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**5G;
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Charging management;
5G system;
Services, operations and procedures of charging using
Service Based Interface (SBI)
(3GPP TS 32.290 version 15.3.0 Release 15)**



Reference

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Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	2
Foreword.....	2
Modal verbs terminology.....	2
Foreword.....	5
1 Scope	6
2 References	6
3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	7
3.1 Definitions	7
3.2 Symbols.....	7
3.3 Abbreviations	7
4 Architecture reference model	7
4.1 General	7
4.2 Reference architecture	7
5 Charging function requirement	8
5.1 Offline charging scenario	8
5.1.1 Basic principles.....	8
5.1.2 Charging scenarios.....	8
5.1.2.1 Introduction.....	8
5.1.2.2 Scenarios	8
5.2 Online charging scenario.....	8
5.2.1 Basic principles.....	8
5.2.2 Charging scenarios.....	8
5.2.2.1 Introduction.....	8
5.2.2.2 Scenarios	9
5.2.3 Void	9
5.3 Converged Charging scenario	9
5.3.1 Basic principles.....	9
5.3.2 Charging scenarios.....	9
5.3.2.1 Introduction.....	9
5.3.2.2 Event based charging	9
5.3.2.3 Session based charging	10
5.4 Other functionalities	19
5.4.1 Re-authorization	19
5.4.2 Threshold based re-authorization triggers.....	19
5.4.3 Termination action.....	19
5.4.4 Service termination	19
5.4.5 Trigger Mechanism.....	19
5.5 Error handling	20
5.5.1 Failure handling	20
5.5.1.1 CTF detected failure.....	20
5.5.1.2 CHF detected failure	20
5.5.2 Retry handling	20
6 Service Definition	20
6.1 NF Service Framework	20
6.2 Nchf_ConvergedCharging service	21
6.2.1 General.....	21
6.2.2 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Create service operation.....	21
6.2.3 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Update service operation	21
6.2.4 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Release service operation.....	22
6.2.5 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Notify service operation	22
6.3 Nchf_SpendingLimitControl service.....	22
6.3.1 Overview	22
6.4 Void.....	23

7 Message contents.....23

Annex A (informative): Change history27

History28

Foreword

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1 Scope

The present document specifies service, operations and procedures of 5G charging for service based interface. This charging description includes the charging architecture and scenarios as well as the mapping of the common charging architecture specified in TS 32.240 [1]. The present document is related to other 3GPP charging TSs as follows:

- The common 3GPP charging architecture is specified in TS 32.240 [1].
- The protocol that are used for service based interface is specified in TS 32.291 [58].

The description is following the same methodology as used in TS 23.501 [201] and TS 23.502 [202] for the 5G system.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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- | | |
|---------------|--|
| [1] | 3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles". |
| [2] - [49] | Void. |
| [50] | 3GPP TS 32.299: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Diameter charging application". |
| [51] - [54] | Void. |
| [55] - [57] | Void. |
| [58] | 3GPP TS 32.291: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Charging service, stage 3. |
| [59] - [99] | Void. |
| [100] | 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". |
| [101] - [200] | Void. |
| [201] | 3GPP TS 23.501: "System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2". |
| [202] | 3GPP TS 23.502: "Procedures for the 5G System; Stage 2". |
| [203] - [206] | Void. |
| [207] - [299] | Void. |
| [300] | 3GPP TS 29.510: " 5G System; Network function repository services; Stage 3". |
| [301] - [370] | Void. |
| [371] - [399] | Void. |
| [400] - [499] | Void. |
| [500] - [599] | Void. |

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100], TS 32.240 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in either 3GPP TR 21.905 [100] or TS 32.240 [1].

5G Access Network: An access network comprising a NG-RAN and/or non-3GPP AN connecting to a 5G Core Network.

5G Core Network: The core network specified in the present document. It connects to a 5G Access Network.

NF service: a functionality exposed by a NF through a service based interface and consumed by other authorized NFs.

NF service operation: An elementary unit a NF service is composed of.

service based interface: It represents how a set of services is provided/exposed by a given NF.

charging session: The association between the CHF (NF Service Producer) that provides the charging service and NF service consumer.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

Nchf Service-based interface exhibited by Charging Function.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100].

5GC	5G Core Network
5GS	5G System
CCS	Converged Charging System
CHF	Charging Function
IEC	Immediate Event Charging
NF	Network Function
PCF	Policy Control Function
SBI	Service based Interface
SMSF	Short Message Service Function
SMF	Session Management Function

4 Architecture reference model

4.1 General

The present document describes the service based architecture for 5G Charging.

4.2 Reference architecture

The NFs with CTF interact with CHF using Nchf interface for converged online and offline charging. The NF PCF interacts with CHF using Nchf interface for Spending Limit Control. The Nchf is a service based interface for NF and CHF.

Figure 4.2.1 depicts the reference architecture for the Nchf Interface.

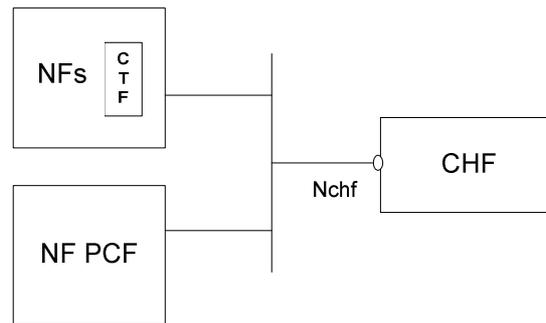


Figure 4.2.1: Reference Architecture for the Nchf Interface; SBI representation

5 Charging function requirement

5.1 Offline charging scenario

5.1.1 Basic principles

Basic principles for offline charging are defined in TS 32.240 [1].

5.1.2 Charging scenarios

5.1.2.1 Introduction

Offline charging for both events and sessions based charging as defined in TS 32.240 [1].

Two basic scenarios are used:

- Event based charging;
- Session based charging.

Both these scenarios may generate CDR files, which may then be transferred to the network operator's BD for the purpose of subscriber billing and/or inter-operator accounting.

5.1.2.2 Scenarios

The scenarios described in TS 32.299 [50] clauses 5.1.1.1 and 5.1.1.2 apply with the CHF acting as a CDF.

5.2 Online charging scenario

5.2.1 Basic principles

Basic principles for online charging are defined in TS 32.240 [1].

5.2.2 Charging scenarios

5.2.2.1 Introduction

The following basic scenarios are used:

- 1 Immediate Event Charging
 - a) Decentralized Unit Determination and Centralized Rating
 - b) Centralized Unit Determination and Centralized Rating
 - c) Decentralized Unit Determination and Decentralized Rating

- 2 Event charging with Unit Reservation
 - a) Decentralized Unit Determination and Centralized Rating
 - b) Centralized Unit Determination and Centralized Rating
 - c) Decentralized Unit Determination and Decentralized Rating
- 3 Session charging with Unit Reservation
 - a) Decentralized Unit Determination and Centralized Rating
 - b) Centralized Unit Determination and Centralized Rating
 - c) Decentralized Unit Determination and Decentralized Rating

The combination of Centralized Unit Determination with Decentralized Rating is not possible.

5.2.2.2 Scenarios

The scenarios described in TS 32.299 [50], clauses 5.2.2.1, 5.2.2.2 and 5.2.2.3, apply with the CHF acting as an OCF.

5.2.3 Void

5.3 Converged Charging scenario

5.3.1 Basic principles

When offline charging and online charging are both applicable to a service delivery, the charging information of both offline charging and online charging can be provided in a single command, upon any triggers of the offline charging or online charging is occur.

5.3.2 Charging scenarios

5.3.2.1 Introduction

Converged charging for both events and sessions between CTF and the CHF is performed as defined in TS 32.240 [1].

Two basic scenarios are used:

- Converged Event based charging;
- Converged Session based charging.

5.3.2.2 Event based charging

For Converged Event based Charging, Immediate Event Charging (IEC) is supported .

Figure 5.3.2.2.1 shows a scenario for Event based charging with: Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating configuration and user's account balance deduction before service delivery, where the NF (CTF) may invoke converged charging service towards the CHF, prior to service delivery if needed.

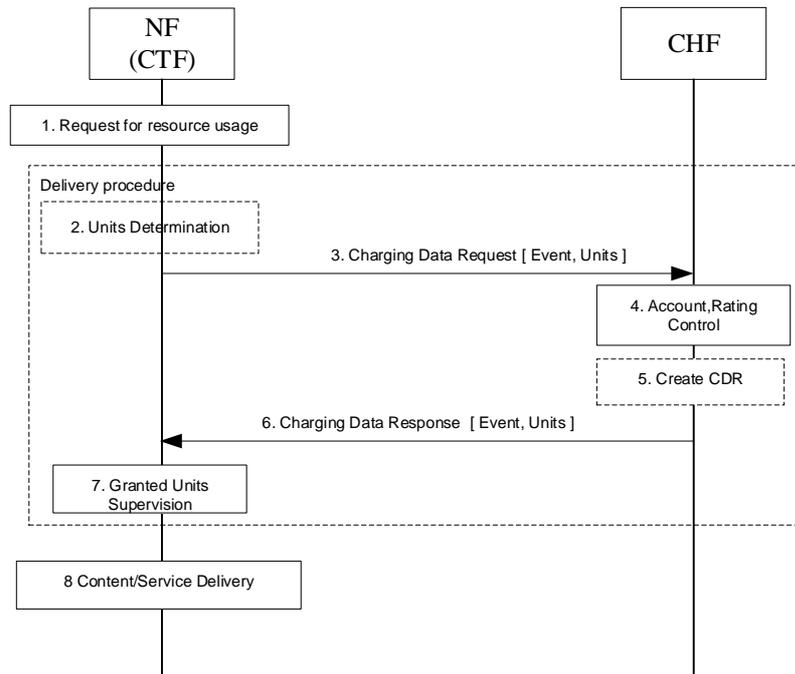


Figure 5.3.2.2.1: IEC- Event based charging with Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating

- 1) **Request for resource usage:** A request for session establishment is received in the NF (CTF). The service is configured to be authorized by the CHF to start.
- 2) **Units Determination:** the NF (CTF) determines the number of units depending on the service requested by the UE in "Decentralized Units determination" scenario.
- 3) **Charging Data Request [Event, Units]:** The NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF for the service to be granted authorization, and to allow the number of units, if determined in item 2, to be rated and accounted.
- 4) **Account, Rating Control:** The CHF calculates the number of monetary units that represents the price and makes deduction of the calculated amount from user's account balance based on the number of units requested or on internal unit determination, if the user's credit balance is sufficient.
- 5) **Create CDR:** based on policies, the CHF creates a CDR related to the service.
- 6) **Charging Data Response [Event, Units]:** The CHF grants authorization to NF (CTF) for the service to start, with a number of granted units.
- 7) **Granted Units Supervision:** The service starts and the NF (CTF) monitors the consumption of the granted units.
- 8) **Content/Service Delivery:** the NF (CTF) delivers the content/service based on the number of units.

5.3.2.3 Session based charging

For Converged Session based Charging, the following cases are supported:

- SCUR
- ECUR

Figure 5.3.2.3.1 shows a scenario for Session based charging (SCUR) with: Unit Reservation, Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating configuration, user’s account deduction, where the NF (CTF) invokes a converged charging service towards the CHF.

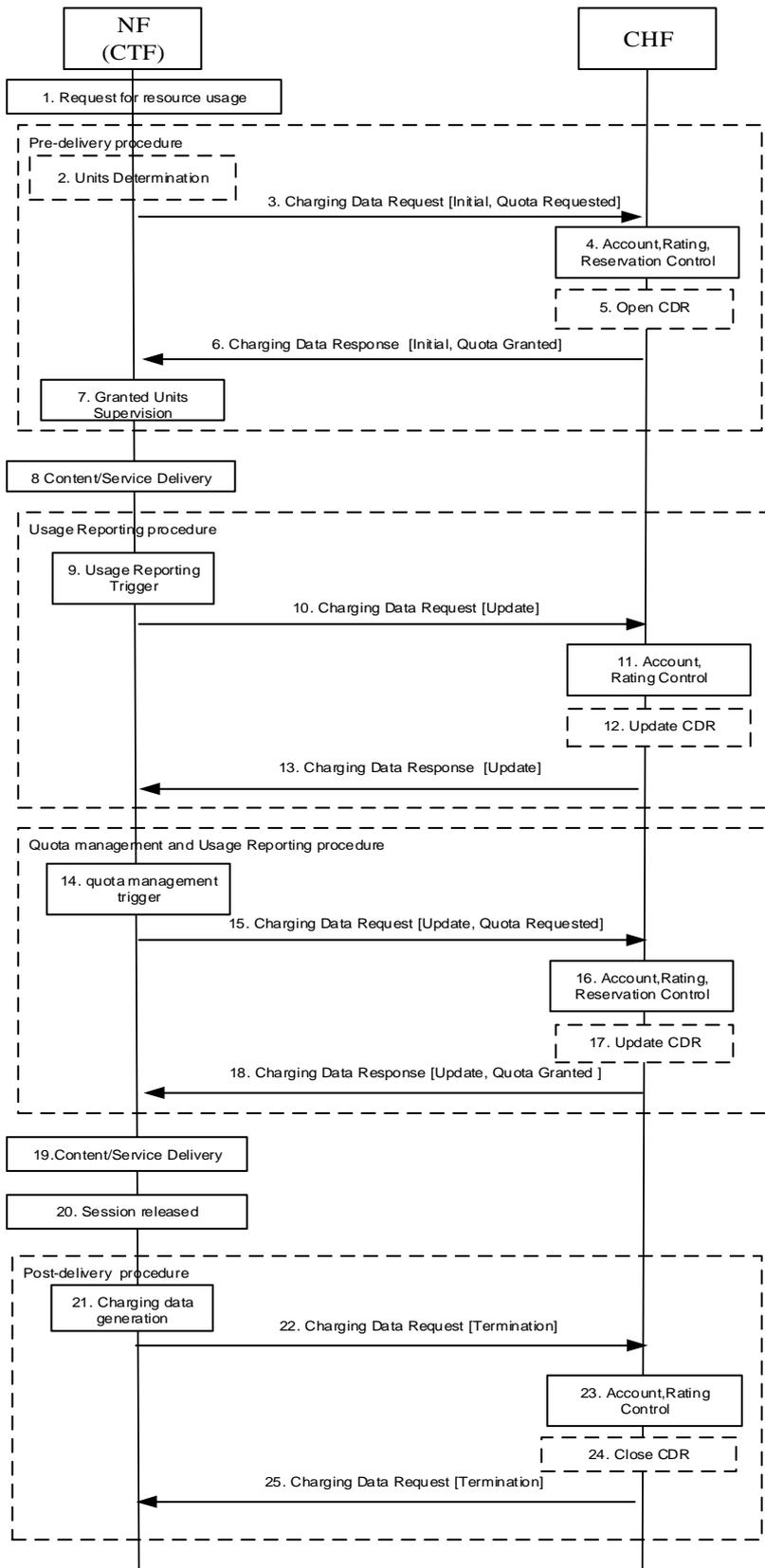


Figure 5.3.2.3.1: SCUR - Session based charging with Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating

- 1) **Request for resource usage:** A request for session establishment is received in the NF (CTF). The service is configured to be authorized by the CHF to start.
- 2) **Units Determination:** the NF (CTF) determines the number of units depending on the service requested by the UE in "Decentralized Units determination" scenario.
- 3) **Charging Data Request [Initial, Quota Requested]:** The NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF for the service to be granted authorization to start, and to reserve the number of units if determined in item 2.
- 4) **Account, Rating, Reservation Control:** the CHF rates the requests either based on the number of units requested or on internal unit determination, checks if corresponding funds can be reserved on the user's account balance. If the account has sufficient funds, the CHF performs the corresponding reservations.
- 5) **Open CDR:** based on policies, the CHF opens a CDR related to the service.
- 6) **Charging Data Response [Initial, Quota Granted]:** The CHF grants authorization to NF (CTF) for the service to start, with the reserved number of units.
- 7) **Granted Units Supervision:** The service starts and the NF (CTF) monitors the consumption of the granted units.
- 8) **Content/Service Delivery:** the NF (CTF) delivers the content/service based on the reserved number of units.
- 9) **Usage Reporting Trigger:** the NF (CTF) generates charging data related to service delivered, based on a trigger for usage reporting is met.
- 10) **Charging Data Request [Update]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request for reporting the related charging data to the CHF.
- 11) **Account, Rating Control:** The CHF performs the reported usage process involving rating entity and user's account balance.
- 12) **Update CDR:** based on policies, the CHF updates the CDR with charging data related to the service.
- 13) **Charging Data Response [Update]:** The CHF informs the NF (CTF) on the result of the request.
- 14) **Quota management Trigger:** A Trigger associated to Quota management is met. Units determination is performed when applicable.
- 15) **Charging Data Request [Update, Quota Requested]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, to be granted with more unit for the service to continue, and also for reporting the used units.
- 16) **Account, Rating, Reservation Control:** The CHF performs the process related to the reported usage and the requested reservation, involving rating entity and user's account balance.
- 17) **Update CDR:** based on policies, the CHF updates the CDR with charging data related to the service.
- 18) **Charging Data Response [Update, Quota Granted]:** The CHF grants quota to NF (CTF) for the service to continue, with the reserved number of units.
- 19) **Content/Service Delivery:** the NF (CTF) delivers the content/service based on the granted quota.
- 20) **Session released:** the session is released.
- 21) **Charging Data Generation:** the NF (CTF) generates charging data related to service released.
- 22) **Charging Data Request [Termination]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, for charging data related to the service termination with the final consumed units.
- 23) **Account, Rating Control:** The CHF performs the service termination process involving rating entity and user's account balance.
- 24) **Close CDR:** based on policies, the CHF closes the CDR with charging data related to the service termination and the last reported units.
- 25) **Charging Data Response [Termination]:** The CHF informs the NF (CTF) on the result of the request.

Figure 5.3.2.3.2 shows a scenario for Session based charging (SCUR) with: Unit Reservation, Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating configuration , user's account deduction , where the NF (CTF) invokes a converged charging service towards the CHF.

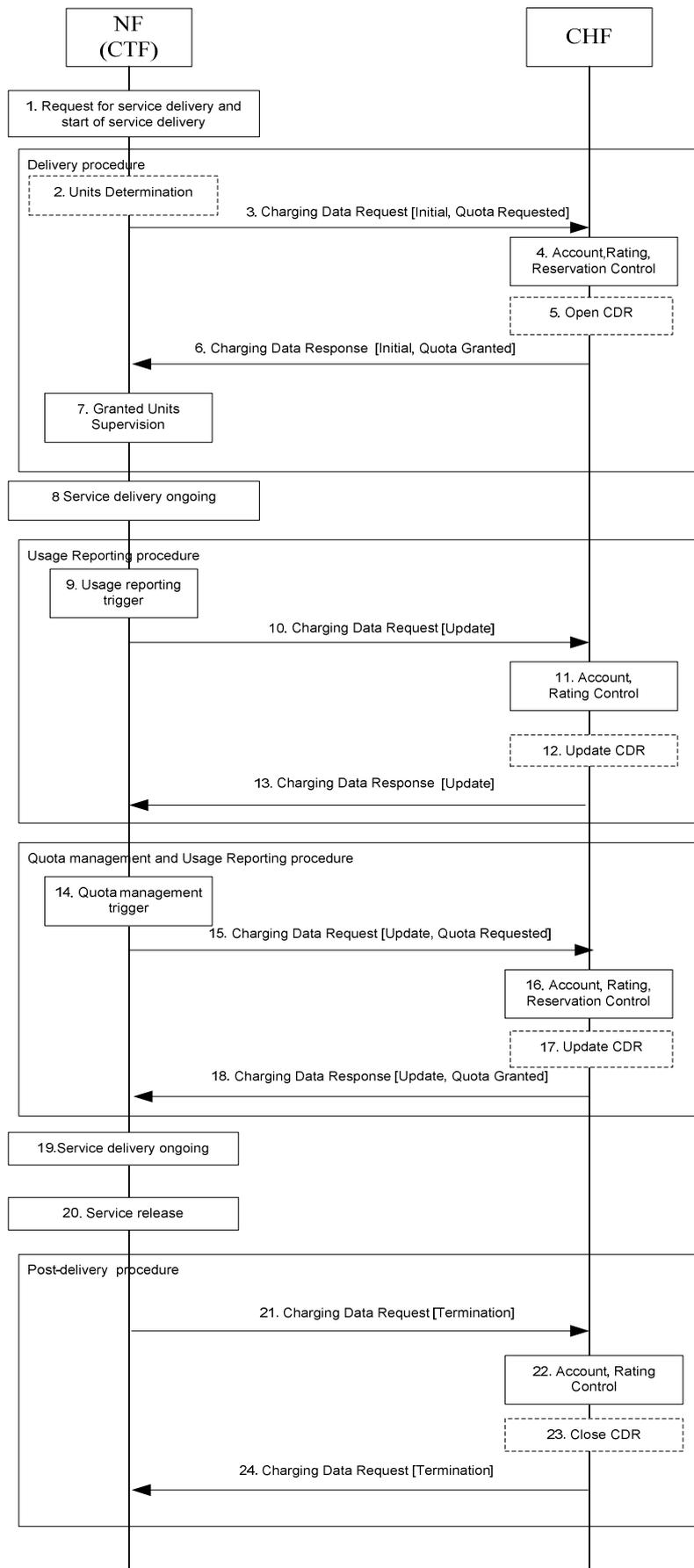


Figure 5.3.2.3.2: SCUR - Session based charging with Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating, immediate start of service delivery (Non-blocking mode)

- 1) **Request for service delivery and start of service delivery:** A request for session establishment is received in the NF (CTF). The NF (CTF) is configured to allow the service to be delivered.
- 2) **Units Determination:** the NF (CTF) determines the number of units depending on the service requested, in "Decentralized Units determination" scenario.
- 3) **Charging Data Request [Initial, Quota Requested]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF to reserve the number of units if determined in step 2.
- 4) **Account, Rating, Reservation Control:** the CHF rates the requests either based on the number of units requested or on internal unit determination, checks if corresponding funds can be reserved on the user's account balance. If the account has sufficient funds, the CHF performs the corresponding reservation.
- 5) **Open CDR:** based on policies, the CHF opens a CDR related to the service.
- 6) **Charging Data Response [Initial, Quota Granted]:** the CHF grants the reserved number of units to NF (CTF).
- 7) **Granted Units Supervision:** The NF (CTF) monitors the consumption of the granted units.
- 8) **Service delivery ongoing:** the NF (CTF) continues to deliver the service.
- 9) **Usage reporting trigger:** a trigger associated with service usage reporting is met.
- 10) **Charging Data Request [Update]:** the NF (CTF) reports the charging data related to service delivered to the CHF.
- 11) **Account, Rating Control:** the CHF uses the reported charging data to rate the usage and deduct the funds corresponding to the usage on the account balance.
- 12) **Update CDR:** based on policies, the CHF updates the CDR with charging data related to the service.
- 13) **Charging Data Response [Update]:** The CHF informs the NF (CTF) on the result of the request.
- 14) **Quota management Trigger:** A Trigger associated to Quota management is met. Units determination is performed when applicable.
- 15) **Charging Data Request [Update, Quota Requested]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, to be granted with more unit for the service to continue, and also for reporting the used units.
- 16) **Account, Rating, Reservation Control:** same as step 4, with the option to also deduct the funds corresponding to the usage on the account balance.
- 17) **Update CDR:** based on policies, the CHF updates the CDR with charging data related to the service.
- 18) **Charging Data Response [Update, Quota Granted]:** The CHF grants quota to NF (CTF) for the service, with the reserved number of units.
- 19) **Service delivery ongoing:** the NF (CTF) continues to deliver the service.
- 20) **Service release:** the NF (CTF) is requested to end the service delivery and does this.
- 21) **Charging Data Request [Termination]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, for charging data related to the service termination with the final consumed units.
- 22) **Account, Rating Control:** the CHF performs the service termination process which involve using the reported charging data to rate the usage and deduct the funds corresponding to the usage on the account balance.
- 23) **Close CDR:** based on policies, the CHF closes the CDR with charging data related to the service termination and the last reported units.
- 24) **Charging Data Response [Termination]:** The CHF informs the NF (CTF) on the result of the request.

Figure 5.3.2.3.3 shows a scenario for Session based charging ECUR in Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination ,Centralized Rating configuration, where the NF (CTF) invokes a converged charging service towards the CHF, prior to service delivery if needed.

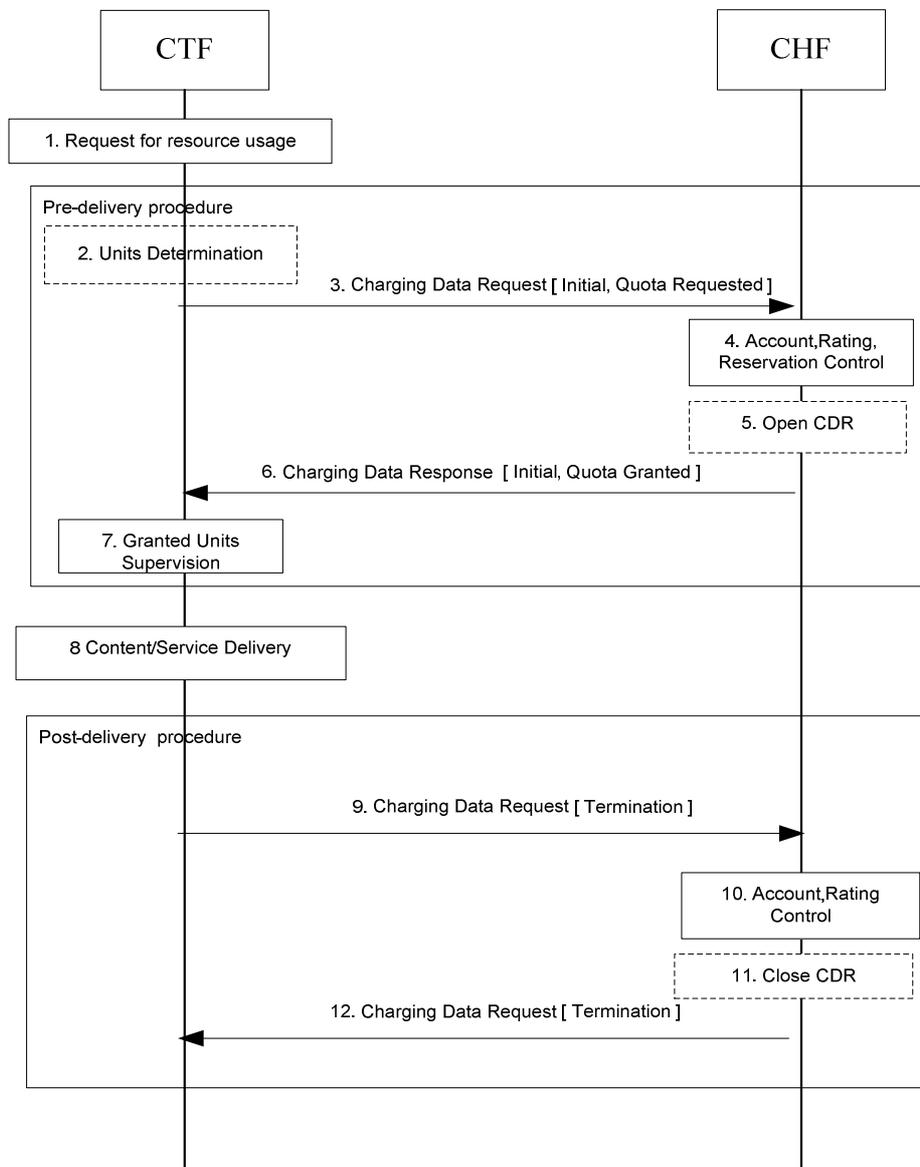


Figure 5.3.2.3.3: ECUR - Session based charging with - Decentralized and Centralized Unit Determination, Centralized Rating.

- 1) **Request for resource usage:** A request for session establishment is received in the NF (CTF). The service is configured to be authorized by the CHF to start.
- 2) **Units Determination:** the NF (CTF) determines the number of units depending on the service requested by the UE in "Decentralized Units determination" scenario.
- 3) **Charging Data Request [Initial, Quota Requested]:** The NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF for the service to be granted authorization to start, and to reserve the number of units if determined in item 2.
- 4) **Account, Rating, Reservation Control:** the CHF rates the requests either based on the number of units requested or on internal unit determination, checks if corresponding funds can be reserved on the user's account balance. If the account has sufficient funds, the CHF performs the corresponding reservation.

- 5) **Open CDR:** based on policies, the CHF opens a CDR related to the service.
- 6) **Charging Data Response [Initial, Quota Granted]:** The CHF grants authorization to NF (CTF) for the service to start, with the reserved number of units.
- 7) **Granted Units Supervision:** The service starts and the NF (CTF) monitors the consumption of the granted units.
- 8) **Content/Service Delivery:** the NF (CTF) delivers the content/service based on the reserved number of units.
- 9) **Charging Data Request [Termination]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, for charging data related to the delivered service with the consumed units.
- 10) **Account, Rating Control:** The CHF performs the process for the delivered service involving rating entity and user's account balance.
- 11) **Close CDR:** based on policies, the CHF closes the CDR with charging data related to the delivered service.
- 12) **Charging Data Response [Termination]:** The CHF informs the NF (CTF) on the result of the request.

5.3.2.4 Charging notification

The CHF can in Converged Session based Charging provide notifications to the NF (CTF), the NF (CTF) implicitly subscribes to these when it sends a Charging Data Request [Initial], i.e. there is no separate subscription request from the NF for notification.

Figure 5.3.2.4-1 shows a scenario for Session based charging with a notification from the CHF triggering a Charging Data Request [Update].

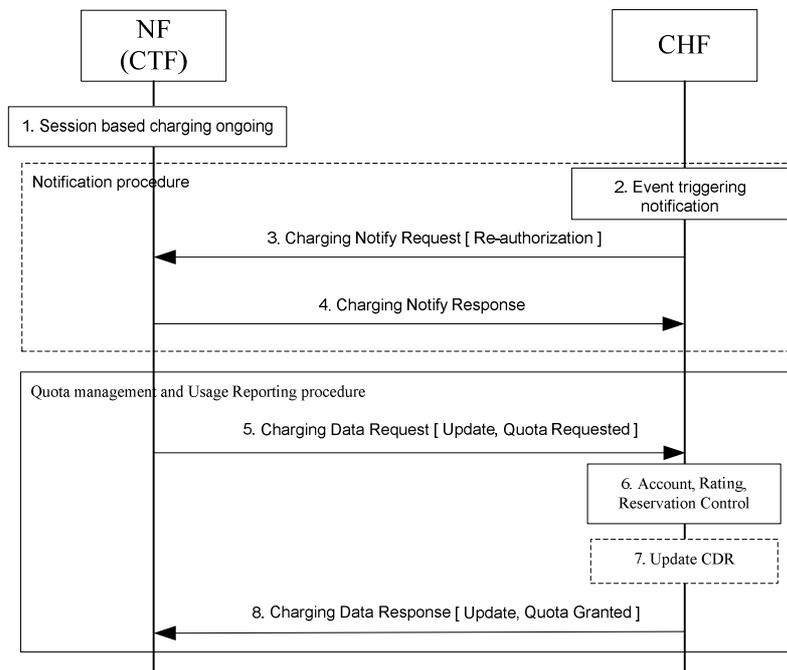


Figure 5.3.2.x.1: Session based charging – Notification with Re-authorization

- 1) **Session based charging ongoing:** there is a session based charging ongoing and there have at least been a Charging Data Request [Initial] sent from the NF (CTF) to the CHF, and the CHF have opened a CDR.
- 2) **Event triggering notification:** an event is detected in the CHF that requires a notification to be sent to the NF (CTF). In this scenario a request for triggering a Charging Data Request [Update, Quota Request] is sent, but also requests for Charging Data Request [Update] (without request for quota) is possible.

- 3) **Charging Notify Request [Re-authorization]:** the CHF sends the request to the NF (CTF), for a triggering of a Charging Data Request [Update, Quota Request] i.e. Re-authorization.
- 4) **Charging Notify Response:** the NF (CTF) acknowledges the request by sending a response.
- 5) **Charging Data Request [Update, Quota Requested]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, to be granted with more unit for the service to continue, and also for reporting the used units.
- 6) **Account, Rating, Reservation Control:** the CHF performs the process related to the reported usage and the requested reservation, involving rating entity and user's account balance.
- 7) **Update CDR:** based on policies, the CHF updates the CDR with charging data related to the service.
- 8) **Charging Data Response [Update, Quota Granted]:** the CHF grants quota to NF (CTF) for the service to continue, with the reserved number of units.

Figure 5.3.2.4.2 shows a scenario for Session based charging with a notification from the CHF triggering a Charging Data Request [Termination].

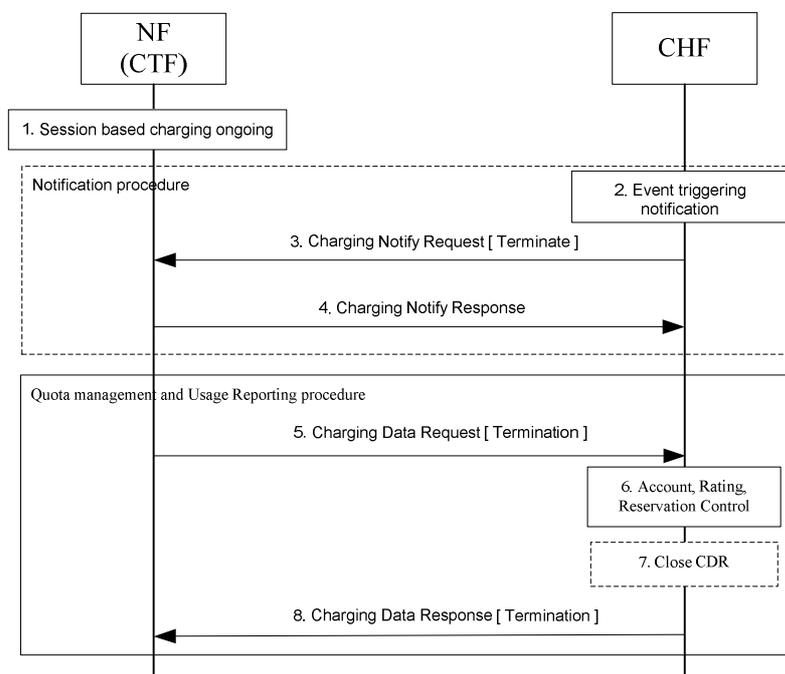


Figure 5.3.2.4.2: Session based charging – Notification with termination

- 1) **Session based charging ongoing:** there is a session based charging ongoing and there have at least been a Charging Data Request [Initial] sent from the NF (CTF) to the CHF, and the CHF have opened a CDR.
- 2) **Event triggering notification:** an event is detected in the CHF that requires a notification to be sent to the NF (CTF). In this scenario a request for triggering a Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent.
- 3) **Charging Notify Request [Terminate]:** the CHF sends the request to the NF (CTF), for a triggering of a Charging Data Request [Termination] i.e. the termination of the charging session.
- 4) **Charging Notify Response:** the NF (CTF) acknowledges the request by sending a response.
- 5) **Charging Data Request [Termination]:** the NF (CTF) sends the request to the CHF, for charging data related to the service termination with the final consumed units.
- 6) **Account, Rating Control:** the CHF performs the process related to the reported usage, involving rating entity and user's account balance.
- 7) **Close CDR:** based on policies, the CHF closes the CDR with charging data related to the service.
- 8) **Charging Data Response [Termination]:** The CHF informs the NF (CTF) on the result of the request.

5.4 Other functionalities

5.4.1 Re-authorization

The CHF (NF Service Producer) may trigger a re-authorization request and the NF Service Consumer shall report quota usage. The reason for the quota being reported shall be notified to the CHF (NF Service Producer). This is described under charging notification procedure in clause 5.3.2.4.

5.4.2 Threshold based re-authorization triggers

The CHF (NF Service Producer) may optionally include an indication to the NF Service Consumer of the remaining quota threshold that shall trigger a quota re-authorization.

5.4.3 Termination action

The CHF (NF Service Producer) may specify to the NF Service Consumer the behaviour on consumption of the final granted units, or zero units granted in the first place; this is known as termination action.

5.4.4 Service termination

The CHF (NF Service Producer) may determine that a service requires termination. The NF Service Producer may perform this termination synchronously if it has a request pending processing by returning response.

If the CHF (NF Service Producer) does not have a pending request (asynchronous), the NF Service Producer may trigger an abort notification to terminate the charging session. On reception of an abort notification, the NF consumer shall terminate the associated charging session by sending a `Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Release`.

5.4.5 Trigger Mechanism

There are a number of mid-session service events (triggers), which could affect the rating of the current service usage, e.g. end user QoS changes or location updates. The details for this service events are defined in the service specific document (middle tier TS).

Some service events are allowed to be enabled/disabled by CHF. For such events, when allocating resources, the CHF may instruct the NF consumer to update the unit upon a number of different session related triggers that can affect the rating conditions. The CHF instruct the NF consumer to monitor for such events by using the `Triggers` element containing one or more trigger type in the response message.

Once the CHF has armed one or more triggers using the `Triggers` element at the NF consumer, these triggers shall remain in effect until another `Triggers` element is received for the same service usage/Rating Group, where the NF consumer shall arm all triggers present in the `Triggers` element and reset all other triggers. The presence of the `Triggers` element without any trigger type in a response message allows CHF to disable all the triggers that were armed in a previous `Triggers` element of the same service usage/Rating Group.

NOTE: This removes the need for the CHF to send trigger information in every response message when they have not changed.

Two categories of chargeable events are identified:

- immediate report: chargeable events for which, when occurring, the current counts are closed and sent together with the charging data generated by the NF consumer towards the CHF in a Request message. New counts are started by the NF consumer.
- deferred report: chargeable events for which, when occurring, the current counts are closed and stored together with the charging data generated by the NF consumer. The stored counts will be sent to the CHF in next a Request message. New counts are started by the NF consumer.

CHF may change the category of one or more triggers by using the `Triggers` element containing category information in the response message.

When one of the armed immediate triggers happen, a update request shall be sent to the CHF including information related to the service event even if all the granted service units have not been used. The quota is also being reported.

If the Triggers element is used, then the NF consumer shall only update the units for the service usage associated with events which were included in the last received Triggers element.

If the server does not control the events for re-authorization using the Triggers element, the NF consumer shall only monitor for default events defined in the relevant service specific document (middle tier TS).

5.5 Error handling

5.5.1 Failure handling

5.5.1.1 CTF detected failure

The failure handling determines what to do if the sending of charging data request to the CHF without response in a period of time (request times out).

In the case of the NF consumer (CTF) request times out, CHF uses application level failure handling (Terminate, Continue, Retry_and_terminate). Failure handling may be received from the CHF or may be locally configured. The value received from the CHF in the charging data response will always override any already existing value.

In case there is an application level error response from the CHF, NF consumer (CTF) action will depend on the type of Application Error.

For protocol level errors, refer to applicable protocol failure handling mechanisms.

5.5.1.2 CHF detected failure

The CHF closes a CDR and all the reserved resources are freed for the charging session when it detects that expected charging data request for a particular session have not been received for a period of time.

5.5.2 Retry handling

In case a NF consumer (CTF) does not receive an Charging Data Response, it may retransmit the Charging Data Request message.

6 Service Definition

6.1 NF Service Framework

5G Charging Function supports to interact with NRF, as specified in clause 7.1 of TS 23.501 [201] and clauses 4.17 and 5.2.7 of TS 23.502 [202] to enable following functionalities:

- CHF registration.
- CHF update.
- CHF deregistration.
- CHF discovery by CHF service consumer.

The Nnrf_NFManagement_NFRegister service invoked by CHF for CHF registration may include in particular:

- Range(s) of SUPIs.
- Range(s) of GPSIs.
- Range(s) of PLMNs.

These parameters may also be used by CHF service consumer(s) invoking the Nnrf_NFDiscovery service for the CHF discovery.

The service used by CHF to interact with NRF is described in TS 29.510 [300].

6.2 Nchf_ConvergedCharging service

6.2.1 General

Service description: The ConvergedCharging service provides charging for session and event based NF services. This ConvergedCharging service offers charging :

- With quota management (online; this includes support for both blocking mode and non-blocking mode)
- Without quota management (offline)
- Charging information record generation

The following table shows the CHF Services and CHF Service Operations.

Table 6.2.1-1: NF services provided by the CHF

Service Name	Service Operations	Operation Semantics	Example Consumer(s)
Nchf_ConvergedCharging	Create	Request/Response	SMF, SMSF
	Update	Request/Response	SMF
	Release	Request/Response	SMF
	Notify	Notify	SMF

The input and output parameters described in the clauses below are common to all NF Consumers. The usage of these common parameters and additional NF Consumer specific parameters are specified in dedicated charging specifications.

6.2.2 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Create service operation

Service operation name: Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Create

Description: Provides charging capabilities before service delivery, offers charging with and without quota management, as well as charging information record generation. It is used for both session and event based charging. Provides means for the NF Consumer to create the resource of the charging session. If it is used for session based charging the operation also makes an implicit subscribe to notification of events in CHF that requires re-authorization or abort.

The service operation may be used to request quota authorisation for service delivery and may open a CDR in the CHF, based on the information provided by the NF Consumer.

Known NF Consumers: SMF, SMSF.

Inputs, Required: Subscriber identifier, either service identification or rating group.

Inputs, Optional: Requested service units, one-time event, destination address, provider, location information, time and date.

Outputs, Required: Result indication.

Outputs, Optional: Granted service units, validity time, triggers.

6.2.3 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Update service operation

Service operation name: Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Update

Description: Provides charging capabilities during service delivery, offers usage reporting and quota management, as well as charging information record generation.

The service operation is used to report usage and may request further quota authorisation, if the trigger conditions occurs, this operation may cause update of the CDR or production of an interim CDR in the CHF.

Known NF Consumers: SMF.

Inputs, Required: Subscriber identifier (Optional for emergency session), session identifier, reporting reason.

Inputs, Optional: Requested service units, used service units.

Outputs, Required: Result indication.

Outputs, Optional: Granted service units, validity time, triggers.

6.2.4 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Release service operation

Service operation name: Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Release_

Description: Provides charging capabilities after service delivery, offers usage reporting and charging information record generation. Provides means for the NF Consumer to release the resource of charging session information.

The charging delete request is used to report usage and close the CDR in the CHF if it has been opened.

Known NF Consumers: SMF.

Inputs, Required: Subscriber identifier, session identifier, release reason.

Inputs, Optional: Used service units.

Outputs, Required: Result indication.

Outputs, Optional: None.

6.2.5 Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Notify service operation

Service operation name: Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Notify

Description: Provides notification to NF consumers of the subscribed events.

CHF provides the re-authorization type notification that would lead NF consumers to send an Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Update reporting the current usage.

CHF provides the abort type notification that would lead NF consumers to send an Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Release to terminate the charging session.

Known NF Consumers: SMF.

Inputs, Required: Subscriber identifier, notification type (re-authorization or abort).

Inputs, Optional: rating group, service id.

Outputs, Required: Result indication.

Outputs, Optional: None

6.3 Nchf_SpendingLimitControl service

6.3.1 Overview

The "Nchf_SpendingLimitControl" service is defined in 23.502 [202] clause 5.2.17.2.

6.4 Void

7 Message contents

Converged charging is performed by NF (CTF) consuming service operations exposed by CHF, achieved using Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response.

The information structure used for these services operations is composed of two parts:

- Common structures specified in the present document.
- NF (CTF) consumer specific structures specified in the middle tier TSs.

Table 7.1 describes the data structure which is common to operations in request semantics.

Table 7.1: Common Data structure of Charging Data Request

Information Element	Category	Description
Session Identifier	O _c	This field identifies the charging session.
Subscriber Identifier	O _M	This field contains the identification of the subscriber that uses the requested service.
NF Consumer Identification	M	This is a grouped field which contains a set of information identifying the NF consumer of the charging service.
NF Functionality	M	This field contains the function of the node.
NF Name	O _c	This fields holds the name of the NF consumer. At least one of the NF Address or NF Name shall be present.
NF Address	O _c	This field holds the IP-address of NF consumer. At least one of the NF Address or NF Name shall be present.
NF PLMN ID	O _c	This field holds the PLMN ID of the network the NF consumer belongs to.
Invocation Timestamp	M	This field holds the timestamp of the charging service invocation by the NF consumer
Invocation Sequence Number	M	This field contains the sequence number of the charging service invocation by the NF consumer.
One-time Event	O _c	This field indicates, if included, that this is a one-time event and that there will be no update or termination.
Notify URI	O _c	This field contains URI to which notifications are sent by the CHF. The latest received value shall always be used at notifications.
Triggers	O _c	This field identifies the event(s) triggering the request and is common to all Multiple Unit Usage occurrences.
Multiple Unit Usage	O _c	This field contains the parameters for the quota management request and/or usage reporting. It may have multiple occurrences.
Rating Group	M	This field holds the identifier of a rating group.
Requested Unit	O _c	This field indicates, if included, that quota management is required. It may additionally contain the amount of requested service units for a particular category.
Time	O _c	This field holds the amount of requested time.
Total Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of requested volume in both uplink and downlink directions.
Uplink Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of requested volume in uplink direction.
Downlink Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of requested volume in downlink direction.
Service Specific Units	O _c	This field holds the amount of requested service specific units.
Used Unit Container	O _c	This field contains the amount of used non-monetary service units measured. up to the triggers and trigger timestamp. It may have multiple occurrences.
Service Identifier	O _c	This field holds the Service Identifier.
Quota management Indicator	O _c	This field holds an indicator on whether the reported used units are with or without quota management control. If the field is not present, it indicates the used unit is without quota management applied.
Triggers	O _c	This field holds reason for charging information reporting or closing for the used unit container.
Trigger Timestamp	O _c	This field holds the timestamp of the trigger.
Time	O _c	This field holds the amount of used time.
Total Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of used volume in both uplink and downlink directions.
Uplink Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of used volume in uplink direction.
Downlink Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of used volume in downlink direction.
Service Specific Unit	O _c	This field holds the amount of used service specific units.
Event Time Stamps	O _c	This field holds the timestamps of the event reported in the Service Specific Units, if the reported units are event based.
Local Sequence Number	O _M	This field holds the container sequence number.

Table 7.2 describes the data structure which is common to operations in response semantics.

Table 7.2: Common Data structure of Charging Data Response

Information Element	Category	Description
Session Identifier	O _c	This field identifies the charging session.
Invocation Timestamp	M	This field holds the timestamp of the charging service response from the CHF.
Invocation Result	O _c	This field holds the failure handling and in case of unsuccessful result of the charging service invocation by the NF consumer the result code.
Invocation Result Code	O _c	This field contains the result code in case of failure.
Failed parameter	O _c	This field holds missing and/or unsupported parameter that caused the failure.
Failure Handling	O _c	This field holds the failure handling to be performed by the NF consumer when failure.
Invocation Sequence Number	M	This field holds the sequence number of the charging service invocation by the NF consumer.
Session Failover	O _c	This field indicates whether alternative CHF is supported for ongoing charging service failover handling by NF consumer.
Triggers	O _c	This field holds the triggers supplied from the CHF for the charging session that are independent of rating group.
Multiple Unit Information	O _c	This field holds the parameters for the quota management and/or usage reporting information. It may have multiple occurrences.
Result Code	O _c	This field contains the result of the Rating Group quota allocation.
Rating Group	O _M	The identifier of a rating group.
Granted Unit	O _c	This field holds the granted quota.
Tariff Time Change	O _c	This field contains the switch time when the tariff will be changed.
Time	O _c	This field holds the amount of granted time.
Total Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of granted volume in both uplink and downlink directions.
Uplink Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of granted volume in uplink direction.
Downlink Volume	O _c	This field holds the amount of granted volume in downlink direction.
Service Specific Units	O _c	This field holds the amount of granted requested service specific units.
Validity Time	O _c	This field defines the time in order to limit the validity of the granted quota for a given category instance.
Final Unit Indication	O _c	This field indicates the granted final units for the service.
Time Quota Threshold	O _c	This field indicates the threshold in seconds when the granted quota is time
Volume Quota Threshold	O _c	This field indicates the threshold in octets when the granted quota is volume
Unit Quota Threshold	O _c	This field indicates the threshold in service specific units, that are defined in the service specific documents, when the granted quota is service specific
Quota Holding Time	O _c	This field holds the quota holding time in seconds.
Triggers	O _c	This field holds triggers for usage reporting associated to the rating group, which is supplied from the CHF.

The CTF NF consumer specific structures which are specified in the middle tier TSs, are defined as extensions of:

- common part structure of Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response.
- structure of Multiple Quota Usage.
- structure of Multiple Quota Information.

Table 7.3 describes the data structure which is common to Charging Notify Request.

Table 7.3: Common Data structure of Charging Notify Request

Information Element	Category	Description
Notify URI	M	This field holds the URI previously supplied by the CHF for notifications associated to the charging session.
Notification type	M	This field holds the type of notification indicating re-authorization or termination.
Reauthorization Details	O _c	This field holds the details of re-authorization. It's only present when type of notification is re-authorization. If not present and type of notification is re-authorization, the re-authorization notification applies to all units.
Service Identifier	O _c	This field holds the Service Identifier to which re-authorization notification applies. If present, the rating group shall also be present. If not present the re-authorization notification applies to all service identifiers.
Rating Group	O _c	This field holds the rating group to which re-authorization notification applies. If not present the re-authorization notification applies to all rating groups.
Quota management Indicator	O _c	This field holds an indicator on whether the re-authorization notification is for quota management control or not. If not present the re-authorization notification applies to both units with and without quota management.

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2018-06	SA#80					Upgrade to change control version	15.0.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0002	-	B	Charging Session Definition	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0003	-	F	Correction on CTF in 5G Charging	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0004	1	B	Introduce Use of NRF Framework	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0005	-	B	Update combined scenarios	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0008	1	B	Correction on Message content	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0009	1	B	Correction on Nchf_ConvergedCharging_Notify Service Operation	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0010	1	B	Correction on the requirement for Converged Charging	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0011	1	B	Update of service operation	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0013	1	B	Update of scenarios	15.1.0
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180832	0017	-	B	Converged Charging service definition update	15.1.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181059	0019	1	F	Clarification of requested units handling	15.2.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181059	0020	1	F	Allow updating of Notify URI	15.2.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181059	0021	1	F	Correction of Invocation result at http ok	15.2.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181052	0022	1	B	Correction of Invocation result at http ok	15.2.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181059	0023	1	F	Add description for Charging Notification	15.2.0
2019-03	SA#83	SP-190116	0024	1	F	Correction of NF Consumer Information	15.3.0
2019-03	SA#83	SP-190117	0027	-	F	Correction of SMSF as NF Consumer	15.3.0
2019-03	SA#83	SP-190116	0030	-	F	Correction of create operation for subscriber identifier	15.3.0
2019-03	SA#83	SP-190116	0031	1	F	Correction of Multiple Unit Information in ChargingDataResponse	15.3.0
2019-03	SA#83	SP-190116	0034	1	F	Addition of error handling	15.3.0

History

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V15.0.0	September 2018	Publication
V15.1.0	October 2018	Publication
V15.2.0	April 2019	Publication
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