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Contents

Intell	lectual Property Rights	2
Forev	word	2
Moda	lal verbs terminology	2
Forev	word	7
1	Scope	8
2	References	8
3	Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	9
3.1	Definitions	9
3.2	(void)	9
3.3	Abbreviations	9
4	Frequency bands and channel arrangement	10
4.1	Frequency bands	10
4.2	TX – RX frequency separation	10
4.3	Channel arrangement	11
4.3.1	Channel spacing	11
4.3.2		
4.3.3	Channel number	11
5	General test conditions and declarations	13
5.1	Acceptable uncertainty of Test System	
5.1.1	Measurements of test environments	
5.1.2		
5.2	Repeater test tolerances (informative)	
5.3	Interpretation of measurement results	
5.4	Test Environment	18
5.4.1	Normal test environment	18
5.4.2		18
5.4.2.	1	
5.4.3		
5.4.4	TT J	
5.5	Selection of configurations for testing.	
5.6	Regional requirements	
5.7	Test Models	
5.8	Format and interpretation of tests	
5.9	Repeater configurations	
5.9.1	11 / 1	
5.9.2	Combining of Repeaters	22
6	Output power	22
6.1	Maximum output power	
6.1.1	Definition and applicability	22
6.1.2	Minimum Requirements	22
6.1.3	Test purpose	23
6.1.4		
6.1.4.		
6.1.4.		
6.1.5	Test Requirements	23
7	Frequency stability	24
7.1	Definition and applicability	
7.2	Minimum Requirement	
7.3	Test purpose	
7.4	Method of test	25
7 / 1	Initial conditions	25

7.4.2	Procedure	
7.5	Test requirements	25
8	Out of band gain	25
8.1	Definitions and applicability	
8.2	Minimum Requirements	
8.3	Test purpose	
8.4	Method of test	
8.4.1 8.4.2	Initial conditions Procedure	
8.5	Test requirements	
	•	
9 9.1	Unwanted emission Out of band emission	
9.1 9.1.1	Void	
9.1.2	Operating band unwanted emissions	
9.1.2.1		
9.1.2.2		
9.1.2.3		
9.1.2.4		
9.1.2.4		
9.1.2.4		
9.1.2.5	1	
9.1.3 9.1.3.1	Protection of BS receiver in the operating band	
9.1.3.1 9.1.4	Minimum Requirement	
9.1. 4 9.1.4.1		
9.2	Spurious emissions	
9.2.1	Definition and applicability	
9.2.2	Minimum Requirements	
9.2.2.1		
9.2.2.2		
9.2.2.3		
9.2.2.4		
9.2.2.4	<u>*</u>	
9.2.2.5 9.2.2.5		
9.2.2.3 9.2.2.6	<u>*</u>	
9.2.2.6		
9.2.2.7	•	
9.2.2.7		
9.2.2.7		
9.2.2.8	3 (Void)	
9.2.2.9		
9.2.2.9	<u>*</u>	
9.2.3	Test purpose	
9.2.4	Method of test	
9.2.4.1 9.2.4.2		
9.2.4.2 9.2.5	Test requirements	
	•	
10	Modulation accuracy	
10.1	Error vector magnitude	
10.1.1 10.1.2		
10.1.2	1	
10.1.3	r r	
10.1.4		
10.1.4		
10.1.4		
10.1.5	1	
10.2	Peak code domain error	
10.2.1	Definition and applicability	40

10.2.2	1	
10.2.3	T T	
10.2.4		
10.2.4		
10.2.4		
10.2.5 10.3	Test requirements	
10.3	Relative Code Domain Error (RCDE) for 64QAM modulation	
10.3.1	Minimum requirement	
10.3.2	•	
10.3.4		
10.3.4		
10.3.4	.2 Procedure	50
10.3.5	Test requirements	50
11	Input intermodulation	50
11.1	Definition and applicability	
11.2	Minimum Requirements	
11.2.1	General requirement	
11.2.2	•	
11.2.3	Co-existence with other systems	
11.3	Test purpose	57
11.4	Method of test	
11.4.1	Initial conditions	
11.4.2		
11.5	Test requirements	
11.5.1 11.5.2	Mandatory requirement Co-location with BS in other systems	
11.5.2	·	
11.5.5	•	
12	Output intermodulation	
12.1	Definition and applicability	
12.2	Minimum requirement	
12.3 12.4	Test purpose	
12.4 12.4.1	Method of test	
12.4.1		
12.5	Test requirements	
	•	
13	Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio (ACRR)	
13.1	Definitions and applicability	
13.2	Minimum Requirements	
13.3 13.4	Test purpose	
13.4.1	Initial conditions	
13.4.2		
13.4.3		
	•	
Anne	x A (informative): Repeater measurement system set-up	68
A.1	Maximum output power	68
A.2	Frequency stability	68
A.3	Out of band gain	
A.4	Unwanted emission: Spectrum emission mask	
A.5	Unwanted emission: Spurious emission	69
A.6	Modulation Accuracy: Error Vector Magnitude	
A.7	Modulation Accuracy: Peak Code Domain Error Error and Relative Coder Domain Error	
Δ &	Input inter modulation	70

A.9 Output Intermodu	ılation	70
Annex B (informative)	: Derivation of Test Requirements	71
Annex C (informative)	: Acceptable uncertainty of Test Equipment	74
Annex D (informative)	: Change History	75
History		77

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1 Scope

The present document specifies the Radio Frequency (RF) test methods and Minimum Requirements for UTRA FDD Repeaters. These have been derived from, and are consistent with the UTRA FDD Repeater specifications defined in TS 25.106.

This document establishes the minimum RF characteristics of the UTRA FDD Repeater.

2 References

[11] [12]

[13]

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- [1] 3GPP TS 25.104: 'UTRA(BS) FDD; Radio transmission and Reception'. 3GPP TS 25.942: 'RF system scenarios'. [2] [3] 3GPP TS 25.113: « Base station EMC ». [4] ITU-R recommendation SM.329: 'Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain'. [5] ITU-T recommendation 0.153: 'Basic parameters for the measurement of error performance at bit rates below the primary rate'. IEC 60721-3-3 (1994): 'Classification of environmental conditions – Part 3: Classification of [6] groups of environmental parameters and their severities – Section 3: Stationary use at weather protected locations'. [7] IEC 60721-3-4 (1995): 'Classification of environmental conditions - Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities – Section 4: Stationary use at non-weather protected locations'. [8] IEC 60068-2-1 (1990): 'Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests. Tests A: Cold'. [9] IEC 60068-2-2 (1974): 'Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests. Tests B: Dry heat'. IEC 60068-2-6 (1995): 'Environmental testing - Part 2: Tests - Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)'. [10]

3GPP TS 25.106: 'UTRA Repeater; Radio transmission and reception'.

3GPP TS 25.141: 'Base station conformance testing (FDD)'.

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

Donor coupling loss: is the coupling loss between the repeater and the donor base station.

Down-link: signal path where base station transmits and mobile receives

Maximum output power, Pmax: This is the mean power level per carrier measured at the antenna connector of the Repeater in specified reference condition.

Operating band: the frequency range in which UTRA FDD operates, that is defined with a specific set of technical requirements.

NOTE 1: The operating band(s) for an UTRA Repeater is declared by the manufacturer according to the designations in clause 4.1, Table 4.1.

NOTE 2: Unless specified, operating band refers to the uplink operating band and downlink operating band.

Pass band: the pass band is the frequency range in which the Repeater operates in with operational configuration. This frequency range can correspond to one or several consecutive nominal 5 MHz channels. If they are not consecutive each subset of channels shall be considered as an individual pass band. A repeater can have one or several pass bands.

Repeater: a device that receives, amplifies and transmits the radiated or conducted RF carrier both in the down-link direction (from the base station to the mobile area) and in the up-link direction (from the mobile to the base station).

Up-link: signal path where mobile transmits and base station receives.

3.2 (void)

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BS Base Transceiver Station

CW Continuous Wave (unmodulated signal)

DL Down Link (forward link)
DTT Digital Terrestrial Television
EVM Error Vector Magnitude
FDD Frequency Division Duplex

FFS For Further Study

IMT2000 International Mobile Telecommunication-2000 ITU International Telecommunication Union

MS Mobile Station

RCDE Relative Code Domain Error

RF Radio Frequency
RSS Root Sum of the Squares
TDD Time Division Duplex

UARFCN UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

UL Up Link (reverse link)

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunication System

UTRA Universal Terrestrial Radio Access

WCDMA Wide band Code Division Multiple Access

4 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

4.1 Frequency bands

a) A UTRA/FDD Repeater is designed to operate in one or several pass bands within either of the following paired frequency bands;

Table 4.1: Frequency bands

Operating	UL Frequencies	DL frequencies
Band	UE transmit, Node B receive	UE receive, Node B transmit
	1920 – 1980 MHz	2110 -2170 MHz
II	1850 -1910 MHz	1930 -1990 MHz
III	1710 – 1785 MHz	1805 – 1880 MHz
IV	1710 – 1755 MHz	2110 – 2155 MHz
V	824 – 849MHz	869 – 894MHz
VI	830 – 840 MHz	875 – 885 MHz
VII	2500 – 2570 MHz	2620 – 2690 MHz
VIII	880 – 915 MHz	925 – 960 MHz
IX	1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz	1844.9 – 1879.9 MHz
X	1710 – 1770 MHz	2110 – 2170 MHz
XI	1427.9 – 1452.9 MHz	1475.9 – 1500.9 MHz
XII	698 - 716 MHz	728 - 746 MHz
XIII	777 - 787 MHz	746 - 756 MHz
XIV	788 - 798 MHz	758 - 768 MHz
XV	Reserved	Reserved
XVI	Reserved	Reserved
XVII	Reserved	Reserved
XVII	Reserved	Reserved
XIX	830 – 845 MHz	875 -890 MHz
XX	832 – 862 MHz	791 – 821 MHz
XXI	1447.9 – 1462.9 MHz	1495.9 – 1510.9 MHz
XXII	3410 – 3490 MHz	3510 – 3590 MHz
XXV	1850 – 1915 MHz	1930 – 1995 MHz

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded.

4.2 TX – RX frequency separation

a) A UTRA/FDD repeaters is designed to operate with the following TX to RX frequency separation

Operating Band	TX-RX frequency separation
1	190 MHz
II	80 MHz
III	95 MHz
IV	400 MHz
V	45 MHz
VI	45 MHz
VII	120 MHz
VIII	45 MHz
IX	95 MHz
X	400 MHz
XI	48 MHz
XII	30 MHz
XIII	31 MHz
XIV	30 MHz
XIX	45 MHz
XX	41 MHz
XXI	48 MHz
XXII	100 MHz
XXV	80 MHz

Table 4.2: TX-RX frequency separation

- b) A UTRA/FDD Repeater can support both fixed and variable up-link to down-link frequency separation.
- c) The use of other up-link to down-link frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.

4.3 Channel arrangement

4.3.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario.

4.3.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz for all bands, which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to the table 4.4, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

4.3.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN).

For each operating band, the UARFCN values are defined as follows.

 $\label{eq:Uplink:equation: Uplink: N_U = 5 * (F_{UL} - F_{UL_Offset}), \quad \text{for the carrier frequency range } F_{UL_low} \leq F_{UL} \leq F_{UL_high}$

Downlink: $N_D = 5 * (F_{DL} - F_{DL_Offset})$, for the carrier frequency range $F_{DL_low} \le F_{DL} \le F_{DL_high}$

For each operating Band, F_{UL_Offset} , F_{UL_low} , F_{UL_high} , F_{DL_Offset} , F_{DL_low} and \Box F_{DL_high} are defined in Table 4.3 for the general UARFCN. For the additional UARFCN, F_{UL_Offset} , F_{DL_Offset} and the specific F_{UL} and F_{DL} are defined in Table 4.4.

Table 4.3: UARFCN definition (general)

	UPLINK (UL) UE transmit, Node B receive		DOWNLINK (DL) UE receive, Node B transmit			
Band	UARFCN		uency (F _{∪L})	UARFCN		uency (F _{DL})
	formula offset	range	[MHz]	formula offset	range	[MHz]
	F _{UL_Offset} [MHz]	F_{UL_low}	F _{UL_high}	F _{DL_Offset} [MHz]	F _{DL_low}	F_{DL_high}
1	0	1922.4	1977.6	0	2112.4	2167.6
II	0	1852.4	1907.6	0	1932.4	1987.6
III	1525	1712.4	1782.6	1575	1807.4	1877.6
IV	1450	1712.4	1752.6	1805	2112.4	2152.6
V	0	826.4	846.6	0	871.4	891.6
VI	0	832.4	837.6	0	877.4	882.6
VII	2100	2502.4	2567.6	2175	2622.4	2687.6
VIII	340	882.4	912.6	340	927.4	957.6
IX	0	1752.4	1782.4	0	1847.4	1877.4
Х	1135	1712.4	1767.6	1490	2112.4	2167.6
XI	733	1430.4	1450,4	736	1478.4	1498.4
XII	-22	700.4	713.6	-37	730.4	743.6
XIII	21	779.4	784.6	-55	748.4	753.6
XIV	12	790.4	795.6	-63	760.4	765.6
XIX	770	832.4	842.6	735	877.4	887.6
XX	-23	834.4	859.6	-109	793.4	818.6
XXI	1358	1450.4	1460.4	1326	1498.4	1508.4
XXII	2525	3412.4	3487.6	2580	3512.4	3587.6
XXV	875	1852.4	1912.6	910	1932.4	1992.6

Table 4.4: UARFCN definition (additional channels)

	UPLINK (UL)		DOWNLINK (DL)		
l	UE transmit, Node B receive		UE receive, Node B transmit		
Band	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]	
	formula offset	(F _{UL})	formula offset	(F _{DL})	
	F _{UL_Offset} [MHz]		F _{DL_Offset} [MHz]		
l	-	-		-	
	1850.1	1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5,	1850.1	1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,	
II		1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5,		1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,	
		1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5,		1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,	
		1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5		1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5	
III	-	-	-	-	
IV	1380.1	1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5,	1735.1	2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5,	
		1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5		2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5,	
		1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5		2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5	
V	670.1	826.5, 827.5, 831.5,	670.1	871.5, 872.5, 876.5,	
		832.5, 837.5, 842.5		877.5, 882.5, 887.5	
VI	670.1	832.5, 837.5	670.1	877.5, 882.5	
VII	2030.1	2502.5, 2507.5, 2512.5,	2105.1	2622.5, 2627.5, 2632.5,	
		2517.5, 2522.5, 2527.5,		2637.5, 2642.5, 2647.5,	
		2532.5, 2537.5, 2542.5,		2652.5, 2657.5, 2662.5,	
		2547.5, 2552.5, 2557.5,		2667.5, 2672.5, 2677.5,	
		2562.5, 2567.5		2682.5, 2687.5	
VIII	-	-	-	-	
IX	-	-	-	-	
X	1075.1	1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5,	1430.1	2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5,	
		1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5,		2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5,	
		1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5,		2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5,	
		1757.5, 1762.5, 1767.5		2157.5, 2162.5, 2167.5	
ΧI	-	-	-	-	
XII	-39.9	700.5, 701.5, 706.5,	-54.9	730.5, 731.5, 736.5, 737.5,	
		707.5, 712.5, 713.5		742.5, 743.5	
XIII	11.1	779.5, 784.5	-64.9	748.5, 753.5	
XIV	2.1	790.5, 795.5	-72.9	760.5, 765.5	
XIX	755.1	832.5, 837.5, 842.5	720.1	877.5, 882.5, 887.5	
XX	-	-	-	-	
XXI	-	-	-	-	
XXII	-	-	-	-	
XXV	810.1	1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5,	845.1	1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,	
		1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5,		1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,	
		1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5,		1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,	
		1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5,		1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5,	
		1912.5		1992.5	

5 General test conditions and declarations

This specification applies only to UTRA/FDD Repeater.

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in this specification. Many of the tests in this specification measure a parameter relative to a value, that is not fully specified in the UTRA specifications. For these tests, the Minimum Requirement is determined relative to a nominal value specified by the manufacturer.

Some requirements for the Repeater may be regional as listed in subclause 5.6.

When specified in a test, the manufacturer shall declare the nominal value of a parameter, or whether an option is supported.

Schematic drawings for the individual measurement set-up can be found in the Annex.

5.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test, where appropriate. The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified tolerance, and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All tolerances and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95% is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95% of the performance of a population of test equipment.

For RF test it should be noted that the uncertainties in subclause 5.1 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

5.1.1 Measurements of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the Repeater test environments defined in Subclause 5.4, Test environments shall be.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Pressure:} & \pm 5 \text{ kPa.} \\ \text{Temperature:} & \pm 2 \text{ degrees.} \\ \text{Relative Humidity:} & \pm 5 \%. \\ \text{DC Voltage:} & \pm 1,0 \%. \\ \text{AC Voltage:} & \pm 1,5 \%. \\ \text{Vibration:} & 10 \%. \\ \text{Vibration frequency:} & 0,1 \text{ Hz.} \\ \end{array}$

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

5.1.2 Measurements of Repeater

Table 5.1: Maximum Test System Uncertainty

Subclause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Range over which Test System Uncertainty applies
6.1 Maximum output power	±0,7 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz ±1.0 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	
7 Frequency error	±12 Hz	Measurement results of ± 500 Hz
8 Out of band gain	±0,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz	Measurement results of ± 300 Fiz
o Out of barid gain	±0,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 19,0 GHz	
	Calibration of test set-up shall be made without D.U.T. in order to achieve the accuracy	
9.1.2 Operating band	±1,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz	
unwanted emissions (except 9.1.3)	±1,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	
	Due to carrier leakage for measurements specified in a 1MHz bandwidth close to the carrier (4 MHz to 8 MHz), integration of the measurement using	
	several narrower bandwidth measurements may be necessary in order to achieve the above accuracy.	
	The interference from the signal generator ACLR shall be minimum 10 dB below that of a Base Station according toTS25.141	
9.1.3 Protection of BS	for results > -60 dBm ±2,0 dB	
receiver in the operating band	for results < -60 dBm±3,0 dB	
9.2 Spurious emissions	In UTRA and coexistence receive bands:	
	for results > -60 dBm ±2,0 dB	
	for results < -60 dBm ±3,0 dB	
	Outside above range:	
	emission power	
	$f \le 2,2 \text{ GHz} \pm 1,5 \text{ dB};$	
	$2,2 \text{ GHz} < f \le 4 \text{ GHz } \pm 2,0 \text{ dB};$	
	4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz ±4,0 dB.	
	The interference from the signal generator ACLR	
	shall be minimum 10 dB below that of a Base	
	Station according toTS25.141	
10.1 Error vector magnitude	± 2,5 % (single code applied)	Measurement results from 12,5% to 22,5% at signal power = P_max
	(±2,5 % measurement error for single code).	– 3dB to P_max – 18 dB
	5,0 % EVM in the stimulus signal (single code) will shift the EVM maximum value 0,7% to 18,2%.	
	(RSS repeater EVM and Stimulus EVM.)	
10.2 Peak code domain error	±1,1dB	Measurement results from – 36 dB to – 30 dB, at signal power =
	Formula: RSS measurement error and impedance mismatch error	P_max - 3 dB to P_max - 18 dB
	(using ±1,0 dB measurement error and ±0,5 dB impedance mismatch error (stimulus side) assuming 14 dB return loss)	
10.3 Relative Code Domain Error	1.7 dB	Measurements in the range -18 to - 21 dB at signal power = Pmax
	Formula: Linear addition of the stimulus relative error power, analyser relative error power and	<u> </u>
	repeater relative error power.normalised to repeater relative error power and expressed in dB.	
	-27dB RCDE in the stimulus signal and -27dB	
	RCDE from the analyser and -21 dB repeater	
	minimum requirement is assumed.	
11 Input intermodulation	±1,2 dB	

Characteristics		
	Formula: RSS CW1 level error, 2 x CW2 level	
	error, and measurement error (using all errors =	
	±0,5 dB)	
12 Output Intermodulation	±2,1 dB Spectrum emission	
	Formula: RSS 2x Interference signal level error and Spectrum emission measurement level error. (1 dB interference signal level error is assumed.)	
	Due to carrier leakage for measurements specified in a 1MHz bandwidth close to the carrier (4 MHz to 8 MHz), integration of the measurement using several narrower bandwidth measurements may be necessary in order to achieve the above accuracy.	
	The interference from the signal generator ACLR shall be minimum 10 dB below that of a Base Station	
	For spurious emission:	
	In UTRA and coexistence receive bands: for results > -60 dBm ±2,0 dB for results < -60 dBm ±3,0 dB	
	Outside above range: emission power f ≤ 2,2 GHz ±1,5 dB; 2,2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz ±2,0 dB;	
	2,2 GHZ < 1 ≤ 4 GHZ ±2,0 dB, 4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz ±4,0 dB.	
	The interference signal must have a spurious emission level at least 10 dB below the spurious levels required in 9.2.	
13 Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio	±0,7 dB	

5.2 Repeater test tolerances (informative)

The Test Tolerances defined in this subclause have been used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to derive the Test Requirements.

The Test Tolerances are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Tolerances may sometimes be set to zero.

The test tolerances should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.)

Table 5.2: Test Tolerance

Subclause	Test Tolerance (Note 1)	Notes		
6.1 Maximum output power	0,7 dB			
9.1.2 Operating band unwanted emissions	1,5 dB	0 dB test tolerance for the additional Band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII and XIV requirements		
9.2 Spurious emissions	0 dB			
7 Frequency error	12 Hz			
10.1 Error vector magnitude	0 %	Target value is shifted due to stimulus EVM		
10.2 Peak code domain error	1,1 dB			
10.3 Relative Code Domain Error	1,7 dB			
8 Out of band gain	0,5dB			
11 Input intermodulation Characteristics	1,2dB			
12 Output intermodulation	1,5 dB for spectrum emission 0 dB for spurious emission			
13 Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio	0,7 dB			
NOTE 1: Unless otherwise stated, The Test Tolerances are applied to the DUT Minimum Requirement. See				

NOTE 1: Unless otherwise stated, The Test Tolerances are applied to the DUT Minimum Requirement. See Annex B.

5.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared – without any modification – against the Test Requirements as defined by the share risk principle.

The share risk principle is defined in ETR 273 Part 1 sub-part 2 section 6.5.

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in subclause 5.1 of this specification.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in subclause 5.1, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in subclause 5.1 shall be used to tighten the Test Requirement-making the test harder to pass. (For some tests e.g. receiver test, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a Test System not compliant with subclause 5.1does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with subclause 5.1 had been used.

5.4 Test Environment

For each test in the present document, the environmental conditions under which the Repeater is to be tested are defined.

5.4.1 Normal test environment

When a normal test environment is specified for a test, the test should be performed within the minimum and maximum limits of the conditions stated in Table 5.3.

Table 5.3: Limits of conditions for Normal Test Environment

Condition	Minimum	Maximum		
Barometric pressure	86 kPa	106 kPa		
Temperature	15°C	30°C		
Relative Humidity	20 %	85 %		
Power supply	Nominal, as declared by the	Nominal, as declared by the manufacturer		
Vibration	Negligible	Negligible		

The ranges of barometric pressure, temperature and humidity represent the maximum variation expected in the uncontrolled environment of a test laboratory. If it is not possible to maintain these parameters within the specified limits, the actual values shall be recorded in the test report.

NOTE: This may, for instance, be the case for measurements of radiated emissions performed on an open field test site.

5.4.2 Extreme test environment

The manufacturer shall declare one of the following:

- 1) the equipment class for the equipment under test, as defined in the IEC 60 721-3-3 [6];
- 2) the equipment class for the equipment under test, as defined in the IEC 60 721-3-4 [7];
- 3) the equipment that does not comply to the mentioned classes, the relevant classes from IEC 60 721 [6], [7] documentation for Temperature, Humidity and Vibration shall be declared.

NOTE: Reduced functionality for conditions that fall out side of the standard operational conditions are not tested in the present document. These may be stated and tested separately.

5.4.2.1 Extreme temperature

When an extreme temperature test environment is specified for a test, the test shall be performed at the standard minimum and maximum operating temperatures defined by the manufacturer"s declaration for the equipment under test.

Minimum temperature:

The test shall be performed with the environment test equipment and methods including the required environmental phenomena into the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60 068-2-1 [8].

Maximum temperature:

The test shall be performed with the environmental test equipment and methods including the required environmental phenomena into the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60 068-2-2 [9].

NOTE: It is recommended that the equipment is made fully operational prior to the equipment being taken to its lower operating temperature.

5.4.3 Vibration

When vibration conditions are specified for a test, the test shall be performed while the equipment is subjected to a vibration sequence as defined by the manufacturer"s declaration for the equipment under test. This shall use the environmental test equipment and methods of inducing the required environmental phenomena in to the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60 068-2-6 [10]. Other environmental conditions shall be within the ranges specified in subclause 5.4.1.

NOTE: The higher levels of vibration may induce undue physical stress in to equipment after a prolonged series of tests. The testing body should only vibrate the equipment during the RF measurement process.

5.4.4 Power supply

When extreme power supply conditions are specified for a test, the test shall be performed at the standard upper and lower limits of operating voltage defined by manufacturer"s declaration for the equipment under test.

Upper voltage limit:

The equipment shall be supplied with a voltage equal to the upper limit declared by the manufacturer (as measured at the input terminals to the equipment). The tests shall be carried out at the steady state minimum and maximum temperature limits declared by the manufacturer for the equipment, to the methods described in IEC 60 068-2-1 [8] Test Ab/Ad and IEC 60 068-2-2 [9] Test Bb/Bd: Dry Heat.

Lower voltage limit:

The equipment shall be supplied with a voltage equal to the lower limit declared by the manufacturer (as measured at the input terminals to the equipment). The tests shall be carried out at the steady state minimum and maximum temperature limits declared by the manufacturer for the equipment, to the methods described in IEC 60 068-2-1 [8] Test Ab/Ad and IEC 60 068-2-2 [9] Test Bb/Bd: Dry Heat.

5.5 Selection of configurations for testing

Most tests in the present document are only performed for a subset of the possible combinations of test conditions. For instance:

- only one RF channel may be specified to be tested;
- only one timeslot may be specified to be tested.

When a test is performed by a test laboratory, the choice of which combinations are to be tested shall be specified by the laboratory. The laboratory may consult with operators, the manufacturer or other bodies.

When a test is performed by a manufacturer, the choice of which combinations are to be tested may be specified by an operator.

5.6 Regional requirements

Some requirements in TS 25.143 may only apply in certain regions. Table 5.4 lists all requirements that may be applied differently in different regions.

Table 5.4: List of regional requirements

Sub- clause	Requirement	Comments
number		
4.1	Frequency bands	Some bands may be applied regionally.
4.2	TX – RX frequency separation	The requirement is applied according to what frequency bands in clause 4.1 that are supported by the Repeater.
4.3	Channel arrangement	The requirement is applied according to what frequency bands in clause 4.1 that are supported by the Repeater.
6.1	Maximum output power	In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges of conditions defined as normal.
9.1.2	Operating band unwanted emissions	The mask specified may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied.
9.2.2.1	Spurious emissions (Category A)	These requirements shall be met in cases where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.
9.2.2.2	Spurious emissions (Category B)	These requirements shall be met in cases where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.
9.2.2.4	Spurious emissions: Co-existence with other systems in the same geographical area	These requirements may apply in geographic areas in which both UTRA FDD Repeater and GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD operating in another frequency band are deployed.
9.2.2.5	Spurious emissions: Co-existence with co-located and co-sited base stations	These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD BS operating in another frequency band are co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.
9.2.2.6	Spurious emissions: Co-existence with PHS	This requirement may be applied for the protection of PHS in geographic areas in which both PHS and UTRA FDD Repeaters are deployed.
9.2.2.7.1	Spurious emissions: Co-existence with UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD -Operation in the same geographic area	This requirement may be applied for the protection of UTRA UE in geographic areas in which both UTRA TDD BS and UTRA FDD Repeaters are deployed.
9.2.2.7.2	Spurious emissions: Co-existence with UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD – Co-location	This requirement may be applied for the protection of UTRA TDD BS receivers when UTRA TDD BS and UTRA FDD Repeaters are co-located.
9.2.2.9	Spurious emissions: Protection of public safety operations	This requirement shall be applied to Repeater operating in Bands XIII and XIV to ensure that appropriate interference protection is provided to 700 MHz public safety operations.
11.2.2	Input intermodulation: Co-location with BS in other systems	The requirement may be applied when GSM 900, DCS 1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD BS operating in another frequency band and UTRA-FDD Repeaters are co-located.
11.2.3	Input Intermodulation: Co- existence with other systems	These requirements may apply in geographic areas in which both UTRA FDD Repeater and GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD operating in another frequency band are deployed.

5.7 Test Models

The set-up of physical channels for the Repeater tests shall be according to one of the test models described in TS 25.141 [11]. A reference to the applicable test model in TS 25.141 is made for each test in Table 5.5 by referring to the test model number as it appears in TS 25.141.

These test models shall be used in the tests of both the up-link and the down-link directions of the Repeater unless otherwise stated.

Table 5.5: List of the applicable test models

Test model number in TS 25.141	Requirement	Comments
Test Model 1	Repeater output power	
Test Model 1	Out of band emission	
Test Model 1	Spurious emission	
Test Model 1	Error vector magnitude	
Test Model 3	Peak code domain error	
Test Model 6	Relative code domain error	

5.8 Format and interpretation of tests

Each test in the following clauses has a standard format:

X Title

All tests are applicable to all equipment within the scope of the present document, unless otherwise stated.

X.1 Definition and applicability

This subclause gives the general definition of the parameter under consideration and specifies whether the test is applicable to all equipment or only to a certain subset.

X.2 Minimum Requirements

This subclause is an informative copy of the Minimum Requirement defined by the core specification.

In addition, this subclause contains the reference to the subclause to the 3GPP reference (or core) specification which defines the Minimum Requirement.

X.3 Test purpose

This subclause defines the purpose of the test.

X.4 Method of test

X.4.1 Initial conditions

This subclause defines the initial conditions for each test, including the basic measurement set-up.

X.4.2 Procedure

This subclause describes the steps necessary to perform the test and provides further details of the test definition like point of access (e.g. antenna port), domain (e.g. frequency-span), range, weighting (e.g. bandwidth), and algorithms (e.g. averaging).

X.5 Test Requirements

This subclause defines the pass/fail criteria for the equipment under test. See subclause 5.3 Interpretation of measurement results.

5.9 Repeater configurations

5.9.1 Power supply options

If the repeater is supplied with a number of different power supply configurations, it may not be necessary to test RF parameters for each of the power supply options, provided that it can be demonstrated that the range of conditions over which the equipment is tested is at least as great as the range of conditions due to any of the power supply configurations.

5.9.2 Combining of Repeaters

If the repeater is intended for combination with additional apparatus connected to a repeater port and this combination is supplied as a system, the combination of repeater together with the additional apparatus shall also fulfil the repeater requirements. E.g. if the repeater is intended for combination such that multiple repeaters amplify the same signals into the same ports the combination shall also fulfil the repeater requirements.

An example of such a configuration is shown in figure 5.1

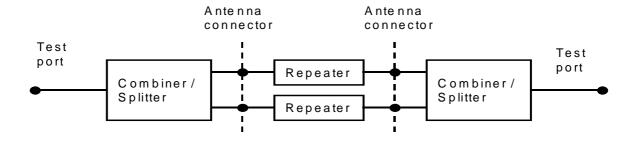


Figure 5.1: Example of repeater configuration

6 Output power

Maximum output power, Pmax, of the Repeater is the mean power level per carrier at maximum Repeater gain that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

6.1 Maximum output power

6.1.1 Definition and applicability

Maximum output power, Pmax, of the Repeater is the mean power level per carrier measured at the antenna connector in specified reference condition.

6.1.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.1 relative to the manufacturer"s rated output power.

Table 6.1: Repeater output power; normal conditions

Rated output power	Limit
P ≥ 43 dBm	+2 dB and -2 dB
39 ≤ P < 43 dBm	+2 dB and -2 dB
31 ≤ P < 39 dBm	+2 dB and -2 dB
P < 31 dBm	+3 dB and -3 dB

In extreme conditions as specified in section 5.4.2 and 5.4.4, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.2 relative to the manufacturer"s rated output power.

Table 6.2: Repeater output power; extreme conditions

Rated output power	Limit
P ≥ 43 dBm	+2,5 dB and -2,5 dB
39 ≤ P < 43 dBm	+2,5 dB and -2,5 dB
31 ≤ P < 39 dBm	+2,5 dB and -2,5 dB
P < 31 dBm	+4 dB and -4 dB

In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges defined for the Normal test environment in subclause 5.4.1.

6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Repeater maximum output power is within the limit specified in 6.1.2.

6 1 4 Method of test

6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect the signal generator equipment to the Repeater input port.
- 3) Connect the power measuring equipment to the Repeater output port.

6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the signal generator to transmit a signal modulated with a combination of PCCPCH, SCCPCH and Dedicated Physical Channels specified as test model 1 in TS 25.141.
- 2) Adjust the input power to the Repeater to create the maximum nominal Repeater output power at maximum gain.
- 3) Measure the mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.
- 4) Increase the power with 10 dB compare to the level obtained in step 2.
- 5) Measure the mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.

In addition, on one UARFCN only, the test shall be performed under extreme power supply as defined in subclause 5.4.4

NOTE: Tests under extreme power supply also test extreme temperature.

6.1.5 Test Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.3 relative to the manufacturer"s rated output power.

Table 6.3: Repeater output power; normal conditions

Rated output power	Carrier frequency	Limit	
D > 42 dD	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+2,7 dB and -2,7 dB	
P ≥ 43 dBm	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+3,0 dB and -3,0 dB	
39 ≤ P < 43 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+2,7 dB and -2,7 dB	
39 ≤ P < 43 UBIII	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+3,0 dB and -3,0 dB	
31 ≤ P < 39 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+2,7 dB and -2,7 dB	
31 ≤ P < 39 dbiii	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+3,0 dB and -3,0 dB	
P < 31 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+3,7 dB and -3,7 dB	
P < 31 ubili	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+4,0 dB and -4,0 dB	

In extreme conditions as specified in section 5.4.2 and 5.4.4, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.4 relative to the manufacturer"s rated output power.

Table 6.4: Repeater output power; extreme conditions

Rated output power	Carrier frequency	Limit
P ≥ 43 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+3,2 dB and -3,2 dB
P ≥ 43 UBIII	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+3,5 dB and -3,5 dB
39 ≤ P < 43 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+3,2 dB and -3,2 dB
39 ≤ P < 43 ubiii	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+3,5 dB and -3,5 dB
31 ≤ P < 39 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+3,2 dB and -3,2 dB
31 ≥ F < 39 uBill	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+3,5 dB and -3,5 dB
P < 31 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	+4,7 dB and -4,7 dB
F < 31 UDIII	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	+5,0 dB and -5,0 dB

In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges defined for the Normal test environment in subclause 5.4.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in subclause 5.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in Annex B.

7 Frequency stability

Frequency error is the measure of the difference between the frequency of the received signal and the frequency of the re-transmitted signal.

7.1 Definition and applicability

The frequency stability is a measure of the frequency deviation of the output signal with respect to the input signal. The test shall address the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater.

7.2 Minimum Requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the frequency deviation shall be within \pm 0,01 ppm.

7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Frequency Error is within the limit specified in 7.2.

7.4 Method of test

7.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect the cw signal generator equipment to the Repeater input port.
- 3) Connect the frequency counter to the Repeater output port. Both the signal generator and the frequency counter shall use the same reference frequency.
- 4) Adjust the input power to the Repeater to create the maximum nominal Repeater output power as declared by the manufacturer at maximum gain.

7.4.2 Procedure

Measure the frequency error for both paths uplink and downlink of the Repeater.

7.5 Test requirements

The measurement result of 7.4.2 shall not exceed:

 $|f_{IN} - f_{OUT}| \le (f_{OUT} * 0.01 \text{ ppm}) + 12 \text{ Hz}$

8 Out of band gain

8.1 Definitions and applicability

Out of band gain refers to the gain of the Repeater immediately outside the pass band. The measurements shall apply to both paths uplink and downlink of the Repeater.

8.2 Minimum Requirements

The intended use of a repeater in a system is to amplify the in band signals and not to amplify the out of band emission of the donor base station.

In the intended application of the repeater, the out of band gain is less than the donor coupling loss.

The repeater minimum donor coupling loss shall be declared by the manufacturer. This is this the minimum required attenuation between the donor BS and the repeater for proper repeater operation.

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the gain outside the pass band shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 8.1, where:

- f_offset is the distance from the centre frequency of the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band.

Table 8.1: Out of band gain limits 1

Frequency offset from the carrier frequency, f_offset	Maximum gain
2,7 ≤ f_offset < 3,5 MHz	60 dB
3,5 ≤ f_offset < 7,5 MHz	45 dB
7,5 ≤ f_offset < 12,5 MHz	45 dB
12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset	35 dB

For 12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset the out of band gain shall not exceed the maximum gain of table 8.2 or the maximum gain stated in table 8.1 whichever is lower.

Table 8.2: Out of band gain limits 2

Repeater maximum output	Maximum gain	
power as in 9.1.1.1		
P < 31 dBm	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss	
31 dBm ≤ P < 43 dBm	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss	
P ≥ 43 dBm Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss – (P-43dB		
Note: The out of band gain is considered with 12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset		

8.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Repeater meets the out of band gain requirements as specified in TS 25.106.

8.4 Method of test

8.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test shall be performed with an offset between CW-signal and the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band of 2,7 MHz, 3 MHz, 3,5 MHz, 5 MHz, 7,5 MHz, 10 MHz, 12,5 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz, excluding other pass bands. In addition the test shall also be performed for all harmonic frequencies of the repeaters pass band up to 12,75 GHz, for operating bands $f \le 3,0$ GHz, or up to the 5^{th} harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL or UL operating band, for operating bands f > 3,0GHz.

8.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator to generate a CW-signal, applied to the input port of the Repeater. The power level of the RF input signal shall be at least 5 dB below the power level which, when applied within the pass band, would produce the maximum rated output power, as declared by the manufacturer. This is to ensure that the equipment is operating in the linear output range.
- 3) The average output power in each case shall be measured using a spectrum analyser connected to the output port of the Repeater and the net gain shall be recorded compared to table 8.3 or table 8.4 whichever is lower.
- 4) With the same input power as in step 1) set the repeater gain to the minimum specified by the manufacturer.
- 5) The average output power in each case shall be measured using a spectrum analyser connected to the output port of the Repeater and the net gain shall be recorded and compared to table 8.3 or table 8.4 whichever is lower.

8.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3: Out of band gain limits

Frequency offset from the carrier frequency, f_offset	Maximum gain
2,7 ≤ f_offset < 3,5 MHz	60,5 dB
3,5 ≤ f_offset < 7,5 MHz	45,5 dB
7,5 ≤ f_offset < 12,5 MHz	45,5 dB
12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset	35,5 dB

Table 8.4: Out of band gain limits 2

Repeater maximum output power as in 9.1.1.1	Carrier frequency	Maximum gain	
P < 31 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,5 dB	
P < 31 UDIII	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,8 dB	
31 dBm ≤ P < 43 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,5 dB	
31 UDIII \(\text{P} < 43 UDIII	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,8 dB	
P ≥ 43 dBm	f ≤ 3,0 GHz	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss – (P-43dBm) + 0,5 dB	
P ≥ 43 0DIII	3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz	Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss – (P-43dBm) + 0,8 dB	
NOTE: The donor coupling loss is considered with 12,5 MHz ≤ f offset			

9 Unwanted emission

Unwanted emissions consist of out-of-band emissions and spurious emissions [4]. Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the pass band bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter, but excluding spurious emissions. Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The out-of-band emissions requirement for repeater is specified both in terms operating band unwanted emissions and protection of the BS receiver in the operating band. The Operating band unwanted emissions define all unwanted emissions in the repeater operating band plus the frequency ranges 10 MHz above and 10 MHz below that band. Unwanted emissions outside of this frequency range are limited by a spurious emissions requirement.

9.1 Out of band emission

9.1.1 Void

9.1.2 Operating band unwanted emissions

9.1.2.1 Definitions and applicability

Operating band unwanted emissions comprise an emission mask applied outside the repeater passband and a general requirement applied outside the mask but inside the frequency range of the operating band unwanted emissions.

The general operating band unwanted emissions limits are given in table 9.0.

Table 9.0: General operating band unwanted emissions requirements

Frequency range of operating band	Category A	Category B	Measurement bandwidth	Notes
≤ 1 GHz	-13 dBm	-16 dBm	100 kHz	1,2
≥ 1 GHz	-13 dBm	-15 dBm	1 MHz	2,3

NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1

NOTE 2: Limit based on ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.3 and Annex 7

NOTE 3: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s2.5 table 1

The masks defined in Table 9.1, Table 9.2, Table 9.3, and Table 9.4 below may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied.

9.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

For regions where this clause applies, the requirement shall be met by a repeater"s RF-signal output at maximum gain with WCDMA signals in the pass band of the Repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated output power per channel. In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 emissions shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 9.1, Table 9.2, Table 9.3, and Table 9.4 for the appropriate Repeater maximum output power, in the frequency range from $\Delta f = 2.5$ MHz to Δf_{max} from the 5 MHz channel, where:

- Δf is the separation between the centre frequency of first or last 5 MHz channel used in the pass band and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the centre frequency of first or last 5 MHz channel in the pass band and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is 12,5 MHz.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measurement filter.

To select the table of the maximum level for the spectrum emission mask test, use the maximum output power as defined in subclause 3.1 Definition. If one channel is used for the spectrum emission mask test use this power for the selection. If two channels are used for the spectrum emission mask test use the power of one of these.

Table 9.1: Emission mask values, maximum output power P ≥ 43 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 2)
2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-14 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$-14dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right) dB + \Delta P$	30 kHz
(Note 1)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-26 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5 MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-13 dBm + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$ f_{max}	8,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-13 dBm	1 MHz

NOTE 3:

- for carrier frequency $f \le 3.0 \text{GHz}$: $\Box \Delta P = 0 \text{dB}$;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f \leq 4,2GHz: $\Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.2: Emission mask values, maximum output power 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point,	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 2)
2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-14 dBm + ∆P	30 kHz
2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$-14dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz}-2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$	30 kHz
(Note 1)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-26 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
$3,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7,5 $ MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-13 dBm + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$ f max	$8,0MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	P – 56 dB	1 MHz

NOTE 3:

- for carrier frequency f ≤ 3,0GHz: \Box Δ P = 0dB;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f \leq 4,2GHz: $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.3: Emission mask values, maximum output power 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 2)
point,∆f			
$2,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 2,7$ MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	P – 53 dB + ΔP	30 kHz
2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$P - 53dB - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$	30 kHz
(Note 1)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	P – 65 dB + ΔP	30 kHz
$3,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7,5 $ MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	P – 52 dB + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$ f max	8,0MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P – 56 dB	1 MHz
NOTE 3.			Į.

NOTE 3:

- for carrier frequency $f \le 3.0GHz$: $\triangle P = 0dB$;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f \leq 4,2GHz: $\Box\Delta P$ = 0.3dB

Table 9.4: Emission mask values, maximum output power P < 31 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement	Measureme nt bandwidth (Note 2)
$2,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 2,7$ MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-22 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$-22dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$	30 kHz
(Note 1)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-34 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5 MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-21 dBm + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$	$8.0MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	-25 dBm	1 MHz

NOTE 3

- for carrier frequency f ≤ 3,0GHz: \Box Δ P = 0dB;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f \leq 4,2GHz: $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

For operation in band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV and XXV the applicable additional requirement in Tables 9.4A, 9.4B or 9.4C apply in addition to the minimum requirements in Tables 9.1 to 9.4.

Table 9.4A: Additional emission mask values for Bands II, IV, X, XXV

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth (Note 2)
$2.5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <	-15 dBm	30 kHz
	3.515MHz		
$3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$	4.0MHz ≤ f_offset <	-13 dBm	1 MHz
	f_offset _{max}		

Table 9.4B: Additional emission mask values for Band V

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth (Note 2)
$2.5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.515MHz	-15 dBm	30 kHz
$3.5~\text{MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$	$3.55MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	-13 dBm	100 kHz

Table 9.4C: Additional emission mask values for Bands XII, XIII, XIV

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth (Note 2)
$2.5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 2.6 \text{ MHz}$	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.615MHz	-13 dBm	30 kHz
$2.6 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$	2.65MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-13 dBm	100 kHz

In certain regions the following requirement may apply for protection of DTT. For UTRA Repeater operating in Band XX, the level of emissions in the band 470-790 MHz, measured in an 8MHz filter bandwidth on centre frequencies $F_{\rm filter}$ according to Table 9.4D, shall not exceed the maximum emission level $P_{\rm EM,N}$ declared by the manufacturer.

Table 9.4.D: Declared emissions levels for protection of DTT

Filter centre frequency, F _{filter}	Measurement bandwidth	Declared emission level [dBm]
$F_{filter} = 8*N + 306 (MHz);$	8 MHz	P _{EM,N}
$21 \le N \le 60$		

NOTE: The regional requirement is defined in terms of EIRP (effective isotropic radiated power), which is dependent on both the repeater emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the repeater needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. Compliance with the regional requirement can be determined using the method outlined in TS 25.104 [1] Annex D.

Note for Tables 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.4A, 9.4B and 9.4C:

NOTE 1: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f_offset is continuous.

NOTE 2 As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth can be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

9.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Repeater meet the spectrum emission requirements as specified in TS 25.106.

9.1.2.4 Method of test

9.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

A measurement set-up is shown in annex A

- 1) Connect a signal generator to the input port of the Repeater for tests of repeaters with a pass band corresponding to one 5 MHz channel. If the pass band corresponds to two or more 5 MHz carriers, two signal generators with a combining circuit or one signal generator with the ability to generate several WCDMA carriers is connected to the input. The signals shall be de-correlated as described in TS25.141 [11], clause 6.1.1.6.3 of equal power.
- 2) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 4,0 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement bandwidth.
- 3) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4,0 MHz and (Δfmax 500 kHz) shall use a 1 MHz measurement bandwidth. The 1MHz measurement bandwidth may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements.
- 4) Detection mode: True RMS.

9.1.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator(s) to generate signal(s) in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.2.1.1.1, at level(s) which produce the manufacturer specified maximum output power at maximum gain.
- 3) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 4) Increase the power with 10 dB compare to the level obtained in step 2.
- 5) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 6) If the pass band corresponds to more than two consecutive nominal 5 MHz channels, repeat step 2) to 5) with any combination of two WCDMA modulated signals of equal power in the repeaters pass band.
- 7) Switch of the signal generator.
- 8) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.

9.1.2.5 Test requirements

The measurement result of step 3 and 5 of 9.1.4.2 shall not exceed the maximum level specified in tables 9.5 to 9.8 for the appropriate Repeater maximum output power.

Table 9.5: Emission mask values, maximum output power P ≥ 43 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement Band (Note 1)	Measurement bandwidth
2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-12,5 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$-12,5$ dBm $-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)$ dB + ΔP	30 kHz
	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-24,5 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
$3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7.5 $ MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-11,5 dBm + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$	8,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-11,5 dBm	1 MHz

NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency $f \le 3,0GHz$: $\triangle P = 0dB$;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz: $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.6: Emission mask values, maximum output power 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point,	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement Band (Note 1)	Measurement bandwidth
2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-12,5 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
$\begin{array}{c} 2.7 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3.5 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$-12,5$ dBm $-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 2,715\right)$ dB + ΔP	30 kHz
	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-24,5 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
$3,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7,5 $ MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-11,5 dBm + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$	8,0MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P – 54,5 dB	1 MHz

NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency f ≤ 3,0GHz: \Box Δ P = 0dB;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz: $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.7: Emission mask values, maximum output power 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre	Test requirement Band (Note 1)	Measurement bandwidth
filter -3dB point,∆f			
2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	P − 51,5 dB + ∆P	30 kHz
$\begin{array}{c} 2.7 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3.5 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$P - 51,5dB - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$	30 kHz
	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	P – 63,5 dB + ΔP	30 kHz
$3,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7,5 $ MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	P – 50,5 dB + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$	8,0MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P – 54,5 dB	1 MHz

NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency f ≤ 3,0GHz: \Box Δ P = 0dB;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz: $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.8: Emission mask values, maximum output power P < 31 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement Band (Note 1)	Measuremen t bandwidth
2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-20,5 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	$-20,5dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$	30 kHz
	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-32,5 dBm + ΔP	30 kHz
3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5 MHz	4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-19,5 dBm + ΔP	1 MHz
7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f$	$8.0MHz \le f_{offset} < f_{offset_{max}}$	-23,5 dBm	1 MHz

NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency $f \le 3.0GHz$: $\Box \Delta P = 0dB$;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f \leq 4,2GHz: $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

For operation in band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV and XXV the applicable additional requirement in Tables 9.8A, 9.8B or 9.8C apply in addition to the minimum requirements in Tables 9.5 to 9.8.

Table 9.8A: Additional emission mask values for Bands II, IV, X, XXV

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 MHz ≤ Δf <	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <	-15 dBm	30 kHz
3.5 MHz	3.515MHz		
3.5 MHz ≤ Δf ≤	4.0MHz ≤ f_offset <	-13 dBm	1 MHz
Δf_max	f_offset _{max}		

Table 9.8B: Additional emission mask values for Band V

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 MHz ≤ Δf < 3.5 MHz	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.515MHz	-15 dBm	30 kHz
$3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$	$3.55MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	-13 dBm	100 kHz

Table 9.8C: Additional emission mask values for Bands XII, XIII, XIV

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point,	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 MHz ≤ Δf <	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <	-13 dBm	30 kHz
2.6 MHz	2.615MHz		
2.6 MHz ≤ Δf ≤	2.65MHz ≤ f_offset <	-13 dBm	100 kHz
Δf_max	f_offset _{max}		

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in subclause 5.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in Annex B.

9.1.3 Protection of BS receiver in the operating band

This requirement shall be applied for the protection of UTRA-FDD BS receivers in geographic areas in which UTRA-FDD Repeater and UTRA-FDD BS are deployed.

The requirement applies at frequencies that are more than 10 MHz below or more than 10 MHz above the repeater pass band.

9.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement

This requirement applies to the uplink of the repeater, at maximum gain.

In the up-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.11A: Uplink operating band unwanted emission limits for protection of UTRA FDD BS receiver

Maximum Measurement Level Bandwidth		Note
-53 dBm	100 kHz	

NOTE 1: These requirements in Table 9.11A for the up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 73 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA FDD BS receiver.

NOTE 2: The requirements shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

NOTE 3: The protection of R-GSM is for further study.

9.1.4 Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands

This requirement may be applied for the protection in bands adjacent to bands I or VII, as defined in clause 4.1 in geographic areas in which both an adjacent band service and UTRA are deployed.

The requirement applies only to the down-link direction of the repeater.

9.1.4.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.20: UTRA Repeater down-link spurious emissions limits for protection of adjacent band services

Operating Band	Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
I	2100-2105 MHz	-30 + 3.4 (f - 2100 MHz) dBm	1 MHz	
	2175-2180 MHz	-30 + 3.4 (2180 MHz - f) dBm	1 MHz	
VII	2610-2615 MHz	-30 + 3.4 (f - 2610 MHz) dBm	1 MHz	
	2695-2700 MHz	-30 + 3.4 (2700 MHz - f) dBm	1 MHz	

9.2 Spurious emissions

9.2.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions. This is measured at the Repeater output port.

The requirements of either subclause 9.2.2.1 or subclause 9.2.2.2 shall apply whatever the type of Repeater considered (one or several pass bands). It applies for all configurations foreseen by the manufacturer"s specification.

The spurious emission limits apply from 9 kHz to 12.75 GHz (or above, as indicated in Table 9.9 and 9.10), excluding the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the repeaters operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the repeaters operating band. Exceptions are the requirement in Table 9.17 and 9.21 that apply also closer than 10 MHz from repeaters operating band.

Unless otherwise stated, all requirements are measured as mean power (RMS).

For repeaters capable of supporting both UTRA and E-UTRA, conformance to the UTRA spurious emission requirements can also be demonstrated using E-UTRA spurious emission test methods as described in TS 36.143 [13].

9.2.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the following requirements shall be met.

9.2.2.1 Spurious emission (Category A)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.

At maximum Repeater gain, with WCDMA signals in the pass band of the Repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated output power per channel, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits specified in Table 9.9.

When the power in all channels is increased by 10 dB the requirements shall still be met.

The requirement shall apply both with or without an input signal applied.

Table 9.9: Up-link and down-link: General spurious emissions limits, Category A

Band	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Notes
9kHz – 150kHz		1 kHz	Note 1
150kHz – 30MHz		10 kHz	Note 1
30MHz – 1GHz		100 kHz	Note 1
1GHz – 12,75 GHz		1 MHz	Note 2
12.75 GHz – 5 th harmonic	-13 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2, Note 3
of the upper frequency	10 02		
edge of the DL or UL			
operating band for DL or			
UL spurious emissions,			
respectively			

NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s4.1

NOTE 2: Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s2.5 table 1

NOTE 3: Applies only for Band XXII

9.2.2.2 Spurious emission (Category B)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.

At maximum Repeater gain, with WCDMA signals in the pass band of the Repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated power output per channel, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits specified in Tables 9.10 and 9.10A depending on the declared operating band for the down- and up-link.

When the power in all channels is increased by 10 dB the requirements shall still be met.

The requirement shall apply both with or without an input signal applied.

Table 9.10: General spurious emissions limits (Category B)

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9 kHz ↔ 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Note 1
150 kHz ↔ 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz	Note 1
30 MHz ↔ 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Note 1
1 GHz ↔ 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2
12.75 GHz - 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL or UL operating band for DL or UL spurious emissions, respectively	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2, Note 3

NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1

NOTE 2: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R

SM.329 [4], s2.5 table 1 NOTE 3: Applies only for Band XXII

Table 9.10A: (Void)

Table 9.10B: (void)

Table 9.10C: (void)

Table 9.10D: (void)

Table 9.10E: (void)

Table 9.10F: (void)

9.2.2.3 Void

9.2.2.4 Co-existence with other systems in the same geographical area

These requirements may be applied for the protection of UE, MS and/or BS operating in other frequency bands in the same geographical area. The requirements may apply in geographic areas in which both UTRA FDD Repeater and a system operating in another frequency band than the FDD operating band are deployed. The system operating in the other frequency band may be GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD.

9.2.2.4.1 Minimum Requirements

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 9.13 for a UTRA FDD Repeater where requirements for co-existence with the system listed in the first column apply.

Table 9.13: UTRA Repeater up-link and down-link spurious emissions limits in geographic coverage area of systems operating in other frequency bands

System type	Band for	Maximum	Measurement	Note
operating in the same	co- existence	Level	Bandwidth	
geographical area	requirement			
GSM900	921 – 960	-57 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
	MHz			operating in band VIII.
	876 – 915	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already
DCS1800	1805 – 1880	-47 dBm	100 kHz	covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
D001000	MHz	- 4 7 dDill	100 KHZ	operating in band III.
	1710 – 1785	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already
PCS1900	1020 1000	-47 dBm	100 kHz	covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
PCS1900	1930 – 1990 MHz	-47 dBm	100 KHZ	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in frequency band II or band XXV.
	1850 – 1910	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in frequency band II or band
				XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-
0014050	000 004	57 ID	400 111	clause 9.1.3.
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 – 894 MHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in frequency band V.
CDIVIA650	824 – 849	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
	MHz	OT GEIN	100 1112	FDD Repeater operating in frequency band V, since it is
				already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
UTRA FDD	2110 – 2170	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band I or	MHz	40 dD	1 MHz	operating in band I.
E-UTRA Band 1	1920 – 1980 MHz	-49 dBm	1 IVIHZ	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already
Dana 1	IVII IZ			covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
UTRA FDD	1930 – 1990	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band II or	MHz			operating in band II or band XXV.
E-UTRA	1850 – 1910	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
Band 2	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
UTRA FDD	1805 – 1880	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band III or	MHz			operating in band III or band IX.
E-UTRA	1710 – 1785	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
Band 3	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already
				covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA
				FDD Repeater operating in band IX in the frequency range
				from 1749,9 MHz to 1784,9 MHz, since it is already
				covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
UTRA FDD	2110 – 2155	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band IV or E-UTRA	MHz 1710 – 1755	-49 dBm	1 MHz	operating in band IV or band X. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
Band 4	MHz	-49 ubili	1 1011 12	FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is
20				already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
UTRA FDD	869 – 894	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band V or	MHz	40 :-	4.5	operating in band V.
E-UTRA	824 – 849	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
Band 5	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
UTRA FDD	860 – 890	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band VI or XIX				operating in band V, VI, XIX or XX.
or E-UTRA	815 – 830	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA
Band 6, 18 or	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band V, VI, XIX or XX.

UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 10 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 10 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 10 UTRA FDD Band VII or	40	000 045	40. ID	4 8 41 1	T: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 Band 8 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 Band 8 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 Band 8 UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 8 Band 8 UTRA FDD Band VII or B	19	830 – 845	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD
International Content Inte		MHZ			
UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7 MHz E-UTRA Band 7 MHz E-UTRA FDD Band Will or E-UTRA Band 8 Band 8 MHz E-UTRA 8 Band 9 MHz UTRA FDD Band Will or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band Will or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band Will or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band Will or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz UTRA FDD Band Will or Band Will					
UTRA FDD 2620 – 2690 52 dBm MHz Special properating in band VII.					
Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7 WHz E-UTRA Band 7 WHz September 2570 - 49 dBm MHz September 2570 - 49 dBm Septembe	LITDA EDD	2620 2600	FO dDm	1 M⊔→	
E-UTRA Band 7 UTRA FDD Band WIII or Band 8 Band 8 Band 9 UTRA FDD Band WIII or Band X or B-UTRA Band 9 UTRA FDD Band X or B-UTRA FDD Band X or B-UTRA FDD Band X or B-UTRA FDD Band Y or Band Y or B-UTRA FDD Band X or B-UTRA FDD Band X or B-UTRA FDD Band Y or B-UTRA FDD Band X o			-52 UDIII	I IVITZ	
Band 7			40 dDm	4 MILI-	
UTRA FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz Sab 915 -960 Band Whz Band 8 MHz Sab 915 -960 Band Whz Band 8 MHz Sab 915 -960 Band Whz Sa	_		-49 UDIII	I IVITZ	
UTRA FDD Band Will or E-UTRA Band 8 WHz S80 - 915	Dallu 1	IVITIZ			
Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8 MHz 880 = 915 -49 dBm 1 MHz 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is alrasdy covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII or band X. See See See See See See See See See S	LITDA EDD	025 060	FO dDm	1 M∐→	
E-UTRA Band 8 880 - 915			-52 UDIII	I IVITZ	
Band 8			40 dD	4 1411-	
UTRA FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 10 1844.9— Band IX or E-UTRA Band 5 1749.9— Band Y or Band X	_		-49 ubili	I IVITZ	
UTRA FDD 1479.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band III. or band IX. Since it is already covered by the requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Band X or E-UTRA This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Band X or E-UTRA This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Band X or E-UTRA This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Band X or Band X	Danu o	IVITIZ			
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E-UTRA Band 9			-52 UDIII	I IVITZ	
Band 9			40 dDm	4 MILI-	This requirement does not apply to the LIL of the LIDA
already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X. This requirement does not apply to the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X. This requirement does not apply to the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X. This requirement does not apply to the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band X IV or band XXI. or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21 1447.9 — 49 dBm 1462.9 MHz UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 UTRA FDD T28 - 746 S98 - 716 S98 -			-49 UDIII	I IVITIZ	
UTRA FDD Band X or XI Band 10 UTRA FDD Band X or XI Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band X or XI Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band X or XI Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band X or XI Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band X or XI Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band X or XI Ban	Dallu 9	1764.9 IVIDZ			
Band X or E-UTRA Band 10 Band	LITDA EDD	2110 2170	FO dDm	1 M∐→	
E-UTRA Band 10 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI or band XI. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI or band XI. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater opera			-02 UDIII	ı ıvır⊐∠	
Band 10 MHz			-10 dPm	1 1/1⊔→	
Covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI 1510.9 MHz 1427.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz 1447.9 MHz 1462.9 MHz 1462.9 MHz 1462.9 MHz 1462.9 MHz 1462.9 MHz 1510.7 Repeater operating in band XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XII or B-UTRA Band 12 MHz 1510.9 MHz 151			-49 ubili	I IVII IZ	
This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21 1447.9 - 49 dBm 1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz UTRA FDD Rand XII or E-UTRA Band XII or Band XI o	Danu 10	IVITIZ			
UTRA FDD Band XII or XXI UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21 UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band XI or XXI 1447.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz UTRA FDD Band XII or MHz Band XI or SAM Band XI or Band XII					
UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI 1510.9 MHz 1447.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI 162.9 MHz 1447.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI 162.9 MHz 1447.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz UTRA FDD Band XI or Carbon XI or band XXI. 1447.9 - 49 dBm 1 MHz UTRA FDD Band XII or Carbon XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XII or Carbon XII. UTRA FDD Band XIV or Carbon XII. E-UTRA Band 14 MHz Band 15 UTRA FDD Band XIV or Carbon XII. E-UTRA Band 17 MHz Band 17 Tot - 746 Band 17 MHz Band 17 MHz Band 17 Tot - 746 Band 17 MHz Band 17 Tot - 746 Band XI or Carbon XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. E-UTRA Band 17 Tot - 746 MHz Tot - 52 dBm MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requiremen					
by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.					
Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21 or E-UTRA Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band XI or E-UTRA Band XI or Band XXI or Ban					
Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21	LITRA EDD	1/75 0 _	-52 dRm	1 MHz	
or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21 H447.9 MHz 1447.9 MHz 1447.9 - 149 dBm 1462.9 MHz UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14 E-UTRA Band 14 Band 17 Table Abbert A			OZ GBIII	1 1011 12	
Band 11 or 21 1447.9 MHz 1447.949 dBm 1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz 1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz 1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz 1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz 15			-49 dRm	1 MHz	
covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3 1447.9 - 149 dBm			10 02		
1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz	24.14				
UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 14 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 15 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 16 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 17 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 18 UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 19 Total Care operating in band XIII. Band 10 Total Care operating in band XIII. Band 11 This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA Band XIII or Band XIII		1447.9 -	-49 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 MHz September Septem					
Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 WHz Band 13 WHz Band 13 WHz Band 13 WHz Band 14 WHz Band 14 WHz Band 15 WHz Band 16 WHz Band 17 WHz Band 17 WHz Band 18 WHz Band 19 WHz Band 20 WHz					
E-UTRA Band 12 WHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not	UTRA FDD	728 - 746	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater
Band 12 MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 MHz T77 - 787 -49 dBm AIII. UTRA FDD Band XIV or Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14 MHz T88 - 798 AIII. E-UTRA Band 17 A34 - 746 AIII or Band 17 MHz AIII or Band 17 MHz AIII or Band 18 MHz AIII or Band 19 AIII or Band 10 AIII or Band					
UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 UTRA FDD Band XIV or Band XIV or Band 14 Band 15 E-UTRA Band 16 Band XIV or Band XIV or Band XIV E-UTRA Band 17 E-UTRA Band 17 Band XIV Band 17 Band 17 Band XIV Band 17 Band XIV Band 17 Band XIV Band 17 Band 17 Band XIV Band 17 Band XIV Band 17 Band XIV Band 18 Band 19 Band XIV Band 19 Band XIV Band 19 Band XIV Band 19 Band XIV Band 10 Band XIV Band XI			-49 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13	Band 12	MHz			
Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 MHz Band 13 Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13 Band XIII or Band XIV or Ban					
E-UTRA Band 13 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. E-UTRA Band 17 MHz Touriement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.			-52 dBm	1 MHz	
Band 13 MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA MHz MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. E-UTRA Band 14 MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. E-UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. E-UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. E-UTRA FDD MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD FOR PEPEATER FOR PROPERTIES FOR PROPERTIE					
UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14 MHz Band 17 MHz Band 17 MHz Band 17 MHz Band 18 Band 18 Band 19 Band XIV or Ba			-49 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14 Band 15 E-UTRA Band 16 Band 17 E-UTRA Band 17 Band 17 Band 18 Band 19 Band 20 Band XXII or E-UTRA Band XXII or Band	Band 13	MHz			
Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14 F-UTRA Band 14 Band 14 Band 14 Band 14 Band 15 Band 16 Band 17 Band 17 Band 17 Band 17 Band 18 Band 19 Band 20 Band	LITO A ESS	750 700	E0 -10	4 841 1	
E-UTRA Band 14 This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. E-UTRA Band 17 This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XXII or Band XXII or E-UTRA This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.			-o∠ aRw	1 IVIHZ	
Band 14 MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. E-UTRA Band 17 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. To4 - 716 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XXII or E-UTRA This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.			40 dD~	1 NALI-	This requirement does not apply to the LIL of the LIEPA
E-UTRA Band 17 F-UTRA Band 17 Band 20 Band 20 Band 20 Band XXII or Band XXI			-49 UDIII	I IVI□∠	EDD Pennster energing in hand VIV since it is already
E-UTRA Band 17 This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII.	Danu 14	IVI□Z			
Band 17 MHz 704 - 716 MHz 704 - 716 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XXII or Band XXII or E-UTRA MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA	F-I ITD A	734 - 746	-52 dRm	1 MHz	
This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD 791 - 821 -52 dBm AXX or Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 MHz Sand 20 MHz Sand 20 San			02 UDIII	1 1011 12	
MHz Description MHz MHz MHz MHz Description MHz MHz MHz Description MHz MHz MHz MHz Description MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Description MHz MHz MHz MHz Description MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MH			-49 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 MHz Sand XXI or Band XXI or Ban				, <u>, .</u>	
UTRA FDD Band XX or BAND Band ZX or BAND BAND BAND BAND BAND BAND BAND BAND					
Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 Band	UTRA FDD	791 - 821	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 20 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD Band XXII or Band XXII or E-UTRA 832 - 862 -49 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA					
Band 20 MHz FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD 3510 - 3590 -52 dBm AXII or Band XXII or E-UTRA 3410 - 3490 -49 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA			-49 dBm	1 MHz	
Covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. UTRA FDD 3510 - 3590 -52 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. E-UTRA 3410 - 3490 -49 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA					
UTRA FDD 3510 - 3590 -52 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. E-UTRA 3410 - 3490 -49 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA					covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.
E-UTRA 3410 - 3490 -49 dBm 1 MHz This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA		3510 - 3590	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
Band 22 MHz FDD Repeater operating in hand XXII since it is already			-49 dBm	1 MHz	
	Band 22	MHz			FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already
covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.					covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.

E-UTRA Band 23	2180 - 2200 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
	2000 - 2020 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, where the limits are defined separately.
	2000 – 2010 MHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement only applies to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. This requirement
	2010 – 2020 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	applies starting 5 MHz above the band XXV DL operating band.
E-UTRA Band 24	525 – 1559 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
	1626.5 – 1660.5 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA FDD Band XXV or	1930 - 1995 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD repeater operating in band II or band XXV.
E-UTRA Band 25	1850 - 1915 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD repeater operating in band XXV since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. For UTRA FDD repeater operating in band II, it applies for 1910 MHz to 1915 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3.

- NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.
- NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

9.2.2.5 Co-existence with co-located and co-sited base stations

These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when GSM900 and/or DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD BS are co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.

9.2.2.5.1 Minimum Requirements

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 9.14 for a UTRA FDD Repeater where requirements for co-location with the Base Station listed in the first column apply.

Table 9.14: UTRA Repeater up-link and down-link spurious emissions limits for Repeater co-located with Base Stations

Type of co-located Base Station	Band for co-location requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
GSM900	876 – 915 MHz	-98 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
DCS1800	1710 – 1785 MHz	-98 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
PCS1900	1850 – 1910 MHz	-98 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
GSM850 or CDMA850	824 – 849 MHz	-98 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1	1920 – 1980 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band II or E-UTRA Band 2	1850 – 1910 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3	1710 – 1785 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IX in the frequency Range from 1749,9 MHz to 1784,9 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between base station and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	1710 – 1755 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	824 – 849 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band VI or	815 – 830 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, VI, XIX or XX.

XIX or E-UTRA Band 6, 18 or 19	830 – 845 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or XIX. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XX.
UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7	2500 – 2570 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8	880 – 915 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 9	1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10	1710 – 1770 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band X. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between base station and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band 11 or	1427.9 – 1447.9 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
21	1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the up-link of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXI. The sub-clause 9.1.3requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12	698 - 716 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13	777 - 787 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14	788 - 798 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
E-UTRA Band 17	704 – 716 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.

UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20	832 – 862 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
UTRA FDD Band XXII or E-UTRA Band 22	3410 - 3490 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.
E UTRA Band 23	2000 - 2020 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 24	1626.5 - 1660.5 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	
UTRA FDD Band XXV or E UTRA Band 25	1850 - 1915 MHz	-96 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies fro 1910MHz to 1915MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeater operating band (see Table 4.1). The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB UTRA Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2].

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

9.2.2.6 Co-existence with PHS

This requirement may be applied for the protection of PHS in geographic areas in which both PHS and UTRA-FDD Repeaters are deployed. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between 12,5 MHz below the centre frequency of the first 5 MHz channel or more than 12,5 MHz above the centre frequency of the last 5 MHz channel in the pass band.

9.2.2.6.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.17: UTRA Repeater Spurious up-link and down-link emissions limits for in geographic coverage area of PHS

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
1884,5 – 1915,7 MHz	-41 dBm	300 kHz	

9.2.2.7 Co-existence with UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD

9.2.2.7.1 Operation in the same geographic area

This requirement may be applied to geographic areas in which both UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD and UTRA-FDD Repeaters are deployed.

9.2.2.7.1.1 Minimum requirement

In the down-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.18: UTRA Repeater down-link spurious emissions limits in geographic coverage area of UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD

System type operating in the same geographical area	Band for co-existence requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 33	1900 - 1920 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 34	2010 - 2025 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 38	2570 - 2620 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band f) or E-UTRA Band 39	1880 – 1920 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	Applicable in China
UTRA TDD in Band e) or E-UTRA Band 40	2300 – 2400 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 – 2690 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 – 3600 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

In the up-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 9.18A: UTRA Repeater up-link spurious emissions limits in geographic coverage area of UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD

System type operating in the same geographical area	Band for co-existence requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 33	1900 - 1920 MHz	-53 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or band XXV.
	1900 - 1920 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I band II or band XXV.
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 34	2010 - 2025 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 38	2570 - 2620 MHz	-53 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.
	2570 - 2620 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.
UTRA TDD Band f) or E-UTRA Band 39	1880 – 1920 MHz	-53 dBm	100 kHz	Applicable in China. This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.
	1880 – 1920 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	Applicable in China. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.
UTRA TDD in Band e) or E-UTRA Band 40	2300 – 2400 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 – 3600 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	

NOTE 3: The co-existence requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

NOTE 4: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

NOTE 1: The requirements of -53dBm/100kHz in Table 9.18 and in Table 9.18A, which are respectively for the down link and up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 73 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA TDD BS receiver.

NOTE 2: The requirements shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

9.2.2.7.2 Co-located Repeaters and UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD base stations

This requirement may be applied for the protection of UTRA-TDD BS receivers when UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD BS and UTRA-FDD Repeater are co-located.

9.2.2.7.2.1 Minimum requirement

In the down-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.19: UTRA Repeater down-link spurious emissions limits for protection of co-located UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD BS receiver

Type of co-located Base Station	Band for co-location requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 33	1900 - 1920 MHz	- 86 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 34	2010 - 2025 MHz	- 86 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 38	2570 - 2620 MHz	- 86 dBm	1 MHz	
UTRA TDD Band f) or E-UTRA Band 39	1880 - 1920MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	Applicable in China
UTRA TDD Band e) or E-UTRA Band 40	2300 - 2400MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 - 3600 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 - 3800 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

In the up-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 9.19A: UTRA Repeater up-link spurious emissions limits for protection of co-located UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD BS receiver

Type of co-located Base Station	Band for co-location requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
UTRA TDD Band a) or	1900 - 1920 MHz	-53 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement is
E-UTRA Band 33	1000 1020 11112	00 42	100 11.12	applied only to UTRA
				FDD Repeater
				operating in band I,
-	1000 1000 1111	00 10	4 8 41 1	band II or band XXV.
	1900 - 1920 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to
				UTRA FDD Repeater
				operating in band I,
				band II or band XXV.
UTRA TDD Band a) or	2010 - 2025 MHz	-83 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement is
E-UTRA Band 34				applied only to UTRA
				FDD Repeater operating in band I.
	2010 - 2025 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement
		00 0.2		does not apply to
				UTRA FDD Repeater
				operating in band I
UTRA TDD Band d) or	2570 - 2620 MHz	-53 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement is
E-UTRA Band 38				applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater
				operating in band VII.
†	2570 - 2620 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement
				does not apply to
				UTRA FDD Repeater
LITERATED D. LO	4000 4000 MIL	50 ID	400111	operating in band VII.
UTRA TDD Band f) or E-UTRA Band 39	1880 – 1920 MHz	-53 dBm	100 kHz	Applicable in China. This requirement is
E-011(A Balla 39				applied only to UTRA
				FDD Repeater
				operating in band II
				or band XXV.
	1880 – 1920 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	Applicable in China.
				This requirement does not apply to
				UTRA FDD Repeater
				operating in band II
				or band XXV.
UTRA TDD in Band e) or	2300 – 2400 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 40 E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 – 3600 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement
				does not apply to
				UTRA FDD Repeater
				operating in band
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-86 dBm	1 MHz	XXII.
E-UTRA Dallu 43	3000 - 3000 IVITZ	-00 UDIII	I IVI⊓∠	

NOTE 4: The co-location requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

NOTE 5: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

NOTE 1: The requirements of -53dBm/100kHz in Table 9.19 and Table 9.19A, which are respectively for the down link and up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 73 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA TDD BS receiver.

- NOTE 2: The requirements of -83dBm/100kHz in Table 9.19A for the up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 43 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA TDD BS receiver.
- NOTE 3: The requirements shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

9.2.2.8 (Void)

9.2.2.9 Protection of public safety operations

This requirement shall be applied to Repeater operating in Bands XIII and XIV to ensure that appropriate interference protection is provided to 700 MHz public safety operations. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between 12.5 MHz below the first carrier frequency used and 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used.

9.2.2.9.1 Minimum Requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.21: Spurious emissions limits for the up-link and down-link of UTRA Repeater for protection of public safety operations

Operating Band	Band	Maximum	Measurement	Note
		Level	Bandwidth	
XIII	763 - 775 MHz	-46 dBm	6.25 kHz	
XIII	793 - 805 MHz	-46 dBm	6.25 kHz	
XIV	769 - 775 MHz	-46 dBm	6.25 kHz	
XIV	799 - 805 MHz	-46 dBm	6.25 kHz	

9.2.3 Test purpose

This test measure conducted spurious emission from the Repeater transmitter antenna connector, while the Repeater is in operation.

9.2.4 Method of test

9.2.4.1 Initial conditions

A measurement set-up is shown in annex A.

- 1) Connect a signal generator to the input port of the Repeater for tests of repeaters with apass band corresponding to one 5 MHz channel. If the pass band corresponds to two or more 5 MHz carriers, two signal generators with a combining circuit or one signal generator with the ability to generate several WCDMA carriers is connected to the input. The signals shall be de-correlated as described in TS25.141 [11], clause 6.1.1.6.3 of equal power.
- 2) Detection mode: True RMS.

9.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator(s) to generate signal(s) in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.2.1.1.1, at level(s) which produce the manufacturer specified maximum output power at maximum gain.
- 3) The detecting device shall be configured with a measurement bandwidth as stated in the tables.
- 4) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.

- 5) Increase the input power with 10 dB compare to the level obtained in step 2.
- 6) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 7) If the pass band corresponds to more than two consecutive nominal 5 MHz channels, repeat step 2) to 6) with any combination of two WCDMA modulated signals of equal power in the repeaters pass band.
- 8) Switch of the signal generator.
- 9) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.

9.2.5 Test requirements

In all measurements, the requirements according to subclause 9.2.2 shall be fulfilled.

10 Modulation accuracy

In this section the procedure for testing the modulation accuracy of Repeaters is defined. This test includes EVM and peak code domain error.

10.1 Error vector magnitude

In this section the procedure for testing the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) of Repeaters is defined.

10.1.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the theoretical waveform and a modified version of the measured waveform. The modification is done according to annex E of TS25.141. This difference is called the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the modified mean reference signal power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one power control group (timeslot).

10.1.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the Error Vector Magnitude shall not be worse than 12,5 % as defined in TS25.106.

10.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM is within the limit specified in 10.1.2 after the signal passed through the Repeater...

10.1.4 Method of test

10.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test is based upon the test for the base station. Test model 1 as described in TS25.141 is used for the definition of the signal to test on. A signal generator providing the required signals is connected to the input of the Repeater. The Repeater is set to operate at full gain. The signal level is adjusted to the equivalent level to obtain the nominal output power as declared by the manufacturer. A signal analyser connected to the output is used to measure the EVM value.

10.1.4.2 Procedure

The test has to be performed in the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater. The EVM has to be measured according to Annex E of TS25.141

10.1.4.3 Stimulus EVM effect

The stimulus signal generator EVM will RSS with the tested repeater EVM. The target for the recorded value is adjusted accordingly in the test requirements.

10.1.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the Error Vector Magnitude, as defined in TS25.106, shall not exceed 13.2%.

10.2 Peak code domain error

In this section the procedure for testing the Peak Code Domain Error of Repeaters is defined.

10.2.1 Definition and applicability

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes. The measurement interval is one power control group (timeslot).

10.2.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the peak code domain error shall not exceed -35 dB at spreading factor 256 as defined in TS25.106.

10.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the peak code domain error is within the limit specified in 10.2.2 after the signal passed through the Repeater.

10.2.4 Method of test

10.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test is based upon the test for the base station. Test model 3 as described in TS25.141 is used for the definition of the signal to test on. A signal generator providing the required signals is connected to the input of the Repeater. The spreading factor of the signal generator is set to 256. The Repeater is set to operate at full gain. The signal level is adjusted to the equivalent level to obtain the nominal output power as declared by the manufacturer. A signal analyser connected to the output is used to measure the peak code domain error value.

10.2.4.2 Procedure

The test has to be performed in the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater. The peak code domain error as described in TS25.141 Annex E has to be measured.

10.2.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the peak code domain error shall not exceed -33,9 dB at spreading factor 256 as defined in TS25.106.

10.3 Relative Code Domain Error (RCDE) for 64QAM modulation

10.3.1 Definition and applicability

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in 10.1) onto the code domain at a specified spreading factor. Only the active code channels in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every active code is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the error projection onto that code, to the mean power of the active code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one frame.

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error is only applicable for Repeater supporting 64QAM modulated codes.

See TS25.141 [11] Annex E for further details.

10.3.2 Minimum requirement

The average Relative Code Domain Error for 64QAM modulated codes shall not exceed -21 dB at spreading factor 16.

10.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the peak code domain error is within the limit specified in 10.3.2 after the signal passed through the Repeater.

10.3.4 Method of test

10.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test is based upon the test for the base station. Test model 6 as described in TS25.141 is used for the definition of the signal to test on. A signal generator providing the required signals is connected to the input of the Repeater. The spreading factor of the signal generator is set to 16. The Repeater is set to operate at full gain. The signal level is adjusted to the equivalent level to obtain the nominal output power as declared by the manufacturer. A signal analyser connected to the output is used to measure the peak code domain error value.

10.3.4.2 Procedure

The test has to be performed in the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater. The relative code domain error as described in TS25.141 Annex E has to be measured.

10.3.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the relative code domain error shall not exceed -19.3 dB at spreading factor 16 as defined in TS25.106.

11 Input intermodulation

The input intermodulation is a measure of the capability of the Repeater to inhibit the generation of interference in the pass band, in the presence of interfering signals on frequencies other than the pass band.

11.1 Definition and applicability

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the Repeater to maintain the wanted frequency free of internally created interference.

The test requirements in Tables 11.2 may be applied for the protection of FDD Repeater input when GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD BS are co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.

The additional test requirements in Tables 11.2A may be applied for the protection of FDD Repeater input when a UTRA TDD BS is co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.

This test applies to uplink and downlink path of the Repeater.

11.2 Minimum Requirements

11.2.1 General requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.1: General input intermodulation requirement

f_offset	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth
3,5 MHz	-40 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz

For the parameters specified in table 11.1, the power in the pass band shall not increase by more than 10 dB at the output of the Repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

11.2.2 Co-location with BS in other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.2: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

Co-located other systems	Frequency of interfering signals	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth	Note
GSM900	921 – 960 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
DCS1800	1805 – 1880 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	between BS and the repeater DL receive port. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
PCS1900	1930 – 1990 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 – 894 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1	2110 – 2170 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	1930 – 1990 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band II or E-UTRA Band 2			carriers		Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3	1805 – 1880 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	2110 – 2155 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	869 – 894 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band VI or XIX or E-UTRA Band 6, 18 or 19	860 – 890 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or band XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7	2620 – 2690 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8	925 – 960 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.

UTRA-FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 9	1844.9 – 1879.9 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10	2110 – 2170 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21	1475.9 – 1510.9 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI or band XXI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12	728 - 746 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band XIII or E-UTRA Band 13	746 - 756 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14	758 - 768 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
E-UTRA Band 17	734 - 746 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20	791 - 821 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band XXII or E-UTRA Band 22	3510 - 3590 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
E UTRA Band 23	2180 - 2200 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	
E UTRA Band 24	1525 – 1559 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	
UTRA-FDD Band XXV or E-UTRA Band 25	1930 - 1995 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies fro 1990MHz to 1995MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL transmit port.

- NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in the table 11.2 do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the table 11.2. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2]
- NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.2AA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD systems

Co-located other systems	Frequency of interfering signals	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth
UTRA TDD Band a) or	1900 - 1920 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 33				
UTRA TDD Band a) or	2010 – 2025 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 34				
UTRA-TDD Band d) or	2570 – 2620 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 38				
UTRA TDD Band f) or	1880 - 1920MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 39				
UTRA TDD Band e) or	2300 - 2400MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 40				
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 - 3600 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 - 3800 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in Table 11.2AA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.2AA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2]

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.2 and 11.2AA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 10 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

11.2.3 Co-existence with other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.2A: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

Co- existence	Frequency of interfering signals	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth	Note
with other systems	876 – 915 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
GSM900	070 - 915 WINZ	-15 dBIII	carriers	I WITZ	Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
DCS1800	1710 – 1785 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
PCS1900	1850 – 1910 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
GSM850 or CDMA850	824 – 849 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1	1920 – 1980 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band II or E-UTRA Band 2	1850 – 1910 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3	1710 – 1785 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	1710 – 1755 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	824 – 849 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band VI or XIX or E-UTRA Band 6, 18 or 19	815 – 845 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or band XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XX.
UTRA-FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7	2500 – 2570 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8	880 – 915 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 9	1749,9 – 1784,9 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10	1710 – 1770 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band XI or XXI or E-UTRA	1427.9 – 1447.9 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.

Band 11 or	1447.9 - 1462.9	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
21	MHz		carriers		Repeater operating in band XXI, since it is
					already covered by the requirement in sub-
					clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	698 - 716 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XII or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XII, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 12					clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	777 - 787 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XIII or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 13					clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	788 - 798 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XIV or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 14					clause 11.2.1.
E-UTRA	704 - 716 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band 17			carriers		Repeater operating in band XII, since it is
					already covered by the requirement in sub-
					clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	832 - 862 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XX or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XX, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 20					clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	3410-3490 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XXII			carriers		Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is
or E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 22					clause 11.2.1.
E-UTRA	2000 - 2020 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 23			carriers		
E-UTRA	1626.5 – 1660.5	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 24	MHz	45 15	carriers	4.541.1	
UTRA-FDD	1850-1915 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XXV			carriers		Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is
or E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 25					clause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater
					operating in band II, it applies fro 1910MHz to
					1915MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-
					clause 11.1.

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.2A do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-existence requirement in the Table 11.2A. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-existence

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.2AAA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD systems

Co-existence with other	Frequency of interfering	Interfering Signal	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth	Note
systems	signals	Levels			
UTRA TDD	1900 – 1920	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA
Band a) or	MHz		carriers		FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or
E-UTRA					band XXV.
Band 33	2212 222	4 = 15	0.0147	4 8 41 1	
UTRA TDD	2010 – 2025 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band a) or	IVITZ		carriers		
E-UTRA					
Band 34	0570 0000	45 JD	0.014/	4 MILL	
UTRA-TDD	2570 - 2620 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA
Band d) and or	IVII IZ		carriers		FDD Repeater operating in band VII.
E-UTRA TDD					
Band 38	1880 - 1920MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	A surficient to the Chine
UTRA TDD	1000 - 1920IVITZ	- 15 ubili	carriers	I IVITZ	Applicable in China.
Band f) or E-UTRA			oarrioro		This requirement does not apply to UTRA
Band 39					FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.
UTRA TDD	2300 - 2400MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	AAV.
Band e) or	2000 2400WIII2	10 dBill	carriers	1 1011 12	
E-UTRA					
Band 40					
E-UTRA	2496 - 2690	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 41	MHz		carriers		
E-UTRA	3400 - 3600	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA
Band 42	MHz		carriers		FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.
E-UTRA	3600 - 3800	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 43	MHz		carriers		

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.2AAA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.2AAA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [5]

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.2A and table 11.2AAA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 10 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

11.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Repeater meets the intermodulation characteristics requirements as specified in TS 25.106, subclause 11.1.

11.4 Method of test

11.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 3) Connect two signal generators with a combining circuit or one signal generator with the ability to generate several CW carriers to the input.

4) Connect a spectrum analyser to the output of the Repeater. Set the resolution bandwidth to 1 MHz in the centre of the pass band. Set averaging to 1 second or more.

11.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Adjust the frequency of the input signals, either below or above the pass band, so that the lowest order intermodulation product is positioned in the centre of the pass band, according to subclause 11.2.
- 2) Take the measurement of the rise of the output signal.
- 3) Repeat the measurement for the opposite path of the Repeater.

11.5 Test requirements

11.5.1 Mandatory requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.3: Input intermodulation requirement

f_offset	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth
3,5 MHz	-40 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz

For the parameters specified in table 11.3, the power in the pass band shall not increase by more than 11,2 dB at the output of the Repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

11.5.2 Co-location with BS in other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.4: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

Co-located other systems	Frequency of interfering signals	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth	Note
GSM900	921 – 960 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
DCS1800	1805 – 1880 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
PCS1900	1930 – 1990 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 – 894 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1	2110 – 2170 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band II or E-UTRA Band 2	1930 – 1990 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3	1805 – 1880 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	2110 – 2155 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	869 – 894 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band VI or XIX or E-UTRA Band 6, 18 or 19	860 – 890 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or band XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7	2620 – 2690 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8	925 – 960 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.

UTRA-FDD	1844.9 – 1879.9	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band IX or	MHz		carriers		Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since
E-UTRA					it is already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 9					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	2110 – 2170 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band X or	2110 - 2170 WILL	+10 abili	carriers	1 1011 12	Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since
			carriers		
E-UTRA					it is already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 10					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	1475.9 – 1510.9	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XI or	MHz		carriers		Repeater operating in band XI or band XXI,
XXI or					since it is already covered by the requirement in
E-UTRA					sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling
Band 11 or					loss between BS and the repeater DL receive
21					port.
	700 740 MIL	. 40 -ID	0.014/	4 MH I-	
UTRA-FDD	728 - 746 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XII or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XII, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 12					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	746 - 756 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XIII	7 10 700 11112	. 10 05	carriers		Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is
or E-UTRA			carriers		already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 13					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	758 - 768 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XIV			carriers		Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is
or E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 14					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
E-UTRA	734 - 746 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band 17	701 71011112	. 10 05	carriers		Repeater operating in band XII, since it is
Dana 17			carriers		already covered by the requirement in sub-
					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	791 - 821 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XX or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XX, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 20					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
UTRA-FDD	3510-3590 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XXII	30 10 0000 IVII IZ	. 10 00111	carriers	1 IVII IZ	Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is
			Carriers		
or E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 22					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
E-UTRA	2180 - 2200 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 23			carriers		
E-UTRA	1626.5 - 1660.5	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 24	MHz		carriers		
UTRA-FDD	1930-1995 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XXV	1000 1000 WII IZ		carriers		Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is
			Carriers		
or E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-
Band 25					clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss
					between BS and the repeater DL receive port.
					For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it
					applies fro 1990MHz to 1995MHz, while the rest
					is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a
					86dB coupling loss between BS and the
					repeater DL transmit port.
L			1		popular DE transmit port.

- NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in the table 11.4 do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the table 11.4. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2].
- NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.4AA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD bands

Co-located other systems	Frequency of interfering signals	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth
UTRA TDD Band a) or	1900 - 1920 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 33				
UTRA TDD Band a) or	2010 – 2025 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 34				
UTRA-TDD Band d) or	2570 – 2620 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 38				
UTRA TDD Band f) or	1880 - 1920MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 39				
UTRA TDD Band e) or	2300 - 2400MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 40				
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 - 3600 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 - 3800 MHz	+16 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in Table 11.4AA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.4AA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2].

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.4 and in table 11.4AA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 11,2 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

11.5.3 Co-existence with other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.4A: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

Co- existence with other systems	Frequency of interfering signals	Interfering Signal Levels	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth	Note
GSM900	876 – 915 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
DCS1800	1710 – 1785 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
PCS1900	1850 – 1910 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
GSM850 or CDMA850	824 – 849 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1	1920 – 1980 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band II or E-UTRA Band 2	1850 – 1910 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3	1710 – 1785 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1
UTRA-FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	1710 – 1755 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	824 – 849 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band VI or XIX or E-UTRA Band 6, 18, 19	815 – 845 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or band XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XX.
UTRA-FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7	2500 – 2570 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8	880 – 915 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 9	1749,9 – 1784,9 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10	1710 – 1770 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD Band XI or XXI	1427.9 – 1447.9 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.

E LIEDA	44470 44000	45 ID	0.0147	4 8 41 1	TI: : (((ITDA EDD
or E-UTRA Band 11 or	1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXI, since it is
21	IVII IZ		Carriers		already covered by the requirement in sub-clause
21					11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	698 - 716 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XII or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already
E-UTRA					covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
Band 12					
UTRA-FDD	777 - 787 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XIII or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-clause
Band 13					11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	788 - 798 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XIV or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is
E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-clause
Band 14					11.2.1.
E UTRA	704 - 716 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band 17			carriers		Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already
					covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
UTRA-FDD	832 - 862 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XX or			carriers		Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already
E-UTRA					covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.
Band 20					
UTRA-FDD	3410 - 3490 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XXII			carriers		Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is
or E-UTRA					already covered by the requirement in sub-clause
Band 22	0000 0000 MILE	4.5 dD	0.014/	4 MH I-	11.2.1.
E-UTRA	2000 - 2020 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 23 E-UTRA	1626.5 – 1660.5	-15 dBm	carriers 2 CW	1 MHz	
Band 24	MHz	-15 00111	carriers	I IVITZ	
UTRA-FDD	1850 - 1915 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD
Band XXV	1000 - 1910 WITZ	- 13 UDIII	carriers	I IVII IZ	Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is
or E-UTRA			carriers		already covered by the requirement in sub-clause
Band 25					11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in
Dana 23					band II, it applies fro 1910MHz to 1915MHz,
					while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1.
L					willie the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1.

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.4A do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-existence requirement in the Table 11.4A. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-existence.

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.4AAA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD systems

Co-existence with other	Frequency of interfering	Interfering Signal	Type of signals	Measurement bandwidth	Note
systems	signals	Levels			
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA	1900 – 1920 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or band XXV.
Band 33					
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 34	2010 – 2025 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	
UTRA-TDD Band d) and or E-UTRA TDD Band 38	2570 - 2620 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.
UTRA TDD Band f) or E-UTRA Band 39	1880 - 1920MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	Applicable in China. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.
UTRA TDD Band e) or E-UTRA Band 40	2300 - 2400MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 - 3600 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 - 3800 MHz	-15 dBm	2 CW carriers	1 MHz	

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.4AAA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.4AAA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [5]

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.4A and table 11.4AAA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 11,2 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

12 Output intermodulation

The output intermodulation requirement is a measure of the ability of the repeater to inhibit the generation of intermodulation products signals created by the presence of an interfering signal reaching the repeater via the output port.

12.1 Definition and applicability

The output intermodulation level is the power of the intermodulation products when a WCDMA modulated interference signal is injected into the output port at a level of 30 dB lower than that of the wanted signal. The frequency of the interference signal shall be ± 5 MHz, ± 10 MHz and ± 15 MHz offset from the wanted signal, but within the frequency band allocated for UTRA FDD downlink as specified in subclause 4.1.

The requirement is applicable for downlink signals.

The normative reference for this requirement is in TS25.106 [12] section 12.

12.2 Minimum requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the output intermodulation level shall not exceed the out of band emission or the spurious emission requirements of section 9.1 and 9.2.

12.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify the ability of the repeater to restrict the generation of intermodulation products in the presence of a subject signal on the repeater input and output ports, and an interfering signal applied at the repeater output port.

12.4 Method of test

12.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect a signal generator to the input port of the Repeater for tests of repeaters with a pass band corresponding to one 5 MHz channel. Connect a signal generator to the circulator on the output port and make sure the signal generator power is directed to the repeater output port.
- 3) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 4,0 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement bandwidth.
- 4) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4,0 MHz and (Δfmax 500 kHz) shall use a 1 MHz measurement bandwidth. The 1MHz measurement bandwidth may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements
- 5) Detection mode: True RMS.

12.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator at the repeater input port (subject signal) to generate a signal in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.1.1.1, at the level which produce the manufacturer specified maximum output power at maximum gain.
- 3) Set the signal generator at the repeater output port (interference signal) to generate a signal in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.1.1.1, at the level producing signal power corresponding to 30 dB below the manufacturer specified maximum output power at the repeater output port with the specified frequency offset from the wanted signal.
- 4) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value. Measurements in the band of the interfering signal shall be excluded. The measurements can be limited to the power of all third and fifth order intermodulation products.
- 5) Repeat from clause 3 until interference signals ± 5 MHz, ± 10 MHz and ± 15 MHz frequency offset from the wanted signal has been tested. Note that interfering signals outside the UTRA-FDD allocated frequency band, as specifies in section 4.1. need not be tested.

12.5 Test requirements

In all measurements, the requirements according to sections 9.1.1.5 and the downlink requirements in section 9.2.2.1 or 9.2.2.2 shall be fulfilled.

13 Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio (ACRR)

13.1 Definitions and applicability

Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio (ACRR) is the ratio of the RRC weighted gain per carrier of the repeater in the pass band to the RRC weighted gain of the repeater on an adjacent channel.

The requirement shall apply to the uplink and downlink of Repeater where the donor link is maintained via antennas (over the air Repeater).

13.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions the ACRR shall be higher than the value specified in the Table 13.1.

ACRR limit Repeater maximum Channel offset from the centre output power as in frequency of the first or last 5 MHz 9.1.1 channel within the pass band. $P \ge 31 dBm$ 5 MHz 33dB 10 MHz 33dB $P \ge 31 dBm$ P < 31 dBm 5 MHz 20dB P < 31 dBm 10 MHz 20dB

Table 13.1: Repeater ACRR

13.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Repeater ACRR requirement shall be met as specified in subclause 13.1.

13.4 Method of test

13.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect the signal generator equipment to the Repeater input port.
- 3) Connect the power measuring equipment to the Repeater output port.
- 4) The measurement device characteristics shall be:
 - measurement filter bandwidth: defined in subclause 13.1;
 - detection mode: true RMS voltage or true average power.

13.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the signal generator to transmit a signal modulated with a combination of PCCPCH, SCCPCH and Dedicated Physical Channels specified as test model 1 in TS 25.141 at the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band.
- 2) Adjust the input power to the Repeater to create the maximum nominal Repeater output power at maximum gain
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.
- 4) Set the signal generator to transmit the same signal and the same input power at one of the channel offsets according to Table 13.1.

- 5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the measured power in the pass band to the measured power at the channel offset.
- 7) Repeat step 4) to 6) until all channel offsets in Table 13.1 are measured.

13.4.3 Test Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the ACRR shall be higher than the value specified in the Table 13.2.

Table 13.2: Repeater ACRR

Repeater maximum output power as in 9.1.1.1	Channel offset from the centre frequency of the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band.	ACRR limit
P ≥ 31 dBm	5 MHz	32,3dB
P ≥ 31 dBm	10 MHz	32,3dB
P < 31 dBm	5 MHz	19,3dB
P < 31 dBm	10 MHz	19.3dB

Annex A (informative): Repeater measurement system set-up

Example of measurement system set-ups are attached below as an informative annex.

A.1 Maximum output power

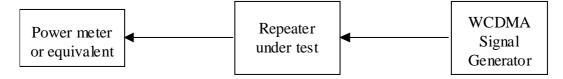


Figure A.1: Measuring system set-up for maximum output power.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.2 Frequency stability

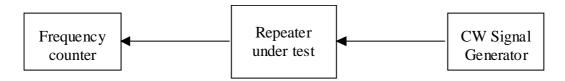


Figure A.2: Measurement system set-up for RF frequency stability.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.3 Out of band gain

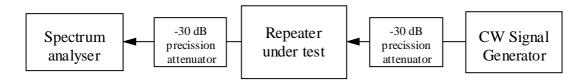


Figure A.3: Measuring system set-up for out of band gain.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.4 Unwanted emission: Spectrum emission mask

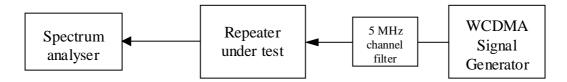


Figure A.4: Measuring system Set-up for unwanted emission: spectrum emission mask.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.5 Unwanted emission: Spurious emission

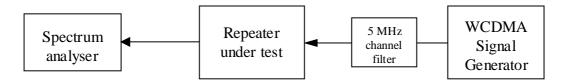


Figure A.5: Measuring system set-up for unwanted emission: spurious emission.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.6 Modulation Accuracy: Error Vector Magnitude

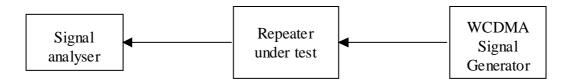


Figure A.6: Measuring system set-up for modulation accuracy: error vector magnitude.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.7 Modulation Accuracy: Peak Code Domain Error Error and Relative Coder Domain Error

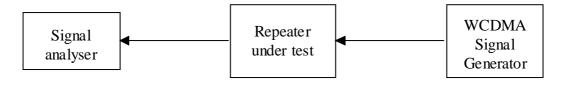


Figure A.7: Measuring system set-up for modulation accuracy: peak code domain error and relative code domain error.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

A.8 Input inter modulation

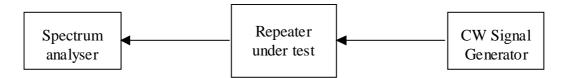


Figure A.8: Measuring system set-up for input intermodulation.

A.9 Output Intermodulation

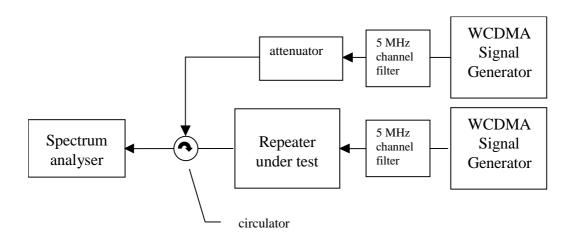


Figure A.9: Measuring system set-up for Output Intermodulation.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

The 5 MHz channel filter is only required if the WCDMA signal generator does not fulfil the unwanted emission requirement for base stations (TS25.141 [11], section 6.5) with at least 10 dB margin in the described set-up.

Annex B (informative): Derivation of Test Requirements

The Test Requirements in this specification have been calculated by relaxing the Minimum Requirements of the core specification using the Test Tolerances defined in subclause 5.2. When the Test Tolerance is zero, the Test Requirement will be the same as the Minimum Requirement. When the Test Tolerance is non-zero, the Test Requirements will differ from the Minimum Requirements, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in table B.1.

Table B.1: Derivation of Test Requirements

Clause number	Title	Minimum Requirement in TS 25.106	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement in TS 25.143
6.1	Maximum output power	In normal conditions Table 6.1	0,7 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz;	Formula: Upper limit + TT Lower limit – TT
			3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz	In normal conditions refer to Table 6.3
		In extreme conditions Tabel 6.2		In extreme conditions refer to Table 6.4
9.1.2	Operating band unwanted emissions	Tables 9.1, 9.2, 9.3 and 9.4: 'Maximum level' = X dB	1,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz; (0 dB for the additional Band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII and XIV requirements)	Formula: Maximum level + TT Refer to tables 9.5, 9.6, 9.7 and 9.8
			1,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz	
7	Frequency stability	7.1 minimum requirement	12 Hz	Formula: Relative error + TT
			2 - 12 (Refer to 7.5 Test requirements
8	Out of Band Gain	Table 8.1: Out of band gain limits	0,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz;	Formula: Maximum level + TT
			0,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz	Refer to table 8.2
9.2	Spurious emissions	Tables 9.5, to 9.15	0 dB	
10.1	Error Vector Magnitude	10.1.1 Minimum requirement	0 %	Formula: RSS Stimulus EVM and Repeater EVM to get target EVM
				Refer to 10.1.5 Test requirements
10.2	Peak code domain error	10.2.1 Minimum requirement	1,1 dB	Formula: Maximum error + TT
				Refer to 10.2.5 Test requirements
10.3	Relative code domain error	10.3.1 Minimum requirement	1,7 dB	Formula: Maximum error + TT
				Formula for linear offset: Linear addition of relative error power from measurement system and repater
				Formula TT: Offset – minimum requirement.
				Refer to 10.3.5 Test requirements

11	Input intermodulation	11.5 Minimum requirements, and Tables 11.1 and 11.2	1,2 dB	Maximum in-band power increase + TT
				Refer to 11.5 Test requirements.
12	Output intermodulation	12.1 Minimum requirements	1,5 dB for spectrum emission mask.	Maximum level + TT Refer to tables 9.5 to 9.19
			0 dB for spurious emissions	

Annex C (informative): Acceptable uncertainty of Test Equipment

This informative annex specifies the critical parameters of the components of an overall Test System (e.g. signal generators, signal analysers etc.) which are necessary when assembling a Test System which complies with subclause 5.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System. These Test Equipment parameters are fundamental to the accuracy of the overall Test System and are unlikely to be improved upon through System Calibration.

Table C.1: Equipment accuracy

Test	Equipment accuracy	Test condition
6.1 Maximum output power	Not critical	
9.1 Spectrum emission mask	Not critical	
9.2 Spurious emissions	Not critical	
11 Input intermodulation (interferer requirement)	Not critical	
7 Frequency error	±10 Hz + timebase = 12 Hz	Range 0 to 500 Hz. (This is to allow for UE range that at 0,1 PPM is larger than BTS).
10.1 Error vector magnitude	±2,5 % (for single code)	P_Max-3 to P_Max – 18 dB Applies for reading from 10% to 25%.
10.2 Peak code domain error		-
10.3 Relative code domain error		
8 Out of band gain		
11 Input intermodulation		
Characteristics		
12 Output intermodulation		

Annex D (informative): Change History

TSG	Doc	CR	R	Title	Cat	Curr	New	Work Item
RP-31				Rel-7 version created from v6.4.0			7.0.0	
RP-31	RP-060100	0053	2	Introduction of operating band III to IX requirements in 25.143	В	6.3.0	7.0.0	TEI7
RP-31	RP-060110	0054		Correction of spurious emissions for coexistence with GSM900 in same geographic area	F	6.3.0	7.0.0	RinImp- UMTS900
RP-33	RP-060520	0057	1	Clean up of Spurious emissions	Α	7.0.0	7.1.0	TEI5
RP-33	RP-060521	0060	1	New UTRA Repeater up-link spurious emissions limits for co-existence/co-location with TDD	Α	7.0.0	7.1.0	TEI5
RP-34	RP-060811	0063	1	Corrections to input intermodulation	Α	7.1.0	7.2.0	TEI5
RP-36	RP-070370	0067		Category B spurious emission limits for UTRA Repeater	Α	7.2.0	7.3.0	TEI4
RP-36	RP-070373	0068		Introduction of operating band X into the repeater specification	В	7.2.0	7.3.0	TEI7
RP-39	RP-080126	0069		Introduction of UMTS1500 requirements	В	7.3.0	8.0.0	RinImp8- UMTS1500
RP-42	RP-080943	71	1	Introduction of operating band unwanted emission	F	8.0.0	8.1.0	TEI8
RP-44	RP-080555			Spurious emission testing for repeater capable of UTRA and E-EUTRA	F	8.1.0	8.2.0	TEI8
RP-44	RP-080555	73		Clean up	F	8.1.0	8.2.0	TEI8
RP-44	RP-080555			Test procedure amendment	F	8.1.0	8.2.0	TEI8
RP-45	RP-080819			Introduction of band XII, XIII, XIV	F	8.2.0	8.3.0	TEI8
RP-45	RP-080819			Operating band unwanted emissions test tolerance correction	F	8.2.0	8.3.0	TEI8
RP-45	RP-080819	77		CR to limit the scope to FDD only to 25.143	F	8.2.0	8.3.0	TEI8
RP-46	RP-091277	078		Corrections on additional spectrum emission limits for Bands XII, XIII, XIV	F	8.3.0	8.4.0	TEI8
RP-46	RP-091281	079		Editorial corrections to 25.143	F	8.3.0	8.4.0	TEI8
				Automatic upgrade from previous Release		8.4.0	9.0.0	
RP-49	RP-100913	083	2	RCDE for 64QAM modulated codes for FDD Repeater	Α	9.0.0	9.1.0	TEI7
RP-49	RP-100925	080		Introduction of operating band XIX, XX and XXI and correction of band XI	F	9.0.0	9.1.0	TEI9
RP-50	RP-101336	088		Protection of cdma and E-UTRA bands	Α	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI8
RP-50	RP-101337	090		Removal of brackets	Α	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI8
RP-50	RP-101347	084		Remove test settings for unwanted emissions from the minimum requirement Corrections to the symbols and abbreviations clause	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI9
RP-50	RP-101347	085		related to DTT requirement	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI9
RP-50	RP-101347	086		Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI9
RP-50	RP-101347	091		Editorial correction to TS 25.143	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI9
RP-51	RP-110352	092		Inclusion of E-UTRA TDD text to co-location on 25.143	F	9.2.0	10.0.0	TEI10
RP-55	RP-120303	095	1	Correction on the table of Regional requirements	В	10.0.0	10.1.0	TEI10
RP-55	RP-120303	096	1	Introduction of operating frequency band XXII	В	10.0.0	10.1.0	TEI10
RP-55	RP-120303	097	1	Introduction of operating frequency band XXV and protection limits towards E-UTRA Band 23	В	10.0.0	10.1.0	TEI10
RP-56	RP-120783	099	2	Update of the Definition clause with repeaters operating band definition and introduction of minor editorial changes for better alignment with BS core specification	F	10.1.0	10.2.0	TEI10
RP-56	RP-120765	104		Additional spurious emissions requirements for PHS	Α	10.1.0	10.2.0	TEI8
RP-57	RP-121313	105	2	Introduction of missing Spurious Emission and Input Intermodulation protection limits towards E-UTRA FDD Band 24	F	10.2.0	10.3.0	TEI10

RP-57	RP-121312	109	1	Repeater test uncertainties for UTRA bands above 3 GHz	F	10.2.0	10.3.0	RInImp8-
								UMTSLTE35
								00
SP-57	-	-	-	Update to Rel-11 version (MCC)	-	10.3.0	11.0.0	-
RP-58	RP-121867	0113		Introduction of Spurious Emission limits and Input	Α	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI10
				Intermodulation requirements towards missing UTRA and				
				E-UTRA TDD frequency bands				
RP-58	RP-121867	0114		Introduction of a Note on non deployment of operating	Α	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI10
				bands with overlapping frequency ranges for the tables for				
				Input Intermodulation requirements				
RP-58	RP-121858	0115		Modifications of frequency ranges for E-UTRA Band 6, 18,	Α	11.0.0	11.1.0	RInImp9-
				19 in the Tables for Spurious Emission limits and Input				UMTSLTE80
				Intermodulation requirements				0
RP-58	RP-121867	0118		The special cases for protection of UTRA Band III and	Α	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI10
				Band X in co-existence and co-location with UTRA				
				Repeaters				
SP-65	-	-	-	Update to Rel-12 version (MCC)	-	11.1.0	12.0.0	

History

Document history					
V12.0.0	October 2014	Publication			