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Introduction

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1 Scope

The present document establishes the Location Measurement Unit (LMU) minimum RF characteristics of the FDD mode of UTRA.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document.*
- [1] 3GPP TS 25.104: "Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [2] 3GPP TS 45.004: "Modulation".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.141: "Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD)".
- [4] 3GPP TR 25.942: "Radio Frequency (RF) system scenarios".
- [5] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [5] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [5].

Mean power: When applied to a W-CDMA modulated signal this is the power (transmitted or received) in a bandwidth of at least $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot unless otherwise stated.

NOTE: The roll-off factor α is defined in clause 6.8.1 of [1].

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [5] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [5].

ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

BS Base Station
BER Bit Error Ratio
BLER Block Error Ratio

CW Continuous Wave (unmodulated signal)

DL Down Link (forward link)
FDD Frequency Division Duplexing

GSM Global System for Mobile Communications

LMU Location Measurement Unit

UARFCN UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

UE User Equipment
UL Up Link (reverse link)

U-TDOA Uplink Time Difference Of Arrival WCDMA Wideband Code Division Multiple Access

4 General

4.1 Main concepts

The LMU is either located as a separate unit in an existing network or typically located at Node B or BTS sites. Therefore the LMU radio requirements assume that the isolation between the LMU and any other network to be protected is to be at least 30dB.

The communication link between LMU and Stand-Alone SMLC is not a radio interface over the air. Requirements in this document therefore do not cover the situation when the LMU is transmitting over the air on this interface between LMU and Stand-Alone SMLC.

4.2 LMU Classes

The requirements in this specification apply to Wide Area LMUs and Medium Range LMUs.

Wide Area LMUs are characterised by requirements derived from Macro Cell scenarios with an LMU to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 70 dB.

Medium Range LMUs are characterised by requirements derived from Micro Cell scenarios with an LMU to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 53 dB.

For Pico Cell scenarios, the location of the BS provides sufficient accuracy; therefore, a Local Area LMUs class is not specified.

4.3 U-TDOA architecture

A sample architecture is shown in Figure 3.1 depicting the LMU's relationship with other network elements. The LMU is typically located at the Node B. The LMUs communicate with the SMLC that distributes UTDOA reference data from the reference LMU to other cooperating LMUs when performing UE positioning.

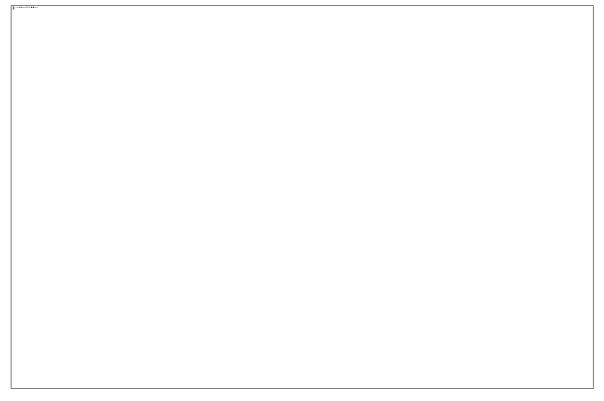


Figure 3.1: Example of UTDOA deployment

5 LMU radio characteristics

An LMU performs BS receiver functions to obtain reference data for use at a cooperating LMU. The following clause describes the required LMU radio characteristics when performing these functions.

5.1 Frequency bands

a) The LMU is designed to operate in the following bands:

Table 4.1: Frequency bands

Operating	UL Frequencies
Band	UE transmit, LMU receive
	1920 – 1980 MHz
II	1850 -1910 MHz
≡	1710-1785 MHz
IV	1710-1755 MHz
V	824 – 849MHz
VI	830-840 MHz
VII	2500 – 2570 MHz
VIII	880 – 915 MHz
IX	1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz
X	1710-1770 MHz

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded

5.2 Channel arrangement

The channel arrangement shall be as specified in Section 5.4 of [1].

5.3 Reference sensitivity level

Using the reference measurement channel specification in TS 25.104 Annex A [1], the reference sensitivity level and performance of the LMU shall be as specified in Table 4.2.

Table 4.2: LMU reference sensitivity levels

LMU Class	Reference measurement channel data rate	LMU sensitivity level (dBm)	BER
Wide Area LMU	12.2 kbps	-121	BER shall not exceed 0.001
Medium Range LMU	12.2 kbps	-111	BER shall not exceed 0.001

5.4 Dynamic range

Receiver dynamic range is the receiver ability to handle a rise of interference in the reception frequency channel. The receiver shall fulfil a specified BER requirement for a specified sensitivity degradation of the wanted signal in the presence of an interfering AWGN signal in the same reception frequency channel.

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 4.3.

Table 4.3: Dynamic range

Parameter	Level Wide Area LMU	Level Medium Range LMU	Unit
Reference measurement channel data rate	12.2	12.2	kbps
Wanted signal mean power	-91	-81	dBm
Interfering AWGN signal	-73	-63	dBm/3.84 MHz

5.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent channel selectivity (ACS) is a measure of the LMU receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the LMU receiver filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receiver filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The interference signal is offset from the wanted signal by the frequency offset Fuw. The interference signal shall be a W-CDMA signal as specified in Annex C of TS 25.104 [1].

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 4.4.

Table 4.4: LMU Adjacent channel selectivity

Parameter	Level Wide Area LMU	Level Medium Range LMU	Unit
Data rate	12.2	12.2	kbps
Wanted signal mean power	-115	-105	dBm
Interfering signal mean power	-52	-42	dBm
Fuw offset (Modulated)	5	5	MHz

5.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristics are a measure of the LMU receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the adjacent channels. The

performance as specified in Table 4.5-4.10 shall be met with a wanted and an interfering signal coupled to the LMU antenna input using the following parameters for the blocking and narrowband blocking requirements:

Table 4.5: Blocking performance requirement for Wide Area LMU

Operating Band	Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal mean power	Wanted Signal mean power	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
I	1920 – 1980 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1900 – 1920 MHz 1980 – 2000 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz -1900 MHz 2000 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
II	1850 – 1910 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1830 – 1850 MHz 1910 – 1930 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1830 MHz 1930 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
III	1710 – 1785 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1690 – 1710 MHz 1785 – 1805 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1690 MHz 1805 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
IV	1710 – 1755 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1690 – 1710 MHz 1755 – 1775 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1690 MHz 1775 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
V	824-849 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	804-824 MHz 849-869 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 804 MHz 869 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
VI	810 – 830 MHz 840 – 860 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 810 MHz 860 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
VII	2500 – 2570 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	2480 – 2500 MHz 2570 – 2590 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz -2480 MHz 2590 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
VIII	880 – 915 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	860 – 880 MHz 915 – 925 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz -860 MHz 925 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
IX	1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1729.9 – 1749.9 MHz 1784.9 – 1804.9 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1729.9 MHz 1804.9 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier
Х	1710 – 1770 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1690 – 1710 MHz 1770 – 1790 MHz	-40 dBm	-115 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1690 MHz 1790 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-115 dBm	_	CW carrier

Table 4.6: Blocking performance requirement for the Medium range LMU

Operating Band	Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal mean power	Wanted Signal mean power	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
I	1920 – 1980 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1900 – 1920 MHz 1980 – 2000 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz -1900 MHz 2000 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
II	1850 – 1910 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1830 – 1850 MHz 1910 – 1930 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1830 MHz 1930 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
III	1710 – 1785 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1690 – 1710 MHz 1785 – 1805 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1690 MHz 1805 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
IV	1710 – 1755 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1690 – 1710 MHz 1755 – 1775 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1690 MHz 1775 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
V	824-849 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	804-824 MHz 849-869 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 804 MHz 869 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
VI	810 – 830 MHz 840 – 860 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 810 MHz 860 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
VII	2500 – 2570 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	2480 – 2500 MHz 2570 – 2590 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz -2480 MHz 2590 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
VIII	880 – 915 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	860 – 880 MHz 915 – 925 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz -860 MHz 925 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm		CW carrier
IX	1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1729.9 – 1749.9 MHz 1784.9 – 1804.9 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1729.9 MHz 1804.9 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier
Х	1710 – 1770 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1690 – 1710 MHz 1770 – 1790 MHz	-35 dBm	-105 dBm	10 MHz	WCDMA signal *
	1 MHz – 1690 MHz 1790 MHz – 12750 MHz	-15 dBm	-105 dBm	_	CW carrier

Table 4.7: Blocking performance requirement (narrowband) for the Wide Area LMU

Operating Band	Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal mean power	Wanted Signal mean power	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
II	1850 – 1910 MHz	- 47 dBm	-115 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
III	1710 – 1785 MHz	- 47 dBm	-115 dBm	2.8 MHz	GMSK modulated*
IV	1710 – 1755 MHz	- 47 dBm	-115 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
V	824 – 849 MHz	- 47 dBm	-115 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
VIII	880 – 915 MHz	- 47 dBm	-115 dBm	2.8 MHz	GMSK modulated*
X	1710 – 1770 MHz	- 47 dBm	-115 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
NOTE *: GM	SK modulation as defined i	n TS 45.004 [2	2].		

Table 4.8: Narrowband blocking performance requirement for the Medium Range LMU

Operating Band	Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal	Wanted Signal mean power	Minimum Offset of Interfering	Type of Interfering Signal
		mean		Signal	
		power			
II	1850 – 1910 MHz	- 42 dBm	-105 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
III	1710 – 1785 MHz	- 42 dBm	-105 dBm	2.8 MHz	GMSK modulated*
IV	1710 – 1755 MHz	- 42 dBm	-105 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
V	824 – 849 MHz	- 42 dBm	-105 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
VIII	880 – 915 MHz	- 42 dBm	-105 dBm	2.8 MHz	GMSK modulated*
X	1710 – 1770 MHz	- 42 dBm	-105 dBm	2.7 MHz	GMSK modulated*
NOTE *: GM	SK modulation as defined i	n TS 45.004 [2	2].		

Additional blocking requirements shall be applied for the protection of the LMU receiver in the presence of GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, UTRA TDD, and UTRA FDD in bands I to X.

Table 4.9: Additional blocking performance requirement for Wide Area LMU.

Co-located BS type	Center Frequency of	Interfering	Wanted	Type of
	Interfering Signal	Signal mean	Signal mean	Interfering
		power	power	Signal
Macro GSM900	921 – 960 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
Macro DCS1800	1805 – 1880 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
Macro PCS1900	1930 – 1990 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
Macro GSM850	869 – 894 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band I	2110 – 2170 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band II	1930 – 1990 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band III	1805 – 1880 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band IV	2110 – 2155 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band V	869 – 894 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band VI	875 – 885 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band VII	2620 – 2690 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band VIII	925 – 960 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band IX	1844.9 – 1879.9 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier
WA UTRA-FDD Band X	2110 – 2170 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier

Co-located BS type **Center Frequency of** Interfering Wanted Type of Interfering **Interfering Signal** Signal mean Signal mean Signal power power CW carrier Micro GSM900 921 - 960 MHz -3 dBm -105 dBm 1805 – 188<u>0 MHz</u> Micro DCS1800 +5 dBm -105 dBm CW carrier 1930 – 1990 MHz Micro PCS1900 -105 dBm CW carrier +5 dBm 869 – 894 MHz CW carrier Micro GSM850 -3 dBm -105 dBm +8 dBm MR UTRA-FDD Band I 2110 - 2170 MHz -105 dBm CW carrier CW carrier MR UTRA-FDD Band II 1930 - 1990 MHz -105 dBm +8 dBm MR UTRA-FDD Band III 1805 - 1880 MHz -105 dBm CW carrier +8 dBm MR UTRA-FDD Band IV 2110 - 2155 MHz +8 dBm -105 dBm CW carrier MR UTRA-FDD Band V CW carrier 869 – 894 MHz +8 dBm -105 dBm MR UTRA-FDD Band VI CW carrier 875 - 885 MHz +8 dBm -105 dBm MR UTRA-FDD Band VII 2620 - 2690 MHz -105 dBm CW carrier +8 dBm MR UTRA-FDD Band VIII 925 – 960 MHz +8 dBm -105 dBm CW carrier MR UTRA-FDD Band IX 1844.9 - 1879.9 MHz +8 dBm -105 dBm CW carrier MR UTRA-FDD Band X 2110 - 2170 MHz +8 dBm -105 dBm CW carrier

Table 4.10: Additional blocking performance requirements for the LMU

An additional blocking requirement may be applied for the protection of the LMU receivers when UTRA TDD is colocated with an LMU.

The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with UTRA-TDD on adjacent frequencies for 30dB BS-BS minimum coupling loss.

However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used in these cases. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [4].

For an LMU, the static reference performance as specified in clause 5.3 should be met with a wanted and an interfering signal coupled to BS antenna input using the parameters in Table 4.11.

Table 4.11: Blocking performance requirement for a Wide Area LMU when co-located with UTRA TDD BS in other bands.

Co-located BS type	Center Frequency	Interfering	Wanted	Type of
	of Interfering	Signal mean	Signal mean	Interfering
	Signal	power	power	Signal
Wide Area TDD	2585 – 2620 MHz	+16 dBm	-115 dBm	CW carrier

5.7 Intermodulation characteristics

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

The static reference performance as specified in clause 5.3 shall be met for a LMU when the following signals are coupled to LMU antenna input:

- A wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency with a mean power of -115 dBm.
- Two interfering signals with the following parameters.

Table 4.12: Intermodulation performance requirement (Wide Area LMU)

Operating band		Interfering Signal mean	Offset	Type of Interfering Signal		
		power				
	All bands	- 48 dBm	10 MHz	CW signal		
		- 48 dBm	20 MHz	WCDMA signal *		
No	Note*: The characteristics of the W-CDMA interference signal are specified in Annex C of [1]					

Table 4.13: Narrowband intermodulation performance requirement (Wide Area LMU)

Operating band	Interfering Signal mean	Offset	Type of Interfering Signal				
	power						
II, III, IV, V, VIII, X	- 47 dBm	3.5 MHz	CW signal				
	- 47 dBm	5.9 MHz	GMSK modulated*				
* GMSK as defined in TS45.004 [2]							

The static reference performance as specified in clause 5.3 shall be met for a Medium Range LMU when the following signals are coupled to LMU antenna input:

- A wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency with a mean power of -105 dBm.
- Two interfering signals with the following parameters.

Table 4.14: Intermodulation performance requirement (Medium Range LMU)

Operating band	Interfering Signal mean power	Offset	Type of Interfering Signal				
All bands	- 44 dBm	10 MHz	CW signal				
	- 44 dBm	20 MHz	WCDMA signal *				
Note*: The characteristics of the W-CDMA interference signal are specified in Annex C of [1]							

Table 4.15: Narrowband intermodulation performance requirement (Medium Range LMU)

Operating band	Interfering Signal mean	Offset	Type of Interfering Signal			
	power					
II, III, IV, V, VIII, X	- 43 dBm	3.5 MHz	CW signal			
	- 43 dBm	5.9 MHz	GMSK modulated*			
* GMSK as defined in TS45.004 [2]						

5.8 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the LMU antenna connector.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 4.16: General LMU spurious emission requirement

Band	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
30MHz – 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz	
1 GHz – 12.75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz	With the exception of frequencies between 12.5 MHz below the first carrier frequency and 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used by the LMU.

In addition the following requirements shall be applied for the protection of UE, MS, and Node B, BS of the same and other systems, where the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits:

Band Operating **Maximum** Measurement Note **Band** level **Bandwidth** 1920 – 1980 MHz -78 dBm 3.84 MHz 1850 – 1910 MHz Ш -78 dBm 3.84 MHz 1710 – 1785 MHz Ш -78 dBm 3.84 MHz 1710 – 1755 MHz IV -78 dBm 3.84 MHz 824 – 849 MHz -78 dBm 3.84 MHz 815 - 850 MHz ۷I -78 dBm 3.84 MHz VII 2500 - 2570 MHz 3.84 MHz -78 dBm 880 - 915 MHz 3.84 MHz VIII -78 dBm 1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz -78 dBm 3.84 MHz 1710 - 1770 MHz -78 dBm 3.84 MHz

Table 4.17: Additional LMU Spurious emissions limits

In addition, the requirement in Table 4.18 may be applied to geographic areas in which both UTRA-TDD and UTRA-FDD are deployed.

Table 4.18: Additional spurious emission requirements for the TDD bands

Operating Band	Band	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
I	1900 – 1920 MHz 2010 – 2025 MHz	-78 dBm	3.84 MHz	Not applicable in Japan
	2010 – 2025 MHz	-52 dBm	1MHz	Applicable in Japan
VI, IX	2010 – 2025 MHz	-52 dBm	1MHz	

6 LMU measurement requirements

6.1 General

All tests at specified detection levels require that the LMU detection threshold be set such that the false alarm rate is at or below 5 % when no signal is present (noise only).

6.2 RRC States supported

UTDOA positioning technique does work in CELL_DCH and CELL_FACH state, not in URA_PCH nor CELL_PCH state.

6.3 Maximum response times

- 1) The maximum time for a Master LMU to establish a reference signal shall be, after the data capture has started, less than 5 seconds.
- 2) The maximum time for the distribution of the reference signal to another LMU involved in the positioning shall be less than 3 seconds.
- 3) The maximum time of detection of the time of arrival in an LMU given the reference signal shall be less than 15 seconds.

6.4 Nominal time accuracy

Nominal Time Accuracy requirement verifies the difference between the detected time of arrival and the real time of arrival.

In an AWGN environment with no fading or multi-paths, the standard deviation of the timing error of the LMU shall be less than 30 ns when the signal presence is correctly detected.

6.5 Multipath scenarios

The purpose of the test case is to verify the LMU receiver's performance in multipath.

For the 12.2 kbps reference measurement channel specified in 3GPP TS 25.104 Annex A [1], and with Rx diversity (using both diversity paths), the LMU shall be capable of detecting the earliest path, for at least 90 % of the location attempts, at the levels in Table 5.1.

Nominal time accuracy for multipath fading scenarios includes an additional chip duration of 260 nanoseconds over that in Section 5.4.

Propagation condition Detection level: Signal to Note Noise level in (dB) Static (AWGN) -51.2 dB NOTE 1 Multipath fading Case 1 -47.2dB NOTE 2 Multipath fading Case 2 - 43.8 dB NOTE 2 Multipath fading Case 3 - 41.9 dB NOTE 2 Multipath fading Case 4 - 39.8 dB NOTE 2

Table 5.1: Multipath detection level

NOTE 1: Static propagation condition is described in 3GPP TS 25.104 Annex B.1 [1].

NOTE 2: Multipath-fading case 1-4 is described in 3GPP TS 25.104 Annex B.2 [1].

6.6 Moving scenario

The purpose of the test case is to verify the LMU receiver's performance to Doppler shift.

In an AWGN environment with no fading or multi-paths, and at a speed of 250km/h, the detectability of the LMU shall be degraded by no more than 1.5 dB.

6.7 Cross correlation

The ability of the LMU to detect a weak terminal signal in the presence of a strong other terminal is covered in Section 5.5 when the other terminal interference is modelled as AWGN.

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
TSG	Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Cat	Old	New
				Initial version created			0.1.0
				Incorporate simulation results and synchronize with TS.104		0.1.0	1.0.0
38	RP-071015			Approved version at RAN TSG # 38		1.0.0	7.0.0
39	RP-080122	1		Correcting multipath detection level in LMU performance specification	F	7.0.0	7.1.0
SP-42				Upgraded unchanged from Rel-7			8.0.0
SP-46				Upgraded unchanged from Rel-8			9.0.0
SP-51				Upgraded unchanged from Rel-9		9.0.0	10.0.0
SP-57	-	-	-	Update to Rel-11 version (MCC)		10.0.0	11.0.0
SP-65	-	-	-	Update to Rel-12 version (MCC)		11.0.0	12.0.0
SP-70	-	-	-	Update to Rel-13 version (MCC)		12.0.0	13.0.0
RP-75	-	-	-	Update to Rel-14 version (MCC)		13.0.0	14.0.0
	38 39 SP-42 SP-46 SP-51 SP-57 SP-65 SP-70	38 RP-071015 39 RP-080122 SP-42 SP-46 SP-51 SP-57 - SP-65 - SP-70 -	38 RP-071015 39 RP-080122 1 SP-42 SP-46 SP-51 SP-57 - SP-65 - SP-70	38 RP-071015 39 RP-080122 1 SP-42 SP-46 SP-51 SP-57 SP-65 SP-70	TSG Doc. CR Rev Subject/Comment Initial version created Incorporate simulation results and synchronize with TS.104 38 RP-071015 Approved version at RAN TSG # 38 39 RP-080122 1 Correcting multipath detection level in LMU performance specification SP-42 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-7 SP-46 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-8 SP-51 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-9 SP-57 Update to Rel-11 version (MCC) SP-65 Update to Rel-12 version (MCC) SP-70 Update to Rel-13 version (MCC)	TSG Doc. CR Rev Subject/Comment Cat Initial version created Incorporate simulation results and synchronize with TS.104 38 RP-071015 Approved version at RAN TSG # 38 39 RP-080122 Correcting multipath detection level in LMU performance specification F SP-42 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-7 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-8 SP-51 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-9 SP-57 - - SP-65 - - SP-70 - Update to Rel-13 version (MCC)	TSG Doc. CR Rev Subject/Comment Cat Old Initial version created Incorporate simulation results and synchronize with TS.104 0.1.0 38 RP-071015 Approved version at RAN TSG # 38 1.0.0 39 RP-080122 1 Correcting multipath detection level in LMU performance specification F 7.0.0 SP-42 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-7 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-8 9.0.0 SP-51 Upgraded unchanged from Rel-9 9.0.0 SP-57 - - Update to Rel-11 version (MCC) 10.0.0 SP-65 - - Update to Rel-12 version (MCC) 11.0.0 SP-70 - - Update to Rel-13 version (MCC) 12.0.0

	Change history						
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2018-06	SA#80	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-15 version (MCC)	15.0.0
2020-06	SA#88	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-16 version (MCC)	16.0.0
2022-03	SA#95					Update to Rel-17 version (MCC)	17.0.0
2024-03	RAN#103					Update to Rel-18 version (MCC)	18.0.0
2025-09	RAN#109					Update to Rel-19 version (MCC)	19.0.0

History

Document history						
V19.0.0	October 2025	Publication				