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*Technical Specification*

## **Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRAN Iu Interface Data Transport and Transport Signalling (3G TS 25.414 version 3.4.0 Release 1999)**

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# Foreword

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the standards for user data transport protocols and related signalling protocols to establish user plane transport bearers over the UTRAN Iu interface.

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# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

- [1] ITU-T Recommendation I.361 (2/1999): "B-ISDN ATM Layer Specification".
- [2] ITU-T Recommendation I.363.2 (9/1997): "B-ISDN ATM Adaptation Layer Type 2 Specification".
- [3] ITU-T Recommendation I.363.5 (8/1996): "B-ISDN ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5 Specification".
- [4] ITU-T Recommendation I.366.1 (6/1998): "Segmentation and Reassembly Service Specific Convergence Sublayer for the AAL Type 2".
- [5] ITU-T Recommendation E.164 (5/1997): "Numbering Plan for the ISDN Era".
- [6] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2110 (7/1994): "B-ISDN ATM Adaptation Layer-Service Specific Connection Oriented Protocol (SSCOP)".
- [7] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2140 (2/1995): "B-ISDN ATM Adaptation Layer-Service Specific Coordination Function for Support of Signalling at the Network Node Interface (SSCF-NNI)".
- [8] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2150.1 (1999): "B-ISDN ATM Adaptation Layer-Signalling Transport Converter for the MTP3b".
- [9] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2210 (7/1996): "Message Transfer Part level 3 functions and messages using the services of ITU-T Recommendation Q.2140".
- [10] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2630.1 (1999): "AAL type 2 Signalling Protocol (Capability Set 1)".
- [11] ITU-T Recommendation X.213 (8/1997): "Information Technology-Open Systems Interconnection-Network Service Definitions".
- [12] IETF RFC 768 (8/1980): "User Datagram Protocol".
- [13] IETF RFC 791 (9/1981): "Internet Protocol".
- [14] IETF RFC 2684 (9/1999): "Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM Adaptation Layer 5".
- [15] IETF RFC 2225 (4/1998): "Classical IP and ARP over ATM".
- [16] IETF RFC 2460 (12/1998): "Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".
- [17] 3G TS 29.060: "3GPP; TSG CN; GPRS; GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP)".
- [18] IETF RFC 793 (9/1981): "TCP, Transmission Control Protocol".
- [19] IETF RFC 2475 (12/1998): "An Architecture for Differentiated Services".

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## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

**ALCAP:** generic name for the transport signalling protocols used to set-up and teardown transport bearers.

### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AAL	ATM Adaptation Layer
AESA	ATM End System Address
ALCAP	Access Link Control Application Part
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
CN	Core Network
GTP	GPRS Tunnelling Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
LIS	Logical IP Subnet
MTP3b	Message Transfer Part level 3 for Q.2140
NSAP	Network Service Access Point
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
RFC	Request For Comment
RNC	Radio Network Controller
SA	Service Area
SABP	Service Area Broadcast Protocol
SABS	Service Area Broadcast Service
SAR	Segmentation and Reassembly
SCCF-NNI	Service Specific Coordination Function-Network Node Interface
SSCOP	Service Specific Connection Oriented Protocol
SSCS	Service Specific Convergence Sublayer
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
VC	Virtual Circuit

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## 4 ATM Layer

### 4.1 General

ATM shall be used in the transport network user plane and the transport network control plane according to I.361 [1]. The structure of the cell header used in the UTRAN Iu interface is the cell header format and encoding at NNI (see Figure 3/I.361).

## 5 Circuit switched domain

### 5.1 Transport network user plane

#### 5.1.1 General

Figure 1 shows the protocol stack for the transport network user plane on the Iu interface towards the circuit switched domain.

AAL-2 SAR SCS (I.366.1)
AAL2 (I.363.2)
ATM

**Figure 1**

#### 5.1.2 ATM Adaptation Layer 2

##### 5.1.2.1 AAL2-Segmentation and Reassembly Service Specific Convergence Sublayer (I.366.1)

Service Specific Segmentation and Reassembly (SSAR) sublayer of I.366.1 [4] is used for the segmentation and reassembly of AAL2 SDUs (i.e., only SSAR is used from I.366.1).

##### 5.1.2.2 AAL2-specification (I.363.2)

AAL2 shall be used according to I.363.2 [2].

## 5.2 Transport network control plane

#### 5.2.1 General

Figure 2 shows the protocol stack for the transport network control plane on the Iu interface towards the circuit switched domain.

AAL2 connection signalling (Q.2630.1)
AAL2 Signalling Transport Converter for MTP3b (Q.2150.1)
MTP3b
SSCF-NNI
SSCOP
AAL5
ATM

**Figure 2**



## 5.2.2 Signalling protocol (ALCAP)

### 5.2.2.1 AAL2 Signalling Protocol (Q.2630.1)

Q.2630.1 [10] shall be used for establishing AAL2 connections towards the circuit switched domain. The AAL2 transport layer uses the embedded E.164 [5] or AESA variants of the NSAP addressing formats [11]. Native E.164 addressing shall not be used.

Binding ID provided by the radio network layer shall be copied in SUGR parameter of ESTABLISH.request primitive of [10].

## 5.2.3 Signalling transport converter

### 5.2.3.1 AAL2 MTP3B Signalling Transport Converter (Q.2150.1)

The AAL2 MTP3b Signalling Transport Converter shall be used according to Q.2150.1 [8].

## 5.2.4 MTP3b (Q.2210)

MTP3b shall be used according to Q.2210 [9].

## 5.2.5 SSCF-NNI (Q.2140)

SSCF-NNI shall be used according to Q.2140 [7].

## 5.2.6 SSCOP (Q.2110)

SSCOP shall be used according to Q.2110 [6].

## 5.2.7 ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5 (I.363.5)

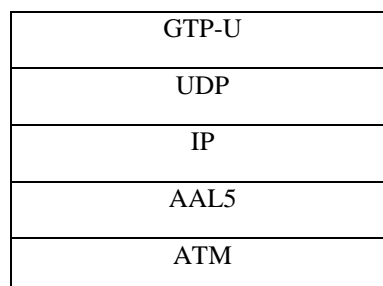
AAL5 shall be used according to I.363.5 [3].

# 6 Packet switched domain

## 6.1 Transport network user plane

### 6.1.1 General

Figure 3 shows the protocol stack for the transport network user plane on the Iu interface towards the packet switched domain.



**Figure 3**

The protocol architecture for the User Plane of the Iu interface towards the packet switched domain shall be GTP-U [17] over UDP over IP over AAL5 over ATM. One or several AAL5/ATM permanent VC's may be used as the common layer 2 resources between the UTRAN and the packet switched domain of the CN.

One switched VC may be used per user flow. The standardisation of the procedures and protocols for use of Switched VC is outside the scope of 3GPP.

Congestion control shall be performed over the Iu user plane toward the packet switched domain using buffer management and no flow control.

## 6.1.2 GTP-U

The GTP-U [17] protocol shall be used over the Iu interface toward the packet switched domain.

## 6.1.3 UDP /IP

The path protocol used shall be UDP [12], which is specified in RFC 768. IPv4 [13] (RFC 791) shall be supported , IPv6 [16] (RFC 2460) support is optional.

There may be one or several IP addresses in the RNC and in the CN. The packet processing function in the CN shall send downstream packets of a given RAB to the RNC IP address (received in RANAP) associated to that particular RAB. The packet processing function in the RNC shall send upstream packets of a given RAB to the CN IP address (received in RANAP) associated to that particular RAB.

## 6.1.4 ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5 (I.363.5)

AAL5 shall be used according to I.363.5 [3].

AAL5 virtual circuits shall be used to transport the IP packets across the Iu interface toward the packet switched domain. Multiple VCs may be used over the interface. An association shall be made between a VC and the IP addresses that are related to this VC in the peer node side. This association shall be made using O&M or using ATM Inverse ARP according to Classical IP over ATM when PVCs are used.

When PVCs are used, quality of service differentiation shall only be performed at the IP layer using differentiated services [19].

## 6.1.5 IP/ATM

Classical IP over ATM protocols and Multiprotocol Encapsulation over AAL5 shall be used to carry the IP packets over the ATM transport network when PVCs are used. Classical IP over ATM is specified in IETF RFC 2225 [15]. Multiprotocol Encapsulation over AAL5 is specified in IETF RFC 2684 [14].

Classical IP over ATM allows routers to be members of one or more LISs. The CN side of the Iu interface shall provide IP routing functionalities. The RNC side of the Iu interface may provide routing functionalities. If the RNC side of the Iu interface does not provide routing functionalities, the RNC routing tables shall include default route entries.

## 6.2 Transport network control plane

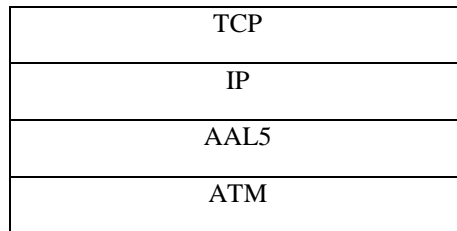
ALCAP is not required over the Iu interface towards the packet switched domain.

## 7 Broadcast Domain

### 7.1 Transport network user plane

#### 7.1.1 General

Figure 4 shows the protocol stack for the transport network user plane on the Iu interface towards the Broadcast domain.



**Figure 4**

The protocol architecture for the Service Area Broadcast Plane of the Iu interface shall be TCP over IP over AAL5 over ATM.

#### 7.1.2 TCP/IP

The path protocol used shall be TCP, which is specified in RFC793 [18]. IPv4 [13] (RFC 791) shall be supported, IPv6 [16] (RFC 2460) support is optional.

#### 7.1.3 ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5 (I.363.5)

AAL5 shall be used according to I.363.5.

AAL5 virtual circuits shall be used to transport the IP packets across the Iu interface toward the packet switched domain. Multiple VCs may be used over the interface. An association shall be made between a VC and the IP addresses that are related to this VC in the peer node side. This association shall be made using O&M or using ATM Inverse ARP according to Classical IP over ATM when PVCs are used.

#### 7.1.4 IP/ATM

Classical IP over ATM protocols and Multiprotocol Encapsulation over AAL5 shall be used to carry the IP packets over the ATM transport network when PVCs are used. Classical IP over ATM is specified in IETF RFC 2225 [15]. Multiprotocol Encapsulation over AAL5 is specified in IETF RFC 2684 [14].

### 7.2 Transport network control plane

ALCAP is not required over the Iu interface towards the broadcast domain.

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## Annex A (informative): Change History

Change history					
TSG RAN#	Version	CR	Tdoc RAN	New Version	Subject/Comment
RAN_04	-	-	-	3.0.0	Approved at TSG RAN #4 by correspondence and placed under Change Control
RAN_05	3.0.0	-	-	3.1.0	Approved at TSG RAN #5
RAN_06	3.1.0	001	RP-99747	3.2.0	Approved at TSG RAN #6
RAN_07	3.2.0	-	-	3.3.0	Approved at TSG RAN #7
RAN_08	3.3.0	-	RP-000237	3.4.0	Approved at TSG RAN #8
<i>David Comstock Ericsson Radio Systems AB</i>					

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## History

<b>Document history</b>		
V3.2.0	January 2000	Publication
V3.3.0	March 2000	Publication
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