	TDD
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- CHOICE sync case	Case 2
- Timeslot	0
- Cell parameters ID	20
- SCTD indicator	False
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
- DL CCTrCH list	1
-TFCS ID	Not Present
-Time Info (10.3.6.83)	
-Activation Time	"now"
-Duration	Infinite
-Common timeslot info	Not Present
- Downlink DPCH timeslots and codes (10.3.6.32)	
- First individual timeslot info (10.3.6.37)	
- Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- Timeslot number	2
- TFCI existence	True
- Midamble shift and burst type (10.3.6.41)	
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- CHOICE Burst Type	Type 1
- Midamble Allocation Mode	Default
- Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3	16
- Midamble shift	Not present
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- First timeslot channelisation codes (10.3.6.17)	
- CHOICE codes representation	Consecutive codes
- First channelisation code	16/1
- Last channelisation code	16/2
- CHOICE more timeslots	No more timeslots
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.3.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM

8.3.4.1 Definition and applicability

The UTRAN to GSM cell handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission on the channel of the new RAT.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.3.4.2 Minimum requirement

The hard handover delay shall be less than indicated in Table 8.3.4.1. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay as listed in table 8.3.4.1 equals the RRC procedure delay plus the interruption time listed in table 8.3.4.2.

UE synchronisation status	handover delay [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	90
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before	190
the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

Table 8.3.4.2: FDD/GSM handover - interruption time

Synchronisation status	Interruption time [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	40
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before	140
the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.4.2 and A.5.4.

8.3.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.4.4 Method of test

8.3.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.4.3, 8.3.4.4 and 8.3.4.5 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3C shall be used.. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

The UTRAN shall send a HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND with activation time "now". In the GSM Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI, containing the HO command.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table 8.3.4.3.

Table 8.3.4.3: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		Conversational / speech / UL:12.2 DL:12.2 kbps / CS RAB + UL:3.4 DL:3.4 kbps	As specified in TS 34.108 clause 6.10.2.4.1.4
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
- GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in clause C.5, table C.5.2
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		Pattern 2	As specified in clause TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
- GSM BSIC re-		Pattern 2	As specified in clause TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information . The information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
T Reconfirm abort		5.5	Based on TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8, rounded up due to 0.5 seconds quantization, as specified in section 10.3.6.33 of TS 25.331 [8]
T1	S	20	
T2	S	5	
T3	S	5	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1, T2, T3		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		
Note 1:The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loopNote 2:The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I or.				

Table 8.3.4.4: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Table 8.3.4.5: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)			
Farailleter	Unit	T1	T2, T3		
Absolute RF Channel Number		AR	FCN 1		
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-75		

8.3.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to T1 in Table 8.3.4.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.7. For UEs that require compressed mode, the compressed mode parameters are configured as in the table 8.3.4.3. The compressed mode shall remain inactive.
- 4) The RF parameters for cell 2 are set up according to T1 in Table 8.3.4.6 and the SS configures a traffic channel.
- 5) The start of T1 is TTI aligned.
- 6) The SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 7) At the T1-T2 transition, the SS shall switch the power of cell 2 as in Table 8.3.4.6.
- 8) The UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C.
- 9) The SS shall transmit a HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message with activation time "now" and indicating the traffic channel of the target GSM cell to the UE through DCCH of the serving UTRAN cell. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI, containing the HANDOVER command.
- 10) The UE shall transmit a burst on the traffic channel of cell 2 implying that it has switched to the GSM cell. The UE sends a HANDOVER ACCESS message. If the UE transmits access bursts on the new DCCH of the target cell less than 90 ms from the beginning of time period T3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 11)At the end of T3 SS shall end the call and UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 12)Repeat step 1-11 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 6):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
5	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	Not Tresent
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	0
	-
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	FALSE
- UTRAN estimated quality	GSM
- CHOICE system	
- Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting	FALSE
indicator	FALOF
- GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	lates DAT as a summer and as a still a suitable
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	
-Parameters required for each event	1 Funct 20
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Active (for all three patterns specified in
	table 8.3.4.3)

HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message (step 9):

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type (10.2.15)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
-Activation time	
-Activation time RB information elements	now
-RAB information list	1
-RAB Info	1
	0000 0001B
- RAB identity	The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the RAB identity.
- CN domain identity	CS domain
- NAS Synchronization Indicator	Not present
- Re-establishment timer	Use T315
Other information elements	
-CHOICE System type	GSM
-Frequency Band	Set to "GSM/ PCS 1900" if GSM/ PCS 1900 is used in this test. Otherwise set to "GSM/DCS 1800 Band" Single GSM message
-GIOICE GOM Message	Single Gow message
-Single GSM message	GSM HANDOVER COMMAND formatted and coded according to GSM specifications as BIT STRING (1512). The first/ leftmost/ most significant bit of the bit string contains bit 8 of the first octet of the GSM message. The contents of the HANDOVER COMMAND see next table.

HANDOVER COMMAND

Information Element (GSM)	Value/remark	Version
Protocol Discriminator	RR Management.	
Skip Indicator	0000	
Message Type	00101011	
Cell Description		
 Network Colour Code 	1	
 Base station Colour Code 	5	
- BCCH Carrier Number	BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial	
	conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25]	
	for the GSM band under test.	
Channel Description 2		
 Channel Type and TDMA offset 	TCH/F + ACCHs	
- Timeslot Number	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house, but not Zero.	
- Training Sequence Code	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	
- Hopping	Single RF channel.	
- ARFCN	BCCH ARFCN of cell A as defined in the initial	
	conditions in clause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 [25]	
	for the GSM band under test.	
Handover Reference		
 Handover Reference Value 	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	
Power Command and ACCESS Type		
- ATC	0	
- EPC_mode	0	REL-5
- FPC	0	R99 and
		REL-4 only
- EPC_FPC	0	REL-5
- Power level	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	
Synchronization Indication	Not present.	
Channel Mode	speech full rate or half rate version 1	
All other information elements	Not present.	1

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter-RAT test cases

This message is common for all inter RAT-frequency test cases and is described in Annex I.

8.3.4.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.4.6: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)			
Falailletei	Onic	T1	T2, T3		
Absolute RF Channel Number		conditions in cla	f cell A as defined in the initial ause 26.6.5.1 of TS 51.010-1 a GSM band under test.		
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-74		

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

8.3.5.1 One frequency present in neighbour list

8.3.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.6 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

If a cell has been detectable at least $T_{identify,intra}$, the cell reselection delay in CELL_FACH state to a cell in the same frequency shall be less than

 $T_{\text{reselection, intra}} = T_{\text{Measurement Period Intra}} + T_{IU} + 20 + T_{SI} + T_{RA} \text{ ms}$

where

 $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ = 200 ms.

 T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 T_{SI} = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

 T_{RA} = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. T_{RA} is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 clause 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore T_{RA} in this test case is 40 ms.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.1 and A.5.5.1.

8.3.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in the single carrier case

8.3.5.1.4 Method of test

8.3.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.1.1 to 8.3.5.1.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.5.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Se – Persister	rvice Class (ASC#0) nce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
T1		S	15	
T2		S	15	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b(Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD))

Table 8.3.5.1.2: void

Table 8.3.5.1.3:void

Table 8.3.5.1.4: Cell specific conditions for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	1	Ce	ell 2	Cell 3		Cel	4	Ce	II 5	Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	inel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-'	10	-	10	-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	12	-	12	-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	12	-	12	-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-'	15	-	15	-15		-15		-15		-15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	-12		-12		-12	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	295	-1.	295	-1.2	95	-1.2	95	-1.2	295	-1.2	95
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.2	27	0.2	27	0.:	27	0.2	:7
Îor (Note 1)	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.	73	-69.	73	-69	.73	-69.	73
· · ·	dBm/3.8 4 MHz		-70						•				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	3	-23		-23		-2	3
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_r eselection_quality_m easure		CPICH	IE₀/N₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _o /N ₀		CPICH E ₀ /N ₀		-	ICH ∕N₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-:	20	-20		-20		-20		-2	0
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-1	15	-115		-115		-115		-11	5
UE_TXPWR_MAX_R ACH	dBm	2	1	21		21		21		2	1	21	I
Qoffset 2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, (C1, (C1, (C1, (C1, (C1, (C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		: 0 C3, C2: 0 : 0 C3, C4: 0 : 0 C3, C5: 0		C3, C2: 0 C4, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C4, C3: 0 C3, C5: 0 C4, C5: 0		C5, 0 C5, 0 C5, 0	C1: 0 C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C6: 0	C6, C C6, C C6, C C6, C C6, C	2: 0 3: 0 4: 0
Qhyst	dB	()	0		0		0		()	0	
Treselection	S	()		0	0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	not sent		not sent		not sent		not s	ent
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		not	sent	not sent		not sent		not sent		not	sent	not s	ent

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Note 1 The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with RF parameters set up according to T1 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in the CELL_FACH state on Cell 2 and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 seconds from completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.84 s, then the success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.84 s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.

10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved .

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore the cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.84 s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms). Specific Message Contents
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_FACH

Information Element	Value/remark					
RRC transaction identifier	0					
Activation time	Not Present					
New C-RNTI	0101010101010 B					
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH					

8.3.5.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.5.1.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, one freq. in
neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	1	Ce	ll 2	Ce	ell 3	Cel	4	Cel	5	Cel	16
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Char	nnel 1	Chan	nel 1	Chanı	nel 1	Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.4	-9	.4	-1	0.5	-10	.5	-10	.5	-10	.5
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.4	-11	1.4	-1	2.5	-12	.5	-12	.5	-12	.5
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.4	-11	1.4	-1	2.5	-12	.5	-12	.5	-12	.5
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	1.4	-14	4.4	-1	5.5	-15	.5	-15	.5	-15	5.5
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11	1.4	-11	1.4	-1	2.5	-12	.5	-12	.5	-12	2.5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	52	-1.	.52	-1	.13	-1.1	13	-1.1	3	-1.1	13
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.0	10.4	10.4	7.0	0	.3	0.	3	0.3	3	0.	3
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-6	9.7	-69	.7	-69	.7	-69	.7
I _{oc}	dBm/3 .84 MHz						-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-2	3.5	-23	.5	-23	.5	-23	5.5

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.5.1.4 are unchanged.

- Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.
- Note 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

8.3.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

If a cell has been detectable at least $T_{identify,inter}$, the cell reselection delay in CELL_FACH state to a FDD cell on a different frequency shall be less than

$$T_{reselection, inter} = T_{Measurement inter} + T_{IU} + 20 + T_{SI} + T_{RA} ms$$

where

 $T_{Measurement_inter}$ is 480 ms in this case

 T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 T_{SI} = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

 T_{RA} = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. T_{RA} is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 clause 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore T_{RA} in this test case is 40 ms.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.2 and A.5.5.2.

8.3.5.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in the single carrier case

8.3.5.2.4 Method of test

8.3.5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.2.1 to 8.3.5.2.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms

Table 8.3.5.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Se – Persister	rvice Class (ASC#0) nce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
T1		S	15	
T2		S	15	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)).

Table 8.3.5.2.2:void

Table 8.3.5.2.3:void

Table 8.3.5.2.4: Cell specific conditions for Cell re-selection in CELL_FACH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

UTRA RF Channel Number		T1	T2	T1	II 2 T2	T1	II 3 T2	T1	II 4 T2	T1	II 5 T2	T1	ell 6 T2
		Chan			nel 2	Chan		Char		Chan			nnel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1			10	-1			0	-1			10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1			2	-1			2	-1			12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1			2	-1			2		-12		12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1			15	-1			5	-1			15
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295	-1.2	295
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1.8	2.2	2.2	-1.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-71.85	-67.75	-67.75	-71.85	-76.85	-74.75	-76.85	-74.75	-74.75	-76.85	-74.75	-76.85
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz						-7	0					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-13	-13	-15	-2	0	-2	20	-2	0	-2	20
Propagation Condition							AW	GN					
Cell_selection_													
and_reselection_		CPICH	I E₀/N₀	CPICH	I E _c /N ₀	CPICH	I E₀/N₀	CPICH	I E₀/N₀	CPICH	I E₀/N₀	CPICH	Η E₀/N₀
quality_measure													
Qqualmin	dB	-2	0	-2	20	-2	0	-2	20	-2	0	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	15	-1	15	-11	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	21
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C C1, C C1, C C1, C C1, C	C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0	C2, (C2, (C2, (C1: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C3, C C3, C C3, C C3, C C3, C C3, C	C2: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0	C4, 0 C4, 0 C4, 0 C4, 0 C4, 0 C4, 0	C2: 0 C3: 0 C5: 0	C5, C C5, C C5, C C5, C C5, C	C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0	C6, (C6, (C6, (C1: 0 C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	Ċ			C	Ċ)	Ċ			0
Treselection	S	C		()	C)	()	C)		0
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent
Sintersearch	dB	nots	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent
IE "FACH Measurement		se	nt		ent	se	nt		nt	Se	nt		ent
occasion info"		se	nı	Se	fil	se	ni	SE	m	36	ent	Se	int
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3	3	3	3	3	3	(3	3	3		3
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		TR	UE	TR	UE	TR	UE	TR	UE	TR	UE	TR	UE
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FAL	.SE	FAL	_SE	FAL	.SE	FAL	SE	FAL	.SE	FAI	LSE

8.3.5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in the CELL_FACH state on Cell 2 and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 seconds from completion of step3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 2.14 s, then the success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 2.14 s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.

10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore the cell re-selection delay shall be less than 2.14 s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms).
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_FACH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
New C-RNTI	0101010101010 B
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH

8.3.5.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.5.2.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL_FACH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	ll 2	Ce	II 3	Ce	II 4	Ce	II 5	Ce	ll 6
		T1	T2										
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chann	nel 1	Chann	iel 2	Chann	el 1	Chann	iel 1	Chann	iel 2	Chann	el 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9).4	-9).4	-1(0.7	-1	0.7	-1(0.7	-1(0.7
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-1	1.4	-1:	2.7	-12	2.7	-1:	2.7	-1:	2.7
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-1	1.4	-1:	2.7	-12	2.7	-1:	2.7	-1:	2.7
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	4.4	-14	4.4	-1	5.7	-1:	5.7	-1	5.7	-1	5.7
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-1	1.4	-1:	2.7	-12	2.7	-1:	2.7	-1:	2.7
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	.52	-1.	.52	-1.	.08	-1.	.08	-1.	.08	-1.	08
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-1.80	+4.64	+4.64	-1.80	-6.80	-3.16	-6.80	-3.16	-3.16	-6.80	-3.16	-6.80
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-71.8	-67.0	-67.0	-71.8	-76.8	-74.8	-76.8	-74.8	-74.8	-76.8	-74.8	-76.8
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.6	-71.6	-70.0	-70.0	-71.6	-70.0	-71.6	-71.6	-70.0	-71.6	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-14.4	-11.6	-11.6	-14.4	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.5.2.4 are unchanged.

- Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.
- Note 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.5.3 Cell Reselection to GSM

8.3.5.3.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE starts to transmit the random access in Cell 2 (the GSM cell).

This requirements and this test apply to UE supporting FDD PS and GSM GPRS.

8.3.5.3.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than $5.5 + T_{RA}$ s.

The rate of correct reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed

 $T_{\text{reselection, GSM}} = T_{\text{identify,GSM}} + T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} + 40 + T_{\text{BCCH}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$

where:	
T _{identify,GSM}	Specified in TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.4.2.5.2.1, here it is 2880 ms
T _{measurement, GSM}	Specified in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.5.2.1.4, here it is 640 ms
T _{BCCH}	According to TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases, the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.
T_{RA}	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure in the GSM cell, is 10 ms (2 GSM radio frames).

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.4 and A.5.5.3.

8.3.5.3.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state.

8.3.5.3.4 Method of test

8.3.5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.3.1 to 8.3.5.3.5. This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UTRAN cell and the GSM cell are set to belong to different location areas. The GSM cell shall be set up to allow UE to transmit radio access burst in every GSM radio frame. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 6 GSM cells.

Table 8.3.5.3.1: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
HCS	•			Not used
Neighbour cell list size			24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1		S	5	
T2		S	10	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)).

Table 8.3.5.3.2: void

Table 8.3.5.3.3: void

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	295
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-5
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-7	0
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85
Propagation Condition		AW	GN
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH	l Ec/lo
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C	C2: 0
Qhyst1	dB	()
Treselection	S	0)
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	Not	sent
IE 'FACH Measurement occasion info'		Se	ent
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3	3
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		FAL	SE
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FAL	SE
Inter-RAT measurement indicators		Inclu	Ided
>RAT type		GS	SM

Table 8.3.5.3.5: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFC	N 1
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	

8.3.5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-2 with RF parameters set up according to T1 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.8 to place the UE in CELL_FACH and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 5 seconds from completion of step3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.

- 5) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 5.51 s (=5.5 s + $T_{RA}s$) from the beginning of time period T2 then a success is recorded and the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 10s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After 10 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.6.

8) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE on cell 1. The SS completes the routing area update procedure in UTRA.

9) Repeat step 4) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.3.5.3.5 Test requirements

			
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.309	-1.282
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0.3	-5.3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-7	0
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.8	-16.5
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-79.6	-85.4
Propagation Condition		AW	GN
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH	I Ec/lo
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, 0	C2: 0
Qhyst1	dB	()
Treselection	S	()
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	Not	sent
IE 'FACH Measurement occasion info'		Se	ent
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3	3
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		FALSE	
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FALSE	
Inter-RAT measurement indicators		Inclu	uded
>RAT type		GS	SM

Table 8.3.5.3.6: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1) Test Requirements

Table 8.3.5.3.7: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2) Test Requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)					
		T1	T2				
Absolute RF Channel Number		BCCH ARFCN of cell A as conditions in clause 26.6.5 the GSM band under test.					
RXLEV	dBm	-91	-74				
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-1	04				
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33					

NOTE 1: CPICH_Ec/Io and CPICH_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH

8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

8.3.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

TevaluateFDDSee table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.TSIMaximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.6.2 and A.5.6.1.

8.3.6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.6.1.4 Method of test

8.3.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.6.1.1 to 8.3.6.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.6.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH, one freq. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
		1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.	
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2	T2 s 15		15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.3.6.1.2: Cell specific test	parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Ce	Cell 3 Cell 4			Ce	II 5	Cell 6			
		T1	T1 T2 T1 T2		T1	T1 T2 T1 T2		T1 T2		T1 T2			
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nnel 1	Char	nnel 1	Chan	nel 1	Char	nnel 1	Char	nel 1	Char	nnel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	10	-*	10	-1	0	-*	10	-1	0	-1	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-*	12	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	-1	12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-*	12	-1	2	-	12	-1	2	-*	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15	-*	15	-1	5		15	-1	5	-1	15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941	-0.	941	-0.9	941	-0.	941	-0.9	941	-0.	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz						-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	23	-2	23	-2	23	-2	23
Propagation Condition							AW	'GN					
Cell_selection_and_reselection _quality_measure		CPICH	H E₀/N₀	CPICH	H E₀/N₀	CPICH	IE₀/N₀	CPIC	H E _c /N ₀	CPICH	IE _c /N ₀	CPICH	H E₀/N₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	1	2	21	2	1	2	21	2	1	2	21
		C1, (C2: 0	C2,	C1: 0	C3, 0	C1: 0	C4,	C1: 0	C5, 0	C1: 0	C6, 0	C1: 0
		C1, (C3: 0		C3: 0	C3, 0			C2: 0	C5, 0			C2: 0
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, (C4: 0		C4: 0		C4: 0	C4,	C3: 0	C5, 0	C3: 0	C6, 0	C3: 0
			C5: 0		C5: 0	C3, (C5: 0		C5: 0		C4: 0	C6, 0	C4: 0
		C1, (C6: 0	C2,	C6: 0	C3, 0	C6: 0	C4,	C6: 0	C5, 0	C6: 0	C6, 0	C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	(0		0	0 0		0		0			
Treselection	S	(0		0	(0 0		0	0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not	sent	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.6.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the CELL_PCH state on Cell 2 and then the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.1.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.6.1.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.

10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 'Default settings (FDD)'

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

8.3.6.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.6.1.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	C	ell 1	Ce	Cell 2		ll 3	Cel	4	Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chann	nel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5 -12.5		-12.5		-12.5			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4	-14.4		-15.5 -15.5		-15.5		-15.5		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10		-1.10		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	- 63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7		-69.7		-69.7		-69.7	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz		-70										
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	- 15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5	

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.6.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

8.3.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.6.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

T _{evaluateFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by
	the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.6.2 and A.5.6.2.

8.3.6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.6.2.4 Method of test

8.3.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.6.2.1 to 8.3.6.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms.

Table 8.3.6.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.3.6.2.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CEL	LL_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce T1	Cell 1 Cell 2 T1 T2 T1 T2		Ce T1	Cell 3 Cell 4 T1 T2 T1 T2		Cell 5 T1 T2		Cell 6 T1 T2			
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan		Chan		Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 2	Char	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1		-1		-1	0	-1	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 1)}$	dBm	-73.39	-67.75	-67.75	-73.39	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz						-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-2	20
Propagation Condition		_					AW	'GN					
Cell_selection_and_reselection _quality_measure		CPICH	IE₀/N₀	CPICH	IE _c /N ₀	CPICH	I E _c /N ₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH	I E _c /N ₀	CPICH	Η E _c /N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1		-1	15	-11	15	-11	15	-1 <i>°</i>	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	:1
		C1, (C2, (C3, C		C4, C		C5, C			C1: 0
		C1, (C2, (C3, C		C4, C		C5, C			C2: 0
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, (C4: 0	C3, C		C4, C		C5, C			C3: 0
		C1, (C2, (C3, C		C4, C		C5, C			C4: 0
		C1, C	C6: 0	C2, (C6: 0	C3, C	26: 0	C4, C	26: 0	C5, C	26: 0		C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	()	()	C)	C)	C)		0
Treselection	S	. ())	C	•	C	•	C	•		C
Sintrasearch	dB	not		not		not		not		not			sent
Sintersearch	dB	not :	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent

Note 1 The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.6.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.6.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A RRC connection is set up according the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in CELL_PCH state on cell 2. The SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 30 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 11)Steps 5 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.82s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info - Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 'Default settings (FDD)'

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

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8.3.6.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.6.2.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Ce	ll 2	Ce	ell 3	Ce	II 4	Ce	ell 5	Ce	ell 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number	Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	9.3	-9.3		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3		-11.3 -12.8		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3		-11.3 -12.8		2.8	-12.8		-12.8		-12.8		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	4.3	-14.3		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.13	-1.13		-0	.77	-0.	77	-0	.77	-0.	.77
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.6.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH

8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

8.3.7.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.7.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

T _{evaluateFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received
	by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.7.2 and A.5.7.1.

8.3.7.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.7.1.4 Method of test

8.3.7.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.7.1.1 to 8.3.7.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. In System Information Block Type 2 cell1 and cell 2 URA identity is set to a different value.

Table 8.3.7.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH, one freq. in neighbour list

	Parameter		Parameter		Parameter Unit		Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2					
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6					
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1					
SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE 2 - URA identity list - URA identity		-	0000 0000 0000 0001(B) (Cell 1) 0000 0000 0000 0010(B) (Cell 2)					
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.				
HCS				Not used				
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.				
DRX cycle length		S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.				
Τ1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.				
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.				

Table 8.3.7.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3		II 3	Ce	ell 4	Cell 5		Cell 6			
		T1 T2		T1	T2	T1 T2		T1	T1 T2		T1 T2		T1 T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number	UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		nel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	10	-10		-10		-1	10	-1	0	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-12		-	12	-*	2	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-	12	-^	2	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15	-1	15	-15		-	15	-^	5	-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0,9	941	-0,9	-0,941 -0,941		-0,941		-0,941		-0,941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7,3	10,27	10,27	7,3	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-69.73	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz						-7	70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	23	-2	23	-2	23	-2	23	
Propagation Condition		—		AV		/GN								
Cell_selection_and_reselection _quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀		H E _c /N ₀ CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀ CF		CPIC	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		H E₀/N₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2	1	21		21		2	21		21		21	
		C1, 0	C2: 0	C2, (C1: 0	C3, 0	C1: 0	C4,	C1: 0	C5, 0	C1: 0	C6,	C1: 0	
		C1, (C3: 0		C3: 0		C2: 0		C2: 0		C2: 0		C2: 0	
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB		C4: 0		C4: 0		C4: 0		C3: 0		C3: 0		C3: 0	
			C5: 0		C5: 0		C5: 0		C5: 0		C4: 0		C4: 0	
		C1, C6: 0		C2, 0	C6: 0	C3, 0	C6: 0	C4,	C6: 0	C5, 0	C6: 0	C6, C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	0		(C	0		0		0		0		
Treselection	S	. ()	0		0		0		0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

Note 1 The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.7.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.7.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the URA_PCH state on Cell 2 and then the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.1.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of another 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.7.1.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.

10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	URA PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

Contents of URA UPDATE CONFIRM message for URA_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
RRC state indicator	URA_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
URA identity	000000000000010 B

8.3.7.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95 % of the cases.

Table 8.3.7.1.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state, one freq. in					
neighbour list					

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Ce	ll 2	Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 4 Cel		5 Cel	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF		_											
Channel		Chann	iel 1	Chann	el 1	Channe	el 1	Chann	əl 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1
Number		_											
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10		-1.10		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7		-69.7		-69.7		-69.7	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-					-7	70					
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5	

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.7.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

8.3.7.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.7.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

TevaluateFDD	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by
	the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.7.2 and A.5.7.2.

8.3.7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.7.2.4 Method of test

8.3.7.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.7.2.1 to 8.3.7.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. In System Information Block Type 2 in cell 1 and cell 2 URA identity is set to different value.

Table 8.3.7.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Initial condition	Active cell Cell2		Cell1	
SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE 2 - URA identity list - URA identity		-	0000 0000 0000 0001(B) (Cell 1) 0000 0000 0000 0010(B) (Cell 2)	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle length		S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Τ1		s 30		T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.3.7.2.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_	_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list
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Parameter	Unit	Ce T1	ll 1 T2	Ce T1	II 2 T2	Ce T1	II 3 T2	Ce T1	I 4 T2	Cel T1	II 5 T2	Ce T1	ell 6 T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nel 1	Char	nel 2	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 1	Chan	nel 2	Char	nnel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	10	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	15	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941	-0.9	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	-73.39	-67.75	-67.75	-73.39	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-74.75	-77.39	-74.75	-77.39
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz						-7	' 0					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-2	20
Propagation Condition							AW	'GN					
Cell_selection_and_reselection _quality_measure		CPICH	IE _c /N ₀	CPICH	IE₀/N₀	CPICH	I E _c /N ₀	CPICH	E_c/N_0	CPICH	I E _c /N ₀	CPICH	H E₀/N₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	20	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm		15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	2		2		2		2		2		2	21
		C1, 0			C1: 0	C3, 0		C4, C		C5, C			C1: 0
		C1, (C2, (C3, (C4, C		C5, C			C2: 0
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB		C4: 0		C4: 0	C3, (C4, C		C5, C			C3: 0
			C5: 0		C5: 0	C3, 0		C4, C		C5, C			C4: 0
		C1, C	C6: 0	C2, 0	C6: 0	C3, (26:0	C4, C	56: 0	C5, C	56:0		C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	. ()	()	()	()	C)		0
Treselection	S	. (ر)	. (•	(·	C	•		0
Sintrasearch	dB	not			sent	not		not		not			sent
Sintrasearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent

Note 1 The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.7.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.7.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in URA_PCH state on cell 2. The SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 30 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 11)Steps 5 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.82s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	URA PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

Contents of URA UPDATE CONFIRM message for URA_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
RRC state indicator	URA_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
URA identity	000000000000010 B

8.3.7.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.3.7.2.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	II 2	Ce	II 3	Ce	II 4	Ce	II 5	Ce	II 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF		-											
Channel		Char	nnel 1	Chan	inel 2	Char	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Char	nel 2	Char	nel 2
Number													
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9).3	-9	.3	-1(D.8	-1(D.8	-1(D.8	-1(D.8
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.3	-11	1.3	-12	2.8	-12	2.8	-12	2.8	-12	2.8
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.3	-11	1.3	-12	2.8	-12	2.8	-12	2.8	-12	2.8
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1-	4.3	-14	4.3	-1	5.8	-1	5.8	-1	5.8	-15	5.8
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.13	-1.	13	-0.	77	-0.	77	-0.	77	-0.	77
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.7.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4 RRC Connection Control

8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay

8.4.1.1 Test 1

8.4.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ($T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements of this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.4.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

The Re-establishment delay T_{RE-ESTABLISH} to a known cell shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{\text{RE-ESTABLISH}} = T_{\text{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH}} + T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-KNOWN}}.$

where

 $T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} = 160ms + (N_{313}-1)*10ms + T_{313}$

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH_REQ-KNOWN} = 50ms + T_{search} + T_{SI} + T_{RA}$,

N ₃₁₃ =	20
T ₃₁₃ =	0s
$T_{search} =$	100ms
$T_{RA} =$	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.
T _{SI}	is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms). 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 1820ms, allow 1.9s in the test case.

8.4.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

- 8.4.1.1.4 Method of test
- 8.4.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.4.1.1, table 8.4.1.1A, and table 8.4.1.2 below. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. And DRX cycle length shall be 1280ms. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consist of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL and UL Reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell, Initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, Final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall only include intra frequency neighbours. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
Cell 2			Included in the monitored set
T _{SI}	ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system infomation blocks.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

Table 8.4.1.1 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 1

Table 8.4.1.1.A Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1
--

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2					
		ТО	ТО					
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1	1					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15					
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-infinity					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	2.39	-infinity					
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-7	0					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-infinty					
Propagation Condition	Propagation Condition AWGN							
Note 1: The DPCH leve								
Note 2: The power of th	e OCNS chanr	nel that is added shall make the total	power from the cell to be equal to					
l _{or} .								

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Ce	ll 2		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
Cell Frequency	ChNr		1 1		1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	12	-'	12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15			
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-Infinity	Not applicable			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2 -0.941 -0.941			941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	2,39	-Infinity	4,39	0,02		
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-7	0			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	-'	13		
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to							
I _{or} .							

 Table 8.4.1.2 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1

8.4.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters.
- 4) The RF parameters are setup according to T1.
- 5) 10 s after step4 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 6) If the UE responds on cell 2 within 2.1 s from the beginning of time period T2 with a CELL_UPDATE command then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7) SS shall transmit a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message to make the UE transit to idle mode.
- 8) After 6 seconds from the beginning of time period T2, the RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 9) The SS shall wait for 30s to make the UE complete cell reselection to cell1.

10)Repeat step 3-9 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks is defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 2060ms (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 2.1s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

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8.4.1.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.1.2 Test 2

8.4.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ($T_{UE-E-ESTABLISH-REQ}$) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements of this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.4.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{\text{RE-ESTABLISH}} = T_{\text{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH}} + T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}}.$

where

 $T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} = 160ms + (N_{313}-1)*10ms + T_{313}$

 $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}} = 50 \text{ms} + T_{\text{search}} * \text{NF} + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}},$

N ₃₁₃ =	20
T ₃₁₃ =	Os
T _{search} =	800ms
NF	is the number of different frequencies in the monitored set. 3 frequencies are assumed in this test case.
$T_{RA} =$	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.
T _{SI}	is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms).1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 4120ms, allow 4.2s in the test case.

8.4.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.4.1.2.4 Method of test

8.4.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.4.1.3 and table 8.4.1.4 below. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. And DRX cycle length shall be 1280ms. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Table 8.4.1.3 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL and UL Reference measurement channel 12.2	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
		kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell, initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall include 2 additional frequencies. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
Cell 2			Cell 2 is not included in the monitored set. Cell 2 is located on one of the 2 additional frequencies of the monitored set.
T _{SI}	ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system infomation blocks.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

Table 8.4.1.4 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	С	ell 1	Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
Cell Frequency	ChNr		1	2)		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15 -15			5		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1 -Infinity Not applicable		licable			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3,35	-Infinity	-Infinity	0,02		
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	-Infinity	-13		
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
Note 1: The DPCH level is Note 2: The power of the C				I power from the ce	ell to be equal to		

8.4.1.2.4.2 Procedure

1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.

- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters.
- 4) 10 s after step3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 5) If the UE responds on cell 2 within 4.4 s from the beginning of time period T2 with a CELL_UPDATE command then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) SS shall transmit a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message to make the UE transit to idle mode.
- 7) After 6 seconds the RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 8) The SS shall wait for 30s to make the UE complete cell reselection to cell1.
- 9) Repeat step 3-8 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks is defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520msms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 4360ms (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 4.4s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.4.1.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2 Random Access

8.4.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK

8.4.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

8.4.2.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall have capability to calculate initial power according to the open loop algorithm and apply this power level at the first preamble and increase the power on additional preambles. The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall have an accuracy as specified in table 6.3 of TS 25.101 [1]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall be -30 dBm with an accuracy as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1]. The accuracy is \pm 9dB in the case of normal condition or \pm 12dB in the case of extreme condition.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is ± 2 dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1]. The test requirement of the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is ± 2 dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between 10^{th} preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P p-m in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor β_d is set to 15. The temporary gain factor β_c is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.1.

8.4.2.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements and that the PRACH power settings are within specified limits.

8.4.2.1.4 Method of test

8.4.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1 in the case of the PRACH power measurement. And in the case of the function test of the random access procedure, connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table 8.4.2.1.1: RF Parameters for Random Access test

The test parameters "System Information Block (SIB) type 5 (ASC #0)" defined in clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be used in all random access tests (see note). Crucial parameters for the test requirements are repeated in tables 8.4.2.1.2 and A.8.4.3.1.3 and these overrule the parameters defined in SIB type 5.

NOTE: A parameter of AC-to-ASC mapping(AC0-9) in SIB5 of clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3] shall be set to 0 in the case of all random access tests. The EFACC of Type A, which is specified in clause 8.3.2.15 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be selected.

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class		
(ASC#0)		
	01	1
- Persistence value		
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M _{max}).		
Maximum number of		12
preambles in one preamble		
ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T_{B01}	ms	N/A
N _{B01min=} N _{B01max}	#TTI	10
Power step when no	dD	3
Power step when no	dB	3
acquisition indicator is received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the	ub	0
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)		
Maximum allowed UL TX	DBm	21
power		21
power		

 Table 8.4.2.1.2: UE parameters for Random Access test

Table 8.4.2.1.3: SS parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power	dB	-10
control (Constant value)		
AICH Power Offset	dB	0

8.4.2.1.4.2 Procedure

1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an ACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS

2) Measure the first PRACH preamble output power, the each power difference for preamble ramping and the power difference between 10^{th} preamble PRACH and message part of the UE according to annex B.

3) Measure the number of the preamble part and the message part by using a spectrum analyzer.

8.4.2.1.5 Test requirements

The accuracy of the first preamble as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1] shall not be verified in this test. It is verified under the section 5.4.1, Open loop power control.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is ± 3 dB. The test requirement of the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part (control + data) is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is ± 3 dB

	Power different preambles	ence for all		etween 10th preamble ge part (control+data)
Test requirement	3dB	±3 dB	3dB	±3 dB

- Table 8.4.2.1.4:

 Test requirement for power difference
- NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P p-m in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor β_d is set to 15. The temporary gain factor β_c is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table 8.4.2.1.5: RF Parameters for Random Access test

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

8.4.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer T_{B01} expires.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the SS. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.2.

8.4.2.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements.

8.4.2.2.4 Method of test

8.4.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

8.4.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an NACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS
- 2) Measure the number of the preamble part and the time delay between 10th preamble in the first ramping cycle and first preamble in the second ramping cycle by using a spectrum analyzer.

8.4.2.2.5 Test requirements

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer T_{B01} expires.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the SS. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

8.4.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

8.4.2.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.3.

8.4.2.3.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements.

8.4.2.3.4 Method of test

8.4.2.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

8.4.2.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2, and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that SS shall transmit no AICH.
- 2) Measure the number of the preamble part by using a spectrum analyzer.

8.4.2.3.5 Test requirements

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

8.4.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321[13]. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303 [12].

8.4.2.4.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power, which is specified in Table 8.4.2.4.1 and configured by the SS, with more than the accuracy tolerances as defined in section 6.5 of TS 25.133 [2].

Section 6.5 of TS25.133 [2] states that for UE output powers that are outside the range covered by the UE transmitted power measurement the UE output power shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX Power with more than the tolerances specified for the Open loop power control in TS 25.101 [1] section 6.4.1.

No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

8.4.2.4.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the PRACH power behavior when reaching Maximum allowed UL TX power is correct.

8.4.2.4.4 Method of test

8.4.2.4.4.1 Initial condition

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Table 8.4.2.4.1: UE parameters for correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class		
(ASC#0)		
	01	1
- Persistence value		
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M _{max}).		
Maximum number of		12
preambles in one preamble		
ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T_{B01}	ms "TT!	N/A
N _{B01min=} N _{B01max}	#TTI	10
Power step when no	dB	3
acquisition indicator is		
received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the		
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)	a ====	
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	0
power		

8.4.2.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.4.1 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that SS shall transmit no AICH.
- 2) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 8.4.2.1.4.
- 3) Measure all PRACH preamble output power of the UE according to annex B.

8.4.2.4.5 Test requirements

The UE shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the SS with more than the tolerance specified in Table 8.4.2.4.2.

Table 8.4.2.4.2: Test requirement for maximum preamble power

3m ±	10 dB
	3m ±

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE

8.4.3.1 Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps

8.4.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.4 in TS25.321 [13]. This in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. Transport format combination selection is described in section 11.4 of TS 25.321 [13].

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99, Release 4, Release 5 and later releases.

8.4.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Elimination, Recovery* and *Blocking* criteria defined below, how TFCs on an uplink DPDCH can be used for the purpose of TFC selection. The evaluation shall be performed for every TFC in the TFCS using the estimated UE transmit power of a given TFC. The UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC shall be made using the UE transmitted power measured over the measurement period, defined in 9.1.6.1 of TS 25.133 [2] as one slot, and the gain factors of the corresponding TFC.

The UE shall consider the *Elimination* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC is greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X out of the last Y successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Excess-Power state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bit rate for each logical channel to upper layers within T_{notify} from the moment the *Elimination* criterion was detected.

The UE shall consider the *Recovery* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for the last Z successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Supported state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within T_{notify} from the moment the *Recovery* criterion was detected.

The evaluation of the *Elimination* criterion and the *Recovery* criterion shall be performed at least once per radio frame.

The definitions of the parameters X,Y and Z which shall be used when evaluating the *Elimination* and the *Recovery* criteria when no compressed mode patterns are activated are given in Table 8.4.3.1.1.

Table 8.4.3.1.1: X, Y, Z parameters for TFC selection

Х	Y	Z
15	30	30

The UE shall consider the *Blocking* criterion for a given TFC to be fulfilled at the latest at the start of the longest uplink TTI after the moment at which the TFC will have been in Excess-Power state for a duration of:

$$(T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1_proc})$$

where:

T_{notify} equals 15 ms

 T_{modify} equals MAX(T_{adapt_max}, T_{TTI})

T_{L1 proc} equals 15 ms

T_{adapt_max} equals MAX(T_{adapt_1}, T_{adapt_2}, ..., T_{adapt_N})

N equals the number of logical channels that need to change rate

For Release 99 and Release 4, T_{adapt_n} equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. Table 8.4.3.1.2 defines T_{adapt} times for different services. For services where no codec is used T_{adapt} shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms.

Service	T _{adapt} [ms]
UMTS AMR	40
UMTS AMR2	60

Table 8.4.3.1.2: Tadapt

For Release 5 and later releases T_{adapt_n} equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. For services where no codec is used T_{adapt} shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms. For services where either UMTS_AMR2 or UMTS_AMR_WB is used, Tadapt shall be considered to be equal to the time required to switch from the current codec mode to a new supported codec mode. In that case Tadapt equals 20 ms + 40 ms per codec mode switch. E.g. Tadapt equals 60ms if one codec mode switch is necessary and Tadapt equals 140ms if 3 codec mode switches are necessary.

 T_{TTI} equals the longest uplink TTI of the selected TFC (ms).

The Maximum UE transmitter power is defined as follows

Maximum UE transmitter power = MIN(Maximum allowed UL TX Power, UE maximum transmit power)

where

Maximum allowed UL TX Power is set by SS and defined in TS 25.331 [8], and

UE maximum transmit power is defined by the UE power class, and specified in TS 25.101 [1].

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.4.2 and A.6.4.1.

8.4.3.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose is to verify the UE blocks (stops using) a currently used TFC when the UE output power is not sufficient to support that TFC. The test will verify the general requirement on TFC selection in section 8.4.3.1.2 for a RAB intended for packet data services, i.e. Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64kbps as defined in TS 34.108 [3].

8.4.3.1.4 Method of test

8.4.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Tables 8.4.3.1.3, 8.4.3.1.4, 8.4.3.1.5 and 8.4.3.1.6 below. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Details on the UL reference RAB in table 8.4.3.1.3 and 8.4.3.1.4 can be found in TS 34.108 [3] section "Interactive or background / UL:64 DL: 64 kbps / PS RAB + UL:3.4 DL:3.4 kbps SRBs for DCCH".

Table 8.4.3.1.3: UL reference RAB	, Interactive or Background
-----------------------------------	-----------------------------

	TFI	64 kbps RAB (20ms TTI)	DCCH 3.4kbps (40ms TTI)
TFS	TF0, bits	0x336	0x148
	TF1, bits	1x336	1x148
	TF2, bits	2x336	N/A
	TF3, bits	3x336	N/A
	TF4, bits	4x336	N/A

TFCI	(64 kbps RAB, DCCH)
UL_TFC0	(TF0, TF0)
UL_TFC1	(TF0, TF1)
UL_TFC2	(TF1, TF0)
UL_TFC3	(TF1, TF1)
UL_TFC4	(TF2, TF0)
UL_TFC5	(TF2, TF1)
UL_TFC6	(TF3, TF0)
UL_TFC7	(TF3, TF1)
UL_TFC8	(TF4, TF0)
UL_TFC9	(TF4, TF1)

Table 8.4.3.1.4: UL TFCI

Table 8.4.3.1.5: General test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
TFCS size		10	
TFCS		UL_TFC0, UL_TFC1, UL_TFC2, UL_TFC3, UL_TFC4, UL_TFC5, UL_TFC6, UL_TFC7, UL_TFC8, UL_TFC9	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	21	
ТО	S	10	
T1	S	30	
T2	S	10	
Propagation condition		AWGN	

Table 8.4.3.1.6: Cell specific test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
		Т0	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		C	hannel	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note 2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB		0	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB		-13	
Propagation Condition			AWGN	
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop				
Note 2 : The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor .				

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow uplink transmission at the highest bit rate (UL_TFC8 or UL_TFC9) during the entire test and it shall be ensured that the UE is using UL_TFC8 or UL_TFC9 at the end of T1.

8.4.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 with T0 parameters defined in table 8.4.3.1.6.
- 2) The UE is switched on.

- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3, using the test procedure to setup a PS call using the parameters defined in tables 8.4.3.1.3, 8.4.3.1.4 and 8.4.3.1.5
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) For T1=30 secs the SS shall command the UE output power to be between 14 and 15 dB below the UE Maximum allowed UL Tx power (table 8.4.3.1.5).
- 6) The SS shall start sending continuously TPC_cmd=1 to the UE for T2=10 secs (see NOTE).
- 7) The time from the beginning of T2 until the UE blocks (stops using) UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9 shall be measured by the SS. The UE shall stop using UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9 within 140 ms from beginning of time period T2. A success is counted, if theUE stops within 140ms. An error is counted otherwise.
- 8) Repeat steps 5-7 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE: This will emulate that UL_TFC8 to UL_TFC9 can not be supported because the UE reaches the maximum UL Tx power and still SS is sending power-up commands.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
 Intra-frequency measurement objects list 	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FDD
-CFICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH ECNO reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	FALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	TAEGE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Not Procent
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	· · ·
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

8.4.3.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics

8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing

8.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmit timing is defined as the timing of the uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame relative to the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame from the reference cell. The reference point is the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA of the FDD UE.

8.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to ± 1.5 chips. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the time when the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame is received from the reference cell plus T₀ chips. T₀ is defined in TS25.211 [19].

When the UE is not in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the one the UE has in the active set. The cell, which is selected as a reference cell, shall remain as a reference cell even if other cells are added to the active set. In case that the reference cell is removed from the active set the UE shall start adjusting its transmit timing no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account.

The UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according the received downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. The maximum amount of the timing change in one adjustment shall be ¹/₄ chip.

The minimum adjustment rate shall be 233ns per second. The maximum adjustment rate shall be ¹/₄ chip per 200 ms. In particular, within any given 800*d ms period, the UE transmit timing shall not change in excess of $\pm d$ chip from the timing at the beginning of this 800*d ms period, where $0 \le d \le 1/4$.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 7.1.2.

8.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE initial transmit timing accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are within the limits specified in 8.5.1.2.

8.5.1.4 Method of test

8.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For this test, two cells on the same frequency are used.

The reporting of event 1A and event 1B is configured with SIB 11.

1) Connect the test system to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.5
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-10
PCCPH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1. 2
Î _{or,} Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-96
Î _{or,} Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-99
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1		
Propagation condition	A	WGN

Table 8.5.1.1: Test parameters for UE Transmit Timing requirements

8.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. A call is set up with Cell 1 according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.5.1.2.
- 2. After a connection is set up with cell 1, the test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 3. Test system introduces cell 2 into the test system at delay +2 μs from cell 1. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1A.Test system transmits ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information).
- 4. Test system transmits Measurement Control message. Test system verifies that cell 2 is added to the active set.
- 5. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 6. Test system switches Tx timing of cell 2 to a delay of $-2 \,\mu s$ with respect to cell 1.
- 7. Test system verifies cell 2 remains in the active set. SS then sends a Measurement Control message (measurement release for measurement ID 2)
- 8. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 9. Test system stops sending cell 1 signals.
- 10. Void
- 11. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1B, and Test system transmits ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information). Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts no later than the RRC procedure delay after the end of the last TTI, containing the active set update message.. The adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall be according to the requirements in clause 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 12. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 13. Test system starts sending cell 1 signal again with its original timing. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1A.Test system transmits ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information).
- 14. Test system transmits Measurement Control message. Test system verifies that cell 1 is added to the active set. SS then sends a Measurement Control message (measurement release for measurement ID 2).
- 15. Test system verifies that the UE transmit timing is still within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.

16. Test system stops sending cell 2 signals.

- 17. Void.
- 18. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1B, and Test system transmits ACTIVE SET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information). Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts no later than the RRC procedure delay after the end of the last TTI, containing the active set update message. The adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall be according to the requirements in clause 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 19. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Drosent
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity -Filter coefficient	0 FDD
-CHOICE mode	CPICH RSCP
-Measurement quantity	
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	541.05
indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	FDD FALSE
-CPICH EC/No reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost	
	bit of the bit string contains the most significant	
	bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
- Activation time	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
 Radio link addition information 	1	
 Radio link addition information 		
- Primary CPICH info		
 Primary scrambling code 	Same as adding cell	
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	This should be refriected by the IE" Cell	
	synchronisation information" in received	
	MEASUREMENT REPORT message	
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
- DL channelisation code	Not Descent	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
- Spreading factor	128	
- Code number	96 Na andra da angre	
- Scrambling code change	No code change	
- TPC combination index - SSDT Cell Identity	0 Not Present	DOD on a Dal 4
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present	
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE	
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	
- Radio link removal information	Not Present	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.	
 Activation time 	"now".	
- New U-RNTI	Not Present	
CN information elements		
- CN Information info	Not Present	
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
 Maximum allowed UL TX power 	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources		
 Radio link addition information 	Not Present	
 Radio link removal information 	1	
- Primary CPICH info		
 Primary scrambling code 	Same as removing cell	
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	
- SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

Measurement Control message (measurement release)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier - Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	release

8.5.1.5 Test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.4
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-9.9
PCCPH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1.21
Î _{or,} Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-95
Î _{or,} Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-97.7
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1		
Propagation condition	A	WGN

Table 8.5.1.2: Test parameters for UE Transmit Timing requirements

- 1) In step 2, 5. and 8., UE transmit timing offset shall be within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 2) In step 11., the adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall meet the requirements specified in 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 3) In step 12. and 15., UE transmit timing offset shall be within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 4) In step 18., the adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall meet the requirements specified in 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 5) In step 19., UE transmit timing offset shall be within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- NOTE 1: The above Test Requirement differs from the Test Requirement of TS 25.133 [2] clause A7.1.2, from which the requirements for the test system are subtracted to give the above Test Requirement.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6 UE Measurements Procedures

8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements

8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)

8.6.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH $Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB, $SCH_Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB for at least one channel tap and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In the CELL_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells , where $Y_{measurement intra}$ is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2]. If the UE has identified more than $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Intra}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8$ (cells)

 $T_{\text{Measurement Period Intra}} = 200 \text{ ms.}$ The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

 T_{Intra} : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $T_{basic_identify_FDD, intra} = 800$ ms. This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T $_{identify intra}$ defined above.

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{identify_intra}$ and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.1.

8.6.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.1.4 Method of test

8.6.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

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Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.1.1.1 to 8.6.1.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A... The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.6.1.1.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
-		Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	
Т3	S	1	
T4	S	5	

Table 8.6.1.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				С	ell 2		
		T1	T1 T2 T3 T4			T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	0				-10	•
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2				-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2				-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	5				-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	te 1		N	/A	No	ote 1
OCNS			Note 2 -0.941 Note 2					ote 2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	6.97	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	5.97	-Infinity
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	-70	-63.03	-63.03	-70	-Infinity	-64.03	-64.03	-Infinity
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz					-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-14	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		AWGN							
Note 2: The pow Note 3: The nom	CH level is con ver of the OCN ninal Îor values d to be identifie	S channel s, although	that is add not explicit	ed shall n Iy defined	hake the to 1 in 25.133	3 [2] are add			

8.6.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1.3, with cell 1 active.
- 2. The UE is switched on.
- 3. A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4. SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

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- 5. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.1.3.
- 6. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7. During the time period T2 the SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T3' adding cell 2 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3.
- 8. After 6 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T4 in table 8.6.1.1.3.
- 9. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10. After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 9) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T4, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11. Repeat steps 1-10 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	Not Present
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
	Not Present
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	norriegeni
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	0
-W	0 0 dB
-W -Hysteresis	0 dB
-W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	0 dB Not Present
-W -Hysteresis	0 dB

	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Time t	to trigger	0 ms					
-Amou	nt of reporting	Not Present					
-Repor	ting interval	Not present					
-Repor	ting cell status						
- CHO	DICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
		monitored set cells on used frequency					
- Maxi	mum number of reported cells	3					
Physical	channel information elements						
-DPCH co	ompressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
Note 1:	The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained					
	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	1, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,					
	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	RT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in						
	MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						
Note 2:	Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng					

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.1.3: Test requirements	or Event triggered re	eporting in AWGN	propagation conditions
		- I	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					C	ell 2	
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9	.3				-9.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	1.3			-	11.3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	1.3			-	11.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	4.3			-	14.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1		N	/A	N	ote 1
OCNS			Not	e 2		-1	.13	N	ote 2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	0	7.0	7.0	0	-Infinity	6.0	6.0	-Infinity
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-63.0	-63.0	-70	-Infinity	-64.0	-64.0	-Infinity
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz					-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-Infinity	-13.3	-13.3	-Infinity
(Note 3)									
Propagation Condition		AWGN							
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I _{or} . Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.									

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of

8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.1 A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.1 A.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH $Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB, $SCH_Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB for at least one channel tap and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In the CELL_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells , where $Y_{measurement intra}$ is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2]. If the UE has identified more than $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$Y_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Intra}}}{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8 \text{ (cells)}$

 $T_{Measurement Period Intra} = 200 \text{ ms.}$ The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

 T_{Intra} : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $T_{\text{basic_identify}_FDD, intra} = 800 \text{ ms.}$ This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T $_{identify intra}$ defined above.

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{identify_intra}$ and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.1.

8.6.1.1 A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.1 A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.1 A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.1.1 A.1 to 8.6.1.1 A.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.6.1.1 A.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	
T3	S	5	

Table 8.6.1.1 A.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2	
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10	•		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1			N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note 2			-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	-Infinity
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-70	-63.03	-70	-Infinity	-64.03	-Infinity
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
	H level is con						
					otal power from		
						here since the	y are implied and
need to b	e identified so	o that the test	equipment of	an be configu	red.		

8.6.1.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1 A.3.
- 2. The UE is switched on.

- 3. A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4. SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.1 A.3.
- 6. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.6.1.1 A.3.
- 8. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9. After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 10. Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
JE information elements	
RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	00 selectes the celus of MAO I for this
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
 Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator 	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0 0 dB
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0 Not Drocort
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present			
-W	1.0			
-Hysteresis	0 dB			
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present			
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present			
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present			
-Time to trigger	0 ms			
-Amount of reporting	Not Present			
-Reporting interval	0 ms (note 2)			
-Reporting cell status				
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or			
	monitored set cells on used frequency			
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3			
Physical channel information elements				
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present			
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained			
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	1, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,			
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT	RT if IE "Cell synchronisation information			
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in			
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.				
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reportir	ng			

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.1 A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2				
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3			-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3			-14.3				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1			N/A				
OCNS			Note 2			-1.13				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc (Note 3)}$	dB	0	7.0	0	-Infinity	6.0	-Infinity			
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-63.0	-70	-Infinity	-64.0	-Infinity			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz				-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-Infinity	-13.3	-Infinity			
(Note 3)										
Propagation			1		AWGN		•			
Condition										
Note 1: The DPC	H level is con	trolled by the p	oower contro	l loop						
Note 2: The powe	er of the OCN	S channel that	t is added sh	all make the t	otal power from	the cell to be e	equal to $I_{\rm or}$			
Note 3: These pa	rameters are	not directly se	ttable, but a	re derived by o	calculation from	the settable pa	arameters			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

8.6.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.2.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.2.

8.6.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.2.4 Method of test

8.6.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2.4.

Table 8.6.1.2.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		Т0	Т0	Т0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2.2 and 8.6.1.2.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0, only Cell 1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.2.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
size			
T1	S	10	
T2	S	1	
T3	S	10	
T4	S	4	
T5	S	1	
Т6	S	10	

Parameter	Unit			Ce	II 1					Ce	ll 2					Cel	13		
		T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	Т5	T6	T1	T2	Т3	T4	Т5	Т6	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	Т5	Т6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-1	0					-1	0					-1(0		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-1	2					-1	2					-12	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	_		-1	2					-1	2					-12	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	_		-1	15					-1	5					-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	_		Not	te 1					N/	/A			N/A		Note 1		Ν	I/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB			Not	te 2					-0.9	941			- 0.941		Note 2		-0.	.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	6.9	7	6.93	5.9	97	6.12	-1	nf	9.43		6.97	7.62	5.97		6.93	-	Inf	5.62
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-78.0	03	- 78.07	-79.	.03	- 78.88	-1	nf	- 75.57	-	78.03	- 77.38	-79.03	5	- 78.07	-	Inf	- 79.38
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz									-8	35								
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	3	-16	-1	4	-15.5	-1	nf	-13.5		-13	-14	-14		-16	-	Inf	-16
Propagation Condition		AWGN																	

Table 8.6.1.2.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings for T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 7) During the time period T1, the SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T2' adding cell 3 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T2.
- 8) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 9) After 11 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T3 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 11)UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.

12) Void.

- 13) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 14)UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 15) During the time period T4, SS shall after the Event 1B triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T5' removing cell 3 from the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T5.
- 16) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 17) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T5 to T6 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 18) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T6 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 19) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.

- 20) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 21) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 20) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T6, the UE is switched off.

22)Repeat steps 1-21 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	Internal counter.
	1
-Measurement Identity	-
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger Not Present
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9) -CHOICE mode	0 FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	-
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	2
-Parameters required for each event	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0 Not Brocont
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1 0 mg (Note 2)
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Depart call within active active
	Report cell within active set and/or
- CHOICE reported cell	
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	0				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present				
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	Not Present				
-Reporting cell status					
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3				
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1C				
-Reporting Range Constant	Not present				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	Not present				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not present				
-Replacement activation threshold	0				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	1				
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)				
-Reporting cell status					
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
- Maximum number of reported cells	3				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.33					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	5 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in				
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporti	ng.				

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.2.4: Initial test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		то	ТО	ТО
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3	-9.3
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3	-14.3
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.13	-1.13
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo(Note 3)	dB	-12.3	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Parameter	Unit		Ce	ll 1				Cell	2			Ce	113	
		T1 T2	Т3	T4 T	5 T6	T1	T2	Т3	T4 T5	Т6	T1	T2 T3	T4 -	Г5 Т6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9	.3				-9.3	3			-9	.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	1.3				-11.3	3			-11	.3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	1.3				-11.3	3			-11	.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	4.3				-14.3	3			-14	1.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1				N/A	L Contraction of the second seco		N/A	Note 1		N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Not	te 2				-1.13	3		- 1.13	Note 2		-1.13
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	7.0	6.9	6.0	6.1	-Inf		9.4	7.0	7.6	6.0	6.9	-Inf	5.6
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-78.0	- 78.1	-79.0	- 78.9	-Inf	-	- 75.6	-78.0	- 77.4	-79.0	, - 78.1	-Inf	- 79.4
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz							-85						
CPICH_Ec/lo(Note 3)	dB	-12.3	- 15.3	-13.3	- 14.8	-Inf		- 12.8	-12.3	- 13.3	-13.3	- 15.3	-Inf	- 15.3
Propagation Condition								AWG	SN .					

Table 8.6.1.2.5: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.2A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.2A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.2.

8.6.1.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.2A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2A.4.

Table 8.6.1.2A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		Т0	ТО	Т0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}. Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2A.2 and 8.6.1.2A.3. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment					
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1					
Power Control		On						
Active cell		Cell 1						
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B					
Hysteresis	dB	0						
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B					
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C					
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A					
Time to Trigger	ms	0						
Filter coefficient		0						
Monitored cell list		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information					
size	-							
T1	S	10						
T2	S	10						
Т3	S	5						
T4	S	10						

Table 8.6.1.2A.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Table 8.6.1.2A.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2			Cell3					
		T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	Т3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				-10			-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12			-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12			-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				-15			-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			N/A			N/A					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			-0.941			-0.941					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	6.97	6.93	5.97	6.12	-Inf	9.43	6.97	7.62	5.97	6.93	-Inf	5.62
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	- 78.03	- 78.07	- 79.03	- 78.88	-Inf	- 75.57	- 78.03	- 77.38	- 79.03	- 78.07	-Inf	- 79.38
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-85											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16	-14	- 15.5	-Inf	- 13.5	-13	-14	-14	-16	-Inf	-16
Propagation Condition		AWGN											

Condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings for T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the

required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.

- 7) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 11) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 12) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 13) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 14) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 15) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 16) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 17) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 18) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 19) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 18) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T4, the UE is switched off.
- 20)Repeat steps 1-19 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0 Nat Descent
-Integrity check info	Not Present
Measurement Information elements	4
-Measurement Identity -Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	1 Nodify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Modify
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	initia nequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	_
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria	Not Present
	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	Cinena
-Parameters required for each event	3
	Event 1A
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A Monitored set cells
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	Event 1A Monitored set cells 3 dB
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant	Monitored set cells
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells 3 dB
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting interval 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting interval -Reporting cell status 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms Not Present
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting interval 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms 0 ms
 Intra-frequency event identity Triggering condition 2 Reporting Range Constant Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range W Hysteresis Threshold used frequency Reporting deactivation threshold Replacement activation threshold Time to trigger Amount of reporting Reporting interval Reporting cell status CHOICE reported cell 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms 0 ms
 Intra-frequency event identity Triggering condition 2 Reporting Range Constant Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range W Hysteresis Threshold used frequency Reporting deactivation threshold Replacement activation threshold Time to trigger Amount of reporting Reporting cell status CHOICE reported cell Maximum number of reported cells 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells 3 dB
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present
 -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency -Reporting deactivation threshold -Replacement activation threshold -Time to trigger -Amount of reporting -Reporting cell status - CHOICE reported cells -Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W -Hysteresis 	Monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB Not Present 0 Not Present 0 ms Not Present 0 ms (Note 2) Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency 3 Event 1B Active set cells and monitored set cells 3 dB Not Present 1.0 0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)				
-Reporting cell status					
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3				
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1C				
-Triggering condition 2	Active set cells and monitored set cells				
-Reporting Range Constant	Not present				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	Not present				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not present				
-Replacement activation threshold	0				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)				
-Reporting cell status					
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calcula	ted from the OFF and Tm parameters contained				
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT RE					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities"					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical rep	porting.				

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.2A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.2A.4: Initial test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 T0	Cell 2 T0	Cell3 T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3	-9.3
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3	-14.3
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.13	-1.13
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo(Note 3)	dB	-12.3	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Table 8.6.1.2A.5: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Ce	ll 1			Ce	ell 2			Ce	113	
		T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T1	T2	Т3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	-9	9.3			-9	9.3			-9	.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3			-1	1.3			-11	.3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3			-1	1.3			-11	.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1-	4.3			-1	4.3			-14	.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 1			N	I/A			N/	A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 2			-1	.13			-1.1	13	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	7.0	6.9	6.0	6.1	-Inf	9.4	7.0	7.6	6.0	6.9	-Inf	5.6
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-78.0	-78.1	-79.0	-78.9	-Inf	-75.6	-78.0	-77.4	-79.0	-78.1	-Inf	-79.4
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz						-8	35					
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12.3	-15.3	-13.3	-14.8	-Inf	-12.8	-12.3	-13.3	-13.3	-15.3	-Inf	-15.3
Propagation Condition							AW	'GN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

8.6.1.3.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

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The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.3.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.3.

8.6.1.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.3.4 Method of test

8.6.1.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3.1.

Table 8.6.1.3.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 T0	Cell 2 T0	Cell3 T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-0.941	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	Note 2	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	-79.13	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor. Note 2:

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3.2 and 8.6.1.3.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of five successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4 and T5 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0, only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.3.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
		Measurement Channel 12.2	
		kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	1	
T4	S	10	
T5	S	10	

Parameter	Unit			Cell 1					Cell 2				С	ell3		
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T5	T1	T2 [·]	тз т	4	T5
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-10					-10				-	10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-12				-	12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-12				-	12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-15					-15				-	15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB			Note 1			N	/A		Note 1			1	N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	_		Note 2			-0.9	941		Note 2			-0	.941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	14.55	28	.51	14.45	28.51	-Inf		27.51	13.95	21.51	8.05	21.51	13.	95	27.5
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	70.45	56	.49	70.55	56.49	-Inf	-	57.49	-71.05	-63.49	-76.95	-63.49	-71	.05	-57.49
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	_							-85							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-1	13	-14.5	-13	-Inf		-14.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-20	-1	5	-14
Propagation Condition		_							AWGN							

Table 8.6.1.3.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 10 seconds from the beginning T0, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.3.5.
- 6) After a total of 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 7) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 8) During the time period T2, the SS shall, after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported, send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T3' adding cell 2 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3.
- 9) After 11 seconds from the beginning T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T4.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 11) After 10 seconds from the beginning T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T4 to T5.
- 12) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T5 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 13) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 12) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T5, the UE is switched off.
- 14)Repeat steps 1-12 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

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MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-Into message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
	1
Measurement Identity	
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-W	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
	0
-Reporting deactivation threshold	-
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
	Event 1B
-Intra-frequency event identity -Triggering condition 1	Active set cells

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present			
-W	0			
-Hysteresis	0 dB			
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present			
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present			
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present			
-Time to trigger	0 ms			
-Amount of reporting	Not Present			
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)			
-Reporting cell status				
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or			
	monitored set cells on used frequency			
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3			
Physical channel information elements				
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present			
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained			
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	1, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,			
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	RT if IE "Cell synchronisation information			
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in			
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.				
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng.			

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.3.4: Initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 T0	Cell 2 T0	Cell3 T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.60	-9.60	-9.60
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.60	-14.60	-14.60
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.04	-1.04
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	5.90	-Inf	-Inf
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-79.10	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.49	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Parameter	Unit		(Cell 1					Cell 2				(Cell3		
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	Т5	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-960					-9.60					9.60		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.60					-11.60				-	11.60		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.60					-11.60				-	11.60		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-14.60					-14.60				-	14.60		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB			Note 1			N	/A		Note 1				N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	_		Note 2			-1	.04		Note 2			-	1.04		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	14.6	28.5	0	14.5	28.5	-Inf		27.50	14.0	21.50	8.1	21.50		14.0	27.5
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70.40	-56.5	50	-70.50	-56.50	-Inf	-	57.50	-71.00	-63.50	-76.90	-63.50) -	71.00	-57.50
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz								-85							
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.60	-12.6	60	-14.1	-12.60	-Inf	-	13.60	-14.60	-19.60	-17.1	-19.60) -	14.60	-13.60
Propagation Condition									AWGN							

Table 8.6.1.3.5: Test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.3A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.3A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.3.

8.6.1.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.3A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3A.4.

Table 8.6.1.3A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 T0	Cell 2 T0	Cell3 T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	5.87	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	-79.13	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or} Note 2:

The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and Note 3: need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3A2 and 8.6.1.3A.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.3A.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
		kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	10	
T4	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.3A.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Ce	II 1			Ce	ell 2			Ce	113	
		T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	-1	10			-	10			-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12			-	12			-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12			-	12			-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	15			-	15			-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 1			Ν	J/A			N/	/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 2			-0.	.941			-0.9	941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	14.55	28.51	14.45	28.51	-Inf	27.51	13.95	21.51	8.05	21.51	13.9 5	27.51
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	- 70.45	- 56.49	- 70.55	- 56.49	-Inf	- 57.49	- 71.05	- 63.49	- 76.95	- 63.49	- 71.0 5	- 57.49
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz						-	85					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-13	-14.5	-13	-Inf	-14.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-20	-15	-14
Propagation Condition		-					AV	VGN					

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 10 seconds from the beginning T0, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 in 8.6.1.3A.5.
- 6) After a total of 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 7) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the

required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.

- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesful tests is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T4, the UE is switched off.
- 13)Repeat steps 1-11 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
JE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	4
Measurement Identity	1 Nodify
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Propert
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9) -CHOICE mode	0 FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41) -Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator -Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark		
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present		
-W	1.0		
-Hysteresis	0 dB		
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present		
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present		
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present		
-Time to trigger	0 ms		
-Amount of reporting	Not Present		
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)		
-Reporting cell status			
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or		
	monitored set cells on used frequency		
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3		
Physical channel information elements			
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present		
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained		
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33			
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO			
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in		
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.			
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng.		

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.3A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.3A.4: Initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 T0	Cell 2 T0	Cell3 T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.60	-9.60	-9.60
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.60	-14.60	-14.60
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.04	-1.04
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	5.90	-Inf	-Inf
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-79.10	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-85	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-10.59	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Parameter	Unit		Ce	II 1			Ce	ell 2			Ce	113	
		T1	T2	Т3	Τ4	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	Т3	Τ4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.	60			-9	.60			-9.	60	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	.60			-11	1.60			-11	.60	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	.60			-11	1.60			-11	.60	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	.60			-14	4.60			-14	.60	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 1			N	I/A			N/	'A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 2			-1	.04			-1.	04	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	14.60	28.50	14.50	28.50	-Inf	27.50	14.0	21.50	8.10	21.50	14.0	27.50
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	- 70.40	- 56.50	- 70.50	- 56.50	-Inf	- 57.50	- 71.00	- 63.50	- 76.90	- 63.50	- 71.0 0	- 57.50
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz						-i	85					
CPICH_Ec/lo	10	-	-	-	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Note 3)	dB	10.60	12.60	14.10	12.60	-Inf	13.60	14.60	19.60	17.10	19.60	14.6 0	13.60
Propagation Condition							AW	/GN					

Table 8.6.1.3A.5: Test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- 8.6.1.4 Void

8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.4A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.4A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.4.

8.6.1.4A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and also verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

8.6.1.4A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.4A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.4A.1 and 8.6.1.4A.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1B shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Table 8.6.1.4A.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	120	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	200	
T2	S	201	

Table 8.6.1.4A.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Ce	2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	15	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	ote 1	N	Ά	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 2	-0.9	941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.29	3.29	3.29	7.29	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-62.71	-66.71	-66.71	-62.71	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-7	70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-16	-16	-12	
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as spe	cified in table D.	2.2.1			
Note 1: The DPC	H level is contro	olled by the powe	er control loop.			
		channel that is a	added shall make	the total power f	rom the cell to	
-	be equal to I _{or}					
		•	•	25.133 [2] are add		
they are	implied and nee	d to be identified	d so that the test	equipment can be	e configured.	

8.6.1.4A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the fading simulator is switched on, configured with the settings in table 8.6.1.4A.3 at the beginning of T1.
- 6) UE shall start transmitting MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1A.
- 7) SS shall count the reports. The number of received event 1A reports shall be less than 60. If the SS fails to receive less than 60 event 1A reports, then a failure is recorded. If the SS receives number of event 1A reports within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 8) After 200 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 9) UE shall start transmitting MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1B.
- 10) During the first 1s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- After the first 1s SS shall start counting the reports. The number of received event 1B reports shall be less than 60. If the SS receives number of event 1B reports within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 12) After 201 seconds from the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.
- 13) Repeat steps 1-12 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
leasurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Net Dresset
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	2
-Parameters required for each event	2 Event 1A
-Intra-frequency event identity	
-Triggering condition 2	Active set cells and monitored set cells 0 dB
-Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	1.0
-w -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	120 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	Report cell within active set and/or monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
- Intra-frequency event identity	S Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	1.0					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	120 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	1, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information						
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in						
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng					

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.4A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check every time first if the number of the event 1A events is within the required limit, and then, check if the number of the event 1B events is within the required limit.

Parameter	Unit	С	ell 1	C	ell 2
		T1	T2	T1	T2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.30	-9.70	-9.70	-9.30
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.30	-11.70	-11.70	-11.30
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.30	-11.70	-11.70	-11.30
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.30	-14.70	-14.70	-14.30
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	Note 1		N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	Note 2	-1.02	-1.13
\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	7.30	3.30	3.30	7.30
Î _{or}	dBm	-62.70	-66.70	-66.70	-62.70
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-11.30	-15.70	-15.70	-11.30
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as spe	ecified in table D	.2.2.1		
Note 2: The pow be equa	I to I _{or}	channel that is	added shall mak	the total power	
settable	parameters.				

Table 8.6.1.4A.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements

8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

8.6.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99 and later releases.

8.6.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, \mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH $Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB, $SCH_Ec/Io \ge -17$ dB for at least one channel tap and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of 25.133 [2] with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}, T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}$ inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set or the virtual active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of $T_{\text{Measurement}}$ Inter.

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDDinter}} = 6$

 $T_{Measurement_Period Inter} = 480$ ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period $T_{measurement_inter}$ for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Inter:}$ This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements , during the period $T_{Measurement_Period\ inter}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per transmission gap is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 [31] and by assuming 2*0.5 ms for implementation margin and after that taking only full slots into account in the calculation.

 $T_{\text{basic_identify}_{\text{FDD,inter}}} = 800 \text{ ms.}$ This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

 $T_{\text{basic_measurement_FDD inter}} = 50 \text{ ms.}$ This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

N_{Freq}: Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T $_{identify inter}$ defined in Clause 8.1.2.3.1 of 25.133 [2] When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

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If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{identify_inter}$ and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Inter}$ provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.1.

8.6.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.2.1.4 Method of test

8.6.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.1.1

Table 8.6.2.1.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 T0	Cell 2 T0	Cell3 T0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.2.1.2 and 8.6.2.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 1	As specified in C.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Reporting range	dB	4	Applicable for event 1A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A
W non-used frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1 16 on channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	5	

Table 8.6.2.1.2: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Table 8.6.2.1.3: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	2	Ce	II 3		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-10	0	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-12		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1:	2	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1:	5	-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Not	ie 1	N/.	Ą	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Not	ie 2	-0.9	41	-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.92	-1.8	-1.8		
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	-70	-64.58	-Infinity	-66.08	-71.80	-71.80		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		-70 -70		70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14.5	-14	-14		
Propagation Condition	AWGN								
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.									
		NS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to							
be equal t									
		s, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since							
they are ir	nplied and nee	ed to be ide	entified so t	hat the test e	eed to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.				

8.6.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The parameters are set up according totable 8.6.2.1.2 and table 8.6.2.1.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency).
- 5) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency).

- 6) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 7) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 8) 5 seconds after step7 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter frequency) triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 9.08 seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1.5.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesful tests is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.
- 13)Repeat steps 1-12 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE: The measurement reporting delay is 956.2 ms plus 80 ms delay uncertainty (twice the TTI). This gives a total of 1036.2 ms and rounded off to 1040 ms.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Versior
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most	
	significant bit of the MAC-I.	
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 on
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
	256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration		
parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	3	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 on
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-N Identify abort	Not Present	
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present	
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present	

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-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	Rel-4 Only
-Downlink information per radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link -Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	Rel-4 only R99 and
	Not riesent	Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		2
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	_
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-Into message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	
	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
 CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal 	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	0
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
	8.6.2.1.5
- Cell info	0.0.2.1.0
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
	FALSE
- Read SFN indicator	-
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Ost to Drive museum this stands of Oslib
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell3
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Set to Primary CPICH Tx Power of Cell3
	described in Table 8.6.2.1.5
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	1 / LOL
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
 Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22) 	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
	Event 2C
-Inter-trequency event identity	
-Inter-frequency event identity -Threshold used frequency	Not present

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Reporting cell status					
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency				
-Maximum number of reported cells	3				
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency					
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB				
-W non-used frequency	1				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Node (10.3.7.49)	,
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Drocont
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	4 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)	
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Not Present
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
Note 1:	The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained					
	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,					
	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					
	MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					
Note 2:	Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng				

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter and intra frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

8.6.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.2.1.4: Test requirements for initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3
		ТО	ТО	Т0
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2	-14.2	-14.2
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1.16	-1.16
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	_	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12.21	-Inf	-Inf
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	2	Cell 3		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.2	-9.2		-9.2		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.2	-11	.2	-1	1.2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.2	-11	.2	-1	1.2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	4.2	-14	.2	-1-	4.2	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N/.	A	N	/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 2	-1.1	16	-1	-1.16	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.9	-1.8	-1.8	
\hat{I}_{or} dBm		-70	-64.6	-Infinity	-66.10	-71.8	-71.8	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz			-7	0			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12.21 -12.20 -Infinity -13.70 -13.20 -13.2		-13.20				
Propagation Condition		AWGN						
Note 1: The DPCH	H level is controlled by the power control loop.							
be equal t	o I _{or.}	CNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to						
Note 3: These par parameter		e not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable						

Table 8.6.2.1.5: Test requirements for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

8.6.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.2.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.2.

8.6.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

8.6.2.2.4 Method of test

8.6.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mod range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.2.4.1 and 8.6.2.2.4.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Table 8.6.2.2.4.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation
condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 2 (TGPL1=12)	As specified in C.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2C	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list		Total 24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell
size		8 on frequency Channel 2	information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex D
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	40	

Table 8.6.2.2.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cel	12
		T1 T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Infinity	-1.8
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	-70	-Infinity	-71.8
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Infinity	-14
Propagation Condition		Case 5 as specified in Annex D		

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 [2] are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.2.2.4.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

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- 5) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 6) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with settings in table 8.6.2.2.4.3. T1 starts.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.2.4.3.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 36.4 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 40 seconds after the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.

10)Repeat steps 1-9 until the confidence level is achieved according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Nessage Type (10.2.17)	
JE information elements	
RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	2
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	0
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
	8.6.2.2.4.3
- Cell info	0.0.2.2.4.0
- Cell individual offset	Not Procent
	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Set to Primary CPICH Tx Power of Cell2
	described in Table 8.6.2.2.4.3
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	-
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
-W used frequency	Not present
	i i o i pi o o o i i
-Hysteresis	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
-Reporting cell status				
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within monitored set on non-used frequency			
-Maximum number of reported cells	3			
 Parameters required for each non-used frequency 				
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB			
-W non-used frequency	1			
Physical channel information elements				
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present			
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained				
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,				
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information				
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in				
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.				

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
Downlink radio resources	500	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
) Not Present	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
	256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC		
	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	UNDEFINED	
-TGPL1	12	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
222		only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
	SF/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SE/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	В	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method		
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	B 3.0	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1	B 3.0 3.0	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present	

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	Not Present	-
-Downlink information per radio link list		
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (
	as currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present	-
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

8.6.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95% According to annex F.6.2. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Ce	ll 2
		T1 T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1 Channel 2		inel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.2	-9	.2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-1	1.2
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-1	1.2
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2	-14	4.2
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	N	/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-1	.16
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	0	-Infinity	-1.8
Î _{or}	dBm	-70	-Infinity	-71.8
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	-12.21 -Infinity -13.2		-13.2
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex D			
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.				
Note 2: The power of the O	OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to			
be equal to $I_{\rm or}$.				
Note 3: These parameters a settable parameters	s are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the rs.			

Table 8.6.2.2.4.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.3 TDD measurements

8.6.3.1 Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

8.6.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and TDD UE for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

8.6.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, N_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io \geq -8 dB and SCH_Ec/Io \geq -13 dB. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with a measurement period as given by

$$T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}, N_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency TDD measurements shall be 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$ inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of $T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}}$.

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} = 6$ (cells)

 $T_{Measurement_Period TDD inter} = 480 \text{ ms.}$ The time period used for calculating the measurement period $T_{measurement_TDD inter}$ for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements.

 $N_{TDD inter}$. This is the smallest resulting integer number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence assigned to UE by UTRAN for inter frequency TDD measurements during the time period $T_{Measurement}$ Period TDD inter with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $N_{\text{basic_identify_TDD inter}} = 80$. This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period used in the inter frequency TDD equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new inter frequency TDD cell is defined.

 $N_{basic_measurement_TDD inter} = 5$. This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period $T_{Measurement_Period TDD inter}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing that is used in the inter-frequency TDD equation for defining where the measurement period for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements is defined.

N_{Freq}: This is the number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.4 and A.8.3.1

8.6.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.6.3.1.4 Method of test

8.6.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.6.3.1.1, 8.6.3.1.2 and 8.6.3.1.3. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. Two cells shall be present in the test, cell 1 being the UTRA FDD serving cell and cell 2 being a UTRA TDD neighbour cell on the unused frequency. All cells shall be synchronised, i.e. share the same frame and timeslot timing.

In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. P-CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. The Measurement control message shall be sent to the UE such that the delay between the end of the last received TTI containing the message and the beginning of T1 is at least equal to the RRC procedure delay as defined in [9].

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20 ms.

Table 8.6.3.1.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parar	neter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH par	rameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 34.121 Annex C
Power	Control		On	
	ity value on CH	BLER	0.01	
Compress	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS 34.121 Annex C
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
C)	dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Hyste	eresis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C
Time to	Trigger	ms	0	
	non-used lency	dBm	-71	Applicable for Event 2C
Filter co	efficient		0	
Monitored	cell list size		6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2	
Т	1	S	15	
Т	2	S	10	

Table 8.6.3.1.2: Cell 1 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
		T1, T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Note 1:The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loopNote 2 :The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to Igr.			

Table 8.6.3.1.3: Cell 2 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
DL timeslot number		0 8		В	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number			Char	nnel 2	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		3	n.	a.
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	-	3
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-9		
SCH_t _{offset}	dB		10		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-3.	.12	
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-75	-67	n.a.	n.a.
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-2	6	-2	6
I _{oc}	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70			
Propagation Condition		AWGN			
Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.					

8.6.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 6) UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message
- 7) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2c for cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 9.2 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 9) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.

10)Repeat steps 1-9 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	inter requeries measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
	No inter-frequency cells removed
-CHOICE inter-frequency cell removal -New inter-frequency cells	
-Inter-frequency cell id	1
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	TDD
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2 in Table
	8.6.2.4.1.2
-Cell info (10.3.7.2)	
-Cell individual offset	Not Present
-Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
-Read SFN indicator	False
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH info (10.3.6.57)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE Sync case	2
-Timeslot	0
-cell parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of cell 2
-SCTD indicator	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH Tx power	Set to Primary CCPCH Tx power of cell 2
	as described in Table 8.6.2.4.1.2
-Timesllot list	Not Present
-Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting critera	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	Primary CCPCH RSCP
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-Frequency quality estimate	
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Proposed TGSN Reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
Inter-frequency measurement reporting oritoria (10.2.7.10)	
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19) -Parameters required for each event	1
	11

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W Used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting Cell Status (10.361)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active and/or monitored set on used frequency or within virtual active and/or monitored set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequenc	
 Threshold non-used frequency 	-71
- W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (Step 6)

	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type JE Information Elements		
	2	
RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-	
	I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
-KKC message sequence number	-	
	counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
CN Information info	Not Present	
JTRAN mobility information elements		
URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
	Not Dropont	
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info	Not Present	
Jplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-
		only
Downlink information common for all radio		
inks		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
	(
	(
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	(
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters	(
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	TDD measurement	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP	TDD measurement	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC	TDD measurement Not present	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN	TDD measurement Not present 10	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1	TDD measurement Not present 10 10	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0	R99 and Rel-
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present	R99 and Rel- only
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0 3.0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0 3.0 Not Present	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	TDD measurement Not present 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 puncturing A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	

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-SSDT information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list - Downlink information for each radio link	Not Present	only
-Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		•
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message (step 8)

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results (10.3.7.44)	
-CHOICE Measurement	Inter-frequency Measured results list
-Inter-frequency measured results	1
-Frequency info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2
-UTRA carrier RSSI	Not Present
-Inter-frequency cell measured results	1
-Cell measured results (10.3.7.3)	
-Cell identity	Not Present
-Cell synchronisation info	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Cell parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of Cell 2
-Proposed TGSN	Not Present
-Primary CCPCH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
-Pathloss	Not Present
-Timeslot list	Not Present
Measured results on RACH	Not Present
Additional measured results	Not Present
Event results (10.3.7.7)	
-CHOICE event result	Inter-frequency measurement event results
-Inter-frequency event identity	2C
-Inter-frequency cells	1
-Frequency Info -CHOICE mode	
	TDD Same frequency as channel 2
-UARFCN(Nt) -CHOICE mode	Same frequency as channel 2 TDD
-CHOICE mode -Primary CCPCH Info	טטו
-CHOICE mode	מסד
-CHOICE Mode -CHOICE Sync Case	Not Present
-Cell Parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of Cell 2
-SCTD Indicator	FALSE

8.6.3.1.5 Test requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report for Cell 2 with a measurement reporting delay less than 9.2 s from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

8.6.4 GSM measurements

8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

8.6.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

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The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM for Release 99 and later releases.

8.6.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

Measurements on GSM cells can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified.

1) In CELL_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.

2) If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements:

- the UE shall measure all GSM cells present in the monitored set
- the relevant requirements for GSM dedicated mode when a TCH channel is assigned in TS 45.008 shall apply.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.5 and A.8.4.1.

8.6.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.4.1.4 Method of test

8.6.4.1.4.1 Test 1 initial conditions

Test 1 with BSIC verification required case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.4.1, 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
 GSM Initial BSIC 			
identification		Pattern 2	As specified in section 8.1.2.5.2.1 TS 25.133 [2] table 8.7.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	See Annex I for cell information. Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from table 8.7 in TS 25.133 [2].
T1	S	5	
T2	S	7	
Т3	S	5	

Table 8.6.4.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 1

Table 8.6.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					
		T0,T1, T2, T3					
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1					
Number							
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0					
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84	-85					
	MHz						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13					
Propagation		AWGN					
Condition							
	Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.						
Note 2: The power of th	e OCNS chai	nnel that is added shall make the total power					
from the cell	to be equal to) I _{or} .					

Table 8.6.4.3: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number		_	ARFC	N 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

8.6.4.1.4.2 Test 1 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 6.32s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7) After 7 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off.
- 10) Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name Message Type (10.2.17)	Value/Remark
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38) -Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	0 FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	
- UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
- CHOICE system	GSM
 Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting 	FALSE
indicator	
 GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator 	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24	Event 3B
-Threshold own system	Not Present Not Present
-W	-80 dBm
-Threshold other system -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Active (for two patterns specified in table 8.6.4.1)

8.6.4.1.4.3 Test 2 initial conditions

Test 2 without BSIC verification required case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.4.4, 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.6 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively.

Table 8.6.4.4: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		not required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including the ARFCN of cell 2	See Annex I for cell information. Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	2	
Т3	S	5	

Table 8.6.4.5: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			
		T0, T1, T2, T3			
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			
Number					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0			
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			
Propagation		AWGN			
Condition					
	Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.				
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I _{or} .					

Table 8.6.4.6: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit		Cell 2		
		Т0	T1	T2	Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number		_	ARFC	CN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

8.6.4.1.4.4 Test 2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.

9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off.

10) Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17) UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
	SC coloulates the value of MAC I for this
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Node (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Choice measurement (10.3.7.27)	
	Not Procent
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	0
-BSIC verification required	Not Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	not noquirou
- UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
- CHOICE system	GSM
- Observed time difference to GSM cell reporting	FALSE
indicator	FALSE
	FALSE
- GSM Carrier RSSI reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3B
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
Maximum number of reported calls	
-Maximum number of reported cells	2 Event 20
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-CHOICE reported cell	
-Maximum number of reported cells	2

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - RAT test cases

These messages are common for all inter-RAT test cases and are described in Annex I.

8.6.4.1.5 Test requirements

8.6.4.1.5.1 TEST 1 With BSIC verification required

Table 8.6.4.7: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	Т3
			FCN of cell A		
Absolute RF Channel Number		conditions	s in clause 26	.6.5.1 of TS	51.010-1
		[25]	for the GSM I	band under	test.
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. The number of succesfull tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.4.1.5.2 TEST 2 Without BSIC verification required

Table 8.6.4.8: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T0	T1	T2	Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number			FCN of cell A s in clause 26		
		[25]	for the GSM	band under	test.
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-Infinity	-75	-85

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements

Unless explicitly stated:

- Reported measurements shall be within defined range in 90 % of the cases.
- Measurement channel is 12.2 kbps as defined in Annex C, sub-clause C.3.1. This measurement channel is used both in active cell and cells to be measured.
- Physical channels used as defined in Annex E.
- Cell 1 is the active cell.
- Single task reporting.

- Power control is active.

8.7.1 CPICH RSCP

- 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy
- 8.7.1.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement
- 8.7.1.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the actual CPICH RSCP power from same cell.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.1.1.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.1.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -112 dBm$ for Bands II and V,

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -111 \text{ dBm}$ for Band III.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.1.1.1: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura				
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
rarameter	Onic	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470	-9270	-9170
	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050	-7050	-7070

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.1.1 and A.9.1.1.2.

8.7.1.1.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.1.1.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

8.7.1.1.1.4 Method of test

8.7.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH RSCP intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.1.1.2.

Para	motor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Char	nnel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	15	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI loc Band II, V		-75.54		-59.98		-97.47	
loc							-95.47	
	Band III						-94.47	
Îor/loc		dB	4	0	9	0	0	-6.53
CPICH	Band I, VI						-107.47	-114.0
RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm	-81.5	-85.5	-60.98	-69.88	-105.47	-112.0
KSCF, NOLE I	Band III						-104.47	-111.0
	Band I, VI						-9)4
Io, Note 1 Band II, V		dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	69	-50		-92	
Band III							-91	
Propagation condition		-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AWGN	
NOTE 1: CPIC	levels have been calc	ulated from	n other par	ameters fo	or informati	on purpose	es. They	
are r	not settable paran	neters themselves.						
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests								

Table 8.7.1.1.1.2: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency parameters

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.1.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- SS shall check CPICH_RSCP value in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power of Cell 1 and Cell 2 reported by UE is compared to actual CPICH RSCP power for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
·	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	Net Dresset
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
 Intra-frequency measurement Intra-frequency measurement objects list 	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	Not Flesent
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Not Tresent
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.1.1.5 Test requirements

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Farameter	Onit	condition	condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
CPICH RSCP	dBm	±7.4	±10.4	-9470	-9270	-9170	
	dBm	±9.4	±12.4	-7050	-7050	-7050	

Table 8.7.1.1.1.3: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy, test requirement

Table 8.7.1.1.1.4: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3	
Fala			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Char	nel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15 -15		15	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI		-74.54		-61,6		-96.47	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz					-94.47	
	Band III						-93.47	
Îor/loc		dB	4.3	0.3	9.3	0.3	0.3	-6.23
СРІСН	Band I, VI		-80.2	-84.2	-62.3	-71.3	-106.17	-112.7
RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm					-104.17	-110.7
	Band III						-103.17	-109.7
	Band I, VI		-67.8		-51,4		-92,8	
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm / 3.84 MHz					-90.8	
	Band III						-89	9.8
Propagation co	Propagation condition		AW	'GN	AW	'GN	AW	'GN
NOTE 1: CPIC	CH RSCP and lo	levels have been calc	ulated fron	n other par	ameters fo	or information	ion purpose	es. They
are r	not settable parar	neters themselves.						
		. Test 1 shall be done onds so that UE does					parameters	for tests

The reported values for the absolut intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.1.1.5.

Table 8.7.1.1.1.5: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3 (Band I and VI)	Test 3 (Band II and V)	Test 3 (Band III)
Normal Conditions					
Lowest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 1)	26	44	2	4	5
Highest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 1)	45	63	17	19	20
Lowest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 2)	22	35	-5 (NOTE 2)	-3 (NOTE 2)	-2 (NOTE 2)
Highest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 2)	41	54	10	12	13
Extreme Conditions					
Lowest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 1)	23	41	-1 (NOTE 2)	1	2
Highest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 1)	48	66	20	22	23
Lowest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 2)	19	32	-5 (NOTE 2)	-5 (NOTE 2)	-5 (NOTE 2)
Highest reported	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
value (Cell 2)	44	57	13	15	16

- NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- NOTE 2: This value applies for a UE complying to release 5 or later. The corresponding value for a pre-release 5 UE is CPICH_RSCP_0.
- 8.7.1.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement
- 8.7.1.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.1.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.1.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \ dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \ dBm} \\ \leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \ dB} \\ \leq 20 dB \end{aligned}$$

Table 8.7.1.1.2.1: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accura	acy [dB]		Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
	Unit	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84
		condition	condition	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 3	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.1.2 and A.9.1.1.2.

8.7.1.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.1.2.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

8.7.1.1.2.4 Method of test

8.7.1.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH RSCP intra frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.1.2.

8.7.1.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH_RSCP value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) The result of step 3) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH RSCP of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement in clause 8.7.1.1.1.4.2 is used.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.1.2.5 Test requirements

		Accura	cy [dB]		Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme Io [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
	Onit	condition	condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±3.8	±3.8	-9450	-9250	-9150

Bara	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3	
Fala			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Char	UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI						-96.47	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-74.54		-61,6		-94.47	
	Band III						-93.47	
Îor/loc		dB	4.3	0.3	9.3	0.3	0.3	-6.23
CPICH	Band I, VI				-62.3	-71.3	-106.17	-112.7
RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm	-80.2 -84	-84.2			-104.17	-110.7
	Band III						-103.17	-109.7
	Band I, VI		-67.8 -51,4			-92,8		
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-51,4		-90.8	
	Band III						-89.8	
Propagation co		-		GN	AWGN		AWGN	
NOTE 1: CPIC	CH RSCP and lo	levels have been calc	ulated fron	n other par	ameters fo	or informati	on purpose	es. They
		neters themselves.						
		. Test 1 shall be done onds so that UE does					parameters	for tests

The reported values for the relative intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.1.1.2.4: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3				
Normal Conditions							
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 13)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 11)				
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_x	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 5)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 3)				
Extreme Conditions							
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 13)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 11)				
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_x	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 5)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 3)				
CPICH_RSCP_x is the reported value of cell 1							

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

8.7.1.2.1 Relative accuracy requirement

8.7.1.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP in inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.1.2.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.2.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 dB$$

 $| Channel 1_Io|_{dBm/3.84 \text{ MHz}} \text{ -Channel } 2_Io|_{dBm/3.84 \text{ MHz}} | \leq 20 \text{ dB}.$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.2.1.1: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accura	cy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter Unit		Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
Parameter	Unit	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 6	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.2.1 and A.9.1.1.2.

8.7.1.2.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.2.1.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

8.7.1.2.1.4 Method of test

8.7.1.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256". CPICH RSCP inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.2.1.2.

Param	otor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		
Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Chanr	nel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	•	dB	-1	2	-1	12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	
	Band I, VI				-84.00	-94.46	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-60.00	-60.00	-82.00	-92.46	
	Band III				-81.00	-91.46	
Îor/loc		dB	9.54	9.54	0	-9.54	
	Band I, VI		-60.46	-60.46	-94.0	-114.0	
CPICH RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm			-92.0	-112.0	
NOLE I	Band III				-91.0	-111.0	
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84			-81.0	-94.0	
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-50.00	-50.00	-79.0	-92.0	
	Band III				-78.0	-91.0	
Propagation condition -			AW	-	AWGN		
NOTE 1: CPICI	H RSCP and Id	levels have bee	en calculated fro	m other parame	eters for information	ition	
		not settable para					
Tests shall be do for test 2 shall be							

8.7.1.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.2.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement and transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check CPICH_RSCP value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 5) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH RSCP of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.2.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.
- 9) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Versio
Message Type		
UE Information Elements	0	
RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most	
	significant bit of the MAC-I.	
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
•	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
CN Information info	Not Present	
JTRAN mobility information elements		
URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements	Not i robolit	
	Not Proport	
Frequency info	Not Present	
Jplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 onl
Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration		
parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC		
	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
	_	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	7 Not Present	
	-	
-TGL2 -TGD	Not Present	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1	Not Present 0 3	R99 and
-TGL2 -TGD	Not Present 0	R99 and Rel-4 on
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2	Not Present 0 3 Not Present	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type -DeltaSIR1	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 3.0	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4fter2 -N Identify abort	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4fter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4fter2 -N Identify abort	Not Present 0 3 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 onl

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	Rel-4 only
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not i resent	
-Downlink information for each radio link		
-Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and
		Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and
-Downlink DPCH info for each RI		Rel-4 only
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor -Code number	128 96	
-Code number -Scrambling code change	96 No code change	
-Declambing code change	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and
····,		Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	,
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

First MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	INCE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	-
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Demonstrall and increases and a sub-
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

Second MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
message automication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-KKC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
	2
-Measurement Identity -Measurement Command	
	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	A she suda dasa dasa da DLO
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	Not Descent
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement object list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.2.1.5 Test requirements

		Accuracy [dB]			Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal Extreme		lo	o [dBm/3.84 MHz	z]
Falameter	Onic	condition			Band II and V	Band III
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±7.1	±7.1	VI -9450	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.1.2.1.3: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

Parameter		Unit Test 1		st 1	Tes	st 2
Farain	Falameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Chanr	UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	•	dB	-1	2	-1	12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	15
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dDres / 0, 0,4			-83.00	-93.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84	-61.6	-61.6	-81.00	-91.46
	Band III	MHz			-80.00	-90.46
Îor/loc	Îor/loc		9.84	9.84	0.3	-9.24
CPICH RSCP,	Band I, VI		-61.8	-61.8	-92.7	-112.7
Note 1	Band II, V	dBm			-90.7	-110.7
NOLE I	Band III				-89.7	-109.7
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84			-79.8	-93.0
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-51.3	-51.3	-77.8	-91.0
	Band III	IVII IZ			-76.8	-90.0
Propagation con	Propagation condition - AWGN AWGN					'GN
NOTE 1: CPICI	H RSCP and lo	levels have be	en calculated fro	m other parame	ters for informa	ition
purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.						
	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters					
for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.						

The reported values for the relative inter frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.2.1.5.

Table 8.7.1.2.1.5: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2
Normal Conditions		
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	$CPICH_RSCP_(x - 28)$
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 12)
Extreme Conditions		
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 28)
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 12)
CPICH_RSCP_x is the reported value of o	cell 1	

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo

- 8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy
- 8.7.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

8.7.2.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the actual CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio from same cell.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.2.1.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.1.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -112 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.1.1.1: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy, minimum requirements

	Accuracy [dB]		Accuracy [dB]			
Parameter	ameter Unit		Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
Faranieler	Unit	Normal condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	\pm 1.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 \pm 3 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.2.1.1.

8.7.2.1.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.1.1.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.1.1.4 Method of test

8.7.2.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using the test parameters in table 8.7.2.1.1.2.

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3		
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-10		-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/	or	dB	-1	2	-1	-12		2		
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-6	-		
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94		
	Band I, VI				-89	.07	-94	.98		
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-56	.98	-87.07		-92.98			
	Band III	1			-86.07		-91.98			
Îor/loc		dB	3.0	3.0	-2.9	-2.9	-9.0	-9.0		
CPICH Ec/lo, I	Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0		
Io, Note 1	Band I, VI				-8	36	-9)4		
	Band II, V	d II, V dBm/3.84 MHz -50		50	-84		-9	92		
	Band III						-8	33	-9	91
Propagation condition		-	AW	'GN	AWGN		AWGN			
NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They					s. They					
are not settable parameters themselves.										
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests										

Table 8.7.2.1.1.2: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency parameters

2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.2.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH_Ec/No value in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1, which is compared to the actual CPICH Ec/Io power ratio from the same cell for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_Ec/No _00	CPICH Ec/lo < -24	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _01	-24 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _02	-23.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _47	-1 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -0.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _48	-0.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < 0	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _49	0 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo	dB

Table 8.7.2.1.1.3: CPICH Ec/lo measurement report mapping

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

mer de di ter me de l'integration de la contest me de di ter me di ter me di ter me de di ter me de di ter me de di ter me	MEASUREMENT C	ONTROL message fo	r Intra frequenc	y measurement	(Step ²	1):
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Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Management lafer and the stars of the	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	1
-Measurement Identity	
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode - Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	Not Present
-Additional measurement list	Intra-frequency measurement
-CHOICE Measurement Type	
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	54.05
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	FALSE FDD
	TRUE
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Not Tresent
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

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8.7.2.1.1.5 Test requirements

The CPICH Ec/Io measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.2.1.1.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (–99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III, V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in subclause 8.7.2.1.1.2 as shown in table 8.7.2.1.1.4.

		Accuracy [dB]	Conditions				
Parameter	Unit		Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Farameter	Onit	Normal condition	condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
CPICH_Ec/	dB	-3.11.9 for $-14 \le$ CPICH Ec/lo -3.62.4 for $-16 \le$ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 -4.63.4 for $-20 \le$ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	-4.63.4	-9487	-9285	-9184	
Io	UD	\pm 1.95 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2.4 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 \pm 3.4 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	± 3.4	-8750	-8550	-8450	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.2.2.

Boro	motor	Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3	
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Cha	nnel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-9).7	-9	.8	-9.9	
PCCPCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-1	1.7	-1	1.8	-11.9	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	1.7	-1	1.8	-1	1.9
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	4.7	-14	4.8	-14	4.9
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-14.7	-	-14.8	-	-5.9	-
OCNS_Ec/lor	OCNS_Ec/lor		-1.2	-1.02	-1.17	-0.99	-2.64	-0.97
	Band I, VI				-89	.07	-93	.98
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-5	8.5	-87	.07	-91	.98
	Band III				-86.07		-90	.98
Îor/loc	Îor/loc		3.3	3.3	-2.6	-2.6	-8.7	-8.7
CPICH Ec/lo, N	CPICH Ec/lo, Note 1		-13.6	-13.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-19.6
	Band I, VI				-85.85		-92.9	
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-51.3		-83.85		-90.9	
Band III					-82.85		-89	9.9
Propagation condition		-	AWGN		AWGN		AW	'GN
NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They								
are	are not settable parameters themselves.							
Tests shall be done conventibly. Test 4 shall be done first After test 4 has been even uted test reversetors for tests								

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the absolute intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.1.1.6.

Table 8.7.2.1.1.6: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_17	CPICH_Ec/No_12	CPICH_Ec/No_0
Highest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_25	CPICH_Ec/No_22	CPICH_Ec/No_16
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_14	CPICH_Ec/No_10	CPICH_Ec/No_0
Highest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_28	CPICH_Ec/No_24	CPICH_Ec/No_16

- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- 8.7.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement
- 8.7.2.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.1.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I and VI

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} &\leq 20 dB \end{aligned}$$

Table 8.7.2.1.2.1: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]			Conditions		
				Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
Parameter	Unit	Init Normal condition Extra cond		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	\pm 1.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 \pm 3 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.2.1.2 and A.9.1.2.2.

8.7.2.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.1.2.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.1.2.4 Method of test

8.7.2.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.2.1.1.2.

8.7.2.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH_Ec/No value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1 and Cell 2. CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) The result of step 3) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH_Ec/Io of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement in clause 8.7.2.1.1.4.2 is used.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.2.1.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.2.1.2.2: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit		Extreme	lo [dBm / 3.84 M	Hz]
Falameter	Onic	Normal condition	condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 2.3 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo ± 2.8 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 ± 3.8 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	±3.8	-9450	-9250	-9150

Dere	motor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Char	nnel number		Char	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-9	.7	-9	.8	-9.9		
PCCPCH_Ec/le	or	dB	-11	1.7	-11	1.8	-11.9		
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-11	1.7	-11	1.8	-11.9		
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-14	4.7	-14	4.8	-14	1.9	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-14.7	-	-14.8	-	-5.9	-	
OCNS_Ec/lor	OCNS_Ec/lor		-1.2	- 1.02	-1.17	-0.99	-2.64	-0.97	
	Band I, VI		-58.5		-89.07		-93.98		
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-87.07		-91.98		
	Band III				-86.07		-90.98		
Îor/loc		dB	3.3	3.3	-2.6	-2.6	-8.7	-8.7	
CPICH Ec/lo, N	CPICH Ec/lo, Note 1		-13.6	-13.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-19.6	
	Band I, VI				-85	.85	-92	2.9	
Io, Note 1 Band II, V		dBm / 3.84 MHz	-51,3		-83.85		-90.9		
Band III					-82.85		-89.9		
Propagation condition		-	AWGN		AWGN		AWGN		
NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They									
are not settable parameters themselves.									
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.									

The reported values for the relative intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.2.1.2.4: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)
CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reported	d value of cell 1	· · · · ·	· · ·

- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- 8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy
- 8.7.2.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Void

- 8.7.2.2.2 Relative accuracy requirement
- 8.7.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io in the inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.2.2.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.2.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111 \text{ dBm}$ for Band III.

$$\left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 \, dB$$

 $| Channel 1_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} - Channel 2_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} | \le 20 \text{ dB}.$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.2.2.1: CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy, minimum requirements

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		Accuracy [dB]			Conditions	
Parameter	Unit		Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II I and V Io	Band III
Falameter	Unit	Normal condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	\pm 1.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 \pm 3 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.2.2.2 and A.9.1.2.2.

8.7.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.2.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.2.2.4 Method of test

8.7.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256". CPICH Ec/Io inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.2.2.2.2.

Boro	motor	Unit	Te	st 1	Te	st 2	Test 3			
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF C	Channel		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2		
number			onannor i	onumor 2		onanno 2	onannor i	onannoi 2		
CPICH_Ec/	lor	dB	-1	10	-1	10	-1	0		
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-^	12	-^	12	-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	12	-^	12	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/Ic	or	dB	-1	15	-1	15	-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-		
OCNS_Ec/I	or	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94		
	Band I, VI	dDm/2.04			-87.27	-87.27	-94.46	-94.46		
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-52.22	-52.22	-52.22	-52.22	-85.27	-85.27	-92.46	-92.46
	Band III				-84.27	-84.27	-91.46	-91.46		
Îor/loc		dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54		
CPICH Ec/I	o, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0		
	Band I, VI	dDm/2.04			-86	-86	-94	-94		
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50	-50	-84	-84	-92	-92		
	Band III				-83	-83	-91	-91		
Propagation	Propagation condition -			AWGN		AWGN		AWGN		
NOTE 1: 0	CPICH Ec/lo a	and lo levels hav	e been calcul	ated from othe	er parameters	for information	n purposes.	They are not		
s	settable paran	neters themselve	es.					-		
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2										

8.7.2.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.

and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement and transmit another MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check CPICH_Ec/No value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1 and Cell 2. CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH_Ec/Io power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 6) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH_Ec/Io of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.
- 9) After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.

10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
	Not Present	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	NOL FIESEIIL	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
	NOL FIESEIIL	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-
		only
Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	0	
-TGPL1	3	
	-	DOO and Dal
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-
		only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
	SF/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method		
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method		
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	В	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	B 3.0	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1	B 3.0 3.0	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort	B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	R99 and Rel-

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-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	
-Downlink information for each radio link -Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

First MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	Ů
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message aumentication code	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	r chodical reporting
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	initia-nequency measurement
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
	NOL FIESEIIL
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
 Reporting quantities for monitored set cells 	
 Cell synchronisation information reporting 	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
•	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

Second MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	Varaonteinaite
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
	0
-Integrity check info -message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message aumentication code	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
PPC magazara agguaras number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-RRC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.2.2.2.5 Test requirements

The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (–99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III, V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in clause 8.7.2.2.2.2 as shown in table 8.7.2.2.2.3.

Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]		Hz]
			condition Band I		Band II,	Band III
				and VI	V	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 3.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo				
		\pm 4 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14	± 5	-9487	-9285	-9184
		± 5 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16				
		± 2.3 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo				
		\pm 2.8 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14	± 3.8	-8750	-8550	-8450
		\pm 3.8 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16				

Table 8.7.2.2.2.3: CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.2.2.

Table 8.7.2.2.2.4: CPICH Ec/lo Inter frequency tests parameters

Boro	motor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	Tes	st 3		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2		
number			onannor i		Charmon		Charmon			
CPICH_Ec/		dB	-1	0	-1	10	-1	10		
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	12		
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	12		
PICH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	5	-1	15	-1	15		
DPCH_Ec/l	or	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-		
OCNS_Ec/	lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94		
	Band I, VI	dBm/ 3.84			-86.27	-86.27	-93.46	-93.46		
loc	Band II, V	MHz	-53.5	-53.5	-84.27	-84.27	-91.46	-91.46		
	Band III				-83.27	-83.27	-90.46	-90.46		
Îor/loc		dB	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24		
CPICH Ec/l	o, Note 1	dBm	-13.8	-13.8	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7		
	Band I, VI	dBm /3.84			-84.9	-84.9	-93	-93		
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-51.15	-51.15	-82.9	-82.9	-91	-91		
	Band III				-81.9	-81.9	-90	-90		
Propagation	Propagation condition - AWGN AWGN AWGN					'GN				
NOTE 1: 0	CPICH Ec/lo a	nd lo levels ha	ave been calcu	ulated from otl	ner parameter	s for informati	on purposes.	They are not		
	settable param	eters themsel	ves.							
Tests shall	be done sequ	entially. Test 1	shall be done	e first. After te	st 1 has been	executed test	parameters for	or tests 2		
and 3 shall	be set within 5	seconds so t	hat UE does r	and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

The reported values for the relative inter frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.2.2.5.

Table 8.7.2.2.2.5: CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported value	S
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	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x -5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 10)
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x +10)
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 10)
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 10)
CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reporte	d value of cell 1		

8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for Inter-frequency handover evaluation.

8.7.3.1 Absolute measurement accuracy requirement

8.7.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of UTRA Carrier RSSI is defined as the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the actual UTRA Carrier RSSI power of that same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.3.1.2 Minimum Requirements

Table 8.7.3.1.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	cy [dB]		Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band III	
Farameter	condition condition lo			lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
UTRA Carrier	dBm	± 4	± 7	-9470	-9270	-9170
RSSI	dBm	± 6	± 9	-7050	-7050	-7050

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.3.1.

8.7.3.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement is within the specified limits. This measurement is for inter-frequency handover evaluation.

8.7.3.1.4 Method of test

8.7.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.3.1.2.

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF C	Channel		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
number	-							
CPICH_Ec/		dB		0		0		10
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-12 -12		-12		-1	12
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/Ic	or	dB	-1	15	-1	15	-1	15
DPCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/	or	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dDres / 0, 0,4					-94.46	-94.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-52.22	-52.22	-70.27	-70.27	-92.46	-92.46
	Band III						-91.46	-91.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54
CPICH Ec/I	o, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84					-94	-94
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-50	-50	-69	-69	-92	-92
	Band III						-91	-91
Propagation	Propagation condition -		AW	'GN	AWGN		AWGN	
NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.								
		entially. Test 1 s		first. After test	1 has been e	executed test	parameters fo	r tests 2

Table 8.7.3.1.2: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check UTRA carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. UTRA carrier RSSI power of Channel 2 reported by UE is compared to actual UTRA Carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 6) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 6) above is repeated.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit **RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.**
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type		
UE Information Elements		
RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
	Not Present	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	NOL FIESEIIL	
CN Information Elements		
-CN Information info	Not Present	
UTRAN mobility information elements		
-URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources	Not i lesent	
CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel- only
Downlink information common for all radio links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN		
	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	0	
-TGPL1	3	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-
-TGFL2	NOLFIESEII	
	Mada 0	only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-ITP	Mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
 Downlink compressed mode method 	SF/2	
 Uplink compressed mode method 	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
	3.0	
-DeltaSIR I	3.0	
-DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1		
-DeltaSIRafter1	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	Not Present Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort	Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort -TX Diversity Mode	Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort	Not Present Not Present Not Present	R99 and Rel-

-Default DPCH Offset Value -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present	
-Downlink information for each radio link -Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RI		Only
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	Not Drocont	only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 4):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	5
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included.
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	later frequency reporting eviteria
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0 FDD
-CHOICE mode -Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	CFICITINGOF
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements -DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
- אין איז געוואן געוויע אומער איז	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.3.1.5 Test requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.3.1.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III,

V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in subclause 8.7.3.1.2 as shown in table 8.7.3.1.3.

Parameter	Unit	Normal condition Extreme co				eme condi	tion
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7.15	± 5.1	-55.8	± 10.15	± 8.1	-88.8

Table 8.7.3.1.3: UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.3.2.

Table 8.7.3.1.4: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1		Te	st 2	Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF C number	Channel		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/	/lor	dB	-10		-*	10	-1	0
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-12 -12		-12		-1	2
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-*	12	-1	2
PICH_Ec/Ic	or	dB	-1	15	-*	15	-1	15
DPCH_Ec/I	lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/	lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dDres / 2, 0,4					-93.46	-93.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-53.5	-53.5	-69.27	-69.27	-91.46	-91.46
	Band III	IVITIZ					-90.46	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24
CPICH Ec/I	lo, Note 1	dBm	-13.8	-13.8	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7
	Band I, VI	dDm /2.94					-93	-93
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-51.15	-51.15	-67.9	-67.9	-91	-91
	Band III						-90	-90
Propagation condition -		-	AW	'GN	AWGN		AWGN	
NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.								
	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.							

The reported values for the UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.3.1.5.

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3						
Normal Conditions	Normal Conditions								
Lowest reported	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_						
value (Cell 2)	42	27	02						
Highest reported	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_						
value (Cell 2)	57	38	13						
Extreme Condition	S								
Lowest reported	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_						
value (Cell 2)	39	24	00						
Highest reported	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_						
value (Cell 2)	60	41	16						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.3.2 Relative measurement accuracy requirement

8.7.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy requirement is defined as the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from another frequency.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

Editors note: The test case cannot be implemented as is currently specified below. RAN4 needs to agree changes on TS 25.133 before RAN5 can continue to work on this test case.

8.7.3.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.3.2.1 are valid under the following condition:

 $|Channel 1_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} - |Channel 2_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} < 20 dB.$

Table 8.7.3.2.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I and Band II and VI V		Band III
Parameter	Unit	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7	± 11	-9470	-9270	-9170

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.3.2.

8.7.3.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement is within the specified limits. This measurement is for inter-frequency handover evaluation.

8.7.3.2.4 Method of test

8.7.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.3.1.2.

8.7.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 3 are set up according to table 8.7.3.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.

- 6) SS shall check UTRA carrier RSSI value of Channel 1 and Channel 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. UTRA carrier RSSI power value measured from Channel 1 is compared to UTRA carrier RSSI power value measured from Channel 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 6) is compared to actual power level difference of UTRA Carrier RSSI of Channel 1 and Channel 2.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message and MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement in clause 8.7.3.1.4.2 is used.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.3.2.5 Test requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI relative measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.3.2.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (–99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III, V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in clause 8.7.3.2.2 as shown in table 8.7.3.2.2.

		Accuracy [dB]		
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme condition	
		Test 3	Test 3	
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	±7.4	± 11.4	

Table 8.7.3.2.2: UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.3.2.

Table 8.7.3.2.3: UTRA	Carrier RSSI	Inter frequency	test parameters
-----------------------	--------------	-----------------	-----------------

В	arameter	Unit	Tes	st 3
F	arameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/	lor	dB	-1	0
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2
PICH_Ec/Ic	or	dB	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/I	DPCH_Ec/lor		-6	-
OCNS_Ec/I	OCNS_Ec/lor		-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI	- ID (0, 0, 4	-93.46	-93.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-91.46	-91.46
	Band III	IVILL	-90.46	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	-9.24	-9.24
CPICH Ec/I	o, Note 1	dBm	-19.7	-19.7
	Band I, VI	dDm /2.04	-93	-93
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-91	-91
	Band III		-90	-90
Propagation condition		-	AW	GN
	CPICH Ec/lo and lo le nformation purposes.			

The reported values for the UTRA Carrier RSSI relative measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.3.2.4.

Table 8.7.3.2.4: UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirements for the reported va	lues

	Test 3
Normal Conditions	
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_(x - 8)
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_(x + 8)
Extreme Conditions	
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV(x - 12)
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_(x + 12)
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_x is the	reported value of cell 1

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI

8.7.3A.1 Definition and applicability

The GSM carrier RSSI measurement is used for handover between UTRAN and GSM.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.7.3A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV below, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

The absolute accuracy shall be as follows:

The R.M.S received signal level at the receiver input shall be measured by the UE and the BSS over the full range of -110 dBm to -48 dBm with an absolute accuracy of $\pm 4 \text{ dB}$ from -110 dBm to -70 dBm under normal conditions and $\pm 6 \text{ dB}$ over the full range under both normal and extreme conditions. The R.M.S received signal level at the receiver input shall be measured by the UE above -48 dBm up to -38 dBm with an absolute accuracy of $\pm 9 \text{ dB}$ under both normal and extreme conditions.

If the received signal level falls below the reference sensitivity level for the type of UE or BSS, then the measured level shall be within the range allowing for the absolute accuracy specified above. In case the upper limit of this range is below the reference sensitivity level for the type of UE or BSS, then the upper limit shall be considered as equal to the reference sensitivity level.

The relative accuracy shall be as follows:

If signals of level x1 and x2 dBm are received (where $x1 \le x2$) and levels y1 and y2 dBm respectively are measured, if x2 - x1 < 20 dB and x1 is not below the reference sensitivity level, then y1 and y2 shall be such that:

 $(x_2 - x_1) - a \le y_2 - y_1 \le (x_2 - x_1 + b)$ if the measurements are on the same or on different RF channel within the same frequency band;

and

 $(x2 - x1) - c \le y2 - y1 \le (x2 - x1 + d)$ if the measurements are on different frequency bands:

a, b, c and d are in dB and depend on the value of x1 as follows:

	<u>a</u>	b	<u>c</u>	d
$x1 \ge s+14, x2 < -48 \text{ dBm}$		2		
s+14 > x1 ≥ s+1	3	2	5	4
s+1 > x1	4	2	6	4

For single band MS or BTS and measurements between ARFCN in the same band for a multiband

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MS or BTS;

s = reference sensitivity level as specified in 3GPP TS 05.05 [28] for R99 and in 3GPP TS 45.005 [29] for Rel-4 and later releases.

For measurements between ARFCN in different bands;

s = the reference sensitivity level as specified in [28] and [29] for the band including x1.

At extreme temperature conditions an extra 2 dB shall be added to c and d in above table.

The selectivity of the received signal level measurement shall be as follows:

- for adjacent (200 kHz) channel \geq 16 dB;
- for adjacent (400 kHz) channel \geq 48 dB;
- for adjacent (600 kHz) channel \geq 56 dB.

The selectivity shall be met using random, continuous, GSM-modulated signals with the wanted signal at the level 20 dB above the reference sensitivity level.

The reporting range and mapping specified for RXLEV in TS 05.08[20] for R99 and in TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases shall apply.

The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

The normative reference for this requirement is:

For R99: TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.1.2.5 and 9.1.4 and TS 05.08 [20] clause 8.1.2.

For Rel-4 and later releases: TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.1.2.5 and 9.1.4 and TS 45.008 [30] clause 8.1.2.

8.7.3A.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the GSM Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy in CELL_DCH state, for UE that needs compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, is within the specified limits. This measurement is for UTRAN to GSM handover evaluation.

8.7.3A.4 Method of test

8.7.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In the test in Cell_DCH state compressed mode with purpose 'GSM Carrier RSSI Measurement' is applied to measure on GSM. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 2 of table C.5.2 except for TGPRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". Table 8.7.3A.1 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UMTS FDD cell, where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the GSM RSSI measurement.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table 8.7.3A.1.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in section C.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 2	As specified in table C.5.2 section C.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Not required	
Monitored cell list size		6 GSM neighbours	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.

Table 8.7.3A.1: General GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

Table 8.7.3A.2: Cell specific GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1
Îor/loc	dB	-1
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70
Propagation condition	-	AWGN

Step	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
1	-38.5	-38.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	-48.5	-48.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	-70.5	-70.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	-109.5	-109.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	-57.5	NA	-54.5	NA	NA	NA
6	-64.5	NA	-59.5	NA	NA	NA
7	-71.5	NA	NA	-64.5	NA	NA
8	-78.5	NA	NA	-69.5	NA	NA
9	-85.5	NA	NA	NA	-74.5	NA
10	-92.5	NA	NA	NA	-79.5	NA
11	-99.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-84.5
12	-106.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-89.5

Table 8.7.3A.3: Signal levels at receiver input in dBm

Table 8.7.3A.4: ARFCN numbers for GSM cells

GSM band	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
GSM 450	276	293	264	269	281	288
GSM 480	323	340	311	316	328	335
GSM 900	62	124	20	40	80	100
DCS 1800	700	885	585	660	790	835
PCS 1900	700	805	585	660	790	550
450/900	124	276	293	269	288	1
480/900	124	323	340	316	335	1
450/1800	885	276	293	269	288	512
480/1800	885	323	340	316	335	512
900/1800	885	62	124	40	100	512
450/900/1800	124	276	885	293	1	512
480/900/1800	124	323	885	340	1	512
GSM 850	189	251	150	170	210	230
GSM 750	475	511	440	455	485	500
750/850	251	475	511	455	485	128

8.7.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to table to table 8.7.3A.1 and 8.7.3A.2.
- 2) The RF parameters for two GSM cells are set up according to the step 1 in table 8.7.3A.5. The fading profile for the BCCHs will be set to static, see 51.010-1 [25]. The ARFCN numbers for GSM cells are set up according to table 8.7.3.A.4.
- 3) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 4) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 5) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 6) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 7) SS shall check GSM carrier RSSI value of the two GSM cells in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. The GSM CARRIER RSSI values reported in the first measurement report are discarded. The SS records repeatedly GSM CARRIER RSSI values reported for the two BCCHs in each step. One report produces more than one mapped level or level difference. If the UE reports a value compliant with the applicable Table 8.7.3A.6 or 8.7.3A.7 or 8.7.3A.8 or 8.7.3A.9 then a success is recorded. Otherwise a failure is recorded. The successes and failures are assigned to the individual mapped levels or level differences. Repeat steps 7 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8. The repetition shall be continued, until the last mapped level or level difference experiences an early decision according to Annex F.6.2.
- 8) The RF parameters for two GSM cells are set up according to the next test step in table 8.7.3A.5.
- 9) Repeat procedure steps 7 and 8 until MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from the test step 12 of Table 8.7.3A.5 have been recorded.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the system information in clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3] and in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

Information Element	Value/Remark
 Inter-frequency measurement system 	Not present
information	
 Inter-RAT measurement system information 	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- Inter-RAT cell id	9+n (n=0 to 5)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
 Cell individual offset 	0
 Cell selection and re-selection info 	Not Present
- BSIC	
 Base transceiver Station Identity Code 	BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108 [3] Table
(BSIC)	6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen arbitrarily by the test house
	such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-
	RAT cell ids
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table 8.7.3A.4

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version
Aessage Type (10.2.22)		
UE Information Elements		
RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
5 5	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
-New U-RNTI	Not Present	
-New C-RNTI	Not Present	
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
CN Information info	Not Present	
JTRAN mobility information elements		
-	Net Present	
URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	Not Present	
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm	
-CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-Downlink information common for all radio links		
(10.3.6.24)		
	Not Drocont	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
(10.3.6.18)		
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)		
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	1	
- TGPSI	1	
- TGPS Status Flag	activate	
- TGCFN		
	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod	
	256	
 Transmission gap pattern sequence 		
configuration parameters		
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement	
-TGPRC	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	/ Not Present	
-		
-TGD	undefined	
-TGPL1	12	
-TGPL2	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-RPP	mode 0	
-ITP	mode 0	
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL	
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2	
-Downlink frame type	В	
-DeltaSIR1	3.0	
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0	
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present	
	Not Present	
		1
-DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	Not Present	

Value/Remark	Version
	Vereien
None	
Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
Not Present	only
1	
FDD	
100	
Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	only
Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	only
Not Present	
-	
NOT Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
Not Present	Only
	Not Present Not Present 1 FDD 100 Not Present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter -RAT measurement (step 5):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	Version
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
	internal counter.	
Measurement Information elements		
-Measurement Identity	2	
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup	
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Selup	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC	
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting	
Mode		
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present	
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement	
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)		
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list		
(10.3.7.23)		
-CHOICE Inter-RAT cell removal	Remove no inter-RAT cells	
-New inter-RAT cells	6	
-Inter-RAT cell id	9+n (n=0 to 5)	
-CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM	
÷.	0	
-Cell individual offset	•	
-Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present	
(10.3.2.4)		
-BSIC (10.3.8.2)		
-Base transceiver Station Identity Code	BSIC(1+n) for n=0, 1 according to 34.108	
(BSIC)	[3] Table 6.1.10; for n=2 to 5 chosen	
	arbitrarily by the test house such that it	
	does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-	
	RAT cell ids	
-Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT	
-BCCH ARFCN	BCCH(1+n) according to Table Table	
	8.7.3A.4	
-Cell for measurement	Not Present	
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	Not Frederic	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality	Not Present	
estimate (10.3.7.38)		
-CHOICE system	GSM	
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI	
-Filter coefficient	0	
-BSIC verification required	not required	
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)		
-UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE	
-CHOICE system	GSM	
 Observed time difference to GSM cell 	FALSE	R99 and Rel-4
Reporting indicator		only
-GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator	TRUE	-
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)		
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within	
	virtual active set or of the other RAT	
-Maximum number of reported cells	6	
	•	
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria	
-Periodical reporting criteria (10.3.7.53)	In the last	
-Amount of reporting	Infinity	
-Reporting interval	500 ms	
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present	1

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - RAT test cases

This message is common for all inter-RAT test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.3A.5 Test requirements

Step	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
1	-39.5	-39.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	-49.5	-49.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	-71.5	-71.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	-108.5	-108.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	-57.5	NA	-54.5	NA	NA	NA
6	-64.5	NA	-59.5	NA	NA	NA
7	-71.5	NA	NA	-64.5	NA	NA
8	-78.5	NA	NA	-69.5	NA	NA
9	-85.5	NA	NA	NA	-74.5	NA
10	-92.5	NA	NA	NA	-79.5	NA
11	-99.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-84.5
12	-106.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-89.5

For the UE preliminarily to pass the absolute requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Step	Nor	mal	TL/VL 8	& TH/VH
	Lowest reported value for BCCH1	Highest reported value for BCCH1	Lowest reported value for BCCH1	Highest reported value for BCCH1
1	RXLEV = 61	RXLEV = 63	RXLEV = 61	RXLEV = 63
2	RXLEV = 54	RXLEV = 63	RXLEV = 54	RXLEV = 63
3	RXLEV = 34	RXLEV = 44	RXLEV = 32	RXLEV = 46
4	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09
5	RXLEV = 46	RXLEV = 60	RXLEV = 46	RXLEV = 60
6	RXLEV = 39	RXLEV = 53	RXLEV = 39	RXLEV = 53
7	RXLEV = 34	RXLEV = 44	RXLEV = 32	RXLEV = 46
8	RXLEV = 27	RXLEV = 37	RXLEV = 25	RXLEV = 39
9	RXLEV = 20	RXLEV = 30	RXLEV = 18	RXLEV = 32
10	RXLEV = 13	RXLEV = 23	RXLEV = 11	RXLEV = 25
11	RXLEV = 06	RXLEV = 16	RXLEV = 04	RXLEV = 18
12	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 11

Table 8.7.3A.6: GSM Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12

For the UE preliminarily to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Step	Normal & TL/VL & TH/VH				
	Lowest reported value for BCCH2	Highest reported value for BCCH2			
1	No requirements	No requirements			
2	RXLEV = x-4	RXLEV = x+4			
3	RXLEV = x-4	RXLEV = x+4			
4	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+4			
	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3			
5	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+7			
6	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+9			
	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4			
7	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11			
8	RXLEV = x+5 RXLEV = x+13				
	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5			
9	RXLEV = x+7	RXLEV = x+15			
10	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+17			
	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6			
11	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+19			
12	RXLEV = x+11	RXLEV = x+21			
x is the reported value RXLEV for BCCH1					
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12					

Table 8.7.3A.7: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values,
measurements on different ARFCN within the same frequency band

For the UE preliminarily to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.8: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values,
measurements on different frequency bands

Step	Nor	mal	TL/VL 8	k TH/VH	
	Lowest reported	Highest reported	Lowest reported	Highest reported	
	value for BCCH2	value for BCCH2	value for BCCH2	value for BCCH2	
1	No requirements	No requirements	No requirements	No requirements	
2	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+8	
3	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+8	
4	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-10	RXLEV = x+8	
	Lowest reported	Highest reported	Lowest reported	Highest reported	
	value for BCCH3	value for BCCH3	value for BCCH3	value for BCCH3	
5	RXLEV = x-3	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x-5	RXLEV = x+11	
6	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+11	RXLEV = x-3	RXLEV = x+13	
	Lowest reported	Highest reported	Lowest reported	Highest reported	
	value for BCCH4	value for BCCH4	value for BCCH4	value for BCCH4	
7	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+13	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+15	
8	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+15	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+17	
	Lowest reported	Highest reported	Lowest reported	Highest reported	
	value for BCCH5	value for BCCH5	value for BCCH5	value for BCCH5	
9	RXLEV = x+5	RXLEV = x+17	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEX = x+19	
10	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x+19	RXLEV = x+4	RXLEV = x+21	
	Lowest reported	Highest reported	Lowest reported	Highest reported	
	value for BCCH6	value for BCCH6	value for BCCH6	value for BCCH6	
11	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+21	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x+23	
12	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+23	RXLEV = x+7	RXLEV = x+25	
	x is	s the reported value RXL	EV for BCCH1		
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12					

For the UE preliminarily to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Step n	Step m	Normal & TL/VL & TH/VH		
		Lowest reported value for BCCH1 at	Highest reported value for BCCH1 at	
		step n	step n	
5	6	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
5	7	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
6	7	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
6	8	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
7	8	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
7	9	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
8	9	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
8	10	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+18	
9	10	RXLEV = x+2	RXLEV = x+11	
9	11	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+18	
10	11	RXLEV = x+2	RXLEV = x+11	
10	12	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+18	
11	12	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+11	
x is the reported value of BCCH1 at step m				
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12				

Table 8.7.3A.9: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values, measurements at single frequency (BCCH1)

For the UE finally to pass, all preliminary decisions must be decided pass.

FFS: 3 test-environments * 12 reporting periods * 3 levels per report = 108 individual pass fail decisions

An individual pass/fail decision has a wrong decision risk of 5%. All individual decisions must pass, to pass the entire test. As a consequence a UE with marginal performance for each individual level will pass each individual test with a probability of 95%, but will fail the entire test with high probability. It is for further study whether to:

- Accept this situation.
- Decrease the wrong decision risk for each individual test at the expense of additional test time, to increase the pass probability for the entire test.
- Introduce allowance to fail a limited number of individual tests.

8.7.3B Transport channel BLER

Void.

8.7.3C UE transmitted power

8.7.3C.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmitted power absolute accuracy is defined as difference between the UE reported value and the UE transmitted power measured by test system. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.3C.2 Minimum requirements

The measurement period in CELL_DCH state is 1 slot.

Parameter		Accuracy [dB]	
Farameter	Unit	PUEMAX 24dBm	PUEMAX 21dBm
UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX	dBm	+1/-3	±2
PUEMAX > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-1	dBm	+1.5/-3.5	±2.5
PUEMAX-1 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-2	dBm	+2/-4	±3
PUEMAX-2 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-3	dBm	+2.5/-4.5	±3.5
PUEMAX-3 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-10	dBm	+3/-5	±4

 Table 8.7.3C.2.1 UE transmitted power absolute accuracy

NOTE 1: User equipment maximum output power, PUEMAX, is the maximum output power level without tolerance defined for the power class of the UE in TS 25.101 [1] section 6.2.1.

NOTE 2: UE transmitted power is the reported value.

For each empty slot created by compressed mode, no value shall be reported by the UE L1 for those slots.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.6.

8.7.3C.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that for any reported value of UE Transmitted Power in the range PUEMAX to PUEMAX-10 that the actual UE mean power lies within the range specified in clause 8.7.3C.2.

8.7.3C.4 Method of test

8.7.3C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.7.3C.4.1 and 8.7.3C.4.2 below. In the measurement control information it shall be indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the UE transmitted power measurement shall be used.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in clause C.3.1
		Channel 12.2 kbps	
DL-Power Control		Off	

Table 8.7.3C.4.2: Cell Spec	ific parameters for UE transmitted i	ower
-----------------------------	--------------------------------------	------

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-5.2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

8.7.3C.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3C.4.1 and 8.7.3C.4.2. Set the UE power and Maximum allowed UL TX power to the maximum power for the UE power class.
- 2) SS shall send continuously during the entire test Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message as defined in the specific message contents below.

4) Decode the UE Transmitted power reported by the UE in the next available MEASUREMENT REPORT message.

- 5) Measure the mean power of the UE over a period of one timeslot.
- 6) Steps 4 and 5 shall be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) Decrease the Maximum allowed UL TX power by 1 dB. The SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, as defined in the specific message contents below.
- 8) SS shall wait for the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE.
- 9) Repeat from step 4) until the Maximum allowed UL TX Power reaches PUEMAX-10.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark		
Message Type			
UE information elements			
-RRC transaction identifier	0		
-Integrity check info			
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.		
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.		
Measurement Information elements			
-Measurement Identity	5		
-Measurement Command	SETUP		
-CHOICE Measurement type	UE Internal measurement		
-UE Internal measurement quantity			
-Measurement quantity	UE Transmitted power		
-Filter coefficient	0		
-UE Internal reporting quantity			
-UE Transmitted power	TRUE		
-CHOICE mode	FDD		
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	FALSE		
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria		
-Amount of reporting	Infinity		
-Reporting interval	250		
-Measurement Reporting Mode			
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC		
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting		
-AdditionalMeasurementList	Not Present		
Physical channel information elements			
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present		

MEASUREMENT REPORT message:

Information Element	Value/remark		
Message Type			
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on PIXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.		
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.		
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.		
Measurement identity	5		
Measured Results			
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results		
- Choice mode	FDD		
- UE Transmitted power	Checked that this IE is present		
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	Checked that this IE is absent		
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent		
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent		
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent		

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message:

Information Element	Value/Remark	Version	
Message Type			
UE Information Elements			
-RRC transaction identifier	0		
-Integrity check info	· ·		
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this		
	message and writes to this IE. The first/		
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most		
	significant bit of the MAC-I.		
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its		
	internal counter.		
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present		
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present		
-Activation time	Not Present		
-New U-RNTI	Not Present		
-New C-RNTI	Not Present		
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH		
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present		
CN Information Elements			
-CN Information info	Not Present		
UTRAN mobility information elements			
-URA identity	Not Present		
RB information elements			
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present		
PhyCH information elements			
-Frequency info	Not Present		
Uplink radio resources			
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	At the first time this value is set to PUEMAX-1.		
	After the second time this value is decreased		
Devertiet, eestie eeste	with 1 dB from previous value.		
Downlink radio resources			
-CHOICE mode	FDD Not Present	DOD and D4	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and R4	
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	only	
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present		

8.7.3C.5 Test requirements

Compare each of the UE transmitted power reports against the following mean power measurement. At least 90% of the mean power measurements for any one value of reported UE transmitted power shall be within the range specified in table 8.7.3C.5.

	SS measured mean power (X) range [dBm]		
UE reported value	PUEMAX 24dBm	PUEMAX 21dBm	
UE_TX_POWER_104	33-3.7 ≤ X < 34+1.7	33-2.7 ≤ X < 34+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_103	32-3.7 ≤ X < 33+1.7	32-2.7 ≤ X < 33+2.7	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
UE_TX_POWER_097	26-3.7 ≤ X < 27+1.7	•	
UE_TX_POWER_096	25-3.7 ≤ X < 26+1.7	•	
UE_TX_POWER_095	24-3.7 ≤ X < 25+1.7	•	
UE_TX_POWER_094	23-4.2 ≤ X < 24+2.2	23-2.7 ≤ X < 24+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_093	22-4.7 ≤ X < 23+2.7	22-2.7 ≤ X < 23+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_092	21-5.2 ≤ X < 22+3.2	21-2.7 ≤ X < 22+2.7	
UE_TX_POWER_091	20-5.7 ≤ X < 21+3.7	$20-3.2 \le X < 21+3.2$	
UE_TX_POWER_090	19-5.7 ≤ X < 20+3.7	19-3.7 ≤ X < 20+3.7	
UE_TX_POWER_089	18-5.7 ≤ X < 19+3.7	18-4.2 ≤ X < 19+4.2	
UE_TX_POWER_088	•	17-4.7 ≤ X < 18+4.7	
UE_TX_POWER_087	•	16-4.7 ≤ X < 17+4.7	
UE_TX_POWER_086	•	15-4.7 ≤ X < 15+4.7	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
UE_TX_POWER_022	-49-5.7 ≤ X < -48+3.7	-49-4.7 ≤ X < -48+4.7	
UE_TX_POWER_021	-50-5.7 ≤ X < -49+3.7	-50-4.7 ≤ X < -49+4.7	

Table 8.7.3C.5 UE transmitted power test requirements

- NOTE 1: Although test requirements are given for all UE reported values, a good UE will likely report values between PUEMAX and PUEMAX - 10 dB. However, even a good UE may report also wider range of values due to errors in TPC command reception and allowed range specified for UE transmit power setting accuracy when Maximum Allowed UL TX Power has been signaled. On the other hand, a faulty UE may report any power value but then it does not fulfill the Table 8.7.3C.5 requirements for mean power or then it will not pass some other tests e.g. TC 5.2 of this specification.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference

8.7.4.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement

8.7.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The intra frequency SFN-CFN observed time difference is defined as the SFN-CFN observed time difference from the active cell to a neighbour cell that is in the same frequency. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22].

The reference point for the SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.4.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I,and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \right| &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \text{ is low enough to en} \end{aligned}$$

^{*B*} is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

Table 8.7.4.1.1 SFN-CFN observed time difference intra frequency accuracy

				Conditions		
Parameter	Parameter Unit Accuracy [chip]			lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]		
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.7.1 and A.9.1.4.2.

8.7.4.1.3 Test Purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in the clause 8.7.4.1.2. This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

8.7.4.1.4 Method of test

8.7.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.4.1.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Baran	notor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Chan	nel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.	11	-1.	.11	-1.	11
Îor/loc		dB	10.5		10.5		10.5	
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	<i>lo</i> –13.7 <i>dB</i> = <i>loc</i> , Note 1		lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1		lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1	
	Band I, VI						-9	94
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50		-72		-92	
	Band III						-91	
	SFN-CFN observed time difference as specified in TS 25 215 [22]		x Note 2					
Propagation cor	ndition	-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AW	'GN
NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>lor/loc</i> .							/ factor	
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' as specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters f							for tests	

Table 8.7.4.1.2: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 4) SS shall check "OFF" and "Tm" values in MEASUREMENT REPORT message and calculate SFN-CFN observed time difference value according to the definition in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22]. This value shall be compared to the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count the number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
5	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	Net Dresert
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type -Intra-frequency measurement	Intra-frequency measurement
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
	Not Flesent
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
 Reporting quantities for active set cells 	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	FALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	INOL
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	Not Present
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.4.1.5 Test requirements

			Conditions					
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]					
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III			
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150			

Table 8.7.4.1.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference intra frequency accuracy

Table 8.7.4.1.4: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	Те	st 3
Faid	ameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-1	2	-*	12	-	12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-*	12	-	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-*	15	-	15
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-^	15	-	15
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.	11	-1	.11	-1	.11
Îor/loc		dB	10).8	1().8	10	0.8
	Band I, VI						-106.7	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-65.3		-8	-85.7)4.7
	Band III						-103.7	
	Band I, VI						-9	2.7
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-51.3		-71.7		-90.7	
	Band III						-89.7	
SFN-CFN obs	erved time					v		
difference as s 25.215 [22]	specified in TS	chip				x te 2		
Propagation co	ondition	-	AW	GN	AW	/GN	AW	/GN
		ulated from other para	ameters fo	r informatio	on purpose	es. It is not	a settable	
	ameter itself.							
NOTE2: For	example, x= 4915	520 or 9830399. This i	is a calcula	ted value	using para	meters 'OF	F' and 'Tr	n' as
specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
		. Test 1 shall be done					parameters	s for tests
2 and 3 shall b	e set within 5 sec	onds so that UE does	not loose	the Cell 2 i	in between	the tests.		

The accuracy of the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement value calculated from the reported 'OFF' and 'Tm' values shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.4.1.5.

Table 8.7.4.1.5: SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3					
Lowest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)					
Highest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)					
SFN-CFN_TIME (X) is the reported value for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value as defined in								
table 8.7.4.1.4								

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurement requirement

8.7.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

The inter frequency SFN-CFN observed time difference is defined as the SFN-CFN time difference from the active cell to a neighbour cell that is in a different frequency. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22].

The reference point for the SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.4.2.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 dB$$

| Channel 1_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} -Channel 2_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} | \leq 20 dB.

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.4.2.1 SFN-CFN observed time difference inter frequency accuracy

ſ			Accuracy		Conditions				
	Parameter	Unit	[chip]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]					
				Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III			
	SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-9150			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.7.2 and A.9.1.4.2.

8.7.4.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in the clause 8.7.4.2.2. This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

8.7.4.2.4 Method of test

8.7.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this test case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256". Table 8.7.4.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Para	motor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Char	and number		Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
			1	2	1	2	1	2	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.	11	-1.	11	-1.	11	
Îor/loc		dB	10.1		10.1		10.1		
		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io - 10.6 dB = Ioc,		Io - 10.6 dB = Ioc,		lo - 10.6 dB = loc,		
loc			Note 1		Note 1		Note 1		
	Band I, VI						-9)4	
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	50	-72		-9	92	
	Band III						-91		
S FN-CFN obse	erved time					ĸ			
difference as sp	pecified in TS	chip							
25.215 [22]					Note 2				
Propagation co	ndition	-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AW	'GN	
		sted in each carrier fr	equency a	ccording th	ne total sigi	nal power	lo at receiv	er input	
and	the geometry fact	or Îor/loc.							
NOTE2: For e									
spec	ified in TS 25.215	5 [22].							
Tests shall be c	lone sequentially.	. Test 1 shall be done	first. After	test 1 has	been exec	cuted test p	parameters	for tests	

Table 8.7.4.2.2: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.4.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check "OFF" and "Tm" values in MEASUREMENT REPORT message and calculate SFN-CFN observed time difference value according to the definition in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22]. Note that according to TS 25.215 [22] UE is always reporting 'OFF' parameter to be zero. This value shall be compared to the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message taking into account that 'OFF' parameter is set to zero. .
- 7) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 5) and 6) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 5) and 6) above are repeated.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit **RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.**
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for inter frequency measurement

Information Element Message Type	Value/Remark	Version
UE Information Elements		
	0	
-RRC transaction identifier	0	
-Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and	
	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string	
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
	counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements	Not i lesent	
	Net Dresent	
CN Information info	Not Present	
JTRAN mobility information elements		
URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info	Not Present	
Jplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources	Not i resent	
CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-
		only
Downlink information common for all radio		
links		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info		
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
-TGPSI	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
configuration parameters -TGMP	FDD measurement	
-TGPRC		
	Infinity	
-TGSN	4	
-TGL1	7	
-TGL2	Not Present	
-TGD	0	
-TGPL1	3	
		R99 and Rel-
-TGPL2	Not Present	1133 and 1161
-TGPL2	Not Present	only
-RPP	Mode 0	
-RPP -ITP	Mode 0 Mode 0	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIRafter1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
-RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2 -N Identify abort	Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL SF/2 SF/2 B 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	

		only
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	
-Downlink information per radio link list		
-Downlink information for each radio link -Choice mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH info		
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
-Downlink DPCH info for each RI		only
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used	
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently	
	stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code	Not Present	
	Not Present	
-Secondary scrambling code		
-Spreading factor -Code number	128	
	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
	Not Drospert	only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-CHOICE reporting criteria	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	TOUE
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	TRUE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
	Not i logonit

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.4.2.5 Test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions Io [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III		
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150		

Table 8.7.4.2.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference inter frequency accuracy

Table 8.7.4.2.4: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

Deres	motor	l Init	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Test 3		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-	0		0	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB		2	-1	2		12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	15	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.	11	-1.	11	-1.	.11	
Îor/loc		dB	10).4	10).4	10).4	
	Band I, VI		-62.1 -82.6		10	3.5			
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-82.6		101.5		
	Band III						100.5		
	Band I, VI						-92.7		
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	1.3	-71.8		-90.7		
	Band III						-89.7		
SFN-CFN obse						ĸ			
difference as sp 25.215 [22]	pecified in TS	chip			-	te 2			
Propagation co	ndition	-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AW	/GN	
		ulated from other para	ameters fo	r informatio	on purpose	s. It is not	a settable		
para	meter itself.	-							
		20 or 9830399. This i	is a calcula	ted value	using para	meters 'OF	F' and 'Tm	ו' as	
	specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
		. Test 1 shall be done					parameters	s for tests	
2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.									

The accuracy of the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement value calculated from the reported 'OFF' and 'Tm' values shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.4.2.5.

Table 8.7.4.2.5: SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Lowest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)			
Highest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)			
SFN-CFN_TIME (X) is the reported value for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value as defined in						
table 8.7.4.2.4 taking into account that 'OFF' parameter is set to zero.						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.5 SFN-SFN observed time difference

8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

8.7.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

 $\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} = - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \right| &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \leq 20 dB \end{aligned}$$

 $\int_{and B} dB$ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

Table 8.7.5.1.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

			Conditions lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]		
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]			
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.1.1 and A.9.1.5.1.2.

8.7.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.5.1.2. This measurement is for identifying time difference between two cells.

8.7.5.1.4 Method of test

8.7.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.1.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Para	motor	Unit	Te	st 1	Te	st 2	Te	st 3
Faiai	netei	Onic	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Chan	nel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-*	10	-*	10	-'	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-*	12	-*	12	-*	12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-*	12	-*	12	-*	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-'	15	-*	15	- ^	15
S-CCPCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-'	12	-*	12	- ^	12
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1	.29	-1	.29	-1	.29
Îor/loc		dB	1().5	1().5	1().5
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io - 13.7 dB = Ioc,		lo - 13.7 dB = loc,		lo -13.7 dB = loc,	
100			Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	
	Band I, VI						-94	
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-{	50	-7	72	-(92
	Band III							91
SFN-SFN obse	erved time					x		
difference type		chip				te 2		
in TS 25.215 [2					-		I	
Propagation co		-		/GN		'GN		/GN
		sted according the tot	al signal p	ower <i>lo</i> at	receiver in	put and the	e geometry	/ factor
Îor/lo	-							
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using the parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' as								
specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests							
2 and 3 shall be	2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.							

Table 8.7.5.1.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type	e 1 Intra frequency test parameters
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8.7.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- SS shall check "SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count the number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3] and clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD) (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system information	
 Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting 	
 SFN-SFN observed time difference reporting indicator 	type 1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Reporting quantity	CPICH RSCP
 Maximum number of reported cells on RACH 	current cell + best neighbour

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Traffic Volume measurement (Step 2):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark	
Message Type (10.2.17)		
UE information elements		
- RRC transaction identifier	0	
- Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the	
BBC massage seguence number	most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
- RRC message sequence number	internal counter.	
Measurement Information elements		
- Measurement Identity	4	
- Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup	
- Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Octop	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC	
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting	
Mode		
- Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present	
- CHOICE Measurement type (10.3.7.68)	Traffic Volume measurement	
- Traffic volume measurement		
Object (10.3.7.70)		
 Traffic volume measurement objects 	1	
- Uplink transport channel type	RACHorCPCH	R99 and Rel-4
	DAGU	only
- Uplink transport channel type	RACH	Rel-5
- UL Target Transport Channel ID	Not Present	
- Traffic volume measurement		
quantity (10.3.7.71) - Measurement quantity	RLC Buffer Payload	
- Time Interval to take an average or a variance	Not Present	
- Traffic volume reporting quantity (10.3.7.74)	Not resent	
- RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE	
- Average of RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE	
- Variance of RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE	
- Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present	
- CHOICE report criteria (10.3.7.53)	Periodical reporting criteria	
- Amount of reporting	Infinity	
- Reporting interval	250 ms	
Physical channel information elements		
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 test case (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements
	in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be
	active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub
	IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be
	absent.
 Message authentication code 	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is
	compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
 RRC Message sequence number 	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is
	used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	4
Measured Results	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is present
 Measurement result for current cell 	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 CHOICE measurement quantity 	Checked that this IE is present
 Measurement results for monitored cells 	1
 SFN-SFN observed time difference 	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE Type	Type 1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
 Primary scrambling code 	150
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

8.7.5.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.5.1.3 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

			acy [chip] Conditions				
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]					
			Band I and VI Band II and V Band				
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150		

Param		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	Te	st 3	
Parame	Falameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channe	el number		Char	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	10	-*	10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	- ^	12	-*	12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-′	12	-*	12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	- ^	15	-*	15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-^	12	-*	12	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.	29	-1	.29	-1	.29	
Îor/loc		dB	10).8	10).8	1().8	
	Band I, VI						-10	6.7	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-65.3 dB		-85.7		-104.7		
	Band III						-103.7		
	Band I, VI							2.7	
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	1.3	-7	1.7	-9	0.7	
	Band III						-8	9.7	
SFN-SFN observ	ed time					x			
difference type 1		chip				x te 2			
in TS 25.215 [22]									
Propagation conc		-		GN		/GN		/GN	
		ulated from other para	ameters fo	r informatio	on purpose	es. It is not	a settable		
parameter itself.									
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using the parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' as									
specified in TS 25.215 [22].									
	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests								
2 and 3 shall be s	2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.								

The reported values for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.5.1.5.

Table 8.7.5.1.5: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Lowest reported value	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X – 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X – 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X – 2)		
Highest reported value	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)		
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X)	is the reporting value correspon	iding to SFN-SFN observed time	e difference type 1 measured		
by system simulator	-	-	-		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.5.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 without IPDL period active

Note: This test case is not complete and there are currently no plans to complete it.

8.7.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE supporting this measurement.

8.7.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.2.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I, IV and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.5.2.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy

Parameter Unit			Conditions lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
		Accuracy [chip]				
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Band I, IV and VI	Band II and V	Band III -9150	
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 0.5	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.2.1.

8.7.5.2.3 Test purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy without IPDL period active is within the limits specified in clause 8.7.5.2.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from -1279.75 to 1280 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table 8.7.5.2.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

Pa	rameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF Ch	annel number		Channel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec	/lor	dB	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15		
DPCH_Ec/loi	-	dB	-15	-15		
OCNS		dB	-1.11	-1.11		
Îor/loc		dB 10.5		10.5		
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	<i>Io -13.7 dB = loc,</i> Note 1	<i>Io -13.7 dB = loc,</i> Note 1		
CPICH_Ec/lo	, Note 2	dB	-13.2	-13.2		
			-9470 (Band I, IV, VI)	9470 (Band I, IV, VI)		
Range 1			-9270 (Band II, V) -9170 (Band III)	-9270 (Band II, V) -9170 (Band III)		
	lo	dBm/3.84 MHz	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI)	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI)		
Range 2			-9250 (Band II, V)	-9250 (Band II, V)		
_			-9150 (Band III)	-9150 (Band III)		
Propagation	agation condition - AWGN			GN		
	NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>lor/loc</i> .					
			culated from other parameters	for information purposes.		
	They are not settable parameters themselves.					

8.7.5.3 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 with IPDL period active

Note: This test case is not complete and there are currently no plans to complete it.

8.7.5.3.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE supporting IPDL measurements.

8.7.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.3.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I, IV and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Additionally the accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.3.1 is also valid for neighbour cells for which the following conditions apply to during idle periods provided idle periods have a length of 1 slot:

CPICH_RSCPx, $y|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$.

$$\frac{I_{o_idle_period}}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\bigg|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\bigg|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB,$$

where x and y represent cells measured using idle periods and $I_{o_idle-period}$ is the total received power during the idle period.

NOTE: Additional general conditions are needed for the requirements in table 8.7.5.3.1 to be valid.

Table 8.7.5.3.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy

			Conditions			
Parameter	Unit Accuracy [chip]		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Farameter	Onit	Accuracy [cmp]	Band I, IV and Band II and V Band		Band III	
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 0.5	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.2.2.

8.7.5.3.3 Test purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy without IPDL period active is within the limits specified in clause 8.7.5.2.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 shall be set according to the assistance data defined in table 8.7.5.3.3.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.3.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter	Unit	0	Cell 1		Cell 2		
Time		No idle period	Idle period in Cell 1	No idle period	Idle period in Cell 1		
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-	-		
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11	-0.94	-0.94		
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	-24.5	-6	-6		
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-6	30			
Io, Note 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-69.04	-79.01	-69.04	-79.01		
CPICH_Ec/lo, Note 1	dB	-10.46	-35.49	-26.96	-16.99		
Propagation condition	agation condition - AWGN						
	NOTE 1: Io and CPICH Ec/Io levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are is not settable parameters themselves.						

Table 8.7.5.3.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

When verifying the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 intra frequency measurement accuracy with IPDL period active the idle period parameters in table 8.7.5.3.3 shall be used.

Table 8.7.5.3.3: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Search Window Size	Chips	80
IP_Status	-	Continuous
IP_Spacing	Frames	10
IP_Lenght	Symbols	10
IP_Offset	frame	NA
Seed	integer	13
Burst_Start		NA
Burst_Length		NA
Burst_Freq		NA

8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference

8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1

8.7.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Rx-Tx time difference is defined as the time difference between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The reference point of the UE Rx-Tx time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.10 of TS 25.215.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

		Acources		Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]			
		[cillb]	Band I and VI	Band II, V	Band III
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.9.1.1 and A.9.1.6.1.2.

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8.7.6.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of Rx-Tx time difference is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.6.1.2. This measurement is used for call setup purposes to compensate propagation delay of DL and UL.

8.7.6.1.4 Method of test

8.7.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1

Table 8.7.6.1.2: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1	Cell 1		
UTRA RF Cha	annel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-10	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/	/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	DPCH_Ec/lor		-15	-15	-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11		
Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5	10.5		
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	lo - 10.9 dB = loc,	Io -10.9 dB = Ioc,	lo - 10.9 dB = loc,		
100			Note 1	Note 1	Note 1		
	Band I, VI		-94				
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-92	-72	-50		
	Band III		-91				
Propagation condition		-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN		
	NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the						
geometry fact	or <i>Ïor/Ioc</i> .						

8.7.6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 1.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 4) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 5) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 6) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.

- 8) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 9) SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	5
-Measurement Command	SETUP
- Additional measurements list	Not Present
-Measurement Reporting Mode	AM RLC
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Periodical reporting
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	UE Internal measurement
-CHOICE Measurement type	
-UE Internal measurement quantity	FDD
-CHOICE mode	UE Rx-Tx time difference
-Measurement quantity	0
-Filter coefficient	
-UE Internal reporting quantity	E41.0E
-UE Transmitted power	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD TRUF
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity 250
-Reporting interval	200
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
יוט וע- ווט וער טוווין נטווין נטווין נטווין גענעט וווט	NULTIESEIIL

MEASUREMENT REPORT message

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	5
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
- UE Transmitted power	Checked that this IE is absent
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	100
- UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	Checked that this IE is present
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

8.7.6.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.6.1.3 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

				Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	lo [dBm/3.84MHz]		
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 2.0	-9450	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.6.1.4: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Para	meter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1	Cell 1	
UTRA RF Cha	annel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec	/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11	
Îor/loc	Îor/loc		10.5	10.5	10.5	
	Band I, VI		-103.6	-82.9	-62.2	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-101.6			
	Band III		-100.6			
	Band I, VI		-92.7			
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-90.7	-72	-51.3	
	Band III		-89.7			
Propagation condition		-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN	
NOTE 1: loc	NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the					
geometry fact	or <i>Îor/Ioc</i> .			· ·		

The reported values for UE Rx-Tx time difference accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.6.1.5.

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3				
Lowest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)$				
Highest reported value	RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$	RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)				
RX-TX_TIME_(X) is the reporting value corresponding to UE Rx-Tx time difference measured by system							
simulator							

Table 8.7.6.1.5: UE Tx-Rx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.6.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

Note: This test case is not complete and there are currently no plans to complete it.

8.7.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Rx-Tx time difference is defined as the time difference between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The reference point of the UE Rx-Tx time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.10 of TS 25.215.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE supporting this measurement.

8.7.6.2.2 Minimum requirements

Table 8.7.6.2.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement accuracy

		Acourcov	Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	lo [dBm/3.84MHz]			
		[chip]	Band I, IV and VI	Band II, V	Band III	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.0	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.9.2.1.

8.7.6.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of Rx-Tx time difference type 2 is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.6.2.2.

The connection is started using cell 1, then cell 2 is added to the active set so that cell 1 is the timing reference.During the test the downlink DPCH time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to any value from -148 to 148 chips.

Table 8.7.6.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1		
Downlink DPCH timing	Chips	Timing reference	From reference timing –		
			148 to reference		
			timing+148		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15		
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11		
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5		
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io -10.9 dB = Ioc, Note 1	lo-13.7 dB = loc, Note 1		
		-9450 (Band I, IV, VI)	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI)		
lo	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-9250 (Band II, V)	-9250 (Band II, V)		
		-9150 (Band III)	-9150 (Band III)		
Propagation condition	-	AWC			
		e total signal power spectral d	ensity lo at receiver input		
and the geometry factor Ior/loc.					

Table 8.7.6.2.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement parameters

8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell (R99 and Rel-4 only)

Void

8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP

8.7.8.1 Absolute measurement accuracy

8.7.8.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of P-CCPCH RSCP is defined as the P-CCPCH RSCP measured in an UTRA TDD cell on one frequency compared to the actual P-CCPCH RSCP power of that cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply only to UE supporting both UTRA FDD and UTRA TDD for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

8.7.8.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.8.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

P-CCPCH_RSCP \geq -102 dBm,

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 8dB$$

Table 8.7.8.1.1: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470
F-CCFCH_K3CF	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.11.1 and A.9.1.8.

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8.7.8.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the P-CCPCH RSCP absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

8.7.8.1.4 Method of test

8.7.8.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies. Cell 1 is a UTRA FDD cell and cell 2 is a UTRA TDD cell. The second Beacon timeslot shall be provided for cell 2 in timeslot 8. Compressed mode as specified in TS 25.101 [1] section A.5, set 3 of table A.22, is applied. TGPRC and TGCFN shall be set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec)) mod 256". P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table 8.7.8.1.2.

Table 8.7.8.1.2: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter	Unit	Те	st 1		Τε	est 2		
Farameter	Unit	Cell 1	Ce	ll 2	Cell 1	Ce	Cell 2	
DL timeslot number		n.a.	0	8	n.a.	0	8	
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 2	Char	nel 1	Channel 2	Char	nnel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	n.	a.	-10	n	.a.	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-3	n.a.	-12	-3	n.a	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-	9	-12	-	9	
SCH_t _{offset}		n.a.	Ę	5	n.a.		5	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	n.a.	-3	-15	n.a.	-3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	n.	a.	-15	n	.a.	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-3.	12	-1.11	-3	.12	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-60	-57	7.7	-84	-8	4.7	
Îor/loc	dB	9.54	7	7	0		3	
P-CCPCH RSCP, Note 1	dBm	n.a.	-53.7	n.a.	n.a.	-84.7	n.a	
CPICH RSCP, Note 1	dBm	-60.46	n.	a.	-94	n	.a.	
Io, Note 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50	-5	50	-81	-8	30	
Propagation condition	-	AWGN AWGN						

information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed, test parameters for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that the UE does not lose the Cell 2 in between the test.

1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.8.1.2.

8.7.8.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 2) UE shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 4) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 5) SS shall check P-CCPCH RSCP values of Cell 2 in the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. P-CCPCH RSCP power level of Cell 2 reported by the UE shall be compared to the actually set P-CCPCH RSCP value of Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.

- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.8.1.2 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and in Annex I, with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for inter frequency measurement (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark	Revision
Message Type		
JE Information Elements		
RRC transaction identifier	0	
Integrity check info		
message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message	
0	and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit	
	string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.	
RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal	
rate message sequence number	counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Integrity protection mode info		
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN Information Elements		
CN Information info	Not Present	
JTRAN mobility information elements	Rocerosonic	
	Not Dracont	
URA identity	Not Present	
RB information elements		
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
PhyCH information elements		
Frequency info	Not Present	
Jplink radio resources		
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
· CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present	
Downlink radio resources	Not Tresent	
CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
Downlink information common for all radio		
inks		
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present	
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-DPCH compressed mode info	100	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
	1	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence		
rianomiobion gap pattorn boquonoo		
configuration parameters		
	TDD measurement	
configuration parameters -TGMP		
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC	Infinity	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN	Infinity 10	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1	Infinity 10 10	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2	Infinity 10 10 Not Present	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2	Infinity 10 10 Not Present	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0	R99 and Rel
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11	R99 and Rel-4 only
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP	Infinity 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A 3.0	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A 3.0 3.0 Not Present	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4 -DeltaSIR4 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4 -DeltaSI	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4fter2 -N Identify abort	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4fter2 -N Identify abort -T Reconfirm abort	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
configuration parameters -TGMP -TGPRC -TGSN -TGL1 -TGL2 -TGD -TGPL1 -TGPL2 -RPP -ITP -CHOICE UL/DL mode -Downlink compressed mode method -Uplink compressed mode method -Uplink frame type -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR1 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIR4fter2 -N Identify abort	Infinity 10 10 Not Present 0 11 Not Present Mode 0 Mode 0 UL and DL Puncturing SF/2 A 3.0 3.0 Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present	only
-Downlink information per radio link list		
-Choice mode -Primary CPICH info	FDD	
-Primary scrambling code	100	
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		only
-CHOICE mode	FDD	
-Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as	
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400	
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present	
-DL channelisation code		
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present	
-Spreading factor	128	
-Code number	96	
-Scrambling code change	No code change	
-TPC combination index	0	
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4 only
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present	-
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement (Step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	Ŭ
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
	Net Decent
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list -CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included.
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	Not resent
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	Primary CCPCH RSCP
estimate	
 Inter-frequency reporting quantity 	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
 Non frequency related cell reporting quantities 	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	EAL OF
-CHOICE mode	FALSE
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	TDD
-Proposed TGSN Reporting required	FALSE FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status	TRUE FALSE
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

8.7.8.1.5 Test requirements

The PCCPCH RSCP measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.8.1.2.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

9 Performance requirements for HSDPA

9.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex C, the propagation conditions specified in Annex D and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex E.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

The common RF test conditions of Performance requirements are defined in clause E.5, and each test conditions in clause 9 should refer to clause E.5. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

Note 1: The UE output power needs to be high enough so that uplink transmission can be received error free in the SS.

9.2 Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

9.2.1 Single Link Performance

9.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rates supported.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.1.1. During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.1.2.

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement		
Category 1	H-Set 1		
Category 2	H-Set 1		
Category 3	H-Set 2		
Category 4	H-Set 2		
Category 5	H-Set 3		
Category 6	H-Set 3		
Category 7	H-Set 6		
Category 8	H-Set 6		
Category 11	H-Set 4		
Category 12	H-Set 5		

Table 9.2.1.1: Mapping between HS-DSCH category and FRC

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 st redundancy version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

Table 9.2.1.2: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

he requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throuhput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2, C.8.1.3, C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1.3, 9.2.1.5 and 9.2.1.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1.4, 9.2.1.6, 9.2.1.8 and 9.2.1.9 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz	P-CPICH			
I _{oc}		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,	5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and power. HS-SCCH-1 shall or the UE.					

Table 9.2.1.3: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	65	309
I	FAS	-3	N/A	423
2	PB3	-6	23	181
2	PBS	-3	138	287
2	1/4.20	-6	22	190
3	VA30	-3	142	295
4	1/4400	-6	13	181
4	VA120	-3	140	275
* Notes:			erence Channel (FRC) H-Set	
	2) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se	et 2 the reference values for R	should be scaled
	(multiplied by 1.5	and rounding to the neares	t integer t-put in kbps, where v	values of i+1/2 are
	rounded up to i+1	, i integer)		
	3) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se	et 3 the reference values for R	should be scaled
			nteger t-put in kbps, where va	
	up to i+1, i integer		5 1 17, 11	

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CP	NCH	
I _{oc}		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and power. HS-SCCH-1 shall or the UE.					

 Table 9.2.1.5: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.1.6: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number			T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	198		
1	FAS	-3	368		
2	PB3	-6	34		
2	F D S	-3	219		
3	VA30	-6	47		
3	VASU	-3	214		
4	VA120	-6	28		
4	VAIZU	-3	167		
* Notes:	 as: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 				

Table 9.2.1.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

	Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase r	eference			P-CF	PICH	
Ioc		dBm/3.84 MHz		-6	60	
	ancy and constellation version			{0,2	,5,6}	
0	m number of HARQ			2	1	
Note:	The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDS	CH shall be transmitted of	ontinuously wi	th constant po	wer. HS-SCC	H-1 shall

only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1		-6	72	340	
1 PA3	-3	N/A	439		
2 PB3	PB3	-6	24	186	
2	FD3	-3	142	299	
3	VA30	-6	19	183	
3	VA30	-3	148	306	
4	VA120	-6	11	170	
4	VA120	-3	144	284	

Table 9.2.1.8: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Table 9.2.1.9: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$ dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
1		-6	98	464
1 PA3	PA3	-3	N/A	635
2	PB3	-6	35	272
2	FDJ	-3	207	431
3	VA30	-6	33	285
3	VA30	-3	213	443
4	VA120	-6	20	272
4	VAIZU	-3	210	413

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1, 9.2.1.2 and 9.2.1.3.

9.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

Method of test 9.2.1.4

9.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.17.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to tables 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.3, 9.2.1.5 (Category 1-6) or 9.2.1.7 (Category 11,12)and levels according to tables 9.2.1.12 to 9.2.1.15 (Category 1-6) or 9.2.1.16 to 9.2.1.18 (Category 11,12). The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated not before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 4664 * 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-R O.153 Ref [26]

- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number i is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup fading simulators as fading conditions, which are described in table D.2.2.1.A

9.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1.12 to 9.2.1.18 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1, F.6.3.5.2.2, F.6.3.5.2.3 and F.6.3.5.2.4.

9.2.1.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1.12 to 9.2.1.18 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8 define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1.12: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		lied)	

Table 9.2.1.13: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.6 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.6 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	65	309
I	FAS	-2.9	N/A	423
	2 PB3	-5.9	23	181
2		-2.9	138	287
2	3 VA30	-5.9	22	190
3		-2.9	142	295
4	1/4420	-5.9	13	181
4	VA120	-2.9	140	275
* Notes:	2) For Fixed Refe (multiplied by 1.5 rounded up to i+13) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se and rounding to the neares , i integer) rence Channel (FRC) H-Se nd rounding to the nearest	erence Channel (FRC) H-Set et 2 the reference values for R st integer t-put in kbps, where v et 3 the reference values for R integer t-put in kbps, where val	should be scaled /alues of i+1/2 are should be scaled

	U				
Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)			

Table 9.2.1.14: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.1.15: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.6 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	198
	1 43	-2.9	368
2	PB3	-5.9	34
2	PB3	-2.9	219
		-5.9	47
3	VA30	-2.9	214
4	VA120	-5.9	28
4	VAIZU	-2.9	167
* Notes:	2) For Fixed Refession2) For Fixed Refession3) For Fixed Refession3) For Fixed Refession3) For Fixed Refession	erence Channel (FRC) H (multiplied by 1.5 and ro es of i+1/2 are rounded erence Channel (FRC) H	I-Set 3 the reference values for R nding to the nearest integer t-put in

Table 9.2.1.16: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		lied)	

Test	Propagation Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.6 \text{ dB}$	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.6 \text{ dB}$
4	D40	-5.9	72	340
1	1 PA3	-2.9	N/A	439
	550	-5.9	24	186
2 PB3 -	-2.9	142	299	
0		-5.9	19	183
3	VA30	-2.9	148	306
		-5.9	11	170
4	4 VA120	-2.9	144	284

Table 9.2.1.17: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation Conditions	Reference value				
Number		HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.6 dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10.6 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	98	464		
		-2.9	N/A	635		
2	PB3	-5.9	35	272		
		-2.9	207	431		
3	VA30	-5.9	33	285		
		-2.9	213	443		
4	VA120	-5.9	20	272		
		-2.9	210	413		
* Notes: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5						

9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

9.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rates supported.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.2.1. During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.2.2.

Table 9.2.2.1: Mapping between HS-DSCH category and FRC

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement		
Category 1	H-Set 1		
Category 2	H-Set 1		
Category 3	H-Set 2		
Category 4	H-Set 2		
Category 5	H-Set 3		
Category 6	H-Set 3		
Category 7	H-Set 6		
Category 8	H-Set 6		
Category 11	H-Set 4		
Category 12	H-Set 5		

Table 9.2.2.2: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 st redundancy version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2, C.8.1.3, C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.2.3, 9.2.2.5 and 9.2.2.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.2.4, 9.2.2.6, 9.2.2.8 and 9.2.2.9 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Phase reference		P-CPICH				
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60				
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4				
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.						

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	77	375	
1	FAS	-3	180	475	
2	PB3	-6	20	183	
	PD3	-3	154	274	
3	VA30	-6	15	187	
3		-3	162	284	
* Notes:	* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1				
	2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled				
	(multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are				
	rounded up to i+1, i integer)				
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled				
	(multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded				
	up to i+1, i integer	r)			

Table 9.2.2.4: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Table 9.2.2.5: Test Parameters for T	Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3
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Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.2.6: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	295		
1	FAS	-3	463		
2	PB3	-6	24		
2	FDJ	-3	243		
3	VA30	-6	35		
5	VASU	-3	251		
* Notes:	* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1				
	2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R				
:	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where values of $i+1/2$ are rounded up to $i+1$, i integer)				
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R				
:	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where valu	es of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+	1, i integer)		

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I _{oc}	DBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with con power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.2.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Table 9.2.2.8: Minimum reg	uirement QPSK.	Fixed Reference Channe	I (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	70	369	
		-3	171	471	
2	PB3	-6	14	180	
		-3	150	276	
3	0	V/A 00	-6	11	184
	VA30	-3	156	285	
Note: The r	eference value R is	for the Fixed Reference	e Channel (FRC) H-Set 4	-	

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \ \mathbf{dB}$	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
1 PA3	-6	116	563	
1	PAS	-3	270	713
2 PB3	002	-6	30	275
	FDJ	-3	231	411
3	VA30	-6	23	281
3	VA30	-3	243	426
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.2.1, 9.2.2.2 and 9.2.2.3.

9.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

9.2.2.4 Method of test

9.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Note: This is the Node B Emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.19.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test as specified in table"s 9.2.2.11, 9.2.2.13 and 9.2.2.15 and levels as specified in tables 9.2.2.12, 9.2.2.14, 9.2.2.16 and 9.2.2.17. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.

Table 9.2.2.10: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

9.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 * 10 bits long [27]).
- 4. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.1, F.6.3.5.3.2. F.6.3.5.3.3 and F.6.3.5.3.4. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

9.2.2.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.2.11 to 9.2.2.17 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8 define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8, when applied in this subclause (open loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Table 9.2.2.11: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Table 9.2.2.12: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB
1	PA3	-5.9	77	375
I	FA3	-2.9	180	475
2	DDO	-5.9	20	183
2 PB3	-2.9	154	274	
2	2	-5.9	15	187
3 VA30	-2.9	162	284	
	2) For Fixed Refe (multiplied by 1.5 rounded up to i+13) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se and rounding to the neares , i integer) rence Channel (FRC) H-Se nd rounding to the nearest i	erence Channel (FRC) H-Set et 2 the reference values for R at integer t-put in kbps, where v et 3 the reference values for R integer t-put in kbps, where va	should be scaled /alues of i+1/2 are should be scaled

Table 9.2.2.13: Test Parameters for Testing	16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3
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Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9 -2.9	295 463	
2	PB3	-5.9 -2.9	24 243	
3	VA30	-5.9 -2.9	35	
 * Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 				

Table 9.2.2.14: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Table 9.2.2.16: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB
1	1 PA3	-5.9	70	369
1		-2.9	171	471
2	2 PB3	-5.9	14	180
2		-2.9	150	276
3 VA30	-5.9	11	184	
	VA30	-2.9	156	285
* Note: The r	* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4			

Test Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB
1 PA3 -		-5.9	116	563
	-2.9	270	713	
2 PB3 -	002	-5.9	30	275
	-2.9	231	411	
3 VA30 -	1/420	-5.9	23	281
	VASU	-2.9	243	426
* Note: The	reference value R is	s for the Fixed Referenc	e Channel (FRC) H-Set 5	•

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance

9.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver closed loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rates supported.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.2.3.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.3.1. During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.3.2.

Table 9.2.3.1: Mapping between HS-DSCH category and FRC

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement
Category 1	H-Set 1
Category 2	H-Set 1
Category 3	H-Set 2
Category 4	H-Set 2
Category 5	H-Set 3
Category 6	H-Set 3
Category 7	H-Set 6
Category 8	H-Set 6
Category 11	H-Set 4
Category 12	H-Set 5

Table 9.2.3.2: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 st redundancy version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2, C.8.1.3, C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.3.3, 9.2.3.5 and 9.2.3.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.3.4, 9.2.3.6, 9.2.3.8 and 9.2.3.9 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset		0		
$(au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Feedback Error Ratio	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS- SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.3.3: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.3.4: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \ \mathbf{dB}$	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	118	399	
I	FAS	-3	225	458	
2	PB3	-6	50	199	
2	FDS	-3	173	301	
3	VA30	-6	47	204	
3	VASU	-3	172	305	
	 2) For Fixed Refe (multiplied by 1.5 rounded up to i+1 3) For Fixed Refe (multiplied by 3 ar 	eference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 ixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled ed by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are l up to i+1, i integers) ixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled ed by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are l up to i+1, i integer)			

Table 9.2.3.5: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS- SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.3.6 Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	361		
I	FAS	-3	500		
2	PB3	-6	74		
2	PB3	-3	255		
3	VA30	-6	84		
3	VA30	-3	254		
* Notes:	1)The reference	value R is for the Fixed I	Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1		
	2) For Fixed Refe	erence Channel (FRC) H	I-Set 2 the reference values for R		
	should be scaled	(multiplied by 1.5 and ro	ounding to the nearest integer t-put in		
kbps, where values of $i+1/2$ are rounded up to $i+1$, i integer)					
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R					
	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)				

Table 9.2.3.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chip		0	
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and				
constellation version			{0,2,5,6}	
coding sequence				
Maximum number of			4	
HARQ transmission			7	
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing			1	
adjustment mode			I	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \ \mathbf{dB}$	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	114	398	
1	FAS	-3	223	457	
2	PB3	-6	43	196	
2	FDJ	-3	167	292	
3	VA30	-6	40	199	
5	VA30	-3	170	305	
* Note: The I	reference value R is t	for the Fixed Reference Ch	annel (FRC) H-Set 4		

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	177	599	
1	FAS	-3	338	687	
2	PB3	-6	75	299	
2	FDS	-3	260	452	
3	VA30	-6	71	306	
3	VA30	-3	258	458	
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5					

Table 9.2.3.9: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.3.1, 9.2.3.2 and 9.2.3.3.

9.2.3.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

9.2.3.4 Method of test

9.2.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Note: This is the Node B Emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.19.
- 2. Set the test parameters for tests as specified in table"s 9.2.3.11, 9.2.3.13 and 9.2.3.15 and levels as specified in table"s 9.2.3.12, 9.2.3.14, 9.2.3.16 and 9.2.3.17. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.

Table 9.2.3.10: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

9.2.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 * 10 bits long [27].)
- 4 Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.1, F.6.3.5.4.2, F.6.3.5.4.3 and F.6.3.5.4.4. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

9.2.3.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.3.11 to 9.2.3.17 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8 define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8, when applied in this subclause (closed loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.3: column Note.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chip		0	
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	0		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Feedback Error Ratio (*)	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1		
* Note: As the uplink is error free, the feedback error ratio is generated by the SS internally as follows: 4% of the feedback bits, received by the SS on the uplink, shall be inverted prior to being processed. The inverted bits shall occur at random, e.g controled by a random generator.				r to being

Table 9.2.3.11: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.3.12: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	118	399	
I	FAS	-2.9	225	458	
2	PB3	-5.9	50	199	
2		-2.9	173	301	
3	VA30	-5.9	47	204	
3		-2.9	172	305	

Table 9.2.3.13: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio (*)	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
* Note: As the uplink is error free, the feedback error ratio is generated by the SS internally as follows: 4% of the feedback bits, received by the SS on the uplink, shall be inverted prior to being processed. The inverted bits shall occur at random, e.g controled by a random generator.			ted prior to	

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	361		
Į.	FAS	-2.9	500		
2	PB3	-5.9	74		
2	PD3	-2.9	255		
3	VA30	-5.9	84		
3		-2.9	254		
* Notes:	1)The reference	value R is for the Fixed F	Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1		
	2) For Fixed Refe	erence Channel (FRC) H	-Set 2 the reference values for R		
	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where valu	es of i+1/2 are rounded	up to i+1, i integer)		
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R					
should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in					
	kbps, where valu	es of i+1/2 are rounded	up to i+1, i integer)		

Table 9.2.3.14 Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Table 9.2.3.15: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset (T _{DPCH,n})	Chip	0		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio (*)	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
* Note: As the uplink is error free, the feedback error ratio is generated by the SS internally as follows: 4% of the feedback bits, received by the SS on the uplink, shall be inverted prior to being processed. The inverted bits shall occur at random, e.g controled by a random generator.			inverted	

Table 9.2.3.16: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	114	398		
I	PAS	-2.9	223	457		
2	PB3	-5.9	43	196		
2	PB3	-2.9	167	292		
2	3 VA30	-5.9	40	199		
3		-2.9	170	305		
* Note: The r	reference value R is	for the Fixed Reference Ch	annel (FRC) H-Set 4			

Test	Propagation		Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *			
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 \text{ dB}$			
1	PA3	-5.9	177	599			
1	FAJ	-2.9	338	687			
2	2 PB3	-5.9	75	299			
2		-2.9	260	452			
3	VA30	-5.9	71	306			
3	V A30	-2.9	258	458			
* Note: The	* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5						

Table 9.2.3.17: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

9.3 Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator

9.3.1 AWGN Propagation Conditions – Single link

9.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.1the reported CQI value shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}	dB	0	5	10	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60		
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH		
HS-PDSCH E_c / I_{or}	dB		-3		
HS-SCCH_1 E_c / I_{or}	dB		-10		
DPCH E _c / I _{or}	dB		-10		
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-		1		
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-		1		
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2			
CQI repetition factor	-	1			
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	frame HS- be 'XOO in which th of the UE u	orate inter-TTI=: SCCH-1 signallir XOO', where ' e HS-SCCH-1 us inder test, and 'C e HS-SCCH-1 u UE identity.	ng pattern shall X' indicates TTI ses the identity D' indicates TTI ses a different	
Note1: Measurement po in [8].	nent power offset ' Γ ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined				
Note2: TF for HS-PDS(based on media channel parame described in TS					
described in TS Note 4: For any given tra	HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214. For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.				

Table 9.3.1.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in AWGN - single link

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.3.1.1.

9.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the variance of the CQI reports when using TF based on CQI 16 is within the limits defined and that a BLER of 10% falls between the TF based on Median CQI-1 and the TF based on Median CQI TF or between the TF based on Median CQI+2.

9.3.1.4 Method of test

9.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.16.
- 2. Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks.

9.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.1.1.
- 2) Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.1.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- Note: the following part of the procedure will test, if the UE reports a limited range of CQI values under the predefined channel conditions.
- 3) The SS shall send TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the received CQI value. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH and CQI collection until [2000] reports have been gathered.
- Set up a relative frequency distribution for the CQI-values, reported. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) If [1800] or more of the CQI values are in the range (Median CQI 2) \leq Median CQI \leq (Median CQI + 2) then continue with step 6), otherwise fail the UE.
- Note: the following part of the procedure will test, if BLER versus CQI has the correct sense.
- 6) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react on the UE"s CQI reports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK and statDTX up to [1000] times

If the ratio (NACK + statDTX / ACK + NACK + statDTX) < 0.1 then goto step 7), otherwise goto step 8)

7) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI+2 value and shall not react on the UE"s CQIreports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK or statDTX up to [1000] times

If the ratio (NACK + statDTX /ACK + NACK + statDTX) ≥ 0.1

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE

8) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI-1 value and shall not react on the UE"s CQI value. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK statDTX up to [1000] times

If the ratio (NACK + statDTX / ACK + NACK + statDTX) < 0.1

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The statistical selectivity based on [1000] samples is not sufficient to distinguish between BLER < 0.1 and > 0.1. However, it is assumed that the difference between

[true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI + 2)] and [true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI - 1)]

is large enough to exceed the statistical uncertainty and hence the measurement can indicate the correct sense of BLER.

9) Repeat the same procedure (steps 3 to 8) with test conditions according to the table 9.3.1.1 for Test 2 and Test 3.

9.3.1.5 Test Requirements

The pass fail decision as specified in the test procedure in 9.3.1.4.2.

No test tolerance is applied to the test parameters.

9.3.2 Fading Propagation Conditions – Single link

9.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

In calculating BLER for an HARQ process, if an odd number of consecutive statDTXs are reported, the corresponding packets and one subsequent packet shall be discarded from BLER calculation. If an even number of consecutive statDTXs are reported, only the corresponding packets shall be discarded from BLER calculation.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.3.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.1, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.2.2.. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Paramete	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
HS-PDSCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-8	-4	
\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}	dB	0	5	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60	
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH	
HS-SCCH_1 E_c / I_{or}	dB	-8	.5	
DPCH E _c / I _{or}	dB	-(6	
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1		
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1	I	
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	2	
CQI repetition factor	-	1		
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	sub-frame HS-S0 pattern shall be where 'X' indicate	the identity of the 'O' indicates TTI in SCCH-1 uses a	
Propagation Channel		Cas	se 8	
Note1: Measurement po defined in [7]	Measurement power offset ' Γ ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as			
TF based on me configured acco	TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI maping table described in TS25.214			
Δ described in T	HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.			
	For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS- PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.			

Table 9.3.2.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading – single link

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER	
	Test 1	Test2
CQI median	60%	60%
CQI median + 3	15%	15%

 Table 9.3.2.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading – single link

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.3.2.1.

9.3.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is $\leq 60\%$ and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is $\leq 15\%$.

9.3.2.4 Method of test

9.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.16.
- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks.

9.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.2.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 2) For an HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record the equivalent CQI value. SS shall not react to the UE"s reported CQI value, but only record the reported CQI value.
- 3) Repeat step 2 up to [2000] times.
- 4) Set up a relative frequency distribution for the reported CQI values. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE"s reported CQI value.
- 6) Measure BLER as described below. Continue measuring BLER until [1000] events (ACK or NACK discarded DTXs not included) has occurred for each R1 and R2.

In the test there are two BLER requirements to be tested:

R1: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI $BLER \le 60\%$

R2: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI + 3 $BLER \le 15\%$

For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK or statDTX and the corresponding CQI report. These values are combined to obtain the BLER (Figure 9.3.2.1).

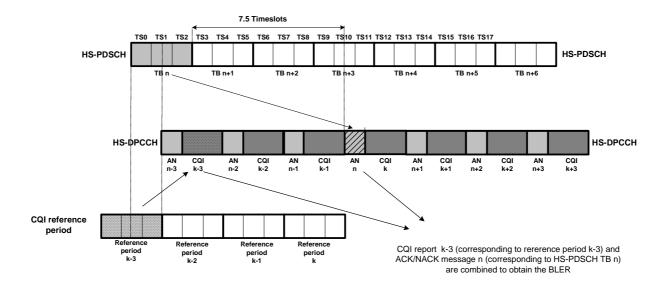


Figure 9.3.2.1 Combination of ACK/NACK message and the CQI report for BLER calculation

For each set of events R1 and R2 the BLER = (NACK + statDTX) / (ACK + NACK + statDTX)

In calculating BLER, for an HARQ process, if an odd number of consecutive DTXs are reported, the corresponding packets and one subsequent packet shall be discarded from BLER calculation. If an even number of consecutive DTXs are reported, only the corresponding packets shall be discarded from BLER calculation

Repeat the same procedure with test conditions according to the test 2 of table 9.3.2.1.

9.3.2.5 Test Requirements

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in table 9.3.2.2.

No test tolerance is applied to the test parameters.

9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance

9.4.1 Definition and applicability

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event E_m , which is declared when the UE is signalled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event E_m is denoted $P(E_m)$.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA.

9.4.2 Minimum requirements - single link

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2, for each value of HS-SCCH-1 E_c/I_{or} specified in Table 9.4.3 the measured $P(E_m)$ shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of $P(E_m)$.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH E_c / I_{or} (*)	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCC	H-1: 101010101	0101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$			rd TTI only, UE	
ne, ne, ne, re, re, re			ed solely via HS-	
			H-2: 000100101	
			H-3: 000110101	
			H-4: 000111111	
HS-DSCH TF of UE1			orresponding to	
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern		The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted		smitted
		continuously w	vith constant pov	wer.
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern		The HS-PDSC	CH shall be trans	smitted
			vith constant pov	
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-		ame HS-SCCH-	
			e 'XOOXOO	
		indicates TTI in	n which the HS-	SCCH-1 uses
		the identity of	the UE under te	st, and 'O'
		indicates TTI in	n which the HS-	SCCH-1 uses
		a different UE	identity.	

Table 9.4.2: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Table 9.4.3: Test requirement for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-9	0	0.05
2	PA3	-9.9	5	0.01
3	VA30	-10	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.4.1.

9.4.2.1 Test purpose

To verify that $P(E_m)$ does not exceed the limit in table 9.4.3.

9.4.2.2 Method of test

9.4.2.2.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.16.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test 1-3 as specified in table 9.4.4 and 9.4.5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.4.

9.4.2.2.2 Procedure

- 1. The UE is switched on.
- 2. An RRC connection is set-up according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3].

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3. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.1 and table F.6.1.8. NACK and ACK are counted as a pass and statDTX is counted as a failure.

9.4.2.3 Test Requirements

The probability of event $E_{\rm m}$ denoted as $P(E_{\rm m})$ (test procedure step 3) shall not exceed the specified value in table 9.4.3.

No test tolerance is applied to the test parameters.

Annex A (informative): Connection Diagrams

Definition of Terms

System Simulator or SS – A device or system, that is capable of generating simulated Node B signalling and analysing UE signalling responses on one or more RF channels, in order to create the required test environment for the UE under test. It will also include the following capabilities:

- 1. Measurement and control of the UE Tx output power through TPC commands
- 2. Measurement of Rx BLER and BER
- 3. Measurement of signalling timing and delays
- 4. Ability to simulate UTRAN and/or GERAN signalling

Test System – A combination of devices brought together into a system for the purpose of making one or more measurements on a UE in accordance with the test case requirements. A test system may include one or more System Simulators if additional signalling is required for the test case. The following diagrams are all examples of Test Systems.

Note: The above terms are logical definitions to be used to describe the test methods used in this document (TS34.121), in practice, real devices called 'System Simulators' may also include additional measurement capabilities or may only support those features required for the test cases they are designed to perform.

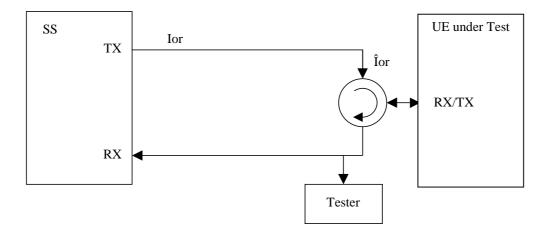
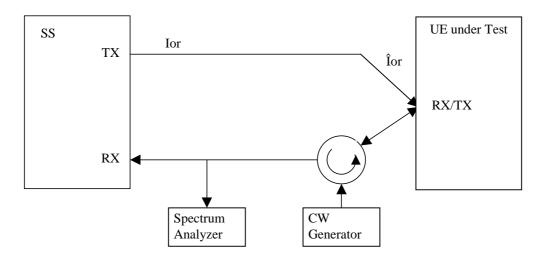
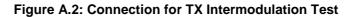


Figure A.1: Connection for Basic TX Test





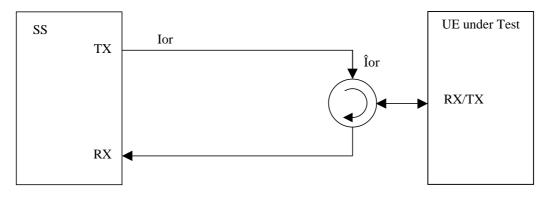


Figure A.3: Connection for Basic RX Test

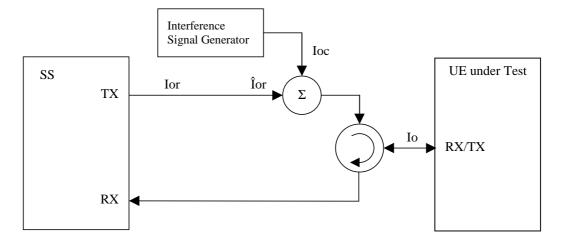


Figure A.4: Connection for RX Test with Interference

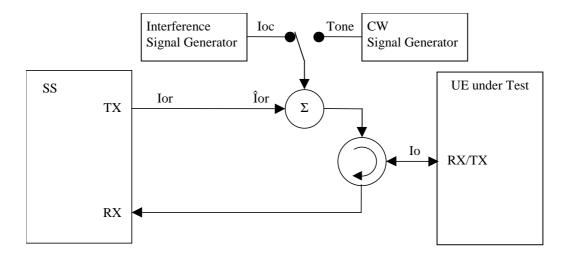


Figure A.5: Connection for RX Test with Interference or additional CW

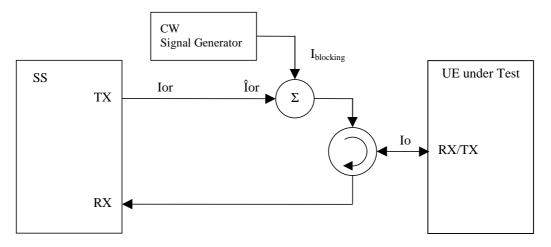


Figure A.6: Connection for RX Test with additional CW

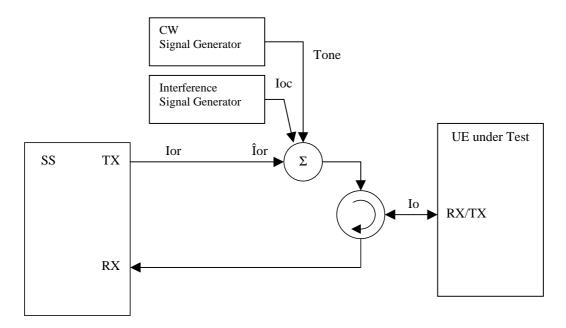
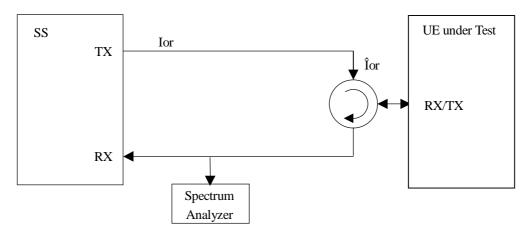
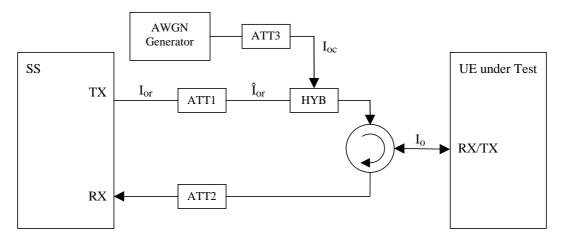
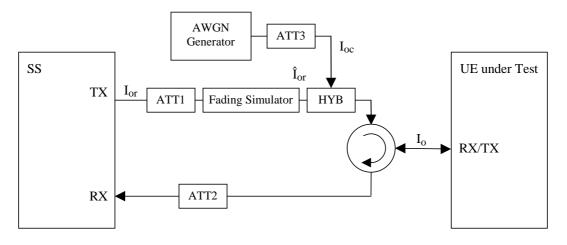


Figure A.7: Connection for RX Test with both Interference and additional CW









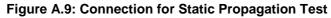


Figure A.10: Connection for Multi-path Fading Propagation Test

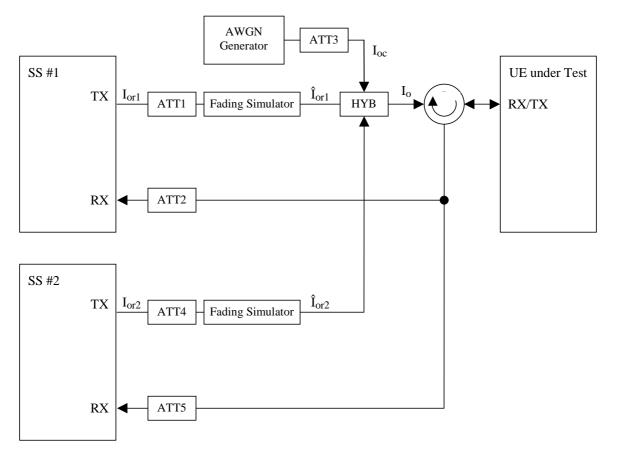


Figure A.11: Connection for Inter-Cell Soft Handover Test

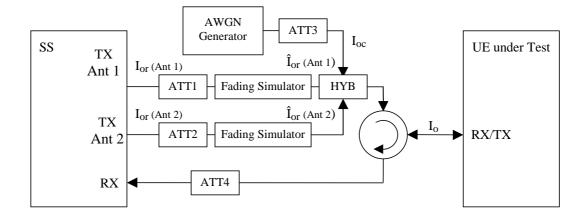


Figure A.12: Connection for Demodulation of DCH in open and closed loop transmit diversity modes

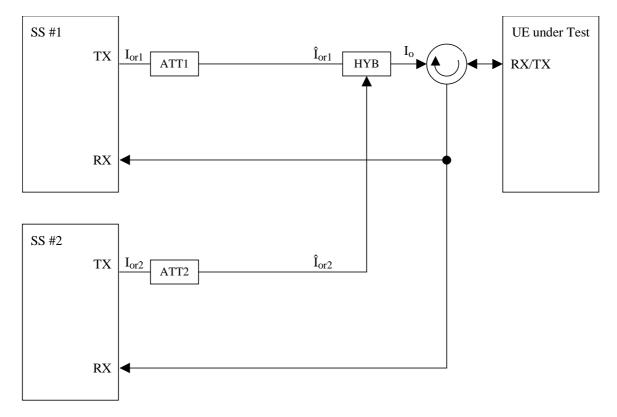


Figure A.13: Connection for Combining of TPC commands in Soft Handover Test 1

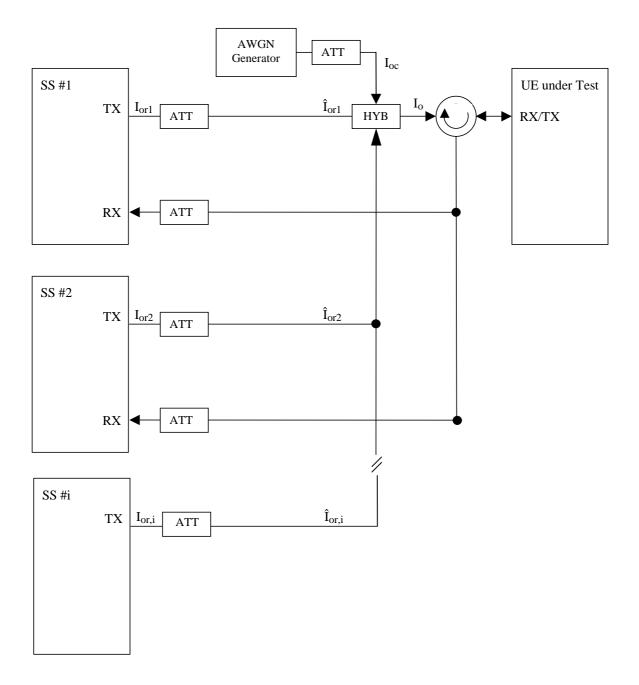


Figure A.14: Connection for cell reselection single carrier multi cell

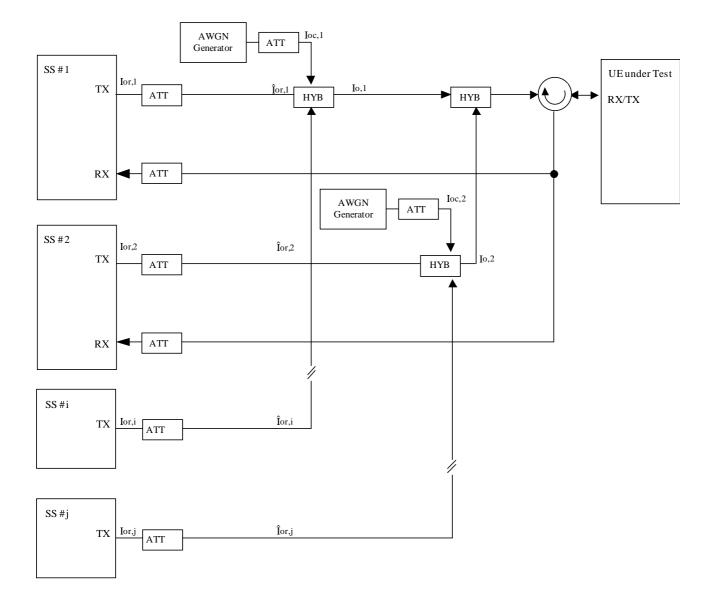


Figure A.15: Connection for cell reselection multi carrier multi cell

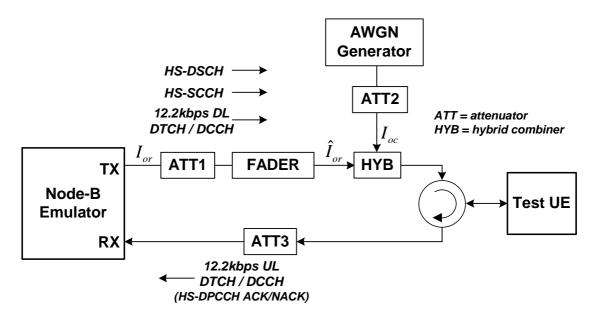


Figure A.16: Connection setup for HSDPA fixed reference channel

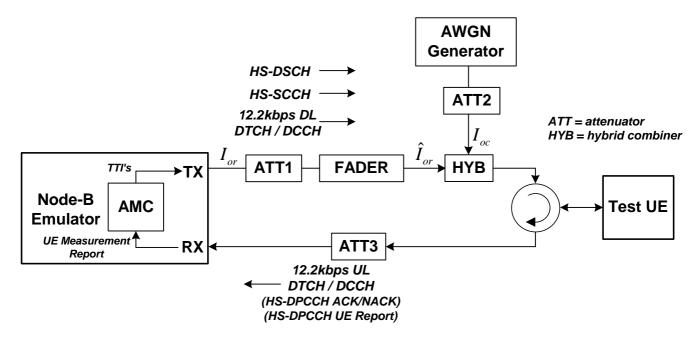


Figure A.17: Connection setup for HSDPA fixed reference channel with AMC

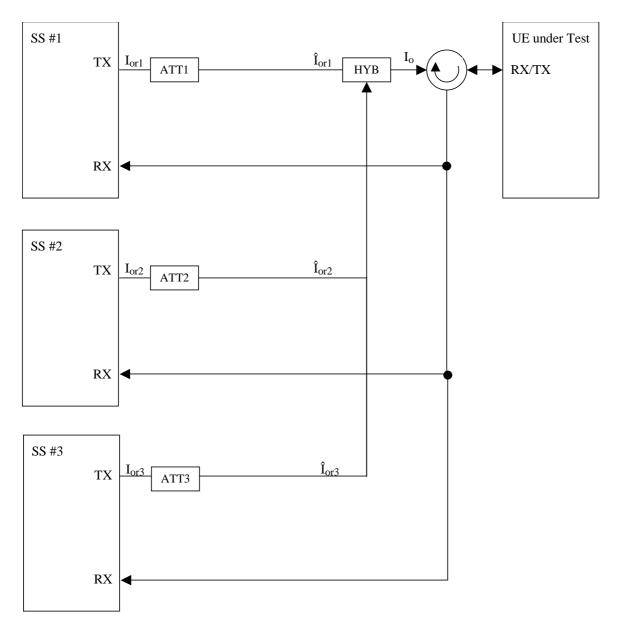
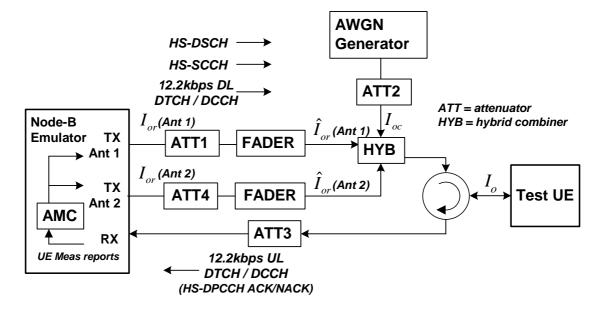


Figure A.18: Connection for Combining of reliable TPC commands in Soft Handover Test 1



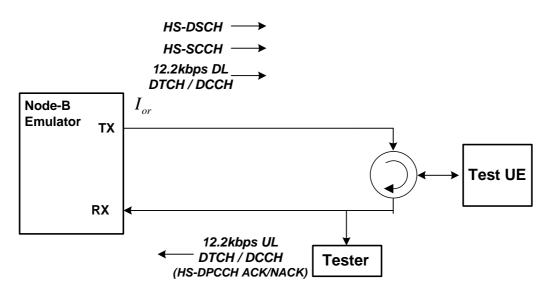


Figure A.19: Connection setup for HSDPA open and closed loop diversity

Figure A.20: Connection for Basic HSDPA TX Test

Annex B (normative): Global In-Channel TX-Test

B.1 General

The global in-channel Tx test enables the measurement of all relevant parameters that describe the in-channel quality of the output signal of the Tx under test in a single measurement process.

The parameters describing the in-channel quality of a transmitter, however, are not necessarily independent. The algorithm chosen for description inside this annex places particular emphasis on the exclusion of all interdependencies among the parameters. Any other algorithm (e.g. having better computational efficiency) may be applied, as long as the results are the same within the acceptable uncertainty of the test system as defined in annex F.

All notes referred in the various clauses of B.2 are put together in B.3.

B.2 Definition of the process

B.2.1 Basic principle

The process is based on the comparison of the actual **output signal of the TX under test**, received by an ideal receiver, with a **reference signal**, that is generated by the measuring equipment and represents an ideal error free received signal. The reference signal shall be composed of the same number of codes at the correct spreading factors as contained in the test signal. Note, for simplification, the notation below assumes only codes of one spreading factor although the algorithm is valid for signals containing multiple spreading factors. All signals are represented as equivalent (generally complex) baseband signals.

B.2.2 Output signal of the TX under test

The output signal of the TX under test is acquired by the measuring equipment, filtered by a matched filter (RRC 0.22, correct in shape and in position on the frequency axis) and stored for further processing.

The following form represents the physical signal in the entire measurement interval:

one vector \mathbf{Z} , containing N = ns x sf complex samples;

with

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval;

sf: number of chips per symbol. (sf: spreading factor) (see Note: Symbol length)

B.2.3 Reference signal

The reference signal is constructed by the measuring equipment according to the relevant TX specifications.

It is filtered by the same matched filter, mentioned in clause B.2.2., and stored at the Inter-Symbol-Interference free instants. The following form represents the reference signal in the entire measurement interval:

- one vector **R**, containing N = ns x sf complex samples;
- ns, sf: see clause B.2.2.

B.2.4 void

B.2.5 Classification of measurement results

The measurement results achieved by the global in-channel TX test can be classified into two types:

- Results of type "deviation", where the error-free parameter has a non-zero magnitude. (These are the parameters that quantify the integral physical characteristic of the signal). These parameters are:

RF Frequency;	
Power	(in case of single code);
Code Domain Power	(in case of multi code);
Timing	

(Additional parameters: see Note: Deviation).

- Results of type "residual", where the error-free parameter has value zero. (These are the parameters that quantify the error values of the measured signal, whose ideal magnitude is zero). These parameters are:

Error Vector Magnitude (EVM);

Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE).

(Additional parameters: see Note Residual)

B.2.6 Process definition to achieve results of type "deviation"

The reference signal (\mathbf{R} ; see clause B.2.3) and the signal under Test (Z; see subclause B.2.2) are varied with respect to the parameters mentioned in clause B.2.5 under "results of type deviation" in order to achieve best fit. Best fit is achieved when the RMS difference value between the varied signal under test and the varied reference signal is an absolute minimum.

Overview:

 $FCT \left[Z\left(\tilde{f}, \tilde{t}, \tilde{\varphi}, g_1, g_2, ..., g_{synch}\right) - R\left(f, t, \varphi, \tilde{g}_1, \tilde{g}_2, ..., \tilde{g}_{synch}\right) \right] = Minimum !$

Z: Signal under test.

R: Reference signal,

with frequency f, the timing t, the phase φ , gain of code1 (g₁), gain of code2 (g₂) etc, and the gain of the synch channel g_{synch} See Note: Power Step.

The parameters marked with a tilde in Z and R are varied in order to achieve a best fit.

Detailed formula: see Note: Formula for the minimum process.

The varied reference signal, after the best fit process, will be called R'.

The varied signal under test, after the best fit process, will be called Z'.

The varying parameters, leading to **R' and Z'** represent directly the wanted results of type "deviation". These measurement parameters are expressed as deviation from the reference value with units same as the reference value.

In case of multi code, the type-"deviation"-parameters (frequency, timing and (RF-phase)) are varied commonly for all codes such that the process returns one frequency-deviation, one timing deviation, (one RF-phase –deviation).

(These parameters are <u>not</u> varied on the individual codes signals such that the process would return kr frequency errors... (kr: number of codes in the reference signal)).

The only type-"deviation"-parameters varied individually are the code domain gain factors (g1, g2, ...).

B.2.6.1 Decision Point Power

The mean-square value of the signal-under-test, sampled at the best estimate of the of Intersymbol-Interference-free points using the process defined in subclause 2.5, is referred to the *Decision Point Power* (DPP):

$$DPP = mean(|Z|^2)$$

B.2.6.2 Code-Domain Power

The samples, Z', are separated into symbol intervals to create ns time-sequential vectors \mathbf{z} with sf complex samples comprising one symbol interval. The *Code Domain Power* is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the vectors **z** defined above.
- 2) To achieve meaningful results it is necessary to descramble z, leading to z' (see Note1: Scrambling code)
- 3) Take the orthogonal vectors of the channelization code set C (all codes belonging to one spreading factor) as defined in TS 25.213 and TS 25.223 (range +1, -1), and normalize by the norm of the vectors to produce Cnorm=C/sqrt(sf). (see Note: Symbol length)
- 4) Calculate the inner product of z' with Cnorm. Do this for all symbols of the measurement interval and for all codes in the code space.
 This gives an array of format k x ns, each value representing a specific symbol and a specific code, which can be exploited in a variety of ways.

k: total number of codes in the code space

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval

- Calculate k mean-square values, each mean-square value unifying ns symbols within one code. (These values can be called "*Absolute CodeDomainPower* (CDP)" [Volt²].) The sum of the k values of CDP is equal to DPP.
- 6) Normalize by the decision point power to obtain

 $Relative \ CodeDomain Power = \frac{Absolute \ CodeDomainPower}{DecisionPointPower}$

B.2.7 Process definition to achieve results of type "residual"

The difference between the varied reference signal (\mathbf{R} '; see clause B.2.6.) and the varied TX signal under test (\mathbf{Z} '; see clause B.2.6) is the error vector \mathbf{E} versus time:

 $- \mathbf{E} = \mathbf{Z} - \mathbf{R'}.$

Depending on the parameter to be evaluated, it is appropriate to represent **E** in one of the following two different forms:

Form EVM (representing the physical error signal in the entire measurement interval)

One vector **E**, containing N = ns x sf complex samples;

ns, sf: see B.2.2

Form PCDE (derived from Form EVM by separating the samples into symbol intervals)

ns time-sequential vectors e with sf complex samples comprising one symbol interval.

E gives results of type "residual" applying the two algorithms defined in clauses B 2.7.1 and B 2.7.2.

B.2.7.1 Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)

The Error Vector Magnitude EVM is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the error vector **E** defined in clause B.2.7 (Form EVM) and calculate the RMS value of **E**; the result will be called RMS(**E**).
- 2) Take the varied reference vector **R'** defined in clause B.2.6 and calculate the RMS value of **R'**; the result will be called RMS(**R'**).
- 3) Calculate EVM according to:

 $EVM = \frac{RMS(E)}{RMS(R')} \times 100\%$ (here, EVM)

(here, EVM is relative and expressed in %)

(see Note: Formula for EVM)

B.2.7.2 Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE)

The Peak Code Domain Error is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the error vectors **e** defined in clause B.2.7 (Form PCDE)
- 2) To achieve meaningful results it is necessary to descramble e, leading to e' (see Note1: Scrambling code)
- 3) Take the orthogonal vectors of the channelisation code set C (all codes belonging to one spreading factor) as defined in TS 25.213 and TS 25.223 (range +1, -1). (see Note: Symbol length) and normalize by the norm of the vectors to produce Cnorm= C/sqrt(sf). (see Note: Symbol length)
- 4) Calculate the inner product of **e'** with **Cnorm**. Do this for all symbols of the measurement interval and for all codes in the code space.

This gives an array of format k x ns, each value representing an error-vector representing a specific symbol and a specific code, which can be exploited in a variety of ways.

k: total number of codes in the code space

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval

- 5) Calculate k RMS values, each RMS value unifying ns symbols within one code. (These values can be called "*Absolute CodeEVMs*" [Volt].)
- 6) Find the peak value among the k "*Absolute CodeEVMs*". (This value can be called "*Absolute PeakCodeEVM*" [Volt].)
- 7) Calculate PCDE according to:

("Absolute PeakCodeEVM")²

10*lg -----

dB

(a relative value in dB).

 $(RMS(\mathbf{R'}))^2$

(see Note2: Scrambling code)

(see Note IQ)

B.3 Notes

Note: Symbol length)

A general code multiplexed signal is multicode and multirate. In order to avoid unnecessary complexity, the measurement applications use a unique symbol-length, corresponding to a spreading factor, regardless of the really intended spreading factor. Nevertheless the complexity with a multicode / multirate signal can be mastered by introducing appropriate definitions.

Note: Deviation)

It is conceivable to regard more parameters as type ,,deviation" e.g. Chip frequency and RF-phase.

As chip-frequency and RF-frequency are linked together by a statement in the core specifications [1] it is sufficient to process RF frequency only.

A parameter RF-phase must be varied within the best fit process (B 2.6.). Although necessary, this parametervariation doesn't describe any error, as the modulation schemes used in the system don't depend on an absolute RF-phase.

Note: Residual)

It is conceivable to regard more parameters as type "residual" e.g. IQ origin offset. As it is not the intention of the test to separate for different error sources, but to quantify the quality of the signal, all such parameters are not extracted by the best fit process, instead remain part of EVM and PCDE.

Note 1: Scrambling Code)

In general a TX signal under test can use more than one scrambling code. Note that PCDE is processed regarding the unused channelisation - codes as well. In order to know which scrambling code shall be applied on unused channelisation -codes, it is necessary to restrict the test conditions: TX signal under test shall use exactly one scrambling code.

Note 2: Scrambling Code)

To interpret the measurement results in practice it should be kept in mind that erroneous code power on unused codes is generally de-scrambled differently under test conditions and under real life conditions, whereas erroneous code power on used codes is generally de-scrambled equally under test conditions and under real life conditions. It might be indicated if a used or unused code hits PCDE.

Note IQ)

As in FDD/uplink each code can be used twice, on the I and on the Q channel, the measurement result may indicate separate values of CDP or PCDE for I and Q on which channel (I or Q) they occur.

Note: Fomula for the minimum process

$$L (\Delta \tilde{f}, \Delta \tilde{t}, \Delta \tilde{\varphi}, \Delta \tilde{g}_{c}, ...) = \sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |Z(\nu) - R(\nu)|^{2}$$

Legend:

L : the function to be minimised

The parameters to be varied in order to minimize are:

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$: the RF frequency offset

 $\Delta \widetilde{t}$: the timing offset

 $\Delta \widetilde{\varphi}$: the phase offset

 $\Delta \tilde{g}_{c}$... code power offsets (one offset for each code)

Z(v): Samples of the signal under Test

R(v): Samples of the reference signal

 $\sum_{\nu = 0}^{N^{-1}}$: counting index ν starting at the beginning of the measurement interval and ending at its end.

N = No of chips during the measurement interval.

Z(v): Samples of the signal under Test. It is modelled as a sequence of complex baseband samples $Z(\gamma)$ with a time-shift Δt , a frequency offset Δf , a phase offset $\Delta \phi$, the latter three with respect to the reference signal.

$$Z(v) = Z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) * e^{-j2\pi\Delta \tilde{f}v} * e^{-j\Delta \tilde{\varphi}}$$

R(v): Samples of the reference signal:

$$R(\nu) = \sum_{c=1}^{No.of} (g_c + \Delta \tilde{g}_c) * Chip_c(\nu)$$

g : nominal gain of the code channel

 $\Delta \widetilde{g}$: The gain offset to be varied in the minimum process

Chip(v) is the chipsequence of the code channel

Indices at g, Δg and Chip:

The index indicates the code channel: c = 1, 2, ... No of code channels

Range for Chip_c: +1,-1

Note: Formula for EVM

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |Z'(\gamma) - R'(\gamma)|^2}{\sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |R'(\gamma)|^2}} * 100 \%$$

 $Z^{\prime}(\gamma),\,R^{\prime}(\gamma)$ are the varied measured and reference signals.

Annex C (normative): Measurement channels

C.1 General

The measurement channels in this annex are defined to derive the requirements in clauses 5, 6 and 7. The measurement channels represent example configuration of radio access bearers for different data rates.

The measurement channel for 12,2 kbps shall be supported by any UE both in up- and downlink. Support for other measurement channels is depending on the UE Radio Access capabilities.

C.2 UL reference measurement channel

C.2.1 UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12,2 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.1.1, table C 2.1.2, table C 2.1.3 and table C.2.1.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.1.

Table C.2.1.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12,2 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12,2	kbps
DPDCH	60	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-5,46	dB
TFCI	On	-
Repetition 23 %		
NOTE: Slot Format #2 is used for closed loop tests in clause 7.6.2. Slot Format #2 and #5 are used for site selection diversity transmission tests in subclause 7.6.3.		

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	244	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*244	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	402	90
	rate matching RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.1.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Table C.2.1.3: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps)	

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

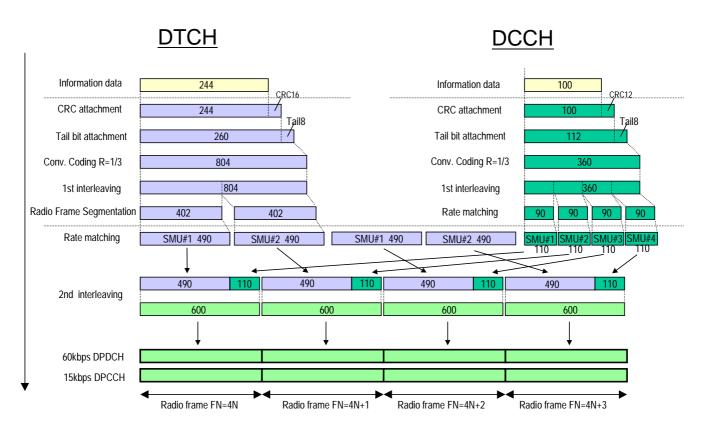


Figure C.2.1 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

C.2.2 UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the 64 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.2.1, table C.2.2.2, table C.2.2.3 and table C.2.2.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.2.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	64	kbps
DPDCH	240	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH	-9,54	dB
TFCI	On	-
Repetition	18	%

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1280	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	1950	90
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.2.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Table C.2.2.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC Logical channel type		annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode)	AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	1264	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	63200	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU ł	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing		N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, I	oit	1280	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		3900	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching		1950	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.2.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

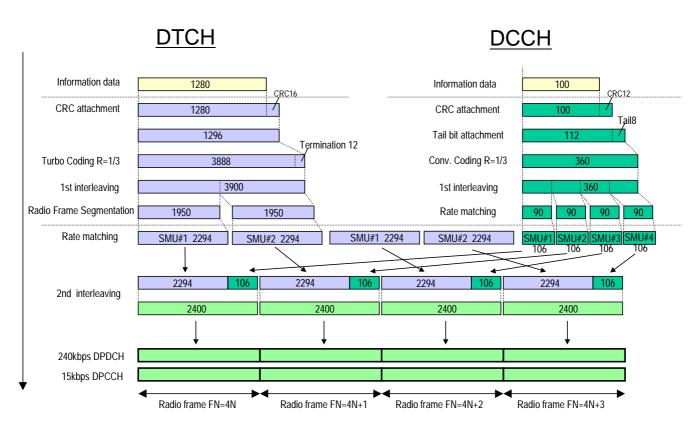


Figure C.2.2 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

C.2.3 UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the 144 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.3.1, table C.2.3.2, table C.2.3.3 and table C.2.3.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.3.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	144	kbps
DPDCH	480	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11,48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Repetition	8	%

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer			
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2880	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	144000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	4350	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.3.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Table C.2.3.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical cha	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	2864	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	143200	2200/2000
	PDU head		16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	eader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, b	Dit	2880	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding typ		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	te	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
		er of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	4350	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.3.4: UL reference measurement	nt channel, TFCS (144 kbps)
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TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

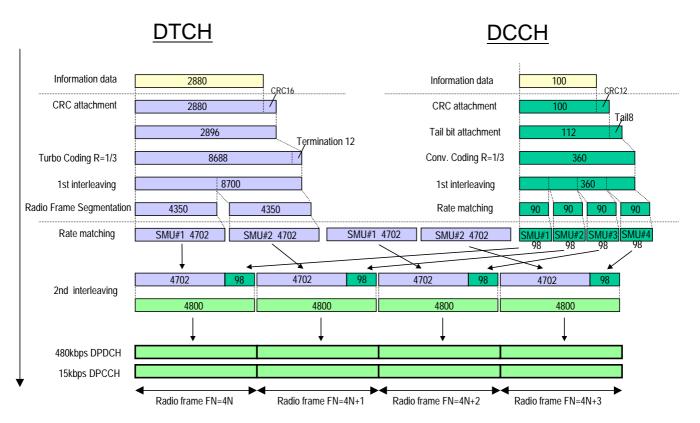


Figure C.2.3 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

C.2.4 UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the 384 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.4.1, table C.2.4.2, table C.2.4.3 and table C.2.4.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.4.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	384	kbps
DPDCH	960	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11,48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing	18	%

Table C.2.4.1: UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3840	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	384000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	11580	90
	RM attribute	256	256

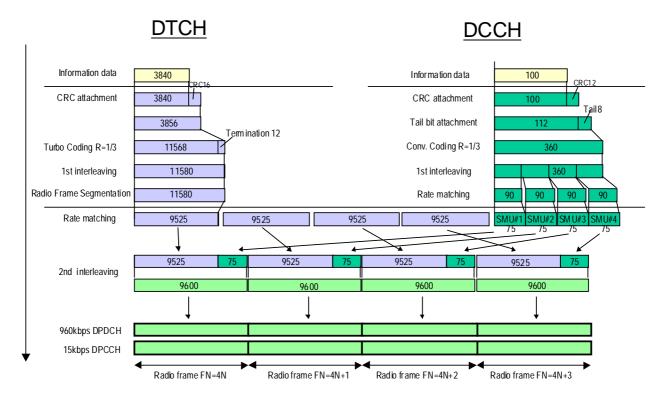
Table C.2.4.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Table C.2.4.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	3824	88/80
	Max data ı	ate, bps	382400	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
-	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, b	pit	3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	te	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		11580	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	11580	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.4.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (384 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)



NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

Figure C.2.4 (informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

C.2.5 UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for 768 kbps are specified in table C.2.5.1, table C.2.5.2, table C.2.5.3 and table C.2.5.4.

Table C.2.5.1: UL reference mea	surement channel, physical	parameters (768 kbps)
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Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	2*384	kbps
DPDCH ₁	960	kbps
DPDCH ₂	960	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11.48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing	18	%

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	7680	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	768000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	2*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	23160	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	23160	90
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.5.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Table C.2.5.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	7664	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	766400	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing		N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, b	pit	3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	2*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	te	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		23160	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	23160	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.5.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (768 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

C.3 DL reference measurement channel

C.3.1 DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12,2 kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.3.1.1, table C.3.1.2, table C.3.1.3 and table C.3.1.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.1. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.2	kbps
DPCH	30	ksps
Slot Format #I	11	-
TFCI	On	
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.1.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	244	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*244	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	RM attribute	256	256

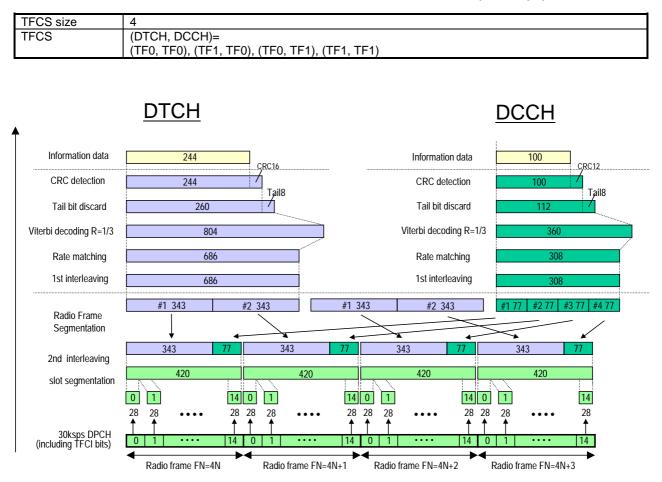


Table C.3.1.3: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps)

Figure C.3.1 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

C.3.2 DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in table C.3.2.1, table C.3.2.2, table C.3.2.3 and table C.3.2.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.2. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	64	kbps
DPCH	120	ksps
Slot Format #i	13	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.2.1: DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1280	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.2.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Table C.3.2.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1264	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	63200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.2.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

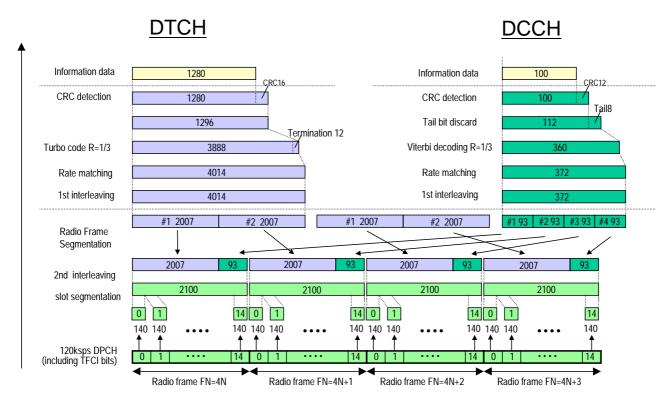


Figure C.3.2 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

C.3.3 DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 144 kbps are specified in table C.3.3.1, table C.3.3.2, table C.3.3.3 and table C.3.3.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.3. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	144	kbps
DPCH	240	ksps
Slot Format #i	14	-
TFCI	On	
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.3.1: DL reference measurem	nent channel (144kbps)
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Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2880	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	144000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.3.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Table C.3.3.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2864	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	143200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.3.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (144 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

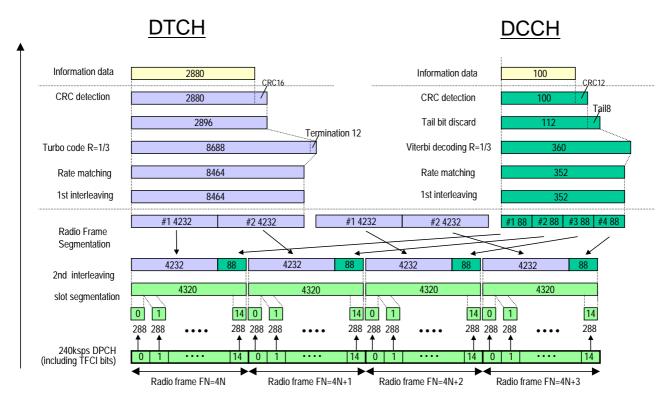


Figure C.3.3 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

C.3.4 DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 384 kbps are specified in table C.3.4.1, table C.3.4.2, table C.3.4.3 and table C.3.4.4. The channel coding is shown for information in figure C3.4. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	384	kbps
DPCH	480	ksps
Slot Format #i	15	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.4.1: DL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3840	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	384000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.4.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Table C.3.4.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3824	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	382400	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
-	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.4.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (384 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

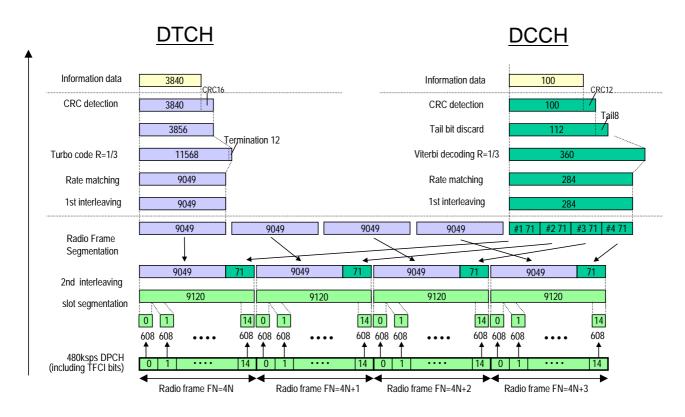


Figure C.3.4 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

C.4 Reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

C.4.1 UL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for UL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in table C.4.1.1, table C.4.1.2, table C.4.1.3 and table C.4.1.4.

Table C.4.1.1: UL reference measurement channel p	ohysical	parameters for BTFD
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Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.8k, 10.8k, 8.55k, 8.0k,	kbps
	7.3k, 6.5k, 5.75k, 5.35k,	
	2.55k	
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-5.46 (12.8k - 7.3k)	dB
	-2.69 (6.5k – 2.55k)	
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing Limit	100	%

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DCCH
	RLC mode	9	UM/AM
	Payload s	izes, bit	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	2200/2000
	PDU head		8/16
	TrD PDU I	neader, bit	N/A
MAC	MAC head		4
	MAC mult	iplexing	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	10
	TB sizes,	bit	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*100
	TTI, ms		40
	Coding typ	De	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	ate	1/3
	CRC, bit		12
	Max number of bits/TTI after		360
	channel co	<u> </u>	
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching		90
	RM attribu	ite	256

Table C.4.1.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters for SRB

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		12.8k /10.8k/8.55k/8.0k/7.3k/6.5k/5.75k/5.35k/2.55k
RLC	Logical channel		DTCH
	type		
	RLC mode		ТМ
	Payload s		256, 216, 171, 160, 146, 130, 115, 107, 51, 12
	Max data		12200
	PDU head		N/A
	TrD PDU bit	header,	0
MAC	MAC head	der, bit	0
	MAC mult	iplexing	N/A
Layer 1	TrCH type	;	DCH
	Transport Identity	Channel	1
	TB sizes,		256, 216, 171, 160, 146, 130, 115, 107, 51,12
	TFS	TF0 bit	0x256
		TF1 bit	1x256
		TF2 bit	1x216
		TF3 bit	1x171
		TF4 bit	1x160
		TF5 bit	1x146
		TF6 bit	1x130
		TF7 bit	1x115
		TF8 bit	1x107
		TF9 bit	1x51
		TF10 bit	1x12
	TTI, ms		20
	Coding typ	pe	CC
	Coding Ra	ate	1/3
	CRC, bit		0
	RM attribu	ute	256

Table C.4.1.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters

Table C.4.1.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS

TFCS size	22
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF2, TF0), (TF3, TF0), (TF4, TF0), (TF5, TF0), (TF6, TF0), (TF7, TF0),
	(TF8, TF0), (TF9, TF0), (TF10, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1), (TF2, TF1), (TF3, TF1), (TF4,
	TF1), (TF5, TF1), (TF6, TF1), (TF7, TF1), (TF8, TF1), (TF9, TF1), (TF10, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs (TF0, TF0), (TF10, TF0) and (TF0, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

C.4.2 DL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for DL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in table C.4.2.1, table C.4.2.2, table C.4.2.3 and table C.4.2.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figures C.4.1, C.4.2, and C.4.3. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to ensure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Rate 1	Rate 2	Rate 3	Unit
Information bit rate	12,2	7,95	1,95	kbps
DPCH		30		ksps
Slot Format #I	8			-
TFCI	Off			-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0 dE			dB
DTX position	Fixed -			-

Table C.4.2.1: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters for BTFD

Table C.4.2.2: DL reference measurement channel	transpor	t channel	narameters for SRB
	, transpor	t channer	

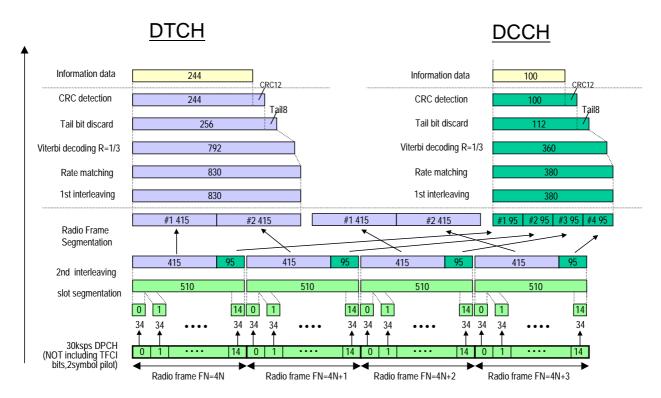
Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DCCH
	RLC mo	de	UM/AM
	Payload	sizes, bit	88/80
	Max data	a rate, bps	2200/2000
	PDU hea	ader, bit	8/16
	TrD PDU	J header, bit	N/A
MAC	MAC he	ader, bit	4
	MAC mu	Iltiplexing	Yes
Layer 1	ayer 1 TrCH type		DCH
	Transpo	rt Channel Identity	20
	TB sizes	, bit	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*100
	TTI, ms		40
	Coding t		Convolution Coding
	Coding F	Rate	1/3
	CRC, bit		12
	Max nun	nber of bits/TTI after	360
	channel		
		Max number of bits/radio	90
	RM attrib		256

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	12.2k/10.2k/7.95k/7.4k/6.7k/5.9k/5.15k/4.75k/1.95k
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH
	RLC mode	ТМ
	Payload sizes, bit	244, 204, 159, 148, 134, 118, 103, 95, 39
	Max data rate, bps	12200
	PDU header, bit	N/A
	TrD PDU header, bit	0
MAC	MAC header, bit	0
	MAC multiplexing	N/A
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1
	TB sizes, bit	244, 204, 159, 148, 134, 118, 103, 95, 39
	TFS	
	TF0 bit	1x244
	TF1 bit	1x204
	TF2 bit	1x159
	TF3 bit	1x148
	TF4 bit	1x134
	TF5 bit	1x118
	TF6 bit	1x103
	TF7 bit	1x95
	TF8 bit	1x39
	TTI, ms	20
	Coding type	
	Coding Rate	1/3
	CRC, bit	12
<u> </u>	RM attribute	256

Table C.4.2.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters

Table C.4.2.4: DL	reference	measurement	channel,	TFCS
-------------------	-----------	-------------	----------	------

TFCS size	18
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)= (TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF2, TF0), (TF3, TF0), (TF4, TF0), (TF5, TF0), (TF6, TF0), (TF7, TF0), (TF8, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1), (TF2, TF1), (TF3, TF1), (TF4, TF1), (TF5, TF1), (TF6, TF1), (TF7, TF1), (TF8, TF1)



FigureC.4.1 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 1)

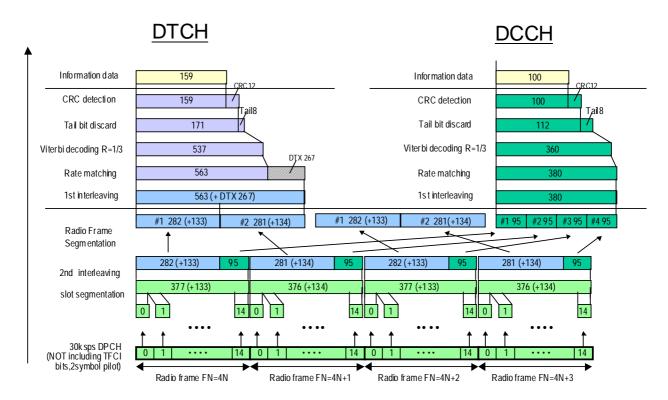


Figure C.4.2 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 2)

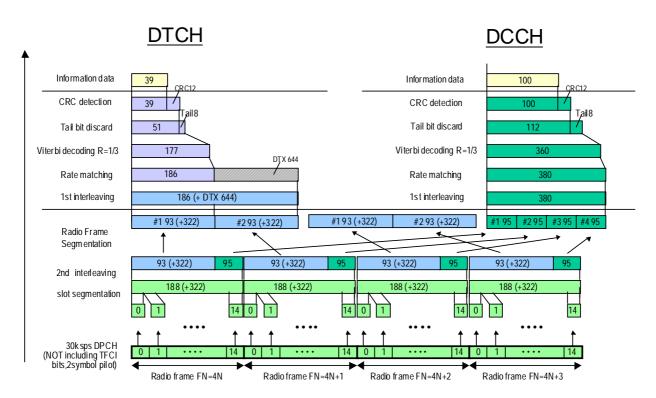


Figure C.4.3 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 3)

C.5 DL reference compressed mode parameters

Parameters described in table C.5.1 are used in some test specified in TS 25.101 while parameters described in table C.5.2 are used in some tests specified in TS 25.133 [2].

Set 1 parameters in table C.5.1 are applicable when compressed mode by spreading factor reduction is used in downlink. Set 2 parameters in table C.5.1 are applicable when compressed mode by puncturing is used in downlink. Set 2 is applicable for Release 99 and Release 4 only.

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	11	11	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	Only one gap in use.
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	4	4	
TGPL2 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	-	-	R99 and Rel-4: Only one pattern in use. Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible DL &UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	Puncturing	Compressed mode by puncturing is applicable for R99 and Rel-4 only.
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11A	
Scrambling code change	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	

Table C.5.2: Compressed mode reference pattern 2 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	4	4	10	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	10	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	0	
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	3	12	11	
TGPL2 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	-	-	-	R99 and Rel-4: Only one pattern in use. Rel-5 and later releases: Not applicable
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible. DL & UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	Puncturing	Compressed mode by puncturing is applicable for R99 and Rel-4 only.
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	11A	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	

C.6 Auxiliary measurement channels

C.6.1 Introduction

BLER measurements for test cases where the UL data rate is less or equal to the DL data rate require that special auxiliary measurement channels (AUXMC) are used. This annex specifies the alternative auxiliary measurement channels and the UE test loop mode parameters to be used for the different UL and DL data rate combinations.

C.6.2 Channel combinations for BLER measurements

Table C.6.2: BLER test method and measurement channels for BLER tests for UL DL data rate combinations

DL rate [kbps]	UE UL RMC rate capability [kbps]	BLER Test method	DL RMC	UL RMC	UE test loop mode (Note 1)	Comments
12.2	RMC 12.2	Loopback Data+CRC	DL TM RMC 12.2 kbps See C.3.1	UL TM AUXMC 12.2 kbps, no CRC See C.6.3	2	
64	RMC 12.2	AM ACK/NACK	DL AM RMC 64 kbps See C.3.2	UL AM AUXMC 12.2 kbps See C.6.7	1	DL RLC SDU size=1256 UL RLC SDU size=0 See Note 2
64	RMC 64	Loopback Data+CRC	DL TM RMC 64 kbps See C.3.2	UL TM AUXMC 64 kbps, no CRC See C.6.4	2	This configuration is only valid in a transition period until RAN5#29 and will then be removed.
144	RMC 12.2	AM ACK/NACK	DL AM RMC 144 kbps See C.3.3	UL AM AUXMC 12.2 kbps See C.6.7	1	DL RLC SDU size=2856 UL RLC SDU size=0 See Note 3
384	RMC 12.2	AM ACK/NACK	DL AM RMC 384 kbps See C.3.4	UL AM AUXMC 12.2 kbps See C.6.7	1	DL RLC SDU size=3816 UL RLC SDU size=0 See Note 4
Note 1 Note 2	te 1 See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding UE test loop modes. See TS 34.109 [4] Annex A.3 for description of the BLER test method using TM reference measurement channel and UE test loop mode 2 (Loopback Data+CRC). See TS 34.109 [4] Annex A.2 for BLER test method using AM reference measurement channels and UE test loop mode 1 (AM ACK/NACK).					
Note 3	expansion bit) every downlink TTI (20 ms). The UE test loop parameter 'UL RLC SDU size' is set to 0 (no data will be returned) in order to avoid UE buffer overflows. The DL AM RMC for 144 kbps according to clause C.3.3 table C.3.3.3 has payload size = 2864 bits and TTI =					
	20 ms. The SS sends one RLC SDU of size 2856 bits (payload size of 2864 bits – 8 bits for length indicator and expansion bit) every downlink TTI (20 ms). The UE test loop parameter 'UL RLC SDU size' is set to 0 (no data will be returned) in order to avoid UE buffer overflows.					
Note 4	The DL AM RMC for 384 kbps according to clause C.3.4 table C.3.4.3 has a payload size of 3824 bits and a TTI of 10 ms. The SS sends one RLC SDU of size 3816 bits (=payload size of 3824 bits – 8 bits for length indicator and expansion bit) every downlink TTI (10 ms). The UE test loop parameter 'UL RLC SDU size' set to 0 (no data will be returned) in order to avoid UE buffer overflows.					

C.6.3 UL auxiliary reference measurement channel (TM, 12.2 kbps, no CRC)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	260	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	13000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	260	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*260	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*260	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	402	90
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.6.3: UL AUXMC TM 12.2 kbps (13 kbps), no CRC

C.6.4 UL auxiliary reference measurement channel (TM, 64 kbps, no CRC)

Table C.6.4: UL AUXMC TM 64 kbps (64.8 kbps), no CR	С
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Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	9	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	1296	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	64800	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU ł	neader, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, I	oit	1296	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*1296	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*1296	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding typ	0e	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	ite	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		0	12
	Max numb	er of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	ix number of bits/radio frame before ing	1950	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

C.6.5 Void

Table C.6.5: Void

C.6.6 Void

Table C.6.6: Void

C.6.7 UL AUXMC AM 12.2 kbps

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical cha	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	,	AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	224	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	11200	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, b	bit	240	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*240	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*240	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding typ	e	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	te	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max numb	er of bits/TTI after channel coding	792	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before	396	90
	RM attribu		256	256

Table C.6.7: UL AUXMC AM 12.2 kbps (11.2 kbps)

C.7 DL reference parameters for PCH tests

The parameters for the PCH demodulation tests are specified in table C.7.1 and table C.7.2.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	Kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	Ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot	dB	0
fields relative to data field		

Parameter	PCH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed

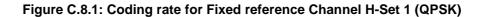
C.8 DL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

C.8.1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)

C.8.1.1 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534	777		
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	3	3		
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	2	2		
	ses	2	2		
Information Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202	4664		
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1		
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680		
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	19200	19200		
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600		
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61		
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4		
Modulation QPSK 16Q					
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant					
power but only every third TTI shall be allocated to the UE under test					

Inf. Bit Payload	3202				
CRC Addition	3202	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	3226				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			9678		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		4800]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	960				



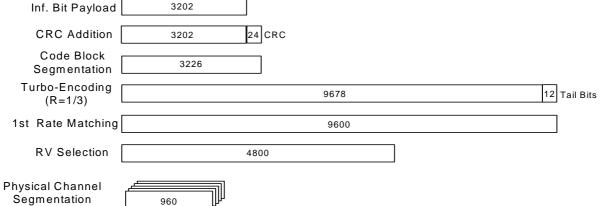
Inf. Bit Payload	4664				
CRC Addition	4664	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	4688				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			14064		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		7680]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	1920				

Figure C.8.2: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (16 QAM)

C.8.1.2 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 2

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801	1166
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	2	2
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3	3
Information Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202	4664
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	28800	28800
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transr	mitted continuous	sly with co	nstant
power but only every second TTI sha	Il be allocated to	the UE un	der test
oad 3202			
ion 3202 24 CRC			
	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate Inter-TTI Distance Number of HARQ Processes Information Bit Payload (N _{INF}) Number Code Blocks Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Total Available SML"s in UE Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc. Coding Rate Number of Physical Channel Codes Modulation Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transr power but only every second TTI sha	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate kbps Inter-TTI Distance TTI"s Number of HARQ Processes Processes Information Bit Payload (N _{INF}) Bits Number Code Blocks Blocks Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Bits Total Available SML"s in UE SML"s Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc. SML"s Coding Rate Number of Physical Channel Codes Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuous power but only every second TTI shall be allocated to 0ad 3202	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate kbps 801 Inter-TTI Distance TTI"s 2 Number of HARQ Processes Processes 3 Information Bit Payload (N _{INF}) Bits 3202 Number Code Blocks Blocks 1 Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Bits 4800 Total Available SML"s in UE SML"s 28800 Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc. SML"s 9600 Coding Rate 0.67 0.67 Number of Physical Channel Codes Codes 5 Modulation QPSK Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with corpower but only every second TTI shall be allocated to the UE un oad 3202

Table C.8.1.2: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2





Inf. Bit Payload	4664					
CRC Addition	4664	24 CRC				
Code Block Segmentation	4688					
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			14064		12 Ta	ail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600			
RV Selection		7680]		
Physical Channel Segmentation	1920					



C.8.1.3 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 3

	Parameter	Unit	Va	lue
	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	1601	2332
	Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1	1
	Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6	6
	Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	3202	4664
	Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
	Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680
	Total Available SML"s,in UE	SML"s	57600	57600
	Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600
	Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
	Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4
	Modulation		QPSK	16QAM
Bit Paylo	ad 3202			
RC Additio				
ode Blocl gmentatio	3226			

Table C.8.1.3: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 3

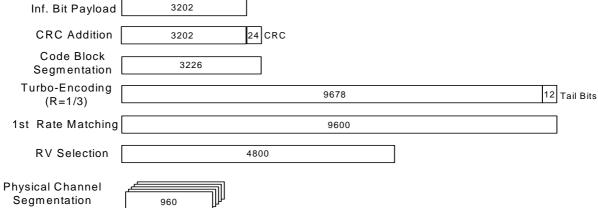
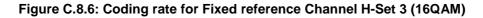


Figure C.8.5: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (QPSK)

Inf. Bit Payload	4664				
CRC Addition	4664	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	4688				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			14064		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		7680]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	1920]			



1st

Physical Channel

Segmentation

C.8.1.4 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 4

]	Parameter	Unit	Value	
	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534	
	Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	2	
	Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2	
	Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	3202	
	Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	
	Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	
	Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	14400	
	Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	7200	
	Coding Rate		0.67	
	Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	
	Modulation		QPSK	
	Note: This FRC is used to verify the distance for UE category 11. T transmitted continuously with o sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling follows: OOXOXOOOXOXO, where "X" marks TTI in which I identity of the UE under test ar which HS-SCCH uses a different			
Inf. Bit Payload	3202			
CRC Addition	3202 24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	3226			
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)	9678			12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching	7200			
RV Selection	4800			

Table C.8.1.4: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

l

960

Figure C.8.7: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

12 Tail Bits

Code Block

Segmentation Turbo-Encoding

(R=1/3) 1st Rate Matching

RV Selection

Physical Channel Segmentation

C.8.1.5 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 5

3226

960

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3
Information Bit Payload ($N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$)	Bits	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	28800
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600
Coding Rate		0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation		QPSK
Note: This FRC is used to verify the minimu The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling patter OOXXXOOOXXXO, where "X" marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses th	continuously with constant p n shall repeat as follows:	oower. The six
marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses a	different identity.	
Bit Payload 3202		
C Addition 3202 24 CRC		

Table C.8.1.5: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5



9678

9600

C.9 Downlink reference channel dummy DCCH transmission on DCH

4800

Many test cases have been designed to have continuous downlink DCCH transmission on DCH. The DCCH is carrying SRBs. When there are no signalling messages to be transmitted on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH messages shall be transmitted on the downlink.

For all test cases with continuous downlink DCCH transmission on DCH the format of the dummy DCCH message is using an invalid MAC header with the value '1111' for the C/T field. The UE shall discard PDU"s with this invalid MAC header according to TS 25.321. This applies for cases where a MAC header is used to distinguish between several logical channels. In the case of the reference measurement channels the SRBs on DCH use a 4 bit MAC header.

C.10 UL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

This annex specifies the UL reference channels in for HSDPA test cases and the UE test loop mode parameters to be used when the UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps) from C.2.1 does not support the required test conditions.

505

Transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH require continuous transmission and test loop operation on UL DPCH.

C.10.1 UL reference measurement channel for HSDPA tests

Table C.10.1.1 to C.10.1.4 are applicable for tests on Transmitter Characteristics with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.7A, 5.9A, 5.10A and 5.13.1A.

Table C.10.1.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12.2 kbps) for HSDPA tests

Parameter		Level	Unit
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio		-5.46 (Note 1)	dB
Note 1: The power ratio for transmitter characteristics testing with HS-DPCCH depends on the beta values given in table C.10.1.4.			•
Note 2: With the exception of the DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio parameter in this table all other parameters are defined in UL reference measurement channel in clause C.2.1, table C.2.1.1.			

Table C.10.1.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps) for HSDPA

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB	
Note:	As defined in UL reference measurement channel in clause C.2.1, table C.2.1.2.			

Table C.10.1.3: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps) for HSDPA

Note: As defined in UL reference meausrement channel in clause C.2.1, table C.2.1.3.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	έ <mark>β</mark> c	βd	βc/βd	βнs
				(Note1, Note 2)
1	1/15	15/15	1/15	2/15
2	12/15	15/15	12/15	24/15
3	13/15	15/15	13/15	26/15
4	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15
5	15/15	7/15	15/7	30/15
6	15/15	off	15/0	30/15
Note 1:	$\Delta_{\rm ACK}\text{, }\Delta_{\rm NACK}$ and	$\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ w	with eta_{hs} = 30/15	5* $oldsymbol{eta}_{c}$.

Note 2: For HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.7A, Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Annex D (normative): Propagation Conditions

D.1 General

D.2 Propagation Conditions

D.2.1 Static propagation condition

The propagation for the static performance measurement is an Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) environment. No fading and multi-paths exist for this propagation model.

D.2.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

Table D.2.2.1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. All taps have classical Doppler spectrum.

Cas	e 1	Cas	se 2	Cas	ie 3	Ca	se 4	Case 5	(Note 1)	Ca	se 6
Speed for I, II ar 3 kr Speed for V and	nd III: n/h or Band	II an 3 k Speed fo	or Band I, d III: m/h r Band V I VI:	Speed fo II and 120 I Speed fo and	d III: <m h<br="">r Band V</m>	II ar 3 k Speed t	or Band I, nd III: m/h for Band nd VI:	II an 50 k Speed f	or Band I, Id III: Id M Id VI:	II ar 250 Speed fo	or Band I, nd III: km/h or Band V d VI:
7 kr	n/h	7 k	m/h	282 km/h	(Note 2)	7 k	m/h	118	km/h	583 km/	n (Note 2)
Relativ	Relati	Relativ	Relativ	Relativ	Relativ	Relati	Relativ	Relati	Relativ	Relati	Relativ
e Delay [ns]	ve mean Power [dB]	e Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	e Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	ve Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	ve Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	ve Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
976	-10	976	0	260	-3	976	0	976	-10	260	-3
		20000	0	521	-6					521	-6
				781	-9					781	-9

 Table D.2.2.1: Propagation conditions for multi-path fading environments

NOTE 1: Case 5 is only used in Requirements for support of RRM.

NOTE 2: Speed above 250km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table D.2.2.1A shows propagation conditions that are used for HSDPA performance measurements in multi-path fading environment.

ITU Pede Speed (PA	3km/h	ITU Pedestrian B Speed 3km/h (PB3)		ITU vehicular A Speed 30km/h (VA30)		ITU vehicular A Speed 120km/h (VA120)	
and	eed for Band I, II Speed for Band I, II Speed for I and III and III and		and III		III	. an	r Band I, II d III
3 kr Speed for E 7 kr	Band V, VI	3 km/h Speed for Band V, VI 7 km/h		30 ki Speed for E 71 ki	Band V, VI	Speed for	km/h Band V, VI n (Note 1)
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	-9.7	200	-0.9	310	-1.0	310	-1.0
190	-19.2	800	-4.9	710	-9.0	710	-9.0
410	-22.8	1200	-8.0	1090	-10.0	1090	-10.0
		2300	-7.8	1730	-15.0	1730	-15.0
		3700	-23.9	2510	-20.0	2510	-20.0

NOTE 1: Speed above 120km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table D.2.2.1B shows propagation conditions that are used for CQI test in multi-path fading

Table D.2.2.1B: Propagation Conditions for CQI test in multi-path fading

Case 8, speed 30km/h				
Relative Delay [ns] Relative mean Power [dB]				
0	0			
976	-10			

D.2.3 Moving propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance are non fading channel models with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, one static, Path0, and one moving, Path1. The time difference between the two paths is according Equation D.2.3.1. The taps have equal strengths and equal phases.

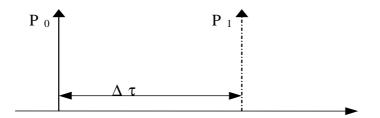


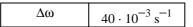
Figure D.2.3.1: The moving propagation conditions

$$\Delta \tau = B + \frac{A}{2} (1 + \sin(\Delta \omega \cdot t))$$

Equation D.2.3.1

The parameters in the equation are shown in.

А	5 µs
В	1 µs



D.2.4 Birth-Death propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, Path1 and Path2 while alternate between 'birth' and 'death'. The positions the paths appear are randomly selected with an equal probability rate and are shown in figure D.2.4.1.

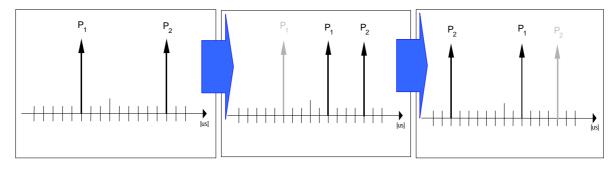


Figure D.2.4.1: Birth death propagation sequence

- NOTE1: Two paths, Path1 and Path2 are randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] μs. The paths have equal strengths and equal phases.
- NOTE 2: After 191 ms, Path1 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] μs but excludes the point Path2.
- NOTE 3: After additional 191 ms, Path2 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] µs but excludes the point Path1.
- NOTE 4: The sequence in 2) and 3) is repeated.

Annex E (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection. For the definition of OCNS, the power of OCNS shall be controlled so as to keep the total transmit power spectral density Ior constant. The Ior shall be measured as the mean power defined in 3.1 Definitions. The mean power shall be kept constant from one slot to the next.

In test cases where the Ior should be kept constant, it shall be acceptable to continuously send logical channel DCCH data which is allowed to be dummy DCCH data, so that it is not necessary to count the number of power off symbols and calculate OCNS power every symbol or slot period to keep the Ior constant.

NOTE: The power level specified for each physical channel in this annex is an average power, as measured during periods when the physical channel transmission is ON (see [19] for definitions), and no DTX symbols are being transmitted on that physical channel.

E.2 Connection Set-up for non-HSDPA test cases

Table E.2.1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table E.2.1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel		
CPICH		
P-CCPCH		
SCH		
S-CCPCH		
PICH		
AICH		
DPCH		

E.2.1 Measurement without dedicated connection

Table E.2.2 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for measurement before connection. This is applicable for the clauses 5.4.1 and 5.5.2.

Table E.2.2: Downlink Physical Channel	s transmitted without dedicated connection
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Physical Channel		Power
Îor	Test dependent pov	ver
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / lor	= -3.9 dB
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / lor	= -8.3 dB
SCH	SCH_Ec / lor	= -8.3 dB
PICH	PICH_Ec / lor	= -8.3 dB
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec / lor	= -5.3 dB

E.3 During connection for non-HSDPA test cases

The following clauses describe the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done. For these measurements the offset between DPCH and SCH shall be zero chips at base station meaning that SCH is overlapping with the first symbols in DPCH in the beginning of DPCH slot structure.

E.3.1 Measurement of Tx Characteristics

Table E.3.1 is applicable for measurements on the Transmitter Characteristics (clause 5) with the exception of clauses 5.3, 5.4.1, 5.4.4 and 5.5.2.

NOTE: Applicability to clause 5.7 (Power setting in uplink compressed mode) is FFS.

Table E.3.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power	
Îor	–93 dBm / 3,84MHz	
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 7 dB
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 2 dB
DPCH	–103,3 dBm / 3,84MHz	

E.3.2 Measurement of Rx Characteristics

Table E.3.2.1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 6) with the exception of clauses 6.3 and 6.8.

Physical Channel	Power		
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 7 dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/ DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 2 dB	
DPCH	Test dependent power		

Table E.3.2.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Table E.3.2.2 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for the test of Spurious Emissions (clause 6.8). The UE is in the CELL_FACH state during the measurement.

 Table E.3.2.2: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during the Rx Spurious

 Emissions test

Physical Channel	Power		
CPICH	–86dBm / 3,84MHz		
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/ CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -5 dB	
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	

E.3.3 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table E.3.3 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements (clause 7), including clauses 6.3 and 5.4.4, excluding clauses 7.6.1 and 7.6.2.

Physical Channel	Power ²		Note
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10 dB	Use of P-CPICH or S-CPICH as phase reference is specified for
			each requirement and is also set by higher layer signalling.
S-CPICH	S-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10 dB	When S-CPICH is the phase
			reference in a test condition, the phase of S-CPICH shall be
			180 degrees offset from the phase
			of P-CPICH. When S-CPICH is not
			the phase reference, it is not transmitted.
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	= -12 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	= -12 dB	This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary
			Synchronous channels
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	= –15 dB	
DPCH	Test dependent pow	er	When S-CPICH is the phase
			reference in a test condition, the phase of DPCH shall be
			180 degrees offset from the phase
			of
			P-CPICH.
OCNS	Necessary power so	that total	OCNS interference consists of 16
	transmit power spectral density		dedicated data channels as
	of Node B (lor) adds to one ¹ specified in table E.3.6.		
NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.			
NOTE 2: Power levels a	levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-		
set-up pliase.			

Table E.3.3: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

E.3.4 Connection with open-loop transmit diversity mode

Table E.3.4 is applicable for measurements for clause 7.6.1.

Table E.3.4: Downlink Physical Channels transm	nitted during a connection
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Physical Channel	Power ²	Note	
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	$P-CPICH_E_{c1}/I_{or} = -13 \text{ dB}$	1. Total P-CPICH_E _c /I _{or} = -10 dB	
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	$P-CPICH_E_{c2}/I_{or} = -13 \text{ dB}$		
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	$P-CCPCH_Ec_1/I_{or} = -15 \text{ dB}$	1. STTD applied	
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	$P-CCPCH_Ec_2/I_{or} = -15 dB$	2. Total P-CCPCH_Ec/I _{or} = -12 dB	
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	$SCH_E_c/I_{or} = -12 \text{ dB}$	 TSTD applied. This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels 	
PICH (antenna 1)	$PICH_E_{c1}/I_{or} = -18 \text{ dB}$	1. STTD applied	
PICH (antenna 2)	$PICH_E_{c2}/I_{or} = -18 \text{ dB}$	2. Total PICH_ $E_c/I_{or} = -15 \text{ dB}$	
DPCH	Test dependent power	 STTD applied Total power from both antennas 	
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (I _{or}) adds to one ¹	 This power shall be divided equally between antennas OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table E.3.6. 	
 NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used. NOTE 2: Power levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-set-up phase. NOTE 3: The time alignment of the P-CPICH from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2 as measured at the UE antenna connection shall be within 1/4 chip. 			

E.3.5 Connection with closed loop transmit diversity mode

table E.3.5 is applicable for measurements for clause 7.6.2.

Table E.3.5: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power ²	Note			
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB			
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB				
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB	1. STTD applied			
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB	1. STTD applied, total			
		P -CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB			
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	1. TSTD applied			
PICH (antenna 1)	$PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB$	1. STTD applied			
PICH (antenna 2)	$PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB$	STTD applied, total			
		$PICH_Ec/Ior = -15 dB$			
DPCH	Test dependent power	1. Total power from both antennas			
OCNS	Necessary power so that total	1. This power shall be divided			
	transmit power spectral density	equally between antennas			
	of Node B (lor) adds to one ^{1,3}	2. OCNS interference consists of			
		16 dedicated data channels as			
		specified in Table E.3.6.			
NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient					
channels, e.g. o	channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.				
		ultipath propagation conditions and			
	noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-				
set-up phase.					
	3: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be				
based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding					
any phase relationship between the antennas.					
NOTE 4: The time alignment of the P-CPICH from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2 as measured at the					
UE antenna co	nnection shall be within 1/4 chip.				

E.3.6 OCNS Definition

Table E.3.6: DPCH Channelization Code and relative level settings for OCNS signal.

Channelization Code at SF=128 ¹	Relative Level setting (dB) ^{1,2}	DPCH Data
2	-1	The DPCH data for each
11	-3	channelization code shall
17	-3	be uncorrelated with each
23	-5	other and with any wanted
31	-2	signal over the period of
38	-4	any measurement. For
47	-8	OCNS with transmit
55	-7	diversity the DPCH data
62	-4	sent to each antenna shall
69	-6	be either STTD encoded
78	-5	or generated from
85	-9	uncorrelated sources.
94	-10	
125	-8	
113	-6	
119	0	

NOTE 1: The DPCH Channelization Codes and relative level settings are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic Peak to Average Ratio.

NOTE 2: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

E.4 W-CDMA Modulated Interferer for non-HSDPA test cases

The W-CDMA modulated interferer consists of the downlink channels defined in table E.4.1 plus the OCNS channels defined in Table E.3.6. The relative power of the OCNS channels shall be such that the power of the total signal adds up to one. In this subclause Ior refers to the power of the interferer.

Table E.4.1: Spreading Code, Timing offsets and relative level settings for W-CDMA Modulated Interferer signal channels.

Channel Type	Spreading Factor	Channelization Code	Timing offset (x256T _{chip})	Power	NOTE
P-CCPCH	256	1	0	P- CCPCH_Ec/lo r = -10 dB	
SCH	256	-	0	SCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	The SCH power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
P-CPICH	256	0	0	P- CPICH_Ec/lor = *10 dB	
PICH	256	16	16	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
OCNS		See table E.3.6		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of the dedicated data channels. as specified in Table E.3.6.

E.5 HSDPA DL Physical channels

E.5.0 Downlink Physical Channels for connection set-up

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Connection setup		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

E.5.1 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement

Table E.5.1 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 5.2A, 5.9A, 5.10A, 5.13.1A, 6.3A, 9.2.1 and 9.3. Table E.5.2 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.2.2. Table E.5.3 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.4.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	-10dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per [14] S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	-15dB	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex C.3.1
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH is not allocated to the UE the HS- SCCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one ¹	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5
NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used.			

Table E.5.1: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Single Link performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note	
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB		
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.	
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is –12dB.	
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	 TSTD applied. Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH. 	
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.	
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.	
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	 STTD applied. Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH_1 is not allocated to the UE, the HS-SCCH_1 shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. 	
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	 UE assumes STTD applied. No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present. 	
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. As HS-SCCH-2.	
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	2. As HS-SCCH-2.	
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.	
OCNS Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one ^{1,2} 1. Balance of power I _{or} of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. OCNS 1. Balance of power I _{or} of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. OCNS 2. Power divided equally between antennas. OCNS 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5.				
 NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used. NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas. 				

Table E.5.2: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Open Loop Transmit Diversity performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note	
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB		
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.	
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is –12dB.	
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	 TSTD applied. Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH. 	
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.	
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. CL1 applied.	
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	 [TBD] applied. Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH_1 is not allocated to the UE, the HS-SCCH_1 shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. 	
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	 UE assumes [TBD] applied. No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present. 	
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. As HS-SCCH-2.	
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	2. As HS-SCCH-2.	
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. CL1 applied.	
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one ^{1,2}	1. Balance of power I_{or} of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. Power divided equally between antennas. 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5.	
 NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used. NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas. 				

Table E.5.3: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Closed Loop Transmit Diversity (Mode-1) performance.

Parameter	Units	Value	Comment	
CPICH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-10		
CCPCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with SCH.	
SCH E _c / I _{or}	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with P- CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per [14] S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0	
PICH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-15		
HS-PDSCH-1 E _c / I _{or}	dB	-10	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH- 1. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.	
HS-PDSCH-2 E_c / I_{or}	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-2	
HS-PDSCH-3 E_c / I_{or}	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-3	
HS-PDSCH-4 E_c / I_{or}	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-4	
DPCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-8	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex C.3.1	
HS-SCCH-1 E_c / I_{or}	dB	Test Specific	All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal E_c/I_{or} .	
HS-SCCH-2 E_c / I_{or}	dB		Specifies E_c / I_{or} when TTI is active.	
HS-SCCH-3 E_c / I_{or}	dB		During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH"s	
HS-SCCH-4 E _c / I _{or}	dB		are not allocated to the UE, the HS- SCCH"s shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.	
OCNS E_c / I_{or}	dB	Remaining power at Node- B (including HS-SCCH power allocation when HS- SCCH"s inactive). ^{1,2}	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5	
 NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the OCNS DPCH channels may be used. NOTE 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas. 				

Table E.5.4: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance

E.5.2 HSDPA OCNS Definition

The selected channelization codes and relative power levels for OCNS transmission for HSDPA performance assessment are defined in Table E.5.5. The selected codes are designed to have a single length-16 parent code.

Table E.5.5: OCNS definition for HSDPA red	ceiver testing
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Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB)	DPCH Data
122	0	The DPCH data for each channelization code shall
123	-2	be uncorrelated with each other and with any
124	-2	wanted signal over the period of any
125	-4	measurement. For OCNS with transmit diversity
126	-1	the DPCH data sent to each antenna shall be
127	-3	either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources.

NOTE 1: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

E.5.3 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement including test tolerances

Table E.5.6 to E.5.8 are applicable for tests in subclause 9.2.1, 9.2.2, and 9.2.3. Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Parameter During Measurement	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-5,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-7.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-13.3
Measurement conditions		S-PDSCH = -6dB, loc = 0dB

 Table E.5.6: Level set 1 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Table E.5.7: Level set 2 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-5.9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-10.75
Measurement conditions	HS-PDSCH = -6dB,	
	lor/loc = 10dB	and 0dB

Table E.5.8: Level set 3 for HSDPA measurements including test tolera	ances
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Parameter During Measurement	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-2,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-8.4
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	off
Measurement conditions		SCH = -3dB, 10dB and 0 dB

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Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	T-put R (kbps) \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
1		-6	Level-set 1	Level-set 2
I	PA3	-3	Not tested	Level-set 3
2		-6	Level-set 2	Level-set 2
2 PB3	FDS	-3	Level-set 3	Level-set 3
3 VA30	-6	Level-set 2	Level-set 2	
	VA30	-3	Level-set 3	Level-set 3
4	VA120	-6	Level-set 2	Level-set 2
	VA120	-3	Level-set 3	Level-set 3

Table E.5.9: Application of level sets for measurement

E.5.4 Downlink Physical Channels for Transmitter Characteristics with HS-DPCCH

Table E.5.10 is applicable for measurements on the Transmitter Characteristics with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.9A, 5.10A and 5.13.1A.

Parameter Unit		Test
DPCH DPCH_Ec/lor (dB)		-9
HS-SCCH_1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor (dB)	-8
HS-PDSCH HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor (dB)		-3
Note: The power levels are selected high enough to keep the DTX reporting ratio very small and to ensure that the radio link is maintained during the test.		

Table E.5.10: Test specific downlink physical channels

E.6 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation (This clause is informative)

E.6.1 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for non-HSDPA test cases

Table E.6.1.1 shows the downlink code allocation for non-HSDPA test cases. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined. Only the system configuration according to TS 34.108 [3] section 6.10b is used for RF testing. The codes used for the WCDMA interferer as defined in Table E.4.1 are not included in the table below because the WCDMA interferer is on another carrier. The S-CCPCH has been moved from code 1 to code 2 (SF=64) in order to resolve the code conflict with OCNS DPCH.

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
0: P-CPICH	0: -= –13 dB		TS 25.213; TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.4
1: P-CCPCH		0: -	TS 25.213
2: PICH	1: -= -13 dB = -	0.	TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
3: AICH	13 dB		TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
4: -	2: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS34.121: Table E.3.6
5: -	= -15 dB = - 15 dB	1: -	
6: - 7: -	3: S-CCPCH = – 12 dB = –18 dB		3: TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (PCH) only
8: - 9: -	4: -		S-CCPCH for RF testing TS 34.108 [3]: 7.3 (SIB5), TS 34.121: TC 7.11 (FACH)
10: -	5: -	2: S-CCPCH	5: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.2 (CTCH)
11: -			
12: - 13: -	6: -		
14: -		- 3: -	
15: -	7: -		
16:			
17: -	8: -= -13 dB		
18: -	9: -= -13 dB = -	4: -	
19: -	13 dB		
20: -	10: - = -15 dB		
21: -	= -15 dB		
22: -	11: OCNS DPCH	5: -	
23: -	= -12 dB = - 18 dB		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
24-31: -	12-15: -	6-7: -	
32: -	16: -		
33: -	10	8: -	
34: -	17: OCNS DPCH	0.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
35: -			
36-43: -	18-21: -	9-10: -	
44: -	22: -		
45: -		11: -	
46: - 47: -	23: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
48-59: -	24-29: -	12-14: -	
60: -			
61: -	30: -	45	
62: -		15: -	OCNS: TS 24 424: F 2.6
63: -	31: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
64-75: -	32-37: -	16-18: -	
76: -	38: OCNS DPCH	19: -	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6

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Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
77: -			
78: -	39: -		
79: -			
80-91: -	40-45: -	20-22: -	
92: -	46: -		
93: - 94: -		23: -	
95: -	47: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
96-107: -	48-53: -	24-26: -	
108: -	- 54: -		
109: -	54	27: -	
110: -	55: OCNS DPCH	21	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
111: -			
112-123: -	56-61: -	28-30: -	
124: - 125: -	62: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
125		31: -	
127: -	63: -		
128-135: -	64-67: -	32-33: -	
136: -	68: -		
137: -	00	34: -	
138: -	69: OCNS DPCH	04.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
139: -		05.00	
140-155: -	70-77: -	35-38: -	
156: - 157: -	78: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
158: -		39: -	
159: -	79: -		
160-167: -	80-83: -	40-41: -	
168: -	84: -		
169: -	01.	42: -	
170: -	85: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
171: - 172-187: -	86-93: -	43-46: -	
188: -		43-40	
189: -	94: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
190: -	05.	47: -	
191: -	95: -		
192: DCH SRB	96: DCH 12.2		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 (DCH SRB and 12.2);
193: -		48: -	DCH 64: SF32-Code24,
194: -	97: -		DCH 144: SF16-Code12,
195: - 196-223: -	98-111: -	49-55: -	DCH 384: SF8-Code6
224: -		- 1 0-00	
225: -	- 112: -	50.	
226: -		56: -	OCNS: TS 24 121: E 2.6
227: -	113: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
228-235: -	114-117: -	57-58: -	
236: -	- 118: -		
237: -		59: -	<u> </u>
238: - 239: -	119: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
240-59: -	120-123: -	60-61: -	
248: -			1
249: -	124: -	62.	
250: -	125: OCNS DPCH	62: -	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
251: -			00110. 10 07.121. E.O.0
252-255: -	126-127: -	63: -	

E.6.2 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for HSDPA test cases

Tables E.6.2.1 and E.6.2.2 show the downlink code allocation for HSDPA test cases. Table E.6.2.1 shows the complete downlink code tree for spreading factors 16, 32 and 64. Table E.6.2.2 shows details of the downlink code tree for SF=16 code=0 with spreading factors 64, 128 and 256. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined.

Note 1: Performance requirements for test cases using 15 HS-PDSCH codes have not been defined by RAN4 yet. A specific code allocation for test cases using 15 HS-PDSCH codes needs to be aligned with assumptions taken in RAN4.

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note	
0: -	0. 10 -		P-CPICH, P-CCPCH, PICH, AICH on SF256	
1: -	0: -= −13 dB	0.	HS-SCCH1 and HS-SCCH2 on SF128	
2: S-CCPCH	1: -= -13 dB = -	0: -	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b	
3: -	13 dB		HS-SCCH3 and HS-SCCH4 on SF128	
4: -	2: -= -15 dB = -			
5: -	15 dB			
6: -	0 40 10	1: HS-PDSCH	1st HS-PDSCH code	
7: -	3: -= −18 dB			
8: -				
9: -	4: -			
10: -	_	2: HS-PDSCH	2nd HS-PDSCH code	
11: -	- 5: -			
12: -				
13: -	6: -			
14: -		3: HS-PDSCH	3rd HS-PDSCH code	
15: -	7: -			
16: -				
17: -	8: -= -13 dB			
18: -	9: -= -13 dB = -	4: HS-PDSCH	4th HS-PDSCH code	
19: -	13 dB			
20: -	10: - = -15 dB			
21: -	= -15 dB			
22: -	11: - = -12 dB	5: HS-PDSCH	5th HS-PDSCH code	
23: -	= -18 dB			
24: -	= -10 UD			
25: -	12: -			
		6: HS-PDSCH	6th HS-PDSCH code	
26: - 27: -	13: -			
28: -				
29: -	14: -			
		7: HS-PDSCH	7th HS-PDSCH code	
30: -	15: -			
31: -				
32: -	16: -			
33: -		8: HS-PDSCH	8th HS-PDSCH code	
34: -	17: -			
35: -				
36: -	18: -			
37: -		9: HS-PDSCH	9th HS-PDSCH code	
38: -	19: -			
39: -				
40: -	20: -			
41: -		10: HS-PDSCH	10th HS-PDSCH code	
42: -	21: -			
43: -				
44: -	22: -	11: -		
45: -		4		
46: -	23: -			

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note	
47: -				
48: - 49: -	- 24: -	12: -	A-DPCH on code 192 (SF256) is the associated dedicated channel and contains	
50: - 51: -	- 25: -	12	the SRB from call setup (TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1)	
52: - 53: -	26: -	13: -		
54: - 55: -	27: -	13: -		
56: - 57: -	- 28: -	14: -		
58: - 59: -	- 29: -	14		
60: - 61: -	- 30: -	15: -	OCNS DPCH on codes 122-127 (SF128)	
62: - 63: -	31: -	10		

Table E.6.2.2: HSDPA Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for SF=16 code=0

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
0: P-CPICH	0: -= –13 dB		TS 25.213; 34.108 [3]: 6.1.4; 34.121: E.4.2
1: P-CCPCH	0= -13 ub	0: -	TS 25.213; 34.121: E.4.2
2: PICH	1: -= -13 dB = -	0	TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
3: AICH	13 dB		TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
4: -	2: HS-SCCH1		
5: -	= -15 dB = -		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
5	15 dB	1: -	
6: -	3: HS-SCCH2		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
7: -	= -18 dB		10 04.100 [0]. 0.2.1 KB Octup message
8: -	4: -		
9: -	ч. -	2: S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108 [3]: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
10: -	5: -	2.0-001 011	3-001 011. 10 34.100 [5]. 0.1.00 (0103)
11: -	5		
12: -	6: HS-SCCH3		TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
13: -	0.110-000110	3: -	10 04.100 [0]. 9.2.1 ND Setup message
14: -	7: HS-SCCH4	5	TS 34.108 [3]: 9.2.1 RB Setup message
15: -	7.110-000114		10 04.100 [0]. 9.2.1 ND Oetup message

Annex F (normative): General test conditions and declarations

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in the present document.

Many of the tests in the present document measure a parameter relative to a value that is not fully specified in the UE specifications. For these tests, the Minimum Requirement is determined relative to a nominal value specified by the manufacturer.

When specified in a test, the manufacturer shall declare the nominal value of a parameter, or whether an option is supported.

In all the relevant clauses in this clause all Bit Error Ratio (BER), Block Error Ratio (BLER), False transmit format Detection Ratio (FDR) measurements shall be carried out according to the general rules for statistical testing in clause F.6.

F.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test, where appropriate. The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified range, and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All ranges and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95 % is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95 % of the performance of a population of test equipment.

For RF tests it should be noted that the uncertainties in clause F.1 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

F.1.1 Measurement of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the UE test environments defined in annex G, Test environments shall be.

- Pressure ± 5 kPa.
- Temperature ±2 degrees.
- Relative Humidity ± 5 %.
- DC Voltage $\pm 1,0$ %.
- AC Voltage $\pm 1,5$ %.
- Vibration 10 %.
- Vibration frequency 0,1 Hz.

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

F.1.2 Measurement of transmitter

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.2 Maximum Output Power	±0,7 dB	
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH	±0,7 dB	
5.3 Frequency Error	±10 Hz	
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	±1,0 dB	The uncertainty of this test is a combination of the downlink level setting error and the uplink power measurement that are uncorrelated.
		Formula = SQRT(source_level_error ² + power_meas_error ²)
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	The test system uncertainty is the function of the UE transmitter power control range for each combination of the step size and number of steps. For 0 dB and 1 dB range $\pm 0,1$ dB For a nominal 2 dB range $\pm 0,15$ dB	This accuracy is based on the linearity of the absolute power measurement of the test equipment.
	For a nominal 3 dB range $\pm 0,73$ dB	
	For a greater than 3 dB range $\pm 0,3$ dB	
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	±1,0 dB	Measured on a static signal
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0,4 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCCH ratio
or		0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
		based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		Overall error is the sum of the
		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the
		DPCCH_Ec/lor ratio. The absolute error of the AWGN loc is not important but is specified as 1.0 dB
5.5.1 Transmit OFF Power: (static case)	±1,0 dB	Measured on a static signal
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	On power +0,7 dB – 1,0 dB Off power (dynamic case) TBD	Assume asymmetric meas error -1.0 dB / 0.7 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error, and +0.7 dB for upper limit (assume UE won't go above 24 nominal). For the off power, the accuracy of a two-pass measurement needs to be analysed.
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size (7 dB step)	±0,3 dB relative over a 9 dB range	
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	Will be a subset of 5.4.2.	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.7A HS-DPCCH	The test system uncertainty is the function of the UE transmitter power range for each step size on the HS-DPCCH channel.	This accuracy is based on the linearity of the absolute power measurement of the test equipment.
	For 0 dB and 1 dB range ±0,1 dB For a nominal 2 dB range ±0,15 dB	
	For a nominal 3 dB range \pm 0,2 dB For a greater than 3 dB range \pm 0,3 dB	
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	±100 kHz	Accuracy = $\pm 3^{*}$ RBW. Assume 30 kHz bandwidth.
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	±1,5 dB	
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	±1,5 dB	
5.10 ACLR	5 MHz offset: ±0,8 dB	
	10 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB	
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	5 MHz offset: ±0,8 dB	
	10 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB	
5.11 Spurious emissions	\pm 2,0 dB for UE and coexistence bands for results > -60 dBm	
	\pm 3,0 dB for results < -60 dBm	
	Outside above: f≤2.2GHz: ± 1.5 dB	
	2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz:	
	± 2.0 dB	
	f > 4 GHz: ±4.0 dB	
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	± 2.2 dB	CW Interferer error is 0.7 dB for the UE power RSS with 0.7 dB for CW setting = 1.0 dB
		Measurement error of intermod product is 0.7 dB for UE power RSS with 0.7 dB for relative = 1.0 dB
		Interferer has an effect of 2 times on the intermod product so overall test uncertainty is $2*1.0$ RSS with $1.0 = 2.2$ dB.
		Apply half any excess test system uncertainty to increase the interferer level
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	±2.5 % (for single code)	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	±2.5 % (for single code)	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code	±1.0dB	
domain error		
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity (EVM)	±2.5 %	
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity (Frequency	±10 Hz	
error)		
5.13.4 PRACH quality (EVM) 5.13.4 PRACH quality (Frequency error)	±2.5 % ±10 Hz	
5.13.4 FRACE quality (Frequency effor)		

F.1.3 Measurement of receiver

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	± 0.7 dB	Oncertainty
6.3 maximum input level:	± 0.7 dB	The critical parameter is the overall signal level and not the -19 dB DPCH_Ec/lor ratio. 0.7 dB absolute error due to signal measurement
		DPCH_Ec/lor ratio error is <0.1 dB but is not important so is ignored
6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS- PDSCH Reception (16QAM)	± 0.7 dB	
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity	± 1.1 dB	Overall system uncertainty comprises three quantities:
		1. Wanted signal level error
		2. Interferer signal level error
		3. Additional impact of interferer ACLR
		Items 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared to provide the ratio error of the two signals. Assume for simplicity this ratio error is linearly added to the interferer ACLR.
		Test System uncertainty = SQRT (wanted_level_error ² + interferer_level_error ²) + ACLR effect.
		The ACLR effect is calculated by:(Formula to follow)
		(E.g. ACLR at 5 MHz of 51 dB gives additional error of .0765 dB. ACLR of 48 gives error of –0.15 dB.)
6.5 Blocking characteristics	System error with f <15 MHz offset: ± 1.4 dB	Using ± 0.7 dB for signal and interferer as currently defined and 68 dB ACLR @ 10 MHz.
	f >= 15 MHz offset and $f_b \leq$ 2.2 GHz: \pm [1.0 dB	
	2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±[1.7] dB f > 4 GHz: ±[3.1] dB	
6.6 Spurious Response	f ≤ 2.2 GHz: ± 1.0 dB 2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±1.7 dB f > 4 GHz: ±3.1 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	±1.3 dB	Similar issues to 7.4 ACS test. ETR028 says impact f the closer signal is twice that of the far signal. If both signals drop 1 dB, intermod product drops 2 dB. Formula = $\sqrt{(2 \cdot CW_{-level_{-error})^2} + (mod_{-level_{-error})^2}}$ (Using CW interferer ±0.5 dB, modulated interferer ±0.5 dB, wanted signal ±0.7 dB) 1.3 dB! Broadband noise/ACLR not considered but may have impact.
6.8 Spurious emissions	$ \begin{array}{l} \pm 3.0 \text{ dB for UE receive band and UE} \\ \text{transmit band (-60 dBm)} \\ \text{Outside above:} \\ \text{f} \leq 2.2 \text{GHz:} \pm 2.0 \text{ dB (-57 dBm)} \\ 2.2 \text{ GHz} < \text{f} \leq 4 \text{ GHz:} \\ \pm 2.0 \text{ dB (-47 dBm)} \\ \text{f} > 4 \text{ GHz:} \pm 4.0 \text{ dB (-47 dBm)} \\ \end{array} $	

F.1.4 Performance requirement

Table F.1.4: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements

Clause	Maximum T	est System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation Condition	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.3 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio 0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner
			Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the DPCH_Ec/lor ratio but is not RSS for simplicity. The absolute error of the AWGN loc is not important for any tests in clause 7 but is specified as 1.0 dB.
7.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath Fading Propagation conditions	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.56 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ± 0.5 dB In addition the same ± 0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.
7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \\ \frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is $(0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6 \text{ dB}$ Same as 7.3
7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c}}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3
7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open loop Transmit diversity mode	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.8 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ± 0.5 dB per outputIn addition the same ± 0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2.These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB. Round up to 0.8 dB

Clause	Maximum Test Sy	stem Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.8	3 dB	Same as 7.6.1
loop Transmit diversity mode	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0) dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1$	dB	
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.8	3 dB	Same as 7.6.1
selection diversity Transmission power control mode	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0) dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1$	dB	
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.8	3 dB	Same as 7.6.1
Handover	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0) dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1$	dB	
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	lor1,lor2 ±1.0) dB	Test is looking for changes in
1	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{\pm 0.1}$	dB	power – need to allow for relaxation in criteria for power
	I _{or}		step of probably 0.1 dB to 0.4 dB
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.8	3 dB	Same as 7.6.1
2	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0) dB	
	I _{or}	dB	
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC	\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} ±0.3	3 dB	Same as 7.2.
commands from radio links of different radio link sets	\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} ±0.3		Offsets calculated as RMS of: lor1/loc, DPCH_Ec1/lor1 and
	\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc} ±0.3	3 dB	DPCH_Ec2/lor2 and
	I_{oc} ±1.0) dB	lor1/loc, DPCH_Ec1/lor1 and DPCH_Ec3/lor3 respectively.
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}}$	±0.1 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}}$	±0.1 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c3}}{I_{or3}}$	±0.1 dB	
	Offset of $\frac{DPCH_{I}}{I_{or1}}$	E_{c2} relative to	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}}$	±0.4 dB	
	Offset of $\frac{DPCH_{I}}{I_{or1}}$	$\frac{E_{c3}}{c}$ relative to	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}}$	±0.4 dB	

Clause	Maximum Tes	t System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} =	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
BLER target		±1.0 dB	
	DPCH F		
	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	±0.1 dB	
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial		±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
convergence		±1.0 dB	
	DPCH F		
	$\frac{DICH_{L_c}}{I_{or}} =$	±0.1 dB	
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up		±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
effects		±1.0 dB	
	00	E1.0 UD	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} =$	±0.1 dB	
7.9 Downlink compressed mode		±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
	I _{oc} :	±1.0 dB	
	DPCH E	±0.1 dB	
	I _{or}	±0.1 ub	
7.10 Blind transport format detection		±0.3 dB	Same as 7.2
Tests 1, 2, 3	I _{oc} =	±1.0 dB	
	DPCH E	±0.1 dB	
	I _{or}	EU. I UD	
7.10 Blind transport format detection	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} =	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
Tests 4, 5, 6		±1.0 dB	
	DPCH E		
		±0.1 dB	
	01		
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel	Test 1:		Test 1: Values for Îor/loc and
(PCH)	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.3 dB	loc are the same as 7.2
	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	Uncertainties for S- CCPCH_Ec/lor and
	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	PICH_Ec/lor are the same as
	PICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	for DPCH_Ec/lor
	Test 2: \hat{i} / i		Test 2: Values for Îor/loc and loc are the same as 7.3
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.6 dB	Uncertainties for S-
	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	CCPCH_Ec/lor and
	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor PICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB ±0.1 dB	PICH_Ec/lor are the same as for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.3 dB	Values for Îor/loc and loc are
	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	the same as 7.2 Uncertainty for AICH_Ec/lor
	AICH_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB	and S-CCPCH_Ec/lor is the
	AIGH_EC/IOI	±0.1 uD	

F.1.5 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.1.5: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Radio Resource Management Tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks		
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection		
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	During T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I}$ ±0.1 dB	
	I_{or} I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{During T1:}}{I_{or}(2)} \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (1, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to I_{or} (2) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{During T2:}}{I_{or}} (1) = \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) ac have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation from zero)	-
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(2) at T uncertainty of lor(1, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unco Similarly, the absolute uncertainty of lor uncertainty of lor(2, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unco	rrelated to each other. (1) at T2 and the relative
	An explanation of correlation between u rationale behind the assumptions, is rec [24].	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Choonanny
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	$\frac{1}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{oc}(1)$ ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 1 during T1:	
	$I_{or}(1) \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (3, 4) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 1 during T2:	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{or} (3, 4) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	I_{or} ±0.1 dB	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> (2) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1:	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (2) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{or} (5, 6) relative to I_{or} (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T2:	
	I_{or} (2) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{or} (5, 6) relative to I_{or} (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) to e): Same as for the one-frequency	test 8.2.2.1.
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(3, 4), are uncorrelated to each other. uncertainty of lor(2) and the relative uncurcorrelated to each other.	Similarly, the absolute
	g) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	h) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between un rationale behind the assumptions, is rec [24].	
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{I_{oc}/RXLEV}{I_{oc}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \text{RXLEV} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{CPICH - E_{c}}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner 0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	$ \begin{array}{l} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc}/RXLEV & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \text{RXLEV} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.3.1
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc1}/I_{oc2} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \underline{\text{During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:}} \\ \hline \underline{CPICH_E_c} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline \\ I_{or} \\ (1) \\ \pm 0.7 \text{ dB} \\ \hline I_{oc} \\ \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \\ \text{Relative delay of paths received from cell 2} \\ \text{with respect to cell 1: } \pm 0.5 \text{ chips} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \underline{\text{During T0/T1:}} \\ \hline \\ \text{Already covered above} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \underline{\text{During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:}} \\ \hline \\ I_{or} \\ (2) \text{ relative to } I_{or} \\ (1) \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \end{array}$	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2.		
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio a uncorrelated to each other.		
	c) Across different cells, the channel power r amount of positive correlation from zero (und correlated).		
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may hav correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f		
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of lor(2),	
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF		
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	During T1 and T2 / T3:		
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell			
	$\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$		
	I I or		
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB		
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB		
	During T1:		
	Already covered above		
	During T2 / T3:		
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB		
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	,	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power	
	c) Across different cells, the channel pow have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).		
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation from zero (uncorrelation)		
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	I the relative uncertainty of	
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	$\frac{\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:}}{\text{CPICH }_{E_c}}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I _{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} (1) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1 and T2 / T3:}}{I_{oc} (2) \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}}$	
	Channel 2 during T1: Already covered above	
	$\frac{\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2 / T3:}}{\frac{\text{CPICH _}E_c}{I_{or}}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I _{or} (2) ±0.7 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertain have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorre one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) may have any positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fu	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI TBD	

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Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}/RXLEV} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{I_{oc}/RXLEV}{I_{oc}} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \text{RXLEV} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio 0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner 0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB. The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
9.2.5 Call Da calentian in CELL FACH		
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH 8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \underline{\text{During T1 and T2:}} \\ \hline \underline{CPICH} _ \underline{E}_{c} \\ I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \hline I_{oc} \\ \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \underline{\text{During T1:}} \\ I_{or} \\ (2) \\ \pm 0.7 \text{ dB} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ (1, 3, 4, 5, 6) \text{ relative to } I_{or} \\ (2) \\ \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \underline{\text{During T2:}} \\ I_{or} \\ (1) \\ \pm 0.7 \text{ dB} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \text{ relative to } I_{or} \\ (1) \\ \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \end{array}$	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	
	 c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) ac have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated). 	
	d) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(2) at T uncertainty of lor(1, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unco Similarly, the absolute uncertainty of lor(uncertainty of lor(2, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unco	rrelated to each other. (1) at T2 and the relative
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	$\frac{Channel 1 during T1 and T2:}{\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	Chool dailing
	I_{oc} (1) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{I_{or}}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{I_{or} (1) \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{oc} (2) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1:}}{I_{or} (2)} \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{I_{or}}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) to e): Same as for the one-frequency	test 8.3.5.1.
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(3, 4), are uncorrelated to each other, uncertainty of lor(2) and the relative unc uncorrelated to each other.	Similarly, the absolute
	g) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	h) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions is recorded in 3GPF	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.5.3 Cell Re-selection to GSM	\hat{I}_{oc}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{or} ig I_{oc}$
	RXLEV $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH _E_c}{_} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	I _{or}	0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH 8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
neighbour list		
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH 8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
neighbour list	Same as 0.2.2.1	Same as 0.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.4 RRC Connection Control	Catting	
8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	Settings. \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the CPICH_Ec/lor ratio.
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.4.2 Random Access	Settings. \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in AICH_Ec ratio
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{_{or}} ig I_{_{oc}}$
	$\frac{AICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the AICH_Ec/lor ratio.
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
	Measurements: Power difference. ± 1dB Maximum Power: same as 5.5.2	Power difference: Assume symmetric meas error ± 1.0 dB comprising RSS of: - 0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error.
		Maximum Power: Assume asymmetric meas error -1.0 dB / 0.7 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error, and +0.7 dB for upper limit
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics		
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	I_{or} ±1.0 dB I_{or1}/I_{or2} ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio
	$\frac{\frac{DPCH_E_{c}}{I_{or}}}{\frac{CPICH_E_{c}}{I_{or}}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB uncertainty in lor1/lor2 based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.5 chips	The absolute error of the lor is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures		
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements		
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T1/T4 and T2/T3:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	During T1/T4 only: Already covered above	
	During T2/T3 only: $I_{-}(2)$ relative to $I_{-}(1) \pm 0.3$ dB	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\text{During T1/T3 and T2:}}{\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or} (1) \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ During T1/T3 only:	
	Already covered above <u>During T2 only:</u> I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.1 and 8.6.1.1A	 Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), cl derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other. c) Across different cells, the channel power r amount of positive correlation from zero (unc correlated). d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other. An explanation of correlation between uncerr behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI 	a coverage factor of k=2. , and channel power ratio are ratio uncertainties may have any correlated) to one (fully ve any amount of positive fully correlated). relative uncertainty of lor(2), tainties, and of the rationale
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	$\begin{array}{l} \hline \begin{array}{c} \hline \text{During T0 to T6:} \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ I_{or} \\ \hline \\ I_{or} \\ \hline \\ I_{or} \\ \hline \\ I_{or} \\ \hline \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$	
	 b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other. c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated). d) Across different cells, the channel power is any amount of positive correlation from zero correlated). e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other. 	, and channel power ratio are different cells may have any correlated) to one (fully ratio uncertainties may have (uncorrelated) to one (fully ve any amount of positive fully correlated).

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T0 to T4:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB During T1, T2 and T4:	
	I_{or} (3) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	During T2, T3 and T4: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: Same as 8.6.1.2	1
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T0 to T5:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	During T1, T2/T3, T4 and T5: I_{or} (3) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	During T2/T3, T4 and T5: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T0 to T4:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	During T1, T2, T3 and T4: I_{or} (3) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	During T2, T3 and T4: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions:	
	 a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc are derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [4], with a coverage factor of k=2. b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), and channel power ratio are uncorrelated to each other. c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across different cells may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). d) Across different cells, the channel power ratio uncertainties may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated). 	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation)	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2, 3), are uncorrelated to each other.	
	An explanation of correlation between uncertainties, and of the rationale behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].	
8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\text{During T1 and T2:}}{\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or} (1) \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{\text{During T1 and T2:}}{1.0 \text{ dB}}$	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.4A	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), ch derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other.	and channel power ratio are
	c) Across different cells, the channel power r amount of positive correlation from zero (unc correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the relative uncertainty of lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements	l	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Channel 1 during T0, T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	Channel 1 during T2:	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T0, T1 and T2:	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (3) ±0.7 dB	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated)	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	I the relative uncertainty of
	f) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	g) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition	$\frac{\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1 and T2:}}{\frac{\text{CPICH}_E_c}{I_{or}}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} (1) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2: I_{oc} (2) $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	
	$\frac{\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I_{or}</i> (2) ±0.7 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	 d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) r positive correlation from zero (uncorrela 	
	 e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated). 	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GP	
8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	ТВD	
8.6.4 GSM Measurement 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB RXLEV ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements		
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP		
8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{CPICH - E_{c}}{I} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	$ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = 10.1 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{oc}} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{oc1}} = I_{oc2} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo		
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$ \begin{array}{cccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	$\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	$\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc1}/I_{oc2} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner 0.3 dB uncertainty in loc1/loc2 based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	$\frac{I_{oc} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}}{\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB RXLEV1/RXLEV2 ±1.4 dB	combiner 0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB. The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The relative accuracy of RXLEV1 to RXLEV2 is specified to be 1.4 dB (RMS of individual uncertainties) when BCCHs are on the same or on different RF channel within the same frequency band
		The relative accuracy of RXLEV1 to RXLEV2 is specified to be 1.4 dB (RMS of individual uncertainties) when BCCHs are on different frequency band
8.7.3C UE Transmitted power	Mean power measurement ±0,7 dB	Downlink parameters are unimportant.
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference		
8.7.4.1 Intra frequency measurements	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
accuracy	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-CFN observed time difference: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurements	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
accuracy	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-CFN observed time difference: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \text{Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy} & \pm 0.5 \text{ chip} \end{array} $	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD	

F.1.6 Performance requirement (HSDPA)

Table F.1.6: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements (HSDPA)

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.6 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \frac{E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ± 0.5 dB per output In addition the same ± 0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is $(0.5^2$ $+ 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.6$ dB
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.8 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \frac{E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ±0.5 dB per output In addition the same ±0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB. Round up to 0.8 dB
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2	Same as 9.2.2
9.3.1 AWGN propagation conditions	No test system uncertainty applied	

F.2 Test Tolerances (This clause is informative)

The Test Tolerances defined in this clause have been used to relax the Minimum Requirements in the present document to derive the Test Requirements.

The Test Tolerances are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Tolerances may sometimes be set to zero.

The test tolerances should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.).

F.2.1 Transmitter

Clause	Test Tolerance
5.2 Maximum Output Power	0.7 dB
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-	0.7 dB
DPCCH	
5.3 Frequency error	10 Hz
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	1.0 dB
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the	0.1 dB (1 dB and 0 dB range)
uplink	0.15 dB (2 dB range)
	0.2 dB (3 dB range
	0.3 dB (> 3 dB range))
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	1.0 dB
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of	0.4 dB
output power: \underline{DPCCH}_{E_c}	
$\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}}$	
	0
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of	0 ms
output power: transmit ON/OFF time	1.0.dP
5.5.1 Transmit OFF power	1.0 dB
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask	On power +0.7 dB / -1.0 dB
(dynamic case)	Off power TT 1.0 dB
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step	0.3 dB
	0.3 UD
size 5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed	See subset of 5.4.2
mode:-UE output power	See Subset of 5.4.2
5.7A HS-DPCCH	0.1 dB (1 dB and 0 dB range)
5.7ATIS-DECCIT	0.15 dB (2 dB range)
	0.2 dB (2 dB range)
	0.3 dB (> 3 dB range)
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	0 kHz
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II)
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS-	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II)
DPCCH	and Band V only)
5.10 ACLR	0.8 dB for ratio
	0.0 dB for absolute power
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	0.8 dB for ratio
	0.0 dB for absolute power
5.11 Spurious emissions	0 dB
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	0 dB
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	0%
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with	0%
HS-DPCCH	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code	1.0 dB
domain error	
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity (EVM)	0%
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity (Frequency	10 Hz
error)	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	0%
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality	10 Hz
(Frequency error)	
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Table F.2.1: Test Tolerances for transmitter tests.

F.2.2 Receiver

Clause	Test Tolerance
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	0.7 dB
6.3 Maximum input level:	0.7 dB for lor
6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS- PDSCH Reception (16QAM)	0.7 dB for lor
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity	0 dB
6.5 Blocking characteristics	0 dB
6.6 Spurious Response	0 dB
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	0 dB
6.8 Spurious emissions	0 dB

Table F.2.2: Test Tolerances for receiver tests.

F.2.3 Performance requirements

Clause	Test Tolerance
7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
Condition	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
Fading Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Propagation conditions	
7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open loop	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
Transmit diversity mode	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
loop Transmit diversity mode	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
selection diversity Transmission power	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
control mode	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Handover conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	0 dB for lor1, lor2
1 7.7.2 Combining of TDC commondo Toot	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different	Test parameters:
radio link sets	0 dB for \hat{I}_{gr1}/I_{gc}
	0 dB for \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}
	0 dB for \hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec1/lor1
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec2/lor2
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec3/lor3
	Test requirements:
	0 dB for Test 1
	0 dB for Test 2
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
BLER target	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial	0.6 dB for measured DPCH_Ec/lor power ratio values
convergence 7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up	during T1 and T2
effects	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.9 Downlink compressed mode	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.10 Blind transport format detection	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
Tests 1, 2, 3	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.10 Blind transport format detection	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
Tests 4, 5, 6	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel (PCH)	Test 1: 0.4 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	Test 2: 0.7 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.4 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}

Table F.2.3: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements.

F.2.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.2.4: Test Tolerances for Radio Resource Management Tests
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8.2 Uell Mode Tasks 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection 9.2.2 Cell Re-Selection 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection 8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed 0.3 dB for loc(2) Channel 1 during T1: +0.75 dB for loc(2) Channel 1 during T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Eclor ratios -0.80 dB for loc(3, 4) -1.80 dB for loc(1) -0.75 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T1: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Eclor ratios -0.80 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.70 dB for loc(2) -1.80 dB for loc(2) </th <th>Clause</th> <th>Test Tolerance</th>	Clause	Test Tolerance
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case $ \begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		
$+0.13 dB \text{ for } \log(2)$ $\frac{1+0.13 dB \text{ for } \log(2)}{-0.27 dB \text{ for } \log(2)}$ $\frac{1+0.13 dB \text{ for } \log(2)}{-0.27 dB \text{ for } \log(2)}$ 8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case $\frac{2 \text{ Channel 1 during T1}}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(1)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(2)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(3)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.05 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$ $\frac{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}{-0.01 dB \text{ for } \log(5)}$	8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	+0.60 dB for all Cell 1 and 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.50 dB for all Cell 3, 4 ,5, 6 Ec/lor ratios +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6) During T1:
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case Channel 1 during T1 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios -0.80 dB for all Cell 1 and 4 Ec/lor ratios -0.80 dB for all Cell 1 and 4 Ec/lor ratios Channel 1 during T1: -0.01 dB for lor(1) -0.01 dB for lor(3, 4) No change for loc(2)		+0.13 dB for lor(2) <u>During T2:</u> +0.13 dB for lor(1)
$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} $	8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Channel 1 during T1 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 8.2.3 \ \text{UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection} \\ \hline 8.2.3.1 \ \text{Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed} \\ \hline 8.2.3.1 \ \text{Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed} \\ \hline 0.3 \ \text{dB for } \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} \\ \hline 0.1 \ \text{dB for RXLEV} \\ \hline 8.2.3.2 \ \text{Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed} \\ \hline 8.2.3.2 \ \text{Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed} \\ \hline 0.3 \ \text{dB for } \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} \\ \hline 0.1 \ \text{dB for CPICH_Ec/lor} \\ \hline 1.0 \ \text{dB for CPICH_Ec/lor} \\ \hline 1.0 \ \text{dB for RXLEV} \\ \hline 8.2.4 \ \text{FDD/TDD cell re-selection} \\ \hline 0.3 \ \text{dB for } \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} \\ \hline 0.3 \ \text{dB for CPICH_Ec/lor} \\ \hline 0.3 \ \text{dB for loc1/loc2} \\ \hline \end{array}$		Channel 1 during T1:-0.01 dB for lor(1)-0.01 dB for lor(3, 4)No change for loc(1)Channel 1 during T2:+0.75 dB for lor(1)-0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)-1.80 dB for loc(1)Channel 2 during T1 and T2:+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios-0.80 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratiosChannel 2 during T1:+0.75 dB for lor(2)-0.05 dB for lor(5, 6)-1.80 dB for loc(2)Channel 2 during T2:-0.01 dB for lor(2)-0.01 dB for lor(2)-0.01 dB for lor(5, 6)
8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for RXLEV 8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for RXLEV 8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for RXLEV 8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	8 2 3 LITRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection	No change for loc(2)
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for RXLEV 8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.3 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2		0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for RXLEV 8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for ICPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2	8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2		0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
0.3 dB for I_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2		
	ס.צ.א רטטו עטו נפוו re-selection	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	0.3 dB for loc1/loc2

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/Ior ratios Relative delay: {-147.5 +147.5} chips
	<u>During T0/T1:</u> Already covered above
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	During T1 and T2 / T3: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1: Already covered above
	During T2 / T3: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3: +0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T1: Not applicable
	Channel 2 during T2 / T3: +0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	TBD
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover form UTRAN FDD to GSM	During T2 and T3: + 1 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH	
8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	During T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 1 and 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.50 dB for all Cell 3, 4 ,5, 6 Ec/lor ratios +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)
	During T1: -0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)
	During T2: +0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	+0.60 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	-0.70 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 1 during T1:
	+0.05 dB for lor(1)
	+0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)
	No change for loc(1)
	Channel 1 during T2:
	+0.75 dB for lor(1)
	-0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)
	-1.60 dB for loc(1)
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	+0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	-0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T1:
	+0.75 dB for lor(2)
	-0.05 dB for lor(5, 6)
	-1.60 dB for loc(2)
	Channel 2 during T2:
	+0.05 dB for lor(2)
	+0.05 dB for lor(5, 6)
	No change for loc(2)
8.3.5.3 Cell Re-selection to GSM	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	1.0 dB for RXLEV
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH	
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list 8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.4 RRC Connection Control	
8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	
	0 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0 dB for any_Ec/lor
	Zero TT is applied, as level settings are
	not critical with respect to the outcome of
	the test.
8.4.2 Random Access	Settings:
	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for AICH_Ec/lor
	Measurements:
	Power difference: ± 1dB
	Maximum Power: -1dB / +0.7dB
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE	0 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics	
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
-	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
	1 dB for Îor1
	1.3 dB for Îor2
	0.5 chips for Rx-Tx timing accuracy
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures	
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements	

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	During T1/T4 and T2/T3:
(R99)	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1/T4 only: Already covered above
	During T2/T3 only: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	During T1/T3 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1/T3 only: Already covered above
	During T2 only: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	During T0 to T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	+0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios During T0 to T4: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	During T0 to T5: +0.40 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.40 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.40 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	During T0 to T4: +0.40 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.40 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.40 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	During T1: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.30 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	During T2: +0.30 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements	
8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	During T0 to T2: +0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.80 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition	During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	TBD
8.6.4 GSM measurements	
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	During T2: + 1 dB for RXLEV
	During T3: -1 dB for RXLEV
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements	
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	^ /
	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	1.0 dB for loc 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.3 dB for T_{or}/T_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
	1.0 dB for loc

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo	
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{oc}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	
	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	1.0 dB for loc
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	TT for test parameters
	GSM cell levels:
	Step 1: -1 dB
	Step 2: -1 dB
	Step 3: -1 dB Step 4:+1 dB
	Relative accuracy requirements: a, b, c and
	d values in minimum requirements are
	increased by 2 dB i.e.,
	For x1 \ge s+14, x2< -48 dBm:
	a=4, b=4, c=6, d=6
	For s+14 > x1 ≥ s+1
	a=5, b=4, c=7, d=6
	For s+1 > x1
	a=6, b=4, c=8, d=6
	Absolute accuracy requirements: original
	minimum requirements are increased by ± 1
	dB
8.7.3B Transport channel BLER	TBD
8.7.3C UE Transmitted power	0.7 dB for mean power measurement by test system
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{ac}/I_{ac}
	077 00
	1.0 dB for loc
	±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-CFN
	observed time difference
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
	1.0 dB for loc
	±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-SFN
8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	observed time difference type 1
	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	1.0 dB for loc
0.7.7. Observed time difference to COM sell	0.5 chip for Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy
8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell 8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD TBD

F.2.5 Performance requirements (HSDPA)

Table F.2.5: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements (HSDPA).

Clause	Test Tolerance
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for Ec/lor

Clause	Test Tolerance
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for Ec/lor
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2
9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for P-CPICH_Ec/lor and HS-SCCH_Ec/lor

F.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared – without any modification – against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ETR 273-1-2 clause 6.5.

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in clause F.1 of the present document.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in clause F.1, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made value as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in clause F.1 shall be used to tighten the Test Requirement – making the test harder to pass. (For some tests e.g. receiver tests, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a Test System not compliant with clause F.1does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with clause F.1 had been used.

For some of the more complex tests e.g. RRM, deriving the overall test system uncertainty is not straightforward. In such cases the derivation is given in TR 34.902 [24] rather than in subclause F.1. If it is deemed necessary to apply the additional test system uncertainty rules to these tests, the formula for deriving the new overall uncertainty from any excess fundamental test system uncertainties, shall use the formulas provided in 34.902.

F.4 Derivation of Test Requirements (This clause is informative)

The Test Requirements in the present document have been calculated by relaxing the Minimum Requirements of the core specification using the Test Tolerances defined in clause F.2. When the Test Tolerance is zero, the Test Requirement will be the same as the Minimum Requirement. When the Test Tolerance is non-zero, the Test Requirements will differ from the Minimum Requirements, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in table F.4.

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.2 Maximum Output Power	Power class 1 (33 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 2 (27 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 3 (24 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 4 (21 dBm) Tolerance = ± 2 dB	0.7 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT For power classes 1-3: Upper Tolerance limit = +1.7 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -3.7 dB For power class 4: Upper Tolerance limit = +2.7 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -2.7 dB
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH	For Power class 3: Power class 3 (24 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 3 (23 dBm) Tolerance = $+2/-3$ dB Power class 3 (22 dBm) Tolerance = $+3/-3$ dB For Power class 4 (21 dBm) Tolerance = ± 2 dB Power class 4 (20 dBm) Tolerance = $+3/-2$ dB Power class 4 (19 dBm) Tolerance = $\pm 4/-2$ dB	0.7 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT For power classes 3: Upper Tolerance limit = +1.7 dB (24 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +2.7 dB (23 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +1.7 dB (22 dBm) Lower Tolerance limit = -3.7 dB For power class 4: Upper Tolerance limit = +2.7 dB (24 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +3.7 dB (23 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +4.7 dB (22 dBm) Lower Tolerance limit = -2.7 dB
5.3 Frequency Error	The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.	10 Hz	Formula: modulated carrier frequency error + TT modulated carrier frequency error = $\pm(0.1$ ppm + 10 Hz).
5.4.1 Open loop power control in the uplink	Open loop power control tolerance ±9 dB (Normal) Open loop power control tolerance ±12 dB (Normal)	1.0 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT For Normal conditions: Upper Tolerance limit = +10 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -10 dB For Extreme conditions: Upper Tolerance limit = +13 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -13 dB
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in uplink	See table 5.4.2.1 and 5.4.2.2	0.1dB 0.15 dB 0.2 dB 0.3 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	UE minimum transmit power shall be less than –50 dBm	1.0 dB	Formula: UE minimum transmit power + TT UE minimum transmit power = -49 dBm

Table F.4.1: Derivation of Test Requirements (Transmitter tests)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.4.4 Out-of- synchronisation handling of output power:	$\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ levels $\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}}$ AB: -22 dB BD: -28 dB DE: -24 dB EF: -18 dB transmit ON/OFF time 200ms $\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} - 60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.4 dB for $\frac{DPCCH_E}{I_{or}}$ 0 ms for timing measurem ent	Formulas: Ratio between A and B + TT Ratio between B and D – TT Ratio between D and E – TT Ratio between E and F + TT transmit ON/OFF time + TT timing $\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $\hat{I}_{or} - 60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ levels:}$ AB: -21.6 dB BD: -28.4 dB DE: -24.4 dB EF: -17.6 dB transmit ON/OFF time 200ms timing Uncertainty of OFF power measurement is handled by Transmit OFF power test and uncertainty of ON power measurement is handled by Minimum output power test.
5.5.1 Transmit OFF power (static case)	Transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm	1.0 dB	Formula: Transmit OFF power + TT Transmit OFF power = –55dBm.
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	Transmit ON power shall be the target value as defined in clause 5.5.2.2 Transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm	On power upper TT = 0.7 dB On power lower TT = 1.0 dB Off power TT = 1.0 dB	Formula for transmit ON power: Transmit ON power target upper limit + On power upper TT Transmit ON power target lower limit - On power lower TT To calculate Transmit ON power target value range take the nominal TX power range from Table 5.5.2.3 then apply table 5.4.1.1 open limits then apply table 5.7.1 (only if there has been a transmission gap) then cap the upper value using table 5.2.1. Formula for transmit OFF power: Transmit OFF power + Off power TT Transmit OFF power = -55 dBm
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	TFC step size = +5 to +9 dB	0.3 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT Upper limit = -4.7 dB
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode	Various	TBD (Subset of 5.4.2)	Lower limit = -9.3 dB TBD
5.7A HS-DPCCH	See table 5.7A.1 and 5.7A.2	0.1 dB 0.15 dB 0.2 dB 0.3 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT

Test	Minimum Require 25.101		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of		0 kHz	Formula: occupied channe	
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	3.84 Mcps. Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher. This is expressed as the equivalent power in the measurement band-width used at each offset.		1.5 dB	occupied channel bandwid Formula: Minimum require Lower limit + TT Add 1.5 to Minimum requir in TS25.101 Table 6.10. Zero test tolerance is appli Additional requirements fo to FCC regulatory requirem The lower limit shall be -44 MHz or which ever is higher	ment + TT ement entries ed for r Band II due nents. 8.5 dBm / 3.84
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH	Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher.		1.5 dB	Formula: Minimum require Lower limit + TT Add 1.5 to Minimum requir in TS25.101 Table 6.10. Zero test tolerance is appli Additional requirements fo IV and Band V due to FCC requirements. The lower limit shall be -44 MHz or which ever is higher	ment + TT ement entries ed for r Band II, Band c regulatory 8.5 dBm / 3.84 er.
5.10 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)	If the adjacent chan greater than -50 dB ACLR shall be higher values specified bel	m then the er than the	0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute power t	hreshold + TT
	Power Classes 3 an UE channel +5 MHz ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MH MHz, ACLR limit: 43	: or -5 MHz, lz or -10	0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR limit - TT Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5 I limit: 32.2 dB UE channel +10 MHz or -1 limit: 42.2 dB	
5.10A Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH	If the adjacent chan greater than -50 dB ACLR shall be highe values specified bel	m then the er than the	0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute power t	hreshold + TT
	Power Classes 3 an UE channel +5 MHz ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MH ACLR limit: 43 dB	d 4: : or -5MHz,	0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR limit – TT Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5N Limit: 32.2 dB UE channel +10 MHz or -1 Limit: 42.2 dB	0MHz, ACLR
5.11 Spurious Emissions				Formula: Minimum Require Add zero to all the values of Requirements in table 5.11 5.11.1b.	of Minimum I.1a and
	Frequency Band	Minimum Requireme nt		Frequency Band	Minimum Requirement
	9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	–36dBm /1kHz	0 dB	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	−36dBm /1kHz
	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	–36dBm /10kHz	0 dB	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	–36dBm /10kHz
	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	–36dBm /100kHz	0 dB	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	–36dBm /100kHz
	1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz	0 dB	1 GHz ≤ f < 2.2 GHz	-30dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	2.2 GHz ≤ f < 4 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	4 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in T	
	1893.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	–41dBm /300kHz	0 dB	1893.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	–41dBm /300kHz
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	–67dBm /100kHz	0 dB	925 MHz \leq f \leq 935 MHz	–67dBm /100kHz
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	–79dBm /100kHz	0 dB	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	–79dBm /100kHz
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	–71dBm /100kHz	0 dB	$\begin{array}{c} 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$	–71dBm /100kHz
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	Intermodulation Pro 5MHz -31 dBc 10MHz -41 dBc CW Interferer level =		0 dB	Formula: CW interferer leve Intermod Products limits rer unchanged. CW interferer level = -40 dB	nain
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	The measured EVM exceed 17.5%.	shall not	0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	The measured Peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB.		1.0 dB	Formula: Peak code domair Peak code domain error = -	
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity (EVM)	The measured EVM exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity (Frequency error)	The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within +/-0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.		10 Hz	Formula: modulated carrier error + TT modulated carrier frequency (0.1 ppm + 10 Hz).	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (Frequency error)	exceed 17.5%. The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within +/-0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.		10 Hz	Formula: modulated carrier error + TT modulated carrier frequency (0.1 ppm + 10 Hz).	

Test	Minimum Requi 25.10		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	Îor = -106.7 dBm / 3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -117 dBm / 3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001		0.7 dB	Formula: Îor+TT DPCH_Ec+TT BER limit unchanged Îor = -106 dBm / 3 DPCH_Ec = -116.3 dBm	
6.3 Maximum input level 6.3A Maximum Input	-25 dBm lor -19 dBc DPCH_E -25 dBm lor	c/lor	0.7 dB	Formula: lor-TT lor = -25.7 dBm Formula: lor-TT	
Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)	â			lor = -25.7 dBm	
6.4 Adjacent Channel Selectivity	for = -92.7 dBm / 3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -103 dBm / 3.84 MHz loac (modulated) = -52 dBm/3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: Îor unchanged DPCH_Ec unchanged Ioac – TT BER limit unchanged	
6.5 Blocking	See Table 6.5.3 a	nd G E 1 in	0 dB	Formula:	
Characteristics	TS34.121 BER limit = 0.001	nu 6.5.4. in	0 UB	I _{blocking} (modulated) - TT (d I _{blocking} (CW) - TT (dBm) BER limit unchanged	IBm/3.84MHz)
6.6 Spurious Response	Iblocking(CW) –44 dBm Fuw: Spurious response frequencies BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: I _{blocking} (CW) - TT Fuw unchanged BER limit unchanged I _{blocking} (CW) = -44 dBm	(dBm)
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	louw1 (CW) -46 dBm louw2 (modulated) -46 dBm / 3.84 MHz Fuw1 (offset) 10 MHz Fuw2 (offset) 20 MHz lor = -103.7 dBm/3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -114 dBm/3.84 BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: lor + TT DPCH_Ec + TT louw1 level unchanged louw2 level unchanged BER limit unchanged. lor = -114 dBm BER limit. = 0.001	
6.8 Spurious Emissions				Formula: Maximum level + Add zero to all the values of Level in table 6.8.1.	
	Frequency Band	Maximum level		Frequency Band	Maximum level
	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-57dBm /100kHz	0 dB	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-57dBm /100kHz
	1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75GHz	-47dBm /1MHz	0 dB	$1GHz \le f \le 2.2GHz$	-47dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	2.2GHz < f ≤ 4GHz	-47dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	4GHz < f ≤ 12.75GHz	-47dBm /1MHz
	1920MHz ≤ f ≤ 1980MHz	-60dBm /3.84MHz	0 dB	$1920MHz \le f \le 1980MHz$	-60dBm /3.84MHz

Test	Minimum Requi 25.10		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
	2110MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170MHz	-60dBm /3.84MHz	0 dB	$2110MHz \le f \le 2170MHz$	-60dBm /3.84MHz

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.2 Demodulation of DPCH in static conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -5.5 to -16.6 dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.1 \text{ dB} \\ \text{for} \\ \underline{DPCH_E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.7 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.4 to -16.5 dB:
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 1-4	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -2.2 to -15.0	0.1 dB for $\underline{DPCH_E_c}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} + \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = -60 dBm	I _{or} 0.6 dB for	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} + ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB to } -3 \text{ dB}$	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -2.1 to -14.9 dB:
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -3.2 to -7.7 dB	0.1 dB for \underline{DPCH}_E_c	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
conditions Tests 5-8	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6 dB to -3 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 to -2.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -3.1 to -7.6 dB:
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -4.4 to -11.8 dB	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
conditions Tests 9-12	<i>I_{oc}</i> = -60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6 dB to -3 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 to -2.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -4.3 to -11.7 dB:

Table F.4.3: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 13-16	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -2.2 \text{ to } -15.0 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$
		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -2.1 to -14.9 dB:
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 17-20	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -1.4 \text{ to } -8.8 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6 \text{ to } -3 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{or}/I_{oc} = rate if I_{oc} I_{oc} unchanged
7.4 Demokulation of			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -1.3 \text{ to } -8.7 \text{ dB}:$ Formulae:
7.4 Demodulation of DPCH in moving propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -10.9 \text{ to } -14.5$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I} - 10.8 \text{ to} - 14.4 \text{ dB}:$
7.5 Demodulation of DPCH birth-death propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -8.7 \text{ to } -12.6 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -18.6 \text{ to } -12.5 \text{ dB}:$

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.6.1 Demodulation of DPCH in transmit diversity propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -16.8 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	$\hat{I}_{oc} / I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + rr I_{oc} unchanged
		- <i>or</i> / - <i>oc</i>	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.8 dB
			$rac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -16.7 dB:
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop Transmit diversity mode	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -18 to -18.3 dB	0.1 dB for \underline{DPCH}_E_c	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
mode	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.8 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -17.9 to -18.2 dB:
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site selection diversity Transmission	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.0 to -10.5 dB	0.1 dB for \underline{DPCH}_E_c	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
power control mode	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ to -3 dB	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 to -2.2 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -4.9 to -10.4 dB:
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.5 to -15.2 dB	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{lor2/loc} = 6 \text{ to } 0 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.8 to 0.8 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.4 to -15.4 dB:

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -12 \text{ dB}$ Ior1 and Ior2 -60dBm	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
		0dB for lor1 and lor2	$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = -11.9 \text{ dB}:$ $Ior1 = -60 \text{dBm}$ $Ior2 = -60 \text{dBm}$ The absolute levels of Ior1 and Ior2 are
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 2	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -12 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.1 dB for $\underline{DPCH_E_c}_{I_{or}}$	not important to this test. Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ dB}$ \underline{DPCH}_{E_c} -11,9 dB:
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	Test parameters: $\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{set at the level}$ corresponding to 5% TPC error rate. Test 1: $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ dB $\frac{DPCH_E_{c3}}{I_{or3}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ dB Test 2: $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} + 6$ dB Test requirements: Test 1: UE output power = -15 dBm ± 5 dB Test 2: UE output power = -15 dBm ± 3 dB	0 dB for all test parameters 0 dB for all test requiremen ts	$\frac{P_{or}}{I_{or}}$ Test parameters: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c2}}{I_{or2}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c3}}{I_{or3}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ Test requirements: Test 1: UE output power = -15 dBm ± (5 dB + TT) Test 2: UE output power = -15 dBm ± (3 dB + TT)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.8.1 Power control in	DPCH F of to ID	(TT) 0.1 dB	Formulas:
downlink constant	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{L}$ -9 to -16 dB	for	
BLER target	I _{or}	$DPCH_E_c$	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 to -1 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 to -0.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -8.9 to -15.9 dB:
7.8.2, Power control in	<u>$DPCH_E_c$</u> -8.1 to -18.9 dB	0.6 dB	Formulas:
downlink initial	$\frac{DTCH_{-}L_{c}}{I_{or}} = -8.1 \text{ to} = -18.9 \text{ dB}$	for	
convergence		$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I}$	DPCH_Ec/lor during T1 and T2:
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	power	ratio –TT \leq DPCH_Ec/lor \leq ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 dB	ratio values during T1 and T2	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = unchanged
			I _{oc} unchanged
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up effects	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -13.3 dB}$	0.1 dB for DPCH_E _c	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5.6 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -13.2 dB:
7.9 Downlink	$DPCH_E_c$	0.1 dB	Formulas:
compressed mode	I or	for	$\underline{DPCH_E_c}$ = ratio + TT
	Test 1 -14.6 dB	\underline{DPCH}_{E_c}	I _{or}
	Test 3 -15.2 dB	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.6 dB for	
	$\hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac} = 9 \text{ dB}$	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
	or r = oc		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 dB
			$\underline{DPCH_E_c}$
			Test 1 -14.5 dB Test 3 -15.1 dB:

25.101		Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Tolerance (TT)	
$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} -17.7 \text{ to } -18.4 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.1 dB	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
		$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.7 \text{ dB}$ $\underline{DPCH}_{E_c} - 17.6 \text{ to } -18.3 \text{ dB}:$
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -13.0 to -13.8 dB		$\frac{I_{or}}{\text{Formulas:}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{oc}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -3 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -2.4 dB
		$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -12.9 to -13.7 dB:
Test 1: loc=-60 dBm Îor/loc = -1 dB	Test 1: 0.4 dB for Îor/loc	loc, S-CCPCH_Ec/lor and PICH_Ec/lor are unchanged
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -14.8 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -19 dB	T 10	Since PICH Power Offset has to be an integer value TT for PICH_Ec/lor is zero.
loc=-60 dBm Îor/loc = -3 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -9.8 dB	1 est 2: 0.7 dB for Îor/loc	But TT of Îor/loc has been increased by 0.1 dB from its normal value (0.3 dB / 0.6 dB) due to test system uncertainty of PICH_Ec/lor.
		Formulas: \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
loc=-60 dBm Îor/loc = -1 dB AICH_Ec/lor = -22.0 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12.0 dB	0.4 dB for Îor/loc	loc and AICH_Ec/lor are unchanged. Since AICH Power Offset has to be an integer value TT for AICH_Ec/lor is zero. But TT of Îor/loc has been increased by 0.1 dB from its normal value (0.3 dB) due to test system uncertainty of AICH_Ec/lor. No need to add test tolerance to S- CCPCH_Ec/lor since it is not critical parameter Formula: Îor/loc = ratio + TT
	I_{or} $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} - 13.0 \text{ to } -13.8 \text{ dB}$ I_{or} $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -3 \text{ dB}$ $Test 1:$ $Ioc=-60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$ $S-CCPCH_Ec/Ior = -14.8 \text{ dB}$ $PICH_Ec/Ior = -19 \text{ dB}$ $Test 2:$ $Ioc=-60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/Ioc = -3 \text{ dB}$ $S-CCPCH_Ec/Ior = -9.8 \text{ dB}$ $PICH_Ec/Ior = -12 \text{ dB}$ $Ioc=-60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/Ioc = -1 \text{ dB}$ $PICH_Ec/Ior = -22.0 \text{ dB}$	$\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}}$ for $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ for $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}}$ for $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ for $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ for $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ for $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ for $DPCH_{$

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121	
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks				
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection				
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			
	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	
	Cells 1 and 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	Cells 3, 4, 5, 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor(3, 4, 5, 6) = -69.73 dBm	-0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB +0.03 dB for lor(3,	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT lor(3, 4, 5, 6) + TT	
		4, 5, 6)		
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:	
	lor(1) = -62.73 dBm lor(2) = -59.73 dBm	-0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)	lor(1) + TT lor(2) + TT	
	During T2:	During T2:	During T2:	
	lor(1) = -59.73 dBm lor(2) = -62.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)	lor(1) + TT lor(2) + TT	
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	Cells 3 and 4: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	-0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{\text{lor}(1) = -73.39 \text{ dBm}} \\ \text{lor}(3, 4) = -77.39 \text{ dBm} \\ \text{loc}(1) = -70.00 \text{ dBm}}$	Channel 1 during T1: -0.01 dB for lor(1) -0.01 dB for lor(3,4) 0.00 dB for loc(1)	<u>Channel 1 during T1:</u> lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT	

Table F.4.4: Derivation of Test Requirements (RRM tests)

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 1 during T2:	Channel 1 during T2:	Channel 1 during T2:
	lor(1) = -67.75 dBm lor(3, 4) = -74.75 dBm loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	+0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.80 dB for loc(1)	lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 5 and 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	-0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during T1:
	lor(2) = -67.75 dBm lor(5, 6) = -74.75 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	+0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.80 dB for loc(2)	lor(2) + TT lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT
	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during	Channel 2 during T2:
	lor(2) = -73.39 dBm lor(5, 6) = -77.39 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	T2: -0.01 dB for lor(2) -0.01 dB for lor(5,6) 0.00 dB for loc(2)	lor(2) + TT lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM			
Cell Re-Selection 8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	During T1: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$	During T1: 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I}$	During T1: Formulas: $\underline{CPICH_E_c} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	lor/loc = 0 dB	0.3 dB for lor/loc	I _{or}
	RXLEV=-90 dBm	1.0 dB for RXLEV	lor/loc = ratio + TT RXLEV - TT
			lor/loc = 0.3 dB
			$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ = -9.9 dB:
			Measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below –90 dBm (Threshold for GSM).

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T2: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ Ior/loc = - 5 dB RXLEV=-75 dBm	During T2: 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	During T2: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} - \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = \text{ratio} - \text{TT}$ $\text{RXLEV} + \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = -5.3 \text{ dB}$
	During T4	During T4	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} -10.1 \text{ dB}:$ Measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above -75 dBm (Threshold for GSM).
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	During T1: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ Ior/Ioc = 20 dB RXLEV=-80 dBm	During T1: 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	During T1: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{RXLEV} - \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = 20.3 \text{ dB}$
	During T2: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ Ior/Ioc = -9 dB RXLEV=-80 dBm	During T2: 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB:}$ Measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be below -80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). During T2: Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} - \text{TT}$ lor/loc = ratio - TT RXLEV + TT
			lor/loc = -9.3 dB $\frac{CPICH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ = -10.1 dB: Measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above -80 dBm (Threshold for GSM).
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re- selection	TBD		
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	TBD	otwoon the Test sustained	upportaintion and the Test Televerse
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover		le to give a simple deriv	n uncertainties and the Test Tolerances vation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121	
	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	During T0/T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 = {-148 148} chips	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB 0.5 chips	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT {-148+TT 148-TT} chips	
	During T0/T1:	During T0/T1:	During T0/T1:	
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above	
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	<u>During</u> T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover				
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			
	During T1 and T2 / T3:	During T1 / T2 / T3:	During T1 and T2 / T3:	
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:	
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above	
	During T2 / T3:	During T2 / T3:	During T2 / T3:	
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:	<u>Channel 1 during</u> T1 and T2 / T3:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:	
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during	Channel 2 during T1:
	Not applicable	<u>T1:</u> Not applicable	Not applicable
	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	TBD		
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover form UTRAN FDD to GSM	During T2 and T3 RXLEV=-75 dBm	During T2 and T3: + 1 dB for RXLEV	During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT
			Only RXLEV during T2 and T3 is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ± 4 dB in this test.
			During T2 and T3 : measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH			
8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this
neighbour list	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
	Cells 1 and 2:		Ec/lor ratio + TT
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 3, 4, 5, 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	-0.50 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.50 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.50 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.50 dB -0.50 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	lor(3, 4, 5, 6) = -69.73 dBm	+0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)	lor(3, 4, 5, 6) + TT
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:
	lor(1) = -62.73 dBm	-0.27 dB for lor(1)	lor(1) + TT
	lor(2) = -59.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(2)	lor(2) + TT
	During T2:	During T2:	During T2:
	lor(1) = -59.73 dBm lor(2) = -62.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)	lor(1) + TT lor(2) + TT
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 3 and 4: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	<u>Channel 1 during T1:</u> lor(1) = -71.85 dBm lor(3, 4) = -76.85 dBm loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	<u>Channel 1 during</u> <u>T1:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(1) +0.05 dB for lor(3,4) 0.00 dB for loc(1)	<u>Channel 1 during T1:</u> lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{\text{lor}(1) = -67.75 \text{ dBm}} \\ \text{lor}(3, 4) = -74.75 \text{ dBm} \\ \text{loc}(1) = -70.00 \text{ dBm}}$	<u>Channel 1 during</u> <u>T2:</u> +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1)	<u>Channel 1 during T2:</u> lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT
	<u>Channel 2 during T1 and</u> <u>T2:</u>	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 5 and 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	<u>Channel 2 during T1:</u> lor(2) = -67.75 dBm lor(5, 6) = -74.75 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	Channel 2 during <u>T1:</u> +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2)	<u>Channel 2 during T1:</u> lor(2) + TT lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT
	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during T2:
	lor(2) = -71.85 dBm lor(5, 6) = -76.85 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	+0.05 dB for lor(2) +0.05 dB for lor(5,6) 0.00 dB for loc(2)	lor(2) + TT lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.3.5.3 Cell Re- selection to GSM	TS 25.133 [2] <u>During T1:</u> $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ Ior/loc = 0 dB RXLEV=-90 dBm Ioc/RXLEV = 20 <u>During T2:</u> $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ Ior/loc = - 5 dB RXLEV=-75 dBm Ioc/RXLEV = 5	(TT) <u>During T1:</u> 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV <u>During T2:</u> 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 1.0 dB for RXLEV	$\frac{\text{During T1:}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{Ior/loc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{RXLEV} - \text{TT}$ $\text{Ior/loc} = 0.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB:}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10.1 \text{ dB:}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -75 \text{ dBm} \text{ (Threshold for GSM)}$
in CELL_PCH	0 0001	0 0004	0.0004
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1 $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -70 \text{ dBm}$ $Ior/Ioc = 10.27 \text{ dB}$ Note: Parameters are valid for cell 1 at time T2 and cell 2 at time T1	Same as 8.2.2.1 0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Same as 8.2.2.1 Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = ratio + TT$ Ior/Ioc = ratio + TT Ioc unchanged Ior/Ioc = 10.57 dB $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} -9.9 dB:$
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -70 \text{ dBm}$ $Ior/Ioc = 2.2 \text{ dB}$ Note: Parameters are valid for cell 1 at time T2 and cell 2 at time T1	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ loc unchanged $\text{loc ratio unchanged}$ $\text{lor/loc} = 2.5 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} -9.9 \text{ dB}$
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH			
8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.4 RRC Connection Control			
8.4.1 RRC Re- establishment delay	TBD		
8.4.1.1 Test 1	Cell 1, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB DCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB lor/loc = 2.39 dB Cell 1, T2: lor/loc = -infinity Cell 2, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 4.20 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.
	Ior/Ioc = 4.39 dB Cell 2, T2: CPICH_Ec/Ior = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/Ior = -12 dB SCH_Ec/Ior = -12 dB PICH_Ec/Ior = -15 dB Ior/Ioc = 0.02 dB		

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.4.1.2 Test 2	Cell 1, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB DCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB lor/loc = -3.35 dB Cell 1, T2: lor/loc = -infinity Cell 2, T1: lor/loc = -infinity Cell 2, T2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 0.02 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.
8.4.2.1, 8.4.2.2 & 8.4.2.3 Random Access	RACH power difference nominal 3dB ± 2dB UE setting uncertainty	Measurement TT:Power difference ± 1dBMaximum Power-1dB / +0.7dB	Test parameter settings unchanged.Power measurement:Upper limit +TT Lower limit -TT
8.4.2.4 Random Access correct behaviuor when reaching maximum transmit power	Maximum preamble power=0dBm±9dB	1.0 dB	Formula: Upper limit + TT Lower limit – TT
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE 8.5 Timing and	DL Power control is ON so DPCH_Ec/lor depends on TPC commands sent by UE	0 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor	No test requirements for DPCH_Ec/lor
Signalling Characteristics			
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	DPCH_Ec/lor = -13.5 dB CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB Îor1=-96 dB Îor2=-99 dB	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 1 dB for Îor1 1.3 dB for Îor2 0.5 chips for Rx-Tx timing accuracy	Since the test is performed close to sensitivity level any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil: Îor1 shall not go below –96 dBm Îor2 shall not go below –99 dBm Îor1/Îor2 shall not go above 3 dB DPCH_Ec/Ior shall not go below – 13.5 dB CPICH_Ec/Ior shall not go below –10 dB Formulas for test parameters DPCH_Ec/Ior +TT CPICH_Ec/Ior +TT Îor1 + TT Îor2 + TT Timing accuracy ±2.0 chip Formulas for test requirements: Upper limit +TT
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures			Lower limit –TT
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements			

Test	Test Parameters in	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121	
8.6.1.1 Event triggered	TS 25.133 [2]	(TT)	uncertainties and the Test Telerances	
reporting in AWGN	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this			
propagation conditions	document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].			
(R99)	During T1 to T4:	During T1 to T4:	During T1 to T4:	
()	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	Cell 1:			
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	During T1/T4 only :	During T1/T4 only:	During T1/T4 only:	
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above	
	During T2/T3 only:	During T2/T3 only:	During T2/T3 only:	
	Cell 2: CPICH Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	SCH Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
8.6.1.1 A Event			uncertainties and the Test Tolerances	
triggered reporting in AWGN propagation			ation of the Test Requirement in this	
conditions (Rel-4 and	document. The analysis is re- During T1 / T2 / T3:	During T1 / T2 / T3:	902 [24]. During T1 / T2 / T3:	
later)	During 11/12/13.	<u>Duning 11/12/13.</u>	<u>During 117 127 13.</u>	
,	Cell 1:			
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	During T1/T3 only :	During T1/T3 only:	During T1/T3 only:	
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above	
	During T2 only:	During T2 only:	During T2 only:	
	During 12 only.	During 12 only.	During 12 only.	
	Cell 2:			
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
8.6.1.2 Event triggered	Because the relationships be	tween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances	
reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN	are complex, it is not possible document. The analysis is re-		ation of the Test Requirement in this	
propagation condition (R99)	During T0 to T6:	During T0 to T6:	<u>During T0 to T6:</u>	
(100)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:			
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT	
0.04.04.5				
8.6.1.2A Event			uncertainties and the Test Tolerances	
triggered reporting of	are complex, it is not possible	to aivo o cimplo doriva	ation of the Test Dequirement in this	

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
AWGN propagation	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:
condition (Rel-4 and			
later)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.3 Event triggered	Because the relationships be	etween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of two	are complex, it is not possible	e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
detectable neighbours	document. The analysis is re	corded in 3GPP TR 34	902 [24].TBD
in AWGN propagation	During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:
condition (R99)		-	
	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.3A Event	Because the relationships be	tween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
triggered reporting of			ation of the Test Requirement in this
two detectable	document. The analysis is re		
neighbours in AWGN	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:
propagation condition		-	
(Rel-4 and later)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.4A Correct			uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours	are complex, it is not possible	e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
in fading propagation	document. The analysis is re		902 [24].
condition (Rel-4 and	During T1 only:	During T1:	During T1:
later)			
	Cell 1:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 2:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T2 only:	During T2:	During T2:
	Cell 1:		Ec/lor ratio + TT
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB +0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
1			
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2 FDD inter	TBD		
frequency			
measurements			
8.6.2.1 Correct			uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this
reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	document. The analysis is re		
condition	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:
	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.00 UB	
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2.2 Correct	Because the relationships be	etween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours		e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is re	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].
		e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2:	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD TBD	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD TBD During T2	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter.
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter.
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test.
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV During T3: measured GSM Carrier
in Fading propagation condition 8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition 8.6.4 GSM measurements 8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN	document. The analysis is re During T1 and T2: Cell 1 and Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -12 dB TBD TBD TBD During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34 During T1 and T2: +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +0.80 dB +1.80 dB +0.80 dB	ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements			
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP			
8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	see table 8.7.1.1.1.1 andtable 8.7.1.1.1.2	±1 dB for loc±0.3 dB for lor/loc±0.1dB forEc/lor	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below - 69dBm Test 2(absolute and relative): Io shall not go above -50 dBmTest 3 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -94 dBm lor/loc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy:Absolute \pm 1.0 dB for loc \pm 0.3 dB for lor/loc \pm 0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor Σ 1.4dBRelative \pm 0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell1) \pm 0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell2) \pm 0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell1) \pm 0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2) Σ 0.8dB
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	See table 8.7.1.2.1.1 andtable 8.7.1.2.1.2	±1 dB for loc±0.3 dB for loc1/loc2±0.3 dB for lor/loc±0.1dB forEc/lor	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1: lo shall not go above -50 dBmTest 2: lo shall not go below -94 dBmIor/loc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy:±0.3 dB for loc1/loc2±0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell1)±0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell2)±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell1)±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2)∑ 1.1 dB
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	table 8.7.2.1.1.1 and table 8.7.2.1.1.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:
		±0.1dB forEc/lor	Test 1(absolute and relative): Io shall not go above -50 dBm
			Test 2 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -87dBm
			Test 3 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -94 dBm
			CPICH Ec/Io shall stay in the UE accuracy ranges
			Ior/Ioc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:
			Absolute
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior
			$\sum 0.4$ dB
			Relative
			Ioc1=Ioc2
			± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell1)
			± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell2)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell1)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell2)
			∑ 0.8dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	table 8.7.2.2.2.1 and table 8.7.2.2.2.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for Ioc1/Ioc2 ±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc ±0.1dB forEc/Ior	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil: Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBm Test 2: Io shall not go below -87 dBm Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm Ior/Ioc + TT
			accuracy: Ioc 1=Ioc2. ± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell1) ± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell2) ± 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell1) ± 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell2) $\sum 0.8$ dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
Test 8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI		()	Test Requirement in TS 34.121Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1 (absolute): Io shall not go above -50 dBmTest 2 (absolute): Io shall not go below -69 dBmTest 3 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -94 dBmIor/Ioc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy:Absolute tests: Test 1:Max TT= Iomet Io max = IoCmax + Iormet Io S1.5 dBm + 1dB) + (-52.5 dBm - 1.45 dB + 0.3 dB) = - 50.0 dBm=> Max TT = Iomet Io Iomet Io Iomet II = Iomet Io
			Test 2: Max TT= $Io_{max} - Io_{nominal}$ $Io_{nominal} = -67.9 \text{ dBm}$ $Io_{max} = Ioc_{max} + Ior_{max} = (-69.27 \text{ dBm} + 1\text{ dB}) + (-68.27 \text{ dBm} - 4.4 \text{ dB} + 0.3 \text{ dB}) = -$
			66.8 dBm $=> \text{Max TT} = 1.1 \text{ dB}$ $\text{Min TT} = \text{Io}_{\text{min}} - \text{Io}$ $\text{Io}_{\text{min}} = \text{Ioc}_{\text{min}} + \text{Ior}_{\text{min}} = (-69.27 \text{ dBm} - 1 \text{ dB}) + (-70.27 \text{ dBm} - 4.4 \text{ dB} - 0.3 \text{ dB}) = -69.0 \text{ dBm}$
			=> Min TT = -1.1 dB Test 3 (Band I): Max TT= Io _{max} - Io _{nominal} Io _{nominal} = -93 dBm Io _{max} = Ioc _{max} + Ior _{max} + No = (-93.46 dBm + 1dB) + (- 92.46 dBm - 9.24 dB + 0.3
		ETSI	dB) + -99 dBm = -91.2 => Max TT = 1.8 dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	WCDMA cell parameters: See table 8.7.3A.2 GSM cell parameters: See table 8.7.3A.3	TT for test parameters GSM cell levels: Step 1: -1 dB Step 2: -1 dB Step 3: -1 dB Step 4:+1 dB TT for test requirements: Relative accuracy requirements: a, b, c and d values in minimum requirements are increased by 2 dB i.e., For x1 \ge s+14, x2< -48 dBm: a=4, b=4, c=6, d=6 For s+14 > x1 \ge s+1 a=5, b=4, c=7, d=6 For s+1 > x1 a=6, b=4, c=8, d=6 Absolute accuracy requirements: original minimum requirements are	WCDMA: Test parameter settings are unchanged since level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test GSM: Test parameter settings are changed in steps 1,2,3 and 4 as follows: BCCH levels are increased by test tolerance so that during Step 1, level \leq 38 dBm, Step 2, level \leq 48 dBm, Step 3, level \leq 70 dBm, Step 4, level \geq -110 dBm. Hence during steps 1,2,3 and 4: New levels=Original levels + TT For other steps 5 to 12 GSM test parameter settings are unchanged since level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test TT on top of UE measurement accuracy: Relative accuracy: Test system uncertainty \pm 1.4 dB. Rounded to \pm 2 dB due to granularity of GSM Carrier RSSI report mapping of 1 dB. Absolute accuracy: Test system uncertainty \pm 1.0 dB. No need to increase due to granularity of GSM Carrier RSSI report mapping of 1 dB.
8.7.3B Transport	TBD	increased by ±1 dB	
channel BLER 8.7.3C UE Transmitted power 8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference	Accuracy upper limit Accuracy lower limit Depends on PUEMAX see table 8.7.3C.2.1 T able 8.7.4.1.2 and Table 8.7.4.2.2	0.7 dB ±1.0 dB for loc ±0.3 dB for lor/loc ±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference	Formula: Upper accuracy limit + TT Lower accuracy limit - TT Add and subtract TT to all the values in table 8.7.3C.2.1. Intra and inter frequency case: Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBm Test 2: No restrictions on Io value Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band 1), or below -92 dBm (Band II) or below -91 dBm (Band III) Îor/loc + TT TT on top of UE measurements accuracy: SFN-CFN observed time difference: 1.0 chips + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time	T able 8.7.5.1.2	±1.0 dB for loc	Test 1: lo shall not go above -50 dBm
difference type 1		±0.3 dB for lor/loc	Test 2: No restrictions on lo value
		±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-SFN observed time difference	Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band 1), or below –92 dBm (Band II) or below –91 dBm (Band III)
			Îor/loc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurements accuracy: SFN-SFN observed time difference: 1.0 chips + TT
8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time	lo -10.9 dB = loc,	1 dB for loc	Test 1: lo = -92.7 dBm,
difference	Test 1: lo = -94 dBm Test2 : lo = -72dBm Test3 : lo = -50dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	loc = -103.6 dBm
	Timing Accuracy ± 1.5 chip	0.5 chip for timing accuracy	Formula: loc*(1-TT _{loc} + (lor/loc-TT _{lor/loc})) ≥ -94
			Test 2: unchanged (no critical RF parameters)
			Test 3: lo = -51.3 dBm, loc = -62.2 dBm
			Formula: loc*(1+TT _{loc} + (lor/loc+TT _{lor/loc})) ≤ -50
			Timing accuracy ±2.0 chip
			Formulas:
			Upper limit +TT
			Lower limit –TT
8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell	TBD		
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD		

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ -6 and -3 dB	$\begin{array}{c} \text{0.1 dB} \\ \text{for } \underline{E_c} \\ I_{or} \end{array}$	Formulas: $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 10 dB	I_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ -6 and -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \text{ and } 10 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT I_{ac} unchanged
0.0.2 Closed leap			800 -
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2	Same as 9.2.2	Same as 9.2.2

Table F.4.5: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests HSDPA)

F.5 Acceptable uncertainty of Test Equipment (This clause is informative)

This informative clause specifies the critical parameters of the components of an overall Test System (e.g. Signal generators, Signal Analysers etc.) which are necessary when assembling a Test System that complies with clause F.1 Acceptable Uncertainty of Test System. These Test Equipment parameters are fundamental to the accuracy of the overall Test System and are unlikely to be improved upon through System Calibration.

F.5.1 Transmitter measurements

Table F.5.1: Equipment accuracy for transmitter measurements

Test	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions		
5.2 Maximum Output Power	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm		
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm		
5.3 Frequency error	± 10 Hz	0 to 500 Hz.		
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	Not critical	-43.7 dBm to 25 dBm		
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	\pm 0.1 dB relative over a 1.5 dB range \pm 0.15 dB relative over a 3.0 range \pm 0.2 dB relative over a 4.5 dB range \pm 0.3 dB relative over a 26 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm		
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	Not critical			
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCCH_Ec/lor ratio	Ratio from –16.6 dB to –28 dB		
5.5.1 Transmit ON/OFF Power: UE transmit OFF power	Not critical	-56 dBm (static power)		
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Power: transmit ON/OFF time mask	TBD	-56 dBm (dynamic power over approx. 70 dB range)		
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	±0.3 dB relative over a 9 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm		
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	Subset of 5.4.2	+25 dBm to -50 dBm		
5.7A HS-DPCCH	\pm 0.1 dB relative over a 1.5 dB range \pm 0.15 dB relative over a 3.0 range \pm 0.2 dB relative over a 4.5 dB range \pm 0.3 dB relative over a 26 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm		
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	±100 kHz	For results between 4 and 6 MHz?		
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements		
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements		
5.10 ACLR	5 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for results between 40 dB and 50		
	10 MHz offset \pm 0.8 dB	dB. 25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for results between 45 dB and 55 dB.		
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	5 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for results between 40 dB and 50 dB.		
	10 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for results between 45 dB and 55 dB.		
5.11 Spurious emissions	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm		
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm		
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	±2.5 % (for single code)	25 dBm to -21 dBm		
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	±2.5 % (for single code)	25 dBm to –21 dBm		
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	±1.0dB	For readings between -10 dB to -20 dB.		
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	2.5 %	25 dBm to -21 dBm		
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (Frequency error)	± 10 Hz	0 to 500 Hz.		

F.5.2 Receiver measurements

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	Not critical	
6.3 Maximum input level:	Not critical	
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity	Not critical	
6.5 Blocking characteristics	Not critical	
6.6 Spurious Response	Not critical	
6.7 Intermod Characteristics	Not critical	
6.8 Spurious emissions	Not critical	

F.5.3 Performance measurements

Table F.5.3: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
7.2 to 7.10	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	-2.2 to -18.9 dB

F.5.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.5.4: Equipment accuracy for RRM

Clause	Equipment acc	Test conditions	
8.2.2 to 8.7.8	any_Ec/lor ±0.1 dB		
	lor//loc	±0.3 dB	
	loc1/loc2	±0.3 dB	
	loc	±1.0 dB	
	RXLEV	±1.0 dB	

F.5.5 Performance measurements (HSDPA)

Table F.5.5: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements (HSDPA)

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	-6 and -3 dB
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.1	Same as 9.2.1
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.1	Same as 9.2.1

F.6 General rules for statistical testing

F.6.1 Statistical testing of receiver BER/BLER performance

F.6.1.1 Error Definition

1) Bit Error Ratio (BER)

The Bit Error Ratio is defined as the ratio of the bits wrongly received to all data bits sent. The bits are the information bits above the convolutional/turbo decoder

2) Block Error Ratio (BLER)

A Block Error Ratio is defined as the ratio of the number of erroneous blocks received to the total number of blocks sent. An erroneous block is defined as a Transport Block, the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) of which is wrong.

F.6.1.2 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Record the number of samples tested and the number of occurred events (bit error or block error)
- c) Stop the test at a stop criterion which is minimum test time or an early pass or an early fail event.
- d) Once the test is stopped decide according to the pass fail decision rules (subclause F.6.1.7)

F.6.1.3 Test Criteria

The test shall fulfil the following requirements:

- a) good pass fail decision
 - 1) to keep reasonably low the probability (risk) of passing a bad unit for each individual test;
 - 2) to have high probability of passing a good unit for each individual test;
- b) good balance between testtime and statistical significance
 - 3) to perform measurements with a high degree of statistical significance;
 - 4) to keep the test time as low as possible.

F.6.1.4 Calculation assumptions

F.6.1.4.1 Statistical independence

- (a) It is assumed, that error events are rare (lim BER BLER → 0) independent statistical events. However the memory of the convolutional /turbo coder is terminated after one TTI. Samples and errors are summed up every TTI. So the assumption of independent error events is justified.
- (b) In the BLER test with fading there is the memory of the multipath fading channel which interferes the statistical independence. A minimum test time is introduced to average fluctuations of the multipath fading channel. So the assumption of independent error events is justified approximately.

F.6.1.4.2 Applied formulas

The formulas, applied to describe the BER BLER test, are based on the following experiments:

(1) After having observed a certain number of errors (**ne**) the number of samples are counted to calculate BER BLER. Provisions are made (note 1) such that the complementary experiment is valid as well:

(2) After a certain number of samples (ns) the number of errors, occurred, are counted to calculate BER BLER.

Experiment (1) stipulates to use the following Chi Square Distribution with degree of freedom ne: 2*dchisq(2*NE,2*ne).

Experiment (2) stipulates to use the Poisson Distribution: dpois(ne,NE)

(NE: mean of the distribution)

To determine the early stop conditions, the following inverse cumulative operation is applied:

0.5 * qchisq(D,2*ne). This is applicable for experiment (1) and (2).

D: wrong decision risk per test step

Note: other inverse cumulative operations are available, however only this is suited for experiment (1) and (2).

F.6.1.4.3 Approximation of the distribution

The test procedure is as follows:

During a running measurement for a UE ns (number of samples) and ne (number of errors) are accumulated and from this the preliminary BER BLER is calculated. Then new samples up to the next error are taken. The entire past and the new samples are basis for the next preliminary BER BLER. Depending on the result at every step, the UE can pass, can fail or must continue the test.

As early pass- and early fail-UEs leave the statistical totality under consideration, the experimental conditions are changed every step resulting in a distribution that is truncated more and more towards the end of the entire test. Such a distribution can not any more be handled analytically. The unchanged distribution is used as an approximation to calculate the early fail and early pass bounds.

F.6.1.5 Definition of good pass fail decision.

This is defined by the probability of wrong decision F at the end of the test. The probability of a correct decision is 1-F.

The probability (risk) to fail a good DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is failed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still better than the specified error ratio (Test requirement).

The probability to pass a bad DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is passed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still worse than M times the specified error ratio. (M>1 is the bad DUT factor).

This definitions lead to an early pass and an early fail limit:

Early fail: ber \geq berlim_{fail}

$$ber \lim_{fail} (D, ne) = \frac{2^* ne}{qchisq(D, 2^* ne)}$$
(1)

For $ne \ge 7$

Early pass: ber ≤berlimbad_{pass}

$$ber \lim bad_{pass}(D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne * M}{qchisq(1 - D, 2 * ne)}$$
(2)

For ne ≥ 1

With

ber (normalized BER, BLER): BER, BLER according to F.6.1.1 divided by Test requirement

- D: wrong decision probability for a test step . This is a numerically evaluated fraction of F, the wrong decision probability at the end of the test. See table F.6.1.6.1.
- ne: Number of error events
- M: bad DUT factor see table F.6.1.6.1.

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi squared distribution

F.6.1.6 Good balance between testtime and statistical significance

Three independent test parameters are introduced into the test and shown in Table F.6.1.6.1. These are the obvious basis of test time and statistical significance. From the first two of them four dependent test parameters are derived. The third independent test parameter is justified separately.

Table F.6.1.6.1 independent and dependent test parameters

Independent test parameters			Dependent test parameters			
Test Parameter	Value	Reference	Test parameter	Value	Reference	
Bad DUT factor M	1.5	Table F.6.1.8	Early pass/fail condition			
Final probability of wrong pass/fail decision F	0.2% 0.02%, note 2	Subclause F.6.1.5	Target number of error events	345	Table 6.1.8	
			Probability of wrong pass/fail decision per test step D	0.0085% 0.0008% and 0.008%, note 2		
			Test limit factor TL	1.234]	Table 6.1.8	
Minimum test time		Table F.6.1.6.2				

The minimum test time is derived from the following justification:

1) For no propagation conditions and static propagation condition

No early fail calculated from fractional number of errors <1 (see note 1)

2) For multipath fading condition

No stop of the test until 990 wavelengths are crossed with the speed given in the fading profile.

3) For birth death propagation conditions

No stop of the test until 200 birth death transitions occur

4) For moving propagation conditions: 628 sec

This is necessary in order to pass all potential critical points in the moving propagation profile 4 times:

- Maximum rake window
- Maximum adjustment speed
- Intersection of moving taps

Fading profile	Minimum test time
Multipath propagation 3 km/h	164 sec
Multipath propagation 50 km/h	9.8 sec
Multipath propagation 120 km/h	4.1 sec
Multipath propagation 250 km/h	2 sec
Birth Death propagation	38.2 sec
Moving propagation	628 sec

Table F.6.1.6.2 : minimum Test time

In table F.6.1.8 the minimum test time is converted in minimum number of samples.

F.6.1.7 Pass fail decision rules

No decision is allowed before the minimum test time is elapsed.

 If minimum Test time < time for target number of error events then the following applies: The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at an early pass or early fail event.

For BER:

For every TTI (Transmit Time Interval) sum up the number of bits (ns) and the number if errors (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

BER₀ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If BER₀ is above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

If BER₁ is below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

For BLER:

- For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate
- BLER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

BLER₀ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If BLER₁ is below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

If BLER₀ is above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

2) If the minimum test time ≥ time for target error events, then the test runs for the minimum test time and the decision is done by comparing the result with the test limit.

For BER:

For every TTI (Transmit Time Interval) sum up the number of bits (ns) and the number if errors (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate BER_0

For BLER:

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate $BLER_0$

If BER₀/BLER₀ is above the test limit, fail the DUT.

If $BER_0/BLER_0$ is on or below the test limit, pass the DUT.

F.6.1.8 Test conditions for BER, BLER tests

Table F.6.1.8: Test conditions for a single BER/BLER tests

Type of test (BER)	Test requirement (BER/BLER)	Test limit (BER/BLER) = Test requirement (BER/BLER) x TL TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit BER/BLE R factor M
Reference Sensitivity Level	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Maximum Input Level	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Adjacent Channel Selectivity	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Blocking Characteristics Pass condition Note 2	0.001	1.251	403 (26.4s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Blocking Characteristics Fail condition Note 2	0.001	1.251	403 (26.4s)	Note 1	0.02	1.5
Spurious Response	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Intermodulation Characteristics	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
HS-SCCH Detection	0.05	FFS	FFS (FFS)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Performance	0.01	FFS	FFS (FFS)	Note 1	0.2	1.5

Type of test (BLER)	Information Bit rate	Test requirement (BER/BLER)	Test limit (BER/B LER)= Test require ment (BER/B LER)x TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that bad unit will pass = Prob that good unit will fail [%]	Bad unit BER/BL ER factor M
			TL				
Demodulation in Static Propagation conditions	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	Note1	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Multi-path Fading Propagation conditions		0.01					
3km/h (Case 1, Case 2, Case 4)	12.2 64 144	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s)	8200 8200 8200 8200 8200	0.2	1.5
	384	0.1		(27.96s)	16400		
120 km/h		0.01	1.234	(279.58s) 345	16400	0.2	1.5
(Case3)	12.2 64 144	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1	1.204	(559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s)	205 205 205 205	0.2	1.0
	384	0.01 0.1 0.01		(559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	205 205 410 410		
250 km/h (Case 6)	12.2 64 144	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (55.92s)	100 100 100 100 100	0.2	1.5
	384	0.01 0.1 0.01		(27.96s) (279.58s)	200 200		
Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions	12.2 64	0.01 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16)	31400 31400	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions	12.2 64	0.01 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (559.16s)	1910 1910	0.2	1.5

Table F.6.1.8-2: Test conditions for BLER tests	

	r				r		
Demodulation			1.234	345	8200	0.2	1.5
of DCH in	12.2	0.01		(559.16s)			
Base Station							
Transmit							
diversity							
modes (3							
km/h, case1)							
			4.004	0.45		0.0	4.5
Demodulation			1.234	345		0.2	1.5
of DCH in							
closed loop							
transmit							
diversity mode	12.2	0.01		(559.16s)	8200		
(3 km/h,							
case1)	12.2	0.01		(559.16s)	8200		
Mode 1							
Mode 2							
Demodulation			1.234	345	8200	0.2	1.5
	10.0	0.01	1.234		0200	0.2	6.1
of DCH in Site	12.2	0.01		(559.16)			
Selection							
Diversity							
Transmission							
Power Control							
mode							
Demodulation			1.234	345		0.2	1.5
of DCH in	12.2	0.01	_	(559.16s)	205	-	
Inter-Cell Soft	64	0.1		(55.92s)	205		
Handover	04	0.01		(559.16s)	205		
(120 km/h,	144	0.1		(55.92s)	205		
	144						
case3)	004	0.01		(559.16s)	205		
	384	0.1		(27.96s)	410		
		0.01		(279.58s)	410		
Combining of				Not applicable			
TPC							
commands							
from radio							
links of							
different radio							
link sets							
Power control				Not applicable			+
				NUL applicable			
in the							
downlink,							
constant BLER							
target							
Power control				Not applicable			
in the							
downlink,							
initial							
convergence							
Power control		1		Not applicable			1
in the							
downlink, wind							
up effects							
Downlink				Not applicable			
compressed							
mode							

Blind transport format detection	Static 12.2 7.95 1.95	BLER 10 ⁻² 10 ⁻² 10 ⁻²	FDR 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻⁴	1.234	345 BLER FDR 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min	Note 1 Note 1 Note 1	0.2	1.5
	Multipath 12.2 7.95 1.98	10 ⁻² 10 ⁻² 10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻⁴		559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min	205 205 205		

F.6.1.9 Practical Use (informative)

See figure F.6.1.9:

The early fail limit represents formula (1) in F.6.1.5. The range of validity is $ne \ge 7$, ≥ 8 in case of blocking test to ne = 345

The early pass limit represents the formula (2) in F.6.1.5. The range of validity is n=1 to n=345. See note 1

The intersection co-ordinates of both curves are : number of errors ne = 345 and test limit TL = 1.234.

The range of validity for TL is ne>345.

A typical BER BLER test, calculated form the number of samples and errors (F.6.1.2.(b)) using experimental method (1) or (2) (see F.6.1.4. calculation assumptions) runs along the yellow trajectory. With an errorless sample the trajectory goes down vertically. With an erroneous sample it jumps up right. The tester checks if the BER BLER test intersects the early fail or early pass limits. The real time processing can be reduced by the following actions:

 $BLER_0$ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)). is calculated only in case of an error event.

 BER_0 (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)). is calculated only in case of an error event within a TTI.

So the early fail limit cannot be missed by errorless samples.

The check against the early pass limit may be done by transforming formula (2) in F.6.1.5 such that the tester checks against a Limit-Number-of-samples (NL(ne)) depending on the current number of errors (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

Early pass if

$$NL(ne) \ge \frac{qchisq(1-D,2*ne)}{2*TR*M}$$

TR: test requirement (0.001)

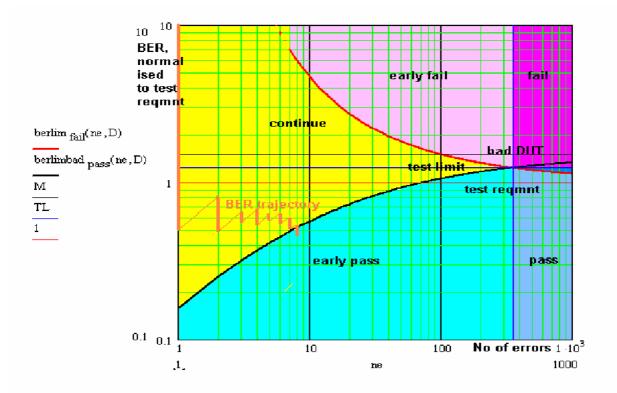


Figure F.6.1.9

Note 1: At the beginning of the test, an artificial error is introduced. This ensures that an ideal DUT meets the valid range of the early pass limit. In addition this ensures that the complementary experiment (F.6.1.4. bullet point (2)) is applicable as well.

For the check against the early fail limit the artificial erroneous sample, introduced at the beginning of the test, is disregarded.

Due to the nature of the test, namely discrete error events, the early fail condition shall not be valid, when fractional errors <1 are used to calculate the early fail limit: Any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne \geq 7. In the blocking test any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne \geq 8.

Note2: F= 0.2% is intended to be used for a test containing a few BER/BLER tests (e.g. receiver sensitivity is repeated 12 times). For a test containing many BER/BLER tests (e.g. blocking test) this value is not appropriate for a single BER/BLER test.

The blocking test contains approx. 12750 single BER tests. A DUT on the limit will fail approx. 25 to 26 times due to statistical reasons (wrong decision probability at the end of the test F= 0.2 %). 24 fails are allowed in the blocking test but they are reserved for spurious responses. This shall be solved by the following rule:

All passes (based on F=0.2%) are accepted, including the wrong decisions due to statistical reasons.

An early fail limit based on F=0.02% instead of 0.2% is established, that ensures that wrong decisions due to statistical reasons are reduced to 2 to 3.

These asymmetric test conditions ensure that a DUT on the test limit consumes hardly more test time for a blocking test than in the symmetric case and on the other hand discriminates sufficiently between statistical fails and spurious response cases.

F.6.1.10 Dual limit BLER tests

This annex is applicable for subclause 7.8.1 Power control in the downlink constant BLER target and subclause 7.9 Downlink compressed mode. In this tests the BLER shall stay between two limits.

Parameters for single limit	Parameters for dual limits
Specified BER BLER —	Specified BLER * 1.3 (upper test requirement)
	Specified BLER * 0.7 (lower test requirement)
	Bad DUT BLER *1.3
Bad DUT BER BLER	Bad DUT BLER *0.7
Test limit	Upper Test limit
	Lower Test limit
	Fail_high
Early fail and	Pass_high
Early pass	Pass_low
	Fail_low

Table F.6.1.10. Parameters for single and dual limit BLER

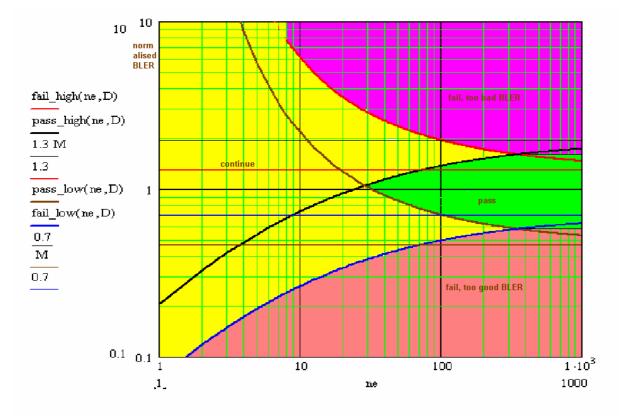


Figure F.6.1.10: Dual limit BLER

F.6.1.10.1 Description of the parameters for dual limit BLER tests

(refer figure F.6.1.10)

The origin

1 (black horizontal line in the centre): this is the normalised origin BLER

The assymptotes

1.3 (red horizontal line): this is the specified upper limit of the range (BLER +30%) (upper test requirement)

0.7(blue horizontal line): this is the specified lower limit of the range (BLER-30%)(lower test requirement)

1.3*M (black horizontal line): this is M times the specified upper limit of the range (Bad DUT BLER)

0.7/M (brown horizontal line): this is 1/M times the specified lower limit. (Bad DUT BLER)

The pass/fail limits

Fail_high (bold red curve):

Definition: A momentary BLER value above this curve is with high probability above the specified upper limit: BLER +30%.

Verdict: Above: Fail due to bad BLER

Below: continue

It approaches towards 1.3(red).

Validity range 7< errors <345.

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Formula:

fail_high(ne,D) :=
$$2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne} \cdot 1.3}{\text{qchisq}(D,2 \cdot ne)}$$

Fail_low (bold blue curve):

Definition: A momentary BLER value below this curve is with high probability below the specified lower limit: BLER -30%).

Verdict: Above: continue

Below: Fail due to too good BLER

It approaches towards 0.7(blue).

Validity range $1 \le \text{errors} < 343$.

Formula:

 $fail_low(ne, D) := 2 \cdot \frac{ne \cdot 0.7}{qchisq(1 - D, 2 \cdot ne)}$

Pass_high (bold black curve):

Definition: a momentary BLER value on and below this curve is with high probability below M times the specified upper limit.

Verdict: Above: continue

Below: pass for $ne \ge 29$

continue for ne < 29

It approaches 1.3*M(black).

Validity range $1 \le \text{errors} < 345$.

Formula:

pass_high (ne, D) := $2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne}}{\text{qchisq}(1 - D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})} \cdot M \cdot 1.3$

Pass_low (bold brown curve):

Definition: a momentary BLER value on and above this curve is with high probability above 1/M times the specified lower limit of the range.

Verdict: Above: pass for $ne \ge 29$,

continue for ne < 29

Below: continue

It approaches 0.7/M(brown).

Validity range 7< errors <343.

pass_low (ne, D) :=
$$2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne} \cdot \frac{0.7}{M}}{\text{qchisq}(D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})}$$

Legende formulas:

D: wrong decision risk per test step: 0.000085

M: bad DUT factor: 1.5

ne: number of errors

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi square function

Upper test limit (boarder between pink and green)1.3*1.234 = 1.6

Validity range: $345 \leq \text{errors.}$

Verdict: Above: fail due to bad BLER

Below: pass

Lower test limit (boarder between green and orange) 0.7/1.234 = 0.567

Validity range: $343 \le \text{errors}$

Verdict: Above: pass

Below: fail due to too good BLER

The intersection co-ordinates:

Fail_high (bold red curve) and Pass_high (bold black curve):

Upper target number of errors (345) and upper test limit: 1.3* 1.234

Fail_low (bold blue curve) and Pass_high (bold black curve):

Lower target number of errors (343) and lower test limit: 0.7 / 1.234

Pass_high (bold black curve) and Pass_low (bold brown curve)

Minimum number of errors (29) and optimum normalised BLER (1.049)

The ranges:

Range(pink): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is failed due to too high BLER.

Range (orange): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is failed due to too low BLER.

Range (yellow): in this range the measurement is undecided and must be continued.

Range (green): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is passed. No final BLER result is achieved.

F.6.1.10.2 Pass fail decision rules

No decision is allowed before the minimum test time (Table F.6.1.6.2) has elapsed

1) If minimum Test time < time for target number of error events then the following applies: The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability, Table F.6.1.6.2) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at

fail_high

pass_high

pass_low

fail_low

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BLER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1, F.6.1.9))and

BLER₀ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1, F.6.1.9)).

If BLER₀ is above *fail_high*, fail the test due to too bad BLER

If BLER₁ is below *fail_low*, fail the test due to too good BLER

If BLER ₀ is on or below <i>fail_high</i>	and	if BLER ₁ is above <i>pass_high</i> , continue the test
If BLER ₀ is below <i>pass_low</i>	and	if BLER ₁ is above or on <i>fail low</i> , continue the test

If BLER₁ is below or on *pass_high* and if BLER₀ is on or above *pass_high*, pass the test

- 2) If the minimum test time ≥ time for target error events, then the test runs for the minimum test time and the decision is done by comparing the result with the upper and lower test limit.
 - If BLER₀ is above the upper test limit, fail the DUT due to too bad BLER
 - If BLER₁ is below the lower test limit, fail the DUT due to too good BLER

If BLER₀ is on or below the upper test limit and if BLER₁ is on or above the lower test limit, pass the DUT

F.6.1.10.3 Test conditions for dual limit BLER tests

 Table F.6.1.10.3 Test conditions for dual limit BLER tests

Type of test (BLER)	Data rate, Propagation condition	Test requirement (BLER)	Test limit = Test requirement * TL TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that a good unit will fail = prob that a bad unit will pass: F[%]	Bad unit factor M
Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target	12.2 kbit/s, 3km/h (case4)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5
Downlink compressed mode	12.2kbit/s, 3km/h (case 2)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5

F.6.2 Statistical testing of RRM delay performance

F.6.2.1 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Measure the delay repeated times. Start each repetition after sufficient time, such that each delay test is independent from the previous one. The delay-times, measured, are simplified to:

a good delay, if the measured delay is \leq limit.

a bad delay, if the measured delay is > limit

- c) Record the number of delays (ns), tested, and the number of bad delays (ne)
- d) Stop the test at an early pass or an early fail event.
- e) Once the test is stopped, decide according to the pass fail decision rules (subclause F.6.2.7)

F.6.2.2 Bad Delay Ratio (ER)

The Bad Delay Ratio (ER) is defined as the ratio of bad delays (ne) to all delays (ns). (1-ER is the success ratio)

F.6.2.3 Test Criteria

The test shall fulfil the following requirements:

- a) good pass fail decision
 - 1) to keep reasonably low the probability (risk) of passing a bad unit for each individual test;
 - 2) to have high probability of passing a good unit for each individual test;
- b) good balance between test-time and statistical significance
 - 3) to perform measurements with a high degree of statistical significance;
 - 4) to keep the test time as low as possible.

F.6.2.4 Calculation assumptions

F.6.2.4.1 Statistical independence

It is arranged by test conditions, that bad delays are independent statistical events.

F.6.2.4.2 Applied formulas

The specified ER is 10% in most of the cases. This stipulates to use the binomial distribution to describe the RRM delay statistics. With the binomial distribution optimal results can be achieved. However the inverse cumulative operation for the binomial distribution is not supported by standard mathematical tools. The use of the Poisson or Chi Square Distribution requires ER \rightarrow 0. Using one of this distributions instead of the binomial distribution gives sub-optimal results in the conservative sense: a pass fail decision is done later than optimal and with a lower wrong decision risk than predefined.

The formulas, applied to describe the RRM delay statistics test, are based on the following experiment:

(1) After having observed a certain number of bad delays (**ne**) the number of all delays (**ns**) are counted to calculate ER. Provisions are made (note 1) such that the complementary experiment is valid as well:

(2) After a certain number of delays (ns) the number of bad delays (ne), occurred, are counted to calculate ER.

Experiment (1) stipulates to use the Chi Square Distribution with degree of freedom ne: 2*dchisq(2*NE,2*ne).

Experiment (2) stipulates to use the Poisson Distribution: dpois(ne,NE)

(NE: mean value of the distribution)

To determine the early stop conditions, the following inverse cumulative operation is applied:

0.5 * qchisq(D,2*ne) for experiment (1) and (2)

D: wrong decision risk per test step

Note: Other inverse cumulative operations are available, however only this is suited for experiment (1) and (2).

F.6.2.4.3 Approximation of the distribution

The test procedure is as follows:

During a running measurement for a UE ns (Number of Delays) and ne (Number of bad delays) are accumulated and from this the preliminary ER is calculated. Then new samples up to the next bad delay are taken. The entire past and the new samples are basis for the next preliminary ER. Depending on the result at every step, the UE can pass, can fail or must continue the test.

As early pass- and early fail-UEs leave the statistical totality under consideration, the experimental conditions are changed every step resulting in a distribution that is truncated more and more towards the end of the entire test. Such a distribution can not any more be handled analytically. The unchanged distribution is used as an approximation to calculate the early fail and early pass bounds.

F.6.2.5 Definition of good pass fail decision

This is defined by the probability of wrong decision F at the end of the test. The probability of a correct decision is 1- F.

The probability (risk) to fail a good DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is failed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still better than the specified bad delay ratio (Test requirement).

The probability (risk) to pass a bad DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is passed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still worse than M times the specified bad delay ratio. (M>=1 is the bad DUT factor).

This definitions lead to an early pass and an early fail limit:

Early fail: $er \ge er lim_{fail}$

$$er \lim_{fail} (D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne}{qchisq(D, 2 * ne)}$$
(1)

For $ne \ge 5$

Early pass: $er \leq erlimbad_{pass}$

$$er \lim bad_{pass}(D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne * M}{qchisq(1-D, 2*ne)}$$
(2)

For ne ≥ 1

With

er (normalized ER): ER according to F.6.2.2 divided by specified ER

D: wrong decision probability for a test step . This is a numerically evaluated fraction of F, the wrong decision probability at the end of the test. see table F.6.2.6.1

ne: Number of bad delays

M: bad DUT factor see table F.6.2.6.1

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi squared distribution

F.6.2.6 Good balance between test-time and statistical significance

Two independent test parameters are introduced into the test and shown in Table F.6.2.6.1. These are the obvious basis of test time and statistical significance. From them four dependent test parameters are derived.

Independe	ent test para	ameters	Dependent test parameters		
Test Parameter	Value	Reference	Test parameter	Value	Reference
Bad DUT factor M	1.5	Table F.6.1.8	Early pass/fail condition	Curves	Subclause F.6.2.5 Figure 6.2.9
Final probability of wrong pass/fail	5%	Table F.6.2.8	Target number of bad delays	154	Table 6.2.8
decision F			Probability of wrong pass/fail decision per test	0.6 %	
			step D Test limit factor TL	1.236]	Table 6.2.8

Table F.6.2.6 independent and dependent test parameters

F.6.2.7 Pass fail decision rules

The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at an early pass or early fail event. Sum up the number of all delays (ns) and the number of bad delays from the beginning of the test and calculate:

 ER_1 (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

 ER_0 (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If ER_0 is on or above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

If ER_1 is on or below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

F.6.2.8 Test conditions for RRM delay tests, Combining of TPC commands test 1, Demodulation of Paging channel and Detection of acquisition indicator tests.

Table F.6.2.8: Test conditions for a single RRM delay tests, Combining of TPC commands test 1,
Demodulation of Paging channel and Detection of Acquisition indicator tests.

Type of test	Test requirement Delay (s)	Test requirement (ER= 1- success ratio)	Testlimit(ER)= Test requirement (ER)x TL TL	Target number of bad delays	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit factor M
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1 Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for power control sequence.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH) Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for procedure step 4.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.12 Detection of Acquisition indicatior (AI). Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.12. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for procedure steps 5, 6 and 12.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.2 Cell recelection	8	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.1 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 1	27.9	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.2 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 2	9.6	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.4 FDD/TDD Cell reselection	8	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft handover	NA					
8.3.2 FDD FDD Hard Handover						
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra frequency cell	110 ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.2.2 Handover to interfrequency cell	140ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.4 UTRAN to GSM HandOver	90ms	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.4.3. Transport format	140ms	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
combination selection in UE.	(see 8.4.3.1.4.2 step 7)	0.1	1.230	104	5	1.5

8.6.2.2 correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition.	36.4 s (see procedure 8.6.2.2.4.2 step 8.)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.7.3 AGSM Carrier SSI Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 8.7.3A. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio in procedure step 7	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5

F.6.2.9 Practical Use (informative)

See figure F.6.2.9:

The early fail limit represents formula (1) in F.6.2.5. The range of validity is $ne \ge 5$ to ne = 154

The early pass limit represents the formula (2) in F.6.2.5. The range of validity is ne=1 to ne =154. See note 1. The intersection co-ordinates of both curves are: target number of bad delays ne = 154 and test limit TL = 1.236.

A typical delay test, calculated form the number of samples and errors (F.6.2.2) using experimental method (1) or (2) (see F.6.2.4.2. calculation assumptions) runs along the yellow trajectory. With an good delay the trajectory goes down vertically. With a bad delay it jumps up right. The tester checks if the ER test intersects the early fail or early pass limits.

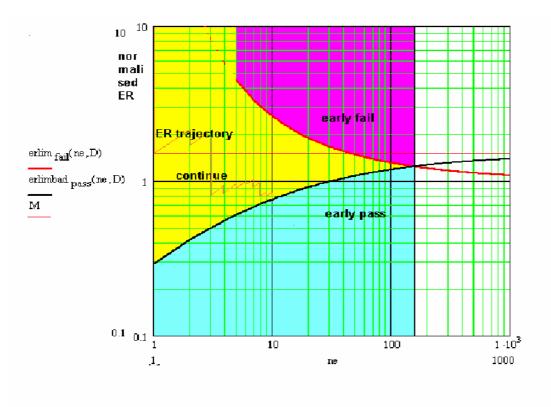


Figure F.6.2.9

Note 1: At the beginning of the test, an artificial bad delay is introduced. This ensures that an ideal DUT meets the valid range of the early pass limit. In addition this ensures that the complementary experiment (F.6.2.4.2. bullet point (2)) is applicable as well. For the check against the early fail limit the artificial bad delay sample, introduced at the beginning of the test, is disregarded.

Due to the nature of the test, namely discrete bad delay events, the early fail condition shall not be valid, when fractional bad delays <1 are used to calculate the early fail limit: Any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne \geq 5.

F.6.3 Statistical Testing of HSDPA Receiver Performance

F.6.3.1 Definition

Information Bit Throughput R:

The measured information bit throughput R is defined as the sum (in kilobits) of the information bit payloads (excluding the 24-bit HS-DSCH CRC) successfully received during the test interval, divided by the duration of the test interval (in seconds).

F.6.3.2 Mapping throughput to block error ratio

a) In measurement practice the UE indicates successfully received information bit payload by signalling an ACK to the SS.

If payload is received, but damaged and cannot be decoded, the UE signals a NACK.

- b) Only the ACK and NACK signals, not the data bits received, are accessible to the SS. The number of bits is known in the SS from knowledge of what payload was sent.
- c) For fixed reference channel the number of bits in a TTI is fixed during one test.
- d) The time in the measurement interval is composed of successful TTIs (ACK), unsuccessful TTIs (NACK) and DTX-TTIs.
- e) DTX-TTIs occur regularly according to the H-set. (regDTX). In real live this is the time when other UEs are served. regDTX vary from test to test but are fixed within the test.
- f) Additional DTX-TTIs occur statistically when the UE is not responding ACK or NACK where it should. (statDTX)

This may happen when the UE was not expecting data or decided that the data were not intended for it.

The pass / fail decision is done by observing the:

- number of NACKs
- number of ACKs and
- number of statDTXs (regDTX is implicitly known to the SS)

The ratio (NACK + statDTX)/(NACK+ statDTX +ACK) is the Bock Error Ratio BLER. Taking into account the time consumed by the ACK-, NACK-, and DTX-TTIs (regular and statistical), BLER can be mapped unambiguously to throughput for any single FRC test.

F.6.3.3 Bad DUT factor

Note: Data throughput in a communication system is of statistical nature and must be measured and decided pass or fail. The specified limit of throughput related to the ideal throughput in different throughput tests is in the range of a few % to near 100%. To make it comparable with BER, we define the complement of the relative throughput: BLER as defined above. Complementary this is in the range of near 100% down to a few % For e.g. BLER = 1%, the currently in BER BLER used Bad DUT factor M=1.5 is highly meaningful. For e.g. BLER = 99%, the currently used M=1.5 obviously meaningless.

An appropriate definition of the bad DUT factor is illustrated in figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor.

It illustrates how to find the Bad BLER when the nominal BLER is given.

1) In the range 0% < nominal BLER>10% the Bad DUT factor is constant 1.5

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- 2) In the range 90% < bad BLER>100% it decreases to 1. (symmetrical to (1))
- 3) The range in between is interpolated by an arc section.

The example shows: nominal BLER=35,6% \rightarrow bad BLER=47.67.5% \rightarrow M=1.34

(blue mapping)

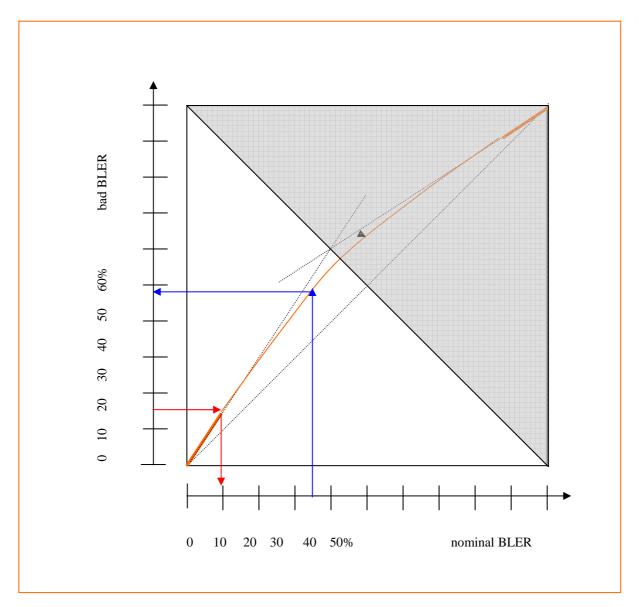


Figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor

Formula:

For 0 < BLER <= 0.1 M = 1.5

M(BLER) :=
$$\frac{\sqrt{r^2 - (BLER - 2.35)^2}}{BLER} - \frac{1.35}{BLER}$$

For 0.1 <BLER <.9

For 0.9 <= BLER < 1 M(BLER)= 2/3BLER + 1/3

With BLER: nominal Block Error Ratio (0<BLER<1)

With r = 2.70415 (Radius of the arc)

F.6.3.3.1 Bad DUT factor, range of applicability

Inaccuracy is one practical reason to avoid the grey shaded area of figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor. For BLER near 1 the Bad DUT factor M is near 1. For M=1, exactly, the pass and fail criteria do not intersect. The test never is finalised.

For M near 1 the pass and fail criteria exhibit a very smooth intersection. In addition the binomial distribution and its inverse are of discrete nature. Therefore the test limit and the number of samples is calculable only very ambiguous.

It is proposed to apply the bad DUT factor only in the not shaded area of figure F.6.3.3.

This is done by the following:

BLER mode:

Use BLER as defined above in the range of 0 to 50%, use M >1 as defined above.

The Test Limit will be > the Test Requirement in the table F.6.3.5. below.

Relative Throughput mode:

If BLER is in the range 50 to 100%, use 1-BLER instead. Use m<1 instead of M.

1-BLER is the relative throughput with respect to the ideal throughput.

As a consequence, the Test Limit < Test Requirement

Formula for m:

For 0 < (1-BLER) <= 0.15 m = 1/1.5

For 0.15 <(1-BLER) <.85 $m := \frac{2.35 - \sqrt{r^2 - [(1 - BLER) + 1.35]^2}}{(1 - BLER)}$

In the figure F.6.3.3: this is represented by the red mapping.

The tables F.6.3.5. below distinguishe between m and M.

F.6.3.4 Minimum Test time

Same as with BER BLER there is a minimum test time is necessary for multipath fading profiles with the same justification:

F.6.3.5	5 Applicability and chara	cteristics of the Tables F.6.	3.5.
	profile	Minimum Test time	

profile	Minimum Test time
PA3, PB3	164s
VA30	16.4s
VA 120	4.1s

The purpose of tables F.6.3.5.1 to F.6.3.5.4 is to decide throughput pass or fail.

(the Ior/Ioc levels are only for reference)

Meaning of a decision:

- A passed DUT is not worse than a Bad DUT with 95% confidence level.
- A failed DUT is not better than a Limit DUT with 95% confidence level.

The minimum Test Time is

1) the minimum test time due to statistical reasons

(To ensure the confidence level, the test must be continued until a certain number of samples (NACK+ statDTX +ACK) is reached.)

2) the minimum test time due to multipath fading.

The longer test time applies. It is marked in table F.6.3.5. which one applies.

Statistical independence:

If a process works within an incremental redundancy sequence, the samples are not independent. The incremental redundancy sequence for every process must be finalised, successfully or unsuccessfully, on or beyond the minimum test time.

Then the BLER (or 1-BLER) is compared with the Test Limit to decide pass or fail.

Note: It is FFS, if correlation within groups of retransmissions may influence the confidence level of the test.

Formula:

The theory, to derive the minimum number of samples and the Test Limit, takes into consideration that BLER is in the range of near 0% to near 100%. Hence it is based on the binomial distribution and its inverse cumulative function: qbinom:

For the BLER test mode:

 $ne_{low} = qbinom(D, ns, M*BLER_{limit})$ (1)

 $ne_{high} = qbinom(1-D, ns, BLER_{limit})$ (2)

given: 1-D: confidence level= 95%

BLER_{limit}=Block error ratio at the limit

M: Bad DUT factor >1

Input: ns: number of samples (NACK+ statDTX + ACK)

Output ne: number of events (NACK+ statDTX)

The intersection of (1) and (2) is the Test Limit with the coordinates: ns and ne

For the Relative Throughput test mode:

 $ne_{low}=qbinom(D,ns,1-BLER_{limit})$ (3)

 $ne_{high} = qbinom(1-D, ns, m^*(1-BLER_{limit}))$ (4)

given: 1-D: confidence level= 95%

1-BLER_{limit}= Relative Throughtput at the limit

m: Bad DUT factor <1

Input: ns: number of samples (NACK+ statDTX + ACK)

Output ne: number of events (ACK)

The intersection of (3) and (4) is the Test Limit with the coordinates: ns and ne

Note: In contrast to BER BLER test, this approach does not contain any test time optimisation.

(early pass, early fail)

Nomenclature used in the tables F.6.3.5... below:

- NACK+ statDTX + ACK is summarised as No of samples
- NACK+ statDTX is summarised as No of errors
- ACK is summarised as No of successes
- In the BLER test mode the ratio: No of errors/ No of samples is recorded. In this mode a pass is below the test limit

- In the Relative Throughput test mode (1-BLER) the ratio: No of successes/ No of samples is recorded. In this mode a pass is above the test limit
- The test mode, used, is indicated in the rightmost column with BL or RT
- The transition from the BL to the RT test mode can also be seen in the column relative test requirement: BLER% \rightarrow (1-BLER%)
- The generic term for No of errors (BLER mode) or No of successes (Relative Throughput mode) is No of events. This is used in the table column Test Limit.

Table F.6.3.5.1 Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)

Maximum		Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Input Level		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
for HS-		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
PDSCH	Absolute Test	ideal=777 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
Reception	requirement			events to pass)		
(16QAM)	(kbps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
16 QAM H-Set 1		samples in %		Mandatory if applicable	and approx. if statistical	
	700	10%	58/467	467	2.8s (stat)	BL
	700		(M=1.5)	(≤58)		

Table F.6.3.5.2.1 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Single link performance QPSK H-Set 1,2,3	Absolute Test requirem (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=534kbps) No of events / No of samples	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass)	Test time in s Mandatory if fading, Informative and	BL / RT
			in %		Mandatory, if applicable	approx. if statistical	
Test1	PA3	65	87,82%→	60/595	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
(Ior/Ioc=0dB)			(12.18%)	(m = 1 / 1.5)			
							RT
	PB3	23	95.69% → (4.31%)	64/1796 (m = 1/1.5)	N.A	164s (fading)	RT
		138	74.14%→ (25.86%)	58/268 (m = 0.682)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
	VA30	22	95.9%→	64/1888	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
			(4.1%)	(1/1.5)			
		142	73.4%→	59/264	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
			(26.6%)	(m = 0.684)			

	VA120	13	97.564%→	63/3224	3224	H-set 1:	RT
			(2.436%)	(m = 1/1.5)	(≥63)	19.5s(stat) H-set 2:	
						13s (stat)	
						H-set 3:	
						6.5s (stat)	
		140	(73.77)→ 26.23%	59/268	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT
				(m = 0.683)			
	Absolute requirem (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples	Min No of samples	Test time in s	
			ideal=534kbps) No of events / No of samples	(Bad DUT factor)	(number of events to pass)	Mandatory if fading,	
			in %		Mandatory, if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
Test1	PA3	309	42.1%	83/171	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
(Ior/Ioc=10dB)				(M = 1.295)			
		423	20.74%	60/237	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
				(M = 1.445)			
	PB3	181	66.1%→ (33.9%)	62/215	N.A	164s (fading)	RT
				(m = 0.703)			
		287	46.22%→	84/176	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
			(53,78%)	(m = 0.77)			
	VA30	190	64.4%→ (35.6%)	64/211	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
				(m = 0.708)			
		295	44.72% → 55.28%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
				(m = 0.775)			
	VA120	181	(66.1%)→ 33.9%	62/215	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT
				(m = 0.703)			
		275	(48.5%)→	79/174	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT
			51.5%	(m = 0.761)			

Single link	Absolute	Test	Relative Test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
performance	requirement (kbps)		requirement (normalized to	expressed as No of events / min	samples		/ RT
16.04M	-		ideal=777 kbps)	No of samples	(number of events to	Mandatory if fading,	
16 QAM H-Set 1,2,3			No of events / No of samples	(Bad DUT factor)	pass)	Informative and	
			in %		Mandatory, if applicable	approx. if statistical	
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=10dB)	PA3	198	74.53% → (25.47%)	58/272 (m=0.681)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
(lor/loc=10dB)		368	52.66% → (47.34%)	74/179 m=0.746	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
	PB3	34	95.626% →(4.374%)	64/1770 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		219	71.83% →(28,17%)	58/240 (m=0.687)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	VA30	47	93.95% →(6.05%)	63/1259 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
		214	72.47% →(27.53%)	59/255 (m=0.686)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	VA120	28	96.4% →(3.6%)	64/2150 (m=1/1.5)	2150 (≥64)	12.9s H-set1 8.6s H-set2 4.3s Hset3 (stat)	RT
		267	64.5% → (35.5%)	57/319 (m=0.673)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.2	Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Table F.6.3.5.2.3 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Single link	Absolute	Test	Relative Test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
performance	requireme	ent	requirement	expressed as No	samples		/
	(kbps)		(normalized to ideal=534 kbps)	of events / min No of samples	(number		RT
					(number	Mandatory if	
QPSK H-Set 4	-		No of events / No of samples	(Bad DUT factor)	of events to pass)	fading,	
			in %		Mandatory, if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=0dB)	PA3	72	86.5% →(13.5%)	59/528 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
(101/10C-00D)							
	PB3	24	95.5% →(4.5%)	63/1695 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT

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	142	73.4% → (26.6%)	59/264 (m=0.684)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
VA30	19	96.44% →(3.56%)	64/2176 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	148	72.27% → (27.73%)	59/253 (m=0.686)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
VA120	11	98% →(2%)	65/3746 (m=1/1.5)	3746 (≥65)	22.5s (stat)	RT
	144	73% → (27%)	58/256 (m=0.684)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

Single link performance							
QPSK							
H-Set 4							
Single link performance QPSK H-Set 4	Absolute requirem (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=534 kbps) No of events / No of samples in %	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass) Mandatory, if applicable	Test time in s Mandatory if fading, Informative and approx. if statistical	BL / RT
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=10dB)	PA3	340	36.29%	75/177 (M=1.334)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
		439	17.74%	58/266 (M=1.468)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
	PB3	186	65.15% → (34.85%)	62/209 (m=0.705)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		299	44%	87/174 (m=0.778)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
	VA30	183	65.7% → (34.3%)	63/216 (m=0.704)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
		306	42.66%	86/176 (M=1.291)	N.A.	16.4s (faging)	BL
	VA120	170	68,14% →(31.86%)	61/226 (m=697)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

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28	4 46.78%	81/172	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
	→(53.22%)	(m = 0.767)			

Single link performance QPSK H-Set 5	Absolute requirem (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=801 kbps) No of events / No of samples in %	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass) Mandatory, if applicable	Test time in s Mandatory if fading, Informative and approx. if statistical	BL / RT
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=0dB)	PA3	98	87.76% →(12.24%)	59/583 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		221	72.4% →(27.6%)	58/250 (m=0.686	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	PB3	35	95.63% →(4.37%)	63/1746 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		207	74.14% →(25.86%)	58/268 (m=0.682)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	VA30	33	95.88% →(4.12%)	64/1879 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
		213	73.4% →(26.6%)	59/264% (m=0.684)	N.A.	16.2s (fading)	RT
	VA120	20	97.5% →(2.5%)	64/3101 (m=1/1.5)	3101 (≥64)	12.4s (stat)	RT
		210	73.77% →(26.23%)	59/268 (m=0.683)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

Table F.6.3.5.2.4 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Absolut	e Test	Relative Test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
requirer	nent	requirement	expressed as No	samples		/
(11)		(1 1	of events / min			RT
(kbps)			No of samples			
		ideal=801 kbps)		(number		
				(number	Mandatory if	
			(Bad DUT	of events to	fading,	
		No of events / No of	factor)	pass)		
		samples				
		in %			Informative and	
		111 /0		Mandatory, if	approx. if	
				applicable	statistical	
PA3	464	42%	84/174	N.A.	164s (fading)	
			(M=1.295)			DI
						BL
	635	20.67%	59/234	N.A.	164s (fading)	
			(M=1.446)		× 0,	
						BL
	requirer (kbps)	PA3 464	requirement requirement (kbps) (normalized to ideal=801 kbps) No of events / No of samples in % PA3 464 42%	requirement requirement expressed as No of events / min No of samples (kbps) (normalized to ideal=801 kbps) (Bad DUT factor) No of events / No of samples in % PA3 464 42% 635 20.67% 59/234	requirement (kbps) requirement (normalized to ideal=801 kbps) expressed as No of events / min No of samples samples No of events / No of samples No of events / No of samples (Bad DUT factor) of events to pass) PA3 464 42% 84/174 (M=1.295) N.A. 635 20.67% 59/234 N.A.	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

PB3	272	66.02% → (33.98%)	63/218 (m=0.703)	N.A.	164s (fading)	
	431	46.16% →(53.84)	84/176 (m=0.77)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
VA30	285	64.4% →(35.6%)	64/211 (m=0.708)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	443	44.7% →(55.3%)	85/173 (m=0.775)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
VA12 0	272	66.02% → (33.98%)	63/218 (m=0.703)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
	413	48.4% →(51.6%)	81/176 (m=0.761)	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT

Table F.6.3.5.3.1 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Aboolu		(normalized to	events/min No of	-	Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	Absolu		ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3	require				events to pass)	· · ·	
	(К	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %	(,	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
root nambol					applicable	statistical	
1		77	85.57%→(14.43%)	58/486	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
				(m=1/1.5)	14.7 (.	ro io (iddirig)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3	180	66.27%→(33.73%)	62/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		100	00.21 /0 / (00.10/0)	(m=0.702)	14.7 (.	ro-s (rading)	
		20	96.25%→ (3.75%)	64/2065	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
2		20	90.2378 7 (3.7378)	(m=1/1.5)	N.A.	1045 (lauling)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	154	71.14%→ (28,86%)	59/243	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		154	71.14% (20,00%)	(m=0.689)	N.A.	1045 (lauling)	КІ
~		45	07.400() (0.040()	1 /			RT
		15	97.19% → (2.81%)	64/2758	H-Set 1:	H-Set 2,3:	КI
3				(m=1/1.5)	2758	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	VA30				(≥64)	H-Set 1:	
dB)						16.6s(stat.)	
ub)		162	69.64%→ (30.36%)	60/235	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
				(m=0.693)			
1		375	29.7%	68/192	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3			(M=1.38)			
	1 73	475	11%	58/425	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.499)			
2		183	65.7% → (34.3%)	63/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_	000			(m=0.704)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	274	48.7% →(51.3%)	80/177	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.76)		、 0 /	
3		187	65% → (35%)	62/208	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	1400	-		(m=0.706)		- (
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	284	46.8% →(53.2%)	82/174	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.767)			

Table F.6.3.5.3.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Abaalu	te Test	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
16 QAM			ideal=777 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3	require				events to pass)	-	
	(K	(bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	. ,	Informative	
Test number			samples in %	, , ,	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		295	62% →(38%)	66/203	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	D 4 0		()	(m=0.715)		5, 5,	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	463	40.4%	82/176	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.306)		(
2		24	96.9% →(3.1%)	64/2500	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_	000			(m=1/1.5)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	243	68.7% →(31.3%)	60/227	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			· · · · · ·	(m=0.695)		(0)	
3		35	95.5% →(4.5%)	63/1695	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
-	1400			(m=1/1.5)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	251	67.7% →(32.3%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			, ,	(m=0.698)			

Table F.6.3.5.3.3 Open L	Loop Diversity Performance	e for test case 9.2.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Absolute Test		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	require		ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 4		bps)			events to pass)		
	(1		No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		70	86.9% →(13.1%)	59/544	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3			(m=1/1.5)			
	17.0	171	68% →(32%)	61/225	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.697)			
2		14	97.4% →(2.6%)	64/2982	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)			
	1.00	150	71.9% →(28.1%)	59/250	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.687)			
3		11	97.04% →(2.06%)	65/3819	3819	23s (stat)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$	VA30			(m=1/1.5)	(≥65)		
	VA30	156	70.8% →(29.2%)	60/243	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.69)			
1		369	30.9%	69/188	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$				(M=1.372)			
	PA3	471	11.7%	58/400	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.497)			
2		180	66.3% →(33.7%)	63/220	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	000			(m=0.702)		(0,	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	276	48.3% →(51.7%)	79/173	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			, , ,	(m=0.762)		、 3 /	
3		184	65.5% →(34.5%)	62/211	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
•	1400			(m=0.704)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	285	46.6% →(53.4%)	81/171	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.768)		- (
		1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement,	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Absolu	to Tost	normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	require		ideal=801 kbps	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 5		bps)			events to pass)		
	(r	uha)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1			85.5% →(14.5%)	59/492	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3	116		(m=0.667)			
	FA3		66.27% →(33.73%)	62/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		270		(m=0.702)			
2			96.25% →(3.75%)	65/2100	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	30		(m=1/1.5)			
	1.03		71.14% →(28.86%)	58/243	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		231		(m=0.689)			
3			97.13% →(2.87%)	64/2741	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	VA30	23		(m=1/1.5)			
	VA30		69.64% →(30.36%)	60/234	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		243		(m=0.693)			
1			29.67%	68/194	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	563		(M=1.381)			
	17.0		10.93%	58/428	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		713		(M=1.499)			
2			65.65% →(34.35%)	64/212	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	275		(m=0.704)			
	1 00		48.66% →(51.34%)	77/170	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		411		(m=0.76)			
3			64.9% →(35.1%)	63/211	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	281		(m=0.706)			
	1100		46.78% →(53.22%)	81/172	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		426		(m=0.767)			

Table F.6.3.5.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Aboolu	to Toot	(normalized to	events/min No of	-	Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	Absolute Test requirement		ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3				•	events to pass)	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	(к	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	. ,	Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		118	77.89% →(22.11%)	58/315	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3			(m=0.674)			
	17.0	225	57.84% →(42.16%)	69/189(m=0.728)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		50		61/787	N.A.		RT
2		50	90.63% →(9.37%)		IN.A.	164s (fading)	RI
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	173	67.500()(22.420())	(m=1/1.5) 61/222	N.A.	1640 (foding)	RT
dB)		173	67.58% →(32.42%)		IN.A.	164s (fading)	RI
		47	01.00/ \(0.00/)	(m=0.698) 62/852	N.A.	16 40 (foding)	RT
3		47	91.2% →(8.8%)		IN.A.	16.4s (fading)	RI
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	VA30	172	(77,770) $(22,220)$	(m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16 40 (foding)	RT
dB)		172	67.77% →(32.23%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RI
		200	25.020/	(m=0.698)	NL A	ACAn (fadina)	Ы
1		399	25.23%	63/207	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	450	44400/	(M=1.413)			Ы
dB)		458	14.18%	57/325	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
		400	(0, 740) $(0, 740)$	(M=1.487)	NL A	ACAR (fadina)	DT
2		199	62.71% →(37.29%)	65/204	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	004	40.00/	(m=0.713)			DI.
dB)		301	43.6%	88/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
,		004	04 770() (00 000()	(M=1.285)			DT
3		204	61.77% →(38.23%)	65/198	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30		(0.050)	(m=0.716)			
dB)		305	42.85%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
uD)				(M=1.29)			

Table F.6.3.5.4.1 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Table F.6.3.5.4.2 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Abaalu	te Test	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
16 QAM	require		ideal=777 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3		(bps)			events to pass)		
	(r	(op3)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		361	53.56% →(46.44%)	73/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3			(m=0.743)			
	17.0	500	35.68%	74/177	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.338)			
2		74	90.48% →(9.52%)	62/788	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)			
	1.00	255	67.2% →(32.8%)	61/219	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.7)			
3		84	89.2% →(10.8%)	61/683	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30			(m=1/1.5)			
	1,100	254	67.32% →(32.68%)	61/220	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.699)			

Classed Laser			Deletive test	To at limit	Min No. of	Test times in a	ы
Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples	Man datama if	
Performance	Absolute Test		(normalized to	events/min No of	() (Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	require	ment	ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 4	. (k	bps)			events to pass)		
	``	. ,	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		114	78.64% →(21.36%)	58/327	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3			(m=0.673)			
	FAS	223	58.21% →(41.79%)	69/191	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.727)			
2		43	91.94% →(8.06%)	62/930	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
-	000			(m=1/1.5)		(0,	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	167	68.71% →(31.29%)	60/227	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.695)		. e .e (.a.ag)	
3		40	92.5% →(7.5%)	63/1017	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	1400			(m=1/1.5)		(3/	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30	170	68.14% →(31.86%)	61/226	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(m=0.697)		(3/	
1		398	25.42%	63/206	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
				(M=1.412)		(0)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	457	14.37%	57/321	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.486)		(0)	
2		196	63.27 →(36.73%)	64/204	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
—	DDO		(,	(m=0.711)		(0,	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	292	45.28% →(54.72%)	85/175	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.773)		(e (e (e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
3		199	62.71% →(37.29%)	65/204	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
-				(m=0.713)		(iaa	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	305	42.85%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
dB)		000	72.0070	(M=1.29)	13.73.	10.40 (lauling)	
			1	(10=1.23)	1		

Table F.6.3.5.4.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Closed Loop Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of	Samples	Mandatory if	, RT
QPSK	Absolute Test		ideal=801 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 5	require	ment		Samples	events to pass)	rauing	
11-3613	(k	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	events to pass)	Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
restnumber			Samples III 78		applicable	statistical	
			77.000(\(22.110/)	58/315	N.A.		RT
1		177	77.89% →(22.11%)	(m=0.674)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RI
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3	177	57.78% →(42.22%)		N.A.	164a (fading)	RT
dB)		220	57.78% →(42.22%)	68/186 (m. 0.720)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RI
		338		(m=0.728)			БТ
2		75	90.63% →(9.37%)	61/787	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	75		(m=1/1.5)			
dB)			67.52% →(32.48%)	62/225	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		260		(m=0.699)			
3			91.13% →(8.87%)	62/846	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0)$	VA30	71		(m=1/1.5)			
			67.77% →(32.23%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		258		(m=0.698)			
1			25.17%	64/211	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	599		(M=1.413)			
	1 73		14.18%	57/325	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		687		(M=1.487)			
2			62.65% →(37.35%)	64/200	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_	PB3	299		(m=0.713)			
	РБЗ		43.54%	87/174	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		452		(M=1.285)		(0)	
3			61.77% →(38.23%)	65/198	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	V/A20	306		(m=0.716)			
C OF OC	VA30		42.79%	86/175	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
dB)		458		(M=1.29)		- (

Table F.6.3.5.4.4 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Annex G (normative): Environmental conditions

G.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

G.2 Environmental requirements

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s)

G.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table G.2.1.1

+15°C to + 35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to + 55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in extreme temperature conditions. These test conditions are denoted as TL (temperature low, -10*C) and TH (temperature high, +55*C).

G.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	0.9 * nominal	1.1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0.9 * nominal	1.3 * nominal	1.1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries: - Leclanché / lithium - Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0.85 * nominal 0.90 * nominal	Nominal Nominal	Nominal Nominal

Table G.2.2.1

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in extreme voltage conditions. These test conditions are denoted as VL (lower extreme voltage) and VH (higher extreme voltage).

G.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes:

Table G.2.3.1

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration
5 Hz to 20 Hz	0.96 m ² /s ³
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0.96 m ² /s ³ at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB / Octave

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation.

G.2.4 Specified frequency range

The manufacturer shall declare, which of the frequency bands defined in clause 4.2 is supported by the UE.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in low, mid and high range of the operating frequency band of the UE. The UARFCN's to be used for low, mid and high range are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 5.1.1.

For GSM frequency bands see TS 51.010-1 [25]. The test frequencies depend on the GSM bands supported by the terminal (according to PICS/PIXIT).

Annex H (normative): UE Capabilities (FDD)

For UE capabilities regarding FDD refer to TS 25.306.

H.1 Void

H.2 Void

Annex I (normative): Default Message Contents

This Annex contains the default values of common messages, other than those described in TS 34.108 [3]. The messages are primarily concerning the RRM test cases in clause 8 and unless indicated otherwise in specific test cases, shall be transmitted and checked by the system simulator. In this Annex, decimal values are normally used. However, sometimes, a hexadecimal value, indicated by an "H", or a binary value, indicated by a "B" is used.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Message Type		
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below.	
- Message authentication code	Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent. This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.	
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.	
Measurement identity Measured Results	1	
 Intra-frequency measured results list Cell measured results 		
- Cell Identity - Cell synchronisation information	Not present	
- Tm	If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- OFF	If reporting of 'OFF' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'OFF ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- CHOICE mode - Primary CPICH info	FDD Checked that this IE is present	
- Primary scrambling code - CPICH Ec/N0	See Annex K and TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0' measurement is	
- CPICH RSCP	configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0 ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed. If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP ' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If	
- Delta _{CPICH RSCP}	reporting of 'CPICH RSCP ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed. If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP' measurement is	Rel-5
- Pathloss Measured results on RACH	configured this IE may be present This IE does not need to be checked. If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' is configured then check that this IE is present. If	
Additional management race the	reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
Additional measured results Event results	This IE does not need to be checked. If reporting of 'Event results' is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Event results' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity Measured Results	1
- Inter-frequency measured results list - UTRA Carrier RSSI	If reporting of 'UTRA Carrier RSSI' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'UTRA Carrier RSSI' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- Inter-frequency cell measurement results	
 Cell measured results Cell Identity Cell synchronisation information 	Not present
-Tm	If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is
- OFF	not configured then no check is needed. If reporting of 'OFF' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'OFF ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- CHOICE mode - Primary CPICH info	FDD Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	See Annex K and TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4
- CPICH Ec/N0	If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0' measurement is configured
	then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0 ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed
- CPICH RSCP	If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- Pathloss	absent
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of
	'Measured results on RACH 'measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
Additional measured results	This IE does not need to be checked.
Event results	If reporting of 'Event results' is configured then check that this IE is present.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - RAT test cases

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Message Type		
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below.	
- Message authentication code	Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent. This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.	
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.	
Measurement identity Measured Results	1	
 Inter-RAT measured results list CHOICE system GSM 	GSM	
- Measured GSM cells - GSM carrier RSSI	Checked that this IE is present If reporting of 'GSM carrier RSSI' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'GSM carrier RSSI ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	
- CHOICE <i>BSIC</i> - Non verified BSIC	Non verified BSIC	
- BCCH ARFCN - Observed time difference to GSM cell	Checked that this IE is present This IE does not need to be checked.	R99 and Rel-4 only
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	,
Additional measured results Event results	This IE does not need to be checked. If reporting of 'Event results' is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Event results' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.	

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (Transition to CELL_DCH)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] for test cases 7.8.1, 7.8.2, 7.8.3 and 7.9.1.

Information Element	Value/remark
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	
- DCH quality target	
- BLER Quality value	0.0

Contents of Master Information Block PLMN type is the case of GSM-MAP

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.4.1.1, 8.4.1.2, 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3A, 8.6.1.4A, 8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.2, 8.6.4.1 test cases and based on the maximum SIB repetition period for 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.1, 8.3.6.2, 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- SIB_POS	2
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	Scheduling Block 1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	22
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	22
 SIB_POS offset info 	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 2
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	20
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 3
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	52
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 4
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	38
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 5

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on SIB repetition period for 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.1, 8.3.6.2, 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	3
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	58
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
 SIB_POS offset info 	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.4.1.1, 8.4.1.2, 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.4A, 8.6.2.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	4
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.4.1.1, 8.4.1.2, 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.4A.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system	
information	
 New intra-frequency cells 	24
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n (n=0 to 17)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system	Not Present
information	
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.2.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	16
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n (n=0 to 3)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2
	with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	
- New inter-frequency cells	8
- Inter frequency cell id	7+n (n =0 to 4)
- Frequency info	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous
	"frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4
	with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code
	shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.4.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark				
- References to other system information blocks					
- SIB_REP	128				
- SIB_POS	6				
- SIB_POS offset info	3				
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6				
- SIB_POS	4				
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7				
- SEG_COUNT	5				
- SIB_REP	128				
- SIB_POS	54				
- SIB_POS offset info	4				
- SIB_OFF	4				
- SIB_OFF	2				
- SIB_OFF	2				
- SIB_OFF	8				
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11				
- SIB_REP	128				
- SIB_POS	26				
- SIB_POS offset info	2				
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12				
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag				
- SIB_REP	128				
- SIB_POS	36				
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18				

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 $\cite[3]$ based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.6.4.1

Information Element - Intra-frequency measurement system information	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	24
- Intra-frequency cell id	12+n (n=0 to 17)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system information	Not present
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n (n=0 to 3)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology - GSM	GSM
 Cell individual offset 	0
- Cell selection and re-selection info - BSIC	Not Present
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BSICs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house such that it does not collide with BCCH ARFCNs of other Inter-RAT cell ids.

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.6.1.2,8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3A.

Information Element	Value/Remark				
 Intra-frequency measurement system 					
information					
 New intra-frequency cells 	32				
- Intra-frequency cell id	n(n=0, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10 and 12 to 31)				
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.				
 Inter-frequency measurement system information 	Not Present				
 Inter-RAT measurement system information 	Not Present				

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.1 test case.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
 SIB_POS offset info 	3
 SIB type SIBs only 	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	6
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
 SIB_POS offset info 	5
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	8
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SEG_COUNT	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 [3] based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.1.

Information Element

- New intra-frequency cells
- Intra-frequency cell id
- Cell info
- Inter-frequency measurement system information
 - New inter-frequency cells
 - Inter frequency cell id
 - Frequency info

Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous "frequency info" in the list.

- Cell info

- Inter-RAT measurement system information

Value/Remark

24 12+n(n=0 to17)

Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.

16

7+n (n =0 to 12) Not Present

Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values. Not Present

Contents of TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for test cases with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.7A, 5.9A, 5.10A and 5.13.1A (Rel-5 and later releases).

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Message Type		
RRC transaction identifier	Arbitrarily selects an integer between 0 and 3	
Integrity check info		
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/	
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most	
	significant bit of the MAC-I.	
PPC magazara agguaras number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its	
- RRC message sequence number		
	internal counter.	
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present	
Ciphering mode info	Not Present	
Activation time	Not Present	
New U-RNTI	Not Present	
New C-RNTI	Not Present	
New H-RNTI	"1010 1010 1010 1010"	
RRC State indicator	CELL_DCH	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present	
CN information info	Not Present	
URA identity	Not Present	
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present	
UL Transport channel information for all transport		
•		
channels		
- PRACH TFCS	Not Present	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- TFC subset	Not Present	
- UL DCH TFCS		
- CHOICE TFCI signalling	Normal	
- TFCI Field 1 information		
- CHOICE TFCS representation	Complete reconfiguration	
- TFCS complete reconfigure information		
- CHOICE CTFC Size	Same as used in the call set up.	
- CTFC information	This IE is repeated for TFC numbers used in	
	the call set up	
OTEO		
- CTFC	Same as used in the call set up.	
- Power offset information		
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Computed Gain Factors except for the	
	reference TFC (CTFC = 1) when Signalled	
	Gain Factors is used	
- Gain factor βc	Value used in test (Not Present if the	
	CHOICE Gain Factors is set to Computed	
	Gain Factors)	
- Gain factor βd	Value used in test	
	(Not Present if the CHOICE Gain Factors is	
	set to Computed Gain Factors)	
- Reference TFC ID	0	
	FDD	
- CHOICE mode		
- Power offset P p-m	Not Present	
Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information list	Not Present	
CHOICE mode	Not Present	
DL Transport channel information common for all	Not Present	
transport channel		
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information list	Not Present	
Frequency info	Not Present	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present	
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info	
- Uplink DPCH power control info		
	EDD	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- DPCCH power offset	-6dB	
- PC Preamble	1 frame	
- SRB delay	7 frames	
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1 or as specified in the test	
- TPC step size	1dB	
- 11 C Step Size		
- Δ _{ACK}	Value used in test	

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
 Ack-Nack repetition factor 	3(required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)	
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
 Scrambling code type 	Long	
 Scrambling code number 	0 (0 to 16777215)	
- Number of DPDCH	Not Present (1)	
 spreading factor 	Reference to TS34.121 clause C.2.1	
	Parameter Set	
- TFCI existence	TRUE	
- Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)	
- Puncturing Limit	1	
CHOICE Mode	Not present	
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information		
- HS-SCCH Info	Not Present	
 Measurement Feedback Info 		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- POhsdsch	6 dB	
 CQI Feedback cycle, k 	4 ms	
 CQI repetition factor 	2(required for continuous HS-DPCCH signal)	
- Δ_{CQI}	Value used in test	
- CHOICE mode	FDD (no data)	
Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present	
Downlink information per radio link list		
- Downlink information for each radio link		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
- Primary CPICH info		
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 "Default	
	settings (FDD)"	
 Serving HS-DSCH radio link indicator 	TRUE	
 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 		
- CHOICE mode	FDD	
 Primary CPICH usage for channel 	Primary CPICH may be used	
estimation		
- DPCH frame offset	Same value as defined in 34.108 [3] clause	
	7.3.6.4.3 for IE 'Default DPCH Offset Value'	
	mod 38 400.	
 Secondary CPICH info 	Not Present	
 DL channelisation code 		
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not present	
- Spreading factor	256	
- Code number	192	
 Scrambling code change 	No change	
- TPC combination index	0	
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present	R99 and Rel-4
		only
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present	
- SCCPCH information for FACH	Not Present	

Annex J (informative): Information about special regional application of test cases and requirements

This annex provides information about special regional application of the tests specified in the core part of the present document. The special regional application of certain test cases is typically caused by specific local regulation and legalisation.

J.1 Japan

For regulatory testing in Japan shared risk against core specification value with test tolerance of zero may be applied provisionally, until the time the non-zero test tolerances principle used in the present document is reflected in Japanese regulations, The shared risk principle described above will apply to the following requirements:

- 5.9 Spectrum Emission Mask;
- NOTE: This information should be reviewed on a regular basis to check its applicability, as changes to regulation allowing usage of the non-zero test tolerances principle are expected.

Annex K (normative): Cell configuration mapping

The cells defined in TS 25.133 [2] and used in TS 34.121 do not correspond to the cells defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4. Table K.1 describes the mapping between cells described in TS 34.121 and those defined in TS 34.108 [3]. For each test case in section 8 the cells as defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 are listed in one row. The test case shall apply the RF parameters as defined in TS 34.121 according to the column heading. The use of cells as defined in TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 is important in order to have consistent SIB11 configurations between the different cells.

Note: For example if the second cell in a test case is an inter-frequency cell then Cell4 from TS 34.108 [3] section 6.1.4 is used with the radio parameters as defined for Cell2 in TS 34.121.

Teet		24.404	24.404	24.404	24.404	24.404	24.404
Test Case	Description	34.121 Cell1	34.121 Cell2	34.121 Cell3	34.121 Cell4	34.121 Cell5	34.121 Cell6
8.2.2.1	Idle Mode / Cell Re-Selection / Scenario 1:Single						
		Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.2.2.2	Idle Mode / Cell Re-Selection / Scenario 2:Multi carrier case	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.2.3.1	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/	Cell I	Cell4	Celiz	Cello	Cello	Cello
5.2.0.1	Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.3.2	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/						
	Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.4	Idle Mode / FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection	Cell1	TDD				
8.3.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDSoft						
8.3.2.1	Handover UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDHard	Cell1	Cell2				
5.3.2.1	Handover to intra-frequency cell	Cell1	Cell2				
8.3.2.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDHard	0011	00112				
	Handover to inter-frequency cell	Cell1	Cell4				
8.3.3	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/TDDHard						
	Handover	Cell1	TDD				
8.3.4	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility /Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	Cell1	Cell9				
8.3.5.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-	Cell I	Cella				
5.5.5.1	selection in CELL_FACH / One frequency present						
	in neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.5.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-						
	selection in CELL_FACH / Two frequencies	0.114	0 114	0 110	0 110	0.115	0 110
8.3.5.3	present in the neighbour list UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
5.5.5.5	selection in CELL_FACH / Cell Reselection to						
	GSM	Cell1	Cell9				
8.3.6.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-						
	selection in CELL_PCH / One frequency present in				a		
	the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.6.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe- selection in CELL_PCH / Two frequencies present						
	in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.3.7.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-						
	selection in URA_PCH / One frequency present in						
	the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.7.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe- selection in URA_PCH / Two frequencies present						
	in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.4.1.1	RRC Connection Control / RRCRe-establishment	00111	00111	00112	00110	00110	00110
	delay / Test 1	Cell1	Cell2				
8.4.1.2	RRC Connection Control / RRCRe-establishment						
0.4.0.4	delay / Test 2	Cell1	Cell4				
8.4.2.1	RRC Connection Control / Random Access /Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK	Cell1					
8.4.2.2	RRC Connection Control / Random Access	Celli					
	/Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK	Cell1					
8.4.2.3	RRC Connection Control / Random Access						
	/Correct behaviour at Time-out	Cell1					
8.4.2.4	RRC Connection Control / Random Access						
	/Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power	Cell1					
8.4.3.1	RRC Connection Control / Transport format		+				1
	combination selection in UE / Interactive or						
	Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps	Cell1					
8.5.1	Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit	.	0.115				
0 6 4 4		Cell1	Cell2				
5.6.1.1							
		Cell1	Cell2				
8.6.1.1A	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event	Cell1	Cell2			1	1
8.6.1.1	Timing FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	Cell1 Cell1	Cell2 Cell2				_

Table K.1: Cell configuration mapping for RF testing

	triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions						
8.6.1.2	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN						
	propagation condition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3			
8.6.1.2A	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3			
8.6.1.3	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event	Celli	Celiz	Cello			
	triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3			
8.6.1.3A	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event						
	triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3			
8.6.1.4A	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition	Cell1	Cell2				
8.6.2.1	FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	Cell I	Cellz				
0.0.2.1	reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation						
	condition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell4			
8.6.2.2	FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct	0011	00112	00111			
	reporting of neighbours in fading propagation		1				
	condition	Cell1	Cell4				
8.6.3.1	TDD measurements / Correct reporting of TDD				1		
	neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell1	TDD				
8.6.4.1	GSM measurements / Correct reporting of						
	GSMneighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell1	Cell9				
8.7.1.1.1	Measurements Performance Requirements						
	/CPICH RSCP / Intra frequency measurements						
	accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.1.1.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH RSCP / Intra frequency measurements						
	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.1.2.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH RSCP / Inter frequency measurement	Call1	Coll4				
8.7.2.1.1	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement Measurements Performance Requirements	Cell1	Cell4				
0.7.2.1.1	/CPICH Ec/lo / Intra frequency measurements						
	accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.2.1.2	Measurements Performance Requirements	CONT	UCIIZ				
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Intra frequency measurements accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.2.2.1	Measurements Performance Requirements						
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Inter frequency measurement						
	accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.2.2.2	Measurements Performance Requirements		1				
	/CPICH Ec/lo / Inter frequency measurement	0 11	0 11 1				
0704	accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.3.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /UTRA Carrier RSSI / Absolute measurement accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.3.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /UTRA			1	1	1	1
511 IUI2	Carrier RSSI / Relative measurement accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.3A	Measurements Performance Requirements /	0000					
	GSMCarrier RSSI	Cell1	Cell9	Cell10	GSM	GSM	GSM
8.7.3B	Measurements Performance Requirements /Transport channel BLER						
8.7.3C	Measurements Performance Requirements / UE transmitted power	Cell1					
8.7.4.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-				1		
	CFN observed time difference /Intra frequency measurement requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.4.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-			1	1	1	1
_	CFN observed time difference /Inter frequency measurement requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
		•	•	•	•		•

8.7.5.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN- SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	Cell1	Cell2		
8.7.5.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN- SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2				
8.7.6.1	Measurements Performance Requirements / UERx-Tx time difference / UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	Cell1			
8.7.7	Measurements Performance Requirements /Observed time difference to GSM cell				
8.7.8.1	Measurements Performance Requirements / P- CCPCH RSCP / Absolute measurement accuracy	Cell1	TDD		

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Annex L (informative): Change history

T	Doc-1 st -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version		Doc-2 nd -Level
Meeting						- Current	-New	
TP-07				Approval of the specification		2.0.0	3.0.0	
				No change: replaces invalid zip file on server		3.0.0	3.0.1	
TP-08	TP-000090	001		Editorial corrections to clauses 2, 3, 4 and 5.1	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000059
TP-08	TP-000090	002		Modifications to clause 5.4 "Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink"	С	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000060
TP-08	TP-000090	003		Out-of-synchronisation handling of the UE	В	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000061
TP-08	TP-000090	004		Modifications to clauses 5.8, 5.9, 5.10 and 5.11	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000062
TP-08	TP-000090	005		Modifications to Chapter 6 "Receiver Characteristics"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000063
TP-08	TP-000090	006		Modifications to Annex D, Annex E, Annex G and Annex H	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000067
TP-08	TP-000090	008		Modifications to clauses 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000069
TP-08	TP-000090	009		Modifications to Chapter 7 "Performance requirements"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000070
TP-08	TP-000090	010		Modifications to test power control in downlink	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000071
TP-08	TP-000090	011		Modifications to clause 5.13 "Transmit Modulation"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000072
TP-08	TP-000090	012		Modifications to test for inner loop power control in the uplink	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000073
TP-08	TP-000090	013		Revision of Annex B: Global in-channel Tx test	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000074
TP-08	TP-000090	014		Blind transport format detection	В	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000075
TP-08	TP-000090	015		Removal of Annex I "Open Items"	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000077
TP-08	TP-000090	016		Modifications to Chapter 8 "Requirements for support of RRM"	С	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000117
TP-08	TP-000090	017		Modifications to Annex C "Measurement channels"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000118
TP-08	TP-000090	018		Idle mode test cases (test of performance requirements)	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000119
TP-09	TP-000163	019		Editorial corrections for References and Frequency Stability (2, 5.2, 5.3)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000131
TP-09	TP-000163	020		Corrections for Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink (5.4)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000132
TP-09	TP-000163	021		Transients for uplink inner loop power control (5.4.2.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000133
TP-09	TP-000163	022		Transmit On/Off power (5.5.2.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000134
TP-09	TP-000163	023		Change of TFC (5.6.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000135
TP-09	TP-000163	024		Clarification of the definition on Peak Code Domain Error (5.13.2.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000139
TP-09	TP-000163	025		UE interfering signal definition (6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000140
TP-09	TP-000163	026		Performance requirements (7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000143
TP-09	TP-000163	027		CR on clause 7.6 and 7.7 in TS34.121 (7.6, 7.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000144
TP-09	TP-000163	028		Performance requirements (7.9, 7.10, 7.11)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000146
TP-09	TP-000163	029		Corrections for Annex D (Annex-D)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000147
TP-09	TP-000163	030		Corrections for Annex E (Annex-E)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000148
TP-09	TP-000163	031		Corrections for Transmit ON/OFF Power, Change of TFC and Power setting in uplink compressed mode (5.5, 5.6, 5.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000149
TP-09	TP-000163	032		Corrections for power setting in uplink compressed mode (5.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000136
TP-09	TP-000163	033		CR for subclause 7.8: Power control in downlink (7.8)	В	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000145
TP-09	TP-000163	034		Corrections to clause 5.8, 5.9, 5.10, 5.11 and 5.12	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000137
TP-09	TP-000163	035		Corrections to EVM and PCDE formulae (B.2.7.1, B2.7.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000138
TP-09	TP-000163	036		New initial conditions for Spurious emission test case (6.8.4.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000141
TP-09	TP-000163	037		C.4.1 UL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirement (C.4.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000142
TP-10	TP-000216	038		Corrections to Chapter 3 "Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations"	D	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000247
TP-10	TP-000216	039		Vocabulary Corrections	D	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000253
TP-10	TP-000216	040		Reference Measurement Channels in Annex C	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000238
TP-10	TP-000216	041		Inclusion of OCNS definition for performance tests	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000241
TP-10	TP-000216	042		Handling of measurement uncertainties in UE conformance testing (FDD)	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000250

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-						Current		
TP-10	TP-000216	043		Update of Idle mode test cases	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000252
TP-10	TP-000216	044		UE emission mask measurement filter definition correction	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000254
TP-10	TP-000216	045		New structure of TS 34.121	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000255
TP-10	TP-000216	046		Test for combining TPC commands in soft handover	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000239
TP-10	TP-000216	047		Corrections to power control tests	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000240
TP-10	TP-000216	048		Correction to Open Loop Power Control in Uplink	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000242
TP-10	TP-000216	049		Correction to Transmit ON/OFF Time mask	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000243r
TP-10	TP-000216	050		Correction to Spurious Emission test	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000244
TP-10	TP-000216	051		Correction of spurious emission measurement procedure	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000245
TP-10	TP-000216	052		Out-of-synchronization handling of output power	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000246
TP-10	TP-000216	053		Clarification of test procedure and test requirement for receiver blocking and spurious response.	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000248
TP-10	TP-000216	054		Subclause 7.8 Power control in downlink	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000249
TP-10	TP-000216	055		Downlink compressed mode	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000251
TP-11	TP-010019	056		CR on Test tolerance for 6.5 Blocking	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010020
				Characteristics	' F			
TP-11	TP-010019	057		CR on Test tolerance for 6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	-	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010025
TP-11	TP-010019	058		CR on Test tolerance for 5.5.1 Test Tolerance for Transmit OFF power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010027
TP-11	TP-010019	059		CR on Test tolerance for 6.6 Spurious Response	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010028
TP-11	TP-010019	060		CR on Test tolerance for 5.11 Test Tolerance for Transmit Spurious emissions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010029
TP-11	TP-010019	061		CR on Test tolerance for Annex.F TS34.121	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010030
TP-11	TP-010019	062		CR on Test tolerance for 5.2 Maximum output power		3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010031
TP-11	TP-010019	063		CR on Test tolerance for 5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010032
TP-11	TP-010019	064		CR on Test tolerance for 5.9 Spectrum Emission	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010033
TD 44	TD 040040	0.05		Mask	F	0.0.0	0.4.0	T4 040004
TP-11 TP-11	TP-010019	065		CR on Test tolerance for 5.10 ACLR	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010034
	TP-010019	066		CR on Test tolerance for 5.12 Transmit Intermodulation		3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010035
TP-11	TP-010019	067		CR on Test tolerance for 6.2 Reference Sensitivity Level	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010036
TP-11	TP-010019	068		CR on Test tolerance for 5.3 Frequency Error	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010037
TP-11	TP-010019	069		CR on Test tolerance for 5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010038
TP-11	TP-010019	070		CR on Test tolerance for 5.13.1 EVM	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010039
TP-11	TP-010019	071		CR on Test tolerance for 5.13.2 PCDE	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010040
TP-11	TP-010019	072		CR on Test tolerance for 5.4.4 Out of Synchronisation transmit power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010041
TP-11	TP-010019	073		CR on Test tolerance for 6.4 ACS	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010042
TP-11	TP-010019	074		CR on Test tolerance for 6.8 RX Spurious Emissions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010108
TP-11	TP-010019	075		CR on corrections to DL compressed mode	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010021
TP-11	TP-010019	076		CR on Corrections to DL 384kbps and BTFD measurement channels	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010022
TP-11	TP-010019	077		CR on Corrections to Maximum output power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010023
TP-11	TP-010019	078		CR on RX spurious emissions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010024
TP-11	TP-010019	079		CR on Editorial correction to channel number	D	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010026
TP-11	TP-010019	080		CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E		3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010043
TP-11	TP-010019	081		Editorial corrections	D	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010044
TP-11	TP-010076	081	1	Regional requirements on Test Tolerance	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	Presented
TP-12	TP-010119	083		CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerances	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	directly to TP-11 T1-010139
TP-12	TP-010119	084		CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010140
TP-12	TP-010119	085		CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010141
TP-12	TP-010119	086		CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010142
TP-12	TP-010119	087		Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010143
TP-12	TP-010119	088	ļ	Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010144
TP-12	TP-010119	089		Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010145
TP-12	TP-010119	090		Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multi- code OCNS signal	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010146
TP-12	TP-010119	091		Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010147
TP-12	TP-010119	092		Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010148

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TP-12	TP-010119	093		Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010149
	TP-010119	094		Maintenance CR: closed loop power control close to the limits	C	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010150
TP-12	TP-010119	095		Maintenance CR: romoval of annex.	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010151
	TP-010119	096		Maintenance CR: correction to annex.E	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010152
	TP-010119	097		Maintenance CR: corrections to TS34.121	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010153
				1	F			
	TP-010184	098		Annex F Measurement uncertainty		3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010342
	TP-010184	099		RX Spurious emissions	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010364
	TP-010184	100		Structure of RRM test cases	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010356
	TP-010184	101		Clause 8.2, Idle mode cell reselection delay tests	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010361
FP-13	TP-010184	102		Proposal for measuring method of Random Access	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010362
ГР-13	TP-010184	103		Modification to OCNS code channels to allow for 384 kbps allocation	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010339
ГР-13	TP-010184	104		Clarification of AWGN definition	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010340
	TP-010184	105		Correction to test for inner loop power control in the	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010341
ГР-13	TP-010184	106		uplink (FDD) Core specification change for uplink inner loop	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010355
				power control	_			
	TP-010184	107		Power Control mode in downlink	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010357
ГР-13	TP-010184	108		Correction of frequency range for receiver spurious emission requirements	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010360
TP-13	TP-010184	109		Test numbering of multi-path fading propagation tests	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010363
TP-13	TP-010184	110		Measurement of the ON/OFF power during the PRACH preamble	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010370
TP-14	TP-010259	111		Improvement of test description: CPICH RSCP test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010489
	TP-010259	112		Improvement of test description: CPICH Ec/lo test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010490
TP-14	TP-010259	113		UTRA Carrier RSSI test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010491
	TP-010259	114		Corrections and improvements for TS 34.121 subclauses 5, 6 and Annex E	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010492
TP-14	TP-010259	115		Clarification of test requirements for Transmit ON/OFF time mask	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010493
TP-14	TP-010259	116		Clarification of procedure for Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010494
TP-14	TP-010259	117		UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010495
ГР-14	TP-010259	118		UE Transmit Timing	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010496
	TP-010259	119		Changes to blocking characteristics and spurious response test cases	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010497
TP-14	TP-010259	120		Clarification in Spectrum emission mask section	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010498
	TP-010259	120		DL Power Control Step Size in performance requirements	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010499
ГР-14	TD 010250	122			F	260	270	T1 010500
	TP-010259		-	DL Compressed mode, correction of pattern		3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010500
	TP-010259	123		BER/BLER testing based on statistical approach	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010517
	TP-010259	124		Deletion of OFF power measurement on "Power setting in uplink compressed mode" Test	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010520
	TP-010259	125		Cell reselection delay tests in idle mode	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010521
	TP-010259	126		CR for Transmit OFF power measurement	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010522
	TP-020039	127		Correction of power terms and definitions	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020133
	TP-020039	128			F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020134
TP-15	TP-020039	129		Transmit ON/OFF time mask, Change of TFC and Power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020135
TP-15	TP-020039	130		Maintenance of Annex B	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020136
	TP-020039	131		Correction of minimum test times under fading	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020137
	TP-020039	132		Addition of test case description for SFN-CFN observed time difference	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020137
TP-15	TP-020039	133		Addition of test case description for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020139
ГР-15	TP-020039	134		Corrections for TS 34.121 subclause 8.7.6	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020140
	TP-020039	135	-	Correction changes in clause 8.7	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020140
	TP-020039	135		Update of RRM Cell reselection delay tests in idle mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020141 T1-020142
TP-15	TP-020039	137		Implementation of test tolerances to test cases in subclause 7	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020143
	TP-020039	120			F	270	380	T1 020144
	1 8-020039	138	1	RRM AnnexF	Г	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020144
	TP-020039	139	1	Connection Diagrams for RRM tests cell re-selection	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020145

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TP-15	TP-020039	141		RRM Hard handover test cases	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020147
	TP-020039	142		System Simulator and Test System definition	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020148
	TP-020039	143		WCDMA 1800 and 1900 additions	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020170
TP-15	TP-020039	144		Correction of power spectral density	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020171
TP-16	TP-020139	145	f	Spectrum emission mask test case: Change to requencies to be tested	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020220
	TP-020139	146		Power control in downlink, initial convergence	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020221
TP-16	TP-020139	147		Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020222
TP-16	TP-020139	148		Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020223
TP-16	TP-020139	149		Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours n AWGN propagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020224
TP-16	TP-020139	150		Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020226
TP-16	TP-020139	151		Removal of "AFC On" reference from clause 5.3 Frequency Error test	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020227
TP-16	TP-020139	152		Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020235
TP-16	TP-020139	153		conditions - inter frequency case Deletion of test case description 'Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation conditions - Inter	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020236
TP-16	TP-020139	154		requency case Correction of UE Tx Timing adjustment rate	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020237
TP-16 TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	154		Correction of Units of side conditions and test	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020237
				parameters				
TP-16	TP-020139	156		Structure of subclause 8	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020239
TP-16	TP-020139	157		nter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020240
TP-16	TP-020139	158		UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection: Change of minimum requirements	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020241
TP-16	TP-020139	159		Cell reselection in idle mode: CR for testcase	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020242
TP-16	TP-020139	160		Cell reselection in idle mode: CR for annex F.4	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020243
TP-16	TP-020139	161		UTRAN to GSM cell reselection: CR for testcase	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020244
TP-16	TP-020139	162		UTRAN to GSM cell reselection: CR for annex F.4	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020245
TP-16	TP-020139	163		Test parameters of FDD/FDD Hard Handover test case	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020246
	TP-020139	164	8	Addition of details for RRM test cases in 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 (Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH)	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020247
TP-16	TP-020139	165		Addition of details for RRM test cases in 8.4.1 (RRC Re-establishment delay)	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020248
TP-16	TP-020139	166	1	Addition of details for RRM test case 8.3.1	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020249
TP-16	TP-020139	167		Addition of details for RRM test case 8.3.5.1	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020250
TP-16	TP-020139	168		Addition of details for RRM test case 8.3.5.2	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020251
TP-16	TP-020139	169		UE RX TX time difference: CR for testcase	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020252
TP-16 TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	170 171		JE RX TX time difference: CR for annex Correction for SSDT test parameters and UL DPCCH	F F	3.8.0 3.8.0	3.9.0 3.9.0	T1-020253 T1-020265
TD 40	TD 000400	470		slot format for performance	_	0.0.0		T 4 000000
TP-16	TP-020139	172		Correction of UE FDD EVM definition	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020266
TP-16 TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	173 174		Clarification of Meaning of FDR Modification to the test case for RX spurious emissions	F	3.8.0 3.8.0	3.9.0 3.9.0	T1-020267 T1-020268
			i	n TS34.121 Editorial correction to Open Loop Power Control and	' F			T1-020200
TP-16	TP-020139	175	-	Transmit ON/OFF Time mask in TS34.121		3.8.0	3.9.0	
TP-16	TP-020139	176		Corrections to ACLR in TS34.121	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020423 T1-020453
TP-17	TP-020185	177		Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	
TP-17	TP-020185	178		Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020454
TP-17	TP-020185	179		Addition of test case Transport format combination	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020455
TP-17 TP-17	TP-020185	180		Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test cases	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020456
	TP-020185	181		Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020457
TP-17	TP-020185	182		Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020458
TP-17	TP-020185	183		Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020459
TP-17	TP-020185	184		Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020460
TP-17	TP-020185	185	- (Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020461
TP-17	TP-020185	187	- (Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020463
TP-17	TP-020185	188		Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020464
	TP-020185	189		Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020465
TP-17	16-020100							
TP-17 TP-17	TP-020185	190		Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020466

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TP-17	TP-020185	192	1-	С	orrection to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020468
TP-17	TP-020185	193	-		Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020469
TP-17	TP-020185	194	-		Correction of test case 'Rx-Tx time difference type 1'.	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020470
TP-17	TP-020185	195	-		DD/TDD Handover Test Case	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020471
TP-17	TP-020185	196	-		est Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in URA_PCH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020474
TP-17		190	-		correction to clause 8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in	F	3.9.0		
	TP-020185			-				3.10.0	T1-020475
TP-17	TP-020185	198	-		egmented Measurement to be allowed for Inner Loop		3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020476
TP-17	TP-020185	199	-		correction to clause 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020477
TP-17	TP-020185	200	-		correction to clause 8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020478
TP-17	TP-020185	201	-		correction to clause 8.7.4 and 8.7.5 SFN-CFN/SFN	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020479
TP-17	TP-020185	202	-		ddition of a set of Compressed mode reference	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020480
TP-17	TP-020185	203	-	C	correction of Compressed Mode Performance	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020481
TP-17	TP-020185	204	-	Т	x Power level control during Rx testing	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020482
TP-17	TP-020185	205	-	D	eletion of some suclauses from F.6.1 Statistical	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020483
TP-17	TP-020185	206	-	С	correction to clause 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020484
TP-17	TP-020185	207	-	Т	est Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in CELL-	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020485
TP-17	TP-020185	208	-	С	alculation of Test Requirements for Cell Re-Selection	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020486
TP-17	TP-020185	209	-	_	larification of the definition of 90 % success rate	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020491
TP-17	TP-020185	210	-		pdate of test requirement derivation of Downlink	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020492
TP-17	TP-020192	211	-	_	correction of regional note in Annex J.1	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	-
TP-18	TP-020294	212	-	С	correction of table titles of Demodulation of DCH in	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020631
TP-18	TD 020204	213			losed loop transmit diversity mode test case	F	2 10 0	2 1 1 0	T1-020632
TP-18	TP-020294 TP-020294	213	-		laintenance of FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection test case laintenance of UE Transmit Timing test case	F	3.10.0 3.10.0	3.11.0 3.11.0	T1-020632
TP-18	TP-020294	215	-		correction of ACLR absolute power limit	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020634
TP-18	TP-020294	216	-	С	ELL PCH	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020636
TP-18	TP-020294	217	-	N	laintenance of 8.4.2.4 Correct behavior when aaching maximum transit power	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020637
TP-18	TP-020294	218	-	_	correction of table numbers	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020639
TP-18	TP-020294	219	-		correction of message parameter	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020640
TP-18	TP-020294	220	-	C	correction of test parameter in 8.4.2.3 Correct ehavior when Time-out	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020641
TP-18	TP-020294	221	-	N	lodification of the Random Access Test 8.4.2.1, correct behaviour when receiving an ACK.	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020651
TP-18	TP-020294	222	-	N	lodifications to the test case for Inner Loop Power control in the Uplink in TS34.121	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020642
TP-18	TP-020294	223	-	С	orrection of SCH side conditions and other orrections	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020750
TP-18	TP-020294	224	-	С	orrections of test for power setting in uplink ompressed mode	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020751
TP-18	TP-020294	225	-	Т	ext for annex F.6.2 Statistical testing of RRM delay erformance	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020752
TP-18	TP-020294	226	-	Ň	laintenance of annex F.6.1 Statistical testing of BER LER performance	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020753
TP-18	TP-020294	227	-	D	ual limit BLER tests	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020754
TP-18	TP-020294	228	-		correction of test method: Out-of-synchronisation	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020755
TD 40	TD 000004	000			andling of output power	_	0.40.0	0.44.0	T4 000750
TP-18	TP-020294 TP-020294	229	-		correction of table and subclause references evision of table titles in Sec 8. to provide unique and	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020756 T1-020757
TP-18	1P-020294	230	-		nambiguous descriptions	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	11-020757
TP-18	TP-020294	231	-		orrection to clause 8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020758
TP-18	TP-020294	232	-		correction to PHYSICAL CHANNEL ECONFIGURATION message that activates	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020759
TP-18	TP-020294	233	-	Ir	ompressed mode troduction of test tolerances in Cell Reselection multi	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020769
		22.4		_	arrier test cases	_	2 40 0	2.14.0	T1 000000
TP-18	TP-020294	234	-		COPCH RSCR test ease for EDD to TDD handover	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020889
TP-19	TP-030045	235	-		-CCPCH RSCP test case for FDD to TDD handover	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030171
TP-19	TP-030045	236	-	_	correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in		3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030172
TP-19	TP-030045	237	-	_	correction for minimum requirement of UE transmitted	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030173
TP-19	TP-030045	238	-		emoval of 34.123-1 Annex A reference	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030174
TP-19	TP-030045	239	-	_	correction of UE parameter for Correct behaviour at	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030175
TP-19	TP-030045	240	-	C	correction of Out-of-synchronisation handling of output	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030178

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TP-19	TP-030045	241	-	Removal of uplink dummy DCCH transmission	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030179
TP-19	TP-030045	242	-	Correction for Combining of TPC commands from	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030186
TP-20	TP-030099	243	-	Modifications to the test cases for Transmit diversity modes in TS34.121	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030323
TP-20	TP-030099	244	-	Correction for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH state test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030324
TP-20	TP-030099	245	-	Correction for Random Access test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030325
TP-20	TP-030099	246	-	Correction for downlink compressed mode test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030326
TP-20	TP-030099	247	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to Activation Time in Hard Handover RRM Test Cases	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030343
TP-20	TP-030099	249	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Corretion to Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030348
TP-20	-	-	-	Upgrade to Rel-4	-	3.13.0	4.0.0	-
TP-20	TP-030099	250	-	Addition of clarification for modulation accuracy requirement	F	4.0.0	5.0.0	T1-030732
TP-21	TP-030189	251	-	Creation of a merged release for 34.121 which incorporates R99 and Rel-4	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030796
TP-21	TP-030189	253	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030814
TP-21	TP-030189	254	-	CR to 34.121 REL-4; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030815
TP-21	TP-030189	255	-	CR to 34.121 REL-5; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030816
TP-21	TP-030189	256	-	Correction of SSDT performance test case (R99)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030817
TP-21	TP-030189	257	-	Correction of SSDT performance test case (Rel-4)	А	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030818
TP-21	TP-030189	258	-	Correction of SSDT performance test case (Rel-5)	А	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030819
TP-21	TP-030189	261	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030841
TP-21	TP-030189	262	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030842
TP-21	TP-030189	263	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030843
TP-21	TP-030189	264	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030859
TP-21	TP-030189	265	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030860
TP-21	TP-030189	266	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	А	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030861
TP-21	TP-030189	267	-	Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (R99)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030862
TP-21	TP-030189	268	-	Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (Rel-4)	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030863
TP-21	TP-030189	269	-	Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (Rel-5)	А	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030864
TP-21	TP-030189	270	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030865
TP-21	TP-030189	271	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	А	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030866
TP-21	TP-030189	272	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030867
TP-21	TP-030189	277	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031108
TP-21	TP-030189	278	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	4	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031109
TP-21	TP-030189	279	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031110
TP-21	TP-030189	280	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Intra	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031182
TP-21	TP-030189	281	-	Frequency Measurement Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Intra	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031183
TP-21	TP-030189	282	-	Frequency Measurement CR Rel 5 Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031184
TP-21	TP-030189	283	-	Intra Frequency Measurement Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/Io Inter	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031188
TP-21	TP-030189	284	-	Frequency Measurement Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031189
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TP-21	TP-030189	285	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031190
TP-21	TP-030189	286	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access tests	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031191
TP-21	TP-030189	287	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access Test	А	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031192
TP-21	TP-030189	288	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access Test	А	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031193
TP-21	TP-030189	289	-	Completion of Annex F	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031229
TP-21	TP-030189	290	-	Completion of Annex F	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031230
TP-21	TP-030189	291	-	Completion of Annex F	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031231
TP-21	TP-030189	252	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Corretion to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM		3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030800
TP-21	TP-030189	273	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-99; Correction to CRC bit for reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030870
TP-21	TP-030189	274	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030873
TP-21	TP-030189	259	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030832
TP-21	TP-030189	260	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030833
TP-21	TP-030189	275	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Corretion to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031103
TP-21	TP-030189	276	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Corretion to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031104
TP-21	TP-030189	292	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to CRC bit for reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030871
TP-21	TP-030189	293	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to CRC bit for reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030872
TP-21	TP-030189	296	-	Introduction of the phase discontinuity test (Specific to Rel-5)	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031277
	TD 000000	00		Complete CR266 implementation	-	5.1.0	5.1.1	T4 004050
TP-22	TP-030280	98		CR to 34.121: Correction to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031356
TP-22	TP-030280	99		CR to 34.121: Correction to Power control in DL, initial convergence test case	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031357
TP-22	TP-030280	19		Correction to RRM test case 8.3.2.1	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031445
TP-22	TP-030280	14		Correction of clause 4.2 Frequency bands	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031551
TP-22	TP-030280	15		Clause 4.4 Channel arrangement for DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031552
TP-22	TP-030280	16		DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031553
TP-22	TP-030280	17		Correction and maintenance of Annex H and DS- CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band	В	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031556
TP-22	TP-030280	00		Introduction of reference to RRM test tolerances TR	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031561
TP-22	TP-030280	01		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection tests 8.2.2.1 & 8.2.2.2	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031562
TP-22	TP-030280	02		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH tests 8.3.6.1 & 8.3.6.2	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031563
TP-22	TP-030280	29		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH tests 8.3.7.1 & 8.3.7.2	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031564
TP-22	TP-030280	03		Clarification of Downlink Physical Channel in table E.3.1	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031565
TP-22	TP-030280	09		FDD inter-frequency cell identification and measurement reporting test case	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031566
TP-22	TP-030280	10		Changes to section 8.4.3, TFC selection requirements for codec mode switch	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031567
TP-22	TP-030280	27		Test requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031568
TP-22	TP-030280	28		Test requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031569
TP-22	TP-030280	24		Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Intra Frequency Measurement	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031570
TP-22	TP-030280	25		Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031571
TP-22	TP-030280	18		Correction of clause 8.7.3C UE transmitted power	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031604
TP-22	TP-030280	04		CR to 34.121: Correction to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test case	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031605
TP-22	TP-030280	08		Correction to RRM test case 8.3.5.3	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031606
TP-22	TP-030280	21		12.2 kbit/s RMC is insufficient for BLER testing	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031611

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TP-22	TP-030280	20		Update of initial conditions for RF test cases	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031612
TP-22	TP-030280	07		Addition of two new test cases; 7.11 (Demodulation of paging channel (PCH)) and 7.12 (Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)).	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031613
TP-22	TP-030280	11		Performance requirement for HSDPA skeleton section added	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031624
TP-22	TP-030280	12		New test requirements for Demodulation of HS-DSCH (fixed reference channel) single link performance	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031625
TP-22	TP-030280	13		New test requirements for reporting of HS-DSCH Channel Quality Indicator (CQI) AWGN propagation conditions	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031626
TP-22	TP-030280	06		Correction to F.1.5 Requirements for support of RRM	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031627
TP-22	TP-030280	31		Correction to W-CDMA modulated interferer definition	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031652
TP-22	TP-030280	30		Correction on Random Access test cases	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031692
TP-22	TP-030280	32		Addition to Scope clause to clarify applicability of tests to Releases	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031694
TP-23	TP-040038	332	-	Introduction of Test Tolerance to Maximum Input Level test 6.3	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040099
TP-23	TP-040038	333	-	CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for reported values.	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040165
TP-23	TP-040038	334	-	Correction to the meassurement control message in 8.7.2.	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040288
TP-23	TP-040038	335	-	Correction of the TGD value for single gap transmission gap pattern	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040289
TP-23	TP-040038	336	-	Correction to the Measurement Control message in 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040292
TP-23	TP-040038	337	-	Introduction of correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040341
TP-23	TP-040038	338	-	Correction to 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040345
TP-23	TP-040038	339	-	Correction to RRC connection control test 1 and 2	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040354
TP-23	TP-040038	340	-	Correction of measurement control message in inter frequency measurement test cases.	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040100
TP-23	TP-040038	341	-	Correction to W-CDMA modulated interferer definition	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040190
TP-23	TP-040038	342	-	Removal of square brackets in Annex F.6	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040248
TP-23	TP-040038	343	-	Excess test uncertainties	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040279
TP-23	TP-040038	344	-	Define TBD message parameters for FDD/FDD Hard Handover test cases	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040281
TP-23	TP-040038	345	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to FDD/FDD Hard Handover to intra-frequency cell, test 8.3.2.1	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040282
TP-23	TP-040038	346	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell, test 8.3.2.2	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040284
TP-23	TP-040038	347	-	Introduction of PRACH preamble tests	В	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040330
TP-23	TP-040038	348	-	Correction of requirements of HSDPA CQI reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040333
TP-23	TP-040038	349	-	Annex A for HSDPA	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040337
TP-23	TP-040038	350	-	Annex F.1 for HSDPA	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040338
TP-23	TP-040038	351	-	Correction of DL channelisation code value in DL radio resources	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040339
TP-23	TP-040038	352	-	Correction to F.4.1	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040393
TP-23	TP-040038	353	-	Links to Annex F.6.2 in RRM test cases	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040139
TP-23	TP-040038	354	-	Clarify measurement control for FDD/FDD Inter- frequency Hard Handover test case	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040252
TP-23	-	-	-	Correction on implementation of CR 333 on CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for reported values.on Table 8.7.2.2.2.3	F	5.3.0	5.3.1	-
TP-24	TP-040113	355	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions, test 8.6.1.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040524</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	356	-	Corrections to CPICH RSCP test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040533</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	357	-	Corrections to CPICH Ec/lo test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040534</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	358	-	Correction to 8.4.1.1 RRC cnnection control test 1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040864</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	359	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL and MEASUREMENT REPORT messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040541</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	360	-	Addition of unit for OCNS_Ec/lor in RRM tests	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040542</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	361	-	Correction to default messages in Annex I of 34.121	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040591</u>
TP-24 TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	362 363	-	Update of F1.5 Correction of Spurious Emissions for UMTS800(band	F F	5.3.1 5.3.1	5.4.0 5.4.0	<u>T1-040695</u> <u>T1-040700</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	364	-	VI) Removal of [] for UE transmit power test case 8.7.3C	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040720</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	365	-	Correction to 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040728</u>

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-						- Current		
TP-24	TP-040113	366	-	Inter system handover	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040805</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	367	-	Correction to BTFD test case 7.10	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040815</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	368	-	Addition of details for RRM test case for GSM carrier RSSI	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040816</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	369	-	Correction of FDD intra frequency measurements , wrong IEs	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040817</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	370	-	Correction of FDD inter frequency measurements, wrong IEs	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040818</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	371	-	Correction to Transmit Off Power	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040824</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	372	-	Corrections to UTRA Carrier RSSI test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040825</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	373	-	Corrections to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040826</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	374	-	Correction to the pathloss indicator in measurement control messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040827</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	375	-	Corrections to SFN-CFN observed time difference test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040831</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	376	-	Corrections to SFN-SFN type 1 measurement test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040832</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	377	-	Correction to URA identity for reselection in Cell URA_PCH	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040834</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	378	-	Proposed addition of downlink code allocation table to 34.121 Annex	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040838</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	379	-	Correction of channel number for UMTS800(band VI)	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040839</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	380	-	Correction to the pathloss indicator in measurement control messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040840</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	381	-	HSDPA test 9.3.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040842
TP-24	TP-040113	382	-	HSDPA test 9.3.2	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040843
TP-24	TP-040113	383	-	New test case for 9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040844</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	385	-	Statistical approach for HSDPA tests	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040854
TP-24	TP-040113	386	-	Correction to GSM neighbour reporting in 8.6.4.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040856
TP-24	TP-040113	387	-	Correction to measurement report in 8.3.2	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040857
TP-24	TP-040113	388	-	Corrections to UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040859</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	389	-	Addition of MEASUREMENT CONTROL message and ACTIVESET UPDATE meesage in 8.5.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040863</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	391	-	HSDPA test: 9.2.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040871</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	392	-	New test case for 9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040872</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	393	-	New TPC combining in SHO	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040873
TP-24	TP-040113	394	-	New test case for 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040874</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	395	-	Addition of CELL_UPDATE CONFIRM Message and URA_UPDATE CONFIRM Message.	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040866</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	396	-	Correction to 7.11 (Demodulation of paging channel (PCH))	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040855</u>
TP-25	TP-040158	395	-	Addition of a new case to Adjacent Channel Selectivity test	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041017
TP-25	TP-040158	396	-	Removal of [] for test case 8.3.5.3 'Cell Reselection to GSM'	D	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041034
TP-25	TP-040158	397	-	Addition of the integrity protection in messages	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041058
TP-25	TP-040158	398	-	Correction to Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH test cases	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041076
TP-25	TP-040158	399	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 8.4.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041093
TP-25	TP-040158	400	-	Revision of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions, test 8.6.1.1	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041098
TP-25	TP-040158	401	-	Correction of RRM test case 8.7.3A (GSM carrier RSSI)	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041176
TP-25	TP-040158	402	-	Completion of Annex F.6.3 Statistical Testing of HSDPA Receiver Performance	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041201
TP-25	TP-040158	403	-	Correction to the Measurement Control message in 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041203
TP-25	TP-040158	404	-	Correction to the pathloss indicator in measurement control messages	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041204
TP-25	TP-040158	405	-	Correction to test uncertainty definition of Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041307
TP-25	TP-040158	406	-	Addition of the integrity protection in 5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041308
TP-25	TP-040158	407	-	Corrections to Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover	В	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041311
TP-25	TP-040158	408	-	Correction to 7.7.3: Combining of reliable TPC	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041314
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				commands from radio links of different radio link sets		ourroint		
TP-25	TP-040158	409		Addition of TPC error rate accuracy to TC 7.7.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041316
TP-25		410	-	Test system uncertainties update for test case 8.3.5.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041319
TP-25		411	-	Corrections to UTRA Carrier RSSI test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041325
TP-25		412		Resolution of downlink code conflict between OCNS DPCH and S-CCPCH	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041326
TP-25		413	-	Addition of the information element for monitor cells in Annex I	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041328
TP-25	TP-040158	414	-	Correction to 5.5.2: Transmit ON/OFF Time mask test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041333
TP-25		415		Cell configuration mapping	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041341
TP-25	TP-040158	416	-	Test tolerances in 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041344
TP-25 TP-25		417 418	-	Completion of Transmitter Intermodulation test 5.12 Correction of reference to generic setup procedure in TS 34.108 for Cell_FACH	F F	5.4.0 5.4.0	5.5.0 5.5.0	T1-041345 T1-041348
TP-25	TP-040158	419		Correction to TC 7.8.3, Power control in the downlink, wind up effects	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041349
TP-25	TP-040158	420	-	Revision of Receiver Spurious Emissions Test 6.8	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041353
TP-25	TP-040158	421	-	Correction to BTFD test case 7.10 and DL dummy DCCH	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041358
TP-25	TP-040158	422	-	Correction to measurement control message in 8.6.1.2		5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041360
TP-25	TP-040158	423	-	Correction to test case 8.2.3 'UTRAN to GSM Cell Re- Selection'	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041362
TP-25		425		Corrections to Annex F.2.4 and F.4.4	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041322
TP-25	TP-040158	426		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, test 8.6.1.2	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041329
TP-25	TP-040158	427		Correction to 8.6.1.1	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041361
TP-25	TP-040158	429		Proposed addition of HSDPA downlink code allocation to 34.121 Annex	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041372
TP-25	TP-040158	430	-	Maximum Input Level for HSDPA	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041375
TP-25	TP-040158	431		Correction to test procedure for test cases using Cell_PCH or URA_PCH state	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041347r2
TP-25	TP-040158	432		Clarification of OCNS power control	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041318r4
TP-26		433		Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 5	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041524
TP-26	TP-040234	434	-	Correction of the FDD/FDD Soft Handover test parameters	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041567
TP-26	TP-040234	435		Corrections to TC 8.7.3C UE transmitted power	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041577
TP-26		436		Addition of test tolerances to TC 8.3.4	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041579
TP-26	TP-040234	437		New clause for reference conditions	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041648
TP-26 TP-26		438 439	-	Alignment of HSDPA OCNS with TS 25.101 Correction to Handover to GSM TC 8.3.4	F	5.5.0 5.5.0	5.6.0 5.6.0	T1-041650 T1-041653
TP-26		439	-	Correction to test procedure in 7.12	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041653
TP-26		441	-	Correction to 8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041662
TP-26	TP-040234	442	-	Corrections to RRM test cases 8.6.1.2 Event riggered reporting	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041667
TP-26	TP-040234	443	-	Update of references to GSM core specifications	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041684
TP-26	TP-040234	444	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.4 (HS-SCCH detection)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041749
TP-26	TP-040234	445		Clarification of HS-PDSCH and HS-SCCH signal structure	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041790
TP-26		446		CR to 34.121 Rel 5: Editorial corrections to test 8.7.3	D	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041810
TP-26 TP-26	TP-040234 TP-040234	447 448		Corrections to BTFD test case Corrections to RRM test cases 8.3.2.1 and 8.3.2.2 Correction to the test procedure of FDD/FDD Hard	F F	5.5.0 5.5.0	5.6.0 5.6.0	T1-041813 T1-041818
				Handover test cases				
TP-26		449		Corrections to TC 8.6.4.1	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041822
TP-26	TP-040234	450	-	Correction to pathloss indicator	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041824
TP-26		451		Corrections to RRM test case 8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041830
TP-26	TP-040234	452	-	Corrections and additions to Release 5 RRM test case 8.6.2.2		5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041831
TP-26		453		Measurement Channel for BLER measurement in 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041832
TP-26		454		Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement test case	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041834
TP-26	TP-040234	455		Corrections to HSDPA test 6.3A (max input power)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041838
TP-26	TP-040234	456	-	CM configuration in FDD inter frequency measurements in TC 8.6.2.1	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041841
TP-26	TP-040234	457	-	Addition of the scheduling information for Cell Re- Selection test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041843

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TP-26TP-040234459-Correction to 8.7.1.1 CPICH RSCP Intra frequency measurements accuracyFTP-26TP-040234460-Corrections to HSDPA test 9.3 (CQI reporting)FTP-26TP-040234461-Correction to measurement configurations in section 7FTP-26TP-040234462-Change of notes position in TS34.121 Annex E.3FTP-26TP-040234463-BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data ratesFTP-26TP-040234464-Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCHFTP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF		5.6.0	
TP-26TP-040234460-Corrections to HSDPA test 9.3 (CQI reporting)FTP-26TP-040234461-Correction to measurement configurations in section 7FTP-26TP-040234462-Change of notes position in TS34.121 Annex E.3FTP-26TP-040234463-BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data ratesFTP-26TP-040234464-Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCHFTP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF	5.5.0		T1-041844
TP-26TP-040234461-Correction to measurement configurations in section 7FTP-26TP-040234462-Change of notes position in TS34.121 Annex E.3FTP-26TP-040234463-BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data ratesFTP-26TP-040234464-Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCHFTP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF		5.6.0	T1-041845
TP-26TP-040234462-Change of notes position in TS34.121 Annex E.3FTP-26TP-040234463-BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data ratesFTP-26TP-040234464-Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCHFTP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041852
TP-26TP-040234463-BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data ratesFTP-26TP-040234464-Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCHFTP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041858
TP-26TP-040234464-Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCHFTP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041859
TP-26TP-040234465-Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)FTP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041860
Image: Contract reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)TP-26TP-040234466-Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test caseFTP-26TP-040234467-Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test casesFTP-26TP-040234468-S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection inF	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041861
TP-26 TP-040234 467 - Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test cases F TP-26 TP-040234 468 - S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041865
TP-26 TP-040234 468 - S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041866
	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041867
CELL_FACH.	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041868
TP-26 TP-040234 469 - Corrections to TC 8.2.3.1 and 8.2.3.2 F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041869
TP-26 TP-040234 470 - Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL Message for 8.6.2.1: Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition and 8.3.2.2: FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell test cases F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041870
	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041872
TP-26 TP-040234 472 - Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 6 F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041873
TP-26 TP-040234 473 - Correction of time to receive system information in RRM test cases F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041877
TP-26 TP-040234 474 - CR to 34.121: Changing the BLER target for the DCCH in test 7.8	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041878
TP-26 TP-040234 475 - Corrections to Information elements for Monitored Cells in Annex I. F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041881
	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041882
TP-26 TP-040234 477 - Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later), test 8.6.1.2A F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041507
TP-26 TP-040234 478 - Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 4. F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041523

Prez TP-20003 AP3 Change of test method and test time optimization in the station of the state state of the state of the state	T Meeting	Doc-1 st -Leve	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version -	Version -New	Doc-2 nd -Level
TP-201 TP-05003 480 Corrections to RRM test case 8.4.3.1 Transport formal F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050122 TP-27 TP-050033 481 Itor value correction for RRM test case, 8.6.2.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050124 TP-27 TP-050033 482 Removal of editorial notes from TC 8.7.3C F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050125 TP-27 TP-050033 483 Correction to RRM test case, 8.6.2.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-050033 485 Correction to CPCH-1 Ec/to in 8.6.1.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-050033 487 Correction to CPCH-1 Ec/to in 8.6.1.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050234 TP-27 TP-050033 487 Addition of dead SPN indicator in Measurement 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050234 TP-27 TP-050033 481 Addition of dead triange as for MSPA testing 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050314 TP-27 TP-050033 490 Measurement configuratino setup for trianos for f									
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TP-27 TP-050033 482 Removal of editorial notes from TC 8.7.3C F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-05016 TP-27 TP-050033 483 Invaich ACA beader for downink dummy DCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050216 TP-27 TP-050033 484 Correction to RC CONNECTION SETUP and RB F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-050033 485 Correction to CPCH Ecl or In Bead SP1 indicator in Measurement F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050221 TP-27 TP-050033 486 Addition of Za12 to reference list D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050234 TP-27 TP-050033 489 Addition of La212 to reference list D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050236 TP-27 TP-050033 491 Addition of La212 to reference value information F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050318 TP-27 TP-050033 492 COnsiston of teact points in 6.5 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050313 Acquiston of indigere anglobusition F 5.6.0 6.0.0	TP-27	TP-050033	480			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050122
TP-27 TP-050033 483 Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050215 TP-27 TP-050033 484 Correction to RRC CONSECTION SETUP and RB F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-050033 485 Correction to CPICH_Eol in 8.6.1.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050219 TP-27 TP-050033 486 Correction to Read SFN indicator in Measurement D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050231 TP-27 TP-050033 489 Addition of Indig case 8 (art M2PA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050236 TP-27 TP-050033 491 Addition of Indig case 8 (art M2PA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050303 TP-27 TP-050033 492 Ornisotion of test points in 6.5. Blocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050303 TP-27 TP-050033 493 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.1.4 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050311 TP-27 TP-050033 493 CA to 10.1.1.0.0	TP-27	TP-050033	481		lor value correction for RRM test case, 8.6.2.1	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050124
TP-27 TP-050033 483 Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050215 TP-27 TP-050033 484 Correction to RRC CONSECTION SETUP and RB F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-050033 485 Correction to CPICH_Eol in 8.6.1.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050219 TP-27 TP-050033 486 Correction to Read SFN indicator in Measurement D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050231 TP-27 TP-050033 489 Addition of Indig case 8 (art M2PA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050236 TP-27 TP-050033 491 Addition of Indig case 8 (art M2PA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050303 TP-27 TP-050033 492 Ornisotion of test points in 6.5. Blocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050303 TP-27 TP-050033 493 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.1.4 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050311 TP-27 TP-050033 493 CA to 10.1.1.0.0	TP-27	TP-050033	482			F		6.0.0	T1-050186
TP-27 TP-050033 444 Connection to RRC CONNECTION SETUP and RB F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-050033 465 Correction to CPICH, Ecrle in 8.6.1.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050217 TP-27 TP-060033 486 Correction to Read SFN indictor in Measurement F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050231 TP-27 TP-060033 487 Addition of ZS 212 to reference list D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050235 TP-27 TP-050033 490 Measurement configuration satup information F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050311 TP-27 TP-050033 493 CR to 34.121: Changes to 7.12: Detection of F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050313 TP-27 TP-050033 494 CR to 34.12: Changes to 8.6.2 Exent triggered F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050315 TP-27 TP-050033 494 CR to 34.12: Changes to 34.02 Exent triggered F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050315 TP-27 TP-050033 495 Deletion of Tare	TP-27				Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH				
TP-27 TP-650033 485 Correction to CPICH Levion 8.6.1.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-65021 TP-27 TP-660033 486 Correction to Read SFN indicator in Measurement F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-650231 TP-27 TP-660033 487 Addition of 25.212 to reference list D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-650235 TP-27 TP-660033 490 Measurement configuration setup information F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-650236 TP-27 TP-660033 492 Omission of test points in 6.5. Blocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-650399 TP-27 TP-660033 493 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.1.2 Event triggered for the continn indicator F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050313 TP-27 TP-660033 493 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.1.2 Event triggered for the continn about f 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050313 TP-27 TP-660033 494 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.1.2 Event triggered for the continn About f 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050315 TP-27 TP-660033 </td <td>TP-27</td> <td>TP-050033</td> <td>484</td> <td></td> <td>Correction to RRC CONNECTION SETUP and RB</td> <td>F</td> <td>5.6.0</td> <td>6.0.0</td> <td>T1-050217</td>	TP-27	TP-050033	484		Correction to RRC CONNECTION SETUP and RB	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050217
TP-27 TP-050033 486 Correction to Read SPN indicator in Measurement F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050221 TP-27 TP-050033 487 Table E.3.4 Correction D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050224 TP-27 TP-050033 488 Addition of fading case 8 for HSDPA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050234 TP-27 TP-050033 491 Addition of uncertainties and test tolerances to TC F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050398 TP-27 TP-050033 492 Omission of test points in 6.5. Biocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050398 TP-27 TP-050033 494 CR to 34.12 Changes to 8.6.1 2 Event tipgered repoints of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99) F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050315 TP-27 TP-050033 495 Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050319 TP-27 TP-050033 496 Clarification of RM TO 8.2.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 496	TP-27	TP-050033	485			F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050219
TP-27 TP-650033 487 Table E.3.4 Correction D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950233 TP-27 TP-650033 489 Addition of fading case 8 for HSDPA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950235 TP-27 TP-650033 491 Addition of uncertainties and test tolerances to TC F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950309 TP-27 TP-650033 492 Omission of test points in 6.5. Blocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950311 TP-27 TP-650033 492 Ornission of test points in 6.5. Blocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950313 TP-27 TP-650033 494 CR to 34 121: Changes to 8.6.12 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99) F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950313 TP-27 TP-650033 496 Clarification of RefT Case 8.3.4 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950321 TP-27 TP-650033 496 Clarification of RMT T8.2.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-950323 TP-27	TP-27		486		Correction to 'Read SFN indicator' in Measurement				
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TP-27 TP-050033 469 Addition of fading case 8 for HSDPA testing D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050235 TP-27 TP-050033 491 Addition of uncertainties and test tolerances to TC F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050309 TP-27 TP-050033 492 Omission of test points in 6.5 Blocking Characteristics F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050313 TP-27 TP-050033 493 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neightows in AWGN propagation condition (R89) F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050315 TP-27 TP-050033 494 CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050316 TP-27 TP-050033 496 Clarification of RM TG 28.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050319 TP-27 TP-050033 497 Clarification of RM TG 28.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050321 TP-27 TP-050033 490 Correction to RASUTEKMENT REPORT message in F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050326									
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Instruction Importing of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99) Important Propagation Important Propagation TP-27 TP-050033 495 Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050316 TP-27 TP-050033 496 Clarification of RRN TC 8.2.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050321 TP-27 TP-050033 498 Correction to Reporting cell status' in Measurement F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050322 TP-27 TP-050033 499 Correction to Reporting cell status' in Measurement F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050322 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in Annex 1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 503 CCr to 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050347 Thre27 TP-050033 506 Correcti	TP-27	TP-050033	493		Acquisition Indicator		5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050313
TP-27 TP-050033 495 Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause 8.7.3C UE transmitted power F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050319 TP-27 TP-050033 496 Clarification of reference value for T Reconfirm Abort Parameter in Inter-Rat Test Case 8.3.4 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050319 TP-27 TP-050033 497 Clarification of RMT C 8.2.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050321 TP-27 TP-050033 498 Correction to Reporting cell status' in Measurement Control Messages F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in Annex I F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 504 Correction to S26 Band F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050347 TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to Test Case 7.9 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050351	TP-27	TP-050033	494		reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050315
TP-27 TP-05003 496 Clarification of reference value for T Reconfirm Abort F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050319 TP-27 TP-050033 497 Clarification of RRM TC 8.2.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050321 TP-27 TP-050033 498 Correction to Reporting cell status" in Measurement Control Messages F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to BASUREMENT REPORT message F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 503 CR to 34.121 Changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050347 TP-27 TP-050033 504 Correction to 2AS 2B Band F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050351 TP-27 TP-050033 504 Correction to 2AS 2B Band F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050351 TP-27 <td>TP-27</td> <td>TP-050033</td> <td>495</td> <td></td> <td>Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause</td> <td>F</td> <td>5.6.0</td> <td>6.0.0</td> <td>T1-050316</td>	TP-27	TP-050033	495		Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050316
TP-27 TP-050033 498 Correction to "Reporting cell status" in Measurement Control Messages F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050322 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to B.3.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in Annex I F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050326 TP-27 TP-050033 501 Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 503 CR reto 34.121 Changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050351 TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to CNS value in 8.7.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050352 TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27	TP-27	TP-050033	496		Clarification of reference value for T Reconfirm Abort		5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050319
TP-27 TP-050033 498 Correction to "Reporting cell status" in Measurement Control Messages F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050322 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to B.3.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in Annex I F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050326 TP-27 TP-050033 501 Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 503 CR reto 34.121 Changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050351 TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to CNS value in 8.7.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050352 TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27	TP-27	TP-050033	497		Clarification of RRM TC 8.2.3	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050321
TP-27 TP-050033 499 Correction to 8.3.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050324 TP-27 TP-050033 500 Annex1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050326 TP-27 TP-050033 501 Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050338 TP-27 TP-050033 503 CR to 34.121 changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050322 TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction of 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050352 TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to SCNS value in 8.7.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050352 TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition to SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 510 Correction to 1824	TP-27				Correction to "Reporting cell status" in Measurement				
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TP-27 TP-050033 501 Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050329 TP-27 TP-050033 502 Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050338 TP-27 TP-050033 503 CR to 34.121: Changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050347 TP-27 TP-050033 504 Correction of 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050352 TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to CNS value in 8.7.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 510 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050368 Single link performance Annext 1 to harmonise System Information F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050366 TP-27	TP-27				Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in			1	
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TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to OCNS value in 8.7.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050356 TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance And Test 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 509 Changes to Annex I to harmonise System Information scheduling for RRM test cases. F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050366 TP-27 TP-050033 510 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050366 TP-27 TP-050033 511 Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2 D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050370 TP-27 TP-050033 513 Corrections to reporting of CQI F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050373 TP-27 TP-050033 516 Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050374 TP-27 TP-050033 515 Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050375 <td>TP-27</td> <td>TP-050033</td> <td>504</td> <td></td> <td>Correction of 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams</td> <td>F</td> <td>5.6.0</td> <td>6.0.0</td> <td>T1-050351</td>	TP-27	TP-050033	504		Correction of 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050351
TP-27 TP-050033 506 Correction to OCNS value in 8.7.2.2 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050356 TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance And Test 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 509 Changes to Annex I to harmonise System Information scheduling for RRM test cases. F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050366 TP-27 TP-050033 510 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050366 TP-27 TP-050033 511 Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2 D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050370 TP-27 TP-050033 513 Corrections to reporting of CQI F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050373 TP-27 TP-050033 516 Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050374 TP-27 TP-050033 515 Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050375 <td>TP-27</td> <td>TP-050033</td> <td>505</td> <td></td> <td>Clarification for Test Case 7.9</td> <td>F</td> <td>5.6.0</td> <td>6.0.0</td> <td>T1-050352</td>	TP-27	TP-050033	505		Clarification for Test Case 7.9	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050352
TP-27 TP-050033 508 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 And Test 9.2.3 F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 509 Changes to Annex I to harmonise System Information scheduling for RRM test cases. F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050362 TP-27 TP-050033 510 Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1 Single link performance F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050368 TP-27 TP-050033 511 Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2 D 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050370 TP-27 TP-050033 513 Corrections to reporting of CQI F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050371 TP-27 TP-050033 514 Corrections to reporting of CQI F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050374 TP-27 TP-050033 515 Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050374 TP-27 TP-050033 516 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HS-SCOH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050374 TP-27									
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TP-27 TP-050033 514 Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050374 TP-27 TP-050033 515 Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050375 TP-27 TP-050033 516 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS- DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050376 TP-27 TP-050033 517 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050377 TP-27 TP-050033 518 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050377 TP-27 TP-050033 518 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050378 TP-27 TP-050033 519 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050379 TP-27 TP-050033 520 CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band B	TP-27								
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TP-27TP-050033516CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS- DPCCHB5.6.06.0.0T1-050376TP-27TP-050033517CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCHB5.6.06.0.0T1-050377TP-27TP-050033518CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCHB5.6.06.0.0T1-050378TP-27TP-050033519CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCHB5.6.06.0.0T1-050379TP-27TP-050033520CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 BandB5.6.06.0.0T1-050381TP-27TP-050033521Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH receptionF5.6.06.0.0T1-050382									
TP-27 TP-050033 517 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050377 TP-27 TP-050033 518 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050378 TP-27 TP-050033 519 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050378 TP-27 TP-050033 519 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050379 TP-27 TP-050033 520 CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050381 TP-27 TP-050033 521 Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050382	TP-27				CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-				
TP-27 TP-050033 518 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050378 TP-27 TP-050033 519 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050378 TP-27 TP-050033 519 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050379 TP-27 TP-050033 520 CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050381 TP-27 TP-050033 521 Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	517		CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050377</u>
TP-27 TP-050033 519 CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case B for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050379 TP-27 TP-050033 520 CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050381 TP-27 TP-050033 521 Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	518		CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050378</u>
TP-27 TP-050033 520 CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction of UMTS 850 Band B 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050381 TP-27 TP-050033 521 Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	519		CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050379</u>
TP-27 TP-050033 521 Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH F 5.6.0 6.0.0 T1-050382	TP-27	TP-050033	520		CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050381</u>
	TP-27	TP-050033	521		Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050382</u>
	TP-27	TP-050033	522		Corrections to TC 8.5.1 UE transmit timing	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050318r3

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TP-27	TP-050033	523		Corrections to demodulation of HS-DSCH	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050383</u>
RP-28	RP-050269	525		CR to 34.121: Correction to operating conditions for TCs: 5.13.1, 5.13A.1 & 5.13.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050671
	RP-050269	526		Removal of TGPL2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050842
RP-28	RP-050269	527		Clarification of the interfering signal in 6.5 Blocking Characteristics and 6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050816
RP-28	RP-050269	528	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 7.11	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050615
RP-28	RP-050269	529		Correction to 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050820
RP-28	RP-050269	530	-	Clarification of TS34.121 Closed Loop Transmit Diversity test cases	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050833
RP-28	RP-050269	531	-	CR to 34.121: Clarification of Annex C.6 for BLER measurement configurations	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050843
RP-28	RP-050269	532		Change of 34.121 test case 7.8.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050850
	RP-050269	533		Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.6.1.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050571
	RP-050269	534		Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.7.6.1	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050573
	RP-050269	535		Corrections to test cases having power control ON.	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050652
	RP-050269	536		Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.6.1.3	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050822
	RP-050269	537	-	Modification of call setup procedure for inter-RAT	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050823
RP-28	RP-050269	538		connected state RRM tests Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050825
KP-20	RP-050269	000		Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition	Г	6.0.0	6.1.0	K3-030623
RP-28	RP-050269	539		CR to 34.121: GSM band corrections	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050829
	RP-050269	540		Statistical approach for 8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050837
	RP-050269	541	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-6; Update of the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to RRC release 5	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050821
RP-28	RP-050269	542		CR to 34.121: Corrections to Annex C and Annex E	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050830
	RP-050269	543		CR to TC 5.9 Spectrum emission mask	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050814
RP-28	RP-050269	544		Clarifications of TS34.121 section 9.1	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050575
	RP-050270	545		Editorial correction to TS34.121 TC 9.3.2	D	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050718
RP-28	RP-050270	546	-	CR to 34.121: Addition of a new annex section for uplink Reference Measurement Channel for testing of	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050841
	DD 050070	F 47		UE Transmitter Characteristics with HS-DPCCH.	-	0.0.0	040	
RP-28 RP-28	RP-050270 RP-050270	547 548	-	CR to 34.121: New test case for HS-DPCCH. Correction to 9.2.1 Single Link Performance in 9.2	F F	6.0.0 6.0.0	6.1.0 6.1.0	R5-050860 R5-050864
RP-28	RP-050270	549	-	Demodulation of HS-DSCH Corrections to TC 7.12, detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050819
RP-28	RP-050270	550		Corrections to test tolerances in TC 7.8.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050847
	RP-050270 RP-050270	550 551		OCNS for TX diversity	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050847
RP-28	RP-050270 RP-050270	552	-	Correction to 'Read SFN indicator' in Measurement Control Messages in 8.3.2.2	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050863
RP-28	RP-050270	553	-	Corrections to TC 5.4.1 and 5.5.2 due to too low S- CCPCH level	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050614
RP-28	RP-050270	554		Changes to 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover.	F	6.0.0	6.1.0	R5-050877
RP-29	RP-050517	555	-	Addition of test tolerances to open loop power control tolerance	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051155
RP-29	RP-050517	556		Correction to 5.13.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051282
	RP-050517 RP-050517	557		Correction of Transmit ON/OFF Test Case 5.5.2	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051282
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050517 RP-050517	558	-	Clarification to TX OFF power Test Tolerance in TC	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051405 R5-051406
RP-29	RP-050517	559		5.5.2 Correction to 5.6	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051408
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050517 RP-050517	559 560	-	Correction to 34.121 for test case: 5.7 Power setting in		6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051408 R5-051412
RP-29		561		uplink compressed mode	F	610	620	DE OE4440
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050517 RP-050517	561 562	-	Correction to 5.3 Frequency Error Output power control in the uplink procedure changes	F	6.1.0 6.1.0	6.2.0 6.2.0	R5-051440 R5-051441
RP-29	RP-050517	562		(TC5.4.1) Correction to 5.4 land 5.5.2	F	610	620	D5 061440
RP-29 RP-29	RP-050517 RP-050517	563 564		Correction to 5.4.1and 5.5.2 Correction to 5.11	г F	6.1.0 6.1.0	6.2.0 6.2.0	R5-051442 R5-051453
RP-29	RP-050517 RP-050517	565	-	CR to 34.121: Correction to TC 7.11 PCH detection regarding SIB5	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051117
RP-29	RP-050517	566	-	Corrections to Procedure and Test System Uncertainty for TC7.7.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051444
RP-29	RP-050517	567		Correction to UE parameters for AI test	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051452
	RP-050517	568		CR on 34.121: Correction to TC 8.3.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051099
RP-29	RP-050517	569	-	Removal of TC 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of neigbours in fading propagation condition	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051159
	RP-050517	570		Removal of TC 8.7.3.2 from R99, Rel-4 and Rel-5	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051160
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				requirements for cell re-selection to GSM test cases				
RP-29	RP-050517	572	-	Correction to 8.3.5.2	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051275
RP-29	RP-050517	573		Correction to "Reporting cell status" in Measurement Control Messages	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051276
RP-29	RP-050517	574		CR to 34.121: Addition of SFN-SFN type 2 and RX-TX type 2 measurement requirements	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051417
RP-29	RP-050518	575	-	Correction to procedure for RRM test case 8.3.5.3	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051418
RP-29	RP-050518	576	-	Update of Annex I and K	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051421
RP-29	RP-050518	577	-	Correction / Clarification to Annex E Transmit Diversity	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051416
RP-29	RP-050518	578	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of Closed Loop mode 2	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051072
RP-29	RP-050518	579	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of DRAC from TS 34.121	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051422
RP-29	RP-050518	580		Feature Clean Up: Removal of Observed Time Difference to GSM cell from TS 34.121	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051423
RP-29	RP-050518	581	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of SSDT from TS 34.121	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051424
RP-29	RP-050518	582	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of compressed mode by puncturing	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051425
RP-29	RP-050518	583	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of DSCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051426
RP-29	RP-050518	584	-	Feature Clean Up to 34.121: Removal of CPCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051447
RP-29	RP-050518	585		Correction to Annex F for 6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051278
RP-29	RP-050518	586	-	Correction to 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051279
RP-29	RP-050518	587		Correction to 5.9A Spectrum Emission Mask with HS- DPCCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051429
RP-29	RP-050513	588		Correction to 34.121 for HSDPA test case: Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and addition of Uplink Reference Measurement Channel for testing	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051431
RP-29	RP-050518	589	-	Table C.8.1.5 Correction	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051433
RP-29	RP-050518	590	-	Correction to 5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051449
RP-29	RP-050513	591		Correction to 34.121 for HSDPA test case 5.7A: HS- DPCCH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051450
RP-29	RP-050518	592		Removal of 1st BLER measurement in TC 7.8.1 and 7.9.1	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051438
RP-29	RP-050518	593	-	Corrections and Clarification of TC8.6.4.1	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051589
RP-29	RP-050518	594	-	Corrections to Inter-system handover TC 8.3.4	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R5-051590

History

	Document history						
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