

ETSI TS 126 259 V16.0.0 (2020-08)



5G;
Subjective test methodologies for the evaluation of immersive
audio systems
(3GPP TS 26.259 version 16.0.0 Release 16)



Reference

RTS/TSGS-0426259vg00

Keywords

5G

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from:

<http://www.etsi.org/standards-search>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format at www.etsi.org/deliver.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

<https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services:

<https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommitteeSupportStaff.aspx>

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2020.

All rights reserved.

DECT™, **PLUGTESTS™**, **UMTS™** and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members.

3GPP™ and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

oneM2M™ logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners.

GSM® and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "*Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards*", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (<https://ipr.etsi.org/>).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

Legal Notice

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document may refer to technical specifications or reports using their 3GPP identities. These shall be interpreted as being references to the corresponding ETSI deliverables.

The cross reference between 3GPP and ETSI identities can be found under <http://webapp.etsi.org/key/queryform.asp>.

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	2
Legal Notice	2
Modal verbs terminology.....	2
Foreword.....	5
Introduction	5
1 Scope	6
2 References	6
3 Definitions	6
4 (VOID)	6
5 Test Methodologies for Immersive Audio Systems of TS 26.118 (Codec Quality Characterization Test).....	6
5.1 Introduction	6
5.2 Experimental Design	7
5.3 Selection of Assessors	7
5.4 Test Materials	7
5.5 Content Presentation.....	7
5.6 Listening Environment	7
5.7 Listening System	7
5.8 Listening Level.....	7
5.9 Anchor/Reference Conditions	7
5.10 Test Conditions	8
5.11 Attributes.....	8
5.12 Test Report and Presentation of Results.....	8
6 Test Methodologies for Immersive Audio Systems of TS 26.118 (Renderer Comparison Test).....	8
6.1 Introduction	8
6.2 Experimental Design	8
6.3 Selection of Assessors	8
6.4 Test Materials	9
6.5 Content Presentation.....	9
6.6 Listening Environment	10
6.7 Listening System	10
6.8 Listening Level.....	11
6.9 Anchor/Reference Conditions	11
6.10 Test Conditions	11
6.11 Attributes.....	11
6.12 Test Report and Presentation of Results.....	12
7 Test Methodologies for Immersive Audio Systems of TS 26.118 (Codec Quality Characterization Test with Binaural Rendering)	12
7.1 Introduction	12
7.2 Experimental Design	12
7.3 Selection of Assessors	12
7.4 Test Materials	12
7.5 Content Presentation.....	12
7.6 Listening Environment	12
7.7 Listening System	13
7.8 Listening Level.....	13
7.9 Anchor/Reference Conditions	13
7.10 Test Conditions	13
7.11 Attributes.....	13
7.12 Test Report and Presentation of Results.....	13

Annex A (informative): **Change history**14
History15

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

Introduction

Audio is a key component of an immersive multimedia experience and 3GPP systems are expected to deliver immersive audio with a high Quality of Experience. However, industry agreed methods to assess the Quality of Experience for immersive audio are relatively few and this Technical Specification seeks to address this gap by providing subjective test methods for the assessment of immersive audio.

1 Scope

The present document specifies subjective test methodologies for 3GPP immersive audio systems including channel-based, object-based, scene-based and hybrids of these formats. The subjective evaluation methods described in the present document are applicable to audio capture, coding, transmission and rendering as indicated in their corresponding clauses.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] ITU-R Recommendation BS.1534-3: "Method for the subjective assessment of intermediate quality level of audio systems".
- [3] ITU-R Recommendation BS.1116-3: "Methods for the subjective assessment of small impairments in audio systems".
- [4] ITU-R Recommendation BS.2051-2: "Advance sound system for programme production".
- [5] 3GPP TS 26.118: "3GPP Virtual reality profiles for streaming applications".

3 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

4 (VOID)

This clause is left "Void" intentionally, since specific clauses of the present document have been used and referenced during the characterization exercise related to the 3GPP Virtual Reality Audio profile; therefore, a clause renumbering would misalign such specific references from other 3GPP specifications.

5 Test Methodologies for Immersive Audio Systems of TS 26.118 (Codec Quality Characterization Test)

5.1 Introduction

This clause specifies the Codec Quality Characterization Test for the audio profiles in TS 26.118. The Codec Quality Characterization Test is based on the test method defined in [2]. The Codec Quality Characterization Test assesses the *Basic Audio Quality* attribute at different bit-rates for a given audio profile.

NOTE: The reference and hidden reference for the Codec Quality Characterization Test are rendered to the loudspeakers with the reference renderer of the audio profile under test. Because the reference renderer may include degradations to the immersive audio quality, including a reduction on the number of audio streams, care will be taken when evaluating the results.

5.2 Experimental Design

The experimental design of the Codec Quality Characterization Test is such that all assessors rate all Anchor/Reference and Test Conditions. To control for possible presentation order biases, the presentation order of the samples is fully randomized during the experiment (double-blind test). To minimize listener fatigue, the following constraints on the experimental design are defined:

- Each Test Material shall be no longer than 12 s in duration.
- No more than four Codec Operating Points shall be tested for each test material.
- Each experiment shall contain no more than 10 Test Materials.

5.3 Selection of Assessors

The selection of assessors shall follow the guidelines in [2] clause 4.1. Only *experienced assessors* shall participate in the experiment and the test administrator shall employ pre- and post-screening according to [2] clause 4.1. The final test results shall include assessments from at least 10 *experienced assessors* that have passed both pre- and post-screening.

5.4 Test Materials

Critical audio materials representing typical virtual reality content shall be used as Test Materials. Each test shall include at least 3 channel-based, 3 object-based and 3 scene-based Test Materials. In the event a Test Material is a hybrid format, the primary category to which the Test Material belongs to (distributed among channels, objects and scene-based) shall be indicated in the Test Report.

All Test Materials shall be provided as either 24-bit integer or 32-bit PCM float signals with a sampling rate of 48 kHz.

5.5 Content Presentation

The content presentation and grading process are according to [2] clauses 5.3 and 5.4.

5.6 Listening Environment

The listening environment should comply with [3] clauses 8.2 and 8.3.

5.7 Listening System

The listening system shall be loudspeaker-based. The loudspeaker layout is layout J described in [4] Annex 1.

5.8 Listening Level

The listening level is according to [2] clause 8. The listening level is adjusted with channel-based content.

5.9 Anchor/Reference Conditions

All Codec Quality Characterization Tests shall include one Hidden Reference and two Anchors. The two Anchors are 3.5kHz and 7kHz low-pass filtered versions of the Reference condition, as described in [2] clause 5.1.

The Reference and Hidden Reference conditions are the source test Materials rendered to the loudspeaker setup through the Reference Renderer of the Audio Profile under test with the coding bypassed.

5.10 Test Conditions

The Test Conditions shall be generated by encoding, decoding and rendering the test Materials with the target operating points of:

- 128 kbps (for First Order Ambisonics contents only)
- 256 kbps
- 384 kbps
- 512 kbps

A +/- 10% variation from the target operating points is acceptable. The actual bit-rate for each Test Condition shall be reported with an accompanying justification for the target operating point deviation. The renderer used for the Test Conditions shall be the same renderer used for the Anchor and Reference Conditions.

5.11 Attributes

The Codec Quality Characterization Test shall assess the *Basic Audio Quality* attribute described in [2] clause 6.4.

5.12 Test Report and Presentation of Results

The Test Report shall provide the Mean and 95 % Confidence Intervals (t-distribution) for each test Condition, Hidden Reference and Anchors. All results provided shall be post-screened results.

6 Test Methodologies for Immersive Audio Systems of TS 26.118 (Renderer Comparison Test)

6.1 Introduction

This clause specifies the Renderer Comparison Test for the audio profiles in TS 26.118. The Renderer Comparison Test is loosely inspired by the Comparison Category Rating test paradigm described in [5] Annex E.

6.2 Experimental Design

In the Renderer Comparison Test, the assessors compare a Test Condition against Anchor Conditions on four audio quality Attributes. The presentation of the Test and Anchor Conditions is binaural using head-tracking. For each trial, the Test Condition is compared to one of the Anchor Conditions as an A v. B comparison. To control for possible presentation order biases, the Test Conditions shall be presented to the assessors as sample A in exactly half of the trials. The test shall be conducted with 12 Test Materials and two Anchors for a total of 24 trials (comparisons).

The test shall be divided in two sessions. the first session compares the Test Condition against the first Anchor and the second session compares the Test Condition against the second Anchor.

6.3 Selection of Assessors

The selection of assessors shall follow the guidelines in [2] clause 4.1. Only *experienced assessors* shall participate in the experiment and the test administrator shall employ pre- screening according to [2] clause 4.1. The final test results shall include assessments from at least 12 *experienced assessors* that have passed pre-screening.

NOTE 1: Post-screening methods for this test are for further study. In the event post-screening is performed, the test report will describe the method adopted.

NOTE 2: Post-screening methods for this test are ffs.

6.4 Test Materials

The Rendering Comparison Test shall use critical audio materials representing typical virtual reality content, with a duration longer than 6 s and no longer than 12 s. The Rendering Comparison Test shall include 4 channel-based, 4 object-based and 4 scene-based Test Materials. In the event a test Material is a hybrid format, the primary category to which the test material belongs to (distributed among channels, objects and scene-based) shall be indicated in the test report.

6.5 Content Presentation

The Test Administration Platform shall employ a Graphical User Interface (GUI) to present the Test and Reference Conditions to the assessors as A/B samples within trials. The following are constraints on the GUI design:

- 1) The GUI shall have an "A" and "B" switch buttons which allow the assessor to seamlessly switch the audio presentation between the A and B samples for comparison.
- 2) The GUI shall have a "Play" button which enables Time-Synchronized Playback of the A and B samples. Within a trial, one of the samples is a bit-stream for the Test Condition and the other sample is one of the Anchor Conditions.
- 3) The GUI shall have a "Stop" button which enables stopping the Time-Synchronized Playback of the A and B samples.
- 4) The GUI shall present four Audio Quality Attributes for assessment: Timbre (TIM), Spatial (SPA), Artefacts (ART) and Basic Audio Quality (BAQ). In addition, the GUI shall present the possibility of comparing the Loudness (LOUD) of the A and B samples through an additional loudness scale.
- 5) The GUI shall have a "Loop" button which enables looping the Time-Synchronized playback of the A and B samples.
- 6) The GUI shall have a "Next" button which enables the assessor to proceed to the next trial in the experiment. For each trial, the GUI shall enable the "Next" button only after assessment of TIM, SPA and BAQ have been completed. Because all source Test Materials are normalized for Listening Level according to Clause 6.8 and the highest operating point.

In addition, the Test Administration Platform shall support a real-time implementation of the Audio Profile Renderer under test as well as a real-time implementation of the Anchor Conditions (see clause 6.9) with support for head-tracking.



Figure 1: Example of possible GUI for Rendering Comparison Test

6.6 Listening Environment

For each octave-band, the maximum sound pressure level of the listening environment shall not exceed the levels in Table 1 (corresponding to an NR20 noise rating curve):

Table 1: Maximum Sound Pressure Level for Listening Environment

Octave Band centre frequency	31.5 Hz	62.5 Hz	125 Hz	250 Hz	500 Hz	1 kHz	2 kHz	4 kHz	8 kHz
Maximum Sound Pressure Level (dB SPL)	69	51	39	31	24	20	17	14	13

6.7 Listening System

The listening system shall be headphone-based with head-tracking. Both the Test Conditions and Anchor/Reference Conditions shall be binauralized using a common HRTF set. The binauralization shall use either individualized HRTFs or HRTFs based on a head and torso simulator (HATS). The choice of HRTF set shall be indicated in the test report. The headphones shall be equalized. If individualized HRTFs are used, the headphones shall have individualized equalization. If HATS HRTFs are used, the headphones shall be equalized for the same make/model of HATS.

6.8 Listening Level

The listening level is according to [2] clause 8. The listening level is adjusted with channel-based content.

6.9 Anchor/Reference Conditions

All Renderer Comparison Tests shall include two Anchor/Reference Conditions. The two Anchors correspond to two configurations of a Common Informative Binaural Rendering (CIBR) scheme (1st and 3rd order). The CIBR:

- 1) Receives as an input a virtual loudspeaker representation, obtained using a Documented Loudspeaker Renderer, with speaker locations positioned according to an Equivalent Spatial Domain representation (ESD). The definition of Equivalent Spatial Domain can be found in TS 26.260 clause 4.1.1.
- 2) Converts the ESD representation to a 1st order or 3rd order B-format representation.
- 3) Performs rotation of the sound field, according to a motion sensor signal
- 4) Binauralizes the audio signal for presentation.

NOTE: The Documented Loudspeaker Renderer is Vector Based Amplitude Panning (VBAP) (Pulkki).

A block diagram of the rendering systems for Anchor Conditions is illustrated in Figure 2.

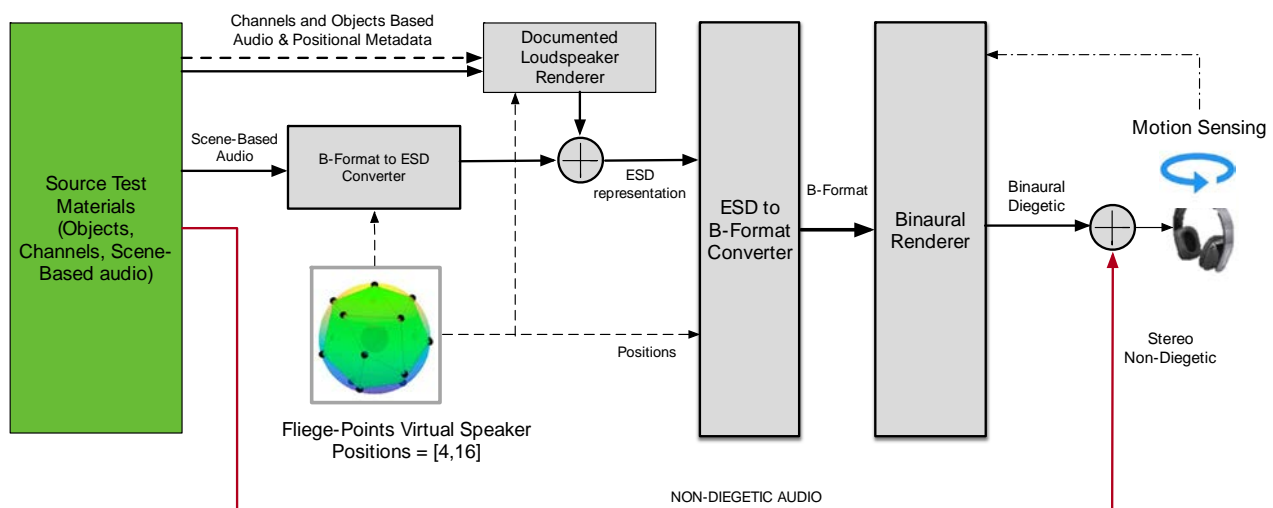


Figure 2: Block Diagram for Anchor Conditions

6.10 Test Conditions

The Rendering Comparison Test shall assess only one Test Condition per experiment. This Test Condition is such that the Audio Profile shall be configured for an Operating Point providing transparent quality for all Test Materials. In addition, the Audio Profile shall be configured to operate with its Reference Renderer. For all Test Materials, the Test Condition shall be assessed against the two Anchor Conditions.

6.11 Attributes

The Rendering Comparison Test shall assess the four Audio Quality Attributes: *Timbre* (TIM), *Spatial* (SPA), *Artefacts* (ART) and *Basic Audio Quality* (BAQ). In addition, the Rendering Comparison Test compares any residual *Loudness* (LOUD) difference between A and B samples through an additional loudness scale.

6.12 Test Report and Presentation of Results

The Test Report shall provide the Mean and 95 % Confidence Intervals (t-distribution) for the Test Condition against each of the Anchor Conditions. All results provided shall be post-screened results.

7 Test Methodologies for Immersive Audio Systems of TS 26.118 (Codec Quality Characterization Test with Binaural Rendering)

7.1 Introduction

This clause specifies the optional, but strongly recommended, codec quality characterization test for the audio profiles in TS 26.118 with binaural rendering over headphones. The Codec Quality Characterization test with Binaural Rendering is based on the test method defined in [2].

7.2 Experimental Design

The experimental design of the Codec Quality Characterization Test with Binaural Rendering is such that all assessors rate all test Conditions. To control for possible presentation order biases, the presentation order of the test materials is fully randomized during the experiment (double-blind test). To minimize listener fatigue, the following constraints on the experimental design are defined:

- Each Test Material shall be no longer than 12 s in duration.
- No more than four Codec Operating Points shall be tested for each Test Material.
- Each experiment shall contain no more than 10 Test Materials.

7.3 Selection of Assessors

The selection of assessors shall follow the guidelines in [2] clause 4.1. Only *experienced assessors* shall participate in the experiment and the test administrator shall employ pre- and post-screening according to [2] clause 4.1. The final test results shall include assessments from at least 10 *experienced assessors* that have passed both pre- and post-screening.

7.4 Test Materials

Critical audio materials representing typical virtual reality content shall be used for this test. Each test should include at least 3 channel-based, 3 object-based and 3 scene-based Test Materials and no more than 10 Test Materials in total.

All Test Materials shall be provided as either 24-bit integer or 32-bit PCM float signals with a sampling rate of 48 kHz.

7.5 Content Presentation

The content presentation and grading process are according to [2] clauses 5.3 and 5.4.

7.6 Listening Environment

For each octave-band, the maximum sound pressure level of the listening environment shall not exceed the levels in Table 2 (corresponding to an NR20 noise rating curve):

Table 2: Maximum Sound Pressure Level for Listening Environment

Octave Band centre frequency	31.5 Hz	62.5 Hz	125 Hz	250 Hz	500 Hz	1 kHz	2 kHz	4 kHz	8 kHz
Maximum Sound Pressure Level (dB SPL)	69	51	39	31	24	20	17	14	13

7.7 Listening System

The listening system shall be headphone-based using the Common Informative Binaural Renderer (CIBR) for both the Reference and Degraded conditions. The CIBR is described in [5].

The binauralization shall use either individualized HRTFs or HRTFs based on a head and torso simulator (HATS). The choice of HRTF set shall be indicated in the test report. The headphones shall be equalized. If individualized HRTFs are used, the headphones shall have individualized equalization. If HATS HRTFs are used, the headphones shall be equalized for the same make/model of HATS.

7.8 Listening Level

The listening level is according to [2] clause 8. The listening level is adjusted with channel-based content.

7.9 Anchor/Reference Conditions

All Codec Quality Characterization Tests shall include one Hidden Reference and two Anchors. The two Anchors are 3.5kHz and 7kHz low-pass filtered versions of the Reference condition, as described in [2] clause 5.1.

The Reference and Hidden Reference conditions are the source test Materials binaurally rendered to headphones through the Common Informative Binaural Renderer (CIBR) described in [5].

7.10 Test Conditions

The Test Conditions are generated by encoding, decoding and rendering the test Materials with the target operating points of:

- 128 kbps (for First Order Ambisonics contents only)
- 256 kbps
- 384 kbps
- 512 kbps

A +/- 10 % variation from the target operating points is acceptable. The actual bit-rate for each Test Condition shall be reported with an accompanying justification for the target operating point deviation. The renderer used for the Test Conditions shall be the same renderer used for the Anchor and Reference Conditions.

7.11 Attributes

The Codec Quality Characterization Test with Binaural Rendering shall assess the *Basic Audio Quality* attribute described in [2] clause 6.4.

7.12 Test Report and Presentation of Results

The test report shall provide the Mean and 95% Confidence Intervals (t-distribution) for each test Condition, Hidden Reference and Anchors. All results provided shall be post-screened results (see clause 7.3).

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
09-2018	SA#81	SP-180643				Presented to TSG SA#81 for approval	1.0.0
09-2018	SA#81					Approved at TSG SA#81	15.0.0
2020-07	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-16 version (MCC)	16.0.0

History

Document history		
V16.0.0	August 2020	Publication