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Contents

| | |
|--|----|
| Intellectual Property Rights | 2 |
| Foreword..... | 2 |
| Foreword..... | 12 |
| 1 Scope | 13 |
| 2 References | 13 |
| 3 Abbreviations | 14 |
| 4 Services offered to higher layers | 15 |
| 4.1 Transport channels | 15 |
| 4.1.1 Dedicated transport channels | 15 |
| 4.1.1.1 DCH – Dedicated Channel..... | 15 |
| 4.1.1.2 E-DCH – Enhanced Dedicated Channel | 15 |
| 4.1.2 Common transport channels | 15 |
| 4.1.2.1 BCH - Broadcast Channel..... | 16 |
| 4.1.2.2 FACH – Forward Access Channel | 16 |
| 4.1.2.3 PCH – Paging Channel..... | 16 |
| 4.1.2.4 RACH – Random Access Channel..... | 16 |
| 4.1.2.5 USCH – Uplink Shared Channel..... | 16 |
| 4.1.2.6 DSCH – Downlink Shared Channel..... | 16 |
| 4.1.2.7 HS-DSCH – High Speed Downlink Shared Channel..... | 16 |
| 4.1.2.8 E-DCH – Enhanced Dedicated Channel | 16 |
| 4.2 Indicators..... | 16 |
| 5 Physical channels for the 3.84 Mcps option..... | 17 |
| 5.1 Frame structure..... | 17 |
| 5.2 Dedicated physical channel (DPCH)..... | 18 |
| 5.2.1 Spreading..... | 19 |
| 5.2.1.1 Spreading for Downlink Physical Channels..... | 19 |
| 5.2.1.2 Spreading for Uplink Physical Channels..... | 19 |
| 5.2.2 Burst Types..... | 19 |
| 5.2.2.1 Burst Type 1..... | 19 |
| 5.2.2.2 Burst Type 2..... | 20 |
| 5.2.2.3 Burst Type 3..... | 20 |
| 5.2.2.3A Burst Type 4..... | 21 |
| 5.2.2.4 Transmission of TFCI..... | 21 |
| 5.2.2.5 Transmission of TPC..... | 23 |
| 5.2.2.6 Timeslot formats | 23 |
| 5.2.2.6.1 Downlink timeslot formats | 23 |
| 5.2.2.6.2 Uplink timeslot formats..... | 24 |
| 5.2.3 Training sequences for spread bursts | 26 |
| 5.2.4 Beamforming | 28 |
| 5.3 Common physical channels | 29 |
| 5.3.1 Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)..... | 29 |
| 5.3.1.1 P-CCPCH Spreading | 29 |
| 5.3.1.2 P-CCPCH Burst Types..... | 29 |
| 5.3.1.3 P-CCPCH Training sequences | 29 |
| 5.3.2 Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)..... | 29 |
| 5.3.2.1 S-CCPCH Spreading | 29 |
| 5.3.2.2 S-CCPCH Burst Types..... | 29 |
| 5.3.2.2A S-CCPCH Modulation | 29 |
| 5.3.2.3 S-CCPCH Training sequences | 29 |
| 5.3.3 The physical random access channel (PRACH) | 29 |
| 5.3.3.1 PRACH Spreading | 29 |
| 5.3.3.2 PRACH Burst Type..... | 30 |
| 5.3.3.3 PRACH Training sequences..... | 30 |

| | | |
|-----------|---|----|
| 5.3.3.4 | PRACH timeslot formats | 30 |
| 5.3.3.5 | Association between Training Sequences and Channelisation Codes..... | 30 |
| 5.3.4 | The synchronisation channel (SCH) | 32 |
| 5.3.5 | Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)..... | 33 |
| 5.3.5.1 | PUSCH Spreading..... | 33 |
| 5.3.5.2 | PUSCH Burst Types | 34 |
| 5.3.5.3 | PUSCH Training Sequences | 34 |
| 5.3.5.4 | UE Selection | 34 |
| 5.3.6 | Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) | 34 |
| 5.3.6.1 | PDSCH Spreading..... | 34 |
| 5.3.6.2 | PDSCH Burst Types | 34 |
| 5.3.6.3 | PDSCH Training Sequences | 34 |
| 5.3.6.4 | UE Selection | 34 |
| 5.3.7 | The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH)..... | 34 |
| 5.3.7.1 | Mapping of Paging Indicators to the PICH bits | 34 |
| 5.3.7.2 | Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames..... | 35 |
| 5.3.7.3 | PICH Training sequences..... | 36 |
| 5.3.8 | The physical node B synchronisation channel (PNBSCH)..... | 36 |
| 5.3.9 | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH) | 36 |
| 5.3.9.1 | HS-PDSCH Spreading | 36 |
| 5.3.9.2 | HS-PDSCH Burst Types | 36 |
| 5.3.9.3 | HS-PDSCH Training Sequences | 36 |
| 5.3.9.4 | UE Selection | 36 |
| 5.3.9.5 | HS-PDSCH timeslot formats | 36 |
| 5.3.10 | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH)..... | 37 |
| 5.3.10.1 | HS-SCCH Spreading..... | 37 |
| 5.3.10.2 | HS-SCCH Burst Types | 37 |
| 5.3.10.3 | HS-SCCH Training Sequences | 37 |
| 5.3.10.4 | HS-SCCH timeslot formats..... | 37 |
| 5.3.11 | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH) | 37 |
| 5.3.11.1 | HS-SICH Spreading | 37 |
| 5.3.11.2 | HS-SICH Burst Types..... | 37 |
| 5.3.11.3 | HS-SICH Training Sequences..... | 37 |
| 5.3.11.4 | HS-SICH timeslot formats | 38 |
| 5.3.12 | The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH)..... | 38 |
| 5.3.12.1 | Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst types 1 and 2 | 38 |
| 5.3.12.1A | Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst type 4..... | 39 |
| 5.3.12.2 | MICH Training sequences | 39 |
| 5.3.13 | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH) | 40 |
| 5.3.13.1 | E-UCCH..... | 40 |
| 5.3.13.2 | E-PUCH Spreading | 41 |
| 5.3.13.3 | E-PUCH Burst Types..... | 41 |
| 5.3.13.4 | PUSCH Training Sequences | 41 |
| 5.3.13.5 | UE Selection | 41 |
| 5.3.13.6 | E-PUCH timeslot formats | 41 |
| 5.3.14 | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH)..... | 43 |
| 5.3.15 | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)..... | 43 |
| 5.3.15.1 | E-AGCH Spreading | 43 |
| 5.3.15.2 | E-AGCH Burst Types | 43 |
| 5.3.15.3 | E-AGCH Training Sequences | 44 |
| 5.3.15.4 | E-AGCH timeslot formats..... | 44 |
| 5.3.16 | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Acknowledgement Indicator Channel (E-HICH)..... | 44 |
| 5.3.16.1 | E-HICH Spreading | 45 |
| 5.3.16.2 | E-HICH Burst Types..... | 45 |
| 5.3.16.3 | E-HICH Training Sequences..... | 45 |
| 5.4 | Transmit Diversity for DL Physical Channels..... | 45 |
| 5.5 | Beacon characteristics of physical channels..... | 45 |
| 5.5.1 | Location of beacon channels..... | 45 |
| 5.5.2 | Physical characteristics of beacon channels..... | 46 |
| 5.6 | Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels | 46 |
| 5.6.1 | Midamble Allocation for DL Physical Channels | 46 |
| 5.6.1.1 | Midamble Allocation by signalling from higher layers..... | 47 |

| | | |
|------------|--|----|
| 5.6.1.2 | Midamble Allocation by layer 1..... | 47 |
| 5.6.1.2.1 | Default midamble | 47 |
| 5.6.1.2.2 | Common Midamble..... | 47 |
| 5.6.2 | Midamble Allocation for UL Physical Channels | 48 |
| 5.7 | Midamble Transmit Power | 48 |
| 5.8 | Physical channels for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option | 49 |
| 5.8.1 | Transmit diversity | 50 |
| 5.8.2 | Common physical channels | 50 |
| 5.8.2.1 | Primary Common Pilot Channel (P-CPICH) | 50 |
| 5.8.2.2 | Time-multiplexed Common Pilot Channel (T-CPICH) | 50 |
| 5.8.2.3 | Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)..... | 51 |
| 5.8.2.4 | Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)..... | 52 |
| 5.8.2.5 | Synchronisation channel (SCH)..... | 54 |
| 5.8.2.6 | The MBMS indicator channel (MICH)..... | 54 |
| 5.8.3 | Timing relationship between physical channels | 55 |
| 5A | Physical channels for the 1.28 Mcps option..... | 56 |
| 5A.1 | Frame structure..... | 57 |
| 5A.2 | Dedicated physical channel (DPCH)..... | 58 |
| 5A.2.1 | Spreading | 58 |
| 5A.2.2 | Burst Format | 58 |
| 5A.2.2a | Dedicated carrier MBSFN Burst Format | 59 |
| 5A.2.2.1 | Transmission of TFCI..... | 60 |
| 5A.2.2.1a | Transmission of TFCI for MT burst and MS burst | 61 |
| 5A.2.2.2 | Transmission of TPC..... | 62 |
| 5A.2.2.3 | Transmission of SS | 65 |
| 5A.2.2.4 | Timeslot formats | 67 |
| 5A.2.2.4.1 | Timeslot formats for QPSK..... | 68 |
| 5A.2.2.4.2 | Time slot formats for 8PSK..... | 71 |
| 5A.2.2.4.3 | Time slot formats for MBSFN..... | 71 |
| 5A.2.3 | Training sequences for spread bursts | 72 |
| 5A.2.3a | Training sequences for dedicated carrier MBSFN..... | 74 |
| 5A.2.4 | Beamforming | 74 |
| 5A.3 | Common physical channels | 74 |
| 5A.3.1 | Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)..... | 74 |
| 5A.3.1.1 | P-CCPCH Spreading | 75 |
| 5A.3.1.2 | P-CCPCH Burst Format | 75 |
| 5A.3.1.3 | P-CCPCH Training sequences | 75 |
| 5A.3.2 | Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)..... | 75 |
| 5A.3.2.1 | S-CCPCH Spreading | 75 |
| 5A.3.2.2 | S-CCPCH Burst Format | 75 |
| 5A.3.2.3 | S-CCPCH Training sequences | 75 |
| 5A.3.3 | Fast Physical Access CHannel (FPACH) | 75 |
| 5A.3.3.1 | FPACH burst..... | 75 |
| 5A.3.3.1.1 | Signature Reference Number..... | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.1.2 | Relative Sub-Frame Number | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.1.3 | Received starting position of the UpPCH (UpPCH _{pos})..... | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.1.4 | Transmit Power Level Command for the RACH message | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.2 | FPACH Spreading..... | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.3 | FPACH Burst Format..... | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.4 | FPACH Training sequences | 76 |
| 5A.3.3.5 | FPACH timeslot formats | 76 |
| 5A.3.4 | The physical random access channel (PRACH) | 77 |
| 5A.3.4.1 | PRACH Spreading | 77 |
| 5A.3.4.2 | PRACH Burst Format | 77 |
| 5A.3.4.3 | PRACH Training sequences..... | 77 |
| 5A.3.4.4 | PRACH timeslot formats | 77 |
| 5A.3.4.5 | Association between Training Sequences and Channelisation Codes..... | 77 |
| 5A.3.5 | The synchronisation channels (DwPCH, UpPCH) | 77 |
| 5A.3.6 | Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)..... | 78 |
| 5A.3.7 | Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) | 78 |
| 5A.3.8 | The Page Indicator Channel (PICH) | 78 |

| | | |
|-----------|--|----|
| 5A.3.8.1 | Mapping of Paging Indicators to the PICH bits | 78 |
| 5A.3.8.2 | Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames..... | 79 |
| 5A.3.9 | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH) | 79 |
| 5A.3.9.1 | HS-PDSCH Spreading | 79 |
| 5A.3.9.2 | HS-PDSCH Burst Format | 79 |
| 5A.3.9.3 | HS-PDSCH Training Sequences | 80 |
| 5A.3.9.4 | UE Selection | 80 |
| 5A.3.9.5 | HS-PDSCH timeslot formats | 80 |
| 5A.3.9.6 | Transmission of SS and TPC | 80 |
| 5A.3.10 | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH)..... | 80 |
| 5A.3.10.1 | HS-SCCH Spreading..... | 81 |
| 5A.3.10.2 | HS-SCCH Burst Format..... | 81 |
| 5A.3.10.3 | HS-SCCH Training Sequences | 81 |
| 5A.3.10.4 | HS-SCCH timeslot formats..... | 81 |
| 5A.3.11 | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH) | 81 |
| 5A.3.11.1 | HS-SICH Spreading | 81 |
| 5A.3.11.2 | HS-SICH Burst Format | 81 |
| 5A.3.11.3 | HS-SICH Training Sequences..... | 81 |
| 5A.3.11.4 | HS-SICH timeslot formats | 81 |
| 5A.3.12 | The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) type1..... | 81 |
| 5A.3.12.1 | Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the type1 MICH bits | 82 |
| 5A.3.12a | The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) type 2..... | 82 |
| 5A.3.12.1 | Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the type 2 MICH bits | 82 |
| 5A.3.13 | Physical Layer Common Control Channel (PLCCH)..... | 83 |
| 5A.3.13.1 | PLCCH Spreading..... | 83 |
| 5A.3.13.2 | PLCCH Burst Type | 83 |
| 5A.3.13.3 | PLCCH Training Sequence..... | 83 |
| 5A.3.13.4 | PLCCH timeslot formats..... | 84 |
| 5A.3.14 | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel | 84 |
| 5A.3.14.1 | E-UCCH..... | 84 |
| 5A.3.14.2 | E-PUCH Spreading | 85 |
| 5A.3.14.3 | E-PUCH Burst Types | 85 |
| 5A.3.14.4 | E-PUCH Training Sequences | 85 |
| 5A.3.14.5 | UE Selection | 85 |
| 5A.3.14.6 | E-PUCH timeslot formats | 85 |
| 5A.3.15 | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH)..... | 92 |
| 5A.3.15.1 | E-RUCCH Spreading | 92 |
| 5A.3.15.2 | E-RUCCH Burst Format..... | 92 |
| 5A.3.15.3 | E-RUCCH Training sequences | 92 |
| 5A.3.15.4 | E-RUCCH timeslot formats | 92 |
| 5A.3.16 | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)..... | 92 |
| 5A.3.16.1 | E-AGCH Spreading | 92 |
| 5A.3.16.2 | E-AGCH Burst Types | 92 |
| 5A.3.16.3 | E-AGCH Training Sequences | 93 |
| 5A.3.16.4 | E-AGCH timeslot formats..... | 93 |
| 5A.3.17 | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Acknowledgement Indicator Channel (E-HICH)..... | 93 |
| 5A.3.17.1 | E-HICH Spreading..... | 94 |
| 5A.3.17.2 | E-HICH Burst Types..... | 94 |
| 5A.3.17.3 | E-HICH Training Sequences..... | 94 |
| 5A.3.17.4 | E-HICH timeslot formats | 94 |
| 5A.3.18 | Standalone midamble channel | 94 |
| 5A.3.18.1 | Standalone midamble channel Burst Format..... | 94 |
| 5A.3.18.3 | Standalone midamble channel Training Sequences | 95 |
| 5A.3.18.4 | Standalone midamble channel timeslot formats..... | 95 |
| 5A.4 | Transmit Diversity for DL Physical Channels..... | 96 |
| 5A.5 | Beacon characteristics of physical channels..... | 96 |
| 5A.5.1 | Location of beacon channels..... | 96 |
| 5A.5.2 | Physical characteristics of the beacon function | 96 |
| 5A.6 | Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels..... | 97 |
| 5A.6.1 | Midamble Allocation for DL Physical Channels | 97 |
| 5A.6.1.1 | Midamble Allocation by signalling from higher layers..... | 97 |
| 5A.6.1.2 | Midamble Allocation by layer 1..... | 97 |

| | | |
|------------|---|-----|
| 5A.6.1.2.1 | Default midamble | 97 |
| 5A.6.1.2.2 | Common Midamble | 98 |
| 5A.6.1.2.3 | Special Default Midamble | 98 |
| 5A.6.2 | Midamble Allocation for UL Physical Channels | 98 |
| 5A.7 | Midamble Transmit Power | 98 |
| 5A.7a | Preamble Allocation and Preamble Transmit Power | 98 |
| 5B | Physical channels for the 7.68 Mcps option | 98 |
| 5B.1 | General | 98 |
| 5B.2 | Frame structure | 99 |
| 5B.3 | Dedicated physical channel (DPCH) | 99 |
| 5B.3.1 | Spreading | 100 |
| 5B.3.1.1 | Spreading for Downlink Physical Channels | 100 |
| 5B.3.1.2 | Spreading for Uplink Physical Channels | 100 |
| 5B.3.2 | Burst Types | 100 |
| 5B.3.2.1 | Burst Type 1 | 101 |
| 5B.3.2.2 | Burst Type 2 | 101 |
| 5B.3.2.3 | Burst Type 3 | 102 |
| 5B.3.2.3A | Burst Type 4 | 102 |
| 5B.3.2.4 | Transmission of TFCI | 102 |
| 5B.3.2.5 | Transmission of TPC | 104 |
| 5B.3.2.6 | Timeslot formats | 105 |
| 5B.3.2.6.1 | Downlink timeslot formats | 105 |
| 5B.3.2.6.2 | Uplink timeslot formats | 106 |
| 5B.3.3 | Training sequences for spread bursts | 108 |
| 5B.3.4 | Beamforming | 110 |
| 5B.4 | Common physical channels | 110 |
| 5B.4.1 | Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH) | 110 |
| 5B.4.1.1 | P-CCPCH Spreading | 110 |
| 5B.4.1.2 | P-CCPCH Burst Types | 110 |
| 5B.4.1.3 | P-CCPCH Training sequences | 110 |
| 5B.4.2 | Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH) | 110 |
| 5B.4.2.1 | S-CCPCH Spreading | 110 |
| 5B.4.2.2 | S-CCPCH Burst Types | 110 |
| 5B.4.2.2A | S-CCPCH Modulation | 110 |
| 5B.4.2.3 | S-CCPCH Training sequences | 110 |
| 5B.4.3 | The physical random access channel (PRACH) | 110 |
| 5B.4.3.1 | PRACH Spreading | 111 |
| 5B.4.3.2 | PRACH Burst Type | 111 |
| 5B.4.3.3 | PRACH Training sequences | 111 |
| 5B.4.3.4 | PRACH timeslot formats | 111 |
| 5B.4.3.5 | Association between Training Sequences and Channelisation Codes | 111 |
| 5B.4.4 | The synchronisation channel (SCH) | 112 |
| 5B.4.5 | Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH) | 113 |
| 5B.4.5.1 | PUSCH Spreading | 113 |
| 5B.4.5.2 | PUSCH Burst Types | 114 |
| 5B.4.5.3 | PUSCH Training Sequences | 114 |
| 5B.4.5.4 | UE Selection | 114 |
| 5B.4.6 | Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) | 114 |
| 5B.4.6.1 | PDSCH Spreading | 114 |
| 5B.4.6.2 | PDSCH Burst Types | 114 |
| 5B.4.6.3 | PDSCH Training Sequences | 114 |
| 5B.4.6.4 | UE Selection | 114 |
| 5B.4.7 | The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) | 114 |
| 5B.4.7.1 | Mapping of Paging Indicators to the PICH bits | 114 |
| 5B.4.7.2 | Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames | 115 |
| 5B.4.7.3 | PICH Training sequences | 115 |
| 5B.4.8 | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH) | 115 |
| 5B.4.8.1 | HS-PDSCH Spreading | 115 |
| 5B.4.8.2 | HS-PDSCH Burst Types | 115 |
| 5B.4.8.3 | HS-PDSCH Training Sequences | 116 |
| 5B.4.8.4 | UE Selection | 116 |

| | | |
|------------|---|-----|
| 5B.4.8.5 | HS-PDSCH timeslot formats | 116 |
| 5B.4.9 | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH)..... | 116 |
| 5B.4.9.1 | HS-SCCH Spreading..... | 116 |
| 5B.4.9.2 | HS-SCCH Burst Types | 116 |
| 5B.4.9.3 | HS-SCCH Training Sequences | 116 |
| 5B.4.9.4 | HS-SCCH timeslot formats..... | 116 |
| 5B.4.10 | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH) | 117 |
| 5B.4.10.1 | HS-SICH Spreading | 117 |
| 5B.4.10.2 | HS-SICH Burst Types..... | 117 |
| 5B.4.10.3 | HS-SICH Training Sequences..... | 117 |
| 5B.4.10.4 | HS-SICH timeslot formats | 117 |
| 5B.4.11 | The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH)..... | 117 |
| 5B.4.11.1 | Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst types 1 and 2 | 117 |
| 5B.4.11.1A | Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst type 4..... | 118 |
| 5B.4.11.2 | MICH Training sequences | 119 |
| 5B.4.12 | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH) | 119 |
| 5B.4.12.1 | E-UCCH..... | 119 |
| 5B.4.12.2 | E-PUCH Spreading | 120 |
| 5B.4.12.3 | E-PUCH Burst Types..... | 120 |
| 5B.4.12.4 | PUSCH Training Sequences | 120 |
| 5B.4.12.5 | UE Selection | 120 |
| 5B.4.12.6 | E-PUCH timeslot formats | 121 |
| 5B.4.13 | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH)..... | 122 |
| 5B.4.14 | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)..... | 122 |
| 5B.4.14.1 | E-AGCH Spreading | 123 |
| 5B.4.14.2 | E-AGCH Burst Types | 123 |
| 5B.4.14.3 | E-AGCH Training Sequences | 123 |
| 5B.4.15.4 | E-AGCH timeslot formats..... | 123 |
| 5B.4.15 | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Acknowledgement Indicator Channel (E-HICH)..... | 123 |
| 5B.4.15.1 | E-HICH Spreading | 124 |
| 5B.4.15.2 | E-HICH Burst Types..... | 124 |
| 5B.4.15.3 | E-HICH Training Sequences..... | 124 |
| 5B.5 | Transmit Diversity for DL Physical Channels..... | 124 |
| 5B.6 | Beacon characteristics of physical channels..... | 124 |
| 5B.6.1 | Location of beacon channels..... | 125 |
| 5B.6.2 | Physical characteristics of beacon channels..... | 125 |
| 5B.7 | Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels..... | 125 |
| 5B.8 | Midamble Transmit Power | 125 |
| 6 | Mapping of transport channels to physical channels for the 3.84 Mcps option | 127 |
| 6.1 | Dedicated Transport Channels | 127 |
| 6.1.1 | The Dedicated Channel (DCH)..... | 127 |
| 6.1.2 | The Enhanced Uplink Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) | 128 |
| 6.1.2.1 | E-DCH/E-AGCH Association and Timing | 128 |
| 6.1.2.2 | E-DCH/E-HICH Association and Timing..... | 128 |
| 6.2 | Common Transport Channels..... | 129 |
| 6.2.1 | The Broadcast Channel (BCH) | 129 |
| 6.2.2 | The Paging Channel (PCH) | 129 |
| 6.2.2.1 | PCH/PICH Association | 130 |
| 6.2.3 | The Forward Channel (FACH) | 130 |
| 6.2.4 | The Random Access Channel (RACH) | 130 |
| 6.2.5 | The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)..... | 130 |
| 6.2.6 | The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)..... | 130 |
| 6.2.7 | The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH)..... | 130 |
| 6.2.7.1 | HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing..... | 130 |
| 6.2.7.2 | HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing | 131 |
| 6.3 | Mapping of TrCHs for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option..... | 132 |
| 7 | Mapping of transport channels to physical channels for the 1.28 Mcps option | 132 |
| 7.1 | Dedicated Transport Channels | 132 |
| 7.1.1 | The Dedicated Channel (DCH)..... | 132 |
| 7.1.2 | The Enhanced Uplink Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) | 133 |

| | | |
|---|--|------------|
| 7.1.2.1 | E-DCH/E-AGCH Association and Timing | 133 |
| 7.1.2.2 | E-DCH/E-HICH Association and Timing..... | 133 |
| 7.2 | Common Transport Channels..... | 134 |
| 7.2.1 | The Broadcast Channel (BCH) | 134 |
| 7.2.2 | The Paging Channel (PCH) | 134 |
| 7.2.3 | The Forward Channel (FACH) | 134 |
| 7.2.4 | The Random Access Channel (RACH) | 134 |
| 7.2.5 | The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)..... | 134 |
| 7.2.6 | The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)..... | 135 |
| 7.2.7 | The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH)..... | 135 |
| 7.2.7.1 | HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing..... | 135 |
| 7.2.7.2 | HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing..... | 135 |
| 7.2.7.3 | PICH/HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH Association and Timing | 136 |
| 7.2.7.4 | PICH/ HS-DSCH Association and Timing | 137 |
| 8 | Mapping of transport channels to physical channels for the 7.68 Mcps option | 138 |
| 8.1 | Dedicated Transport Channels | 138 |
| 8.1.1 | The Dedicated Channel (DCH)..... | 138 |
| 8.1.2 | The Enhanced Uplink Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) | 138 |
| 8.1.2.1 | E-DCH/E-AGCH Association and Timing | 138 |
| 8.1.2.2 | E-DCH/E-HICH Association and Timing..... | 139 |
| 8.2 | Common Transport Channels..... | 140 |
| 8.2.1 | The Broadcast Channel (BCH) | 140 |
| 8.2.2 | The Paging Channel (PCH) | 140 |
| 8.2.3 | The Forward Channel (FACH) | 140 |
| 8.2.4 | The Random Access Channel (RACH) | 140 |
| 8.2.5 | The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)..... | 140 |
| 8.2.6 | The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)..... | 141 |
| 8.2.7 | The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH)..... | 141 |
| 8.2.7.1 | HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing..... | 141 |
| 8.2.7.2 | HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing..... | 141 |
| Annex A (normative): Basic Midamble Codes for the 3.84 Mcps option..... | | 142 |
| A.1 | Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 1 and 3 | 142 |
| A.2 | Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 2 and 4 | 147 |
| A.3 | Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes | 150 |
| A.3.1 | Association for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=16$ Midambles..... | 150 |
| A.3.2 | Association for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=8$ Midambles..... | 151 |
| A.3.3 | Association for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=4$ Midambles..... | 151 |
| A.3.4 | Association for Burst Type 2 and $K_{Cell}=6$ Midambles | 152 |
| A.3.5 | Association for Burst Type 2 and $K_{Cell}=3$ Midambles..... | 152 |
| A.3.6 | Association for Burst Type 4 and $K_{Cell}=1$ Midamble..... | 153 |
| Annex AA (normative): Basic Midamble Codes for the 1.28 Mcps option..... | | 154 |
| AA.1 | Basic Midamble Codes..... | 154 |
| AA.2 | Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes for default midamble allocation..... | 165 |
| AA.2.1 | Association for $K=16$ Midambles | 165 |
| AA.2.2 | Association for $K=14$ Midambles | 166 |
| AA.2.3 | Association for $K=12$ Midambles | 166 |
| AA.2.4 | Association for $K=10$ Midambles | 167 |
| AA.2.5 | Association for $K=8$ Midambles | 167 |
| AA.2.6 | Association for $K=6$ Midambles | 168 |
| AA.2.7 | Association for $K=4$ Midambles | 168 |
| AA.2.8 | Association for $K=2$ Midambles | 169 |
| AA.3 | Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes for special default midamble allocation | 169 |
| AA.3.1 | Association for $K=16$ Midambles | 170 |
| AA.3.2 | Association for $K=14$ Midambles | 171 |

| | | |
|--|--|------------|
| AA.3.3 | Association for $K=12$ Midambles | 172 |
| AA.3.4 | Association for $K=10$ Midambles | 173 |
| AA.3.5 | Association for $K=8$ Midambles | 174 |
| AA.3.6 | Association for $K=6$ Midambles | 175 |
| AA.3.7 | Association for $K=4$ Midambles | 176 |
| AA.3.8 | Association for $K=2$ Midambles | 177 |
| Annex AB (normative): Basic Midamble Codes for the 7.68 Mcps option..... | | 178 |
| AB.1 | Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 1 and 3 | 178 |
| AB.2 | Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 2 | 186 |
| AB.2A | Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 4..... | 187 |
| AB.3 | Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes | 192 |
| AB.3.1 | Association for $K_{\text{Cell}} = 16$ Midambles | 192 |
| AB.3.2 | Association for $K_{\text{Cell}} = 8$ Midambles | 193 |
| AB.3.3 | Association for $K_{\text{Cell}} = 4$ Midambles | 194 |
| AB.3.4 | Association for Burst Types 4 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$ Midamble | 194 |
| Annex B (normative): Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 3.84Mcps TDD | | 195 |
| B.1 | Mapping scheme for Burst Type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles | 195 |
| B.2 | Mapping scheme for Burst Type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ | 195 |
| | Midambles | 195 |
| B.3 | Mapping scheme for Burst Type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles | 196 |
| B.4 | Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles | 196 |
| B.5 | Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ Midambles | 197 |
| B.6 | Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles | 197 |
| B.7 | Mapping scheme for Burst Type 2 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=6$ Midambles | 197 |
| B.8 | Mapping scheme for Burst Type 2 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=3$ Midambles | 198 |
| B.9 | Mapping scheme for Burst Type 4 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$ Midamble..... | 198 |
| Annex BA (normative): Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 1.28Mcps TDD | | 199 |
| BA.1 | Mapping scheme for $K=16$ Midambles..... | 199 |
| BA.2 | Mapping scheme for $K=14$ Midambles..... | 199 |
| BA.3 | Mapping scheme for $K=12$ Midambles..... | 200 |
| BA.4 | Mapping scheme for $K=10$ Midambles..... | 200 |
| BA.5 | Mapping scheme for $K=8$ Midambles..... | 200 |
| BA.6 | Mapping scheme for $K=6$ Midambles..... | 201 |
| BA.7 | Mapping scheme for $K=4$ Midambles..... | 201 |
| BA.8 | Mapping scheme for $K=2$ Midambles..... | 201 |
| Annex BB (normative): Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 7.68Mcps TDD | | 202 |
| BB.1 | Mapping scheme for $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles..... | 202 |
| BB.2 | Mapping scheme for $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ Midambles..... | 202 |
| BB.3 | Mapping scheme for $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles..... | 203 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| BB.4 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles | 203 |
| BB.5 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ Midambles | 204 |
| BB.6 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles | 204 |
| BB.7 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 4 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$ Midamble..... | 204 |
| Annex C (informative): CCPCH Multiframe Structure for the 3.84 Mcps option..... | 205 |
| Annex CA (informative): CCPCH Multiframe Structure for the 1.28 Mcps option..... | 207 |
| Annex CB (informative): Examples of the association of UL TPC commands to UL uplink time slots and CCTrCH pairs for 1.28 Mcps TDD..... | 208 |
| Annex CC (informative): Examples of the association of UL SS commands to UL uplink time slots..... | 209 |
| Annex CD (normative): T-CPICH bit sequences for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option..... | 210 |
| Annex D (informative): Change history | 216 |
| History | 219 |

Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

1 Scope

The present document describes the characteristics of the physical channels and the mapping of the transport channels to physical channels in the TDD mode of UTRA.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

- [1] 3GPP TS 25.201: "Physical layer - general description".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".
- [4] 3GPP TS 25.213: "Spreading and modulation (FDD)".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)".
- [6] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical layer – Measurements (FDD)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 25.222: "Multiplexing and channel coding (TDD)".
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.223: "Spreading and modulation (TDD)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.224: "Physical layer procedures (TDD)".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.225: "Physical layer – Measurements (TDD)".
- [11] 3GPP TS 25.301: "Radio Interface Protocol Architecture".
- [12] 3GPP TS 25.302: "Services Provided by the Physical Layer".
- [13] 3GPP TS 25.401: "UTRAN Overall Description".
- [14] 3GPP TS 25.402: "Synchronisation in UTRAN, Stage 2".
- [15] 3GPP TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected Mode".
- [16] 3GPP TS 25.427: "UTRAN Iur and Iub interface user plane protocols for DCH data streams".
- [17] 3GPP TS 25.435: "UTRAN I_{ub} Interface User Plane Protocols for Common Transport Channel Data Streams".
- [18] 3GPP TS 25.308: High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA); Overall description; Stage 2
- [19] 3GPP TS 25.331: "RRC Protocol Specification".

3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

| | |
|----------------|--|
| 16QAM | 16 Quadrature Amplitude Modulation |
| BCH | Broadcast Channel |
| CCPCH | Common Control Physical Channel |
| CCTrCH | Coded Composite Transport Channel |
| CDMA | Code Division Multiple Access |
| CQI | Channel Quality Indicator |
| DCH | Dedicated Channel |
| DL | Downlink |
| DPCH | Dedicated Physical Channel |
| DRX | Discontinuous Reception |
| DSCH | Downlink Shared Channel |
| DTX | Discontinuous Transmission |
| DwPCH | Downlink Pilot Channel |
| DwPTS | Downlink Pilot Time Slot |
| E-AGCH | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel |
| E-DCH | Enhanced Dedicated Channel |
| E-HICH | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel |
| E-PUCH | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel |
| E-RUCCH | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel |
| E-UCCH | E-DCH Uplink Control Channel |
| FACH | Forward Access Channel |
| FDD | Frequency Division Duplex |
| FEC | Forward Error Correction |
| GP | Guard Period |
| GSM | Global System for Mobile Communication |
| HARQ | Hybrid ARQ |
| HS-DSCH | High Speed Downlink Shared Channel |
| HS-PDSCH | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel |
| HS-SCCH | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH |
| HS-SICH | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH |
| IMB | Integrated Mobile Broadcast |
| MBSFN | MBMS over a Single Frequency Network |
| MIB | Master Information Block |
| MICH | MBMS Indicator Channel |
| MIMO | Multiple Input Multiple Output |
| MS burst | MBSFN Special burst |
| MT burst | MBSFN Traffic burst |
| NI | MBMS Notification Indicator |
| NRT | Non-Real Time |
| OVSF | Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor |
| P-CCPCH | Primary CCPCH |
| PCH | Paging Channel |
| PDSCH | Physical Downlink Shared Channel |
| PI | Paging Indicator (value calculated by higher layers) |
| PICH | Page Indicator Channel |
| PLCCH | Physical Layer Common Control Channel |
| P _q | Paging Indicator (indicator set by physical layer) |
| PRACH | Physical Random Access Channel |
| PUSCH | Physical Uplink Shared Channel |
| RACH | Random Access Channel |
| RF | Radio Frame |
| RT | Real Time |
| S-CCPCH | Secondary CCPCH |
| SCH | Synchronisation Channel |
| SCTD | Space Code Transmit Diversity |
| SF | Spreading Factor |
| SFN | Cell System Frame Number |

| | |
|-------|---|
| SS | Synchronisation Shift |
| TCH | Traffic Channel |
| TDD | Time Division Duplex |
| TDMA | Time Division Multiple Access |
| TFC | Transport Format Combination |
| TFCI | Transport Format Combination Indicator |
| TFI | Transport Format Indicator |
| TPC | Transmitter Power Control |
| TrCH | Transport Channel |
| TSTD | Time Switched Transmit Diversity |
| TTI | Transmission Time Interval |
| UE | User Equipment |
| UL | Uplink |
| UMTS | Universal Mobil Telecommunications System |
| UpPTS | Uplink Pilot Time Slot |
| UpPCH | Uplink Pilot Channel |
| USCH | Uplink Shared Channel |
| UTRAN | UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network |

4 Services offered to higher layers

4.1 Transport channels

Transport channels are the services offered by layer 1 to the higher layers. A transport channel is defined by how and with what characteristics data is transferred over the air interface. A general classification of transport channels is into two groups:

- Dedicated Channels, using inherent addressing of UE
- Common Channels, using explicit addressing of UE if addressing is needed

General concepts about transport channels are described in [12].

4.1.1 Dedicated transport channels

There exists two types of dedicated transport channel, the Dedicated Channel (DCH) and the Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH).

4.1.1.1 DCH – Dedicated Channel

The Dedicated Channel (DCH) is an up- or downlink transport channel that is used to carry user or control information between the UTRAN and a UE.

4.1.1.2 E-DCH – Enhanced Dedicated Channel

The Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) is an uplink transport channel.

4.1.2 Common transport channels

There are seven types of common transport channels for 3.84Mcps and 7.68Mcps TDD: BCH, FACH, PCH, RACH, USCH, DSCH, HS-DSCH.

There are eight types of common transport channels for 1.28Mcps TDD: BCH, FACH, PCH, RACH, USCH, DSCH, HS-DSCH, E-DCH.

4.1.2.1 BCH - Broadcast Channel

The Broadcast Channel (BCH) is a downlink transport channel that is used to broadcast system- and cell-specific information.

4.1.2.2 FACH – Forward Access Channel

The Forward Access Channel (FACH) is a downlink transport channel that is used to carry control information to a mobile station when the system knows the location cell of the mobile station. The FACH may also carry short user packets.

4.1.2.3 PCH – Paging Channel

The Paging Channel (PCH) is a downlink transport channel that is used to carry control information to a mobile station when the system does not know the location cell of the mobile station.

4.1.2.4 RACH – Random Access Channel

The Random Access Channel (RACH) is an up link transport channel that is used to carry control information from mobile station. The RACH may also carry short user packets.

4.1.2.5 USCH – Uplink Shared Channel

The uplink shared channel (USCH) is an uplink transport channel shared by several UEs carrying dedicated control or traffic data.

4.1.2.6 DSCH – Downlink Shared Channel

The downlink shared channel (DSCH) is a downlink transport channel shared by several UEs carrying dedicated control or traffic data.

4.1.2.7 HS-DSCH – High Speed Downlink Shared Channel

The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) is a downlink transport channel shared by several UEs. The HS-DSCH is associated with one or several Shared Control Channels (HS-SCCH). The HS-DSCH is transmitted over the entire cell or over only part of the cell using e.g. beam-forming antennas.

For 1.28Mcps TDD, in a multi-frequency HS-DSCH cell, the HS-DSCH may be transmitted to a UE on one or more carriers in CELL_DCH state and on only one carrier in CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH state in a TTI. The term 'multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception' refers to the HS-DSCH reception on multiple carriers in a TTI for a UE.

4.1.2.8 E-DCH – Enhanced Dedicated Channel

The Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) is an uplink transport channel in CELL_FACH and IDLE mode for 1.28Mcps TDD only.

4.2 Indicators

Indicators are means of fast low-level signalling entities which are transmitted without using information blocks sent over transport channels. The meaning of indicators is implicit to the receiver.

The indicator(s) defined in the current version of the specifications are: Paging Indicator (PI) and MBMS Notification Indicator (NI).

5 Physical channels for the 3.84 Mcps option

Sub-clauses 5.1 to 5.7 do not apply to 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB. Sub-clause 5.8 describes physical channels for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB.

All physical channels take three-layer structure with respect to timeslots, radio frames and system frame numbering (SFN), see [14]. Depending on the resource allocation, the configuration of radio frames or timeslots becomes different. All physical channels need a guard period in every timeslot. The time slots are used in the sense of a TDMA component to separate different user signals in the time domain. The physical channel signal format is presented in figure 1.

A physical channel in TDD is a burst, which is transmitted in a particular timeslot within allocated Radio Frames. The allocation can be continuous, i.e. the time slot in every frame is allocated to the physical channel or discontinuous, i.e. the time slot in a subset of all frames is allocated only. A burst is the combination of two data parts, a midamble part and a guard period. The duration of a burst is one time slot. Several bursts can be transmitted at the same time from one transmitter. In this case, the data parts must use different OVFSF channelisation codes, but the same scrambling code. The midamble parts are either identically or differently shifted versions of a cell-specific basic midamble code, see section 5.2.3. Note when in MBSFN operation, a midamble is not necessarily cell-specific.

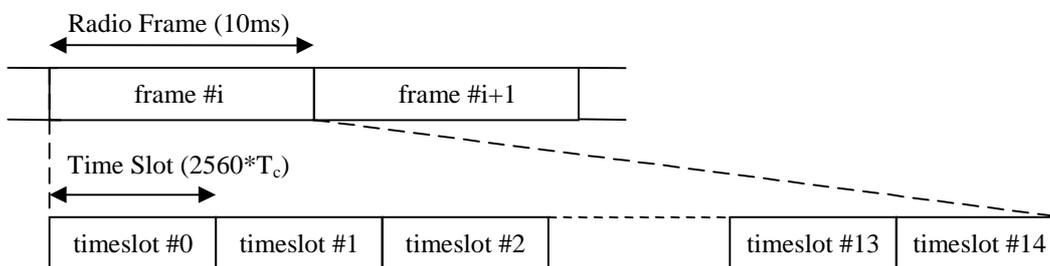


Figure 1: Physical channel signal format

The data part of the burst is spread with a combination of channelisation code and scrambling code. The channelisation code is a OVFSF code, that can have a spreading factor of 1, 2, 4, 8, or 16. The data rate of the physical channel is depending on the used spreading factor of the used OVFSF code.

The midamble part of the burst can contain two different types of midambles: a short one of length 256 chips, or a long one of 512 chips. The data rate of the physical channel is depending on the used midamble length. Additionally, when in MBSFN operation a midamble of length 320 chips is used.

So a physical channel is defined by frequency, timeslot, channelisation code, burst type and Radio Frame allocation. The scrambling code and the basic midamble code are broadcast and may be constant within a cell. When a physical channel is established, a start frame is given. The physical channels can either be of infinite duration, or a duration for the allocation can be defined.

5.1 Frame structure

The TDMA frame has a duration of 10 ms and is subdivided into 15 time slots (TS) of $2560 \cdot T_c$ duration each. A time slot corresponds to 2560 chips. The physical content of the time slots are the bursts of corresponding length as described in subclause 5.2.2.

Each 10 ms frame consists of 15 time slots, each allocated to either the uplink or the downlink (figure 2). With such a flexibility, the TDD mode can be adapted to different environments and deployment scenarios. In any configuration at least one time slot has to be allocated for the downlink and at least one time slot has to be allocated for the uplink with the exception of no uplink timeslots when the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN

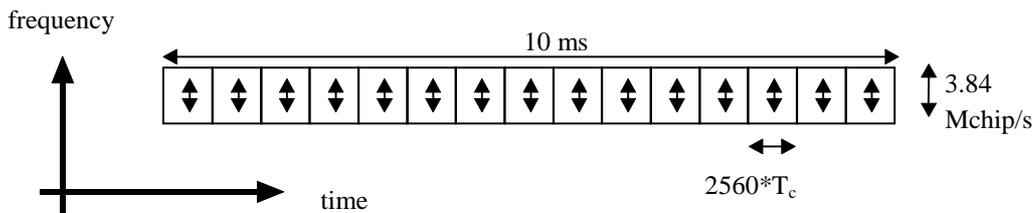


Figure 2: The TDD frame structure

Examples for multiple and single switching point configurations as well as for symmetric and asymmetric UL/DL allocations are given in figure 3.

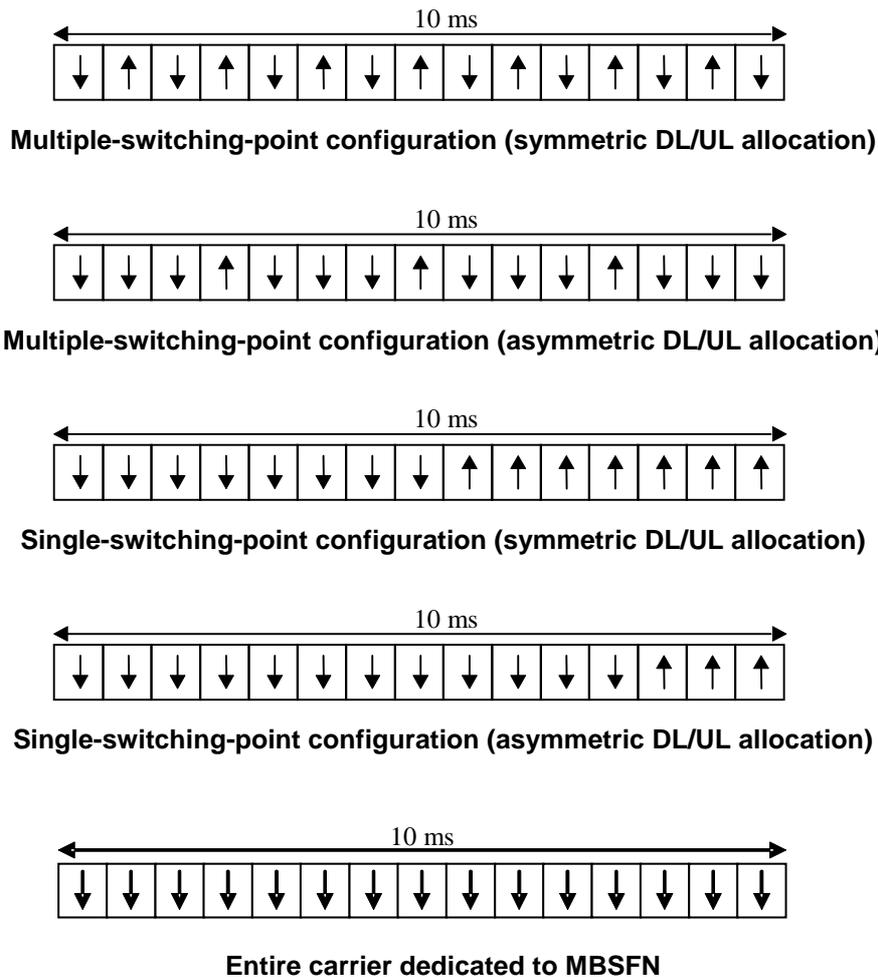


Figure 3: TDD frame structure examples

5.2 Dedicated physical channel (DPCH)

The DCH as described in subclause 4.1.1 is mapped onto the dedicated physical channel.

5.2.1 Spreading

Spreading is applied to the data part of the physical channels and consists of two operations. The first is the channelisation operation, which transforms every data symbol into a number of chips, thus increasing the bandwidth of the signal. The number of chips per data symbol is called the Spreading Factor (SF). The second operation is the scrambling operation, where a scrambling code is applied to the spread signal. Details on channelisation and scrambling operation can be found in [8].

5.2.1.1 Spreading for Downlink Physical Channels

Downlink physical channels shall use SF =16. Multiple parallel physical channels can be used to support higher data rates. These parallel physical channels shall be transmitted using different channelisation codes, see [8]. These codes with SF =16 are generated as described in [8].

Operation with a single code with spreading factor 1 is possible for the downlink physical channels.

5.2.1.2 Spreading for Uplink Physical Channels

The range of spreading factor that may be used for uplink physical channels shall range from 16 down to 1. For each physical channel an individual minimum spreading factor SF_{min} is transmitted by means of the higher layers. There are two options that are indicated by UTRAN:

1. The UE shall use the spreading factor SF_{min} , independent of the current TFC.
2. The UE shall autonomously increase the spreading factor depending on the current TFC.

If the UE autonomously changes the SF, it shall always vary the channelisation code along the branch with the higher code numbering of the allowed OVFSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]. In the event that code hopping is configured by higher layers, the allowed OVFSF sub-tree is that subtended by the effective allocated OVFSF code after the hop sequence has been applied to the allocated OVFSF code (see [9]).

For multicode transmission a UE shall use a maximum of two physical channels per timeslot simultaneously. These two parallel physical channels shall be transmitted using different channelisation codes, see [8].

5.2.2 Burst Types

Four types of bursts for dedicated physical channels are defined. All of them consist of two data symbol fields, a midamble and a guard period, the lengths of which are different for the individual burst types. Thus, the number of data symbols in a burst depends on the SF and the burst type, as depicted in table 1.

Table 1: Number of data symbols (N) for burst types 1, 2, 3 and 4

| Spreading factor (SF) | Burst Type 1 | Burst Type 2 | Burst Type 3 | Burst Type 4 |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | 1952 | 2208 | 1856 | 2112 |
| 2 | 976 | 1104 | 928 | N/A |
| 4 | 488 | 552 | 464 | N/A |
| 8 | 244 | 276 | 232 | N/A |
| 16 | 122 | 138 | 116 | 132 |

The support of burst types 1, 2 and 3 is mandatory for UEs supporting transmit and receive functions. UEs supporting transmit and receive functions and also MBSFN operation must additionally support burst type 4. UEs with receive only capability need only support burst type 4. The four different bursts defined here are well suited for different applications, as described in the following sections.

5.2.2.1 Burst Type 1

The burst type 1 can be used for uplink and downlink. Due to its longer midamble field this burst type supports the construction of a larger number of training sequences, see 5.2.3. The maximum number of training sequences depend on the cell configuration, see annex A. For the burst type 1 this number may be 4, 8, or 16.

The data fields of the burst type 1 are 976 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 1 above. The midamble of burst type 1 has a length of 512 chips. The guard period for the burst type 1 is 96 chip periods long. The burst type 1 is shown in Figure 4. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 2.

Table 2: The contents of the burst type 1 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 0-975 | 976 | Cf table 1 | Data symbols |
| 976-1487 | 512 | - | Midamble |
| 1488-2463 | 976 | Cf table 1 | Data symbols |
| 2464-2559 | 96 | - | Guard period |



Figure 4: Burst structure of the burst type 1. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods

5.2.2.2 Burst Type 2

The burst type 2 can be used for uplink and downlink. It offers a longer data field than burst type 1 on the cost of a shorter midamble. Due to the shorter midamble field the burst type 2 supports a maximum number of training sequences of 3 or 6 only, depending on the cell configuration, see annex A.

The data fields of the burst type 2 are 1104 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 1 above. The guard period for the burst type 2 is 96 chip periods long. The burst type 2 is shown in Figure 5. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 3.

Table 3: The contents of the burst type 2 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 0-1103 | 1104 | cf table 1 | Data symbols |
| 1104-1359 | 256 | - | Midamble |
| 1360-2463 | 1104 | cf table 1 | Data symbols |
| 2464-2559 | 96 | - | Guard period |

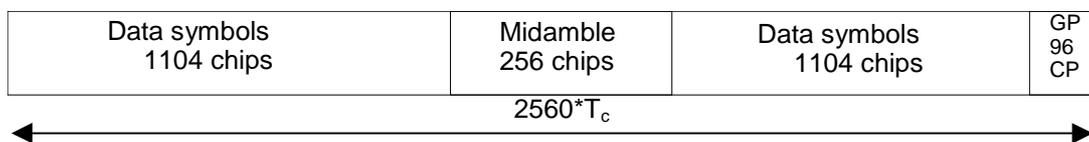


Figure 5: Burst structure of the burst type 2. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods

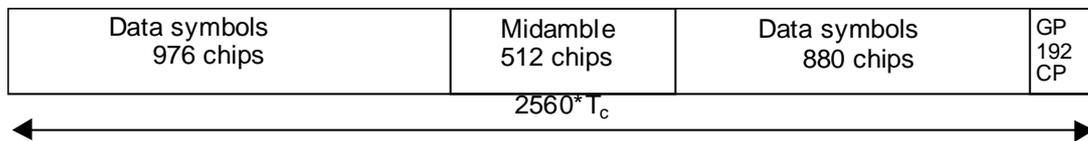
5.2.2.3 Burst Type 3

The burst type 3 is used for uplink only. Due to the longer guard period it is suitable for initial access or access to a new cell after handover. It offers the same number of training sequences as burst type 1.

The data fields of the burst type 3 have a length of 976 chips and 880 chips, respectively. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 1 above. The midamble of burst type 3 has a length of 512 chips. The guard period for the burst type 3 is 192 chip periods long. The burst type 3 is shown in Figure 6. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 4.

Table 4: The contents of the burst type 3 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0-975 | 976 | Cf table 1 | | Data symbols |
| 976-1487 | 512 | - | | Midamble |
| 1488-2367 | 880 | Cf table 1 | | Data symbols |
| 2368-2559 | 192 | - | | Guard period |

**Figure 6: Burst structure of the burst type 3. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods**

5.2.2.3A Burst Type 4

The burst type 4 is used for downlink MBSFN operation only and supports a single training sequence.

The data fields of the burst type 4 are 1056 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols is 132 as indicated in table 1 above. The midamble of burst type 4 has a length of 320 chips. The guard period for the burst type 4 is 128 chip periods long. The burst type 4 is shown in Figure 6A. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 4A.

Table 4A: The contents of the burst type 4 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0-1055 | 1056 | Cf table 1 | | Data symbols |
| 1056-1375 | 320 | - | | Midamble |
| 1376-2431 | 1056 | Cf table 1 | | Data symbols |
| 2432-2559 | 128 | - | | Guard period |

**Figure 6A: Burst structure of the burst type 4. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods**

5.2.2.4 Transmission of TFCI

All burst types 1, 2, 3 and 4 provide the possibility for transmission of TFCI.

The transmission of TFCI is negotiated at call setup and can be re-negotiated during the call. For each CCTrCH it is indicated by higher layer signalling, which TFCI format is applied, except for the MBSFN FACH where the (16,5) bi-orthogonal code is always used for TFCI when TFCI is applied. Additionally for each allocated timeslot it is signalled individually whether that timeslot carries the TFCI or not. The TFCI is always present in the first timeslot in a radio frame for each CCTrCH. If a time slot contains the TFCI, then it is always transmitted using the physical channel with the lowest physical channel sequence number (p) in that timeslot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

The transmission of TFCI is done in the data parts of the respective physical channel. In DL the TFCI code word bits and data bits are subject to the same spreading procedure as depicted in [8]. In DL, the modulation applied to the TFCI code word bits is the same as that applied to the data symbols. In UL, independent of the SF that is applied to the data symbols in the burst, the data in the TFCI field are always spread with SF=16 using the channelisation code in the branch with the highest code numbering of the allowed OVSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The TFCI code word is to be transmitted directly adjacent to the midamble, possibly after the TPC. Figure 7 shows the position of the TFCI code word in a traffic burst in downlink. Figure 8 shows the position of the TFCI code word in a traffic burst in uplink.

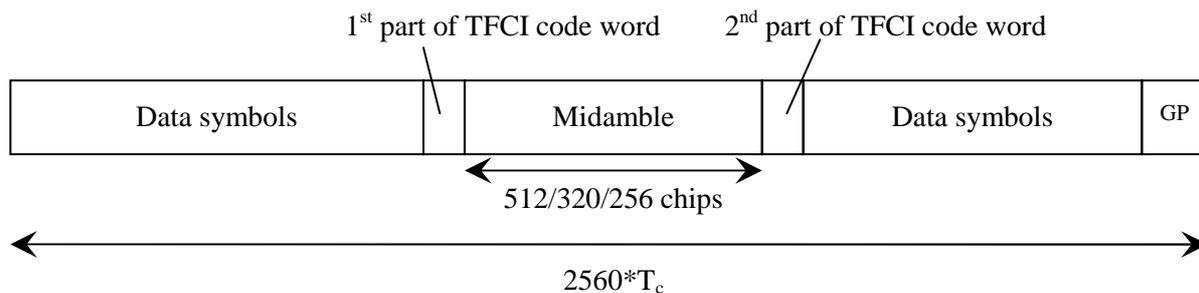


Figure 7: Position of the TFCI code word in the traffic burst in case of downlink

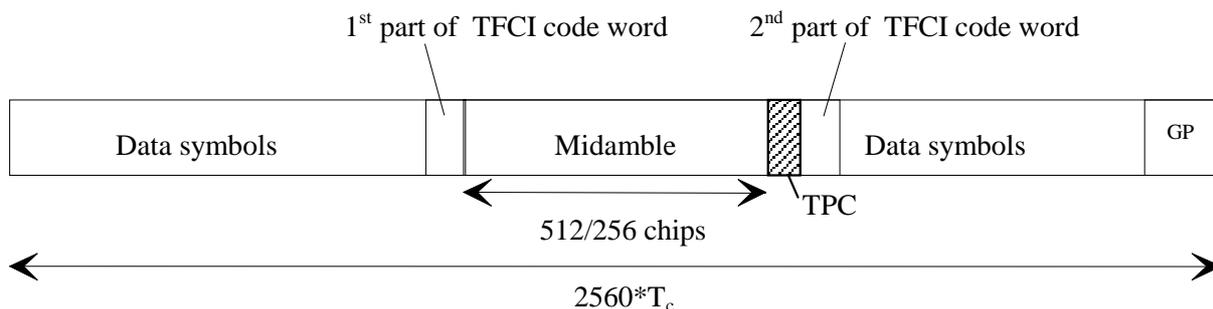


Figure 8: Position of the TFCI code word in the traffic burst in case of uplink

Two examples of TFCI transmission in the case of multiple DPCHs used for a connection are given in the Figure 9 and Figure 10 below. Combinations of the two schemes shown are also applicable.

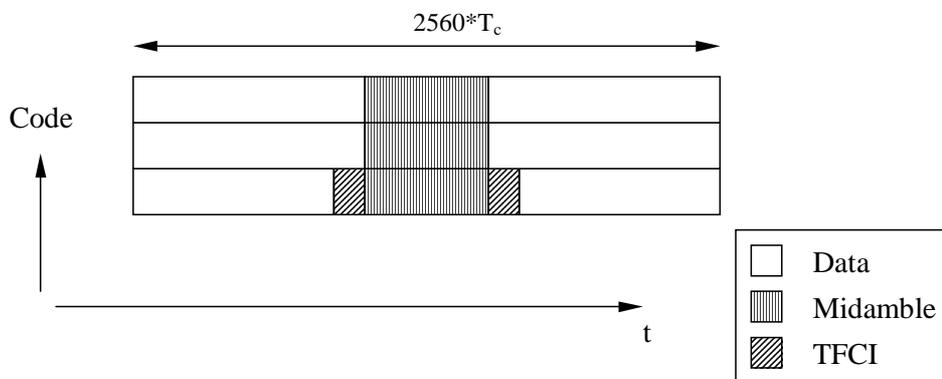


Figure 9: Example of TFCI transmission with physical channels multiplexed in code domain

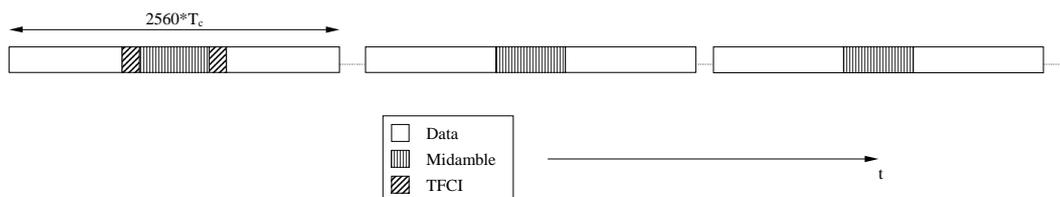


Figure 10: Example of TFCI transmission with physical channels multiplexed in time domain

In case the Node B receives an invalid TFI combination on the DCHs mapped to one CCTrCH the procedure described in [16] shall be applied. According to this procedure DTX shall be applied to all DPCHs to which the CCTrCH is mapped to.

5.2.2.5 Transmission of TPC

Burst types 1, 2 and 3 for dedicated channels provide the possibility for transmission of TPC in uplink.

The transmission of TPC is done in the data parts of the traffic burst. Independent of the SF that is applied to the data symbols in the burst, the data in the TPC field are always spread with SF=16 using the channelisation code in the branch with the highest code numbering of the allowed OVSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The TPC information is to be transmitted directly after the midamble. Figure 11 shows the position of the TPC in a traffic burst.

For every user the TPC information shall be transmitted at least once per transmitted frame. If a TFCI is applied for a CCTrCH, TPC shall be transmitted with the same channelization codes and in the same timeslots as the TFCI. If no TFCI is applied for a CCTrCH, TPC shall be transmitted using the physical channel corresponding to physical channel sequence number $p=1$. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

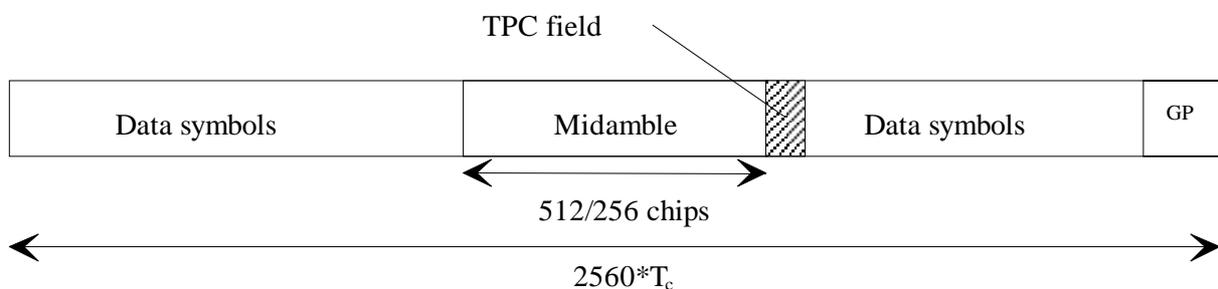


Figure 11: Position of TPC information in the traffic burst

The length of the TPC field is N_{TPC} bits. The TPC field is formed via repetition encoding a single bit b_{TPC} , N_{TPC} times.

The relationship between b_{TPC} and the TPC command is shown in table 4B.

Table 4B: TPC bit pattern

| b_{TPC} | TPC command | Meaning |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------|
| 0 | 'Down' | Decrease Tx Power |
| 1 | 'Up' | Increase Tx Power |

5.2.2.6 Timeslot formats

5.2.2.6.1 Downlink timeslot formats

The downlink timeslot format depends on the spreading factor, midamble length and on the number of the TFCI code word bits, as depicted in the table 5a. For MBSFN operation the timeslot format also depends upon the symbol modulation scheme used. Slot formats 20-27 are only applicable to MBSFN operation with burst type 4.

Table 5a: Time slot formats for the Downlink

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N_{TFCI} code word (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{\text{Data/Slot}}$ (bits) | $N_{\text{data/data field}}$ (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 | 16 | 512 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 |
| 1 | 16 | 512 | 4 | 244 | 240 | 120 |
| 2 | 16 | 512 | 8 | 244 | 236 | 118 |
| 3 | 16 | 512 | 16 | 244 | 228 | 114 |
| 4 | 16 | 512 | 32 | 244 | 212 | 106 |
| 5 | 16 | 256 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 |
| 6 | 16 | 256 | 4 | 276 | 272 | 136 |
| 7 | 16 | 256 | 8 | 276 | 268 | 134 |
| 8 | 16 | 256 | 16 | 276 | 260 | 130 |
| 9 | 16 | 256 | 32 | 276 | 244 | 122 |
| 10 | 1 | 512 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 |
| 11 | 1 | 512 | 4 | 3904 | 3900 | 1950 |
| 12 | 1 | 512 | 8 | 3904 | 3896 | 1948 |
| 13 | 1 | 512 | 16 | 3904 | 3888 | 1944 |
| 14 | 1 | 512 | 32 | 3904 | 3872 | 1936 |
| 15 | 1 | 256 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 |
| 16 | 1 | 256 | 4 | 4416 | 4412 | 2206 |
| 17 | 1 | 256 | 8 | 4416 | 4408 | 2204 |
| 18 | 1 | 256 | 16 | 4416 | 4400 | 2200 |
| 19 | 1 | 256 | 32 | 4416 | 4384 | 2192 |
| 20 (QPSK) | 16 | 320 | 0 | 264 | 264 | 132 |
| 21 (QPSK) | 16 | 320 | 16 | 264 | 248 | 124 |
| 22 (16QAM) | 16 | 320 | 0 | 528 | 528 | 264 |
| 23 (16QAM) | 16 | 320 | 16 | 528 | 512 | 256 |
| 24 (QPSK) | 1 | 320 | 0 | 4224 | 4224 | 2112 |
| 25 (QPSK) | 1 | 320 | 16 | 4224 | 4208 | 2104 |
| 26 (16QAM) | 1 | 320 | 0 | 8448 | 8448 | 4224 |
| 27 (16QAM) | 1 | 320 | 16 | 8448 | 8432 | 4216 |

5.2.2.6.2 Uplink timeslot formats

The uplink timeslot format depends on the spreading factor, midamble length, guard period length and on the number of the TFCI code word bits. Due to TPC, different amount of bits are mapped to the two data fields. The timeslot formats are depicted in the table 5b. Note that slot format #90 shall only be used for HS_SICH.

Table 5b: Timeslot formats for the Uplink

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | Guard Period (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 | 122 |
| 1 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 244 | 242 | 122 | 120 |
| 2 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 244 | 238 | 120 | 118 |
| 3 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 244 | 234 | 118 | 116 |
| 4 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 244 | 226 | 114 | 112 |
| 5 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 244 | 210 | 106 | 104 |
| 6 | 16 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 | 138 |
| 7 | 16 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 276 | 274 | 138 | 136 |
| 8 | 16 | 256 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 276 | 270 | 136 | 134 |
| 9 | 16 | 256 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 276 | 266 | 134 | 132 |
| 10 | 16 | 256 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 276 | 258 | 130 | 128 |
| 11 | 16 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 276 | 242 | 122 | 120 |
| 12 | 8 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 | 244 |
| 13 | 8 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 486 | 484 | 244 | 240 |
| 14 | 8 | 512 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 482 | 476 | 240 | 236 |
| 15 | 8 | 512 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 478 | 468 | 236 | 232 |
| 16 | 8 | 512 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 470 | 452 | 228 | 224 |
| 17 | 8 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 454 | 420 | 212 | 208 |
| 18 | 8 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 | 276 |
| 19 | 8 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 550 | 548 | 276 | 272 |
| 20 | 8 | 256 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 546 | 540 | 272 | 268 |
| 21 | 8 | 256 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 542 | 532 | 268 | 264 |
| 22 | 8 | 256 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 534 | 516 | 260 | 256 |
| 23 | 8 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 518 | 484 | 244 | 240 |
| 24 | 4 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 976 | 976 | 488 | 488 |
| 25 | 4 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 970 | 968 | 488 | 480 |
| 26 | 4 | 512 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 958 | 952 | 480 | 472 |
| 27 | 4 | 512 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 946 | 936 | 472 | 464 |
| 28 | 4 | 512 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 922 | 904 | 456 | 448 |
| 29 | 4 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 874 | 840 | 424 | 416 |
| 30 | 4 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 1104 | 1104 | 552 | 552 |
| 31 | 4 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 1098 | 1096 | 552 | 544 |
| 32 | 4 | 256 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 1086 | 1080 | 544 | 536 |
| 33 | 4 | 256 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 1074 | 1064 | 536 | 528 |
| 34 | 4 | 256 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 1050 | 1032 | 520 | 512 |
| 35 | 4 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 1002 | 968 | 488 | 480 |
| 36 | 2 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 1952 | 1952 | 976 | 976 |
| 37 | 2 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 1938 | 1936 | 976 | 960 |
| 38 | 2 | 512 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 1910 | 1904 | 960 | 944 |
| 39 | 2 | 512 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 1882 | 1872 | 944 | 928 |
| 40 | 2 | 512 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 1826 | 1808 | 912 | 896 |
| 41 | 2 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 1714 | 1680 | 848 | 832 |
| 42 | 2 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 2208 | 2208 | 1104 | 1104 |
| 43 | 2 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 2194 | 2192 | 1104 | 1088 |
| 44 | 2 | 256 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 2166 | 2160 | 1088 | 1072 |
| 45 | 2 | 256 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 2138 | 2128 | 1072 | 1056 |
| 46 | 2 | 256 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 2082 | 2064 | 1040 | 1024 |
| 47 | 2 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 1970 | 1936 | 976 | 960 |

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | Guard Period (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 48 | 1 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 | 1952 |
| 49 | 1 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 3874 | 3872 | 1952 | 1920 |
| 50 | 1 | 512 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 3814 | 3808 | 1920 | 1888 |
| 51 | 1 | 512 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 3754 | 3744 | 1888 | 1856 |
| 52 | 1 | 512 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 3634 | 3616 | 1824 | 1792 |
| 53 | 1 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 3394 | 3360 | 1696 | 1664 |
| 54 | 1 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 | 2208 |
| 55 | 1 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 2 | 4386 | 4384 | 2208 | 2176 |
| 56 | 1 | 256 | 96 | 4 | 2 | 4326 | 4320 | 2176 | 2144 |
| 57 | 1 | 256 | 96 | 8 | 2 | 4266 | 4256 | 2144 | 2112 |
| 58 | 1 | 256 | 96 | 16 | 2 | 4146 | 4128 | 2080 | 2048 |
| 59 | 1 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 2 | 3906 | 3872 | 1952 | 1920 |
| 60 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 232 | 232 | 122 | 110 |
| 61 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 232 | 230 | 122 | 108 |
| 62 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 232 | 226 | 120 | 106 |
| 63 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 232 | 222 | 118 | 104 |
| 64 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 232 | 214 | 114 | 100 |
| 65 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 232 | 198 | 106 | 92 |
| 66 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 464 | 464 | 244 | 220 |
| 67 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 462 | 460 | 244 | 216 |
| 68 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 458 | 452 | 240 | 212 |
| 69 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 454 | 444 | 236 | 208 |
| 70 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 446 | 428 | 228 | 200 |
| 71 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 430 | 396 | 212 | 184 |
| 72 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 928 | 928 | 488 | 440 |
| 73 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 922 | 920 | 488 | 432 |
| 74 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 910 | 904 | 480 | 424 |
| 75 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 898 | 888 | 472 | 416 |
| 76 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 874 | 856 | 456 | 400 |
| 77 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 826 | 792 | 424 | 368 |
| 78 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 1856 | 1856 | 976 | 880 |
| 79 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 1842 | 1840 | 976 | 864 |
| 80 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 1814 | 1808 | 960 | 848 |
| 81 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 1786 | 1776 | 944 | 832 |
| 82 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 1730 | 1712 | 912 | 800 |
| 83 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 1618 | 1584 | 848 | 736 |
| 84 | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 3712 | 3712 | 1952 | 1760 |
| 85 | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 3682 | 3680 | 1952 | 1728 |
| 86 | 1 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 3622 | 3616 | 1920 | 1696 |
| 87 | 1 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 3562 | 3552 | 1888 | 1664 |
| 88 | 1 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 3442 | 3424 | 1824 | 1600 |
| 89 | 1 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 3202 | 3168 | 1696 | 1472 |
| 90 | 16 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 8 | 244 | 236 | 122 | 114 |

5.2.3 Training sequences for spread bursts

In this subclause, the training sequences for usage as midambles in burst type 1, 2,3 and 4 (see subclause 5.2.2) are defined. The training sequences, i.e. midambles, of different users active in the same cell and same time slot are

cyclically shifted versions of one cell-specific single basic midamble code. In the case of MBSFN timeslots there is only a single midamble and this is derived from a single basic midamble code which is not necessarily cell-specific. The applicable basic midamble codes are given in Annex A.1 and A.2. As different basic midamble codes are required for different burst formats, the Annex A.1 shows the basic midamble codes \mathbf{m}_{pL} for burst type 1 and 3, and Annex A.2 shows \mathbf{m}_{pS} for burst types 2 and 4. It should be noted that burst type 2 must not be mixed with burst type 1 or 3 in the same timeslot of one cell and furthermore burst type 4 shall not be mixed with any other burst type in the same timeslot of one cell.

The basic midamble codes in Annex A.1 and A.2 are listed in hexadecimal notation. The binary form of the basic midamble code shall be derived according to table 6 below.

Table 6: Mapping of 4 binary elements m_i on a single hexadecimal digit

| 4 binary elements m_i | Mapped on hexadecimal digit |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| -1 -1 -1 -1 | 0 |
| -1 -1 -1 1 | 1 |
| -1 -1 1 -1 | 2 |
| -1 -1 1 1 | 3 |
| -1 1 -1 -1 | 4 |
| -1 1 -1 1 | 5 |
| -1 1 1 -1 | 6 |
| -1 1 1 1 | 7 |
| 1 -1 -1 -1 | 8 |
| 1 -1 -1 1 | 9 |
| 1 -1 1 -1 | A |
| 1 -1 1 1 | B |
| 1 1 -1 -1 | C |
| 1 1 -1 1 | D |
| 1 1 1 -1 | E |
| 1 1 1 1 | F |

For each particular basic midamble code, its binary representation can be written as a vector \mathbf{m}_p :

$$\mathbf{m}_p = (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_p) \quad (1)$$

According to Annex A.1, the size of this vector \mathbf{m}_p is $P=456$ for burst types 1 and 3. Annex A.2 is setting $P=192$ for burst types 2 and 4. As QPSK modulation is used, the training sequences are transformed into a complex form, denoted as the complex vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_p) \quad (2)$$

The elements \underline{m}_i of $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$ are derived from elements m_i of \mathbf{m}_p using equation (3):

$$\underline{m}_i = (j)^i \cdot m_i \text{ for all } i = 1, \dots, P \quad (3)$$

Hence, the elements \underline{m}_i of the complex basic midamble code are alternating real and imaginary.

To derive the required training sequences (different shifts), this vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$ is periodically extended to the size:

$$i_{\max} = L_m + (K'-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor \quad (4)$$

Notes on equation (4):

- L_m : Midamble length
- K' : Maximum number of different midamble shifts in a cell, when no intermediate shifts are used. This value depends on the midamble length.

- K: Maximum number of different midamble shifts in a cell, when intermediate shifts are used, $K=2K'$. This value depends on the midamble length.

Note that intermediate shifts are not used for burst type 4, i.e $K=K'=1$ for burst type 4

- W: Shift between the midambles, when the number of midambles is K' .
- $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denotes the largest integer smaller or equal to x

Allowed values for L_m , K' and W are given in Annex A.1 and A.2.

So we obtain a new vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ containing the periodic basic midamble sequence:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}} = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_{i_{\max}}) = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_{L_m + (K'-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor}) \quad (5)$$

The first P elements of this vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ are the same ones as in vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$, the following elements repeat the beginning:

$$\underline{m}_i = \underline{m}_{i-P} \text{ for the subset } i = (P+1), \dots, i_{\max} \quad (6)$$

Using this periodic basic midamble sequence $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ for each shift k a midamble $\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)}$ of length L_m is derived, which can be written as a shift specific vector:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)} = (\underline{m}_1^{(k)}, \underline{m}_2^{(k)}, \dots, \underline{m}_{L_m}^{(k)}) \quad (7)$$

The L_m midamble elements $\underline{m}_i^{(k)}$ are generated for each midamble of the first K' shifts ($k = 1, \dots, K'$) based on:

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K'-k)W} \text{ with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = 1, \dots, K' \quad (8)$$

The elements of midambles for the second K' shifts ($k = (K'+1), \dots, K = (K'+1), \dots, 2K'$) are generated based on a slight modification of this formula introducing intermediate shifts:

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K-k-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor} \text{ with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = K'+1, \dots, K-1 \quad (9)$$

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K'-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor} \text{ with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = K \quad (10)$$

The number K_{Cell} of midambles that is supported in each cell can be smaller than K , depending on the cell size and the possible delay spreads, see annex A. The number K_{Cell} is signalled by higher layers. The midamble sequences derived according to equations (7) to (10) have complex values and are not subject to channelisation or scrambling process, i.e. the elements $\underline{m}_i^{(k)}$ represent complex chips for usage in the pulse shaping process at modulation.

The term 'a midamble code set' or 'a midamble code family' denotes K specific midamble codes $\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)}$; $k=1, \dots, K$, based on a single basic midamble code $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$ according to (1).

5.2.4 Beamforming

When DL beamforming is used, at least that user to which beamforming is applied and which has a dedicated channel shall get one individual midamble according to subclause 5.2.3, even in DL. DL beamforming is not applied to timeslots containing burst type 4.

5.3 Common physical channels

5.3.1 Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)

The BCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto the Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH). The position (time slot / code) of the P-CCPCH is known from the Physical Synchronisation Channel (PSCH), see subclause 5.3.4.

5.3.1.1 P-CCPCH Spreading

The P-CCPCH uses fixed spreading with a spreading factor $SF = 16$ as described in subclause 5.2.1.1. The P-CCPCH always uses channelisation code $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$.

5.3.1.2 P-CCPCH Burst Types

The burst type 1 as described in subclause 5.2.2 is used for the P-CCPCH unless the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN then burst type 4 is used for P-CCPCH. No TFCI is applied for the P-CCPCH.

5.3.1.3 P-CCPCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the P-CCPCH.

5.3.2 Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)

PCH and FACH as described in subclause 4.1.2 are mapped onto one or more secondary common control physical channels (S-CCPCH). In this way the capacity of PCH and FACH can be adapted to the different requirements.

5.3.2.1 S-CCPCH Spreading

The S-CCPCH uses fixed spreading with a spreading factor $SF = 16$ as described in subclause 5.2.1.1. When S-CCPCH is used for MBSFN operation the spreading factor may be $SF = 16$ or $SF = 1$.

5.3.2.2 S-CCPCH Burst Types

The burst types 1,2 or 4 as described in subclause 5.2.2 are used for the S-CCPCHs. TFCI may be applied for S-CCPCHs.

5.3.2.2A S-CCPCH Modulation

When S-CCPCH is used for MBSFN operation, burst type 4 shall be used and the modulation may be QPSK or 16QAM, see table 5A for slot formats. When S-CCPCH is used for all other purposes the modulation shall be QPSK.

5.3.2.3 S-CCPCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the S-CCPCH.

5.3.3 The physical random access channel (PRACH)

The RACH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one uplink physical random access channel (PRACH).

5.3.3.1 PRACH Spreading

The uplink PRACH uses either spreading factor $SF=16$ or $SF=8$ as described in subclause 5.2.1.2. The set of admissible spreading codes for use on the PRACH and the associated spreading factors are broadcast on the BCH (within the RACH configuration parameters on the BCH).

5.3.3.2 PRACH Burst Type

The UEs send uplink access bursts of type 3 randomly in the PRACH. TFCI and TPC are not applied for the PRACH.

5.3.3.3 PRACH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, of different users active in the same time slot are time shifted versions of a single periodic basic code. The basic midamble codes for burst type 3 are shown in Annex A. The necessary time shifts are obtained by choosing either *all* $k=1,2,3,\dots,K$ (for cells with small radius) or *uneven* $k=1,3,5,\dots\leq K$ (for cells with large radius). Different cells use different periodic basic codes, i.e. different midamble sets.

For cells with large radius additional midambles may be derived from the time-inverted Basic Midamble Sequence. Thus, the second Basic Midamble Code m_2 is the time inverted version of Basic Midamble Code m_1 .

In this way, a joint channel estimation for the channel impulse responses of all active users within one time slot can be performed by a maximum of two cyclic correlations (in cells with small radius, a single cyclic correlator suffices). The different user specific channel impulse response estimates are obtained sequentially in time at the output of the cyclic correlators.

5.3.3.4 PRACH timeslot formats

For the PRACH the timeslot format is only spreading factor dependent. The timeslot formats 60 and 66 of table 5b are applicable for the PRACH.

5.3.3.5 Association between Training Sequences and Channelisation Codes

For the PRACH there exists a fixed association between the training sequence and the channelisation code. The generic rule to define this association is based on the order of the channelisation codes $c_Q^{(k)}$ given by k and the order of the midambles $m_j^{(k)}$ given by k , firstly, and j , secondly, with the constraint that the midamble for a spreading factor Q is the same as in the upper branch for the spreading factor $2Q$. The index $j=1$ or 2 indicates whether the original Basic Midamble Sequence ($j=1$) or the time-inverted Basic Midamble Sequence is used ($j=2$).

- For the case that all k are allowed and only one periodic basic code m_1 is available for the RACH, the association depicted in figure 12 is straightforward.
- For the case that only odd k are allowed the principle of the association is shown in figure 13. This association is applied for one and two basic periodic codes.

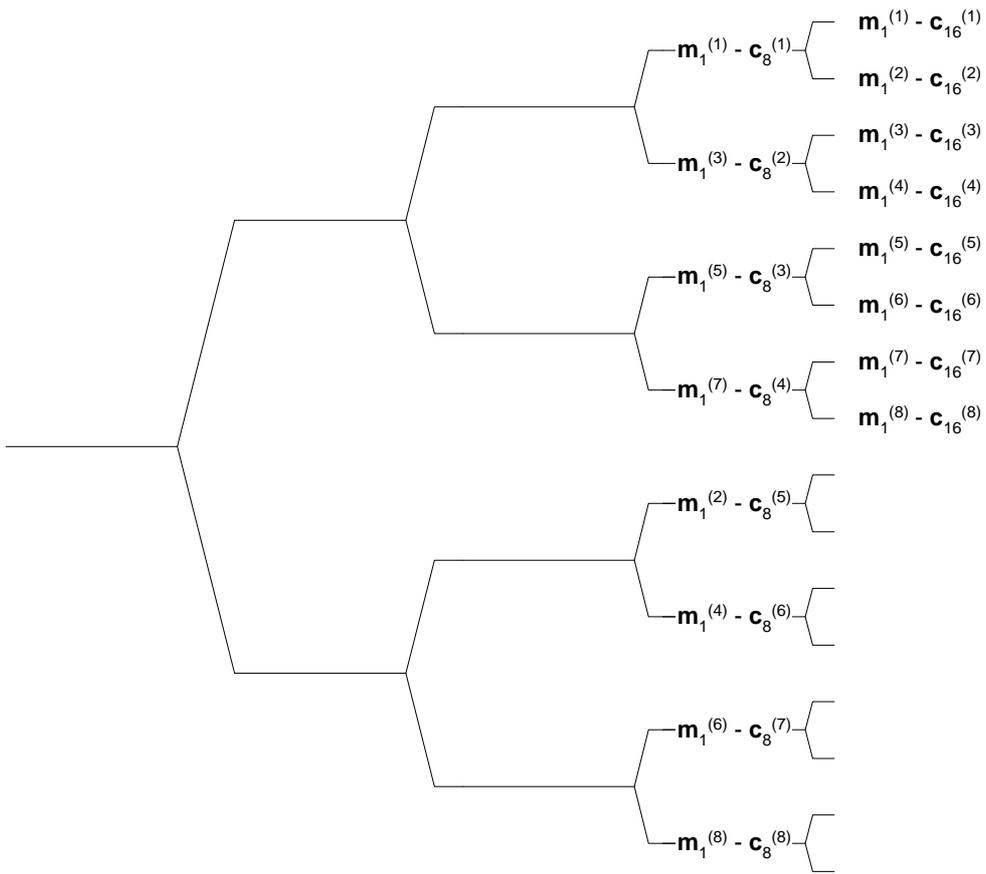


Figure 12: Association of Midambles to Channelisation Codes in the OVFS tree for all k

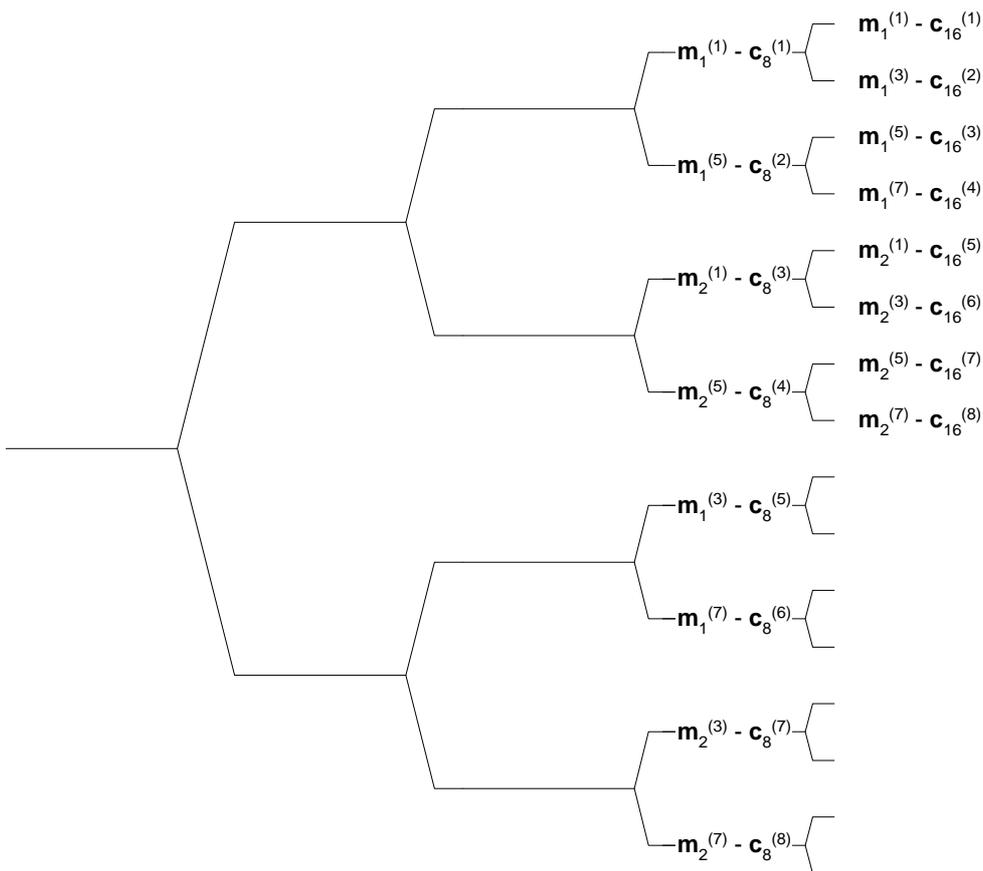


Figure 13: Association of Midambles to Channelisation Codes in the OVSF tree for odd k

5.3.4 The synchronisation channel (SCH)

In TDD mode code group of a cell can be derived from the synchronisation channel. In order not to limit the uplink/downlink asymmetry the SCH is mapped on one or two downlink slots per frame only.

There are two cases of SCH and P-CCPCH allocation as follows:

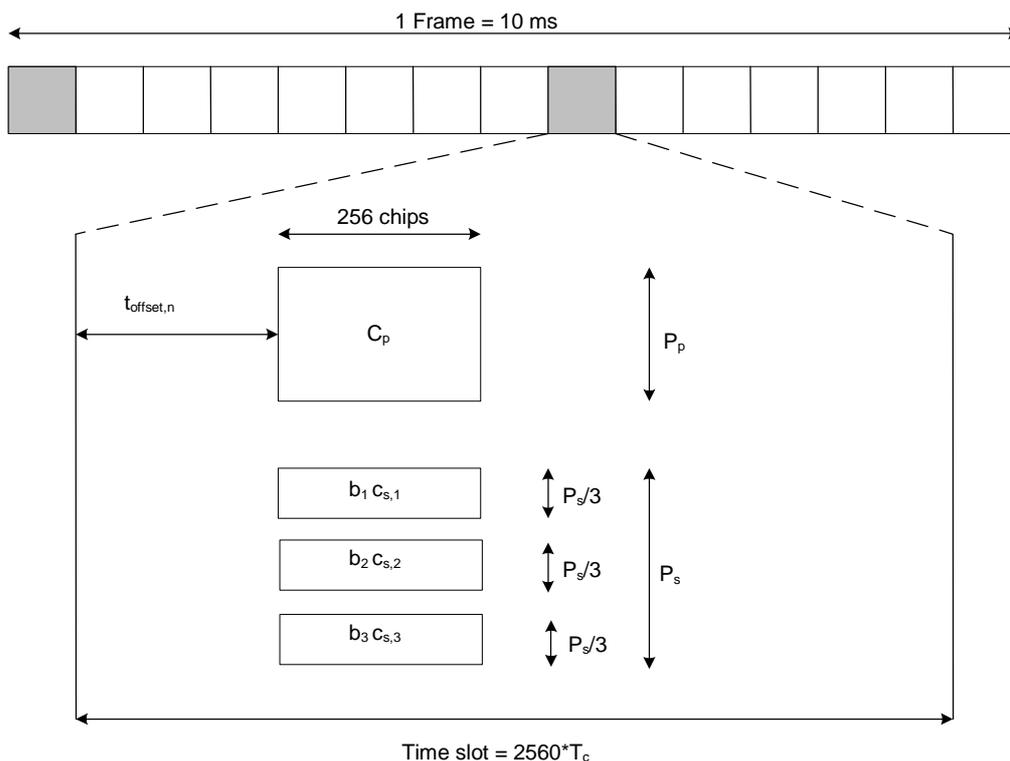
- Case 1) SCH and P-CCPCH allocated in TS#k, $k=0\dots14$
- Case 2) SCH allocated in two TS: TS#k and TS#k+8, $k=0\dots6$; P-CCPCH allocated in TS#k.

Only case 1 is supported in the case that the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN.

The position of SCH (value of k) in frame can change on a long term basis in any case.

Due to this SCH scheme, the position of P-CCPCH is known from the SCH.

Figure 14 is an example for transmission of SCH, $k=0$, of Case 2.



$$b_i \in \{\pm 1, \pm j\}, C_{s,i} \in \{C_0, C_1, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_8, C_{10}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}\}, i=1,2,3; \text{ see [8]}$$

Figure 14: Scheme for Synchronisation channel SCH consisting of one primary sequence Cp and 3 parallel secondary sequences Cs,i in slot k and k+8 (example for k=0 in Case 2)

As depicted in figure 14, the SCH consists of a primary and three secondary code sequences each 256 chips long. The primary and secondary code sequences are defined in [8] clause 7 'Synchronisation codes for the 3.84 Mcps option'.

Due to mobile to mobile interference, it is mandatory for public TDD systems to keep synchronisation between base stations. As a consequence of this, a capture effect concerning SCH can arise. The time offset $t_{\text{offset},n}$ enables the system to overcome the capture effect.

The time offset $t_{\text{offset},n}$ is one of 32 values, depending on the code group of the cell, n, cf. 'table 6 Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and t_{offset} ' in [8]. Note that the cell parameter will change from frame to frame, cf. 'Table 7 Alignment of cell parameter cycling and system frame number' in [8], but the cell will belong to only one code group and thus have one time offset $t_{\text{offset},n}$. The exact value for $t_{\text{offset},n}$, regarding column 'Associated t_{offset} ' in table 6 in [8] is given by:

$$t_{\text{offset},n} = \begin{cases} n \cdot 48 \cdot T_c & n < 16 \\ (720 + n \cdot 48) T_c & n \geq 16 \end{cases}; \quad n = 0, \dots, 31$$

5.3.5 Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)

The USCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more physical uplink shared channels (PUSCH). Timing advance, as described in [9], subclause 4.3, is applied to the PUSCH.

5.3.5.1 PUSCH Spreading

The spreading factors that can be applied to the PUSCH are SF = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 as described in subclause 5.2.1.2.

5.3.5.2 PUSCH Burst Types

Burst types 1, 2 or 3 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for PUSCH. TFCI and TPC can be transmitted on the PUSCH.

5.3.5.3 PUSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the PUSCH.

5.3.5.4 UE Selection

The UE that shall transmit on the PUSCH is selected by higher layer signalling.

5.3.6 Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH)

The DSCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more physical downlink shared channels (PDSCH).

5.3.6.1 PDSCH Spreading

The PDSCH uses either spreading factor $SF = 16$ or $SF = 1$ as described in subclause 5.2.1.1.

5.3.6.2 PDSCH Burst Types

Burst types 1 or 2 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for PDSCH. TFCI can be transmitted on the PDSCH.

5.3.6.3 PDSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the PDSCH.

5.3.6.4 UE Selection

To indicate to the UE that there is data to decode on the DSCH, three signalling methods are available:

- 1) using the TFCI field of the associated channel or PDSCH;
- 2) using on the DSCH user specific midamble derived from the set of midambles used for that cell;
- 3) using higher layer signalling.

When the midamble based method is used, the UE specific midamble allocation method shall be employed (see subclause 5.6), and the UE shall decode the PDSCH if the PDSCH was transmitted with the midamble assigned to the UE by UTRAN. For this method no other physical channels may use the same time slot as the PDSCH and only one UE may share the PDSCH time slot within one TTI.

Note: From the above mentioned signalling methods, only the higher layer signalling method is supported by higher layers in this release.

5.3.7 The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH)

The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) is a physical channel used to carry the paging indicators.

5.3.7.1 Mapping of Paging Indicators to the PICH bits

Figure 15 depicts the structure of a PICH burst and the numbering of the bits within the burst. The same burst type is used for the PICH in every cell. N_{PIB} bits in a normal burst of type 1 or 2 are used to carry the paging indicators, where N_{PIB} depends on the burst type: $N_{PIB}=240$ for burst type 1 and $N_{PIB}=272$ for burst type 2. The bits $s_{N_{PIB}+1}, \dots, s_{N_{PIB}+4}$ adjacent to the midamble are reserved for possible future use.

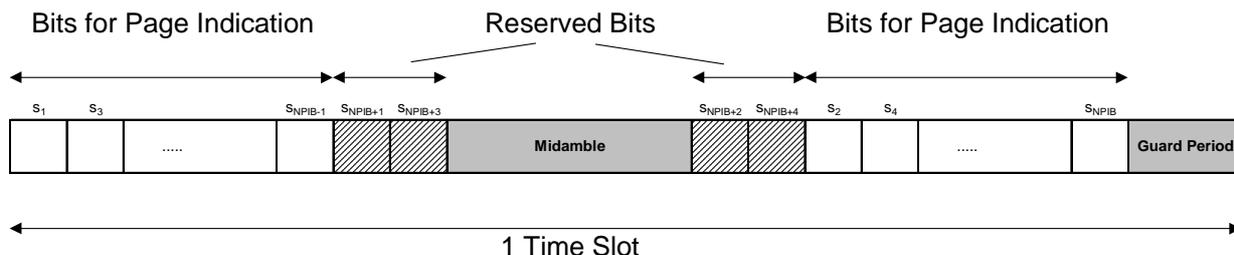


Figure 15: Transmission and numbering of paging indicator carrying bits in a PICH burst

Each paging indicator P_q in one time slot is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{PI} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{PI} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ within this time slot. Thus, due to the interleaved transmission of the bits half of the symbols used for each paging indicator are transmitted in the first data part, and the other half of the symbols are transmitted in the second data part, as exemplary shown in figure 16 for a paging indicator length L_{PI} of 4 symbols.

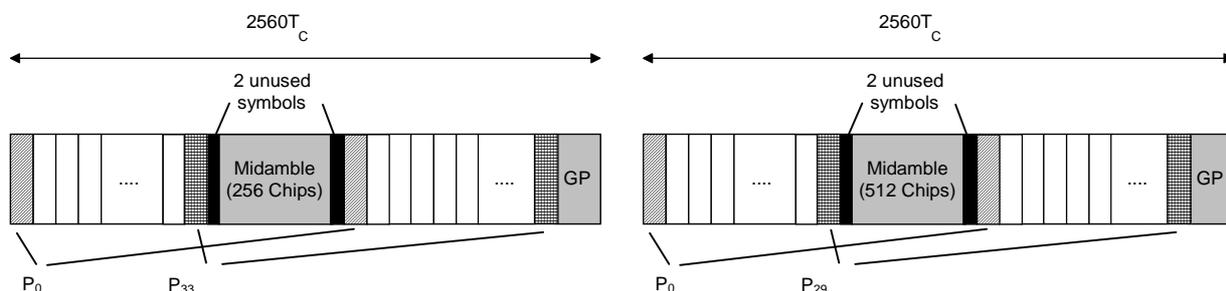


Figure 16: Example of mapping of paging indicators on PICH bits for $L_{PI}=4$

The setting of the paging indicators and the corresponding PICH bits (including the reserved ones) is described in [7].

N_{PI} paging indicators of length $L_{PI}=2$, $L_{PI}=4$ or $L_{PI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each radio frame that contains the PICH. The number of paging indicators N_{PI} per radio frame is given by the paging indicator length and the burst type, which are both known by higher layer signalling. In table 7 this number is shown for the different possibilities of burst types and paging indicator lengths.

Table 7: Number N_{PI} of paging indicators per time slot for the different burst types and paging indicator lengths L_{PI}

| | $L_{PI}=2$ | $L_{PI}=4$ | $L_{PI}=8$ |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Burst Type 1 | $N_{PI}=60$ | $N_{PI}=30$ | $N_{PI}=15$ |
| Burst Type 2 | $N_{PI}=68$ | $N_{PI}=34$ | $N_{PI}=17$ |

5.3.7.2 Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames

As shown in figure 17, the paging indicators of N_{PICH} consecutive frames form a PICH block, N_{PICH} is configured by higher layers. Thus, $N_P=N_{PICH} \cdot N_{PI}$ paging indicators are transmitted in each PICH block.

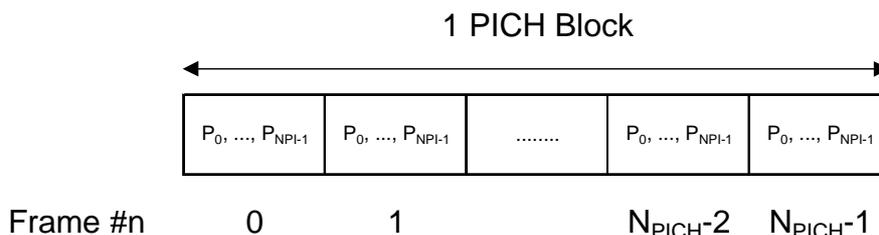


Figure 17: Structure of a PICH block

The value PI (PI = 0, ..., N_P-1) calculated by higher layers for use for a certain UE, see [15], is associated to the paging indicator P_q in the n th frame of one PICH block, where q is given by

$$q = \text{PI mod } N_{PI}$$

and n is given by

$$n = \text{PI div } N_{PI}$$

The PI bitmap in the PCH data frames over I_{ub} contains indication values for all possible higher layer PI values, see [17]. Each bit in the bitmap indicates if the paging indicator P_q associated with that particular PI shall be set to 0 or 1. Hence, the calculation in the formulas above is to be performed in Node B to make the association between PI and P_q .

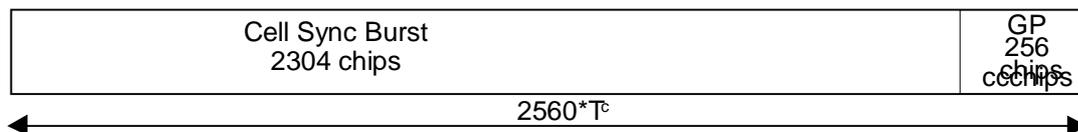
5.3.7.3 PICH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles for the PICH, are generated as described in subclause 5.2.3. The allocation of midambles depends on whether SCTD is applied to the PICH.

- If no antenna diversity is applied to the PICH the midambles can be allocated as described in subclause 5.6.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to the PICH the allocation of midambles shall be as described in [9].

5.3.8 The physical node B synchronisation channel (PNBSCH)

In case cell sync bursts are used for Node B synchronisation the PNBSCH shall be used for the transmission of the cell sync burst [8]. The PNBSCH shall be mapped on the same timeslot as the PRACH acc. to a higher layer schedule. The cell sync burst shall be transmitted at the beginning of a timeslot. In case of Node B synchronisation via the air interface the transmission of a RACH may be prohibited on higher layer command in specified frames and timeslots.



5.3.9 High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH)

The HS-DSCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more high speed physical downlink shared channels (HS-PDSCH).

5.3.9.1 HS-PDSCH Spreading

The HS-PDSCH shall use either spreading factor SF = 16 or SF=1, as described in 5.2.1.1.

5.3.9.2 HS-PDSCH Burst Types

Burst types 1 or 2 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for PDSCH. TFCI shall not be transmitted on the HS-PDSCH. The TF of the HS-DSCH is derived from the associated HS-SCCH.

5.3.9.3 HS-PDSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the HS-PDSCH.

5.3.9.4 UE Selection

To indicate to the UE that there is data to decode on the HS-DSCH, the UE id on the associated HS-SCCH shall be used.

5.3.9.5 HS-PDSCH timeslot formats

An HS-PDSCH may use QPSK or 16QAM modulation symbols. The time slot formats are shown in table 7A.

Table 7A: Time slot formats for the HS-PDSCH

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N_{TFCI} code word (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{\text{Data/Slot}}$ (bits) | $N_{\text{data/data field}}$ (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 |
| 1 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 |
| 2 (QPSK) | 16 | 256 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 |
| 3 (16QAM) | 16 | 256 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 |
| 4 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 |
| 5 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 |
| 6 (QPSK) | 1 | 256 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 |
| 7(16QAM) | 1 | 256 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 |

5.3.10 Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH)

The HS-SCCH is a DL physical channel that carries higher layer control information for HS-DSCH. The physical layer will process this information according to [7] and will transmit the resulting bits on the HS-SCCH the structure of which is described below.

5.3.10.1 HS-SCCH Spreading

The HS-SCCH shall use spreading factor $SF = 16$, as described in 5.2.1.1.

5.3.10.2 HS-SCCH Burst Types

Burst type 1 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for HS-SCCH. TFCI shall not be transmitted on the HS-SCCH.

5.3.10.3 HS-SCCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the HS-SCCH.

5.3.10.4 HS-SCCH timeslot formats

The HS-SCCH always uses time slot format #0 from table 5a, see section 5.2.2.6.1.

5.3.11 Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH)

The HS-SICH is a UL physical channel that carries higher layer control information and the Channel Quality Indicator CQI for HS-DSCH. The physical layer will process this information according to [7] and will transmit the resulting bits on the HS-SICH the structure of which is described below.

5.3.11.1 HS-SICH Spreading

The HS-SICH shall use spreading factor $SF = 16$, as described in 5.2.1.2.

5.3.11.2 HS-SICH Burst Types

Burst type 1 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for HS-SICH. TFCI shall not be transmitted on the HS-SICH, however, the HS-SICH shall carry TPC information.

5.3.11.3 HS-SICH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the HS-SICH.

5.3.11.4 HS-SICH timeslot formats

The HS-SICH shall use time slot format #90 from table 5b, see section 5.2.2.6.2.

5.3.12 The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH)

The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) is a physical channel used to carry the MBMS notification indicators. The UE may use multiple MICH within the MBMS modification period in order to make decisions on individual MBMS notification indicators.

5.3.12.1 Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst types 1 and 2

Figure 17a depicts the structure of a MICH burst and the numbering of the bits within the burst. The same burst type is used for the MICH in every cell. N_{NIB} bits in a normal burst of type 1 or 2 are used to carry the MBMS notification indicators, where N_{NIB} depends on the burst type: $N_{NIB}=240$ for burst type 1 and $N_{NIB}=272$ for burst type 2. The bits $s_{N_{NIB}+1}, \dots, s_{N_{NIB}+4}$ adjacent to the midamble are reserved for possible future use.

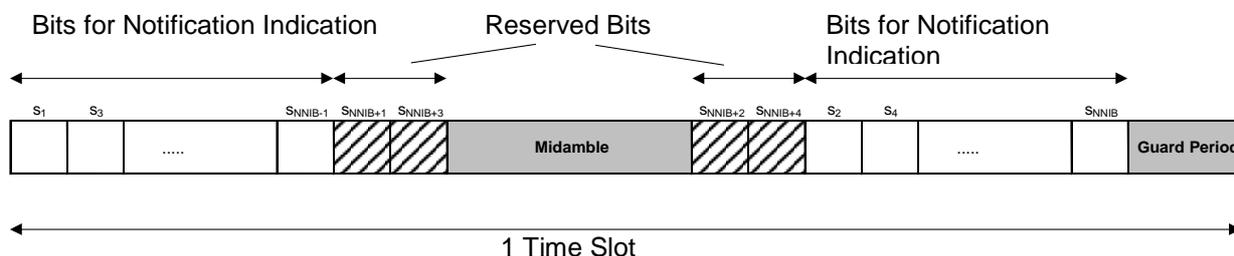


Figure 17a: Transmission and numbering of MBMS notification indicator carrying bits in a MICH burst using burst types 1 and 2

Each notification indicator N_q in one time slot is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{NI} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{NI} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ within this time slot. Thus, due to the interleaved transmission of the bits half of the symbols used for each MBMS notification indicator are transmitted in the first data part, and the other half of the symbols are transmitted in the second data part: an example is shown in figure 17b for a MBMS notification indicator length L_{NI} of 4 symbols.

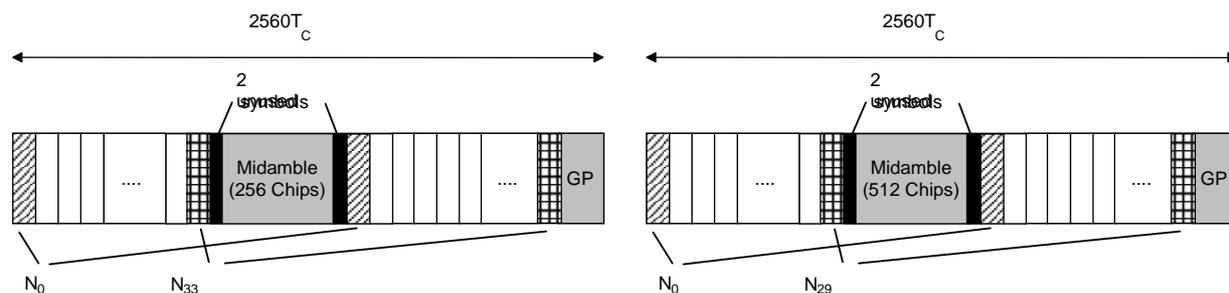


Figure 17b: Example of mapping of MBMS notification indicators on MICH bits for $L_{NI}=4$ for burst types 2 and 1 respectively

The setting of the MBMS notification indicators and the corresponding MICH bits (including the reserved ones) is described in [7].

N_n MBMS notification indicators of length $L_{NI}=2, L_{NI}=4$ or $L_{NI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each MICH. The number of MBMS notification indicators N_n per MICH is given by the MBMS notification indicator length and the burst type, which are both known by higher layer signalling. In table 7B this number is shown for burst types 1 and 2 and differing MBMS notification indicator lengths.

Table 7B: Number N_n of MBMS notification indicators per time slot for the different burst types 1 and 2 and differing MBMS notification indicator lengths L_{NI}

| | $L_{NI}=2$ | $L_{NI}=4$ | $L_{NI}=8$ |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Burst Type 1 | $N_n=60$ | $N_n=30$ | $N_n=15$ |
| Burst Type 2 | $N_n=68$ | $N_n=34$ | $N_n=17$ |

The value NI ($NI = 0, \dots, N_{NI}-1$) calculated by higher layers, is associated to the MBMS notification indicator N_q , where $q = NI \bmod N_n$.

The set of NI passed over the I_{ub} indicates all higher layer NI values for which the notification indicator on MICH should be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period; all other indicators shall be set to 0.

5.3.12.1A Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst type 4

When an entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN operation, the MICH shall use burst type 4. In this case $N_{NIB}=256$ and there are 8 reserved/unused bits adjacent to the midamble reserved for possible future use. The transmission and numbering of MBMS notification indicator carrying bits in a MICH burst is similar to that of figure 17a with the exception of 4 reserved bits either side of the midamble as opposed to 2 for burst types 1 and 2. An example mapping is shown in figure 17ba for a MBMS notification indicator length L_{NI} of 4 symbols.

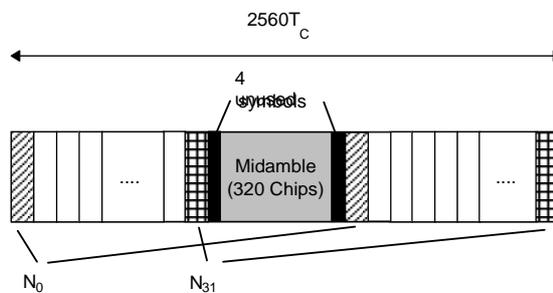


Figure 17ba: Example of mapping of MBMS notification indicators on MICH bits for $L_{NI}=4$ for burst type 4

The setting of the MBMS notification indicators and the corresponding MICH bits (including the reserved ones) is described in [7].

N_n MBMS notification indicators of length $L_{NI}=2, L_{NI}=4$ or $L_{NI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each MICH. The number of MBMS notification indicators N_n per MICH is given by the MBMS notification indicator length and the burst type, which are both known by higher layer signalling. In table 7BA this number is shown for the different possibilities of burst types and MBMS notification indicator lengths.

Table 7BA: Number N_n of MBMS notification indicators per time slot for burst type 4 and differing MBMS notification indicator lengths L_{NI}

| | $L_{NI}=2$ | $L_{NI}=4$ | $L_{NI}=8$ |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Burst Type 4 | $N_n=64$ | $N_n=32$ | $N_n=16$ |

The value NI ($NI = 0, \dots, N_{NI}-1$) calculated by higher layers, is associated to the MBMS notification indicator N_q , where $q = NI \bmod N_n$.

The set of NI passed over the I_{ub} indicates all higher layer NI values for which the notification indicator on MICH should be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period; all other indicators shall be set to 0.

5.3.12.2 MICH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles for the MICH, are generated as described in subclause 5.2.3. The allocation of midambles depends on whether SCTD is applied to the MICH.

- If no antenna diversity is applied the MICH the midambles can be allocated as described in subclause 5.6.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to the MICH the allocation of midambles shall be as described in [9].

Note that when the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN operation MICH employs burst type 4 as described in subclause 5.3.12.1A. Burst type 4 supports a single midamble and hence SCTD is precluded from operation in such a scenario.

5.3.13 E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH)

One or more E-PUCH are used to carry the uplink E-DCH transport channel and associated control information (E-UCCH) in each E-DCH TTI. In a timeslot designated by UTRAN for E-PUCH use, up to one E-PUCH may be transmitted by a UE. No other physical channels may be transmitted by a UE in an E-PUCH timeslot.

Timing advance, as described in [9], subclause 4.3, is applied to the E-PUCH.

5.3.13.1 E-UCCH

The E-DCH Uplink Control Channel (E-UCCH) carries uplink control information associated with the E-DCH and is carried within indicator fields mapped to E-PUCH. Depending on the configuration by higher layers, an E-PUCH burst may or may not contain E-UCCH and TPC. When E-PUCH does contain E-UCCH, TPC is also transmitted. When E-PUCH does not contain E-UCCH, TPC is not transmitted.

Higher layers shall indicate the maximum number of timeslots (N_{E-UCCH}) that may contain E-UCCH/TPC in the E-DCH TTI. For an allocation of n_{TS} E-PUCH timeslots, the UE shall transmit E-UCCH and TPC on the first m allocated timeslots of the E-DCH TTI, where $m = \min(n_{TS}, N_{E-UCCH})$.

The E-UCCH comprises two parts, E-UCCH part 1 and E-UCCH part 2.

E-UCCH part 1:

- is of length 32 physical channel bits
- is mapped to the TFCI field of the E-PUCH (16 bits either side of the midamble)
- is spread at SF=16 using the channelisation code in the branch with the highest code numbering of the allowed OVSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]
- uses QPSK modulation

E-UCCH part 2:

- is of length 32 physical channel bits
- is spread using the same spreading factor as the data payloads
- uses the same modulation as the data payloads

Figures 17c and 17d show the E-PUCH data burst with and without the E-UCCH/TPC fields.

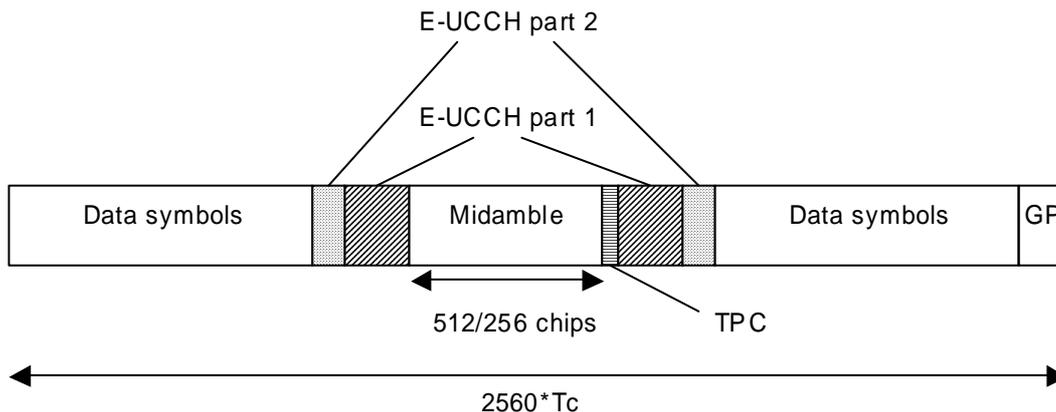


Figure 17c: Location of E-UCCH part 1, E-UCCH part 2 and TPC in the E-PUCH data burst

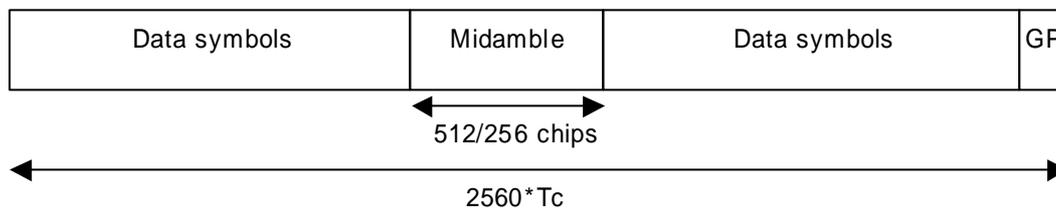


Figure 17d: E-PUCH data burst without E-UCCH/TPC

5.3.13.2 E-PUCH Spreading

The spreading factors that can be applied to the E-PUCH are SF = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 as described in subclause 5.2.1.2.

5.3.13.3 E-PUCH Burst Types

Burst types 1, 2 or 3 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for E-PUCH. E-UCCH and TPC can be transmitted on the E-PUCH.

5.3.13.4 PUSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the E-PUCH.

5.3.13.5 UE Selection

UEs that shall transmit on the E-PUCH are selected by higher layers. The UE id on the associated E-AGCH shall be used for identification.

5.3.13.6 E-PUCH timeslot formats

An E-PUCH may use QPSK or 16QAM modulation symbols and may or may not contain E-UCCH/TPC. The time slot formats are shown in table 7c.

Table 7c: Timeslot formats for E-PUCH

| slot format # | SF | Midamble Length (chips) | GP (chips) | N _{EUCCH1} (bits) | N _{EUCCH2} (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{data/slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 | 122 |
| 1 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 | 244 |
| 2 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 244 | 178 | 90 | 88 |
| 3 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 454 | 388 | 196 | 192 |
| 4 (QPSK) | 16 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 | 138 |
| 5 (16QAM) | 16 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 | 276 |
| 6 (QPSK) | 16 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 276 | 210 | 106 | 104 |
| 7 (16QAM) | 16 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 518 | 452 | 228 | 224 |
| 8 (QPSK) | 8 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 | 244 |
| 9 (16QAM) | 8 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 976 | 976 | 488 | 488 |
| 10 (QPSK) | 8 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 454 | 388 | 196 | 192 |
| 11 (16QAM) | 8 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 874 | 808 | 408 | 400 |
| 12 (QPSK) | 8 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 | 276 |
| 13 (16QAM) | 8 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1104 | 1104 | 552 | 552 |
| 14 (QPSK) | 8 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 518 | 452 | 228 | 224 |
| 15 (16QAM) | 8 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1002 | 936 | 472 | 464 |
| 16 (QPSK) | 4 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 976 | 976 | 488 | 488 |
| 17 (16QAM) | 4 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1952 | 1952 | 976 | 976 |
| 18 (QPSK) | 4 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 874 | 808 | 408 | 400 |
| 19 (16QAM) | 4 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1714 | 1648 | 832 | 816 |
| 20 (QPSK) | 4 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1104 | 1104 | 552 | 552 |
| 21 (16QAM) | 4 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2208 | 2208 | 1104 | 1104 |
| 22 (QPSK) | 4 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1002 | 936 | 472 | 464 |
| 23 (16QAM) | 4 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1970 | 1904 | 960 | 944 |
| 24 (QPSK) | 2 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1952 | 1952 | 976 | 976 |
| 25 (16QAM) | 2 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 | 1952 |
| 26 (QPSK) | 2 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1714 | 1648 | 832 | 816 |
| 27 (16QAM) | 2 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3394 | 3328 | 1680 | 1648 |
| 28 (QPSK) | 2 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2208 | 2208 | 1104 | 1104 |
| 29 (16QAM) | 2 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 | 2208 |
| 30 (QPSK) | 2 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1970 | 1904 | 960 | 944 |
| 31 (16QAM) | 2 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3906 | 3840 | 1936 | 1904 |
| 32 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 | 1952 |
| 33 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 | 3904 |
| 34 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3394 | 3328 | 1680 | 1648 |
| 35 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 6754 | 6688 | 3376 | 3312 |
| 36 (QPSK) | 1 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 | 2208 |
| 37 (16QAM) | 1 | 256 | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 | 4416 |
| 38 (QPSK) | 1 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3906 | 3840 | 1936 | 1904 |
| 39 (16QAM) | 1 | 256 | 96 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 7778 | 7712 | 3888 | 3824 |
| 40 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 232 | 232 | 122 | 110 |
| 41 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464 | 464 | 244 | 220 |
| 42 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 232 | 166 | 90 | 76 |
| 43 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 430 | 364 | 196 | 168 |
| 44 (QPSK) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464 | 464 | 244 | 220 |
| 45 (16QAM) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 928 | 928 | 488 | 440 |

| slot format # | SF | Midamble Length (chips) | GP (chips) | NEUCCH1 (bits) | NEUCCH2 (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{data/slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 46 (QPSK) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 430 | 364 | 196 | 168 |
| 47 (16QAM) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 826 | 760 | 408 | 352 |
| 48 (QPSK) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 928 | 928 | 488 | 440 |
| 49 (16QAM) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1856 | 1856 | 976 | 880 |
| 50 (QPSK) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 826 | 760 | 408 | 352 |
| 51 (16QAM) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1618 | 1552 | 832 | 720 |
| 52 (QPSK) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1856 | 1856 | 976 | 880 |
| 53 (16QAM) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3712 | 3712 | 1952 | 1760 |
| 54 (QPSK) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1618 | 1552 | 832 | 720 |
| 55 (16QAM) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3202 | 3136 | 1680 | 1456 |
| 56 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3712 | 3712 | 1952 | 1760 |
| 57 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7424 | 7424 | 3904 | 3520 |
| 58 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3202 | 3136 | 1680 | 1456 |
| 59 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 6370 | 6304 | 3376 | 2928 |

5.3.14 E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH)

The E-RUCCH is used to carry E-DCH-associated uplink control signalling when E-PUCH resources are not available. The characteristics of the E-RUCCH physical channel are identical to those of PRACH (see subclause 5.3.3).

Physical resources available for E-RUCCH are configured by higher layers. E-RUCCH may be mapped to the same physical resources that are assigned for PRACH.

5.3.15 E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

The E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) is a downlink physical channel carrying the uplink E-DCH absolute grant control information. E-AGCH carries a TPC field (located immediately after the midamble and spread using SF16) which is used to control the E-PUCH power. Figure 17e illustrates the burst structure of the E-AGCH.

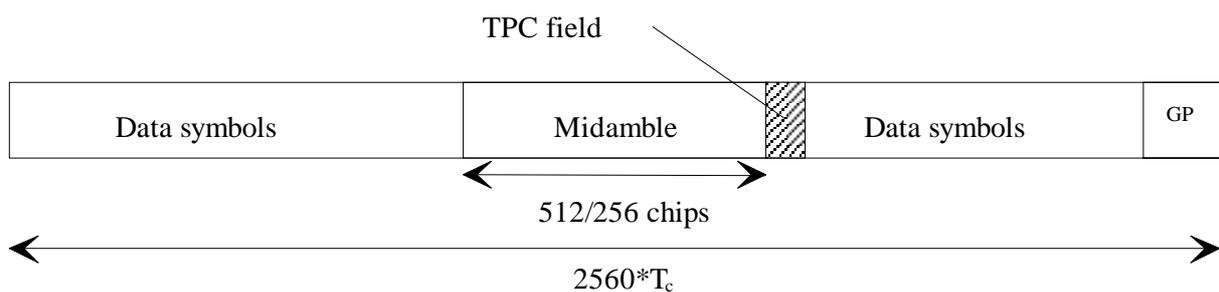


Figure 17e: Burst structure of E-AGCH

One E-DCH absolute grant for a UE shall be transmitted over one E-AGCH.

5.3.15.1 E-AGCH Spreading

The E-AGCH shall use spreading factor SF = 16, as described in 5.2.1.1.

5.3.15.2 E-AGCH Burst Types

Burst types 1 and 2 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for E-AGCH. TPC shall be transmitted on E-AGCH whereas TFCI shall not be transmitted.

5.3.15.3 E-AGCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the E-AGCH.

5.3.15.4 E-AGCH timeslot formats

The E-AGCH uses the timeslot formats of Table 7d. These augment downlink slot formats 0...19 of table 5a, see subclause 5.2.2.6.1.

Table 7d: Time slot formats for E-AGCH

| Slot Format # | SF | Midamble length (chips) | N_{TFCI} code word (bits) | N_{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{Data/Slot}$ (bits) | $N_{data/data}$ field (1) (bits) | $N_{data/data}$ field (2) (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 20 | 16 | 512 | 0 | 2 | 244 | 242 | 122 | 120 |
| 21 | 16 | 256 | 0 | 2 | 276 | 274 | 138 | 136 |

5.3.16 E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Acknowledgement Indicator Channel (E-HICH)

The E-DCH HARQ Acknowledgement indicator channel (E-HICH) is defined in terms of a SF16 downlink physical channel and a signature sequence. The E-HICH carries the uplink E-DCH hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator. Figure 17f illustrates the structure of the E-HICH.

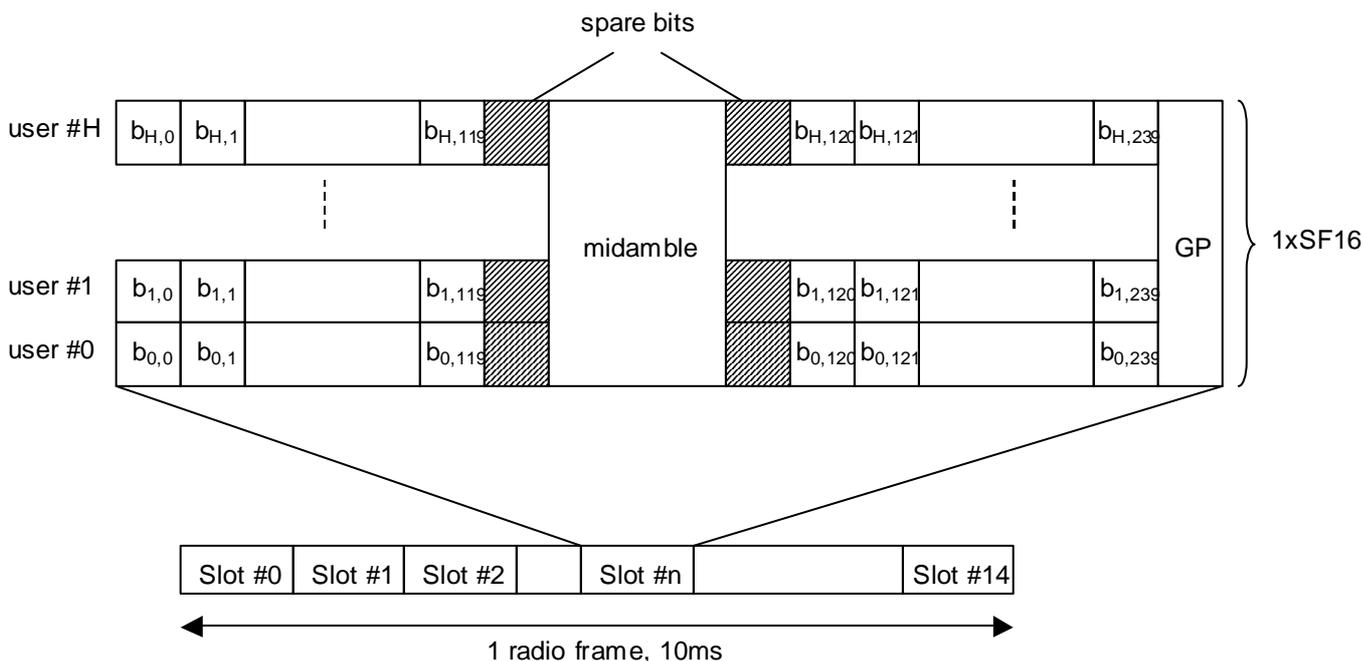


Figure 17f – E-HICH Structure

A single channelisation code may carry one or multiple signature sequences. Each signature sequence conveys a HARQ acknowledgement indicator. A maximum of one indicator may be transmitted to a UE. Each acknowledgement indicator is coded to form a signature sequence of 240 bits (b_0, b_1, \dots, b_{239}) as defined in [7] and is transmitted within a single E-HICH timeslot. The E-HICH also contains U spare bit locations, where $U=4$ for burst type 1 and $U=36$ for burst type 2. The spare bit values are not defined.

5.3.16.1 E-HICH Spreading

Signature sequences (including spare bits inserted) that share the same channelisation code are combined and spread using spreading factor SF=16 as described in [8].

5.3.16.2 E-HICH Burst Types

Burst types 1 and 2 as described in subclause 5.2.2 can be used for E-HICH. Neither TFCI nor TPC shall be transmitted on the E-HICH.

5.3.16.3 E-HICH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5.2.3 are used for the E-HICH.

5.4 Transmit Diversity for DL Physical Channels

Table 8 summarizes the different transmit diversity schemes for different downlink physical channel types that are described in [9].

Table 8: Application of Tx diversity schemes on downlink physical channel types
"X" – can be applied, "-" – must not be applied

| Physical channel type | Open loop Tx Diversity | | Closed loop Tx Diversity |
|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| | TSTD | SCTD ^(*) | |
| P-CCPCH | – | X(†) | – |
| S-CCPCH | X(**) | X(†) | -- |
| SCH | X | – | – |
| DPCH | – | – | X |
| PDSCH | – | X | X |
| PICH | – | X | – |
| MICH | – | X(†) | – |
| HS-SCCH | -- | X | X |
| HS-PDSCH | -- | X | X |
| E-AGCH | -- | X | X |
| E-HICH | -- | X | -- |

(*) Note: SCTD may only be applied to physical channels when they are allocated to beacon locations.

(**) Note: TSTD may not be applied to S-CCPCH in beacon locations.

(†) Note: that when the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN operation SCTD shall not be applied.

5.5 Beacon characteristics of physical channels

For the purpose of measurements, common physical channels that are allocated to particular locations (time slot, code) shall have particular physical characteristics, called beacon characteristics. Physical channels with beacon characteristics are called beacon channels. The locations of the beacon channels are called beacon locations. The ensemble of beacon channels shall provide the beacon function, i.e. a reference power level at the beacon locations, regularly existing in each radio frame. Thus, beacon channels must be present in each radio frame, the only exception is when idle periods are used to support time difference measurements for location services [9]. Then it may be possible that the beacon channels occur in the same frame and time slot as the idle periods. In this case, the beacon channels will not be transmitted in that particular frame and time slot.

5.5.1 Location of beacon channels

The beacon locations are determined by the SCH and depend on the SCH allocation case, see subclause 5.3.4:

- Case 1) The beacon function shall be provided by the physical channels that are allocated to channelisation code $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ and to TS#k, k=0,...,14.

- Case 2) The beacon function shall be provided by the physical channels that are allocated to channelisation code $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ and to TS#k and TS#k+8, k=0,...,6.

Note that by this definition the P-CCPCH always has beacon characteristics.

5.5.2 Physical characteristics of beacon channels

The beacon channels shall have the following physical characteristics. They:

- are transmitted with reference power;
- are transmitted without beamforming;
- use burst type 1 or burst type 4 when MBSFN is applied to beacon channels;
- use midamble $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ exclusively in this time slot; and
- midambles $m^{(9)}$ and $m^{(10)}$ are always left unused in this time slot, if 16 midambles are allowed in that cell.

Note that in the time slot where the P-CCPCH is transmitted only the midambles $m^{(1)}$ to $m^{(8)}$ shall be used, see 5.6.1. Thus, midambles $m^{(9)}$ and $m^{(10)}$ are always left unused in this time slot.

Note that when MBSFN is applied to beacon channels there is a single midamble and hence midamble $m^{(1)}$ is exclusively used in the timeslot.

The reference power corresponds to the sum of the power allocated to both midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$. Two possibilities exist:

- If SCTD antenna diversity is not applied to beacon channels all the reference power of any beacon channel is allocated to $m^{(1)}$.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to beacon channels, for any beacon channel midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ are each allocated half of the reference power.

5.6 Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels

Midambles are part of the physical channel configuration which is performed by higher layers. Three different midamble allocation schemes exist:

- UE specific midamble allocation: A UE specific midamble for DL or UL is explicitly assigned by higher layers.
- Default midamble allocation: The midamble for DL or UL is allocated by layer 1 depending on the associated channelisation code.
- Common midamble allocation: The midamble for the DL is allocated by layer 1 depending on the number of channelisation codes currently being present in the DL time slot.

If a midamble is not explicitly assigned and the use of the common midamble allocation scheme is not signalled by higher layers, the midamble shall be allocated by layer 1, based on the default midamble allocation scheme. This default midamble allocation scheme is given by a fixed association between midambles and channelisation codes, see clause A.3, and shall be applied individually to all channelisation codes within one time slot. Different associations apply for different burst types and cell configurations with respect to the maximum number of midambles.

For timeslots employing MBSFN operation burst type 4 is used and hence DL beamforming is not applied, subclause 5.2.4. Furthermore, as this burst type contains only a single midamble, i.e. $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$, then all physical channels in such timeslots employ the same midamble and thus default and common midamble allocation amount to the same allocation strategies.

5.6.1 Midamble Allocation for DL Physical Channels

Beacon channels shall always use the reserved midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$, see 5.5. For DL physical channels that are located in the same time slot as the P-CCPCH, midambles shall be allocated based on the default midamble allocation

scheme, using the association for burst type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ midambles. For all other DL physical channels, the midamble is explicitly assigned by higher layers or allocated by layer 1.

5.6.1.1 Midamble Allocation by signalling from higher layers

UE specific midambles may be signalled by higher layers to UE's as a part of the physical channel configuration, if:

- multiple UEs use the physical channels in one DL time slot; and
- beamforming is applied to all of these DL physical channels; and
- no closed loop TxDiversity is applied to any of these DL physical channels;

or

- PDSCH physical layer signalling based on the midamble is used.

5.6.1.2 Midamble Allocation by layer 1

5.6.1.2.1 Default midamble

If a midamble is not explicitly assigned and the use of the common midamble allocation scheme is not signalled by higher layers, the UE shall derive the midambles from the allocated channelisation codes and shall use an individual midamble for each channelisation code group containing one primary and a set of secondary channelisation codes. The association between midambles and channelisation code groups is given in annex A.3. All the secondary channelisation codes within a set use the same midamble as the primary channelisation code to which they are associated.

Higher layers shall allocate the channelisation codes in a particular order. Secondary codes shall only be allocated if the associated primary code is also allocated. If midambles are reserved for the beacon channels, all primary and secondary channelisation codes that are associated with the reserved midambles shall not be used.

Channelisation codes of one channelisation code group shall not be allocated to different UE's.

In the case that secondary channelisation codes are used, secondary channelisation codes of one channelisation code group shall be allocated in ascending order, with respect to their numbering, and beginning with the lowest code index in this channelisation code group.

The UE shall assume different channel estimates for each of the individual midambles.

The default midamble allocation shall not apply for those downlink channels that are intended for a UE which will be the only UE assigned to a given time slot or slots for the duration of the assigned channel's existence (as in the case of high rate services).

5.6.1.2.2 Common Midamble

The use of the common midamble allocation scheme is signalled to the UE by higher layers as a part of the physical channel configuration. A common midamble may be assigned by layer 1 to all physical channels in one DL time slot, if:

- a single UE uses all physical channels in one DL time slot (as in the case of high rate service);

or

- multiple UEs use the physical channels in one DL time slot; and
- no beamforming is applied to any of these DL physical channels; and
- no closed loop TxDiversity is applied to any of these DL physical channels; and
- midambles are not used for PDSCH physical layer signalling.

The number of channelisation codes currently employed in the DL time slot is associated with the use of a particular common midamble. Different associations apply for different burst types and cell configurations with respect to the maximum number of midambles, see annex B.

5.6.2 Midamble Allocation for UL Physical Channels

If the midamble is explicitly assigned by higher layers, an individual midamble shall be assigned to all UE's in one UL time slot.

If no midamble is explicitly assigned by higher layers, the UE shall derive the midamble from the channelisation code that is used for the data part (except for TFCI/TPC) of the burst. Note that in the event that code hopping is employed the midamble is derived from the channelisation code actually transmitted (i.e. the code used after the hop sequence has been applied – see [9]). The associations between midamble and channelisation code are the same as for DL physical channels.

5.7 Midamble Transmit Power

There shall be no offset between the sum of the powers allocated to all midambles in a timeslot and the sum of the powers allocated to the data symbol fields. The transmit power within a timeslot is hence constant.

The midamble transmit power of beacon channels is equal to the reference power. If SCTD is used for beacon channels, the reference power is equally divided between the midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$.

The midamble transmit power of all other physical channels depends on the midamble allocation scheme used. The following rules apply

- In case of Default Midamble Allocation, every midamble is transmitted with the same power as the associated codes.
- In case of Common Midamble Allocation in the downlink, the transmit power of this common midamble is such that there is no power offset between the data parts and the midamble part of the overall transmit signal within one time slot.
- In case of UE Specific Midamble Allocation, the transmit power of the UE specific midamble is such that there is no power offset between the data parts and the midamble part of every user within one time slot.

The following figure 18 depicts the midamble powers for the different channel types and midamble allocation schemes.

Note 1: In figure 18, the codes $c(1)$ to $c(16)$ represent the set of usable codes and not the set of used codes.

Note 2: The common midamble allocation and the midamble allocation by higher layers are not applicable in those beacon time slots, in which the P-CCPCH is located, see section 5.6.1.

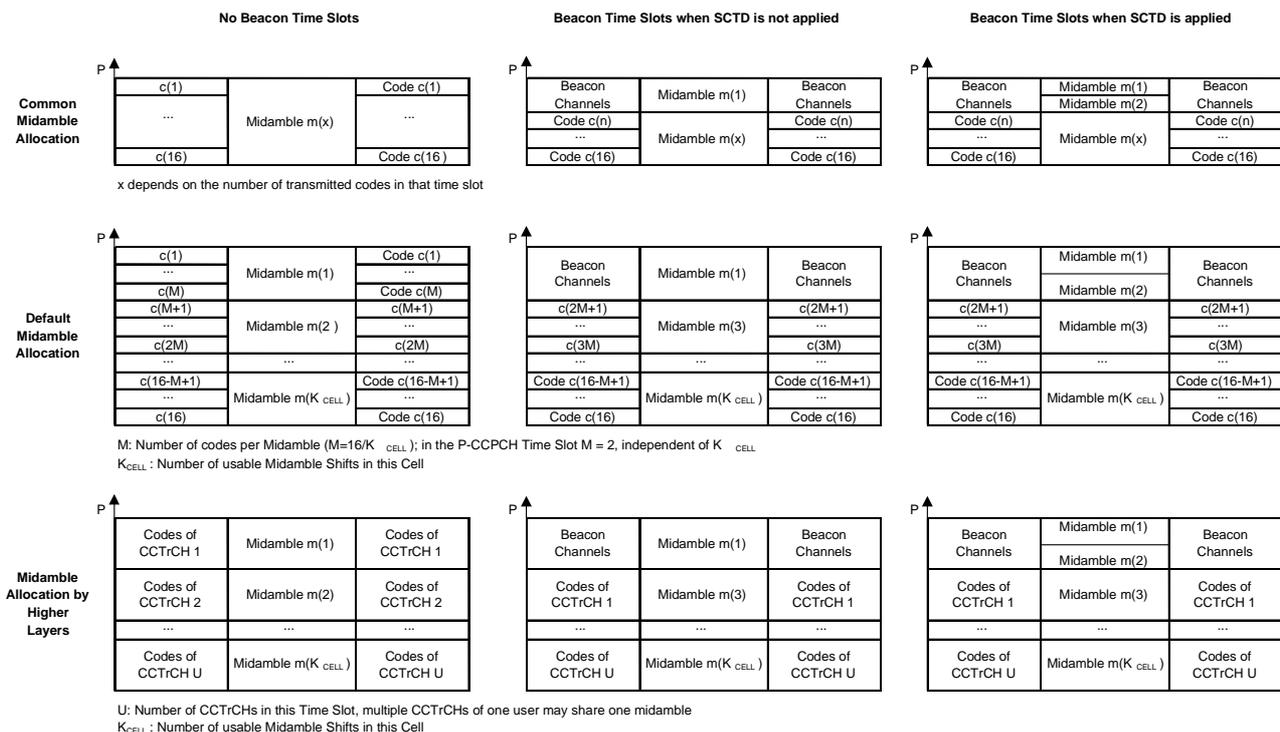


Figure 18: Midamble powers for the different midamble allocation schemes

5.8 Physical channels for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option

Physical channels are defined by a specific carrier frequency, scrambling code, channelization code and in some cases a time start & stop (giving a duration). Scrambling and channelization codes are specified in [8]. Time durations are defined by start and stop instants, measured in integer multiples of chips. Suitable multiples of chips also used in specification are:

- Radio frame: A radio frame is a processing duration which consists of 15 slots. The length of a radio frame corresponds to 38400 chips (10 ms).
- Slot: A slot is a duration which consists of fields containing bits. The length of a slot corresponds to 2560 chips.
- Sub-frame: A sub-frame corresponds to 3 slots (2 ms).

The default time duration for a physical channel is continuous from the instant when it is started to the instant when it is stopped. Physical channels that are not continuous will be explicitly described. In the case of 2 ms physical channel duration, the physical channel is active for only one 2 ms sub-frame (7680 chips) per radio frame. A physical channel of 2 ms duration may start at one of 5 start instances per radio frame. These correspond to 0 ms, 2 ms, 4 ms, 6 ms or 8 ms following the commencement of the radio frame and are denoted as sub-frames 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively.

Transport channels are described (in more abstract higher layer models of the physical layer) as being capable of being mapped to physical channels. Within the physical layer itself the exact mapping is from a composite coded transport channel (CCTrCH) to the data part of a physical channel. In addition to data parts there are also channel control parts and physical signals. For the IMB option, both a continuous and a discontinuous pilot physical channel shall be transmitted using specific OVFSF channelisation codes.

The IMB option is only applicable for dedicated carrier MBSFN operations in which all TDD slots of the radio frame are configured in the downlink direction. All physical channels are common and downlink only.

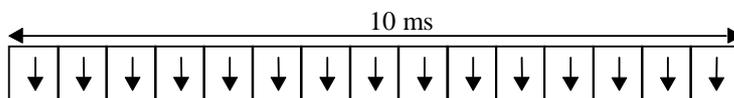


Figure 18iA: Downlink transmissions in all TDD slots

5.8.1 Transmit diversity

Transmit diversity is not applicable to IMB physical channels for MBSFN operations.

5.8.2 Common physical channels

The common physical channels used on a dedicated carrier for the IMB option are P-CPICH, T-CPICH, P-CCPCH, S-CCPCH frame type 1, S-CCPCH frame type 2, SCH and MICH.

5.8.2.1 Primary Common Pilot Channel (P-CPICH)

The primary common pilot channel (P-CPICH) is a fixed rate (30 kbps, SF=256) downlink physical channel using QPSK modulation and carrying a pre-defined bit sequence in which all bits are set to logical "0". The P-CPICH is transmitted continuously on all slots of the radio frame. Figure 18iiA shows the frame structure of the P-CPICH.

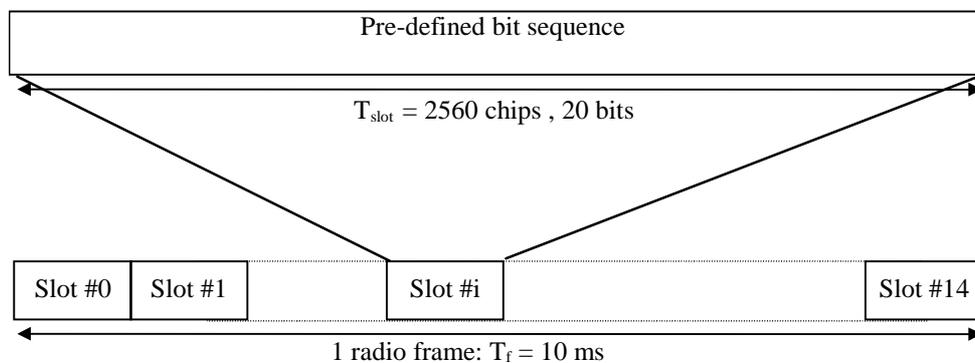


Figure 18iiA: Frame structure for Primary Common Pilot Channel

The P-CPICH has the following characteristics:

- The same channelization code is always used for the P-CPICH, see [8];
- The P-CPICH is scrambled by the primary scrambling code, see [8];
- There is one and only one P-CPICH per MBSFN cluster;
- The P-CPICH is broadcast over the entire MBSFN cluster.

5.8.2.2 Time-multiplexed Common Pilot Channel (T-CPICH)

The time-multiplexed common pilot channel (T-CPICH) is composed of a set of 15 SF=16 physical channels using 16-QAM modulation, each carrying a pre-defined pilot bit sequence of length 64 bits. All of the channelization codes used to carry T-CPICH are OVSF codes as defined in [8] and are orthogonal to the P-CPICH. The T-CPICH chip-level sequence has a length of 256 chips and is transmitted at the end of each slot of the radio frame. The T-CPICH is not transmitted during the first 2304 chips of each slot. The structure of the T-CPICH is shown in figure 18iiiA.

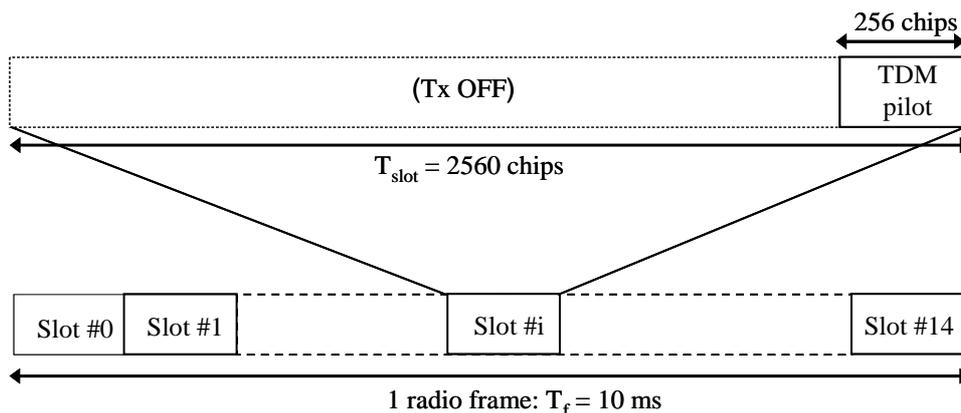


Figure 18iiiA: Structure of the Time-multiplexed Common Pilot Channel (T-CPICH)

The T-CPICH has the following characteristics:

- The T-CPICH is scrambled by the same scrambling code as P-CPICH
- There is one and only one T-CPICH per MBSFN cluster;
- The T-CPICH is broadcasted over the entire MBSFN cluster

The UE may use the T-CPICH as the phase reference for all downlink physical channels.

The pilot bit sequences carried on T-CPICH are defined as a function of the scrambling code index used for the MBSFN cluster and the slot index in which the T-CPICH is transmitted. With index n of the primary scrambling code as defined in [4] and with the index $i = 0 \dots 14$, of the slot in which the T-CPICH is transmitted, the T-CPICH pilot bit sequences $B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0} \dots B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,959}$ are defined in table CD.1 of annex CD. For each slot index i , the bit sequences $B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0} \dots B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,959}$ are a concatenation of the 15 bit sequences $b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0,m} \dots b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,63,m}$ carried on each OVSF code $C_{ch,16,m}$ (see [8]) with $m = 1 \dots 15$ such that:

$$\{ B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0}, B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,1}, \dots, B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,959} \} = \{ \{ b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0,1}, b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,1,1} \dots b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,63,1} \}, \dots \{ b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0,2}, b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,1,2} \dots b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,63,2} \}, \dots \dots \{ b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0,15}, b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,1,15} \dots b^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,63,15} \} \}$$

The OVSF code $C_{ch,16,0}$ is not used by T-CPICH.

5.8.2.3 Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)

The Primary CCPCH is a fixed rate (30 kbps, SF=256) downlink physical channels used to carry the BCH transport channel. The BCH transport channel has a fixed transport format combination, hence the Primary CCPCH does not support TFCI. The P-CCPCH uses QPSK modulation.

Figure 18ivA shows the frame structure of the P-CCPCH. The P-CCPCH is not transmitted during the first and last 256 chips of each slot. Instead, Primary SCH and Secondary SCH are transmitted during first DTX period and T-CPICH is transmitted during the last DTX period.

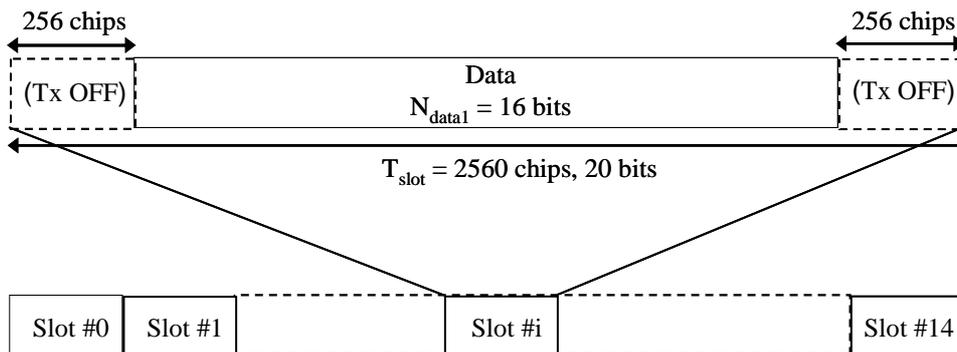


Figure 18ivA: Frame structure for Primary Common Control Physical Channel

5.8.2.4 Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)

The Secondary CCPCH is used to carry FACH transport channels.

For MBSFN IMB, there are two types of Secondary CCPCH:

- Secondary CCPCH frame type 1; consists of 15 slots per radio frame
- Secondary CCPCH frame type 2; consists of 3 slots (i.e. one sub-frame) per radio frame.

Both of the Secondary CCPCH frame types may include TFCI in order to support multiple transport format combinations. It is the UTRAN that determines if a TFCI should be transmitted, hence making it mandatory for all UEs to support the use of TFCI. The structures of the Secondary CCPCH frame type 1 and Secondary CCPCH frame type 2 are shown in figure 18vA and figure 18viA, respectively.

Physical channel bits of Secondary CCPCH frame type 1 slots are mapped to a QPSK signal point constellation whereas physical channel bits of Secondary CCPCH frame type 2 can be mapped either to QPSK or 16QAM signal point constellations. In the case of Secondary CCPCH frame type 2, the signal point constellation to be used for the data field is given by higher layer signalling.

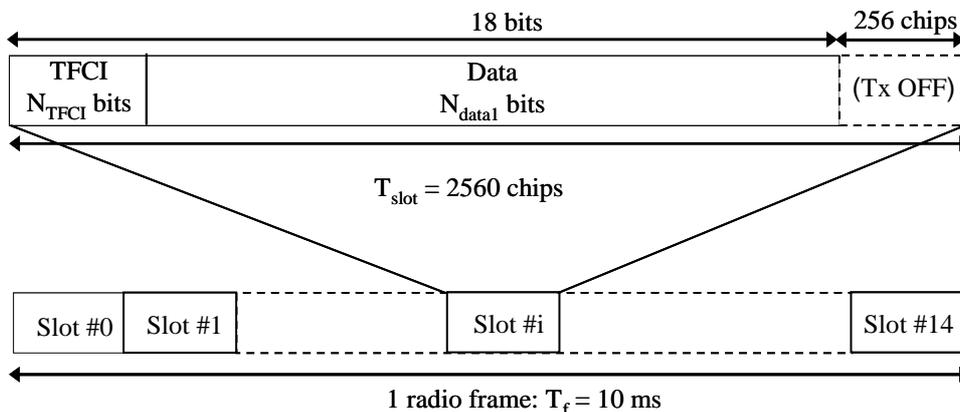


Figure 18vA: Frame structure for Secondary Common Control Physical Channel frame type 1

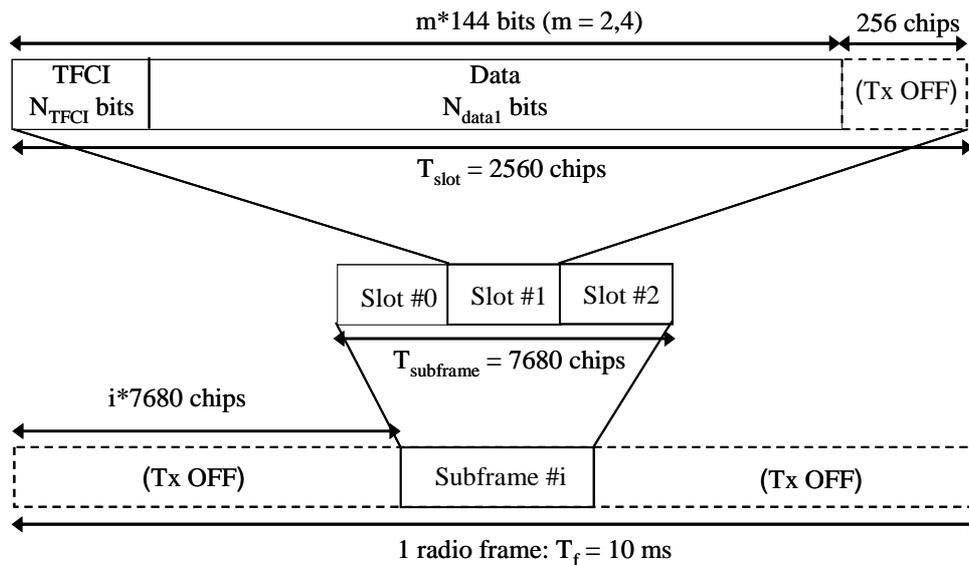


Figure 18viA: Frame structure for Secondary Common Control Physical Channel frame type 2

The parameter m in figure 18viA determines the total number of bits per Secondary CCPCH slot. The parameter m takes the value of 2 for QPSK modulation and 4 for 16-QAM modulation. The sub-frame index i in figure 18viA determines the start position of the sub-frame within the radio frame.

The values for the number of bits per field are given in table 8iA in which the channel bit and symbol rates are the rates immediately before spreading.

A FACH transport channel may be mapped to one Secondary CCPCH of frame type 1 or to one or more Secondary CCPCHs of frame type 2 that reside within the same sub-frame.

Table 8iA: Secondary CCPCH frame type 1 and 2 fields

| Slot Format #i | Channel Bit Rate (kbps) | Channel Symbol Rate (kbps) | SF | S-CCPCH frame type | Bits/ Frame | Bits/ Slot | N_{data1} | N_{TFCI} |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 0 | 30 | 15 | 256 | 1 | 270 | 18 | 18 | 0 |
| 1 | 30 | 15 | 256 | 1 | 270 | 18 | 16 | 2 |
| 2 | 480 | 240 | 16 | 2 | 864 | 288 | 288 | 0 |
| 3 | 480 | 240 | 16 | 2 | 864 | 288 | 272 | 16 |
| 4* | 960 | 240 | 16 | 2 | 1728 | 576 | 576 | 0 |
| 5* | 960 | 240 | 16 | 2 | 1728 | 576 | 560 | 16** |

* Slot formats applicable to 16QAM.

** This indicates that the number of modulation symbols occupied by TFCI is 4. As described in [7] and [8], QPSK modulation is applied to 8 TFCI bits per slot which results in the same number of 4 TFCI symbols

For slot formats using TFCI, the TFCI value in each radio frame corresponds to a certain transport format combination of the FACHs currently in use. This correspondence is (re-)negotiated at each FACH addition/removal. The mapping of the TFCI bits onto slots for the IMB option is described in [7].

In the case of S-CCPCH frame type 1, when an S-CCPCH CCTrCH carries TFCI, the TFCI field shall be present on all slots of the radio frame. In this case there is only one S-CCPCH in the CCTrCH.

In the case of S-CCPCH frame type 2, when an S-CCPCH CCTrCH carries TFCI, the TFCI field shall be present on all slots of the sub-frame for the S-CCPCH with the lowest channelization code index in the CCTrCH. In this case, the TFCI field shall not be present on the other S-CCPCHs of the same CCTrCH.

5.8.2.5 Synchronisation channel (SCH)

The Synchronisation Channel (SCH) is a downlink signal used for cell search and radio frame synchronisation on the MBSFN carrier. The SCH consists of two sub channels, the Primary and Secondary SCH. The 10 ms radio frames of the Primary and Secondary SCH are divided into 15 slots, each of length 2560 chips. Figure 18viiA illustrates the structure of the SCH radio frame.

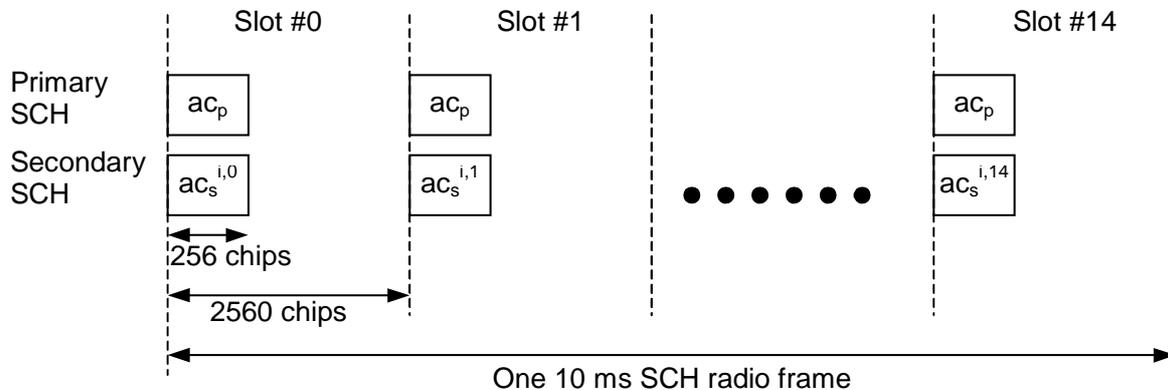


Figure 18viiA: Structure of Synchronisation Channel (SCH)

The Primary SCH consists of a modulated code of length 256 chips, the Primary Synchronisation Code (PSC) denoted c_p in figure 18viiA, transmitted once every slot. The PSC is the same for every cell in the system.

The Secondary SCH consists of repeatedly transmitting a length 15 sequence of modulated codes of length 256 chips, the Secondary Synchronisation Codes (SSC), transmitted in parallel with the Primary SCH. The SSC is denoted $c_s^{i,k}$ in figure 18viiA, where $i = 0, 1, \dots, 7$ is the number of the scrambling code group, and $k = 0, 1, \dots, 14$ is the slot number. Each SSC is chosen from a set of 16 different codes of length 256. This sequence on the Secondary SCH indicates which of the code groups the cell's downlink scrambling code belongs to.

The primary and secondary synchronization codes for the MBSFN IMB option, defined in [8], are modulated by the symbol $a = -1$.

5.8.2.6 The MBMS indicator channel (MICH)

The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) is a fixed rate (SF=256) physical channel used to carry the MBMS notification indicators. The MICH is always associated with an S-CCPCH frame type 1 to which a FACH transport channel carrying MBMS control data is mapped. MICH uses QPSK modulation.

Figure 18viiiA illustrates the frame structure of the MICH where the 10 ms radio frames of the MICH are divided into 15 slots, each of length 2560 chips. One MICH radio frame of length 10 ms consists of 270 bits (b_0, b_1, \dots, b_{269}). Of these, 256 bits (b_0, b_1, \dots, b_{255}) are used to carry notification indicators. The remaining 14 bits are not formally part of the MICH and shall not be transmitted (DTX). This implies that the transmitter is turned off during the last 2048 chips of slot #14 in every radio frame.

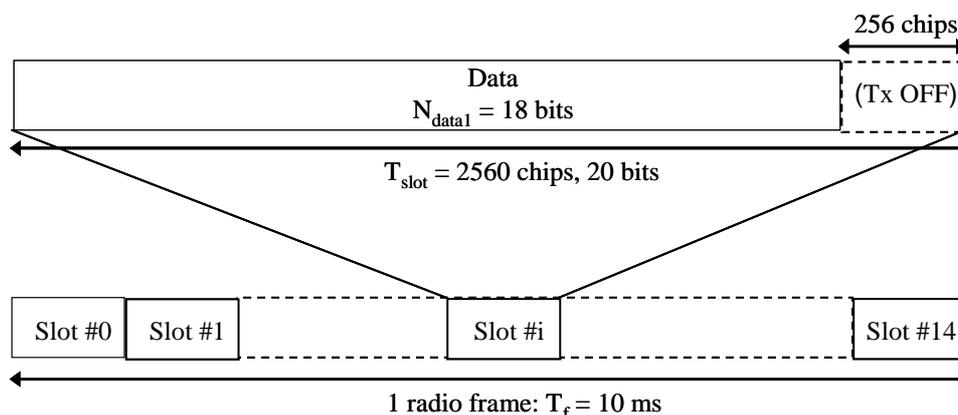


Figure 18viiiA: Frame structure for the MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH)

In each MICH frame, N_n notification indicators $\{N_0, \dots, N_{N_n-1}\}$ are transmitted, where $N_n=16, 32, 64,$ or 128 .

The NI calculated by higher layers is associated to the index q of the notification indicator N_q , where q is computed as a function of the NI computed by higher layers, the SFN of the P-CCPCH radio frame during which the start of the MICH radio frame occurs, and the number of notification indicators per frame (N_n):

$$q = \left\lfloor \left((C \times (NI \oplus ((C \times SFN) \bmod G))) \bmod G \right) \times \frac{N_n}{G} \right\rfloor$$

where $G = 2^{16}$, $C = 25033$ and NI is the 16 bit Notification Indicator calculated by higher layers.

The set of NI signalled over Iub indicates all higher layer NI values for which the associated notification indicator on MICH shall be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period. Hence, the calculation in the formula above shall be performed in the Node B every MICH frame for each NI signalled over Iub to make the association between NI and q and set the related N_q to 1. All other notification indicators on MICH shall be set to 0.

The mapping from $\{N_0, \dots, N_{N_n-1}\}$ to the MICH bits $\{b_0, \dots, b_{255}\}$ are according to table 8iiA.

Table 8iiA: Mapping of notification indicators N_q to MICH bits

| Number of notification indicators per frame (N_n) | $N_q = 1$ | $N_q = 0$ |
|---|---|---|
| $N_n=16$ | $\{b_{16q}, \dots, b_{16q+15}\} = \{1, 1, \dots, 1\}$ | $\{b_{16q}, \dots, b_{16q+15}\} = \{0, 0, \dots, 0\}$ |
| $N_n=32$ | $\{b_{8q}, \dots, b_{8q+7}\} = \{1, 1, \dots, 1\}$ | $\{b_{8q}, \dots, b_{8q+7}\} = \{0, 0, \dots, 0\}$ |
| $N_n=64$ | $\{b_{4q}, \dots, b_{4q+3}\} = \{1, 1, \dots, 1\}$ | $\{b_{4q}, \dots, b_{4q+3}\} = \{0, 0, \dots, 0\}$ |
| $N_n=128$ | $\{b_{2q}, b_{2q+1}\} = \{1, 1\}$ | $\{b_{2q}, b_{2q+1}\} = \{0, 0\}$ |

5.8.3 Timing relationship between physical channels

Timing between the common physical channels is summarized in figure 18ixA. The P-CCPCH, on which the cell SFN is transmitted, is used as timing reference for all the physical channels. The SCH, P-CPICH, T-CPICH, P-CCPCH and S-CCPCH frame types 1 and 2 have identical radio frame timings. The sub-frame number i of an S-CCPCH frame type 2 radio frame is signalled by higher layers. The start position of an S-CCPCH frame type 2 sub-frame is then given by $i \cdot 7680$, ($i = 0,1,2,3,4$), chips after the start of the radio frame.

The frame timing of MICH is advanced by $\tau_{MICH} = 3$ slots (7680 chips) with respect to the timings of the other physical channels.

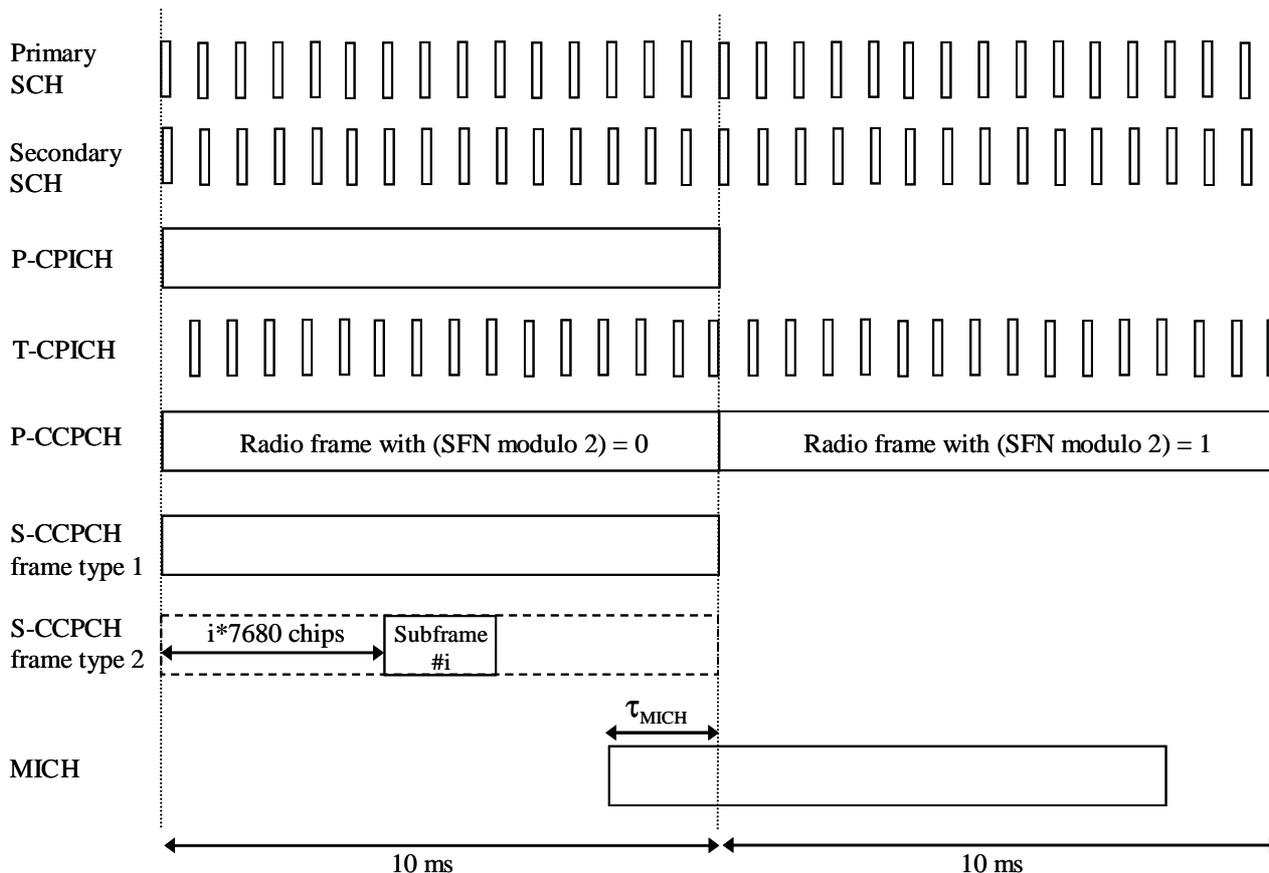


Figure 18ixA: Radio frame and sub-frame timing of downlink physical channels

5A Physical channels for the 1.28 Mcps option

All physical channels take three-layer structure with respect to timeslots, radio frames and system frame numbering (SFN), see [14]. Depending on the resource allocation, the configuration of radio frames or timeslots becomes different. All physical channels need guard symbols in every timeslot. The time slots are used in the sense of a TDMA component to separate different user signals in the time and the code domain. The physical channel signal format for 1.28Mcps TDD is presented in figure 18A.

A physical channel in TDD is a burst, which is transmitted in a particular timeslot within allocated Radio Frames. The allocation can be continuous, i.e. the time slot in every frame is allocated to the physical channel or discontinuous, i.e. the time slot in a subset of all frames is allocated only. A burst is the combination of a data part, a midamble and a guard period or only a midamble for standalone midamble channel. The duration of a burst is one time slot. Note when in the entire carrier dedicated to MBSFN operation, a burst is the combination of a preamble and a data part. Several bursts can be transmitted at the same time from one transmitter. In this case, the data part must use different OVFSF channelisation codes, but the same scrambling code. The midamble part has to use the same basic midamble code, but can use different midambles. In a multi-frequency cell the midamble parts in different carrier shall also have to use the same basic midamble code, but can use different midambles. Note when in MBSFN operation, a midamble or preamble is not necessarily cell-specific.

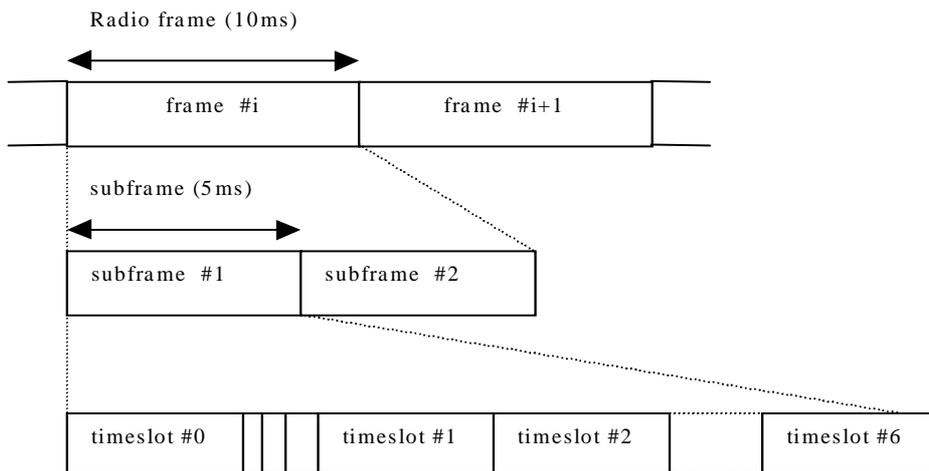


Figure 18A: Physical channel signal format for 1.28Mcps TDD option

The data part of the burst is spread with a combination of channelisation code and scrambling code. The channelisation code is a OVFSF code, that can have a spreading factor of 1, 2, 4, 8, or 16. The data rate of the physical channel is depending on the used spreading factor of the used OVFSF code.

So a physical channel is defined by frequency, timeslot, channelisation code, burst type and Radio Frame allocation. The scrambling code and the basic midamble code or preamble code are broadcast and may be constant within a cell. When a physical channel is established, a start frame is given. The physical channels can either be of infinite duration, or a duration for the allocation can be defined.

5A.1 Frame structure

The TDMA frame has duration of 10 ms and is divided into 2 sub-frames of 5ms. The frame structure for each sub-frame in the 10ms frame length is the same.

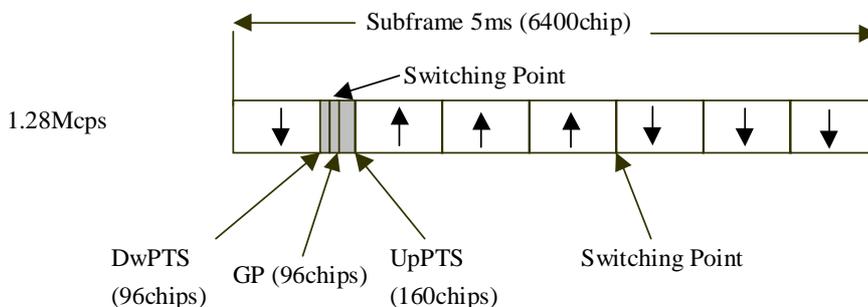


Figure 18B: Structure of the sub-frame for 1.28Mcps TDD option

Time slot#n (n from 0 to 6): the nth traffic time slot, 864 chips duration;

DwPTS: downlink pilot time slot, 96 chips duration;

UpPTS: uplink pilot time slot, 160 chips duration;

GP: main guard period for TDD operation, 96 chips duration;

In Figure 18B, the total number of traffic time slots for uplink and downlink is 7, and the length for each traffic time slot is 864 chips duration. Among the 7 traffic time slots, time slot#0 is always allocated as downlink while time slot#1 is always allocated as uplink. The time slots for the uplink and the downlink are separated by switching points. Between the downlink time slots and uplink time slots, the special period is the switching point to separate the uplink and

downlink. In each sub-frame of 5ms for 1.28Mcps option, there are two switching points (uplink to downlink and vice versa).

Using the above frame structure, the 1.28Mcps TDD option can operate on both symmetric and asymmetric mode by properly configuring the number of downlink and uplink time slots. In any configuration at least one time slot (time slot#0) has to be allocated for the downlink and at least one time slot has to be allocated for the uplink (time slot#1).

In case of entire carrier dedicated to MBSFN, no uplink timeslot is used, and DwPTS, UpPTS and GP(96 chips duration) are combined into one short timeslot, the duration of which is 0.275ms.

In a multi-frequency cell the traffic time slots allocated for uplink and downlink pair(s) for one UE should be on the same carrier.

Examples for symmetric and asymmetric UL/DL allocations are given in figure 18C.

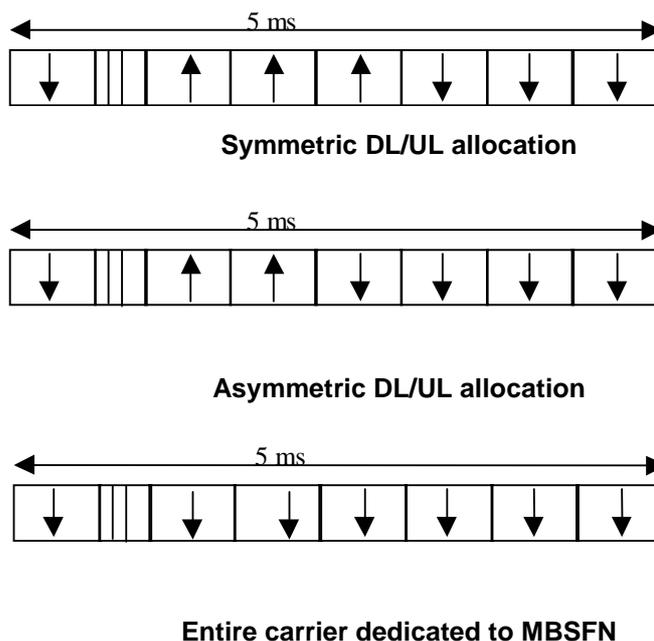


Figure 18C: 1.28Mcps TDD sub-frame structure examples

Note 1: In a multi-frequency cell, it is suggested the switching point configuration on secondary frequencies to be the same as that on primary frequency.

5A.2 Dedicated physical channel (DPCH)

The DCH as described in subclause 4.1.1 'Dedicated transport channels' is mapped onto the dedicated physical channel.

5A.2.1 Spreading

The spreading of physical channels is the same as in 3.84 Mcps TDD (cf. 5.2.1 'Spreading'). When there are more than two uplink physical channels to be transmitted in one timeslot, UE shall always guarantee the transmission of DPCH with data to be transmitted and non-scheduled E-PUCH.

5A.2.2 Burst Format

A traffic burst consists of two data symbol fields, a midamble of 144 chips and a guard period. The data fields of the burst are 352 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 8A below. The guard period is 16 chip periods long.

The burst format is shown in Figure 18D. The contents of the traffic burst fields is described in table 8B.

Table 8A: number of symbols per data field in a traffic burst

| Spreading factor (Q) | Number of symbols (N) per data field in Burst |
|----------------------|---|
| 1 | 352 |
| 2 | 176 |
| 4 | 88 |
| 8 | 44 |
| 16 | 22 |

Table 8B: The contents of the traffic burst format fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 0-351 | 352 | cf table 8A | Data symbols |
| 352-495 | 144 | - | Midamble |
| 496-847 | 352 | cf table 8A | Data symbols |
| 848-863 | 16 | - | Guard period |

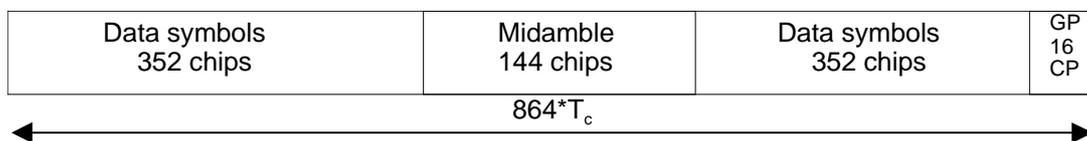


Figure 18D: Burst structure of the traffic burst format (GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods)

5A.2.2a Dedicated carrier MBSFN Burst Format

In this case, there are two bursts, one is MBSFN Traffic burst (MT burst) for 7 normal timeslots, and the other is MBSFN Special burst (MS burst) for 1 short timeslot. Both of them consist of a preamble and a data symbol field, the lengths of which are different for the individual bursts. Thus, the number of data symbols in a burst depends on the SF and the burst type, as depicted in table 8A.a.

Table 8A.a: number of symbols per data field in a MBSFN burst

| Spreading factor (Q) | Number of symbols (N) per data field in Burst | |
|----------------------|---|----------|
| | MT Burst | MS Burst |
| 1 | 768 | N/A |
| 2 | 384 | N/A |
| 16 | 48 | 16 |

Note: MS burst only supports SF=16.

The support of both bursts is mandatory and only used in dedicated carrier MBSFN. The both different bursts defined here are well suited for this application, as described in the following paragraphs.

The MT burst can be used for the regular timeslots, the duration of which is 0.675ms. The data fields of the MT burst are 768 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 8A.a above. The preamble of MT burst has a length of 96 chips. The MT burst is shown in Figure 18D.a. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 8B.a.

Table 8B.a: The contents of the MT burst

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 0-95 | 96 | - | Preamble |
| 96-863 | 768 | cf table 8A.a | Data symbols |

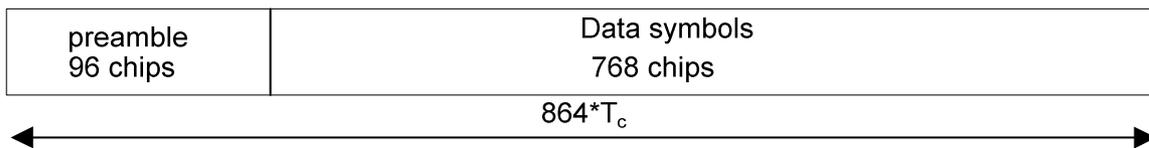


Figure 18D.a: Burst structure of the MT burst

The MS burst can be used for the short timeslot, the duration of which is 0.275ms. The data fields of the MS burst are 256 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols is 16, as indicated in table 8A.a above. The preamble of the MS burst has a length of 96 chips. The MS burst format is shown in Figure 18D.b. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 8B.b.

Table 8B.b: The contents of the MS burst

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 0-95 | 96 | - | Preamble |
| 96-351 | 256 | cf table 8A.a | Data symbols |

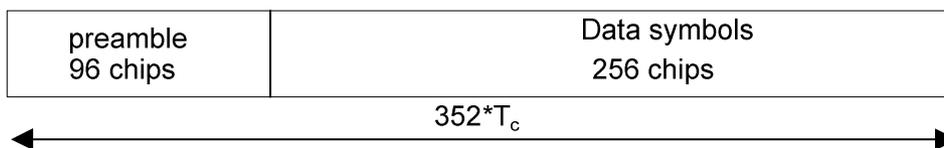


Figure 18D.b: Burst structure of the MS burst

5A.2.2.1 Transmission of TFCI

The traffic burst format provides the possibility for transmission of TFCI in uplink and downlink.

The transmission of TFCI is configured by higher Layers. For each CCTrCH it is indicated by higher layer signalling, which TFCI format is applied. Additionally for each allocated timeslot it is signalled individually whether that timeslot carries the TFCI or not. The TFCI is always present in the first timeslot in a radio frame for each CCTrCH. If a time slot contains the TFCI, then it is always transmitted using the physical channel with the lowest physical channel sequence number (p) in that timeslot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

The transmission of TFCI is done in the data parts of the respective physical channel, this means that TFCI code word bits and data bits are subject to the same spreading procedure as depicted in [8]. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed.

The TFCI code word bits are equally distributed between the two subframes and the respective data fields. The TFCI code word is to be transmitted possibly either directly adjacent to the midamble or after the SS and TPC symbols. Figure 18E shows the position of the TFCI code word in a traffic burst, if neither SS nor TPC are transmitted. Figure 18F shows the position of the TFCI code word in a traffic burst, if SS and TPC are transmitted.

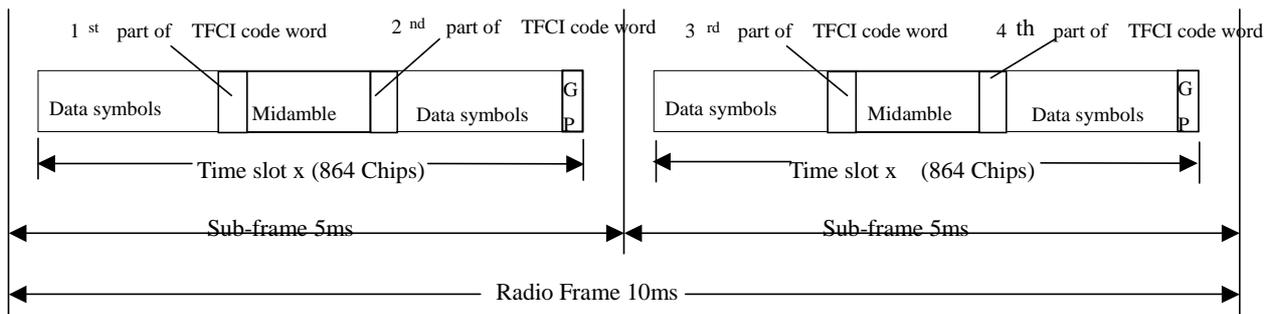


Figure 18E: Position of the TFCI code word in the traffic burst in case of no TPC and SS in 1.28 Mcps TDD

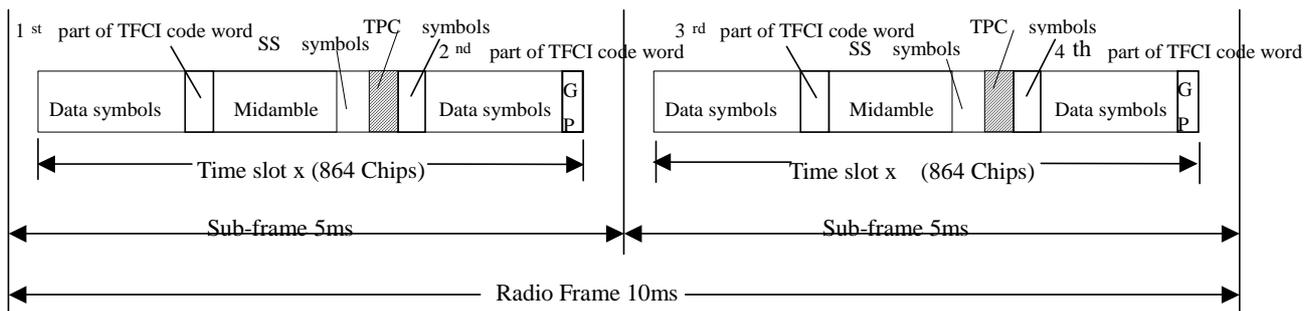


Figure 18F: Position of the TFCI code word in the traffic burst in case of TPC and SS in 1.28 Mcps TDD

5A.2.2.1a Transmission of TFCI for MT burst and MS burst

Both MT burst and MS burst provide the possibility for transmission of TFCI in downlink. The procedure of transmitting TFCI is the same as 5A.2.2.

The transmission of TFCI is done in the data parts of the respective physical channel, this means that TFCI code word bits and data bits are subject to the same spreading procedure as depicted in [8]. Hence the preamble structure and length is not changed.

The TFCI code word bits are equally distributed among the four subframes and the respective data fields. The TFCI code word is to be transmitted directly at the beginning and at the end of data symbols. Figure 18E.a shows the position of the TFCI code word in the MT burst. Figure 18E.b shows the position of the TFCI code word in the MS burst.

Note: when the modulation is 16QAM the number of the TFCI bits need be expanded. The procedure of expansion is detailed described in [7]

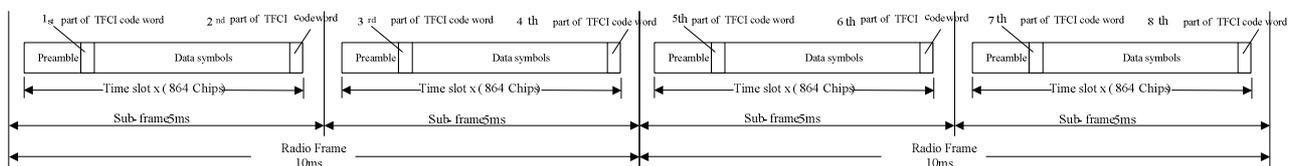


Figure 18E.a: Position of the TFCI code word in the MT burst format in 1.28 Mcps TDD

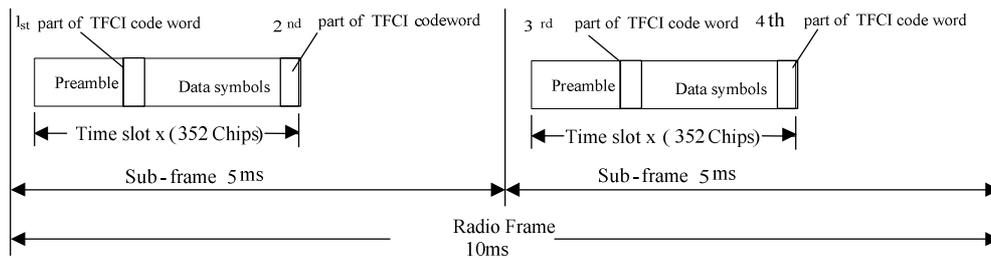


Figure 18E.b: Position of the TFCI code word in the MS burst format in 1.28 Mcps TDD

5A.2.2.2 Transmission of TPC

In this section, transmission of TPC over dedicated physical channels is described. Optionally, UTRAN may configure some UL CCTrCH's to be controlled via TPC commands on PLCCCH (for example in the case of HS-DSCH operation without an associated downlink DPCH). PLCCCH is described in section 5A.3.13.

Within the context of this subclause, only those TPC commands not borne by PLCCCH (in the DL case) nor by PLCCCH-controlled physical channels (in the UL case) are considered. That is to say that those UL timeslot/CCTrCH pairs controlled by PLCCCH and those DL TPC commands mapped to PLCCCH are excluded from consideration when deriving the mapping between UL/DL TPC commands and the UL/DL CCTrCH's they control. The association between PLCCCH and UL timeslot/CCTrCH pair(s) is signalled by higher layers.

The burst type for dedicated channels provides the possibility for transmission of TPC in uplink and downlink.

The transmission of TPC is done in the data parts of the traffic burst. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The TPC information is to be transmitted directly after the SS information, which is transmitted after the midamble. Figure 18G shows the position of the TPC command in a traffic burst.

For every user the TPC information is to be transmitted at least once per 5ms sub-frame. For each allocated timeslot it is signalled individually whether that timeslot carries TPC information or not. If applied in a timeslot, transmission of TPC symbols is done in the data parts of the traffic burst and they are transmitted using the physical channel with the lowest physical channel sequence number (p) in that timeslot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

TPC symbols may also be transmitted on more than one physical channel in a time slot. For this purpose, higher layers allocate an additional number of N_{TPC} physical channels, individually for each time slot. The TPC symbols shall then be transmitted using the physical channels with the $N_{TPC}+1$ lowest physical channel sequence numbers (p) in that time slot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7]. If the rate matching function results in $N_{RM} < N_{TPC}+1$ remaining physical channels in this time slot, TPC symbols shall be transmitted only on the N_{RM} remaining physical channels.

The TPC symbols are spread with the same spreading factor (SF) and spreading code as the data parts of the respective physical channel.

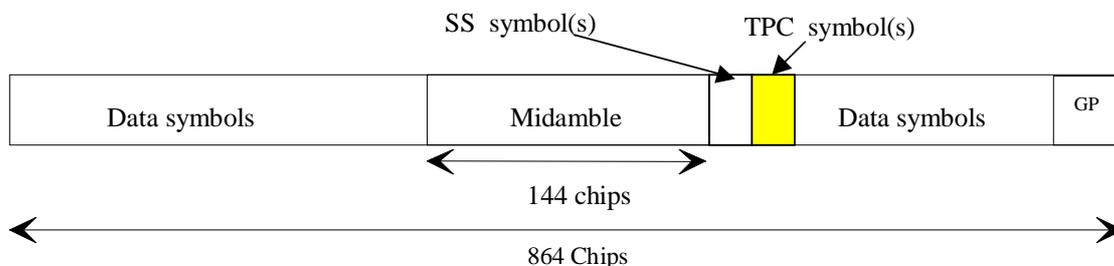


Figure 18G: Position of TPC information in the traffic burst in downlink and uplink

For the number of TPC symbols per time slot there are 3 possibilities, that can be configured by higher layers, individually for each timeslot:

- 1) one TPC symbol

- 2) no TPC symbols
- 3) 16/SF TPC symbols

So, in case 3), when SF=1, there are 16 TPC symbols which correspond to 32 bits (for QPSK) and 48 bits (for 8PSK).

In the following the uplink is described only. For the description of the downlink, downlink (DL) and uplink (UL) have to be interchanged.

Each of the TPC symbols for uplink power control in the DL will be associated with an UL time slot and an UL CCH pair. This association varies with

- the number of allocated UL time slots and UL CCHs on these time slots (time slot and CCH pair) and
- the allocated TPC symbols in the DL.

In case a UE has

- more than one channelisation code

and/or

- channelisation codes being of lower spreading factor than 16 and using 16/SF SS and 16/SF TPC symbols,

the TPC commands for each UL time slot CCH pair (all channelisation codes on that time slot belonging to the same time slot and CCH pair have the same TPC command) will be distributed to the following rules:

1. The UL time slots and CCH pairs the TPC commands are intended for will be numbered from the first to the last UL time slot and CCH pair allocated to the regarded UE (starting with 0). The number of a time slot and CCH pair is smaller than the number of another time slot and CCH pair within the same time slot if its spreading code with the lowest SC number according to the following table has a lower SC number than the spreading code with the lowest SC number of the other time slot and CCH pair.
2. The commanding TPC symbols on all DL CCHs allocated to one UE are numbered consecutively starting with zero according to the following rules:
 - a) The numbers of the TPC commands of a regarded DL time slot are lower than those of DL time slots being transmitted after that time slot
 - b) Within a DL time slot the numbers of the TPC commands of a regarded channelisation code are lower than those of channelisation codes having a higher spreading code number

The spreading code number is defined by the following table (see[8]):

| SC number | SF (Q) | Walsh code number (k) |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------|
| 0 | 16 | $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ |
| | ... | |
| 15 | 16 | $c_{Q=16}^{(k=16)}$ |
| 16 | 8 | $c_{Q=8}^{(k=1)}$ |
| | ... | |
| 23 | 8 | $c_{Q=8}^{(k=8)}$ |
| 24 | 4 | $c_{Q=4}^{(k=1)}$ |
| | ... | |
| 27 | 4 | $c_{Q=4}^{(k=4)}$ |
| 28 | 2 | $c_{Q=2}^{(k=1)}$ |
| 29 | 2 | $c_{Q=2}^{(k=2)}$ |
| 30 | 1 | $c_{Q=1}^{(k=1)}$ |

Note: Spreading factors 2-8 are not used in DL

- c) Within a channelisation code numbers of the TPC commands are lower than those of TPC commands being transmitted after that time

The following equation is used to determine the UL time slot which is controlled by the regarded TPC symbol in the DL:

$$UL_{pos} = (SFN' \cdot N_{UL_TPCsymbols} + TPC_{DLpos} + ((SFN' \cdot N_{UL_TPCsymbols} + TPC_{DLpos}) \text{div}(N_{ULslot}))) \text{mod}(N_{ULslot}),$$

where

UL_{pos} is the number of the controlled uplink time slot and CCTrCH pairs.

SFN' is the system frame number counting the sub-frames. The system frame number of the radio frames (SFN) can be derived from SFN' by

$SFN = SFN' \text{ div } 2$, where div is the remainder free division operation.

$N_{UL_PCsymbols}$ is the number of UL TPC symbols in a sub-frame (excluding those on PLCCCH-controlled resources).

TPC_{DLpos} is the number of the regarded UL TPC symbol in the DL within the sub-frame.

N_{ULslot} is the number of UL slots and CCTrCH pairs in a sub-frame (excluding those associated with PLCCCH).

When one of the above parameters is changed due to higher layer reconfiguration, the new relationship between TPC symbols and controlled UL time slots shall be valid, beginning with the radio frame, for which the new parameters are set.

In Annex CB two examples of the association of TPC commands to time slots and CCTrCH pairs are shown.

Coding of TPC:

The relationship between the TPC Bits and the transmitter power control command for QPSK is the same as in the 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [5.2.2.5 'Transmission of TPC'].

The relationship between the TPC Bits and the transmitter power control command for 8PSK is given in table 8C

Table 8C: TPC Bit Pattern for 8PSK

| TPC Bits | TPC command | Meaning |
|----------|-------------|-------------------|
| 000 | 'Down' | Decrease Tx Power |
| 110 | 'Up' | Increase Tx Power |

5A.2.2.3 Transmission of SS

In this section, transmission of SS over dedicated physical channels is described. Optionally, UTRAN may configure some UL CCTrCH's to be controlled via SS commands on PLCCCH (for example in the case of HS-DSCH operation without an associated downlink DPCH). PLCCCH is described in section 5A.3.13.

Within the context of this subclause, only those SS commands not borne by PLCCCH are considered. That is to say that those UL timeslots controlled exclusively by PLCCCH and those SS commands carried by PLCCCH are excluded from consideration when deriving the mapping between DL SS commands and the UL timeslots they control. The association between PLCCCH and UL timeslot/CCTrCH pair(s) is signalled by higher layers.

The burst type for dedicated channels provides the possibility for transmission of uplink synchronisation control (ULSC).

The transmission of ULSC is done in the data parts of the traffic burst. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The ULSC information is to be transmitted directly after the midamble. Figure 18H shows the position of the SS command in a traffic burst.

For every user the ULSC information shall be transmitted at least once per transmitted sub-frame.

For each allocated timeslot it is signalled individually whether that timeslot carries ULSC information or not. If applied in a time slot, transmission of SS symbols is done in the data parts of the traffic burst and they are transmitted using the physical channel with the lowest physical channel sequence number (*p*) in that timeslot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

SS symbols may also be transmitted on more than one physical channel in a time slot. For this purpose, higher layers allocate an additional number of N_{SS} physical channels, individually for each time slot. The SS symbols shall then be transmitted using the physical channels with the $N_{SS}+1$ lowest physical channel sequence numbers (*p*) in that time slot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7]. If the rate matching function results in $N_{RM} < N_{SS}+1$ remaining physical channels in this time slot, SS symbols shall be transmitted only on the N_{RM} remaining physical channels.

The SS symbols are spread with the same spreading factor (SF) and spreading code as the data parts of the respective physical channel.

The SS is utilised to command a timing adjustment by $(k/8) T_c$ each *M* sub-frames, where T_c is the chip period. The *k* and *M* values are signalled by the network. The SS, as one of *L1* signals, is to be transmitted once per 5ms sub-frame.

M (1-8) and *k* (1-8) can be adjusted during call setup or readjusted during the call.

Note: The smallest step for the SS signalled by the UTRAN is $1/8 T_c$. For the UE capabilities regarding the SS adjustment of the UE it is suggested to set the tolerance for the executed command to be $[1/9; 1/7] T_c$.

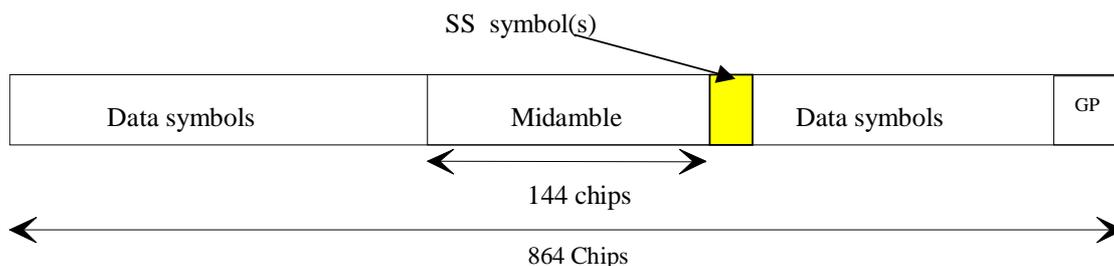


Figure 18H: Position of ULSC information in the traffic burst (downlink and uplink)

Note that for the uplink where there is no SS symbol used, the SS symbol space is reserved for future use. This can keep UL and DL slots the same structure.

For the number of SS symbols per time slot there are 3 possibilities, that can be configured by higher layers individually for each time slot:

- one SS symbol
- no SS symbol
- 16/SF SS symbols

So, in case 3, when SF=1, there are 16 SS symbols which correspond to 32 bits (for QPSK) and 48 bits (for 8PSK).

Each of the SS symbols in the DL will be associated with an UL time slot depending on the allocated UL time slots and the allocated SS symbols in the DL.

Note: Even though the different time slots of the UE are controlled with independent SS commands, the UE is not in need to execute SS commands leading to a deviation of more than [3] chip with respect to the average timing advance applied by the UE.

The synchronisation shift commands for each UL time slot (all channelisation codes on that time slot have the same SS command) will be distributed to the following rules:

1. The UL time slots the SS commands are intended for will be numbered from the first to the last UL time slot occupied by the regarded UE (starting with 0) considering all CCTrCHs allocated to that UE.
2. The commanding SS symbols on all downlink CCTrCHs allocated to one UE are numbered consecutively starting with zero according to the following rules:
 - a) The numbers of the SS commands of a regarded DL time slot are lower than those of DL time slots being transmitted after that time slot
 - b) Within a DL time slot the numbers of the SS commands of a regarded channelisation code are lower than those of channelisation codes having a bigger spreading code number

The spreading code number is defined by the following table: (see TS 25.223)

| Spreading code number | SF (Q) | Walsh code number (k) |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 0 | 16 | $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ |
| | ... | |
| 15 | 16 | $c_{Q=16}^{(k=16)}$ |
| | Spreading factors 2-8 are not used in DL | |
| 30 | 1 | $c_{Q=1}^{(k=1)}$ |

- c) Within a channelisation code numbers of the SS commands are lower than those of SS commands being transmitted after that time

The following equation is used to determine the UL time slot which is controlled by the regarded SS symbol:

$$UL_{pos} = (SFN \cdot N_{SSymbols} + SS_{pos} + ((SFN \cdot N_{SSymbols} + SS_{pos}) \div N_{ULslot})) \bmod (N_{ULslot}),$$

where

UL_{pos} is the number of the controlled uplink time slot.

SFN' is the system frame number counting the sub-frames. The system frame number of the radio frames (SFN) can be derived from SFN' by

$SFN = SFN' \text{ div } 2$, where div is the remainder free division operation.

$N_{SSsymbols}$ is the number of SS symbols in a sub-frame (excluding those associated with PLCCH).

SS_{pos} is the number of the regarded SS symbol within the sub-frame.

N_{ULslot} is the number of UL slots in a sub-frame (excluding those slots exclusively controlled by PLCCH).

When one of the above parameters is changed due to higher layer reconfiguration, the new relationship between SS symbols and controlled UL time slots shall be valid, beginning with the radio frame, for which the new parameters are set.

The relationship between the SS Bits and the SS command for QPSK is the given in table 8D:

Table 8D: Coding of the SS for QPSK

| SS Bits | SS command | Meaning |
|---------|--------------|---|
| 00 | 'Down' | Decrease synchronisation shift by $k/8 T_c$ |
| 11 | 'Up' | Increase synchronisation shift by $k/8 T_c$ |
| 01 | 'Do nothing' | No change |

The relationship between the SS Bits and the SS command for 8PSK is given in table 8E:

Table 8E: Coding of the SS for 8PSK

| SS Bits | SS command | Meaning |
|---------|--------------|---|
| 000 | 'Down' | Decrease synchronisation shift by $k/8 T_c$ |
| 110 | 'Up' | Increase synchronisation shift by $k/8 T_c$ |
| 011 | 'Do nothing' | No change |

5A.2.2.4 Timeslot formats

The timeslot format depends on the spreading factor, the number of the TFCI code word bits, the number of SS and TPC symbols and the applied modulation scheme (QPSK/8PSK) as depicted in the following tables.

5A.2.2.4.1 Timeslot formats for QPSK

5A.2.2.4.1.1 Downlink timeslot formats

Table 8F : Time slot formats for the Downlink

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{SS} & N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data} field(1) (bits) | N _{data/data} field(2) (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 88 | 44 | 44 |
| 1 | 16 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 86 | 42 | 44 |
| 2 | 16 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 84 | 42 | 42 |
| 3 | 16 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 80 | 40 | 40 |
| 4 | 16 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 72 | 36 | 36 |
| 5 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 84 | 44 | 40 |
| 6 | 16 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 82 | 42 | 40 |
| 7 | 16 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 80 | 42 | 38 |
| 8 | 16 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 76 | 40 | 36 |
| 9 | 16 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 68 | 36 | 32 |
| 10 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1408 | 704 | 704 |
| 11 | 1 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1406 | 702 | 704 |
| 12 | 1 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1404 | 702 | 702 |
| 13 | 1 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1400 | 700 | 700 |
| 14 | 1 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1392 | 696 | 696 |
| 15 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1404 | 704 | 700 |
| 16 | 1 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1402 | 702 | 700 |
| 17 | 1 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1400 | 702 | 698 |
| 18 | 1 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1396 | 700 | 696 |
| 19 | 1 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1388 | 696 | 692 |
| 20 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1344 | 704 | 640 |
| 21 | 1 | 144 | 4 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1342 | 702 | 640 |
| 22 | 1 | 144 | 8 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1340 | 702 | 638 |
| 23 | 1 | 144 | 16 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1336 | 700 | 636 |
| 24 | 1 | 144 | 32 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1328 | 696 | 632 |

5A.2.2.4.1.2

Uplink timeslot formats

Table 8G : Time slot formats for the Uplink

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{SS} & N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 88 | 44 | 44 |
| 1 | 16 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 86 | 42 | 44 |
| 2 | 16 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 84 | 42 | 42 |
| 3 | 16 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 80 | 40 | 40 |
| 4 | 16 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 72 | 36 | 36 |
| 5 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 84 | 44 | 40 |
| 6 | 16 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 82 | 42 | 40 |
| 7 | 16 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 80 | 42 | 38 |
| 8 | 16 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 76 | 40 | 36 |
| 9 | 16 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 68 | 36 | 32 |
| 10 | 8 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 176 | 88 | 88 |
| 11 | 8 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 174 | 86 | 88 |
| 12 | 8 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 172 | 86 | 86 |
| 13 | 8 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 168 | 84 | 84 |
| 14 | 8 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 160 | 80 | 80 |
| 15 | 8 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 176 | 172 | 88 | 84 |
| 16 | 8 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 176 | 170 | 86 | 84 |
| 17 | 8 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 176 | 168 | 86 | 82 |
| 18 | 8 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 176 | 164 | 84 | 80 |
| 19 | 8 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 176 | 156 | 80 | 76 |
| 20 | 8 | 144 | 0 | 4 & 4 | 176 | 168 | 88 | 80 |
| 21 | 8 | 144 | 4 | 4 & 4 | 176 | 166 | 86 | 80 |
| 22 | 8 | 144 | 8 | 4 & 4 | 176 | 164 | 86 | 78 |
| 23 | 8 | 144 | 16 | 4 & 4 | 176 | 160 | 84 | 76 |
| 24 | 8 | 144 | 32 | 4 & 4 | 176 | 152 | 80 | 72 |
| 25 | 4 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 352 | 352 | 176 | 176 |
| 26 | 4 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 352 | 350 | 174 | 176 |
| 27 | 4 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 352 | 348 | 174 | 174 |
| 28 | 4 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 352 | 344 | 172 | 172 |
| 29 | 4 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 352 | 336 | 168 | 168 |
| 30 | 4 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 352 | 348 | 176 | 172 |
| 31 | 4 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 352 | 346 | 174 | 172 |
| 32 | 4 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 352 | 344 | 174 | 170 |
| 33 | 4 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 352 | 340 | 172 | 168 |
| 34 | 4 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 352 | 332 | 168 | 164 |
| 35 | 4 | 144 | 0 | 8 & 8 | 352 | 336 | 176 | 160 |
| 36 | 4 | 144 | 4 | 8 & 8 | 352 | 334 | 174 | 160 |
| 37 | 4 | 144 | 8 | 8 & 8 | 352 | 332 | 174 | 158 |
| 38 | 4 | 144 | 16 | 8 & 8 | 352 | 328 | 172 | 156 |
| 39 | 4 | 144 | 32 | 8 & 8 | 352 | 320 | 168 | 152 |
| 40 | 2 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 704 | 704 | 352 | 352 |
| 41 | 2 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 704 | 702 | 350 | 352 |
| 42 | 2 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 704 | 700 | 350 | 350 |
| 43 | 2 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 704 | 696 | 348 | 348 |
| 44 | 2 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 704 | 688 | 344 | 344 |
| 45 | 2 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 704 | 700 | 352 | 348 |
| 46 | 2 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 704 | 698 | 350 | 348 |

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{SS} & N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data} field(1) (bits) | N _{data/data} field(2) (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 47 | 2 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 704 | 696 | 350 | 346 |
| 48 | 2 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 704 | 692 | 348 | 344 |
| 49 | 2 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 704 | 684 | 344 | 340 |
| 50 | 2 | 144 | 0 | 16 & 16 | 704 | 672 | 352 | 320 |
| 51 | 2 | 144 | 4 | 16 & 16 | 704 | 670 | 350 | 320 |
| 52 | 2 | 144 | 8 | 16 & 16 | 704 | 668 | 350 | 318 |
| 53 | 2 | 144 | 16 | 16 & 16 | 704 | 664 | 348 | 316 |
| 54 | 2 | 144 | 32 | 16 & 16 | 704 | 656 | 344 | 312 |
| 55 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1408 | 704 | 704 |
| 56 | 1 | 144 | 4 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1406 | 702 | 704 |
| 57 | 1 | 144 | 8 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1404 | 702 | 702 |
| 58 | 1 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1400 | 700 | 700 |
| 59 | 1 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1392 | 696 | 696 |
| 60 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1404 | 704 | 700 |
| 61 | 1 | 144 | 4 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1402 | 702 | 700 |
| 62 | 1 | 144 | 8 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1400 | 702 | 698 |
| 63 | 1 | 144 | 16 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1396 | 700 | 696 |
| 64 | 1 | 144 | 32 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1388 | 696 | 692 |
| 65 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1344 | 704 | 640 |
| 66 | 1 | 144 | 4 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1342 | 702 | 640 |
| 67 | 1 | 144 | 8 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1340 | 702 | 638 |
| 68 | 1 | 144 | 16 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1336 | 700 | 636 |
| 69 | 1 | 144 | 32 | 32 & 32 | 1408 | 1328 | 696 | 632 |

5A.2.2.4.2 Time slot formats for 8PSK

The Downlink and the Uplink timeslot formats are described together in the following table.

Table 8H: Timeslot formats for 8PSK modulation

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{SS} & N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 2112 | 2112 | 1056 | 1056 |
| 1 | 1 | 144 | 6 | 0 & 0 | 2112 | 2109 | 1053 | 1056 |
| 2 | 1 | 144 | 12 | 0 & 0 | 2112 | 2106 | 1053 | 1053 |
| 3 | 1 | 144 | 24 | 0 & 0 | 2112 | 2100 | 1050 | 1050 |
| 4 | 1 | 144 | 48 | 0 & 0 | 2112 | 2088 | 1044 | 1044 |
| 5 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 3 & 3 | 2112 | 2106 | 1056 | 1050 |
| 6 | 1 | 144 | 6 | 3 & 3 | 2112 | 2103 | 1053 | 1050 |
| 7 | 1 | 144 | 12 | 3 & 3 | 2112 | 2100 | 1053 | 1047 |
| 8 | 1 | 144 | 24 | 3 & 3 | 2112 | 2094 | 1050 | 1044 |
| 9 | 1 | 144 | 48 | 3 & 3 | 2112 | 2082 | 1044 | 1038 |
| 10 | 1 | 144 | 0 | 48 & 48 | 2112 | 2016 | 1056 | 960 |
| 11 | 1 | 144 | 6 | 48 & 48 | 2112 | 2013 | 1053 | 960 |
| 12 | 1 | 144 | 12 | 48 & 48 | 2112 | 2010 | 1053 | 957 |
| 13 | 1 | 144 | 24 | 48 & 48 | 2112 | 2004 | 1050 | 954 |
| 14 | 1 | 144 | 48 | 48 & 48 | 2112 | 1992 | 1044 | 948 |
| 15 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 132 | 132 | 66 | 66 |
| 16 | 16 | 144 | 6 | 0 & 0 | 132 | 129 | 63 | 66 |
| 17 | 16 | 144 | 12 | 0 & 0 | 132 | 126 | 63 | 63 |
| 18 | 16 | 144 | 24 | 0 & 0 | 132 | 120 | 60 | 60 |
| 19 | 16 | 144 | 48 | 0 & 0 | 132 | 108 | 54 | 54 |
| 20 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 3 & 3 | 132 | 126 | 66 | 60 |
| 21 | 16 | 144 | 6 | 3 & 3 | 132 | 123 | 63 | 60 |
| 22 | 16 | 144 | 12 | 3 & 3 | 132 | 120 | 63 | 57 |
| 23 | 16 | 144 | 24 | 3 & 3 | 132 | 114 | 60 | 54 |
| 24 | 16 | 144 | 48 | 3 & 3 | 132 | 102 | 54 | 48 |

5A.2.2.4.3 Time slot formats for MBSFN

Downlink timeslot formats using QPSK or 16QAM modulation is dedicated for MBSFN operation and is described in the following table.

Table 8Ha : Time slot formats for MBSFN

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble /preamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{SS} & N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0(QPSK) [*] | 1 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1404 | 702 | 702 |
| 1(QPSK) [*] | 16 | 144 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 84 | 42 | 42 |
| 2(16QAM) [*] | 1 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 2816 | 2808 | 1404 | 1404 |
| 3(16QAM) [*] | 16 | 144 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 168 | 84 | 84 |
| 4(QPSK) ^{**} | 1 | 96 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 1536 | 1532 | N/A | N/A |
| 5(QPSK) ^{**} | 2 | 96 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 768 | 764 | N/A | N/A |
| 6(QPSK) ^{**} | 16 | 96 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 96 | 92 | N/A | N/A |
| 7(16QAM) ^{**} | 1 | 96 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 3072 | 3064 | N/A | N/A |
| 8(16QAM) ^{**} | 2 | 96 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 1536 | 1528 | N/A | N/A |
| 9(16QAM) ^{**} | 16 | 96 | 32 | 0 & 0 | 192 | 184 | N/A | N/A |
| 10(QPSK) ^{***} | 16 | 96 | 16 | 0 & 0 | 32 | 24 | N/A | N/A |
| 11(QPSK) ^{***} | 16 | 96 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 32 | 32 | N/A | N/A |

NOTE: * denotes that these timeslot formats are used in the traffic burst for mixed carrier MBSFN. ** denotes that these timeslot formats are used in the MT burst for dedicated carrier MBSFN. *** denotes that these timeslot formats are used in the MS burst for dedicated carrier MBSFN. The burst in the dedicated carrier MBSFN has only one data field.

5A.2.3 Training sequences for spread bursts

In this subclause, the training sequences for usage as midambles are defined. The training sequences, i.e. midambles, of different users active in the same cell and same time slot are cyclically shifted versions of one single basic midamble code. In the case of MBSFN timeslots there is only a single midamble and this is derived from a single basic midamble code which is not necessarily cell-specific. The applicable basic midamble codes are given in Annex AA.1.

The basic midamble codes in Annex AA.1 are listed in hexadecimal notation. The binary form of the basic midamble code shall be derived according to table 8I below.

Table 8I: Mapping of 4 binary elements m_i on a single hexadecimal digit:

| 4 binary elements m_i | Mapped on hexadecimal digit |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| -1 -1 -1 -1 | 0 |
| -1 -1 -1 1 | 1 |
| -1 -1 1 -1 | 2 |
| -1 -1 1 1 | 3 |
| -1 1 -1 -1 | 4 |
| -1 1 -1 1 | 5 |
| -1 1 1 -1 | 6 |
| -1 1 1 1 | 7 |
| 1 -1 -1 -1 | 8 |
| 1 -1 -1 1 | 9 |
| 1 -1 1 -1 | A |
| 1 -1 1 1 | B |
| 1 1 -1 -1 | C |
| 1 1 -1 1 | D |
| 1 1 1 -1 | E |
| 1 1 1 1 | F |

For each particular basic midamble code, its binary representation can be written as a vector \mathbf{m}_p :

$$\mathbf{m}_p = (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_p) \quad (1)$$

According to Annex AA.1, the size of this vector \mathbf{m}_p is $P=128$. As QPSK modulation is used, the training sequences are transformed into a complex form, denoted as the complex vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_p) \quad (2)$$

The elements \underline{m}_i of $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$ are derived from elements m_i of \mathbf{m}_p using equation (3):

$$\underline{m}_i = (j)^i \cdot m_i \text{ for all } i = 1, \dots, P \quad (3)$$

Hence, the elements \underline{m}_i of the complex basic midamble code are alternating real and imaginary.

To derive the required training sequences, this vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$ is periodically extended to the size:

$$i_{\max} = L_m + (K-1)W \quad (4)$$

Notes on equation (4):

K and W are taken from Annex AA.1

So we obtain a new vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ containing the periodic basic midamble sequence:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}} = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_{i_{\max}}) = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_{L_m + (K-1)W}) \quad (5)$$

The first P elements of this vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ are the same ones as in vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$, the following elements repeat the beginning:

$$\underline{m}_i = \underline{m}_{i-P} \text{ for the subset } i = (P+1), \dots, i_{\max} \quad (6)$$

Using this periodic basic midamble sequence $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ for each user k a midamble $\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)}$ of length L_m is derived, which can be written as a user specific vector:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)} = \left(\underline{m}_1^{(k)}, \underline{m}_2^{(k)}, \dots, \underline{m}_{L_m}^{(k)} \right) \quad (7)$$

The L_m midamble elements $\underline{m}_i^{(k)}$ are generated for each midamble of the k users ($k = 1, \dots, K$) based on:

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K-k)W} \quad \text{with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = 1, \dots, K \quad (8)$$

The midamble sequences derived according to equations (7) to (8) have complex values and are not subject to channelisation or scrambling process, i.e. the elements $\underline{m}_i^{(k)}$ represent complex chips for usage in the pulse shaping process at modulation.

The term 'a midamble code set' or 'a midamble code family' denotes K specific midamble codes $\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)}$; $k=1, \dots, K$, based on a single basic midamble code \mathbf{m}_p according to (1).

5A.2.3a Training sequences for dedicated carrier MBSFN

When the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN, preamble is used for the training sequences in each timeslot. In this case, for all timeslots employing MBSFN operation, only a single preamble is needed, i.e. $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$, then all physical channels in such timeslots employ the same preamble with the same allocation strategies.

For dedicated carrier MBSFN, the preamble has a fixed length of $L_p=96$, and the generation of preamble is the same as in the 1.28 Mcps TDD cf. [5A.2.3 Training sequences for spread bursts], which is corresponding to:

$$K=1, \quad W = \left\lfloor \frac{P}{K} \right\rfloor, \quad P=64$$

Note: that $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denotes the largest integer number less or equal to x .

The preamble is generated from one of the basic preamble codes shown in table AA.1a.

The mapping of these Basic Preamble Codes to MBSFN Cell Parameters is shown in [8].

5A.2.4 Beamforming

Beamforming is same as that of the 3.84Mcps TDD, cf. [5.2.4 Beamforming].

Beamforming is not applicable to DL time slots with MBSFN transmission.

5A.3 Common physical channels

5A.3.1 Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)

The BCH as described in section 4.1.2 'Common Transport Channels' is mapped onto the Primary Common Control Physical Channels (P-CCPCH1 and P-CCPCH2). The position (time slot / code) of the P-CCPCHs is fixed in the 1.28Mcps TDD. The P-CCPCHs are mapped onto the first two code channels of timeslot#0 with spreading factor of 16. When the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN, the P-CCPCH is mapped onto the first two code channels of MS timeslot with spreading factor of 16. The P-CCPCH is always transmitted with an antenna pattern configuration that provides whole cell coverage.

In a multi-frequency cell the carrier which transmits P-CCPCH is called the primary frequency and the others are called secondary frequencies. A multi-frequency cell has only one primary frequency.

5A.3.1.1 P-CCPCH Spreading

The P-CCPCH uses fixed spreading with a spreading factor $SF = 16$. The P-CCPCH1 and P-CCPCH2 always use channelisation code $C_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ and $C_{Q=16}^{(k=2)}$ respectively.

5A.3.1.2 P-CCPCH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 is used for the P-CCPCH. No TFCI is applied for the P-CCPCH.

5A.3.1.3 P-CCPCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the P-CCPCH. When the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN, the training sequences, i.e. preambles, as described in subclause 5A.2.3.a are used for the P-CCPCH.

5A.3.2 Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)

PCH and FACH as described in subclause 4.1.2 are mapped onto one or more secondary common control physical channels (S-CCPCH). In this way the capacity of PCH and FACH can be adapted to the different requirements. The time slot and codes used for the S-CCPCH are broadcast on the BCH.

In a multi-frequency cell S-CCPCH shall be transmitted only on the primary frequency.

5A.3.2.1 S-CCPCH Spreading

Except for physical channels in MBSFN time slot, the S-CCPCH uses fixed spreading with a spreading factor $SF = 16$, as described in subclause 5A.2.1. And the S-CCPCH in MBSFN time slot may use spreading with spreading factor $SF = 1, 2$ or 16 .

Note: $SF=2$ is only used on dedicated MBSFN frequency.

5A.3.2.2 S-CCPCH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 is used for the S-CCPCH. TFCI may be applied for S-CCPCHs.

5A.3.2.3 S-CCPCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in the subclause 5A.2.3 are also used for the S-CCPCH.

5A.3.3 Fast Physical Access CHannel (FPACH)

The Fast Physical Access CHannel (FPACH) is used by the Node B to carry, in a single burst, the acknowledgement of a detected signature with timing and power level adjustment indication to an user equipment. FPACH makes use of one code with spreading factor 16, so that its burst is composed by 44 symbols. The spreading code, training sequence and time slot position are configured by the network and signalled on the BCH.

In a multi-frequency cell the FPACH is transmitted on the primary frequency. The FPACH may also be also transmitted on the secondary frequency in case of handover or E-DCH procedure.

5A.3.3.1 FPACH burst

The FPACH burst contains 32 information bits. Table 8J reports the content description of the FPACH information bits and their priority order:

Table 8J: FPACH information bits description

| Information field | Length (in bits) |
|--|------------------|
| Signature Reference Number | 3 (MSB) |
| Relative Sub-Frame Number | 2 |
| Received starting position of the UpPCH (UpPCH _{POS}) | 11 |
| Transmit Power Level Command for RACH message | 7 |
| Extended part of Received starting position of the UpPCH (UpPCH _{POS}) | 2 |
| Reserved bits (default value: 0) | 7 (LSB) |

The use and generation of the information fields is explained in [9].

5A.3.3.1.1 Signature Reference Number

The reported number corresponds to the numbering principle for the cell signatures as described in [8].

The Signature Reference Number value range is 0 – 7 coded in 3 bits such that:

bit sequence(0 0 0) corresponds to the first signature of the cell; ...; bit sequence (1 1 1) corresponds to the 8th signature of the cell.

5A.3.3.1.2 Relative Sub-Frame Number

The Relative Sub-Frame Number value range is 0 – 3 coded such that:

bit sequence (0 0) indicates one sub-frame difference; ...; bit sequence (1 1) indicates 4 sub-frame difference.

5A.3.3.1.3 Received starting position of the UpPCH (UpPCH_{POS})

The size of UpPCH_{POS} is extended to be 13bits and the received starting position of the UpPCH value range is 0 – 8191 coded such that:

The 11 least significant bits (LSB) of UpPCH_{POS} are transmitted in the Received starting position of the UpPCH information field and the 2 most significant bits (MSB) of UpPCH_{POS} are transmitted in the first 2bits of the Reserve bits information field. Bit sequence (0 0 ... 0 0 0) indicates the received starting position zero chip; ...; bit sequence (1 1 ... 1 1 1) indicates the received starting position 8191*1/8 chip.

5A.3.3.1.4 Transmit Power Level Command for the RACH message

The transmit power level command is transmitted in 7 bits.

5A.3.3.2 FPACH Spreading

The FPACH uses only spreading factor SF=16 as described in subclause 5A.3.3. The set of admissible spreading codes for use on the FPACH is broadcast on the BCH.

5A.3.3.3 FPACH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 is used for the FPACH.

5A.3.3.4 FPACH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for FPACH.

5A.3.3.5 FPACH timeslot formats

The FPACH uses slot format #0 of the DL time slot formats given in subclause 5A.2.2.4.1.1.

5A.3.4 The physical random access channel (PRACH)

The RACH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more uplink physical random access channels (PRACH). In such a way the capacity of RACH can be flexibly scaled depending on the operators need.

In a multi-frequency cell the PRACH shall be transmitted only on the primary frequency.

5A.3.4.1 PRACH Spreading

The uplink PRACH uses either spreading factor SF=16, SF=8 or SF=4 as described in subclause 5A.2.1. The set of admissible spreading codes for use on the PRACH and the associated spreading factors are broadcast on the BCH (within the RACH configuration parameters on the BCH).

5A.3.4.2 PRACH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 is used for the PRACH.

5A.3.4.3 PRACH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, of different users active in the same time slot are time shifted versions of a single periodic basic code. The basic midamble codes as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for PRACH.

5A.3.4.4 PRACH timeslot formats

The PRACH uses the following time slot formats taken from the uplink timeslot formats described in sub-clause 5A.2.2.4.1.2:

| Spreading Factor | Slot Format # |
|------------------|---------------|
| 16 | 0 |
| 8 | 10 |
| 4 | 25 |

5A.3.4.5 Association between Training Sequences and Channelisation Codes

The association between training sequences and channelisation codes of PRACH in the 1.28McpsTDD is same as that of the DPCH.

5A.3.5 The synchronisation channels (DwPCH, UpPCH)

There are two dedicated physical synchronisation channels —DwPCH and UpPCH in each 5ms sub-frame of the 1.28Mcps TDD. The DwPCH is used for the down link synchronisation and the UpPCH is used for the uplink synchronisation.

The position and the contents of the DwPCH are equal to the DwPTS as described in the subclause 5A.1., while the position and the contents of the UpPCH are equal to the UpPTS or other uplink access position indicated by the higher layers.

The DwPCH is transmitted at each sub-frame with an antenna pattern configuration which provides whole cell coverage. Furthermore it is transmitted with a constant power level which is signalled by higher layers.

In a multi-frequency cell the DwPCH shall be transmitted only on the primary frequency. The UpPCH is transmitted on the primary frequency. The UpPCH may also be transmitted on the secondary frequencies in case of handover.

The burst structure of the DwPCH (DwPTS) is described in the figure 18I.

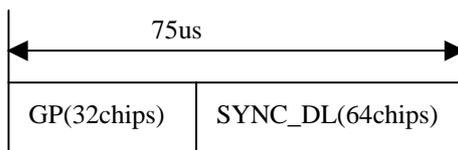


Figure 18I: burst structure of the DwPCH (DwPTS)

Note: 'GP' for 'Guard Period'

The burst structure of the UpPCH (UpPTS) is described in the figure 18J.

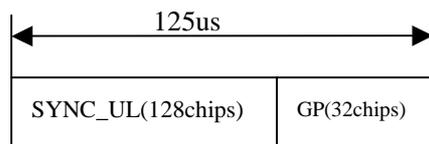


Figure 18J: burst structure of the UpPCH (UpPTS)

The SYNC-DL code in DwPCH and the SYNC-UL code in UpPCH are not spreaded. The details about the SYNC-DL and SYNC-UL code are described in the corresponding subclause and annex in [8].

5A.3.6 Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)

For Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH) the burst structure of DPCH as described in subclause 5A.2 and the training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 shall be used. PUSCH provides the possibility for transmission of TFCI, SS, and TPC in uplink.

The PUSCH is common with 3.84 Mcps TDD with respect to Spreading and UE selection, cf. [5.3.5 Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)].

5A.3.7 Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH)

For Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) the burst structure of DPCH as described in subclause 5A.2 and the training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 shall be used. PDSCH provides the possibility for transmission of TFCI, SS, and TPC in downlink.

The PDSCH is common with 3.84 Mcps TDD with respect to Spreading and UE selection, cf. [5.3.6 Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH)].

5A.3.8 The Page Indicator Channel (PICH)

The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) is a physical channel used to carry the paging indicators.

The PICH may be associated with

- an S-CCPCH to which a PCH transport channel is mapped, or
- an HS-SCCH associated with the HS-PDSCH(s) to which an HS-DSCH transport channel is mapped, or

an HS-PDSCH to which an HS-DSCH transport channel carrying paging message is mapped.

In a multi-frequency cell the PICH shall be transmitted only on the primary frequency.

5A.3.8.1 Mapping of Paging Indicators to the PICH bits

Figure 18K depicts the structure of a PICH transmission and the numbering of the bits within the bursts. The burst type as described in [5A.2.2 'Burst Format'] is used for the PICH. N_{PIB} bits are used to carry the paging indicators, where $N_{PIB}=352$.

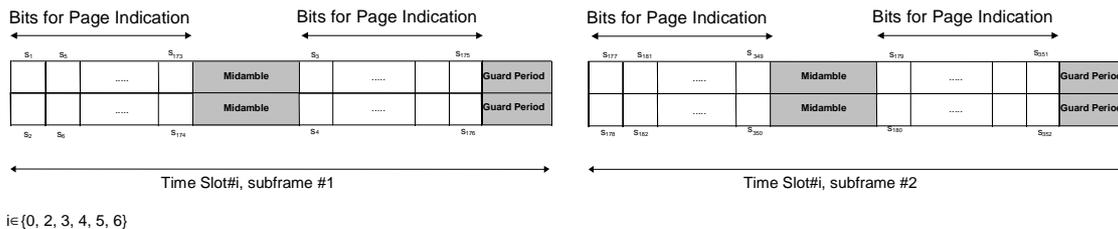


Figure 18K: Transmission and numbering of paging indicator carrying bits in the PICH bursts

Each paging indicator P_q (where $P_q, q = 0, \dots, N_{PI}-1, P_q \in \{0, 1\}$) in one radio frame is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{PI} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{PI} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ in subframe #1 or subframe #2.

The setting of the paging indicators and the corresponding PICH bits is described in [7].

N_{PI} paging indicators of length $L_{PI}=2, L_{PI}=4$ or $L_{PI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each radio frame that contains the PICH. The number of paging indicators N_{PI} per radio frame is given by the paging indicator length, which signalled by higher layers. In table 8K this number is shown for the different possibilities of paging indicator lengths.

Table 8K: Number N_{PI} of paging indicators per radio frame for different paging indicator lengths L_{PI}

| | $L_{PI}=2$ | $L_{PI}=4$ | $L_{PI}=8$ |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| N_{PI} per radio frame | 88 | 44 | 22 |

5A.3.8.2 Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames

The structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames is common with 3.84 Mcps TDD, cf. [5.3.7.2 Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames]

5A.3.9 High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH)

The HS-DSCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more high speed physical downlink shared channels (HS-PDSCH). In a multi-frequency HS-DSCH cell, HS-PDSCHs may be transmitted on one or more carriers in CELL_DCH state and on only one carrier in CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH state in a TTI to a UE and the carriers allocated to the UE shall be on contiguous frequencies. In CELL_FACH state, the HS-PDSCHs shall be transmitted on a same carrier as the one on which the uplink transmission resources are allocated to the UE. This carrier can be the primary frequency or the secondary frequency. In CELL_PCH and URA_PCH state, HS-PDSCHs can only be transmitted on the primary frequency. For UE not supporting multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception, the HS-PDSCHs shall be allocated on a same carrier as the one on which the associated DPCH or the uplink transmission resources is allocated.

5A.3.9.1 HS-PDSCH Spreading

For the UEs not configured in MIMO mode, the HS-PDSCH shall use either spreading factor $SF = 16$ or $SF=1$, as described in 5.2.1.1.

For the UEs configured in MIMO mode, if $SF=16$ is configured by higher layers [19] to be not supported for dual stream transmission, the HS-PDSCH shall use spreading factor $SF=1$ only. Otherwise, the HS-PDSCH shall use either spreading factor $SF = 16$ or $SF=1$.

Spreading of the HS-PDSCH is common with 3.84 Mcps TDD, cf. [5.3.9.1HS-PDSCH Spreading]

5A.3.9.2 HS-PDSCH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 shall be used for the HS-PDSCH.

5A.3.9.3 HS-PDSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the HS-PDSCH.

5A.3.9.4 UE Selection

UE selection is common with 3.84 Mcps TDD, cf. [5.3.9.4 UE selection].

5A.3.9.5 HS-PDSCH timeslot formats

An HS-PDSCH may use QPSK, 16QAM or 64QAM modulation symbols. The time slot formats are shown in table 8KA.

Table 8KA: Time slot formats for the HS-PDSCH

| Slot Format # | SF | Midamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{SS} & N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data} field(1) (bits) | N _{data/data} field(2) (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 (QPSK) | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 88 | 88 | 44 | 44 |
| 1 (16QAM) | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 176 | 176 | 88 | 88 |
| 2 (QPSK) | 1 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 1408 | 1408 | 704 | 704 |
| 3 (16QAM) | 1 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 2816 | 2816 | 1408 | 1408 |
| 4(64QAM) | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 264 | 264 | 132 | 132 |
| 5 (64QAM) | 1 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 4224 | 4224 | 2112 | 2112 |
| 6(QPSK) | 16 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 88 | 84 | 44 | 40 |
| 7(16QAM) | 16 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 172 | 168 | 88 | 80 |
| 8(QPSK) | 1 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 1408 | 1404 | 704 | 700 |
| 9(16QAM) | 1 | 144 | 0 | 2 & 2 | 2812 | 2808 | 1408 | 1400 |

Note: Time slot format 6-9 are exclusively used for semi-persistent HS-PDSCH resources. Whether data field is QPSK or 16QAM modulated, QPSK modulation is used for SS and TPC symbols.

5A.3.9.6 Transmission of SS and TPC

For the transmissions on the semi-persistent HS-PDSCH resources without an HS-SCCH, the SS and TPC command for HS-SICH can be conveyed in HS-PDSCH. The transmission of SS and TPC is done in the data parts of the traffic burst. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The TPC information is to be transmitted directly after the SS information, which is transmitted after the midamble. The SS and TPC are transmitted using the physical channel with the lowest physical channel number and the timeslot with the lowest timeslot number.

5A.3.10 Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH)

The HS-SCCH is a DL physical channel that carries higher layer control information for HS-DSCH. The physical layer will process this information according to [7] and will transmit the resulting bits on the HS-SCCH the structure of which is described below. A number of HS-SCCH types are defined for different purpose, and the actual description is given in [7].

The information on the HS-SCCH is carried by two separate physical channels (HS-SCCH1 and HS-SCCH2). The term HS-SCCH refers to the ensemble of these physical channels.

In CELL_FACH or CELL_PCH state, HS-SCCH order may carry an uplink synchronization establishment command. The structure is the same as described above.

In case of multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception, the HS-DSCH transmission on each allocated carrier is associated with its respective HS-SCCHs. The HS-SCCHs and HS-SICHs controlling the same HS-DSCH transmission on a carrier for the same UE shall be allocated on a same carrier.

5A.3.10.1 HS-SCCH Spreading

Spreading of the HS-SCCH is common with 3.84 Mcps TDD, cf. [5.3.10.1 HS-SCCH Spreading].

5A.3.10.2 HS-SCCH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 shall be used for the HS-SCCH.

5A.3.10.3 HS-SCCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the HS-SCCH.

5A.3.10.4 HS-SCCH timeslot formats

HS-SCCH1 shall use time slot format #5 and HS-SCCH2 shall use time slot format #0 from table 8F, see section 5A.2.2.4.1.1, i.e. HS-SCCH shall carry TPC and SS but no TFCL.

5A.3.11 Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH)

The HS-SICH is a UL physical channel that carries higher layer control information and the Channel Quality Indicator CQI for HS-DSCH. If there is associated HS-SICH to an HS-SCCH order, the HS-SICH carries the acknowledgement to the HS-SCCH order command. The HS-SICH may also be used as the acknowledgement for an HS-SCCH allocating semi-persistent HS-PDSCH resources. The physical layer will process this information according to [7] and will transmit the resulting bits on the HS-SICH the structure of which is described below.

In case of multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception, the HS-DSCH transmission on each allocated carrier is related to its respective HS-SICHs. The HS-SCCHs and HS-SICHs controlling the same HS-DSCH transmission on a carrier for the same UE shall be allocated on a same carrier.

5A.3.11.1 HS-SICH Spreading

The HS-SICH shall use spreading factor $SF = 16$, as described in 5.2.1.2.

When MIMO dual-stream is transmitted, the HS-SICH shall use spreading factor $SF=8$ which shall utilize an additional $SF=16$ channelisation code along the branch with the higher code numbering of the allowed OVVSF sub tree.

5A.3.11.2 HS-SICH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 shall be used for the HS-SICH.

5A.3.11.3 HS-SICH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the HS-SICH.

5A.3.11.4 HS-SICH timeslot formats

The HS-SICH Type 1 shall use time slot format #5 while HS-SICH Type 2 shall use time slot format #20 from table 8G, see section 5A.2.2.4.1.2, i.e., it shall carry TPC and SS but no TFCL. For HS-SICH type 2, two identical TPC symbols denoting one TPC command are transmitted directly after the two identical SS symbols denoting one SS command, which are transmitted after the midamble.

5A.3.12 The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) type1

The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) type1 is a physical channel used to carry the MBMS notification indicators on a non MBSFN dedicated carrier. The UE may use multiple MICH within the MBMS modification period in order to make decisions on individual MBMS notification indicators.

5A.3.12.1 Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the type1 MICH bits

Figure 18L depicts the structure of a type1 MICH transmission and the numbering of the bits within the bursts. The burst type as described in [5A.2.2 ‘Burst Format’] is used for the MICH. N_{NIB} bits are used to carry the MBMS notification indicators, where $N_{NIB}=352$.

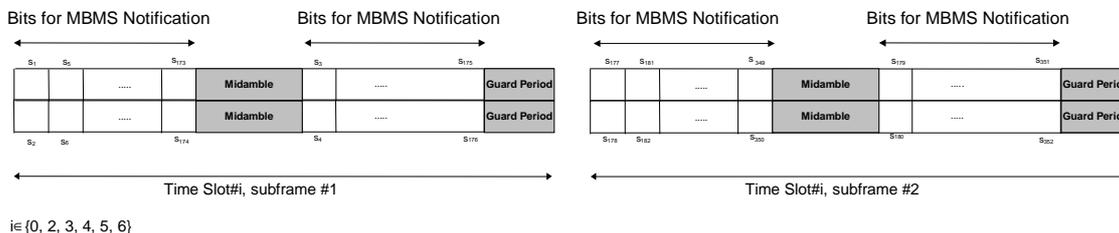


Figure 18L: Transmission and numbering of MBMS notification indicator carrying bits in a type1 MICH burst

Each notification indicator N_q (where $N_q, q = 0, \dots, N_n-1, N_q \in \{0, 1\}$) in one radio frame is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{NI} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{NI} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ in subframe #1 or subframe #2.

The setting of the MBMS notification indicators and the corresponding type1 MICH bits is described in [7].

N_n MBMS notification indicators of length $L_{NI}=2, L_{NI}=4$ or $L_{NI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each radio frame that contains the MICH. The number of MBMS notification indicators N_{NI} per radio frame is given by the MBMS notification indicator length, which is signalled by higher layers. In table 8KB this number is shown for the different possibilities of MBMS notification indicator lengths.

Table 8KB: Number N_{NI} of MBMS notification indicators per radio frame on type1 MICH for different MBMS notification indicator lengths L_{NI}

| | $L_{NI}=2$ | $L_{NI}=4$ | $L_{NI}=8$ |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| N_n per radio frame | 88 | 44 | 22 |

The value NI ($NI = 0, \dots, N_{NI}-1$) calculated by higher layers, is associated to the MBMS notification indicator N_q , where $q = NI \bmod N_n$.

The set of NI passed over the Iub indicates all higher layer NI values for which the notification indicator on MICH type1 should be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period; all other indicators shall be set to 0.

5A.3.12a The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) type 2

The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) type 2 is a physical channel used to carry the MBMS notification indicators and system information change indicator on a MBSFN dedicated carrier only. The UE may use multiple MICH within the MBMS modification period in order to make decisions on individual MBMS notification indicators.

5A.3.12.1 Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the type 2 MICH bits

Figure 18La depicts the structure of a type 2 MICH transmission and the numbering of the bits within the bursts. The burst type as described in [5A.2.2a ‘MS Burst Format’] is used for the type 2 MICH. $2 \cdot L_{NI}$ bits are used to carry the system information change indicators and $N_{NIB} - 2 \cdot L_{NI}$ bits are used to carry the MBMS notification indicators, where $N_{NIB}=128$ for 10ms long MICH type 2.

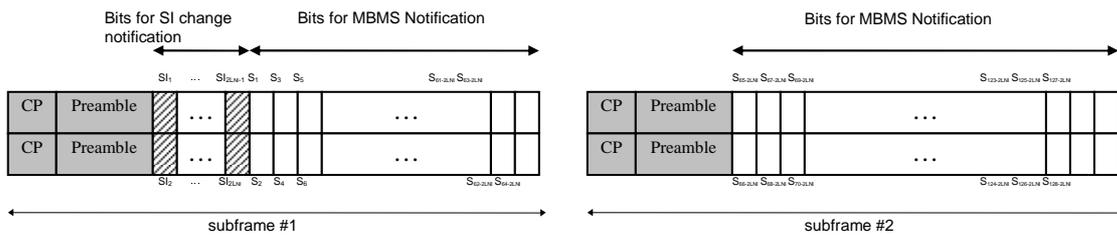


Figure 18La: Transmission and numbering of MBMS notification indicator carrying bits in a type 2 MICH burst

Each notification indicator N_q (where $N_q, q = 0, \dots, N_n-1, N_q \in \{0, 1\}$) in one radio frame is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{NI} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{NI} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ in subframe #1 or subframe #2.

The setting of the MBMS notification indicators and the corresponding MICH bits is described in [7].

N_n MBMS notification indicators of length $L_{NI}=2, L_{NI}=4$ or $L_{NI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each radio frame that contains the MICH. The number of MBMS notification indicators N_{NI} per MICH length is given by the MBMS notification indicator length, which is signalled by higher layers. In table 8KBa this number is shown for the different possibilities of MBMS notification indicator lengths.

Table 8KBa: Number N_{NI} of MBMS notification indicators per radio frame on type 2 MICH for different MBMS notification indicator lengths L_{NI}

| | $L_{NI}=2$ | $L_{NI}=4$ | $L_{NI}=8$ |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| N_n per radio frame | 31 | 15 | 7 |

The value NI ($NI = 0, \dots, N_{NI}-1$) calculated by higher layers, is associated to the MBMS notification indicator N_q , where $q = NI \bmod N_n$.

The set of NI passed over the I_{ub} indicates all higher layer NI values for which the notification indicator on type 2 MICH should be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period; all other indicators shall be set to 0.

5A.3.13 Physical Layer Common Control Channel (PLCCH)

The Physical Layer Common Control Channel (PLCCH) is a Node B terminated channel which may be used to carry dedicated (UE-specific) TPC and SS information to multiple UEs. The PLCCH carries TPC and SS information only. No higher layer data is mapped to PLCCH. Each uplink CCTrCH is controlled either by PLCCH or by other appropriate downlink physical channels, under the control of higher layer signalling.

5A.3.13.1 PLCCH Spreading

The PLCCH uses only spreading factor $SF=16$ as described in subclause 5A.2.1. The spreading codes for use on the PLCCH are indicated by higher layers.

5A.3.13.2 PLCCH Burst Type

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 is used for the PLCCH.

5A.3.13.3 PLCCH Training Sequence

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for PLCCH.

5A.3.13.4 PLCCCH timeslot formats

The PLCCCH shall use time slot format #0 from table 8G, see section 5A.2.2.4.1.2.

5A.3.14 E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel

One or more E-PUCH are used to carry the uplink E-DCH transport channel and associated control information (E-UCCH) in each E-DCH TTI. In a timeslot designated by UTRAN for E-PUCH use, up to one E-PUCH may be transmitted by a UE.

5A.3.14.1 E-UCCH

The E-DCH Uplink Control Channel (E-UCCH) carries uplink control information associated with the E-DCH and is mapped to E-PUCH. Depending on the configuration of the number of E-UCCH instances and the number of E-PUCH timeslots, an E-PUCH burst may or may not contain E-UCCH and TPC. When E-PUCH does contain E-UCCH, TPC is also transmitted. When E-PUCH does not contain E-UCCH, TPC is not transmitted.

One E-UCCH instance :

- is of length 32 physical channel bits
- is mapped to the data field of the E-PUCH
- is spread at SF appointed by CRRI
- uses QPSK modulation

There shall be at least one E-UCCH and TPC in every E-DCH TTI. Multiple instances of the same E-UCCH information and TPC can be transmitted within an E-DCH TTI, the detailed number of instances can be set by NodeB MAC-e for scheduled transmissions and signalled by higher layers for non-scheduled transmissions. When an E-DCH data block is transmitted on multiple (N) timeslots in one TTI, there will be multiple E-PUCH timeslots. All repetitions of E-UCCH and TPC are evenly distributed on multiple E-PUCH timeslots. N is the number of timeslots of the E-PUCH, M is the number of E-UCCH and TPC instances in one TTI; K is the integral part of M/N; L is the residue of M/N. S is the number of E-UCCHs and TPCs in one E-PUCH timeslot. S equals K+1 for the first L E-PUCH timeslots and equals K for the last (N-L) E-PUCH timeslots.

The burst composition of the E-UCCH information and the E-DCH data is shown in figure 18M.

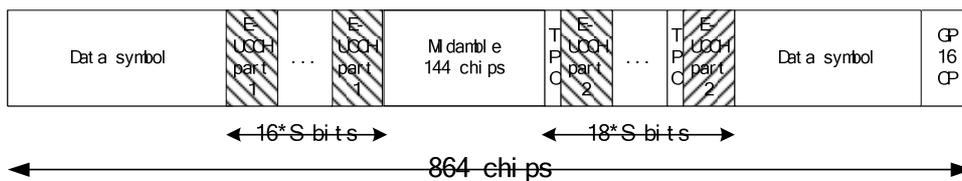


Figure 18M: Multiplexing structure of E-DCH and E-UCCH

An E-UCCH is composed of 32 bits: $k_0, k_1 \dots k_{31}$. It is segmented evenly into two parts shown in figure 18N.

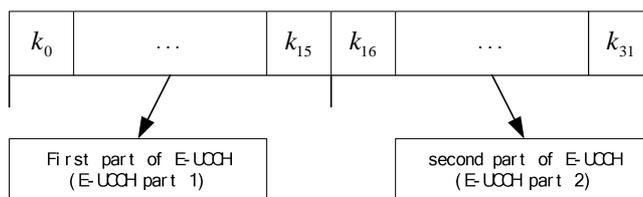


Figure 18N: E-UCCH code composition

Figures 18O and 18P show the E-PUCH data burst with and without the E-UCCH/TPC fields.

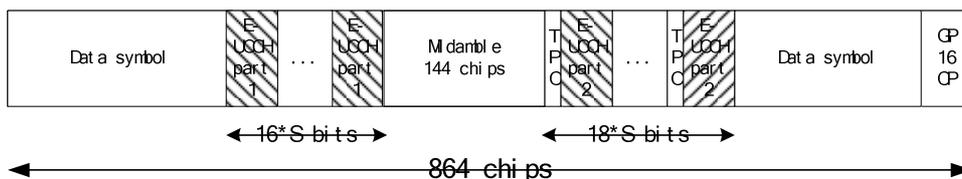


Figure 18O: E-PUCH data burst with E-UCCH/TPC

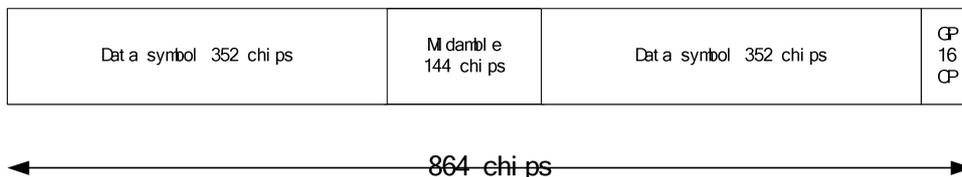


Figure 18P: E-PUCH data burst without E-UCCH/TPC

5A.3.14.2 E-PUCH Spreading

The spreading factors that can be applied to the E-PUCH are SF = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 as described in subclause 5A.2.1. All E-PUCH use the same spreading factor within an E-DCH TTI. For scheduled transmissions, E-PUCHs use the spreading factor indicated by CRR1 on E-AGCH.

5A.3.14.3 E-PUCH Burst Types

The burst types as described in subclause 5A.2.2 can be used for E-PUCH. E-UCCH and TPC can be transmitted on the E-PUCH.

In case that TPC on non-scheduled E-PUCH is not used to adjust transmitting power level of downlink DPCH, Node B should not apply TPC commands received from non-scheduled E-PUCH.

5A.3.14.4 E-PUCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the E-PUCH.

5A.3.14.5 UE Selection

UEs that shall transmit on the E-PUCH are selected by higher layers. The UE id on the associated E-AGCH shall be used for identification.

5A.3.14.6 E-PUCH timeslot formats

An E-PUCH may use QPSK or 16QAM modulation symbols and may or may not contain E-UCCH/TPC. The time slot formats are shown in table 8KC.

Table 8KC: Time slot formats for the E-PUCH

| Slot Format # | 0 (QPSK) | 1 (16QAM) | 2 (QPSK) | 3 (16QAM) | 4 (QPSK) | 5 (16QAM) | 6 (QPSK) | 7 (16QAM) | 8 (QPSK) | 9 (16QAM) | 10 (QPSK) | 11 (16QAM) | 12 (QPSK) | 13 (16QAM) |
|--|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Spreading Factor | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Midamble length (chips) | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 |
| Bits/slot | 88 | 176 | 88 | 142 | 88 | 108 | 176 | 352 | 176 | 318 | 176 | 284 | 176 | 250 |
| N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | 88 | 176 | 54 | 108 | 20 | 40 | 176 | 352 | 142 | 284 | 108 | 216 | 74 | 148 |
| N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | 44 | 88 | 28 | 56 | 12 | 24 | 88 | 176 | 72 | 144 | 56 | 112 | 40 | 80 |
| N _{EUCC8_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC7_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC6_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC5_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC4_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC3_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{EUCC2_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{EUCC1_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC1_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC2_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC3} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC3_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC4} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC4_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{TPC5} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC5_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{TPC6} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC6_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{TPC7} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC7_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{TPC8} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC8_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{data/data field(2)} | 44 | 88 | 26 | 52 | 8 | 16 | 88 | 176 | 70 | 140 | 52 | 104 | 34 | 68 |

| Slot Format # | 0 (QPSK) | 1 (16QAM) | 2 (QPSK) | 3 (16QAM) | 4 (QPSK) | 5 (16QAM) | 6 (QPSK) | 7 (16QAM) | 8 (QPSK) | 9 (16QAM) | 10 (QPSK) | 11 (16QAM) | 12 (QPSK) | 13 (16QAM) |
|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| (bits) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Slot Format # | 14 (QPSK) | 15 (16QAM) | 16 (QPSK) | 17 (16QAM) | 18 (QPSK) | 19 (16QAM) | 20 (QPSK) | 21 (16QAM) | 22 (QPSK) | 23 (16QAM) | 24 (QPSK) | 25 (16QAM) | 26 (QPSK) | 27 (16QAM) |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Spreading Factor | 8 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Midamble length (chips) | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 |
| Bits/slot | 176 | 216 | 352 | 704 | 352 | 670 | 352 | 636 | 352 | 602 | 352 | 568 | 352 | 534 |
| N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | 40 | 80 | 352 | 704 | 318 | 636 | 284 | 568 | 250 | 500 | 216 | 432 | 182 | 364 |
| N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | 24 | 48 | 176 | 352 | 160 | 320 | 144 | 288 | 128 | 256 | 112 | 224 | 96 | 192 |
| N _{EUCC8_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC7_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC6_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC5_part1} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{EUCC4_part1} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{EUCC3_part1} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{EUCC2_part1} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{EUCC1_part1} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC1} (bits) | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC1_part2} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC2} (bits) | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC2_part2} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC3} (bits) | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC3_part2} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC4} (bits) | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC4_part2} (bits) | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC5} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| N _{EUCC5_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N _{TPC6} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC6_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{TPC7} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N _{EUCC7_part2} (bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Slot Format # | 14 (QPSK) | 15 (16QAM) | 16 (QPSK) | 17 (16QAM) | 18 (QPSK) | 19 (16QAM) | 20 (QPSK) | 21 (16QAM) | 22 (QPSK) | 23 (16QAM) | 24 (QPSK) | 25 (16QAM) | 26 (QPSK) | 27 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| N_{TPC8}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC8_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{data/data field(2)}(bits) | 16 | 32 | 176 | 352 | 158 | 316 | 140 | 280 | 122 | 244 | 104 | 208 | 86 | 172 |

| Slot Format # | 28 (QPSK) | 29 (16QAM) | 30 (QPSK) | 31 (16QAM) | 32 (QPSK) | 33 (16QAM) | 34 (QPSK) | 35 (16QAM) | 36 (QPSK) | 37 (16QAM) | 38 (QPSK) | 39 (16QAM) | 40 (QPSK) | 41 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Spreading Factor | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Midamble length (chips) | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 |
| Bits/slot | 352 | 500 | 352 | 466 | 352 | 432 | 704 | 1408 | 704 | 1374 | 704 | 1340 | 704 | 1306 |
| N_{Data/Slot}(bits) | 148 | 296 | 114 | 228 | 80 | 160 | 704 | 1408 | 670 | 1340 | 636 | 1272 | 602 | 1204 |
| N_{data/data field(1)}(bits) | 80 | 160 | 64 | 128 | 48 | 96 | 352 | 704 | 336 | 672 | 320 | 640 | 304 | 608 |
| N_{EUCC8_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC7_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC6_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC5_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC4_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC3_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC2_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC1_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC1}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCC1_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC2}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCC2_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC3}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCC3_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC4}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC4_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC5}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC5_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC6}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Slot Format # | 28 (QPSK) | 29 (16QAM) | 30 (QPSK) | 31 (16QAM) | 32 (QPSK) | 33 (16QAM) | 34 (QPSK) | 35 (16QAM) | 36 (QPSK) | 37 (16QAM) | 38 (QPSK) | 39 (16QAM) | 40 (QPSK) | 41 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| N_{EUCCH6_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC7}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH7_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC8}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH8_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{data/data field(2)}(bits) | 68 | 136 | 50 | 100 | 32 | 64 | 352 | 704 | 334 | 668 | 316 | 632 | 298 | 596 |

| Slot Format # | 42 (QPSK) | 43 (16QAM) | 44 (QPSK) | 45 (16QAM) | 46 (QPSK) | 47 (16QAM) | 48 (QPSK) | 49 (16QAM) | 50 (QPSK) | 51 (16QAM) | 52 (QPSK) | 53 (16QAM) | 54 (QPSK) | 55 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Spreading Factor | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Midamble length (chips) | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 |
| Bits/slot | 704 | 1272 | 704 | 1238 | 704 | 1204 | 704 | 1170 | 704 | 1136 | 1408 | 2816 | 1408 | 2782 |
| N_{Data/Slot}(bits) | 568 | 1136 | 534 | 1068 | 500 | 1000 | 466 | 932 | 432 | 864 | 1408 | 2816 | 1374 | 2748 |
| N_{data/data field(1)}(bits) | 288 | 576 | 272 | 544 | 256 | 512 | 240 | 480 | 224 | 448 | 704 | 1408 | 688 | 1376 |
| N_{EUCCH8_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH7_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH6_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH5_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH4_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH3_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH2_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH1_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC1}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCCH1_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC2}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH2_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC3}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH3_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC4}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCCH4_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Slot Format # | 42 (QPSK) | 43 (16QAM) | 44 (QPSK) | 45 (16QAM) | 46 (QPSK) | 47 (16QAM) | 48 (QPSK) | 49 (16QAM) | 50 (QPSK) | 51 (16QAM) | 52 (QPSK) | 53 (16QAM) | 54 (QPSK) | 55 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| N_{TPC5}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC5_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC6}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC6_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC7}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC7_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{TPC8}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{EUCC8_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N_{data/data field(2)}(bits) | 280 | 560 | 262 | 524 | 244 | 488 | 226 | 452 | 208 | 416 | 704 | 1408 | 686 | 1372 |

| Slot Format # | 56 (QPSK) | 57 (16QAM) | 58 (QPSK) | 59 (16QAM) | 60 (QPSK) | 61 (16QAM) | 62 (QPSK) | 63 (16QAM) | 64 (QPSK) | 65 (16QAM) | 66 (QPSK) | 67 (16QAM) | 68 (QPSK) | 69 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Spreading Factor | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Midamble length (chips) | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 |
| Bits/slot | 1408 | 2748 | 1408 | 2714 | 1408 | 2680 | 1408 | 2646 | 1408 | 2612 | 1408 | 2578 | 1408 | 2544 |
| N_{data/Slot}(bits) | 1340 | 2680 | 1306 | 2612 | 1272 | 2544 | 1238 | 2476 | 1204 | 2408 | 1170 | 2340 | 1136 | 2272 |
| N_{data/data field(1)}(bits) | 672 | 1344 | 656 | 1312 | 640 | 1280 | 624 | 1248 | 608 | 1216 | 592 | 1184 | 576 | 1152 |
| N_{EUCC8_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC7_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC6_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC5_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC4_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC3_part1}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC2_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{EUCC1_part1}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC1}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCC1_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC2}(bits) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCC2_part2}(bits) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC3}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

| Slot Format # | 56 (QPSK) | 57 (16QAM) | 58 (QPSK) | 59 (16QAM) | 60 (QPSK) | 61 (16QAM) | 62 (QPSK) | 63 (16QAM) | 64 (QPSK) | 65 (16QAM) | 66 (QPSK) | 67 (16QAM) | 68 (QPSK) | 69 (16QAM) |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| N_{EUCCH3_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC4}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCCH4_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC5}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCCH5_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC6}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCCH6_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC7}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCCH7_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{TPC8}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| N_{EUCCH8_part2}(bits) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| N_{data/data field(2)}(bits) | 668 | 1336 | 650 | 1300 | 632 | 1264 | 614 | 1228 | 596 | 1192 | 578 | 1156 | 560 | 1120 |

5A.3.15 E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH)

The E-RUCCH is used to carry E-DCH-associated uplink control signalling when E-PUCH resources are not available. It shall be mapped to the same random access physical resources defined by UTRAN.

5A.3.15.1 E-RUCCH Spreading

The E-RUCCH uses spreading factor SF=16 or SF=8 as described in subclause 5A.2.1. The set of admissible spreading codes used on the E-RUCCH are based on the spreading codes of PRACH.

5A.3.15.2 E-RUCCH Burst Format

The burst format as described in section 5A.2.2 is used for the E-RUCCH.

5A.3.15.3 E-RUCCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for E-RUCCH.

5A.3.15.4 E-RUCCH timeslot formats

The timeslot format depends on the spreading factor of the E-RUCCH:

| Spreading Factor | Slot Format # |
|------------------|---------------|
| 16 | 0 |
| 8 | 10 |

5A.3.16 E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

The E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) is a downlink physical channel carrying the uplink E-DCH absolute grant control information. The E-AGCH uses two separate physical channels (E-AGCH1 and E-AGCH2). The term E-AGCH refers to the ensemble of these physical channels.

5A.3.16.1 E-AGCH Spreading

Spreading of the E-AGCH is common with 3.84Mcps TDD, cf. [5.3.15.1 E-AGCH Spreading].

5A.3.16.2 E-AGCH Burst Types

The burst structures for E-AGCH1 and E-AGCH2 are shown in figure 18Q and 18R.

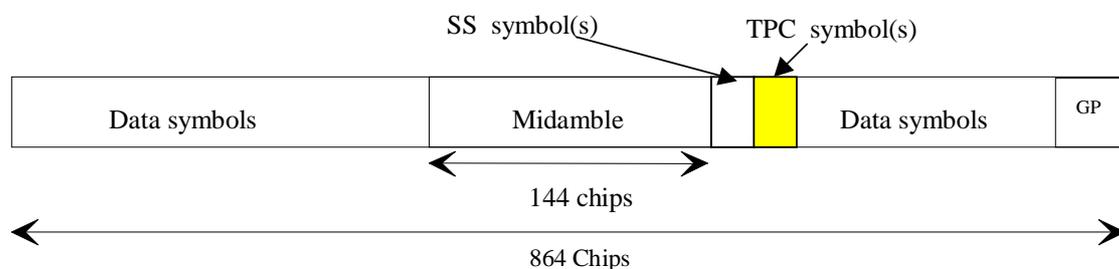


Figure 18Q: E-AGCH1 burst structure

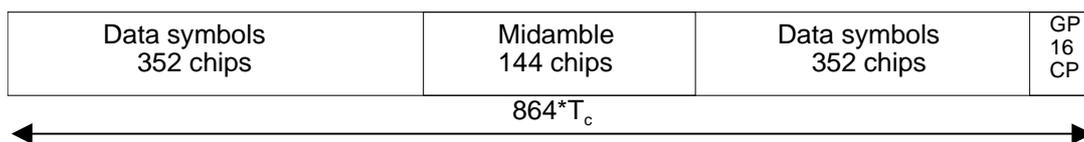


Figure 18R: E-AGCH2 burst structure

5A.3.16.3 E-AGCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the E-AGCH.

5A.3.16.4 E-AGCH timeslot formats

E-AGCH1 shall use time slot format #5 and E-AGCH2 shall use time slot format #0 from table 8F, see section 5A.2.2.4.1.1, i.e. E-AGCH shall carry TPC and SS for E-PUCH power control and synchronization but no TFCI.

Table 8KD: Timeslot formats for the E-AGCH

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{ss} &N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data} field (1) (bits) | N _{data/data} field (2) (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| 0 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 0&0 | 88 | 88 | 44 | 44 |
| 5 | 16 | 144 | 0 | 2&2 | 88 | 84 | 44 | 40 |

5A.3.17 E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Acknowledgement Indicator Channel (E-HICH)

The E-DCH HARQ Acknowledgement indicator channel (E-HICH) is defined in terms of a SF16 downlink physical channel and a signature sequence.

The E-HICH carries one or multiple users' acknowledgement indicator. Figure 18S illustrates the structure of the E-HICH. The E-HICH contains 8 spare bit locations. The spare bit values are undefined. The power of each user's acknowledgement indicator may be set independently by the Node-B. The number of E-HICHs in a cell is configured by the system. Scheduled traffic's and non-scheduled traffic's acknowledgement indicators are transmitted on different E-HICHs.

The acknowledgement indicators for the E-PUCH semi-persistent scheduling operation can be transmitted on the same E-HICH carrying indicators for scheduled traffic or the E-HICH carrying indicators for non-scheduled traffic.

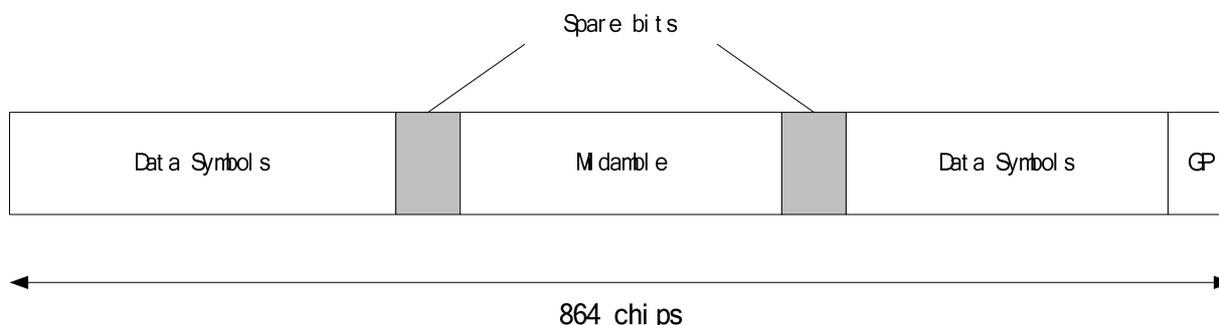


Figure 18S: E-HICH Structure

For Scheduled transmissions, at most four E-HICHs can be configured for one user's scheduled transmission. Which E-HICH is used to convey the HARQ acknowledgment indicator is indicated by the 2-bit E-HICH indicator on E-AGCH. A single E-HICH may carry one or multiple HARQ acknowledgement indicator(s) which are decided by the Node-B.

For Non-Scheduled transmissions, E-HICHs carry not only the HARQ acknowledgement indicators but also TPC and SS commands. The 80 signature sequences are divided into 20 groups while each group includes 4 sequences. Every non-scheduled user is assigned only one group which are signalled by higher layer. Among the 4 sequences, the first one is used to indicate ACK/NACK, and the other three are used to indicate the TPC/SS commands. The three sequences and their three reverse sequences are the six possible sequences used to indicate the TPC/SS combination state. The reverse sequence is constructed by reverse every bit of the sequence from 0 to 1 or from 1 to 0. The mapping between the index and the TPC/SS command is shown in table 8KE. The index is calculated according to the equation: $index=2*A+B$, ($A=0,1,2$; $B=0,1$). A is the relative index of the selected sequence among the three assigned sequences and B equals to 1 when the reverse sequence is chosen, otherwise, B equals to 0. The power of the sequence used for TPC/SS indication can be set differently from the one used to indicate ACK/NACK.

Table 8KE: Mapping between the index and TPC/SS command

| index | TPC command | SS command |
|-------|-------------|--------------|
| 0 | 'DOWN' | 'DOWN' |
| 1 | 'UP' | 'DOWN' |
| 2 | 'DOWN' | 'UP' |
| 3 | 'UP' | 'UP' |
| 4 | 'DOWN' | 'Do Nothing' |
| 5 | 'UP' | 'Do Nothing' |

For the E-DCH semi-persistent scheduling operation, E-HICHs carry not only the HARQ acknowledgement indicators but also TPC and SS commands. Each user is also assigned one signature sequence group including 4 sequences whose usage is completely complying with the definition in non-scheduled transmissions.

The acknowledgement indicator for an E-DCH transmission in TTI "N" is carried by the E-HICH in TTI " $N+[T_A]$ " (T_A is determined according to the value of n_{E-HICH}). The E-HICH is thus synchronously related to those E-DCH transmissions for which it carries acknowledgement information.

5A.3.17.1 E-HICH Spreading

Multiple users' signature sequences (including the inserted spare bits) sharing the same channelisation code are combined and spread using spreading factor $SF=16$ as described in [8].

5A.3.17.2 E-HICH Burst Types

The burst structures for E-HICH are shown in figure 18D.

5A.3.17.3 E-HICH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the E-HICH.

5A.3.17.4 E-HICH timeslot formats

E-HICH shall use time slot format #0 from table 8F.

5A.3.18 Standalone midamble channel

5A.3.18.1 Standalone midamble channel Burst Format

A standalone midamble channel traffic burst consists of a midamble of 144 chips only. The burst format is shown in Figure 18T. The contents of the traffic burst fields are described in table 8KF.

Table 8KF: The contents of the standalone midamble channel traffic burst format fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 0-351 | 352 | NULL |
| 352-495 | 144 | Midamble |
| 496-863 | 368 | NULL |

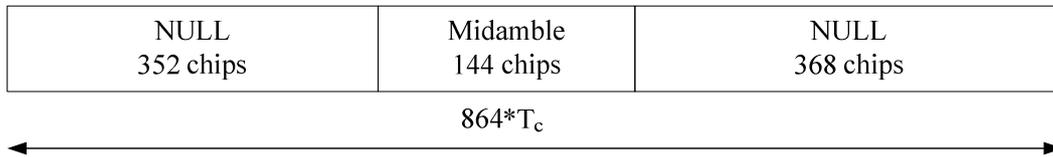


Figure 18T: Burst structure of the standalone midamble channel traffic burst format

5A.3.18.3 Standalone midamble channel Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5A.2.3 are used for the standalone midamble channel.

5A.3.18.4 Standalone midamble channel timeslot formats

The timeslot formats for the standalone midamble channel are shown in table 8KG.

Table 8KG: Timeslot formats for the standalone midamble channel

| Slot Format # | Midamble length (chips) | N_{TFCI} code word (bits) | N_{SS} & N_{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{Data/Slot}$ (bits) | $N_{data/data}$ field(1) (bits) | $N_{data/data}$ field(2) (bits) |
|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | 144 | 0 | 0 & 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

5A.4 Transmit Diversity for DL Physical Channels

Table 8L summarizes the different transmit diversity schemes for different downlink physical channel types in 1.28Mcps TDD that are described in [9].

Table 8L: Application of Tx diversity schemes on downlink physical channel types in 1.28Mcps TDD
"X" – can be applied, "-" – must not be applied

| Physical channel type | Open loop TxDiversity | | Closed loop TxDiversity |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------|-------------------------|
| | TSTD | SCTD | |
| P-CCPCH | X(†) | X(†) | – |
| S-CCPCH | X(†) | X(†) | – |
| DwPCH | X | – | – |
| DPCH | X | – | X |
| PDSCH | X | X | X |
| PICH | X | X | - |
| MICH | X(†) | X(†) | - |
| PLCCH | X | X | - |
| HS-SCCH | - | X | X |
| HS-PDSCH (UE not in MIMO mode) | - | - | X |
| HS-PDSCH (UE in MIMO mode) | – | – | – |
| E-AGCH | -- | X | X |
| E-HICH | -- | X | -- |

(*) Note: SCTD may only be applied to physical channels when they are allocated to beacon locations.

(†) Note: that when the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN operation, TSTD and SCTD shall not be applied.

5A.5 Beacon characteristics of physical channels

For the purpose of measurements, common physical channels that are allocated to particular locations (time slot, code) shall have particular physical characteristics, called beacon characteristics. Physical channels with beacon characteristics are called beacon channels. The location of the beacon channels is called beacon location. The beacon channels shall provide the beacon function, i.e. a reference power level at the beacon location, regularly existing in each subframe. Thus, beacon channels must be present in each subframe.

5A.5.1 Location of beacon channels

The beacon location is described as follows:

The beacon function shall be provided by the physical channels that are allocated to channelisation code $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ and $c_{Q=16}^{(k=2)}$ in Timeslot#0.

Note that by this definition the P-CCPCH always has beacon characteristics. In a multi-frequency cell beacon channels are always transmitted on the primary frequency.

5A.5.2 Physical characteristics of the beacon function

The beacon channels shall have the following physical characteristics.

They:

- are transmitted with reference power;
- are transmitted without beamforming;
- use midamble $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ exclusively in this time slot

The reference power corresponds to the sum of the power allocated to both midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$. Two possibilities exist:

- If SCTD antenna diversity is not applied to beacon channels, all the reference power of any beacon channel is allocated to $m^{(1)}$.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to beacon channels, for any beacon channel midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ are each allocated half of the reference power.

5A.6 Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels

Midambles are part of the physical channel configuration which is performed by higher layers. Four different midamble allocation schemes exist:

- UE specific midamble allocation: A UE specific midamble for DL or UL is explicitly assigned by higher layers.
- Default midamble allocation: The midamble for DL or UL is allocated by layer 1 depending on the associated channelisation code.
- Common midamble allocation: The midamble for the DL is allocated by layer 1 depending on the number of channelisation codes currently being present in the DL time slot.
- Special Default midamble allocation: The midamble for DL or UL is also allocated by layer 1 depending on the associated channelisation code while the association is different from default midamble allocation.

If a midamble is not explicitly assigned and the use of the common midamble allocation scheme is not signalled by higher layers, the midamble shall be allocated by layer 1, based on default or special default midamble allocation scheme. This default or special default midamble allocation scheme is given by a fixed association between midambles and channelisation codes, and shall be applied individually to all channelisation codes within one time slot. Different associations apply for different burst types and cell configurations with respect to the maximum number of midambles.

The associations between channelisation codes and midambles for the default, special default and common midamble allocation differ from the 3.84 Mcps TDD option. The associations are given in Annex AA.2 [Association between Midambles and channelisation Codes for default midamble allocation], Annex AA.3 [Association between Midambles and channelisation Codes for special default midamble allocation] and BA [Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 1.28Mcps TDD] respectively.

However, for timeslots employing MBSFN operation there is no single midamble restriction per MBSFN timeslot, i.e. $K_{\text{Cell}} \geq 1$, whilst this does not undermine the specification that all physical channels in such timeslots employ the same midamble(s) and thus default and common midamble allocation amount to the same allocation strategies.

5A.6.1 Midamble Allocation for DL Physical Channels

Beacon channels shall always use the reserved midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$, see 5A.5. For the other DL physical channels that are located in timeslot #0, midambles shall be allocated based on the default midamble allocation scheme, using the association for $K=8$ midambles. For all other DL physical channels, the midamble is explicitly assigned by higher layers or allocated by layer 1.

5A.6.1.1 Midamble Allocation by signalling from higher layers

The midamble allocation by signalling is the same like in the 3.84 Mcps TDD cf. [5.6.1.1 Midamble allocation by signalling from higher layers]

5A.6.1.2 Midamble Allocation by layer 1

5A.6.1.2.1 Default midamble

The default midamble allocation by layer 1 is the same like in the 3.84 Mcps TDD cf. [5.6.1.2.1 Default midamble]. The associations between midambles and channelisation codes are given in Annex AA.2 [Association between Midambles and channelisation Codes for default midamble allocation].

5A.6.1.2.2 Common Midamble

The common midamble allocation by layer 1 is the same like in the 3.84 Mcps TDD cf. [5.6.1.2.2 Common midamble]. The respective associations are given in Annex BA [Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 1.28 Mcps TDD].

5A.6.1.2.3 Special Default Midamble

There are two patterns of the association between midambles and channelisation codes for special default midamble allocation scheme for each cell configurations with respect to the maximum number of midambles. The special default midamble allocation is used for the MIMO dual stream transmission. The association between midambles and channelisation codes are given in Annex AA.3 [Association between Midambles and channelisation Codes for special default midamble allocation].

5A.6.2 Midamble Allocation for UL Physical Channels

The midamble allocation for UL Physical Channels is the same as in the 3.84 Mcps TDD cf. [5.6.2 Midamble allocation for UL Physical Channels]

5A.7 Midamble Transmit Power

When standalone midamble channel is not transmitted, the setting of the midamble transmit power is done as in the 3.84 Mcps TDD option cf. 5.7 'Midamble Transmit Power'

5A.7a Preamble Allocation and Preamble Transmit Power

When the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN, for all timeslots employing MBSFN operation, only a single preamble is needed, i.e. $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$, then all physical channels in such timeslots employ the same preamble with the same allocation strategies.

There shall be no offset between the sum of the powers allocated to all preambles in a timeslot and the sum of the powers allocated to the data symbol fields. The transmit power within a timeslot is hence constant.

5B Physical channels for the 7.68 Mcps option

5B.1 General

All physical channels take a three-layer structure with respect to timeslots, radio frames and system frame numbering (SFN). Depending on the resource allocation, the configuration of radio frames or timeslots becomes different. All physical channels need a guard period in every timeslot. The time slots are used in the sense of a TDMA component to separate different user signals in the time domain. The physical channel signal format is presented in figure 18AA.

A physical channel in the 7.68Mcps TDD option is a burst, which is transmitted in a particular timeslot within allocated Radio Frames. The allocation can be continuous, i.e. the time slot in every frame is allocated to the physical channel or discontinuous, i.e. the time slot in a subset of all frames is allocated only. A burst is the combination of two data parts, a midamble part and a guard period. The duration of a burst is one time slot. Several bursts can be transmitted at the same time from one transmitter. In this case, the data parts must use different OVVSF channelisation codes, but the same scrambling code. The midamble parts are either identically or differently shifted versions of a cell-specific basic midamble code, see section 5B.3.3. Note when in MBSFN operation, a midamble is not necessarily cell-specific.

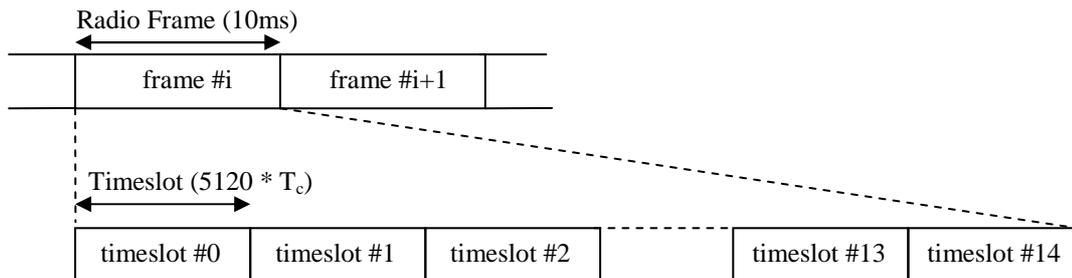


Figure 18AA: Physical channel signal format

The data part of the burst is spread with a combination of channelisation code and scrambling code. The channelisation code is an OVSF code, that can have a spreading factor of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32. The data rate of the physical channel depends on the used spreading factor of the used OVSF code.

The midamble part of the burst can contain two different types of midambles: a short one of length 512 chips, or a long one of length 1024 chips. The data rate of the physical channel depends on the used midamble length. Additionally, when in MBSFN operation a midamble of length 640 chips is used.

So a physical channel is defined by frequency, timeslot, channelisation code, burst type and Radio Frame allocation. The scrambling code and the basic midamble code are broadcast and may be constant within a cell. When a physical channel is established, a start frame is given. The physical channels can either be of infinite duration, or of a duration defined by allocation.

5B.2 Frame structure

The TDMA frame has a duration of 10 ms and is subdivided into 15 time slots (TS) of $5120 \cdot T_c$ duration each. A time slot corresponds to 5120 chips. The physical content of the time slots are the bursts of corresponding length as described in subclause 5B.3.2.

Each 10 ms frame consists of 15 time slots, each allocated to either the uplink or the downlink (figure 18AB). With such a flexibility, the TDD mode can be adapted to different environments and deployment scenarios. In any configuration at least one time slot has to be allocated for the downlink and at least one time slot has to be allocated for the uplink with the exception of no uplink timeslots when the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN.

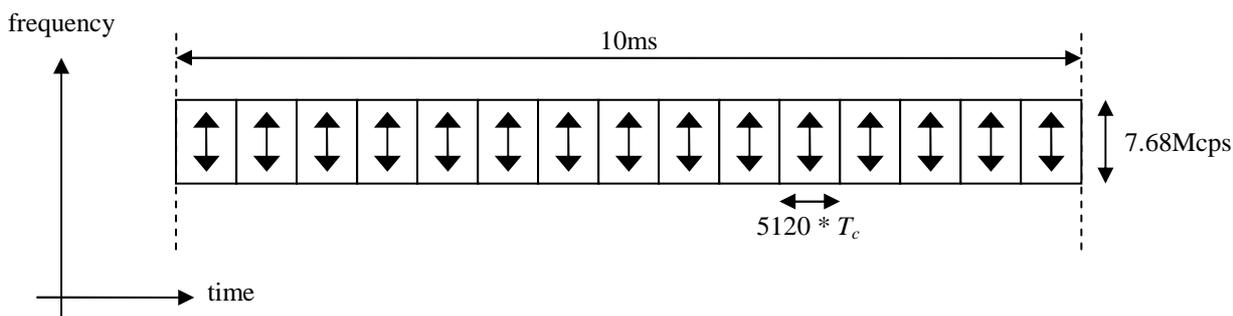


Figure 18AB: The TDD frame structure

Examples for multiple and single switching point configurations as well as for symmetric and asymmetric UL/DL allocations are given in figure 3.

5B.3 Dedicated physical channel (DPCH)

The DCH as described in subclause 4.1.1 is mapped onto the dedicated physical channel.

5B.3.1 Spreading

Spreading is applied to the data part of the physical channels and consists of two operations. The first is the channelisation operation, which transforms every data symbol into a number of chips, thus increasing the bandwidth of the signal. The number of chips per data symbol is called the Spreading Factor (SF). The second operation is the scrambling operation, where a scrambling code is applied to the spread signal. Details on channelisation and scrambling operation can be found in [8].

5B.3.1.1 Spreading for Downlink Physical Channels

Downlink physical channels shall use SF=32 or SF=1.

Multiple parallel physical channels can be used to support higher data rates. Within a timeslot, parallel physical channels shall be transmitted using different channelisation codes, see [8]. These codes with SF =32 are generated as described in [8].

5B.3.1.2 Spreading for Uplink Physical Channels

The range of spreading factors that may be used for uplink physical channels shall range from 32 down to 1. For each physical channel an individual minimum spreading factor SF_{min} is transmitted by means of the higher layers. There are two options that are indicated by UTRAN:

1. The UE shall use the spreading factor SF_{min} , independent of the current TFC.
2. The UE shall autonomously increase the spreading factor depending on the current TFC.

If the UE autonomously changes the SF, it shall always vary the channelisation code along the branch with the higher code numbering of the allowed OVFSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]. In the event that code hopping is configured by higher layers, the allowed OVFSF sub-tree is that subtended by the effective allocated OVFSF code after the hop sequence has been applied to the allocated OVFSF code (see [9]).

For multicode transmission a UE shall use a maximum of two physical channels per timeslot simultaneously. These two parallel physical channels shall be transmitted using different channelisation codes, see [8].

5B.3.2 Burst Types

Four types of bursts are defined. All of them consist of two data symbol fields, a midamble and a guard period, the lengths of which are different for the individual burst types. Thus, the number of data symbols in a burst depends on the SF and the burst type, as depicted in table 8AA.

Table 8AA: Number of data symbols (N) for burst type 1, 2, 3 and 4

| Spreading factor (SF) | Burst Type 1 | Burst Type 2 | Burst Type 3 | Burst Type 4 |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | 3904 | 4416 | 3712 | 4224 |
| 2 | 1952 | 2208 | 1856 | N/A |
| 4 | 976 | 1104 | 928 | N/A |
| 8 | 488 | 552 | 464 | N/A |
| 16 | 244 | 276 | 232 | N/A |
| 32 | 122 | 138 | 116 | 132 |

The support of burst types 1, 2 and 3 is mandatory for UEs supporting transmit and receive functions. UEs supporting transmit and receive functions and also MBSFN operation must additionally support burst type 4. UEs with receive only capability need only support burst type 4.. The three different bursts defined here are well suited for different applications, as described in the following sections.

5B.3.2.1 Burst Type 1

Burst type 1 can be used for uplink and downlink. Due to its longer midamble field this burst type supports the construction of a larger number of training sequences. The maximum number of training sequences depends on the cell configuration. For burst type 1 this number may be 4, 8, or 16.

The data fields of burst type 1 are 1952 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 8AA above. The midamble of burst type 1 has a length of 1024 chips. The guard period for the burst type 1 is 192 chip periods long. Burst type 1 is shown in Figure 18AC. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 8AB.

Table 8AB: The contents of burst type 1 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0-1951 | 1952 | Cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 1952-2975 | 1024 | - | | Midamble |
| 2976-4927 | 1952 | Cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 4928-5119 | 192 | - | | Guard period |

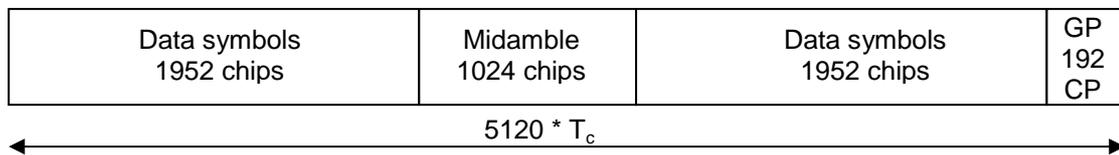


Figure 18AC: Burst structure of burst type 1. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods

5B.3.2.2 Burst Type 2

Burst type 2 can be used for uplink and downlink. It offers a longer data field than burst type 1 at the cost of a shorter midamble. Due to the shorter midamble field the burst type 2 supports a maximum number of training sequences of 4 or 8 only, depending on the cell configuration.

The data fields of the burst type 2 are 2208 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 8AA above. The guard period for the burst type 2 is 192 chip periods long. Burst type 2 is shown in Figure 18AD. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 8AC.

Table 8AC: The contents of burst type 2 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0-2207 | 2208 | cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 2208-2719 | 512 | - | | Midamble |
| 2720-4927 | 2208 | cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 4928-5119 | 192 | - | | Guard period |

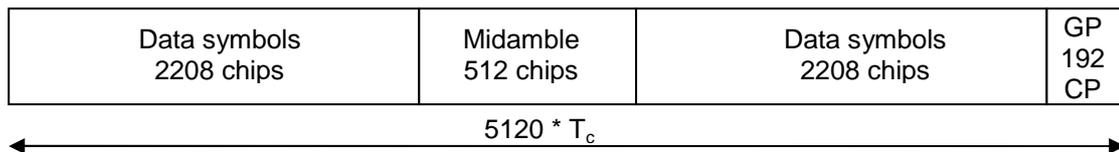


Figure 18AD: Burst structure of the burst type 2. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods

5B.3.2.3 Burst Type 3

Burst type 3 is used for uplink only. Due to the longer guard period it is suitable for initial access or access to a new cell after handover. It offers the same number of training sequences as burst type 1.

The data fields of the burst type 3 have a length of 1952 chips and 1760 chips, respectively. The corresponding number of symbols depends on the spreading factor, as indicated in table 8AA above. The midamble of burst type 3 has a length of 1024 chips. The guard period for the burst type 3 is 384 chip periods long. Burst type 3 is shown in Figure 18AE. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 8AD.

Table 8AD: The contents of burst type 3 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0-1951 | 1952 | Cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 1952-2975 | 1024 | - | | Midamble |
| 2976-4735 | 1760 | Cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 4736-5119 | 384 | - | | Guard period |

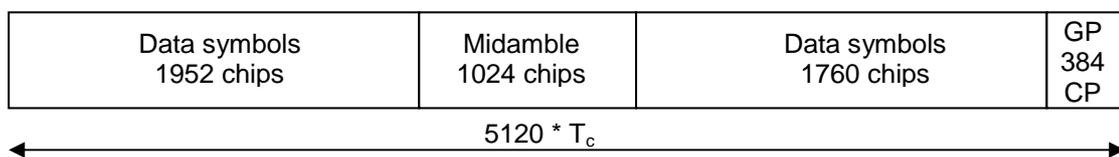


Figure 18AE: Burst structure of the burst type 3. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods

5B.3.2.3A Burst Type 4

The burst type 4 is used for downlink MBSFN operation only and supports a single training sequence.

The data fields of the burst type 4 are 2112 chips long. The corresponding number of symbols is 132 as indicated in table 8AA above. The midamble of burst type 4 has a length of 640 chips. The guard period for the burst type 4 is 256 chip periods long. The burst type 4 is shown in Figure 18AEA. The contents of the burst fields are described in table 8ADA.

Table 8ADA: The contents of burst type 4 fields

| Chip number (CN) | Length of field in chips | Length of field in symbols | | Contents of field |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0-2111 | 2112 | Cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 2112-2751 | 640 | - | | Midamble |
| 2752-4863 | 2112 | Cf table 8AA | | Data symbols |
| 4864-5119 | 256 | - | | Guard period |

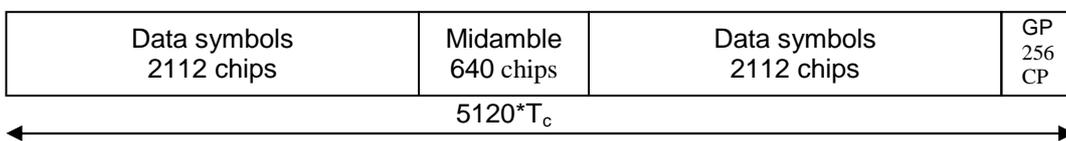


Figure 18AEA: Burst structure of the burst type 4. GP denotes the guard period and CP the chip periods

5B.3.2.4 Transmission of TFCI

All burst types 1, 2, 3 and 4 provide the possibility for transmission of TFCI.

The transmission of TFCI is negotiated at call setup and can be re-negotiated during the call. For each CCTrCH it is indicated by higher layer signalling, which TFCI format is applied, except for the MBSFN FACH where the (16,5) bi-orthogonal code is always used for TFCI when TFCI is applied. Additionally for each allocated timeslot it is signalled individually whether that timeslot carries the TFCI or not. The TFCI is always present in the first timeslot in a radio frame for each CCTrCH. If a time slot contains the TFCI, then it is always transmitted using the physical channel with

the lowest physical channel sequence number (p) in that timeslot. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

The transmission of TFCI is done in the data parts of the respective physical channel. In DL the TFCI code word bits and data bits are subject to the same spreading procedure as depicted in [8]. In DL, the modulation applied to the TFCI code word bits is the same as that applied to the data symbols. In UL, independent of the SF that is applied to the data symbols in the burst, the data in the TFCI field are always spread with SF=32 using the channelisation code in the branch with the highest code numbering of the allowed OVFSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The TFCI code word is to be transmitted directly adjacent to the midamble, possibly after the TPC. Figure 18AF shows the position of the TFCI code word in a traffic burst in downlink. Figure 18AG shows the position of the TFCI code word in a traffic burst in uplink.

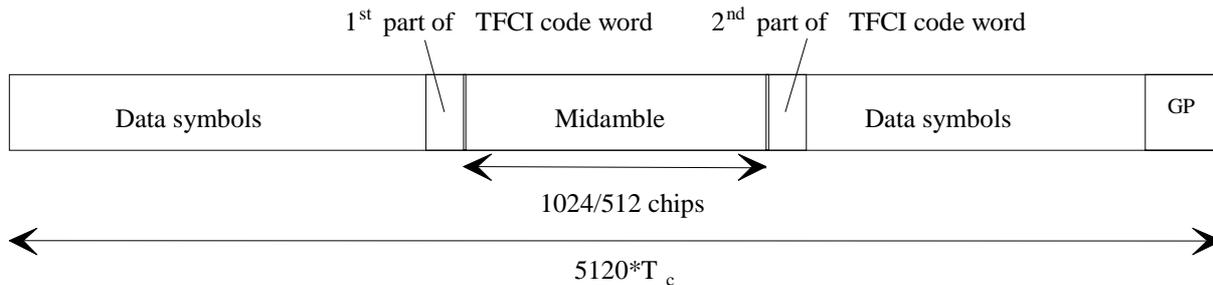


Figure 18AF: Position of the TFCI code word in the traffic burst in case of downlink

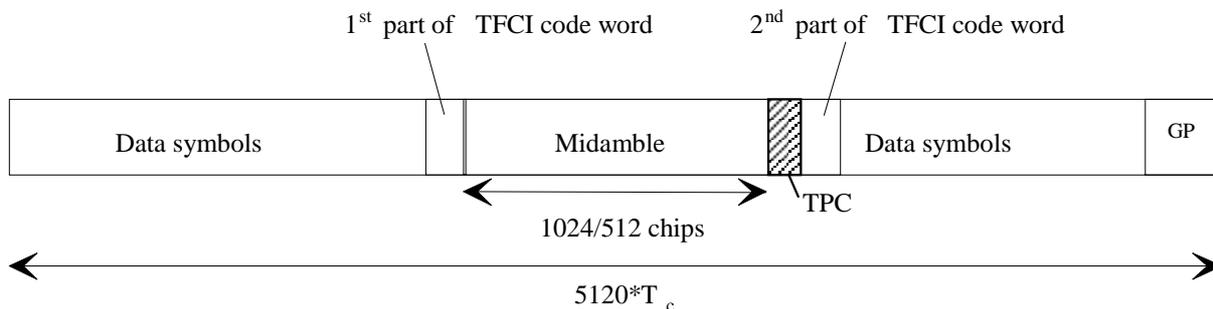


Figure 18AG: Position of the TFCI code word in the traffic burst in case of uplink

Two examples of TFCI transmission in the case of multiple DPCHs used for a connection are given in the Figure 18AH and Figure 18AI below. Combinations of the two schemes shown are also applicable.

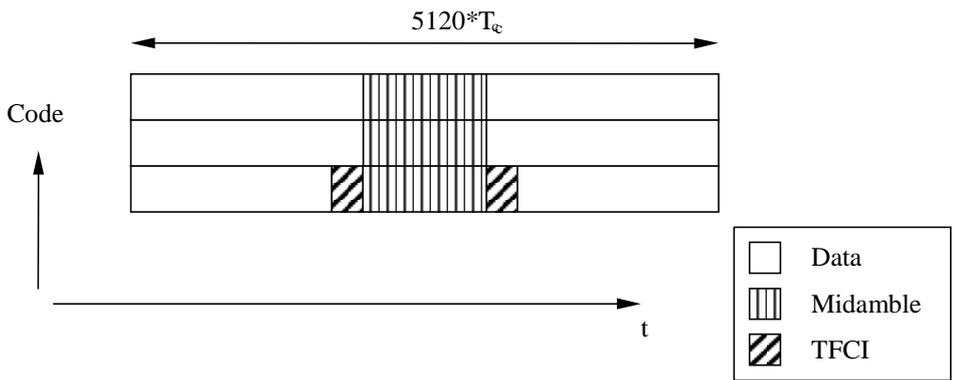


Figure 18AH: Example of TFCI transmission with physical channels multiplexed in code domain

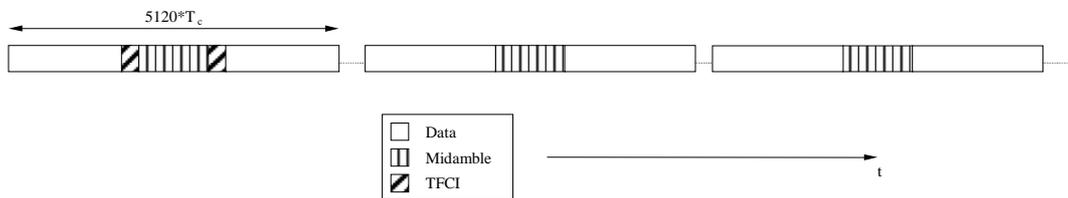


Figure 18AI: Example of TFCI transmission with physical channels multiplexed in time domain

5B.3.2.5 Transmission of TPC

Burst types 1, 2 and 3 for dedicated and shared channels provide the possibility for transmission of TPC in uplink.

The transmission of TPC is done in the data parts of the traffic burst. Independent of the SF that is applied to the data symbols in the burst, the data in the TPC field are always spread with SF=32 using the channelisation code in the branch with the highest code numbering of the allowed OVSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]. Hence the midamble structure and length is not changed. The TPC information is to be transmitted directly after the midamble. Figure 18AJ shows the position of the TPC in a traffic burst.

For every user the TPC information shall be transmitted at least once per transmitted frame. If a TFCI is applied for a CCTrCH, TPC shall be transmitted with the same channelization codes and in the same timeslots as the TFCI. If no TFCI is applied for a CCTrCH, TPC shall be transmitted using the physical channel corresponding to physical channel sequence number $p=1$. Physical channel sequence numbering is determined by the rate matching function and is described in [7].

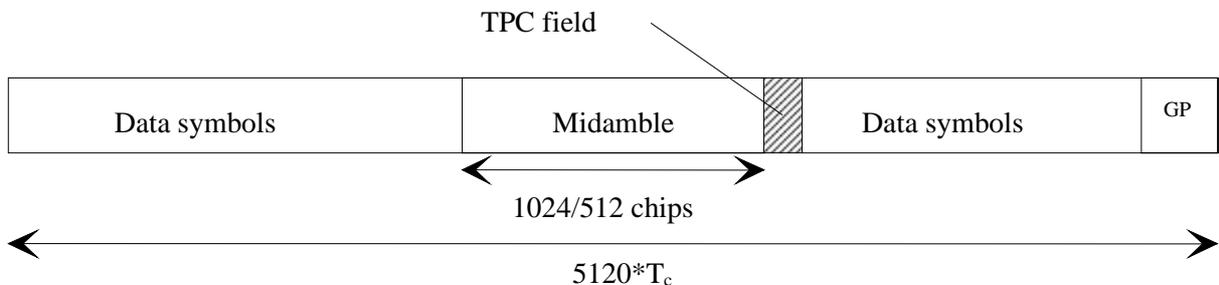


Figure 18AJ: Position of TPC information in the traffic burst

The length of the TPC field is N_{TPC} bits. The TPC field is formed via repetition encoding a single bit b_{TPC} , N_{TPC} times.

The relationship between b_{TPC} and the TPC command is shown in table 8AE.

Table 8AE: TPC bit pattern

| b_{TPC} | TPC command | Meaning |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------|
| 0 | 'Down' | Decrease Tx Power |
| 1 | 'Up' | Increase Tx Power |

5B.3.2.6 Timeslot formats

5B.3.2.6.1 Downlink timeslot formats

The downlink timeslot format depends on the spreading factor, midamble length and on the number of TFCI code word bits, as depicted in the table 8AF. For MBSFN operation the timeslot format also depends upon the symbol modulation scheme used. Slot formats 20-27 are only applicable to MBSFN operation with burst type 4.

Table 8AF: Time slot formats for the Downlink

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | N_{TFCI} code word (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{Data/Slot}$ (bits) | $N_{data/data\ field}$ (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | 32 | 1024 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 |
| 1 | 32 | 1024 | 4 | 244 | 240 | 120 |
| 2 | 32 | 1024 | 8 | 244 | 236 | 118 |
| 3 | 32 | 1024 | 16 | 244 | 228 | 114 |
| 4 | 32 | 1024 | 32 | 244 | 212 | 106 |
| 5 | 32 | 512 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 |
| 6 | 32 | 512 | 4 | 276 | 272 | 136 |
| 7 | 32 | 512 | 8 | 276 | 268 | 134 |
| 8 | 32 | 512 | 16 | 276 | 260 | 130 |
| 9 | 32 | 512 | 32 | 276 | 244 | 122 |
| 10 | 1 | 1024 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 |
| 11 | 1 | 1024 | 4 | 7808 | 7804 | 3902 |
| 12 | 1 | 1024 | 8 | 7808 | 7800 | 3900 |
| 13 | 1 | 1024 | 16 | 7808 | 7792 | 3896 |
| 14 | 1 | 1024 | 32 | 7808 | 7776 | 3888 |
| 15 | 1 | 512 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 |
| 16 | 1 | 512 | 4 | 8832 | 8828 | 4414 |
| 17 | 1 | 512 | 8 | 8832 | 8824 | 4412 |
| 18 | 1 | 512 | 16 | 8832 | 8816 | 4408 |
| 19 | 1 | 512 | 32 | 8832 | 8800 | 4400 |
| 20 (QPSK) | 32 | 640 | 0 | 264 | 264 | 132 |
| 21 (QPSK) | 32 | 640 | 16 | 264 | 248 | 124 |
| 22 (16QAM) | 32 | 640 | 0 | 528 | 528 | 264 |
| 23 (16QAM) | 32 | 640 | 16 | 528 | 512 | 256 |
| 24 (QPSK) | 1 | 640 | 0 | 8448 | 8448 | 4224 |
| 25 (QPSK) | 1 | 640 | 16 | 8448 | 8432 | 4216 |
| 26 (16QAM) | 1 | 640 | 0 | 16896 | 16896 | 8448 |
| 27 (16QAM) | 1 | 640 | 16 | 16896 | 16880 | 8440 |

5B.3.2.6.2 Uplink timeslot formats

The uplink timeslot format depends on the spreading factor, midamble length, guard period length and on the number of TFCI code word bits. Due to TPC, different amount of bits are mapped to the two data fields. The timeslot formats are depicted in the table 8AG. Note that slot format #90 shall only be used for HS_SICH.

Table 8AG: Time slot formats for the Uplink

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | Guard Period (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 | 122 |
| 1 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 244 | 242 | 122 | 120 |
| 2 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 244 | 238 | 120 | 118 |
| 3 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 244 | 234 | 118 | 116 |
| 4 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 244 | 226 | 114 | 112 |
| 5 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 244 | 210 | 106 | 104 |
| 6 | 32 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 | 138 |
| 7 | 32 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 276 | 274 | 138 | 136 |
| 8 | 32 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 276 | 270 | 136 | 134 |
| 9 | 32 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 276 | 266 | 134 | 132 |
| 10 | 32 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 276 | 258 | 130 | 128 |
| 11 | 32 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 276 | 242 | 122 | 120 |
| 12 | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 | 244 |
| 13 | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 486 | 484 | 244 | 240 |
| 14 | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 482 | 476 | 240 | 236 |
| 15 | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 478 | 468 | 236 | 232 |
| 16 | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 470 | 452 | 228 | 224 |
| 17 | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 454 | 420 | 212 | 208 |
| 18 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 | 276 |
| 19 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 550 | 548 | 276 | 272 |
| 20 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 546 | 540 | 272 | 268 |
| 21 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 542 | 532 | 268 | 264 |
| 22 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 534 | 516 | 260 | 256 |
| 23 | 16 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 518 | 484 | 244 | 240 |
| 24 | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 976 | 976 | 488 | 488 |
| 25 | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 970 | 968 | 488 | 480 |
| 26 | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 958 | 952 | 480 | 472 |
| 27 | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 946 | 936 | 472 | 464 |
| 28 | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 922 | 904 | 456 | 448 |
| 29 | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 874 | 840 | 424 | 416 |
| 30 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 1104 | 1104 | 552 | 552 |
| 31 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 1098 | 1096 | 552 | 544 |
| 32 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 1086 | 1080 | 544 | 536 |
| 33 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 1074 | 1064 | 536 | 528 |
| 34 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 1050 | 1032 | 520 | 512 |
| 35 | 8 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 1002 | 968 | 488 | 480 |
| 36 | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 1952 | 1952 | 976 | 976 |
| 37 | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 1938 | 1936 | 976 | 960 |
| 38 | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 1910 | 1904 | 960 | 944 |
| 39 | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 1882 | 1872 | 944 | 928 |
| 40 | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 1826 | 1808 | 912 | 896 |
| 41 | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 1714 | 1680 | 848 | 832 |
| 42 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 2208 | 2208 | 1104 | 1104 |

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | Guard Period (chips) | N _{TF} CI code word (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 43 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 2194 | 2192 | 1104 | 1088 |
| 44 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 2166 | 2160 | 1088 | 1072 |
| 45 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 2138 | 2128 | 1072 | 1056 |
| 46 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 2082 | 2064 | 1040 | 1024 |
| 47 | 4 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 1970 | 1936 | 976 | 960 |
| 48 | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 | 1952 |
| 49 | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 3874 | 3872 | 1952 | 1920 |
| 50 | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 3814 | 3808 | 1920 | 1888 |
| 51 | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 3754 | 3744 | 1888 | 1856 |
| 52 | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 3634 | 3616 | 1824 | 1792 |
| 53 | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 3394 | 3360 | 1696 | 1664 |
| 54 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 | 2208 |
| 55 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 4386 | 4384 | 2208 | 2176 |
| 56 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 4326 | 4320 | 2176 | 2144 |
| 57 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 4266 | 4256 | 2144 | 2112 |
| 58 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 4146 | 4128 | 2080 | 2048 |
| 59 | 2 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 3906 | 3872 | 1952 | 1920 |
| 59a | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 | 3904 |
| 59b | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 7746 | 7744 | 3904 | 3840 |
| 59c | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 7622 | 7616 | 3840 | 3776 |
| 59d | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 7498 | 7488 | 3776 | 3712 |
| 59e | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 7250 | 7232 | 3648 | 3584 |
| 59f | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 6754 | 6720 | 3392 | 3328 |
| 59g | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 | 4416 |
| 59h | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 2 | 8770 | 8768 | 4416 | 4352 |
| 59i | 1 | 512 | 192 | 4 | 2 | 8646 | 8640 | 4352 | 4288 |
| 59j | 1 | 512 | 192 | 8 | 2 | 8522 | 8512 | 4288 | 4224 |
| 59k | 1 | 512 | 192 | 16 | 2 | 8274 | 8256 | 4160 | 4096 |
| 59l | 1 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 2 | 7778 | 7744 | 3904 | 3840 |
| 60 | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 232 | 232 | 122 | 110 |
| 61 | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 2 | 232 | 230 | 122 | 108 |
| 62 | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 4 | 2 | 232 | 226 | 120 | 106 |
| 63 | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 8 | 2 | 232 | 222 | 118 | 104 |
| 64 | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 16 | 2 | 232 | 214 | 114 | 100 |
| 65 | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 2 | 232 | 198 | 106 | 92 |
| 66 | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 464 | 464 | 244 | 220 |
| 67 | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 2 | 462 | 460 | 244 | 216 |
| 68 | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 4 | 2 | 458 | 452 | 240 | 212 |
| 69 | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 8 | 2 | 454 | 444 | 236 | 208 |
| 70 | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 16 | 2 | 446 | 428 | 228 | 200 |
| 71 | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 2 | 430 | 396 | 212 | 184 |
| 72 | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 928 | 928 | 488 | 440 |
| 73 | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 2 | 922 | 920 | 488 | 432 |
| 74 | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 4 | 2 | 910 | 904 | 480 | 424 |
| 75 | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 8 | 2 | 898 | 888 | 472 | 416 |
| 76 | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 16 | 2 | 874 | 856 | 456 | 400 |
| 77 | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 2 | 826 | 792 | 424 | 368 |
| 78 | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 1856 | 1856 | 976 | 880 |
| 79 | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 2 | 1842 | 1840 | 976 | 864 |

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | Guard Period (chips) | N _{TFCI} code word (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{Data/Slot} (bits) | N _{data/data} field(1) (bits) | N _{data/data} field(2) (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 80 | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 4 | 2 | 1814 | 1808 | 960 | 848 |
| 81 | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 8 | 2 | 1786 | 1776 | 944 | 832 |
| 82 | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 16 | 2 | 1730 | 1712 | 912 | 800 |
| 83 | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 2 | 1618 | 1584 | 848 | 736 |
| 84 | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 3712 | 3712 | 1952 | 1760 |
| 85 | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 2 | 3682 | 3680 | 1952 | 1728 |
| 86 | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 4 | 2 | 3622 | 3616 | 1920 | 1696 |
| 87 | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 8 | 2 | 3562 | 3552 | 1888 | 1664 |
| 88 | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 16 | 2 | 3442 | 3424 | 1824 | 1600 |
| 89 | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 2 | 3202 | 3168 | 1696 | 1472 |
| 89a | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 7424 | 7424 | 3904 | 3520 |
| 89b | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 2 | 7362 | 7360 | 3904 | 3456 |
| 89c | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 4 | 2 | 7238 | 7232 | 3840 | 3392 |
| 89d | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 8 | 2 | 7114 | 7104 | 3776 | 3328 |
| 89e | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 16 | 2 | 6866 | 6848 | 3648 | 3200 |
| 89f | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 2 | 6370 | 6336 | 3392 | 2944 |
| 90 | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 8 | 244 | 236 | 122 | 114 |

5B.3.3 Training sequences for spread bursts

In this subclause, the training sequences for usage as midambles in burst type 1, 2, 3 and 4 (see subclause 5B.3.2) are defined. The training sequences, i.e. midambles, of different users active in the same cell and same time slot are cyclically shifted versions of one cell-specific single basic midamble code. In the case of MBSFN timeslots there is only a single midamble and this is derived from a single basic midamble code which is not necessarily cell-specific. The applicable basic midamble codes are given in Annex AB.1, Annex AB.2 and Annex AB.2A. As different basic midamble codes are required for different burst formats, Annex AB.1 shows the basic midamble codes \mathbf{m}_p for burst type 1 and 3, Annex AB.2 shows \mathbf{m}_{ps} for burst type 2 and Annex AB.2A shows \mathbf{m}_p for burst type 4. It should be noted that burst type 2 must not be mixed with burst type 1 or 3 in the same timeslot of one cell and furthermore burst type 4 shall not be mixed with any other burst type in the same timeslot of one cell.

The basic midamble codes in Annex AB.1, Annex AB.2 and Annex AB.2A are listed in hexadecimal notation. The binary form of the basic midamble code shall be derived according to table 6 (section 5.2.3).

For each particular basic midamble code, its binary representation can be written as a vector \mathbf{m}_p :

$$\mathbf{m}_p = (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_p) \quad (1)$$

According to Annex AB.1, the size of this vector \mathbf{m}_p is $P=912$ for burst type 1 and 3. According to Annex AB.2, the size of this vector \mathbf{m}_p is $P=456$ for burst type 2. According to Annex AB.2A, the size of vector \mathbf{m}_p is $P=384$ for burst type 4. As QPSK modulation is used, the training sequences are transformed into a complex form, denoted as the complex vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_p) \quad (2)$$

The elements \underline{m}_i of $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_p$ are derived from elements m_i of \mathbf{m}_p using equation (3):

$$\underline{m}_i = (j)^i \cdot m_i \text{ for all } i = 1, \dots, P \quad (3)$$

Hence, the elements \underline{m}_i of the complex basic midamble code are alternating real and imaginary.

To derive the required training sequences (different shifts), this vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_P$ is periodically extended to the size:

$$i_{\max} = L_m + (K'-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor \quad (4)$$

Notes on equation (4):

- L_m : Midamble length
- K' : Maximum number of different midamble shifts in a cell, when no intermediate shifts are used. This value depends on the midamble length.
- K : Maximum number of different midamble shifts in a cell, when intermediate shifts are used, $K=2K'$. This value depends on the midamble length.

Note that intermediate shifts are not used for burst type 4, i.e. $K=K'=1$ for burst type 4.

- W : Shift between the midambles, when the number of midambles is K' .
- $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denotes the largest integer smaller or equal to x

Allowed values for L_m , K' and W are given in Annex AB.1, Annex AB.2 and Annex AB.2A.

So we obtain a new vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ containing the periodic basic midamble sequence:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}} = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_{i_{\max}}) = (\underline{m}_1, \underline{m}_2, \dots, \underline{m}_{L_m + (K'-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor}) \quad (5)$$

The first P elements of this vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ are the same ones as in vector $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_P$, the following elements repeat the beginning:

$$\underline{m}_i = \underline{m}_{i-P} \text{ for the subset } i = (P+1), \dots, i_{\max} \quad (6)$$

Using this periodic basic midamble sequence $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$ for each shift k a midamble $\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)}$ of length L_m is derived, which can be written as a shift specific vector:

$$\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)} = (\underline{m}_1^{(k)}, \underline{m}_2^{(k)}, \dots, \underline{m}_{L_m}^{(k)}) \quad (7)$$

The L_m midamble elements $\underline{m}_i^{(k)}$ are generated for each midamble of the first K' shifts ($k = 1, \dots, K'$) based on:

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K'-k)W} \text{ with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = 1, \dots, K' \quad (8)$$

The elements of midambles for the second K' shifts ($k = (K'+1), \dots, K = (K'+1), \dots, 2K'$) are generated based on a slight modification of this formula introducing intermediate shifts:

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K-k-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor} \text{ with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = K'+1, \dots, K-1 \quad (9)$$

$$\underline{m}_i^{(k)} = \underline{m}_{i+(K'-1)W + \lfloor P/K \rfloor} \text{ with } i = 1, \dots, L_m \text{ and } k = K \quad (10)$$

The number K_{Cell} of midambles that is supported in each cell can be smaller than K , depending on the cell size and the possible delay spreads, see Annex AB. The number K_{Cell} is signalled by higher layers. The midamble sequences derived according to equations (7) to (10) have complex values and are not subject to channelisation or scrambling process, i.e. the elements $\underline{m}_i^{(k)}$ represent complex chips for usage in the pulse shaping process at modulation.

The term 'a midamble code set' or 'a midamble code family' denotes K specific midamble codes $\underline{\mathbf{m}}^{(k)}$; $k=1, \dots, K$, based on a single basic midamble code $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_P$ according to (1).

5B.3.4 Beamforming

Support for beamforming is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [5.2.4 Beamforming].

5B.4 Common physical channels

5B.4.1 Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)

The BCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto the Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH). The position (time slot / code) of the P-CCPCH is known from the Physical Synchronisation Channel (PSCH), see subclause 5B.4.4.

5B.4.1.1 P-CCPCH Spreading

The P-CCPCH uses fixed spreading with a spreading factor $SF = 32$ as described in subclause 5B.3.1.1. The P-CCPCH always uses channelisation code $c_{Q=32}^{(k=1)}$.

5B.4.1.2 P-CCPCH Burst Types

Burst type 1 as described in subclause 5B.2.2 is used for the P-CCPCH unless the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN then burst type 4 is used for P-CCPCH. No TFCI is applied for the P-CCPCH.

5B.4.1.3 P-CCPCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the P-CCPCH.

5B.4.2 Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)

PCH and FACH as described in subclause 4.1.2 are mapped onto one or more secondary common control physical channels (S-CCPCH). In this way the capacity of PCH and FACH can be adapted to the different requirements.

5B.4.2.1 S-CCPCH Spreading

The S-CCPCH uses fixed spreading with a spreading factor $SF = 32$ as described in subclause 5B.3.1.1. When S-CCPCH is used for MBSFN operation the spreading factor may be $SF = 32$ or $SF = 1$.

5B.4.2.2 S-CCPCH Burst Types

Burst types 1, 2 or 4 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 are used for the S-CCPCHs. TFCI may be applied for S-CCPCHs.

5B.4.2.2A S-CCPCH Modulation

When S-CCPCH is used for MBSFN operation, burst type 4 shall be used and the modulation may be QPSK or 16QAM, see table 8AF for slot formats. When S-CCPCH is used for all other purposes the modulation shall be QPSK.

5B.4.2.3 S-CCPCH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the S-CCPCH.

5B.4.3 The physical random access channel (PRACH)

The RACH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one uplink physical random access channel (PRACH).

5B.4.3.1 PRACH Spreading

The uplink PRACH uses either spreading factor SF=32 or SF=16 as described in subclause 5B.3.1.2. The set of admissible spreading codes for use on the PRACH and the associated spreading factors are broadcast on the BCH (within the RACH configuration parameters on the BCH).

5B.4.3.2 PRACH Burst Type

The UEs send uplink access bursts of type 3 randomly in the PRACH. TFCI and TPC are not applied for the PRACH.

5B.4.3.3 PRACH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles, of different users active in the same time slot are time shifted versions of a basic midamble code, m_1 , or a second basic midamble code, m_2 , which is a time inverted version of the basic midamble code m_1 . The basic midamble codes for burst type 3 are shown in Annex AB. The necessary time shifts are obtained by choosing all $k=1,2,3,\dots,K'$. Different cells use different periodic basic codes, i.e. different midamble sets.

5B.4.3.4 PRACH timeslot formats

For the PRACH the timeslot format is only spreading factor dependent. The timeslot formats 60 and 66 of table 8AG are applicable for the PRACH.

5B.4.3.5 Association between Training Sequences and Channelisation Codes

For the PRACH the fixed association between a training sequence and associated channelisation code is defined in figure 18AK. In this figure, midamble $\mathbf{m}_j^{(k)}$ is formed from the k^{th} shift of the original basic midamble code ($j=1$) or of the time-inverted basic midamble code ($j=2$).

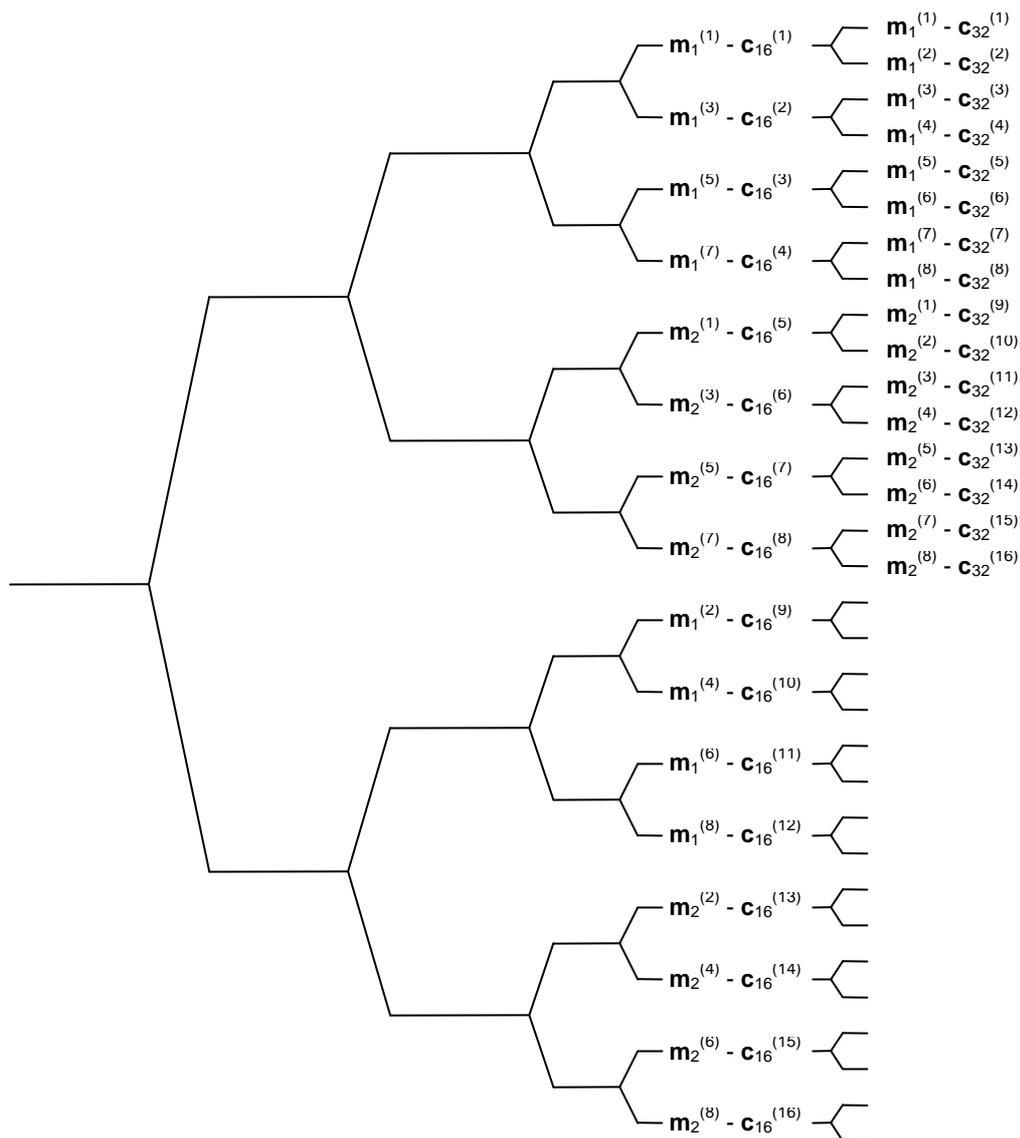


Figure 18AK: Association of midambles to channelisation codes for PRACH in the OVFS tree

5B.4.4 The synchronisation channel (SCH)

The code group of a cell can be derived from the synchronisation channel. In order not to limit uplink/downlink asymmetry, the SCH is mapped on one or two downlink slots per frame only.

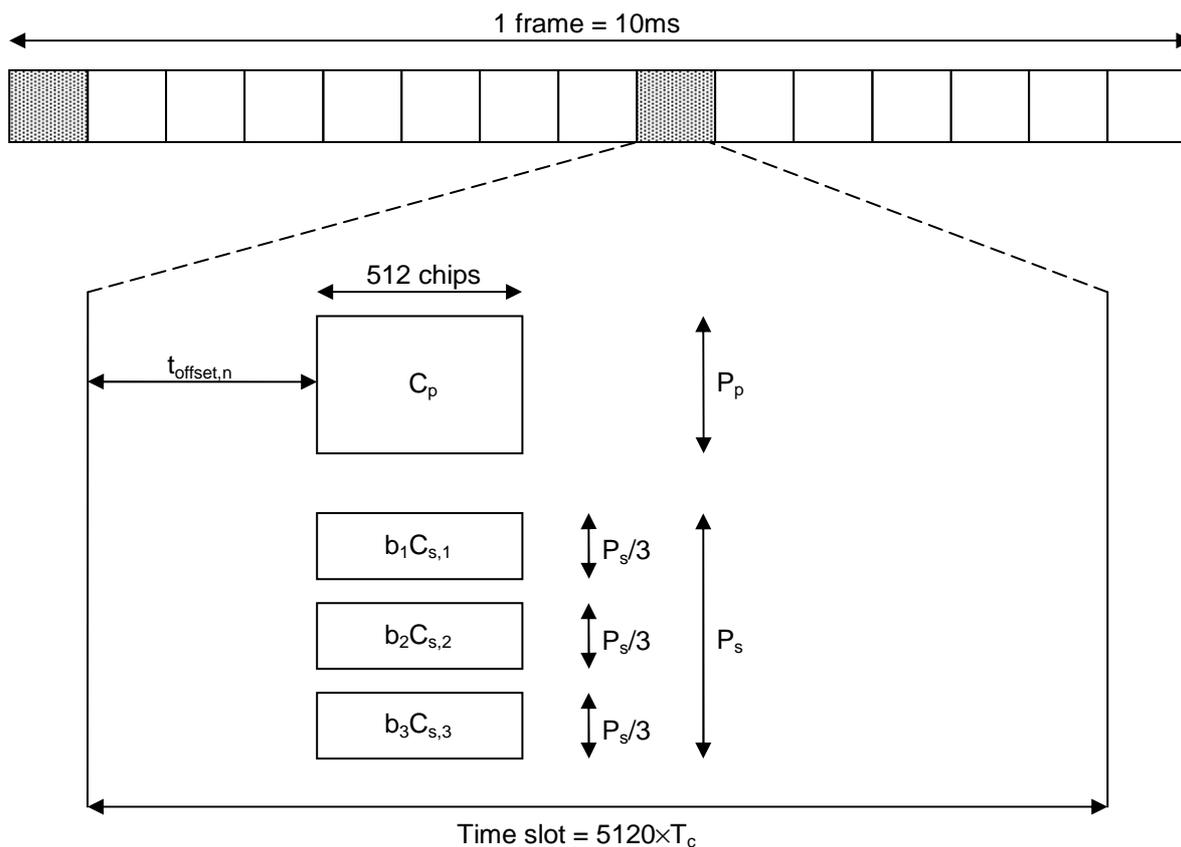
There are two cases of SCH and P-CCPCH allocation as follows:

- Case 1) SCH and P-CCPCH allocated in TS#k, k=0...14
- Case 2) SCH allocated in two TS: TS#k and TS#k+8, k=0...6; P-CCPCH allocated in TS#k.

The position of SCH (value of k) in the frame can change on a long term basis in any case.

Due to this SCH scheme, the position of P-CCPCH is known from the SCH.

Figure 18AL is an example for transmission of SCH, k=0, of Case 2.



$b_i \in \{\pm 1, \pm j\}$, $C_{s,i} \in \{C_0, C_1, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_8, C_{10}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}\}$, $i = 1,2,3$; see section 8.4

Figure 18AL: Scheme for Synchronisation channel SCH consisting of one primary sequence C_p and 3 parallel secondary sequences $C_{s,i}$ in slot k and $k+8$ (example for $k=0$ in Case 2)

As depicted in figure 18AL, the SCH consists of a primary and three secondary code sequences each 512 chips long. The primary and secondary code sequences are defined in [8].

Due to mobile to mobile interference, it is mandatory for public TDD systems to keep synchronisation between base stations. As a consequence of this, a capture effect concerning SCH can arise. The time offset $t_{offset,n}$ enables the system to overcome the capture effect.

The time offset $t_{offset,n}$ is one of 32 values, depending on the code group of the cell, n , [8]. Note that the cell parameter will change from frame to frame, but the cell will belong to only one code group and thus have one time offset $t_{offset,n}$. The exact value for $t_{offset,n}$ is given by:

$$t_{offset,n} = \begin{cases} n \cdot 96 \cdot T_c & n < 16 \\ (1440 + n \cdot 96) \cdot T_c & n \geq 16 \end{cases}; \quad n = 0, \dots, 31$$

5B.4.5 Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)

The USCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more physical uplink shared channels (PUSCH). Timing advance, as described in [9], is applied to the PUSCH.

5B.4.5.1 PUSCH Spreading

The spreading factors that can be applied to the PUSCH are $SF = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16$ or 32 as described in subclause 5B.3.1.2.

5B.4.5.2 PUSCH Burst Types

Burst types 1, 2 or 3 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for PUSCH. TFCI and TPC can be transmitted on the PUSCH.

5B.4.5.3 PUSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the PUSCH.

5B.4.5.4 UE Selection

The UE that shall transmit on the PUSCH is selected by higher layer signalling.

5B.4.6 Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH)

The DSCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more physical downlink shared channels (PDSCH).

5B.4.6.1 PDSCH Spreading

The PDSCH uses either spreading factor $SF = 32$ or $SF = 1$ as described in subclause 5B.3.1.1.

5B.4.6.2 PDSCH Burst Types

Burst types 1 or 2 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for PDSCH. TFCI can be transmitted on the PDSCH.

5B.4.6.3 PDSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the PDSCH.

5B.4.6.4 UE Selection

To indicate to the UE that there is data to decode on the DSCH, higher layer signalling is used.

5B.4.7 The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH)

The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) is a physical channel used to carry the paging indicators.

5B.4.7.1 Mapping of Paging Indicators to the PICH bits

Figure 18AM depicts the structure of a PICH burst and the numbering of the bits within the burst. The same burst type is used for the PICH in every cell. N_{PIB} bits in a normal burst of type 1 or 2 are used to carry the paging indicators, where N_{PIB} depends on the burst type: $N_{PIB}=240$ for burst type 1 and $N_{PIB}=272$ for burst type 2. The bits $s_{N_{PIB}+1}, \dots, s_{N_{PIB}+4}$ adjacent to the midamble are reserved for possible future use.

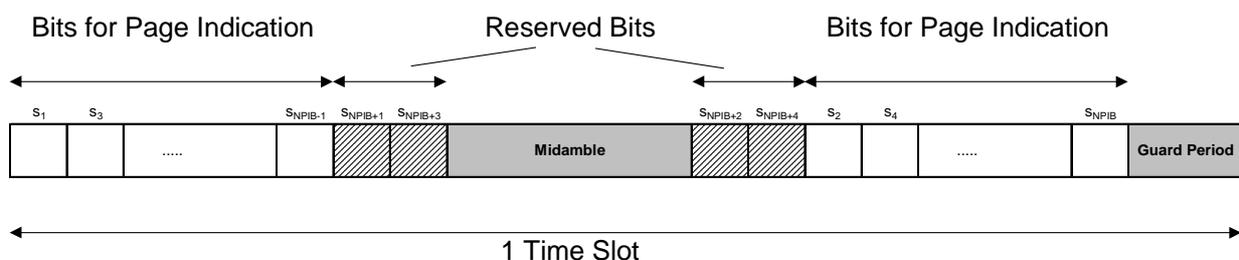


Figure 18AM: Transmission and numbering of paging indicator carrying bits in a PICH burst

Each paging indicator P_q in one time slot is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{pi} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{pi} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ within this time slot. Thus, due to the interleaved transmission of the bits half of the symbols used for each paging indicator are transmitted in the first

data part, and the other half of the symbols are transmitted in the second data part; an example is shown in figure 18AN for a paging indicator length L_{PI} of 4 symbols.

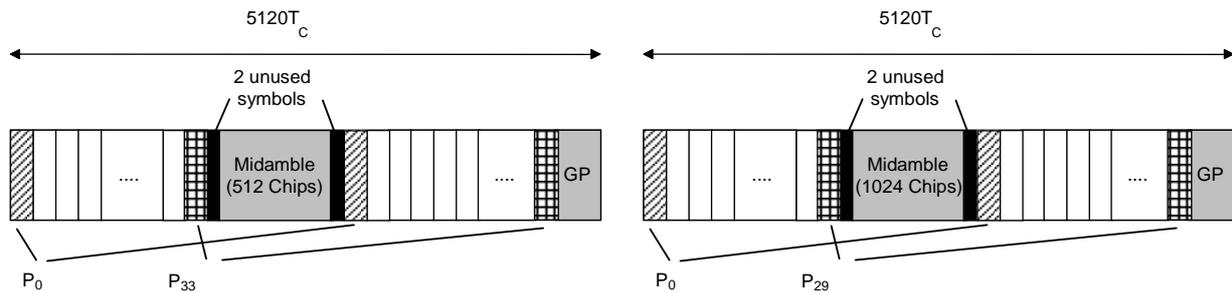


Figure 18AN: Example of mapping of paging indicators on PICH bits for $L_{PI}=4$

The setting of the paging indicators and the corresponding PICH bits (including the reserved ones) is described in [4].

N_{PI} paging indicators of length $L_{PI}=2$, $L_{PI}=4$ or $L_{PI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each radio frame that contains the PICH. The number of paging indicators N_{PI} per radio frame is given by the paging indicator length and the burst type, which are both known by higher layer signalling. In table 8AH this number is shown for the different possibilities of burst types and paging indicator lengths.

Table 8AH: Number N_{PI} of paging indicators per time slot for the different burst types and paging indicator lengths L_{PI}

| | $L_{PI}=2$ | $L_{PI}=4$ | $L_{PI}=8$ |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Burst Type 1 | $N_{PI}=60$ | $N_{PI}=30$ | $N_{PI}=15$ |
| Burst Type 2 | $N_{PI}=68$ | $N_{PI}=34$ | $N_{PI}=17$ |

5B.4.7.2 Structure of the PICH over multiple radio frames

The structure of PICH over multiple radio frames is identical to the structure of PICH in 3.84Mcps TDD cf [section 5.3.7.2].

5B.4.7.3 PICH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles for the PICH, are generated as described in subclause 5B.3.3. The allocation of midambles depends on whether SCTD is applied to the PICH.

- If no antenna diversity is applied to the PICH the midambles can be allocated as described in subclause 5B.7.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to the PICH the allocation of midambles shall be as described in [9].

5B.4.8 High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH)

The HS-DSCH as described in subclause 4.1.2 is mapped onto one or more high speed physical downlink shared channels (HS-PDSCH).

5B.4.8.1 HS-PDSCH Spreading

The HS-PDSCH shall use either spreading factor $SF = 32$ or $SF=1$, as described in 5B.3.1.1.

5B.4.8.2 HS-PDSCH Burst Types

Burst types 1 or 2 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for PDSCH. TFCI shall not be transmitted on the HS-PDSCH. The TF of the HS-DSCH is derived from the associated HS-SCCH.

5B.4.8.3 HS-PDSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the HS-PDSCH.

5B.4.8.4 UE Selection

To indicate to the UE that there is data to decode on the HS-DSCH, the UE id on the associated HS-SCCH shall be used.

5B.4.8.5 HS-PDSCH timeslot formats

An HS-PDSCH may use QPSK or 16QAM modulation symbols. The time slot formats are shown in table 8AI.

Table 8AI: Time slot formats for the HS-PDSCH

| Slot Format # | Spreading Factor | Midamble length (chips) | $N_{\text{TFCI code word}}$ (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{\text{Data/Slot}}$ (bits) | $N_{\text{data/data field}}$ (bits) |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 (QPSK) | 32 | 1024 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 |
| 1 (16QAM) | 32 | 1024 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 |
| 2 (QPSK) | 32 | 512 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 |
| 3 (16QAM) | 32 | 512 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 |
| 4 (QPSK) | 1 | 1024 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 |
| 5 (16QAM) | 1 | 1024 | 0 | 15616 | 15616 | 7808 |
| 6 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 |
| 7(16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 0 | 17664 | 17664 | 8832 |

5B.4.9 Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH)

The HS-SCCH is a DL physical channel that carries higher layer control information for HS-DSCH. The physical layer will process this information according to [7] and will transmit the resulting bits on the HS-SCCH the structure of which is described below.

5B.4.9.1 HS-SCCH Spreading

The HS-SCCH shall use spreading factor $SF = 32$, as described in 5B.3.1.1.

5B.4.9.2 HS-SCCH Burst Types

Burst type 1 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for HS-SCCH. TFCI shall not be transmitted on the HS-SCCH.

5B.4.9.3 HS-SCCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the HS-SCCH.

5B.4.9.4 HS-SCCH timeslot formats

The HS-SCCH always uses time slot format #0 from table 8AF, see section 5B.3.2.6.1.

5B.4.10 Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH)

The HS-SICH is a UL physical channel that carries higher layer control information and the Channel Quality Indicator CQI for HS-DSCH. The physical layer will process this information according to [7] and will transmit the resulting bits on the HS-SICH the structure of which is described below.

5B.4.10.1 HS-SICH Spreading

The HS-SICH shall use spreading factor $SF = 32$, as described in 5B.3.1.2.

5B.4.10.2 HS-SICH Burst Types

Burst type 1 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for HS-SICH. TFCI shall not be transmitted on the HS-SICH, however, the HS-SICH shall carry TPC information.

5B.4.10.3 HS-SICH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the HS-SICH.

5B.4.10.4 HS-SICH timeslot formats

The HS-SICH shall use time slot format #90 from table 8AF, see section 5B.3.2.6.2.

5B.4.11 The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH)

The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) is a physical channel used to carry the MBMS notification indicators. The UE may use multiple MICH within the MBMS modification period in order to make decisions on individual MBMS notification indicators.

5B.4.11.1 Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst types 1 and 2

Figure 18AO depicts the structure of a MICH burst and the numbering of the bits within the burst. The same burst type is used for the MICH in every cell. N_{NIB} bits in a normal burst of type 1 or 2 are used to carry the MBMS notification indicators, where N_{NIB} depends on the burst type: $N_{NIB}=240$ for burst type 1 and $N_{NIB}=272$ for burst type 2. The bits $s_{N_{NIB}+1}, \dots, s_{N_{NIB}+4}$ adjacent to the midamble are reserved for possible future use.

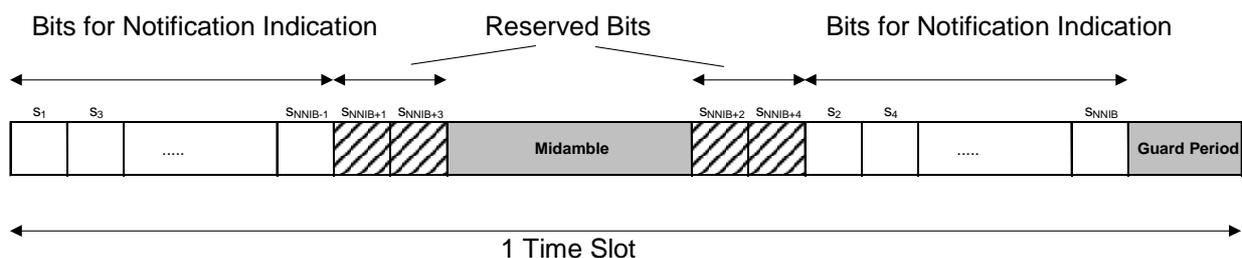


Figure 18AO: Transmission and numbering of MBMS notification indicator carrying bits in a MICH burst using burst types 1 and 2

Each notification indicator N_q in one time slot is mapped to the bits $\{s_{2L_{NI} \cdot q+1}, \dots, s_{2L_{NI} \cdot (q+1)}\}$ within this time slot. Thus, due to the interleaved transmission of the bits half of the symbols used for each MBMS notification indicator are transmitted in the first data part, and the other half of the symbols are transmitted in the second data part: an example is shown in figure 18AP for a MBMS notification indicator length L_{NI} of 4 symbols.

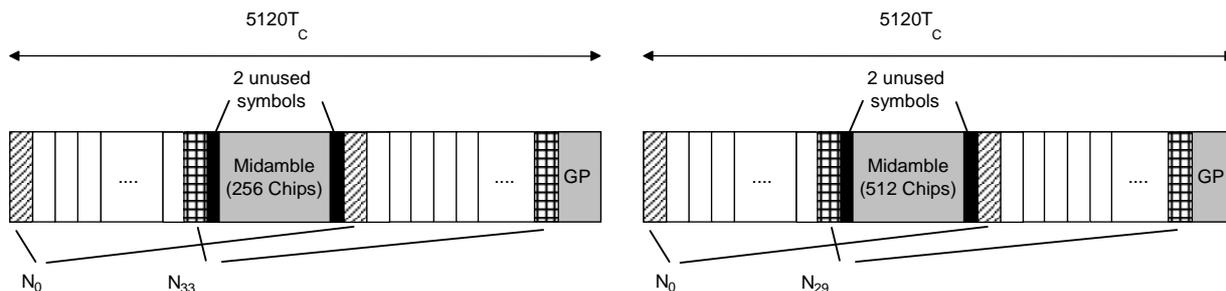


Figure 18AP: Example of mapping of MBMS notification indicators on MICH bits for $L_{NI}=4$ for burst types 2 and 1 respectively

The setting of the MBMS notification indicators and the corresponding MICH bits (including the reserved ones) is described in [7].

N_n MBMS notification indicators of length $L_{NI}=2$, $L_{NI}=4$ or $L_{NI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each MICH. The number of MBMS notification indicators N_n per MICH is given by the MBMS notification indicator length and the burst type, which are both known by higher layer signalling. In table 18AJ this number is shown for burst types 1 and 2 and differing MBMS notification indicator lengths.

Table 18AJ: Number N_n of MBMS notification indicators per time slot for burst types 1 and 2 and differing MBMS notification indicator lengths L_{NI}

| | $L_{NI}=2$ | $L_{NI}=4$ | $L_{NI}=8$ |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Burst Type 1 | $N_n=60$ | $N_n=30$ | $N_n=15$ |
| Burst Type 2 | $N_n=68$ | $N_n=34$ | $N_n=17$ |

The value NI ($NI = 0, \dots, N_{NI}-1$) calculated by higher layers, is associated to the MBMS notification indicator N_q , where $q = NI \bmod N_n$.

The set of NI passed over the Iub indicates all higher layer NI values for which the notification indicator on MICH should be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period; all other indicators shall be set to 0.

5B.4.11.1A Mapping of MBMS Indicators to the MICH bits for burst type 4

When an entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN operation, the MICH shall use burst type 4. In this case $N_{NIB}=256$ and there are 8 reserved/unused bits adjacent to the midamble reserved for possible future use. The transmission and numbering of MBMS notification indicator carrying bits in a MICH burst is similar to that of figure 18AO with the exception of 4 reserved bits either side of the midamble as opposed to 2 for burst types 1 and 2. An example mapping is shown in figure 18AP.1 for a MBMS notification indicator length L_{NI} of 4 symbols.

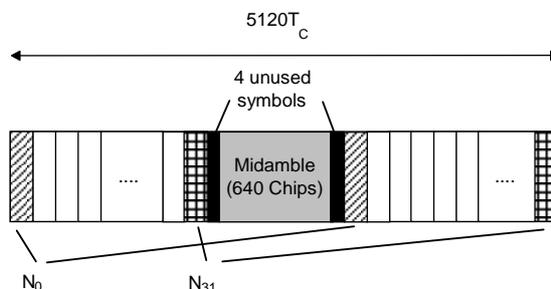


Figure 18AP.1: Example of mapping of MBMS notification indicators on MICH bits for $L_{NI}=4$ for burst type 4

The setting of the MBMS notification indicators and the corresponding MICH bits (including the reserved ones) is described in [7].

N_n MBMS notification indicators of length $L_{NI}=2$, $L_{NI}=4$ or $L_{NI}=8$ symbols are transmitted in each MICH. The number of MBMS notification indicators N_n per MICH is given by the MBMS notification indicator length and the burst type, which are both known by higher layer signalling. In table 18AK this number is shown for the different possibilities of burst types and MBMS notification indicator lengths.

Table 18AK: Number N_n of MBMS notification indicators per time slot for burst type 4 and differing MBMS notification indicator lengths L_{NI}

| | $L_{NI}=2$ | $L_{NI}=4$ | $L_{NI}=8$ |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Burst Type 4 | $N_n=64$ | $N_n=32$ | $N_n=16$ |

The value NI ($NI = 0, \dots, N_{NI}-1$) calculated by higher layers, is associated to the MBMS notification indicator N_q , where $q = NI \bmod N_n$.

The set of NI passed over the I_{ub} indicates all higher layer NI values for which the notification indicator on MICH should be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period; all other indicators shall be set to 0.

5B.4.11.2 MICH Training sequences

The training sequences, i.e. midambles for the MICH, are generated as described in subclause 5B.3.3. The allocation of midambles depends on whether SCTD is applied to the MICH.

- If no antenna diversity is applied the MICH the midambles can be allocated as described in subclause 5B.7.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to the MICH the allocation of midambles shall be as described in [9].

Note that when the entire carrier is dedicated to MBSFN operation MICH employs burst type 4 as described in subclause 5B.4.11.1A. Burst type 4 supports a single midamble and hence SCTD is precluded from operation in such a scenario.

5B.4.12 E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH)

One or more E-PUCH are used to carry the uplink E-DCH transport channel and associated control information (E-UCCH) in each E-DCH TTI. In a timeslot designated by UTRAN for E-PUCH use, up to one E-PUCH may be transmitted by a UE. No other physical channels may be transmitted by a UE in an E-PUCH timeslot.

Timing advance, as described in [9], subclause 4.3, is applied to the E-PUCH.

5B.4.12.1 E-UCCH

The E-DCH Uplink Control Channel (E-UCCH) carries uplink control information associated with the E-DCH and is carried within indicator fields mapped to E-PUCH. Depending on the configuration by higher layers, an E-PUCH burst may or may not contain E-UCCH and TPC. When E-PUCH does contain E-UCCH, TPC is also transmitted. When E-PUCH does not contain E-UCCH, TPC is not transmitted.

Higher layers shall indicate the maximum number of timeslots (N_{E-UCCH}) that may contain E-UCCH/TPC in the E-DCH TTI. For an allocation of n_{TS} E-PUCH timeslots, the UE shall transmit E-UCCH and TPC on the first m allocated timeslots of the E-DCH TTI, where $m = \min(n_{TS}, N_{E-UCCH})$.

The E-UCCH comprises two parts, E-UCCH part 1 and E-UCCH part 2.

E-UCCH part 1:

- is of length 32 physical channel bits
- is mapped to the TFCI field of the E-PUCH (16 bits either side of the midamble)
- is spread at SF=32 using the channelisation code in the branch with the highest code numbering of the allowed OVFSF sub tree, as depicted in [8]
- uses QPSK modulation

E-UCCH part 2:

- is of length 32 physical channel bits
- is spread using the same spreading factor as the data payloads
- uses the same modulation as the data payloads

Figures 18APA and 18APB show the E-PUCH data burst with and without the E-UCCH/TPC fields.

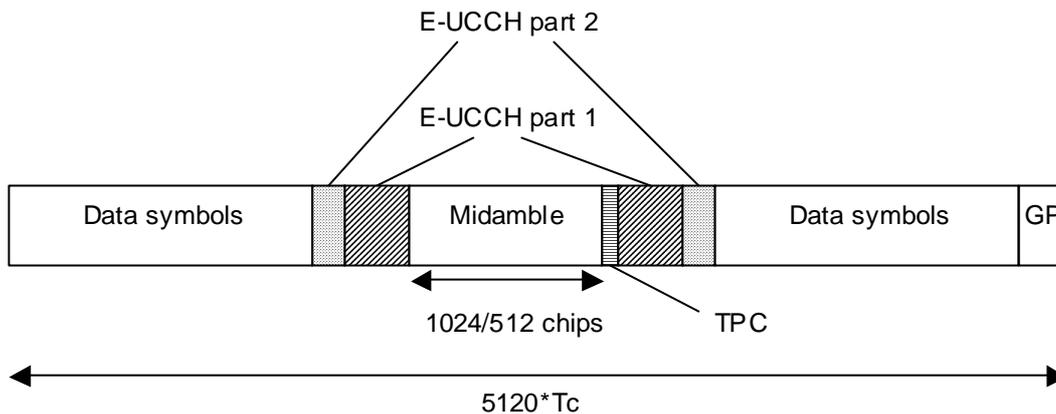


Figure 18APA: Location of E-UCCH part 1, E-UCCH part 2 and TPC in the E-PUCH data burst

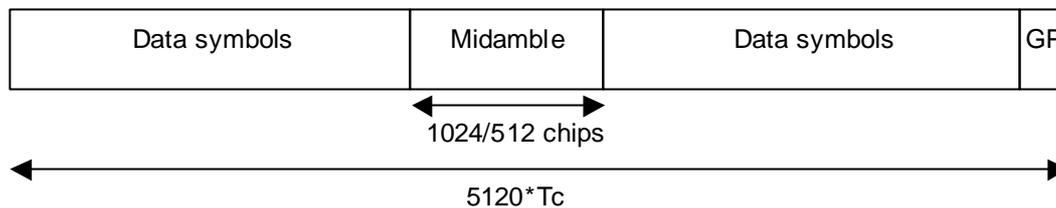


Figure 18APB: E-PUCH data burst without E-UCCH/TPC

5B.4.12.2 E-PUCH Spreading

The spreading factors that can be applied to the E-PUCH are SF = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 as described in subclause 5B.3.1.2.

5B.4.12.3 E-PUCH Burst Types

Burst types 1, 2 or 3 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for E-PUCH. E-UCCH and TPC can be transmitted on the E-PUCH.

5B.4.12.4 PUSCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the E-PUCH.

5B.4.12.5 UE Selection

UEs that shall transmit on the E-PUCH are selected by higher layers. The UE id on the associated E-AGCH shall be used for identification.

5B.4.12.6 E-PUCH timeslot formats

An E-PUCH may use QPSK or 16QAM modulation symbols and may or may not contain E-UCCH/TPC. The time slot formats are shown in table 19.

Table 19: Timeslot formats for E-PUCH

| slot format # | SF | Midamble Length (chips) | GP (chips) | N _{EUCCH1} (bits) | N _{EUCCH2} (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{data/slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 (QPSK) | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 244 | 244 | 122 | 122 |
| 1 (16QAM) | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 | 244 |
| 2 (QPSK) | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 244 | 178 | 90 | 88 |
| 3 (16QAM) | 32 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 454 | 388 | 196 | 192 |
| 4 (QPSK) | 32 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 276 | 276 | 138 | 138 |
| 5 (16QAM) | 32 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 | 276 |
| 6 (QPSK) | 32 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 276 | 210 | 106 | 104 |
| 7 (16QAM) | 32 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 518 | 452 | 228 | 224 |
| 8 (QPSK) | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488 | 488 | 244 | 244 |
| 9 (16QAM) | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 976 | 976 | 488 | 488 |
| 10 (QPSK) | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 454 | 388 | 196 | 192 |
| 11 (16QAM) | 16 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 874 | 808 | 408 | 400 |
| 12 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 552 | 276 | 276 |
| 13 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1104 | 1104 | 552 | 552 |
| 14 (QPSK) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 518 | 452 | 228 | 224 |
| 15 (16QAM) | 16 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1002 | 936 | 472 | 464 |
| 16 (QPSK) | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 976 | 976 | 488 | 488 |
| 17 (16QAM) | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1952 | 1952 | 976 | 976 |
| 18 (QPSK) | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 874 | 808 | 408 | 400 |
| 19 (16QAM) | 8 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1714 | 1648 | 832 | 816 |
| 20 (QPSK) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1104 | 1104 | 552 | 552 |
| 21 (16QAM) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2208 | 2208 | 1104 | 1104 |
| 22 (QPSK) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1002 | 936 | 472 | 464 |
| 23 (16QAM) | 8 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1970 | 1904 | 960 | 944 |
| 24 (QPSK) | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1952 | 1952 | 976 | 976 |
| 25 (16QAM) | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 | 1952 |
| 26 (QPSK) | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1714 | 1648 | 832 | 816 |
| 27 (16QAM) | 4 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3394 | 3328 | 1680 | 1648 |
| 28 (QPSK) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2208 | 2208 | 1104 | 1104 |
| 29 (16QAM) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 | 2208 |
| 30 (QPSK) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1970 | 1904 | 960 | 944 |
| 31 (16QAM) | 4 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3906 | 3840 | 1936 | 1904 |
| 32 (QPSK) | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3904 | 3904 | 1952 | 1952 |
| 33 (16QAM) | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 | 3904 |
| 34 (QPSK) | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3394 | 3328 | 1680 | 1648 |
| 35 (16QAM) | 2 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 6754 | 6688 | 3376 | 3312 |
| 36 (QPSK) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4416 | 4416 | 2208 | 2208 |
| 37 (16QAM) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 | 4416 |
| 38 (QPSK) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3906 | 3840 | 1936 | 1904 |
| 39 (16QAM) | 2 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 7778 | 7712 | 3888 | 3824 |
| 40 (QPSK) | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7808 | 7808 | 3904 | 3904 |
| 41 (16QAM) | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15616 | 15616 | 7808 | 7808 |

| slot format # | SF | Midamble Length (chips) | GP (chips) | NEUCCH1 (bits) | NEUCCH2 (bits) | N _{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | N _{data/slot} (bits) | N _{data/data field(1)} (bits) | N _{data/data field(2)} (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 42 (QPSK) | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 6754 | 6688 | 3376 | 3312 |
| 43 (16QAM) | 1 | 1024 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 13474 | 13408 | 6768 | 6640 |
| 44 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8832 | 8832 | 4416 | 4416 |
| 45 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17664 | 17664 | 8832 | 8832 |
| 46 (QPSK) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 7778 | 7712 | 3888 | 3824 |
| 47 (16QAM) | 1 | 512 | 192 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 15522 | 15456 | 7792 | 7664 |
| 48 (QPSK) | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 232 | 232 | 122 | 110 |
| 49 (16QAM) | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464 | 464 | 244 | 220 |
| 50 (QPSK) | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 232 | 166 | 90 | 76 |
| 51 (16QAM) | 32 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 430 | 364 | 196 | 168 |
| 52 (QPSK) | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464 | 464 | 244 | 220 |
| 53 (16QAM) | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 928 | 928 | 488 | 440 |
| 54 (QPSK) | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 430 | 364 | 196 | 168 |
| 55 (16QAM) | 16 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 826 | 760 | 408 | 352 |
| 56 (QPSK) | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 928 | 928 | 488 | 440 |
| 57 (16QAM) | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1856 | 1856 | 976 | 880 |
| 58 (QPSK) | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 826 | 760 | 408 | 352 |
| 59 (16QAM) | 8 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1618 | 1552 | 832 | 720 |
| 60 (QPSK) | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1856 | 1856 | 976 | 880 |
| 61 (16QAM) | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3712 | 3712 | 1952 | 1760 |
| 62 (QPSK) | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 1618 | 1552 | 832 | 720 |
| 63 (16QAM) | 4 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3202 | 3136 | 1680 | 1456 |
| 64 (QPSK) | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3712 | 3712 | 1952 | 1760 |
| 65 (16QAM) | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7424 | 7424 | 3904 | 3520 |
| 66 (QPSK) | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 3202 | 3136 | 1680 | 1456 |
| 67 (16QAM) | 2 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 6370 | 6304 | 3376 | 2928 |
| 68 (QPSK) | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7424 | 7424 | 3904 | 3520 |
| 69 (16QAM) | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14848 | 14848 | 7808 | 7040 |
| 70 (QPSK) | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 6370 | 6304 | 3376 | 2928 |
| 71 (16QAM) | 1 | 1024 | 384 | 32 | 32 | 2 | 12706 | 12640 | 6768 | 5872 |

5B.4.13 E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH)

The E-RUCCH is used to carry E-DCH-associated uplink control signalling when E-PUCH resources are not available. The characteristics of the E-RUCCH physical channel are identical to those of PRACH (see subclause 5B.4.3).

Physical resources available for E-RUCCH are configured by higher layers. E-RUCCH may be mapped to the same physical resources that are assigned for PRACH.

5B.4.14 E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

The E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) is a downlink physical channel carrying the uplink E-DCH absolute grant control information. Unlike other downlink physical channel types, E-AGCH also carries a TPC field (located immediately after the midamble and spread using SF32) which is used to control the E-PUCH power. Figure 18APC illustrates the burst structure of the E-AGCH.

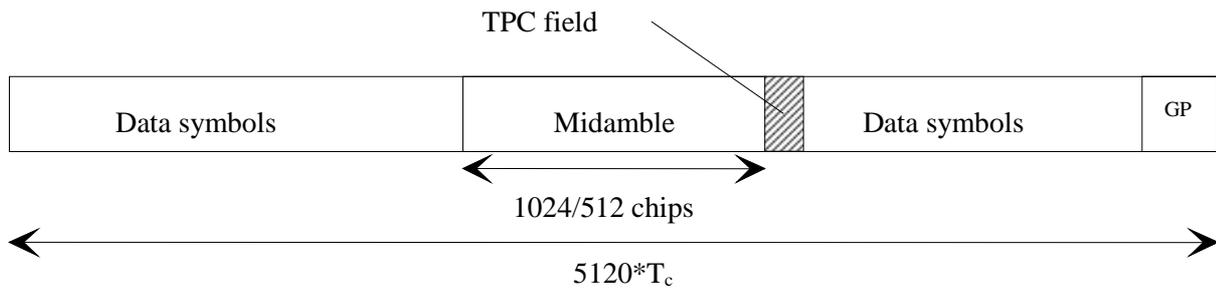


Figure 18APC: Burst structure of E-AGCH

One E-DCH absolute grant for a UE shall be transmitted over one E-AGCH.

5B.4.14.1 E-AGCH Spreading

The E-AGCH shall use spreading factor $SF = 32$, as described in 5B.3.1.1.

5B.4.14.2 E-AGCH Burst Types

Burst types 1 and 2 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for E-AGCH. TPC shall be transmitted on E-AGCH whereas TFCI shall not be transmitted.

5B.4.14.3 E-AGCH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the E-AGCH.

5B.4.15.4 E-AGCH timeslot formats

The E-AGCH uses the timeslot formats of Table 20. These augment downlink slot formats 0...19 of table 8AF, see subclause 5B.3.2.6.1.

Table 20: Time slot formats for E-AGCH

| Slot Format # | SF | Midamble length (chips) | N_{TFCI} code word (bits) | N_{TPC} (bits) | Bits/slot | $N_{Data/Slot}$ (bits) | $N_{data/data}$ field (1) (bits) | $N_{data/data}$ field (2) (bits) |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 20 | 32 | 1024 | 0 | 2 | 244 | 242 | 122 | 120 |
| 21 | 32 | 512 | 0 | 2 | 276 | 274 | 138 | 136 |

5B.4.15 E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Acknowledgement Indicator Channel (E-HICH)

The E-DCH HARQ Acknowledgement indicator channel (E-HICH) is defined in terms of a SF32 downlink physical channel and a signature sequence. The E-HICH carries the uplink E-DCH hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator. Figure 18APD illustrates the structure of the E-HICH.

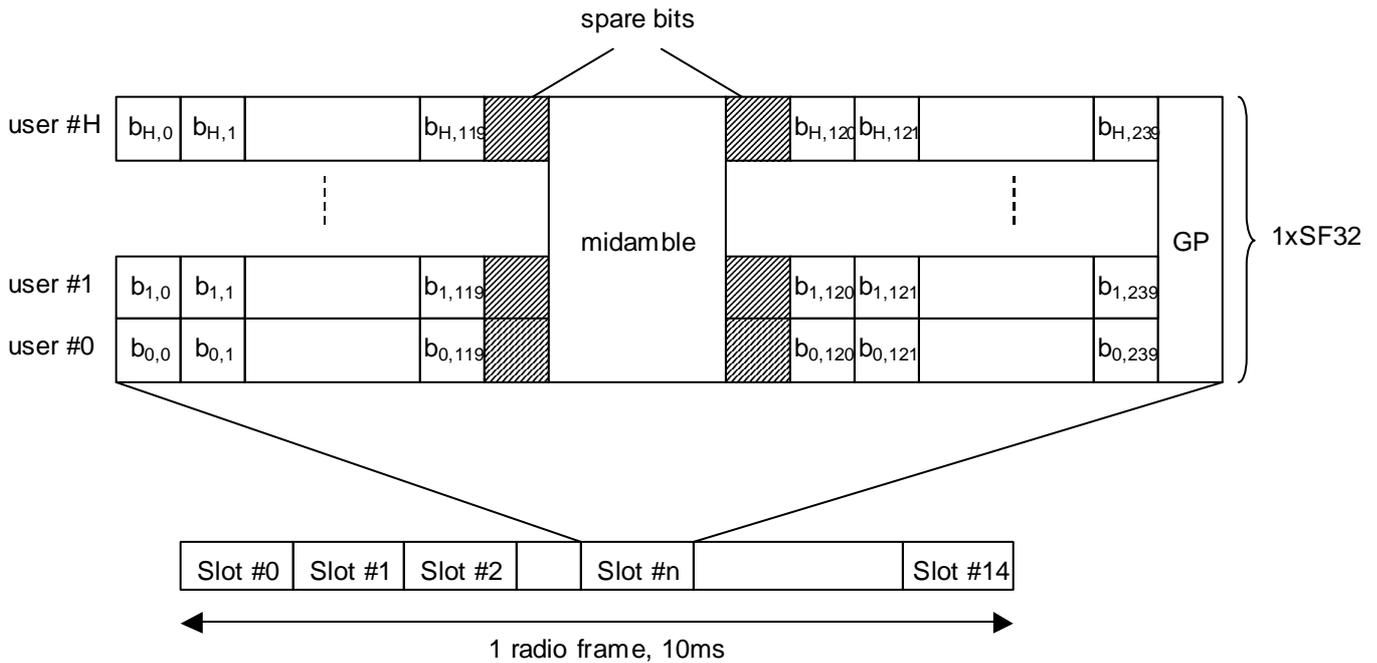


Figure 18APD – E-HICH Structure

A single channelisation code may carry one or multiple signature sequences. Each signature sequence conveys a HARQ acknowledgement indicator. A maximum of one indicator may be transmitted to a UE. Each acknowledgement indicator is coded to form a signature sequence of 240 bits (b_0, b_1, \dots, b_{239}) as defined in [7] and is transmitted within a single E-HICH timeslot. The E-HICH also contains U spare bit locations, where $U=4$ for burst type 1 and $U=36$ for burst type 2. The spare bit values are not defined.

5B.4.15.1 E-HICH Spreading

Signature sequences (including spare bits inserted) that share the same channelisation code are combined and spread using spreading factor $SF=32$ as described in [8].

5B.4.15.2 E-HICH Burst Types

Burst types 1 and 2 as described in subclause 5B.3.2 can be used for E-HICH. Neither TFCI nor TPC shall be transmitted on the E-HICH.

5B.4.15.3 E-HICH Training Sequences

The training sequences as described in subclause 5B.3.3 are used for the E-HICH.

5B.5 Transmit Diversity for DL Physical Channels

Support for transmit diversity is the same as that for the 3.84 Mcps TDD option cf. [5.4 Transmit Diversity].

5B.6 Beacon characteristics of physical channels

For the purpose of measurements, common physical channels that are allocated to particular locations (time slot, code) shall have particular physical characteristics, called beacon characteristics. Physical channels with beacon characteristics are called beacon channels. The locations of the beacon channels are called beacon locations. The ensemble of beacon channels shall provide the beacon function, i.e. a reference power level at the beacon locations, regularly existing in each radio frame. Thus, beacon channels must be present in each radio frame, the only exception is

when idle periods are used to support time difference measurements for location services [9]. Then it may be possible that the beacon channels occur in the same frame and time slot as the idle periods. In this case, the beacon channels will not be transmitted in that particular frame and time slot.

5B.6.1 Location of beacon channels

The beacon locations are determined by the SCH and depend on the SCH allocation case, see subclause 5B.4.4:

- Case 1) The beacon function shall be provided by the physical channels that are allocated to channelisation code $C_{Q=32}^{(k=1)}$ and to TS#k, k=0,...,14.
- Case 2) The beacon function shall be provided by the physical channels that are allocated to channelisation code $C_{Q=32}^{(k=1)}$ and to TS#k and TS#k+8, k=0,...,6.

Note that by this definition the P-CCPCH always has beacon characteristics.

5B.6.2 Physical characteristics of beacon channels

The beacon channels shall have the following physical characteristics. They:

- are transmitted with reference power;
- are transmitted without beamforming;
- use burst type 1 or burst type 4 when MBSFN is applied to beacon channels;
- use midamble $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ exclusively in this time slot; and
- midambles $m^{(9)}$ and $m^{(10)}$ are always left unused in this time slot, if 16 midambles are allowed in that cell.

Note that in the time slot where the P-CCPCH is transmitted only the midambles $m^{(1)}$ to $m^{(8)}$ shall be used, see 5B.7.1. Thus, midambles $m^{(9)}$ and $m^{(10)}$ are always left unused in this time slot.

Note that when MBSFN is applied to beacon channels there is a single midamble and hence midamble $m^{(1)}$ is exclusively used in the timeslot.

The reference power corresponds to the sum of the power allocated to both midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$. Two possibilities exist:

- If SCTD antenna diversity is not applied to beacon channels all the reference power of any beacon channel is allocated to $m^{(1)}$.
- If SCTD antenna diversity is applied to beacon channels, for any beacon channel midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ are each allocated half of the reference power.

5B.7 Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels

Midamble allocation for physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD [section 5.6]. The association between midambles and channelisation codes is given in Annex AB.3.

5B.8 Midamble Transmit Power

There shall be no offset between the sum of the powers allocated to all midambles in a timeslot and the sum of the powers allocated to the data symbol fields. The transmit power within a timeslot is hence constant.

The midamble transmit power of beacon channels is equal to the reference power. If SCTD is used for beacon channels, the reference power is equally divided between the midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$.

The midamble transmit power of all other physical channels depends on the midamble allocation scheme used. The following rules apply

- In case of Default Midamble Allocation, every midamble is transmitted with the same power as the associated codes.
- In case of Common Midamble Allocation in the downlink, the transmit power of this common midamble is such that there is no power offset between the data parts and the midamble part of the overall transmit signal within one time slot.
- In case of UE Specific Midamble Allocation, the transmit power of the UE specific midamble is such that there is no power offset between the data parts and the midamble part of every user within one time slot.

The following figure 18AQ depicts the midamble powers for the different channel types and midamble allocation schemes.

Note 1: In figure 18AQ, the codes $c(1)$ to $c(32)$ represent the set of usable codes and not the set of used codes.

Note 2: The common midamble allocation and the midamble allocation by higher layers are not applicable in those beacon time slots, in which the P-CCPCH is located, see section 5B.7.

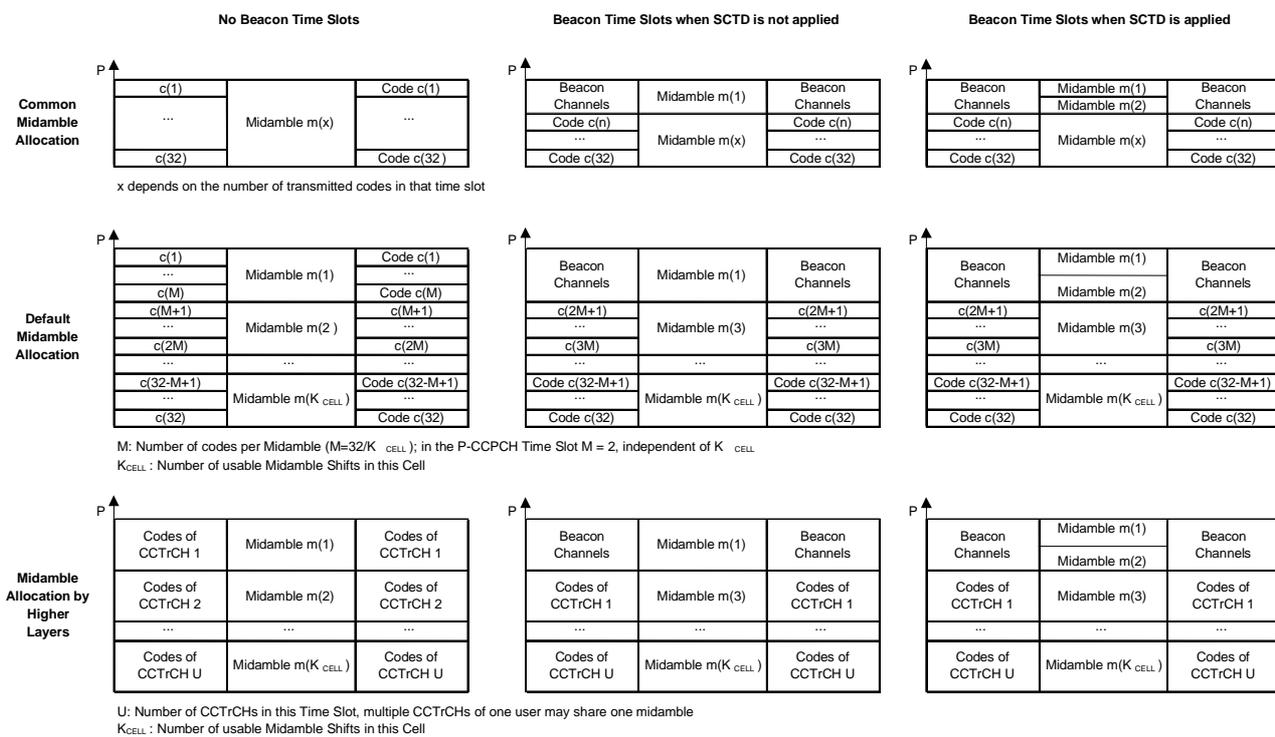


Figure 18AQ: Midamble powers for the different midamble allocation schemes

6 Mapping of transport channels to physical channels for the 3.84 Mcps option

This clause describes the way in which transport channels are mapped onto physical resources, see figure 19. Sub-clauses 6.1 and 6.2 do not apply to 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB. Mappings between transport channels and physical resources for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB are described in sub-clause 6.3.

| Transport Channels | Physical Channels |
|--------------------|--|
| DCH | Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH) |
| BCH | Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH) |
| FACH | Secondary Common Control Physical Channel (S-CCPCH) |
| PCH | |
| RACH | Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH) |
| USCH | Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH) |
| DSCH | Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) |
| | Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) |
| | MBMS Indication Channel (MICH) |
| | Synchronisation Channel (SCH) |
| | Physical Node B Synchronisation Channel (PNBSCH) |
| HS-DSCH | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH) |
| | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH) |
| | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH) |
| E-DCH | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH) |
| | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH) |
| | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) |
| | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH) |

Figure 19: Transport channel to physical channel mapping

6.1 Dedicated Transport Channels

6.1.1 The Dedicated Channel (DCH)

A dedicated transport channel is mapped onto one or more physical channels. An interleaving period is associated with each allocation. The frame is subdivided into slots that are available for uplink and downlink information transfer. The mapping of transport blocks on physical channels is described in TS 25.222 ("multiplexing and channel coding").

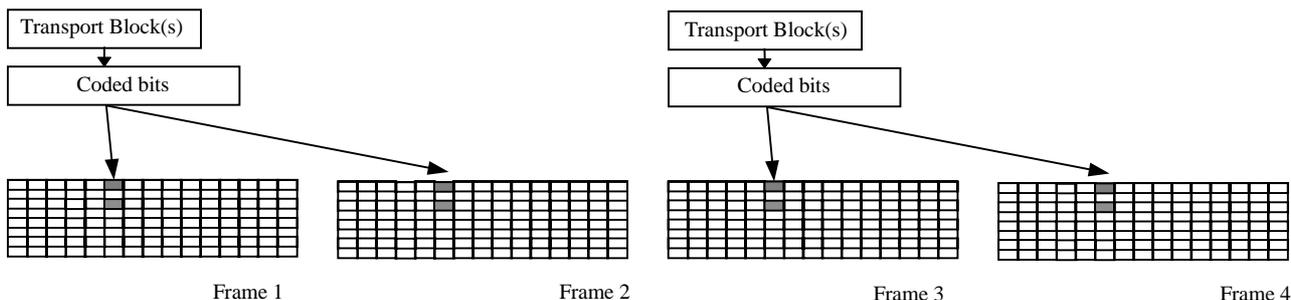


Figure 20: Mapping of Transport Blocks onto the physical bearer

For NRT packet data services, shared channels (USCH and DSCH) can be used to allow efficient allocations for a short period of time.

6.1.2 The Enhanced Uplink Dedicated Channel (E-DCH)

The enhanced uplink dedicated channel is mapped on one or several E-PUCH, see subclause 5.3.13.

6.1.2.1 E-DCH/E-AGCH Association and Timing

The E-DCH is always associated with a number of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channels (E-AGCH) and one hybrid ARQ indicator channel (E-HICH). A grant of E-DCH transmission resources may be transmitted to the UE on any one of the associated E-AGCH. All relevant Layer 1 control information related to an E-DCH TTI is transmitted in the associated E-AGCH and E-HICH.

The E-DCH related time slot information that is carried on the E-AGCH refers to the next valid E-PUCH allocation, which is given by the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{E-AGCH} \geq 6$ time slots between the E-AGCH carrying the E-DCH related information and the first indicated E-PUCH (in time) for a given UE. The E-DCH related time slot information shall not refer to two subsequent radio frames but shall always refer to either the same or the following radio frame, as illustrated in figure 20a. Note that the figure only shows the E-AGCH that carries the E-DCH related information for the given UE.

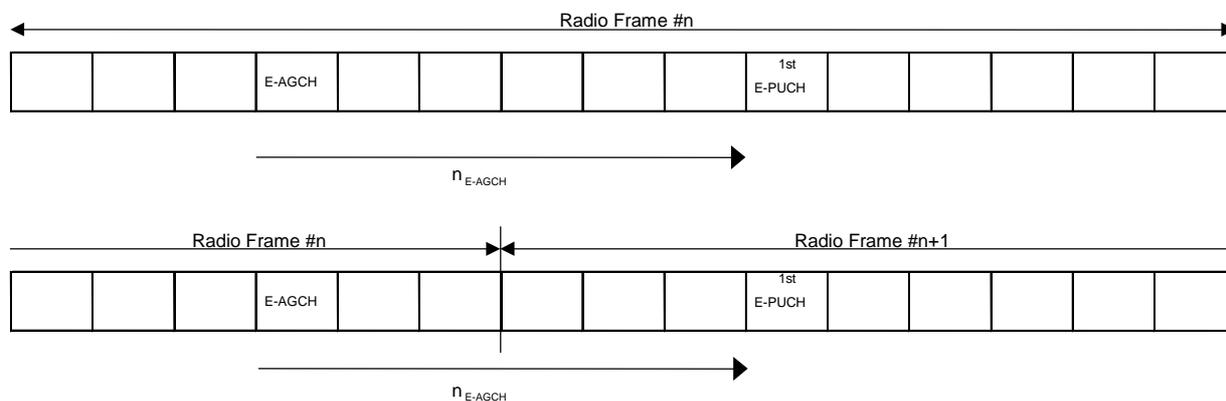


Figure 20a: Timing for E-AGCH and E-DCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

6.1.2.2 E-DCH/E-HICH Association and Timing

All E-DCH operations within the cell are associated with the same E-HICH channelisation code. A single E-HICH channelisation code exists in the cell per E-DCH TTI (10ms). For a given UE, a HARQ acknowledgement indicator is synchronously linked with the E-DCH TTI transmission to which it relates. There is thus a one-to-one association between an E-DCH TTI transmission and its respective HARQ acknowledgment indicator on the associated E-HICH.

The associated E-HICH shall reside on the first instance of the E-HICH channelisation code to occur after n_{E-HICH} timeslots have elapsed since the start of the last E-PUCH of the corresponding E-DCH TTI (see examples of figure 20b). The value of n_{E-HICH} is configurable by higher layers within the range 4 to 44 timeslots.

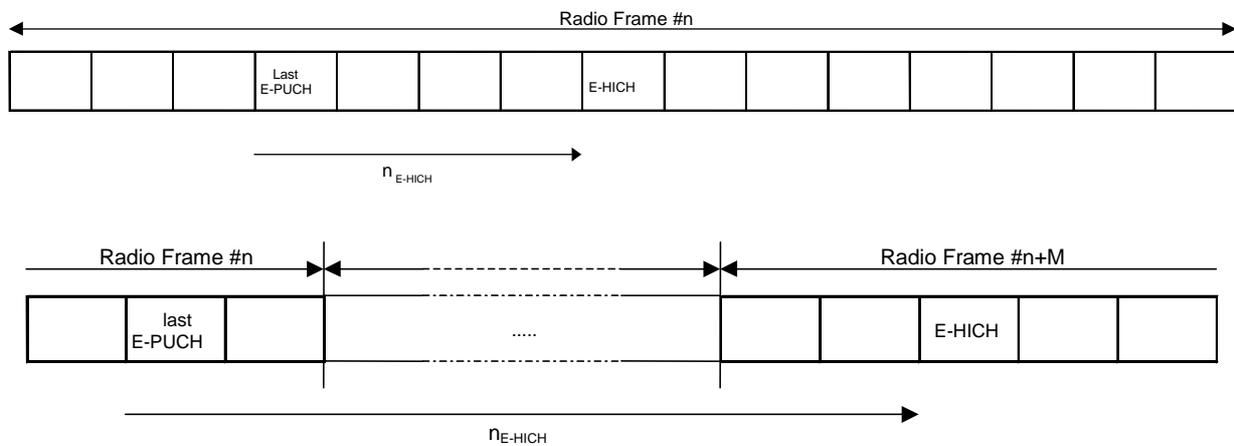


Figure 20b: Timing for E-DCH and E-HICH for a given UE

The HARQ acknowledgement indicator associated with an E-DCH transmission is transmitted using one of 240 signature sequences carried by the associated E-HICH channelisation code. Which signature sequence $r = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 239$ is used is calculated for each E-DCH resource allocation using the information signalled on the associated E-AGCH as follows:

$$r = 16(t_0 - 1) + (q_0 - 1) \frac{16}{Q_0}$$

- where:

- t_0 is the bit position ($1 \dots n_{TRRI}$) of the first active timeslot in the timeslot resource related information bitmap (see [7]) on E-AGCH and where bit position 1 corresponds to the lowest-numbered timeslot
- q_0 is the allocated channelisation code index ($1, 2, 3, \dots, Q_0$)
- Q_0 is the spreading factor of the allocated uplink channelisation code

6.2 Common Transport Channels

6.2.1 The Broadcast Channel (BCH)

The BCH is mapped onto the P-CCPCH. The secondary SCH codes indicate in which timeslot a mobile can find the P-CCPCH containing BCH.

6.2.2 The Paging Channel (PCH)

The PCH is mapped onto one or several S-CCPCHs so that capacity can be matched to requirements. The location of the PCH is indicated on the BCH. It is always transmitted at a reference power level.

To allow an efficient DRX, the PCH is divided into PCH blocks, each of which comprising N_{PCH} paging sub-channels. N_{PCH} is configured by higher layers. Each paging sub-channel is mapped onto 2 consecutive PCH frames within one PCH block. Layer 3 information to a particular UE is transmitted only in the paging sub-channel, that is assigned to the

UE by higher layers, see [15]. The assignment of UEs to paging sub-channels is independent of the assignment of UEs to page indicators.

6.2.2.1 PCH/PICH Association

As depicted in figure 21, a paging block consists of one PICH block and one PCH block. If a paging indicator in a certain PICH block is set to '1' it is an indication that UEs associated with this paging indicator shall read their corresponding paging sub-channel within the same paging block. The value $N_{GAP} > 0$ of frames between the end of the PICH block and the beginning of the PCH block is configured by higher layers.

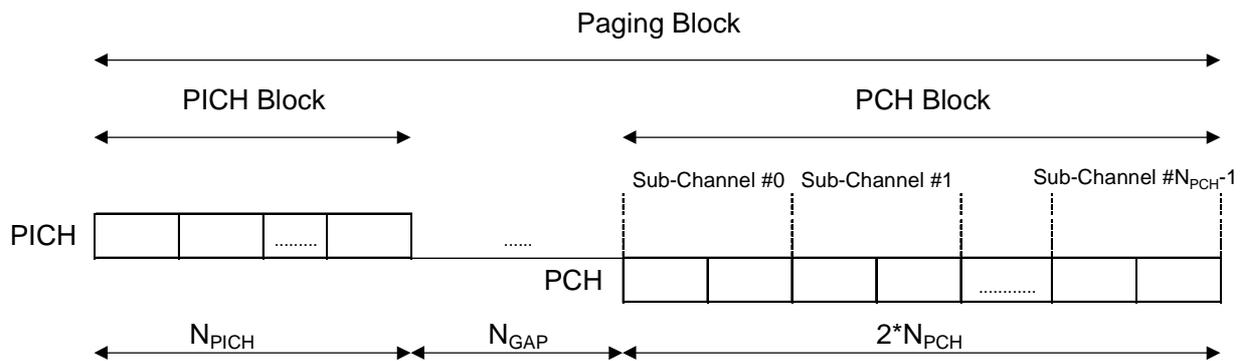


Figure 21: Paging Sub-Channels and Association of PICH and PCH blocks

6.2.3 The Forward Channel (FACH)

The FACH is mapped onto one or several S-CCPCHs. The location of the FACH is indicated on the BCH and both, capacity and location can be changed, if required. FACH may or may not be power controlled.

6.2.4 The Random Access Channel (RACH)

The RACH has intraslot interleaving only and is mapped onto PRACH. The same slot may be used for PRACH by more than one cell. Multiple transmissions using different spreading codes may be received in parallel. More than one slot per frame may be administered for the PRACH. The location of slots allocated to PRACH is broadcast on the BCH. The PRACH uses open loop power control. The details of the employed open loop power control algorithm may be different from the corresponding algorithm on other channels.

6.2.5 The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)

The uplink shared channel is mapped on one or several PUSCH, see subclause 5.3.5.

6.2.6 The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)

The downlink shared channel is mapped on one or several PDSCH, see subclause 5.3.6.

6.2.7 The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH)

The high speed downlink shared channel is mapped on one or several HS-PDSCH, see subclause 5.3.9.

6.2.7.1 HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing

The HS-DSCH is always associated with a number of High Speed Shared Control Channels (HS-SCCH). The number of HS-SCCHs that are associated with an HS-DSCH for one UE can range from a minimum of one HS-SCCH ($M=1$) to a maximum of four HS-SCCH ($M=4$). All relevant Layer 1 control information is transmitted in the associated HS-SCCH i.e. the HS-PDSCH does not carry any Layer 1 control information.

The HS-DSCH related time slot information that is carried on the HS-SCCH refers to the next valid HS-PDSCH allocation, which is given by the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{HS-SCCH} \geq 4$ time slots between the HS-SCCH carrying the HS-DSCH related information and the first indicated HS-PDSCH (in time) for a given UE. The HS-DSCH related time slot information shall not refer to two subsequent radio frames but shall always refer to either the same or the following radio frame, as illustrated in figure 21A. Note that the figure only shows the HS-SCCH that carries the HS-DSCH related information for the given UE.

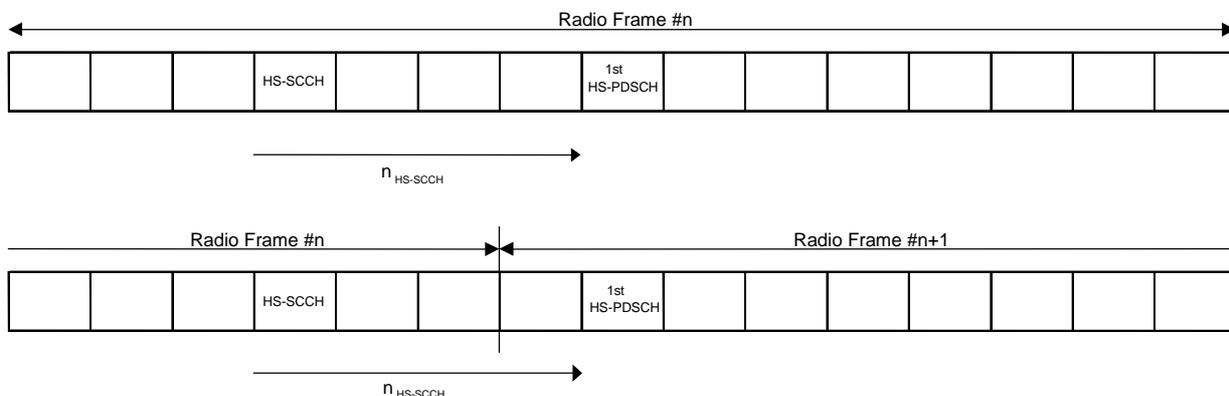


Figure 21A: Timing for HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

6.2.7.2 HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing

The HS-SCCH is always associated with one HS-SICH. The association between the HS-SCCH in DL and HS-SICH in UL shall be pre-defined by higher layers and is common for all UEs.

The UE shall transmit the HS-DSCH related ACK / NACK on the next available associated HS-SICH with the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{HS-SICH} \geq 17$ time slots between the last allocated HS-PDSCH (in time) and the HS-SICH for the given UE. Hence, the HS-SICH transmission shall be made in the next or next but one radio frame, following the HS-DSCH transmission, as illustrated in figure 21B. Note that the figure only shows the HS-SICH that carries the HS-DSCH related ACK / NACK for the given UE.

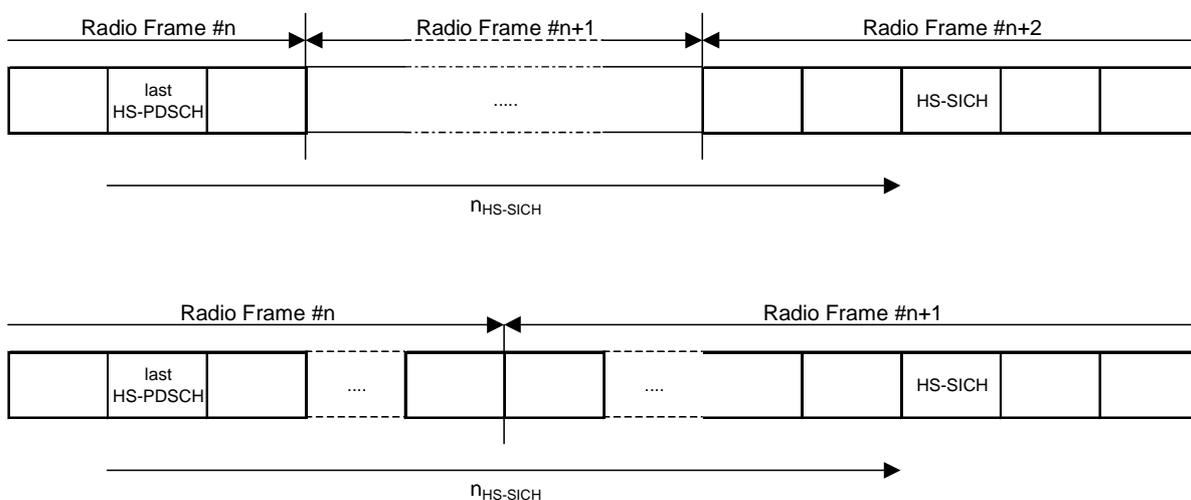


Figure 21B: Timing for HS-PDSCH and HS-SICH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

6.3 Mapping of TrCHs for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option

The following mappings are supported:

- BCH mapped to P-CCPCH.
- FACH mapped to S-CCPCH
- MICH (no transport channel is mapped to MICH)

7 Mapping of transport channels to physical channels for the 1.28 Mcps option

This clause describes the way in which the transport channels are mapped onto physical resources, see figure 22.

| Transport channels | Physical channels |
|--------------------|--|
| DCH | Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH) |
| BCH | Primary Common Control Physical Channels (P-CCPCH) |
| PCH | Secondary Common Control Physical Channels(S-CCPCH) |
| FACH | Secondary Common Control Physical Channels(S-CCPCH) |
| | PICH |
| | MICH |
| | PLCCH |
| RACH | Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH) |
| USCH | Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH) |
| DSCH | Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) |
| | Down link Pilot Channel (DwPCH) |
| | Up link Pilot Channel (UpPCH) |
| | FPACH |
| HS-DSCH | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH) |
| | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH) |
| | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH) |
| E-DCH | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH) |
| | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH) |
| | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) |
| | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH) |

Figure 22: Transport channel to physical channel mapping for 1.28Mcps TDD

7.1 Dedicated Transport Channels

7.1.1 The Dedicated Channel (DCH)

The mapping of transport blocks to physical bearers is in principle the same as in 3.84 Mcps TDD but due to the subframe structure the coded bits are mapped onto each of the subframes within the given TTI.

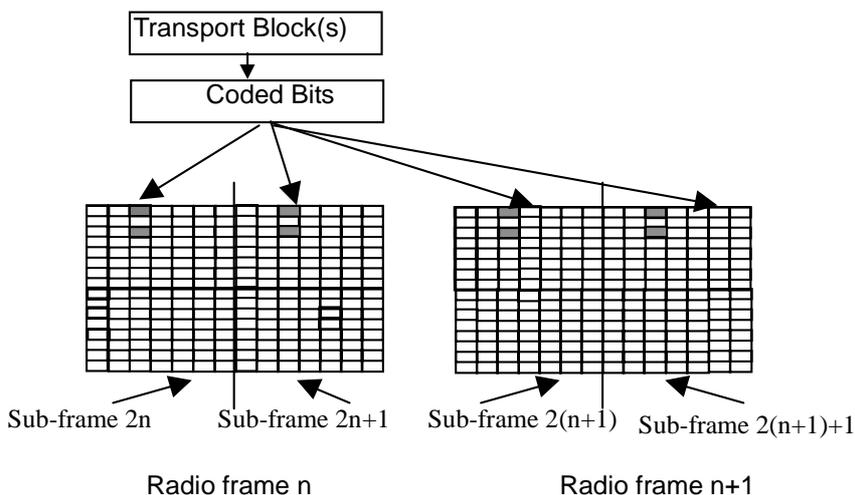


Figure 23 : Mapping of Transport Blocks onto the physical bearer (TTI= 20ms)

7.1.2 The Enhanced Uplink Dedicated Channel (E-DCH)

The enhanced uplink dedicated channel is mapped on one or several E-PUCH, see subclause 5A.3.14.

7.1.2.1 E-DCH/E-AGCH Association and Timing

The E-DCH is always associated with a number of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channels (E-AGCH) and up to four hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH). A grant of E-DCH transmission resources may be transmitted to the UE on any one of the associated E-AGCH. All relevant Layer 1 control information related to an E-DCH TTI is transmitted in the associated E-AGCH and E-HICH.

The E-DCH related timeslot information that is carried on the E-AGCH refers to the next valid E-PUCH allocation, which is given by the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{E-AGCH} \geq 7$ time slots between the E-AGCH carrying the E-DCH related information and the first indicated E-PUCH (in time) for a given UE. DwPTS and UpPTS shall not be taken into account in this limitation as illustrated in figure 23A. Note that the figure only shows the E-AGCH that carries the E-DCH related information for the given UE and that DwPTS and UpPTS are not considered in this figure.

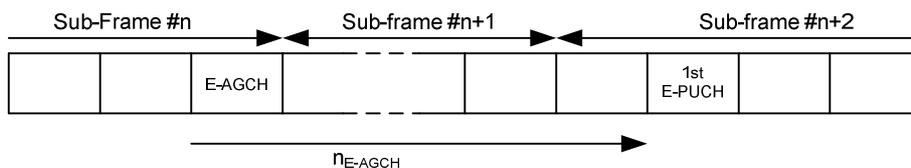


Figure 23A: Timing for E-AGCH and E-PUCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

For the semi-persistent E-DCH resources, the timing between E-AGCH and the first E-PUCH can also use the same limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{E-AGCH} \geq 7$ time slots between the E-AGCH carrying the semi-persistent E-DCH related information and the first indicated semi-persistent E-PUCH (in time) for a given UE. Once the semi-persistent resources are assigned to UE, UE can use these resources continuously until the semi-persistent resources have been released or reconfigured by Node B or RNC.

7.1.2.2 E-DCH/E-HICH Association and Timing

For a given UE, a HARQ acknowledgement indicator (E-HICH) is synchronously linked with the E-DCH TTI transmission to which it relates.

The associated E-HICH shall reside on the first E-HICH instance of the E-HICH channelisation code to occur after n_{E-HICH} timeslots have elapsed since the start of the last E-PUCH of the corresponding E-DCH TTI (see examples of figure

23B). DwPTS and UpPTS are not considered in the figure. The value of n_{E-HICH} is configurable by higher layers within the range 4 to 15 timeslots. DwPTS and UpPTS shall not be taken into account in this limitation.

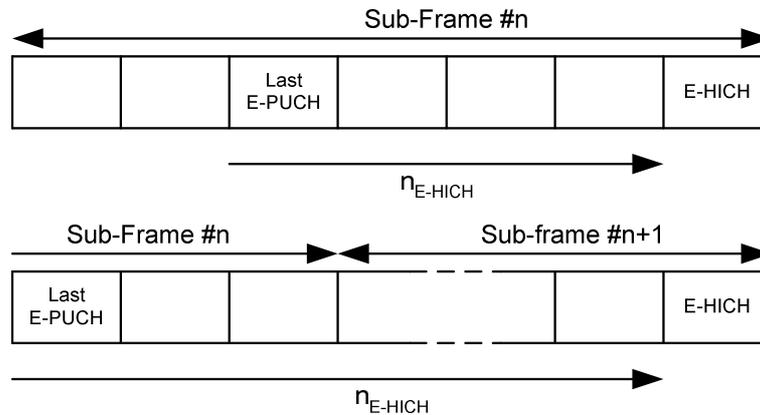


Figure 23B: Timing for E-DCH and E-HICH for a given UE

7.2 Common Transport Channels

7.2.1 The Broadcast Channel (BCH)

There are two P-CCPCHs, P-CCPCH 1 and P-CCPCH 2 which are mapped onto timeslot#0 using the channelisation codes $C_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ and $C_{Q=16}^{(k=2)}$ with spreading factor 16. The BCH is mapped onto the P-CCPCH1+P-CCPCH2.

The position of the P-CCPCHs is indicated by the relative phases of the bursts in the DwPTS with respect to the P-CCPCHs midamble sequences, see [8]. One special combination of the phase differences of the burst in the DwPTS with respect to the P-CCPCH midamble indicates the position of the P-CCPCH in the multi-frame and the start position of the interleaving period.

7.2.2 The Paging Channel (PCH)

If the PICH is associated with an S-CCPCH to which a PCH transport channel is mapped, the mapping of Paging Channels onto S-CCPCHs and the association between PCHs and Paging Indicator Channels is the same as in the 3.84 Mcps TDD option, cf. 6.2.2 'The paging Channel' and 6.2.2.1 'PCH/PICH Association' respectively.

7.2.3 The Forward Channel (FACH)

The FACH is mapped onto one or several S-CCPCHs. The location of the FACH is indicated on the BCH and both, capacity and location can be changed, if required. FACH may or may not be power controlled.

7.2.4 The Random Access Channel (RACH)

The RACH is mapped onto PRACH. More than one slot per frame may be administered for the PRACH. The location of slots allocated to PRACH is broadcast on the BCH. The uplink sync codes (SYNC-UL sequences) used by the UEs for UL synchronisation have a well known association with the P-RACHs, as broadcast on the BCH. On the PRACH, both power control and uplink synchronisation control are used.

7.2.5 The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)

The uplink shared channel is mapped onto one or several PUSCH, see subclause 5A.3.6 'Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH)'

7.2.6 The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)

The downlink shared channel is mapped onto one or several PDSCH, see subclause 5A.3.7 ‘Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH)’

7.2.7 The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH)

The high speed downlink shared channel is mapped on one or several HS-PDSCH, see subclause 5A.3.9.

7.2.7.1 HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing

The HS-DSCH can be associated with a number of High Speed Shared Control Channels (HS-SCCH). In a multi-frequency HS-DSCH cell, HS-DSCH may be mapped on HS-PDSCHs on one or more carrier in CELL_DCH state and on only one carrier in CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH state for UE supporting multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception configured by higher layers. HS-DSCH transmission on each carrier is associated with a HS-SCCH subset and the number of HS-SCCHs in one HS-SCCH subset can range from a minimum of one HS-SCCH (M=1) to a maximum of four HS-SCCH (M=4). All the HS-SCCH subsets for one UE constitute a HS-SCCH set. For UE not supporting multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception, only one HS-SCCH subset is allocated by higher layers. All relevant Layer 1 control information is transmitted in the associated HS-SCCH i.e. the HS-PDSCH does not carry any Layer 1 control information.

The HS-DSCH related time slot information that is carried on the HS-SCCH refers to the next valid HS-PDSCH allocation, which is given by the following limitation: The indicated HS-PDSCH shall be on the sub-frame next to the HS-SCCH carrying the HS-DSCH related information. The HS-DSCH related time slot information shall not refer to two subsequent sub-frames but shall always refer to the following sub-frame, as illustrated in figure 24. Note that the figure only shows the HS-SCCH that carries the HS-DSCH related information for the given UE and that DwPTS and UpPTS are not considered in this figure. In case of multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception, the timing for HS-DSCH transmission on each carrier and its associated HS-SCCH applies the same rule.

For the semi-persistent HS-DSCH resources, the timing between HS-SCCH and the first HS-PDSCH applies the rule that, if the HS-SCCH is transmitted in subframe N, then the first HS-PDSCH is transmitted in subframe N+2, as illustrated in figure 24A. Once the semi-persistent resources are assigned to UE, UE can use these resources continuously until the semi-persistent resources have been released or reconfigured by Node B or RNC.

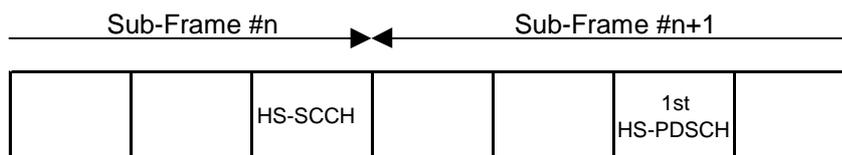


Figure 24: Timing for HS-SCCH and HS-DSCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

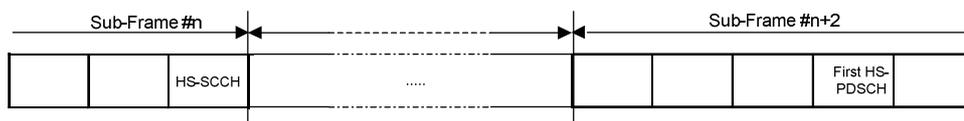


Figure 24A: Timing for HS-SCCH and first semi-persistent HS-DSCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

7.2.7.2 HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing

The HS-SCCH is always associated with one HS-SICH, carrying the ACK/NACK and Channel Quality information (CQI). The association between the HS-SCCH in DL and HS-SICH in UL shall be pre-defined by higher layers and is

common for all UEs. For the HS-DSCH semi-persistent scheduling operation, the associated HS-SICH to the HS-DSCH is conveyed by HS-SICH Indicator on HS-SCCH.

The UE in CELL_DCH state and in CELL_FACH state with a dedicated UE identity shall transmit the HS-DSCH related ACK / NACK on the next available associated HS-SICH with the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{HS-SICH} \geq 9$ time slots between the last allocated HS-PDSCH (in time) and the HS-SICH for the given UE. DwPTS and UpPTS shall not be taken into account in this limitation. Hence, the HS-SICH transmission shall always be made in the next but one sub-frame, following the HS-DSCH transmission, as illustrated in figure 25. Note that the figure only shows the HS-SICH that carries the HS-DSCH related ACK / NACK for the given UE and that DwPTS and UpPTS are not considered in this figure. In case of multi-carrier HS-DSCH reception, the timing for HS-DSCH transmission on each carrier and its related HS-SICH applies the same rule.

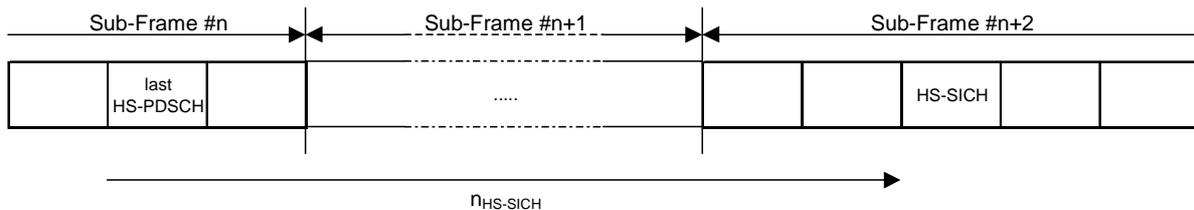


Figure 25: Timing for HS-DSCH and HS-SICH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

There shall be an associated HS-SICH for the HS-SCCH command for allocation or release of the semi-persistent HS-PDSCH resources and HS-SCCH command for activation or deactivation of DRX. There shall also be an associated HS-SICH for HS-SCCH type1 or HS-SCCH type 4 or HS-SCCH type 8 with transport block size information set to all zeros. There is no associated HS-PDSCH in these cases. The timing between the HS-SCCH and the HS-SICH for the given UE as illustrated in figure 25A. The UE shall transmit the HS-SCCH related ACK on the next available associated HS-SICH with the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n'_{HS-SICH} \geq 14$ time slots between the HS-SCCH (in time) and the HS-SICH for the given UE. DwPTS and UpPTS shall not be taken into account in this limitation.

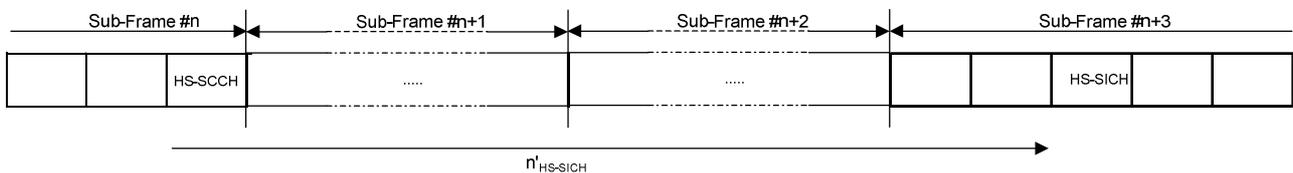


Figure 25A: Timing for HS-SCCH and HS-SICH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

7.2.7.3 PICH/HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH Association and Timing

When the UE in CELL_PCH state with a dedicated UE identity detects the PICH identifying DCCH/DTCH/BCCH transmission, the UE shall receive the corresponding HS-SCCH subframes. The association and timing between PICH and HS-SCCH is depicted in figure 25A. If a paging indicator in a certain PICH block is set to '1' it is an indication that UEs associated with this paging indicator shall read their corresponding HS-SCCH in the M frames where M is Reception window size configured by higher layers. The value $N_{GAP} > 0$ of frames between the end of the PICH block and the beginning of the HS-SCCH is configured by higher layers. Note: for DCCH/DTCH transmission, HS-SCCH shall be HS-SCCH order; while for BCCH transmission, the association and timing between HS-SCCH and HS-DSCH is the same as described in subclause 7.2.7.1.

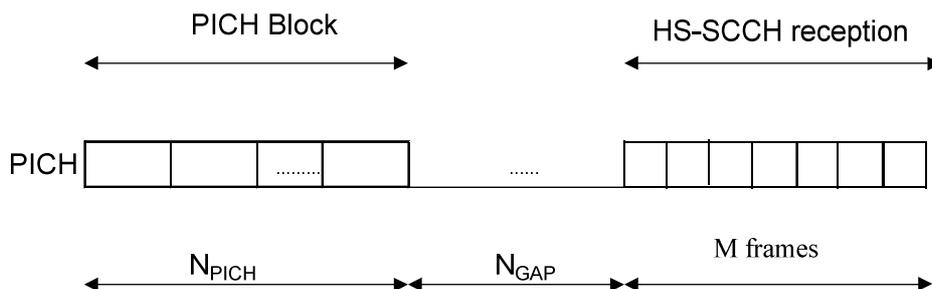


Figure 25A: Timing for PICH and HS-SCCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

7.2.7.4 PICH/ HS-DSCH Association and Timing

When the UE in URA_PCH or CELL_PCH state without a dedicated UE identity detects the PICH identifying PCCH transmission, the UE shall receive the corresponding HS-DSCH TTIs. The association and timing between PICH and HS-DSCH is depicted in figure 25B. If a paging indicator in a certain PICH block is set to '1' it is an indication that UEs associated with this paging indicator shall read their corresponding sub-channel and consider that paging message is retransmitted in $2 \cdot m$ subframes where m denotes Paging Sub-Channel Size configured by higher layers which is the number of frames that each paging sub-channel occupies. The value $N_{GAP} > 0$ of frames between the end of the PICH block and the beginning of the HS-DSCH is configured by higher layers.

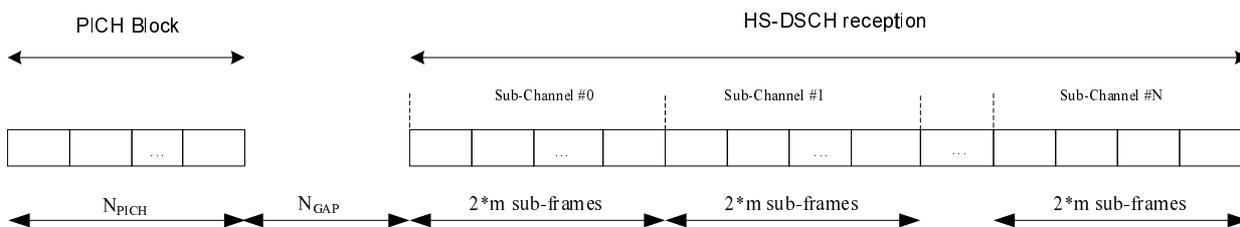


Figure 25B: Timing for PICH and HS-DSCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

8 Mapping of transport channels to physical channels for the 7.68 Mcps option

This clause describes the way in which transport channels are mapped onto physical resources, see figure 26.

| Transport Channels | Physical Channels |
|--------------------|--|
| DCH | Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH) |
| BCH | Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH) |
| FACH | Secondary Common Control Physical Channel (S-CCPCH) |
| PCH | |
| RACH | Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH) |
| USCH | Physical Uplink Shared Channel (PUSCH) |
| DSCH | Physical Downlink Shared Channel (PDSCH) |
| | Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) |
| | MBMS Indication Channel (MICH) |
| | Synchronisation Channel (SCH) |
| HS-DSCH | High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH) |
| | Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SCCH) |
| | Shared Information Channel for HS-DSCH (HS-SICH) |
| E-DCH | E-DCH Physical Uplink Channel (E-PUCH) |
| | E-DCH Random Access Uplink Control Channel (E-RUCCH) |
| | E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) |
| | E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH) |

Figure 26: Transport channel to physical channel mapping

8.1 Dedicated Transport Channels

8.1.1 The Dedicated Channel (DCH)

Mapping of dedicated transport channels to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.1 Dedicated Transport Channels].

8.1.2 The Enhanced Uplink Dedicated Channel (E-DCH)

The enhanced uplink dedicated channel is mapped on one or several E-PUCH, see subclause 5B.4.12.

8.1.2.1 E-DCH/E-AGCH Association and Timing

The E-DCH is always associated with a number of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channels (E-AGCH) and with one or two hybrid ARQ indicator channels (E-HICH). A grant of E-DCH transmission resources may be transmitted to the UE on

any one of the associated E-AGCH. All relevant Layer 1 control information related to an E-DCH TTI is transmitted in the associated E-AGCH and one of the E-HICHs.

The E-DCH related time slot information that is carried on the E-AGCH refers to the next valid E-PUCH allocation, which is given by the following limitation: There shall be an offset of $n_{E-AGCH} \geq 6$ time slots between the E-AGCH carrying the E-DCH related information and the first indicated E-PUCH (in time) for a given UE. The E-DCH related time slot information shall not refer to two subsequent radio frames but shall always refer to either the same or the following radio frame, as illustrated in figure 27. Note that the figure only shows the E-AGCH that carries the E-DCH related information for the given UE.

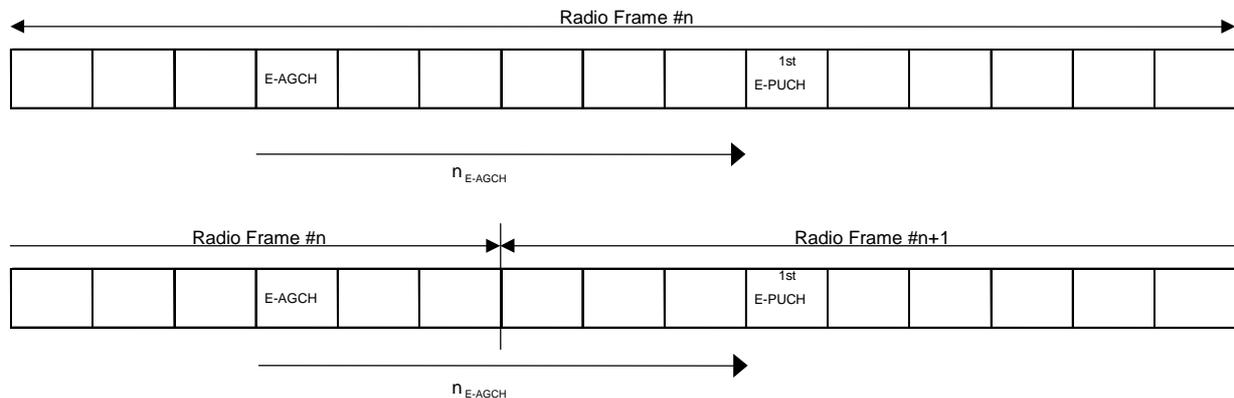


Figure 27: Timing for E-AGCH and E-DCH for different radio frame configurations for a given UE

8.1.2.2 E-DCH/E-HICH Association and Timing

E-DCH operations within the cell are associated with one or two channelisation codes carrying E-HICH (E-HICH₁ and E-HICH₂). If the number of timeslots configured for E-DCH use is 7 or more (this corresponds to the length of the timeslot resource related information field on E-AGCH – see [7]), both E-HICH₁ and E-HICH₂ channelisation codes shall be configured by higher layers, otherwise only the channelisation code E-HICH₁ is configured.

A single instance of E-HICH₁ (and E-HICH₂ if configured) channelisation codes exist in the cell per E-DCH TTI (10ms). For a given UE, a HARQ acknowledgement indicator is synchronously linked with the E-DCH TTI transmission to which it relates. There is thus a one-to-one association between an E-DCH TTI transmission and its respective HARQ acknowledgment indicator on one of the associated E-HICHs.

For each channelisation code carrying E-HICH, the associated instance shall be the first instance of that channelisation code to occur after n_{E-HICH} timeslots have elapsed since the start of the last E-PUCH of the corresponding E-DCH TTI (see examples of figure 28). The value of n_{E-HICH} is configurable by higher layers within the range 4 to 44 timeslots.

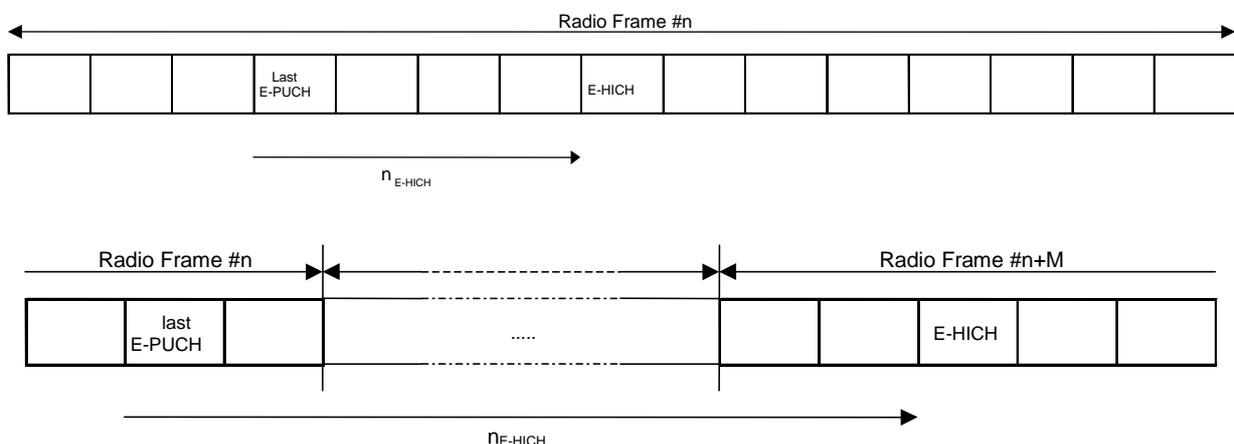


Figure 28: Timing for E-DCH and E-HICH for a given UE

The HARQ acknowledgement indicator associated with an E-DCH transmission is transmitted using one of 240 signature sequences carried by one of the associated E-HICH channelisation codes. Which signature sequence $r = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 239$ and (in the case that two channelisation codes are configured for E-HICH) which channelisation code is used are calculated for each E-DCH resource allocation using the following information signalled on the associated E-AGCH:

- t_0 is the bit position ($1 \dots n_{\text{TRRI}}$) of the first active timeslot in the timeslot resource related information bitmap (see [7]) on E-AGCH and where bit position 1 corresponds to the lowest-numbered timeslot
- q_0 is the allocated channelisation code index ($1, 2, 3, \dots, Q_0$)
- Q_0 is the spreading factor of the allocated uplink channelisation code

The value r' is first calculated as:

$$r' = 32(t_0 - 1) + (q_0 - 1) \frac{32}{Q_0}$$

Then:

- if $r' \leq 239$, $r = r'$ and channelisation code E-HICH₁ is used
- if $r' > 239$, $r = (r' - 240)$ and channelisation code E-HICH₂ is used.

8.2 Common Transport Channels

8.2.1 The Broadcast Channel (BCH)

The mapping of the broadcast channel (BCH) to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.1 The Broadcast Channel (BCH)].

8.2.2 The Paging Channel (PCH)

The mapping of the paging channel (PCH) to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.2 The Paging Channel (PCH)].

8.2.3 The Forward Channel (FACH)

The mapping of the forward access channel (FACH) to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.3 The Forward Access Channel (FACH)].

8.2.4 The Random Access Channel (RACH)

The mapping of the random access channel (RACH) to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.4 The Random Access Channel (RACH)].

8.2.5 The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)

The mapping of the uplink shared channel (USCH) to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.5 The Uplink Shared Channel (USCH)].

8.2.6 The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)

The mapping of the downlink shared channel (DSCH) to physical channels is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.6 The Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH)].

8.2.7 The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH)

The high speed downlink shared channel is mapped on one or several HS-PDSCH, see subclause 5B.4.8.

8.2.7.1 HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing

The HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH association and timing is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [section 6.2.7.1 HS-DSCH/HS-SCCH Association and Timing] with the exception that the number of HS-SCCHs that are associated with an HS-DSCH for one UE can range from a minimum of one HS-SCCH ($M=1$) to a maximum of eight HS-SCCH ($M=8$).

8.2.7.2 HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing

The HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH association and timing is identical to 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [6.2.7.2 HS-SCCH/HS-DSCH/HS-SICH Association and Timing].

Annex A (normative): Basic Midamble Codes for the 3.84 Mcps option

A.1 Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 1 and 3

In the case of burst type 1 or 3 (see subclause 5.2.2) the midamble has a length of $L_m=512$, which is corresponding to: $K'=8$; $W=57$; $P=456$.

Depending on the possible delay spread timeslots are configured to use K_{Cell} midambles which are generated from the Basic Midamble Codes (see table A.1)

- for all $k=1,2,\dots,K$; $K=2K'$ or
- for $k=1,2,\dots,K'$, only, or
- for odd $k=1,3,5,\dots,\leq K'$, only.

In the beacon slot # k , where the P-CCPCH is located, the number of midambles $K_{Cell}=8$ (cf section 5.6.1). In all of the other timeslots that use burst type 1 or 3, K_{Cell} is individually configured from higher layers.

Depending on the cell size midambles for PRACH are generated from the Basic Midamble Codes (see table A.1)

- for $k=1,2,\dots,K'$ or
- for odd $k=1,3,5,\dots,\leq K'$, only.

The mapping of these Basic Midamble Codes to Cell Parameters is shown in TS 25.223.

Table A.1: Basic Midamble Codes m_p according to equation (5) from subclause 5.2.3 for case of burst type 1 and 3

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PL} of length $P=456$ |
|------------|---|
| m_{PL0} | 8DF65B01E4650910A4BF89992E48F43860B07FE55FA0028E454EDCD1F0A09A6F029668F55427253FB8A71E5EF2EF360E539C489584413C6DC4 |
| m_{PL1} | 4C63F9BC3FD7B655D5401653BE75E1018DC26D271AADA1CF13FD348386759506270F2F953E93A44468E0A76605EAE8526225903B1201077602 |
| m_{PL2} | 8522611FFCAEB55A5F07D966036C852E7B15B893B3ABA9672C327380283D168564B8E1200F0E2205AF1BB23A58679899785CFA2A6C131CFDC4 |
| m_{PL3} | F58107E6B777C221999BDE9340E192DC6C31AB8AE85E70AA9BBEB39727435412A5A27C0EF73AB453ED0D28E5B032B94306EC1304736C91E922 |
| m_{PL4} | 89670985013DFD2223164B68A63BD58C7867E97316742D3ABD6CBDA4FC4E08C0B0CBE44451575C72F887507956BD1F27C466681800B4B016EE |
| m_{PL5} | FCDEF63500D6745CDB962594AF171740241E982E9210FC238C4DD85541F08C1A010F7B3161A7F4DF19BAD916FD308AB1CED2A32538C184E92C |
| m_{PL6} | DB04CE77A5BA7C0E09B6D3551072B11A7A43B6A355C1D6FDCF725D587874999895748DD09832ABC35CEC3008338249612E6FE5005E13B03103 |
| m_{PL7} | D2F61A622D0BA9E448CD29587D398EF8CDC3B6582B6CDD50E9E20BF5FE2B3258041E14D60821DC6725132C22D787CD5D497780D4241E3B420D |
| m_{PL8} | 7318524E62D806FA149ECC5435058A2B74111524B84727FE9A7923B4A1F0D8FCD89208F34BE E5CADEB90130F9954BB30605A98C11045FF173D |
| m_{PL9} | 8E832B4FA1A11E0BF318E84F54725C8052E0D099EF0AF54BC342BEE44976C9F38DE701623C7BF6474DF90D2E222A4915C8080E7CD3EC84DAC |
| m_{PL10} | CFA5BAC90780876C417933C43103B55699A8AD51164E590AF9DA6AF0C18804E1F74862F00CE7ECC899C85B6ABB0CAD5E50836AD7A39878FE2F |
| m_{PL11} | AD539094A19858A75458F1B98E286A4F7DC3A117083D04724CBE83F34102817C5531329CDB437FFF712241B644BDF0C1FEC8598A63C2F21BD7 |
| m_{PL12} | BEB8483139529BDE23E42DA6AB8170DD0BFBB30CE28A4502FAF3C8EDA219B9A6D5B849D9C9E4451F74E2408EA046061201E0C1D69CF48F3A94 |
| m_{PL13} | C482462CA7846266060D21688BA00B72E1EC84A3D5B7194C8DA39E21A3CE12BF512C8AAB6A7079F73C0D3E4F40AC555A4BCC453F1DFE3F6C82 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PL} of length $P=456$ |
|------------|---|
| m_{PL14} | 9663373935FD5C213AC58C0670206683D579D2526C05B0A81030DDF61A221D8A68EAD8D6F7AA0D662C07C6DCCD0115A54D39F03F7122B0675AC |
| m_{PL15} | 387397AE5CD3F2B3912C26B8F87CE82CEFEC55507DB08FB0C4CF2FD6858896201ACA7264281D0298440DD3481E5E9DDB24C16F30EB7A22948A |
| m_{PL16} | AFE9266843C892571B6230D808788C63B9065EA3BDFF687B92B8734A8D7099559FEA22C9416576D0C087EB4503E87E356471B330182A24A3E6 |
| m_{PL17} | 6E6C550A4CB74010F6C3E0328651DF421C456D9A5E8AE9D3946C10189D72B579184552EE3E799970969C870FE8A37B6C4BA890992103486DC0 |
| m_{PL18} | D803CA71B6F99CFB3105D40F4695D61EB0B62E803F79302EE3D2A6BF12EA70D304B181E8B38B3B74F5022B67EB8109808C62532688C563D4BE |
| m_{PL19} | E599ED48D01772055DBE9D343A4EA5EABE643DA38F06904FC7523B08C4101F021B199AF759A00D9AC298881D79413A77470992A75C771492D0 |
| m_{PL20} | 9F30AC4162CE5D185953705F3D45F026F38E9B5721AEFE07370214D526A2C4B344B508B57BFB2492320C05903C79CBEE08C6E7F218B57E14D6 |
| m_{PL21} | B5971060DA84685B4D042ED0189FAF13C961B2EF61CC164E363B22AAB14AC8AF607906C1C6E04F2054C687AA6741A9E70639857DA02B6FFFFA |
| m_{PL22} | 97135FC2226C4B4A5CBA5FCA3732763B87455F73A1148006F3DF214BD4C936D061E04045160E2CE33B9CD09D08FDE2A37F4E998322B4401D27 |
| m_{PL23} | 4D256D57C861B9791151A78D5299C56D116B6178B2A2D04BB95FB76540AF28341DC6EC4E7ED3BF9E508478D9C8F44914805DA82429E1CF320E |
| m_{PL24} | 858EF5C84CE32D18D9ABA110EEA7474CF0CD70254D2928C3F4DFF6BB3A518587CADA19029078AC90A8336C8178203BE3289E601F07D089CB64 |
| m_{PL25} | 920A8796A511650AEF32F93DD3C39C624E07AE03CE8C96139973F54DCB9803C5164ADB502D4FF561564D607037FCD172921F1982B102C3312C |
| m_{PL26} | 485C5DAE76B360A9C56E20B8422EA3E6ACF07CB093B5587CB0E6A5498A4714081EA98DBCD B0482B26E0D097C03444473D233BEF3C8E440DEBF |
| m_{PL27} | 565A9D54EA789892B024F97E728E8EE112411942C48BD0C5BC8AA457D8DC9941F0F7424B38643FFE6521CD306FBC56FE10F1428D4C245B5606 |
| m_{PL28} | 5AEF2C0C2C378179A1AC36242E6B3EDB72C42D3624437674F8D51260C0898C201837CBA14E9E23D1EF6451C4ACF27AB031F457A8A1BFD148AE |
| m_{PL29} | 87D8FE685417822A23D925307E6C11081ADAC4702BCCD9BE448E78984D109B50DEF5B7C58BC71EA1F0A6826BA8AD1978843E7697F3E416AADA |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m _{PL} of length P=456 |
|-------------------|--|
| m _{PL30} | 84802B72AF27B5BE724D1FB629E0E627BDB0D9061292562F98350C1D0C9D4B9D8E2BF71123C82EBB161003AE9829E07244D78F19926F8847A2 |
| m _{PL31} | 8CCB5128238BCB088E30972D62792AEF02B9BBDDCAD68C9916C00BF91CBE788B0F03851FAAF88605534FD73436C259D270B1013CB14226F658 |
| m _{PL32} | 62F4E6FAC2BF1979CE6854AA2D33534BFB2F946519101A6589131C3640707D40E67ED804AF8736AD213CAF5935741900061967E8285C27E34C |
| m _{PL33} | 4095E5B4EEAFCD68A34B267EEA28D8444FA533900F41499E260D2E65C256A52E1DD5861F5227C98E00687D107233F51A1167BCF72FB184654 |
| m _{PL34} | 5630E9A79FCAD303404D9E5A802299162657AAC734761C6E90DA8BCE4F61A763E0BB48D3FEB3F78468C828ABA4828DAD06E0F904CFD40421DC |
| m _{PL35} | CD12B24C0BCA8AAC1FCBF0500A3BC684A180E863D888F2506B48C68ECF17F76CB285991FBA18EB6397211FAD002F482D57A258CD45DE3FF1A6 |
| m _{PL36} | AFCF2A50877286CD3405442730C45514F082D9EC296B367C0F64F04C4E0007DCA9E50BEED5C102126E319ACBC64F1729272F2F72C9397029FE |
| m _{PL37} | 18F89EE8589D20882A72A44DCDF0050FOA3D88DBA6531614973D26905FDF41E3F779FF0648E8AF1540928511BCF4C25D9C64AF34AC31B8965 |
| m _{PL38} | F890D550F33F032ECD3A51FED427D634F64EB29AF1332A23CD961258E4BAED040E7B336918E250EC272A12816B9EBFFA1E0AE401185F08C10 |
| m _{PL39} | ACE5DD61506047E80FB7D41BD3992DF4D7F18EB46CC145C0E9105428C2F8F299141F5D66691904A7DC2513A3B83994ACB1292246B32818FE9D |
| m _{PL40} | 150680FF900C9B46E1E24D54BE2238CB950A934E5CCDE9BC3939EB51CB0AE202B7D339EEC2018B33A0AB9B63DA5D512D64FB58C0E51A1C82C2 |
| m _{PL41} | 51A579EED2663A002D32D10A0753173612F4D5BA167D1807C61F25C4D42C063682E8E9DD019F79D446A046EB3F75E50FEB228DC52F08E694B6 |
| m _{PL42} | CDC644FE4C0C6897604F9D14D714123BF16FFF0E49F35F674908CA60653702FE27BCCA2A47098453AF8661055C8C549EB6A951A8396AD4B94D |
| m _{PL43} | 750A10366C595373C5001CA3E4239764B1409D602CF6052B39BC6A3255A15FE06C782C4C5F847026A7E79838A2933A61C77BB6CBF5915B2DA5 |
| m _{PL44} | B7490686D78E409082C4C48FE18D4C35429C20AADF96076B92FC4E85490664753DB0891A0B27FD849BB7FCA99E3B38F22F8C662852C0D35AA6 |
| m _{PL45} | D86E1B575B47D23DA811806A54C231281F03317830E7BD305D3CAA7D6382A5233104CFD54D22DF9F34535E5B390D9040CF1375FEA44CEC29E2 |
| m _{PL46} | 828655960C026EC67B683480992AC2ED2C43ABC606F5220C2945F373470BE7ED5BCCF7C1AA0986BBCC84F11F1658AA568FAA0A60C5F0B5BFA |
| m _{PL47} | D76230E02C8533653AAB99B288AA2ADE25A1C1BF28516C04239240EAF1EFC0B98974B51F886861D8A1E9F5D62CFFEC309F071A9716B325101B |
| m _{PL48} | EA207662865B8A07D69648964DED818EE474A90B94473408871880E63EF0596B9FCFEC3C06B86EA6AD2B06C91672EFB33C70241A5450B59B8A |
| m _{PL49} | 9CB5459549909835FAB22F0D99298C120ACF479F814CCE749079D40688F28101037762F125C776DA9C5FA1FCE0E76E452F8185354FDCDE94E2 |
| m _{PL50} | 227506304AEC1D6F93569B51FDC3405A0F38194F65BE17163A3CB9827A35AECEA757D020FE249377ECD561428A38FEED004EC859C272563185 |
| m _{PL51} | 96B9AEC9938910F0E533422A3977519B05CD4AD3909BC15A7502D48D49C124FA192A8E57027CFEB11DF542010603CE5C9FDF8E626D4FBF8CF4 |
| m _{PL52} | A6AAD06E095A9BE0BD9F8A2ED40C3CBDBAE91C700CBB778C8696CC06F3A675C16BDB2918E5F2111005A8727206DC6A9684E05655185C398EEB |
| m _{PL53} | CD168D384A78DA172991AD333EE2A9880905AFE59E2A2A4AC4414C40F82874F98A3CBE7B44F4C7F4710B35FD88AFC0399FAEB070EB9CA4D30A |
| m _{PL54} | 22016CA87AD1549174A8699DD65599697871091457E83E0912E7E77A06531C209394D283D18A38662B73681DD9C5BF330FED978BDA7D487CA8 |
| m _{PL55} | B9401B0843AA6F7827A13BD66C922287E8886C31EB5B90B82B472CCD6DA3D8D4FBF78B8F8496DFA8252B06429D5DD17142F1C908ACCD70EA0C |
| m _{PL56} | E42B9EFDC5D09AC27B3C7DA28D02493A70521223B9D7A76A9D13E9C171017964D16A70C08EAD02C3DC948889C23E365AFCF01BF20B89B0BF5C |
| m _{PL57} | 9DA0180168DB915E9F3597B59312198E1B5CC00D743C2ECB0DBAADA3E35A2465ED1EAA9D74734D49A313CE4DFF020D0760E3153DC485603943 |
| m _{PL58} | B6C966619ECB98191D719C187C07BD503425650CAA3A2D1F2DF5212B1441D7A0C1D36A4C9C2550240AD17CA43BB3943DFFFBF1E283D81299CC |
| m _{PL59} | DB0E8C41F08A03D477C1AA548799274C4BF3EB68F2636166FDC8D4B1E7132539930297E228BA232BB5C279FA5ECA3AC10E24361AF050A453B8 |
| m _{PL60} | 89BCE2DE2974EEBA833CF32F224C85A2891484478527DB48FA6ECEA84C5E288CC3914CB54ADA0476278750187F68FBEA41017E1E58DF1A5A3D |
| m _{PL61} | 70A457D1314A278625443EEB52520815EC92CEF17417B97440DCB531BC1CE83212F63270418D0FBDE71F6DB9E0EA88772E1E4535B6633E4425 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PL} of length $P=456$ |
|------------|--|
| m_{PL62} | C388460AD54B36C4452CF0433BD347100ACCC24C79C535AD3E1F23FE0425E93A044C553BFA116E09AA4BB32F13CFA76FBA1BC17520F45EFD44 |
| m_{PL63} | 0BAFCADCDF9AA2846681782CD3B90CA036A863C78EE1507620BC394D0C6804B4C97A15BC9C0D7B79E6892EA1BFF1A0DD9573A9213AB140D0D2 |
| m_{PL64} | 833B0226789A62882FCD27A30885E67872B1A1C2FA484AD498011599DD57E8E2A07A560B47167AA5F60EF47177DBB1632D5387A2896348640B |
| m_{PL65} | 8F52820323ABA5E6C6B465821B621600B980E59F53A599DA5646BA103214336836CF17E3386CE4FB2BC5F25CCB30CF7F500546828EC8786B8E |
| m_{PL66} | E2E9A29C3C8207B9A4508FD2F667A159F068EEE8D00686F46EA904C3692C1D79DFF1B32E5103720D47B4B58AC35384A26087027E141B3126A8 |
| m_{PL67} | 70E7C39FD2D3AE1DCE341699A544D801A8688A6EE47C5CB3630022147DDC06241FC5337A348A462B2472DEC5E104DD520ADA5114DB065D4B0D |
| m_{PL68} | 9E3483CAB164BD053C4971D4D87494CC689033D589EF80E5453376E4A8DCC02183B98C36B0FF7DDC0AD07FCE8B4D5164371BD03A2110AD1247 |
| m_{PL69} | 04DA1C649B0608938DAADD3FE920A4F681690C54505429DBDCDCF10067AB5714BCDDFE1F28692710F794765781C1D233344E119BEE8A8416DC |
| m_{PL70} | 7A18D6D30BDF44410714C3DCA27D8F9EA8A542D87122205640B98313C91AD9A0B993A5A7BC3E035F93B88BBE6D4204BC82A9FA8D4C1A7618CF |
| m_{PL71} | EB9525E10265A48733C8E0E77E459310112A71DCA680F68AC044B64BC0A31D02EEA0F7ACAAAB7F1E574E94FEA2D1301CB14B03263DA8122B76 |
| m_{PL72} | E706C6ED2D6F89153835079BE0C6D45310845EF2F9F6C6AE91B7419810508BA501C0148BF09955BAD90D6391BA8EBA5CEFB23221CC75143D7 |
| m_{PL73} | DF071A10AC4120CD1431590BEDCFF9483CA7047B19590D035D309240BDB4264E9A3A2761402EC97FD8BC51B4AF32E37FBC47162A2357D18751 |
| m_{PL74} | F0F952B2238139F46D8254D1A2C1C22A16BA71EC0C0C900ED1442452D7F44C798BC65FF40671B88074BA0B74C6510996EEAC495C5B49C37DEB |
| m_{PL75} | 1C86BD82EDA81FD65418D3837B5552A853791456D93B06C62C650D86CFBEC269AFFD772763064062C03751B9428C6DA2E60383025F9E404B70 |
| m_{PL76} | B390978DD2552C88AABA7838489A6F5A8E9C41E95FFA2215819BF8A5BFE39C8A706CC658E549E966611B843A1468406C41C09D1560BEDA4F1B |
| m_{PL77} | 1A69EC9D053C7E84BAE7A48CCC71857D0C6B06D1065E3EA4633B133AA022B8104F6EE7C69B6184B746C8822958B0A16686F27C8A0E3B4FEAD |
| m_{PL78} | C95B2070816DC97C6D8DD2583263E73F9AAAFD13F0548D2EBD835824418F11E54111005FB713AB234BE412347358281C7DE331EDD21B8BEA52 |
| m_{PL79} | 56D6408399F23C2ED85EE0F68111D69A91A3AD9A732AC57CA08F86CC28B3CF4E4B02EBBA0BCE5CAE5BACC4D52004070797C04093A84BB18DBA |
| m_{PL80} | E662E7043867BE250764DA0596D34A582A619B408B505E6211DD6286E93A37F95B1EA680C0C5F3E777E3F71E8D75495D59043217FC0E222E16 |
| m_{PL81} | 27D5E681C222297AD478A079EF12F1A98F744B66335303322EF8880B931FEBF8322F4302944E80BED468A0A516D410B183D863795992DA7DDB |
| m_{PL82} | 5100336C05F9E5BF35201906C1C588858E0DAF56130DF5554B9AB21CA15311A90290624CD63E03F5EDA49DB7A0C32AB5F1CA427A2D5635FDA5 |
| m_{PL83} | C696DC993BFAEA9A61B781B9C5C3F5CFAA4C8339D8B03A9B0387883D0482A41AC78D6522425959846E561D26A30FF79A205C801A85889736B2 |
| m_{PL84} | D562297561AFF42D3168296C1153E4E39BE7B2EB0348BC704625AA08391235075EE0DE0A79AB03222FEDB27218C56F96EAC2F91CC8FCE64B12 |
| m_{PL85} | DD0B6768FC01CC0A551F8ACC36907129623E975AB8B3FF58037F1859E2FA8C62C2D9D1E8506916029A2C3F8CAD9A26AE2CC652F48800859F5C |
| m_{PL86} | 923920696EB3AB413786C41854822282BB83F6900D33A232D470BE198BBF086067B72613300C593B74251E2F079857ADBBCD86583A9DCAA6DC |
| m_{PL87} | B8EF30C797D8D2C4EF11244F137D806E556A436626D0115A621C92C34D166A68BCEDFA0040DA8FD6F987B1CD5C2AA1C1B045E64475F0F8DABD |
| m_{PL88} | E1887001D414405ED6419E9EE1D1D346D924ED57ADF04B31B7948099976B2D1501A60DFFB287AD44C8783DF0C1EA5AA5D273D1389C8EA22DCC |
| m_{PL89} | 8C2E379A58AA96748141CA84C35987905F984A49D3AD9BFF7807AC244C16C1DF74343C2E1F25514F5A0954CFBB3C92E25EF783136844998AC5 |
| m_{PL90} | 78F8A99E0A54E27F51C0726FE7A11EB26B1E29FE65F55AC8AC58011465900B958488A90F6DF614A58431DC8B6C6B9A6F032EE0E0B1306EC4B4 |
| m_{PL91} | 88F7A31B7B20E0F05CA26E729B4F8A1933962D7BD7BE3E1EB130B28C794C0B4D01CADE09006FF97E80117509733F3A9DC225413A0AE08CA662 |
| m_{PL92} | BE4DFCEAC18905AC8D5DA27A794F88A4D3058D2EFA3B075A819DEAE688EAF8940A653ED7104E7B403D490F0A9030264E1F12B8922C75775E61 |
| m_{PL93} | 5BA4B79FC4550234D8922963BF3537485E3C8745A5DB90D3E2E454B30FF61112F508155B7C2B3C4C628AF846240C2021ACDE547E5A41F666B8 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PL} of length $P=456$ |
|-------------|---|
| m_{PL94} | 00556D35649F7610AB24A43C4F16D6AC0571FD126F11880C5CD72100D730E4E4D6BB73C33F837FAF1072743B249ADA2E09598B1EB23F1180A7 |
| m_{PL95} | 7A0CC9F21BD69CF3023E944545C2176EF0D4F450B765C28359FB8A32137D043D0E5713E67B3F61320985D2C6106605081F87D2296321468A2F |
| m_{PL96} | DA669880995B0671201172BABFF141D5854A245E211879EF3038A7C84170DADBD368455F24653161E7886E15B253F93E3A3C568EFB17CDEB1A |
| m_{PL97} | 4E294E53D1661C1F6F748302A7723DA951C00FDB8BE8BFF67A68710BA0F1A255DFB1627059D41A23D3961726DE6FEB10E5D209CC4505B209812 |
| m_{PL98} | 73385DF701414E144768A67EF72924B1653479E962FB1554B7E54BC5284D9B3E41C0C133F878972230721918AA425501B920B204FECE0C7F8A |
| m_{PL99} | F4492160805F258CE592DF4D1200566F81D173458D78EA3ABED79A14AF88170DB1D4A9A5931D2B80C58C27FE17D806E3E6A66CDAAD09F118D4 |
| m_{PL100} | 44D562D9012D8B07B8F44596467C11A163982BB7EAEAC184078B6B8CE46B5D7E17C39CEF576A025491183017FA09931D070B307B86524B03FF |
| m_{PL101} | FCAE9FC49A13B4FFA12C0CC6A2B90CF4F57D78B1E98294B04675C2F0991661FDC61A452A247F8C29E0284AA21026F368307375AA2C3F1E12C |
| m_{PL102} | C486DF0510DCAD5AB86E178A686D398E11A0ECFAC5A326C10129257E5456B22FB8E147E9190D9929A5DFFE44715FA47D62F04CFC9B1C201414 |
| m_{PL103} | C10AF383DC708E257E15A8AB337BCE684A2F4AC7A22DC2C25C277F8E8D0858E79317CDDD9AA2EA6CBE604D24AC0945026103E7B4126FD361A4 |
| m_{PL104} | A5C60A181148D9A931B2DDDB9D169648BA54F366B4EFAE88F6861909EE0F07C037EE349D0EC59A823286E366CA3943589EEA7F828C3728085F |
| m_{PL105} | 96136AEBD5E28462B0421DF292BA899FFA660D80EA01620D2C7490E5347127884AA3C3D1FF44BCDEF6C29EC589CDEF200C5742C5964F8B2B52 |
| m_{PL106} | 40F63C04ACAD986255D1E16B769A6D4C11A1D075E804BDC0AC61923E9A67F5D7417756328072455F6E22B1C64E06F367D1B0808295C2D90E22 |
| m_{PL107} | F4B82D413578C4888C5F002CF6D0E03778134A860436551FD57537E4CED334B3C9CEBACE615238271717AA762448B86FA53D2074BCE35658A7 |
| m_{PL108} | BCCC92D72C920E685530591FC351743D1E23DE044BF81D32650406113E23ECC757FDE4E386B6E2E7195EE4969717A7BD0812AC312B33A54308 |
| m_{PL109} | 6ED59DE0D44370A861CE2B42CF5E578E764A682AB5777905EE027D7160490EDC6C28989B23805AA697FCD215CB401BC5E4D430624C01B16192 |
| m_{PL110} | DE80C0E273B92CC3C5034F7A20DB3914643C430B425C8B9249EAF73ACE8C3BCF17957242CF534D87A67D4DC0252275262E737F4095450CFA14 |
| m_{PL111} | 9505C4FEF2A397D5059F4729D013292A8321FFFA929ACB0A210D0A13E13061227C44A68FBD8CE6B66CE3D783363CD039AB35EE52603E09B758 |
| m_{PL112} | E8BE90D7F954B14D8002A4CAC20765ABEED80634498C836D79B0F9338DBC17B28F05CF4E79136779E1C55AA30B6215F890882887B3B53C23E2 |
| m_{PL113} | 9F4B622C1358AE5468DC31E4B2CA320E5E20458C1DE5405BF4F9AD7D45A5BCAA39EC0626FFFC698C16A009CCCB7A18A64E85E70BA71731BA24 |
| m_{PL114} | B91B2624843CF48299AFC2B1442570B41F28F578530D1E322E0B54282372131C71ACB924E70768A243EEC3200E7A5EBFA77111D9FB07FEA8AE |
| m_{PL115} | 965F42DDA3A4650FE2F5103932B68F166FA424B9F0F7045311D962C2A9F66B9BC6C66FB480F9800354E0C54A72251071422CF1DFC44F94C00C |
| m_{PL116} | 08ADCE48699FC30FA0788073BDAADB9177BBB4C1CED41F93085218364B8BAD8488561EF0FE1B0DDAA403C602494CB35697D62AA0A2B93A64CF |
| m_{PL117} | 9A313BED80B1220D77C8ADA4B2E0B3D284A5120A94B741380923C78D3AD32BC3E71EC6EEA520E9D447D8727697598BB987F17506F482003ABD |
| m_{PL118} | 24C9AD4C14EFEC002A3473FCAB04E492F2E269161A2960BA8AF09FD710B444A40C4E8B138418E62301E91FBA97AFDC58759A76D00F676736C7 |
| m_{PL119} | 6514C7733711CE4942CD2123AB37186EB7FECB7E78ABB28744864942FCF4C0F810054AF55B1042EB53064F0857C61D85B2CF0D2DC5826AF22F |
| m_{PL120} | B2C80CDC83E48C36BC6FDAB8661208EAD392F3A0571BE41DFAD765E744932ADEA50061E66C05498A5381B2A1F1B446587089DC4E4A2DF03D82 |
| m_{PL121} | 639368BA75CC709A3D9F28EDA237E32C2017A9BF1E382045B9426AEE0A4049DCB4E1D7EBE4647B855212824557497CFA039885A3BA42F98F63 |
| m_{PL122} | 6A70DDC17D0C8024B1C853F0C1948561EF32510151BE0C63BCA9171F20217891D1021EE72586CAFF557F8973336913A9A2A699B8740B054B8 |
| m_{PL123} | 2E32E3A35CCD001172CE310B63B4E406126045A0FA3795BE3E3D9B56F72405FC94FD89946818BAECC24A61BABBBE2D23052AB01EF73CA0CF4A |
| m_{PL124} | 82395C35205A480AC1351C25E234BF52D384A3DE1C5138A650A6F82F739757D812D9C38231AB9FD81AA0648B11F6F6113F9312C57624FC746 |
| m_{PL125} | D98FFE19C0AAAAB0571A9075ECDFD3E7373F5255DC669116A8C6913F0123E598F930934C5F6A601C37C529C371A0C391B59AC5A9E286D04011 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PL} of length $P=456$ |
|-------------|--|
| m_{PL126} | C1A108192BCE96C2430A63C189BB33856BE6B8B524703FCB205DAEF37EF544CD43CA09B6181B417398083FF2F781BA4AE89A5CA291DB928D71 |
| m_{PL127} | 42568DF9F61849BF9E7DEE750604BE2E0BC16CC464B1CDE15015E01D6498E9F3E6D6950E5824651F212BA0057CE9529B9CCAB88D8136B8545E |

A.2 Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 2 and 4

In the case of burst type 2 (see subclause 5.2.2) the midamble has a length of $L_m=256$, which is corresponding to:

$K'=3$; $W=64$; $P=192$.

Depending on the possible delay spread timeslots are configured to use K_{Cell} midambles which are generated from the Basic Midamble Codes (see table A.2)

- for all $k=1,2,\dots,K$; $K=2K'$ or
- for $k=1,2,\dots,K'$, only.

In all timeslots that use burst type 2, K_{Cell} is individually configured from higher layers.

In the case of burst type 4 (see subclause 5.2.2) the midamble has a length of $L_m=320$, which corresponds to:

$K=K'=1$; $W=128$; $P=192$.

Thus for burst type 4, K_{Cell} shall have a value of 1 and the midamble is generated from the Basic Midamble Codes (see table A.2).

The mapping of these Basic Midamble Codes to Cell Parameters is shown in TS 25.223.

Table A.2: Basic Midamble Codes m_p according to equation (5) from subclause 5A.2.3 for case of burst types 2 and 4

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PS} of length $P=192$ |
|------------|--|
| m_{PS0} | 5D253744435A24EF0ECC21F43AA5B8144FBDB348C746080C |
| m_{PS1} | 9D7174187201B5CE0136B7A6D85D39A9DD8D4B00E23835E4 |
| m_{PS2} | AE90B477C294E55D28467476C6011029CDE29B7325DF0683 |
| m_{PS3} | BC8A44125F823E51E568641EC12A6C68EAFDFA2350E3233C |
| m_{PS4} | 898B7317B830D207C9BC7B521D5715680824DC08347B2943 |
| m_{PS5} | 466C7482C8827655BC13F479C7C1417290679A9841297C4A |
| m_{PS6} | AC0734C27C7DC1B818A8492744290DFE866B0EBA62B0B56E |
| m_{PS7} | 0A92106325B15A8C15FC3764724CE67A5056D50A77F9360E |
| m_{PS8} | AE69F62E23035083E6094B89493D33E06FDB6532D473A280 |
| m_{PS9} | B485D4E3614C9C373EA1365FA6FA890E9844084EBA90EB0C |
| m_{PS10} | 66182885E2D28360D2FEAB842C65304FFC956CE8DC8A90C7 |
| m_{PS11} | CC30A9B0A742FCC1E9A408415368391F1299AEA3CB6509FE |
| m_{PS12} | 673928915886947F464FDDAAD29A07D182328EBC5839089A |
| m_{PS13} | 4418861C14D62B46EE6D70D4BF05A3ED801A01BD6CDC5235 |
| m_{PS14} | DAD62DC88F52F2D140062C2330BE6540E6F86192322AFB04 |
| m_{PS15} | A2122BAF24529CEA9855FB43CE40923E7CA7B30D92E40702 |
| m_{PS16} | 6C44AB41E11F54B0929DF65673BD231F92A380132D9F1712 |
| m_{PS17} | 1DC2742E756CDA6421340D0087DD087A615E4B8688CB2F75 |
| m_{PS18} | 2E0105328B56E9E07D9B5A62F38B08AF8D8C2817B54F3302 |
| m_{PS19} | 88315EC30A94CA4EDB2C77079D9BD810A2E280B50DABB213 |
| m_{PS20} | 440E0093D28CB2B2B0A95D18CEB4AB934C33FA45C1CFC7B0 |
| m_{PS21} | CC9BF85D41A96A6EC314F9611D5E1C0672556C8850801BB4 |
| m_{PS22} | 1ABEA04C99BC26972715F01957C0B6B959CC71CD88120817 |
| m_{PS23} | EC5A33DA0BA4470442C5CB324A8E47B0A9F7968FC8108EE8 |
| m_{PS24} | F82086290271DB446B5B1DC15D9BE96414B19B3D5E0F540C |
| m_{PS25} | 11A1A790D6958FD3A9157DF1E05D1378248CA201EBCC7592 |
| m_{PS26} | AA8564882231907BCE78092DC6C9DD4F5A0E4A34AFCFB809 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PS} of length $P=192$ |
|------------|--|
| m_{PS27} | 912EE2238212F87BC7CDA7F30441ED184A6AA954EC4D20C8 |
| m_{PS28} | 2D200D8B8891B804673E380A1AF5AB875986E29D37D3FDC9 |
| m_{PS29} | 75E086B6C818423491BF9D6365C52FD1C5E42A576E268170 |
| m_{PS30} | 50ADB27DA2A3701470186B699118E16DDB0D10F705607B1 |
| m_{PS31} | 656C0692B4E22023590A906D2A74DFD471C883A7B1E0B3A2 |
| m_{PS32} | C21FDACD09A3CDCE74C4794010A3E45769B142505C56A0E6 |
| m_{PS33} | CD9392A87C2D4D7CE5801CDDA8A76339B6F900F008B290E2 |
| m_{PS34} | 956426FEFD8B8D52073E87984E10C4D255064E1372C04A24 |
| m_{PS35} | C4F4D6DF1B754AD6063FD10C331C1428ABB27B0700134B94 |
| m_{PS36} | B65548082B34E9FAF43F33C4070F79099758CFD41B491A11 |
| m_{PS37} | C8317EA111A82B04E78B88B864B1EF5D711BBEB4A0527036 |
| m_{PS38} | 8FB7AD1188E8D1A5219845013672560FD38904E70537403B |
| m_{PS39} | B41A324E0D80AA0598A8D391C1D7FFC82B4A075218E98EC3 |
| m_{PS40} | 49A6350A62E208B011E86528B9A481A0E76D723F6675FF82 |
| m_{PS41} | C344C8C23C42A7B7442E6022E95AE4B08A4BFA786F35F911 |
| m_{PS42} | 28F430CF67D69C9DF60E25656413BC5F932A022DB1406C44 |
| m_{PS43} | 2FA5D70CF0FED4213F32116051450391C2A627D9B670C428 |
| m_{PS44} | 959537D988FDD4F1360B4E84701AE5409229C30EDF8BC404 |
| m_{PS45} | CDD2E0450F9EC12F81391AD4633CB29F315B4A0A890A9A22 |
| m_{PS46} | 158776A20B482C563EC08F086830EA66DBD2DCCB4DF6026 |
| m_{PS47} | 431FCACBE48208975950342709D11F19AD5FB047F3B440C9 |
| m_{PS48} | 86B141AC571BA6B42653B12FF04D4F0E6C81F3EB608660A2 |
| m_{PS49} | 86D297ABD34E8510F6CDB0EA617F1F1051C8799117B02211 |
| m_{PS50} | 80B2D9530B34E781311D95CFA3857F277CC07014D324AF5A |
| m_{PS51} | 2B607B93FD8B45601C1E574E14CFC6912C22AEC1045ADC49 |
| m_{PS52} | D234C5C45E105A837E6DD74BC4E534523A20317BA0625A29 |
| m_{PS53} | 768CCDB3E2A7A2B863128382590946B25472BE2BF40641 |
| m_{PS54} | 3DA38212E0A987EE1F665D4E13C2AA4446E00A76C948A073 |
| m_{PS55} | 09173135E4A2CFC8F2678750AB5257110906F013587BDE82 |
| m_{PS56} | 522E070B266F35E99C1F3C42D2017F8E415550492B72F086 |
| m_{PS57} | D63E4BD805262A3DEF05C7D86C422E5048921E5531784132 |
| m_{PS58} | 564AF806E28131611E5F884229265D446A50E1E488EAFBBA |
| m_{PS59} | A2603E009D3D30147727B750C35C62299AF754D3E4A54E1C |
| m_{PS60} | 938504B02599D33E28246E4271C375AE81A3BBE8D3F8A920 |
| m_{PS61} | 461516B2CAC6FC42A4B707CC6073BBE573C014892C811776 |
| m_{PS62} | 29186DE4CCAAB2CD0100BB19EA595879D63F0F0CFA881AA5 |
| m_{PS63} | A064B449CB784A91B803369CDC5EF61A670AAAC044BA3E68 |
| m_{PS64} | 8719C454D88FF5149DB943CB6CADA01D0B9664B357A18203 |
| m_{PS65} | A27EC68720F00A714AA2C45A7EF232286984D7B193F5C916 |
| m_{PS66} | AC8361676AB424E48F0789082B0CD2EFB8D2E627D041DD66 |
| m_{PS67} | ABA1BEB0064733A0620906BF2B29C95883F069D7E4C35D39 |
| m_{PS68} | 9E22EEDED47D92CA1D0B7530EC6062287BD83A04874AE00C |
| m_{PS69} | 0BADEF288B20F5686C5DE3A71219AC2172054326BE831696 |
| m_{PS70} | 953801EB2AF58C2F80E49A6CC46085CB554243E3B3BBEC8C |
| m_{PS71} | 333A504C51C8FAC5025994565C3F600F154F64FAEF4EA484 |
| m_{PS72} | A6583E19647662005474153A6F8DD88A473853E94B720CE7 |
| m_{PS73} | 90ACAF707D18AF34F5848C58166830AF620ACDC1B2DFDDA8 |
| m_{PS74} | 39C5C598A374EA82F3F83378258248DAD3808812DD0E74BB |
| m_{PS75} | F79525DE694629346D73F6256CC0F140F82603197AAA1844 |
| m_{PS76} | B8C2A8F139097699A693022E78588D4058DB0A65FF52F813 |
| m_{PS77} | 449B50C2A52996FA5A828A907F30F9F460EE3D99930DF890 |
| m_{PS78} | 62CEC9574D30184BCB4F94EECF0CC23D2D2A8D0003F0AA33 |
| m_{PS79} | B56D258889703F76A0738EE3A7D355994159A4851833E198 |
| m_{PS80} | 65894AA54C0F6C9A206521C9FC379A8AAF6E621C03CF849C |
| m_{PS81} | 2D47F3414E30CC02C6835D95C9BA204488F0FFCB4852677D |
| m_{PS82} | 12BE4DD8B906B584010F8A330AB67B278E8642FA33D51B68 |
| m_{PS83} | BC928A90A4B10906CAEE638BF768E08542F48F1676006DF0 |
| m_{PS84} | 30C544E437C8ADA143566CD1BC4E9E7BA84139A08505C2F4 |
| m_{PS85} | 84FD5B05506192B753FBA2C719B584E0EDA01814999867D2 |
| m_{PS86} | 191F14DD00034E03AB5BB4342F1138B2CD33784E60CFD75A |
| m_{PS87} | B8ACE7990B6A98A80A61162C4D2D5F88F24E8F7DE4207590 |
| m_{PS88} | EC1DBE72E8EED0C61054FC2695422AC0AD2D888265B21AB0 |
| m_{PS89} | 9A1B4CA467AB7E082AF4278E44D177EA78424508C23E8B08 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_{PS} of length $P=192$ |
|-------------|--|
| m_{PS90} | 999EE541C608164AC975214F3A37A677FC2CA03E2C2A4B20 |
| m_{PS91} | 1BDCC20265031432917A2EB828FB356A22DF9CB609C0F8F3 |
| m_{PS92} | EB4A81859C93338B8A1B87C02C815AE09D765F6F2249B958 |
| m_{PS93} | E6A5D1629F4CF09A1F280DE0C480D4C73B26ADE321A50AEE |
| m_{PS94} | BAAB7286DD24C80B15A7958039B904F1CA83C310C8C7AFF2 |
| m_{PS95} | 12220F72619E983717C68FFE1C4148F2354B7B1955B65620 |
| m_{PS96} | A198706E24FAA08BD09EE392414816038E667BB34307D6B2 |
| m_{PS97} | 30B3493B4C035881A7A722E4546527AAE787FA2C0893AC46 |
| m_{PS98} | 5A7318126522843DCB7F00A2D9F9BA8F88963E4152BC923C |
| m_{PS99} | 844844B0CACAB702C332CE2692B4166F4B0C63E62BF151BF |
| m_{PS100} | B8297389526410313692F861DC60DA86A23607F7DDE24755 |
| m_{PS101} | 6C1144CF8BC01538D655D29ED62DE6E74A3180EC905BF1E0 |
| m_{PS102} | E9DB3221FACFC5C88691A7013EF09672A130D52C3413AAE2 |
| m_{PS103} | 2FD0508615EC4CD4BF18ADD46D777078869130C8921A4F0E |
| m_{PS104} | 40911B4E0525AC874228F6EF642E59154730CB187C7E417A |
| m_{PS105} | 2034C6A027D4D850F5184AA64C3153231F4651B616BBFCF9 |
| m_{PS106} | 57833235451525A1DFA213FCE0B419B6494BC7B99F488410 |
| m_{PS107} | 6DC3D57F2E39158D036825F8804810D77CA1ECA610ECD894 |
| m_{PS108} | F5C50DE43AA7B731CAB7683524021701F97650499A7070E4 |
| m_{PS109} | F2184D2699785442E09FA22CC2D60A5A13FFF22AE660A470 |
| m_{PS110} | EF0029DE0D79207205458CF4D7328E81A93518D93C9A74BD |
| m_{PS111} | 9D6D8992482FB885AA5E878C3BA2045538B09886C23CDC2D |
| m_{PS112} | C0A5AB67D1CEA126F6476C75443F0A11CBE749412EF03104 |
| m_{PS113} | 1853A5C20CDF968C5A180D8EB5E72BF15517D06680D98412 |
| m_{PS114} | 8CEA1223227ADF37D0DAAB320906E1C79029F480D25181A7 |
| m_{PS115} | 5561038E96A658EF3EC665612FF92B064065D1ACC1F54812 |
| m_{PS116} | C55A6263F08D664A1E53584560DFF5E611640D8281D9A843 |
| m_{PS117} | 4386A8EA59124D043F29056A4598735A4FC7BC11119B90C1 |
| m_{PS118} | D6571B20668BED50BD7C80388C162632BCB069AA67C7FC22 |
| m_{PS119} | 4F9F09ABBC1391EC2CCA5359FB52250E533BF04324154106 |
| m_{PS120} | 662659F42188C9453F6E6DF00C579627045DA1461A3A0EA5 |
| m_{PS121} | 8DCC9274C0C2A9BA6096BF27FACA542CD01CA8653D60A80F |
| m_{PS122} | 5C1210A1E50E505F6B73C90156C9D9F19AE2310BBD820DF0 |
| m_{PS123} | B1E0A7CE26202E223D4FC06D5C9BBA4E5F6D98204D2D5286 |
| m_{PS124} | DB506776958E34552F7E60E4B400D836153218F918E22FA6 |
| m_{PS125} | ECAA60300439B2360B2AC3C43FB6241ACDE5055B295FA71C |
| m_{PS126} | BF1E6D9AA9CA4AC092BE60500C77D0DC7A6A236520F86722 |
| m_{PS127} | 051C5FA122845A30B4EC306B38016B45667C7754F92F13A0 |

A.3 Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes

The following mapping schemes apply for the association between midambles and channelisation codes if no midamble is allocated by higher layers. Secondary channelisation codes are marked with a *. These associations apply both for UL and DL.

A.3.1 Association for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=16$ Midambles

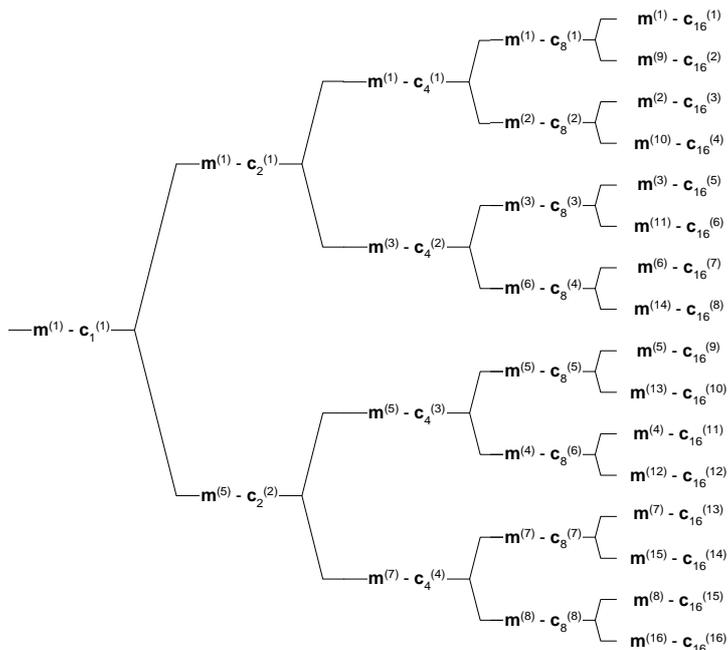


Figure A.1: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=16$

A.3.2 Association for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=8$ Midambles

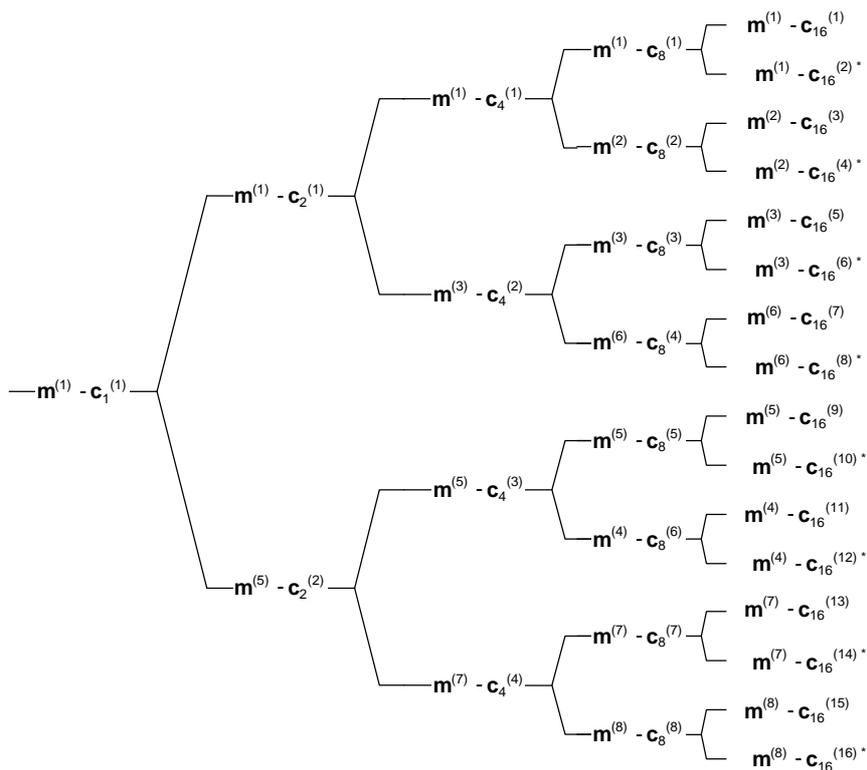


Figure A.2: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=8$

A.3.3 Association for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=4$ Midambles

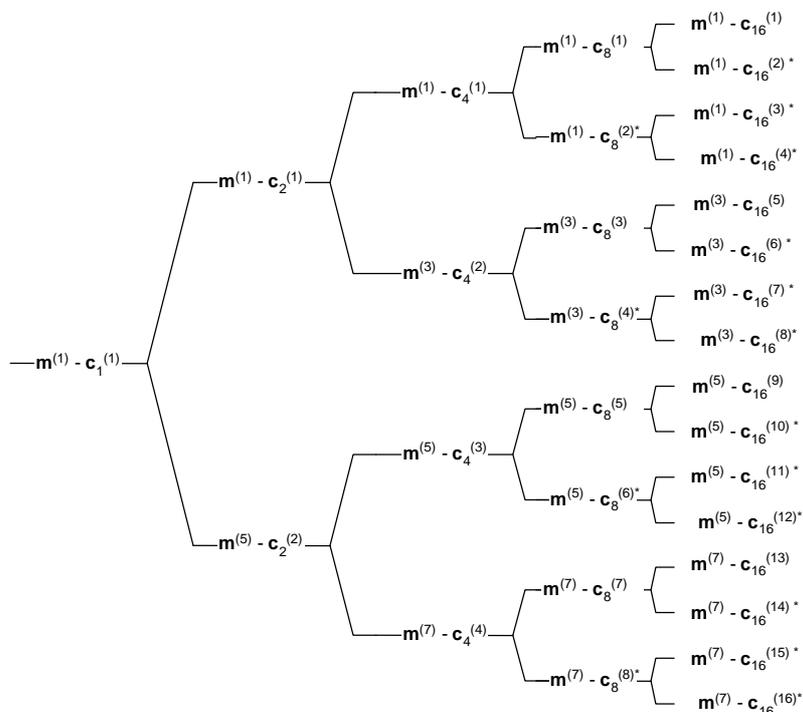


Figure A.3: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 1/3 and $K_{Cell}=4$

A.3.4 Association for Burst Type 2 and $K_{Cell}=6$ Midambles

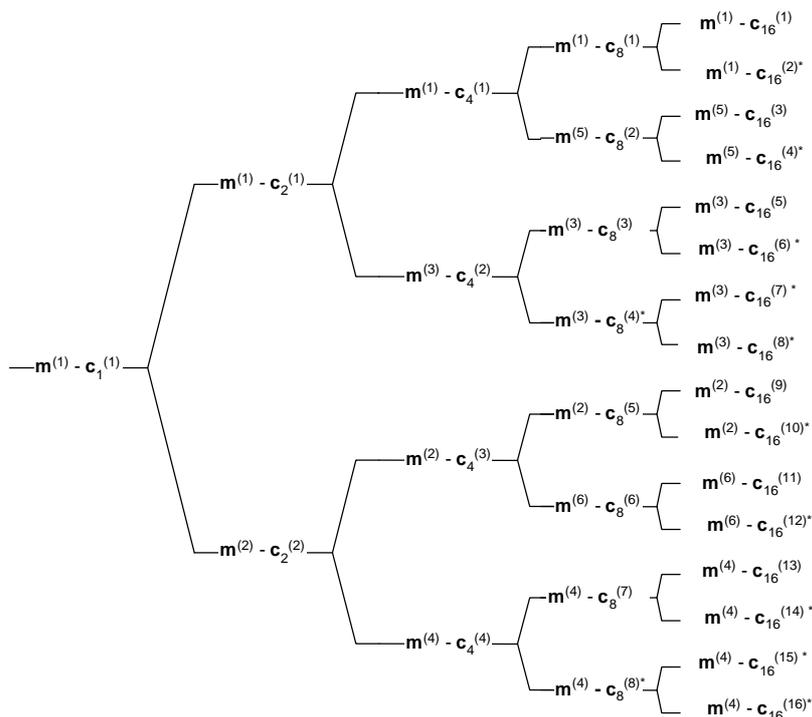


Figure A.4: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 2 and $K_{Cell}=6$

A.3.5 Association for Burst Type 2 and $K_{Cell}=3$ Midambles

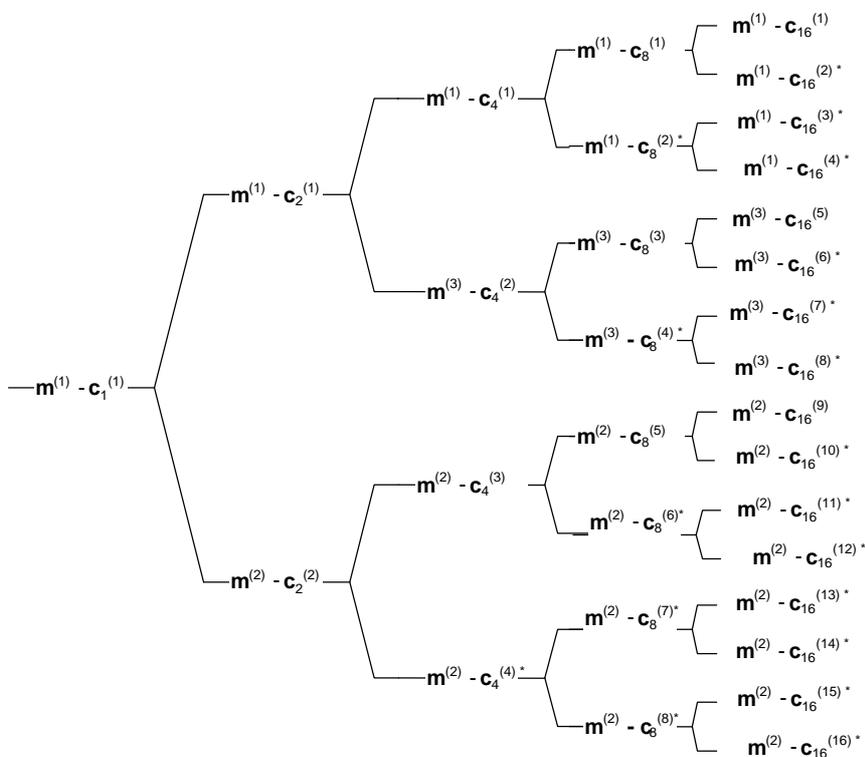


Figure A.5: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 2 and $K_{Cell}=3$

Note that the association for burst type 2 can be derived from the association for burst type 1 and 3, using the following table:

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Burst Type 1/3 | m(1) | m(2) | m(3) | m(4) | m(5) | m(6) | m(7) | m(8) |
| Burst Type 2 | m(1) | m(5) | m(3) | m(6) | m(2) | m(4) | - | - |

A.3.6 Association for Burst Type 4 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$ Midamble

For burst type 4 there is only a single midamble defined, thus all channelisation codes are associated with the same midamble.

Annex AA (normative): Basic Midamble Codes for the 1.28 Mcps option

AA.1 Basic Midamble Codes

The midamble has a length of $L_m=144$, which is corresponding to:

$$K=2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, \quad W = \left\lfloor \frac{P}{K} \right\rfloor, P=128$$

Note: that $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denotes the largest integer number less or equal to x .

Depending on the possible delay spread timeslots are configured to use K midambles. In timeslot 0 the number of midambles $K=8$ (cf section 6.6.1). In all of the other timeslots, K is individually configured from higher layers.

The K midambles are generated from one of the basic midamble codes shown in table AA.1.

The mapping of these Basic Midamble Codes to Cell Parameters is shown in [8].

Table AA.1: Basic Midamble Codes m_p according to equation (5) from subclause 5A.2.3

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_p of length $P=128$ |
|-----------|--|
| m_{P0} | B2AC420F7C8DEBFA69505981BCD028C3 |
| m_{P1} | 0C2E988E0DBA046643F57B0EA6A435E2 |
| m_{P2} | D5CEC680C36A4454135F86DD37043962 |
| m_{P3} | E150D08CAC2A00FF9B32592A631CF85B |
| m_{P4} | E0A9C3A8F6E40329B2F2943246003D44 |
| m_{P5} | FE22658100A3A683EA759018739BD690 |
| m_{P6} | B46062F89BB2A1139D76A1EF32450DA0 |
| m_{P7} | EE63D75CC099092579400D956A90C3E0 |
| m_{P8} | D9C0E040756D427A2611DAA35E6CD614 |
| m_{P9} | EB56D03A498EC4FEC98AE220BC390450 |
| m_{P10} | F598703DB0838112ED0BABB98642B665 |
| m_{P11} | A0BC26A992D4558B9918986C14861EFF |
| m_{P12} | 541350D109F1DD68099796637B824F88 |
| m_{P13} | 892D344A962314662F01F9455F7BC302 |
| m_{P14} | 49F270E29CCD742A40480DD4215E1632 |
| m_{P15} | 6A5C0410C6C39AA04E77423C355926DE |
| m_{P16} | 7976615538203103D4DBCC219B16A9E1 |
| m_{P17} | A6C3C3175845400BD2B738C43EE2645F |
| m_{P18} | A0FD56258D228642C6F641851C3751ED |
| m_{P19} | EFA48C3FC84AC625783C6C9510A2269A |
| m_{P20} | 62A8EB1A420334B23396E8D76BC19740 |
| m_{P21} | 9E96235699D5D41C9816C921023BC741 |
| m_{P22} | 4362AE4CAE0DCC32D60A3FED1341A848 |
| m_{P23} | 454C068E6C4F190942E0904B95D61DFB |
| m_{P24} | 607FEEA6E2E99206718A49C0D6A25034 |
| m_{P25} | E1D1BCDA39A09095B5C81645103A077C |
| m_{P26} | 994B445E558344DE211C8286DDD3D1A3 |
| m_{P27} | C15233273581417638906ADB61FDCA3C |
| m_{P28} | 8B79A274D542F096FB1388098230F8A1 |
| m_{P29} | DF58AC1C5F44B2A40266385CE1DA5640 |
| m_{P30} | B5949A1CC69962C464401D05FF5C1A7A |
| m_{P31} | 85AC489841ED3EAA2D83BBB0039CC707 |
| m_{P32} | AE371CC144BC95923CA8108D8B49FE82 |
| m_{P33} | 7F188484A649D1C22BDA1F09D49B5117 |
| m_{P34} | ADAA3C657089DEF7C0284903A491C9B0 |
| m_{P35} | C3F96893C7504DC3B51488604AF64F4C |
| m_{P36} | B4002F5AE0CE8623AC979D368E9148C1 |
| m_{P37} | 0EEBCC0C795C02A106C24ABB36D08C6E |
| m_{P38} | 4B0F537E384A893F58971580D9894433 |
| m_{P39} | 08E0035AB29B7ECC53C15DAA0687CC8F |
| m_{P40} | 8611ACBC4C82781D77654EE862506D60 |
| m_{P41} | 63315261A8F1CB02549802DBFD197C07 |
| m_{P42} | 9A2609A434F43E7DCADC0E22B2EF4012 |
| m_{P43} | F4C9F0A127A88461209ABF8C69CE4D00 |
| m_{P44} | C79124EE3FFC28C5C4524D2B01670D42 |
| m_{P45} | C91985C4FED53D09361914354BA80E79 |
| m_{P46} | 82AA517260779ECFF26212C1A10BDC29 |
| m_{P47} | 561DE2040ACB458E0DBD354E43E111D9 |
| m_{P48} | 2E58C7202D17392BC1235782CEFABB09 |
| m_{P49} | C4FAA121C698047650F6503126A577C1 |
| m_{P50} | E7B75206A9B410E44346E0DAE842A23C |
| m_{P51} | 3F8B1C32682B28D098D3805ED130EA7F |
| m_{P52} | 8D5FC2C1C6715F824B401434C8D4BB82 |
| m_{P53} | 0B2A43453ACC028FE6EB6E1CB0740B59 |
| m_{P54} | BC56948FC700BA4883262EE73E12D82A |
| m_{P55} | 558D136710272912FA4F183D1189A7FD |
| m_{P56} | 5709E7F82DC6500B7B12A3072D182645 |
| m_{P57} | 86D4F161C844AE5E20EE39FD5493B044 |
| m_{P58} | 8729B6EDC382B152185885F013DAE222 |
| m_{P59} | 154C45B50720F4C362C14C77FE8335A1 |
| m_{P60} | C6A0962890351F4EB802DE43A7662C9E |

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|-------|----------------------------------|
| mP61 | D19D69D6B380B4B22457CB80033519F0 |
| mP62 | C7D89509FB0DAE9255998E0A00C2B262 |
| mP63 | DFD481C652C0C905D61D66F1732C4AA2 |
| mP64 | 06C848619AF1D6C910A8EAC4B622FC06 |
| mP65 | 0635E29D4E7AC8ABC189890241F45ECA |
| mP66 | B272B020586AAD7B093AC2F459076638 |
| mP67 | B608ACE46E1A6BC96181EEDD88B54140 |
| mP68 | 0A516092B3ED7849B168AFE223B8670E |
| mP69 | D1A658C5009E04D0D7D5E9205EE663E8 |
| mP70 | AC316DC39B91EB60B1AABD8280740432 |
| mP71 | E3F06825476A026CD287625E514519FC |
| mP72 | A56D092080DDE8994F387C175CC56833 |
| mP73 | 15EA799DE587C506D0CD99A408217B05 |
| mP74 | A59C020BAB9AF6D3F813C391CA244CD2 |
| mP75 | 74B0101EB9F3167434B94BABC8378882 |
| mP76 | CE752975C8DA9B0100386DB82A8C3D20 |
| mP77 | BBB38DCDB1E9118570AC147DC05241A4 |
| mP78 | 944ABBF0866098101F6971731AB2E986 |
| mP79 | 2BB147B2A30C68B4853F90481A166EB6 |
| mP80 | 444840ACCF3F23C45B56D7704BF18283 |
| mP81 | 87604F7450D1AD188C452981A5C7FC9B |
| mP82 | 8C3842EBC948A65BC4C8B387F11B7090 |
| mP83 | 10B4767D071CF5DB2288E4029576135A |
| mP84 | 6F07AAB697CD0089572C6B062E2018E4 |
| mP85 | D3D65B442057E613A8655060C8D29E27 |
| mP86 | 5EDA330514C604BF4E0894E09EC57A74 |
| mP87 | B0899CD094060724DED82AE85F18A43A |
| mP88 | B2D999B86DF902BC25015CAE3A0823C4 |
| mP89 | C23CD40F04242B92D46EED82CD9A9A18 |
| mP90 | D22DDCC5CB82960125DD24655F3C8788 |
| mP91 | 54987218FBD99AE4340FD4C9458E9850 |
| mP92 | BE4341822997A7B11EA1E8A1A2767005 |
| mP93 | 255200FBA6EE48E6DE0A82B0461B8D0F |
| mP94 | 6FBD58A663932423503690CF9C171701 |
| mP95 | D215033A4AA87EC1C232BAC7EDA09370 |
| mP96 | CA0959B01AE48E80204F1E4A3F29CE55 |
| mP97 | 582043413B9B825903E3A3545ED59463 |
| mP98 | 5016541922971C703D16E284CBDF633B |
| mP99 | 7347EF160A1733CA98D43608A83A920B |
| mP100 | 908B22AD433CCA00B3FD47C691F1A290 |
| mP101 | BB22A272FC6923DF1B43BA4118806570 |
| mP102 | 0FA75C87474836B47DC7624D61193802 |
| mP103 | A22EBA0658A4D0FF1E9CA5030A65CC06 |
| mP104 | 6C9C51CA15F1F4981F4C46180A6A6697 |
| mP105 | 4C847ACF8BC15359C405322851C9BDE2 |
| mP106 | C1D29499C0082C9DE473ED15B14D63E0 |
| mP107 | 7E85ECC98AC761005076C5572869A431 |
| mP108 | D8F11121595B8F49F78A7039E44126A0 |
| mP109 | 1A0BC814445FD71C8E5B1A9163ED2059 |
| mP110 | A7591F27F8B0C00C68CC41697954FA04 |
| mP111 | 6CA2CE595E7406D79C4840183D41B9D0 |
| mP112 | C093D3CC701FC20E66F5AB22516C5460 |
| mP113 | D0E0CDE9B595546B96C4F8066B469020 |
| mP114 | E99F743A451431C8B427054A4E6F2007 |
| mP115 | C0D21A344A2C07DF2A6EBE6250C7B91E |
| mP116 | F031223E282CF7A4D8EF174A908668AE |
| mP117 | E4BD244AC16C55C7137FB068FD44280C |
| mP118 | C44920DE2028F19FC2AAB36A0DCFDAD0 |
| mP119 | 3FA7054E77135250699E6C8A11600742 |
| mP120 | D5740B4D8870C1C5B5A214C4266FC537 |
| mP121 | F0B7942D43BB6F38446442EB8126AB80 |
| mP122 | 83DB9534EAD6238FA8968798CDF04848 |
| mP123 | EB9663CDDC2B291690703125BABC8B00 |
| mP124 | 84D547225D4BBD20DEF1A583240C6E0F |

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| m _{P125} | B51F6A771838BE934724AEA6A2669802 |
| m _{P126} | D92AC05E10496794BBDC115233B1C068 |
| m _{P127} | D3ACF0078EDA9856BBB0AF8651132103 |

Table AA.1a: Basic Preamble Codes

| Code ID | Basic Preamble Codes of length P=64 |
|---------|--|
| PP0 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.989177+j0.146730, 0.923880+j0.382683, 0.740951+j0.671559, 0.382683+j0.923880, -0.146730+j0.989177, -0.707107+j0.707107, -0.998795+j0.049068, -0.707107-j0.707107, 0.146731-j0.989176, 0.923880-j0.382683, 0.740951+j0.671559, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.989176-j0.146731, 0.000000-j1.000000, 0.998795-j0.049067, 0.000000+j1.000000, -0.989176-j0.146731, 0.382684-j0.923879, 0.740951+j0.671559, -0.923880+j0.382683, 0.146731-j0.989176, 0.707107+j0.707107, -0.998795+j0.049067, 0.707107-j0.707106, -0.146731+j0.989176, -0.382683-j0.923880, 0.740951+j0.671559, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.989176+j0.146731, -1.000000-j0.000001, 0.998795-j0.049067, -1.000000-j0.000001, 0.989176+j0.146731, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.740950+j0.671560, -0.382683-j0.923880, -0.146732+j0.989176, 0.707108-j0.707106, -0.998796+j0.049067, 0.707106+j0.707108, 0.146732-j0.989176, -0.923880+j0.382682, 0.740950+j0.671560, 0.382685-j0.923879, -0.989176-j0.146732, -0.000002+j1.000000, 0.998796-j0.049066, 0.000002-j1.000000, -0.989176-j0.146732, -0.382685+j0.923879, 0.740950+j0.671560, 0.923880-j0.382682, 0.146733-j0.989176, -0.707105-j0.707108, -0.998796+j0.049065, -0.707108+j0.707105, -0.146733+j0.989176, 0.382681+j0.923880, 0.740949+j0.671561, 0.923879+j0.382686, 0.989176+j0.146733, 1.000000+j0.000003, 0.998796-j0.049065 |
| PP1 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.903989+j0.427555, 0.382683+j0.923880, -0.595699+j0.803208, -0.923880-j0.382683, 0.427555-j0.903989, 0.707107+j0.707107, -0.989177+j0.146730, 0.707107-j0.707107, -0.427555+j0.903989, 0.382684-j0.923879, -0.595700+j0.803207, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.903989-j0.427555, 0.000000+j1.000000, 0.989177-j0.146730, 0.000001-j1.000000, -0.903989-j0.427556, -0.923880+j0.382683, -0.595700+j0.803207, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.427556+j0.903989, -0.707108+j0.707106, -0.989177+j0.146729, -0.707106-j0.707108, 0.427556-j0.903989, 0.923879+j0.382685, -0.595701+j0.803207, -0.382682-j0.923880, 0.903988+j0.427557, -1.000000-j0.000002, 0.989177-j0.146728, -1.000000-j0.000002, 0.903988+j0.427557, -0.382681-j0.923881, -0.595702+j0.803206, 0.923878+j0.382686, 0.427558-j0.903988, -0.707104-j0.707109, -0.989177+j0.146727, -0.707109+j0.707104, -0.427559+j0.903988, -0.382687+j0.923878, -0.595703+j0.803205, -0.923881+j0.382679, -0.903987-j0.427559, 0.000005-j1.000000, 0.989177-j0.146726, -0.000005+j1.000000, -0.903987-j0.427560, 0.923882-j0.382678, -0.595704+j0.803204, 0.382689-j0.923877, -0.427561+j0.903987, 0.707111-j0.707102, -0.989178+j0.146724, 0.707102+j0.707112, 0.427562-j0.903986, -0.923877-j0.382690, -0.595706+j0.803203, 0.382676+j0.923883, 0.903986+j0.427563, 1.000000+j0.000009, 0.989178-j0.146722 |
| PP2 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.740951+j0.671559, -0.382683+j0.923880, -0.857729-j0.514103, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.671559+j0.740951, 0.707107-j0.707107, -0.970031+j0.242980, 0.707107+j0.707107, 0.671559-j0.740951, -0.382683-j0.923880, -0.857728-j0.514103, -0.923879-j0.382684, -0.740951-j0.671559, 0.000001-j1.000000, 0.970031-j0.242979, -0.000001+j1.000000, -0.740950-j0.671560, 0.923879+j0.382685, -0.857728-j0.514104, 0.382682+j0.923880, 0.671560-j0.740950, -0.707105-j0.707108, -0.970032+j0.242978, -0.707108+j0.707105, -0.671561+j0.740949, -0.923881+j0.382681, -0.857727-j0.514105, 0.382686-j0.923878, 0.740949+j0.671561, -1.000000-j0.000003, 0.970032-j0.242977, -1.000000-j0.000004, 0.740948+j0.671562, 0.382688-j0.923878, -0.857726-j0.514107, -0.923881+j0.382679, -0.671563+j0.740948, -0.707111+j0.707103, -0.970033+j0.242975, -0.707102-j0.707111, 0.671564-j0.740947, 0.382677+j0.923882, -0.857725-j0.514109, 0.923877+j0.382690, -0.740946-j0.671565, -0.000008+j1.000000, 0.970033-j0.242972, 0.000009-j1.000000, -0.740945-j0.671566, -0.923876-j0.382692, -0.857724-j0.514111, -0.382674-j0.923883, 0.671567-j0.740944, 0.707099+j0.707115, -0.970034+j0.242969, 0.707115-j0.707098, -0.671568+j0.740943, 0.923884-j0.382672, -0.857722-j0.514114, -0.382696+j0.923874, 0.740942+j0.671569, 1.000000+j0.000014, 0.970035-j0.242966 |
| PP3 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.514103+j0.857729, -0.923880+j0.382683, 0.427555-j0.903989, -0.382684+j0.923879, 0.857729-j0.514103, -0.707107-j0.707107, -0.941544+j0.336890, -0.707107+j0.707106, -0.857729+j0.514102, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.427556-j0.903989, 0.382683+j0.923880, -0.514102-j0.857729, -0.000001+j1.000000, 0.941545-j0.336889, 0.000001-j1.000000, -0.514101-j0.857729, -0.382682-j0.923880, 0.427557-j0.903988, 0.923879+j0.382685, -0.857730+j0.514101, 0.707109-j0.707105, -0.941545+j0.336887, 0.707105+j0.707109, 0.857730-j0.514100, 0.382687-j0.923878, 0.427559-j0.903988, 0.923881-j0.382679, 0.514099+j0.857731, -1.000000-j0.000005, 0.941546-j0.336885, -1.000000-j0.000006, 0.514098+j0.857732, 0.923882-j0.382678, 0.427561-j0.903986, 0.382690-j0.923877, 0.857732-j0.514096, 0.707101+j0.707112, -0.941547+j0.336882, 0.707113-j0.707101, -0.857733+j0.514095, 0.923876+j0.382692, 0.427564-j0.903985, -0.382674-j0.923883, -0.514094-j0.857734, 0.000011-j1.000000, 0.941548-j0.336879, -0.000012+j1.000000, -0.514092-j0.857735, 0.382671+j0.923885, 0.427567-j0.903983, -0.923874-j0.382697, -0.857736+j0.514090, -0.707118+j0.707096, -0.941549+j0.336875, -0.707095-j0.707118, 0.857737-j0.514088, -0.382700+j0.923873, 0.427572-j0.903981, -0.923887+j0.382666, 0.514086+j0.857739, 1.000000+j0.000020, 0.941551-j0.336870 |
| PP4 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.242980+j0.970031, -0.923880-j0.382683, 0.941544+j0.336890, -0.382683-j0.923880, -0.970031+j0.242980, -0.707107+j0.707107, -0.903989+j0.427555, -0.707106-j0.707107, 0.970031-j0.242980, -0.923880+j0.382683, 0.941544+j0.336891, 0.382684-j0.923879, -0.242979- |

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|-----|--|
| | j0.970032, 0.000001-j1.000000, 0.903990-j0.427554, -0.000002+j1.000000, -0.242978-j0.970032, -0.382686+j0.923879, 0.941543+j0.336892, 0.923881-j0.382681, 0.970032-j0.242977, 0.707104+j0.707109, -0.903991+j0.427552, 0.707110-j0.707104, -0.970032+j0.242976, 0.382679+j0.923881, 0.941542+j0.336895, 0.923877+j0.382688, 0.242974+j0.970033, -1.000000-j0.000006, 0.903992-j0.427549, -1.000000-j0.000007, 0.242973+j0.970033, 0.923876+j0.382691, 0.941541+j0.336898, 0.382675+j0.923883, -0.970034+j0.242971, 0.707114-j0.707100, -0.903994+j0.427546, 0.707099+j0.707115, 0.970034-j0.242969, 0.923884-j0.382672, 0.941540+j0.336902, -0.382696+j0.923874, -0.242967-j0.970035, -0.000014+j1.000000, 0.903996-j0.427542, 0.000016-j1.000000, -0.242964-j0.970035, 0.382699-j0.923873, 0.941538+j0.336906, -0.923887+j0.382667, 0.970036-j0.242962, -0.707093-j0.707121, -0.903998+j0.427537, -0.707122+j0.707092, -0.970037+j0.242959, -0.382662-j0.923888, 0.941536+j0.336912, -0.923870-j0.382706, 0.242956+j0.970037, 1.000000+j0.000026, 0.904001-j0.427531 |
| DP5 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.049068+j0.998795, -0.382683-j0.923880, -0.242980+j0.970031, 0.923879+j0.382684, 0.998795+j0.049068, 0.707107+j0.707107, -0.857729+j0.514102, 0.707107-j0.707106, -0.998795-j0.049068, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.242981+j0.970031, -0.923880+j0.382682, 0.049069-j0.998795, -0.000002+j1.000000, 0.857730-j0.514101, 0.000002-j1.000000, 0.049070-j0.998795, 0.923881-j0.382681, -0.242983+j0.970030, 0.382687-j0.923878, -0.998795-j0.049072, -0.707110+j0.707104, -0.857731+j0.514099, -0.707103-j0.707110, 0.998795+j0.049073, -0.923877-j0.382689, -0.242986+j0.970030, 0.382677+j0.923882, -0.049075+j0.998795, -1.000000-j0.000008, 0.857733-j0.514096, -1.000000-j0.000009, -0.049077+j0.998795, 0.382674+j0.923883, -0.242990-j0.970029, -0.923875-j0.382694, 0.998795+j0.049079, -0.707098-j0.707115, -0.857735+j0.514092, -0.707116+j0.707097, -0.998795-j0.049082, 0.382697-j0.923874, -0.242995+j0.970028, 0.923886-j0.382669, 0.049085-j0.998795, 0.000018-j1.000000, 0.857738-j0.514087, -0.000019+j1.000000, 0.049088-j0.998794, -0.923887+j0.382664, -0.243001+j0.970026, -0.382704+j0.923871, -0.998794-j0.049091, 0.707124-j0.707090, -0.857741+j0.514081, 0.707088+j0.707125, 0.998794+j0.049094, 0.923869+j0.382709, -0.243008+j0.970024, -0.382656-j0.923891, -0.049098+j0.998794, 1.000000+j0.000032, 0.857745-j0.514075 |
| DP6 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.336890+j0.941544, 0.382684-j0.923880, -0.989176-j0.146731, -0.923880+j0.382683, -0.941544-j0.336890, 0.707107-j0.707106, -0.803208+j0.595699, 0.707106+j0.707107, 0.941544+j0.336891, 0.382682+j0.923880, -0.989176-j0.146732, 0.923879+j0.382685, 0.336892-j0.941543, 0.000002-j1.000000, 0.803209-j0.595697, -0.000003+j1.000000, 0.336893-j0.941543, -0.923878-j0.382687, -0.989176-j0.146734, -0.382680-j0.923881, 0.941543+j0.336894, -0.707103-j0.707110, -0.803211+j0.595695, -0.707111+j0.707103, -0.941542-j0.336896, 0.923882-j0.382677, -0.989175-j0.146738, -0.382691+j0.923877, -0.336898+j0.941541, -1.000000-j0.000009, 0.803213-j0.595692, -1.000000-j0.000010, -0.336900+j0.941540, -0.382694+j0.923875, -0.989175-j0.146743, 0.923884-j0.382672, -0.941539-j0.336903, -0.707117+j0.707097, -0.803217+j0.595687, -0.707096-j0.707118, 0.941538+j0.336906, -0.382667-j0.923886, -0.989174-j0.146749, -0.923872-j0.382701, 0.336909-j0.941537, -0.000021+j1.000000, 0.803220-j0.595682, 0.000023-j1.000000, 0.336912-j0.941536, 0.923870+j0.382706, -0.989173-j0.146756, 0.382659+j0.923890, 0.941535+j0.336916, 0.707087+j0.707127, -0.803225+j0.595676, 0.707128-j0.707085, -0.941533-j0.336920, -0.923892+j0.382653, -0.989172-j0.146764, 0.382716-j0.923866, -0.336924+j0.941532, 1.000000+j0.000037, 0.803231-j0.595668 |
| DP7 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.595699+j0.803208, 0.923880-j0.382683, 0.049068-j0.998795, 0.382684-j0.923879, 0.803207+j0.595700, -0.707106-j0.707107, -0.740952+j0.671558, -0.707107+j0.707106, -0.803207-j0.595700, 0.923879+j0.382685, 0.049069-j0.998795, -0.382682-j0.923880, 0.595701-j0.803206, -0.000002+j1.000000, 0.740953-j0.671557, 0.000003-j1.000000, 0.595702-j0.803205, 0.382680+j0.923881, 0.049072-j0.998795, -0.923878-j0.382688, -0.803204-j0.595704, 0.707111-j0.707103, -0.740955+j0.671554, 0.707102+j0.707112, 0.803203+j0.595705, -0.382691+j0.923877, 0.049076-j0.998795, -0.923883+j0.382675, -0.595707+j0.803202, -1.000000-j0.000010, 0.740959-j0.671551, -1.000000-j0.000012, -0.595709+j0.803200, -0.923885+j0.382671, 0.049082-j0.998795, -0.382697+j0.923874, 0.803198+j0.595712, 0.707095+j0.707118, -0.740963+j0.671546, 0.707120-j0.707094, -0.803196-j0.595715, -0.923872-j0.382702, 0.049089-j0.998794, 0.382663+j0.923888, 0.595718-j0.803194, 0.000024-j1.000000, 0.740968-j0.671540, -0.000026+j1.000000, 0.595721-j0.803191, -0.382657-j0.923890, 0.049097-j0.998794, 0.923868+j0.382712, -0.803189-j0.595725, -0.707130+j0.707084, -0.740974+j0.671534, -0.707082-j0.707132, 0.803186+j0.595729, 0.382718-j0.923865, 0.049107-j0.998794, 0.923895-j0.382646, -0.595733+j0.803183, 1.000000+j0.000043, 0.740981-j0.671526 |
| DP8 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.803208+j0.595699, 0.923879+j0.382684, 0.998795-j0.049067, 0.382683+j0.923880, -0.595699-j0.803208, -0.707107+j0.707106, -0.671560+j0.740951, -0.707106-j0.707107, 0.595698+j0.803208, 0.923880-j0.382682, 0.998796-j0.049066, -0.382685+j0.923879, 0.803209-j0.595697, 0.000003-j1.000000, 0.671561-j0.740949, -0.000004+j1.000000, 0.803210-j0.595696, 0.382688-j0.923878, 0.998796-j0.049063, -0.923882+j0.382678, 0.595695+j0.803211, 0.707102+j0.707111, -0.671564+j0.740946, 0.707112-j0.707101, -0.595693-j0.803212, -0.382675-j0.923883, 0.998796-j0.049058, -0.923876-j0.382693, -0.803214+j0.595690, -1.000000-j0.000012, 0.671568-j0.740943, -1.000000-j0.000013, -0.803216+j0.595688, -0.923874-j0.382697, 0.998796-j0.049052, -0.382668-j0.923886, -0.595685-j0.803218, 0.707120-j0.707094, -0.671574+j0.740938, |

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| | 0.707092+j0.707121, 0.595682+j0.803220, -0.923888+j0.382662, 0.998797-j0.049044, 0.382706-j0.923870, 0.803223-j0.595678, -0.000027+j1.000000, 0.671580-j0.740932, 0.000030-j1.000000, 0.803226-j0.595675, -0.382713+j0.923867, 0.998797-j0.049034, 0.923893-j0.382651, 0.595670+j0.803229, -0.707080-j0.707133, -0.671588+j0.740925, -0.707135+j0.707078, -0.595666-j0.803232, 0.382644+j0.923896, 0.998798-j0.049023, 0.923862+j0.382726, -0.803236+j0.595661, 1.000000+j0.000049, 0.671596-j0.740917 |
| DP9 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.941544+j0.336890, 0.382683+j0.923880, 0.146730+j0.989177, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.336889+j0.941544, 0.707106+j0.707107, -0.595700+j0.803207, 0.707108-j0.707106, -0.336889-j0.941545, 0.382685-j0.923879, 0.146729+j0.989177, 0.923880-j0.382681, 0.941545-j0.336887, -0.000003+j1.000000, 0.595702-j0.803205, 0.000004-j1.000000, 0.941546-j0.336886, -0.923881+j0.382679, 0.146725+j0.989177, -0.382689+j0.923877, -0.336884-j0.941546, -0.707112+j0.707102, -0.595706+j0.803203, -0.707101-j0.707113, 0.336881+j0.941547, 0.923876+j0.382693, 0.146720+j0.989178, -0.382673-j0.923884, -0.941548+j0.336878, -1.000000-j0.000013, 0.595711-j0.803199, -1.000000-j0.000015, -0.941549+j0.336875, -0.382668-j0.923886, 0.146713+j0.989179, 0.923872+j0.382701, 0.336871+j0.941551, -0.707092-j0.707122, -0.595717+j0.803194, -0.707123+j0.707090, -0.336867-j0.941552, -0.382707+j0.923870, 0.146704+j0.989180, -0.923890+j0.382658, 0.941554-j0.336862, 0.000030-j1.000000, 0.595725-j0.803189, -0.000033+j1.000000, 0.941556-j0.336857, 0.923893-j0.382650, 0.146694+j0.989182, 0.382719-j0.923865, -0.336852-j0.941558, 0.707136-j0.707077, -0.595734+j0.803182, 0.707075+j0.707138, 0.336846+j0.941560, -0.923861-j0.382728, 0.146681+j0.989184, 0.382636+j0.923899, -0.941562+j0.336840, 1.000000+j0.000055, 0.595745-j0.803174 |
| DP10 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.998795+j0.049068, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.970031+j0.242980, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.049067-j0.998795, 0.707107-j0.707106, -0.514104+j0.857728, 0.707106+j0.707108, 0.049066+j0.998796, -0.382682-j0.923880, -0.970032+j0.242978, -0.923879-j0.382686, 0.998796-j0.049065, 0.000003-j1.000000, 0.514106-j0.857727, -0.000004+j1.000000, 0.998796-j0.049063, 0.923877+j0.382688, -0.970033+j0.242974, 0.382677+j0.923882, 0.049060+j0.998796, -0.707101-j0.707112, -0.514110+j0.857724, -0.707114+j0.707100, -0.049057-j0.998796, -0.923884+j0.382673, -0.970034+j0.242969, 0.382695-j0.923875, -0.998796+j0.049054, -1.000000-j0.000015, 0.514116-j0.857721, -1.000000-j0.000017, -0.998796+j0.049050, 0.382701-j0.923872, -0.970036+j0.242961, -0.923888+j0.382664, -0.049046-j0.998797, -0.707123+j0.707090, -0.514124+j0.857716, -0.707089-j0.707125, 0.049041+j0.998797, 0.382657+j0.923890, -0.970038+j0.242952, 0.923868+j0.382712, 0.998797-j0.049036, -0.000034+j1.000000, 0.514133-j0.857711, 0.000037-j1.000000, 0.998797-j0.049030, -0.923864-j0.382720, -0.970041+j0.242940, -0.382644-j0.923896, 0.049023+j0.998798, 0.707074+j0.707139, -0.514144+j0.857704, 0.707142-j0.707072, -0.049017-j0.998798, 0.923900-j0.382634, -0.970045+j0.242927, -0.382736+j0.923858, -0.998798+j0.049009, 1.000000+j0.000060, 0.514156-j0.857697 |
| DP11 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.970031-j0.242980, -0.923880+j0.382683, -0.336890-j0.941544, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.242981+j0.970031, -0.707106-j0.707107, -0.427556+j0.903989, -0.707108+j0.707106, 0.242982-j0.970031, -0.923879-j0.382685, -0.336888-j0.941545, 0.382681+j0.923881, 0.970030+j0.242983, -0.000004+j1.000000, 0.427559-j0.903987, 0.000005-j1.000000, 0.970030+j0.242985, -0.382678-j0.923882, -0.336884-j0.941546, 0.923877+j0.382690, 0.242988-j0.970029, 0.707113-j0.707101, -0.427564+j0.903985, 0.707099+j0.707114, -0.242991+j0.970029, 0.382695-j0.923875, -0.336878-j0.941548, 0.923885-j0.382670, -0.970028-j0.242995, -1.000000-j0.000016, 0.427571-j0.903982, -1.000000-j0.000018, -0.970027-j0.242999, 0.923887-j0.382665, -0.336870-j0.941551, 0.382705-j0.923871, -0.243004+j0.970025, 0.707089+j0.707125, -0.427579+j0.903978, 0.707127-j0.707087, 0.243009-j0.970024, 0.923868+j0.382712, -0.336859-j0.941555, -0.382652-j0.923892, 0.970023+j0.243014, 0.000037-j1.000000, 0.427590-j0.903973, -0.000040+j1.000000, 0.970021+j0.243021, 0.382643+j0.923896, -0.336847-j0.941559, -0.923862-j0.382727, 0.243027-j0.970019, -0.707142+j0.707071, -0.427602+j0.903967, -0.707068-j0.707145, -0.243035+j0.970018, -0.382737+j0.923857, -0.336833-j0.941564, -0.923903+j0.382626, -0.970016-j0.243042, 1.000000+j0.000066, 0.427617-j0.903960 |
| DP12 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.857729-j0.514103, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.903989-j0.427555, -0.382683-j0.923880, 0.514103-j0.857728, -0.707107+j0.707106, -0.336891+j0.941544, -0.707106-j0.707108, -0.514104+j0.857728, -0.923880+j0.382681, 0.903990-j0.427553, 0.382686-j0.923878, 0.857727+j0.514106, 0.000004-j1.000000, 0.336894-j0.941543, -0.000005+j1.000000, 0.857726+j0.514108, -0.382689+j0.923877, 0.903992-j0.427549, 0.923883-j0.382676, -0.514110+j0.857724, 0.707100+j0.707114, -0.336900+j0.941541, 0.707115-j0.707099, 0.514113-j0.857722, 0.382671+j0.923885, 0.903995-j0.427542, 0.923874+j0.382698, -0.857720-j0.514117, -1.000000-j0.000017, 0.336907-j0.941538, -1.000000-j0.000020, -0.857718-j0.514121, 0.923871+j0.382704, 0.903999-j0.427534, 0.382661+j0.923889, 0.514125-j0.857715, 0.707126-j0.707087, -0.336917+j0.941534, 0.707085+j0.707128, -0.514130+j0.857712, 0.923892-j0.382652, 0.904004-j0.427523, -0.382717+j0.923865, 0.857709+j0.514136, -0.000040+j1.000000, 0.336929-j0.941530, 0.000044-j1.000000, 0.857705+j0.514142, 0.382727-j0.923861, 0.904010-j0.427511, -0.923899+j0.382636, -0.514148+j0.857701, -0.707068-j0.707146, -0.336943+j0.941525, -0.707148+j0.707065, 0.514155-j0.857697, -0.382625-j0.923904, 0.904017-j0.427496, -0.923854-j0.382746, -0.857693-j0.514163, 1.000000+j0.000072, 0.336960-j0.941519 |

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| <p>DP13</p> | <p>1.000000+j0.000000, -0.671559-j0.740951, -0.382683-j0.923880, 0.514102+j0.857729, 0.923879+j0.382684, -0.740952+j0.671558, 0.707106+j0.707107, -0.242981+j0.970031, 0.707108-j0.707106, 0.740952-j0.671558, -0.382686+j0.923879, 0.514100+j0.857730, -0.923881+j0.382680, 0.671556+j0.740954, -0.000004+j1.000000, 0.242985-j0.970030, 0.000006-j1.000000, 0.671554+j0.740955, 0.923882-j0.382677, 0.514096+j0.857733, 0.382691-j0.923876, 0.740957-j0.671552, -0.707114+j0.707099, -0.242991+j0.970029, -0.707098-j0.707115, -0.740960+j0.671549, -0.923874-j0.382697, 0.514090+j0.857736, 0.382668+j0.923886, -0.671546-j0.740963, -1.000000-j0.000019, 0.243000-j0.970026, -1.000000-j0.000021, -0.671542-j0.740966, 0.382661+j0.923889, 0.514081+j0.857742, -0.923869-j0.382708, -0.740970+j0.671538, -0.707086-j0.707128, -0.243011+j0.970024, -0.707130+j0.707084, 0.740974-j0.671533, 0.382717-j0.923866, 0.514070+j0.857748, 0.923895-j0.382647, 0.671528+j0.740979, 0.000043-j1.000000, 0.243024-j0.970020, -0.000047+j1.000000, 0.671523+j0.740984, -0.923899+j0.382636, 0.514057+j0.857756, -0.382734+j0.923858, 0.740989-j0.671517, 0.707149-j0.707065, -0.243040+j0.970016, 0.707062+j0.707152, -0.740995+j0.671510, 0.923853+j0.382746, 0.514042+j0.857765, -0.382616-j0.923907, -0.671503-j0.741002, 1.000000+j0.000078, 0.243058-j0.970012</p> |
| <p>DP14</p> | <p>1.000000+j0.000000, -0.427555-j0.903989, 0.382684-j0.923879, -0.803208+j0.595699, -0.923880+j0.382683, 0.903990-j0.427554, 0.707107-j0.707106, -0.146732+j0.989176, 0.707106+j0.707108, -0.903990+j0.427553, 0.382681+j0.923880, -0.803209+j0.595697, 0.923878-j0.382687, 0.427551+j0.903991, 0.000005-j1.000000, 0.146736-j0.989176, -0.000006+j1.000000, 0.427549+j0.903992, -0.923877-j0.382690, -0.803213+j0.595693, -0.382675-j0.923883, -0.903994+j0.427546, -0.707099-j0.707115, -0.146742+j0.989175, -0.707116+j0.707098, 0.903995-j0.427542, 0.923885-j0.382669, -0.803217+j0.595686, -0.382700+j0.923873, -0.427538-j0.903997, -1.000000-j0.000020, 0.146752-j0.989173, -1.000000-j0.000023, -0.427533-j0.904000, -0.382707+j0.923870, -0.803224+j0.595677, 0.923891-j0.382657, 0.904002-j0.427528, -0.707129+j0.707084, -0.146764+j0.989172, -0.707082-j0.707132, -0.904005+j0.427522, -0.382648-j0.923894, -0.803232+j0.595667, -0.923863-j0.382723, 0.427515+j0.904008, -0.000046+j1.000000, 0.146778-j0.989169, 0.000050-j1.000000, 0.427508+j0.904012, 0.923859+j0.382734, -0.803241+j0.595654, 0.382629+j0.923902, -0.904016+j0.427500, 0.707062+j0.707152, -0.146796+j0.989167, 0.707155-j0.707058, 0.904020-j0.427491, -0.923908+j0.382616, -0.803253+j0.595639, 0.382756-j0.923850, -0.427482-j0.904024, 1.000000+j0.000083, 0.146816-j0.989164</p> |
| <p>DP15</p> | <p>1.000000+j0.000000, -0.146730-j0.989177, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.671559-j0.740951, 0.382684-j0.923879, -0.989177+j0.146730, -0.707106-j0.707108, -0.049069+j0.998795, -0.707108+j0.707106, 0.989177-j0.146728, 0.923879+j0.382686, -0.671557-j0.740953, -0.382680-j0.923881, 0.146726+j0.989177, -0.000005+j1.000000, 0.049073-j0.998795, 0.000006-j1.000000, 0.146723+j0.989178, 0.382676+j0.923883, -0.671552-j0.740957, -0.923876-j0.382693, 0.989178-j0.146720, 0.707115-j0.707098, -0.049081+j0.998795, 0.707097+j0.707117, -0.989179+j0.146715, -0.382699+j0.923873, -0.671546-j0.740963, -0.923887+j0.382666, -0.146710-j0.989179, -1.000000-j0.000022, 0.049091-j0.998794, -1.000000-j0.000024, -0.146705-j0.989180, -0.923890+j0.382658, -0.671537-j0.740971, -0.382712+j0.923868, -0.989181+j0.146698, 0.707083+j0.707131, -0.049104+j0.998794, 0.707133-j0.707080, 0.989182-j0.146691, -0.923864-j0.382722, -0.671527-j0.740980, 0.382641+j0.923897, 0.146683+j0.989183, 0.000050-j1.000000, 0.049119-j0.998793, -0.000054+j1.000000, 0.146675+j0.989185, -0.382629-j0.923902, -0.671514-j0.740992, 0.923855+j0.382742, 0.989186-j0.146666, -0.707155+j0.707059, -0.049138+j0.998792, -0.707055-j0.707158, -0.989188+j0.146656, 0.382756-j0.923850, -0.671499-j0.741005, 0.923912-j0.382606, -0.146645-j0.989189, 1.000000+j0.000089, 0.049160-j0.998791</p> |
| <p>DP16</p> | <p>1.000000+j0.000000, 0.146731-j0.989176, 0.923879+j0.382684, 0.671559-j0.740951, 0.382683+j0.923880, 0.989176+j0.146731, -0.707108+j0.707106, 0.049066+j0.998796, -0.707105-j0.707108, -0.989176-j0.146733, 0.923881-j0.382681, 0.671561-j0.740949, -0.382687+j0.923878, -0.146735+j0.989176, 0.000005-j1.000000, -0.049062-j0.998796, -0.000007+j1.000000, -0.146738+j0.989175, 0.382691-j0.923876, 0.671566-j0.740945, -0.923884+j0.382674, -0.989175-j0.146742, 0.707098+j0.707116, 0.049054+j0.998796, 0.707117-j0.707096, 0.989174+j0.146746, -0.382667-j0.923886, 0.671573-j0.740939, -0.923872-j0.382702, 0.146752-j0.989173, -1.000000-j0.000023, -0.049043-j0.998797, -1.000000-j0.000026, 0.146758-j0.989172, -0.923868-j0.382710, 0.671582-j0.740930, -0.382653-j0.923892, 0.989171+j0.146765, 0.707133-j0.707081, 0.049029+j0.998797, 0.707078+j0.707135, -0.989170-j0.146772, -0.923896+j0.382643, 0.671593-j0.740920, 0.382728-j0.923861, -0.146781+j0.989169, -0.000053+j1.000000, -0.049013-j0.998798, 0.000057-j1.000000, -0.146790+j0.989168, -0.382741+j0.923856, 0.671607-j0.740908, 0.923905-j0.382621, -0.989166-j0.146799, -0.707056-j0.707158, 0.048993+j0.998799, -0.707162+j0.707052, 0.989165+j0.146810, 0.382606+j0.923911, 0.671623-j0.740893, 0.923845+j0.382766, 0.146821-j0.989163, 1.000000+j0.000095, -0.048970-j0.998800</p> |
| <p>DP17</p> | <p>1.000000+j0.000000, 0.427555-j0.903989, 0.382683+j0.923880, 0.803207+j0.595700, -0.923879-j0.382684, -0.903989-j0.427556, 0.707106+j0.707108, 0.146729+j0.989177, 0.707108-j0.707105, 0.903988+j0.427557, 0.382686-j0.923878, 0.803205+j0.595702, 0.923881-j0.382679, -0.427560+j0.903987, -0.000006+j1.000000, -0.146724-j0.989177, 0.000007-j1.000000, -0.427563+j0.903986, -0.923883+j0.382675, 0.803201+j0.595707, -0.382694+j0.923875, 0.903984+j0.427566, -0.707116+j0.707097, 0.146716+j0.989179, -0.707096-j0.707118, -0.903982-j0.427571, 0.923872+j0.382701, 0.803196+j0.595715, -0.382664-j0.923888, 0.427576-j0.903980, -</p> |

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| | 1.000000-j0.000024, -0.146705-j0.989180, -1.000000-j0.000028, 0.427582-j0.903977, -0.382655-j0.923891, 0.803188+j0.595726, 0.923866+j0.382716, -0.903974-j0.427588, -0.707080-j0.707134, 0.146690+j0.989182, -0.707137+j0.707077, 0.903970+j0.427596, -0.382727+j0.923862, 0.803178+j0.595739, -0.923899+j0.382636, -0.427604+j0.903966, 0.000056-j1.000000, -0.146673-j0.989185, -0.000061+j1.000000, -0.427612+j0.903962, 0.923905-j0.382622, 0.803167+j0.595754, 0.382749-j0.923852, 0.903958+j0.427622, 0.707161-j0.707053, 0.146652+j0.989188, 0.707048+j0.707165, -0.903953-j0.427632, -0.923846-j0.382765, 0.803153+j0.595773, 0.382596+j0.923916, 0.427643-j0.903948, 1.000000+j0.000101, -0.146628-j0.989192 |
| PP18 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.671559-j0.740951, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.514103+j0.857728, 0.923880-j0.382683, 0.740950+j0.671560, 0.707108-j0.707106, 0.242979+j0.970032, 0.707105+j0.707108, -0.740949-j0.671561, -0.382680-j0.923881, -0.514106+j0.857727, -0.923878-j0.382688, -0.671563+j0.740948, 0.000006-j1.000000, -0.242974-j0.970033, -0.000008+j1.000000, 0.671565+j0.740945, 0.923876+j0.382692, -0.514112+j0.857723, 0.382673+j0.923884, -0.740942-j0.671569, -0.707097-j0.707117, 0.242965+j0.970035, -0.707119+j0.707095, 0.740939+j0.671572, -0.923887+j0.382665, -0.514121+j0.857718, 0.382704-j0.923871, 0.671577-j0.740935, -1.000000-j0.000026, -0.242954-j0.970038, -1.000000-j0.000029, 0.671582-j0.740930, 0.382714-j0.923867, -0.514133+j0.857711, -0.923894+j0.382650, 0.740925+j0.671588, -0.707136+j0.707078, 0.242939+j0.970042, -0.707075-j0.707139, -0.740919-j0.671594, 0.382638+j0.923899, -0.514147+j0.857702, 0.923859+j0.382734, -0.671601+j0.740913, -0.000059+j1.000000, -0.242920-j0.970046, 0.000064-j1.000000, -0.671609+j0.740906, -0.923853-j0.382748, -0.514165+j0.857691, -0.382614-j0.923908, -0.740899-j0.671617, 0.707049+j0.707164, 0.242899+j0.970052, 0.707168-j0.707045, 0.740891+j0.671626, 0.923915-j0.382597, -0.514186+j0.857679, -0.382776+j0.923841, 0.671635-j0.740882, 1.000000+j0.000106, -0.242874-j0.970058 |
| PP19 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.857729-j0.514103, -0.923880+j0.382683, -0.903989-j0.427555, -0.382684+j0.923879, -0.514102-j0.857729, -0.707106-j0.707108, 0.336888+j0.941545, -0.707108+j0.707105, 0.514100+j0.857730, -0.923878-j0.382687, -0.903988-j0.427559, 0.382679+j0.923881, -0.857731+j0.514098, -0.000006+j1.000000, -0.336883-j0.941546, 0.000008-j1.000000, -0.857733+j0.514095, -0.382674-j0.923883, -0.903984-j0.427565, 0.923875+j0.382695, 0.514091+j0.857736, 0.707117-j0.707096, 0.336875+j0.941550, 0.707094+j0.707119, -0.514086-j0.857738, 0.382702-j0.923872, -0.903980-j0.427575, 0.923889-j0.382661, 0.857742-j0.514081, -1.000000-j0.000027, -0.336863-j0.941554, -1.000000-j0.000031, 0.857745-j0.514075, 0.923893-j0.382651, -0.903974-j0.427588, 0.382719-j0.923865, -0.514068-j0.857750, 0.707076+j0.707137, 0.336847+j0.941559, 0.707140-j0.707073, 0.514060+j0.857754, 0.923860+j0.382732, -0.903966-j0.427605, -0.382631-j0.923901, -0.857759+j0.514051, 0.000062-j1.000000, -0.336829-j0.941566, -0.000068+j1.000000, -0.857765+j0.514042, 0.382615+j0.923908, -0.903957-j0.427624, -0.923849-j0.382757, 0.514032+j0.857771, -0.707167+j0.707046, 0.336806+j0.941574, -0.707042-j0.707172, -0.514021-j0.857778, -0.382774+j0.923842, -0.903946-j0.427647, -0.923920+j0.382586, 0.857784-j0.514010, 1.000000+j0.000112, -0.336781-j0.941583 |
| PP20 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.970031-j0.242980, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.336890-j0.941544, -0.382683-j0.923880, 0.242979+j0.970032, -0.707108+j0.707106, 0.427553+j0.903990, -0.707105-j0.707108, -0.242977-j0.970032, -0.923881+j0.382680, 0.336894-j0.941543, 0.382688-j0.923878, -0.970033+j0.242975, 0.000007-j1.000000, -0.427548-j0.903993, -0.000009+j1.000000, -0.970034+j0.242971, -0.382693+j0.923875, 0.336901-j0.941540, 0.923885-j0.382671, -0.242966-j0.970035, 0.707096+j0.707118, 0.427540+j0.903997, 0.707120-j0.707094, 0.242961+j0.970036, 0.382663+j0.923888, 0.336912-j0.941536, 0.923870+j0.382707, 0.970038-j0.242954, -1.000000-j0.000029, -0.427528-j0.904002, -1.000000-j0.000032, 0.970040-j0.242947, 0.923866+j0.382717, 0.336926-j0.941531, 0.382646+j0.923895, 0.242939+j0.970042, 0.707139-j0.707075, 0.427512+j0.904010, 0.707071+j0.707142, -0.242929-j0.970044, 0.923901-j0.382633, 0.336944-j0.941525, -0.382739+j0.923857, -0.970047+j0.242919, -0.000066+j1.000000, -0.427493-j0.904019, 0.000071-j1.000000, -0.970049+j0.242908, 0.382755-j0.923850, 0.336966-j0.941517, -0.923911+j0.382606, -0.242896-j0.970052, -0.707043-j0.707170, 0.427471+j0.904029, -0.707175+j0.707038, 0.242883+j0.970056, -0.382588-j0.923919, 0.336991-j0.941508, -0.923837-j0.382786, 0.970059-j0.242869, 1.000000+j0.000118, -0.427445-j0.904041 |
| PP21 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.998795+j0.049068, -0.382683-j0.923880, 0.970031+j0.242981, 0.923879+j0.382684, 0.049069-j0.998795, 0.707106+j0.707108, 0.514101+j0.857730, 0.707109-j0.707105, -0.049071+j0.998795, -0.382687+j0.923878, 0.970030+j0.242985, -0.923882+j0.382679, -0.998795-j0.049074, -0.000007+j1.000000, -0.514096-j0.857733, 0.000009-j1.000000, -0.998795-j0.049078, 0.923884-j0.382673, 0.970028+j0.242992, 0.382696-j0.923874, -0.049083+j0.998795, -0.707118+j0.707095, 0.514087+j0.857738, -0.707093-j0.707121, 0.049089-j0.998794, -0.923871-j0.382704, 0.970025+j0.243004, 0.382659+j0.923890, 0.998794+j0.049096, -1.000000-j0.000030, -0.514075-j0.857745, -1.000000-j0.000034, 0.998794+j0.049104, 0.382648+j0.923894, 0.970021+j0.243019, -0.923863-j0.382723, 0.049113-j0.998793, -0.707073-j0.707140, 0.514060+j0.857754, -0.707144+j0.707070, -0.049123+j0.998793, 0.382737-j0.923857, 0.970017+j0.243039, 0.923904-j0.382625, -0.998792-j0.049134, 0.000069-j1.000000, -0.514041-j0.857766, -0.000075+j1.000000, -0.998792-j0.049146, -0.923911+j0.382609, 0.970011+j0.243062, -0.382764+j0.923846, -0.049158+j0.998791, 0.707173-j0.707040, 0.514019+j0.857779, 0.707035+j0.707178, 0.049172-j0.998790, 0.923838+j0.382784, |

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| | 0.970004+j0.243089, -0.382576-j0.923924, 0.998790+j0.049187, 1.000000+j0.000124, -0.513993-j0.857794 |
| DP22 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.941544+j0.336890, 0.382684-j0.923879, -0.146731+j0.989176, -0.923880+j0.382683, -0.336891+j0.941544, 0.707108-j0.707106, 0.595698+j0.803209, 0.707105+j0.707109, 0.336893-j0.941543, 0.382680+j0.923881, -0.146735+j0.989176, 0.923877-j0.382688, -0.941542-j0.336896, 0.000007-j1.000000, -0.595693-j0.803212, -0.000009+j1.000000, -0.941541-j0.336900, -0.923875-j0.382694, -0.146743+j0.989175, -0.382670-j0.923885, 0.336905-j0.941539, -0.707095-j0.707119, 0.595684+j0.803219, -0.707121+j0.707092, -0.336911+j0.941537, 0.923889-j0.382661, -0.146756+j0.989173, -0.382709+j0.923869, 0.941534+j0.336917, -1.000000-j0.000031, -0.595672-j0.803227, -1.000000-j0.000036, 0.941531+j0.336925, -0.382720+j0.923864, -0.146772+j0.989170, 0.923897-j0.382642, -0.336934+j0.941528, -0.707142+j0.707072, 0.595657+j0.803239, -0.707068-j0.707146, 0.336944-j0.941525, -0.382628-j0.923903, -0.146793+j0.989167, -0.923854-j0.382744, -0.941521-j0.336955, -0.000072+j1.000000, -0.595639-j0.803252, 0.000078-j1.000000, -0.941517-j0.336967, 0.923847+j0.382762, -0.146818+j0.989164, 0.382599+j0.923915, 0.336979-j0.941512, 0.707037+j0.707177, 0.595617+j0.803268, 0.707182-j0.707032, -0.336993+j0.941507, -0.923923+j0.382579, -0.146847+j0.989159, 0.382796-j0.923833, 0.941502+j0.337008, 1.000000+j0.000129, -0.595592-j0.803287 |
| DP23 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.803207+j0.595699, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.998795-j0.049068, 0.382684-j0.923879, 0.595700-j0.803207, -0.707106-j0.707108, 0.671557+j0.740953, -0.707109+j0.707105, -0.595702+j0.803206, 0.923878+j0.382687, -0.998795-j0.049073, -0.382678-j0.923882, -0.803204-j0.595705, -0.000008+j1.000000, -0.671553-j0.740957, 0.000010-j1.000000, -0.803201-j0.595708, 0.382672+j0.923884, -0.998795-j0.049081, -0.923874-j0.382697, -0.595713+j0.803198, 0.707120-j0.707094, 0.671544+j0.740964, 0.707092+j0.707122, 0.595718-j0.803194, -0.382706+j0.923870, -0.998794-j0.049094, -0.923890+j0.382657, 0.803189+j0.595724, -1.000000-j0.000033, -0.671533-j0.740975, -1.000000-j0.000037, 0.803184+j0.595731, -0.923895+j0.382645, -0.998793-j0.049112, -0.382727+j0.923862, 0.595739-j0.803178, 0.707070+j0.707143, 0.671519+j0.740988, 0.707147-j0.707066, -0.595748+j0.803172, -0.923855-j0.382742, -0.998792-j0.049134, 0.382620+j0.923906, -0.803165-j0.595757, 0.000075-j1.000000, -0.671501-j0.741004, -0.000082+j1.000000, -0.803157-j0.595768, -0.382602-j0.923913, -0.998791-j0.049160, 0.923843+j0.382772, -0.595779+j0.803148, -0.707180+j0.707034, 0.671480+j0.741023, -0.707029-j0.707185, 0.595791-j0.803139, 0.382793-j0.923834, -0.998789-j0.049190, 0.923928-j0.382566, 0.803130+j0.595805, 1.000000+j0.000135, -0.671456-j0.741045 |
| DP24 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.595699+j0.803208, 0.923879+j0.382684, -0.049067-j0.998795, 0.382683+j0.923880, -0.803208+j0.595698, -0.707108+j0.707106, 0.740950+j0.671561, -0.707105-j0.707109, 0.803210-j0.595696, 0.923881-j0.382679, -0.049063-j0.998796, -0.382689+j0.923877, -0.595694-j0.803212, 0.000008-j1.000000, -0.740945-j0.671566, -0.000010+j1.000000, -0.595690-j0.803214, 0.382695-j0.923875, -0.049054-j0.998796, -0.923886+j0.382669, 0.803218-j0.595686, 0.707094+j0.707120, 0.740937+j0.671574, 0.707122-j0.707091, -0.803222+j0.595680, -0.382660-j0.923889, -0.049040-j0.998797, -0.923868-j0.382711, 0.595674+j0.803227, -1.000000-j0.000034, -0.740927-j0.671586, -1.000000-j0.000039, 0.595666+j0.803232, -0.923863-j0.382724, -0.049022-j0.998798, -0.382639-j0.923898, -0.803238+j0.595658, 0.707145-j0.707069, 0.740913+j0.671601, 0.707065+j0.707149, 0.803245-j0.595649, -0.923905+j0.382623, -0.048999-j0.998799, 0.382750-j0.923852, -0.595639-j0.803252, -0.000078+j1.000000, -0.740896-j0.671620, 0.000085-j1.000000, -0.595628-j0.803260, -0.382769+j0.923844, -0.048972-j0.998800, 0.923918-j0.382591, 0.803269-j0.595616, -0.707031-j0.707183, 0.740876+j0.671641, -0.707188+j0.707025, -0.803279+j0.595603, 0.382569+j0.923927, -0.048940-j0.998802, 0.923829+j0.382806, 0.595590+j0.803289, 1.000000+j0.000141, -0.740853-j0.671667 |
| DP25 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.336890+j0.941544, 0.382683+j0.923880, 0.989177-j0.146730, -0.923879-j0.382684, 0.941545-j0.336889, 0.707106+j0.707108, 0.803206+j0.595701, 0.707109-j0.707105, -0.941545+j0.336886, 0.382688-j0.923878, 0.989177-j0.146725, 0.923882-j0.382678, -0.336883-j0.941546, -0.000008+j1.000000, -0.803202-j0.595707, 0.000011-j1.000000, -0.336879-j0.941548, -0.923885+j0.382671, 0.989179-j0.146716, -0.382698+j0.923873, -0.941550+j0.336873, -0.707121+j0.707093, 0.803195+j0.595716, -0.707090-j0.707123, 0.941552-j0.336866, 0.923869+j0.382708, 0.989181-j0.146702, -0.382655-j0.923891, 0.336859+j0.941555, -1.000000-j0.000036, -0.803185-j0.595730, -1.000000-j0.000040, 0.336850+j0.941558, -0.382642-j0.923897, 0.989184-j0.146683, 0.923860+j0.382730, 0.941562-j0.336840, -0.707067-j0.707147, 0.803172+j0.595747, -0.707151+j0.707063, -0.941566+j0.336828, -0.382747+j0.923853, 0.989187-j0.146660, -0.923908+j0.382614, -0.336816-j0.941570, 0.000082-j1.000000, -0.803157-j0.595768, -0.000089+j1.000000, -0.336803-j0.941575, 0.923916-j0.382595, 0.989191-j0.146632, 0.382779-j0.923840, -0.941580+j0.336788, 0.707186-j0.707028, 0.803138+j0.595792, 0.707022+j0.707192, 0.941586-j0.336773, -0.923830-j0.382802, 0.989196-j0.146599, 0.382556+j0.923932, 0.336756+j0.941592, 1.000000+j0.000147, -0.803117-j0.595821 |
| DP26 | 1.000000+j0.000000, 0.049068+j0.998795, -0.382684+j0.923879, 0.242980+j0.970031, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.998796+j0.049066, 0.707108-j0.707105, 0.857727+j0.514105, 0.707105+j0.707109, 0.998796-j0.049064, -0.382679-j0.923881, 0.242975+j0.970033, -0.923877-j0.382689, -0.049060-j0.998796, 0.000009-j1.000000, -0.857724-j0.514111, -0.000011+j1.000000, -0.049055-j0.998796, 0.923874+j0.382696, 0.242965+j0.970035, 0.382668+j0.923886, 0.998796-j0.049049, -0.707092- |

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| | j0.707121, 0.857717+j0.514122, -0.707124+j0.707090, -0.998797+j0.049042, -0.923890+j0.382658, 0.242951+j0.970039, 0.382713-j0.923867, 0.049033+j0.998797, -1.000000-j0.000037, -0.857708-j0.514136, -1.000000-j0.000042, 0.049023+j0.998798, 0.382727-j0.923862, 0.242932+j0.970043, -0.923900+j0.382635, -0.998798+j0.049012, -0.707148+j0.707065, 0.857697+j0.514155, -0.707061-j0.707152, 0.998799-j0.049000, 0.382618+j0.923907, 0.242908+j0.970049, 0.923850+j0.382755, -0.048986-j0.998799, -0.000085+j1.000000, -0.857683-j0.514179, 0.000092-j1.000000, -0.048972-j0.998800, -0.923841-j0.382776, 0.242879+j0.970056, -0.382584-j0.923921, 0.998801-j0.048956, 0.707025+j0.707189, 0.857667+j0.514206, 0.707195-j0.707019, -0.998802+j0.048939, 0.923931-j0.382560, 0.242846+j0.970065, -0.382816+j0.923825, 0.048920+j0.998803, 1.000000+j0.000153, -0.857648-j0.514238 |
| DP27 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.242980+j0.970031, -0.923880+j0.382683, -0.941544+j0.336889, -0.382684+j0.923879, 0.970031+j0.242982, -0.707105-j0.707108, 0.903988+j0.427557, -0.707109+j0.707105, -0.970030-j0.242984, -0.923878-j0.382688, -0.941546+j0.336884, 0.382677+j0.923882, 0.242988-j0.970029, -0.000009+j1.000000, -0.903985-j0.427564, 0.000011-j1.000000, 0.242993-j0.970028, -0.382670-j0.923885, -0.941549+j0.336875, 0.923873+j0.382700, -0.970027-j0.242999, 0.707122-j0.707092, 0.903979+j0.427576, 0.707089+j0.707124, 0.970025+j0.243006, 0.382710-j0.923868, -0.941555+j0.336860, 0.923892-j0.382652, -0.243015+j0.970023, -1.000000-j0.000038, -0.903972-j0.427592, -1.000000-j0.000043, -0.243025+j0.970020, 0.923898-j0.382638, -0.941561+j0.336841, 0.382734-j0.923859, 0.970017+j0.243036, 0.707064+j0.707150, 0.903962+j0.427613, 0.707154-j0.707059, -0.970014-j0.243048, 0.923851+j0.382752, -0.941570+j0.336817, -0.382609-j0.923910, 0.243062-j0.970011, 0.000088-j1.000000, -0.903950-j0.427638, -0.000096+j1.000000, 0.243077-j0.970007, 0.382588+j0.923919, -0.941580+j0.336788, -0.923837-j0.382787, -0.970003-j0.243093, -0.707192+j0.707021, 0.903936+j0.427668, -0.707015-j0.707198, 0.969999+j0.243110, -0.382812+j0.923826, -0.941592+j0.336755, -0.923936+j0.382546, -0.243129+j0.969994, 1.000000+j0.000158, -0.903919-j0.427703 |
| DP28 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.514103+j0.857729, -0.923879-j0.382684, -0.427555-j0.903990, -0.382683-j0.923880, -0.857728-j0.514104, -0.707108+j0.707105, 0.941543+j0.336892, -0.707104-j0.707109, 0.857727+j0.514106, -0.923881+j0.382679, -0.427550-j0.903992, 0.382690-j0.923877, 0.514110-j0.857724, 0.000009-j1.000000, -0.941541-j0.336900, -0.000012+j1.000000, 0.514114-j0.857722, -0.382697+j0.923874, -0.427540-j0.903996, 0.923886-j0.382667, 0.857718+j0.514120, 0.707091+j0.707122, 0.941536+j0.336912, 0.707125-j0.707089, -0.857714-j0.514127, 0.382656+j0.923891, -0.427526-j0.904003, 0.923866+j0.382716, -0.514135+j0.857710, -1.000000-j0.000040, -0.941530-j0.336930, -1.000000-j0.000045, -0.514144+j0.857704, 0.923860+j0.382730, -0.427507-j0.904012, 0.382631+j0.923901, -0.857698-j0.514154, 0.707151-j0.707062, 0.941522+j0.336952, 0.707058+j0.707156, 0.857691+j0.514165, 0.923909-j0.382613, -0.427483-j0.904023, -0.382761+j0.923848, 0.514178-j0.857684, -0.000091+j1.000000, -0.941512-j0.336979, 0.000099-j1.000000, 0.514191-j0.857676, 0.382783-j0.923838, -0.427454-j0.904037, -0.923924+j0.382576, 0.857667+j0.514206, -0.707018-j0.707195, 0.941500+j0.337012, -0.707202+j0.707012, -0.857657-j0.514222, -0.382551-j0.923935, -0.427421-j0.904053, -0.923821-j0.382825, -0.514239+j0.857647, 1.000000+j0.000164, -0.941487-j0.337049 |
| DP29 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.740951+j0.671559, -0.382683-j0.923880, 0.857729-j0.514102, 0.923879+j0.382684, 0.671558+j0.740952, 0.707105+j0.707108, 0.970031+j0.242983, 0.707109-j0.707104, -0.671556-j0.740954, -0.382688+j0.923878, 0.857732-j0.514097, -0.923882+j0.382677, 0.740957-j0.671553, -0.000010+j1.000000, -0.970029-j0.242991, 0.000012-j1.000000, 0.740960-j0.671549, 0.923885-j0.382669, 0.857737-j0.514088, 0.382701-j0.923872, -0.671544-j0.740965, -0.707123+j0.707091, 0.970025+j0.243004, -0.707088-j0.707126, 0.671538+j0.740971, -0.923868-j0.382712, 0.857746-j0.514074, 0.382650+j0.923893, -0.740977+j0.671530, -1.000000-j0.000041, -0.970021-j0.243023, -1.000000-j0.000047, -0.740984+j0.671522, 0.382635+j0.923900, 0.857757-j0.514055, -0.923857-j0.382738, 0.671513+j0.740993, -0.707061-j0.707153, 0.970015+j0.243047, -0.707158+j0.707056, -0.671503-j0.741002, 0.382756-j0.923849, 0.857771-j0.514032, 0.923913-j0.382603, 0.741012-j0.671492, 0.000094-j1.000000, -0.970007-j0.243076, -0.000103+j1.000000, 0.741023-j0.671480, -0.923922+j0.382581, 0.857788-j0.514004, -0.382794+j0.923834, -0.671467-j0.741035, 0.707198-j0.707015, 0.969999+j0.243110, 0.707009+j0.707205, 0.671452+j0.741048, 0.923823+j0.382821, 0.857808-j0.513971, -0.382536-j0.923940, -0.741062+j0.671437, 1.000000+j0.000170, -0.969989-j0.243150 |
| DP30 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.903989+j0.427555, 0.382684-j0.923879, 0.595699+j0.803208, -0.923880+j0.382682, -0.427554-j0.903990, 0.707108-j0.707105, 0.989176+j0.146733, 0.707104+j0.707109, 0.427551+j0.903991, 0.382679+j0.923882, 0.595694+j0.803211, 0.923877+j0.382690, 0.903993-j0.427547, 0.000010-j1.000000, -0.989175-j0.146742, -0.000013+j1.000000, 0.903995-j0.427542, -0.923873-j0.382698, 0.595685+j0.803218, -0.382665-j0.923887, 0.427536+j0.903998, -0.707090-j0.707123, 0.989173+j0.146756, -0.707126+j0.707087, -0.427528-j0.904002, 0.923892-j0.382654, 0.595671+j0.803228, -0.382718+j0.923865, -0.904006-j0.427519, -1.000000-j0.000042, -0.989170-j0.146775, -1.000000-j0.000048, -0.904011+j0.427509, -0.382733+j0.923859, 0.595653+j0.803242, 0.923903-j0.382628, -0.427497-j0.904017, -0.707154+j0.707059, 0.989166+j0.146800, -0.707054-j0.707159, 0.427485+j0.904023, -0.382608-j0.923911, 0.595631+j0.803259, -0.923845-j0.382766, 0.904029-j0.427471, - |

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|------|--|
| | 0.000098+j1.000000, -0.989162-j0.146831, 0.000106-j1.000000, 0.904037-j0.427455, 0.923836+j0.382790, 0.595603+j0.803279, 0.382569+j0.923927, 0.427439+j0.904044, 0.707012+j0.707201, 0.989156+j0.146868, 0.707208-j0.707005, -0.427421-j0.904053, -0.923938+j0.382541, 0.595571+j0.803302, 0.382835-j0.923817, -0.904062+j0.427401, 1.000000+j0.000176, -0.989150-j0.146910 |
| PP31 | 1.000000+j0.000000, -0.989177+j0.146730, 0.923880-j0.382683, -0.740952+j0.671558, 0.382684-j0.923879, 0.146729+j0.989177, -0.707105-j0.707108, 0.998795+j0.049071, -0.707109+j0.707104, -0.146726-j0.989177, 0.923877+j0.382688, -0.740956+j0.671554, -0.382676-j0.923882, 0.989178-j0.146722, -0.000010+j1.000000, -0.998795-j0.049079, 0.000013-j1.000000, 0.989179-j0.146716, 0.382668+j0.923886, -0.740963+j0.671545, -0.923872-j0.382702, -0.146709-j0.989180, 0.707124-j0.707090, 0.998794+j0.049094, 0.707087+j0.707127, 0.146700+j0.989181, -0.382714+j0.923867, -0.740975+j0.671532, -0.923894+j0.382648, -0.989183+j0.146690, -1.000000-j0.000044, -0.998793-j0.049114, -1.000000-j0.000050, -0.989184+j0.146678, -0.923901+j0.382632, -0.740991+j0.671515, -0.382741+j0.923856, 0.146665+j0.989186, 0.707058+j0.707156, 0.998792+j0.049141, 0.707161-j0.707053, -0.146651-j0.989188, -0.923847-j0.382761, -0.741010+j0.671493, 0.382598+j0.923915, 0.989191-j0.146635, 0.000101-j1.000000, -0.998790-j0.049173, -0.000110+j1.000000, 0.989193-j0.146618, -0.382574-j0.923925, -0.741034+j0.671467, 0.923830+j0.382802, -0.146599-j0.989196, -0.707204+j0.707009, 0.998788+j0.049211, -0.707002-j0.707212, 0.146578+j0.989199, 0.382830-j0.923819, -0.741062+j0.671437, 0.923945-j0.382526, -0.989202+j0.146557, 1.000000+j0.000181, -0.998786-j0.049255 |

AA.2 Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes for default midamble allocation

The following mapping schemes apply for the association between midambles and channelisation codes if no midamble is allocated by higher layers. Secondary channelisation codes are marked with *. These associations apply for both UL and DL.

AA.2.1 Association for K=16 Midambles

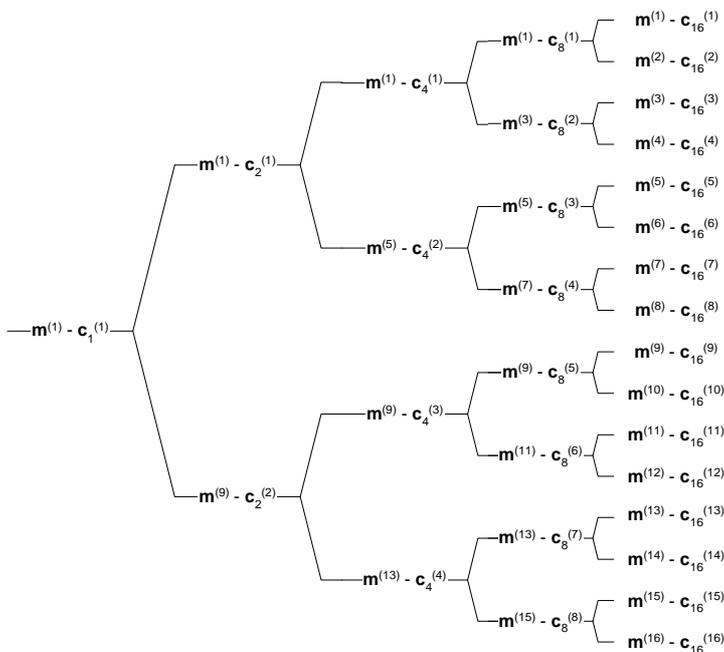


Figure AA.1: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=16

AA.2.2 Association for K=14 Midambles

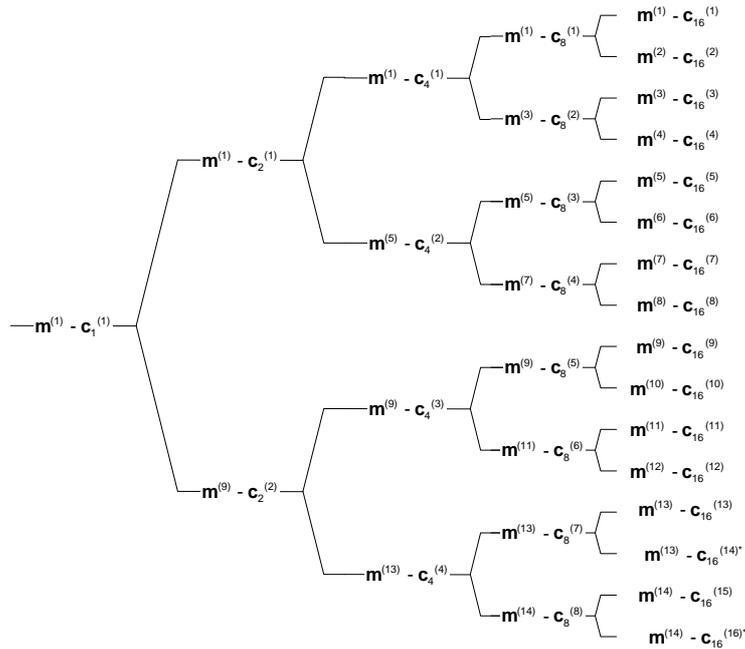


Figure AA.2: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=14

AA.2.3 Association for K=12 Midambles

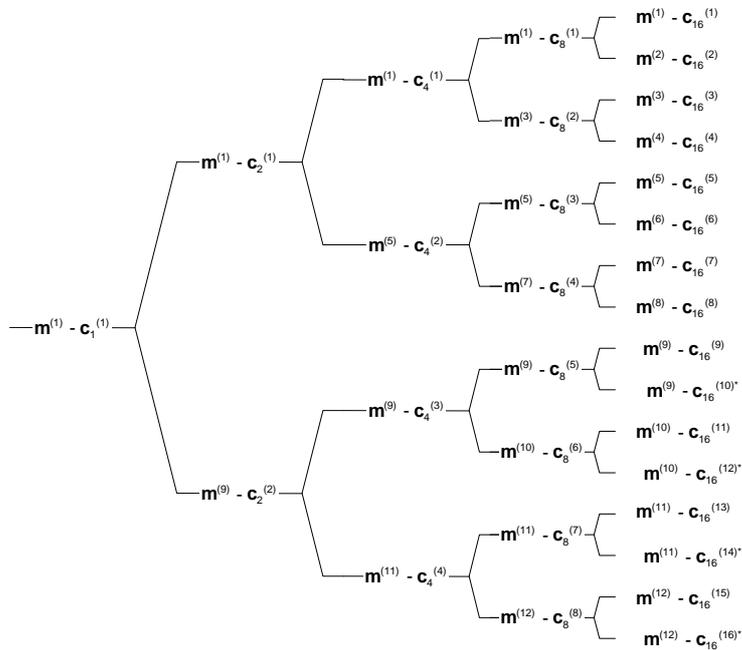


Figure AA.3: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=12

AA.2.4 Association for K=10 Midambles

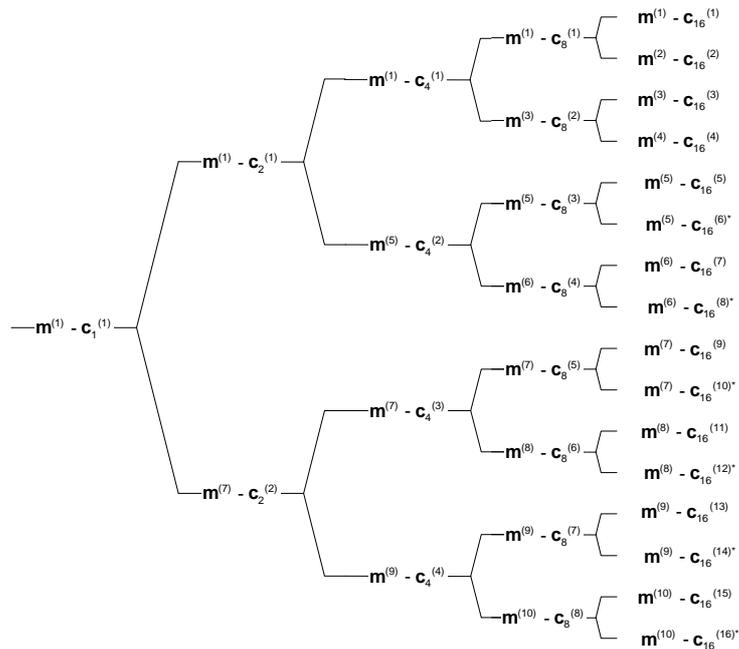


Figure AA.4: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=10

AA.2.5 Association for K=8 Midambles

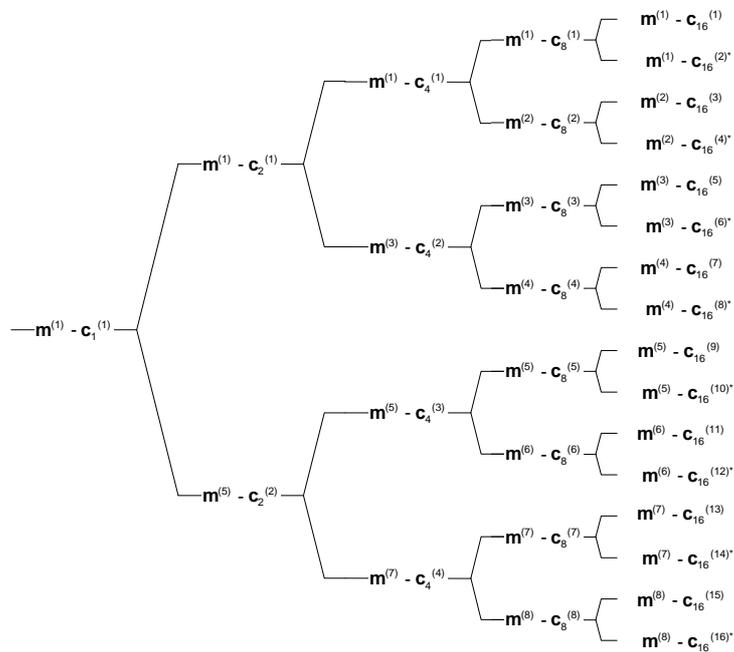


Figure AA.5: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=8

AA.2.6 Association for K=6 Midambles

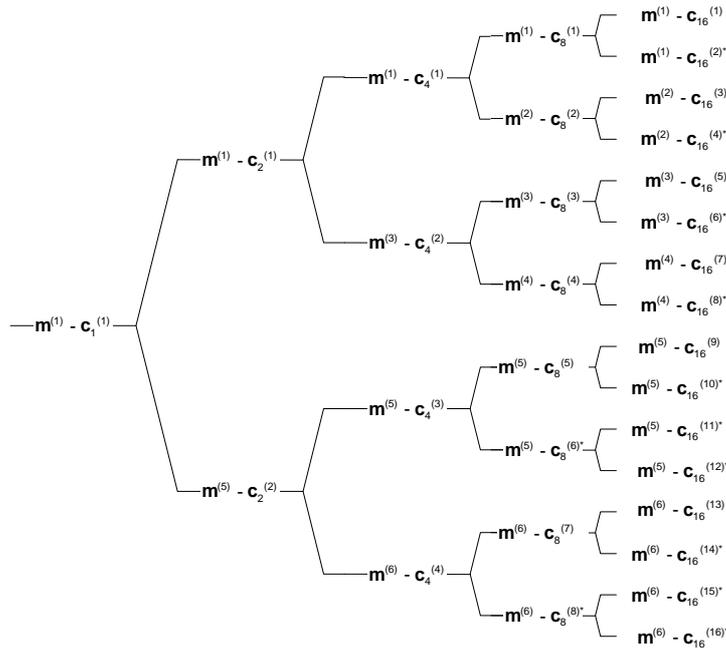


Figure AA.6: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=6

AA.2.7 Association for K=4 Midambles

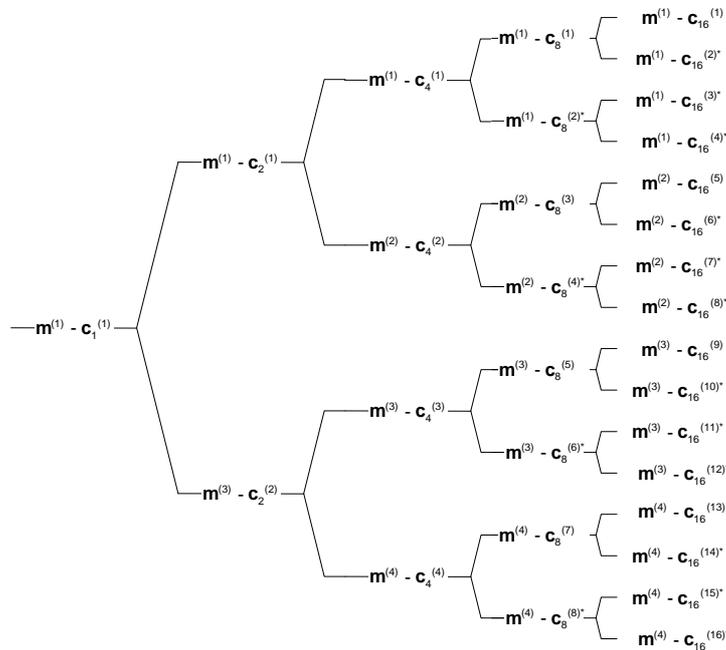


Figure AA.7: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=4

AA.2.8 Association for K=2 Midambles

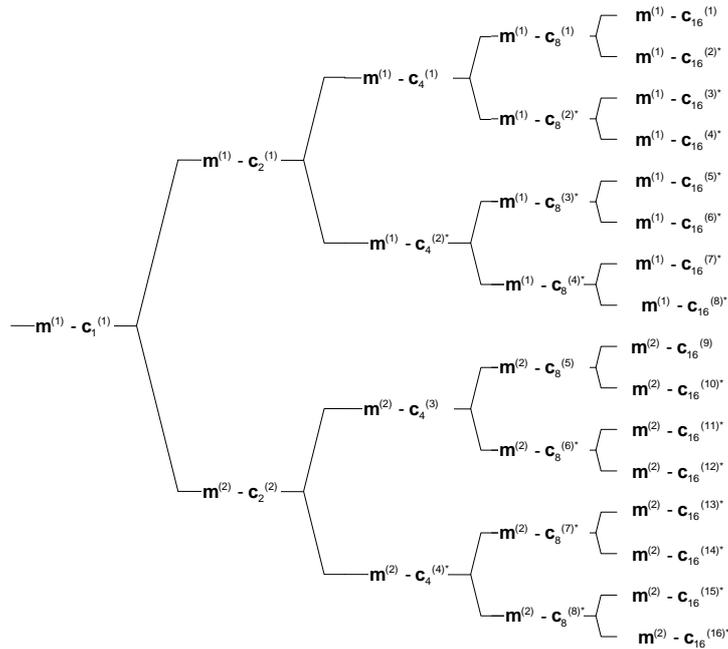


Figure AA.8: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=2

AA.3 Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes for special default midamble allocation

The following mapping schemes apply for the association between midambles and channelisation codes if no midamble is allocated by higher layers. Secondary channelisation codes are marked with *. These associations apply for both UL and DL.

AA.3.1 Association for K=16 Midambles

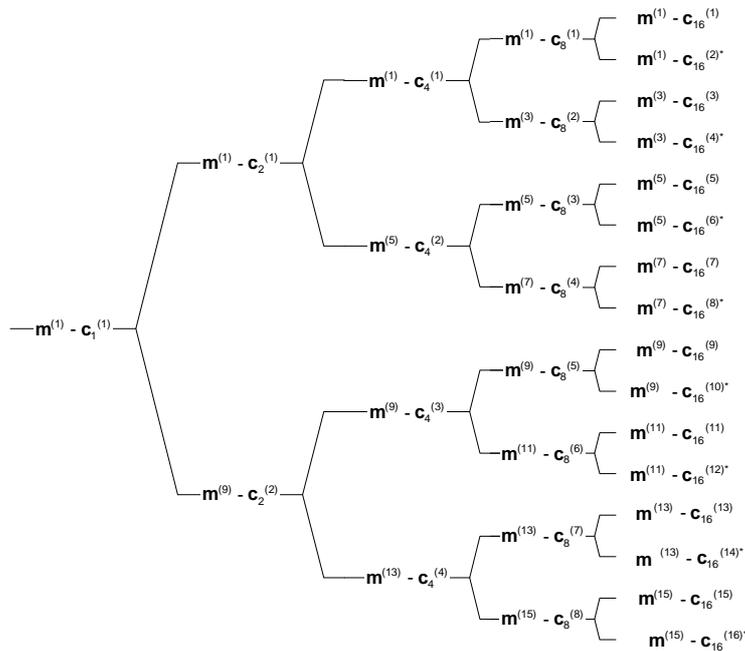


Figure AA.3.1a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=16 pattern 1

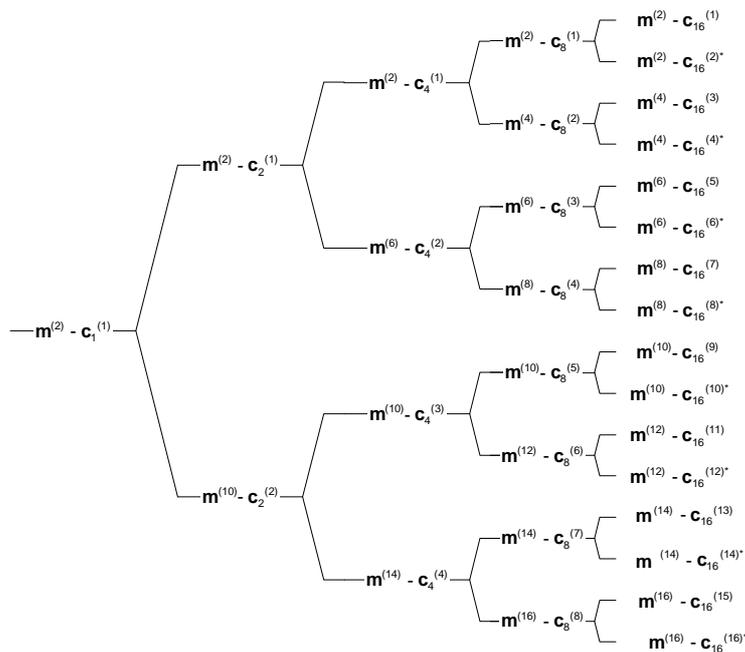


Figure AA.3.1b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=16 pattern 2

AA.3.2 Association for K=14 Midambles

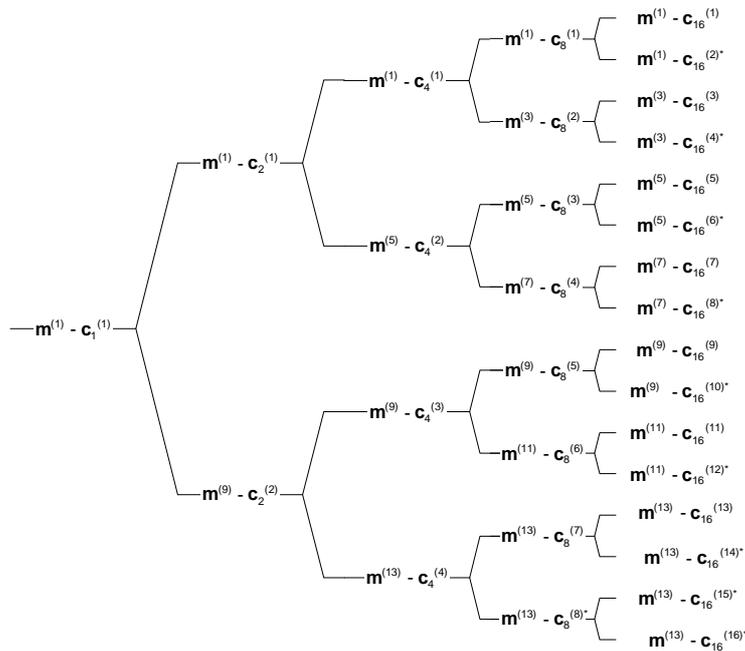


Figure AA.3.2a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=14 pattern 1

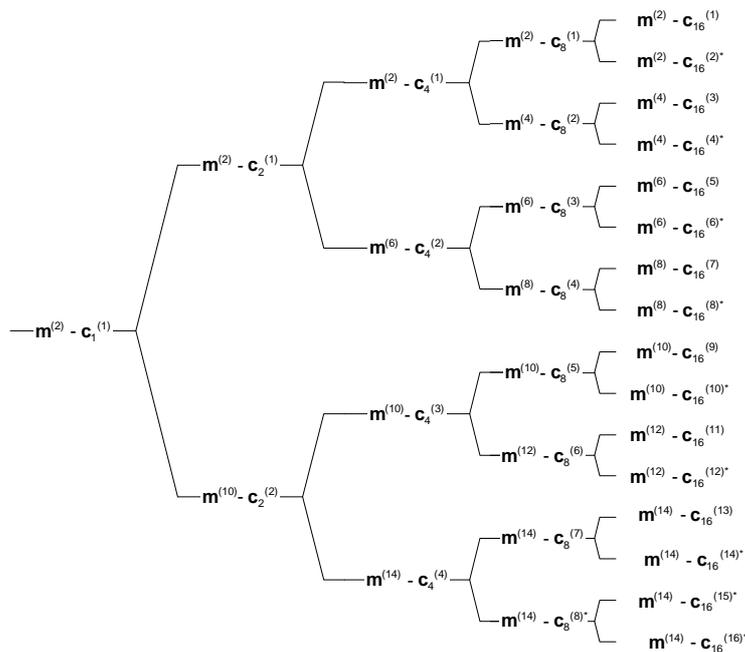


Figure AA.3.2b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=14 pattern 2

AA.3.3 Association for K=12 Midambles

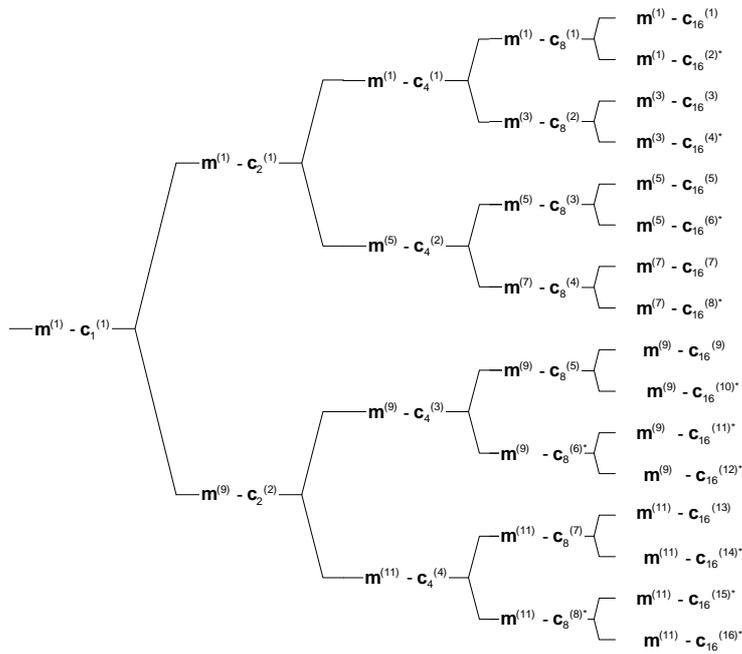


Figure AA.3.3a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=12 pattern 1

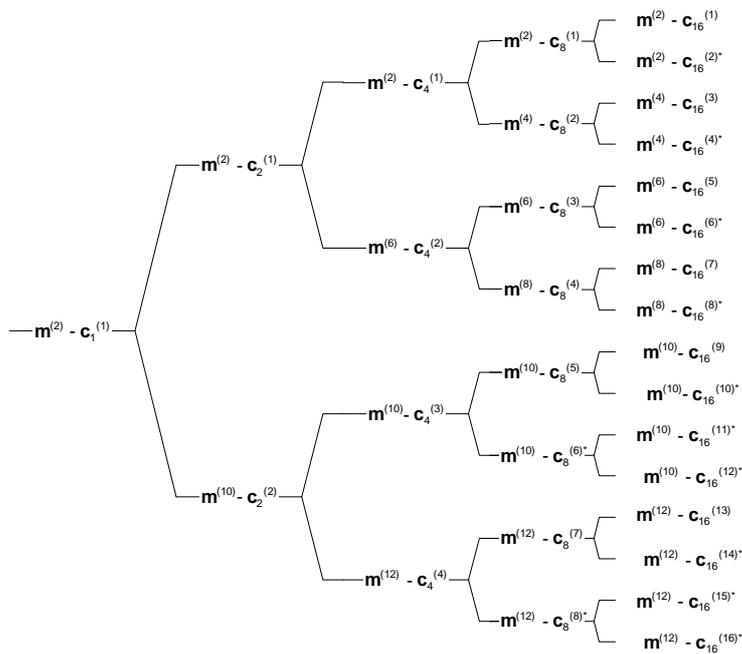


Figure AA.3.3b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=12 pattern 2

AA.3.4 Association for K=10 Midambles

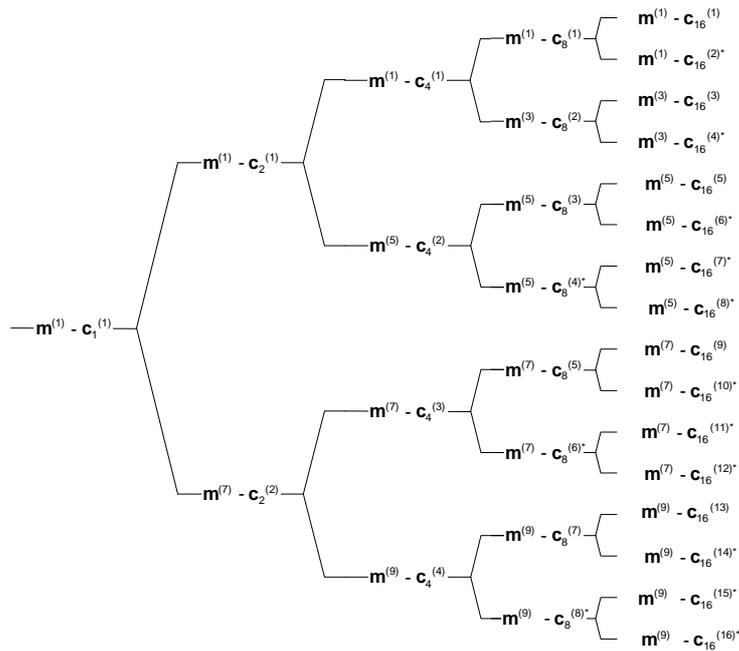


Figure AA.3.4a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=10 pattern 1

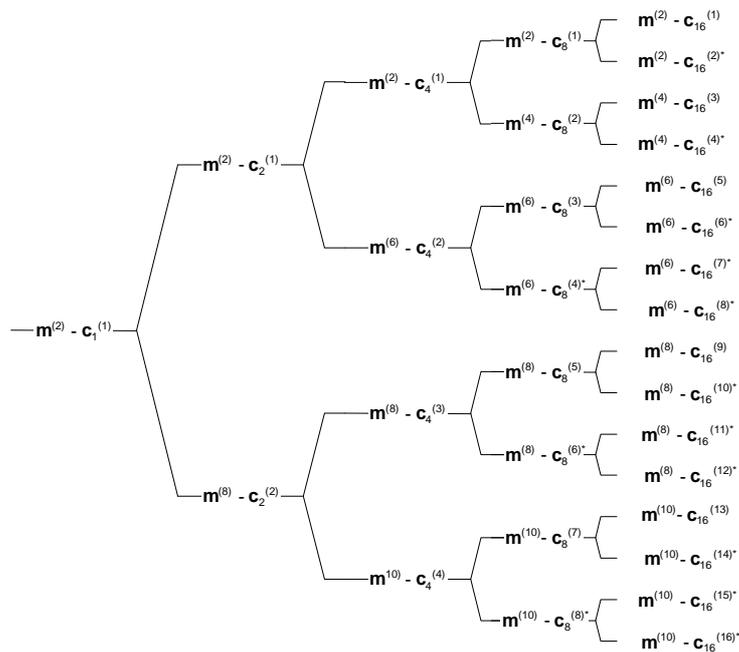


Figure AA.3.4b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=10 pattern 2

AA.3.5 Association for K=8 Midambles

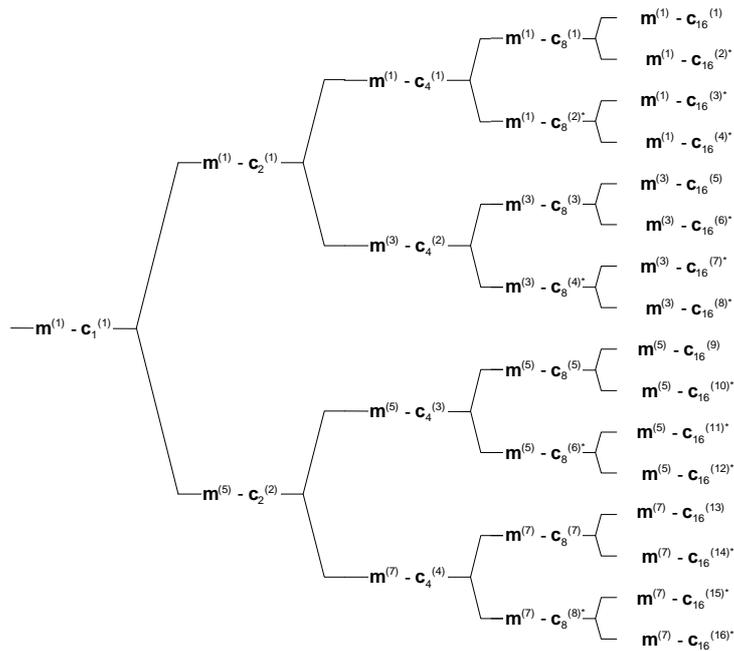


Figure AA.3.5a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=8 pattern 1

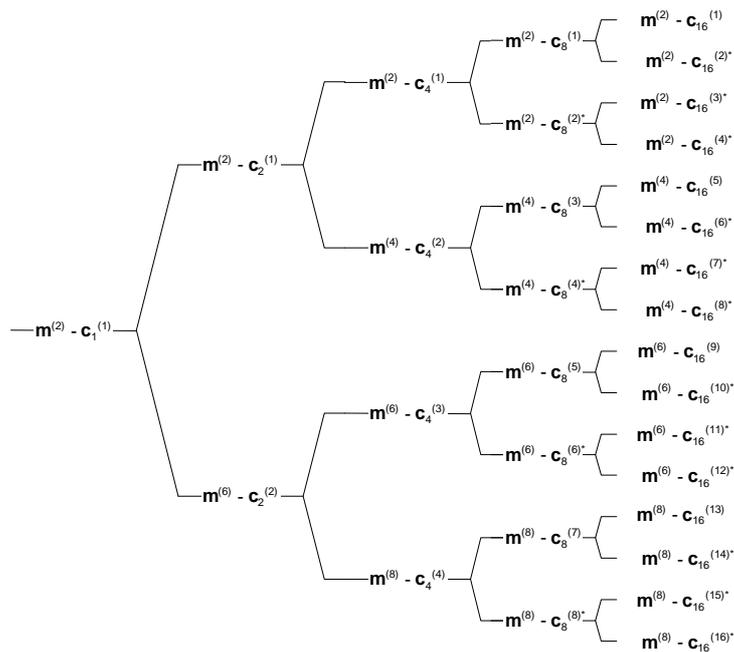


Figure AA.3.5b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=8 pattern 2

AA.3.6 Association for K=6 Midambles

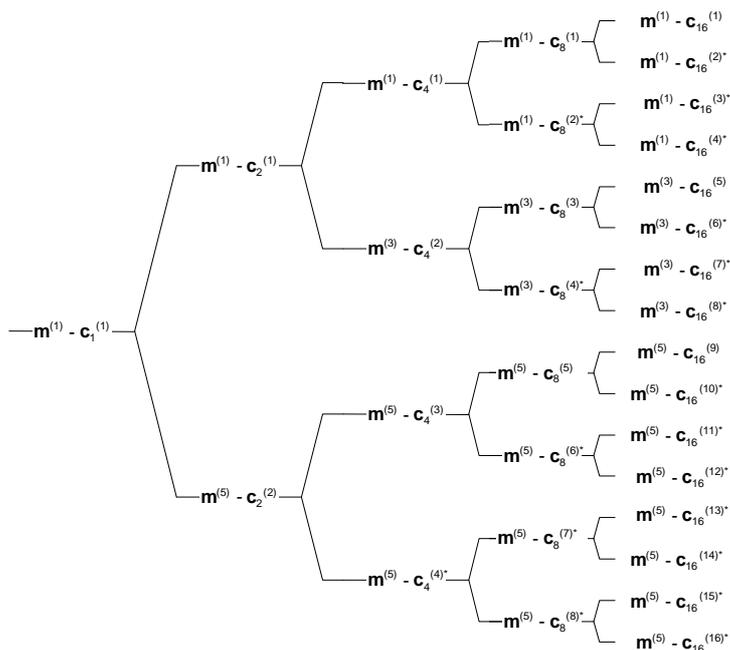


Figure AA.3.6a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=6 pattern 1

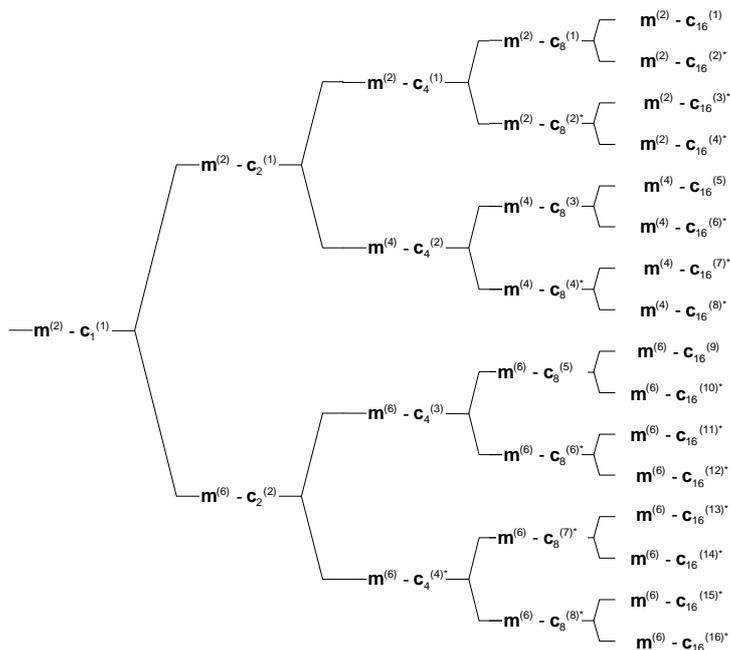


Figure AA.3.6b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=6 pattern 2

AA.3.7 Association for K=4 Midambles

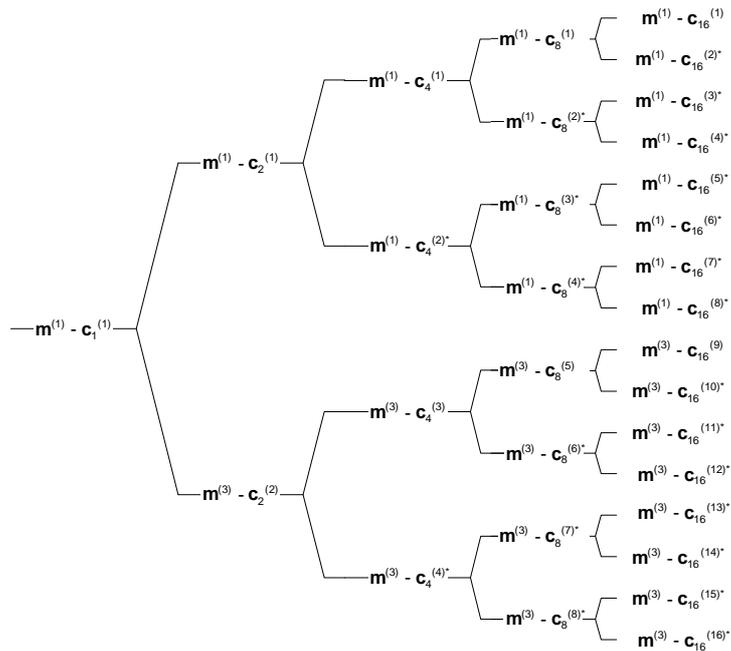


Figure AA.3.7a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=4 pattern 1

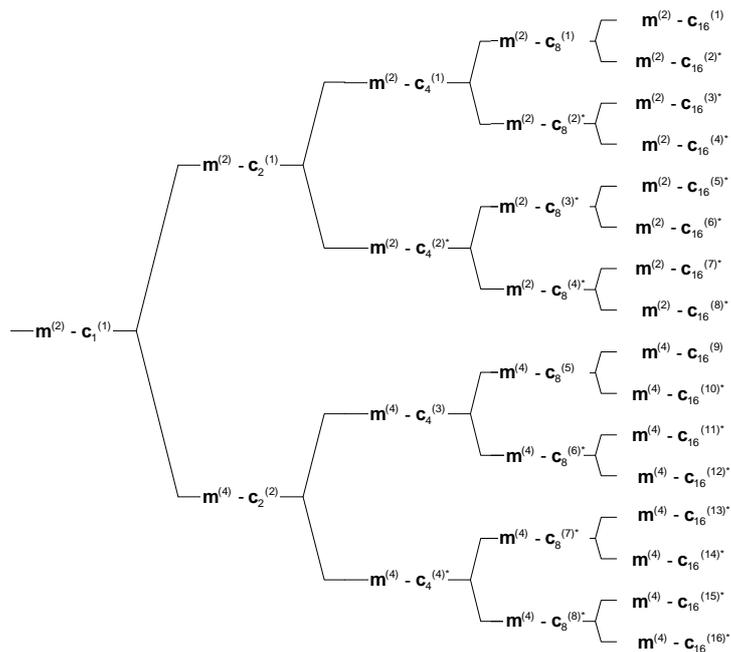


Figure AA.3.7b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=4 pattern 2

AA.3.8 Association for K=2 Midambles

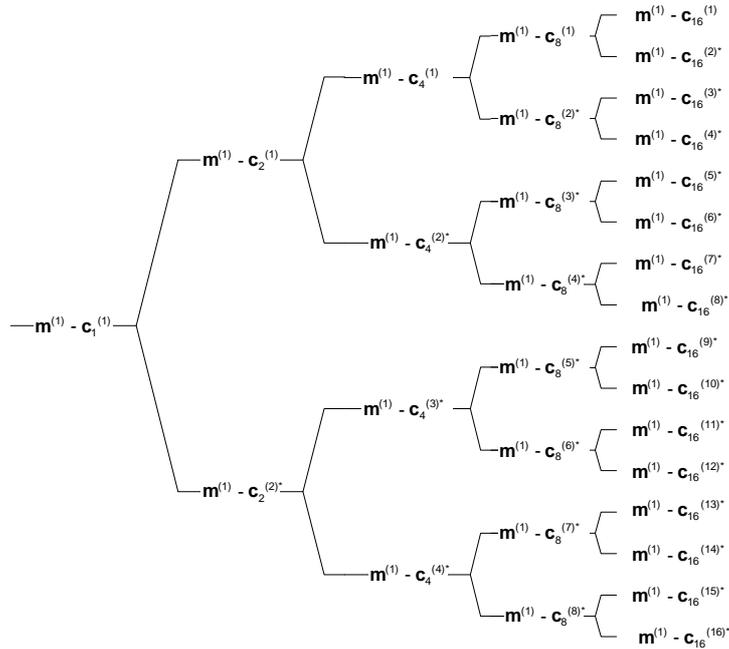


Figure AA.3.8a: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=2 pattern 1

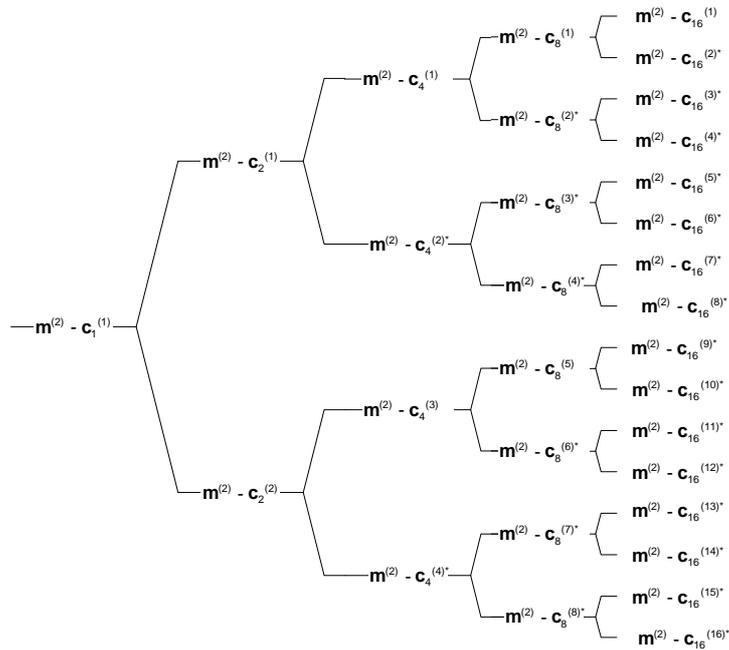


Figure AA.3.8b: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for K=2 pattern 2

Annex AB (normative): Basic Midamble Codes for the 7.68 Mcps option

AB.1 Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 1 and 3

In the case of burst type 1 or 3 (see subclause 5B.3.2) the midamble has a length of $L_m=1024$, which corresponds to:

$$K'=8; W=114; P=912.$$

Depending on the possible delay spread cells are configured to use K_{Cell} midambles which are generated from the Basic Midamble Codes of length 912 defined in table AB.1 below

- for all $k=1,2,\dots,K$; $K=2K'$ or
- for $k=1,2,\dots,K'$, only, or
- for odd $k=1,3,5,\dots,\leq K'$, only.

In the beacon slot # k , where the P-CCPCH is located, the number of midambles $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ (cf section 5B.7). In all of the other timeslots that use burst type 1 or 3, K_{Cell} is individually configured from higher layers.

The mapping of these Basic Midamble Codes to Cell Parameters is shown in TS 25.223.

Table AB.1: Basic Midamble Codes m_p according to equation (5) from subclause 5B.3.3 for case of burst type 1 and 3

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_p of length $P=912$ |
|-----------|---|
| m_{p0} | 9E57CC4EFF411BC3A56568FCBECB53005A3A19CA729C922826FB5E2F55D4A0C6D57335B055188F2274154ED0F61107BD34023FDC3887072689755E733FABEED9B7967C46E9452F78E0CBE97CAFB92DD44C90E40E3CFE9DB4054AC45EB8F260FDF8CFB5C3C23733F7344633F26CB092AC89F4 |
| m_{p1} | 3AC41CCDCCEB89F45AA67884536D0B796A5E048D76D2F9531E2E31516496B3B76196D68FB7F6CFD8C5EA232B5C012953FFCF4C1CA7A2BDEB236426E422FD4F050C4022188D8068F47441FC31B005F8F53452DB8D72839DF021A45D8BC51D1CF440A665D1F751145D2F04CA352BF2C0BCF589E |
| m_{p2} | 4241DBD18BB9C42E335530533B27F0411A0588156421FA0F306C2598CD9C2D3F7D954C64E4EEC699B2414356F1D47E2A3D09A56EA850ED4319AFE7AF07538A9499206DD943AE990F43FA33FAB6CA8E6B3615D16D17B7FF914377BC59870C269E851B4E012B107EF92542B3A2B458E10DA709 |
| m_{p3} | CCF886D4B65C6CEC0E3F8D8186F6CEA1FCFFEE878506F22EF69AAD6F51FDF2071B34E4ACBCD2545866C36B31C3235DD38361403E53DE6CD4FB1DC91752BF5F6C3AB442E292A90471F2A5B9FE7599CEB4651D235D505052C22F54F868C18AB14205FD41FD468375B661BE35F0AA67E5F33693 |
| m_{p4} | F95E0D6F5101D3D7BBB354646818EAED147E3E4CB0249F696738B3F3A65192F5F012868C190BCB967DEB112D907A85F33161C68B9E425A3F5EA26022F6C40ED01B8DE7FF6A6F75F313FAC3DCD47C7EAAC32A9AE47D633CA6F47AAB8EA282B467D8CE21B1352FFCD36966F0A9B2EDE0DF6252 |
| m_{p5} | 6FCD348CB614E6C68534737B6AB3F693A7256A85D5C28C6A77DBEA1ED62E1813E7CC88AE990BE4432387ED43C60FBA6556C5DBD7111B1B53FF5FBAFAF86CB761F15EE2782C7616C816A1C77E27F197DAE6BCBD028F37E5DA7906198C98F72207A0A8FF108EAA66C84D976049E4BA42E0C27D |
| m_{p6} | 94503C230B52660711010625B04D9B98ABD0872DE470F3323F1D4120F46518715929FFF4714212C26EC813F9B0601B573A3B38F8833B3BCB57390D8E16A8561C54E6FEF9D8A64B2E06C07E417B426671CDFAC9C7FA20D15B556CB39FADF128560A57D26B0C9354C1CFA5334A7C5F96B95281A |
| m_{p7} | 92B52AE0D72D7559C4A277EC57995B7B8BF3CBDA1DF8FA7D6A96DD02F93B28F84C18E6F905D87A12D923E38C4DD659819F1CECFDB48DB8EB129DD472A2718045ACDE58C35A273FEC7A71365FA35130215FD801BFA471D27ECBA3A8CA946E83060465BFA9A1F3C8888133D22BF43E1C89F26F2 |
| m_{p8} | BD71D9BF8F8250A64EC5131043F2B0E7424A365508E4E268A4A9857BAE4E3360058B8AF6FB4A10B3C2BFAD8ED116229056B01F7E59E3D9D4120089EB213106B920925EB2422196AF8FA9998389664E80DA294E1B4B7D6807FF3743EAE53276AB634EA1B080FD55425C318B1EF670E9783EFO |
| m_{p9} | D61ABD7705BAB371765DE3FD732D2C5A51D5DA1BA0BF789170F01936183A55CD1693685BD1BEC7BF691144BE24A8B74D7FCF1830425997806FE10C49E98F73BBE07835ACE5F2E6E083294BA4048D8AD59A4E6EFE538B6D1991C21BD130D25555985D5E8AC1623FAC93663C5E1CCC77A2B3FA |
| m_{p10} | 652DE6FBD477D92AFC5424953C64A722EAA5D5CB0E6A04CB43273841F71525016D8DD8370811E3F38851E973D8EC2CEF3180D1462E6530623B004813C1E154B6CF790BE4C712573ED73489BC2952048A5C17F51A25604A6CA660EA480618F8DA78470580CA9B987BE33F3EC6485AF440ADC3 |
| m_{p11} | 49AADFAED5D1C27455F2FE9D2C66B31E3792F088E20562C3B6DB2E4F2C67445690164E34043B5C98819236020C15264BAD09CD75608EE4BF2F62D3671611443D541DA129FF475E26214AFE00419D12EDFDC443A4F7A6DD38B2BF62F64294A80937969E9920FC3A33DE7B131C61F20C195621 |
| m_{p12} | 6D408E783793B8F8B438F512CC4AA7F94B296885D9F59505F339C5C1F7FDB8F2567866B876F16614BB6E3788E1B237DD8BB955341911ABADD6E7D3276F7068DCAD08737243631C42CB77CCFF77FD7A03B52D5D4C73F8716A83B6094827098095F19F136491EB1405992E3ADB80B685FECB2A |
| m_{p13} | 349BA9F2D6B07CC41DDBDBB446F844D77A86E96C9C2F191F1BA42D0402754B40DFE76BAF4DBEF3DFC28E426ACCEA6327FA51C4DAD1B6F2A9082332FA4E0BC21FCF10CA9822CDDEAEC38760194855253E3E3D46C8565CE9EE86761B7E28BBF5C4958A3EE709B8FE9CDD0CF9560A1DAF6CF971 |
| m_{p14} | 033E68B1E9D433BC88119CCAB47004E20B6E1B8F0E4C2756DD549EBDBC5243BC898694426A3EDECEAAF00A7AD02D4AD1F0189A1E99B0B1D796E8BB8C5EE977280408DA0F772EA3A1AD744CC0C78C39070BFD324269BF86D67916D157A9BE63D9E94B76F690050368150867198BD0A68031CA |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=912$ |
|-----------|---|
| m_{P15} | C08FA672B545FA416E4856DF87BA5CFBBD64EC62A2A294427A563F691A28EF5610A0CCA37ABA21BD98535B4BC3F0C009CAA962384B5004063D16083C93D1A7C6002BD1D51A27B671EBBC4860092DF3B3C389A0E909E664FC4B99E5B1A39B72500335491372956E1782EDC5330CBEAB7A636 |
| m_{P16} | F8AB480C79497D13EF846E58F4D6A0B52CF2A71AB1236661B0D84D8CCA603B157BC07C0000306487C41A7CFC6A3A58C1276E8BBB592F9341C298E17886E3A2AA2A08576FA2380C710422FCC0B1AB50B13D6B676EA102B6A035449A77652524F3D79B05F9EB24C286D7A8E4AFA1596788C987 |
| m_{P17} | 53F0FFAEB51656B7DC819B749FB5DF94E4A9545B669AFA52F385C5869C4D9A2F3BB5FC874B9DE055EAD1159C47E7BAE8F08C7F3A202D18AF084CB9DA377C3BF8F9B710F9262855E5E04F9C92C11E4B03DCBDFDF06311DFB839969036DD115654AD90E2096862B37338272506327E3D39D189 |
| m_{P18} | BA58B8BE4FB00B6122DA4EB61BFB9B775811B88EE9444BD8400CC9866193AD636A86A23588F59E176DA8A18B856E8FFB41A8D7E91A9E874AB50B89E971AB36050058BC70C84220ED0D5681F7CD84CD493A65B41B42E10D38B18598C63F73163EAAAC1C93CF3A3CAA3BDFB29D0252177714756 |
| m_{P19} | 0C0769A781CC98EDFB93319AC2BEB03C8475C874CA1AFF16BEDE90B07D5C6EA8ECB401916B5688AD4C0D97DF085CB0A16CA4D678A0AC1E00F9737B4CAA93A163F827B39AFF1AFB831CEDB26EF565102DB24ECC2B6BAF72B44FF5EB88574B38ACF3EEFD87E4F6173846B151271DD1E1466DC4 |
| m_{P20} | 132C03285553D9205AA3746EAF108D92461B3DBA03866E70A2F47360DF17502559E5AFAA2EE6C7DC800D8F620A3294A3E2B1FFFC17AA6634D6B7F3353A652CB0825A4E13A3CE5E91F7225181A0678F53B3D038BACAFE214FD4BB4C2D80EF35D42A2F19B69CA2162E30543BE9BD8548185D0D |
| m_{P21} | C2E92D3AA8981AE97C3325B1FC1843CB0E8C5E394C201981A8DD8D1BEBF8F649166508A5A17819D02EB0A8EF797D8C51DADBCA9A66D949A4C7E6B37ACCE1A2E578469D1B9D8D1A47E7BEA9DD0002FF7D64BF6519A63D9084C0841A8841E183973644DF590AD107E852F3357A70A2A5637E22 |
| m_{P22} | 9BEF2F948ABC4CAC809972EA52EFE03907142A44F3053F970445B1EDF5D1FC9F03B6EE30F7CD74C04B68389D5826E85E763653ED75D1469A240E406B3989EDA065BD84E34F790D74D2D17D7ABCEC25CF7FF130C4BDA979BB5A9133CF3E79B3558E921EAF013A0CC4B87C5FDCA4AA9F245E15 |
| m_{P23} | 6DE4817165AAC324EA17347B78FB4E1D642F74E15F292880975C42F405D440B1FB101E64DBF0A0ABDDCDDDB388672248D2BE9431F7BD77CEF1583F04680865B315E8551A232547A807CEF742E529CCE892EE7FB2F312E96EF7372AB4F7310F87912793FC2BAE5DC0E6DE2CE9FB40F53513 |
| m_{P24} | FF5034A2747FF78F34664125AD31AB2ADD077839D8CC44372D13589649381A2198631F1454BC450ECD0AC8D8695034CA8130B5E5DABB9EDF7A4AFC0738D82B7BAC7086FE813289092AF218F5D04BCBCF98A07F4C2E0F8BC9C52F45C5813A693EF555A2B1EF308908FC993B2266B2AA09C3DA |
| m_{P25} | FE1DBAC430C3B1815990B234583A86EB45EDCB32A38C92C3502B5611819701B1F545410092CAD7E962D3D6E232059CF0C9E8DEA6F7DA21D89F611EFE129D854C5B957FC810E0730EA0C5603B035DD9D19686BD7BD8FF0C9979C900E955A649616DA71D0FAFF079176E541F1AA27F024E669E |
| m_{P26} | 8C0A6F60BEF5DA92E8702CEF3563B50B8C1C2D29DC82B97FDEFBE322024205726A0E5B9E6CBE0F9F02FEFB264E62FF99955B536091CEFE5C6986957149C2954E0EC43C73650855376E0A8A4ED9873AA8AED98D10579ADFB05A8713C37851692C3B4405D9D86E6BDA0EA9A4BD0CEB7C79E6FD |
| m_{P27} | 205BB79C6DEFF102C2FEDA5301BC5B6D62957A3A02B486DD6BEB878558827499DFC1DC79EC55241B208599E32B99959F9589624E2C0AAF11E3C8CCFA7EB88AE7B844B483BE360CF34411EF739BF073AAAF3F84E516CFA10992D606789A20F15686F54CBCE8A1305BEBF7EFE8EBA95F723B5 |
| m_{P28} | F32AE20D70B2FDB523682A5AE7A83307F740DFAAE0DBB58F828DF0ED20AC79C85E2FCAE3EC342E79F0EC8054231A541952736CFFED94A4F44FB7DF473C476FFB3CC87BF18A0938AC776A26DEB32BF906D2C90F57ED192BC33F1312746B143AF383C972A2B61AD8D46F3C4E560261506CC87B |
| m_{P29} | 8F6A99C81370432B4D05459359C92D87DC3D10E82454B911EAD9E80AF07F26B198C6ED71E72F608118B67C61E8C64EA654B7BB0ED91A3DAB2B77C5CCF92AEEA8D6DB9E9AFC142F6FA9D2E79E443DD42D0F66BFE92D9BAE58113B8811E50FF8796E13C43BB210076AE2F8FD0A1FDF3D5B2AFE |
| m_{P30} | 3BE3E2BD5546AFE1933CDBEA679EC8FBAB69C0ACFD5B2DF9A72CC5B4132123D6EFE9F907CB187DB647C6C7E59F71E830DB84472B40C011CB418DACED36025BEF7289FA803D1E32FA2D35F667D2AF8B78985D469532B5FA8336072B7FC74A515B8700CAEFCB625AC212AE335E6EB C37207FA3 |
| m_{P31} | 2642A80A8DD998C3198E6EF691B68257560C5E875A32F8C101478B24F9150883476B03F26B6A137E117057B525F37E3749D1C1DFFC2BD059C6F4FBA8765D58493C87894E819EBC1172A62D |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_p of length $P=912$ |
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| | D6F3DFF2B18A5987B0841FE85BC85575B0B1048A9138E6C9181017A501CBE76337926BD9AC778F |
| m_{P32} | 362817D18ED89453CFAAB83B0D182FC12F3E90C124514F404743D223487FD2A2026603D3CEC04AADB26D2DD8123B2D18C4ADFA6FA95260FC8055D29B0EC561FC355BEA5E97CA030B0187773B726299C2CB91CD7E0EE28B89C63EBE333F316DB6209B012A230FAAA29C52D41F9DBC6B66F7BF |
| m_{P33} | 6E92DBCC6445EDBDAE1D566F99C4FA5AD9823981B71A883BCD14967C2358711A59B856EC4890697E030009682A332D0F7CD85FA7E509CB2538BF395306603EE229C950D749D3A4EC4172F8400B1E1BA5479098A79F48F3F977C400D54135F75DBC6CF97019E30954AAA550D95ED4E08FC2AE |
| m_{P34} | 82B02C0023B142BFFF4C2EAC7E5F83D3C76A7A18EAC7B621A0F9B65152E475C8F8E2A30479EC3EE9263F73426722E9A96DC53EC42D7C0BC50A643E66E9B8C0BDE8E893A7562CA33856D4219A5A59F599590164B4015BB9EDCD26904B9716449FD02CA7380C6A50CE22A40E0CDB787D109122 |
| m_{P35} | CF2673929413ED857B0DC9894D8AE460C19CEE9CBEDB810388C0ED13E11FB7201ED5A6865ADA459DC8E5023C73FC13D159A7A540F64FBF586A2504C18843F42714D4699DF6591944AB44126A4A83D175E8C41EFB28D34048E2EBEF454150F4878F6A02A874B1BE46CCBF8577A5EBF377578 |
| m_{P36} | E0FAEF096093575ADD91187D72DDB6E6401BC189A5014D6149E092146BF879450EFC3E504C306D0151ED465840ED503FF3BF92CE33E411A17AA7DADB365731D271791B8C21BED3557892C4D0B3795A24EB61566C3143A54797B8BF25194A9F8CE20C5C991FA29BBA64211B4807066A45B9E8 |
| m_{P37} | 234F19C1B17B1C403171712FDB575CB8FCBFE15B39F548E682452117597AB24B8E7E51834F222508ADF3260AEC2246AE84359DC0130229580F98275BD036F82BCCACBFDA34391C556EE7E4C90A2C67252C2614175A2D0C37D5C861A0D735DA8E05D2E7712332C0BC0B33FDFED4FD90A61D2F |
| m_{P38} | 415B84B33D1F23316B8C7DE312EBDA1091AA5BA44319C7289C78701DD437028F8CBCA30C534FFF1875A230EF762F1293A9C9BFB32856DBE06EE915D1AD66417474A705B7BFF4EC8DD448834789AE9BBBA1D2D99080CF03841DA0242E0204D3B80680C1AA6935F3F6E9F0AA2B51E5A7A227D0 |
| m_{P39} | FF16F0619F5A297CC40FC2F97DA2A92A9D144C2D1C1043F53DA05909FB7F23DD82ECE70545330C327A097FBB2F93A0E7970DC64768F76FCA0E5D255B4116550E838664791055B8D24A5837B6DE3CA65C522A50CC25284D68C3BF61440DEA011345F3127A802234B66E5FCB893830BD39C6E3 |
| m_{P40} | E9EF50791AEFDCEA8D5FCE9398C3FD7A8AFBB50F2268234F62FD799FCA3BE94285C92BEE044A546DBC29319E983C6FDA5431BCB78AED499872F24F228FA4782FEBEB6AA13606239E56F7D19107CFA441C2004192386AD0BB6DB381ECACE4D153DD844F9179263E899DB195F16D9581248259 |
| m_{P41} | C310A1E57CDA2246752056F432E5808F423AE04F5757F6B3D2E798FBCAF12517BA77CACDDF11B18D6A04CB37D80A077C8F90FDED0D33F8739312401B6889E16B8665ACA75075210424AB7BB2516828B2CAF89ADD0B8CD223FA9850B170D465125723D43C5DCFB7264F4247B4C0F5D3283C15 |
| m_{P42} | DF2A1C8FF69CFDEB8D36F67744F0C94A6028C7FFC376E4F32AE818557C2F017F040D88096141C90B1F4F55A22AC386BC40ED96EA1B7BFAC91AA0BF97E36F60E225E167D926536AA22BB1CE36BB9B42C53CD1A56B2354F23807B350BDCE7C9B01CE6AC7AF212C050F8E827CBC3AFF71D50E97 |
| m_{P43} | 88F8ED04165EA0D34E412F8C7175D3C387A9B18E0316E00DB2F6BB74CB24BA74EDDA374036FA0A4224F6434752B67462C8445EA3E51884BB5C079A862E7711AAEBE14C50DA149B032066C88E38CD0FA85AA6213F28E5BB2D67BB1E000E16B6330BDD9796AFA27EEBB6A0A7A1395DFFF1588 |
| m_{P44} | 5439C5FF080A258601EDAB8A0B54F51AC7C66B6D8165AEA5BE1E15AD85DFAAE4F908AC8404DA4CAEB3FA93AD698C835F3B60205DCDE971BE63D570267B04CC26A8CF3D5051B22D9B0F4099CA151A89508E1838185F90D7BE73161CA5CC3950E2E848B26F85B98331398AFFEFEB9A046A5A3E |
| m_{P45} | 9D26B1376B5C4F5F586486CF35762FF481842D6353D6006AC191D1157CC39678F0B4D31A1668AF65E2B78B57D7ADDB45621DAE6A3E4B0322FE0D5713485234392040C32551461A0749B53627F0364A998A18CC02EE708732DCA8189E523D588EF5D3CF70E87EA5140007BF84AEC5BC1BB391 |
| m_{P46} | 89530DB4E7FEC9DB64622E6FB8F0879B24F3D023C83AD69D674189910F1EE52BED4FCCC501EA81E122E8336A89D209FACD7F6A89F65611A470C16B12CFCB84AE475E6B82895CDA52F564DA7726210D073B38342F6BAA22014A7D0EAFD6202DE5B03CAACA0610884223E4C787E06F84A8CBFB |
| m_{P47} | A9E83B98E0C2ED7950FEB892BCAC4ECD503CBDB193D143BD03F2459DC6895A81314861930CBD9ECFF114865CFECFBF025075D3FD471558FB7C6A6CEF8547E937CF52DA324E4EA04319B78376D2F4BFFFE8E467DD8C29DD0D44135ADF1D179886A82320FC35AABE4957641C9762F7C3AA7D970 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=912$ |
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| m_{P48} | E113DC0ACF1E85730EA81E964487D1D8263A186C5B627B8F96D95244284FAF1E9D8351D1DD7957D205C15F26F3919B34196FBED8E88D96C00441A438D27B215AB448B6F6D9DA895FFF10EB3D4FEB44468F21E77CE64757F6D8A627C4A2BF0DD9D67684F80F3C1BDDADAD192EF32BAE5479 |
| m_{P49} | 687C6FAAB36FF9C20DDBC1CBB7AE82F334E48CC6C10B988D8154DA5D18746F3E9153A5510C2B026F5CC7B6A7562644E5936CEF2A023F40BF239A1F2A6DC75782F2D056174E8A904A7A11D3E301C0842F8BEEAA3D36C86F240309635A90E10E766FD8149844F8B42A9C4A59FE4863AD0E285 |
| m_{P50} | FFDBD37063D55715CEC274D716DB7DEDAB90ED8808952BEDA0E75599D5A29C13C483FB97D3A0822F46F2E1F4ABB756A7FD4710DE7333B488203F7152FE1D1DECBE5AB17EDB806681DED8C8C12C11753418E2B2A5C95D60FD2DC9970DF38C84CE7864833B69046AD039D261DC1C14CF056DC8 |
| m_{P51} | F1748076429321CABC98153CA2C18D3ECD24CAF8B22CD97C1674F6A3EE26C016CC1B8E8C3D0BBB98482D09ADB2B06CAAFFD73FEA2203F8A2B791ADE9C14A5DA7015A442392535CC10A10399B2F80D818DF180707211A8D858ADD9DB1EE10BBD6F92F2DA9CC03512EAAE5BE18F7AA87573FDC |
| m_{P52} | 81DDF8E2BBAD0D040EF4796A5EA19DFA9C0CA8067068909896A83C2E1E239D83D2B858E0864A7BDD2962AD001EB19665E4414BE81FBA6D7BBB1787AEDB0C81913D5C86E3905B20DBA6C9DAC555B4BA05574F3120FE8F3326B336B61BBC2068BCE2788641CD59032731BFA73E58869A11E4B7 |
| m_{P53} | 0F59625A8BBF1E83A906E5EB9E5E1CF85DADC7BCF7736DC02DDEADC8736F7399E4CE10601DD832D32AEA53AC895EB92DF5FFB409985EED5BC9C775C7A655102E644435ED2EB84DDF30130F101FBF2A93FE65D473593FF3A4134A41C4C7EA6A50448F8B2FE1F91F1E9E84C95818D2CA340C59 |
| m_{P54} | 3AA62BAC2BB34A4B7D06A968E20E16A1C79D865C1F87DCA2B3DE6F3D49D962175B4D7FACE8EB162E9E0FFF9FABD6F57305051838A7D5A370DB79F9246B3ABF10719EF9EFD86664DEC9B06137911903AFE43D00DC992F9F8FAD1C017CBB7591E1A02BDE56B75B2F82FE61234ADCE34AFA8017 |
| m_{P55} | 1682757D7852076B78872B235412EA5CE2AA997BD66C8689DB605F04779E70F61A4E5AB75C65F1BD3D9948C2442D9AF89EEAEC6609E7E1DFC95294C318AAE8FB0C2E025713BE5B38A08F8A8463D12081EF250C482A2DD9803628B07C9076CACFFEF49EDD6A3440A6952C73493E0DEA0DB112 |
| m_{P56} | 016B428AAA41A03CB6BAEB518F27D34CD9F4E0A7F0C149D3B8F35B9481274E4258C01E6D1F0EF01256E48B00C7D4F9FFC242273890A4D5BF9338A1F5D74F01BF56EB2E5DE461AD46F78446DC2B56667E8732E73E95768CC05615752A8D2C88DF077277F026CA1A1057DA0C15D10CD6093DAA |
| m_{P57} | 68C2F3594AD2A41BFD7BBF60702C5581B3F75E54CE7D1B3A598400306FAA22783335DAC415AF939C4596A104724F53953BB51239BEB77D2574FDC37CA1B07C5E7AAC2774DC35DFD6B83DCCEFC3C0A9B3EACE9A6052C44E8C327B24D173A760BF9535EF8095F35D9DA3E289F636521ED06584 |
| m_{P58} | BC27B7917AA3ECA9ACE1F94A1A917FE1CE6754E906AD4645719CB3818FC58A48F8CBBF32938D18D68203507A4D2205C049AA7741E089777205F1EDA69439984BA8DFFE45C210253D528305BFAD36FCC90683801A0F19022923E45DD0A52F6E2E3F9A49333250F76A8BA8C325A39B362D9F2F |
| m_{P59} | 057CA87F217E30182A60109027005CEF36F98571B1C11A6525308632CD39232853177DB25A639192FB65EA70A70D90CCAA34FBF7C2E6233A362F46345F15CC5B2565DD7537010E1BCC22AAD2C7BB05EB6BC05A5DF289A8AE249EAC10F21666C742A09462FE8F1D38B5860CDEFCAE2FE8BDB0 |
| m_{P60} | A2AD4999053CFAA50A1093DB07AEABCF6F80C293E00D8ECCB12B56CE7FBA3F62D686C15B3E1A941AB480ADD6F2176C537686F770D73ED366086E67F2C46B8AC06B870880AAA2D9B444217504ED74C7B90390485AFC46A63F15CAD9251C638278707D46A384DB62A7BA27245A5E16D6231908 |
| m_{P61} | A196D99A227C44C27BF2BB0B6029557118925061AC9ECE965EA7AC380CFE1C0C33E5B7567E4FB77B7AC7DF34E4557545366A943D375E4D8A211CF03FB7F37620E9EE47267D78ED1D0A2478A353D2217AD5AD76892388EE7F0144ECD69CE3B5B04928CFA6A68C9FD0FE817942FF143D9C2DD3 |
| m_{P62} | 2968ADAE21E52DC8AE811AD840AB7600A5C6FACB2F3BF707D0DE018178B5FF73BB31F5C88E9B6C02C54B8D7B1A049E39CD7960F7109AA5EE9A18E9C3E9F0E8359952E144169870381391E3761E3137204CA71CCC4DB38CE4394068303F088A2497FD49DF4864CBFA1675AAA895068577AD0 |
| m_{P63} | AF21B04CE4B418B9A0AD80221A9C47978750483A83E9096D9F09069C3065E8F6F1FA68EAD50B78736311BDD70F72D97290C06888ACDEA4FBCA3B25FFBC5C8E91676C4384EC68C5D3C40CCD5AC3E75116CDC28C05F08B479A73E2AF7D380F69CEDA810A60B6FD6609CFB8A7D4E98DE0596C4A |
| m_{P64} | 56BC72E0F1CB9DA84FBABFF84FA635E1AF9B60BEA6C22F8953156C90691F44D2B4078EBD8E8A8BF6760BCE5217E2B0C2E19D4470D3321083486339AFD6D57FF66E21C149B40FCFC5CDAC8 |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=912$ |
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| | 0F7B6ED2AE576F3ECD4D14A5C56DCE7CD04147F9D725A783D9915D2E7A036FC854CC373EE8333305 |
| m_{P65} | EDF8D061318EC3126958D38D4E0A0C71460B5F46E16CB7FD7A4084D174F900BC8A79C672C612E46E2AECDFCF3C744F40510FB20D15FD9C2E696F8FCCFBF80FA6A435369889E17A612EB222D50A6B88BA06408DE022EBF4EA74295F5B921AE86029D376E2D51250B79053EB3AA58B4C6F3199 |
| m_{P66} | B86E98A32DEB7FB6F9A120725EC9C07CF1864670A9D5082D7DB7FC7656AEA8EFA05D661E63A06D436DEA5CB02E5F29F4B3D364701B1481BCACF306804FC14EE48A19CB8095F9C456502B39A08593AE258DBC12B358D6918C3EB8546F9F3E36646282E08142CFA309CECC823549E02946606A |
| m_{P67} | 070850FC776EF3F88456CC9841604D144CDD4B58247B2938AA074009F128682E25FE0E6DF2C3991A5029A7E4EECA22C5718D6C457F3B529702EF34C7CBE96B6EC2A2391DD6079A21941855B5BAE1729CEDE009BFE8CBA54C25E7F0960990B004755A647D568D290A645C4C3B8E7262C347B5 |
| m_{P68} | D96CD3FAF18CE3B8D470CCA2567E54544F4F9FC471F02F6441AB5F786DC9099E16C9482468A2BF0DD84C87E36C8A7D39500538FECCF76B03086065EBF38819530458E0D4B3ADF3C66C066A0651D3E8A84BBF6A4697C05DE066B112A8B6118977923DC3A01F43014B02C525663748B4F65E79 |
| m_{P69} | F660B66151AC70269D9405C9A987C3FF25DFB65AEA14E5EB2A699BFA335AB16974D0011206212F3A3FEA6F0A6971FB3C6F4D73A6D44543FF1FA0775D57D13AEF2E470177C55F1D823299B1DCFE4CA851D7E9075CE9B8D6344B47354DA209DCE4EA6C0EB1F43ED231C04DBB510C68B2D2F336 |
| m_{P70} | 88C9890A01B550D44B635B0D4C01C20AEC17B0EA42389FFFB0D70386CC2BAD4D5A8E021A228BBD4059FD12854187F2F0DB1D6CF7AB654AEC2877D2B1A3A8C508CD9329A096F161B8DE72866C2C99BB67024C9261A24AFCAFF3A483E8D71BA7AD985E9DD0CEC2A4B31E088A7CCB7C4F39CDC8 |
| m_{P71} | 1309529E28E71D99D501350D9662F3BF5E3D54AC16408117F0083FBA22F1AAD9CC29552590B051B725B81B56E33E36C72F8EEFDA5F3EEF4629885BF827E05A4B918B831FCFDACC9656FC41D30FAC255D2C931D3E090897C3E75CCA520061DE330C60AFA9545148B27A1377300B0643897976 |
| m_{P72} | AAB7E27B83CD46F2EF18B91FFE9D9C69BB92327B0DDE3664C8974EF7BCBC77234772C02007B344BB99DDF344F7E5A6C3CA3F01B0F28DCD566BE913C274F296F056A74CEDD7680CA7969A34CD785597008543208DFC63DB6C847BD364BAFE11751515287B210554A5610D7035A374E0243E72 |
| m_{P73} | 7972CD5FFC6AF3780BB7A88BD4BF9799AC403D1976D8B4ABEAEF4888BF0C269C96572D81B3BB55E33D30900CBEEAAF1969F08E4EFC7CFE7F99DB9A184869DCB18A3D143AC725E46F01B11EEF3940932A7AFA30E87E156428EA927872FB64CFD072106F00811359CB146C957C15C3E920DA96B |
| m_{P74} | D62ABF2E9F79492FD2A22FF60CAA94DBEC39C380F12290B133DE53F18B1914DB0555BF6AAF47539337FDFEADC58B320D67644408C4F5105F8907F2254731D319FC3CA221974D5E9006979BCA2BD89C04F2D1E1FF2D4C51F3BBF2CA5BB2FE8FD34CF05AB45599BCD6DCE5C2BC53E114A723DC |
| m_{P75} | A0D97790B621153CF61E6DF09D07FABB17CD0EDFD030E300ADB777FE3569C35F747E4DD1566196305DA32BDE5BF26E395D6836254BFF3DAC9FE2BBACC4A5900A14E2E72E0D4D05D09A7A3BCF211D1E2F7E36CA379B52BC21D937BC628D6686F59171C5DC4A223D9AB1B8F89019FD50683ED |
| m_{P76} | A133814EC7D9BA19C3BF38946484310280B2333E631F2A29137230EF8B8F9A30A958D8AEE03A5578EA40ADC014AB6D8204C396AD7EAB3C17B1325D7D55FFE946525ADD5CBE28F3DA392D8873C82C6CB6CB65760DB5B0D985786A7B04237C0D0C5F43C903E9CC3126AEBF3BC5CD4349FE2602 |
| m_{P77} | 89D74B62E35F853EC718FE7A32C7B39AFCA27A41C87CA9BC76FF6640DA6ADADA997562B010AA1841DB918E947989291BDCB50C9F40FFF623CCB0336FAAF878FD49BE092804AA73A3A41907D5CD32A375C898373D93FCC4C9EA84A2DB9802521FD5376F9635EE1D0C3E8DC34849369A757F5C |
| m_{P78} | 2DDE87087BDB66B5DF7744CB16AE7164D2E5AA7B7B2CD8BB46C6A602DC9A108752DB6967F1728B12FEEEB1FCB681DDC48ED7C1C3DA5536AD84CFD9F5E94E6148F4DD3D9CF3C830F3B6401C8206B0ADF952AD505B96C74C615FC6F70381949B2E6E25F42D3E6563041FA5F501CAAA93C519D |
| m_{P79} | ACD35DB85397D81E1124B62A60CE35E4E8214318527F96F273AB6718822971BA76448B3A6E662FAFF4D37BB2176934F80AFB3E03FF494AEE2F7C5B1D0B723E316AC0D67AE53A1C0637E155729422E7F78F5FE19BB9DCF674D13157B2F8994C5DC03780B6EEC2AA0E57FB7F8A6FC0EC81AF87 |
| m_{P80} | 43FCF00452F2E93D9A4110003601467549D08A20E4DE27F025843FAE54D9E2E5820D890558C7541FC771CDDECEA6648984D63183ADD8E5BA52F6E56956B6F1CBCD93374F34F4709DBB812D155528403D364CA2E54BF1F6828FB342B3D378185A6E3E8572B2F28EF6AB194C184ACF4FC409FC |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=912$ |
|-----------|---|
| m_{P81} | B130A5C2EC864C8FF71CFDC347DB4CEE38259F34A8F9C8BD143763AA9DE869CA25E1A6A49D7A6FE1DC029DB9076FB6F111351C6FDBF0D1C1DDE412B835FCF0B97ADEEE7AE09241C2FD620D63F894BB09E839021D4D81932BE52926A33AC9C81AB3D9586AD2E8AE53CFEDB55D43965CA9EE422 |
| m_{P82} | 7AE9E0D3F5D0295917B116C28DC20E9B305296A3FF02339C1BBA86CD3D566D0C8948839C2D4751730DB66179EEDF5B04404B7D867219715C87F9A18408284F0C0894E1864A55596DB9851D0DB68B8AF7EEBAC5C01DA3284E6B42F7FCE8877AF04713C98274FB93FC8C8D421B0B572B5DD1F0 |
| m_{P83} | 9737D9C29C179CA57976D04DF9597432A763D93B69B799EC14FFEF6F84A2F56EA0EAFD13FD6D2C69462FFB551A58C17B06E32C59E605C34CA287EF8EA38F99C45D93A922C50B19FD02B130F5E704BF435A8998BE97F76181B64C56760D8A5B0043F290C1637783FBE77E9D113955431B6F21 |
| m_{P84} | 29FE9F4CB903F8BFFB5134A5D8A2B3D7A8936A3311BB1905D9ADBA1E3467AC5D3F5F6A7758130E4445856422CE094D85B620611E7D8F5B3C0CF386490214FB6DED5CF761BD2BC87CBB0F4171B566FA32761C9CF11147417F50C47BD1986AFB9EC129CDA74EB0947C06B935F5A175D22E2E35 |
| m_{P85} | 50D3795F988F865B3A9739FB23047D301913B7BDA5F87D0A3EAC478002A20C571D553EA190393D404E1718BDE3C780D26BC9FB48EB55A9228C323036F000CEC60AF43E23F734B104A4998B4662D1770B46B1643EE6A9B4D8D9308F4410821FDB39403652D53952D5CDE7903BEB66FDA2596 |
| m_{P86} | F84F4D2894AFF4B26CF0FB72DE03D5C43D98F7A13C95FCFAFA16D9AD2DEE38EBA7CE7CCD51F02DDEA932436451B6AF185E2C27173FC5DC4D52172E0451F4864933F7D829691994CD982D2D7D7B302333F13CAE7DAF6EC9E67188955207AC461AC2AC124FF94ABD2705560E5DCFC6F98C8AF0E |
| m_{P87} | 058C6EE106A2DCE93EF5220D1BDFDF725CBC4DB869698A72F89A886AD38A0F42ABEDC4966FADF33AD0C39388055421F2D4D22FF5E698C4B1F002633C051582D899A9CC51973000BC3D43E64BB0E080F392DAA65ED11D081DB55BAA3AE3EF2B5B135136E2BBBF81F17A926D9293233C08F58A |
| m_{P88} | 600EE81F7C9864F1B8C7337A7C1582B1A038B8461F5381276E514C27A86B1C96F61A3DFC4890023AA73A8F8FAD7750B3A632BF745881704C91198D40F0C6DE51293656203E4545EC660659EFDE97CB52C4540AD7E6942B475BF5C8C2047E38E3F79731AB972F64B519B4DF44BF25254FB28A |
| m_{P89} | FDDF8C811955AA732713A5973F621C8A763E4057047D3CE2791D20A49250C5BCAB0FC702FA6563274372D03275D6B3FDFB4E981D7D35A7EEA2D99F607E88CB38D7D4B35A40934EA67B3EC9E7FE2ABFED68969E0534FC6720346D8C07CDEFC5173554F14E05BD81DCA647C355AB8379BEE206 |
| m_{P90} | 624518F8749EFD5DCF5729A3D5BF4AB67A5854398C8D6A2CCB07F2BE0D676221F764716E0AEF70515873645A9F438C1250072FA65A167AEB30CF099AFC2C2504E129D7FF2BDB28B78A36A0D621F74FDD36D5EEC9BC4625EFEC4AF6CDCDC496B747134E6D94D87F7141481DEEB83B841C0E33 |
| m_{P91} | F8DF107B028097DB928CF7A03F0157BC3B50EACC30063934EE28413D7764CDDA46D17EF91CA7205516B76933B3D50D385D871357AEFA2E34D1E3E929FCD08B940AD54762D21B73B0C144C4C2309A26AD3EBEDBDBDCBB0B1A49AF796DC5D8F62F479A6CC739D6B391D97C39FA017EF2D85855 |
| m_{P92} | A45FCBE0688A55D051B057C34508507010F607661BA244DB1A7CE599CB4ABC6F3575A765E41C2EB8B5BC49E61162478CEB07461787B0EB6AD14CEAC878DC9257E48418C2F3292BD087FF3B4CB7758B00BC5380427E620776FFF7128254CAEF743129B317B8C21D0ED02B3B94785048B3B274 |
| m_{P93} | 432250D31BCDC883439F92FFA76470DE1B6689465A0FBD3A12AB4D165012AB32B7EDEBC85968CB1BA84C24321CDDCAADB0175DC6C2FE2EBA78EB788E049F8ED34A3AF1F42519957C74896872C3BC6C0A7A210E8438EC84085A3C4E3884E8B79AA57F85937D815C493C044B80519F76EAC075 |
| m_{P94} | 4E3834426643F2C419007C48053C6B7AEA54D231D68631D5CE305FC33C155405B2566ADF0BC3E4D70B498B3CB2981425D610559C2EB63213F07AAF3E240653230436ABF9D823799A05D78D4D5A45A67F6637C9D9A4BEF410BC0290BCFB47E206A64FB6EADA1CCFC9B77023EC705670A9439C |
| m_{P95} | B655DDE80717690057C86FB8C2F9A922D4965624E527B42C080EDC3114472B5D58E3076EE606A6513515FF6FE1F5C6CC4F6A34AD865C7EAF03558BDDA4A96A838B1D13543B87E382A4CEC3383E4F2EC960D9707CC52624905326B32B0F6C8F3CB3FE7D912B8040518E61C0C1D0BE6135F4 |
| m_{P96} | D3817A6FD2936F4738A55F19CFBD1EE3801CB86F9B9656D39BB4CCE5EC930CB801BA371A05876F63F2A9919BF8E769F140338176169439309841D43FC304EED8D80164D2EFABDE83DBBAEA927748597DC553E6A2EC52E3D7340FFBEAF817484A7558B59753BD8661596C940CA6F16570D6F3 |
| m_{P97} | 0CCD1503DBC6DB746E369372930B18BEC1C972C30D3BAC9547590AA432AA5280492851CF8935F74A5431E97169A3322586719FD703B122B70A0394D784A010D6B9BCA2A9C7284B8368127F |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=912$ |
|------------|---|
| | 2C00BB31CFC8EC1B3A31EF6EE148114BC0867C1182A742FA26A2EF1F62F948762C3FC6DF7E1E4C |
| m_{P98} | 68AD9382C2FB0471F415D72240613B24F019FD981423501796E76898F2D423801EA8321E01CFEB9DCE4AADE7CBDF0C10F94F98E6C9A561204D4051487E5326173030FBE760C28D8BE6815FCE78805E9C55CF7994AC8482B6A13254CE7FD3ACCD6D96CC35913962F57965D2BA905D50F4F7F4 |
| m_{P99} | 965AD6AFC7F7A822E2D0A7F3F8B23BDD89DA7667882789C85A010B0CD095E2BD43919DD6BC8F290FD5FB7B1F0A4F8C47C348EEC37F483B75721352856568DFCFC16AA1168E1D948E9861A5E693AA0AC4F26225CC888DF6F326DF4D5014C892ED9A6A8E99C4140BAF7C03873532F0CB1EDB7EF |
| m_{P100} | 11514B31D4E01ABB0202CD8B26B4F3610886058BA519EF4C9701EDF8ED2E935F65AFC454C0B672B14B06672BB742640EA5BDBDA47FA5F87BE583F65331E2A30CD850B4619637DD7B8464606F10236714131E1D2AB4EC55654D05A93050E6F8748B4DC83C6202B7FD63CA1FC0EA00DBD48538 |
| m_{P101} | F6FE8BDAEBB7FAA334EC95ADC619F8A04171707C84C79A7C96F973392176EB7AC5626FB24D0F88EE8D5FC99DA5F03C381A93ED455B13DAAA4DA3EF7A092D114316F6D25F319473BFA8EF025438B0A510DB7F4E8436A38B16606150D2B35B2872DC206AFB17732FD16219BA58CBA1CE402B9A |
| m_{P102} | 912FF3C82D2B7FDA4703DAE6E349E1844212B4672DB02A4D0D4465220C1A4CF0E7D56C945ADA538D465A76C7DC3AE272BCBBAA4FB9D9925EC41FAE0735380C1126E36EBEE55270F99A0D851FEB280B103E3F51080B99496B2E3027F6EC16D91EF42C58E4089AAE68CE075D323C4A2D409CE0 |
| m_{P103} | 4789D7468124CE0AB731772154704A07BDD14C319DAA60E9E3B55E30D61616301AC560BB31B6341FA629F630204D057A74B8226EDE4A4696159DF3BC7DC3597072A1A95464142AF23103CB7C28AA69A7D2CB990967427F9EADF3EB65FB95DD72CEA804DEEE0924307794D99FF406F0AC40F6 |
| m_{P104} | 9A5C8700EF68ECFC28CD6552C267515F58593EA84FD48BB5D63EA028DA77F92787FECA4FEDAAC04591502198A10725B62AA7361C932B58C6F4D431103A56AF5A8400E8DE5AD26788F28526387908EE52B030B639DEBA260A321B09BD60E7BF3C54E1D8264A04B0F65D81F9473622CC05C3AC |
| m_{P105} | 9F6A2D1D54D09A6A3AF7BF514DC754301A164602D531807186D9930FCFAF112D40F72D17DCE9C40E9EEE8FD2E5D1D3BA4543ED609DAF163CED9BD0074D3E5F7E17F5AC7B4FC4CA0690977DA3533AFDBA5BD328BA079BF2335364035D68673B98330B92AF5E3C26A9AB596986EFE9665219F8 |
| m_{P106} | FFEDAA9F3DC1F267C121D6303743286B1AB1094A1790B58B1E4DDA9D16303A3289BC4440987775D6491383589C96181AE093289D42230FD88BA098F3575FC393246726C9EAF6955EF135EF07E862915734A5994D2CA7301FE844DE7B4BA9417CF10045BEF5F4D4C5BC044A347E5C9E99821 |
| m_{P107} | 644CA39E3F93C4AC795EFC5B8BD90228E2638BAE24CF4C3DE75697823DF4AEDD3253E98081C4BD215DC64A9E6BC0115027F6BA4E4FE2A93FC726DBA4D9D21DACDBC76B45377B68863F9FD426E4F89625657EF97C03D277C373E15D21EB721AFEAD246ADF1A0A2A0CEA730BCA98CDD4CB808 |
| m_{P108} | AF16DD60C5458A3D27E36850281E401B10116D5B0BCEA1B159C97487584652047981333D5573686F4C0A063E1186306FD02DEFE2C61722C5BBED60249AA2D9260ACDF870B3B5F5CFD7581580DE486D8D9F332A6C6B6464AB0E9D54159CCD03D6F9CA12C13DE34145B34FA40703FDC76AEE7 |
| m_{P109} | 33FC7C9D9FF74A2FF009240C3AF398937D078012219BA54C6B0B0D9448391CD1D4017CBDB54AA59355EF05A9712779D71761D96F650EE10546C39694938AEE89F7CE6FCCF4BF987D0E9DD584992F2732D5838A92E537559EDE2FCEE82302D7FD8B1C9CF8215B67BE61D4EF4523EF9032B1E2 |
| m_{P110} | DDAC8DB73BF5A8FD9A74561DE805959C2ADC755274740993616B3771D10C6F5B0B8E4939A444F280B39CFD29EA0F562FEE0405451D8D9DAEFB8B1E0C8D69CBEDD6D23D8A56A3A9B87BD6EDE46FBCCC135D70B8FD4619C35F9A72E93E8954FA787B8452347E4B209013736D0EC059A243803B |
| m_{P111} | 516913696CB4D961C939529F64585F08C42D1FD1DCDC78F16DFD5BCE287434ED251FA1AABF676006D75FC455DDE30C8840BE6AEAD10F8A12C641800C35B8CECC9BB54037AB1075190EE3D2D8D81F675898FC442A57B3A7B18B0AF90528DA8019245182E920B926AE569D656E3BB03A975CD9 |
| m_{P112} | B2419222199441C48BB085E7982DCFC0FAEB16D39DBFD22270AB8EA6A802DF3580ED6A68A90E3AF03281B48ED3FAA2DC45371E3733539E70B137ED82D5A2CCC2031BE3D6A4786EE9D9A9153658EA0B483EDD49F9D1E189F3D418B73825CAF3B4D05A805F80FCCC5949704252390DD3E86EF6 |
| m_{P113} | 04D96F94A767AB70BE85D6EBFF3831E2825595CAF1583CAF2B75010816DF65757F4BB4BC58E011FC5CC50F220EC72ABF672E8C9A29821D4A106603187276492C366618C68CECF60AA6D4B4F03505EE0BEB591336E130EF4593C5C11749CC3D2974B1AACD0DF19672F9330457241E201DB7CC |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=912$ |
|------------|--|
| m_{P114} | 12CE52D22E8BDFC665F49D86AC6C488C9012088FA091E5EE13B7C45A9A5CB156F147D6ACB FF87C4817350AD15C5FC3773F3C58FD0D3B88242CC46DD43A5288933ABE5A6055FD67B1159 3C900A9654D82BE40200E38C7A9643BF25419861A2D674B84995301121FB34389CC5AC83E94 CCC738 |
| m_{P115} | 3831B0AED8C54E6F5F348C22351E35AB1099C47149117A40521B30D005DB13A81337A7EF75B 0A6FDEE2012E394935C2D61C0BAED3B65D4FC768C30F654E97BD33A54F49A2753915CAA137 F8B99861872F00F6C019DA1A27277E1FD648608CC108EFA2D85490980F7570C37619D5F4785E A45 |
| m_{P116} | 2D7BDCD4C93F3175F441994A9B188976A7F4F714A80AF693139FBB757C1D0D71274167EEF2C 36F891612ABF8B3504FB2A1F0BC1DF24186A6C2B79A4EF118F67FF477AFD650F6BD208599D3 31C3B5ECFBD173C25D7CBB9A0C9D4E0F455509A8BEF805201429E3192D82477E4E85D606C 53AC |
| m_{P117} | 01E085F900F58E7769F8C8A24DCA26984EE56F2D8CF0A0726508094A20ACAEF0703351EBF8E DDC1C59012F9A3032B11D5BB260FAD321280BE48642CE84C0D3681E57784332A87DA3C06C2 CCF0993A6EC2BE1A979414EFADEEF3CEC8E12C41F55DE52D48F0B851EA968C159B9CB2D51 4CF4C5 |
| m_{P118} | 32814E789480CDAF8D0E09BF65DC4863B99B8542F0693D77ADAF6F32D0173110789E26F1BB8 F9A8A71D09DAB03FD52935945D7A4EC68C8B043B27AA81200CCA1DA23A9833217CFCAB5D6 2E0C488EA2DA2C73DB031F205D7F960E9D8918A5C652C1501EE93204D273464BEF438A94DF 4496AE |
| m_{P119} | 15DD44EF0204B908795A090C32188643FBE7366EBF30DADCFB2C41953A854FEE39EAA7E9E4 E58E30B45409B72AD05B43BAE11095FB1D20FB2A73E04448DEC973926BD7BA0EC291A29AA7 EBDA5783A2A253649F036962A0E4525A07C66653394116352439A2520891F8E18D2CD360FFE0 B111 |
| m_{P120} | 89217691E99FDDE0598092D7413C6946390C718299455B5B455CFDE3E2E15CAE056389BE60C 836B500053044568990C9EE40582F6978F91EE5ABD501408EFD805F4F64FCE2FAA5607976AC0 16633E12FED435EDC627548B79898DE3B5FA8B246196CB2F4289A0E3FBC7A4A911274D4CCC 980 |
| m_{P121} | B3047C6EC9C960702C122202B7BA48D54A1015C1F9CA22D879FF5435C6EF930FC5EF8FD811 3B48BE47D794B87E5194F8E7B4525B4CEE45FF5D0D70CCC00C67496943EBDC878DE4F9BC8 849A24CFB05282B117F140A4B1967B8F4E38A0637A4E8C916914CFAC15D399174B1AA65C86D A472EA |
| m_{P122} | CED19A2B452FB08A4E677AE137AD75601BD7824CE59E4FA627A3C5AD101920FFD89328B3A9 17782F05781BA0292EEB18193BC1C3C02B48D272D449F381CA20B12B1C27A480C628A33AC47 2F2EBEEB775D3D3681A365C728DB9476CBF8744D84448FC6303BDD28BC38413277F6B61CCD 4A913 |
| m_{P123} | EA7FD3D0732484865089964AFD0181F0A64E0B9BF58C20C3F34D45739C01ECDD11681E3B4D 175D237A19C2800C8024FB7D3A14DDDA53180B10E8F1C569DD9CE06FF19EC958989AE43ED2 6E96DCA2E954BCBB6EB502F0C269EA75F5CF002BF49B383A00159C0D39AC71D502B5571636 16B66E |
| m_{P124} | D08DC6EE2CB2EB2D3890230CF7411F51F71024C8F05CDA7F958CBCB81B12C0CF27342431C CD1BBF61DEF50298E87ECB4A98C489D3CABDB55CE95EEAFF850BA13C0F772CD9F2943F961 227078A05FA3AEE18E61657D04AA37B7F98BF5B6DDEF0F87ACAA5B4D1D2CE0622DF6B8816 EFAA2F448 |
| m_{P125} | 70C1FC8BAE04C07CD256269A02056B79CD0014D188197B4BE89AF8A460026EA8FBC7C13A77 93F2822A94A4A7234727516D44A5BA521E3E28C34396C69BEC8233FD0D82FA8D5B2C4F12F92 84962A6F19C2E655AC44BA85F064E8D134F28F9EC479FDBFBA74223466D185CA34C7188C6E7 E515 |
| m_{P126} | 82323B03B81937932EF44D0BB2A22DF5F8803080618940A4F1DED2778230FBE3D04545B86B1A AC4AFD43A90DA09148456DD81684F7C143C48C710076ED7A60BD6128BB9C4717DB97331CFB 667E9EC1D4B03191B3A218B12CC957A3F5182A452694FDE1A4241B1410DD104BE1551F1E85F 8A5 |
| m_{P127} | BE616513AE32C4143C92A7CECDB56F082F7907098FF61403161D95CA3767AAF7F46A8D60D66 C6195D27F25FC5D0D840F7DDDD67A3E492FD9FB85A805CA0438F822BDE583BC11B74C760E D2FBC9DAC6F361EDF71B17B96B065D5E2E43A9A87A7CD561FC8F4BC809F474D68E6C4B6A7 542065A |

AB.2 Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 2

In the case of burst type 2 (see subclause 5B.3.2) the midamble has a length of $L_m=512$, which corresponds to:

$$K'=8; W=57; P=456.$$

Depending on the possible delay spread cells are configured to use K_{Cell} midambles which are generated from the Basic Midamble Codes of length P defined in Annex A.1.

- for $k=1,2,\dots,K'$, only, or
- for odd $k=1,3,5,\dots,\leq K'$, only.

AB.2A Basic Midamble Codes for Burst Type 4

In the case of burst type 4 (see subclause 5B.3.2.3A) the midamble has a length of $L_m=640$, which corresponds to:

$K=K'=1$; $W=256$; $P=384$.

Thus for burst type 4, K_{Cell} shall have a value of 1 and the midamble is generated from the Basic Midamble Codes (see table AB.2).

The mapping of these Basic Midamble Codes to Cell Parameters is shown in TS 25.223.

Table AB.2: Basic Midamble Codes m_p according to equation (5) from subclause 5B.3.3 for the case of burst type 4

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_p of length $P=384$ |
|-----------|---|
| m_{p0} | A88E403803494ACD25F9E40A2DCDD572F13461ABE91E3931AE9BAA94CB6250B33216EC49AE028C3BBC10389C97F8652F |
| m_{p1} | CC81718FE2E076D4CF6787847831AAD28E7B131136D8F6BA65B6F32240918434A3F445405562FB1449F10E152DAF8E57 |
| m_{p2} | F40249685685DC493F2F7B8FA91E3373C9CC902C0BD54963EB4661355AE6F0CAA345E3043FD5943520360E136708D755 |
| m_{p3} | 7699416BBFC40E597656AB7B319EBEA4B6B898BA357DC20BF01A36A2FCBBC1191012836E532F0F16EDF1B1CEF8C8B8CF |
| m_{p4} | FAEFD4A1EAB45332B43D34DD877032192973A4D6F3DF1394E26FCB2FE608A777FBACAFB87B8598AFEC0387456274D828 |
| m_{p5} | D7E24FEBBDEE2558FD4B77BE0F9C79D86192A829A93A8B8B4D93322B1ED2C5D8408D9F64E75390B7FA9E471EE94503C8 |
| m_{p6} | 419C96CBF5D07CF7E8CA5F0F768F635EDB2AC91013955685FC464F533BC0A7258D1F820E79FB4E3D64AAC88DCDBB3089 |
| m_{p7} | E3A9C7C56BD042B22E63B7A593F95A82FF67F59F50DF76D419022A69C986F86F98C0D3981B3297BA8844BB0E9CFD7C81 |
| m_{p8} | 6D15CF45BA384523320B323033CAD89B6738F7AB22D252DC51AE9EE06F290819C6BE3F7F9A07DE5BB70E57E8F878BDE4 |
| m_{p9} | D8EEF2FB18D658B7C0BB3A1186FCCB4F5EFC5768F6989946D7858A678EE850D90BBF2520B92A7131143B9F7EB9F92E8A |
| m_{p10} | 13C613CF8AB1ADBB998FA7E415710C87FB2C4C64B040E153FD2A8FD05DB395B4BC4BBF5611855AD3F354DB99F1A7364C |
| m_{p11} | 64B93D117F33C1FB4BDCFC82823C977CD7F749512ED50B51D9399EEDADDF57C39B1EEFD1823272C26121F74967803ADD4 |
| m_{p12} | E9757EF85FFC178DD991A01C81AE8A36E47B1450E6DA60C96967E798E47B43C3BABA4E7FEF186B305E6AEDDC8D0A4A2 |
| m_{p13} | D83562B863CAECEB41458179A04E4D90DA7B6F15C627A81480ACF210A3403E7E60506E859665EB6AE94BB2079988DBCF |
| m_{p14} | 54D018301703F6E38A1DB4496DB91650AA4715A51D4D1807401CEC4AFEB6368B9AD50A15FB B7238935963FB0987671C8 |
| m_{p15} | 20176660D98A8C4D0442BDF1F0EE3FB4D1684B7A93684FA4395B784D1CA8838A238F28AFE9003C4D3CEC0562C5E79DEA6 |
| m_{p16} | C5771FEDE124CE07C75F48321D8B0EEF34275CFFDD49F7D59685CCA298D09D36A558C903E2EE5C74A20EB02E50FFBF9A |
| m_{p17} | 7B2AD0AA898419CE863FA812CF47B32F369C9A404A936648F0DBBFBF521E822635E7A87B17C138E2357E957737F4D67F |
| m_{p18} | 0005E4C456A52687FB8C38217E39A6CB CD18EC8AC6951F7482CC19BACE70BA1E6E116AA6A5780F656C72B49EAFCD0312 |
| m_{p19} | F7561674AA43738CC1EFE9434061CF17B8FC55792BFFBEEA2B61F5E1A46BB14B19926DC98B D4B747166044BC0F652693 |
| m_{p20} | C1F98B595BFB89F7F40B1D84965981E7035455112C337DA389E04D8146B6F40D83352895247E53142A8D7BF7063A0E88 |
| m_{p21} | 2374B1EB35DE57B4114DA547D25C39887663800D53E7C0A4A8A97525E7E364FA011B23A113A4C1067763DA770E58CAEC |
| m_{p22} | D3E5382DF383595C983C2CC2369703A5867C84AB2EBD9C72044EDD8CD5683BDF4CDF10ED04D4DEB1D3D459020247A206 |
| m_{p23} | 7344E4A74618745A817E7036FF6535629AF647E852129F6F70887CEAA8393DC859725FC7BD52CDF241B31FA7BEDF9BD4 |
| m_{p24} | E1EAA999935A9C04CE360B3077241EF63FE1103A3C15AFB1CFB7AEEFB93CCD5357B0068E70F28EDA990B6906AAFFA4D2 |
| m_{p25} | 39BF69ED889CD875DA83108FEF691ACD1FFAD5B5E76218318EB45DEAB2022D82455B592C1FC550FE197165A07E346D5D |
| m_{p26} | B817C216E9A0A224D8E5A4DF3F68D53BBB89B156261C5FD877FA96352A073B6B0E53BCF0765093DB7AF0C6E13AD98BE8 |
| m_{p27} | 075DCFD E008B110F56C59A61219770846DAA58B896D4914047EF786F03E13F985B03BBE4FB3B352A19548163C5144B69 |
| m_{p28} | 913AFDAD21CDAB1D363C8FFEE158E9EB5EB699D54DE5E65770A963D349744BC935C4ED0C49903CFA0F13EEFEE3BDD511 |
| m_{p29} | B6C348E72A210714B90035C905F22D6777849F28C0922E3356DF84F655896C2E8E8DAD0C1AA |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=384$ |
|-----------|--|
| | BD7CC81633CEA68E8AC47 |
| m_{P30} | 51813E8CB9F2259B52C62FA1955034D0BD52B39C108EC46D3AFF6F8F8C3BDD1ACB3725345CE83C0AD7DCDBEC4547FC96 |
| m_{P31} | CD1DDE061856436714BEDDE2EE9DE7A9A2D795125FBE023A13AE1DE727EAF0B6265AAD72BA3BF4C40C82996F486A50EE |
| m_{P32} | 1690CBF556A6D9268773D5840033E9DF832FFBE2BD0F09D93DFC18E92340EF9CFD11BB6331D7D572D7D17CECAC6D2D23 |
| m_{P33} | 244048BA6D32A3793E12532E670BAA42EE28BF58116F67B9EDD184E1861476D928447A874A1EB0A6A43F1760EB19B83C |
| m_{P34} | 81FE8B4F56FC4BCB5E1366CF41E6C559FC109846FFF538636862AA52A5F12E1F974B656D3811C882A30D56CF2775E473 |
| m_{P35} | 921F5B3F5FC92ECE95B09141BAFC214696D1E534E711856E327FD1D8823D4854C510E6C381BABC0B29C600B193F9130A |
| m_{P36} | 50A3DF0CC1B0A1BB8573F7F973106FBC94504D86DFDA067C119072D8745FA8D6A263D07DADA3723ADB439BDE5DB539E |
| m_{P37} | C3C0412A03C79A6A77AE17DFD4C56963BB56550C3745C9A5DF8E68855CCB60290CDC0F314E260AFF330194A62CD4DB44 |
| m_{P38} | 66B2C238B87005022F58273AFA04E2C590C6D710ADE4549E735E99E17D1170A1244AED82D51465FF3FB6416C179C246C |
| m_{P39} | CC0D235E5D80947EB754EFC63F6EECA6F0B9D9197C24C7A14CD72CAAB26A8F5386A231B77A3AE0D204369C57DF0D8E6B |
| m_{P40} | 6CBC1D14CFB4B14362940B67BFFE9B3C333F1DD8A97D9F947292EC91A3D01BE0FCED3529F78AFA2A2F74213B87218E6C |
| m_{P41} | C3119C5FF33FC2CB957EBB2E9B993A85BD70BB99E3A6CDA07E4343ED282293A5F4E7F9C9ED356B322C38259FE10EEFD4 |
| m_{P42} | B684A2F64D90CAB23140481057AED62E36315FD5759ED05747E4A149E784C78C52FC09EF81232BD1C1647C95CE10CCC3 |
| m_{P43} | A70B5E173176C74A6CD11BA10D026B8C86BB44814CD7C27C0A03137CAB8725AF6CE05F7A6B2BA9BCFB1072A8152843A6 |
| m_{P44} | 9257486C5A5AEA7B21B9D736FA20C34C22AA3FBC1EC9B66CAB8F8625DE7F4522DDFD8D7A522F6AC31AD7B03463310C1E |
| m_{P45} | 1FAEF03FD59EC8BF1FA57595018F1F7EF9F4517CD0F1AC5B82FED8877AD34E7333F06C3D5BCB3592B2B1084036664A51 |
| m_{P46} | F838C88284898DDA2EBE40972DA884AFE7912367CBCF5453894E639EA54A053653E888038530BC516737C43786A5F2C0 |
| m_{P47} | 1171FD1E14B8A432BAA6401868CEA05A02572C83FFA26E16444B0AD21C67B3F190D9C3A61C3F123523266BD232BC4BB5 |
| m_{P48} | 6055579BEFD3E751073BE2EF913BE962643CA37C14A172E607C7A8A8C57B521D34B121ACF6AFE419DC7E4DE665239251 |
| m_{P49} | 5D9DA3875FF37C084F7917873538EB73E66B62B74B82EF127855AAF990DF7D2D06FEFB331681846B928BDE429E01551C |
| m_{P50} | 24A63008BB9355A32892C8BB5F50D6B1B0007563BB7E2526DF1C9D4C2439630E9EA3E8FC6FFA34E297324EF00AD1D063 |
| m_{P51} | 2E64310629FBDD2F27B3487A7882789B23B833273D1E7AF4E7DF99E26555DA45AAA7BAD244FA71B00B6155C0CA50EFE9 |
| m_{P52} | E47949C3577D92C3635CB7A96E8D63A778815DB1324053579BA12560B46E7EF7B935183E3DE0A79FE88FF857B90DF2A8 |
| m_{P53} | D11CD2FCD449E3504A3CB8A92650B9376A927F882231507D9FC7A851AF31AD0977E1DBD59452532C0E841E82501CF8B1 |
| m_{P54} | D9173DEB459627122EB6F6E27B11FFFF944AD65E9F2729DF0F340486AA4F2E58CA7647C25DEC30FF55530922C46314F9 |
| m_{P55} | 70ED8ABA76E26BC7C9E8748930944691EC16B7F702042733306D10824DA33E8A2EF190FA80ED616212F2926A8457C7DC |
| m_{P56} | D7CB3386C837EF00E8E56C07A3620AA239E182929956B9423B364E3117D2E6165EDE6FAF13A009C4304AF6F3A5154ECA |
| m_{P57} | E1671C07DDCF6CF5DF9A9E0CD9E6FE5C56E21CBF48028EEF2DC57993E44A46C1D32B0DAFDA39695EEB5D8AE603315355 |
| m_{P58} | 036B1806C6F2E9C263C0470BCDE197D43C8B9A2046A26B8FDAAC49FFA1E6096A7E87229574A67B7BB7FBBEB9754A7EDB |
| m_{P59} | BE3B978749D105923F6B5D8FB00F96D7C9B6C50989513D7197FE2C5DF74BEF6B328B9E884C6BF848A9C57D0C42613CE5 |
| m_{P60} | 54195927E67F3D1A28EA929625B6FD934EBF60662A37D64B2BCCFD8A3C806E5EDEBE9BCFC37F7EEA5026E071C2F10CEB |
| m_{P61} | 088C7E3F08322F71C5234A2DC35A19E385FE21BEE0CC9C2E6DF7E9F4BE424B86A583F64A9C |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=384$ |
|-----------|--|
| | EABA6FE76E0A9D9DAC9545 |
| m_{P62} | 2BD321E1A7ABFAAC6CF26EE71D2EC4373C05FA907BFDD3C929446FCE9714F98A89A0F41260E658C8BDEEA291EDF5ED3F |
| m_{P63} | 0CACCF6119FFB876DC319D3F95AB34899FEA7DA7C264A8B897087F5D58776F4978D9F4A8DF40E0858655C82E7974F3C0 |
| m_{P64} | 370B1A0FA2DA6E5F8B79D567C59404BB5DCF7584C3193BD37CBF1CFE465FC28EF6F15634E46B7620CC3AFE5482ADCD40 |
| m_{P65} | C4EF59CE4C46245B85E50AAEBDA987F51614860DBF05A0BF66706D08B2CBEF9306A9A3A8117682CD40A02C394DA8563B |
| m_{P66} | 3C77FF11EA6861254F844E393C6D8856939780A8A1F86148AE88E8C09320627CE6176936FF96ED6642AE7E33A82C5599 |
| m_{P67} | A5AD10EFCF9DE41D6436B38590FFF5C582B9AA60ED65FE5596DE566CED7E8E41C11156B5418926875F06DBA319CCDA1A |
| m_{P68} | 82B543431DDF83D2647C3778A41BCAD41295CDDD0A496D133E2F5F4577582F7D377AB993CF18516298EADFB3BE01AE7B |
| m_{P69} | 027F6793D64483CF5569FEF03190B2190CD0A210AAED5C13D8A726433660F8095A6A46715276050C77B2FBA0DCF5A3C5 |
| m_{P70} | B37EECA1A844DA19736EF3C5FDC6E3571BC7E04FB0A1E2522D1A39E21A0BF2D1D066BB9C0B99F6CA0D3A82FB7561272E |
| m_{P71} | AB07BD3A4F83028263156FF5E307FD5D253689D76A8AE789691F339258EE9BD1EED8DF3C3E625E325B28A96A467FA181 |
| m_{P72} | 2A7DA74C4C39B7BEE0CFC2C9F22E00910EC527B3515F486A767FD63B4C72C24F87EEAA337E3357B868D6B88C6A19FE2D |
| m_{P73} | 21008CAA6C91705013C5753F1400B994BB1F197327B09D0E7DC7DA0A6436DEB19835E26A949051EF75DAE4BF7864250F |
| m_{P74} | 3CB53B21CF1908B000B5675EA9FDC8DD3501FD7C5CB77A3C48C6EDA3F4D6133E9EC68374E708978B296CCD708C75DFDA |
| m_{P75} | 6F9CF0F9C735DAEEEE85FEEB096A163D18DFB7D165F2A9BBECBE152C8CEEBFA32CEA5816A4966469DDC92CC095728360 |
| m_{P76} | 597EC8A534D095769B15D0337343CCDCA78E696E9C7F18E7BE1C4C474FCFFCBA2E4EB257C04012BD7094ABAC47842FB5 |
| m_{P77} | 333D73827842A2203FEB548072C28C290492A2B355EDD78C1B65E0ED270680E67B98929EE5C89743A78FC342CCD00AFE |
| m_{P78} | 5BF3C14AB0643D1DBAE821BACFFD1A47A6FE901F2338162624331AFC25A2A66E38EA958114398D13E4FB4699A4051AC2 |
| m_{P79} | C99275C3D2108C1C9BAFD62AD68C51DC57ACBBE8B263A18868F4A1A89823C914FE19C85B4163B4B10177A2B0513FBC2C |
| m_{P80} | 4C66765966E60CB0B1D25566FFD085EBE34571B31C820D42F30A53BA4BB2C3C220DB0B717C7D3961DED7902B25FFF67D |
| m_{P81} | 1602E7FB6ADDE8FE385D43E33322D734D8E7B920CFAD9F71ACAD855C71A57B8B40CEC5ACA32E073B642E070B6BA6A2AC |
| m_{P82} | 5B43BD325ECE4E2DFAE4DB8C861F5A7445897406EBCC625E075184D18440B395DC4EDABBC20E29518A41F7F1652003A9 |
| m_{P83} | 3FF81A8A1493C202BB1062C49D88395F74DAF53A69BA63896571383099CA5F8B915E0670867C61EC8A794FAAC0A44A17 |
| m_{P84} | FF8DBBA2E6C93F02CA775F8510E975E825AF2F43D3818746BB4BF930D54E84EF5E34B447CC375DE50CF61436C62DDDCD |
| m_{P85} | 40D95EFAD7A7D2B1E00839BD4892ADB5CD1F93B8BAF7CFE528BAB563AF711CE5A6A4C1C9019FC705FE07A8364B9BC866 |
| m_{P86} | 531F4E313FB8FAF0B40B70B65DD7414C4CD9028D34CE27730690B5BF05FA3C7E5F0FDE11AEA05A450BB358433FFABAF3 |
| m_{P87} | A2FF0392249EB69A3EE41A07D50AAB42B1786988D5C3569D31238B86320529825A03432995CCF599561A6E728C1077FE |
| m_{P88} | 6FDB10A9B40B83D1D5335E99DFDCA540CB0AF54157145634F60AD3690EDED4688BFFB1C36F38D95ECAFFC363D1C32DC |
| m_{P89} | 92E6BBCDAD4D50572520D0FA4D6957A844180CE6B56814CDAC0D01FCD45973860CCF95D0438D2E99740EB6247F362BBF |
| m_{P90} | 64F199A6673EEBEE362837001ED5CB04C787CA34B5812D1EB9ACDFC26BD8CF7D6837A3E175776E47EA7BA8A185BAEE02 |
| m_{P91} | 677B0CDD0AA2362F9FE396A86105F98DF40DA2F6F9056BEC59D4F58FDF9F8B3C96CB75691229298B087CECCE960FF58A |
| m_{P92} | DEF9FAEEDFE2419FA4B449D1B89B5682E2737893D73861E8896751C98EDB97FE420C49B47BD5C613C6FA4975D45C9E1 |
| m_{P93} | 1726AFC63875C59FE90AAC65B025B474391B5260DC7CE6BB922B02ECBFA91C53B9110C02AA |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=384$ |
|------------|---|
| | 5251ACF6E8C1360B26A00E |
| m_{P94} | 35312E77E51F7B5DE09F130BB39C8EAF2CEB52F25D1E212FF6ED76A1FF24B777C40887143C8A62794595D0B1D0BF2CD8 |
| m_{P95} | 5D24F5A606D43E707271201EFA13E6895BA4F2902A20A40D58E238E601644ADA7CD86D9E99C5656ABF1202B6CC8E43B1 |
| m_{P96} | F80DF53DF2589FF24B7B328D55FC7F0D48FB86C29C29621C6A430B08AAF7D5AA85198373A77F7B12892E881C3926E7A |
| m_{P97} | D052486802107E23E728599BB13AF620978666D0D7754F5865C0D22E9360DA73D581D8C4438EBC5C2C3D56C74222297D |
| m_{P98} | C31DC3517E333297B221A9F7CE515A937E73E7CA83267C2E9F5EBEAE1B2560FE08ACEDF23F36BC3ADE463F2D54D20846 |
| m_{P99} | 88A39E4C76F47734449643EEDA50D53FF03257408630A124DF37A3E1CEE6CE99774A8D4F4BB C051610E8678D178102C1 |
| m_{P100} | F97DF22FC49643368615CF1AE6D533DF665526FF687D6700FDABAE8508387A0F3C8CC57009533C6CB4E6BE4745BD79D9 |
| m_{P101} | CA8B772CF3F8D8DDA7F6F150055AC969C3DD65E9877C874BF8FF647059C4F72A73571B46913EC206CAC682EDDCB01563 |
| m_{P102} | 211E6E505E3B7C4BDC9DFAF1EB0457627847593C0557E1426A1DA992CDF40CCADA7C9FA6DECDF1D3CCB9C23DFCFA6B1 |
| m_{P103} | 548D9792FE5C5707FB28B1277DB9735FA78847F0DA1D6C153EC719BBDD5187C496F72579E6C74405859C218A03B9FEA3 |
| m_{P104} | 49FCBC2408159269EE42A32A5F0F44D1D30DC91756E274E573DF961E7B05DA1C532AF3036BB31BFE77AEBC37051FC96A |
| m_{P105} | 09C767858FB0AA0BCFBA1FE6BBEBEC75765BDA2456959A84FE9161E2E5F4260666D3FEBA71924E26447BAD5B92E58E79 |
| m_{P106} | 622AF5FCD674D2C2D87205243E19B1C65726D78513C8FB88945A5F38D1C6400411753F63402F6280CF702ECD6852E4BD |
| m_{P107} | B53353D78D382A74373C16B36888D56575DD25E5701E7F8C8619DB360B422632E7002905B16B1B6D9BD5023B815C2C6C |
| m_{P108} | E183A082E8344992730B23036E315AED6E156FA27045DF86B067A99FB68D2DFA3201205457D3BD31A88F0BD88BF8C32D |
| m_{P109} | 9AB97BB759FDDE364A61F5158E6938AE346A03F6D073D0C4ED838015ECF56477D736A487650670FDD6D0AB1245EB60FC |
| m_{P110} | 08C36A4F926400AF9A17D43CAF2613A9D639549C94EED7CD6FF00E60D985DAFC394AB8BA4CCC9EBFC7939D5C3AB27FEA |
| m_{P111} | 9881A3B723E688515287243A605FA52838AE13E94BFBF4D97D6E04530C2EE43906F7F81019E86AE4B32504A92F399AA1 |
| m_{P112} | 2807EC91A1E3CC4847A758D16EAFE7E3AB0DB5180A978BFF7450F06778DA79CAA15E467B1BCCBF6992DEC69AE88D89D3 |
| m_{P113} | 9E9A5527723F3A4F339E828920D2556D21CD5E6FDC89B6575AF9FFA38233BBC05E8F2AE7052AC7DBF622BF369A76F0E2 |
| m_{P114} | 71812CEECEAC08C71C633D4C815AD805555A6ED7A778FD5F4D4810E5D92DA662B6836015E8F9303A79798493E4166CC0 |
| m_{P115} | 4147CB2F5C019034CADC1EBB6331B3DE37197611A6635B0784B4BF0DBBF12AEEAEA3D2E794B9C1B6BB97FCC9D408DAAF |
| m_{P116} | 445499D892AE276B0C2CE2BD81924E91B6A8D072EA3E63503F2287EB5F5E639EDE88082C16418FC294E08D069F4CC127 |
| m_{P117} | 66EE0C821076D702D1D5C35D37F25F0DCE3C8692B9CB65C4CEA5579F5AC3EF25CB06691B76DE6D972AF370A27F1415EC |
| m_{P118} | D60A097019B8C9171A344854DDDCF6472F39DE9B9447956F78B60763A80EF6CF93B650E7B0A81D59DD4B0FCBCD25FB0E |
| m_{P119} | 7244FEEA50F90D284132D7DFE7E93C0EF16DA1A10765118691471255518CB76C44AE6B274C0D3BC5C143B06AEE07615B |
| m_{P120} | 8D6B45351ABE278271368F0E2DA5EE5BD014746202478243DAC30EB011326BF99845BDAAF743D54214C193A2DF54F991 |
| m_{P121} | 42B80322CDB54071258B9B6911523E063CFC88AF918ACBBADDFE89EB7C261003E32931C3FCBA525A48553A533458E872 |
| m_{P122} | 3E1A4867271132EB25B853FEB3B44F80F69D57BF796D71F53C46D598E5BD2D22F8347B645591FAC08AFCDFE5C838317 |
| m_{P123} | 91AB7E8D6CB2EBCB099F275B1BA0C7D8D18E8A6FA2EFF169100AE4FF0ECB94F79FDDDA7F5AD42EAC766741C96E608D6F |
| m_{P124} | E16CC4455F92D7F7AAC7D83A63E94A286AE4B9CFDBC3181FFB94CC26CFDB43DCA63A169A20BE959E65062A5524DCCB86 |
| m_{P125} | 9E1BEC0CB9835F5FAFEB3C4A27D32A982346ADC4215F5A7237C4D1009CB2DECB9C1C486DD |

| Code ID | Basic Midamble Codes m_P of length $P=384$ |
|------------|--|
| | ACDADEAE123F958666B0EE7 |
| m_{P126} | CB04C57E4069E0CF9D4AD9D71567C2D243A9FB0DEDEECBA8D77EBF02CCFA77B4C491915B039FE851A4B8D9197D577A16 |
| m_{P127} | 7CB3DEC05A1E73C703BF610AC8914E2F4D63329FEFB69E1B35E86F92AB87EB27EEBC098B5B1119CC8BD1B149B2A01946 |

AB.3 Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes

The following mapping schemes apply for the association between midambles and channelisation codes if no midamble is allocated by higher layers. These mapping schemes apply for all burst types 1,2 and 3. Secondary channelisation codes are marked with a *. These associations apply both for UL and DL.

AB.3.1 Association for $K_{Cell} = 16$ Midambles

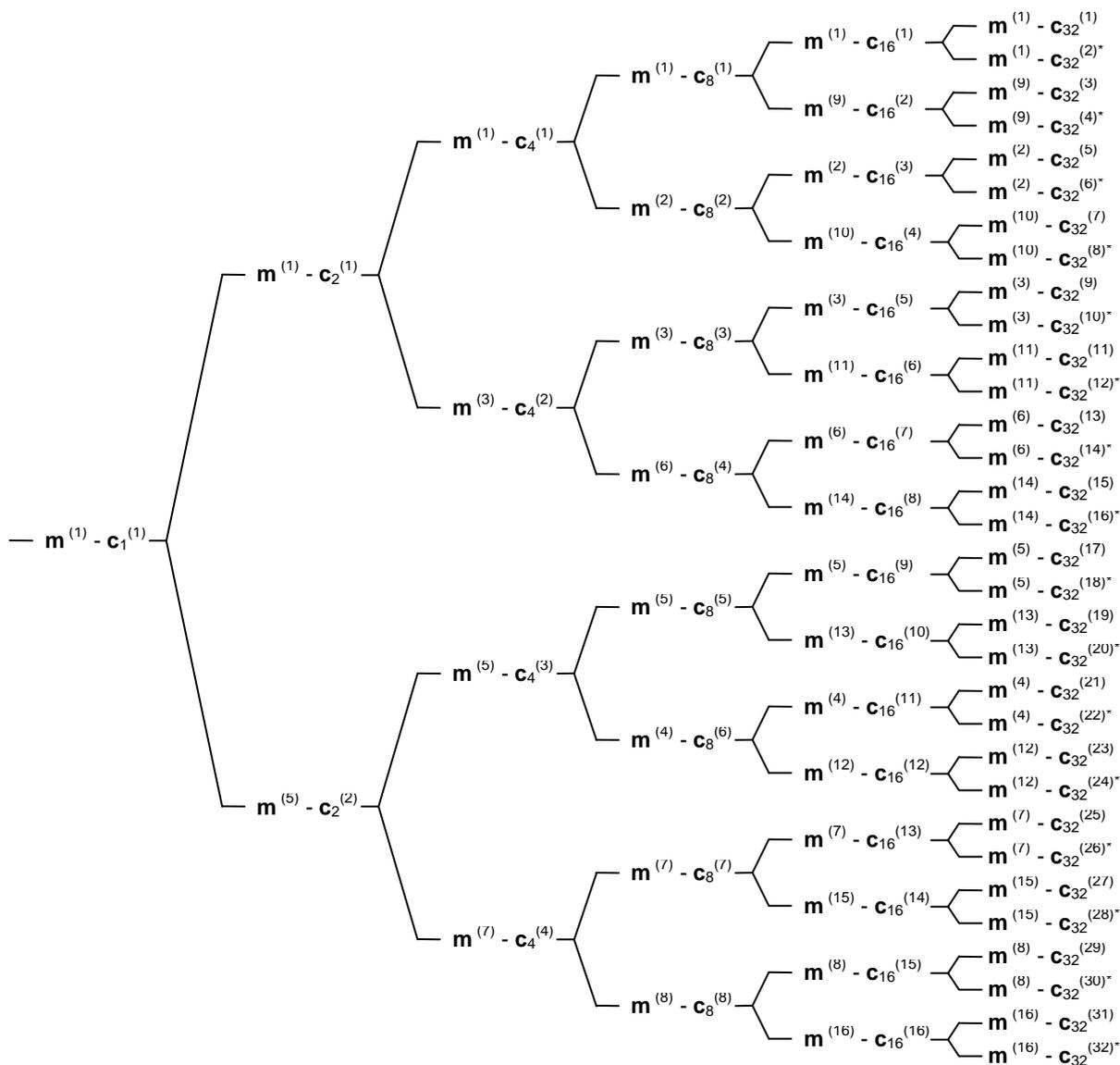


Figure AB.1: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for $K_{Cell} = 16$

AB.3.2 Association for $K_{Cell} = 8$ Midambles

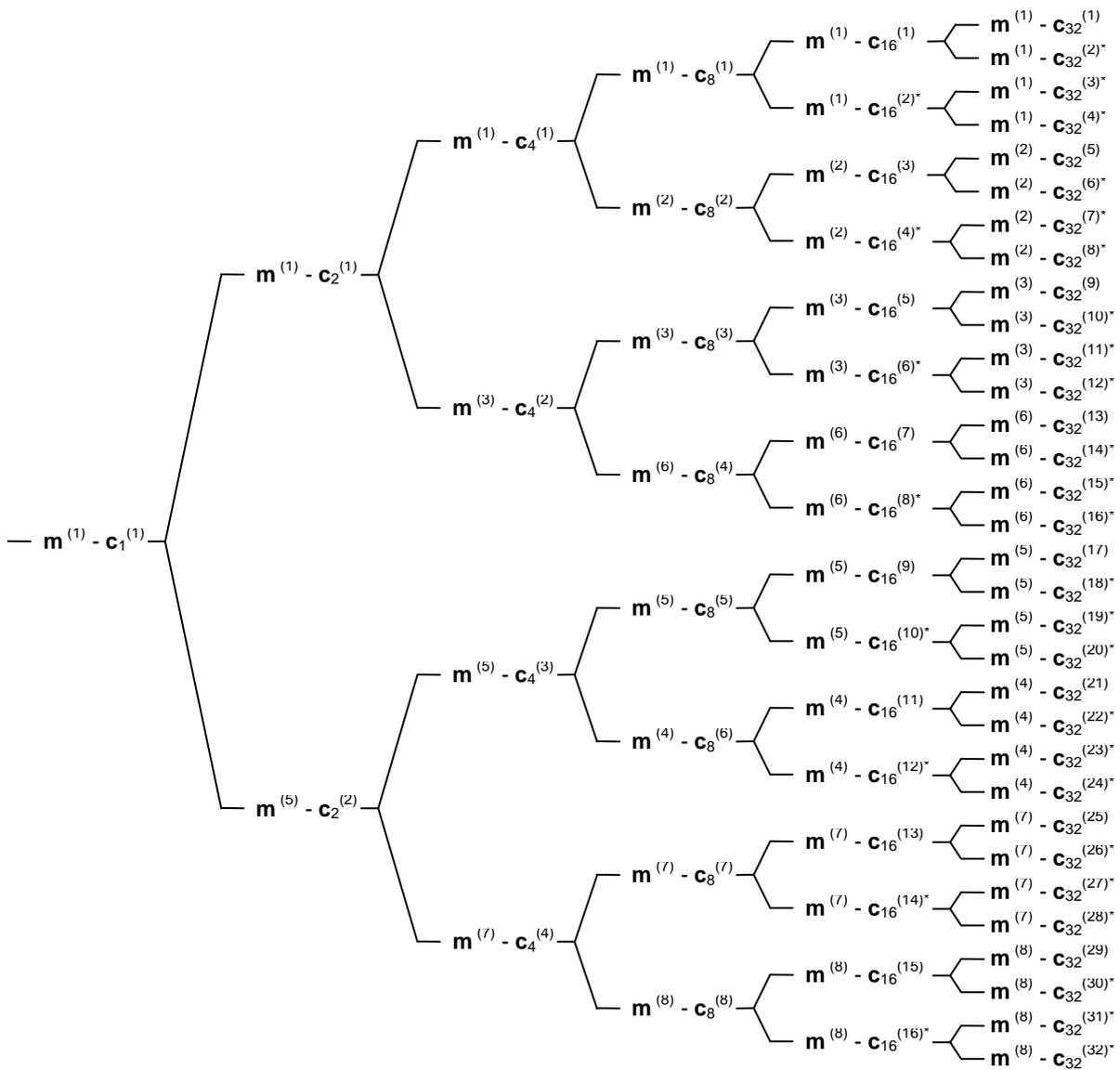


Figure AB.2: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for $K_{Cell} = 8$

AB.3.3 Association for $K_{Cell} = 4$ Midambles

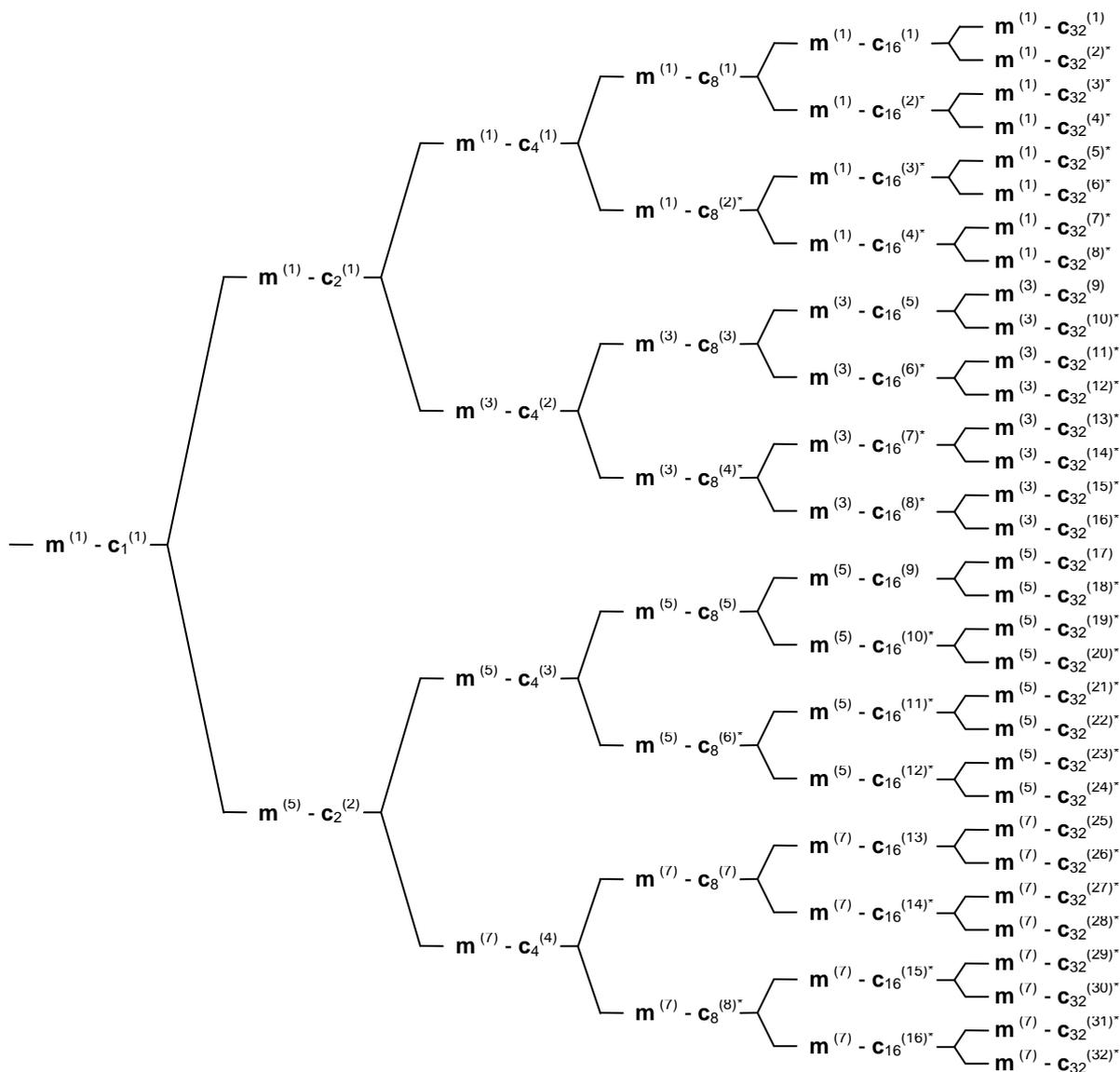


Figure AB.3: Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for $K_{Cell} = 4$

AB.3.4 Association for Burst Types 4 and $K_{Cell} = 1$ Midamble

For burst type 4 there is only a single midamble defined, thus all channelisation codes are associated with the same midamble.

Annex B (normative):

Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 3.84Mcps TDD

The following mapping schemes shall apply for the association between the number of channelisation codes employed in a timeslot and the use of a particular midamble shift in the DL common midamble case. In the following tables the presence of a particular midamble shift is indicated by '1'. Midamble shifts marked with '0' are left unused. Mapping schemes B.4, B.5 and B.6 are not applicable to beacon timeslots where a P-CCPCH is present, because the default midamble allocation scheme is applied to these timeslots. Note that in mapping schemes B.4, B.5 and B.6, the fixed and pre-allocated channelisation code for the beacon channel is included into the number of indicated channelisation codes.

B.1 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | m12 | m13 | m14 | m15 | m16 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 16 codes |

B.2 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$

Midambles

| M1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | m8 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code or 9 codes |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes or 10 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 codes or 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 codes or 12 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 codes or 13 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 codes or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 codes or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 codes or 16 codes |

B.3 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 1 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles

| m1 | m3 | m5 | m7 | |
|----|----|----|----|--------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 5 or 9 or 13 codes |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 6 or 10 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 or 7 or 11 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 or 8 or 12 or 16 codes |

B.4 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | m8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | m12 | m13 | m14 | m15 | m16 | |
|----|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code (see note 1) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes (SCTD applied to beacon in this time slot, see note 2) |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes (SCTD not applied to beacon in this time slot) or 14 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 codes or 15 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 codes or 16 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 11 codes |
| 1 | x ^(*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 12 codes |

^(*) For the case of SCTD applied to beacon, midamble shift 2 is used by the diversity antenna.

Note 1: If only one code is present in a beacon time slot, this code is a beacon channel and the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midamble(s) shall be used.

Note 2: If SCTD is applied to the beacon and only two codes are present in a beacon time slot, the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midambles shall be used.

B.5 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | M8 | |
|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code (see note 1) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes (SCTD applied to beacon in this time slot, see note 2) |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 or 13 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 (SCTD not applied to beacon in this time slot) or 8 or 14 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 9 or 15 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 10 or 16 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 codes or 11 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 codes or 12 codes |

(*) For the case of SCTD applied to beacon, midamble shift 2 is used by the diversity antenna.

Note 1: If only one code is present in a beacon time slot, this code is a beacon channel and the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midamble(s) shall be used.

Note 2: If SCTD is applied to beacon and only two codes are present in a beacon time slot, the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midambles shall be used.

B.6 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles

| m1 | m3 | m5 | m7 | |
|----|----|----|----|--------------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1code (see note 1) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 7 or 10 or 13 or 16 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 or 5 or 8 or 11 or 14 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 or 6 or 9 or 12 or 15 codes |

Note 1: If only one code is present in a beacon time slot, this code is a beacon channel and the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midamble shall be used.

B.7 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 2 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=6$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 7 or 13 codes |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 8 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 9 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 10 or 16 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 or 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 or 12 codes |

B.8 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 2 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=3$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | |
|----|----|----|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 4 or 7 or 10 or 13 or 16 codes |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 or 5 or 8 or 11 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 or 6 or 9 or 12 or 15 codes |

B.9 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 4 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$ Midamble

| m1 | |
|----|--|
| 1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 or 16 codes |

Annex BA (normative): Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 1.28Mcps TDD

The following mapping schemes shall apply for the association between the number of channelisation codes employed in a timeslot and the use of a particular midamble shift in the DL common midamble case. In the following tables the presence of a particular midamble shift is indicated by '1'. Midamble shifts marked with '0' are left unused.

BA.1 Mapping scheme for K=16 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | M7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | m12 | M13 | m14 | m15 | m16 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 16 codes |

BA.2 Mapping scheme for K=14 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | M7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | m12 | M13 | m14 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 15 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 16 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 13 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 14 codes |

BA.3 Mapping scheme for K=12 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | M7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | m12 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 13 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 16 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 codes |

BA.4 Mapping scheme for K=10 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | M7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 11 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 12 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 13codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 or 16 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 codes |

BA.5 Mapping scheme for K=8 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | m8 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 9 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 10 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 12 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 or 13 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 or 16 codes |

BA.6 Mapping scheme for K=6 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 7 or 13 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 8 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 9 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 10 or 16 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 or 11 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 or 12 codes |

BA.7 Mapping scheme for K=4 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | |
|----|----|----|----|---------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 5 or 9 or 13 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 6 or 10 or 14 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 or 7 or 11 or 15 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 or 8 or 12 or 16 codes |

BA.8 Mapping scheme for K=2 Midambles

| m1 | m2 | |
|----|----|---|
| 1 | 0 | 1 or 3 or 5 or 7 or 9 or 11 or 13 or 15 code(s) |
| 0 | 1 | 2 or 4 or 6 or 8 or 10 or 12 or 14 or 16 codes |

Annex BB (normative): Signalling of the number of channelisation codes for the DL common midamble case for 7.68Mcps TDD

The following mapping schemes shall apply for the association between the number of channelisation codes employed in a timeslot and the use of a particular midamble shift in the DL common midamble case. In the following tables the presence of a particular midamble shift is indicated by '1'. Midamble shifts marked with '0' are left unused. Mapping schemes in section BB.4, BB.5 and BB.6 are not applicable to beacon timeslots where a P-CCPCH is present, because the default midamble allocation scheme is applied to these timeslots. Note that in the mapping schemes of sections BB.4, BB.5 and BB.6, the fixed and pre-allocated channelisation code for the beacon channel is included into the number of indicated channelisation codes.

BB.1 Mapping scheme for $K_{\text{Cell}}=16$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | m12 | m13 | m14 | m15 | m16 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 17 code |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 18 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 19 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 20 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 or 21 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 or 22 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 or 23 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 or 24 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 or 25 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 or 26 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 or 27 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 or 28 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 or 29 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 or 30 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 15 or 31 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 16 or 32 codes |

BB.2 Mapping scheme for $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ Midambles

| M1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | m8 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 9 or 17 or 25 codes |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 10 or 18 or 26 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 11 or 19 or 27 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 12 or 20 or 28 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 or 13 or 21 or 29 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 or 14 or 22 or 30 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 or 15 or 23 or 31 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 or 16 or 24 or 32 codes |

BB.3 Mapping scheme for $K_{Cell}=4$ Midambles

| m1 | m3 | m5 | m7 | |
|----|----|----|----|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 or 5 or 9 or 13 or 17 or 21 or 25 or 29 codes |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 or 6 or 10 or 14 or 18 or 22 or 26 or 30 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 or 7 or 11 or 15 or 19 or 23 or 27 or 31 codes |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 or 8 or 12 or 16 or 20 or 24 or 28 or 32 codes |

BB.4 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{Cell}=16$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | M4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | M8 | m9 | m10 | m11 | M12 | m13 | m14 | m15 | m16 | |
|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code (see note 1) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes (SCTD applied to beacon in this time slot, see note 2) |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 or 25 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes (SCTD not applied to beacon in this time slot) or 14 or 26 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 15 or 27 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 16 or 28 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 or 17 or 29 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 or 18 or 30 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 or 19 or 31 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 or 20 or 32 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 or 21 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 or 22 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 11 or 23 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 or 24 codes |

(*) For the case of SCTD applied to beacon, midamble shift 2 is used by the diversity antenna.

Note 1: If only one code is present in a beacon time slot, this code is a beacon channel and the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midamble(s) shall be used.

Note 2: If SCTD is applied to the beacon and only two codes are present in a beacon time slot, the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midambles shall be used.

BB.5 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=8$ Midambles

| m1 | m2 | m3 | m4 | m5 | m6 | m7 | M8 | |
|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 code (see note 1) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 codes (SCTD applied to beacon in this time slot, see note 2) |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 or 13 or 19 or 25 or 31 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 (SCTD not applied to beacon in this time slot) or 8 or 14 or 20 or 26 or 32 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 or 9 or 15 or 21 or 27 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 10 or 16 or 22 or 28 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 or 11 or 17 or 23 or 29 codes |
| 1 | $x^{(*)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 or 12 or 18 or 24 or 30 codes |

^(*) For the case of SCTD applied to beacon, midamble shift 2 is used by the diversity antenna.

Note 1: If only one code is present in a beacon time slot, this code is a beacon channel and the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midamble(s) shall be used.

Note 2: If SCTD is applied to beacon and only two codes are present in a beacon time slot, the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midambles shall be used.

BB.6 Mapping scheme for beacon timeslots and $K_{\text{Cell}}=4$ Midambles

| m1 | m3 | m5 | m7 | |
|----|----|----|----|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1code (see note 1) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 or 7 or 10 or 13 or 16 or 19 or 22 or 25 or 28 or 31 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 or 5 or 8 or 11 or 14 or 17 or 20 or 23 or 26 or 29 or 32 codes |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 or 6 or 9 or 12 or 15 or 18 or 21 or 24 or 27 or 30 codes |

Note 1: If only one code is present in a beacon time slot, this code is a beacon channel and the beacon channel is the only channel in this slot, by default. Therefore, only the beacon midamble shall be used.

BB.7 Mapping scheme for Burst Type 4 and $K_{\text{Cell}}=1$ Midamble

| m1 | |
|----|---|
| 1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 or 32 codes |

Annex C (informative): CCPCH Multiframe Structure for the 3.84 Mcps option

In the following figures C.1 to C.3 some examples for Multiframe Structures on Primary and Secondary CCPCH are given. The figures show the placement of Common Transport Channels on the Common Control Physical Channels. Additional S-CCPCH capacity can be allocated on other codes and timeslots of course, e.g. FACH capacity is related to overall cell capacity and can be configured according to the actual needs. Channel capacities in the annex are derived using bursts with long midambles (Burst format 1). Every TrCH-box in the figures is assumed to be valid for two frames (see row 'Frame #'), i.e. the transport channels in CCPCHs have an interleaving time of 20msec.

The actual CCPCH Multiframe Scheme used in the cell is described and broadcast on BCH. Thus the system information structure has its roots in this particular transport channel and allocations of other Common Channels can be handled this way, i.e. by pointing from BCH.

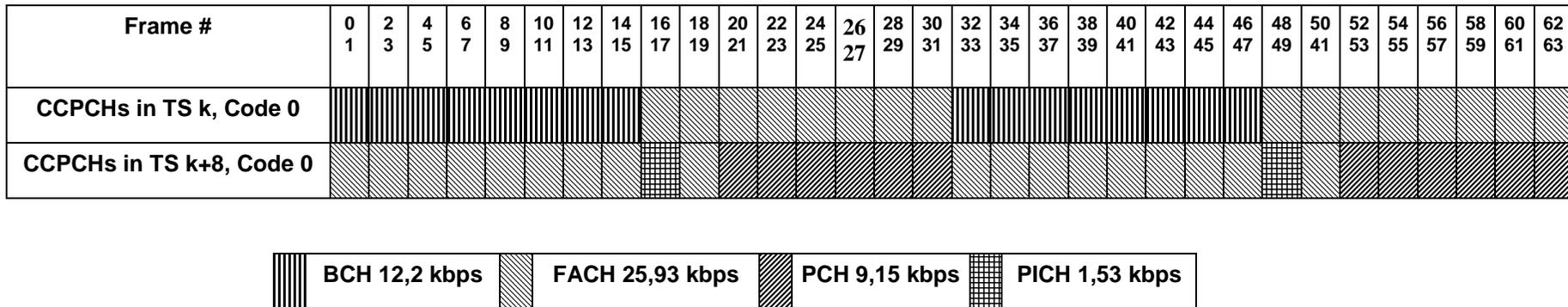


Figure C.1: Example for a multiframe structure for CCPCHs and PICH that is repeated every 64th frame

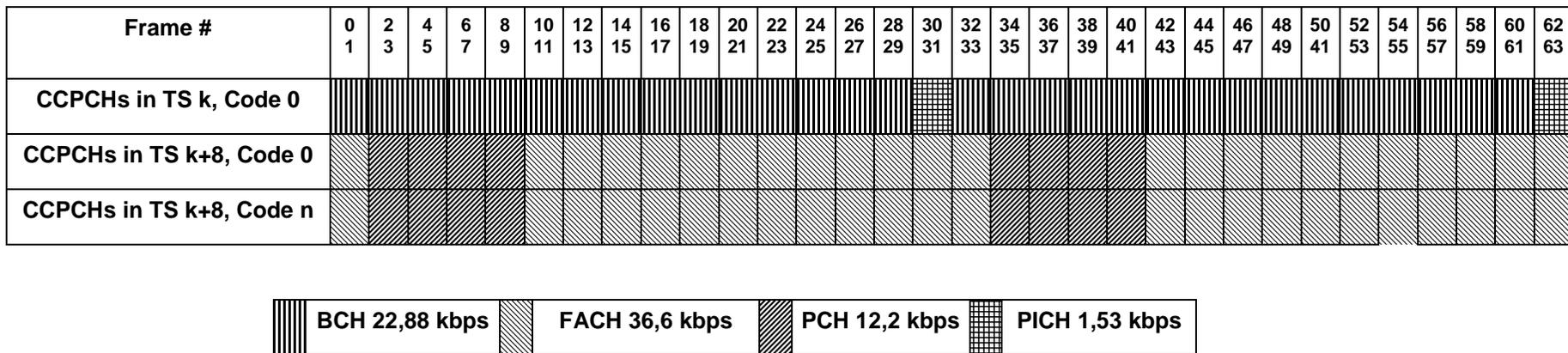


Figure C.2: Example for a multiframe structure for CCPCHs and PICH that is repeated every 64th frame, n=1...7

Annex CA (informative): CCPCH Multiframe Structure for the 1.28 Mcps option

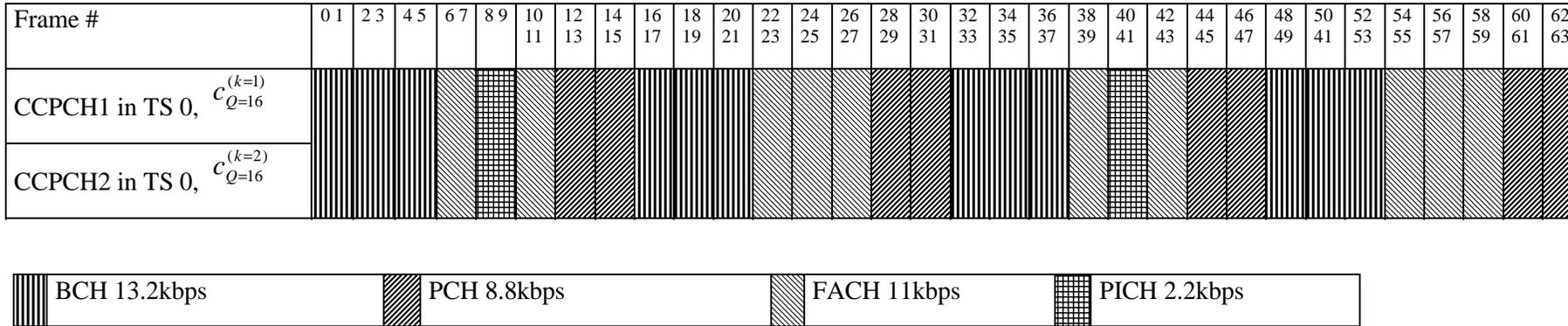


Figure CA.1: Example for a multiframe structure for CCPCHs and PICH that is repeated every 64th frame (128 sub-frame)

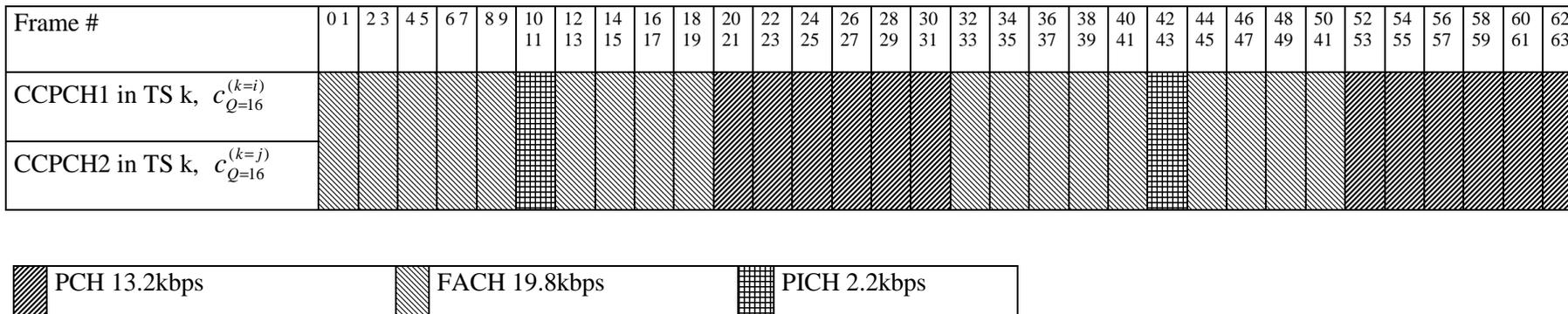


Figure CA.2: Example for a multiframe structure for S-CCPCHs and PICH that is repeated every 64th frame, $i, j=1 \dots 16$ ($i \neq j$), $k \neq 0, 1$, (128 sub-frame)

Annex CB (informative): Examples of the association of UL TPC commands to UL uplink time slots and CCTrCH pairs for 1.28 Mcps TDD

In the following two examples of the association of UL TPC commands to UL time slots and CCTrCHs are shown (see 5A.2.2.2):

Table CB.1 Two examples of the association of UL TPC commands to UL uplink time slots and CCTrCH pairs with NULslot=3

Case 1: $N_{UL_TPCsymbols}=2$; Case 2: $N_{UL_TPCsymbols}=4$

| Sub-Frame Number | Case 1 (2 UL TPC symbols) | The order of the served UL time slot and CCTrCH pairs (UL time slot and CCTrCH number) | Case 2 (4 UL TPC symbols) |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| | The order of UL TPC symbols | | The order of UL TPC symbols |
| SFN'=0 | (1 st UL _{pos} =0) | 0 → 0 (TS3) ← 0 | (1 st UL _{pos} =0) |
| | | 1 → 1 (TS4) ← 1 | |
| | | 2 (TS5) ← 2 | |
| | | 1 (TS4) ← 3 | |
| SFN'=1 | (1 st UL _{pos} =2) | 0 → 0 (TS3) ← 0 | (1 st UL _{pos} =2) |
| | | 1 → 1 (TS4) ← 1 | |
| | | 2 (TS5) ← 2 | |
| | | 0 (TS3) ← 3 | |
| | | 1 (TS4) | |
| SFN'=2 | (1 st UL _{pos} =2) | 0 → 0 (TS3) ← 0 | (1 st UL _{pos} =1) |
| | | 1 → 1 (TS4) ← 1 | |
| | | 2 (TS5) ← 2 | |
| | | 0 (TS3) ← 3 | |
| | | 1 (TS4) ← 3 | |
| | | 2 (TS5) ← 3 | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... |

Annex CC (informative): Examples of the association of UL SS commands to UL uplink time slots

In the following two examples of the association of UL SS commands to UL uplink time slots are shown (see 5A.2.2.3):

Table CC.1 Two examples of the association of UL SS commands to UL uplink time slots with $N_{ULslot}=3$

Case 1: $N_{SSsymbols}=2$; Case 2: $N_{SSsymbols}=4$

| Sub-Frame Number | Case 1 (2 UL SS symbols) | | The order of the served UL time slot (UL time slot number) | Case 2 (4 UL SS symbols) | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-----|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | The order of UL SS symbols | | | The order of UL SS symbols | |
| SFN'=0 | (1 st $UL_{pos}=0$) | 0 | → 0 (TS3) ← | ← 0 | (1 st $UL_{pos}=0$) |
| | | 1 | → 1 (TS4) ← | ← 1 | |
| | | | 2 (TS5) ← | ← 2 | |
| | | | 1 (TS4) ← | ← 3 | |
| SFN'=1 | (1 st $UL_{pos}=2$) | 0 | → 0 (TS3) ← | ← 0 | (1 st $UL_{pos}=2$) |
| | | 1 | → 1 (TS4) ← | ← 1 | |
| | | | 2 (TS5) ← | ← 2 | |
| | | | 0 (TS3) ← | ← 3 | |
| | | | 1 (TS4) | | |
| SFN'=2 | (1 st $UL_{pos}=2$) | 0 | → 0 (TS3) ← | ← 0 | (1 st $UL_{pos}=1$) |
| | | 1 | → 1 (TS4) ← | ← 1 | |
| | | | 2 (TS5) | ← 2 | |
| | | | 0 (TS3) ← | ← 3 | |
| | | | 1 (TS4) | | |
| | | | 2 (TS5) | | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Annex CD (normative): T-CPICH bit sequences for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option

Table CD.1: T-CPICH pilot bit sequences for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option

| Primary scrambling code index <i>n</i> | Slot index <i>i</i> | T-CPICH pilot bit sequences $B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,0} \dots B^{(n)}_{T-CPICH,959}$ in hexadecimal representation (reading from left to right, then from top to bottom) |
|--|---------------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | B8BC9229F99056BF241881D6EDFD552DDED31C7E5CB4830D2C88B7949337D640E518702906868AE4F0D2E4EF09DCE5CD845CAF825488880EC5FC89408420FFD854389FE54E5AEB782B4447049A3B1810C3574F0DB9C88A8F0DCF11ECE48ECC5A872D9EB65270EB5113004A8500E6B7EEB46A79CD5B9E1742 |
| | 1 | A619B3A7F98FAD8EB1C5A49B826DF7E600A2A26565B4B31079586E83F864340538C2BA87E957A7B8FC30E32CFB648F8529110A492AB99CD6820E84064C6F8C1E08CBCAF8492D97A0CF135BCE0ED9C4845ADDE53A1545C943D4982F0D1CAD790BD7B349959C840C4B1798CC9C666EC934EC54A4A5E42AFF00 |
| | 2 | 4248448A60CDC808CEE8DA329AD54888F3B74035717A9ADE41A2EC0AEE4DFD006D4EC2EB5D72D50D9DC8A76D9646749EDC6003918938455DAE0A5C008A008C3074A58F00D88FAB9B12936CC672528C3624B9CF484EA0E91AE617B94A9B4144C9D1FB321B16184187FDAC28C5495CB94F41C819096626641F |
| | 3 | E7D15E21FAEEAEDE08C75EC4CC49C9C9C30BE4098C1AEDC781D99C13575248A207D51525A52964D8FF62E2D64FCA2CF838A96FAB92397AC4B48CE614A8EDEAA0736CEE29275951CC189A2012D292E433E098AF3C01B43D10B946355CCC55C1F85BBEA6C80794FEF080793AD070F104C10CAA8828B02E7B4A |
| | 4 | 64EF0E94CE9129C86724EB94583C257C647D63548480D9344CBFE1A9D28163E549AF594EA6D25AAC1F3E72FFC18109095600C2DA848D2382AEDBEF410C374C20C10AA2DCA53A7983842DF2CE81F570518299D57D9E97D4C90AEEDCEF16646A0416C968841E12B7672C94FD4816FE154EE990290849C2EE56 |
| | 5 | 1D922F3889C4D6606EB1D622E65EA16F4F28B40B49E90C49B62E84F1E4C04D2D4345220E9008E1A5C45C8AD0872E626FAABA048CBF75D0082C3A706C99842A9B6B1E0ADD4A5820402C43535768650B380B80594224E7B531A46CC15BAF3A18E913C2C43EA15A9CB716636CDDF76BE4C8488CB8F8847080F0 |
| | 6 | CE94A497F0BF9CBADEC3C49D4D94B076889E24B55C0583851C30787A2427044AF3B8CE94EF101D4E2A4008557E924862E1116261C4C4D4F89A8262C757EDE1B71EC054983482618B288D698E48FD6329C213076CE28C85B0D1EC918782C5B0083868600C9FAD0469CDE6915FB2481A4966E71B2B6838E023 |
| | 7 | 63B60CAB008C3BD59577111A4818BB84A61C99D08A2C84CE954818DCAFE4999EAED0BDE9078234D792CC2F9839BE4AE418D65B0392C10D58501E4967E3445315900C2691B27D23751594BF21820D2D310509EE6A4222B21F0A212EC8453E8C4AE9158DD1BD4A8A9D98284A55313CA8ED508896A2A8C522D5 |
| | 8 | A6D910704AFC9CD24324B764913B7E20DD71E4F4DAB12543658168AC14CA9095E9C8B54FD1C00A8E1051A1CF30A363E4F8F749AC48A1828B92A6EC411925D2F1E7F1D63410C93E2DA43ACDC96E6D06749547E387DA5BF4C0024DF044A71354CC74E7CE9B92647216ABCC16BC26EF0ECD8CB8C806BBE4E3D9 |
| | 9 | 4088C20812CEC1246ABE6AE55EA2C842C7F56E1B9E4BA6C8CFE187C56D48637CC1A83064504478A741674C048EB018A12BA6C5CB790EB0382ADB2E9E689ED79D3C262917D4B9DE30C5F05ECE97CDCCEE42C80CE72CF0D1DFB1CE4D9A85DDB46879CC8009DCF84D62BCC489A14D49D949852E32A6C468F154 |
| | 10 | 24FB5A5C09ECD46F410A52349BC0C4E080F5579B29C3EA418407794AC8FE45495564F48703EDC180D059288DC674217AD2EF00A6C6FE44A296FA485B0928CD88ACDCFCFF9F9C254E23D9D1E849764A982DC83ACBCDDF8F2FAA074A26F48A52F27A16D2970C0BF4DFCFC123CAABB6D3C66EA68C1D551BDA6A |
| | 11 | C93DD61EA5D6D473E29B8422C8D14D8A035B692327D6492F888B42A6578B01E9061DED09237CC07131A1F992665078CAA72C7F51C7F00EC64E28989E56E2C97902B88D226446B46A26AE4C68CC4F1A0D1B1AD23242F9484AD0F0C1CD4C8863784138C48D6F711DDE890409D9A5ECC2001A828929D93247FF |
| | 12 | CD0E265B8DF204AFDC655FB7CECAF603B4E0EA685E97BE4E64B85C01A414C490C565485A19EFA8F5C10B1A31A9E841369502CB0E0D5B32D3E120ADA0EE07DD7422A5808386EC474CE750C886240901296A12600AD616E1463C8B3BAF6AE08C4A2B585700B028DD0C440DE4B06CA8856DAFBF1D17E5478B67 |
| | 13 | 36F087C42AE04202FC029EA0A8098749966E394ED214846821196EEFEA23185C79A68584351BAF400F03B5ACED8CE7FADFC884485B448900C4C1E5C79B15CE489213C66580F35CD155516FCD7845AB6949D48040E2E8EC17C2EC8510E1AF70377E0A26E3EA354AC35F5588C386ABB6A0213082D7E7245545 |
| | 14 | C5E241B1C1F6F78AE0192A590FC25DE1AE529BE2F554806451197AE4B65EDFC26200CD0BBCB95B70F0A4D31F48E4B411EA390D821A1BD31428BBB50CC0C99B03CA194BC9E4BACC0E0ABA2DE816414E1CF550D55989A18FE8E5C36AAEFDDAC6C2A50CC2898E8348175387D8FF15C2D618418826911EE0E7E17 |
| 128 | 0 | 6A1E8328A92DD0BC88C805C2C69604C3DE84E19DF5AA89942E66F9FCC41A8C26B604E4D8458A5760CEE09C8822CC068075318E1B50263DAC873E02347FBD25191D5859C285866CD8E80BD27B7604AA22DC6DC7F8D8953A52B00D9C896CB5CD62388FA050175FEFA0BC2ED888FB9550DB0F5819F90186C6C |
| | 1 | 5EA97D8C6A17B02A01BBE2C589943DDE2FB17E827FE400F6DF582700B244865CF8D4D20C912F380D6494D81AD350219C1EC7A5FCF8504B81B89BCE12D845A38032682C9BC6C5585AE4E7F4A1F95B96884C01446E2A46DC0013453FDF6300F67840231CC8D53C7A447420A28C999EF3866C12B084C0C3D45 |
| | 2 | C63FA876D54C06CA8D1198252AA2D79AFE579FAC8E39954EAF5CE8CB1B680C49B24000C042C24C36 |

| | |
|-----|---|
| | EFC64961BF69A09688900125B82654479A95C4704E950C9C5E4136E5AC3B31CFB4261D12D6686E2A6C1D68C1A923C0D1610CB56EC46D78086D22448D5C08FA75C077525BC58173996904524A6CE04198 |
| 3 | A009CC8B8EABE248CC2E612E7F3408BEAFF1FBC3C8E7F6048A2AB9DAC3056D6A93C6ECC927A835C35718CC12983D4AF24FAD84989E7D5CEC29DF607CF0B68141955B107C098AE83CAACC030258140A9E477D338028C96A84A9D5B00E94A45A1D0A09CED0072060DA0C0CC8206D35D880984959B1C58827B |
| 4 | 8ED0C874B6109F08704C51D4788AD52A4915B3E75542BC421C882E94F3C82A6A6C9CC02E1018B41F0A1D70B96FCA55DC66E5D04688A638C22088AEE85ADDF422F1E5E101F6208056B4209A83F7499258B05197BDA6F2A2D37B412C98860DC0DF388FA8BE1CFDD87646FCB8ABB479D296D77C4DCB4E9809F7 |
| 5 | C65CA06C3386A8845C5284202B80FD53F9FD56FC4A54C4A762867552900E48EE2DC742C34D9266244DA4BD86AC5E1F1764878A675C024777D8CF3DB9AF9D75728061A47F58BBC28CC6A54E8909C495D897E324C96C3427CA493EB68DD5D744DFA80A9710D60FEC963EC0894AC1D736CC0F1DD7029CD569CA |
| 6 | 5878BC84924406251337E2C101D84ACF291C08CDA72B0405FF40C2B944357D330A3A6E144028E0C02B00C63BA0310CC392AAC2626A9D80BF18540DDE00152CCAE689814861085F54CCBBEC97753EF03A4C2558DFE7F1081C5F2B9149E4784A8F8ED5403D1D311DB0AC221E974DE792C198802D927EC98E1C |
| 7 | 654C6915BE1ED93C9278589710E51E0C6F26348A30A01BC69D1CC02DEFB4304AA631CA84C2235C2BCD45420C0560CDBDB4F016483361C8A1C57A396756D654BEA337EA6808CA66913CB495ECF071CCA085978CFD284A2AAC1885917A9121A8ED4658EC3A1AA6D06C28E9441C133CD50A3052C06582784EEB |
| 8 | 60C55B146D808554AECFB07F70AEC905B8BF094D58248CF860ACB4194920C87C0CCD07BC228ED5275BBF8AED0D7C1B8125441062B4D4F3FBC9E0EC788441F58856A9A3A040C14D65CC8C2D200FC76538472048F0B5D13E4A225D552380CA8858D304C2CC26782EA0D4307FCEA84163A4CE5418188F932C5E |
| 9 | 2B13B8061528965ADEA41890CB013D05CB7397F94B15A0804D40001E862841633D6E58B36B9CD443195D8C78648B2845C378AB4986FFEB6FEE86FE63C103CDE561C85296C069625001706904726EB4CD843C6536894F9E69C855A2D88FD0F93C6D822673E45A1A1A80E14CD0D5B0192CCDA80FF89CD026 |
| 10 | 2F6B2858CA8C56A2836437CE778F7470C0C286295973C4CC1DEEE48A3D1C7CC948CCE5C6484BDBF2C5803AFEC5AE810065F856091588948C084001346C5478323156E684296E28CB49398D4C0432CB8B27272F5A42B8C2657B24C30D9AE088B0FC499CE05DE5BAC9ACEBD869CAA8A3F5741552BEA0FA0710 |
| 11 | 6FBA060A03BE2A87137F5B510FA0490E0D8C2EE9C885A250DCF187DBA65C273308C940E1850AE317C9060AC5F11218F88C8022D26EA61AE274B80ABDE0F4C9D05C4A5CCB99A6972940E5CA60D298C5C1E0A03E48146AE0F9AF74EEB81E10905BFD0F93116860EC4D16E951F6E6184EDC8BD94A67549F3C1 |
| 12 | 471C41321B7A781EA0DD019A625510A9DA4062CA06E58869809C6850376C3083E4E39266DC0A8E331112FB1076E0A2A7ECE985821DA78AB47D7B8102A07A89CD50F0A01087B299E6872DE1AF81F1D0EE40CA8C514ED08840AA41358D86C72B90A0D4338D20B0C4BFF651ACCCA247A61E46E65848B98488 |
| 13 | 8DDCB00E9018344546E7CA400C406C49153D96D5618B99CF4C6C2496312481AF50580E231CA78629222A3BD7B08A1FD03CDB20889C4F00DA2AA917C7897814EAA650186C5FC7224E91D7AB68A1F2946409504F35CD1895281123290499466248A68A839DD529DFDB81E85C23403D5B51EDCDA8002B5FB14E |
| 14 | 414AAE5011E04AC64414FCAB8D1E95034A260A46A68B6CE4738D4017B108D401314BF0882067AD38A5287430C302BC2F9258E69080FE0980777B004EA9B094BA49ACA9295DB3ED6DD413427A960CC6B666B5DF1F0350CF9A987A854424D4CCEAC5D5C8A0FDACD9E1ECA43954F9FB30CC53DB1959E7D65668 |
| 256 | 0 D044A6AB0F1C9ECA900C30E034CC9D959D8184E5DCFC1802C9632670AD00454532D2DF0CBADADAFCA04888F7653E1DE6D14A07743E335FC4DAA2F81D4C6AAC34AC0BC84B290B516FCA5BEF098943E94BB241505E8A58C59AAC6A8B900581EB749A6C8162D08889300ABB9520DBF3A063D2B4B85B384312BA |
| | 1 80B3E7A74638FB6C82A56750986490B09810DD707010A2866C9DC0CA0D4589AA1D7A1498EDF5D0A0FC84DCB61661B45D87BC2429CF2E4589445093F4A95E8C58CC7447E94AAD5EB3191134C0880E1194FB0F5B869C07E34D09900D044C86CE5F8EE9783F5E7492652091210581305B0CC0D2E1FC99E29D4D |
| | 2 994D84D955E8FC9DC68C92048D8166DF29667A405AA21CADBA065CE1374463E0991144542BDF265BA2FE87476CC9CC403D28009E6D0A2C850A42AA626D51ED009F5B31710AAAB4B842F3FD98A664CE0EC121E64E8CCAD2E542E2CCE30127419FB05F8ABE3FC78654D8D44C5ED44E88CC100CE00412D63F45F |
| | 3 2C5ACD90BD4CF469B5AC940A80D0EB94DA8F692DAE674F8CC38C413210C30DB185DDDBE19D5158A281AD8785CD88D63A479575B1453B9D38C10EC87404055D80C45182C1C54C225AA3F05D1DD746C82F4099E68ED0BE251578A07931F87E9413748DEC9A355501D47C4386D81BE9AC39624C9511590254A |
| | 4 ABF8D9044BD4668241634E4482C8B9A87C9DC3D784D344024310DF08811F6C9FECC46694FB025E14F206DD80777D29D81578752E28F3CF24FA3E975AEBBF3ED0EE9C8402115CC95C024F76A9767E8BC460DAF86423888C988B3984DF0D08980BE3EE88DC52EE1CEFF2F0201E762A570B554EC24E4AAC9804 |
| | 5 BD8AB598AF9356E9E507887B61641A61CE52D7E890AEACF894CB8BCD924F789FED400B8540A48B82BCE1774E61D784EC5FEAB2C81BC82F4CCCEC65F0079A4E406EA44E1E0C988383C3A8366A93FD4C8A8B7C824D69BE067E0884003E0263AB9C0ADBF8A8EC9A0F10AA73429079A4D31CB5DE0CE463FDF67 |
| | 6 EEEEDC95D80C8CDF39CE2FFD2C7A6A19E6068998EDA4C33023D53A8900A243C026E28B0746FAF6CE64C858EF20E0102865C35DC71E2A6A2998A881D872D407060D75F7A1246684157D8886982989E9811C1E1808621D867D7A3EF94ABB1AF434A81423947B142680525984A8BB079D1E92E4E490D54CFF45 |
| | 7 674544848D9002DC1A287053CB96138EBDB57F30FB731D9E1D54F9EF05A8DE688A874996D139062B6A74CD48E0A289444FE7D0100D93847C20FC491ED4486E2001E88CCED206C8E574F11281ACA56162DEC4842BAC11D2D6B17D72453C9A9A5834D06D5A2A77094F0932487645E106E9A9CF6CBFAA4EA77 |
| | 8 C3CEA9FAC99F2BDD54D5000C10CC46C03DE62A71918AB8D66DE719D0686805526241948C3E4F44BA84C51F1DE2E819CE9483B130846706114A5B89AE4DE3369C9652C1A4AE2500925DE2802349EABA0C53B671FA15CDEBE68C8D0D86A64E59E88A4C282C47A3110DEB435FCC67BAAADCDD8155BA1A60CA |
| | 9 3DB54E7AA4402CA90D875E552EF99CD92A523B6D98898748F702DE0D00C1DD9A6383E2B2591DF213DDC7A9A60B49954734B88245DF995B9299AE8B48241B245BEAAD9CFD6C26526A0A806181561DD951 |

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| | | 0280288F8D28620484797498FFCDDCDE4B840967C358DFB048D8051FC8D586BBAC260DAD471145C6 |
| 10 | | D4210A71B6C588CE83D139ACB4A3AB659121C05470E699823D6CE3838A5C585458AC1659AB8C4EA9 3C8DE470A8D08EA138B9C230AE4E489447FEC3064AE3F4D4D3C3214A19AB40CD8400905FF13AE3B7 1407A92442538E97E2A858C00B002B380294F2728F76EDBF5EC546F751242AA489116FF8246A7B95 |
| 11 | | A99D574B117A9BA535132EB469C28172B50C036EED0F9D9D38654064D067FDB05A9EBE54655E886D C11409F94C6D615B5CA487367A2A8480ED48C9AC8D004F47C4B01BC997C10CE3C4434C25CC029E3E 4EFC962A3EE6CBC20EFC4F8509E238AC167C663B8C2D0C6DF0BA7F76EBC4E05D2C408198C65C3F5 |
| 12 | | 23E00B8501CFD6D758E51B1ED1BED045F4F1CAD3340462980C14C9E2C8428502838B5C27D685B6E6 B684D1121AB2061428D3B6D167CEEE0FBD496C5C9FE8CF5A4FA79C6A8D4BEDA90E8F9F36609F7AD0 FC720760CE30E9C4830CABADE4C8EDB81FB8A2DE6DD54103222834D055989C96988CEC406978A6A8 |
| 13 | | 9275CCA48B80849F30DFA3DB846549A1C700A701AA30A5DCFE00F83A5F3B5926F70205105FFC41C1 CC78D0D109A4E08A36345C4F6A0C79FF7B8ED121DC6B41040A92792B74580CCC4DA8A2C5C48FD6EA CF2B0B17A5A47F43A46430D612C562BAB8508C3BD74964C639ADD147316A91D3898FA6412225B4C3 |
| 14 | | B8900BE8712BF48612ED498C3CEC079540D665C1D95D2970994870402592ABBD7DBEA58188002A06 3A65E56C9CF8E8185ED2B4806B2EEA8427158F720650FA28640A393C8C5126CD51167FBD164A6E0D 8810CE4882F42FD908FBFC66AAA7F445CEDB914E20080840867C90737C169EE529035A854E15A79B |
| 384 | 0 | 6FC11D043CA2EE8AAC696BCC440C1DC19A8D1C8BAE89E3444EE1747A10509DBA5CD08C2516FF63A A202D8B5E2A1BEADCF50CA2CAA56A54CD5407C7211ABCDC5443BEBFEA089B44072542373B11C6803 9F9CC8C64DC898ECB40534A5834C98AD84C7412FCE87287B8CCC3F6F6EDA1D791CD470A508250279 |
| | 1 | 4356D82DAE59E70BD63014AF5E91D9ECAFDCA9AA081D1E2817750BD6B6D5D2CFC00D080480A9CC110 618766D0641B98410CC552497311ACF8523AE4E94136C1C13C56C43A0354D8ED16B0064A6D1D65BD 2A4C29D9D8C806915F6FE660371C202BCC8F735970E9362A524BC3C1188DEBEA0C0ACA1881A546CB |
| | 2 | 32C51B2C81FF8885C46086A8203A8A8796BF97F254DF2C467234E62E86ACC4F96149BC4EBC382CB2 5531186CFA341A80BE7907D808DAA38072ACB4A118727536396A40368748094E59384028F3843994 82FB8041D35123E0B814D0743638041CD8429B42A804118DA259B7643366AFC025CE3C1B34FDBF0 |
| | 3 | 09C344BD38CD92139C421B41C5A5B3C18B8CEFFA2ADD35395036304A0B670145A6CC758AA5EAE292 7ACC9EA9276C48271B8D3D29A81CAD510124BA4C4A82822E856B0A6DC5DB747C6AAEE97F92C129E8 53589FCC969E6C2265D1FC710FC3C5CB4EC94120AC4254FA5E434C1D5785BD74029F5865A58660CC |
| | 4 | 871150B0CA021EF37F00AE694702483ECEA073B8F05C0480456872F6101143702A02F4A031F5D88F FE10E5CDDE0F375ADECE824462743D350D26D15D20B513C02C91148914C6459746C80EDFEA9F0663A 8F7ACCF85158BC28BF99CA5CD9719A3756F662CF4399DE84A9A52C8E77980DADD5787A282CD81AB5 |
| | 5 | C051D44AD1858A14F6DE75BA4D1586B544B9C407847C59C13862577A4F99ECB66904943E4EE010CB C4CB9831D547C06B4DD2861CCD5FD8407095375291523DB911C1EA622006C317FA19D287DC36B0D6 89C8DD105C05DAB54854202C8C0CECBEE8D210132050712F853441F1DC4863B24D516D6EB4B642EC |
| | 6 | 084ECE527E41486B8BEBEC2A07D43DC1048DC10E0E79F4CFAD0BEFD19F6AD5F34B59EE02ECBEA02B5 88341A0E89159C5CF8C78958B995D1E58BAAE55994525F0CFA45123FCEE42BCD2B849553427A59E1 267A4A8D28A4C9A4775D80156C6B99A02CA9CBE53854C732F0424B500BB746817CD384D88903004D |
| | 7 | 0D9E4E66F4ADB1ECD516D7395C9BAADA958E0D051A86C4BED16A5D210DC624933825490496A8C92C 3802B2894FBC47208A0A22ACE2EC1A58BAA5950003882B1C0665C7600600C2967C2E9B7D464AF76A 8F605EFC1D30E72DC5927AD50B9AB55C3255D17A4A78565F578D5852069994F8B6CC62E6E01732D |
| | 8 | 0B2229462DAB2EFA7A02DC728CA3847DCD5684DEE3E8FD2B666098C54C80A268C49B837976125812 856170220B87A5C104FBE5666CB985194AFC194D84F3695EB0481415A960806F0C583A9ACA309C01 AE7C7D608C603A4DB9A82844A7FED0E0FCD1D4876D0A09CCCB278CF79CCEB84E56BB8D4EDFB8CD5B |
| | 9 | 7E893EC40E9AAF294ED51D5A4089F8643FA9664D8D6CE85A0D8334652DE947A29C2C5E5F3799BCEF 2490E7C953092F649B21A4A5190478D1C5E4FCADCB0B58B5A0A120479ADD98017180BAF4B70C1C6 856068A9EFB1851657E4A7644C41B018D86A3B2A0A2DC15000E9D074A8EC95DAA28AE4D69D142651 |
| | 10 | 00C83EA49E22CEF2C2617432C2881412DC5662AAC2E20D7EAA92542068DC54508445E1C6584D812C 08F544B9FA8E4E1CCBF7870FE8A712E52040D5C5032072BA470864CAD454C4200204C7798726FAA 11C6989093E4664F501C1951A002B59E26A5D74064C596D6E75A9C2C4490D4E3A8C087FB06F6D9E7 |
| | 11 | 9AB5192C271160AF894BD66A82E8CF2C8E56FD967DFCBEC00024E0294DC5BE594F2F13A2EB62EA03 4706096DC0DA2F286A86CA4D4C93AA25610A43F498DA0541DE643C839784867492FA676C4380D8CC 41BA06006DC5A81E3F14D800217F8546914D2E7D67860131550807B4AEC550B45A8AC43E04DDFAD8 |
| | 12 | 5D7C8C8401EC80E085C20278DCC82274409816447951F9633350648E60B892BD544A2023A79B81D0 15E816F3EC492523158285CD7146480E48E5F46C10E8A11F36131C5DCA42D823C088FC600E5FFA7C D00E04CFD789953C6B45BC1EE58CE99B8EDC0BE95145C0C59294D5F50E34ACB17F47A2BBD144D9DF |
| | 13 | 8269EF0305623CD2CC821CE0BF62F0CE623B2CBF9C128A6688CC41E8A4C1B5104D838891ECE47310 A9A65D47442A50B4B30C3966268A416F9282D6D84A07572DA675C7DA920B0E553B4C9E889840DA89 170C6750F5C06EA808A084FC324624FE1C14691D6590C8C92041B5B721126B6EFE439E48A6E4866F |
| | 14 | 15A1CFCC0521A6C215C64A614BEC6AB6BA045FA73D04567B9CAC10087A245A22C50CAC7D82B70A1F C1A6776860921B34A49924102CC4446ECEB28D40B4D7B818E7FC08A6EA18E4DEF86B69689FDF5520 16DDF41BC440DB86BCD0A84A64049E3068C5F91DE5DBC70ED954029F986369DEDC22CD0C3470E88E |
| 512 | 0 | A6947FC6947CD99887AB40E8AD774B46D83460455CBC1C436FDBB2B40F07857EAF0C404AC808E3B7 F8A2DAFE8351E8EC00B981124E42F251F80C68578F5D9081EFD88460F05473220B53E99279A2782F 48D4B8F799F861D2CB38A24993B1C0E710C0C9C4364110514FBC3E182925458CEB1E08630060834 |
| | 1 | 36128D8F37226E79801042EBC4C1298822846E63425B8711D53140341823B4CDB864800484270C5E 4B04E92D63B135919F9D302D047294A4DFE55984890D7DCF6F8376D727C001542A7F077C6BB829C0 60057B456B1867FCA98DEE94F5E5C4B0C895C4ECB08763DB0B7DD5A0E58CA8D93DEFD6601D10D9BC |

| | |
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| 2 | 97C1501D8FA00E2076149253FB3868876809EE49DF4D84AC77F4BAC6A1C48D2E246A1540F8C5B795 ACE0AA7C1EF42504C0CFDE218E4D370289550C8AEAF658E6C445C3C8462AAC6729CF83B2E048CE5C 756038C19478B0429B6C91B3CD0857ED42B3694658B3195C809C141CBA86BEE76DAD31EC16890E01 |
| 3 | 89F88DAAE1BC3D0B4ACC34FAC79096B6615A2085F60B0C2511DE676A0F6EC080AF446C45C390A2EC 0A2106E48E88C0257E565284D298C4298B9CDD6EF400EE8D1325D0962BD991512F0799FAF2DFDB02 260CA0E7E54DFA29A4956BD480ACDE9930341ED66B17EAFACE485ADDD160A7C830A15D8FF0D09C20 |
| 4 | 1E946C4D2694B885FC254FB6546B2C4AF5987994F51AC90827E08798E0C0D5750FDD8CAB9F58A895 448BF01E4BC8CE37477291C425D52E3E41D526888CBC3225664D649106EB907AF8F4C96B3704B887 041119AD0C5A8FBACFC457F3AFC74D12E7C9ECB5E5304B48206A421122EAC2287C499D8C2C455D40 |
| 5 | B00870C4D8804598D27D8EE6194E1CFE276B65D82B737C3E2AC399829FA17CD1E52CA77E12B86F15 18904129A62589E694D0D4E988089EFD8A8414808F58E5D9FD8B84DB89C35D4D0DE51B24DCAD8AAA D3616BB57CA3D30826F2015C35976EA8CDF614CA5AE45C8E68062605A07460C9252438F969905526 |
| 6 | 1DCB60F29CC421E385F9F5715B67C11C053064C824B3C471C026DECAC799861FEE000D54C4CCE68B 4E9ACD08C8522E5407600F8F7DA30D4CC8A104CE023BEF8AFCD28C34CF607422AE6FC4CBEF6D9B54 2DC7ABD8B4A5E8884232AB0180DBE049EA42AB968D805162798F67DFCA1DCCA5055620C86D7236C6 |
| 7 | 988678E7C0C19CFCC345B71BECC27DF0624C5B4F024786DE864860E19F121DC9D529444581A92710 67F280EC1A8E4E4AC623069C3F14808FB402DF516CAFEC3A4FFDE5D478D5CE8C3AEFE59024C2CE22 10ACD2D48D60E9073526278D2DD88BEB4154386C37E81C1661ABCE24A47E73C81C9C5C1065352FD4 |
| 8 | C156599A4E4F06B2990C9FEEA46D8884D110019DBD470E7FF4C9CC38D610ADCDEF94A4E14199BF9E9 1E96C44C2F01316BB6CFE6E33264D5C0EB408B54CEA6D7EC45F6E84B0CED84F7A0F064201C5DC406 B4CCD8862FA907AB04FF72588B6B92A08B4300175C9489F28691C8A5BBC08A186FBEB6A501767805 |
| 9 | 1865FAB7D45A3E60D484CC9EDAB1CA690144E1CC26D0B39A2432C50EB00162D6FFC01DE80A1D8826 DFC0209A0E90BA6828C5D62590414FCB6ACF50A7902484055708662D3F024EC0E8E89A1C6605BB6E 5ED888B8AF447029BD3F0267F6ACFC2E00567995C3016CD01D909A6971ADC6A2A360774840FC32D9 |
| 10 | AC4815F7471DD1C96AF1CB089465C6ECE675CCCC410EA64AD3DE0B66E75C909178E079E8A672E2E5 D47BA1C3CCB2CC8118F208EC3373380C15047801045CDC6E4D9E14032A243EA3269E24004512E328 2823F4F064A0BEAA8D43DCFEE2C49449E5541BE52BEE63C8857FB2694C0A2DC9A568CA4519CCD48F1 |
| 11 | A2BBD1D1D4450CCD20779B04E41A644D924C4048F6AE3C851CE2CC5E947B8583A921B06DCF4E6F31 CCCBE15E800D0EC2411A449C6E1F981E17A8B0C08AA5470E9E520169DAC9239CDAE1C42058DFB6BA 0EA13EA7782F667C69C6ACCB20DFC60C8239726E515158946BD951C4E0640E85C5E7C5C9A8B804 |
| 12 | 57DCB22ECE4C2182C6CABF2E8BA04011929C4761CB725C0D044448C0A6CBB48994A2920E789006B9 78D2E0E2C08094CAA88D532D9CACCA711BDF8942325BD64F706D82EF8D2D0B85EE2B08D98EB2F4C 41C929301298AAE829608C8A3220CEA607946E9B7CDADBFBCC5684ACCB0A20E3845224C3C491B1E5 |
| 13 | 878F97E1620BD906CD79D015D0D2A53EE4124E845AD4852028690366812E8AD5FAB1056E48F0970D CCE62A55AF13C2EAEFD936268469B0286D42E0C0C3F240E42653CB8130104F2486962CC2047229E6 80157DE209710C1DE6944E4E5E4168AD4D309DF41BA46FCD8DA85921C9EDBBC75D7920F0BB36B6C8 |
| 14 | CD1869AE1100EC1E8680C64AC48489843C69E045301598608D4D899CC9D9F1C23CD84B3C3205D90F CD2C38C93E299148BD9B0B5ED1789ED478A0093C1E846DE7D8E8659055EB5CBFE884BDB95DD04E0C A28DD51E580CAC3473A8C087907602BA9A627CC966D5E3801553D986E2842C10E2C8E2ADF5E60645 |
| 640 | 0 |
| | 138D98B4815C8984B7DC08B87C868127445149E316DDB49C1C9F4B226E0A02385A5CD2A895F97CDD 801FE39DD4EAE41CCA8CF6FD693C7300E8E641094808A5A6007ACF62CB91A3C87D571F0094424EF5 E12E7EC5417B9825CDBEF6D9E59F654953DC8C988008CEA2706FD4E797AF0508088A2828F10B1D2D |
| | 1 |
| | E158EBAD648F1D4C89883C537A89DFF151E344C8AC521AC0F48971508627D1C5A546B16F134CF4CA BEACAEA628E4F845DA66D45C14983F90100F94FF9400507A8D6239405EB186A504653D2AED633CD9 72049290CFB9E81C54E04828A9C0DC9998C6950C1BD9D70D85375D115049F2231AA7C1F592CB4A7D |
| | 2 |
| | 2020F33A1F67956340CC43E28A18418A6B0ED400CE0EE9B3C94689DEF632204EC51A80C5FC9F089 8455BA6D54949B67A5D0704A7988723007E088C1C3E104D42F28687400EC2D2BCEA9C359C61CFDC8 4B185DAAC7BD8FF7A544EDABDFD640A7D72BADE148E481002E8E64568D7D70C2678E37EA1685D6B0 |
| | 3 |
| | 871CACD6880544988157EAA226AD8D020C75CD109222C8CE55C894248E8C6D8F68249D63F1CA3CB9 5541BD1F88B52CA2D5C62681C4260161B544A569AEC0CCEAD52E14B7CB06607CE415194DD2377DCB 0375005DCB1639D983C67150534E94DCE0099C4CE6C17430A68108C1D1BC4596DB774D797E12ADEC |
| | 4 |
| | C5BA82C4171A25CAAF1D53C5480D8C500E8588258090F38155BD0D9401F45E2700C99C4808776EE0 284B58F4345DDB851782FD0F4E891C3D4C5CB9A98D595866152E88C3148C94068B61863603C224E2 084020C0F6E78D1500A8323741217AF7808D7E85975B3C461DA398C70D55590E32F6E6403A5C8A8C |
| | 5 |
| | 13CAE785764E1AD020828D0119416C58DC8C6BCBE3B8B664CB2E4D80EBFC46CCCFE27CC10D4A25C 557543509C7D8BACAC5BC4AACF51645CB8C408B820C015666C3B14A3149B2884620840C926D90B56 0A307884C63CA66B582919A8A18A39071B89770C5C44E20C39AA30CD68C11D4FBAD87E9A026AB421 |
| | 6 |
| | 064202ACE41AD49CA9D068826CC22D13F055A83D18BB52D9B0A056252450140CFB1E89C70BC9B4D1 EC05D9723C448399171FA4A4558C420A60001C70A9CB355B0794E580562A50C024680BA7B3F02BB0 98AD1CE1114022723DCE739CBA16DE70C04725AAE9EE4C671C586DF064A5CA295C8E6664EC86D9D6 |
| | 7 |
| | 21B78C8061BB57C01FE591F46223220A9E062D422589987082CEAB141BFF921D4B21C8C90E7E0A80 20B9E3C9026D12590C42197287948F22D3FD977BAD2B90B74DEB6C098647AE55002D953E48C434EE C78E4D5547838014EB8066644C209AB4EA1229FCC121DF6CAB62B14AF9888E37801D3DD1D3506832 |
| | 8 |
| | 4A0E3441EC8A5AD6D5C1D21DC4890C06E39E018039A7C56E81291DA4805D096DD1C16064959910E8 5ECEE45713B07F41502328006178ACBA0FDBC6B457A786EAA50E1A87A4A84C5C8DA06A8B4747D7 264997C84F0FD440DBA49EFD3D4AA8A8AE67DB122700A2D805DCA170856C5273FD3C8C82DB05A192 |
| | 9 |
| | B1523862484C051A901F2A80FD1CDEE46483649324090D944CDC65E8EE37BF50C249E399C829A4CB |

| | | |
|-----|----|---|
| | | 3358A8AA5CEE1C2A66AEA1CF3007885E12E73CC5D7599801D600A749666321E39BF0CBCA77581B9389C725322799B7E4155CCE85C484D0D5EE426D5005C4E10C25A81DCE699EFDCA1EFC61FC1FA813A5 |
| 10 | | 0439C8F3B954205BF68C434E9480E4473441E16D83CCF12EA54179BC7E14FBFAB4137AC232D57B2E807CBAE831A4A1E1A1DA1003E0DA48A256E760A3E60F00406C21F85DE87E9D914EE6590D809166A41742E7ADCA8E48D7CEBC9643497DB20A426A5591840F5089458430346444E5AA904460298824C144 |
| 11 | | B469FC749052A6838980075486A7533B9914550CD2A8BC78BCED04478C6BDD5864DE1ECC826C4D4542AC1D7AFE1864ED85CDEC6FBA2D4C9B8FE42F601DA00F86AC4F5BA88280A9A52072D95B2A7103AD9C8E5BDE0AE91498A6ECC8B08C825B42DD8DE4D7AC1D30BA295B2DAAFD024BB04A54C212309CA3CE |
| 12 | | 68A5B8D8DDDFC53E64D4C9D4A45A6C88A9B314A2E66F214187D7A98DD9931463BD2BC0B58DCA016885779FA4E61E421151028B74C8D583DDB698818142BE6E130A74D875C0E415C8DE484CE81854C2440CA36C879F2A9949241C06EE51759BF6D882FFEC19A4F022D6485AE129E8C4665DDEE8857206B28EF |
| 13 | | C748FC01802B268F11044E28658E35B74845A9C35AA5029673EBACAD8F838F664857F9ABF8888EC0180DB550E6F27E60E5B4AFEC6D7C34E0A12052DF008EC9422A2E8012E97063B80BD24648D3AEAD42D0F8E392BA037894A805DA01E887F8DE1ACC5AA98B5C2AEDAC1C5D8202509D8E9FD16CA499080607 |
| 14 | | 5C02AE4063C16081D918F0A5249B7A64C5EAB1D6A77CE405447E2C1C121F919C0D3B073082129A857E4A7091B0006CF059C2682980468EFE09B56A8DCE6BC5D880046CC62288A590C9AC0A08CC5DAE5209C24AEC94759DC9A2E05C79C0ED09F05B2BD660C91E054BEBB5294F09D93DE85AC60A99ED6E1845 |
| 768 | 0 | 15E21E6B24200F1FFA8985625F766D026C46898996945FC504D8499C468728735C756CBD6A92155BBD6CFA674CBC9D0B090A9ECDE54587ACB0688F9666C0686EB217BEA2754AA65EA264C9198199E2644B02CAADECD1D45DC892774385A904F643C66EC14BAE65C3267F0B2413C22A921C6804F85026014C1 |
| | 1 | C50F328B4C5C48022A8E0CE14393A8456D8EE9DA6DE5A36223B41D9C0ABA3B4820D92D29369CC90D77866629041BCED58A2AEC947C8815781E94C9639CE44DD125887A49321CC1ECF841D55880B7FD508854192A444D9FC042E45C19FA92B6FB94EA5B88CB521BE1E06BE2CDD0048DE095FE0EA26CB5434 |
| | 2 | B77D70563885A1E0E502B45E9847643BB0C22B44B4050F5CB47ADD09C2072E60F8E1ACE002F65A6ACDE91B545D6C7E685D02F29216D84B248C6C9D47DA8B7ABB09F08CA601B0C51C64CE8DD9C3A8304066A825E8685EE9A15F4C3BE47B1385AA8A8F8916FDADD94B22189DA69774C6608D9246A9C61436C2 |
| | 3 | 20046C0E3801B9CEA71B0DCB5CACD5C51ABC028D114C036CA5D06FB44A428F36CDAD37A4CB548759864B94712C2043F51D84E740B8DFE64E158018A41A17D0F5CD3FCC41CF0B44D16880F51C81680045214998AA2D2A5B02F914C696A7D6E49300C7A70CA788200D5AC8F82B59C4625E91002FAD8605DC58 |
| | 4 | 1F169F9838CD517840B079EDEE61F3CDD2751B3409492D7B2DCCB625CC18744E59FC42C838FE40BF61A963C616A087DEB046FE80095BCBC28A06C44AEEEC504016940924EF6AE1AF545B6180E9C4DBF8499EC85F857C6958CD8C4D5E7F710240BABCEFF22565524CABD1FE6367E9EE50FE6F087CCB9C69F5615 |
| | 5 | 6346FC9AEE28C0048951272E3A64960D4A1510DC1BD9715F6ECC7C3B88EFAF1D915819491A935A676940CDCE1C34EDC5E5284B8797B5016D18DF8D7C0FC80504A4F63AA51EA5389880B99548C4A04455954C245D1C649AF8B133C108601C09431D0FD63E7E41FD0F3116BDCE16CD77B62BE9D85EFB595266 |
| | 6 | 9728C4C4DC66F2709EE22543B509EB6302006F0EEF939B85CD09268FBF0300A380842677F0609609D582B8B052A8D4DA9601399284A43C4874A5059104292489FD1F78AD52120F152C69F0A1459D709B537050E421CCD096309CAE0E8E8C6752AA10589A2281487ED001D9D111006D955D841C5A1C6D201F |
| | 7 | E9A00C8880DF2784030486E650254748640AD06C0ECD914F0A73AB904CB8085074070021024FC612896272B5068BA10EA50E2B66909CDC5BC3AB7920567019EDD44C7B119B8E404D08B0DAC34561E7FE85A251CE166E4C259F1848866F9A7F4DA644C7C4C2A85341465924BD705214F5A8509A7E5003428 |
| | 8 | B21CA5DB7DCDEF97D50219CAE77EC242AA58DC4378E11874A50D0FCA45805366C82927F51CA428091C404D4821FCCDE34052463089FB320F541181E698D64C2F1D5AE7DA8A9B9D4716902815545FC8452E72A869E8ABACA4E812BBDFC80AC1B4DEAB64AAA1803B392501068E6418A8F418A7C8AA29C84C8C |
| | 9 | 02F0AD8E99A24D3CD4C02B3CFCB0D5349EAD59114B05752129002406633AF9A069F69D6032C10D9E4C424D16B016FA58D6CB40804E90601CA4595FC0BBDD7C8FB7C0BB4C21C841155D46938A888CF98F12650E61C6EC4C1FACFB542D6E5CCF3096A402DEF5AA31E133CCF15C9A45B0CA485250E041C461 |
| | 10 | 6189B50C25863E82FC3D5A843CE8F4D84D4373C2CA5C8BC0C0A389ABB478CD52DF9C4EB448481DC0D4150643A2DA896F51742A82BA0986F1662914B2926593A1510E077026C51F8A7F88DEEEED4F16B3E50E8630AE03FA570AC753D18551D2D9C64005A2954D604DAD9D798E4A589760076A3D41921603B9 |
| | 11 | 8049797BDA828C0012AFAA3266E044397F57E538CE3C0C174248D00E2D89FBA46884A549684D1E24C8AAB885A1176797446874282042880A62534D840EFA909C86EC4C6BCEB48DE1BF80B3AED94C71AF94D6C750E402DB698744787B0A6CB4A664690C07CFAF56A4B6DC7BE55407B6C52AB19CD559483F7E |
| | 12 | 40591C4191A1E8E0B853A463A7D805940800F389ABD07003C599D4092041CD4C9D310CCA3E4C6EF1A1784AB914E8CB729DE6BFF0847A1DCE6C8C046D317D29495316AED1B6FB1891CA890C818D8CC0E283B2043D4E02ACD68A74EB66ADA9F941A99D525ACC04F9CEA086F578D1A6C5B8B30985A187E8C607DC |
| | 13 | 504E99F104FF9FE0C9A78CF29682C49B0E2E74FB2E20EC419DA401208F6C993D03E8148A3297A485C4E18A2D3A9CA7ACF940F7DA50DA3474FAE9B5B35AA7CC2C1F7652E728200799B7EEA89C4B04E56DDA5DC588F89CEC1E280CD48000B13165D9AF495EE672829C5ADC42CAE6901A4F910A4DC406CFE61 |
| | 14 | 15C15542F044CC049F0E6550AE45EFA5DBD76D5298C34AE8D6CCC62440DA4543CA78058186A06C53F4C74BCE7B4AC9F12E2D4DB884A6EE6E6CE79996035A2964E40A22F1F6CE3BB19F841279354B228C5C1C95CD29A13884102378E180B5A489B064FD0050875ED44849108FA1A09218DF61A21A8FCB6B6A |
| 896 | 0 | 400A0A000B9A5DA2C21814C6FE024101E699344E89C46C773CEE08D14D5E225A94C5AEECC6EC120060B152FD950CDB59CDA552F2A85CE418D2CAA864D827503F49C2E2EF0224A088E5A187E5968019E45D57FC96845C39057BC419B3B69BB6970F8FD4E035DA0C9C14BD4AE4C5A280FAC030800F14ADA8CEA |
| | 1 | 4455C04B07B8A84F81A05237092273284397638305F91971C9E867A0C86341AA5219F4DE9EB420D9ECE4D4E2C2CCD5B5BCC2CE155591D2EE949D2B3149D411C1C7A145E439875A7E3F8704C53E4C09828 |

| | |
|----|--|
| | 4CC86FD4151C768EF771F840C4C477E019FC249436C267118646D4A07468864DEA4CA781825C505B |
| 2 | 41A9C458FAEC095BE34D11978C96344F340205907066B8ABFC6EB6F53719583F96D0861C774129A8 4BC4F94C5EC2C1C44EA5908FB4DF46456992425E119C86E0A467EE436008DB4657B6D68892FD388E 548DF6781740991D7828A5B39452ACD101CCA411C4410AA0E880D38C0CD8A37C6B6D6477CC20B9ED |
| 3 | 0C0660753C1A2C8DE6CEC2AC4C03F541CBA8CF27078D5E582BD62E3B87DD0C624543534410437383 809E0C066FA2C676C352BFC7D35EC6E86CBF3E1CB0572E2D293B60A5C5334DE790BB6C7C43EB8418 39C0CABD205B006185069D842AD5CB9226659ECA8EFFD5C16D2908678CDAE4BEED04C4D35C9E7821 |
| 4 | 65CD384F2B9666D909DF68CDD637C33C1696F5E819784A8A2AD6CD9823EE1E40DE62CD1272440E5A 524A2603CC24EE6498CCFA1C919F870458140D851A0CD0E571196974BDC30ED8918CAAEC12446ACA CE0F4F080A6C9887D96703CD88C7E49AC3648D7F0BC72B7DC9B1A1D4B1CAF3A46943A680F849ED9A |
| 5 | E52994D6BDC01558000D3F22E416BB651A5E194EEE823A4C05793E665C5A6BA77960FC1081B6355A BA480753A0EE860434D01AC81DE4092403D05E12B0468A65A800C82447977C814A52326415FBE568 1BA286727FF095384C288DEAD496C4E41E99C62DA8B62102D420184487A48043E97B81C053041C72 |
| 6 | 28ACC0A9E893A55F1CBBCA24BDB83295E813168BEE80AA22148CD06F0F608B8AEF2E4C424004EEA5 B000E8C90CDBD46ACC5385110D1E470F8F66E6012706C025292C8D1F302955D2E1B64AC11B65AC0F 9124D981E19DC8129B6C2928687541187FDABFF5B7FA354814F523464FB138A54488970EB455C0D5 |
| 7 | BDBB40572F15AA8050CD6F44E23D8AB1A9D9157A909716E41BBFD6C0E884E10E58A4E27FCCC45091 E689CC84D458D14B12FAF47CC4C0CA9DCA15873FD4FEC05AD00989BC06E24F6D4F82400EAF0B43C5 E285E2CF365E63448D42B0E20F89F461807055CCAAFDAA123374CDC3B364F858064CD30C67710330 |
| 8 | A1CDC0AC064A07BDE5F496CCAFA3C91A98CFE182DD0C54F9ECCE25E981D129A8A23B630E8C78E0DA 58742533BB3D2A2FEEC1C139AC9DD60CE2083846F4B0C303E9E5999DB105E7E9C6F35326BE895580 4BC4AE86C4155D02966887724BCD8FC0E44DC118546BA6AF2F82EA4EE80447A418B8CE492CF49ECA |
| 9 | EC1C57AADEC8FBBC0B4140BC8C1D38DAC1416C48D5B482C839C469803288B6454FA8718D80FE92AF 81BDE6EE147C5EBEDD8730D582C141C001730D43021360E25D1C1769AEEDABD44F4E6F75DCDC9018 74A2E6C88B460A49501CD946E5FE0725EC9C68F6DFAB1D74CD55CE3C909E9065863022100A8C2F03 |
| 10 | 1CCD864CA6FDC0FD6AA18EE7B48A1F6B214645141D07AF691CD58C8F82DA596FC931023DBF026C0E 0282A1798C069848668CE08E82902E72BD6D46A381D8AA922DDA785A6858D85CCCF8F28FB8CDEF98 9B04606D9B08B8ACDD09CD5545EA4DDA4E548E5B587D1E894D50725E0968C0F949EEA3D5DBEC826D |
| 11 | 9BD4603A5C0BAA644862019295B6F09CC05CAAE86306DF955307116D1852005A98C8EFE844ED14C4 A49DC462F596130E492C7DCCC47D64FC0045EAFD1E01CEAAF6C38255CB7ECB4446174CACAA116ED8 5A7050B48ED5B178B8F2A722544C90720DC9961E0AD6B868AE9DB5E045C6CCA35DEEEE08B9E6E58D |
| 12 | C0A81E46262DE865209B11883FC6ECD70E049C8341EABAC7D8B8E615C2027A820887866E12B86F2A FA70A8BD50A049203A1D7188006422598E461C27749329C00090916AFD453874AD4EAC9150B8C4AD C5E25FD38AE19C8CA6A4CA1244BD37383AB8BE81181944579F93C3D3CB7E04C7977CC0600CBC6FFD |
| 13 | 7124526DAED23B9E828FDD9B9E8B3D4C214E87148BE9DF3AE1890EEACB11569EAC09E5955A160CCE A0A9EAD06B3C96B5A395A6B32A8CF1F1EED05ADB4EDDCF49882B202D1CD4BA67E248730D2280CC27 02D100406641C0E6B7F0910566C1AD0461A807CFE1BAE09EEE4660B55A4EEBC4EE122B0ECE694E8D |
| 14 | C3AE1C4C5C0BF009AA4D4171F41786A49CC55A01C5C5CD9A56F342E9B870650E88A1A48D0AD96F66 8448A9210D83A655448F7AA2024D1DBCDB49ACC485C3EBCDD7494D5406D590FE5B74ED031C076588 168BC607880040641BB6D65E0F5FDA160C32C671639FA86DE4E36A1D7454B40C900A93DEE3B4E10F |

Annex D (informative): Change history

| Change history | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----------|-----|-----|--|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_05 | RP-99591 | - | | Approved at TSG RAN #5 and placed under Change Control | - | 3.0.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99691 | 001 | 02 | Primary and Secondary CCPCH in TDD | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99691 | 002 | 02 | Removal of Superframe for TDD | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99691 | 006 | - | Corrections to TS25.221 | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99691 | 007 | 1 | Clarifications for Spreading in UTRA TDD | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99691 | 008 | - | Transmission of TFCI bits for TDD | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99691 | 009 | - | Midamble Allocation in UTRA TDD | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | RAN_06 | RP-99690 | 010 | - | Introduction of the timeslot formats to the TDD specifications | 3.0.0 | 3.1.0 |
| 14/01/00 | - | - | - | - | Change history was added by the editor | 3.1.0 | 3.1.1 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 003 | 2 | Cycling of cell parameters | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 011 | - | Correction of Midamble Definition for TDD | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 012 | - | Introduction of the timeslot formats for RACH to the TDD specifications | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 013 | - | Paging Indicator Channel reference power | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 014 | 1 | Removal of Synchronisation Case 3 in TDD | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 015 | 1 | Signal Point Constellation | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 016 | - | Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 31/03/00 | RAN_07 | RP-000067 | 017 | - | Removal of ODMA from the TDD specifications | 3.1.1 | 3.2.0 |
| 26/06/00 | RAN_08 | RP-000271 | 018 | 1 | Removal of the reference to ODMA | 3.2.0 | 3.3.0 |
| 26/06/00 | RAN_08 | RP-000271 | 019 | - | Editorial changes in transport channels section | 3.2.0 | 3.3.0 |
| 26/06/00 | RAN_08 | RP-000271 | 020 | 1 | TPC transmission for TDD | 3.2.0 | 3.3.0 |
| 26/06/00 | RAN_08 | RP-000271 | 021 | - | Editorial modification of 25.221 | 3.2.0 | 3.3.0 |
| 26/06/00 | RAN_08 | RP-000271 | 023 | - | Clarifications on TxDiversity for UTRA TDD | 3.2.0 | 3.3.0 |
| 26/06/00 | RAN_08 | RP-000271 | 024 | - | Clarifications on PCH and PICH in UTRA TDD | 3.2.0 | 3.3.0 |
| 23/0900 | RAN_09 | RP-000344 | 022 | 1 | Correction to midamble generation in UTRA TDD | 3.3.0 | 3.4.0 |
| 23/0900 | RAN_09 | RP-000344 | 026 | 2 | Some corrections for TS25.221 | 3.3.0 | 3.4.0 |
| 23/0900 | RAN_09 | RP-000344 | 028 | - | Terminology regarding the beacon function | 3.3.0 | 3.4.0 |
| 23/0900 | RAN_09 | RP-000344 | 030 | 1 | TDD Access Bursts for HOV | 3.3.0 | 3.4.0 |
| 23/0900 | RAN_09 | RP-000344 | 031 | 1 | Number of codes signalling for the DL common midamble case | 3.3.0 | 3.4.0 |
| 15/12/00 | RAN_10 | RP-000542 | 034 | - | Correction on TFCI & TPC Transmission | 3.4.0 | 3.5.0 |
| 15/12/00 | RAN_10 | RP-000542 | 035 | 1 | Clarifications on Midamble Associations | 3.4.0 | 3.5.0 |
| 15/12/00 | RAN_10 | RP-000542 | 036 | - | Clarification on PICH power setting | 3.4.0 | 3.5.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | - | - | - | Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN #11 | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 033 | 2 | Correction to SCH section | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 037 | 1 | Bit Scrambling for TDD | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 039 | 1 | Corrections of PUSCH and PDSCH | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 040 | - | Alteration of SCH offsets to avoid overlapping Midamble | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 041 | - | Clarifications & Corrections for TS25.221 | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 045 | 1 | Corrections on the PRACH and clarifications on the midamble generation and the behaviour in case of an invalid TFI combination on the DCHs | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 046 | - | Clarification of TFCI transmission | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010062 | 048 | - | Corrections to Table 5.b "Timeslot formats for the Uplink" | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010073 | 042 | 2 | Introduction of the Physical Node B Synchronization Channel | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010071 | 043 | 1 | Inclusion of 1.28Mcps TDD in TS 25.221 | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 16/03/01 | RAN_11 | RP-010072 | 044 | - | Correction of beacon characteristics due to IPDLs | 3.5.0 | 4.0.0 |
| 15/06/01 | RAN_12 | RP-010336 | 051 | - | Clarification of Midamble Usage in TS25.221 | 4.0.0 | 4.1.0 |
| 15/06/01 | RAN_12 | RP-010336 | 053 | - | Addition to the abbreviation list, correction of references to tables and figures | 4.0.0 | 4.1.0 |
| 15/06/01 | RAN_12 | RP-010342 | 049 | - | Correction of spelling in definition of beacon characteristics | 4.0.0 | 4.1.0 |
| 15/06/01 | RAN_12 | RP-010342 | 055 | - | Correction of Note for PDSCH signalling methods | 4.0.0 | 4.1.0 |
| 21/09/01 | RAN_13 | RP-010522 | 057 | - | TFCI Terminology | 4.1.0 | 4.2.0 |
| 21/09/01 | RAN_13 | RP-010522 | 063 | - | Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 | 4.1.0 | 4.2.0 |
| 21/09/01 | RAN_13 | RP-010522 | 062 | - | Addition and correction of the reference | 4.1.0 | 4.2.0 |
| 21/09/01 | RAN_13 | RP-010528 | 058 | 1 | Corrections for TS 25.221 | 4.1.0 | 4.2.0 |
| 14/12/01 | RAN_14 | RP-010741 | 065 | 1 | Transmit Diversity for P-CCPCH and PICH | 4.2.0 | 4.3.0 |
| 14/12/01 | RAN_14 | RP-010741 | 067 | - | Clarification of midamble transmit power in TS25.221 | 4.2.0 | 4.3.0 |
| 14/12/01 | RAN_14 | RP-010746 | 059 | - | Bit Scrambling for 1.28 Mcps TDD | 4.2.0 | 4.3.0 |
| 14/12/01 | RAN_14 | RP-010746 | 068 | - | Transmit Diversity for P-CCPCH and PICH | 4.2.0 | 4.3.0 |
| 14/12/01 | RAN_14 | RP-010746 | 069 | - | Corrections of reference numbers in TS 25.221 | 4.2.0 | 4.3.0 |
| 08/03/02 | RAN_15 | RP-020049 | 071 | 2 | Clarification of spreading for UL physical channels | 4.3.0 | 4.4.0 |
| 08/03/02 | RAN_15 | RP-020049 | 073 | 1 | Common midamble allocation for beacon time slot | 4.3.0 | 4.4.0 |
| 08/03/02 | RAN_15 | RP-020049 | 075 | 3 | Correction to a transmission of paging indicators bits | 4.3.0 | 4.4.0 |

| Change history | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----------|------|-----|--|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 08/03/02 | RAN_15 | RP-020058 | 076 | 1 | CR to include HSDPA in TS25.221 | 4.3.0 | 5.0.0 |
| 07/06/02 | RAN_16 | RP-020434 | 080 | 2 | Clarification of shared channel functionality for TDD | 5.0.0 | 5.1.0 |
| 07/06/02 | RAN_16 | RP-020313 | 082 | - | Clarification of shared channel functionality for TDD | 5.0.0 | 5.1.0 |
| 07/06/02 | RAN_16 | RP-020317 | 081 | - | TxDiversity for HSDPA in TDD | 5.0.0 | 5.1.0 |
| 19/09/02 | RAN_17 | RP-020559 | 092 | 1 | Corrections to channelisation code mapping for 1.28 Mcps TDD | 5.1.0 | 5.2.0 |
| 19/09/02 | RAN_17 | RP-020576 | 094 | - | Correction to S-CCPCH description for 1.28 Mcps TDD | 5.1.0 | 5.2.0 |
| 19/09/02 | RAN_17 | RP-020579 | 104 | 2 | Corrections to transmit diversity mode for TDD beacon-function physical channels | 5.1.0 | 5.2.0 |
| 19/09/02 | RAN_17 | RP-020569 | 090 | 1 | Corrections to channelisation code mappings for 3.84 Mcps TDD | 5.1.0 | 5.2.0 |
| 19/09/02 | RAN_17 | RP-020572 | 097 | 2 | Corrections to transmit diversity mode for TDD beacon-function physical channels | 5.1.0 | 5.2.0 |
| 21/12/02 | RAN_18 | RP-020848 | 105 | - | Correction of the number of transport channels in clause 4.1 | 5.2.0 | 5.3.0 |
| 21/12/02 | RAN_18 | RP-020852 | 107 | - | Editorial modification to the section numberings | 5.2.0 | 5.3.0 |
| 26/03/03 | RAN_19 | RP-030138 | 109 | 3 | Clarification of number of midamble shifts in different time slots | 5.3.0 | 5.4.0 |
| 26/03/03 | RAN_19 | RP-030138 | 110 | 1 | Correction to applicable HS-SICH burst types and timeslot formats | 5.3.0 | 5.4.0 |
| 26/03/03 | RAN_19 | RP-030138 | 111 | - | Correction to HS-SCCH minimum timing requirement for UTRA TDD (3.84 Mcps Option) | 5.3.0 | 5.4.0 |
| 26/03/03 | RAN_19 | RP-030138 | 112 | 3 | Miscellaneous Corrections | 5.3.0 | 5.4.0 |
| 26/03/03 | RAN_19 | RP-030138 | 113 | - | HSDPA timing requirements | 5.3.0 | 5.4.0 |
| 24/06/03 | RAN_20 | RP-030275 | 114 | 1 | Corrections to field coding of TPC for support of HS-SICH (3.84Mcps TDD) | 5.4.0 | 5.5.0 |
| 13/01/04 | RAN_22 | - | - | - | Created for M.1457 update | 5.5.0 | 6.0.0 |
| 09/06/04 | RAN_24 | RP-040235 | 116 | 2 | Addition of TSTD for S-CCPCH in 3.84Mcps TDD | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |
| 13/12/04 | RAN_26 | RP-040451 | 117 | - | Introduction of MICH | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |
| 14/03/05 | RAN_27 | RP-050089 | 118 | - | Release 6 HS-DSCH operation without a DL DPCH for 3.84Mcps TDD | 6.2.0 | 6.3.0 |
| 16/06/05 | RAN_28 | RP-050240 | 124 | 1 | Correction to transmission of SS for 1.28Mcps TDD | 6.3.0 | 6.4.0 |
| 16/06/05 | RAN_28 | RP-050255 | 127 | 1 | Correction to the examples of the association of UL SS commands to UL uplink time slots | 6.3.0 | 6.4.0 |
| 16/06/05 | RAN_28 | RP-050239 | 130 | 1 | Correction to transmission of TPC for 1.28Mcps TDD | 6.3.0 | 6.4.0 |
| 16/06/05 | RAN_28 | RP-050255 | 133 | 1 | Correction to the examples of the association of UL TPC commands to UL uplink time slot and CCTrCH pairs | 6.3.0 | 6.4.0 |
| 29/06/05 | - | - | - | - | Editorial revision to the incorrect implementation of CR127r1 and CR133r1 | 6.4.0 | 6.4.1 |
| 26/09/05 | RAN_29 | RP-050448 | 0134 | - | Change of burst type to burst format | 6.4.1 | 6.5.0 |
| 20/03/06 | RAN_31 | RP-060078 | 0135 | - | Introduction of the Physical Layer Common Control Channel (PLCCH) | 6.5.0 | 7.0.0 |
| 20/03/06 | RAN_31 | RP-060079 | 0136 | - | Introduction of 7.68Mcps TDD option | 6.5.0 | 7.0.0 |
| 29/09/06 | RAN_33 | RP-060492 | 0138 | - | Introduction of E-DCH for 3.84Mcps and 7.68Mcps TDD | 7.0.0 | 7.1.0 |
| 09/03/07 | RAN_35 | RP-070118 | 0139 | 2 | Introduction of E-DCH for 1.28Mcps TDD | 7.1.0 | 7.2.0 |
| 30/05/07 | RAN_36 | RP-070385 | 0140 | 2 | Support for MBSFN operation | 7.2.0 | 7.3.0 |
| 30/05/07 | RAN_36 | RP-070386 | 0142 | - | Support for LCR TDD MBSFN operation | 7.2.0 | 7.3.0 |
| 30/05/07 | RAN_36 | RP-070386 | 0143 | - | Addition of spreading factor 2 for MBSFN time slot for 1.28Mcps TDD | 7.2.0 | 7.3.0 |
| 11/09/07 | RAN_37 | RP-070650 | 0144 | - | Introduction of multi-frequency operation for 1.28Mcps TDD | 7.3.0 | 7.4.0 |
| 11/09/07 | RAN_37 | RP-070647 | 0145 | - | TFCI mapping for S-CCPCH and 16QAM for 1.28Mcps TDD MBSFN | 7.3.0 | 7.4.0 |
| 27/11/07 | RAN_38 | RP-070943 | 0148 | 2 | More improvement on dedicated carrier for 1.28Mcps TDD MBMS | 7.4.0 | 7.5.0 |
| 04/03/08 | RAN_39 | RP-080140 | 0150 | - | Clarification of uplink multicode capability for 1.28Mcps TDD EUL | 7.5.0 | 7.6.0 |
| 04/03/08 | RAN_39 | RP-080140 | 0151 | - | EUL power control improvements for 1.28Mcps TDD | 7.5.0 | 7.6.0 |
| 04/03/08 | RAN_39 | RP-080140 | 0152 | - | E-AGCH timing for 1.28Mcps TDD EUL | 7.5.0 | 7.6.0 |
| 04/03/08 | RAN_39 | RP-080140 | 0153 | - | Clarification of the description about E-PUCH for 1.28Mcps TDD EUL | 7.5.0 | 7.6.0 |
| 04/03/08 | RAN_39 | - | - | - | Creation of Release 8 further to RAN_39 decision | 7.6.0 | 8.0.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | RP-080356 | 0155 | - | Introduction of 64QAM for 1.28 Mcps TDD HSDPA | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | RP-080348 | 0157 | - | Applicability of sync case 2 | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080663 | 0161 | - | Modification of the timing requirement between HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080662 | 0163 | - | Correction on the time slot format for LCR TDD MBSFN | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-080977 | 166 | - | Correction on FPACH misalignment for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-080976 | 168 | - | Correction of E-PUCH TPC description for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-080987 | 169 | 1 | Introduction of the Enhanced CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH state for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081118 | 170 | 1 | Support for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB operation | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 03/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090230 | 172 | - | Clarification of uplink multicode transmission for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 03/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090239 | 173 | - | TFCI for Secondary CCPCH frame type 2 with 16QAM | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 03/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090241 | 174 | - | Introducing of MIMO for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 03/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090240 | 175 | 1 | Introduction CPC for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 03/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090231 | 177 | - | Editorial correction for annex CB & CC | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 03/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090239 | 178 | - | Specification of T-CPICH sequences for MBSFN IMB | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |

| Change history | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----------|-----|-----|---|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 26/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090531 | 179 | - | Minor corrections for MBSFN IMB | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 26/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090533 | 180 | - | Corrections of HS-PDSCH timeslot formats for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 26/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090526 | 182 | - | E-PUCH timeslot format parameter corrections for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 15/09/09 | RAN_45 | RP-090893 | 184 | - | Clarification of the transmission of SS and TPC in CPC for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 15/09/09 | RAN_45 | RP-090893 | 185 | 1 | Change of the timing definition in CELL-PCH for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 01/12/09 | RAN_46 | RP-091166 | 189 | 1 | Correction on E-AGCH and SPS E-PUCH Association and Timing for 1.28Mcps TDD | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 01/12/09 | RAN_46 | RP-091166 | 197 | - | Timing association between HS-SCCH and SPS HS-PDSCH for LCR TDD | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 16/03/10 | RAN_47 | RP-100202 | 199 | 1 | Clarification of timing association between HS | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |
| 16/03/10 | RAN_47 | RP-100203 | 201 | 1 | Clarification of TPC and SS transmission on HS | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |

History

| Document history | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| V8.1.0 | October 2008 | Publication |
| V8.2.0 | October 2008 | Publication |
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