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# Foreword

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In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

shall indicates a mandatory requirement to do something

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The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

should indicates a recommendation to do somethi	
should not	indicates a recommendation not to do something
may	indicates permission to do something
need not	indicates permission not to do something

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

can	indicates that something is possible		
cannot	indicates that something is impossible		

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

will	indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
will not	indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
might	indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

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**might not** indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

- is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact
- is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

# 1 Scope

The present document is part of a series of documents that specify charging functionality and charging management in 3GPP networks. The 3GPP core network charging architecture and principles are specified in TS 32.240 [2], which provides an umbrella for other charging management TSs that specify:

- the content of the CDRs per domain / subsystem / service (offline charging);
- the content of real-time charging messages per domain / subsystem / service (online charging);
- the functionality of online and offline charging for those domains / subsystems / services;
- the interfaces that are used in the charging framework to transfer the charging information (i.e. CDRs or charging events).

The complete document structure for these TSs is defined in TS 32.240 [2].

The present document specifies the converged charging description for the 5G MBS Session based on the functional stage 2 description in TS 23.247 [9], TS 23.501 [10], TS 23.502 [11] and TS 23.503 [12].

This charging description includes the converged charging architecture and scenarios specific to the 5G MBS Session, with focus on the following charging scenarios:

- MBS session charging for multicast communication.
- MBS session charging for broadcast communication.

It further specifies the structure and content of the CDRs and the charging events for converged charging.

All references, abbreviations, definitions, descriptions, principles and requirements, used in the present document, that are common across 3GPP TSs, are defined in TR 21.905 [1]. Those that are common across charging management in 3GPP networks/domains, services or subsystems are provided in the umbrella TS 32.240 [2] and are copied into clause 3 of the present document for ease of reading. Finally, those items that are specific to the present document are defined exclusively in the present document.

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles".
- [3] 3GPP TS 32.255: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G Data connectivity domain charging; stage 2".
- [4] 3GPP TS 32.290: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Services, operations and procedures of charging using Service Based Interface (SBI)".
- [5] 3GPP TS 32.291: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Charging service, stage 3".

- [6] 3GPP TS 32.295: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer".
- [7] 3GPP TS 32.297: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) file format and transfer".
- [8] 3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter description".
- [9] 3GPP TS 23.247: "Architectural enhancements for 5G multicast-broadcast services; Stage 2".
- [10] 3GPP TS 23.501: "System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2".
- [11] 3GPP TS 23.502:"Procedures for the 5G System".
- [12] 3GPP TS 23.503:"Policy and Charging Control Framework for the 5G System; Stage 2".

# 3 Definitions of terms, symbols and abbreviations

# 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

Bmbs	Reference point for the CDR file transfer from the 5G MBS Session CGF to the BD.
Ga	Reference point for CDR transfer between a CDF and the CGF.
Nchf	Service based interface exhibited by CHF.
N101	Reference point between MB-SMF and the CHF.

# 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

5GC	5G Core Network
5GS	5G System
AF	Application Function
AMF	Access and Mobility Management Function
BD	Billing Domain
CCS	Converged Charging System
CDF	Charging Data Function
CGF	Charging Gateway Function
CHF	Charging Function
CTF	Charging Trigger Function
FBC	Flow Based Charging
MBS	Multicast/Broadcast Service
MB-SMF	Multicast/Broadcast Session Management Function.
MB-UPF	Multicast/Broadcast User Plane Function
NF	Network Function
PCC	Policy and Charging Control
SMF	Session Management Function
UPF	User Plane Function

#### 4 Architecture considerations

#### 5G System architecture for Multicast and Broadcast Service 4.1

Figure 4.1-1 shows the non-roaming architecture for 5G Multicast and Broadcast Service as defined in TS 23.247 [9] for 5G data connectivity.

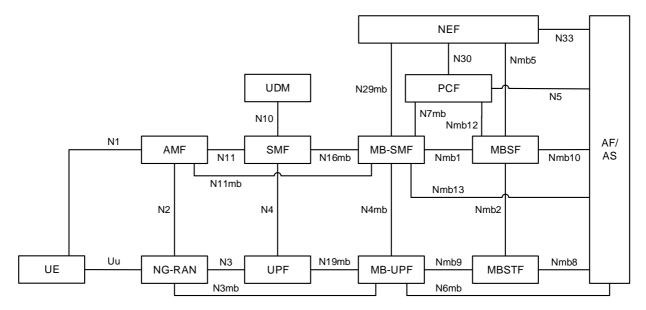


Figure 4.1-1: Non-roaming architecture for 5G Multicast and Broadcast Service in reference point representation

#### 4.2 5G MBS Session converged charging architecture

In order to support MBS session charging, the MB-SMF embedding the CTF, generates charging events towards the CHF for converged charging.

Figure 4.2-1 depicts the 5G MBS architectural options for converged charging in service-based representation, with MB-SMF interacting with CHF.

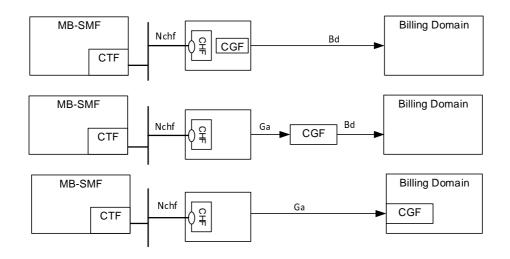
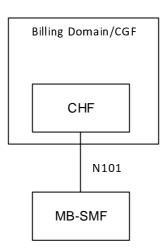


Figure 4.2-1: 5G converged charging architecture for MBS

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Figure 4.2-2 depicts the 5G converged charging architecture for MBS in reference point representation:



#### Figure 4.2-2: 5G converged charging architecture for MBS in reference point representation

The N101 reference point is defined for the interactions between MB-SMF and CHF in the reference point representation.

# 5 5G MBS Session charging principles and scenarios

# 5.1 5G MBS Session charging principles

### 5.1.1 General

The charging functions specified for the 5G MBS session charging:

- MBS session in MB-SMF, refer to TS 23.247 [9].
- service data flows, within MBS session, refer to TS 23.247 [9].

### 5.1.2 Requirements

The following are high-level charging requirements specific to 5G MBS session charging:

- The MB-SMF shall support converged charging, if the 5G MBS charging is supported.
- The MB-SMF shall support MBS session charging, if the 5G MBS charging is supported.
- The MB-SMF may be capable of identifying data volumes or elapsed time for individual service data flows (flow based charging).
- Every MBS session shall be assigned a unique identity number for billing purposes per PLMN.

### 5.1.3 Charging information

For the multicast communication, the MB-SMF may collect following charging information.

- usage of the access and core network resources: the charging information shall describe the amount of multicast data transmitted;

- usage duration: duration of MBS session is counted as the time interval from MBS session creation to MBS session deletion;
- service area: the charging information shall describe area over which the MBS session data is distributed. MBS service area provided by AF referring to clause 6.2 of TS 23.247 [9], or a list of gNBs and UPFs that have established tunnels with MB-UPFs referring to clause 6.9 of TS 23.247 [9].

MB-SMF may report above charging information to CHF for the following cases.

- MBS session creation and deletion;
- Establishment and release of shared delivery towards gNBs;
- Establishment and release of individual delivery towards UPFs.

For the broadcast communication, the MB-SMF may collect following charging information.

- usage of the access and core network resources: the charging information shall describe the amount of broadcast data transmitted;
- usage duration: duration of MBS session is counted as the time interval from MBS session creation to MBS session deletion;
- service area: the charging information shall describe area over which the MBS session data is distributed. MBS service area provided by AF referring to clause 6.2 of TS 23.247 [9], or a list of gNBs that have established tunnels with MB-UPFs referring to clause 6.9 of TS 23.247 [9];

MB-SMF may report above charging information to CHF for the following cases.

- MBS session creation, establishment and deletion.

### 5.1.4 Charging Identifier

Editor's Note: The detailed definition of the charging id is FFS.

### 5.1.5 CHF selection

The CHF Address(es) selection by the MB-SMF can be done at the MBS session creation based on the following options:

- NRF based discovery.
- MB-SMF locally provisioned charging characteristics.

The priority order between these options depends on Operator's policies.

# 5.2 5G MBS Session converged charging scenarios

### 5.2.1 Basic principles

#### 5.2.1.1 General

Converged charging may be performed by the MB-SMF interacting with CHF using Nchf specified in TS 32.290 [4] and TS 32.291 [5]. The MB-SMF shall be able to perform converged charging for each of the following:

- Charging data related to MBS session with individual and shared traffic delivery for Multicast;
- Charging data related to MBS session for Broadcast;
- Charging data related to service data flows within the MBS session.

The MB-SMF shall be able to report charging events to CDF for CDR generation.

The MB-SMF shall be able to perform convergent charging by interacting with CHF, for charging data related to MBS sessions. The Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response are exchanged between the MB-SMF and the CHF, based on SCUR scenarios specified in TS 32.290 [4]. The Charging Data Request is issued by the MB-SMF towards the CHF when certain conditions (chargeable events) are met.

The MB-SMF initiates a charging session with Charging Data Request/Response [Initial], updates the charging session with Charging Data Request/Response [Update], and terminates the charging session with Charging Data Request/Response [Termination].

### 5.2.1.2 Applicable Triggers in the MB-SMF

When a charging event is issued towards the CHF, it includes details such as MBS charging identifier and also containers identifying the volume count, with charging condition change information.

Each trigger condition (i.e. chargeable event) defined for the 5G converged charging functionality with the associated behaviours when met is specified in the present document and the basic trigger mechanism is specified in the TS 32.290 [4].

Two categories of chargeable events are identified:

- immediate report: chargeable events for which, when occurring, the current counts are closed and sent together with the charging data generated by the MB-SMF towards the CHF in a Charging Data Request. New counts are started by the MB-SMF.
- deferred report: chargeable events for which, when occurring, the current counts are closed and stored together with the charging data generated by the MB-SMF. The stored counts will be sent to the CHF in next a Charging Data Request. New counts are started by the MB-SMF.

When more than one trigger condition to be met at same time (i.e. time stamp of triggers is the same) for the same count in the MB-SMF, the MB-SMF reports the used unit container with these triggers.

When a MBS session starts, and the converged charging is activated, the MB-SMF invokes a Charging Data Request [Initial] towards the CHF to get authorization to start based on the default triggers. The MB-SMF is optionally provided in a Charging Data Response [Initial] to override the default triggers, with a set of chargeable event triggers to be enabled, and the associated category (i.e. immediate or deferred report).

The triggers remain active until they are updated or disabled by subsequent Charging Data Response [Update] from the CHF or the MBS session is terminated.

Table 5.2.1.2-1 summarizes the set of default trigger conditions and their category which shall be supported by the MB-SMF. For "immediate report" category, the table also provides the corresponding Charging Data Request [Initial, Update, Termination] message sent from MB-SMF towards the CHF.

Trigger Conditions	Trigger level	Converged Charging default category	CHF allowed to change category	CHF allowed to enable and disable	Message when "immediate reporting" category
Start of MBS	MBS session	Immediate	Not Applicable	Not	Charging Data
Session.	<i></i>			Applicable	Request [Initial]
	Change of Charging conditions				
Connection established with NG-RAN	MBS session	Deferred	Yes	Yes	
Connection released with NG-RAN	MBS session	Deferred	Yes	Yes	
Connection established with UPF	MBS session	Deferred	Yes	Yes	
Tariff Time Change	MBS session	Deferred	Deferred	Yes	
Connection released with UPF	MBS session	Deferred	Yes	Yes	Charging Data
					Request
Time threshold reached	MBS session	Deferred	No	Yes	[Update]
Time quota exhausted	MBS session	Deferred	No	Yes	
Limit per MBS session					
Expiry of data time limit per MBS session	MBS session	Immediate	No	Yes	
Expiry of data volume limit per MBS session	MBS session	Immediate	No	Yes	
Expiry of limit of number of charging condition changes	MBS session	Immediate	No	Yes	
End of MBS session	MBS session	Immediate	No	No	Charging Data Request [Termination]

Table 5.2.1.2-1: Default Trigger conditions in MB-SMF

For converged charging, the following details of chargeable events and corresponding actions in the MB-SMF are defined in Table 5.2.1.2-2:

Chargeable event	Conditions	MB-SMF action
Start of MBS session		Charging Data Request [Initial].
Connection established	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
with NG-RAN		time stamps
Connection released with	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
NG-RAN		time stamps
Connection established	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
with UPF		time stamps
Connection released with	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
UPF		time stamps
Time threshold reached	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Charging Data Request [Update] with a
		possible request quota
		Close the counts and start new counts with
		time stamps
Time quota exhausted	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Charging Data Request [Update] with a
		possible request quota
		Close the counts and start new counts with
		time stamps
Expiry of data volume	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
limit per MBS session		time stamps
Expiry of time limit per	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
MBS session		time stamps
Expiry of a limit of	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Close the counts and start new counts with
number of charging		time stamps
condition changes per		
MBS session		
Tariff Time Change	If the corresponding trigger is enabled	Charging Data Request [Update] with a
		possible request quota
		Close the counts and start new counts with
		time stamps
End of MBS session		Charging Data Request [Termination]
		Close the counts with time stamps

### 5.2.1.3 MBS session charging

Converged charging allows the MB-SMF to collect charging information related to data volumes of MBS data packets received from AF or MBSTF per MBS session.

If MBS session specific converged charging is supported, this is achieved by FBC charging, see clause 5.2.1.2.

### 5.2.2 Message flows

#### 5.2.2.1 General

The flows in the present document specify the interaction between the MB-SMF and the CHF for 5G MBS session converged charging functionality, in different scenarios, based on TS 23.247 [9] procedures and flows.

This interaction is based on Charging Data Request /Response specified in TS 32.290 [4], exchanged between the MB-SMF embedding the CTF and the CHF.

As a general principle, the steps in the figures for the message flows below correspond to the steps of figures in TS 23.247 [9], which is the reference. The present document specifies the charging specific extension part.

#### 5.2.2.2 5G MBS charging for multicast and broadcast communication

#### 5.2.2.2.1 General

This clause specifies MBS session charging for multicast and broadcast communication as defined in TS 23.247 [9].

#### 5.2.2.2.2 MBS session creation

The following figure 5.2.2.2.2-1 describes the charging procedure for MBS session creation, based on TS 23.247 [9] figures 7.1.1.2-1 and 7.1.1.3-1.

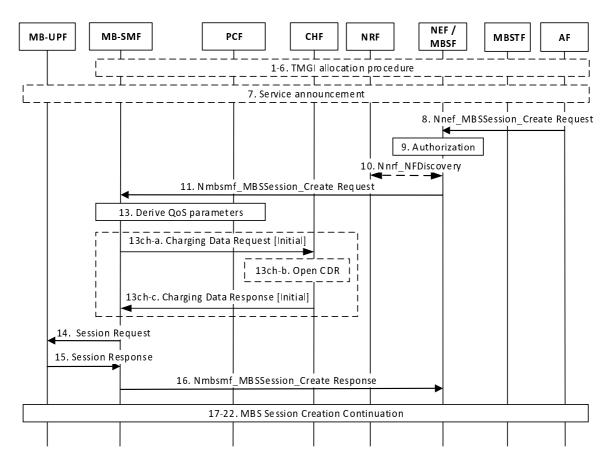


Figure 5.2.2.2.1: MBS session creation

Steps 1 to 11 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.1.1.2-1: MBS Session Creation without PCC.

13. If the dynamic PCC is deployed, refer to steps 21-27 in TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.1.1.3-1: MBS Session Creation with PCC. If not, refer to step 13 in TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.1.1.2-1: MBS Session Creation without PCC.

13ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Initial] to the CHF for authorization for the subscriber to start the MBS session which is triggered by the start of MBS session.

13ch-b. The CHF opens the CDR for this MBS session.

13ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the MB-SMF.

Steps 14 to 22 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.1.1.2-1: MBS Session Creation without PCC.

#### 5.2.2.2.3 MBS session deletion

The following figure 5.2.2.2.3-1 describes charging procedures for MBS session deletion, based on TS 23.247 [9] figures 7.1.1.4-1 and 7.1.1.5-1.

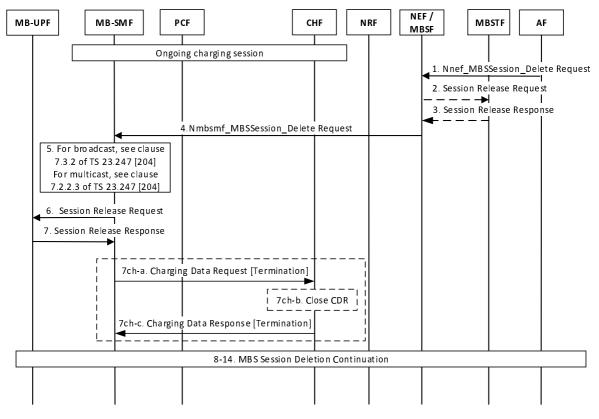


Figure 5.2.2.3-1: MBS Session Deletion

Steps 1 to 7 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.1.1.4-1: MBS Session Deletion without PCC.

7ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Termination] to the CHF, for terminating the charging associated with MBS session, with the trigger "End of MBS session".

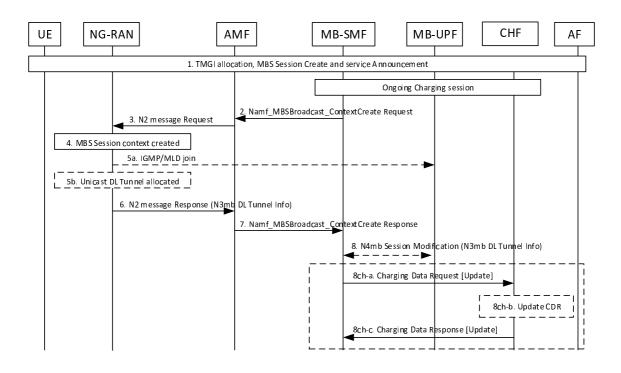
7ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR for MBS session.

7ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the MB-SMF.

Steps 8 to 14 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.1.1.4-1: MBS Session Deletion without PCC.

#### 5.2.2.2.4 MBS session establishment for broadcast

The following figure 5.2.2.2.4-1 describes the charging procedure for MBS session establishment for broadcast, based on TS 23.247 [9] figure 7.3.1-1.



#### Figure 5.2.2.2.4-1: MBS session establishment for broadcast

Steps 1 to 8 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.3.1-1: MBS Session Establishment for Broadcast.

8ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF triggered by the connection established with NG-RAN.

8ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

8ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the MB-SMF.

#### 5.2.2.2.5 Establishment of shared delivery towards RAN node for multicast

The following figure 5.2.2.2.5-1 describes multicast MBS session charging procedures for establishment of shared delivery towards RAN node, which occurs when the first UE is included in the context of the MBS session in the NG-RAN, or when handover to the target NG-RAN when the shared delivery tunnel has not yet been established in the target RAN node for this multicast MBS session, based on clause 7.2.1.4 of TS 23.247 [9].

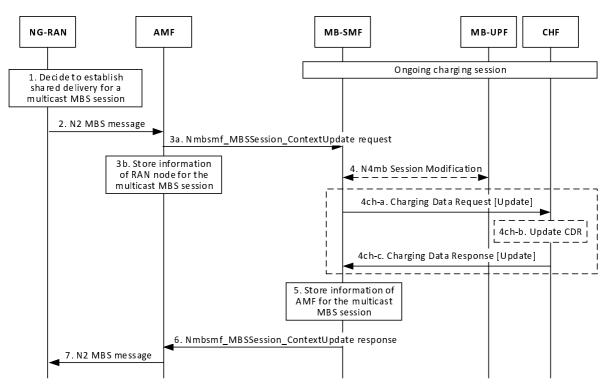


Figure 5.2.2.5-1: Establishment of shared delivery towards RAN node

Steps 1 to 4 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.1.4-1: Establishment of shared delivery toward NG-RAN node.

4ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF when the corresponding trigger is armed.

4ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the MB-SMF.

Steps 5 to 7 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.1.4-1: Establishment of shared delivery toward NG-RAN node.

#### 5.2.2.2.6 Establishment of individual delivery towards UPF for multicast

The following figure 5.2.2.2.6-1 describes multicast MBS session charging procedures for establishment of individual delivery towards UPF, based on steps 11a-11e of TS 23.247 [9] figure 7.2.1.3-1, which occurs when the related NG-RAN does not support MBS and a tunnel between the UPF (PSA) and MB-UPF for 5GC individual MBS traffic delivery has not yet been established by the SMF for the multicast MBS session.

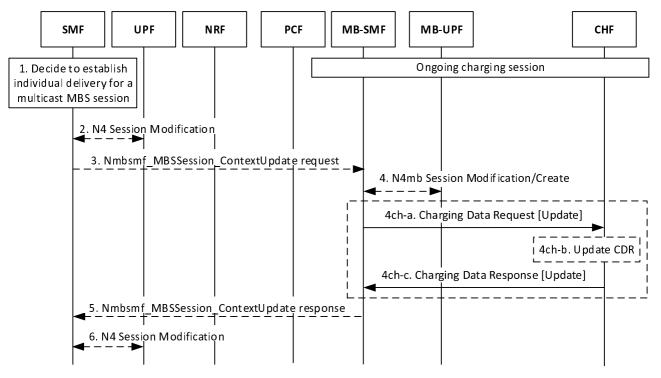


Figure 5.2.2.2.6-1: Establishment of individual delivery towards UPF

1. SMF decides to establish individual delivery for a multicast MBS session.

Steps 2 to 4 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.1.3-1: PDU Session modification for UE joining Multicast MBS session steps 11a to 11c.

4ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF when the corresponding trigger is armed.

4ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the MB-SMF.

Steps 5 to 6 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.1.3-1: PDU Session modification for UE joining Multicast MBS session steps 11d to 11e.

#### 5.2.2.2.7 MBS Session Release Charging Procedure

The following figure 5.2.2.2.7-1 describes the procedure when MB-SMF decides to release a MBS Session which can happen on a request from the AF (directly or via the NEF/MBSF). This figure is based on TS 23.247 [9] figure 7.2.2.4-1.

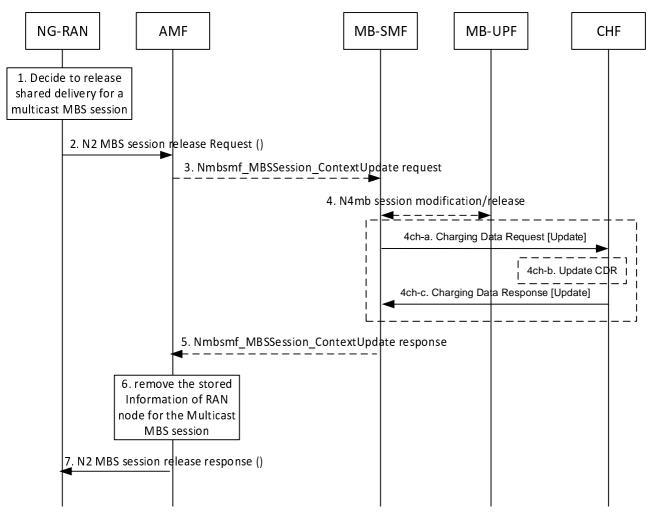


Figure 5.2.2.2.7-1: MBS Session Release Charging Procedure

Steps 1 to 4 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.2.4-1: Release of shared delivery toward RAN node.

4ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF, with final report of the Multicast Session when the corresponding trigger is activated.

4ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the MB-SMF.

Steps 5 to 7 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.2.4-1: Release of shared delivery toward RAN node.

#### 5.2.2.2.8 MBS Session Activation Charging Procedure

The following figure 5.2.2.2.8-1 describes the charging procedure when there is a MBS Session activation procedure. The MBS Session Activation procedure is used for activating the resource for MBS data at NG-RAN. The focus is to provide such information to CHF once the MBS Session state changes. This figure is based on TS 23.247 [9] figure 7.2.5.2-1.

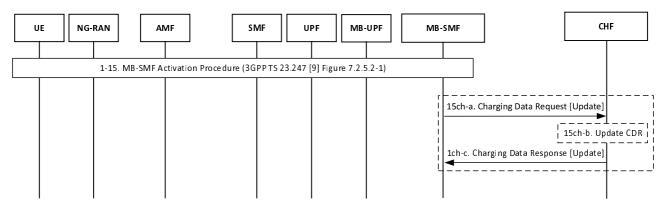


Figure 5.2.2.8-1: MBS Session Activation Charging Procedure

Steps 1 to 15 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.5.2-1: MBS Session Activation Procedure.

15ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF when the corresponding trigger is armed.

15ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

15ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the MB-SMF.

#### 5.2.2.2.9 MBS Session Deactivation Charging Procedure

The following figure 5.2.2.2.9-1 describes the charging procedure when there is a MBS Session Deactivation procedure. The MBS Session Deactivation procedure is used for release the resources from NG-RAN. The focus is to provide such information to CHF once the MBS Session state changes. This figure is based on TS 23.247 [9] figure 7.2.5.3-1.

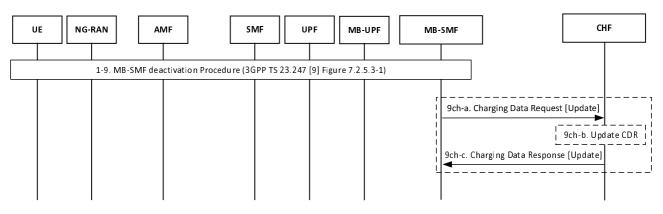


Figure 5.2.2.9-1: MBS Session deactivation Charging Procedure

Steps 1 to 9 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [9] Figure 7.2.5.3-1: MBS Session deactivation Procedure.

9ch-a. The MB-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF when the corresponding trigger is activated.

9ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the MB-SMF.

# 5.2.3 CDR generation

#### 5.2.3.1 Introduction

The CHF CDRs for MBS session charging are generated by the CHF to collect charging information that they subsequently transfer to the Charging Gateway Function (CGF).

The following clauses describe in detail the conditions for opening, adding information to, and closing the CHF CDR.

#### 5.2.3.2 Triggers for CHF CDR

#### 5.2.3.2.1 General

A MBS session charging CHF CDR is used to collect charging information related to the MBS session data information from a single data source (e.g. Application Service Provider) in Flow Based Charging.

A CHF CDR shall be opened when the CHF receives Charging Data Request[Initial].

As an alternative to the default CHF behaviour, the "Individual Partial record" mechanism can be used based on Operator's policy configured in the CHF. In this case a new CDR shall be opened for each Charging Data Request[Initial, Update, Termination], charging information shall be added and the CDR shall then be closed. The Sequence Number will be incremented for each Charging Data Request[Initial, Update, Termination] received by the CHF.

#### 5.2.3.2.2 Triggers for CHF CDR charging information addition

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request[Update], with the change conditions identified in Table 5.2.3.2.2-1 the charging information shall be added in the MBS session charging CHF CDR, and the CDR shall remain open, as the default supported mechanism.

Trigger Conditions	Applicable for converged charging
Change of Charging conditions	
Connection established with NG-RAN	Yes
Connection released with NG-RAN	Yes
Connection established with UPF	Yes
Connection released with UPF	Yes
Quota management triggers	
Time threshold reached	Yes
Time quota exhausted	Yes

 Table 5.2.3.2.2-1: Triggers for CHF CDR charging information addition

In case the "Individual Partial record" mechanism is enabled, the Table 5.2.3.2.2-1 is not applicable. The charging information consists of a set of containers, which are added as "List of Multiple Unit Usage" parameter of the CHF CDR.

#### 5.2.3.2.3 Triggers for CHF CDR partial record closure

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request [Update], with the change conditions identified in Table 5.2.3.2.3-1, the charging information shall be added in the MBS session charging CHF CDR, before the CDR is closed and a subsequent CHF CDR shall be opened with an incremented Sequence Number, as the default supported mechanism.

Trigger Conditions	
Limit per MBS session	
Expiry of data time limit per MBS session	
Expiry of data volume limit per MBS session	
Expiry of limit of number of charging condition	
changes	

In case the "Individual Partial record" mechanism is enabled, the Table 5.2.3.2.3-1 is not applicable.

#### 5.2.3.2.4 Triggers for CHF CDR closure

For MBS session charging, when the CHF receives Charging Data Request[Termination], the charging information shall be added in the MBS session charging CHF CDR and the CDR shall be closed.

### 5.2.4 Ga record transfer flows

Details of the Ga protocol application are specified in TS 32.295 [6].

## 5.2.5 Bmbs CDR file transfer

Details of the Bmbs protocol application are specified in TS 32.297 [7].

# 6 Definition of charging information

# 6.1 Data description for 5G MBS Session charging

### 6.1.1 Message contents

#### 6.1.1.1 General

The Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response are specified in TS 32.290 [4] and include charging information. The Charging Data Request can be of type [Initial, Update, Termination].

Table 6.1.1.1-1 describes the use of these messages for converged charging.

#### Table 6.1.1.1-1: Converged charging messages reference table

Message	Source	Destination
Charging Data Request	MB-SMF	CHF
Charging Data Response	CHF	MB-SMF

The following clauses describe the different fields used in the Charging Data messages and the category in the tables is used according to the charging data configuration defined in clause 5.4 of TS 32.240 [2].

# 6.1.1.2 Charging Data Request message

Table 6.1.1.2-1 illustrates the basic structure of a Charging Data Request message from the MB-SMF as used for 5G converged charging for MBS session.

Information Element	Category for converged charging	Category for offline only charging	Description
Session Identifier	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
NF Consumer Identification	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
NF Functionality	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
NF Name	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
NF Address	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
NF PLMN ID	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Invocation Timestamp	M	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Invocation Sequence Number	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Multiple Unit Usage	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
			This field is not applicable to QBC.
Rating Group	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Used Unit Container	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Triggers	Oc	-	This field is described in TS 32.290 [4] and holds the 5G data connectivity specific triggers described in clause 5.2.1.
MBS Container Information	Oc	-	This field holds the 5G MBS session container specific information described in clause 6.2.1.3.
MB-UPF ID	Oc	_	This field holds the MB-UPF identifier used to identify the MB-UPF. This field shall only be included when either quota is requested per MB-UPF, or used units are reported per MB-UPF.
MBS Session Charging Information	O <sub>M</sub>	-	This field holds the MBS session specific information described in clause 6.2.1.2. This field is applicable to FBC.

### 6.1.1.3 Charging data response message

Table 6.1.1.3-1 illustrates the basic structure of a Charging Data Response message from the CHF to MB-SMF as used for 5G converged charging for MBS session.

Information Element	Category for converged charging	Category for offline only charging	Description
Session Identifier	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Invocation Timestamp	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Invocation Result	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Invocation Result Code	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Failed Parameter	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Failure Handling	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Invocation Sequence Number	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Multiple Unit Information	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
			This field is not applicable to QBC.
Result Code	Oc	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Rating Group	М	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
MB-UPF ID	Oc	-	This field holds the MB-UPF identifier used for quota granted per MB-UPF by CHF.
Time Quota Threshold	O <sub>C</sub>	-	Described in TS 32.290 [4]
Triggers	Oc	-	This field is described in TS 32.290 [4] and holds the 5G data connectivity specific triggers described in clause 5.2.1.
Triggers	Oc	-	This field is described in TS 32.290 [4] and holds the 5G data connectivity specific triggers described in clause 5.2.1.
MBS Session Charging Information	Ом	-	This field holds the MBS session specific information described in clause 6.2.1.2.

#### Table 6.1.1.3-1: Charging Data Response message contents

# 6.1.2 Ga message contents

See clause 5.2.4.

# 6.1.3 CDR description on the B<sub>mbs</sub> interface

### 6.1.3.1 General

This clause describes the CDR content and format generated for 5G MBS session charging.

The following tables provide a brief description of each CDR parameter. The category in the tables is used according to the charging data configuration defined in clause 5.4 of TS 32.240 [2]. Full definitions of the CDR parameters, sorted by the name in alphabetical order, are provided in TS 32.298 [8].

### 6.1.3.2 MBS session charging CHF CDR data

If enabled, CHF CDRs for MBS session charging shall be produced for each MBS session.

The fields of MBS session charging CHF CDR are specified in table 6.1.3.2-1.

Field	Categor V	Description
Record Type	M	CHF record.
Recording Network Function ID	OM	This field holds the name of the recording entity, i.e. the CHF id.
NF Consumer Information	M	This field holds the information of the MB-SMF that used the charging service.
NF Functionality	М	This field contains the function of the node (i.e. MB-SMF)
NF Name	Oc	This field holds the name of the MB-SMF used.
NF Address	Oc	This fields holds the IP Address of the MB-SMF used.
NF PLMN ID	Oc	This field holds the PLMN identifier (MCC MNC) of the MB-SMF.
List of Multiple Unit Usage	Ом	This field holds a list of changes in charging conditions for all service data flows within this MBS session.
Rating Group	Ом	This field holds the rating group.
Used Unit Container	Oc	This field holds the used units and information connected to the reported units.
Triggers	Oc	This field holds the reason for closing the used unit container.
Trigger Timestamp	Oc	This field holds the timestamp of the trigger.
Time	Oc	This field holds the amount of used time.
Downlink Volume	Oc	This field holds the amount of used volume in downlink direction.
Rating Indicator	Oc	This field indicates if the units have been rated or not.
Local Sequence Number	М	This field holds the container sequence number.
MBS Container Information	Oc	This field holds the 5G MBS session specific information defined in clause 6.2.1.3.
MB-UPF ID	Oc	This field holds the MB-UPF identifier used to identify the MB-UPF when reporting the usage for the MB-UPF.
Record Opening Time	М	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
Duration	М	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
Record Sequence Number	С	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
Cause for Record Closing	М	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
Diagnostics	O <sub>M</sub>	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
Local Record Sequence Number	O <sub>M</sub>	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
Record Extensions	O <sub>C</sub>	Described in TS 32.298 [8]
MBS Session Charging Information	Ом	This field holds the 5G MBS session specific information defined in clause 6.2.1.2.

Table 6.1.3.2-1: MBS session charging CHF record data

# 6.2 5G MBS Session charging specific parameters

# 6.2.1 Definition of 5G MBS Session charging information

#### 6.2.1.1 General

The Charging Information parameter used for 5G MBS session charging is provided in the following clauses.

#### 6.2.1.2 Definition of MBS session charging information

MBS specific charging information used for 5G data connectivity charging is provided within the MBS Session Charging Information.

The detailed structure of the MBS Session Charging Information can be found in table 6.2.1.2-1.

Information Element	Category	Description
MBS Session ID	М	This field holds identifier of MBS session.
MBS Service Type	М	This field holds the type of the MBS session.
MBS Service Area	Oc	This field holds MBS Service Area served by the MBS session.
MBS Session Start Time	Oc	This field holds the timestamp when MBS session starts.
MBS Session Stop Time	Oc	This field holds the timestamp when MBS session terminates.
Serving Network Function ID	Oc	This field holds the identity of the serving network function. It may
		have multiple occurrences.
Serving Network Function	М	This field holds the Information of the serving network function:
Information		<ul> <li>AMF for the MBS sessions being served by MB-SMF in non-</li> </ul>
		roaming
AMF Identifier	Oc	This field holds the AMF identifier.

 Table 6.2.1.2-1: Structure of MBS Session Charging Information

#### 6.2.1.3 Definition of MBS container information

Used Unit Container, described in table 6.2.1.3-1, specific charging information used for 5G data connectivity charging is provided within the MBS Container Information described in table 6.2.1.3-1.

Information Element	Category	Description
Time of First Usage	Oc	This field holds the Timestamp when the first transmitted IP packet of the service data flow matching the current used
		unit container.
Time of Last Usage	Oc	This field holds the Timestamp when the last transmitted IP packet of the service data flow matching the current used unit container.
QoS Information	Oc	This field holds the QoS applied during the service data container interval.
Established Connection Information	Oc	This field holds a list of NG-RAN nodes establishing connection, or a list of UPFs establishing connection with MB-UPF.

Table 6.2.1.3-1: Structure of MBS Container Information

# 6.2.2 Detailed message format for converged charging

The following clause specifies per Operation Type the charging data that are sent by MB-SMF for 5G data connectivity converged charging or offline only charging.

The Operation Types are listed in the following order: I (Initial)/U (Update)/T (Termination)/E (Event). Therefore, when all Operation Types are possible it is marked as IUTE. If only some Operation Types are allowed for a node, only the appropriate letters are used (i.e. IUT or E) as indicated in the table heading. The omission of an Operation Type for a particular field is marked with "-" (i.e. IU-E). Also, when an entire field is not allowed in a node the entire cell is marked as "-".

Table 6.2.2-1 defines the basic structure of the supported fields in the Charging Data Request message for 5G data connectivity converged charging for MB-SMF to support 5G MBS charging.

	Functionality of MB-SMF	FBC
Information Element	Charging Service	Converged
information Element		Charging
	Supported Operation Types	I/U/T/E
Session Identifier		-UT-
NF Consumer Identification		IUT-
Invocation Timestamp		IUT-
Invocation Sequence Number		IUT-
Triggers		-UT-
Multiple Unit Usage	IUT-	
Rating Group	IUT-	
Used Unit Container	-UT-	
Triggers	-UT-	
MBS Container Information		-UT-
MB-UPF ID		IUT-
MBS Session Charging Information		IUT-
MBS Service Type	IUT-	
MBS Service Area	IUT-	
MBS Session Start Time		
MBS Session Stop Time	T-	
Serving Network Function ID	IUT-	

Table 6.2.2-1: Supported fields in Charging Data Request message

Table 6.2.2-2 defines the basic structure of the supported fields in the *Charging Data* Response message for 5G data connectivity converged charging for MB-SMF to support 5G MBS charging.

Table 6.2.2-2: Supported fields in Charging Data Response message

	Functionality of MB-SMF	FBC
Information Element	Charging Service	Converged
	Owners and a different time of the second	Charging
	Supported Operation Types	I/U/T/E
Session Identifier		
Invocation Timestamp		IUT-
Invocation Result		IUT-
Invocation Sequence Number		IUT-
Triggers		IU
Multiple Unit Information		IU
Result Code		IU
Rating Group		IU
MB-UPF ID		IU
Time Quota Threshold		IU
Triggers		IU
MBS Session Charging Information		IU
MBS Service Type		-
MBS Service Area		-
MBS Session Start Time		-
MBS Session Stop Time		-
Serving Network Function ID		-

# 6.2.3 Formal 5G MBS Session charging parameter description

### 6.2.3.1 5G MBS Session CHF CDR parameters

The detailed definitions, abstract syntax and encoding of the MBS session charging CHF CDRs parameters are specified in TS 32.298 [8].

### 6.2.3.2 5G MBS Session resources attributes

The detailed definitions of resources attributes used for 5G MBS session charging are specified in TS 32.291 [5].

# 6.3 Bindings for 5G MBS Session charging

The mapping between the Information Elements, resource attributes and CHF CDR parameters for 5G MBS session charging is described in clause 7 of TS 32.291 [5].

# Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history Date Meeting TDoc CR Rev Cat Subject/Comment New								
Duit	meeting	1000	U.		out		version	
2023-10	SA5#151	S5-237033				Initial skeleton	0.0.0	
2023-10 SA	SA5#151	S5-236913				Add CHF selection mechanism for MB-SMF	0.1.0	
		S5-236915				Add 5MBS CDR generation requirements	1	
		S5-236916				Add 5G MBS charging information definition	1	
		S5-236917				MBS Tariff change trigger and charging event	1	
		S5-236918				Add reference point between MB-SMF and CHF and MBS charging ID		
		S5-236920				Add 5G MBS charging procedure for multicast and broadcast communication creation and deletion	1	
		S5-236921				Add 5G MBS charging procedure of broadcast session establishment	]	
		S5-236922				Add 5G MBS charging procedure of shared and individual delivery establishment for multicast		
2023-11	SA5#152	S5-238019				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add scope	0.2.0	
		S5-238020				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add references	1	
		S5-238021				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add definitions of terms, symbols and abbreviations		
		S5-238022				Rel-18 pCR TR 32.27x MBS Charging Principles	1	
		S5-238023				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add general information for 5MBS charging	1	
		S5-238024				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add MBS session charging information	1	
		S5-238025				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add Bmbs interface information	1	
		S5-238026				Rel-18 pCR 32.27x Add Ga interface information	1	
2023-12	SA#102	SP-231529				Presented for information	1.0.0	
2023-12	SA#102	SP-231749				TS number allocated at TSG SA#102 as 32.279	1.0.1	
2024-02	SA5#153	S5-240407				Add bindings for 5G MBS Session charging	1.1.0	
		S5-240512				Add MB-UPF ID in Charging Data Request and Response message from MB-SMF		
		S5-240733				MBS Session Release	1	
		S5-240734				MBS Session activation&deactivation&update procedure	]	
		S5-241021				MBS Session deactivation	7	
2024-03	SA#103	SP-240256				Presented to SA plenary for Approval	2.0.0	
2024-03	SA#103					Upgrade to change control version	18.0.0	

# History

	Document history					
V18.0.0	May 2024	Publication				