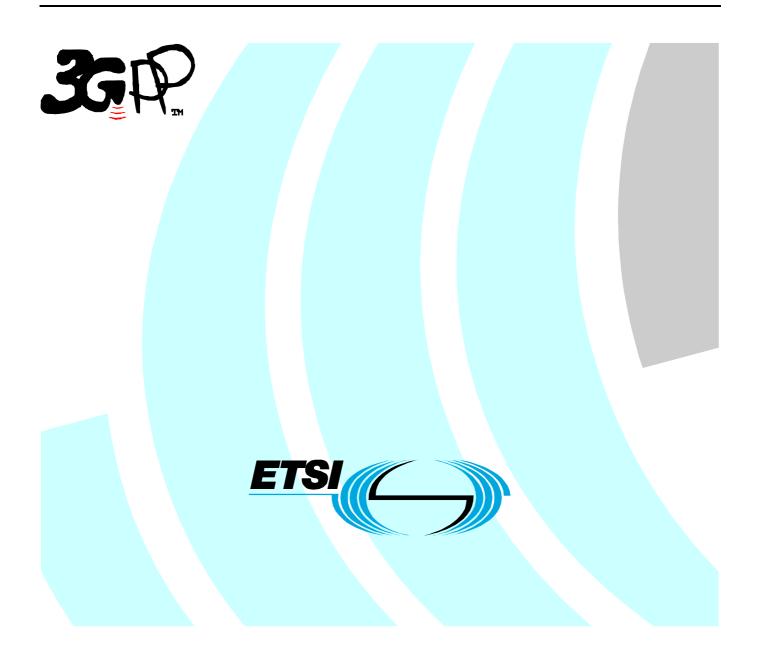
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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the measurement procedures for the conformance test of the user equipment (UE) that contain transmitting characteristics, receiving characteristics and performance requirements in addition to requirements for support of RRM (Radio Resource Management) in FDD mode.

The requirements are listed in different clauses only if the corresponding parameters deviate. More generally, tests are only applicable to those mobiles that are intended to support the appropriate functionality. To indicate the circumstances in which tests apply, this is noted in the '*definition and applicability*' part of the test.

For example only Release 5 and later UE declared to support HSDPA shall be tested for this functionality. In the event that for some tests different conditions apply for different releases, this is indicated within the text of the test itself.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document.
- For a Release 1999 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 3.x.y.
- For a Release 4 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 4.x.y.
- For a Release 5 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 5.x.y.
- For a Release 6 UE, references to 3GPP documents are to version 6.x.y.
- [1] 3GPP TS 25.101 "UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.133 "Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 34.108 "Common Test Environments for User Equipment (UE) Conformance Testing".
- [4] 3GPP TS 34.109 "Terminal logical test interface; Special conformance testing functions".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.214 "Physical layer procedures (FDD)".
- [6] 3GPP TR 21.905 "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [7] 3GPP TR 25.990 "Vocabulary".
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.433 "UTRAN Iub Interface NBAP Signalling".
- [10] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329: "Spurious emissions".
- [11] 3GPP TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected Mode".
- [12] 3GPP TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode".
- [13] 3GPP TS 25.321: "Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".
- [14] 3GPP TS 25.213: "Spreading and modulation (FDD)".

- [15] 3GPP TS 25.223: "Spreading and modulation (TDD)".
- [16] ETSI ETR 273-1-2: "Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measuremement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes".
- [17] 3GPP TR 25.926: "UE Radio Access Capabilities".
- [18] 3GPP TR 21.904: "UE capability requirements".
- [19] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
- [20] 3GPP TS 05.08 (R99): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio subsystem link control".
- [21] 3GPP TS 34.123-1: "User Equipment (UE) Conformance Specification; Part 1: Protocol Conformance Specification".
- [22] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical Layer Measurements (FDD)".
- [23] Void
- [24] 3GPP TR 34.902 " Derivation of test tolerances for multi-cell Radio Resource Management (RRM) conformance tests ".
- [25] 3GPP TS 51.010-1: "Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification; Part 1: Conformance specification ".
- [26] 3GPP TS 25.307 "Requirements on UEs supporting a release independent frequency band".
- [27] ITU-T recommendation O.153: "Basic parameters for the measurement of error performance at bit rates below the primary rate".
- [28] 3GPP TS 05.05 (R99): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception".
- [29] 3GPP TS 45.005 (Rel-4 and later releases): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception".
- [30] 3GPP TS 45.008 (Rel-4 and later releases): "Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio subsystem link control".
- [31] 3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".

3 Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations

Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations used in the present document are listed in TR 21.905 [5] and TR 25.990 [6].

Terms are listed in alphabetical order in this clause.

3.1 Definitions

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional terms and definitions apply:

Maximum Output Power: This is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least $(1 + \alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

Nominal Maximum Output Power: This is the nominal power defined by the UE power class.

Mean power: When applied to a W-CDMA modulated signal this is the power (transmitted or received) in a bandwidth of at least $(1 + \alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot unless otherwise stated.

RRC filtered mean power: The mean power as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor α and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

- NOTE 1: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated W-CDMA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal.
- NOTE 2: The roll-off factor α is defined in 25.101 clause 6.8.1.

RegDTX: Regular DTX. These are the times when the HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK is not expected to be transmitted due to an Inter-TTI period greater than 1

statDTX: Statistical DTX. These are the times when the HS-DPCCH is expected to transmit an ACK or NACK but none is transmitted due to the UE not being able to decode consistent control information from the HS_SCCH.

Throughput: Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

[...] Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it means that a decision about that value was not taken

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional abbreviations apply:

AFC	Automatic Frequency Control
ASD	Acceleration Spectral Density
ATT	Attenuator
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BTFD	Blind Transport Format Detection
CQI	Channel Quality Indicator
EVM	Error Vector Magnitude
FDR	False transmit format Detection Ratio. A false Transport Format detection occurs when the
	receiver detects a different TF to that which was transmitted, and the decoded transport block(s)
	for this incorrect TF passes the CRC check(s).
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HS-DSCH	High Speed Downlink Shared Channel
HS-PDSCH	High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel
HARQ	Hybrid ARQ sequence
HYB	Hybrid
IM	Intermodulation
ITP	Initial Transmission Power control mode
OBW	Occupied Bandwidth
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on
	the other orthogonal channels of a downlink
PAR	Peak to Average Ratio
P-CCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
P-CPICH	Primary Common Pilot Channel
PCDE	Peak Code Domain Error
RBW	Resolution Bandwidth
PRBS	Pseudo Random Bit Sequence
regDTX	Regular DTX
RRC	Root-Raised Cosine

S-CCPCH	Secondary Common Control Physical Channel
S-CPICH	Secondary Common Pilot Channel
SCH	Synchronisation Channel consisting of Primary and Secondary synchronisation channels
SS	System Simulator; see Annex A for description
statDTX	Statistical DTX
TGCFN	Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number
TGD	Transmission Gap Distance
TGL	Transmission Gap Length
TGPL	Transmission Gap Pattern Length
TGPRC	Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count
TGSN	Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number

3.4 Equations

For the purpose of the present document, the following additional equations apply:

$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip of the CPICH to the total transmit power spectral
Tor	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
$DPCH _E_c$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral
I _{or}	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
$\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCCH to the total transmit power spectral
I _{or}	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
$\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPDCH to the total transmit power spectral
or	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
F_{uw}	Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute frequency(s) or a frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency.
I _{Node_B}	Interference signal power level at Node B in dBm, which is broadcasted on BCH.
I _{oac}	The power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the adjacent frequency channel as measured at the UE antenna connector.
I _{oc}	The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector.
I _{or}	The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector
Î _{or}	The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector.
I _{ouw}	Unwanted signal power level.
P-CCPCH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for P-CCPCH.
$P - CCPCH \frac{E_c}{I_o}$	The ratio of the received P-CCPCH energy per chip to the total received power spectral density at
U	the UE antenna connector.
$\frac{P - CCPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the average (note) transmit energy per PN chip for the P-CCPCH to the total transmit
- or	power spectral density.

P - $CPICH_E_c$	Average (note) energy per PN chip for P-CPICH.
PICH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for PICH.
$\frac{PICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip of the PICH to the total transmit power spectral
	density at the Node B (SS) antenna connector.
R	Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.
<REFSENS $><REF\hat{I}_{or} >$	Reference sensitivity Reference \hat{I}_{or}
SCH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for SCH.
S-CPICH_E _c	Average (note) energy per PN chip for S-CPICH.

- NOTE: Averaging period for energy/power of discontinuously transmitted channels should be defined.
- NOTE: The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH_E_c and P-CPICH_E_c) and others defined in terms of PSD (I_{oac} , I_{oc} , and \hat{I}_{or}). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of energy per chip to PSD (DPCH_E_c/I_{or}, E_c/I_{or} etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

4 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

4.1 General

The information presented in this clause is based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

NOTE: Other chip rates may be considered in future releases.

4.2 Frequency bands

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate in either of the following paired bands:

Operating Band	UL Frequencies UE transmit, Node B receive	DL frequencies UE receive, Node B transmit
I	1920 – 1980 MHz	2110 –2170 MHz
II	1850 –1910 MHz	1930 –1990 MHz
	1710-1785 MHz	1805-1880 MHz
IV	1710-1770MHz	2110- 2170MHz
V	824 - 849MHz	869-894MHz
VI	830- 840 MHz	875-885 MHz

Note: See TS25.307 [26] for Band IV, V and VI. Band VI specifications are developed for use in Japan.

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded.

4.3 TX–RX frequency separation

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate with the following TX-RX frequency separation.

Operating Band	TX-RX frequency separation
1	190 MHz
II	80 MHz
III	95 MHz
V	45 MHz
VI	45 MHz

- b) UTRA/FDD can support both fixed and variable transmit to receive frequency separation.
- c) The use of other transmit to receive frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.

4.4 Channel arrangement

4.4.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario.

4.4.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz, for all bands which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to table 4.1a, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

4.4.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN). The values of the UARFCN are as follows.

UPLINK (UL) UE transmit, Node B receive		DOWNLINK (DL) UE receive, Node B transmit		
UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz] (F _{UL)}) (Note 1)	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz] (F _{DL)}) (Note 2)	
$N_u = 5 * F_{UL}$	$0.0 \text{ MHz} \le \text{F}_{\text{UL}} \le 3276.6 \text{ MHz}$	$N_d = 5 * F_{DL}$	0.0 MHz \leq F _{DL} \leq 3276.6 MHz	
Note 1: F _{UL} is the uplink frequency in MHz Note 2: F _{DL} is the downlink frequency in MHz				

Table 4.1: UARFCN definition (general)

Table 4.1a: UARFCN definition (additional channels)

		PLINK (UL)		WNLINK (DL)
Band	UE transr	nit, Node B receive	UE recei	ve, Node B transmit
Dana	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]
		(F _{UL)})		(F _{DL)})
I	-	-	-	-
	$N_u = 5 * (F_{UL} -$	1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5,	$N_d = 5 * (F_{DL} - $	1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,
	1850.1 MHz)	1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5,	1850.1 MHz)	1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,
		1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5,		1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,
		1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5		1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5
	-	-	-	-
V	$N_u = 5 * (F_{UL} - $	826.5, 827.5, 831.5,	$N_d = 5 * (F_{DL} - $	871.5, 872.5, 876.5,
	670.1 MHz)	832.5, 837.5, 842.5	670.1 MHz)	877.5, 882.5, 887.5
VI	$N_u = 5 * (F_{UL} -$	832.5, 837.5	$N_d = 5 * (F_{DL} -$	877.5, 882.5
	670.1 MHz)		670.1 MHz)	
	,			

4.4.4 UARFCN

The following UARFCN range shall be be supported for each paired band.

Table 4.2: UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

Operating Band	Uplink UE transmit, Node B receive	Downlink UE receive, Node B transmit
I	9 612 to 9 888	10 562 to 10 838
II	9 262 to 9 538	9 662 to 9 938
	and	and
	12, 37, 62, 87,	412, 437, 462, 487,
	112, 137, 162, 187,	512, 537, 562, 587,
	212, 237, 262, 287	612, 637, 662, 687
III	8562 to 8913	9037 to 9388
V	4132 to 4233	4357 to 4458
	and	and
	782, 787, 807,	1007, 1012, 1032,
	812, 837, 862	1037, 1062, 1087
VI	4162 to 4188 and 812, 837	4387 to 4413 and 1037, 1062

4A Reference Conditions

The reference environment used by all test cases in this document are specified in TS 34.108 [3]. Where a test requires an environment that is different, this will be specified in the test itself.

4A.1 Generic setup procedures

Test procedures for RF test are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3. The initial conditions of this clause also refer to the generic setup procedures defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.2.

4A.2 System information

The reference system information used for test cases specified in this document is defined in TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0a (Default Master Information Block and Scheduling Block messages) and 6.1.0b (Default System Information Block Messages). For cells other than cell 1 the difference in information elements is defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.4. For the generic setup procedures defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 some SIB elements override those specific SIB elements from TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b. Annex I in the present document overwrites specific elements in the Master Information Block and Scheduling Block messages compared to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0a and specific SIB elements compared to TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0b and 7.3. In the test description itself specific SIB elements can be overwritten again. This leads to the following places defining Master Information Block, Scheduling Block messages and System Information Block Messages:

- 1. TS 34.108 [3] clauses 6.1.0a, 6.1.0b and 6.1.4
- 2. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3
- 3. TS 34.121 Annex I
- 4. TS 34.121 test case description

When the same Information Element is defined in several places then the place with the higher number according to the above list will override the other definition(s).

4A.3 Message contents

Default message contents for test cases specified in this document are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9. Most default message contents are specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.2.1, but some default message contents originally defined for signalling test cases are re-used for RF testing and specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.1.1. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 contains additional information regarding the default messages. Annex I in the present document overwrites specific message contents for some test cases. In the test description itself specific information elements can be overwritten again. This leads to the following places defining message contents:

- 1a. TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.1.1 (only if indicated by TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 or the test description in TS 34.121)
- 1b. TS 34.108 [3] clause 9.2.1 (as indicated by TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3 or the test description in TS 34.121)
- 2. TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3
- 3. TS 34.121 Annex I
- 4. TS 34.121 test case description

When the same Information Element is defined in several places then the place with the higher number according to the above list will override the other definition(s). Default message contents from TS 34.108 [3] clause 9 will be used either from clause 9.1.1 (1a in the list above) or from clause 9.2.1 (1b in the list above). Some messages are not defined in all places, but all messages have to be defined at least in the test description.

4A.4 Measurement configurations

Measurement configurations defined by system information are specified in TS 34.108 [3]. System Information Block type 11 (SIB 11) configures measurements for cell 1 according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b. See TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.4 for the difference in message contents of SIB 11 (FDD) for other cells used in the test. SIB 12 is specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 6.1.0b, but is currently not used to configure measurements.

Some modifications to specific information elements in SIB 11 are defined in TS 34.121 Annex I or in the test description itself. In this case the priority defined in clause 4A.2 shall be applied.

Note: Currently SIB 11 in TS 34.108 [3] configures Intra-frequency measurement system information to use 'Intra-frequency measurement identity=1' (default value), 'Intra-frequency measurement identity=CPICH RSCP' with events 1a, 1b and 1c. The Inter-frequency measurement system information and the Inter-RAT measurement system information do not configure measurement identities. Traffic volume measurement system information is not present.

In many test cases the measurement identity as configured by SIB 11 is reused and the Measurement Control message will 'Modify' the Measurement Identity configured in SIB 11.

In some test cases additional measurements are used. Then the Measurement Control message will 'Setup' a new Measurement Identity with the default value for that measurement quantity as specified in TS 25.331 [8]. If the Measurement Control message uses 'Setup' then the new Measurement Identity shall be different to already configured ones. All Inter-frequency measurements and Inter-RAT measurements are first configured by Measurement Control message using 'Setup'.

5 Transmitter Characteristics

5.1 General

Transmitting performance test of the UE is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function. (Refer to TS 34.109 [4]).

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in table 5.1.

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	UL DPCH bit rate	Remarks
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Table 5.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Unless detailed the transmitter characteristic are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. Transmitter characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

All the parameters in clause 5 are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) specified in clause C.2.1 and unless stated otherwise, with the UL power control ON.

The common RF test conditions of Tx Characteristics are defined in clause E.3.1, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 5) should refer clause E.3.1. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

5.2 Maximum Output Power

5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The nominal maximum output power and its tolerance are defined according to the Power Class of the UE.

The maximum output power is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least $(1 + \alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE maximum output power shall be within the nominal value and tolerance specified in table 5.2.1 even for the multi-code transmission mode.

Operating	Power 0	Class 1	Power (Class 2	Power 0	Class 3	Power 0	Class 4
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
Band I	+33	+1/-3	+27	+1/-3	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band III	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band V	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band VI					+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2

Table 5.2.1: Nominal Maximum Output Power

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.1.

5.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power does not exceed the range prescribed by the nominal maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2.1.

An excess maximum output power has the possibility to interfere to other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

5.2.4 Method of test

5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.
- 2) Measure the mean power of the UE in a bandwidth of at least $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot.

5.2.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power, derived in step 2), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the nominal maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2.2.

Operating	Power	Class 1	Power	Class 2	Power	Class 3	Power	Class 4
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
Band I	+33	+1,7/-3,7	+27	+1,7/-3,7	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band III	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band V	-	-	-	-	+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7
Band VI					+24	+1,7/-3,7	+21	+2,7/-2,7

Table 5.2.2: Nominal Maximum Output Power

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH

5.2A.1 Definition and applicability

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and its tolerance are defined according to the Power Class of the UE.

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The measurement period shall be at least one timeslot.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

Editors note: This test case is not complete.

5.2A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH shall be within the value and tolerance specified in table 5.2A.1 when HS-DPCCH is fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall be within the values and tolerance specified in table 5.2.1.

	Power C	lass 3	Power Class 4	
Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_{_c}$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_{_d}$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{_{hs}}$	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol
	(автт)	(UD)	(dBm)	(dB)
$1/15 \leq \beta_c/\beta_d \leq 12/15$	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
$13/15 \leq \beta_c/\beta_d \leq 15/8$	+23	+2/-3	+20	+3/-2
$15/7 \leq \beta_c/\beta_d \leq 15/0$	+22	+3/-3	+19	+4/-2

Table 5.2A.1: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.2.2.

5.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the error of the UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH does not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2A.1.

An excess maximum output power may interfere with other channels or other systems. A small maximum output power decreases the coverage area.

5.2A.4 Method of test

5.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- 2) The UL Reference Measurement Channel (12.2 kbps) and the Fixed Reference Channels (FRC H-Set 1) are specified in Annex C.2.1 and C.8.1.1 with exception for the beta values set according to table 5.2A.3.
- 3) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

Note: The definition of loopback mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA will be defined in T1#27.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA.

5.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table 5.2A.3.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE.

3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.

- 4) Measure the mean power of the UE. The mean power shall be averaged over at least one timeslot. The details of the measurement method in the presence of HSDPA is FFS.
- 5) Repeat the measurement for the different combinations of beta values as given in table 5.2A.3.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.2A.5 Test requirements

The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH, derived in step 4), shall not exceed the range prescribed by the maximum output power and tolerance in table 5.2A.2. The maximum output power where HS-DPCCH is not transmitted shall not exceed the range prescribed in table 5.2.2.

The UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) for TX test will be set as defined in C.2.1 with the exception of the power ratio between HS-DPCH, DPCCH and DPDCH being set to the values defined in table 5.2A.3.

	Power	Class 3	Power Class 4	
Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} = 1/15, 12/15$	+24	+1.7/-3.7	+21	+2.7/-2.7
$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} = 13/15, 15/8$	+23	+2.7/-3.7	+20	+3.7/-2.7
$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d} = 15/7, 15/0$	+22	+3.7/-3.7	+19	+4.7/-2.7
Note: For the purpose of the test Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.				

Table 5.2A.2: Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH for test

Table 5.2A.3: β values for Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH for test

Sub-test	βc	βd	β _c /β _d	βнs
1	1/15	15/15	1/15	2/15
2	12/15	15/15	12/15	24/15
3	13/15	15/15	13/15	26/15
4	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15
5	15/15	7/15	15/7	30/15
6	15/15	off	15/0	30/15

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.3 Frequency Error

5.3.1 Definition and applicability

The frequency error is the difference between the RF modulated carrier frequency transmitted from the UE and the assigned frequency. The UE transmitter tracks to the RF carrier frequency received from the Node B. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. In the later case, signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are allowed for within the minimum requirements specified in 5.3.2.

The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 ppm observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.3.

5.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE carrier frequency error does not exceed $\pm 0,1$ ppm.

An excess error of the carrier frequency increases the transmission errors in the up link own channel.

This test verifies the ability of the receiver to derive correct frequency information for the transmitter, when locked to the DL carrier frequency.

5.3.4 Method of test

5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, and RF parameters (DPCH_Ec and Îor) are set up according to table 5.3. The relative power level of other downlink physical channels to the DPCH_Ec are set up according to clause E.3.1.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-117	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Î _{or}	-106,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz

Table 5.3: Test parameters for Frequency Error

5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE reaches its maximum output power.
- 2) Measure the frequency error delta f, at the UE antenna connector using the Global In-Channel-Tx-test (annex B).

5.3.5 Test Requirements

For all measurements, the frequency error, derived in step 2), shall not exceed $\pm (0,1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4 Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink

Power control is used to limit the interference level.

5.4.1 Open Loop Power Control in the Uplink

5.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

Open loop power control in the uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power to a specific value. This function is used for PRACH transmission and based on the information from Node B using BCCH and the downlink received signal power level of the CPICH. The information from Node B includes transmission power of CPICH and uplink interference power level.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE open loop power is defined as the mean power in a timeslot or ON power duration, whichever is available.

The UE open loop power control tolerance is given in table 5.4.1.1.

Table 5.4.1.1: Open loop power control tolerance

Normal conditions	±9 dB
Extreme conditions	±12 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.1.

5.4.1.3 Test purpose

The power measured by the UE of the received signal and the signalled BCCH information are used by the UE to control the power of the UE transmitted signal with the target to transmit at the lowest power acceptable for proper communication.

The test stresses the ability of the receiver to measure the received power correctly over the receiver dynamic range.

The test purpose is to verify that the UE open loop power control tolerance does not exceed the described value shown in table 5.4.1.1.

An excess error of the open loop power control decreases the system capacity.

5.4.1.4 Method of test

5.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to Table 5.4.1.1a.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) After the UE has performed registration and entered idle mode, Îor is set up according to table 5.4.1.2. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1
- 5) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in [3] clause 7.3.1 with channel conditions according the test parameters in table 5.4.1.3, The RACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
Qqualmin	dB	-24
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21

Table 5.4.1.1a: Settings for the serving cell

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	See table 5.4.1.3	dBm / 3,84 MHz

Parameter	RX Upper dynamic end	RX-middle	RX-Sensitivity level
Î _{or} (note 3)	–25,0 dBm / 3,84 MHz	–65,7 dBm / 3,84 MHz	–106,7 dBm / 3,84 MHz
CPICH_RSCP (notes 3 and 4)	–28,3 dBm	–69 dBm	–110 dBm
Primary CPICH DL TX power	+19 dBm	+28 dBm	+19 dBm
Simulated path loss = Primary	+47,3 dB	+97 dB	+129 dB
CPICH DL TX power – CPICH_RSCP			
UL interference	–75 dBm	–101 dBm	–110 dBm
Constant Value	–10 dB	–10 dB	–10 dB
Expected nominal UE TX	-37,7 dBm	-14 dBm	+9 dBm (note 2)
power (note 5)			
NOTE 1: While the SS transmit power shall cover the receiver input dynamic range, the logical parameters: Primary CPICH DL TX power, UL interference, Constant Value are chosen to achieve a UE TX power, located within the TX output power dynamic range of a class 4 UE.			
NOTE 2: Nominal TX output power 9 dBm allows to check the open loop power algorithm within the entire tolerance range (9 dBm ± 12 dB; 9 dBm + 12 dB = 21 dBm = max power class 4).			
NOTE 3: The power level of S-CCPCH should be defined because S-CCPCH is transmitted during Preamble RACH transmission period. The power level of S-CCPCH is temporarily set to –10,3 dB relative to I _{or} . However, it is necessary to check whether the above S-CCPCH level is enough to establish a connection with the reference measurement channels.			
NOTE 4: The purpose of this parameter is to calculate the Expected nominal UE TX power. NOTE 5: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop			

Table 5.4.1.3: Test parameters for Open Loop Power Control (SS)

5.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 5.4.1.3 (-25 dBm / 3,84 MHz).
- 2) Measure the first RACH preamble mean power of the UE.

Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].

3) Repeat the above measurement for all SS levels in table 5.4.1.3.

5.4.1.5 Test requirements

The deviation with respect to the Expected nominal UE TX power (table 5.4.1.3), derived in step 2), shall not exceed the prescribed tolerance in table 5.4.1.1.

5.4.2 Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink

5.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

Inner loop power control in the uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to adjust its output power in accordance with one or more TPC commands received in the downlink.

The power control step is the change in the UE transmitter output power in response to a single TPC command, TPC_cmd, derived at the UE.

This clause does not cover all the requirements of compressed mode or soft handover.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The UE transmitter shall have the capability of changing the output power with a step size of 1 dB, 2 dB and 3 dB according to the value of Δ_{TPC} or $\Delta_{\text{RP-TPC}}$, in the slot immediately after the TPC_cmd can be derived.

a) The transmitter output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.4.2.1.

+16

-1

-16

N/A

N/A

+26

+1

-26

N/A

N/A

b) The transmitter aggregate output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.4.2.2. Here a TPC_cmd group is a set of TPC_cmd values derived from a corresponding sequence of TPC commands of the same duration.

The inner loop power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from 25μ s before the slot boundary to 25μ s after the slot boundary.

TPC_cmd		Transmitter power control range (all units are in dB)				
	1 dB st	1 dB step size		2 dB step size		ep size
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+0,5	+1,5	+1	+3	+1,5	+4,5
0	-0,5	+0,5	-0,5	+0,5	-0,5	+0,5
-1	-0,5	-1,5	-1	-3	-1,5	-4,5

Table 5.4.2.1:	Transmitter	power	control	range
----------------	-------------	-------	---------	-------

			•			
TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 10 equal TPC_cmd group (all units are in dB)			TPC_cmd group control range after 7		
				(all units a	are in dB)	
	1 dB step size		2 dB st	ep size	3 dB st	ep size
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper

+16

-1

-16

N/A

N/A

+24

+1

-24

N/A

N/A

The UE shall meet the above requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in clause 5.4.3.2, and the Maximum output power supported by the UE (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be in the range specified for the power class of the UE in clause 5.2.2.

+12

+1

-12

+14

-14

NOTE: 3 dB inner loop power control steps are only used in compressed mode.

+8

-1

-8

+6

-6

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.2.1.1.

The requirements for the derivation of TPC_cmd are detailed in TS 25.214 [5] clauses 5.1.2.2.2 and 5.1.2.2.3.

5.4.2.3 Test purpose

+1

0

-1

0,0,0,0,+1

0,0,0,0,-1

- To verify that the UE inner loop power control size and response is meet to the described value shown in clause 5.4.2.2.
- To verify that TPC_cmd is correctly derived from received TPC commands.

An excess error of the inner loop power control decreases the system capacity.

The UE shall be tested for the requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test.

The Min power threshold for test is defined as the Minimum Output Power Test Requirement (clause 5.4.3.5).

The Max power threshold for test is defined as the Measured Maximum output power of the UE in the relevant Step of the test (using the same method as in clause 5.2.4.2 step 2) minus the Test Tolerance specified for test 5.2 Maximum Output Power in table F.2.1.

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For the final power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.

5.4.2.4 Method of test

5.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.

Table 5.4.2.4.1: Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2

3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.4.2.4.2 Procedure

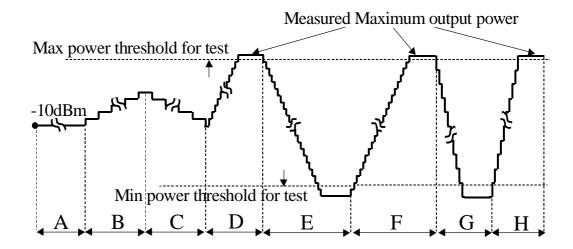


Figure 5.4.2.4 Inner Loop Power Control Test Steps

1) Before proceeding with paragraph (2) (Step A) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (\hat{I}_{or}) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.

- 2) Step A: Transmit a sequence of at least 30 and no more than 60 TPC commands, which shall commence at a frame boundary and last for a whole number of frames, and which shall contain:
 - no sets of 5 consecutive "0" or "1" commands which commence in the 1° , 6° or 11° slots of a frame;
 - at least one set of 5 consecutive "0" commands which does not commence in the 1^{s} , 6^{m} or 11^{m} slots of a frame;
 - at least one set of 5 consecutive "1" commands which does not commence in the 1^{s} , 6^{m} or 11^{m} slots of a frame.

The following is an example of a suitable sequence of TPC commands:

- 3) Step B: Transmit a sequence of 50 TPC commands with the value 1.
- 4) Step C: Transmit a sequence of 50 TPC commands with the value 0.
- 5) Step D: Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to reconfigure the uplink channel in order to set the Power Control Algorithm to algorithm 1, and the TPC step size to 1 dB. Contents of the message is specified in the table 5.4.2.4.2.A. After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit a sequence of TPC commands with the value 1 until the UE output power is above the maximum power threshold.
- 6) Step E: Transmit a sequence of 150 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 0.
- 7) Step F: Transmit a sequence of 150 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 1.
- 8) Step G: Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to reconfigure the uplink channel in order to set the TPC step size to 2 dB (with the Power Control Algorithm remaining as algorithm 1). Contents of the message is specified in the table 5.4.2.4.2.B. After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit a sequence of TPC commands with the value 1 until the UE output power is above the maximum power threshold. Transmit a sequence of 75 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 0.
- 9) Step H: Transmit a sequence of 75 (note 1) TPC commands with the value 1.

10)During steps A to H the mean power of every slot shall be measured, with the following exceptions:

- In steps D and F, measurement of the mean power is not required in slots after the 10th slot after the mean power has exceeded the maximum power threshold;
- In steps E and G, measurement of the mean power is not required in slots after the 10^{m} slot after the mean power has fallen below the minimum power threshold.

The transient periods of 25 μ s before each slot boundary and 25 μ s after each slot boundary shall not be included in the power measurements.

- NOTE 1: These numbers of TPC commands are given as examples. The actual number of TPC commands transmitted in these steps shall be at least 10 more than the number required to ensure that the UE reaches the relevant maximum or minimum power threshold in each step, as shown in figure 5.4.2.4.
- NOTE 2: In order to make it more practical to measure the entire power control dynamic range (between min power threshold and max power threshold with suitable margins), it is permissible to segment the power control sequences into smaller subsequence. For example, Step-E can be divided into different stages while still fulfilling the purpose of the test to measure the entire dynamic range.

Table 5.4.2.4.2.A: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for step D (step 5)

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
 RRC message sequence number 	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
 Downlink counter synchronisation info 	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCCH Power offset	-6dB
-PC Preamble	1 frame
-SRB delay	7 frames
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1
-TPC step size	1dB
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Scrambling code type	Long
-Scrambling code number	0
-Number of DPDCH	
-spreading factor	64
-TFCI existence	TRUE
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)
-Puncturing Limit	1
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD Net Present
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links -Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present Not Present

Table 5.4.2.4.2.B: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for step G (step 8)

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	°
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
5	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE mode -DPCCH Power offset	FDD -6dB
-PC Preamble	1 frame
	7 frames
-SRB delay -Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1
-TPC step size	2dB
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Scrambling code type	Long
-Scrambling code number	0
-Number of DPDCH	1
-spreading factor	64
-TFCI existence	TRUE
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)
-Puncturing Limit	1
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present

5.4.2.5 Test requirements

TPC_cmd		Transmitter power control range (all units are in dB))
	1 dB st	1 dB step size		2 dB step size		ep size
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+0,4	+1,6	+0,85	+3,15	+1,3	+4,7
0	-0,6	+0,6	-0,6	+0,6	-0,6	+0,6
-1	-0,4	-1,6	-0,85	-3,15	-1,3	-4,7

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 10 equal TPC_cmd group (all units are in dB)			Transmitt control rai equal TI gro (all units :	PC_cmd ups	
	1 dB step size		2 dB st	2 dB step size		ep size
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+7,7	+12,3	+15,7	+24,3	+15,7	+26,3
0	-1,1	+1,1	-1,1	+1,1	-1,1	+1,1
-1	-7,7	-12,3	-15,7	-24,3	-15,7	-26,3
0,0,0,0,+1	+5,7	+14,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0,0,0,0,-1	-5,7	-14,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 5.4.2.5.2: Transmitter aggregate power control tolerance

- a) During Step A, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd of 0, as given in table 5.4.2.5.1.
- b) During Step A, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of 0, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- c) During Step B, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1, given that every 5th TPC_cmd should have the value +1, with a step size of 1 dB, and all other TPC_cmd should have the value 0.
- d) During Step B, the change in mean power over 50 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of {0,0,0,0,+1}, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- e) During Step C, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1, given that every 5th TPC_cmd should have the value -1, with a step size of 1 dB, and all other TPC_cmd should have the value 0.
- f) During Step C, the change in mean power over 50 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of {0,0,0,0,-1}, as given in table 5.4.2.5.2.
- g) During Step E, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of -1 and step size of 1 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step D. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- h) During Step E, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of -1, and step size of 1 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step D. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.
- i) During Step F, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of +1 and step size of 1 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- j) During Step F, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of +1, and step size of 1 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.

- k) During Step G, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of -1 and step size of 2 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- During Step G, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of -1, and step size of 2 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step F. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots.
- m) During Step H, the difference in mean power between adjacent slots shall be within the prescribed range given in table 5.4.2.5.1 for a TPC_cmd of +1 and step size of 2 dB. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step H. For the power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test, the lower step size requirement does not apply.
- n) During Step H, the change in mean power over 10 consecutive slots shall be within the prescribed range for a TPC_cmd group of +1, and step size of 2 dB as given in table 5.4.2.5.2. This applies when the original (reference) timeslot power and the target timeslot power are between the Min power threshold for test and the Max power threshold for test derived from the Measured Maximum output power in Step H. The power step adjacent to the Min or Max power threshold for test should not be part of the 10 consecutive slots tested.
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4.3 Minimum Output Power

5.4.3.1 Definition and applicability

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is when the power control setting is set to a minimum value. This is when both the inner loop and open loop power control indicate a minimum transmit output power is required.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one timeslot. The minimum transmit power shall be less than -50 dBm.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.3.1.

5.4.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE minimum transmit power is less than -50 dBm.

An excess minimum output power increases the interference to other channels, and decreases the system capacity.

5.4.3.4 Method of test

5.4.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.

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3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.4.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Down power control commands to the UE.
- 2) Measure the mean power of the UE.

5.4.3.5 Test requirements

The measured power, derived in step 2), shall be less than -49 dBm.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power

5.4.4.1 Definition and applicability

The UE shall monitor the DPCCH quality in order to detect a loss of the signal on Layer 1, as specified in TS 25.214 [5]. The thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} specify at what DPCCH quality levels the UE shall shut its power off and when it shall turn its power on respectively. The thresholds are not defined explicitly, but are defined by the conditions under which the UE shall shut its transmitter off and turn it on, as stated in this clause.

The DPCCH quality shall be monitored in the UE and compared to the thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} for the purpose of monitoring synchronization. The threshold Q_{out} should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where no reliable detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH can be made. This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 30%. The threshold Q_{in} should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH is significantly more reliable than at Q_{out} . This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 20%.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.4.4.2 Minimum Requirements

When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality over the last 160 ms period to be worse than a threshold Q_{out} , the UE shall shut its transmitter off within 40 ms. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on again until the DPCCH quality exceeds an acceptable level Q_{in} . When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality over the last 160 ms period to be better than a threshold Q_{in} , the UE shall again turn its transmitter on within 40 ms.

The UE transmitter shall be considered "off" if the transmitted power is below the level defined in subclause 6.5.1 (Transmit off power). Otherwise the transmitter shall be considered as "on".

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.4.1.

The quality levels at the thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} correspond to different signal levels depending on the downlink conditions DCH parameters. For the conditions in table 5.4.4.1, a signal with the quality at the level Q_{out} can be generated by a DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio of -25 dB, and a signal with Q_{in} by a DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio of -21 dB. The DL reference measurement channel (12.2) kbps specified in subclause C.3.1 and with static propagation conditions. The downlink physical channels, other than those specified in table 5.4.4.1, are as specified in table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Value	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-1	dB
I _{oc}	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
$\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	See Figure 5.4.4.1: Before point A –16,6 After point A Not defined See note in clause 5.4.4.3	dB
$\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	See table 5.4.4.2	dB
Information Data Rate	12,2	kbps

Table 5.4.4.1: DCH parameters for test of Out-of-synch handling test case

Table 5.4.4.2: Minimum	Requirements f	for DPCCH_Ec/lor levels
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Clause from figure 5.4.4.1	DPCCH_Ec/lor	Unit
Before A	-16,6	dB
A to B	-22,0	dB
B to D	-28,0	dB
D to E	-24,0	dB
After E	-18,0	dB

Figure 5.4.4.1 shows an example scenario where the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the DPCH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below Q_{out} where the UE shall shut its power off and then back up to a level above Q_{in} where the UE shall turn the power back on.

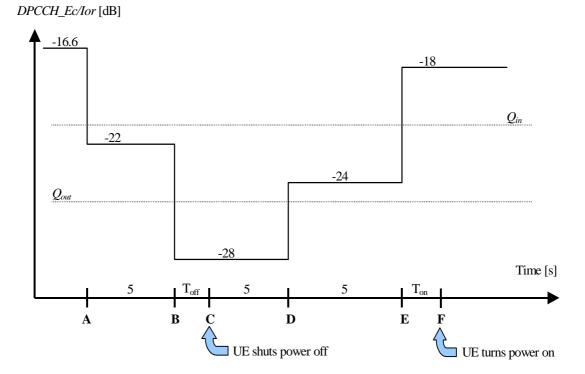


Figure 5.4.4.1: Test case for out-of-synch handling in the UE.

In this test case, the requirements for the UE are that:

- 1. The UE shall not shut its transmitter off before point B.
- 2. The UE shall shut its transmitter off before point C, which is Toff = 200 ms after point B.
- 3. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on between points C and E.

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4. The UE shall turn its transmitter on before point F, which is Ton = 200 ms after point E.

The reference for this test case is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.4.2.

5.4.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE monitors the DPCCH quality and turns its transmitter on or off according to DPCCH level diagram specified in figure 5.4.4.1.

NOTE: DPDCH_Ec/I_{or} after point A is not defined in table 5.4.4.1. However it is assumed that DPDCH and DPCCH power level are same on DL 12,2 kbps reference measurement channel for testing. (PO1, PO2, and PO3 are zero.)

5.4.4.4 Method of test

5.4.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, with the following exception for information elements in System Information Block type 1 specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 6.1.0b.

Table 5.4.4.2A: System Information Block type 1 message

Information Element	Value/Remark
UE Timers and constants in connected mode	
- T313	15 seconds
- N313	200

- 3) DCH parameters are set up according to table 5.4.4.1 with DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level at -16,6 dB. The other RF parameters are set up according to clause E.3.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.4.4.2. Procedure

- 1) The SS sends continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE transmitter power reach maximum level.
- 2) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'A to B' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 seconds and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched off during this time.
- 3) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'B to D' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS waits 200 ms and then verifies that the UE transmitter has been switched off.
- 4) The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 seconds and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched on during this time.
- 5) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'D to E' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS monitors the UE transmitted power for 5 s and verifies that the UE transmitter is not switched on during this time.
- 6) The SS controls the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio level according to clause 'After E' as defined in table 5.4.4.3. The SS waits 200 ms and then verifies that the UE transmitter has been switched on.

5.4.4.5 Test requirements

Clause from figure 5.4.4.1	DPCCH_Ec/lor	Unit
Before A	-16,6	dB
A to B	-21,6	dB
B to D	-28,4	dB
D to E	-24,4	dB
After E	-17,6	dB

Table 5.4.4.3: Test Requirements for DPCCH_Ec/lor levels

To pass the test, steps 1 through 6 of the procedure in clause 5.4.4.4.2 must be fulfilled.

The UE transmitter off criterion and its tolerances is defined in clause 5.5.1 (Transmit off power).

The UE transmitter on criterion and its tolerances is defined in clause 5.4.3 (Minimum Output Power). The UE transmitter is considered to be on if the UE transmitted power is higher than minimum output power.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Test Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.5 Transmit ON/OFF Power

5.5.1 Transmit OFF Power

5.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

Transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power when the transmitter is off. The transmit OFF power state is when the UE does not transmit. During transmission gaps in UL compressed mode, the UE is not considered to be in the OFF state.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.5.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The requirement for the transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.1.1.

5.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE transmit OFF power is less than -56 dBm.

An excess transmit OFF power increases the interference to other channels, and decreases the system capacity.

5.5.1.4 Method of test

This test is covered by clause 5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask.

5.5.1.5 Test requirements

The measured RRC filtered mean power shall be less than -55 dBm.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask

5.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The time mask for transmit ON/OFF defines the ramping time allowed for the UE between transmit OFF power and transmit ON power. Possible ON/OFF scenarios are PRACH, CPCH or uplink compressed mode.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 5.5.1 for PRACH preambles, and figure 5.5.2 for all other cases. The off signal is defined as the RRC filtered mean power.

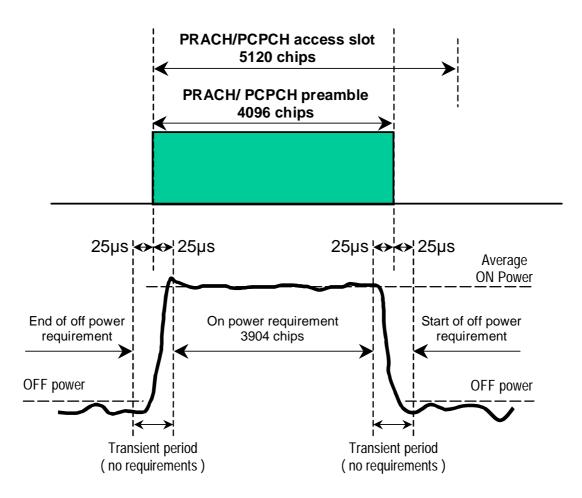


Figure 5.5.1: Transmit ON/OFF template for PRACH preambles

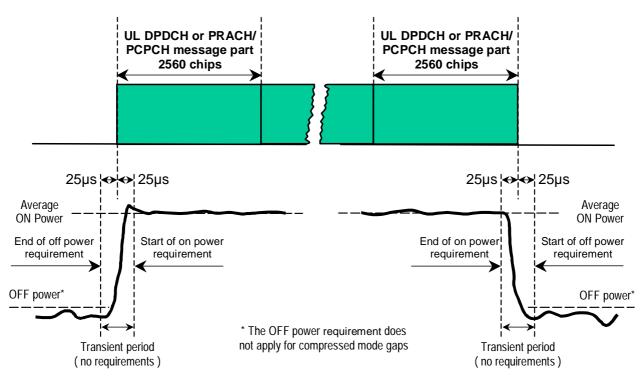


Figure 5.5.2: Transmit ON/OFF template for all other On/Off cases

OFF Power is defined in clause 5.5.1.2.

ON power is defined as the mean power. The specification depends on each possible case.

- First preamble of PRACH: Open loop accuracy (table 5.4.1.1).
- During preamble ramping of the RACH and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part: Accuracy depending on size of the required power difference (table 5.5.2.1).
- After transmission gaps in compressed mode: Accuracy as in table 5.7.1.
- Power step to Maximum Power: Maximum power accuracy (table 5.2.1).

Power difference size ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power difference tolerance [dB]
0	±1
1	±1
2	±1,5
3	±2
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	±2,5
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	±3,5
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	±4,5
$21 \le \Delta P$	±6,5

 Table 5.5.2.1: Transmitter power difference tolerance for RACH preamble ramping, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.2.1.

This is tested using PRACH operation.

5.5.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the mean power of successive slots shown in figure 5.5.1 and figure 5.5.2 meets the requirements given in 5.5.2.2.

Transmission of the wrong power increases interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink's own channel.

5.5.2.4 Method of test

5.5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to I_{or} are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to table 5.5.2.1A.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) After the UE has performed registration and entered idle mode, \hat{I}_{or} is set up according to table 5.5.2.2. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to I_{or} are set up according to clause E.2.1
- 5) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, in [3] clause 7.3.1 with channel conditions according the test parameters in table 5.5.2.3.

The RACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. The number of the available subchannels should be limited to one. This ensures that the preamble sequence is known to the SS. The preamble retransmission shall be at least 3. The power ramping step size shall be 1 dB. Note that the maximum number of preamble retransmissions is limited to 5 due to the fact that the commanded uplink power exceeds the allowed uplink power of more than 6 dB. The SS shall not send either an ACK or a NACK.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Cell type		Serving cell
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
Qqualmin	DB	-24
Qrxlevmin	DBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	DBm	21

Table 5.5.2.1A: Settings for the serving cell

Table 5.5.2.2: Test parameters for Transmit ON/OFF Time mask (UE	Table 5.5.2.2: Test	parameters for	Transmit ON/OFF	Time mask (UE)
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Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	See table 5.5.2.3	dBm / 3,84 MHz

Parameter	Power Class 1	Power Class 2	Power Class 3	Power Class 4	Unit
Î _{or} (note 1)	-106,7	-106,7	-106,7	-106,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
CPICH_RSCP (notes 1 and 2)	-110	-110	-110	-110	dBm
Primary CPICH DL TX power	+19	+19	+19	+19	dBm
Simulated path loss = Primary CPICH DL TX power +129 +129 +129 +129 dB - CPICH_RSCP					
UL interference	-86	-92	-95	-98	dBm
Constant Value	-10	-10	-10	-10	dB
Expected nominal UE TX +33 +27 +24 +21 dBm					dBm
NOTE 1: The power level of S-CCPCH should be defined because S-CCPCH is transmitted during Preamble RACH transmission period. The power level of S-CCPCH is temporarily set to –10,3 dB relative to I _{or} . However, it is necessary to check whether the above S-CCPCH level is enough to establish a connection with the reference measurement channels.					
NOTE 2: The purpose of this parameter is to calculate the Expected nominal UE TX power. NOTE 3: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop					

5.5.2.4.2 Procedure

Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector and select the test parameters of table 5.5.2.3 according to the power class. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 5.5.2.3 (-106,7 dBm / 3,84 MHz).
- 2) Measure the mean power (ON power) of the UE on the first RACH preamble or two consecutive RACH preambles. The measurements shall not include the transient periods. From the occurrence of the first RACH preamble the SS shall predict the following RACH preamble timing.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power (OFF power) in a 2368 chip time interval before a transient period of 25 µs (96 chips) prior to a RACH preamble (ON power). Measure the RRC filtered mean power (OFF power) in a 2368 chip time interval after a transient period of 25 µs (96 chips) after a RACH preamble (ON power).

5.5.2.5 Test requirements

The deviation with respect to the Expected nominal UE TX power (table 5.5.2.3), derived in step 2), shall not exceed the prescribed upper tolerance in table 5.2.2 (clause 5.2.5) and lower tolerance in table 5.4.1.1. (clause 5.4.1.2) for the first preamble, or shall meet the tolerance in table 5.5.2.1 for two consecutive preambles.

The measured RRC filtered mean power, derived in step 3), shall be less than -55 dBm. (clause 5.5.1.5).

5.6 Change of TFC

5.6.1 Definition and applicability

A change of TFC (Transport Format Combination) in uplink means that the power in the uplink varies according to the change in data rate. DTX, where the DPCH is turned off, is a special case of variable data, which is used to minimise the interference between UE(s) by reducing the UE transmit power when voice, user or control information is not present.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.6.2 Minimum requirements

A change of output power is required when the TFC, and thereby the data rate, is changed. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will vary. The power step due to a change in TFC shall be calculated in the UE so that the power transmitted on the DPCCH shall follow the inner loop power control. The step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size is specified in table 5.6.1. The power change due to a change in TFC is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from 25 μ s before the slot boundary to 25 μ s after the slot boundary.

Power control step size (Up or down) ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
0	±0,5
1	±0,5
2	±1,0
3	±1,5
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	±2,0
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	±3,0
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	±4,0
21 ≤ ΔP	±6,0

Table 5.6.1: Transmitter	power ste	p tolerance
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Clause C.2.1 defines the UL reference measurement channels (12,2 kbps) for TX test and the power ratio between DPCCH and DPDCH as -5,46 dB. Therefore, only one power control step size is selected as minimum requirement from table 5.6.1. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size is specified in table 5.6.2.

 Table 5.6.2: Transmitter power step tolerance for test

Quantized amplitude ratios β_{c} and β_{d}	Power control step size (Up or down) ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
$\beta_{c} = 0,5333, \beta_{d} = 1,0$	7	±2

The transmit power levels versus time shall meet the mask specified in figure 5.6.1.

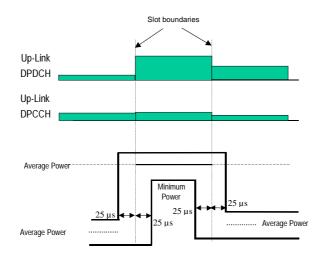


Figure 5.6.1: Transmit template during TFC change

The UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) is a fixed rate channel. Therefore, DTX, where the DPDCH is turned off, is tested, as shown in figure 5.6.2.

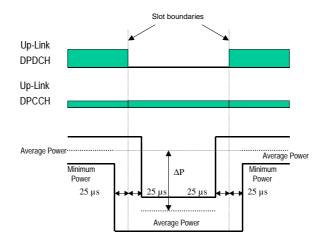


Figure 5.6.2: Transmit template during DTX

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.3.1.

5.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the tolerance of power control step size does not exceed the described value shown in table 5.6.2. To verify that the DTX ON/OFF power levels versus time meets the described mask shown in figure 5.6.2.

5.6.4 Method of test

5.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The Uplink DPCH Power Control Info shall specify the Power Control Algorithm as algorithm 2 for interpreting TPC commands.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the attenuation in the downlink signal (\hat{I}_{or}) to yield an open loop output power, measured at the UE antenna connector, of 0 dBm.
- 2) Send alternating "0" and "1" TPC commands in the downlink so as to satisfy the condition of obtaining TPC_cmd = 0.
- 3) Using the Tester, measure the mean power at the antenna connector of the UE in two cases, both DPDCH and DPCCH are ON and only DPCCH is ON. The measurements shall not include the transient periods.

5.6.5 Test requirements

The difference in mean power between DPDCH ON and OFF, derived in step 3), shall not exceed the prescribed range in table 5.6.2.

5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode

5.7.1 Definition and applicability

Compressed mode in uplink means that the power in uplink is changed.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.7.2 Minimum requirements

A change of output power is required during uplink compressed frames since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will also vary. The power step due to compressed mode shall be calculated in the UE so that the energy transmitted on the pilot bits during each transmitted slot shall follow the inner loop power control.

Thereby, the power during compressed mode, and immediately afterwards, shall be such that the mean power of the DPCCH follows the steps due to inner loop power control combined with additional steps of $10Log_{10}(N_{pilot.prev} / N_{pilot.curr})$ dB where $N_{pilot.prev}$ is the number of pilot bits in the previously transmitted slot, and $N_{pilot.curr}$ is the current number of pilot bits per slot.

The resulting step in total transmitted power (DPCCH +DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in table 5.6.1 in clause 5.6.2. The power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, when neither the original timeslot nor the reference timeslot are in a transmission gap. The transient duration is not included, and is from 25 μ s before the slot boundary to 2 5 μ s after the slot boundary.

In addition to any power change due to the ratio $N_{pilot.prev} / N_{pilot.curr}$, the mean power of the DPCCH in the first slot after a compressed mode transmission gap shall differ from the mean power of the DPCCH in the last slot before the transmission gap by an amount Δ_{RESUME} , where Δ_{RESUME} is calculated as described in clause 5.1.2.3 of TS 25.214 [5].

The resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power difference exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots shall be as specified in table 5.7.1.

Power difference (Up or down) ∆P [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance after a transmission gap [dB]
$\Delta P \leq 2$	+/- 3
3	+/- 3
$4 \le \Delta P \le 10$	+/- 3.5
$11 \le \Delta P \le 15$	+/- 4
$16 \le \Delta P \le 20$	+/- 4.5
21 ≤ ∆P	+/- 6.5

Table 5.7.1: Transmitter power difference tolerance after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots

The power difference is defined as the difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot before the transmission gap and the mean power of the target timeslot after the transmission gap, not including the transient durations. The transient durations at the start and end of the transmission gaps are each from 25 μ s before the slot boundary to 25 μ s after the slot boundary.

The transmit power levels versus time shall meet the mask specified in figure 5.7.1.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.5.4.1.

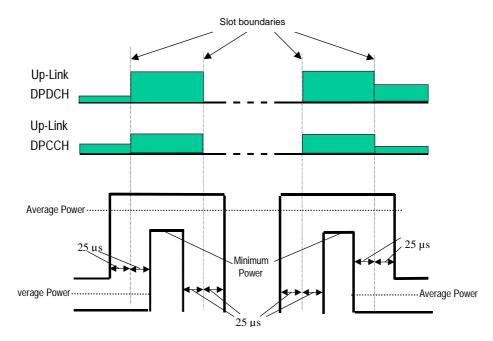


Figure 5.7.1: Transmit template during Compressed mode

For RPL (Recovery Period Length) slots after the transmission gap, where RPL is the minimum out of the transmission gap length and 7 slots, the UE shall use the power control algorithm and step size specified by the signalled Recovery Period Power Control Mode (RPP), as detailed in TS 25.214 [5] clause 5.1.2.3.

When nominal 3 dB power control steps are used in the recovery period, the transmitter mean power steps due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.7.2, and the transmitter aggregate mean power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in table 5.7.3, excluding any other power changes due, for example, to changes in spreading factor or number of pilot bits.

TPC_cmd	Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+1,5 dB	+4,5 dB
0	–0,5 dB	+0,5 dB
	–1,5 dB	-4,5 dB

 Table 5.7.2: Transmitter power control range for 3dB step size

TPC_cmd group	Transmitter power control range after 7 equal TPC_cmd groups	
	Lower	Upper
+1	+16 dB	+26 dB
0	–1 dB	+1 dB
–1	–16 dB	–26 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.4.2.1.1.

5.7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the changes in uplink transmit power in compressed mode are within the prescribed tolerances.

Excess error in transmit power setting in compressed mode increases the interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink.

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5.7.4 Method of test

5.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The 12,2 kbps UL reference measurement channel is used, with gain factors $\beta_c = 0.5333$ and $\beta_d = 1.0$ in non-compressed frames. Slot formats 0 and 0B are used on the uplink DPCCH.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.7.4.2 Procedure

- NOTE: CFNs are given in this procedure for reference as examples only. A fixed offset may be applied to the CFNs.
- 1) Before proceeding with step (3) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -36 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 2) Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the uplink power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 2 dB, and to set the compressed mode parameters shown in table 5.7.5. The contents of the message are specified in table 5.7.9. This set of compressed mode parameters defines the compressed mode pattern which is used to test the implementation of:
 - a) in steps (3) and (4), upward 3 dB output power steps and the implementation of a downward power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap, and
 - b) in steps (7) and (8), downward 3dB output power steps and the implementation of an upward power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap.

Parameter	Meaning	Value
TGPRC	Number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	1
TGCFN	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	0
TGSN	Slot number of the first transmission gap slot within the TGCFN	2
TGL1	Length of first transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	7 slots
TGL2	Length of second transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	7 slots
TGD	Duration between the starting slots of two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern	15 slots
TGPL1	Duration of transmission gap pattern 1	3 frames
TGPL2	Duration of transmission gap pattern 2	Omit
RPP	Recovery Period Power Control Mode	Mode 1
ITP	Initial Transmit Power Mode	Mode 1
UL/DL Mode	Defines whether only DL, only UL, or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used	UL/DL
Downlink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating downlink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Uplink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating uplink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Scrambling code change	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used	No code change
Downlink frame type	Downlink compressed frame structure	А
DeltaSIR	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during compressed frames	0
DeltaSIRafter	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames	0

The resulting compressed mode pattern is shown in figure 5.7.2.

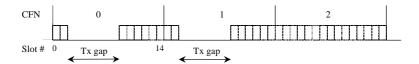


Figure 5.7.2: Pattern A for compressed mode test

3) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.6.

Table 5.7.6: TPC commands	s transmitted in downlink
---------------------------	---------------------------

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
0	01111111
1	11101010
2	101010101010101

 Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 0: Slots # 9,10,11,12,13,14 CFN 1: Slots # 0,1,9

5) Re-start the test. Before proceeding with step (7) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range 2 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to

yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.

- 6) Repeat step (2) above, with the exception that TGCFN = 3 in table 5.7.5 and table 5.7.9.
- 7) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.7.

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
3	01000000
4	00010101
5	010101010101010

Table 5.7.7: TPC commands transmitted in downlink

 Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

CFN 3: Slots # 9,10,11,12,13,14 CFN 4: Slots # 0,1,9

- 9) Re-start the test. Before proceeding with step (11) below, set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (Îor) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SS.
- 10) Transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the uplink power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB, and to set the compressed mode parameters shown in table 5.7.8. The contents of the message are specified in table 5.7.10. This set of compressed mode parameters defines the compressed mode pattern which is used to test the implementation of power steps at the start and end of compressed frames, and the implementation of a zero power change when resuming transmission after a compressed mode gap.

Parameter	Meaning	Value
TGPRC	Number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	1
TGCFN	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence	7
TGSN	Slot number of the first transmission gap slot within the TGCFN	8
TGL1	Length of first transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	14 slots
TGL2	Length of second transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern	omit
TGD	Duration between the starting slots of two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern	UNDEFINED
TGPL1	Duration of transmission gap pattern 1	4 frames
TGPL2	Duration of transmission gap pattern 2	Omit
RPP	Recovery Period Power Control Mode	Mode 0
ITP	Initial Transmit Power Mode	Mode 0
UL/DL Mode	Defines whether only DL, only UL, or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used	UL/DL
Downlink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating downlink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Uplink Compressed Mode Method	Method for generating uplink compressed mode gap	SF/2
Scrambling code change	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used	No code change
Downlink frame type	Downlink compressed frame structure	A
DeltaSIR	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during compressed frames	0
DeltaSIRafter	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames	0

Table 5.7.8: Parameters for pattern B for compressed mode test

The resulting compressed mode pattern is shown in figure 5.7.3.

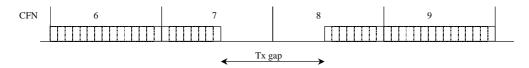


Figure 5.7.3: Pattern B for compressed mode test

11) After the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE is received, transmit TPC commands on the downlink as shown in table 5.7.8.

CFN	TPC commands in downlink
6	0000000000111
7	11111111
8	00000000
9	00011111111111

12)Measure the mean power in the following slots, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot:

 CFN 6:
 Slot # 14

 CFN 7:
 Slots # 0 and 7

 CFN 8:
 Slots # 7 and 14

 CFN 9:
 Slot # 0

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
- message aumentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
PPC magazara agguaraa numbar	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
- RRC message sequence number	internal counter.
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Integrity protection mode info	
-Ciphering mode info -Activation time	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present Not Present
-New C-RNTI -RRC State Indicator	Not Present
	CELL_DCH Not Present
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	Not Droppet
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	Net Deserve
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCCH Power offset	-6dB
-PC Preamble	1 frame
-SRB delay	7 frames
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1
-TPC step size	2dB
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Scrambling code type	Long
-Scrambling code number	0
-Number of DPDCH	1
-spreading factor	64
-TFCI existence	TRUE
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)
-Puncturing Limit	1
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	1
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	0
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	1
-TGSN	2
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	7
-TGD	15
-TGPL1	3
-TGPL2	Not Present

- RPP Mode 1 -ITP Mode 1 -CHOICE UL/DL mode UL and DL -Downlink compressed mode method SF/2 -Uplink compressed mode method SF/2 -DustaSIRafter 0 -DettaSIR1 0 -DettaSIR2 Not Present -DeltaSIR2 Not Present -DetaSIR2 Not Present -DetaSIR2 Not Present -T Reconfirm abort Not Present -T Reconfirm abort Not Present -TX Diversity Mode Not Present -Downlink information per radio link Not Present -Downlink information per radio link - -Choice mode FDD -Primary CPICH info Not Present -Downlink information dor each radio link FDD -Primary crambling code 100 -PDSCH with SHO DCH Info Not Present -Downlink DPCH info for each RL -CHOICE mode -Primary CPICH info Primary CPICH may be used -DPCH frame offset Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400 -Secondary CPICH info Not Present -Dechamelisation code Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400 -Secondary Scrambling code Not Present<	DDD	
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-Choice modeFDD-Primary CPICH info100-PDSCH with SHO DCH InfoNot Present-PDSCH code mappingNot Present-Downlink DPCH info for each RLFDD-CHOICE modeFDD-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimationPrimary CPICH may be used-DPCH frame offsetSet to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as currently stored in SS) mod 38400-Secondary CPICH infoNot Present-Secondary scrambling codeNot Present-Spreading factor128-Code number96-Scrambling code changeNo code change-TPC combination index0		
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-Spreading factor128-Code number96-Scrambling code changeNo code change-TPC combination index0	-DL channelisation code	
-Code number 96 -Scrambling code change No code change -TPC combination index 0	-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
-Scrambling code change -TPC combination index 0	-Spreading factor	128
-TPC combination index 0	-Code number	96
	-Scrambling code change	No code change
-SSDT Cell Identity Not Present	-TPC combination index	0
	-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode Not Present	-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH Not Present	-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

Table 5.7.10: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 10)				
Information Element	Value/Remark			
Message Type				
UE Information Elements				

Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Rite message sequence number	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
	Not Present
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	
PhyCH information elements	Not Dropont
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	Not Dropont
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH power control info	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCCH Power offset	-6dB
-PC Preamble	1 frame
-SRB delay	7 frames
-Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1
-TPC step size	1dB
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Scrambling code type	Long
-Scrambling code number	0
-Number of DPDCH	1
-spreading factor	
-TFCI existence	TRUE
-Number of FBI bits	Not Present(0)
-Puncturing Limit	1
Downlink radio resources	500
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Drocort
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	7
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	1
-TGSN	8
-TGL1	14 Net Decent
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	
-TGPL2	Not Present

-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	A
-DeltaSIR1	0
-DeltaSIRafter1	0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
-Downlink information per radio link list	
 Downlink information for each radio link 	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
Casandary CDICLLinta	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info -DL channelisation code	Not Present
	Not Present
-Secondary scrambling code	128
-Spreading factor -Code number	96
-Scrambling code change -TPC combination index	No code change 0
-SSDT Cell Identity	0 Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

5.7.5 Test requirements

For ease of reference, the following uplink output power measurements are defined in figure 5.7.4. In this figure:

- P_g is the RRC filtered mean power in an uplink transmission gap, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_a is the mean power in the last slot before a compressed frame (or pair of compressed frames), excluding the 25 µs transient periods.
- P_b is the mean power in the first slot of a compressed frame, excluding the 25 µs transient periods.
- P_c is the mean power in the last slot before a transmission gap, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_d is the mean power in the first slot after a transmission gap, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_e is the mean power in the last slot of a compressed frame, excluding the 25 μ s transient periods.
- P_f is the mean power in the first slot after a compressed frame (or pair of compressed frames), excluding the 25 µs transient periods.

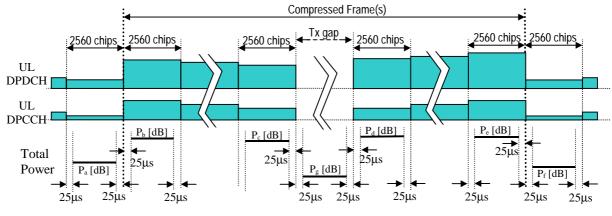


Figure 5.7.4: Uplink transmit power in uplink compressed mode

- 1. At the boundary between CFN 6 and CFN 7, $P_b P_a$ shall be within the range $+4 \pm 2$ dB.
- 2. In slot #9 of CFN 1, the power difference $P_d P_c$ from the power in slot #1 of CFN 1 shall be within the range $-11 \pm 4 \text{ dB}$.
- 3. In slot #9 of CFN 4, the power difference $P_d P_c$ from the power in slot #1 of CFN 4 shall be within the range +11 ± 4 dB.
- 4. In slot #7 of CFN 8, the power difference $P_d P_c$ from the power in slot #7 of CFN 7 shall be within the range 0 ± 3 dB.
- 5. (void)
- 6. At the boundary between CFN 8 and CFN 9, $P_f P_e$ shall be within the range -4 ± 2 dB.
- 7. In the slots between slot #10 of CFN 0 and slot #1 of CFN 1 inclusive, the change in mean power from the previous slot shall be within the range given in table 5.7.2 for TPC_cmd = +1.
- 8. The aggregate change in mean power from slot #9 of CFN 0 to slot #1 of CFN 1 shall be within the range given in table 5.7.3 for TPC_cmd = +1.
- 9. In the slots between slot #10 of CFN 3 and slot #1 of CFN 4 inclusive, the change in mean power from the previous slot shall be within the range given in table 5.7.2 for TPC_cmd = -1.
- 10. The aggregate change in mean power from slot #9 of CFN 3 to slot #1 of CFN 4 shall be within the range given in table 5.7.3 for TPC_cmd = -1.

5.8 Occupied Bandwidth (OBW)

5.8.1 Definition and applicability

Occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centred on the assigned channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.8.2 Minimum Requirements

The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.1.

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5.8.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE occupied channel bandwidth is less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps.

Excess occupied channel bandwidth increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.8.4 Method of test

5.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.8.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the power spectrum distribution within two times or more range over the requirement for Occupied Bandwidth specification centring on the current carrier frequency with 30 kHz or less RBW. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter).
- 3) Calculate the total power within the range of all frequencies measured in '2)' and save this value as "Total Power".
- 4) Sum up the power upward from the lower boundary of the measured frequency range in '2)' and seek the limit frequency point by which this sum becomes 0,5 % of "Total Power" and save this point as "Lower Frequency".
- 5) Sum up the power downward from the upper boundary of the measured frequency range in '2)' and seek the limit frequency point by which this sum becomes 0,5 % of "Total Power" and save this point as "Upper Frequency".
- 6) Calculate the difference ("Upper Frequency" "Lower Frequency" = "Occupied Bandwidth") between two limit frequencies obtained in '4)' and '5)'.

5.8.5 Test Requirements

The measured Occupied Bandwidth, derived in step 6), shall not exceed 5 MHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.9 Spectrum emission mask

5.9.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.9.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9.1.

in MHz (note 1)	Minimum requirement Band I, II, III, V, VI	Additional requirements Band II and Band V	Measurement bandwidth	
2,5 to 3.5	$\left\{-35 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-15 dBm	30 kHz (note 2)	
3,5 to 7,5	$\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-13 dBm	1 MHz (note 3)	
7,5 to 8,5	$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-13 dBm	1 MHz (note 3)	
8,5 to 12,5	–49 dBc	-13 dBm	1 MHz (note 3)	
 NOTE 1: ∆f is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measuring filter. NOTE 2: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at ∆f equals to 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz. 				
NOTE 3: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at ∆f equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz. As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth can be different from the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm/3,84 MHz or which ever is higher.				
	2,5 to 3.5 3,5 to 7,5 7,5 to 8,5 Δf is the separation betwee The first and last measure MHz. The first and last measure a general rule, the resolution bandwidth. resolution bandwidth can bandwidth is smaller than measurement bandwidth is bandwidth.	Band I, II, III, V, VI2,5 to 3.5 $\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\} dBc$ 3,5 to 7,5 $\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\} dBc$ 7,5 to 8,5 $\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\} dBc$ 8,5 to 12,5 -49 dBc Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the cThe first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filterMHz.The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter ia general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuringmeasurement bandwidth. To improve measurement accuraresolution bandwidth can be different from the measurementbandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, themeasurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent no bandwidth.	Band I, II, III, V, VIrequirements Band II and Band V2,5 to 3.5 $\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\}dBc$ -15 dBm3,5 to 7,5 $\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$ -13 dBm7,5 to 8,5 $\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$ -13 dBm δ_{5} to 12,5-49 dBc-13 dBm Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measuring The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2,5° MHz.The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 Ma general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be measurement bandwidth. To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and eff resolution bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth. When the bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be inter measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

5.9.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.9.4 Method of test

5.9.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.9.4.2 Procedure

1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.

- 2) Measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9.2. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9.2. The measured power shall be recorded for each step.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power 2) with respect to 3) in dBc.

5.9.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9.4.2 step 4) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9.2.

∆f in MHz (note 1)	Minimum requirement Band I, II, III, V, VI	Additional requirements Band II and Band V	Measurement bandwidth		
2,5 to 3,5	$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dB$	^c -15 dBm	30 kHz (note 2)		
3,5 to 7,5	$\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dB$	c -13 dBm	1 MHz (note 3)		
7,5 to 8,5	$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dB$	^c -13 dBm	1 MHz (note 3)		
8,5 to 12,5	–47,5 dBc	-13 dBm	1 MHz (note 3)		
NOTE 1: Δf is the separation betw	een the carrier frequency and the c	entre of the mea	suring filter.		
NOTE 2: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at ∆f equals to 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz.					
NOTE 3: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at ∆f equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz. As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth can be different from the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.					
The lower limit shall be -48,5 dBm/	3,84 MHz or which ever is higher.				

Table 5.9.2: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.9A Spectrum Emission Mask with HS-DPCCH

5.9A.1 Definition and applicability

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2,5 MHz and 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

Editors note: This test case is not complete.

5.9A.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in table 5.9A.1. The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5].

∆f in (Not				Additional requirements Band	Measurement bandwidth
		Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5		$\left\{-35 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-71.1 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5		$\left\{-35 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5		$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz		-49 dBc	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
 Note 1: ∆f is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth. Note 2: The minimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & VI is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power. Note 3: For operation in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power. 					
Note 4: Note 5: Note 6:	Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz. Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.				

Table 5.9A.1: Spectrum Emission	Mask Requirement
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The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.1.1.

5.9A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the power of UE emission does not exceed the prescribed limits shown in table 5.9A.1. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

Excess emission increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.9A.4 Method of test

5.9A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.

- 2) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

Note: The definition of loopback mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA will be defined in T1#27.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA which is [FFS].

5.9A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table 5.2A.3.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths according to table 5.9A.3. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 3,485 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement filter. Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4 MHz and 12 MHz shall use 1 MHz measurement bandwidth and the result may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements. The characteristic of the filter shall be approximately Gaussian (typical spectrum analyzer filter). The centre frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to table 5.9A.3. The measurement method for each step. The details of the measurement method in the presence of HSDPA is FFS.
- 5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the power 4) with respect to 5) in dBc.
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table 5.2A.3.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.9A.5 Test requirements

The result of clause 5.9A.4.2 step 6) shall fulfil the requirements of table 5.9A.3.

∆f in MHz (Note 1)		Minimum requirement (Note 2) Band I, II, III, IV, V, VI		Additional requirements	Measurement bandwidth
	Relative requirement		Absolute requirement	Band II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 to 3.5		$\left\{-33.5 - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 2.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-69.6 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 to 7.5		$\left\{-33.5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 3.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 to 8.5		$\left\{-37.5 - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz} - 7.5\right)\right\} dBc$	-54.3 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 to 12.5 MHz -47.5 dBc -54.3 dBm -13 dBm				-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
 Note 1: Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth. Note 2: The minimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & VI is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power. Note 3: For operation in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power. 					
 Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at ∆f equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz. Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at ∆f equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz. Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is 					

Table 5.9A.3: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

5.10 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)

5.10.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.10.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than -50 dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10.1.

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB

Table	5.10.1	: UE	ACLR
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NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

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NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

5.10.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.10.4 Method of test

5.10.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.10.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the RRC filtered mean power.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 4) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in '2)'and '3)'.

5.10.5 Test requirements

If the measured adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power, derived in step 3), is greater than -50,0 dBm then the measured ACLR, derived in step 4), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10.2.

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32,2 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42,2 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32,2 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42,2 dB

Table 5.10.2: UE ACLR

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

- NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.
- NOTE 4: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.10A Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH

5.10A.1 Definition and applicability

ACLR is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

Editors note: This test case is not complete.

5.10A.2 Minimum Requirements

If the adjacent channel RRC filtered mean power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 5.10A.1. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5].

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	33 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	43 dB

Table 5.10A.1: UE ACLR

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.2.2.1.

5.10A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE ACLR does not exceed prescribed limit shown in table 5.10A.1. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

Excess ACLR increases the interference to other channels or to other systems.

5.10A.4 Method of test

5.10A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- 2) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

Note: The definition of loopback mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA will be defined in T1#27.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA which is [FFS].

5.10A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table 5.2A.3.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum output as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the RRC filtered mean power. The measurement shall not include the transient periods. The details of the measurement method in the presence of HSDPA is FFS.
- 5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in step 4) and step 5).
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table 5.2A.3.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.10A.5 Test requirements

The measured ACLR, derived in step 6), shall be higher than the limit in table 5.10A.3.

Table 5.10A.3: UE ACLR

Power Class	UE channel	ACLR limit
3	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
3	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42.2 dB
4	+5 MHz or –5 MHz	32.2 dB
4	+10 MHz or –10 MHz	42.2 dB

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.11 Spurious Emissions

5.11.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The frequency boundary and the detailed transitions of the limits between the requirement for out band emissions and spectrum emissions are based on ITU-R Recommendations SM.329.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.11.2 Minimum Requirements

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	–36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	–36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 000 MHz	100 kHz	–36 dBm
1 GHz ≤ f < 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	–30 dBm

Table FAAAA Oreand		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Table 5.11.1a: General	spurious	emissions	reduirements

Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum
			requirement
1	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)
	1805 MHz \leq f \leq 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note)
	1893.5 MHz <f<1919.6 mhz<="" td=""><td>300 kHz</td><td>-41 dBm</td></f<1919.6>	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	-	-	-
III	925 MHz ≤ f ≤935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz \leq f \leq 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VI	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1893.5 MHz ≤ f≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz \leq f \leq 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
NOTE: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As			
exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements			
defined in table 5.11.1a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.6.3.1.

5.11.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE spurious emissions do not exceed described value shown in table 5.11.1a and table 5.11.1b.

Excess spurious emissions increase the interference to other systems.

5.11.4 Method of test

5.11.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.11.4.2 Procedure

1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.

2) Sweep the spectrum analyzer (or equivalent equipment) over a frequency range and measure the average power of spurious emission.

5.11.5 Test requirements

The measured average power of spurious emission, derived in step 2), shall not exceed the described value in tables 5.11.2a and 5.11.2b.

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12,5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	–36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	–36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 000 MHz	100 kHz	–36 dBm
1 GHz ≤ f < 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	–30 dBm

Table 5.11.2a: General spurious emissions test requirements

Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
I	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm (see note)
	1893.5 MHz <f<1919.6 mhz<="" td=""><td>300 kHz</td><td>-41 dBm</td></f<1919.6>	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	-	-	-
III	925 MHz ≤ f ≤935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm (see note)
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm (see note)
	2110 MHz \leq f \leq 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VI	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1893.5 MHz ≤ f≤ 1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz \leq f \leq 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
NOTE: The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 5.11.1a are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement			

Table 5.11.2b: Additional spurious emissions test requirements

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.12 Transmit Intermodulation

5.12.1 Definition and applicability

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

UE(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or Node B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE transmit intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power of the wanted signal to the RRC filtered mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.12.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE transmit intermodulation shall not exceed the described value in table 5.12.1.

CW Signal Frequency Offset from Transmitting Carrier	5MHz	10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	ference CW Signal Level -40 dBc	
Intermodulation Product	–31 dBc	–41 dBc

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.7.1.

5.12.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE transmit intermodulation does not exceed the described value in table 5.12.1.

An excess transmit intermodulation increases transmission errors in the up link own channel when other transmitter exists nearby.

5.12.4 Method of test

5.12.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.2.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.12.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Set the frequency of the CW generator to the offset 1 or offset 2 as shown in table 5.12.2.
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the UE.
- 4) Search the intermodulation product signal, then measure the RRC filtered mean power of transmitting intermodulation, and calculate the ratio with the power measured in step 3).
- 5) Repeat the measurement with another tone offset.

5.12.5 Test requirements

The ratio derived in step 4), shall not exceed the described value in table 5.12.2.

CW Signal Frequency Offset from Transmitting Carrier	5MHz	10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	-40 dBc	
Intermodulation Product	-31 dBc	-41 dBc

Table 5.12.2: Transmit Intermodulation

5.13 Transmit Modulation

Transmit modulation defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH/PCPCH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions. In cases where the mean power of the RF signal is allowed to change versus time e.g. PRACH, DPCH in compressed mode, change of TFC and inner loop power control, the EVM and Peak Code Domain Error requirements do not apply during the 25 us period before and after the nominal time when the power is expected to change.

5.13.1 Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)

5.13.1.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off α =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

For Release 99 and Release 4 the measurement interval is one timeslot.

For Release 5 and later releases where tests may include power changes, the measurement interval is further clarified as being one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25 μ s at each end of the slot. For the PRACH and PCPCH preambles the measurement interval is 4096 chips less 25 μ s at each end of the burst (3904 chips).The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

5.13.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17,5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥-20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

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5.13.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17,5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1.

An excess EVM increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

5.13.1.4 Method of test

5.13.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

5.13.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B).
- 3) Set the power level of UE to -20dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be -20dBm with ±1dB tolerance.
- 4) Repeat step 2).

5.13.1.5 Test requirements

The measured EVM, derived in step 2) and 4), shall not exceed 17,5 %. for parameters specified in table 5.13.1 Parameters for EVM.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.1A Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH

5.13.1A.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off α =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by $25 \ \mu$ s at each end of the slot.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA.

Editors note: This test case is not complete.

5.13.1A.2 Minimum Requirements

The EVM shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1A. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5].

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥-20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

Table 5.13.1A: Parameters for EVM

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.1.

5.13.1A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM does not exceed 17.5 % for the specified parameters in table 5.13.1A. This is applicable for all values of β_c , β_d and β_{hs} as specified in [5]. The maximum output power with HS-DPCCH is specified in table 5.2A.1.

An excess EVM increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

5.13.1A.4 Method of test

5.13.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH, vibration; see clauses G.2.1, G.2.2 and G.2.3.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.20.
- 2) An HSDPA call is set up according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. RF parameters are set up according to table E.5.1 and table E.5.10.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA and start the loopback test.

Note: The definition of loopback mode 2 in the presence of HSDPA will be defined in T1#27.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test mode for HSDPA which is [FFS].

5.13.1A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Send TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message to set the beta values according to table 5.2A.3.
- 2) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE output power with HS-DPCCH shall be set to maximum output as defined in table 5.2A.1.
- 3) Start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 4) Measure the EVM using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B). The details of the measurement method in the presence of HSDPA is FFS.
- 5) Set the power level of UE to -20dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be -20dBm with ±1dB tolerance.
- 6) Repeat step 4).
- 7) Repeat steps 1-6 for all the different combinations of beta values as given in table 5.2A.3.

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of TS 34.108 [3], except the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message which is defined in Annex I.

5.13.1A.5 Test requirements

The measured EVM, derived in step 4) and 6), shall not exceed 17.5 %. for parameters specified in table 5.13.1A parameters for EVM.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.2 Peak code domain error

5.13.2.1 Definition and applicability

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting power of the error vector (as defined in clause 5.13.1.1) onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes.

For Release 99 and Release 4 the measurement interval is one timeslot.

For Release 5 and later releases where tests may include power changes, the measurement interval is further clarified as being one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by $25 \ \mu s$ at each end of the slot.

The requirements and this test apply only to the UE in which the multi-code DPDCH transmission is provided and therefore does not apply for the PRACH and PCPCH preamble and message parts.

5.13.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB at spreading factor 4 for the parameters specified in table 5.13.3.The requirements are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps) specified in clause C.2.5.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Output power	≥-20	dBm
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Power control step size	1	dB

Table 5.13.3: Parameters for Peak code domain error

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.3.1.

5.13.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE peak code domain error does not exceed -15 dB for the specified parameters in table 5.13.3.

An excess peak code domain error increases transmission errors in the up link own channel.

5.13.2.4 Method of test

5.13.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, and RF parameters are set up according to table 5.13.4.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 5.13.4: Test parameters for Peak code domain error

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Operating conditions	Normal conditions	
Uplink signal	multi-code	
Information bit rate	2*384	kbps
Power control step size	1	dB

5.13.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the Peak code Domain error using Global In-Channel Tx-Test (annex B).
- 3) Set the power level of UE to -20dBm or send Down power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power shall be-20dBm with ±1dB tolerance.
- 4) Repeat step 2).

5.13.2.5 Test requirements

The measured Peak code domain error, derived in step 2) and 4), shall not exceed -14 dB.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

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5.13.3 UE phase discontinuity

5.13.3.1 Definition and applicability

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between any two adjacent timeslots. The EVM for each timeslot (excluding the transient periods of 25 μ s on either side of the nominal timeslot boundaries) shall be measured according to subclause 5.13.2. The frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing used to minimise the error vector are chosen independently for each timeslot. The phase discontinuity result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the preceding timeslot, and the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the succeeding timeslot.

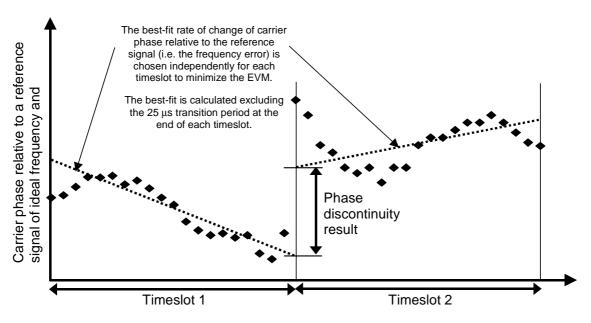


Figure 5.13.3.1 Graphical description of phase discontinuity

The best-fit rate of change of phase for each timeslot is calculated using the same process as used to minimize the EVM. This best-fit rate of change of phase is by definition the frequency error result for the timeslot. Due to the presence of power steps in the test, the data used for the best-fit calculation shall exclude the 25µs transition period at the beginning and end of each timeslot. The best-fit rate of change of phase for each timeslot is then extrapolated in both directions onto the timeslot boundaries. The phase discontinuity result at any one slot boundary is the difference between the extrapolated phase at the end of the timeslot preceding the slot boundary and the extrapolated phase at the start of the timeslot following the slot boundary.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and later releases.

5.13.3.2 Minimum requirements

The rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 5.13.1 shall not exceed the values specified in table 5.13.2. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC) and compressed mode are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses TS 25.101 [1] 6.3 and TS 25.101 [1] 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

Table 5.13.1: Parameters	for Phase discontinuity
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Parameter	Unit	Level
Power control step size	dB	1

Phase discontinuity Δθ in degrees	Maximum allowed rate of occurrence in Hz
$\Delta \theta \leq 30$	1500
$30 < \Delta \theta \le 60$	300
$\Delta \theta > 60$	0

Table 5.13.2: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.4.

5.13.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE phase discontinuity is within the limits shown in clause 5.13.3.2.

To verify that any timeslot used in the calculation of a phase discontinuity result also passes the frequency error and EVM requirements referenced in clause 5.3 2 and 5.13.3.2.

5.13.3.4 Method of test

5.13.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure using power control algorithm 1 as specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

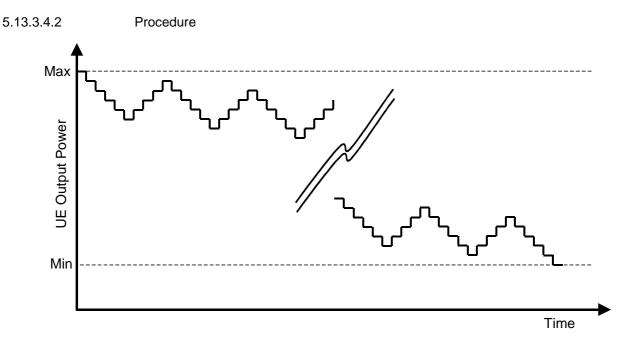


Figure 5.13.3.4 Five down four up hysteresis test pattern

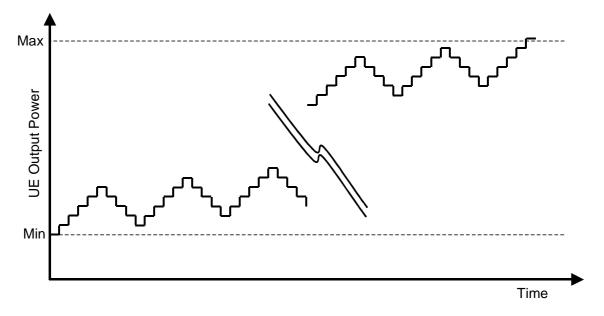


Figure 5.13.3.5 Five up four down hysteresis test pattern

- 1) Set the power of the UE to max power using continuous up TPC commands.
- 2) Transmit a sequence of five down four up TPC commands as shown in figure 5.13.3.4 until the UE has reached the minimum power defined in 5.4.3.
- 3) During step 2 starting with the slot before the first down power step, measure the EVM of each slot and the phase discontinuity to the next slot.
- 4) Transmit a sequence of five up four down TPC commands as shown in figure 5.13.3.5 until the UE has reached its maximum power.
- 5) During step 4 starting with the slot before the first up power step, measure the EVM of each slot and the phase discontinuity to the next slot.
- NOTE: In order to make it practical to measure the entire power control dynamic range (between min power threshold and max power threshold with suitable margins), it is permissible to segment the power control sequences into smaller subsequences. Except when within 5 dB of the upper or lower thresholds, segmentation will require sufficient overlap such that every power step in one direction is followed by four steps in the other direction.

5.13.3.5 Test requirements

- a) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5, the EVM of every measured slot which is above -20 dBm shall not exceed 17.5%
- b) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5, the Frequency error of every measured slot shall not exceed 0.1 PPM.
- c) During 5.13.3.4.2 step 3, and step 5; the phase discontinuity measurements made between any two adjacent slots shall be less than or equal to 30 degrees. If a phase discontinuity measurement is greater than 30 degrees and less than or equal to 60 degrees then the next four measurements shall be less than or equal to 30 degrees. No measurement shall exceed 60 degrees.
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality

5.13.4.1 Definition and applicability

PRACH preamble quality is a measure of the ability of the UE to transmit the PRACH preamble in accordance with the core requirements so that the Node B can reliably decode the PRACH.

This test applies to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE from Release 5 onwards.

5.13.4.2 Minimum requirements

The EVM of the PRACH preamble observed over the interval of 3904 chips (i.e. excluding the transient periods) shall not exceed 17.5%.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.8.2.

The UE modulated carrier frequency used to transmit the PRACH preamble observed over the interval of 3904 chips (i.e. excluding the transient periods) shall be within \pm 0.1 PPM compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 6.3.

The PRACH preamble shall be transmitted in the correct access slot using the correct signature as defined by the parameters signalled to the UE.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.214 [5] clause 6.1 physical random access procedure.

5.13.4.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the transmission quality of the first PRACH preamble meets the minimum requirements for modulation quality, carrier frequency, access slot and signature as defined in 5.13.4.2. The UE is tested at nominal maximum output power and nominally 5 dB above reference sensitivity, which simulates operation towards the cell boundary. The access slot and signature are chosen randomly from the allowed possibilities for each execution of the RACH procedure. There are 384 possible configurations that could be chosen, but only 10 of these are randomly selected for test in order to minimize the test time.

5.13.4.4 Method of test

5.13.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.
- 2) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure, using the modified parameters according to table 5.13.4.1 and table 5.13.4.2. The relative power levels of the downlink physical channels to I_{or} are set up according to clause E.2.1. The physical random access procedure within the call setup is used for the test.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and 25.214 [5] for details of the physical random access procedure.

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Static Parameters	Power Class 1	Power Class 2	Power Class 3	Power Class 4	Unit		
Î _{or}	-101,7	-101,7	-101,7	-101,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Nominal CPICH_RSCP	-105	-105	-105	-105	dBm		
Primary CPICH TX power	+24	+24	+24	+24	dBm		
Simulated path loss = Primary CPICH TX power – CPICH_RSCP	+129	+129	+129	+129	dB		
UL interference	-86	-92	-95	-98	dBm		
Constant Value	-10 -10 -10 dB						
Expected nominal UE TX +33 +27 +24 +21 dBm							
Preamble Retrans Max 1							
NOTE 1: The Expected nominal UE TX power is calculated by using the equation in the clause 8.5.7 Open Loop Power Control of TS 25.331 [8].							

Table 5.13.4.2: Random test parameters for PRACH quality
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Random Parameters ¹	Value			
Available RACH Sub	One sub-channel chosen at random from the 12-bit Available sub channel number			
Channels				
Available PRACH Signatures One signature chosen at random from the 16-bit Available signature number				
AICH transmission timing	Chosen at random from the range 0 to1			
NOTE 1: In order to avoid a static test configuration, each time the RACH procedure is executed, the parameters in				
this table are to be chosen at random from the defined range. The random function used shall be such that				
each of the allowed selections is chosen with equal probability.				

Table 5.13.4.3: PAGING TYPE 1 Message content

Information Element	Value/remark
BCCH modification info	
MIB Value Tag	Set to the same value as the value tag of the MIB after
	the BCCH modification
BCCH Modification time	Not present

5.13.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 5.13.4.1 depending on the power class of the UE.
- 2) The SS shall initiate a call and measure the first RF transmission from the UE.
- 3) The SS shall determine the access slot used, the received signature, the EVM and the frequency error.
- 4) Choose a new set of parameters from table 5.13.4.2
- 5) Send PAGING TYPE 1 message with BCCH modification info as per table 5.13.4.3.
- 6) Wait 5seconds to allow the UE to read the new SIB 5.
- 7) Repeat from step number 2) ten times.

5.13.4.5 Test requirements

For all the transmitted PRACH preambles measured in 5.13.4.4.2 step 3:

- 1) The EVM shall not exceed 17,5 %.
- 2) The frequency error shall not exceed $\pm (0,1 \text{ ppm} + 10 \text{ Hz})$.

- 3) The detected access slot and signature shall be correct according to the physical random access procedure defined in [5].
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6 Receiver Characteristics

6.1 General

Receiving performance test of the UE is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function (Refer to TS 34.109 [4])

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in table 6.1.

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	UL DPCH bit rate	Remarks
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Table 6.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. Receiver characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

With the exception of clause 6.8, all the parameters in clause 6 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps) specified in clause C.3.1 and unless stated otherwise, with DL power control OFF.

The common RF test conditions of Rx Characteristics are defined in clause E.3.2, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 6) should refer clause E.3.2. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

All Bit Error ratio (BER) measurements in clause 6 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6

6.2 Reference Sensitivity Level

6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> is the minimum mean power received at the UE antenna port at which the Bit Error Ratio (BER) shall not exceed a specific value

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.

Table 6.2.1: Test parameters for Reference Sensitivity Level

Operating Band	Unit	DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	
I, VI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-117	-106.7	
II	dBm/3.84 MHz	-115	-104.7	
111	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114	-103.7	
V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-115	-104.7	
 For Power class 3 this shall be at the maximum output power For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power 				

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.3.1.

6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.

The lack of the reception sensitivity decreases the coverage area at the far side from Node B.

6.2.4 Method of test

6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.3.
- 2) Channel conditions are initially set up with received CPICH_RSCP >-85 dBm. The relative power level of downlink physical channels to Ior are set up according to clause E.2.1. The parameter settings of the cell are set up according to TS 34.108, clause 6.1.5 for 'Default settings for a serving cell in a single cell environment'.
- 3) Switch on the phone.
- 4) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure in [3] clause 7.3.1.
- 5) The RF parameters are set up according to table 6.2.2.
- 6) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test.

6.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UE until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 2) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.2.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0,001.

Operating Band	Unit	DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	
I, VI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-116.3	-106	
II	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104	
V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114.3	-104	
III dBm/3.84 MHz -113.3 -103				
 For Power class 3 this shall be at the maximum output power For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power 				

Table 6.2.2: Test parameters for Reference Sensitivity Level

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.3 Maximum Input Level

6.3.1 Definition and applicability

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified BER performance.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.1.

NOTE: Since the spreading factor is large (10log(SF)=21dB), the majority of the total input signal consists of the OCNS interference. The structure of OCNS signal is defined in clause E.3.3.

6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B

6.3.4 Method of test

6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.3.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.3.3 and table E.3.3.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

Table 6.3.1 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

 Table 6.3.2: Test parameters for Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	-25	dBm / 3,84MHz
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	–19	dB
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

6.3.4.2 Procedure

- Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3.3 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 2) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.3.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
Î _{or}	-25.7	dBm / 3,84MHz
$\boxed{\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}}$	-19	dB
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

Table 6.3.3: Test requirements for Maximum Input Level

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.3A Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)

6.3A.1 Definition and applicability

Maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception is defined as the maximum power received at the UE antenna port, which shall not degrade the specified HSDPA throughput performance. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA FDD UE that support HSDPA(16QAM).

6.3A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 (16QAM version) specified in Annex C.8.1.1 with the addition of the parameters in Table 6.3A.1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3A.2. The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.4.2.

Table 6.3A.1 Minimum requirement parameters for 16QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Unit	Value		
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25 *		
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)		
power	ubiii	18 (for Power class 4)		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13		
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13		
Redundancy and		6		
constellation version				
Maximum number of		1		
HARQ transmissions				
Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted				
continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the				
identity of the UE under test every third TTI.				

Table 6.3A.2 Minimum throughput requirement

HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps)
-3	700

6.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE HSDPA throughput meets the minimum requirements specified in table 6.3A.2 for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 specified in Annex C.8.1.1 with the addition of the parameters specified in table 6.3A.4.

An inadequate maximum input level causes loss of coverage near the Node B.

6.3A.4 Method of test

6.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

RF parameters are given in tables 6.3A.4 and table E.5.1.

Table 6.3A.3 Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

6.3A.4.2 Procedure

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.3.

1) The UE is switched on.

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- 2) An RRC connection is set-up according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3]. Additional radio bearer message definition is in table 6.3A.3
- 3) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.3A.4 and send power control commands to the UE .The UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 4). Measure the HS-PDSCH throughput *R* received by the UE by counting the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH (Throughput = blocksize*number of blocks acknowledged/time).
- 5) The UE is switched off.

6.3A.5 Test requirements

The measured throughput, as derived in step 4), shall meet or exceed 700Kbit/second. The minimum number of measurements required for a statistically significant result to this test are clarified in annex F.6.3, Table F.6.3.5.1.

Table 6.3A.4: Test requirement parameters for 16QAM Maximum Input Level

Parameter	Unit	Value		
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25.7		
UE transmitted mean	dPm	20 (for Power class 3)		
power	dBm	18 (for Power class 4)		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13		
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13		
Redundancy and constellation version		6		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1		
Note: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-DSCH shall be transmitted				
continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the				
identity of the UE under test every third TTI.				

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.4 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

6.4.1 Definition and applicability

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.4.2 Minimum Requirements

For the UE of power class 3 and 4, the BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.4.1. This test condition is equivalent to the ACS value 33 dB.

Table 6.4.1: Test parameters for	Adjacent Channel Selectivity	y for Release 99 and Release 4.
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Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-103	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Î _{or}	-92,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
loac mean power (modulated)	-52	dBm
F _{uw} (offset)	-5 or +5	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

Table 6.4.1.a: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for release 5 and later releases

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 14 dB</refî<sub>	REFÎ _{or} > + 41 dB
Ioac mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
LIE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	20 (for Power class 3)
UE transmitted mean power	UDIII	18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.5.1.

NOTE: The I_{oac} (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

6.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the test parameters specified in table 6.4.1.

The lack of the ACS decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists in the adjacent channel.

6.4.4 Method of test

6.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.4.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.4.2.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

Table 6.4.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.4.4.2 Procedure for release 99 and release 4

- 1) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.4.4.3 Procedure for release 5 and later releases

- 1) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2A case 1.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2A case 1 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 4) Set the parameters of the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.4.2A case 2.
- 5) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.4.2A case 2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 6) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.4.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.4.2: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 99 and Release 4.

Parameter	Level / Status	Unit
DPCH_Ec	-103	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Î _{or}	-92,7	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Ioac mean power (modulated)	-52	dBm
F _{uw} (offset)	–5 or +5	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

Table 6.4.2A: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity for Release 5 and later releases

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 14 dB</refî<sub>	REFÎ _{or} > + 41 dB
Ioac mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	20 (for Power class 3)
OE transmitted mean power	ubiii	18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.5 Blocking Characteristics

6.5.1 Definition and applicability

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

The requirements in clause 6.5.2.1 and 6.5.2.2 and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

The requirements in clause 6.5.2.3 and this test apply to the FDD UE supporting band II, band III or Band V.

6.5.2 Minimum Requirements

6.5.2.1 Minimum Requirements (In-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.1.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.1.

NOTE: I_{blocking} (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E3.6.

Parameter	Unit	Level		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>		
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>		
I _{blocking} mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56 -44 (for F _{uw} offset ±10 MHz) (for F _{uw} offset ±15		
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)		

Table 6.5.1: Test parameters for In-band blocking characteristics

6.5.2.2 Minimum requirements (Out of-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.2. For table 6.5.2 up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.2.

Parameter	Unit	Frequency range 1	Frequency range 2	Frequency range 3	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	
Iblocking (CW)	dBm	-44	-30	-15	
F _{uw} (Band I operation)	MHz	2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f <2255</f></td><td>1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750</td></f></f>	2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f <2255</f>	1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band II operation)	MHz	1870 <f <1915<br="">2005<f <2050<="" td=""><td>1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f <2075</f></td><td>1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750</td></f></f>	1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f <2075</f>	1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band III operation)	MHz	1745 <f <1790<br="">1895<f <1940<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f < 1965</f></td><td>1< f ≤1720 1965≤f<12750</td></f></f>	1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f < 1965</f>	1< f ≤1720 1965≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band V operation)	MHz	809< f <854 909< f <954	784< f ≤809 954≤ f < 979	1< f ≤784 979≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band VI operation)	MHz	815 < f < 860 900 < f < 945	790 < f ≤ 815 945 ≤ f < 970	1 < f ≤ 790 970 ≤ f < 12750	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)			
Band I operation	For 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band II operation	For 1915≤f ≤2005 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied				
Band III operation	For 1790≤f ≤1895 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band V operation	For $854 \le 4 \le 909$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 6.5.2 and subclause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band VI operation	For 860 \leq f \leq 900 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				

Table 6.5.2: Test parameters f	or Out of band blocking characteristics
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6.5.2.3 Minimum requirements (Narrow band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.3. This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing. The requirements and this test apply to UTRA for the FDD UE supporting band II, band III or band V.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.6.3

Parameter	Unit	Band II and Band V	Band III
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>
Iblocking (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	
power	ubiii	18 (for Power class 4)	

NOTE: I_{blocking} (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004. It is a GMSK modulated carrier following the structure of the GSM signals, but with all modulating bits (including the midamble period) derived directly from a random or pseudo random data stream.

6.5.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.1, table 6.5.2 and table 6.5.3. For table 6.5.2 up to (24) exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size.

The lack of the blocking ability decreases the coverage area when other transmitter exists (except in the adjacent channels and spurious response).

6.5.4 Method of test

6.5.4.1 Initial conditions

For in-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For out-of-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequency to be tested: 1 arbitrary frequency chosen from the low, mid or high range; see clause G.2.4.

For narrow-band case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.5.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.5.4, table 6.5.5 and table 6.5.6.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS34.108[3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.5.3A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the CW generator or the interference signal generator as shown in table 6.5.4, 6.5.5 and table 6.5.6. For table 6.5.5, the frequency step size is 1 MHz.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.5.4, table 6.5.5, and table 6.5.6, or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.
- 4) For table 6.5.5, record the frequencies for which BER exceed the test requirements.

6.5.5 Test requirements

For table 6.5.4, the measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0.001. For table 6.5.5, the measured BER, derived in step 2) shall not exceed 0,001 except for the spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3). The number of spurious response frequencies, recorded in step 3) shall not exceed 24. For table 6.5.6, the measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0.001.

Parameter	Unit	Level		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>		
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>		
I _{blocking} mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56 (for F _{uw} offset ±10 MHz)	-44 (for F _{uw} offset ±15 MHz)	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)		

Table 6.5.4: Test parameters for In-band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Frequency range 1	Frequency range 2	Frequency range 3	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 3 dB</refî<sub>	
Iblocking (CW)	dBm	-44	-30	-15	
F _{uw} (Band I operation)	MHz	2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f <2255</f></td><td>1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750</td></f></f>	2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f <2255</f>	1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band II operation)	MHz	1870 <f <1915<br="">2005<f <2050<="" td=""><td>1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f <2075</f></td><td>1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750</td></f></f>	1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f <2075</f>	1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band III operation)	MHz	1745 <f <1790<br="">1895<f <1940<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f < 1965</f></td><td>1< f ≤1720 1965≤f<12750</td></f></f>	1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f < 1965</f>	1< f ≤1720 1965≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band V operation)	MHz	809< f <854 909< f <954	784< f ≤809 954≤ f < 979	1< f ≤784 979≤f<12750	
F _{uw} (Band VI operation)	MHz	815 < f < 860 900 < f < 945	790 < f ≤ 815 945 ≤ f < 970	1 < f ≤ 790 970 ≤ f < 12750	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)			
Band I operation	For 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band II operation	For 1915≤f ≤2005 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied				
Band III operation	For 1790≤f ≤1895 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in clause 6.5.2 and clause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band V operation	For $854 \le 1 \le 909$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 6.5.2 and subclause 6.4.2 shall be applied.				
Band VI operation	For 860 <f<875 6.4.2="" 6.5.2="" 885<f<900="" adjacent="" and="" applied<="" appropriate="" be="" blocking="" channel="" in="" in-band="" mhz="" mhz,="" or="" selectivity="" shall="" subclause="" td="" the=""></f<875>				

Parameter	Unit	Band II and Band V	Band III
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>
I _{blocking} (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56
F _{uw} (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	
power	UDIII	18 (for Powe	er class 4)

Table 6.5.6: Test parameters for narrow band blocking

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.6 Spurious Response

6.6.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit is not met.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.6.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.6.1.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.7.1.

Parameter	Level	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	dBm / 3,84MHz
Î _{or}	<refî<sub>or> +3 dB</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84MHz
I _{blocking} (CW)	-44	dBm
Fuw	Spurious response frequencies	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3)	dBm
	18 (for Power class 4)	

Table 6.6.1: Test parameters for Spurious Response

6.6.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.6.1.

The lack of the spurious response ability decreases the coverage area when other unwanted interfering signal exists at any other frequency.

6.6.4 Method of test

6.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequency to be tested: the same frequency as chosen in clause 6.5.4.1 for Blocking characteristics out-of-band case.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.6.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.6.2.

- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Table 6.6.1A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameter of the CW generator as shown in table 6.6.2. The spurious response frequencies are determined in step 3) of clause 6.5.4.2.
- 2) Set the power level of UE according to the table 6.6.2 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.6.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 2), shall not exceed 0,001.

Parameter	Level	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	dBm / 3,84MHz
Î _{or}	<refî<sub>or> +3 dB</refî<sub>	dBm / 3,84MHz
I _{blocking} (CW)	-44	dBm
F _{uw}	Spurious response frequencies	MHz
UE transmitted mean power	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	dBm

Table 6.6.2: Test parameters for Spurious Response

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics

6.7.1 Definition and applicability

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE. The test parameters in tables 6.7.2 and 6.7.4 applies to the FDD UE supporting Band II, Band III or Band V.

6.7.2 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.7.1 and in table 6.7.2.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.8.1 and clause 7.8.2.

NOTE: I_{ouw2} (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in table E.4.1 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.

Parameter	Le	vel	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsei< td=""><td>NS> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3,84 MHz</td></refsei<>	NS> +3 dB	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Îor	<refî₀< td=""><td>r> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3,84 MHz</td></refî₀<>	r> +3 dB	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I _{ouw1} (CW)	-	46	dBm
I _{ouw2} mean power (modulated)	-	46	dBm
F _{uw1} (offset)	10	-10	MHz
F _{uw2} (offset)	20	-20	MHz
UE transmitted mean power		wer class 3) wer class 4)	dBm

Table 6.7.1: Test parameters for Intermodulation Characteristics

Table 6.7.2: Test parameters for narrow band intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Band II and Band V		Band III		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsen< td=""><td colspan="2"><refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens></td><td>IS>+ 10 dB</td></refsen<>	<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		IS>+ 10 dB	
Î _{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or></refî<sub>	<REFÎ _{or} > + 10 dB		[<refî<sub>or> +10 dB</refî<sub>	
I _{ouw1} (CW)	dBm	-4	-44		-43	
Iouw2 (GMSK)	dBm	-4	-44		-43	
F _{uw1} (offset)	MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6	
F _{uw2} (offset)	MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0	
UE transmitted mean	dBm		20 (for Pov	wer class 3)		
power	UBIII	18 (for Power class 4)				

NOTE: I_{ouw2} (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004. It is a GMSK modulated carrier following the structure of the GSM signals, but with all modulating bits (including the midamble period) derived directly from a random or pseudo random data stream.

6.7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE BER does not exceed 0,001 for the parameters specified in table 6.7.1 and in table 6.7.2.

The lack of the intermodulation response rejection ability decreases the coverage area when two or more interfering signals, which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal, exist.

6.7.4 Method of test

6.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.7.
- 2) RF parameters are set up according to table 6.7.3 and table 6.7.4.
- 3) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2, with the following exception for information elements in RADIO BEARER SETUP message. With this exception, the Power Control Algorithm for the Uplink is set to algorithm 2.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

Information Element	Value/Remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2

Table 6.7.2A Contents of RADIO BEARER SETUP message: AM or UM

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

6.7.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the parameters of the CW generator and interference signal generator as shown in table 6.7.3 and in table 6.7.4.
- Set the power level of UE according to the tables 6.7.3, and table 6.7.4 or send the power control commands (1dB step size should be used.) to the UE until UE output power measured by Test System shall be kept at the specified power level with ±1dB tolerance.
- 3) Measure the BER of DCH received from the UE at the SS.

6.7.5 Test requirements

The measured BER, derived in step 1), shall not exceed 0,001.

Table 6.7.3: Test parameters for Intermodulation Characteristics

Parameter	Le	vel	Unit
DPCH_Ec	<refsei< td=""><td>NS> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3.84 MHz</td></refsei<>	NS> +3 dB	dBm / 3.84 MHz
Îor	<refî₀< td=""><td>_r> +3 dB</td><td>dBm / 3.84 MHz</td></refî₀<>	_r > +3 dB	dBm / 3.84 MHz
I _{ouw1} (CW)	-	46	dBm
I _{ouw2} mean power (modulated)	_	46	dBm
F _{uw1} (offset)	10	-10	MHz
F _{uw2} (offset)	20	-20	MHz
UE transmitted mean power		wer class 3) wer class 4)	dBm

Table 6.7.4: Test parameters for narrow band intermodulation characteristics
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Parameter	Unit	Band II an	d Band V	Bai	nd III
DPCH_Ec	DdBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>		<refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens>	
Î _{or}	DdBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or> + 10 dB</refî<sub>		[<refî<sub>or> +10 dB</refî<sub>	
I _{ouw1} (CW)	dBm	-44		-43	
I _{ouw2} (GMSK)	dBm	-44		-	43
F _{uw1} (offset)	MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6
F _{uw2} (offset)	MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)			
power	dBill	18 (for Power class 4)			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

6.8 Spurious Emissions

6.8.1 Definition and applicability

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

6.8.2 Minimum Requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.8.1 and table 6.8.2.

Table 6.8.1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

Operating band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
1	1 920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 980 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	2 110 MHz \leq f \leq 2 170 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
III	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
V	824 MHz \leq f \leq 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VI	830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 840 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	$2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 7.9.1.

6.8.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE spurious emission meets the specifications described in clause 6.8.2.

Excess spurious emissions increase the interference to other systems.

6.8.4 Method of test

6.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect a spectrum analyzer (or other suitable test equipment) to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8.
- 2) RF parameters are setup according to table E.3.2.2. Settings for the serving cell are defined in table 6.8.2A.
- 3) A call is set up according to the setup procedure specified in TS34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.5, with the following exceptions for information elements in System Information Block type3.

SIB 3 Information Element	Value/Remark
- Cell selection and re-selection info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Sintrasearch	0 dB
- Sintersearch	0 dB
- RAT List	This parameter is not present
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	Power level where Pcompensation=0

The exceptions for SIB1 are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.5.2.

NOTE: The setup procedure (3) sets the UE into the CELL_FACH state. With this state and the SS level (2) it is ensured that UE continuously monitors the S-CCPCH and no cell reselections are performed [see 3GPP TS 25.304, clauses 5.2.3.and 5.2.6]. The UE will not be transmitting, and therefore will not interfere with the measurement.

Table 6.8.2A: Settings for the serving cell during the measurement of Rx Spurious Emissions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
Cell type		Serving cell		
UTRA RF Channel Number		As defined in clause 6.8.4.1		
Qqualmin	dB	-24		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	+21		
CPICH Ec (see notes 1 and 2)	dBm/3.84	As defined in table E.3.2.2		
	MHz			
NOTE 1: The power level is specified in terms of CPICH_Ec instead of CPICH_RSCP as RSCP				
is a receiver measurement and only CPICH_Ec can be directly controlled by the SS.				
NOTE 2: The cell fulfils TS 25.	304, 5.2.3.1.2			

6.8.4.2 Procedure

1) Sweep the spectrum analyzer (or equivalent equipment) over a frequency range and measure the average power of spurious emission.

6.8.5 Test requirements

It shall be verified that the RRC connection release at the end of the procedure described in 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.5.3 shall be completed successfully indicating that the UE has stayed in CELL_FACH state during the measurement of the spurious emissions.

The measured spurious emissions, derived in step 1), shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.8.3 and table 6.8.4.

Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12,75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

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Operating Band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
I	1 920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 980 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	2 110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2 170 MHz	3,84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
III	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
V	824 MHz ≤ f ≤ 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
VI	830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 840 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	2110 MHz \leq f \leq 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	

Table 6.8.4: Additiona	l receiver sourious	e omission ro	auiromonte
	i ieceivei spuilous	5 611133101116	quirements

- NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- NOTE 2: The Test Requirements are measured in the CELL_FACH state instead of in the UE states defined in the Minimum Requirement because the CELL_FACH state ensures that the UE receiver is continuously on and the UE transmitter is off whilst the spectrum analyser searches for spurious emissions. The UE states defined in the Minimum Requirement allow the UE receiver to be in discontinuous reception, and using those UE states during the measurement would have resulted in a complicated and significantly lengthened test procedure since the UE receiver would be allowed to be switched off part of the time.

7 Performance requirements

7.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in annex C and table 7.1.1, the propagation conditions specified in clause 7.1.2 and the Down link Physical channels specified in annex D. Unless stated otherwise, DL power control is OFF.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

The method for Block Error Ratio (BLER) measurement is specified in 3GPP TS 34.109 [4].

Type of User Information	User bit rate	DL DPCH symbol rate	DL DPCH bit rate	TTI (ms)
12,2 kbps reference measurement channel	12,2 kbps	30 ksps	60 kbps	20
64/144/384 kbps reference measurement channel	64 kbps	120 ksps	240 kbps	20
144kbps reference measurement channel	144 kbps	240 ksps	480 kbps	20
384 kbps reference measurement channel	384 kbps	480 ksps	960 kbps	10

Table 7.1.1: Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

The common RF test conditions of Performance requirement are defined in clause E.3.3, and each test conditions in this clause (clause 7) should refer clause E.3.3. Individual test conditions are defined in the paragraph of each test.

All Block Error ratio (BLER) measurements in clause 7 shall be performed according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex F.6

7.1.1 Measurement Configurations

It as assumed that fields inside DPCH have the same energy per PN chip. Also, if the power of S-CCPCH is not specified in the test parameter table, it should be set to zero. The power of OCNS should be adjusted that the power ratios (E_c/I_{or}) of all specified downlink channels add up to one.

Measurement configurations for different scenarios are shown in figure A.9, figure A.10 and figure A.11.

Note 1: If tests are performed with maximum UE output power it is known that this may cause a good UE to fail at least for tests in sections 7.7 and 7.10.

Note 2: The UE output power needs to be high enough so that uplink transmission can be received error free in the SS.

7.1.2 Definition of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) Interferer

The minimum bandwidth of the AWGN interferer shall be 1,5 times chip rate of the radio access mode (e.g. 5,76 MHz for a chip rate of 3,84 Mcps). The flatness across this minimum bandwidth shall be less than $\pm 0,5$ dB and the peak to average ratio at a probability of 0,001 % shall exceed 10 dB.

7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation conditions

7.2.1 Demodulation of Dedicated Channel (DCH)

7.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in the static environment is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.1.1 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.2.1.2. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 7.2.1.1: DCH parameters	s in static	propagation of	conditions
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Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-1			dB	
I _{oc}	-60			dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.2.1.2: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
1	–16,6 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–12,8 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–9,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,8 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–5,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,5 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.2.3.1.

7.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a static propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.2.1.4 Method of test

7.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.2.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

7.2.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

I

7.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.1.3 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-E_c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.2.1.4. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 7.2.1.3: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions	Table 7.2.1.3:	DCH parameters	in static propagation	conditions
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Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-(),7		dB
I _{oc}		_	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER	
	I _{or}		
1	–16,5 dB	10 ⁻²	
2	–13,0 dB	10 ⁻¹	
	–12,7 dB	10 ⁻²	
3	–9,8 dB	10 ⁻¹	
	–9,7 dB	10 ⁻²	

Table 7.2.1.4: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

-5,5 dB

-5,4 dB

<u>10⁻¹</u> 10⁻²

7.3 Demodulation of DCH in Multi-path Fading Propagation conditions

4

7.3.1 Single Link Performance

7.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristics of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in tables 7.3.1.1, 7.3.1.3, 7.3.1.5, 7.3.1.7 and 7.3.1.9 the average downlink $DPCH_{-E_c}$

power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in tables 7.3.1.2, 7.3.1.4, 7.3.1.6, 7.3.1.8 and 7.3.1.10. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9				dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.1: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Table 7.3.1.2: DCH requirements in multi-path	fading propagation conditions	(Case	1)
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Test Number	\underline{DPCH}_{E_c}	BLER
	I _{or}	
1	–15,0 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–10,0 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-6,8 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–6,3 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,2 dB	10 ⁻²

	Table 7.3.1.3: DCH	parameters in multi-path	fading propagation	conditions (Case 2)
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Parameter	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Unit
Phase reference		P-CP	ICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-3	-3	3	6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	0		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.4: DCH requirements in mu	lti-path fading propa	agation conditions (Case 2)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
5	-7,7 dB	10 ⁻²
6	-6,4 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,7 dB	10 ⁻²
7	–8,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,1 dB	10 ⁻²
8	–5,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–3,2 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.5: DCH parameters in multi-path	fading propagation conditions (C	Case 3)
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Parameter	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-3	-3	3	6	dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
9	–11,8 dB	10 ⁻²
10	–8,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–7,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	–6,8 dB	10 ⁻³
11	–9,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–8,5 dB	10 ⁻²
	–8,0 dB	10 ⁻³
12	–5,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,1 dB	10 ⁻²
	-4,4 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.6: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Table 7.3.1.7: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16	Unit
Phase reference		S-CI			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9				dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.8: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$DPCH _ E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
13	-15,0 dB	10 ⁻²
14	-13,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-10,0 dB	10 ⁻²
15	-10,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-6,8 dB	10 ⁻²
16	-6,3 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-2,2 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.9: DCH paramet	ers in multi-path fading prop	pagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-3	-3	3	6	dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8,8 dB	10 ⁻²
	-5,1 dB	10 ⁻¹
18	-4,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	-3,8 dB	10 ⁻³
	-6,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
19	-5,5 dB	10 ⁻²
	-5,0 dB	10 ⁻³
	-2,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
20	-2,1 dB	10 ⁻²
	-1,4 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.10: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.3.1.1.

7.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.3.1.4 Method of test

7.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-20 as specified table 7.3.1.11, table 7.3.1.13, table 7.3.1.15, table 7.3.1.17 and table 7.3.1.19.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition case 1, case 2, case 3 and case 6, which are described in table D.2.2.1.

7.3.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

7.3.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in tables 7.3.1.11, 7.3.1.13, 7.3.1.15, 7.3.1.17 and 7.3.1.19 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in tables 7.3.1.12, 7.3.1.14, 7.3.1.16,

7.3.1.18 and 7.3.1.20. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CI			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,6				dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.11: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Table 7.3.1.12: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-14,9 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–13,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,9 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-6,7 dB	10 ⁻²
4	-6,2 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,1 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.13: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Parameter	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Unit
Phase reference		P-CP			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.14: DCH red	quirements in multi-path fading p	propagation conditions (Case 2)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
5	–7,6 dB	10 ⁻²
6	–6,3 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–2,6 dB	10 ⁻²
7	–8,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,0 dB	10 ⁻²
8	–5,4 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–3,1 dB	10 ⁻²

Parameter	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12	Unit
Phase reference		P-CF			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
I _{oc}		-6	dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
9	–11,7 dB	10 ⁻²
10	–8,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–7,3 dB	10 ⁻²
	–6,7 dB	10 ⁻³
11	–8,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–8,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	–7,9 dB	10 ⁻³
12	–5,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,0 dB	10 ⁻²
	–4,3 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.16: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Table 7.3.1.17: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16	Unit
Phase reference		S-CF			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		9	dB		
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.3.1.18: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
13	-14,9 dB	10 ⁻²
14	-13,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-9,9 dB	10 ⁻²
15	-10,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-6,7 dB	10 ⁻²
16	-6,2 dB	10 ⁻¹
	-2,1 dB	10 ⁻²

Table 7.3.1.19: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-2,4	-2,4	3,6	6,6	dB
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz		
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8,7 dB	10 ⁻²
	-5,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
18	-4,3 dB	10 ⁻²
	-3,7 dB	10 ⁻³
	-5,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
19	-5,4 dB	10 ⁻²
	-4,9 dB	10 ⁻³
	-2,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
20	-2,0 dB	10 ⁻²
	-1,3 dB	10 ⁻³

Table 7.3.1.20: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions

7.4.1 Single Link Performance

7.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic moving propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.1.1 the average downlink DPCH $_{-E_c}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.4.1.2.

Table 7.4.1.1: DCH parameters	in moving propagat	on conditions
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Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	–1		dB
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.4.1.2: DCH	requirements in	moving	propagation of	conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–14,5 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–10,9 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.4.1.1.

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7.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a moving propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.4.1.4 Method of test

7.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.4.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as moving propagation condition, which is described in clause D.2.3.

7.4.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

7.4.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.1.3 the average downlink $\underline{DPCH}_{e_{c}} = E_{e_{c}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.4.1.4.

Table 7.4.1.3: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-0,4		dB
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

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Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–14,4 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–10,8 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions

7.5.1 Single Link Performance

7.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic birth-death propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.1.1 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.5.1.2.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-1		dB
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Table 7.5.1.1: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

Table 7.5.1.2: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–12,6 dB	10 ⁻²
2	-8,7 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.5.1.1.

7.5.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a birth-death propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a BLER not exceeding a specified value.

7.5.1.4 Method of test

7.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.5.1.3.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5. Setup fading simulator as birth-death propagation condition, which is described in clause D.2.4.

7.5.1.4.2 Procedures

1. Measure BLER of DCH.

7.5.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.1.3 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.5.1.4.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-0	,4	dB
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	kbps

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–12,5 dB	10 ⁻²
2	-8,6 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.6 Demodulation of DCH in downlink Transmit diversity modes

7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open-loop transmit diversity mode

7.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in open loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.1.1 the average downlink $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}_{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.1.2.

Table 7.6.1.1: Test parameters for DCH reception in a open-loop transmit diversity scheme (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9	dB
I _{oc}	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	kbps

Table 7.6.1.2: Test requirements for DCH reception in open-loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
	(antenna 1/2)	
1	–16,8 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.1.1.

7.6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the Node B while open loop transmit diversity is enabled during the connection.

7.6.1.4 Method of test

7.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.1.3. With these exceptions, open-loop transmit diversity mode is activated.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.1.4 and table E 3.4.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 7.6.1.3: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD,
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

7.6.1.4.2 Procedure

1) Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.1.5.

7.6.1.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.1.4 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.1.5.

Table 7.6.1.4: Test parameters for DCH reception in a open-loop transmit diversity scheme (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,8	dB
I _{oc}	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	kbps

Table 7.6.1.5: Test requirements for DCH reception in open-loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
	(antenna 1/2)	
1	–16,7 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode

7.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receive characteristic of the dedicated channel (DCH) in closed loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.6.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.2.1 the average downlink DPCH $_{-E_c}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.2.2.

Table 7.6.2.1: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Test 1 (Mode 1)	Test 2 (Mode 2)	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9	9	dB
I _{oc}	-60	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	12,2	kbps
Feedback error ratio	4	4	%
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	1	-

Table 7.6.2.2: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ (see note)	BLER
1 –18,0 dB		10 ⁻²
2	–18,3 dB	10 ⁻²
NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. Power sharing between antennas are closed loop mode dependent as specified in TS 25.214 [5].		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.2.1.

7.6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the Node B while closed loop transmit diversity is enabled during the connection.

7.6.2.4 Method of test

7.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.12.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.2.3. With these exceptions, closed loop transmit diversity mode is activated.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.2.1 and table E 3.5.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

Table 7.6.2.3: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode2

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode2
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode2

Information Element	Value/remark
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Number of FBI bit	1
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- Choice mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode2
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

7.6.2.4.2 Procedure

1) Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.2.2.

7.6.2.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.2.4 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.2.5.

Parameter	Test 1 (Mode 1)	Test 2 (Mode 2)	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,8	9,8	dB
I _{oc}	-60	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information data rate	12,2	12,2	kbps
Feedback error ratio	4	4	%
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	1	1	-

Table 7.6.2.4: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Table 7.6.2.5: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number		$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ (see note)	BLER
1		–17,9 dB	10 ⁻²
2		–18,2 dB	10 ⁻²
NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. Power sharing between antennas are closed loop mode dependent as specified in TS 25.214 [5].			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.6.3 Demodulation of DCH in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control mode

7.6.3.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error characteristics of UE receiver is determined in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control (SSDT) mode. Two Node B emulators are required for this performance test. The delay profiles of signals received from different base stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chip periods.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The downlink physical channels and their relative power to Ior are the same as those specified in clause E.3.3 irrespective of Node Bs and the test cases. DPCH_Ec/Ior value applies whenever DPDCH in the cell is transmitted. In Test 1 and Test 3, the received powers at UE from two Node Bs are the same, while 3dB offset is given to one that comes from one of Node Bs for Test 2 and Test 4 as specified in table 7.6.3.1.

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.3.1 the average downlink \underline{DPCH}_{E_c} power ratio shall be below the specified

Ior

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.3.2.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}	0	-3	0	0	dB
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0	0	0	-3	dB
I _{oc}		_	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	12,2	12,2	kbps
Cell ID code word error ratio in uplink (note)	1	1	1	1	%
Number of FBI bits assigned to "S" Field	1	1	2	2	
Code word Set	Long	Long	Short	Short	
UL DPCCH slot Format	#2 #5				
NOTE: The code word errors are introduced independently in both uplink channels.					

Table 7.6.3.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Table 7.6.3.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT Mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–6,0 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–5,0 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,5 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–9,2 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.6.3.1.

7.6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that UE reliably demodulates the DPCH of the selected Node B while site selection diversity is enabled during soft handover.

7.6.3.4 Method of test

7.6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's, multi-path fading simulators and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Activate one of two cells (Cell 1).
- 3) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exceptions for information elements listed in table 7.6.3.3A. With these exceptions, necessary information for SSDT mode is sent to the UE.
- 4) Activate the other cell (Cell 2) on the other SS.
- 5) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.6.3.4 and table 7.6.3.5
- 6) After receiving MEASUREMENT REPORT message from the UE, send the ACTIVESET UPDATE message from Cell 1 to the UE in order to activate SSDT mode. Contents of the message is specified in table 7.6.3.3B
- 7) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

8) Set up fading simulators as fading condition case 1, which is described in table D.2.2.1.

Table 7.6.3.3A: Specific Message Contents for SSDT mode

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Downlink DPCH info for each RL 	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- SSDT Cell Identity	а

Table 7.6.3.3B: Message Contents of ACTIVESET UPDATE message

ACTIVESET UPDATE for Test 1 and Test 2

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
- Radio link addition information	
- Primary CPICH info	Same as defined in Cell2
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
- DPCH frame offset	This should be refriected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
	message
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	b
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	None
- SSDT information	
- S field	1
- Code Word Set	long

ACTIVESET UPDATE for Test 3 and Test 4

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and
	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string
	contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal
	counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
- Radio link addition information	
- Primary CPICH info	Same as defined in Cell2
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD Drimony CDICH may be used
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation DPCH frame offset 	Primary CPICH may be used This should be refriected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
	message
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
- Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	b
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	None
- SSDT information	
- S field	2
- Code Word Set	short

7.6.3.4.2 Procedure

Measure BLER in points specified in table 7.6.3.4.

7.6.3.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.6.3.4 the average downlink <u>DPCH_E</u> power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.6.3.5.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}	0,8	-2,2	0,8	0,8	dB
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0,8	0,8	0,8	-2,2	dB
I _{oc}		-60			
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	12,2	12,2	kbps
Cell ID code word error ratio in uplink (note)	1	1	1	1	%
Number of FBI bits assigned to "S" Field	1	1	2	2	
Code word Set	Long	Long	Short	Short	
UL DPCCH slot Format	#	#2 #5			
NOTE: The code word errors are introduced independently in both uplink channels.					

Table 7.6.3.4: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Table 7.6.3.5: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during SSDT mode

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	–5,9 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–4,9 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–10,4 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–9,1 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.7 Demodulation in Handover conditions

7.7.1 Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover

7.7.1.1 Definition and applicability

The bit error ratio characteristics of UE is determined during an inter-cell soft handover. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different Base Stations. A UE has to be able to demodulate two P-CCPCH channels and to combine the energy of DCH channels. Delay profiles of signals received from different Base Stations are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chips.

The receive characteristics of the different channels during inter-cell handover are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported. The data-rate-corresponding requirements shall apply to the UE.

7.7.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1.1 the average downlink $DPCH_{-E_{c}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

 I_{or}

value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1.2.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} and \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0	0	3	6	dB
I _{oc}	-60			dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1.1: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Table 7.7.1.2: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
1	–15,2 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–11,8 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–11,3 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–9,6 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,2 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–6,0 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,5 dB	10 ⁻²

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.1.1.

7.7.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the BLER does not exceed the value at the DPCH_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.7.1.2.

7.7.1.4 Method of test

7.7.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

7.7.1.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Connect the SS, multi-path fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 2) Set up the call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.
- 3) Set the test parameters for test 1-4 as specified in table 7.7.1.3.
- 4) Count, at the SS, the number of information blocks transmitted and the number of correctly received information blocks at the UE.
- 5) Measure BLER of DCH channel.

7.7.1.5 Test requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.7.1.3 the average downlink $\underline{DPCH _ E_c}_{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in table 7.7.1.4.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH				
\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc} and \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	0,8	0,8	3,8	6,8	dB
I _{oc}	-60			dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12,2	64	144	384	kbps

Table 7.7.1.3: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Table 7.7.1.4: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$DPCH _E_c$	BLER
	I _{or}	
1	–15,1 dB	10 ⁻²
2	–11,7 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–11,2 dB	10 ⁻²
3	–9,5 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–9,1 dB	10 ⁻²
4	–5,9 dB	10 ⁻¹
	–5,4 dB	10 ⁻²

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

7.7.2.1 Definition and applicability

When a UE is in soft handover, multiple TPC commands may be received in each slot from different cells in the active set. In general, the TPC commands transmitted in the same slot in the different cells may be different and need to be combined to give TPC_cmd as specified in TS 25.214 [5], in order to determine the required uplink power step.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.7.2.2 Minimum requirements

Test parameters are specified in table 7.7.2.1. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

For Test 1, the sequence of uplink power changes between adjacent slots shall be as shown in table 7.7.2.2 over the 4 consecutive slots more than 99% of the time. Note that this case is without an additional noise source I_{oc} .

For Test 2, the Cell1 and Cell2 TPC patterns are repeated a number of times. If the transmitted power of a given slot is increased compared to the previous slot, then a variable "Transmitted power UP" is increased by one, otherwise a variable "Transmitted power DOWN" is increased by one. The requirements for "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" are shown in table 7.7.2.3.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-C	-	
DPCH_Ec/lor	-	-12	dB
${\hat I}_{or1}$ and ${\hat I}_{or2}$	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
I _{oc}	60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Power-Control-Algorithm	Algorithm 1		-
Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,0,1,1}		-
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,1,0,1}		-
Information Data Rate	12,2		Kbps
Propagation condition	Static without AWGN source	Multi-path fading case 3	-
	I_{oc}		

Table 7.7.2.2: Requirements for Test 1

Test Number	Required power changes ove the 4 consecutive slots	
1	Down, Down, Down, Up	

Table 7.7.2.3: Requirements for Test 2

Test Number	Ratio	Ratio
	(Transmitted power UP) /	(Transmitted power DOWN)
	(Total number of slots)	/ (Total number of slots)
2	≥0,25	≥0,5

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.2.1.

7.7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the combining of TPC commands received in soft handover results in TPC_cmd being derived so as to meet the requirements stated in tables 7.7.2.2 and 7.7.2.3.

7.7.2.4 Method of test

7.7.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.13.
- 2) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.2.4 for Test 1.
- 3) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.
- 4) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.7.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Before proceeding with paragraph (2), set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by setting the downlink signal (\hat{I}_{or}) to yield an appropriate open loop output power and/or by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SSs.
- 2) Send the following sequences of TPC commands in the downlink from each SS over a period of 5 timeslots:

	Downlink TPC commands				
	Slot #0	Slot #1	Slot #2	Slot #3	Slot #4
SS1	0	0	0	1	1
SS2	0	0	1	0	1

- 3) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector in timeslots # 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, not including the 25 μ s transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 4) Repeat step 3) according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 5) End test 1 and disconnect UE.
- 6) Connect two SS's and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11.
- 7) Initialise variables "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" to zero.
- 8) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.2.4 for Test 2.
- 9) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.

10)Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB.

11)Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

12)Perform the following steps a) to d) [15] times:

- a) Before proceeding with step b), set the output power of the UE, measured at the UE antenna connector, to be in the range -10 ± 9 dBm. This may be achieved by generating suitable downlink TPC commands from the SSs.
- b) Send the following sequences of TPC commands in the downlink from each SS over a period of 33 timeslots:

	Downlink TPC commands		
SS1	100110011001100110011001100110011		
SS2	101010101010101010101010101010101010101		

- c) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector in each timeslot, not including the 25 μs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- d) For each timeslot from the 2^{nd} timeslot to the 33^{rd} timeslot inclusive:
 - if the mean power in that timeslot is greater than or equal to the mean power in the previous timeslot plus 0,5 dB, increment "Transmitted power UP" by 1;
 - if the mean power in that timeslot is less than or equal to the mean power in the previous timeslot minus 0,5 dB, increment "Transmitted power DOWN" by 1.

7.7.2.5 Test requirements

Test parameters are specified in table 7.7.2.4. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
Phase reference	P-CPICH		-
DPCH_Ec/lor	-1	1,9	dB
\hat{I}_{or1} and \hat{I}_{or2}	-60	-59.2	dBm / 3,84 MHz
I _{oc}	-	-60	dBm / 3,84 MHz
Power-Control-Algorithm	Algorithm 1		-
Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,0,1,1}		-
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	{0,1,0,1}		-
Information Data Rate	12,2		Kbps
Propagation condition	Static without AWGN source	Multi-path fading case 3	-
	I_{oc}		

Table 7.7.2.4: Parameters for	TPC command combining
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- 1) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #1 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #0 minus 0,5 dB.
- 2) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #2 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #1 minus 0,5 dB.
- 3) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #3 shall be less than or equal to the mean power in slot #2 minus 0,5 dB.
- 4) In Step 3) of clause 7.7.2.4.2, the mean power in slot #4 shall be greater than or equal to the mean power in slot #3 plus 0,5 dB.
- 5) The sequence of test requirements 1-4 shall be fulfilled more than 99% of the time.
- 6) At the end of the test, "Transmitted power UP" shall be greater than or equal to [95] and "Transmitted power DOWN" shall be greater than or equal to [210].
- NOTE 1: The test limits in requirement (6) have been computed to give a confidence level of [99,7] % that a UE which follows the core requirements will pass. The number of timeslots has been chosen to get a good compromise between the test time and the risk of passing a bad UE.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

7.7.3.1 Definition and applicability

When a UE is in soft handover, reliable TPC commands may be received in each slot from different cells in the active set. In general, the TPC commands transmitted in the same slot in the different cells may be different and need to be combined to give TPC_cmd as specified in TS 25.214 [5], in order to determine the required uplink power step.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.7.3.2 Minimum requirements

Test parameters are specified in Table 7.7.3.1. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

Test 1 verifies that the UE follows only the reliable TPC commands in soft handover. Test 2 verifies that the UE follows all the reliable TPC commands in soft handover.

During tests 1 and 2 the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH		
DPCH_Ec/lor1	dB	Note 1	Note 1 & Note 3	
DPCH_Ec/lor2	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6	
DPCH_Ec/lor3	dB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	-	
\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-1	
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-1	
\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algorithm 1		
Cell 1 TPC commands	-	Note 2	Note 2	
Cell 2 TPC commands	-	'1'	'1'	
Cell 3 TPC commands	-	'1'	-	
Information data Rate	Kbps 12.2			
Propagation condition	-	- Static		
Note 1: The DPCH_Ec/lor1 is set at the level corresponding to 5% TPC error rate.				
Note 2: The uplink power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would				
stay at -15 dBm.				
Note 3: The maximum DPCH_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB.				

Table 7.7.3.1: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
UE output power	dBm	-15 ± 5 dB	-15 ± 3 dB

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.7.3.1.

7.7.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the combining of reliable TPC commands received in soft handover results in TPC_cmd being derived so as to meet the requirements stated in tables 7.7.3.2 and 7.7.3.3.

7.7.3.4 Method of test

7.7.3.4.1 Test 1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect three SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.18.
- 2) Activate one of three cells (Cell 1).

7.7.3.4.2 Test 1 Procedures

- 1) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.
- 2) Activate the other two cells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the other SS"s.
- 3) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.3.3 for Test 1.
- 4) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 6) The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 level is adjusted so that 5 +/-1%. downlink TPC error is maintained from Ec/Ior1. Cell 1 transmits a known pattern of TPC commands and for each slot detect the power step. Thereby the TPC error rate can be measured. The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 is adjusted so that the TPC error rate is equal to 5 +/-1%.
- 7) Send power control commands to the UE until the UE output power measured by Test System is adjusted to the specified power level with ± 1.5 dB tolerance due to power control step size.
- 8) Set up the UE in soft handover between Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. The downlink TPC commands from Cell 2 and Cell 3 shall continuously have the value '1' during the test while Cell 1 use the UE Output power = -15 dBm as the power control target.
- 9) The DPCH Ec/Ior2 and DPCH Ec/Ior3 are adjusted to be 10 dB lower than DPCH_Ec/Ior1.
- 10) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 11) Repeat step 10) [1000] times according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 12) End test 1 and disconnect UE.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.7.3.4.3 Test 2 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect two SS's to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.13.
- 2) Activate one of three cells (Cell 1).

7.7.3.4.4 Test 2 Procedures

- 1) Set up a call according to the Generic Call Setup procedure.
- 2) Activate the other cell (Cell 2) on the other SS

- 3) Set the test parameters as specified in table 7.7.3.3 for Test 2.
- 4) Signal the uplink DPCH power control parameters to use Algorithm 1 and a step size of 1dB.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 6) The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 level is adjusted so that 5 +/-1%. downlink TPC error is maintained from Ec/Ior1. Cell 1 transmits a known pattern of TPC commands and for each slot detect the power step. Thereby the TPC error rate can be measured. The downlink DPCH Ec/Ior1 is adjusted so that the TPC error rate is equal to 5 +/-1%.
- 7) Send power control commands to the UE until the UE output power measured by Test System is adjusted to the specified power level with ±5 dB tolerance.
- 8) Set up the UE in soft handover between Cell 1 and Cell 2. The downlink TPC commands from Cell 2 shall continuously have the value '1' during the test while Cell 1 use the UE Output power = -15 dBm as the power control target.
- 9) The DPCH Ec/Ior2 is adjusted to be 6 dB higher than DPCH_Ec/Ior1.
- 10) Measure the mean power at the UE antenna connector, not including the 25 µs transient periods at the start and end of each slot.
- 11) Repeat step 10) [1000] times according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.
- 12) End test 2 and disconnect UE.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding the generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.7.3.5 Test requirements

Test parameters are specified in Table 7.7.3.3. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
DPCH_Ec/lor1	DB	Note 1	Note 1 & Note 3
DPCH_Ec/lor2	DB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6
DPCH_Ec/lor3	DB	DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10	-
\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}	DB	-1	-1
\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	DB	-1	-1
\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}	DB	-1	-
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algorithm 1	
Cell 1 TPC commands	-	Note 2	Note 2
Cell 2 TPC commands	-	'1'	'1'
Cell 3 TPC commands	-	'1'	-
Information data Rate	Kbps	12.2	
Propagation condition	- Static		
Note 1: The DPCH_Ec/lor1 is configured to a level such that the TPC error rate is set to 5+/-			
1% (with 95% confidence).			
Note 2: The unlink power control from cell1 shall be such that the LIE transmit power would			

Table 7.7.3.3: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

Note 2: The uplink power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would stay at -15 dBm.

Note 3: The maximum DPCH_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB.

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

1) In step 10) of clause 7.7.3.4.2, the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

2) In step 10) of clause 7.7.3.4.4, the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 7.7.3.2.

7.8 Power control in downlink

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

7.8.1 Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target

7.8.1.1 Definition and applicability

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.8.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.1.1 the downlink $\frac{DPCH_{E_c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.8.1.2 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in table 7.8.1.2. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9	-1	dB
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12	2,2	kbps
Target quality on DTCH	0,01		BLER
Propagation condition	Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	-	7	dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-1	18	dB
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}	1		dB
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"		-
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].			

Table 7.8.1.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, constant BLER target

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-16,0	-9,0	dB
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.1.1.

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7.8.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE receiver is capable of converging to required link quality set by network while using as low power as possible.

7.8.1.4 Method of test

7.8.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.1.3.
- 4) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 5) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used. At the same time BLER is measured. This is continued until the target quality value on DTCH, specified in Table 7.8.1.1 is met within the minimum accuracy requirement specified in Table 7.8.1.2.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.8.1.4.2 Procedure

1) After the target quality on DTCH is met, BLER is measured. Simultaneously the downlink $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio averaged over one slot is measured

ratio averaged over one slot is measured.

2) The measured quality on DTCH (BLER) and the measured downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values

averaged over one slot are compared to limits in table 7.8.1.2.

7.8.1.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.1.3.

Table 7.8.1.3:	: Test parameter for	downlink power control,	constant BLER target
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Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9,6	-0,4	dB	
I _{oc}	-60		dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12	2,2	kbps	
Target quality on DTCH	0,01		BLER	
Propagation condition	Case 4			
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7		dB	
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18		dB	
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}	1		dB	
Limited Power Increase	Limited Power Increase "Not used" -			
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].				

- a) The measured quality on DTCH does not exceed the values in table 7.8.1.4.
- b) The downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be below the values in

table 7.8.1.4 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.1.4: Rec	uirements in downlink	power control.	constant BLER target
		pono. oon.o.,	

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-15,9	-8,9	dB
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %	0,01 ± 30 %	BLER

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.8.2 Power control in the downlink, initial convergence

7.8.2.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.8.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.8.2.1 the downlink DPCH_Ec/Ior power ratio measured values, which are averaged over 50 ms, shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.2 more than 90 % of the time. T1 equals to 500 ms and it starts 10 ms after the uplink DPDCH physical channel is considered established. T2 equals to 500 ms and it starts when T1 has expired. Power control is ON during the test.

The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, i.e. the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit	
Target quality value on DTCH	0,01	0,01	0,1	0,1	BLER	
Initial DPCH_Ec/lor	-5,9	-25,9	-3	-22,8	dB	
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	64	64	kbps	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-1				
I _{oc}		dBm/3,84 MHz				
Propagation condition	Static					
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7 dB					
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18				dB	
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}	1 dB				dB	
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"					
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].						

Table 7.8.2.1: Test parameters for downlink power control, initial convergence

Parameter	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ during T1}$	-18,9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11,9	$-15,1 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -8,1$	dB
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ during T2}$	$-18,9 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -14,9$	$-15,1 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -11,1$	dB

Table 7.8.2.2: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.2.1.

7.8.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established.

7.8.2.4 Method of test

7.8.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.2.3.

7.8.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 2) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 3) Measure $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio averaged over 50 ms during T1. T1 starts 10 ms after the uplink DPDCH

physical channel is considered established and T1 equals to 500 ms. The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, i.e. the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms.

4) Measure $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio averaged over 50 ms during T2. T2 starts, when T1 has expired and T2 equals

to 500 ms.

7.8.2.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.2.3.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Target quality value on	0,01	0,01	0,1	0,1	BLER
DTCH					
Initial DPCH_Ec/lor	-5,9	-25,9	-3	-22,8	dB
Information Data Rate	12,2	12,2	64	64	kbps
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		dB			
I _{oc}		dBm/3,84 MHz			
Propagation condition	Static				
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7				dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18				dB
DL Power Control step size,	1			dD	
Δ_{TPC}	1 dB				
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"				
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].					

Table 7.8.2.3: Test parameters for downlink power control, initial convergence

- a) The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4 during T1 more than 90 % of the time.
- b) The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values shall be within the range specified in table 7.8.2.4 during T2 more

than 90 % of the time.

Parameter	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ during T1}$	-18,8 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11,8	$-15,0 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -8,0$	dB
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ during T2}$	$-18,8 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -14,8$	$-15,0 \le DPCH_Ec/lor \le -11,0$	dB

Table 7.8.2.4: Requirements in downlink power control, initial convergence

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied NOTE: for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.8.3 Power control in the downlink, wind up effects

7.8.3.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement verifies that, after the downlink maximum power is limited in the UTRAN and it has been released again, the downlink power control in the UE does not have a wind up effect, i.e. the required DL power has increased during time period the DL power was limited. The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.8.3.2 Minimum requirements

This test is run in three stages where stage 1 is for convergence of the power control loop, in stage two the maximum downlink power for the dedicated channel is limited not to be higher than the parameter specified in table 7.8.3.1. All parameters used in the three stages are specified in table 7.8.3.1. The downlink $\underline{DPCH_{-E_c}}_{I_{arc}}$ power ratio measured values,

which are averaged over one slot, during stage 3 shall be lower than the value specified in table 7.8.3.2 more than 90 % of the time. Power control of the UE is ON during the test.

Parameter	Test 1			Unit
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	>15	5	0,5	S
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		5		dB
I _{oc}		-60		dBm/3,84 MHz
Information Data Rate		12,2		kbps
Quality target on DTCH	0,01		BLER	
Propagation condition		Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7	-6,2	7	dB
Minimum_DL_Power (note)		-18		dB
DL Power Control step size,	1		dB	
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"		-	
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].				

Table 7.8.3.1: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH _E_c$	-13,3	dB
I _{or}		

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.8.3.1.

7.8.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE downlink power control does not require too high downlink power during a period after the downlink power is limited by the UTRAN.

7.8.3.4 Method of test

7.8.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.8.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.8.3.3. Stage 1 is used for the power control to converge and during Stage 2 the maximum downlink power is limited by UTRAN.
- 2) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE during stages 1, 2, and 3. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used.
- 3) Measure <u>DPCH_E</u> power ratio during stage 3 according to table 7.8.3.3. I_{or}
- 4) Repeat steps 1 3328 times.
- Note: The number of repetitions (328) is derived from minimum testing time for 3 km/h fading channels (Table F.6.1.6.2; 164 seconds).

7.8.3.5 Test Requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.8.3.3.

Table 7.8.3.3: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1			Unit	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3		
Time in each stage	>15	5	0,5	S	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	5,6			dB	
I _{oc}	-60			dBm/3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12,2			kbps	
Quality target on DTCH	0,01			BLER	
Propagation condition	Case 4				
Maximum_DL_Power (note)	7 -6,2 7		dB		
Minimum_DL_Power (note)	-18			dB	
DL Power Control step size, Δ_{TPC}	1			dB	
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"			-	
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].					

The downlink $\underline{DPCH _ E_c}_{or}$ power ratio values, which are averaged over one slot, shall be lower than the level specified in I_{or}

table 7.8.3.4 during stage 3 more than 90 % of the time.

Table 7.8.3.4: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Test 1, stage 3	Unit
$DPCH _E_c$	-13,2	dB
I or		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.9 Downlink compressed mode

Downlink compressed mode is used to create gaps in the downlink transmission, to allow the UE to make measurements on other frequencies.

7.9.1 Single link performance

7.9.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the Dedicated Traffic Channel (DCH) in compressed mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) and transmitted DPCH_Ec/Ior power ratio in the downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See clause C.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

Note: The above implies that the BLER target for the DCCH should be set low enough so that it does not dominate the one for the DTCH.

The compressed mode parameters are given in clause C.5. Tests 1 and 2 are using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters from table C.5.1 in clause C.5 while tests 3 and 4 are using Set 2 compressed mode patterns from the same table.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

7.9.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.9.1 the downlink $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in table 7.9.2 more than 90% of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.2.

Downlink power control is ON during the test. Uplink TPC commands shall be error free.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit	
Delta SIR1	0	3	0	3	dB	
Delta SIR after1	0 3 0 3		dB			
Delta SIR2	0	0	0	0	dB	
Delta SIR after2	0	0	0	0	dB	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	9				dB	
I _{oc}	-60				dBm / 3,84 MHz	
Information Data Rate	12,2				kbps	
Propagation condition	Case 2					
Target quality value on DTCH	0,01				BLER	
Maximum DL Power (note)	7				dB	
Minimum DL Power (note)	-18				dB	
DL Power Control step size,	1				dB	
Δ_{TPC}					uD	
Limited Power Increase	"Not used"				-	
NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [9].						

Table 7.9.1: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Table 7.9.2: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-14,6	No requirements	-15,2	No requirements	dB
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	No requirements	< 0,001	No requirements	< 0,001	BLER
Measured quality on DTCH	0,01 ± 30 %				BLER

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.9.1.1.

7.9.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the reception of DPCH in a UE while downlink is in a compressed mode. The UE needs to preserve the BLER using sufficient low DL power. It is also verified that UE applies the Delta SIR values, which are signaled from network, in its outer loop power control algorithm.

7.9.1.4 Method of test

7.9.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10.
- 2) Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure, specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2, with the exception of the information element of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message listed in Annex I. With this exception, the outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.
- 3) RF parameters are set up according to table 7.9.3.
- 4) Set compressed mode parameters according to table C.5.1. Tests 1 and 2 are using Set 1 compressed mode pattern parameters and while tests 3 and 4 are using Set 2 compressed mode pattern parameters.
- 5) Enter the UE into loopback test mode and start the loopback test.
- 6) SS will vary the physical channel power in downlink according to the TPC commands from UE. Downlink power control mode (DPC_MODE) 0 shall be used. SS response time for UE TPC commands shall be one slot. At the same time BLER is measured. This is continued until the target quality value on DTCH, specified in Table 7.9.1, is met within the minimum accuracy requirement specified in Table 7.9.4.

See TS 34.108 [3] and TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding generic call setup procedure and loopback test.

7.9.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Test 1: Measure quality on DTCH and $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 2) Test 2: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.
- 3) Test 3: Measure quality on DTCH and $\frac{DPCH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot.
- 4) Test 4: Measure quality on DTCH and quality of compressed and recovery frames.

7.9.1.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.9.3.

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
Delta SIR1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR after1	0	3	0	3	dB
Delta SIR2	0	0	0	0	dB
Delta SIR after2	0	0	0	0	dB
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		ç	,6		dB
I _{oc}		dBm / 3,84 MHz			
Information Data Rate		kbps			
Propagation condition					
Target quality value on DTCH		BLER			
Maximum DL Power (note)		dB			
Minimum DL Power (note)		dB			
DL Power Control step size,		dB			
$\Delta_{ ext{TPC}}$		uВ			
Limited Power Increase		-			
NOTE: Power is compared to	P-CPICH as	specified in [9].			

Table 7.9.3: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

a) Test 1: The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table

7.9.4 more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4.

- b) Test 2: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4.
- c) Test3: The downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio values averaged over one slot shall be below the values in table 7.9.2 more than 90 % of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in table 7.9.4.
- d) Test 4: Measured quality on DTCH and measured quality of compressed and recovery frames do not exceed the values in table 7.9.4.

Table 7.9.4: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Unit
$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	-14,5	No requirements	-15,1	No requirements	dB
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	No requirements	< 0,001	No requirements	< 0,001	BLER
Measured quality on DTCH		BLER			

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.10 Blind transport format detection

7.10.1 Definition and applicability

Performance of Blind transport format detection is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values and by the measured average transmitted DPCH_Ec/Ior value.

7.10.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.10.1 the average downlink $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER and FDR shown in table 7.10.2. Table 7.10.3 defines the Transport Format Combinations Set for the downlink. The reference measurement channel used in this test case is defined in Annex C.4.

Table 7.10.1: Test parameters for Blind transport format detection

Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		-1			-3		dB
I _{oc}		-60					dBm / 3.84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	7,95	1,95	12,2	7,95	1,95	kbps
	(rate 1)	(rate 2)	(rate 3)	(rate 1)	(rate 2)	(rate 3)	
propagation condition	static multi-path fading case 3					-	
TFCI		off				-	

Test Number	\underline{DPCH}_{E_c}	BLER	FDR			
	I _{or}					
1	–17,7dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴			
2	–17,8dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴			
3	–18,4dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴			
4	-13,0dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴			
5	–13,2dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴			
6	–13,8dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴			
NOTE: The value of DPCH_Ec/lor, loc, and lor/loc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted.						

NOTE: In the test, 9 different Transport Format Combinations (table 7.10.3) are sent during the call set up procedure, so that the UE has to detect the correct transport format from these 9 candidates.

Table7.10.3: Transport format combinations informed during the call set up procedure in the test

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DTCH	12,2 k	10,2 k	7,95 k	7,4 k	6,7 k	5,9 k	5,15 k	4,75 k	1,95 k
DCCH	2,4 k								

7.10.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the blind transport format detection to receive a predefined test signal, representing a static propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a block error ratio (BLER) and false transport format detection ratio (FDR) not exceeding a specified value.

To verify the ability of the blind transport format detection to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path propagation channel for the wanted and for the co-channel signals from serving and adjacent cells, with a block error ratio (BLER) and false transport format detection ratio (FDR) not exceeding a specified value.

7.10.4 Method of test

7.10.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9 in the case for test 1-3. Connect the SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10 in the case of test 4-6.
- 2. Set up a call according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set the test parameters for test 1-6 as specified table 7.10.4 and table 7.10.5.
- 4. Enter the UE into loopback test mode 2 and start the loopback test.
- 5. In the case of test 4-6, Setup fading simulator as fading condition case 3 which are described in table D.2.2.1.

Note: In loopback test mode 2 the UE may return any valid uplink Transport Format Combination.

7.10.4.2 Procedure

Measure BLER and FDR of DCH.

For FDR, the SS shall check the TFI of the UE transmitted transport format to verify that the UE has detected the correct downlink transport format.

In this test TF0 and TF10 on uplink DTCH shall be counted as block errors.

During the measurements downlink DCCH shall be continuously transmitted. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

NOTE: The TFCS size used in this test shall be 18 and not 9 as implied by TS 25.101 (and the NOTE above Table 7.10.3). Since the DCCH will be continously transmitted and the DCCH is not used in the BTFD for the DTCH this does not have an impact on the BTFD performance.

7.10.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in table 7.10.4.

Table 7.10.4: Test	parameters for	Blind transport	format detection
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Parameter	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Unit
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	-0,7 -2,4			dB			
I _{oc}		-60					dBm / 3.84 MHz
Information Data Rate	12,2	7,95	1,95	12,2	7,95	1,95	kbps
	(rate 1)	(rate 2)	(rate 3)	(rate 1)	(rate 2)	(rate 3)	
propagation condition	Static multi-path fading case 3					-	
TFCI		off				-	

BLER and FDR shall not exceed the values at the DPCH_Ec/Ior specified in table 7.10.5.

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER	FDR		
1	–17,6dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
2	–17,7dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
3	-18,3dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
4	-12,9dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
5	–13,1dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
6	–13,7dB	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻⁴		
NOTE: The value of DPCH_Ec/lor, loc, and lor/loc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted.					

Table 7.10.5: The Requirements for DCH reception in Blind transport format detection

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)

7.11.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics of paging channel are determined by the probability of missed paging message (Pm-p). PCH is mapped into the S-CCPCH and it is associated with the transmission of Paging Indicators (PI) to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 4 and later releases.

7.11.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.11.1 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in table 7.11.2 Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Number of paging indicators per frame (Np)	-	72		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1	-3	
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3	

Table 7.11.2: Test requirements for P	CH detection
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Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	PICH_Ec/lor	Рт-р
1	-14.8	-19	0.01
2	-9.8	-12	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.12.1.

7.11.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) does not exceed a specified value.

7.11.4 Method of test

7.11.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9 in the case of test
 Connect the SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.10 in the case of test 2.
- 2) Set the test parameters for test 1-2 as specified in tables 7.11.1 and 7.11.2. In the case of test 2, Setup fading simulator as fading condition case 3 which are described in table D.2.2.1. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in table E.3.3. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex C.7.

7.11.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the CELL_PCH state.
- 3) The SS transmits the Paging type 1 message with used paging identity being a UTRAN identity and including the UE's assigned U-RNTI
- 4) If the UE responds with CELL UPDATE message within 8 seconds, then a success is recorded. If the UE does not respond with CELL UPDATE message within 8 seconds, a failure is recorded.
- 5) Repeat steps 3-4 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and clause 6.1.1 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (STEP 2)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	6
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info	Deference to TO 24400 clause C.4. Defeute actives
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 clause 6.1 'Default settings (FDD)'

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5 (STEP 2)

7.11.5 Test requirements

The test parameters and requirements are specified in tables 7.11.1 and 7.11.2. The average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) (test procedure step 4) shall not exceed a specified value.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

7.12 Detection of Acquisition Indicator (AI)

7.12.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver characteristics of Acquisition Indicator (AI) are determined by the probability of false alarm Pfa and probability of correct detection Pd. Pfa is defined as a conditional probability of detection of AI signature given that a AI signature was not transmitted. Pd is defined as a conditional probability of correct detection of AI signature given that the AI signature is transmitted.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 4 and later releases.

7.12.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in table 7.12.1 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not exceed the specified values in table 7.12.2. Power of downlink channels other than AICH is as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Number of other transmitted AI signatures on AICH	-	0
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-22.0
AICH Power Offset	dB	-12.0
Propagation condition	-	Static

Table 7.12.1: Parameters for AI detection

Note that AICH_Ec/Ior can not be set. Its value is calculated from other parameters and it is given for information only. (AICH_Ec/Ior = AICH Power Offset + CPICH_Ec/Ior)

Test Number	Pfa	1-Pd
1	0.01	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 8.13.1.

7.12.3 Test purpose

To verify that average probability of false detection of AI (Pfa) and average probability of missed AI (1-Pd) do not exceed specified values.

7.12.4 Method of test

7.12.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.9.
- 2) Set the test parameters for test 1 as specified in tables 7.12.1 and 7.12.4. Power of downlink channels other than AICH are as defined in Table E.3.3 of Annex E.

Parameter	Unit	Set 1	Set 2
Maximum number of preamble ramping cycles(Mmax)		2	2
Maximum number of preambles in one preamble cycle (preamble retrans max)		32	12
Back-off time (Tb01)	ms #TTI	N/A 10	N/A 10
Power ramp step when no acquisition indicator is received (power offset p0)	dB	1	3

Table 7.12.3 U	E parameters	for AI test
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Table 7.12.4 SS parameters for AI test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power control (Constant value)	dB	-10

See reference TS25.331 [8] clause 8.5.7 Open loop power control to calculate Pinitial. See also reference TS25.214 [5] subclause 6 step 6.3.

7.12.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The UE is switched on.
- 2) The SS and the UE shall perform location registration procedure as specified in TS34.108 [3] clause 7.2.2. UE parameters are set as defined in table 7.12.3 Set 1.
- 3) SS activates continuous paging and sends the Paging type 1 message in idle mode with used paging identity being a CN identity and including the UE's assigned IMSI.
- 4) UE starts transmitting RACH preambles at level P=Pinitial.
- 5) SS does not send AI. If UE sends a new preamble a success for calculating Pfa is recorded. This step is repeated until UE stops sending preambles. SS does not calculate Pfa for the first preamble of every preamble cycles.
- 6) UE stops sending preambles. If number of sent preambles in the preamble cycle < preamble_retrans_max a failure for calculating Pfa is recorded and test continues from step 3. If number of preamble cycles $M \neq Mmax$, a new preamble cycle is initiated and test continues from step 4. If number of preamble cycles M = Mmax then test continues from step 3.
- 7) Repeat steps 5-6 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.
- 8) UE parameters are set as defined in table 7.12.3 Set 2.

- 9) SS activates continuous paging and sends the Paging type 1 message in idle mode with used paging identity being a CN identity and including the UE's assigned IMSI.
- 10) UE starts transmitting RACH preambles.
- 11) SS responds with AI signature containing NACK in AICH.
- 12) If UE stops sending preambles success for calculating Pd is recorded. If UE does not stop sending preambles, a failure for calculating Pd is recorded.
- 13) Repeat steps 11-12 according to Annex F.6.2 table 6.2.8.

7.12.5 Test requirements

The test parameters are specified in tables 7.12.1, 7.12.3 and 7.12.4. Probability of false detection (Pfa) tested in steps 5-6 and probability of missed AI (1-Pd) tested in step 12 shall not exceed the values specified in Table 7.12.2.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8 Requirements for support of RRM

8.1 General

The cell configuration mapping between cells as defined in TS 34.121 and cells as defined in TS 34.108 section 6.1.4 is described in Annex K.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

8.2 Idle Mode Tasks

8.2.1 Cell Selection

Void.

- 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection
- 8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case

8.2.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.2.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

T _{evaluateFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
Tsi	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received
	by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.2 and A.4.2.1.

8.2.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.2.1.4 Method of test

8.2.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.2.2.1.1 to 8.2.2.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.2.1.1: Scenario 1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
TYPE 1	NFORMATION BLOCK non GSM-MAP NAS system	-	00 80(H) → Cell 1 00 81(H) → Cell 2	This identity should be set as different value from the neigbour cell so that a Location Updating procedure(MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure(GMM) is performed when UE selects more suitable cell in idle state.
Access Se - Persisten	rvice Class (ASC#0) ce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Parameter	Unit	C	ell 1	Ce	ll 2	Ce	ell 3	Cel	4	Ce	ell 5	Ce	ell 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Channe	el 1	Chan	nel 1	Channe	el 1	Chan	nel 1	Chanr	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12 -12		-12		-12		-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0,94	1	-0,941		-0,941		-0,941		-0,941		-0,941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7,3	10,27	10,27	7,3	0,27		0,27		0,27		0,27	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	- 62.7 3	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-69.73	3	-69.73		-69.73	3	-69.73	5
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70	-70										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation Condition							AW	GN					
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPIC	H E₀/N₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICI	H E₀/N₀	CPICH	HE _c /N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-	20	-2	20	-	20	-2	0	-	20	-2	20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-'	115	-1	15	-1	15	-11	5	-1	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB		21	2	21	2	21	21	1	21		2	21
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C1, C1,	C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C2, C2, C2,	C1: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C4, C1: 0 C5, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C5, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C5, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C5, C4: 0 C4, C6: 0 C5, C6: 0		C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB		0		0		0 0		0			0	
Treselection	S		0		0 0 0 0		0		0				
Sintrasearch	dB	not	t sent	not	sent	not	sent	not s	ent	not	sent	not	sent

Table 8.2.2.1.2: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection single carrier multi cell

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.2.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.2.2.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a first registration procedure on cell2.
- 4) 15 s after step 3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2 in table 8.2.2.1.3.
- 5) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 1 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T2 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell1.
- 6) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to that as described for T1 in table 8.2.2.1.3.
- 7) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T1 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure(MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell2.
- 8) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T1, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.2.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Parameter	Unit	C	Cell 1 Cell 2		ell 2	C	ell 3	Cel	4	Ce	ell 5	Ce	ell 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	Channel 1 Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4	-9.4			-10.5		-10.5		-10.5	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10	-	-1.10	_	-0.83	-0.83			-0.83		-0.83	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	- 63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7	-69.7 -69.7			-69.7		-69.7	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz		-70										
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	- 15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5	

Table 8.2.2.1.3: Scenario 1: Test requirements for Cell re-selection single carrier multi cell

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.2.2.1.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

8.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Updating procedure(MM) or Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.2.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

T _{evaluateFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
Tsi	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by
	the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.3 and A.4.2.2.

8.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.2.2.4 Method of test

8.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.2.2.2.1 to 8.2.2.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1: Scenario 2: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in multi carrier case

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment		
Initial	Active cell		Cell2			
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6			
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1			
SYSTEM IN	NFORMATION		00 80(H) → Cell 1	This identity should be set as different value from		
BLOCK TYPE 1 - CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information		-	00 81(H) → Cell 2	the neigbour cell so that a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) is performed when UE selects more suitable cell in idle state.		
Access Ser	vice Class (ASC#0)			Selected so that no additional delay is caused by		
- Persistene	ce value	-	1	the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.		
HCS				Not used		
T _{SI}	ms		1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.		
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.		
	T1		T1 s		30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
	T2		15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection		
				reaction time is taken into account.		

Parameter	Unit	Cel	11	Cel	12	Cel	3	C	ell 4	Cel	15	C	ell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chanı	nel 1	Chan	nel 2	Chan	nel 1	Cha	nnel 1	Chan	nel 2	Cha	nnel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-10 -10			-10		-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-12 -12			-1	2		·12	-1	2		·12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2		·12	-1	2		·12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5		-15	-1	5		·15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	41	-0.9	41	-0.9	41	-0	.941	-0.9	41	-0	.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-73.39	- 67.7 5	-67.75	- 73.3 9	-77.39	- 74.7 5	- 77.3 9	-74.75	-74.75	- 77.3 9	- 74.7 5	-77.39	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz		-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-16 -13 -13 -16 -20 -20 -20 -							20				
Propagation Condition							AW	'GN						
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		
Qqualmin	dB	-2	0	-2	0	-2	0	-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	5	-11	5	-11	5	-'	115	-115		-*	115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	21	l	2′	1	2'	1		21	2'	1	:	21	
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C C1, C C1, C C1, C C1, C	3: 0 4: 0 5: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C C3, C C3, C	C3, C2: 0 C4, C3, C4: 0 C4, C3, C5: 0 C4,		C1: 0 C2: 0 C3: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0		C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0			0	0			0	
Treselection	S	0	_	0		0		0		0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	ent	not s	sent	not s	ent	not	not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not s	ent	not s	sent	not s	ent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent	

Table 8.2.2.2.2: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell

The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be Note 1 configured.

8.2.2.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.2.2.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a first location registration procedure on cell2.
- 4) 30 s after step3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2 in table 8.2.2.2.3.
- 5) The SS waits for random access request from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 1 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T2 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell1.
- 6) After another 15 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to that as described for T1 in table 8.2.2.2.3.
- 7) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 8 s from the beginning of time period T1 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The SS and the UE shall perform a Location Updating procedure (MM) or a Routing Area Updating procedure (GMM) on cell2.
- 8) After 15 s from the beginning of time period T1, the parameters are changed as described for T2.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.2.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.2.2.2.3: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell, test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ll 2	Ce	II 3	Ce	II 4	Ce	ll 5	Ce	16
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2

UTRA RF Channel Number		Chann	Channel 1		Channel 2 C		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		el 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9.3		-9.3		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8		-10.8	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-11.3		-11.3		-12.8		-12.8		2.8	-12.8		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-11.3		1.3	-1:	2.8	-12.8		-12	2.8	-12	2.8	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3		-1-	-14.3		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-1.13		-1.13		-0.77		-0.77		-0.77		77	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.2.2.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection

8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed

8.2.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.2.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than $26 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$, where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $4 \text{ * } T_{\text{measureGSM}} + T_{\text{BCCH}}$, where:

T _{measureGSM}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{BCCH}	Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 or later releases. According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 25.6 s + T_{BCCH} , allow 26 s + T_{BCCH} in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.1.

8.2.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.3.1.4 Method of test

8.2.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.1.1 to 8.2.3.1.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Pa	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final	Active cell		Cell2	
condition				
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	DRX cycle length		1.28	
T1		S	45	
T2		S	35	

Table 8.2.3.1.2: Scenario 1: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (l	JTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	_
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-5
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH E	No
reselection_quality_measure		-	0
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)	
Falailletei	Onit	T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN ²	1
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	3	3
FDD_Qmin	dB	-1	4
Qsearch_I	-	always	

Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

8.2.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1..
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 28 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) After 35 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.1.4 and 8.2.3.1.5.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.2.3.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.1.4: Scenario 1: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0,928
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0.3	-5.3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-12.8	-16.5
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-79.6	-85.4
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.1.5: Scenario 1: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Unit Cell 2 (GS		(GSM)
Falameter	Onic	T1	T2	
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1		
RXLEV	dBm	-90.3	-74.7	

RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33
FDD_Qmin	dB	-14
Qsearch_I	-	always

NOTE 1: CPICH_Ec/Io and CPICH_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed

8.2.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.2.3.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 7.7 s + T_{BCCH} , where TBCCH is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: Max $(3 \text{ * } T_{\text{measureFDD}}, T_{\text{measureGSM}} + DRX \text{ cycle length}) + T_{\text{BCCH}}$, where:

$T_{\text{measureFDD}}$	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{measureGSM}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
DRX cycle length	1.28s see Table A.4.7.A in TS 25.133 [2] clause A.4.3.2.
T _{BCCH}	Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell, see TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases. According to [20] and [30], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 7.68 s + T_{BCCH} , allow 7.7 s + T_{BCCH} in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2 and A.4.3.2.

8.2.3.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.2.3.2.4 Method of test

8.2.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected, as given in tables 8.2.3.2.1 to 8.2.3.2.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.3.2.1: Scenario 2: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Pa	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	
T1		S	45	
T2		S	12	

Table 8.2.3.2.2: Scenario 2: Test parameters for Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	20	-9
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.0	-19.5
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-70	-100
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80	-80
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

Specific 2 quarter Message Contents

All messages indicated shall use the same content as described in the default message content in TS 05.08 [20] clause 9 for R99 and in TS45.008 [30] clause 9 for Rel-4 and later releases, with the above exceptions.

8.2.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 and 2 with T1 defined parameters in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 4) After 45 s from the end of step 3, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 5) The SS waits for a location registration procedure from the UE. If the UE begins transmitting on cell 2 within 9.7 s then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) After 12 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed as described for T1 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 7) The SS and the UE shall perform a location registration procedure on cell 1.
- 8) After 45 s from the end of step 6, the parameters are changed as described for T2 in tables 8.2.3.2.4 and 8.2.3.2.5.
- 9) Repeat step 5) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.2.3.2.5 Test requirements

Table 8.2.3.2.4: Scenario 2: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel '	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.953	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	20.3	-9.3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note1)	dB	-9.9	-19.9
CPICH_RSCP (Note1)	dBm	-70.6	-100.4
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	not sent	

Table 8.2.3.2.5: Scenario 2: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80.3	-79.7
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	
Qsearch_I	-	always	

NOTE 1: CPICH_Ec/Io and CPICH_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.2.4 FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

8.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the cell quality levels change to the moment when this change makes the UE reselect a better ranked cell, and starts to send the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on the new cell.

This test is for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a TDD cell.

The requirements and this test apply to UEs supporting both FDD and TDD.

8.2.4.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1,28 s. This shall be verified in more than 90 % of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 4.2.2.4 and A.4.4.

8.2.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement for the case where the UE camps on an FDD cell and reselects to a TDD cell.

8.2.4.4 Method of test

8.2.4.4.1 Initial conditions

This scenario implies the presence of UTRA FDD and 1 UTRA TDD cell as given in tables 8.2.4.1, 8.2.4.2 and 8.2.4.3. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system information blocks that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table 8.2.4.1: General test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	TDD cell
UE_1	TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	Service Class (ASC#0) Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	HCS			Not used
	DRX cycle length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	T1	S	15	
	T2	S	15	

Table 8.2.4.2: Cell 1 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Ce	1		
		T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	inel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0		
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	9	3		
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-71	-77		
Propagation Condition		AW	GN		
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_mea		CPICH	_Ec/No		
sure					
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15		
Qoffset1 _{s,n}	dB	0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not	sent		

Parameter	Parameter Unit Cell 2								
DL timeslot number		0 8							
		T1	T2	T1	T2				
UTRA RF Channel Number	Channel 2								
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	3	n.	.a.				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	-	3				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-	-9					
SCH_t _{offset}	dB		1	10					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-3	.12					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-4	2	-4	2				
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-77	-71	n.a.	n.a.				
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3,84 MHz		-	70					
Propagation Condition			AV	/GN					
Qrxlevmin	dBm		-1	03					
Qoffset2 _{s,n}	dB			0					
Qhyst2	dB			0					
Treselection s 0									
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent							
Sintersearch	Sintersearch dB not sent								
Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.									

Table 8.2.4.3: Cell 2 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

8.2.4.4.2 Procedures

- a) The SS activates cell 1 and cell 2 with T1 defined parameters and monitors them for random access requests from the UE.
- b) The UE is switched on.
- c) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE.
- d) After 15 s, the parameters are changed as described for T2.
- e) The SS waits for random access request from the UE.
- f) After another 15 s, the parameters are changed as described for T1.
- g) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE.
- h) Repeat step d) to g) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.2.4.5 Test requirements

- 1) In step c), after the UE has responded on cell 1, it shall not respond on any other cell (cell selection).
- 2) In step e), the UE shall respond on cell 2 within 8 s in more than 90 % of the cases.
- 3) In step g), the UE shall respond on cell 1.
- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility

8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

8.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The active set update delay of the UE is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying soft handover to the switch off of the old downlink DPCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

The active set update delay is defined as the time from when the UE has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message from UTRAN, or at the time stated through the activation time when to perform the active set update, to the time when the UE successfully uses the set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The active set update delay is depending on the number of known cells referred to in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The active set update delay shall be less than 50+10*KC+100*OC ms, where

KC is the number of known cells in the active set update message.

OC is the number of cells that are not known in the active set update message.

If the UE have radio links in the active set that it can not use for data detection (due to low signal level), the UE shall at least every 150 ms search for the radio link.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.1.2 and A.5.1.1. The active set update delay shall be less than 60 ms in CELL_DCH state when using test parameters as given in table 8.3.1.1.

8.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.1.4 Method of test

8.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.1.1.1 and 8.3.1.1.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

Para	meter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps and UL Auxiliary Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	DL Measurement Channel as specified in clause C.3.1 UL Auxiliary Measurement Channel as specified in clause C.6.3
Power Contro			On	
Target quality DTCH	value on	BLER	0.01	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting ran	ge	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting dea threshold	ctivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigge	er	ms	0	
Filter coefficie	nt		0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	3	
Т3		S	0.5	
Τ4		ms	60	This is the requirement on active set update delay, see clause 8.3.1.2, where KC=1 and OC=0.
T5		ms	10	
T6		S	2	

Table 8.3.1.1.1: General test parameters for Soft handover
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Table 8.3.1.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					Cell 2						
		T1	T2	T3 T4 T5 T6		T1	T2	Т3	T4	Т	Т		
	JD			40						10		5	6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-10						-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12						-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12						-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-15						-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	No	te1	N/ A	N/ A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	Note	e1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	No	te2	- 0.9 4	- 0.9 4	-0.94	-0.94	Note2	Note2	Note	e2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	2.91 2.91 2.9 2.9 1 1 1		-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	1			
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz												
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-14	-1	4	-14	-14	-Inf	-14	-14	-14	-1	4
Propagation AWGN Condition													
Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 chips {-148 148}													
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I _{or} Note 3: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH_Ec/Ior of Cell 1 at the end of T2. Note 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within ±148 chip.													

8.3.1.4.2 Procedure

1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.1.1.3.

- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters and test loop mode 2 is used. See TS 34.109 [4] for details regarding loopback test.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A containing the CFN-SFN observed time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 7) At the beginning of T3 the downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 8) SS shall send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message with activation time "now ", adding cell 2 to the active set. The ACTIVE SET UPDATE message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at the beginning of T4.
- 9) At the beginning of T5 the DPCH from cell 1 shall be switched off.
- 10) The UE downlink BLER shall be measured during time period T6.
- 11)5 seconds after step10 has completed, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 12) BLER is measured during concatenated time periods T6.Repeat step 1-11 until the confidence level for BLER is achieved. This is defined in annex F.6.1.10

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (step 3):

Information Element	Value/remark	Version
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information list	1	
 Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information 		
 Downlink transport channel type 	DCH	
- DL Transport channel identity	10	
- CHOICE DL parameters	Same as UL	
- Uplink transport channel type	DCH	
- UL TrCH Identity	5	
- DCH quality target	Not Present	

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	00 as leads to a the avelue of MAO L for this
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD TRUE
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5) -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE report criteria	Not Present
	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
Intro frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.2.7.20)	Cintena
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39) -Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-Venis forbidden to anect Reporting Range	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
- 1 1 0 0 8 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	1.0					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	Not Present					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34) Not Present						
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained						
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,						
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information						
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in						
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical report	ing					

ACTIVE SET UPDATE message (step 8):

Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark
Message Type	Message Type	
UE information elements		
-RRC transaction identifier	RRC transaction identifier 10.3.3.36	0
-Integrity check info -message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	SS calculates the value of MAC- I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	Not Present
-Activation time	Activation time 10.3.3.1	"now".
-New U-RNTI	U-RNTI 10.3.3.47	Not Present
CN information elements		
-CN Information info	CN Information info 10.3.1.3	Not Present
Phy CH information elements		
Uplink radio resources		
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.39	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources		
-Radio link addition information	Radio link addition information 10.3.6.68	Radio link addition information required for each RL to add
-Primary CPICH info	Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.60	Same as defined in cell2

-Downlink DPCH info for each RL Downlink DPCH info for each RL RL 10.3.6.21 -CHOICE mode Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 -DPCH frame offset Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 -DPCH frame offset Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 -DPCH frame offset Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 -DPCH frame offset Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.73 -Secondary CPICH info Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.74 -Secondary scrambling code Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74 -Secondary scrambling code Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74 -Spreading factor Integer(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512) -Code number Integer(0Spreading factor - 1) -Strambling code change TPC combination index 10.3.6.85 -SSDT Cell Identity SSDT Cell Identity 10.3.6.76 -TFC combination index TFC combining indicator 10.3.6.81 -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for FACH -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for FACH Radio link removal information Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove	Information Element/Group name	Type and reference	Value/Remark
-CHOICE mode -FDDPrimary CPICH usage for channel estimationPrimary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.62 Integer(038144 by step of 256)Primary CPICH may be used-DPCH frame offsetPrimary CPICH inspective (channel estimation 10.3.6.62) Integer(038144 by step of 256)Primary CPICH may be used-Secondary CPICH infoSecondary CPICH info 10.3.6.73This should be reflected by the IE" Cell synchronisation information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT message Not Present-Secondary CPICH infoSecondary scrambling code 10.3.6.73Not Present-DL channelisation code -Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.74Not Present-Code number -Scrambling code changeInteger(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512)128128-Code number -TPC combination index -Closed loop timing adjustment mode -TFCI combining indicatorTPC combination index 10.3.6.850Not Present-SCCPCH Information for FACHSCCPCH Information for FACH 10.3.6.70Not Present Not PresentNot PresentRadio link removal informationFACH 10.3.6.70Radio link removal informationRadio link removal information	-Downlink DPCH info for each RL		
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-TPC combination indexTPC combination index0-SSDT Cell Identity10.3.6.85Not Present-Closed loop timing adjustment modeInteger(1, 2)Not Present-TFCI combining indicatorTFCI combining indicatorFALSE-SCCPCH Information for FACHSCCPCH Information for FACHNot PresentRadio link removal informationInteger (1, 2)Not PresentRadio link removal informationRadio link removal information required for each RL to remove			No code change
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-Closed loop timing adjustment mode Integer(1, 2) Not Present -TFCI combining indicator TFCI combining indicator FALSE -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for Not Present -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for Not Present Radio link removal information FACH Radio link removal information			°
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode Integer(1, 2) Not Present -TFCI combining indicator TFCI combining indicator FALSE -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for Not Present -SCCPCH Information for FACH SCCPCH Information for Not Present Radio link removal information FACH Radio link removal information	-SSDT Cell Identity	SSDT Cell Identity 10.3.6.76	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH Radio link removal information 10.3.6.81 SCCPCH Information for FACH 10.3.6.70 Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove			Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH FACH 10.3.6.70 Radio link removal information Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove	-TFCI combining indicator		FALSE
FACH 10.3.6.70 Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove			
10.3.6.70 Radio link removal information Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove	-SCCPCH Information for FACH		Not Present
Radio link removal information Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove			
required for each RL to remove		10.3.6.70	
	Radio link removal information		
	-Radio link removal information	Radio link removal information	Not Present
-Radio link removal information Radio link removal information Not Present			
-TX Diversity Mode TX Diversity Mode 10.3.6.86 None	-TX Diversity Mode		None
-SSDT information SSDT information 10.3.6.77 Not Present			

8.3.1.5 Test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1						Cell 2					
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-9.3	3					-9.3			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.	3					-11.3	3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-11.	3					-11.3	3		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-14.3	3					-14.3	3		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Not	te1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	Note1	I
OCNS		Note2	Note2	No	te2	-1.13	-1.13	-1.13	-1.13	Note2	Note2	Note2	2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	2.91	2.9	91	2.91	2.91	-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-70										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-13.3	-13	3.3	-13.3	-13.3	-Inf	-13.3	-13.3	-13.3	-13	3.3
Propagation Condition			AWGN										
Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1	chips	{-147.5 147.5} Note 4											
Note 1: The DPCH lev Note 2: The power of t Note 3: The DPCH lev end of T2.	the OCNS	S channel	that is add	led shall	make tl						Ec/lor of C	Cell 1 at	the

Table 8.3.1.1.3: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

The average measured quality on the DTCH of the UE downlink during T6 shall be BLER = $0.01\pm30\%$. (The final BLER shall be achieved by integrating over a number of repetitions of procedure step 10).

Note 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within -147.5 ... 147.5 chip.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

8.3.2.1 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to intra-frequency cell

8.3.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay of the UE is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The interruption time shall be less than 110 ms in CELL_DCH state in the single carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay $D_{handover}$ equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 clause 5.2.2.2 as follows:

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPDCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCCH, is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than T_{interrupt1}

 $T_{interrupt1=}T_{IU}+40+20*KC+150*OC+10*F_{max} ms$

where

 T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

KC is the number of known target cells in the message, and

OC is the number of target cells that are not known in the message.

 F_{max} denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

Note: The figure 40 ms is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 clause 4.3.1.2.

In the interruption requirement T_{interrupt1} a cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.2.2 and A.5.2.1.

8.3.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.2.1.4 Method of test

8.3.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.3.2.1.1 to 8.3.2.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed timed difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 1A. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the Physical Channel reconfiguration message.

N312 shall have the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

Para	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control	ol		On	
Target qualit	y value on	BLER	0.01	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbourin g cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting rai	nge	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting de threshold	activation		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigg	ger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	≤5	
T3		S	5	

Table 8.3.2.1.1: General test parameters for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	6.97		-Infinity	5.97	
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 4)}$	dBm	-70.00	-63.03		-Infinity	-64.03	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			-Infinity	-*	14
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
Note 2: The pow Note 3: The DP	ver of the C CH may no	CNS channel t t be power con	trolled by the p	all make the tot	al power from th p.		

The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and Note 4: need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 5) 5 seconds after step 4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A

- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time set to "now". The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 8) The SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.3.2.1.3.
- 9) If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 190 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 10) After 5 seconds from the beginning of time period T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11)Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
Message Type (10.2.17)				
UE information elements				
-RRC transaction identifier	0			
-Integrity check info	SC coloulates the value of MAC I for this			
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this			
	message and writes to this IE. The first/			
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the			
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.			
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.			
Measurement Information elements				
-Measurement Identity	1			
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify			
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Wearly			
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC			
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger			
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present			
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement			
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)				
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present			
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)				
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0			
-CHOICE mode	FDD			
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0			
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)				
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)				
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)			
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE			
-CHOICE mode	FDD			
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE			
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE			
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE			
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)				
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)			
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE			
-CHOICE mode	FDD			
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE			
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE			
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE			
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present			
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present			
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present			
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting			
	criteria			
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)				
-Parameters required for each event	2			
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A			
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells			
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB			
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present			
-W	1.0			
-Hysteresis	0 dB			
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present			
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0			
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present			
-Time to trigger	0 ms			
-Amount of reporting	Infinity			
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)			
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)				
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or			
	monitored set cells on used frequency			
-Maximum number of reported cells	2			
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B			
	Active set cells			
-Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant	3 dB			

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present				
-W	1.0				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present				
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	Not Present				
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)					
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set and/or				
	monitored set cells on used frequency				
-Maximum number of reported cells	2				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,				
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information				
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in				
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng				

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
JE Information Elements	
RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
Ciphering mode info	Not Present
Activation time	"now"
New U-RNTI	Not Present
New C-RNTI	Not Present
RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
CN Information info	Not Present
JTRAN mobility information elements	
URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell
	Same downlink UARFCIN as used for cell
Jplink radio resources	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)	
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCCH power offset	-6dB
- PC Preamble	1 frame
- SRB delay	7 frames
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1
- TPC step size	1dB
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Scrambling code type	Long
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)
-Number of DPDCH	Not Present(1)
-Spreading factor	64
-TFCI existence	TRUE
-Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)
-Puncturing Limit	1
Downlink radio resources	
CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
Downlink information common for all radio links (10.3.6.24)	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	
	Initialise
-Timing indicator	Not Present
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	
-DPC mode	0 (single)
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Power offset Ppilot-DPDCH	0
-DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Fixed or Flexible Position	Fixed
-TFCI existence	TRUE
	128
-CHOICE SF -Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8

Information Element	Value/Remark
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)	Not Present
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0
-Downlink information per radio link list	1
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)	
-Primary scrambling code	150
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No change
-TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
 Intra-frequency measured results list 	
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
- SFN-SFN observed time difference	Checked that this IE is present
- Cell synchronisation information	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD Observed the table IF is grouped to
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code - CPICH Ec/N0	
- CPICH ECINO - CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present Checked that this IE is present
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
- Cell synchronisation information	Not present
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	150
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
- Pathloss	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is present

8.3.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	Т3
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3			-9.3	•
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3			-14.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-1.13	-1.13	Note2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc (Note 4)}$	dB	0	7.0		-Infinity	6.0	
Î _{or}	dBm	-70.0	-63.0		-Infinity	-64.0	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz			-	70		
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 4)	dB	-12.3 -Infinity -13.3		3.3			
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Table 8.3.2.1.3: Test requirements for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Note 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

Note 4: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

8.3.2.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell

8.3.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The interruption time shall be less than 140 ms in CELL_DCH state in the dual carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay $D_{handover}$ equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 clause 5.2.2.2 as follows:

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and the UE needs compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than $T_{interrupt2}$

 $T_{interrupt2} = T_{IU} + 40 + 50 * KC + 150 * OC + 10 * F_{max} ms$

In the interruption requirement T_{interrupt2} a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.2.2 and A.5.2.2.

8.3.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.2.2.4 Method of test

8.3.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.3.2.2.1 to 8.3.2.2.3 below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 2C. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the Physical Channel reconfiguration message.

N312 shall have the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

Para	meter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Cont	rol		On	
Target quali DTCH	ty value on	BLER	0.01	
Compressed	d mode		A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.5.
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	
Final conditions	Active cell		Cell 2	
Threshold no frequency	on used	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W non-used	frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Time to Trig	ger	ms	0	
Filter coeffic	ient		0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	≤10	
T3		S	5	

Table 8.3.2.2.1: General test parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2			
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1			Channel 2	-
Number							
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note4)}$	dBm	-70.0		-Infinity	-71.8	-71.8	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity	-1	4	
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Table 8.3.2.2.2: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

lote 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.

Note 4: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 with Compressed mode parameters as in Table 8.3.2.2.1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 5) 5 seconds after step 4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time "now". The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.
- 8) The SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.3.2.2.3.
- 9) If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 220 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one. The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2.
- 10) After 5 seconds from the beginning of time period T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11)Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated belowabove shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, event 2C (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	00 selectes the celus of MAO I for this
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	Not Descent
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	0
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD Net Present
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
- Cell info	8.3.2.2.2
	Not Drocont
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present TRUE
- Read SFN indicator	-
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Set to Drimen, corombling and of Coll2
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2 Set to Primary CPICH Tx Power of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	described in Table 8.3.2.2.2
Ty Diversity Indianter	FALSE
- Tx Diversity Indicator - Cell for measurement	Not Present
- Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	Not Flesent
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria	inter-frequency reporting citteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	0 FDD
	CPICH Ec/N0
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21) -UTRA Carrier RSSI	EALSE
-UTRA Carrier RSSI -Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Prequency quality estimate -Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	FALSE
	TRUE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	TRUE FDD
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH EC/NO reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.51) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
	On with no reporting
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
Inter frequency measurement reporting with the (40.0.7.40)	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	1
Deremeters required for each succes	1
-Parameters required for each event	
-Parameters required for each event -Inter-frequency event identity (10.3.7.14) -Threshold used frequency	Event 2C Not Present

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Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-W used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual
	active set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
frequency	
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	1
-Threshold non-used frequency	-18 dB
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
•	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	
	Not Present
-Activation time	"now"
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
	Not Procent
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
>RB with PDCP information list	Not Present
>>RB with PDCP information	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Same uplink UARFCN as used for cell 2
-UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same downlink UARFCN as used for cell
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)	
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)	555
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCCH power offset	-6dB
- PC Preamble	1 frame
- SRB delay	7 frames
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1
- TPC step size	1dB
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Scrambling code type	Long
-Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)
-Number of DPDCH	
	Not Present(1)
-Spreading factor	64
-TFCI existence	TRUE
-Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)
-Puncturing Limit	1
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links (10.3.6.24)	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	Initialise
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator	Initialise Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Initialise Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode	Not Present 0 (single)
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode -CHOICE mode	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode -CHOICE mode -Power offset P _{Pilot-DPDCH}	Not Present 0 (single)
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode -CHOICE mode -Power offset P _{Pilot-DPDCH}	Not Present 0 (single) FDD
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode -CHOICE mode -Power offset P _{Pilot-DPDCH} -DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present 0 (single) FDD 0
 -Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode -CHOICE mode -Power offset P_{Pilot-DPDCH} -DL rate matching restriction information -Spreading factor 	Not Present 0 (single) FDD 0 Not Present 128
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18) -Timing indicator -CFN-targetSFN frame offset -Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23) -DPC mode -CHOICE mode -Power offset P _{Pilot-DPDCH} -DL rate matching restriction information	Not Present 0 (single) FDD 0 Not Present

Information Element	Value/Remark
-Number of bits for Pilot bits(SF=128,256)	8
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info (10.3.6.33)	
- Transmission gap pattern sequence	1
- TGPSI	1
- TGPS Status Flag	deactivate
- TGCFN	Not Present
- Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration	Not Present
parameters	
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None
-SSDT information (10.3.6.77)	Not Present
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0
-Downlink information per radio link list	1
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)	
-Primary scrambling code	250
-PDSCH with SHO DCH info (10.3.6.47)	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping (10.3.6.43)	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	0 chips
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No change
-TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
- Inter-frequency measured results	
- Frequency Info	Checked that this IE is present
- Inter-freqcell measured results list	

- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
- Cell synchronisation information	
- Tm	Checked that this IE is present
- OFF	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	250
- CPICH Ec/N0	Checked that this IE is present
- CPICH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
- Pathloss	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is present

8.3.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		Cell 2			
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.2		-9.2			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.2			-11.2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.2			-11.2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.2			-14.2		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note2	Note2	Note2	-1.16	-1.16	Note2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 4)	dB	0			-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8	
Î _{or}	dBm		-70.0		-Infinity	-71.8	-71.8	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.2 -Infinity -13.2					3.2	
(Note 4)								
Propagation Condition		AWGN						
			ne power control					
•			that is added sha		•	ne cell to be equ	al to I _{or.}	
			trolled by the po					
Note 4: These pa	rameters	are not directly	settable, but are	e derived by ca	Iculation from th	e settable parar	neters.	

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover

8.3.3.1 Definition and applicability

The hard handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission of the new uplink DPCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and TDD UE.

8.3.3.2 Minimum requirement

The hard handover delay shall be less than 70 ms in CELL_DCH state in the dual carrier case. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay $D_{handover}$ equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS 25.331 clause 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in TS 25.133 clause 5.3.2.2 as follows:

If FDD/TDD handover is commanded, the interruption time shall be less than,

$$T_{interrupt} = T_{offset} + T_{UL} + 30*F_{SFN} + 20*KC + 180*UC ms$$

where,

T _{offset}	Equal to 10 ms, the frame timing uncertainty between the old cell and the target cell and the time that can elapse until the appearance of a Beacon channel
T _{UL}	Equal to 10 ms, the time that can elapse until the appearance of the UL timeslot in the target cell
F_{SFN}	Equal to 1 if SFN decoding is required and equal to 0 otherwise
КС	Equal to 1 if a known target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
UC	Equal to 1 if an unknown target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise

An inter-frequency TDD target cell shall be considered known by the UE, if the target cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.3.2 and A.5.3.2.

8.3.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.3.4 Method of test

8.3.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.3.2.2.1 and 8.3.2.2.2 below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The Primary CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3. The RRC procedure delay is defined in TS 25.133 [2].

The UL DPCH in cell 2 shall be transmitted in timeslot 10.

Table 8.3.3.1: General test parameters for Handover to TDD cell

Para	meter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH par	DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.3.1
			Channel 12.2 kbps	and in TS 34.122 clause C.2.2
Power	Control		On	
	ity value on CH	BLER	0.01	
Compress	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.5
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
(D	dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Hyste	eresis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C
Time to	Trigger	ms	0	
	non-used iency	dBm	-75	Applicable for Event 2C
Filter co	efficient		0	
Monitored	cell list size		6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2	
T _{SI} s		S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test
Т	1	S	5	
Т	T2 s 15		15	
Т	3	S	5	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				
		T1, T2	Т3			
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1				
Number		Chainer				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	n.a.			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0				
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13				
Propagation Condition	AWGN					
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop						
Note 2 : The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total						
power from the cell to be equal to I _{or}						

Table 8.3.3.2: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to TDD cell (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2								
DL timeslot number		0		2			8			
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel						Chan	nol 2			
Number						Chan				
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-3			n.a.			n.a.	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		n.a.			n.a.		-3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9			n.a.		-9			
SCH_t _{offset}	dB		5		n.a.		5			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		n.a.		n.a. Note 1		n.a.			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-3.12		0 Note 2		-3.12			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-Inf 6		-Inf	-Inf 6		-Inf	(6	
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-Inf -67				n.a. n.a.				
	dBm/									
I _{oc}	3,84	4 -70								
	MHz									
Propagation Condition		AWGN								

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor. Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH

Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.

8.3.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 with Compressed mode parameters as in Table 8.3.2.2.1.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C.
- 7) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message with activation time "now".

- 8) After 10 seconds, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the UL DCCH of cell 2. If the UE transmits the UL DPCCH to cell 2 less than 70 ms from the beginning of time period T3 then the number of successful tests is increased by one.

10) After 5 seconds, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.

11)Repeat step 1-10 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, event 2C (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	Net Deserve
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	International and the state
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Inter-frequency reporting criteria	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	Primary CCPCH RSCP
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	FALOF
	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Proposed TGSN reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	TRUE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell	Papart calls within manitored act on pap
	Report cells within monitored set on non-
Maximum number of reported calls par reported pap used	used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used	1
frequency -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-measurement validity (10.3.7.37) -Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
Inter frequency measurement reporting pritoria (10.2.7.10)	Cintena
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19) -Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity (10.3.7.14)	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W used frequency	Not Present
-W used frequency -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 dB 0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-
	used frequency
Maximum number of reported cells par reported pap used	1
-Maximum number of reported cells per reported non-used frequency	
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency	1
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency -Threshold non-used frequency	-80 dBm
-W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (step 7):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type UE Information Elements	
	0
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	"now"
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	Not i lesent
	Not Droport
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
-RB with PDCP information list	Not Present
-RB with PDCP information	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN (Nt)	Same UARFCN as used for cell 2
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
-CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
-Uplink DPCH info (10.3.6.88)	
-Uplink DPCH power control info (10.3.6.91)	TDD
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps TDD
-UL Target SIR	Not Present
-CHOICE UL OL PC info	Individually signalled
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps TDD
-Indivdual Timeslot interference info	1
-Individual timeslot interference (10.3.6.38)	
-Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps TDD
-Timeslot number	10
- UL Timeslot Interference	-90 dBm
-CHOICE mode	TDD
	TDD
-Uplink timing advance control (10.3.6.96)	Disabled
-CHOICE Timing Advance	Disabled
-UL CCTrCH list	
-UL Target SIR	TBD dB
-Time Info (10.3.6.83)	
-Activation Time	"now"
-Duration	Infinite
-Common timeslot info	Not Present
-Uplink DPCH timeslots and codes (10.3.6.94)	
-Dynamic SF Usage	False
-First individual timeslot info (10.3.6.37)	
-Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
	•
-Timeslot number	10
-TFCI existence	True
-Midamble shift and burst type (10.3.6.41)	
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-CHOICE Burst Type	Type 1
-Midamble Allocation Mode	Default

Information Element	Value/Remark
-Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3	16
-Midamble shift	Not present
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-First timeslot code list	1
-Channelisation code	8/1
-CHOICE more timeslots	No more timeslots
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Downlink information common for all radio links (10.3.6.24)	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL (10.3.6.18)	
-Timing indicator	Initialise
-CFN-targetSFN frame offset	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH power control information (10.3.6.23)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-TPC Step size	1 dB
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
-TX Diversity mode (10.3.6.86)	None
-Default DPCH Offset Value (10.3.6.16)	0
-Downlink information per radio link list	1
-Downlink information for each radio link (10.3.6.27)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH info (10.3.6.57)	
- CHOICE mode	TDD
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- CHOICE sync case	Case 2
- Timeslot	0
- Cell parameters ID	20
- SCTD indicator	False
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL (10.3.6.21)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
- DL CCTrCH list	1
-TFCS ID	Not Present
-Time Info (10.3.6.83)	
-Activation Time	"now"
-Duration	Infinite
-Common timeslot info	Not Present
- Downlink DPCH timeslots and codes (10.3.6.32)	
- First individual timeslot info (10.3.6.37)	
- Timeslot Number (10.3.6.84)	
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- Timeslot number	2
- TFCI existence	True
- Midamble shift and burst type (10.3.6.41)	
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- CHOICE Burst Type	Type 1
- Midamble Allocation Mode	Default
- Midamble configuration burst type 1 and 3	16
- Midamble shift	Not present
- CHOICE TDD option	3.84 Mcps
- First timeslot channelisation codes (10.3.6.17)	
- CHOICE codes representation	Consecutive codes
- First channelisation code	16/1
- Last channelisation code	16/2
- CHOICE more timeslots	No more timeslots
- SCCPCH information for FACH (10.3.6.70)	Not Present
- 3001 011 IIII0IIIIali011 101 FACT (10.3.0.70)	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.3.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM

8.3.4.1 Definition and applicability

The UTRAN to GSM cell handover delay is defined as the time from the end of the last TTI containing an RRC message implying hard handover to the transmission on the channel of the new RAT.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.3.4.2 Minimum requirement

The hard handover delay shall be less than indicated in Table 8.3.4.1. The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

The hard handover delay as listed in table 8.3.4.1 equals the RRC procedure delay plus the interruption time listed in table 8.3.4.2.

UE synchronisation status	handover delay [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	90
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before	190
the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

Table 8.3.4.2: FDD/GSM handover - interruption time

Synchronisation status	Interruption time [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	40
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before	140
the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.4.2 and A.5.4.

8.3.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.3.4.4 Method of test

8.3.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.4.3, 8.3.4.4 and 8.3.4.5 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3C shall be used.. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

The UTRAN shall send a HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND with activation time "now". In the GSM Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI, containing the HO command.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table 8.3.4.3.

Table 8.3.4.3: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 34.121 clause C.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
- GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in clause C.5, table C.5.2
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		Pattern 2	As specified in clause TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
- GSM BSIC re- confirmation		Pattern 2	As specified in clause TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information . The information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
T Reconfirm abort		5.5	Based on TS 25.133 [2] 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8, rounded up due to 0.5 seconds quantization, as specified in section 10.3.6.33 of TS 25.331 [8]
T1	S	20	
T2	S	5	
T3	S	5	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)					
		T1, T2, T3					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15					
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0					
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13					
Propagation		AWGN					
Condition	AWGN						
Note 1: The DPCH leve	l is controll	ed by the power control loop					
Note 2 : The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make							
the total power from the cell to be equal to $I_{\rm or}$							

Table 8.3.4.4: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Table 8.3.4.5: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell	2 (GSM)
Falailletei	Onit	T1	T2, T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		AR	FCN 1
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-75

8.3.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to T1 in Table 8.3.4.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 and compressed mode parameters are configured as in the table 8.3.4.3. The compressed mode shall remain inactive.
- 4) The RF parameters for cell 2 are set up according to T1 in Table 8.3.4.6 and the SS configures a traffic channel.
- 5) The start of T1 is TTI aligned.
- 6) The SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message on cell 1.
- 7) At the T1-T2 transition, the SS shall switch the power of cell 2 as in Table 8.3.4.6.
- 8) The UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C.
- 9) The SS shall transmit a HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message with activation time "now" and indicating the traffic channel of the target GSM cell to the UE through DCCH of the serving UTRAN cell. The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI, containing the HANDOVER command.
- 10) The UE shall transmit a burst on the traffic channel of cell 2 implying that it has switched to the GSM cell. The UE sends a HANDOVER ACCESS message. If the UE transmits access bursts on the new DCCH of the target cell less than 90 ms from the beginning of time period T3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 11) At the end of T3 the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 12) Repeat step 1-11 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 6):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-KKO message sequence humber	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Comp
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	Not i resent
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	Itequired
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Papart calls within active set or within
	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
Maximum number of reported calls	2
-Maximum number of reported cells -CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	Inter-ICAT measurement reporting criteria
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24) -Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis -Time to trigger	0 dB 0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -CHOICE reported cell	Poport collo within active act or within
	Report cells within active set or within virtual active set or of the other RAT
Maximum number of reported calls	2
-Maximum number of reported cells Physical channel information elements	2
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Active (for all three patterns esserified in
-Dr Gri compresseu mode status inio (10.3.0.34)	Active (for all three patterns specified in table 8.3.4.3)
	table 8.3.4.3)

HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message (step 9):

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type (10.2.15)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
-Activation time	
-Activation time RB information elements	now
-RAB information list	1
-RAB Info	1
	0000 0001B
- RAB identity	The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the RAB identity.
- CN domain identity	CS domain
- NAS Synchronization Indicator	Not present
- Re-establishment timer	Use T315
Other information elements	
-CHOICE System type	GSM
-Frequency Band	Set to "GSM/ PCS 1900" if GSM/ PCS 1900 is used in this test. Otherwise set to "GSM/DCS 1800 Band" Single GSM message
-GIOICE GOM Message	Single Gow message
-Single GSM message	GSM HANDOVER COMMAND formatted and coded according to GSM specifications as BIT STRING (1512). The first/ leftmost/ most significant bit of the bit string contains bit 8 of the first octet of the GSM message. The contents of the HANDOVER COMMAND see next table.

HANDOVER COMMAND

Information Element (GSM)	Value/remark	Version
Protocol Discriminator	RR Management.	
Skip Indicator	0000	
Message Type	00101011	
Cell Description		
 Network Colour Code 	1	
 Base station Colour Code 	5	
- BCCH Carrier Number	1	
Channel Description 2		
- Channel Type and TDMA offset	TCH/F + ACCHs	
- Timeslot Number	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house, but not Zero.	
- Training Sequence Code	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	
- Hopping	Single RF channel.	
- ARFCN	1	
Handover Reference		
- Handover Reference Value	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	
Power Command and ACCESS Type		
- ATC	0	
- EPC_mode	0	REL-5
- FPC	0	R99 and
		REL-4 only
- EPC_FPC	0	REL-5
- Power level	Chosen arbitrarily by the test house.	
Synchronization Indication	Not present.	
Channel Mode	speech full rate or half rate version 1	
All other information elements	Not present.	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter-RAT test cases

This message is common for all inter RAT-frequency test cases and is described in Annex I.

8.3.4.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.4.6: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell	2 (GSM)
Falametei	Onit	T1	T2, T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		AR	FCN 1
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-74

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

8.3.5.1 One frequency present in neighbour list

8.3.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.6 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

If a cell has been detectable at least $T_{identify,intra}$, the cell reselection delay in CELL_FACH state to a cell in the same frequency shall be less than

$$T_{reselection, intra} = T_{Measurement_Period Intra} + T_{IU} + 20 + T_{SI} + T_{RA} ms$$

where

 $T_{Measurement_Period Intra} = 200 \text{ ms.}$

 T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 T_{SI} = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

 T_{RA} = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. T_{RA} is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 clause 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore T_{RA} in this test case is 40 ms.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.1 and A.5.5.1.

8.3.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in the single carrier case

8.3.5.1.4 Method of test

8.3.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.1.1 to 8.3.5.1.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.5.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Se – Persister	rvice Class (ASC#0) nce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
T1		S	15	
T2		S	15	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 clause 6.1.0b(Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD))

Table 8.3.5.1.2: void

Table 8.3.5.1.3:void

Table 8.3.5.1.4: Cell specific conditions for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Cel	12	Cell 3		Ce	Cell 4 Cell 5		Cell 6								
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2						
UTRA RF Channel		Char	nol 1	Chan	nol 1	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1							
Number		Unar		Chan		I Channel I		Channel		Channel 1		Chan							
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	ì	10	-1	-	-10		-10		-10		- 1	10						
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		12	-1	2	-12		-12		-12		-12							
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		12	-1	2		2	-	-12 -12		12	-1	12						
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		15	-1	5		5	-	15	-	15	- 1	15						
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-1	2	-1	2	-	12	-	12	-1	2						
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.:	295	-1.2	95	-1.2	295	-1.	295	-1.	295	-1.2	295						
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.2	27	0	.27	0	.27	0.2	27						
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-62.73	-6	9.73	-6	9.73	-6	9.73	-69	.73						
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70																
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-2	23	-	-23 -23		-23								
Propagation Condition							AW	GN											
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH	HE₀/N₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E ₀ /N ₀		CPI Ed	ICH ′N₀						
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	0	-2	0	-20		-20		-2	20						
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-11	5	-1	15	-115		-115		-115							
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	2	1	2′	21		1	21		21		2	1						
			C2: 0	C2, C		C3, C1: 0			C1: 0		C1: 0		C1: 0						
0			C3: 0	C2, C			C3, C2: 0 C4, C2: 0				C2: 0	C6, 0							
Qoffset 2 _{s, n}	dB		C4: 0	C2, C4: 0								C3, C4: 0			C3: 0		C3: 0	C6, 0	
			C5: 0 C6: 0	C2, C5: 0								C3, C5: 0			C5: 0		C4: 0 C6: 0	C6, 0	C5: 0
Qhyst	dB		0 0	C2, C6: 0 0		C3, C6: 0					0	0,0							
Treselection	и <u>ь</u> s)	0		0		0 0			0	-	-						
Sintrasearch	dB		sent	not s		, v		•		not sent		0 not sent							
IE "FACH	ub	not	SCIIL	1018	50 III	nots	not sent not sent		101	30111	not	Sent							
Measurement occasion info"		not	sent	not s	sent	not sent		not sent r		not	sent	not	sent	not	sent				

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with RF parameters set up according to T1 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in the CELL_FACH state on Cell 2 and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 seconds from completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.84 s, then the success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be

switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.

- 7) After total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.1.5.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 1.84 s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.

10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved .

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore the cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.84 s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms). Specific Message Contents
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
New C-RNTI	0101010101010 B
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_FACH

8.3.5.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.5.1.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, one freq. in
neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Ce	ell 3	Cell 4		Ce	II 5	Cell 6			
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Cha	nnel 1	Char	inel 1	Char	nel 1	Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	.4	-9	.4	-1	0.5	-1(0.5	-1().5	-10).5
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-11	1.4	-1	2.5	-1:	2.5	-12	2.5	-12.5	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-1	1.4	-1	2.5	-12.5		-12.5		5 -12.	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14	4.4	-14	-14.4 -15.5		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1 ⁻	1.4	-11.4		-1	2.5	-12.5		-12.5		-12.5	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	52	-1.	52	-1	.13	-1.13		-1.	13	-1.1	13
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.0	10.4	10.4	7.0	C).3	0	.3	0	.3	0.3	3
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-6	9.7	-6	9.7	-69	9.7	-69).7
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-2	3.5	-23	3.5	-23	3.5	-23	8.5

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.5.1.4 are unchanged.

- Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.
- Note 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

8.3.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.5.2.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

If a cell has been detectable at least $T_{identify,inter}$, the cell reselection delay in CELL_FACH state to a FDD cell on a different frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{Measurement inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

 $T_{Measurement_inter}\xspace$ is 480 ms in this case

 T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 T_{SI} = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

 T_{RA} = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. T_{RA} is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 clause 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore T_{RA} in this test case is 40 ms.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.2 and A.5.5.2.

8.3.5.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in the single carrier case

8.3.5.2.4 Method of test

8.3.5.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.2.1 to 8.3.5.2.5. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms

Table 8.3.5.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter		Value	Comment		
Initial	Active cell		Cell2			
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6			
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1			
	Access Service Class (ASC#0) – Persistence value				1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used		
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.		
T1		S	15			
T2		S	15			

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)).

Table 8.3.5.2.2:void

Table 8.3.5.2.3:void

Table 8.3.5.2.4: Cell specific conditions for Cell re-selection in CELL_FACH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 1 Cell 2		Cel	3	Cell 4			Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	1	Г1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Chann	iel 2	Chann	el 1	С	hannel	1	Channel	2	Chann	iel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12			-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12			12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15	-15		15		-15		-15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-1			-12		-12	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.29	5	-1.295		-1.295		-1	.295		-1.295		-1.295	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1.8	2.2	2.2	-1.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6	5.8 -	4.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	- 71.85	- 67.75	- 67.75	- 71.85	- 76.85	- 74.7	5	- 76.85	- 74.7	- 75 74.75	- 76.85	- 74.75	- 76.85
I _{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70												
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-13	-13	-15	-2	0		-20		-20	C	-2	20
Propagation Condition		AWG	N											
Cell_selection_		CDIC	ц	CPICH	1	CPICH								
and_reselection_		E _c /N ₀							CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀			
quality_measure						E _c /N ₀								
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115	-115 -115			-115		-115		
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21		
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0		C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C1: 0 C4, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C4, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C4, C3: 0 C3, C5: 0 C4, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0 C4, C6: 0		D D D	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0		C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0			
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0	0		0		0			
Treselection	S	0		0		0 0		0		0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not se		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not se		
Sintersearch	dB	not se	ent	not ser	nt	not ser	nt	no	ot sent		not sent		not se	nt
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		sent		sent		sent se		sent Sent			sent			
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3		3		3 3		3		3				
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FALS	E	FALSE		FALSE		F٨	ALSE		FALSE		FALSE	

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

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8.3.5.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to T1 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in the CELL_FACH state on Cell 2 and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 seconds from completion of step3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 2.0 s, then the success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.5.2.5.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 2.14 s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore the cell re-selection delay shall be less than 2.14 s.(Minimum requirement + 240ms).
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_FACH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
New C-RNTI	0101010101010 B
RRC State indicator	CELL_FACH

8.3.5.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.5.2.5: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL_FACH state, two freqs. in
neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ll 2	Ce	Cell 3 Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6		
•		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chann	iel 1	Chann	el 2	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	iel 2	Chann	el 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	9.4	-9	9.4	-10.7		-10.7		-1	0.7	-1().7
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-1	1.4	-1	2.7	-1	2.7	-1:	2.7	-12	2.7
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-1	1.4	-1	2.7	-1	2.7	-1:	2.7	-12	2.7
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	4.4	-1	4.4	-1	5.7	-1	5.7	-1:	5.7	-15	5.7
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.4	-1	1.4	-1	2.7	-1	2.7	-1:	2.7	-12	2.7
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.52	-1	.52	-1	.08	-1	.08	-1	.08	-1.	08
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-1.80	+4.64	+4.64	-1.80	-6.80	-3.16	-6.80	-3.16	-3.16	-6.80	-3.16	-6.80
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-71.8	-67.0	-67.0	-71.8	-76.8	-74.8	-76.8	-74.8	-74.8	-76.8	-74.8	-76.8
I _{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70.0	-71.6	-71.6	-70.0	-70.0	-71.6	-70.0	-71.6	-71.6	-70.0	-71.6	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-14.4	-11.6	-11.6	-14.4	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.5.2.4 are unchanged.

- Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.
- Note 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.5.3 Cell Reselection to GSM

8.3.5.3.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE starts to transmit the random access in Cell 2 (the GSM cell).

This requirements and this test apply to UE supporting FDD PS and GSM GPRS.

8.3.5.3.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than $5.5 + T_{RA}$ s.

The rate of correct reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed

$$T_{\text{reselection, GSM}} = T_{\text{identify,GSM}} + T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} + 40 + T_{\text{BCCH}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where:

$T_{identify,GSM}$	Specified in TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.4.2.5.2.1, here it is 2880 ms
T _{measurement, GSM}	Specified in TS 25.133 [2] clause 5.5.2.1.4, here it is 640 ms
T _{BCCH}	According to TS 05.08 [20] for R99 and TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases, the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

 T_{RA} The additional delay caused by the random access procedure in the GSM cell, is 10 ms (2 GSM radio frames).

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.5.2.1.4 and A.5.5.3.

8.3.5.3.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state.

8.3.5.3.4 Method of test

8.3.5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.3.5.3.1 to 8.3.5.3.5. This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UTRAN cell and the GSM cell are set to belong to different location areas. The GSM cell shall be set up to allow UE to transmit radio access burst in every GSM radio frame. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 6 GSM cells.

Table 8.3.5.3.1: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Para	Parameter		Value	Comment
Initial condition Active cell			Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Final condition Active cell		Cell2	
HCS	HCS			Not used
Neighbour cell lis	Neighbour cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	10	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in TS 34.108 clause 6.1.0b (Contents of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)).

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Table 8.3.5.3.2: void

Table 8.3.5.3.3: void

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel		Chan	nol 1	
Number				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1		
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.2	295	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-5	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-7	0	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85	
Propagation Condition		AW	GN	
Cell_selection_and_				
reselection_quality_mea		CPICH Ec/lo		
sure				
Qqualmin	dB	-2		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	15	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_	dBm	2	1	
RACH	UDIII			
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C	C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	C)	
Treselection	S	C		
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	Not :	sent	
IE 'FACH Measurement		Se	nt	
occasion info'		56	in	
FACH Measurement				
occasion cycle length		3		
coefficient				
Inter-frequency FDD		FAL	SE	
measurement indicator		I AL		
Inter-frequency TDD		FAL	SE	
measurement indicator	<u> </u>	I AL	52	
Inter-RAT measurement		Inclu	Ided	
indicators				
>RAT type		GS	SM	

Table 8.3.5.3.4: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN	N 1
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75
RXLEV_ACCESS_ MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_ CCH	dBm	33	

Table 8.3.5.3.5: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)
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8.3.5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-2 with RF parameters set up according to T1 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the signalling sequence in the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5 to place the UE in CELL_FACH and the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 5 seconds from completion of step3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.7.
- 5) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE. If the UE responds on cell 2 within 5.51 s (=5.5 s + $T_{RA}s$) from the beginning of time period T2 then a success is recorded and the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 10s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS completes the location update procedure in GSM and the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After 10 s from the beginning of time period T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in tables 8.3.5.3.6 and 8.3.5.3.6.
- 8) The SS waits for random access requests from the UE on cell 1. The SS completes the location update procedure in UTRA
- 9) Repeat step 3) to 8) until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

8.3.5.3.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3.5.3.6: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1) Test Requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel		Chan	nol 1		
Number		Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9	-10.1		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1			
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.309	-1.282		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0.3	-5.3		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-7	0		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.8	-16.5		
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-79.6	-85.4		
Propagation Condition		AW	GN		
Cell_selection_and_					
reselection_quality_mea		CPICH	I Ec/lo		
sure					
Qqualmin	dB	-2			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dBm	2	1		
Qoffset1 _{s, n}	dB	C1, 0	C2: 0		
Qhyst1	dB	(
Treselection	S	()		
Ssearch _{RAT}	dB	Not	sent		
IE 'FACH Measurement		Se	nt		
occasion info'		5	;iii		
FACH Measurement					
occasion cycle length		3	3		
coefficient					
Inter-frequency FDD		FAL	SE		
measurement indicator		171	-01		
Inter-frequency TDD		FAL	SE		
measurement indicator					
Inter-RAT measurement indicators		Inclu	ided		
>RAT type		GS	SM .		
>KAT type		G	ואוכ		

Table 8.3.5.3.7: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2) Test Requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN	J 1
RXLEV	dBm	-90.3	-74.7
RXLEV_ACCESS_ MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_ CCH	dBm	33	

NOTE 1: CPICH_Ec/Io and CPICH_RSCP levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

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Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH

8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

8.3.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

TevaluateFDD	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
Tsi	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received
	by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.6.2 and A.5.6.1.

8.3.6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.6.1.4 Method of test

8.3.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.6.1.1 to 8.3.6.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table 8.3.6.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH, one freq. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment					
initial	Active cell		Cell2						
condition Neighbour cells			Cell1, Cell3,Cell4,						
			Cell5, Cell6						
final condition	Active cell		Cell1						
Access Se	rvice Class (ASC#0)			Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the					
- Persistence value		-	1	random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.					
HCS				Not used					
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.					
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.					
T1		s 15		T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.					
T2	S		15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.					

Table 8.3.6.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Ce	12	Cell 3	Cell 3		14	Cell 5		Ce	Cell 6				
Farameter	Unit	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2				
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27					
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	- 62.73	-69.73		-69.73		-69.73		-69.73	-69.73				
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84MHz	-70						•				•					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23	-23			-23		-23					
Propagation Condition							AW	GN									
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀			E _c /N ₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀	H				
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-2	0	-20		-20		-20		-20					
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-11	15	-115		-115		-1	15	-115					
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	2	21	2	1	21	21		21		21		21				
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C1, C1,	C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C2: C3, C4: C3, C5:	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C3, C2: 0 C4 C3, C4: 0 C4 C3, C5: 0 C4		C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0		2: 0 3: 0 5: 0	C5, C5, C5,	C1: 0 C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C6: 0	C6, 0 C6, 0 C6, 0 C6, 0 C6, 0	C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0
Qhyst2	dB		0	C)	0		C)	0		0					
Treselection	S		0	C	0 0		0 0		0		0 0		0	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not	sent	not s	sent	not ser	nt	not s	sent	not	sent	not	sent				

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.6.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the CELL_PCH state on Cell 2 and then the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.1.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.6.1.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info - Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 clause 6.1 'Default settings (FDD)'

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

8.3.6.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95 %.

Table 8.3.6.1.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Unit Cell 1		Ce	Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		ell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	annel 1 Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4		-10.5	-10.5 -		-10.5			-10.5	-10.5	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4		-15.5 -15.5		-15.5	.5 -15.5		-15.5			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10		-1.10	-1.10		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30	0.30			0.30		
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	- 63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7		-69.7		-69.7		-69.7	-69.7	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz		-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	- 15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.6.1.2 are unchanged.

- NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

8.3.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.6.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

 TevaluateFDD
 See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.

 T_{SI}
 Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.6.2 and A.5.6.2.

8.3.6.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.6.2.4 Method of test

8.3.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.6.2.1 to 8.3.6.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms.

Table 8.3.6.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	ondition Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2	S		15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table 8.3.6.2.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit		ell 1	Ce	Cell 2		13	Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6							
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2						
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	annel 1 Channel 2		Chanr	Channel 1 Channel 1		el 1	Channel 2		Channel 2								
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10							
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12							
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12							
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15							
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.94	1	-0.94	1	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941							
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4						
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	- 73.3 9	- 67.75	- 67.7 5	- 73.39	- 77.39	- 74.7 5	- 77.39	- 74.75	-74.75	- 77.39	- 74.7 5	- 77.39						
I _{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70																	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20 -20		-20		-20									
Propagation Condition							I	AWGN											
Cell_selection_ and_reselection_ quality_measure		CPIC E _c /N ₀		CPIC E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E ₀ /N ₀							
Qqualmin	dB	-	20	-:	20	-20		-20		-20		-20							
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-1	15	-115		-115		-115		-115							
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm		21		21	2	1	21		21		21							
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C1, C1,	C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0		C5, C C5, C C5, C C5, C C5, C	2: 0 3: 0 4: 0	C6, C1: (C6, C2: (C6, C3: (C6, C4: (C6, C5: (
Qhyst2	dB		0		0	0		()	0			0						
Treselection	S		0		0	C		()	0			0						
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		nt not sent		not s	sent	not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	not s	sent	not	sent	not s	ent	not	sent						

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.6.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.6.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A RRC connection is set up according the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in CELL_PCH state on cell 2. The SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 30 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (CELL UPDATE message cause "cell reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.6.2.3.
- 11)Steps 5 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.82s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	CELL PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
Downlink information for each radio link - Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to TS 34.108 clause 6.1 'Default settings (FDD)'

Contents of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message for CELL_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
Activation time	Not Present
RRC State indicator	CELL_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

8.3.6.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.3.6.2.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Ce	Cell 1		ll 2	Ce	II 3	Ce	II 4	Cell 5		Cell 6		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number				Chanr	Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		iel 2	Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	9.3	-9	9.3	-10.8		-1(-10.8		0.8	-1(0.8	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.3	-1	1.3	-1:	-12.8		2.8	-1:	2.8	-12.8		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	-11.3		-11.3		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8		-12.8	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1-	4.3	-14.3		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8		-15.8		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.13	-1	.13	-0.	.77	-0.	.77	-0.	.77	-0.	77	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.6.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH

8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

8.3.7.1.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.7.1.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95 %.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

T _{evaluateFDD}	See table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.
T _{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received
	by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.7.2 and A.5.7.1.

8.3.7.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.7.1.4 Method of test

8.3.7.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.7.1.1 to 8.3.7.1.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. In System Information Block Type 2 cell1 and cell 2 URA identity is set to a different value.

Table 8.3.7.1.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH, one freq. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
TYPE 2 - URA ider - URA ider	ntity	-	0000 0000 0000 0001(B) (Cell 1) 0000 0000 0000 0010(B) (Cell 2)	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
Tsı		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Cell	2	Ce	13	Cel	4	Ce	ell 5	Ce	ell 6
·		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channe	el 1	Channel	Channel 1		Channel 1		el 1	Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10	-10		-10		-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0,941		-0,941		-0,941		-0,941		-0,941		-0,941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7,3	10,27	10,27	7,3	0,27		0,27		0,27		0,27	
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-62.73	-59.73	-59.73	-59.73 - 62.73		3	-69.73		-69.73		-69.73	3
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70		·								·	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13 -16		-23	-23		-23		-23		
Propagation Condition							AW	GN					
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH E	₀/N₀	CPICH	E _c /N ₀	CPICH	E₀/N₀	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH	H E _c /N ₀
Qqualmin	dB	-2	0	-20)	-2	0	-20)	-1	20	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-11	15	-11	5	-11	5	-11	5	-1	15	-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	2'	1	21		2'	1	21		2	21	2	21
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C C1, C C1, C C1, C C1, C	C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C4, C C4, C	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C5: 0		C1: 0 C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C6: 0	C6, 0 C6, 0 C6, 0	C1: 0 C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	S	0)	0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not s	sent	not se	ent	not s	sent	not s	ent	not sent		not	sent

Table 8.3.7.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state, one freq. in neighbour list

Note 1 The nominal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.7.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.7.1.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in the URA_PCH state on Cell 2 and then the SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 15 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.1.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received, the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of another 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.7.1.3.

- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) Steps 4 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.92s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	URA PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

Contents of URA UPDATE CONFIRM message for URA_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
RRC state indicator	URA_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
URA identity	000000000000010 B

8.3.7.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful attempts shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95 % of the cases.

Table 8.3.7.1.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state, one freq. in
neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	C	ell 1	Ce	Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		ell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Channe	el 1	Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.4		-9.4		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		-10.5		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.4		-11.4 -		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		-12.5		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.4		-14.4		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		-15.5		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10		-1.10		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		-0.83		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	7.00	10.40	10.40	7.00	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30		
Î _{or}	dBm	- 63.0	-59.6	-59.6	-63.0	-69.7		-69.7		-69.7		-69.7	-69.7	
I _{oc}	dBm / 3,84 MHz						-7							
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	- 15.7	-12.3	-12.3	-15.7	-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		-23.5		

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.7.1.2 are unchanged.

- NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

8.3.7.2.1 Definition and applicability

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from a change of cell levels to the moment when this change makes the UE camp on a new cell, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in the new cell.

The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.3.7.2.2 Minimum requirement

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s with a DRX cycle length of 1.28 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$, where:

TevaluateFDDSee table 4.1 in TS 25.133 [2] clause 4.2.2.TSIMaximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by
the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 5.7.2 and A.5.7.2.

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8.3.7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement and is capable of camping on to a new cell, within the required time, when the preferred cell conditions change.

8.3.7.2.4 Method of test

8.3.7.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables 8.3.7.2.1 to 8.3.7.2.3. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1 280 ms. In System Information Block Type 2 in cell 1 and cell 2 URA identity is set to different value.

Table 8.3.7.2.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH, two freqs. in neighbour list

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Initial condition	Active cell Cell2		Cell1	
SYSTEM I BLOCK TY - URA iden - URA iden	itity list	-	0000 0000 0000 0001(B) (Cell 1) 0000 0000 0000 0010(B) (Cell 2)	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T _{SI}		ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system information blocks.
DRX cycle	length	S	1,28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
	T1	S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
	T2	S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	C	ell 2		Cell 3		C	ell 4		Ce	ell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	Т	1	T2	T1	T	2	T1	T	2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nnel 1	Cha	Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		1	Channel 2			Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10		-10		-10		-10			-10			-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12		-12		-12			-12		-12			-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	- '	12		-12		-12			-12		-	·12			12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	- '	15		-15		-15			-15		-	·15		-	15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.	941	-0	.941		-0.941		-().941		-0.	.941		-0.	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7	.4 ·	4.8	-7.4	-4	.8	-4.8	-7.	4 ·	4.8	-7.4
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-73.39	- 67.7 5			- 77.3 9	- 74.7 5	- 77 9	.3 7 5	74.7 5	-74	-	- 77.3 9	- 74.7 5	·	77.39
I _{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz							-	70							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16		-20			-20		-	20		-	20
Propagation Condition								AW	'GN							
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH	H E₀/N₀	CPIC	CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		Ν ₀	CPICH E ₀ /N ₀		1 0 (CPICH E ₀ /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-2	20	-	20		-20		-20			-20			-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-1	15	-'	115		-115		-	115		-1	15		-1	15
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	2	21		21		21			21			21			21
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, 0 C1, 0 C1, 0	C2: 0 C3: 0 C4: 0 C5: 0 C6: 0	C2, C2, C2,	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0		0 0 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0			C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0	
Qhyst2	dB	(0		0		0			0			0			0
Treselection	S	(C		0		0		0			0				0
Sintrasearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	r	not ser	nt	no	t sent		not	sent		not	sent
Sintersearch	dB	not	sent	not	sent	r	not ser	nt	no	t sent		not sent			not sent	

Table 8.3.7.2.2: Cell specific test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH state, two freqs. in neighbour list

Note 1 The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.3.7.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) The SS activates cell 1-6 with T1 defined parameters in table 8.3.7.2.3 and monitors cell 1 and 2 for random access requests from the UE.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) An RRC connection is set up according the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.3 to place the UE in URA_PCH state on cell 2. The SS waits for this process to complete.
- 4) After 30 s from the completion of step 3 or the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 5) If the UE responds on Cell 1 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded, the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure moves to step 7.
- 6) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T2 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 7.
- 7) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T2, the parameters are changed to those defined for T1 in table 8.3.7.2.3.

- 8) If the UE responds on Cell 2 with a PRACH (URA UPDATE message cause "URA reselection") within 8s, then a success is recorded and the procedure moves to step 10.
- 9) Since the UE has failed to respond with the correct message within the allowed time, a failure is recorded. The SS shall then wait for a total of 15s from the beginning of T1 and if no response is received the UE shall be switched off and the procedure returns to step 1. Otherwise the SS shall transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message and then the procedure continues with step 10.
- 10) After a total of 15 s from the beginning of T1, the parameters are changed to those defined for T2 in table 8.3.7.2.3.
- 11)Steps 5 to 10 are repeated until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: T1 is initially 30 s to allow enough time for the UE to search for cells as it has no prior knowledge of these.
- NOTE 2: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 3) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520 ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 7.82s (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 8s in the test case.
- NOTE 3: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC State Indicator	URA PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7

Contents of URA UPDATE CONFIRM message for URA_PCH

Information Element	Value/remark
RRC transaction identifier	0
RRC state indicator	URA_PCH
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	7
URA identity	000000000000010 B

8.3.7.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.3.7.2.3: Cell specific test requirements for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state, two freqs. in
neighbour list

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		ll 2	Cell 3 Cell 4		II 4	Cell 5		Cell 6			
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	9.3	-9	9.3	-1(0.8	-1(0.8	-1	0.8	-1(D.8
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.3	-1	1.3	-1:	2.8	-1:	2.8	-1:	2.8	-12	2.8
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.3	-1	1.3	-1:	2.8	-1:	2.8	-1:	2.8	-12	2.8
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	4.3	-1-	4.3	-1:	5.8	-1	5.8	-1:	5.8	-1	5.8
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.13	-1	.13	-0.	.77	-0.	.77	-0	.77	-0.	.77
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} Note 1	dB	-3.40	+4.80	+4.80	-3.40	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-3.00	-7.40	-3.00	-7.40
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-73.4	-67.0	-67.0	-73.4	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-74.8	-77.4	-74.8	-77.4
I _{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-71.8	-70.0	-71.8	-70.0
CPICH_Ec/lo Note 1	dB	-15.3	-11.5	-11.5	-15.3	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8	-20.8

All other parameters and conditions specified in table 8.3.7.2.2 are unchanged.

NOTE 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.

NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4 RRC Connection Control

8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay

8.4.1.1 Test 1

8.4.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ($T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements of this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.4.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

The Re-establishment delay $T_{\text{RE-ESTABLISH}}$ to a known cell shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{RE-ESTABLISH} = T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} + T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-KNOWN}$.

where

T _{RRC-RE-ESTABLIS}	$_{SH}$ = 160ms+(N ₃₁₃ -1)*10ms+T ₃₁₃
T _{UE-RE-ESTABLISE}	$H_{REQ-KNOWN} = 50ms + T_{search} + T_{SI} + T_{RA},$
N ₃₁₃ =	20
T ₃₁₃ =	Os
$T_{search} =$	100ms
$T_{RA} =$	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.
T _{SI}	is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms). 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 1820ms, allow 1.9s in the test case.

8.4.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.4.1.1.4 Method of test

8.4.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.4.1.1, table 8.4.1.1A, and table 8.4.1.2 below. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. And DRX cycle length shall be 1280ms. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consist of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL and UL Reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell, Initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, Final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall only include intra frequency neighbours. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
Cell 2			Included in the monitored set
T _{SI}	ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of system infomation blocks.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

Table 8.4.1.1 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 1

Table 8.4.1.1.A Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1
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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
		ТО	TO
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	-infinity
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	2.39	-infinity
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-7	0
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-infinty
Propagation Condition		AW	GN

Table 8.4.1.2 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ll 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1		1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	-Infinity	Not ap	olicable	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.9	941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	2,39	-Infinity	4,39	0,02	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	-1	3	
Propagation Condition		AWGN				

8.4.1.1.4.2 Procedure

1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0.

- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters.
- 4) The RF parameters are setup according to T1.
- 5) 10 s after step4 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 6) If the UE responds on cell 2 within 2.1 s from the beginning of time period T2 with a CELL_UPDATE command then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7) SS shall transmit a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message to make the UE transit to idle mode.
- 8) After 6 seconds from the beginning of time period T2, the RF parameters are set up according to T0.
- 9) The SS shall wait for 30s to make the UE complete cell reselection to cell1.

10) Repeat step 3-9 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks is defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520ms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 2060ms (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 2.1s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.4.1.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.1.2 Test 2

8.4.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ($T_{UE-E-STABLISH-REQ}$) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set.
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements of this test apply to the FDD UE.

8.4.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{RE-ESTABLISH} = T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} + T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}$.

where

T _{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} =
T _{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} =

T _{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN} =	50ms+T _{search}	*NF +	$T_{SI} +$	T _{RA} ,
--	--------------------------	-------	------------	-------------------

N ₃₁₃ =	20
T ₃₁₃ =	0s
T _{search} =	800ms
NF	is the number of different frequencies in the monitored set. 3 frequencies are assumed in this test case.
$T_{RA} =$	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.
T _{SI}	is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms).1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 4120ms, allow 4.2s in the test case.

8.4.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.4.1.2.4 Method of test

8.4.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.4.1.3 and table 8.4.1.4 below. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. And DRX cycle length shall be 1280ms. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in clause C.3.1 and C.2.1
		measurement channel 12.2	
		kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell, initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall include 2 additional
			frequencies.
			NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
Cell 2			Cell 2 is not included in the monitored set.
			Cell 2 is located on one of the 2 additional
			frequencies of the monitored set.
T _{SI}	ms	1280	See Annex I for the SIB repetition period of
			system infomation blocks.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

Table 8.4.1.3 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 2

Table 8.4.1.4 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ll 2
		T1	T2	T1	T2
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1			2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15	
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17 -Infinity		Not applicable	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049 -0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3,35	-Infinity	-Infinity	0,02
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	-Infinity	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN			

8.4.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.4 without Compressed mode parameters.
- 4) 10 s after step3 has completed, the parameters are changed to that as described for T2.
- 5) If the UE responds on cell 2 within 4.4 s from the beginning of time period T2 with a CELL_UPDATE command then the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 6) SS shall transmit a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message to make the UE transit to idle mode.
- 7) After 6 seconds the RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 8) The SS shall wait for 30s to make the UE complete cell reselection to cell1.

- 9) Repeat step 3-8 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE 1: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks is defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell. Since the maximum time to read the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1420ms (see note 2) and the maximum RRC procedure delay for reception system information block is 100ms, 1520msms is assumed in this test case. Therefore this gives a total of 4360ms (Minimum requirement + 240ms), allow 4.4s in the test case.
- NOTE 2: The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell is 1280ms. The Master Information Block (MIB) is repeated every 8 frame and SIB5 (and SIB11) is segmented into 4 segments where the first segment is scheduled adjacent to the MIB at SIB_POS=40 and the other three segments are scheduled after the MIB (SIB_POS=42, 44 and 46). The maximum time for a UE to read SIB5 will occur if the UE start reading the BCH at the SFN after the MIB located prior to the first segment of SIB5 (SIB_POS 32). Then the UE will not be able to read SIB5 until the second occurrence of SIB5, which will happen at SIB_POS 46 + 1280ms. This gives that the maximum time for the UE to read the relevant system info will be 1420ms ((SIB_POS 46 SIB_POS 32)*10ms +1280ms).

8.4.1.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2 Random Access

8.4.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK

8.4.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

8.4.2.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall have capability to calculate initial power according to the open loop algorithm and apply this power level at the first preamble and increase the power on additional preambles. The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall have an accuracy as specified in table 6.3 of TS 25.101 [1]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall be -30 dBm with an accuracy as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1]. The accuracy is \pm 9dB in the case of normal condition or \pm 12dB in the case of extreme condition.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is ± 2 dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1]. The test requirement of the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is ± 2 dB as specified in clause 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [1].

NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between 10^{th} preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P p-m in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor β_d is set to15. The temporary gain factor β_c is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.1.

8.4.2.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements and that the PRACH power settings are within specified limits.

8.4.2.1.4 Method of test

8.4.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1 in the case of the PRACH power measurement. And in the case of the function test of the random access procedure, connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table 8.4.2.1.1: RF Parameters for Random Access test

The test parameters "System Information Block (SIB) type 5 (ASC #0)" defined in clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be used in all random access tests (see note). Crucial parameters for the test requirements are repeated in tables 8.4.2.1.2 and A.8.4.3.1.3 and these overrule the parameters defined in SIB type 5.

NOTE: A parameter of AC-to-ASC mapping(AC0-9) in SIB5 of clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [3] shall be set to 0 in the case of all random access tests. The EFACC of Type A, which is specified in clause 8.3.2.15 of TS 34.108 [3], shall be selected.

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class		
(ASC#0)		
	01	1
- Persistence value		
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M _{max}).		
Maximum number of		12
preambles in one preamble		
ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T_{B01}	ms	N/A
N _{B01min=} N _{B01max}	#TTI	10
Dower stop when no	dB	3
Power step when no	uБ	3
acquisition indicator is received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the	ub	0
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)		
Maximum allowed UL TX	DBm	21
		21
power		

Table 8.4.2.1.2: UE parameters for Random Access test

Table 8.4.2.1.3: SS parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power	dB	-10
control (Constant value)		
AICH Power Offset	dB	0

8.4.2.1.4.2 Procedure

1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an ACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS

2) Measure the first PRACH preamble output power, the each power difference for preamble ramping and the power difference between 10^{th} preamble PRACH and message part of the UE according to annex B.

3) Measure the number of the preamble part and the message part by using a spectrum analyzer.

8.4.2.1.5 Test requirements

The accuracy of the first preamble as specified in clause 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [1] shall not be verified in this test. It is verified under the section 5.4.1, Open loop power control.

There are two relative powers, one is the power difference for preamble ramping and another is the power difference between last preamble part and message part. From the test parameter in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the test requirement of the power difference for all preamble ramping is 3dB (Power offset P0). The accuracy is ± 3 dB. The test requirement of the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part (control + data) is 3 dB (note). The accuracy is ± 3 dB

Table 8.4.2.1.4:Test requirement for power difference

	Power different preambles	ence for all	Power difference be PRACH and messag	1
Test requirement	3dB	±3 dB	3dB	±3 dB

NOTE: In order to calculate the power difference between 10th preamble PRACH and message part by using Power offset P _{p-m} in the table 8.4.2.1.2, the gain factors of PRACH message part are needed. The gain factor β_d is set to 15. The temporary gain factor β_c is set to 15.

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0,941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1,516
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I _{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table 8.4.2.1.5: RF Parameters for Random Access test

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

8.4.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer T_{B01} expires.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the SS. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.2.

8.4.2.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements.

8.4.2.2.4 Method of test

8.4.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

8.4.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that an NACK on the AICH shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the SS
- 2) Measure the number of the preamble part and the time delay between 10th preamble in the first ramping cycle and first preamble in the second ramping cycle by using a spectrum analyzer.

8.4.2.2.5 Test requirements

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer T_{B01} expires.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the SS. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

8.4.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

8.4.2.3.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

The normative reference for this requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.3.2 and A.6.2.2.3.

8.4.2.3.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements.

8.4.2.3.4 Method of test

8.4.2.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.8. A spectrum analyzer is set to 0 span mode.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

8.4.2.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.1.2, and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that SS shall transmit no AICH.
- 2) Measure the number of the preamble part by using a spectrum analyzer.

8.4.2.3.5 Test requirements

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

8.4.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in clause 6 of TS 25.214 [5] and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in clause 11.2 of TS 25.321[13]. A random access transmit sequence is described in clause 6.7.2 of TS 25.303 [12].

8.4.2.4.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power, which is specified in Table 8.4.2.4.1 and configured by the SS, with more than the accuracy tolerances as defined in section 6.5 of TS 25.133 [2].

Section 6.5 of TS25.133 [2] states that for UE output powers that are outside the range covered by the UE transmitted power measurement the UE output power shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX Power with more than the tolerances specified for the Open loop power control in TS 25.101 [1] section 6.4.1.

No ACK/NACK shall be sent by SS during this test.

8.4.2.4.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the PRACH power behavior when reaching Maximum allowed UL TX power is correct.

8.4.2.4.4 Method of test

8.4.2.4.4.1 Initial condition

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect the SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

See TS 34.108 [3] for details regarding generic call setup procedure.

Table 8.4.2.4.1: UE parameters for correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class		
(ASC#0)		
	01	1
- Persistence value		
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M _{max}).		
Maximum number of		12
preambles in one preamble		
ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T_{B01}	ms #TT	N/A
N _{B01min=} N _{B01max}	#TTI	10
Power step when no	dB	3
acquisition indicator is		
received		
(Power offset P0)		
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the		
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)	a ====	
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	0
power		

8.4.2.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.4.2.1.1, table 8.4.2.4.1 and table 8.4.2.1.3. The PRACH procedure within the call setup is used for the test. It is necessary that SS shall transmit no AICH.
- 2) Set the TX output level of the SS to obtain \hat{I}_{or} at the UE antenna connector. \hat{I}_{or} shall be according to table 8.4.2.1.4.
- 3) Measure all PRACH preamble output power of the UE according to annex B.

8.4.2.4.5 Test requirements

The UE shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the SS with more than the tolerance specified in Table 8.4.2.4.2.

Table 8.4.2.4.2: Test requirement for maximum preamble power

3m ±	10 dB
	3m ±

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE

8.4.3.1 Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps

8.4.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.4 in TS25.321 [13]. This in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. Transport format combination selection is described in section 11.4 of TS 25.321 [13].

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 99, Release 4, Release 5 and later releases.

8.4.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Elimination, Recovery* and *Blocking* criteria defined below, how TFCs on an uplink DPDCH can be used for the purpose of TFC selection. The evaluation shall be performed for every TFC in the TFCS using the estimated UE transmit power of a given TFC. The UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC shall be made using the UE transmitted power measured over the measurement period, defined in 9.1.6.1 of TS 25.133 [2] as one slot, and the gain factors of the corresponding TFC.

The UE shall consider the *Elimination* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC is greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X out of the last Y successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Excess-Power state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bit rate for each logical channel to upper layers within T_{notify} from the moment the *Elimination* criterion was detected.

The UE shall consider the *Recovery* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for the last Z successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Supported state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within T_{notify} from the moment the *Recovery* criterion was detected.

The evaluation of the *Elimination* criterion and the *Recovery* criterion shall be performed at least once per radio frame.

The definitions of the parameters X,Y and Z which shall be used when evaluating the *Elimination* and the *Recovery* criteria when no compressed mode patterns are activated are given in Table 8.4.3.1.1.

Table 8.4.3.1.1: X, Y, Z parameters for TFC selection

X	Y	Z
15	30	30

The UE shall consider the *Blocking* criterion for a given TFC to be fulfilled at the latest at the start of the longest uplink TTI after the moment at which the TFC will have been in Excess-Power state for a duration of:

$$(T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1_proc})$$

where:

T_{notify} equals 15 ms

 T_{modify} equals MAX(T_{adapt_max}, T_{TTI})

T_{L1 proc} equals 15 ms

T_{adapt_max} equals MAX(T_{adapt_1}, T_{adapt_2}, ..., T_{adapt_N})

N equals the number of logical channels that need to change rate

For Release 99 and Release 4, T_{adapt_n} equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. Table 8.4.3.1.2 defines T_{adapt} times for different services. For services where no codec is used T_{adapt} shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms.

Table 8.4.3.1.2: T _{adap}	Table	8.4.	3.1	.2:	Tadapt
------------------------------------	-------	------	-----	-----	--------

Service	T _{adapt} [ms]
UMTS AMR	40
UMTS AMR2	60

For Release 5 and later releases T_{adapt_n} equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. For services where no codec is used T_{adapt} shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms. For services where either UMTS_AMR2 or UMTS_AMR_WB is used, Tadapt shall be considered to be equal to the time required to switch from the current codec mode to a new supported codec mode. In that case Tadapt equals 20 ms + 40 ms per codec mode switch. E.g. Tadapt equals 60ms if one codec mode switch is necessary and Tadapt equals 140ms if 3 codec mode switches are necessary.

T_{TTI} equals the longest uplink TTI of the selected TFC (ms).

The Maximum UE transmitter power is defined as follows

Maximum UE transmitter power = MIN(Maximum allowed UL TX Power, UE maximum transmit power)

where

Maximum allowed UL TX Power is set by SS and defined in TS 25.331 [8], and

UE maximum transmit power is defined by the UE power class, and specified in TS 25.101 [1].

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 6.4.2 and A.6.4.1.

8.4.3.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose is to verify the UE blocks (stops using) a currently used TFC when the UE output power is not sufficient to support that TFC. The test will verify the general requirement on TFC selection in section 8.4.3.1.2 for a RAB intended for packet data services, i.e. Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64kbps as defined in TS 34.108 [3].

8.4.3.1.4 Method of test

8.4.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Tables 8.4.3.1.3, 8.4.3.1.4, 8.4.3.1.5 and 8.4.3.1.6 below. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Details on the UL reference RAB in table 8.4.3.1.3 and 8.4.3.1.4 can be found in TS 34.108 [3] section "Interactive or background / UL:64 DL: 64 kbps / PS RAB + UL:3.4 DL:3.4 kbps SRBs for DCCH".

Table 8.4.3.1.3: UL reference RAB, Interactive or Background
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	TFI	64 kbps RAB (20ms TTI)	DCCH 3.4kbps (40ms TTI)
TFS	TF0, bits	0x336	0x148
	TF1, bits	1x336	1x148
	TF2, bits	2x336	N/A
	TF3, bits	3x336	N/A
	TF4, bits	4x336	N/A

TFCI	(64 kbps RAB, DCCH)
UL_TFC0	(TF0, TF0)
UL_TFC1	(TF0, TF1)
UL_TFC2	(TF1, TF0)
UL_TFC3	(TF1, TF1)
UL_TFC4	(TF2, TF0)
UL_TFC5	(TF2, TF1)
UL_TFC6	(TF3, TF0)
UL_TFC7	(TF3, TF1)
UL_TFC8	(TF4, TF0)
UL_TFC9	(TF4, TF1)

Table 8.4.3.1.4: UL TFCI

Table 8.4.3.1.5: General test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
TFCS size		10	
TFCS		UL_TFC0, UL_TFC1, UL_TFC2, UL_TFC3, UL_TFC4, UL_TFC5, UL_TFC6, UL_TFC7, UL_TFC8, UL_TFC9	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	21	
ТО	S	10	
T1	S	30	
T2	S	10	
Propagation condition		AWGN	

Table 8.4.3.1.6: Cell specific test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				
		T0	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel				14		
Number Channel 1						
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} dB 0						
I _{oc} dBm/3.84 -70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13				
Propagation Condition AWGN						
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power						
control loop						
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is						
added shall make the total power from the cell to be						
equal to lor.						

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow uplink transmission at the highest bit rate (UL_TFC8 or UL_TFC9) during the entire test and it shall be ensured that the UE is using UL_TFC8 or UL_TFC9 at the end of T1.

8.4.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The SS activates cell 1 with T0 parameters defined in table 8.4.3.1.6.
- 2) The UE is switched on.

- 32) An RRC connection is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3, using the test procedure to setup a PS call using the parameters defined in tables 8.4.3.1.3, 8.4.3.1.4 and 8.4.3.1.5
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) For T1=30 secs the SS shall command the UE output power to be between 14 and 15 dB below the UE Maximum allowed UL Tx power (table 8.4.3.1.5).
- 6) The SS shall start sending continuously TPC_cmd=1 to the UE for T2=10 secs (see NOTE).
- 7) The time from the beginning of T2 until the UE blocks (stops using) UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9 shall be measured by the SS. The UE shall stop using UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9 within 140 ms from beginning of time period T2. A success is counted, if theUE stops within 140ms. An error is counted otherwise.
- 8) Repeat steps 5-7 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE: This will emulate that UL_TFC8 to UL_TFC9 can not be supported because the UE reaches the maximum UL Tx power and still SS is sending power-up commands.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
Ŭ	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
 Measurement Report Transfer Mode 	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
 Reporting quantities for monitored set cells Cell synchronisation information reporting 	FALSE
indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
Physical channel information elements	

8.4.3.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

Note: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics

8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing

8.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmit timing is defined as the timing of the uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame relative to the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame from the reference cell. The reference point is the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA of the FDD UE.

8.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to ± 1.5 chips. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the time when the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame is received from the reference cell plus T₀ chips. T₀ is defined in TS25.211 [19].

When the UE is not in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the one the UE has in the active set. The cell, which is selected as a reference cell, shall remain as a reference cell even if other cells are added to the active set. In case that the reference cell is removed from the active set the UE shall start adjusting its transmit timing no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account.

The UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according the received downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. The maximum amount of the timing change in one adjustment shall be ¹/₄ chip.

The minimum adjustment rate shall be 233ns per second. The maximum adjustment rate shall be ¹/₄ chip per 200 ms. In particular, within any given 800*d ms period, the UE transmit timing shall not change in excess of $\pm d$ chip from the timing at the beginning of this 800*d ms period, where $0 \le d \le 1/4$.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 7.1.2.

8.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE initial transmit timing accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are within the limits specified in 8.5.1.2.

8.5.1.4 Method of test

8.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

For this test, two cells on the same frequency are used.

The reporting of event 1A and event 1B is configured with SIB 11.

1) Connect the test system to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.5
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-10
PCCPH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1. 2
Î _{or,} Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-96
Î _{or,} Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-99
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1	•	
Propagation condition	A	WGN

Table 8.5.1.1: Test	parameters for UE	Transmit Timin	g requirements
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8.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. A call is set up with Cell 1 according to the Generic call setup procedure. The test parameters are set up according to table 8.5.1.2.
- 2. After a connection is set up with cell 1, the test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- Test system introduces cell 2 into the test system at delay +2 μs from cell 1. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1A.Test system transmits ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information).
- 4. Test system transmits Measurement Control message. Test system verifies that cell 2 is added to the active set.
- 5. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 6. Test system switches Tx timing of cell 2 to a delay of $-2 \,\mu s$ with respect to cell 1.
- 7. Test system verifies cell 2 remains in the active set. SS then sends a Measurement Control message (measurement release for measurement ID 2)
- 8. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 9. Test system stops sending cell 1 signals.
- 10. Void
- 11. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1B, and Test system transmits ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information). Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts no later than the RRC procedure delay after the end of the last TTI, containing the active set update message.. The adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall be according to the requirements in clause 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 12. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 13. Test system starts sending cell 1 signal again with its original timing. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1A.Test system transmits ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information).
- 14. Test system transmits Measurement Control message. Test system verifies that cell 1 is added to the active set. SS then sends a Measurement Control message (measurement release for measurement ID 2).
- 15. Test system verifies that the UE transmit timing is still within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.

16. Test system stops sending cell 2 signals.

- 17. Void.
- 18. UE transmits Measurement report message triggered by event 1B, and Test system transmits ACTIVE SET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information). Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts no later than the RRC procedure delay after the end of the last TTI, containing the active set update message. The adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall be according to the requirements in clause 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 19. Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.

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MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	•
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
moodage admonitoration code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
 Intra-frequency measurement objects list 	
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	0
-Filter coefficient	FDD
-CHOICE mode	CPICH RSCP
-Measurement quantity	
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	FALSE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

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ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link addition information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and
-RRC message sequence number - Activation time	writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter. "now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	1
 Radio link addition information 	
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Same as adding cell
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation DPCH frame offset 	Primary CPICH may be used This should be refrlected by the IE" Cell synchronisation
	information" in received MEASUREMENT REPORT
	message
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present
- Spreading factor	128
- Code number	96
- Scrambling code change	No code change
- TPC combination index	0
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
- TFCI combining indicator	FALSE
- SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	Not Present
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
- SSDT information	Not Present

ACTIVESET UPDATE message (Radio link removal information)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal
	counter.
- Activation time	"now".
- New U-RNTI	Not Present
CN information elements	
- CN Information info	Not Present
Phy CH information elements	
Uplink radio resources	
- Maximum allowed UL TX power	33 dBm
Downlink radio resources	
- Radio link addition information	Not Present
- Radio link removal information	1
- Primary CPICH info	
 Primary scrambling code 	Same as removing cell
- TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
- SSDT information	Not Present

Measurement Control message (measurement release)

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	release

8.5.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.5.1.2: Test parameters for UE Transmit Timing requirements

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.4
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-9.9
PCCPH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1.21
Î _{or,} Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-95
Î _{or,} Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-97.7
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1	-	
Propagation condition	A	WGN

- 1) In step 2, 5. and 8., UE transmit timing offset shall be within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 2) In step 11., the adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall meet the requirements specified in 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 3) In step 12. and 15., UE transmit timing offset shall be within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- 4) In step 18., the adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall meet the requirements specified in 8.5.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- 5) In step 19., UE transmit timing offset shall be within $T_0 \pm 2.0$ chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- NOTE 1: The above Test Requirement differs from the Test Requirement of TS 25.133 [2] clause A7.1.2, from which the requirements for the test system are subtracted to give the above Test Requirement.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6 UE Measurements Procedures

8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements

8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)

8.6.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH Ec/Io \geq -20 dB, SCH_Ec/Io \geq -20 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In the CELL_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells , where $Y_{measurement intra}$ is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2]. If the UE has identified more than $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells, the

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UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Intra}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8$ (cells)

T_{Measurement Period Intra} = 200 ms. The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

 T_{Intra} : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $T_{basic_identify_FDD, intra} = 800 \text{ ms.}$ This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T $_{identify intra}$ defined above.

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{identify_intra}$ and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.1.

8.6.1.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.1.4 Method of test

8.6.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.1.1.1 to 8.6.1.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A... The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.6.1.1.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
		Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation		0	Applicable for event 1A
threshold			
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	
Т3	S	1	
T4	S	5	

Table 8.6.1.1.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1 Cell 2					ell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		- '	10				-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12 -12							
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12				-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-^	15				-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 1		N/A Note 1				
OCNS			No	te 2		-0.	941	No	ote 2	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	6.97	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	5.97	-Infinity	
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 3)}$	dBm	-70	-63.03	-63.03	-70	-Infinity	-64.03	-64.03	-Infinity	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz					-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-14	-Infinity	
Propagation Condition						AWGN				

Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop

Note 2 : The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I_{or}.

Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1.3, with cell 1 active.
- 2. The UE is switched on.
- 3. A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4. SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.1.3.
- 6. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.

- 7. During the time period T2 the SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T3' adding cell 2 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T3.
- 8. After 6 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T4 in table 8.6.1.1.3.
- 9. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10. After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 9) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T4, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 11. Repeat steps 1-10 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	Not Present
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
	Not Present
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	norriegeni
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	0
-W	0 0 dB
-W -Hysteresis	0 dB
-W -Hysteresis -Threshold used frequency	0 dB Not Present
-W -Hysteresis	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark			
-Time to trigger	0 ms			
-Amount of reporting	Not Present			
-Reporting interval	Not present			
-Reporting cell status	Not Present			
Physical channel information elements				
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present			
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contain in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.33 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.				
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical report	ing			

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Parameter	Unit		Cel	11			С	ell 2	
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.	.3			-	9.3	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3 -11.3						
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	.3			-^	11.3	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	.3			-^	14.3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1		N	/A	No	ote 1
OCNS			Not	e 2		-1.	13	No	ote 2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	0	7.0	7.0	0	-Infinity	6.0	6.0	-Infinity
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-63.0	-63.0	-70	-Infinity	-64.0	-64.0	-Infinity
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-Infinity	-13.3	-13.3	-Infinity
(Note 3)									
Propagation		AWGN							
Condition									
	H level is con								
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I _{or}									
Note 3: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters									

Table 8.6.1.1.3: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of

8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.1 A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

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8.6.1.1 A.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH $Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB, $SCH_Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB for at least one channel tap and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In the CELL_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells , where $Y_{measurement intra}$ is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of TS 25.133 [2]. If the UE has identified more than $Y_{measurement intra}$ cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Intra}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8$ (cells)

 $T_{Measurement Period Intra} = 200 \text{ ms.}$ The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

 T_{Intra} : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $T_{basic_identify_FDD, intra} = 800$ ms. This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T $_{identify intra}$ defined above.

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{identify_intra}$ and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Intra}$ when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities defined above are valid.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.1.

8.6.1.1 A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.1 A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.1 A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

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Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.1.1 A.1 to 8.6.1.1 A.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table 8.6.1.1 A.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	
T3	S	5	

Table 8.6.1.1 A.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		Cell 2		2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10	•		-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049				-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	-Infinity		
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-70	-63.03	-70	-Infinity	-64.03	-Infinity		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-Infinity		
Propagation Condition		AWGN							
Note 1: The non	ninal Îor values	s, although n	ot explicitly d	efined in 25.13	3 are added he	re since they a	re implied an		

need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.1 A.4.2 Procedure

- 1. The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in table 8.6.1.1 A.3.
- 2. The UE is switched on.
- 3. A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4. SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.1 A.3.

- 6. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 7. After 5 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.6.1.1 A.3.
- 8. UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9. After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.
- 10. Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements -Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	meany
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
 Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator 	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator -CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A Monitored act colla
-Triggering condition 2 -Reporting Range Constant	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	3 dB Not Present
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	1.0
-vv -Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Not Present
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Triggering condition 1	
-Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB Not Present
-Triggering condition 1 -Reporting Range Constant -Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range -W	

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present				
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present				
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Amount of reporting	Not Present				
-Reporting interval	0 ms (note 2)				
-Reporting cell status	Not Present				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical report	ting				

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.1 A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.1 A.3:	Test requirements	for Event triagered	reporting in AWG	N propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2			
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.3			-9.3			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.3			-11.3			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.3			-14.3			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-16.3			N/A			
OCNS			-1.26		-1.13				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 1)	dB	0	7.0	0	-Infinity	6.0	-Infinity		
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-63.0	-70	-Infinity	-64.0	-Infinity		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz				-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12.3	-12.3	-12.3	-Infinity	-13.3	-Infinity		
(Note 1)									
Propagation Condition					AWGN				
Note 1: These pa	arameters are	not directly	settable, but a	are derived by	calculation from	the settable p	arameters		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

8.6.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay

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excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH . The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.2.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.2.

8.6.1.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.2.4 Method of test

8.6.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2.4.

Table 8.6.1.2.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3				
		Т0	ТО	Т0				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf				
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf				
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf				
Propagation Condition		AWGN						
			tly defined in 25.133 are ac quipment can be configured					

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2.2 and 8.6.1.2.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1, defined as T0, only Cell 1 is active.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
size			
T1	S	10	
T2	S	1	
T3	S	10	
T4	S	4	
T5	S	1	
T6	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.2.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Table 8.6.1.2.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1 Cell 2				Cell			Cell3								
	T1	T2 T	3 1	Г Т5 Ц	Т6	T1	T2	Т3	Т Т 4	5	Т6	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Т6	
CPICH_Ec /lor	dB			-10		•			-10)			·			10		
PCCPCH_ Ec/lor	dB			-12					-12	2					-'	12		
SCH_Ec/lo r	dB			-12					-12	2					-'	12		
PICH_Ec/I or	dB			-15					-15	5			-15					
DPCH_Ec/ lor	dB			Note 7	1			N/A N/A Note 1		Note 1		1 N/A						
OC NS_ Ec/I or	dB			Note 2	2				-0.94	41			- 0.94 1		Note 2	2	-0.9	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	6.97		.9 3	5.97	6.1 2	-1	nf	9.4 3	6.97		7.6 2	5.9	97	6.9 3	-1	nf	5.62
$\hat{I}_{or(Note3)}$	dBm	-78.0		- 8. · 17	-79.03	- 78. 88	-11	nf	- 75. 57	-78.03	3	- 77. 38	-79.	.03	- 78. 07	-1	nf	- 79.3 8
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz								-8	35								
CPICH_Ec /lo	dB	-13	-1	16	-14	- 15. 5	-1	nf	- 13. 5	-13		-14	-1	4	-16	-1	nf	-16
Propagatio n Condition						•	•	AWG	βN		•					•		

Note 3 :The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.2.4.2 Procedure

1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2.4.

- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings for T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 7) During the time period T1, the SS shall after the Event 1A triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T2' adding cell 3 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T2.
- 8) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 9) After 11 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T3 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 12) Void.
- 13) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 14)UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 15) During the time period T4, SS shall after the Event 1B triggered measurement is reported send an Active Set Update command with activation time 'start of T5' removing cell 3 from the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at least the RRC procedure delay prior to the beginning of T5.
- 16) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 17) After 6 seconds from the beginning of T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T5 to T6 in table 8.6.1.2.5.
- 18) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T6 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 19) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 20) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.

- 21) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 20) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T6, the UE is switched off.
- 22)Repeat steps 1-21 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
	1
-Measurement Identity -Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	I Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	Moulty
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
	-
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode -Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Event trigger Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Initia-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
•	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	1
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	0					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	Not Present					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3					
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1C					
-Reporting Range Constant	Not present					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	Not present					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not present					
-Replacement activation threshold	0					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	1					
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
- Maximum number of reported cells	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated						
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.33						
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO						
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting.						

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell3					
		ТО	Т0	ТО				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3	-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3	-14.3				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-16.3	N/A	N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.26	-1.13	-1.13				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc \ (Note \ 1)}$	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf				
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf				
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85						
CPICH_Ec/lo(Note 1)	dB	-12.3	-Inf	-Inf				
Propagation Condition	AWGN							
Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.								

Table 8.6.1.2.4: Initial test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Table 8.6.1.2.5: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN
propagation condition

Parameter	Unit			Ce	ll 1					Cel	2			Cell3					
		T1	T2	Т3	Т 4	T5	Т6	T1	T2	Т3	Т 4	Т5	T6	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Т6
CPICH_Ec /lor	dB	-9.3						-9.3				-9.3							
PCCPCH_ Ec/lor	dB	-11.3						-11.3				-11.3							
SCH_Ec/lo r	dB			-1	1.3			-11.3				-11.3							
PICH_Ec/I or	dB			-1-	4.3			-14.3				-14.3							
DPCH_Ec/ lor	dB			No	te 1			N/A			N/A		Note 1		N	/A			
OC NS_ Ec/I or	dB			No	te 2			-1.13			- 1.13		Note 2	2 -1.13					
\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} (Note 3)	dB	7.	0	6.9	6	.0	6.1	-1	nf	9.4	-	7.0	7.6	6.	0	6.9	-11	nf	5.6
Îor	dBm	-78	8.0	- 78. 1	-79	9.0	- 78. 9	-1	nf	- 75. 6	-7	8.0	- 77. 4	-79	0.0	- 78. 1	-11	nf	- 79.4
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz									-	85								
CPICH_Ec /lo _(Note 3)	dB	-12	2.3	- 15. 3	-1:	3.3	- 14. 8	-1	nf	- 12. 8	-1	2.3	- 13. 3	-13	8.3	- 15. 3	-1	nf	- 15.3
Propagatio n Condition	AWGN																		
Note 2 :The	DPCH level is cont power of the OCNS se parameters are r	S chan	nel tha	at is ad	dded s	shall m	ake the												

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.2A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.2A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1A.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.2.

8.6.1.2A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.2A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2A.4.

Table 8.6.1.2A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3			
		ТО	Т0	ТО			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12 -12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf			
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 1)}$	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf			
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition	AWGN						
Note 1: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.							

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.2A.2 and 8.6.1.2A.3. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	5	
T4	S	10	

Table 8.6.1.2A.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Table 8.6.1.2A.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					Cell 2				Cell3			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	0			-10				-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB	-12					-12				-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2			-1	2			-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	5			-15				-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	7			N/A				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049				-0.941				-0.941				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	6.97	6.93	5.97	6.12	-Inf	9.43	6.97	7.62	5.97	6.93	-Inf	5.62	
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	- 78.03	- 78.07	- 79.03	- 78.88	-Inf	- 75.57	- 78.03	- 77.38	- 79.03	- 78.07	-Inf	- 79.38	
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz						-8	35						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16	-14	-15.5	-Inf	-13.5	-13	-14	-14	-16	-Inf	-16	
Propagation Condition		AWGN												

need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.2A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.2A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings for T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the

required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.

- 7) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 11) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 12) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 13) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 14) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 15) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4 in table 8.6.1.2A.5.
- 16) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 17) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 18) UE may transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1C. In case it doesn't this shall not be considered as a failure.
- 19) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 18) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T4, the UE is switched off.
- 20)Repeat steps 1-19 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	
-Integrity check info	Not Present
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36) -Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	Not Flesent
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41) -Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1) TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	TALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
	1.0
-W	
	0 dB
-W	0 dB Not Present
-W -Hysteresis	

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark						
-Time to trigger	0 ms						
-Amount of reporting	Not Present						
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)						
-Reporting cell status	Not Present						
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1C						
-Triggering condition 2	Active set cells and monitored set cells						
-Reporting Range Constant	Not present						
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present						
-W	Not present						
-Hysteresis	0 dB						
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present						
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not present						
-Replacement activation threshold	0						
-Time to trigger	0 ms						
-Amount of reporting	Not Present						
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)						
-Reporting cell status	Not Present						
Physical channel information elements							
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present						
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated							
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information", TS 25.331							
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO							
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in						
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.							
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reportir	ng.						

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.2A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90%, of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Та	ble 8.6.1.2A.4: Initial	test rec	uirements for Event AWGN propagation	triggered reporting o n conditions	f multiple neighbours	s in
	Deremeter	l lmit			Call2	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3			
		Т0	Т0	ТО			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3	-9.3	-9.3			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.3	-11.3	-11.3			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.3	-14.3 -14.3 -				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-16.3	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.26	-1.13	-1.13			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf			
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-85	-Inf	-Inf			
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85					
CPICH_Ec/lo(Note 1)	dB	-12.3	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition	AWGN						
Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.							

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					Cell 2				Cell3				
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.3					-9.3				-9.3				
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB		-1	1.3			-11.3				-11.3				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	1.3			-11.3				-1	1.3			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	4.3			-14.3				-14	4.3			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1(6.3			N/A				N	/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.26					-1.13				-1.13				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note	dB	7.0	6.9	6.0	6.1	-Inf	9.4	7.0	7.6	6.0	6.9	-Inf	5.6		
Î _{or}	dBm	-78.0	-78.1	-79.0	-78.9	-Inf	-75.6	-78.0	-77.4	-79.0	-78.1	-Inf	-79.4		
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85													
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-12.3	-15.3	-13.3	-14.8	-Inf	-12.8	-12.3	-13.3	-13.3	-15.3	-Inf	-15.3		
Propagation Condition	AWGN														
Note 1: Thes	e parame	eters are	not dire	ctly sett	able, but	are de									

Table 8.6.1.2A.5: Test requirements for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

8.6.1.3.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.3.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.3.

8.6.1.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.3.4 Method of test

8.6.1.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3.4.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3					
		Т0	Т0	Т0					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10						
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	5.870	-Inf	-Inf					
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 1)}$	dBm	-79.13	-Inf	-Inf					
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-Inf	-Inf					
Propagation Condition		AWGN							
Note 1: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.									

Table 8.6.1.3.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3.2 and 8.6.1.3.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of five successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4 andT5 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.3.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	1	
T4	S	10	
T5	S	10	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2					Cell3				
		T1	T2 T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10					-10							
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB	-12				-12					-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12	-12					-12						
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15					-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1				N/A N			Note 1		N/A				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				-0.941			Note 2		-0.941				
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	14.5 5	28.51	14. 45	28. 51	-Inf	27.51		13.9 5	21 .5 1	8.0 5	21.51		13.9 5	27.5
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 3)}$	dBm	70.4 5	56.49	70. 55	56. 49	-Inf	-57.49		- 71.0 5	- 63 .4 9	- 76. 95	-63.	49	- 71.0 5	- 57.4 9
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85													
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-13	- 14. 5	-13	-Inf	-14.0		-15	- 20	- 17. 5	-20		-15	-14
Propagation Condition		AWGN													
Note 2 : Th	e power	of the O	controlled b CNS chanr	el that i	s adde	d shall m	ake th								od to

Table 8.6.1.3.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor Note 3: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 10 seconds from the beginning T0, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 in table 8.6.1.3.5.
- 6) After a total of 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 7) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T4.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning T4, the SS shall switch the power settings from T4 to T5.
- 11)UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T5 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.

- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T5, the UE is switched off.
- 13)Repeat steps 1-11 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
	woully
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	-
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	
-Cells forbidden to anect Reporting Range	Not Present
	0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
	Event 1B
-Intra-frequency event identity	
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	0					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	0 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
- Maximum number of reported cells	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	1, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	RT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng.					

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.3.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.3.4: Initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in
AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3						
		Т0	ТО	TO						
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.60	-9.60	-9.60						
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60						
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60						
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.60	-14.60	-14.60						
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-16.60	N/A	N/A						
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.10	-1.04	-1.04						
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 1)	dB	5.90	-Inf	-Inf						
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-79.10	-Inf	-Inf						
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	3.84 -85								
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-10.49	-Inf	-Inf						
Propagation AWGN										
Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.										

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2					Cell3			
		T1	T2 T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T1	T2 T3	T4	T5
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9.60						-9.6	50				
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB	-11.60				-11.60					-11.60			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11.60	-11.60					-11.60					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14.60	-14.60					-14.60					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 7	N/A Note 1					N/A					
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note 2	-1.04			Note 2		-1.04					
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note	dB	14.6	28.50	14. 5	28. 5	-Inf	27.50		14.0	21. 50	8.1	21.50	14.0	27.5
3)											1			
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	- 70.4 0	-56.50	- 70. 50	- 56. 50	-Inf	-57.50		- 71. 00	- 63.5 0	- 76. 90	-63.50	- 71.0 0	- 57.5 0
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85											
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 3)	dB	- 10.6 0	-12.60	- 14. 1	- 12. 60	-Inf	-13.60		- 14. 60	- 19. 60	- 17. 1	-19.60	- 14.6 0	- 13.6 0
Propagation Condition		AWGN												
Note 2: The	ower of	the OCI		that is a	added s	shall mak		•				be equal to e parameter		

Table 8.6.1.3.5: Test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.3A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Rel-4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.3A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.3.

8.6.1.3A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.1.3A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3A.4.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3			
		Т0	Т0	T0			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	5.87	-Inf	-Inf			
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-79.13	-Inf	-Inf			
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

Table 8.6.1.3A.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.3A2 and 8.6.1.3A.5. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table 8.6.1.3A.2: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	10	
T4	S	10	

Parameter	Unit		Ce	ll 1			Cell 2			Cell3			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		- ^	10			-1	10			-^	10	
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB	-12					-1	12		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	12			-1	12			-1	12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-^	15			-1	15			-^	15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	17			N	/A			N	/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-1.0	049			-0.9	941			-0.941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	14.5 5	28.5 1	14.4 5	28.5 1	-Inf	27.5 1	13.9 5	21.5 1	8.05	21.5 1	13.9 5	27.5 1
$\hat{I}_{or\ (Note\ 1)}$	dBm	- 70.4 5	- 56.4 9	- 70.5 5	- 56.4 9	-Inf	- 57.4 9	- 71.0 5	- 63.4 9	- 76.9 5	- 63.4 9	- 71.0 5	- 57.4 9
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-13	-14.5	-13	-Inf	-14.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-20	-15	-14
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Note 1: The r	nominal Î	minal Îor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and											

Table 8.6.1.3A.3: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Note 1: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.

8.6.1.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T0 in table 8.6.1.3A.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 10 seconds from the beginning T0, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 in 8.6.1.3A.5.
- 6) After a total of 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 7) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 880 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 8) After 10 seconds from the beginning T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 3 triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 280 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning T3, the SS shall switch the power settings from T3 to T4.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Cell 2 triggered by event 1B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T4 shall be less than 280 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 10 seconds after the beginning of T4, the UE is switched off.
- 13)Repeat steps 1-11 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
550	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
Measurement Information elements	internal counter.
	4
-Measurement Identity	
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger Not Present
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Fresent
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38) -Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	
-CHOICE mode	0 FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	CFICIT_EC/NO
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	ontonia
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	3 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark							
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present							
-W	1.0							
-Hysteresis	0 dB							
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present							
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present							
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present							
-Time to trigger	0 ms							
-Amount of reporting	Not Present							
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)							
-Reporting cell status								
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or							
	monitored set cells on used frequency							
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3							
Physical channel information elements								
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present							
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated								
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.33								
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information								
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in								
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.								
NOTE 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng.							

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.3A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Table 8.6.1.3A.4: Initial test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in
AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3			
		TO	Т0	T0			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.60	-9.60	-9.60			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.60	-11.60	-11.60			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.60	-14.60	-14.60			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-16.60	N/A	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.17	-1.04	-1.04			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 1)	dB	5.90	-Inf	-Inf			
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-79.10	-Inf	-Inf			
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85					
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-10.59	-Inf	-Inf			
Propagation Condition	AWGN						
Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.							

Parameter	Unit		Ce	ll 1		Cell 2				Cell3			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-9	.60			-9	.60			-9	.60	
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB		-11	.60			-11	.60		-11.60			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-11	.60			-11	.60			-11	.60	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-14	.60			-14	.60			-14	.60	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-16	6.60			N	/A			N	/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		-1.	.17			-1	.04			-1	.04	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 1)	dB	14.6 0	28.5 0	14.5 0	28.5 0	-Inf	27.5 0	14.0	21.5 0	8.10	21.5 0	14.0	27.5 0
Î _{or}	dBm	- 70.4 0	- 56.5 0	- 70.5 0	- 56.5 0	-Inf	- 57.5 0	- 71.0 0	- 63.5 0	- 76.9 0	- 63.5 0	- 71.0 0	- 57.5 0
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz		-85										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	- 10.6	- 12.6	- 14.1	- 12.6	-Inf	- 13.6	- 14.6	- 19.6	- 17.1	- 19.6	- 14.6	- 13.6
(Note 1)	uВ	0	0	0	0	-1111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Note 1: Thes	e parame	parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters.											

Table 8.6.1.3A.5: Test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (R99)

8.6.1.4.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 99 FDD UE.

8.6.1.4.2 Minimum requirements

[Editor's Note: The minimum requirements defined in TS 25.133 [2] are not completed for the release 99 test case therefore this test case is not testable and should be considered 'Void' until the errors are fixed in TS 25.133.]

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.4.

8.6.1.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and also verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

8.6.1.4.4 Method of test

8.6.1.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.4.1 and 8.6.1.4.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1B shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Table 8.6.1.4.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	120	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	200	
T2	S	201	

Table 8.6.1.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17		N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049		-0.941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.29	3.29	3.29	7.29	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-16	-16	-12	
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in table D.2.2.1					

8.6.1.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the fading simulator is switched on, configured with the settings described in the tables above at the beginning of T1.
- 6) UE shall start transmitting MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1A.
- 7) SS shall count the reports. The number of received event 1A reports shall be less than 60. If the SS fails to receive less than 60 event 1A reports, then then a failure is recorded. If the SS receives number of event 1A reports within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 8) After 200 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 9) UE shall start transmitting MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1B.
- 10) During the first 1s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- 11)After the first 1s SS shall start counting the reports. The number of received event 1B reports shall be less than 60. If the SS receives number of event 1B reports within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 12) After 201 seconds from the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.
- 13)Repeat steps 1-12 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	0 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-W	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	120 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Report coll within active act and/or
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
Movimum number of reported calls	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark								
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present								
-W	1.0								
-Hysteresis	0 dB								
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present								
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present								
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present								
-Time to trigger	120 ms								
-Amount of reporting	Not Present								
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)								
-Reporting cell status									
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or								
	monitored set cells on used frequency								
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3								
Physical channel information elements									
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present								
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained								
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	31, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,								
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information								
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in								
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.									
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporti	ng								

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.4.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check every time first if the number of the event 1A events is within the required limit, and then, check if the number of the event 1B events is within the required limit.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)

8.6.1.4A.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the Release 4 and later FDD UE.

8.6.1.4A.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.1.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.2 and A.8.1.4.

8.6.1.4A.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements and also verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

8.6.1.4A.4 Method of test

8.6.1.4A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.1.4A.1 and 8.6.1.4A.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1B shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Table 8.6.1.4A.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	120	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1. NOTE: See Annex I for cell information.
T1	S	200	
T2	S	201	

Table 8.6.1.4A.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ell 2
		T1 T2		T1	T2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-*	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-^	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	15	-^	15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	17	N	/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.	.049	-0.9	941
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.29	3.29	3.29	7.29
$\hat{I}_{or(Note1)}$	dBm	-62.71	-66.71	-66.71	-62.71
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-16	-16	-12
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in table D.2.2.1				
Note 1: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.					

8.6.1.4A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.

- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) 5 seconds after step4 has completed, the fading simulator is switched on, configured with the settings in table 8.6.1.4A.3 at the beginning of T1.
- 6) UE shall start transmitting MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1A.
- 7) SS shall count the reports. The number of received event 1A reports shall be less than 60. If the SS fails to receive less than 60 event 1A reports, then a failure is recorded. If the SS receives number of event 1A reports within the required limit, the number of succesful tests is increased by one.
- 8) After 200 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 9) UE shall start transmitting MEASUREMENT REPORT messages triggered by event 1B.
- 10) During the first 1s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- 11) After the first 1s SS shall start counting the reports. The number of received event 1B reports shall be less than 60. If the SS receives number of event 1B reports within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 12) After 201 seconds from the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.
- 13) Repeat steps 1-12 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1) TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FDD
-CHOICE mode -CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH EC/No reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Neasurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	Cintena
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Active set cells and monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	0 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	120 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	monitored set cells on used frequency
- Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1B
-Triggering condition 1	Active set cells and monitored set cells

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark					
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present					
-W	1.0					
-Hysteresis	0 dB					
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present					
-Reporting deactivation threshold	Not Present					
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present					
-Time to trigger	120 ms					
-Amount of reporting	Not Present					
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)					
-Reporting cell status						
- CHOICE reported cell	Report cell within active set and/or					
	monitored set cells on used frequency					
 Maximum number of reported cells 	3					
Physical channel information elements						
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present					
Note 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained					
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in						
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.						
Note 2: Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng					

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases is described in Annex I.

8.6.1.4A.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check every time first if the number of the event 1A events is within the required limit, and then, check if the number of the event 1B events is within the required limit.

Parameter	Unit	С	Cell 1		ell 2
		T1	T2	T1	T2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.30	-9.70	-9.70	-9.30
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.30	-11.70	-11.70	-11.30
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.30	-11.70	-11.70	-11.30
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.30	-14.70	-14.70	-14.30
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-16.30	-16.70	1	N/A
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.26	-1.14	-1.02	-1.13
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc \ (Note \ 1)}$	dB	7.30	3.30	3.30	7.30
Î _{or}	dBm	-62.70	-66.70	-66.70	-62.70
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-11.30	-15.70	-15.70	-11.30
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in table D.2.2.1				
Note 1: These p settable parameter		ot directly settab	ole, but are deriv	ed by calculation	from the

Table 8.6.1.4A.3: Test requirements for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements

8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)

8.6.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 99 FDD UE only.

8.6.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, \mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

A cell shall be considered detectable when CPICH $Ec/Io \ge -20$ dB, $SCH_Ec/Io \ge -17$ dB for at least one channel tap and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 of 25.133 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}, T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}$ inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set or the virtual active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of $T_{\text{Measurement}}$ Inter.

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDDinter}} = 6$

 $T_{Measurement_Period Inter} = 480$ ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period $T_{measurement_inter}$ for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Inter:}$ This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements , during the period $T_{Measurement_Period\ inter}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per transmission gap is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 [31] and by assuming 2*0.5 ms for implementation margin and after that taking only full slots into account in the calculation.

 $T_{\text{basic_identify}_{\text{FDD,inter}}} = 800 \text{ ms.}$ This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

 $T_{\text{basic_measurement_FDD inter}} = 50 \text{ ms.}$ This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

N_{Freq}: Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T $_{identify inter}$ defined in Clause 8.1.2.3.1 of 25.133 When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{identify_inter}$ and then enters or leaves the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{Measurement_Period Inter}$ provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.1.

8.6.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.2.1.4 Method of test

8.6.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The initial test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.1.1

Table 8.6.2.1.1: Cell specific initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell3	
		TO	Т0	Т0	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	N/A	N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf	
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 1)}$	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf	
I _{oc}	dBm/3 .84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-Inf	-Inf	
Propagation Condition	AWGN				
	inal for values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they d and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.				

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables 8.6.2.1.2 and 8.6.2.1.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in C.3.1 and C.2.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		C.5.2 set 1	As specified in C.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Reporting range	dB	4	Applicable for event 1A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A
W non-used frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1 16 on channel 2	NOTE: See Annex I for cell information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	10	
T2	S	5	

Table 8.6.2.1.2: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Table 8.6.2.1.3: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ell 2	C	ell 3	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Cha	innel 1	Char	nnel 1	Cha	innel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17	-17		N/A		N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049		-0.941		-0.941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.92	-1.8	-1.8	
$\hat{I}_{or (Note 1)}$	dBm	-70	-64.58	-Infinity	-66.08	-71.80	-71.80	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				-70	-	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14.5	-14	-14	
Propagation Condition	AWGN							
Note 1: The nominal lor values, although not explicitly defined in 25.133 are added here since they are implied and need to be identified so that the test equipment can be configured.								

8.6.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The parameters are set up according totable 8.6.2.1.2 and table 8.6.2.1.4.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency).
- 5) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency).
- 6) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.

- 7) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 8) 5 seconds after step7 has completed, the SS shall switch the power settings from T0 to T1 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1.5.
- 9) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (inter frequency) triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T1 shall be less than 9.08 seconds. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 10) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 according to the parameters defined in table 8.6.2.1.5.
- 11) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message (intra frequency) triggered by event 1A. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesful tests is increased by one.
- 12) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 11) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.
- 13)Repeat steps 1-12 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.
- NOTE: The measurement reporting delay is 956.2 ms plus 80 ms delay uncertainty (twice the TTI). This gives a total of 1036.2 ms and rounded off to 1040 ms.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
PPC magazara agguaraa numbar	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
-RRC message sequence number	Not Present
Integrity protection mode info	
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info -Activation time	Not Present Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	CELL_DCH
-RRC State Indicator	Not Present
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	NOL FIESENL
CN Information Elements	Not Procent
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	Not Dropont
-URA identity RB information elements	Not Present
	Not Decout
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	Not Descent
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	500
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Descent
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	1
-TGPSI	
-TGPS Status Flag -TGCFN	Activate (Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
-IGCEN	(Current CFN + (250 - 11)/1011Sec))/1100/250
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	UNDEFINED
-TGPL1	3
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	B
-DeltaSIR1	3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present

-Downlink information per radio link list	
- Downlink information for each radio link	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (inter frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Node (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	inter nequency medearement
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	0
- Frequency info	0
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
0-11:	8.6.2.1.5
- Cell info	
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell3
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Set to Primary CPICH Tx Power of Cell3
	described in Table 8.6.2.1.5
- Tx Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate 	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- Inter-frequency set update (10.3.7.22)	
-UE autonomous update mode	On with no reporting
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
Inter frequency measurement reporting with the (40.0.7.40)	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
	Not present
-Threshold used frequency -W used frequency	Not present

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Hysteresis	0 dB				
-Time to trigger	0 ms				
-Reporting cell status					
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored and/or virtual active set on non-used frequency				
-Maximum number of reported cells	3				
-Parameters required for each non-used frequency					
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB				
-W non-used frequency	1				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated from the OFF and Tm parameters contained in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331, 8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in					
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (intra frequency):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement (10.3.7.36)	Not Dropont
-Intra-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.33)	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.41)	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	-
	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells (10.3.7.5)	Not Present
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria
-Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.39)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 1A
-Triggering condition 2	Monitored set cells
-Reporting Range Constant	4 dB
-Cells forbidden to affect Reporting Range	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info (10.3.6.60)	
	1.0
-W	1.0
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-Reporting deactivation threshold	0
-Replacement activation threshold	Not Present
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Amount of reporting	Not Present
-Reporting interval	0 ms (Note 2)
-Reporting cell status	Not Present
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

	Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Note 1:	The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained
	in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.33	1, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25.331,
	8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPO	RT if IE "Cell synchronisation information
	reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in
	MEASUREMENT CONTROL.	
Note 2:	Reporting interval = 0 ms means no periodical reporting	ng

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter and intra frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

8.6.2.1.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	
		Т0	Т0	Т0	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.2	-11.2	-11.2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-14.2	-14.2	-14.2	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-16.2	N/A	N/A	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.30	-1.16	-1.16	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} (Note 1)	dB	0	-Inf	-Inf	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-Inf	-Inf	
I _{oc}	dBm/3 .84 MHz		-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-12.21	-Inf	-Inf	
Propagation Condition	AWGN				
Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters					

Table 8.6.2.1.4: Test requirements for initial test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Table 8.6.2.1.5: Test requirements for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ll 2	C	ell 3	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chai	nnel 1	Char	nel 1	Cha	nnel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-(9.2	-9	-9.2		-9.2	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.2	-1	1.2	-1	1.2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	1.2	-1	1.2	-1	1.2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	4.2	-14	4.2	-1	4.2	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	6.2	N/A		N/A		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1	.30	-1.	-1.16		-1.16	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc (Note 1)}$	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.9	-1.8	-1.8	
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm	-70	-64.6	-Infinity	-66.10	-71.8	-71.8	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo (Note 1)	dB	-12.21	-12.20	-Infinity	-13.70	-13.20	-13.20	
Propagation Condition	AWGN							
Note 1: These parameters are not directly settable, but are derived by calculation from the settable parameters								

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

8.6.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of

the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The requirements and this test apply to the FDD UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE for Release 5 and later releases.

8.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

The requirements are the same as in sub clause 8.6.2.1.2.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.3 and A.8.2.2.

8.6.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions.

8.6.2.2.4 Method of test

8.6.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mod range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.2.2.4.1 and 8.6.2.2.4.2. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Table 8.6.2.2.4.1: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		A.22 set 2 (TGPL1=12)	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2C	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list		Total 24	NOTE: See Annex I for cell
size		8 on frequency Channel 2	information. The information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex B of TS 25.101.
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	40	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 1 Cell		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nel 1	Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	10	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15	-1	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor dB Note 1		te 1	N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2 -0.94		941		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB 0 -In		-Infinity	-1.8		
I _{oc} dBm/3.84 MHz -70		-7	0			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-1	3	-Infinity	-14	
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specifie	ase 5 as specified in Annex B of TS25.101				
	controlled by the power control loop DCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to					
be equal to I_{or}	ſ.					

Table 8.6.2.2.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

8.6.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up in AWGN conditions, according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 6) The fading simulator is switched on, configured with settings described in the tables above. T1 starts.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 36.4 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successful tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 40 seconds after the beginning of T2, the UE is switched off.
- 10) Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table 6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
RRC transaction identifier	0
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
5	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
Measurement Identity	2
Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	ootap
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
- CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
- New Inter frequency cells	
- Inter frequency cell id	0
- Frequency info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- UARFCN uplink(Nu)	Not Present
- UARFCN downlink(Nd)	Same frequency as "Channel2" in Table
	8.6.2.1.3
- Cell info	
- Cell individual offset	Not Present
- Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
- Read SFN indicator	FALSE
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Set to Primary scrambling code of Cell2
- Primary CPICH Tx Power	Set to Primary CPICH Tx Power of Cell2
	described in Table 8.6.2.1.3
Ty Diversity Indicator	FALSE
- Tx Diversity Indicator	
- Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate 	CPICH_Ec/N0
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	FALSE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	TRUE (Note 1)
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
	Not Present
-Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-frequency measurement reporting
	criteria
-Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.19)	
-Parameters required for each event	1
-Inter-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not present
-W used frequency	Not present
-Hysteresis	0 dB

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark				
-Reporting cell status					
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency				
-Maximum number of reported cells	3				
 Parameters required for each non-used frequency 					
-Threshold non used frequency	-18 dB				
-W non-used frequency	1				
Physical channel information elements					
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present				
NOTE 1: The SFN-CFN observed time difference is calculated	from the OFF and Tm parameters contained				
in the IE "Cell synchronisation information ", TS 25.331, clause 10.3.7.6. According to TS 25					
8.6.7.7, this IE is included in MEASUREMENT REPORT if IE "Cell synchronisation information					
reporting indicator" in IE "Cell reporting quantities" TS	25.331, clause 10.3.7.5 is set to TRUE in				
MEASUREMENT CONTROL.					

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
	0
-Integrity check info	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message authentication code	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	Net Dresset
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	1
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	
-IGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
T	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	UNDEFINED
-TGPL1	12
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	B
-DeltaSIR1	В 3.0
-DeltaSIR I -DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present

-Downlink information per radio link list	
- Downlink information for each radio link	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

These messages are common for all inter frequency test cases and are described in Annex I.

8.6.2.2.5 Test requirements

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95% According to annex F.6.2. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.3 TDD measurements

8.6.3.1 Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

8.6.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and TDD UE.

8.6.3.1.2 Minimum requirement

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, \mathbf{N}_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{N}_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io \geq -8 dB and SCH_Ec/Io \geq -13 dB. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with a measurement period as given by

$$T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}, N_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency TDD measurements shall be 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$ inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of $T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}}$.

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} = 6$ (cells)

 $T_{Measurement_Period TDD inter} = 480 \text{ ms.}$ The time period used for calculating the measurement period $T_{measurement_TDD inter}$ for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements.

 $N_{TDD inter:}$ This is the smallest resulting integer number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence assigned to UE by UTRAN for inter frequency TDD measurements during the time period $T_{Measurement_Period TDD inter}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $N_{\text{basic_identify_TDD inter}} = 80$. This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period used in the inter frequency TDD equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new inter frequency TDD cell is defined.

 $N_{basic_measurement_TDD inter} = 5$. This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period $T_{Measurement_Period TDD inter}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing that is used in the inter-frequency TDD equation for defining where the measurement period for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements is defined.

N_{Freq}: This is the number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.4 and A.8.3.1

8.6.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirement.

8.6.3.1.4 Method of test

8.6.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.6.3.1.1, 8.6.3.1.2 and 8.6.3.1.3. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. Two cells shall be present in the test, cell 1 being the UTRA FDD serving cell and cell 2 being a UTRA TDD neighbour cell on the unused frequency. All cells shall be synchronised, i.e. share the same frame and timeslot timing.

In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. P-CCPCH RSCP of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. The Measurement control message shall be sent to the UE such that the delay between the end of the last received TTI containing the message and the beginning of T1 is at least equal to the RRC procedure delay as defined in [9].

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20 ms.

Table 8.6.3.1.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 34.121 Annex C
Power	Control		On	
	ity value on CH	BLER	0.01	
Compres	sed mode		A.22 set 3	As specified in TS 34.121 Annex C
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
conditions	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1	FDD cell
(D	dB	0	Cell individual offset. This value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Hyste	eresis	dB	0	Hysteresis parameter for event 2C
Time to	Trigger	ms	0	
Threshold non-used frequency		dBm	-71	Applicable for Event 2C
Filter coefficient			0	
Monitored cell list size			6 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 TDD neighbours on Channel 2	
Т	1	S	15	
Т	2	S	10	

Table 8.6.3.1.2: Cell 1 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
		T1, T2		
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1		
Number		Channer		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		
Propagation Condition AWGN		AWGN		
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop				
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total				
power from the cell to be equal to $I_{\rm or}$.				

Table 8.6.3.1.3: Cell 2 specific parameters for Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
DL timeslot number		0		8	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 2			
Number					
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3 n.a.		.a.	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a3		3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9			
SCH_t _{offset}	dB	10			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.12			
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-75	-67	n.a.	n.a.
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-2	6	-2	6
I _{oc}	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70			
Propagation Condition		AWGN			
Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256					
chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.					

8.6.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the generic set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) SS shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 6) UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message
- 7) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 2c for cell 2. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 9.2 s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 9) After 10 seconds from the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off. Any timing information of cell 2 is deleted in the UE.

10)Repeat steps 1-9 until the confidence level according to annex F.6.2 is achieved.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message (step 4):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement (10.3.7.16)	
-Inter-frequency measurement objects list (10.3.7.13)	
-CHOICE inter-frequency cell removal	No inter-frequency cells removed
-New inter-frequency cells	1
-Inter-frequency cell id	1
-Frequency info (10.3.6.36)	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2 in Table
	8.6.2.4.1.2
-Cell info (10.3.7.2)	0.0.2.4.1.2
-Cell individual offset	Not Present
-Reference time difference to cell	Not Present
-Read SFN indicator	False
	TDD
-CHOICE mode	טטו
-Primary CCPCH info (10.3.6.57) -CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE Sync case	2
-cell parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of cell 2
-SCTD indicator	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH Tx power	Set to Primary CCPCH Tx power of cell 2
-	as described in Table 8.6.2.4.1.2
-Timesllot list	Not Present
-Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity (10.3.7.18)	
-CHOICE reporting critera	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient (10.3.7.9)	0
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	Primary CCPCH RSCP
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity (10.3.7.21)	
-UTRA carrier RSSI	
-Frequency quality estimate	
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities (10.3.7.5)	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
	-
	FALSE
-Cell identity reporting indicator	FALSE TDD
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode	TDD
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	TDD FALSE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required	TDD FALSE FALSE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE Not Present
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE Not Present Not Present
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE Not Present Not Present Inter-frequency measurement reporting
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51) -CHOICE <i>report criteria</i>	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE Not Present Not Present
-Cell identity reporting indicator -CHOICE mode -Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator -Proposed TGSN Reporting required -Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator -Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61) -Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	TDD FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE Not Present Not Present Inter-frequency measurement reporting

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
-Intra-frequency event identity	Event 2C
-Threshold used frequency	Not Present
-W Used frequency	Not Present
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting Cell Status (10.361)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active and/or monitored set on used frequency or within virtual active and/or monitored set on non-used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	3
-Parameters required for each non-used frequenc	
 Threshold non-used frequency 	-71
- W non-used frequency	1
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (Step 6)

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
The message sequence number	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements -CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	500
-CHOICE mode -Downlink PDSCH information	FDD Not Present
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	
-TGPS Status Flag	
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	TDD measurement
-TGPRC	Not present
-TGSN	10
-TGL1 -TGL2	10 Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	11
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	puncturing
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	A 3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present
-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present

-Downlink information per radio link list	
 Downlink information for each radio link 	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
 Secondary scrambling code 	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message (step 8)

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number Measurement identity	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measured Results (10.3.7.44)	
-CHOICE Measurement	Inter-frequency Measured results list
-Inter-frequency measured results	1
-Frequency info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2
-UTRA carrier RSSI	Not Present
-Inter-frequency cell measured results	1
-Cell measured results (10.3.7.3)	
-Cell identity	Not Present
-Cell synchronisation info	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Cell parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of Cell 2
-Proposed TGSN	Not Present
-Primary CCPCH RSCP	Checked that this IE is present
-Pathloss	Not Present
-Timeslot list	Not Present
Measured results on RACH	Not Present
Additional measured results	Not Present
Event results (10.3.7.7)	
-CHOICE event result	Inter-frequency measurement event results
-Inter-frequency event identity	2C
-Inter-frequency cells	1
-Frequency Info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-UARFCN(Nt)	Same frequency as channel 2
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Primary CCPCH Info	
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-CHOICE Sync Case	Not Present
-Cell Parameters ID	Set to cell parameters ID of Cell 2
-SCTD Indicator	FALSE

8.6.3.1.5 Test requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report for Cell 2 with a measurement reporting delay less than 9.2 s from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be more than 90% of the cases with a confidence level of 95%.

8.6.4 GSM measurements

8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

8.6.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

In the event triggered reporting period the measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM for Release 99, Release 4, Release 5 and later releases.

8.6.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

Measurements on GSM cells can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified.

1) In CELL_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.

2) If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements:

- the UE shall measure all GSM cells present in the monitored set
- the relevant requirements for GSM dedicated mode when a TCH channel is assigned in TS 45.008 shall apply.

The normative reference for these requirements is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 8.1.2.5 and A.8.4.1.

8.6.4.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the UE meets the minimum requirements.

8.6.4.1.4 Method of test

8.6.4.1.4.1 Test 1 initial conditions

Test 1 with BSIC verification required case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.4.1, 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.3 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM Initial BSIC			
identification		Pattern 2	As specified in section 8.1.2.5.2.1 TS 25.133 table 8.7.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	See Annex I for cell information. Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from table 8.7 in TS 25.133.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	7	
Т3	S	5	

Table 8.6.4.1: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 1

Table 8.6.4.2: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
		T1, T2, T3		
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1		
Number				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0		
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		
Propagation		AWGN		
Condition				
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.				
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power				
from the cell to be equal to $I_{\rm or}$.				

Table 8.6.4.3: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit		Cell 2	
Falailletei	Unit	T1 T2 T3		Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number		А	RFCN ²	1
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-75	-85

8.6.4.1.4.2 Test 1 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 6.32s. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 7) After 7 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in Table 8.6.4.2 and 8.6.4.7.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off.
- 10) Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	
-BSIC verification required	Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	Itequied
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30)	Inter-IAT measurement reporting cintena
-Parameters required for each event	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24	Event 3B
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-M	Not Present
	-80 dBm
-Threshold other system	
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Poport colle within active act an within
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Active (for two patterns specified in table
, ,	8.6.4.1)

8.6.4.1.4.3 Test 2 initial conditions

Test 2 without BSIC verification required case:

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

The test parameters are given in table 8.6.4.4, 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.6 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively.

Table 8.6.4.4: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL Compressed mode reference	Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101
		pattern 2 in Set 2 Cell 1	section A.5
Active cell			
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		not required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	See Annex I for cell information. Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	2	
Т3	S	5	

Table 8.6.4.5: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			
		T1, T2, T3			
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			
Number					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0			
I _{oc}	dBm/ 3.84	-85			
	MHz				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			
Propagation		AWGN			
Condition					
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.					
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power					
from the cell to be equal to $I_{\rm or}$.					

Table 8.6.4.6: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit		Cell 2	
Falameter	Onit	T1 T2 T3		T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		А	RFCN ²	1
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-75	-85

8.6.4.1.4.4 Test 2 Procedure

- 1) The RF parameters are set up according to T1 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 2) The UE is switched on.
- 3) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] sub clause 7.3.2.3.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) After 5 seconds from the beginning of T1, the SS shall switch the power settings from T1 to T2 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 6) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3C. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T2 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the UE fails to report the event within the required delay, then a failure is recorded. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of successfull tests is increased by one.
- 7) After 2 seconds from the beginning of T2, the SS shall switch the power settings from T2 to T3 in Table 8.6.4.5 and 8.6.4.8.
- 8) UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message triggered by event 3B. The measurement reporting delay from the beginning of T3 shall be less than 1040 ms. If the reporting delay for this event is within the required limit, the number of succesfull tests is increased by one.
- 9) After the SS receive the MEASUREMENT REPORT message in step 8) or 5 seconds after the beginning of T3, the UE is switched off.
- 10) Repeat steps 1-9 according to Annex F.6.2 Table F.6.2.8.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the
	most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Event trigger
-Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement (10.3.7.27)	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list (10.3.7.23)	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity (10.3.7.29)	
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	
(10.3.7.38)	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH Ec/N0
-CHOICE system	GSM
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	
-BSIC verification required	Not Required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity (10.3.7.32)	Not Required
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria
	Inter-KAT measurement reporting chiena
-Inter-RAT measurement reporting criteria (10.3.7.30) -Parameters required for each event	2
	Event 3B
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	
-Threshold own system -W	Not Present
	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	Demont calls within active act any dthin
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
Maximum and an atom at the U	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Inter-RAT event identity (10.3.7.24)	Event 3C
-Threshold own system	Not Present
-W	Not Present
-Threshold other system	-80 dBm
-Hysteresis	0 dB
-Time to trigger	0 ms
-Reporting cell status (10.3.7.61)	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within
	virtual active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Active (for the pattern specified in table

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - RAT test cases

These messages are common for all inter-RAT test cases and are described in Annex I.

8.6.4.1.5 Test requirements

8.6.4.1.5.1 TEST 1 With BSIC verification required

Table 8.6.4.7: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit		Cell 2	
Falailletei	Onit	T1 T2 T3		T3
Absolute RF Channel		ARFCN 1		
Number		ARECNI		
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-74	-86

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.6.4.1.5.2 TEST 2 Without BSIC verification required

Table 8.6.4.8: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2), test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 T1 T2 T3				
Falametei	Unit					
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1				
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-74	-86		

For the test to pass, the total number of successful tests shall be at least 90% of the cases, with a confidence level of 95%. The number of successful tests shall be on an event level, i.e. the SS shall check how many events are reported successfully out of the total number of events checked.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements

Unless explicitly stated:

- Reported measurements shall be within defined range in 90 % of the cases.
- Measurement channel is 12.2 kbps as defined in Annex C, sub-clause C.3.1. This measurement channel is used both in active cell and cells to be measured.
- Physical channels used as defined in Annex E.
- Cell 1 is the active cell.
- Single task reporting.
- Power control is active.

8.7.1 CPICH RSCP

- 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy
- 8.7.1.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

8.7.1.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the actual CPICH RSCP power from same cell.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.1.1.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.1.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.1.1.1: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	cy [dB]	Conditions			
Parameter Unit		Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI Band II and V		Band III	
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470	-9270	-9170	
GFIGH_KOUP	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050	-7050	-7070	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.1.1 and A.9.1.1.2.

8.7.1.1.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.1.1.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

8.7.1.1.1.4 Method of test

8.7.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH RSCP intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.1.1.2.

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3	
Para	meter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Char	nnel number		Chan	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	15	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	
	Band I, VI						-97.47		
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-75.54		-59.98		-95.47		
	Band III						-94.47		
Îor/loc		dB	4	0	9	0	0	-6.53	
CPICH	Band I, VI			-85.5	.5 -60.98	-69.88	-107.47	-114.0	
RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm	-81.5				-105.47	-112.0	
KSCF, NOLE I	Band III						-104.47	-111.0	
	Band I, VI						-9)4	
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	69	-5	50	-9)2	
	Band III						-9)1	
Propagation condition		-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AW	GN	
NOTE 1: CPIC	CH RSCP and lo	levels have been calc	ulated from	n other par	ameters fo	or informati	on purpose	es. They	
are r	not settable paran	neters themselves.							
Tests shall be o	done sequentially.	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests							

Table 8.7.1.1.1.2: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency parameters

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.1.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- SS shall check CPICH_RSCP value in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power of Cell 1 and Cell 2 reported by UE is compared to actual CPICH RSCP power for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	A due suide due dues de DLO
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode -Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type -Intra-frequency measurement	Intra-frequency measurement
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	Not riesent
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	
-Pathloss reporting indicator -Reporting quantities for detected set cells	FALSE Not Present
-Reporting quantities for detected set cens	Not Present
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.1.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.1.1.1.3: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy, test requirement

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		Accura	cy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Farameter	Onic	condition		Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±7.4	±10.4	-9470	-9270	-9170	
CFICIT_ROOF	dBm	±9.4	±12.4	-7050	-7050	-7050	

Table 8.7.1.1.1.4: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

Bara	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3
Fala	illeter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Char	nel number		Chan	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI						-96.47	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-74.54		-61,6		-94.47	
	Band III					-93.47		
Îor/loc	•	dB	4.3	0.3	9.3	0.3	0.3	-6.23
СРІСН	Band I, VI					-71.3	-106.17	-112.7
RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm	-80.2	-84.2	-62.3		-104.17	-110.7
	Band III						-103.17	-109.7
	Band I, VI						-92	2,8
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-67	7.8	-5	1,4	-90).8
	Band III						-89	9.8
Propagation co		-	AW	-		'GN	AW	-
NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They						es. They		
		neters themselves.						
		. Test 1 shall be done					parameters	for tests
2 and 3 shall be	e set within 5 sec	onds so that UE does	not loose t	the Cell 2 i	n between	the tests.		

The reported values for the absolut intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.1.1.5.

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3 (Band I and VI)	Test 3 (Band II and V)	Test 3 (Band III)
Normal Conditions					
Lowest reported value (Cell 1)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	26	44	2	4	5
Highest reported value (Cell 1)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	45	63	17	19	20
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	22	35	0	0	0
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	41	54	10	12	13
Extreme Conditions					
Lowest reported value (Cell 1)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	23	41	0	1	2
Highest reported value (Cell 1)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	48	66	20	22	23
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	19	32	0	0	0
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_	CPICH_RSCP_
	44	57	13	15	16

Table 8.7.1.1.1.5: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.1.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

8.7.1.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.1.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.1.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$|CPICH _RSCP1|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2|_{in \, dBm}| \le 20 dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.1.2.1: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accura	acy [dB]	Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
Farameter	Onit	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	lo [dBm/3.84	
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 3	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150	

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The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.1.2 and A.9.1.1.2.

8.7.1.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.1.2.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

- 8.7.1.1.2.4 Method of test
- 8.7.1.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH RSCP intra frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.1.1.2.

8.7.1.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH_RSCP value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) The result of step 3) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH RSCP of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement in clause 8.7.1.1.1.4.2 is used.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.1.2.5 Test requirements

		Accura	cy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit	Normal Extreme		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Falameter	Cond		condition	Band I and Band II and Band III VI V			
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±3.8	±3.8	-9450	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.1.1.2.2: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

Table 8.7.1.1.2.3: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	Tes	st 3	
Fala	meter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Char	nel number		Char	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	10	-1	10	-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	15	-1	15	-1	5	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	
	Band I, VI						-96.47		
loc Band II, V		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-74.54		-61,6		-94.47		
	Band III					· · · · ·		-93.47	
Îor/loc		dB	4.3	0.3	9.3	0.3	0.3	-6.23	
СРІСН	Band I, VI						-106.17	-112.7	
RSCP, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm	-80.2	-84.2	-62.3	-71.3	-104.17	-110.7	
NOCE , NOLE I	Band III						-103.17	-109.7	
	Band I, VI							2,8	
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-67	7.8	-5	1,4	-9(0.8	
	Band III						-89	9.8	
Propagation condition		-	AW	'GN	AW	/GN	AW	'GN	
NOTE 1: CPIC	CH RSCP and Io	levels have been calc	ulated fron	n other par	ameters fo	or information	ion purpose	es. They	
		neters themselves.							
	• •	. Test 1 shall be done					parameters	for tests	

2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the relative intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.1.1.2.4: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 13)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 11)
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_x	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 5)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 3)
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 13)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 11)
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_x	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 5)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 3)
CPICH_RSCP_x is the reported	d value of cell 1		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

- 8.7.1.2.1 Relative accuracy requirement
- 8.7.1.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP in inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.1.2.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.1.2.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$|CPICH _RSCP1|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2|_{in \, dBm}| \le 20 dB$$

| Channel 1_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} -Channel 2_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} | \leq 20 dB.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.1.2.1.1: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accura	cy [dB]		Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal Extreme		Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
Falameter	Onit	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 6	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.1.2.1 and A.9.1.1.2.

8.7.1.2.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.1.2.1.2. This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop control and for the calculation of pathloss.

8.7.1.2.1.4 Method of test

8.7.1.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256". CPICH RSCP inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.1.2.1.2.

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-*	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	-12		12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-*	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-*	15
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-60.00	-60.00	-84.00	-94.46
loc	Band II, V				-82.00	-92.46
	Band III				-81.00	-91.46
Îor/loc		dB	9.54	9.54	0	-9.54
CPICH RSCP,	Band I, VI		-60.46	-60.46	-94.0	-114.0
Note 1	Band II, V	dBm			-92.0	-112.0
NOLE I	Band III				-91.0	-111.0
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84			-81.0	-94.0
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-50.00	-50.00	-79.0	-92.0
	Band III	IVIT IZ			-78.0	-91.0
Propagation cor	ndition	-	AWGN AWGN			
NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information					eters for information	ition
purpo	ses. They are	not settable para	ameters themsel	ves.		
Tests shall be de						
for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.						

Table 8.7.1.2.1.2: CPICH RSCP Inter frequency parameters

8.7.1.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.1.2.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement and transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check CPICH_RSCP value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH RSCP power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 5) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH RSCP of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.1.2.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.
- 9) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence -TGPSI	1
-TGPSI	1 Activate
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
-IGCEN	(Current CFN + (250 - 11)/1011sec))/1100/250
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	, Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	3
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	В
-DeltaSIR1	3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
-Downlink information per radio link list	
-Downlink information for each radio link	
-Choice mode	FDD
	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	100
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present
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First MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	
-Intra-frequency cell info list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	INCE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	FALSE
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE Not Broggent
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
Mandan and Control 1	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

Second MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message admentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-INIC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
	2
-Measurement Identity -Measurement Command	
	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	A she suda das das sita DLO
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	Net Dresset
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement object list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	TRUE
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.1.2.1.5 Test requirements

			Accuracy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit	Unit Normal		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Falameter	Unit	condition	Extreme condition	Band I and VI	Band II and	Band III	
				VI	v		
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	±7.1	±7.1	-9450	-9250	-9150	

Table 8.7.1.2.1.3: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2	
Farain			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	0	-1	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-1	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-1	15
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-	-15	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-61.6	-61.6	-83.00	-93.46
loc	Band II, V				-81.00	-91.46
	Band III				-80.00	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	9.84	9.84	0.3	-9.24
CPICH RSCP,	Band I, VI		-61.8	-61.8	-92.7	-112.7
Note 1	Band II, V	dBm			-90.7	-110.7
NOLE I	Band III				-89.7	-109.7
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84			-79.8	-93.0
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-51.3	-51.3	-77.8	-91.0
	Band III	IVII IZ			-76.8	-90.0
Propagation con	dition	-	AW	'GN	AW	'GN
NOTE 1: CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from				m other parame	eters for information	ition
purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.						
Tests shall be do						
for test 2 shall be	e set within 5 s	econds so that l	JE does not loos	se the Cell 2 in b	etween the test	ts.

The reported values for the relative inter frequency CPICH RSCP measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.1.2.1.5.

Table 8.7.1.2.1.5: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2
Normal Conditions Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 28)
Highest reported value cell 2 Extreme Conditions	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 12)
Lowest reported value cell2 Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 8) CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_RSCP_(x - 28) CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 12)
CPICH_RSCP_x is the reported value of		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo

- 8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy
- 8.7.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

8.7.2.1.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the actual CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio from same cell.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.2.1.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.1.1.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ge -112 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.1.1.1: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy, minimum requirements

		Accuracy [dB]	Conditions			
Parameter	neter Unit		Extreme	Band I and VI Band II and V		Band III
Falalleter	Unit	Normal condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	\pm 1.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 \pm 3 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.2.1.1.

8.7.2.1.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.1.1.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.1.1.4 Method of test

8.7.2.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using the test parameters in table 8.7.2.1.1.2.

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Ch	annel number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/Ic	or	dB	-1	-10		-10		0
PCCPCH_Ec	c/lor	dB	-1	2	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	2	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-15	-	-15	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI				-89.07		-94.98	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	dBm/ 3.84 MHz -56.98		-87.07		-92.98	
	Band III				-86.07		-91.98	
Îor/loc	•	dB	3.0	3.0	-2.9	-2.9	-9.0	-9.0
CPICH Ec/lo	, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
lo, Note 1	Band I, VI		•		-86		-94	
	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	50	-84		-92	
Band III					-83		-91	
Propagation condition		-	AW	'GN	AWGN		AWGN	
NOTE 1: CI	PICH Ec/lo and lo	levels have been calcu	lated from	other para	meters for	informatio	n purposes	s. They
are not settable parameters themselves.								
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests								

Table 8.7.2.1.1.2: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency parameters

2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.2.1.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH Ec/No value in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1, which is compared to the actual CPICH Ec/Io power ratio from the same cell for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.1.5 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit **RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.**
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_Ec/No _00	CPICH Ec/lo < -24	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _01	-24 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _02	-23.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _47	-1 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -0.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _48	-0.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < 0	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _49	0 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo	dB

Table 8.7.2.1.1.3: CPICH Ec/lo measurement report mapping

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT	CONTROL message	for Intra freq	uency measurement	(Step) 1)):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Periodical reporting
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	
Mode	Not Present
-Additional measurement list	Intra-frequency measurement
-CHOICE Measurement Type	
-Intra-frequency measurement	Not Present
- Intra-frequency measurement objects list	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity -Filter coefficient	
	0 FDD
-CHOICE mode	CPICH RSCP
-Measurement quantity -Intra-frequency reporting quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	TRUE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
	monitored set on used frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	Virtual/active set cells + 2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

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-85...-50

-84...-50

-87...-50

8.7.2.1.1.5 Test requirements

Τo

The CPICH Ec/Io measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.2.1.1.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III, V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in subclause 8.7.2.1.1.2 as shown in table 8.7.2.1.1.4.

				-	-		
		Accuracy [dB]	Conditions				
Parameter Unit			Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			
Falailletei	Onit	Normal condition	condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
CPICH_Ec/	dB	-3.11.9 for -14 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo -3.62.4 for -16 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 -4.63.4 for -20 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	-4.63.4	-9487	-9285	-9184	
TO	uь						

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.2.2.

 \pm 1.95 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo

 \pm 2.4 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14

 \pm 3.4 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16

Table 8.7.2.1.1.5: CPICH_E0	lo Intra frequency tests parameters
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 ± 3.4

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Char	nnel number		Char	nel 1	Char	inel 1	Chan	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-9	.7	-9	.8	-9	.9
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	1.7	-11	1.8	-11	1.9
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	1.7	-11	1.8	-11	1.9
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-14	4.7	-14	4.8	-14	1.9
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-14.7	-	-14.8	-	-5.9	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.2	-1.02	-1.17	-0.99	-2.64	-0.97
	Band I, VI				-89.07		-93.98	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-58.5		-87	.07	-91	.98
	Band III					.07	-90	.98
Îor/loc		dB	3.3	3.3	-2.6	-2.6	-8.7	-8.7
CPICH Ec/lo, N	lote 1	dBm	-13.6	-13.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-19.6
	Band I, VI				-85	.85	-92	<u>2.9</u>
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-51	1.3	-83	.85	-90).9
	Band III			-82.85		-89.9		
Propagation co	ndition	-	AW	'GN	AW	GN	AWGN	

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

The reported values for the absolute intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.1.1.6.

Table 8.7.2.1.1.6: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_17	CPICH_Ec/No_12	CPICH_Ec/No_0
Highest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_25	CPICH_Ec/No_22	CPICH_Ec/No_16
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_14	CPICH_Ec/No_10	CPICH_Ec/No_0
Highest reported value	CPICH_Ec/No_28	CPICH_Ec/No_24	CPICH_Ec/No_16

If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied NOTE: for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

8.7.2.1.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.1.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \ge -114 dBm for Bands I and VI

CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -112 dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111 \text{ dBm}$ for Band III.

$$|CPICH _RSCP1|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2|_{in \, dBm}| \le 20 dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.1.2.1: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Unit		Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
Farameter	Onic	Normal condition	Extreme condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	\pm 1.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 \pm 3 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.2.1.2 and A.9.1.2.2.

8.7.2.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.1.2.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.1.2.4 Method of test

8.7.2.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.2.1.1.2.

8.7.2.1.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 4) SS shall check CPICH_Ec/No value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1 and Cell 2. CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio value measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) The result of step 3) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH_Ec/Io of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.1.2.3 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.
- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement in clause 8.7.2.1.1.4.2 is used.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.2.1.2.5 Test requirements

		Accuracy [dB]	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions			
Parameter	Unit		Extreme		dBm / 3.84 M	Hz]		
rarameter	Onic	Normal condition	condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 2.3 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo ± 2.8 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 ± 3.8 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	±3.8	-9450	-9250	-9150		

Table 8.7.2.1.2.2: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Char	nnel number		Char	inel 1	Chan	inel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-9	.7	-9	.8	-9	.9
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-11	1.7	-11	1.8	-11	1.9
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-11	1.7	-11	1.8	-11	1.9
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-14	4.7	-14	4.8	-14	4.9
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-14.7	-	-14.8	-	-5.9	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.2	- 1.02	-1.17	-0.99	-2.64	-0.97
	Band I, VI				-89	.07	-93.98	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-58.5		-87.07		-91.98	
	Band III			-86.07		-90.98		
Îor/loc		dB	3.3	3.3	-2.6	-2.6	-8.7	-8.7
CPICH Ec/lo, N	lote 1	dBm	-13.6	-13.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-19.6
	Band I, VI				-85	.85	-92	2.9
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-51	1,3	-83	.85	-9(0.9
	Band III				-82.85		-89	9.9
Propagation co	Propagation condition		AW	GN	AWGN		AWGN	
NOTE 1: CPIC	CH Ec/lo and lo le	evels have been calcu	lated from	other para	meters for	informatio	n purposes	s. They
are not settable parameters themselves.								
		. Test 1 shall be done onds so that UE does					parameters	for tests

The reported values for the relative intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.2.1.2.4: CPICH_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Normal Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)
Extreme Conditions			
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+ 8)
CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reported	d value of cell 1	· · · · ·	· · ·

- NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.
- 8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy
- 8.7.2.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Void

- 8.7.2.2.2 Relative accuracy requirement
- 8.7.2.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io in the inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.2.2.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.2.2.2.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I and VI

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 dB$$

| Channel 1_Io $|_{dBm/3.84 \text{ MHz}}$ -Channel 2_Io $|_{dBm/3.84 \text{ MHz}}| \le 20 \text{ dB}.$

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.2.2.2.1: CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy, minimum requirements

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme condition	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
				lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	\pm 1.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo \pm 2 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14 \pm 3 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.2.2.2 and A.9.1.2.2.

8.7.2.2.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io relative measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in clause 8.7.2.2.2. This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

8.7.2.2.2.4 Method of test

8.7.2.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256". CPICH Ec/Io inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.2.2.2.2.

Parameter		Unit	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15		-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI		-52.22	-52.22	-87.27	-87.27	-94.46	-94.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84			-85.27	-85.27	-92.46	-92.46
	Band III	MHz			-84.27	-84.27	-91.46	-91.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54
CPICH Ec/lo, Note 1		dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, VI	alD res /0, 0,4	-50	-50	-86	-86	-94	-94
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz			-84	-84	-92	-92
	Band III	INITIZ			-83	-83	-91	-91
Propagation condition -			AWGN		AWGN		AWGN	
		and lo levels hav		ated from othe	er parameters	for informatio	on purposes.	They are not
		entially Test 1 s		first After test	1 has been a	vecuted test	narameters fo	r tasts 2

Table 8.7.2.2.2.2: CPICH Ec/lo Inter frequency parameters

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.2.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement and transmit another MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check CPICH Ec/No value of Cell 1 and Cell 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. According to table 8.7.2.1.1.3 the SS calculates CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio of Cell 1 and Cell 2. CPICH_Ec/Io power ratio measured from Cell 1 is compared to CPICH_Ec/Io power value measured from Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) The result of step 6) is compared to actual power level difference of CPICH_Ec/Io of Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- 8) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.2.2.2.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 6) and 7) above are repeated.
- 9) After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 10) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
Transmission and pattern assurance	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	4 7
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	3
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	B
-DeltaSIR1	3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present		
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not resent		
-Downlink information for each radio link			
	555		
-Choice mode	FDD		
-Primary CPICH info			
-Primary scrambling code	100		
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present		
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present		
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL			
-CHOICE mode	FDD		
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used		
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as		
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400		
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present		
-DL channelisation code			
	Not Present		
-Secondary scrambling code			
-Spreading factor	128		
-Code number	96		
-Scrambling code change	No code change		
-TPC combination index	0		
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present		
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present		
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present		

First MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Intra frequency measurement (Step 3):

UE information elements -RC transaction identifier -Integrity check info -message authentication code message authentication code -message authentication code -message authentication code -message authentication code -message authentication code -RRC message sequence number -RRC message sequence number -Reasurement Information elements -Measurement Reporting Mode - Measurement Report Transfer Mode - Measurement Report Transfer Mode - Measurement Report Transfer Mode - Neasurement Report Transfer Mode - Neasurement list -Intra-frequency measurement objects list -Intra-frequency measurement objects list -Intra-frequency measurement objects list -Intra-frequency measurement quantity -Filter coefficient - CHOICE mode - Measurement quantity -Filter coefficient - CHOICE mode - Measurement quantity - Filter coefficient - CHOICE mode - Measurement quantity - Filter coefficient - CHOICE mode - Measurement quantity - Reporting quantity - Reporting quantities for active set cells - Cell synchronisation information reporting - Reporting quantities for active set cells - Cell synchronisation information reporting - CHOICE mode - CH	Information Element	Value/Remark				
-RRC transaction identifier 0 -Integrity check info - -message authentication code SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the r significant bit of the MAC-I. -RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of the MAC-I. -RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of the MAC-I. -RRC message sequence number SS provides the value of the MAC-I. -Reasurement Information elements - -Measurement Command Modify -Measurement Report Transfer Mode - - Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Modify -Measurement Report Transfer Mode - -Intra-frequency measurement objects list - -Intra-frequency measurement opticts list - -Intra-frequency reporting quantity 0 -Filter coefficient 0 -CHOICE mode FDD -CHOICE mode FALSE -CHOICE mode FALSE -CHOICE mode FALSE <th>Message Type</th> <th></th>	Message Type					
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-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells-Cell synchronisation information reportingindicator-Cell Identity reporting indicator-CHOICE mode-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator-Pathloss reporting indicator-Reporting quantities for detected set cells-Reporting cell status-CHOICE reported cell-Maximum number of reported cells-Maximum number of reported cells-Measurement validity-CHOICE report criteria		-				
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicatorFALSE-Cell Identity reporting indicatorTRUE-CHOICE modeFDD-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicatorTRUE-CPICH RSCP reporting indicatorTRUE-Pathloss reporting indicatorFALSE-Reporting quantities for detected set cellsNot Present-Reporting cell statusReport all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
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-Cell Identity reporting indicatorTRUE-CHOICE modeFDD-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicatorTRUE-CPICH RSCP reporting indicatorTRUE-Pathloss reporting indicatorFALSE-Reporting quantities for detected set cellsNot Present-Reporting cell statusReport all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
-CHOICE modeFDD-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicatorTRUE-CPICH RSCP reporting indicatorTRUE-Pathloss reporting indicatorFALSE-Reporting quantities for detected set cellsNot Present-Reporting cell status-CHOICE reported cell-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Masurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria		TRUE				
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicatorTRUE-CPICH RSCP reporting indicatorTRUE-Pathloss reporting indicatorFALSE-Reporting quantities for detected set cellsNot Present-Reporting cell status-CHOICE reported cell-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicatorTRUE-Pathloss reporting indicatorFALSE-Reporting quantities for detected set cellsNot Present-Reporting cell status-CHOICE reported cellReport all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
-Pathloss reporting indicatorFALSE-Reporting quantities for detected set cellsNot Present-Reporting cell status-CHOICE reported cellReport all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
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-Reporting cell statusReport all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria		-				
-CHOICE reported cellReport all active set cells + cells within monitored set on used frequency-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
-Maximum number of reported cellsmonitored set on used frequency-Measurement validityVirtual/active set cells + 2-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria		Report all active set cells + cells within				
-Maximum number of reported cellsVirtual/active set cells + 2-Measurement validityNot Present-CHOICE report criteriaPeriodical reporting criteria						
-Measurement validity Not Present -CHOICE <i>report criteria</i> Periodical reporting criteria	-Maximum number of reported cells					
-CHOICE report criteria Periodical reporting criteria						
-Reporting interval 250 ms		,				
	Physical channel information elements					
	-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present				

Second MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-ttto message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.2.2.2.5 Test requirements

The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (–99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III, V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in clause 8.7.2.2.2.2 as shown in table 8.7.2.2.2.3.

Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme	lo [dBm/3.84 M	Hz]
			condition	Band I and VI	Band II,	Band III
	ID				v	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 3.5 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/lo				
		\pm 4 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14	± 5	-9487	-9285	-9184
		± 5 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16				
		± 2.3 for -14 \leq CPICH Ec/Io				
		\pm 2.8 for -16 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -14	± 3.8	-8750	-8550	-8450
		\pm 3.8 for -20 \leq CPICH Ec/lo < -16				

Table 8.7.2.2.2.3: CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy, test requirements

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.2.2.

Table 8.7.2.2.2.4: CPICH Ec/lo Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
number								
CPICH_Ec/		dB		0		10		0
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2
PICH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	5	-1	15	-1	5
DPCH_Ec/	or	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/	lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dDm/2.04			-86.27	-86.27	-93.46	-93.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-535	-53.5	-84.27	-84.27	-91.46	-91.46
	Band III				-83.27	-83.27	-90.46	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24
CPICH Ec/l	o, Note 1	dBm	-13.8	-13.8	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7
	Band I, VI	dBm /3.84			-84.9	-84.9	-93	-93
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-51.15	-51.15	-82.9	-82.9	-91	-91
	Band III				-81.9	-81.9	-90	-90
Propagation	n condition	-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AW	'GN
NOTE 1: 0	CPICH Ec/lo a	nd lo levels ha	ave been calcu	ulated from otl	her parameter	s for informati	on purposes.	They are not
5	settable param	eters themsel	ves.					
	be done seque be set within 5						parameters fo	or tests 2

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

The reported values for the relative inter frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.2.2.2.5.

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3						
Normal Conditions									
Lowest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x -5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 10)						
Highest reported value cell 2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x+5)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 6)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x +10)						
Extreme Conditions									
Lowest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x - 10)						
Highest reported value cell2	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 8)	CPICH_Ec/No_(x + 10)						
CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reported	CPICH_Ec/No_x is the reported value of cell 1								

8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for Inter-frequency handover evaluation.

8.7.3.1 Absolute measurement accuracy requirement

8.7.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of UTRA Carrier RSSI is defined as the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the actual UTRA Carrier RSSI power of that same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.3.1.2 Minimum Requirements

Table 8.7.3.1.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accura	cy [dB]	Conditions			
		Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
		condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
UTRA Carrier	dBm	± 4	± 7	-9470	-9270	-9170	
RSSI	dBm	± 6	± 9	-7050	-7050	-7050	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.3.1.

8.7.3.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement is within the specified limits. This measurement is for inter-frequency handover evaluation.

8.7.3.1.4 Method of test

8.7.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.3.1.2.

Boro	Parameter		Tes	st 1	Те	st 2	Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
number			Channel 1	Onanner 2	Charmer 1	Onanner 2	Charmer	Onarmer 2
CPICH_Ec	/lor	dB	-1	0	-	10	-*	10
PCCPCH_	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	- '	12	-*	12
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2	-	12	-*	12
PICH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	15	- '	15	-*	15
DPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec/	lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dDres / 0, 0,4					-94.46	-94.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-52.22	-52.22	-70.27	-70.27	-92.46	-92.46
	Band III						-91.46	-91.46
Îor/loc	-	dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54
CPICH Ec/	lo, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84					-94	-94
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-50	-50	-69	-69	-92	-92
	Band III						-91	-91
Propagatio	n condition	-	AW	'GN	AM	/GN	AW	/GN
		and lo levels hav		ated from othe	er parameters	s for information	on purposes.	They are not
Tests shall	be done sequ	entially. Test 1 s 5 seconds so that	shall be done t				parameters fo	r tests 2

Table 8.7.3.1.2: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

8.7.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check UTRA carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. UTRA carrier RSSI power of Channel 2 reported by UE is compared to actual UTRA Carrier RSSI value of Channel 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 7) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 6) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3.1.2 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 6) above is repeated.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 2):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
0	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-Integrity protection mode info	internal counter.
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	Not Present
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	CELL_DCH
	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	Not Descent
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
- CHOICE channel requirement Downlink radio resources	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not i lesent
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	1
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	3
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL SF/2
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2 SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method -Downlink frame type	B
-Downlink frame type -DeltaSIR1	В 3.0
-DeltaSIR I -DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIRatiel I	Not Present
-DeltaSIR2 -DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-DeltaSiRalleiz	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not resent
-Downlink information for each radio link	
	555
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
, 0	128
-Spreading factor	
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 4):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	5
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included.
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	later frequency reporting eviteria
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0 FDD
-CHOICE mode -Measurement quantity for frequency quality	CPICH RSCP
estimate	CFICITINGOF
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements -DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
- אין איז געוואן געוויע אומער איז	

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.3.1.5 Test requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.3.1.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III,

V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in subclause 8.7.3.1.2 as shown in table 8.7.3.1.3.

				Accuracy	/ [dB]		
Parameter	Unit	nit Normal condition		Extr	eme condi	tion	
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7.15	± 5.1	-55.8	± 10.15	± 8.1	-88.8

Table 8.7.3.1.3: UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.3.2.

Table 8.7.3.1.4: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

Borg	motor	Unit	Te	st 1	Те	st 2	Test 3	
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF	Channel		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
number			Charmer 1	Charmer 2	Charmer 1	Channel 2	Charmer	Charmer 2
CPICH_Ec	c/lor	dB	-^	10	-	10	-1	10
PCCPCH_	Ec/lor	dB	-1	12	-	12	-1	12
SCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-1	12	-	12	-1	12
PICH_Ec/I	or	dB	-1	15	-	15	-1	15
DPCH_Ec/	/lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
OCNS_Ec	/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, VI	dDres / 0, 0,4					-93.46	-93.46
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-53.5	-53.5	-69.27	-69.27	-91.46	-91.46
	Band III	INITIZ					-90.46	-90.46
Îor/loc		dB	-1.45	-1.45	-4.4	-4.4	-9.24	-9.24
CPICH Ec/	lo, Note 1	dBm	-13.8	-13.8	-15.7	-15.7	-19.7	-19.7
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84					-93	-93
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-51.15	-51.15	-67.9	-67.9	-91	-91
	Band III						-90	-90
Propagatio	on condition	-	AW	'GN	AM	/GN	AW	'GN
NOTE 1:	CPICH Ec/lo a	and lo levels hav	e been calcul	ated from othe	er parameters	s for informatio	on purposes. ⁻	They are not
	settable param	neters themselve	es.					
Tests shall	l be done sequ	entially. Test 1 s	shall be done	first. After test	1 has been e	executed test	parameters fo	r tests 2
and 3 shal	l be set within	5 seconds so the	at UE does no	t loose the Ce	ell 2 in betwee	en the tests.		

The reported values for the UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.3.1.5.

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3				
Normal Conditions							
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_				
	42	27	02				
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_				
	57	38	13				
Extreme Condition	S						
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_				
	39	24	00				
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_				
	60	41	16				

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.3.2 Relative measurement accuracy requirement

8.7.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The relative accuracy requirement is defined as the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the UTRA Carrier RSSI measured from another frequency.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.3.2.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirements in table 8.7.3.2.1 are valid under the following condition:

|Channel 1_Io| $_{dBm/3.84 \text{ MHz}}$ - |Channel 2_Io| $_{dBm/3.84 \text{ MHz}}$ < 20 dB.

Table 8.7.3.2.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions		
Parameter	Unit	Normal	Extreme	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
Farameter	Unit	condition	condition	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7	± 11	-9470	-9270	-9170

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.3.2.

8.7.3.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement is within the specified limits. This measurement is for inter-frequency handover evaluation.

8.7.3.2.4 Method of test

8.7.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in table 8.7.3.1.2.

8.7.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 3 are set up according to table 8.7.3.2.3.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check UTRA carrier RSSI value of Channel 1 and Channel 2 in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. UTRA carrier RSSI power value measured from Channel 1 is compared to UTRA carrier RSSI power value measured from Channel 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.

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- 7) The result of step 6) is compared to actual power level difference of UTRA Carrier RSSI of Channel 1 and Channel 2.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message and MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement in clause 8.7.3.1.4.2 is used.

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter – frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.3.2.5 Test requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI relative measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.3.2.2. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (–99 dBm, -97 dBm, -96 dBm for Frequency Band I, II, III, V and VI respectively) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in clause 8.7.3.2.2 as shown in table 8.7.3.2.2.

Table 0.7.5.2.2. OTKA Carrier NSOF relative accuracy						
		Accuracy	/ [dB]			
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme condition			
		Test 3	Test 3			
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	±7.4	± 11.4			

Table 8.7.3.2.2: UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause A.9.1.3.2.

Table 8.7.3.2.3: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 3			
F			Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF C	Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/	lor	dB	-1	0		
PCCPCH_E	Ec/lor	dB	-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/Ic	or	dB	-1	5		
DPCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-6	-		
OCNS_Ec/	or	dB	-2.56	-0.94		
	Band I, VI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-93.46	-93.46		
loc	Band II, V		-91.46	-91.46		
	Band III		-90.46	-90.46		
Îor/loc		dB	-9.24	-9.24		
CPICH Ec/I	o, Note 1	dBm	-19.7	-19.7		
	Band I, VI	dBm/3.84	-93	-93		
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	MHz	-91	-91		
	Band III		-90	-90		
Propagation condition		-	AWGN			
	NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.					

The reported values for the UTRA Carrier RSSI relative measurement shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.3.2.4.

	Test 3
Normal Conditions	
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_(x – 8)
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_(x + 8)
Extreme Conditions	
Lowest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV(x - 12)
Highest reported value (Cell 2)	UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV(x + 12)
UTRA carrier RSSI LEV x is the	reported value of cell 1

Table 8.7.3.2.4: UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirements for the reported values

8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI

8.7.3A.1 Definition and applicability

The GSM carrier RSSI measurement is used for handover between UTRAN and GSM.

The requirements and this test apply to the combined FDD and GSM UE.

8.7.3A.2 Minimum Requirements

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV below, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

The absolute accuracy shall be as follows:

The R.M.S received signal level at the receiver input shall be measured by the UE and the BSS over the full range of -110 dBm to -48 dBm with an absolute accuracy of ± 4 dB from -110 dBm to -70 dBm under normal conditions and ± 6 dB over the full range under both normal and extreme conditions. The R.M.S received signal level at the receiver input shall be measured by the UE above -48 dBm up to -38 dBm with an absolute accuracy of ± 9 dB under both normal and extreme conditions.

If the received signal level falls below the reference sensitivity level for the type of UE or BSS, then the measured level shall be within the range allowing for the absolute accuracy specified above. In case the upper limit of this range is below the reference sensitivity level for the type of UE or BSS, then the upper limit shall be considered as equal to the reference sensitivity level.

The relative accuracy shall be as follows:

If signals of level x1 and x2 dBm are received (where $x1 \le x2$) and levels y1 and y2 dBm respectively are measured, if x2 - x1 < 20 dB and x1 is not below the reference sensitivity level, then y1 and y2 shall be such that:

 $(x_2 - x_1) - a \le y_2 - y_1 \le (x_2 - x_1 + b)$ if the measurements are on the same or on different RF channel within the same frequency band;

and

 $(x2 - x1) - c \le y2 - y1 \le (x2 - x1 + d)$ if the measurements are on different frequency bands:

a, b, c and d are in dB and depend on the value of x1 as follows:

	<u>a</u>	b	<u>C</u>	<u>d</u>
$x1 \ge s+14, x2 < -48 \text{ dBm}$		2		
s+14 > x1 ≥ s+1	3	2	5	4
s+1 > x1	4	2	6	4

For single band MS or BTS and measurements between ARFCN in the same band for a multiband

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

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MS or BTS;

s = reference sensitivity level as specified in 3GPP TS 05.05 [28] for R99 and in 3GPP TS 45.005 [29] for Rel-4 and later releases.

For measurements between ARFCN in different bands;

s = the reference sensitivity level as specified in [28] and [29] for the band including x1.

At extreme temperature conditions an extra 2 dB shall be added to c and d in above table.

The selectivity of the received signal level measurement shall be as follows:

- for adjacent (200 kHz) channel \geq 16 dB;
- for adjacent (400 kHz) channel \geq 48 dB;
- for adjacent (600 kHz) channel \geq 56 dB.

The selectivity shall be met using random, continuous, GSM-modulated signals with the wanted signal at the level 20 dB above the reference sensitivity level.

The reporting range and mapping specified for RXLEV in TS 05.08[20] for R99 and in TS 45.008 [30] for Rel-4 and later releases shall apply.

The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

The normative reference for this requirement is:

For R99: TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.1.2.5 and 9.1.4 and TS 05.08 [20] clause 8.1.2.

For Rel-4 and later releases: TS 25.133 [2] clause 8.1.2.5 and 9.1.4 and TS 45.008 [30] clause 8.1.2.

8.7.3A.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the GSM Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy in CELL_DCH state, for UE that needs compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, is within the specified limits. This measurement is for UTRAN to GSM handover evaluation.

8.7.3A.4 Method of test

8.7.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In the test in Cell_DCH state compressed mode with purpose 'GSM Carrier RSSI Measurement' is applied to measure on GSM. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, Set 2 of table C.5.2 except for TGPRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256". Table 8.7.3A.1 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UMTS FDD cell, where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the GSM RSSI measurement.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in section C.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 2	As specified in table C.5.2 section C.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Not required	
Monitored cell list size		6 GSM neighbours	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.

Table 8.7.3A.1: General GSM	Carrier RSSI test parameters
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Table 8.7.3A.2: Cell specific GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1
Îor/loc	dB	-1
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70
Propagation condition	-	AWGN

Table 8.7.3A.3: Signal levels at receiver input in dBm

Step	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
1	-38.5	-38.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	-48.5	-48.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	-70.5	-70.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	-109.5	-109.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	-57.5	NA	-54.5	NA	NA	NA
6	-64.5	NA	-59.5	NA	NA	NA
7	-71.5	NA	NA	-64.5	NA	NA
8	-78.5	NA	NA	-69.5	NA	NA
9	-85.5	NA	NA	NA	-74.5	NA
10	-92.5	NA	NA	NA	-79.5	NA
11	-99.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-84.5
12	-106.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-89.5

GSM band	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
GSM 450	276	293	264	269	281	288
GSM 480	323	340	311	316	328	335
GSM 900:	62	124	20	40	80	100
DCS 1800	700	885	585	660	790	835
PCS 1900	700	805	585	660	790	550
450/900	124	276	293	269	288	1
480/900	124	323	340	316	335	1
450/1800	885	276	293	269	288	512
480/1800	885	323	340	316	335	512
900/1800	885	62	124	40	100	512
450/900/1800	124	276	885	293	1	512
480/900/1800	124	323	885	340	1	512
GSM 850	189	251	150	170	210	230
GSM 750	475	511	440	455	485	500
750/850	251	475	511	455	485	128

Table 8.7.3A.4: ARFCN numbers for GSM cells

8.7.3A.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for cell 1 are set up according to table to table 8.7.3A.1 and 8.7.3A.2.
- 2) The RF parameters for two GSM cells are set up according to the step 1 in table 8.7.3A.5. The fading profile for the BCCHs will be set to static, see 51.010-1 [25]. The ARFCN numbers for GSM cells are set up according to table 8.7.3.A.4.
- 3) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 4) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 5) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 6) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 7) SS shall check GSM carrier RSSI value of the two GSM cells in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. The GSM CARRIER RSSI values reported in the first measurement report are discarded. The SS records [1000] GSM CARRIER RSSI values reported for the two BCCHs in each step.
- 8) The RF parameters for two GSM cells are set up according to the next test step in table 8.7.3A.5
- 9) Repeat procedure steps 7 and 8 until MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from the test step 12 of Table 8.7.3A.5 have been recorded.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for Inter frequency measurement (step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	Ŭ
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	1
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	GSM carrier RSSI measurement
-TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	12
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	В
-DeltaSIR1	3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
	NOLFIESEN
-Downlink information per radio link list	
-Downlink information for each radio link	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement (step 5):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
0	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
ů i	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
 Measurement Report Transfer Mode 	Acknowledged mode RLC
 Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting 	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-RAT measurement
-Inter-RAT measurement	
-Inter-RAT measurement objects list	
-CHOICE Inter-RAT cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-RAT cells	
-Inter-RAT cell id	9
-CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
-GSM	
-Cell individual offset	
-Cell selection and re-selection info	Not Present
-BSIC	
-Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	Reference to TS 34.108 table 6.1.10 for Cell 9
-Band indicator -BCCH ARFCN	According to PICS/PIXIT
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-RAT measurement quantity	Not Flesent
-Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality	Not Present
estimate	Not riesent
-CHOICE system	GSM
-GSM	
-Measurement quantity	GSM Carrier RSSI
-Filter coefficient	
-BSIC verification required	not required
-Inter-RAT reporting quantity	
-UTRAN estimated quality	FALSE
-CHOICE system	GSM
-GSM	
-Observed time difference to GSM cell Reporting	FALSE
indicator	
-GSM carrier RSSI reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within active set or within virtual
	active set or of the other RAT
-Maximum number of reported cells	6
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - RAT test cases

This message is common for all inter-RAT test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.3A.5 Test requirements

Step	BCCH1	BCCH2	BCCH3	BCCH4	BCCH5	BCCH6
1	-39.5	-39.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	-49.5	-49.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	-71.5	-71.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	-108.5	-108.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	-57.5	NA	-54.5	NA	NA	NA
6	-64.5	NA	-59.5	NA	NA	NA
7	-71.5	NA	NA	-64.5	NA	NA
8	-78.5	NA	NA	-69.5	NA	NA
9	-85.5	NA	NA	NA	-74.5	NA
10	-92.5	NA	NA	NA	-79.5	NA
11	-99.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-84.5
12	-106.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-89.5

Table 8.7.3A.5: Signal levels at receiver input in dBm, test parameters for test requirements

For the UE to pass the absolute requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.6: GSM Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirements for the reported values

Step	Nor	mal	TL/VL 8	k TH/VH
	Lowest reported value for BCCH1	Highest reported value for BCCH1	Lowest reported value for BCCH1	Highest reported value for BCCH1
1	RXLEV = 61	RXLEV = 63	RXLEV = 61	RXLEV = 63
2	RXLEV = 54	RXLEV = 63	RXLEV = 54	RXLEV = 63
3	RXLEV = 34	RXLEV = 44	RXLEV = 32	RXLEV = 46
4	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09
5	RXLEV = 46	RXLEV = 60	RXLEV = 46	RXLEV = 60
6	RXLEV = 39	RXLEV = 53	RXLEV = 39	RXLEV = 53
7	RXLEV = 34	RXLEV = 44	RXLEV = 32	RXLEV = 46
8	RXLEV = 27	RXLEV = 37	RXLEV = 25	RXLEV = 39
9	RXLEV = 20	RXLEV = 30	RXLEV = 18	RXLEV = 32
10	RXLEV = 13	RXLEV = 23	RXLEV = 11	RXLEV = 25
11	RXLEV = 06	RXLEV = 16	RXLEV = 04	RXLEV = 18
12	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 09	RXLEV = 00	RXLEV = 11
Note:	Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12			

For the UE to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Step	Normal & TL/VL & TH/VH			
	Lowest reported value for BCCH2	Highest reported value for BCCH2		
1	No requirements	No requirements		
2	RXLEV = x-4	RXLEV = x+4		
3	RXLEV = x-4	RXLEV = x+4		
4	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+4		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3		
5	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+7		
6	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+9		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4		
7	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11		
8	RXLEV = x+5	RXLEV = x+13		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5		
9	RXLEV = x+7	RXLEV = x+15		
10	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+17		
	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6		
11	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+19		
12	RXLEV = x+11	RXLEV = x+21		
	x is the reported value RXLEV for BCCH1			
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12				

Table 8.7.3A.7: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values, measurements on different ARFCN within the same frequency band

For the UE to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Table 8.7.3A.8: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values,
measurements on different frequency bands

Step	Nor	mal	TL/VL 8	& TH/VH
	Lowest reported	Highest reported	Lowest reported	Highest reported
	value for BCCH2	value for BCCH2	value for BCCH2	value for BCCH2
1	No requirements	No requirements	No requirements	No requirements
2	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+8
3	RXLEV = x-6	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+8
4	RXLEV = x-8	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x-10	RXLEV = x+8
	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3	Lowest reported value for BCCH3	Highest reported value for BCCH3
5	RXLEV = x-3	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x-5	RXLEV = x+11
6	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+11	RXLEV = x-3	RXLEV = x+13
	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4	Lowest reported value for BCCH4	Highest reported value for BCCH4
7	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+13	RXLEV = x-1	RXLEV = x+15
8	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+15	RXLEV = x+1	RXLEV = x+17
	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5	Lowest reported value for BCCH5	Highest reported value for BCCH5
9	RXLEV = x+5	RXLEV = x+17	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEX = x+19
10	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x+19	RXLEV = x+4	RXLEV = x+21
	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6	Lowest reported value for BCCH6	Highest reported value for BCCH6
11	RXLEV = x+8	RXLEV = x+21	RXLEV = x+6	RXLEV = x+23
12	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+23	RXLEV = x+7	RXLEV = x+25
	x is	s the reported value RXI	EV for BCCH1	
Note:	It is not mandatory for th	e UE to report BCCH1 i	n step 12	

For the UE to pass the relative requirements of GSM Carrier RSSI measurement, at least 90% of the reported GSM Carrier RSSI measurements shall fulfill the following test requirements for each step and each test environment with a confidence level of 95%.

Step n	Step m	Normal & TL/VL & TH/VH		
		Lowest reported value for BCCH1 at	Highest reported value for BCCH1 at	
		step n	step n	
5	6	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
5	7	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
6	7	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
6	8	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
7	8	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
7	9	RXLEV = x+10	RXLEV = x+18	
8	9	RXLEV = x+3	RXLEV = x+11	
8	10	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+18	
9	10	RXLEV = x+2	RXLEV = x+11	
9	11	RXLEV = x+9	RXLEV = x+18	
10	11	RXLEV = x+2 RXLEV = x+11		
10	12	RXLEV = x+8 RXLEV = x+18		
11	12	RXLEV = x+1 RXLEV = x+11		
x is the reported value of BCCH1 at step m				
Note: It is not mandatory for the UE to report BCCH1 in step 12				

Table 8.7.3A.9: GSM Carrier RSSI Relative accuracy requirements for the reported values, measurements at single frequency (BCCH1)

8.7.3B Transport channel BLER

Void.

8.7.3C UE transmitted power

8.7.3C.1 Definition and applicability

The UE transmitted power absolute accuracy is defined as difference between the UE reported value and the UE transmitted power measured by test system. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.3C.2 Minimum requirements

The measurement period in CELL_DCH state is 1 slot.

Deremeter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	
Parameter		PUEMAX 24dBm	PUEMAX 21dBm
UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX	dBm	+1/-3	±2
PUEMAX > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-1	dBm	+1.5/-3.5	±2.5
PUEMAX-1 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-2	dBm	+2/-4	±3
PUEMAX-2 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-3	dBm	+2.5/-4.5	±3.5
PUEMAX-3 > UE reported power ≥ PUEMAX-10	dBm	+3/-5	±4

Table 8.7.3C.2.1 UE transmitted power absolute accuracy

NOTE 1: User equipment maximum output power, PUEMAX, is the maximum output power level without tolerance defined for the power class of the UE in TS 25.101 [1] section 6.2.1.

NOTE 2: UE transmitted power is the reported value.

For each empty slot created by compressed mode, no value shall be reported by the UE L1 for those slots.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.6.

8.7.3C.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that for any reported value of UE Transmitted Power in the range PUEMAX to PUEMAX-10 that the actual UE mean power lies within the range specified in clause 8.7.3C.2.

8.7.3C.4 Method of test

8.7.3C.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1.

The test parameters are given in Table 8.7.3C.4.1 and 8.7.3C.4.2 below. In the measurement control information it shall be indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the UE transmitted power measurement shall be used.

Table 8.7.3C.4.1: General test parameters for UE transmitted power

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in clause C.3.1
DL-Power Control		Off	

D		0.114
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-5.2
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table 8.7.3C.4.2: Cell Specific parameters for UE transmitted power

8.7.3C.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.3C.4.1 and 8.7.3C.4.2. Set the UE power and Maximum allowed UL TX power to the maximum power for the UE power class.
- 2) SS shall send continuously during the entire test Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message as defined in the specific message contents below.

4) Decode the UE Transmitted power reported by the UE in the next available MEASUREMENT REPORT message.

- 5) Measure the mean power of the UE over a period of one timeslot.
- 6) Steps 4 and 5 shall be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) Decrease the Maximum allowed UL TX power by 1 dB. The SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, as defined in the specific message contents below.
- 8) SS shall wait for the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message from the UE.

9) Repeat from step 4) until the Maximum allowed UL TX Power reaches PUEMAX-10.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	5
-Measurement Command	SETUP
-CHOICE Measurement type	UE Internal measurement
-UE Internal measurement quantity	
-Measurement quantity	UE Transmitted power
-Filter coefficient	0
-UE Internal reporting quantity	
-UE Transmitted power	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	FALSE
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting
-AdditionalMeasurementList	Not Present
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message:

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on PIXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	5
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
- UE Transmitted power	Checked that this IE is present
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	At the first time this value is set to PUEMAX-1. After the second time this value is decreased with 1 dB from previous value.
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present
-Downlink information per radio link list	Not Present

8.7.3C.5 Test requirements

Compare each of the UE transmitted power reports against the following mean power measurement. At least 90% of the mean power measurements for any one value of reported UE transmitted power shall be within the range specified in table 8.7.3C.5.

	SS measured mean p	oower (X) range [dBm]
UE reported value	PUEMAX 24dBm	PUEMAX 21dBm
UE_TX_POWER_104	33-3.7 ≤ X < 34+1.7	33-2.7 ≤ X < 34+2.7
UE_TX_POWER_103	32-3.7 ≤ X < 33+1.7	32-2.7 ≤ X < 33+2.7
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
UE_TX_POWER_097	26-3.7 ≤ X < 27+1.7	•
UE_TX_POWER_096	25-3.7 ≤ X < 26+1.7	•
UE_TX_POWER_095	24-3.7 ≤ X < 25+1.7	•
UE_TX_POWER_094	23-4.2 ≤ X < 24+2.2	23-2.7 ≤ X < 24+2.7
UE_TX_POWER_093	22-4.7 ≤ X < 23+2.7	22-2.7 ≤ X < 23+2.7
UE_TX_POWER_092	21-5.2 ≤ X < 22+3.2	21-2.7 ≤ X < 22+2.7
UE_TX_POWER_091	20-5.7 ≤ X < 21+3.7	20-3.2 ≤ X < 21+3.2
UE_TX_POWER_090	19-5.7 ≤ X < 20+3.7	19-3.7 ≤ X < 20+3.7
UE_TX_POWER_089	18-5.7 ≤ X < 19+3.7	18-4.2 ≤ X < 19+4.2
UE_TX_POWER_088	•	17-4.7 ≤ X < 18+4.7
UE_TX_POWER_087	•	16-4.7 ≤ X < 17+4.7
UE_TX_POWER_086	•	15-4.7 ≤ X < 15+4.7
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
UE_TX_POWER_022	-49-5.7 ≤ X < -48+3.7	-49-4.7 ≤ X < -48+4.7
UE_TX_POWER_021	-50-5.7 ≤ X < -49+3.7	-50-4.7 ≤ X < -49+4.7

Table 8.7.3C.5 UE transmitted power test requirements

- NOTE 1: Although test requirements are given for all UE reported values, a good UE will likely report values between PUEMAX and PUEMAX - 10 dB. However, even a good UE may report also wider range of values due to errors in TPC command reception and allowed range specified for UE transmit power setting accuracy when Maximum Allowed UL TX Power has been signaled. On the other hand, a faulty UE may report any power value but then it does not fulfill the Table 8.7.3C.5 requirements for mean power or then it will not pass some other tests e.g. TC 5.2 of this specification.
- NOTE 2: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference

8.7.4.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement

8.7.4.1.1 Definition and applicability

The intra frequency SFN-CFN observed time difference is defined as the SFN-CFN observed time difference from the active cell to a neighbour cell that is in the same frequency. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22].

The reference point for the SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.4.1.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.4.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I,and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \right| &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \text{ is low enough to en} \end{aligned}$$

^{*B*} is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

Table 8.7.4.1.1 SFN-CFN observed time difference intra frequency accuracy

			Conditions				
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]			lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III		
-CFN observed difference	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-9150		

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.7.1 and A.9.1.4.2.

8.7.4.1.3 Test Purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in the clause 8.7.4.1.2. This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

8.7.4.1.4 Method of test

8.7.4.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.4.1.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Farameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	Cell 1 Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11	
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5	10.5	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io - 13.7 dB = Ioc,	lo - 13.7 dB = loc,	lo - 13.7 dB = loc,	
		Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	
Band I, VI	_			-94	
lo Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	n/3.84 MHz -50	-72	-92	
Band III				-91	
SFN-CFN observed time			х		
difference as specified in TS	chip		Note 2		
25.215 [22]					
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN	
NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor					
lor/loc.					
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' as					
specified in TS 25.21					
Tests shall be done sequentially				parameters for tests	

2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.4.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 4) SS shall check "OFF" and "Tm" values in MEASUREMENT REPORT message and calculate SFN-CFN observed time difference value according to the definition in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22]. This value shall be compared to the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count the number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- 6) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit **RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.**
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for intra frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
message admentioation code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
The message sequence humber	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	1
-Measurement Command	Modify
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
 Measurement Report Transfer Mode 	Acknowledged mode RLC
 Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting 	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Intra-frequency measurement
-Intra-frequency measurement	
 Intra-frequency measurement objects list 	Not Present
-Intra-frequency measurement quantity	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Measurement quantity	CPICH RSCP
-Intra-frequency reporting quantity	
-Reporting quantities for active set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting quantities for detected set cells	Not Present
-Reporting cell status	Poport all active act cells + cells within
-CHOICE reported cell	Report all active set cells + cells within
-Maximum number of reported cells	monitored set on used frequency Virtual/active set cells + 2
	Not Present
-Measurement validity	
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity 250 ms
-Reporting interval Physical channel information elements	250 ms
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present
on on compressed mode status inic	NOLTIGOGIIL

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

This message is common for all intra frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.4.1.5 Test requirements

		Conditions			
Parameter	Parameter Unit Accuracy		cy [chip] lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]		
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.4.1.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference intra frequency accuracy

Table 8.7.4.1.4: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Te	st 2	Te	st 3
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Cha	annel number		Char	nel 1	Char	nnel 1	Char	nnel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-*	0	-1	10	-'	10
PCCPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-^	2	-^	12	-'	12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-′	2	- ^	12	-'	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-*	5	- ^	15	-*	15
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-*	5	-1	15	-*	15
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1	11	-1.	.11	-1	.11
Îor/loc		dB	10).8	10).8	1(0.8
	Band I, VI				-85.7		-106.7	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-65.3	-104.7				
	Band III						-103.7	
	Band I, VI						-92.7	
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-51.3	-71.7		-9	0.7	
	Band III					-8	9.7	
SFN-CFN obs	erved time				,	x		
difference as specified in TS 25.215 [22]		chip				te 2		
Propagation c	ondition	-	AW	GN	AW	/GN	AM	/GN
NOTE 1: Io l	evel has been cald	ulated from other para	ameters fo	r informatio	on purpose	es. It is not	a settable	
parameter itself.								
NOTE2: For	example, x= 4915	520 or 9830399. This i	is a calcula	ted value	using para	meters 'OF	F' and 'Tn	n' as
specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests							
2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.								

The accuracy of the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement value calculated from the reported 'OFF' and 'Tm' values shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.4.1.5.

Table 8.7.4.1.5: SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Lowest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)			
Highest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)			
SFN-CFN_TIME (X) is the reported value for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value as defined in						
table 8.7.4.1.4						

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurement requirement

8.7.4.2.1 Definition and applicability

The inter frequency SFN-CFN observed time difference is defined as the SFN-CFN time difference from the active cell to a neighbour cell that is in a different frequency. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22].

The reference point for the SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.4.2.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.4.2.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112$ dBm for Bands II and V,,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

$$\left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 dB$$

| Channel 1_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} -Channel 2_Io|_{dBm/3.84 MHz} | \leq 20 dB.

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Table 8.7.4.2.1 SFN-CFN observed time difference inter frequency accuracy

ſ			Acourcov		Conditions	
	Parameter Unit	Unit	Unit Cobin1		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]	
		[chip]	Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III	
	SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-9150

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.7.2 and A.9.1.4.2.

8.7.4.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in the clause 8.7.4.2.2. This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

8.7.4.2.4 Method of test

8.7.4.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this test case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in clause C.5, set 1 of table C.5.2 except for TGRRC and TGCFN. TGPRC and TGCFN shall set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 - TTI/10msec))mod 256". Table 8.7.4.2.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Parameter		Unit	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-1	5	-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11		-1.11		-1.11	
Îor/loc		dB	10.1		10.1		10.1	
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	lo - 10.6 dB = loc,		lo - 10.6 dB = loc,		lo - 10.6 dB = loc,	
100	100		Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	
	Band I, VI						-9	94
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	50	-7	'2	-9	92
	Band III						-9	91
S FN-CFN obse	erved time				,	ĸ		
difference as sp	pecified in TS	chip				te 2		
25.215 [22]					-			
Propagation condition		-	AWGN AWGN AWGN			• •••		
NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power <i>lo</i> at receiver input								
and the geometry factor <i>lor/loc</i> .								
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' as								
specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests								

Table 8.7.4.2.2: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.

8.7.4.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 3) UE shall transmit PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 4) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 5) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 6) SS shall check "OFF" and "Tm" values in MEASUREMENT REPORT message and calculate SFN-CFN observed time difference value according to the definition in clause 5.1.8 of TS 25.215 [22]. Note that according to TS 25.215 [22] UE is always reporting 'OFF' parameter to be zero. This value shall be compared to the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message taking into account that 'OFF' parameter is set to zero. .
- 7) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 5) and 6) above are repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.4.2.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 5) and 6) above are repeated.
- 8) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 9) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for inter frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	Ŭ
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
hoodage adhemication oodo	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
rite message sequence hamser	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	
-URA identity	Not Present
RB information elements	
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	1
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	
-TGMP	FDD measurement
-TGPRC	Infinity
-TGSN	4
-TGL1	7
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	3
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
 Downlink compressed mode method 	SF/2
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	В
-DeltaSIR1	3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
-Downlink information per radio link list	Norriesen
-Downlink information for each radio link	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
, ,	128
-Spreading factor	
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Inter frequency measurement

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message aumentication code	
	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
DDO martine a service a service a	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included
-Cell for measurement	
 Inter-frequency measurement quantity 	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-CHOICE reporting criteria	
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	FDD
 Measurement quantity for frequency quality 	CPICH RSCP
estimate	
 Inter-frequency reporting quantity 	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	TRUE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
 Non frequency related cell reporting quantities 	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting	TRUE
indicator	
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	TRUE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-CPICH Ec/N0 reporting indicator	TRUE
-CPICH RSCP reporting indicator	TRUE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	FALSE
-Reporting cell status	
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
 Maximum number of reported cells 	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

This message is common for all inter frequency test cases in clause 8.7 and is described in Annex I.

8.7.4.2.5 Test requirements

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III		
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150		

Table 8.7.4.2.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference inter frequency accuracy

Table 8.7.4.2.4: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	or	dB	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15		-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11		-1.11		-1.11	
Îor/loc		dB	10.4		10.4		10.4	
	Band I, VI		-62.1		-82.6		103.5	
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz					101.5	
	Band III						100.5	
	Band I, VI						-92.7	
Io, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	1.3	-7	1.8	-	0.7
	Band III						-89	9.7
SFN-CFN obse					,	ĸ		
difference as s	pecified in TS	chip				te 2		
25.215 [22]						-		
Propagation co		-		GN		GN		/GN
NOTE 1: Io level has been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. It is not a settable								
parameter itself.								
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' as								
specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests								
2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.								

The accuracy of the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement value calculated from the reported 'OFF' and 'Tm' values shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.4.2.5.

Table 8.7.4.2.5: SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3				
Lowest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X - 2)				
Highest reported value	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)	SFN_CFN_TIME (X + 2)				
SFN-CFN_TIME (X) is the reported value for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference value as defined in							
table 8.7.4.2.4 taking into account that 'OFF' parameter is set to zero.							

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.5 SFN-SFN observed time difference

8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

8.7.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.9 of TS 25.215 [22]. The reference point for the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 shall be the antenna connector of the UE.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

8.7.5.1.2 Minimum requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.5.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -114$ dBm for Bands I and VI,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -112 \text{ dBm}$ for Bands II and V,

CPICH_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm} \ge -111$ dBm for Band III.

 $\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} = - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH _RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH _RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \right| &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH _E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \leq 20 dB \end{aligned}$$

 $\int_{and B} dB$ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

Table 8.7.5.1.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

		Accuracy [chip]	Conditions				
Parameter	Unit		lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]				
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III		
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-9150		

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.8.1.1 and A.9.1.5.1.2.

8.7.5.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.5.1.2. This measurement is for identifying time difference between two cells.

8.7.5.1.4 Method of test

8.7.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.11

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table 8.7.5.1.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Te	st 2	Te	st 3
Faiai	Falameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Char	nnel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-*	10	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-*	12	-*	-12		12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-'	12	-*	12	-^	12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-'	15	-*	15	-^	15
S-CCPCH_Ec/l	or	dB	-'	12	-*	12	-^	12
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1	.29	-1	.29	-1	.29
Îor/loc		dB	1().5	1().5	1().5
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io -13.7 dB = Ioc,		lo - 13.7 dB = loc,		Io -13.7 dB = Ioc,	
100			No	te 1	Note 1		Note 1	
	Band I, VI				1			94
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-{	50	-7	72	-{	92
Band III							-(91
SFN-SFN obse						x		
difference type in TS 25.215 [2:		chip	Note 2					
	Propagation condition		AW	AWGN AWGN		/GN	AW	/GN
		sted according the tot		-		-		-
l îor/loc.								
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using the parameters 'OFF' and 'T					'Tm' as			
specified in TS 25.215 [22].								
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for test					s for tests			
2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.								

Table 8.7.5.1.2: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 Intra frequency test parameters

8.7.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.5. The RF parameters for Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- SS shall check "SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 5) SS shall count the number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated. After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.5.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, step 4) above is repeated.
- After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 7) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 6.1.0b of 34.108 [3] and clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD) (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
 Intra-frequency measurement system information Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting 	
- SFN-SFN observed time difference reporting indicator	type 1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Reporting quantity	CPICH RSCP
 Maximum number of reported cells on RACH 	current cell + best neighbour

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for Traffic Volume measurement (Step 2):

Information Element/Group name	Value/Remark
Message Type (10.2.17)	
UE information elements	
- RRC transaction identifier	0
- Integrity check info	
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/
- RRC message sequence number	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
- Measurement Identity	4
- Measurement Command (10.3.7.46)	Setup
- Measurement Reporting Mode (10.3.7.49)	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	AM RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	Periodical reporting
- Additional measurements list (10.3.7.1)	Not Present
- CHOICE Measurement type (10.3.7.68)	Traffic Volume measurement
- Traffic volume measurement	
Object (10.3.7.70)	
- Traffic volume measurement objects	1
- Uplink transport channel type	RACHorCPCH
- UL Target Transport Channel ID	Not Present
- Traffic volume measurement	
quantity (10.3.7.71)	PLC Duffer Deviced
- Measurement quantity	RLC Buffer Payload Not Present
- Time Interval to take an average or a variance	Not Present
 Traffic volume reporting quantity (10.3.7.74) RLC Buffer Payload for each RB 	FALSE
- Average of RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE
- Variance of RLC Buffer Payload for each RB	FALSE
- Measurement validity (10.3.7.51)	Not Present
- CHOICE report criteria (10.3.7.53)	Periodical reporting criteria
- Amount of reporting	Infinity
- Reporting interval	250 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info (10.3.6.34)	Not Present

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MEASUREMENT REPORT message for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 test case (Step 3)

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements
	in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be
	active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub
	IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be
	absent.
 Message authentication code 	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is
	compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
 RRC Message sequence number 	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is
	used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	4
Measured Results	Checked that this IE is absent
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is present
 Measurement result for current cell 	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
 CHOICE measurement quantity 	Checked that this IE is present
 Measurement results for monitored cells 	1
 SFN-SFN observed time difference 	Checked that this IE is present
- CHOICE Type	Туре 1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
 Primary scrambling code 	150
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

8.7.5.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.5.1.3 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

			Conditions Io [dBm/3.84 MHz]		
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]			
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2	Te	st 3	
		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1		Channel 1		Char	nel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	- '	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	- '	2	-1	12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	- '	2	-1	12	-*	12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	- '	5	-1	15	-*	15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	- '	2	-1	12	-*	12	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1	29	-1.	.29	-1	.29	
Îor/loc		dB	10).8	10).8	1().8	
	Band I, VI						-106.7		
loc	Band II, V	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-65.3 dB		-85.7		-10)4.7	
	Band III						-10	3.7	
Band I, VI							-9	2.7	
lo, Note 1	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-5	1.3	-7	1.7	-9	0.7	
	Band III						-8	9.7	
SFN-SFN observ	ed time								
difference type 1	as specified	chip				X to 2			
in TS 25.215 [22]					Note 2				
Propagation conc		-		'GN		/GN		/GN	
		ulated from other para	ameters fo	r informatio	on purpose	es. It is not	a settable		
parameter itself.									
NOTE2: For example, x= 491520 or 9830399. This is a calculated value using the parameters 'OFF' and 'Tm' a						'Tm' as			
specified in TS 25.215 [22].									
Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests									
2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.									

Table 8.7.5.1.4: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 Intra frequency test parameters

The reported values for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.5.1.5.

Table 8.7.5.1.5: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3				
Lowest reported value	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_ $(X - 2)$	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_ $(X - 2)$	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_ $(X - 2)$				
Highest reported value	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)	T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X + 2)				
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_(X) is the reporting value corresponding to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measured							
by system simulator							

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.5.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2

Void.

- 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference
- 8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1
- 8.7.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The UE Rx-Tx time difference is defined as the time difference between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The reference point of the UE Rx-Tx time difference shall be the antenna connector of the UE. This measurement is specified in clause 5.1.10 of TS 25.215.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE.

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8.7.6.1.2 Minimum requirements

Table 8.7.6.1.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

		Acourcov	Conditions			
Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	lo [dBm/3.84MHz]			
		[chip]	Band I and VI	Band II, V	Band III	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-9150	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clause 9.1.9.1.1 and A.9.1.6.1.2.

8.7.6.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the measurement accuracy of Rx-Tx time difference is within the limit specified in clause 8.7.6.1.2. This measurement is used for call setup purposes to compensate propagation delay of DL and UL.

8.7.6.1.4 Method of test

8.7.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

1) Connect SS to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.1

Table 8.7.6.1.2: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Bara	motor	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec	/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	DPCH_Ec/lor		-15	-15	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11	-1.11	-1.11
Îor/loc	Îor/loc		10.5	10.5	10.5
loc		dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Io -10.9 dB = Ioc,	Io -10.9 dB = Ioc,	Io -10.9 dB = Ioc,
100			Note 1	Note 1	Note 1
	Band I, VI		-94		
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-92	-72	-50
	Band III		-91		
Propagation condition		-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN
NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the					
geometry factor <i>Îor/loc</i> .					

8.7.6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] subclause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 1.
- 2) SS shall transmit MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.
- 3) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 4) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.

- 5) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 6) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 7) The RF parameters are set up according table 8.7.6.1.4 for Test 3. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period.
- 8) SS shall check "UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1" value in MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The reported value shall be compared to actual UE Rx-Tx time difference value for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The comparison should be repeated 1000 times.
- 9) SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3], with the following exceptions:

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE information elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code -RRC message sequence number	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this message and writes to this IE. The first/ leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most significant bit of the MAC-I. SS provides the value of this
-nno message sequence number	IE, from its internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	5
-Measurement Command	SETUP
- Additional measurements list	Not Present
-Measurement Reporting Mode	AM RLC
-Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Periodical reporting
-Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	UE Internal measurement
-CHOICE Measurement type	
-UE Internal measurement quantity	FDD
-CHOICE mode	UE Rx-Tx time difference
-Measurement quantity	0
-Filter coefficient	
-UE Internal reporting quantity	
-UE Transmitted power	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-UE Rx-Tx time difference	TRUE
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	250
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

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MEASUREMENT REPORT message

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
- CHOICE Measurement	UE Internal measured results
- Choice mode	FDD
- UE Transmitted power	Checked that this IE is absent
- UE Rx-Tx report entries	
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	100
- UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	Checked that this IE is present
Measured results on RACH	Checked that this IE is absent
Additional measured results	Checked that this IE is absent
Event results	Checked that this IE is absent

8.7.6.1.5 Test requirements

Table 8.7.6.1.3 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy

				Conditions	
Parameter	Unit Accuracy [chip]	lo [dBm/3.84MHz]			
			Band I and VI	Band II and V	Band III
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 2.0	-9450	-9250	-9150

Table 8.7.6.1.4: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Para	meter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1	Cell 1	
UTRA RF Cha	annel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lo	r	dB	-10	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec	/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor		dB	-1.11 -1.1		-1.11	
Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5	10.5	
	Band I, VI	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-103.6			
loc	Band II, V		-101.6	-82.9	-62.2	
	Band III		-100.6			
	Band I, VI		-92.7			
lo	Band II, V	dBm/3.84 MHz	-90.7	-72	-51.3	
	Band III		-89.7			
Propagation of	ondition	-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN	
NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the						
geometry factor for/loc.						

The reported values for UE Rx-Tx time difference accuracy shall meet the requirements in table 8.7.6.1.5.

Table 8.7.6.1.5: UE Tx-Rx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Lowest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X - 2)$		
Highest reported value	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$	$RX-TX_TIME_(X + 2)$		
RX-TX_TIME_(X) is the reporting value corresponding to UE Rx-Tx time difference measured by system					
simulator					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

8.7.6.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

Void

8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Void

8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP

8.7.8.1 Absolute measurement accuracy

8.7.8.1.1 Definition and applicability

The absolute accuracy of P-CCPCH RSCP is defined as the P-CCPCH RSCP measured in an UTRA TDD cell on one frequency compared to the actual P-CCPCH RSCP power of that cell on the same frequency.

The requirements and this test apply only to UE supporting both UTRA FDD and UTRA TDD.

8.7.8.1.2 Minimum Requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 8.7.8.1.1 is valid under the following conditions:

P-CCPCH_RSCP ≥ -102 dBm,

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 8dB$$

		Accura	Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	lo [dBm/3.84 MHz]
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470
F-CCFCH_K3CF	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 25.133 [2] clauses 9.1.11.1 and A.9.1.8.

8.7.8.1.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the P-CCPCH RSCP absolute measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

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8.7.8.1.4 Method of test

8.7.8.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

In this case both cells are on different frequencies. Cell 1 is a UTRA FDD cell and cell 2 is a UTRA TDD cell. The second Beacon timeslot shall be provided for cell 2 in timeslot 8. Compressed mode as specified in TS 25.101 [1] section A.5, set 3 of table A.22, is applied. TGPRC and TGCFN shall be set to "Infinity" and "(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec)) mod 256". P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency absolute accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table 8.7.8.1.2.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1		Test 2			
Faiallielei	Unit	Cell 1	Ce	2	Cell 1	Ce	ll 2
DL timeslot number		n.a.	0 8		n.a.	0	8
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 2	Channel 1		Channel 2	Char	nel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	n.a.		-10	n.a.	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-3	n.a.	-12	-3	n.a
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-	9	-12	-	9
SCH_t _{offset}		n.a.	Ę	5	n.a.	Ę	5
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	n.a.	-3	-15	n.a.	-3
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	n.	a.	-15	n.a.	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-3.12		-1.11	-3.12	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-60	-57.7		-84	-84.7	
Îor/loc	dB	9.54	-	7	0	:	3
P-CCPCH RSCP, Note 1	dBm	n.a.	-53.7	n.a.	n.a.	-84.7	n.a.
CPICH RSCP, Note 1	dBm	-60.46	n.	a.	-94	n.a.	
lo, Note 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-50	-50 -81 -8		30		
Propagation condition	-	AWGN AWGN					
Note 1: P-CCPCH RSCP, CPICH RSCP and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH							
is present in the time slot.			900 000		s only adiation		

Table 8.7.8.1.2: P-CCPCH RSCP inter frequency tests parameters

1) A call is set up according to the test procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.2.3. The RF parameters for

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed, test parameters

for test 2 shall be set within 5 seconds so that the UE does not lose the Cell 2 in between the test.

8.7.8.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) SS shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message.
- 2) UE shall transmit the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message.
- 3) SS shall transmit the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

Test 1 are set up according to table 8.7.8.1.2.

- 4) UE shall transmit periodically MEASUREMENT REPORT messages.
- 5) SS shall check P-CCPCH RSCP values of Cell 2 in the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages. P-CCPCH RSCP power level of Cell 2 reported by the UE shall be compared to the actually set P-CCPCH RSCP value of Cell 2 for each MEASUREMENT REPORT message.
- 6) SS shall count number of MEASUREMENT REPORT messages transmitted by UE. After 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the RF parameters are set up according to table 8.7.8.1.2 for Test 2. While RF parameters are being set up, MEASUREMENT REPORT messages from UE are ignored. SS shall wait for additional 1s and ignore the MEASUREMENT REPORT messages during this period. Then, steps 4) and 5) above are repeated.

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- 7) After further 1000 MEASUREMENT REPORT messages have been received from UE, the SS shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message.
- 8) UE shall transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Specific Message Contents

All messages indicated above shall use the same content as described in the default message content in clause 9 of 34.108 [3] and in Annex I, with the following exceptions:

PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for inter frequency measurement (Step 1):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
UE Information Elements	
-RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	
-message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
-Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
-Ciphering mode info	Not Present
-Activation time	Not Present
-New U-RNTI	Not Present
-New C-RNTI	Not Present
-RRC State Indicator	CELL_DCH
-UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	Not Present
CN Information Elements	Not Descent
-CN Information info	Not Present
UTRAN mobility information elements	Not Dropont
-URA identity RB information elements	Not Present
-Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
PhyCH information elements	
-Frequency info	Not Present
Uplink radio resources	Not resent
-Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
- CHOICE channel requirement	Not Present
Downlink radio resources	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
-Downlink information common for all radio links	
-Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	Not Present
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-DPCH compressed mode info	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
-TGPSI	1
-TGPS Status Flag	Activate
-TGCFN	(Current CFN + (256 – TTI/10msec))mod 256
-	
-Transmission gap pattern sequence	
configuration parameters	TDD measurement
-TGMP -TGPRC	TDD measurement
-TGPRC -TGSN	Infinity 10
-TGL1	10
-TGL2	Not Present
-TGD	0
-TGPL1	11
-TGPL2	Not Present
-RPP	Mode 0
-ITP	Mode 0
-CHOICE UL/DL mode	UL and DL
-Downlink compressed mode method	Puncturing
-Uplink compressed mode method	SF/2
-Downlink frame type	A
-DeltaSIR1	3.0
-DeltaSIRafter1	3.0
-DeltaSIR2	Not Present
-DeltaSIRafter2	Not Present
-N Identify abort	Not Present
-T Reconfirm abort	Not Present
-TX Diversity Mode	Not Present
-SSDT information	Not Present

-Default DPCH Offset Value	Not Present
	Not l'lesent
-Downlink information per radio link list	
-Downlink information for each radio link	
-Choice mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH info	
-Primary scrambling code	100
-PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	Not Present
-PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
-Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
-CHOICE mode	FDD
-Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	Primary CPICH may be used
-DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
-Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
-DL channelisation code	
	Net Dresent
-Secondary scrambling code	Not Present
-Spreading factor	128
-Code number	96
-Scrambling code change	No code change
-TPC combination index	0
-SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
-Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
-SCCPCH Information for FACH	Not Present

MEASUREMENT CONTROL message for inter frequency measurement (Step 3):

Information Element	Value/Remark
Message Type	
LIE information elements	
UE information elements -RRC transaction identifier	0
-Integrity check info	0
	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
-message authentication code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
-RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
-KKC message sequence number	internal counter.
Measurement Information elements	
-Measurement Identity	2
-Measurement Command	Setup
-Measurement Reporting Mode	
- Measurement Report Transfer Mode	Acknowledged mode RLC
- Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting	Periodical reporting
Mode	
-Additional measurement list	Not Present
-CHOICE Measurement Type	Inter-frequency measurement
-Inter-frequency measurement	
-Inter-frequency cell info list	
-CHOICE Inter-frequency cell removal	Not Present
-New inter-frequency cells	Cell 2 information is included.
-Cell for measurement	Not Present
-Inter-frequency measurement quantity	
-CHOICE reporting criteria	Inter-frequency reporting criteria
-Filter coefficient	0
-CHOICE mode	TDD
-Measurement quantity for frequency quality	Primary CCPCH RSCP
estimate	
-Inter-frequency reporting quantity	
-UTRA Carrier RSSI	FALSE
-Frequency quality estimate	TRUE
-Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	
-Cell synchronisation information reporting indicator	FALSE
-Cell Identity reporting indicator	FALSE
-CHOICE mode	FALSE
-Timeslot ISCP reporting indicator	TDD
-Proposed TGSN Reporting required	FALSE
-Primary CCPCH RSCP reporting indicator	FALSE
-Pathloss reporting indicator	TRUE
-Reporting cell status	FALSE
-CHOICE reported cell	Report cells within monitored set on non-used
	frequency
-Maximum number of reported cells	2
-Measurement validity	Not Present
-Inter-frequency set update	Not Present
-CHOICE report criteria	Periodical reporting criteria
-Amount of reporting	Infinity
-Reporting interval	500 ms
Physical channel information elements	
-DPCH compressed mode status info	Not Present

8.7.8.1.5 Test requirements

The PCCPCH RSCP measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in clause 8.7.8.1.2.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

9 Performance requirements for HSDPA

9.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex C, the propagation conditions specified in Annex D and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex E.

When DCCH has been configured on downlink DCH then DCCH Data shall be continuously transmitted on downlink DCH during the measurement period. When there is no signalling to transmit on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH transmission as described in Annex C.9 shall be used.

9.2 Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

9.2.1 Single Link Performance

9.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rates supported.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.1.1. During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.1.2.

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement
Category 1	H-Set 1
Category 2	H-Set 1
Category 3	H-Set 2
Category 4	H-Set 2
Category 5	H-Set 3
Category 6	H-Set 3
Category 7	H-Set 6
Category 8	H-Set 6
Category 11	H-Set 4
Category 12	H-Set 5

Table 9.2.1.1: Mapping between HS-DSCH category and FRC

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 st redundancy version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

Table 9.2.1.2: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

he requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throuhput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2, C.8.1.3, C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.1.3, 9.2.1.5 and 9.2.1.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.1.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.1.4, 9.2.1.6, 9.2.1.8 and 9.2.1.9 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz	P-CPICH				
I _{oc}		-60				
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4				
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and power. HS-SCCH-1 shall or the UE.						

Table 9.2.1.3: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Test	Propagation		Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *			
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB			
1	PA3	-6	65	309			
I	FAS	-3	N/A	423			
2	PB3	-6	23	181			
2	PBS	-3	138	287			
2	1/4.20	-6	22	190			
3	VA30	-3	142	295			
4	1/4400	-6	13	181			
4	VA120	-3	140	275			
* Notes:			erence Channel (FRC) H-Set				
	2) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se	et 2 the reference values for R	should be scaled			
	(multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are						
	rounded up to i+1, i integer)						
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled						
			nteger t-put in kbps, where va				
	up to i+1, i integer		5 1 17, 11				

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference	dBm/3.84 MHz		P-CP	NCH	
I _{oc}		-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

 Table 9.2.1.5: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.1.6: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	198		
I	FAS	-3	368		
2	PB3	-6	34		
2		-3	219		
3	VA30	-6	47		
5		-3	214		
4	VA120	-6	28		
4	VAIZU	-3	167		
 * Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 					

Table 9.2.1.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	72	340		
1	FA3	-3	N/A	439		
2	PB3	-6	24	186		
2	FD3	-3	142	299		
3	VA30	-6	19	183		
3	VA30	-3	148	306		
4	VA120	-6	11	170		
4	VA120	-3	144	284		

Table 9.2.1.8: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Table 9.2.1.9: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$ dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB	
1		-6	98	464	
I	1 PA3 -	-3	N/A	635	
2	PB3	-6	35	272	
2	FDJ	-3	207	431	
3	VA30	-6	33	285	
3	VA30	-3	213	443	
4	VA120	-6	20	272	
4	VAIZU	-3	210	413	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.1.1, 9.2.1.2 and 9.2.1.3.

9.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multicode reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

Method of test 9.2.1.4

9.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect the SS (node B emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.17.
- 2) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3 with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 3) Set the test parameters for tests 1-4 according to tables 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.3, 9.2.1.5 (Category 1-6) or 9.2.1.7 (Category 11,12)and levels according to tables 9.2.1.12 to 9.2.1.15 (Category 1-6) or 9.2.1.16 to 9.2.1.18 (Category 11,12). The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 4) The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated not before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBSequence must be at least 4664 * 10 bits long.) Use a PRBS from ITU-R O.153 Ref [26]

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- 5) The SS shall not time the transmission freely. It shall time the transmission strictly according to the reference measurement channels: i.e. Process number i is continued exactly after 6 TTIs.
- 6) Setup fading simulators as fading conditions, which are described in table D.2.2.1.A

9.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 2) For all relevant propagation conditions, for all relevant Ioc levels, for all relevant Ec/Ior, for all relevant Îor/Ioc, for all relevant H-sets in tables 9.2.1.12 to 9.2.1.18 count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.2.1, F.6.3.5.2.2, F.6.3.5.2.3 and F.6.3.5.2.4.

9.2.1.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.1.12 to 9.2.1.18 define the primary level settings including test tolerance for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8 define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Table 9.2.1.12: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		ied)	

Table 9.2.1.13: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.3 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.3 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	65	309	
1	FAS	-2.9	N/A	423	
2	002	-5.9	23	181	
2	PB3	-2.9	138	287	
		-5.9	22	190	
3	3 VA30	-2.9	142	295	
	VA120	-5.9	13	181	
4	VATZU	-2.9	140	275	
 * Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 					

Table 9.2.1.14: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/	/H-Set 2/H-Set 3
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Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)		ied)	

Table 9.2.1.15: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.3 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	198		
1	173	-2.9	368		
	DDO	-5.9	34		
2	PB3	-2.9	219		
		-5.9	47		
3	VA30	-2.9	214		
4	VA120	-5.9	28		
4	VAIZU	-2.9	167		
 * Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 					

Table 9.2.1.16: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60 (no test tolerance applied)			ied)

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.3 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} =$ 10.3 dB
4	DAG	-5.9	72	340
1	PA3 -	-2.9	N/A	439
		-5.9	24	186
2 PB3	-2.9	142	299	
0	V/400	-5.9	19	183
3 VA30		-2.9	148	306
		-5.9	11	170
4 V	VA120	-2.9	144	284

Table 9.2.1.17: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Table 9.2.1.18: Test requirement QPSK	, Fixed Reference Channel	(FRC) H-Set 5
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Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.3 dB	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10.3 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	98	464		
1	FAS	-2.9	N/A	635		
2	PB3	-5.9	35	272		
2	2 PB3	-2.9	207	431		
3	VA30	-5.9	33	285		
5	VA30	-2.9	213	443		
4	VA120	-5.9	20	272		
4	VA120	-2.9	210	413		
* Notes:	The reference val	ue R is for the Fixed Refer	ence Channel (FRC) H-Set 5			

9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

9.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rates supported.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

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UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.2.1. During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.2.2.

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement	
Category 1	H-Set 1	
Category 2	H-Set 1	
Category 3	H-Set 2	
Category 4	H-Set 2	
Category 5	H-Set 3	
Category 6	H-Set 3	
Category 7	H-Set 6	
Category 8	H-Set 6	
Category 11	H-Set 4	
Category 12	H-Set 5	

Table 9.2.2.1: Mapping between HS-DSCH category and FRC

Table 9.2.2.2: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/	NACK/DTX
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HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 st redundancy version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2, C.8.1.3, C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.2.3, 9.2.2.5 and 9.2.2.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.2.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.2.4, 9.2.2.6, 9.2.2.8 and 9.2.2.9 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Test	Propagation					
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *			
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	77	375		
I	FAS	-3	180	475		
2	PB3	-6	20	183		
2	FDS	-3	154	274		
3	VA30	-6	15	187		
	VASU	-3	162	284		
* Notes:	1) The reference	value R is for the Fixed Ref	erence Channel (FRC) H-Set	1		
	2) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se	et 2 the reference values for R	should be scaled		
	(multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of $i+1/2$ are					
	rounded up to i+1, i integer)					
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled					
	(multiplied by 3 ar	nd rounding to the nearest i	integer t-put in kbps, where va	ues of i+1/2 are rounded		
	up to i+1, i integer	r)				

Table 9.2.2.4: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Table 9.2.2.5: Test Parameters for T	Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3
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Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.2.6: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	295		
I	FAS	-3	463		
2	PB3	-6	24		
2	FDS	-3	243		
3	VA30	-6	35		
3	VA30	-3	251		
	* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R				
	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where values of $i+1/2$ are rounded up to $i+1$, i integer)				
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R					
	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in				
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)				

Par	ameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase	reference		P-CPICH		
	Ioc	DBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
cons versio	dancy and stellation on coding quence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4		
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

Table 9.2.2.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	70	369
		-3	171	471
2	PB3	-6	14	180
		-3	150	276
3	VA30	-6	11	184
		-3	156	285
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4				

Table 9.2.2.9: Minimum requirement Q	PSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5
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Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \ \mathbf{dB}$	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	116	563
1	PAS	-3	270	713
2	2 PB3	-6	30	275
2		-3	231	411
3	VA30	-6	23	281
		-3	243	426
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5				

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.2.1, 9.2.2.2 and 9.2.2.3.

9.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling below a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

9.2.2.4 Method of test

9.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Note: This is the Node B Emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.19.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test as specified in table's 9.2.2.11, 9.2.2.13 and 9.2.2.15 and levels as specified in tables 9.2.2.12, 9.2.2.14, 9.2.2.16 and 9.2.2.17. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.2.

Table 9.2.2.10: Specific Message Contents for open-loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	STTD
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

9.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 * 10 bits long [27]).

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4. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.3.1, F.6.3.5.3.2. F.6.3.5.3.3 and F.6.3.5.3.4. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

9.2.2.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.2.11 to 9.2.2.17 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8 define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8, when applied in this subclause (open loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.2: column Note.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		

Table 9.2.2.12: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number Conditions		HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *		T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	77	375	
1	PAS	-2.9	180	475	
2	2 PB3	-5.9	20	183	
2		-2.9	154	274	
3	VA30	-5.9	15	187	
3	VA30	-2.9	162	284	
* Notes:	1) The reference	value R is for the Fixed Ref	erence Channel (FRC) H-Set	1	
	2) For Fixed Refe	rence Channel (FRC) H-Se	et 2 the reference values for R	should be scaled	
	(multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of $i+1/2$ are				
	rounded up to i+1, i integer)				
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled				
	(multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded				
	up to i+1, i integer)				

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Table 9.2.2.13: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3
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Table 9.2.2.14: Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Fest Propagation Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	295	
I	FAS	-2.9	463	
2	PB3	-5.9	24	
2	PB3	-2.9	243	
3	VA30	-5.9	35	
3		-2.9	251	
	 The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 			

Table 9.2.2.15: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ dB}$	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
4	PA3	-5.9	70	369	
1	PAS	-2.9	171	471	
2	DDO	-5.9	14	180	
2 PB3	PDJ	-2.9	150	276	
2	3 VA30	-5.9	11	184	
3		-2.9	156	285	
* Note: The r	eference value R is	s for the Fixed Reference	Channel (FRC) H-Set 4		

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ dB}$	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	1 PA3	-5.9	116	563	
1		-2.9	270	713	
2	2 PB3	-5.9	30	275	
2		-2.9	231	411	
3	VA30	-5.9	23	281	
	VA30	-2.9	243	426	
* Note: The	reference value R	is for the Fixed Reference	Channel (FRC) H-Set 5		

Table 9.2.2.17: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4.

9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance

9.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver closed loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rates supported.

The requirements and this test apply to Release 5 and later releases for all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.2.3.2 Minimum requirements

Requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.2.3.1. During the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.2.3.2.

HS-DSCH category	Corresponding requirement
Category 1	H-Set 1
Category 2	H-Set 1
Category 3	H-Set 2
Category 4	H-Set 2
Category 5	H-Set 3
Category 6	H-Set 3
Category 7	H-Set 6
Category 8	H-Set 6
Category 11	H-Set 4
Category 12	H-Set 5

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 st redundancy version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

Table 9.2.3.2: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

The requirements are specified in terms of minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/4/5 specified in Annex C.8.1.1, C.8.1.2, C.8.1.3, C.8.1.4 and C.8.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the relevant parameters in Tables 9.2.3.3, 9.2.3.5 and 9.2.3.7 plus the downlink physical channel setup according to table E.5.3.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in tables 9.2.3.4, 9.2.3.6, 9.2.3.8 and 9.2.3.9 respectively.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding		{0,2,5,6}		
sequence				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS- SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.				

Table 9.2.3.3: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.3.4: Minimum req	uirement QPSK	Fixed Reference	Channel (FF	C) H-Set 1/2/3
			onamici (i i	

Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *			
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \ \mathbf{dB}$	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	118	399		
I	FAS	-3	225	458		
2	PB3	-6	50	199		
		-3	173	301		
2	VA30	-6	47	204		
3		-3	172	305		
	,		ference Channel (FRC) H-			
	 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integers) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 					

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
(T _{DPCH,n})	Chip		0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	
	HS-PDSCH shall be transmi the identity of the UE under t			

Table 9.2.3.5: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.3.6 Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value					
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *					
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB					
1	PA3	-6	361					
1	FA3	-3	500					
2	PB3	-6	74					
2		-3	255					
3	VA30	-6	84					
3		-3	254					
* Notes:	1)The reference	value R is for the Fixed F	Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1					
			I-Set 2 the reference values for R					
	should be scaled	(multiplied by 1.5 and ro	ounding to the nearest integer t-put in					
	kbps, where valu	es of i+1/2 are rounded	up to i+1, i integer)					
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R							
	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in							
		es of i+1/2 are rounded						

Table 9.2.3.7: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Phase reference		P-CPICH				
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60				
DPCH frame offset	Oh in		0			
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0			
Redundancy and						
constellation version		{0,2,5,6}				
coding sequence						
Maximum number of		4				
HARQ transmission			4			
Feedback Error Ratio	%		4			
Closed loop timing			1			
adjustment mode		1				
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and	Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.					
HS-SCCH-1 shall only use	the identity of the UE unde	r test for those	TTI intended f	or the UE.		

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB	
4	PA3	-6	114	398	
I		-3	223	457	
2	PB3	-6	43	196	
2	PD3	-3	167	292	
3	VA30	-6	40	199	
3		-3	170	305	
* Note: The r	eference value R is	for the Fixed Reference Ch	annel (FRC) H-Set 4		

Table 9.2.3.8: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Table 9.2.3.9: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 \ \mathbf{dB}$	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 dB
4	PA3	-6	177	599
I		-3	338	687
2	PB3	-6	75	299
2		-3	260	452
3	VA30	-6	71	306
3		-3	258	458
* Note: The	reference value l	R is for the Fixed Reference	e Channel (FRC) H-Set 5	

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.2.3.1, 9.2.3.2 and 9.2.3.3.

9.2.3.3 Test purpose

To verify the ability of the receiver to receive a predefined test signal, representing a multi-path fading channel with information bit throughput R not falling bellow a specified value. The test stresses the multi-code reception and channel decoding with incremental redundancy.

9.2.3.4 Method of test

9.2.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect the SS (Note: This is the Node B Emulator) and fader and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.19.
- 2. Set the test parameters for tests as specified in table"s 9.2.3.11, 9.2.3.13 and 9.2.3.15 and levels as specified in table"s 9.2.3.12, 9.2.3.14, 9.2.3.16 and 9.2.3.17. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.3.

Table 9.2.3.10: Specific Message Contents for closed loop transmit diversity mode

SYSTEM INFORMATION BLOCK TYPE5

Information Element	Value/remark
PRACH system information list	
- AICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Secondary CCPCH system information	
- PICH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
- Secondary CCPCH info	
- STTD Indicator	TRUE
Primary CCPCH info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity indicator	TRUE

RRC CONNECTION SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

RADIO BEARER SETUP for Closed loop mode1

Information Element	Value/remark
Downlink information common for all radio links	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TX Diversity Mode	Closed loop mode1
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
 Closed loop timing adjustment mode 	1

9.2.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Set up a HSDPA connection according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3] with levels according to table E.5.0.
- 2. Once the HSDPA connection is setup, change levels according to Tables E.5.6 to E.5.9 and start transmitting HSDPA Data.
- 3. The information bit data shall be pseudo random and not repeated before 10 different information bit payload blocks are processed. (e.g. Fixed reference Channel Definition H-set 1 (16 QAM): The information bit payload block is 4664 bits long. Hence the PRBS must be at least 4664 * 10 bits long [27].)
- 4. As the uplink is error free, the feedback error ratio is generated by the SS internally as follows: 4% of the feedback bits, received by the SS on the uplink, shall be inverted prior to being processed. The inverted bits shall occur at random, e.g controled by a random generator
- 5 Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.3 tables F.6.3.5.4.1, F.6.3.5.4.2, F.6.3.5.4.3 and F.6.3.5.4.4. ACK is counted as a pass. NACK and statDTX are counted as a failure.

9.2.3.5 Test Requirements

Tables 9.2.3.11 to 9.2.3.17 define the primary level settings including test tolerance and test parameters for all relevant throughput tests. The pass / fail decision for throughput is done according to Annex F.6.3.

Tables E.5.6 to E.5.8 define the secondary and subsequently ranked level settings including test tolerance. As those level settings are not uniform for the throughput tests in this clause, Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Note that the levels in tables E.5.6 to E.5.8, when applied in this subclause (closed loop transmit diversity) are equal to the sum of the levels at both antennas. They are equally divided between both antennas according to Table E.5.3: column Note.

 Table 9.2.3.11: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0	
$(\tau_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	0		
Redundancy and				
constellation version coding		{0,2,5,6}		
sequence				
Maximum number of HARQ			4	
transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio	%	4		
Closed loop timing			1	
adjustment mode			ļ	

Table 9.2.3.12: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *			
		E_c / I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB			
4	PA3	-5.9	118	399			
I	PAS	-2.9	225	458			
2	PB3	-5.9	50	199			
	PB3	-2.9	173	301			
0	VA30	-5.9	47	204			
3		-2.9	172	305			
* Notes:	1) The reference	value R is for the Fixed Re	ference Channel (FRC) H-	Set 1			
	 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integers) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are 						

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference			P-CPICH	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset	Chip		0	
(T _{DPCH,n})	Chip	0		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Feedback Error Ratio	%	4		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1	

Table 9.2.3.13: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Table 9.2.3.14 Test requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation Conditions	Reference value			
Number		HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *		
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB		
1	PA3	-5.9	361		
1		-2.9	500		
2	PB3	-5.9	74		
2		-2.9	255		
3	VA30	-5.9	84		
3		-2.9	254		
* Notes:	tes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1				
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R					
should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in					
kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)					
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R					
should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in					
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)				

Table 9.2.3.15: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
DPCH frame offset			-	
$(au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip	0		
Redundancy and		{0,2,5,6}		
constellation version				
coding sequence				
Maximum number of		4		
HARQ transmission				
Feedback Error Ratio	%	4		
Closed loop timing		1		
adjustment mode			I	

Test	Propagation Conditions	Reference value			
Number		HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	114	398	
		-2.9	223	457	
2	PB3	-5.9	43	196	
		-2.9	167	292	
3	VA30	-5.9	40	199	
		-2.9	170	305	
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4					

Table 9.2.3.16: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Table 9.2.3.17: Test requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation Conditions	Reference value			
Number		HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 dB	T-put <i>R</i> (kbps) * \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10.8 dB	
1	PA3	-5.9	177	599	
		-2.9	338	687	
2	PB3	-5.9	75	299	
		-2.9	260	452	
3	VA30 -	-5.9	71	306	
		-2.9	258	458	
* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5					

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause F.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause F.4

9.3 Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator

9.3.1 AWGN Propagation Conditions – Single link

9.3.1.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The UE shall be tested only according to the data rate, supported.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.3.1.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.1the reported CQI value shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}	dB	0	5	10	
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH			
HS-PDSCH E _c / I _{or}	dB	-3			
HS-SCCH_1 E_c / I_{or}	dB	-10			
DPCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-10			
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1			
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1			
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2			
CQI repetition factor	-	1			
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub- frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.			
Note1: Measurement p in [8].	Measurement power offset ' Γ ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined				
Note2: TF for HS-PDS based on media channel param described in TS	TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214 HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ				
described in TS Note 4: For any given t	described in TS 25.214. For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.				

Table 9.3.1.1: Test Parameters for CQI test in AWGN – single link

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.3.1.1.

9.3.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the variance of the CQI reports when using TF based on CQI 16 is within the limits defined and that a BLER of 10% falls between the TF based on Median CQI-1 and the TF based on Median CQI TF or between the TF based on Median CQI+2.

9.3.1.4 Method of test

9.3.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.16.
- 2. Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks.

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9.3.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.1.1.
- 2) Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.1.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- Note: the following part of the procedure will test, if the UE reports a limited range of CQI values under the predefined channel conditions.
- 3) The SS shall send TF according to CQI value 16 and keep it regardless of the CQI value sent by the UE. For any HSDPA block transmitted by the SS, record the received CQI value. Continue transmission of the HS-PDSCH and CQI collection until [2000] reports have been gathered.
- Set up a relative frequency distribution for the CQI-values, reported. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) If [1800] or more of the CQI values are in the range (Median CQI 2) \leq Median CQI \leq (Median CQI + 2) then continue with step 6), otherwise fail the UE.
- Note: the following part of the procedure will test, if BLER versus CQI has the correct sense.
- 6) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react on the UE's CQI reports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK and statDTX up to [1000] times

If the ratio (NACK + statDTX / ACK + NACK + statDTX) < 0.1 then goto step 7), otherwise goto step 8)

7) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI+2 value and shall not react on the UE"s CQIreports. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK or statDTX up to [1000] times

If the ratio (NACK + statDTX /ACK + NACK + statDTX) ≥ 0.1

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE

- 8) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI-1 value and shall not react on the UE"s CQI value. For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK statDTX up to [1000] times
- If the ratio (NACK + statDTX / ACK + NACK + statDTX) < 0.1

then pass the UE, otherwise fail the UE.

Note: The statistical selectivity based on [1000] samples is not sufficient to distinguish between BLER < 0.1 and > 0.1. However, it is assumed that the difference between

[true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI + 2)] and [true BLER on Median CQI - true BLER on (Median CQI - 1)]

is large enough to exceed the statistical uncertainty and hence the measurement can indicate the correct sense of BLER.

9) Repeat the same procedure (steps 3 to 8) with test conditions according to the table 9.3.1.1 for Test 2 and Test 3.

9.3.1.5 Test Requirements

The pass fail decision as specified in the test procedure in 9.3.1.4.2.

No test tolerance is applied to the test parameters.

9.3.2 Fading Propagation Conditions – Single link

9.3.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

In calculating BLER for an HARQ process, if an odd number of consecutive statDTXs are reported, the corresponding packets and one subsequent packet shall be discarded from BLER calculation. If an even number of consecutive statDTXs are reported, only the corresponding packets shall be discarded from BLER calculation.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 5 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 1 to 6, 11 and 12.

The requirements and this test apply for Release 6 and later releases to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that support HSDPA UE capability categories 7 and 8.

UE capability categories 9 and 10 are FFS.

9.3.2.2 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table E.5.1, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.3.2.2.. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
HS-PDSCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-8	-4
\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc}	dB	0	5
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH
HS-SCCH_1 E_c/I_{or}	dB	-8	.5
DPCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-(6
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1	
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1	I
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	2
CQI repetition factor	-	1	
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the s sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signallir pattern shall be 'XOOXOO where 'X' indicates TTI in which HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of UE under test, and 'O' indicates T which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.		CCH-1 signalling 'XOOXOO', s TTI in which the the identity of the 'O' indicates TTI in SCCH-1 uses a
Propagation Channel	annel Case 8		se 8
Note1: Measurement power offset 'Γ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]			
TF based on me configured acco	TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI maping table described in TS25.214		
Δ described in T	Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.		
	transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS- be transmitted continuously with constant power.		

Table 9.3.2.1: Test	Parameters fo	r CQI test in	fading – single link
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Reported CQI	Maximum BLER	
Reported Col	Test 1	Test2
CQI median	60%	60%
CQI median + 3	15%	15%

 Table 9.3.2.2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading – single link

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clauses 9.3.2.1.

9.3.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that when using the TF based on the Median CQI that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI is $\leq 60\%$ and that the BLER for blocks associated with CQI reports of Median CQI+3 is $\leq 15\%$.

- 9.3.2.4 Method of test
- 9.3.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1) Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.16.
- 2) Set Ack/Nack handling at the SS such that regardless of the response from the UE (Ack, Nack or DTX) new data is sent each time, this is because HARQ transmissions are set to one, i.e. no re-transmission of failed blocks.

9.3.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set up an HSDPA call according to TS 34.108 [3] clause 7.3.6.3. Set test conditions according to test 1 according table 9.3.2.1. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.1.
- 2) For an HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record the equivalent CQI value. SS shall not react to the UE's reported CQI value, but only record the reported CQI value.
- 3) Repeat step 2 up to [2000] times.
- Set up a relative frequency distribution for the reported CQI values. Calculate the median value (Median CQI is the CQI that is at or crosses 50% distribution from the lower CQI side). This CQI-value is declared as Median CQI value,
- 5) The SS shall transmit the TF according to the median-CQI value and shall not react to the UE"s reported CQI value.
- 6) Measure BLER as described below. Continue measuring BLER until [1000] events (ACK or NACK discarded DTXs not included) has occurred for each R1 and R2.

In the test there are two BLER requirements to be tested:

- R1: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI $BLER \le 60\%$
- R2: HSDPA block with corresponding reported CQI = Median CQI + 3 $BLER \le 15\%$

For any HSDPA block, transmitted by the SS, record ACK, NACK or statDTX and the corresponding CQI report. These values are combined to obtain the BLER (Figure 9.3.2.1).

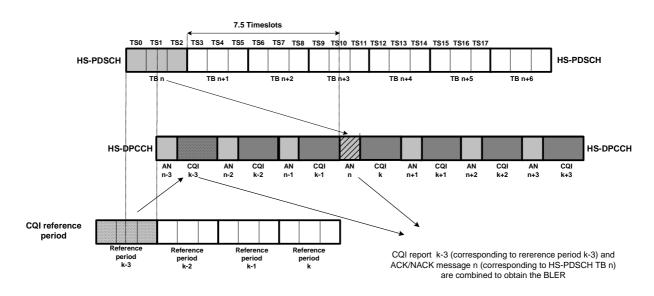


Figure 9.3.2.1 Combination of ACK/NACK message and the CQI report for BLER calculation

For each set of events R1 and R2 the BLER = (NACK + statDTX) / (ACK + NACK + statDTX)

In calculating BLER, for an HARQ process, if an odd number of consecutive DTXs are reported, the corresponding packets and one subsequent packet shall be discarded from BLER calculation. If an even number of consecutive DTXs are reported, only the corresponding packets shall be discarded from BLER calculation

Repeat the same procedure with test conditions according to the test 2 of table 9.3.2.1.

9.3.2.5 Test Requirements

The measured BLER shall not exceed values specified in tables 9.3.2.2 and 9.3.2.4.

No test tolerance is applied to the test parameters.

HS-SCCH Detection Performance

9.4.1 Definition and applicability

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event E_m , which is declared when the UE is signalled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event E_m is denoted $P(E_m)$.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for FDD UE that support HSDPA.

9.4.2 Minimum requirements - single link

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2, for each value of HS-SCCH-1 E_c/I_{or} specified in Table 9.4.3 the measured $P(E_m)$ shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of $P(E_m)$.

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
I _{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH E_c / I_{or} (*)	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity		HS-SCC	H-1: 101010101	0101010
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$			rd TTI only, UE	
			ed solely via HS-	
			H-2: 000100101	
			H-3: 000110101	
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010		
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF corresponding to CQI1		
HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern		The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted		
		continuously with constant power.		
HS-PDSCH transmission pattern		The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted		
		continuously with constant power.		
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling		
		pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X'		
		indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses		
		the identity of the UE under test, and 'O'		
		indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses		
		a different UE	identity.	

Table 9.4.2: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Table 9.4.3: Test requirement for HS-SCCH detection - single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 E_c/I_{or} (dB)	\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-9	0	0.05
2	PA3	-9.9	5	0.01
3	VA30	-10	0	0.01

The reference for this requirement is TS 25.101 [1] clause 9.4.1.

9.4.2.1 Test purpose

To verify that $P(E_m)$ does not exceed the limit in table 9.4.3.

9.4.2.2 Method of test

9.4.2.2.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see clauses G.2.1 and G.2.2.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see clause G.2.4.

- 1. Connect SS, multipath fading simulator and an AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connector as shown in figure A.16.
- 2. Set the test parameters for test 1-3 as specified in table 9.4.4 and 9.4.5. Setup fading simulators as fading condition, which are described in table D.2.2.1A. The configuration of the downlink channels is defined in table E.5.4.

9.4.2.2.2 Procedure

1. The UE is switched on.

- 2. An RRC connection is set-up according to the generic HSDPA set-up procedure specified in TS 34.108 [3].
- 3. Count the number of NACK, ACK and statDTX on the UL HS-DPCCH during the test interval and decide pass or fail according to Annex F.6.1 and table F.6.1.8. NACK and ACK are counted as a pass and statDTX is counted as a failure.

9.4.2.3 Test Requirements

The probability of event $E_{\rm m}$ denoted as $P(E_{\rm m})$ (test procedure step 3) shall not exceed the specified value in table 9.4.3.

No test tolerance is applied to the test parameters.

Annex A (informative): Connection Diagrams

Definition of Terms

System Simulator or SS – A device or system, that is capable of generating simulated Node B signalling and analysing UE signalling responses on one or more RF channels, in order to create the required test environment for the UE under test. It will also include the following capabilities:

- 1. Measurement and control of the UE Tx output power through TPC commands
- 2. Measurement of Rx BLER and BER
- 3. Measurement of signalling timing and delays
- 4. Ability to simulate UTRAN and/or GERAN signalling

Test System – A combination of devices brought together into a system for the purpose of making one or more measurements on a UE in accordance with the test case requirements. A test system may include one or more System Simulators if additional signalling is required for the test case. The following diagrams are all examples of Test Systems.

Note: The above terms are logical definitions to be used to describe the test methods used in this document (TS34.121), in practice, real devices called 'System Simulators' may also include additional measurement capabilities or may only support those features required for the test cases they are designed to perform.

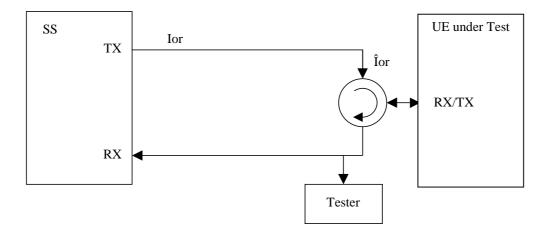
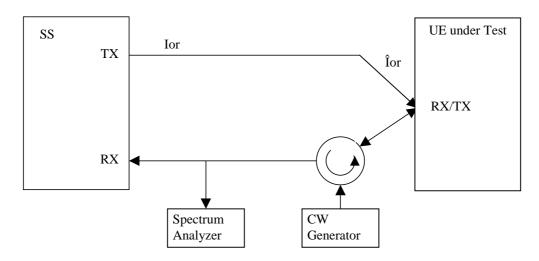
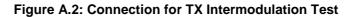


Figure A.1: Connection for Basic TX Test





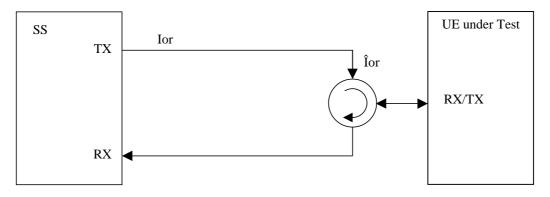


Figure A.3: Connection for Basic RX Test

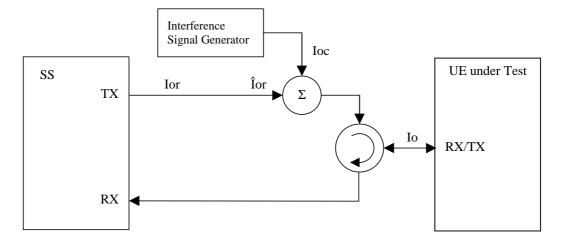


Figure A.4: Connection for RX Test with Interference

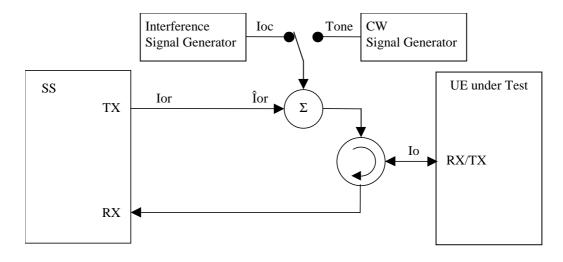


Figure A.5: Connection for RX Test with Interference or additional CW

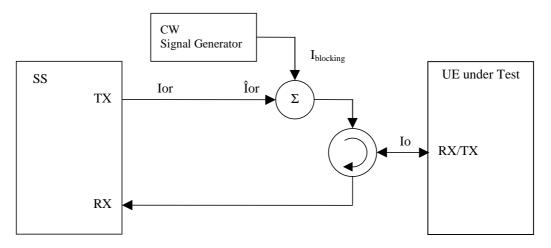


Figure A.6: Connection for RX Test with additional CW

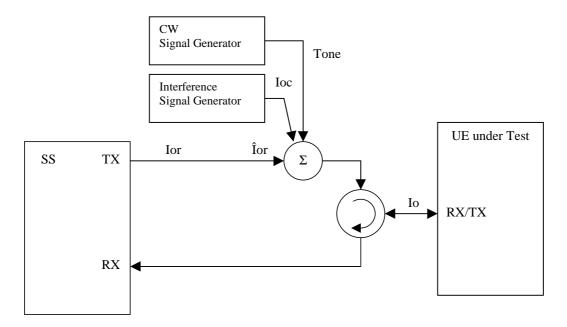
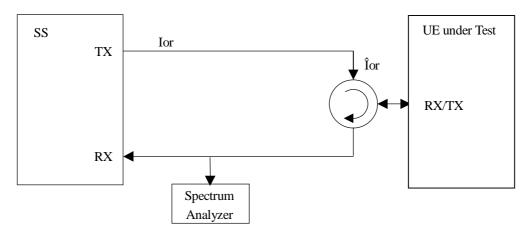
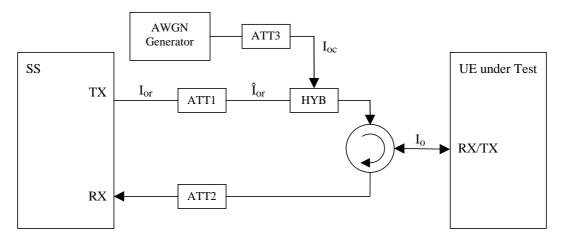


Figure A.7: Connection for RX Test with both Interference and additional CW







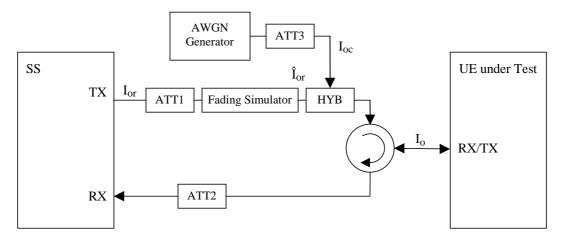


Figure A.9: Connection for Static Propagation Test



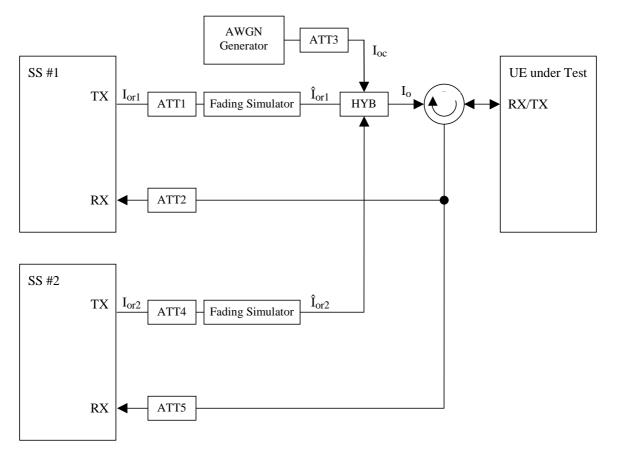


Figure A.11: Connection for Inter-Cell Soft Handover Test

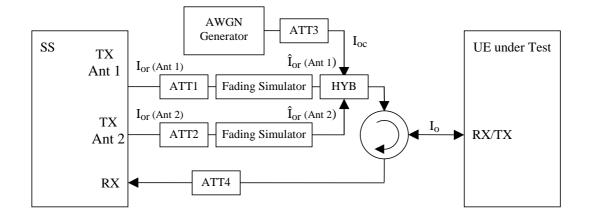


Figure A.12: Connection for Demodulation of DCH in open and closed loop transmit diversity modes

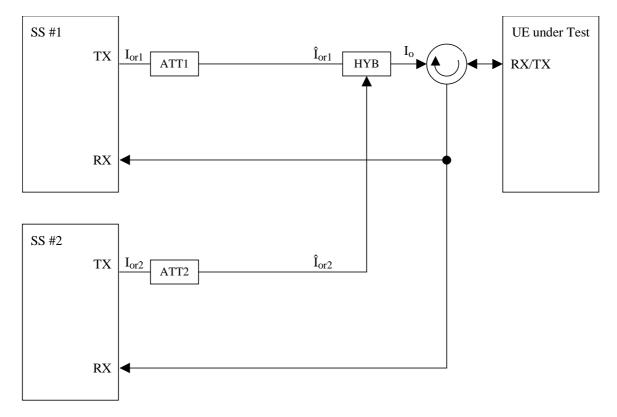


Figure A.13: Connection for Combining of TPC commands in Soft Handover Test 1

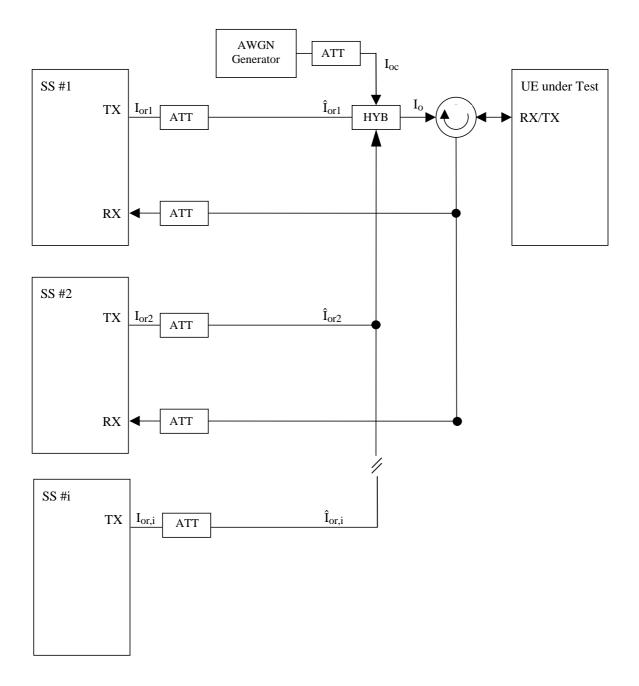


Figure A.14: Connection for cell reselection single carrier multi cell

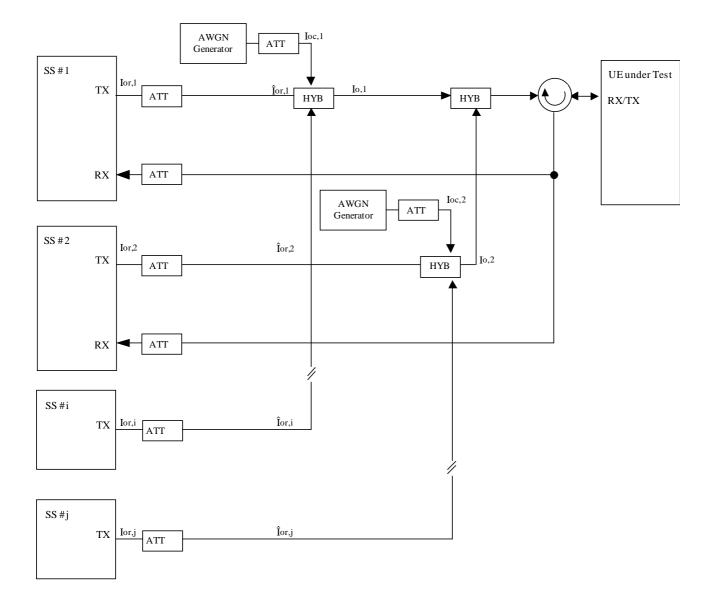


Figure A.15: Connection for cell reselection multi carrier multi cell

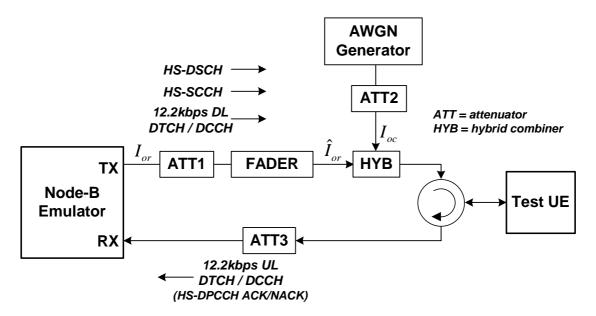


Figure A.16: Connection setup for HSDPA fixed reference channel

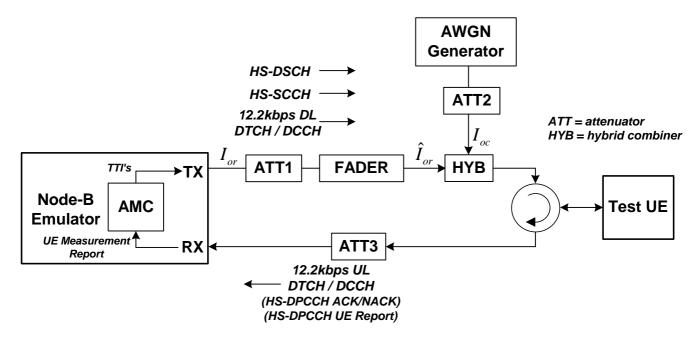


Figure A.17: Connection setup for HSDPA fixed reference channel with AMC

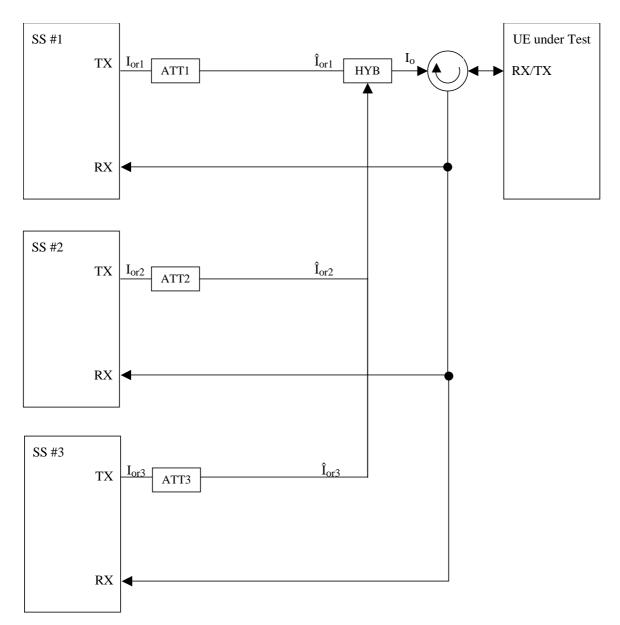
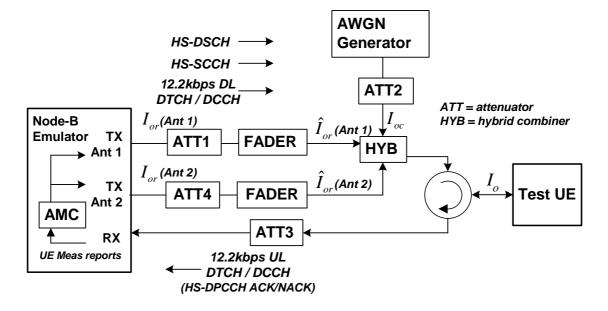


Figure A.18: Connection for Combining of reliable TPC commands in Soft Handover Test 1



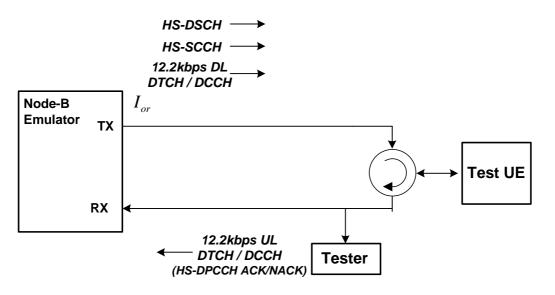


Figure A.19: Connection setup for HSDPA open and closed loop diversity

Figure A.20: Connection for Basic HSDPA TX Test

Annex B (normative): Global In-Channel TX-Test

B.1 General

The global in-channel Tx test enables the measurement of all relevant parameters that describe the in-channel quality of the output signal of the Tx under test in a single measurement process.

The parameters describing the in-channel quality of a transmitter, however, are not necessarily independent. The algorithm chosen for description inside this annex places particular emphasis on the exclusion of all interdependencies among the parameters. Any other algorithm (e.g. having better computational efficiency) may be applied, as long as the results are the same within the acceptable uncertainty of the test system as defined in annex F.

All notes referred in the various clauses of B.2 are put together in B.3.

B.2 Definition of the process

B.2.1 Basic principle

The process is based on the comparison of the actual **output signal of the TX under test**, received by an ideal receiver, with a **reference signal**, that is generated by the measuring equipment and represents an ideal error free received signal. The reference signal shall be composed of the same number of codes at the correct spreading factors as contained in the test signal. Note, for simplification, the notation below assumes only codes of one spreading factor although the algorithm is valid for signals containing multiple spreading factors. All signals are represented as equivalent (generally complex) baseband signals.

B.2.2 Output signal of the TX under test

The output signal of the TX under test is acquired by the measuring equipment, filtered by a matched filter (RRC 0.22, correct in shape and in position on the frequency axis) and stored for further processing.

The following form represents the physical signal in the entire measurement interval:

one vector \mathbf{Z} , containing N = ns x sf complex samples;

with

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval;

sf: number of chips per symbol. (sf: spreading factor) (see Note: Symbol length)

B.2.3 Reference signal

The reference signal is constructed by the measuring equipment according to the relevant TX specifications.

It is filtered by the same matched filter, mentioned in clause B.2.2., and stored at the Inter-Symbol-Interference free instants. The following form represents the reference signal in the entire measurement interval:

- one vector **R**, containing N = ns x sf complex samples;
- ns, sf: see clause B.2.2.

B.2.4 void

B.2.5 Classification of measurement results

The measurement results achieved by the global in-channel TX test can be classified into two types:

- Results of type "deviation", where the error-free parameter has a non-zero magnitude. (These are the parameters that quantify the integral physical characteristic of the signal). These parameters are:

RF Frequency;	
Power	(in case of single code);
Code Domain Power	(in case of multi code);
Timing	

(Additional parameters: see Note: Deviation).

- Results of type "residual", where the error-free parameter has value zero. (These are the parameters that quantify the error values of the measured signal, whose ideal magnitude is zero). These parameters are:

Error Vector Magnitude (EVM);

Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE).

(Additional parameters: see Note Residual)

B.2.6 Process definition to achieve results of type "deviation"

The reference signal (\mathbf{R} ; see clause B.2.3) and the signal under Test (Z; see subclause B.2.2) are varied with respect to the parameters mentioned in clause B.2.5 under "results of type deviation" in order to achieve best fit. Best fit is achieved when the RMS difference value between the varied signal under test and the varied reference signal is an absolute minimum.

Overview:

 $FCT \left[Z\left(\tilde{f}, \tilde{t}, \tilde{\varphi}, g_1, g_2, ..., g_{synch}\right) - R\left(f, t, \varphi, \tilde{g}_1, \tilde{g}_2, ..., \tilde{g}_{synch}\right) \right] = Minimum !$

Z: Signal under test.

R: Reference signal,

with frequency f, the timing t, the phase φ , gain of code1 (g₁), gain of code2 (g₂) etc, and the gain of the synch channel g_{synch} See Note: Power Step.

The parameters marked with a tilde in Z and R are varied in order to achieve a best fit.

Detailed formula: see Note: Formula for the minimum process.

The varied reference signal, after the best fit process, will be called R'.

The varied signal under test, after the best fit process, will be called Z'.

The varying parameters, leading to **R' and Z'** represent directly the wanted results of type "deviation". These measurement parameters are expressed as deviation from the reference value with units same as the reference value.

In case of multi code, the type-"deviation"-parameters (frequency, timing and (RF-phase)) are varied commonly for all codes such that the process returns one frequency-deviation, one timing deviation, (one RF-phase –deviation).

(These parameters are <u>not</u> varied on the individual codes signals such that the process would return kr frequency errors... (kr: number of codes in the reference signal)).

The only type-"deviation"-parameters varied individually are the code domain gain factors (g1, g2, ...).

B.2.6.1 Decision Point Power

The mean-square value of the signal-under-test, sampled at the best estimate of the of Intersymbol-Interference-free points using the process defined in subclause 2.5, is referred to the *Decision Point Power* (DPP):

$$DPP = mean(|Z|^2)$$

B.2.6.2 Code-Domain Power

The samples, Z', are separated into symbol intervals to create ns time-sequential vectors \mathbf{z} with sf complex samples comprising one symbol interval. The *Code Domain Power* is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the vectors **z** defined above.
- 2) To achieve meaningful results it is necessary to descramble z, leading to z' (see Note1: Scrambling code)
- 3) Take the orthogonal vectors of the channelization code set C (all codes belonging to one spreading factor) as defined in TS 25.213 and TS 25.223 (range +1, -1), and normalize by the norm of the vectors to produce Cnorm=C/sqrt(sf). (see Note: Symbol length)
- 4) Calculate the inner product of z' with Cnorm. Do this for all symbols of the measurement interval and for all codes in the code space.
 This gives an array of format k x ns, each value representing a specific symbol and a specific code, which can be exploited in a variety of ways.

k: total number of codes in the code space

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval

- Calculate k mean-square values, each mean-square value unifying ns symbols within one code. (These values can be called "*Absolute CodeDomainPower* (CDP)" [Volt²].) The sum of the k values of CDP is equal to DPP.
- 6) Normalize by the decision point power to obtain

 $Relative \ CodeDomain Power = \frac{Absolute \ CodeDomainPower}{DecisionPointPower}$

B.2.7 Process definition to achieve results of type "residual"

The difference between the varied reference signal (\mathbf{R} '; see clause B.2.6.) and the varied TX signal under test (\mathbf{Z} '; see clause B.2.6) is the error vector \mathbf{E} versus time:

 $- \mathbf{E} = \mathbf{Z} - \mathbf{R'}.$

Depending on the parameter to be evaluated, it is appropriate to represent E in one of the following two different forms:

Form EVM (representing the physical error signal in the entire measurement interval)

One vector **E**, containing N = ns x sf complex samples;

ns, sf: see B.2.2

Form PCDE (derived from Form EVM by separating the samples into symbol intervals)

ns time-sequential vectors e with sf complex samples comprising one symbol interval.

E gives results of type "residual" applying the two algorithms defined in clauses B 2.7.1 and B 2.7.2.

B.2.7.1 Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)

The Error Vector Magnitude EVM is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the error vector **E** defined in clause B.2.7 (Form EVM) and calculate the RMS value of **E**; the result will be called RMS(**E**).
- 2) Take the varied reference vector **R'** defined in clause B.2.6 and calculate the RMS value of **R'**; the result will be called RMS(**R'**).
- 3) Calculate EVM according to:

 $EVM = \frac{RMS(E)}{RMS(R')} \times 100\%$ (here, EVM)

(here, EVM is relative and expressed in %)

(see Note: Formula for EVM)

B.2.7.2 Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE)

The Peak Code Domain Error is calculated according to the following steps:

- 1) Take the error vectors e defined in clause B.2.7 (Form PCDE)
- 2) To achieve meaningful results it is necessary to descramble e, leading to e' (see Note1: Scrambling code)
- 3) Take the orthogonal vectors of the channelisation code set C (all codes belonging to one spreading factor) as defined in TS 25.213 and TS 25.223 (range +1, -1). (see Note: Symbol length) and normalize by the norm of the vectors to produce Cnorm= C/sqrt(sf). (see Note: Symbol length)
- 4) Calculate the inner product of **e'** with **Cnorm**. Do this for all symbols of the measurement interval and for all codes in the code space.

This gives an array of format k x ns, each value representing an error-vector representing a specific symbol and a specific code, which can be exploited in a variety of ways.

k: total number of codes in the code space

ns: number of symbols in the measurement interval

- 5) Calculate k RMS values, each RMS value unifying ns symbols within one code. (These values can be called "*Absolute CodeEVMs*" [Volt].)
- 6) Find the peak value among the k "*Absolute CodeEVMs*". (This value can be called "*Absolute PeakCodeEVM*" [Volt].)
- 7) Calculate PCDE according to:

("Absolute PeakCodeEVM")²

10*lg -----

dB

(a relative value in dB).

 $(RMS(\mathbf{R'}))^2$

(see Note2: Scrambling code)

(see Note IQ)

B.3 Notes

Note: Symbol length)

A general code multiplexed signal is multicode and multirate. In order to avoid unnecessary complexity, the measurement applications use a unique symbol-length, corresponding to a spreading factor, regardless of the really intended spreading factor. Nevertheless the complexity with a multicode / multirate signal can be mastered by introducing appropriate definitions.

Note: Deviation)

It is conceivable to regard more parameters as type ,,deviation" e.g. Chip frequency and RF-phase.

As chip-frequency and RF-frequency are linked together by a statement in the core specifications [1] it is sufficient to process RF frequency only.

A parameter RF-phase must be varied within the best fit process (B 2.6.). Although necessary, this parametervariation doesn't describe any error, as the modulation schemes used in the system don't depend on an absolute RF-phase.

Note: Residual)

It is conceivable to regard more parameters as type "residual" e.g. IQ origin offset. As it is not the intention of the test to separate for different error sources, but to quantify the quality of the signal, all such parameters are not extracted by the best fit process, instead remain part of EVM and PCDE.

Note 1: Scrambling Code)

In general a TX signal under test can use more than one scrambling code. Note that PCDE is processed regarding the unused channelisation - codes as well. In order to know which scrambling code shall be applied on unused channelisation -codes, it is necessary to restrict the test conditions: TX signal under test shall use exactly one scrambling code.

Note 2: Scrambling Code)

To interpret the measurement results in practice it should be kept in mind that erroneous code power on unused codes is generally de-scrambled differently under test conditions and under real life conditions, whereas erroneous code power on used codes is generally de-scrambled equally under test conditions and under real life conditions. It might be indicated if a used or unused code hits PCDE.

Note IQ)

As in FDD/uplink each code can be used twice, on the I and on the Q channel, the measurement result may indicate separate values of CDP or PCDE for I and Q on which channel (I or Q) they occur.

Note: Fomula for the minimum process

$$L\left(\Delta \tilde{f},\Delta \tilde{t},\Delta \tilde{\varphi},\Delta \tilde{g}_{c},\ldots\right) = \sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} \left| Z\left(\nu\right) - R\left(\nu\right) \right|^{2}$$

Legend:

L : the function to be minimised

The parameters to be varied in order to minimize are:

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$: the RF frequency offset

 $\Delta \tilde{t}$: the timing offset

 $\Delta \widetilde{\varphi}$: the phase offset

 $\Delta \tilde{g}_{c}$... code power offsets (one offset for each code)

Z(v): Samples of the signal under Test

R(v): Samples of the reference signal

 $\sum_{\nu = 0}^{N^{-1}}$: counting index ν starting at the beginning of the measurement interval and ending at its end.

N = No of chips during the measurement interval.

Z(v): Samples of the signal under Test. It is modelled as a sequence of complex baseband samples $Z(\gamma)$ with a time-shift Δt , a frequency offset Δf , a phase offset $\Delta \phi$, the latter three with respect to the reference signal.

$$Z(\nu) = Z(\nu - \Delta \tilde{t}) * e^{-j2\pi\Delta f\nu} * e^{-j\Delta\tilde{\varphi}}$$

R(v): Samples of the reference signal:

$$R(v) = \sum_{c=1}^{No.of} (g_c + \Delta \tilde{g}_c) * Chip_c(v)$$

g : nominal gain of the code channel

 $\Delta \widetilde{g}$: The gain offset to be varied in the minimum process

Chip(v) is the chipsequence of the code channel

Indices at g, Δg and Chip:

The index indicates the code channel: c = 1, 2, ... No of code channels

Range for Chip_c: +1,-1

Note: Formula for EVM

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |Z'(\gamma) - R'(\gamma)|^2}{\sum_{\nu=0}^{N-1} |R'(\gamma)|^2}} * 100 \%$$

 $Z^{\prime}(\gamma),\,R^{\prime}(\gamma)$ are the varied measured and reference signals.

Annex C (normative): Measurement channels

C.1 General

The measurement channels in this annex are defined to derive the requirements in clauses 5, 6 and 7. The measurement channels represent example configuration of radio access bearers for different data rates.

The measurement channel for 12,2 kbps shall be supported by any UE both in up- and downlink. Support for other measurement channels is depending on the UE Radio Access capabilities.

C.2 UL reference measurement channel

C.2.1 UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12,2 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.1.1, table C 2.1.2, table C 2.1.3 and table C.2.1.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.1.

Table C.2.1.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12,2 kbps)

Parameter	Level	Unit	
Information bit rate	12,2	kbps	
DPDCH	60	kbps	
DPCCH	15	kbps	
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-	
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-5,46	dB	
TFCI	On	-	
Repetition	23 %		
NOTE: Slot Format #2 is used for closed loop tests in clause 7.6.2. Slot Format #2 and #5 are used for site selection diversity transmission tests in subclause 7.6.3.			

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	244	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*244	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	402	90
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.1.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Table C.2.1.3: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2	kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

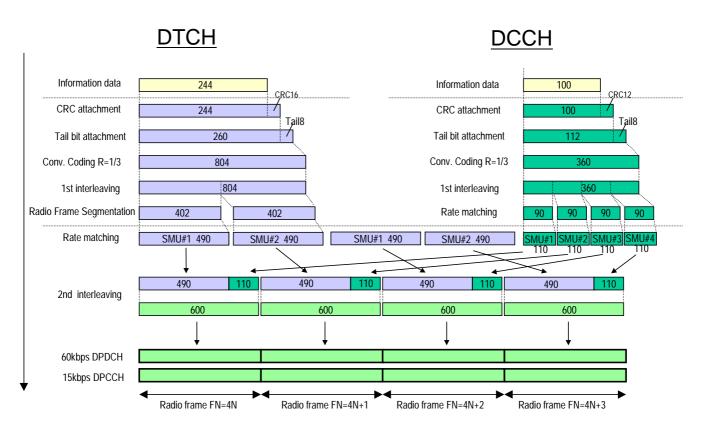


Figure C.2.1 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

C.2.2 UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the 64 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.2.1, table C.2.2.2, table C.2.2.3 and table C.2.2.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.2.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	64	kbps
DPDCH	240	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH	-9,54	dB
TFCI	On	-
Repetition	18	%

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1280	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	1950	90
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.2.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Table C.2.2.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB		RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	1264	88/80
	Max data ı	rate, bps	63200	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
-	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, bit		1280	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		3900	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	1950	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.2.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

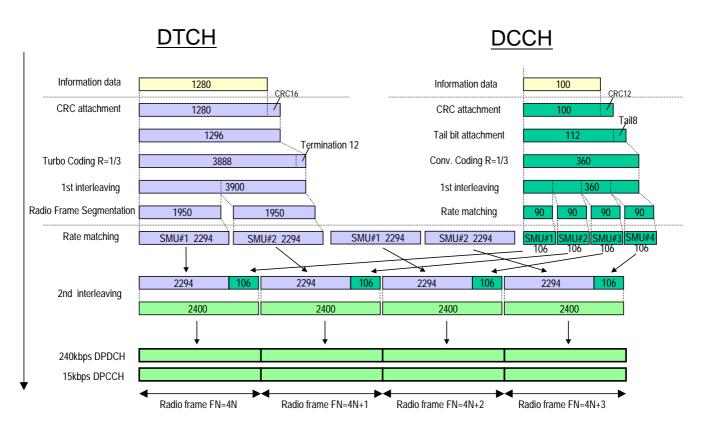


Figure C.2.2 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

C.2.3 UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the 144 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.3.1, table C.2.3.2, table C.2.3.3 and table C.2.3.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.3.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	144	kbps
DPDCH	480	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11,48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Repetition	8	%

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer			
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	TM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2880	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	144000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	4350	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.3.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Table C.2.3.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical cha	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	2864	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	143200	2200/2000
	PDU head		16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	eader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, bit		2880	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		8700	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	4350	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.3.4: UL reference measurement channel, TI	FCS (144 kbps)
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TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

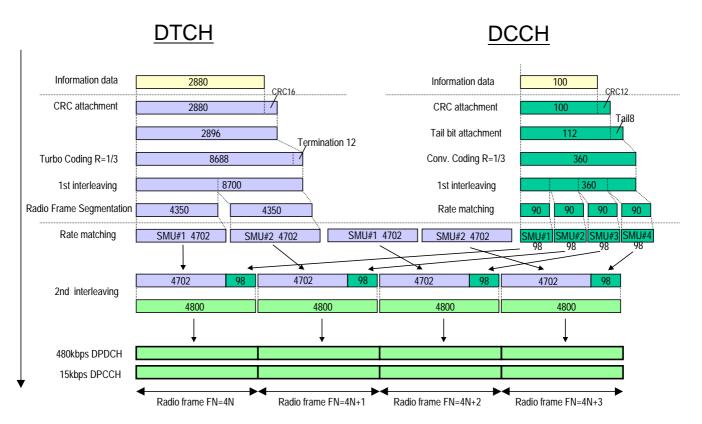


Figure C.2.3 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

C.2.4 UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the 384 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.2.4.1, table C.2.4.2, table C.2.4.3 and table C.2.4.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure C.2.4.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	384	kbps
DPDCH	960	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11,48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing	18	%

Table C.2.4.1: UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3840	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	384000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	11580	90
	RM attribute	256	256

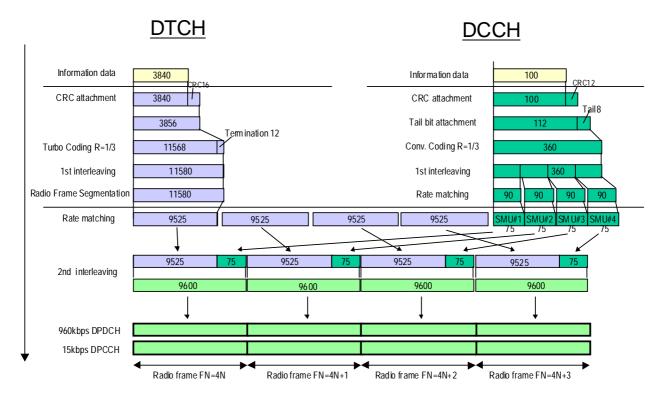
Table C.2.4.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Table C.2.4.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	3824	88/80
	Max data ı	ate, bps	382400	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, bit		3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		11580	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before	11580	90
	RM attribu	0	256	256

Table C.2.4.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (384 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)



NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

Figure C.2.4 (informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

C.2.5 UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for 768 kbps are specified in table C.2.5.1, table C.2.5.2, table C.2.5.3 and table C.2.5.4.

Table C.2.5.1: UL reference mea	surement channel, physical	parameters (768 kbps)
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Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	2*384	kbps
DPDCH ₁	960	kbps
DPDCH ₂	960	kbps
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-11.48	dB
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing	18	%

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	7680	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	768000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	2*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	23160	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching	23160	90
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.2.5.2: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Table C.2.5.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	7664	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	766400	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing		N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, bit		3840	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
		TF1, bits	2*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding type		Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		23160	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before rate matching		23160	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.2.5.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS (768 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs except for (TF1, TF1) are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

C.3 DL reference measurement channel

C.3.1 DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12,2 kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in table C.3.1.1, table C.3.1.2, table C.3.1.3 and table C.3.1.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.1. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS34.108 clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.2	kbps
DPCH	30	ksps
Slot Format #I	11	-
TFCI	On	
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.1.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	244	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	12200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	244	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*244	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*244	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	RM attribute	256	256

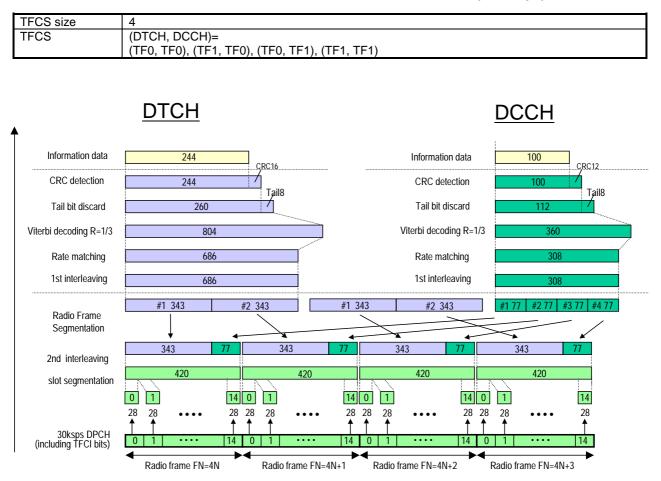


Table C.3.1.3: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (12.2 kbps)

Figure C.3.1 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (12,2 kbps)

C.3.2 DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in table C.3.2.1, table C.3.2.2, table C.3.2.3 and table C.3.2.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.2. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS34.108 clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	64	kbps
DPCH	120	ksps
Slot Format #i	13	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.2.1: DL reference measurement channel	(64	kbps	;)
			••

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
INEO	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1280	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	64000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.2.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Table C.3.2.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	1264	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	63200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	1280	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*1280	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*1280	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	3900	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.2.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (64 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

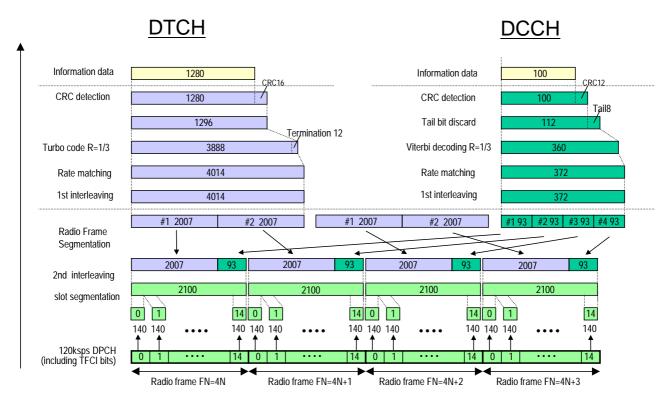


Figure C.3.2 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

C.3.3 DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 144 kbps are specified in table C.3.3.1, table C.3.3.2, table C.3.3.3 and table C.3.3.4. The channel coding is detailed in figure C.3.3. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS34.108 clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	144	kbps
DPCH	240	ksps
Slot Format #i	14	-
TFCI	On	
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.3.1: DL reference measurement	channel	(144kbps)
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Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2880	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	144000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.3.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Table C.3.3.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2864	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	143200	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	2880	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2880	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2880	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.3.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (144 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

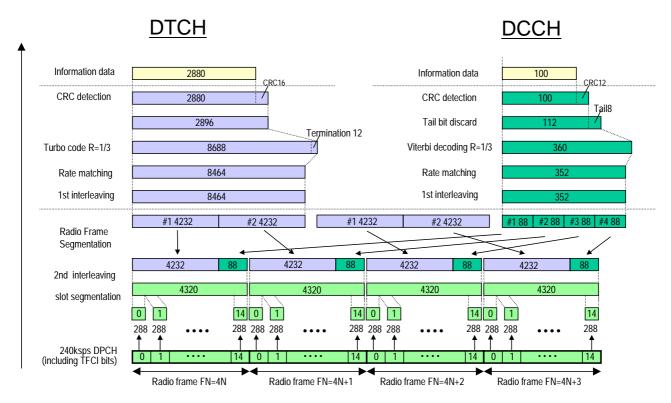


Figure C.3.3 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

C.3.4 DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 384 kbps are specified in table C.3.4.1, table C.3.4.2, table C.3.4.3 and table C.3.4.4. The channel coding is shown for information in figure C3.4. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS34.108 clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to sure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	384	kbps
DPCH	480	ksps
Slot Format #i	15	-
TFCI	On	-
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0	dB
DTX position	Fixed	-

Table C.3.4.1: DL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3840	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	384000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.4.2: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Table C.3.4.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-AM for DTCH, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	AM	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	3824	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	382400	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
-	Transport Channel Identity	6	10
	TB sizes, bit	3840	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*3840	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*3840	1*100
	TTI, ms	10	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	11580	360
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.3.4.4: DL reference measurement channel, TFCS (384 kbps)

TFCS size	4
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1)

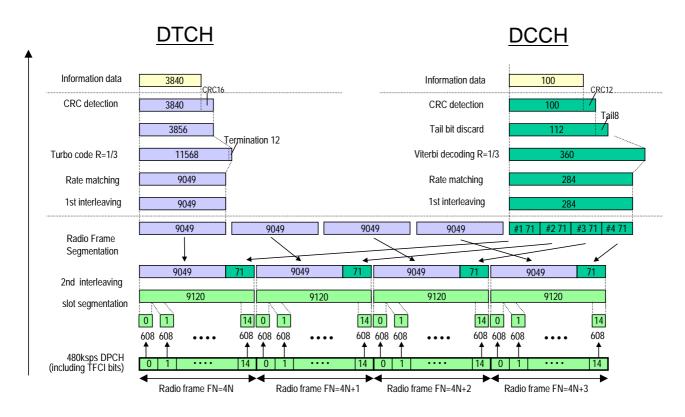


Figure C.3.4 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

C.4 Reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

C.4.1 UL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for UL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in table C.4.1.1, table C.4.1.2, table C.4.1.3 and table C.4.1.4.

Table C.4.1.1: UL reference measurement channel p	ohysical	parameters for BTFD
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Parameter	Level	Unit
Information bit rate	12.8k, 10.8k, 8.55k, 8.0k,	kbps
	7.3k, 6.5k, 5.75k, 5.35k,	
	2.55k	
DPCCH	15	kbps
DPCCH Slot Format #i	0	-
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	-5.46 (12.8k - 7.3k)	dB
	-2.69 (6.5k – 2.55k)	
TFCI	On	-
Puncturing Limit	100	%

Higher Layer	RA	B/Signalling RB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DCCH
	RLC mod	e	UM/AM
	Payload s	izes, bit	88/80
	Max data	rate, bps	2200/2000
	PDU head	ler, bit	8/16
	TrD PDU	header, bit	N/A
MAC	MAC head	der, bit	4
	MAC mult	iplexing	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH
	Transport	Channel Identity	10
	TB sizes,	bit	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*100
	TTI, ms		40
	Coding ty	pe	Convolution Coding
	Coding Ra	ate	1/3
	CRC, bit		12
	Max numb	per of bits/TTI after	360
	channel c		
		ax number of bits/radio ore rate matching	90
	RM attribu		256

Table C.4.1.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters for SRB

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	12.8k /10.8k/8.55k/8.0k/7.3k/6.5k/5.75k/5.35k/2.55k
RLC	Logical channel	DTCH
	type	
	RLC mode	ТМ
	Payload sizes, bit	256, 216, 171, 160, 146, 130, 115, 107, 51, 12
	Max data rate, bps	
	PDU header, bit	N/A
	TrD PDU header, bit	0
MAC	MAC header, bit	0
	MAC multiplexing	N/A
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1
	TB sizes, bit	256, 216, 171, 160, 146, 130, 115, 107, 51,12
	TFS TF0 bit	0x256
	TF1 bit	1x256
	TF2 bit	1x216
	TF3 bit	1x171
	TF4 bit	1x160
	TF5 bit	1x146
	TF6 bit	1x130
	TF7 bit	1x115
	TF8 bit	1x107
	TF9 bit	1x51
	TF10 bit	1x12
	TTI, ms	20
	Coding type	CC
	Coding Rate	1/3
	CRC, bit	0
	RM attribute	256

Table C.4.1.3: UL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters

Table C.4.1.4: UL reference measurement channel, TFCS

TFCS size	22
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)=
	(TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF2, TF0), (TF3, TF0), (TF4, TF0), (TF5, TF0), (TF6, TF0), (TF7, TF0),
	(TF8, TF0), (TF9, TF0), (TF10, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1), (TF2, TF1), (TF3, TF1), (TF4,
	TF1), (TF5, TF1), (TF6, TF1), (TF7, TF1), (TF8, TF1), (TF9, TF1), (TF10, TF1)

NOTE: The TFCs (TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0) and (TF0, TF1)are belonging to minimum set of TFCs.

C.4.2 DL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for DL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in table C.4.2.1, table C.4.2.2, table C.4.2.3 and table C.4.2.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figures C.4.1, C.4.2, and C.4.3. For the RLC configuration of AM DCCHs Timer_STATUS_Periodic shall not be set in RRC CONNECTION SETUP message used in test procedure for RF test as defined in TS34.108 clause 7.3. This is to prevent unexpected DCHs from being transmitted through such RLC entities when the timer has expired in order to ensure that the required TFC from the minimum set of TFCs can continuously convey a DCH for DTCH during the test.

Parameter	Rate 1	Rate 2	Rate 3	Unit	
Information bit rate	12,2	7,95	1,95	kbps	
DPCH		ksps			
Slot Format #I		-			
TFCI		-			
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3		dB			
DTX position	- Fixed				

Table C.4.2.1: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters for BTFD

Table C.4.2.2: DL reference measurement channel	transno	rt channel	narameters for SRB
Table C.T.Z.Z. DL Tererence measurement channel	, transpo		

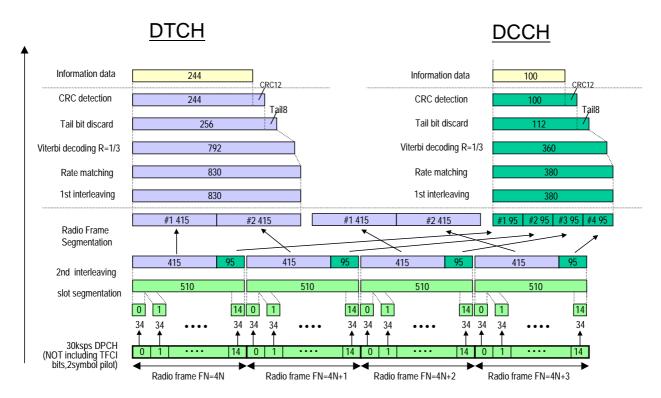
Higher Layer	R	AB/Signalling RB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DCCH
	RLC mo	de	UM/AM
	Payload	sizes, bit	88/80
	Max data	a rate, bps	2200/2000
	PDU hea	ader, bit	8/16
	TrD PDU	J header, bit	N/A
MAC	MAC he	ader, bit	4
	MAC mu	Iltiplexing	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH
	Transpo	rt Channel Identity	20
	TB sizes	, bit	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*100
	TTI, ms		40
	Coding t		Convolution Coding
	Coding F	Rate	1/3
	CRC, bit		12
	Max number of bits/TTI after		360
	channel		
		Max number of bits/radio	90
	RM attrib		256

Higher Layer	RAB/Signalling RB	12.2k/10.2k/7.95k/7.4k/6.7k/5.9k/5.15k/4.75k/1.95k
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH
	RLC mode	ТМ
	Payload sizes, bit	244, 204, 159, 148, 134, 118, 103, 95, 39
	Max data rate, bps	12200
	PDU header, bit	N/A
	TrD PDU header, bit	0
MAC	MAC header, bit	0
	MAC multiplexing	N/A
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1
	TB sizes, bit	244, 204, 159, 148, 134, 118, 103, 95, 39
	TFS	
	TF0 bit	1x244
	TF1 bit	1x204
	TF2 bit	1x159
	TF3 bit	1x148
	TF4 bit	1x134
	TF5 bit	1x118
	TF6 bit	1x103
	TF7 bit	1x95
	TF8 bit	1x39
	TTI, ms	20 CC
	Coding type	
	Coding Rate CRC, bit	<u> </u>
	RM attribute	256
L		200

Table C.4.2.3: DL reference measurement channel using RLC-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters

Table C.4.2.4: DI	. reference	measurement	channel,	TFCS
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TFCS size	18
TFCS	(DTCH, DCCH)= (TF0, TF0), (TF1, TF0), (TF2, TF0), (TF3, TF0), (TF4, TF0), (TF5, TF0), (TF6, TF0), (TF7, TF0), (TF8, TF0), (TF0, TF1), (TF1, TF1), (TF2, TF1), (TF3, TF1), (TF4, TF1), (TF5, TF1), (TF6, TF1), (TF7, TF1), (TF8, TF1)



FigureC.4.1 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 1)

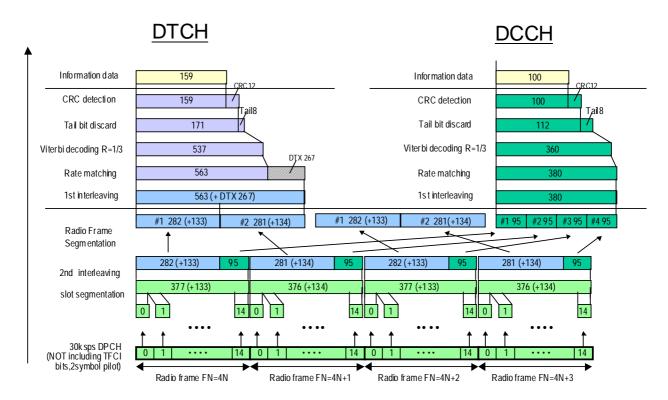


Figure C.4.2 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 2)

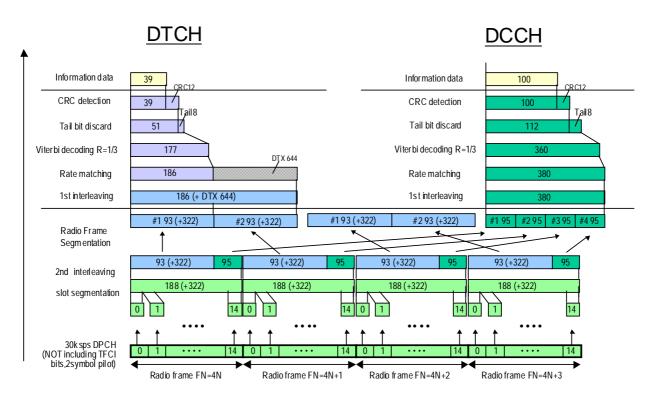


Figure C.4.3 (informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 3)

C.5 DL reference compressed mode parameters

Parameters described in table C.5.1 are used in some test specified in TS 25.101 while parameters described in table C.5.2 are used in some tests specified in TS 25.133.

Set 1 parameters in table C.5.1 are applicable when compressed mode by spreading factor reduction is used in downlink. Set 2 parameters in table C.5.1 are applicable when compressed mode by puncturing is used in downlink.

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	11	11	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	Only one gap in use.
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	4	4	
TGPL2 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	-	-	Only one pattern in use.
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible DL &UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	Puncturing	
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11A	
Scrambling code change	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	

Table C.5.1: Compressed mode reference	pattern 1 parameters
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Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	4	4	10	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	10	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	0	
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	3	12	11	
TGPL2 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	-	-	-	Only one pattern in use.
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count)	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible. DL & UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	Puncturing	
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	11A	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	

Table C.5.2: Compressed mode reference pattern 2 parameters

C.6 Auxiliary measurement channels (informative)

C.6.1 Introduction

BLER tests with (UL data rate \leq DL data rate) need special attention. This annex defines a choice of measurement channels for all UL-DL –data-rate combinations.

C.6.2 Channel combinations for BLER measurements

Table C.6.2 Measurement channels for BLER tests for UL DL data rate combinations

UL:	RMC 12.2kbit/s	RMC 64kbit/s	RMC 144kbit/s	RMC 384kbit/s
DL:				
RMC 12.2kbit/s 1)	RLC TM, TL2, (UL CRC off, see C.6.3)	RLC TM, TL2	RLC TM, TL2	RLC TM, TL2
RMC 64kbit/s	RLC AM using AUXMC, See C.6.7	RLC TM, TL2, (UL CRC off, see C.6.4)	RLC TM, TL2	RLC TM, TL2
	(ACK/NACK count)			
RMC 144kbit/s	RLC AM using AUXMC, See C.6.7 (ACK/NACK count)	RLC AM (ACK/NACK count)	RLC TM, TL2, (UL CRC off, see C.6.5)	RLC TM, TL2
RMC 384kbit/s	RLC AM using AUXMC, See C.6.7 (ACK/NACK count)	RLC AM (ACK/NACK count)	RLC AM (ACK/NACK count)	RLC TM, TL2, (UL CRC off, see C.6.6)

Note : In the red and blue area BLER is tested by ACK/NACK counting. This method can be used while being in loopback mode.

In the grey and green area BLER is tested by observing the looped back data field containing the DL Data and DL CRC closing TL2.

C.6.3 UL-CRC off for 12.2 kbit/s RMC

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer			
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	260	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	13000	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	260	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*260	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*260	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit	0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	804	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	402	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

	Table C.6.3	12.2 kbit/s RMC ((13 kbit/s RMC)
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C.6.4 UL-CRC off for 64 kbit/s RMC

Table C.6.4 64 kbit/s RMC (64.8 kbit/s RMC)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode)	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	1296	88/80
	Max data ı	rate, bps	64800	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU ł	neader, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, b	pit	1296	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*1296	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*1296	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding typ	e	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		3900	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	1950	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

C.6.5 UL-CRC off for 144 kbit/s RMC

Higher	RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
Layer			
RLC	Logical channel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode	ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload sizes, bit	2896	88/80
	Max data rate, bps	144800	2200/2000
	PDU header, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU header, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC header, bit	0	4
	MAC multiplexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type	DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity	1	5
	TB sizes, bit	2896	100
	TFS TF0, bits	0*2896	0*100
	TF1, bits	1*2896	1*100
	TTI, ms	20	40
	Coding type	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate	N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit	0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding	8700	360
	Uplink: Max number of bits/radio frame before	4350	90
	rate matching		
	RM attribute	256	256

Table C.6.5 144 kbit/s RMC (144.8 kbit/s RMC)

C.6.6 UL-CRC off for 384 kbit/s RMC

Table C.6.6 384 kbit/s RMC (385.6 kbit/s RMC)

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical channel type		DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		ТМ	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	3856	88/80
	Max data r	ate, bps	385600	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	N/A	8/16
	TrD PDU h	neader, bit	0	N/A
MAC	MAC head	er, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, bit		3856	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*3856	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*3856	1*100
	TTI, ms		10	40
	Coding typ	e	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		N/A	1/3
	CRC, bit		0	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		11580	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	11580	90
	RM attribu		256	256

C.6.7 Aux Measurement Channel for RMC 12.2 kbit/s with AM-RLC

Higher Layer		RAB/Signalling RB	RAB	SRB
RLC	Logical ch	annel type	DTCH	DCCH
	RLC mode		AM	UM/AM
	Payload si	zes, bit	224	88/80
	Max data	ate, bps	11200	2200/2000
	PDU head	er, bit	16	8/16
	TrD PDU ł	neader, bit	N/A	N/A
MAC	MAC head	ler, bit	0	4
	MAC multi	plexing	N/A	Yes
Layer 1	TrCH type		DCH	DCH
	Transport Channel Identity		1	5
	TB sizes, bit		240	100
	TFS	TF0, bits	0*240	0*100
		TF1, bits	1*240	1*100
	TTI, ms		20	40
	Coding typ	e	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
	Coding Rate		1/3	1/3
	CRC, bit		16	12
	Max number of bits/TTI after channel coding		792	360
	Uplink: Ma rate match	x number of bits/radio frame before ing	396	90
	RM attribu	te	256	256

Table C.6.7 Aux-MC with AM-RLC for low capability UEs

C.7 DL reference parameters for PCH tests

The parameters for the PCH demodulation tests are specified in table C.7.1 and table C.7.2.

Table C.7.1: Phys	sical channel p	parameters for S-CCPCH
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Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	Kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	Ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Parameter	PCH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed

 Table C.7.2: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

C.8 DL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

C.8.1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)

C.8.1.1 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1

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	Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	
1	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534	777	
1	nter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	3	3	
1	Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	2	2	
1	nformation Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202	4664	
1	Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1	
E	Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680	
1	Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	19200	19200	
1	Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600	
(Coding Rate		0.67	0.61	
1	Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4	
Γ	Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	
	Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted power but only every third TTI shall be allo				
Inf. Bit Payloa	ad 3202				
CRC Additio	n 3202 24 CRC				
Code Block Segmentatio	2226				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)	g967	8			12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matchin	ng 960	00			
RV Selection	4800				
Physical Channel Segmentation	960				

Table C.8.1.1: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 1

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Figure C.8.1: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (QPSK)

Inf. Bit Payload	4664				
CRC Addition	4664	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	4688				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			14064		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		7680]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	1920				

Figure C.8.2: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (16 QAM)

C.8.1.2 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801	1166
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	2	2
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3	3
Information Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202	4664
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	28800	28800
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transpower but only every second TTI sha		,	

Table C.8.1.2: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2

Inf. Bit Payload	3202]			
CRC Addition	3202	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	3226				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			9678		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		4800]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	960				



Inf. Bit Payload	4664				
CRC Addition	4664	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	4688				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			14064		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		7680]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	1920				

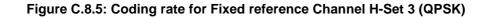
Figure C.8.4: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (16QAM)

C.8.1.3 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	1601	2332
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6	6
Information Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202	4664
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680
Total Available SML"s,in UE	SML"s	57600	57600
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM

Table C.8.1.3: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 3

Inf. Bit Payload	3202				
CRC Addition	3202	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	3226				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			9678		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600		
RV Selection		4800]	
Physical Channel Segmentation	960				



Inf. Bit Payload	4664]		
CRC Addition	4664	24 CRC		
Code Block Segmentation	4688			
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			14064	12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600	
RV Selection		7680		
Physical Channel Segmentation	1920			

Figure C.8.6: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (16QAM)

C.8.1.4 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 4

	Parameter	Unit	Value	
	Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534	
	Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	2	
	Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2	
	Information Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202	
	Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
	Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	1
	Total Available SML's in UE	SML"s	14400	1
	Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	7200	1
	Coding Rate		0.67	1
	Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	1
	Modulation		QPSK	
	Note: This FRC is used to verify the	minimum inter-T	TI	1
	distance for UE category 11. T			
	transmitted continuously with c	constant power.	The six	
	sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling	g pattern shall re	peat as	
	follows:			
	OOXOXOOOXOXO,			
	where "X" marks TTI in which I			
	identity of the UE under test ar		l in	
	which HS-SCCH uses a differe	ent identity.		
Inf. Bit Payload	3202			
CRC Addition	3202 24 CRC			
Code Block				
Segmentation	3226			
-				
Turbo-Encoding	9678			12 Tail Bits
(R=1/3)				
1st Rate Matching	7200			
RV Selection	4800			
Physical Channel				
Segmentation	960			

Table C.8.1.4: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

Figure C.8.7: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

C.8.1.5 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801					
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1					
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3					
Information Bit Payload ($N_{\rm INF}$)	Bits	3202					
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1					
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800					
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	28800					
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600					
Coding Rate		0.67					
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5					
Modulation		QPSK					
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Table C.8.1.5: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

Inf. Bit Payload	3202					
CRC Addition	3202	24 C R C				
Code Block Segmentation	3226					
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			9678		12	Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			9600			
RV Selection		4800]		
Physical Channel Segmentation	960					

Figure C.8.8: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

C.9 Downlink reference channel dummy DCCH transmission on DCH

Many test cases have been designed to have continuous downlink DCCH transmission on DCH. The DCCH is carrying SRBs. When there are no signalling messages to be transmitted on downlink DCCH then dummy DCCH messages shall be transmitted on the downlink.

For all test cases with continuous downlink DCCH transmission on DCH the format of the dummy DCCH message is using an invalid MAC header with the value '1111' for the C/T field. The UE shall discard PDU"s with this invalid MAC header according to TS 25.321. This applies for cases where a MAC header is used to distinguish between several logical channels. In the case of the reference measurement channels the SRBs on DCH use a 4 bit MAC header.

Annex D (normative): Propagation Conditions

D.1 General

D.2 Propagation Conditions

D.2.1 Static propagation condition

The propagation for the static performance measurement is an Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) environment. No fading and multi-paths exist for this propagation model.

D.2.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

Table D.2.2.1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. All taps have classical Doppler spectrum.

Cas	e 1	Cas	se 2	Cas	se 3	Ca	se 4	Case 5	(Note 1)	Ca	se 6
Speed for Band I, II and III: 3 km/h Speed for Band V and VI:		II an 3 k Speed fo	Speed for Band I, II and III: 3 km/h Speed for Band V and VI:		II and III: 120 km/h 3 km/h		II an 50 I Speed f	or Band I, Id III: Id M/h For Band Id VI:	II ar 250 Speed fo	or Band I, nd III: km/h or Band V d VI:	
7 kr			m/h					km/h		n (Note 2)	
Relativ	Relati	Relativ	Relativ	Relativ	Relativ	Relati	Relativ	Relati	Relativ	Relati	Relativ
e Delay [ns]	ve mean Power [dB]	e Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	e Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	ve Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	ve Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]	ve Delay [ns]	e mean Power [dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
976	-10	976	0	260	-3	976	0	976	-10	260	-3
		20000	0	521	-6					521	-6
				781	-9					781	-9

 Table D.2.2.1: Propagation conditions for multi-path fading environments

NOTE 1: Case 5 is only used in Requirements for support of RRM.

NOTE 2: Speed above 250km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table D.2.2.1A shows propagation conditions that are used for HSDPA performance measurements in multi-path fading environment.

ITU Pede Speed (PA	3km/h	ITU Pede Speed (PE	3km/h	ITU vehi Speed 3 (VA3	0km/h	Speed '	iicular A 120km/h 120)
Speed for and		Speed for and	•	Speed for and			r Band I, II d III
3 kr Speed for I 7 kr	Band V, VI	3 kr Speed for 7 kr	Band V, VI	30 kr Speed for E 71 kr	Band V, VI	Speed for	km/h Band V, VI n (Note 1)
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		U	0	0	0	0	0
110	-9.7	200	-0.9	310	-1.0	310	-1.0
110 190	-9.7 -19.2	-	-	Ŭ	Ŭ	-	-
-	-	200	-0.9	310	-1.0	310	-1.0
190	-19.2	200 800	-0.9 -4.9	310 710	-1.0 -9.0	310 710	-1.0 -9.0

Table D.2.2.1A: Propagation Conditions for multi-path fading environments for HSDPA

NOTE 1: Speed above 120km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table D.2.2.1B shows propagation conditions that are used for CQI test in multi-path fading

Table D.2.2.1B: Propagation Conditions for CQI test in multi-path fading

Case 8, speed 30km/h			
Relative Delay [ns] Relative mean Power [dB]			
0	0		
976	-10		

D.2.3 Moving propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance are non fading channel models with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, one static, Path0, and one moving, Path1. The time difference between the two paths is according Equation D.2.3.1. The taps have equal strengths and equal phases.

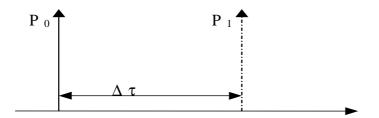


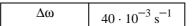
Figure D.2.3.1: The moving propagation conditions

$$\Delta \tau = B + \frac{A}{2} (1 + \sin(\Delta \omega \cdot t))$$

Equation D.2.3.1

The parameters in the equation are shown in.

А	5 µs
В	1 µs



D.2.4 Birth-Death propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, Path1 and Path2 while alternate between 'birth' and 'death'. The positions the paths appear are randomly selected with an equal probability rate and are shown in figure D.2.4.1.

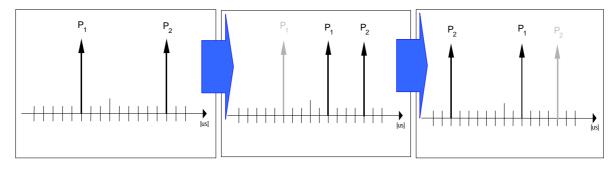


Figure D.2.4.1: Birth death propagation sequence

- NOTE1: Two paths, Path1 and Path2 are randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] μs. The paths have equal strengths and equal phases.
- NOTE 2: After 191 ms, Path1 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] μs but excludes the point Path2.
- NOTE 3: After additional 191 ms, Path2 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] µs but excludes the point Path1.
- NOTE 4: The sequence in 2) and 3) is repeated.

Annex E (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection. For the definition of OCNS, the power of OCNS shall be controlled so as to keep the total transmit power spectral density Ior constant. The Ior shall be measured as the mean power defined in 3.1 Definitions. The mean power shall be kept constant from one slot to the next.

In test cases where the Ior should be kept constant, it shall be acceptable to continuously send logical channel DCCH data which is allowed to be dummy DCCH data, so that it is not necessary to count the number of power off symbols and calculate OCNS power every symbol or slot period to keep the Ior constant.

NOTE: The power level specified for each physical channel in this annex is an average power, as measured during periods when the physical channel transmission is ON (see [19] for definitions), and no DTX symbols are being transmitted on that physical channel.

E.2 Connection Set-up for non-HSDPA test cases

Table E.2.1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table E.2.1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel		
CPICH		
P-CCPCH		
SCH		
S-CCPCH		
PICH		
AICH		
DPCH		

E.2.1 Measurement without dedicated connection

Table E.2.2 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for measurement before connection. This is applicable for the clauses 5.4.1 and 5.5.2.

Physical Channel		Power
Îor	Test dependent pov	ver
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / lor	= -3,3 dB
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / lor	= -5,3 dB
SCH	SCH_Ec / lor	= -5,3 dB
PICH	PICH_Ec / lor	= -8,3 dB
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec / lor	= -10,3 dB

E.3 During connection for non-HSDPA test cases

The following clauses describe the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done. For these measurements the offset between DPCH and SCH shall be zero chips at base station meaning that SCH is overlapping with the first symbols in DPCH in the beginning of DPCH slot structure.

E.3.1 Measurement of Tx Characteristics

Table E.3.1 is applicable for measurements on the Transmitter Characteristics (clause 5) with the exception of clauses 5.3, 5.4.1, 5.4.4 and 5.5.2.

NOTE: Applicability to clause 5.7 (Power setting in uplink compressed mode) is FFS.

Table E.3.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power	
Îor	–93 dBm / 3,84MHz	
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 7 dB
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 2 dB
DPCH	–103,3 dBm / 3,84MHz	

E.3.2 Measurement of Rx Characteristics

Table E.3.2.1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 6) with the exception of clauses 6.3 and 6.8.

Physical Channel	Power		
CPICH	CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 7 dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/ DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 5 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec	= 2 dB	
DPCH	Test dependent power		

Table E.3.2.1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Table E.3.2.2 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for the test of Spurious Emissions (clause 6.8). The UE is in the CELL_FACH state during the measurement.

 Table E.3.2.2: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during the Rx Spurious

 Emissions test

Physical Channel	Power		
CPICH	–86dBm / 3,84MHz		
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/ CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	
PICH	PICH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -5 dB	
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec / CPICH_Ec	= -2 dB	

E.3.3 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table E.3.3 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements (clause 7), including clauses 6.3 and 5.4.4, excluding clauses 7.6.1 and 7.6.2.

Physical Channel	Power		Note
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10 dB	Use of P-CPICH or S-CPICH as phase reference is specified for each requirement and is also set by higher layer signalling.
S-CPICH	S-CPICH_Ec/lor	= -10 dB	When S-CPICH is the phase reference in a test condition, the phase of S-CPICH shall be 180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH. When S-CPICH is not the phase reference, it is not transmitted.
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	= -12 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	= -12 dB	This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	= –15 dB	
DPCH	Test dependent pow	er	When S-CPICH is the phase reference in a test condition, the phase of DPCH shall be 180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH.
OCNS	Necessary power so transmit power spect of Node B (lor) adds	tral density	OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.3.6.
 NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used. NOTE 2: Power levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-set-up phase. 			

Table E.3.3: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

E.3.4 Connection with open-loop transmit diversity mode

Table E.3.4 is applicable for measurements for clause 7.6.1.

Physical Channel	Power	Note	
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	$P-CPICH_E_{c1}/I_{or} = -13 \text{ dB}$	1. Total P-CPICH_ $E_c/I_{or} = -10 \text{ dB}$	
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	$P-CPICH_E_{c2}/I_{or} = -13 \text{ dB}$		
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	$P-CCPCH_Ec_1/I_{or} = -15 \text{ dB}$	1. STTD applied	
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	$P-CCPCH_Ec_2/I_{or} = -15 \text{ dB}$	2. Total P-CCPCH_Ec/I _{or} = -12 dB	
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	$SCH_E_c/I_{or} = -12 \text{ dB}$	 TSTD applied. This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels 	
PICH (antenna 1)	$PICH_E_{c1}/I_{or} = -18 \text{ dB}$	1. STTD applied	
PICH (antenna 2)	$PICH_E_{c2}/I_{or} = -18 \text{ dB}$	2. Total PICH_ $E_c/I_{or} = -15 \text{ dB}$	
DPCH	Test dependent power	 STTD applied Total power from both antennas 	
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (I _{or}) adds to one	 This power shall be divided equally between antennas OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table E.3.6. 	
 NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used. NOTE 2: Power levels are based on the assumption that multipath propagation conditions and noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the call-set-up phase. 			

Table E.3.4: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

E.3.5 Connection with closed loop transmit diversity mode

table E.3.5 is applicable for measurements for clause 7.6.2.

	_				
Physical Channel	Power	Note			
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB			
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB				
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P -CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB	1. STTD applied			
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P -CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB	1. STTD applied, total			
		P -CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB			
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	1. TSTD applied			
PICH (antenna 1)	$PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB$	1. STTD applied			
PICH (antenna 2)	$PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB$	STTD applied, total			
		$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$			
DPCH	Test dependent power	1. Total power from both antennas			
OCNS	Necessary power so that total	1. This power shall be divided			
	transmit power spectral density	equally between antennas			
	of Node B (lor) adds to one	2. OCNS interference consists of			
		16 dedicated data channels as			
		specified in Table E.3.6.			
NOTE 1: For dynamic po	NOTE 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient				
channels, e.g. c	channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.				
NOTE 2: Power levels are	based on the assumption that mul	tipath propagation conditions and			
noise source re	noise source representing interference from other cells loc are turned on after the cal				
set-up phase.					

Table E.3.5: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Channelization Code at SF=128 ¹	Relative Level setting (dB) ^{1,2}	DPCH Data
2	-1	The DPCH data
11	-3	for each
17	-3	channelization
23	-5	code shall be
31	-2	uncorrelated
38	-4	with each other
47	-8	and with any
55	-7	wanted signal
62	-4	over the period
69	-6	of any
78	-5	measurement.
85	-9	
94	-10	
125	-8	
113	-6	
119	0	

Table E.3.6: DPCH Channelization Code and relative level settings for OCNS signal.

- NOTE 1: The DPCH Channelization Codes and relative level settings are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic Peak to Average Ratio.
- NOTE 2: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

E.4 W-CDMA Modulated Interferer for non-HSDPA test cases

The W-CDMA modulated interferer consists of the downlink channels defined in table E.4.1 plus the OCNS channels defined in Table E.3.6. The relative power of the OCNS channels shall be such that the power of the total signal adds up to one. In this subclause Ior refers to the power of the interferer.

Table E.4.1: Spreading Code, Timing offsets and relative level settings for W-CDMA Modulated Interferer signal channels.

Channel Type	Spreading Factor	Channelization Code	Timing offset (x256T _{chip})	Power	NOTE
P-CCPCH	256	1	0	P- CCPCH_Ec/lo r = -10 dB	
SCH	256	-	0	SCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	The SCH power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
P-CPICH	256	0	0	P- CPICH_Ec/lor = *10 dB	
PICH	256	16	16	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
OCNS		See table E.3.6		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of the dedicated data channels. as specified in Table E.3.6.

E.5 HSDPA DL Physical channels

E.5.0 Downlink Physical Channels for connection set-up

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

E.5.1 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement

Table E.5.1 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclauses 5.2A, 5.9A, 5.10A, 5.13.1A, 6.3A, 9.2.1 and 9.3. Table E.5.2 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.2.2. Table E.5.3 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.2.3. Table E.5.4 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.4.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	-10dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per [14] S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	-15dB	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex C.3.1
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH is not allocated to the UE the HS- SCCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5

Table E.5.1: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Single Link performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is –12dB.
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	1. TSTD applied.
			2. Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.
DPCH	DPCH Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.
			2. Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated
			power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e.
			due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During
			TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH_1 is not
			allocated to the UE, the HS-SCCH_1 shall
			be transmitted continuously with constant
			power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. UE assumes STTD applied.
			2. No signalling scheduled, or power
			radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to
			the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	2. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.
OCNS		Necessary	1. STTD applied.
		power so	2. Balance of power I_{or} of the Node-B is
		that total	assigned to OCNS.
		transmit	3. Power divided equally between antennas.
		power spectral	
		density of	
		Node B (lor)	
		adds to one	
		auus to one	

Table E.5.2: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Open Loop Transmit Diversity performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is –12dB.
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	1. TSTD applied.
			2. Power divided equally between primary
			and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is –15dB.
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. CL1 applied.
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. [TBD] applied.
			2. Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated
			power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e.
			due to minimum inter-TTI interval). During
			TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH_1 is not
			allocated to the UE, the HS-SCCH_1 shall
			be transmitted continuously with constant
			power.
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. UE assumes [TBD] applied.
			2. No signalling scheduled, or power
			radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to
			the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	2. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. CL1 applied.
OCNS		Necessary	1. STTD applied.
		power so	2. Balance of power I_{or} of the Node-B is
		that total	assigned to OCNS.
		transmit	3. Power divided equally between antennas.
		power	
		spectral	
		density of	
		Node B (lor)	
		adds to one	

Table E.5.3: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Closed Loop Transmit Diversity (Mode-1) performance.

Parameter	Units	Value	Comment
CPICH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-10	
CCPCH E _c / I _{or}	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH E _c / I _{or}	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with P- CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per [14] S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0
PICH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-15	
HS-PDSCH-1 E_c/I_{or}	dB	-10	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH- 1. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-PDSCH-2 E_c / I_{or}	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-2
HS-PDSCH-3 E_c / I_{or}	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-3
HS-PDSCH-4 E_c / I_{or}	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-4
DPCH E_c / I_{or}	dB	-8	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex C.3.1
HS-SCCH-1 E_c / I_{or}	dB	Test Specific	All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal E_c/I_{or} .
HS-SCCH-2 E_c / I_{or}	dB		Specifies E_c / I_{or} when TTI is active.
HS-SCCH-3 E_c / I_{or}	dB		During TTIs, in which the HS-SCCH"s are not allocated to the UE, the HS-
HS-SCCH-4 E _c / I _{or}	dB		SCCH"s shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
OCNS E_c / I_{or}	dB	Remaining power at Node-B (including HS- SCCH power allocation when HS-SCCH"s inactive).	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table E.5.5

Table E.5.4: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance

E.5.2 OCNS Definition

The selected channelization codes and relative power levels for OCNS transmission for HSDPA performance assessment are defined in Table E.5.5. The selected codes are designed to have a single length-16 parent code.

Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB)	DPCH Data
122	0	The DPCH data for each
123	-2	channelization code shall be
124	-2	uncorrelated with each other and
125	-4	with any wanted signal over the
126	-1	period of any measurement.
127	-3	

NOTE 1: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

E.5.3 Downlink Physical Channels for measurement including test tolerances

Table E.5.6 to E.5.8 are applicable for tests in subclause 9.2.1, 9.2.2, and 9.2.3. Table E.5.9 indicates which levels are applied, when the primary level settings (Ec/Ior and Ior/Ioc) and propagation conditions (PA3,PB3, VA30, VA 120) vary.

Parameter During Measurement	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-5,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-7.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-13.3
Measurement conditions		S-PDSCH = -6dB, loc = 0dB

Table E.5.6: Level set 1 for HSDPA measurements including test tolerances

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Measurement		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-5.9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-10.75
Measurement conditions	HS-PDSCH = -6dB,	
	lor/loc = 10dB	and 0dB

Parameter During Measurement	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-9.9
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-11.9
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-14.9
HS-PDSCH	dB	-2,9
HS-SCCH_1	dB	-8.4
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-8.4
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	off
Measurement conditions		SCH = -3dB, 10dB and 0 dB

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Number Conditions	HS-PDSCH E_c/I_{or} (dB)	T-put R (kbps) \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0 dB	T-put R (kbps) \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10 dB	
4		-6	Level-set 1	Level-set 2	
1 PA3	-3	Not tested	Level-set 3		
2	2 PB3 -	-6	Level-set 2	Level-set 2	
Z		-3	Level-set 3	Level-set 3	
3	VA30	-6	Level-set 2	Level-set 2	
3 VA30	-3	Level-set 3	Level-set 3		
4 VA120	1/4120	-6	Level-set 2	Level-set 2	
	VAIZU	-3	Level-set 3	Level-set 3	

Table E.5.9: Application of level sets for measurement

E.5.4 Downlink Physical Channels for Transmitter Characteristics with HS-DPCCH

Table E.5.10 is applicable for measurements on the Transmitter Characteristics with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.9A, 5.10A and 5.13.1A.

Parameter	Unit	Test	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	-9	
HS-SCCH_1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor (dB)	-8	
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor (dB)	-3	
Note: The power levels are selected high enough to keep the DTX reporting ratio very small and to ensure that the radio link is maintained during the test.			

Table E.5.10: Test specific downlink physical channels

E.6 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation (This clause is informative)

E.6.1 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for non-HSDPA test cases

Table E.6.1.1 shows the downlink code allocation for non-HSDPA test cases. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined. Only the system configuration according to TS 34.108 section 6.10b is used for RF testing. The codes used for the WCDMA interferer as defined in Table E.4.1 are not included in the table below because the WCDMA interferer is on another carrier. The S-CCPCH has been moved from code 1 to code 2 (SF=64) in order to resolve the code conflict with OCNS DPCH.

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
0: P-CPICH	0.		TS 25.213; TS 34.108: 6.1.4
1: P-CCPCH	0: -	0.	TS 25.213
2: PICH	4	0: -	TS 34.108: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
3: AICH	1: -		TS 34.108: 6.1.0b (SIB5)
4: -			OCNS: TS34.121: Table E.3.6
5: -	2: OCNS DPCH	4.	
6: -	0.	1:-	
7: -	3: -		
8: -	4:		S-CCPCH for RF testing TS 34.108: 7.3 (SIB5)
9: -	4.	2: S-CCPCH	3-CCFCITIOI RF lesting 13 34.100.7.3 (SID3)
10: -	5:	2. 3-00-011	5: TS 34.108: 6.1.2 (CTCH)
11: -	5.		5. 15 54.106. 0.1.2 (CTCH)
12: -	6:		
13: -	0.	3: -	
14: -	7: -	3	
15: -	7		
16:	8: -		
17: -	0	4: -	
18: -	9: -	4	
19: -	9		
20: -	10: -		
21: -	10	5: -	
22: -	11: OCNS DPCH	0	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
23: -			00103. 10 34.121. 2.3.0
24-31: -	12-15: -	6-7: -	
32: -	16: -		
33: -	10	8: -	
34: -	17: OCNS DPCH	0.	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
35: -			00103. 10 34.121. 2.3.0
36-43: -	18-21: -	9-10: -	
44: -	22: -		
45: -	<i>LL</i> .	11: -	
46: -	23: OCNS DPCH	11	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
47: -			00101 10 04.121. 2.0.0
48-59: -	24-29: -	12-14: -	
60: -	30: -		
61: -	50	15: -	
62: -	31: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
63: -			00101 10 04.121. 2.0.0
64-75: -	32-37: -	16-18: -	
76: -	38: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
77: -		19: -	00110.1001.121. 2.0.0
78: -	39: -		
79: -			

Table E.6.1.1: Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for RF testing (non-HSDPA)

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note
80-91: -	40-45: -	20-22: -	
92: -	46: -		
93: -	-10.	23: -	
94: -	47: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
95: -	40.52	24.26	
96-107: - 108: -	48-53: -	24-26: -	
109: -	54: -		
110: -		27: -	
111: -	55: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
112-123: -	56-61: -	28-30: -	
124: -	62: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
125: -		31: -	
126: -	63: -		
127: - 128-135: -	64-67: -	32-33: -	
136: -		0 <u>2</u> -00	
137: -	68: -	24.	
138: -	69: OCNS DPCH	34: -	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
139: -	09. OCNS DPCH		OCNS. 15 34.121. E.3.0
140-155: -	70-77: -	35-38: -	
156: -	78: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
157: -		39: -	
158: - 159: -	79: -		
160-167: -	80-83: -	40-41: -	
168: -		10 11.	
169: -	84: -	40.	
170: -	85: OCNS DPCH	42: -	OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
171: -			00110.10.04.121. 2.0.0
172-187: -	86-93: -	43-46: -	
188: - 189: -	94: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
190: -		47: -	
191: -	95: -		
192: DCH SRB	00. DOL 40.0		
193: -	96: DCH 12.2	48: -	TS 34.108: 9.2.1 (DCH SRB and 12.2); DCH 64: SF32-Code24,
194: -	97: -	40	DCH 144: SF16-Code12,
195: -			DCH 384: SF8-Code6
196-223: -	98-111: -	49-55: -	
224: -	112: -		
225: - 226: -		56: -	
227: -	113: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
228-235: -	114-117: -	57-58: -	
236: -	118: -		
237: -	110	59: -	
238: -	119: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
239: -		60.61.	
240-59: - 248: -	120-123: -	60-61: -	
240	124: -		
250: -	405-0010 550	62: -	
251: -	125: OCNS DPCH		OCNS: TS 34.121: E.3.6
252-255: -	126-127: -	63: -	

E6.2 Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for HSDPA test cases

Tables E.6.2.1 and E.6.2.2 show the downlink code allocation for HSDPA test cases. Table E.6.2.1 shows the complete downlink code tree for spreading factors 16, 32 and 64. Table E.6.2.2 shows details of the downlink code tree for SF=16

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code=0 with spreading factors 64, 128 and 256. The numbers in the code columns indicate the code number with the respective spreading factor (SF). The Note column refers to specifications where the code allocation is defined.

Note 1: Performance requirements for test cases using 15 HS-PDSCH codes have not been defined by RAN4 yet. A specific code allocation for test cases using 15 HS-PDSCH codes needs to be aligned with assumptions taken in RAN4.

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note	
0: -	0.		P-CPICH, P-CCPCH, PICH, AICH on SF256	
1: -	0: -	0.	HS-SCCH1 and HS-SCCH2 on SF128	
2: S-CCPCH	1:-	0: -	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108: 6.1.0b	
3: -] '		HS-SCCH3 and HS-SCCH4 on SF128	
4: -	2: -			
5: -	2	1: HS-PDSCH	1st HS-PDSCH code	
6: -	3: -	1.110-1 00011		
7: -	J			
8: -	4: -			
9: -		2: HS-PDSCH	2nd HS-PDSCH code	
10: -	5: -			
11: -	0.			
12: -	6: -			
13: -		3: HS-PDSCH	3rd HS-PDSCH code	
14: -	7: -			
15: -				
16: -	8: -			
17: -		4: HS-PDSCH	4th HS-PDSCH code	
18: - 19: -	9: -			
20: -				
20	10: -			
22:-		5: HS-PDSCH	5th HS-PDSCH code	
23: -	- 11: -			
24: -				
25: -	12: -			
26: -		6: HS-PDSCH	6th HS-PDSCH code	
27: -	- 13: -			
28: -				
29: -	- 14: -		7th HS-PDSCH code	
30: -	45.	7: HS-PDSCH		
31: -	15: -			
32: -	16: -			
33: -	10	8: HS-PDSCH	8th HS-PDSCH code	
34: -	17: -	0.110-1 00011	Surris-r DSCIT code	
35: -	17.			
36: -	18: -			
37: -		9: HS-PDSCH	9th HS-PDSCH code	
38: -	- 19: -			
39: -				
40: -	20: -			
41: -		10: HS-PDSCH	10th HS-PDSCH code	
42: -	21: -			
43: -				
44: - 45: -	- 22: -			
46: -		11: -		
40	- 23: -			
48: -				
49: -	- 24: -		A-DPCH on code 192 (SF256) is the	
50: -		12: -	associated dedicated channel and contains	
51: -	- 25: -		the SRB from call setup (TS 34.108: 9.2.1)	
52: -	26: -	13: -		
52.	-0.	.0.	L	

Table E.6.2.1: HSDPA Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for RF testing

Code with SF=64	Code with SF=32	Code with SF=16	Note
53: -			
54: -	27: -		
55: -	27		
56: -	28: -		
57: -	20	14: -	
58: -	29: -	14	
59: -	29		
60: -	30: -		
61: -	50	15: -	OCNS DPCH on codes 122-127 (SF128)
62: -	31: -	15	
63: -	51		

Table E.6.2.2: HSDPA Downlink Physical Channels Code Allocation for SF=16 code=0

Code with SF=256	Code with SF=128	Code with SF=64	Note	
0: P-CPICH	0: -		TS 25.213; 34.108: 6.1.4; 34.121: E.4.2	
1: P-CCPCH	0	0: -	TS 25.213; 34.121: E.4.2	
2: PICH	1: -	0	TS 34.108: 6.1.0b (SIB5)	
3: AICH	1		TS 34.108: 6.1.0b (SIB5)	
4: -	2: HS-SCCH1		TS 34.108: 9.2.1 RB Setup message	
5: -	2.110-000111	1:-	13 34.100. 9.2.1 ND Setup message	
6: -	3: HS-SCCH2	1	TS 34.108: 9.2.1 RB Setup message	
7: -	3.110-000112		10 34.100. 3.2.1 ND Oetup message	
8: -	4: -			
9: -	т.	2: S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH: TS 34.108: 6.1.0b (SIB5)	
10: -	5: -	2.0-001 011	3-001 011. 10 34.100. 0.1.00 (0100)	
11: -	0			
12: -	6: HS-SCCH3		TS 34.108: 9.2.1 RB Setup message	
13: -	0.110-000113	3: -	13 54.100. 9.2.1 KB Setup Message	
14: -	7: HS-SCCH4	0.	TS 34.108: 9.2.1 RB Setup message	
15: -	7.110-000114		TO 04.100. 9.2.1 ND Oetup message	

Annex F (normative): General test conditions and declarations

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in the present document.

Many of the tests in the present document measure a parameter relative to a value that is not fully specified in the UE specifications. For these tests, the Minimum Requirement is determined relative to a nominal value specified by the manufacturer.

When specified in a test, the manufacturer shall declare the nominal value of a parameter, or whether an option is supported.

In all the relevant clauses in this clause all Bit Error Ratio (BER), Block Error Ratio (BLER), False transmit format Detection Ratio (FDR) measurements shall be carried out according to the general rules for statistical testing in clause F.6.

F.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test, where appropriate. The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified range, and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All ranges and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95 % is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95 % of the performance of a population of test equipment.

For RF tests it should be noted that the uncertainties in clause F.1 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

F.1.1 Measurement of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the UE test environments defined in annex G, Test environments shall be.

- Pressure ± 5 kPa.
- Temperature ± 2 degrees.
- Relative Humidity ± 5 %.
- DC Voltage $\pm 1,0$ %.
- AC Voltage $\pm 1,5$ %.
- Vibration 10 %.
- Vibration frequency 0,1 Hz.

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

F.1.2 Measurement of transmitter

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty	
5.2 Maximum Output Power	±0,7 dB		
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH	±0,7 dB		
5.3 Frequency Error	±10 Hz		
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	±1,0 dB	The uncertainty of this test is a combination of the downlink level setting error and the uplink power measurement that are uncorrelated. Formula =	
5401		SQRT(source_level_error ² + power_meas_error ²)	
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	The test system uncertainty is the function of the UE transmitter power control range for each combination of the step size and number of steps. For 0 dB and 1 dB range $\pm 0,1$ dB For a nominal 2 dB range $\pm 0,15$ dB For a nominal 3 dB range $\pm 0,2$ dB	This accuracy is based on the linearity of the absolute power measurement of the test equipment.	
	For a greater than 3 dB range ±0,3 dB		
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	±1,0 dB	Measured on a static signal	
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0,4 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCCH ratio	
L or		0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the DPCCH_Ec/Ior ratio. The absolute error of the AWGN	
		loc is not important but is specified as 1.0 dB	
5.5.1 Transmit OFF Power: (static case) 5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	±1,0 dB On power +0,7 dB – 1,0 dB Off power (dynamic case) TBD	Measured on a static signal Assume asymmetric meas error -1.0 dB / 0.7 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error, and +0.7 dB for upper limit (assume UE won't go above 24 nominal). For the off power, the accuracy of a two-pass measurement needs to be analysed.	
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size (7 dB step)	±0,3 dB relative over a 9 dB range		
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	Will be a subset of 5.4.2.		
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	±100 kHz	Accuracy = ± 3 *RBW. Assume 30 kHz bandwidth.	
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	±1,5 dB		
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	±1,5 dB		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.10 ACLR	5 MHz offset: ±0,8 dB	
	10 MHz offset: ±0,8 dB	
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	5 MHz offset: ±0,8 dB	
	10 MHz offset: ± 0,8 dB	
5.11 Spurious emissions	\pm 2,0 dB for UE and coexistence bands for	
	results > -60 dBm	
	\pm 3,0 dB for results < -60 dBm	
	Outside at such	
	Outside above:	
	f≤2.2GHz: ± 1.5 dB	
	2.2 GHz < $f \le 4$ GHz:	
	$\pm 2.0 dB$	
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	f > 4 GHz: ±4.0 dB	CW Interferer error is 0.7 dB
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	± 2.2 dB	for the UE power RSS with 0.7
		dB for CW setting = 1.0 dB
		Measurement error of
		intermod product is 0.7 dB for
		UE power RSS with 0.7 dB for
		relative = 1.0 dB
		Interferer has an effect of 2
		times on the intermod product
		so overall test uncertainty is
		2*1.0 RSS with 1.0 = 2.2 dB.
		Apply half any excess test
		system uncertainty to increase the interferer level
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	+2.5 %	
	(for single code)	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with	±2.5 %	
HS-DPCCH	(for single code)	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code	±1.0dB	
domain error		
5.13.4 PRACH quality (EVM)	±2.5 %	
5.13.4 PRACH quality (Frequency error)	±10 Hz	

F.1.3 Measurement of receiver

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	± 0.7 dB	
6.3 maximum input level:	± 0.7 dB	The critical parameter is the overall signal level and not the –19 dB DPCH_Ec/lor ratio.
		0.7 dB absolute error due to signal measurement
		DPCH_Ec/lor ratio error is <0.1 dB but is not important so is ignored
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity	± 1.1 dB	Overall system uncertainty comprises three quantities:
		1. Wanted signal level error
		2. Interferer signal level error
		3. Additional impact of interferer ACLR
		Items 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared to provide the ratio error of the two signals. Assume for simplicity this ratio error is linearly added to the interferer ACLR.
		Test System uncertainty = SQRT (wanted_level_error ² + interferer_level_error ²) + ACLR effect.
		The ACLR effect is calculated by:(Formula to follow)
		(E.g. ACLR at 5 MHz of 51 dB gives additional error of .0765 dB. ACLR of 48 gives error of -0.15 dB.)
6.5 Blocking characteristics	System error with f <15 MHz offset: ± 1.4 dB	Using ± 0.7 dB for signal and interferer as currently defined and 68 dB ACLR @ 10 MHz.
	f >= 15 MHz offset and $f_b \leq$ 2.2 GHz: \pm [1.0] dB	
	2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±[1.7] dB f > 4 GHz: ±[3.1] dB	
6.6 Spurious Response	$f \le 2.2 \text{ GHz: } \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ 2.2 GHz < f $\le 4 \text{ GHz: } \pm 1.7 \text{ dB}$ f > 4 GHz: $\pm 3.1 \text{ dB}$	

Table F.1.3: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for receiver tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	±1.3 dB	Similar issues to 7.4 ACS test.
		ETR028 says impact f the closer signal is twice that of the far signal. If both signals drop 1 dB, intermod product drops 2 dB.
		Formula = $\sqrt{(2 \cdot CW_{level_error})^2 + (mod_{level_error})^2}$
		(Using CW interferer ±0.5 dB, modulated interferer ±0.5 dB, wanted signal ±0.7 dB) 1.3 dB!
		Broadband noise/ACLR not considered but may have impact.
6.8 Spurious emissions	\pm 3.0 dB for UE receive band and UE transmit band (-60 dBm) Outside above: f≤2.2GHz: \pm 2.0 dB (-57 dBm) 2.2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: \pm 2.0 dB (-47 dBm)	
	$f > 4 \text{ GHz: } \pm 4.0 \text{ dB} (-47 \text{ dBm})$ Downlink signal Îor $\pm 2.0 \text{ dB}$	

F.1.4 Performance requirement

Table F.1.4: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements

Clause	Maximum T	est System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation Condition	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c}}{I_{or}}$	±0.3 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio 0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner
			Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the DPCH_Ec/lor ratio but is not RSS for simplicity. The absolute error of the AWGN loc is not important for any tests in clause 7 but is specified as 1.0 dB.
7.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath Fading Propagation conditions	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.56 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ±0.5 dB In addition the same ±0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is (0.5 ²
7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \\ \frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} $	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	$+ 0.3^2$) ^{0.5} = 0.6 dB Same as 7.3
7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.6 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Same as 7.3
7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open loop Transmit diversity mode	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.8 dB ±1.0 dB ±0.1 dB	Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ± 0.5 dB per outputIn addition the same ± 0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2.These are uncorrelated so can be RSS.Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB. Round up to 0.8 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty		Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.8 dB	Same as 7.6.1
loop Transmit diversity mode	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.8 dB	Same as 7.6.1
selection diversity Transmission power control mode	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.8 dB	Same as 7.6.1
Handover	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	Ior1,Ior2	±1.0 dB	Test is looking for changes in
1	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	power – need to allow for relaxation in criteria for power step of probably 0.1 dB to 0.4
			dB
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 2	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.8 dB	Same as 7.6.1
2	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}	±0.1 dB	
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different	\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}	±0.3 dB	Same as 7.2.
radio link sets	\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}	±0.3 dB	Offsets calculated as RMS of: lor1/loc, DPCH_Ec1/lor1 and
	\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}	±0.3 dB	DPCH_Ec2/lor1 and
	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	lor1/loc, DPCH_Ec1/lor1 and DPCH_Ec3/lor1 respectively.
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}}$	±0.1 UD	respectively.
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}}$		
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c3}}{I_{or1}}$	±0.1 dB	
	Offset of $\frac{DPC}{D}$	$\frac{H_{c2}}{E_{or1}}$ relative to	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}}$		
	$\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}}$	±0.4 dB	

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Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty		Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
BLER target	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
convergence	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
effects	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.9 Downlink compressed mode	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.10 Blind transport format detection	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	±0.3 dB	Same as 7.2
Tests 1, 2, 3	I _{oc}	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.10 Blind transport format detection	î /r	±0.6 dB	Same as 7.3
Tests 4, 5, 6	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}		
	I _{oc} DPCH F	±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB	
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel (PCH)	TBD		
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	TBD		

F.1.5 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.1.5: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Radio Resource Management Tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks		
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	During T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{During T1:}}{I_{or}(2)} = \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (1, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{During T2:}}{I_{or}} (1) = \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(r loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	r(n), and channel power
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) acros have any amount of positive correlation from one (fully correlated).	
	d) Across different cells, the channel pow have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(2) at T uncertainty of lor(1, 3, 4, 5, 6), are uncon Similarly, the absolute uncertainty of lor(uncertainty of lor(2, 3, 4, 5, 6), are uncon	rrelated to each other. (1) at T2 and the relative
	An explanation of correlation between up rationale behind the assumptions, is reco [24].	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	$\frac{1}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> (1) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 1 during T1:	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{or} (3, 4) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 1 during T2:	
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	I_{or} (3, 4) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	I_{or} ±0.1 dB	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> (2) ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1:	
	$I_{or}(2)$ ±0.7 dB	
	$I_{\it or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T2:	
	$I_{or}(2) \pm 0.7 dB$	
	I_{or} (5, 6) relative to I_{or} (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) to e): Same as for the one-frequency	test 8.2.2.1.
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(3, 4), are uncorrelated to each other. uncertainty of lor(2) and the relative unc uncorrelated to each other.	Similarly, the absolute
	g) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	h) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between up rationale behind the assumptions, is rec [24].	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection		
8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.3 dB I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	RXLEV ±1.0 dB $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	$ \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ I_{oc}/RXLEV = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ I_{oc} = \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} $ $ RXLEV = \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	Same as 8.2.3.1
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc1}/I_{oc2} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \underline{CPICH _ E_c} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	I_{or} $\frac{During T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:}{CPICH_E_c} \pm 0.1 dB$ $I_{or} (1) \pm 0.7 dB$ $I_{oc} \pm 1.0 dB$ Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1: ± 0.5 chips $\frac{During T1:}{Already covered above}$	
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), channel power ratio, and loc a derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a coverage factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other.	and channel power ratio are
	c) Across different cells, the channel power r amount of positive correlation from zero (und correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of lor(2),
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover		
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	During T1 and T2 / T3:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	$\frac{1}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	
	During T1: Already covered above	
	During T2 / T3:	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(r loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel pow have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation from zero)	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	I the relative uncertainty of
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	$\frac{\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:}}{\text{CPICH }_{E_{c}}}}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} (1) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1 and T2 / T3:}}{I_{oc} (2) \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}}$	
	Channel 2 during T1: Already covered above	
	$\frac{\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2 / T3:}}{\text{CPICH }_{E_c}}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (2) ±0.7 dB	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc(n) and lor(n) n positive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	e) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	f) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	An explanation of correlation between uncerr behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI TBD	

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Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{I_{oc}/RXLEV}{I_{oc}} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \text{RXLEV} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio 0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner 0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB. The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH		
8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	$\begin{array}{l} \hline \mbox{During T1 and T2:} \\ \hline \mbox{$\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}$} \pm 0.1 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{oc}} \pm 1.0 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{$During T1:$} \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2) \pm 0.7 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (1, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (2) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{$During T2:$} \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (1) \pm 0.7 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (3, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \ \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (3, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (1) \ \pm 0.3 \ dB \\ \hline \mbox{I_{or}} (3, 3, 4, 5, 6) \ relative to \ I_{or} (3, 5, 6) \ rela$	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	,
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across different cells may have any amount of positive correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (fully correlated).	
	d) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation from zero (uncorrelation) and the set of the	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(2) at T uncertainty of lor(1, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unco Similarly, the absolute uncertainty of lor(uncertainty of lor(2, 3, 4, 5, 6), are unco	rrelated to each other. (1) at T2 and the relative
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	$\frac{Channel 1 during T1 and T2:}{\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{I_{or}}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	Chool dailing
	I_{oc} (1) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{I_{or}}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{I_{or}}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (3, 4) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{oc} (2) ±1.0 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1:}}{I_{or} (2)} \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	$\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{I_{or}}$	
	$I_{\it or}$ (5, 6) relative to $I_{\it or}$ (2) ±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: a) to e): Same as for the one-frequency	test 8.3.5.1.
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(3, 4), are uncorrelated to each other, uncertainty of lor(2) and the relative unc uncorrelated to each other.	Similarly, the absolute
	g) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	h) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions is recorded in 3GPF	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.3.5.3 Cell Re-selection to GSM	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc}/RXLEV & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{\it or} ig I_{\it oc}$
	RXLEV $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH _ E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	I _{or}	0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH 8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
neighbour list		
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH 8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
neighbour list		Sume as 0.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.4 RRC Connection Control		
8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	Settings. \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the CPICH_Ec/lor ratio.
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.4.2 Random Access	Settings. \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in AICH_Ec ratio
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{\it or} ig I_{\it oc}$
	$\frac{AICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		Overall error is the sum of the \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error and the AICH_Ec/lor ratio.
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
	Measurements: Power difference. ± 1dB Maximum Power: same as 5.5.2	Power difference: Assume symmetric meas error ± 1.0 dB comprising RSS of: - 0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error.
		Maximum Power: Assume asymmetric meas error -1.0 dB / 0.7 dB comprising RSS of: -0.7 dB downlink error plus -0.7 dB meas error, and +0.7 dB for upper limit
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics		
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	I_{or} ±1.0 dB I_{or1}/I_{or2} ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCH_Ec ratio
	$\frac{\frac{DPCH_E_{c}}{I_{or}}}{\frac{CPICH_E_{c}}{I_{or}}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB uncertainty in lor1/lor2 based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.5 chips	The absolute error of the lor is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures		
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements		
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T1/T4 and T2/T3:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	<i>I</i> _{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	During T1/T4 only: Already covered above	
	During T2/T3 only: $I_{-}(2)$ relative to $I_{-}(1) \pm 0.3$ dB	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\text{During T1/T3 and T2:}}{\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or} (1) \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{\text{During T1/T3 only:}}{\text{Already covered above}}$ $\frac{\text{During T2 only:}}{\text{During T2 only:}}$	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.1 and 8.6.1.1A	 Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), cl derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other. c) Across different cells, the channel power r amount of positive correlation from zero (unc correlated). d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other. An explanation of correlation between uncertainty behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF 	a coverage factor of k=2. and channel power ratio are atio uncertainties may have any correlated) to one (fully we any amount of positive ully correlated). relative uncertainty of lor(2), tainties, and of the rationale
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	$\begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{During T0 to T6:}} \\ \underline{CPICH _E_c} \\ I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \end{array} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \\ \hline I_{oc} \\ 1 \\ I_{oc} \\ \hline I_{oc} \\ \hline I_{oc} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \end{array} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \underline{\text{During T1/T2, T3 and T6:}} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline (3) \text{ relative to } I_{or} \\ \hline (1) \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \underline{\text{During T3, T4/T5 and T6:}} \\ \hline I_{or} \\ \hline (2) \text{ relative to } I_{or} \\ \hline (1) \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \hline \\ \hline \text{Assumptions:} \\ \hline e_{ortributing uncertainties for lar(s), effective to the sector that the sector the sector the sector that the sector th$	
	 a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), cl derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [4], with a b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other. c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) across amount of positive correlation from zero (unc correlated). d) Across different cells, the channel power r any amount of positive correlation from zero correlated). e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may have correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the rare uncorrelated to each other. 	coverage factor of k=2. and channel power ratio are different cells may have any correlated) to one (fully ratio uncertainties may have (uncorrelated) to one (fully re any amount of positive ully correlated).

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T0 to T4:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB During T1, T2 and T4:	
	I_{or} (3) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	During T2, T3 and T4: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	Assumptions: Same as 8.6.1.2	1
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T0 to T5:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	During T1, T2/T3, T4 and T5: I_{or} (3) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	During T2/T3, T4 and T5: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T0 to T4:}}{CPICH_E_c}}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	I_{or} (1) ±0.7 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB	
	During T1, T2, T3 and T4: I_{or} (3) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	
	During T2, T3 and T4: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1)±0.3 dB	

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
	Assumptions:	· · · · ·
	 a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(r loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- of k=2. 	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	 c) The relative uncertainties for lor(n) ac have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated). 	
	d) Across different cells, the channel pow have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated).	
	 e) The uncertainty for loc and lor(1) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrelation) 	
	f) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2, 3), are uncorrelated to each other.	
	An explanation of correlation between un rationale behind the assumptions, is received. [24].	
8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of neighbours in	TBD	
fading propagation condition (R99) 8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	$\frac{\frac{\text{During T1 and T2:}}{CPICH _E_c}}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ $I_{or} (1) \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$	
	$I_{or}(1) = \pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$	
	During T1 and T2: I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
8.6.1.4 and 8.6.1.4A	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(n), ch derived according to ETR 273-1-2 [16], with a	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lor(n), uncorrelated to each other.	and channel power ratio are
	c) Across different cells, the channel power r amount of positive correlation from zero (unc correlated).	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may hav correlation from zero (uncorrelated) to one (f	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and the are uncorrelated to each other.	relative uncertainty of lor(2),
	An explanation of correlation between uncert behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPF	
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Channel 1 during T0, T1 and T2:	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}}$	
	I_{or} ±1.0 dB	
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB $I_{or}(1)$ ±0.7 dB	
	Channel 1 during T2:	
	I_{or} (2) relative to I_{or} (1) ±0.3 dB	
	Channel 2 during T0, T1 and T2:	
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	
	I _{or} (3) ±0.7 dB	
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	
	Assumptions: a) The contributing uncertainties for lor(loc are derived according to ETR 273-1- factor of k=2.	
	b) Within each cell, the uncertainty for lo ratio are uncorrelated to each other.	or(n), and channel power
	c) Across different cells, the channel por have any amount of positive correlation one (fully correlated)	
	d) The uncertainty for loc and lor(n) may positive correlation from zero (uncorrela	
	e) The absolute uncertainty of lor(1) and lor(2), are uncorrelated to each other.	the relative uncertainty of
	f) The absolute uncertainties for lor(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	g) The absolute uncertainties for loc(1) a amount of positive correlation from zero correlated).	
	An explanation of correlation between uncer behind the assumptions, is recorded in 3GPI	
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition	TBD	
8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD	TBD	
neighbours in AWGN propagation condition		
8.6.4 GSM Measurement		

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	$\begin{aligned} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc}/RXLEV & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \text{RXLEV} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{aligned}$	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combinerThe absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.The absolute error of the AWGN is error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.7 Measurements Performance		RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
Requirements		
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	$ \frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = 10.1 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}{I_{oc}} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{I_{oc}}{I_{oc1}/I_{oc2}} = \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} $ $ \frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} $	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo 8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	$ \begin{array}{c} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc1}/I_{oc2} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \hline \frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB I_{oc} ±1.0 dB I_{oc1}/I_{oc2} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner 0.3 dB uncertainty in loc1/loc2 based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB $I_{oc}/RXLEV$ ±0.3 dB	0.1 dB uncertainty in CPICH_Ec ratio
	<i>I_{oc}</i> ±1.0 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ RXLEV = ±1.0 dB	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
	RXLEV1/RXLEV2 ±1.4 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in loc/RXLEV based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The absolute error of the RXLEV is specified as 1.0 dB.
		The relative accuracy of RXLEV1 to RXLEV2 is specified to be 1.4 dB (RMS of individual uncertainties) when BCCHs are on the same or on different RF channel within the same frequency band
		The relative accuracy of RXLEV1 to RXLEV2 is specified to be 1.4 dB (RMS of individual uncertainties) when BCCHs are on different frequency band
8.7.3C UE Transmitted power	Mean power measurement ±0,7 dB	Downlink parameters are unimportant.
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference		
8.7.4.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-CFN observed time difference: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.4.2 Inter frequency measurements accuracy	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-CFN observed time difference: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB	0.3 dB uncertainty in $\hat{I}_{\it or}/I_{\it oc}$
	I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Actual SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1: ±0.5 chips	based on power meter measurement after the combiner
		The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ±0.3 dB I_{oc} ±1.0 dB Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy ±0.5 chip	0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN is specified as 1.0 dB.
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD	

F.1.6 Performance requirement (HSDPA)

Table F.1.6: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for Performance Requirements (HSDPA)

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	$ \begin{array}{l} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.3 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \frac{E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	0.1 dB uncertainty in Ec/lor ratio 0.3 dB uncertainty in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} based on power meter measurement after the combiner The absolute error of the AWGN loc is not important for any tests in clause 9 but is specified as 1.0 dB.
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} & \pm 0.8 \text{ dB} \\ I_{oc} & \pm 1.0 \text{ dB} \\ \\ \frac{E_c}{I_{or}} & \pm 0.1 \text{ dB} \end{array} $	Specified as 1.0 dB. Worst case gain uncertainty due to the fader from the calibrated static profile is ±0.5 dB per output In addition the same ±0.3 dB \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} ratio error as 7.2. These are uncorrelated so can be RSS. Overall error in \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} is $(0.5^2 + 0.5^2 + 0.3^2)^{0.5} = 0.768$ dB. Round up to 0.8 dB
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2	Same as 9.2.2
9.3.1 AWGN propagation conditions	No test system uncertainty applied	

F.2 Test Tolerances (This clause is informative)

The Test Tolerances defined in this clause have been used to relax the Minimum Requirements in the present document to derive the Test Requirements.

The Test Tolerances are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Tolerances may sometimes be set to zero.

The test tolerances should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.).

F.2.1 Transmitter

Clause	Test Tolerance
5.2 Maximum Output Power	0.7 dB
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH	0.7 dB
5.3 Frequency error	10 Hz
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	1.0 dB
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink	0.1 dB (1 dB and 0 dB range) 0.15 dB (2 dB range) 0.2 dB (3 dB range 0.3 dB (> 3 dB range))
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	1.0 dB
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	0.4 dB
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: transmit ON/OFF time	0 ms
5.5.1 Transmit OFF power	1.0 dB
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	On power +0.7 dB / -1.0 dB
	Off power TT [] dB
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	0.3 dB
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	See subset of 5.4.2
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	0 kHz
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II)
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	1.5 dB (0 dB for additional requirements for Band II, Band IV and Band V only)
5.10 ACLR	0.8 dB for ratio 0.0 dB for absolute power
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	0.8 dB for ratio 0.0 dB for absolute power
5.11 Spurious emissions	0 dB
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	0 dB
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	0%
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	0%
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	1.0 dB
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	0%
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (Frequency error)	10 Hz

Table F.2.1: Test Tolerances for transmitter tests.

F.2.2 Receiver

Clause	Test Tolerance
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	0.7 dB
6.3 Maximum input level:	0.7 dB for lor
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity	0 dB
6.5 Blocking characteristics	0 dB
6.6 Spurious Response	0 dB
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	0 dB
6.8 Spurious emissions	0 dB

Table F.2.2: Test Tolerances for receiver tests.

F.2.3 Performance requirements

Clause	Test Tolerance
7.2 Demodulation in Static Propagation	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Condition	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
Fading Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.4 Demodulation of DCH in Moving	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.5 Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
Propagation conditions	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open loop	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
Transmit diversity mode	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
loop Transmit diversity mode	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
selection diversity Transmission power	0.0 dB for P_{or}/P_{oc} 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
control mode	
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover conditions	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	0 dB for lor1, lor2
1 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
2	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor Test parameters:
commands from radio links of different	
radio link sets	0 dB for \hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}
	0 dB for \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}
	0 dB for \hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec1/lor1
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec2/lor1
	0 dB for DPCH_Ec3/lor1
	Test requirements:
	0 dB for Test 1
	0 dB for Test 2
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
BLER target	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
convergence	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
effects	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.9 Downlink compressed mode	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.10 Blind transport format detection	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Tests 1, 2, 3	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.10 Blind transport format detection	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
Tests 4, 5, 6	0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel	TBD
(PCH) 7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	ТВD

Table F.2.3: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements.

F.2.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks	
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection	
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	During T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 1 and 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.50 dB for all Cell 3, 4 ,5, 6 Ec/lor ratios +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)
	During T1: -0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case	During T2: +0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2) Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios -0.80 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 1 during T1: -0.01 dB for lor(1) -0.01 dB for lor(3, 4) No change for loc(1)
	<u>Channel 1 during T2:</u> +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.80 dB for loc(1)
	Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.80 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios
	<u>Channel 2 during T1:</u> +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.80 dB for loc(2)
	Channel 2 during T2: -0.01 dB for lor(2) -0.01 dB for lor(5, 6) No change for loc(2)
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection 8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM	<u> </u>
level changed	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
-	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	

• •	
Clause	Test Tolerance
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	During T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	Relative delay: {-147.5 +147.5} chips
	During T1:
	Already covered above
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell	During T1 and T2 / T3:
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1:
	Already covered above
	During T2 / T3:
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:
	+0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	Channel 2 during T1:
	Not applicable
	Channel 2 during T2 / T3: +0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	TBD
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover form	During T2 and T3:
UTRAN FDD to GSM	+ 1 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH	
8.3.5.1 One frequency present in the	During T1 and T2:
neighbour list	+0.60 dB for all Cell 1 and 2 Ec/lor ratios
	-0.50 dB for all Cell 3, 4 ,5, 6 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)
	During T1:
	-0.27 dB for lor(1)
	+0.13 dB for lor(2)
	During T2:
	+0.13 dB for lor(1)
	-0.27 dB for lor(2)

ClauseTest Tolerance8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour listChannel 1 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratio Channel 1 during T1: +0.05 dB for lor(1) +0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) No change for loc(1)Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for lor(2) +0.05 dB for lor(2) +	
neighbour list +0.60 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratios Channel 1 during T1: +0.05 dB for lor(1) +0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) No change for loc(1) Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1) Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(2)	
$\begin{array}{c} -0.70 \text{ dB for all Cell 3 and 4 Ec/lor ratio}\\ \hline \\ \frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{+0.05 \text{ dB for lor(1)}}\\ +0.05 \text{ dB for lor(3, 4)}\\ \text{No change for loc(1)}\\ \hline \\ \frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{+0.75 \text{ dB for lor(3, 4)}}\\ -1.60 \text{ dB for lor(3, 4)}\\ -1.60 \text{ dB for loc(1)}\\ \hline \\ \frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1 and T2:}}{+0.60 \text{ dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios}}\\ -0.70 \text{ dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio}\\ -0.70 \text{ dB for lor(2)}\\ -0.05 \text{ dB for loc(2)}\\ \hline \\ \frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{+0.05 \text{ dB for loc(2)}}\\ \hline \end{array}$	
$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{+0.05 \text{ dB for lor(1)}} +0.05 \text{ dB for lor(3, 4)} \\ \text{No change for loc(1)} \\ \frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{+0.75 \text{ dB for lor(1)}} +0.05 \text{ dB for lor(1)} \\ -0.05 \text{ dB for lor(3, 4)} +1.60 \text{ dB for loc(1)} \\ \frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1 and T2:}}{+0.60 \text{ dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios}} +0.70 \text{ dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratios} \\ -0.70 \text{ dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio} \\ \frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1:}}{+0.75 \text{ dB for lor(2)}} +0.05 \text{ dB for loc(2)} \\ \frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{+0.05 \text{ dB for loc(2)}} +0.05 \text{ dB for lor(2)} \\ \end{array}$	
+0.05 dB for lor(1) $+0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)$ No change for loc(1) $Channel 1 during T2:$ $+0.75 dB for lor(1)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(3, 4)$ $-1.60 dB for loc(1)$ $Channel 2 during T1 and T2:$ $+0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios$ $-0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio$ $-0.70 dB for lor(2)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(5, 6)$ $-1.60 dB for lor(5, 6)$ $-1.60 dB for lor(2)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(2)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(2)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(2)$ $-0.05 dB for loc(2)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(2)$ $-0.05 dB for lor(2)$	s
+0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) No change for loc(1) $\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{+0.75 \text{ dB for lor(1)}}$ -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1) $\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1 and T2:}}{+0.60 \text{ dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios}}$ -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio $\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T1:}}{+0.75 \text{ dB for lor(2)}}$ -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) $\frac{\text{Channel 2 during T2:}}{+0.05 \text{ dB for lor(2)}}$	S
No change for loc(1)Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1)Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2)Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	s
Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1)Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2)Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
+0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1) Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
+0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1) Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	s
-0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1) Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
-1.60 dB for loc(1) Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
Channel 2 during T1 and T2: +0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
+0.60 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios -0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio Channel 2 during T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) Channel 2 during T2: +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
-0.70 dB for all Cell 5 and 6 Ec/lor ratio <u>Channel 2 during T1:</u> +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) <u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
<u>Channel 2 during T1:</u> +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) <u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(2)	S
+0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) <u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(2)	
+0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) <u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(2)	
-0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2) <u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(2)	
-1.60 dB for loc(2) <u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(2)	
<u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> +0.05 dB for Ior(2)	
+0.05 dB for lor(2)	
+0.05 dB for lor(2)	
No change for loc(2)	
8.3.5.3 Cell Re-selection to GSM 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	
0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor	
0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH	
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the Same as 8.2.2.1	
neighbour list	
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the Same as 8.2.2.2	
neighbour list	
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH	
8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the Same as 8.2.2.1	
neighbour list	
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list Same as 8.2.2.2	
8.4 RRC Connection Control	
8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	
0 dB for $ \hat{I}_{or}^{} / I_{oc}^{} $	
0 dB for any_Ec/lor	
Zero TT is applied, as level settings ar	
not critical with respect to the outcome	ot
the test.	
8.4.2 Random Access Settings:	
0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	
0.1 dB for AICH_Ec/lor	
Measurements:	
Power difference: ± 1dB	
Maximum Power: -1dB / +0.7dB	
8.4.3 Transport format combination 0 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor selection in UE	
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics	
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor	
0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor	
1 dB for Îor1	
1.3 dB for Îor2	
0.5 chips for Rx-Tx timing accuracy	
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures	

Clause	Test Tolerance
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements	
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)	During T1/T4 and T2/T3: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1/T4 only: Already covered above
	During T2/T3 only: +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and later)	During T1/T3 and T2: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
	During T1/T3 only: Already covered above During T2 only:
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R99)	During T0 to T6: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.2A Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	During T0 to T4: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.70 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN	During T0 to T5: +0.40 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
propagation condition (R99)	+0.40 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.40 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.3A Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN	During T0 to T4: +0.40 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios
propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	+0.40 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios +0.40 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (R99)	TBD
8.6.1.4A Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition (Rel-4 and later)	During T1: +0.70 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.30 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	During T2: +0.30 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.70 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency measurements 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in	During To to To:
AWGN propagation condition	During T0 to T2: +0.80 dB for all Cell 1 Ec/lor ratios +0.80 dB for all Cell 2 Ec/lor ratios
	+0.80 dB for all Cell 3 Ec/lor ratios
8.6.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition	TBD
8.6.3 TDD measurements 8.6.3.1Correct reporting of TDD	ТВD
neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	
8.6.4 GSM measurements	During To:
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	During T2: + 1 dB for RXLEV
	During T3: -1 dB for RXLEV
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements	
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP 8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements	
accuracy	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 1.0 dB for loc

Clause	Tost Toloranco
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement	Test Tolerance
accuracy	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
	0.3 dB for loc1/loc2
	1.0 dB for loc
8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo 8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements	<u>^</u> /_
accuracy	0.3 dB for $ {\hat I}_{or} / {I}_{oc} $
	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{ac}/I_{ac}
accuracy	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor
8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	∧ /
	0.3 dB for $I_{\it or}/I_{\it oc}$
	1.0 dB for loc
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	TT for test parameters
	GSM cell levels:
	Step 1: -1 dB
	Step 2: -1 dB
	Step 3: -1 dB
	Step 4:+1 dB
	Relative accuracy requirements: a, b, c and
	d values in minimum requirements are
	increased by 2 dB i.e.,
	For $x1 \ge s+14$, $x2 < -48$ dBm: a=4, b=4, c=6, d=6
	a=4, b=4, c=0, d=0
	For s+14 > x1 ≥ s+1
	a=5, b=4, c=7, d=6
	For s+1 > x1
	a=6, b=4, c=8, d=6
	u=0, v=1, v=0, u=0
	Absolute accuracy requirements: original
	minimum requirements are increased by ± 1
9 7 2P Transport obspace PLEP	dB TBD
8.7.3B Transport channel BLER 8.7.3C UE Transmitted power	0.7 dB for mean power measurement by
	test system
8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}
	017 00
	1.0 dB for loc
	±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-CFN
	observed time difference
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
difference type 1	1.0 dB for loc
	±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-SFN
	observed time difference type 1
8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	1.0 dB for loc
	0.5 chip for Rx-Tx Timing Accuracy
8.7.7 Observed time difference to GSM	TBD
cell	700
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	TBD

F.2.5 Performance requirements (HSDPA)

Table F.2.5: Test Tolerances for Performance Requirements (HSDPA).

Clause	Test Tolerance
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for Ec/lor
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for Ec/lor
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2
9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}
	0.1 dB for P-CPICH_Ec/lor and HS-SCCH_Ec/lor

F.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared – without any modification – against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ETR 273-1-2 clause 6.5.

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in clause F.1 of the present document.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in clause F.1, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made value as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in clause F.1 shall be used to tighten the Test Requirement – making the test harder to pass. (For some tests e.g. receiver tests, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a Test System not compliant with clause F.1does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with clause F.1 had been used.

For some of the more complex tests e.g. RRM, deriving the overall test system uncertainty is not straightforward. In such cases the derivation is given in TR 34.902 [24] rather than in subclause F.1. If it is deemed necessary to apply the additional test system uncertainty rules to these tests, the formula for deriving the new overall uncertainty from any excess fundamental test system uncertainties, shall use the formulas provided in 34.902.

F.4 Derivation of Test Requirements (This clause is informative)

The Test Requirements in the present document have been calculated by relaxing the Minimum Requirements of the core specification using the Test Tolerances defined in clause F.2. When the Test Tolerance is zero, the Test Requirement will be the same as the Minimum Requirement. When the Test Tolerance is non-zero, the Test Requirements will differ from the Minimum Requirements, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in table F.4.

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.2 Maximum Output Power	Power class 1 (33 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 2 (27 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 3 (24 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 4 (21 dBm) Tolerance = ± 2 dB	0.7 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT For power classes 1-3: Upper Tolerance limit = +1.7 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -3.7 dB For power class 4: Upper Tolerance limit = +2.7 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -2.7 dB
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH	For Power class 3: Power class 3 (24 dBm) Tolerance = $+1/-3$ dB Power class 3 (23 dBm) Tolerance = $+2/-3$ dB Power class 3 (22 dBm) Tolerance = $+3/-3$ dB For Power class 4 (21 dBm) Tolerance = ± 2 dB Power class 4 (20 dBm) Tolerance = $+3/-2$ dB Power class 4 (19 dBm) Tolerance = $\pm 4/-2$ dB	0.7 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT For power classes 3: Upper Tolerance limit = +1.7 dB (24 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +2.7 dB (23 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +1.7 dB (22 dBm) Lower Tolerance limit = -3.7 dB For power class 4: Upper Tolerance limit = +2.7 dB (24 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +3.7 dB (23 dBm) Upper Tolerance limit = +4.7 dB (22 dBm) Lower Tolerance limit = -2.7 dB
5.3 Frequency Error	The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.	10 Hz	Formula: modulated carrier frequency error + TT modulated carrier frequency error = $\pm(0.1$ ppm + 10 Hz).
5.4.1 Open loop power control in the uplink	Open loop power control tolerance ±9 dB (Normal) Open loop power control tolerance ±12 dB (Normal)	1.0 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT For Normal conditions: Upper Tolerance limit = +10 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -10 dB For Extreme conditions: Upper Tolerance limit = +13 dB Lower Tolerance limit = -13 dB
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in uplink	See table 5.4.2.1 and 5.4.2.2	0.1dB 0.15 dB 0.2 dB 0.3 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT
5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	UE minimum transmit power shall be less than –50 dBm	1.0 dB	Formula: UE minimum transmit power + TT UE minimum transmit power = -49 dBm

Table F.4.1: Derivation of Test Requirements (Transmitter tests)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
5.4.4 Out-of- synchronisation handling of output power:	$\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ levels $\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}}$ AB: -22 dB BD: -28 dB DE: -24 dB EF: -18 dB transmit ON/OFF time 200ms $\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} - 60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.4 dB for <u>DPCCH_E</u> I _{or} 0 ms for timing measurem ent	Formulas: Ratio between A and B + TT Ratio between B and D – TT Ratio between D and E – TT Ratio between E and F + TT transmit ON/OFF time + TT timing $\frac{DPDCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -1 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ levels:}$ AB: -21.6 dB BD: -28.4 dB DE: -24.4 dB EF: -17.6 dB transmit ON/OFF time 200ms timing Uncertainty of OFF power measurement is handled by Transmit OFF power test and uncertainty of ON power measurement is handled by Minimum output power test.
5.5.1 Transmit OFF power (static case)	Transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm	1.0 dB	Formula: Transmit OFF power + TT Transmit OFF power = -55dBm.
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask (dynamic case)	Transmit ON power shall be the target value as defined in clause 5.5.2.2 Transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm	On power upper TT = 0.7 dB On power lower TT = 1.0 dB Off power TT [] dB	Formula for transmit ON power: Transmit ON power target upper limit + On power upper TT Transmit ON power target lower limit - On power lower TT To calculate Transmit ON power target value range take the nominal TX power range from Table 5.5.2.3 then apply table 5.4.1.1 open limits then apply table 5.7.1 (only if there has been a transmission gap) then cap the upper value using table 5.2.1. Formula for transmit OFF power: Transmit OFF power + Off power TT Transmit OFF power = []dBm
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	TFC step size = +5 to +9 dB	0.3 dB	Formula: Upper Tolerance limit + TT Lower Tolerance limit – TT Upper limit = -4.7 dB
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode	Various	TBD (Subset of 5.4.2)	Lower limit = -9.3 dB TBD

Test	Minimum Require 25.101		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.		0 kHz	Formula: occupied channe TT	
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher.		1.5 dB	occupied channel bandwic Formula: Minimum require Lower limit + TT Add 1.5 to Minimum require in TS25.101 Table 6.10. Zero test tolerance is appl Additional requirements fo to FCC regulatory requirer The lower limit shall be -4 MHz or which ever is high	ment + TT rement entries red for r Band II due nents. 8.5 dBm / 3.84
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH	Minimum requirement defined in TS25.101 Table 6.10. The lower limit shall be –50 dBm / 3.84 MHz or which ever is higher.		1.5 dB	Formula: Minimum require Lower limit + TT Add 1.5 to Minimum require in TS25.101 Table 6.10. Zero test tolerance is appli Additional requirements fo IV and Band V due to FCC requirements. The lower limit shall be -4 MHz or which ever is high	rement entries ied for r Band II, Band c regulatory 8.5 dBm / 3.84
5.10 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)	If the adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the values specified below. Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5 MHz, ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MHz or -10 MHz, ACLR limit: 43 dB		0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute power t	hreshold + TT
			0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR limit - TT Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5 limit: 32.2 dB UE channel +10 MHz or -1 limit: 42.2 dB	
5.10A Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH	If the adjacent chan greater than -50 dB ACLR shall be high values specified bel	m then the er than the	0.0 dB	Formula: Absolute power t	hreshold + TT
	Power Classes 3 an UE channel +5 MHz ACLR limit: 33 dB UE channel +10 MH ACLR limit: 43 dB	id 4: c or -5MHz,	0.8 dB	Formula: ACLR limit – TT Power Classes 3 and 4: UE channel +5 MHz or -5N Limit: 32.2 dB UE channel +10 MHz or -1 Limit: 42.2 dB	0MHz, ACLR
5.11 Spurious Emissions				Formula: Minimum Require Add zero to all the values Requirements in table 5.11 5.11.1b.	of Minimum 1.1a and
	Frequency Band	Minimum Requireme nt		Frequency Band	Minimum Requirement
	9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	–36dBm /1kHz	0 dB	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-36dBm /1kHz
	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	–36dBm /10kHz	0 dB	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	-36dBm /10kHz
	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	–36dBm /100kHz	0 dB	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	–36dBm /100kHz
	1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz	0 dB	1 GHz ≤ f < 2.2 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	2.2 GHz ≤ f < 4 GHz	-30dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	4 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	–30dBm /1MHz

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in 1	rs 34.121
	1893.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	–41dBm /300kHz	0 dB	1893.5 MHz < f < 1919.6 MHz	–41dBm /300kHz
	925 MHz \leq f \leq 935 MHz	–67dBm /100kHz	0 dB	925 MHz \leq f \leq 935 MHz	–67dBm /100kHz
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	–79dBm /100kHz	0 dB	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	–79dBm /100kHz
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	–71dBm /100kHz	0 dB	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	–71dBm /100kHz
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	Intermodulation Product 5MHz -31 dBc 10MHz -41 dBc CW Interferer level = -40 dBc		0 dB	Formula: CW interferer level Intermod Products limits rer unchanged. CW interferer level = -40 dE	nain
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	The measured Peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB.		1.0 dB	Formula: Peak code domain Peak code domain error = -	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	The measured EVM shall not exceed 17.5%.		0%	Formula: EVM limit + TT EVM limit = 17.5 %	
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (Frequency error)	exceed 17.5%. The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B.		10 Hz	Formula: modulated carrier error + TT modulated carrier frequency (0.1 ppm + 10 Hz).	

Test	Minimum Requi 25.10		Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in	TS 34.121
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	Îor = -106.7 dBm / 3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -117 dBm / 3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001		0.7 dB	Formula: Îor+ TT DPCH_Ec + TT BER limit unchanged Îor = -106 dBm / 3 DPCH_Ec = -116.3 dBm	3.84 MHz
6.3 Maximum input level	-25 dBm lor -19 dBc DPCH_E		0.7 dB	Formula: lor-TT lor = -25.7 dBm	
6.4 Adjacent Channel Selectivity	Îor = -92.7 dBm / 3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -103 dBm / 3.84 MHz loac (modulated) = -52 dBm/3.84 MHz BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: Îor unchanged DPCH_Ec unchanged Ioac – TT BER limit unchanged Ioac = -52 dBm/3.84 MHz	
6.5 Blocking Characteristics	See Table 6.5.3 and 6.5.4. in TS34.121 BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: I _{blocking} (modulated) - TT (c I _{blocking} (CW) - TT (dBm) BER limit unchanged	IBm/3.84MHz)
6.6 Spurious Response	Iblocking(CW) –44 dBm Fuw: Spurious response frequencies BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: I _{blocking} (CW) - TT Fuw unchanged BER limit unchanged I _{blocking} (CW) = -44 dBm	¯ (dBm)
6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	louw1 (CW) -46 dBm louw2 (modulated) -46 dBm / 3.84 MHz Fuw1 (offset) 10 MHz Fuw2 (offset) 20 MHz lor = -103.7 dBm/3.84 MHz DPCH_Ec = -114 dBm/3.84 BER limit = 0.001		0 dB	Formula: lor + TT DPCH_Ec + TT louw1 level unchanged louw2 level unchanged BER limit unchanged. lor = -114 dBm BER limit. = 0.001	
6.8 Spurious Emissions				Formula: Maximum level + Add zero to all the values of Level in table 6.8.1.	
	Frequency Band	Maximum level		Frequency Band	Maximum level
	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-57dBm /100kHz	0 dB	9kHz ≤ f < 1GHz	-57dBm /100kHz
	1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75GHz	-47dBm /1MHz	0 dB	$1GHz \le f \le 2.2GHz$	-47dBm /1MHz
			0 dB	2.2GHz < f ≤ 4GHz	-47dBm /1MHz
	1920MHz ≤ f ≤	-60dBm	0 dB 0 dB	$4GHz < f \le 12.75GHz$ 1920MHz $\le f \le 1980MHz$	-47dBm /1MHz -60dBm
	$1920MHZ \le f \le$ $1980MHZ$ $2110MHZ \le f \le$	/3.84MHz -60dBm	0 dB	$1920MHz \le 1 \le 1980MHz$ 2110MHz $\le f \le 2170MHz$	/3.84MHz -60dBm
	2170MHz ST S	/3.84MHz			/3.84MHz

Table F.4.2: Derivation of Test Requirements (Receiver tests)

550

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.2 Demodulation of DPCH in static conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -5.5 \text{ to } -16.6 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$
			$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = -0.7 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} -5.4 \text{ to } -16.5 \text{ dB}:$
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 1-4	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -2.2 \text{ to } -15.0$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB to } -3 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} + \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 5-8	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -3.2 \text{ to } -7.7 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -2.1 to -14.9 dB:}$ Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio + TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio + TT}$
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6 \text{ dB to } -3 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -3.1 to -7.6 dB:
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 9-12	$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} -4.4 \text{ to } -11.8 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6 \text{ dB to } -3 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $I_{oc} \text{ unchanged}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 \text{ to } -2.4 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -4.3 \text{ to } -11.7 \text{ dB}$

Table F.4.3: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 13-16	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -2.2 \text{ to } -15.0 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -2.1 to -14.9 dB:
7.3 Demodulation of DPCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions Tests 17-20	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -1.4 to -8.8 dB	0.1 dB for $\underline{DPCH_E_c}$ I_{or}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	I_{oc} = -60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6$ to -3 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.6 to –2.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -1.3 to -8.7 dB:
7.4 Demodulation of DPCH in moving propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -10.9 to -14.5	0.1 dB for $\underline{DPCH_E_c}$ I_{or}	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ -10.8 to -14.4 dB:
7.5 Demodulation of DPCH birth-death propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -8.7 to -12.6 dB	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -18.6 to -12.5 dB:

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	23.101	(TT)	
7.6.1 Demodulation of DPCH in transmit diversity propagation conditions	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} - 16.8 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.8 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -16.7 dB:
7.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop Transmit diversity	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -18 to -18.3 dB	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
mode	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.8 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -17.9 to -18.2 dB:
7.6.3, Demodulation of DCH in site selection diversity Transmission	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.0 to -10.5 dB	0.1 dB for \underline{DPCH}_E_c	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
power control mode	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ to -3 dB	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ to } -2.2 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -4.9 to -10.4 dB:
7.7.1 Demodulation in inter-cell soft Handover	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -5.5 to -15.2 dB}$	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{lor2/loc} = 6 \text{ to } 0 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6.8 \text{ to } 0.8 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -5.4 to –15.4 dB:

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -12 \text{ dB}$ Ior1 and Ior2 -60dBm	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
		0dB for lor1 and lor2	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -11,9 \text{ dB}:$ lor1 = -60dBm lor2 = -60dBm
			The absolute levels of lor1 and lor2 are not important to this test.
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 2	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} -12 \text{ dB}$ $I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	$\hat{I}_{oc} / I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$	0.8 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + + + I_{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0.8 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -11,9 dB:
7.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	Test parameters: $\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{set at the level}$ $\frac{I_{or1}}{I_{or1}} = \text{set at the level}$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c3}}{I_{or1}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} - 10$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} + 6$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} + 6$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = \frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} + 6$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = -15 \text{ dBm } \pm 5$ $\frac{DE}{DE} = -15 \text{ dBm } \pm 3$ $\frac{DE}{DE} = -15 \text{ dBm } \pm 3$	0 dB for all test parameters 0 dB for all test requiremen ts	Test parameters: $\frac{DPCH_E_{c1}}{I_{or1}} = ratio + TT$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c2}}{I_{or1}} = ratio + TT$ $\frac{DPCH_E_{c3}}{I_{or1}} = ratio + TT$ Test requirements: Test 1: UE output power = -15 dBm ± (5 dB + TT) Test 2: UE output power = -15 dBm ± (3 dB + TT)

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	25.101	(TT)	
7.8.1 Power control in downlink constant BLER target	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -9 to -16 dB	0.1 dB for	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{E_{c}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 60 dBm	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9 to -1 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 to -0.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ -8.9 to -15.9 dB:
7.8.2, Power control in downlink initial convergence	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -8.1 to -18.9 dB	0.1 dB for DPCH_E _c	Formulas: $DPCH_E_e$ = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 dB	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ -8.0 to -18.8 dB:
7.8.3, Power control in downlink: wind up effects	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \text{ -13.3 dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$		\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 5.6 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ -13.2 dB:
7.9 Downlink compressed mode	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{P} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	Test 1 -14.6 dB Test 3 -15.2 dB $I_{oc} = -60$ dBm	$\frac{DICH_{L_c}}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{I_{or}}{I_{or}} = ratio + TT$
	$\hat{I}_{oc} = 9 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I_{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 9.6 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$
			Test 1 -14.5 dB Test 3 -15.1 dB:

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
7.10 Blind transport format detection Tests 1, 2, 3	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -17.7 to -18.4 dB	0.1 dB for \underline{DPCH}_E_c	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	I_{oc} = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -1 \text{ dB}$	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -0.7 \text{ dB}$
			$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ -17.6 to –18.3 dB:
7.10 Blind transport format detection Tests 4, 5, 6	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -13.0 to -13.8 dB	0.1 dB for $DPCH_E_c$	Formulas: $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + TT$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 60 dBm	I _{or}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$ $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -3 \text{ dB}$	0.6 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
			\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = -2.4 dB
			$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -12.9 to -13.7 dB:
7.11 Demodulation of paging channel (PCH)	TBD		
7.12 Detection of acquisition indicator (AI)	TBD		

Table F.4.4: Derivation of Test Requirements (RRM tests)

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.2 Idle Mode Tasks			
8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection			
8.2.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].		
	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
	Cells 1 and 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 3, 4, 5, 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor(3, 4, 5, 6) = -69.73 dBm	-0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB +0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT lor(3, 4, 5, 6) + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:
	lor(1) = -62.73 dBm	-0.27 dB for lor(1)	lor(1) + TT
	lor(2) = -59.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(2)	lor(2) + TT
	During T2:	During T2:	During T2:
	lor(1) = -59.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(1)	lor(1) + TT lor(2) + TT
	lor(2) = -62.73 dBm	-0.27 dB for lor(2)	101(2) + 11
8.2.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].
	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_EC/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB Cells 3 and 4: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB Channel 1 during T1:	-0.80 dB Channel 1 during	Ec/lor ratio + TT Channel 1 during T1:
	lor(1) = -73.39 dBmlor(3, 4) = -77.39 dBmloc(1) = -70.00 dBm	<u>T1:</u> -0.01 dB for lor(1) -0.01 dB for lor(3,4) 0.00 dB for loc(1)	$\frac{\text{lor(1)} + \text{TT}}{\text{lor(3, 4)} + \text{TT}}$ $\frac{\text{loc(1)} + \text{TT}}{\text{loc(1)} + \text{TT}}$
	Channel 1 during T2:	Channel 1 during T2:	Channel 1 during T2:
	lor(1) = -67.75 dBm lor(3, 4) = -74.75 dBm loc(1) = -70.00 dBm	+0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.80 dB for loc(1)	lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT
	<u>Channel 2 during T1 and</u> <u>T2:</u>	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 5 and 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	-0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB -0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during	Channel 2 during T1:
	lor(2) = -67.75 dBm lor(5, 6) = -74.75 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	T1: +0.75 dB for lor(2) -0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.80 dB for loc(2)	lor(2) + TT lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	<u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> lor(2) = -73.39 dBm lor(5, 6) = -77.39 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	<u>Channel 2 during</u> <u>T2:</u> -0.01 dB for lor(2) -0.01 dB for lor(5,6) 0.00 dB for loc(2)	<u>Channel 2 during T2:</u> lor(2) + TT lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT
8.2.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection			
8.2.3.1 Scenario 1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ lor/loc = 0 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $(\text{loc/Rxlev}_{\text{test requirement}} = (\text{loc/Rxlev}_{\text{minimum requirement}} + \text{TT})$ $\text{lor/loc} = 0.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB}:$
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ lor/loc = - 5 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} - \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = \text{ratio} - \text{TT}$ $(\text{loc/Rxlev})_{\text{test requirement}} =$ $(\text{loc/Rxlev})_{\text{minimum requirement}} - \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = -5.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} -10.1 \text{ dB}$
8.2.3.2 Scenario 2: Only UTRA level changed	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ lor/loc = 20 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $\text{lor/loc} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$ $(\text{loc/Rxlev}_{\text{test requirement}} = (\text{loc/Rxlev}_{\text{minimum requirement}} + \text{TT})$ $\text{lor/loc} = 20.3 \text{ dB}$ $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -9.9 \text{ dB}:$

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$ lor/loc = -9 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc 0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	Formulas: $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = ratio - TT$ $lor/loc = ratio - TT$ $(loc/Rxlev)_{test requirement} =$ $(loc/Rxlev)_{minimum requirement} - TT$ $lor/loc = -9.3 dB$
			$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10.1 \text{ dB}:$
8.2.4 FDD/TDD cell re- selection	TBD		
8.3 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility	TBD		
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 and T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 = {-148 148} chips	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB 0.5 chips	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT {-148+TT 148-TT} chips
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above
	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	<u>During</u> T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:	During T2/T3/T4/T5/T6:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover			
8.3.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].
	During T1 and T2 / T3: Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	During T1 / T2 / T3: +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	During T1 and T2 / T3: Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T2 / T3:	During T2 / T3:	During T2 / T3:
	<u>Daning (27 rot</u>	<u>During (2710)</u>	<u>Banng 127 10.</u>
	Cell 2:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.3.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].
	Channel 1 during T1 and	Channel 1 during	Channel 1 during T1 and T2 / T3:
	<u>T2 / T3:</u>	T1 and T2 / T3:	
	Cell 1:		
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during T1:
	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:	<u>Channel 2 during</u> <u>T2 / T3:</u>	Channel 2 during T2 / T3:
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	_		
8.3.3 FDD/TDD Handover	TBD		
8.3.4 Inter-system Handover form UTRAN FDD to GSM	During T2 and T3 RXLEV=-75 dBm	During T2 and T3: + 1 dB for RXLEV	During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT
			Only RXLEV during T2 and T3 is a
			critical parameter. UE measurement
			accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4
			dB in this test.
			During T2 and T3 : measured GSM
			Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV
			setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV
8.3.5 Cell Re-selection			
in CELL_FACH			
8.3.5.1 One frequency	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolerances		
present in the	are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in this document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].		
neighbour list	uocument. The analysis is rec	LOIDEU III SGPP IK 34	JUZ [24].

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:	During T1 and T2:
	Cells 1 and 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 3, 4, 5, 6: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB -0.50 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	lor(3, 4, 5, 6) = -69.73 dBm	+0.03 dB for lor(3, 4, 5, 6)	lor(3, 4, 5, 6) + TT
	During T1:	During T1:	During T1:
	lor(1) = -62.73 dBm lor(2) = -59.73 dBm	-0.27 dB for lor(1) +0.13 dB for lor(2)	lor(1) + TT lor(2) + TT
	During T2:	During T2:	During T2:
	lor(1) = -59.73 dBm lor(2) = -62.73 dBm	+0.13 dB for lor(1) -0.27 dB for lor(2)	lor(1) + TT lor(2) + TT
8.3.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24].
	Channel 1 during T1 and	Channel 1 during	Channel 1 during T1 and T2:
	<u>T2:</u>	T1 and T2:	
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 3 and 4: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB -0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T1:}}{\text{lor}(1) = -71.85 \text{ dBm}} \\ \text{lor}(3, 4) = -76.85 \text{ dBm} \\ \text{loc}(1) = -70.00 \text{ dBm}}$	Channel 1 during <u>T1:</u> +0.05 dB for lor(1) +0.05 dB for lor(3,4) 0.00 dB for loc(1)	<u>Channel 1 during T1:</u> lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT
	$\frac{\text{Channel 1 during T2:}}{\text{lor}(1) = -67.75 \text{ dBm}} \\ \text{lor}(3, 4) = -74.75 \text{ dBm} \\ \text{loc}(1) = -70.00 \text{ dBm}}$	Channel 1 during T2: +0.75 dB for lor(1) -0.05 dB for lor(3, 4) -1.60 dB for loc(1)	<u>Channel 1 during T2:</u> lor(1) + TT lor(3, 4) + TT loc(1) + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	Channel 2 during T1 and	Channel 2 during	Channel 2 during T1 and T2:
	<u>T2:</u>	<u>T1 and T2:</u>	
	Cell 2:		
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB +0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.60 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cells 5 and 6:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	-0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.70 dB -0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH Ec/lor = -15 dB	-0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	-0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Channel 2 during T1:	Channel 2 during	Channel 2 during T1:
		<u>T1:</u>	
	lor(2) = -67.75 dBm	+0.75 dB for lor(2)	lor(2) + TT
	lor(5, 6) = -74.75 dBm loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	-0.05 dB for lor(5, 6) -1.60 dB for loc(2)	lor(5, 6) + TT loc(2) + TT
	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during T2:	Channel 2 during T2:
	lor(2) = -71.85 dBm	+0.05 dB for lor(2)	lor(2) + TT
	lor(5, 6) = -76.85 dBm	+0.05 dB for lor(5,6)	lor(5, 6) + TT
	loc(2) = -70.00 dBm	0.00 dB for loc(2)	loc(2) + TT
8.3.5.3 Cell Re- selection to GSM	During T1:		
	$CPICH_E_c$ = -10 dB	0.1 dB for	$\underline{CPICH}_{E_c} = \text{ratio} + \text{TT}$
	I_{or}	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	<u> </u>
	lor/loc = 0 dB	0.3 dB for lor/loc	lor/loc = ratio + TT
	loc/RXLEV = 20	0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	(Ioc/Rxlev) _{test requirement} = (Ioc/Rxlev) _{minimum requirement} + TT
			lor/loc = 0.3 dB
			$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ = -9.9 dB:
			or
			loc/RXLEV = 20.3
	During T2:		
	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = -10 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = ratio - TT$
	lor/loc = - 5 dB	0.3 dB for lor/loc	lor/loc = ratio - TT
	loc/RXLEV = 5	0.3 dB for loc/RXLEV	(Ioc/Rxlev) _{test requirement} = (Ioc/Rxlev) _{minimum requirement} - TT
			lor/loc = -5.3 dB
			$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -10.1 dB:
			loc/RXLEV = 4.7

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH			
8.3.6.1 One frequency present in the	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
neighbour list	$\underline{CPICH}_{E_c} = -10 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for	Formulas:
	I _{or}	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\underline{CPICH}_{\underline{E_c}} = ratio + TT$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 70 dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	I_{or} lor/loc = ratio + TT
	lor/loc = 10.27 dB		
	Note: Parameters are valid for cell 1 at time T2 and cell		
	2 at time T1		lor/loc = 10.57 dB
			$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} -9.9 \text{ dB:}$
			01
8.3.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
	$\underline{CPICH_{-}E_{c}} = -10 \text{ dB}$	0.1 dB for	Formulas:
	I _{or}	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} = ratio + TT$
	<i>I_{oc}</i> = - 70 dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	I_{or} lor/loc = ratio + TT
	lor/loc = 2.2 dB		loc unchanged
	Note: Parameters are valid for cell 1 at time T2 and cell		loc ratio unchanged
	2 at time T1		lor/loc = 2.5 dB
			$\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ -9.9 dB:
8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH			
8.3.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1	Same as 8.2.2.1
8.3.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2	Same as 8.2.2.2
8.4 RRC Connection Control			
8.4.1 RRC Re- establishment delay	TBD		

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.4.1.1 Test 1	Cell 1, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB DCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB lor/loc = 2.39 dB Cell 1, T2: lor/loc = -infinity Cell 2, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 4.39 dB Cell 2, T2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 0.02 dB		
8.4.1.2 Test 2	Cell 1, T1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB DCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB lor/loc = -3.35 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}}$ 0.3 dB for lor/loc	Level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test.
	Cell 1, T2: lor/loc = -infinity		
	Cell 2, T1: lor/loc = -infinity		
	Cell 2, T2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB lor/loc = 0.02 dB		
8.4.2.1, 8.4.2.2 & 8.4.2.3 Random Access	RACH power difference nominal 3dB ± 2dB UE setting uncertainty	Measurement TT:Power difference ± 1dBMaximum Power-1dB / +0.7dB	Test parameter settings unchanged.Power measurement:Upper limit +TT Lower limit -TT
8.4.2.4 Random Access correct behaviuor when reaching maximum transmit power	Maximum preamble power=0dBm±9dB	1.0 dB	Formula: Upper limit + TT Lower limit – TT
8.4.3 Transport format combination selection in UE	DL Power control is ON so DPCH_Ec/lor depends on TPC commands sent by UE	0 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor	No test requirements for DPCH_Ec/lor
8.5 Timing and Signalling Characteristics			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121	
8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	DPCH_Ec/lor = -13.5 dB CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB Îor1=-96 dB Îor2=-99 dB	0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 0.1 dB for DPCH_Ec/lor 1 dB for Îor1 1.3 dB for Îor2 0.5 chips for Rx-Tx timing accuracy	Since the test is performed close to sensitivity level any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil: Îor1 shall not go below –96 dBm Îor2 shall not go below –99 dBm Îor1/Îor2 shall not go above 3 dB DPCH_Ec/lor shall not go below – 13.5 dB CPICH_Ec/lor shall not go below –10 dB Formulas for test parameters DPCH_Ec/lor +TT CPICH_Ec/lor +TT Îor1 + TT Îor2 + TT Timing accuracy ±2.0 chip Formulas for test requirements:	
			Upper limit +TT Lower limit –TT	
8.6 UE Measurements Procedures				
8.6.1 FDD intra frequency measurements				
8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (R99)		e to give a simple deriva	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances ation of the Test Requirement in this 902 [24]. During T1 to T4:	
	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	During T1/T4 only :	During T1/T4 only:	During T1/T4 only:	
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above	
	During T2/T3 only:	During T2/T3 only:	During T2/T3 only:	
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
8.6.1.1 A Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions (Rel-4 and		e to give a simple deriva		
later)	Cell 1: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT	
	During T1/T3 only :	During T1/T3 only:	During T1/T3 only:	
	Already covered above	Covered above	Already covered above	

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
	During T2 only:	During T2 only:	During T2 only:
	Cell 2:		
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN	Because the relationships between the Test system uncertainties and the Test Tolera are complex, it is not possible to give a simple derivation of the Test Requirement in t document. The analysis is recorded in 3GPP TR 34 902 [24].		
propagation condition	During T0 to T6:	During T0 to T6:	During T0 to T6:
(R99)			
	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:	0.70 /D	
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.2A Event	Because the relationships be	tween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
triggered reporting of	are complex, it is not possible	e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
multiple neighbours in	document. The analysis is rea		902 [24].
AWGN propagation	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:
condition (Rel-4 and			
later)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours	are complex, it is not possible document. The analysis is rec	e to give a simple deriva corded in 3GPP TR 34	
in AWGN propagation	During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:	During T0 to T5:
condition (R99)			
	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:	- · · · · -	
	$CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB$	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.3A Event	Because the relationships be	tween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
triggered reporting of two detectable		e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
neighbours in AWGN	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:	During T0 to T4:
propagation condition		Daming TO to TT.	
(Rel-4 and later)	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.40 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.1.4 Correct	TBD		
reporting of neighbours			
in fading propagation			
condition (R99)			
8.6.1.4A Correct	Because the relationships be	tween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours			ation of the Test Requirement in this
in fading propagation	document. The analysis is red		
in rading propagation		USINGUIT JOI F IN 34	ייר ובדן.

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
condition (Rel-4 and later)	During T1 only:	During T1:	During T1:
	Cell 1:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB +0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
		+0.70 dB	
	Cell 2: CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	SCH Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	During T2 only:	During T2:	During T2:
	Cell 1:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.30 dB +0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB$	+0.30 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 2:		
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB$	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
9.6.2 EDD inter	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB TBD	+0.70 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2 FDD inter frequency			
measurements 8.6.2.1 Correct	Because the relationships by	Intween the Test system	uncertainties and the Test Tolerances
reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation		e to give a simple deriva	ation of the Test Requirement in this
condition	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:	During T0 to T2:
			<u> </u>
	Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3:	0.00.15	
	CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	+0.80 dB +0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT Ec/lor ratio + TT
	$PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB$	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
	Cell 1:		
	DPCH_Ec/lor = -17 dB	+0.80 dB	Ec/lor ratio + TT
8.6.2.2 Correct	TBD		
reporting of neighbours			
in Fading propagation			
condition 8.6.3 TDD	TBD		
measurements			
8.6.3.1Correct	TBD		
reporting of TDD			
neighbours in AWGN			
propagation condition			
8.6.4 GSM			
measurements			

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.6.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	During T2 RXLEV=-75 dBm During T3 RXLEV=-85 dBm	<u>Uuring T2:</u> + 1 dB for RXLEV <u>During T3:</u> -1 dB for RXLEV	During T2 and T3 RXLEV + TT Only RXLEV is a critical parameter. UE measurement accuracy for GSM Carrier RSSI is ±4 dB in this test. During T2: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting shall be above –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=+1 dB for RXLEV During T3: measured GSM Carrier RSSI ± uncertainty of RXLEV setting
8.7 Measurements Performance Requirements			shall be below –80 dBm (Threshold for GSM). => TT=-1 dB for RXLEV
8.7.1 CPICH RSCP			
8.7.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	see table 8.7.1.1.1.1 andtable 8.7.1.1.1.2	±1 dB for loc±0.3 dB for lor/loc±0.1dB forEc/lor	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1 (absolute and relative): lo shall not go below - 69dBm Test 2(absolute and relative): lo shall not go above -50 dBmTest 3 (absolute and relative): lo shall not go below -94 dBm lor/loc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy:Absolute±1.0 dB for loc±0.3 dB for lor/loc ±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor ∑ 1.4dBRelative±0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell1)±0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell2)±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell1)±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2)∑ 0.8dB
8.7.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo	See table 8.7.1.2.1.1 andtable 8.7.1.2.1.2	±1 dB for loc±0.3 dB for loc1/loc2±0.3 dB for lor/loc±0.1dB forEc/lor	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBmTest 2: Io shall not go below -94 dBmIor/loc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy: ± 0.3 dB for loc1/loc2 ± 0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell1) ± 0.3 dB for lor/loc (cell2) ± 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell1) ± 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/lor (cell2) $\sum 1.1$ dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy	table 8.7.2.1.1.1 and table 8.7.2.1.1.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:
		±0.1dB forEc/lor	Test 1(absolute and relative): Io shall not go above -50 dBm
			Test 2 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -87dBm
			Test 3 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -94 dBm
			CPICH Ec/Io shall stay in the UE accuracy ranges
			Ior/Ioc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurement accuracy:
			Absolute
			±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior
			$\sum 0.4$ dB
			Relative
			Ioc1=Ioc2
			$\pm 0.3 \text{ dB for Ior/Ioc}$ (cell1)
			± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell2)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell1)
			±0.1dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell2)
			∑ 0.8dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy	IS 25.133 [2] table 8.7.2.2.2.1 and table 8.7.2.2.2.2	±1 dB for Ioc ±0.3 dB for Ioc1/Ioc2 ±0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc ±0.1dB forEc/Ior	Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil: Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBm Test 2: Io shall not go below -87 dBm Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm Ior/Ioc + TT TT on top of UE measurement accuracy: Ioc1=Ioc2. ± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell1) ± 0.3 dB for Ior/Ioc (cell2) ± 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell1) ± 0.1 dB for CPICH_Ec/Ior (cell2) $\Sigma 0.8$ dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2] Table 8.7.3.1.2	(Test Requirement in TS 34.121Any TT applied to the nominal setting shall fulfil:Test 1 (absolute): Io shall not go above -50 dBmTest 2 (absolute): Io shall not go below -69 dBmTest 3 (absolute and relative): Io shall not go below -94 dBmIor/Ioc + TTTT on top of UE measurement accuracy:Absolute tests:Test 1:Max TT= Iomax - Ionominal Iomax = IoCmax + Iormax = (- 53.5 dBm + 1dB) + (-52.5 dBm - 1.45 dB + 0.3 dB) = - 50.0 dBmabax TT = 1.15 dBMin TT = Iomin - IOIomin - Io
			dBm - 4.4 dB - 0.3 dB) = -69.0 dBm
			$Max TT = Io_{max} - Io_{nominal}$
			$Io_{nominal} = -93 \text{ dBm}$ $Io_{max} = Ioc_{max} + Ior_{max} + No =$ (-93.46 dBm + 1dB) + (- 92.46 dBm - 9.24 dB +0.3 dB) + -99 dBm = -91.2
		ETSI	=> Max TT = 1.8 dB

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.3A GSM Carrier RSSI	WCDMA cell parameters: See table 8.7.3A.2 GSM cell parameters: See table 8.7.3A.3	TT for test parameters GSM cell levels: Step 1: -1 dB Step 2: -1 dB Step 3: -1 dB Step 4:+1 dB TT for test requirements: Relative accuracy requirements: a, b, c and d values in minimum requirements are increased by 2 dB i.e., For x1 \geq s+14, x2< -48 dBm: a=4, b=4, c=6, d=6 For s+14 > x1 \geq s+1 a=5, b=4, c=7, d=6 For s+1 > x1 a=6, b=4, c=8, d=6 Absolute accuracy requirements: original minimum requirements are	WCDMA: Test parameter settings are unchanged since level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test GSM: Test parameter settings are changed in steps 1,2,3 and 4 as follows: BCCH levels are increased by test tolerance so that during Step 1, level \leq 38 dBm, Step 2, level \leq 48 dBm, Step 3, level \leq 70 dBm, Step 4, level \geq -110 dBm. Hence during steps 1,2,3 and 4: New levels=Original levels + TT For other steps 5 to 12 GSM test parameter settings are unchanged since level settings in either direction are not critical with respect to the outcome of the test TT on top of UE measurement accuracy: Relative accuracy: Test system uncertainty \pm 1.4 dB. Rounded to \pm 2 dB due to granularity of GSM Carrier RSSI report mapping of 1 dB. Absolute accuracy: Test system uncertainty \pm 1.0 dB. No need to increase due to granularity of GSM Carrier RSSI report mapping of 1 dB.
8.7.3B Transport	TBD	increased by ±1 dB	
channel BLER 8.7.3C UE Transmitted power 8.7.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference	Accuracy upper limit Accuracy lower limit Depends on PUEMAX see table 8.7.3C.2.1 T able 8.7.4.1.2 and Table 8.7.4.2.2	0.7 dB ±1.0 dB for loc ±0.3 dB for lor/loc ±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-CFN observed time difference	Formula: Upper accuracy limit + TT Lower accuracy limit – TT Add and subtract TT to all the values in table 8.7.3C.2.1. Intra and inter frequency case: Test 1: lo shall not go above -50 dBm Test 2: No restrictions on lo value Test 3: lo shall not go below -94 dBm (Band 1), or below –92 dBm (Band II) or below –91 dBm (Band III) Îor/loc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurements accuracy: SFN-CFN observed time difference: 1.0 chips + TT

Test	Test Parameters in TS 25.133 [2]	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
8.7.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time	T able 8.7.5.1.2	±1.0 dB for loc	Test 1: Io shall not go above -50 dBm
difference type 1		±0.3 dB for lor/loc	Test 2: No restrictions on lo value
		±0.5 chips for the actual SFN-SFN observed time difference	Test 3: Io shall not go below -94 dBm (Band 1), or below –92 dBm (Band II) or below –91 dBm (Band III)
			Îor/loc + TT
			TT on top of UE measurements accuracy: SFN-SFN observed time difference: 1.0 chips + TT
8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time	Io -10.9 dB = Ioc,	1 dB for loc	Test 1: lo = -92.7 dBm,
difference	Test 1: lo = -94 dBm Test2 : lo = -72dBm Test3 : lo = -50dBm	0.3 dB for lor/loc	loc = -103.6 dBm
	Timing Accuracy ± 1.5 chip	0.5 chip for timing accuracy	Formula: loc*(1-TT _{loc} + (lor/loc-TT _{lor/loc})) ≥ -94
			Test 2: unchanged (no critical RF parameters)
			Test 3: lo = -51.3 dBm, loc = -62.2 dBm
			Formula: loc*(1+TT _{loc} + (lor/loc+TT _{lor/loc})) ≤ -50
			Timing accuracy ±2.0 chip
			Formulas:
			Upper limit +TT
			Lower limit –TT
8.7.7 Observed time	TBD		
difference to GSM cell			
8.7.8 P-CCPCH RSCP	ТВD		

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.101	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 34.121
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ -6 and -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ = ratio + TT
	$I_{oc} = -60 \text{ dBm}$	0.3 dB for \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 10 dB		I _{oc} unchanged
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ -6 and -3 dB	0.1 dB for $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	Formulas: $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ = ratio + TT
	I_{oc} = -60 dBm	0.8 dB for	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = ratio + TT
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0$ and 10 dB	\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	I _{oc} unchanged
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.2	Same as 9.2.2	Same as 9.2.2

Table F.4.5: Derivation of Test Requirements (Performance tests HSDPA)

F.5 Acceptable uncertainty of Test Equipment (This clause is informative)

This informative clause specifies the critical parameters of the components of an overall Test System (e.g. Signal generators, Signal Analysers etc.) which are necessary when assembling a Test System that complies with clause F.1 Acceptable Uncertainty of Test System. These Test Equipment parameters are fundamental to the accuracy of the overall Test System and are unlikely to be improved upon through System Calibration.

F.5.1 Transmitter measurements

Table F.5.1: Equipment accuracy for transmitter measurements

Test	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
5.2 Maximum Output Power	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.2A Maximum Output Power with HS- DPCCH	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.3 Frequency error	± 10 Hz	0 to 500 Hz.
5.4.1 Open loop power control in uplink	Not critical	-43.7 dBm to 25 dBm
5.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink 5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	± 0.1 dB relative over a 1.5 dB range ± 0.15 dB relative over a 3.0 range ± 0.2 dB relative over a 4.5 dB range ± 0.3 dB relative over a 26 dB range Not critical	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.4.4 Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power: $\frac{DPCCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	±0.1 dB uncertainty in DPCCH_Ec/lor ratio	Ratio from –16.6 dB to –28 dB
5.5.1 Transmit ON/OFF Power: UE transmit OFF power	Not critical	-56 dBm (static power)
5.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Power: transmit ON/OFF time mask	TBD	-56 dBm (dynamic power over approx. 70 dB range)
5.6 Change of TFC: power control step size	±0.3 dB relative over a 9 dB range	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.7 Power setting in uplink compressed mode:-UE output power	Subset of 5.4.2	+25 dBm to -50 dBm
5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	±100 kHz	For results between 4 and 6 MHz?
5.9 Spectrum emission mask	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements
5.9A Spectrum emission mask with HS- DPCCH	Not critical	P_Max Accuracy applies ± 5 dB either side of UE requirements
5.10 ACLR	5 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for results between 40 dB and 50
	10 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	dB. 25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for results between 45 dB and 55 dB.
5.10A ACLR with HS-DPCCH	5 MHz offset \pm 0.8 dB	19 to 25 dBm at 5 MHz offset for results between 40 dB and 50
	10 MHz offset ± 0.8 dB	dB. 25 dBm at 10 MHz offset for results between 45 dB and 55 dB.
5.11 Spurious emissions	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	Not critical	19 to 25 dBm
5.13.1 Transmit modulation: EVM	±2.5 % (for single code)	25 dBm to –21 dBm
5.13.1A Transmit modulation: EVM with HS-DPCCH	±2.5 % (for single code)	25 dBm to -21 dBm
5.13.2 Transmit modulation: peak code domain error	±1.0dB	For readings between -10 dB to -20 dB.
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (EVM)	2.5 %	25 dBm to -21 dBm
5.13.4 PRACH preamble quality (Frequency error)	± 10 Hz	0 to 500 Hz.

F.5.2 Receiver measurements

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions	
6.2 Reference sensitivity level	Not critical		
6.3 Maximum input level:	Not critical		
6.4 Adjacent channel selectivity	Not critical		
6.5 Blocking characteristics	Not critical		
6.6 Spurious Response	Not critical		
6.7 Intermod Characteristics	Not critical		
6.8 Spurious emissions	Not critical		

F.5.3 Performance measurements

Table F.5.3: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
7.2 to 7.10	$\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$	-2.2 to –18.9 dB

F.5.4 Requirements for support of RRM

Table F.5.4: Equipment accuracy for RRM

Clause	Equi	ipment accuracy	Test conditions	
8.2.2 to 8.7.8	any_Ec/lor	±0.1 dB		
	lor//loc	±0.3 dB		
	loc1/loc2	±0.3 dB		
	loc	±1 dB		

F.5.5 Performance measurements (HSDPA)

Table F.5.5: Equipment accuracy for performance measurements (HSDPA)

Clause	Equipment accuracy	Test conditions
9.2.1 Single Link Performance	$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$ ±0.1 dB	-6 and -3 dB
9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.1	Same as 9.2.1
9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	Same as 9.2.1	Same as 9.2.1

F.6 General rules for statistical testing

F.6.1 Statistical testing of receiver BER/BLER performance

F.6.1.1 Error Definition

1) Bit Error Ratio (BER)

The Bit Error Ratio is defined as the ratio of the bits wrongly received to all data bits sent. The bits are the information bits above the convolutional/turbo decoder

2) Block Error Ratio (BLER)

A Block Error Ratio is defined as the ratio of the number of erroneous blocks received to the total number of blocks sent. An erroneous block is defined as a Transport Block, the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) of which is wrong.

F.6.1.2 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Record the number of samples tested and the number of occurred events (bit error or block error)
- c) Stop the test at a stop criterion which is minimum test time or an early pass or an early fail event.
- d) Once the test is stopped decide according to the pass fail decision rules (subclause F.6.1.7)

F.6.1.3 Test Criteria

The test shall fulfil the following requirements:

- a) good pass fail decision
 - 1) to keep reasonably low the probability (risk) of passing a bad unit for each individual test;
 - 2) to have high probability of passing a good unit for each individual test;
- b) good balance between testtime and statistical significance
 - 3) to perform measurements with a high degree of statistical significance;
 - 4) to keep the test time as low as possible.

F.6.1.4 Calculation assumptions

F.6.1.4.1 Statistical independence

- (a) It is assumed, that error events are rare (lim BER BLER → 0) independent statistical events. However the memory of the convolutional /turbo coder is terminated after one TTI. Samples and errors are summed up every TTI. So the assumption of independent error events is justified.
- (b) In the BLER test with fading there is the memory of the multipath fading channel which interferes the statistical independence. A minimum test time is introduced to average fluctuations of the multipath fading channel. So the assumption of independent error events is justified approximately.

F.6.1.4.2 Applied formulas

The formulas, applied to describe the BER BLER test, are based on the following experiments:

(1) After having observed a certain number of errors (**ne**) the number of samples are counted to calculate BER BLER. Provisions are made (note 1) such that the complementary experiment is valid as well:

(2) After a certain number of samples (ns) the number of errors, occurred, are counted to calculate BER BLER.

Experiment (1) stipulates to use the following Chi Square Distribution with degree of freedom ne: 2*dchisq(2*NE,2*ne).

Experiment (2) stipulates to use the Poisson Distribution: dpois(ne,NE)

(NE: mean of the distribution)

To determine the early stop conditions, the following inverse cumulative operation is applied:

0.5 * qchisq(D,2*ne). This is applicable for experiment (1) and (2).

D: wrong decision risk per test step

Note: other inverse cumulative operations are available, however only this is suited for experiment (1) and (2).

F.6.1.4.3 Approximation of the distribution

The test procedure is as follows:

During a running measurement for a UE ns (number of samples) and ne (number of errors) are accumulated and from this the preliminary BER BLER is calculated. Then new samples up to the next error are taken. The entire past and the new samples are basis for the next preliminary BER BLER. Depending on the result at every step, the UE can pass, can fail or must continue the test.

As early pass- and early fail-UEs leave the statistical totality under consideration, the experimental conditions are changed every step resulting in a distribution that is truncated more and more towards the end of the entire test. Such a distribution can not any more be handled analytically. The unchanged distribution is used as an approximation to calculate the early fail and early pass bounds.

F.6.1.5 Definition of good pass fail decision.

This is defined by the probability of wrong decision F at the end of the test. The probability of a correct decision is 1-F.

The probability (risk) to fail a good DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is failed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still better than the specified error ratio (Test requirement).

The probability to pass a bad DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is passed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still worse than M times the specified error ratio. (M>1 is the bad DUT factor).

This definitions lead to an early pass and an early fail limit:

Early fail: ber≥ berlim_{fail}

$$ber \lim_{fail} (D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne}{qchisq(D, 2 * ne)}$$
(1)

For $ne \ge 7$

Early pass: ber ≤berlimbad_{pass}

$$ber \lim bad_{pass}(D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne * M}{qchisq(1 - D, 2 * ne)}$$
(2)

For ne ≥ 1

With

ber (normalized BER, BLER): BER, BLER according to F.6.1.1 divided by Test requirement

- D: wrong decision probability for a test step . This is a numerically evaluated fraction of F, the wrong decision probability at the end of the test. See table F.6.1.6.1.
- ne: Number of error events
- M: bad DUT factor see table F.6.1.6.1.

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi squared distribution

F.6.1.6 Good balance between testtime and statistical significance

Three independent test parameters are introduced into the test and shown in Table F.6.1.6.1. These are the obvious basis of test time and statistical significance. From the first two of them four dependent test parameters are derived. The third independent test parameter is justified separately.

Table F.6.1.6.1 independent and dependent test parameters

Independe	Independent test parameters			Dependent test parameters			
Test Parameter	Value	Reference	Test parameter	Value	Reference		
Bad DUT factor M	1.5	Table F.6.1.8	Early pass/fail condition	Curves	Subclause F.6.1.5 Figure 6.1.9		
Final probability of wrong pass/fail decision F	0.2% 0.02%, note 2	Subclause F.6.1.5	Target number of error events	345	Table 6.1.8		
			Probability of wrong pass/fail decision per test step D	0.0085% 0.0008% and 0.008%, note 2			
			Test limit factor TL	1.234]	Table 6.1.8		
Minimum test time		Table F.6.1.6.2					

The minimum test time is derived from the following justification:

1) For no propagation conditions and static propagation condition

No early fail calculated from fractional number of errors <1 (see note 1)

2) For multipath fading condition

No stop of the test until 990 wavelengths are crossed with the speed given in the fading profile.

3) For birth death propagation conditions

No stop of the test until 200 birth death transitions occur

4) For moving propagation conditions: 628 sec

This is necessary in order to pass all potential critical points in the moving propagation profile 4 times:

- Maximum rake window
- Maximum adjustment speed

Intersection of moving taps

able F.6.1.6.2	minimum	Test time
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Fading profi	Fading profile					
Multipath propagation	3 km/h	164 sec				
Multipath propagation	50 km/h	9.8 sec				
Multipath propagation	120 km/h	4.1 sec				
Multipath propagation	250 km/h	2 sec				
Birth Death propagation	1	38.2 sec				
Moving propagation		628 sec				

In table F.6.1.8the minimum test time is converted in minimum number of samples.

F.6.1.7 Pass fail decision rules

No decision is allowed before the minimum test time is elapsed.

 If minimum Test time < time for target number of error events then the following applies: The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at an early pass or early fail event.

For BER:

For every TTI (Transmit Time Interval) sum up the number of bits (ns) and the number if errors (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

BER₀ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If BER₀ is above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

If BER₁ is below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

For BLER:

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BLER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

BLER₀ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If BLER₁ is below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

If BLER₀ is above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

2) If the minimum test time ≥ time for target error events, then the test runs for the minimum test time and the decision is done by comparing the result with the test limit.

For BER:

For every TTI (Transmit Time Interval) sum up the number of bits (ns) and the number if errors (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate BER_0

For BLER:

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate $BLER_0$

If BER₀/BLER₀ is above the test limit, fail the DUT.

If $BER_0/BLER_0$ is on or below the test limit, pass the DUT.

F.6.1.8 Test conditions for BER, BLER tests

Type of test (BER)	Test requirement (BER/BLER)	Test limit (BER/BLER) = Test requirement (BER/BLER) x TL TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that good unit will fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	Bad unit BER/BLE R factor M
Reference Sensitivity Level	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Maximum Input Level	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Adjacent Channel Selectivity	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Blocking Characteristics Pass condition Note 2	0.001	1.251	403 (26.4s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Blocking Characteristics Fail condition Note 2	0.001	1.251	403 (26.4s)	Note 1	0.02	1.5
Spurious Response	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Intermodulation Characteristics	0.001	1.234	345 (22.9s)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
HS-SCCH Detection	0.05	FFS	FFS (FFS)	Note 1	0.2	1.5
Performance	0.01	FFS	FFS (FFS)	Note 1	0.2	1.5

Table F.6.1.8: Test conditions for a single BER/BLER tests

Traces of the st	Infants st	-	-	Tannation	NA:	Devision of	D. 1 1
Type of test (BLER)	Information Bit rate	Test requirement (BER/BLER)	Test limit (BER/B LER)= Test require ment (BER/B LER)x TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that bad unit will pass = Prob that good unit will fail [%]	Bad unit BER/BL ER factor M
			TL	0.45			
Demodulation in Static Propagation conditions	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	Note1	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Multi-path Fading Propagation conditions							
3km/h (Case 1, Case 2, Case 4)	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	8200 8200 8200 8200 8200 16400 16400	0.2	1.5
120 km/h (Case3)	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	205 205 205 205 205 205 410 410	0.2	1.5
250 km/h (Case 6)	12.2 64 144 384	0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.01 0.1 0.1 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s) (279.58s)	100 100 100 100 100 200 200	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Moving Propagation conditions	12.2 64	0.01 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16)	31400 31400	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Birth-Death Propagation conditions	12.2 64	0.01 0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s) (559.16s)	1910 1910	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH in Base Station Transmit diversity modes (3 km/h, case1)	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16s)	8200	0.2	1.5

Demodulation of DCH in closed loop			1.234	345		0.2	1.5
transmit diversity							
mode (3 km/h, case1) Mode 1	12.2	0.01		(559.16s)	8200		
Mode 2	12.2	0.01		(559.16s)	8200		
Demodulation of DCH in Site Selection Diversity Transmission Power Control mode	12.2	0.01	1.234	345 (559.16)	8200	0.2	1.5
Demodulation of DCH			1.234	345		0.2	1.5
in Inter-Cell Soft Handover (120 km/h, case3)	12.2 64	0.01 0.1 0.01	1.204	(559.16s) (55.92s) (559.16s)	205 205 205	0.2	1.0
(144 384	0.1 0.01 0.1		(55.92s) (559.16s) (27.96s)	205 205 410		
		0.01		(279.58s)	410		
Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, initial convergence				Not applicable			
Power control in the downlink, wind up effects				Not applicable			
Downlink compressed mode				Not applicable			
Blind transport format detection	Static 12.2 7.95 1.95	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{BLER} & \text{FDR} \\ 10^{-2} & 10^{-4} \\ 10^{-2} & 10^{-4} \\ 10^{-2} & 10^{-4} \end{array}$	1.234	345 BLER FDR 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min	Note 1 Note 1 Note 1	0.2	1.5
	Multipath 12.2 7.95 1.98	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10^{-2} & 10^{-4} \\ 10^{-2} & 10^{-4} \\ 10^{-2} & 10^{-4} \end{array}$		559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min 559.16s 932min	205 205 205		

F.6.1.9 Practical Use (informative)

See figure F.6.1.9:

The early fail limit represents formula (1) in F.6.1.5. The range of validity is $ne \ge 7$, ≥ 8 in case of blocking test to ne = 345

The early pass limit represents the formula (2) in F.6.1.5. The range of validity is ne=1 to ne =345. See note 1

The intersection co-ordinates of both curves are : number of errors ne = 345 and test limit TL = 1.234.

The range of validity for TL is ne>345.

A typical BER BLER test, calculated form the number of samples and errors (F.6.1.2.(b)) using experimental method (1) or (2) (see F.6.1.4. calculation assumptions) runs along the yellow trajectory. With an errorless sample the trajectory goes down vertically. With an erroneous sample it jumps up right. The tester checks if the BER BLER test intersects the early fail or early pass limits. The real time processing can be reduced by the following actions:

 $BLER_0$ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)). is calculated only in case of an error event.

 BER_0 (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)). is calculated only in case of an error event within a TTI.

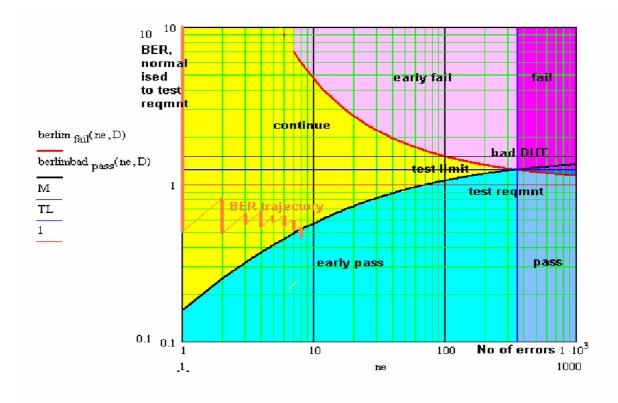
So the early fail limit cannot be missed by errorless samples.

The check against the early pass limit may be done by transforming formula (2) in F.6.1.5 such that the tester checks against a Limit-Number-of-samples (NL(ne)) depending on the current number of errors (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

Early pass if

 $NL(ne) \geq \frac{qchisq(1-D,2*ne)}{2*TR*M}$

TR: test requirement (0.001)





Note 1: At the beginning of the test, an artificial error is introduced. This ensures that an ideal DUT meets the valid range of the early pass limit. In addition this ensures that the complementary experiment (F.6.1.4. bullet point (2)) is applicable as well.

For the check against the early fail limit the artificial erroneous sample, introduced at the beginning of the test, is disregarded.

Due to the nature of the test, namely discrete error events, the early fail condition shall not be valid, when fractional errors <1 are used to calculate the early fail limit: Any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne \geq 7. In the blocking test any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne \geq 8.

Note2: F= 0.2% is intended to be used for a test containing a few BER/BLER tests (e.g. receiver sensitivity is repeated 12 times). For a test containing many BER/BLER tests (e.g. blocking test) this value is not appropriate for a single BER/BLER test.

The blocking test contains approx. 12750 single BER tests. A DUT on the limit will fail approx. 25 to 26 times due to statistical reasons (wrong decision probability at the end of the test F= 0.2 %). 24 fails are allowed in the blocking test but they are reserved for spurious responses. This shall be solved by the following rule:

All passes (based on F=0.2%) are accepted, including the wrong decisions due to statistical reasons.

An early fail limit based on F=0.02% instead of 0.2% is established, that ensures that wrong decisions due to statistical reasons are reduced to 2 to 3.

These asymmetric test conditions ensure that a DUT on the test limit consumes hardly more test time for a blocking test than in the symmetric case and on the other hand discriminates sufficiently between statistical fails and spurious response cases.

F.6.1.10 Dual limit BLER tests

This annex is applicable for subclause 7.8.1 Power control in the downlink constant BLER target and subclause 7.9 Downlink compressed mode. In this tests the BLER shall stay between two limits.

Parameters for single limit	Parameters for dual limits
Specified BER BLER —	Specified BLER * 1.3 (upper test requirement)
Specified BER BEEK	Specified BLER * 0.7 (lower test requirement)
	Bad DUT BLER *1.3
Bad DUT BER BLER	Bad DUT BLER *0.7
	Upper Test limit
Test limit————	Lower Test limit
	Fail_high
Early fail and	Pass_high
Early pass	Pass_low
	Fail_low

Table F.6.1.10. Parameters for single and dual limit BLER

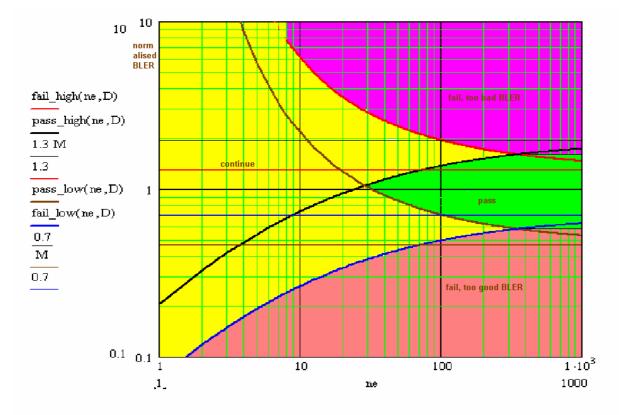


Figure F.6.1.10: Dual limit BLER

F.6.1.10.1 Description of the parameters for dual limit BLER tests

(refer figure F.6.1.10)

The origin

1 (black horizontal line in the centre): this is the normalised origin BLER

The assymptotes

1.3 (red horizontal line): this is the specified upper limit of the range (BLER +30%) (upper test requirement)

0.7(blue horizontal line): this is the specified lower limit of the range (BLER-30%)(lower test requirement)

1.3*M (black horizontal line): this is M times the specified upper limit of the range (Bad DUT BLER)

0.7/M (brown horizontal line): this is 1/M times the specified lower limit. (Bad DUT BLER)

The pass/fail limits

Fail_high (bold red curve):

Definition: A momentary BLER value above this curve is with high probability above the specified upper limit: BLER +30%.

Verdict: Above: Fail due to bad BLER

Below: continue

It approaches towards 1.3(red).

Validity range 7< errors <345.

Formula:

fail_high(ne, D) := $2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne} \cdot 1.3}{\text{qchisq}(D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})}$

Fail_low (bold blue curve):

Definition: A momentary BLER value below this curve is with high probability below the specified lower limit: BLER -30%).

Verdict: Above: continue

Below: Fail due to too good BLER

It approaches towards 0.7(blue).

Validity range $1 \le \text{errors} < 343$.

Formula:

fail_low(ne, D) :=
$$2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne} \cdot 0.7}{\text{qchisq}(1 - D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})}$$

Pass_high (bold black curve):

Definition: a momentary BLER value on and below this curve is with high probability below M times the specified upper limit.

Verdict: Above: continue

Below: pass for $ne \ge 29$

continue for ne < 29

It approaches 1.3*M(black).

Validity range $1 \le \text{errors} < 345$.

Formula:

pass_high (ne, D) := $2 \cdot \frac{\text{ne}}{\text{qchisq}(1 - D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})} \cdot M \cdot 1.3$

Pass_low (bold brown curve):

Definition: a momentary BLER value on and above this curve is with high probability above 1/M times the specified lower limit of the range.

Verdict: Above: pass for $ne \ge 29$,

continue for ne < 29

Below: continue

It approaches 0.7/M(brown).

Validity range 7< errors <343.

pass_low (ne, D) := 2
$$\cdot \frac{\text{ne} \cdot \frac{0.7}{M}}{\text{qchisq}(D, 2 \cdot \text{ne})}$$

Legende formulas:

D: wrong decision risk per test step: 0.000085

M: bad DUT factor: 1.5

ne: number of errors

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi square function

Upper test limit (boarder between pink and green)1.3*1.234 = 1.6

Validity range: $345 \leq \text{errors.}$

Verdict: Above: fail due to bad BLER

Below: pass

Lower test limit (boarder between green and orange) 0.7/1.234 = 0.567

Validity range: $343 \leq \text{errors}$

Verdict: Above: pass

Below: fail due to too good BLER

The intersection co-ordinates:

Fail_high (bold red curve) and Pass_high (bold black curve):

Upper target number of errors (345) and upper test limit: 1.3* 1.234

Fail_low (bold blue curve) and Pass_high (bold black curve):

Lower target number of errors (343) and lower test limit: 0.7 / 1.234

Pass_high (bold black curve) and Pass_low (bold brown curve)

Minimum number of errors (29) and optimum normalised BLER (1.049)

The ranges:

Range(pink): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is failed due to too high BLER.Range (orange): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is failed due to too low BLER.Range (yellow): in this range the measurement is undecided and must be continued.Range (green): in this range the measurement can be stopped and the DUT is passed. No final BLER result is achieved.

F.6.1.10.2 Pass fail decision rules

No decision is allowed before the minimum test time (Table F.6.1.6.2) has elapsed

1) If minimum Test time < time for target number of error events then the following applies: The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability, Table F.6.1.6.2) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at

fail_high

pass_high

pass_low

fail_low

For every block sum up the number of blocks (ns) and the number of erroneous blocks (ne) from the beginning of the test and calculate

BLER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1, F.6.1.9))and

BLER₀ (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1, F.6.1.9)).

If BLER₀ is above *fail_high*, fail the test due to too bad BLER

If BLER₁ is below *fail_low*, fail the test due to too good BLER

If BLER ₀ is on or below <i>fail_high</i>	and	if BLER ₁ is above <i>pass_high</i> , continue the test
If BLER ₀ is below <i>pass_low</i>	and	if BLER ₁ is above or on <i>fail low</i> , continue the test

If $BLER_1$ is below or on *pass_high* and if $BLER_0$ is on or above *pass_high*, pass the test

2) If the minimum test time ≥ time for target error events, then the test runs for the minimum test time and the decision is done by comparing the result with the upper and lower test limit.

If BLER₀ is above the upper test limit, fail the DUT due to too bad BLER

If BLER₁ is below the lower test limit, fail the DUT due to too good BLER

If BLER₀ is on or below the upper test limit and if BLER₁ is on or above the lower test limit, pass the DUT

F.6.1.10.3 Test conditions for dual limit BLER tests

Type of test (BLER)	Data rate, Propagation condition	Test requirement (BLER)	Test limit = Test requirement * TL TL	Target number of error events (time)	Minimum number of samples	Prob that a good unit will fail = prob that a bad unit will pass: F[%]	Bad unit factor M
Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target	12.2 kbit/s, 3km/h (case4)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5
Downlink compressed mode	12.2kbit/s, 3km/h (case 2)	0.01±30%	Upper TL: 1.3*1.234 Lower TL 0.7/1.234	Upper: 345 (431.25s) Lower 343 (1191s)	8200	0.2	Upper: 1.5 Lower 1/1.5

Table F.6.1.10.3 Test conditions for dual limit BLER tests

F.6.2 Statistical testing of RRM delay performance

F.6.2.1 Test Method

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Measure the delay repeated times. Start each repetition after sufficient time, such that each delay test is independent from the previous one. The delay-times, measured, are simplified to:

a good delay, if the measured delay is \leq limit.

a bad delay, if the measured delay is > limit

- c) Record the number of delays (ns), tested, and the number of bad delays (ne)
- d) Stop the test at an early pass or an early fail event.
- e) Once the test is stopped, decide according to the pass fail decision rules (subclause F.6.2.7)

F.6.2.2 Bad Delay Ratio (ER)

The Bad Delay Ratio (ER) is defined as the ratio of bad delays (ne) to all delays (ns). (1-ER is the success ratio)

F.6.2.3 Test Criteria

The test shall fulfil the following requirements:

- a) good pass fail decision
 - 1) to keep reasonably low the probability (risk) of passing a bad unit for each individual test;
 - 2) to have high probability of passing a good unit for each individual test;
- b) good balance between test-time and statistical significance
 - 3) to perform measurements with a high degree of statistical significance;
 - 4) to keep the test time as low as possible.

F.6.2.4 Calculation assumptions

F.6.2.4.1 Statistical independence

It is arranged by test conditions, that bad delays are independent statistical events.

F.6.2.4.2 Applied formulas

The specified ER is 10% in most of the cases. This stipulates to use the binomial distribution to describe the RRM delay statistics. With the binomial distribution optimal results can be achieved. However the inverse cumulative operation for the binomial distribution is not supported by standard mathematical tools. The use of the Poisson or Chi Square Distribution requires ER \rightarrow 0. Using one of this distributions instead of the binomial distribution gives sub-optimal results in the conservative sense: a pass fail decision is done later than optimal and with a lower wrong decision risk than predefined.

The formulas, applied to describe the RRM delay statistics test, are based on the following experiment:

(1) After having observed a certain number of bad delays (**ne**) the number of all delays (**ns**) are counted to calculate ER. Provisions are made (note 1) such that the complementary experiment is valid as well:

(2) After a certain number of delays (ns) the number of bad delays (ne), occurred, are counted to calculate ER.

Experiment (1) stipulates to use the Chi Square Distribution with degree of freedom ne: 2*dchisq(2*NE,2*ne).

Experiment (2) stipulates to use the Poisson Distribution: dpois(ne,NE)

(NE: mean value of the distribution)

To determine the early stop conditions, the following inverse cumulative operation is applied:

0.5 * qchisq(D,2*ne) for experiment (1) and (2)

D: wrong decision risk per test step

Note: Other inverse cumulative operations are available, however only this is suited for experiment (1) and (2).

F.6.2.4.3 Approximation of the distribution

The test procedure is as follows:

During a running measurement for a UE ns (Number of Delays) and ne (Number of bad delays) are accumulated and from this the preliminary ER is calculated. Then new samples up to the next bad delay are taken. The entire past and the new samples are basis for the next preliminary ER. Depending on the result at every step, the UE can pass, can fail or must continue the test.

As early pass- and early fail-UEs leave the statistical totality under consideration, the experimental conditions are changed every step resulting in a distribution that is truncated more and more towards the end of the entire test. Such a distribution can not any more be handled analytically. The unchanged distribution is used as an approximation to calculate the early fail and early pass bounds.

F.6.2.5 Definition of good pass fail decision.

This is defined by the probability of wrong decision F at the end of the test. The probability of a correct decision is 1-F.

The probability (risk) to fail a good DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is failed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still better than the specified bad delay ratio (Test requirement).

The probability (risk) to pass a bad DUT shall be \leq F according to the following definition: A DUT is passed, accepting a probability of \leq F that the DUT is still worse than M times the specified bad delay ratio. (M>=1 is the bad DUT factor).

This definitions lead to an early pass and an early fail limit:

Early fail: $er \ge er lim_{fail}$

$$er \lim_{fail} (D, ne) = \frac{2^* ne}{qchisq(D, 2^* ne)}$$
(1)

For $ne \ge 5$

Early pass: $er \leq erlimbad_{pass}$

$$er \lim bad_{pass}(D, ne) = \frac{2 * ne * M}{qchisq(1 - D, 2 * ne)}$$
(2)

For ne ≥ 1

With

er (normalized ER): ER according to F.6.2.2 divided by specified ER

- D: wrong decision probability for a test step . This is a numerically evaluated fraction of F, the wrong decision probability at the end of the test. see table F.6.2.6.1
- ne: Number of bad delays
- M: bad DUT factor see table F.6.2.6.1

qchisq: inverse cumulative chi squared distribution

F.6.2.6 Good balance between test-time and statistical significance

Two independent test parameters are introduced into the test and shown in Table F.6.2.6.1. These are the obvious basis of test time and statistical significance. From them four dependent test parameters are derived.

Independe	ent test para	ameters	Dep	pendent test parameters		
Test Parameter	Value	Reference	Test parameter Value		Reference	
Bad DUT factor M	1.5	Table F.6.1.8	Early pass/fail condition	Curves	Subclause F.6.2.5 Figure 6.2.9	
Final probability of wrong pass/fail	5%	Table F.6.2.8	Target number of bad delays	154	Table 6.2.8	
decision F			Probability of wrong pass/fail decision per test step D	0.6 %		
			Test limit factor TL	1.236]	Table 6.2.8	

 Table F.6.2.6 independent and dependent test parameters

F.6.2.7 Pass fail decision rules

The required confidence level 1-F (= correct decision probability) shall be achieved. This is fulfilled at an early pass or early fail event. Sum up the number of all delays (ns) and the number of bad delays from the beginning of the test and calculate:

ER₁ (including the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1))and

 ER_0 (excluding the artificial error at the beginning of the test (Note 1)).

If ER_0 is on or above the early fail limit, fail the DUT.

If ER_1 is on or below the early pass limit, pass the DUT.

Otherwise continue the test

F.6.2.8 Test conditions for RRM delay tests, Combining of TPC commands test 1, Demodulation of Paging channel and Detection of acquisition indicator tests.

Table F.6.2.8: Test conditions for a single RRM delay tests, Combining of TPC commands test 1, Demodulation of Paging channel and Detection of Acquisition indicator tests.

Type of test	Test requirement	Test requirement	Testlimit(ER) =	Target number	Prob that good unit will	Bad unit factor M
	Delay (s)	(ER= 1- success ratio)	= Test requirement (ER)x TL TL	of bad delays	fail = Prob that bad unit will pass [%]	
8.2.2 Cell recelection	8	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.1 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 1	27.9	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.3.2 UTRAN to GSM cell reselection, scenario 2	9.6	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.2.4 FDD/TDD Cell reselection	8	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft handover	NA					
8.3.2 FDD FDD Hard Handover 8.3.2.1						
Handover to intra frequency cell	110 ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.3.2.2 Handover to interfrequency cell	140ms	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1 Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.7.2 Combining of TPC commands Test 1. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for power control sequence.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5

7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH) Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.11 Demodulation of Paging Channel. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for procedure step 4.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
7.12 Detection of Acquisition indicatior (AI). Note: The theory of statistical testing of RRM delay performance in clause F.6.2 is applied for test case 7.12. The success ratio for delay is replaced by the success ratio for procedure steps 5, 6 and 12.	Not applicable	0.01	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.4.3. Transport format combination selection in UE.	140ms (see 8.4.3.1.4.2 step 5)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5
8.6.2.2 correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition.	36.4 s (see procedure 8.6.2.2.4.2 step 6.)	0.1	1.236	154	5	1.5

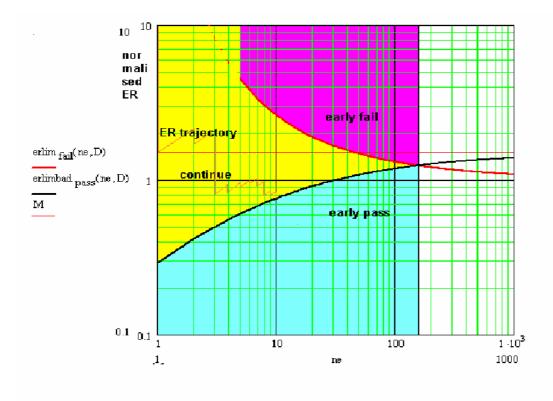
F.6.2.9 Practical Use (informative)

See figure F.6.2.9:

The early fail limit represents formula (1) in F.6.2.5. The range of validity is $ne \ge 5$ to ne = 154

The early pass limit represents the formula (2) in F.6.2.5. The range of validity is ne=1 to ne =154. See note 1. The intersection co-ordinates of both curves are: target number of bad delays ne = 154 and test limit TL = 1.236.

A typical delay test, calculated form the number of samples and errors (F.6.2.2) using experimental method (1) or (2) (see F.6.2.4.2. calculation assumptions) runs along the yellow trajectory. With an good delay the trajectory goes down vertically. With a bad delay it jumps up right. The tester checks if the ER test intersects the early fail or early pass limits.





Note 1: At the beginning of the test, an artificial bad delay is introduced. This ensures that an ideal DUT meets the valid range of the early pass limit. In addition this ensures that the complementary experiment (F.6.2.4.2. bullet point (2)) is applicable as well. For the check against the early fail limit the artificial bad delay sample, introduced at the beginning of the test, is disregarded.

Due to the nature of the test, namely discrete bad delay events, the early fail condition shall not be valid, when fractional bad delays <1 are used to calculate the early fail limit: Any early fail decision is postponed until number of errors ne \geq 5.

F.6.3 Statistical Testing of HSDPA Receiver Performance

F.6.3.1 Definition

Information Bit Throughput R:

The measured information bit throughput R is defined as the sum (in kilobits) of the information bit payloads (excluding the 24-bit HS-DSCH CRC) successfully received during the test interval, divided by the duration of the test interval (in seconds).

F.6.3.2 Mapping throughput to block error ratio

a) In measurement practice the UE indicates successfully received information bit payload by signalling an ACK to the SS.

If payload is received, but damaged and cannot be decoded, the UE signals a NACK. b) Only the ACK and NACK signals, not the data bits received, are accessible to the SS. The number of bits is known in the SS from knowledge of what payload was sent.

- c) For fixed reference channel the number of bits in a TTI is fixed during one test.d) The time in the measurement interval is composed of successful TTIs (ACK) ,
- unsuccessful TTIs (NACK) and DTX-TTIs.
- e) DTX-TTIs occur regularly according to the H-set. (regDTX). In real live this is the time when other UEs are served. regDTX vary from test to test but are fixed within the test.
- f) Additional DTX-TTIs occur statistically when the UE is not responding ACK or NACK where it should. (statDTX) This may happen when the UE was not expecting data or decided that the data were not intended for it.

The pass fail decision is done by observing the number of NACKs number of ACKs and number of statDTXs (regDTX is implicitly known to the SS)

The ratio: (NACK + statDTX) / (NACK + statDTX + ACK) is the Bock Error Ratio BLER. Taking into account the time, consumed by the ACK-, NACK-, and DTX-TTIs (regular and statistical), BLER can be mapped unambiguously to throughput for any single FRC test.

F.6.3.3 Bad DUT factor

Note: Data throughput in a communication system is of statistical nature and must be measured and decided pass or fail. The specified limit of throughput related to the ideal throughput in different throughput tests is in the range of a few % to near 100%. To make it comparable with BER, we define the complement of the relative throughput: BLER as defined above. Complementary this is in the range of near 100% down to a few % For e.g. BLER = 1%, the currently in BER BLER used Bad DUT factor M=1.5 is highly meaningful. For e.g. BLER = 99%, the currently used M=1.5 obviously meaningless.

An appropriate definition of the bad DUT factor is illustrated in figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor.

It illustrates how to find the Bad BLER when the nominal BLER is given.

1) In the range 0% < nominal BLER>10% the Bad DUT factor is constant 1.5

2) In the range 90% < bad BLER > 100% it decreases to 1. (symmetrical to (1))

3) The range in between is interpolated by an arc section.

The example shows: nominal BLER=35,6% \rightarrow bad BLER=47.67.5% \rightarrow M=1.34

(blue mapping)

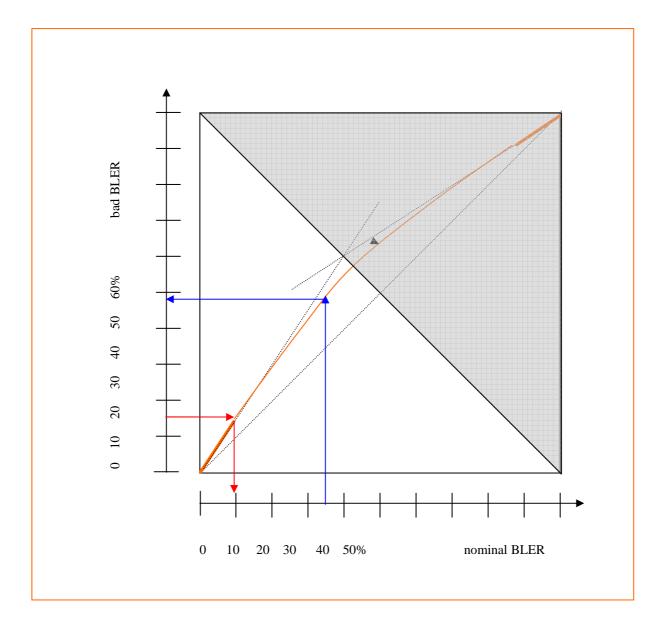


Figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor

Formula: For
$$0 < BLER <= 0.1$$
: $M = 1.5$

For 0.1

$$M(BLER) := \frac{\sqrt{r^2 - (BLER - 2.35)^2}}{BLER} - \frac{1.35}{BLER}$$

For
$$0.9 \le BLER \le 1$$
: $M(BLER) = 2/3BLER + 1/3$

With BLER: nominal Block Error Ratio (0<BLER<1) With r = 2.70415 (Radius of the arc)

F.6.3.3.1 Bad DUT factor, range of applicability

Inaccuracy is one practical reason to avoid the grey shaded area of figure F.6.3.3: constant and variable Bad DUT factor. For BLER near 1 the Bad DUT factor M is near 1. For M=1, exactly, the pass and fail criteria do not intersect. The test never is finalised.

For M near 1 the pass and fail criteria exhibit a very smooth intersection. In addition the binomial distribution and its inverse are of discrete nature. Therefore the test limit and the number of samples is calculable only very ambiguous.

It is proposed to apply the bad DUT factor only in the not shaded area of figure F.6.3.3.

This is done by the following:

BLER mode:

Use BLER as defined above in the range of 0 to 50%, use M >1 as defined above.

The Test Limit will be > the Test Requirement in the table F.6.3.5. below.

Relative Throughput mode:

If BLER is in the range 50 to 100%, use 1-BLER instead. Use m<1 instead of M.

1-BLER is the relative throughput with respect to the ideal throughput.

As a consequence, the Test Limit < Test Requirement

Formula for m: For 0 < (1-BLER) <= 0.15: m = 1/1.5

For 0.15 <(1-BLER) <.85:
$$m := \frac{2.35 - \sqrt{r^2 - [(1 - BLER) + 1.35]^2}}{(1 - BLER)}$$

In the figure F.6.3.3: this is represented by the red mapping.

The tables F.6.3.5. below distinguishe between m and M.

F.6.3.4 Minimum Test time

Same as with BER BLER there is a minimum test time is necessary for multipath fading profiles with the same justification:

profile	Minimum Test time
PA3, PB3	164s
VA30	16.4s
VA 120	4.1s

F.6.3.5 Applicability and characteristics of the Tables F.6.3.5.

The purpose of tables F.6.3.5.1 to F.6.3.5.4 is to decide throughput pass or fail.

(the Ior/Ioc levels are only for reference)

Meaning of a decision:

A passed DUT is not worse than a Bad DUT with 95% confidence level.

A failed DUT is not better than a Limit DUT with 95% confidence level.

The minimum Test Time is

1) the minimum test time due to statistical reasons

(To ensure the confidence level, the test must be continued until a certain number of samples (NACK+ statDTX +ACK) is reached.)

2) the minimum test time due to multipath fading.

The longer test time applies. It is marked in table F.6.3.5. which one applies.

Statistical independence:

If a process works within an incremental redundancy sequence, the samples are not independent. The incremental redundancy sequence for every process must be finalised, successfully or unsuccessfully, on or beyond the minimum test time.

Then the BLER (or 1-BLER) is compared with the Test Limit to decide pass or fail.

Note: It is FFS, if correlation within groups of retransmissions may influence the confidence level of the test.

Formula:

The theory, to derive the minimum number of samples and the Test Limit, takes into consideration that BLER is in the range of near 0% to near 100%. Hence it is based on the binomial distribution and its inverse cumulative function: qbinom:

For the BLER test mode:

 $ne_{low}=qbinom(D,ns,M*BLER_{limit})$ (1)

 $ne_{high} = qbinom(1-D, ns, BLER_{limit})$ (2)

given: 1-D: confidence level= 95%

BLER_{limit}=Block error ratio at the limit

M: Bad DUT factor >1

Input: ns: number of samples (NACK+ statDTX + ACK)

Output ne: number of events (NACK+ statDTX)

The intersection of (1) and (2) is the Test Limit with the coordinates: ns and ne

For the Relative Throughput test mode:

 $ne_{low}=qbinom(D,ns,1-BLER_{limit})$ (3) $ne_{high}=qbinom(1-D,ns,m^*(1-BLER_{limit}))$ (4)

given: 1-D: confidence level= 95%

1-BLER_{limit}= Relative Throughtput at the limit

m: Bad DUT factor <1

Input: ns: number of samples (NACK+ statDTX + ACK)

Output ne: number of events (ACK)

The intersection of (3) and (4) is the Test Limit with the coordinates: ns and ne

Note:In contrast to BER BLER test, this approach does not contain any test time optimisation.

(early pass, early fail)

Nomenclature used in the tables **F.6.3.5**... below:

NACK+ statDTX + ACK is summarised as No of samples NACK+ statDTX is summarised as No of errors ACK is summarised as No of successes In the BLER test mode the ratio: No of errors/ No of samples is recorded. In this mode a pass is below the test limit In the Relative Throughput test mode (1-BLER) the ratio: No of successes/ No of samples is recorded. In this mode a pass is above the test limit The test mode, used, is indicated in the rightmost column with BL or RT The transition from the BL to the RT test mode can also be seen in the column relative test requirement: BLER% \rightarrow (1-BLER%) The generic term for No of errors (BLER mode) or No of successes (Relative Throughput mode) is No of events. This is used in the table column Test Limit.

Maximum Input Level for HS- PDSCH Reception (16QAM) 16 QAM H-Set 1	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)	Relative test requirement (normalized to ideal=777 kbps) No of events/No of samples in %	Test limit expressed as No of events/min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass) Mandatory if applicable	Test time in s Mandatory if fading Informative and approx. if statistical	BL / RT
	700	10%	58/467 (M=1.5)	467 (≤58)	2.8s (stat)	BL

Table F.6.3.5.1 Maximum Input Level for HS-PDSCH Reception (16QAM)

Table F.6.3.5.2.1 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Single link performance QPSK H-Set 1,2,3	Absolute Test requ (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=534kbps) No of events / No of samples in %	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass) Mandatory, if applicable	Test time in s Mandatory if fading, Informative and approx. if statistical	B / R T
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=0dB)	PA3	65	87,82%→ (12.18%)	60/595 (m = 1 / 1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	R T R
	PB3	23	95.69% → (4.31%)	64/1796 (m = 1/1.5)	N.A	164s (fading)	T R T
		138	74.14%→ (25.86%)	58/268 (m = 0.682)	N.A.	164s(fading)	R T
	VA30	22	95.9% → (4.1%)	64/1888 (1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	R T
		142	73.4% → (26.6%)	59/264 (m = 0.684)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	R T

	VA120	13	97.564%→	63/3224	3224	H-set 1:	
			(2.436%)	(m = 1/1.5)	(≥63)	19.5s(stat)	R T
				(III – 1/1.5)	(203)	H-set 2:	1
						13s (stat)	
						H-set 3:	
						6.5s (stat)	
		140	(73.77)→ 26.23%	59/268	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	Ъ
				(m = 0.683)			R T
	Absolute	Test	Relative Test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	
	requireme		requirement	expressed as No of	samples	Test time in s	
	(kbps)		(normalized to ideal=534kbps)	events / min No of samples			
			ideal=354k0ps)		(number	Mandatory if	
			No of events / No of samples	(Bad DUT factor)	of events to pass)	fading,	
			in %		Mandatory, if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
Test1	PA3	309	42.1%	83/171	N.A.	164s (fading)	B
(Ior/Ioc=10dB)				(M = 1.295)			L
		423	20.74%	60/237	N.A.	164s (fading)	B
				(M = 1.445)			L
	PB3	181	66.1%→ (33.9%)	62/215	N.A	164s (fading)	р
				(m = 0.703)			R T
		287	46.22%→	84/176	N.A.	164s(fading)	
			(53,78%)	(m = 0.77)			R T
	VA30	190	64.4% → (35.6%)	64/211	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	_
				(m = 0.708)			R T
		295	44.72% → 55.28%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	
				(m = 0.775)			R T
	VA120	181	(66.1%)→ 33.9%	62/215	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	_
				(m = 0.703)			R T
		275	(48.5%)→	79/174	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	
			51.5%	(m = 0.761)			R T

Single link	Absolute	Test	Relative Test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL	
performance 16 QAM H-Set 1,2,3	requirement (kbps)		(kbps) (normalized to ideal=777 kbps) samples No of events / No of (Bad DUT factor		expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	samples (number of events to pass)	Mandatory if fading,	/ RT
11-5et 1,2,5			samples in %		Mandatory, if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical		
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=10dB)	PA3	198	74.53% → (25.47%)	58/272 (m=0.681)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
(101/102-1041)		368	52.66% → (47.34%)	74/179 m=0.746	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT	
	PB3	34	95.626% →(4.374%)	64/1770 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
		219	71.83% →(28,17%)	58/240 (m=0.687)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT	
	VA30	47	93.95% →(6.05%)	63/1259 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT	
		214	72.47% →(27.53%)	59/255 (m=0.686)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT	
	VA120	28	96.4% →(3.6%)	64/2150 (m=1/1.5)	2150 (≥64)	12.9s H-set1 8.6s H-set2 4.3s Hset3 (stat)	RT	
		267	64.5% →(35.5%)	57/319 (m=0.673)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT	

Table F.6.3.5.2.2 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Table F.6.3.5.2.3 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Single link	Absolute Test	Relative Test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	В
performance	requirement	requirement	expressed as No of	samples		L
	(kbps)	(normalized to ideal=534 kbps)	events / min No of samples	(number	Mandatory if	/ R T
QPSK H-Set 4		No of events / No of samples	(Bad DUT factor)	of events to pass)	fading,	
		in %		Mandatory, if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=0dB)	PA3 72	86.5% →(13.5%)	59/528 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	R T
	PB3 24	95.5% →(4.5%)	63/1695 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	R T

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	142	73.4% → (26.6%)	59/264 (m=0.684)	N.A.	164s (fading)	R T
VA30	19	96.44% →(3.56%)	64/2176 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	R T
	148	72.27% → (27.73%)	59/253 (m=0.686)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	R T
VA120	11	98% →(2%)	65/3746 (m=1/1.5)	3746 (≥65)	22.5s (stat)	R T
	144	73% →(27%)	58/256 (m=0.684)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	R T

Single link performance							
QPSK							
H-Set 4							
Single link performance QPSK H-Set 4	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=534 kbps) No of events / No of samples in %	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass) Mandatory, if applicable	Test time in s Mandatory if fading, Informative and approx. if statistical	BL / RT
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=10dB)	PA3	340	36.29%	75/177 (M=1.334)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
		439	17.74%	58/266 (M=1.468)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
	PB3	186	65.15% → (34.85%)	62/209 (m=0.705)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		299	44%	87/174 (m=0.778)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
	VA30	183	65.7% → (34.3%)	63/216 (m=0.704)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
		306	42.66%	86/176 (M=1.291)	N.A.	16.4s (faging)	BL
	VA120	170	68,14% →(31.86%)	61/226 (m=697)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

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2	284	46.78%	81/172	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
		→(53.22%)	(m = 0.767)			

Single link performance QPSK H-Set 5	Absolute Test requirement (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=801 kbps) No of events / No of samples in %	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples (Bad DUT factor)	Min No of samples (number of events to pass) Mandatory, if applicable	Test time in s Mandatory if fading, Informative and approx. if statistical	BL / RT
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=0dB)	PA3	98	87.76% →(12.24%)	59/583 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		221	72.4% →(27.6%)	58/250 (m=0.686	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	PB3	35	95.63% →(4.37%)	63/1746 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		207	74.14% →(25.86%)	58/268 (m=0.682)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	VA30	33	95.88% →(4.12%)	64/1879 (m=1/1.5)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
		213	73.4% →(26.6%)	59/264% (m=0.684)	N.A.	16.2s (fading)	RT
	VA120	20	97.5% →(2.5%)	64/3101 (m=1/1.5)	3101 (≥64)	12.4s (stat)	RT
		210	73.77% →(26.23%)	59/268 (m=0.683)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT

 Table F.6.3.5.2.4
 Single link performance for test case 9.2.1 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Single link performance	Absolute ' requireme (kbps)		Relative Test requirement (normalized to ideal=801 kbps)	Test limit expressed as No of events / min No of samples	Min No of samples	Test time in s	BL / RT
QPSK H-Set 5			No of events / No of samples	(Bad DUT factor)	of events to pass)	Mandatory if fading,	
			in %		Mandatory, if applicable	Informative and approx. if statistical	
Test1 (Ior/Ioc=10dB)	PA3	464	42%	84/174 (M=1.295)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
		635	20.67%	59/234 (M=1.446)	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL

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	PB3	272	66.02% → (33.98%)	63/218 (m=0.703)	N.A.	164s (fading)	
		431	46.16% →(53.84)	84/176 (m=0.77)	N.A.	164s(fading)	RT
	VA30	285	64.4% →(35.6%)	64/211 (m=0.708)	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
		443	44.7% →(55.3%)	85/173 (m=0.775)	N.A.	16.4s(fading)	RT
	VA120	272	66.02% →(33.98%)	63/218 (m=0.703)	N.A.	4.1s (fading)	RT
		413	48.4% →(51.6%)	81/176 (m=0.761)	N.A.	4.1s(fading)	RT

Table F.6.3.5.3.1 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Absolute Test		(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	require		ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3					events to pass)		
	(K	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	. ,	Informative	
Test number			samples in %	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		77	85.57%→(14.43%)	58/486	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	_	••		(m=1/1.5)		ro io (iddilig)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3	180	66.27%→(33.73%)	62/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		100	00.21 /0 / (00.10/0)	(m=0.702)	14.7 (.	ro-is (rading)	
0		20	96.25%→ (3.75%)	64/2065	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
2		20	90.2378 7 (3.7378)	(m=1/1.5)	N.A.	1045 (lauling)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	154	71 1 49(> (28 969()		N.A.	1640 (foding)	RT
dB)		154	71.14%→ (28,86%)	59/243	N.A.	164s (fading)	RI
GD)		45		(m=0.689)			D.T.
		15	97.19% → (2.81%)	64/2758	H-Set 1:	H-Set 2,3:	RT
3				(m=1/1.5)	2758	16.4s (fading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	VA30				(≥64)	H-Set 1:	
						16.6s(stat.)	
dB)		162	69.64%→ (30.36%)	60/235	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
				(m=0.693)			
1		375	29.7%	68/192	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I})/\hat{I} = 10$				(M=1.38)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	475	11%	58/425	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.499)		(3)	
2		183	65.7% → (34.3%)	63/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_				(m=0.704)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	274	48.7% →(51.3%)	80/177	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		211		(m=0.76)	14.7 (.	1010 (laaling)	
		187	65% → (35%)	62/208	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
3		107	00 /0 7 (00 /0)	(m=0.706)	IN./A.	10.45 (laulily)	NI
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	201	AG 00/ >(52 20/)	1 /	ΝΙΛ	16 (foding)	рт
dB)		284	46.8% →(53.2%)	82/174	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
				(m=0.767)			

			1			1	
Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity	Absolute Test		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
16 QAM	require		ideal=777 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 1/2/3		(bps)			events to pass)		
	(r	ups)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		295	62% →(38%)	66/203	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I} / I - 10)$				(m=0.715)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	463	40.4%	82/176	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.306)			
2		24	96.9% →(3.1%)	64/2500	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
_	002			(m=1/1.5)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3	243	68.7% →(31.3%)	60/227	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)			,	(m=0.695)		(),	
3		35	95.5% →(4.5%)	63/1695	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
	1/400			(m=1/1.5)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	251	67.7% →(32.3%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.698)			

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL						
Diversity	Absolute Test		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/						
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT						
QPSK	require		ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading							
H-Set 4		(bps)			events to pass)								
	((apo)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative							
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if							
		n			applicable	statistical							
1		70	86.9% →(13.1%)	59/544	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3			(m=1/1.5)									
	1710	171	68% →(32%)	61/225	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
dB)				(m=0.697)									
2		14	97.4% →(2.6%)	64/2982	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)									
	1.00	150	71.9% →(28.1%)	59/250	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
dB)				(m=0.687)									
3	VA30	11	97.04% →(2.06%)	65/3819	3819	23s (stat)	RT						
$(\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}=0$		VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30			(m=1/1.5)	(≥65)		
								VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30	156	70.8% →(29.2%)
dB)				(m=0.69)									
1		369	30.9%	69/188	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL						
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	042			(M=1.372)									
	PA3	471	11.7%	58/400	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL						
dB)				(M=1.497)									
2		180	66.3% →(33.7%)	63/220	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
	002		, , ,	(m=0.702)		、 3 /							
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	276	48.3% →(51.7%)	79/173	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
dB)			, , ,	(m=0.762)		、 3 /							
3		184	65.5% →(34.5%)	62/211	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT						
°,	1400			(m=0.704)									
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	285	46.6% →(53.4%)	81/171	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT						
dB)			(// //	(m=0.768)		- (
		1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									

Open Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity			requirement,	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance	Absolute Test		normalized to	events/min No of	oumpioo	Mandatory if	ŔT
QPSK			ideal=801 kbps	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 5	require			campico	events to pass)	rading	
110010	(k	bps)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1			85.5% →(14.5%)	59/492	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		116		(m=0.667)		ro io (iddirig)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3		66.27% →(33.73%)	62/216	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		270		(m=0.702)		. e .e (.a.ag)	
2			96.25% →(3.75%)	65/2100	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		30		(m=1/1.5)		(
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3		71.14% →(28.86%)	58/243	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		231		(m=0.689)		· · · · · · (· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3			97.13% →(2.87%)	64/2741	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
-	VA30	23		(m=1/1.5)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30		69.64% →(30.36%)	60/234	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		243		(m=0.693)			
1			29.67%	68/194	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3	563		(M=1.381)			
	FAS		10.93%	58/428	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		713		(M=1.499)			
2			65.65% →(34.35%)	64/212	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	275		(m=0.704)			
	F D3		48.66% →(51.34%)	77/170	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		411		(m=0.76)			
3			64.9% →(35.1%)	63/211	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	281		(m=0.706)			
	VA30		46.78% →(53.22%)	81/172	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		426		(m=0.767)			

 Table F.6.3.5.3.4 Open Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL						
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples								
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of	Samples	Mandatory if	RT						
QPSK	Absolute Test		ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	R1						
	require	ment	ideal=554 kbps)	Samples	`	raung							
H-Set 1/2/3	(k	bps)			events to pass)	Informative							
			No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)	Man datamati								
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if							
					applicable	statistical							
1		118	77.89% →(22.11%)	58/315	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3			(m=0.674)									
dB)		225	57.84% →(42.16%)	69/189(m=0.728)	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
2		50	90.63% →(9.37%)	61/787	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
		00		(m=1/1.5)	14.7 (.	ro io (iddirig)							
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	173	67.58% →(32.42%)	61/222	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
dB)		175	07.5070 7(52.4270)	(m=0.698)	н .д.	1043 (lauling)							
		47	91.2% →(8.8%)	62/852	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT						
3	VA30	47	91.2% 7(0.0%)		N.A.	10.45 (lauling)	КI						
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$		VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30	VA30	170	07 770() (00 000()	(m=1/1.5)			DT
dB)		172	67.77% →(32.23%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT						
UD)				(m=0.698)									
1		399	25.23%	63/207	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL						
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3			(M=1.413)									
	17.0	458	14.18%	57/325	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL						
dB)				(M=1.487)									
2		199	62.71% →(37.29%)	65/204	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT						
_	000			(m=0.713)									
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10)$	PB3	301	43.6%	88/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL						
dB)				(M=1.285)		(3)							
3		204	61.77% →(38.23%)	65/198	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT						
-	1400		()	(m=0.716)									
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	305	42.85%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL						
dB)		200		(M=1.29)		i oi i o (iuuiiig)							
· · · · ·	I		1	(11-1.20)	I	1							

Table F.6.3.5.4.1 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Table F.6.3.5.4.2 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL					
Diversity			requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/					
Performance	Absolu	te Test	(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT					
16 QAM	require		ideal=777 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading						
H-Set 1/2/3		(bps)			events to pass)							
	(1	(690)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative						
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if						
		1			applicable	statistical						
1		361	53.56% →(46.44%)	73/180	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT					
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	DV3	PA3	0 PA3	PA3		PA3			(m=0.743)			
	17.0	500	35.68%	74/177	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL					
dB)				(M=1.338)								
2		74	90.48% →(9.52%)	62/788	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT					
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3			(m=1/1.5)								
	105	255	67.2% →(32.8%)	61/219	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT					
dB)				(m=0.7)								
3		84	89.2% →(10.8%)	61/683	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT					
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30			(m=1/1.5)								
	v A30	254	67.32% →(32.68%)	61/220	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT					
dB)				(m=0.699)								

				—		-	
Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity	 Absolute Test requirement 		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK			ideal=534 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 4		bps)			events to pass)		
	(^	ups)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1		114	78.64% →(21.36%)	58/327	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	B 4 6			(m=0.673)		(
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PA3	223	58.21% →(41.79%)	69/191	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.727)		. e .e (.a.ag)	
2		43	91.94% →(8.06%)	62/930	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
		40	31.3470 7 (0.0070)	(m=1/1.5)	14.7 (.	1043 (lading)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3	167	68.71% →(31.29%)	60/227	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		107	00.71% -7(31.29%)	(m=0.695)	N.A.	1045 (laulity)	
		40	92.5% →(7.5%)	63/1017	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
3		40	$92.5\% \rightarrow (1.5\%)$		N.A.	10.45 (lauling)	КТ
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	VA30	170	CO 1 40() (21 0C0()	(m=1/1.5)	NL A	AC to (fooling)	рт
dB)		170	68.14% →(31.86%)	61/226	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
(LD)				(m=0.697)			
1		398	25.42%	63/206	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3			(M=1.412)			
	1710	457	14.37%	57/321	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)				(M=1.486)			
2		196	63.27 →(36.73%)	64/204	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3			(m=0.711)			
	F D J	292	45.28% →(54.72%)	85/175	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)				(m=0.773)			
3		199	62.71% →(37.29%)	65/204	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
U U	1400			(m=0.713)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30	305	42.85%	85/173	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
dB)		000	1210070	(M=1.29)		. er ie (iaaling)	
				(=1.20)	1	1	

Table F.6.3.5.4.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

				—			
Closed Loop			Relative test	Test limit	Min No of	Test time in s	BL
Diversity	- Absolute Test		requirement	expressed as No of	samples		/
Performance			(normalized to	events/min No of		Mandatory if	RT
QPSK	require		ideal=801 kbps)	samples	(number of	fading	
H-Set 5		(bps)			events to pass)		
	(1)	(op0)	No of events/No of	(Bad DUT factor)		Informative	
Test number			samples in %		Mandatory if	and approx. if	
					applicable	statistical	
1			77.89% →(22.11%)	58/315	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
$(\hat{I} / I = 0)$	PA3	177		(m=0.674)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PAS		57.78% →(42.22%)	68/186	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		338	, , ,	(m=0.728)		(0)	
2			90.63% →(9.37%)	61/787	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
-	000	75	, , ,	(m=1/1.5)		(0)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0$	PB3		67.52% →(32.48%)	62/225	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
dB)		260	· · · · · ·	(m=0.699)		(3)	
3			91.13% →(8.87%)	62/846	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
-	VA30	71		(m=1/1.5)			
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 0)$	VA30		67.77% →(32.23%)	61/223	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
dB)		258	. , ,	(m=0.698)			
1			25.17%	64/211	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
	PA3	599		(M=1.413)		(0)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PA3		14.18%	57/325	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		687		(M=1.487)			
2			62.65% →(37.35%)	64/200	N.A.	164s (fading)	RT
	000	299		(m=0.713)		(0)	
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	PB3		43.54%	87/174	N.A.	164s (fading)	BL
dB)		452		(M=1.285)		(5/	
3			61.77% →(38.23%)	65/198	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	RT
-	1400	306		(m=0.716)		- (
$(\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10$	VA30		42.79%	86/175	N.A.	16.4s (fading)	BL
dB)		458		(M=1.29)			
L	11		1	\		1	

Table F.6.3.5.4.4 Closed Loop Diversity Performance for test case 9.2.3 demodulation of HS-DSCH

Annex G (normative): Environmental conditions

G.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

G.2 Environmental requirements

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s)

G.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table G.2.1.1

+15°C to + 35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to + 55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in extreme temperature conditions. These test conditions are denoted as TL (temperature low, -10*C) and TH (temperature high, +55*C).

G.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage	
AC mains	0.9 * nominal	1.1 * nominal	nominal	
Regulated lead acid battery	0.9 * nominal	1.3 * nominal	1.1 * nominal	
Non regulated batteries: - Leclanché / lithium - Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0.85 * nominal 0.90 * nominal	Nominal Nominal	Nominal Nominal	

Table G.2.2.1

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in extreme voltage conditions. These test conditions are denoted as VL (lower extreme voltage) and VH (higher extreme voltage).

G.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes:

Table G.2.3.1

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration
5 Hz to 20 Hz	0.96 m ² /s ³
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0.96 m ² /s ³ at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB / Octave

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 [1] for extreme operation.

G.2.4 Specified frequency range

The manufacturer shall declare, which of the frequency bands defined in clause 4.2 is supported by the UE.

Some tests in the present document are performed also in low, mid and high range of the operating frequency band of the UE. The UARFCN's to be used for low, mid and high range are defined in TS 34.108 [3] clause 5.1.1.

For GSM frequency bands see TS 51.010-1 [25].

Note: Currently all GSM related test cases use ARFCN 1 and 2 (see cell 9 and 10 in TS 34.108 [3]) which are in the GSM 900 band.

Annex H (normative): UE Capabilities (FDD)

For UE capabilities regarding FDD refer to TS 25.306.

H.1 Void

H.2 Void

Annex I (normative): Default Message Contents

This Annex contains the default values of common messages, other than those described in TS 34.108. The messages are primarily concerning the RRM test cases in clause 8 and unless indicated otherwise in specific test cases, shall be transmitted and checked by the system simulator. In this Annex, decimal values are normally used. However, sometimes, a hexadecimal value, indicated by an "H", or a binary value, indicated by a "B" is used.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Intra frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
 Intra-frequency measured results list 	
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
- Cell synchronisation information	
- Tm	If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is
- OFF	not configured then no check is needed. If reporting of 'OFF' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'OFF '
- CHOICE mode	measurement is not configured then no check is needed. FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	See Annex K and TS 34.108 section 6.1.4
- CPICH Ec/N0	If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- CPICH RSCP	If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP ' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- Pathloss	This IE does not need to be checked.
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' is configured
	then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Measured
	results on RACH' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
Additional measured results	This IE does not need to be checked.
Event results	If reporting of 'Event results' is configured then check that
	this IE is present. If reporting of 'Event results'
	measurement is not configured then no check is needed.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for Inter frequency test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity Measured Results	1
 Inter-frequency measured results list 	
- UTRA Carrier RSSI	If reporting of 'UTRA Carrier RSSI' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'UTRA Carrier RSSI' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
 Inter-frequency cell measurement results 	
- Cell measured results	
- Cell Identity	Not present
 Cell synchronisation information Tm 	If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is configured then check
	that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Tm' measurement is
055	not configured then no check is needed.
- OFF	If reporting of 'OFF' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'OFF '
	measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	Checked that this IE is present
- Primary scrambling code	See Annex K and TS 34.108 section 6.1.4
- CPICH Ec/N0	If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0' measurement is configured
	then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH Ec/N0 ' measurement is not configured then no check is
	needed
- CPICH RSCP	If reporting of 'CPICH RSCP' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'CPICH
	RSCP' measurement is not configured then no check is
	needed.
- Pathloss	absent
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' is configured
	then check that this IE is present. If reporting of
	'Measured results on RACH 'measurement is not
Additional measured results	configured then no check is needed. This IE does not need to be checked.
Event results	If reporting of 'Event results' is configured then check that
	this IE is present.

Contents of MEASUREMENT REPORT message for inter - RAT test cases

Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type	
Integrity check info	The presence of this IE is dependent on IXIT statements in TS 34.123-2. If integrity protection is indicated to be active, this IE shall be present with the values of the sub IEs as stated below. Else, this IE and the sub-IEs shall be absent.
- Message authentication code	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is compared against the XMAC-I value computed by SS.
- RRC Message sequence number	This IE is checked to see if it is present. The value is used by SS to compute the XMAC-I value.
Measurement identity	1
Measured Results	
 Inter-RAT measured results list 	
- CHOICE system - GSM	GSM
- Measured GSM cells	Checked that this IE is present
- GSM carrier RSSI	If reporting of 'GSM carrier RSSI' measurement is configured then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'GSM carrier RSSI ' measurement is not configured then no check is needed.
- CHOICE BSIC	Non verified BSIC
- Non verified BSIC	
- BCCH ARFCN	Checked that this IE is present
- Observed time difference to GSM cell	This IE does not need to be checked.
Measured results on RACH	If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' is configured
	then check that this IE is present. If reporting of 'Measured results on RACH' measurement is not
	configured then no check is needed.
Additional measured results	This IE does not need to be checked.
Event results	If reporting of 'Event results' is configured then check that
	this IE is present. If reporting of 'Event results'
	measurement is not configured then no check is needed.

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (Transition to CELL_DCH)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 for test cases 7.8.1, 7.8.2, 7.8.3 and 7.9.1.

Information Element	Value/remark
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	
 DCH quality target 	
- BLER Quality value	0.0

Contents of Master Information Block PLMN type is the case of GSM-MAP

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.4.1.1, 8.4.1.2, 8.6.1.1, 8.6.1.1A, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.4, 8.6.2.1, 8.6.2.2, 8.6.4.1 test cases and based on the maximum SIB repetition period for 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.1, 8.3.6.2, 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- SIB_POS	2
 SIB_POS offset info 	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	Scheduling Block 1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	22
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	22
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 2
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	20
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 3
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	52
- SIB_POS offset info	Not Present
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 4
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	38
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB and SB type	System Information Type 5

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on SIB repetition period for 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.2, 8.3.5.1, 8.3.5.2, 8.3.6.1, 8.3.6.2, 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	3
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	58
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.4.1.1,8.4.1.2,8.6.1.1,8.6.1.1A,8.6.1.4,8.6.2.2 test cases.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	4
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.4.1.1,8.4.1.2,8.6.1.1,8.6.1.1A,8.6.1.4.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system	
information	
 New intra-frequency cells 	24
 Intra-frequency cell id 	12+n (n=0 to 17)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
 Inter-frequency measurement system 	Not Present
information	
 Inter-RAT measurement system information 	Not Present

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.2.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- New intra-frequency cells	16
 Intra-frequency cell id 	12+n (n=0 to 3)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
 Inter-frequency measurement system 	
information	
 New inter-frequency cells 	8
- Inter frequency cell id	7+n (n =0 to 4)
- Frequency info	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous "frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling
Inter BAT measurement system information	code shall not be overlapped values. Not Present
 Inter-RAT measurement system information 	NOLPIESEN

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.2, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.1.3, 8.6.4.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	5
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	4
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	8
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.3.4, 8.3.5.3, 8.6.4.1

Information Element	Value/Remark
- Intra-frequency measurement system	
information	
 New intra-frequency cells 	24
 Intra-frequency cell id 	12+n (n=0 to 17)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-frequency measurement system	Not present
information	
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	
- Inter-RAT cell info list	
- Inter-RAT cell id	11+n (n=0 to 3)
- CHOICE Radio Access Technology	GSM
- GSM	
 Cell individual offset 	0
 Cell selection and re-selection info BSIC 	Not Present
- Base transceiver Station Identity Code	Note:Any values depend on UEs.
(BSIC)	
- Band indicator	According to PICS/PIXIT
- BCCH ARFCN	Note:Any values that depend on UEs.

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.6.1.2,8.6.1.2A, 8.6.1.3.

Information Element	Value/Remark
 Intra-frequency measurement system 	
information	
 New intra-frequency cells 	32
 Intra-frequency cell id 	n(n=0, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10 and 12 to 31)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
 Inter-frequency measurement system 	Not Present
information	
 Inter-RAT measurement system information 	Not Present

Contents of Scheduling Block 1 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.1 test case.

Information Element	Value/Remark
- References to other system information blocks	
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	6
- SIB_POS offset info	3
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 6
- SIB_POS	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 7
- SEG_COUNT	6
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	54
- SIB_POS offset info	5
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	2
- SIB_OFF	8
- SIB_OFF	4
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 11
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	26
- SIB_POS offset info	2
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 12
- CHOICE Value tag	Cell Value tag
- Cell Value tag	1
- SEG_COUNT	1
- SIB_REP	128
- SIB_POS	36
- SIB type SIBs only	System Information Type 18

Contents of System Information Block type 11 (FDD)

The following information element is exception of TS34.108 based on monitorlist size for 8.6.2.1.

Information Element	Value/Remark
 New intra-frequency cells 	24
 Intra-frequency cell id 	12+n(n=0 to17)
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Intra-frequency cell id=2 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
 Inter-frequency measurement system 	
information	
 New inter-frequency cells 	16
 Inter frequency cell id 	7+n (n =0 to 12)
- Frequency info	Not Present
	Absence of this IE is equivalent to value of the previous "frequency info" in the list.
- Cell info	Same content as specified for Inter-frequency cell id=4 with the exception that value for Primary scrambling code shall not be overlapped values.
- Inter-RAT measurement system information	Not Present

Contents of TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message for test cases with HSDPA in clauses 5.2A, 5.9A, 5.10A and 5.13.1A.

Information Flowers	Value frameric
Information Element	Value/remark
Message Type RRC transaction identifier	Arbitrarily selects an integer between 0 and 3
Integrity check info	Albitality selects all integer between 0 and 5
- message authentication code	SS calculates the value of MAC-I for this
moodage duitermoditer code	message and writes to this IE. The first/
	leftmost bit of the bit string contains the most
	significant bit of the MAC-I.
- RRC message sequence number	SS provides the value of this IE, from its
	internal counter.
Integrity protection mode info	Not Present
Ciphering mode info	Not Present
Activation time	Not Present
New U-RNTI	Not Present
New C-RNTI	Not Present
New DSCH-RNTI	Not Present
New H-RNTI RRC State indicator	"1010 1010 1010 1010"
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	CELL_DCH Not Present
CN information info	Not Present
URA identity	Not Present
Downlink counter synchronisation info	Not Present
UL Transport channel information for all transport	
channels	
- PRACH TFCS	Not Present
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- TFC subset	Not Present
- UL DCH TFCS	
- CHOICE TFCI signalling	Normal
- TFCI Field 1 information	
- CHOICE TFCS representation	Complete reconfiguration
- TFCS complete reconfigure information	
- CHOICE CTFC Size - CTFC information	Same as used in the call set up.
- CTFC Information	This IE is repeated for TFC numbers used in the call set up
- CTFC	Same as used in the call set up.
- Power offset information	
- CHOICE Gain Factors	Computed Gain Factors except for the
	reference TFC (3) when Signalled Gain
	Factors is used
- Gain factor βc	Value used in this test (Not Present if the
	CHOICE Gain Factors is set to Computed
	Gain Factors)
- Gain factor βd	Value used in this test
	(Not Present if the CHOICE Gain Factors is
Deference TEO ID	set to Computed Gain Factors)
- Reference TFC ID - CHOICE mode	0 FDD
- CHOICE mode - Power offset P p-m	Not Present
Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information list	Not Present
CHOICE mode	FDD
- CPCH set ID	Not Present
- Added or Reconfigured TrCH information for	Not Present
DRAC list	
DL Transport channel information common for all	Not Present
transport channel	
Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information list	Not Present
Frequency info	Not Present
Maximum allowed UL TX power	Not Present
CHOICE channel requirement	Uplink DPCH info
- Uplink DPCH power control info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- DPCCH power offset	-6dB
- PC Preamble	1 frame
- SRB delay	7 frames

Information Element	Value/remark
- Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1
- TPC step size	1dB
	Value used in this test (8)
- _{Даск}	
- Δ _{NACK}	Value used in this test (8)
- Ack-Nack repetition factor	1
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Scrambling code type	Long
- Scrambling code number	0 (0 to 16777215)
- Number of DPDCH	Not Present (1)
- spreading factor	Reference to TS34.121 clause C.2.1
	Parameter Set
- TFCI existence	TRUE
- Number of FBI bit	Not Present(0)
- Puncturing Limit	1
CHOICE Mode	FDD
- Downlink PDSCH information	Not Present
Downlink HS-PDSCH Information	
- HS-SCCH Info	Not Present
- Measurement Feedback Info	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- POhsdsch	6 dB
- CQI Feedback cycle, k	2 ms
- CQI repetition factor	1
$-\Delta_{COI}$	Value used in this test (8)
- CHOICE mode	FDD (no data)
Downlink information common for all radio links	Not Present
Downlink information per radio link list	
- Downlink information for each radio link	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH info	
- Primary scrambling code	Reference to 34.108 [3] clause 6.1 "Default
	settings (FDD)"
- PDSCH with SHO DCH info	Not Present
- PDSCH code mapping	Not Present
- Serving HS-DSCH radio link indicator	TRUE
- Downlink DPCH info for each RL	
- CHOICE mode	FDD
- Primary CPICH usage for channel	Primary CPICH may be used
estimation	
- DPCH frame offset	Set to value Default DPCH Offset Value (as
	currently stored in SS) mod 38400
- Secondary CPICH info	Not Present
- DL channelisation code	
	Not procept
 Secondary scrambling code Spreading factor 	Not present 256
- Code number	192
	-
- Scrambling code change	No change
- TPC combination index	0 Not Drocost
- SSDT Cell Identity	Not Present
- Closed loop timing adjustment mode	Not Present
 SCCPCH information for FACH 	Not Present

Annex J (informative): Information about special regional application of test cases and requirements

This annex provides information about special regional application of the tests specified in the core part of the present document. The special regional application of certain test cases is typically caused by specific local regulation and legalisation.

J.1 Japan

For regulatory testing in Japan shared risk against core specification value with test tolerance of zero may be applied provisionally, until the time the non-zero test tolerances principle used in the present document is reflected in Japanese regulations, The shared risk principle described above will apply to the following requirements:

- 5.9 Spectrum Emission Mask;
- NOTE: This information should be reviewed on a regular basis to check its applicability, as changes to regulation allowing usage of the non-zero test tolerances principle are expected.

Annex K (normative): Cell configuration mapping

The cells defined in TS 25.133 and used in TS 34.121 do not correspond to the cells defined in TS 34.108 section 6.1.4. Table K.1 describes the mapping between cells described in TS 34.121 and those defined in TS 34.108. For each test case in section 8 the cells as defined in TS 34.108 section 6.1.4 are listed in one row. The test case shall apply the RF parameters as defined in TS 34.121 according to the column heading. The use of cells as defined in TS 34.108 section 6.1.4 is important in order to have consistent SIB11 configurations between the different cells.

Note: For example if the second cell in a test case is an inter-frequency cell then Cell4 from TS 34.108 section 6.1.4 is used with the radio parameters as defined for Cell2 in TS 34.121.

Test		34.121	34.121	34.121	34.121	34.121	34.121
Case	Description	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell4	Cell5	Cell6
8.2.2.1	Idle Mode / Cell Re-Selection / Scenario 1:Single carrier	Cell I	Cellz	Cello	0014	Cello	Cello
0.2.2.1	case	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.2.2.2	Idle Mode / Cell Re-Selection / Scenario 2:Multi carrier						
	case	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.2.3.1	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/ Scenario	a					
	1: Both UTRA and GSM level changed	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.3.2	Idle Mode / UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection/ Scenario	Cell1	Cell9				
8.2.4	2: Only UTRA level changed Idle Mode / FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection						
		Cell1	TDD				
8.3.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDSoft	Cell1	Cell2				
8.3.2.1	Handover UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDHard	Cell I	CellZ				
0.3.2.1	Handover to intra-frequency cell	Cell1	Cell2				
8.3.2.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/FDDHard	00111	00112				
	Handover to inter-frequency cell	Cell1	Cell4				
8.3.3	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / FDD/TDDHard						
	Handover	Cell1	TDD				
8.3.4	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility /Inter-system	Cell1	Cell9				
8.3.5.1	Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in	Cell I	Cella				
0.3.3.1	CELL_FACH / One frequency present in neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.5.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in	00111	00112	00110	0011	00110	00111
	CELL_FACH / Two frequencies present in the neighbour						
	list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.3.5.3	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in	0.114	0.10				
8.3.6.1	CELL_FACH / Cell Reselection to GSM UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in	Cell1	Cell9				
0.3.0.1	CELL_PCH / One frequency present in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.6.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in	00111	00112	00110	00117	00110	00111
0.01012	CELL_PCH / Two frequencies present in the neighbour						
	list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.3.7.1	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in	0.114	0.110	0.110	0.117	0.110	0.1144
0070	URA_PCH / One frequency present in the neighbour list	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3	Cell7	Cell8	Cell11
8.3.7.2	UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility / CellRe-selection in URA_PCH / Two frequencies present in the neighbour						
	list	Cell1	Cell4	Cell2	Cell3	Cell5	Cell6
8.4.1.1	RRC Connection Control / RRCRe-establishment delay /						000
-	Test 1	Cell1	Cell2				
8.4.1.2	RRC Connection Control / RRCRe-establishment delay /	0.114	0.114				
	Test 2	Cell1	Cell4				
8.4.2.1	RRC Connection Control / Random Access /Correct	Coll1					
8.4.2.2	behaviour when receiving an ACK RRC Connection Control / Random Access /Correct	Cell1					
0.4.2.2	behaviour when receiving an NACK	Cell1					
8.4.2.3	RRC Connection Control / Random Access /Correct						
	behaviour at Time-out	Cell1					
8.4.2.4	RRC Connection Control / Random Access /Correct						
	behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power	Cell1					
8.4.3.1	RRC Connection Control / Transport formatcombination						
	selection in UE / Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps	Cell1					
		0011	L	l	L	1	

Table K.1: Cell configuration mapping for RF testing

8.5.1	Timing and Signalling Characteristics / UETransmit	Calld	0.0110				
8.6.1.1	Timing FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered	Cell1	Cell2				
8.6.1.2	reporting in AWGN propagationconditions FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered	Cell1	Cell2				
	reporting of multiple neighbours inAWGN propagation condition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3			
8.6.1.3	FDD intrafrequency measurements / Event triggered reporting of two detectableneighbours in AWGN						
8.6.1.4	propagation condition FDD intrafrequency measurements / Correct reporting of	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3			
	neighbours in fadingpropagation condition	Cell1	Cell2				
8.6.2.1	FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagationcondition	Cell1	Cell2	Cell4			
8.6.2.2	FDD interfrequency measurements / Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition	Cell1	Cell4				
8.6.3.1	TDD measurements / Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell1	TDD				
8.6.4.1	GSM measurements / Correct reporting of GSMneighbours in AWGN propagation condition	Cell1	Cell9				
8.7.1.1.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH RSCP / Intra frequency measurements accuracy /		Cell2				
8.7.1.1.2	Absolute accuracy requirement Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH RSCP / Intra frequency measurements accuracy /	Cell1	Cellz				
8.7.1.2.1	Relative accuracyrequirement Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH	Cell1	Cell2				
0.7.1.2.1	RSCP / Inter frequency measurement accuracy / Relative accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.2.1.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH Ec/lo / Intra frequency measurements accuracy / Absolute accuracyrequirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.2.1.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH Ec/lo / Intra frequency measurements accuracy / Relative accuracyrequirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.2.2.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH Ec/lo	UCIT	0012				
	/ Inter frequency measurement accuracy / Absolute accuracy requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.2.2.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /CPICH Ec/lo / Inter frequency measurement accuracy / Relative accuracyrequirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.3.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /UTRA Carrier RSSI / Absolute measurement accuracy						
	requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.3.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /UTRA Carrier RSSI / Relative measurement accuracy						
8.7.3A	requirement Measurements Performance Requirements / GSMCarrier	Cell1	Cell4				
	RSSI	Cell1	Cell9	Cell10	GSM	GSM	GSM
8.7.3B	Measurements Performance Requirements /Transport channel BLER						
8.7.3C	Measurements Performance Requirements / UE transmitted power	Cell1					
8.7.4.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-CFN observed time difference /Intra frequency measurement requirement	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.4.2	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-CFN observed time difference /Inter frequency measurement requirement	Cell1	Cell4				
8.7.5.1	Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN observed time						
8.7.5.2	difference type 1 Measurements Performance Requirements /SFN-SFN observed time difference / SFN-SFN observed time	Cell1	Cell2				
8.7.6.1	difference type 2 Measurements Performance Requirements / UERx-Tx						
8.7.7	time difference / UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 Measurements Performance Requirements /Observed time difference to GSM cell	Cell1					
0704							ļ
8.7.8.1	Measurements Performance Requirements / P-CCPCH RSCP / Absolute measurement accuracy	Cell1	TDD				

Annex L (informative): Change history

T Meeting	Doc-1 st -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version	Version -New	Doc-2 nd -Level
TD 07						Current	0.0.0	
TP-07				Approval of the specification No change: replaces invalid zip file on server		2.0.0 3.0.0	3.0.0 3.0.1	
TP-08	TP-000090	001		Editorial corrections to clauses 2, 3, 4 and 5.1	D	3.0.0	3.1.0	T1-000059
TP-08	TP-000090	002		Modifications to clause 5.4 "Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink"		3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000060
TP-08	TP-000090	003		Out-of-synchronisation handling of the UE	В	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000061
TP-08	TP-000090	004		Modifications to clauses 5.8, 5.9, 5.10 and 5.11	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000062
TP-08	TP-000090	005		Modifications to Chapter 6 "Receiver Characteristics"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000063
TP-08	TP-000090	006		Modifications to Annex D, Annex E, Annex G and Annex H	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000067
TP-08	TP-000090	008		Modifications to clauses 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000069
TP-08	TP-000090	009		Modifications to Chapter 7 "Performance requirements"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000070
TP-08	TP-000090	010		Modifications to test power control in downlink	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000071
TP-08	TP-000090	011		Modifications to clause 5.13 "Transmit Modulation"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000072
TP-08	TP-000090	012		Modifications to test for inner loop power control in the uplink	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000073
TP-08	TP-000090	013		Revision of Annex B: Global in-channel Tx test	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000074
TP-08	TP-000090	014		Blind transport format detection	В	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000075
TP-08	TP-000090	015		Removal of Annex I "Open Items"	D	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000077
TP-08	TP-000090	016		Modifications to Chapter 8 "Requirements for support of RRM"	С	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000117
TP-08	TP-000090	017		Modifications to Annex C "Measurement channels"	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000118
TP-08	TP-000090	018		Idle mode test cases (test of performance requirements)	F	3.0.1	3.1.0	T1-000119
TP-09	TP-000163	019		Editorial corrections for References and Frequency Stability (2, 5.2, 5.3)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000131
TP-09	TP-000163	020		Corrections for Output Power Dynamics in the Uplink (5.4)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000132
TP-09	TP-000163	021		Transients for uplink inner loop power control (5.4.2.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000133
TP-09	TP-000163	022		Transmit On/Off power (5.5.2.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000134
TP-09	TP-000163	023		Change of TFC (5.6.4.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000135
TP-09	TP-000163	024		Clarification of the definition on Peak Code Domain Error (5.13.2.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000139
TP-09	TP-000163	025		UE interfering signal definition (6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000140
TP-09	TP-000163	026		Performance requirements (7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000143
TP-09	TP-000163	027		CR on clause 7.6 and 7.7 in TS34.121 (7.6, 7.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000144
TP-09	TP-000163	028		Performance requirements (7.9, 7.10, 7.11)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000146
TP-09	TP-000163	029		Corrections for Annex D (Annex-D)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000147
TP-09	TP-000163	030		Corrections for Annex E (Annex-E)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000148
TP-09	TP-000163	031		Corrections for Transmit ON/OFF Power, Change of TFC and Power setting in uplink compressed mode (5.5, 5.6, 5.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000149
TP-09	TP-000163	032		Corrections for power setting in uplink compressed mode (5.7)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000136
TP-09	TP-000163	033		CR for subclause 7.8: Power control in downlink (7.8)	В	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000145
TP-09	TP-000163	034		Corrections to clause 5.8, 5.9, 5.10, 5.11 and 5.12	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000137
TP-09	TP-000163	035		Corrections to EVM and PCDE formulae (B.2.7.1, B2.7.2)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000138
TP-09	TP-000163	036		New initial conditions for Spurious emission test case (6.8.4.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000141
TP-09	TP-000163	037		C.4.1 UL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirement (C.4.1)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	T1-000142
TP-10	TP-000216	038		Corrections to Chapter 3 "Definitions, symbols, abbreviations and equations"	D	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000247
TP-10	TP-000216	039		Vocabulary Corrections	D	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000253
TP-10	TP-000216	040		Reference Measurement Channels in Annex C	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000238
TP-10	TP-000216	041		Inclusion of OCNS definition for performance tests	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000241
TP-10	TP-000216	042		Handling of measurement uncertainties in UE conformance testing (FDD)	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000250
TP-10	TP-000216	043		Update of Idle mode test cases	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000252
TP-10	TP-000216	044		UE emission mask measurement filter definition correction	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000254
TP-10	TP-000216	045		New structure of TS 34.121	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000255
TP-10	TP-000216	046		Test for combining TPC commands in soft handover	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000239
TP-10	TP-000216	047		Corrections to power control tests	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000240
TP-10	TP-000216	048		Correction to Open Loop Power Control in Uplink	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000242
TP-10	TP-000216	049		Correction to Transmit ON/OFF Time mask	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000243r
TP-10	TP-000216	050		Correction to Spurious Emission test	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000244

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T Meeting	Doc-1 st -Level	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Version -	Version -New	Doc-2 nd -Level
						Current		
TP-10	TP-000216	051		Correction of spurious emission measurement procedure	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000245
TP-10	TP-000216	052		Out-of-synchronization handling of output power	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000246
TP-10	TP-000216	053		Clarification of test procedure and test requirement for receiver blocking and spurious response.	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000248
TP-10	TP-000216	054		Subclause 7.8 Power control in downlink	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000249
TP-10	TP-000216	055		Downlink compressed mode	F	3.2.0	3.3.0	T1-000251
TP-11	TP-010019	056		CR on Test tolerance for 6.5 Blocking Characteristics	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010020
TP-11	TP-010019	057		CR on Test tolerance for 6.7 Intermodulation Characteristics	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010025
TP-11	TP-010019	058		CR on Test tolerance for 5.5.1 Test Tolerance for Transmit OFF power		3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010027
TP-11	TP-010019	059		CR on Test tolerance for 6.6 Spurious Response	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010028
TP-11	TP-010019	060		CR on Test tolerance for 5.11 Test Tolerance for Transmit Spurious emissions		3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010029
TP-11	TP-010019	061		CR on Test tolerance for Annex.F TS34.121	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010030
TP-11	TP-010019	062		CR on Test tolerance for 5.2 Maximum output power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010031
TP-11	TP-010019	063		CR on Test tolerance for 5.4.3 Minimum Output Power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010032
TP-11	TP-010019	064		CR on Test tolerance for 5.9 Spectrum Emission Mask	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010033
TP-11	TP-010019	065		CR on Test tolerance for 5.10 ACLR	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010034
TP-11	TP-010019	066		CR on Test tolerance for 5.12 Transmit Intermodulation	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010035
TP-11	TP-010019	067		CR on Test tolerance for 6.2 Reference Sensitivity Level	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010036
TP-11	TP-010019	068		CR on Test tolerance for 5.3 Frequency Error	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010037
TP-11	TP-010019	069		CR on Test tolerance for 5.8 Occupied Bandwidth	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010038
TP-11	TP-010019	070		CR on Test tolerance for 5.13.1 EVM	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010039
TP-11	TP-010019	071		CR on Test tolerance for 5.13.2 PCDE	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010040
TP-11	TP-010019	072		CR on Test tolerance for 5.4.4 Out of Synchronisation transmit power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010041
TP-11	TP-010019	073		CR on Test tolerance for 6.4 ACS	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010042
TP-11	TP-010019	074		CR on Test tolerance for 6.8 RX Spurious Emissions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010108
TP-11	TP-010019	075		CR on corrections to DL compressed mode	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010021
TP-11	TP-010019	076		CR on Corrections to DL 384kbps and BTFD measurement channels	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010022
TP-11	TP-010019	077		CR on Corrections to Maximum output power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010023
TP-11	TP-010019	078		CR on RX spurious emissions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010024
TP-11	TP-010019	079		CR on Editorial correction to channel number	D	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010026
TP-11	TP-010019	080		CR Correction of Annex-E and reference information to Annex E	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010043
TP-11	TP-010019	081		Editorial corrections	D	3.3.0	3.4.0	T1-010044
TP-11	TP-010076	082	1	Regional requirements on Test Tolerance	F	3.3.0	3.4.0	Presented directly to TP-1
TP-12	TP-010119	083		CR: Addition of Test System uncertainties and Test Tolerances	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010139
TP-12	TP-010119	084		CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH RSCP	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010140
TP-12	TP-010119	085		CR: Measurement accuracy of CPICH Ec/lo	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010141
TP-12	TP-010119	086		CR: Modifications to the structure of RRM test cases (FDD)	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010142
TP-12	TP-010119	087		Maintenance CR: Propagation condition 250 km/h	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010143
TP-12	TP-010119	088		Maintenance CR: Removal of square brackets	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010144
TP-12	TP-010119	089		Maintenance CR: Tx power for Rx characteristics measurement	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010145
TP-12	TP-010119	090		Maintenance CR: Correction of Definition of multi-code OCNS signal	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010146
TP-12	TP-010119	091		Maintenance CR: Conformance requirement to Minimum requirement	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010147
TP-12	TP-010119	092		Maintenance CR: Test conditions for TS 34.121	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010148
TP-12	TP-010119	093		Maintenance CR: Editorial correction 34.121	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010149
TP-12	TP-010119	094		Maintenance CR: closed loop power control close to the limits	С	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010150
TP-12	TP-010119	095		Maintenance CR: romoval of annex.I	D	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010151
TP-12	TP-010119	096		Maintenance CR: correction to annex.E	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010152
TP-12	TP-010119	097		Maintenance CR: corrections to TS34.121	F	3.4.0	3.5.0	T1-010153
TP-13	TP-010184	098		Annex F Measurement uncertainty	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010342
TP-13	TP-010184	099		RX Spurious emissions	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010364
TP-13	TP-010184	100		Structure of RRM test cases	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010356
TP-13	TP-010184	101		Clause 8.2, Idle mode cell reselection delay tests	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010361
TP-13	TP-010184	102		Proposal for measuring method of Random Access	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010362
TP-13	TP-010184	103		Modification to OCNS code channels to allow for 384 kbps allocation	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010339
TP-13	TP-010184	104		Clarification of AWGN definition	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010340
TP-13	TP-010184	105	1	Correction to test for inner loop power control in the uplink	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010341

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TP-13	TP-010184	106		Core specification change for uplink inner loop power control	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010355
TP-13	TP-010184	107		Power Control mode in downlink	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010357
TP-13	TP-010184	108		Correction of frequency range for receiver spurious emission requirements	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010360
TP-13	TP-010184	109		Test numbering of multi-path fading propagation tests	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010363
TP-13	TP-010184	110		Measurement of the ON/OFF power during the PRACH preamble	F	3.5.0	3.6.0	T1-010370
TP-14	TP-010259	111		Improvement of test description: CPICH RSCP test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010489
TP-14	TP-010259	112		Improvement of test description: CPICH Ec/lo test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010490
TP-14	TP-010259	113		UTRA Carrier RSSI test case	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010491
TP-14	TP-010259	114		Corrections and improvements for TS 34.121 subclauses 5, 6 and Annex E	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010492
TP-14	TP-010259	115		Clarification of test requirements for Transmit ON/OFF time mask	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010493
TP-14	TP-010259	116		Clarification of procedure for Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010494
TP-14	TP-010259	117		UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010495
TP-14	TP-010259	118		UE Transmit Timing	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010496
TP-14	TP-010259	119		Changes to blocking characteristics and spurious response test cases	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010497
TP-14	TP-010259	120		Clarification in Spectrum emission mask section	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010498
TP-14	TP-010259	121		DL Power Control Step Size in performance requirements	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010499
TP-14	TP-010259	122		DL Compressed mode, correction of pattern	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010500
TP-14	TP-010259	123		BER/BLER testing based on statistical approach	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010517
TP-14	TP-010259	124		Deletion of OFF power measurement on "Power setting in uplink compressed mode" Test	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010520
TP-14	TP-010259	125		Cell reselection delay tests in idle mode	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010521
TP-14	TP-010259	126		CR for Transmit OFF power measurement	F	3.6.0	3.7.0	T1-010522
TP-15	TP-020039	127		Correction of power terms and definitions	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020133
TP-15	TP-020039	128		Creation of common default messages for RRM test cases in Annex I	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020134
TP-15	TP-020039	129		Transmit ON/OFF time mask, Change of TFC and Power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020135
TP-15	TP-020039	130		Maintenance of Annex B	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020136
TP-15	TP-020039	131		Correction of minimum test times under fading	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020137
TP-15	TP-020039	132		Addition of test case description for SFN-CFN observed time difference	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020138
TP-15	TP-020039	133		Addition of test case description for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020139
TP-15	TP-020039	134		Corrections for TS 34.121 subclause 8.7.6	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020140
TP-15	TP-020039	135		Correction changes in clause 8.7	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020141
TP-15	TP-020039	136		Update of RRM Cell reselection delay tests in idle mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020142
TP-15	TP-020039	137		Implementation of test tolerances to test cases in subclause 7	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020143
TP-15	TP-020039	138		RRM AnnexF	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020144
TP-15	TP-020039	139		Connection Diagrams for RRM tests cell re-selection in idle mode	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020145
TP-15	TP-020039	140		Statistical testing of RRM delay performance	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020146
TP-15	TP-020039	141		RRM Hard handover test cases	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020147
TP-15	TP-020039	142		System Simulator and Test System definition	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020148
TP-15	TP-020039	143		WCDMA 1800 and 1900 additions	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020170
TP-15	TP-020039	144		Correction of power spectral density	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	T1-020171
TP-16		145	to	pectrum emission mask test case: Change to frequencies be tested	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020220
TP-16		146		ower control in downlink, initial convergence	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020221
TP-16		147		vent triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020222
TP-16		148	рі	vent triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN ropagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020223
TP-16	TP-020139	149	A	vent triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in WGN propagation conditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020224
TP-16	TP-020139	150	С	orrect reporting of neighbours in fading propagation onditions	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020226
TP-16	TP-020139	151	E	emoval of "AFC On" reference from clause 5.3 Frequency rror test	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020227
TP-16	TP-020139	152	C co	orrect reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation on on on on one of the one	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020235
TP-16	TP-020139	153	D	eletion of test case description 'Correct reporting of eighbours in Fading propagation conditions - Inter	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020236

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				frequency case				
TP-16	TP-020139	154		Correction of UE Tx Timing adjustment rate	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020237
TP-16	TP-020139	155		Correction of Units of side conditions and test parameters	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020238
TP-16 TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	156 157		Structure of subclause 8 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	3.8.0 3.8.0	3.9.0 3.9.0	T1-020239 T1-020240
TP-16	TP-020139	157		UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection: Change of minimum	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020240
11 10	11 020100	150		requirements	'	0.0.0	0.0.0	11 020241
TP-16	TP-020139	159		Cell reselection in idle mode. CR for testcase	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020242
TP-16	TP-020139	160		Cell reselection in idle mode: CR for annex F.4	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020243
TP-16	TP-020139	161		UTRAN to GSM cell reselection: CR for testcase	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020244
TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	162 163		UTRAN to GSM cell reselection: CR for annex F.4	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020245
TP-16 TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	163		Test parameters of FDD/FDD Hard Handover test case Addition of details for RRM test cases in 8.3.7.1 and 8.3.7.2	F	3.8.0 3.8.0	3.9.0 3.9.0	T1-020246 T1-020247
11 10	11 020100	104		(Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH)	'	0.0.0	0.0.0	11 020247
TP-16	TP-020139	165		Addition of details for RRM test cases in 8.4.1 (RRC Re- establishment delay)	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020248
TP-16	TP-020139	166		Addition of details for RRM test case 8.3.1	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020249
TP-16	TP-020139	167		Addition of details for RRM test case 8.3.5.1	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020250
TP-16	TP-020139	168		Addition of details for RRM test case 8.3.5.2	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020251
TP-16	TP-020139	169		UE RX TX time difference: CR for testcase	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020252
TP-16 TP-16	TP-020139 TP-020139	170 171		UE RX TX time difference: CR for annex Correction for SSDT test parameters and UL DPCCH slot	F	3.8.0 3.8.0	3.9.0 3.9.0	T1-020253 T1-020265
11-10	1F-020139	17.1		format for performance	1	5.0.0	3.9.0	11-020203
TP-16	TP-020139	172		Correction of UE FDD EVM definition	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020266
TP-16	TP-020139	173		Clarification of Meaning of FDR	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020267
TP-16	TP-020139	174		Modification to the test case for RX spurious emissions in TS34.121	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020268
TP-16	TP-020139	175		Editorial correction to Open Loop Power Control and Transmit ON/OFF Time mask in TS34.121	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020422
TP-16	TP-020139	176		Corrections to ACLR in TS34.121	F	3.8.0	3.9.0	T1-020423
TP-17	TP-020185	177		Addition of sub clause 8.7.6.2 – UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020453
TP-17	TP-020185	178		Addition of test case Cell reselection in CELL_PCH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020454
TP-17	TP-020185	179	-	Addition of test case Transport format combination selection	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020455
TP-17	TP-020185	180	-	Maintenance of Re-selection and handover test cases	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020456
TP-17	TP-020185	181	-	Correction of test parameters of Handover to inter-frequency	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020457
TP-17	TP-020185	182	-	Addition of details for RRM test case 8.7.3C (UE transmitted	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020458
TP-17	TP-020185	183	-	Corrections to clause 6 and 7 for editorial errors	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020459
TP-17	TP-020185	184	-	Correction to clause 8.2.2 Cell Re-Selection	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020460
TP-17	TP-020185	185	-	Correction to clause 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020461
TP-17	TP-020185	187	-	Correction to clause 8.6.1.1 Event triggered reporting in	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020463
TP-17	TP-020185	188	-	Correction to clause 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020464
TP-17	TP-020185	189		Correction to clause 8.6.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020465
TP-17	TP-020185	190		Correction to clause 8.6.1.4 Correct reporting of neighbours	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020466
TP-17	TP-020185	191		Correction to clause 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020467
TP-17	TP-020185	192		Correction to clause 8.7.1 CPICH RSCP	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020468
TP-17	TP-020185	193		Correction to clause 8.7.2 CPICH Ec/lo	' F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020469
TP-17		193			F	3.9.0		T1-020409
	TP-020185			Correction of test case 'Rx-Tx time difference type 1'.			3.10.0	
TP-17	TP-020185	195		FDD/TDD Handover Test Case	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020471
TP-17	TP-020185	196		Test Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in URA_PCH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020474
TP-17	TP-020185	197		Correction to clause 8.3.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020475
TP-17	TP-020185	198		Segmented Measurement to be allowed for Inner Loop	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020476
TP-17	TP-020185	199		Correction to clause 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020477
TP-17	TP-020185	200	-	Correction to clause 8.7.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020478
TP-17	TP-020185	201	-	Correction to clause 8.7.4 and 8.7.5 SFN-CFN/SFN	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020479
TP-17	TP-020185	202	-	Addition of a set of Compressed mode reference pattern 2	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020480
TP-17	TP-020185	203	-	Correction of Compressed Mode Performance Requirement	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020481
TP-17	TP-020185	204	-	Tx Power level control during Rx testing	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020482
TP-17	TP-020185	205		Deletion of some suclauses from F.6.1 Statistical testing of	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020483
TP-17	TP-020185	206		Correction to clause 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020484
TP-17	TP-020185	207		Test Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in CELL-FACH	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020485
TP-17	TP-020185	208		Calculation of Test Requirements for Cell Re-Selection in	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020486
TP-17	TP-020185	200		Clarification of the definition of 90 % success rate	' F	3.9.0	3.10.0	T1-020400
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TP-17	TP-020192	211			Correction of regional note in Annex J.1	F	3.9.0	3.10.0	-
TP-18	TP-020294	212			Correction of table titles of Demodulation of DCH in closed	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020631
11 10	11 020234	212			loop transmit diversity mode test case	1	0.10.0	5.11.0	11 020001
TP-18	TP-020294	213	-		Maintenance of FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection test case	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020632
TP-18	TP-020294	214			Maintenance of UE Transmit Timing test case	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020633
TP-18	TP-020294	215			Correction of ACLR absolute power limit	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020634
TP-18	TP-020294	216	-		Correction to clause 8.3.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020636
TP-18	TP-020294	217	-		Maintenance of 8.4.2.4 Correct behavior when reaching maximum transit power	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020637
TP-18	TP-020294	218	-		Correction of table numbers	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020639
TP-18	TP-020294	219	-		Correction of message parameter	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020640
TP-18	TP-020294	220	-		Correction of test parameter in 8.4.2.3 Correct behavior when Time-out	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020641
TP-18	TP-020294	221	-		Modification of the Random Access Test 8.4.2.1, Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK.	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020651
TP-18	TP-020294	222	-		Modifications to the test case for Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink in TS34.121	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020642
TP-18	TP-020294	223	-		Correction of SCH side conditions and other corrections	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020750
TP-18	TP-020294	224	-		Corrections of test for power setting in uplink compressed mode	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020751
TP-18	TP-020294	225	-		Text for annex F.6.2 Statistical testing of RRM delay performance	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020752
TP-18	TP-020294	226	-		Maintenance of annex F.6.1 Statistical testing of BER BLER performance	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020753
TP-18	TP-020294	227	-		Dual limit BLER tests	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020754
TP-18	TP-020294	228	-		Correction of test method: Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020755
TP-18	TP-020294	229	-		Correction of table and subclause references	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020756
TP-18	TP-020294	230			Revision of table titles in Sec 8. to provide unique and unambiguous descriptions	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020757
TP-18	TP-020294	231	-		Correction to clause 8.3.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020758
TP-18	TP-020294	232			Correction to PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020759
					message that activates compressed mode	-			
TP-18	TP-020294	233	-		Introduction of test tolerances in Cell Reselection multi carrier test cases	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020769
TP-18	TP-020294	234	-		Correction of UL reference measurement channel	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	T1-020889
TP-19	TP-030045	235	-		P-CCPCH RSCP test case for FDD to TDD handover	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030171
TP-19	TP-030045	236	-		Correct reporting of TDD inter-frequency neighbours in	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030172
TP-19	TP-030045	237			Correction for minimum requirement of UE transmitted	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030173
TP-19	TP-030045	238			Removal of 34.123-1 Annex A reference	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030174
TP-19	TP-030045	239			Correction of UE parameter for Correct behaviour at Time-	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030175
TP-19	TP-030045	240			Correction of Out-of-synchronisation handling of output	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030178
TP-19	TP-030045	241	-		Removal of uplink dummy DCCH transmission function in	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030179
TP-19	TP-030045	242	-		Correction for Combining of TPC commands from radio links	F	3.11.0	3.12.0	T1-030186
TP-20	TP-030099	243	-		Modifications to the test cases for Transmit diversity modes in TS34.121	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030323
TP-20	TP-030099	244	-		Correction for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH state test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030324
TP-20	TP-030099	245	-		Correction for Random Access test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030325
TP-20	TP-030099	246	-		Correction for downlink compressed mode test case	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030326
TP-20	TP-030099	247	-		CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to Activation Time in Hard Handover RRM Test Cases	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030343
TP-20	TP-030099	249	-		CR to 34.121 R99; Corretion to Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink	F	3.12.0	3.13.0	T1-030348
TP-20	-	-	-		Upgrade to Rel-4	-	3.13.0	4.0.0	-
TP-20	TP-030099	250			Addition of clarification for modulation accuracy requirement	F	4.0.0	5.0.0	T1-030732
TP-21	TP-030189	251			Creation of a merged release for 34.121 which incorporates R99 and Rel-4	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030796
TP-21	TP-030189	253			CR to 34.121 R99; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)		3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030814
TP-21	TP-030189	254	-		CR to 34.121 REL-4; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030815
TP-21	TP-030189	255	-		CR to 34.121 REL-5; Addition of test case details for RRM test case 8.3.5.3 (Cell Reselection to GSM in Cell_FACH)	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030816
TP-21	TP-030189	256	-		Correction of SSDT performance test case (R99)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030817
TP-21	TP-030189	257			Correction of SSDT performance test case (Rel-4)	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030818
TP-21	TP-030189	258	-		Correction of SSDT performance test case (Rel-5)	Α	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030819

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TP-21	TP-030189	261	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030841
TP-21	TP-030189	262	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030842
TP-21	TP-030189	263	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030843
TP-21	TP-030189	264		Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030859
TP-21	TP-030189	265		Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030860
TP-21	TP-030189	266		Test Requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030861
TP-21	TP-030189	267		Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (R99)	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030862
	TP-030189	268		Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (Rel-4)		4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030863
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	TP-030189	269		Correction to RRC Re-establishment delay test case (Rel-5)	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030864
	TP-030189	270		CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030865
	TP-030189	271		CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030866
TP-21	TP-030189	272		CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030867
TP-21	TP-030189	277	-	CR to 34.121 R99; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031108
TP-21	TP-030189	278		CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	4	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031109
TP-21	TP-030189	279		CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to CPICH Ec/lo in correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test case	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031110
TP-21	TP-030189	280		Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Intra Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031182
TP-21	TP-030189	281		Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Intra Frequency Measurement	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031183
TP-21	TP-030189	282		CR Rel 5 Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Intra Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031184
TP-21	TP-030189	283	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031188
TP-21	TP-030189	284	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031189
TP-21	TP-030189	285	-	Test Requirements for RRM CPICH Ec/lo Inter Frequency Measurement	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031190
TP-21	TP-030189	286	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access tests	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031191
	TP-030189	287	-	Test requirements for RRM Random Access Test	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031192
	TP-030189	288		Test requirements for RRM Random Access Test	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031192
	TP-030189	289		Completion of Annex F	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-031229
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		290		Completion of Annex F	A	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031230
	TP-030189	291		Completion of Annex F	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031231
	TP-030189	252		CR to 34.121 R99; Corretion to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030800
TP-21	TP-030189	273		CR to 34.121 Rel-99; Correction to CRC bit for reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030870
TP-21	TP-030189	274		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	3.13.0	5.1.0	T1-030873
TP-21	TP-030189	259		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030832
TP-21	TP-030189	260	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection in CELL_FACH tests 8.3.5.1 & 8.3.5.2	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030833
TP-21	TP-030189	275	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Corretion to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031103
TP-21	TP-030189	276	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Corretion to Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-031104
TP-21	TP-030189	292	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-4; Correction to CRC bit for reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters	F	4.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030871
TP-21	TP-030189	293	-	CR to 34.121 Rel-5; Correction to CRC bit for reference measurement channel using RLc-TM for DTCH, transport channel parameters	F	5.0.0	5.1.0	T1-030872
			-	Introduction of the phase discontinuity test (Specific to Rel-5)			5.1.0	T1-031277

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TP-22 TP-030280 02 Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH tests 8.3.6.1 & 8.3.6.2 F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 29 Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection in URA, PCH tests 8.3.7.1 & 8.3.7.2 F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 03 Clarification of Downlink Physical Channel in table E.3.1 F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 09 FDD inter-frequency cell identification and measurement F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 10 Changes to section 8.4.3, TFC selection requirements for reporting test case F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 Measurement Test requirements for RIN CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03157 TP-22 TP-030280 24 Test requirements for RIN CPICH LScIo Inter Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03157 Measurement Test requirements for RIN CPICH LScIo Inter Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03167 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection tests</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>T1-031562</td></td<>					Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Reselection tests				T1-031562
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TP-22 TP-30280 03 Clarification of Downink Physical Channel in table E.3.1 F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-3156 TP-22 TP-30280 09 FDD inter-frequency cell identification and measurement F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-33156 TP-22 TP-30280 10 Changes to section 8.4.3, TFC selection requirements for F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-33156 TP-22 TP-30280 27 Test requirements for RM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-33156 TP-22 TP-30280 28 Test requirements for RM CPICH RSCP Inter Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-30280 24 Test requirements for RM CPICH_Ec/lo Inter Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-30280 04 CR to 34.121: Correction to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03166 TP-22 TP-030280 04 CR to 34.121: Correction to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03166 TP-22	TP-22	TP-030280	29		Introduction of Test Tolerances to Cell Re-selection in	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031564
TP-22 TP-030280 09 FDD inter-frequency cell identification and measurement reporting test case F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03162 TP-22 TP-030280 10 Changes to section 8.4.3, TFC selection requirements for RM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03162 TP-22 TP-030280 28 Test requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 28 Test requirements for RRM CPICH RSCP Intra Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 28 Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Intra Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03156 TP-22 TP-030280 24 Test requirements for RRM CPICH_Ec/lo Intra Frequency F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03166 TP-22 TP-030280 04 CR to 34.121: Correction to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03166 TP-22 TP-030280 21 1.2.2 kbits RMC is insufficient for BLER testing F 5.1.1 5.2.0 T1-03167 <td>TP-22</td> <td>TP-030280</td> <td>03</td> <td></td> <td>Clarification of Downlink Physical Channel in table E.3.1</td> <td>F</td> <td>5.1.1</td> <td>5.2.0</td> <td>T1-031565</td>	TP-22	TP-030280	03		Clarification of Downlink Physical Channel in table E.3.1	F	5.1.1	5.2.0	T1-031565
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Image: Figure 16.3Image: Figure 15.2.05.3.0T1-04016TP-23TP-040038333-CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for reported values.F5.2.05.3.0T1-04016TP-23TP-040038334-Correction to the meassurement control message in 8.7.2.F5.2.05.3.0T1-04026TP-23TP-040038335-Correction of the TGD value for single gap transmission gap patternF5.2.05.3.0T1-04026TP-23TP-040038336-Correction to the Measurement Control message in 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time differenceF5.2.05.3.0T1-04026TP-23TP-040038337-Introduction of correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test caseF5.2.05.3.0T1-04036TP-23TP-040038338-Correction to RRC connection control test 1 and 2F5.2.05.3.0T1-04036TP-23TP-040038340-Correction of measurement control message in inter frequency measurement test cases.F5.2.05.3.0T1-04036					Releases				T1-031694
TP-23TP-040038334-Correction to the meassurement control message in 8.7.2.F5.2.05.3.0T1-04028TP-23TP-040038335-Correction of the TGD value for single gap transmission gap patternF5.2.05.3.0T1-04028TP-23TP-040038336-Correction to the Measurement Control message in 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time differenceF5.2.05.3.0T1-04028TP-23TP-040038337-Introduction of correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test caseF5.2.05.3.0T1-04034TP-23TP-040038338-Correction to 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation conditionF5.2.05.3.0T1-04034TP-23TP-040038339-Correction to RRC connection control test 1 and 2F5.2.05.3.0T1-04036TP-23TP-040038340-Correction of measurement control message in inter frequency measurement test cases.F5.2.05.3.0T1-04010					6.3				T1-040099
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			341	-	Correction to W-CDMA modulated interferer definition		5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040190 T1-040248

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Meeting							- Current	-New	
TP-23	TP-040038	343	3	-	Excess test uncertainties	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040279
TP-23	TP-040038	344	1		Define TBD message parameters for FDD/FDD Hard Handover test cases	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040281
TP-23	TP-040038	345	5		Introduction of Test Tolerances to FDD/FDD Hard Handover to intra-frequency cell, test 8.3.2.1	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040282
TP-23	TP-040038	346	6	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell, test 8.3.2.2	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040284
TP-23	TP-040038	347	7		Introduction of PRACH preamble tests	В	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040330
TP-23	TP-040038	348	3		Correction of requirements of HSDPA CQI reporting in AWGN propagation conditions	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040333
TP-23	TP-040038	349)		Annex A for HSDPA	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040337
TP-23	TP-040038	350)	-	Annex F.1 for HSDPA	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040338
TP-23	TP-040038	351	l		Correction of DL channelisation code value in DL radio resources	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040339
TP-23	TP-040038	352	2	-	Correction to F.4.1	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040393
TP-23	TP-040038	353	3	-	Links to Annex F.6.2 in RRM test cases	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040139
TP-23	TP-040038	354	1		Clarify measurement control for FDD/FDD Inter-frequency Hard Handover test case	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	T1-040252
TP-23	-	-			Correction on implementation of CR 333 on CPICH_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy requirements for reported values.on Table 8.7.2.2.2.3	F	5.3.0	5.3.1	-
TP-24	TP-040113	355	5	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions, test 8.6.1.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040524</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	356	3		Corrections to CPICH RSCP test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040533</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	357			Corrections to CPICH Ec/lo test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040534
TP-24	TP-040113	358	3	-	Correction to 8.4.1.1 RRC cnnection control test 1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040864
TP-24	TP-040113	359)		Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL and MEASUREMENT REPORT messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040541</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	360)		Addition of unit for OCNS_Ec/lor in RRM tests	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040542</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	361		-	Correction to default messages in Annex I of 34.121	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040591</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	362	2		Update of F1.5	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040695</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	363			Correction of Spurious Emissions for UMTS800(band VI)	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040700</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	364			Removal of [] for UE transmit power test case 8.7.3C	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040720</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	365			Correction to 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040728</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	366			Inter system handover	F F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040805</u>
TP-24 TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	367 368			Correction to BTFD test case 7.10 Addition of details for RRM test case for GSM carrier RSSI	F	5.3.1 5.3.1	5.4.0 5.4.0	<u>T1-040815</u> <u>T1-040816</u>
TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	369			Correction of FDD intra frequency measurements , wrong	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040818
TP-24	TP-040113	370			IEs Correction of FDD inter frequency measurements, wrong	' F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040818</u>
					IEs				
TP-24	TP-040113	371			Correction to Transmit Off Power	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040824</u>
TP-24 TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	372			Corrections to UTRA Carrier RSSI test cases	F F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040825</u> T1-040826
TP-24 TP-24	TP-040113 TP-040113	373 374		-	Corrections to FDD/FDD Soft Handover test cases Correction to the pathloss indicator in measurement control	F	5.3.1 5.3.1	5.4.0 5.4.0	<u>T1-040826</u> <u>T1-040827</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	375	-		messages Corrections to SFN-CFN observed time difference test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040831
TP-24	TP-040113	376			Corrections to SFN-SFN type 1 measurement test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040832
TP-24	TP-040113	377			Correction to URA identity for reselection in Cell URA_PCH	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040834</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	378		-	Proposed addition of downlink code allocation table to 34.121 Annex	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040838</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	379)		Correction of channel number for UMTS800(band VI)	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040839
TP-24	TP-040113	380		-	Correction to the pathloss indicator in measurement control messages	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040840</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	381			HSDPA test 9.3.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040842
TP-24	TP-040113	382			HSDPA test 9.3.2	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040843</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	383			New test case for 9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040844</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	385		-	Statistical approach for HSDPA tests	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040854
TP-24	TP-040113	386			Correction to GSM neighbour reporting in 8.6.4.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	T1-040856
TP-24	TP-040113	387			Correction to measurement report in 8.3.2	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040857</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	388			Corrections to UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 test cases	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040859</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	389			Addition of MEASUREMENT CONTROL message and ACTIVESET UPDATE meesage in 8.5.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040863</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	391			HSDPA test: 9.2.1	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040871</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	392			New test case for 9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040872</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	393			New TPC combining in SHO	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040873</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	394			New test case for 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040874</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	395			Addition of CELL_UPDATE CONFIRM Message and URA_UPDATE CONFIRM Message.	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040866</u>
TP-24	TP-040113	396	6	-	Correction to 7.11 (Demodulation of paging channel (PCH))	F	5.3.1	5.4.0	<u>T1-040855</u>

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Meeting						- Current	-New	
TP-25	TP-040158	395	-	Addition of a new case to Adjacent Channel Selectivity test	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041017
TP-25	TP-040158	396	-	Removal of [] for test case 8.3.5.3 'Cell Reselection to GSM'	D	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041034
TP-25	TP-040158	397	-	Addition of the integrity protection in messages	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041058
TP-25	TP-040158	398	-	Correction to Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH test cases	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041076
TP-25	TP-040158	399	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 8.4.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041093
TP-25	TP-040158	400	-	Revision of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions, test 8.6.1.1	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041098
TP-25	TP-040158	401	-	Correction of RRM test case 8.7.3A (GSM carrier RSSI)	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041176
TP-25	TP-040158	402	-	Completion of Annex F.6.3 Statistical Testing of HSDPA Receiver Performance	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041201
TP-25	TP-040158	403	-	Correction to the Measurement Control message in 8.7.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041203
TP-25	TP-040158	404	-	Correction to the pathloss indicator in measurement control messages	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041204
TP-25	TP-040158	405	-	Correction to test uncertainty definition of Inner Loop Power	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041307
TP-25	TP-040158	406	-	Control in the Uplink test case Addition of the integrity protection in 5.7 Power setting in	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041308
TP-25	TP-040158	407	-	uplink compressed mode Corrections to Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft	В	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041311
TP-25	TP-040158	408	-	Handover Correction to 7.7.3: Combining of reliable TPC commands	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041314
TP-25	TP-040158	409	-	from radio links of different radio link sets Addition of TPC error rate accuracy to TC 7.7.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041316
TP-25	TP-040158	410	-	Test system uncertainties update for test case 8.3.5.3	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041319
TP-25	TP-040158	411	-	Corrections to UTRA Carrier RSSI test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041325
TP-25	TP-040158	412	-	Resolution of downlink code conflict between OCNS DPCH and S-CCPCH	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041326
TP-25	TP-040158	413	-	Addition of the information element for monitor cells in Annex I	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041328
TP-25	TP-040158	414	-	Correction to 5.5.2: Transmit ON/OFF Time mask test case	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041333
TP-25	TP-040158	415	-	Cell configuration mapping	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041341
TP-25	TP-040158	416	-	Test tolerances in 8.4.1 RRC Re-establishment delay	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041344
TP-25	TP-040158	417	-	Completion of Transmitter Intermodulation test 5.12	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041345
TP-25	TP-040158	418	-	Correction of reference to generic setup procedure in TS 34.108 for Cell_FACH	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041348
TP-25	TP-040158	419	-	Correction to TC 7.8.3, Power control in the downlink, wind up effects	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041349
TP-25	TP-040158	420	-	Revision of Receiver Spurious Emissions Test 6.8	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041353
TP-25	TP-040158	421	-	Correction to BTFD test case 7.10 and DL dummy DCCH	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041358
TP-25	TP-040158	422	-	Correction to measurement control message in 8.6.1.2	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041360
TP-25	TP-040158	423	-	Correction to test case 8.2.3 'UTRAN to GSM Cell Re- Selection'	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041362
TP-25	TP-040158	425	-	Corrections to Annex F.2.4 and F.4.4	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041322
TP-25	TP-040158	426	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, test	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041329
TP-25	TP-040158	427	-	8.6.1.2 Correction to 8.6.1.1	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041361
TP-25	TP-040158	429	-	Proposed addition of HSDPA downlink code allocation to 34.121 Annex	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041372
TP-25	TP-040158	430	-	Maximum Input Level for HSDPA	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041375
TP-25	TP-040158	431	-	Correction to test procedure for test cases using Cell_PCH or URA PCH state	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041347r2
TP-25	TP-040158	432	-	Clarification of OCNS power control	F	5.4.0	5.5.0	T1-041318r4
TP-26	TP-040234	433	-	Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 5	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041524
TP-26	TP-040234	434	-	Correction of the FDD/FDD Soft Handover test parameters	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041567
TP-26	TP-040234	435	-	Corrections to TC 8.7.3C UE transmitted power	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041577
TP-26	TP-040234	436	-	Addition of test tolerances to TC 8.3.4	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041579
TP-26	TP-040234	437	-	New clause for reference conditions	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041648
TP-26	TP-040234	438	-	Alignment of HSDPA OCNS with TS 25.101	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041650
TP-26	TP-040234	439	-	Correction to Handover to GSM TC 8.3.4	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041653
TP-26	TP-040234 TP-040234	440 441	-	Correction to test procedure in 7.12	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041661
TP-26 TP-26	TP-040234 TP-040234	441	-	Correction to 8.7.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 Corrections to RRM test cases 8.6.1.2 Event riggered	F	5.5.0 5.5.0	5.6.0 5.6.0	T1-041662 T1-041667
TP-26	TP-040234	443	-	reporting Update of references to GSM core specifications	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041684
TP-26	TP-040234	443	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.4 (HS-SCCH detection)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041749
TP-26	TP-040234	445	-	Clarification of HS-PDSCH and HS-SCCH signal structure	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041790
TP-26	TP-040234	446	-	CR to 34.121 Rel 5: Editorial corrections to test 8.7.3	D	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041810
TP-26	TP-040234	447	-	Corrections to BTFD test case	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041813

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Meeting						-	-New	
	TD 040004	440		Corrections to DDM test serves 0.2.0.4 and 0.2.0.0	F	Current	5.0.0	T4 044040
TP-26	TP-040234	448		Corrections to RRM test cases 8.3.2.1 and 8.3.2.2 Correction to the test procedure of FDD/FDD Hard Handover test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041818
TP-26	TP-040234	449	-	Corrections to TC 8.6.4.1	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041822
TP-26	TP-040234	450	-	Correction to pathloss indicator	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041824
TP-26	TP-040234	451	-	Corrections to RRM test case 8.5.1 UE Transmit Timing	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041830
TP-26	TP-040234	452	-	Corrections and additions to Release 5 RRM test case 8.6.2.2	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041831
TP-26	TP-040234	453	-	Measurement Channel for BLER measurement in 8.3.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041832
TP-26	TP-040234	454	-	Correction to SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement test case	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041834
TP-26	TP-040234	455	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 6.3A (max input power)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041838
TP-26	TP-040234	456	-	CM configuration in FDD inter frequency measurements in TC 8.6.2.1	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041841
TP-26	TP-040234	457	-	Addition of the scheduling information for Cell Re-Selection test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041843
TP-26	TP-040234	458	-	Correction to 8.3.1 UE FDD/FDD Soft Handover	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041844
TP-26	TP-040234	459	-	Correction to 8.7.1.1 CPICH RSCP Intra frequency measurements accuracy	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041845
TP-26	TP-040234	460	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.3 (CQI reporting)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041852
TP-26	TP-040234	461	-	Correction to measurement configurations in section 7	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041858
TP-26	TP-040234	462	-	Change of notes position in TS34.121 Annex E.3	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041859
TP-26	TP-040234	463	-	BLER testing for UEs with asymmetrical UL/DL data rates	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041860
TP-26	TP-040234	464	-	Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041861
TP-26	TP-040234	465	-	Addition of test tolerances and corrections for 8.6.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (34.121)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041865
TP-26	TP-040234	466	-	Correction to Correct reporting of neighbours in fading progagation condition test case	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041866
TP-26	TP-040234	467	-	Correction to Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041867
TP-26	TP-040234	468	-	S-CCPCH configuration in 8.3.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041868
TP-26	TP-040234	469	-	Corrections to TC 8.2.3.1 and 8.2.3.2	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041869
TP-26	TP-040234	470	-	Correction to MEASUREMENT CONTROL Message for 8.6.2.1: Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition and 8.3.2.2: FDD/FDD Hard Handover to inter-frequency cell test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041870
TP-26	TP-040234	471	-	Corrections to HSDPA test 9.2 (Demod of HS-DSCH)	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041872
TP-26	TP-040234	472	-	Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 6	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041873
TP-26	TP-040234	473	-	Correction of time to receive system information in RRM test cases	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041877
TP-26	TP-040234	474	-	CR to 34.121: Changing the BLER target for the DCCH in test 7.8	D	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041878
TP-26	TP-040234	475	-	Corrections to Information elements for Monitored Cells in Annex I.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041881
TP-26	TP-040234	476	-	Introduction of UMTS-850 MHz band V	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041882
TP-26	TP-040234	477	-	Introduction of Test Tolerances to Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (Rel- 4 and later), test 8.6.1.2A	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041507
TP-26	TP-040234	478	-	Addition of UMTS-850 Band V to chapter 4.	F	5.5.0	5.6.0	T1-041523

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T Meeting	Doc-1 st -Leve	CR	Rev Subject	Cat	Version -	Version -New	Doc-2 nd -Level
					Current	-	
TP-27	TP-050033	479	Change of test method and test time optimization in TC 8.7.3A	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050080
TP-27	TP-050033	480	Corrections to RRM test case 8.4.3.1 'Transport format combination selection in UE'	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050122
TP-27	TP-050033	481	lor value correction for RRM test case, 8.6.2.1	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050124
TP-27	TP-050033	482	Removal of editorial notes from TC 8.7.3C	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050186
TP-27	TP-050033	483	Invalid MAC header for downlink dummy DCCH (mandator	/) F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050215
TP-27	TP-050033	484	Correction to RRC CONNECTION SETUP and RB SETUP messages for TX diversity	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050217
TP-27	TP-050033	485	Correction to CPICH_Ec/lo in 8.6.1.3	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050219
TP-27	TP-050033	486	Correction to 'Read SFN indicator' in Measurement Contro Messages	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050221
TP-27	TP-050033	487	Table E.3.4 Correction	D	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050233
TP-27	TP-050033	488	Addition of 25.212 to reference list	D	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050234
TP-27	TP-050033	489	Addition of fading case 8 for HSDPA testing	D	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050235
TP-27	TP-050033	490	Measurement configuration setup information	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050308
TP-27	TP-050033	491	Addition of uncertainties and test tolerances to TC 7.7.3	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050309
TP-27	TP-050033	492	Omission of test points in 6.5. Blocking Characteristics	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050311
TP-27	TP-050033	493	CR to 34.121: Changes to 7.12: Detection of Acquisition Indicator	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050313
TP-27	TP-050033	494	CR to 34.121: Changes to 8.6.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (R9	9)	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050315
TP-27	TP-050033	495	Deletion of Target quality value on DTCH in Clause 8.7.3C UE transmitted power	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050316
TP-27	TP-050033	496	Clarification of reference value for T Reconfirm Abort Parameter in Inter-Rat Test Case 8.3.4	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050319
TP-27	TP-050033	497	Clarification of RRM TC 8.2.3	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050321
TP-27	TP-050033	498	Correction to "Reporting cell status" in Measurement Contr Messages	ol F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050322
TP-27	TP-050033	499	Correction to 8.3.1	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050324
TP-27	TP-050033	500	Correction to MEASUREMENT REPORT message in Anne I	x F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050326
TP-27	TP-050033	501	Removal of Rel-5 specific reference to TS 25.101	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050329
TP-27	TP-050033	502	Test tolerances for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance and 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	F •	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050338
TP-27	TP-050033	503	CR to 34.121: Changes to Annex D and Annex H to introduce UMTS 850 Band	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050347
TP-27	TP-050033	504	Correction of 34.121 Power vs. Time diagrams	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050351</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	505	Clarification for Test Case 7.9	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050352
TP-27	TP-050033	506	Correction to OCNS value in 8.7.2.2	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050356</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	508	Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.2 Open loop diversity performance And Test 9.2.3 Closed loop diversity performance	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050362</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	509	Changes to Annex I to harmonise System Information scheduling for RRM test cases.	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050366</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	510	Level Definition HS_SCCH_1 and DPCH for Test 9.2.1 Single link performance	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050368</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	511	Correction to TS34.121 TC 8.4.2	D	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050370</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	512	Correction to the event triggered reporting test cases	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050371
TP-27	TP-050033	513	Corrections to reporting of CQI	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050373
TP-27	TP-050033	514	Correction to H Set-4/5 pattern length	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050374
TP-27	TP-050033	515	Corrections to detection of HS-SCCH	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050375
TP-27	TP-050033	516	CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of test case for Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio with HS-DPCCH	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050376</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	517	CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for HSDPA: UE max output power with HS-DPCCH	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050377</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	518	CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of new test case for Error Vector Magnitude with HS-DPCCH	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050378</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	519	CR to 34.121 section 5: Introduction of a new test case for spectrum emission mask with HS-DPCCH	В	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050379</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	520	CR to 34.121: Changes to RRM test cases for introduction UMTS 850 Band	of B	5.6.0	6.0.0	<u>T1-050381</u>
TP-27	TP-050033	521	Corrections to maximum input level for HS-PDSCH recepti	n F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050382
TP-27	TP-050033	522	Corrections to TC 8.5.1 UE transmit timing	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050318r3
TP-27	TP-050033	523	Corrections to demodulation of HS-DSCH	F	5.6.0	6.0.0	T1-050383

History

	Document history										
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