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Telecommunication management;
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virtualized network functions;
Procedures
(3GPP TS 28.526 version 19.0.0 Release 19)**



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Foreword

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Introduction

The present document is part of a TS-family covering the 3rd Generation Partnership Project Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects, Telecommunication Management; as identified below:

TS 28.525: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Requirements.

TS 28.526: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Procedures.

TS 28.527: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Stage 2.

TS 28.528: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Stage 3.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the Life Cycle Management (LCM) procedures for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
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- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 28.500: "Management concept, architecture and requirements for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions".
- [3] 3GPP TS 28.525: "Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Requirements".
- [4] ETSI GS NFV-IFA008 V3.7.1 (2022-11 Release 3) "Network Function Virtualization (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Ve-Vnfm Reference Point - Interface and Information Model Specification".
- [5] ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 V3.7.1 (2022-11) "Network Function Virtualization (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Os-Ma-nfvo Reference Point - Interface and Information Model Specification".
- [6] 3GPP TS 32.508: "Telecommunication management; Procedure flows for multi-vendor plug-and-play eNode B connection to the network".
- [7] 3GPP TS 32.532: "Telecommunication management; Software management (SwM); Integration Reference Point (IRP); Information Service (IS)".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TS 28.500 [2] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] or in 3GPP TS 28.500 [2].

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TS 28.500 [2] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] or in 3GPP TS 28.500 [2].

4 Lifecycle Management procedures

4.1 Introduction

The procedures listed in clause 4, as some of all the possibilities, are not exhaustive.

4.2 VNF Instance procedures

4.2.1 VNF Identifier creation

Figure 4.2.1-1 depicts the procedure of VNF instance identifier creation initiated through Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.2.2 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).

1. EM sends to VNFM a *CreateVnfIdentifierRequest* with parameter *vnfdId*, *vnfInstanceName* and *vnfInstanceDescription* to create a VNF instance identifier (*vnfInstanceId*) and an associated instance of an *NsInfo* information element (see clause 7.2.2.2 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).
2. VNFM sends to EM a *CreateVnfIdentifierResponse* with parameter *vnfInstanceId* identifying the instance identifier of the VNF has been created (see clause 7.2.2.3 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).
3. VNFM sends to EM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.3 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]) carrying *VnfIdentifierCreationNotification* information element with attribute *vnfInstanceId* to indicate the VNF instance identifier creation (see clause 9.5.7 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).

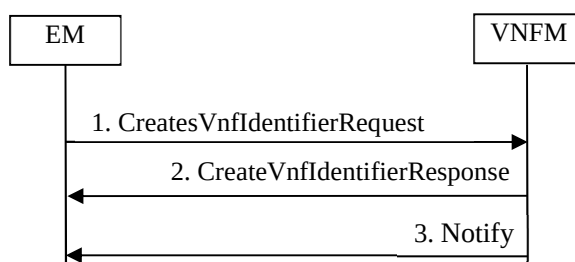


Figure 4.2.1-1 Procedures of VNF identifier creation

4.2.2 VNF instantiation

4.2.2.1 VNF instantiation by EM request

Figure 4.2.2.1-1 depicts a procedure of VNF instantiation by EM request. It is assumed that EM has subscribed to receive the VNF lifecycle change notification from VNFM. As a result of this procedure, the new VNF instance is not associated to any NS (see NOTE in clause 7.2.3.4 in [4]).

1. EM sends *CreateVnfIdentifierRequest* to VNFM with *vnfdId*, *vnfInstanceName*, and *vnfInstanceDescription* to create the VNF identifier (see clause 7.2.2 [4]).

2. VNFM sends *CreateVnfIdentifierResponse* to EM with *vnfInstanceId* to indicate the creation of a new instance of a VNF information element (see clause 7.2.2.3 [4]).
3. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* to VNFM with input parameters, listed in clause 7.2.3.2 [4] to instantiate a VNF (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).
4. VNFM sends *InstantiateVnfResponse* with *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* to EM (see clause 7.2.3.3 [4]).
5. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationSstatus* = "start", *operation* = "instantiation", *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *affectedVnfc*, *affectedVirtualLink*, and *affectedVirtualStorage* to indicate the start of VNF instantiation (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).
6. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = "result", *operation* = "instantiation", *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *affectedVnfc*, *affectedVirtualLink*, and *affectedVirtualStorage* to indicate the result of VNF instantiation, when the VNF instantiation operation is completed (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).

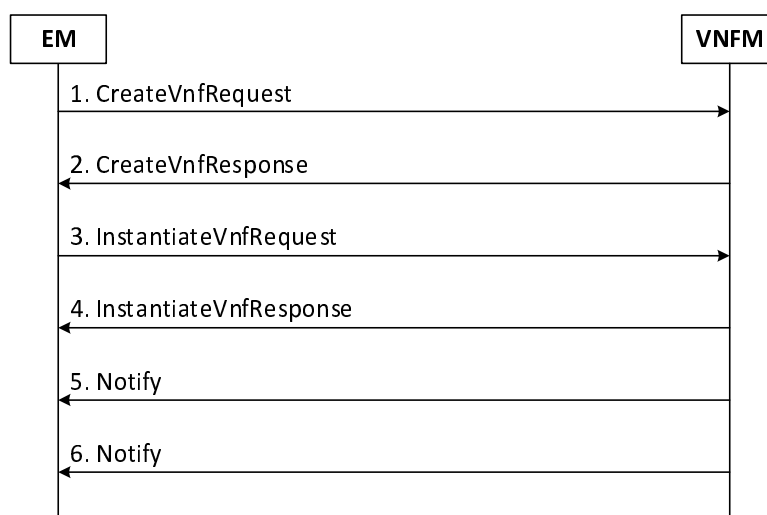


Figure 4.2.2.1-1: VNF instantiation procedure

4.2.2.2 VNF instantiation as part of NS update initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.2.2.2-1 depicts the procedure of instantiating a VNF instance as part of an NS update through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters *nsInstanceId*, *updateType* = "InstantiateVnf", *instantiateVnfData*, and *updateTime* to instantiate the VNF instance (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The *instantiateVnfData* contains the parameters that are needed for VNF instantiation, including *vnfdId*, *flavourId*, and can include in addition the parameters *instantiationLevelId*, *vnfInstanceName*, etc (see clause 8.3.4.12 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]), carrying *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "UpdateNs", and *notificationType* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update that includes the VNF instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]), carrying *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*,

operation = "UpdateNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update that includes the VNF instantiation, and affectedVnf providing information about the added VNF instance. The affectedVnf includes parameters vnfInstanceId, vnfdId, vnfProfileId, vnfName and changeType = "instantiated" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

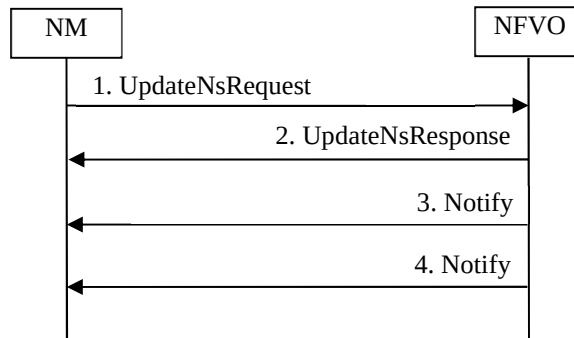


Figure 4.2.2.2-1: VNF instantiation as part of NS update initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.2.2.3 Provide IP address of the managing EM in VNF instantiation

Figure 4.2.2.3-1 depicts a procedure of providing the IP address of the managing EM to the VNF in instantiation. As a result of this procedure, the new VNF instance is not associated to any NS (see NOTE in clause 7.2.3.4 in [4]). The figure uses UML notation to show multiple options available.

1. EM sends *CreateVnfIdentifierRequest* with parameters vnfdId, and optionally vnfInstanceName and vnfInstanceDescription to VNFM (see clause 7.2.2 [4]).
2. VNFM creates a new VnfInfo object
3. VNFM sends *CreateVnfIdentifierResponse* with the new VNF identifier to EM (see clause 7.2.2 [4]).

If the Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is not used and managing EM IP address is provided as VNF configuration data, the steps 4.1.1 through 4.1.4 are executed.

- 4.1.1. EM sends *ModifyVnfInfoRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, vnfConfigurationData, newValues and vnfConfigurationData to VNFM (see clause 7.2.12 [4]). The managing EM IP address value used in parameter vnfConfigurationData.
- 4.1.2. VNFM sets the newValues in the vnfInfo object.
- 4.1.3. VNFM sends *ModifyVnfInfoResponse* to EM (see clause 7.2.12 [4]).
- 4.1.4. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, flavourId, instantiationLevelId, extVirtualLink, extManagedVirtualLink, localizationLanguage, vnfConfigurableProperty and additionalParam to VNFM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).
Note: The extVirtualLink may be known to the EM (e.g. provided by another entity).

If the Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is not used and managing EM IP address is provided as additional parameter for instantiation, the steps 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 are executed.

- 4.2.1. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, flavourId, instantiationLevelId, extVirtualLink, extManagedVirtualLink, localizationLanguage, vnfConfigurableProperty and additionalParam to VNFM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]). The managing EM IP address value used in parameter additionalParam.
- 4.2.2. VNFM maps the managing EM IP address value received in parameter vnfConfigurableProperty of *InstantiateVnfRequest* to vnfConfigurationData (see Note 1).

NOTE 1: the specific mechanism for this mapping (e.g. vendor specific LCM script or specific VNFM) is out of scope of 3GPP

4.2.3. VNFM sets the `vnfConfigurableProperty` in the `vnfInfo` object.

If the Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is used to provide the managing EM IP address to VNF, step 4.3.1 is executed.

4.3.1. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* with parameters `vnfInstanceId`, `flavourId`, `instantiationLevelId`, `extVirtualLink`, `extManagedVirtualLink`, `localizationLanguage` and `additionalParam` to VNFM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).

5. VNFM initiates the VNF instantiation process.

6. VNFM sends *InstantiateVnfResponse* with the new `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId` to EM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).

7. VNFM sends *SetConfigurationRequest* with parameters `vnfInstanceId`, `vnfConfigurationData` and `vnfcConfigurationData` to VNF (see clause 6.2.2 [4]).

8. VNF sends *SetConfigurationResponse* with parameters `vnfConfigurationData` and `vnfcConfigurationData` to VNFM (see clause 6.2.2 [4]).

9. If Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is used to provide the managing EM IP address to VNF, VNF performs the EM discovery (see "Establishing connection to Element Manager" procedure in clause 5.5 of TS 32.508 [6]).

10. VNF connects to the managing EM.

11. "Normal" NE management by the EM over Type-1 interface (e.g. s/w update, configuration) begins.

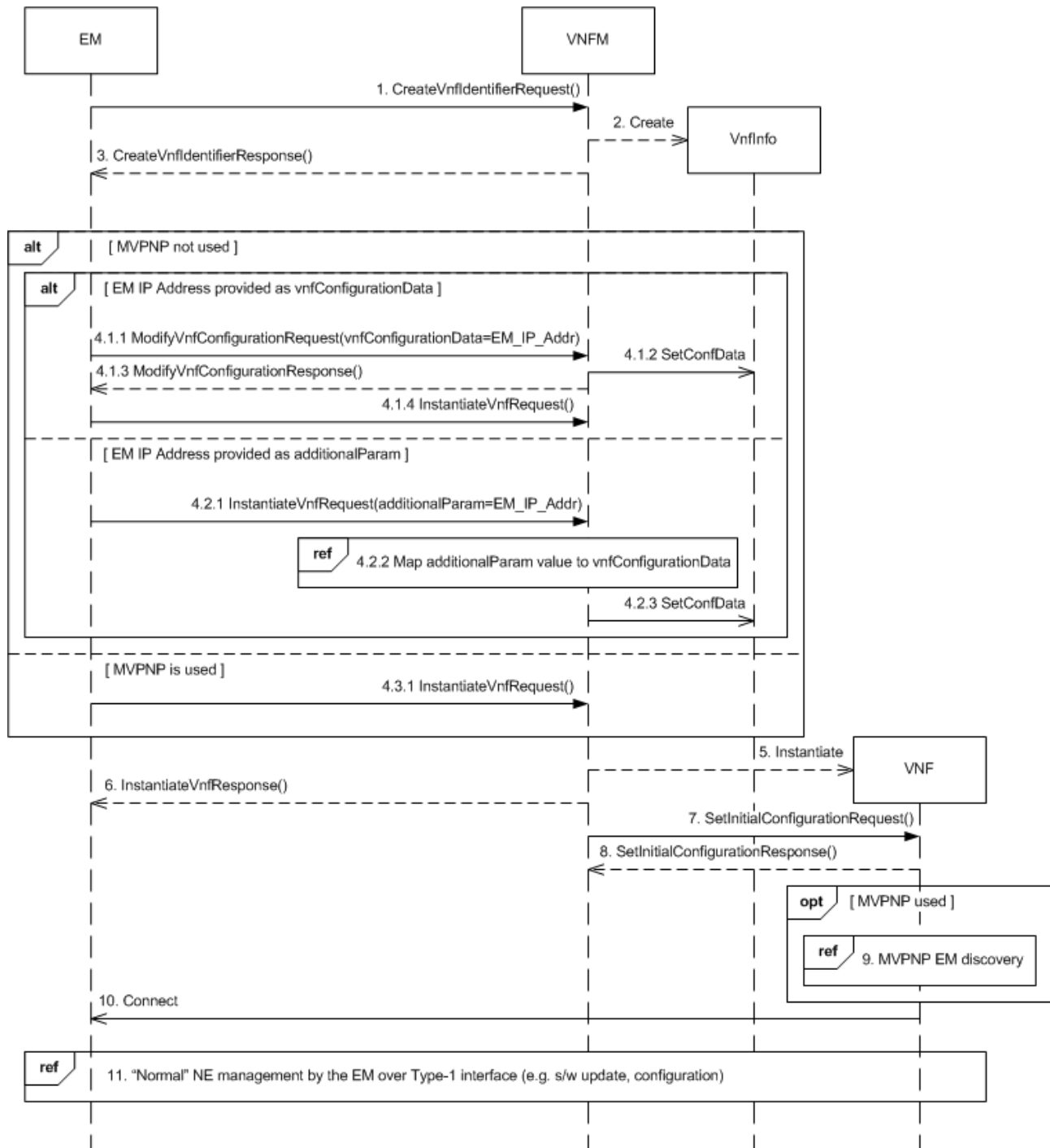


Figure 4.2.2.3-1: Provide IP address of the managing EM in VNF instantiation procedure

4.2.2.4 Query VNF instance information through Ve-Vnfm-em

Figure 4.2.2.4-1 depicts the procedure of querying VNF instance information through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.2.9 [4]).

1. EM sends to VNFM a *QueryVnfRequest* with parameters *filter* and *attributeSelector* used to filter the VNF instance(s) and select the information attributes that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.2.9.2 [4]).
2. VNFM sends to EM a *QueryVnfResponse* with parameter *vnfInfo* providing the information that is selected according to parameters *filter* and *attributeSelector* (see clause 7.2.9.3 [4]).

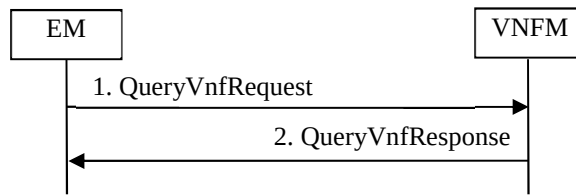


Figure 4.2.2.4-1: Query VNF instance information through Ve-Vnfm-em

4.2.3 VNF scaling

4.2.3.1 Scale VNF instance initiated by EM

Figure 4.2.3.1-1 depicts a procedure of scaling VNF instance (see clause 7.2.8 [4]).

1. EM sends *ScaleVnfRequest* with parameters *vnfInstanceId*, *type*, *aspectId*, and *numberOfSteps* to scale the VNF instance (see clause 7.2.4 [4]).
2. VNFM sends *ScaleVnfResponse* with the identifier of the VNF lifecycle operation occurrence *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* to EM (see clause 7.2.4 [4]).
3. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element, to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = “start”, *operation* to indicate the start of VNF scaling (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).
4. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element, to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = “result”, *operation* to indicate the result of VNF scaling, when the VNF scaling operation is completed (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).

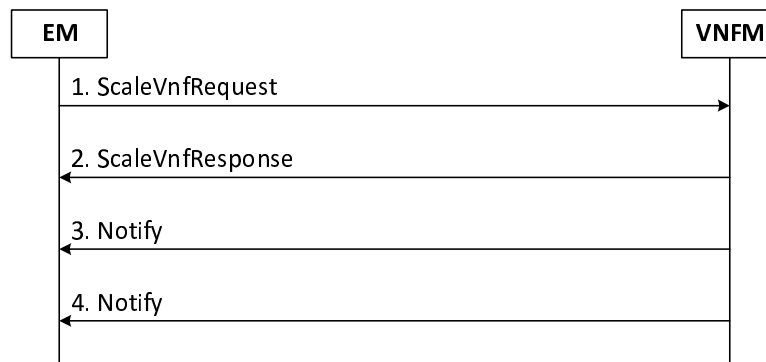


Figure 4.2.3.1-1: Scale VNF instance procedure

4.2.3.2. Scale VNF instance to a level initiated by EM

Figure 4.2.3.2-1 depicts a procedure of scaling VNF instance to a level (see clause 7.2.5 [4]).

1. EM sends *ScaleVnfToLevelRequest* with parameters *vnfInstanceId*, and (*instantiationLevelId* or *scaleInfo*) to scale the VNF instance to a level defined by *instantiationLevelId* or *scaleInfo* (see clause 7.2.5 [4]).
2. VNFM sends *ScaleVnfToLevelResponse* with the identifier of the VNF lifecycle operation occurrence *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* to EM (see clause 7.2.5 [4]).

3. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element, to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = "start", *operation* to indicate the start of VNF scaling (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).
4. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element, to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = "result", *operation* to indicate the result of VNF scaling, when the VNF scaling operation is completed (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).

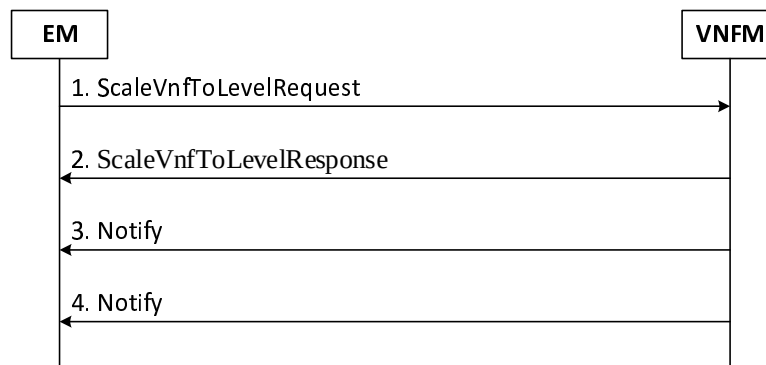


Figure 4.2.3.2-1: Scale VNF instance to a level procedure

4.2.3.3 VNF scaling as part of NS scaling initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.2.3.3-1 depicts the procedure of scaling VNF instance for which the NM has selected the NS instance within which the subject VNF instance is intended to be scaled (see clause 7.3.4 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO a *ScaleNsRequest* with parameters *nsInstanceId*, *scaleType* = "SCALE_VNF", *scaleVnfData*, and *scaleTime* to scale the VNF instance(s) (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The *scaleVnfData* contains the parameters that are needed for scaling a specific VNF instance, including among others *vnfInstanceId*, *type*, and either *scaleToLevelData* or *scaleByStepData* depending on the type of scaling (see clauses 8.3.4.9.2, 8.3.4.10 and 8.3.4.11 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM a *ScaleNsResponse* with parameter *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "ScaleNs", and *notificationType* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS scaling that is being performed through specific VNF scaling (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "ScaleNs", *notificationType* = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS scaling performed through specific VNF scaling, and *affectedVnf* providing information about the scaled VNF instance(s), including *vnfInstanceId*, *vnfdId*, *vnfProfileId*, *vnfName* and *changeType* = "scaled" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

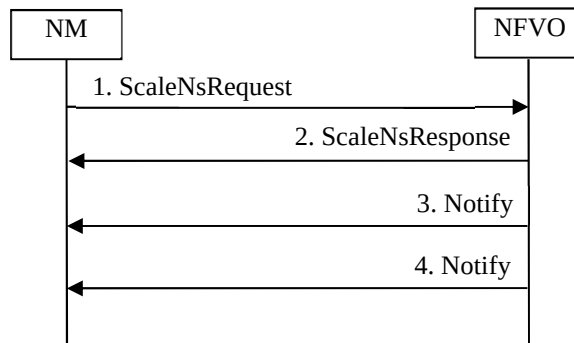


Figure 4.2.3.3-1: VNF scaling as part of NS scaling initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.2.4 VNF instance termination

4.2.4.1 VNF termination by EM request

Figure 4.2.4.1-1 depicts a procedure of VNF termination by EM request, when this VNF instance is not needed. The VNF instance has been instantiated (see NOTE in clause 7.2.3.4 in [4]) by the EM. It is assumed that EM has subscribed to receive the VNF lifecycle change notification from VNFM. The VNF instance identifier will be deleted after the VNF termination.

1. EM sends *TerminateVnfRequest* to VNFM with *vnfInstanceId* to terminate the VNF instance (see clause 7.2.7 [4]).
2. VNFM sends *TerminateVnfResponse* with *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* to EM (see clause 7.2.7.3 [4]).
3. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = “start”, *operation* = “termination” to indicate the start of VNF termination (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).
4. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *affectedVnfc*, *affectedVirtualLink*, *affectedVirtualStorage*, *notificationStatus* = “result”, *operation* = “termination” to indicate the result of VNF termination, when the VNF termination operation is completed (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).
5. EM sends *DeleteVnfIdentifierRequest* to VNFM with *vnfInstanceId* to delete the VNF instance identifier (see clause 7.2.8 [4]).
6. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfIdentifierDeletionNotification* information element to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId* (see clause 9.5.8 [4]).

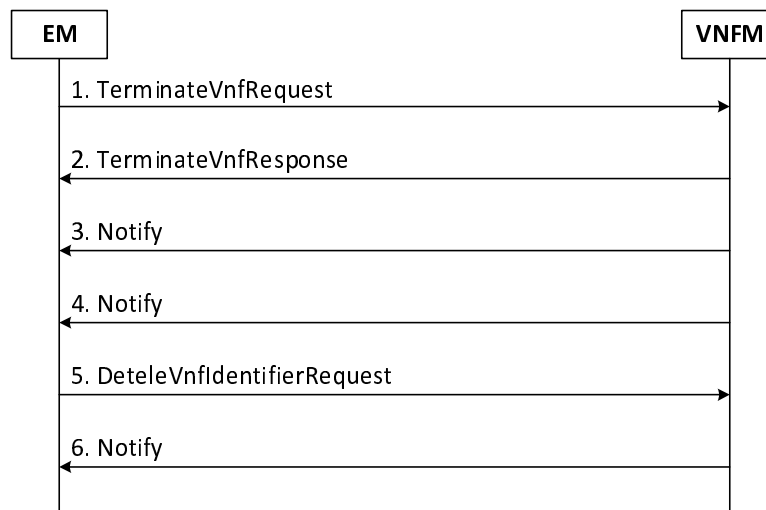


Figure 4.2.4.1-1: VNF termination procedure

4.2.4.2 VNF termination by removing VNF instance from NS

Figure 4.2.4.2-1 depicts the procedure of VNF termination by removing VNF instance from NS through Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 [5])

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameter *nsInstanceId*, *updateType* = “RemoveVnf”, *removeVnfInstanceId* and *updateTime* to remove the VNF instance(s) from NS (see clause 7.3.5.2 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 [5]). The *removeVnfInstanceId* identifies the VNF instance to be removed from the NS.
2. NFVO remove the target VNF instance and sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter *vnfInstanceId* and *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.12 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 [5]) carrying an *NsLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = “UpdateNs” and *notificationStatus* = “start” to indicate the start of the NS updating that is being performed through removing specific VNF instance(s) (see clause 8.3.2.2 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013[5]).
4. If the NFVO decides to terminate the NS instance, it sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.12 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 [5]) carrying an *NsLcmOperationa0ccurrenceNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = “UpdateNs” and *notificationStatus* = “result” to indicate the end result of the NS updating performed through removing specific VNF(s) removal, and *affectedVnf* providing information about the removed VNF instance(s), including *vnfInstanceId*, *vnfdId*, *vnfProfileId*, *vnfName* and *changeType* = “terminate” (see clause 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 of ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 [5]).

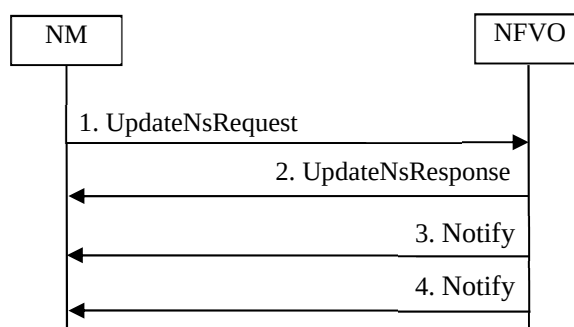


Figure 4.2.4.2-1 Procedures of VNF termination by removing VNF from NS instance

4.2.5 Notifications about VNF lifecycle changes

Figure 4.2.5-1 depicts the procedure of notification on VNF instance lifecycle change notifications through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.2.15 [4]).

1. VNFM sends to EM a *Notify* according to clause 7.2.15 in [4]. This operation sends to EM the notifications supported on the VNF lifecycle change notification interface.



Figure 4.2.5-1: Notifications about VNF lifecycle changes

The following notifications can be notified/sent by this operation:

- VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification. See clause 9.5.2 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.2.3-1 [4].
- VnfIdentifierCreationNotification. See clause 9.5.7 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.7.3-1 [4].
- VnfIdentifierDeletionNotification. See clause 9.5.8 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.8.3-1 [4].

4.2.6 Autoscaling enabling/disabling

4.2.6.1 Autoscaling enabling/disabling initiated through Ve-Vnfm-em

Figure 4.2.6.1-1 depicts the procedure of enabling/disabling the autoscaling of a VNF instance through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point.

1. EM sends to VNFM a *ModifyVnfInfoRequest* (see clause 7.2.12 [4]) with input parameter *vnfInstanceId*, and *newValues* referring to *vnfConfigurableProperty.isAutoscaleEnabled* = TRUE/FALSE (see clause 7.1.12 [8]) for enabling/disabling the autoscaling and clause 9.4.2.2 [4] for the *VnfInfo* containing the *vnfConfigurableProperty*.
2. VNFM sends to EM a *ModifyVnfInfoResponse* (see clause 7.2.12 [4]).
3. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *notificationStatus* = “start”, *operation* = “modify VNF info” to indicate to to indicate the start of modify VNF information (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).
4. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.15 [4]), carrying *VnfLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* to EM with attributes *vnfInstanceId*, *changedInfo*, *notificationStatus* = “result”, *operation* = “modify VNF info” to indicate the result and completion of modify VNF information operation (see clause 9.5.2 [4]).

Figure 4.2.6.1-1: Autoscaling enabling/disabling initiated through Ve-Vnfm-em

4.2.6.2 Autoscaling enabling/disabling through Os-Ma-nfvo

For enabling/disabling the autoscaling initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo, the procedure in clause 4.4.5.3 of the present document about “Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo” applies. The *newValues* contained in the *modifyVnfInfoData* parameter that is carried in the *UpdateNsRequest* of step 1 of the referred procedure

provides the information for enabling/disabling the autoscaling of the corresponding VNF instance (refer to the `autoScalable` attribute of `VnfConfigurableProperties` in clause 7.1.12 in [8]).

4.2.7 Subscribing to VNF lifecycle change notifications through Ve-Vnfm-em

Figure 4.2.7-1 depicts the procedure of subscribing to VNF lifecycle management notifications through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.2.14 [4]).

1. EM sends to VNFM a *SubscribeRequest* with input parameter `filter` for selecting the notifications, which can be on the VNF instance(s) of interest or other attributes of the notification (see clause 7.2.14.2 [4]).
2. VNFM sends to EM a *SubscribeResponse* with parameter `subscriptionId` providing the identifier of the subscription realized (see clause 7.2.14.3 [4]).

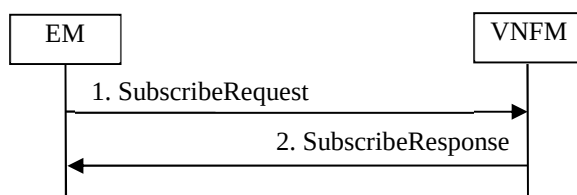


Figure 4.2.7-1: Subscribing to VNF lifecycle change notifications through Ve-Vnfm-em

4.2.8 3GPP network function software update when application software is part of VNF Package and synchronization of VNF instance information is performed through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.2.8-1 depicts the procedure of updating the application software of the virtualized 3GPP network function when the software is part of the VNF Package and the software update does not require a change of the VNF's underlying virtualised resources or internal VNFC(s) topology/composition.

1. NM requests to EM to update the software, EM acts to update the software, and notifies to NM about the completion of the software update using the Software Management IRP [7].
2. Once the NM confirms the normality of service of the 3GPP network function whose software has been updated, NM requests to NFVO to update the VNF instance information (see procedure in clause 4.4.5.2) capturing the information of the new VNF Package for the 3GPP network function whose software has been updated.

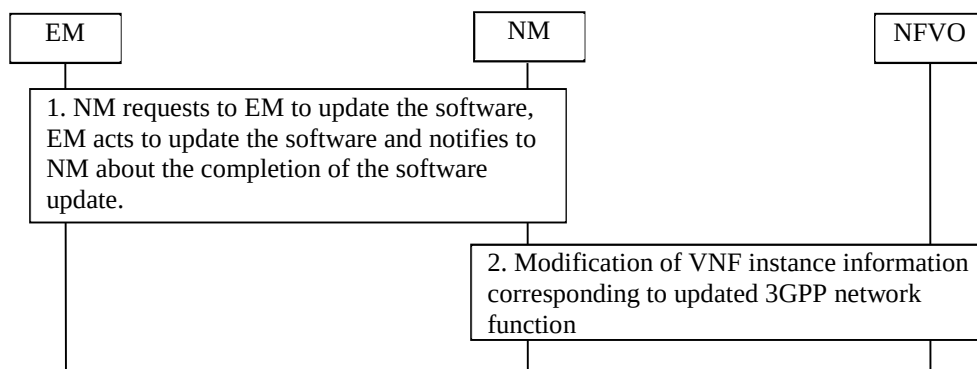


Figure 4.2.8-1: 3GPP network function application software update when application software is part of VNF Package and synchronization of VNF instance information is performed through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.3 VNF Package procedures

4.3.1 VNF package on-boarding

Figure 4.4-1 depicts a procedure of VNF package on-boarding,

1. NM sends *UploadVnfPackageRequest* to NFVO with input parameters listed in clause 7.7.2.2 [5] to on-board a VNF package (see clause 7.7.2 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UploadVnfPackageResponse* to NM (see clause 7.7.2.3 [5]).

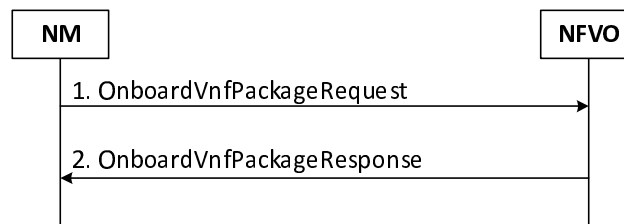


Figure 4.4-1: VNF package on-boarding procedure

4.3.2 Void

4.3.3 Void

4.3.4 VNF Package deleting

Figure 4.3.4-1 depicts the procedure of VNF Package deleting.

1. NM sends *DeleteVnfPackageRequest* to NFVO with *VnfPkgInfoId* to delete a VNF Package (see clause 7.7.5 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *DeleteVnfPackageResponse* to NM to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.7.5.4 [5]).

Figure 4.3.4-1: VNF Package deleting procedure

4.3.5 Void

4.3.6 VNF Package querying

Figure 4.3.6-1 depicts a procedure to query from the NFVO for information it has stored about one or more VNF Packages.

1. NM sends *QueryVnfPkgInfoRequest* to NFVO with *filter* and *attributeSelector* used to filter the VNF Packages on which the query applies, based on the attributes of *VnfPkgInfo* and select the information attributes of that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.7.6 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *QueryVnfPkgInfoResponse* to NM with parameter *queryResult* providing the information that is selected according to parameters *filter* and *attributeSelector* (see clause 7.7.6.4 [5]).

Figure 4.3.6-1: VNF Package querying procedure

4.3.7 Fetch VNF Package

Figure 4.3.7-1 depicts a procedure to fetch from the NFVO a whole VNF Package based on the VNFD identifier that has been assigned by the VNF Provider.

NOTE 1: In cases where NM already knows the value of *VnfPkgInfoId* for the VNF Package it wishes to fetch, it may skip the steps 1 and 2 below (execution of procedure begins at step 3).

1. NM sends *QueryVnfPkgInfoRequest* to NFVO with *filter* parameter set to VNFD identifier that has been assigned by the VNF Provider and *attributeSelector* set to *VnfPkgInfoId* (see clause 7.7.6 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *QueryVnfPkgInfoResponse* to NM with parameter *queryResult* providing the *VnfPkgInfoId* identifier allocated by NFVO to the corresponding VNF package (see clause 7.7.6.4 [5]).
3. NM sends *FetchVnfPackageRequest* to NFVO with *VnfPkgInfoId* parameter identifying the VNF Package to fetch (see clause 7.7.10 [5]).
4. NFVO sends *FetchVnfPackageResponse* to NM with the *vnfPackage* requested (see clause 7.7.10.4 [5]).

Figure 4.3.7-1: Fetch VNF Package procedure

4.3.8 Notify operation on VNF Package management interface

Figure 4.3.8-1 depicts the procedure of notification on VNF package management interface.

1. NFVO sends Notify message to NM per 7.7.8 [5]. This operation sends to NM the notifications supported on the VNF Package management interface. To receive notifications, the NM performs an explicit Subscribe operation beforehand (see clause 7.7.11 [5]).

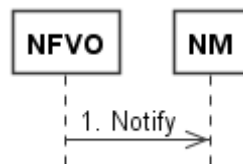


Figure 4.3.8-1: Notify operation on VNF Package management interface procedure

The following notification can be notified/sent by this operation:

- *VnfPackageOnBoardingNotification*. See clause 8.6.8 [5] with the list of attributes in the Table 8.6.8.3-1 [5].
- *VnfPackageChangeNotification*. See clause 8.6.9 [5] with the list of attributes in the Table 8.6.9.3-1 [5].

4.3.9 Subscribe operation on VNF Package management interface

Figure 4.3.9-1 depicts a procedure to subscribe for notifications on VNF package management interface.

1. NM sends *SubscribeRequest* to NFVO with *inputFilter* selecting the VNF Package(s) and the related change notifications to subscribe to. This filter can contain information about specific types of changes to subscribe to, or attributes of the VNF Package (see clause 7.7.7 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *SubscribeResponse* to NM with the list of *subscriptionId* identifier of the subscription realized (see clause 7.7.7.4 [5]).



Figure 4.3.9-1: Subscribe operation on VNF Package management interface procedure

4.3.10 Fetch on-boarded VNF Package artifacts

Figure 4.3.10-1 depicts a procedure to fetch from the NFVO selected artifacts contained in an on-boarded VNF package.

1. NM sends *FetchVnfPackageArtifactsRequest* to NFVO with *PkgInfoId* parameter identifying specific on-boarded VNF Package and *artifactSelector* parameter listing individual package artifacts to fetch (see clause 7.7.11 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *FetchVnfPackageArtifactsResponse* to NM with the list of *vnfPackageArtifact* (e.g. files) requested (see clause 7.7.11.4 [5]).

Figure 4.3.10-1: Fetch on-boarded VNF Package artifacts procedure

4.4 NS Instance procedures

4.4.1 NS Instance instantiation

Figure 4.4.1-1 depicts the procedure of an NS instantiation initiated through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.3 [5]). The procedure includes the steps of creating first the corresponding NS instance identifier.

1. NM sends to NFVO a *CreateNsIdentifierRequest* with parameters *nsdId*, *nsName*, and *nsDescription* to create an NS instance identifier (*nsInstanceId*) and an associated instance of an *NsInfo* information element (see clause 7.3.2.2 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM a *CreateNsIdentifierResponse* with parameter *nsInstanceId* identifying the instance of the NS that has been created (see clause 7.3.2.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.12 [5]) carrying *NsIdentifierCreationNotification* information element with attribute *nsInstanceId* to indicate the NS instance identifier creation (see clause 8.3.2.9 [5]).
4. NM sends to NFVO an *InstantiateNsRequest* with parameters *nsInstanceId* and *flavourId*. Additional parameters can be provided including *sapData*, *addPnfData*, *locationConstraints*, *additionalParamsForNs*, *additionalParamForVnf*, *startTime*, *nsInstantiationLevelId*, and *additionalAffinityOrAntiAffinityRule*. In addition, if the NS instantiation includes reusing existing VNF instances and/or NS instances, parameters *vnfInstanceData* and *nestedNsInstanceData* are provided, respectively. See clause 7.3.3.2 [5].
5. NFVO sends to NM an *InstantiateNsResponse* with parameter *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.3.3 [5]).
6. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.12 [5]) carrying an *NsLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "NsInstantiation", and *notificationStatus* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

7. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "NsInstantiation", and *notificationStatus* = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation. According to the results of the NS instantiation, additional information is provided in the notification with parameters *affectedVnf*, *affectedPnf*, *affectedVl*, *affectedVnffg*, *affectedNs* and *affectedSap* (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

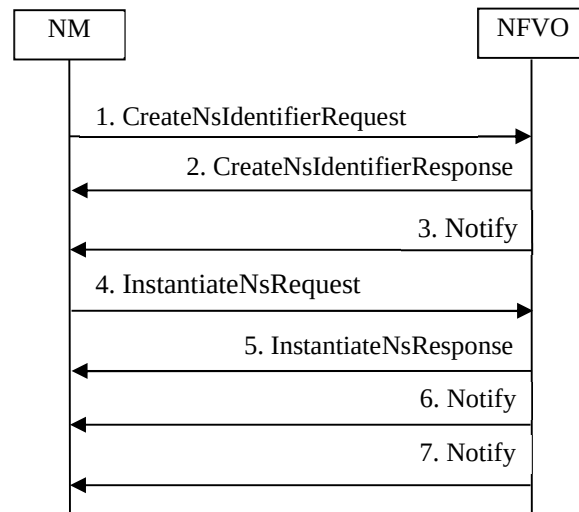


Figure 4.4.1-1: NS instantiation

4.4.2 NS Instance termination

Figure 4.4.2-1 depicts the procedure of an NS instance termination initiated through the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.7 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO a *TerminateNsRequest* with parameter *nsInstanceId* and *terminateTime* (see clause 7.3.7 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM a *TerminateNsResponse* with parameter *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.7.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "TerminationNs", and "notificationType" = "start" to indicate the start of the NS termination (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "TerminationNs", and *notificationType* = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS termination (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

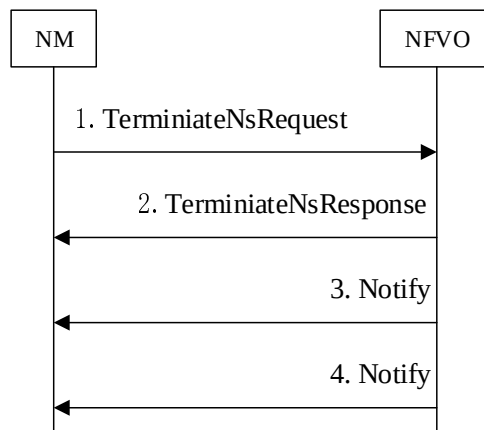


Figure 4.4.2-1: NS instance termination

4.4.3 NS Instance querying

4.4.3.1 Query NS instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.4.3.1-1 depicts the procedure of NS querying through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.6 in [5]) used also to query information about the constituents of the NS instance, including VNF instances.

1. NM sends to NFVO a *QueryNsRequest* with parameters **filter** and **attributeSelector** used to filter the NS instances on which the query applies, based on attributes of the NS instance and select the information attributes that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.3.6.2 [5]).

In particular, the **filter** can be set to select certain VNF instances(s) that are part of an NS, by providing their identifiers with the **attributeSelector** set to select certain attributes of the VNF instances.

2. NFVO sends to NM a *QueryNsResponse* with parameter **queryNsResult** providing the information that is selected according to parameters **filter** and **attributeSelector** (see clause 7.3.6.3 [5]).

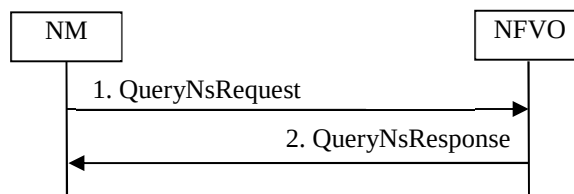


Figure 4.4.3.1-1: Query NS instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.4 NS Instance scaling

Figure 4.4.4-1 depicts a procedure for NS Instance scaling. Scaling an NS instance can be performed by explicitly adding/removing existing VNF instances to/from the NS instance, by leveraging on the abstraction mechanism provided by the NS scaling aspects and NS levels information elements declared in the NSD or by scaling individual VNF instances (as described by the Use Case 6.4.3.4 in [3]) that are part of the NS itself. When adding VNFs and nested NSs - already existing or not - to the NS to be scaled, the NFVO shall follow the indications provided by the dependencies attribute, as specified in the corresponding NSD.

1. NM sends *ScaleNsRequest* to NFVO with **nsInstanceId** parameter identifying the NS Instance being scaled, **scaleType** parameter with possible values [**SCALE_NS**, **SCALE_VNF**] indicating the type of scaling to be performed, list of **scaleNsData** providing necessary scale information when **scaleType** = **SCALE_NS** or

list of `scaleVnfData` providing necessary scale information when `scaleType` = `SCALE_VNF` and `scaleTime` indicating the scale time of the NS if it's not expected to start immediately (see clause 7.3.4 [5]).

2. NFVO sends *ScaleNsResponse* to NM with the `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId` identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.4.4 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an `NsLifecycleChangeNotification` information element with attributes `nsInstanceId`, `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId`, `operation` = "ScaleNs", and `notificationType` = "start" to indicate the start of the NS scale (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an `NsLifecycleChangeNotification` information element with attributes `nsInstanceId`, `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId`, `operation` = "ScaleNs", `notificationType` = "result" to indicate the result of NS scale. Per the changes in the NS instance performed because of the NS scale, additional information is provided in the notification with parameters `affectedVnf`, `affectedPnf`, `affectedVl`, `affectedVnffg`, `affectedNs` and `affectedSap` (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

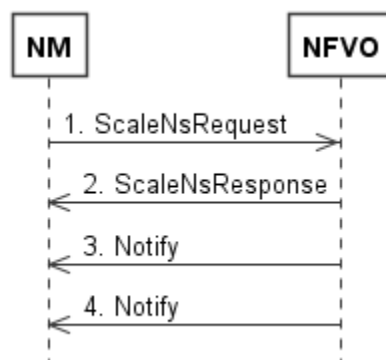


Figure 4.4.4-1: NS Instance scaling procedure

4.4.5 NS Instance updating

4.4.5.1 NS update to associate an NS instance to a different NSD version

Figure 4.4.5.1-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to associate an NS instance to a different NSD version.

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters `nsInstanceId`, `updateType` = "AssociateNewNsdVersion", `assocNewNsdVersionData`, and `updateTime` to associate a new NSD version to the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The `assocNewNsdVersionData` contains the parameter `newNsdId`, and can include in addition the parameter `sync` to indicate whether the NS instance should be automatically synchronized to the new NSD by the NFVO.
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId` providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an `NsLifecycleChangeNotification` information element with attributes `nsInstanceId`, `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId`, `operation` = "UpdateNs", and `notificationType` = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an `NsLifecycleChangeNotification` information element with attributes `nsInstanceId`, `lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId`, `operation` = "UpdateNs", `notificationType` = "result" to indicate the end result of NS update. According to the changes in the NS instance performed as a result of the NS update, additional information is provided in the notification with parameters `affectedVnf`, `affectedPnf`, `affectedVl`, `affectedVnffg`, `affectedNs` and `affectedSap` (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

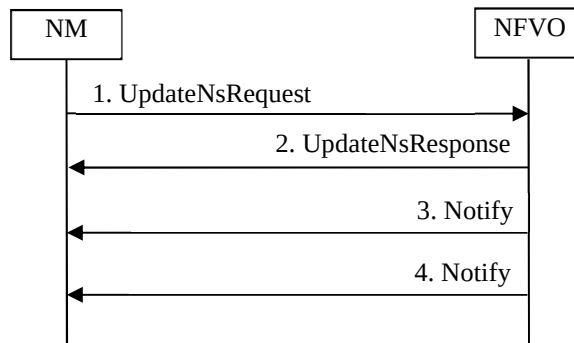


Figure 4.4.5.1-1: NS update to associate an NS instance to a different NSD version

4.4.5.2 Modifying VNF instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.4.5.2-1 depicts the procedure of modifying VNF instance information through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters *nsInstanceId*, *updateType* = "ModifyVnfInformation", *modifyVnfInfoData*, and *updateTime* to modify the VNF instance information (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The *modifyVnfInfoData* contains the parameters that are needed for VNF instance information modification, namely *vnfInstanceId*, and list of *newValues* (see clause 8.3.4.17 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "UpdateNs", and *notificationType* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update that includes the VNF instance information modification (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "UpdateNs", *notificationType* = "result" to indicate the end result of NS update that includes the VNF instance information modification, and *affectedVnf* providing information about the VNF instance whose information has been modified, including *vnfInstanceId*, *vnfId*, *vnfProfileId*, *vnfName* and *changeType* = "information modified" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

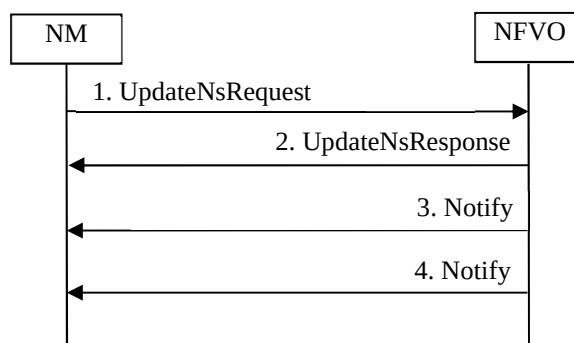


Figure 4.4.5.2-1: Modifying VNF instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.5.3 Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.4.5.3-1 depicts the procedure of modifying VNF instance configuration through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters *nsInstanceId*, *updateType* = "ModifyVnfInformation", *modifyVnfInfoData*, and *updateTime* to modify the VNF instance configuration (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The *modifyVnfInfoData* contains the parameters that are needed for VNF instance configuration modification, namely *vnfInstanceId* and list of *newValues* (see clause 8.3.4.17 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.12 [5]) carrying an *NsLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "UpdateNs", and *notificationStatus* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update that includes the VNF instance configuration modification (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.12 [5]) carrying an *NsLcmOperationOccurrenceNotificationNsLcmOperationOccurrenceNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "UpdateNs", *notificationStatus* = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update that includes the VNF instance configuration modification, and *affectedVnf* providing information about the modified VNF instance whose configuration has been modified, including *vnfInstanceId*, *vnfdId*, *vnfProfileId*, *vnfName* and *changeType* = "modify information" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

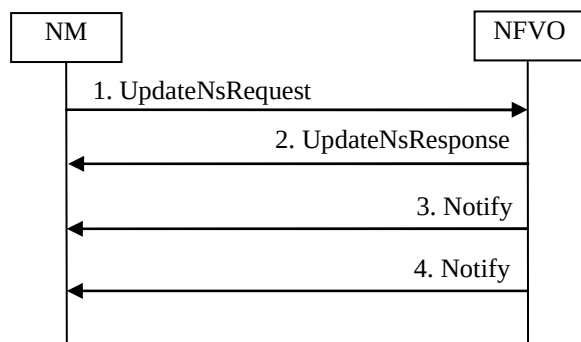


Figure 4.4.5.3-1: Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.5.4 NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance

Figure 4.4.5.4-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5 [5]). It is assumed that the PNFD of the PNF to be added has been on-boarded, and the NS where the PNF instances are to be added has been instantiated.

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the following parameters (see clause 7.3.5.2 of [5]) to on-board the NSD:
 - *nsInstanceId*: the identifier of the NS instance being updated.
 - *updateType* = "AddPnf" to indicate the type of update operation.
 - *addPnfData*: the PNF information that contain the following attributes (see clause 8.3.4.32.2 of [5]):
 - > *pnfId*: the identifier of the PNF;
 - > *pnfName*: human readable name of the PNF;

- > **pnfId**: identifier (reference to) the PNFD related to this PNF;
 - > **pnfProfileId**: identifier (reference to) the PNF Profile to be used for this PNF;
 - > **cpData**: information of the external CP of the PNF.
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the attribute **lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId** that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an **NsLifecycleChangeNotification** information element with attributes **nsInstanceId**, **lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId**, **operation** = "NsUpdate", and **notificationType** = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an **NsLifecycleChangeNotification** information element with attributes **nsInstanceId**, **lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId**, **operation** = "NsUpdate", and **notificationType** = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

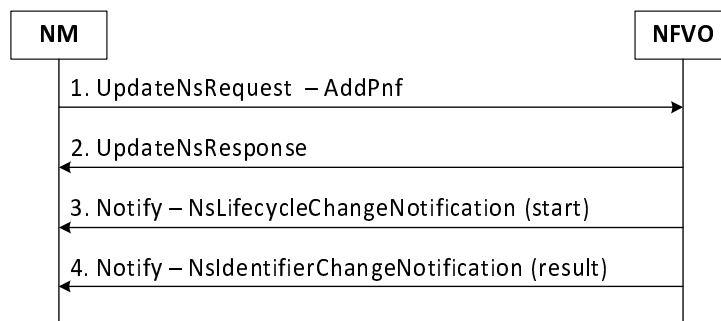


Figure 4.4.5.4-1: NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance

4.4.5.5 NS update to modify a PNF in the NS instance

Figure 4.4.5.5-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to modify the PNF to the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5 [5]). It is assumed that the NS where the PNF instances are to be modified has been instantiated.

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the following parameters (see clause 7.3.5.2 of [5]) to on-board the NSD:
 - **nsInstanceId**: the identifier of the NS instance being updated.
 - **updateType** = "ModifyPnf" to indicate the type of update operation.
 - **modifyPnfData**: the PNF information that contain the following attributes (see clause 8.3.4.33.2 of [5]):
 - > **pnfId**: the identifier of the PNF;
 - > **pnfName**: human readable name of the PNF;
 - > **cpData**: information of the external CP of the PNF.
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the attribute **lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId** that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an **NsLifecycleChangeNotification** information element with attributes **nsInstanceId**, **lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId**, **operation** = "NsUpdate", and **notificationType** = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an **NsLifecycleChangeNotification** information element with attributes **nsInstanceId**, **lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId**,

operation = "NsUpdate ", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

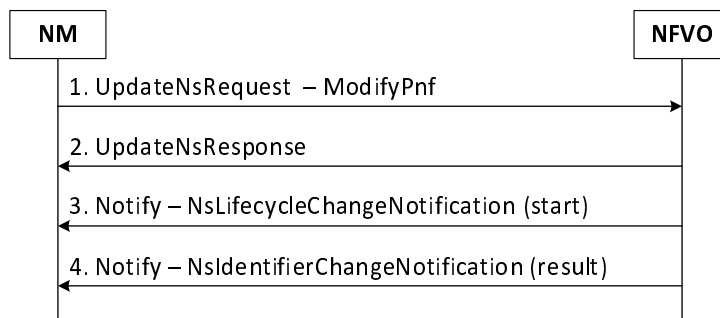


Figure 4.4.5.5-1: NS update to modify a PNF in the NS instance

4.4.5.6 NS update to remove a PNF from the NS instance

Figure 4.4.5.6-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to remove the PNF from the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5 [5]). It is assumed that the NS where the PNF instances are to be removed has been instantiated.

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the following parameters (see clause 7.3.5.2 of [5]) to on-board the NSD:
 - nsInstanceId: the identifier of the NS instance being updated.
 - updateType = "RemovePnf" to indicate the type of update operation.
 - removePnfId: the identifier of the PNF(s) in the NS instance that are to be removed.
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the attribute lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate ", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

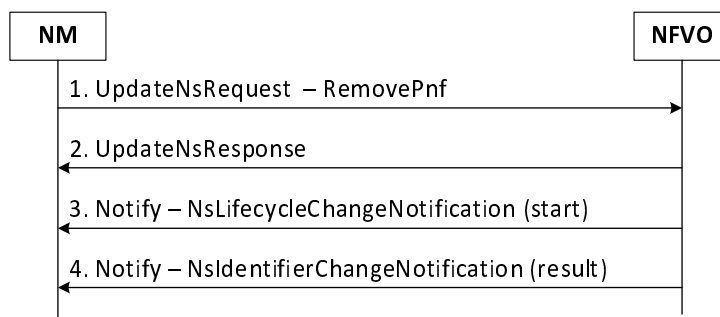


Figure 4.4.5.6-1: NS update to remove a PNF from the NS instance

4.4.5.7 NS update to associate a VNF instance with a VNF profile

Figure 4.4.5.7-1 contains a procedure to show how the connectivity of a VNF instance can be added or changed by associating such VNF instance with a new or updated VnfProfile that includes the NS virtual link information. It is

assumed that the NSD with the new or updated VnfProfile has been uploaded to the NFVO, and the NSD has been associated with the NS containing such VNF instance, according to clause 4.4.5.1.

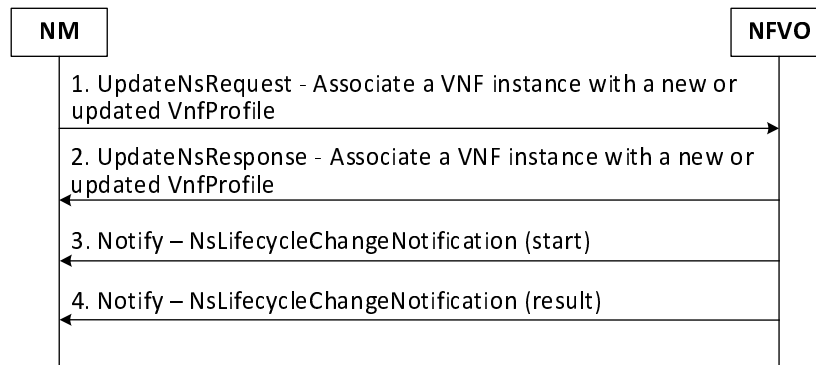


Figure 4.4.5.7-1: Associate an VNF instance with a VNF profile

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with parameters *nsInstanceId*, *updateType* = "AssocVnfWithVnfProfile", *vnfInstanceId* and *vnfProfileId* to associate the VNF instance with the VNF profile.
2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with the attribute *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "NsUpdate", and *notificationType* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update.
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "NsUpdate", and *notificationType* = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update.

4.4.5.8 NS update to associate an PNF with a PNF profile

Figure 4.4.5.8-1 contains a procedure to show how the connectivity of a PNF can be added or changed by associating such PNF with a new or updated PnfProfile that includes the NS virtual link information. It is assumed that the NSD with the new or updated PnfProfile has been uploaded to the NFVO, and the NSD has been associated with the NS containing such PNF, according to clause 4.4.5.1.

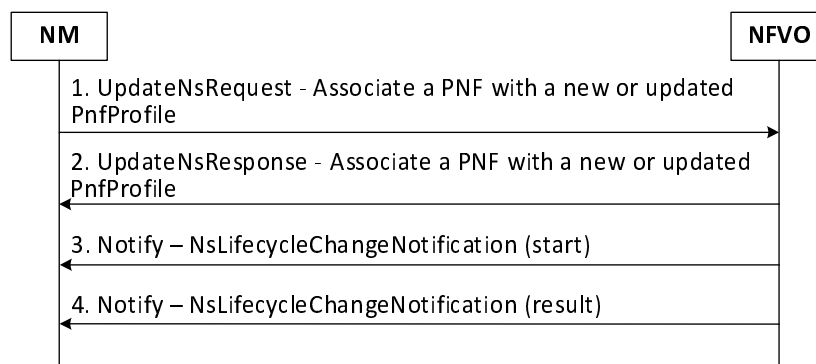


Figure 4.4.5.8-1: Associate an PNF with a PNF profile

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with parameters *nsInstanceId*, *updateType* = "AssocPnfWithPnfProfile", *pnfId* and *pnfProfileId* to associate the PNF instance with the PNF profile.

2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with the attribute *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId* that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "NsUpdate", and *notificationType* = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update.
4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an *NsLifecycleChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId*, *lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId*, *operation* = "NsUpdate", and *notificationType* = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update.

4.4.6 Subscription regarding NS Instance lifecycle changes

The Figure 4.4.6-1 depicts a procedure of subscription to NS instance lifecycle change notifications

1. NM sends *SubscribeRequest* message to NFVO with input parameter *filter* described in 7.4.2.2 [5] used for selecting the notifications, which can be on the NS instance(s) of interest or other attributes of the notification, to subscribe for the notifications sent by the NFVO supported on the NS lifecycle change notification interface.
2. NFVO sends *SubscribeResponse* message to NM to indicate if the subscription has been successful or not with a standard success/error result. Output parameter *subscriptionId* is specified in 7.4.2.3 [5] to provide the identifier of the subscription realized. After successful subscription, the consumer (NM) is registered to receive notifications supported on the NS lifecycle change notification interface. For a particular subscription, only notifications matching the filter will be delivered to the consumer (see clause 7.4.2.4 [5]).

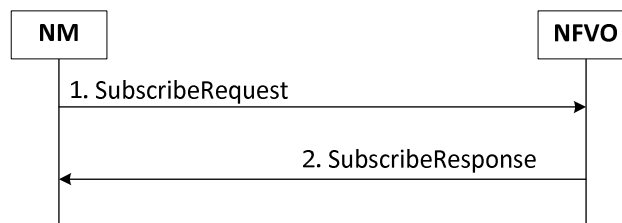


Figure 4.4.6-1: Subscribing to NS lifecycle change notifications through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.7 Create NS Instance identifier

Figure 4.4.7-1 depicts a procedure for creation of an NS instance identifier, and an associated instance of an *NsInfo* information element, identified by that identifier, in the NOT_INSTANTIATED state without instantiating the NS or doing any additional lifecycle operation(s). It allows the immediate return of an NS instance identifier that can be used in subsequent lifecycle operations, such as the Instantiate NS operation (see NS state model in clause D.3 [5]).

1. NM sends *CreateNsIdentifierRequest* to NFVO with *nsdId* parameter referencing the NSD used to create this NS instance, *nsName* parameter providing human readable name of the NS instance and *nsDescription* parameter providing human readable description of the NS instance (see clause 7.3.2 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *CreateNsIdentifierResponse* to NM with the *nsInstanceId* identifier of the instance of a NS that has been created (see clause 7.3.2.4 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying *NsIdentifierCreationNotification* information element with attribute *nsInstanceId* to indicate the NS instance identifier creation (see clause 8.3.2.9 [5]).

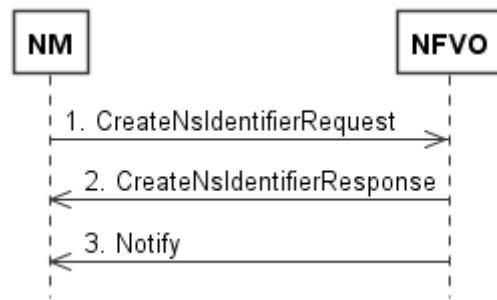


Figure 4.4.7-1: Create NS Instance identifier procedure

4.4.8 Delete NS Instance identifier

Figure 4.4.8-1 depicts the procedure of an NS instance identifier deletion initiated through the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.8 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO a *DeleteNsRequest* with parameter *nsInstanceId* to delete the NS instance identifier (see clause 7.3.8.2 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM a *DeleteNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.8.2 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying *NsIdentifierObjectDeletionNotification* information element with attributes *nsInstanceId* to indicate the result of the NS instance identifier deletion (see clause 8.3.2.10 [5]).

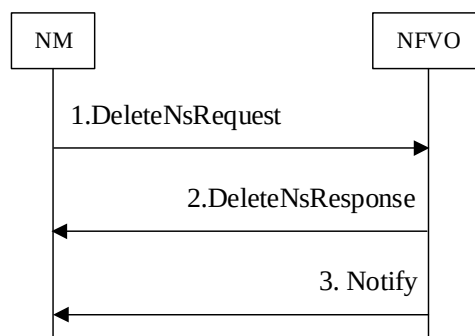


Figure 4.4.8-1: NS instance identifier deletion

4.4.9 Procedure for the Notify operation for notifications to NM

The Figure 4.4.9-1 depicts a procedure of notification on NS instance lifecycle change notifications

1. NFVO sends *Notify* message to NM according to 7.4.3 [5]. This operation distributes to subscribers the notifications supported on the NS lifecycle changes notification interface. In order to receive notifications, the consumer (NM) has to perform an explicit Subscribe operation beforehand.



Figure 4.4.9-1: Procedure for the Notify operation

The following notifications can be notified/sent by this operation:

- `NsLifecycleChangeNotification`. See clause 8.3.2.2 [5] with the list of attributes in the Table 8.3.2.2.3-1 [5].
- `NsIdentifierCreationNotification`. See clause 8.3.2.9 [5] with the attribute `nsInstanceId` per Table 8.3.2.9.3-1 [5].
- `NsIdentifierDeletionNotification`. See clause 8.3.2.10 [5] with the attribute `nsInstanceId` per Table 8.3.2.10.3-1.

4.5 NS Descriptor (NSD) procedures

4.5.1 NSD on-boarding

Figure 4.5.1-1 depicts a procedure for on-boarding an NSD in the NFVO. Associated descriptors (VLD and VNFFGD), that are part of the NSD, are on-boarded at the same time. All descriptors needed by the NSD: VNFD, PNFD and NSD for nested NSs shall be on-boarded before being able to successfully on-board the NSD.

1. NM sends *UploadNsdRequest* to NFVO with `nsd` parameter representing the NSD to be on-boarded and `nsdInfoId` parameter representing the NSD information object associated with the NSD to be on-boarded (see clause 7.2.2 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UploadNsdResponse* to NM (see clause 7.2.2.4 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying `NsdOnBoardingNotification` information element with attributes `nsdInfoId` and `nsdId` to indicate on-boarding of NSD (see clause 8.2.6 [5]).

Figure 4.5.1-1: NSD on-boarding procedure

4.5.2 NSD enabling

Figure 4.5.2-1 depicts a procedure for enabling a previously disabled NSD instance, allowing again its use for instantiation of new network service with this descriptor. The "In use/Not in use" sub-state does not change as a result of the operation.

1. NM sends *UpdateNsdInfoRequest* to NFVO with `nsdInfoId` parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded NSD to be enabled and `operationalState = ENABLED` (see clause 7.2.5 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UpdateNsdInfoResponse* to NM to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.5.4 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying `NsdChangeNotification` information element with attributes `nsdInfoId`, `nsdId`, and `operationalState` to indicate a change of status of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

Figure 4.5.2-1: NSD enabling procedure

4.5.3 NSD disabling

Figure 4.5.3-1 depicts a procedure for disabling a previously enabled NSD instance, preventing any further use for instantiation of new network service with this descriptor. The "In use/Not in use" sub-state does not change because of the operation.

1. NM sends *UpdateNsdInfoRequest* to NFVO with `nsdInfoId` parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded NSD to be disabled and `operationalState = DISABLED` (see clause 7.2.5 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UpdateNsdInfoResponse* to NM to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.5.4 [5]).

3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying *NsdChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsdInfoId*, *nsdId*, and *operationalState* to indicate a changeInfo of status of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

Figure 4.5.3-1: NSD disabling procedure

4.5.4 NSD querying

Figure 4.5.4-1 depicts the procedure of querying NSD information through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.2.7 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO a *QueryNsdInfoRequest* with parameters *filter* and *attributeSelector* used to filter the NSDs on which the query applies and the attributes that will be returned for the instances of NSD(s) matching the filter (see clause 7.2.7.2 [5]).
2. NFVO sends to NM a *QueryNsdInfoResponse* with parameter *queryResult* providing the information that is selected according to parameters *filter* and *attributeSelector* (see clause 7.2.7.3 [5]). The result of the operation indicates if it has been successful or not with a standard success/error result.

Figure 4.5.4-1: Query NSD information through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.5.5 NSD deletion

Figure 4.5.5-1 depicts a procedure for deletion of one or more NSD(s). It is possible to delete only a single version of an NSD or all versions. An NSD can only be deleted when there is no instantiated NS using it. An NSD in the deletion pending state can no longer be enabled, disabled or updated. It is not possible to instantiate NS(s) using an NSD in the deletion pending state.

1. NM sends *DeleteNsdRequest* to NFVO with list of *nsdInfoId* parameter representing the identifier(s) of on-boarded NSD to be deleted. (see clause 7.2.6 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *DeleteNsdResponse* to NM with list of *deletedNsdInfoId* parameter representing the identifier(s) of deleted NSD(s) to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.6.4 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying *NsdDeletionNotification* information element with attributes *nsdInfoId* and *nsdId* to indicate the deletion of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

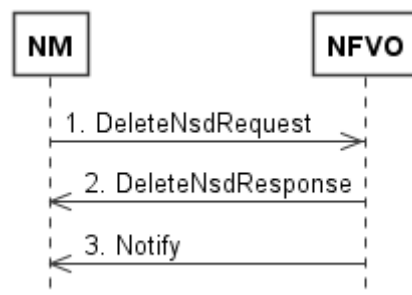


Figure 4.5.5-1: NSD deletion procedure

4.5.6 NSD updating

Figure 4.5.6-1 depicts a procedure for updating the userDefinedData of an existing NsdInfo information element without creating a new version of the NSD.

The update of an NSD is performed by uploading the new version of the NSD as described in clause 4.5.1. The previous versions of the NSDs are not modified. It is possible to add (remove) constituent descriptors (i.e. VNFDs, PNFDs, nested NSDs, VLDs, VNFFGDs and Service Access Point Descriptors (SAPDs)) to (from) a new NSD version. This is done by changing the various descriptor references in the new NSD. For example, to add VNFDs to an NSD, the NM adds corresponding VNFD identifiers to the list of vnfdIds in the new NSD. To remove VNFDs, the NM simply does not include the vnfdIds (of the VNFDs to be removed) in the new NSD.

1. NM sends *UpdateNsdInfoRequest* to NFVO with *nsdInfoId* parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded NSD to be updated and list of *userDefinedData* key-value pairs optional parameter representing the user defined data to be updated (for existing keys, the value is replaced) (see clause 7.2.5 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UpdateNsdInfoResponse* to NM (see clause 7.2.5.4 [5]).
3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying *NsdChangeNotification* information element with attributes *nsdInfoId*, *nsdId* and *operationalState* to indicate a change of user defined data of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

Figure 4.5.6-1: NSD updating procedure

4.5.7 Subscribe to NSD change notifications

The Figure 4.5.7-1 depicts a procedure of subscription to NSD change notifications.

1. NM sends *SubscribeRequest* message to NFVO with input parameter *filter* for selecting the NSD(s) and the related change notifications to subscribe to, as described in 7.2.12 [5]. The filter can contain information about specific types of changes to subscribe to, or attributes of the NsdInfo.
2. NFVO sends *SubscribeResponse* message to the NM to indicate if the subscription has been successful or not with a standard success/error result. Output parameter *subscriptionId* is specified in 7.2.12.3 [5] to provide the identifier of the subscription realized. After successful subscription, the consumer (NM) is registered to receive notifications supported on the NSD Management interface. For a particular subscription, only notifications matching the filter will be delivered to the consumer (see clause 7.2.13.1 [5] for full list of possible notifications).



Figure 4.5.7-1: Subscribing to NSD change notifications through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.5.8 Notify operation for NSD management changes

The Figure 4.5.8-1 depicts a procedure of delivery of notifications related to NSD management changes.

1. NFVO sends *Notify* message to the NM according to the clause 7.2.13 in [5]. This operation delivers to the NM the notifications related to NSD Management changes. In order to receive notifications, the NM shall perform an explicit Subscribe operation beforehand.



Figure 4.5.8-1: Procedure for the Notify operation for NSD management changes

The following notifications can be sent by this operation:

- NsdOnBoardingNotification. See clause 8.2.6 in [5].
- NsdChangeNotification. See clause 8.2.7 in [5].
- NsdDeletionNotification. See clause 8.2.8 in [5].
- PnfdOnBoardingNotification. See clause 8.2.9 in [5].
- PnfdDeletionNotification. See clause 8.2.10 in [5].

4.6 PNFD procedures

4.6.1 PNFD on-boarding

Figure 4.6.1-1 depicts a procedure for on-boarding a PNFD in the NFVO, making it available to be used by NSDs.

1. NM sends *UploadPnfdRequest* to NFVO with *pnfdInfoId* parameter representing the PNFD information object associated with the PNFD to be on-boarded and *pnfdArchive* parameter identifying an archive file containing the PNFD (see clause 7.2.8 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UploadPnfdResponse* to NM (see clause 7.2.8.4 [5]).

Figure 4.6.1-1: PNFD on-boarding procedure

4.6.2 PNFD updating

Figure 4.6.2-1 depicts a procedure to update the *userDefinedData* of a PNFD of an existing *PnfInfo* information element without creating a new version of the PNFD.

The update of a PNFD is performed by uploading the new version of the PNFD as described in clause 4.6.1. The previous versions of the PNFD are not modified.

1. NM sends *UpdatePnfdInfoRequest* to NFVO with *pnfdInfoId* parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded PNFD to be updated and list of *userDefinedData* key-value pairs optional parameter representing the user defined data to be updated (for existing keys, the value is replaced) (see clause 7.2.9 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *UpdatePnfdInfoResponse* to NM (see clause 7.2.9.4 [5]).

Figure 4.6.2-1: PNFD updating procedure

4.6.3 PNFD deletion

Figure 4.6.3-1 depicts a procedure for deletion of one or more PNFD(s). A PNFD can only be deleted when there is no NS (in the active or NOT_INSTANTIATED state) using it. It is not possible to instantiate NSs that include a PNFD in deletion pending state.

1. NM sends *DeletePnfdRequest* to NFVO with list of *pfnfdInfoId* parameter representing the identifier(s) of on-boarded PNFD(s) to be deleted and an optional *applyOnAllVersions* parameter indicating if the delete operation is to be applied on all versions of this PNFD. By default, if *applyOnAllVersions* parameter is not present, the request applies only on the current PNFD version. (see clause 7.2.10 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *DeletePnfdResponse* to NM with list of *deletedPnfdInfoId* parameter representing the identifier(s) of deleted PNFD(s) to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.10.4 [5]).

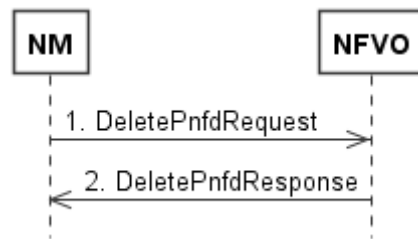


Figure 4.6.3-1: PNFD deletion procedure

4.6.4 PNFD querying

Figure 4.6.4-1 depicts a procedure to query the NFVO concerning details of one or more PNFDs.

1. NM sends *QueryPnfdInfoRequest* to NFVO with *filter* and *attributeSelector* used to filter the PNFD(s) on which the query applies, based on the attributes of *PnfdInfo* and select the information attributes of *PnfdInfo* that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.2.11 [5]).
2. NFVO sends *QueryPnfdInfoResponse* to NM with parameter *queryResult* providing the information of the on-boarded PNFD matching the input *filter* that is selected according to *attributeSelector* (see clause 7.2.11.4 [5]).

Figure 4.6.4-1: PNFD querying procedure

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2018-03	SA#79	SP-180059	0002	1	F	Scope extension	14.1.0
2018-03	SA#79	SP-180059	0004	1	F	Procedures of PNF addition, removal, and modification	14.1.0
2018-06	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-15 version (MCC)	15.0.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181040	0014	1	F	Add a procedure to associate an VNF instance with a VNF profile	15.1.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-181040	0015	1	F	Add a procedure to associate an PNF with a PNF profile	15.1.0
2020-07	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-16 version (MCC)	16.0.0
2022-03	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-17 version (MCC)	17.0.0
2023-09	SA#101	SP-230968	0018	-	F	Remove some VNF Package procedures which are not supported in NFV-IFA013	17.1.0
2024-04	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-18 version (MCC)	18.0.0
2024-04	SA#104	SP-240808	0028	-	F	Rel-18 CR 28526 Fix references to invalid procedures	18.1.0
2025-09	SA#109	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-19 version (MCC)	19.0.0

History

Document history		
V19.0.0	October 2025	Publication