

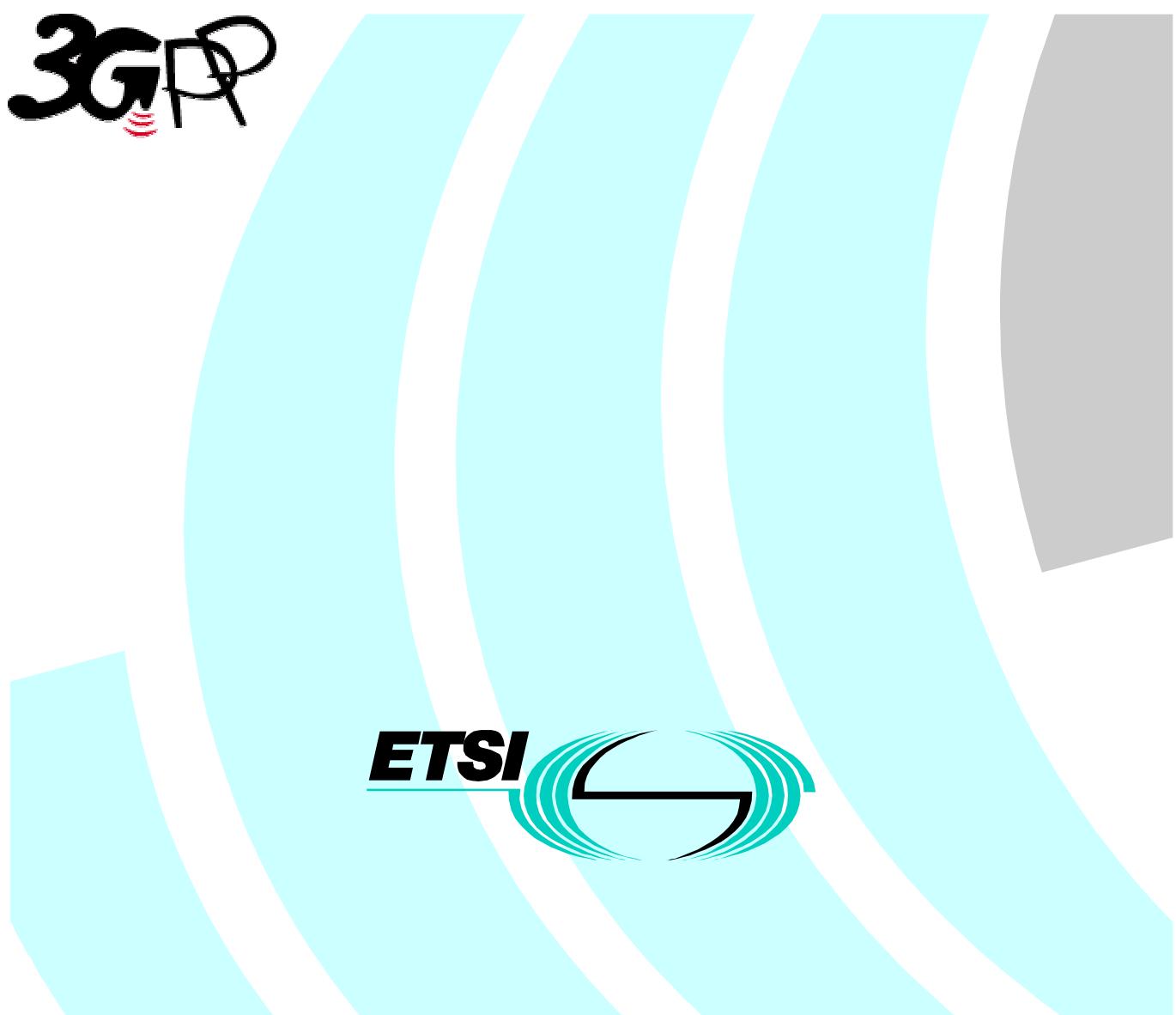
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*Technical Specification*

**Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);  
RRC Protocol Specification  
(3G TS 25.331 version 3.2.0 Release 1999)**

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## Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

---

## 1 Scope

The present document describes the Radio Resource Control protocol for the UE-UTRAN radio interface.

The scope of this specification contains also the information to be transported in a transparent container between source RNC and target RNC in connection to SRNC relocation as defined in [4].

---

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

- [1] 3G TR 25.990: "Vocabulary for the UTRAN".
- [2] 3G TS 25.301: "Radio Interface Protocol Architecture".
- [3] 3G TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode".
- [4] 3G TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected Mode".
- [5] 3G TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification, Core Network Protocols - Stage 3".
- [6] 3G TS 25.103: "RF Parameters in Support of RRM".
- [7] 3G TS 25.215: "Physical layer – Measurements (FDD)".
- [8] 3G TS 25.225: "Physical layer – Measurements (TDD)".
- [9] 3G TS 25.401: "UTRAN overall description".
- [10] 3G TS 25.402: "Synchronisation in UTRAN, stage 2".
- [11] 3G TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [12] ICD-GPS-200: "Navstar GPS Space Segment/Navigation User Interface".
- [13] RTCM-SC104: "RTCM Recommended Standards for Differential GNSS Service (v.2.2)".
- [14] 3G TR 25.921: "Guidelines and Principles for protocol description and error handling".

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## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in [1] apply.

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACK	Acknowledgement
AICH	Acquisition Indicator CHannel
AM	Acknowledged Mode
AS	Access Stratum
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation.1
BCCH	Broadcast Control Channel
BCFE	Broadcast Control Functional Entity
BER	Bite Error Rate
BLER	BLock Error Rate
BSS	Base Station Sub-system
C	Conditional
CCPCH	Common Control Physical CHannel
CCCH	Common Control Channel
CN	Core Network
CM	Connection Management
CPCH	Common Packet CHannel
C-RNTI	Cell RNTI
DCA	Dynamic Channel Allocation
DCCH	Dedicated Control Channel
DCFE	Dedicated Control Functional Entity
DCH	Dedicated Channel
DC-SAP	Dedicated Control SAP
DL	Downlink
DRAC	Dynamic Resource Allocation Control
DSCH	Downlink Shared Channel
DTCH	Dedicated Traffic Channel
FACH	Forward Access Channel
FAUSCH	Fast Uplink Signalling Channel
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FFS	For Further Study
GC-SAP	General Control SAP
ID	Identifier
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IE	Information element
IP	Internet Protocol
ISCP	Interference on Signal Code Power
LAI	Location Area Identity
L1	Layer 1
L2	Layer 2
L3	Layer 3
M	Mandatory
MAC	Media Access Control
MCC	Mobile Country Code
MM	Mobility Management
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MS	Mobile Station
NAS	Non Access Stratum
Nt-SAP	Notification SAP
NW	Network
O	Optional
ODMA	Opportunity Driven Multiple Access
PCCH	Paging Control Channel
PCH	Paging Channel
PDCP	Packet Data Convergence Protocol
PDSCH	Physical Downlink Shared Channel

PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PNFE	Paging and Notification Control Functional Entity
PRACH	Physical Random Access CHannel
P-TMSI	Packet Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity
PUSCH	Physical Uplink Shared Channel
QoS	Quality of Service
RAB	Radio access bearer
RB	Radio Bearer
RAI	Routing Area Identity
RACH	Random Access CHannel
RB	Radio Bearer
RFE	Routing Functional Entity
RL	Radio Link
RLC	Radio Link Control
RNTI	Radio Network Temporary Identifier
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RRC	Radio Resource Control
RSCP	Received Signal Code Power
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SAP	Service Access Point
SCFE	Shared Control Function Entity
SF	Spreading Factor
SHCCH	Shared Control Channel
SIR	Signal to Interference Ratio
SSDT	Site Selection Diversity Transmission
S-RNTI	SRNC - RNTI
tbd	to be decided
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TF	Transport Format
TFCS	Transport Format Combination Set
TFS	Transport Format Set
TME	Transfer Mode Entity
TMSI	Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity
Tr	Transparent
Tx	Transmission
UE	User Equipment
UL	Uplink
UM	Unacknowledged Mode
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UNACK	Unacknowledgement
URA	UTRAN Registration Area
U-RNTI	UTRAN-RNTI
USCH	Uplink Shared Channel
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

## 4 General

The functional entities of the RRC layer are described below:

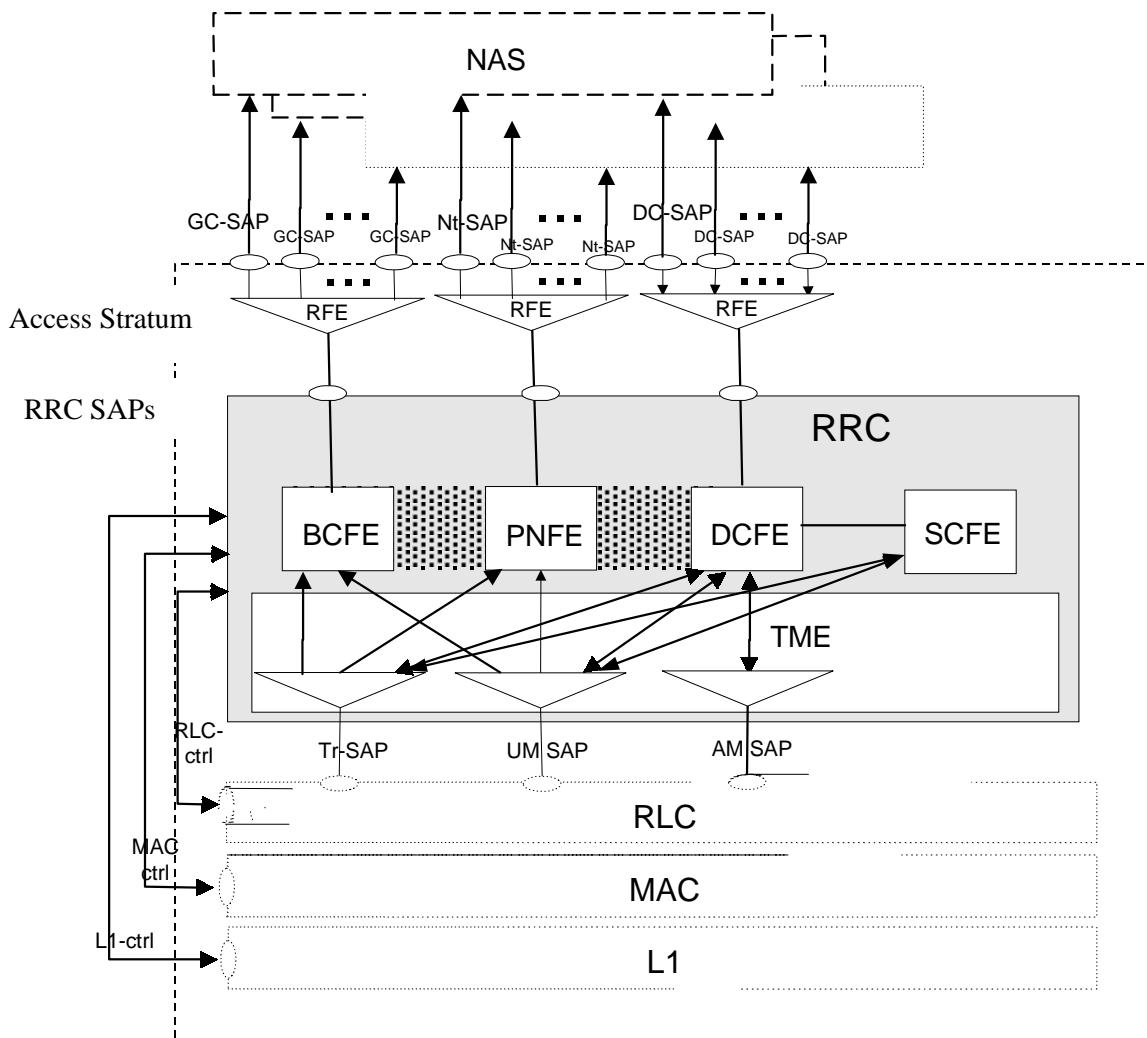
- Routing of higher layer messages to different MM/CM entities (UE side) or different core network domains (UTRAN side) is handled by the Routing Function Entity (**RFE**)
- Broadcast functions are handled in the broadcast control function entity (**BCFE**). The BCFE is used to deliver the RRC services, which are required at the GC-SAP. The BCFE can use the lower layer services provided by the Tr-SAP and UM-SAP.
- Paging of idle mode UE(s) is controlled by the paging and notification control function entity (**PNFE**). The PNFE is used to deliver the RRC services that are required at the Nt-SAP. The PNFE can use the lower layer services provided by the Tr-SAP and UM-SAP.

- The Dedicated Control Function Entity (**DCFE**) handles all functions specific to one UE. The DCFE is used to deliver the RRC services which are required at the DC-SAP and can use lower layer services of UM/AM-SAP and Tr-SAP depending on the message to be sent and on the current UE service state.
- In TDD mode, the DCFE is assisted by the Shared Control Function Entity (SCFE) location in the C-RNC, which controls the allocation of the PDSCH and PUSCH using lower layers services of UM-SAP and Tr-SAP.
- The Transfer Mode Entity (TME) handles the mapping between the different entities inside the RRC layer and the SAPs provided by RLC.

**NOTE:** Logical information exchange is necessary also between the RRC sublayer functional entities. Most of that is implementation dependent and not necessary to present in detail in a specification.

Figure 1 shows the RRC model for the UE side and Figure 2a and Figure 2b show the RRC model for the UTRAN side.

**NOTE:** Some further clarification in the diagrams may be beneficial to acknowledge the fact that a DC-SAP for example might be offered over a dedicated channel (with RRC terminated in SRNC) whereas GC-SAP and Nt-SAP may be offered over BCCH, PCH respectively in which cases RRC is located in Node B. It could be concluded from the figure that these channels use the same SAP offered by RLC (Tr-SAP, UM-SAP, AM-SAP) whereas in fact they will use different SAPs, though the SAP **type** might be the same



**Figure 1: UE side model of RRC**

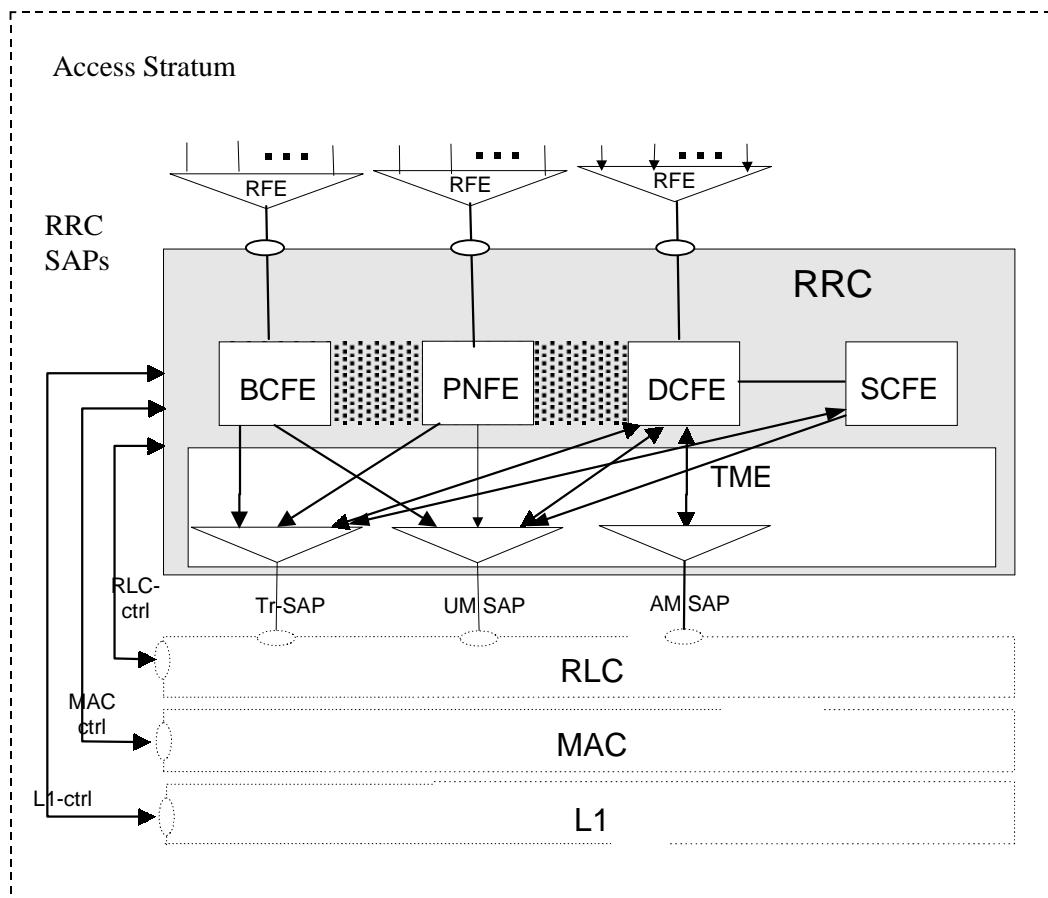


Figure 2a: UTRAN side RRC model (DS-MAP system)

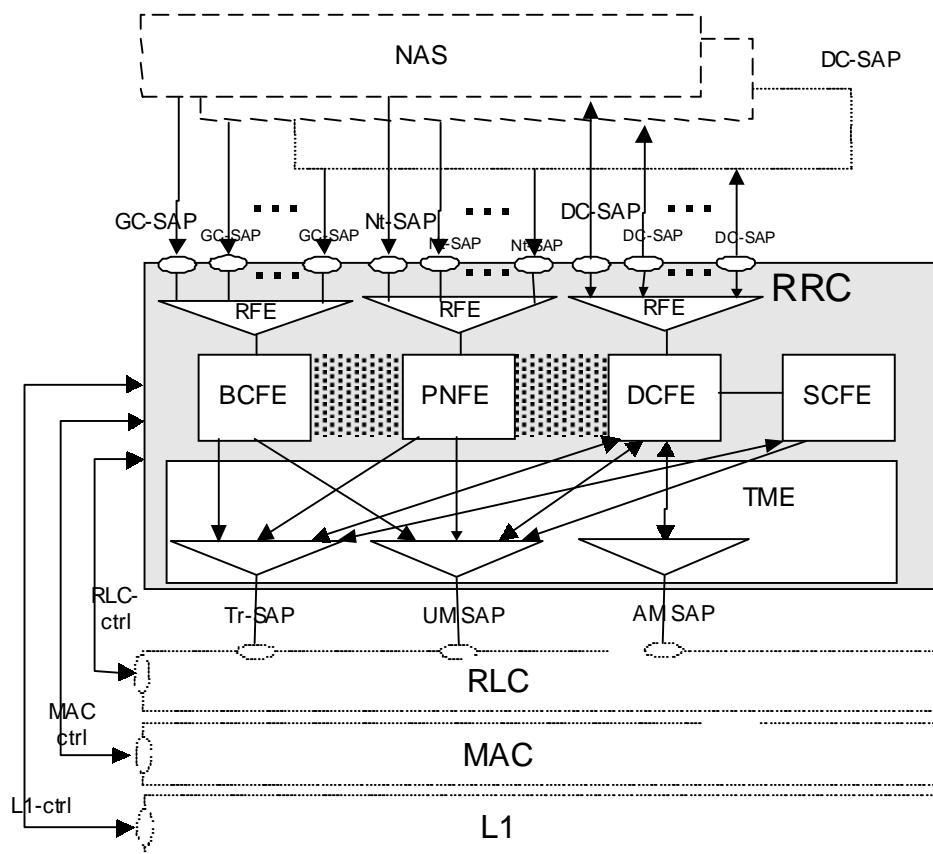


Figure 2b: UTRAN side RRC model (DS-41 System)

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## 5 RRC Services provided to upper layers

The RRC offers the following services to upper layers, a description of these services is provided in [2].

In case of DS-41 system, the SAPs and primitives defined in TS 23.110 will be provided by RRC on UTRAN side as well as on UE side:

- General Control;
- Notification;
- Dedicated control.

---

## 6 Services expected from lower layers

### 6.1 Services expected from Layer 2

Void.

### 6.2 Services expected from Layer 1

Void.

---

## 7 Functions of RRC

The RRC performs the functions listed below, a more detailed description of these functions is provided in 25.301:

- Broadcast of information provided by the non-access stratum (Core Network);
- Broadcast of information related to the access stratum;
- Establishment, maintenance and release of an RRC connection between the UE and UTRAN;
- Establishment, reconfiguration and release of Radio Bearers;
- Assignment, reconfiguration and release of radio resources for the RRC connection;
- RRC connection mobility functions;
- Routing of higher layer PDUs;
- Control of requested QoS;
- UE measurement reporting and control of the reporting;
- Outer loop power control;
- Control of ciphering;
- Slow DCA;
- Broadcast of ODMA relay node neighbour information;
- Collation of ODMA relay nodes neighbour lists and gradient information;
- Maintenance of number of ODMA relay node neighbours;
- Establishment, maintenance and release of a route between ODMA relay nodes;
- Interworking between the Gateway ODMA relay node and the UTRAN;

- Contention resolution (TDD mode);
- Paging/notification;
- Initial cell selection and re-selection in idle mode;
- Arbitration of radio resources on uplink DCH;
- RRC message integrity protection;
- Timing advance (TDD mode).

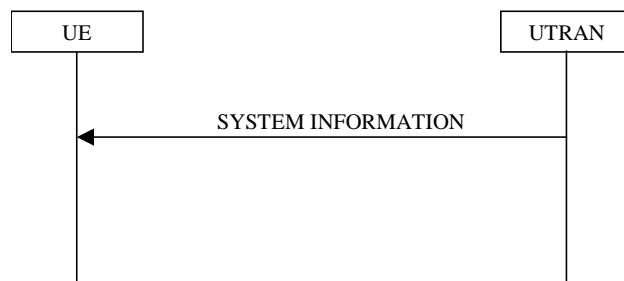
The following functions are regarded as further study items:

- Congestion control;
- Arbitration of the radio resource allocation between the cells.

## 8 RRC procedures

### 8.1 RRC Connection Management Procedures

#### 8.1.1 Broadcast of system information



**Figure 3: Broadcast of system information**

##### 8.1.1.1 General

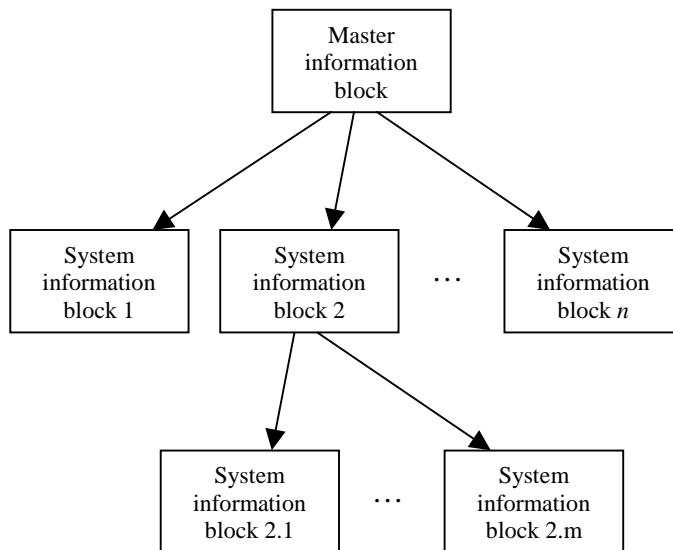
The purpose of this procedure is to broadcast system information from the UTRAN to idle mode- and connected mode UEs in a cell.

###### 8.1.1.1.1 System information structure

The system information elements are broadcast in *system information blocks*. A system information block groups together system information elements of the same nature. Different system information blocks may have different characteristics, e.g. regarding their repetition rate and the requirements on UEs to re-read the system information blocks.

The system information is organised as a tree. A *master information block* gives references to a number of system information blocks in a cell, including scheduling information for those system information blocks. The system information blocks contain the actual system information and/or references to other system information blocks including scheduling information for those system information blocks.

Figure 4 illustrates the relationship between the master information block and the system information blocks in a cell.



**Figure 4: The overall structure of system information**

#### 8.1.1.1.2 System information blocks

Table 8.1.1 specifies all system information blocks and their characteristics.

The *area scope column* in table 8.1.1 specifies the area where a system information block is valid. If the area scope is *cell*, the UE shall read the system information block every time a new cell is selected. If the area scope is *PLMN*, the UE shall check the value tag for the system information block when a new cell is selected. If the value tag for the system information block in the new cell is different compared to the value tag for the system information block in the old cell, the UE shall re-read the system information block.

The *UE mode/state column* in table 8.1.1 specifies in which UE mode or UE state the IEs in a system information block are valid. In state *CELL\_DCH*, the UEs fulfilling the *Additional requirements column* shall use the IEs given by the system information block when in state *CELL\_DCH*.

The *transport channel column* in table 8.1.1 specifies whether the system information block is broadcast on a *BCH* or a *FACH* transport channel.

The *scheduling information column* in table 8.1.1 specifies the position and repetition period for the SIB.

The *modification of system information column* in table 8.1.1 specifies the update mechanisms applicable for a certain system information block. For system information blocks with a value tag, the UE shall update the information according to subclause 8.1.1.4.1 or 8.1.1.4.3. For system information blocks with an expiration timer, the UE shall update the information according to subclause 8.1.1.4.2.

**Table 8.1.1: Specification of system information block characteristics**

<b>System information block</b>	<b>Area scope</b>	<b>UE mode/state</b>	<b>Transport channel</b>	<b>Scheduling information</b>	<b>Modification of system information</b>	<b>Additional requirements</b>
Master information block	Cell	Idle mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	SIB_POS = 0 FDD: SIB_REP = [8] TDD: SIB_REP = [8, 16, 32, 64] [SIB_OFF=2]	Value tag	
		CELL_FACH	FACH	Scheduling not applicable	Value tag	
System information block type 1	PLMN	Idle mode	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 2	PLMN	CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 3	Cell	Idle mode, (CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH)	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 4	Cell	CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	If System information block type 4 is not broadcast in a cell, the connected mode UE shall read System information block type 3
System information block type 5	Cell	Idle mode, (CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH)	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 6	Cell	CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	If system information block type 6 is not broadcast in a cell, the connected mode UE shall read System information block type 5.  If some of the optional IEs are not included in System information block type 6, the UE shall read the corresponding IEs in System information block type 5
System information block type 7	Cell	Idle mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Expiration timer = SIB_REP	
System information block type 8	Cell	CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 9	Cell	Connected mode	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Expiration timer = SIB_REP	

System information block type 10	Cell	CELL_DCH	FACH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Expiration timer = SIB REP	This system information block shall only be acquired by UEs with support for simultaneous reception of one SCCPCH and one DPCH.  If the system information block is not broadcast in a cell, the DRAC procedures do not apply in this cell.
System information block type 11	Cell	Idle mode (CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH)	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 12	Cell	CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	If some of the optional IEs are not included in System information block type 12, the UE shall read the corresponding IEs in System information block type 11.
System information block type 13	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 13.1	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 13.2	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 13.3	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 13.4	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 14 (TDD)	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	
System information block type 15	Cell	Idle Mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH	BCH	Specified by the IE "Scheduling information"	Value tag	

#### 8.1.1.1.3 Segmentation and concatenation of system information blocks

A generic SYSTEM INFORMATION message is used to convey the system information blocks on the BCCH. A given BCCH may be mapped onto either a BCH- or a FACH transport channel. The size of the SYSTEM INFORMATION message shall fit the size of a BCH- or a FACH transport block.

The RRC layer in UTRAN performs segmentation and concatenation of system information blocks. If a system information block is larger than the size of a SYSTEM INFORMATION message, it will be segmented and transmitted in several messages. If a system information block is smaller than a SYSTEM INFORMATION message, UTRAN may concatenate several complete system information blocks into the same message.

Four different segment types are defined:

- First segment;
- Subsequent segment;
- Last segment;
- Complete.

Each of the types *First*-, *Subsequent*- and *Last segment* are used to transfer segments of a master information block or a system information block. The segment type *Complete* is used to transfer a complete master information block or a complete system information block.

Each segment consists of a header and a data field. The data field carries the actual system information elements. The header contains the following parameters:

- The number of segments in the system information block (SEG\_COUNT). This parameter is only included in the header if the segment type is "First segment".
- SIB type. The SIB type uniquely identifies the master information block or a system information block.
- Segment index. This parameter is only included in the header if the segment type is "Subsequent segment" or "Last segment".

UTRAN may combine one or several segments of variable length in the same SYSTEM INFORMATION message. The following combinations are allowed:

1. First segment;
2. Subsequent segment;
3. Last segment;
4. Last segment + one or several Complete;
5. One or several Complete.

Not more than one segment from each master information block or system information block should be transmitted in the same SYSTEM INFORMATION message. When combination 3, 4 or 5 is used, padding should be inserted until the SYSTEM INFORMATION message has the same size as the BCH- or the FACH transport block.

#### 8.1.1.4 Re-assemble of segments

The RRC layer in the UE shall perform re-assemble of segments. All segments belonging to the same master information block or system information block shall be assembled in ascending order with respect to the segment index.

#### 8.1.1.5 Scheduling of system information

Scheduling of system information blocks is performed by the RRC layer in UTRAN. If segmentation is used, it should be possible to schedule each segment separately.

To allow the mixing of system information blocks with short repetition period and system information blocks with segmentation over many frames, UTRAN may multiplex segments from different system information blocks. Multiplexing and de-multiplexing is performed by the RRC layer.

The scheduling of each system information block broadcast on a BCH transport channel is defined by the following parameters:

- the number of segments (SEG\_COUNT);
- the repetition period (SIB\_REP). The same value applies to all segments;
- the position (phase) of the first segment within the repetition period (SIB\_POS(0));
- Offset of the subsequent segments in ascending index order (SIB\_OFF(i), i=1, 2, ... SEG\_COUNT-1)  
The position of the subsequent segments are calculated as: SIB\_POS(i) = SIB\_POS(i-1) + SIB\_OFFSET(i).

The scheduling is based on the Cell System Frame number (SFN). The frame at which a particular segment (i) of a system information block occurs is defined as follows:

$$\text{SFN mod SIB\_REP} = \text{SIB\_POS}(i)$$

NOTE: SIB\_POS must be less than SIB\_REP for all segments.

In FDD, the scheduling of the master information block is fixed by the pre-defined repetition rate = [8] and the position=0. In TDD, the scheduling of the master information block is fixed to one of the constant repetition rates 8, 16, 32 or 64 and the position=0.

### 8.1.1.2 Initiation

The system information is continuously repeated on a regular basis in accordance with the scheduling defined for each system information block.

The UTRAN may temporarily send information blocks other than those scheduled.

### 8.1.1.3 Reception of SYSTEM INFORMATION messages by the UE

The UE shall receive SYSTEM INFORMATION messages broadcast on a BCH transport channel in idle mode as well as in states CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH. Further, the UE shall receive SYSTEM INFORMATION messages broadcast on a FACH transport channel when in CELL\_FACH state. In addition, UEs with support for simultaneous reception of one SCCPCH and one DPCH shall receive system information on a FACH transport channel when in CELL\_DCH state.

Idle mode- and connected mode UEs may acquire different combinations of system information blocks. Before each acquisition, the UE should identify which system information blocks that are needed.

The UE may store system information blocks (including their value tag) for different cells and different PLMNs, to be used if the UE returns to these cells. This information is valid for a period of [TBD] hours after reception. All stored system information blocks shall be considered as invalid after the UE has been switched off.

When selecting a new PLMN, the UE shall consider all current system information blocks to be invalid. If the UE has stored valid system information blocks for the selected cell of the new PLMN, the UE may set those as current system information blocks.

#### 8.1.1.3.1 Reception of SYSTEM INFORMATION messages broadcast on a BCH transport channel

When selecting a new cell, the UE shall read the master information block. The UE may use the pre-defined scheduling information to locate the master information block in the cell.

On reception of the master information block, the UE shall:

- If the "PLMN type" in the variable SELECTED\_PLMN has the value "GSM-MAP" and the IE "PLMN Type" has the value "GSM-MAP" or "GSM-MAP and ANSI-41", the UE shall check the IE "PLMN identity" in the master information block and verify that it is the selected PLMN, stored as "PLMN identity" in the variable SELECTED\_PLMN.
- If the "PLMN type" in the variable SELECTED\_PLMN has the value "ANSI-41" and the IE "PLMN Type" has the value "ANSI-41" or "GSM-MAP and ANSI-41", the UE shall store the ANSI-41 Information elements contained in the master information block and perform initial process for ANSI-41.
- Store the "value tag" into the variable VALUE\_TAG for the master information block.
- Check and store the IE "value tag" for all system information blocks with PLMN scope that are to be used by the UE. If, for any system information blocks, the value tag is different from the value of the variable VALUE\_TAG for that system information block or if no IEs from corresponding system information block have been stored, the UE shall read and store the IEs of that system information block.
- Read and store the IEs of all system information blocks with cell scope that are to be used by the UE if not previously stored for that cell.

The UE may use the scheduling information given by the master information to locate each system information block to be acquired.

Upon reception of a system information block, the UE shall perform the actions specified in subclause 8.1.1.5.

#### 8.1.1.3.2 Reception of SYSTEM INFORMATION messages broadcast on a FACH transport channel

The master information block is not broadcast regularly on FACH. The master information block on BCH indicates the available system information blocks on FACH.

When receiving system information blocks on FACH, the UE shall perform the action as defined in subclause 8.1.1.5.

#### 8.1.1.4 Modification of system information

Different rules apply for the updating of different types of system information blocks. If the system information block has a "value tag" in the master information block or higher level system information block, UTRAN shall indicate when any of the information elements are modified by changing the value of Value TAG. [Even if the value tag does not change, the UE shall consider the system information block to be invalid after a period of [TBD] hours from reception.] In addition to this, there are system information block types that contain information elements changing too frequently to be indicated by change in value tag. This type of system information blocks is not linked to a value tag in the master information block or higher-level system information block. All stored system information blocks shall be considered as invalid after the UE has been switched off.

##### 8.1.1.4.1 Modification of system information blocks using a value tag

When system information is modified, UTRAN shall perform the following actions to indicate the change to the UEs:

- update the actual system information in the corresponding system information block;
- start to send the updated system information block on the BCCH instead of the old system information block;
- If the updated system information block is linked to a higher level system information block, update the higher level system information block with the "value tag" of the modified system information block;
- update the master information block with the "value tag" of the modified system information block or higher level system information block and change the "value tag" of the master information block;
- send the new master information block on the BCCH mapped on BCH instead of the old master information block;
- send the new master information block on the BCCH mapped on FACH in order to reach all UEs in state CELL\_FACH. UTRAN may repeat the new master information block on the FACH to increase the probability of proper reception in all UEs needing the information;
- send the PAGING TYPE 1 message on the PCCH in order to reach idle mode UEs as well as connected mode UEs in state CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH. In the IE "BCCH Modification Information" in the PAGING TYPE 1 message, UTRAN shall indicate the new value tag for the master information block. The PAGING TYPE 1 message should be sent in all paging occasions;
- it should be noted that for the proper operation of the BCCH Modification Information sent on the PCH, the System Information should not be changed more frequently than can be accommodated by mobile stations operating at the maximum DRX cycle length supported by the UTRAN.

On reception of the PAGING TYPE 1 message, the UE shall

- check the "value tag" of the master information block indicated in the IE "BCCH Modification information". If the value tag is different from the value stored in the variable VALUE\_TAG for the master information block, the UE shall read the new master information.

At reception of the new master information block (received on the BCCH mapped on BCH or FACH), the UE shall:

- store the new "value tag" sent in the variable VALUE\_TAG for the master information block;

- check the IE "value tag" for all system information blocks that are used by the UE. The UE shall read each system information block, for which the value tag is different from the value stored in the variable VALUE\_TAG for that system information block. On reception of a modified system information block, the UE shall perform the actions specified in subclause 8.1.1.5.

#### 8.1.1.4.2 Modification of system information without value tag

When the UE has acquired a system information block not linked to a value tag, a timer shall be started using a value equal to the repetition rate (SIB\_REP) for that system information block. When the timer expires, the information carried in the system information block is considered to be invalid and the UE shall acquire the system information block before the system information elements can be used. On reception of a modified system information block, the UE shall perform the actions specified in subclause 8.1.1.5.

#### 8.1.1.4.3 Time critical modification of system information blocks

For modification of some system information elements, e.g. reconfiguration of the channels, it is important for the UE to know exactly when a change occurs. If such case, the UTRAN performs the following actions to indicate the change to the UEs:

- send the message PAGING TYPE 1 on the PCCH in order to reach idle mode UEs as well as connected mode UEs in state CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH. In the IE "BCCH Modification Information", UTRAN shall indicate the time when the change will occur and the new value tag that will apply for the master information block after the change has occurred. The PAGING TYPE 1 message shall be sent in all paging occasions.
- send the message SYSTEM INFORMATION CHANGE INDICATION on the BCCH mapped on FACH in order to reach all UEs in state CELL\_FACH. In the IE "BCCH Modification Information", UTRAN shall indicate the time when the change will occur and the new value tag that will apply for the master information block after the change has occurred. UTRAN may repeat the SYSTEM INFORMATION CHANGE INDICATION on the FACH to increase the probability of proper reception in all UEs needing the information.
- update the actual system information and change the "value tag" in the corresponding system information block.
- update the master information block with the "value tag" of the modified system information block and change the "value tag" of the master information block.
- at the indicated time, start to send the new master information block on the BCCH mapped on BCH instead of the old master information block and the updated system information block on the BCCH instead of the old system information block.

At reception of the PAGING TYPE 1 or SYSTEM INFORMATION CHANGE INDICATION message, the UE shall:

- wait until the starting time, indicated in the IE "BCCH Modification Information". When the starting time occurs, the UE shall read the new master information block.

At reception of the new master information block, the UE shall:

- store the new "value tag" of the master information block;
- check the IE "value tag" for all system information blocks that are used by the UE. The UE shall read each system information block, for which the value tag is different from the value stored in the variable VALUE\_TAG for that system information block. At reception of a modified system information block, the UE shall perform the actions specified in subclause 8.1.1.5.

If the UE can not find the master information block, it can assume that a physical reconfiguration has occurred and perform a new cell search.

#### 8.1.1.5 Actions upon reception of system information blocks

##### 8.1.1.5.1 System Information Block type 1

If in idle mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block if the "PLMN Type" in the variable SELECTED\_PLMN has the value "GSM-MAP" and the IE "PLMN type" in the Master Information Block has the value "GSM-MAP" or "GSM-MAP and ANSI-41". The UE shall also:

- forward the content of the IE "NAS system info" to the non-access stratum entity indicated by the IE "CN domain identity";
- use the IE "CN\_DRX\_cycle length" to calculate frame number for the Paging Occasions and Page indicator as specified in TS 25.304.

If in connected mode the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.2 System Information Block type 2**

If in connected mode the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- if in state CELL\_FACH or CELL\_PCH, start to perform periodical cell updates using the information in the IE "UE timers and constants";
- if in state URA\_PCH, start to perform periodical URA updates using the information in the IEs "URA identity" and "UE timers and constants".

If in idle mode, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.3 System Information Block type 3**

The UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those IEs in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.4 System Information Block type 4**

If in connected mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those IEs in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.

If in idle mode, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs included in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.5 System Information Block type 5**

The UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those IEs in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.
- if the IE "Frequency info" is included, tune to the frequency given by this IE and use it as the active frequency.
- let the physical channel(s) of type PRACH given by the IE(s) "PRACH info" be the default in uplink.
- start to receive the physical channel of type AICH using the parameters given by the IE "AICH info" (FDD only).
- start to receive the physical channel of type PICH using the parameters given by the IE "PICH info".
- start to monitor its paging occasions on the PICH.
- start to receive the physical channel(s) of type Secondary CCPCH using the parameters given by the IE(s) "Secondary CCPCH info".

#### **8.1.1.5.6 System Information Block type 6**

If in connected mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those IEs in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.
- if the IE "Frequency info" is included, tune to the frequency given by this IE and use it as the active frequency.
- let the physical channel(s) of type PRACH given by the IE(s) "PRACH info" be the default in uplink. If the IE "PRACH info" is not included, the UE shall read the corresponding IE(s) in system information block type 5 and use that information to configure the PRACH.
- start to receive the physical channel of type AICH using the parameters given by the IE "AICH info". If the IE "AICH info" is not included, the UE shall read the corresponding IE in system information block type 5 and use that information (FDD only).
- start to receive the physical channel of type PICH using the parameters given by the IE "PICH info". If the IE "PICH info" is not included, the UE shall read the corresponding IE in system information block type 5 and use that information.
- start to monitor its paging occasions on the PICH.
- start to receive the physical channel(s) of type Secondary CCPCH using the parameters given by the IE(s) "Secondary CCPCH info". If the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" is not included, the UE shall read the corresponding IE(s) in system information block type 5 and use that information.

If in idle mode, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.7 System Information Block type 7**

The UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also

- start a timer set to the value given by the repetition period (SIB\_REP) for that system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.8 System Information Block type 8 (FDD only)**

If in connected mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block.

If in idle mode, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.9 System Information Block type 9 (FDD only)**

If in connected mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in the system information block. The UE shall also

- start a timer set to the value given by the repetition period (SIB\_REP) for that system information block

If in idle mode, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.10 System Information Block type 10 (FDD only)**

If in state CELL\_DCH, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- start a timer set to the value given by the repetition period (SIB\_REP) for that system information block;
- perform actions defined in subclause 14.6.

If in idle mode, state CELL\_FACH, state CELL\_PCH or state URA\_PCH, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### **8.1.1.5.11 System Information Block type 11**

The UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those IEs in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.
- for each measurement type start a measurement using the set of IEs specified for that measurement type.
- associate each measurement with the identity number given by the IE "Measurement identity number".
- if included, store the IE "Intra-frequency reporting quantity" and the IE "Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria" or "Periodical reporting criteria" in order to activate reporting when state CELL\_DCH is entered.
- If IE "HCS Serving cell information" is included, this indicates that HCS is used, and UE shall do the following:
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in the first occurrence of IE "Intra-frequency Cell Information", UE shall use the default values specified for the IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" for that cell.
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in other occurrence of IE "Intra-frequency Cell Information", UE shall for that cell use the same parameter values as used for the preceding IE "Intra-frequency Cell Information".
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in the first occurrence of IE "Inter-frequency Cell Information", UE shall use the default values specified for the IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" for that cell.
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in other occurrence of IE "Inter-frequency Cell Information", UE shall for that cell use the same parameter values as used for the preceding IE "Inter-frequency Cell Information".
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in the first occurrence of IE "Inter-system Cell Information", UE shall use the default values specified for the IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" for that cell.
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in other occurrence of IE "Inter-system Cell Information", UE shall for that cell use the same parameter values as used for the preceding IE "Inter-system Cell Information".
- If IE "HCS Serving cell information" is not included, this indicates that HCS is not used, and any occurrences of IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" in System Information Block Type 11 shall be neglected by UE.

#### 8.1.1.5.12 System Information Block type 12

If in connected mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those IEs in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.
- for each measurement type start (or continue) a measurement using the set of IEs specified for that measurement type.
- remove the intra-frequency cells given by the IE "Removed intra-frequency cells" from the list of intra-frequency cells specified in system information block type 11. Add the intra-frequency cells given by the IE "New intra-frequency cells" to the list of intra-frequency cells specified in system information block type 11.
- if any of the IEs "Intra-frequency measurement quantity", "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH reporting", "Maximum number of reported cells on RACH" or "Reporting information for state CELL\_DCH" are not included in the system information block, read the corresponding IE(s) in system information block type 11 and use that information for the intra-frequency measurement.
- if included in this system information block or in system information block type 11, store the IE "Intra-frequency reporting quantity" and the IE "Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria" or "Periodical reporting criteria" in order to activate reporting when state CELL\_DCH is entered.

- remove the inter-frequency cells given by the IE "Removed inter-frequency cells" from the list of inter-frequency cells specified in system information block type 11. Add the inter-frequency cells given by the IE "New inter-frequency cells" to the list of inter-frequency cells specified in system information block type 11.
- if the IE "Inter-frequency measurement quantity" is not included in the system information block, read the corresponding IE in system information block type 11 and use that information for the inter-frequency measurement.
- remove the inter-system cells given by the IE "Removed inter-system cells" from the list of inter-system cells specified in system information block type 11. Add the inter-system cells given by the IE "New inter-system cells" to the list of inter-system cells specified in system information block type 11.
- if the IE "Inter-system measurement quantity" is not included in the system information block, read the corresponding IE in system information block type 11 and use that information for the inter-system measurement.
- if in state CELL\_FACH, start traffic volume measurement reporting as specified in the IE "Traffic volume measurement reporting quantity".
- associate each measurement with the identity number given by the IE "Measurement identity number".
- If IE "HCS Serving cell information" is included, this indicates that HCS is used, and UE shall do the following:
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in the first occurrence of IE "Intra-frequency Cell Information", UE shall use the default values specified for the IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" for that cell.
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in other occurrence of IE "Intra-frequency Cell Information", UE shall for that cell use the same parameter values as used for the preceding IE "Intra-frequency Cell Information".
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in the first occurrence of IE "Inter-frequency Cell Information", UE shall use the default values specified for the IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" for that cell.
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in other occurrence of IE "Inter-frequency Cell Information", UE shall for that cell use the same parameter values as used for the preceding IE "Inter-frequency Cell Information".
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in the first occurrence of IE "Inter-system Cell Information", UE shall use the default values specified for the IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" for that cell.
  - If IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" is not included in other occurrence of IE "Inter-system Cell Information", UE shall for that cell use the same parameter values as used for the preceding IE "Inter-system Cell Information".
- If IE "HCS Serving cell information" is not included, this indicates that HCS is not used, and any occurrences of IE "HCS neighbouring cell information" in System Information Block Type 12 shall be neglected by UE.

If in idle mode, the UE shall not use the values of the IEs in this system information block.

#### 8.1.1.5.13 System Information Block type 13

If in idle or connected mode, the UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block except for the IEs "CN DRX cycle length", "UE timers in idle mode" and "Capability update requirement" which shall be stored only in the idle mode case. The UE shall read SIB type 13 and the associated SIB type 13.1, 13.2, 13.3 and 13.4 only when the "PLMN Type" in the variable SELECTED\_PLMN has the value "ANSI-41" and the IE "PLMN type" in the Master Information Block has the value "ANSI-41" or "GSM-MAP and ANSI-41". The UE shall also:

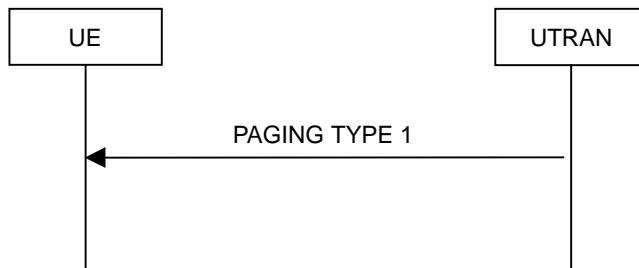
- forward the content of the IE "NAS(ANSI-41) system info" to the non-access stratum entity indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".
- use the IE "CN\_DRX\_cycle length" to calculate frame number for the Paging Occasions and Page indicator as specified in TS 25.304.

### 8.1.1.5.14 System Information Block type 14

The UE should store all relevant IEs included in this system information block. The UE shall also:

- if IEs containing scheduling information for other system information blocks are included, the UE shall act on those in a similar manner as specified for the scheduling information contained within the master information block.
- use the IEs' Primary CCPCH Tx Power, UL Interference, and RACH/DPCH/USCH Constant Values to calculate RACH/DPCH/USCH transmit power for TDD UL OL PC.

## 8.1.2 Paging



**Figure 5: Paging**

### 8.1.2.1 General

This procedure is used to transmit paging information to selected UEs in idle mode, CELL\_PCH or URA\_PCH state using the paging control channel (PCCH). Upper layers in the network may request paging, to e.g. establish a signalling connection. UTRAN may initiate paging in CELL\_PCH or URA\_PCH state, to trigger a UE state. In addition, UTRAN may initiate paging in idle mode, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH state to trigger reading of updated system information.

### 8.1.2.2 Initiation

UTRAN initiates the paging procedure by broadcasting a PAGING TYPE 1 message on an appropriate paging occasion on the PCCH.

UTRAN may repeat paging of a UE in several paging occasions to increase the probability of proper reception of a page.

UTRAN may page several UEs in the same paging occasion by including one IE "Paging record" for each UE in the PAGING TYPE 1 message. UTRAN may also indicate that system information has been updated, by including the value tag of the master information block in the IE "BCCH modification information" in the PAGING TYPE 1 message. In this case, UTRAN may omit the IEs "Paging record".

UTRAN shall not set more than one IE "Paging record" for same UE in one PAGING TYPE 1 message.

### 8.1.2.3 Reception of an PAGING TYPE 1 message by the UE

The UE shall in idle mode, CELL\_PCH state and URA\_PCH state receive the paging information for all its monitored paging occasions. For an UE in idle mode, the paging occasions are specified in TS 25.304 and depend on the IE "CN domain specific DRX cycle length coefficient", as specified in 8.5.7.1.1. For an UE in CELL\_PCH state and URA\_PCH state the paging occasions depend also on the IE "UTRAN DRX Cycle length coefficient" and the IE "DRX indicator", as specified in subclauses 8.5.7.3.2 and 8.5.7.3.3 respectively.

When the UE receives a PAGING TYPE 1 message, it shall check each occurrence of the IE "Paging record"

For each included paging record the UE shall compare the included identity with the identity of the UE according to the following:

An idle mode UE shall:

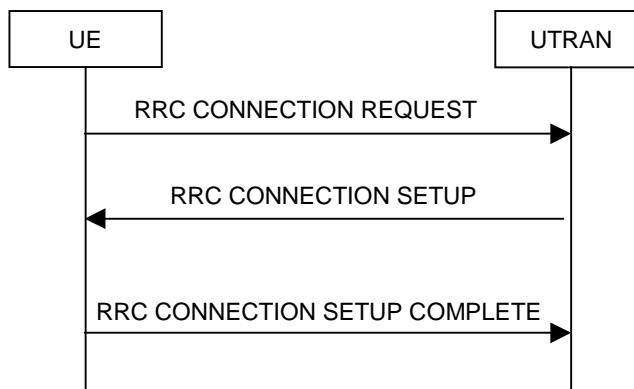
- if the IE "paging originator" is CN, compare the included identities of type CN UE identity with all of its allocated CN UE identities.
- for each match, forward the identity and paging cause to the upper layer entity indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".
- store the paging cause to be included in the RRC connection establishment procedure.
- if the IE "paging originator" is UTRAN, ignore that paging record.

A connected mode UE shall;

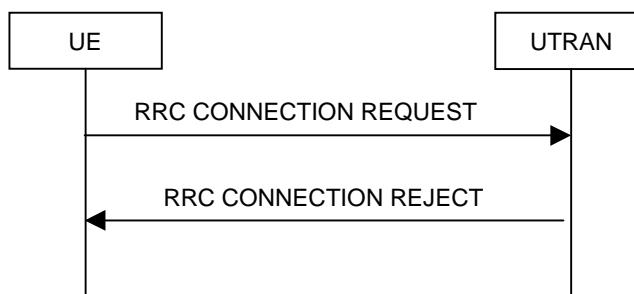
- if the IE "paging originator" is UTRAN, compare the included identities of type "Connected mode identity" with its allocated U-RNTI.
- for each match,, the UE shall enter CELL\_FACH state and perform a cell update procedure with cause "paging response" as specified in subclause 8.3.1.2.
- if the IE "paging originator" is CN, ignore that paging record.

If the IE "BCCH modification info" is included, the UE shall perform the actions as specified in subclause 8.1.1

### 8.1.3 RRC connection establishment



**Figure 6: RRC Connection Establishment, network accepts RRC connection**



**Figure 7: RRC Connection Establishment, network rejects RRC connection**

#### 8.1.3.1 General

The purpose with this procedure is to establish an RRC connection.

#### 8.1.3.2 Initiation

The non-access stratum in the UE may request the establishment of at most one RRC connection per UE.

Upon initiation of the procedure, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to FALSE.

The UE shall transmit an RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, reset counter V300, and start timer T300.

The UE shall perform the mapping of the Access Class to an Access Service Class as specified in subclause 8.5.14, and shall apply the given Access Service Class when accessing the RACH.

The UE shall set the IE "Establishment cause" according to indications from the non-access stratum or according to the paging cause received from the PAGING TYPE 1 message.

The UE shall set the IE "Initial UE identity" according to subclause 8.5.1.

The UE shall indicate its capability in the IE "Initial UE capability".

The UE shall set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR.

The UE shall include a measurement report, as specified in the IE "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH reporting" and the IE "Maximum number of reported cells on RACH" in system information block type 11.

### 8.1.3.3 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message by the UTRAN

UTRAN should either:

- transmit an RRC CONNECTION SETUP message on the downlink CCCH; or
- transmit an RRC CONNECTION REJECT message on the downlink CCCH. In the RRC CONNECTION REJECT message, the UTRAN may direct the UE to another UTRA carrier or to another system. After the RRC CONNECTION REJECT message has been sent, all context information for the UE may be deleted in UTRAN.

### 8.1.3.4 Reception of a RRC CONNECTION SETUP message by the UE

The UE shall compare the value of the IE "Initial UE identity" in the received RRC CONNECTION SETUP message with the value of the IE "Initial UE identity" in the most recent RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message sent by the UE:

- if the values are identical, the UE shall stop timer T300, and perform the following actions;
- if the values are different, the UE shall ignore the rest of the message.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall:

- store the value of the IE "U-RNTI"; and
- initiate the signalling link parameters according to the IE "RB mapping info".

If the IE "C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- use that C-RNTI on common transport channels in the current cell.

If neither the IE "PRACH info (for RACH)", nor the IE "Uplink DPCP info" is included, the UE shall:

- let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information to be the default in uplink for RACH.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info", nor the IE "Downlink DPCP info" is included, the UE shall:

- start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information to be used as default by FACH.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit an RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH, with contents as specified below.

If requested in the IE "Capability update requirement" sent in the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message, the UE shall include its UTRAN-specific capabilities in the IE "UE radio capability".

If requested in the IE "Capability update requirement" sent in the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message, the UE shall include its inter-system capabilities in the IE "UE system specific capability".

When the transmission of the RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC the UE shall update its variable UE\_CAPABILITY\_TRANSFERRED which UE capabilities it has transmitted to the UTRAN, set the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO to "Not started", and the procedure ends.

### 8.1.3.5 Physical channel failure or T300 timeout

- Upon expiry of timer T300; or
- if the UE failed to establish the physical channel(s) indicated in the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message.

The UE shall check the value of V300, and:

- if V300 is equal to or smaller than N300, the UE shall transmit a new RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T300 and increase counter V300. The UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.3.2;
- if V300 is greater than N300, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.1.3.6 Invalid RRC CONNECTION SETUP message

If the UE receives an RRC CONNECTION SETUP message:

- which contains an IE "Initial UE identity" with a value which is identical to the value of the IE "Initial UE identity" in the most recent RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message sent by the UE,
- but the RRC CONNECTION SETUP message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

The UE shall check the value of V300, and

- if V300 is equal to or smaller than N300, the UE shall transmit a new RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to TRUE, restart timer T300 and increase counter V300. The UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.3.2;
- if V300 is greater than N300, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.1.3.7 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION REJECT message by the UE

When the UE receives an RRC CONNECTION REJECT message on the downlink CCCH, it shall compare the value of the IE "Initial UE identity" in the received RRC CONNECTION REJECT message with the value of the IE "Initial UE identity" in the last RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message sent by the UE:

- if the values are different, the UE shall ignore the rest of the message;
- if the values are identical, the UE shall stop timer T300 and perform the following actions:

If the IE "wait time" <> '0', and

If the IE "frequency info" is present and:

- if V300 is equal to or smaller than N300, the UE shall initiate cell selection on the designated UTRA carrier. After having selected and camped on a cell, the UE shall re-initiate the RRC connection establishment

procedure. The UE shall suppress cell reselection to another carrier for at least the time stated in the IE "wait time";

- if a cell selection on the designated carrier fails, the UE shall wait at least the time stated in the IE "wait time", and then transmit a new RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH of the original serving cell, restart timer T300 and increase counter V300. UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.3.2;
- if V300 is greater than N300 the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

If the IE "inter-system info" is present and:

- If V300 is equal to or smaller than N300, the UE shall perform cell selection in the designated system. After having camped on a cell, the UE shall re-initiate the RRC connection establishment procedure. The UE shall suppress cell reselection to the original system for at least the time stated in the IE "wait time".
- If cell selection in the designated system fails, the UE shall wait at least the time stated in the IE "wait time", and then transmit a new RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T300 and increase counter V300. UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.3.2.

If neither the IEs "frequency info" nor "inter-system info" are present and:

- If V300 is equal to or smaller than N300, the UE shall wait at least the time stated in the IE "wait time", transmit a new RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T300 and increase counter V300. UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.3.2.
- If V300 is greater than N300 the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

If the IE "wait time" = '0', the UE shall:

- enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

### 8.1.3.8 Invalid RRC CONNECTION REJECT message

If the UE receives an RRC CONNECTION REJECT message:

- which contains an IE "Initial UE identity" with a value which is identical to the value of the IE "Initial UE identity" in the most recent RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message sent by the UE;
- but the RRC CONNECTION REJECT message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

If the IE "wait time" is  $<> 0$ , and:

- If V300 is equal to or smaller than N300, the UE shall wait at least the time stated in the IE "wait time", transmit a new RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T300 and increase counter V300. UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.3.2, except for the IE "Protocol error indicator" which shall be set to TRUE.
- If V300 is greater than N300 the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

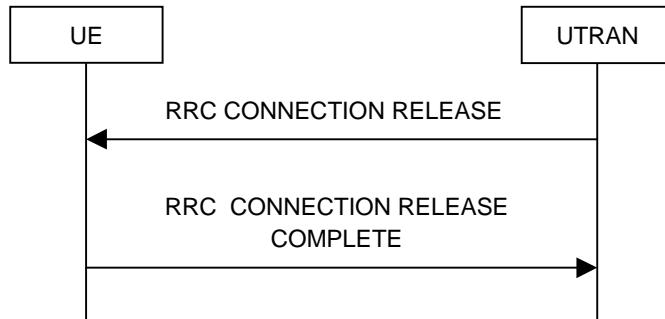
If the IE "wait time" is = 0 the UE shall:

- enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.1.3.9 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE message, the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

### 8.1.4 RRC connection release



**Figure 8: RRC Connection Release procedure**

#### 8.1.4.1 General

The purpose with this procedure is to release the RRC connection including the signalling link and all radio bearers between the UE and the UTRAN.

#### 8.1.4.2 Initiation

When the UE is in state CELL\_DCH or CELL\_FACH, the UTRAN can at anytime initiate a RRC connection release by transmitting an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message using unacknowledged mode.

UTRAN may transmit several RRC CONNECTION RELEASE messages to increase the probability of proper reception of the message by the UE. The number of repeated messages and the interval between the messages is a network option.

#### 8.1.4.3 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message by the UE

The UE shall receive and act on an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message in states CELL\_DCH and CELL\_FACH. Furthermore this procedure can interrupt any ongoing procedures with the UE in the above listed states.

When the UE receives the first RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message, it shall:

- When in state CELL\_DCH, transmit an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message using unacknowledged mode to the UTRAN and start timer T308.
- When in state CELL\_FACH, transmit an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message using acknowledged mode to the UTRAN.

Any succeeding RRC CONNECTION RELEASE messages that are received by the UE shall be ignored.

A release indication should be given to the non-access stratum.

When in CELL\_DCH state, UE shall initialise the counter V308 with the value of the IE "Number of RRC Message Transmissions", which indicates the number of times to send the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

#### 8.1.4.4 Invalid RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message

If the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Ignore the invalid RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message;
- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC;
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents according to clause 16;
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid RRC CONNECTION RELEASE message has not been received.

#### **8.1.4.5 Expiry of timer T308 in CELL\_DCH state**

When in state CELL\_DCH and the timer T308 expires, the UE shall decrease V308 by one. If V308 is greater than zero, the UE shall retransmit the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message. If V308 is equal to zero, the UE shall release all its radio resources, enter idle mode and the procedure ends on the UE side. Actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode are given in subclause 8.5.2

#### **8.1.4.6 Successful transmission of the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message in CELL\_FACT state**

When the UE is in state CELL\_FACH and RLC has confirmed the transmission of the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message it shall release all its radio resources, enter idle mode and the procedure ends on the UE side. Actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode are given in subclause 8.5.2.

#### **8.1.4.7 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message by UTRAN**

When UTRAN receives a RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message from the UE, it should release all UE dedicated resources and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

#### **8.1.4.8 Unsuccessful transmission of the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message in CELL\_FACH state**

When the UE is in state CELL\_FACH and does not succeed in transmitting the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message, it shall release all its radio resources, enter idle mode and the procedure ends on the UE side. Actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode are given in subclause 8.5.2.

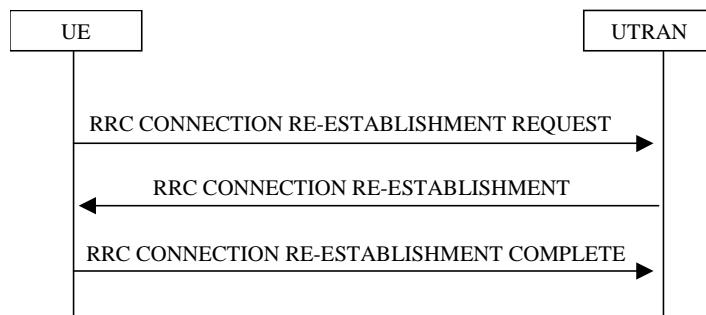
#### **8.1.4.9 Detection of dedicated physical channel release by UTRAN in CELL\_DCH state**

If the release is performed from the state CELL\_DCH, and UTRAN detects loss of a the dedicated physical channel according to subclause 8.5.6, UTRAN may release all UE dedicated resources, even if no RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message has been received.

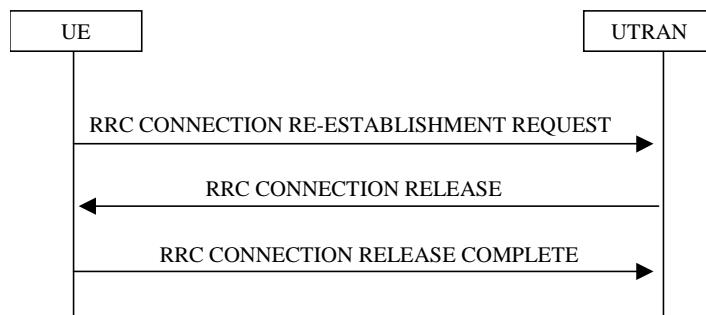
#### **8.1.4.10 No reception of an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message by UTRAN**

If UTRAN does not receive any RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message, it should release all UE dedicated resources.

### 8.1.5 RRC connection re-establishment



**Figure 9: RRC Connection Re-establishment, successful case**



**Figure 10: RRC Connection Re-establishment, failure case**

#### 8.1.5.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to re-establish a lost RRC connection.

#### 8.1.5.2 Initiation

When a UE loses the radio connection due to e.g. radio link failure (see 8.5.6) in CELL\_DCH state, the UE may initiate a new cell selection by transiting to CELL\_FACH state.

If timer T314=0 and timer T315=0 the UE shall:

- Enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

If timer T314=0 the UE shall:

- Release locally all radio bearers (except Signalling Radio Bearers) using Tr or UM RLC. An indication may be sent to the non-access stratum.

If timer T315=0 the UE shall:

- Release locally all radio bearers (except Signalling Radio Bearers) using AM RLC. An indication may be sent to the non-access stratum.

If  $T314 > 0$ , the UE shall start timer T314.

If  $T315 > 0$ , the UE shall start timer T315.

Upon initiation of the procedure, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to FALSE.

#### 8.1.5.3 Detection of "in service area"

If the UE detects "in service area"(see 8.5.10), it shall:

- Set the IE "U-RNTI" to the value stored in the UE.
- If the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR is TRUE, set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to TRUE and include the IE "Protocol error information" set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- If the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR is FALSE, set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to FALSE.
- Include an IE "Measured Results", as specified in the IE "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH reporting" and the IE "Maximum number of reported cells on RACH" in system information block type 12.
- Transmit an RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH and start timer T301.

#### 8.1.5.4 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message by the UTRAN

UTRAN may either:

- initiate the RRC connection re-establishment procedure and transmit an RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message on the downlink DCCH on FACH; or
- initiate the RRC connection release procedure in CELL\_FACH state.

#### 8.1.5.5 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message by the UE

Upon reception of the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message the UE shall:

- Stop timer T301;
- Re-establish the RRC connection according to the IEs included in the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message as specified below;
- Transmit a RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC;
- If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable;
- When the transmission of the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

The UE shall use the contents of the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message as specified in subclause 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following:

- For each reconfigured radio bearer use the mapping option applicable for the transport channels used according to the IE "RB mapping info";
- Configure MAC multiplexing if that is needed in order to use said transport channel(s);
- Use MAC logical channel priority when selecting TFC in MAC.

If neither the IEs "PRACH info" nor "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information Block Type 6 be the default in uplink. If system information block type 6 is not present in the cell, the UE shall let the physical channel of type PRACH given in system information block type 5 be the default in uplink.

If neither the IEs "Secondary CCPCH info" nor "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If the IE "TFS" is neither included nor previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete the stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- Use that C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

If the IE "New U-RNTI" is included, the UE shall update its identity.

If the IEs "CN domain identity" and "NAS system information" are included, the UE shall:

- Forward the content of the IE to the non-access stratum entity of the UE indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

#### 8.1.5.6 T314 timeout

Upon expiry of timer T314 the UE shall:

If timer T301 is running,

- Continue awaiting response message from UTRAN

If timer T301 is not running and timer T315 is running,

- Release locally all radio bearers (except Signalling Radio Bearers) using Tr or UM RLC. An indication may be sent to the non-access stratum.

If timers T301 and T315 are not running,

- Enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

#### 8.1.5.7 T315 timeout

Upon expiry of timer T315 the UE shall:

If timer T301 is running,

- Continue awaiting response message from UTRAN.

If timer T301 is not running and timer T314 is running,

- Release locally all radio bearers (except Signalling Radio Bearers) using AM RLC. An indication may be sent to the non-access stratum.

If timers T301 and T314 are not running,

- Enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

#### 8.1.5.8 Invalid RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message

If the UE receives an RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

The UE shall check the value of V301, and

- If V301 is equal to or smaller than N301, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to TRUE, transmit a new RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T301 and increase counter V301. The UE shall set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.5.2.
- If V301 is greater than N301, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

### 8.1.5.9 T301 timeout or DPCH failure

Upon expiry of timer T301, or if the UE failed to re-establish the RRC Connection indicated in the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT message the UE shall:

If timers T314 and T315 are not running,

- Enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

If timer T314 has expired during the last T301 cycle and T315 is still running,

- Release locally all radio bearers (except Signalling Radio Bearers) using Tr or UM RLC. An indication may be sent to the non-access stratum.

If timer T315 has expired during the last T301 cycle and T314 is still running,

- Release locally all radio bearers (except Signalling Radio Bearers) using AM RLC. An indication may be sent to the non-access stratum.

The UE shall re-check whether it is still in "in service area" (see 8.5.10).

If the UE still finds "in service area", it shall:

- Set the IEs in the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message according to subclause 8.1.5.3.
- Transmit a new RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message on the uplink CCCH and restart timer T301.

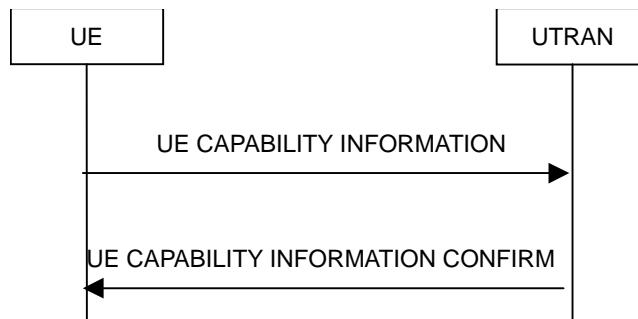
If the UE does not find "in service area", it shall:

- Continue searching for "in service area".

### 8.1.5.10 Reception of an RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE message, the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

## 8.1.6 Transmission of UE capability information



**Figure 11: Transmission of UE capability information, normal flow**

### 8.1.6.1 General

The UE capability update procedure is used by the UE to convey UE specific capability information to the UTRAN.

### 8.1.6.2 Initiation

The UE shall initiate the UE capability update procedure in the following situations:

- After the UE has received a UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message from the UTRAN;
- If UE capabilities stored in the variable UE\_CAPABILITY\_TRANSFERRED change during the RRC connection.

The UE transmits the UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message on the uplink DCCH using AM or UM RLC, starts timer T304 and resets counter V304.

If the UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message is sent in response to a UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message, the UE shall:

- include the UTRAN-specific UE capability information elements into the IE "UE radio capability", according to the requirement given in the IE "Capability update requirement" in the UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message;
- include one or more inter-system classmarks into the IE "UE system specific capability", according to the requirement given in the IE "Capability update requirement" in the UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message.

### 8.1.6.3 Reception of an UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message by the UTRAN

Upon reception of a UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message, the UTRAN should transmit a UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message on the downlink DCCH using UM or AM RLC. After the UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message has been sent, the procedure is complete.

### 8.1.6.4 Reception of the UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message by the UE

Upon reception of a UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message, the UE shall stop timer T304. It shall then update its variable UE\_CAPABILITY\_TRANSFERRED which UE capabilities it has transmitted to the UTRAN during the current RRC connection.

### 8.1.6.5 Invalid UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message

If the UE receives a UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

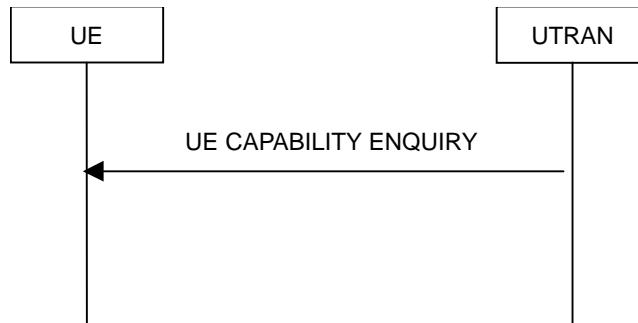
- Stop timer T304;
- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION;
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall restart timer T304 and resume normal operation as if the invalid UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM message has not been received.

### 8.1.6.6 T304 timeout

Upon expiry of timer T304, the UE shall check the value of V304 and:

- If V304 is smaller or equal than N304, the UE shall retransmit a UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message, restart timer T304 and increase counter V304;
- If V304 is greater than N304, the UE shall assume that radio link failure has occurred and initiate the RRC connection re-establishment procedure.

### 8.1.7 UE capability enquiry



**Figure 12: UE capability enquiry procedure, normal flow**

#### 8.1.7.1 General

The UE capability enquiry can be used to request the UE to transmit its capability information related to any radio access network that is supported by the UE.

#### 8.1.7.2 Initiation

The UE capability enquiry procedure is initiated by UTRAN by transmitting a UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message on the DCCH using the UM or AM SAP.

#### 8.1.7.3 Reception of an UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message by the UE

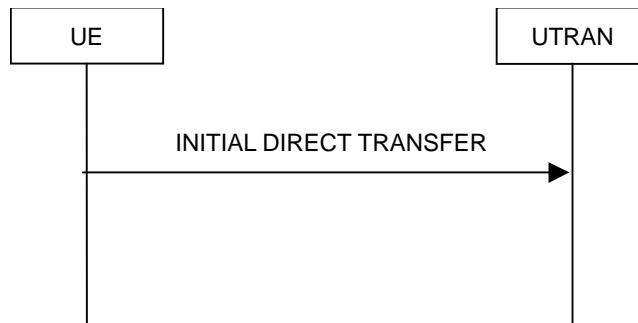
Upon reception of an UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message, the UE shall initiate the transmission of UE capability information procedure, which is specified in subclause 8.1.6.

#### 8.1.7.4 Invalid UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message

If the UE receives a UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION;
- when the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY message has not been received.

### 8.1.8 Initial Direct transfer



**Figure 13: Initial Direct transfer in the uplink, normal flow**

### 8.1.8.1 General

The initial direct transfer procedure is used in the uplink to establish signalling sessions and signalling connections. It is also used to carry the initial higher layer (NAS) messages over the radio interface.

A signalling connection comprises one or several signalling sessions. This procedure requests the establishment of a new session, and triggers, depending on the routing and if no signalling connection exists for the chosen route for the session, the establishment of a signalling connection.

### 8.1.8.2 Initiation of Initial direct transfer procedure in the UE

In the UE, the initial direct transfer procedure shall be initiated, when the upper layers request the initialisation of a new session. This request also includes a request for the transfer of a NAS message. When not stated otherwise elsewhere, the UE may initiate the initial direct transfer procedure also when another procedure is ongoing, and in that case the state of the latter procedure shall not be affected. The UE shall transmit the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

The System Information Block Type 1 and 13 may contain CN NAS information which the upper layers in the UE can use in choosing the value to set the IE "CN Domain Identity" to. If available the UE shall use this CN NAS information as well as user preference and subscription information in setting the value of IE "CN Domain Identity" to indicate which CN node the NAS message is destined to. If the upper layers in the UE have not set a value for the IE "CN Domain Identity" RRC shall set it to the value "don't care". In addition the UE shall set the IE "Service Descriptor" and the IE "Flow Identifier" to a value allocated by the UE for that particular session.

If the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message is in response to a Paging Type 1 message, the upper layers in the UE shall set the IE "CN Domain Identity" to the value indicated in the corresponding paging message. The UE shall also set the IE "Service Descriptor" and IE "Flow Identifier" to a value allocated for that particular session.

In CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall include IE "Measured results" on RACH into the DIRECT TRANSFER message, if the message is sent to establish a signalling connection and if RACH measurement reporting has been requested in the IE "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH reporting" and the IE "Maximum number of reported cells on RACH" in system information block type 12.

When the transmission of the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends.

### 8.1.8.3 Reception of INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message by the UTRAN

On reception of the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message the NAS message should be routed using the IE "CN Domain Identity" and the IE "Service Descriptor". The UTRAN should use the UE context to store the contents of the IE "Flow Identifier" for that particular session.

If no signalling connection exists towards the chosen node, then a signalling connection is established.

If the IE "Measured results" is present in the message, the UTRAN shall extract the contents to be used for radio resource control.

When the UTRAN receives an INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message, it shall not affect the state of any other ongoing RRC procedures, when not stated otherwise elsewhere.

### 8.1.9 Downlink Direct transfer



**Figure 14a: Downlink Direct transfer, normal flow**

#### 8.1.9.1 General

The downlink direct transfer procedure is used in the downlink direction to carry higher layer (NAS) messages over the radio interface.

#### 8.1.9.2 Initiation of downlink direct transfer procedure in the UTRAN

In the UTRAN, the direct transfer procedure is initiated when the upper layers request the transfer of a NAS message after the initial signalling connection is established. The UTRAN may initiate the downlink direct transfer procedure also when another RRC procedure is ongoing, and in that case the state of the latter procedure shall not be affected. The UTRAN shall transmit the DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message on the downlink DCCH using AM RLC on RB 2 or RB 3. The UTRAN should select the RB according to the following:

- If the non-access stratum indicates "low priority" for this message, RB 3 should be selected, if available. Specifically, for a GSM-MAP based CN, RB 3 should, if available, be selected when "SAPI 3" is requested. RB 2 should be selected when RB 3 is not available.
- If the non-access stratum indicates "high priority" for this message, RB 2 should be selected. Specifically, for a GSM-MAP based CN, RB 2 should be selected when "SAPI 0" is requested.

The UTRAN sets the IE "CN Domain Identity" to indicate, which CN domain the NAS message is originated from.

#### 8.1.9.3 Reception of a DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message by the UE

Upon reception of the DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message, the UE RRC shall, using the IE "CN Domain Identity", route the contents of the higher layer PDU, if any, to the correct higher layer entity.

When the UE receives a DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message, it shall not affect the state of any other ongoing RRC procedures when not stated otherwise elsewhere.

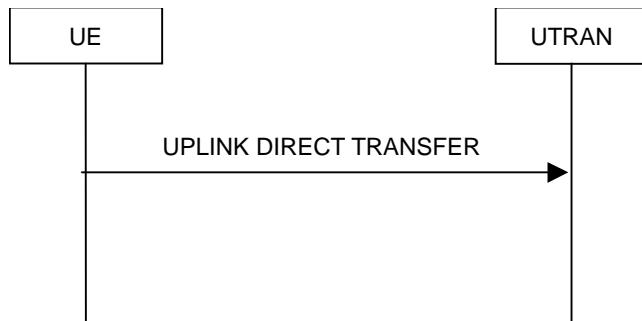
#### 8.1.9.4 Invalid DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message

If the UE receives a DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.

When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message has not been received.

### 8.1.10 Uplink Direct transfer



**Figure 14b: Uplink Direct transfer, normal flow**

#### 8.1.10.1 General

The uplink direct transfer procedure is used in the uplink direction to carry all subsequent higher layer (NAS) messages over the radio interface.

#### 8.1.10.2 Initiation of uplink direct transfer procedure in the UE

In the UE, the uplink direct transfer procedure shall be initiated when the upper layers request a transfer of a NAS message after the initial signalling connection is established. When not stated otherwise elsewhere, the UE may initiate the uplink direct transfer procedure also when another procedure is ongoing, and in that case the state of the latter procedure shall not be affected. The UE shall transmit the UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC on RB 2 or RB 3. The UE shall select the RB according to the following:

- If the non-access stratum indicates "low priority" for this message, RB 3 shall be selected, if available. Specifically, for a GSM-MAP based CN, RB 3 shall, if available, be selected when "SAPI 3" is requested. RB 2 shall be selected when RB 3 is not available.
- If the non-access stratum indicates "high priority" for this message, RB 2 shall be selected. Specifically, for a GSM-MAP based CN, RB 2 shall be selected when "SAPI 0" is requested.

The UE shall set the IE "Flow Identifier" to the same value as that allocated to that particular session when transmitting the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message for that session.

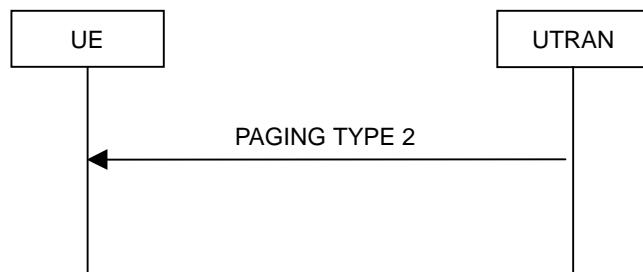
#### 8.1.10.3 Reception of UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message by the UTRAN

On reception of the UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message the NAS message should be routed using the value indicated in the IE "Flow Identifier".

If the IE "Measured results" is present in the message, the UTRAN shall extract the contents to be used for radio resource control.

When the UTRAN receives an UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER message, it shall not affect the state of any other ongoing RRC procedures, when not stated otherwise elsewhere.

### 8.1.11 UE dedicated paging



**Figure 15: UE dedicated paging**

#### 8.1.11.1 General

This procedure is used to transmit dedicated paging information to one UE in connected mode in states CELL\_DCH and CELL\_FACH. Upper layers in the network may request initiation of paging, for e.g. to establish a signalling connection.

#### 8.1.11.2 Initiation

For an UE in states CELL\_DCH or CELL\_FACH, UTRAN initiates the procedure by transmitting a PAGING TYPE 2 message on the DCCH. When not stated otherwise elsewhere, the UTRAN may initiate the UE dedicated paging procedure also when another RRC procedure is ongoing, and in that case the state of the latter procedure shall not be affected.

#### 8.1.11.3 Reception of an PAGING TYPE 2 message by the UE

When the UE receives a PAGING TYPE 2 message, it shall not affect the state of any other ongoing RRC procedures, when not stated otherwise elsewhere.

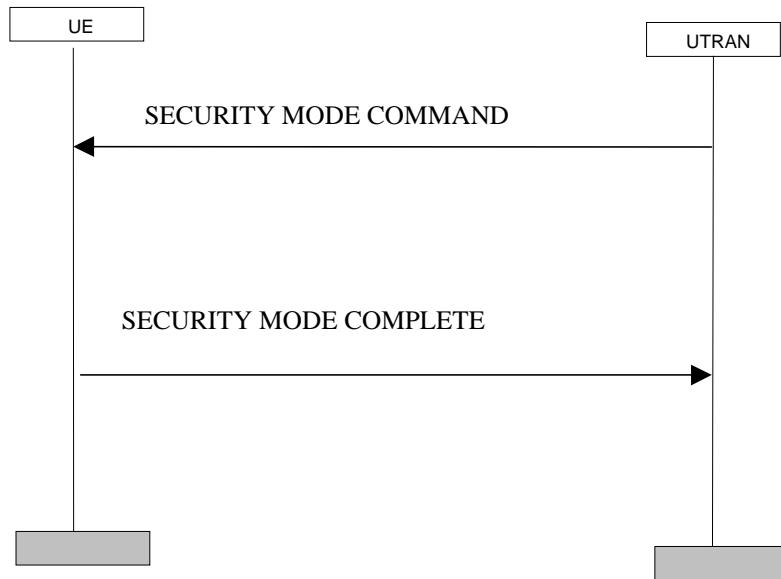
The UE shall indicate paging and forward the paging cause and the paging record type identifier to the upper layer entity indicated by the CN domain identity.

#### 8.1.11.4 Invalid PAGING TYPE 2 message

If the UE receives a PAGING TYPE 2 message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid PAGING TYPE 2 message has not been received.

### 8.1.12 Security mode control



**Figure 16: Security mode control procedure**

#### 8.1.12.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to trigger the start of ciphering or to command the change of the cipher key, both for the signalling link and for any of the radio bearers.

It is also used to start integrity protection or to restart integrity protection for uplink and downlink signalling.

#### 8.1.12.2 Initiation

Prior to UTRAN initiates a security mode control procedure for control of ciphering and if the UE has radio bearers using RLC-AM or RLC-UM, UTRAN should suspend all radio bearers belonging to the CN domain for which the security mode control procedure is initiated. Also the signalling radio bearers are suspended. For each suspended radio bearer, UTRAN includes the current RLC send sequence number in the IE "Radio bearer downlink activation time info" in the IE "Ciphering mode info".

Further, if the UE has radio bearers using RLC-TM, UTRAN sets the IE "Activation time for DPCP" in the IE "Ciphering mode info" to the CFN at which the new ciphering configuration shall become active.

To start or reconfigure ciphering and/or integrity protection, the UTRAN sends a SECURITY MODE COMMAND message on the downlink DCCH in AM RLC using the present ciphering and/or integrity protection configuration.

When the transmission of the SECURITY MODE COMMAND has been confirmed by RLC, and if the security mode control procedure is used to control ciphering, UTRAN should resume all the suspended radio bearers using RLC-AM or RLC-UM, that use the old ciphering configuration for the transmission of RLC PDUs with RLC sequence number less than the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" sent to the UE, and the new ciphering configuration for the transmission of RLC PDUs with RLC sequence number greater than or equal to the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" sent to the UE.

#### 8.1.12.3 Reception of SECURITY MODE COMMAND message by the UE

Upon reception of the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message, the UE shall perform the actions for the received information elements according to 8.5.7.

If the IE "security capabilities" is the same as indicated by variable UE\_CAPABILITY\_TRANSFERRED, the UE shall suspend (from sequence numbers on, which are greater than or equal to each radio bearer's downlink ciphering activation time) all radio bearers using RLC-AM or RLC-UM that belong to the CN domain indicated in the IE "CN domain identity", received in the message SECURITY MODE COMMAND. The UE shall also suspend all the signalling radio bearers. When the radio bearers have been suspended, the UE shall send a SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH in AM RLC, using the old ciphering and/or the new integrity protection configuration.

If a new integrity protection key has been received, the new key shall be used and the integrity protection "downlink HFN" shall be set to 0 at the RRC sequence indicated in IE "Downlink integrity protection activation info" included in the IE "Integrity protection mode info". In the uplink the UE shall start using the new key and set "uplink HFN" to 0 at the RRC sequence indicated in IE "Uplink integrity protection activation info" included in the IE "Integrity protection mode info".

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

If a new ciphering key is available, the new ciphering key shall be used and the uplink and downlink ciphering hyperframe number shall be set to zero for the signalling radio bearers and the radio bearers used by the CN indicated in the IE "CN domain identity".

When the transmission of the SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on any suspended radio bearers mapped on RLC-UM or RLC-AM, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

#### 8.1.12.4 Cipher activation time too short

If the time specified by the IE "Activation time for DPCH" or the IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" contained in the IE "Ciphering mode info" has elapsed, the UE shall switch immediately to the new cipher configuration.

#### 8.1.12.5 Unsuccessful verification of IE 'UE ciphering capabilities'

If the received IE 'UE ciphering capabilities' is not the same as indicated by variable UE\_CAPABILITY\_TRANSFERRED, the UE shall release all its radio resources, enter idle mode and the procedure ends on the UE side. Actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode are given in subclause 8.5.2.

#### 8.1.12.6 Reception of SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

UTRAN should apply integrity protection on the received SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message and all subsequent messages. When UTRAN has received a SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message and the integrity protection has successfully been applied, UTRAN shall use

for radio bearers using RLC-AM or RLC-UM:

- the old ciphering configuration for received RLC PDUs with RLC sequence number less than the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" sent by the UE.
- the new ciphering configuration for received RLC PDUs with RLC sequence number greater than or equal to the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" sent by the UE.

for radio bearers using RLC-TM:

- the new ciphering configuration for the received RLC PDUs at the CFN as indicated in the IE "Activation time for DPCH" in the IE "Ciphering mode info".

and the procedure ends.

#### 8.1.12.7 Invalid SECURITY MODE COMMAND message

If the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a SECURITY MODE FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the SECURITY MODE FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid SECURITY MODE COMMAND message has not been received and the procedure ends.

### 8.1.13 Signalling connection release procedure



**Figure 17: Signalling connection release procedure, normal case**

#### 8.1.13.1 General

The signalling connection release procedure is used to notify to the UE that one of its ongoing signalling connections to a CN domain has been released. The procedure does not initiate the release of the RRC connection.

#### 8.1.13.2 Initiation of SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE by the UTRAN

The UTRAN may initiate the signalling connection release procedure, if it receives a signalling connection release request from one CN domain and if the UE remains engaged in a signalling connection to another CN domain.

To initiate the procedure, the UTRAN transmits a SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE message on DCCH using AM RLC.

The IE "Flow Identifier" indicates the signalling flow identities that are released when the CN domain releases the signalling connection to the UE.

#### 8.1.13.3 Reception of SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE by the UE

Upon reception of a SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE message, the UE shall indicate the release of all signalling flows identified by the values of the IE "Flow identifier" to the corresponding higher layer entities.

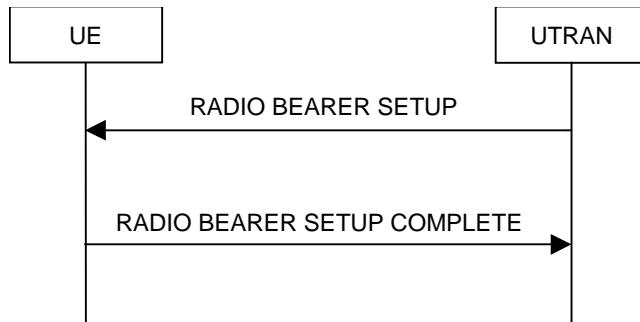
#### 8.1.13.4 Invalid SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE message

If the UE receives a SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

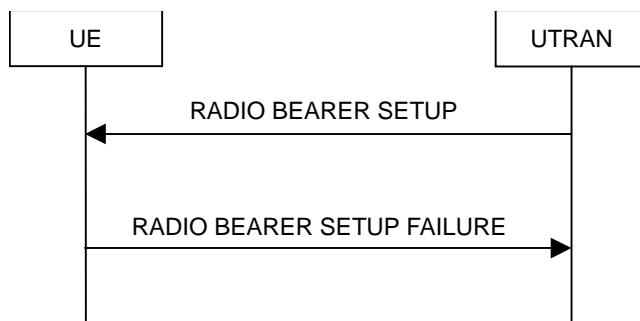
- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE message has not been received.

## 8.2 Radio Bearer control procedures

### 8.2.1 Radio bearer establishment



**Figure 18: Radio Bearer Establishment, normal case**



**Figure 19: Radio Bearer Establishment, UE reverts to old configuration**

#### 8.2.1.1 General

The purpose with this procedure is to establish new radio bearer(s). Each radio bearer established by the procedure belongs to one of the following categories:

- a signalling radio bearer, i.e. used for control plane signalling;
- a radio bearer that implements a radio access bearer (RAB) or RAB subflow(s) in the user plane.

While establishing radio bearers, the procedure may perform a hard handover, see 8.3.5. The procedure may also be used to establish a transport channel for the transparent transfer of signalling.

#### 8.2.1.2 Initiation

The upper layer in the network may request an establishment of radio bearer(s).

To initiate the procedure, UTRAN:

- configures new radio links in any new physical channel configuration and start transmission and reception on the new radio links;
- transmits a RADIO BEARER SETUP message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

If transport channels are added, reconfigured or deleted in uplink and/or downlink, UTRAN shall:

- set TFCS according to the new transport channel(s).

If the IE "Activation Time" is included, UTRAN should set it to a value taking the UE performance requirements into account.

UTRAN should take the UE capabilities into account when setting the new configuration.

### 8.2.1.3 Reception of a RADIO BEARER SETUP message by the UE

Upon reception of a RADIO BEARER SETUP message the UE shall perform actions as specified below and transmit a RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall be able to receive an RADIO BEARER SETUP message and perform a hard handover, even if no prior UE measurements have been performed on the target cell and/or frequency:

The UE shall:

- for the new radio bearer(s), use the multiplexing option applicable for the transport channels used according to the IE "RB mapping info";
- for the new radio bearer(s), if the variable CIPHERING\_STATUS is set to "Started", initialise ciphering on those radio bearers using the current ciphering hyperframe number;
- for radio bearer(s) existing prior to the message, use the multiplexing option applicable for the transport channels used, according to their IE "RB mapping info" or their previously stored multiplexing options;
- configure MAC multiplexing if that is needed in order to use said transport channel(s);
- use MAC logical channel priority when selecting TFC in MAC;
- suspend data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- use that C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

If the IE "RAB information to setup" is included, the procedure is used to establish radio bearers belonging to a radio access bearer and the UE shall:

- Associate the new radio bearers with the radio access bearer that is identified by the IE "RAB info".
- Check whether that radio access bearer exists in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS.

If the radio access bearer exists the UE shall:

- store information about the radio bearer under the radio access bearer entry in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS.

If the radio access bearer does not exist the UE shall:

- store information about the new radio access bearer in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS
- store information about the radio bearer under the radio access bearer entry in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS.
- indicate the establishment of the radio access bearer to the upper layer entity using the IE "CN domain identity", forwarding the content of the IE "RAB identity".

- For each new radio bearer, the UE shall:
  - create a new RAB subflow for the radio access bearer.
  - Number the RAB subflow in the order of when the radio bearers within the radio access bearers were created.
  - Store the number of the RAB subflow in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS.
- Indicate the establishment of each new RAB subflow to the upper layer entity using the IE "CN domain identity".

The UE should turn off the transmitter during the reconfiguration. The UE may first release the current physical channel configuration and shall then establish a new physical channel configuration according to 8.5.7 and the following.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor the IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor the IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included and if the DCH has only one link in its active set then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted.

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If neither the IE "TFS" is included or previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information:

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

#### 8.2.1.4      Unsupported configuration in the UE

If UTRAN instructs the UE to use a configuration that it does not support, the UE transmit a RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "configuration unacceptable".

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.1.5      Physical channel failure

If the UE failed to establish the physical channel(s) indicated in the RADIO BEARER SETUP message the UE shall:

- Revert to the configuration prior to the reception of the RADIO BEARER SETUP message (old configuration) and transmit a RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The procedure ends and the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers and resumes the normal operation as if no radio bearer establishment attempt had occurred.

A physical channel failure occurs in case the criteria as defined in 8.5.4 are not fulfilled. If the UE is unable to revert to the old configuration or if used, the activation time has expired, the UE shall:

- initiate a RRC connection re-establishment procedure according to subclause 8.1.5 and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "physical channel failure".

### 8.2.1.6 Reception of the RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE message, UTRAN may delete any old configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

If the IE "UL Timing Advance" is included, UTRAN shall evaluate the timing advance value that the UE has to use in the new cell after handover.

### 8.2.1.7 Reception of RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE message, UTRAN may restore the old and delete the new configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side. Upper layers should be notified of the failure.

### 8.2.1.8 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is set upon the reception of the RADIO BEARER SETUP message, the UE shall:

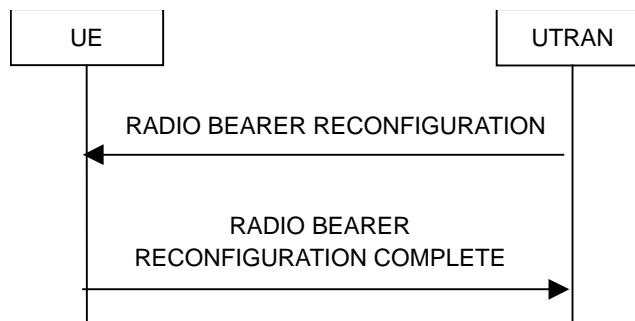
- keep the old configuration as before the RADIO BEARER SETUP message was received;
- transmit an RRC STATUS message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The IE "Protocol error cause" shall be set to "Message not compatible with receiver state". When the transmission of RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends and the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and resume normal operation as if no RADIO BEARER SETUP message had been received.

### 8.2.1.9 Invalid RADIO BEARER SETUP message

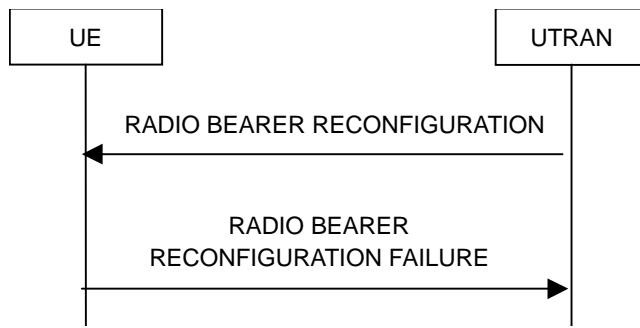
If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set and the RADIO BEARER SETUP message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- transmit a RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error";
- include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION;
- when the transmission of the RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid RADIO BEARER SETUP message has not been received and the procedure ends.

## 8.2.2 Radio bearer reconfiguration



**Figure 20: Radio bearer reconfiguration, normal flow**



**Figure 21: Radio bearer reconfiguration, failure case**

### 8.2.2.1 General

The radio bearer reconfiguration procedure is used to reconfigure parameters for a radio bearer or the signalling link to reflect a change in QoS. While doing so, the procedure may perform a hard handover, see 8.3.5.

### 8.2.2.2 Initiation

The UTRAN initiates the procedure by:

- configuring new radio links in any new physical channel configuration and start transmission and reception on the new radio links;
- Transmitting a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

If transport channels are added, reconfigured or deleted in uplink and/or downlink, the UTRAN shall:

- Set TFCS according to the new transport channel(s).

UTRAN should indicate that uplink transmission shall be suspended on certain bearers. Uplink transmission on a radio bearer used by the RRC signalling should not be suspended.

If the IE "Activation Time" is included, UTRAN should set it to a value taking the UE performance requirements into account.

UTRAN should take the UE capabilities into account when setting the new configuration.

If the message is used to initiate a transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state, the UTRAN may assign a common channel configuration of a given cell and C-RNTI to be used in that cell to the UE.

### 8.2.2.3 Reception of RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION by the UE in CELL\_DCH state

Upon reception of a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message in CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall perform actions specified below.

The UE shall be able to receive an RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message and perform a hard handover, even if no prior UE measurements have been performed on the target cell and/or frequency.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall:

- For each reconfigured radio bearer or signalling link, use the multiplexing option applicable for the transport channels used according to the IE "RB mapping info";

- Configure MAC multiplexing if that is needed in order to use said transport channel(s);
- Use MAC logical channel priority when selecting TFC in MAC;
- Suspend or resume uplink transmission for each radio bearer, as indicated by the IE "RB suspend/resume" information element;
- Suspend data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.

The UE should turn off the transmitter during the reconfiguration. The UE may first release the current physical channel configuration and shall then establish a new physical channel configuration according to 8.5.7 and the following.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor the IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in.

If neither the IEs "Secondary CCPCH info" nor "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included and if the DCH has only one link in its active set then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted.

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If neither the IE "TFS" is included or previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

If the IE "Primary CCPCH info" and the IE "New C-RNTI" are included, the UE shall:

- Select the cell indicated by the IE "Primary CCPCH info";
- Use the given C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in that given cell after having completed the transition to that cell.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the UE shall resume data transmission on each radio bearer fulfilling the following criteria:

- The radio bearer identity is RB 2 and upward;
- RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used; and
- The radio bearers was not indicated to be suspended by the IE "RB suspend/resume" information element in the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message.

The procedure ends.

If the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message is used to initiate a transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state, the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message shall be transmitted on the RACH after the UE has completed the state transition. The UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.2.4 Reception of an RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message by the UE in CELL\_FACH state

Upon reception of a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message in CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall perform actions specified below.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall:

- For each reconfigured radio bearer or signalling link, use the multiplexing option applicable for the transport channels used according to the IE "RB mapping info";
- Configure MAC multiplexing if that is needed in order to use said transport channel(s);
- Use MAC logical channel priority when selecting TFC in MAC;
- Suspend or resume uplink transmission for each radio bearer, as indicated by the IE "RB suspend/resume".

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- Use that C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor the IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor the IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in Subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted (there being only one link in the active set).

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If neither the IE "TFS" is included or previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

### 8.2.2.5 Reception of a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message, UTRAN may delete the old configuration..

If the IE "UL Timing Advance" is included, UTRAN shall evaluate the timing advance value that the UE has to use in the new cell after handover.

### 8.2.2.6 Unsupported configuration in the UE

If the UTRAN instructs the UE to use a configuration that it does not support, the UE shall:

- transmit a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC;
- set the cause value in IE "failure cause" to "configuration unacceptable".

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. It shall resume the normal operation as if no radio bearer reconfiguration attempt had occurred and the procedure ends.

### 8.2.2.7 Physical channel failure

A physical channel failure occurs in case the criteria as defined in 8.5.4 are not fulfilled.

If the UE failed to establish the physical channel(s) indicated in the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message the UE shall:

- revert to the configuration prior to the reception of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message (old configuration);
- transmit a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC;
- set the cause value in IE "failure cause" to "physical channel failure";
- when the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The procedure ends and the UE resumes the normal operation as if no radio bearer reconfiguration attempt had occurred.

If the UE is unable to revert to the old configuration or if used, the activation time has expired, the UE shall:

- Initiate a RRC connection re-establishment procedure according to subclause 8.1.5.

### 8.2.2.8 Reception of a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message, UTRAN may restore the old and delete the new configuration. The procedure ends on the UTRAN side. Upper layers should be notified of the failure.

### 8.2.2.9 No response from the UE in CELL\_DCH\_state

If no RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been received, the UTRAN may delete the old and new configuration. If the UE requests a re-establishment of the RRC connection, before all UE dedicated resources have been cleared, the new configuration may be re-assigned in the re-establishment procedure.

During transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UTRAN may also receive a CELL UPDATE message if the UE cannot use the assigned physical channel.

### 8.2.2.10 No response from the UE in CELL\_FACH state

If no RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been received, the UTRAN may delete the old and new configuration. If the UE makes a cell update before all UE dedicated resources have been cleared, the configuration procedure can be restarted.

### 8.2.2.11 Physical channel failure during transmission from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH

If the UE fails to select the cell, which was assigned in the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message initiating transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UE shall perform cell reselection and initiate the cell update procedure.

### 8.2.2.12 Suspension of signalling bearer

If the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message includes a request to suspend the signalling link with the IE "RB suspend/resume", the UE shall:

- Revert to the configuration prior to the reception of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message (old configuration);
- send a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message to the UTRAN;
- set the cause value in IE "failure cause" to "configuration unacceptable";
- When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the procedure ends and the UE shall resume the normal operation as if no radio bearer reconfiguration attempt had occurred.

### 8.2.2.13 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is set upon the reception of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message, the UE shall:

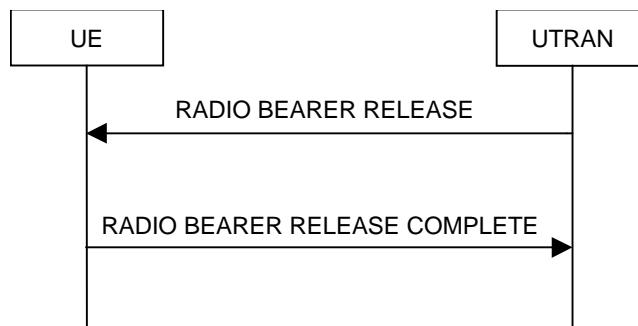
- keep the old configuration as before the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message was received;
- transmit an RRC STATUS message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The IE "Protocol error cause" shall be set to "Message not compatible with receiver state". When the transmission of RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends and the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and resume normal operation as if no RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message had been received.

### 8.2.2.14 Invalid RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message

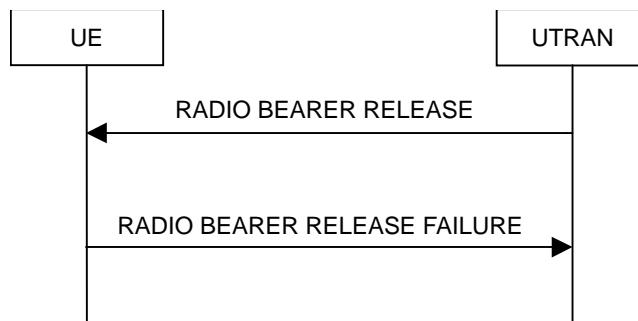
If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set and the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION message has not been received and the procedure ends.

### 8.2.3 Radio bearer release



**Figure 22: Radio Bearer Release, normal case**



**Figure 23: Radio Bearer Release, UE reverts to old configuration**

#### 8.2.3.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to release existing radio bearer(s). While doing so, the procedure may perform a hard handover, see 8.3.5.

#### 8.2.3.2 Initiation

The upper layer in the network may request a release of radio bearer(s).

To initiate the procedure, UTRAN:

- configures new radio links in any new physical channel configuration and start transmission and reception on the new radio links;
- transmits a RADIO BEARER RELEASE message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

If transport channels are added, reconfigured or deleted in uplink and/or downlink, UTRAN shall:

Set TFCS according to the new transport channel(s).

If the IE "Activation Time" is included, UTRAN should set it to a value taking the UE performance requirements into account.

UTRAN should take the UE capabilities into account when setting the new configuration.

#### 8.2.3.3 Reception of RADIO BEARER RELEASE by the UE

Upon reception of a RADIO BEARER RELEASE message the UE shall perform the following.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall be able to receive an RADIO BEARER RELEASE message and perform a hard handover, even if no prior UE measurements have been performed on the target cell and/or frequency.

The UE shall:

For the released radio bearer(s),

- delete all stored multiplexing options;
- indicate release of the RAB subflow stored in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS to the upper layer entity corresponding to the CN domain identity stored in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS;
- delete the information about the radio bearer from the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS.

When all radio bearers belonging to the same radio access bearer have been released, the UE shall:

- indicate release of the radio access bearer to the upper layer entity using the CN domain identity together with the RAB identity stored in the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS;
- delete all information about the radio access bearer from the variable ESTABLISHED\_RABS.

For all remaining radio bearer(s):

- use the multiplexing option applicable for the transport channels used according to their IE "RB mapping info" or their previously stored multiplexing options;
- configure MAC multiplexing if that is needed in order to use said transport channel(s);
- use MAC logical channel priority when selecting TFC in MAC;
- suspend data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- Use that C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

The UE should turn off the transmitter during the reconfiguration. The UE may first release the current physical channel configuration and shall then establish a new physical channel configuration according to 8.5.7 and the following.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor the IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor the IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included and if the DCH has only one link in its active set then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted.

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If neither the IE "TFS" is included or previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.
- If the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message is used to initiate a state transition to the CELL\_FACH state and if an IE primary CCPCH info and C-RNTI to a given cell is included, the UE shall elect the cell indicated by the PCCPCH info IE.
- Use the C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in that given cell after having completed the transition to that cell.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit a RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC. If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers and the procedure ends.

If the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message is used to initiate a transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state, the RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE message shall be transmitted on the RACH after the UE has completed the state transition.

#### 8.2.3.4 Unsupported configuration in the UE

If UTRAN instructs the UE to use a configuration that it does not support, the UE shall Transmit a RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and set the value of the IE "failure cause" to "configuration unacceptable".

When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The procedure ends.

#### 8.2.3.5 Physical channel failure

If the UE failed to establish the physical channel(s) indicated in the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message the UE shall:

- Revert to the configuration prior to the reception of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message (old configuration) and transmit a RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and set the value of the IE "failure cause" to "physical channel failure". When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The procedure ends and the UE resumes the normal operation as if no radio bearer release attempt had occurred.

A physical channel failure occurs in case the criteria as defined in 8.5.4 are not fulfilled . If the UE is unable to revert to the old configuration or if used, the activation time has expired, the UE shall:

- Initiate a RRC connection re-establishment procedure according to subclause 8.1.5.

#### 8.2.3.6 Reception of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE message, UTRAN may delete any old configuration, and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

If the IE "UL Timing Advance" is included, UTRAN shall evaluate the timing advance value that the UE has to use in the new cell after handover.

#### 8.2.3.7 Reception of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message, UTRAN may restore the old and delete the new configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side. Upper layers should be notified of the failure.

#### 8.2.3.8 Physical channel failure during transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH

During transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UTRAN may also receive a CELL UPDATE message if the UE cannot use the assigned physical channel.

If the UE fails to select the cell, which was assigned in the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message initiating transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UE shall perform cell reselection and initiate the cell update procedure.

### 8.2.3.9 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is set upon the reception of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message, the UE shall:

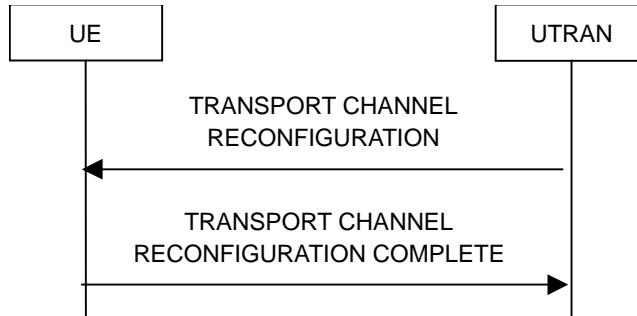
- keep the old configuration as before the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message was received;
- transmit an RRC STATUS message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The IE "Protocol error cause" shall be set to "Message not compatible with receiver state". When the transmission of RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends and the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and resume normal operation as if no RADIO BEARER RELEASE message had been received.

### 8.2.3.10 Invalid RADIO BEARER RELEASE message

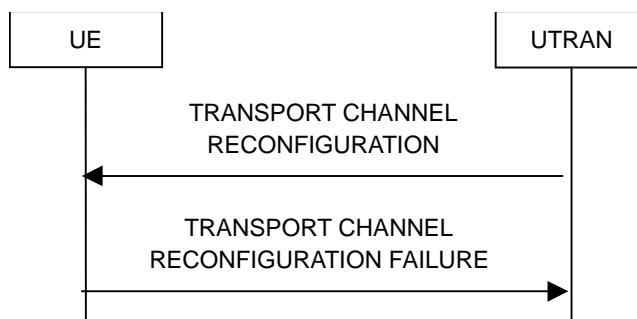
If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set and the RADIO BEARER RELEASE message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid RADIO BEARER RELEASE message has not been received and the procedure ends.

## 8.2.4 Transport channel reconfiguration



**Figure 24: Transport channel reconfiguration, normal flow**



**Figure 25: Transport channel reconfiguration, failure case**

### 8.2.4.1 General

The transport channel reconfiguration procedure is used to reconfigure transport channel parameters. While doing so, the procedure may perform a hard handover, see 8.3.5.

### 8.2.4.2 Initiation

The UTRAN shall:

- Configure new radio links in any new physical channel configuration and start transmission and reception on the new radio links.
- transmit a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

If transport channels are added, reconfigured or deleted in uplink and/or downlink, the UTRAN shall:

- Set TFCS according to the new transport channel(s).

If the IE "Activation Time" is included, UTRAN should set it to a value taking the UE performance requirements into account.

UTRAN should take the UE capabilities into account when setting the new configuration.

### 8.2.4.3 Reception of an TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message by the UE in CELL\_DCH state

Upon reception of a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message in CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall perform the following actions.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall be able to receive an TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message and perform a hard handover, even if no prior UE measurements have been performed on the target cell and/or frequency.

The UE should turn off the transmitter during the reconfiguration. The UE may first release the current physical channel configuration and shall then establish a new physical channel configuration according to 8.5.7 and the following.

The UE shall suspend data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor the IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor the IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included and if the DCH has only one link in its active set then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted.

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If the IE "TFS" is neither included nor previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

If the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is used to initiate a state transition to the CELL\_FACH state and if the IE "Primary CCPCH info" and IE "New C-RNTI" to a given cell is included, the UE shall

- Select the cell indicated by the IE "Primary CCPCH info".
- Use the C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in that given cell after having completed the transition to that cell.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

If the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is used to initiate a transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state, the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message shall be transmitted on the RACH after the UE has completed the state transition. When the transmission of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers and the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.4.4 Reception of an TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message by the UE in CELL\_FACH state

Upon reception of a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message in CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall perform the following.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- Use that C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted (there being only one link in the active set).

The UE shall use the transport channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If the IE "TFS" is neither included nor previously stored in the UE for that transport channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.4.5 Reception of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message, UTRAN may delete any old configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

If the IE "UL Timing Advance" is included, UTRAN shall evaluate the timing advance value that the UE has to use in the new cell after handover.

#### 8.2.4.6 Unsupported configuration in the UE

If the UTRAN instructs the UE to use a configuration that it does not support, the UE shall:

- transmit a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and set the cause value in IE "Failure Cause" to "configuration unacceptable".
- When the transmission of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers and the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.4.7 Physical channel failure

If the UE failed to establish the physical channel(s) indicated in the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message the UE shall:

- Revert to the configuration prior to the reception of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (old configuration) and transmit a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and set the cause value in IE "Failure Cause" to "physical channel failure". When the transmission of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The procedure ends and the UE resumes the normal operation as if no transport channel reconfiguration attempt had occurred.

A physical channel failure occurs in case the criteria as defined in 8.5.4 are not fulfilled. If the UE is unable to revert to the old configuration or if used, the activation time has expired, the UE shall:

- Initiate a RRC connection re-establishment procedure according to subclause 8.1.5.

#### 8.2.4.8 Reception of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the TRANSPORT CHANNELRECONFIGURATION FAILURE message, UTRAN may restore the old and delete the new configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side. Upper layers should be notified of the failure.

#### 8.2.4.9 Non-receipt of TRANSPORT CHANNEL CONFIGURATION COMPLETE message and TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message in CELL\_DCH state

If UTRAN does not receive TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE it may delete the old and new configuration. If the UE requests a re-establishment of the RRC connection, before all UE dedicated resources have been cleared, the new configuration may be re-assigned in the re-establishment procedure.

During transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UTRAN may also receive a CELL UPDATE message if the UE cannot use the assigned physical channel.

#### 8.2.4.10 Non-receipt of TRANSPORT CHANNEL CONFIGURATION COMPLETE message and TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message in CELL\_FACH state

If UTRAN does not receive TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message it may delete the old and new configuration. If the UE makes a cell update before all UE dedicated resources have been cleared, the configuration procedure can be restarted.

#### 8.2.4.11 Physical channel failure during transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH

If the UE fails to select the cell, which was assigned in the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message initiating transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UE shall perform cell and initiate the cell update procedure.

#### 8.2.4.12 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is set upon the reception of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, the UE shall:

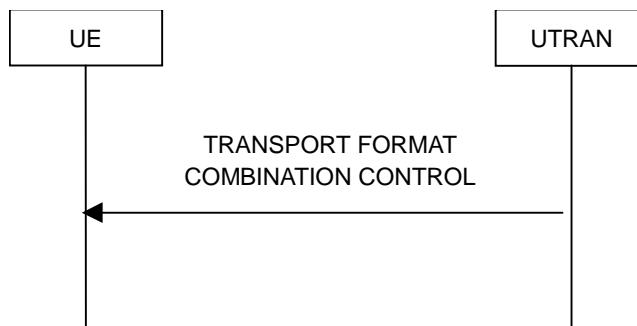
- keep the old configuration as before the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message was received;
- transmit an RRC STATUS message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The IE "Protocol error cause" shall be set to "Message not compatible with receiver state". When the transmission of RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends and the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and resume normal operation as if no TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message had been received.

#### 8.2.4.13 Invalid TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set and the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message has not been received and the procedure ends.

## 8.2.5 Transport format combination control



**Figure 26: Transport format combination control, normal flow**

### 8.2.5.1 General

The transport format combination control procedure is used to control the allowed uplink transport format combinations within the transport format combination set.

### 8.2.5.2 Initiation

The UTRAN shall transmit the TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message on the downlink DCCH using AM, UM or TM RLC. When not stated otherwise elsewhere, the UE may initiate the transport format combination control procedure also when another procedure is ongoing, and in that case the state of the latter procedure shall not be affected.

UTRAN should not initiate a transport format combination control procedure, during while awaiting the completion of the following procedures:

- Radio bearer establishment (subclause 8.2.1);
- Radio bearer release (subclause 8.2.3);
- Radio bearer reconfiguration (subclause 8.2.2);
- Transport channel reconfiguration (subclause 8.2.4);
- Physical channel reconfiguration (subclause 8.2.6).

To change the sub-set of allowed transport format combinations, the UTRAN shall set the allowed TFCs in the IE "TFC subset". The network can optionally specify the duration for which a new TFC sub-set applies. The network shall do this by using the IE "TFC Control duration".

To completely remove the previous restrictions of allowed transport format combinations, the UTRAN shall set the "full transport format combination" in the IE "TFC subset".

### 8.2.5.3 Reception of a TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message by the UE

Upon reception of the TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message, and if the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set the UE shall determine whether the IE "TFC Control duration" is included.

If the IE "TFC Control duration" is not included then the UE shall:

- Store the newly specified TFC (sub)set in the variable to be called 'default TFC (sub)set';
- Configure the allowed transport format combinations as defined in subclause 8.5.7.5.3.

If the IE "TFC Control duration" is included in the message then:

- The TFC set or TFC sub-set specified in the message shall be activated at frame  $n + z$  where  $n$  is the frame (with 10 ms resolution) at which the UE received the message and  $z$  is specified in TR 25.926 (UE radio access capabilities). The specified TFC set or sub-set shall then be applied for the number of (10 ms) frames specified in the IE "TFC Control duration".

If no further TFC Control messages are received during this interval then:

- At the end of the defined period the UE shall change the TFC (sub)set back to the 'default TFC (sub)set'.

If further TFC Control messages are received during the 'TFC Control duration' period then the UE shall re-configure itself in accordance with the TFC (sub)set defined in the most recently received message.

#### 8.2.5.4 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is set, the UE shall:

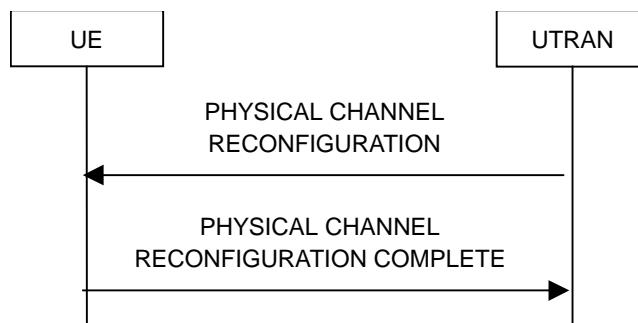
- keep the TFC subset as before the TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message was received;
- transmit a TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The UE shall set the IE "failure cause" to "incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration". When the transmission of TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.5.5 Invalid TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message

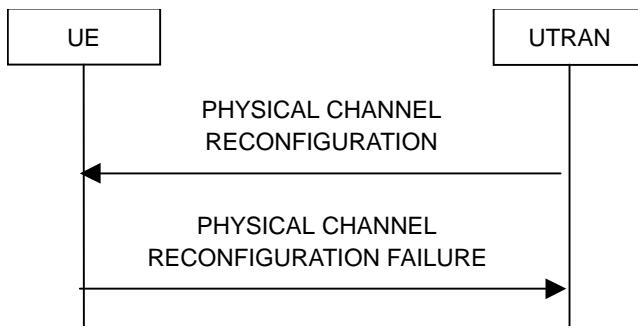
If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set and the TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message has not been received and the procedure ends.

#### 8.2.6 Physical channel reconfiguration



**Figure 27: Physical channel reconfiguration, normal flow**



**Figure 28: Physical channel reconfiguration, failure case**

### 8.2.6.1 General

The physical channel reconfiguration procedure is used to establish, reconfigure and release physical channels. While doing so, the procedure may perform a hard handover, see 8.3.5.

### 8.2.6.2 Initiation

To initiate the procedure, the UTRAN should:

- Configure new radio links in any new physical channel configuration and start transmission and reception on the new radio links.
- transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

UTRAN should take the UE capabilities into account when setting the new configuration.

If the message is used to initiate a transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state, the UTRAN may assign a common channel configuration of a given cell and C-RNTI to be used in that cell to the UE.

### 8.2.6.3 Reception of a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message by the UE in CELL\_DCH state

Upon reception of a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, the UE shall perform the following actions.

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall be able to receive an PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message and perform a hard handover, even if no prior UE measurements have been performed on the target cell and/or frequency.

The UE shall suspend data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- Use that C-RNTI when using common physical channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

The UE should turn off the transmitter during the reconfiguration. The UE may first release the current physical channel configuration and shall then establish a new physical channel configuration according to 8.5.7 and the following.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included and if the DCH has only one link in its active set then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted.

The UE shall use the physical channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If IE "TFS" is neither included nor previously stored in the UE for that physical channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

If the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is used to initiate a state transition to the CELL\_FACH state and if an IE "Primary CCPCH info" and IE "New C-RNTI" to a given cell is included, the UE shall:

- Select the cell indicated by the IE "Primary CCPCH info".
- Use the C-RNTI when using common transport channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in that given cell after having completed the transition to that cell.

The UE shall enter a state according to 8.5.8.

The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers and the procedure ends.

If the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message is used to initiate a transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state, the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message shall be transmitted on the RACH after the UE has completed the state transition. The UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

#### **8.2.6.4 Reception of PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION by the UE in CELL\_FACH state**

The UE shall store the received physical channel configuration and the activation time in the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

If the IE "New C-RNTI" is included, the UE shall:

- Use that C-RNTI when using common physical channels of type RACH, FACH and CPCH in the current cell.

If neither the IE "PRACH info" nor IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Let the physical channel of type PRACH that is given in system information be the default in uplink.

If neither the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" nor IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Start to receive the physical channel of type Secondary CCPCH that is given in system information.

In FDD, if the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included but the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is not included then the UE shall act upon the 'PDSCH code mapping' IE as specified in subclause 8.5.7 and:

- Infer that the PDSCH will be transmitted from the BS from which the downlink DPCH is transmitted (there being only one link in the active set).

The UE shall use the physical channel(s) applicable for the physical channel types that is used. If neither the IE "TFS" is included or previously stored in the UE for that physical channel(s), the UE shall:

- Use the TFS given in system information.

If none of the TFS stored is compatible with the physical channel, the UE shall:

- Delete stored TFS and use the TFS given in system information.

The UE shall transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC.

If the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable.

When the transmission of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall enter a state according to subclause 8.5.8 applied on the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message. If the UE ends up in the CELL\_PCH or URA\_PCH state, it shall delete its C-RNTI. The UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG, clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends.

### **8.2.6.5 Reception of a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN**

When UTRAN has received the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message, UTRAN may delete any old configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

UTRAN may delete the C-RNTI of the UE if the procedure caused the UE to leave the CELL\_FACH state.

If the IE "UL Timing Advance" is included, UTRAN shall evaluate the timing advance value that the UE has to use in the new cell after handover.

### **8.2.6.6 Unsupported configuration in the UE**

If the UE instructs the UE to use a configuration that it does not support, the UE shall

- transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and shall set the cause value in IE "failure cause" to "configuration unacceptable".

When the transmission of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and the procedure ends.

### **8.2.6.7 Physical channel failure**

If the UE failed to establish the physical channel(s) indicated in the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message the UE shall:

- Revert to the configuration prior to the reception of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message (old configuration) and transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC and shall set the cause value in IE "failure cause" to "physical channel failure". The procedure ends and the UE resumes the normal operation as if no physical channel reconfiguration attempt had occurred.

A physical channel failure occurs in case the criteria as defined in 8.5.4 are not fulfilled . If the UE is unable to revert to the old configuration or if used, the activation time has expired, the UE shall:

- Initiate a RRC connection re-establishment procedure according to subclause 8.1.5

### 8.2.6.8 Reception of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message by the UTRAN

When UTRAN has received the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message, UTRAN may delete the new configuration and the procedure ends on the UTRAN side. Upper layers should be notified of the failure.

### 8.2.6.9 Non-receipt of PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message in CELL\_DCH state

If no PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been received, the UTRAN may delete the old and new configuration. If the UE requests a re-establishment of the RRC connection, before all UE dedicated resources have been cleared, the new configuration may be re-assigned in the re-establishment procedure.

During transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UTRAN may also receive a CELL UPDATE message if the UE cannot use the assigned physical channel.

### 8.2.6.10 Non-receipt of PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message in CELL\_FACH state

If no PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message or PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been received, the UTRAN may delete the old and new configuration. If the UE makes a cell update before all UE dedicated resources have been cleared, the configuration procedure can be restarted.

### 8.2.6.11 Physical channel failure during transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH

If the UE fails to select the cell, which was assigned in the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message initiating transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, the UE shall perform cell and initiate the cell update procedure.

### 8.2.6.12 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is set upon the reception of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, the UE shall

- keep the old configuration as before the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message was received
- transmit an RRC STATUS message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The IE "Protocol error cause" shall be set to "Message not compatible with receiver state". When the transmission of RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends and the UE shall clear the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG and resume normal operation as if no PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message had been received.

### 8.2.6.13 Invalid PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message

If the variable ORDERED\_CONFIG is not set and the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume data transmission on RB 2 and upwards if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers. The UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message has not been received and the procedure ends.

## 8.2.7 Physical Shared Channel Allocation [TDD only]



**Figure 29: Physical Shared Channel Allocation**

### 8.2.7.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to allocate physical resources to USCH or DSCH transport channels in TDD mode, for temporary usage by a UE.

### 8.2.7.2 Initiation

The UE is in the CELL\_FACH or CELL\_DCH state, and at least one RB using USCH or DSCH has been established.

The UTRAN sends the "PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION" message via the SHCCH, to allocate PUSCH or PDSCH resources to exactly one CCTrCH.

### 8.2.7.3 Reception of a PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message by the UE

The UE shall check the C-RNTI to see if the UE is addressed by the message. If so, the UE shall evaluate the message and use the IEs as specified below.

If the IE "PDSCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- decode the IE "Allocation Activation Time" and the IE "Allocation Duration", to determine the time interval for which the allocation shall be valid;
- configure Layer 1 according to the PDSCH information received in allocation message or in BCCH SIB#6 (as default if not specified in allocation message), for the specified time interval received in allocation message;
- start receiving the PDSCH where the TFCI is included;
- receive the PDSCHs, and decode and demultiplex them into the respective DSCH channels according to the TFCI.

If the IE "PUSCH info" is included, the UE shall:

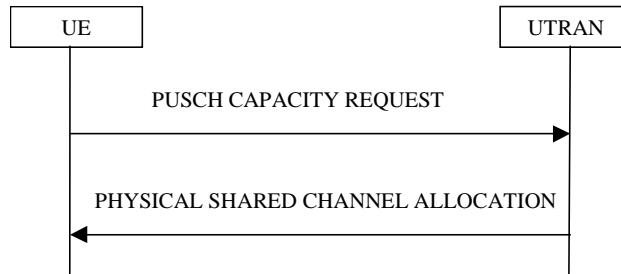
- decode the IE "Allocation Activation Time" and the IE "Allocation Duration", to determine the time interval for which the allocation shall be valid;
- configure Layer 1 according to the PUSCH information received in allocation message or in BCCH SIB#6 (as default if not specified in allocation message), for the specified time interval received in allocation message;
- determine the TFCS subset and hence the TFCI values which are possible given the PUSCH allocation for that CCTrCH;
- configure the MAC-c/sh in the UE with this TFCS restriction if necessary;
- transmit USCH Transport Block Sets as required, within the TFCS limits given by the PUSCH allocation.

In addition, the UE shall evaluate the IE "PUSCH Allocation Pending" parameter: If its value is "pending", the UE starts a timer T311. As long as this timer is running, the UE is not allowed to use the RACH for potential USCH capacity requests. See the USCH CAPACITY REQUEST procedure.

In addition if the message contains an optional IE "Uplink Timing Advance" the UE shall configure the Layer 1 with the new Timing Advance.

NOTE: If UE has just entered a new cell and SIB#6 USCH or DSCH information has not yet been scheduled, USCH/DSCH information is specified in allocation message.

## 8.2.8 PUSCH capacity request [TDD only]



**Figure 30: PUSCH Capacity request procedure**

### 8.2.8.1 General

With this procedure, the UE transmits its request for PUSCH resources to the UTRAN. In the normal case, the UTRAN responds with a PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message, which either allocates the requested PUSCH resources, and/or allocates a PDSCH resource, or may just serve as an acknowledgement, indicating that PUSCH allocation is pending.

With the PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message, the UE can request capacity for one or more USCH.

NOTE: Triggering of the capacity request is controlled by the measurement control procedure.

### 8.2.8.2 Initiation

The UE is in the CELL\_FACH or CELL\_DCH state, and at least one RB using USCH has been established. The RRC in the UE sees the requirement to request physical resources (PUSCH) for an USCH channel.

The RRC decides to send a PUSCH capacity request on the SHCCH. This is possible if:

- Timer T311 is not running.
- The timer T310 (capacity request repetition timer) is not running.

So the UE sends a PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message on the uplink SHCCH, resets counter V310, and starts timer T310.

With one PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message, capacity for one or more USCH can be requested. It shall include these information elements:

- C-RNTI to be used as UE identity;
- Radio Bearer ID, for each radio bearer requiring capacity on USCH;
- RLC buffer payload for these radio bearers.

As an option, the message may include "Timeslot ISCP" and "Primary CCPCH RSCP".

The timeslots for which "Timeslot ISCP" may be reported shall have been configured with a previous PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message.

### 8.2.8.3 Reception of a PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message by the UTRAN

The UTRAN should send a PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message to the UE, either for allocating PUSCH or PDSCH resources, or just as an acknowledgement, announcing a pending PUSCH allocation.

### 8.2.8.4 Reception of a PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message by the UE

Once the UE receives this message with the correct C-RNTI included, it shall stop the timer T310 and shall evaluate the message as described in the Physical Shared Channel Allocation procedure. In particular, it shall take the IE "PUSCH Allocation Pending" into account: If this IE has the value "pending", the UE shall start the timer T311. As long as this timer is running, the UE is prohibited to send PUSCH Capacity Requests on the SHCCH.

If the IE "PUSCH Allocation Pending" indicates "not pending", the UE shall stop the timer T311, and is allowed to send PUSCH Capacity Requests on the SHCCH again.

If the PUSCH capacity allocated in this message is not sufficient for all the USCH transmission requests which the UE may have, the RRC in the UE may decide to issue further PUSCH Capacity Requests - provided timer T311 is not running.

### 8.2.8.5 T310 time out

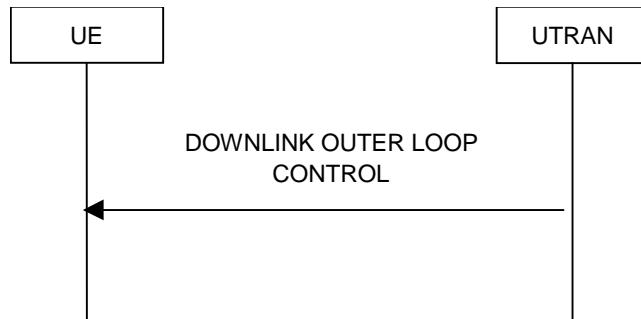
Upon expiry of timer T310, the UE shall

- If V310 is equal to or smaller than N310, transmit a new PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message on the Uplink SHCCH, restart timer T310 and increase counter V310. The UE shall set the IEs in the PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message as specified above.

### 8.2.8.6 Maximum number of re-attempts exceeded

In this case the UE stops the procedure. It can start another PUSCH capacity request procedure if the UE-RRC sees the need for it.

### 8.2.9 Downlink outer loop control



**Figure 31: Downlink Outer Loop Control, normal flow**

#### 8.2.9.1 General

The downlink outer loop control procedure is used to control the downlink outer loop power control running in the UE.

#### 8.2.9.2 Initiation

The UTRAN may transmit the DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

To prevent the UE from increasing its DL SIR target value above its current value, the UTRAN should set the "Downlink Outer Loop Control" IE to "Increase not allowed".

To remove the previous restriction on the downlink outer loop power control, the UTRAN should set the "Downlink Outer Loop Control" IE to "Increase allowed".

### 8.2.9.3 Reception of DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL message by the UE

Upon reception of the DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL message, the UE shall perform actions specified in 8.5.7 unless otherwise specified below.

The UE shall read the IE "Downlink Outer Loop Control".

If the IE "Downlink Outer Loop Control" is set to "Increase not allowed", the UE shall prevent its DL SIR target value from increasing above the current value.

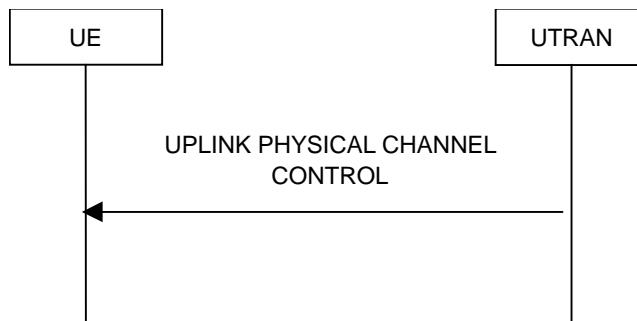
If the IE "Downlink Outer Loop Control" is set to "Increase allowed", the UE shall remove the above restriction.

### 8.2.9.4 Invalid DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL message

If the UE receives a DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL message has not been received.

## 8.2.10 Uplink Physical Channel Control



**Figure 32: Uplink Physical Channel Control**

### 8.2.10.1 General

The uplink physical channel control procedure is used to control the uplink outer loop power control and timing advance running in the UE in TDD.

### 8.2.10.2 Initiation

The UTRAN initiates the procedure by transmitting the UPLINK PHYSICAL CHANNEL CONTROL message on the downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC in order to update parameters for uplink open loop power control in the UE for one CCTrCH or to inform the UE about a new timing advance value to be applied. Especially, uplink interference information measured by the UTRAN can be included for the uplink timeslots used for the CCTrCH.

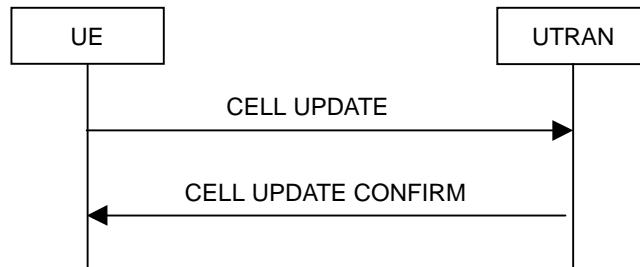
### 8.2.10.3 Reception of UPLINK PHYSICAL CHANNEL CONTROL message by the UE

Upon reception of the UPLINK PHYSICAL CHANNEL CONTROL message, the UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7.

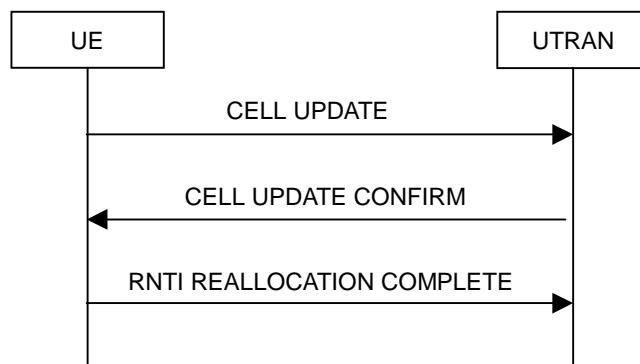
If Uplink DPCH Power Control Info, Constant Value, or list of UL Timeslot Interference IE's are transmitted, this information shall be taken into account by the UE for uplink open loop power control as specified in 8.5.9.

## 8.3 RRC connection mobility procedures

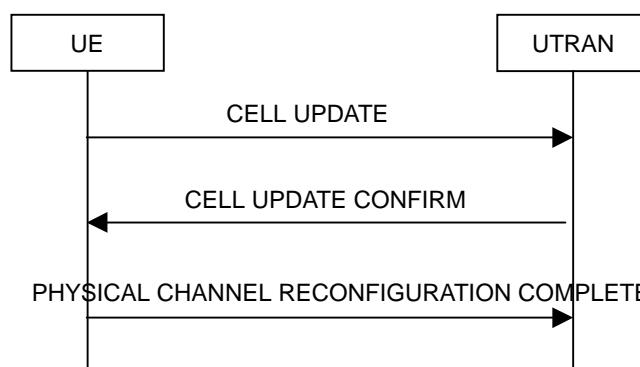
### 8.3.1 Cell update



**Figure 33: Cell update procedure, basic flow**



**Figure 34: Cell update procedure with RNTI reallocation**



**Figure 35: Cell update procedure with physical channel reconfiguration**

#### 8.3.1.1 General

The main purpose of the cell update procedure is to update UTRAN with the current cell of the UE after cell reselection in CELL\_FACH or CELL\_PCH state. It may also be used for supervision of the RRC connection, even if no cell reselection takes place. The cell update procedure can also be used to re-configure the AM RLC entities for the signalling link and the u-plane link. The UE can use a CELL UPDATE message to notify the unrecoverable error in an AM RLC entity for the signalling link (see note).

NOTE: PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message is only used when common channels are configured (doesn't apply to dedicated channels)

### 8.3.1.2 Initiation

A UE in CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH or URA\_PCH state may apply the cell update procedure for a number of purposes. The specific requirements the UE shall take into account for each case are specified in the following:

- Upon initiation of the procedure, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to FALSE.
- In CELL\_FACH or CELL\_PCH state, the UE shall perform the cell update procedure when selecting another cell (cell reselection).
- In CELL\_FACH and CELL\_PCH state, the UE shall perform the cell update procedure upon expiry of T305 while the UE is in the service area. The UE shall only perform this periodic cell updating if configured by means of the IE "Information for periodical cell and URA update" in System Information Block Type 2. The UE shall initially start timer T305 upon entering CELL\_FACH or CELL\_PCH state.
- In CELL\_PCH state and URA\_PCH state, the UE shall initiate the cell update procedure if it wants to transmit UL data.
- In CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH state, the UE shall perform the cell update procedure when receiving a PAGING TYPE 1 message as in subclause 8.1.2.3.
- moving to CELL\_FACH state, if not already in that state.
- delete any C-RNTI and suspend data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.
- sending a CELL UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH.
- starting timer T302 and resetting counter V302.

The IE "cell update cause" shall be used as follows:

- In case of cell reselection: "cell reselection";
- In case of periodic cell updating: "periodic cell update";
- In case of UL data transmission: "UL data transmission";
- In case of paging response: "paging response".

If the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR is TRUE, the UE shall set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to TRUE and include the IE "Protocol error information" set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.

If the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR is FALSE, the UE shall set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to FALSE.

The IE "AM\_RLC error indication" shall be set when the UE detects unrecoverable error in an AM RLC entity for the signalling link.

The UE shall include an intra-frequency measurement report in the CELL UPDATE message, as specified in the IE "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH reporting" and the IE "Maximum number of reported cells on RACH" in system information block type 12.

### 8.3.1.3 T305 expiry and the UE detects that it is out of service area

When the T305 expires and the UE detects that it is out of service area that is specified in subclause 8.5.5, the UE shall

- start timer T307;
- search for cell to camp.

### 8.3.1.3.1 Re-entering of service area

When the UE detects that it is no longer out of service area before the expiry of T307, the UE shall:

- transmit a CELL UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH

### 8.3.1.3.2 Expiry of timer T307

When the T307 expires, the UE shall:

- move to idle mode;
- release all dedicated resources;
- indicate a RRC connection failure to the non-access stratum.

Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.3.1.4 Reception of an CELL UPDATE message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN receives a CELL UPDATE message, it should transmit a CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message on the downlink DCCH.

When the UTRAN detects AM\_RLC error, it waits for CELL UPDATE message from the UE and when the UTRAN receives it, UTRAN commands the UE to re-configure AM\_RLC by sending CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message. This procedure can be used not only in the case of AM\_RLC error but also in the case that UTRAN wants to re-configure AM\_RLC for other reasons such as in the case when SRNC Relocation is initiated without keeping RLC status (current counters) from old SRNC to new SRNC.

### 8.3.1.5 Reception of the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message by the UE

Upon receiving the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message, the UE shall stop timer T302.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "CN domain identity" and the IE "NAS system information", the UE shall forward the content of the IE "NAS system information" to the non-access stratum entity of the UE identified by the IE "CN domain identity".

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "URA-Id" the UE shall store this URA identity.

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message does not include IE "new C-RNTI", IE "new U-RNTI", IE "PRACH info" nor IE "Secondary CCPCH info", no RRC response message is sent to the UTRAN.

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "new C-RNTI" and optionally the IE "new U-RNTI" but does not include IE "PRACH info" or IE "Secondary CCPCH info", the UE shall update its identities and transmit an RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using the PRACH indicated in the broadcast system information.

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "RLC re-configuration indicator (for C-plane)" the UE shall reconfigure the AM RLC entities on C-plane.

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "RLC re-configuration indicator (for U-plane)" the UE shall reconfigure the AM RLC entities on U-plane.

If the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "PRACH info" and/or the IE "Secondary CCPCH info", the UE shall

- Perform the actions stated in subclauses 8.5.7.6.2 and 8.5.7.6.3.
- update its identities if the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE new C-RNTI" and optionally the IE "new U-RNTI".

- transmit a PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using the PRACH indicated in CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.

The UE shall enter a state according to subclause 8.5.8 applied on the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message, unless specified otherwise below.

If the IE "Cell update cause" in CELL UPDATE message was set to "UL data transmission" or "paging response", the UE shall remain in CELL\_FACH state.

If the IE "Cell update cause" in CELL UPDATE message was set to "periodic cell update" or "cell reselection", the UE shall return to the state it was in before initiating the cell update procedure.

In case none of the above conditions apply, the UE shall return to the state it was in before initiating the cell update procedure.

In case the UE ends in CELL\_FACH or CELL\_PCH state and periodic cell updating is configured, it shall reset timer T305.

In case the UE does not end in CELL\_FACH state, it shall delete its C-RNTI.

If the UE remains in CELL\_FACH state and the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "New C-RNTI" the UE shall then resume data transmission on RB 2 and upward, if RLC-AM or RLC-UM is used on those radio bearers.

### 8.3.1.6 Invalid CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message

If the UE receives an CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

The UE shall check the value of V302 and

- If V302 is smaller or equal than N302, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to TRUE, retransmit a CELL UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T302 and increase counter V302. The IE "Cell update cause" shall be set to the event causing the transmission of the CELL UPDATE message, see subclause 8.3.1.2.
- If V302 is greater than N302, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.3.1.7 T302 expiry or cell reselection

- Upon expiry of timer T302; and/or
- upon reselection of another UTRA cell when waiting for the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message,

the UE shall check the value of V302 and:

- If V302 is smaller or equal than N302, the UE shall retransmit a CELL UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T302 and increase counter V302. The IE "Cell update cause" shall be set to the event causing the transmission of the CELL UPDATE message, see subclause 8.3.1.2.
- If V302 is greater than N302, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

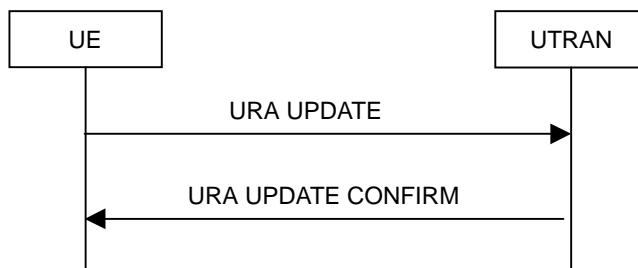
### 8.3.1.8 Reception of the RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

See subclause 8.3.3.4.

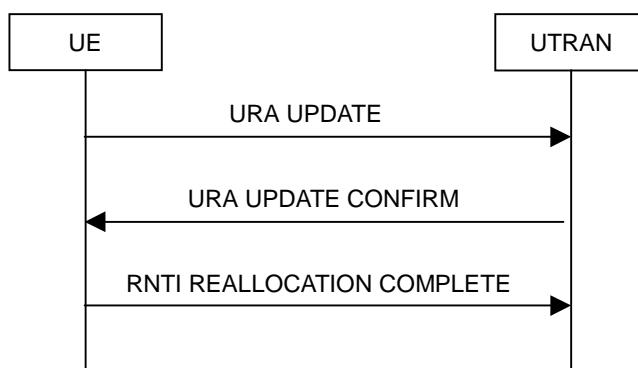
### 8.3.1.9 Reception of the PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN receives PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION message, the procedure ends.

### 8.3.2 URA update



**Figure 36: URA update procedure, basic flow**



**Figure 37: URA update procedure with RNTI reallocation**

#### 8.3.2.1 General

The main purpose of the URA update procedure is to update UTRAN with the current URA of the UE after URA reselection in URA\_PCH state. It may also be used for supervision of the RRC connection, even if no URA reselection takes place. UTRAN registration areas may be hierarchical to avoid excessive signalling. This means that several URA identifiers may be broadcast in one cell and that different UEs in one cell may reside in different URAs. A UE in URA\_PCH state shall always have one and only one valid URA. The URA UPDATE CONFIRM message may also contain new NAS system information.

#### 8.3.2.2 Initiation

A UE in URA\_PCH state may apply the URA update procedure for a number of purposes. The specific requirements the UE shall take into account for each case are specified in the following:

- Upon initiation of the procedure, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to FALSE.
- In URA\_PCH state, the UE shall perform the URA update procedure when the current URA assigned to the UE is not present in the list of URA IDs broadcast in a cell.
- In URA\_PCH state, the UE shall perform the URA update procedure upon expiry of T306 while the UE is in the service area. The UE shall only perform this periodic URA updating if configured by means of the IE "Information for periodical cell and URA update" in System Information Block Type 2. The UE shall initially start timer T306 upon entering URA\_PCH state.

The UE shall start the URA update procedure by:

- temporarily storing the list of URA IDs broadcast in a cell;

- moving to CELL\_FACH state;
- sending a URA UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH;
- starting timer T303 and resetting counter V303.

The IE "URA update cause" shall be set as follows;

- in case of URA reselection, to: "URA reselection";
- in case of periodic URA updating, to: "periodic URA update".

If the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR is TRUE, the UE shall set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to TRUE and include the IE "Protocol error information" set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.

If the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR is FALSE, the UE shall set the IE "Protocol error indicator" to FALSE.

### 8.3.2.3 T306 expiry and the UE detects that it is out of service area

When the T306 expires and the UE detects that it is out of service area, which is specified in subclause 8.5.5, the UE shall:

- start timer T307;
- search for cell to camp.

#### 8.3.2.3.1 Re-entering of service area

When the UE detects that it is no longer out of service area before the expiry of T307, the UE shall:

- transmit URA UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH.

#### 8.3.2.3.2 Expiry of timer T307

When the T307 expires, the UE shall:

- move to idle state;
- release all dedicated resources;
- indicate a RRC connection failure to the non-access stratum.

Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.3.2.4 Reception of an URA UPDATE message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN receives a URA UPDATE message, it should transmit a URA UPDATE CONFIRM message on the downlink CCCH or DCCH.

The UTRAN should assign the URA ID to the UE in the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message in a cell where multiple URAs are valid.

### 8.3.2.5 Reception of an URA UPDATE CONFIRM message by the UE

Upon receiving the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message, the UE shall stop timer T303 and restart timer T306. If the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IEs "new C-RNTI" and optionally IE "new U-RNTI", the UE shall:

- update its identities and transmit an RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using the PRACH indicated in the broadcast system information.

If the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IE "URA ID", the UE shall:

- confirm whether indicated URA ID is in the list of URA IDs which is temporarily stored in the UE;
- update URA ID and store in itself.

If the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message does not include the IE "URA ID", the UE shall:

- confirm whether only one URA ID exists in the list of URA IDs which is temporarily stored in the UE;
- update URA ID and stored in itself.

If the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message includes the IEs "CN domain identity" and "NAS system information", the UE shall forward the content of the IE to the non-access stratum entity of the UE indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".

The UE shall enter a state according to subclause 8.5.8 applied on the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message, unless otherwise specified below.

If the UE does not end up in the CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall, after other possible actions:

- retrieve secondary CCPCH info (for PCH) from the SYSTEM INFORMATION broadcast from the new cell;
- delete its C-RNTI; and
- the procedure ends.

### 8.3.2.6 Confirmation error of URA ID list

- When indicated URA ID is not included in the list of URA IDs; or
- when the URA ID is not indicated and the list of URA IDs includes more than one URA ID,

the UE shall check the value of V303, and:

- If V303 is smaller or equal than N303, the UE shall retransmit a URA UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T303 and increase counter V303. The UE shall set the IEs in the URA UPDATE message according to subclause 8.3.2.2. If V303 is greater than N303, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2

### 8.3.2.7 Invalid URA UPDATE CONFIRM message

If the UE receives an URA UPDATE CONFIRM message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

The UE shall check the value of V303 and:

- If V303 is smaller or equal than N303, the UE shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR to TRUE, retransmit a URA UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T303 and increase counter V303. The UE shall the IEs in the URA UPDATE message according to subclause 8.3.2.2.
- If V303 is greater than N303, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.3.2.8 T303 expiry or URA reselection

- Upon expiry of timer T303; and/or
- upon reselection of another UTRA cell when waiting for the URA UPDATE CONFIRM message,

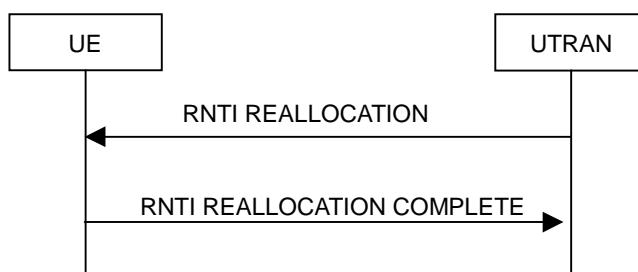
the UE shall check the value of V303 and:

- If V303 is smaller or equal than N303, the UE shall retransmit a URA UPDATE message on the uplink CCCH, restart timer T303 and increase counter V303. The UE shall set the IEs in the URA UPDATE message according to subclause 8.3.2.2.
- If V303 is greater than N303, the UE shall enter idle mode. The procedure ends and a connection failure may be indicated to the non-access stratum. Other actions the UE shall perform when entering idle mode from connected mode are specified in subclause 8.5.2.

### 8.3.2.9 Reception of the RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

See subclause 8.3.3.4.

## 8.3.3 RNTI reallocation



**Figure 38: RNTI reallocation procedure, normal flow**

### 8.3.3.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to allocate a new C-RNTI and/or U-RNTI to an UE in connected mode.

### 8.3.3.2 Initiation

To initiate the procedure UTRAN transmits an RNTI REALLOCATION message to the UE on the downlink DCCH.

### 8.3.3.3 Reception of RNTI REALLOCATION message by the UE

When the UE receives an RNTI REALLOCATION message, it shall take the following actions and then transmit an RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH. The procedure ends when the transmission of the RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC.

If the IE "new U-RNTI" is present, the UE shall store and start to use the values of these IEs as the current U-RNTI.

If the IE "new C-RNTI" is present, the UE shall store and start to use the value of this IE.

If the IE "CN domain identity" and the IE "NAS system information" are included, the UE shall forward the content of the IE to the non-access stratum entity of the UE indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".

### 8.3.3.4 Reception of an RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

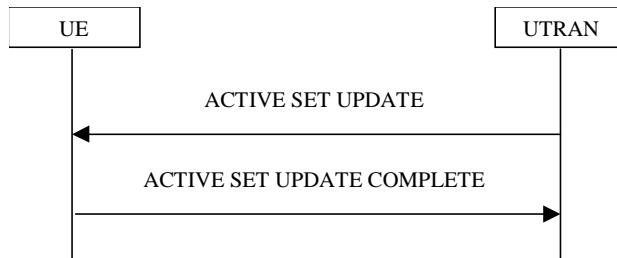
When the network receives RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE message, UTRAN may delete any old C-RNTI and old U-RNTI. The procedure ends.

### 8.3.3.5 Invalid RNTI REALLOCATION message

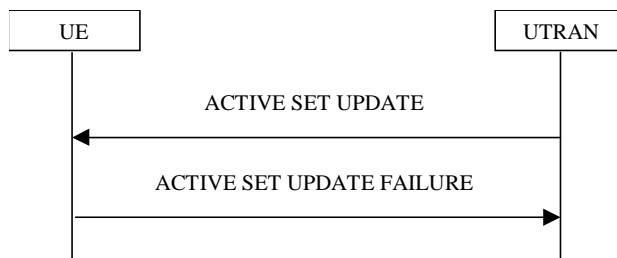
If the RNTI REALLOCATION message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- transmit a RNTI REALLOCATION FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error";
- include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the RNTI REALLOCATION FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid RNTI REALLOCATION message has not been received and the procedure ends.

### 8.3.4 Active set update in soft handover



**Figure 39: Active Set Update procedure, successful case**



**Figure 40: Active Set Update procedure, failure case**

#### 8.3.4.1 General

The purpose of the active set update procedure is to update the active set of the connection between the UE and UTRAN. This procedure shall be used in CELL\_DCH state. The UE should keep on using the old RLs while allocating the new RLs. Also the UE should keep on using the transmitter during the reallocation process.

#### 8.3.4.2 Initiation

The procedure is initiated when UTRAN orders a UE in CELL\_DCH state, to make the following modifications of the active set of the connection:

- Radio link addition;
- Radio link removal;
- Combined radio link addition and removal.

In case a) and c), UTRAN should:

- prepare new additional radio link(s) in the UTRAN prior to the command to the UE.

In all cases, UTRAN should:

- send an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message on downlink DCCH using AM or UM RLC.

UTRAN should include the following information:

- IE "Radio Link Addition Information": Downlink DPCH information and other optional parameters relevant for the additional radio links with Primary CCPCH info used for the reference ID to indicate which radio link to add. This IE is need in case a) and c);
- IE "Radio Link Removal Information": Primary CCPCH info used for the reference ID to indicate which radio link to remove. This IE is need in case b) and c).

If SRNC relocation is performed simultaneously during active set update procedure when all radio links are replaced simultaneously, the UTRAN shall include the IE "U-RNTI" and IE "CN domain identity" and IE "NAS system information" in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE messages.

### 8.3.4.3 Reception of an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message by the UE

- Upon reception of an ACTIVE SET UPDATE message the UE shall store the received IE "Radio Link Addition Information" and the IE "Radio Link Removal Information" to the variable ORDERED\_ASU.

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall:

- at first, add the RLs indicated in the IE "Radio Link Addition Information";
- remove the RLs indicated in the IE "Radio Link Removal Information". If the UE active set is full or becomes full, an RL, which is indicated to remove, shall be removed before adding RL, which is indicated to add;
- if the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message includes the IE "U-RNTI", update its identity;
- if the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message includes the IE "CN domain identity" and the IE "NAS system information", the UE shall forward the content of the IE to the non-access stratum entity of the UE indicated by the IE "CN domain identity";
- if the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message includes the IE 'TFCI combining indicator' associated with a radio link to be added then the UE should configure Layer 1 to soft combine TFCI (field 2) of this new link with those links already in the TFCI (field 2) combining set;
- transmit an ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC;
- if the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO is set, the UE shall include and set the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" to the value of that variable;
- when the transmission of the ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC the contents of the variable ORDERED\_ASU shall be cleared, the UE shall clear the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO and the procedure ends on the UE side.

### 8.3.4.4 Abnormal case: Unsupported configuration in the UE

- If UTRAN instructs the UE to use a configuration that it does not support; or
- If a radio link in the IE "Radio Link Removal Information" in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message is not part of the active set,

the UE shall:

- keep the active set and the contents of the variable ORDERED\_ASU, as it was before the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message was received;
- transmit an ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC;
- set the IE "failure cause" to "configuration unacceptable";
- when the transmission of the ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends on the UE side.

### 8.3.4.5 Reception of the ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE message,

- the UTRAN may remove radio link(s) that are indicated to remove to the UE in case b) and c); and
- the procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

### 8.3.4.6 Reception of the ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE message, the UTRAN may delete radio links that are indicated to add to the UE. The procedure ends on the UTRAN side.

### 8.3.4.7 Incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration

If any of the variables ORDERED\_CONFIG or ORDERED\_ASU are set, the UE shall:

- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the DCCH using AM RLC. The IE "Protocol error cause" shall be set to "Message not compatible with receiver state".
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC the procedure ends and the UE shall keep the active set and the contents of the variable ORDERED\_ASU, as it was before the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message was received.

### 8.3.4.8 Invalid ACTIVE SET UPDATE message

If none of the variables ORDERED\_CONFIG or ORDERED\_ASU are set and the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".
- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid ACTIVE SET UPDATE message has not been received and the procedure ends.

## 8.3.5 Hard handover

### 8.3.5.1 General

The purposes of the hard handover procedure are;

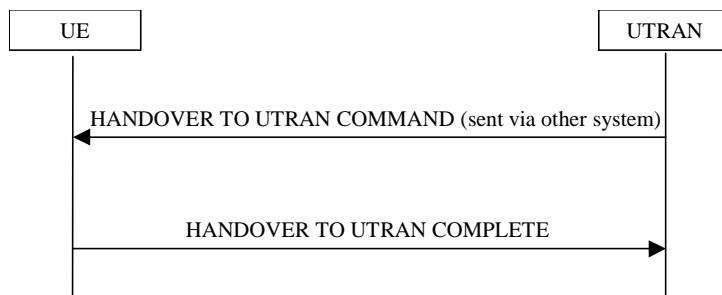
- to change the frequency of the connection between the UE and UTRAN;
- to change cell in a network that does not support macro diversity; and
- to change the mode between TDD and FDD.

This procedure may be used in CELL\_DCH state.

### 8.3.5.2 Initiation

Hard handover initiated by the network is normally performed by the procedure "Physical channel reconfiguration" (8.2.6), but may also be performed by the procedures "radio bearer establishment" (8.2.1), "Radio bearer reconfiguration" (8.2.2), "Radio bearer release" (8.2.3) or "Transport channel reconfiguration" (8.2.4).

### 8.3.6 Inter-system handover to UTRAN



**Figure 41: Inter system handover to UTRAN, successful case**

#### 8.3.6.1 General

The purpose of the inter system handover procedure is to, under the control of the network, transfer a connection between the UE and another radio access system (e.g. GSM) to UTRAN.

#### 8.3.6.2 Initiation

The procedure is initiated when a radio access system other than UTRAN, e.g. GSM, and, using system specific procedures, orders the UE to make a handover to UTRAN.

A HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND message is sent to the UE via the system from which inter- system handover is performed.

UTRAN should include the following information in the HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND message.

- the IE "U-RNTI" to be assigned;
- the IE "Predefined radio configuration identity", to indicate which pre-defined configuration of RB, traffic channel and physical channel parameters shall be used;
- PhyCH information elements.

**NOTE:** During handover to UTRAN, UTRAN can only assign values of IEs "U-RNTI" and "scrambling code" that are within the special subranges defined exclusively for this procedure. UTRAN may re- assign other values after completion of the handover procedure.

#### 8.3.6.3 Reception of HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND message by the UE

The UE shall act upon all received information elements as specified in 8.5.7, unless specified otherwise in the following.

The UE shall:

- store the value of the IE "U-RNTI"; and
- initiate the signalling link, the RB(s) and traffic channel(s) in accordance with the predefined parameters identified by the IE "Predefined radio configuration identity";
- initiate the physical channels in accordance with the predefined parameters identified by the IE "Predefined radio configuration identity" and the received physical channel information elements;
- perform an open loop estimation to determine the UL transmission power, taking into account the received IE "Maximum allowed UL TX power" and move to CELL\_DCH state;
- apply the same ciphering (ciphered/ unciphered, algorithm) as prior to inter system handover, unless a change of algorithm is requested by means of the "Ciphering algorithm".

If the UE succeeds to establish the connection to UTRAN, it shall transmit a HANOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE message on the uplink DCCH. When the transmission of the HANOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE message has been confirmed by RLC, the procedure ends.

#### 8.3.6.4 Invalid Handover to UTRAN command message

If the UE receives a HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND message, which contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Resume the connection used before the handover to the source radio access system;
- Indicate a failure to the source radio access system, using "protocol error" as cause for the failure;
- If possible, transmit an RRC STATUS message to the other radio access system, and include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION;
- Other details may be specified in the specifications related to the source radio access system.

#### 8.3.6.5 UE fails to perform handover

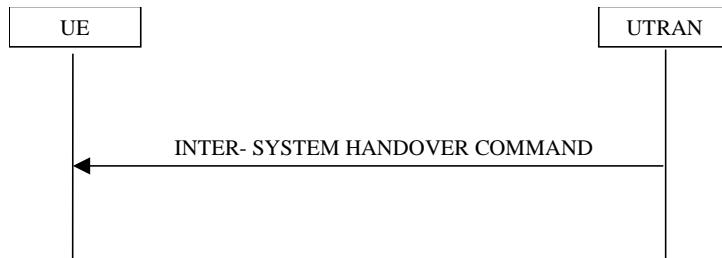
If the UE does not succeed to establish the connection to UTRAN, it shall terminate the procedure including release of the associated resources, resume the connection used before the handover and indicate the failure to the other radio access system.

Upon receiving an indication about the failure from the other radio access system, UTRAN should release the associated resources and the context information concerning this UE.

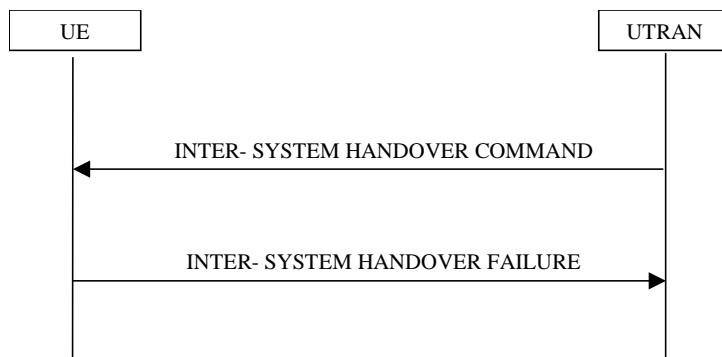
#### 8.3.6.6 Reception of message HANOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE by the UTRAN

Upon receiving a HANOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE message, UTRAN should consider the inter- system handover procedure as completed successfully and indicate this to the CN.

#### 8.3.7 Inter-system handover from UTRAN



**Figure 42: Inter system handover from UTRAN, successful case**



**Figure 43: Inter system handover from UTRAN, failure case**

### 8.3.7.1 General

The purpose of the inter system handover procedure is to, controlled by the network, transfer a connection between the UE and UTRAN to another radio access system (e.g. GSM). This procedure may be used in CELL\_DCH and CELL\_FACH state.

### 8.3.7.2 Initiation

The procedure is initiated when UTRAN orders a UE in CELL\_DCH or CELL\_FACH state, to make a handover to another radio access system than UTRAN, e.g. GSM.

To initiate the procedure, UTRAN sends an INTER- SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND message.

### 8.3.7.3 Reception of an INTER- SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND message by the UE

The UE shall take the following actions:

- Establish the connection to the other radio access system, by using the contents of the IE "Inter system message". This IE contains candidate/ target cell identifier(s) and radio parameters relevant for the other radio access system.
- For each IE "Remaining radio access bearer", associate the radio access bearer given by the IE "RAB info" to the radio resources in the target system given by the IE "Inter system message". Other information for making the association may be included in the IE "Inter system message" and requirements may be stated in the specifications relevant for the target system [FFS].
- Switch the current connection to the other radio access system.

NOTE 1: Requirements concerning the establishment of the radio connection towards the other radio access system and the signalling procedure are outside the scope of this specification.

NOTE 2: The release of the UMTS radio resources is initiated by the other system.

NOTE 3: Currently only one radio access bearer can be associated with the IE "Inter-system message", and this association is limited to the radio access bearers in the CS domain. It is assumed that all the radio access bearers in the PS domain, if any, remain after the handover.

### 8.3.7.4 Successful completion of the inter-system handover

Upon successfully completing the handover, UTRAN should release the radio connection and remove all context information for the concerned UE.

### 8.3.7.5 UE fails to complete requested handover

If the UE does not succeed to establish the connection to the other radio access system, it shall

- resume the connection to UTRAN using the resources used before receiving the INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND message; and
- transmit the INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE message. When the transmission of the INTER-SYSTEM FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the procedure ends.

### 8.3.7.6 Invalid INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND message

If the INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- Transmit a INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error".

- Include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION.
- When the transmission of the INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND message has not been received and the procedure ends.

### 8.3.7.7 Reception of an INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE message by UTRAN

Upon receiving an INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE message, UTRAN may release the resources in the other radio access system.

## 8.3.8 Inter-system cell reselection to UTRAN

### 8.3.8.1 General

The purpose of the inter system cell reselection procedure to UTRAN is to, under the control of the UE and to some extent the other radio access system, transfer a connection between the UE and another radio access system (e.g. GSM/GPRS) to UTRAN.

### 8.3.8.2 Initiation

When the UE makes an inter-system cell reselection to UTRAN according to the criteria specified in TS 25.304, it shall initiate this procedure. The inter-system cell reselection made by the UE may use system information broadcast from the other radio access system or UE dedicated information.

The UE shall initiate an RRC connection establishment procedure as specified in subclause 8.1.3 except that the IE "establishment cause" in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message shall be set to "Inter-system cell reselection". After initiating an RRC connection establishment, the UE shall release all resources specific to the other radio access system.

### 8.3.8.3 UE fails to complete an inter-system cell reselection

If the inter-system cell reselection fails before the UE has initiated the RRC connection establishment the UE may return back to the other radio access system.

If the RRC connection establishment fails the UE shall enter idle mode.

## 8.3.9 Inter-system cell reselection from UTRAN

### 8.3.9.1 General

The purpose of the inter system cell reselection procedure from UTRAN is to, under the control of the UE and to some extent the network, transfer a connection between the UE and UTRAN to another radio access system (e.g. GSM/GPRS).

### 8.3.9.2 Initiation

This procedure may be initiated in states CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH or URA\_RCH.

When the UE based on received system information makes a cell reselection to a radio access system other than UTRAN, e.g. GSM/GPRS, according to the criteria specified in TS 25.304, the UE shall.

- start timer T309;
- initiate the establishment of a connection to the other radio access system according to its specifications.

### 8.3.9.3 Successful cell reselection

When the UE has succeeded in reselecting a cell in the other radio access system and has initiated an establishment of a connection, it shall stop timer T309 and release all UTRAN specific resources.

UTRAN should release all UE dedicated resources upon indication that the UE has completed a connection establishment to the other radio access system.

### 8.3.9.4 Expiry of timer T309

If the timer T309 expires before the UE succeeds to initiate an establishment of a connection to the other radio access system, the UE shall resume the connection to UTRAN using the resources used before initiating the inter system cell reselection procedure.

## 8.4 Measurement procedures

The UE measurements are grouped into 6 different categories, according to what the UE should measure.

The different types of measurements are:

- **Intra-frequency measurements:** measurements on downlink physical channels at the same frequency as the active set. Detailed description is found in subclause 14.1.
- **Inter-frequency measurements:** measurements on downlink physical channels at frequencies that differ from the frequency of the active set.
- **Inter-system measurements:** measurements on downlink physical channels belonging to another radio access system than UTRAN, e.g. PDC or GSM.
- **Traffic volume measurements:** measurements on uplink traffic volume. Detailed description is found in subclause 14.2.
- **Quality measurements:** Measurements of quality parameters, e.g. downlink transport block error rate.
- **Internal measurements:** Measurements of UE transmission power and UE received signal level. Detailed description is found in subclause 14.3.

The same type of measurements may be used as input to different functions in UTRAN. However, the UE shall support a number of measurements running in parallel. The UE shall also support that each measurement is controlled and reported independently of every other measurement.

Cells that the UE is monitoring (e.g. for handover measurements) are grouped in the UE into three different categories:

1. Cells, which belong to the **active set**. User information is sent from all these cells and they are simultaneously demodulated and coherently combined. In FDD, these cells are involved in soft handover. In TDD the active set always comprises of one cell only.
2. Cells, which are not included in the active set, but are monitored according to a neighbour list assigned by the UTRAN belong to the **monitored set**.
3. Cells, which are not included in the active set, and are detected by the UE without receiving a neighbour list from the UTRAN belong to the **unlisted set**. Intra-frequency measurements of the unlisted set is required only from UEs in CELL\_DCH state.

UTRAN may start a measurement in the UE by transmitting a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. This message includes the following measurement control information:

1. **Measurement type:** One of the types listed above describing what the UE shall measure.
2. **Measurement identity number:** A reference number that should be used by the UTRAN when modifying or releasing the measurement and by the UE in the measurement report.
3. **Measurement command:** One out of three different measurement commands.

- Setup: Setup a new measurement.
  - Modify: Modify a previously defined measurement, e.g. to change the reporting criteria.
  - Release: Stop a measurement and clear all information in the UE that are related to that measurement.
4. **Measurement objects:** The objects the UE shall measure on, and corresponding object information.
  5. **Measurement quantity:** The quantity the UE shall measure. This also includes the filtering of the measurements.
  6. **Reporting quantities:** The quantities the UE shall include in the report in addition to the quantities that are mandatory to report for the specific event.
  7. **Measurement reporting criteria:** The triggering of the measurement report, e.g. periodical or event-triggered reporting. The events are described for each measurement type in clause 14.
  8. **Reporting mode:** This specifies whether the UE shall transmit the measurement report using acknowledged or unacknowledged data transfer of RLC.

All these measurement parameters depend on the measurement type and are described in more detail in clause 14.

When the reporting criteria are fulfilled, i.e. a specified event occurred or the time since last report indicated for periodical reporting has elapsed, the UE shall send a MEASUREMENT REPORT message to UTRAN.

In idle mode, the UE shall perform measurements according to the measurement control information included in System Information Block Type 11, which is transmitted on the BCCH.

In CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH or URA\_PCH state, the UE shall perform measurements according to the measurement control information included in System Information Block Type 12, which is transmitted on the BCCH. If the UE has not received System Information Block Type 12, it shall perform measurements according to the measurement control information included in System Information Block Type 11, which is transmitted on the BCCH.

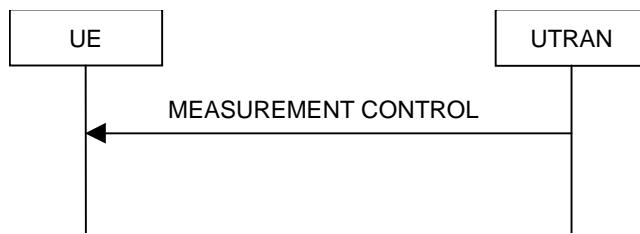
In CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall report radio link related measurements to the UTRAN with a MEASUREMENT REPORT message. The UE may also be requested by the UTRAN to report unlisted cells, which it has detected. The triggering event for the UE to send a MEASUREMENT REPORT message is that a detected cell exceeds an absolute threshold.

In order to receive information for the establishment of immediate macrodiversity (FDD) or to support the DCA algorithm (TDD), the UTRAN may also request the UE to append radio link related measurement reports to the following messages sent on the RACH:

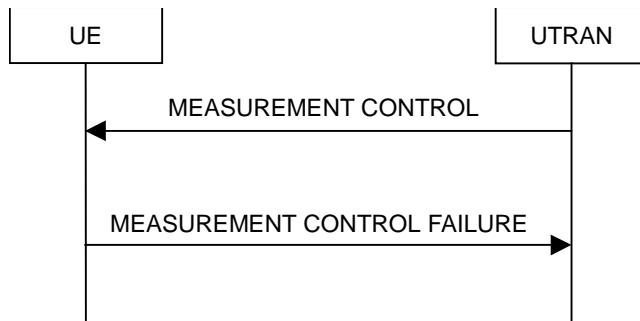
- RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message sent to establish an RRC connection;
- RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message sent to re-establish an RRC connection;
- DIRECT TRANSFER message sent uplink to establish a signalling connection;
- CELL UPDATE message sent to respond to a UTRAN originated page;
- MEASUREMENT REPORT message sent to report uplink traffic volume;
- CAPACITY REQUEST message sent to request PUSCH capacity (TDD only).

NOTE: Whether or not measured results can be appended to other messages and in other scenarios is FFS.

### 8.4.1 Measurement control



**Figure 44: Measurement Control, normal case**



**Figure 45: Measurement Control, UE reverts to old measurements**

#### 8.4.1.1 General

The purpose of the measurement control procedure is to Setup, modify or release a measurement in the UE.

#### 8.4.1.2 Initiation

The UTRAN may request a measurement in the UE to be setup, modified or released with a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, which is transmitted on the downlink DCCH using AM RLC.

When a new measurement is setup, UTRAN should set the IE "Measurement identity number" to a value, which is not used for other measurements. UTRAN may use several "Measurement identity number" within a same "Measurement type". In case of setting several "Measurement identity numbers" within a same "Measurement type", "Measurement object" can be set differently for each measurement with different "Measurement identity numbers". If no "Measurement object" is indicated for additional measurement within a same "Measurement type" in case of "Measurement type" = "Intra-frequency", it implies that only active set cells are the "Measurement objects".

When a current measurement is modified or released, UTRAN should set the IE "Measurement identity number" to a value, which is used for the current measurement. In case of modifying IEs within a "Measurement identity number", it is not needed for UTRAN to indicate the IEs other than modifying IEs, and the UE continuously uses the current values of the IEs which are not modified.

UTRAN should take the UE capabilities into account when a measurement is assigned to the UE.

#### 8.4.1.3 Reception of MEASUREMENT CONTROL by the UE

Upon reception of a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall perform actions specified in 8.5.7 unless otherwise specified below.

The UE shall:

- Read the IE "Measurement command".

If the IE "measurement command" has the value "setup", the UE shall:

- store this measurement in the variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY according to the IE "measurement identity number";

- store into the variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY the control information defined by IE "Measurement object", the IE "Measurement quantity", the IE "Reporting quantity", the IE "Measurement reporting criteria", the IE "Measurement validity", the IE "Reporting mode" and if present all IEs "Additional measurement identity number", which are valid for this measurement type; and
- begin measurements according to the stored control information for this measurement identity number.

See clause 14 for detailed description of a measurement object, measurement quantity and measurement reporting criteria for the different types of measurements.

If the IE "Measurement command" has the value "modify", the UE shall:

- retrieve the stored measurement information associated with the identity indicated in the IE "measurement identity number";
- if any of the IEs "measurement object", IE "measurement quantity", IE "reporting quantity", IE "measurement reporting criteria", IE "measurement validity", IE "reporting mode" or IE "Additional measurement identity number" are present in the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, the control information defined by that IE shall replace the corresponding stored information;
- store the new set of IEs and associate them with the measurement identity number; and
- resume the measurements according to the new stored measurement control information.

If the IE "measurement command" has the value "release", the UE shall:

- terminate the measurement associated with the identity given in the IE "measurement identity number";
- clear all stored measurement control information related associated to this measurement identity number.

After the above actions have been performed, the procedure is complete.

#### 8.4.1.4 Unsupported measurement in the UE

If UTRAN instructs the UE to perform a measurement that is not supported by the UE, the UE shall:

- retain the measurement configuration that was valid before the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message was received;
- transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE message on the DCCH using AM RLC.

The UE shall set the cause value in IE "failure cause" to "unsupported measurement".

#### 8.4.1.5 Invalid MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

If the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message contains a protocol error causing the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to be set to TRUE according to clause 16, the UE shall perform procedure specific error handling as follows:

- transmit a MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE message on the uplink DCCH using AM RLC and set the IE "failure cause" the cause value "protocol error";
- include the IE "Protocol error information" with contents set to the value of the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION;
- when the transmission of the MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid MEASUREMENT CONTROL message has not been received and the procedure ends.

#### 8.4.1.6 Reception of the MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN receives a MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE message the procedure ends.

#### 8.4.1.7 Measurements after transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state

The UE shall obey the follow rules for different measurement types after transitioning from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state:

##### **Intra-frequency measurement**

The UE shall stop intra-frequency type measurement reporting assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

After transition to CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall begin monitoring neighbouring cells listed in the "intra-frequency cell info" received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

If the UE has no previously assigned, valid intra-frequency measurement for CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall store "intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria", from "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"), for use after a subsequent transition to CELL\_DCH state.

If the UE receives the "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting" and "Maximum number of Reported cells on RACH" IEs from "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"), the UE use this information for reporting measured results in RACH messages.

##### **Inter-frequency measurement**

The UE shall stop the inter-frequency type measurement reporting assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

After transition to CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall begin monitoring neighbouring cells listed in the "inter-frequency cell info" received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

The UE shall not measure on other frequencies except at the measurement occasions given in 8.5.12.

##### **Inter-system measurement**

The UE shall stop the inter-system type measurement reporting assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

After transition to CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall begin monitoring neighbouring cells listed in the "inter-system" cell info" received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

The UE shall not measure on other systems except at the measurement occasions given in 8.5.12.

##### **Quality measurement**

The UE shall stop the quality type measurement reporting assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message after transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state.

##### **UE internal measurement**

The UE shall stop the UE internal measurement reporting type of measurement assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

##### **Traffic volume measurement**

The UE shall stop or continue traffic volume type measurement reporting assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message according to the following rules:

- If the IE "measurement validity" for this measurement has been assigned to value "release", the UE shall delete the measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY.
- If the IE "measurement validity" for the measurement has been assigned to value "resume", and the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "CELL\_DCH", the UE shall stop measurement reporting and save the measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY to be used after the next transition to CELL\_DCH state.
- If the IE "measurement validity" for the measurement has been assigned to value "resume", and the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "all states", the UE shall continue measurement reporting.

- If the UE has previously stored a measurement, for which the IE "measurement validity" has been assigned to value "resume" and for which the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "all states except CELL\_DCH", the UE shall resume this measurement and associated reporting.

If no traffic volume type measurement has been assigned to the UE with a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message when transitioning to CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall begin a traffic volume type measurement according to traffic volume measurement type information received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

#### 8.4.1.8 Measurements after transition from CELL\_FACH to CELL\_DCH state

The UE shall obey the following rules for different measurement types after transitioning from CELL\_FACH to CELL\_DCH state:

##### **Intra-frequency measurement**

If the UE has previously stored an intra-frequency measurement, for which the IE "measurement validity" has been assigned to value "resume" and for which the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "CELL\_DCH", the UE shall resume this measurement and associated reporting.

If the UE has no previously assigned measurement, it shall continue monitoring the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "intra-frequency cell info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). If the "intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria" IE was included in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"), the UE shall send the MEASUREMENT REPORT message when reporting criteria are fulfilled. When the UE receives a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message including an intra-frequency measurement type assignment, the UE shall stop monitoring and measurement reporting for the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "intra-frequency cell info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). It shall also delete the measurement reporting criteria received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

##### **Inter-frequency measurement**

The UE shall stop monitoring the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "inter-frequency cell info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). If the UE has previously stored an inter-frequency measurement, for which the IE "measurement validity" has been assigned to value "resume" and for which the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "CELL\_DCH", the UE shall resume this measurement and associated reporting.

##### **Inter-system measurement**

The UE shall stop monitoring the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "inter-frequency system info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). If the UE has previously stored an inter-system measurement, for which the IE "measurement validity" has been assigned to value "resume" and for which the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "CELL\_DCH", the UE shall resume this measurement and associated reporting.

##### **Traffic volume measurement**

The UE shall stop or continue traffic volume type measurement reporting assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message sent on the FACH according to the following rules:

- If the IE "measurement validity" for this measurement has been assigned to value "release", the UE shall delete the measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY.
- If the IE "measurement validity" for the measurement has been assigned to value "resume", and the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "CELL\_FACH", the UE shall stop measurement reporting and save the measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY to be used after the next transition to CELL\_FACH state.
- If the IE "measurement validity" for the measurement has been assigned to value "resume", and the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "all states", the UE shall continue measurement reporting.

If the UE has previously stored a measurement, for which the IE "measurement validity" has been assigned to value "resume" and for which the IE "UE state for reporting" has been assigned to value "CELL\_DCH", the UE shall resume this measurement and associated reporting.

If no traffic volume type measurement has been assigned to the UE with a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message when transiting to CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall continue an ongoing traffic volume type measurement, which was assigned in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11")

Traffic volume type measurement control parameters assigned in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message shall always supersede parameters conveyed in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). If the UE receives a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message including an traffic volume measurement type assignment, the UE shall delete the traffic volume measurement control information received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

#### **8.4.1.9 Measurements after transition from idle mode to CELL\_DCH state**

The UE shall obey the follow rules for different measurement types after transiting from idle mode to CELL\_DCH state:

##### **Intra-frequency measurement**

The UE shall continue monitoring the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "intra-frequency cell info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). If the "intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria" IE was included in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"), the UE shall send the MEASUREMENT REPORT message when reporting criteria are fulfilled.

When the UE receives a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message including an intra-frequency measurement type assignment, the UE shall stop monitoring and measurement reporting for the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "intra-frequency cell info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"). It shall also delete the measurement reporting criteria received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

##### **Inter-frequency measurement**

The UE shall stop monitoring the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "inter-frequency cell info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

##### **Inter-system measurement**

The UE shall stop monitoring the list of neighbouring cells assigned in the "inter-frequency system info" IE in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

##### **Traffic volume measurement**

The UE shall begin a traffic volume type measurement, which was assigned in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

#### **8.4.1.10 Measurements after transition from idle mode to CELL\_FACH state**

The UE shall obey the follow rules for different measurement types after transiting from idle mode to CELL\_FACH state:

##### **Intra-frequency measurement**

The UE shall begin monitoring neighbouring cells listed in the "intra-frequency cell info" received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

If the UE receives "intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria", from "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"), the UE shall store this information to use after a subsequent transition to CELL\_DCH state.

If the UE receives the "Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting" and "Maximum number of Reported cells on RACH" IEs from "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11"), the UE use this information for reporting measured results in RACH messages.

##### **Inter-frequency measurement**

The UE shall begin monitoring neighbouring cells listed in the "inter-frequency cell info" received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

The UE shall not measure on other frequencies except at the measurement occasions given in 8.5.12.

### Inter-system measurement

The UE shall begin monitoring neighbouring cells listed in the "inter-system" cell info" received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

The UE shall not measure on other systems except at the measurement occasions given in 8.5.12.

### Traffic volume measurement

The UE shall begin a traffic volume type measurement according to traffic volume measurement type information received in "System Information Block 12" (or "System Information Block 11").

## 8.4.2 Measurement report



**Figure 46: Measurement report, normal case**

### 8.4.2.1 General

The purpose of the measurement reporting procedure is to transfer measurement results from the UE to UTRAN.

### 8.4.2.2 Initiation

In CELL\_DCH state, the UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message on the uplink DCCH when the reporting criteria stored in variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY are fulfilled for any ongoing measurements that are being performed in the UE.

In CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message on the uplink DCCH when the reporting criteria stored in variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY are fulfilled for an ongoing traffic volume measurement which is being performed in the UE.

In CELL\_PCH or URA\_PCH state, the UE shall first perform the cell update procedure in order to transit to CELL\_FACH state and then transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT message on the uplink DCCH when the reporting criteria stored in variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY are fulfilled for an ongoing traffic volume measurement which is being performed in the UE.

Criteria are fulfilled if either:

- The time indicated in the stored IE "Periodical reporting" has elapsed a given measurement was either initiated or since the last measurement report related to this measurement was transmitted.
- An event in stored IE "Measurement reporting criteria" was triggered. Events and triggering of reports for different measurement types are described in detail in clause 14.

The UE shall transmit the MEASUREMENT REPORT message using either AM or UM RLC according to the stored IE "measurement reporting mode" associated with the measurement identity number that triggered the report.

For the measurement, which triggered the MEASUREMENT REPORT message, the UE shall:

- Set the IE "measurement identity number" to the measurement identity number which is associated with that measurement in variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY.
- Set the IE "measured results" to include measurements according to the IE "reporting quantity" of that measurement stored in variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY.

- Set the IE "Measured results" in the IE "Additional measured results" according to the IE "reporting quantity" for all measurements associated with the measurement identities included in the IE "additional measurements" stored in variable MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY of the measurement that triggered the measurement report. If several additional measured results are to be included, the UE shall sort them in ascending order according to their IE "measurement identity number" in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message.

If the MEASUREMENT REPORT message was triggered by an event (i.e. not a periodical report), the UE shall:

- Set the measurement event results according to the event that triggered the report.

#### 8.4.2.3 Reception of a MEASUREMENT REPORT message by the UTRAN

When the UTRAN receives the MEASUREMENT REPORT message, the measurement reporting procedure ends.

### 8.5 General procedures

#### 8.5.1 Selection of initial UE identity

The purpose of the IE "Initial UE identity" is to provide a unique UE identification at the establishment of an RRC connection. The type of identity shall be selected by the UE according to the following.

If the variable SELECTED\_CN in the UE has the value "GSM-MAP", the UE shall choose "UE id type" in the IE "Initial UE identity" with the following priority:

1. TMSI (GSM-MAP): The TMSI (GSM-MAP) shall be chosen if available. The IE "LAI" in the IE "Initial UE identity" shall also be present when TMSI (GSM-MAP) is used, for making it unique.
2. P-TMSI (GSM-MAP): The P-TMSI (GSM-MAP) shall be chosen if available and no TMSI (GSM-MAP) is available. The IE "RAI" in the IE "Initial UE identity" shall in this case also be present when P-TMSI (GSM-MAP) is used, for making it unique.
3. IMSI (GSM-MAP): The IMSI (GSM-MAP) shall be chosen if available and no TMSI (GSM-MAP) or P-TMSI is available.
4. IMEI: The IMEI shall be chosen when none of the above three conditions are fulfilled.

When being used, the IEs "TMSI (GSM-MAP)," "P-TMSI (GSM-MAP)", "IMSI (GSM-MAP)", "LAI" and "RAI" shall be set equal to the values of the corresponding identities stored in the USIM or SIM.

#### 8.5.2 Actions when entering idle mode from connected mode

When entering idle mode from connected mode, the UE shall attempt to select a suitable cell to camp on. The UE shall perform cell selection when leaving connected mode according to [25.304].

While camping on a cell, the UE shall acquire system information according to the system information procedure in subclause 8.1, perform measurements according to the measurement control procedure specified in subclause 8.4 and, if registered, be prepared to receive paging and notification messages according to the paging procedure in subclause 8.2.

If IE "PLMN identity" within variable SELECTED\_PLMN has the value "GSM-MAP", the UE shall delete any NAS system information received in connected mode, acquire the NAS system information in system information block type 1, and proceed according to 8.5.7.1.2.

The UE shall compare the 20 most significant bits of the hyper frame numbers (HFN-CS and HFN-PS) for each radio bearer (including signalling radio bearers) that has existed during the connection, after possible authentication and ciphering/integrity key change. Even if a radio bearer has been released, its HFN must be temporarily saved until another HFN instance (of the radio bearers towards the same CN domain) exceeds the saved value or until ciphering/integrity keys for this domain are changed. The UE shall store into the USIM the 20 most significant bits of the highest HFN-CS and of the highest HFN-PS.

The UE shall compare the values of "Uplink HFN" and "Downlink HFN" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO for all signalling radio bearers, and store the highest value in the USIM.

### 8.5.3 Open loop power control upon establishment of DPCCH

When establishing the first DPCCH the UE shall start the UL inner loop power control at a power level according to:

- $DPCCH\_Initial\_power = DPCCH\_Power\_offset - CPICH\_RSCP$

Where

$DPCCH\_Power\_offset$  shall have the value of IE "DPCCH Power offset" in IE "Uplink DPCH power control info

The value for the  $CPICH\_RSCP$  shall be measured by the UE.

### 8.5.4 Physical channel establishment criteria

When a physical dedicated channel establishment is initiated by the UE, the UE shall start a timer T312 and wait for layer 1 to indicate N312 successive "in c" indications. At this occasion, the physical channel is considered established and the timer T312 is stopped and reset.

If the timer T312 expires before the physical channel is established, the UE shall consider this as a "physical channel establishment failure".

### 8.5.5 Detection of out of service area

When a suitable cell is not found based on the description in subclause 5.2.2.1 of TS25.304, the UE considers it as an "out of service area".

### 8.5.6 Radio link failure criteria

In L\_DCH State the UE shall start timer T313 after receiving N313 consecutive "out of sync" indications for the established DPCCH physical channel from layer 1. The UE shall stop and reset timer T313 upon receiving successive N315 "in sync" indications from layer 1 and upon change of RRC state. If T313 expires, the UE shall consider it as a "Radio link failure".

### 8.5.7 Generic actions on receipt of an information element

#### 8.5.7.1 CN information elements

##### 8.5.7.1.1 CN domain specific DRX cycle length coefficient

If the IE "CN domain specific DRX cycle length coefficient" is present, the UE shall use it to calculate the CN domain specific DRX cycle length, according to the following:

Set k to the value of the IE "CN domain specific DRX cycle length coefficient".

Store the result of  $2^k * PBP$ , where PBP is the Paging Block Periodicity, as the CN domain specific DRX cycle length for that CN domain as indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".

The UE shall determine its idle mode paging occasions and PICH monitoring occasions for that CN domain, according to TS 25.304, based on the stored CN domain specific DRX cycle length, when using DRX in idle mode.

##### 8.5.7.1.2 NAS system information

If the IE "CN related information"."CN domain identity" and the IE "CN related information"."NAS system information" are present in a message, the UE shall forward the content of the IE "NAS system information" to the non-access stratum entity of the UE indicated by the IE "CN domain identity".

#### 8.5.7.2 UTRAN mobility information elements

Void.

### 8.5.7.3 UE information elements

#### 8.5.7.3.1 Activation time

If the IE "Activation time" is present, the UE shall:

- activate the new configuration present in the same message as this IE at the indicated time.

NOTE: The new configuration is typically a dedicated physical channel present in the same message as the "Activation time" IE.

#### 8.5.7.3.2 UTRAN DRX Cycle length coefficient

If the IE "UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient" is present, the UE shall use it to calculate the UTRAN DRX cycle length, according to the following:

Set k to the value of the IE "UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient".

Store the result of  $2^k * \text{PBP}$ , where PBP is the Paging Block Periodicity, as the DRX cycle length.

The UE shall determine its connected mode paging occasions and PICH monitoring occasions in the same way as for idle mode, according to TS 25.304.

The DRX cycle length to use in connected mode is the shortest of the following:

- UTRAN DRX cycle length;
- CN domain specific DRX cycle length stored for any CN domain, when using Discontinuous Reception (DRX) in CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH state.

The CN domain specific DRX cycle length stored for any CN domain is only used in Cell\_PCH state and URA\_PCH state if the UE is registered to that CN domain and no signalling connection exist to that CN domain.

#### 8.5.7.3.3 DRX Indicator

If the IE "DRX Indicator" is included and set to 'DRX with cell updating', the UE shall:

- if the IE "UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient" is also included in the same message, use the IE "UTRAN DRX Cycle length coefficient" for calculating Paging Occasion and PICH Monitoring Occasion as specified in 8.5.7.3.2 in CELL\_PCH state.

If the IE "DRX Indicator" is included and set to 'DRX with URA updating', the UE shall:

- if the IE "UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient" is also included in the same message, use the IE "UTRAN DRX Cycle length coefficient" for calculating Paging occasion and PICH Monitoring Occasion as specified in 8.7.3.2 in URA\_PCH state.

If the IE "DRX Indicator" is included and is set to 'no DRX' the UE shall:

- if the IE "UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient" is also included in the same message, ignore that IE;
- stop using DRX.

#### 8.5.7.3.4 Ciphering mode info

If the IE "Ciphering mode info" is present, the UE shall check the IE "Ciphering mode command" as part of the IE "Ciphering mode info", and perform the following:

1. If IE "Ciphering mode command" has the value "start/restart", the UE shall:

1.1 Start or restart ciphering, using the ciphering algorithm (UEA [TS 33.102]) indicated by the IE "Ciphering algorithm" as part of the new ciphering configuration. The new ciphering configuration shall be applied as specified below.

1.2 Set the variable CIPHERING\_STATUS to "Started".

2. If the IE "Ciphering mode command" has the value "stop", the UE shall:
  - 2.1 Stop ciphering. The new ciphering configuration shall be applied as specified below.
  - 2.2 Set the variable CIPHERING\_STATUS to "Not started".
3. The new ciphering configuration, in case of the IE "Ciphering mode command" has the value "start/restart" or "stop", shall be applied as follows:
  - 3.1 If the IE "Activation time for DPCH" is present in the IE "Ciphering mode info", the UE shall apply the new configuration at that time for radio bearers using RLC-TM.
  - 3.2 If the IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" is present in the IE "Ciphering mode info", the UE shall apply the following procedure for each radio bearer using RLC-AM and RLC-UM indicated by the IE "RB identity":
    - 3.2.1 Suspend data transmission on the radio bearer
    - 3.2.2 Store the current RLC send state variable, VT(S), for that radio bearer in the variable RB\_UPLINK\_CIPHERING\_ACTIVATION\_TIME\_INFO.
    - 3.2.3 When the data transmission of that radio bearer is resumed, the UE shall switch to the new ciphering configuration according to the following:
      - 3.2.3.1 Use the old ciphering configuration for the transmitted resp. received RLC PDUs with RLC sequence number less than the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" sent to UTRAN resp. in the received IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" received from UTRAN.
      - 3.2.3.2 Use the new ciphering configuration for the transmitted resp. received RLC PDUs with RLC sequence number greater than or equal to the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info" sent to UTRAN resp. in the received IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" received from UTRAN.
      - 3.2.3.3 For a radio bearer using RLC-AM, when the RLC sequence number indicated in the IE "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info" is not included in the RLC transmission window, the UE may release the old ciphering configuration for that radio bearer.

If the IE "Ciphering mode info" is not present, the UE shall not change the ciphering configuration.

#### 8.5.7.3.5 Integrity protection mode info

If the IE "Integrity protection mode info" is present, the UE shall check the IE "Integrity protection mode command" as part of the IE "Integrity protection mode info", and perform the following:

- If IE "Integrity protection mode command" has the value "start" and the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO has the value "Not started", the UE shall:
  - set the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO to the value "Started";
  - perform integrity protection on the received message as described in subclause 8.5.11.1;
  - use the algorithm (UIA [TS 33.102]) indicated by the IE "Integrity protection algorithm" contained in the IE "Integrity protection mode info";
  - use the IE "Integrity protection initialisation number", contained in the IE "Integrity protection mode info" as the value of FRESH [TS 33.102].
- If IE "Integrity protection mode command" has the value "modified" and the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO has the value "Started", the UE shall:
  - restart integrity protection in the downlink at the RRC sequence number indicated by the IE "Signalling radio bearer integrity protection activation info", included in the IE "Integrity protection mode info";
  - perform integrity protection on the received message as described in subclause 8.5.11.1;

- if present, use the algorithm indicated by the IE "Integrity protection algorithm" (UIA [TS 33.102]);
- set the values of the IE "Uplink integrity protection activation info";

If the IE "Integrity protection mode info" is not present, the UE shall not change the integrity protection configuration.

#### 8.5.7.3.6 Configuration of CTCH occasions

A CTCH is mapped onto only one S-CCPCH, which is the same as carrying the PCH.

The CTCH occasions are identified by the first radio frame of the TTI which can contain CTCH data. The CTCH occasions are fixed on the system frame number cycle 0 .. 4095 (i.e. no modulo calculation) and thus repeated cyclically.

The CTCH occasions are determined by a set of parameters.

$M_{TTI}$ : number of radio frames in the TTI of the FACH used for CTCH

N: period of CTCH allocation on S-CCPCH, integer number of radio frames,

$M_{TTI} \leq N \leq \text{MaxSFN} - K$ , where N is a multiple of  $M_{TTI}$  (cf. 3G TS 25.212 and 3G TS 25.222).

MaxSFN: maximum system frame number = 4096 (cf. 3G TS 25.402).

K: CBS frame offset, integer number of radio frames  $0 \leq K \leq N-1$  where K is a multiple of  $M_{TTI}$ .

The CTCH occasions are calculated as follows:

$SFN = (K + m N)$ ,  $m = 0, 1, \dots, M$ , M chosen that  $K+mN \leq \text{MaxSFN}$ .

The parameters N and K are broadcast as system information.

#### 8.5.7.3.7 UL Timing Advance

If the IE "UL Timing Advance" is present, the UE shall:

- evaluate and apply the timing advance value for UL transmissions.

#### 8.5.7.3.8 Integrity check info

If the IE "Integrity check info is present" the UE shall act as described in subclause 8.5.11.1.

#### 8.5.7.4 Radio bearer information elements

##### 8.5.7.4.1 RB mapping info

If the IE "RB identity" and the IE "RB mapping info" are included, the UE shall:

- If any, delete all previously stored multiplexing options for that radio bearer;
- Store each new multiplexing option for that radio bearer.

##### 8.5.7.4.2 RLC Info

If the IE "RB identity" and the IE "RLC Info" are included, the UE shall:

- Configure the transmitting and receiving RLC entities in the UE for that radio bearer accordingly.

##### 8.5.7.4.3 PDCP Info

If the IEs "RB identity" and "PDCP info" are included, the UE shall:

- Configure the PDCP entity for that radio bearer accordingly.

### 8.5.7.5 Transport channel information elements

#### 8.5.7.5.1 Transport Format Set

If the IE "transport channel identity" and the IE "Transport format set" is included, the UE shall:

- store the transport format set for that transport channel.

If the IE "Transport format Set" has the choice "Transport channel type" set to "Dedicated transport channel", the UE shall:

- Calculate the transport block size for all transport formats in the TFS as

$TB\ size = RLC\ PDU\ size + MAC\ header\ size,$

where,

MAC header size is according to 25.321 if MAC multiplexing is used. Otherwise it is 0 bits.

#### 8.5.7.5.2 Transport format combination set

If the IE "Transport format combination set" is included, the UE shall:

- start to respect those transport format combinations.

#### 8.5.7.5.3 Transport format combination subset

If the IE "Transport format combination subset" is included, the UE shall:

- restrict the transport format combination set to that transport format combination subset. If the transport format combination subset indicates the "full transport format combination set" any restriction on transport format combination set is released and the UE may use the full transport format combination set.

### 8.5.7.6 Physical channel information elements

#### 8.5.7.6.1 Frequency info

If the IE "Frequency info" is included the UE shall:

- Store that frequency as the active frequency; and
- Tune to that frequency.

If the IE "Frequency info" is not included and the UE has a stored active frequency, the UE shall

- Continue to use the stored active frequency.

If the IE "Frequency info" is not included and the UE has no stored active frequency, it shall:

- map any used physical channels on the frequency given in system information as default.

#### 8.5.7.6.2 PRACH info

If the IE "PRACH info" is included, the UE shall:

- release any active dedicated physical channels in the uplink; and
- let the PRACH be the default in the uplink for RACH.

### 8.5.7.6.3 Secondary CCPCH info

If the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" is indicated by a dedicated message, the UE shall start to receive that Secondary CCPCH in the downlink. If the IE "Secondary CCPCH info" is not indicated by a dedicated message, the UE selects a SCCPCH from the broadcast SCCPCHs on BCH which are set to "Selection indicator"="On" based on "Initial UE identity" in idle mode or "old U-RNTI" in connected mode and the UE shall start to receive that Secondary CCPCH in the downlink.

The UE selects one SCCPCH based on the following algorithm.

- Selected SCCPCH = (Initial UE Identity) mod (listed SCCPCHs with "Selection Indicator"="on") (idle mode)
- Selected SCCPCH = (old U-RNTI) mod (listed SCCPCHs with "Selection Indicator"="on") (connected mode)

### 8.5.7.6.4 Uplink DPCH info

If the IE "Uplink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- release any active uplink physical channels and activate the given physical channels.

### 8.5.7.6.5 Downlink DPCH info

If the IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included, the UE shall:

- Activate the dedicated physical channels indicated by that IE.

### 8.5.7.6.6 Maximum allowed UL TX power

If the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX power" is included, the UE shall:

- Keep the UE uplink transmit power below the indicated power value. If the current UE uplink transmit power is above the indicated power value, the UE shall decrease the power to a level below the power value.

### 8.5.7.6.7 Gated transmission control info

If the IE "Gated transmission control info" is included and the gating rate equals Full, then UE shall:

- Stop gated transmission of uplink(if supported) and downlink DPCCH at activation time.

Otherwise, UE shall:

- Start gated transmission of uplink(if supported) and downlink DPCCH at activation time with given gating rate and pattern.

### 8.5.7.6.8 PDSCH with SHO DCH Info (FDD only)

If the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is included, the UE shall:

- Configure itself such that when an allocation on the DSCH is made it will receive the PDSCH from the specified BS within the active set.

and in cases where the TFCI for the user in question has a 'hard' split (meaning that TFCI(field 1) and TFCI (field 2) have their own individual block coding):

- Configure the Layer 1 to only soft combine the DPCCH TFCI(field 2) of the radio links within the associated DCH active set which are specified;
- Infer that the set of radio links for which TFCI (field 2) should be soft combined will include all radio links within the active set if the IE 'TFCI combining set' is not included and the sending of the message in which the IE 'PDSCH with SHO DCH Info' is being used will result in a transport channel switch from a state in which the DSCH transport channel was not available to a state in which it is available.

### 8.5.7.6.9 PDSCH code mapping (FDD only)

If the IE 'PDSCH code mapping' is included, the UE shall:

- Configure Layer 1 to support the mapping of TFCI(field 2) values to PDSCH channelisation codes as specified in the IE.

### 8.5.7.6.10 Uplink DPCH power control info

In FDD, if the IE "Uplink DPCH power control info" is included the UE shall:

- start inner loop power control as specified in 8.5.3;
- for the UL inner loop power control use the parameters specified in the IE.

In TDD, if the IE "Uplink DPCH power control info" is included the UE shall:

- use the parameters specified in the IE for open loop power control as defined in 8.5.9.

### 8.5.7.6.11 Secondary CPICH info

If the IE Secondary CPICH info is included, the UE:

- May use the channelisation code according to IE "channelisation code", with scrambling code according to IE "DL scrambling code" in the IE "Secondary CPICH info", for channel estimation of that radio link;
- May use the pilot bits on DPCCH for channel estimation.

### 8.5.7.6.12 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation

If the IE "Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation" is included and has the value "Primary CPICH may be used" the UE:

- may use the Primary CPICH for channel estimation;
- may use the pilot bits on DPCCH for channel estimation.

If the IE "Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation" is included and has the value "Primary CPICH shall not be used" the UE:

- shall not use the Primary CPICH for channel estimation;
- may use the pilot bits on DPCCH for channel estimation.

## 8.5.7.7 Measurement information elements

### 8.5.7.7.1 Measurement validity

If the IE "measurement validity" for a given measurement has been assigned to value "release", the UE shall delete the measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY after the UE makes a transition to a new state.

If the IE "measurement validity" for this measurement has been assigned to value "resume", the UE shall save the measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY .The IE "UE state" defines the scope of resuming the measurement.

If the "UE state" is defined as 'all states', the UE shall continue the measurement after making a transition to a new state. This scope is assigned only for traffic volume type measurements.

If the "UE state" is defined as 'all states except CELL\_DCH', the UE shall store the measurement to be resumed after a subsequent transition from CELL\_DCH state to any of the other states in connected mode. This scope is assigned only for traffic volume type measurements.

If the "UE state" is defined as 'CELL\_DCH', the UE shall store the measurement to be resumed after a subsequent transition to CELL\_DCH state. After cell re-selection, the UE shall delete an ongoing measurement intra-frequency or inter-frequency and inter-system type measurement associated with the variable MEASUREMENT IDENTITY. Other measurement types shall, however, be continued regardless of cell reselection.

#### 8.5.7.7.2 Filter coefficient

If the IE "Filter coefficient" is received the UE shall apply filtering of the measurements for that measurement quantity according to the formula below. This filtering shall be performed by the UE before UE event evaluation. The UE shall also filter the measurements reported in the IE "Measured results" or the IE "Measurement results on RACH". The filtering shall not be performed for cell-reselection in connected or idle mode.

The filtering shall be performed according to the following formula.

$$F_n = (1 - a) \cdot F_{n-1} + a \cdot M_n$$

The variables in the formula are defined as follows:

$F_n$  is the updated filtered measurement result

$F_{n-1}$  is the old filtered measurement result

$M_n$  is the latest received measurement result from physical layer measurements, the unit used for  $M_n$  is the same unit as the reported unit in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message or the unit used in the event evaluation.

$a$  = one divided by the parameter received in the IE "Filter coefficient". Note that if  $a$  is set to 1 that will mean no layer 3 filtering.

In order to initialize the averaging filter,  $F_0$  is set to  $M_1$  when the first measurement result from the physical layer measurement is received.

The physical layer measurement results are sampled once every measurement period. The measurement period and the accuracy for a certain measurement is defined in 3G TS 25.133.

#### 8.5.7.8 Other information elements

Void.

### 8.5.8 Generic state transition rules depending on received information elements

The state the UE shall move to depends on the presence of a number of IEs as follows:

IF either IE "Uplink DPCH info" OR IE "Downlink DPCH info" is included THEN

The UE shall move to CELL\_DCH state

ELSIF "DRX indicator" is set to "DRX with Cell updating" THEN

The UE shall move to CELL\_PCH state

ELSIF "DRX indicator" is set to "DRX with URA updating" THEN

The UE shall move to URA\_PCH state

ELSIF "DRX indicator" is set to "noDRX" THEN

The UE shall move to CELL\_FACH state

END

Make IE "DRX Indicator" M (Mandatory) in the following messages :

- CELL UPDATE CONFIRM

- PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION
- RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION
- RADIO BEARER RELEASE
- RADIO BEARER SETUP
- RNTI REALLOCATION
- RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT
- TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION
- URA UPDATE CONFIRM

Moreover, make IE "UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient" Mandatory in message URA UPDATE CONFIRM.

### 8.5.9 Open loop power control

For FDD and prior to PRACH transmission the UE shall calculate the power for the first preamble as:

$$\text{Preamble\_Initial\_Power} = \text{Primary CPICH DL TX power} - \text{CPICH_RSCP} + \text{UL interference} + \text{Constant Value}$$

Where

Primary CPICH DL TX power shall have the value of IE "Primary CPICH DL TX power",

UL interference shall have the value of IE "UL interference"; and

Constant Value shall have the value of IE "Constant Value".

The IEs "Primary CPICH DL TX power", "UL interference" and "Constant value" shall be read on system information in system information block 6 and system information block 7.

The value for the CPICH\_RSCP shall be measured by the UE.

As long as the physical layer is configured for PRACH transmission, the UE shall continuously recalculate the Preamble\_Initial\_Power when any of the broadcast parameters used in the above formula changes. The new Preamble\_Initial\_Power shall then be resubmitted to the physical layer.

For TDD the UE shall calculate the UL transmit power according to the following formulas for the PRACH, DPCH and USCH continuously while the physical channel is active:

$$P_{\text{PRACH}} = L_{\text{PCCPCH}} + I_{\text{BTS}} + \text{RACH Constant value}$$

And for uplink dedicated physical channels:

$$P_{\text{DPCH}} = \alpha L_{\text{PCCPCH}} + (1-\alpha) L_0 + I_{\text{BTS}} + \text{SIR}_{\text{TARGET}} + \text{DPCH Constant value}$$

And for uplink shared physical channels:

$$P_{\text{USCH}} = \alpha L_{\text{PCCPCH}} + (1-\alpha) L_0 + I_{\text{BTS}} + \text{SIR}_{\text{TARGET}} + \text{USCH Constant value}$$

Where:

$P_{\text{PRACH}}$ ,  $P_{\text{DPCH}}$ , &  $P_{\text{USCH}}$ : Transmitter power level in dBm,

$L_{\text{PCCPCH}}$ : Measure representing path loss in dB (reference transmit power "Primary CCPCH Tx Power" is broadcast on BCH in system information block 14).

$L_0$ : Long term average of path loss in dB

$I_{\text{BTS}}$ : Interference signal power level at cell's receiver in dBm ("UL Interference" is broadcast on BCH in system information block 14 for each active uplink timeslot).

$\alpha$ :  $\alpha$  is a weighting parameter, which represents the quality of path loss measurements.  $\alpha$  may be a function of the time delay between the uplink time slot and the most recent down link PCCPCH time slot.  $\alpha$  is calculated at the UE.

$SIR_{TARGET}$ : Target SNR in dB. This value is individually signaled to UEs in UL DPCH Power Control Info and PUSCH Power Control Info IEs.

RACH Constant value: This value is broadcast on BCH and shall be read on system information block 14.

DPCH Constant value: This value is broadcast on BCH and shall be read on system information block 14.

USCH Constant Value: This value is broadcast on BCH and shall be read on system information block 14.

## 8.5.10 Detection of in service area

When a suitable cell is found based on the description in subclause 5.2.2.1 of TS25.304, the UE considers it as an "in service area".

## 8.5.11 Integrity protection

Integrity protection shall be performed independently on the RRC messages sent on each signalling radio bearer.

For each signalling radio bearer, the UE shall use two integrity protection hyper frame numbers,

- "Uplink HFN";
- "Downlink HFN".

and two message sequence numbers,

- "Uplink RRC Message sequence number";
- "Downlink RRC Message sequence number".

The above information is stored in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO per signalling radio bearer (0-3).

### 8.5.11.1 Integrity protection in downlink

If the UE receives an RRC message on signalling radio bearer with RB identity n, the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO has the value "Started" and the IE 'Integrity check info' is present the UE shall:

- check the value of the IE "RRC message sequence number" included in the IE "Integrity check info". If the RRC message sequence number is lower than or equal to the "Downlink RRC Message sequence number" for RB#n in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO, the UE shall increment "Downlink HFN" for RB#n in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO with one.
- calculate an expected message authentication code in accordance with 8.5.11.3.
- compare the expected message authentication code with the value of the received IE "message authentication code" contained in the IE 'Integrity check info'.
  - If the expected message authentication code and the received message authentication code are the same, the integrity check is successful.
  - If the calculated expected message authentication code and the received message authentication code differ, the message shall be discarded.

If the UE receives an RRC message on signalling radio bearer with identity n, the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO has the value "Started" and the IE 'Integrity check info' is not present the UE shall discard the message.

### 8.5.11.2 Integrity protection in uplink

Upon transmitting an RRC message using the signalling radio bearer with radio bearer identity n, and the "Status" in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO has the value "Started" the UE shall:

- increment "Uplink RRC Message sequence number" for RB#n in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO with 1. When "Uplink RRC Message sequence number" for RB#n in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO becomes 0, the UE shall increment "Uplink HFN" for RB#n in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO with 1;
- calculate a message authentication code in accordance with 8.5.11.3;
- include the IE "Integrity check info" in the message with contents set to the new value of the "Uplink RRC Message sequence number" for RB#n in the variable INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO and the calculated message authentication code.

### 8.5.11.3 Calculation of message authentication code

The UE shall calculate the message authentication code in accordance with 3G TS 33.102. The UE shall apply all the information elements in the message except the IE "Integrity check info", after encoding, as the signalling data (MESSAGE in TS 33.102). Further details are specified in clause 12.

### 8.5.12 Measurement occasion calculation

When in CELL\_FACH state the UE shall perform inter-frequency and inter system measurements during the frame with the SFN value fulfilling the following equation:

$$((\text{SFN} \text{ div } N) \text{ mod } M_{\text{REP}} = C_{\text{RNTI}} \text{ mod } M_{\text{REP}})$$

where

$N$  is the TTI of FACH div 10ms

$$M_{\text{REP}} = 2^k$$

$$k = k_{\text{UTRA}} - k_{\text{Inter Rat tot}}$$

The UE is allowed to measure on other occasions in case the UE moves out of service area or in case it can simultaneously perform the ordered measurements.

$k_{\text{Inter Rat tot}}$  is the sum of all the  $k_{\text{Inter Rat}}$  values corresponding to a system that the UE supports in addition to UTRA, and that have neighbours present in the measurement control message or system information sent from the current cell.

$C_{\text{RNTI}}$  is the C-RNTI value of the UE

$k_{\text{UTRA}}$  and  $k_{\text{Inter Rat}}$  is read on system information in SIB 11 or 12 in the "FACH measurement occasion info" IE.

### 8.5.13 Establishment of Access Service Classes

The PRACH resources (i.e. access slots and preamble signatures for FDD, timeslot and channelisation code for TDD) may be divided between different Access Service Classes in order to provide different priorities of RACH usage. It is possible for more than one ASC or for all ASCs to be assigned to the same access slot/signature space.

Access Service Classes shall be numbered in the range  $0 \leq i \leq \text{NumASC} \leq 7$  (i.e. the maximum number of ASCs is  $\text{NumASC}+1 = 8$ ). An ASC is defined by an identifier,  $i$ , that defines a certain partition of the PRACH resources and an associated persistence value  $P_i$ . A set of ASC parameters consists of  $\text{NumASC}+1$  such parameters  $(i, P_i)$ ,  $i = 0, \dots, \text{NumASC}$ .

PRACH partitions shall be established using the information element "PRACH partition". The persistence values  $P_i$  to be associated with each ASC shall be derived from the dynamic persistence level  $N = 1, \dots, 8$  which is broadcast in SIB 5, and the persistence scaling factors  $s_i$ , broadcast in SIB 5 and possibly also in SIB 6, as follows:

$$P(N) = 2^{-(N-1)}$$

<b>ASC # <i>i</i></b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>P<sub>i</sub></b>	1	P(N)	s <sub>2</sub> P(N)	s <sub>3</sub> P(N)	s <sub>4</sub> P(N)	s <sub>5</sub> P(N)	s <sub>6</sub> P(N)	s <sub>7</sub> P(N)

Scaling factors  $s_i$  are provided optionally for  $i = 2, \dots, \text{NumASC}$ , where  $\text{NumASC}+1$  is the number of ASCs as defined by PRACH partitioning. If no scaling factors are broadcast, default value 1 shall be used if  $\text{NumASC} \geq 2$ .

If  $k \geq 1$  scaling factors are broadcast and  $\text{NumASC} \geq k+2$  then the last scaling factor  $s_{k+1}$  shall be used as default for the ASCs where  $i > k+1$ .

The set of ASC parameters is provided to MAC with the CMAC-Config-REQ primitive (see TS 25.321), the PRACH partitioning is provided to PHY using the CPHY-TrCH-Config-REQ primitive (see TS 25.302).

The ASC enumeration shall be such that it corresponds to the order of priority (ASC 0 = highest priority, ASC 7 = lowest priority). ASC 0 shall be used in case of Emergency Call or for reasons with equivalent priority.

At radio bearer setup/reconfiguration each involved logical channel is assigned a MAC Logical channel Priority (MLP) in the range 1,...,8. When the MAC sublayer is configured for RACH transmission in the UE, these MLP levels shall be employed for ASC selection on MAC.

### 8.5.14 Mapping of Access Classes to Access Service Classes

Access Classes shall only be applied at initial access, i.e. when sending an RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message. A mapping between Access Class (AC) and Access Service Class (ASC) shall be indicated by the information element "AC-to-ASC mapping" in SIB 5. The correspondence between AC and ASC shall be indicated as follows.

<b>AC</b>	<b>0 - 9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>ASC</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> IE	2 <sup>nd</sup> IE	3 <sup>rd</sup> IE	4 <sup>th</sup> IE	5 <sup>th</sup> IE	6 <sup>th</sup> IE	7 <sup>th</sup> IE

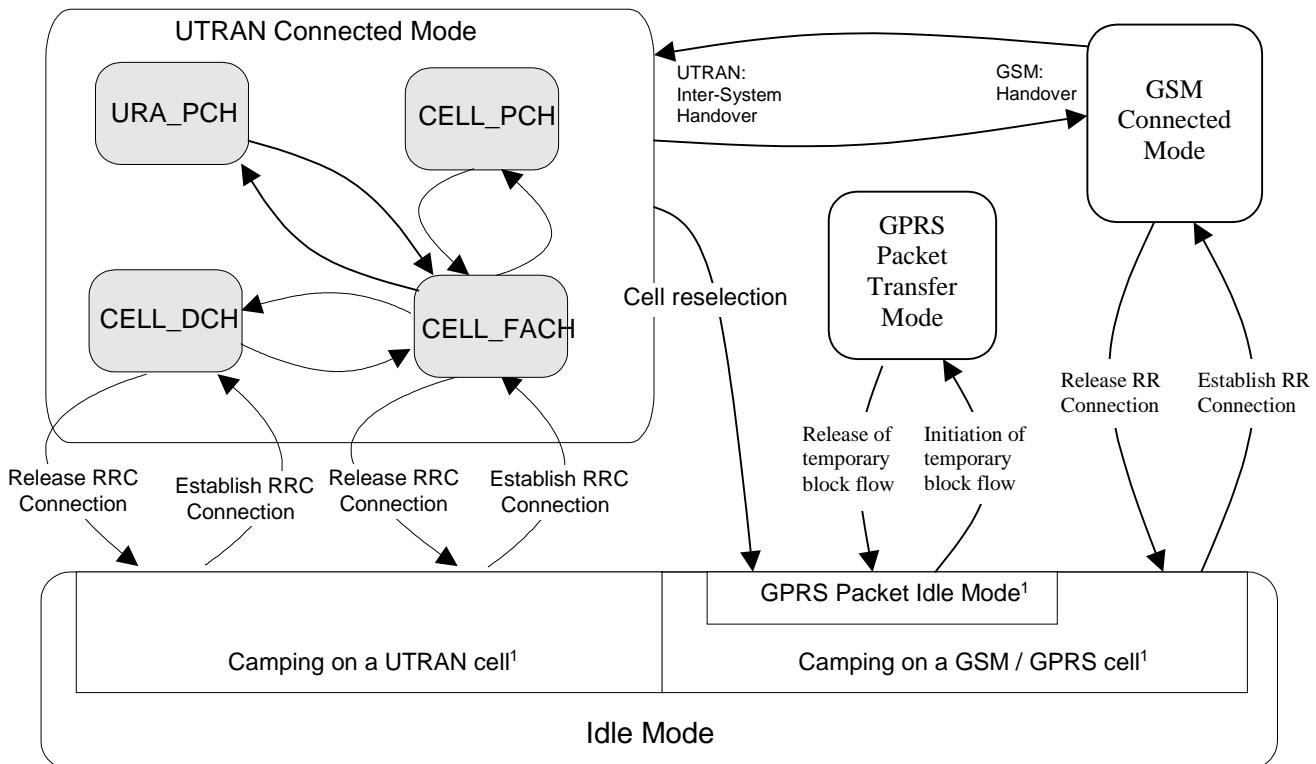
In the table, " $n^{\text{th}}$  IE" designates an ASC number  $i$  in the range 0 - 7 to AC.

For the random access, the parameters implied by the respective ASC shall be employed. In case the UE is member of several ACs it shall select the ASC for the highest AC number. In connected mode, AC shall not be applied.

## 9 Protocol states

### 9.1 RRC States and State Transitions including GSM

Figure 47 shows the RRC states in Connected Mode, including transitions between UTRAN connected mode and GSM connected mode for PSTN/ISDN domain services, and between UTRAN connected mode and GSM/GPRS packet modes for IP domain services. It also shows the transitions between Idle Mode and UTRAN Connected Mode and further the transitions within UTRAN connected Mode.



**Figure 47: RRC States and State Transitions including GSM**

[<sup>1</sup>: The indicated division within Idle Mode is only included for clarification and shall not be interpreted as states.]

It shall be noted that not all states may be applicable for all UE connections. For a given QoS requirement on the UE connection, only a subset of the states may be relevant.

After power on, the UE stays in Idle Mode until it transmits a request to establish an RRC Connection. In Idle Mode the connection of the UE is closed on all layers of the access stratum. In Idle Mode the UE is identified by non-access stratum identities such as IMSI, TMSI and P-TMSI. In addition, the UTRAN has no own information about the individual Idle Mode UEs, and it can only address e.g. all UEs in a cell or all UEs monitoring a paging occasion. The UE behaviour within this mode is described in [4].

The UTRAN Connected Mode is entered when the RRC Connection is established. The UE is assigned a radio network temporary identity (RNTI) to be used as UE identity on common transport channels.

NOTE: The exact definition of RRC connection needs further refinement.

The RRC states within UTRAN Connected Mode reflect the level of UE connection and which transport channels that can be used by the UE.

For inactive stationary data users the UE may fall back to PCH on both the Cell and URA levels. That is, upon the need for paging, the UTRAN shall check the current level of connection of the given UE, and decide whether the paging message shall be sent within the URA, or should it be sent via a specific cell.

## 9.2 Transition from Idle Mode to UTRAN Connected Mode

The transition to the UTRAN Connected Mode from the Idle Mode can only be initiated by the UE by transmitting a request for an RRC Connection. The event is triggered either by a paging request from the network or by a request from upper layers in the UE.

When the UE receives a message from the network that confirms the RRC connection establishment, the UE enters the CELL\_FACH or CELL\_DCH state of UTRAN Connected Mode.

In the case of a failure to establish the RRC Connection the UE goes back to Idle Mode. Possible causes are radio link failure, a received reject response from the network or lack of response from the network (timeout).

## 9.3 UTRAN Connected Mode States and Transitions

### 9.3.1 CELL\_DCH state

The CELL\_DCH state is characterised by

- A dedicated physical channel is allocated to the UE in uplink and downlink.
- The UE is known on cell level according to its current active set.
- Dedicated transport channels, downlink and uplink (TDD) shared transport channels, and a combination of these transport channels can be used by the UE.

The CELL\_DCH-state is entered from the Idle Mode through the setup of an RRC connection, or by establishing a dedicated physical channel from the CELL\_FACH state.

A PDSCH may be assigned to the UE in this state, to be used for a DSCH. In TDD a PUSCH may also be assigned to the UE in this state, to be used for a USCH.

#### 9.3.1.1 Transition from CELL\_DCH to Idle Mode

Transition to Idle Mode is realised through the release of the RRC connection.

#### 9.3.1.2 Transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state

Transition to CELL\_FACH state occurs when all dedicated channels have been released, which may be

- a) via explicit signalling.

at the end of the time period for which the dedicated channel was allocated (TDD)

#### 9.3.1.3 Radio Resource Allocation tasks (CELL\_DCH)

For the DCH, several physical channel allocation strategies may be applied. The allocations can be either permanent (needing a DCH release message) or based on time or amount-of-data.

Resource allocation can be done separately for each packet burst with fast signalling on the DCH

For each radio frame the UE and the network indicate the current data rate (in uplink and downlink respectively) using the transport format combination indicator (TFCI). However, in TDD, DCH and DSCH or USCH may be mapped on different CCTrCHs, their TFCI are totally independent. DCH transmission is not modified by the simultaneous existence of DSCH/USCH. If the configured set of combinations (i.e. transport format set for one transport channel) are found to be insufficient to retain the QoS requirements for a transport channel, the network initiates a reconfiguration of the transport format set (TFS) for that transport channel. This reconfiguration can be done during or in between data transmission. Further, the network can reconfigure the physical channel allowing an increase or decrease of the peak data rate.

For the uplink data transmission, the UE reports the observed traffic volume to the network in order for the network to re-evaluate the current allocation of resources. This report contains e.g. the amount of data to be transmitted or the buffer status in the UE.

For codecs that support variable-rate operation the UE can be allowed by RRC in UTRAN to reduce transmission rate independently without requesting a new codec mode from the NW side within the limits defined by the NW in the current TFS for the impacted radio bearer.

The codec mode adaptation in the UE may be initialised e.g. when the maximum power level has been reached, or it is otherwise preferable from the UE point of view to decrease the power consumption by decreasing the data rate. The new Codec mode selected by the UE is signalled to the NW by means of the TFCI.

### 9.3.1.4 RRC Connection mobility tasks (CELL\_DCH)

Depending on the amount and frequency of data macrodiversity (soft handover) may or may not be applied.

The RRC Connection mobility is handled by measurement reporting, soft handover and hard handover procedures.

### 9.3.1.5 UE Measurements (CELL\_DCH)

The UE shall perform measurements and transmit measurement reports according to the measurement control information.

The UE shall use the connected mode measurement control information received in other states until new measurement control information has been assigned to the UE.

### 9.3.1.6 Acquisition of system information (CELL\_DCH)

FDD UEs with certain capabilities shall read system information broadcast on FACH.

TDD UEs shall read the BCH to acquire valid system information. For each acquisition, the UE may need different combinations of system information broadcast on BCH. The scheduling on the broadcast channel is done in such way that the UE knows when the requested information can be found.

## 9.3.2 CELL\_FACH state

The CELL\_FACH state is characterised by:

- No dedicated physical channel is allocated to the UE.
- The UE continuously monitors a FACH in the downlink.
- The UE is assigned a default common or shared transport channel in the uplink (e.g. RACH) that it can use anytime according to the access procedure for that transport channel.
- The position of the UE is known by UTRAN on cell level according to the cell where the UE last made a cell update.
- In TDD mode, one or several USCH or DSCH transport channels may have been established.

In the CELL\_FACH substate the UE shall perform the following actions:

- listens to an FACH;
- listens to the BCH transport channel of the serving cell for the decoding of system information messages;
- initiates a cell update procedure on cell change of another UTRA cell;
- use C-RNTI assigned in the current cell as the UE identity on common transport channels except for when a new cell is selected;
- transmits uplink control signals and small data packets on the RACH;
- in FDD mode, transmits uplink control signals and larger data packets on CPCH when resources are allocated to cell and UE is assigned use of those CPCH resources;
- in TDD mode, transmits signalling messages or user data in the uplink and/or the downlink using USCH and/or DSCH when resources are allocated to the cell and the UE is assigned use of those USCH/DSCH resources;
- in TDD mode, transmits measurement reports in the uplink using USCH when resources are allocated to it in order to trigger a handover procedure in the UTRAN.

### 9.3.2.1 Transition from CELL\_FACH to CELL\_DCH state

A transition occurs, when a dedicated physical channel is established via explicit signalling.

### 9.3.2.2 Transition from CELL\_FACH to CELL\_PCH state

The transition occurs when UTRAN orders the UE to move to CELL\_PCH state, which is done via explicit signalling..

### 9.3.2.3 Transition from CELL\_FACH to Idle Mode

Upon release of the RRC connection, the UE moves to the idle mode.

### 9.3.2.4 Transition from CELL\_FACH to URA\_PCH State

The transition occurs when UTRAN orders the UE to move to URA\_PCH state, which is done via explicit signalling e.g. Upon completion of the URA update procedure.

### 9.3.2.5 Radio Resource Allocation Tasks (CELL\_FACH)

In the CELL\_FACH state the UE will monitor an FACH. It is enabled to transmit uplink control signals and it may be able to transmit small data packets on the RACH.

The network can assign the UE transport channel parameters (e.g. transport format sets) in advance, to be used when a DCH is used. Upon assignment of the physical channel for DCH, the UE shall move to CELL\_DCH state and use the pre-assigned TFS for the DCH.

If no UE dedicated physical channel or transport channel configuration has been assigned, the UE shall use the common physical channel and transport channel configuration according to the system information.

For the uplink data transmission, the UE reports the observed traffic volume to the network in order for the network to re-evaluate the current allocation of resources. This report contains e.g. the amount of data to be transmitted or the buffer status in the UE.

When there is either user or control data to transmit, a selection procedure determines whether the data should be transmitted on a common transport channel, or if a transition to CELL\_DCH should be executed. The selection is dynamic and depends on e.g. traffic parameters (amount of data, packet burst frequency).

In FDD mode, the UTRAN can assign CPCH resources to the UE in CELL\_FACH state. When CPCH resources are assigned, the UE will continue to monitor FACHs. The UE may use the RACH to transmit uplink control signals and small data packets. The UE also may choose to transmit data packets, larger than those carried on the RACH, on the CPCH channel. The UE selects either the RACH or one of the CPCH channels to make maximum use of the capacity available on that channel.

In FDD mode, the UE provides the UTRAN with CPCH measurement data, which includes data, queue depth (current size of data buffers), average access time for each CPCH channel used, and average traffic volume on each CPCH channel used. With these measures, the UTRAN can reallocate network resources on a periodic basis. The UTRAN allocates CPCH Sets to each cell and assigns UEs to one of the cell's CPCH Sets. The UEs can dynamically access the CPCH resources without further UTRAN control.

In the TDD mode, the UTRAN can assign USCH / DSCH resources to the UE in CELL\_FACH state. When USCH / DSCH resources are assigned, the UE will continue to monitor FACHs, depending on the UE capability. The UE may use the USCH / DSCH to transmit signalling messages or user data in the uplink and / or the downlink using USCH and / or DSCH when resources are allocated to cell and UE is assigned use of those USCH / DSCH.

For the uplink data transmission on USCH the UE reports to the network the traffic volume (current size of RLC data buffers), The UTRAN can use these measurement reports to re-evaluate the current allocation of the USCH / DSCH resources.

### 9.3.2.6 RRC Connection mobility tasks (CELL\_FACH)

In this state the location of the UE is known on cell level. A cell update procedure is used to report to the UTRAN, when the UE selects a new cell to observe the common downlink channels of a new cell. Downlink data transmission on the FACH can be started without prior paging.

The UE monitors the broadcast channel and system information on BCCH of its own and neighbour cells and from this the need for the updating of cell location is identified.

The UE shall perform cell reselection and upon selecting a new UTRA cell, it shall initiate a cell update procedure. Upon selecting a new cell belonging to another radio access system than UTRA, the UE shall enter idle mode and make an access to that system according to its specifications.

### 9.3.2.7 UE Measurements (CELL\_FACH)

The UE shall perform measurements and transmit measurement reports according to the measurement control information.

By default, the UE shall use the measurement control information broadcast within the system information. However, for measurements for which the network also provides measurement control information within a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, the latter information takes precedence.

### 9.3.2.8 Transfer and update of system information (CELL\_FACH)

The UE shall read the BCH to acquire valid system information. For each acquisition, the UE may need different combinations of system information broadcast on BCH. The scheduling on the broadcast channel is done in such way that the UE knows when the requested information can be found.

When the system information is modified, the scheduling information is updated to reflect the changes in system information transmitted on BCH. The new scheduling information is broadcast on FACH in order to inform UEs about the changes. If the changes are applicable for the UE, the modified system information is read on BCH.

## 9.3.3 CELL\_PCH state

The CELL\_PCH state is characterised by:

- No dedicated physical channel is allocated to the UE.
- The UE uses DRX for monitoring a PCH via an allocated PICH.
- No uplink activity is possible.
- The position of the UE is known by UTRAN on cell level according to the cell where the UE last made a cell update in CELL\_FACH state.

In this state the UE shall perform the following actions:

- monitor the paging occasions according to the DRX cycle and receive paging information on the PCH;
- listens to the BCH transport channel of the serving cell for the decoding of system information messages;
- initiates a cell update procedure on cell change;
- a UE supporting Cell Broadcast Service (CBS) shall be capable to receive BMC messages in the CELL\_PCH RRC state.

The DCCH logical channel cannot be used in this sub. If the network wants to initiate any activity, it needs to make a paging request on the PCCH logical channel in the known cell to initiate any downlink activity.

### 9.3.3.1 Transition from CELL\_PCH to CELL\_FACH state

The UE is transferred to CELL\_FACH state either by paging from UTRAN or through any uplink access.

### 9.3.3.2 Radio Resource Allocation Tasks (CELL\_PCH)

In CELL\_PCH state no resources have been granted for data transmission. For this purpose, a transition to another state has to be executed.

The UE may use Discontinuous Reception (DRX) in order to reduce power consumption. When DRX is used the UE needs only to receive at one paging occasion per DRX cycle. The UE may be instructed to use a specific DRX cycle length by the network. The UE shall determine its paging occasions in the same way as for Idle Mode, see [4].

### 9.3.3.3 RRC Connection mobility tasks (CELL\_PCH)

In the CELL\_PCH state, the UE mobility is performed through cell reselection procedures, which may differ from the one defined in [4].

The UE shall perform cell reselection and upon selecting a new UTRA cell, it shall move to CELL\_FACH state and initiate a cell update procedure in the new cell. After the cell update procedure has been performed, the UE shall change its state back to CELL\_PCH state if neither the UE nor the network has any more data to transmit.

Upon selecting a new cell belonging to another radio access system than UTRA, the UE shall enter idle mode and make an access to that system according to its specifications.

In case of low UE activity, UTRAN may want to reduce the cell-updating overhead by ordering the UE to move to the URA\_PCH State. This transition is made via the CELL\_FACH state. UTRAN may apply an inactivity timer, and optionally, a counter, which counts the number of cell updates e.g. UTRAN orders the UE to move to URA\_PCH when the number of cell updates has exceeded certain limits (network parameter).

### 9.3.3.4 UE Measurements (CELL\_PCH)

The UE shall perform measurements and transmit measurement reports according to the measurement control information.

The UE shall use the measurement control information according to the system information when no UE dedicated measurement control information has been assigned.

### 9.3.3.5 Transfer and update of system information (CELL\_PCH)

The UE shall read the BCH to acquire valid system information. For each acquisition, the UE may need different combinations of system information broadcast on BCH. The scheduling on the broadcast channel is done in such way that the UE knows when the requested information can be found.

## 9.3.4 URA\_PCH State

The URA\_PCH state is characterised by:

- No dedicated channel is allocated to the UE.
- The UE uses DRX for monitoring a PCH via an allocated PICH.
- No uplink activity is possible.
- The location of the UE is known on UTRAN Registration area level according to the URA assigned to the UE during the last URA update in CELL\_FACH state.

In this state the UE performs the following actions:

- monitor the paging occasions according to the DRX cycle and receive paging information on the PCH;
- listens to the BCH transport channel of the serving cell for the decoding of system information messages;
- initiates a URA updating procedure on URA change;
- a UE supporting Cell Broadcast Service (CBS) shall be capable to receive BMC messages in the URA\_PCH RRC state.

The DCCH logical channel cannot be used in this state. If the network wants to initiate any activity, it needs to make a paging request on the PCCH logical channel within the URA where the location of the UE is known. If the UE needs to transmit anything to the network, it goes to the CELL\_FACH state. The transition to URA\_PCH State can be controlled with an inactivity timer, and optionally, with a counter which counts the number of cell updates. When the number of cell updates has exceeded certain limits (a network parameter), then the UE changes to the URA\_PCH State.

URA updating is initiated by the UE, which, upon the detection of the Registration area, sends the network the Registration area update information on the RACH of the new cell.

### 9.3.4.1 Transition from URA\_PCH State to CELL\_FACH State (URA\_PCH)

Any activity causes the UE to be transferred to CELL\_FACH State. Uplink access is performed by RACH.

Note that the release of an RRC connection is not possible in the URA\_PCH State. The UE will first move to CELL\_FACH State to perform the release signalling.

### 9.3.4.2 Radio Resource Allocation Tasks (URA\_PCH)

In URA\_PCH State no resources have been granted for data transmission. For this purpose, a transition to CELL\_FACH State has to be executed.

The UE may use Discontinuous Reception (DRX) in order to reduce power consumption. When DRX is used the UE needs only to receive at one paging occasion per DRX cycle. The UE may be instructed to use a specific DRX cycle length by the network. The UE shall determine its paging occasions in the same way as for Idle Mode, see [4].

### 9.3.4.3 RRC Connection mobility tasks (URA\_PCH)

In URA\_PCH State the location of a UE is known on UTRAN Registration area level.

In this state, the UE mobility is performed through URA reselection procedures, which may differ from the definitions in S2.04. The UE shall perform cell reselection and upon selecting a new UTRA cell belonging to an URA which does not match the URA used by the UE, the UE shall move to CELL\_FACH state and initiates a URA update towards the network. After the URA update procedure has been performed, the UE shall change its state back to URA\_PCH state if neither the UE nor the network has any more data to transmit.

Upon selecting a new cell belonging to another radio access system than UTRA, the UE shall enter idle mode and make an access to that system according to its specifications (FFS).

### 9.3.4.4 UE Measurements (URA\_PCH)

The UE shall perform measurements and transmit measurement reports according to the measurement control information.

The UE shall use the measurement control information according to the system information when no UE dedicated measurement control information has been assigned.

### 9.3.4.5 Transfer and update of system information (URA\_PCH)

The same mechanisms to transfer and update system information as for state CELL\_PCH are applicable for UEs in URA\_PCH state.

## 9.4 Inter-system handover with PSTN/ISDN domain services

When using PSTN / ISDN domain services, UTRAN is using an Inter-Radio access system Handover Procedure and GSM is using a Handover procedure for the transition from UTRAN Connected Mode to GSM Connected Mode.

## 9.5 Inter-system handover with IP domain services

When using IP domain services, the UE initiates cell reselection from a GSM/GPRS cell to a UTRAN cell and then uses the RRC Connection Establishment procedure for the transition to UTRAN Connected mode.

When the RRC Connection is established from Idle Mode (GPRS Packet Idle Mode) the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message contains an indication, that UTRAN needs to continue an already established GPRS UE context from the CN. This indication allows UTRAN to e.g. prioritise the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST from the UE.

In UTRAN connected mode UTRAN is using UE or network initiated cell reselection to change from a UTRAN cell to a GSM/GPRS cell. If the cell reselection was successful the UE enters Idle Mode (GPRS Packet Idle Mode). The UE sends a packet channel request from Idle Mode (GPRS Packet Idle mode) to establish a Temporary Block flow and enter GPRS Packet Transfer Mode. In the GPRS Packet Transfer Mode the UE sends a RA Update request message.

The RA Update Request message sent from the UE contains an indication that GSM/GPRS need to continue an already established UTRAN UE context from the CN. This means that the RA Update request is always sent for the transition from UTRAN Connected Mode to GSM/GPRS regardless if the RA is changed or not.

**NOTE:** The reason for using RA update instead of a new message is to reduce the impact on the existing GSM/GPRS specification.

## 9.6 Inter-system handover with simultaneous IP and PSTN/ISDN domain services

**NOTE:** This is an initial assumption that needs to be seen by SMG2 and requiring checking by SMG2, when the work on this item has progressed.

### 9.6.1 Inter-system handover UTRAN to GSM / BSS

For a UE in CELL\_DCH state using both PSTN / ISDN and IP Domain services the Inter-system handover procedure is based on measurement reports from the UE but initiated from UTRAN.

The UE performs the Inter-system handover from UTRAN Connected Mode to GSM Connected Mode first. When the UE has sent handover complete message to GSM / BSS the UE initiates a temporary block flow towards GPRS and sends a RA update request.

If the Inter-system handover from UTRAN Connected Mode to GSM Connected Mode was successful the handover is considered as successful regardless if the UE was able to establish a temporary block flow or not towards GPRS.

In case of Inter-system handover failure the UE has the possibility to go back to UTRAN Connected Mode and re-establish the connection in the state it originated from without attempting to establish a temporary block flow. If the UE has the option to try to establish a temporary block flow towards GSM / GPRS after Inter-system handover failure is FFS.

### 9.6.2 Inter-system handover GSM / BSS to UTRAN

For a UE in GSM Connected Mode using both PSTN / ISDN and IP domain services the Inter-system handover procedure is based on measurement reports from the UE but initiated from GSM / BSS.

The UE performs the Inter-system handover from GSM Connected Mode to UTRAN Connected Mode.

In UTRAN Connected Mode both services are established in parallel.

If the Inter-System handover from GSM Connected mode to UTRAN Connected Mode was successful the handover is considered as successful.

In case of Inter-system handover failure the UE has the possibility to go back to GSM Connected Mode and re-establish the connection in the state it originated from.

## 10 Message and information element functional definition and content

### 10.1 General

The function of each Radio Resource Control message together with message contents in the form of a list of information elements is defined in subclause 10.2.

**Functional definitions of the information elements are then described in subclause 10.3.**

Information elements are marked as either MP- Mandatory present, MD - Mandatory with default value, OP - Optional, CV - Conditional on value or CH -Conditional on history (see Table 10.1 with information extracted from [14]).

**Table 10.1: Meaning of abbreviations used in RRC messages and information elements**

Abbreviation	Meaning
MP	<p>Mandatorily present  A value for that information is always needed, and no information is provided about a particular default value. If ever the transfer syntax allows absence (e.g., due to extension), then absence leads to an error diagnosis.</p>
MD	<p>Mandatory with default value  A value for that information is always needed, and a particular default value is mentioned (in the 'Semantical information' column). This opens the possibility for the transfer syntax to use absence or a special pattern to encode the default value.</p>
CV	<p>Conditional on value  A value for that information is needed (presence needed) or unacceptable (absence needed) when some conditions are met that can be evaluated on the sole basis of the content of the message.  If conditions for presence needed are specified, the transfer syntax must allow for the presence of the information. If the transfer syntax allows absence, absence when the conditions for presence are met leads to an error diagnosis.  If conditions for absence needed are specified, the transfer syntax must allow to encode the absence. If the information is present and the conditions for absence are met, an error is diagnosed.  When neither conditions for presence or absence are met, the information is treated as optional, as described for 'OP'.</p>
CH	<p>Conditional on history  A value for that information is needed (presence needed) or unacceptable (absence needed) when some conditions are met that must be evaluated on the basis of information obtained in the past (e.g., from messages received in the past from the other party).  If conditions for presence needed are specified, the transfer syntax must allow for the presence of the information. If the transfer syntax allows absence, absence when the conditions for presence are met leads to an error diagnosis.  If conditions for absence needed are specified, the transfer syntax must allow to encode the absence. If the information is present and the conditions for absence are met, an error is diagnosed.  When neither conditions for presence or absence are met, the information is treated as optional, as described for 'OP'.</p>
OP	<p>Optional  The presence or absence is significant and modifies the behaviour of the receiver. However whether the information is present or not does not lead to an error diagnosis.</p>

### 10.1.1 Protocol extensions

In this specification, two kind of protocol extensions are distinguished:

- extension of an information element with additional values or choices;
- extension of a message with additional information elements.

This standard fully specifies the behaviour of the UE, conforming to this revision of the standard, upon receiving a not comprehended future extension. The details of this error handling behaviour are provided in clause 16.

NOTE: By avoiding the need for partial decoding (skipping uncomprehended IEs to continue decoding the remainder of the message), the RRC protocol extension mechanism also avoids the overhead of length determinants for extensions.

#### 10.1.1.1 Extension of an information element with additional values or choices

In future releases of this protocol, some of the value ranges and choices may be extended. For these value ranges and choices, one or more additional values are reserved. The size of the encoded information element shall not depend on whether or not the values reserved for extension are used. Information elements applicable to choices reserved for future releases of the protocol, shall be added to the end of the message.

For each of the values and choices reserved for future extension, the behaviour of a UE conforming to this revision of the standard is defined within the message and information element specifications provided in subclause 10.1 and 10.2. The UE may either apply a defined value, ignore the information element and/ or reject the request entire message. Which action applies is indicated within the "semantics" column of the tables specifying the messages and information elements as the "criticality" ("default", "ignore" or "reject").

#### 10.1.1.2 Extension of a message with additional information elements

In future releases of this protocol, RRC messages may be extended with new information elements. These additional information elements shall always be included at the end of the message.

UTRAN is able to control the behaviour of a UE receiving a message extended with a not comprehended additional information element by indicating for each extension the "criticality" which may be "ignore" or "reject". Therefore UTRAN indicates the criticality for extensions provided in all messages it sends towards the UE, with the exception of broadcast messages. In the direction from UE to UTRAN, not criticality information is included for protocol extensions added at the end of a message. This is shown in the following table. Furthermore, the table indicates at which level extensions are included for the SYSTEM INFORMATION message.

Type	Message
Extensions and criticality	ACTIVE SET UPDATE 10.2.1 CELL UPDATE CONFIRM 10.2.5 DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER 10.2.6 DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL 10.2.7 HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND 10.2.8 INTER SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND 10.2.11 MEASUREMENT CONTROL 10.2.13 PAGING TYPE 1 10.2.16 PAGING TYPE 2 10.2.17 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION 10.2.18 PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION 10.2.21 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION 10.2.23 RADIO BEARER RELEASE 10.2.26 RADIO BEARER SETUP 10.2.29 RNTI REALLOCATION 10.2.32 RRC CONNECTION RE- ESTABLISHMENT 10.2.35 RRC CONNECTION REJECT 10.2.38 RRC CONNECTION RELEASE 10.2.39 RRC CONNECTION SETUP 10.2.42 SECURITY MODE COMMAND 10.2.45 SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE 10.2.48 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION 10.2.51 TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL 10.2.54 UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY 10.2.56 UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM 10.2.58 UPLINK PHYSICAL CHANNEL CONTROL 10.2.60 URA UPDATE CONFIRM 10.2.62
Extensions	ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE 10.2.2 ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE 10.2.3 CELL UPDATE 10.2.4 INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER 10.2.10 INTER SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE 10.2.12 MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE 10.2.14 MEASUREMENT REPORT 10.2.15 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE 10.2.19 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE 10.2.20 PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST 10.2.22 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE 10.2.24 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE 10.2.25 RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE 10.2.27 RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE 10.2.28 RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE 10.2.30 RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE 10.2.31 RNTI REALLOCATION 10.2.32 RNTI REALLOCATION FAILURE 10.2.34 RRC CONNECTION RE- ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE 10.2.36 RRC CONNECTION RE- ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST 10.2.37 RRC CONNECTION RE- ESTABLISHMENT REJECT 10.2.38 RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE 10.2.40 RRC CONNECTION REQUEST 10.2.41 RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE 10.2.43 RRC STATUS 10.2.44 SECURITY MODE COMPLETE 10.2.46 SECURITY MODE FAILURE 10.2.47 Master Information Block 10.2.49.4.2 System Information Block type 1 to System Information Block type 16 10.2.49.4.3 to 10.2.49.4.18 SYSTEM INFORMATION CHANGE INDICATION 10.2.50 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE 10.2.52 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE 10.2.53 TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE 10.2.55 UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION 10.2.57 UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER 10.2.59 URA UPDATE 10.2.61
None	SYSTEM INFORMATION 10.2.49 First Segment 10.2.49.1 Subsequent or last Segment 10.2.49.2

Type	Message
	Complete SIB 10.2.49.3 SIB content 10.2.49.4.1

NOTE 1: For the SYSTEM INFORMATION message protocol extensions are only possible at the level of system information blocks. If extension is needed at the level of SYSTEM INFORMATION, another message should be defined.

The "Extensions and criticality" may include both critical and non- critical extensions. Within the encoded message, the critical extensions shall always appear before non-critical extensions.

NOTE 2: The above implies that a UE may stop decoding upon the first not comprehended IE it encounters.

The UE shall comprehend all information elements within a message upto the revision of the protocol it supports for the concerned message.

## 10.2 Radio Resource Control messages

In connected mode, RB 0,1,2 and optionally 3 are available for usage by RRC messages using RLC-UM and RLC-AM on the DCCH. The UE and UTRAN shall select radio bearer for RRC messages using RLC-UM or RLC-AM on the DCCH, according to the following:

- RB 0 shall be used for all messages sent on the DCCH, when using RLC unacknowledged mode (RLC-UM).
- RB 1 shall be used for all messages sent on the DCCH, when using RLC acknowledged mode (RLC-AM), except for the DOWLINK DIRECT TRANSFER and UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER messages.
- RB 2 or 3 shall be used by the DOWLINK DIRECT TRANSFER and UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER messages sent on the DCCH in RLC acknowledged mode (RLC-AM), as specified in subclause 8.1.8.

For RRC messages on the DCCH using RLC transparent mode (RLC-TM), the transparent signalling DCCH shall be used.

### 10.2.1 ACTIVE SET UPDATE

NOTE: Only for FDD.

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now".
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.2.45	
<b>CN information elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	
<b>Phy CH information elements</b>				
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing "maximum UL TX power."
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Radio link addition information	OP	1 to <MaxAddRLcount>		Radio link addition information required for each RL to add
>Radio link addition information	MP		Radio link addition information 10.3.6.50	
Radio link removal information	OP	1 to <MaxDelRLcount>		Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove
> Radio link removal information	MP		Radio link removal information 10.3.6.51	
TX Diversity Mode	MD		TX Diversity Mode 10.3.6.63	Default value is the existing TX diversity mode.
SSDT information	OP		SSDT information 10.3.6.57	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxRBWithPDCPCount	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured
MaxAddRLcount	Maximum number of radio links which can be added
MaxDelRLcount	Maximum number of radio links which can be removed/deleted

## 10.2.2 ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE

NOTE: For FDD only.

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RBactivation time info 10.3.4.10	
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxRBWithPDCPCount	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

## 10.2.3 ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE

NOTE: Only for FDD.

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error indication 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.4 CELL UPDATE

This message is used by the UE to initiate a cell update procedure.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: CCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
U-RNTI	MP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
AM_RLC error indication	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates AM_RLC unrecoverable error occurred on c-plane in the UE
Cell update cause	MP		Cell update cause 10.3.3.3	
Protocol error indicator	MD		Protocol error indicator 10.3.3.29	Default value is FALSE
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
Measured results on RACH	OP		Measured results on RACH 10.3.7.70	
<b>Other information elements</b>				
Protocol error information	CV- <i>ProtErr</i>		Protocol error information 10.3.8.9	

Condition	Explanation
<i>ProtErr</i>	If the IE "Protocol error indicator" has the value "TRUE"

## 10.2.5 CELL UPDATE CONFIRM

This message confirms the cell update procedure and can be used to reallocate new RNTI information for the UE valid in the new cell.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing DRX cycle length coefficient
RLC re-configuration indicator (for C-plane)	MD		RLC re-configuration indicator 10.3.3.36	Default value is the existing RLC re-configuration indicator for C-plane
RLC re-configuration indicator (for U-plane)	MD		RLC re-configuration indicator 10.3.3.36	Default value is the existing RLC re-configuration indicator for U-plane
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>UTRAN Information Elements</b>				
URA identity	OP		URA identity 10.3.2.5	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PRACH Info (for RACH)	OP		PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information for one radio link	OP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRBWithPDCPCount</i>	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

## 10.2.6 DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN -> UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>CN information elements</b>				
CN Domain Identity	MP		Core Network Domain Identity 10.3.1.1	
NAS message	MP		NAS message 10.3.1.8	

## 10.2.7 DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Downlink Outer Loop Control	MP		Downlink Outer Loop Control 10.3.6.20	Indicates whether the UE is allowed or not to increase its SIR-target value above its current value
Downlink DPCH power control information	MD		Downlink DPCH power control information 10.3.6.16	Default value is the existing "Downlink DPCH power control information"

## 10.2.8 HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: N/A (Sent through a different RAT)

Logical channel: N/A (Sent through a different RAT)

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
New U-RNTI	MP		U-RNTI Short 10.3.3.46	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
Ciphering algorithm	OP		Ciphering algorithm 10.3.3.4	
RAB info	MP		RAB info 10.3.4.8	
CHOICE specification mode	MP			
>Complete specification				
<b>RB information elements</b>				
>>Signalling RB information to setup list	MP	1 to <MaxSRBc ount>		
>>>Signalling RB information to setup	MP		Signalling RB information to setup 10.3.4.19	
>>RB information to setup list	MP	1 to <MaxSetup RBcount>		
>>>RB information to setup	MP		RB information to setup 10.3.4.15	
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
>>UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	MP		UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.21	
>>Added or Reconfigured TrCH information	MP	1 to <MaxReco nfAddTrCH Count>		
>>>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
>>DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	MP		DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.7	
>>Added or Reconfigured TrCH information	MP	1 to <MaxReco		

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
		nfAddTrCH Count>		
>>>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
>>Uplink DPCH info	MP		Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
>>Downlink information common for all radio links	MP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
>>Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
>>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>>FDD				
>>>>CPCH SET Info	OP		CPCH SET Info 10.3.6.11	
>>Downlink information per radio link		1 to <MaxRLcount>		
>>>Downlink information for each radio link			Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	
>Preconfiguration				
>>Predefined configuration identity	MP		Predefined configuration identity 10.3.4.5	
>>Uplink DPCH info	MP		Uplink DPCH info Short 10.3.6.66	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
>>Downlink information common for all radio links				
>>>Downlink DPCH info common for all radio links	MP		Downlink DPCH info common for all RL 10.3.6.14	
>>Downlink information per radio link	MP	1 to <Max RLcount>		Send downlink information for each radio link to be set-up. In TDD MaxRLcount is 1.
>>>Downlink information for each radio link			Downlink information for each RL short 10.3.6.19	
>>>Downlink DPCH info for each radio link	MP		Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.15	
Frequency info	MP		Frequency info	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			10.3.6.24	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MP			
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Primary CCPCH Tx Power	MP		Primary CCPCH Tx Power 10.3.6.42	
>> Constant Value	MP		Constant value 10.3.6.9	
>>UL Interference	MP		UL interference 10.3.6.64	
>>Cell parameters ID	MP		Integer (0...127)	Description TBI

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxRlcount	Maximum number of radio links
MaxSetupRBcount	The maximum number of RBs to setup.

## 10.2.9 HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE

This message is sent by the UE when a handover to UTRAN has been completed.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
Integrity protection hyper frame number	MP		Hyper frame number 10.3.3.13	

## 10.2.10 INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE -> UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>CN information elements</b>				
Service Descriptor	MP		Service Descriptor 10.3.1.17	
Flow Identifier	MP		Flow Identifier 10.3.1.4	Allocated by UE for a particular session
CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	
NAS message	MP		NAS message 10.3.1.8	
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
Measured results on RACH	OP		Measured results on RACH 10.3.7.70	

## 10.2.11 INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER COMMAND

This message is used for handover from UMTS to another system e.g. GSM. One or several messages from the other system can be included in the Inter-System message information element in this message. These messages are structured and coded according to that systems specification.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
RAB info	OP		RAB info 10.3.4.8	Remaining radio access bearer if any
Inter-System message	MP		Inter-System message 10.3.8.6	

## 10.2.12 INTER-SYSTEM HANDOVER FAILURE

This message is sent on the RRC connection used before the Inter-System Handover was executed. The message indicates that the UE has failed to seize the new channel in the other system.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>Other information elements</b>				
Inter-System handover failure	OP		Inter-System handover failure 10.3.8.5	

## 10.2.13 MEASUREMENT CONTROL

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>Measurement Information elements</b>				
Measurement Identity Number	MP		Measurement Identity Number 10.3.7.73	
Measurement Command	MP		Measurement Command 10.3.7.71	
Measurement Reporting Mode	OP		Measurement Reporting Mode 10.3.7.74	
Additional measurements list	OP		Additional measurements list 10.3.7.1	
<b>CHOICE Measurement type</b>	<i>CV command</i>			
>Intra-frequency measurement			Intra-frequency measurement 10.3.7.36	
>Inter-frequency measurement			Inter-frequency measurement 10.3.7.16	
>Inter-system measurement			Inter-system measurement 10.3.7.27	
>LCS measurement			LCS measurement 10.3.7.57	
>Traffic Volume measurement			Traffic Volume measurement 10.3.7.94	
>Quality measurement			Quality measurement 10.3.7.80	
>UE internal measurement			UE internal measurement 10.3.7.103	

Condition	Explanation
<i>Command</i>	The IE is mandatory if the "Measurement command" IE is set to "Setup", optional if the "Measurement command" IE is set to "modify", otherwise the IE is not needed.

## 10.2.14 MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.15 MEASUREMENT REPORT

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>Measurement Information Elements</b>				
Measurement identity number	MP		Measurement identity number 10.3.7.73	
Measured Results	OP		Measured Results 10.3.7.69	
Additional Measured results	OP	1 to <MaxAdditionalMeas>		
>Measured Results	MP		Measured Results 10.3.7.69	
Event results	OP		Event results 10.3.7.7	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxAdditionalMeas</i>	Maximum number of additional measurements for a given measurement identity

## 10.2.16 PAGING TYPE 1

This message is used to send information on the paging channel. One or several UEs, in idle or connected mode, can be paged in one message, which also can contain other information.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: PCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information elements</b>				
Paging record list	OP	1 to <Page Count>		
>Paging record	MP		Paging record 10.3.3.25	
<b>Other information elements</b>				
BCCH modification info	OP		BCCH modification info 10.3.8.1	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>Page Count</i>	Number of UEs paged in the Paging Type 1 message

If the encoded message does not fill a transport block, the RRC layer shall add padding according to subclause 12.x.

## 10.2.17 PAGING TYPE 2

This message is used to page an UE in connected mode, when using the DCCH for CN originated paging.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Paging cause	MP		Paging cause 10.3.3.24	
<b>CN Information elements</b>				
CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	
Paging Record Type Identifier	MP		Paging Record Type Identifier 10.3.1.10	

## 10.2.18 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION

This message is used by UTRAN to assign, replace or release a set of physical channels used by a UE.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing value of the maximum allowed UL TX power
CHOICE channel requirement	OP			At least one criticality-reject spare value needed for future extension

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
>Uplink DPCH info			Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH SET Info	OP		CPCH SET Info 10.3.6.11	
> TDD				(no data)
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLcount>		Send downlink information for each radio link
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRBWithPDCPCount</i>	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured
<i>MaxRLcount</i>	Maximum number of radio links to be set up

## 10.2.19 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE

This message is sent from the UE when a physical channel reconfiguration has been done.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	
> FDD				(no data)
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxRBWithPDCPCount	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

## 10.2.20 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message type	MP		Message type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.21 PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION

NOTE: Only for TDD.

This message is used by UTRAN to assign physical resources to USCH/DSCH transport channels in TDD, for temporary usage by the UE.

RLC-SAP: TM or UM

Logical channel: SHCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message type	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
C-RNTI	MP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
Uplink timing advance	MD		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	Default value is the existing value for uplink timing advance
Allocation period info	OP		Allocation period info 10.3.6.4	
PUSCH info	OP		PUSCH info 10.3.6.46	
PDSCH info	OP		PDSCH info 10.3.6.30	
Timeslot list	OP	1 .. 14		
>Timeslot number	MP		Integer(0 .. 14)	Timeslot numbers, for which the UE shall report the timeslot ISCP in PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message.

## 10.2.22 PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST

NOTE: Only for TDD.

This message is used by the UE for request of PUSCH resources to the UTRAN.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: SHCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
C-RNTI	MP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
Traffic Volume	MP		Traffic Volume, measured results list 10.3.7.93	
Timeslot list	OP	1 .. 14		
>Timeslot number	MP		Integer(0 .. 14)	
>Timeslot ISCP	MP			
Primary CCPCH RSCP	OP			

## 10.2.23 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION

This message is sent from UTRAN to reconfigure parameters related to a change of QoS. This procedure can also change the multiplexing of MAC, reconfigure transport channels and physical channels.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
<b>CN information elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
RB information to reconfigure list	MP	1to <MaxReconRBCount>		
>RB information to reconfigure	MP		RB information to reconfigure 10.3.4.13	
RB information to be affected list	OP	1 to <MaxOtherRBcount>		
>RB information to be affected	MP		RB information to be affected 10.3.4.12	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.21	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
> Deleted UL TrCH information	MP		Deleted UL TrCH information 10.3.5.6	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCHCount>		
>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH set ID	OP		CPCH set ID 10.3.5.4	
>> Added or Reconfigured TrCH information for DRAC list	OP	1 to <MaxDRA CReconAddTrCHCount>		
>>>DRAC static information	MP		DRAC static information 10.3.5.8	
>TDD				(no data)
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.7	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
>Deleted DL TrCH information	MP		Deleted DL TrCH information 10.3.5.5	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCHCount>		
>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power
CHOICE channel requirement	OP			At least one spare choice (criticality = reject) required
>Uplink DPCH info			Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH SET Info	OP		CPCH SET Info 10.3.6.11	
>TDD				(no data)
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLcount>		
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRLcount</i>	Maximum number of radio links
<i>MaxOtherRBcount</i>	Maximum number of RBs to be affected
<i>MaxReconfRBcount</i>	Maximum number of RBs to be reconfigured
<i>MaxDelTrCHcount</i>	Maximum number of Transport CHannels to be removed
<i>MaxReconAddTrCHCount</i>	Maximum number of transport channels to add and reconfigure
<i>MaxDRACReconAddTrCHCount</i>	Maximum number of transport channels to add and reconfigure for DRAC
<i>MaxSysInfoBlockFACHCount</i>	Maximum number of references to system information blocks on the FACH

## 10.2.24 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE

This message is sent from the UE when a RB and signalling link reconfiguration has been done.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	
>FDD				(no data)
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxRBWithPDCPCount	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

## 10.2.25 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.26 RADIO BEARER RELEASE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB Information Elements</b>				
RB information to release list	MP	1 to <MaxRelRBcount>		
>RB information to release	MP		RB information to release 10.3.4.14	
RB information to be affected list	OP	1 to <MaxOtherRBcount>		
>RB information to be affected	MP		RB information to be affected 10.3.4.12	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		UL Transport channel information	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			common for all transport channels 10.3.5.21	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
>Deleted UL TrCH information	MP		Deleted UL TrCH information 10.3.5.6	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCHCount>		
>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH set ID	OP		CPCH set ID 10.3.5.4	
>> Added or Reconfigured TrCH information for DRAC list	OP	1 to <MaxDRACTReconAddTrCHCount>		
>>>DRAC static information	MP		DRAC static information 10.3.5.8	
>TDD			(no data)	
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.7	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
>Deleted DL TrCH information	MP		Deleted DL TrCH information 10.3.5.5	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCHCount>		
>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power	Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			10.3.6.27	
CHOICE channel requirement	OP			At least one spare choice (criticality = reject) required
>Uplink DPCH info			Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH SET Info	OP		CPCH SET Info 10.3.6.11	
>TDD				(no data)
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLcount>		Send downlink information for each radio link to be set-up
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxRLcount	Maximum number of radio links
MaxRelRBcount	Maximum number of RBs to be released
MaxOtherRBcount	Maximum number of Other RBs (i.e., RBs not being released) affected by the procedure
MaxDelTrCHcount	Maximum number of Transport CHannels to be removed
MaxSysInfoBlockFACHCount	Maximum number of references to system information blocks on the FACH
MaxReconfAddTrCHCount	Maximum number of transport channels to add and reconfigure
MaxDRACReconAddTrCHCount	Maximum number of transport channels to add and reconfigure for DRAC

## 10.2.27 RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	This information element shall be present in case of handover procedure Calculated timing advance value for the new cell after handover in a synchronous TDD network
>FDD				(no data)
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	

### 10.2.28 RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.29 RADIO BEARER SETUP

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB Information Elements</b>				
Signalling RB information to setup list	OP	1 to <MaxSRBCount>		For each signalling radio bearer established
>Signalling RB information to setup	MP		Signalling RB information to setup 10.3.4.19	
RAB information to setup list	MP	1 to <MaxRABCount>		For each RAB established
>RAB information for setup	MP		RAB information to setup 10.3.4.9	
RB information to be affected list	OP	1 to <MaxOtherRBCount>		
>RB information to be affected	MP		RB information	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			to be affected 10.3.4.12	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.21	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
>Deleted UL TrCH information	MP		Deleted UL TrCH information 10.3.5.6	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReco nfAddTrCH Count>		
>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
<b>CHOICE mode</b>	OP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH set ID	OP		CPCH set ID 10.3.5.4	
>> Added or Reconfigured TrCH information for DRAC list	OP	1 to <MaxDRA CReconAd dTrCHCount>		
>>>DRAC static information	MP		DRAC static information 10.3.5.8	
>TDD				(no data)
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.7	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
>Deleted DL TrCH information	MP		Deleted DL TrCH information 10.3.5.5	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReco nfAddTrCH Count>		
>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power
CHOICE channel requirement	OP			At least one spare choice (criticality = reject) required
>Uplink DPCH info			Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH SET Info	OP		CPCH SET Info 10.3.6.11	
>TDD				(no data)
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLcount>		Send downlink information for each radio link
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxRLcount	Maximum number of radio links
MaxDelTrCHcount	Maximum number of Transport CHannels to be removed
MaxReconfAddcount	Maximum number of Transport CHannels reconfigured or added
MaxDRACReconfAddcount	Maximum number of Transport CHannels reconfigured or added for DRAC
MaxSRBcount	Maximum number of signalling RBs that could be setup with this message
MaxRABcount	Maximum number of RABs that could be setup with this message
MaxRBcount	Maximum number of RBs pre RAB that could be setup with this message
MaxOtherRBcount	Maximum number of Other RBs (i.e., RBs not being released) affected by the procedure

### 10.2.30 RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	This information element shall be present in case of handover procedure. Calculated timing advance value for the new cell after handover in a synchronous TDD network
>FDD				(no data)
Hyper frame number	MP		Hyper frame number 10.3.3.13	
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	

### 10.2.31 RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

### 10.2.32 RNTI REALLOCATION

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

### 10.2.33 RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE

This message is used to confirm the new RNTI information for the UE.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Multi bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRBWithPDCPCount</i>	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

### 10.2.34 RNTI REALLOCATION FAILURE

This message is sent to indicate a failure to act on a received RNTI REALLOCATION message.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.35 RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: CCCH, DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
U-RNTI	CV-CCCH		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB Information Elements</b>				
Signalling RB information to setup list	OP	1 to <MaxSRBc ount>		For each signalling radio bearer established
>Signalling RB information to setup	MP		Signalling RB information to setup 10.3.4.19	
RAB information for setup list	OP	1 to <MaxRABc ount>		For each RAB established
>RAB information for setup	MP		RAB information for setup 10.3.4.9	
RB information to release list	OP	1 to <MaxRelR Bcount>		

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
>RB information to release	MP		RB information to release 10.3.4.14	
RB information to reconfigure list	OP	1 to <MaxReco nRBcount>		
>RB information to reconfigure	MP		RB information to reconfigure 10.3.4.13	
RB information to be affected list	OP	1 to <MaxOther RBcount>		
>RB information to be affected	MP		RB information to be affected 10.3.4.12	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.21	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTr CHCount>		
>Deleted UL TrCH information	MP		Deleted UL TrCH information 10.3.5.6	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReco nfAddTrCH Count>		
>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
<b>CHOICE mode</b>	OP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH set ID	OP		CPCH set ID 10.3.5.4	
>> Added or Reconfigured TrCH information for DRAC list	OP	1 to <MaxDRA CReconAd dTrCHCou nt>		
>>>DRAC static information	MP		DRAC static information 10.3.5.8	
>TDD				(no data)
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			10.3.5.7	
Deleted TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxDelTrCHCount>		
>Deleted DL TrCH information	MP		Deleted DL TrCH information 10.3.5.5	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	OP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCHCount>		
>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>			Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD			Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power
CHOICE channel requirement	OP		Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	At least one spare choice (criticality = reject) required
>Uplink DPCH info			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)				
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH SET Info	OP		CPCH SET Info 10.3.6.11	
>TDD				(no data)
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLCount>		Send downlink information for each radio link to be set-up
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Condition	Explanation
CCCH	This IE is only sent when CCCH is used

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSRBcount	Maximum number of signalling RBs that could be setup with this message
MaxRABcount	Maximum number of RABs that could be setup with this message
MaxSetupRBcount	Maximum number of RBs to be setup
MaxRelRBcount	Maximum number of RBs to be released
MaxReconRBcount	Maximum number of RBs to be reconfigured
MaxOtherRBcount	Maximum number of RBs to be affected.
MaxDelTrCHcount	Maximum number of Transport CHannels to be removed
MaxReconfAddTrCHCount	Maximum number of transport channels to add and reconfigure
MaxDRACReconAddTrCHCount	Maximum number of transport channels to add and reconfigure for DRAC
MaxRLcount	Maximum number of radio links

## 10.2.36 RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	This information element shall be present in case of handover procedure. Calculated timing advance value for the new cell after handover in a synchronous TDD network
>FDD				(no data)
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Multi bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRBWithPDCPCount</i>	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

### 10.2.37 RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: CCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
U-RNTI	MP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Protocol error indicator	MD		Protocol error indicator 10.3.3.29	Default value is FALSE
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
Measured results on RACH	OP		Measured results on RACH 10.3.7.70	
<b>Other information elements</b>				
Protocol error information	CV- <i>ProtErr</i>		Protocol error information 10.3.8.9	

Condition	Explanation
<i>ProtErr</i>	If the IE "Protocol error indicator" has the value "TRUE"

### 10.2.38 RRC CONNECTION REJECT

The network transmits this message when the requested RRC connection cannot be accepted.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: CCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Initial UE identity	MP		Initial UE identity 10.3.3.15	
Rejection cause	MP		Rejection cause 10.3.3.32	
Wait time	MP		Wait time 10.3.3.47	
Redirection info	OP		Redirection info 10.3.3.30	

### 10.2.39 RRC CONNECTION RELEASE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
Number of RRC Message Transmissions	CH Cell_DCH		Number of RRC Message Transmissions 10.3.3.23	
Release cause	MP		Release cause 10.3.3.33	

Condition	Explanation
Cell_DCH	This IE is present when UE is in CELL_DCH state.

## 10.2.40 RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	

## 10.2.41 RRC CONNECTION REQUEST

RRC Connection Request is the first message transmitted by the UE when setting up an RRC Connection to the network.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: CCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Initial UE identity	MP		Initial UE identity 10.3.3.15	
Initial UE capability	MP		Initial UE capability 10.3.3.14	
Establishment cause	MP		Establishment cause 10.3.3.11	
Protocol error indicator	MD		Protocol error indicator 10.3.3.29	Default value is FALSE
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
Measured results on RACH	OP		Measured results on RACH 10.3.7.70	

If the encoded message does not fill a transport block, the RRC layer shall insert padding according to subclause 12.x.

## 10.2.42 RRC CONNECTION SETUP

This message is used by the network to accept the establishment of an RRC connection for an UE, including assignment of signalling link information, transport channel information and optionally physical channel information.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: CCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Initial UE identity	MP		Initial UE identity 10.3.3.15	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	MP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MP		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
Capability update requirement	MD		Capability update requirement 10.3.3.2	Default value is defined in subclause 10.3.3
<b>RB Information Elements</b>				
Signalling RB information to setup list	MP	3 to 4		Information for signalling radio bearers, in the order RB 0 up to 3.
>Signalling RB information to setup	MP		Signalling RB information to setup 10.3.4.19	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.21	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	MP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCH Count>		
>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
DL Transport channel information common for all	OP		DL Transport channel	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
transport channels			information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.7	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	MP	1 to <MaxReconfAddTrCHCount>		
>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power
CHOICE channel requirement	OP			At least one spare choice (criticality = reject) required
>Uplink DPCCH info			Uplink DPCCH info 10.3.6.65	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLcount>		Send downlink information for each radio link to be set-up
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxReconfAddTrCHCount	Maximum number of new transport channels to set
MaxRLcount	Maximum number of radio links to be set up

## 10.2.43 RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE

This message confirms the establishment of the RRC Connection by the UE.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Hyper frame number	MP		Hyper frame number 10.3.3.13	
UE radio access capability	MP		UE radio access capability 10.3.3.41	
UE system specific capability	OP		Inter-system message 10.3.8.6	

## 10.2.44 RRC STATUS

This message is sent to indicate a protocol error.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
<b>Other information elements</b>				
Protocol error information	MP		Protocol error information 10.3.8.9	

## 10.2.45 SECURITY MODE COMMAND

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN to UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
Ciphering algorithm	MP		Ciphering algorithm 10.3.3.4	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	Only present if ciphering shall be controlled
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	Only present if integrity protection shall be controlled
<b>CN Information elements</b>				
CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	Indicates which cipher and integrity protection keys are applicable

## 10.2.46 SECURITY MODE COMPLETE

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE to UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
Hyper frame number	OP		Hyper frame number 10.3.3.13	Only present if there is no active radio bearers towards "CN domain identity" where the SECURITY MODE COMMAND was initiated or if none of these radio bearers uses ciphered connection.
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	

## 10.2.47 SECURITY MODE FAILURE

This message is sent to indicate a failure to act on a received SECURITY MODE CONTROL message.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.48 SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
<b>CN information elements</b>				
Signalling Flow related information list	MP	1 to <maxFlowId D>		Flow identifier to be provided for each signalling flow to be released.
>Flow Identifier	MP		Flow Identifier 10.3.1.4	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxFlowId	Maximum number of flow identifiers

## 10.2.49 SYSTEM INFORMATION

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message type	OP		Message type	The message type is mandatory on the FACH, and absent on the BCH
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>SFNprime	CV channel		Integer(0..40 94 by step of 2)	SFN=SFNprime (for first 10ms frame of 20ms TTI), SFN=SFNprime+1 (for last 10ms frame of 20ms TTI) (no data)
>TDD				
CHOICE Segment combination	MP			
>Combination 1				
>>First Segment			First Segment, 10.2.49.1	
>Combination 2				
>>Subsequent Segment			Subsequent or last Segment, 10.2.49.2	
>Combination 3				
>>Last segment			Subsequent or last segment, 10.2.49.2	
>Combination 4				
>>Complete list		1..16		Note 1
>>>Complete			Complete SIB, 10.2.49.3	
>>Last Segment			Subsequent or last Segment, 10.2.49.2	
>Combination 5				
>>Complete list		1..16		Note 1
>>>Complete			Complete SIB, 10.2.49.3	
>Combination 6				(no data)

If the encoded message does not fill a transport block, the RRC layer shall insert padding according to subclause 12.1.

NOTE 1: If Combination 4 or 5 contains a Master information block Master information shall be located as the first IE in the list.

### 10.2.49.1 First Segment

This segment type is used to transfer the first segment of a segmented system information block.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
SIB type	MP		SIB Type, 10.3.8.15	
SEG_COUNT	MP		SEG COUNT, 10.3.8.12	
SIB data	MP		SIB data, 10.3.8.14	

### 10.2.49.2 Subsequent or last Segment

This segment type is used to transfer a subsequent or last segment of a segmented system information block.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
SIB type	MP		SIB Type, 10.3.8.15	
Segment index	MP		Segment Index, 10.3.8.13	
SIB data	MP		SIB data, 10.3.8.14	

### 10.2.49.3 Complete SIB

This segment type is used to transfer a non-segmented system information block.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
SIB type	MP		SIB Type, 10.3.8.15	
SIB content	MP		SIB Content, 10.2.49.4.1	

## 10.2.49.4 System Information Blocks

### 10.2.49.4.1 SIB Content

SIB Segments are the result of the segmentation of a 'SIB Content' IE. The SIB content IE is developed hereafter:

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>CHOICE</b> SIB type	MP			
>Master information block			10.2.49.4.2	
>System information block type 1			10.2.49.4.3	
>System information block type 2			10.2.49.4.4	
>System information block type 3			10.2.49.4.5	
>System information block type 4			10.2.49.4.6	
>System information block type 5			10.2.49.4.7	
>System information block type 6			10.2.49.4.8	
>System information block type 7			10.2.49.4.9	
>System information block type 8			10.2.49.4.10	
>System information block type 9			10.2.49.4.11	
>System information block type 10			10.2.49.4.12	
>System information block type 11			10.2.49.4.13	
>System information block type 12			10.2.49.4.14	
>System information block type 13			10.2.49.4.15	
>System information block type 13.1			10.2.49.4.15.1	
>System information block type 13.2			10.2.49.4.15.2	
>System information block type 13.3			10.2.49.4.15.3	
>System information block type 13.4			10.2.49.4.15.4	
>System information block type 14			10.2.49.4.16	
>System information block type 15			10.2.49.4.17	
>System information block type 16			10.2.49.4.18	

Condition	Explanation
SIB Type	The common value of the 'SIB type' field in the segment(s).

## 10.2.49.4.2 Master Information Block

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
MIB Value tag	MP		MIB Value tag 10.3.8.7	
<b>CN information elements</b>				
Supported PLMN types	MP		PLMN Type 10.3.1.12	
PLMN Identity	CV GSM		PLMN Identity 10.3.1.11	
<b>ANSI-41 information elements</b>				
ANSI-41 Core Network Information	CV ANSI-41		ANSI-41 Core Network Information 10.3.9.1	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>SFN prime	MP		Integer (0..4094 by step of 2)	SFN=SFNprime (for first 10ms frame of 20ms TTI), SFN=SFNprime+1 (for last 10ms frame of 20ms TTI) (no data)
>FDD				
References to other system information blocks	MP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	

Condition	Explanation
GSM	The IE is mandatory if the IE "Supported PLMN Types" is set to 'GSM-MAP' or 'GSM-MAP AND ANSI-41', and not needed otherwise
ANSI-41	The IE is mandatory if the IE "Supported PLMN Types" is set to 'ANSI-41' or 'GSM-MAP AND ANSI-41', and not needed otherwise

#### 10.2.49.4.3 System Information Block type 1

The system information block type 1 contains NAS system information as well as UE timers and counters to be used in idle mode.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>CN information elements</b>				
CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information	MP		NAS system information (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.9	
CN domain system information list	MP	1 to <maxCNdomains>		Send CN information for each CN domain.
>CN domain system information	MP		CN domain system information 10.3.1.2	
<b>UE information</b>				
UE Timers and constants in idle mode	MP		UE Timers and constants in idle mode 10.3.3.43	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxCNdomains</i>	Maximum number of CN domains

#### 10.2.49.4.4 System Information Block type 2

The system information block type 2 contains the URA identity and information for periodic cell and URA update. It also includes the UE timers and counters to be used in connected mode.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>UTRAN mobility information elements</b>				
URA identity list	MP	1 ..<maxURACount>		
>URA identity	MP		URA identity 10.3.2.5	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
UE Timers and constants in connected mode	MP		UE Timers and constants in connected mode 10.3.3.42	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxURACount</i>	Maximum number of URAs in a cell

#### 10.2.49.4.5 System Information Block type 3

The system information block type 3 contains parameters for cell selection and re-selection. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8. 10	
<b>UTRAN mobility information elements</b>				
Cell identity	MP		Cell identity 10.3.2.2	
Cell selection and re-selection info	MP		Cell selection and re-selection info 10.3.2.3	
Cell Access Restriction	MP		Cell Access Restriction 10.3.2.1	

#### 10.2.49.4.6 System Information Block type 4

The system information block type 4 contains parameters for cell selection and re-selection to be used in connected mode. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8. 10	
<b>UTRAN mobility information elements</b>				
Cell identity	MP		Cell identity 10.3.2.2	
Cell selection and re-selection info	MP		Cell selection and re-selection info 10.3.2.3	
Cell Access Restriction	MP		Cell Access Restriction 10.3.2.1	

### 10.2.49.4.7 System Information Block type 5

The system information block type 5 contains parameters for the configuration of the common physical channels in the cell. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	OP		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	OP		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Midamble configuration	MD		Midamble configuration 10.3.6.28	Default value is defined in 10.3.6.23
>FDD				(no data)
Primary CCPCH info	OP		Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	Note 1
PRACH system information	MP		PRACH system information 10.3.6.39	
Secondary CCPCH system information	MP		Secondary CCPCH system information 10.3.6.53	
CBS DRX Level 1 information	CV CTCH		CBS DRX Level 1 information 10.3.8.3	

NOTE 1: DL scrambling code of the Primary CCPCH is the same as the one for Primary CPICH (FDD only).

Condition	Explanation
CTCH	The IE is mandatory if the IE "CTCH indicator" is equal to TRUE for at least one FACH, otherwise the IE is not needed in the message

#### 10.2.49.4.8 System Information Block type 6

The system information block type 6 contains parameters for the configuration of the common and shared physical channels to be used in connected mode. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	OP		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	OP		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	
Primary CCPCH info	OP		Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	Note 1
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>PICH Power offset	MP		PICH Power offset 10.3.6.35	
>>AICH Power offset	MP		AICH Power offset 10.3.6.3	
>TDD				
>>PUSCH system information	OP		PUSCH system information 10.3.6.48	
>>PDSCH system information	OP		PDSCH system information 10.3.6.31	
PRACH system information	MP		PRACH system information 10.3.6.39	
Secondary CCPCH system information	MP		Secondary CCPCH system information 10.3.6.53	
CBS DRX Level 1 information	CV CTCH		CBS DRX Level 1 information 10.3.8.3	

NOTE 1: DL scrambling code of the Primary CCPCH is the same as the one for Primary CPICH (FDD only).

Condition	Explanation
CTCH	The IE is mandatory if the IE "CTCH indicator" is equal to TRUE for at least one FACH, otherwise the IE is not needed

#### 10.2.49.4.9 System Information Block type 7

The system information block type 7 contains the fast changing parameters UL interference and Dynamic persistence level

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>UL interference	MP		UL interference 10.3.6.64	
>TDD				(no data)
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
PRACHs listed in system information block type 5	MP	1 .. <maxPRA CHcount>		The order of the PRACHs is the same as in system information block type 5.
>Dynamic persistence level	MP		Dynamic persistence level 10.3.6.23	
PRACHs listed in system information block type 6	OP	1 .. <maxPRA CHcount>		The order of the PRACHs is the same as in system information block type 6.
>Dynamic persistence level	MP		Dynamic persistence level 10.3.6.23	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxPRACHcount</i>	Maximum number of PRACHs

#### 10.2.49.4.10 System Information Block type 8

NOTE: Only for FDD.

The system information block type 8 contains static CPCH information to be used in the cell.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>UE information</b>				
CPCH parameters	MP		CPCH parameters 10.3.3.6	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
CPCH set info list	MP	1 .. <maxCPC Hsetcount>		
>CPCH set info	MP		CPCH set info 10.3.6.11	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxCPCHsetcount</i>	Maximum number of CPCH sets per Node B

#### 10.2.49.4.11 System Information Block type 9

NOTE: Only for FDD.

The system information block type 9 contains CPCH information to be used in the cell.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
CPCH set persistence levels list	MP	1 .. <maxCPC Hsetcount>		
>CPCH set persistence levels	MP		CPCH persistence levels 10.3.6.10	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxCPCHsetcount	Maximum number of CPCH sets per Node B

#### 10.2.49.4.12 System Information Block type 10

NOTE: Only for FDD.

The system information block type 10 contains information to be used by UEs having their DCH controlled by a DRAC procedure.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>UE information</b>				
DRAC system information	MP		DRAC system information 10.3.3.8	DRAC information is sent for each class of terminal

#### 10.2.49.4.13 System Information Block type 11

The system information block type 11 contains measurement control information to be used in the cell. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
FACH measurement occasion info	OP		FACH measuremen t occasio n info 10.3.7.8	
Measurement control system information	MP		Measuremen t control system information 10.3.7.72	

#### 10.2.49.4.14 System Information Block type 12

The system information block type 12 contains measurement control information to be used in connected mode.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
FACH measurement occasion info	OP		FACH measurement occasion info 10.3.7.8	
Measurement control system information	MP		Measurement control system information 10.3.7.72	

#### 10.2.49.4.15 System Information Block type 13

The system information block type 13 contains ANSI-41 system information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Domain system information list		1 to <maxCNdomains>		Send CN information for each CN domain.
>CN Domain system information			CN Domain system information 10.3.1.2	
<b>UE Information</b>				
UE timers and constants in idle mode	OP		UE timers and constants in idle mode 10.3.3.43	
Capability update requirement	OP		Capability update requirement 10.3.3.2	

#### 10.2.49.4.15.1 System Information Block type 13.1

The system information block type 13.1 contains the ANSI-41 RAND information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>ANSI-41 information elements</b>				
ANSI-41 RAND information	MP		ANSI-41 RAND information 10.3.9.5	

#### 10.2.49.4.15.2 System Information Block type 13.2

The system information block type 13.2 contains the ANSI-41 User Zone Identification information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>ANSI-41 information elements</b>				
ANSI-41 User Zone Identification information	MP		ANSI-41 User Zone Identification information 10.3.9.6	

#### 10.2.49.4.15.3 System Information Block type 13.3

The system information block type 13.3 contains the ANSI-41 Private Neighbor List information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>ANSI-41 information elements</b>				
ANSI-41 Private Neighbor List information	MP		ANSI-41 Private Neighbor List information 10.3.9.4	

#### 10.2.49.4.15.4 System Information Block type 13.4

The system information block type 13.4 contains the ANSI-41 Global Service Redirection information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>ANSI-41 information elements</b>				
ANSI-41 Global Service Redirection information	MP		ANSI-41 Global Service Redirection information 10.3.9.2	

#### 10.2.49.4.16 System Information Block type 14

NOTE: Only for TDD.

The system information block type 14 contains parameters for common and dedicated physical channel uplink outer loop power control information to be used in both idle and connected mode. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
References to other system	OP		References	

information blocks			to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Primary CCPCH Tx Power	OP		Primary CCPCH Tx Power 10.3.6.42	For path loss calculation
Individual Timeslot interference list	MP	1 to ....<maxTS count>		
>Individual Timeslot interference	MP		Individual Timeslot interference 10.3.6.26	
RACH Constant Value	OP		Constant Value 10.3.6.9	Operator controlled RACH Margin
DPCH Constant Value	OP		Constant Value 10.3.6.9	Operator controlled UL DPCH Margin
USCH Constant Value	OP		Constant Value 10.3.6.9	Operator controlled USCH Margin

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxTScount</i>	Maximum number of timeslots

#### 10.2.49.4.17 System Information Block type 15

The system information block type 15 contains information useful for LCS. In particular it allows the UE based method to perform localisation without dedicated signalling. For the UE assisted methods the signalling is reduced.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
LCS GPS assistance for SIB	OP		LCS GPS assistance for SIB 10.3.7.47	
LCS OTDOA assistance for SIB	OP		LCS OTDOA assistance for SIB 10.3.7.61	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxSysInfoBlockcount</i>	Maximum number of references to other system information blocks.

#### 10.2.49.4.18 System Information Block type 16

The system information block type 16 contains radio bearer, transport channel and physical channel parameters to be stored by UE in idle and connected mode for use during handover to UTRAN. The block may also contain scheduling information for other system information blocks.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
<b>Other information elements</b>				
References to other system information blocks	OP		References to other system information blocks 10.3.8.10	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
Predefined radio configurations list	MP	1 to <maxPredefConfigCount>		
>Predefined configuration identity	MP		Predefined configuration identity 10.3.4.5	
> Predefined configuration value tag	OP		Predefined configuration value tag 10.3.4.6	
>Predefined RB configuration	MP		Predefined RB configuration 10.3.4.7	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
>Predefined TrCH configuration	MP		Predefined TrCH configuration 10.3.5.12	
<b>PhyCH Information Elements</b>				
>Predefined PhyCH configuration	MP		Predefined PhyCH configuration 10.3.6.40	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxPredefConfigCount	Maximum number of predefined configurations
MaxSRBcount	Maximum number of signalling RBs that could be setup with this message
MaxRBcount	Maximum number of RBs
MaxTrCH	Maximum number of transport channels

## 10.2.50 SYSTEM INFORMATION CHANGE INDICATION

This message is used to send information on FACH to the UEs in state CELL\_FACH about coming modification of the system information.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: BCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>Other information elements</b>				
BCCH modification info	MP		BCCH modification info 10.3.8.1	

If the encoded message does not fill a transport block, the RRC layer shall insert padding according to subclause 12.x.

## 10.2.51 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION

This message is used by UTRAN to configure the transport channel of a UE. This also includes a possible reconfiguration of physical channels. The message can also be used to assign a TFC subset and reconfigure physical channel.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE Information Elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Default value is "now"
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MD		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	Default value is the existing value of UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient
Re-establishment timer	MD		Re-establishment timer 10.3.3.31	Default value is the existing value of the re-establishment timer
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		UL Transport channel information common for all transport	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			channels 10.3.5.21	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	MP	1 to <MaxReco nfAddTrCH Count>		
>Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d UL TrCH information 10.3.5.2	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH set ID	OP		CPCH set ID 10.3.5.4	
>> Added or Reconfigured TrCH information for DRAC list	OP	1 to <MaxDRA CReconAd dTrCHCou nt>		
>>>DRAC static information	MP		DRAC static information 10.3.5.8	
>TDD				(no data)
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels	OP		DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels 10.3.5.7	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information list	MP	1 to <MaxReco nfAddTrCH Count>		
>Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information	MP		Added or Reconfigure d DL TrCH information 10.3.5.1	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the existing value of frequency information
<b>Uplink radio resources</b>				
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is the existing maximum UL TX power
CHOICE channel requirement	OP			At least one spare choice (criticality = reject) required
>Uplink DPCH info			Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
>PRACH Info (for RACH)			PRACH Info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
<b>Downlink radio resources</b>				
Downlink information common for all radio links	OP		Downlink information common for all radio links 10.3.6.17	
Downlink PDSCH information	OP		Downlink	

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			PDSCH information 10.3.6.21	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPCH set Info	OP		CPCH set Info 10.3.6.11	
>TDD				(no data)
Downlink information per radio link list	OP	1 to <MaxRLcount>		Send downlink information for each radio link
>Downlink information for each radio link	MP		Downlink information for each radio link 10.3.6.18	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRBWithPDCPCount</i>	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured
<i>MaxRLcount</i>	Maximum number of radio links to be set up
<i>MaxReconAddCount</i>	Maximum number of Transport Channels reconfigured or added
<i>MaxDRACReconAddCount</i>	Maximum number of Transport Channels reconfigured or added for DRAC

## 10.2.52 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE

This message is sent from the UE when a transport channel reconfiguration has been done.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Uplink integrity protection activation info	OP		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	This information element shall be present in case of handover procedure. Calculated timing advance value for the new cell after handover in a synchronous TDD network
>FDD				(no data)
<b>RB Information elements</b>				
Radio bearer uplink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info 10.3.4.10	
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxRBWithPDCPCount	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured

NOTE: The usage of this message for indicating the cell the UE will select in the DCH->RACH/FACH case, is FFS.

## 10.2.53 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.54 TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: TM, AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	CV-notTM		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>TrCH information elements</b>				
<b>CHOICE</b> channel requirement	MP			
> DPCH TFCS in uplink	OP		Transport Format Combination subset 10.3.5.19	
>TFC Control duration	CV-notTMopt		TFC Control duration 10.3.6.59	

Condition	Explanation
<i>NotTM</i>	The message type is not included when transmitting the message on the transparent mode signalling DCCH
<i>NotTMopt</i>	The information element is not included when transmitting the message on the transparent mode signalling DCCH and is optional otherwise.

If transparent mode signalling is used and the encoded message does not fill a transport block, the RRC layer shall insert padding according to subclause 12.x.

## 10.2.55 TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE

This message is sent to indicate that a received TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL message could not be handled by the UE.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
Failure cause	MP		Failure cause and error information 10.3.3.12	

## 10.2.56 UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY

The UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY is used by the UTRAN to enquire inter-system classmarks from the UE.

RLC-SAP: TBD

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
Capability update requirement	MP		Capability update requirement 10.3.3.2	

## 10.2.57 UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE → UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
UE radio access capability	OP		UE radio access capability 10.3.3.41	
<b>Other information elements</b>				
UE system specific capability	OP		Inter-system message 10.3.8.6	Includes inter-system classmark

## 10.2.58 UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN → UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied

## 10.2.59 UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER

NOTE: Functional description of this message to be included here.

RLC-SAP: AM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UE ->UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
<b>CN information elements</b>				
Flow Identifier	MP		Flow Identifier 10.3.1.4	Allocated by UE for a particular session
NAS message	MP		NAS message 10.3.1.8	
<b>Measurement information elements</b>				
Measured results on RACH	OP		Measured results on RACH 10.3.7.70	

## 10.2.60 UPLINK PHYSICAL CHANNEL CONTROL

NOTE: Only for TDD.

In TDD this message is used to transfer uplink physical channel parameters to the UE.

RLC-SAP: AM or UM

Logical channel: DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Integrity check info	OP		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
<b>PhyCH information elements</b>				
CCTrCH power control info	OP		CCTrCH power control info 10.3.6.7	Power control information for one CCTrCH
Timing Advance	OP		UL Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	
Timeslot List	OP	1 to <maxTScount>		
>Individual UL Timeslot interference	MP		Individual Timeslot	

			interference 10.3.6.26	
RACH Constant Value	OP		Constant value 10.3.6.9	Operator controlled RACH Margin
DPCH Constant Value	OP		Constant value 10.3.6.9	Operator controlled UL DPCH Margin
USCH Constant Value	OP		Constant value 10.3.6.9	Operator controlled USCH Margin

Multi bound	Explanation
<i>MaxTScount</i>	Maximum number of reported timeslots = 14

## 10.2.61 URA UPDATE

This message is used by the UE to initiate a URA update procedure.

RLC-SAP: TM

Logical channel: CCCH

Direction: UE→UTRAN

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
U-RNTI	MP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	
URA update cause	MP		URA update cause 10.3.3.44	
Protocol error indicator	MD		Protocol error indicator 10.3.3.29	Default value is FALSE
<b>Other information elements</b>				
Protocol error information	CV- <i>ProtErr</i>		Protocol error information 10.3.8.9	

Condition	Explanation
<i>ProtErr</i>	If the IE "Protocol error indicator" has the value "TRUE"

## 10.2.62 URA UPDATE CONFIRM

This message confirms the URA update procedure and can be used to reallocate new RNTI information for the UE valid after the URA update.

RLC-SAP: UM

Logical channel: CCCH or DCCH

Direction: UTRAN→UE

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type	MP		Message Type	
<b>UE information elements</b>				
U-RNTI	CV-CCCH		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
Integrity check info	CH		Integrity check info 10.3.3.16	Integrity check info is included if integrity protection is applied
Integrity protection mode info	OP		Integrity protection mode info 10.3.3.19	
Ciphering mode info	OP		Ciphering mode info 10.3.3.5	
New U-RNTI	OP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	
New C-RNTI	OP		C-RNTI 10.3.3.7	
DRX Indicator	MP		DRX Indicator 10.3.3.10	
UTRAN DRX cycle length coefficient	MP		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN Information info	OP		CN Information info 10.3.1.3	
<b>UTRAN mobility information elements</b>				
URA identity	OP		URA identity 10.3.2.5	
<b>RB information elements</b>				
RB with PDCP information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBWithPDCPCount>		This IE is needed for each RB having PDCP in the case of lossless SRNS relocation
>RB with PDCP information	MP		RB with PDCP information 10.3.4.17	

Condition	Explanation
MaxRBWithPDCPCount	Maximum number of radio bearers which can have PDCP entity configured
CCCH	This IE is only sent when CCCH is used

## 10.3 Information element functional definitions

### 10.3.1 CN Information elements

#### 10.3.1.1 CN domain identity

Identifies the type of core network domain.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CN domain identity	MP		Enumerated (CS domain, PS domain, Don't care)	At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: criticality reject is needed

#### 10.3.1.2 CN Domain System Information

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	
CHOICE CN Type	MP			
>GSM-MAP				
>>CN domain specific NAS system information	MP		NAS system information (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.9	
>ANSI-41				
>>CN domain specific NAS system information	MP		ANSI-41 NAS system information, 10.3.9.3	
CN domain specific DRX cycle length coefficient	MP		DRX cycle length coefficient, 10.3.3.9	

#### 10.3.1.3 CN Information info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PLMN identity	OP		PLMN identity 10.3.1.11	
CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information	OP		NAS system information (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.9	
CN domain related information	OP	1 to <MaxNoC Ndomains>		
>CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	
>CN domain specific GSM-MAP NAS system info	MP		NAS system information (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.9	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxNoCNdomains	Maximum number of CN domains=2

NOTE 1: Necessity of PLMN is FFS and for CN domain identity and NAS system information, the confirmation in SA WG2 is needed.

#### 10.3.1.4 Flow Identifier

This IE is allocated by UE for a particular session.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Flow Identifier	MP		Enumerated (0...15)	

#### 10.3.1.5 IMEI

This IE contains an International Mobile Equipment Identity. Setting specified in [TS 23.003]

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
IMEI		15		
>IMEI digit			INTEGER(0..9)	

#### 10.3.1.6 IMSI (GSM-MAP)

This IE contains an International Mobile Subscriber Identity, used towards a GSM-MAP type of PLMN. Setting specified in [TS 23.003]

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
IMSI		6 to 15		
>IMSI digit			INTEGER(0..9)	

#### 10.3.1.7 Location Area Identification

Identifies uniquely a location area for a GSM-MAP type of PLMN. Setting specified in [TS24.008].

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PLMN identity	MP		PLMN identity 10.3.1.11	
LAC	MP		Bit string(16)	

#### 10.3.1.8 NAS message

A non-access stratum message to be transferred transparently through UTRAN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
NAS message	MP		Octet string (1..4095)	

### 10.3.1.9 NAS system information (GSM-MAP)

This information element contains system information that belongs to the non-access stratum for a GSM-MAP type of PLMN. This information is transparent to RRC. It may contain either information specific to one CN domain (CS or PS) or information common for both CN domains.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
GSM-MAP NAS system information	MP		Octet string(1..8 )	

### 10.3.1.10 Paging record Type identifier

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Paging Record Type Identifier	MP		Enumerated (IMSI (GSM-MAP), TMSI (GSM-MAP)/P-TMSI, IMSI (DS-41), TMSI (DS-41))	

### 10.3.1.11 PLMN identity

This information element identifies a Public Land Mobile Network for a GSM-MAP type of PLMN. Setting of digits is defined in [TS 23.003].

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
MCC		3		
>MCC digit			INTEGER(0..9)	
MNC		2 to 3		
>MNC digit			INTEGER(0..9)	

### 10.3.1.12 PLMN Type

Identifies the type of Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN). This IE shall be used to control the interpretation of network dependent messages and information elements in the RRC protocol.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PLMN Type	MP		Enumerated (GSM-MAP, ANSI-41, GSM-MAP and ANSI-41)	At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: reject is needed

### 10.3.1.13 P-TMSI (GSM-MAP)

This IE contains a Packet Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity, used towards a GSM-MAP type of PLMN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
P-TMSI	MP		Bit string (32)	Setting specified in [TS 23.003]

### 10.3.1.14 RAB identity

This information element uniquely identifies a radio access bearer within a CN domain.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE RAB identity type	MP			
>RAB identity (GSM-MAP)			Bit string (8)	Formatted according to [TS 24.008].
>RAB identity (ANSI-41)			Bit string (8)	

CHOICE NAS binding info type	Condition under which the given RAB identity type is chosen
RAB identity (GSM-MAP)	PLMN is of type GSM-MAP
RAB identity (ANSI-41)	PLMN is of type ANSI-41

### 10.3.1.15 Routing Area Code

Identifies a routing area within a location area for a GSM-MAP type of PLMN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Routing Area Code	MP		Bit string(8)	Setting specified in [TS 23.003]

### 10.3.1.16 Routing Area Identification

Identifies uniquely a routing area for a GSM-MAP type of PLMN. Setting specified in [TS 23.003].

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
LAI	MP		Location area identification 10.3.1.7	
RAC	MP		Routing area code 10.3.1.15	

### 10.3.1.17 Service Descriptor

Identifies a service and/or a protocol entity in the core network.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Service descriptor type	MP			
>Service Descriptor (GSM-MAP)			Bit string (4)	Protocol Discriminator [TS 24.007] The value of RR in the reference mentioned below is reserved for paging response.
>Service Descriptor (ANSI-41)			Bit string(4)	TIA/EIA IS-834

CHOICE Service descriptor type	Condition under which the given Service descriptor type is chosen
Service descriptor (GSM-MAP)	PLMN is of type GSM-MAP
Service descriptor (ANSI-41)	PLMN is of type ANSI-41

### 10.3.1.18 TMSI (GSM-MAP)

This IE contains a Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity, used towards a GSM-MAP type of PLMN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TMSI (GSM-MAP)	MP		Bit string (32)	Setting specified in [TS 23.003]

## 10.3.2 UTRAN mobility Information elements

### 10.3.2.1 Cell Access Restriction

Indicates the restrictions to cell access.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Cell Barred	MP		Enumerated( not barred, barred)	
Access Class Barred list	MP	16		The first instance of the parameter corresponds to Access Class 0, the second to Access Class 1 and so on up to Access Class 15. UE reads this IE of its access class stored in SIM.
>Access Class Barred	MP		Enumerated( not barred, barred)	
Cell Reserved for operator use	MP		Enumerated( reserved, not reserved)	
Cell Reserved for SoLSA exclusive use	MP		Enumerated( reserved, not reserved)	

Condition	Explanation
Barred	Presence is mandatory if the IE "Cell Barred" has the value "Barred"; otherwise the element is not needed in the message.

### 10.3.2.2 Cell identity

This information element identifies a cell unambiguously within a PLMN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Cell identity	MP		bit string(28)	

### 10.3.2.3 Cell selection and re-selection info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Mapping Info	MP		Mapping info 10.3.2.4	Contains mapping function for quality measurements
>FDD	MP			
>>Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure	MP		Enumerated (CPICH Ec/N0, CPICH SIR)	Choice of measurement (CPICH Ec/N0 or CPICH SIR) to use as quality measure Q. Note 1.
>>S <sub>intrasearch</sub>	OP		Integer (-32..20 by step of 2)	TS 25.304 [dB]
>>S <sub>intersearch</sub>	OP		Integer (-32..20 by step of 2)	TS 25.304 [dB]
>>S <sub>searchHCS</sub>	OP		Integer (-32..20 by step of 2)	TS 25.304 [dB]
>>RAT List	OP	1 to <MaxRAT>		
>>>RAT identifier	MP		Enumerated (GSM, cdma2000)	At least 2 spare values Criticality: reject are needed
>>>S <sub>search,RAT</sub>	MP		Integer (-32..20 by step of 2)	TS 25.304 [dB]
>>>S <sub>HCS,RAT</sub>	OP		Integer (-32..20 by step of 2)	TS 25.304 [dB]
>TDD				
>>S <sub>intrasearch</sub>	OP		Integer (-120..90 by step of 5)	TS 25.304 [dBm]

>>S <sub>intersearch</sub>	OP		Integer (-120..90 by step of 5)	TS 25.304 [dBm]
>>S <sub>searchHCS</sub>	OP		Integer (-120..90 by step of 5)	TS 25.304 [dBm]
>>RAT List	OP	1 to <MaxRAT>		
>>>RAT identifier	MP		Enumerated (GSM, cdma2000)	At least 2 spare values Criticality: reject are needed
>>>S <sub>search,RAT</sub>	OP		Integer (-120..90 by step of 5)	TS 25.304 [dBm]
>>>S <sub>HCS,RAT</sub>	OP		Integer (-120..90 by step of 5)	TS 25.304 [dBm]
Qhysts	MP		Real (0..40 by step of 2)	[dB]
Treselections	MP		Integer (0..31)	[s]
HCS Serving cell Information	OP		HCS Serving cell information 10.3.7.12	
Cell Selection and Reselection parameters	OP			Used in Alternative 2 in TS 25.304
>Decoding range	OP			Decoding is done only when the cell measurement exceeds the neighbour cell decoding range.
>Qoffset <sub>s</sub>	OP			Offset for UEs decoding this cell for cell reselection measurement
>OffsetExp	CV – if Qoffset			Expiration timer for UEs decoding the Qoffset <sub>s</sub>

NOTE 1: The work in order to support the CPICH SIR measurement is in progress in RAN WG4 and may impact the use of that measurement in this document.

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxRAT	Maximum number of Radio Access Technologies that have to be considered. Maximum number is 4

### 10.3.2.4 Mapping Info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Mapping List	MP	1 to <MaxRAT>		
>RAT	MP		Enumerated (UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD, GSM, cdma2000)	
>Mapping Function Parameter List	MP	1 to <MaxIntervals>		Note 1
>> Function type	MP		Enumerated (linear, function type 2, function type 3, function type 4)	Type of the function within the interval. Note 1
>>Map_parameter_1	MP		Enumerated (0..15)	Parameter describing the mapping function between the quality measurement and the representing quality value, see TS 25.304. Depending on function type and RAT, suitable values can be addressed via this parameter.
>>Map_parameter_2	MP		Enumerated (0..15)	Parameter describing the mapping function between the quality measurement and the representing quality value, see TS 25.304. Depending on function type and RAT, suitable values can be addressed via this parameter.
>>Upper_limit	CV - MaxInt		Enumerated (0..15)	Upper limit of interval for which the map_parameter_1 and map_parameter_2 are valid. Depending on function type and RAT, suitable values can be addressed via this parameter.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxRAT	Maximum number of Radio Access Technologies / Modes (UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD, GSM) that have to be considered in the neighbour cell measurements. Maximum number is 4.
MaxIntervals	Maximum number of intervals that define the mapping function between the measurement for the cell quality value Q of a cell and the representing quality value. Maximum number is 1. Note 1

Condition	Explanation
MaxInt	This information is only sent if Mapping Function Parameter List has not reached MaxIntervals.

NOTE 1: More work may be needed for the elaboration of the mapping function parameters. Thus, MaxIntervals can be extended if needed and function types other than linear can be included.

### 10.3.2.5 URA identity

Gives the identity of the UTRAN Registration Area. It can be used to indicate to the UE which URA it shall use in case of overlapping URAs.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
URA identity	MP		bit string(16)	

## 10.3.3 UE Information elements

### 10.3.3.1 Activation time

Activation Time defines the CFN (Connection Frame Number) in which the operation/changes caused by the related message should be executed.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Activation time	MP		Integer(0..255)	CFN [TS 25.402]

### 10.3.3.2 Capability Update Requirement

This IE indicates to the UE which specific capabilities to transfer to the network.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE radio access capability update requirement	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates update required
System specific capability update requirement list	OP	1 to <MaxNoSystemCapability>		
>System specific capability update requirement	MP		Enumerated (GSM)	At least 15 spare values Criticality: reject are needed

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxNoSystemCapability</i>	Maximum number of system specific capabilities that can be requested in one message.

Default value is:

"UE radio capability update requirement" = false

"System specific capability update requirement" not present.

### 10.3.3.3 Cell update cause

Indicates the cause for a cell update.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Cell update cause	MP		Enumerated (cell reselection, periodic cell update, UL data transmission, paging response, RB control response)	At least 3 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed

### 10.3.3.4 Ciphering Algorithm

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Ciphering algorithm	MP		Enumerated (Standard UMTS Encryption Algorithm UEA1)	At least 15 spare values needed. Criticality: Criticality reject is needed.

### 10.3.3.5 Ciphering mode info

This information element contains the ciphering specific security mode control information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Ciphering mode command	MP		Enumerated (start/restart, stop)	
Ciphering algorithm	CV-notStop		Ciphering algorithm 10.3.3.4	
Activation time for DPCH	OP		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Used for radio bearers mapped on RLC-TM
Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time info	OP		RB activation time info, 10.3.4.10	Used for radio bearers mapped on RLC-AM or RLC-UM

Condition	Explanation
notStop	The IE is mandatory if the IE "Ciphering mode command" has the value "start/restart", otherwise the IE is not needed in the message.

### 10.3.3.6 CPCH Parameters

NOTE: Only for FDD.

These parameters are used by any UE using any CPCH set allocated to the Node B that is broadcasting this system information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Initial Priority Delay	OP	8		Initial delays for ASC priority.
>NS_IP	MP		Integer (0...28)	Number of slots for initial fixed delay for each ASC priority level
Backoff control parameters	MP			
>N_ap_retrans_max	MP		Integer (1...64)	Max number of AP transmissions without AP-AICH response, a PHY parameter.
>N_access_fails	MP		Integer (1...64)	Max number of preamble ramping cycles when NAK response received, a MAC parameter.
>NF_bo_no aich	MP		Integer (0...31)	Number of frames for UE backoff after N_ap_retrans_max unsuccessful AP access attempts, a MAC parameter.
>NS_bo_busy	MP		Integer (0...63)	Number of slots for UE fixed backoff after access attempt to busy CPCH, a MAC parameter.
>NF_bo_all_busy	MP		Integer (0...31)	Max number of frames for UE backoff after access attempt to last busy CPCH, a MAC parameter. UE randomly selects backoff value from range (0..NF_bo_all_busy)
>NF_bo_mismatch	MP		Integer (0...127)	Max number of frames for the UE backoff after received mismatch on CD/CA-ICH, a MAC parameter. UE randomly selects backoff value from range (0..NF_bo_mismatch)
>T_CPCH	MP		Enumerated (0, 1)	CPCH channel timing used to determine Tau, a PHY parameter

### 10.3.3.7 C-RNTI

The cell RNTI (C-RNTI) identifies an UE having a RRC connection within a cell.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
C-RNTI	MP		bit string(16)	

### 10.3.3.8 DRAC system information

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DRAC system information	MP	1 .. <maxDRA Cclasses>		DRAC information is sent for each class of terminal
>Transmission probability	MP		Transmission probability 10.3.3.38	
>Maximum bit rate	MP		Maximum bit rate 10.3.3.21	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxDRACclasses	Maximum number of UE classes which would require different DRAC parameters

### 10.3.3.9 DRX cycle length coefficient

A coefficient in the formula to count the paging occasions to be used by a specific UE (specified in 25.304).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DRX cycle length coefficient	MP		Integer(2...12)	Refers to 'k' in the formula as specified in 25.304, Discontinuous reception

### 10.3.3.10 DRX Indicator

Indicates to a UE if DRX shall be used with Cell updating or URA updating or if no DRX at all shall be used.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DRX indicator	MP		Enumerated(no DRX, DRX with cell updating, DRX with URA updating)	At least 1 spare value, Criticality: reject, are needed

### 10.3.3.11 Establishment cause

Cause for an RRC connection establishment request.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Establishment cause	MP		Enumerated(Originating Speech Call, Originating CS Data Call, Originating PS Data Call, Terminating Speech Call, Terminating CS Data Call, Terminating PS Data Call, Emergency Call, Inter-system cell re-selection, Location Update (LAU & RAU), IMSI Detach, SMS, Call re-establishment, unspecified)	At least 3 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed

NOTE: These causes shall be aligned with causes received from higher layers.

### 10.3.3.12 Failure cause and error information

Cause for failure to perform the requested procedure.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Failure cause	MP		Enumerated (Configuration unacceptable, physical channel failure, incompatible simultaneous reconfiguration, protocol error)	At least 3 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed
Protocol error information	CV- <i>ProtErr</i>		Protocol error information 10.3.8.9	

Condition	Explanation
<i>ProtErr</i>	Presence is mandatory if the IE "Failure cause" has the value "Protocol error"; otherwise the element is not needed in the message.

### 10.3.3.13 Hyper Frame Number

The hyper frame number (HFN) is used to initialise both the COUNT for ciphering algorithm and the COUNT-I integrity protection algorithm.

For ciphering, HFN forms the most significant bits of COUNT. When the COUNT is initialised: COUNT = HFN (the LSB part of COUNT is set to zero).

For integrity protection, the HFN forms the most significant bits of COUNT-I. When the COUNT-I is initialised: COUNT-I = HFN (the LSB part of COUNT-I is set to zero).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
HFN	MP		Bit string (20)	Start value for uplink and downlink COUNT and COUNT-I. For RBs using RLC transparent mode or RLC unacknowledged mode, zeros shall be added to form a HFN of 25 bits For integrity protection function, zeros shall be added to form a HFN of 28 bits.

### 10.3.3.14 Initial UE capability

This is the UE capability information given in the RRC connection request message.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Maximum number of AM entities	MP		Enumerated (2 to 3, 4 to 8, 16 to 32)	At least 1 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed

### 10.3.3.15 Initial UE identity

This information element identifies the UE at a request of an RRC connection.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE UE id type	MP			At least 8 spare choices, Criticality: reject, is needed
>IMSI (GSM-MAP)			IMSI (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.6	
>TMSI and LAI (GSM-MAP)				
>>TMSI (GSM-MAP)	MP		TMSI (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.18	
>>LAI (GSM-MAP)	MP		Location Area Identification 10.3.1.7	
>P-TMSI and RAI (GSM-MAP)				
>>P-TMSI (GSM-MAP)	MP		P-TMSI (GSM-MAP) 10.1.3.13	
>>RAI (GSM-MAP)	MP		Routing Area Identification 10.3.1.16	
>IMEI			IMEI 10.3.1.5	
>ESN (DS-41)			TIA/EIA/IS-2000-4	
>IMSI (DS-41)			TIA/EIA/IS-2000-4	
>IMSI and ESN (DS-41)			TIA/EIA/IS-2000-4	
>TMSI (DS-41)			TIA/EIA/IS-2000-4	

### 10.3.3.16 Integrity check info

The Integrity check info contains the RRC message sequence number needed in the calculation of XMAC-I [TS 33.102] and the calculated MAC-I.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Message authentication code	MP		bit string(32)	MAC-I [TS 33.102]
RRC Message sequence number	MP		Integer (0..15)	The local hyper frame number (HFN) is concatenated with the RRC message sequence number to form the input parameter COUNT-I for the integrity protection algorithm.

### 10.3.3.17 Integrity protection activation info

This IE contains the time, in terms of RRC sequence numbers, when a new integrity protection configuration shall be activated for the signalling radio bearers.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RRC message sequence number list	MP	2 to 3		The RRC sequence number when a new integrity protection configuration shall be applied, for signalling radio bearers in the order RB0, RB2, RB3.
>RRC message sequence number	MP		Integer (0..15)	

### 10.3.3.18 Integrity protection Algorithm

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Integrity protection algorithm	MP		Enumerated( Standard UMTS Integrity Algorithm UIA1)	At least 15 spare values needed. Criticality: Criticality reject is needed.

### 10.3.3.19 Integrity protection mode info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Integrity protection mode command	MP		Enumerated( start, modify)	At least 2 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed
Downlink integrity protection activation info	CV-modify		Integrity protection activation info 10.3.3.17	
Integrity protection algorithm	OP		Integrity protection algorithm 10.3.3.18	
Integrity protection initialisation number	CV-start		Bitstring(32)	FRESH [TS 33.102]

Condition	Explanation
Start	The IE is mandatory if the IE "Integrity protection mode command" has the value "start", otherwise it is not needed in the message.
Modify	The IE is only present if the IE "Integrity protection mode command" has the value "modify"

### 10.3.3.20 LCS capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Standalone location method(s) supported	MP		Boolean	Defines if a UE can measure its location by some means unrelated to UTRAN TRUE means supported
UE based OTDOA supported	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
Network Assisted GPS support	MP		Enumerated ('Network based', 'UE based', 'Both', 'None')	Defines if the UE supports network based or UE based GPS methods.
GPS reference time capable	MP		Boolean	Defines if a UE has the capability to measure GPS reference time as defined in 25.215. TRUE means capable
Support for IPDL	MP		Boolean	Defines if a UE has the capability to use IPDL to enhance its 'SFN-SFN observed time difference -type 2' measurement. TRUE means supported

### 10.3.3.21 Maximum bit rate

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Indicates the maximum user bit rate allowed on a DCH controlled by DRAC procedure for the transmission period (Transmission time validity).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Maximum bit rate	MP		integer(0..512 by step of 16)	=kbit/s

### 10.3.3.22 Measurement capability

For all IEs of type Boolean TRUE means capable.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Need for downlink compressed mode</b>	MP			
>FDD measurements DL	MP		Boolean	
>TDD measurements DL	CV <i>tdd_sup</i>		Boolean	
> GSM measurements DL	CV <i>gsm_sup</i>		Boolean	
>> GSM 900 DL	MP		Boolean	
>> DCS 1800 DL	MP		Boolean	
>> GSM 1900 DL	MP		Boolean	
> Multi-carrier measurement DL	CV <i>mc_sup</i>		Boolean	
<b>Need for uplink compressed mode</b>	MP			
>FDD measurements UL	MP		Boolean	
>TDD measurements UL	CV <i>tdd_sup</i>		Boolean	
> GSM measurements UL	CV <i>gsm_sup</i>		Boolean	
>> GSM 900 UL	MP		Boolean	
>> DCS 1800 UL	MP		Boolean	
>> GSM 1900 UL	MP		Boolean	
> Multi-carrier measurement UL	CV <i>mc_sup</i>		Boolean	

Condition	Explanation
<i>tdd_sup</i>	Presence is mandatory if IE Multi-mode capability = TDD. Otherwise this field is not needed in the message.
<i>gsm_sup</i>	Presence is mandatory if IE Multi-RAT capability = GSM. Otherwise this field is not needed in the message.
<i>mc_sup</i>	Presence is mandatory if IE Multi-RAT capability = multi-carrier. Otherwise this field is not needed in the message.

### 10.3.3.23 Number of RRC Message Transmissions

This IE indicates how many times the receiver of a message containing this IE shall transmit the RRC response message.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Number of RRC Message Transmissions	MP		Integer(1..8)	

### 10.3.3.24 Paging cause

Cause for a CN originated page.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Paging cause	MP		Enumerated( Terminating Speech Call, Terminating CS Data Call, Terminating PS Data Call, SMS, Unspecified)	At least 3 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed

NOTE: These causes shall be aligned with causes received from higher layers.

### 10.3.3.25 Paging record

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Paging originator	MP			
> CN originator				
>> Paging cause	MP		Paging cause 10.3.3.24	
>> CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	
>>CHOICE UE Identity	MP			At least 3 spare choice, Criticality: reject, are needed
>>>IMSI (GSM-MAP)			IMSI (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.6	
>>>TMSI (GSM-MAP)			TMSI (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.18	
>>>P-TMSI (GSM-MAP)			P-TMSI (GSM-MAP) 10.3.1.13	
>>>IMSI (DS-41)			TIA/EIA/IS-2000-4	
>>>TMSI (DS-41)			TIA/EIA/IS-2000-4	
> UTRAN originator				
>>U-RNTI	MP		U-RNTI 10.3.3.45	

Condition	Explanation
CHOICE Paging originator	Condition under which the given <i>paging originator</i> is chosen
CN Originating	For CN originating pages (idle mode)
UTRAN Originating	For UTRAN originating pages (connected mode)

### 10.3.3.26 PDCP capability

Indicates which algorithms and which value range of their parameters are supported by the UE.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Support for lossless SRNS relocation	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
Supported algorithm types	OP	1 to <maxAlgoTypeCount>		Indicates whether header compression algorithms are supported by the UE or not.
>CHOICE algorithm type				This IE shall be defined as extendable (at least 3 spare choices)
>>RFC2507				
>>>Maximum MAX_HEADER	MD		Integer (60..65535)	The largest header size in octets that may be compressed by the UE. Default value is 65535.
>>>Maximum TCP_SPACE	MD		Integer (3..255)	Maximum stored number of headers for TCP connections. Default value is 255.
>>>Maximum NON_TCP_SPACE	MD		Integer (3..65535)	Maximum stored number of headers for non-TCP connections. Default value is 65535.

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxAlgoTypeCount</i>	Maximum number of algorithm types specified in TS 25.323.

### 10.3.3.27 Physical channel capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
<b>Downlink physical channel capability information elements</b>				
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Maximum number of simultaneous CCTrCH	MP		Integer (1..8)	
>> Max no DPCH/PDSCH codes	MP		Integer (1..8)	Maximum number of DPCH/PDSCH codes to be simultaneously received
>> Max no physical channel bits received	MP		Enumerated (300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 28800, 38400, 48000, 57600, 67200)	Maximum number of physical channel bits received in any 10 ms interval (DPCH, PDSCH, S-CCPCH) At least 4 spare values needed
>>Support for SF 512	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
>>Support of PDSCH	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
>>Simultaneous reception of SCCPCH and DPCH	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
>>Max no of S-CCPCH RL	CV-if_sim_rec		Enumerated(1)	Maximum number of simultaneous S-CCPCH radio links At least 7 spare values needed.
>TDD				
>>Maximum number of simultaneous CCTrCH	MP		Integer (1..8)	
>>Maximum number of timeslots per frame	MP		Integer (1..14)	At least 2 spare values needed.
>>Maximum number of physical channels per frame	MP		Integer (1..224)	At least 32 spare values needed
>>Minimum SF	MP		Enumerated (1, 16)	
>>Support of PDSCH	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
<b>Uplink physical channel capability information elements</b>				
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Maximum number of DPDCH bits transmitted per 10 ms	MP		Enumerated (150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 28800, 38400, 48000, 57600)	At least 4 spare values needed
>>Support of PCPCH	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
>TDD				
>>Maximum number of simultaneous CCTrCH	MP		Integer (1..8)	
>>Maximum Number of timeslots per frame	MP		Integer (1..14)	At least 2 spare values needed
>>Maximum number of physical channels per timeslot	MP		Enumerated (1, 2)	
>>Minimum SF	MP		Enumerated (1, 2, 4, 8,	At least 3 spare values needed

>>Support of PUSCH	MP	16) Boolean	TRUE means supported
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Condition	Explanation
<i>if_sim_rec</i>	Presence is mandatory if IE capability Simultaneous reception of SCCPCH and DPCH = True. Otherwise this field is not needed in the message.

### 10.3.3.28 Protocol error cause

This IE indicates the cause for a message or information which was not comprehended.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Protocol error cause	MP		Enumerated (Transfer syntax error, Message type non-existent or not implemented, Message not compatible with receiver state, Information element value not comprehended, Message extension not comprehended)	At least 3 spare values are needed.

### 10.3.3.29 Protocol error indicator

This IE indicates whether a message was transmitted due to a protocol error or not.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Protocol error indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE means a protocol error occurred. FALSE means a protocol error did not occur.

### 10.3.3.30 Redirection info

This IE is used to redirect the UE to another frequency or other system.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Redirection Information	MP			At least one spare choice, Criticality: reject, is needed.
>Frequency info			Frequency info 10.3.6.24	
>Inter-system info			Inter-system info 10.3.7.25	

### 10.3.3.31 Re-establishment timer

This information element indicates timers T314 and T315.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
T314	MP		Enumerate d(0, 10, 20, 30, 60, 180, 600, 1200, 1800)	Maximum RRC Connection re-establishment time for radio bearers using Tr and UM RLC. Value in seconds
T315	MP		Enumerate d (0,10, 30, 60, 180, 600, 1200, 1800)	Maximum RRC Connection re-establishment time for radio bearers using AM RLC. Value in seconds

### 10.3.3.32 Rejection cause

Cause for rejection of RRC connection establishment request.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Rejection cause	MP		Enumerated(congestion, unspecified)	At least 2 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed

### 10.3.3.33 Release cause

Cause for release of RRC connection.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Release cause	MP		Enumerated (normal event, unspecified, pre-emptive release, congestion, re-establishment reject)	At least 3 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed

### 10.3.3.34 RF capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>UE power class	MP		Enumerated(1..4)	as defined in 25.101 subclause 6.2.1
>>Tx/Rx frequency separation	MP		Enumerated(190, 174.8-205.2, 134.8-245.2)	In MHz as defined in 25.101 subclause 5.3. NOTE: Not applicable if UE is not operating in frequency band a (as defined in 25.101). At least 1 spare value needed
>TDD				
>>UE power class	MP		Enumerated(1..4)	as defined in 25.102 subclause 6.2.1
>>Radio frequency bands	MP	1 to <MaxFrequencybandsCount>	Enumerated(a, b, c)	as defined in 25.102 subclause 5.2 At least 1 spare value needed
>>Chip rate capability	MP		Enumerated(3.84Mcps, 1.28Mcps)	as defined in 25.102

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxFrequencybandsCount	Maximum number of frequency bands supported by the UE as defined in 25.102

### 10.3.3.35 RLC capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Total RLC AM buffer size	MP		Enumerated(2,10,50,100,150,500,1000)	Total receiving and transmitting RLC AM buffer capability in kBytes At least 1 spare value needed
Maximum number of AM entities	MP		Enumerated(2,3,4,8,16,32)	At least 2 spare values needed

### 10.3.3.36 RLC re-configuration indicator

This IE is used to re-configure AM RLC on c-plane and u-plane.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RLC re-configuration indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE means reconfiguration required

### 10.3.3.37 Security capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Ciphering algorithm capability	MP		Ciphering algorithm 10.3.3.4	
Integrity protection algorithm capability	MP		Integrity protection algorithm 10.3.3.18	

### 10.3.3.38 Transmission probability

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Indicates the probability for a mobile to be allowed to transmit on a DCH controlled by DRAC procedure.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transmission probability	MP		Real(0.125.. 1.0 by step of 0.125)	probability

## 10.3.3.39 Transport channel capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
<b>Downlink transport channel capability information elements</b>				
Max no of bits received	MP		Enumerated(640, 1280, 2560, 3840, 5120, 6400, 7680, 8960, 10240, 20480, 40960, 81920, 163840)	Maximum sum of number of bits of all transport blocks received in TTIs that end within the same arbitrary interval of length T<10 ms  At least 3 spare values are needed.
Max convolutionally coded bits received	MP		Enumerated(640, 1280, 2560, 3840, 5120, 6400, 7680, 8960, 10240, 20480, 40960, 81920, 163840)	Maximum sum of number of bits of all convolutionally coded transport blocks received in TTIs that end within the same arbitrary interval of length T<10 ms  At least 3 spare values are needed
Max turbo coded bits received	CV <i>turbo_dec_sup</i>		Enumerated(640, 1280, 2560, 3840, 5120, 6400, 7680, 8960, 10240, 20480, 40960, 81920, 163840)	Maximum sum of number of bits of all turbo coded transport blocks received in TTIs that end within the same arbitrary interval of length T<10 ms  At least 3 spare values are needed
Maximum number of simultaneous transport channels	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32)	
Max no of received transport blocks	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 48, 64, 96, 128, 256, 512)	Maximum total number of transport blocks received within TTIs that end at within the same 10ms interval  At least 6 spare values needed
Maximum number of TFC in the TFCS	MP		Enumerated(16, 32, 48, 64, 96, 128, 256, 512, 1024)	At least 7 spare values needed
Maximum number of TF	MP		Enumerated(32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024)	At least 2 spare values needed
Support for turbo decoding	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported
<b>Uplink transport channel capability information elements</b>				
Max no of bits transmitted	MP		Enumerated(640, 1280, 2560, 3840, 5120, 6400, 7680, 8960, 10240, 20480, 40960, 81920, 163840)	Maximum sum of number of bits of all transport blocks transmitted in TTIs that start at the same time  At least 3 spare values needed

Max convolutionally coded bits received	MP		Enumerated(640, 1280, 2560, 3840, 5120, 6400, 7680, 8960, 10240, 20480, 40960, 81920, 163840)	Maximum sum of number of bits of all convolutionally coded transport blocks transmitted in TTIs that start at the same time  At least 3 spare values needed
Max turbo coded bits received	CV <i>turbo_enc_sup</i>		Enumerated(640, 1280, 2560, 3840, 5120, 6400, 7680, 8960, 10240, 20480, 40960, 81920, 163840)	Maximum sum of number of bits of all turbo coded transport blocks transmitted in TTIs that start at the same time  At least 3 spare values needed
Maximum number of simultaneous transport channels	MP		Enumerated(2, 4, 8, 16, 32)	At least 3 spare values needed
Max no of transmitted transport blocks	MP		Enumerated(2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 48, 64, 96, 128, 256, 512)	Maximum total number of transport blocks transmitted within TTIs that start at the same time  At least 5 spare values needed
Maximum number of TFC in the TFCS	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 48, 64, 96, 128, 256, 512, 1024)	At least 5 spare values needed
Maximum number of TF	MP		Enumerated(32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024)	At least 2 spare values needed
Support for turbo encoding	MP		Boolean	TRUE means supported

Condition	Explanation
<i>turbo_dec_sup</i>	Presence is mandatory if IE Support of turbo decoding = True. Otherwise this field is not needed in the message.
<i>turbo_enc_sup</i>	Presence is mandatory if IE Support of turbo encoding = True. Otherwise this field is not needed in the message.

#### 10.3.3.40 UE multi-mode/multi-RAT capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Multi-RAT capability	OP	1 to <maxRAT Count>	Enumerated (GSM, multi-carrier)	At least 2 spare values needed
Multi-mode capability	MP		Enumerated (TDD, FDD, FDD/TDD)	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxRATCount</i>	Maximum number of Radio Access Technologies supported by the UE

### 10.3.3.41 UE radio access capability

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Conformance test compliance	MP		Enumerated( R99)	Indicates the release of TS 34.108 the UE has declared compliance to. At least 7 spare values needed
PDCP capability	MP		PDCP capability 10.3.3.26	
RLC capability	MP		RLC capability 10.3.3.35	
Transport channel capability	MP		Transport channel capability 10.3.3.39	
RF capability	MP		RF capability 10.3.3.34	
Physical channel capability	MP		Physical channel capability 10.3.3.27	
UE multi-mode/multi-RAT capability	MP		UE multi-mode/multi-RAT capability 10.3.3.40	
Security capability	MP		Security capability 10.3.3.37	
LCS capability	MP		LCS capability 10.3.3.20	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Measurement capability	MP		Measuremen t capability 10.3.3.22	
>TDD				(no data)

### 10.3.3.42 UE Timers and Constants in connected mode

This information element indicates timers and constants used by the UE in connected mode.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
T301	MP		Integer(1...8)	Value in seconds
T302	MP		Integer(1...8)	Value in seconds
N302	MP		Integer(1..8)	
T303	MP		Integer(1...8)	Value in seconds
N303	MP		Integer(1..8)	
T304	MP		Integer(100, 200, 400, 1000, 2000)	Value in milliseconds At least 3 spare values are needed Criticality: reject is needed
N304	MP		Integer(1..8)	
T305	MP		Enumerate d(no update, 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, 360, 720)	Value in minutes
T306	MP		Enumerate d(no update, 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, 360, 720)	Value in minutes
T307	MP		Integer(5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50)	Value in seconds At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: reject is needed
T308	MP		Integer(40, 80, 160, 320)	Value in milliseconds
T309	MP		Integer(1...8)	Value in seconds
T310	MP		Integer(40 .. 320 by step of 40)	Value in milliseconds
N310	MP		Integer(1 .. 8)	
T311	MP		Integer(250 .. 2000 by step of 250)	Value in milliseconds
T312	MP		Integer (0..15)	Value in seconds
N312	MP		Enumerate d (1, 50, 100, 200, 400, 600, 800, 1000)	
T313	MP		Integer (0..15)	Value in seconds
N313	MP		Enumerate d (1, 50, 100, 200, 400, 600, 800, 1000)	
T314	MP		Enumerate d(0, 10, 20, 30, 60, 180, 600, 1200, 1800)	Value in seconds

T315	MP		Enumerate d (0,10, 30, 60, 180, 600, 1200, 1800)	Value in seconds
N315	MP		Enumerate d (1, 50, 100, 200, 400, 600, 800, 1000)	

#### 10.3.3.43 UE Timers and Constants in idle mode

This information element indicates timers and constants used by the UE in idle mode.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
T300	MP		Integer(1...8)	Value in seconds
N300	MP		Integer(1..8)	
T312	MP		Integer(0 .. 15)	Value in seconds
N312	MP		Enumerate d (1, 50, 100, 200, 400, 600, 800, 1000)	

#### 10.3.3.44 URA update cause

Indicates the cause for a URA update.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
URA update cause	MP		Enumerated(change of URA, periodic URA update, re-entered service area)	At least 5 spare values Criticality: reject, are needed

#### 10.3.3.45 U-RNTI

The U-RNTI (UTRAN Radio Network Temporary Identity) is allocated to an UE having a RRC connection and identifies the UE within UTRAN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SRNC identity	MP		bit string(12)	
S-RNTI	MP		bit string(20)	

#### 10.3.3.46 U-RNTI Short

The U-RNTI (UTRAN Radio Network Temporary Identity) is allocated to an UE having a RRC connection and identifies the UE within UTRAN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SRNC identity	MP		bit string(12)	
S-RNTI 2	MP		Integer(0..10 23)	

### 10.3.3.47 Wait time

Wait time defines the time period the UE has to wait before repeating the rejected procedure.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Wait time	MP		Integer(0.. 15)	Wait time in seconds The value 0 indicates that repetition is not allowed.

## 10.3.4 Radio Bearer Information elements

### 10.3.4.1 Downlink RLC STATUS info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Timer_Status_Prohibit	OP		Integer(50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000)	Minimum time in ms between STATUS reports At least 16 spare values with criticality reject is needed
Timer_EPC	OP		Integer(50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000)	Time in ms At least 16 spare values with criticality reject is needed
Missing PU Indicator	MP		Boolean	Value true indicates that UE should send a STATUS report for each missing PU that is detected
Timer_STATUS_periodic	OP		Integer(100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 750, 1000, 2000)	Time in milliseconds

### 10.3.4.2 PDCP info

The purpose of the PDCP info IE is to indicate which algorithms shall be established and to configure the parameters of each of the algorithms.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Support for lossless SRNS relocation	CV-LosslessCriteria		Boolean	TRUE means support
PDCP PDU header	MD		Enumerated (present, absent)	Whether a PDCP PDU header is existent or not. Default value is "present"
Header compression information	OP	1 to <Algorithm Count>		
>>>RFC2507	MP			7 spare values needed, criticality: reject
>>>F_MAX_PERIOD	MD		Integer (1..65535)	Largest number of compressed non-TCP headers that may be sent without sending a full header. Default value is 256.
>>>F_MAX_TIME	MD		Integer (1..255)	Compressed headers may not be sent more than F_MAX_TIME seconds after sending last full header. Default value is 5.
>>>MAX_HEADER	OP		Integer (60..65535)	The largest header size in octets that may be compressed. Default value is 168.
>>>TCP_SPACE	MD		Integer (3..255)	Maximum CID value for TCP connections. Default value is 15.
>>>NON_TCP_SPACE	MD		Integer (3..65535)	Maximum CID value for non-TCP connections. Default value is 15.
>>>EXPECT_REORDERING	MD		Enumerated (reordering not expected, reordering expected)	Whether the algorithm shall reorder PDCP SDUs or not. Default value is "reordering expected".

Condition	Explanation
LosslessCriteria	This IE is present only if the IE "RLC mode" is "Acknowledged" and the IE "In-sequence delivery" is "True".

Multi Bound	Explanation
AlgorithmCount	The number of algorithm types configured for PDCP entity.

#### 10.3.4.3 PDCP SN info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Receive PDCP sequence number	MP		Integer(0..65535)	The PDCP sequence number which the sender of the message is expecting next to be received.

#### 10.3.4.4 Polling info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Timer_poll_prohibit	OP		Integer(50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000)	Minimum time between polls in ms 16 spare values needed, criticality: reject
Timer_poll	OP		Integer(50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000)	Time in ms. 16 spare values needed, criticality: reject
Poll_PU	OP		Integer(1,2,4,8,16,32,64,128)	Number of PUs, interval between pollings 8 spare values needed, criticality: reject
Poll_SDU	OP		Integer(1,4,16,64)	Number of SDUs, interval between pollings 4 spare values needed, criticality: reject
Last transmission PU poll	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that poll is made at last PU in transmission buffer
Last retransmission PU poll	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that poll is made at last PU in retransmission buffer
Poll_Window	OP		Integer(50,60,70,80,85,90,95,100)	Percentage of transmission window, threshold for polling 8 spare values needed, criticality: reject
Timer_poll_periodic	OP		Integer(100,200,300,400,500,750,1000,2000)	Time in milliseconds Timer for periodic polling. 8 spare values needed, criticality: reject

#### 10.3.4.5 Predefined configuration identity

This information element identifies a pre-defined radio parameter configuration.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Predefined radio configuration identity	MP		Enumerated (0..15)	

#### 10.3.4.6 Predefined configuration value tag

This information element is used to identify different versions of a radio bearer configuration as may be used within one PLMN e.g. to support different UTRAN implementations.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Predefined configuration value tag	MP		Integer(0..15 )	

#### 10.3.4.7 Predefined RB configuration

This information element concerns a pre-defined configuration of radio bearer parameters

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Signalling radio bearer information	MP	1 to <maxSRBc ount>		For each signalling radio bearer
>RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
>CHOICE RLC info type	MP			At least one spare value is needed for future extensions with criticality reject
>>RLC info	MP		RLC info 10.3.4.18	Allowed when the value of IE "RB identity" is between 0 and 31, inclusive
>RB mapping info	MP		RB mapping info 10.3.4.16	
RB information				Only one RAB supported
>RB information list	OP	1 to <MaxRBco unt>		For each RB belonging to the RAB
>>RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
>>PDCP info	OP		PDCP info 10.3.4.2	
>>RLC info	MP		RLC info 10.3.4.18	
>>RB mapping info	MP		RB mapping info 10.3.4.16	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSRBcount	Maximum number of signalling RBs that could be setup with this message
MaxRBcount	Maximum number of RBs

#### 10.3.4.8 RAB info

This IE contains information used to uniquely identify a radio access bearer.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RAB identity	MP		RAB identity 10.3.1.14	
CN domain identity	MP		CN domain identity 10.3.1.1	

#### 10.3.4.9 RAB information for setup

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RAB info	MP		RAB info 10.3.4.8	
RB information to setup list	MP	1 to <MaxSetupRBcount>		
>RB information to setup	MP		RB information to setup 10.3.4.15	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSetupRBcount	The maximum number of RBs to setup.

#### 10.3.4.10 RB activation time info

This IE contains the time, in terms of RLC sequence numbers, when a certain configuration shall be activated, for a number of radio bearers.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Radio bearer activation time	OP	1 to <maxReconRBs>		
>RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
>RLC sequence number	MP		Integer (0..4095)	RLC SN [TS 25.322]

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxReconRBs	For each radio bearer that is reconfigured

#### 10.3.4.11 RB identity

An identification number for the radio bearer affected by a certain message.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MP		Integer(0..31)	Values 0-3 shall only be used for signalling radio bearers

#### 10.3.4.12 RB information to be affected

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
RB mapping info	MP		RB mapping info 10.3.4.16	

#### 10.3.4.13 RB information to reconfigure

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
PDCP info	OP		PDCP info 10.3.4.2	
PDCP SN info	C PDCP		PDCP SN info 10.3.4.3	PDCP sequence number info from the network. Present only in case of lossless SRNS relocation.
CHOICE RLC info type	OP			
>RLC info			RLC info 10.3.4.18	
RB mapping info	OP		RB mapping info 10.3.4.16	
RB suspend/resume	OP		Enumerated( suspend, resume)	

Condition	Explanation
PDCP	This IE is optional only if "PDCP info" is present. Otherwise it is absent.

#### 10.3.4.14 RB information to release

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	

#### 10.3.4.15 RB information to setup

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
PDCP info	OP		PDCP info 10.3.4.2	
RLC info	MP		RLC info 10.3.4.18	
RB mapping info	MP		RB mapping info 10.3.4.16	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSetupRBcount	The maximum number of RBs to setup.

### 10.3.4.16 RB mapping info

A multiplexing option for each possible transport channel this RB can be multiplexed on.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Information for each multiplexing option	MP	1 to <maxMux OptionsCount>		
>Number of RLC logical channels	CV-UL-RLC info	1 to 2		1 or 2 logical channels per RLC entity or radio bearer RLC [TS 25.322]
>>Uplink transport channel type	MP		Enumerated( DCH,RACH, CPCH,USC H)	CPCH is FDD only USCH is TDD only
>>Transport channel identity	OP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	This is the ID of a transport channel that this RB could be mapped onto.
>>Logical channel identity	OP		Integer(1..16 )	This parameter is used to distinguish logical channels multiplexed by MAC on a transport channel.
>>MAC logical channel priority	OP		Integer(1..8)	This is priority between a user's different RBs (or logical channels). The different priorities for this user's RBs are mapped (through the MAC's C/T MUX) to the TFC selection algorithm. Priority 1 shall have the highest priority and priority 8 the lowest.
>Number of RLC logical channels	CV-DL-RLC info	1 to 2		1 or 2 logical channels per RLC entity or radio bearer RLC [TS 25.322]
>>Downlink transport channel type	MP		Enumerated( DCH,FACH, DSCH)	
>>Transport channel identity	OP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
>>Logical channel identity	OP		Enumerated( 1..16)	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxMuxOptionsCount</i>	Maximum number of allowed multiplexing options that can be sent is 8

Condition	Explanation
<i>UL-RLC info</i>	If "CHOICE Uplink RLC mode" in IE "RLC info" is present this IE is MP. Otherwise the IE is not needed.
<i>DL-RLC info</i>	If "CHOICE Downlink RLC mode" in IE "RLC info" is present this IE is MP. Otherwise the IE is not needed.

## 10.3.4.17 RB with PDCP information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MP		RB identity 10.3.4.11	
PDCP SN info	MP		PDCP SN info 10.3.4.3	PDCP sequence number info from the UE for lossless SRNS relocation.

## 10.3.4.18 RLC info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Uplink RLC mode	OP			Indicates if Acknowledged, Unacknowledged or Transparent mode RLC shall be used. One spare value needed, criticality: reject.
>AM RLC				
>>Transmission RLC discard	OP		Transmission RLC discard 10.3.4.20	
>>Transmission window size	MP		Integer(1,8,16,3 2,128,256,512,7 68,1024,1536,2 048,2560,3072, 3584,4096)	Maximum number of RLC PUs sent without getting them acknowledged. This parameter is needed if acknowledged mode is used. One spare value needed, criticality: reject
>>Timer_RST	MP		Enumerated(50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000)	It is used to detect the loss of RESET ACK PDU. 16 spare values needed, criticality: reject
>>Max_RST	MP		Enumerated(1, 4, 6, 8, 12 16, 24, 32)	The maximum number of retransmission of RESET PDU. 8 spare values needed, criticality: reject
>> Polling info	OP		Polling info 10.3.4.4	
>UM RLC				
>> Transmission RLC discard	OP		Transmission RLC discard 10.3.4.20	
>TM RLC				(no specific data)
CHOICE Downlink RLC mode	OP			Indicates if Acknowledged, Unacknowledged or Transparent mode RLC shall be used. One spare value needed, criticality: reject.
>AM RLC				
>>In-sequence delivery	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that RLC shall preserve the order of higher layer PDUs when these are delivered.
>>Receiving window size	MP		Integer(1,8,16,3 2,128,256,512,7 68,1024,1536,2 048,2560,3072, 3584,4096)	Maximum number of RLC PUs allowed to be received. This parameter is needed if acknowledged mode is used. At least one spare value with criticality reject needed
>>Downlink RLC status Info	OP			
>UM RLC				
>>In-sequence delivery	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that RLC shall preserve the order of higher layer PDUs when these are delivered.
>TM RLC				
>>In-sequence delivery	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that RLC shall preserve the order of higher layer PDUs when these are delivered.

### 10.3.4.19 Signalling RB information to setup

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RB identity	MD		RB identity 10.3.4.11	Default value is the smallest value not yet used as default in the message (e.g., 0, then 1, and so on)
CHOICE RLC info type	MP			
>RLC info			RLC info 10.3.4.18	
RB mapping info	MP		RB mapping info 10.3.4.16	

### 10.3.4.20 Transmission RLC Discard

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>CHOICE SDU Discard Mode</b>	MP			Different modes for discharge the RLC buffer on the transmitter side; Timer based with explicit signalling, Timer based without explicit signalling or Discard after Max_DAT retransmissions. For unacknowledged mode only Timer based without explicit signalling is applicable. If No_discard is used, reset procedure shall be done after Max_DAT retransmissions
>Timer based explicit				
>>Timer_MRW	MP		Enumerated(50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000)	It is used to trigger the retransmission of a STATUS PDU containing an MRW SUFI field. 16 spare values needed, criticality: reject
>>Timer_discard	MP		Real(0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5, 7.5)	Elapsed time in seconds before a SDU is discarded.
>>MaxMRW	MP		Enumerated(1, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32)	It is the maximum value for the number of retransmissions of a MRW command 8 spare values needed, criticality: ffs
>Timer based no explicit				
>>Timer_discard	MP		Real(0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5, 7.5)	Elapsed time in seconds before a SDU is discarded.
>Max DAT retransmissions				
>> Max_DAT	MP		Integer(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40)	Number of retransmissions of a PU before a SDU is discarded.
>No discard				(no data)

<b>CHOICE SDU Discard Mode</b>	<b>Condition under which the given SDU Discard Mode is chosen</b>
Timer based explicit	If the modes for discharge of the RLC buffer on the transmitter side is "Timer based with explicit signalling"
Timer based no explicit	If the modes for discharge of the RLC buffer on the transmitter side is "Timer based without explicit signalling" For unacknowledged mode, only Timer based without explicit signalling is applicable.
Max DAT retransmissions	If the modes for discharge of the RLC buffer on the transmitter side is "Discard after Max_DAT retransmissions"
No discard	If the modes for discharge the of RLC buffer on the transmitter side is "Reset procedure shall be done after Max_DAT retransmissions"

## 10.3.5 Transport CH Information elements

### 10.3.5.1 Added or Reconfigured DL TrCH information

<b>Information Element/Group name</b>	<b>Need</b>	<b>Multi</b>	<b>Type and reference</b>	<b>Semantics description</b>
Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
TFS	MP		Transport Format Set 10.3.5.20	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>> DL DCH TFCS Identity	OP		Transport Format Combination Set Identity 10.3.5.18	
>FDD				(no data)
DCH quality target	OP		Quality target 10.3.5.13	
Transparent mode signalling info	OP		Transparent mode signalling info 10.3.5.15	This IE is not used in RB RELEASE message nor RB RECONFIGURATION message

### 10.3.5.2 Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
TFS	MP		Transport Format Set 10.3.5.20	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>> UL DCH TFCS Identity	OP		Transport Format Combination Set Identity 10.3.5.18	
>FDD				(no data)

### 10.3.5.3 Bit mode RLC size info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Bit mode RLC size	MP			
>Size type 1				1 bit granularity
>>Size part 1	MP		Integer(1..127)	in bits
>Size type 2				8 bit granularity
>>Size part 1	MP		Integer(128..248 by step of 8)	in bits
>>Size part 2	OP		Integer (1..7)	Bits added to size part 1.
>Size type 3				16 bit granularity
>>Size part 1	MP		Integer(256..1008 by step of 16)	in bits
>>Size part 2	OP		Integer (1..15)	Bits added to size part 1.
>Size type 4				64 bit granularity
>>Size part 1	MP		Integer(1024..4992 by step of 64)	in bits
>>Size part 2	OP		Integer (1..63)	Bits added to size part 1.

### 10.3.5.4 CPCH set ID

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This information element indicates that this transport channel may use any of the Physical CPCH channels defined in the CPCH set info which contains the same CPCH set ID. The CPCH set ID associates the transport channel with a set of PCPCH channels defined in a CPCH set info IE and a set of CPCH persistency values. The CPCH set info IE(s) and the CPCH persistency values IE(s) each include the CPCH set ID and are part of the SYSTEM INFORMATION message

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CPCH set ID	MP		Integer(1...< maxCPCHse tcount>)	Identifier for CPCH set info and CPCH persistency value messages

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxCPCHsetcount	Maximum number of CPCH sets per Node B

### 10.3.5.5 Deleted DL TrCH information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>> DL DCH TFCS Identity	OP		Transport Format Combination Set Identity 10.3.5.18	
>FDD				(no data)

### 10.3.5.6 Deleted UL TrCH information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>> UL DCH TFCS Identity	OP		Transport Format Combination Set Identity 10.3.5.18	
>FDD				(no data)

### 10.3.5.7 DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SCCPCH TFCS	OP		Transport Format Combination Set 10.3.5.17	
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>>Individual DL CCTrCH information	OP	1 to >MaxDLC CTrCHCount>		
>>>DL DCH TFCS Identity	MP		Transport format combination set identity 10.3.5.18	
>>>DL DCH TFCS	MP		Transport format combination set 10.3.5.17	
>FDD				
>>DL DCH TFCS	OP		Transport Format Combination Set 10.3.5.17	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxDLCCTrCHCount	Maximum number of DL CCTrCHs currently supported by this UE.

### 10.3.5.8 DRAC Static Information

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Contains static parameters used by the DRAC procedure. Meaning and use is described in subclause 14.6.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transmission Time Validity	MP		Integer(1..256)	number of frames
Time duration before retry	MP		Integer(1..256)	number of frames
DRAC Class Identity	MP		Enumerated(1.. MaxDRACclasses)	Indicates the class of DRAC parameters to use in SIB10 message

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxDRACclasses	Maximum number of UE classes which would require different DRAC parameters

### 10.3.5.9 Gain Factor Information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Gain Factors	MP			
>Signalled Gain Factors				The values for gain factors $\beta_c$ and $\beta_d$ are signalled directly for a TFC.
>>Gain Factor $\beta_c$	MP		Integer (0.. 15)	For DPCCH or control part of PRACH
>>Gain Factor $\beta_d$	MP		Integer (0..15)	For DPCCH or data part of PRACH
>>Reference TFC number	OP		Integer (0..15)	If this TFC is a reference TFC, indicates the reference number.
>Computed Gain Factors				The gain factors $\beta_c$ and $\beta_d$ are computed for a TFC, based on the signalled settings for the associated reference TFC.
>>Reference TFC number	MP		Integer (0.. 15)	Indicates the reference TFC to be used to calculate the gain factors for this TFC.

### 10.3.5.10 Octet mode RLC size info type1

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Octet mode RLC size	MP			
>Size type 1				8 bit granularity
>>Size Part 1	MP		Integer (16..264 by step of 8)	
>Size type 2				32 bit granularity
>>Size Part 1	MP		Integer (272..1008 by step of 32)	
>>Size Part 2	OP		Integer (1..3)	Octets added to size part 1.
>Size type 3				64 bit granularity
>>Size Part 1	MP		Integer(1040 ..4944 by step of 64)	
>>Size Part 2	OP		Integer (1..7)	Octets added to size part 1.

### 10.3.5.11 Octet mode RLC size info type2

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Transport block size	MP			
>Size type 1			Integer(48..296 by step of 8)	In bits
>Size type 2			Integer(312..1320 by step of 16)	In bits
>Size type 3			Integer(1384 ..4968 by step of 64)	In bits

### 10.3.5.12 Predefined TrCH configuration

This information element concerns a pre-defined configuration of transport channel parameters.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels				
Uplink TFCS	OP		Transport formation combination set 10.3.5.17	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Uplink TFCS Identity	OP		Transport format combination set identity 10.3.5.18	
Added or Reconfigured TrCH information				
Added or Reconfigured UL TrCH information	OP	1 to <MaxTrCH>		
>Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
>TFS	MP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	
DL Transport channel information common for all transport channels				
Downlink TFCS	OP		Transport format combination set 10.3.5.17	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>TDD				
>>Downlink TFCS Identity	OP		Transport format combination set identity 10.3.5.18	
Downlink transport channels				
TrCH information	OP	1 to <MaxTrCH>		
>Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
>TFS	MP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	
>Quality target			Quality target 10.3.5.13	
>Transparent mode signalling info			Transparent mode signalling info 10.3.5.15	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxTrCH	Maximum number of transport channels

### 10.3.5.13 Quality Target

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
BLER Quality value	MP		Enumerated (0,1,..63)	<p>The BLER quality value shall be set in the range <math>0 \leq \text{TrCH BLER} \leq 1</math> in the unit BLER_dB where:</p> <p>BLER_dB_0: TrCH BLER = 0</p> <p>BLER_dB_1: <math>-\infty &lt; \text{Log10}(\text{TrCH BLER}) &lt; -4.03</math></p> <p>BLER_dB_2: <math>-4.03 \leq \text{Log10}(\text{TrCH BLER}) &lt; -3.965</math></p> <p>BLER_dB_3: <math>-3.965 \leq \text{Log10}(\text{TrCH BLER}) &lt; -3.9</math></p> <p>...</p> <p>BLER_dB_61: <math>-0.195 \leq \text{Log10}(\text{TrCH BLER}) &lt; -0.13</math></p> <p>BLER_dB_62: <math>-0.13 \leq \text{Log10}(\text{TrCH BLER}) &lt; -0.065</math></p> <p>BLER_dB_63: <math>-0.065 \leq \text{Log10}(\text{TrCH BLER}) \leq 0</math></p>

### 10.3.5.14 Semi-static Transport Format Information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transmission time interval	MP		Integer(10, 20, 40, 80)	In ms
Type of channel coding	MP		Enumerated(No coding, Convolutional, Turbo)	
Coding Rate	CV-Coding		Enumerated(1/2, 1/3)	
Rate matching attribute	MP		Integer(1..m axRM)	
CRC size	MP		Integer(0, 8, 12, 16, 24)	in bits

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxRM	Maximum number that could be set as rate matching attribute for a transport channel is 256.

Condition	Explanation
Coding	This IE is only present if IE "Type of channel coding" is "Convolutional"

### 10.3.5.15 Transparent mode signalling info

This information element points out a transport channel that is used for transparent mode signalling, and which type of message that is sent on the DCCH mapped on that channel.

There are two modes of this transparent mode signaling. Mode 1 controls all transport channels for one UE. Mode 2 only control a subset of the transport channels for one UE.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	Transport channel used for transparent mode signalling DCCH
CHOICE <i>Transparent signalling mode</i>	MP			
>Mode 1				
>>Message type	MP		Enumerated (TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL)	Indicates which type of message sent on the transparent mode signalling DCCH
>Mode 2				
>>Controlled transport channels list	MP	1 to <MaxTrC hCount>		The transport channels that are effected by the rate control commands sent on this transparent mode DCCH
>>>Controlled transport channels	MP		Transport channel identity, 10.3.5.16	

### 10.3.5.16 Transport channel identity

This information element is used to distinguish transport channels (both common and dedicated transport channels).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transport channel identity	MP		Enumerated(1..64)	

### 10.3.5.17 Transport Format Combination Set

Indicates the allowed combinations of already defined Transport formats and the mapping between these allowed TFCs and the corresponding TFCI values.

For FDD, Where the UE is assigned access to one or more DSCH transport channels then the UTRAN has the choice of two methods for signalling the mapping between TFCI(field 2) values and the corresponding TFC:

#### Method #1 - TFCI range

The mapping is described in terms of a number of groups, each group corresponding to a given transport format combination (value of CTFC\_DSCH). The CTFC\_DSCH value specified in the first group applies for all values of TFCI(field 2) between 1 and the specified 'Max TFCI(field2) value'. The CTFC\_DSCH value specified in the second group applies for all values of TFCI(field 2) between the 'Max TFCI(field2) value' specified in the last group plus one and the specified 'Max TFCI(field2) value' in the second group. The process continues in the same way for the following groups with the TFCI(field 2) value used by the UE in constructing its mapping table starting at the largest value reached in the previous group plus one.

#### Method #2 - Explicit

The mapping between TFCI(field 2) value and CTFC\_DSCH is spelt out explicitly for each value of TFCI (field2).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE_DSCH	MP			
>FDD without access to DSCH assigned or TDD				This choice is made if the UE is not assigned any DSCH transport channels
>>CHOICE_TFCS representation	MP			
>>>Complete reconfiguration		1 to MaxTFCcount		
>>>>CTFC	MP		Integer(0..MaxCTFC)	The first instance of the parameter <i>Transport format combination</i> corresponds to Transport format combination 0, the second to transport format combination 1 and so on. Integer number calculated according to clause 14.
>>>>Gain Factor Information	MP			
>>>>Power offset P_p-m	MP		Real (-5..10 by step of 1)	In dB. Power offset between the last transmitted preamble and the control part of the message (added to the preamble power to receive the power of the message control part )
>>>Removal		1 to MaxDelTF_Ccount		
>>>>TFCI	MP		Integer(0..MaxTFCIValue)	Removal of TFCI. The integer number(s) is a reference to the transport format combinations to be removed.
>>>Addition		1 to MaxAddTF_Ccount		
>>>>AddCTFC	MP		Integer(0..MaxCTFC)	Addition of TFCI. The integer number(s) is the calculated transport format combination that is added. The new TFC(s) is inserted into the first available position(s) in the TFCI (counting from zero).
>>>>Gain Factor Information	MP			

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
>>>Power offset P_p-m	MP		Real (-5..10 by step of 1)	In dB. Power offset between the last transmitted preamble and the control part of the message (added to the preamble power to receive the power of the message control part )
>FDD with access to DSCH assigned				This choice is made if the UE is assigned one or more DSCH transport channels
>>Length of TFCI2	MP		Integer (1..9)	This IE indicates the length measured in number of bits of TFCI(field2)
>>Transport format combination_DCH	MP	1 to <MaxTFCI_1_Combs>		The first instance of the parameter <i>Transport format combination_DCH</i> corresponds to TFCI (field 1) = 1, the second to TFCI (field 1) = 2 and so on.
>>>CTFC_DCH	MP		Integer(0..MaxCTFC_DCH)	Integer number calculated according to clause 14. The calculation of CTFC ignores any DSCH transport channels which may be assigned
>>>Choice Signalling method	MP			
>>>TFCI range				
>>>>TFC mapping on DSCH	MP	1 to <MaxNoTFCIGroups>		
>>>>Max TFCI(field2) value	MP		Integer(1..512)	This is the Maximum value in the range of TFCI(field2) values for which the specified CTFC_DSCH applies
>>>>>CTFC_DSCH	MP		Integer(0..MaxCTFC_DSCH)	Integer number calculated according to clause 14. The calculation of CTFC ignores any DCH transport channels which may be assigned
>>>Explicit				
>>>>Transport format combination_DSCH	MP	1 to <MaxTFCI_2_Combs>		The first instance of the parameter <i>Transport format combination_DSCH</i> corresponds to TFCI (field2) = 1, the second to TFCI (field 2) = 2 and so on.
>>>>CTFC_DSCH	MP		Integer(0..MaxCTFC_DSCH)	Integer number calculated according to clause 14. The calculation of CTFC ignores any DCH transport channels which may be assigned

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxCTFC	Maximum value number of the CTFC value is calculated according to the following: $\sum_{i=1}^I (L_i - 1)P_i$ with the notation according to clause 14.
MaxTFCCount	Maximum number of Transport Format Combinations.
MaxTFCIValue	The max value of the Transport Format Combinations that currently is defined for this UE.
MaxAddTFCIcount	Maximum number of Transport Format Combinations to be added.
MaxDelTFCcount	Maximum number of Transport Format Combinations

Multi Bound	Explanation
	to be removed.
<i>MaxTFCI_1_Combs</i>	Maximum number of TFCI (field 1) combinations (given by 2 raised to the power of the length of the TFCI (field 1))
<i>MaxTFCI_2_Combs</i>	Maximum number of TFCI (field 2) combinations (given by 2 raised to the power of the length of the TFCI (field 2))
<i>MaxNoTFCI/Groups</i>	Maximum number of groups, each group described in terms of a range of TFCI(field 2) values for which a single value of CTFC_DSCH applies
<i>MaxCTFC_DCH</i>	Maximum value of CTFC_DCH is calculated according to the following: $\sum_{i=1}^I (L_i - 1)P_i$ with the notation according to clause 14 where only the DCH transport channels are taken into account in the calculation.
<i>MaxCTFC_DSCH</i>	Maximum value of CTFC_DSCH is calculated according to the following: $\sum_{i=1}^I (L_i - 1)P_i$ with the notation according to clause 14 where only the DSCH transport channels are taken into account in the calculation..

### 10.3.5.18 Transport Format Combination Set Identity

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFCS ID	MD		Enumerated (1...8)	Indicates the identity of every TFCS within a UE. Default value is 1.
Shared Channel Indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates the use of shared channels.

### 10.3.5.19 Transport Format Combination Subset

Indicates which Transport format combinations in the already defined Transport format combination set are allowed.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Subset representation	MP			
>Minimum allowed Transport format combination index	MP		Integer(0..MaxTFCValue -1)	The integer number is a reference to the <i>Transport format combination</i> , which arrived at that position in the <i>Transport Format Combination Set</i> .
>Allowed transport format combination list	MP	1 to <maxTFCcount>		
>>Allowed transport format combination	MP		Integer(0..MaxTFCValue -1)	The integer number is a reference to the <i>Transport format combination</i> , which arrived at that position in the <i>Transport Format Combination Set</i> .
>Non-allowed transport format combination list	MP	1 to <MaxTFCcount>		
>>Non-allowed transport format combination	MP		Integer(0..MaxTFCValue )	The integer number is a reference to the <i>Transport format combination</i> , which arrived at that position in the <i>Transport Format Combination Set</i> .
>Restricted TrCH information	MP	1 to <MaxRstTrCHcount>		
>>Restricted TrCH identity	MP		Integer(0..MaxTrCHValue)	The integer number(s) is a reference to the transport channel that is restricted.
>>Allowed TFIs	OP	1 to <MaxTFcount>		
>>>Allowed TFI	MP		Integer(0..MaxTFValue)	The integer number is a reference to the transport format that is allowed. If no elements are given, all transport formats or the TrCH with non-zero rate are restricted.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxTFCcount	Maximum number of Transport Format Combinations that could be sent as the limited set that the UE is allowed to use is 1023.
MaxTFCValue	The max value of the Transport Format Combinations that currently is defined for this UE.
MaxRstTrCHcount	Maximum number of Transport Channels that could be restricted.
MaxTrCHValue	Maximum value of the Transport Channels that currently is defined for this UE.
MaxTFcount	Maximum number of the Transport Formats that is defined.
MaxTFValue	Maximum value of the Transport Formats that is defined.

### 10.3.5.20 Transport Format Set

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE <i>Transport channel type</i>	MP			
>Dedicated transport channels				The transport channel that is configured with this TFS is of type DCH
>>Dynamic Transport Format Information	MP	1 to maxTFcount		The first instance of the parameter <i>Dynamic transport format information</i> correspond to Transport format 0 for this transport channel, the second to transport format 1 and so on.
>>>Number of Transport blocks	MP		Integer(0..4095)	Note
>>>CHOICE <i>RLC mode</i>	OP			
>>>> Bit mode RLC size info			Bit mode RLC size info 10.3.5.3	The RLC entity mapped to this transport channels can generate bit specific RLC PDU sizes
>>>> Octet mode RLC size info type1			Octet mode RLC size info type1 10.3.5.10	The RLC entity mapped to this transport channels can only generate octet aligned RLC PDU sizes
>>Semi-static Transport Format Information	MP		Semi-static Transport Format Information 10.3.5.14	
>Common transport channels				The transport channel that is configured with this TFS is of a type not equal to DCH
>>Dynamic Transport Format Information	MP	1 to maxTFcount		The first instance of the parameter <i>Dynamic transport format information</i> correspond to Transport format 0 for this transport channel, the second to transport format 1 and so on.
>>>Number of Transport blocks	MP		Integer(0..4095)	Note
>>>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>>>FDD				
>>>>>Octet mode RLC size info type2	OP		Octet mode RLC size info type2 10.3.5.11	
>>>>TDD				
>>>>>CHOICE <i>RLC mode</i>	OP			
>>>>>>Bit mode RLC size info			Bit mode RLC size info 10.3.5.3	
>>>>>>Octet mode RLC size info type1			Octet mode RLC size info type1 10.3.5.10	
>>Semi-static Transport Format Information	MP		Semi-static Transport Format Information 10.3.5.14	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxTFcount</i>	Maximum number of different transport formats that can be included in the Transport format set for one transport channel is 32.

NOTE: The parameter "rate matching attribute" is in line with the RAN WG1 specifications. However, it is not currently in line with the description in 25.302.

NOTE: For dedicated channels, sizes reflect RLC PDU sizes. In FDD for common channels sizes reflect actual TB size. In TDD for common channels since MAC headers are not octet aligned, to calculate TB size the MAC header bit offset is added to the specified size (similar to the dedicated case). Therefore for TDD DCH TrCHs the 4 bit C/T is added if MAC multiplexing is applied, for FACH the 3 bit TCTF offset is added and for RACH the 2 bit TCTF offset is added.

NOTE: If the number of transport blocks  $\neq 0$ , and Optional IE "CHOICE RLC mode" or "CHOICE Transport block size is absent, it implies that no RLC PDU data exists but only parity bits exist. If the number of transport blocks = 0, it implies that neither RLC PDU data nor parity bits exist.

#### 10.3.5.21 UL Transport channel information common for all transport channels

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFC subset	MD		Transport Format Combination Subset 10.3.5.19	Default value is the complete existing set of transport format combinations
CHOICE mode	OP			
>TDD				
>>Individual UL CCTrCH information	OP	1 to <MaxULC CTrCHCount>		
>>>UL DCH TFCS Identity	MP		Transport format combination set identity 10.3.5.18	
>>>DL DCH TFCS	MP		Transport format combination set 10.3.5.17	
>FDD				
>>UL DCH TFCS	MP		Transport formation combination set 10.3.5.17	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxULCCTrCHCount</i>	Maximum number of UL CCTrCHs currently supported by this UE.

## 10.3.6 Physical CH Information elements

### 10.3.6.1 AC-to-ASC mapping

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
AC-to-ASC mapping table		7		
> AC-to-ASC mapping	MP		Integer(0,...,7)	Mapping of Access Classes to Access Service Classes (cf. Sec. 8.5.x1.)

### 10.3.6.2 AICH Info

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Secondary scrambling code	MD		Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.55	Default is the same scrambling code as for the Primary CPICH
Channelisation code	MP		Integer(0..255)	SF is fixed and equal to 256
STTD indicator	MP		STTD Indicator 10.3.6.58	
AICH transmission timing	MP		Enumerated (0, 1)	See parameter AICH_Transmission_Timing in TS 25.211

### 10.3.6.3 AICH Power offset

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This is the power per transmitted Acquisition Indicator minus power of the Primary CPICH.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
AICH Power offset	MP		Enumerated(-10..+5)	Offset in dB, granularity of 1 dB

### 10.3.6.4 Allocation period info

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Parameters used by UE to determine period of shared channel allocation.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Allocation Activation Time	MP		Integer (1..256)	Frame number start of the allocation period.
Allocation Duration	MP		Integer (1..256)	Total number of frames for the allocation period.

### 10.3.6.5 ASC Info

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
ASC List	MP	1 to 8		List of Access Service classes
>Access service class	MP		Integer(1..8)	
>Repetition Period	MD		EnumeratedI nteger(1, 2, 4, 8)	Default value is continuous. Value 1 indicates continuous
>Offset	MP		Integer(0..Re petition Period - 1)	Note that this is empty if repetition period is set to 1

### 10.3.6.6 Block STTD indicator

NOTE: Only for TDD

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Block STTD indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that block STTD is used

### 10.3.6.7 CCTrCH power control info

Parameters used by UE to set the SIR target value for uplink open loop power control in TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
TFCS Identity	OP		Transport Format Combination Set Identity 10.3.5.18	TFCS Identity of this CCTrCH. Default value is 1.
Uplink DPCCH power control info	MP		Uplink DPCCH power control info 10.3.6.67	

### 10.3.6.8 Common timeslot info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
2 <sup>nd</sup> interleaving mode	MD		Enumerated( Frame, Timeslot)	Frame timeslot related interleaving. Default value is "Frame"
TFCI coding	MD		Enumerated( 4,8,16,32)	Describes the way the TFCI bits are coded. Defaults: 0 TFCI bits are not coded. 1 TFCI bit coded with 4 bits. 2 TFCI bits coded with 8 bits. 3 – 5 TFCI bits coded with 16 bits. 6 – 10 TFCI bits coded with 32 bits.
Puncturing limit	MP		Real(0.40..1.0 by step of 0.04)	
Repetition period	MD		Integer(1, 2,4,8,16,32,64)	Default is continuous allocation. Value 1 indicate continuous
Repetition length	MP		Integer(1.. Repetition period –1 )	Note that this is empty if repetition period is set to 1

### 10.3.6.9 Constant value

This constant value is used by the UE to calculate the initial output power on PRACH according to the Open loop power control procedure.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Constant value	MP		Integer (-10..10)	At least 11 spare values needed Criticality: reject is needed In dB and 1 dB granularity

### 10.3.6.10 CPCH persistence levels

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This IE is dynamic and is used by RNC for load balancing and congestion control. This is broadcast often in the system information message.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CPCH set ID	MP		Integer (1 .. <maxCPCHs etcount>	Identifier for CPCH set info.
Dynamic persistence level	MP	1 to <maxmaxTFs>	Dynamic persistence level 10.3.6.23	Persistence level for transport format.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxTFss	Maximum number of TFs in a CPCH set
MaxCPCHsetcount	Maximum number of CPCH sets per Node B

### 10.3.6.11 CPCH set info

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This IE may be broadcast in the System Information message or assigned by SRNC. It is pseudo-static in a cell.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CPCH set ID	MP		CPCH set ID 10.3.5.4	Indicates the ID number for a particular CPCH set allocated to a cell.
TFS	MP		Transport Format Set 10.3.5.20	Transport Format Set Information allocated to this CPCH set.
AP preamble scrambling code	MP		Integer (0..255)	Preamble scrambling code for AP in UL
AP-AICH scrambling code	MP		Integer (0..255)	Scrambling code for AP-AICH in DL
AP-AICH channelisation code	MP		Integer(0..255)	Channelisation code for AP-AICH in DL
CD preamble scrambling code	MP		Integer (0..255)	Preamble scrambling code for CD in UL
CD/CA-ICH scrambling code	MP		Integer (0..255)	Scrambling code for CD/CA-ICH in DL
CD/CA-ICH channelisation code	MP		Integer (0..255)	Channelisation code for CD/CA-ICH in DL
Available CD access slot subchannel	CV-CDSigPresent	1 to <maxSubChNum>		Lists the set of subchannels to be used for CD access preambles. Note: if not present, all subchannels are to be used without access delays.
>CD access slot subchannel	MP		Enumerated (0..11)	
Available CD signatures	OP	1 to <maxSigNum>		Signatures for CD preamble in UL. Note: if not present, all signatures are available for use.
>CD signatures	MP		Enumerated (0..15)	
Slot Format	MP			Indicates slot format of PCPCH for this CPCH set
> PC Preamble Slot Format	MP		Enumerated (0, 1)	Slot format for optional power control preamble in UL
> UL DPCCH Slot Format	MP		Enumerated (0,1,2,3,4,5)	Slot format for UL DPCCH
>DL DPCCH Slot Format	MP		Enumerated (0, 1)	Slot format for DL DPCCH
N_start_message	MP		Integer (1..8)	Number of Frames for start of message indication
Channel Assignment Active	OP		Boolean	When present, indicates that Node B send a CA message and mapping rule shall be used.
CPCH status indication mode	MP		Enumerated (PCPCH availability, PCPCH availability and minimum available Spreading Factor)	Defines the status information type broadcast on the CPCH Status Indication Channel (CSICH)
PCPCH Channel Info.	MP	1 to <maxPCPCHs>		

> UL scrambling code	MP		Integer (0..255)	For PCPCH message part
> DL channelisation code	MP		Integer (0...511)	For DPCCH in PCPCH message part
> DL scrambling code	OP		Integer (0...255)	If not present, the primary DL scrambling code is used
> PCP length	MP		Enumerated (0 access slots, 8 access slots)	Indicates length of power control preamble, 0 access slots (no preamble used) or 8 access slots
> UCSM Info	CV-NCAA			
>> Available Minimum Spreading Factor	MP	1 to <maxSFNum>		The UE may use this CPCH at any equal to or greater than the indicated Spreading Factor for PCPCH message part. In UE channel selection mode, the Spreading Factor for initial access is the minimum Spreading Factor.
>>> Minimum Spreading Factor	MP		Enumerated (4,8,16,32,64,128,256)	
>> NF_max	MP		Integer (1...64)	Maximum number of frames for PCPCH message part
>> Channel request parameters for UCSM	OP	1 to <maxSigNum>		Required in UE channel selection mode.
>>>Available AP signature	MP	1 to <maxAPSigNum>		AP preamble signature codes for selection of this PCPCH channel.
>>>> AP signature	MP		Enumerated (0..15)	
>>>Available AP access slot subchannel	OP	1 to <maxSubChNum>		Lists the set of subchannels to be used for AP access pREAMbles in combination with the above AP signature. Note: if not present, all subchannels are to be used without access delays.
>>>> AP access slot subchannel	MP		Enumerated (0..11)	
VCAM info	CV-CAA			
> Available Minimum Spreading Factor	MP	1 to <maxSFNum>		
>> Minimum Spreading Factor	MP		Enumerated (4,8,16,32,64,128,256)	
>>NF_max	MP		Integer (1..64)	Maximum number of frames for PCPCH message part
>> Maximum available number of PCPCH	MP		Integer (1..64)	Maximum available number of PCPCH for the indicated Spreading Factor.
>> Available AP signatures	MP	1 to <maxAPSigNum>		Signatures for AP preamble in UL.
>>>> AP signature			Enumerated (0..15)	
>> Available AP sub-channel	OP	1 to <maxAPsubCH>		AP sub-channels for the given AP signature in UL. Note: if not present, all subchannels are to be used without access delays.
>>>> AP sub-channel	MP		Enumerated (0..11)	

Condition	Explanation
<i>CDSigPresent</i>	This IE may be included if IE "Available CD signatures" is present.
<i>NCAA</i>	This IE is included if IE "Channel Assignment Active" is not present
<i>CAA</i>	This IE is included if IE ""Channel Assignment Active" is present.

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxSubChNum</i>	Maximum number of available sub channels (max = 12 subchannels)
<i>MaxCDSigNum</i>	Maximum number of available signatures for CD (max = 16 signatures)
<i>MaxSFNum</i>	Maximum number of available SFs. In case of single code, max=7.
<i>MaxPCPCHs</i>	Maximum number of PCPCH channels in a CPCH Set.
<i>MaxAPSigNum</i>	Maximum number of available signatures for AP (max = 16 signatures)
<i>MaxAPsubCH</i>	Maximum number of available sub channels for AP signature (max=12 sub channels)

NOTE: Criteria for DL power control needs to be defined.

### 10.3.6.12 CPCH Status Indication mode

CPCH Status Indication mode can take 2 values: PCPCH Availability (PA) mode and PCPCH Availability with Minimum Available Spreading Factor (PAMASF) mode. PAMASF mode is used when Channel Assignment is active. PA mode is used when Channel Assignment is not active (UE Channel Selection is active). These two separate modes are described independently in the subclause that follows. TS25.211 defines the Status Indicators (SIs) of the CSICH channel which convey the CPCH status information described here. A CSICH may contain from 1 upto a maximum of 60 Status Indicators.

#### 10.3.6.12.1 PCPCH Availability (PA) mode

In PA mode, CPCH Status Indication conveys the PCPCH Channel Availability value which is a 1 to 16 bit value which indicates the availability of each of the 1 to 16 defined PCPCHs in the CPCH set. There is one bit of the PCPCH Channel Availability (PCA) value for each defined PCPCH channel. If there are 2 PCPCHs defined in the CPCH set, then there are 2 bits in the PCA value. And likewise for other numbers of defined PCPCH channels up to 16 maximum CPCH channels per set when UE Channel Selection is active.

The number of SIs (Status Indicators) per frame is a function of the number of defined PCPCH channels.

Number of defined PCPCHs	Number of SIs per frame
1, 2, 3	3
4,5	5
6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15	15
16	30

When the number of SIs per frame exceeds the number of defined PCPCHs, the SIs which exceed the number of PCPCHs shall be set to 0. Otherwise, the value of the SI shall indicate the PCA value for one of the defined PCPCHs, where PCA=1 indicates that the PCPCH is available, and PCA=0 indicates that the

PCPCH is not available. SI0 shall indicate the PCA of PCPCH1, SI1 shall indicate the PCA of PCPCH2, etc., for each defined PCPCH.

### 10.3.6.12.2 PCPCH Availability with Minimum Available Spreading Factor (PAMASF) mode

In PAMASF mode is similar to the PA mode with two differences:

1. The first three Status Indicators are used to convey the Minimum Available Spreading Factor (MASF) or maximum data rate which is available at that particular point in time.
2. The remaining SIs each convey a PCA value for one of the defined PCPCHs in the set, which may include upto 57 PCPCHs when Channel Assignment is active.

MASF is a 3 bit number with bits MASF0 through MASF2 where MASF0 is the MSB of the MASF value and MASF2 is the LSB of the MASF value. MASF value bits map to Status Indicators (SIs) as follows:

$$\text{MASF0} = \text{SI0}$$

$$\text{MASF1} = \text{SI1}$$

$$\text{MASF2} = \text{SI2}$$

The following table defines the SI indicator values to convey the Minimum Available Spreading Factor:

Minimum Available Spreading Factor (MASF)	SI0	SI1	SI2	Semantics description
N/A	0	0	0	No CPCH resources available.
256	0	0	1	Only 256 SF available.
128	0	1	0	Only 128 or greater SF available.
64	0	1	1	Only 64 or greater SF available.
32	1	0	0	Only 32 or greater SF available.
16	1	0	1	Only 16 or greater SF available.
08	1	1	0	Only 8 or greater SF available.
04	1	1	1	All SFs available.

The remaining SIs convey PCA values for the PCPCHs defined in the CPCH set, or they are unused and set to 0. The number of SIs (Status Indicators) per frame is a function of the number of defined PCPCH channels.

Number of defined PCPCHs	Number of SIs per frame
1, 2,	5
3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12	15
13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27	30
28....57	60

When the number of SIs > (# PCPCHs + 3), the SIs greater than or equal to (#PCPCHs + 3) shall be set to 0. Otherwise, the value of the SI shall indicate the PCA value for one of the defined PCPCHs, where PCA=1 indicates that the PCPCH is available, and PCA=0 indicates that the PCPCH is not available. SI3 shall indicate the PCA of PCPCH1, SI4 shall indicate the PCA of PCPCH2, etc., for each defined PCPCH.

### 10.3.6.13 Default DPCCH Offset Value

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Indicates the default offset value within interleaving size at a resolution of 512chip (1/5 slot) to offset CFN in the UE. This is used to distribute discontinuous transmission periods in time and also to distribute NodeB-RNC transmission traffics in time. Even though the CFN is offset by DOFF, the start timing of the interleaving will be the timing that "CFN mod (interleaving size)"=0 (e.g. interleaving size: 2,4,8) in both UE and SRNC.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Default DPCH Offset Value (DOFF)	MP		Integer (0..306688 by step of 512)	Number of chips=. 0 to 599 time 512 chips, see TS 25.402. At least 424 spare values needed Criticality: reject is needed

#### 10.3.6.14 Downlink DPCH info common for all RL

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Downlink DPCH power control information	OP		Downlink DPCH power control information 10.3.6.16	
Spreading factor	MP		Enumerated( 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512)	
Fixed or Flexible Position	MP		Enumerated (Fixed, Flexible)	
TFCI existence	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that TFCI exists
CHOICE SF				
> SF = 256				
>> Number of bits for Pilot bits			Integer (2,4,8)	In bits
> SF = 128				
>>Number of bits for Pilot bits			Integer(4,8)	In bits
> Otherwise				(no data)

CHOICE SF	Condition under which the given SF is chosen
SF=128	"Spreading factor" is set to 128
SF=256	"Spreading factor" is set to 256
Otherwise	"Spreading factor" is set to a value distinct from 128 and 256

## 10.3.6.15 Downlink DPCH info for each RL

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	MP		Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.45	
>>Secondary CPICH info	OP		Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.54	
>>DL channelisation code	MP	1 to <maxChan count>		SF of the channelisation code of the data part for each DPCH
>>>Secondary scrambling code	MD		Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.55	Default is the same scrambling code as for the Primary CPICH
>>>Code number	MP		Integer(0..max CodeNum)	
>>TPC combination index	MP		TPC combination index 10.3.6.62	
>>SSDT Cell Identity	OP		SSDT Cell Identity 10.3.6.56	
>>Closed loop timing adjustment mode	CH TxDiversity Mode		Enumerated(1 slot, 2 slot)	It is present if current TX Diversity Mode in UE is "closed loop mode 1" or "closed loop mode 2".
>TDD				
>>DL CCTrCh List	CV HO list length	1..<maxCC TrCHcount >		
>>>TFCS Identity	CV HO Needed			Identity of this CCTrCh.
>>>Individual Timeslot info list		1 to < max Timeslot count>		The first instance of the parameter Individual Timeslot Info corresponds to the timeslot that shall be used first by the physical layer, the second to the timeslot that shall be used second and so on.
>>>>Individual timeslot info	MP		Individual timeslot info 10.3.6.25	
>>>>Channelisation code list	MP	1 to <max Codes Count>		The first instance of the parameter Channelisation code corresponds to the first DPCH in that timeslot that shall be used first by the physical layer, the second to the DPCH in that timeslot that shall be used second and so on.
>>>>>Channelisation code	MP		Enumerated ( (16/1)...(16/16) )	

Condition	Explanation
<i>HO list length</i>	MaxCCTRCHcount is 8 in case of handover, otherwise it is equal to one.
<i>HO presence</i>	The element is only present in case of handover

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxChancount</i>	Maximum number of channelisation codes used for DL DPCH
<i>MaxCodeNum</i>	Maximum number of codes for one spreading factor (SF) is equal to SF-1.
<i>MaxTimeslotcount</i>	Maximum number of timeslots used for DPCHs = 14
<i>MaxCodesCount</i>	Maximum number of codes for one timeslots = 16
<i>MaxMidambleShift</i>	Maximum number of Midamble Shifts = 16

#### 10.3.6.16 Downlink DPCH power control information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>DPC Mode	MP		Enumerated (Single TPC, TPC triplet in soft)	"Single TPC" is DPC_Mode=0 and "TPC triplet in soft" is DPC_mode=1 in [TS 25.214]
> TDD				(no data)

#### 10.3.6.17 Downlink information common for all radio links

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	OP		Downlink DPCH info common for all RL 10.3.6.9.14	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Default DPCH Offset Value	MD		Default DPCH Offset Value, 10.3.6.13	Default value is 0
>>DPCH compressed mode info	MD		DPCH compressed mode info 10.3.6.22	Default value is the existing value of DPCH compressed mode information
>>TX Diversity Mode	MD		TX Diversity Mode 10.3.6.63	Default value is the existing value of TX Diversity mode
>>SSDT information	OP		SSDT information 10.3.6.57	
>TDD				
>>Uplink Timing Advance	OP		Uplink Timing Advance 10.3.6.69	

### 10.3.6.18 Downlink information for each radio link

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Choice mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH info			Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>>PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	OP		PDSCH with SHO DCH Info 10.3.6.32	
>>PDSCH code mapping	OP		PDSCH code mapping 10.3.6.29	
>TDD				
>>Primary CCPCH info			Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	OP		Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.15	Note 1
Secondary CCPCH info	OP		Secondary CCPCH info 10.3.6.52	
References to system information blocks	OP	1 to <MaxSysInfoBlockFA CHCount>		Note 1
>Scheduling information	MP		Scheduling information 10.3.8.11	Note 1

NOTE 1: This IE shall not be set in case of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSysInfoBlockFACHCount	Maximum number of references to system information blocks on the FACH

### 10.3.6.19 Downlink information for each radio link short

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Choice mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH info			Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	OP		Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.15	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSysInfoBlockFACHCount	Maximum number of references to system information blocks on the FACH

### 10.3.6.20 Downlink Outer Loop Control

This information element indicates whether the UE is allowed or not to increase its downlink SIR target value above the current value.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DL Outer loop control	MP		Enumerated( Increase allowed, Increase not allowed)	

### 10.3.6.21 Downlink PDSCH information

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
>>PDSCH with SHO DCH Info	OP		PDSCH with SHO DCH Info 10.3.6.32	
>>PDSCH code mapping	OP		PDSCH code mapping 10.3.6.29	

### 10.3.6.22 DPCH compressed mode info

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This information element indicates the parameters of the downlink compressed mode to be used by the UE in order to perform inter-frequency measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TGL	MP		Integer(1..15 )	Transmission Gap length expressed in number of slots
CFN	MP		Integer(0..25 5)	Connection Frame Number when the first compressed frame starts
SN	MP		Integer(0..14 )	Slot number when the transmission gap starts (within the CFN)
TGP1	MP		Integer(1..25 6)	The period of repetition of a set of consecutive frames containing up to 2 transmission gaps, for even gaps.
TGP2	MD		Integer(1..25 6)	For odd gaps. Default value is the value of TGP1
TGD	MP		Integer(0..35 )	Transmission gap distance indicates the number of frames between two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap period. If there is only one transmission gap in the transmission gap period, this parameter shall be set to zero.
PD	MP		Enumerated(1..35, Infinity)	The pattern duration is the total time of the compressed mode pattern (all consecutive TGP) expressed in number of frames.
PCM	MP		Enumerated(mode 0, mode 1).	Power control mode during the frame after the compressed frame. Indicates whether normal PC mode or compressed PC mode is applied
PRM	MP		Enumerated(mode 0, mode 1).	Power resume mode is the uplink power control algorithm to be used to compute the initial transmit power after the compressed mode gap.
UL/DL mode	MP		Enumerated(DL only, UL/DL)	Defines whether only DL or combined UL/DL compressed mode is used.
Compressed mode method	MP		Enumerated(puncturing, SF/2, upper layer scheduling, none)	Method for generating compressed mode gap None means that compressed mode pattern is stopped
Scrambling code change	CV SF/2		Enumerated(code change, no code change)	Indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used for compressed mode method 'SF/2'.
Downlink frame type	MP		Enumerated(A, B)	

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DeltaSIR	MP		Real(0..7.5 by step of 0.5)	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE during the compressed frames
DeltaSIRafter	MP		Real(0..7.5 by step of 0.5)	Delta in DL SIR target value to be set in the UE one frame after the compressed frames.

Condition	Explanation
SF/2	The information element is mandatory if the value of the "Compressed mode method" IE is "SF/2", otherwise the IE is not needed.

#### 10.3.6.23 Dynamic persistence level

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Dynamic persistence level	MP		Integer(1..8)	Level shall be mapped to a dynamic persistence value in the range 0 .. 1.

#### 10.3.6.24 Frequency info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>UARFCN uplink (Nu)	MP		Integer(0..16383)	[25.101]
>>UARFCN downlink (Nd)	OP		Integer(0 .. 16383)	[25.101] If IE not present, default duplex distance of 190 MHz shall be used.
>TDD				
>>UARFCN (Nt)	MP		Integer(0 .. 16383)	[25.102]

#### 10.3.6.25 Individual timeslot info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Timeslot number	MP		Integer(0..14 )	Timeslot within a frame
TFCI existence	CH		Boolean	TRUE indicates that the TFCI exists. It shall be coded in the first physical channel of this timeslot.
Burst Type	MD		Enumerated( Type1, Type2)	Short or long midamble for this timeslot. Default value is "Type1".
Midamble Shift	MD		Integer(0..15 )	Default value is the midamble shift selected by layer 1.

### 10.3.6.26 Individual Timeslot interference

Parameters used by the UE for uplink open loop power control in TDD.

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Timeslot number	MP		Integer(0..14 )	
UL Timeslot Interference	MP		ULInterference 10.3.6.64	

### 10.3.6.27 Maximum allowed UL TX power

This information element indicates the maximum allowed uplink transmit power.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Maximum allowed UL TX power	MP		Integer(-50..33)	In dBm At least 44 spare values are needed Criticality: reject is needed

### 10.3.6.28 Midamble configuration

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Midamble burst type 1	MD		Enumerate d(4, 8, 16)	Maximum number of midamble shifts for bursttype 1. Default value is 8.
Midamble burst type 2	MD		Enumerate d(3, 6)	Maximum number of midamble shifts for bursttype 2. Default value is 3.

Default value is all the subfields set to their default value.

### 10.3.6.29 PDSCH code mapping

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This IE indicates the association between each possible value of TFCI(field 2) and the corresponding PDSCH channelisation code(s). There are three fundamentally different ways that the UTRAN must choose between in order to signal the mapping information, these are described below. The signalling capacity consumed by the different methods will vary depending on the way in which the UTRAN configures usage of the DSCH. A fourth option is also provided which allows the UTRAN to replace individual entries in the TFCI(field 2) to PDSCH code mapping table with new PDSCH code values.

There are four different signalling methods defined. The signalling method shall be selected by the UTRAN.

Method #1 - Using code range

The mapping is described in terms of a number of groups, each group associated with a given spreading factor. The UE maps TFCI(field2) values to PDSCH codes in the following way. The PDSCH code used for TFCI(field 2) = 0, is given by the SF and code number = 'PDSCH code start' of Group = 1. The PDSCH code used for TFCI( field 2) = 1, is given by the SF and code number = 'PDSCH code start' + 1. This continues, with unit increments in the value of TFCI(field 2) mapping to unit increments in code number up until the point that code number = 'PDSCH code stop'. The process continues in the same way for the next group with the TFCI(field 2) value used by the UE when constructing its mapping table starting at the largest value reached in the previous group plus one. In the event that 'PDSCH code start' = 'PDSCH code stop' (as may occur when mapping the PDSCH root code to a TFCI (field 2) value) then this is to be

interpreted as defining the mapping between the channelisation code and a single TFCI (i.e., TFCI(field 2) should not be incremented twice).

Note that each value of TFCI (field 2) is associated with a given 'code number' and when the 'multi-code info' parameter is greater than 1, then each value of TFCI (field 2) actually maps to a set of PDSCH codes. In this case contiguous codes are assigned, starting at the channelisation code denoted by the 'code number' parameter and including all codes with code numbers up to and including 'code number' - 1 + the value given in the parameter 'multi-code info'.

#### Method #2 - Using TFCI range

The mapping is described in terms of a number of groups, each group corresponding to a given PDSCH channelisation code. The PDSCH code specified in the first group applies for all values of TFCI(field 2) between 0 and the specified 'Max TFCI(field2)'. The PDSCH code specified in the second group applies for all values of TFCI(field 2) between the 'Max TFCI(field2)' value specified in the last group plus one and the specified 'Max TFCI(field2)' in the second group. The process continues in the same way for the following groups with the TFCI(field 2) value starting at the largest value reached in the previous group plus one.

#### Method #3 - Explicit

The mapping between TFCI(field 2) value and PDSCH channelisation code is spelt out explicitly for each value of TFCI (field2)

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DL Scrambling Code	MD		Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.55	Scrambling code on which PDSCH is transmitted. Default is the same scrambling code as for the Primary CPICH
Choice signalling method	MP			
>code range				
>>PDSCH code mapping	MP	1 to <MaxNoCodeGroups>		
>>>Spreading factor	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: reject is needed
>>>multi-code info	MP		Integer(1..16)	This parameter indicates the number of PDSCH transmitted to the UE. The PDSCH codes all have the same SF as denoted by the 'Spreading factor' parameter. Contiguous codes are assigned, starting at the channelisation code denoted by the spreading factor and code number parameter and including all codes, with code numbers up to and including 'code number' - 1 + 'multi-code info'. Note that 'code number'-1+'multi-code info' will not be allowed to exceed 'maxCodeNumComp'
>>Code number (for PDSCH code start)	MP		Integer(0..maxCodeNumComp-1)	
>>Code number (for PDSCH code stop)	MP		Integer(0..maxCodeNumComp-1)	
>TFCI range				
>>DSCH mapping	MP	1 to <MaxNoTFCIGroups>		
>>>Max TFCI(field2) value	MP		Integer(1..1023)	This is the maximum value in the range of TFCI(field 2)

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
				values for which the specified PDSCH code applies
>>>Spreading factor (for PDSCH code)	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: reject is needed
>>>Code number (for PDSCH code)	MP		Integer(0..maxCodeNumComp-1)	
>>>multi-code info	MP		Integer(1..16)	Semantics as described for this parameter above
>Explicit				
>>PDSCH code info	MP	1 to <MaxTFCI_2_Combs>		The first instance of the parameter <i>PDSCH code</i> corresponds to TFCI (field2) = 0, the second to TFCI(field 2) = 1 and so on.
>>>Spreading factor (for PDSCH code)	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: reject is needed
>>>Code number (for PDSCH code)	MP		Integer(0..maxCodeNumComp-1)	
>>>multi-code info	MP		Integer(1..16)	Semantics as described for this parameter above
>Replace				This choice is made if the PDSCH code(s) associated with a given value of TFCI(field 2) is to be replaced.
>>Replaced PDSCH code	MP	1 to <MaxReplaceCount>		Identity of the PDSCH code(s) to be used for the specified value of TFCI(field 2). These code identity(s) replace any that had been specified before
>>>TFCI (field 2)	MP		Integer(0..1023)	Value of TFCI(field 2) for which PDSCH code mapping will be changed
>>>Spreading factor (for PDSCH code)	MP		Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	
>>>Code number (for PDSCH code)	MP		Integer(0..maxCodeNumComp-1)	
>>>multi-code info	MP		Integer(1..16)	Semantics as described for this parameter above

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxCodeNumComp	Maximum number of codes at the defined spreading factor, within the complete code tree.
MaxTFCI_2_Combs	Maximum number of TFCI (field 2) combinations (given by 2 raised to the power of the length of the TFCI field 2)
MaxNoTFCIGroups	Maximum number of groups, each group described in terms of a range of TFCI(field 2) values for which a single PDSCH code applies.
MaxNoCodeGroups	Maximum number of groups, each group described in terms of a range of PDSCH channelisation code values for which a single spreading factor applies.
MaxReplaceCount	Maximum number of entries in the TFCI(field 2) to PDSCH code mapping table to be replaced

### 10.3.6.30 PDSCH info

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFCS Identity	MD		Transport format combination set Identity 10.3.5.18	TFCS to be used. Default value is 1.
Time info	MP		Time info 10.3.6.61	
Common timeslot info	CH		Common timeslot info 10.3.6.8	Common timeslot info is needed if Common timeslot info needs to be updated.
Timeslot List	CH	1 to <maxTime slotCount>		Timeslot List is needed if Timeslot List needs to be updated.
>Individual timeslot info	MP		Individual timeslot info 10.3.6.25	The first instance of the parameter Individual Timeslot Info corresponds to the timeslot that shall be used first by the physical layer, the second to the timeslot that shall be used second and so on.
>Channelisation Code	MP		Enumerated( (16/1)..(16/16))	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxTimeslotcount</i>	Maximum number of timeslots used for PDSCHs = 14

### 10.3.6.31 PDSCH system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PDSCH information	MP	1 .. <maxPDS CHcount>		
>PDSCH info	MP		PDSCH info 10.3.6.30	
>DSCH TFS	OP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxPDSCHcount</i>	Maximum number of PDSCHs

### 10.3.6.32 PDSCH with SHO DCH Info

NOTE: Only for FDD

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DSCH radio link identifier	MP		Integer(0..511)	This parameter indicates on which radio link the user will be allocated resource on the DSCH. The CPICH scrambling code will be used for this purpose.
TFCI Combining set	OP			This is used to indicate which of the downlink TFCI(field 2) transmissions made on the DPCCCs within the active set should be soft combined on the physical layer. This parameter may only be sent if there is a 'hard' split of the TFCI field and in this case the sending of the parameter is optional.
Radio link identifier	OP	1 to <MaxCombineSet>		
>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	The CPICH scrambling code is used for this purpose

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxCombineSet	Maximum number of radio links in the DCH active set transmitted from BS's under the CRNC from which the DSCH is being scheduled

### 10.3.6.33 Persistence scaling factors

This IE defines scaling factors associated with ASC 2 – ASC 7 (multiplicity corresponds to the number of PRACH partitions minus 2) to be applied to the dynamic persistence value. This IE shall not be present in system information if only ASC 0 and ASC 1 are defined. If it is not present for ASC >1, default persistence scaling factor 1 shall be used (see Sec. 8.5.x2).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Access Service Class		1 to 6		
> Persistence scaling factor	MP		Enumerated(0.9, 0.8, 0.7, 0.6, 0.5, 0.4, 0.3, 0.2)	Scaling factors in the range 0,...,1

### 10.3.6.34 PICH Info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Secondary scrambling code	MD		Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.55	Default is the same scrambling code as for the Primary CPICH
>>Channelisation code	MP		Integer(0..255)	SF is fixed and equal to 256
>>Number of PI per frame	MP		Enumerated (18, 36 72 144)	
>>STTD indicator	MP		STTD Indicator 10.3.6.58	
>TDD				
>>Channelisation code	MD		Enumerated ((16/1)...(16/16))	Default value is the channelisation code used by the SCCPCH carrying the associated PCH.
>>Timeslot	MD		Integer(0...14)	Default value is the timeslot used by the SCCPCH carrying the associated PCH.
>>Burst type	MP		Enumerated (Typ1,Typ2)	
>>Midamble shift	MD		Integer (0...maxMidambleShift - 1)	Default value is the midamble shift used by the SCCPCH carrying the associated PCH.
>>Repetition period/length	MD		Enumerated( (4/2),(8/2), (8/4),(16/2), (16/4), (32/2),(32/4), (64/2),(64/4) )	Default value is "(64/2)".
>>Offset	MP		Integer (0...Repetition period - 1)	SFN mod Repetitionperiod = Offset.
>>Paging indicator length	MD		Integer (2, 4, 8)	Indicates the length of one paging indicator in symbols.. Default value is 2.
>>N <sub>GAP</sub>	MD		Integer(2, 4, 8)	Number of frames between the last frame carrying PICH for this Paging Occasion and the first frame carrying paging messages for this Paging Occasion. Default value is 4.
>>N <sub>PCH</sub>	MD		Integer(1 .. 8)	Number of paging groups. Default value is 2.

### 10.3.6.35 PICH Power offset

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This is the power transmitted on the PICH minus power of the Primary CPICH.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PICH Power offset	MP		Enumerated(-10 .. +5)	Offset in dB, granularity 1 dB

### 10.3.6.36 PRACH info (for RACH)

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Available Signature	MP	1 to <maxSigNum>		
>>Signature	MP		Enumerated (0,1,2,...,15)	
>>Available SF	MP		Enumerated (32,64,128,256)	In chips per symbol Defines the smallest permitted SF (i.e. the maximum rate)
>>Scrambling code number	MP		Integer (0 .. 15)	Identification of scrambling code see TS 25.213
>>Puncturing Limit	MP		Real(0.40..1.00 by step of 0.04)	
>>Available Sub Channel number	MP	1 to <maxSubChNum>		
>>Sub Channel number	MP		Enumerated (0..11)	
>TDD				
>>Timeslot	MP		Integer (0...14)	
>>Channelisation code	MP		Enumerated ((8/1)...(8/8), (16/1)...(16/16))	1:1 mapping between spreading code and midamble shift
>>PRACH Midamble	OP		Enumerated (Direct, Direct/Inverted)	Direct or inverted midamble

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSubChNum	Maximum number of available sub channels = 12
MaxSigNum	Maximum number of available signatures = 16

### 10.3.6.37 PRACH partitioning

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Access Service class	MP	1 to 8		
>Available signature Start Index	MP		Integer(0..15)	
>Available signature End Index	MP		Integer(0..15)	
>Available sub-channel Start Index	MP		Integer(0..11)	
>Available sub-channel End Index	MP		Integer(0..11)	

The list of available signatures is renumbered from signature index 0 to signature index N-1, where N is the number of available signatures, starting with the lowest available signature number and continuing in sequence, in the order of increasing signature numbers.

- List of available signatures : 16 or less signatures are available.

- Ex : only signatures 0, 5, 10 and 15 are available, then :
- Signature 0 is : available signature index 0
- Signature 5 is : available signature index 1
- Signature 10 is : available signature index 2
- Signature 15 is : available signature index 3

The list of available access-slot sub-channels is renumbered from access-slot sub-channel index 0 to access-slot sub-channel index M-1, where M is the number of available access-slot sub-channels, starting with the lowest available access-slot sub-channel number and continuing in sequence, in the order of increasing access-slot sub-channel numbers.

- List of available Access Slot channels : 12 or less sub-channels are available.
- Ex : only sub-channels 0,1; 4,5; 8,9 are present, then :
- Sub-channel 0 is : available sub-channel index 0
- Sub-channel 1 is : available sub-channel index 1
- Sub-channel 4 is : available sub-channel index 2
- Sub-channel 5 is : available sub-channel index 3
- Sub-channel 8 is : available sub-channel index 4
- Sub-channel 9 is : available sub-channel index 5

One ASC has access to all the access-slot sub-channels between the Available sub-channel Start Index and the Available sub-channel End Index, and to all the signatures between the Available signature Start Index and the Available signature End Index.

NOTE: The above text may eventually be moved to a more appropriate location.

#### 10.3.6.38 PRACH power offset

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Power offset P0	MP		Enumerated (1..8)	Power step when no acquisition indicator is received in dB
Preamble Retrans Max	MP		Integer (1..64)	Maximum number of preambles in one preamble ramping cycle

### 10.3.6.39 PRACH system information

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PRACH system information	MP	1 .. <maxPRA CHcount>		
>PRACH info	MP		PRACH info (for RACH) 10.3.6.36	
>RACH TFS	MP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	
>RACH TFCS	MP		Transport Format Combination Set 10.3.5.17	
>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>FDD				
>>>PRACH partitioning	MP		PRACH partitioning 10.3.3.37	
>>>Persistence scaling factors	OP		Persistence scaling factors 10.3.6.33	
>>>AC-to-ASC mapping	OP		AC-to-ASC mapping 10.3.6.1	Only present in SIB 5
>>>Primary CPICH TX power	MP		Primary CPICH TX power 10.3.6.42	
>>>Constant value	MP		Constant value 10.3.6.9	
>>>PRACH power offset	MP		PRACH power offset 10.3.6.38	
>>>RACH transmission parameters	MP		RACH transmission parameters 10.3.6.49	
>>>AICH info	MP		AICH info 10.3.6.2	
>>TDD				
>>>ASC info	OP		ASC info 10.3.6.5	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxPRACHcount	Maximum number of PRACHs

### 10.3.6.40 Predefined PhyCH configuration

This information element concerns a pre-defined configuration of physical channel parameters.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Uplink radio resources				
Uplink DPCH info	MP		Uplink DPCH info 10.3.6.65	
>Uplink DPCH power control info	MP		Uplink DPCH power control info 10.3.6.67	
>>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>>FDD				
>>>>Maximum allowed UL DPCH TX power	CV		Maximum allowed UL DPCH TX power 10.3.6.27	
>>>>PC Preamble	CV		Enumerated(0,8)	
>>>>TFCI existence	MP		Boolean	TRUE means existence
>>>>Puncturing Limit	MP		Real(0.40 ..1 by step of 0.04)	
Downlink radio resources				
Downlink information common for all radio links				
>Downlink DPCH info common for all RL	OP		Downlink DPCH info common for all RL 10.3.6.14	
>Downlink DPCH power control information	OP		Downlink DPCH power control information 10.3.6.16	
>Spreading factor			Enumerated(4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	
>Fixed or Flexible Position	MP		Enumerated(Fixed, Flexible)	
>TFCI existence	MP		Boolean	TRUE means existence
>Number of bits for Pilot bits	OP		Enumerated(2,4,8)	In bits
>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>FDD				
>>>Default DPCH Offset Value	OP		Default DPCH Offset Value 10.3.6.13	

#### 10.3.6.41 Primary CCPCH info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>TX Diversity indicator	MD		Boolean	Default value is "TRUE"
>TDD				
>>Timeslot	CV		Integer (0...7)	PCCPCH timeslot Timeslot is needed if Message Type is System Information otherwise it is absent
>>Cell parameters ID	CV		Integer (0...127)	For the cell parameter table Cell parameters ID is absent in SIB5 and SIB6
>>Sync case	CV		Enumerated (1, 2)	Case 1,2 Sync case is absent in SIB5 and SIB6
>>Repetition period	MD		Integer (1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64)	Repetition period of the PCCPCH. Value 1 indicates continuous allocation. Default value is 1
>>Repetition length	MP		Integer (1...Repetition period - 1)	Length of the allocation for each repetition. Note that this is empty if Repetition Period is set to 1
>>Offset	MP		Integer (0...Repetition period-1)	SFN modulo Repetition period = offset. Note that this is empty if Repetition Period is set to 1
>>Block STTD indicator	MD		Block STTD indicator 10.3.6.6	Default value is "TRUE"

#### 10.3.6.42 Primary CCPCH TX Power

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Primary CCPCH Tx Power	MP		Enumerated(6..43)	In dBm and 1 dB granularity

#### 10.3.6.43 Primary CPICH info

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Primary scrambling code	MP		Enumerated(0..511)	

#### 10.3.6.44 Primary CPICH Tx power

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Primary CPICH Tx Power	MP		Enumerated(-10..50)	In dBm and 1 dB granularity At least 3 spare values are needed for future extensions with criticality reject

#### 10.3.6.45 Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	MP		Enumerated(Primary CPICH may be used, Primary CPICH shall not be used)	

#### 10.3.6.46 PUSCH info

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE PUSCH allocation	MP			
>PUSCH allocation pending			Null	
>PUSCH allocation assignment				
>>PUSCH power control info	OP		PUSCH power control info 10.3.6.47	
>>Time info	MP		Time info 10.3.6.61	
>>Common timeslot info	CH		Common timeslot info 10.3.6.8	Common timeslot info is needed if Common timeslot info needs to be updated.
>>Timeslot List	CH	1 to <maxTime slotCount>		Timeslot List is needed if Timeslot List needs to be updated.
>>>Individual timeslot info	MP		Individual timeslot info 10.3.6.25	The first instance of the parameter Individual Timeslot Info corresponds to the timeslot that shall be used first by the physical layer, the second to the timeslot that shall be used second and so on.
>>>Channelisation Code	MP		Enumerated((1/1),(2/1),(2/2),(4/1)..(4/4),(8/1)..(8/8),(16/1)..(16/16))	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxTimeslotcount	Maximum number of timeslots used for PUSCHs = 14

### 10.3.6.47 PUSCH power control info

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Interference level measured for a frequency at the UTRAN access point used by UE to set PUSCH output power.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UL target SIR	MP		Real (-11 .. 20 by step of 0,5)	in dB

### 10.3.6.48 PUSCH system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PUSCH information	MP	1 .. <maxPUSCHcount>		
>PUSCH info	MP		PUSCH info 10.3.6.46	
>USCH TFS	OP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxPUSCHcount</i>	Maximum number of PUSCHs

### 10.3.6.49 RACH transmission parameters

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Mmax	MP		Integer(1..32)	Maximum number of preamble cycles
NB01min	MP			Sets lower bound for random back-off
NB01max	MP			Sets upper bound for random back-off

### 10.3.6.50 Radio link addition information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
Downlink DPCH info for each RL	MP		Downlink DPCH info for each RL 10.3.6.15	
TFCI combining indicator	OP		TFCI combining indicator 10.3.6.60	
Secondary CCPCH info	OP		Secondary CCPCH info 10.3.6.52	Note 1
References to system information blocks	OP	1 to <MaxSysInfoBlockFA CHCount>		Note 1
>Scheduling information	MP		Scheduling information 10.3.8.11	Note 1

NOTE 1: The Secondary CCPCH info and the references to SIB are present when the UE needs to listen to system information on FACH.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxSysInfoBlockFACHCount	Maximum number of references to system information blocks on the FACH

### 10.3.6.51 Radio link removal information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	

## 10.3.6.52 Secondary CCPCH info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Selection Indicator	CV		Enumerated (On, Off)	Needed if send on BCCH.
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation	MP		Primary CPICH usage for channel estimation 10.3.6.45	
>>Secondary CPICH info	OP		Secondary CPICH info 10.3.6.54	
>>Secondary scrambling code	MD		Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.55	Default is the same scrambling code as for the Primary CPICH
>>STTD indicator	MD		STTD Indicator 10.3.6.58	Default value is "TRUE"
>>Spreading factor	MP		Enumerated( 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	
>>Code number	MP		Integer(0..Sp reading factor - 1)	
>>Pilot symbol existence	MD		Boolean	TRUE means the existence. Default value is "TRUE"
>>TFCI existence	MD		Boolean	TRUE means the existence. Default value is "TRUE"
>>Fixed or Flexible Position	MD		Enumerated (Fixed, Flexible)	Default value is "Flexible"
>>Timing Offset	MD		Enumerated( 0..38144 by step of 256)	Chip Delay of the Secondary CCPCH relative to the Primary CCPCH. Default value is 0.
>TDD				
>>Offset	MD		Integer (0...Repetition Period -1)	SFN modulo Repetition period = offset. Repetition period is the one indicated in the accompanying Common timeslot info IE
>>Common timeslot info	CH		Common timeslot info 10.3.6.8	Common timeslot info is needed if Common timeslot info needs to be updated.
>>Individual timeslot info	MP		Individual timeslot info 10.3.6.25	
>>Channelisation Code	MP		Enumerated( (16/1)..(16/16))	

### 10.3.6.53 Secondary CCPCH system information

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Secondary CCPCH system information	MP	1 to <maxSCC PCHcount>		
>Secondary CCPCH info	MP		Secondary CCPCH info 10.3.6.52	Note 1
>TFCS	MP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	For FACHs and PCH
>FACH/PCH information	MP	1 to <maxFACHcount>		
>>TFS	MP		Transport format set 10.3.5.20	For each FACHs and PCH Note 2
>>CTCH indicator	MP		Boolean	The value "TRUE" indicates that a CTCH is mapped on the FACH, and "FALSE" that no CTCH is mapped.
>PICH info	CV		PICH info 10.3.6.34	PICH info is present only when PCH is multiplexed on Secondary CCPCH

NOTE 1: The secondary CCPCH carrying the PCH shall be the first Secondary CCPCH information in the list.

NOTE 2: TFS for PCH shall be the first FACH/PCH information in the list if PCH exists.

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxSCCPCHcount	Maximum number of secondary CCPCHs
MaxFACHcount	Maximum number of FACH and PCHs mapped onto secondary CCPCHs

### 10.3.6.54 Secondary CPICH info

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Secondary scrambling code	MD		Secondary scrambling code 10.3.6.55	Default is the same scrambling code as for the Primary CPICH
Channelisation code	MP		Enumerated(0..255)	

### 10.3.6.55 Secondary scrambling code

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Secondary scrambling code	MP		Enumerated(1..15)	At least 1 spare value needed Criticality: reject is needed

### 10.3.6.56 SSDT cell identity

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This IE is used to associate a cell identity with a given radio link.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SSDT cell id	MP		Enumerated (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h)	

#### 10.3.6.57 SSDT information

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This information element indicates the status (e.g. initiated/terminated) of the Site Selection.

Diversity Transmit power control (SSDT). It is used to change the SSDT status. The parameter 'code word set' indicates how cell identities are coded (using many bits or few, values are long, medium, or short).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
S field	MP		Enumerated (1, 2)	in bits
Code Word Set	MP		Enumerated (long, medium, short, SSDT off)	

NOTE: These parameters shall be set optionally associated with DL DPCH info but not for each RL.

#### 10.3.6.58 STTD indicator

Indicates whether STTD is used or not.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
STTD Indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE means that STTD is used

#### 10.3.6.59 TFC Control duration

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFC Control duration	MP		Enumerated (1, 16, 24, 32, 48, 64, 128, 192, 256, 512)	Defines the period in multiples of 10 ms frames for which the defined TFC sub-set is to be applied. At least 8 spare values for future extensions with criticality reject are needed.

#### 10.3.6.60 TFCI Combining Indicator

NOTE: Only for FDD.

This IE indicates whether the TFCI (field 2) which will be transmitted on the DPCCH of a newly added radio link should be soft combined with the others in the TFCI (field 2) combining set. This IE can only be sent when the UE is in CELL\_DCH state with a DSCH transport channel assigned and when there is a 'hard' split in the TFCI field (such that TFCI1 and TFCI2 have their own separate block coding).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFCI combining indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE means that TFCI is combined

#### 10.3.6.61 Time info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Activation time	MD		Activation time 10.3.3.1	Frame number start of the physical channel existence. Default value is "Now"
Duration	MD		Integer(1..4096)	Total number of frames the physical channel will exist. Default value is "infinite".

#### 10.3.6.62 TPC combination index

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TPC combination index	MP		Enumerated d(0..5)	Radio links with the same index have TPC bits, which for the UE are known to be the same.

#### 10.3.6.63 TX Diversity Mode

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Mode	MP		Enumerated (none, STTD, closed loop mode1, closed loop mode2)	

#### 10.3.6.64 UL interference

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UL interference	MP		Enumerated (-110..-70)	In dBm and 1 dB step At least 23 spare values with criticality reject are needed

NOTE: In TDD, this IE is a timeslot specific value.

## 10.3.6.65 Uplink DPCH info

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Uplink DPCH power control info	OP		Uplink DPCH power control info 10.3.6.67	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Scrambling code type	MP		Enumerated( short, long)	
>>Scrambling code number			Integer(0..77 7215 by step of 16)	
>>Number of DPDCH	CV-Single	1 to <maxDPDCHcount>		maxDPDCH is 1 in HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND
>>>DPDCH channelisation code	MP		Enumerated( 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	SF of the channelisation code for data part
>>TFCI existence	MD		Boolean	TRUE means existence. Default value is "TRUE"
>>Number of FBI bits	CH		Integer (1, 2)	In bits. Number of FBI bits is needed if SSDT or FB Mode Transmit Signalling is supported.
>>Puncturing Limit	MP		Real(0.40 ..1 by step of 0.04)	
>TDD				
>>UL CCTrCH List	CH	1 to <maxULCCTrCHcount>		maxULCCTrCHcount is 1 if not in TDD - TDD handover procedure.
>>>TFCS Identity	MD			Default value is 1.
>>>Time info	MP		Time info 10.3.6.61	
>>>Common timeslot info	CH		Common timeslot info 10.3.6.8	Common timeslot info is needed if Common timeslot info needs to be updated.
>>>Timeslot List	CH	1 to < max Timeslot count>		Timeslot List is needed if Timeslot List needs to be updated.
>>>>Individual timeslot info	MP		Individual timeslot info 10.3.6.25	The first instance of the parameter Individual Timeslot Info corresponds to the timeslot that shall be used first by the physical layer, the second to the timeslot that shall be used second and so on.
>>>>Channelisation Code	MP		Enumerated( (1/1),(2/1),(2/2),(4/1)..(4/4),(8/1)..(8/8),(16/1)..(16/16))	

Condition	Explanation
Single	This IE is included if IE "Number of DPDCH" is "1"

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxDPDCHcount</i>	Maximum number of DPDCHs
<i>MaxTimeslotcount</i>	Maximum number of timeslots used for DPCHs
<i>MaxULCCTrCHcount</i>	Maximum number of CCTrCHs configured by the message = 8

### 10.3.6.66 Uplink DPCH info Short

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Uplink DPCH power control info	MP		Uplink DPCH power control info Short 10.3.6.68	
<i>CHOICE mode</i>	MP			
>FDD				
>>Scrambling code type	MP		Enumerated( short, long)	
>>Reduced scrambling code number			Integer(0..81 91)	Sub-range of values for initial use upon handover to UTRAN.
>>DPDCH channelisation code	MP		Enumerated( 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256)	SF of the channelisation code for data part There is only one DPDCH for this case
>>Number of FBI bits	CH		Integer (1, 2)	In bits. Number of FBI bits is needed if SSDT or FB Mode Transmit Signalling is supported.
>TDD				(no data)

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxDPDCHcount</i>	Maximum number of DPDCHs

### 10.3.6.67 Uplink DPCH power control info

Parameters used by UE to set DPCH initial output power and to use for closed-loop power control in FDD and parameters for uplink open loop power control in TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>DPCCH Power offset	MP		Enumerated(-164,...-6 by step of 2)	In dB
>>PC Preamble	CV		Enumerated(0, 8)	PC Preamble is absent in HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND. Otherwise it is present. Number of power control preamble slots
>>Power Control Algorithm	MP		Enumerated(algorithm 1, algorithm 2)	Specifies algorithm to be used by UE to interpret TPC commands
>>TPC step size	CV algo		Enumerated(1, 2)	In dB
>TDD				
>>Maximum allowed UL DPCH TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	Default value is according to power class (25.102).
>>UL target SIR	MP		Real (-11 .. 20 by step of 0.5dB)	In dB
>>Individual timeslot interference info	CH HO case	1 to...<TS Count>		
>>> Individual timeslot interference	MP		Individual timeslot interference 10.3.6.26	
>>DPCH Constant Value	CH HO case		Constant Value 10.3.6.9	Quality Margin

Condition	Explanation
algo	The IE is mandatory if "Power Control Algorithm" is set to "algorithm 1", otherwise the IE is not needed
HO case	This IE shall be present in the case of handover

Multi Bound	Explanation
TS Count	Number of uplink timeslots used for this dedicated CCTrCH

### 10.3.6.68 Uplink DPCH power control info Short

Parameters used by UE to set DPCH initial output power and to use for closed-loop power control.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>DPCCH Power offset	MP		Enumerated(-164..-6 by step of 2)	In dB
>>PC Preamble	CV		Enumerated(0, 8)	PC Preamble is absent in HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND. Otherwise it is present. Number of power control preamble slots
>>Power Control Algorithm	MP		Enumerated(algorithm 1, algorithm 2)	Specifies algorithm to be used by UE to interpret TPC commands
>>TPC step size	CV algo		Enumerated(1dB, 2dB)	
>TDD				(no data)

Condition	Explanation
algo	The IE is mandatory if "Power Control Algorithm" is set to "algorithm 1", otherwise the IE is not needed

### 10.3.6.69 Uplink Timing Advance

NOTE: Only for TDD.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UL Timing Advance	MP		Integer(0..63)	Absolute timing advance value to be used to avoid large delay spread at the NodeB

### 10.3.7 Measurement Information elements

#### 10.3.7.1 Additional measurements list

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Additional measurements	MP	1 to <MaxAdditionalMeas>		
>Additional measurement identity	MP		Measurement identity number 10.3.73	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxAdditionalMeas	Maximum number of additional measurements for a given measurement identity

#### 10.3.7.2 Cell info

Includes non-frequency related cell info used in the IE "inter-frequency cell info list" and "intra frequency cell info list".

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Cell individual offset	MD		Real(-10..10 by step of 0.5)	In dB Default value is 0 dB
Reference time difference to cell	OP		Integer (-153088 ..153088 by step of 512)	In chips.
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH info	OP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	Not required if measuring RSSI only
>>Primary CPICH Tx power	OP		Primary CPICH Tx power 10.3.6.44	
>>Read SFN indicator	MP		Boolean	TRUE indicates that read of SFN is requested for the target cell
>>TX Diversity Indicator	MP		Boolean	
>TDD				
>>Primary CCPCH info	MP		Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	
>>Primary CCPCH TX power	OP		Primary CCPCH TX power 10.3.6.42	
>>DL CCTrCH info	OP			List of TFCS ID's to measure
>>DL Timeslot info	OP			List of timeslots to measure
Cell Selection and Re-selection Info	CV		Cell Selection and Re-selection Info 10.3.2.3	Only when sent in system information
>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>FDD				
>>>Qmin	MD		Integer (-20..0)	Ec/N0, [dB] Default value is Qmin for the serving cell
>>TDD				
>>> Qmin	MD		Integer (-115..-25 by step of 2)	RSCP, [dBm] Default value is Qmin for the serving cell
>Maximum allowed UL TX power	MD		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	[dBm] UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH in 25.304. Default is the Maximum allowed UL TX power for the serving cell
>CHOICE signalling option	MP			
>>Alternative 1				Used when Alternative 1 according to TS 25.304 of how offset parameters should be signalled
>>>Qoffset <sub>s,n</sub>	MD		Real(-50.0..50.0 by step of 1)	Default value is 0.
>>Alternative 2				(no data) Used when Alternative 2 according to TS 25.304 of how offset parameters should be signalled
>HCS neighbouring cell information	OP		HCS Neighbourin	

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			g cell information 10.3.7.11	

### 10.3.7.3 Cell measured results

Includes non frequency related measured results for a cell.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Cell Identity	OP		Cell Identity 10.3.2.2	
SFN-SFN observed time difference	OP		SFN-SFN observed time difference 10.3.7.90	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>>CPICH Ec/N0	OP		Enumerated(-20..0)	In dB
>>CPICH RSCP	OP		Enumerated(-115..-40)	In dBm
>>CPICH SIR	OP		Enumerated(-10..20)	In dB Note 1
>>Pathloss	OP		Enumerated(46..158)	In dB
>>CFN-SFN observed time difference	OP		CFN-SFN observed time difference 10.3.7.6	Note 2
>TDD				
>>Primary CCPCH info	MP		Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	
>>Primary CCPCH RSCP	OP			
>>DL CCTrCH SIR	OP	1 to <maxCCTrCHcount>		SIR measurements for each DL CCTrCH
>>>Timeslot	OP	1 to <maxTS perCCTrCH count>		All timeslots on which the CCTrCH is mapped on
>>>ISCP	OP			
>>>RSCP	OP			
>>DL Timeslot ISCP	OP	1 to <maxTS toMEASURE RE count>		ISCP measurements for each timeslot indicated by the UTRAN
>>>ISCP	OP			

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxCCTrCHcount	Maximum number of DL CCTrCH allocated to an UE
MaxTSperCCTrCHcount	Maximum number of TS on which a single DL CCTrCH is mapped on
MaxTStoMEASUREcount	Maximum number of TS on which the UE has to measure

NOTE 1: If CPICH SIR can be used has not been concluded in WG4.

NOTE 2: Feasibility of performing these measurements with compressed mode is unclear.

### 10.3.7.4 Cell measurement event results

Includes non frequency related cell reporting quantities.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Primary CPICH info	MP	1 to <maxCellCount>	Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>TDD				
>>Primary CCPCH info	MP	1 to <maxCellCount>	Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxCellCount</i>	Maximum number of cells to report

### 10.3.7.5 Cell reporting quantities

Includes non frequency related cell reporting quantities.

For all boolean types TRUE means inclusion in the report is requested.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		Enumerated(No report, type 1, type 2)	
Cell Identity	MP		Boolean	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CPICH Ec/N0	MP		Boolean	
>>CPICH RSCP	MP		Boolean	
>>CPICH SIR	MP		Boolean	Note 1
>>Pathloss	MP		Boolean	
>>CFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		Boolean	
>TDD				
>>DL CCTrCH SIR	MP		Boolean	
>>Timeslot ISCP	MP		Boolean	
>>Primary CCPCH RSCP	MP		Boolean	
>>Pathloss	MP		Boolean	

NOTE 1: If CPICH SIR can be used has not been concluded in WG4.

### 10.3.7.6 CFN-SFN observed time difference

NOTE: Only for FDD.

The measured time difference to cell indicates the time difference that is measured by UE between CFN in the UE and the SFN of the target neighbouring cell. It is notified to SRNC by Measurement Report message or Measurement Information Element in other RRC messages. This measurement is for FDD only.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		Enumerated(0..983 0399)	Number of chip

### 10.3.7.7 Event results

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>CHOICE event result</b>	MP			
>Intra-frequency measurement event results			Intra-frequency measurement event results 10.3.7.37	
>Inter-frequency measurement event results			Inter-frequency measurement event results 10.3.7.17	
>Inter-system measurement event results			Inter-system measurement event results 10.3.7.28	For IS-2000 results, include fields of the <i>Pilot Strength Measurement Message</i> from subclause 2.7.2.3.2.5 of TIA/EIA/IS-2000.5
>Traffic volume measurement event results			Traffic volume measurement event results 10.3.7.95	
>Quality measurement event results			Quality measurement event results 10.3.7.81	This IE is FFS
>UE internal measurement event results			UE internal measurement event results 10.3.7.104	
>LCS measurement event results			LCS measurement event results 10.3.7.58	

CHOICE event result	Condition under which the given event result is chosen
Intra-frequency measurement event results	If measurement type = intra-frequency measurement
Inter-frequency measurement event results	If measurement type = inter-frequency measurement
Inter-system measurement event results	If measurement type = inter-system measurement
Traffic volume measurement event results	If measurement type = traffic volume measurement
Quality measurement event results	If measurement type = Quality measurement
UE internal measurement event results	If measurement type = UE internal measurement
LCS measurement event results	If measurement type = LCS measurement

### 10.3.7.8 FACH measurement occasion info

This IE is for FDD only.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
k_UTRA	MP		DRX cycle length coefficient 10.3.3.9	
Other RAT present in inter-system cell info		1 to <MaxInter Rat>		
>RAT type	MP		Enumerated( GSM, IS2000 )	At least 14 spare values, Criticality: Reject, are needed
>k_Inter_Rat	MP		Integer(0..12 )	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxInterRat</i>	Maximum number of other radio access technologies that can be present in the inter-system cell info

#### 10.3.7.9 Filter coefficient

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Filter coefficient	MD		Enumerated(1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024)	Default value is 1 At least one, criticality: reject, spare value needed for future extension

#### 10.3.7.10 HCS Cell re-selection information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Penalty_time	MD		Enumerated( not used, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60)	Default value = not used
Temporary_offset	CV-Penalty used		Enumerated( 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, infinity)	

Condition	Explanation
<i>Penalty used</i>	Not allowed if IE Penalty time equals 'not used' else MP

#### 10.3.7.11 HCS neighbouring cell information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
HCS_PRIO	MD		Integer (0..7)	Default value = 0
Q <sub>HCS</sub>	MD		Integer (-0..99)	Default value = 0
HCS Cell Re-selection Information	OP		HCS Cell Re-selection Information 10.3.7.10	

### 10.3.7.12 HCS Serving cell information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
HCS_PRIO	MD		Integer (0..7)	Default value = 0
QHCS	MD		Integer(0..99)	Default value = 0
T <sub>CRmax</sub>	MD		Enumerated( not used, 30, 60, 120, 180, 240)	[s] Default value = not used
N <sub>CR</sub>	CV-UE speed detector		Integer(1..16 )	Default value = 8
T <sub>CrmaxHyst</sub>	CV-UE speed detector		Enumerated( not used, 10, 20..70)	[s] Default value = not used

Condition	Explanation
UE Speed detector	Not allowed if T <sub>CRmax</sub> equals 'not used' else MP

### 10.3.7.13 Inter-frequency cell info list

Contains the measurement object information for an inter-frequency measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Removed inter-frequency cells	OP	1 .. <MaxInter Cells>		
>Inter-frequency cell id	MP		Integer(0 .. MaxInterCell s>	
New inter-frequency cells	OP	1 to <MaxInter Cells>		
>Inter-frequency cell id	MD		Integer(0 .. MaxInterCell s>	The first inter-frequency cell in the list corresponds to inter-frequency cell id 0, the second corresponds to inter-frequency cell id 1 etc
>Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the value of the previous "frequency info" in the list (note : the first occurrence is then MP)
>Cell info	MP		Cell info 10.3.7.2	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxInterCells	Maximum number of Inter-frequency cells in a measurement control

### 10.3.7.14 Inter-frequency event identity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-frequency event identity	MP		Enumerated(2 a, 2b, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f)	

### 10.3.7.15 Inter-frequency measured results list

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-frequency measurement results	OP	1 to <maxNumF req>		
>Frequency info	MD		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default value is the value of the previous "frequency info" in the list (note : the first occurrence is then MP)
>UTRA carrier RSSI	OP		Enumerated(-95..-30)	In dBm
>Inter-frequency cell measurement results	OP	1 to <maxInterCells>		
>>Cell measured results	MP		Cell measured results 10.3.7.3	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>maxNumFreq</i>	Maximum number of frequencies with inter-frequency cells that can be included in a measurement report
<i>maxInterCells</i>	Maximum number of inter-frequency cells for one frequency that can be included in a measurement report

### 10.3.7.16 Inter-frequency measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-frequency cell info list	MP		Inter-frequency cell info list 10.3.7.13	Measurement object
Inter-frequency measurement quantity	OP		Inter-frequency measurement quantity 10.3.7.18	
Inter-frequency reporting quantity	OP		Inter-frequency reporting quantity 10.3.7.21	
Reporting cell status	OP		Reporting cell status 10.3.7.88	
Measurement validity	OP		Measurement validity 10.3.7.76	
Inter-frequency set update	OP		Inter-frequency set update 10.3.7.22	
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	MP			
>Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria			Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.39	
>Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria			Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.19	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting				(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement

### 10.3.7.17 Inter-frequency measurement event results

This IE contains the measurement event results that are reported to UTRAN for inter-frequency measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-frequency event identity	MP		Inter-frequency event identity 10.3.7.34	
Inter-frequency cells	MP	1 to <maxFreq Count>		
>Frequency info	MP		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	
>Non frequency related measurement event results	MP		Cell measurement event results 10.3.7.4	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxFreqCount</i>	Maximum number of frequencies to report.

### 10.3.7.18 Inter-frequency measurement quantity

The quantity the UE shall measure in case of inter-frequency measurement. It also includes the filtering of the measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE reporting criteria	MP			
>Intra-frequency reporting criteria				
>>Intra-frequency measurement quantity	MP		Intra-frequency measurement quantity 10.3.7.38	
>Inter-frequency reporting criteria				
>>Filter coefficient	MP		Filter coefficient 10.3.7.9	
>>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>>FDD				
>>>Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	MP		Enumerated( CPICH Ec/N0, CPICH RSCP)	
>>>TDD				
>>>Measurement quantity for frequency quality estimate	MP		Enumerated( Primary CCPCH RSCP)	

### 10.3.7.19 Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria

The triggering of the event-triggered reporting for an inter-frequency measurements. All events concerning inter-frequency measurements are labelled 2x where x is a,b,c..

Event 2a: Change of best frequency.

Event 2b: The estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below a certain threshold **and** the estimated quality of a non-used frequency is above a certain threshold.

Event 2c: The estimated quality of a non-used frequency is above a certain threshold.

Event 2d: The estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below a certain threshold.

Event 2e: The estimated quality of a non-used frequency is below a certain threshold.

Event 2f: The estimated quality of the currently used frequency is above a certain threshold.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Parameters required for each event	OP	1 to <maxEvent count>		
>Inter-frequency event identity	MP		Inter-frequency event identity 10.3.7.14	
>Threshold used frequency	CV – clause 0			
>W used frequency	CV – clause 0		Real(0, 0.1..2.0 by step of 0.1)	
>Hysteresis	MP		Real(0, 0.5..14.5 by step of 0.5)	In event 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f
>Time to trigger	MP		Time to trigger 10.3.7.91	Indicates the period of time between the timing of event detection and the timing of sending Measurement Report. Time in ms.
>Amount of reporting	MP		Enumerated(1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, infinity)	
>Reporting interval	MP		Enumerated(0, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16)	Indicates the interval of periodical reporting when such reporting is triggered by an event. A zero value indicates that event triggered periodical reporting shall not be applied. Interval in seconds
>Parameters required for each non-used frequency	OP	1 to <maxNonusedfrequency>		
>>Threshold non used frequency	CV – clause 1			
>>W non-used frequency	CV-clause 1		Real(0, 0.1..2.0 by step of 0.1)	

Condition	Explanation
Clause 0	2a,2b, 2d, or 2f, otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 1	The IE is mandatory in if "inter frequency event identity" is set to 2a, 2b, 2c or 2 <sup>e</sup> , otherwise the IE is not needed

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>maxEventcount</i>	Maximum number of events that can be listed in measurement reporting criteria
<i>maxNonusedfrequency</i>	Maximum number of non used frequencies that can be listed in measurement reporting criteria

#### 10.3.7.20 Inter-frequency measurement system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-frequency measurement identity number	MD		Measuremen t identity number 10.3.7.73	The inter-frequency measurement identity number has default value 2.
Inter-frequency cell info list	OP		Inter- frequency cell info list 10.3.7.13	
Inter-frequency measurement quantity	OP		Inter- frequency measuremen t quantity 10.3.7.18	

#### 10.3.7.21 Inter-frequency reporting quantity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UTRA Carrier RSSI	MP		Boolean	TRUE means report is requested
Frequency quality estimate	MP		Boolean	TRUE means that report is requested
Non frequency related cell reporting quantities	MP		Cell reporting quantities 10.3.7.5	

#### 10.3.7.22 Inter-frequency SET UPDATE

NOTE: Only for FDD.

Contains the changes of the active set associated with a non-used frequency. This information makes it possible to use events defined for Intra-frequency measurement within the same non-used frequency for Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria. This information also controls if the UE should use autonomous updating of the active set associated with a non-used frequency.

Information Element/group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE autonomous update mode	MP		Enumerated (On, On with no reporting, Off)	
Non autonomous update mode	CV-Update			
>Radio link addition information	OP	1 to <MaxAddRLcount>		Radio link addition information required for each RL to add
>>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	Note 1
>Radio link removal information	OP	1 to <MaxDelRLcount>		Radio link removal information required for each RL to remove
>>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	Note 1

Condition	Explanation
<i>Update</i>	The IE is mandatory if IE "UE autonomous update mode" is set to "Off", otherwise the IE is not needed.

Multi bound	Explanation
<i>MaxAddRLcount</i>	Maximum number of radio links which can be added
<i>MaxDelRLcount</i>	Maximum number of radio links which can be removed/deleted

NOTE 1: If it is assumed that CPICH downlink scrambling code is always allocated with sufficient reuse distances, CPICH downlink scrambling code will be enough for designating the different radio links.

### 10.3.7.23 Inter-system cell info list

Contains the measurement object information for an inter-system measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Removed inter-system cells	OP	1 .. <MaxInterSysCells>		
>Inter-system cell id	MP		Integer(0 .. MaxInterSysCells>	
New inter-system cells	OP	1 to <MaxInterSysCells>		
>Inter-system cell id	MD		Integer(0 .. MaxInterSysCells>	The first inter-system cell in the list corresponds to inter-system cell id 0, the second corresponds to inter-system cell id 1 etc.
>CHOICE Radio Access Technology	MP			At least one spare choice, Criticality: Reject, is needed.
>>GSM				
>>>Qoffset <sub>s,n</sub>	MD		Integer (-50..50)	Default value if the value of the previous Qoffset <sub>s,n</sub> in the list (NOTE: the first occurrence is then MP)
>>>HCS Neighbouring cell information	OP		HCS Neighbouring cell information 10.3.7.11	
>>>Qmin	MP			
>>>Maximum allowed UL TX power	MP		Maximum allowed UL TX power 10.3.6.27	
>>> BSIC	MP		BSIC 10.3.8.2	
>>>BCCH ARFCN	MP		Integer (0..1023)	GSM TS 04.18
>>>Output power	OP			
>>IS-2000				
>>>System specific measurement info			enumerated (frequency, timeslot, colour code, output power, PN offset)	For IS-2000, use fields from TIA/EIA/IS-2000.5, Section 3. 7.3.3.2.27, Candidate Frequency Neighbor List Message

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxInterSysCells	Maximum number of Inter-System cells in a inter-system cell info list

### 10.3.7.24 Inter-system event identity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-system event identity	MP		Enumerated (3a, 3b, 3c, 3d)	

### 10.3.7.25 Inter-system info

Inter-system info defines the target system for redirected cell selection.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-system info	MP		Enumerated (GSM)	At least 1 spare value, criticality = reject, required

### 10.3.7.26 Inter-system measured results list

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-system measurement results	OP	1 to <maxInter Sys>		
CHOICE system				At least one spare value, criticality = reject, required
>GSM				
>>Frequency	MP			
>>GSM carrier RSSI	OP		bit string(6)	RXLEV GSM TS 05.08
>>Pathloss	OP		Integer(46..158)	In dB
>>BSIC	OP		BSIC 10.3.8.2	
>>Observed time difference to GSM cell	OP		Observed time difference to GSM cell 10.3.7.77	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxInterSys	Maximum number of Inter-System cells in a measurement report

### 10.3.7.27 Inter-system measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-system cell info list	OP		Inter-system cell info list 10.3.7.23	Measurement object
Inter-system measurement quantity	OP		Inter-system measurement quantity 10.3.7.29	
Inter-system reporting quantity	OP		Inter-system reporting quantity 10.3.7.32	
Reporting cell status	OP		Reporting cell status 10.3.7.88	
CHOICE report criteria	MP			
>Inter-system measurement reporting criteria			Inter-system measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.30	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting				(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement

### 10.3.7.28 Inter-system measurement event results

This IE contains the measurement event results that are reported to UTRAN for inter-system measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-system event identity	MP		Inter-system event identity 10.3.7.24	
Cells to report	MP	1 to <maxCellCount>		
>Frequency	MP			
>BSIC	MP		BSIC 10.3.8.2	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxCellCount</i>	Maximum number of cells to report.

### 10.3.7.29 Inter-system measurement quantity

The quantity the UE shall measure in case of inter-system measurement. It also includes the filtering of the measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement quantity for UTRAN quality estimate	MP		Intra-frequency measurement quantity 10.3.7.38	
CHOICE system	MP			
>GSM				
>>Measurement quantity	MP		Enumerated( GSM Carrier RSSI, Pathloss)	
>>Filter coefficient	MP		Filter coefficient 10.3.7.9	
>>BSIC verification required	MP		Boolean	TRUE means verification is required Note 1
>IS2000				
>>TADD E <sub>c</sub> /I <sub>0</sub>	MP		Integer(0..63 )	Admission criteria for neighbours, see subclause 2.6.6.2.6 of TIA/EIA/IS-2000.5
>>TCOMP E <sub>c</sub> /I <sub>0</sub>	MP		Integer(0..15 )	Admission criteria for neighbours, see subclause 2.6.6.2.5.2 of TIA/EIA/IS-2000.5
>>SOFT SLOPE	OP		Integer(0..63 )	Admission criteria for neighbours, see subclause 2.6.6.2.3 and 2.6.6.2.5.2 of TIA/EIA/IS-2000.5
>>ADD_INTERCEPT	OP		Integer(0..63 )	Admission criteria for neighbours, see subclause 2.6.6.2.5.2 of TIA/EIA/IS-2000.5

NOTE 1: The possibility to use this IE is dependant on comments from SMG2.

Also, this IE must be set to "true" if IE "Observed time difference to GSM cell" in IE "Inter-system reporting quantity" is set to "true".

### 10.3.7.30 Inter-system measurement reporting criteria

The triggering of the event-triggered reporting for an inter-system measurement. All events concerning inter-system measurements are labelled 3x where x is a,b,c..

Event 3a: The estimated quality of the currently used UTRAN frequency is below a certain threshold **and** the estimated quality of the other system is above a certain threshold.

Event 3b: The estimated quality of other system is below a certain threshold.

Event 3c: The estimated quality of other system is above a certain threshold.

Event 3d: Change of best cell in other system.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Parameters required for each event	OP	1 to <maxEvent count>		
>Inter-system event identity	MP		Inter-system event identity 10.3.7.24	
>Threshold own system	CV – clause 0			
>W	CV – clause 0			In event 3a
>Threshold other system	CV – clause 1			In event 3a, 3b, 3c
>Hysteresis	MP			
>Time to trigger	MP		Time to trigger 10.3.7.91	Indicates the period of time between the timing of event detection and the timing of sending Measurement Report.
>Amount of reporting	MP			
>Reporting interval	MP			Indicates the interval of periodical reporting when such reporting is triggered by an event. A zero value indicates that event triggered periodical reporting shall not be applied.

Condition	Explanation
Clause 0	The IE is mandatory if " Inter-system event identity" is set to "3a", otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 1	The IE is mandatory if " Inter-system event identity" is set to 3a, 3b or 3c, otherwise the IE is not needed

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>maxEventcount</i>	Maximum number of events that can be listed in measurement reporting criteria

### 10.3.7.31 Inter-system measurement system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-system measurement identity number	MD		Measuremen t identity number 10.3.7.73	The inter-system measurement identity number has default value 3.
Inter-system cell info list	OP		Inter-system cell info list 10.3.7.23	
Inter-system measurement quantity	OP		Inter-system measuremen t quantity 10.3.7.29	

### 10.3.7.32 Inter-system reporting quantity

For all boolean types TRUE means inclusion in the report is requested.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UTRAN estimated quality	MP		Boolean	
CHOICE system	MP			At least one spare choice, criticality = reject, required
>GSM				
>>Pathloss	MP		Boolean	
>>Observed time difference to GSM cell	MP		Boolean	
>>GSM Carrier RSSI	MP		Boolean	
>>BSIC	MP		Boolean	

### 10.3.7.33 Intra-frequency cell info list

Contains the measurement object information for an intra-frequency measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Removed intra-frequency cells	OP	1 .. <MaxIntra Cells>		
>Intra-frequency cell id	MP		Integer(0 .. MaxIntraCells >	
New intra-frequency cell	OP	1 to <MaxIntra Cells>		
>Intra-frequency cell id	MD		Integer(0 .. MaxIntraCells >	The first intra-frequency cell in the list corresponds to intra-frequency cell id 0, the second corresponds to intra-frequency cell id 1 etc.
>Cell info	MP		Cell info 10.3.7.2	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxIntraCells	Maximum number of intra-frequency cells in a measurement control

### 10.3.7.34 Intra-frequency event identity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency event identity	MP		Enumerated (1a,1b,1c,1d, 1e,1f,1g,1h,1l,1j)	

### 10.3.7.35 Intra-frequency measured results list

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency measured results	OP	1 to <maxIntraCells>		
>Cell measured results	MP		Cell measured results 10.3.7.3	

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxIntraCells</i>	Maximum number of intra-frequency cells that can be included in a measurement report

### 10.3.7.36 Intra-frequency measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency cell info list	OP		Intra-frequency cell info list 10.3.7.33	Measurement object Not included for measurement of unlisted set.
Intra-frequency measurement quantity	OP		Intra-frequency measurement quantity 10.3.7.38	
Intra-frequency reporting quantity	OP		Intra-frequency reporting quantity 10.3.7.41	
Reporting cell status	OP		Reporting cell status 10.3.7.88	
Measurement validity	OP		Measurement validity 10.3.7.76	
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	MP			
>Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria			Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.39	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting				(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement

### 10.3.7.37 Intra-frequency measurement event results

This IE contains the measurement event results that are reported to UTRAN for intra-frequency measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency event identity	MP		Intra-frequency event identity 10.3.7.34	
Cell measured event results	MP		Cell measured event results 10.3.7.4	

### 10.3.7.38 Intra-frequency measurement quantity

The quantity the UE shall measure in case of intra-frequency measurement. It also includes the filtering of the measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Filter coefficient	MP		Filter coefficient 10.3.7.9	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Measurement quantity	MP		Enumerated(CPICH Ec/N0, CPICH RSCP, CPICH SIR, Pathloss, UTRA Carrier RSSI)	Pathloss=Primary CPICH Tx power-CPICH RSCP  If used in Inter system measurement quantity only Ec/N0 an RSCP is allowed. If used in inter-frequency measurement quantity RSSI is not allowed. Note 1
>TDD				
>>Measurement quantity	MP		Enumerated(Primary CCPCH RSCP, Pathloss, Timeslot ISCP, UTRA Carrier RSSI)	Pathloss=Primary CCPCH Tx power-Primary CCPCH RSCP  If used in inter-frequency measurement quantity RSSI is not allowed.

NOTE 1: If CPICH SIR can be used has not been concluded in WG4.

### 10.3.7.39 Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria

The triggering of the event-triggered reporting for an intra-frequency measurement. All events concerning intra-frequency measurements are labelled 1x where x is a, b, c....

Event 1a: A Primary CPICH enters the Reporting Range (FDD only).

Event 1b: A Primary CPICH leaves the Reporting Range (FDD only).

Event 1c: A Non-active Primary CPICH becomes better than an active Primary CPICH (FDD only).

Event 1d: Change of best cell [Note 1] (FDD only).

Event 1e: A Primary CPICH becomes better than an absolute threshold (FDD only).

Event 1f: A Primary CPICH becomes worse than an absolute threshold (FDD only).

Event 1g: Change of best cell in TDD.

Event 1h: DL CCTrCH below a certain threshold (TDD only).

Event 1i: Timeslot ISCP below a certain threshold (TDD only).

Event 1j: Timeslot ISCP above a certain threshold (TDD only).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Parameters required for each event	OP	1 to <maxEvent count>		
> Intra-frequency event identity	MP		Intra-frequency event identity 10.3.7.34	
>Triggering condition	CV - clause 0		Enumerated( Active set cells, Monitored set cells, Active set cells and monitored set cells)	Indicates which cells that can trigger the event
>Reporting Range	CV - clause 1		Real(0..14.5 by step of 0.5)	In dB. In event 1a,1b.
>Cells forbidden to affect Reporting range	CV – clause 1	1 to <maxCells Forbidden>		In event 1a,1b
>>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>>FDD				
>>>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>>>TDD				
>>>Primary CCPCH info	MP		Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	
>W	CV – clause 1		Real(0.0..2.0 by step of 0.1)	
>Hysteresis	CV - clause 2		Real(0..7.5 by step of 0.5)	In dB. In event 1a, 1b, 1c,1d, 1g, 1h, 1i or 1j.
>Reporting deactivation threshold	CV - clause 3		Enumerated( not applicable,	In event 1a Indicates the maximum number of cells allowed in the

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
			1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)	active set in order for event 1a to occur.
>Replacement activation threshold	CV - clause 4		Enumerated( not applicable, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)	In event 1c Indicates the minimum number of cells allowed in the active set in order for event 1c to occur.
>Time to trigger	MP		Time to trigger 10.3.7.91	Indicates the period of time between the timing of event detection and the timing of sending Measurement Report. Time in ms
>Amount of reporting	MP		Enumerated( 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, Infinity)	Measurement is "released" after the indicated amount of reporting from the UE itself.
>Reporting interval	MP		Enumerated( no periodical reporting, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16)	Indicates the interval of periodical reporting when such reporting is triggered by an event. Interval in seconds

Condition	Explanation
Clause 0	The IE is mandatory if "Intra-frequency event identity" is set to "1a", "1b", "1e" or "1f", otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 1	The IE is optional if "Intra-frequency event identity" is set to "1a" or "1b", otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 2	The IE is mandatory if "Intra-frequency event identity" is set to "1a", "1b", "1c", "1d", "1g", "1h", "1i" or "1j", otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 3	The IE is mandatory if "Intra-frequency event identity" is set to "1a", otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 4	The IE is mandatory if "Intra-frequency event identity" is set to "1c", otherwise the IE is not needed

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxEventCount</i>	Maximum number of events that can be listed in measurement reporting criteria
<i>MaxCellsForbidden</i>	Maximum number of cells that can be forbidden to affect reporting range

NOTE 1: When best PCCPCH in active set changes, all active cells are reported.

#### 10.3.7.40 Intra-frequency measurement system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency measurement identity number	MD		Measuremen t identity number 10.3.7.73	The intra-frequency measurement identity number has default value 1.
Intra-frequency cell info list	OP		Intra- frequency cell info list 10.3.7.33	
Intra-frequency measurement quantity	OP		Intra- frequency measuremen t quantity 10.3.7.38	
Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting	OP		Intra- frequency reporting quantity for RACH Reporting 10.3.7.42	
Maximum number of reported cells on RACH	OP		Maximum number of reported cells on RACH 10.3.7.68	
Reporting information for state CELL_DCH	OP		Reporting information for state CELL_DCH 10.3.7.89	Note 1

NOTE 1: The reporting of intra-frequency measurements is activated when state CELL\_DCH is entered.

#### 10.3.7.41 Intra-frequency reporting quantity

Contains the reporting quantity information for an intra-frequency measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Reporting quantities for active set cells	MP		Cell reporting quantities 10.3.7.5	
Reporting quantities for monitored set cells	MP		Cell reporting quantities 10.3.7.5	
Reporting quantities for unlisted set cells	OP		Cell reporting quantities 10.3.7.5	

### 10.3.7.42 Intra-frequency reporting quantity for RACH reporting

Contains the reporting quantity information for an intra-frequency measurement report, which is sent on the RACH.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		Enumerated( No report, type 1, type 2)	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>Reporting quantity	MP		Enumerated( CPICH Ec/N0, CPICH RSCP, CPICH SIR, Pathloss, No report)	Note 1
>TDD				
>>Reporting quantity	MP		Enumerated( Timeslot ISCP, Primary CCPCH RSCP, No report)	

NOTE 1: If CPICH SIR can be used has not been concluded in WG4.

### 10.3.7.43 LCS Error

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Error reason	MP		Enumerated(There were not enough cells to be received when performing mobile based OTDOA-IPDL. There were not enough GPS satellites to be received, when performing UE-based GPS location. Location calculation assistance data missing. Requested method not supported. Undefined error. Location request denied by the user. Location request not processed by the user and timeout.	
Additional Assistance Data	OP		structure and encoding as for the GPS Assistance Data IE in GSM 09.31 excluding the IEI and length octets	This field is optional. Its presence indicates that the target UE will retain assistance data already sent by the SRNC. The SRNC may send further assistance data for any new location attempt but need not resend previous assistance data. The field may contain the following: GPS Assistance Data necessary additional GPS assistance data

### 10.3.7.44 LCS GPS acquisition assistance

The Acquisition Assistance field of the GPS Assistance Data Information Element contains parameters that enable fast acquisition of the GPS signals in network-based GPS positioning. Essentially, these parameters describe the range and derivatives from respective satellites to the Reference Location at the Reference Time.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Reference Time				
>UTRAN reference time				
>>GPS TOW	MP		Integer(0..6.047*10 <sup>11</sup> )	GPS Time of Week with scaling factor of 1 usec
>>SFN	MP		Integer(0..4095)	
>GPS reference time only				
>>GPS TOW	MP		Integer(0..6.047*10 <sup>8</sup> )	GPS Time of Week with scaling factor of 1 msec
Satellite information	MP	1 to <MAX_N_SA_T>		
>SatID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	Identifies the satellites
>Doppler (0 <sup>th</sup> order term)	MP		Integer(-2048..2047)	Hz, scaling factor 2.5
>Extra Doppler	OP			
>>Doppler (1 <sup>st</sup> order term)	MP		Integer(-42..21)	Scaling factor 1/42
>>Doppler Uncertainty	MP		Real(12.5,25,50,100,200)	Hz
>Code Phase	MP		Integer(0..1022)	Chips, specifies the centre of the search window
>Integer Code Phase	MP		Integer(0..19)	1023 chip segments
>GPS Bit number	MP		Integer(0..3)	Specifies GPS bit number (20 1023 chip segments)
>Code Phase Search Window	MP		Enumerated(1023,1,2,3,4,6,8,12,16,24,32,48,64,96,128,192)	Specifies the width of the search window.
>Azimuth and Elevation	OP			
>>Azimuth	MP		Integer(0..31)	Degrees, scale factor 11.25
>>Elevation	MP		Integer(0..7)	Degrees, scale factor 11.25

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE=16

CHOICE Reference time	Condition under which the given reference time is chosen
UTRAN reference time	The reference time is relating GPS time to UTRAN time (SFN)
GPS reference time only	The time gives the time for which the location estimate is valid

#### 10.3.7.45 LCS GPS almanac

These fields specify the coarse, long-term model of the satellite positions and clocks. With one exception ( $\delta i$ ), these parameters are a subset of the ephemeris and clock correction parameters in the Navigation Model, although with reduced resolution and accuracy. The almanac model is useful for receiver tasks that require coarse accuracy, such as determining satellite visibility. The model is valid for up to one year, typically. Since it is a long-term model, the field should be provided for all satellites in the GPS constellation.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Satellite information	MP	1 to <MAX_N_SA_T>		
>SatID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	Satellite ID
> $\delta i$	MP		Bit string(16)	
> $e$	MP		Bit string(16)	
> $M_0$	MP		Bit string(24)	
> $A^{1/2}$	MP		Bit string(24)	
> $\Omega_{\text{MEGA}_0}$	MP		Bit string(24)	
> $\Omega_{\text{MEGA DOT}}$	MP		Bit string(16)	
> $\omega$	MP		Bit string(24)	
> $a_{f_0}$	MP		Bit string(11)	
> $a_{f_1}$	MP		Bit string(11)	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE=32

#### 10.3.7.46 LCS GPS assistance data

The GPS Assistance Data element contains a single GPS assistance message that supports both UE-assisted and UE-based GPS methods. An Integrity Monitor (IM) shall detect unhealthy (e.g., failed/failing) satellites and also shall inform users of measurement quality in DGPS modes when satellites are healthy. Excessively large pseudo range errors, as evidenced by the magnitude of the corresponding DGPS correction, shall be used to detect failed satellites. Unhealthy satellites should be detected within 10 seconds of the occurrence of the satellite failure. When unhealthy (e.g., failed/failing) satellites are detected, the assistance and/or DGPS correction data shall not be supplied for these satellites. When the error in the IM computed position is excessive for solutions based upon healthy satellites only, DGPS users shall be informed of measurement quality through the supplied UDRE values.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
LCS GPS reference time	OP		LCS GPS reference time 10.3.7.53	
LCS GPS reference location	OP		Ellipsoid point with altitude defined in 23.032	The Reference Location field contains a 3-D location without uncertainty specified as per 23.032. The purpose of this field is to provide the UE with a priori knowledge of its location in order to improve GPS receiver performance.
LCS GPS DGPS corrections	OP		LCS GPS DGPS corrections 10.3.7.48	
LCS GPS navigation model	OP		LCS GPS navigation model 10.3.7.51	
LCS GPS ionospheric model	OP		LCS GPS ionospheric model 10.3.7.49	
LCS GPS UTC model	OP		LCS GPS UTC model 10.3.7.54	
LCS GPS almanac	OP		LCS GPS almanac 10.3.7.45	
LCS GPS acquisition assistance	OP		LCS GPS acquisition assistance 10.3.7.44	
LCS GPS real-time integrity	OP		LCS GPS real-time integrity 10.3.7.52	

### 10.3.7.47 LCS GPS assistance for SIB

The LCS GPS Assistance for SIB IE contains information for GPS differential corrections. The message contents are based on a Type-1 message of version 2.2 of the RTCM-SC-104 recommendation for differential service. This format is a standard of the navigation industry and is supported by all DGPS receivers.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Cipher parameters	OP			Determines if DGPS correction fields are ciphered
>Ciphering Key Flag	MP		Bitstring(1)	See note 1
>Ciphering Serial Number	MP		Integer(0..65535)	The serial number used in the DES ciphering algorithm
Reference GPS TOW	MP		Integer(0..6.047*10 <sup>11</sup> )	GPS Time of Week with scaling factor of 1 usec. This field time-stamps the start of the frame with SFN=0.
Status	MP		Enumerated(UDRE scale 1.0, UDRE scale 0.75, UDRE scale 0.5, UDRE scale 0.3, UDRE scale 0.2, UDRE scale 0.1, no data, invalid data)	This field indicates the status of the differential corrections.
BTS Clock Drift	OP		Enumerated(-0.05..-0.003125 by step of 0.003125, 0.003125..0.05 by step of 0.003125)	This IE provides an estimate of the drift rate of the Node B clock relative to GPS time. It has units of $\mu$ sec/sec (ppm) and a range of $\pm 0.05$ . This IE aids the UE in maintaining the relation between GPS and cell timing over a period of time. A positive value for BTS Clock Drift indicates that the BTS clock is running at a greater frequency than desired. If the field is not present the UE shall assume the value 0.
Time Offset ( $\Delta T$ )	CV-status		Integer(0..4095)	Scaling factor 0.25. This IE indicates how old the measurements are when the IE is transmitted.
IODE	CV-status		Integer(0..255)	This IE is a cyclical counter that indicates the sequence number of the correction data. The value of IODE is initialised to zero when the IODE IE for one or more satellites has changed, or when the visible constellation changes. IODE is incremented each time new differential corrections are issued for the same visible constellation having the same set of IODE values.
DPGS information	CV-Status	1..MAX_N_SA_T		The following fields contain the DPGS corrections. If the Cipher information is included these fields are ciphered.
>SatID	MP		Integer(0..31)	The satellite ID number.
>IODE	MP		Integer(0..255)	This IE is the sequence number for the ephemeris for the particular satellite. The MS can use this IE to determine if new ephemeris is used for calculating the corrections that are provided in the broadcast message. This eight-bit IE is incremented for each new set of ephemeris for the satellite and may occupy the numerical range of [0, 239] during normal operations.
>UDRE	MP		Enumerated(UDRE $\leq$ 1.0 m, 1.0m < UDRE $\leq$	User Differential Range Error. This field provides an estimate of the uncertainty ( $1-\sigma$ ) in the corrections for the particular

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
			4.0m, 4.0m < UDRE ≤ 8.0m, 8.0m < UDRE)	satellite. The value in this field shall be multiplied by the UDRE Scale Factor in the Status field to determine the final UDRE estimate for the particular satellite.
>Scale factor	MP		Enumerated(0.02 for PRC and 0.002 for RRC, 0.32 for PRC and 0.032 for RRC)	The scaling factor for the PRC and RRC fields
>PRC	MP		Integer(-32767..32767)	Scaling given by the scale factor field.
>RRC	MP		Integer(-127..127)	Scaling given by the scale factor field.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE=16

Condition	Explanation
Status	This IE is mandatory if "status" is not equal to "no data" or "invalid data", otherwise the IE is not needed

NOTE 1: The UE always receives two (2) cipher keys during the location update procedure. One of the keys is time-stamped to be current one and the other is time-stamped to be the next one. Thus, the UE always has two cipher keys in memory. The Cipher Key Change Indicator in this broadcast message instructs the UE whether to use current or next cipher key for deciphering the received broadcast message. The UE shall interpret this IE as follows:

- **Ciphering Key Flag**(previous message) = **Ciphering Key Flag**(this message) => Deciphering Key not changed
- **Ciphering Key Flag**(previous message) <> **Ciphering Key Flag**(this message) => Deciphering Key changed

### 10.3.7.48 LCS GPS DGPS corrections

These fields specify the DGPS corrections to be used by the UE.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
GPS TOW	MP		Integer(0..604799)	Seconds. This field indicates the baseline time for which the corrections are valid.
Status/Health	MP		Enumerated(UDRE scale 1.0, UDRE scale 0.75, UDRE scale 0.5, UDRE scale 0.3, UDRE scale 0.2, UDRE scale 0.1, no data, invalid data)	This field indicates the status of the differential corrections
Satellite information	MP	1 to <MAX_N_SA_T>		
>SatID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	Satellite ID
>IODE	MP		Bit string(8)	This IE is the sequence number for the ephemeris for the particular satellite. The UE can use this IE to determine if new ephemeris is used for calculating the corrections that are provided in the broadcast message. This eight-bit IE is incremented for each new set of ephemeris for the satellite and may occupy the numerical range of [0, 239] during normal operations. See [13] for details
>UDRE	MP		Enumerated(UDRE ≤ 1.0 m, 1.0m < UDRE ≤ 4.0m, 4.0m < UDRE ≤ 8.0m, 8.0m < UDRE)	User Differential Range Error. This field provides an estimate of the uncertainty ( $1-\sigma$ ) in the corrections for the particular satellite. The value in this field shall be multiplied by the UDRE Scale Factor in the common Corrections Status/Health field to determine the final UDRE estimate for the particular satellite. See [13] for details
>PRC	MP		Integer(-2048..2048)	Scaling factor 0.32 meters See [13] for details
>RRC	MP		Integer(-125.. 125)	Scaling factor 0.032 meters/sec. See [13] for details
>Delta PRC2	MP		Integer(-127..127)	Meters. See [13] for details
>Delta RRC2	MP		Integer(-7..7)	Scaling factor 0.032 meters/sec. See [13] for details
>Delta PRC3	MP		Enumerated(-127..127)	Meters. See [13] for details
>Delta RRC3	MP		Integer(-7..7)	Scaling factor 0.032 meters/sec. See [13] for details

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE=16

### 10.3.7.49 LCS GPS ionospheric model

The Ionospheric Model contains fields needed to model the propagation delays of the GPS signals through the ionosphere. Proper use of these fields allows a single-frequency GPS receiver to remove approximately 50% of the ionospheric delay from the range measurements. The Ionospheric Model is valid for the entire constellation and changes slowly relative to the Navigation Model.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
$\alpha_0$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\alpha_1$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\alpha_2$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\alpha_3$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\beta_0$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\beta_1$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\beta_2$	MP		Bit string(8)	
$\beta_3$	MP		Bit string(8)	

### 10.3.7.50 LCS GPS measurement

The purpose of the GPS Measurement Information element is to provide GPS measurement information from the UE to the SRNC. This information includes the measurements of code phase and Doppler, which enables the network-based GPS method where the position is computed in the SRNC.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Reference SFN	OP		Integer(0..4095)	The SFN for which the location is valid
GPS TOW	MP		Integer(0..6.047*10 <sup>8</sup> )	GPS Time of Week with scaling factor of 1 msec. This time is the GPS TOW measured by the UE. If the Reference SFN field is present it is the ms flank closest to the beginning of that frame.
GPS TOW high resolution	CV-capability and request		Integer(0..999)	Gives higher resolution of the previous field.
Measurement Parameters	MP	1 to <MAX_N_SA_T>		
>Satellite ID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	
>C/N <sub>o</sub>	MP		Integer(0..63)	the estimate of the carrier-to-noise ratio of the received signal from the particular satellite used in the measurement. It is given in whole dBs. Typical levels observed by UE-based GPS units will be in the range of 20 – 50 dB.
>Doppler	MP		Integer(-32768..32768)	Hz, scale factor 0.2.
>Whole GPS Chips	MP		Integer(0..1023)	Unit in GPS chips
>Fractional GPS Chips	MP		Integer(0..(2 <sup>10</sup> -1))	Scale factor 2 <sup>10</sup>
>Multipath Indicator	MP		Enumerated(NM, low, medium, high)	See note 1
>Pseudorange RMS Error	MP		Enumerated(range index 0..range index 63)	See note 2

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE=16

Condition	Explanation
<i>Capability and request</i>	This field is included only if the UE has this capability <i>and if it was requested in the LCS reporting quantity</i>

NOTE 1: The following table gives the mapping of the multipath indicator field.

Value	Multipath Indication
NM	Not measured
Low	MP error < 5m
Medium	5m < MP error < 43m
High	MP error > 43m

NOTE 2: The following table gives the bitmapping of the Pseudorange RMS Error field.

Range Index	Mantissa	Exponent	Floating-Point value, $x_i$	Pseudorange value, $P$
0	000	000	0.5	$P < 0.5$
1	001	000	0.5625	$0.5 \leq P < 0.5625$
I	X	Y	$0.5 * (1 + x/8) * 2^y$	$x_{i-1} \leq P < x_i$
62	110	111	112	$104 \leq P < 112$
63	111	111	--	$112 \leq P$

### 10.3.7.51 LCS GPS navigation model

This IE contain information required to manage the transfer of precise navigation data to the GPS-capable UE. This information includes control bit fields as well as satellite ephemeris and clock corrections.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
N_SAT	MP		Enumerated(1..16)	The number of satellites included in this IE
Satellite information	MP	1 to <MAX_N_SA_T>		
>SatID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	Satellite ID
>Satellite Status	MP		Enumerated(NS_NN_U ES_SN ES_NN_U ES_NN_C)	See note 1
>CHOICE Compressed	CV-Satellite Status			
>>uncompressed				Standard formats as defined in [12]
>>>IODE	MP		Bit string(8 <sup>(1)</sup> )	
>>>t <sub>oe</sub>	MP		Bit string(16 <sup>(1)</sup> )	
>>>C <sub>rc</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>C <sub>rs</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>C <sub>ic</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>C <sub>is</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>C <sub>uc</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>C <sub>us</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>e	MP		Bit string(32 <sup>(1)</sup> )	
>>>M <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(32)	
>>>(A) <sup>1/2</sup>	MP		Bit string(32 <sup>(1)</sup> )	
>>>Δn	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>OMEGA <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(32)	
>>>OMEGAdot	MP		Bit string(24)	
>>>l <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(32)	
>>>Idot	MP		Bit string(14)	
>>>ω	MP		Bit string(32)	
>>>t <sub>oc</sub>	MP		Bit string(16 <sup>(1)</sup> )	
>>>Af <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(22)	
>>>Af <sub>1</sub>	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>Af <sub>2</sub>	MP		Bit string(8)	
>>compressed				Compressed format as defined in 14.11.1
>>>IODE	MP		Bit string(4)	
>>>t <sub>oe</sub>	MP		Bit string(7)	
>>>C <sub>rc</sub>	MP		Bit string(12)	
>>>C <sub>rs</sub>	MP		Bit string(12)	
>>>C <sub>ic</sub>	MP		Bit string(9)	
>>>C <sub>is</sub>	MP		Bit string(9)	
>>>C <sub>uc</sub>	MP		Bit string(11)	
>>>C <sub>us</sub>	MP		Bit string(11)	
>>>e	MP		Bit string(16)	
>>>M <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(22)	
>>>(A) <sup>1/2</sup>	MP		Bit string(13)	
>>>Δn	MP		Bit string(11)	
>>>OMEGA <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(14)	
>>>OMEGAdot	MP		Bit string(12)	
>>>l <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(15)	
>>>Idot	MP		Bit string(11)	
>>>ω	MP		Bit string(21)	
>>>t <sub>oc</sub>	MP		Bit string(7)	
>>>Af <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(7)	
>>>Af <sub>1</sub>	MP		Bit string(3)	
>>>Af <sub>2</sub>	MP		Bit string(1)	

NOTE 1: The UE shall interpret enumerated symbols as follows.

Symbol	Interpretation
NS_NN_U	New satellite, new Navigation Model - uncompressed
ES_SN	Existing satellite, same Navigation Model
ES_NN_U	Existing satellite, new Navigation Model - uncompressed
ES_NN_C	Existing satellite, new Navigation Model - compressed

CHOICE Compression	Explanation
Uncompressed	The parameters are not compressed. This is standard GPS format, as specified in [12].
Compressed	The parameters are compressed with the algorithm in the 14.11.1.

Condition	Explanation
status	Group Included unless status is ES_SN

Multi Bound	Explanation
N_SAT	Number of satellites included in the IE

### 10.3.7.52 LCS GPS real-time integrity

Contains parameters that describe the real-time status of the GPS constellation. Primarily intended for non-differential applications, the real-time integrity of the satellite constellation is of importance as there is no differential correction data by which the mobile can determine the soundness of each satellite signal. The Real-Time GPS Satellite Integrity data communicates the health of the constellation to the mobile in real-time. The satellites identified in this IE should not be used for position fixes at the moment.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Satellite information	OP	1 to <MAX_N_BAD_SAT>		N_BAD_SAT=the number of bad satellites included in this IE
>BadSatID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	Satellite ID

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_BAD_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE

### 10.3.7.53 LCS GPS reference time

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
GPS Week	MP		Integer(0..1023)	
GPS TOW	MP		Integer(0..6.047*10 <sup>1</sup> )	GPS Time of Week with scaling factor of 1 usec
SFN	MP		Integer(0..4095)	The SFN which the GPS TOW time stamps
GPS TOW Assist	OP	1 to <MAX_N_SA_T>		Fields to help the UE with time-recovery (needed to predict satellite signal)
>SatID	MP		Enumerated(0..63)	Identifies the satellite for which the corrections are applicable
>TLM Message	MP		Bit string(14)	A 14-bit value representing the Telemetry Message (TLM) being broadcast by the GPS satellite identified by the particular SatID, with the MSB occurring first in the satellite transmission.
>Anti-Spoof	MP		Boolean	The Anti-Spoof and Alert flags that are being broadcast by the GPS satellite identified by SatID.
>Alert	MP		Boolean	
>TLM Reserved	MP		Bit string(2)	Two reserved bits in the TLM Word being broadcast by the GPS satellite identified by SatID, with the MSB occurring first in the satellite transmission.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MAX_N_SAT	Maximum number of satellites included in the IE=16

### 10.3.7.54 LCS GPS UTC model

The UTC Model field contains a set of parameters needed to relate GPS time to Universal Time Coordinate (UTC).

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
A <sub>0</sub>	MP		Bit string(32)	
A <sub>1</sub>	MP		Bit string(24)	
Δt <sub>LS</sub>	MP		Bit string(8)	
t <sub>tot</sub>	MP		Bit string(8)	
WN <sub>t</sub>	MP		Bit string(8)	
WN <sub>LSF</sub>	MP		Bit string(8)	
DN	MP		Bit string(8)	
Δt <sub>LSF</sub>	MP		Bit string(8)	

### 10.3.7.55 LCS IPDL parameters

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
IP spacing	MP		Enumerated(5,7,10,15,20,30,40,50)	The IPs are repeated every IP spacing frame.
IP length	MP		Enumerated(5,10)	The length in symbols of the idle periods
IP offset	MP		Integer(0..9)	Relates the BFN and SFN, should be same as T_cell defined in 25.402
Seed	MP		Integer(0..63)	Seed used to start the random number generator
Burst mode parameters	OP			
>Burst Start	MP		Integer(0..15)	The frame number where the 1 <sup>st</sup> Idle Period Burst occurs within an SFN cycle. Scaling factor 256.
>Burst Length	MP		Integer(10..25)	Number of Idle Periods in a 'burst' of Idle Periods
>Burst freq	MP		Integer(1..16)	Number of 10ms frames between consecutive Idle Period bursts. Scaling factor 256.

The function IP\_position(x) described below yields the position of the x<sup>th</sup> Idle Period relative to a) the start of the SFN cycle when continuous mode or b) the start of a burst when in burst mode. The operator "%" denotes the modulo operator. Regardless of mode of operation, the Idle Period pattern is reset at the start of every SFN cycle. Continuous mode can be considered as a specific case of the burst mode with just one burst spanning the whole SFN cycle. Note also that x will be reset to x=1 for the first idle period in a SFN cycle for both continuous and burst modes and will also, in the case of burst mode, be reset for the first Idle Period in every burst.

Max\_dev=150-IP length

rand(x)=(106.rand(x-1)+1283)mod6075,

rand(0)=seed

IP\_position(x)=x\*IP\_spacing\*150+rand(xmod64)modMax\_dev+IP\_offset

### 10.3.7.56 LCS measured results

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
LCS Multiple Sets	OP		LCS Multiple Sets 10.3.7.59	
LCS reference cell Identity	OP		Primary CPICH Info 10.3.6.43	
LCS OTDOA measurement	OP		LCS OTDOA measurement 10.3.7.62	
LCS Position	OP		LCS Position 10.3.7.65	
LCS GPS measurement	OP		LCS GPS measurement 10.3.7.50	
LCS error	OP		LCS error 10.3.7.43	Included if LCS error occurred

### 10.3.7.57 LCS measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
LCS reporting quantity	MP		LCS reporting quantity 10.3.7.67	
<b>CHOICE reporting criteria</b>	MP			
>LCS reporting criteria			LCS reporting criteria 10.3.7.66	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting				(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement
LCS OTDOA assistance data	OP		LCS OTDOA assistance data 10.3.7.60	
LCS GPS assistance data	OP		LCS GPS assistance data 10.3.7.46	

### 10.3.7.58 LCS measurement event results

This IE contains the measurement event results that are reported to UTRAN for LCS measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Event ID	MP			
>7a				
>>LCS Position	MP		LCS Position 10.3.7.65	
>7b				
>> LCS OTDOA measurement	MP		LCS OTDOA measurement 10.3.7.62	
>7c				
>> LCS GPS measurement	MP		LCS GPS measurement 10.3.7.50	

### 10.3.7.59 LCS multiple sets

This element indicates how many OTDOA Measurement Information sets or GPS Measurement Information sets, and Reference cells are included in this element. This element is optional. If this element is absent, a single measurement set is included.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Number of OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets	MP		Integer(2..3)	
Number of Reference Cells	MP		Integer(1..3)	
Reference Cell relation to Measurement Elements	OP		Enumerated( First reference cell is related to first and second OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets, and second reference cell is related to third OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets. First reference cell is related to first and third OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets, and second reference cell is related to second OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets. First reference cell is related to first OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets, and second reference cell is related to second and third OTDOA/GPS Measurement Information Sets.)	This field indicates how the reference cells listed in this element relate to measurement sets later in this component. This field is conditional and included only if Number of OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets is '3' and Number of Reference cells is '2'. If this field is not included, the relation between reference cell and Number of OTDOA-IPDL/GPS Measurement Information Sets is as follows: If there are three sets and three reference cells -> First reference cell relates to first set, second reference cell relates to second set, and third reference cell relates to third set. If there are two sets and two reference cells -> First reference cell relates to first set, and second reference cell relates to second set. If there is only one reference cell and 1-3 sets -> this reference cell relates to all sets.

#### 10.3.7.60 LCS OTDOA assistance data

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
LCS OTDOA reference cell for assistance data	OP		LCS OTDOA reference cell for assistance data 10.3.7.64	
LCS OTDOA measurement assistance data	OP	1..15	LCS OTDOA measurement assistance data 10.3.7.63	
LCS IPDL parameters	OP		LCS IPDL parameters 10.3.7.55	If this element is not included there are no idle periods present

## 10.3.7.61 LCS OTDOA assistance for SIB

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Ciphering parameters	OP			Determines if DGPS correction fields are ciphered
>Ciphering Key Flag	MP		Bitstring(1)	See note 1
>Ciphering Serial Number	MP		Integer(0..65535)	The serial number used in the DES ciphering algorithm
Search Window Size	MP		Enumerated(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60,70, more)	Specifies the maximum size of the search window in chips.
Reference Cell Position	MP		Ellipsoid point or Ellipsoid point with altitude as defined in 23.032	The position of the antenna which defines the serving cell. Used for the UE based method.
LCS IPDL parameters	OP		LCS IPDL parameters 10.3.7.55	If this element is not included there are no idle periods present
Cells to measure on	MP	1 to <MAX NoCells s>		
>SFN-SFN drift	OP		Enumerated(0,+0.33, +0.66,+1,+1.33,+1.66 ,+2,+2.5,+3,+4,+5,+7, +9,+11,+13,+15,- 0.33,-0.66,-1,-1.33,- 1.66,-2,-2.5,-3,-4,-5,- 7,-9,-11,-13,-15)	The SFN-SFN drift value indicate the relative time drift in meters per second. Positive and negative values can be indicated as well as no drift value.
>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>Frequency info	OP		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default the same. Included if different
>SFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1. 10.3.7.90	Gives the relative timing compared to the reference cell
>Fine SFN-SFN	MP		Enumerated(0,0.25,0, 5,0.75)	Gives finer resolution for UE-Based
>Cell Position	MD			Default = Same as previous cell
>>Relative North	MP		Integer(-32767..32767)	Seconds, scale factor 0.03. Relative position compared to ref. cell.
>>Relative East	MP		Integer(-32767..32767)	Seconds, scale factor 0.03. Relative position compared to ref. cell.
>>Relative Altitude	MP		Integer(-4095..4095)	Relative altitude in meters compared to ref. cell.

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxNoCells	The max number of cells included in this IE=16

NOTE 1: The UE always receives two (2) cipher keys during the location update procedure. One of the keys is time-stamped to be current one and the other is time-stamped to be the next one. Thus, the UE always has two cipher keys in memory. The Cipher Key Change Indicator in this broadcast message instructs the UE whether to use current or next cipher key for deciphering the received broadcast message. The UE shall interpret this IE as follows:

- **Ciphering Key Flag**(previous message) = **Ciphering Key Flag**(this message) => Deciphering Key not changed
- **Ciphering Key Flag**(previous message) <> **Ciphering Key Flag**(this message) => Deciphering Key changed

### 10.3.7.62 LCS OTDOA measurement

The purpose of the OTDOA Measurement Information element is to provide OTDOA measurements of signals sent from the reference and neighbor cells.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
SFN	MP		Integer(0..4095)	SFN during which the last measurement was performed
UE Rx-Tx time difference	MP		Real(876..1172 by step of 0.25)	The UE Rx-Tx timing can be used to determine the propagation delay
Quality type	OP		Enumerated(STD_10,STD_50,CPICH Ec/N0)	Type of quality in the quality field, default=DEFAULT_QUALITY
CHOICE Quality type	MP			
>STD_10				
>>Reference Quality 10	MP		Enumerated(10..320 by step of 10)	Std of TOA measurements from the cell
>STD_50				
>>Reference Quality 50	MP		Enumerated(50..1600 by step of 50)	Std of TOA measurements from the cell
>CPICH Ec/N0				
>>CPICH Ec/N0	MP		Enumerated(<-24, -24 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < -23 dB,.. -1 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < -0 dB, >=0 dB)	CPICH Ec/N0 for the measurement
>DEFAULT_QUALITY				
>>Reference Quality	MP		Enumerated(0-19 meters, 20-39 meters, 40-79 meters, 80-159 meters, 160-319 meters, 320-639 meters, 640-1319 meters over 1320 meters)	Estimated error in meters.
Neighbors	MP	0..15		Number of neighbors included in this IE
>Neighbor Identity	OP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	If this field is left out it the identity is the same as in the first set of multiple sets.
>Neighbor Quality	MP		Bit string(depends on Quality type)	Quality of the OTDOA from the neighbor cell.
>SFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		SFN-SFN observed time difference 10.3.7.90	Gives the timing relative to the reference cell. Only type 2 is allowed. Type 2 means that only the slot timing is accounted for

CHOICE Quality type	Condition under which the given quality type is chosen
STD_10	Chosen when the quality type is standard deviation with a step-size of 10 m
STD_50	Chosen when the quality type is standard deviation with a step-size of 50 m
CPICH Ec/N0	Chosen when the quality type is CPICH Ec/N0
Default	Chosen if the quality type field is not included.

### 10.3.7.63 LCS OTDOA measurement assistance data

This IE gives approximate cell timing in order to decrease the search window.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
Frequency info	OP		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default the same. Included if different
SFN-SFN observed time difference	MP		SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1. 10.3.7.90	Gives the relative timing compared to the reference cell
Fine SFN-SFN	OP		Real(0,0.25,0.5,0.75)	Gives finer resolution for UE-Based
Search Window Size	MP		Enumerated(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60,70, more)	Specifies the maximum size of the search window in chips.
Relative North	OP		Integer(-20000..20000)	Seconds, scale factor 0.03. Relative position compared to ref. cell.
Relative East	OP		Integer(-20000..20000)	Seconds, scale factor 0.03. Relative position compared to ref. cell.
Relative Altitude	OP		Integer(-4000..4000)	Relative altitude in meters compared to ref. cell.

#### 10.3.7.64 LCS OTDOA reference cell for assistance data

This IE defines the cell used for time references in all OTDOA measurements.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
Frequency info	OP		Frequency info 10.3.6.24	Default the same. Included if different
Cell Position	OP		Ellipsoid point or Ellipsoid point with altitude as defined in 23.032	The position of the antenna which defines the cell. Can be used for the UE based method.

#### 10.3.7.65 LCS position

The purpose of Location Information element is to provide the location estimate from the UE to the network, if the UE is capable of determining its own position.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Reference SFN	MP		Integer(0..4095)	The SFN for which the location is valid
GPS TOW	CV-Capability and request		Integer(0..6.047*10 <sup>11</sup> )	GPS Time of Week with scaling factor of 1 usec. This time-stamps the beginning of the frame defined in Reference SFN
Position estimate	MP		23.032, allowed types are Ellipsoid Point; Ellipsoid point with uncertainty circle; Ellipsoid point with uncertainty ellipse; Ellipsoid point with altitude; Ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipse.	

Condition	Explanation
Capability and request	This field is included only if the UE has this capability and if it was requested in the LCS reporting quantity and if the method was UE-based GPS

### 10.3.7.66 LCS reporting criteria

The triggering of the event-triggered reporting for an LCS measurement. There are three types of events. The first, 7a, is for UE-based methods and is triggered when the position has changed more than a threshold. The second one, 7b, is primarily for UE assisted methods, but can be used also for UE based. It is triggered when the SFN-SFN measurement has changed more than a certain threshold. The third one, 7c, is triggered when the GPS time and the SFN time has drifted apart more than a certain threshold.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Parameters required for each event	OP	1 to <maxEvent count>		
>Event ID	MP		Enumerated (7a,7b,7c)	7a=Position change 7b=SFN-SFN change, 7c=SFN-GPS TOW change
>Amount of reporting	MP		Enumerated(1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64,infinite)	
>Report first fix	MP		Boolean	If true the UE reports the position once the measurement control is received, and then each time an event is triggered.
>Measurement interval	MP		Enumerated(5,15,60,300, 900,1800,36 00,7200)	Indicates how often the UE should make the measurement
>CHOICE Event ID				
>>7a				
>>>Threshold Position Change	MP		Enumerated(10,20,30,40, 50,100,200,3 00,500,1000, 2000,5000,1 0000,20000, 50000,10000 0)	Indicated how much the position should change compared to last reported position fix in order to trigger the event.
>>7b				
>>>Threshold SFN-SFN change	MP		Real(0.25,0. 5,1,2,3,4,5,1 0,20,50,100, 200,500,100 0,2000,5000 )	Chips. Indicates how much the SFN-SFN measurement of ANY measured cell is allowed to change before the event is triggered.
>>7c				
>>>Threshold SFN-GPS TOW	MP		Enumerated(1,2,3,5,10,20 ,50,100)	Time in ms. When the GPS TOW and SFN timer has drifted apart more than the specified value the event is triggered)

### 10.3.7.67 LCS reporting quantity

The purpose of the element is to express the allowed/required location method(s), and to provide information required QoS.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and Reference	Semantics description
Method Type	MP		Enumerated(UE assisted, UE based, UE based is preferred but UE assisted is allowed, UE assisted is preferred but UE based is allowed)	
Positioning Methods	MP		Enumerated(OTDOA, GPS OTDOA or GPS)	Indicates which location method or methods should be used. The third option means that both can be reported. OTDOA includes IPDL if idle periods are present.
Response Time	MP		Integer(1,2,4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128)	Indicates the desired response time in seconds
Accuracy	CV		Bit string(7)	Mandatory in all cases except when Method Type is UE assisted, then it is optional. 23.032
GPS timing of Cell wanted	MP		Boolean	If true the SRNC wants the UE to report the SFN-GPS timing of the reference cell. This is however optional in the UE.
Multiple Sets	MP		Boolean	This field indicates whether UE is requested to send multiple <i>OTDOA/GPS Measurement Information Sets</i> . The maximum number of measurement sets is three. This field is mandatory. UE is expected to include the current measurement set.
Environment Characterisation	OP		Enumerated(possibly heavy multipath and NLOS conditions, no or light multipath and usually LOS conditions, not defined or mixed environment)	The first category correspond to e.g. Urban or Bad Urban channels.  The second category corresponds to Rural or Suburban channels

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>N_SAT</i>	Number of satellites included in the IE

#### 10.3.7.68 Maximum number of reported cells on RACH

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Maximum number of reported cells	MP		Enumerated (no report, current cell, current cell + best neighbour, current cell+2 best neighbours, ..., current cell+6 best neighbours)	

### 10.3.7.69 Measured results

Contains the measured results of the quantity indicated optionally by Reporting Quantity in Measurement Control. "Measured results" can be used for both event trigger mode and periodical reporting mode. The list should be in the order of the value of the measurement quality (the first cell should be the best cell). The "best" cell has the largest value when the measurement quantity is "Ec/No", "RSCP" or "SIR". On the other hand, the "best" cell has the smallest value when the measurement quantity is "Pathloss".

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE Measurement	MP			
>Intra-frequency measured results list			Intra-frequency measured results list 10.3.7.35	
>Inter-frequency measured results list			Inter-frequency measured results list 10.3.7.15	
>Inter-system measured results list			Inter-system measured results list 10.3.7.26	
>Traffic volume measured results list			Traffic volume measured results list 10.3.7.93	
>Quality measured results list			Quality measured results list 10.3.7.79	
>UE Internal measured results			UE Internal measured results 10.3.7.102	
>LCS measured results			LCS measured results 10.3.7.56	

### 10.3.7.70 Measured results on RACH

Contains the measured results on RACH of the quantity indicated optionally by Reporting Quantity in the system information broadcast on BCH. The list should be in the order of the value of the measurement quality (the first cell should be the best cell). The "best" cell has the largest value when the measurement quantity is "Ec/No", "RSCP" or "SIR". On the other hand, the "best" cell has the smallest value when the measurement quantity is "Pathloss".

Information Element/group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement result for current cell				
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>CHOICE measurement quantity	MP			
>>>CPICH Ec/N0			Integer(-20..0)	In dB
>>>CPICH RSCP			Integer(-115..-40)	In dBm
>>>CPICH SIR			Integer(-10..20)	In dB Note 1
>>>Pathloss			Integer(46..158)	In dB
>TDD				
>>Timeslot ISCP	OP			
>>Primary CCPCH RSCP	OP			
Measurement results for monitored cells	OP	1 to 7		
>SFN-SFN observed time difference	OP		SFN-SFN observed time difference 10.3.7.90	It is absent for current cell
>CHOICE mode	MP			
>>FDD				
>>>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>>>CHOICE measurement quantity	OP			It is absent for current cell
>>>>CPICH Ec/N0			Integer(-20..0)	In dB
>>>>CPICH RSCP			Integer(-115..-40)	In dBm
>>>>CPICH SIR			Integer(-10..20)	In dB Note 1
>>>>Pathloss			Integer(46..158)	In dB
>>TDD				
>>>Primary CCPCH info	MP		Primary CCPCH info 10.3.6.41	
>>>Primary CCPCH RSCP	OP			It is absent for current cell

NOTE 1: If CPICH SIR can be used has not been concluded in WG4.

NOTE 2: Monitored cells consist of current cell and neighbouring cells.

#### 10.3.7.71 Measurement Command

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement command	MP		Enumerated(Setup,Modify,Release)	

### 10.3.7.72 Measurement control system information

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency measurement system information	OP		Intra-frequency measurement system information 10.3.7.40	
Inter-frequency measurement system information	OP		Inter-frequency measurement system information 10.3.7.20	
Inter-system measurement system information	OP		Inter-system measurement system information 10.3.7.31	
Traffic volume measurement system information	OP		Traffic volume measurement system information 10.3.7.99	
UE Internal measurement system information	OP		UE Internal measurement system information 10.3.7.107	

NOTE1: The reporting of intra-frequency measurements is activated when state CELL\_DCH is entered.

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxMeasTypeCount</i>	Maximum number of measurement types
<i>MaxSysInfoBlockcount</i>	Maximum number of references to other system information blocks.
<i>MaxIntraCells</i>	Maximum number of intra-frequency cells in a measurement control.
<i>MaxInterCells</i>	Maximum number of inter-frequency cells in a measurement control
<i>MaxInterSysCells</i>	Maximum number of inter-system cells in a measurement control.

### 10.3.7.73 Measurement Identity Number

A reference number that is used by the UTRAN at modification and release of the measurement, and by the UE in the measurement report.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement identity number	MP			

### 10.3.7.74 Measurement reporting mode

Contains the type of Measurement Report transfer mode and the indication of periodical/event trigger.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement Report Transfer Mode	MP		enumerated (Acknowledged mode RLC, Unacknowledged mode RLC)	
Periodical Reporting / Event Trigger Reporting Mode	MP		Enumerated (Periodical reporting, Event trigger)	

NOTE 1: The work in order to support the CPICH Rx SIR measurement is in progress in RAN WG4 and may impact the use of that measurement in this document.

#### 10.3.7.75 Measurement Type

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement Type	MP		Enumerated(Intra-frequency, Inter-frequency, Inter-system, Traffic volume, Quality, UE internal, LCS)	

#### 10.3.7.76 Measurement validity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Resume/release	MP		Enumerated( 'resume', 'release')	Indicates whether a given measurement identifier should be released after transitions to CELL_DCH and/or transitions from CELL_DCH state.
UE state	CV – Resume		Enumerated( CELL_DCH, all states except CELL_DCH, all states)	Indicates the states, in which measurement reporting shall be conducted. The values 'all states except CELL_DCH' and 'all states' are used for measurement type 'traffic volume reporting'.

Condition	Explanation
Resume	This IE is mandatory if "Resume/Release" = Resume, otherwise the IE is not needed

#### 10.3.7.77 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Observed time difference to GSM cell	OP		Real(0.0..40 95*3060/(40 96*13 by step of 3060/(4096* 13)))	In ms

### 10.3.7.78 Periodical reporting criteria

Contains the periodical reporting criteria information. It is necessary only in the periodical reporting mode.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Amount of reporting	OP		Enumerated(1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, Infinity)	Measurement is "released" after the indicated amount of reporting from the UE itself
Reporting interval	OP		Real(0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 64)	Indicates the interval of periodical report. Interval in seconds

### 10.3.7.79 Quality measured results list

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
BLER measurement results	OP	1 to <MaxBLER>		
>Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
>DL Transport Channel BLER	OP		Real(0.00 ..5.10, by step of 0.02)	In dB= -Log10(Transport channel BLER)
SIR	OP		Integer(-10..20)	In dB

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxBLER	Maximum number of transport channels with BLER measurements that can be included in a measurement report

### 10.3.7.80 Quality measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Quality measurement Object	OP		Quality measurement Object 10.3.7.82	IE is FFS
Quality measurement quantity	OP		Quality measurement quantity 10.3.7.83	IE is FFS
Quality reporting quantity	OP		Quality reporting quantity 10.3.7.86	
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	MP			
>Quality measurement reporting criteria			Quality measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.84	IE is FFS
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting				(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement

### 10.3.7.81 Quality measurement event results (FFS)

NOTE: Only the section is made.

### 10.3.7.82 Quality measurement object (FFS)

NOTE: Only the section is made.

### 10.3.7.83 Quality measurement quantity (FFS)

NOTE: Only the section is made.

### 10.3.7.84 Quality measurement reporting criteria (FFS)

NOTE: Only the section is made.

### 10.3.7.85 Quality measurement system information

NOTE: Only the section is made.

### 10.3.7.86 Quality reporting quantity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
DL Transport Channel BLER	MP		Boolean	TRUE means report requested
Transport channels for BLER reporting	CV BLER reporting	1 to <MaxBLER>		The default, if no transport channel identities are present, is that the BLER is reported for all downlink transport channels
>Transport channel identity	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
SIR	MP		Boolean	TRUE means report requested

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxBLER</i>	Maximum number of transport channels with BLER measurements that can be included in a measurement report

Condition	Explanation
<i>BLER reporting</i>	This information element is absent if 'DL Transport Channel BLER' is 'No' and optional, if 'DL Transport Channel BLER' is 'Yes'

### 10.3.7.87 Reference time difference to cell

The reference time difference to cell indicates the time difference between the primary CCPCH of the current cell and the primary CCPCH of a neighbouring cell. It is notified to UE by System Information or Measurement Control message.

In case of macro-diversity the reference is the primary CCPCH of one the cells used in the active set.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE accuracy	MP			
>40 chips				
>>Reference time difference	MP		Integer(0..38400 by step of 40)	In chips
>256 chips				
>>Reference time difference	MP		Integer(0..38400 by step of 256)	In chips
>2560 chips				
>>Reference time difference	MP		Enumerated(0..38400 by step of 2560)	In chips

NOTE: Exactly how the reference cell is pointed out in this case in the messages is FFS.

### 10.3.7.88 Reporting Cell Status

Indicates maximum allowed number of cells to report and whether active set cells and/or monitored set cells should/should not be included in the IE "Measured results".

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Maximum number of reporting cells	MP		Enumerated (mandatory cells only, mandatory cells+1, mandatory cells+2,.. mandatory cells+6)	For other measurement types than intra-frequency measurement, "mandatory cell" = 0.
Choice measurement	MP			At least one spare choice, Criticality: reject, is needed.
>intra-frequency				
>>Active set cell report	MP		Enumerated (include all, exclude all, other)	
>>Monitored set cell report	MP		Enumerated (exclude all, other)	

#### 10.3.7.89 Reporting information for state CELL\_DCH

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Intra-frequency reporting quantity	MP		Intra-frequency reporting quantity 10.3.7.41	
CHOICE report criteria	MP			
>Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria			Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.39	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	

#### 10.3.7.90 SFN-SFN observed time difference

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE type	MP			
>Type 1			Enumerated(0..983 0399)	Number of chips
>Type 2			Real(-1279.75..1280.0 by step of 0.25)	Number of chips

#### 10.3.7.91 Time to trigger

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Time to trigger	MP		Enumerated(0, 10, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 160, 200, 240, 320, 640, 1280, 2560, 5000)	Indicates the period of time between the timing of event detection and the timing of sending Measurement Report. Time in ms

### 10.3.7.92 Traffic volume event identity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Traffic volume event identity	MP		Enumerated(4a, 4b)	

### 10.3.7.93 Traffic volume measured results list

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Traffic volume measurement results	OP	1 to <MaxTraf>		
>RB Identity	MP		RB Identity 10.3.4.11	
>RLC buffers payload	OP		Enumerated(0, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2K, 4K, 8K, 16K, 32K, 64K, 128K, 256K, 512K, 1024K)	In bytes And N Kbytes = N*1024 bytes
>Average RLC buffer payload	OP		Enumerated(0, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2K, 4K, 8K, 16K, 32K, 64K, 128K, 256K, 512K, 1024K)	In bytes And N Kbytes = N*1024 bytes
>Variance of RLC buffer payload	OP		Enumerated(0, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2K, 4K, 8K, 16K)	In bytes And N Kbytes = N*1024 bytes

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxTraf</i>	Maximum number of radio bearers with traffic volume measurements that can be included in a measurement report

### 10.3.7.94 Traffic volume measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Traffic volume measurement Object	OP		Traffic volume measurement Object 10.3.7.96	
Traffic volume measurement quantity	OP		Traffic volume measurement quantity 10.3.7.97	
Traffic volume reporting quantity	OP		Traffic volume reporting quantity 10.3.7.100	
Measurement validity	OP		Measurement validity 10.3.7.76	
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	MP			
>Traffic volume measurement reporting criteria			Traffic volume measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.98	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting			(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement	

### 10.3.7.95 Traffic volume measurement event results

Contains the event result for a traffic volume measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Transport Channel causing the event	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
Traffic volume event identity	MP		Traffic volume event identity 10.3.7.92	

### 10.3.7.96 Traffic volume measurement object

Contains the measurement object information for a traffic volume measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Traffic volume measurement objects	MP	1 to <MaxTrCH count>		
>Target Transport Channel ID	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxTrCHCount	Maximum number of target Transport channels to be measured

### 10.3.7.97 Traffic volume measurement quantity

Contains the measurement quantity information for a traffic volume measurement.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Measurement quantity	MP		Enumerated( RLC buffer payload, Average RLC buffer payload, Variance of RLC buffer payload)	

### 10.3.7.98 Traffic volume measurement reporting criteria

Contains the measurement reporting criteria information for a traffic volume measurement.

Event 4a: RLC buffer payload exceeds an absolute threshold.

Event 4b: RLC buffer payload becomes smaller than an absolute threshold.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Parameters sent for each transport channel	OP	1 to <maxTrCH count>		
>Transport Channel ID	MP		Transport channel identity 10.3.5.16	
>Parameters required for each Event	OP	1 to 2		
>>Traffic volume event identity	MP		Traffic volume event identity 10.3.7.92	
>>Reporting Threshold	MP		Integer(8,16, 32,64,128,25 6,512,1024,1 536,2048,30 72,4096,614 4,8192)	Threshold in bytes
Time to trigger	OP		Time to trigger 10.3.7.91	Indicates the period of time between the timing of event detection and the timing of sending Measurement Report. Time in ms
Pending time after trigger	OP		Real(0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16)	Time in seconds. Indicates the period of time during which it is forbidden to send any new measurement reports with the same measurement ID even if the triggering condition is fulfilled again. Time in seconds
Tx interruption after trigger	OP		Real(0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16)	Time in seconds. Indicates whether or not the UE shall block DTCH transmissions on the RACH after a measurement report is triggered.
Amount of reporting	OP		Enumerated(1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, Infinity)	Measurement is "released" after the indicated amount of reporting from the UE itself.
Reporting interval	OP		Real(0, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16)	Interval in seconds. Indicates the interval of periodical report during the event is in the detected state.

Multi Bound	Explanation
<i>MaxTrCHcount</i>	Maximum number of transport channels = 64

### 10.3.7.99 Traffic volume measurement system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Traffic volume measurement identity number	MD		Measuremen t identity number 10.3.7.73	The traffic volume measurement identity number has default value 4.
Traffic volume measurement objects	OP		Traffic volume measurement objects 10.3.7.96	
Traffic volume measurement quantity	OP		Traffic volume measurement quantity 10.3.7.97	
Traffic volume reporting quantity	OP		Traffic volume reporting quantity 10.3.7.100	Note 2

NOTE 2: The reporting of traffic volume measurements is activated in state CELL\_FACH only.

### 10.3.7.100 Traffic volume reporting quantity

Contains the reporting quantity information for a traffic volume measurement.

For all boolean types TRUE means inclusion in the report is requested.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RLC buffer payload for each RB	MP		Boolean	
Average RLC buffer payload for each RB	MP		Boolean	
Variance of RLC buffer payload for each RB	MP		Boolean	

### 10.3.7.101 UE internal event identity

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE internal event identity	MP		Enumerated(6a,6b,6c,6d,6e, 6f, 6g)	

### 10.3.7.102 UE internal measured results

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>>UE Transmitted Power	OP		Real(-50..33)	UE transmitted power in dBm
>>UE Rx-Tx report entries	OP	1 to <maxUsedRLCount>		
>>>Primary CPICH info	MP		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	Primary CPICH info for each cell included in the active set
>>>UE Rx-Tx time difference	MP		UE Rx-Tx time difference 10.3.7.109	UE Rx-Tx time difference in chip for each RL included in the active set
>TDD				
>>UE transmitted Power	OP	1 to <maxUsedUpPTScount>		UE transmitted power for each used timeslot (TDD)

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxUsedRLCount	Maximum number of radio links that can be included in a measurement report for Rx-Tx time difference
MaxUsedUpPTScount	Maximum number of TS used for UL transmission

### 10.3.7.103 UE internal measurement

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE internal measurement quantity	OP		UE internal measurement quantity 10.3.7.105	
UE internal reporting quantity	OP		UE internal reporting quantity 10.3.7.108	
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	MP			
>UE internal measurement reporting criteria			UE internal measurement reporting criteria 10.3.7.106	
>Periodical reporting criteria			Periodical reporting criteria 10.3.7.78	
>No reporting				(no data) Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement

<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	<b>Condition under which the given report criteria is chosen</b>
UE internal measurement reporting criteria	Chosen when UE internal measurement event triggering is required
Periodical reporting criteria	Chosen when periodical reporting is required
No reporting	Chosen when this measurement only is used as additional measurement to another measurement

#### 10.3.7.104 UE internal measurement event results

This IE contains the measurement event results that are reported to UTRAN for UE internal measurements.

<b>Information Element/Group name</b>	<b>Need</b>	<b>Multi</b>	<b>Type and reference</b>	<b>Semantics description</b>
UE internal event identity	MP		UE internal event identity 10.3.7.101	
CHOICE mode	MP			
>FDD				
>Primary CPICH info	CV - clause 1		Primary CPICH info 10.3.6.43	
>TDD				(no data)

<b>Condition</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Clause 1	This IE is mandatory if "UE internal event identity" is set to "6f" or "6g", otherwise the IE is not needed

#### 10.3.7.105 UE internal measurement quantity

The quantity the UE shall measure in case of UE internal measurement.

<b>Information Element/Group name</b>	<b>Need</b>	<b>Multi</b>	<b>Type and reference</b>	<b>Semantics description</b>
Measurement quantity	MP		Enumerated(UE Transmitted Power, UTRA Carrier RSSI, UE Rx-Tx time difference)	
Filter coefficient	MP		Filter coefficient 10.3.7.9	

#### 10.3.7.106 UE internal measurement reporting criteria

The triggering of the event-triggered reporting for a UE internal measurement. All events concerning UE internal measurements are labelled 6x where x is a, b, c.... In TDD, the events 6a - 6d are measured and reported on timeslot basis.

Event 6a: The UE Transmitted Power becomes larger than an absolute threshold

Event 6b: The UE Transmitted Power becomes less than an absolute threshold

Event 6c: The UE Transmitted Power reaches its minimum value

Event 6d: The UE Transmitted Power reaches its maximum value

Event 6e: The UE RSSI reaches the UEs dynamic receiver range

Event 6f: The UE Rx-Tx time difference for a RL included in the active set becomes larger than an absolute threshold

Event 6g: The UE Rx-Tx time difference for a RL included in the active set becomes less than an absolute threshold

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Parameters sent for each UE internal measurement event	OP	1 to <maxEvent count>		
> UE internal event identity	MP		UE internal event identity 10.3.7.101	
>Time-to-trigger	MP		Integer(0, 10, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 160, 200, 240, 320, 640, 1280, 2560, 5000)	Time in ms. Indicates the period of time between the timing of event detection and the timing of sending Measurement Report.
>UE Transmitted power Tx power threshold	CV - clause 1		Integer(-50..33)	Power in dBm. In event 6a, 6b.
>UE Rx-Tx time difference threshold	CV - clause 2		Integer(769..1280)	Time difference in chip. In event 6f, 6g.

Condition	Explanation
Clause 1	The IE is mandatory if "UE internal event identity" is set to "6a" or "6b", otherwise the IE is not needed
Clause 2	The IE is mandatory if "UE internal event identity" is set to "6f" or "6g", otherwise the IE is not needed

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxEventcount	Maximum number of events that can be listed in measurement reporting criteria

### 10.3.7.107 UE internal measurement system information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE internal measurement identity number	MD		Measuremen t identity number 10.3.7.73	The UE internal measurement identity number has default value 5.
UE internal measurement quantity	MP		UE internal measuremen t quantity 10.3.7.105	

### 10.3.7.108 UE Internal reporting quantity

For all boolean types TRUE means inclusion in the report is requested.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE Transmitted Power	MP		Boolean	
UE Rx-Tx time difference	MP		Boolean	

### 10.3.7.109 UE Rx-Tx time difference

The difference in time between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first significant path, of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. This measurement is for FDD only.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE Rx-Tx time difference	MP		Integer(876..1172)	In chips. Number of chips.

### 10.3.8 Other Information elements

#### 10.3.8.1 BCCH modification info

Indicates modification of the System Information on BCCH.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
MIB Value tag	MP			
BCCH Modification time	OP		Integer (0..4094 by step of 2)	Even SFN values.

#### 10.3.8.2 BSIC

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Base transceiver Station Identity Code (BSIC)	MP			GSM TS 03.03
>Network Colour Code (NCC)	MP		Integer (0..7)	
>Base Station Colour Code (BCC)	MP		Integer (0..7)	

#### 10.3.8.3 CBS DRX Level 1 information

This information element contains the CBS discontinuous reception information to be broadcast for CBS DRX Level 1 calculations in the UE.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Period of CTCH allocation (N)	MP		Integer (1..256)	$M_{TTI} \leq N \leq 4096 - K$ , N multiple of $M_{TTI}$
CBS frame offset (K)	MP		Integer (0..255)	$0 \leq K \leq N-1$ , K multiple of $M_{TTI}$

#### 10.3.8.4 Cell Value tag

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Cell Value tag	MP		Enumerated (1..4)	

#### 10.3.8.5 Inter-System handover failure

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Inter-System handover failure	MD		Enumerated(C)	Default value is "unspecified".

cause			onfiguration unacceptable, physical channel failure, protocol error, unspecified)	At least 3 spare values, criticality = default, are required
Protocol error information	CV- <i>ProtErr</i>		Protocol error information 10.3.8.9	
Inter-System message	OP		Inter-System message 10.3.8.6	

Condition	Explanation
<i>ProtErr</i>	If the IE "Inter-system handover failure cause" has the value "Protocol error"

### 10.3.8.6 Inter-system message

This Information Element contains one or several messages that are structured and coded according to the specification used for the system type indicated by the first parameter.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
System type	MP		Enumerated (GSM, cdma2000)	At least 14 spare values, Criticality: reject, are needed
CHOICE system	MP			At least 14 spare choices, Criticality: reject, are needed
>GSM				
>>Message(s)	MP	1..<maxInt erSysMess ages>	Bitstring (1..512)	Formatted and coded according to GSM specifications
>cdma2000				
>>cdma2000Message	MP	1..<maxInt erSysMess ages>		
>>>MSG_TYPE(s)	MP		Bitstring (8)	Formatted and coded according to cdma2000 specifications
>>>cdma2000Messagepayload(s)	MP		Bitstring (1..512)	Formatted and coded according to cdma2000 specifications

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxInterSysMessages(=4)	Maximum number of Inter System Messages to send

### 10.3.8.7 MIB Value tag

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
MIB Value tag	MP		Enumerated (1..8)	

### 10.3.8.8 PLMN Value tag

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PLMN Value tag	MP		Enumerated (1..256)	

### 10.3.8.9 Protocol error information

This information element contains diagnostics information returned by the receiver of a message that was not completely understood.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE diagnostics type	MP			At least one spare choice is needed.
> Protocol error cause			Protocol error cause 10.3.3.28	

### 10.3.8.10 References to other system information blocks

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
References to other system information blocks	MP	1 to <MaxSysInfoBlockCount>		
>Scheduling information	MD		Scheduling information, 10.3.8.11	

Multi bound	Explanation
MaxSysInfoBlockCount	Maximum number of references to other system information blocks

### 10.3.8.11 Scheduling information

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SIB type	MP			
CHOICE Value tag	OP			
>PLMN Value tag			PLMN Value tag 10.3.8.8	This IE is included if the following conditions are fulfilled: - the area scope for the system information block is set to "PLMN" in table 8.1.1. a value tag is used to indicate changes in the system information block.
>Cell Value tag			Cell Value tag 10.3.8.4	This IE is included if the following conditions are fulfilled: - the area scope for the system information block is set to "cell" in table 8.1.1. - a value tag is used to indicate changes in the system information block.
Scheduling	MD			see below for default value
>SEG_COUNT	MD		SEG COUNT 10.3.8.12	Default value is 1
>SIB_REP	MP		Integer (4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048)	Repetition period for the SIB in frames
>SIB_POS	MP		Integer (0 ..Rep-2 by step of 2)	Position of the first segment Rep is the value of the SIB_REP IE
>SIB_POS offset info	MD	1..15		see below for default value
>>SIB_OFF	MP		Enumerated (2, 4, 6, ..32)	Offset of subsequent segments

Field	Default value
SIB_POS offset info	The default value is that all segments are consecutive, i.e., that the SIB_OFF = 2 for all segments.
Scheduling	The default value is the scheduling of the SIB as specified in another SIB.

### 10.3.8.12 SEG COUNT

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SEG_COUNT	MP		Integer (1..16)	Number of segments in the system information block

### 10.3.8.13 Segment index

Each system information segment has an individual segment index.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Segment index	MP		Integer (0..15)	Segments of a system information block are numbered starting with 0 for the first part.

### 10.3.8.14 SIB data

Contains the result of the IE 'SIB Content' after segmentation.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SIB data	MP		Bit string (1..MaxDataLength)	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxDataLength	Maximum length of a BCH- or FACH transport block used for broadcast of system information.

### 10.3.8.15 SIB type

The SIB type identifies a specific system information block.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SIB type	MP		Enumerated, see below	

The list of values to encode is:

- Master information block,
- System Information Type 1,
- System Information Type 2,
- System Information Type 3,
- System Information Type 4,
- System Information Type 5,
- System Information Type 6,
- System Information Type 7,
- System Information Type 8,
- System Information Type 9,
- System Information Type 10,
- System Information Type 11,
- System Information Type 12,
- System Information Type 13,
- System Information Type 13.1,
- System Information Type 13.2,

System Information Type 13.3,

System Information Type 13.4,

System Information Type 14,

System Information Type 15,

System Information Type 16

in addition, at least 12 spare values, criticality : ignore, are needed.

### 10.3.9 ANSI-41 Information elements

#### 10.3.9.1 ANSI 41 Core Network Information

Information element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
P_REV	MP		P_REV 10.3.9.9	
MIN_P_REV	MP		MIN_P_REV 10.3.9.7	
SID	MP		SID 10.3.9.10	
NID	MP		NID 10.3.9.8	

#### 10.3.9.2 ANSI-41 Global Service Redirection information

This Information Element contains ANSI-41 Global Service Redirection information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
ANSI-41 Global Service Redirection information	MP		Bit string (size (1..MaxLength))	Formatted and coded according to the 3GPP2 document "G3G CDMA DS on ANSI-41"

#### 10.3.9.3 ANSI-41 NAS system information

This Information Element contains ANSI-41 system information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
NAS (ANSI-41) system information	MP		Bit string (size (1..MaxLength))	Formatted and coded according to the 3GPP2 document "G3G CDMA DS on ANSI-41"

#### 10.3.9.4 ANSI-41 Private Neighbor List information

This Information Element contains ANSI-41 Private Neighbor List information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
ANSI-41 Private Neighbor List information	MP		Bit string (size (1..MaxLength))	Formatted and coded according to the 3GPP2 document "G3G CDMA DS on ANSI-41"

### 10.3.9.5 ANSI-41 RAND information

This Information Element contains ANSI-41 RAND information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
ANSI-41 RAND information	MP		Bit string (size (1..MaxLength))	Formatted and coded according to the 3GPP2 document "G3G CDMA DS on ANSI-41"

### 10.3.9.6 ANSI-41 User Zone Identification information

This Information Element contains ANSI-41 User Zone Identification information.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
ANSI-41 User Zone Identification information	MP		Bit string (size (1..MaxLength))	Formatted and coded according to the 3GPP2 document "G3G CDMA DS on ANSI-41"

### 10.3.9.7 MIN\_P\_REV

This Information Element contains minimum protocol revision level.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
MIN_P_REV	MP			Minimum protocol revision level

### 10.3.9.8 NID

This Information Element contains Network identification.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
NID	MP			Network identification

### 10.3.9.9 P\_REV

This Information Element contains protocol revision level.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
P_REV	MP			Protocol revision level

### 10.3.9.10 SID

This Information Element contains System identification.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
SID	MP			System identification

# 11 Message and Information element abstract syntax (with ASN.1)

This clause contains definitions for RRC PDUs and IEs using a subset of ASN.1 as specified in TR 25.921. PDU and IE definitions are grouped into separate ASN.1 modules.

**NOTE:** The proposal is to keep both clause 10 and 11 (at least until all messages and information elements are fully discussed and agreed by 3GPP RAN WG2). Clause 10 is intended to give an abstract description (in English) of the messages and information elements whereas clause 11 should contain the exact normative definitions with all necessary details.

## 11.1 General message structure

```
Class-definitions DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```

ActiveSetUpdate,
ActiveSetUpdateComplete,
ActiveSetUpdateFailure,
CellUpdate,
CellUpdateConfirm,
DownlinkDirectTransfer,
DownlinkOuterLoopControl,
HandoverToUTRANCommand,
HandoverToUTRANComplete,
InitialDirectTransfer,
InterSystemHandoverCommand,
InterSystemHandoverFailure,
MeasurementControl,
MeasurementControlFailure,
MeasurementReport,
PagingType1,
PagingType2,
PhysicalChannelReconfiguration,
PhysicalChannelReconfigurationComplete,
PhysicalChannelReconfigurationFailure,
PhysicalSharedChannelAllocation,
PUSCHCapacityRequest,
RadioBearerReconfiguration,
RadioBearerReconfigurationComplete,
RadioBearerReconfigurationFailure,
RadioBearerRelease,
RadioBearerReleaseComplete,
RadioBearerReleaseFailure,
RadioBearerSetup,
RadioBearerSetupComplete,
RadioBearerSetupFailure,
RNTIReallocation,
RNTIReallocationComplete,
RNTIReallocationFailure,
RRCCConnectionReEstablishment,
RRCCConnectionReEstablishment-CCCH,
RRCCConnectionReEstablishmentComplete,
RRCCConnectionReEstablishmentRequest,
RRCCConnectionReject,
RRCCConnectionRelease,
RRCCConnectionReleaseComplete,
RRCCConnectionRequest,
RRCCConnectionSetup,
RRCCConnectionSetupComplete,
RRCStatus,
SecurityModeCommand,
SecurityModeComplete,
SecurityModeFailure,
SignallingConnectionRelease,
SystemInformation-BCH,
SystemInformation-FACH,
SystemInformationChangeIndication,
TransportChannelReconfiguration,
```

```

TransportChannelReconfigurationComplete,
TransportChannelReconfigurationFailure,
TransportFormatCombinationControl,
TransportFormatCombinationControlFailure,
UECapabilityEnquiry,
UECapabilityInformation,
UECapabilityInformationConfirm,
UplinkDirectTransfer,
UplinkPhysicalChannelControl,
URAUpdate,
URAUpdateConfirm,
URAUpdateConfirm-CCCH
FROM PDU-definitions

    IntegrityCheckInfo
FROM UserEquipment-IEs;

-- ****
-- Downlink DCCH messages
-- ****

DL-DCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityCheckInfo      IntegrityCheckInfo      OPTIONAL,
    message                 DL-DCCH-MessageType
}

DL-DCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    activeSetUpdate          ActiveSetUpdate,
    cellUpdateConfirm        CellUpdateConfirm,
    downlinkDirectTransfer  DownlinkDirectTransfer,
    downlinkOuterLoopControl DownlinkOuterLoopControl,
    interSystemHandoverCommand InterSystemHandoverCommand,
    measurementControl      MeasurementControl,
    pagingType2              PagingType2,
    physicalChannelReconfiguration PhysicalChannelReconfiguration,
    radioBearerReconfiguration RadioBearerReconfiguration,
    radioBearerRelease       RadioBearerRelease,
    radioBearerSetup         RadioBearerSetup,
    rntiReallocation        RNTIReallocation,
    rrcConnectionReEstablishment RRCConnectionReEstablishment,
    rrcConnectionRelease    RRCConnectionRelease,
    securityModeCommand     SecurityModeCommand,
    signallingConnectionRelease SignallingConnectionRelease,
    transportChannelReconfiguration TransportChannelReconfiguration,
    transportFormatCombinationControl TransportFormatCombinationControl,
    ueCapabilityEnquiry      UECapabilityEnquiry,
    ueCapabilityInformationConfirm UECapabilityInformationConfirm,
    uplinkPhysicalChannelControl UplinkPhysicalChannelControl,
    uraUpdateConfirm         URAUpdateConfirm,
    extension                NULL
}

-- ****
-- Uplink DCCH messages
-- ****

UL-DCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityCheckInfo      IntegrityCheckInfo      OPTIONAL,
    message                 UL-DCCH-MessageType
}

UL-DCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    activeSetUpdateComplete ActiveSetUpdateComplete,
    activeSetUpdateFailure ActiveSetUpdateFailure,
    handoverToUTRANComplete HandoverToUTRANComplete,
    initialDirectTransfer InitialDirectTransfer,
    interSystemHandoverFailure InterSystemHandoverFailure,
    measurementReport      MeasurementReport,
    physicalChannelReconfigurationComplete PhysicalChannelReconfigurationComplete,
    physicalChannelReconfigurationFailure PhysicalChannelReconfigurationFailure,
    radioBearerReconfigurationComplete RadioBearerReconfigurationComplete,
    radioBearerReconfigurationFailure RadioBearerReconfigurationFailure,
}

```

```

radioBearerReleaseComplete          RadioBearerReleaseComplete,
radioBearerReleaseFailure         RadioBearerReleaseFailure,
radioBearerSetupComplete          RadioBearerSetupComplete,
radioBearerSetupFailure          RadioBearerSetupFailure,
rntiReallocationComplete        RNTIReallocationComplete,
rntiReallocationFailure         RNTIReallocationFailure,
rrcConnectionReEstablishmentComplete RRCCConnectionReEstablishmentComplete,
rrcConnectionReleaseComplete     RRCCConnectionReleaseComplete,
rrcConnectionSetupComplete       RRCCConnectionSetupComplete,
rrcStatus                        RRCCstatus,
securityModeComplete            SecurityModeComplete,
securityModeFailure             SecurityModeFailure,
transportChannelReconfigurationComplete TransportChannelReconfigurationComplete,
transportChannelReconfigurationFailure TransportChannelReconfigurationFailure,
transportFormatCombinationControlFailure TransportFormatCombinationControlFailure,
ueCapabilityInformation          UECapabilityInformation,
uplinkDirectTransfer            UplinkDirectTransfer,
extension                         NULL
}

--*****
-- Downlink CCCH messages
--*****

DL-CCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityCheckInfo      IntegrityCheckInfo      OPTIONAL,
    message                 DL-CCCH-MessageType
}

DL-CCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    rrcConnectionReEstablishment   RRCCConnectionReEstablishment-CCCH,
    rrcConnectionReject           RRCCConnectionReject,
    rrcConnectionSetup            RRCCConnectionSetup,
    uraUpdateConfirm              URAUpdateConfirm-CCCH,
    extension                     NULL
}

--*****
-- Uplink CCCH messages
--*****

UL-CCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityCheckInfo      IntegrityCheckInfo      OPTIONAL,
    message                 UL-CCCH-MessageType
}

UL-CCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    cellUpdate                  CellUpdate,
    rrcConnectionReEstablishmentRequest RRCCConnectionReEstablishmentRequest,
    rrcConnectionRequest         RRCCConnectionRequest,
    uraUpdate                   URAUpdate,
    extension                   NULL
}

--*****
-- PCCH messages
--*****

PCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    message                 PCCH-MessageType
}

PCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    pagingType1                PagingType1,
    extension                  NULL
}

```

```

-- Downlink SHCCH messages
-- ****
DL-SHCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityCheckInfo      IntegrityCheckInfo      OPTIONAL,
    message                 DL-SHCCH-MessageType
}

DL-SHCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    physicalSharedChannelAllocation   PhysicalSharedChannelAllocation,
    extension                      NULL
}

-- ****
-- Uplink SHCCH messages
-- ****

UL-SHCCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityCheckInfo      IntegrityCheckInfo      OPTIONAL,
    message                 UL-SHCCH-MessageType
}

UL-SHCCH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    puschCapacityRequest     PUSCHCapacityRequest,
    extension                NULL
}

-- ****
-- Handover to UTRAN command
-- ****

HO-ToUTRAN-CommandMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    message                 HandoverToUTRANCommand
}

-- ****
-- BCCH messages sent on FACH
-- ****

BCCH-FACH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    message                 BCCH-FACH-MessageType
}

BCCH-FACH-MessageType ::= CHOICE {
    systemInformation        SystemInformation-FACH,
    systemInformationChangeIndication SystemInformationChangeIndication,
    extension                NULL
}

-- ****
-- BCCH messages sent on BCH
-- ****

BCCH-BCH-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    message                 SystemInformation-BCH
}

END

```

## 11.2 PDU definitions

```

-- ****
-- TABULAR: The message type and integrity check info are not
-- visible in this module as they are defined in the class module.
-- Also, all FDD/TDD specific choices have the FDD option first
-- and TDD second, just for consistency.

```

```

-- ****
PDU-definitions DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN
-- ****
-- IE parameter types from other modules
-- ****

IMPORTS

    CN-DomainIdentity,
    CN-InformationInfo,
    FlowIdentifier,
    NAS-Message,
    PagingRecordTypeID,
    ServiceDescriptor,
    SignallingFlowInfoList
FROM CoreNetwork-IEs

    URA-Identity
FROM UTRANMobility-IEs

    ActivationTime,
    C-RNTI,
    CapabilityUpdateRequirement,
    CellUpdateCause,
    CipheringAlgorithm,
    CipheringModeInfo,
    DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient,
    DRX-Indicator,
    EstablishmentCause,
    FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    HyperFrameNumber,
    InitialUE-Capability,
    InitialUE-Identity,
    IntegrityProtActivationInfo,
    IntegrityProtectionModeInfo,
    PagingCause,
    PagingRecordList,
    ProtocolErrorIndicator,
    ProtocolErrorIndicatorWithInfo,
    Re-EstablishmentTimer,
    RedirectionInfo,
    RejectionCause,
    ReleaseCause,
    RLC-ReconfigurationIndicator,
    RRC-MessageTX-Count,
    U-RNTI,
    U-RNTI-Short,
    UE-RadioAccessCapability,
    URA-UpdateCause,
    WaitTime
FROM UserEquipment-IEs

    PredefinedConfigIdentity,
    RAB-Info,
    RAB-InformationSetupList,
    RB-ActivationTimeInfo,
    RB-ActivationTimeInfoList,
    RB-InformationAffectedList,
    RB-InformationReconfigList,
    RB-InformationReleaseList,
    RB-InformationSetupList,
    RB-WithPDCP-InfoList,
    SRB-InformationSetupList,
    SRB-InformationSetupList2
FROM RadioBearer-IEs

    CPCH-SetID,
    DL-AddReconfTransChInfo2List,
    DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList,
    DL-CommonTransChInfo,
    DL-DeletedTransChInfoList,

```

```

DRAC-StaticInformationList,
TFC-Subset,
UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList,
UL-CommonTransChInfo,
UL-DeletedTransChInfoList
FROM TransportChannel-IEs

AllocationPeriodInfo,
CCTrCH-PowerControlInfo,
ConstantValue,
CPCH-SetInfo,
DL-CommonInformation,
DL-InfoPerRL-List,
DL-InformationPerRL,
DL-InformationPerRL-List,
DL-DPCH-InfoCommon,
DL-DPCH-PowerControlInfo,
DL-OuterLoopControl,
DL-PDSCH-Information,
FrequencyInfo,
IndividualTS-InterferenceList,
MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power,
PDSCH-Info,
PRACH-RACH-Info,
PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power,
PUSCH-Info,
RL-AdditionInformationList,
RL-RemovalInformationList,
UL-DPCH-InfoShort,
SSDT-Information,
TFC-ControlDuration,
TimeslotList,
TX-DiversityMode,
UL-ChannelRequirement,
UL-DPCH-Info,
UL-DPCH-InfoHO,
UL-Interference,
UL-TimingAdvance
FROM PhysicalChannel-IEs

AdditionalMeasurementID-List,
EventResults,
MeasuredResults,
MeasuredResultsList,
MeasuredResultsOnRACH,
MeasurementCommand,
MeasurementIdentityNumber,
MeasurementReportingMode,
PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP,
TimeslotListWithISCP,
TrafficVolumeMeasuredResultsList
FROM Measurement-IEs

BCCH-ModificationInfo,
InterSystemHO-Failure,
InterSystemMessage,
ProtocolErrorInformation,
SegCount,
SegmentIndex,
SFN-Prime,
SIB-Content,
SIB-Data,
SIB-Type
FROM Other-IEs;

-- ****
-- 
-- ACTIVE SET UPDATE (FDD only)
-- 
-- ****

ActiveSetUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo      IntegrityProtectionModeInfo      OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo                CipheringModeInfo            OPTIONAL,
    activationTime                   ActivationTime                 OPTIONAL,
    newU-RNTI                        U-RNTI                      OPTIONAL,
    -- Core network IEs
}

```

```

    cn-InformationInfo          CN-InformationInfo           OPTIONAL,
-- Radio bearer IEs          RB-WithPDCP-InfoList        OPTIONAL,
-- Physical channel IEs      maxAllowedUL-TX-Power     OPTIONAL,
                           rl-AdditionInformationList OPTIONAL,
                           rl-RemovalInformationList OPTIONAL,
                           tx-DiversityMode       OPTIONAL,
                           ssdt-Information        OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism       non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {}      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- ACTIVE SET UPDATE COMPLETE (FDD only)
-- ****

ActiveSetUpdateComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs      IntegrityProtActivationInfo OPTIONAL,
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo IntegrityProtActivationInfo OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs        RB-ActivationTimeInfo      OPTIONAL,
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo      OPTIONAL,
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList        RB-WithPDCP-InfoList        OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism     non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {}      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- ACTIVE SET UPDATE FAILURE (FDD only)
-- ****

ActiveSetUpdateFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs      FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    failureCause                FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism     non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {}      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- CELL UPDATE
-- ****

CellUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs      U-RNTI,                         OPTIONAL,
    u-RNTI,                      BOOLEAN,                        OPTIONAL,
    am-RLC-ErrorIndication      CellUpdateCause,           OPTIONAL,
    cellUpdateCause              ProtocolErrorIndicatorWithInfo,
    protocolErrorIndicator      -- TABULAR: Protocol error information is nested in
                                -- ProtocolErrorIndicatorWithInfo.
    -- Extension mechanism     non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {}      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- CELL UPDATE CONFIRM
-- ****

CellUpdateConfirm ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs      IntegrityProtectionModeInfo OPTIONAL,
    integrityProtectionModeInfo CipheringModeInfo        OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo            U-RNTI,                         OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                  C-RNTI,                         OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                  DRX-Indicator,           OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator               DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff RLC-ReconfigurationIndicator, OPTIONAL,
    rlc-ReconfIndicatorC-Plane  RLC-ReconfigurationIndicator, OPTIONAL,
    rlc-ReconfIndicatorU-Plane  RLC-ReconfigurationIndicator, OPTIONAL
}

```

```

-- CN information elements
  cn-InformationInfo           CN-InformationInfo          OPTIONAL,
-- UTRAN mobility IEs
  ura-Identity                 URA-Identity              OPTIONAL,
-- Radio bearer IEs
  rb-WithPDCP-InfoList         RB-WithPDCP-InfoList    OPTIONAL,
-- Physical channel IEs
  maxAllowedUL-TX-Power       MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power  OPTIONAL,
  prach-RACH-Info              PRACH-RACH-Info        OPTIONAL,
  dl-InformationPerRL          DL-InformationPerRL    OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}             OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- DOWNLINK DIRECT TRANSFER
--
-- ****

DownlinkDirectTransfer ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Core network IEs
    cn-DomainIdentity           CN-DomainIdentity,
    nas-Message                  NAS-Message,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}             OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- DOWNLINK OUTER LOOP CONTROL
--
-- ****

DownlinkOuterLoopControl ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Physical channel IEs
    dl-OuterLoopControl          DL-OuterLoopControl,
    dl-DPCH-PowerControlInfo     DL-DPCH-PowerControlInfo OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}             OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND
--
-- ****

HandoverToUTRANCommand ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    new-U-RNTI                  U-RNTI-Short,
    activationTime                ActivationTime           OPTIONAL,
    cipheringAlgorithm            CipheringAlgorithm      OPTIONAL,
  -- Radio bearer IEs
    rab-Info                     RAB-Info,
  -- Specification mode information
    specificationMode             CHOICE {
      complete                   SEQUENCE {
        srb-InformationSetupList SRB-InformationSetupList,
        rb-InformationSetupList  RB-InformationSetupList,
        ul-CommonTransChInfo     UL-CommonTransChInfo,
        ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList,
        dl-CommonTransChInfo     DL-CommonTransChInfo,
        dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList,
        ul-DPCH-Info              UL-DPCH-InfoHO,
        dl-CommonInformation     DL-CommonInformation,
        dl-PDSCH-Information      DL-PDSCH-Information    OPTIONAL,
        modeSpecificInfo          CHOICE {
          fdd                      SEQUENCE {
            cpch-SetInfo            CPCH-SetInfo           OPTIONAL
          },
          tdd                      NULL
        },
        dl-InformationPerRL-List   DL-InformationPerRL-List
      },
      preconfiguration            SEQUENCE {
        predefinedConfigIdentity PredefinedConfigIdentity,
        ul-DPCH-InfoShort         UL-DPCH-InfoShort,
      }
    }
}

```

```

        dl-DPCH-InfoCommon
        dl-InfoPerRL-List
    }
},
-- Physical channel IEs
    frequencyInfo
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power
    modeSpecificPhysChInfo
        fdd
        tdd
            primaryCCPCH-TX-Power
            constantValue
            ul-Interference
            cellParametersID
        }
},
-- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information
SEQUENCE {}
OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- HANOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE
-- 
-- ****

HandoverToUTRANComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionHFN
    HyperFrameNumber,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information
SEQUENCE {}
OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER
-- 
-- ****

InitialDirectTransfer ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Core network IEs
    serviceDescriptor
    ServiceDescriptor,
    flowIdentifier
    FlowIdentifier,
    cn-DomainIdentity
    CN-DomainIdentity,
    nas-Message
    NAS-Message,
    -- Measurement IEs
    measuredResultsOnRACH
    MeasuredResultsOnRACH
    OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information
SEQUENCE {}
OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- INTER-SYSTEM HANOVER COMMAND
-- 
-- ****

InterSystemHandoverCommand ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    activationTime
    ActivationTime
    OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    remainingRAB-Info
    RAB-Info
    OPTIONAL,
    -- Other IEs
    interSystemMessage
    InterSystemMessage,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information
SEQUENCE {}
OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- INTER-SYSTEM HANOVER FAILURE
-- 
-- ****

InterSystemHandoverFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Other IEs
    interSystemHO-Failure
    InterSystemHO-Failure
    OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
}

```

```

        non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}          OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- MEASUREMENT CONTROL
--
-- ****

MeasurementControl ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Measurement IEs
    measurementIdentityNumber      MeasurementIdentityNumber,
    measurementCommand             MeasurementCommand,
    -- TABULAR: The measurement type is included in MeasurementCommand.
    measurementReportingMode       MeasurementReportingMode           OPTIONAL,
    additionalMeasurementList      AdditionalMeasurementID-List   OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- MEASUREMENT CONTROL FAILURE
--
-- ****

MeasurementControlFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause                   FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- MEASUREMENT REPORT
--
-- ****

MeasurementReport ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Measurement IEs
    measurementIdentityNumber      MeasurementIdentityNumber,
    measuredResults                MeasuredResults           OPTIONAL,
    additionalMeasuredResults      MeasuredResultsList     OPTIONAL,
    eventResults                   EventResults            OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- PAGING TYPE 1
--
-- ****

PagingType1 ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    pagingRecordList               PagingRecordList         OPTIONAL,
    -- Other IEs
    bcch-ModificationInfo          BCCH-ModificationInfo   OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- PAGING TYPE 2
--
-- ****

PagingType2 ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    pagingCause                    PagingCause,
    -- Core network IEs
    cn-DomainIdentity              CN-DomainIdentity,
    pagingRecordTypeID              PagingRecordTypeID,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

```

```

}

-- ****
-- PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION
-- ****

PhysicalChannelReconfiguration ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo      IntegrityProtectionModeInfo      OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo                CipheringModeInfo            OPTIONAL,
    activationTime                   ActivationTime               OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                      U-RNTI                     OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                      C-RNTI                     OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator                    DRX-Indicator              OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff     DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient OPTIONAL,
    re-EstablishmentTimer           Re-EstablishmentTimer    OPTIONAL,
    -- Core network IEs
    cn-InformationInfo              CN-InformationInfo        OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList            RB-WithPDCP-InfoList       OPTIONAL,
    -- Physical channel IEs
    frequencyInfo                   FrequencyInfo             OPTIONAL,
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power          MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power    OPTIONAL,
    ul-ChannelRequirement          UL-ChannelRequirement    OPTIONAL,
    -- TABULAR: UL-ChannelRequirement contains the choice
    -- between UL DPCH info and PRACH info for RACH.
    dl-CommonInformation           DL-CommonInformation      OPTIONAL,
    dl-PDSCH-Information          DL-PDSCH-Information     OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd                         CHOICE {
            cpch-SetInfo             SEQUENCE {
                cpch-SetInfo          CPCH-SetInfo            OPTIONAL
            },
            tdd                         NULL
        },
        dl-InformationPerRL-List    DL-InformationPerRL-List,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE
-- ****

PhysicalChannelReconfigurationComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo     IntegrityProtActivationInfo  OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd                         CHOICE {
            tdd                         NULL,
            ul-TimingAdvance          SEQUENCE {
                ul-TimingAdvance      UL-TimingAdvance        OPTIONAL
            }
        },
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo   RB-ActivationTimeInfo      OPTIONAL,
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList           RB-WithPDCP-InfoList       OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE
-- ****

PhysicalChannelReconfigurationFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause                   FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

```

```

-- PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION (TDD only)
--
-- ****
PhysicalSharedChannelAllocation ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    c-RNTI
    -- Physical channel IEs
    ul-TimingAdvance           OPTIONAL,
    allocationPeriodInfo       OPTIONAL,
    pusch-Info                 OPTIONAL,
    pdsch-Info                 OPTIONAL,
    timeslotList               OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information  SEQUENCE {}          OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST (TDD only)
--
-- ****
PUSCHCapacityRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    c-RNTI
    -- Measurement IEs
    trafficVolumeMeasuredResultsList
        TrafficVolumeMeasuredResultsList,
    timeslotListWithISCP        TimeslotListWithISCP      OPTIONAL,
    primaryCCPCH-RSCP          PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP      OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information  SEQUENCE {}          OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION
--
-- ****
RadioBearerReconfiguration ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo  IntegrityProtectionModeInfo   OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo            CipheringModeInfo         OPTIONAL,
    activationTime                ActivationTime             OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                   U-RNTI                     OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                   C-RNTI                     OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator                DRX-Indicator             OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff  DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient OPTIONAL,
    re-EstablishmentTimer        Re-EstablishmentTimer    OPTIONAL,
    -- Core network IEs
    cn-InformationInfo          CN-InformationInfo      OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-InformationReconfigList  RB-InformationReconfigList  OPTIONAL,
    rb-InformationAffectedList  RB-InformationAffectedList OPTIONAL,
    -- Transport channel IEs
    ul-CommonTransChInfo         UL-CommonTransChInfo    OPTIONAL,
    ul-DeletedTransChInfoList   UL-DeletedTransChInfoList  OPTIONAL,
    ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificTransChInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd
                cpch-SetID           CPCH-SetID           OPTIONAL,
                addReconfTransChDRAC-Info DRAC-StaticInformationList OPTIONAL
            },
            tdd
                NULL
        }
    dl-CommonTransChInfo         DL-CommonTransChInfo    OPTIONAL,
    dl-DeletedTransChInfoList   DL-DeletedTransChInfoList  OPTIONAL,
    dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList DL-AddReconfTransChInfo2List OPTIONAL,
    -- Physical channel IEs
    frequencyInfo                FrequencyInfo           OPTIONAL,
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power       MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power  OPTIONAL,
    ul-ChannelRequirement       UL-ChannelRequirement  OPTIONAL,
    dl-CommonInformation        DL-CommonInformation  OPTIONAL,
    dl-PDSCH-Information        DL-PDSCH-Information  OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificPhysChInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd
                SEQUENCE {

```

```

        cpch-SetInfo          CPCH-SetInfo           OPTIONAL
    },
    tdd                  NULL
},
dl-InformationPerRL-List   DL-InformationPerRL-List,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {}
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerReconfigurationComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo   OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo             CHOICE {
        fdd                   NULL,
        tdd                   SEQUENCE {
            ul-TimingAdvance      UL-TimingAdvance       OPTIONAL
        }
    },
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo   OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}           OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION FAILURE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerReconfigurationFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause               FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}           OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER RELEASE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerRelease ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo IntegrityProtectionModeInfo   OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo           CipheringModeInfo         OPTIONAL,
    activationTime              ActivationTime           OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                 U-RNTI                  OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                 C-RNTI                  OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator               DRX-Indicator           OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient   OPTIONAL,
    re-EstablishmentTimer       Re-EstablishmentTimer   OPTIONAL,
    -- Core network IEs
    cn-InformationInfo         CN-InformationInfo     OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-InformationReleaseList  RB-InformationReleaseList,
    rb-InformationAffectedList RB-InformationAffectedList OPTIONAL,
    -- Transport channel IEs
    ul-CommonTransChInfo       UL-CommonTransChInfo   OPTIONAL,
    ul-DeletedTransChInfoList  UL-DeletedTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificTransChInfo    CHOICE {
        fdd                   SEQUENCE {
            cpch-SetID          CPCH-SetID           OPTIONAL,
            addReconfTransChDRAC-Info DRAC-StaticInformationList OPTIONAL
        },
        tdd                   NULL
    },
    dl-CommonTransChInfo       DL-CommonTransChInfo   OPTIONAL,
    dl-DeletedTransChInfoList  DL-DeletedTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList DL-AddReconfTransChInfo2List OPTIONAL
}

```

```

-- Physical channel IEs
frequencyInfo FrequencyInfo OPTIONAL,
maxAllowedUL-TX-Power MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power OPTIONAL,
ul-ChannelRequirement UL-ChannelRequirement OPTIONAL,
dl-CommonInformation DL-CommonInformation OPTIONAL,
dl-PDSCH-Information DL-PDSCH-Information OPTIONAL,
modeSpecificPhysChInfo CHOICE {
    fdd SEQUENCE {
        cpch-SetInfo CPCH-SetInfo OPTIONAL
    },
    tdd NULL
},
dl-InformationPerRL-List DL-InformationPerRL-List,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {} OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER RELEASE COMPLETE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerReleaseComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo IntegrityProtActivationInfo OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd NULL,
        tdd SEQUENCE {
            ul-TimingAdvance UL-TimingAdvance OPTIONAL
        }
    },
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo OPTIONAL,
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList RB-WithPDCP-InfoList OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {} OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER RELEASE FAILURE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerReleaseFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {} OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER SETUP
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerSetup ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo IntegrityProtectionModeInfo OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo CipheringModeInfo OPTIONAL,
    activationTime ActivationTime OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI U-RNTI OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI C-RNTI OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator DRX-Indicator OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient OPTIONAL,
    re-EstablishmentTimer Re-EstablishmentTimer OPTIONAL,
    -- Core network IEs
    cn-InformationInfo CN-InformationInfo OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    srb-InformationSetupList SRB-InformationSetupList OPTIONAL,
    rab-InformationSetupList RAB-InformationSetupList OPTIONAL,
    rb-InformationAffectedList RB-InformationAffectedList OPTIONAL,
    -- Transport channel IEs
    ul-CommonTransChInfo UL-CommonTransChInfo OPTIONAL,
    ul-deletedTransChInfoList UL-DeletedTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
}

```

```

modeSpecificTransChInfo      CHOICE {
    fdd                      SEQUENCE {
        cpch-SetID           CPCH-SetID           OPTIONAL,
        addReconfTransChDRAC-Info DRAC-StaticInformationList OPTIONAL
    },
    tdd                      NULL
}
dl-CommonTransChInfo        DL-CommonTransChInfo        OPTIONAL,
dl-DeletedTransChInfoList   DL-DeletedTransChInfoList   OPTIONAL,
dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
-- Physical channel IEs
frequencyInfo               FrequencyInfo               OPTIONAL,
maxAllowedUL-TX-Power       MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power       OPTIONAL,
ul-ChannelRequirement       UL-ChannelRequirement       OPTIONAL,
dl-CommonInformation        DL-CommonInformation        OPTIONAL,
dl-PDSCH-Information       DL-PDSCH-Information       OPTIONAL,
modeSpecificPhysChInfo      CHOICE {
    fdd                      SEQUENCE {
        cpch-SetInfo          CPCH-SetInfo          OPTIONAL
    },
    tdd                      NULL
},
dl-InformationPerRL-List    DL-InformationPerRL-List,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}                OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerSetupComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo   OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo              CHOICE {
        fdd                      NULL,
        tdd                      SEQUENCE {
            ul-TimingAdvance     UL-TimingAdvance     OPTIONAL
        }
    },
    hyperFrameNumber             HyperFrameNumber,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo   OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}                OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RADIO BEARER SETUP FAILURE
-- 
-- ****

RadioBearerSetupFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause                 FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}                OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RNTI REALLOCATION
-- 
-- ****

RNTIReallocation ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo IntegrityProtectionModeInfo OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo            CipheringModeInfo        OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                   U-RNTI                  OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                   C-RNTI                  OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator                DRX-Indicator           OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff  DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient OPTIONAL,
    -- CN information elements
    cn-InformationInfo          CN-InformationInfo        OPTIONAL,
}

```

```

-- Radio bearer IEs
  rb-WithPDCP-InfoList          RB-WithPDCP-InfoList           OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RNTI REALLOCATION COMPLETE
-- ****

RNTIReallocationComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo   OPTIONAL,
  -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo       OPTIONAL,
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList         RB-WithPDCP-InfoList        OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RNTI REALLOCATION FAILURE
-- ****

RNTIReallocationFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- UE information elements
    failureCause                 FailureCauseWithProtErr,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT
-- ****

RRCConnectionReEstablishment ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo IntegrityProtectionModeInfo OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo            CipheringModeInfo        OPTIONAL,
    activationTime                ActivationTime           OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                   U-RNTI                   OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                   C-RNTI                   OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator                DRX-Indicator            OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff  DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient OPTIONAL,
    re-EstablishmentTimer        Re-EstablishmentTimer  OPTIONAL,
  -- Core network IEs
    cn-InformationInfo          CN-InformationInfo      OPTIONAL,
  -- Radio bearer IEs
    srb-InformationSetupList    SRB-InformationSetupList  OPTIONAL,
    rab-InformationSetupList    RAB-InformationSetupList  OPTIONAL,
    rb-InformationReleaseList   RB-InformationReleaseList OPTIONAL,
    rb-InformationReconfigList  RB-InformationReconfigList OPTIONAL,
    rb-InformationAffectedList  RB-InformationAffectedList OPTIONAL,
  -- Transport channel IEs
    ul-CommonTransChInfo        UL-CommonTransChInfo    OPTIONAL,
    ul-deletedTransChInfoList   UL-DeletedTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificTransChInfo     CHOICE {
      fdd {
        cpch-SetID               CPCH-SetID             OPTIONAL,
        addReconfTransChDRAC-Info DRAC-StaticInformationList OPTIONAL
      },
      tdd {
        NULL
      }
    },
    dl-CommonTransChInfo        DL-CommonTransChInfo    OPTIONAL,
    dl-DeletedTransChInfoList   DL-DeletedTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
    dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList OPTIONAL,
  -- Physical channel IEs
    frequencyInfo               FrequencyInfo           OPTIONAL,
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power      MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power  OPTIONAL,
    ul-ChannelRequirement      UL-ChannelRequirement  OPTIONAL,
    dl-CommonInformation        DL-CommonInformation    OPTIONAL
}

```

```

dl-PDSCH-Information           DL-PDSCH-Information          OPTIONAL,
modeSpecificPhysChInfo
    fdd                         CHOICE {
        cpch-SetInfo            SEQUENCE {
            CPCH-SetInfo         OPTIONAL
        },
        tdd                         NULL
    },
    dl-InformationPerRL-List      DL-InformationPerRL-List,
-- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT for CCCH
--
-- ****

RRCConnectionReEstablishment-CCCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    u-RNTI                      U-RNTI,
    -- The rest of the message is identical to the one sent on DCCH.
    rrcConnectionReEstablishment RRCConnectionReEstablishment
}

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT COMPLETE
--
-- ****

RRCConnectionReEstablishmentComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo   OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd                     CHOICE {
            NULL,
            tdd                         SEQUENCE {
                ul-TimingAdvance       UL-TimingAdvance        OPTIONAL
            }
        },
        -- TABULAR: The choice above is optional in the tabular definitions,
        -- but this does not seem to make much sense. Either the choice should
        -- be optional and UL-TimingAdvance mandatory inside the TDD choice,
        -- but not both.
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo        OPTIONAL,
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList         RB-WithPDCP-InfoList        OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION RE-ESTABLISHMENT REQUEST
--
-- ****

RRCConnectionReEstablishmentRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    u-RNTI                      U-RNTI,
    protocolErrorIndicator       ProtocolErrorIndicatorWithInfo,
    -- TABULAR: The IE above is MD in tabular, but making a 2-way choice
    -- optional wastes one bit (using PER) and produces no additional
    -- information.
    -- Measurement IEs
    measuredResultsOnRACH        MeasuredResultsOnRACH        OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION REJECT
--
-- ****

RRCConnectionReject ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs

```

```

initialUE-Identity           InitialUE-Identity,
rejectionCause               RejectionCause,
waitTime                     WaitTime,
redirectionInfo              RedirectionInfo
                                OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}
}

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION RELEASE
-- ****
RRCConnectionRelease ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    rrc-MessageTX-Count          RRC-MessageTX-Count,
    -- The IE above is conditional on the UE state.
    releaseCause                 ReleaseCause,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}
}
                                OPTIONAL

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE
-- ****
RRCConnectionReleaseComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}
}
                                OPTIONAL

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION REQUEST
-- ****
RRCConnectionRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    initialUE-Identity           InitialUE-Identity,
    initialUE-Capability          InitialUE-Capability,
    establishmentCause             EstablishmentCause,
    protocolErrorIndicator        ProtocolErrorIndicator,
  -- Measurement IEs
    measuredResultsOnRACH         MeasuredResultsOnRACH
                                OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}
}
                                OPTIONAL

-- ****
-- RRC CONNECTION SETUP
-- ****
RRCConnectionSetup ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    initialUE-Identity           InitialUE-Identity,
    activationTime                ActivationTime
                                OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                   U-RNTI,
    new-c-RNTI                   C-RNTI
                                OPTIONAL,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff   DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient,
    re-EstablishmentTimer         Re-EstablishmentTimer
                                OPTIONAL,
    capabilityUpdateRequirement  CapabilityUpdateRequirement
                                OPTIONAL,
  -- Radio bearer IEs
    srb-InformationSetupList     SRB-InformationSetupList2,
  -- Transport channel IEs
    ul-CommonTransChInfo          UL-CommonTransChInfo
                                OPTIONAL,
    ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList   UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList,
    dl-CommonTransChInfo          DL-CommonTransChInfo
                                OPTIONAL,
    dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList   DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList,
  -- Physical channel IEs
    frequencyInfo                 FrequencyInfo
                                OPTIONAL,
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power        MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power
                                OPTIONAL,
    ul-ChannelRequirement        UL-ChannelRequirement
                                OPTIONAL,
}

```

```

dl-CommonInformation          DL-CommonInformation           OPTIONAL,
dl-InformationPerRL-List     DL-InformationPerRL-List        OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE
-- 

-- ****

RRCConnectionSetupComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    hyperFrameNumber           HyperFrameNumber,
    ue-RadioAccessCapability   UE-RadioAccessCapability,
    ue-SystemSpecificCapability InterSystemMessage
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information  SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- RRC STATUS
-- 

-- ****

RRCStatus ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
    protocolErrorInformation   ProtocolErrorInformation,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information  SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- SECURITY MODE COMMAND
-- 

-- ****

SecurityModeCommand ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    cipheringAlgorithm          CipheringAlgorithm,
    cipheringModeInfo           CipheringModeInfo
    integrityProtectionModeInfo IntegrityProtectionModeInfo
  -- Core network IEs
    cn-DomainIdentity           CN-DomainIdentity,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- SECURITY MODE COMPLETE
-- 

-- ****

SecurityModeComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    hyperFrameNumber             HyperFrameNumber           OPTIONAL,
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo OPTIONAL,
  -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfoList    OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- SECURITY MODE FAILURE
-- 

-- ****

SecurityModeFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause                FailureCauseWithProtErr,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

```

```

}

-- ****
-- SIGNALLING CONNECTION RELEASE
--
-- ****

SignallingConnectionRelease ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Core network IEs
    signallingFlowInfoList           SignallingFlowInfoList,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information       SEQUENCE {}                                OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- SYSTEM INFORMATION for BCH
--
-- ****

SystemInformation-BCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Other information elements
    modeSpecificInfo                 CHOICE {
        fdd                           SFN-Prime,
        tdd                           NULL
    },
    payload                         CHOICE {
        firstSegment                  FirstSegment,
        subsequentSegment             SubsequentOrLastSegment,
        lastSegment                   SubsequentOrLastSegment,
        lastAndComplete               SEQUENCE {
            completeSIB-List          CompleteSIB-List,
            lastSegment                SubsequentOrLastSegment
        },
        completeSIB-List              CompleteSIB-List,
        spare                         NULL
    }
}

-- ****
-- SYSTEM INFORMATION for FACH
--
-- ****

SystemInformation-FACH ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Other information elements
    payload                         CHOICE {
        firstSegment                  FirstSegment,
        subsequentSegment             SubsequentOrLastSegment,
        lastSegment                   SubsequentOrLastSegment,
        lastAndComplete               SEQUENCE {
            completeSIB-List          CompleteSIB-List,
            lastSegment                SubsequentOrLastSegment
        },
        completeSIB-List              CompleteSIB-List,
        spare                         NULL
    }
}

-- ****
-- First segment
--
-- ****

FirstSegment ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Other information elements
    sib-Type                       SIB-Type,
    seg-Count                      SegCount,
    sib-Data                        SIB-Data
}

-- ****
-- Subsequent or last segment
--

```

```

-- ****
SubsequentOrLastSegment ::=      SEQUENCE {
  -- Other information elements
    sib-Type                  SIB-Type,
    segmentIndex              SegmentIndex,
    sib-Data                  SIB-Data
}

-- ****
-- Complete SIB
--
-- ****

CompleteSIB-List ::=           SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF
                                CompleteSIB

CompleteSIB ::=                 SEQUENCE {
  -- Other information elements
    sib-Type                  SIB-Type,
    sib-Content               SIB-Content
}

-- ****
-- SYSTEM INFORMATION CHANGE INDICATION
--
-- ****

SystemInformationChangeIndication ::=   SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
    bcch-ModificationInfo     BCCH-ModificationInfo,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION
--
-- ****

TransportChannelReconfiguration ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo IntegrityProtectionModeInfo      OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo            CipheringModeInfo             OPTIONAL,
    activationTime               ActivationTime                OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                  U-RNTI                       OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                  C-RNTI                       OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator                DRX-Indicator                 ,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff  DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient   OPTIONAL,
    re-EstablishmentTimer        Re-EstablishmentTimer       OPTIONAL,
  -- Core network IEs
    cn-InformationInfo          CN-InformationInfo         OPTIONAL,
  -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList        RB-WithPDCP-InfoList        OPTIONAL,
  -- Transport channel IEs
    ul-CommonTransChInfo        UL-CommonTransChInfo       OPTIONAL,
    ul-AddReconfTransChInfoList UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList  ,
    modeSpecificTransChInfo     CHOICE {
      fdd                         SEQUENCE {
        cpch-SetID                CPCH-SetID                 OPTIONAL,
        addReconfTransChDRAC-Info  DRAC-StaticInformationList OPTIONAL
      },
      tdd                         NULL
    }
    dl-CommonTransChInfo        DL-CommonTransChInfo       OPTIONAL,
    dl-AddReconfTransChInfoList DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList  ,
  -- Physical channel IEs
    frequencyInfo               FrequencyInfo              OPTIONAL,
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power       MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power     OPTIONAL,
    ul-ChannelRequirement       UL-ChannelRequirement     OPTIONAL,
    dl-CommonInformation        DL-CommonInformation      OPTIONAL,
    dl-PDSCH-Information        DL-PDSCH-Information      OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificPhysChInfo     CHOICE {
      fdd                         SEQUENCE {
        cpch-SetInfo               CPCH-SetInfo              OPTIONAL
      }
    }
}

```

```

        },
        tdd                         NULL
    },
    dl-InformationPerRL-List      DL-InformationPerRL-List          OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION COMPLETE
-- 
-- ****

TransportChannelReconfigurationComplete ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    ul-IntegProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo    OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo             CHOICE {
        fdd                      NULL,
        tdd                      SEQUENCE {
            ul-TimingAdvance       UL-TimingAdvance           OPTIONAL
        }
    },
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-UL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfo         OPTIONAL,
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList         RB-WithPDCP-InfoList        OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION FAILURE
-- 
-- ****

TransportChannelReconfigurationFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause                 FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL
-- 
-- ****

TransportFormatCombinationControl ::= SEQUENCE {
    channelRequirement           CHOICE {
        dpch-TFCS-InUplink        TFC-Subset,
        tfc-ControlDuration       TFC-ControlDuration
    },
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- TRANSPORT FORMAT COMBINATION CONTROL FAILURE
-- 
-- ****

TransportFormatCombinationControlFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    failureCause                 FailureCauseWithProtErr,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}                      OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- 
-- UE CAPABILITY ENQUIRY
-- 
-- ****

UECapabilityEnquiry ::= SEQUENCE {

```

```

-- User equipment IEs
  capabilityUpdateRequirement      CapabilityUpdateRequirement,
-- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information       SEQUENCE {}
}                                         OPTIONAL

-- ****
-- UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION
-- ****

UECapabilityInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    ue-RadioAccessCapability     UE-RadioAccessCapability           OPTIONAL,
  -- Other IEs
    ue-SystemSpecificCapability  InterSystemMessage            OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM
-- ****

UECapabilityInformationConfirm ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- UPLINK DIRECT TRANSFER
-- ****

UplinkDirectTransfer ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Core network IEs
    flowIdentifier                FlowIdentifier,
    nas-Message                   NAS-Message,
  -- Measurement IEs
    measuredResultsOnRACH        MeasuredResultsOnRACH         OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- UPLINK PHYSICAL CHANNEL CONTROL
-- ****

UplinkPhysicalChannelControl ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Physical channel IEs
    ccTrCH-PowerControlInfo     CCTrCH-PowerControlInfo        OPTIONAL,
    timingAdvance                 UL-TimingAdvance             OPTIONAL,
    individualTS-InterferenceList IndividualTS-InterferenceList OPTIONAL,
    rach-ConstantValue           ConstantValue              OPTIONAL,
    dpch-ConstantValue           ConstantValue              OPTIONAL,
    usch-ConstantValue           ConstantValue              OPTIONAL,
  -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- URA UPDATE
-- ****

URAUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
    u-RNTI                      U-RNTI,
    ura-UpdateCause               URA-UpdateCause,
    protocolErrorIndicator        ProtocolErrorIndicatorWithInfo,
  -- Extension mechanism

```

```

        non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}          OPTIONAL
    }

-- ****
-- URA UPDATE CONFIRM
-- ****

URAUpdateConfirm ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    integrityProtectionModeInfo   IntegrityProtectionModeInfo   OPTIONAL,
    cipheringModeInfo             CipheringModeInfo         OPTIONAL,
    new-U-RNTI                   U-RNTI                      OPTIONAL,
    new-C-RNTI                   C-RNTI                      OPTIONAL,
    drx-Indicator                DRX-Indicator,           DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient,
    utran-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff   DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient,
    -- CN information elements
    cn-InformationInfo           CN-InformationInfo       OPTIONAL,
    -- UTRAN mobility IEs
    ura-Identity                 URA-Identity            OPTIONAL,
    -- Radio bearer IEs
    rb-WithPDCP-InfoList         RB-WithPDCP-InfoList     OPTIONAL,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}          OPTIONAL
}

-- ****
-- URA UPDATE CONFIRM for CCCH
-- ****

URAUpdateConfirm-CCCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- User equipment IEs
    u-RNTI                      U-RNTI,
    -- The rest of the message is identical to the one sent on DCCH.
    uraUpdateConfirm              URAUpdateConfirm
}

}

```

END

## 11.3 Information element definitions

### 11.3.1 Core network information elements

```

CoreNetwork-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

    DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient
    FROM UserEquipment-IEs

    Min-P-REV,
    NAS-SystemInformationANSI-41,
    NID,
    P-REV,
    SID
    FROM ANSI-41-IEs

    maxCNdomains,
    maxFlowID,
    maxNoCNdomains
    FROM Constant-definitions;

CN-DomainIdentity ::=          ENUMERATED {
                                cs-domain,
                                ps-domain,
                                not-important,
                                spare1 }

CN-DomainInformation ::=        SEQUENCE {
                                cn-DomainIdentity,
                                NAS-SystemInformationGSM-MAP

```

```

}

CN-DomainInformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoCNdomains)) OF
                             CN-DomainInformation

CN-DomainSysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    cn-DomainIdentity,
    cn-Type {
        gsm-MAP
        ansi-41
    },
    cn-DRX-CycleLengthCoeff
}

CN-DomainSysInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCNdomains)) OF
                           CN-DomainSysInfo

CN-InformationInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    plmn-Identity OPTIONAL,
    cn-CommonGSM-MAP-NAS-SysInfo OPTIONAL,
    cn-DomainInformationList OPTIONAL
}

Digit ::= INTEGER (0..9)

FlowIdentifier ::= INTEGER (0..15)

IMEI ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (15)) OF
           Digit

IMSI-GSM-MAP ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (6..15)) OF
                     Digit

LAI ::= SEQUENCE {
    plmn-Identity,
    lac
}

MCC ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (3)) OF
          Digit

MNC ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF
          Digit

NAS-Message ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..4095))

NAS-SystemInformationGSM-MAP ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..8))

P-TMSI-GSM-MAP ::= BIT STRING (SIZE(32))

PagingRecordTypeID ::= ENUMERATED {
    imsi-GSM-MAP,
    tmsi-GSM-MAP-P-TMSI,
    imsi-DS-41,
    tmsi-DS-41
}

PLMN-Identity ::= SEQUENCE {
    mcc,
    mnc
}

PLMN-Type ::= CHOICE {
    gsm-MAP {
        plmn-Identity
    },
    ansi-41 {
        p-REV,
        min-P-REV,
        sid,
        nid
    },
    gsm-MAP-and-ANSI-41 {
        plmn-Identity,
        p-REV,
        min-P-REV,
        sid,
        nid
    }
}

```

```

        spare                               SEQUENCE {}

RAB-Identity ::= CHOICE {
    gsm-MAP-RAB-Identity
    ansi-41-RAB-Identity
}

RAI ::= SEQUENCE {
    lai,
    rac
}

RoutingAreaCode ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (8))

ServiceDescriptor ::= CHOICE {
    gsm-MAP
    ansi-41
}

SignallingFlowInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    flowIdentifier
}

SignallingFlowInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxFlowID)) OF
                           SignallingFlowInfo

TMSI-GSM-MAP ::= BIT STRING (SIZE(32))

END

```

### 11.3.2 UTRAN mobility information elements

```

UTRANMobility-IES DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

    maxIntervals,
    maxRAT,
    maxURACount
FROM Constant-definitions;

AccessClassBarred ::= ENUMERATED {
    barred, notBarred }

AccessClassBarredList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (16)) OF
                           AccessClassBarred

CellAccessRestriction ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellBarred,
    accessClassBarredList,
    cellReservedForOperatorUse,
    cellReservedForSOLSA
}

CellBarred ::= CHOICE {
    barred,
    T-Barred,
    NULL
}

CellIdentity ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (28))

CellSelectQualityMeasure ::= ENUMERATED {
    cpich-Ec-N0, cpich-SIR }

CellSelectReselectInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    mappingInfo,
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd
            cellSelectQualityMeasure
            s-Intrasearch
            s-Intersearch
            s-SearchHCS
            rat-List
        },
        tdd
    }

    CHOICE {
        SEQUENCE {
            MappingInfo,
            CHOICE {
                SEQUENCE {
                    CellSelectQualityMeasure,
                    S-SearchFDD
                OPTIONAL,
                S-SearchFDD
                OPTIONAL,
                S-SearchFDD
                OPTIONAL,
                RAT-FDD-InfoList
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    s-Intrasearch          S-SearchTDD           OPTIONAL,
    s-Intersearch          S-SearchTDD           OPTIONAL,
    s-SearchHCS            S-SearchTDD           OPTIONAL,
    rat-List               RAT-TDD-InfoList    OPTIONAL
  }
}

q-Hyst-S                Q-Hyst-S,
t-Reselection-S         T-Reselection-S,
hcs-ServingCellInformation HCS-ServingCellInformation OPTIONAL,
cellSelectReselectParams CellSelectReselectParams OPTIONAL
}

CellSelectReselectParams ::= SEQUENCE {
  decodingRange          DecodingRange        OPTIONAL,
  q-Offset                Q-Offset             OPTIONAL
}

-- **TODO**, not defined
DecodingRange ::= SEQUENCE {

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
HCS-ServingCellInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

MapParameter1 ::= INTEGER (0..15)

MapParameter2 ::= INTEGER (0..15)

Mapping ::= SEQUENCE {
  rat,
  mappingFunctionParameterList
}

MappingFunctionParameter ::= SEQUENCE {
  functionType,
  mapParameter1,
  mapParameter2,
  upperLimit
}

MappingFunctionParameterList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxIntervals)) OF
                                MappingFunctionParameter

MappingFunctionType ::= ENUMERATED {
  linear,
  functionType2,
  functionType3,
  functionType4 }

MappingInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
  mappingList
}

MappingList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAT)) OF
                  Mapping

-- **TODO**, not defined
OffsetExp ::= SEQUENCE {

-- Actual value = IE value * 2
Q-Hyst-S ::= INTEGER (0..20)

Q-Offset ::= SEQUENCE {
  q-Offset-S,
  offsetExp
}

-- **TODO**, not defined
Q-Offset-S ::= SEQUENCE {}

RAT ::= ENUMERATED {
  ultra-FDD,
  ultra-TDD,
  gsm,
  cdma2000 }

```

```

RAT-FDD-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    rat-Identifier,
    s-SearchRAT,
    s-HCS-RAT
} OPTIONAL

RAT-FDD-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAT)) OF
    RAT-FDD-Info

RAT-Identifier ::= ENUMERATED {
    gsm, cdma2000 }

RAT-TDD-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    rat-Identifier,
    s-SearchTDD
} OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL

RAT-TDD-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAT)) OF
    RAT-TDD-Info

ReservedIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {
    reserved,
    notReserved }

-- Actual value = IE value * 2
S-SearchFDD ::= INTEGER (-16..10)

-- Actual value = IE value * 5
S-SearchTDD ::= INTEGER (-24..18)

T-Barred ::= INTEGER (0..63)

T-Reselection-S ::= INTEGER (0..31)

UpperLimit ::= INTEGER (0..15)

URA-Identity ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (16))

URA-IdentityList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxURACount)) OF
    URA-Identity

END

```

### 11.3.3 User equipment information elements

```

UserEquipment-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS

    CN-DomainIdentity,
    IMEI,
    IMSI-GSM-MAP,
    LAI,
    P-TMSI-GSM-MAP,
    RAI,
    TMSI-GSM-MAP
FROM CoreNetwork-IEs

    RB-ActivationTimeInfoList
FROM RadioBearer-IEs

    FrequencyInfo
FROM PhysicalChannel-IEs

    InterSystemInfo
FROM Measurement-IEs

    ProtocolErrorInformation
FROM Other-IEs

    maxAlgoTypeCount,
    maxDRAC-Classes,
    maxFrequencyBandsCount,
    maxNoSystemCapability,
    maxRAT-Count,

```

```

pageCount
FROM Constant-definitions;

ActivationTime ::= INTEGER (0..255)

BackoffControlParams ::= SEQUENCE {
    n-AP-RetransMax,
    n-AccessFails,
    nf-BO-NoAICH,
    ns-BO-Busy,
    nf-BO-AllBusy,
    nf-BO-Mismatch
    t-CPCH
}

C-RNTI ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (16))

CapabilityUpdateRequirement ::= SEQUENCE {
    ue-RadioCapabilityUpdateRequirement BOOLEAN,
    systemSpecificCapUpdateReqList SystemSpecificCapUpdateReqList OPTIONAL
}

CellUpdateCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    cellReselection,
    periodicCellUpdate,
    ul-DataTransmission,
    pagingResponse,
    rb-ControlResponse,
    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

ChipRateCapability ::= ENUMERATED {
    mcps3-84, mcps1-28 }

CipheringAlgorithm ::= ENUMERATED {
    standardUEA1,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8,
    spare9, spare10, spare11, spare12,
    spare13, spare14, spare15 }

CipheringModeCommand ::= CHOICE {
    startRestart,
    stopCiphering
    NULL
}

CipheringModeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    cipheringModeCommand CipheringModeCommand,
    -- TABULAR: The ciphering algorithm is included in
    -- the CipheringModeCommand.
    activationTimeForDPCH ActivationTime OPTIONAL,
    rb-DL-CiphActivationTimeInfo RB-ActivationTimeInfoList OPTIONAL
}

CN-PagedUE-Identity ::= CHOICE {
    imsi-GSM-MAP,
    tmsi-GSM-MAP,
    p-TMSI-GSM-MAP,
    imsi-DS-41,
    tmsi-DS-41,
    spare
    NULL
}

CompressedModeMeasCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    fdd-Measurements BOOLEAN,
    tdd-Measurements BOOLEAN,
    gsm-Measurements GSM-Measurements,
    multiCarrierMeasurements BOOLEAN
}

ConformanceTestCompliance ::= ENUMERATED {
    r99,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7 }

CPCH-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    initialPriorityDelayList InitialPriorityDelayList OPTIONAL,
    backoffControlParams BackoffControlParams
}

```

```

DL-PhysChCapabilityFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
  maxSimultaneousCCTrCH-Count,
  maxNoDPCH-PDSCH-Codes,
  maxNoPhysChBitsReceived,
  supportForSF-512,
  supportOfPDSCH,
  simultaneousSCCPCH-DPCH-Reception
}

DL-PhysChCapabilityTDD ::= SEQUENCE {
  maxSimultaneousCCTrCH-Count,
  maxTS-PerFrame,
  maxPhysChPerFrame,
  minimumSF,
  supportOfPDSCH
}

DL-TransChCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
  maxNoBitsReceived,
  maxConvCodeBitsReceived,
  turboDecodingSupport,
  maxSimultaneousTransChs,
  maxReceivedTransportBlocks,
  maxNumberOfTFC-InTFCS,
  maxNumberOfTF
}

DRAC-SysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
  transmissionProbability,
  maximumBitRate
}

DRAC-SysInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxDRAC-Classes)) OF DRAC-SysInfo

DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient ::= INTEGER (2..12)

DRX-Indicator ::= ENUMERATED {
  noDRX,
  drxWithCellUpdating,
  drxWithURA-Updating,
  spare1
}

ESN-DS-41 ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (32))

EstablishmentCause ::= ENUMERATED {
  originatingSpeechCall,
  originatingCS-DataCall,
  originatingPS-DataCall,
  terminatingSpeechCall,
  terminatingCS-DataCall,
  terminatingPS-DataCall,
  emergencyCall,
  interSystemCellReselection,
  locationUpdate,
  imsi-Detach,
  sms,
  callRe-establishment,
  unspecified,
  spare1, spare2, spare3
}

FailureCauseWithProtErr ::= CHOICE {
  configurationUnacceptable      NULL,
  physicalChannelFailure        NULL,
  incompatibleSimultaneousReconfiguration NULL,
  protocolError                 ProtocolErrorInformation,
  spare                         NULL
}

GSM-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE {
  gsm900                         BOOLEAN,
  dcs1800                         BOOLEAN,
  gsm1900                         BOOLEAN
}

HyperFrameNumber ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (20))

```

```

IMSI-and-ESN-DS-41 ::= SEQUENCE {
    imsi-DS-41,
    esn-DS-41
}

IMSI-DS-41 ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (5..7))

InitialPriorityDelayList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (8)) OF
    NS-IP

InitialUE-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
    maximumAM-EntityNumber
}

InitialUE-Identity ::= CHOICE {
    imsi,
    tmsi-and-LAI,
    p-TMSI-and-RAI,
    imei,
    esn-DS-41,
    imsi-DS-41,
    imsi-and-ESN-DS-41,
    tmsi-DS-41,
    spare
}

IntegrityCheckInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    messageAuthenticationCode,
    rrc-MessageSequenceNumber
}

IntegrityProtActivationInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    rrc-MessageSequenceNumberList
}

IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm ::= ENUMERATED {
    standardUIA1,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8,
    spare9, spare10, spare11, spare12,
    spare13, spare14, spare15
}

IntegrityProtectionModeCommand ::= CHOICE {
    startIntegrityProtection      SEQUENCE {
        integrityProtInitNumber
    },
    modify                      SEQUENCE {
        dl-IntegrityProtActivationInfo   IntegrityProtActivationInfo
    },
    spare                         NULL
}

IntegrityProtectionModeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    integrityProtectionModeCommand  IntegrityProtectionModeCommand,
    -- TABULAR: DL integrity protection activation info and Integrity
    -- protection intialisation number have been nested inside
    -- IntegrityProtectionModeCommand.
    integrityProtectionAlgorithm   IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm OPTIONAL
}

IntegrityProtInitNumber ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (32))

LCS-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
    standaloneLocMethodsSupported BOOLEAN,
    ue-BasedOTDOA-Supported BOOLEAN,
    networkAssistedGPS-Supported NetworkAssistedGPS-Supported,
    gps-ReferenceTimeCapable BOOLEAN,
    supportForIDL BOOLEAN
}

MaximumAM-EntityNumber ::= ENUMERATED {
    am-2to3,
    am-4to8,
    am-16to32,
    spare1
}

MaximumAM-EntityNumberRLC-Cap ::= ENUMERATED {

```

```

        am2, am3, am4, am8, am16, am32,
        spare1, spare2 }

-- Actual value = IE value * 16
MaximumBitRate ::= INTEGER (0..32)

MaxNoDPDCH-BitsTransmitted ::= ENUMERATED {
    b150, b300, b600, b1200, b2400,
    b4800, b9600, b19200, b28800, b38400,
    b48000, b57600,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4 }

MaxNoBits ::= ENUMERATED {
    b640, b1280, b2560, b3840, b5120,
    b6400, b7680, b8960, b10240,
    b20480, b40960, b81920, b163840,
    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

MaxNoPhysChBitsReceived ::= ENUMERATED {
    b300, b600, b1200, b2400, b4800,
    b9600, b19200, b28800, b38400,
    b48000, b57600, b67200,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4 }

MaxNoSCCPCH-RL ::= ENUMERATED {
    r11, spare1, spare2, spare3,
    spare4, spare5, spare6, spare7 }

MaxNumberOfTF ::= ENUMERATED {
    tf32, tf64, tf128, tf256,
    tf512, tf1024, spare1, spare2 }

MaxNumberOfTFC-InTFCS-DL ::= ENUMERATED {
    tfc16, tfc32, tfc48, tfc64, tfc96,
    tfc128, tfc256, tfc512, tfc1024,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7 }

MaxNumberOfTFC-InTFCS-UL ::= ENUMERATED {
    tfc4, tfc8, tfc16, tfc32, tfc48, tfc64,
    tfc96, tfc128, tfc256, tfc512, tfc1024,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5 }

-- TABULAR: Used range in Release99 is 1..224
MaxPhysChPerFrame ::= INTEGER (1..224)

MaxPhysChPerTimeslot ::= ENUMERATED {
    ts1, ts2 }

MaxSimultaneousCCTrCH-Count ::= INTEGER (1..8)

MaxSimultaneousTransChsDL ::= ENUMERATED {
    e4, e8, e16, e32 }

MaxSimultaneousTransChsUL ::= ENUMERATED {
    e2, e4, e8, e16, e32,
    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

MaxTransportBlocksDL ::= ENUMERATED {
    tb4, tb8, tb16, tb32, tb48,
    tb64, tb96, tb128, tb256, tb512,
    spare1, spare2, spare3,
    spare4, spare5, spare6 }

MaxTransportBlocksUL ::= ENUMERATED {
    tb2, tb4, tb8, tb16, tb32, tb48,
    tb64, tb96, tb128, tb256, tb512,
    spare1, spare2, spare3,
    spare4, spare5 }

-- TABULAR: Used range in Release99 is 1..14
MaxTS-PerFrame ::= INTEGER (1..16)

-- TABULAR: This IE contains dependencies to UE-MultiModeRAT-Capability,
-- the conditional fields have been left mandatory for now.
MeasurementCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    downlinkCompressedMode
        CompressedModeMeasCapability,

```

```

    uplinkCompressedMode          CompressedModeMeasCapability
}

MessageAuthenticationCode ::=      BIT STRING (SIZE (32))

MinimumSF-DL ::=                  ENUMERATED {
                                    sf1, sf16 }

MinimumSF-UL ::=                  ENUMERATED {
                                    sf1, sf2, sf4, sf8, sf16,
                                    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

MultiModeCapability ::=          ENUMERATED {
                                    tdd, fdd, fdd-tdd }

MultiRAT-Capability ::=          ENUMERATED {
                                    gsm, multicarrier,
                                    spare1, spare2 }

MultiRAT-CapabilityList ::=      SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAT-Count)) OF
                                    MultiRAT-Capability

N-300 ::=                         INTEGER (1..8)

N-302 ::=                         INTEGER (1..8)

N-303 ::=                         INTEGER (1..8)

N-304 ::=                         INTEGER (1..8)

N-310 ::=                         INTEGER (1..8)

N-312 ::=                  ENUMERATED {
                                    s1, s50, s100, s200, s400,
                                    s600, s800, s1000 }

N-313 ::=                  ENUMERATED {
                                    s1, s50, s100, s200, s400,
                                    s600, s800, s1000 }

N-315 ::=                  ENUMERATED {
                                    s1, s50, s100, s200, s400,
                                    s600, s800, s1000 }

N-AccessFails ::=                 INTEGER (1..64)

N-AP-RetransMax ::=              INTEGER (1..64)

NetworkAssistedGPS-Supported ::=  ENUMERATED {
                                    networkBased,
                                    ue-Based,
                                    bothNetworkAndUE-Based,
                                    noNetworkAssistedGPS }

NF-BO-AllBusy ::=                INTEGER (0..31)

NF-BO-NoAICH ::=                INTEGER (0..31)

NF-BO-Mismatch ::=              INTEGER (0..127)

NS-BO-Busy ::=                  INTEGER (0..63)

NS-IP ::=                         INTEGER (0..28)

P-TMSI-and-RAI-GSM-MAP ::=      SEQUENCE {
                                    P-TMSI-GSM-MAP,
                                    RAI
}

PagingCause ::=                  ENUMERATED {
                                    terminatingSpeechCall,
                                    terminatingCS-DataCall,
                                    terminatingPS-DataCall,
                                    sms,
                                    unspecified,
                                    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

PagingRecord ::=                  CHOICE {

```

```

cn-Page                                SEQUENCE {
    pagingCause,
    cn-DomainIdentity,
    cn-pagedUE-Identity
},
utran-Page                               SEQUENCE {
    u-RNTI
}
}

PagingRecordList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..pageCount)) OF
                      PagingRecord

PDCP-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
    losslessSRNS-RelocationSupport,
    supportedHC-AlgoTypeList
}

PhysicalChannelCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd           SEQUENCE {
            downlinkPhysChCapability,
            uplinkPhysChCapability
        },
        tdd           SEQUENCE {
            downlinkPhysChCapability,
            uplinkPhysChCapability
        }
    }
}

ProtocolErrorCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    transferSyntaxError,
    messageTypeNonexistent,
    messageNotCompatibleWithReceiverState,
    ie-ValueNotComprehended,
    messageExtensionNotComprehended,
    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

ProtocolErrorIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {
    noError, errorOccurred }

ProtocolErrorIndicatorWithInfo ::= CHOICE {
    noError,
    errorOccurred
}

RadioFrequencyBand ::= ENUMERATED {
    a, b, c,
    spare1 }

RadioFrequencyBandList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxFrequencyBandsCount)) OF
                           RadioFrequencyBand

Re-EstablishmentTimer ::= SEQUENCE {
    t-314,
    t-315
}

RedirectionInfo ::= CHOICE {
    frequencyInfo,
    interSystemInfo,
    spare
}

RejectionCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    congestion,
    unspecified,
    spare1, spare2 }

ReleaseCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    normalEvent,
    unspecified,
    pre-emptiveRelease,
    congestion,
    re-establishmentReject,
    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

```

```

RF-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd {
            ue-PowerClass,
            txRxFrequencySeparation
        },
        tdd {
            ue-PowerClass,
            radioFrequencyBandList,
            chipRateCapability
        }
    }
}

RFC2507 ::= SEQUENCE {
    maximumMaxHeader INTEGER (60..65535) DEFAULT 65535,
    maximumTCP-Space INTEGER (3..255) DEFAULT 255,
    maximumNonTCP-Space INTEGER (3..65535) DEFAULT 65535
}

RLC-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
    totalRLC-AM-BufferSize,
    maximumAM-EntityNumberRLC-Cap
}

RLC-ReconfigurationIndicator ::= BOOLEAN

RRC-MessageSequenceNumberList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF
    RRC-MessageSequenceNumber

RRC-MessageSequenceNumber ::= INTEGER (0..15)

RRC-MessageTX-Count ::= INTEGER (1..8)

S-RNTI ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (20))

S-RNTI-2 ::= INTEGER (0..1023)

SecurityCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    cipheringAlgorithm,
    integrityProtectionAlgorithm
}

SimultaneousSCCPCH-DPCH-Reception ::= CHOICE {
    notSupported NULL,
    supported MaxNoSCCPCH-RL
}

SRNC-Identity ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (12))

SupportedHC-AlgoType ::= CHOICE {
    rfc2507 RFC2507,
    spare NULL
}

SupportedHC-AlgoTypeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAlgoTypeCount)) OF
    SupportedHC-AlgoType

SystemSpecificCapUpdateReq ::= ENUMERATED {
    gsm, spare1, spare2, spare3,
    spare4, spare5, spare6, spare7,
    spare8, spare9, spare10, spare11,
    spare12, spare13, spare14, spare15
}

SystemSpecificCapUpdateReqList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoSystemCapability)) OF
    SystemSpecificCapUpdateReq

T-300 ::= INTEGER (1..8)

T-301 ::= INTEGER (1..8)

T-302 ::= INTEGER (1..8)

T-303 ::= INTEGER (1..8)

T-304 ::= ENUMERATED {
    ms100, ms200, ms400,
    ms1000, ms2000,
}

```

```

                                spare1, spare2, spare3 }

T-305 ::= ENUMERATED {
    noUpdate, m5, m10, m30,
    m60, m120, m360, m720 }

T-306 ::= ENUMERATED {
    noUpdate, m5, m10, m30,
    m60, m120, m360, m720 }

T-307 ::= ENUMERATED {
    s5, s10, s15, s20,
    s30, s40, s50, spare1 }

T-308 ::= ENUMERATED {
    ms40, ms80, ms160, ms320 }

T-309 ::= INTEGER (1..8)

T-310 ::= ENUMERATED {
    ms40, ms80, ms120, ms160,
    ms200, ms240, ms280, ms320 }

T-311 ::= ENUMERATED {
    ms250, ms500, ms750, ms1000,
    ms1250, ms1500, ms1750, ms2000 }

T-312 ::= INTEGER (0..15)

T-313 ::= INTEGER (0..15)

T-314 ::= ENUMERATED {
    s0, s10, s20, s30, s60,
    s180, s600, s1200, s1800 }

T-315 ::= ENUMERATED {
    s0, s50, s100, s200, s400,
    s600, s800, s1000 }

T-CPCH ::= ENUMERATED {
    ct0, ct1 }

TMSI-and-LAI-GSM-MAP ::= SEQUENCE {
    tmsi,
    lai
}

TMSI-DS-41 ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2..12))

TotalRLC-AM-BufferSize ::= ENUMERATED {
    kb2, kb10, kb50, kb100,
    kb150, kb500, kb1000,
    spare1 }

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.125
TransmissionProbability ::= INTEGER (1..8)

TransportChannelCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    dl-TransChCapability,
    ul-TransChCapability
}

TurboSupport ::= CHOICE {
    notSupported,
    supported
}

TxRxFrequencySeparation ::= ENUMERATED {
    mhz190, mhz174-8-205-2,
    mhz134-8-245-2, spare1 }

U-RNTI ::= SEQUENCE {
    srnc-Identity,
    s-RNTI
}

U-RNTI-Short ::= SEQUENCE {
    srnc-Identity,
    SRNC-Identity,
    S-RNTI
}

```

```

    s-RNTI-2
}

UE-ConnTimersAndConstants ::= SEQUENCE {
    t-301,
    t-302,
    n-302,
    t-303,
    n-303,
    t-304,
    n-304,
    t-305,
    t-306,
    t-307,
    t-308,
    t-309,
    t-310,
    n-310,
    t-311,
    t-312,
    n-312,
    t-313,
    n-313,
    t-314,
    t-315,
    n-315
}

UE-IdleTimersAndConstants ::= SEQUENCE {
    t-300,
    n-300,
    t-312,
    n-312
}

UE-MultiModeRAT-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
    multiRAT-CapabilityList
    multiModeCapability
} OPTIONAL,

UE-PowerClass ::= INTEGER (1..4)

UE-RadioAccessCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    conformanceTestCompliance,
    pdcp-Capability,
    rlc-Capability,
    transportChannelCapability,
    rf-Capability,
    physicalChannelCapability,
    ue-MultiModeRAT-Capability,
    securityCapability,
    lcs-Capability,
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd
            measurementCapability
        },
        tdd
    }
}

UL-PhysChCapabilityFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
    maxNoDPDCH-BitsTransmitted,
    supportOfPCPCH
}

UL-PhysChCapabilityTDD ::= SEQUENCE {
    maxSimultaneousCCTrCH-Count,
    maxTS-PerFrame,
    maxPhysChPerTimeslot,
    minimumSF,
    supportOfPUSCH
}

UL-TransChCapability ::= SEQUENCE {
    maxNoBitsTransmitted,
    maxConvCodeBitsTransmitted,
    turboDecodingSupport,
    maxSimultaneousTransChs
}

```

```

maxTransmittedBlocks          MaxTransportBlocksUL,
maxNumberOfTFC-InTFC          MaxNumberOfTFC-InTFCS-UL,
maxNumberOfTF                  MaxNumberOfTF

}

URA-UpdateCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    changeOfURA,
    periodicURAUpdate,
    re-enteredServiceArea,
    spare1, spare2, spare3,
    spare4, spare5 }

WaitTime ::= INTEGER (0..15)

END

```

### 11.3.4 Radio bearer information elements

```
RadioBearer-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```

    CN-DomainIdentity,
    RAB-Identity
FROM CoreNetwork-IEs

    TransportChannelIdentity
FROM TransportChannel-IEs

    algorithmCount,
    maxMuxOptionsCount,
    maxOtherRBcount,
    maxPredefConfigCount,
    maxRABcount,
    maxRB-WithPDCPcount,
    maxRBcount,
    maxReconRBcount,
    maxReconRBs,
    maxRelRBcount,
    maxSetupRBcount,
    maxSRBcount
FROM Constant-definitions;

```

```
AlgorithmSpecificInfo ::= CHOICE {
    rfc2507-Info
    spare
}
```

```
DL-AM-RLC-Mode ::= SEQUENCE {
    inSequenceDelivery      BOOLEAN,
    receptionRLC-DiscardTimer ReceptionRLC-DiscardTimer OPTIONAL,
    -- TABULAR: The CV in the specification is unclear - which IE does
    -- it refer to?
    dl-RLC-StatusInfo       DL-RLC-StatusInfo
}
```

```
DL-LogicalChannelMapping ::= SEQUENCE {
    dl-TransportChannelType   DL-TransportChannelType,
    transportChannelIdentity  TransportChannelIdentity OPTIONAL,
    logicalChannelIdentity    LogicalChannelIdentity OPTIONAL
}
```

```
DL-LogicalChannelMappingList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..2)) OF
    DL-LogicalChannelMapping
```

```
DL-RLC-Mode ::= CHOICE {
    dl-AM-RLC-Mode,
    dl-UM-RLC-Mode,
    dl-TM-RLC-Mode }
```

```
DL-RLC-StatusInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    timerStatusProhibit      TimerStatusProhibit OPTIONAL,
    timerEPC                 TimerEPC OPTIONAL,
    missingPU-Indicator      BOOLEAN,
    timerStatusPeriodic      TimerStatusPeriodic OPTIONAL }
```

```

}

DL-TM-RLC-Mode ::= SEQUENCE {
    inSequenceDelivery      BOOLEAN
}

DL-TransportChannelType ::= ENUMERATED {
    dch, fach, dsch }

DL-UM-RLC-Mode ::= SEQUENCE {
    inSequenceDelivery      BOOLEAN
}

ExplicitDiscard ::= SEQUENCE {
    timerMRW,
    timerDiscard,
    maxMRW
}

ExpectReordering ::= ENUMERATED {
    reorderingNotExpected,
    reorderingExpected }

HeaderCompressionInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    reconfigurationReset      BOOLEAN,
    -- TABULAR: Optional boolean values are not very efficient...
    algorithmSpecificInfo      AlgorithmSpecificInfo
}

HeaderCompressionInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..algorithmCount)) OF
    HeaderCompressionInfo

LogicalChannelIdentity ::= INTEGER (1..16)

MAC-LogicalChannelPriority ::= INTEGER (1..8)

MaxDAT ::= ENUMERATED {
    dat1, dat2, dat3, dat4, dat5, dat6,
    dat7, dat8, dat9, dat10, dat15, dat20,
    dat25, dat30, dat35, dat40 }

MaxMRW ::= ENUMERATED {
    mm1, mm4, mm6, mm8, mm12, mm16,
    mm24, mm32, spare1, spare2, spare3,
    spare4, spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8 }

MaxRST ::= ENUMERATED {
    rst1, rst4, rst6, rst8, rst12,
    rst16, rst24, rst32,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8 }

NoExplicitDiscard ::= ENUMERATED {
    dt0-1, dt0-25, dt0-5, dt0-75, dt1,
    dt1-25, dt1-5, dt1-75, dt2, dt2-5,
    dt3, dt3-5, dt4, dt4-5, dt5, dt7-5 }

PDCP-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    losslessSRNS-RelocSupport      BOOLEAN,
    pdcp-PDU-Header      PDCP-PDU-Header,
    headerCompressionInfoList      HeaderCompressionInfoList
    OPTIONAL,
    OPTIONAL
}

PDCP-InfoReconfig ::= SEQUENCE {
    pdcp-Info      PDCP-Info,
    pdcp-SN-Info      PDCP-SN-Info
}

PDCP-PDU-Header ::= ENUMERATED {
    present, absent }

PDCP-SN-Info ::= INTEGER (0..65535)

Poll-PU ::= ENUMERATED {
    pu1, pu2, pu4, pu8, pu16,
    pu32, pu64, pu128,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8 }

```

```

Poll-SDU ::= ENUMERATED {
    sdu1, sdu4, sdu16, sdu64,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4 }

PollingInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    timerPollProhibit OPTIONAL,
    timerPoll OPTIONAL,
    poll-PU OPTIONAL,
    poll-SDU OPTIONAL,
    lastTransmissionPU-Poll BOOLEAN,
    lastRetransmissionPU-Poll BOOLEAN,
    pollWindow OPTIONAL,
    timerPollPeriodic OPTIONAL
}

PollWindow ::= ENUMERATED {
    pw50, pw60, pw70, pw80, pw85,
    pw90, pw95, pw100,
    spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
    spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8 }

PredefinedConfigIdentity ::= INTEGER (0..15)

PredefinedConfigValueTag ::= INTEGER (0..15)

PreDefRadioConfiguration ::= SEQUENCE {
    predefinedConfigIdentity,
    predefinedConfigValueTag,
    predefinedRB-Configuration }

PreDefRadioConfigurationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxPredefConfigCount)) OF
    PreDefRadioConfiguration

PredefinedRB-Configuration ::= SEQUENCE {
    srb-InformationList,
    rb-InformationList OPTIONAL
}

RAB-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    rab-Identity,
    cn-DomainIdentity }

RAB-InformationSetup ::= SEQUENCE {
    rab-Info,
    RB-InformationSetupList }

RAB-InformationSetupList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRABcount)) OF
    RAB-InformationSetup

RB-ActivationTimeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    rb-Identity,
    rlc-SequenceNumber }

RB-ActivationTimeInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxReconRBs)) OF
    RB-ActivationTimeInfo

RB-Identity ::= INTEGER (0..31)

RB-InformationAffected ::= SEQUENCE {
    rb-Identity,
    rb-MappingInfo }

RB-InformationAffectedList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxOtherRBcount)) OF
    RB-InformationAffected

RB-InformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRBcount)) OF
    RB-InformationSetup

RB-InformationReconfig ::= SEQUENCE {
    rb-Identity,
    pdcp-Info OPTIONAL,
    PDCP-InfoReconfig }

```

```

rlc-InfoChoice          RLC-InfoChoice           OPTIONAL,
rb-MappingInfo          RB-MappingInfo          OPTIONAL,
rb-SuspendResume        RB-SuspendResume        OPTIONAL
}

RB-InformationReconfigList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxReconRBcount)) OF
                                RB-InformationReconfig

RB-InformationRelease ::= SEQUENCE {
                                rb-Identity
                            }

RB-InformationReleaseList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRelRBcount)) OF
                                RB-InformationRelease

RB-InformationSetup ::= SEQUENCE {
                                rb-Identity,
                                pdcp-Info
                                rlc-Info,
                                rb-MappingInfo
                            }
                                OPTIONAL,

RB-InformationSetupList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSetupRBcount)) OF
                                RB-InformationSetup

RB-MappingInfo ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxMuxOptionsCount)) OF
                                RB-MappingOption

RB-MappingOption ::= SEQUENCE {
                                ul-LLogicalChannelMappingList
                                dl-LLogicalChannelMappingList
                            }
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL
}

RB-SuspendResume ::= ENUMERATED {
                                suspend, resume
                            }

RB-WithPDCP-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
                                rb-Identity,
                                pdcp-SN-Info
                            }

RB-WithPDCP-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRB-WithPDCPcount)) OF
                                RB-WithPDCP-Info

ReceivingWindowSize ::= ENUMERATED {
                                rw1, rw8, rw16, rw32, rw128, rw256,
                                rw512, rw768, rw1024, rw1536, rw2048,
                                rw2560, rw3072, rw3584, rw4096
                            }

ReceptionRLC-DiscardTimer ::= ENUMERATED {
                                dt100, dt250, dt500, dt750, dt1000,
                                dt1250, dt1500, dt1750, dt2000, dt2500,
                                dt3000, dt3500, dt4000, dt4500,
                                dt5000, dt7500
                            }

RFC2507-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
                                f-MAX-PERIOD
                                f-MAX-TIME
                                max-HEADER
                                tcp-SPACE
                                non-TCP-SPACE
                                expectReordering
                            }
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL
-- TABULAR: The IE above has only two possible values, so using Optional
-- would be wasteful
}

RLC-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
                                ul-RLC-Mode
                                dl-RLC-Mode
                            }
                                OPTIONAL,
                                OPTIONAL

RLC-InfoChoice ::= CHOICE {
                                rlc-Info,
                                NULL
                            }

RLC-SequenceNumber ::= INTEGER (0..4095)

```

```

SRB-InformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSRBcount)) OF
                           SRB-InformationSetup

SRB-InformationSetup ::= SEQUENCE {
                           rb-Identity,
                           rlc-InfoChoice,
                           rb-MappingInfo
                         }

SRB-InformationSetupList2 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (3..4)) OF
                           SRB-InformationSetup

SRB-InformationSetupList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSRBcount)) OF
                           SRB-InformationSetup

TimerEPC ::= ENUMERATED {
                te50, te100, te150, te200, te250,
                te300, te350, te400, te450, te500,
                te550, te600, te700, te800,
                te900, te1000
              }

TimerDiscard ::= ENUMERATED {
                td0-1, td0-25, td0-5, td0-75,
                td1, td1-25, td1-5, td1-75,
                td2, td2-5, td3, td3-5, td4,
                td4-5, td5, td7-5
              }

TimerMRW ::= ENUMERATED {
                tm50, tm100, tm150, tm200, tm250,
                tm300, tm350, tm400, tm450, tm500,
                tm550, tm600, tm700, tm800, tm900, tm1000,
                spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4, spare5,
                spare6, spare7, spare8, spare9, spare10,
                spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14,
                spare15, spare16
              }

TimerPoll ::= ENUMERATED {
                tp50, tp100, tp150, tp200, tp250,
                tp300, tp350, tp400, tp450, tp500,
                tp550, tp600, tp700, tp800,
                tp900, tp1000,
                spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4, spare5,
                spare6, spare7, spare8, spare9, spare10,
                spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14,
                spare15, spare16
              }

TimerPollPeriodic ::= ENUMERATED {
                tper100, tper200, tper300, tper400,
                tper500, tper750, tper1000, tper2000,
                spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
                spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8
              }

TimerPollProhibit ::= ENUMERATED {
                tpp50, tpp100, tpp150, tpp200, tpp250,
                tpp300, tpp350, tpp400, tpp450, tpp500,
                tpp550, tpp600, tpp700, tpp800,
                tpp900, tpp1000,
                spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4, spare5,
                spare6, spare7, spare8, spare9, spare10,
                spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14,
                spare15, spare16
              }

TimerRST ::= ENUMERATED {
                tr50, tr100, tr150, tr200, tr250, tr300,
                tr350, tr400, tr450, tr500, tr550,
                tr600, tr700, tr800, tr900, tr1000,
                spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4, spare5,
                spare6, spare7, spare8, spare9, spare10,
                spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14,
                spare15, spare16
              }

TimerStatusPeriodic ::= ENUMERATED {
                tsp50, tsp100, tsp150, tsp200, tsp250,
                tsp300, tsp350, tsp400, tsp450, tsp500,
                tsp550, tsp600, tsp700, tsp800,
                tsp900, tsp1000,
                spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4, spare5,
                spare6, spare7, spare8, spare9, spare10,
                spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14,
                spare15, spare16
              }

```

```

        spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14,
        spare15, spare16 }

TimerStatusProhibit ::= ENUMERATED {
    tsp160, tsp320, tsp640, tsp1280 }

TransmissionRLC-Discard ::= CHOICE {
    timerBasedExplicit,
    timerBasedNoExplicit,
    maxDAT-Retransmission,
    noDiscard
}

TransmissionWindowSize ::= ENUMERATED {
    tw1, tw8, tw16, tw32, tw128, tw256,
    tw512, tw768, tw1024, tw1536, tw2048,
    tw2560, tw3072, tw3584, tw4096 }

UL-AM-RLC-Mode ::= SEQUENCE {
    transmissionRLC-Discard,
    transmissionWindowSize,
    timerRST,
    max-RST,
    pollingInfo
} OPTIONAL

UL-LogicalChannelMapping ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-TransportChannelType,
    transportChannelIdentity,
    logicalChannelIdentity,
    mac-LogicalChannelPriority
} OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL

UL-LogicalChannelMappingList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..2)) OF
    UL-LogicalChannelMapping

UL-RLC-Mode ::= CHOICE {
    ul-AM-RLC-Mode,
    ul-UM-RLC-Mode,
    ul-TM-RLC-Mode,
    spare
} NULL, NULL

UL-TransportChannelType ::= ENUMERATED {
    dch, rach, cpch, usch }

UL-UM-RLC-Mode ::= SEQUENCE {
    transmissionRLC-Discard
} OPTIONAL

END

```

### 11.3.5 Transport channel information elements

TransportChannel-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

```

maxAddTFC-Count,
maxCPCHsetcount,
maxCTFC,
maxCTFC-DCH,
maxCTFC-DSCH,
maxDelTFC-Count,
maxDelTrCHcount,
maxDL-CCTrCHcount,
maxDRAC-Classes,
maxDRACReconAddTrCHcount,
maxFACHcount,
maxNoTFCI-Groups,
maxReconAddTrCHcount,
maxRM,
maxRstTrCH-Count,
maxTF-Count,
maxTF-Value,

```

```

maxTFC-Count,
maxTFC-Value,
maxTFC-Value-1,
maxTFCI-1-Combs,
maxTFCI-2-Combs,
maxTFCI-Value,
maxTFcount,
maxTrCH,
maxTrChCount,
maxTrChValue,
maxUL-CCTrCHcount
FROM Constant-definitions;

AddCTFC-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAddTFC-Count)) OF
                  CTFC

Addition ::= SEQUENCE {
                  CTFC,
                  GainFactorInformation,
                  PowerOffsetPp-m
                }

AdditionList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAddTFC-Count)) OF
                  Addition

AllowedTFI-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTF-Count)) OF
                  INTEGER (0..maxTF-Value)

AllowedTFC-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFC-Count)) OF
                  TFC-Value

BitModeRLC-SizeInfo ::= CHOICE {
                  sizeType1
                  sizeType2
                    part1
                    part2
                    -- Actual size = (part1 * 8) + 128 + part2
                  },
                  sizeType3
                    part1
                    part2
                    -- Actual size = (part1 * 16) + 256 + part2
                  },
                  sizeType4
                    part1
                    part2
                    -- Actual size = (part1 * 64) + 1024 + part2
                }
                OPTIONAL
}

BLER-QualityValue ::= INTEGER (0..63)

ChannelCodingType ::= CHOICE {
                  noCoding
                  convolutional
                  turbo
                }
                OPTIONAL

CodingRate ::= ENUMERATED {
                  half,
                  third
                }

CommonDynamicTF-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
                  numberOfTransportBlocks
                  modeSpecificInfo
                    fdd
                      octetModeRLC-SizeInfoType2
                    },
                    tdd
                      commonTDD-Choice
                        bitModeRLC-SizeInfo
                        octetModeRLC-SizeInfoType1
                      }
                    }
                  }
                  OPTIONAL
}

CommonDynamicTF-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFcount)) OF

```

```

CommonDynamicTF-Info

CommonTransChTFS ::= SEQUENCE {
    dynamicTF-InformationList,
    semistaticTF-Information
}

CompleteReconf ::= SEQUENCE {
    ctfc,
    gainFactorInformation,
    powerOffsetPp-m
}

CompleteReconfList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFC-Count)) OF
    CompleteReconf

ComputedGainFactors ::= SEQUENCE {
    referenceTFC-Number
}

ControlledTrChList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTrChCount)) OF
    TransportChannelIdentity

CPCH-SetID ::= INTEGER (1..maxCPCHsetcount)

CRC-Size ::= ENUMERATED {
    crc0, crc8, crc12, crc16, crc24 }

CTFC-DCH ::= INTEGER (0..maxCTFC-DCH)

CTFC-DSCH ::= INTEGER (0..maxCTFC-DSCH)

CTFC ::= INTEGER (0..maxCTFC)

DedicatedDynamicTF-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    numberOfWorkBlocks,
    rlcMode
        CHOICE {
            bitMode,
            octetModeType1
        }
}
OPTIONAL

DedicatedDynamicTF-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFcount)) OF
    DedicatedDynamicTF-Info

DedicatedTransChTFS ::= SEQUENCE {
    dynamicTF-InformationList,
    semistaticTF-Information
}

DeletedUL-TransChInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity
}

DL-AddReconfTransChInfo2List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxReconAddTrCHcount)) OF
    DL-AddReconfTransChInformation2

DL-AddReconfTransChInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxReconAddTrCHcount)) OF
    DL-AddReconfTransChInformation

DL-AddReconfTransChInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity,
    transportFormatSet,
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd,
            tdd
                dl-DCH-TFCS-Identity
        }
}
OPTIONAL

dch-QualityTarget
tm-SignallingInfo
OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL

DL-AddReconfTransChInformation2 ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity,
    transportFormatSet,
    qualityTarget
}

```

```

DL-CommonTransChInfo ::=          SEQUENCE {
    sccpch-TFCS                  TFCS
    modeSpecificInfo               CHOICE {
        fdd                         SEQUENCE {
            dl-DCH-TFCS              TFCS
        }
        tdd                         SEQUENCE {
            individualDL-CCTrCH-InfoList IndividualDL-CCTrCH-InfoList
        }
    }
}

DL-DeletedTransChInfoList ::=      SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDelTrCHcount)) OF
                                    DL-DeletedTransChInformation

DL-DeletedTransChInformation ::=   SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity       TransportChannelIdentity,
    modeSpecificInfo               CHOICE {
        fdd                         NULL,
        tdd                         SEQUENCE {
            dl-DCH-TFCS-Identity     TFCS-Identity
        }
    }
}

DL-PreDefTrChInfoList ::=         SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTrCH)) OF
                                    DL-PreDefTrChInformation

DL-PreDefTrChInformation ::=      SEQUENCE {
    trasportChannelIdentity       TransportChannelIdentity,
    transportFormatSet             TransportFormatSet,
    qualityTarget                 QualityTarget
    tm-SignallingInfo             TM-SignallingInfo
}

DRAC-ClassIdentity ::=           INTEGER (1..maxDRAC-Classes)

DRAC-StaticInformation ::=        SEQUENCE {
    transmissionTimeValidity     TransmissionTimeValidity,
    timeDurationBeforeRetry      TimeDurationBeforeRetry,
    drac-ClassIdentity           DRAC-ClassIdentity
}

DRAC-StaticInformationList ::=    SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDRACReconAddTrCHcount)) OF
                                    DRAC-StaticInformation

FACH-PCH-Information ::=         SEQUENCE {
    transportFormatSet             TransportFormatSet,
    ctch-Indicator                 BOOLEAN
}

FACH-PCH-InformationList ::=     SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxFACHcount)) OF
                                    FACH-PCH-Information

GainFactor ::=                   INTEGER (0..15)

GainFactorInformation ::=        CHOICE {
    signalledGainFactors          SignalledGainFactors,
    computedGainFactors           ComputedGainFactors
}

IndividualDL-CCTrCH-Info ::=    SEQUENCE {
    dl-DCH-TFCS-Identity         TFCS-Identity,
    dl-DCH-TFCS                  TFCS
}

IndividualUL-CCTrCH-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxUL-CCTrCHcount)) OF
                                    IndividualUL-CCTrCH-Info

IndividualUL-CCTrCH-Info ::=     SEQUENCE {
    ul-DCH-TFCS-Identity         TFCS-Identity,
    ul-DCH-TFCS                  TFCS
}

IndividualDL-CCTrCH-InfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDL-CCTrCHcount)) OF
                                    IndividualDL-CCTrCH-Info

```

```

-- **TODO**, extensibility?
MessType ::= ENUMERATED {
    transportFormatCombinationControl }

Non-allowedTFC-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFC-Count)) OF
    INTEGER (0..maxTFC-Value)

NumberOfTransportBlocks ::= INTEGER (0..4095)

OctetModeRLC-SizeInfoType1 ::= CHOICE {
    sizeType1           INTEGER (0..31),
    -- Actual size = (8 * sizeType1) + 16
    sizeType2           SEQUENCE {
        part1            INTEGER (0..23),
        part2            INTEGER (1..3)
        -- Actual size = (32 * part1) + 272 + (part2 * 8)
    },
    sizeType3           SEQUENCE {
        part1            INTEGER (0..61),
        part2            INTEGER (1..7)
        -- Actual size = (64 * part1) + 1040 + (part2 * 8)
    }
}

OctetModeRLC-SizeInfoType2 ::= SEQUENCE {
    sizeType1           INTEGER (0..31),
    -- Actual size = (sizeType1 * 8) + 48
    sizeType2           INTEGER (0..63),
    -- Actual size = (sizeType2 * 16) + 312
    sizeType3           INTEGER (0..56)
    -- Actual size = (sizeType3 * 64) + 1384
}

PowerOffsetPp-m ::= INTEGER (-5..10)

PreDefTransChConfiguration ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-TFCS             TFCS
    ul-AddReconfTrChInfoList UL-PreDefTrChInfoList
    dl-TFCS             TFCS
    dl-TrChInfoList     DL-PreDefTrChInfoList
    modeSpecificInfo    CHOICE {
        fdd               NULL,
        tdd               SEQUENCE {
            ul-DCH-TFCS-Identity   TFCS-Identity,
            dl-DCH-TFCS-Identity   TFCS-Identity
        }
        -- TABULAR: The two separate choices in tabular have been
        -- combined here.
    }
}

QualityTarget ::= SEQUENCE {
    bler-QualityValue   BLER-QualityValue
}

RateMatchingAttribute ::= INTEGER (1..maxRM)

ReferenceTFC-Number ::= INTEGER (0..15)

Removal ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfci               TFCI
}

RemovalList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDeltFC-Count)) OF
    Removal

RestrictedTrChIdentity ::= INTEGER (0..maxTrChValue)

RestrictedTrChInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    restrictedTrChIdentity RestrictedTrChIdentity,
    allowedTFI-List       AllowedTFI-List
    OPTIONAL
}

RestrictedTrChInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRstTrCH-Count)) OF
    RestrictedTrChInfo

SemistaticTF-Information ::= SEQUENCE {

```

```

transmissionTimeInterval
channelCodingType
rateMatchingAttribute
crc-Size
}

SignalledGainFactors ::= SEQUENCE {
    gainFactorBetaC,
    gainFactorBetaD,
    referenceTFC-Number
}

TFC-DCH-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFCI-1-Combs)) OF
    CTFC-DCH

TFC-DSCH-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFCI-2-Combs)) OF
    CTFC-DSCH

TFC-MappingOnDSCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    maxTFCI-Field2Value,
    ctfc-DSCH
}

TFC-MappingOnDSCH-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoTFCI-Groups)) OF
    TFC-MappingOnDSCH

TFC-Subset ::= CHOICE {
    minimumAllowedTFC-Number,
    allowedTFC-List,
    non-allowedTFC-List,
    restrictedTrChInfoList
}

TFC-Value ::= INTEGER (0..maxTFC-Value-1)

TFCI ::= INTEGER (0..maxTFCI-Value)

TFCI2-Length ::= INTEGER (1..9)

TFCS ::= CHOICE {
    fddWithoutAccessOrTDD {
        tfcsRepresentation,
        completeReconfList,
        removalList,
        additionList
    },
    fddWithAccess {
        tfci2-Length,
        tfc-DCH-List,
        signallingMethod {
            tfci-Range,
            tfc-MappingOnDSCH-List
        },
        explicit {
            tfc-DSCH-List
        }
    }
}

TFCS-Identity ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfcs-ID,
    sharedChannelIndicator
}

TimeDurationBeforeRetry ::= INTEGER (1..256)

TM-SignallingInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity,
    tm-SignallingMode {
        mode1 {
            messType
        },
        mode2 {
            controlledTrChList
        }
    }
}

```

```

}

TransmissionTimeInterval ::= ENUMERATED {
    tti10, tti20, tti40, tti80 }

TransmissionTimeValidity ::= INTEGER (1..256)

TransportChannelIdentity ::= INTEGER (1..64)

TransportFormatSet ::= CHOICE {
    dedicatedTransChTFS,
    commonTransChTFS
}

UL-AddReconfTransChInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxReconAddTrCHcount)) OF
    UL-AddReconfTransChInformation

UL-AddReconfTransChInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity,
    transportFormatSet,
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd,
            tdd
                ul-DCH-TFCS-Identity
        }
    }
}

UL-CommonTransChInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfc-Subset OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd
                ul-DCH-TFCS
            },
            tdd
                ul-DCH-TFCS-Identity
        }
}

UL-DeletedTransChInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDelTrCHcount)) OF
    DeletedUL-TransChInformation

UL-DeletedTransChInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity,
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd,
            tdd
                individualUL-CCTrCH-InfoList
                    IndividualUL-CCTrCH-InfoList
            }
        }
}

UL-PreDefTrChInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTrCH)) OF
    UL-PreDefTrChInformation

UL-PreDefTrChInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity,
    transportFormatSet
}

END

```

### 11.3.6 Physical channel information elements

PhysicalChannel-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

```

maxAddRLcount,
maxAP-SigNum,
maxAP-SubCH,
maxChanCount,
maxCodeCount,
maxCodeNum,

```

```

maxCodeNumComp-1,
maxCombineSet,
maxCPCH-SetCount,
maxDelRLcount,
maxDPDCHcount,
maxFACH-Count,
maxMidambleShift-1,
maxNoCodeGroups,
maxNoTFCI-Groups,
maxPCPCHs,
maxPDSCHcount,
maxPRACHcount,
maxPUSCHcount,
maxReplaceCount,
maxRLcount,
maxSCCPCHcount,
maxSigNum,
maxSF-Num,
maxSubChNum,
maxTFCI-2-Combs,
maxTFs,
maxTimeslotCount,
maxTScount,
maxUL-CCTrCHcount
FROM Constant-definitions

ActivationTime
FROM UserEquipment-IEs

CPCH-SetID,
FACH-PCH-InformationList,
TFCS,
TFCS-Identity,
TransportFormatSet
FROM TransportChannel-IEs

SIB-ReferenceListFACH
FROM Other-IEs;

AC-To-ASC-Mapping ::= INTEGER (0..7)

AC-To-ASC-MappingTable ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (7)) OF
                           AC-To-ASC-Mapping

AccessServiceClass ::= SEQUENCE {
                           availableSignaturestartIndex
                           availableSignature endIndex
                           availableSubChannelstartIndex
                           availableSubChannel endIndex
                         }

AccessServiceClassIndex ::= INTEGER (1..8)

AICH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
                           secondaryScramblingCode
                           channelisationCode256
                           sttd-Indicator
                           aich-TransmissionTiming
                         } OPTIONAL,

AICH-PowerOffset ::= INTEGER (-10..5)

AICH-TransmissionTiming ::= ENUMERATED {
                           e0, e1
                         }

AllocationPeriodInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
                           allocationActivationTime
                           allocationDuration
                         }

AP-AICH-ChannelisationCode ::= INTEGER (0..255)

AP-AICH-ScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (0..255)

AP-PreambleScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (0..255)

AP-Signature ::= INTEGER (0..15)

```

```

AP-Subchannel ::= INTEGER (0..11)

ASC ::= SEQUENCE {
    accessServiceClass AccessServiceClass,
    repetitionPeriodAndOffset ASC-RepetitionPeriodAndOffset OPTIONAL
    -- TABULAR: The offset is nested in the repetition period
}

ASC-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    asc-List ASC-List
}

ASC-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF
    ASC

ASC-RepetitionPeriodAndOffset ::= CHOICE {
    rp1 NULL,
    rp2 INTEGER (0..1),
    rp4 INTEGER (0..3),
    rp8 INTEGER (0..7)
}

AvailableAP-SignatureList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAP-SigNum)) OF
    AP-Signature

AvailableAP-SubchannelList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAP-SubCH)) OF
    AP-Subchannel

AvailableMinimumSF-VCAM ::= SEQUENCE {
    minimumSpreadingFactor MinimumSpreadingFactor,
    nf-Max NF-Max,
    maxAvailablePCPCH-Number MaxAvailablePCPCH-Number,
    availableAP-SignatureList AvailableAP-SignatureList,
    availableAP-SubchannelList AvailableAP-SubchannelList OPTIONAL
}

AvailableMinimumSF-ListUCSM ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSF-Num)) OF
    MinimumSpreadingFactor

AvailableMinimumSF-ListVCAM ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSF-Num)) OF
    AvailableMinimumSF-VCAM

AvailableSignatureList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSigNum)) OF
    Signature

AvailableSubChannelNumber ::= INTEGER (0..11)

AvailableSubChannelNumberList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSubChNum)) OF
    AvailableSubChannelNumber

BlockSTTD-Indicator ::= BOOLEAN

BurstType ::= ENUMERATED {
    short1, long2 }

BurstType1 ::= ENUMERATED { ms4, ms8, ms16 }

BurstType2 ::= ENUMERATED { ms3, ms6 }

CCTrCH-PowerControlInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfcs-Identity TFCS-Identity OPTIONAL,
    ul-DPCH-PowerControlInfo UL-DPCH-PowerControlInfo
}

CD-AccessSlotSubchannel ::= INTEGER (0..11)

CD-AccessSlotSubchannelList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSubChNum)) OF
    CD-AccessSlotSubchannel

CD-CA-ICH-ChannelisationCode ::= INTEGER (0..255)

CD-CA-ICH-ScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (0..255)

CD-PreambleScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (0..255)

CD-SignatureCode ::= INTEGER (0..15)

CD-SignatureCodeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSigNum)) OF

```

```

CD-SignatureCode

CellParametersID ::= INTEGER (0..127)

CFN ::= INTEGER (0..255)

ChannelAssignmentActive ::= CHOICE {
    notActive,
    isActive
}

ChannelisationCode256 ::= INTEGER (0..255)

ChannelReqParamsForUCSM ::= SEQUENCE {
    availableAP-SignatureList,
    availableAP-SubchannelList
}

ChannelReqParamsForUCSM-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSigNum)) OF
    ChannelReqParamsForUCSM

ClosedLoopTimingAdjMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    slot1, slot2
}

CodeNumber ::= INTEGER (0..maxCodeNum)

CodeNumberDSCH ::= INTEGER (0..maxCodeNumComp-1)

CodeRange ::= SEQUENCE {
    pdsch-CodeMapList,
    codeNumberStart,
    codeNumberStop
}

CodeWordSet ::= ENUMERATED {
    longCWS,
    mediumCWS,
    shortCWS,
    ssdOff
}

CommonTimeslotInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    secondInterleavingMode OPTIONAL,
    tfci-Coding OPTIONAL,
    puncturingLimit,
    repetitionPeriodAndLength OPTIONAL
}

CommonTimeslotInfoSCCPCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    secondInterleavingMode OPTIONAL,
    TFCl-Coding OPTIONAL,
    PuncturingLimit,
    RepetitionPeriodLengthAndOffset OPTIONAL
}

CompressedModeMethod ::= CHOICE {
    puncturing,
    sf-2,
    upperLayerScheduling,
    noCompressing
}

-- Values from -10 to 10 are used in Release 99
ConstantValue ::= INTEGER (-10..21)

CPCH-PersistenceLevelsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCPCH-SetCount)) OF
    CPCH-PersistenceLevels

CPCH-PersistenceLevels ::= SEQUENCE {
    cpch-SetID,
    dynamicPersistenceLevelTF-List
}

CPCH-SetInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    cpch-SetID,
    transportFormatSet,
    ap-PreambleScramblingCode,
    ap-AICH-ScramblingCode,
    ap-AICH-ChannelisationCode,
}

```

```

cd-PreambleScramblingCode          CD-PreambleScramblingCode,
cd-CA-ICH-ScramblingCode          CD-CA-ICH-ScramblingCode,
cd-CA-ICH-ChannelisationCode      CD-CA-ICH-ChannelisationCode,
cd-AccessSlotSubchannelList        CD-AccessSlotSubchannelList      OPTIONAL,
cd-SignatureCodeList              CD-SignatureCodeList           OPTIONAL,
slotFormat                         SlotFormat,
n-StartMessage                    N-StartMessage,
channelAssignmentActive          ChannelAssignmentActive,
-- TABULAR: VCAM info has been nested inside ChannelAssignmentActive,
-- which in turn is mandatory since it's only a binary choice.
cpch-StatusIndicationMode        CPCH-StatusIndicationMode,
pcpch-ChannelInfoList            PCPCH-ChannelInfoList

}

CPCH-SetInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCPCH-SetCount)) OF CPCH-SetInfo

CPCH-StatusIndicationMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    pcpch-Availability,
    pcpch-AvailabilityAndMinAvailableSF }

-- Actual value = IE value * 512, only values from 0 to 599 used in Release 99.
DefaultDPCH-OffsetValue ::= INTEGER (0..1023)

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.5
DeltaSIR ::= INTEGER (0..15)

DL-CCTrCh ::= SEQUENCE {
    individualTS-InfoDL-CCTrCHList
}

DL-CCTrCh-HO ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfcs-Identity,
    individualTS-InfoDL-CCTrCHList
}

DL-CCTrChList ::= CHOICE {
    single,
    handover
    SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF DL-CCTrCh-HO
}

DL-ChannelisationCode ::= SEQUENCE {
    secondaryScramblingCode           SecondaryScramblingCode           OPTIONAL,
    codeNumber                         CodeNumber
}

DL-ChannelisationCodeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxChanCount)) OF DL-ChannelisationCode

DL-CommonInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    dl-DPCH-InfoCommon               DL-DPCH-InfoCommon               OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo                 CHOICE {
        fdd
        SEQUENCE {
            defaultDPCH-OffsetValue   DefaultDPCH-OffsetValue   OPTIONAL,
            dpch-CompressedModeInfo  DPCH-CompressedModeInfo  OPTIONAL,
            tx-DiversityMode         TX-DiversityMode         OPTIONAL,
            ssdt-Information          SSDT-Information          OPTIONAL
        },
        tdd
        ul-TimingAdvance           UL-TimingAdvance           OPTIONAL
    }
}

DL-CommonInformationPredef ::= SEQUENCE {
    dl-DPCH-InfoCommon               DL-DPCH-InfoCommon               OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo                 CHOICE {
        fdd
        SEQUENCE {
            defaultDPCH-OffsetValue   DefaultDPCH-OffsetValue   OPTIONAL
        },
        tdd
        NULL
    }
}

DL-DPCCCH-SlotFormat ::= ENUMERATED {
    slf0, slf1 }

```

```

DL-DPCH-InfoCommon ::=          SEQUENCE {
    dl-DPCH-PowerControlInfo      DL-DPCH-PowerControlInfo,
    spreadingFactor                SF-DL-DPCH,
    -- TABULAR: The number of pilot bits is nested inside the spreading factor.
    positionFixedOrFlexible       PositionFixedOrFlexible,
    tfci-Existence                BOOLEAN
}

DL-DPCH-InfoPerRL ::=          CHOICE {
    fdd                           SEQUENCE {
        pCPICH-UsageForChannelEst   PCPICH-UsageForChannelEst OPTIONAL,
        secondaryCPICH-Info         SecondaryCPICH-Info     OPTIONAL,
        dl-ChannelisationCodeList   DL-ChannelisationCodeList,
        tpc-CombinationIndex        TPC-CombinationIndex,
        ssdt-CellIdentity           SSDT-CellIdentity    OPTIONAL,
        closedLoopTimingAdjMode    ClosedLoopTimingAdjMode OPTIONAL
    },
    tdd                           SEQUENCE {
        dl-CCTrChList             DL-CCTrChList
    }
}

DL-DPCH-PowerControlInfo ::=    SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo             CHOICE {
        fdd                         SEQUENCE {
            dpc-Mode                  DPC-Mode
        },
        tdd                         NULL
    }
}

DL-FrameType ::=                ENUMERATED {
    dl-FrameTypeA, dl-FrameTypeB }

DL-InfoPerRL ::=                SEQUENCE {
    dl-InformationPerRL          DL-InformationPerRL-Short,
    dl-DPCH-InfoPerRL            DL-DPCH-InfoPerRL
}

DL-InfoPerRL-List ::=          SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRLcount)) OF
                                DL-InfoPerRL

DL-InformationPerRL ::=         SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo             CHOICE {
        fdd                         SEQUENCE {
            primaryCPICH-Info       PrimaryCPICH-Info,
            pdsch-SHO-DCH-Info     PDSCH-SHO-DCH-Info
            pdsch-CodeMapping       PDSCH-CodeMapping
        },
        tdd                         SEQUENCE {
            primaryCCPCH-Info       PrimaryCCPCH-Info
        }
    },
    dl-DPCH-InfoPerRL            DL-DPCH-InfoPerRL
    secondaryCCPCH-Info          SecondaryCCPCH-Info
    sib-ReferenceList            SIB-ReferenceListFACH
}

DL-InformationPerRL-List ::=    SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRLcount)) OF
                                DL-InformationPerRL

DL-InformationPerRL-Short ::=   SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo             CHOICE {
        fdd                         SEQUENCE {
            primaryCPICH-Info       PrimaryCPICH-Info
        },
        tdd                         NULL
    },
    dl-DPCH-InfoPerRL            DL-DPCH-InfoPerRL
}

DL-OuterLoopControl ::=         ENUMERATED {
    increaseAllowed, increaseNotAllowed }

DL-PDSCH-Information ::=        SEQUENCE {
    pdsch-SHO-DCH-Info          PDSCH-SHO-DCH-Info,
    pdsch-CodeMapping            PDSCH-CodeMapping
}

```

```

DL-TS-ChannelisationCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
    cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16 }

DL-TS-ChannelisationCodeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCodeCount)) OF
                                DL-TS-ChannelisationCode

DPC-Mode ::= ENUMERATED {
    singleTPC,
    tpcTripletInSoft }

-- The actual value of DPCCH power offset is the value of this IE * 2.
DPCCH-PowerOffset ::= INTEGER (-82..-3)

DPCH-CompressedModeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    tgl,
    cfn,
    sn,
    tgp1,
    tgp2,
    tgd,
    pd,
    pcm,
    prm,
    ul-DL-Mode,
    compressedModeMethod,
    -- TABULAR: Scrambling code change is nested inside CompressedModeMethod
    dl-FrameType,
    deltaSIR,
    deltaSIRAfter
}

DPDCH-ChannelisationCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    e4, e8, e16, e32,
    e64, e128, e256 }

DPDCH-ChannelisationCodeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDPDCHcount)) OF
                                DPDCH-ChannelisationCode

DSCH-Mapping ::= SEQUENCE {
    maxTFCI-Field2Value,
    spreadingFactor,
    codeNumber,
    multiCodeInfo
}

DSCH-MappingList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoTFCI-Groups)) OF
                        DSCH-Mapping

DSCH-RadioLinkIdentifier ::= INTEGER (0..511)

DurationTimeInfo ::= INTEGER (1..4096)

DynamicPersistenceLevel ::= INTEGER (1..8)

DynamicPersistenceLevelList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxPRACHcount)) OF
                                DynamicPersistenceLevel

DynamicPersistenceLevelTF-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFs)) OF
                                DynamicPersistenceLevel

FACH-PCH-Information ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportFormatSet,
    ctch-Indicator
}

FACH-PCH-InformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxFACH-Count)) OF
                                FACH-PCH-Information

FBI-BitNumber ::= INTEGER (1..2)

FrequencyInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd
            uarfcn-UL
                SEQUENCE {
                    UARFCN-Nu,

```

```

        uarfcn-DL                               UARFCN-Nd           OPTIONAL
    },
    tdd
        uarfcn-Nt                           SEQUENCE {
            UARFCN-Nt
        }
    }
}

IndividualTimeslotInfo ::=          SEQUENCE {
    timeslotNumber                  Timeslot,
    tfci-Existence                BOOLEAN,
    -- The IE above is CH, but since it is a boolean it's kept mandatory.
    burstType                      BurstType,
    midambleShift                  MidambleShift
}

IndividualTS-InfoDL-CCTrCH ::=      SEQUENCE {
    individualTimeslotInfo,
    dl-TS-ChannelisationCodeList
}

IndividualTS-InfoDL-CCTrCHList ::=   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTimeslotCount)) OF
                                         IndividualTS-InfoDL-CCTrCH

IndividualTS-InfoPDSCH ::=          SEQUENCE {
    individualTimeslotInfo,
    pdsch-ChannelisationCode
}

IndividualTS-InfoPDSCH-List ::=     SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTimeslotCount)) OF
                                         IndividualTS-InfoPDSCH

IndividualTS-InfoPUSCH ::=          SEQUENCE {
    individualTimeslotInfo,
    pusch-ChannelisationCode
}

IndividualTS-InfoPUSCH-List ::=     SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTimeslotCount)) OF
                                         IndividualTS-InfoPUSCH

IndividualTS-InfoUL-CCTrCH ::=      SEQUENCE {
    individualTimeslotInfo,
    channelisationCode
}

IndividualTS-InfoUL-CCTrCH-List ::=  SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTimeslotCount)) OF
                                         IndividualTS-InfoUL-CCTrCH

IndividualTS-Interference ::=       SEQUENCE {
    timeslot,
    ul-TimeslotInterference
}

IndividualTS-InterferenceList ::=   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTScount)) OF
                                         IndividualTS-Interference

-- Value range of -50..33 is used for Release 99
MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power ::=         INTEGER (-50..77)

MaxAvailablePCPCH-Number ::=       INTEGER (1..64)

MaxTFCI-Field2Value ::=           INTEGER (1..1023)

MidambleConfiguration ::=          SEQUENCE {
    burstType1,
    burstType2
}

MidambleShift ::=                 INTEGER (0..maxMidambleShift-1)

MinimumSpreadingFactor ::=        ENUMERATED {
    sf4, sf8, sf16, sf32,
    sf64, sf128, sf256
}

MultiCodeInfo ::=                 INTEGER (1..16)

N-GAP ::=                         ENUMERATED {
    f2, f4, f8
}

```

```

N-PCH ::= INTEGER (1..8)

N-StartMessage ::= INTEGER (1..8)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
NB01Max ::= SEQUENCE {
}

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
NB01Min ::= SEQUENCE {
}

NF-Max ::= INTEGER (1..64)

NumberOfFBI-Bits ::= INTEGER (1..2)

PagingIndicatorLength ::= ENUMERATED {
    pi2, pi4, pi8
}

PC-Preamble ::= ENUMERATED {
    pcp0, pcp8
}

PC-PreambleSlotFormat ::= ENUMERATED {
    slf0, slf1
}

PCM ::= ENUMERATED {
    pc-mode0, pc-mode1
}

PCP-Length ::= ENUMERATED {
    as0, as8
}

PCPCH-ChannelInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    pcpch-UL-ScramblingCode,
    pcpch-DL-ChannelisationCode,
    pcpch-DL-ScramblingCode,
    pcp-Length,
    ucsm-Info
} OPTIONAL

PCPCH-ChannelInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxPCPCHs)) OF
    PCPCH-ChannelInfo

PCPICH-UsageForChannelEst ::= ENUMERATED {
    mayBeUsed,
    shallNotBeUsed
}

-- Here the value 0 represents "infinity" in the tabular notation.
PD ::= INTEGER (0..35)

PDSCH-ChannelisationCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
    cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16
}

PDSCH-CodeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    spreadingFactor,
    codeNumber,
    multiCodeInfo
}

PDSCH-CodeInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTFCI-2-Combs)) OF
    PDSCH-CodeInfo

PDSCH-CodeMap ::= SEQUENCE {
    spreadingFactor,
    multiCodeInfo
}

PDSCH-CodeMapList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoCodeGroups)) OF
    PDSCH-CodeMap

PDSCH-CodeMapping ::= SEQUENCE {
    dl-ScramblingCode,
    signallingMethod
        CHOICE {
            codeRange,
            tfci-Range
        }
    SecondaryScramblingCode,
    DSCH-MappingList,
}

```

```

        explicit
        replace
    }

PDSCH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfcs-Identity
    timeInfo
    commonTimeslotInfo
    individualTimeslotInfoList
} OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL

PDSCH-SHO-DCH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    dsch-RadioLinkIdentifier
    tfcI-CombiningSet
    rl-IdentifierList
} OPTIONAL

PDSCH-SysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    pdsch-Info
    dsch-TFS
} OPTIONAL

PDSCH-SysInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxPDSCHcount)) OF PDSCH-SysInfo

PersistenceScalingFactor ::= ENUMERATED {
    psf0-9, psf0-8, psf0-7, psf0-6,
    psf0-5, psf0-4, psf0-3, psf0-2
}

PersistenceScalingFactorList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..6)) OF PersistenceScalingFactor

PI-CountPerFrame ::= ENUMERATED {
    e18, e36, e72, e144
}

PICH-Info ::= CHOICE {
    fdd {
        secondaryScramblingCode
        channelisationCode256
        pi-CountPerFrame
        sttd-Indicator
    },
    tdd {
        channelisationCode
        timeslot
        burstType
        midambleShift
        repetitionPeriodLengthOffset
        pagingIndicatorLength
        n-GAP
        n-PCH
    }
} OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL

PICH-PowerOffset ::= INTEGER (-10..5)

PilotBits128 ::= ENUMERATED {
    pb4, pb8
}

PilotBits256 ::= ENUMERATED {
    pb2, pb4, pb8
}

PositionFixedOrFlexible ::= ENUMERATED {
    fixed,
    flexible
}

PowerControlAlgorithm ::= CHOICE {
    algorithm1
    algorithm2
}
NULL

PowerOffsetP0 ::= INTEGER (1..8)

PRACH-Midamble ::= ENUMERATED {
    direct,
    direct-Inverted
}

```

```

PRACH-Partitioning ::=          SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF
                                AccessServiceClass

PRACH-PowerOffset ::=          SEQUENCE {
                                powerOffsetP0,
                                preambleRetransMax
}

PRACH-RACH-Info ::=           SEQUENCE {
                                modeSpecificInfo
                                CHOICE {
                                    fdd
                                    availableSignatureList
                                    availableSF
                                    scramblingCodeWordNumber
                                    puncturingLimit
                                    availableSubChannelNumberList
                                },
                                tdd
                                timeslot
                                channelisationCode
                                prach-Midamble
                                CHOICE {
                                    fdd
                                    availableSignatureList
                                    availableSF
                                    scramblingCodeWordNumber
                                    puncturingLimit
                                    availableSubChannelNumberList
                                },
                                tdd
                                timeslot
                                channelisationCode
                                prach-Midamble
                                CHOICE {
                                    fdd
                                    availableSignatureList
                                    availableSF
                                    scramblingCodeWordNumber
                                    puncturingLimit
                                    availableSubChannelNumberList
                                }
}
}

PRACH-SystemInformation ::=      SEQUENCE {
                                prach-RACH-Info
                                rach-TransportFormatSet
                                rach-TFCS
                                modeSpecificInfo
                                CHOICE {
                                    fdd
                                    prach-Partitioning
                                    persistenceScalingFactorList
                                    CHOICE {
                                        ac-To-ASC-MappingTable
                                        primaryCPICH-TX-Power
                                        constantValue
                                        prach-PowerOffset
                                        rach-TransmissionParameters
                                        aich-Info
                                    },
                                    tdd
                                    asc-Info
                                }
}
}

PRACH-SystemInformationList ::=   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxPRACHcount)) OF
                                PRACH-SystemInformation

PreambleRetransMax ::=          INTEGER (1..64)

-- **TODO**, tabular definition a little unclear
PreDefPhyChConfiguration ::=    SEQUENCE {
                                ul-DPCH-InfoPredef
                                dl-CommonInformationPredef
}

PrimaryCCPCH-Info ::=           CHOICE {
                                fdd
                                tx-DiversityIndicator
                                CHOICE {
                                    tx-DiversityIndicator
                                    BOOLEAN
                                },
                                tdd
                                CHOICE {
                                    timeslot
                                    cellParametersID
                                    syncCase
                                    repetitionPeriodLengthAndOffset
                                    OPTIONAL,
                                    blockSTTD-Indicator
                                }
}
}

PrimaryCCPCH-InfoSI ::=          CHOICE {
                                fdd
                                tx-DiversityIndicator
                                CHOICE {
                                    tx-DiversityIndicator
                                    BOOLEAN
                                },
                                tdd
                                CHOICE {
                                    repetitionPeriodLengthAndOffset
                                    RepetitionPeriodLengthAndOffset OPTIONAL,
                                }
}
}

```

```

        blockSTTD-Indicator          BlockSTTD-Indicator          OPTIONAL
    }

PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power ::=           INTEGER (6..43)

PrimaryCPICH-Info ::=             SEQUENCE {
    primaryScramblingCode      PrimaryScramblingCode
}

-- Value range -10 .. 50 used for Release 99
PrimaryCPICH-TX-Power ::=           INTEGER (-10..53)

PrimaryScramblingCode ::=           INTEGER (0..511)

PRM ::=                           ENUMERATED {
    pr-mode0, pr-mode1 }

PuncturingLimit ::=               ENUMERATED {
    p10-40, p10-44, p10-48, p10-52, p10-56,
    p10-60, p10-64, p10-68, p10-72, p10-76,
    p10-80, p10-84, p10-88, p10-92, p10-96, p11 }

PUSCH-AllocationAssignment ::=     SEQUENCE {
    pusch-PowerControlInfo      PUSCH-PowerControlInfo      OPTIONAL,
    timeInfo                     TimeInfo,
    commonTimeslotInfo          CommonTimeslotInfo          OPTIONAL,
    timeslotInfoList            IndividualTS-InfoPUSCH-List OPTIONAL
}

PUSCH-ChannelisationCode ::=       ENUMERATED {
    cc1-1, cc2-1, cc2-2,
    cc4-1, cc4-2, cc4-3, cc4-4,
    cc8-1, cc8-2, cc8-3, cc8-4,
    cc8-5, cc8-6, cc8-7, cc8-8,
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
    cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16 }

PUSCH-Info ::=                   SEQUENCE {
    pusch-Allocation           CHOICE {
        pusch-AllocationPending NULL,
        pusch-AllocationAssignment PUSCH-AllocationAssignment
    }
}

PUSCH-PowerControlInfo ::=        SEQUENCE {
    ul-TargetSIR                UL-TargetsIR
}

PUSCH-SysInfo ::=                SEQUENCE {
    pusch-Info                  PUSCH-Info,
    usch-TFS                     TransportFormatSet
}

PUSCH-SysInfoList ::=            SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxPUSCHcount)) OF
                                PUSCH-SysInfo

RACH-TransmissionParameters ::=   SEQUENCE {
    mmax                         INTEGER (1..32),
    nb01Min                      NB01Min,
    nb01Max                      NB01Max
}

ReducedScramblingCodeNumber ::=   INTEGER (0..8191)

RepetitionPeriodAndLength ::=    CHOICE {
    repetitionPeriod1            NULL,
    repetitionPeriod2            INTEGER (1..1),
    -- repetitionPeriod2 could just as well be NULL also.
    repetitionPeriod4            INTEGER (1..3),
    repetitionPeriod8            INTEGER (1..7),
    repetitionPeriod16           INTEGER (1..15),
    repetitionPeriod32           INTEGER (1..31),
    repetitionPeriod64           INTEGER (1..63)
}

```

```

RepetitionPeriodLengthAndOffset ::= CHOICE {
    repetitionPeriod1
        NULL,
    repetitionPeriod2
        SEQUENCE {
            length
            offset
        },
    repetitionPeriod4
        SEQUENCE {
            length
            offset
        },
    repetitionPeriod8
        SEQUENCE {
            length
            offset
        },
    repetitionPeriod16
        SEQUENCE {
            length
            offset
        },
    repetitionPeriod32
        SEQUENCE {
            length
            offset
        },
    repetitionPeriod64
        SEQUENCE {
            length
            offset
        }
}

ReplacedPDSCH-CodeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfci-Field2
    spreadingFactor
    codeNumber
    multiCodeInfo
}

ReplacedPDSCH-CodeInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxReplaceCount)) OF
    ReplacedPDSCH-CodeInfo

RepPerLengthOffset-PICH ::= CHOICE {
    rpp4-2
    rpp8-2
    rpp8-4
    rpp16-2
    rpp16-4
    rpp32-2
    rpp32-4
    rpp64-2
    rpp64-4
}

RL-AdditionInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info
    dl-DPCH-InfoPerRL
    tfci-CombiningIndicator
    secondaryCCPCH-Info
    sib-ReferenceListFACH
    OPTIONAL,
    OPTIONAL
}

RL-AdditionInformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAddRLcount)) OF
    RL-AdditionInformation

RL-IdentifierList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxCombineSet)) OF
    PrimaryCPICH-Info

RL-RemovalInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info
}

RL-RemovalInformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxDelRLcount)) OF
    RL-RemovalInformation

S-Field ::= ENUMERATED {
    e1bit, e2bits }

SCCPCH-ChannelisationCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
}

```

```

cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16 }

SCCPCH-SystemInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    secondaryCCPCH-Info,
    tfcs,
    fach-PCH-InformationList,
    pich-Info
} OPTIONAL

SCCPCH-SystemInformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSCCPCHcount)) OF
    SCCPCH-SystemInformation

ScramblingCodeChange ::= ENUMERATED {
    codeChange, noCodeChange }

ScramblingCodeType ::= ENUMERATED {
    shortSC,
    longSC }

ScramblingCodeWordNumber ::= INTEGER (0..15)

SecondaryCCPCH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    selectionIndicator SelectionIndicator OPTIONAL,
    -- The IE above is conditional on the logical channel type.
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd SEQUENCE {
            pCPICH-UsageForChannelEst PCPICH-UsageForChannelEst,
            secondaryCPICH-Info SecondaryCPICH-Info OPTIONAL,
            secondaryScramblingCode SecondaryScramblingCode OPTIONAL,
            stdt-Indicator STTD-Indicator,
            sf-AndCodeNumber SF-AndCodeNumber,
            pilotSymbolExistence BOOLEAN,
            tfci-Existence BOOLEAN,
            positionFixedOrFlexible PositionFixedOrFlexible,
            timingOffset TimingOffset OPTIONAL
        },
        tdd SEQUENCE {
            -- TABULAR: the offset is included in CommonTimeslotInfoSCCPCH
            commonTimeslotInfo CommonTimeslotInfoSCCPCH OPTIONAL,
            individualTimeslotInfo IndividualTimeslotInfo,
            channelisationCode SCCPCH-ChannelisationCode
        }
    }
} OPTIONAL

SecondaryCPICH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    secondaryDL-ScramblingCode SecondaryScramblingCode OPTIONAL,
    channelisationCode ChannelisationCode256
} OPTIONAL

-- Value range 1..15 used for Release 99
SecondaryScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (1..16)

SecondInterleavingMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    frameRelated, timeslotRelated }

SelectionIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {
    on, off }

SF-AndCodeNumber ::= CHOICE {
    sf4 INTEGER (0..3),
    sf8 INTEGER (0..7),
    sf16 INTEGER (0..15),
    sf32 INTEGER (0..31),
    sf64 INTEGER (0..63),
    sf128 INTEGER (0..127),
    sf256 INTEGER (0..255)
} OPTIONAL

SF-DL-DPCH ::= CHOICE {
    sfd4 NULL,
    sfd8 NULL,
    sfd16 NULL,
    sfd32 NULL,
    sfd64 NULL,
    sfd128 PilotBits128,
    sfd256 PilotBits256,
    sfd512 NULL
}

```

```

}

SF-PDSCH ::= ENUMERATED {
    sfp4, sfp8, sfp16, sfp32,
    sfp64, sfp128, sfp256, spare }

SF-PRACH ::= ENUMERATED {
    sfpr32, sfpr64, sfpr128, sfpr256 }

Signature ::= INTEGER (0..15)

SlotFormat ::= SEQUENCE {
    pc-PreambleSlotFormat,
    ul-DPCCH-SlotFormat,
    dl-DPCCH-SlotFormat
}

SSDT-CellIdentity ::= ENUMERATED {
    ssdt-id-a, ssdt-id-b, ssdt-id-c,
    ssdt-id-d, ssdt-id-e, ssdt-id-f,
    ssdt-id-g, ssdt-id-h }

SSDT-Information ::= SEQUENCE {
    s-Field,
    codeWordSet
}

STTD-Indicator ::= BOOLEAN

SyncCase ::= ENUMERATED {
    sc1, sc2 }

TDD-PICH-CCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
    cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16 }

TDD-PRACH-CCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    cc8-1, cc8-2, cc8-3, cc8-4,
    cc8-5, cc8-6, cc8-7, cc8-8,
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
    cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16 }

TFC-ControlDuration ::= ENUMERATED {
    tfc-cd1, tfc-cd16, tfc-cd24, tfc-cd32,
    tfc-cd48, tfc-cd64, tfc-cd128,
    tfc-cd192, tfc-cd256, tfc-cd512 }

TFCI-Coding ::= ENUMERATED {
    tfci-bits-4, tfci-bits-8,
    tfci-bits-16, tfci-bits-32 }

-- **TODO**, not defined
TFCI-CombiningSet ::= SEQUENCE {

}

TGD ::= INTEGER (0..35)

TGL ::= INTEGER (1..15)

TGP ::= INTEGER (1..256)

TimeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    activationTime OPTIONAL,
    duration OPTIONAL
}

Timeslot ::= INTEGER (0..14)

TimeslotList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..14)) OF
    Timeslot

-- Actual value = IE value * 256
TimingOffset ::= INTEGER (0..149)

```

```

TPC-CombinationIndex ::= INTEGER (0..5)

TPC-StepSize ::= ENUMERATED {
    dB1, dB2 }

TX-DiversityMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    noDiversity,
    std,
    closedLoopMode1,
    closedLoopMode2 }

UARFCN-Nd ::= INTEGER (0..16383)

UARFCN-Nt ::= INTEGER (0..16383)

UARFCN-Nu ::= INTEGER (0..16383)

UCSM-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    availableMinimumSF-ListUCSM,
    nf-Max,
    channelReqParamsForUCSM-List
} OPTIONAL

UL-CCTrCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    tfcs-Identity OPTIONAL,
    timeInfo,
    commonTimeslotInfo OPTIONAL,
    timeslotInfoList OPTIONAL
}

UL-CCTrCHList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxUL-CCTrCHcount)) OF
    UL-CCTrCH

UL-ChannelRequirement ::= CHOICE {
    ul-DPCH-Info,
    prach-RACH-Info,
    spare
}

UL-DL-Mode ::= ENUMERATED {
    dl-Only, ul-DL }

UL-DPCCH-SlotFormat ::= ENUMERATED {
    slf0, slf1, slf2, slf3, slf4, slf5 }

UL-DPCH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-DPCH-PowerControlInfo OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo {
        fdd {
            scramblingCodeType,
            scramblingCode,
            dpdch-ChannelisationCodeList,
            tfci-Existence,
            fbi-BitNumber,
            puncturingLimit
        },
        tdd {
            ul-CCTrCHList
        }
    }
}

UL-DPCH-InfoHO ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-DPCH-PowerControlInfo OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo {
        fdd {
            scramblingCodeType,
            scramblingCode,
            dpdch-ChannelisationCodeList,
            tfci-Existence,
            fbi-BitNumber,
            puncturingLimit
        },
        tdd {
            ul-CCTrCHList
        }
    }
}

```

```

UL-DPCH-InfoPredef ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-DPCH-PowerControlInfo,
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd {
            maxAllowedUL-TX-Power MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power OPTIONAL,
            pc-Preamble PC-Preamble OPTIONAL,
            tfci-Existence BOOLEAN,
            puncturingLimit PuncturingLimit
        },
        tdd NULL
    }
}

UL-DPCH-InfoShort ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-DPCH-PowerControlInfoShort,
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd {
            scramblingCodeType ScramblingCodeType,
            reducedScramblingCodeNumber ReducedScramblingCodeNumber,
            dpch-ChannelisationCode DPDCH-ChannelisationCode,
            numberOffBI-Bits NumberOfFBI-Bits
            -- The IE above is CH, which is questionable as such.
            -- There's no point in making a 1-bit integer optional, however.
        },
        tdd NULL
    }
}

UL-DPCH-PowerControlInfo ::= CHOICE {
    fdd {
        dpcch-PowerOffset DPCCH-PowerOffset,
        pc-Preamble PC-Preamble,
        powerControlAlgorithm PowerControlAlgorithm
        -- TABULAR: TPC step size nested inside PowerControlAlgorithm
    },
    tdd {
        maxAllowedUL-TX-Power MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power OPTIONAL,
        ul-TargetSIR UL-TargetSIR,
        handoverGroup {
            individualTS-InterferenceList IndividualTS-InterferenceList,
            dpch-ConstantValue ConstantValue
        }
        OPTIONAL
    }
}

UL-DPCH-PowerControlInfoHO ::= CHOICE {
    fdd {
        dpcch-PowerOffset DPCCH-PowerOffset,
        powerControlAlgorithm PowerControlAlgorithm
        -- TABULAR: TPC step size nested inside PowerControlAlgorithm
    },
    tdd {
        maxAllowedUL-TX-Power MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power OPTIONAL,
        ul-TargetSIR UL-TargetSIR,
        handoverGroup {
            individualTS-InterferenceList IndividualTS-InterferenceList,
            dpch-ConstantValue ConstantValue
        }
    }
}

UL-DPCH-PowerControlInfoShort ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd {
            dpcch-PowerOffset DPCCH-PowerOffset,
            powerControlAlgorithm PowerControlAlgorithm
        },
        tdd NULL
    }
}

-- Value range -110 .. -70 used for Release 99
UL-Interference ::= INTEGER (-110..-47)

-- **TODO**, specification possibly wrong. 777215 mod 16 <> 0...
UL-ScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (0..48575)

```

```
-- Actual value = (IE value * 0.5) - 11
UL-TargetSIR ::= INTEGER (0..62)

UL-TimingAdvance ::= INTEGER (0..63)

UL-TS-ChannelisationCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    cc1-1, cc2-1, cc2-2,
    cc4-1, cc4-2, cc4-3, cc4-4,
    cc8-1, cc8-2, cc8-3, cc8-4,
    cc8-5, cc8-6, cc8-7, cc8-8,
    cc16-1, cc16-2, cc16-3, cc16-4,
    cc16-5, cc16-6, cc16-7, cc16-8,
    cc16-9, cc16-10, cc16-11, cc16-12,
    cc16-13, cc16-14, cc16-15, cc16-16 }

VCAM-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    availableMinimumSF-List
}
}

END
```

### 11.3.7 Measurement information elements

```
Measurement-IES DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
    CellIdentity
FROM UTRANMobility-IES

    DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient
FROM UserEquipment-IES
```

```
    RB-Identity
FROM RadioBearer-IES
```

```
    TransportChannelIdentity
FROM TransportChannel-IES

    FrequencyInfo,
    MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power,
    PrimaryCCPCH-Info,
    PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power,
    PrimaryCPICH-Info,
    PrimaryCPICH-TX-Power,
    Timeslot
FROM PhysicalChannel-IES
```

```
    BSIC
FROM Other-IES
```

```
maxAdditionalMeas,
maxAddRLcount,
maxBLER,
maxCCTrCHcount,
maxCellCount,
maxCellsForbidden,
maxDelRLcount,
maxEventCount,
maxFreqCount,
maxInterCells,
maxInterRAT,
maxInterSys,
maxInterSysCells,
maxIntraCells,
maxN-BadSAT,
maxN-SAT,
maxNoCells,
maxNonUsedFrequency,
maxNumFreq,
maxTraf,
maxTrCHcount,
maxTSperCCTrCHcount,
maxTStoMeasureCount,
maxUsedRLcount,
maxUsedUplTScount
```

```

FROM Constant-definitions;

AcquisitionSatInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    satID
    doppler0thOrder
    extraDopplerInfo
    codePhase
    integerCodePhase
    gps-BitNumber
    codePhaseSearchWindow
    azimuthAndElevation
}
    OPTIONAL,
    INTEGER (0..63),
    INTEGER (-2048..2047),
    ExtraDopplerInfo
    INTEGER (0..1022),
    INTEGER (0..19),
    INTEGER (0..3),
    CodePhaseSearchWindow,
    AzimuthAndElevation
    OPTIONAL

AcquisitionSatInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
    AcquisitionSatInfo

ActiveSetCellReport ::= ENUMERATED {
    includeAll,
    excludeAll,
    other
}

-- **TODO**, definition to be checked from TS 09.31
AdditionalAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
}

AdditionalMeasurementID-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAdditionalMeas)) OF
    MeasurementIdentityNumber

AlmanacSatInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    satID
    deltaI
    e
    m0
    a-Sqrt
    omega0
    omegaDot
    omega
    af0
    af1
}
    BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (24)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (24)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (24)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (24)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (11)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (11))

AlmanacSatInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
    AlmanacSatInfo

AverageRLC-BufferPayload ::= ENUMERATED {
    pla0, pla4, pla8, pla16, pla32,
    pla64, pla128, pla256, pla512,
    pla1024, pla2k, pla4k, pla8k, pla16k
}

AzimuthAndElevation ::= SEQUENCE {
    azimuth
    elevation
}
    INTEGER (0..31),
    INTEGER (0..7)

BadSatList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-BadSAT)) OF
    INTEGER (0..63)

BCCH-ARFCN ::= INTEGER (0..1023)

BLER-MeasurementResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelIdentity
    dl-TransportChannelBLER
}
    OPTIONAL,
    TransportChannelIdentity,
    DL-TransportChannelBLER

BLER-MeasurementResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxBLER)) OF
    BLER-MeasurementResults

BLER-TransChIdList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxBLER)) OF
    TransportChannelIdentity

-- IE value 0 = true value -0.05, IE value 16 = true value -0.003125,
-- IE value 17 = true value 0.003125, IE value 32 = true value 0.05
BTS-ClockDrift ::= INTEGER (0..31)

BurstModeParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    burstStart
    burstLength
    burstFreq
}
    INTEGER (0..15),
    INTEGER (10..25),
    INTEGER (1..16)

```

```

}

CCTrCH-Timeslot ::= SEQUENCE {
    iscp
    rscp
} OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL

CCTrCH-TimeslotList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxTSperCCTrCHcount)) OF
CCTrCH-Timeslot

CellDCH-ReportCriteria ::= CHOICE {
    intraFreqReportingCriteria
    periodicalReportingCriteria
}
IntraFreqReportingCriteria,
PeriodicalReportingCriteria

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.5
CellIndividualOffset ::= INTEGER (-20..20)

CellInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellIndividualOffset
    referenceTimeDifferenceToCell
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd
            primaryCPICH-Info
            primaryCPICH-TX-Power
            readSFN-Indicator
            tx-DiversityIndicator
        },
        tdd
            primaryCCPCH-Info
            primaryCCPCH-TX-Power
            dl-CCTrCH-Info
            dl-TimeslotInfo
    }
    DEFAULT 1,
OPTIONAL,
CHOICE {
    SEQUENCE {
        PrimaryCPICH-Info
        PrimaryCPICH-TX-Power
        BOOLEAN,
        BOOLEAN
    },
    SEQUENCE {
        PrimaryCCPCH-Info,
        PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power,
        DL-CCTrCH-Info
        DL-TimeslotInfo
    }
    OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL
}

CellInfoSI ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellIndividualOffset
    referenceTimeDifferenceToCell
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd
            primaryCPICH-Info
            primaryCPICH-TX-Power
            readSFN-Indicator
            tx-DiversityIndicator
        },
        tdd
            primaryCCPCH-Info
            primaryCCPCH-TX-Power
            dl-CCTrCH-Info
            dl-TimeslotInfo
    }
    DEFAULT 1,
OPTIONAL,
CHOICE {
    SEQUENCE {
        PrimaryCPICH-Info
        PrimaryCPICH-TX-Power
        BOOLEAN,
        BOOLEAN
    },
    SEQUENCE {
        PrimaryCCPCH-Info,
        PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power,
        DL-CCTrCH-Info
        DL-TimeslotInfo
    }
    OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL
},
cellSelectionReselectionInfo
signallingOption
}

CellMeasuredResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellIdentity
    sfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference
    modeSpecificInfo
        fdd
            primaryCPICH-Info
            cpich-Ec-N0
            cpich-RSCP
            cpich-SIR
            pathloss
            cfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference
        },
        tdd
            primaryCCPCH-Info
            dl-CCTrCH-SIR-List
            dl-TimeslotISCP-List
    }
    OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL,
CHOICE {
    SEQUENCE {
        PrimaryCPICH-Info,
        CPICH-Ec-No
        CPICH-RSCP
        CPICH-SIR
        Pathloss
        CFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference
    },
    SEQUENCE {
        PrimaryCCPCH-Info,
        DL-CCTrCH-SIR-List
        DL-TimeslotISCP-List
    }
    OPTIONAL,
OPTIONAL
}

```

```

CellMeasurementEventResults ::= CHOICE {
    fdd
        SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCellCount)) OF
            PrimaryCPICH-Info,
    tdd
        SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCellCount)) OF
            PrimaryCCPCH-Info
}

CellPosition ::= SEQUENCE {
    relativeNorth
        INTEGER (-32767..32767),
    relativeEast
        INTEGER (-32767..32767),
    relativeAltitude
        INTEGER (-4095..4095)
}

CellReportingQuantities ::= SEQUENCE {
    sfn-SFN-OTD-Type
        SFN-SFN-OTD-Type,
    cellIdentity
        CellIdentity,
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd
                SEQUENCE {
                    cpich-Ec-N0
                        BOOLEAN,
                    cpich-RSCP
                        BOOLEAN,
                    cpich-SIR
                        BOOLEAN,
                    pathloss
                        BOOLEAN,
                    cfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference
                        BOOLEAN
                },
            tdd
                SEQUENCE {
                    dl-CCTrCH-SIR
                        BOOLEAN,
                    timeslotISCP
                        BOOLEAN,
                    primaryCCPCH-RSCP
                        BOOLEAN,
                    pathloss
                        BOOLEAN
                }
        }
}
}

CellSelectionReselectionInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo
        CHOICE {
            fdd
                Qmin-FDD,
            tdd
                Qmin-TDD
        }
    maxAllowedUL-TX-Power
        MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power
        OPTIONAL,
    signallingOption
        SignallingOption
        OPTIONAL,
}

CellToMeasure ::= SEQUENCE {
    sfn-sfn-Drift
        INTEGER (0..30)
        OPTIONAL,
    primaryCPICH-Info
        PrimaryCPICH-Info,
        OPTIONAL,
    frequencyInfo
        FrequencyInfo,
        OPTIONAL,
    sfn-SFN-ObservedTimeDifference
        SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference,
    fineSFN-SFN
        FineSFN-SFN,
    cellPosition
        CellPosition
        OPTIONAL
}

CellToMeasureInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoCells)) OF
    CellToMeasure

CellToReport ::= SEQUENCE {
    frequency
        Frequency,
    bsic
        BSIC
}

CellToReportList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCellCount)) OF
    CellToReport

CFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference ::= INTEGER (0..9830399)

CodePhaseSearchWindow ::= ENUMERATED {
    w1023, w1, w2, w3, w4, w6, w8,
    w12, w16, w24, w32, w48, w64,
    w96, w128, w192
}

CompressedNavModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    iode
        BIT STRING (SIZE (4)),
    t-oe
        BIT STRING (SIZE (7)),
    c-rc
        BIT STRING (SIZE (12)),
    c-rs
        BIT STRING (SIZE (12)),
    c-ic
        BIT STRING (SIZE (9)),
    c-is
        BIT STRING (SIZE (9)),
    c-uc
        BIT STRING (SIZE (11)),
    c-us
        BIT STRING (SIZE (11)),
}

```

```

e                                BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
m0                               BIT STRING (SIZE (22)),
a-Sqrt                           BIT STRING (SIZE (13)),
delta-n                           BIT STRING (SIZE (11)),
omega0                            BIT STRING (SIZE (14)),
omegaDot                          BIT STRING (SIZE (12)),
i0                                BIT STRING (SIZE (15)),
iDot                             BIT STRING (SIZE (11)),
omega                            BIT STRING (SIZE (21)),
t-oc                             BIT STRING (SIZE (7)),
af0                             BIT STRING (SIZE (7)),
af1                             BIT STRING (SIZE (3)),
af2                             BIT STRING (SIZE (1))

}

CPICH-Ec-N0 ::= INTEGER (-20..0)

-- IE value 0 = <-24 dB, 1 = between -24 and -23 and so on
CPICH-Ec-N0-OTDOA ::= INTEGER (0..26)

CPICH-RSCP ::= INTEGER (-115..-40)

CPICH-SIR ::= INTEGER (-10..20)

DGPS-CorrectionSatInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    satID                         INTEGER (0..63),
    iode                           BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
    udre                           UDRE,
    prc                            INTEGER (-2048..2048),
    rrc                            INTEGER (-125..125),
    deltaPRC2                      INTEGER (-127..127),
    deltaRRC2                      INTEGER (-7..7),
    deltaPRC3                      INTEGER (-127..127),
    deltaRRC3                      INTEGER (-7..7)
}

DGPS-CorrectionSatInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
                                DGPS-CorrectionSatInfo

DGPS-Information ::= SEQUENCE {
    satID                         SatID,
    iode                           IODE,
    udre                           UDRE,
    scaleFactor                     ScaleFactor,
    prc                            PRC,
    rrc                            RRC
}

DGPS-InformationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
                                DGPS-Information

DiffCorrectionStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
    udre-1-0, udre-0-75, udre-0-5, udre-0-3,
    udre-0-2, udre-0-1, noData, invalidData
}

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
DL-CCTrCH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {

}

DL-CCTrCH-SIR ::= SEQUENCE {
    ccTrCH-TimeslotList
}

DL-CCTrCH-SIR-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxCCTrCHcount)) OF
                                DL-CCTrCH-SIR

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.02
DL-PhysicalChannelBER ::= INTEGER (0..255)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
DL-TimeslotInfo ::= SEQUENCE {

}

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
DL-TimeslotISCP ::= SEQUENCE {

}

DL-TimeslotISCP-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxTStoMeasureCount)) OF

```

## DL-TimeslotISCP

```

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.02
DL-TransportChannelBLER ::= INTEGER (0..255)

DopplerUncertainty ::= ENUMERATED {
    hz12-5, hz25, hz50, hz100, hz200 }

EnvironmentCharacterization ::= ENUMERATED {
    possibleHeavyMultipathNLOS,
    lightMultipathLOS,
    notDefined }

Event1a ::= SEQUENCE {
    triggeringCondition,
    ReportingRange,
    ForbiddenAffectCellList,
    W,
    hysteresis,
    reportDeactivationThreshold } OPTIONAL,

Event1b ::= SEQUENCE {
    triggeringCondition,
    ReportingRange,
    ForbiddenAffectCellList,
    W,
    hysteresis } OPTIONAL

Event1c ::= SEQUENCE {
    hysteresis,
    replacementActivationThreshold } OPTIONAL,

Event2a ::= SEQUENCE {
    usedFreqThreshold,
    usedFreqW,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval,
    nonUsedFreqParameterList } OPTIONAL,

Event2b ::= SEQUENCE {
    usedFreqThreshold,
    usedFreqW,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval,
    nonUsedFreqParameterList } OPTIONAL,

Event2c ::= SEQUENCE {
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval,
    nonUsedFreqParameterList } OPTIONAL,

Event2d ::= SEQUENCE {
    usedFreqThreshold,
    usedFreqW,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval } OPTIONAL,

Event2e ::= SEQUENCE {
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval,
    nonUsedFreqParameterList } OPTIONAL

```

```

}

Event2f ::= SEQUENCE {
    usedFreqThreshold,
    usedFreqW,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval
}

Event3a ::= SEQUENCE {
    thresholdOwnSystem,
    w,
    thresholdOtherSystem,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval
}

Event3b ::= SEQUENCE {
    thresholdOtherSystem,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval
}

Event3c ::= SEQUENCE {
    thresholdOtherSystem,
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval
}

Event3d ::= SEQUENCE {
    hysteresis,
    timeToTrigger,
    reportingAmount,
    reportingInterval
}

EventIDInterFreq ::= ENUMERATED {
    e2a, e2b, e2c, e2d, e2e, e2f
}

EventIDInterSystem ::= ENUMERATED {
    e3a, e3b, e3c, e3d
}

EventIDIntraFreq ::= ENUMERATED {
    e1a, e1b, e1c, e1d, e1e,
    e1f, e1g, e1h, e1i, e1j
}

EventIDTrafficVolume ::= ENUMERATED {
    e4a, e4b
}

EventResults ::= CHOICE {
    intraFreqEventResults,
    interFreqEventResults,
    interSystemEventResults,
    trafficVolumeEventResults,
    qualityEventResults,
    ue-InternalEventResults,
    lcs-MeasurementEventResults
}

ExtraDopplerInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    doppler1stOrder,
    dopplerUncertainty
}

FACH-MeasurementOccasionInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    k-UTRA,
    otherRAT-InSysInfoList
}

FilterCoefficient ::= ENUMERATED {

```

```

        fc1, fc2, fc3, fc4, fc6, fc8,
        fc12, fc16, fc24, fc32, fc64,
        fc128, fc256, fc512, fc1024,
        spare1 }

FineSFN-SFN ::= ENUMERATED {
    fs0, fs0-25, fs0-5, fs0-75 }

ForbiddenAffectCell ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd SEQUENCE {
            primaryCPICH-Info
        },
        tdd SEQUENCE {
            primaryCCPCH-Info
        }
    }
}

ForbiddenAffectCellList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxCellsForbidden)) OF
    ForbiddenAffectCell

FreqQualityEstimateQuantity-FDD ::= ENUMERATED {
    cpich-Ec-N0,
    cpich-RSCP }

FreqQualityEstimateQuantity-TDD ::= ENUMERATED {
    primaryCCPCH-RSCP }

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
Frequency ::= SEQUENCE {
}

GPS-MeasurementParam ::= SEQUENCE {
    satelliteID INTEGER (0..63),
    c-N0 INTEGER (0..63),
    doppler INTEGER (-32768..32768),
    wholeGPS-Chips INTEGER (0..1023),
    fractionalGPS-Chips INTEGER (0..1023),
    multipathIndicator MultipathIndicator,
    pseudorangeRMS-Error INTEGER (0..63)
}

GPS-MeasurementParamList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
    GPS-MeasurementParam

GPS-TOW-1msec ::= INTEGER (0..604700000)

GPS-TOW-Assist ::= SEQUENCE {
    satID INTEGER (0..63),
    tlm-Message BIT STRING (SIZE (14)),
    antiSpoof BOOLEAN,
    alert BOOLEAN,
    tlm-Reserved BIT STRING (SIZE (2))
}

GPS-TOW-AssistList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
    GPS-TOW-Assist

GPS-TOW-HighResolution ::= INTEGER (0..999)

GSM-CarrierRSSI ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (6))

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
GSM-OutputPower ::= SEQUENCE {

}

HCS-CellReselectInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    penaltyTime PenaltyTime
}

HCS-NeighbouringCellInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    hcs-PRIOS HCS-PRIOS OPTIONAL,
    q-HCS Q-HCS OPTIONAL,
    hcs-CellReselectInformation HCS-CellReselectInformation OPTIONAL
}

HCS-PRIOS ::= INTEGER (0..7)

```

```

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.5
Hysteresis ::= INTEGER (0..15)

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.5
HysteresisInterFreq ::= INTEGER (0..29)

InterFreqCell ::= SEQUENCE {
    frequencyInfo,
    nonFreqRelatedEventResults
}

InterFreqCellID ::= INTEGER (0..maxInterCells)

InterFreqCellInfoList ::= SEQUENCE {
    removedInterFreqCellList OPTIONAL,
    newInterFreqCellList OPTIONAL
}

InterFreqCellInfoSI-List ::= SEQUENCE {
    removedInterFreqCellList OPTIONAL,
    NewInterFreqCellList OPTIONAL
}

InterFreqCellList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxFreqCount)) OF
    InterFreqCell

InterFreqCellMeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterCells)) OF
    CellMeasuredResults

InterFreqEvent ::= CHOICE {
    event2a,
    event2b,
    event2c,
    event2d,
    event2e,
    event2f
}

InterFreqEventList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxEventCount)) OF
    InterFreqEvent

InterFreqEventResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventID,
    interFreqCellList
}

InterFreqMeasQuantity ::= SEQUENCE {
    reportingCriteria CHOICE {
        intraFreqReportingCriteria SEQUENCE {
            intraFreqMeasQuantity
        },
        interFreqReportingCriteria SEQUENCE {
            filterCoefficient,
            modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
                fdd SEQUENCE {
                    freqQualityEstimateQuantity-FDD FreqQualityEstimateQuantity-FDD
                },
                tdd SEQUENCE {
                    freqQualityEstimateQuantity-TDD FreqQualityEstimateQuantity-TDD
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

InterFreqMeasuredResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    frequencyInfo FrequencyInfo OPTIONAL,
    utra-CarrierRSSI UTRA-CarrierRSSI OPTIONAL,
    interFreqCellMeasuredResultsList InterFreqCellMeasuredResultsList OPTIONAL
}

InterFreqMeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNumFreq)) OF
    InterFreqMeasuredResults

InterFreqMeasurementSysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    interFreqMeasurementID MeasurementIdentityNumber OPTIONAL,
    interFreqCellInfoSI-List InterFreqCellInfoSI-List OPTIONAL,
}

```

interFreqMeasQuantity	InterFreqMeasQuantity	OPTIONAL
InterFreqReportCriteria ::= intraFreqReportingCriteria interFreqReportingCriteria periodicalReportingCriteria noReporting	CHOICE { IntraFreqReportingCriteria, InterFreqReportingCriteria, PeriodicalReportingCriteria, NULL}	
}		
InterFreqReportingCriteria ::= interFreqEventList	SEQUENCE { InterFreqEventList}	OPTIONAL
}		
InterFreqReportingQuantity ::= utra-Carrier-RSSI frequencyQualityEstimate nonFreqRelatedQuantities	SEQUENCE { BOOLEAN, BOOLEAN, CellReportingQuantities}	
}		
InterFreqSetUpdate ::= ue-AutonomousUpdateMode	SEQUENCE { UE-AutonomousUpdateMode}	
}		
InterFrequencyMeasurement ::= interFreqCellInfoList interFreqMeasQuantity interFreqReportingQuantity reportingCellStatus measurementValidity interFreqSetUpdate reportCriteria	SEQUENCE { InterFreqCellInfoList, InterFreqMeasQuantity, InterFreqReportingQuantity, ReportingCellStatus, MeasurementValidity, InterFreqSetUpdate, InterFreqReportCriteria}	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
}		
InterSystemCellID ::=	INTEGER (0..maxInterSysCells)	
InterSystemCellInfoList ::= removedInterSystemCellList newInterSystemCellList	SEQUENCE { RemovedInterSystemCellList, NewInterSystemCellList}	
}		
InterSystemEvent ::= event3a event3b event3c event3d	CHOICE { Event3a, Event3b, Event3c, Event3d}	
}		
InterSystemEventList ::=	SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxEventCount)) OF InterSystemEvent	
InterSystemEventResults ::= eventID cellToReportList	SEQUENCE { EventIDInterSystem, CellToReportList}	
}		
InterSystemInfo ::=	ENUMERATED { gsm, spare1 }	
InterSystemMeasQuantity ::= measQuantityUTRAN-QualityEstimate systemSpecificInfo gsm measurementQuantity filterCoefficient bsic-VerificationRequired }, is-2000 tadd-EcIo tcomp-EcIo softSlope addIntercept } <td>SEQUENCE {   IntraFreqMeasQuantity,   CHOICE {     SEQUENCE {       MeasurementQuantityGSM,       FilterCoefficient,       BOOLEAN     }     SEQUENCE {       INTEGER (0..63),       INTEGER (0..15),       INTEGER (0..63)       INTEGER (0..63)}</td> <td></td>	SEQUENCE { IntraFreqMeasQuantity, CHOICE { SEQUENCE { MeasurementQuantityGSM, FilterCoefficient, BOOLEAN } SEQUENCE { INTEGER (0..63), INTEGER (0..15), INTEGER (0..63) INTEGER (0..63)}	
}		OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL
InterSystemMeasuredResults ::= asm	CHOICE { SEQUENCE {	

```

frequency                               Frequency,
gsm-CarrierRSSI                         GSM-CarrierRSSI                      OPTIONAL,
pathloss                                 Pathloss                           OPTIONAL,
bsic                                    BSIC                             OPTIONAL,
observedTimeDifferenceToGSM            ObservedTimeDifferenceToGSM          OPTIONAL
},
other                                   NULL
}

InterSystemMeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterSys)) OF
                                InterSystemMeasuredResults

InterSystemMeasurement ::=           SEQUENCE {
interSystemCellInfoList                InterSystemCellInfoList              OPTIONAL,
interSystemMeasQuantity               InterSystemMeasQuantity             OPTIONAL,
interSystemReportingQuantity          InterSystemReportingQuantity        OPTIONAL,
reportingCellStatus                  ReportingCellStatus                OPTIONAL,
reportCriteria                        InterSystemReportCriteria           OPTIONAL
}

InterSystemMeasurementSysInfo ::=    SEQUENCE {
interSystemMeasurementID              MeasurementIdentityNumber           OPTIONAL,
interSystemCellInfoList               InterSystemCellInfoList             OPTIONAL,
interSystemMeasQuantity              InterSystemMeasQuantity            OPTIONAL
}

InterSystemReportCriteria ::=         CHOICE {
interSystemReportingCriteria         InterSystemReportingCriteria,
periodicalReportingCriteria         PeriodicalReportingCriteria,
noReporting                          NULL
}

InterSystemReportingCriteria ::=     SEQUENCE {
interSystemEventList                 InterSystemEventList                OPTIONAL
}

InterSystemReportingQuantity ::=      SEQUENCE {
utran-EstimatedQuality             BOOLEAN,
systemSpecificInfo                 CHOICE {
gsm                                SEQUENCE {
pathloss                            BOOLEAN,
observedTimeDifferenceGSM          BOOLEAN,
gsm-Carrier-RSSI                   BOOLEAN,
bsic                               BOOLEAN
},
spare1                             SEQUENCE {}
}
}

IntraFreqCellID ::=                 INTEGER (0..maxIntraCells)

IntraFreqCellInfoList ::=           SEQUENCE {
removedIntraFreqCellList           RemovedIntraFreqCellList            OPTIONAL,
newIntraFreqCellList               NewIntraFreqCellList              OPTIONAL
}

IntraFreqCellInfoSI ::=             SEQUENCE {
cellInfo                           CellInfoSI
}

IntraFreqCellInfoSI-List ::=        SEQUENCE {
removedIntraFreqCellList           RemovedIntraFreqCellList            OPTIONAL,
newIntraFreqCellList               NewIntraFreqCellListSI-List         OPTIONAL
}

IntraFreqEvent ::=                 CHOICE {
ela                                Event1a,
elb                                Event1b,
elc                                Event1c,
eld                                Hysteresis,
ele                                TriggeringCondition,
elf                                TriggeringCondition,
elg                                Hysteresis,
elh                                Hysteresis,
eli                                Hysteresis,
elj                                Hysteresis
}

```

```

IntraFreqEventCriteria ::=          SEQUENCE {
  event                                IntraFreqEvent,
  timeToTrigger                         TimeToTrigger,
  reportingAmount                      ReportingAmount,
  reportingInterval                   ReportingInterval
}

IntraFreqEventCriteriaList ::=      SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxEventCount)) OF
                                    IntraFreqEventCriteria

IntraFreqEventResults ::=          SEQUENCE {
  eventID                             EventIDIntraFreq,
  cellMeasurementEventResults        CellMeasurementEventResults
}

IntraFreqMeasQuantity ::=          SEQUENCE {
  filterCoefficient                  FilterCoefficient,
  modeSpecificInfo                 CHOICE {
    fdd                                SEQUENCE {
      intraFreqMeasQuantity-FDD       IntraFreqMeasQuantity-FDD
    },
    tdd                                SEQUENCE {
      intraFreqMeasQuantity-TDD       IntraFreqMeasQuantity-TDD
    }
  }
}

IntraFreqMeasQuantity-FDD ::=      ENUMERATED {
  cpich-Ec-NO,
  cpich-RSCP,
  cpich-SIR,
  pathloss,
  utra-CarrierRSSI }

IntraFreqMeasQuantity-TDD ::=      ENUMERATED {
  primaryCCPCH-RSCP,
  pathloss,
  timeslotISCP,
  utra-CarrierRSSI }

IntraFreqMeasuredResults ::=       SEQUENCE {
  cellMeasuredResults                CellMeasuredResults
}

IntraFreqMeasuredResultsList ::=    SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxIntraCells)) OF
                                    IntraFreqMeasuredResults

IntraFreqMeasurementSysInfo ::=    SEQUENCE {
  intraFreqMeasurementID            MeasurementIdentityNumber           OPTIONAL,
  intraFreqCellInfoSI-List          IntraFreqCellInfoSI-List           OPTIONAL,
  intraFreqMeasQuantity            IntraFreqMeasQuantity             OPTIONAL,
  intraFreqReportingQuantityForRACH IntraFreqReportingQuantityForRACH   OPTIONAL,
  maxReportedCellsOnRACH          MaxReportedCellsOnRACH           OPTIONAL,
  reportingInfoForCellDCH         ReportingInfoForCellDCH          OPTIONAL
}

IntraFreqReportCriteria ::=        CHOICE {
  intraFreqReportingCriteria       IntraFreqReportingCriteria,
  periodicalReportingCriteria     PeriodicalReportingCriteria,
  noReporting                     NULL
}

IntraFreqReportingCriteria ::=     SEQUENCE {
  eventCriteriaList               IntraFreqEventCriteriaList
}

IntraFreqReportingQuantity ::=     SEQUENCE {
  activeSetReportingQuantities    CellReportingQuantities,
  monitoredSetReportingQuantities CellReportingQuantities,
  unlistedSetReportingQuantities  CellReportingQuantities
}                                     OPTIONAL

IntraFreqReportingQuantityForRACH ::= SEQUENCE {
  sfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference       SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference,
  modeSpecificInfo                 CHOICE {
    fdd                                SEQUENCE {
      intraFreqRepQuantityRACH-FDD     IntraFreqRepQuantityRACH-FDD
    },
  }
}

```

```

    tdd                               SEQUENCE {
        intraFreqRepQuantityRACH-TDD      IntraFreqRepQuantityRACH-TDD
    }
}

IntraFreqRepQuantityRACH-FDD ::= ENUMERATED {
    cpich-EcNo, cpich-RSCP,
    cpich-SIR, pathloss, noReport }

IntraFreqRepQuantityRACH-TDD ::= ENUMERATED {
    timeslotISCP,
    primaryCCPCH-RSCP,
    noReport }

IntraFrequencyMeasurement ::= SEQUENCE {
    intraFreqCellInfoList           OPTIONAL,
    intraFreqMeasQuantity          OPTIONAL,
    intraFreqReportingQuantity     OPTIONAL,
    reportingCellStatus            OPTIONAL,
    measurementValidity           OPTIONAL,
    reportCriteria                 OPTIONAL
}

IODED ::= INTEGER (0..255)

IODE ::= INTEGER (0..255)

IP-Length ::= ENUMERATED {
    ip15, ip110 }

IP-Spacing ::= ENUMERATED {
    e5, e7, e10, e15, e20,
    e30, e40, e50 }

IS-2000SpecificMeasInfo ::= ENUMERATED {
    frequency, timeslot, colourcode,
    outputpower, pn-Offset }

K-InterRAT ::= INTEGER (0..12)

LCS-Accuracy ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (7))

LCS-CipherParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    cipheringKeyFlag,
    cipheringSerialNumber }

LCS-Error ::= SEQUENCE {
    errorReason,
    additionalAssistanceData
-- The IE above is defined in GSM 09.31, the actual definition
-- will have to be checked }

LCS-ErrorCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    notEnoughOTDOA-Cells,
    notEnoughGPS-Satellites,
    assistanceDataMissing,
    methodNotSupported,
    undefinedError,
    requestDeniedByUser,
    notProcessedAndTimeout }

LCS-EventID ::= ENUMERATED {
    e7a, e7b, e7c }

LCS-EventParam ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventID,
    reportingAmount,
    reportFirstFix,
    measurementInterval,
    eventSpecificInfo }

LCS-EventParamList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxEventCount)) OF
    LCS-EventParam

```

```

LCS-EventSpecificInfo ::= CHOICE {
    e7a
    e7b
    e7c
}

LCS-GPS-AcquisitionAssistance ::= SEQUENCE {
    referenceTime CHOICE {
        utran-ReferenceTime,
        gps-ReferenceTimeOnly
    },
    satelliteInformationList
} AcquisitionSatInfoList

LCS-GPS-Almanac ::= SEQUENCE {
    almanacSatInfoList
}

LCS-GPS-AssistanceSIB ::= SEQUENCE {
    lcs-CipherParameters OPTIONAL,
    referenceGPS-TOW,
    status,
    btsClockDrift OPTIONAL,
    timeOffset OPTIONAL,
    iodd OPTIONAL,
    dgps-InformationList OPTIONAL
}

LCS-GPS-AssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    lcs-GPS-ReferenceTime OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-ReferenceLocation OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-DGPS-Corrections OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-NavigationModel OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-IonosphericModel OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-UTC-Model OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-Almanac OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-AcquisitionAssistance OPTIONAL,
    lcs-GPS-Real-timeIntegrity OPTIONAL
}

LCS-GPS-DGPS-Corrections ::= SEQUENCE {
    gps-TOW INTEGER (0..604799),
    statusHealth,
    dgps-CorrectionSatInfoList
}

LCS-GPS-IonosphericModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    alfa0
    alfa1
    alfa2
    alfa3
    beta0
    beta1
    beta2
    beta3
}
BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
BIT STRING (SIZE (8))

LCS-GPS-Measurement ::= SEQUENCE {
    referenceSFN OPTIONAL,
    gps-TOW-1msec OPTIONAL,
    gps-TOW-HighResolution OPTIONAL,
    gps-MeasurementParamList
}

LCS-GPS-NavigationModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    n-SAT
    navigationModelSatInfoList
}

-- **TODO**, definition in 23.032
LCS-GPS-ReferenceLocation ::= SEQUENCE {

LCS-GPS-Real-timeIntegrity ::= SEQUENCE {
    badSatList
}

LCS-GPS-ReferenceTime ::= SEQUENCE {
}

```

```

gps-Week                      INTEGER (0..1023),
gps-TOW                       INTEGER (0..604700000000),
sfn                           INTEGER (0..4095),
gps-TOW-AssistList            GPS-TOW-AssistList
}                               OPTIONAL

LCS-GPS-UTC-Model ::=          SEQUENCE {
a0                            BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
a1                            BIT STRING (SIZE (24)),
delta-t-LS                     BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
t-ot                           BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
wn-t                           BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
wn-lsf                          BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
dn                             BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
delta-t-LSF                    BIT STRING (SIZE (8))
}

LCS-IPDL-Parameters ::=        SEQUENCE {
ip-Spacing,
ip-Length,
ip-Offset,
seed,
burstModeParameters
}

LCS-MeasuredResults ::=        SEQUENCE {
lcs-MultipleSets              OPTIONAL,
lcs-ReferenceCellIdentity     OPTIONAL,
lcs-OTDOA-Measurement         OPTIONAL,
lcs-Position                   OPTIONAL,
lcs-GPS-Measurement           OPTIONAL,
lcs-Error                      OPTIONAL
}

LCS-Measurement ::=            SEQUENCE {
lcs-ReportingQuantity,
reportCriteria,
lcs-OTDOA-AssistanceData      OPTIONAL,
lcs-GPS-AssistanceData        OPTIONAL
}

LCS-MeasurementEventResults ::= SEQUENCE {
event7a,
event7b,
event7c
}

LCS-MeasurementInterval ::=    ENUMERATED {
e5, e15, e60, e300,
e900, e1800, e3600, e7200 }

LCS-MethodType ::=             ENUMERATED {
ue-Assisted,
ue-Based,
ue-BasedPreferred,
ue-AssistedPreferred }

LCS-MultipleSets ::=          SEQUENCE {
numberOfOTDOA-IPDL-GPS-Sets
numberOfReferenceCells
referenceCellRelation
}

LCS-OTDOA-AssistanceData ::=   SEQUENCE {
lcs-OTDOA-ReferenceCell       LCS-OTDOA-ReferenceCell OPTIONAL,
lcs-OTDOA-MeasurementAssistDataList LCS-OTDOA-MeasurementAssistDataList OPTIONAL,
lcs-IPDL-Parameters           LCS-IPDL-Parameters OPTIONAL
}

LCS-OTDOA-AssistanceSIB ::=    SEQUENCE {
lcs-CipherParameters          LCS-CipherParameters OPTIONAL,
searchWindowSize               OTDOA-SearchWindowSize,
referenceCellPosition          ReferenceCellPosition,
lcs-IPDL-Parameters           LCS-IPDL-Parameters OPTIONAL,
cellToMeasureInfoList          CellToMeasureInfoList
}

LCS-OTDOA-Measurement ::=      SEQUENCE {
}

```

```

sfn                                INTEGER (0..4095),
-- Actual value = IE value * 0.25 + 876
ue-Rx-Tx-TimeDifference           INTEGER (0..1184),
qualityType                         QualityType,
qualityChoice                        CHOICE {
    std-10                            ReferenceQuality10,
    std-50                            ReferenceQuality50,
    cpich-EcN0                         CPICH-Ec-N0-OTDOA,
    defaultQuality                     ReferenceQuality
},
neighborList                         NeighborList
}                                     OPTIONAL

LCS-OTDOA-MeasurementAssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info                PrimaryCPICH-Info,
    frequencyInfo                     FrequencyInfo
}                                     OPTIONAL,
sfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference          SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference1,
fineSFN-SFN                         FineSFN-SFN
}                                     OPTIONAL,
searchWindowSize                    OTDOA-SearchWindowSize,
relativeNorth                       INTEGER (-20000..20000)
}                                     OPTIONAL,
relativeEast                        INTEGER (-20000..20000)
}                                     OPTIONAL,
relativeAltitude                   INTEGER (-4000..4000)
}                                     OPTIONAL

LCS-OTDOA-MeasurementAssistDataList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..15)) OF
LCS-OTDOA-MeasurementAssistData

LCS-OTDOA-ReferenceCell ::=      SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info                PrimaryCPICH-Info,
    frequencyInfo                     FrequencyInfo
}                                     OPTIONAL,
cellPosition                         ReferenceCellPosition
}                                     OPTIONAL

LCS-Position ::=                 SEQUENCE {
    referenceSFN                      ReferencesFN,
    gps-TOW                           INTEGER (0..604700000000),
    positionEstimate                  PositionEstimate
}

LCS-ReportCriteria ::=          CHOICE {
    lcs-ReportingCriteria            LCS-ReportingCriteria,
    periodicalReportingCriteria     PeriodicalReportingCriteria,
    noReporting                       NULL
}

LCS-ReportingCriteria ::=        SEQUENCE {
    eventParameterList              LCS-EventParamList
}                                     OPTIONAL

LCS-ReportingQuantity ::=        SEQUENCE {
    methodType                        LCS-MethodType,
    positioningMethod                PositioningMethod,
    responseTime                     LCS-ResponseTime,
    accuracy                          LCS-Accuracy
}                                     OPTIONAL,
gps-TimingOfCellWanted            BOOLEAN,
multipleSets                      BOOLEAN,
environmentCharacterization      EnvironmentCharacterization
}                                     OPTIONAL

LCS-ResponseTime ::=             ENUMERATED {
    s1, s2, s4, s8, s16,
    s32, s64, s128
}

LCS-TimeOffset ::=               INTEGER (0..4095)

MaxNumberOfReportingCells ::=    ENUMERATED {
    mandatoryCellsOnly,
    mandatoryCellsPlus1,
    mandatoryCellsPlus2,
    mandatoryCellsPlus3,
    mandatoryCellsPlus4,
    mandatoryCellsPlus5,
    mandatoryCellsPlus6
}

MaxReportedCellsOnRACH ::=      ENUMERATED {
    noReport,
    currentCell,
    currentAnd-1-BestNeighbour,
}

```

```

currentAnd-2-BestNeighbour,
currentAnd-3-BestNeighbour,
currentAnd-4-BestNeighbour,
currentAnd-5-BestNeighbour,
currentAnd-6-BestNeighbour }

MeasuredResults ::= CHOICE {
    intraFreqMeasuredResultsList,
    interFreqMeasuredResultsList,
    interSystemMeasuredResultsList,
    trafficVolumeMeasuredResultsList,
    qualityMeasuredResults,
    ue-InternalMeasuredResults,
    lcs-MeasuredResults
}

MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxAdditionalMeas)) OF
    MeasuredResults

MeasuredResultsOnRACH ::= SEQUENCE {
    currentCell           CHOICE {
        modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
            fdd           SEQUENCE {
                measurementQuantity CHOICE {
                    cpich-Ec-N0,
                    cpich-RSCP,
                    cpich-SIR,
                    pathloss
                }
            },
            tdd           SEQUENCE {
                timeslotISCP,
                primaryCCPCH-RSCP
            }
        }
    },
    monitoredCells       MonitoredCellRACH-List
                        OPTIONAL
}

MeasurementCommand ::= CHOICE {
    setup               MeasurementType,
    modify              SEQUENCE {
        measurementType
    }
    release             NULL
}

MeasurementControlSysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    intraFreqMeasurementSysInfo OPTIONAL,
    interFreqMeasurementSysInfo OPTIONAL,
    interSystemMeasurementSysInfo OPTIONAL,
    trafficVolumeMeasSysInfo OPTIONAL,
    ue-InternalMeasurementSysInfo OPTIONAL
}

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
MeasurementIdentityNumber ::= SEQUENCE {

}

MeasurementQuantityGSM ::= ENUMERATED {
    gsm-CarrierRSSI,
    pathloss
}

MeasurementReportingMode ::= SEQUENCE {
    measurementReportTransferMode,
    periodicalOrEventTrigger
}

MeasurementType ::= CHOICE {
    intraFrequencyMeasurement,
    interFrequencyMeasurement,
    interSystemMeasurement,
    lcs-Measurement,
    trafficVolumeMeasurement,
    qualityMeasurement,
    ue-InternalMeasurement
}

```

```

MeasurementValidity ::= SEQUENCE {
    resume-Release
}

MonitoredCellRACH-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..7)) OF
    MonitoredCellRACH-Result

MonitoredCellRACH-Result ::= SEQUENCE {
    sfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference OPTIONAL,
    modeSpecificInfo {
        fdd {
            primaryCPICH-Info
            measurementQuantity {
                cpich-Ec-N0
                cpich-RSCP
                cpich-SIR
                pathloss
            }
        },
        tdd {
            primaryCCPCH-Info
            primaryCCPCH-RSCP
        }
    }
}

MonitoredSetCellReport ::= ENUMERATED {
    excludeAll,
    other
}

MultipathIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {
    nm,
    low,
    medium,
    high
}

NavigationModelSatInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    satID
    satelliteStatus
    compression {
        uncompressed
        compressed
    }
}

NavigationModelSatInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxN-SAT)) OF
    NavigationModelSatInfo

Neighbor ::= SEQUENCE {
    neighborIdentity OPTIONAL,
    neighborQuantity,
    sfn-SFN-ObsTimeDifference2
}

NeighborList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..15)) OF
    Neighbor

-- **TODO**, to be defined fully
NeighborQuantity ::= SEQUENCE {

}

NewInterFreqCell ::= SEQUENCE {
    interFreqCellID OPTIONAL,
    frequencyInfo OPTIONAL,
    cellInfo
}

NewInterFreqCellList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterCells)) OF
    NewInterFreqCell

NewInterFreqCellsSI ::= SEQUENCE {
    interFreqCellID OPTIONAL,
    frequencyInfo OPTIONAL,
    cellInfoSI
}

NewInterFreqCellsSI-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterCells)) OF
    NewInterFreqCellsSI

```

```

NewInterSystemCell ::= SEQUENCE {
    technologySpecificInfo CHOICE {
        gsm SEQUENCE {
            q-Offset OPTIONAL,
            hcs-NeighbouringCellInformation HCS-NeighbouringCellInformation OPTIONAL,
            q-Min,
            maxAllowedUL-TX-Power,
            bsic,
            bcch-ARFCN,
            gsm-OutputPower OPTIONAL
        },
        is-2000 SEQUENCE {
            is-2000SpecificMeasInfo IS-2000SpecificMeasInfo
        }
    }
}

NewInterSystemCellList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterSysCells)) OF NewInterSystemCell

NewIntraFreqCell ::= SEQUENCE {
    intraFreqCellID OPTIONAL,
    cellInfo
}

NewIntraFreqCellList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxIntraCells)) OF NewIntraFreqCell

NewIntraFreqCellsSI ::= SEQUENCE {
    intraFreqCellID OPTIONAL,
    cellInfoSI
}

NewIntraFreqCellsSI-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxIntraCells)) OF NewIntraFreqCell

NonUsedFreqParameter ::= SEQUENCE {
    nonUsedFreqThreshold,
    nonUsedFreqW
}

NonUsedFreqParameterList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNonUsedFrequency)) OF NonUsedFreqParameter

ObservedTimeDifferenceToGSM ::= INTEGER (0..4095)

OtherRAT-InSysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    rat-Type,
    k-InterRAT
}

OtherRAT-InSysInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterRAT)) OF OtherRAT-InSysInfo

OTDOA-SearchWindowSize ::= ENUMERATED {
    c10, c20, c30, c40, c50,
    c60, c70, moreThan70
}

Pathloss ::= INTEGER (46..158)

PenaltyTime ::= CHOICE {
    notUsed,
    pt10,
    pt20,
    pt30,
    pt40,
    pt50,
    pt60
}

PendingTimeAfterTrigger ::= ENUMERATED {
    ptat0-25, ptat0-5, ptat1,
    ptat2, ptat4, ptat8, ptat16
}

PeriodicalOrEventTrigger ::= ENUMERATED {
}

```

```

                periodical,
                eventTrigger }

PeriodicalReportingCriteria ::=      SEQUENCE {
    reportingAmount                  ReportingAmount
    reportingInterval                ReportingIntervalLong
}                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL

-- **TODO**, contents to be defined, source 23.032
PositionEstimate ::=                 CHOICE {
    ellipsoidPoint                 SEQUENCE {},
    ellipsoidPointUncertCircle     SEQUENCE {},
    ellipsoidPointUncertEllipse   SEQUENCE {},
    ellipsoidPointAltitude        SEQUENCE {},
    ellipsoidPointAltitudeEllipse SEQUENCE {}
}

PositioningMethod ::=                ENUMERATED {
    otdoa,
    gps,
    otdoaOrGPS }

PRC ::=                               INTEGER (-32767..32767)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP ::=               SEQUENCE {
}

Q-Accept-s-n ::=                   INTEGER (0..63)

Q-HCS ::=                            INTEGER (0..99)

Q-Offset ::=                         INTEGER (-50..50)

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.5
Q-OffsetS-N ::=                     INTEGER (-40..40)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
Q-Min ::=                            SEQUENCE {
}

Qmin-FDD ::=                         INTEGER (-20..0)

-- Actual value = IE value * 2 - 115
Qmin-TDD ::=                         INTEGER (0..45)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
QualityEventResults ::=             SEQUENCE {
}

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
QualityMeasQuantity ::=             SEQUENCE {
}

QualityMeasuredResults ::=          SEQUENCE {
    blerMeasurementResultsList    BLER-MeasurementResultsList
    dl-PhysicalChannelBER        DL-PhysicalChannelBER
    sir                           SIR
}                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL

QualityMeasurement ::=              SEQUENCE {
    qualityMeasurementObject      QualityMeasurementObject
    qualityMeasQuantity          QualityMeasQuantity
    qualityReportingQuantity     QualityReportingQuantity
    reportCriteria                QualityReportCriteria
}                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
QualityMeasurementObject ::=        SEQUENCE {
}

QualityReportCriteria ::=           CHOICE {
    qualityReportingCriteria     QualityReportingCriteria,
    periodicalReportingCriteria PeriodicalReportingCriteria,
    noReporting                  NULL
}                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL,
                                         OPTIONAL

-- **TODO**, not defined yet

```

```

QualityReportingCriteria ::=          SEQUENCE {
}                                     }

QualityReportingQuantity ::=          SEQUENCE {
  dl-TransChBLER
  bler-TransChIdList
  sir
}                                     OPTIONAL,
                                         BOOLEAN,
                                         BLER-TransChIdList
                                         BOOLEAN

QualityType ::=                      ENUMERATED {
                                         std-10, std-50, cpich-Ec-N0 }

RAT-Type ::=                         ENUMERATED {
  gsm, is2000, spare1, spare2,
  spare3, spare4, spare5, spare6,
  spare7, spare8, spare9, spare10,
  spare11, spare12, spare13, spare14 }

-- **TODO**, definition to be checked from 23.032
ReferenceCellPosition ::=           SEQUENCE {
}

ReferenceCellRelation ::=           ENUMERATED {
  first-12-second-3,
  first-13-second-2,
  first-1-second-23 }

ReferenceGPS-TOW ::=                INTEGER (0..604700000000)

ReferenceQuality ::=                ENUMERATED {
  m0-19, m20-39, m40-79,
  m80-159, m160-319, m320-639,
  m640-1319, m1320Plus }

-- Actual value = IE value * 10
ReferenceQuality10 ::=              INTEGER (1..32)

-- Actual value = IE value * 50
ReferenceQuality50 ::=              INTEGER (1..32)

ReferenceSFN ::=                   INTEGER (0..4095)

-- Actual value = IE value * 512
ReferenceTimeDifferenceToCell ::=   CHOICE {
  -- Actual value = IE value * 40
  accuracy40
  -- Actual value = IE value * 256
  accuracy256
  -- Actual value = IE value * 2560
  accuracy2560
}

RemovedInterFreqCell ::=            SEQUENCE {
  interFreqCellID
}

RemovedInterFreqCellList ::=         SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterCells)) OF
                                         RemovedInterFreqCell

RemovedInterSystemCell ::=           SEQUENCE {
  interSystemCellID
}

RemovedInterSystemCellList ::=        SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterSysCells)) OF
                                         RemovedInterSystemCell

RemovedIntraFreqCell ::=             SEQUENCE {
  intraFreqCellID
}

RemovedIntraFreqCellList ::=          SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxIntraCells)) OF
                                         RemovedIntraFreqCell

ReplacementActivationThreshold ::=   ENUMERATED {
  notApplicable, t1, t2,
  t3, t4, t5, t6, t7 }

ReportDeactivationThreshold ::=     ENUMERATED {
}

```

```

notApplicable, t1, t2,
t3, t4, t5, t6, t7 }

ReportingAmount ::= ENUMERATED {
    ral, ra2, ra4, ra8, ra16, ra32,
    ra64, ra-Infinity }

ReportingCellStatus ::= SEQUENCE {
    maxNumberOfReportingCells,
    measurement CHOICE {
        intraFreq
        otherMeasurement
    }
}

ReportingCellStatusIntraFreq ::= SEQUENCE {
    activeSetCellReport,
    monitoredSetCellReport
}

ReportingInfoForCellDCH ::= SEQUENCE {
    intraFreqReportingQuantity,
    reportCriteria
}

ReportingInterval ::= ENUMERATED {
    noPeriodicalreporting, ri0-25,
    ri0-5, ril1, ril2, ri4, ri8, ril16 }

ReportingIntervalLong ::= ENUMERATED {
    ril0, ril0-25, ril0-5, ril1,
    ril2, ril3, ril4, ril6, ril8,
    ril12, ril16, ril20, ril24,
    ril28, ril32, ril64 }

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.5
ReportingRange ::= INTEGER (0..29)

Resume-Release ::= CHOICE {
    resume
    release
}

RL-AdditionInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info
}

RL-AdditionInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxAddRLcount)) OF
    RL-AdditionInfo

RL-InformationLists ::= SEQUENCE {
    rl-AdditionInfoList OPTIONAL,
    rl-RemovalInfoList OPTIONAL
}

RL-RemovalInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info
}

RL-RemovalInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxDelRLcount)) OF
    RL-RemovalInfo

RLC-BuffersPayload ::= ENUMERATED {
    p10, p14, p18, p116, p132, p164, p1128,
    p1256, p1512, p11024, p12k, p14k,
    p18k, p116k, p132k, p164k, p1128k,
    p1256k, p1512k, p11024k }

RRC ::= INTEGER (-127..127)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
RSCP ::= SEQUENCE {

}

SatelliteStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
    ns-NN-U,
    es-SN,
    es-NN-U,
}

```

```

                                es-NN-C }

SatID ::= INTEGER (0..31)

ScaleFactor ::= ENUMERATED {
                  prc0-02-rrc0-002,
                  prc0-32-rrc0-032 }

SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference ::= CHOICE {
      type1
      SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference1,
      -- Actual value for type2 = IE value * 0.25
      type2
      SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference2
}

SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference1 ::= INTEGER (0..9830399)

SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference2 ::= INTEGER (-5119..5120)

SFN-SFN-OTD-Type ::= ENUMERATED {
      noReport,
      type1,
      type2 }

SignallingOption ::= CHOICE {
      alternative1
      Q-OffsetS-N
      },
      alternative2
      NULL
      }

SIR ::= INTEGER (-10..20)

TemporaryOffset ::= ENUMERATED {
      to10, to20, to30, to40, to50,
      to60, to70, infinite }

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
Threshold ::= SEQUENCE {
      }

ThresholdPositionChange ::= ENUMERATED {
      pc10, pc20, pc30, pc40, pc50,
      pc100, pc200, pc300, pc500,
      pc1000, pc2000, pc5000, pc10000,
      pc20000, pc50000, pc100000 }

ThresholdSFN-GPS-TOW ::= ENUMERATED {
      ms1, ms2, ms3, ms5, ms10,
      ms20, ms50, ms100 }

ThresholdSFN-SFN-Change ::= ENUMERATED {
      c0-25, c0-5, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5,
      c10, c20, c50, c100, c200, c500,
      c1000, c2000, c5000 }

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
TimeslotISCP ::= SEQUENCE {
      }

TimeslotListWithISCP ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..14)) OF
      TimeslotWithISCP

TimeslotWithISCP ::= SEQUENCE {
      timeslot,
      TimeslotISCP
      }

TimeToTrigger ::= ENUMERATED {
      ttt0, ttt10, ttt20, ttt40, ttt60,
      ttt80, ttt100, ttt120, ttt160,
      ttt200, ttt240, tt320, ttt640,
      ttt1280, ttt2560, ttt5000 }

TrafficVolumeEventParam ::= SEQUENCE {
      eventID
      reportingThreshold
      }

```

```

TrafficVolumeEventResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelCausingEvent,
    trafficVolumeEventIdentity
}

TrafficVolumeEventType ::= ENUMERATED {
    e4a,
    e4b
}

TrafficVolumeMeasObject ::= SEQUENCE {
    targetTransportChannelID
}

TrafficVolumeMeasObjectList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTrCHcount)) OF
    TrafficVolumeMeasObject

TrafficVolumeMeasQuantity ::= ENUMERATED {
    rlc-BufferPayload,
    averageRLC-BufferPayload,
    varianceOfRLC-BufferPayload
}

TrafficVolumeMeasSysInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    trafficVolumeMeasurementID OPTIONAL,
    trafficVolumeMeasObjectList OPTIONAL,
    trafficVolumeMeasQuantity OPTIONAL
}

TrafficVolumeMeasuredResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    rb-Identity,
    RLC-BuffersPayload OPTIONAL,
    averageRLC-BufferPayload OPTIONAL,
    varianceOfRLC-BufferPayload OPTIONAL
}

TrafficVolumeMeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTraf)) OF
    TrafficVolumeMeasuredResults

TrafficVolumeMeasurement ::= SEQUENCE {
    TrafficVolumeMeasurementObjectList OPTIONAL,
    trafficVolumeMeasQuantity OPTIONAL,
    trafficVolumeReportingQuantity OPTIONAL,
    measurementValidity OPTIONAL,
    reportCriteria OPTIONAL
}

TrafficVolumeMeasurementObject ::= SEQUENCE {
    targetTransportChannelID,
    TransportChannelIdentity
}

TrafficVolumeMeasurementObjectList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTrCHcount)) OF
    TrafficVolumeMeasurementObject

TrafficVolumeReportCriteria ::= CHOICE {
    trafficVolumeReportingCriteria,
    periodicalReportingCriteria,
    noReporting
    NULL
}

TrafficVolumeReportingCriteria ::= SEQUENCE {
    transChCriteriaList OPTIONAL,
    timeToTrigger OPTIONAL,
    pendingTimeAfterTrigger OPTIONAL,
    tx-InterruptionAfterTrigger OPTIONAL,
    reportingAmount OPTIONAL,
    reportingInterval OPTIONAL
}

TrafficVolumeReportingQuantity ::= SEQUENCE {
    rlc-RB-BufferPayload BOOLEAN,
    rlc-RB-BufferPayloadAverage BOOLEAN,
    rlc-RB-BufferPayloadVariance BOOLEAN
}

TrafficVolumeThreshold ::= ENUMERATED {
    th8, th16, th32, th64, th128,
    th256, th512, th1024, th1536,
    th2048, th3072, th4096, th6144,
    th8192
}

```

```

TransChCriteria ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportChannelID,
    eventSpecificParameters
} OPTIONAL

TransChCriteriaList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTrCHcount)) OF TransChCriteria

TransferMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    acknowledgedModeRLC,
    unacknowledgedModeRLC
}

TransmittedPowerThreshold ::= INTEGER (-50..33)

TriggeringCondition ::= ENUMERATED {
    activeSetCellsOnly,
    monitoredCellsOnly,
    activeSetAndMonitoredCells
}

TX-InterruptionAfterTrigger ::= ENUMERATED {
    txiat0-25, txiat0-5, txiat1,
    txiat2, txiat4, txiat8, txiat16
}

UDRE ::= ENUMERATED {
    lessThan1,
    between1-and-4,
    between4-and-8,
    over8
}

UE-6AB-Event ::= SEQUENCE {
    timeToTrigger,
    transmittedPowerThreshold
}

UE-6FG-Event ::= SEQUENCE {
    timeToTrigger,
    ue-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceThreshold
}

UE-AutonomousUpdateMode ::= CHOICE {
    on,
    onWithNoReporting,
    off,
    RL-InformationLists
}

UE-InternalEventParam ::= CHOICE {
    event6a,
    event6b,
    event6c,
    event6d,
    event6e,
    event6f,
    event6g
}

UE-InternalEventParamList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxEventCount)) OF UE-InternalEventParam

UE-InternalEventResults ::= CHOICE {
    event6a,
    event6b,
    event6c,
    event6d,
    event6e,
    event6f,
    event6g
    PrimaryCPICH-Info,
    PrimaryCPICH-Info
}

UE-InternalMeasQuantity ::= SEQUENCE {
    measurementQuantity,
    filterCoefficient
}

UE-InternalMeasuredResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo
    CHOICE {

```

```

fdd                               SEQUENCE {
    ue-TransmittedPowerFDD          UE-TransmittedPowerFDD      OPTIONAL,
    ue-RX-TX-ReportEntryList        UE-RX-TX-ReportEntryList  OPTIONAL
},
tdd                               SEQUENCE {
    ue-TransmittedPowerTDD-List     UE-TransmittedPowerTDD-List OPTIONAL
}
}

UE-InternalMeasurement ::=           SEQUENCE {
    ue-InternalMeasQuantity        UE-InternalMeasQuantity   OPTIONAL,
    ue-InternalReportingQuantity   UE-InternalReportingQuantity OPTIONAL,
    reportCriteria                 UE-InternalReportCriteria
}

UE-InternalMeasurementSysInfo ::=    SEQUENCE {
    ue-InternalMeasurementID       MeasurementIdentityNumber OPTIONAL,
    ue-InternalMeasQuantity        UE-InternalMeasQuantity
}

UE-InternalReportCriteria ::=        CHOICE {
    ue-InternalReportingCriteria,  UE-InternalReportingCriteria,
    periodicalReportingCriteria,   PeriodicalReportingCriteria,
    noReporting                   NULL
}

UE-InternalReportingCriteria ::=     SEQUENCE {
    ue-InternalEventParamList      UE-InternalEventParamList  OPTIONAL
}

UE-InternalReportingQuantity ::=     SEQUENCE {
    ue-TransmittedPower           BOOLEAN,
    ue-RX-TX-TimeDiffererce      BOOLEAN,
    ue-Position                   BOOLEAN
}

UE-MeasurementQuantity ::=          ENUMERATED {
    ue-TransmittedPower,
    ultra-Carrier-RSSI,
    ue-RX-TX-TimeDifference
}

UE-RX-TX-ReportEntry ::=            SEQUENCE {
    primaryCPICH-Info,
    ue-RX-TX-TimeDifference
}

UE-RX-TX-ReportEntryList ::=        SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxUsedRLcount)) OF
                                         UE-RX-TX-ReportEntry

UE-RX-TX-TimeDifference ::=         INTEGER (876..1172)

UE-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceThreshold ::= INTEGER (769..1280)

UE-State ::=                         ENUMERATED {
    cell-DCH, all-But-Cell-DCH, all-States
}

UE-TransmittedPowerFDD ::=          INTEGER (-50..33)

-- **TODO**, not defined yet
UE-TransmittedPowerTDD ::=          SEQUENCE {

}

UE-TransmittedPowerTDD-List ::=     SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxUsedUplTScount)) OF
                                         UE-TransmittedPowerTDD

UncompressedNavModel ::=             SEQUENCE {
    iode
    t-oe
    c-rc
    c-rs
    c-ic
    c-is
    c-uc
    c-us
    e
    m0
    a-Sqrt
    BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
    BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
}

```

```

delta-n          BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
omega0          BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
omegaDot        BIT STRING (SIZE (24)),
i0              BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
iDot            BIT STRING (SIZE (14)),
omega            BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
t-oc             BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
af0              BIT STRING (SIZE (22)),
af1              BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
af2              BIT STRING (SIZE (8))
}

UTRA-CarrierRSSI ::= INTEGER (-95..-30)

UTRAN-ReferenceTime ::= SEQUENCE {
    gps-TOW          INTEGER (0..604700000000),
    sfn              INTEGER (0..4095)
}

VarianceOfRLC-BufferPayload ::= ENUMERATED {
    plv0, plv4, plv8, plv16, plv32, plv64,
    plv128, plv256, plv512, plv1024,
    plv2k, plv4k, plv8k, plv16k }

-- Actual value = IE value * 0.1
W ::= INTEGER (0..20)

END

```

### 11.3.8 Other information elements

```
Other-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```

CN-DomainSysInfoList,
NAS-SystemInformationGSM-MAP,
PLMN-Type
FROM CoreNetwork-IEs

```

```

CellAccessRestriction,
CellIdentity,
CellSelectReselectInfo,
URA-IdentityList
FROM UTRANMobility-IEs

```

```

CapabilityUpdateRequirement,
CPCH-Parameters,
DRAC-SysInfoList,
ProtocolErrorCause,
UE-ConnTimersAndConstants,
UE-IdleTimersAndConstants
FROM UserEquipment-IEs

```

```

PreDefRadioConfigurationList
FROM RadioBearer-IEs

```

```

PreDefTransChConfiguration
FROM TransportChannel-IEs

```

```

AICH-PowerOffset,
ConstantValue,
CPCH-PersistenceLevelsList,
CPCH-SetInfoList,
DynamicPersistenceLevelList,
FrequencyInfo,
IndividualTS-InterferenceList,
MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power,
MidambleConfiguration,
PDSCH-SysInfoList,
PICH-PowerOffset,
PRACH-SystemInformationList,
PreDefPhyChConfiguration,
PrimaryCCPCH-InfoSI,
PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power,
PUSCH-SysInfoList,

```

```

SCCPCH-SystemInformationList,
UL-Interference
FROM PhysicalChannel-IEs

FACH-MeasurementOccasionInfo,
LCS-GPS-AssistanceSIB,
LCS-OTDOA-AssistanceSIB,
MeasurementControlSysInfo
FROM Measurement-IEs

ANSI-41-GlobalServiceRedirectInfo,
ANSI-41-PrivateNeighborListInfo,
ANSI-41-RAND-Information,
ANSI-41-UserZoneID-Information
FROM ANSI-41-IEs

maxDataLength,
maxInterSysMessages,
maxNoOfErrors,
maxSysInfoBlockCount,
maxSysInfoBlockFACHcount
FROM Constant-definitions;

BCC ::= INTEGER (0..7)

BCCH-ModificationInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    mib-ValueTag,
    bcch-ModificationTime OPTIONAL
}

-- Actual value = IE value * 2
BCCH-ModificationTime ::= INTEGER (0..2047)

BSIC ::= SEQUENCE {
    ncc,
    bcc
}

CBS-DRX-Level1Information ::= SEQUENCE {
    ctch-AllocationPeriod,
    cbs-FrameOffset
}

CDMA2000-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    msg-Type,
    payload
}

CDMA2000-MessageList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterSysMessages)) OF
    CDMA2000-Message

CellValueTag ::= INTEGER (1..4)

GSM-MessageList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxInterSysMessages)) OF
    BIT STRING (SIZE (1..512))

InterSystemHO-Failure ::= SEQUENCE {
    interSystemHO-FailureCause OPTIONAL,
    interSystemMessage OPTIONAL
}

InterSystemHO-FailureCause ::= CHOICE {
    configurationUnacceptable,
    physicalChannelFailure,
    protocolError,
    unspecified,
    spare
}

InterSystemMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    systemType,
    systemSpecificMessage
        gsm
            gsm-MessageList
        },
    cdma2000
        cdma2000-MessageList
}

```

```

        }

MasterInformationBlock ::=          SEQUENCE {
    mib-ValueTag                  MIB-ValueTag,
    plmn-Type                     PLMN-Type,
    -- TABULAR: The PLMN identity and ANSI-41 core network information
    -- are included in PLMN-Type.
    modeSpecificInfo              CHOICE {
        fdd                         NULL,
        tdd                         SEQUENCE {
            sfn-prime                SFN-Prime
        }
    },
    sib-ReferenceList             SIB-ReferenceList,
    -- Extension mechanism
    non-Release99-Information    SEQUENCE {}                                OPTIONAL
}

MIB-ValueTag ::=                   INTEGER (1..8)

NCC ::=                           INTEGER (0..7)

PLMN-ValueTag ::=                 INTEGER (1..256)

ProtocolErrorInformation ::=      SEQUENCE {
    diagnosticsType              CHOICE {
        type1                      SEQUENCE {
            protocolErrorCause
        },
        spare                      NULL
    }
}

ProtocolErrorInformationList ::=   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoOfErrors)) OF
                                    ProtocolErrorInformation

SchedulingInformation ::=         SEQUENCE {
    sib-Type                    SIB-TypeAndTag,
    scheduling                  SEQUENCE {
        segCount                  SegCount                               DEFAULT 1,
        sib-Pos                    CHOICE {
            -- The element name indicates the repetition period and the value
            -- (multiplied by two) indicates the position of the first segment.
            rep4                      INTEGER (0..1),
            rep8                      INTEGER (0..3),
            rep16                     INTEGER (0..7),
            rep32                     INTEGER (0..15),
            rep64                     INTEGER (0..31),
            rep128                    INTEGER (0..63),
            rep256                    INTEGER (0..127),
            rep512                    INTEGER (0..255),
            rep1024                   INTEGER (0..511),
            rep2048                   INTEGER (0..1023)
        },
        sib-PosOffsetInfo           SibOFF-List
    }
}                                OPTIONAL
OPTIONAL

SegCount ::=                      INTEGER (1..16)

SegmentIndex ::=                  INTEGER (0..15)

-- Actual value = 2 * IE value
SFN-Prime ::=                     INTEGER (0..2047)

SIB-Content ::=                  CHOICE {
    masterInformationBlock     MasterInformationBlock,
    sysInfoType1               SysInfoType1,
    sysInfoType2               SysInfoType2,
    sysInfoType3               SysInfoType3,
    sysInfoType4               SysInfoType4,
    sysInfoType5               SysInfoType5,
    sysInfoType6               SysInfoType6,
    sysInfoType7               SysInfoType7,
    sysInfoType8               SysInfoType8,
    sysInfoType9               SysInfoType9,
    sysInfoType10              SysInfoType10,
}

```

```

sysInfoType11          SysInfoType11,
sysInfoType12          SysInfoType12,
sysInfoType13          SysInfoType13,
sysInfoType13-1        SysInfoType13-1,
sysInfoType13-2        SysInfoType13-2,
sysInfoType13-3        SysInfoType13-3,
sysInfoType13-4        SysInfoType13-4,
sysInfoType14          SysInfoType14,
sysInfoType15          SysInfoType15,
sysInfoType16          SysInfoType16,
spare                  SEQUENCE {}

}

SIB-Data ::=           BIT STRING (SIZE (1..maxDataLength))

SIB-Reference ::=      SEQUENCE {
    schedulingInformation
}

SIB-ReferenceList ::=  SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSysInfoBlockCount)) OF
                      SIB-Reference

SIB-ReferenceListFACH ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxSysInfoBlockFACHcount)) OF
                           SIB-Reference

SIB-Type ::=           ENUMERATED {
    masterInformationBlock,
    systemInformationBlockType1,
    systemInformationBlockType2,
    systemInformationBlockType3,
    systemInformationBlockType4,
    systemInformationBlockType5,
    systemInformationBlockType6,
    systemInformationBlockType7,
    systemInformationBlockType8,
    systemInformationBlockType9,
    systemInformationBlockType10,
    systemInformationBlockType11,
    systemInformationBlockType12,
    systemInformationBlockType13,
    systemInformationBlockType13-1,
    systemInformationBlockType13-2,
    systemInformationBlockType13-3,
    systemInformationBlockType13-4,
    systemInformationBlockType14,
    systemInformationBlockType15,
    systemInformationBlockType16,
    spare1, spare2, spare3 }

SIB-TypeAndTag ::=     CHOICE {
    sysInfoType1   PLMN-ValueTag,
    sysInfoType2   PLMN-ValueTag,
    sysInfoType3   CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType4   CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType5   CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType6   CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType7   NULL,
    sysInfoType8   NULL,
    sysInfoType9   NULL,
    sysInfoType10  NULL,
    sysInfoType11  CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType12  CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType13  CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType13-1 CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType13-2 CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType13-3 CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType13-4 CellValueTag,
    sysInfoType14  NULL,
    sysInfoType15  NULL,
    sysInfoType16  NULL
}

SibOFF ::=             ENUMERATED {
    so2, so4, so6, so8, so10,
    so12, so14, so16, so18,
    so20, so22, so24, so26,
    so28, so30, so32 }

```

```

SibOFF-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..15)) OF SibOFF

SysInfoType1 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Core network IEs
  cn-CommonGSM-MAP-NAS-SysInfo   NAS-SystemInformationGSM-MAP,
  cn-DomainSysInfoList           CN-DomainSysInfoList,
  -- User equipment IEs
  ue-IDLETimersAndConstants     UE-IDLETimersAndConstants,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                           OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType2 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- UTRAN mobility IEs
  ura-IdentityList               URA-IdentityList,
  -- User equipment IEs
  ue-ConnTimersAndConstants      UE-ConnTimersAndConstants,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                           OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType3 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList                  OPTIONAL,
  -- UTRAN mobility IEs
  cellIdentity                   CellIdentity,
  cellSelectReselectInfo         CellSelectReselectInfo,
  cellAccessRestriction          CellAccessRestriction,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                           OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType4 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList                  OPTIONAL,
  -- UTRAN mobility IEs
  cellIdentity                   CellIdentity,
  cellSelectReselectInfo         CellSelectReselectInfo,
  cellAccessRestriction          CellAccessRestriction,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                           OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType5 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList                  OPTIONAL,
  -- Physical channel IEs
  frequencyInfo                  FrequencyInfo                  OPTIONAL,
  maxAllowedUL-TX-Power          MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power          OPTIONAL,
  modeSpecificInfo
    fdd                         NULL,
    tdd                         SEQUENCE {
      midambleConfiguration       MidambleConfiguration        OPTIONAL
    },
  primaryCCPCH-Info              PrimaryCCPCH-InfoSI            OPTIONAL,
  prach-SystemInformationList    PRACH-SystemInformationList,
  sCCPCH-SystemInformationList  SCCPCH-SystemInformationList,
  cbs-DRX-Level1Information     CBS-DRX-Level1Information    OPTIONAL,
  -- Conditional on any of the CTCH indicator IEs in
  -- sCCPCH-SystemInformationList
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                           OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType6 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList                  OPTIONAL,
  -- Physical channel IEs
  frequencyInfo                  FrequencyInfo                  OPTIONAL,
  maxAllowedUL-TX-Power          MaxAllowedUL-TX-Power          OPTIONAL,
  primaryCCPCH-Info              PrimaryCCPCH-InfoSI            OPTIONAL,
  modeSpecificInfo
    fdd                         SEQUENCE {
      pich-PowerOffset           PICH-PowerOffset,
      aich-PowerOffset           AICH-PowerOffset
    },
}

```

```

        tdd                               SEQUENCE {
          pusch-SysInfo                  PUSCH-SysInfoList
          pdsch-SysInfo                  PDSCH-SysInfoList
        }
      },
      prach-SystemInformationList     PRACH-SystemInformationList,
      sCCPCH-SystemInformationList   SCCPCH-SystemInformationList,
      cbs-DRX-Level1Information      CBS-DRX-Level1Information
      -- Conditional on any of the CTCH indicator IEs in
      -- sCCPCH-SystemInformationList
    -- Extension mechanism
      non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}
    }

SysInfoType7 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Physical channel IEs
  modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
    fdd           SEQUENCE {
      ul-Interference   UL-Interference
    },
    tdd           NULL
  },
  prach-Information-SIB5-List   DynamicPersistenceLevelList,
  prach-Information-SIB6-List   DynamicPersistenceLevelList
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType8 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
  cpch-Parameters,
  -- Physical channel IEs
  cpch-SetInfoList,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType9 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Physical channel IEs
  cpch-PersistenceLevelsList CPCH-PersistenceLevelsList,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType10 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- User equipment IEs
  drac-SysInfoList,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType11 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList            SIB-ReferenceList
  -- Measurement IEs
  fach-MeasurementOccasionInfo FACH-MeasurementOccasionInfo
  measurementControlSysInfo   MeasurementControlSysInfo,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType12 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList            SIB-ReferenceList
  -- Measurement IEs
  fach-MeasurementOccasionInfo FACH-MeasurementOccasionInfo
  measurementControlSysInfo   MeasurementControlSysInfo,
  -- Extension mechanism
  non-Release99-Information   SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType13 ::= SEQUENCE {
  -- Other IEs
  sib-ReferenceList            SIB-ReferenceList
  -- Core network IEs
  cn-DomainSysInfoList         CN-DomainSysInfoList,
  -- User equipment IEs
  ue-IDleTimersAndConstants   UE-IDleTimersAndConstants
}

```

```

    capabilityUpdateRequirement      CapabilityUpdateRequirement      OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
-- non-Release99-Information     SEQUENCE {}
}

SysInfoType13-1 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- ANSI-41 IEs
ansi-41-RAND-Information      ANSI-41-RAND-Information,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType13-2 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- ANSI-41 IEs
ansi-41-UserZoneID-Information ANSI-41-UserZoneID-Information,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType13-3 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- ANSI-41 IEs
ansi-41-PrivateNeighborListInfo ANSI-41-PrivateNeighborListInfo,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType13-4 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- ANSI-41 IEs
ansi-41-GlobalServiceRedirectInfo
ANSI-41-GlobalServiceRedirectInfo,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType14 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- Other IEs
sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList          OPTIONAL,
-- Physical channel IEs
primaryCCPCH-TX-Power         PrimaryCCPCH-TX-Power   OPTIONAL,
individualTS-InterferenceList IndividualTS-InterferenceList,
rach-ConstantValue             ConstantValue           OPTIONAL,
dpch-ConstantValue             ConstantValue           OPTIONAL,
usch-ConstantValue             ConstantValue           OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType15 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- Other IEs
sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList          OPTIONAL,
-- Measurement IEs
lcs-GPS-Assistance            LCS-GPS-AssistanceSIB  OPTIONAL,
lcs-OTDOA-Assistance           LCS-OTDOA-AssistanceSIB OPTIONAL,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SysInfoType16 ::=          SEQUENCE {
-- Other IEs
sib-ReferenceList              SIB-ReferenceList          OPTIONAL,
-- Radio bearer IEs
preDefinedRadioConfigurations PreDefRadioConfigurationList,
-- Transport channel IEs
preDefTransChConfiguration     PreDefTransChConfiguration,
-- Physical channel IEs
preDefPhyChConfiguration       PreDefPhyChConfiguration,
-- Extension mechanism
non-Release99-Information      SEQUENCE {}                  OPTIONAL
}

SystemType ::=          ENUMERATED {
gsm, cdma2000,
spare1, spare2, spare3, spare4,
spare5, spare6, spare7, spare8,
spare9, spare10, spare11,
spare12, spare13, spare14 }

```

END

### 11.3.9 ANSI-41 information elements

```

ANSI-41-IEs DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

    ansi41MaxLength
    FROM Constant-definitions;

ANSI-41-GlobalServiceRedirectInfo ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (1..ansi41MaxLength))
ANSI-41-PrivateNeighborListInfo ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (1..ansi41MaxLength))
ANSI-41-RAND-Information ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (1..ansi41MaxLength))
ANSI-41-UserZoneID-Information ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (1..ansi41MaxLength))
Min-P-REV ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (8))
NAS-SystemInformationANSI-41 ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (1..ansi41MaxLength))
NID ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (16))
P-REV ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (8))
SID ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (15))

END

```

## 11.4 Constant definitions

```
Constant-definitions DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
```

```

BEGIN

-- **TODO**
algorithmCount           INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
ansi41MaxLength          INTEGER ::= 64

-- **TODO**
maxAddTFC-Count          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxAdditionalMeas         INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxAddrLcount             INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxAlgoTypeCount          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxAP-SigNum               INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxAP-SubCH                INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxBLER                     INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxCCTrCH-Count            INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxCCTrCHcount              INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxCellCount                INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxCellsForbidden           INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**

```

```

maxChanCount           INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCndomains          INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCodeCount           INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCodeNum              INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCodeNumComp-1        INTEGER ::= 8
maxCombineSet           INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCPCH-SetCount        INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCPCHsetcount         INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCTFC                 INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCTFC-DCH              INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxCTFC-DSCH             INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDataLength            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDelRLcount            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDeltfc-Count          INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDelTrchcount          INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDl-Cctrcount          INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDPDCHcount            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDRAC-Classes           INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxDRACReconAddTrchcount INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxEventCount             INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxFach-Count              INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxFachcount              INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxFlowID                 INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxFreqCount               INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxFrequencyBandsCount     INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxInterCells              INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxInterRAT                INTEGER ::= 8

```

```
-- **TODO**
maxInterSys           INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxInterSysCells     INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxInterSysMessages  INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxIntervals          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxIntraCells          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxMeasurementTypeCount  INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxMidambleShift-1    INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxMuxOptionsCount    INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxN-BadSAT           INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxN-SAT               INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNoCells             INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNoCNdomains         INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNoCodeGroups        INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNonUsedFrequency   INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNoOfErrors          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNoSystemCapability  INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNoTFCI-Groups       INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxNumFreq              INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxOtherRBcount         INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxPCPCHs              INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxPDSCHcount          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxPRACHcount          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxPredefConfigCount   INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxPUSCHcount          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxRABcount              INTEGER ::= 8

maxRAT                 INTEGER ::= 4
```

```
-- **TODO**
maxRAT-Count           INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxRB-WithPDCPcount   INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxRBcount              INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxReconAddTrCHcount   INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxReconRBcount         INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxReconRBs              INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxRelRBcount             INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxReplaceCount          INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxRLcount                INTEGER ::= 8

maxRM                     INTEGER ::= 256

-- **TODO**
maxRstTrCH-Count         INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSCCPCHcount            INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSetupRBcount            INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSF-Num                  INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSigNum                  INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSRBcount                INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSubChNum                INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSysInfoBlockCount       INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxSysInfoBlockFACHcount  INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTF-Count                 INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTF-Value                 INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTFC-Count                 INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTFC-Value                 INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTFC-Value-1               INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTFCI-1-Combs             INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
maxTFCI-2-Combs             INTEGER ::= 8

-- **TODO**
```

```

maxTFCI-Value           INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTFCcount            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTFs                  INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTimeslotCount       INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTraf                 INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTrCH                INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTrChCount            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTrCHcount            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTrChValue             INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTScount               INTEGER ::= 14
-- **TODO**
maxTSperCCTrCHcount     INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxTStoMeasureCount     INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxUL-CCTrCHcount       INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxURACount              INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxUsedUpPTScount        INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
maxUsedRLcount            INTEGER ::= 8
-- **TODO**
pageCount                INTEGER ::= 8
END

```

## 12 Message transfer syntax

Transfer syntax for RRC PDUs is derived from their abstract syntax definitions by use of Packed Encoding Rules, unaligned (X.691). If special encoding is used, it is indicated in the ECN module defined for each ASN.1 module. How special encoding is used is defined in TR 25.921.

### 12.1 Padding of RRC messages using RLC transparent mode

Padding is applicable for all UL and DL RRC messages using transparent RLC mode.

On the transmitter side, padding is inserted after the message has been encoded using the specified encoding rule. The RRC layer shall insert padding at the end of the message until the size of the RRC PDU equals the transport block size.

If the TFS contains more than one transport block size, the RRC layer shall select the smallest possible transport block size to use for the transfer of the message. Padding shall be inserted at the end of the message until the size of the RRC PDU equals the size of the selected transport block.

The value of the padding bits shall be "0".

On the receiver side, the padding bits shall be ignored.

## 12.2 ECN link module for RRC

```
RRC-ECN-Link-Module LINK-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
    Class-definitions ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH Class-definitions-ECN-Module
    PDU-definitions ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH PDU-definitions-ECN-Module
    CoreNetwork-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH CoreNetwork-IEs-ECN-Module
    UTRANMobility-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH UTRANMobility-IEs-ECN-Module
    UserEquipment-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH UserEquipment-IEs-ECN-Module
    RadioBearer-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH RadioBearer-IEs-ECN-Module
    TransportChannel-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH TransportChannel-IEs-ECN-Module
    PhysicalChannel-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH PhysicalChannel-IEs-ECN-Module
    Measurement-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH Measurement-IEs-ECN-Module
    Other-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH Other-IEs-ECN-Module
    ANSI-41-IEs ENCODED BY perUnaligned WITH ANSI-41-IEs-ECN-Module
END
```

## 12.3 ECN modules for RRC

```
Class-definitions-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

PDU-definitions-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

Corenetwork-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

UTRANMobility-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

UserEquipment-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

RadioBearer-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

TransportChannel-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

PhysicalChannel-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

Measurement-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

Other-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END

ANSI-41-IEs-ECN-Module ENCODING-DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
END
```

## 13 Protocol timers, counters and other parameters

### 13.1 Timers for UE

Timer	Value Range	Relations	Start	Stop	At expiry
T300	1...8 sec		Transmission of RRC CONNECTION REQUEST	Reception of RRC CONNECTION SETUP	Retransmit RRC CONNECTION REQUEST if V300 =< N300, else go to Idle mode
T301	1...8 sec		Transmission of RRC CONNECTION REESTABLISHMENT REQUEST	Reception of RRC CONNECTION REESTABLISHMENT	See subclause 8.1.5.8.
T302	1...8 sec		Transmission of CELL UPDATE	Reception of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM	Retransmit CELL UPDATE if V302 =< N302, else, go to Idle mode
T303	1...8 sec		Transmission of URA UPDATE	Reception of URA UPDATE CONFIRM	Retransmit URA UPDATE if V303 =< N303, else go to Idle mode
T304	200, 400...2000 ms		Transmission of UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION	Reception of UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION CONFIRM	Retransmit UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION if V304 =< N304, else initiate RRC connection reestablishment
T305	No updating,1,2,...,1023 sec		Entering CELL_FACH or CELL_PCH state. Reception of CELL UPDATE CONFIRM.	Entering another state.	Transmit CELL UPDATE if T307 is not activated.
T306	No updating,1,2,...,1023 sec		Entering URA_PCH state. Reception of URA UPDATE CONFIRM.	Entering another state.	Transmit URA UPDATE if T307 is not activated.
T307	5, 10,...50 sec		When the timer T305 or T306 has expired and the UE detects "out of service area".	When the UE detects "in service area". Or, initiate cell update or URA update procedure depending on state	Transit to idle mode
T308	40, 80...300 ms		Transmission of RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE	Not stopped	Transmit RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE if V308 =< N308, else go to idle mode.
T309	1...8 sec		Upon reselection of a cell belonging to another radio access system from connected mode	Successful establishment of a connection in the new cell	Resume the connection to UTRAN
T310			Transmission of PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST	Reception of PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION	Transmit PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST if V310 =< N310, else procedure stops.

Timer	Value Range	Relations	Start	Stop	At expiry
T311			Reception of PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message with the parameter "PUSCH Allocation Pending" set to "pending".	Reception of PHYSICAL SHARED CHANNEL ALLOCATION message with parameter "PUSCH Allocation Pending" set to "not pending".	UE may initiate a PUSCH capacity request procedure.
T312	1..16 sec		When the UE starts to establish dedicated CH	When the UE detects consecutive N312 "in sync" indication from L1.	The criteria for physical channel establishment failure is fulfilled
T313	1..16 sec		When the UE detects consecutive N313 "out of sync" indication from L1.	When the UE detects consecutive N315 "in sync" indication from L1.	The criteria for Radio Link failure is fulfilled
T314	0..128 sec		When the UE detects that it is out of sync. The timer is started only if radio bearer(s) using Tr or UM RLC exist.	When the RRC Connection Re-establishment procedure has been completed.	See subclause 8.1.5.6
T315	0..4095 sec		When the UE detects that it is out of sync. The timer is started only if radio bearer(s) using AM RLC exist.	When the RRC Connection Re-establishment procedure has been completed.	See subclause 8.1.5.7

## 13.2 Counters for UE

Counter	Reset	Incremented	When reaching max value
V300	When initiating the procedure RRC connection establishment	Upon expiry of T300.	When V300 > N300, the UE enters idle mode.
V302	When initiating the procedure Cell update	Upon expiry of T302	When V302 > N302 the UE enters idle mode.
V303	When initiating the procedure URA update	Upon expiry of T303	When V302 > N303 the UE enters idle mode.
V304	When sending the first UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message.	Upon expiry of T304	When V304 > N304 the UE initiates the RRC connection re-establishment procedure

Counter	Reset	Decrement	When reaching zero
V308	When sending the first RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message in a RRC connection release procedure.	Upon expiry of T308	When V308 =0 the UE stops re-transmitting the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE message.

Counter	Reset	Incremented	When reaching max value
V310	When sending the first PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message in a PUSCH capacity request procedure	Upon expiry of T310	When V310 > N310 the UE stops re-transmitting the PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message.

### 13.3 UE constants and parameters

Constant	Value	Usage
N300	1...8	Maximum number of retransmissions of the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message
N301	1...8	Maximum number of retransmissions of the RRC CONNECTION REESTABLISHMENT REQUEST message
N302	1...8	Maximum number of retransmissions of the CELL UPDATE message
N303	1...8	Maximum number of retransmissions of the URA UPDATE message
N304	1...8	Maximum number of retransmissions of the UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION message
N310		Maximum number of retransmission of the PUSCH CAPACITY REQUEST message
N312	1..1024	Maximum number of successive "in sync" received from L1.
N313	1..1024	Maximum number of successive "out of sync" received from L1.
N315	1..1024	Maximum number of successive "in sync" received from L1 during T313 is activated.

### 13.4 UE variables

#### 13.4.1 DEFAULT\_TFC\_SUBSET

This variable contains the TFC subset to go back to when a temporary TFC limitation is released.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFC subset	M			

#### 13.4.2 ESTABLISHED\_RABS

This variable is used to store information about the established radio access bearers in the UE.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
RAB information		0 to <MaxRABcount>		For each RAB established
>RAB info	M			
>RB information		1 to <MaxRBperRABcount>		For each RB belonging to the RAB
>>RB identity	M			
>>Subflow			Integer(0..<maxSubflowCount>)	Reference to the RAB subflow implemented by this RB

#### 13.4.3 INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION\_INFO

This variable contains information about the current status of the integrity protection in the UE.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Status	M		Enumerate d(Not started, Started)	
Failure count	M		Integer(0..N 316)	
Signalling radio bearer specific integrity protection information		4		Status information for RB#0-3 in that order
> Uplink HFN	M		Integrity protection hyper frame number	
> Downlink HFN	M		Integrity protection hyper frame number	
> Uplink RRC Message sequence number	M		Integer (0..15)	
> Downlink RRC Message sequence number	M		Integer (0..15)	

#### 13.4.4 MEASUREMENT\_IDENTITY

This variable stores the measurements configured in the UE. For each configured measurement, the information below shall be stored.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
MEASUREMENT CONTROL	M		10.1.12	Information as contained in this message.

#### 13.4.5 ORDERED\_ASU (FDD only)

This variable stores information about an ordered, but not yet executed, update of active set.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
ACTIVE SET UPDATE	M		10.1.1	Information as contained in this message.

#### 13.4.6 ORDERED\_CONFIG

This variable stores information about an ordered but not yet executed establishment/release/reconfiguration of radio bearers, and/or transport channels and/or physical channels.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE message	M			Information as contained in one of the following messages
>RADIO BEARER SETUP			10.1.28	
>RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION			10.1.22	
>RADIO BEARER RELEASE			10.1.25	
>TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION			10.1.49	
>PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION			10.1.17	

### 13.4.7 PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INDICATOR

This variable indicates whether there exist a protocol error that is to be reported to UTRAN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Protocol error indicator	M			

### 13.4.8 PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION

This variable contains diagnostics to be reported to UTRAN for a message that was not completely understood.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Protocol error information	M			

### 13.4.9 SELECTED\_PLMN

This variable contains the type of and identity of the selected PLMN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
PLMN Type	M			
CHOICE identity type	M			
>PLMN identity				
>SID				

CHOICE identity type	Condition under which the given identity type is chosen
PLMN identity	PLMN Type is "GSM-MAP"
SID	PLMN Type is "ANSI-41"

### 13.4.10 UE\_CAPABILITY\_TRANSFERRED

This variable stores information about which UE capabilities that have been transferred to UTRAN.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
UE radio access capability	O			
UE system specific capability	O		Inter-system message	Includes inter-system classmark

### 13.4.11 VALUE\_TAG

This variable contains information about the value tag for the last received system information block of a given type, for all system information blocks using value tags.

Information Element/Group name	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
MIB value tag	M		MIB value tag	Value tag for the master information block
SIB 1 value tag	C-GSM		PLMN value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 1
SIB 2 value tag	M		PLMN value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 2
SIB 3 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 3
SIB 4 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 4
SIB 5 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 5
SIB 6 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 6
SIB 8 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 8
SIB 11 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 11
SIB 12 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 12
SIB 13 value tag	C-ANSI		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 13
SIB 13.1 value tag	C-ANSI		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 13.1
SIB 13.2 value tag	C-ANSI		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 13.2
SIB 13.3 value tag	C-ANSI		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 13.3
SIB 13.4 value tag	C-ANSI		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 13.4
<b>CHOICE mode</b>				
> TDD				
>>SIB 14 value tag	M		Cell value tag	Value tag for the system information block type 14

Condition	Explanation
GSM	This information is only stored when the PLMN Type in the variable SELECTED_PLMN is "GSM-MAP".
ANSI	This information is only stored when the PLMN Type in the variable SELECTED_PLMN is "ANSI-41".

---

## 14 Specific functions

### 14.1 Intra-frequency measurements

#### 14.1.1 Intra-frequency measurement quantities

- 1 Downlink  $E_c/I_0$  (chip energy per total received channel power density).
- 2 Downlink path loss.
- 3 Downlink received signal code power (RSCP) after despreading.

4 Downlink signal-to-interference ratio (SIR) after despreading on a specific DL physical channel (RSCP/ISCP).

NOTE: If CPICH SIR can be used has not been concluded in TSG-RAN WG4.

5 Averaged signal-to-interference ratio (SIR) for all DL codes belonging to one TS and to one CCTrCH.

6 ISCP measured on Timeslot basis.

## 14.1.2 Intra-frequency reporting events for FDD

Within the measurement reporting criteria field in the Measurement Control message the UTRAN notifies the UE which events should trigger a measurement report. Examples of intra-frequency reporting events that would be useful for intra-frequency handover evaluation are given below. Note that normally the UEs do not need to report all these events. The listed events are the toolbox from which the UTRAN can choose the reporting events that are needed for the implemented handover evaluation function, or other radio network functions.

All the illustrated events are measured with respect to any of the measurement quantities given in subclause 14.1.1. The measurement objects are the monitored primary common pilot channels (CPICH). The reporting events are marked with vertical arrows in the figures below.

NOTE: The events below are numbered 1A, 1B, 1C,... since all intra-frequency reporting events would be labelled 1X, inter-frequency reporting events would be labelled 2X, and so on for the other measurement types.

### 14.1.2.1 Reporting event 1A: A Primary CPICH enters the reporting range

When event 1A is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when a primary CPICH enters the reporting range as defined by the following formula:

$$10 \cdot \log M_{New} \geq W \cdot 10 \cdot \log \left( \sum_{i=1}^{N_A} M_i \right) + (1-W) \cdot 10 \cdot \log M_{Best} - (R + H_{1a}),$$

The variables in the formula are defined as follows:

$M_{New}$  is the measurement result of the cell entering the reporting range.

$M_i$  is a measurement result of a cell in the active set.

$N_A$  is the number of cells in the current active set.

$M_{Best}$  is the measurement result of the strongest cell in the active set.

$W$  is a parameter sent from UTRAN to UE.

$R$  is the reporting range

$H_{1a}$  is the hysteresis parameter for the event 1a.

The addition window of cells in event 1A is configured with the **reporting range** parameter ( $R$ ) common to many reporting events and an optional **hysteresis** parameter ( $H_{1a}$ ), which can be used to distinguish the addition window from reporting windows related to other measurement events.

The occurrence of event 1A is conditional on a **report deactivation threshold** parameter. This parameter indicates the maximum number of cells allowed in the active set for measurement reports to be triggered by event 1A to be transmitted.

Event 1A may be enhanced with an addition timer, which is configured with the **time-to-trigger** parameter (see subclause 14.1.4.2). If a time-to-trigger value is used, a cell must continuously stay within the reporting range for the given time period, before the UE shall send a measurement report.

### 14.1.2.2 Reporting event 1B: A primary CPICH leaves the reporting range

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when a primary CPICH leaves the reporting range as defined by the following formula:

$$10 \cdot \text{Log}M_{\text{Old}} \leq W \cdot 10 \cdot \text{Log}\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N_A} M_i\right) + (1-W) \cdot 10 \cdot \text{Log}M_{\text{Best}} - (R + H_{1b}),$$

The variables in the formula are defined as follows:

$M_{\text{Old}}$  is the measurement result of the cell leaving the reporting range.

$M_i$  is a measurement result of a cell in the active set.

$N_A$  is the number of cells in the current active set.

$M_{\text{Best}}$  is the measurement result of the strongest cell in the active set.

$W$  is a parameter sent from UTRAN to UE.

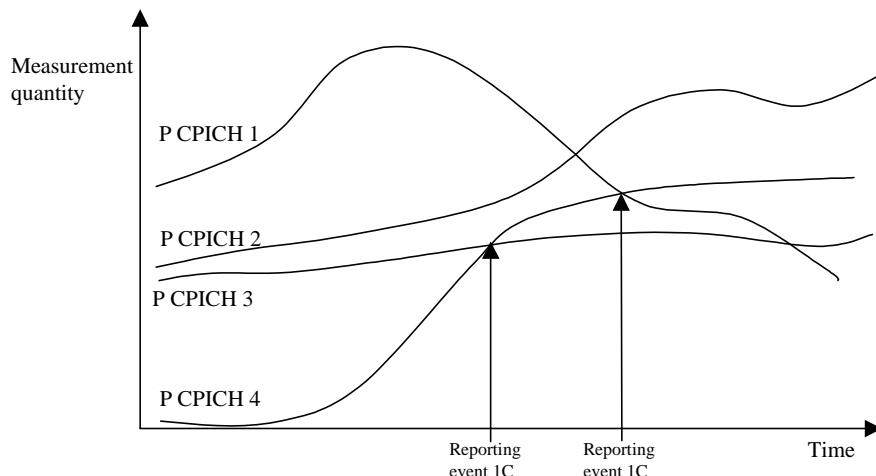
$R$  is the reporting range

$H_{1b}$  is the hysteresis parameter for the event 1b.

The drop window of cells in event 1B is configured with the **reporting range** parameter ( $R$ ) common to many reporting events and an optional **hysteresis** parameter ( $H_{1b}$ ), which can be used to distinguish the drop window from reporting windows related to other measurement events.

Event 1B may be enhanced with a drop timer, which is configured with the **time-to-trigger** parameter. If the timer is used, the weakening cell must continuously stay below the reporting range for the given time period before the UE may send a measurement report.

#### 14.1.2.3 Reporting event 1C: A non-active primary CPICH becomes better than an active primary CPICH



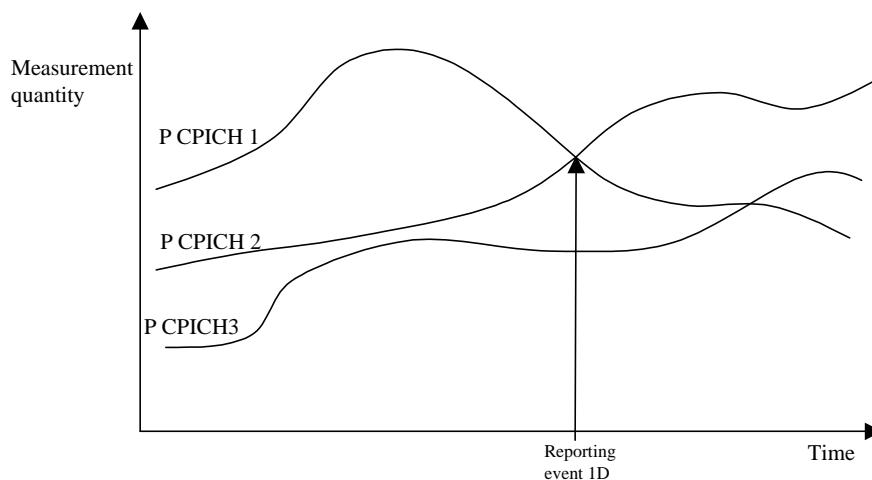
**Figure 48: A primary CPICH that is not included in the active set becomes better than a primary CPICH that is in the active set**

In this example the cells belonging to primary CPICH 1, 2 and 3 are supposed to be in the active set, but the cell transmitting primary CPICH 4 is not (yet) in the active set.

If a primary CPICH that is not included in the active set becomes better than a primary CPICH that is in the active set, and event 1C has been ordered by UTRAN, this event shall trigger a report to be sent from the UE.

This event may be used for replacing cells in the active set. It is activated if the number of active cells is equal to or greater than a **replacement activation threshold** parameter that UTRAN signals to the UE in the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message. This parameter indicates the minimum number of cells required in the active set for measurement reports triggered by event 1C to be transmitted.

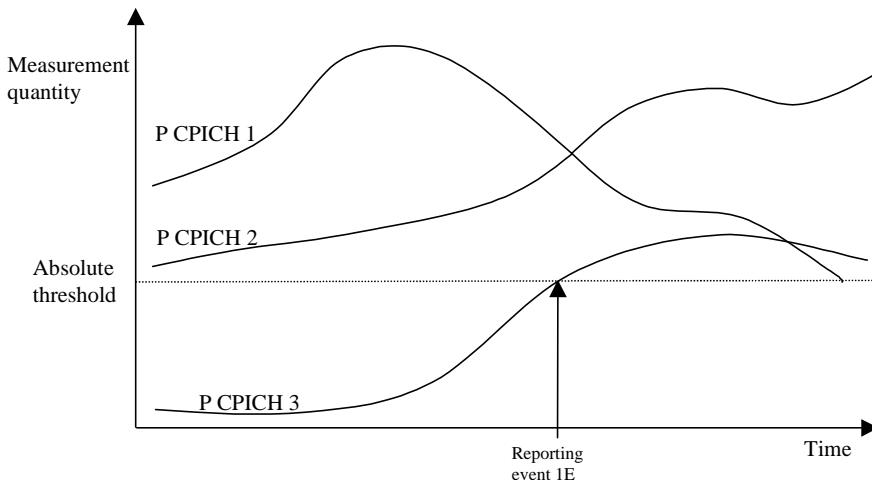
#### 14.1.2.4 Reporting event 1D: Change of best cell



**Figure 49: A primary CPICH becomes better than the previously best primary CPICH**

If any of the primary CPICHs within the reporting range becomes better than the previously best primary CPICH, and event 1D has been ordered by UTRAN then this event shall trigger a report to be sent from the UE. The corresponding report contains (at least) the new best primary CPICH.

#### 14.1.2.5 Reporting event 1E: A Primary CPICH becomes better than an absolute threshold

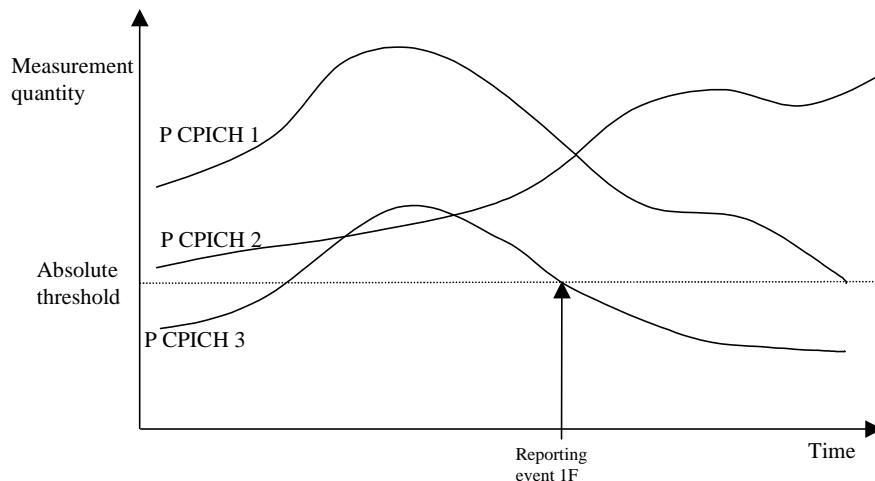


**Figure 50: Event-triggered report when a Primary CPICH becomes better than an absolute threshold**

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message the UE shall send a report when the Measurement quantity of a Primary CPICH becomes better than an absolute threshold. The corresponding report contains (at least) the involved Primary CPICH.

Event 1E may be used for triggering a measurement report, which includes unlisted cells, which the UE has detected.

**14.1.2.6 Reporting event 1F: A Primary CPICH becomes worse than an absolute threshold**

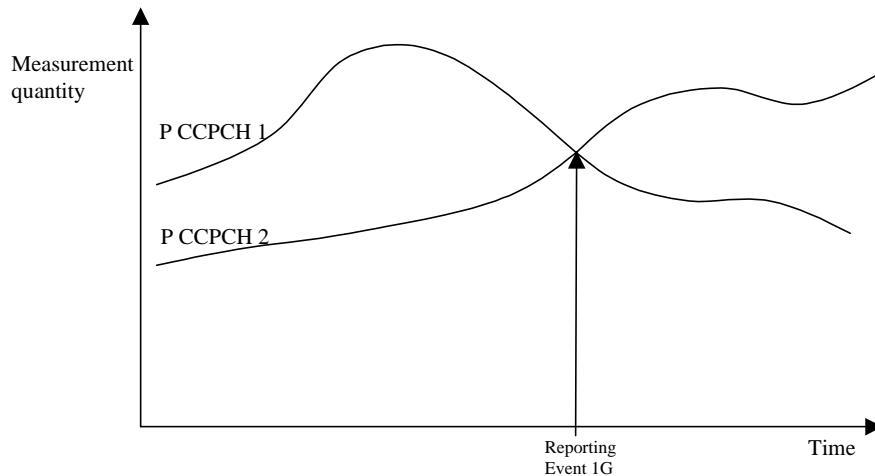


**Figure 51: Event-triggered report when a Primary CPICH becomes worse than an absolute threshold**

When this event is ordered by the UTRAN in a measurement control message the UE shall send a report when a primary CPICH becomes worse than an absolute threshold. The corresponding report contains (at least) the involved Primary CPICH.

**14.1.3 Intra-frequency reporting events for TDD**

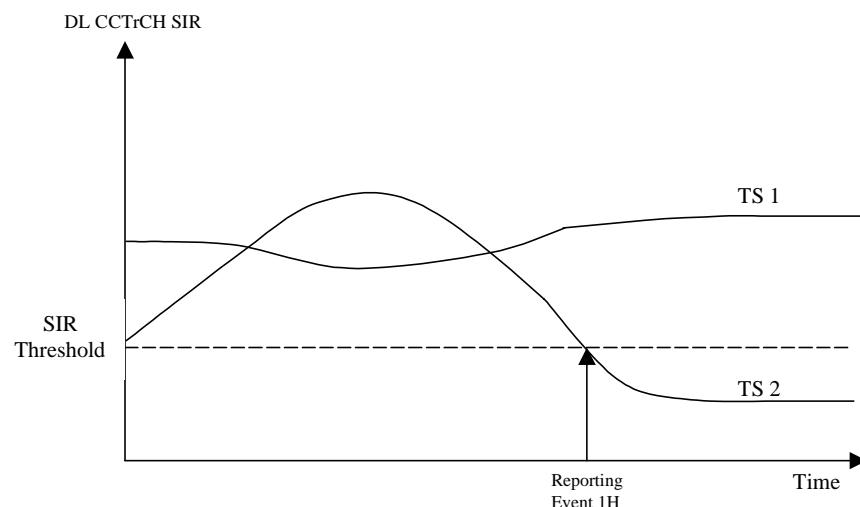
**14.1.3.1 Change of best cell**



**Figure 52: A primary CCPCH becomes better than the previous best primary CCPCH**

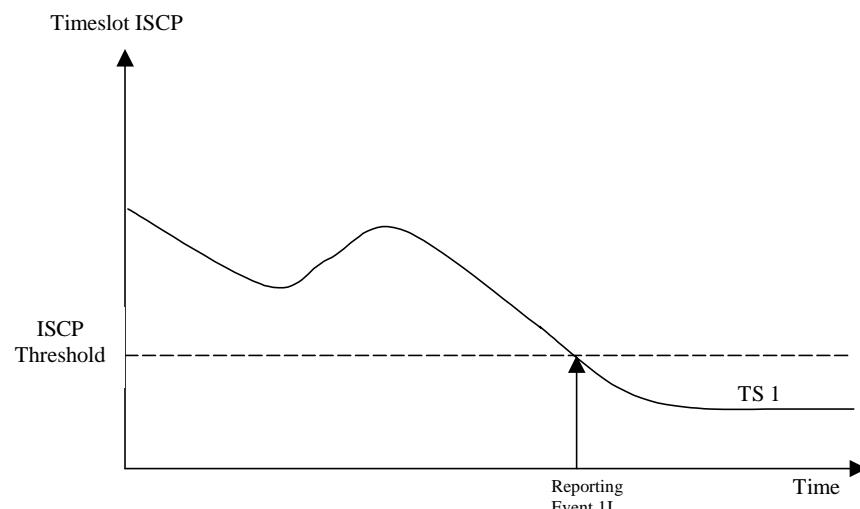
If any of the primary CCPCHs becomes better than the previously best primary CCPCH, and event 1G has been ordered by UTRAN then this event shall trigger a report to be sent from the UE. The corresponding report contains (at least) the new best primary CCPCH.

#### 14.1.3.2 DL CCTrCH below a certain threshold



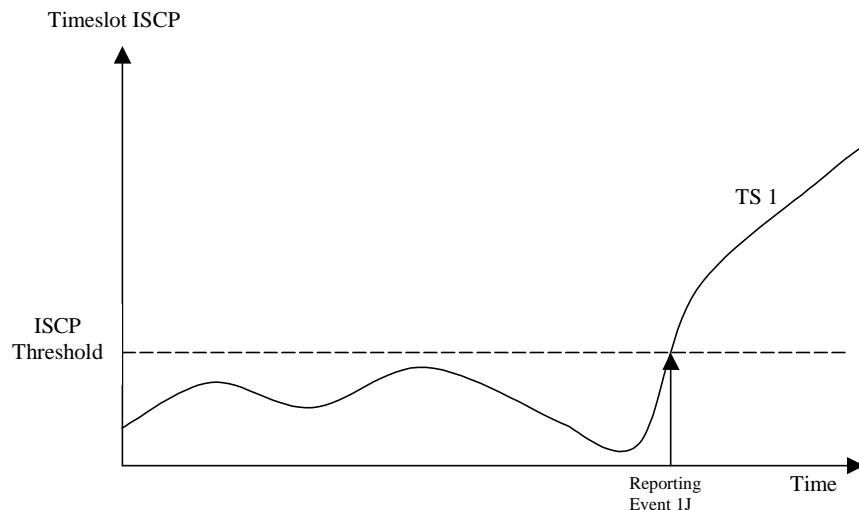
**Figure 53: A SIR value of a timeslot becomes worse than an absolute threshold**

#### 14.1.3.3 Timeslot ISCP below a certain threshold



**Figure 54: An ISCP value of a timeslot becomes worse than an absolute threshold**

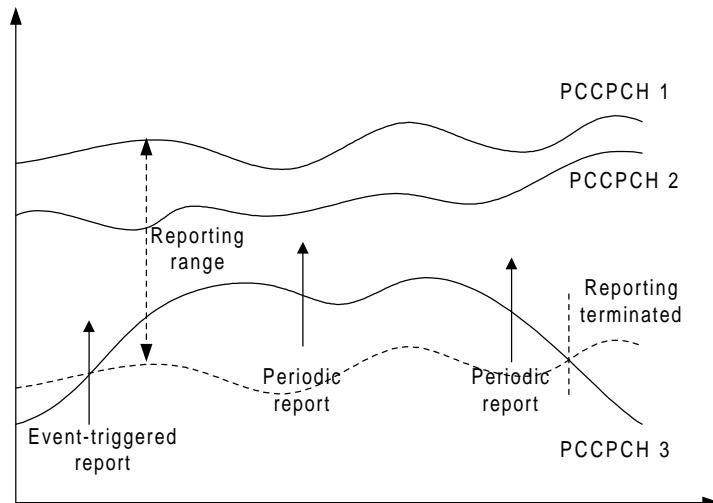
#### 14.1.3.4 Timeslot ISCP above a certain threshold



**Figure 55: An ISCP value of a timeslot becomes better than a certain threshold**

#### 14.1.4 Event-triggered periodic intra-frequency measurement reports

##### 14.1.4.1 Cell addition failure (FDD only)



**Figure 56: Periodic reporting triggered by event 1A**

When a cell enters the reporting range and triggers event 1A, the UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT to the UTRAN and typically this may result in an update of the active set. However, in some situations the UTRAN may be unable to add a strong cell to the active set typically due to capacity shortage for example.

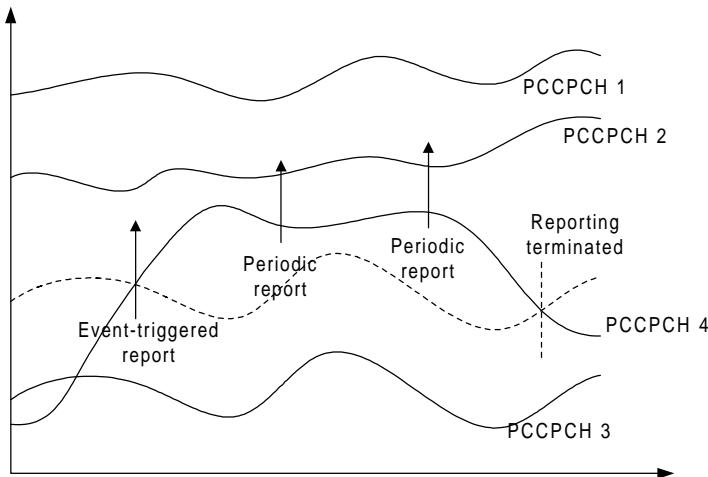
The UE shall continue reporting after the initial report by reverting to periodical measurement reporting if the reported cell is not added to the active set. This is illustrated in Figure 56. During periodic reporting the UE shall transmit MEASUREMENT REPORT messages to the UTRAN at predefined intervals. The reports shall include reporting information of the cells in the current active set and of the monitored cell(s) in the reporting range.

Event-triggered periodic measurement reporting shall be terminated either when there are no longer any monitored cell(s) within the reporting range or when the UTRAN has added cells to the active set so that it includes the maximum number of cells (defined by the **reporting deactivation threshold** parameter), which are allowed for event 1A to be triggered.

The reporting period is assigned by the UTRAN. If the reporting period is set to zero event-triggered measurement reporting shall not be applied.

NOTE: The figure should be updated to reflect that the measurements are made on the CPICH rather than PCCPCH.

#### 14.1.4.2 Cell replacement failure (FDD only)



**Figure 57: Periodic reporting triggered by event 1C**

When a cell enters the replacement range and triggers event 1C, the UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT to the UTRAN and typically this may result in the replacement of the weakest active cell. If the UTRAN is unable to replace the cell due to for example capacity shortage, it is beneficial to receive continuous reports in this case as well.

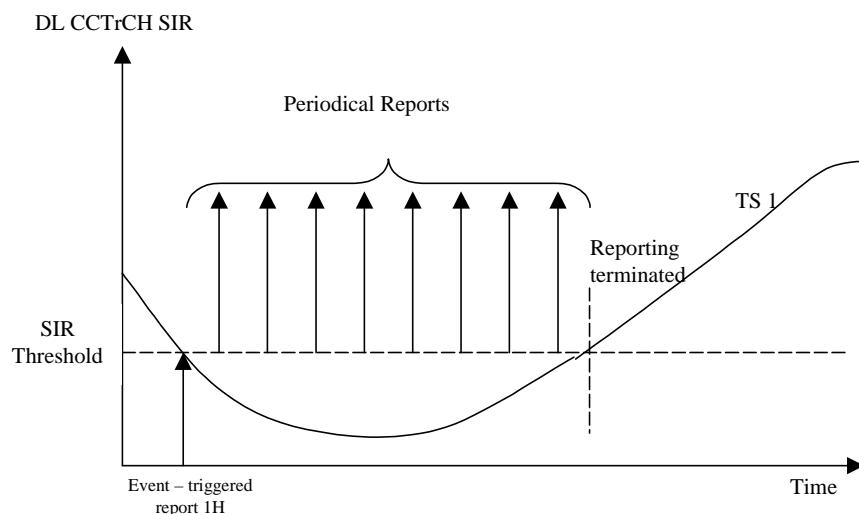
The UE shall revert to periodical measurement reporting if the UTRAN does not update the active set after the transmission of the measurement report. This is illustrated in Figure 57. During periodic reporting the UE shall transmit MEASUREMENT REPORT messages to the UTRAN at predefined intervals. The reports shall include reporting information of the cells in the current active set and of the monitored cell(s) in the replacement range.

Event-triggered periodic measurement reporting shall be terminated either when there are no longer any monitored cell(s) within the replacement range or when the UTRAN has removed cells from the active set so that there are no longer the minimum amount of active cells for event 1C to be triggered (as defined by the **replacement activation threshold** parameter).

The reporting period is assigned by the UTRAN. If the reporting period is set to zero, event-triggered measurement reporting shall not be applied.

NOTE: The figure should be updated to reflect that the measurements are made on the CPICH rather than PCCPCH.

#### 14.1.4.3 Timeslot replacement failure (TDD only)



**Figure 58: Periodic reporting triggered by event 1H**

When the averaged SIR value of one timeslot belonging to a DL CCTrCH triggers event 1H, the UE shall transmit a MEASUREMENT REPORT to the UTRAN and typically this may result to a change of the used downlink timeslots. However, in some situations the DCA algorithm in the UTRAN can not change the timeslots due to capacity shortage for example.

The UE shall continue reporting after the initial report by reverting to periodical measurements reporting, see Figure 58. During periodic reporting the UE shall transmit MEASUREMENT REPORT messages to UTRAN at predefined intervals. The report shall include interference measurements of selected downlink timeslots of the current cell to support the DCA algorithm.

The event-triggered periodic measurement reporting shall be terminated either when the DCA algorithm has replaced the worse downlink timeslot or when the reason for the event 1H, which has triggered the periodical measurement reporting, are not given anymore.

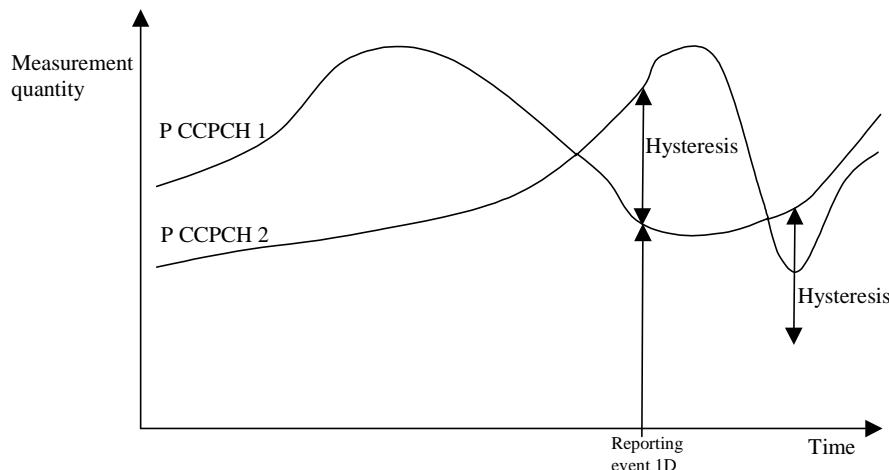
The reporting period is assigned by the UTRAN. IF the reporting period is set to zero event-triggered periodic measurements reporting shall not be applied.

#### 14.1.5 Mechanisms available for modifying intra-frequency measurement reporting behaviour

##### 14.1.5.1 Hysteresis

To limit the amount of event-triggered reports, a hysteresis parameter may be connected with each reporting event given above. The value of the hysteresis is given to the UE in the Reporting criteria field of the Measurement Control message.

In the example in Figure 59, the hysteresis ensures that the event 1D (FDD) or IG(TDD) (primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) 2 becomes the best cell) is not reported until the difference is equal to the hysteresis value. The fact that primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) 1 becomes best afterwards is not reported at all in the example since the primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) 1 does not become sufficiently better than the primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) 2.

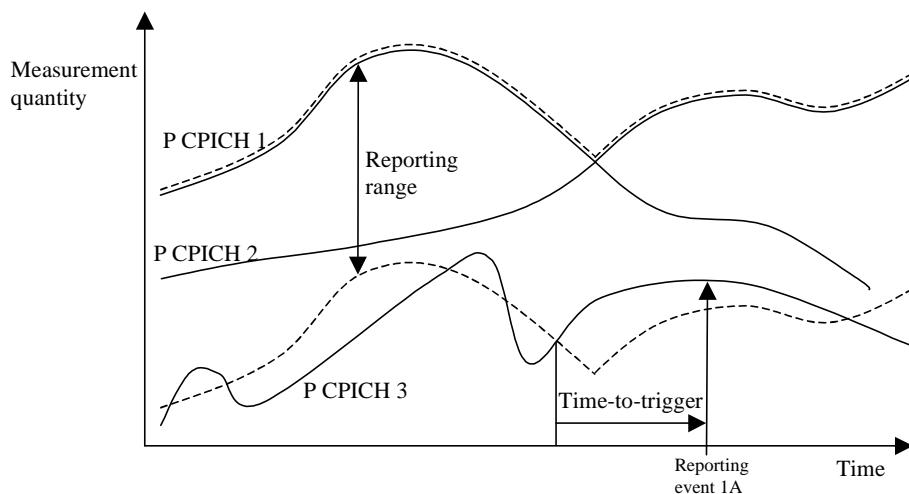


**Figure 59: Hysteresis limits the amount of measurement reports**

#### 14.1.5.2 Time-to-trigger

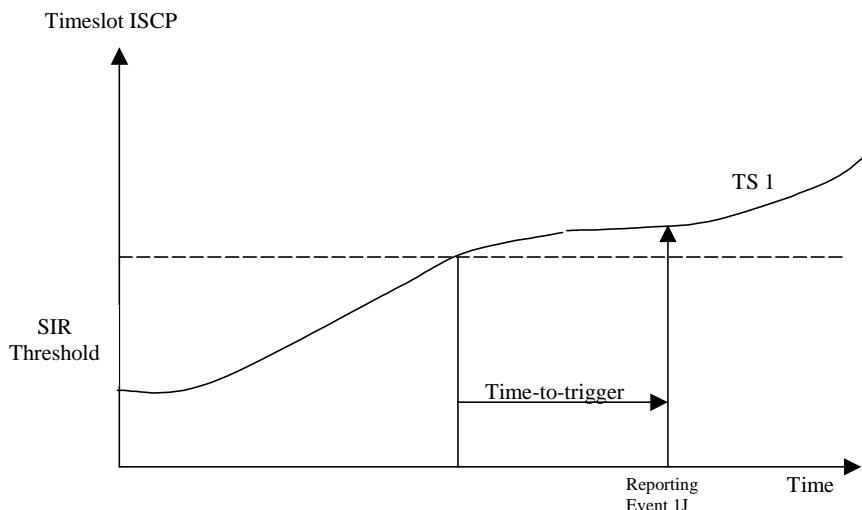
To limit the measurement signalling load, a time-to-trigger parameter could be connected with each reporting event given above. The value of the time-to-trigger is given to the UE in the Reporting criteria field of the Measurement Control message.

The effect of the time-to-trigger is that the report is triggered only after the conditions for the event have existed for the specified time-to-trigger. In the following FDD example in Figure 60, the use of time-to-trigger means that the event (primary CPICH 3 enters the reporting range) is not reported until it has been within the range for the time given by the time-to-trigger parameter.



**Figure 60: Time-to-trigger limits the amount of measurement reports**

In the following TDD example in Figure 61, the use of time-to-trigger means that the event (Timeslot ISCP upon certain threshold) is not reported until it has been upon the threshold for the time given by the time-to trigger parameter.



**Figure 61: Time-to-trigger limits the amount of measurement reports**

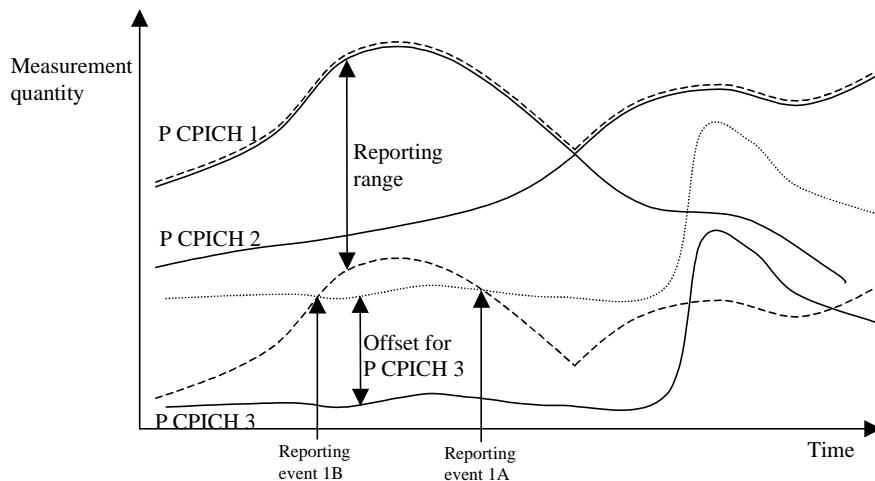
Note that the time-to-trigger could be combined with hysteresis, i.e. a hysteresis value is added to the measurement quantity before evaluating if the time-to-trigger timer should be started.

#### 14.1.5.3 Cell individual offsets

For each cell that is monitored, an offset can be assigned with inband signalling. The offset can be either positive or negative. The offset is added to the measurement quantity before the UE evaluates if an event has occurred. The UE receives the cell individual offsets for each primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) in the measurement object field of the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message.

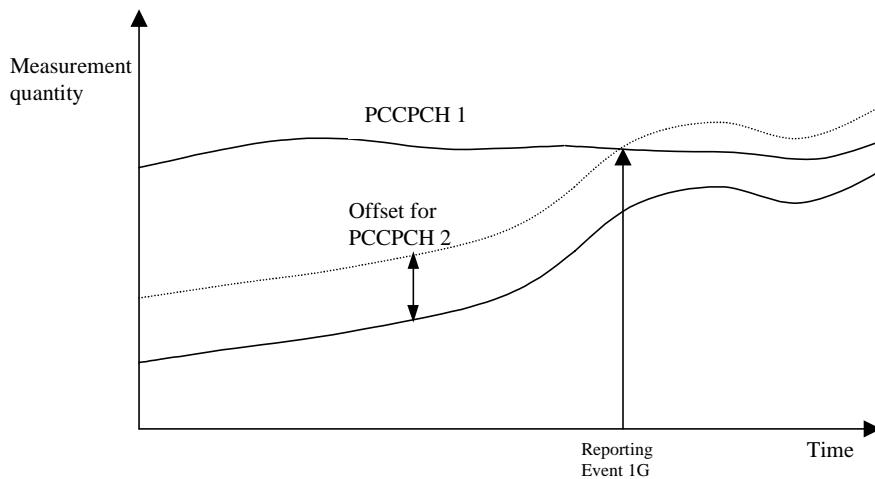
For the FDD example, in Figure 62, since an offset is added to primary CPICH 3, it is the dotted curve that is used to evaluate if an event occurs. Hence, this means that measurement reports from UE to UTRAN are triggered when primary CPICH plus the corresponding offset, i.e. the dotted curve, leaves and enters the reporting range and when it gets better than primary CPICH 1 (if these events have been ordered by UTRAN). This offset mechanism provides the network with an efficient tool to change the reporting of an individual primary CPICH.

By applying a positive offset, as in Figure 62, the UE will send measurement reports as if the primary CPICH is offset  $x$  dB better than what it really is. This could be useful if the operator knows that a specific cell is interesting to monitor more carefully, even though it is not so good for the moment. In the example in Figure 62, the operator might know by experience that in this area primary CPICH 3 can become good very quickly (e.g. due to street corners) and therefore that it is worth reporting more intensively. Depending on the implemented handover evaluation algorithm, this may result in the cell with primary CPICH 3 being included in the active set earlier than would have been the case without the positive offset.



**Figure 62: A positive offset is applied to primary CPICH 3 before event evaluation in the UE**

For the TDD example, in Figure 63, an offset is added to primary CCPCH2, it is the dotted curve that is used to evaluate if the primary CCPCH2 becomes better than primary CCPCH1 (ordered by the UTRAN).



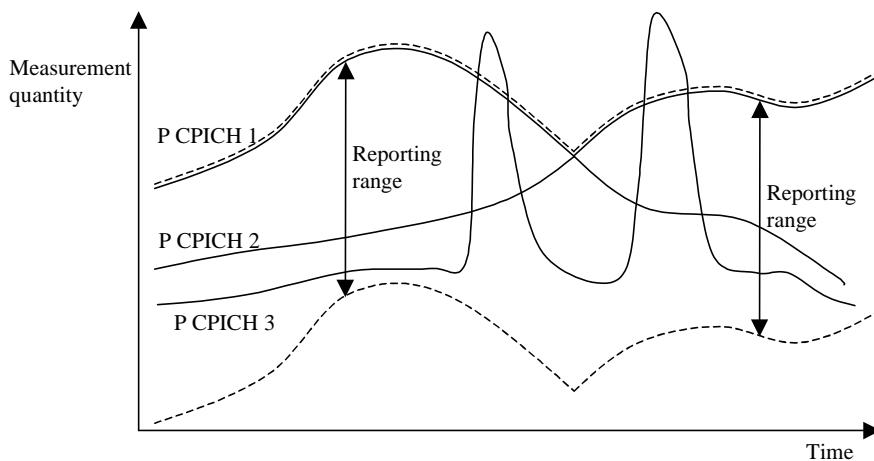
**Figure 63: A positive offset is applied to primary CCPCH 2**

Correspondingly, the operator can choose to apply a negative offset to a primary CCPCH. Then the reporting on that primary CCPCH is limited and the corresponding cell may be, at least temporarily excluded from the active set or as a target cell for handover.

The cell individual offset can be seen as a tool to move the cell border. It is important to note that the offset is added before triggering events, i.e. the offset is added by the UE before evaluating if a measurement report should be sent as opposed to offsets that are applied in the network and used for the actual handover evaluation.

#### 14.1.5.4 Forbid a Primary CPICH to affect the reporting range (FDD only)

The reporting range affects the reporting events 1A and 1B presented above. The reporting range is defined relative to the best Primary CPICH. However, there could be cases where it is good to forbid a specific Primary CPICH to affect the reporting range. For example in Figure 64 the network has requested the UE to not let Primary CPICH 3 affect the reporting range. This mechanism could be effective if the operator knows by experience that the quality of Primary CPICH 3 is very unstable in a specific area and therefore should not affect the reporting of the other Primary CPICHs.



**Figure 64: Primary CPICH 3 is forbidden to affect the reporting range**

#### 14.1.6 Report quantities

In the event-triggered measurement reports, mandatory information connected to the events is always reported. For instance, at the event "a primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) enters the reporting range" the corresponding report identifies the primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) that entered the range.

However, besides this mandatory information, UTRAN should be able to optionally require additional measurement information in the report to support the radio network functions in UTRAN. Furthermore, it will allow the UTRAN to use the UE as a general tool for radio network optimisation if necessary.

Examples of report quantities that may be appended to the measurement reports are:

NOTE: This list is general and does also apply for reports of other measurement types than the intra-frequency type. The list is not final.

- Downlink transport channel block error rate.
- Downlink transport channel bit error rate.
- Downlink  $E_c/I_0$  on primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) (e.g. used for initial DL power setting on new radio links).
- Time difference between the received primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) frame-timing from the target cell and the earliest received existing DPCH path. [Note: This measurement is identified in 25.211 [2] (denoted  $T_m$  in clause 7)].
- UE transmit power.
- UE position (FFS).
- Downlink SIR (RSCP/ISCP) on the traffic channels after RAKE combining (FFS).
- Downlink SIR (RSCP/ISCP) on primary CPICH(FDD)/CCPCH(TDD) (e.g. used for initial DL power setting on new radio links.)(FFS).

### 14.2 Inter-frequency measurements

The frequency quality estimate used in events 2a, 2b 2c, 2d and 2e is defined as:

$$Q_{carrier_j} = 10 \cdot \log M_{carrier_j} = W_j \cdot 10 \cdot \log \left( \sum_{i=1}^{N_{A_j}} M_{i,j} \right) + (1 - W_j) \cdot 10 \cdot \log M_{Best,j},$$

The variables in the formula are defined as follows:

$Q_{frequency_j}$  is the estimated quality of the active set on frequency j

$M_{frequency_j}$  is the estimated quality of the active set on frequency j.

$M_{ij}$  is a measurement result of cell i in the active set on frequency j.

$N_{A_j}$  is the number of cells in the active set on frequency j.

$M_{Best_j}$  is the measurement result of the strongest cell in the active set on frequency j

$W_j$  is a parameter sent from UTRAN to UE and used for frequency j

## 14.2.1 Inter-frequency reporting events for FDD

Within the measurement reporting criteria field in the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message UTRAN notifies the UE which events should trigger the UE to send a MEASUREMENT REPORT message. Examples of inter-frequency reporting events that would be useful for inter-frequency handover evaluation are given below. Note that normally the UEs do not need to report all these events. The listed events are the toolbox from which the UTRAN can choose the reporting events that are needed for the implemented handover evaluation function, or other radio network functions.

All events are evaluated with respect to one of the measurement quantities given in subclause 14.x.x. The measurement objects are the monitored primary common pilot channels (CPICH). A "non-used frequency" is a frequency that the UE have been ordered to measure upon but are not used of the active set. A "used frequency" is a frequency that the UE have been ordered to measure upon and is also currently used for the connection.

### 14.2.1.1 Event 2a: Change of best frequency.

If any of the non- used frequencies quality estimate becomes better than the currently used frequency quality estimate, and event 2a has been ordered by UTRAN then this event shall trigger a report to be sent from the UE when the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions is fulfilled. The corresponding report contains (at least) the best primary CPICH on the non-used frequency that triggered the event.

### 14.2.1.2 Event 2b: The estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below a certain threshold and the estimated quality of a non-used frequency is above a certain threshold.

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below the value of the IE " Threshold used frequency" and the estimated quality of a non-used frequency is above the value of the IE "Threshold non-used frequency" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains at least the best primary CPICH on the non-used frequency that triggered the event.

### 14.2.1.3 Event 2c: The estimated quality of a non-used frequency is above a certain threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of a non-used frequency is above the value of the IE "Threshold non-used frequency" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains at least the best primary CPICH on the non-used frequency.

### 14.2.1.4 Event 2d: The estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below a certain threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below the value of the IE " Threshold used frequency" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains at least the best primary CPICH on the used frequency.

#### 14.2.1.5 Event 2e: The estimated quality of a non-used frequency is below a certain threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of a non-used frequency is below the value of the IE "Threshold non-used frequency" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains at least the best primary CPICH on the non-used frequency.

#### 14.2.1.6 Event 2 f: The estimated quality of the currently used frequency is above a certain threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of the currently used frequency is above the value of the IE " Threshold used frequency" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains at least the best primary CPICH on the used frequency.

### 14.3 Inter-system measurements

The estimated quality of the active set in UTRAN in events 3a is defined as:

$$Q_{UTRAN} = 10 \cdot \log M_{UTRAN} = W \cdot 10 \cdot \log \left( \sum_{i=1}^{N_A} M_i \right) + (1 - W) \cdot 10 \cdot \log M_{Best},$$

The variables in the formula are defined as follows:

$Q_{UTRAN}$  is the estimated quality of the active set on the currently used UTRAN frequency

$M_{UTRAN}$  is the estimated quality of the active set on currently used UTRAN frequency expressed in another unit.

$M_i$  is a measurement result of cell i in the active set.

$N_A$  is the number of cells in the active set.

$M_{Best}$  is the measurement result of the strongest cell in the active set.

$W$  is a parameter sent from UTRAN to UE.

#### 14.3.1 Inter-System reporting events for FDD

Within the measurement reporting criteria field in the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UTRAN notifies the UE which events should trigger the UE to send a MEASUREMENT REPORT message. Examples of inter-system reporting events that would be useful for inter-system handover evaluation are given below. Note that normally the UEs do not need to report all these events. The listed events are the toolbox from which the UTRAN can choose the reporting events that are needed for the implemented handover evaluation function, or other radio network functions.

All events are measured with respect to one of the measurement quantities given in subclause 14.x.x. The measurement objects are the monitored primary common pilot channels (CPICH) for UTRAN and objects specific for other systems. A "used UTRAN frequency" is a frequency that the UE have been ordered to measure upon and is also currently used for the connection to UTRAN. "Other system" is e.g. GSM.

##### 14.3.1.1 Event 3a: The estimated quality of the currently used UTRAN frequency is below a certain threshold **and** the estimated quality of the other system is above a certain threshold.

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of the currently used frequency is below the value of the IE " Threshold own system" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled and the estimated quality of the other system is above the value of the IE " Threshold other system" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains information specific for the other system and the best primary CPICH on the used frequency.

### 14.3.1.2 Event 3b: The estimated quality of other system is below a certain threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of the other system is below the value of the IE " Threshold other system" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains information specific for the other system and the best primary CPICH on the non-used frequency.

### 14.3.1.3 Event 3c: The estimated quality of other system is above a certain threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message the UE shall send a report when the estimated quality of the other system is above the value of the IE " Threshold other system" and the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions are fulfilled. The corresponding report contains information specific for the other system and the best primary CPICH on the non-used frequency.

### 14.3.1.4 Event 3d: Change of best cell in other system

If any of the quality estimates for the cells in the other system becomes better than the quality estimate for the currently best cell in the other system, and event 3d has been ordered by UTRAN then this event shall trigger a report to be sent from the UE when the hysteresis and time to trigger conditions is fulfilled. The corresponding report contains (at least) information the best cell in the other system.

## 14.4 Traffic Volume Measurements

### 14.4.1 Traffic Volume Measurement Quantity

For traffic volume measurements in the UE only one quantity is measured. This quantity is RLC buffer payload in number of bytes. In order to support a large variation of bit rates and RLC buffer size capabilities, a non-linear scale should be used [*NOTE: details are FFS*]. Since, the expected traffic includes both new and retransmitted RLC payload units all these should be included in the payload measure. It should also be noted that traffic volume measurements are only applicable for acknowledged and unacknowledged mode.

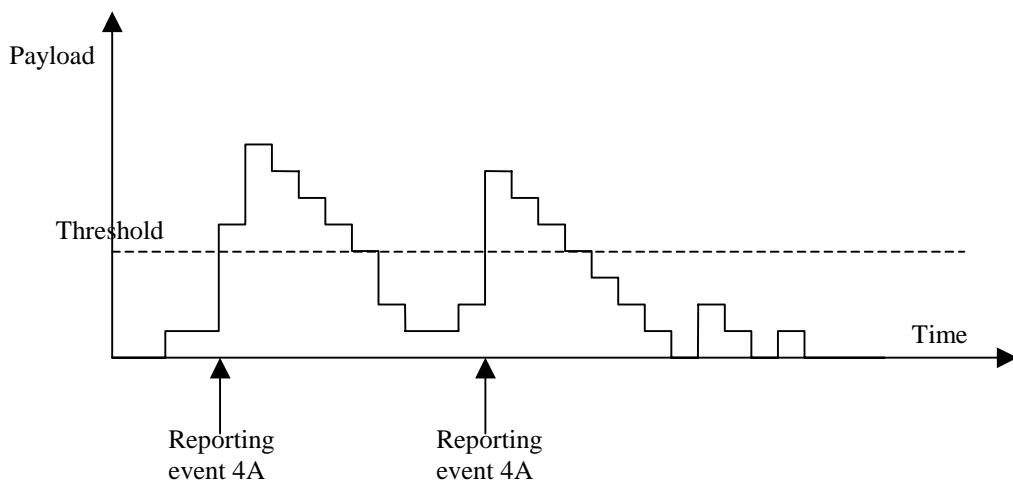
According to what is stated in the Measurement Control message, the UE should support measuring of buffer payload for a specific RB, RBs multiplexed onto the same Transport channel and the total UE buffer payload (the same as one transport channel for a UE that uses RACH).

### 14.4.2 Traffic Volume reporting events

Traffic volume can be reported in two different ways, periodical and event triggered. For periodical reporting the UE simply measures the number of bytes for the transport channel (i.e. the RLC buffers of the RBs multiplexed onto that transport channel) stated in the measurement control message and reports the traffic volume at the given time instants. Event triggered reporting is performed when a threshold is exceeded.

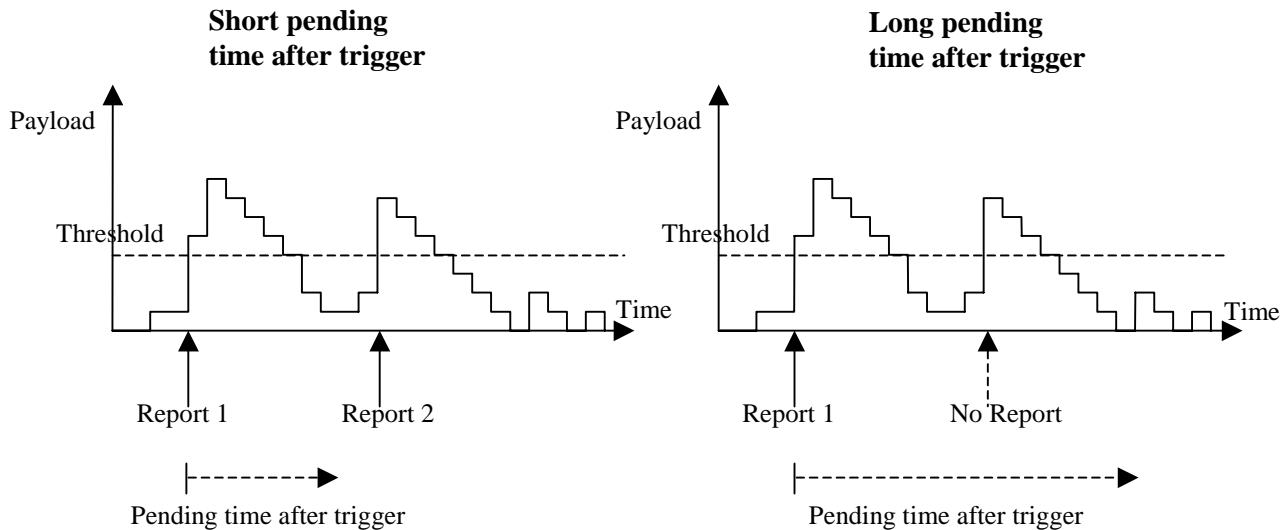
The reporting quantities that should be included in the report are stated in the measurement control message. This could for example be which RBs or RLC buffers to include when sending the payload to the network.

#### 14.4.2.1 Reporting event 4 A: RLC buffer payload exceeds an absolute threshold



#### 14.4.3.1 Pending time after trigger

This timer is started in the UE when a measurement report has been triggered. The UE is then forbidden to send any new measurement reports with the same measurement ID during this time period even when the triggering condition is fulfilled again. Instead the UE waits until the timer has suspended. If the payload is still above the threshold when the timer has expired the UE sends a new measurement report. Otherwise it waits for a new triggering.



**Figure 67: Pending time after trigger limits the amount of consecutive measurement reports**

Figure 67 shows that by increasing the pending time after trigger a triggered second event does not result in a measurement report.

#### 14.4.4 Interruption of user data transmission

A UE in CELL\_FACH substate may be instructed by the UTRAN to cease transmission of user data on the RACH after a measurement report has been triggered. Before resuming transmission of user data,

- the UE shall receive from the UTRAN either a message allocating a dedicated physical channel, and make a transition to CELL\_DCH state; or
- the UE shall receive an individually assigned measurement control message indicating that interruption of user data transmission is not be applied.

The transmission of signalling messages on the signalling bearer shall not be interrupted.

### 14.5 UE internal measurements

#### 14.5.1 UE internal measurement quantities

For UE internal measurements the following measurement quantities exist:

1. UE transmission (Tx) power, for TDD measured on a timeslot basis.
2. UE received signal strength power (RSSI).
3. UE Rx-Tx time difference.

## 14.5.2 UE internal measurement reporting events

In the Measurement reporting criteria field in the Measurement Control messages, the UTRAN notifies the UE of which events should trigger a measurement report. UE internal measurement reporting events that can trigger a report are given below. The reporting events are marked with vertical arrows in the figures below. All events can be combined with time-to-trigger. In that case, the measurement report is only sent if the condition for the event has been fulfilled for the time given by the time-to-trigger parameter.

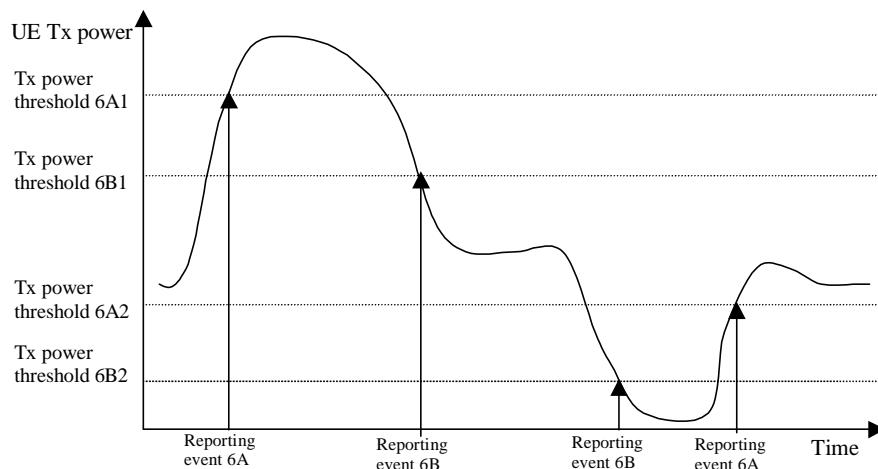
**NOTE:** The reporting events are numbered 6A, 6B, 6C,.. where 6 denotes that the event belongs to the type UE internal measurements.

### 14.5.2.1 Reporting event 6A: The UE Tx power becomes larger than an absolute threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when the UE transmission power (for TDD within a single TS) becomes larger than a predefined threshold. The corresponding report identifies the threshold that was exceeded.

### 14.5.2.2 Reporting event 6B: The UE Tx power becomes less than an absolute threshold

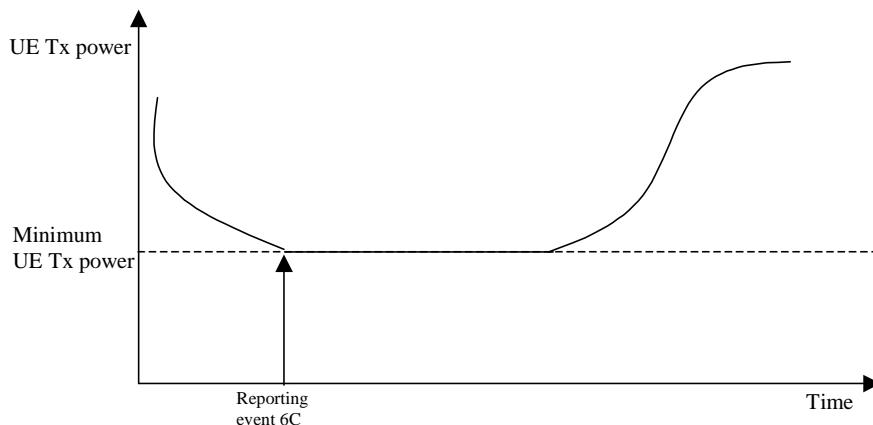
When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when the UE transmission power (for TDD within a single TS) becomes less than a predefined threshold. The corresponding report identifies the threshold that the UE Tx power went below.



**Figure 68: Event-triggered measurement reports when the UE Tx power becomes larger or less than absolute thresholds**

### 14.5.2.3 Reporting event 6C: The UE Tx power reaches its minimum value

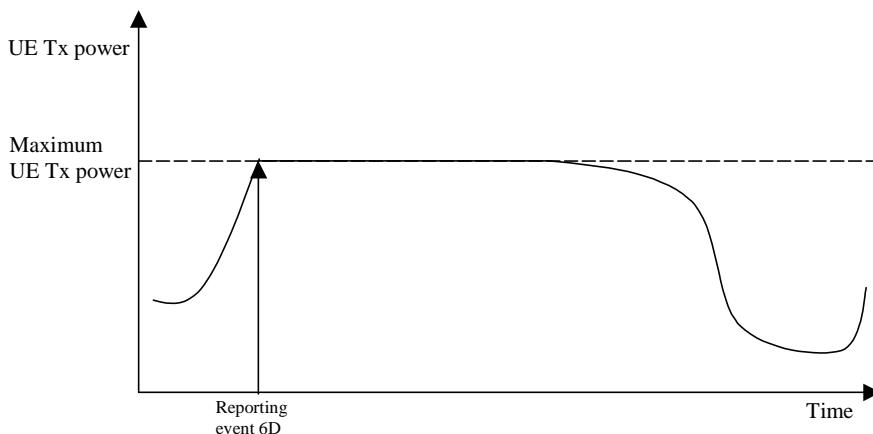
When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when the UE Tx power reaches its minimum value, for TDD its minimum value on a single timeslot.



**Figure 69: Event-triggered measurement report when the UE Tx power reaches its minimum value**

#### 14.5.2.4 Reporting event 6D: The UE Tx power reaches its maximum value

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when the UE Tx power reaches its maximum value, for TDD its maximum value on a single timeslot.



**Figure 70: Event-triggered report when the UE Tx power reaches its maximum value**

#### 14.5.2.5 Reporting event 6E: The UE RSSI reaches the UE's dynamic receiver range

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a measurement control message, the UE shall send a measurement report when the UE RSSI reaches the UE's dynamic receiver range.

#### 14.5.2.6 Reporting event 6F: The UE Rx-Tx time difference for a RL included in the active set becomes larger than an absolute threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, the UE shall send a MEASUREMENT REPORT message when the UE Rx-Tx time difference becomes larger than the threshold defined by the IE "UE Rx-Tx time difference threshold".

#### 14.5.2.7 Reporting event 6G: The UE Rx-Tx time difference for a RL included in the active set becomes less than an absolute threshold

When this event is ordered by UTRAN in a MEASUREMENT CONTROL message, the UE shall send a MEASUREMENT REPORT when the UE Rx-Tx time difference becomes less than the threshold defined by the IE "UE Rx-Tx time difference threshold".

## 14.6 Dynamic Resource Allocation Control of Uplink DCH (FDD only)

The network uses this procedure to dynamically control the allocation of resources on an uplink DCH.

This procedure shall be activated in the UE when it has been allocated an uplink DCH with DRAC static information elements. Such uplink DCHs can be established through RB establishment procedure, RB reconfiguration procedure, RB release procedure or Transport Channel Reconfiguration procedure by setting the DRAC static information elements to indicate that the DCH is controlled by the DRAC procedure.

The UE shall periodically listen to the SIB 10 of each cell in its Active Set. The scheduling information of SIB10 and the SCCPCH info on which the SIB10 is transmitted are provided to the UE when the DCH is set up and when a cell is added in its active set. In case several SIB10 messages from different cells are scheduled at the same time, the UE shall only listen to the SIB10 broadcast in the cell of its Active Set having the best CPICH measurements.

Upon reception of a SYSTEM INFORMATION message comprising a SIB10, the UE shall:

1. Determine and store the most stringent DRAC parameters from the last received values from each cell of its active set (i.e. select the lowest product  $p_{tr}^*$ maximum bit rate corresponding to its DRAC class identity)
2. Determine the allowed subset of TFCS according to the selected maximum bit rate value, and store it for later usage.  
The allowed subset of TFCS are the ones of the TFCS for which the sum of bit rates of the DCH controlled by DRAC is lower than Maximum Bit Rate IE, i.e.

$$\sum_{\text{DCH}_i \text{ controlled by DRAC}} TBSsize_i / TTI_i < \text{MaximumBitRate}$$

After the first SIB10 has been received, the UE shall start the following process:

1. At the start of the next TTI, the UE shall randomly select  $p \square [0,1]$ .
2. If  $p < p_{tr}$ , the UE shall transmit on the DCH controlled by DRAC during  $T_{validity}$  frames using the last stored allowed subset of TFCS and comes back to step 1, otherwise the UE shall stop transmission on these DCH during  $T_{retry}$  frames and then comes back to step 1.

Transmission time validity ( $T_{validity}$ ) and Time duration before retry ( $T_{retry}$ ) are indicated to the UE at the establishment of a DCH controlled by this procedure and may be changed through RB or transport channel reconfiguration. The UE shall always use the latest received DRAC static parameters.

A UE which supports the simultaneous reception of one SCCPCH and one DPCH shall support the DRAC procedure.

## 14.7 Downlink outer loop power control

This function is implemented in the UE in order to set the SIR target value on each CCTrCH used for the downlink inner loop power control. This SIR value shall be adjusted according to an autonomous function in the UE in order to achieve the same measured quality as the quality target set by UTRAN. The quality target is set as the transport channel BLER value for each transport channel as signalled by UTRAN..

When transport channel BLER is used the UE shall run a quality target control loop such that the quality requirement is met for each transport channel, which has been assigned a BLER target.

The UE shall set the SIR target within the range allocated by the RNC when the physical channel has been set up or reconfigured. It shall not increase the SIR target value before the inner loop power control has converged on the current value. The UE may estimate whether the inner loop power control has converged on the current value, by comparing the averaged measured SIR to the SIR target value.

If the UE has received a DL outer loop control message from UTRAN indicating that the SIR target value shall not be increased above the current value, it shall record the current value as the maximum allowed value for the outer loop power control function, until it receives a new DL outer loop control message from UTRAN indicating that the restriction is removed.

## 14.8 Calculated Transport Format Combination

The Calculated Transport Format Combination (CTFC) is a tool for efficient signalling of transport format combinations.

Let  $I$  be the number of transport channels that are included in the transport format combination. Each transport channel  $\text{TrCH}_i$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, I$ , has  $L_i$  transport formats, i.e. the transport format indicator  $\text{TFI}_i$  can take  $L_i$  values,

$$\text{TFI}_i \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots, L_i - 1\}.$$

Define  $P_i = \prod_{j=0}^{i-1} L_j$ , where  $i = 1, 2, \dots, I$ , and  $L_0 = 1$ .

Let  $\text{TFC}(\text{TFI}_1, \text{TFI}_2, \dots, \text{TFI}_I)$  be the transport format combination for which  $\text{TrCH}_1$  has transport format  $\text{TFI}_1$ ,  $\text{TrCH}_2$  has transport format  $\text{TFI}_2$ , etc. The corresponding  $\text{CTFC}(\text{TFI}_1, \text{TFI}_2, \dots, \text{TFI}_I)$  is then computed as:

$$\text{CTFC}(\text{TFI}_1, \text{TFI}_2, \dots, \text{TFI}_I) = \sum_{i=1}^I \text{TFI}_i \cdot P_i.$$

For dedicated CH, "I" in "TrCHi" is numbered from the smallest number of TrCH identity for DCH in an ascendant order.

For downlink common CH, "I" in "TrCHi" is numbered in a listed order in a SYSTEM INFORMATION message.

## 14.9 UE autonomous update of active set on non-used frequency (FDD only)

Within the measurement reporting criteria field in the MEASUREMENT CONTROL message the UTRAN notifies the UE which events should trigger a measurement report. For inter frequency measurements it is possible to specify intra-frequency measurements reporting events for support of maintenance of a active set associated with a non-used frequency, a "virtual active set". A "non-used frequency" is a frequency that the UE has been ordered to measure upon but are not used by the active set. A "used frequency" is a frequency that the UE has been ordered to measure upon and is also currently used for the connection.

The autonomous update is controlled by the IE "UE autonomous update mode" that can be set to the following values.

- On: Do the autonomous updates of the "virtual active set" according to the described rules below and also report the events that trigger the update of the "virtual active set".
- On with no reporting: Do the autonomous updates of the "virtual active set" according to the described rules below.
- Off: Only report the events and do no updates of the "virtual active set" unless ordered to do so by the IE "Inter-frequency set update".

If the IE "UE autonomous update mode" is set to "on" or "on with no reporting" the UE shall evaluate the following intra-frequency events and update the "virtual active set" associated with the frequency measured upon, according to the following rules:

- Event 1a shall make the UE add the primary CPICH that enters the reporting range to the "virtual active set".
- Event 1b shall make the UE remove a primary CPICH that leaves the reporting range from the "virtual active set".
- Event 1c shall make the UE replace a active primary CPICH in the "virtual active set" with a non-active primary CPICH that have become better than the active primary CPICH.

## 14.10 Provision and reception of RRC information between network nodes

### 14.10.1 RRC Initialisation Information, source RNC to target RNC

When relocation of SRNS is decided to be executed, the RRC shall build the state information, which contains the RRC, RLC and MAC related RRC message information elements, which currently specify the state of the RRC including the radio bearer and transport channel configuration. This "RRC initialisation information, source RNC to target RNC" shall be sent by the source RNC to the target RNC to enable transparent relocation of the RRC and lower layer protocols. Correspondingly, the RRC in the target RNC shall receive the "RRC initialisation information, source RNC to target RNC" and update its state parameters accordingly to facilitate a transparent relocation of SRNS for the UE.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>Non RRC IEs</b>				
State of RRC	M		Enumerated (CELL_DCH, CELL_FACH,CELL_PC H, URA_PCH)	
State of RRC procedure	M		Enumerated (await no RRC message, await RRC Connection Re- establishment Complete, await RB Setup Complete, await RB Reconfiguration Complete, await RB Release Complete, await Transport CH Reconfiguration Complete, await Physical CH Reconfiguration Complete, await Active Set Update Complete, await Handover Complete, others)	
Variable RLC parameters	M		?????	
<b>Ciphering related information</b>				
Ciphering status	M		Enumerated(Not started, Started)	
Ciphering info per radio bearer		0 to < numberO fRadioBe arers>		
>RB identity	M		RB identity	
>Downlink HFN	M		Ciphering hyperframe number	
>Uplink HFN	M		Ciphering hyperframe number	
>Downlink RLC sequence Number	O		Integer(0..4095)	RLC SN [TS 25.322]
>Uplink RLC sequence number	O		Integer(0..4095)	RLC SN [TS 25.322]
<b>Integrity protection related information</b>				
Integrity protection status	M		Enumerated(Not started, Started)	
Integrity protection failure count	M		Integer(0..N316)	
Signalling radio bearer specific integrity protection information		3 to <maxSR Bcount>		Status information for RB#0-3 in that order
> Uplink HFN	M		Integrity protection hyper frame number	
> Downlink HFN	M		Integrity protection hyper frame number	
> Uplink RRC Message sequence number	M		Integer (0.. 15)	
> Downlink RRC Message sequence number	M		Integer (0.. 15)	
Implementation specific parameters	O		Bitstring (1..512)	
<b>RRC IEs</b>				
<b>UE Information elements</b>				
U-RNTI	M			
C-RNTI	O			
UE radio access Capability	M			
<b>Other Information elements</b>				
Inter System message (inter	O			

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
system classmark)				
<b>UTRAN Mobility Information elements</b>				
URA Identifier	O			
<b>CN Information Elements</b>				
CN common GSM-MAP NAS system information	M		GSM-MAP NAS system information	
CN domain related information		0 to <MaxNo Cndomains>		CN related information to be provided for each CN domain
>CN domain identity	O			
>CN domain specific GSM-MAP NAS system info	O		GSM-MAP NAS system information	
<b>Measurement Related Information elements</b>				
For each ongoing measurement reporting		0 to <maxNo OfMeas>		
Measurement Identity Number	M			
Measurement Command	M			
Measurement Type	C Setup			
Measurement Reporting Mode	O			
Additional Measurement Identity number				
<b>CHOICE Measurement</b>				
Intra-frequency				
Intra-frequency cell info		0 to <MaxIntraCells>		
Intra-frequency measurement quantity	O			
Intra-frequency reporting quantity	O			
Reporting cell status	O			
Measurement validity	O			
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	O			
Intra-frequency measurement reporting criteria				
Periodical reporting				
No reporting			NULL	
Inter-frequency				
Inter-frequency cell info		0 to <MaxInterCells>		
Inter-frequency measurement quantity	O			
Inter-frequency reporting quantity	O			
Reporting cell status	O			
Measurement validity	O			
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	O			
Inter-frequency measurement reporting criteria				
Periodical reporting				
No reporting			NULL	
Inter-system				
Inter-system cell info		0 to <MaxInterSysCells>		
Inter-system measurement quantity	O			
Inter-system reporting quantity	O			

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
Reporting cell status	O			
Measurement validity				
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>				
Inter-system measurement reporting criteria				
Periodical reporting				
No reporting			NULL	
Traffic Volume				
Traffic volume measurement Object	O			
Traffic volume measurement quantity	O			
Traffic volume reporting quantity	O			
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	O			
Traffic volume measurement reporting criteria				
Periodical reporting				
No reporting			NULL	
Quality				
Quality measurement Object	O			
Quality measurement quantity	O			
Quality reporting quantity	O			
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	O			
Quality measurement reporting criteria				
Periodical reporting				
No reporting			NULL	
UE internal				
UE internal measurement quantity	O			
UE internal reporting quantity	O			
<b>CHOICE report criteria</b>	O			
UE internal measurement reporting criteria				
Periodical reporting				
No reporting			NULL	
<b>Radio Bearer Information Elements</b>				
Signalling radio bearer information		3 to <maxSR Bcount>		For each signalling radio bearer
>RB identity	M			
>RLC info	M			
>RB mapping info	M			
RAB information		0 to <maxRA Bcount>		Information for each RAB
>RAB info	M			
>For each Radio Bearer		0 to <maxRB count>		Information for each radio bearer belonging to this RAB
>>RB Identity	M			
>>RLC Info	M			
>>PDCP Info	O			Absent if PDCP is not configured for RB
>>PDCP SN Info	C PDCP			
>>RB mapping info	M			
<b>Transport Channel Information Elements</b>				
TFCS (UL DCHs)	O			

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
TFCS (DL DCHs)	O			
TFC subset (UL DCHs)	O			
TFCS (USCHs)	O			
TFCS (DSCHs)	O			
TFC subset (USCHs)	O			
<b>Uplink transport channels</b>				
For each uplink transport channel		0 to <MaxTrC H>		
>Transport channel identity	M			
>TFS	M			
<b>Downlink transport channels</b>				
For each downlink transport channel		0 to <MaxTrC H>		
>Transport channel identity	M			
>TFS	M			
Measurement report	O			MEASUREMENT REPORT 10.1.15

Condition	Explanation
PDCP	The IE is only present when PDCP Info IE is present

#### 14.10.2 RRC initialisation information, source system to target RNC

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE RRC message	M			
>UE CAPABILITY INFORMATION				NOTE: is assumed to contain HFNs as well.
>Spare			NULL	Reserved for future protocol versions
				NOTE: Other information, such as a list of predefined configurations in the source system, is FFS.

#### 14.10.3 RRC information, target RNC to source system

There are 2 possible cases for RNC relocation:

1. The UE is already under control of target RNC; and
2. The SRNC Relocation with Hard Handover (UE still under control of SRNC), but UE is moving to a location controlled by the target RNC (based on measurement information).

In case 1 the relocation is transparent to the UE and there is no "reverse" direction container. The SRNC just assigns the 'serving' function to the target RNC which then becomes the Serving RNC.

In case 2 the relocation is initiated by SRNC which also provides the RRC Initialization Information to the target RNC. Base on this information, the target RNC prepares the Hard Handover Message ("Physical channel reconfiguration"

(subclause 8.2.6), "radio bearer establishment" (subclause 8.2.1), "Radio bearer reconfiguration" (subclause 8.2.2), "Radio bearer release" (subclause 8.2.3) or "Transport channel reconfiguration" (subclause 8.2.4). In addition to this it may be "Handover To Utran Command" from another system e.g. GSM. One of these messages is transmitted using a transparent target RNC to source system direction RANAP container to the SRNC. This message is labeled as XXX.

The source RNC then transmits the Handover Message to the UE which then performs the handover.

In the successful case, the UE transmits an XXX COMPLETE message, using the new configuration, to the target RNC.

In case of failure, the UE transmits an XXX FAILURE, using the old configuration, to the source RNC and the RRC context remains unchanged (has to be confirmed and checked with the SRNS relocation procedure).

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
CHOICE RRC message	M			
> RADIO BEARER SETUP				
> RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION				
> RADIO BEARER RELEASE				
> TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION				
> PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION				
> HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND				

## 14.11 Versatile Channel Assignment mapping rule (FDD only)

When Versatile Channel Assignment Method (VCAM) is used in the CPCH procedure, the following mapping rules shall be used to specify one PCPCH.

If the number of PCPCHs is less than or equal to 16, there is a one to one mapping between the CA index and the PCPCH index. Thus a suitable AP signature (and/or AP sub-channel) number is transmitted for the required spreading factor based on the broadcast system information, and the assigned PCPCH index (having the requested spreading factor) corresponds to the received CA index.

When the number of PCPCHs is greater than 16, a combination of an AP signature (and/or AP sub-channel) number and a CA signature number specifies one PCPCH as follows:

In VCAM mapping rule, a combination of an AP signature (and/or AP sub-channel) number and a CA signature number specifies one PCPCH. In a CPCH set, there are  $K$  available PCPCHs which are numbered  $k=0,1,\dots,K-1$ , and there are  $R$  available Minimum Spreading Factor  $A_r$ ,  $r=0,1,\dots,R-1$ , that a UE can request and use. The maximum available number of PCPCHs and the number of available AP signatures (and/or AP sub-channels) for  $A_r$  are denoted as  $P_r$  and  $S_r$ , respectively, for  $r=0,1,\dots,R-1$ .  $T_r$  represents the number of CA signatures for  $A_r$  which are needed for specifying PCPCH. The default value of  $T_r$  is 16.

$S_r$  always satisfies  $S_r \geq \min\{s : s \times T_r \geq P_r\}$ .

The list of available AP signatures (and/or AP sub-channels) for each  $A_r$  is renumbered from signature index 0 to signature index  $S_r - 1$ , starting with the lowest AP signature (and/or AP sub-channel) number, and continuing in sequence, in the order of increasing signature numbers.

Then for given AP signature (and/or AP sub-channel) number and CA signature number, the number  $k$  that signifies the assigned PCPCH is obtained as:

$$k = \{(i + n) \bmod S_r\} + j S_r \bmod P_r,$$

where  $i$  ( $i=0,1,\dots,S_r-1$ ) is the AP signature (and/or AP sub-channel) index for  $A_r$ ,  $j$  ( $j=0,1,\dots,\min(P_r, T_r)-1$ ) is the CA signature number for  $A_r$ , and  $n$  is a nonnegative integer which satisfies

$$n M_r S_r \leq i + j S_r < (n+1) M_r S_r \text{ where } M_r = \min\{m : (m S_r) \bmod P_r = 0\}.$$

An example of the above mapping rule is shown in subclause 18.1.

## 14.12 LCS measurements

### 14.12.1 Compression algorithm for GPS navigation model

NOTE: The calculations used to compress and differentially encode the ephemeris and clock correction parameters in the Navigation Model are given in the following. These calculations are illustrated by pseudocode, in which the following definitions are used:

```
IODE0 = Past version of Navigation Model;
IODE1 = Current version of Navigation Model;
μ = 3.986005 × 1014 (constant);
```

The encoding algorithm is given below.

```

ΔIODE = (IODE1 - IODE0) ; account for [0,239] roll-over
if (ΔIODE <16) && (IODE1 <240) && (IODE0 <240),
    Send 4-bit ΔIODE value
else,
    Send 0000 and IODE1

Δtoe = ([toe(IODE1) - toe(IODE0)] % (7200/16 sec)

if |Δtoe| ≤ (22-1),
    Send 3-bit Δtoe value AND
    the 4-bit number of 2hr intervals lapsed
else,
    Send 1<<2 and toe(IODE1)

ΔCrc = Crc(IODE1) - Crc(IODE0)
if |ΔCrc| ≤ (211-1),
    Send 12-bit ΔCrc value
else,
    Send 1<<11 and Crc(IODE1)
ΔCrs = Crs(IODE1) - Crs(IODE0)
if |ΔCrs| ≤ (211-1),
    Send 12-bit ΔCrs value
else,
    Send 1<<11 and Crs(IODE1)
ΔCic = Cic(IODE1) - Cic(IODE0)
if |ΔCic| ≤ (28-1),
    Send 9-bit ΔCic value
else,
    Send 1<<8 and Cic(IODE1)
ΔCis = Cis(IODE1) - Cis(IODE0)
if |ΔCis| ≤ (28-1),
    Send 9-bit ΔCis value
else,
    Send 1<<8 and Cis(IODE1)
ΔCuc = Cuc(IODE1) - Cuc(IODE0)
if |ΔCuc| ≤ (210-1),
    Send 11-bit ΔCuc value
else,
    Send 1<<10 and Cuc(IODE1)
ΔCus = Cus(IODE1) - Cus(IODE0)
if |ΔCus| ≤ (210-1),
    Send 11-bit ΔCus value
else,
    Send 1<<10 and Cus(IODE1)
Δe = e(IODE1) - e(IODE0)
if |Δe| ≤ (215-1),
    Send 16-bit Δe value
else,
    Send 1<<15 and e(IODE1)
Δt = toe(IODE1) - toe(IODE0)
n0 = (μ/[A1/2(IODE0)]3)1/2
ΔM0 = M0(IODE1) - [M0(IODE0) + (n0 + Δn(IODE0))·Δt]
if |ΔM0| ≤ (221-1),
```

```

    Send 22-bit  $\Delta M_0$  value
else,
    Send 1<<21 and  $M_0(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta A^{1/2} = A^{1/2}(IODE_1) - A^{1/2}(IODE_0)$ 
if  $|\Delta A^{1/2}| \leq (2^{12}-1)$ ,
    Send 13-bit  $\Delta A^{1/2}$  value
else,
    Send 1<<12 and  $A^{1/2}(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta(\Delta n) = \Delta n(IODE_1) - \Delta n(IODE_0)$ 
if  $|\Delta(\Delta n)| \leq (2^{10}-1)$ ,
    Send 11-bit  $\Delta(\Delta n)$  value
else,
    Send 1<<10 and  $\Delta n(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta t = t_{oe}(IODE_1) - t_{oe}(IODE_0)$ 
 $\Delta\Omega_{GA_0} = \Omega_{GA_0}(IODE_1) -$ 
    [ $\Omega_{GA_0}(IODE_0) + \Omega_{GAdot}(IODE_0) \cdot \Delta t$ ]
if  $|\Delta\Omega_{GA_0}| \leq (2^{13}-1)$ ,
    Send 14-bit  $\Delta\Omega_{GA_0}$  value
else,
    Send 1<<13 and  $\Omega_{GA_0}(IODE_1)$ 

 $\Delta\Omega_{GAdot} = \Omega_{GAdot}(IODE_1) - \Omega_{GAdot}(IODE_0)$ 
if  $|\Delta\Omega_{GAdot}| \leq (2^{11}-1)$ ,
    Send 12-bit  $\Delta\Omega_{GAdot}$  value
else,
    Send 1<<11 and  $\Omega_{GAdot}(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta I_0 = I_0(IODE_1) - I_0(IODE_0)$ 
if  $|\Delta I_0| \leq (2^{14}-1)$ ,
    Send 15-bit  $\Delta I_0$  value
else,
    Send 1<<14 +  $I_0(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta Idot = Idot(IODE_1) - Idot(IODE_0)$ 
if  $|\Delta Idot| \leq (2^{10}-1)$ ,
    Send 11-bit  $\Delta Idot$  value
else,
    Send 1<<10 and  $Idot(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta\omega = \omega(IODE_1) - \omega(IODE_0)$ 
if  $|\Delta\omega| \leq (2^{20}-1)$ ,
    Send 21-bit  $\Delta\omega$  value
else,
    Send 1<<20 and  $\omega(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta t_{oc} = ([t_{oc}(IODE_1) - t_{oc}(IODE_0)] \% (7200/16\ sec)$ 

if  $|\Delta t_{oc}| \leq (2^2-1)$ ,
    Send 3-bit  $\Delta t_{oc}$  value AND
    the 4-bit number of 2hr intervals lapsed
else,
    Send 1<<2 and  $t_{oc}(IODE_1)$ 
 $\Delta t = t_{oc}(IODE_1) - t_{oc}(IODE_0)$ 
 $\Delta af_0 = af_0(IODE_1) -$ 
    [ $af_0(IODE_0) + af_1(IODE_0) \cdot \Delta t + af_2(IODE_0) \cdot \Delta t^2 / 2$ ]
if  $|\Delta af_0| \leq (2^6-1)$ ,
    Send 7-bit  $\Delta af_0$  value
else,
    Send 1<<6 and  $af_0(IODE_1)$ 

 $\Delta af_1 = af_1(IODE_1) - [af_1(IODE_0) + af_2(IODE_0) \cdot \Delta t]$ 
if  $|\Delta af_1| \leq (2^2-1)$ ,
    Send 3-bit  $\Delta af_1$  value
else,
    Send 1<<2 and  $af_1(IODE_1)$ 

if  $af_2(IODE_1) == 0$ ,
    Send  $\Delta af_2 = 0$ 
else,
    Send 1 and  $af_2(IODE_1)$ 

```

## 14.13 RRC information transferred between UE and other systems

This subclause specifies RRC information that is exchanged between other systems and the UE. This information is transferred via another RAT in accordance with the specifications applicable for those systems. This subclause specifies the UTRAN RRC information applicable for the different information flows.

### 14.13.1 RRC information, another RAT to UE

#### 14.13.1.1 UE information request, handover to UTRAN

Prior to handover to UTRAN, another system has to provide the target RNC with information regarding the UE's radio capabilities and possibly also security information. Therefore, the other system has to retrieve the UE's radio capabilities and possibly also security information from the UE. This UE information request should include the following RRC information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Capability update requirement	M			
Security information requirement	O		BOOLEAN	TRUE: UE shall include security information

#### 14.13.1.2 Pre-defined configuration indication, handover to UTRAN

Another system may provide the UE with one or more pre-defined UTRAN configurations, comprising of radio bearer, transport channel and physical channel parameters. The UE shall store the information, and use it upon handover to UTRAN if requested to do so within the HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND message. The pre-defined configuration indication should include the following RRC information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>RB information elements</b>				
Predefined radio configurations		1 to <maxPred efConfigCo unt>		
>Predefined configuration identity	MP			
>Predefined configuration value tag	OP			
>Predefined RB configuration	MP			
<b>TrCH Information Elements</b>				
>Predefined TrCH configuration	MP			
<b>PhyCH Information Elements</b>				
>Predefined PhCH configuration	MP			

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxPredefConfigCount	Maximum number of predefined configurations

### 14.13.2 RRC information, UE to another RAT

#### 14.13.2.1 UE information indication, handover to UTRAN

Upon receiving a UE information request from another system, the UE shall indicate its radio capabilities and possibly also the security information. This UE information indication should include the following RRC information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>UE information elements</b>				
Hyper Frame Number	O		Hyper Frame Number 10.2.3.6	
UE radio capability	O			

#### 14.13.2.2 Pre-defined configuration status, handover to UTRAN

Another system may provide the UE with one or more pre-defined UTRAN configurations, comprising of radio bearer, transport channel and physical channel parameters. The UE shall store the information, and use it upon handover to UTRAN if requested to do so within the HANOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND message. The pre-defined configuration indication should include the following RRC information.

Information Element	Need	Multi	Type and reference	Semantics description
<b>RB information elements</b>				
Predefined configurations		1 to <maxPredefConfigCount>		
>Predefined configuration identity	MP		Predefined configuration identity 10.2.4.2	
>Predefined configuration value tag	OP		Predefined configuration value tag 14.X.3.1	

Multi Bound	Explanation
MaxPredefConfigCount	Maximum number of predefined configurations

## 15 Primitives between RRC and upper layers

Void.

## 16 Handling of unknown, unforeseen and erroneous protocol data

### 16.1 General

This subclause specifies procedures for the handling of unknown, unforeseen, and erroneous protocol data by the receiving entity. These procedures are called "error handling procedures", but in addition to provide recovery mechanisms for error situations they define a compatibility mechanism for future extensions of the protocol.

The error handling procedures specified in this subclause shall apply to all RRC messages. When there is a specific handling for messages received on different logical channels this is specified.

When the UE receives an RRC message, it shall set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to FALSE and then perform the checks in the order as defined below.

The procedures specified in clause 8 are applied only for the messages passing the checks as defined below, except when procedure specific handling is used to recover from the error.

## 16.2 Transfer syntax error

If the UE receives a message on the DCCH with a transfer syntax error it shall perform the following:

- Set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to TRUE.
- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH. The IE "Protocol error information" shall contain an IE "Protocol error cause" set to "Transfer syntax error".
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid message has not been received.

If the UE receives a message on the BCCH, PCCH or CCCH with a transfer syntax error it shall ignore the message.

## 16.3 Unknown or unforeseen message type

If a UE receives an RRC message on the DCCH with a message type reserved for future extension it shall:

- Set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to TRUE.
- Transmit an RRC STATUS message on the uplink DCCH. The IE "Protocol error information" shall contain an IE "Protocol error cause" set to "Message type non-existent or not implemented".
- When the transmission of the RRC STATUS message has been confirmed by RLC, the UE shall resume normal operation as if the invalid message has not been received.

If the UE receives a message on the BCCH, PCCH or CCCH with a message type reserved for future extension it shall ignore the message.

## 16.4 Unknown or unforeseen information element value, mandatory information element

If the UE receives an RRC message on the DCCH, or addressed to the UE on the CCCH, with a mandatory IE having a value, including choice, reserved for future extension the UE shall

- If criticality of the IE is defined as "Ignore" and if a default value of the IE is defined, treat the rest of the message using the default value of the IE.
- If criticality of the IE is defined as "Reject" or no default value of the IE is defined:
  - Set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to TRUE.
  - Set the IE "Protocol error cause" in the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION to "Information element value not comprehended".
  - Perform procedure specific error handling according to clause 8.

If the UE receives an RRC message on the BCCH or PCCH with a mandatory IE having a value reserved for future extension it shall

- If criticality of the IE is defined as "Ignore" and if a default value of the IE is defined, treat the rest of the message using the default value of the IE.
- If criticality of the IE is defined as "Reject" or no default value of the IE is defined, ignore the message.

## 16.5 Unknown or unforeseen information element value, optional information element

If the UE receives an RRC message on the DCCH, or addressed to the UE on the CCCH, with an optional IE having a value, including choice, reserved for future extension and the criticality for that IE is specified as "ignore", it shall:

- Ignore the value of the IE.
- Treat the rest of the message as if the IE was not present.

If the UE receives an RRC message on the DCCH, or addressed to the UE on the CCCH, with an IE having a value, including choice, reserved for future extension and the criticality for that IE is specified as "reject", it shall:

- Set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to TRUE.
- Set the IE "Protocol error cause" in the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION to "Information element value not comprehended".
- Perform procedure specific error handling according to clause 8.

If the UE receives an RRC message on the BCCH or PCCH with an optional IE having a value, including choice, reserved for future extension it shall:

- Ignore the value of the IE.
- Treat the rest of the message as if the IE was not present.

## 16.6 Unexpected information element

If the UE receives a message on the DCCH, or addressed to the UE on the CCCH, containing at least one information element in an extension for which a content is not defined, and therefore not expected, the UE shall check the criticality of that extension, if defined.

- If the criticality for the extension is defined and is set to "Ignore", the UE shall ignore the content of the extension and the message contents after the extension, but treat the parts of the message up to the extension normally.
- If the criticality for the extension is defined and is set to "Reject", or if the criticality is not defined, the UE shall:
  - Set the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_REJECT to TRUE.
  - Set the IE "Protocol error cause" in the variable PROTOCOL\_ERROR\_INFORMATION to "Message extension not comprehended".
  - Perform procedure specific error handling according to clause 8.

If the UE receives a message on the BCCH or PCCH, containing at least one information element in an extension for which a content is not defined, and therefore not expected, the UE shall check the criticality of that extension, if defined.

- If the criticality for the extension is defined and is set to "Ignore", the UE shall ignore the content of the extension and the message contents after the extension, but treat the parts of the message up to the extension normally.
- If the criticality for the extension is defined and is set to "Reject", or if the criticality is not defined, the UE shall ignore the message.

## 17 SDL

This subclause describes the functionality of the protocol in descriptive SDL.

## 18 Appendices: Examples of operation

### 18.1 Example of VCAM mapping rule

**Table 18.1.1: Example of Mapping Rule for PCPCH  $\geq 16$**

PCPCH (k)	SF = 128			SF = 256			
0	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>14</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>10</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>15</sub>
1	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>14</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>10</sub>	
2	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>14</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>11</sub>	
3	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>15</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>0</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>11</sub>	
4	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>15</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>11</sub>	
5	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>15</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>11</sub>	
6	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>9</sub>		AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>12</sub>	
7	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>9</sub>		AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>1</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>12</sub>	
8	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>9</sub>		AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>12</sub>	
9	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>10</sub>		AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>12</sub>	
10	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>10</sub>		AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>7</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>13</sub>	
11	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>10</sub>		AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>2</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>13</sub>	
12	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>11</sub>		AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>13</sub>	
13	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>11</sub>		AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>13</sub>	
14	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>11</sub>		AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>8</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>14</sub>	
15	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>12</sub>		AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>3</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>9</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>14</sub>	
16	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>12</sub>		AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>9</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>14</sub>	
17	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>12</sub>		AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>9</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>14</sub>	
18	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>13</sub>		AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>9</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>15</sub>	
19	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP1), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>13</sub>		AP <sub>3</sub> (AP6), CA <sub>4</sub>	AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>10</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>15</sub>	
20	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP2), CA <sub>6</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP0), CA <sub>13</sub>		AP <sub>0</sub> (AP3), CA <sub>5</sub>	AP <sub>1</sub> (AP4), CA <sub>10</sub>	AP <sub>2</sub> (AP5), CA <sub>15</sub>	

NOTE:

- SF (A<sub>0</sub>) = 128, Number of AP (S<sub>0</sub>) = 3: Re-numbered AP0 = AP<sub>0</sub>, AP1 = AP<sub>1</sub>, AP2 = AP<sub>2</sub>
- SF (A<sub>1</sub>) = 256, Number of AP (S<sub>1</sub>) = 4: Re-numbered AP3 = AP<sub>0</sub>, AP4 = AP<sub>1</sub>, AP5 = AP<sub>2</sub>, AP6 = AP<sub>3</sub>
- P<sub>0</sub>=P<sub>1</sub>=21
- T<sub>0</sub>=T<sub>1</sub>=16.
- In this example, M<sub>0</sub>=7, M<sub>1</sub>=21

## Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history					
TSG-RAN#	Version	CR	Tdoc RAN	New Version	Subject/Comment
RAN_05	-	-	RP-99524	3.0.0	(10/99) Approved at TSG-RAN #5 and placed under Change Control
RAN_06	3.0.0	001	RP-99650	3.1.0	(12/99) Modification of RRC procedure specifications
RAN_06	3.0.0	005	RP-99654	3.1.0	Introduction of Information Element for Power Control Algorithm
RAN_06	3.0.0	007	RP-99654	3.1.0	RRC parameters for SSDT
RAN_06	3.0.0	009	RP-99656	3.1.0	Inclusion of information elements for integrity protection
RAN_06	3.0.0	010	RP-99656	3.1.0	Security mode control procedure
RAN_06	3.0.0	011	RP-99656	3.1.0	Updates of the system information procedure
RAN_06	3.0.0	012	RP-99656	3.1.0	Inter-frequency measurements and reporting
RAN_06	3.0.0	013	RP-99656	3.1.0	Inter-system measurements and reporting
RAN_06	3.0.0	014	RP-99656	3.1.0	Additional measurements in RRC measurement messages
RAN_06	3.0.0	015	RP-99656	3.1.0	Value range for Measurement Information Elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	016	RP-99656	3.1.0	Message contents for inter system handover to UTRAN
RAN_06	3.0.0	017	RP-99652	3.1.0	Inclusion of ciphering information elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	018	RP-99651	3.1.0	Corrections and editorial changes
RAN_06	3.0.0	019	RP-99654	3.1.0	Algorithm for CTCF Calculation
RAN_06	3.0.0	025	RP-99651	3.1.0	Logical CH for RRC Connection Re-establishment
RAN_06	3.0.0	026	RP-99719	3.1.0	Gain Factors
RAN_06	3.0.0	027	RP-99654	3.1.0	Parameters for CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message
RAN_06	3.0.0	028	RP-99651	3.1.0	Cell Update Cause
RAN_06	3.0.0	029	RP-99654	3.1.0	RRC Initialisation Information
RAN_06	3.0.0	034	RP-99656	3.1.0	Open loop power control for PRACH
RAN_06	3.0.0	038	RP-99652	3.1.0	Addition of the UE controlled AMR mode adaptation
RAN_06	3.0.0	039	RP-99651	3.1.0	Information elements for RLC reset
RAN_06	3.0.0	040	RP-99656	3.1.0	Support for DS-41 Initial UE Identity
RAN_06	3.0.0	042	RP-99656	3.1.0	Integration of Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)
RAN_06	3.0.0	044	RP-99654	3.1.0	Gated transmission of DPCCH
RAN_06	3.0.0	045	RP-99656	3.1.0	Modification to the Transport Format Combination Control message
RAN_06	3.0.0	046	RP-99656	3.1.0	New Information elements and modifications to messages required in order to support configuration and re-configuration of the DSCH in FDD mode
RAN_06	3.0.0	047	RP-99654	3.1.0	Editorial Corrections and Alignments with Layer 1 specifications
RAN_06	3.0.0	048	RP-99654	3.1.0	Information elements for TDD shared channel operation
RAN_06	3.0.0	049	RP-99656	3.1.0	Description of CN dependent IEs in Master Information Block
RAN_06	3.0.0	050	RP-99650	3.1.0	UE capability information elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	051	RP-99656	3.1.0	UTRAN response time to uplink feedback commands of TX diversity control
RAN_06	3.0.0	052	RP-99654	3.1.0	New and corrected CPCH parameters
RAN_06	3.0.0	053	RP-99654	3.1.0	Compressed mode parameters without gating
RAN_06	3.0.0	054	RP-99654	3.1.0	Transport format combination set and transport format combination subset
RAN_06	3.0.0	055	RP-99656	3.1.0	Information elements for cell selection and reselection
RAN_06	3.0.0	056	RP-99654	3.1.0	Corrections and Alignments of the RRC to the L1 for TDD
RAN_06	3.0.0	057	RP-99656	3.1.0	Introduction of a SCCH procedure
RAN_06	3.0.0	061	RP-99656	3.1.0	Support for DS-41 Paging UE Identity
RAN_06	3.0.0	062	RP-99656	3.1.0	Support for cdma2000 Hard Handover
RAN_06	3.0.0	063	RP-99656	3.1.0	Provide necessary signalling to support FDD DSCH
RAN_06	3.0.0	064	RP-99654	3.1.0	RRC procedure interactions
RAN_06	3.0.0	066	RP-99654	3.1.0	Transfer of UE capabilities
RAN_06	3.0.0	067	RP-99654	3.1.0	Selection of initial UE identity
RAN_06	3.0.0	069	RP-99657	3.1.0	UE capability verification in the security mode control procedure
RAN_06	3.0.0	070	RP-99657	3.1.0	DPCH initial power
RAN_06	3.0.0	071	RP-99657	3.1.0	Actions when entering idle mode
RAN_06	3.0.0	072	RP-99657	3.1.0	Specification of inter-frequency and inter-system reporting events for FDD
RAN_06	3.0.0	073	RP-99657	3.1.0	Signalling radio bearers
RAN_06	3.0.0	074	RP-99654	3.1.0	CN information elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	076	RP-99654	3.1.0	UE information elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	077	RP-99657	3.1.0	Radio bearer, transport channel and physical channel information elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	078	RP-99654	3.1.0	Other information elements
RAN_06	3.0.0	079	RP-99657	3.1.0	RRC signalling for PDCP

Change history					
TSG-RAN#	Version	CR	Tdoc RAN	New Version	Subject/Comment
RAN_06	3.0.0	080	RP-99654	3.1.0	Content of Measurement Control Messages
RAN_06	3.0.0	081	RP-99654	3.1.0	RRC Information Elements to support Block STTD transmission diversity in TDD
RAN_06	3.0.0	082	RP-99657	3.1.0	Signalling connection release
RAN_06	3.0.0	083	RP-99657	3.1.0	Addition of cell access restriction information elements to System Information
RAN_06	3.0.0	085	RP-99655	3.1.0	RRC Connection Establishment parameters
RAN_06	3.0.0	092	RP-99657	3.1.0	Support of UE autonomous update of a active set on a non-used frequency
RAN_06	3.0.0	095	RP-99657	3.1.0	TPC combining for power control
RAN_06	3.0.0	096	RP-99653	3.1.0	Editorial Modification of IEs in RRC messages
RAN_06	3.0.0	097	RP-99655	3.1.0	Selection of SCCPCH
RAN_06	3.0.0	098	RP-99655	3.1.0	RRC Initialisation Information
RAN_06	3.0.0	100	RP-99657	3.1.0	Support of physical channel establishment and failure criteria in the UE
RAN_06	3.0.0	102	RP-99655	3.1.0	RRC Connection Re-establishment
RAN_06	3.0.0	106	RP-99657	3.1.0	System information on FACH
RAN_06	3.0.0	108	RP-99657	3.1.0	SAPs and Primitives for DS-41 mode
RAN_06	3.0.0	109	RP-99655	3.1.0	TX Diversity Mode for Dedicated Channel
RAN_06	3.0.0	110	RP-99657	3.1.0	RACH message length signaling on System Information
RAN_06	3.0.0	113	RP-99657	3.1.0	Routing of NAS messages in UTRAN
RAN_06	3.0.0	116	RP-99655	3.1.0	TBS Identification in TFS
RAN_06	3.0.0	117	RP-99657	3.1.0	Merging the hard handover and some radio bearer control procedures
RAN_06	3.0.0	120	RP-99653	3.1.0	Selected RRC message transfer syntax
RAN_06	3.0.0	121	RP-99657	3.1.0	Efficient rate command signalling
RAN_07	3.1.0	122	RP-000043	3.2.0	(03/00) TDD Mode BCH Reception in Cell DCH State
RAN_07	3.1.0	123	RP-000043	3.2.0	Uplink Outer Loop Power Control in TDD Mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	124	RP-000043	3.2.0	TFS TB Size Calculation with Bit Aligned TDD MAC Headers
RAN_07	3.1.0	125	RP-000043	3.2.0	Grouping of DRAC IEs, and detailed definitions of these les
RAN_07	3.1.0	126	RP-000043	3.2.0	Correction of specifications for the 'Dynamic Resource Allocation Control of Uplink DCH' Procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	131	RP-000043	3.2.0	Clarification of PDCP info and PDCP capability les
RAN_07	3.1.0	132	RP-000043	3.2.0	Editorial change to "Specification of system information block characteristics"
RAN_07	3.1.0	133	RP-000043	3.2.0	Additions of CBS related Information Elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	134	RP-000043	3.2.0	Signalling for computed gain factors
RAN_07	3.1.0	137	RP-000043	3.2.0	General error handling procedures
RAN_07	3.1.0	138	RP-000043	3.2.0	RRC message extensions
RAN_07	3.1.0	139	RP-000043	3.2.0	Padding of RRC messages using RLC transparent mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	140	RP-000043	3.2.0	UE information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	141	RP-000043	3.2.0	Other information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	142	RP-000043	3.2.0	Integrity protection function
RAN_07	3.1.0	143	RP-000043	3.2.0	RAB-RB relations
RAN_07	3.1.0	144	RP-000043	3.2.0	Inter-system handover from UTRAN
RAN_07	3.1.0	145	RP-000043	3.2.0	Handover to UTRAN including procedure for pre- configuration
RAN_07	3.1.0	146	RP-000043	3.2.0	RRC measurement filtering parameters
RAN_07	3.1.0	147	RP-000043	3.2.0	New event "RL out of UE Rx window"
RAN_07	3.1.0	148	RP-000044	3.2.0	Access control on RACH
RAN_07	3.1.0	149	RP-000044	3.2.0	cdma2000 Hard Handover
RAN_07	3.1.0	150	RP-000044	3.2.0	CPCH parameters with corrections
RAN_07	3.1.0	152	RP-000044	3.2.0	U-plane AM RLC reconfiguration by cell update procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	154	RP-000044	3.2.0	CPCH
RAN_07	3.1.0	155	RP-000044	3.2.0	Information elements for ASC in TDD
RAN_07	3.1.0	156	RP-000044	3.2.0	Addition of timing advance value in handover related messages
RAN_07	3.1.0	157	RP-000044	3.2.0	Physical channel description for TDD
RAN_07	3.1.0	159	RP-000044	3.2.0	Message contents for the intersystem command message to UTRAN operating in TDD mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	160	RP-000044	3.2.0	Corrections on use of PUSCH power control info and minor corrections
RAN_07	3.1.0	162	RP-000044	3.2.0	UE individual DRX cycles in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH states
RAN_07	3.1.0	163	RP-000044	3.2.0	Correction to Transport Format Combination Control procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	164	RP-000044	3.2.0	Downlink outer loop power control
RAN_07	3.1.0	165	RP-000044	3.2.0	Redirection of RRC connection setup
RAN_07	3.1.0	166	RP-000044	3.2.0	Inter-frequency measurements in CELL_FACH state
RAN_07	3.1.0	167	RP-000044	3.2.0	List of found editorial mistakes in the Dec99 version of 25.331 (V3.1.0)
RAN_07	3.1.0	168	RP-000044	3.2.0	Transport block size
RAN_07	3.1.0	169	RP-000044	3.2.0	Cell Access Restriction

Change history					
TSG-RAN#	Version	CR	Tdoc RAN	New Version	Subject/Comment
RAN_07	3.1.0	170	RP-000044	3.2.0	Editorial modification
RAN_07	3.1.0	171	RP-000044	3.2.0	Modification of DPCH info
RAN_07	3.1.0	172	RP-000045	3.2.0	Measurement control message
RAN_07	3.1.0	173	RP-000045	3.2.0	Reporting cell status
RAN_07	3.1.0	174	RP-000045	3.2.0	Additional IE for RB release
RAN_07	3.1.0	175	RP-000045	3.2.0	Available SF in PRACH info
RAN_07	3.1.0	176	RP-000045	3.2.0	Traffic volume measurement event
RAN_07	3.1.0	177	RP-000045	3.2.0	Report of multiple cells on an event result
RAN_07	3.1.0	178	RP-000045	3.2.0	Editorial modification on Direct Transfer
RAN_07	3.1.0	179	RP-000045	3.2.0	Correction of the Security Mode Control procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	180	RP-000045	3.2.0	Maximum calculated Transport Format Combination
RAN_07	3.1.0	183	RP-000045	3.2.0	Additional DPCH IEs to align 25.331 with 25.214
RAN_07	3.1.0	184	RP-000045	3.2.0	RB – DCH mapping
RAN_07	3.1.0	188	RP-000045	3.2.0	Modifications related to FDD mode DSCH
RAN_07	3.1.0	189	RP-000045	3.2.0	Identification of Shared Channel Physical Configuration in TDD Mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	192	RP-000045	3.2.0	Uplink Outer Loop Power Control During Hard Handover
RAN_07	3.1.0	193	RP-000045	3.2.0	Support of Multiple CCTrCH's in TDD Mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	194	RP-000045	3.2.0	Uplink Physical Channel Control in TDD Mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	201	RP-000045	3.2.0	Transfer of initial information from UE to target RNC prior to handover to UTRAN
RAN_07	3.1.0	202	RP-000045	3.2.0	CN information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	203	RP-000045	3.2.0	UTRAN mobility information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	204	RP-000045	3.2.0	RB information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	205	RP-000046	3.2.0	Physical channel information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	206	RP-000046	3.2.0	UE capability information elements
RAN_07	3.1.0	207	RP-000046	3.2.0	UE variables
RAN_07	3.1.0	208	RP-000046	3.2.0	Actions when entering idle mode
RAN_07	3.1.0	209	RP-000046	3.2.0	Usage of pilot bits
RAN_07	3.1.0	210	RP-000046	3.2.0	System information procedure corrections
RAN_07	3.1.0	212	RP-000046	3.2.0	Reconfiguration of ciphering
RAN_07	3.1.0	213	RP-000046	3.2.0	Enhancements to RRC connection re-establishment procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	215	RP-000046	3.2.0	Updates to RRC Initialization Information transparent container and addition of reverse direction container description
RAN_07	3.1.0	220	RP-000046	3.2.0	Changes in RRC messages to support lossless SRNC relocation
RAN_07	3.1.0	229	RP-000046	3.2.0	Measurements of unlisted neighbouring cells
RAN_07	3.1.0	234	RP-000046	3.2.0	Inclusion of Location Services
RAN_07	3.1.0	236	RP-000046	3.2.0	Application of Access Service Classes and relation to Access Classes
RAN_07	3.1.0	252	RP-000046	3.2.0	DRX indicator presence and state entering mechanism at the end of a procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	254	RP-000046	3.2.0	Physical shared channel allocation procedure
RAN_07	3.1.0	255	RP-000046	3.2.0	Corrections to TDD specific parameters in PICH info
RAN_07	3.1.0	256	RP-000046	3.2.0	Editorial modifications
RAN_07	3.1.0	259	RP-000046	3.2.0	Introduction of mapping function information in Cell selection and
RAN_07	3.1.0	263	RP-000046	3.2.0	Ciphering and integrity HFN
RAN_07	3.1.0	267	RP-000046	3.2.0	New SIB for LCS
RAN_07	3.1.0	268	RP-000047	3.2.0	Removal of synchronisation Case 3
RAN_07	3.1.0	271	RP-000047	3.2.0	TX Diversity
RAN_07	3.1.0	272	RP-000047	3.2.0	Update of tabular format clause 10
RAN_07	3.1.0	273	RP-000047	3.2.0	ASN.1 description

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## History

<b>Document history</b>		
V3.2.0	March 2000	Publication