



**Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);  
LTE;  
IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN)  
subsystem Centralized Services (ICS);  
Stage 3  
(3GPP TS 24.292 version 8.20.0 Release 8)**



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# Foreword

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# 1 Scope

IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem centralized services (ICS) allow for the delivery of consistent IMS services to the user regardless of the attached access type (e.g. CS domain access or IP-CAN).

The present document provides the protocol details for the realization of ICS based on the Session Initiation protocol (SIP), the Session Description Protocol (SDP) and the protocols of the 3GPP Circuit-Switched (CS) domain (e.g. CAP, MAP, ISUP, BICC and the NAS call control protocol for the CS access).

This document makes no ICS specific enhancements to SIP or SDP beyond those specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

The present document is applicable to User Equipment (UEs), MSC Servers and Application Servers (AS) providing ICS capabilities.

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# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 22.173: "IP Multimedia Core Network Subsystem (IMS) Multimedia Telephony Service and supplementary services".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network architecture".
- [4] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [4A] 3GPP TS 23.153: "Out of band transcoder control; Stage 2".
- [5] 3GPP TS 23.228: "IP multimedia subsystem; Stage 2".
- [6] 3GPP TS 23.292: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Centralized Services; Stage 2".
- [7] 3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Core Network protocols; Stage 3".
- [8] 3GPP TS 24.147: "Conferencing using the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Stage 3".
- [8A] 3GPP TS 24.167: "3GPP IMS Management Object (MO); Stage 3".
- [9] 3GPP TS 24.173: "IMS Multimedia telephony service and supplementary services; Stage 3".
- [10] 3GPP TS 24.228 Release 5: "Signalling flows for the IP multimedia call control based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
- [11] 3GPP TS 24.229: "IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
- [11A] 3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3".

- [12] 3GPP TS 24.604: "Communication Diversion (CDIV) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [13] 3GPP TS 24.605: "Conference (CONF) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [14] 3GPP TS 24.607: "Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [15] 3GPP TS 24.608: "Terminating Identification Presentation (TIP) and Terminating Identification Restriction (TIR) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [16] 3GPP TS 24.610: "Communication HOLD (HOLD) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [17] 3GPP TS 24.611: "Anonymous Communication Rejection (ACR) and Communication Barring (CB); using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [18] 3GPP TS 24.615: "Communication Waiting (CW) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol Specification".
- [19] 3GPP TS 24.629: "Explicit Communication Transfer (ECT) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [20] 3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".
- [21] 3GPP TS 29.078: "Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic (CAMEL) Phase 4; CAMEL Application Part (CAP) specification".
- [22] 3GPP TS 29.163: "Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and Circuit Switched (CS) networks".
- [23] 3GPP TS 29.228: "IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem Cx and Dx Interfaces; Signalling flows and message contents".
- [24] 3GPP TS 29.292: "Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and MSC Server for IMS Centralized Services (ICS)".
- [25] 3GPP TS 29.328: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Sh interface; Signalling flows and message contents".
- [26] 3GPP TS 29.329: "Sh interface based on the Diameter protocol; Protocol details".
- [27] 3GPP TS 32.260: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) charging".
- [28] ITU-T Recommendations Q.761 to Q.764 (2000): "Specifications of Signalling System No.7 ISDN User Part (ISUP)".
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- [33] IETF RFC 3680 (March 2004): "A Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Event Package for Registrations".
- [34] IETF RFC 3840 (August 2004): "Indicating User Agent Capabilities in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
- [35] IETF RFC 5628 (October 2009): "Registration Event Package Extension for Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Globally Routable User Agent URIs (GRUUs)".

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- [37] 3GPP2 C.S0001-D: "Introduction to cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Systems - Revision D".
- [38] IETF RFC 7462 (March 2015): "URNs for the Alert-Info Header Field of the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
- [39] IETF RFC 7006 (September 2013): "Miscellaneous Capabilities Negotiation in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
- [40] IETF RFC 5939 (September 2010): "Session Description Protocol (SDP) Capability Negotiation".
- [41] IETF RFC 6871 (February 2013): "SDP media capabilities Negotiation".
- [42] IETF RFC 3966 (December 2004): "The tel URI for Telephone Numbers".
- [43] 3GPP TS 24.286: "IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem Centralised Services (ICS); Management Object (MO)".
- [44] 3GPP TS 44.018: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol".

---

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

**CS call:** A connection established via the circuit switched domain in accordance with the related procedures e.g. such as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7], 3GPP2 C.S0001-D [37] and of which the established bearer is only used within a CS connection but not used as a media stream for a related IM CN subsystem session.

**CS media:** A media stream established through CS signalling (e.g. 3GPP TS 24.008 [7], 3GPP2 C.S0001-D [37]) and transported through the PSTN with a session description defined by IETF RFC 7195 [36].

**IMS Voice over PS Session (IMSVoPS) indicator:** An indication from the network indicating that IMS voice over PS session(s) are or are not supported for a specific RAT. The indication is provided by the network to the UE at each NAS registration. When the UE is in S1-mode, the IMSVoPS indicator defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [11A] applies. When the UE is in Iu-mode or A/Gb mode, the IMSVoPS indicator defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] applies.

**NAS combined attach or combined TA update:** A NAS attach procedure where the EPS attach type is set to combined EPS/IMSI attach or a NAS tracking area update procedure where the EPS update type is set to "combined TA/LA updating with IMSI attach" or "combined TA/LA updating". See also 3GPP TS 24.301 [11A].

**Successful NAS combined attach or combined TA update:** The successful outcome of a NAS combined attach procedure where for the NAS attach procedure the EPS attach result is "combined EPS/IMSI attach" without "SMS only" indication or where for the NAS tracking area update procedure the EPS update result is "combined TA/LA updated" or "combined TA/LA updated and ISR activated" without "SMS only" indication. See also 3GPP TS 24.301 [11A].

**Failure to access the CS domain:** In this specification, failure to access the CS domain includes not receiving a location updating area accept message as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8]) and the NAS sublayer not receiving an indication of successful NAS combined attach or combined TA update.

**PSI DN:** A tel URI (see RFC 3966 [42]) or SIP URI with the "user" SIP URI parameter set to "phone", in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.003 [4], subclause 13.5.

**UE in S1-mode:** In this specification, a UE in this mode perform an EPS attach procedure with a MME, as defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [11A].

**UE in Iu-mode** or **UE in A/Gb mode:** In this specification, a UE in one of these modes performs a GPRS attach procedure with a SGSN, as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.292 [6] apply:

**ICS UE**  
**Correlation MSISDN**  
**MSC Server enhanced for ICS**  
**SCC AS**

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 24.629 [19] apply:

**transferee**  
**transferor**  
**transfer target**

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.228 [5] apply:

**Public Service Identity (PSI)**

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3] apply:

**CS Domain Routeing Number (CSRN)**  
**IP Multimedia Routeing Number (IMRN)**

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 24.301 [11A] apply:

**CS fallback capable UE**  
**EPS attach result**  
**EPS attach type**  
**EPS update result**  
**EPS update type**  
**TA**

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] apply:

**routing area (RA)**

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 44.018 [44] apply:

**dual transfer mode (DTM)**

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

|       |                                                           |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADS   | Access Domain Selection                                   |
| AS    | Application Server                                        |
| BICC  | Bearer Independent Call Control                           |
| CAMEL | Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic |
| CB    | Communication Barring                                     |
| CD    | Communication Deflection                                  |
| CDIV  | Communication DIVersion                                   |
| CFNL  | Communication Forwarding on Not Logged-in                 |
| CFNR  | Communication Forwarding No Reply                         |
| CFNRc | Communication Forwarding on subscriber Not Reachable      |
| CFU   | Communication Forwarding Unconditional                    |
| CN    | Core Network                                              |
| CSFB  | CS Fall Back                                              |

|         |                                                          |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| CSRN    | CS domain Routing Number                                 |
| CW      | Communication Waiting                                    |
| DN      | Directory Number                                         |
| ECT     | Explicit Communication Transfer                          |
| ICS     | IMS Centralized Services                                 |
| IMSVoPS | IMS Voice over PS Session                                |
| IUA     | ICS User Agent                                           |
| HLR     | Home Location Register                                   |
| HSS     | Home Subscriber Server                                   |
| IM      | IP Multimedia                                            |
| IMRN    | IP Multimedia Routeing Number                            |
| MSC     | Mobile Switching Center                                  |
| NAS     | Non Access Stratum                                       |
| OIP     | Originating Identification Presentation                  |
| OIR     | Originating Identification Restriction                   |
| SCC AS  | Service Centralization and Continuity Application Server |
| T-ADS   | Terminating ADS                                          |
| TA      | Tracking Area                                            |
| TIP     | Terminating Identification Presentation                  |
| TIR     | Terminating Identification Restriction                   |
| UA      | User Agent                                               |
| UE      | User Equipment                                           |
| URI     | Universal Resource Identifier                            |

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## 4 Overview of IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem centralized services (ICS)

### 4.1 General

ICS allows for the delivery of consistent IMS services to the user regardless of the attached access type (e.g. CS domain access or IP-CAN). ICS provides communication services such that all services, and service control, are based on IM CN subsystem mechanisms and enablers. This includes enabling IM CN subsystem services when using CS access for the media bearer.

When using a CS access network, or when using a PS access networks that does not support the full duplex speech component of an IM CN subsystem service, the CS core network is utilized to establish a circuit switch access according to e.g. 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] or 3GPP2 C.S0001-D [37] for use as media for IM CN subsystem sessions.

If the PS access network does support the full duplex speech component of an IMS service then existing IM CN subsystem session procedures are used as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

ICS provides mechanisms to support the use of CS media bearer for IM CN subsystem sessions. With ICS, IM CN subsystem sessions using CS media are treated as standard IM CN subsystem sessions for the purpose of service control.

Sessions originated by ICS subscribers in both the IM CN subsystem and in the CS domain are subject to anchoring in the IM CN subsystem. Similarly, voice calls terminated to ICS subscribers are anchored in the IM CN subsystem. When anchoring occurs, such sessions have a path to the SCC AS from either the CS access domain or the IM CN subsystem so that the SCC AS can be used to provide service centralization.

In order for the above to occur, the following procedures are supplied within this specification:

- procedures for call origination are specified in Clause 7;
- procedures for call modification initiated from the ICS UE are specified in Clause 8;
- procedures for call modification initiated towards an ICS UE are specified in Clause 9;
- procedures for call termination are specified in Clause 10;
- procedures for session release are specified in Clause 11; and

- procedures for supplementary service invocation for ICS are specified in Clause 12.

## 4.2 Underlying network capabilities

ICS assumes the use of a number of underlying network capabilities:

- 1) provision by the home network operator of an ICS specific AS on the IM CN subsystem, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11];
- 2) signalling within the CS domain (both within the home network and between the home network and any visited network) supported using either ISUP (as defined in ITU-T Recommendations Q.761 to Q.764 [28]) or BICC (as defined in ITU-T Recommendations Q.1902.1 to Q.1902.6 [29]);
- 3) provision of CAMEL Phase 2 or later (as specified in 3GPP TS 29.078 [21]) at the MSC Server;
- 4) if the MSC Server is not enhanced for ICS, interworking between the CS domain and the IM CN subsystem is provided by an MGCF in accordance with 3GPP TS 29.163 [22]; and
- 5) capability of the IP-CAN to support full duplex speech component, for example as used in IMS multimedia telephony.

## 4.3 URI and address assignments

In order to support ICS to a subscriber the following URI and address assignments are assumed:

- a) the ICS UE will be configured to be reachable in both the IM CN subsystem and the CS domain by one to many public telecommunication numbers which should be correlated between the CS domain and IM CN subsystem. The subscriber's IM CN subsystem profile will need to be provisioned with a tel URI, either as the default public user identity or associated with it, equivalent to a DN (e.g. MSISDN) in the subscriber's CS profile associated with speech/audio (e.g. TS11).
- c) a PSI DN is assigned that can reach an ICS application that can support the ICS capabilities for that ICS UE. The PSI DNs can be dynamically allocated at the time that the call is rerouted to the IM CN subsystem for ICS purposes. The PSI DN is used specifically in the case of Gm service control for the purpose of CS bearer setup and does not apply to other procedures. The IM CN subsystem is configured to treat the PSI DN as a PSI;
- d) a non ICS UEs which are not registered in the IM CN subsystem might still be attached to the CS network at an MSC. In this scenario, a CSRN is assigned for routing the call to the CS domain;
- e) an MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall use a private user identity and public user identity specifically reserved for IM CN subsystem registrations from an MSC Server. This is to avoid conflicts in IM CN subsystem registration by a UE and an MSC Server registering on behalf of the same subscriber. The identities reserved for ICS identities are defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4]; and an MSC Server shall use only those public user identities representing E.164 numbers from the subscriber's IM CN subsystem profile to originate and terminate calls;
- f) an MSC Server enhanced for ICS is provisioned with a string that identifies the visited network at the home network. The string needs to be different than the value provisioned to a P-CSCF, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11], in order to distinguish between a P-CSCF and an MSC Server enhanced for ICS; and
- g) an IMRN is assigned that can reach an ICS application that can support the ICS capabilities for that UE. IMRNs can be dynamically allocated. The IM CN subsystem is configured to treat the IMRN as a PSI.
- h) an MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall provide a home network domain name from the subscriber's IMSI as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4].

---

## 5 Functional entities

### 5.1 Introduction

This clause associates the functional entities described for the IM CN subsystem and for the CS domain, with the ICS roles described in the stage 2 architecture document (see 3GPP TS 23.292 [6]).

### 5.2 User Equipment (UE)

A UE that is compliant with this specification, shall implement the role of ICS UE capabilities defined in subclauses 6.2, 7.2, 8.2, 9.2, 10.2 and 11.2.

### 5.3 MSC Server enhanced for ICS

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall provide the UA role as defined in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [11], with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclauses 6.3, 7.3, 8.3, 9.3, 10.3 and 11.3.

### 5.4 Application Server (AS)

The ICS AS provides the following roles:

- a) ICS User Agent (IUA) as defined in 3GPP TS 23.292 [6] subclause 5.3.1;
- b) Terminating Access Domain Selection (T-ADS) as defined in 3GPP TS 23.292 [6] subclause 5.3.1;

An AS implementing the ICS application shall implement one or more of the roles IUA or T-ADS. Both roles can be co-located.

---

## 6 Roles for registration in the IM CN subsystem

### 6.1 Introduction

This clause specifies procedures that are related to registration in the IM CN subsystem that are required for support of ICS. Both when the ICS UE generates the registration and when the MSC Server enhanced for ICS generates the registration is covered.

Subclause A.3 gives examples of signalling flows for registration.

### 6.2 ICS UE

Prior to performing IMS registration the ICS UE shall check that the ICS MO ICS\_Capabilities\_Enabled leaf node (see 3GPP TS 24.286 [43]) is set to enabled for this ICS UE; otherwise ICS is disabled for this ICS UE and the ICS UE shall perform as in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] and in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

If the ICS UE has an IMEI, prior to performing registration, the ICS UE shall generate an instance id based on its IMEI as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4].

If ICS is enabled then the ICS UE registers to IM CN subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] and includes its capabilities in the Contact header field including the media feature-tag applicable for ICS. The ICS UE shall include in the Contact header field:

- a) a g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to principal as specified in annex B.2; and

b) a g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag set to one of the following text strings based on the access network technology being used by the UE to register, as follows:

- "wlan": the UE is using WLAN access technology.
- "cellular": the UE is using cellular access technology.
- "docsis": the UE is using DOCSIS access technology.
- "dsl": the UE is using DSL access technology.
- "ethernet": the UE is using Ethernet access technology.

Additionally to ensure that the text string is unique for that registration flow the UE shall append a unique numerical single digit value for each registration flow to the text string value above (e.g "wlan1"); and

c) a sip.instance media feature tag containing the instance ID;

## 6.3 MSC Server enhanced for ICS

### 6.3.1 General

Prior to performing registration on behalf of a UE, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall generate

- a private user identity;
- an instance id;
- a temporary public user identity; and
- a home network domain name to address the REGISTER request to;

in accordance with the procedures as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4].

NOTE: The condition when the MSC Server enhanced for ICS initiates registration on behalf of a UE is described in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24].

Prior to performing registration on behalf of a UE, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall obtain the IMEI of the UE using procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7]. The IMEI shall be used to create the instance id as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4].

### 6.3.2 Initial registration

On sending a REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network used to address the REGISTER request;
- 2) set the From header field to the SIP URI that contains the temporary public user identity to be registered;
- 3) set the To header field to the SIP URI that contains the temporary public user identity to be registered;
- 4) populate an Authorization header field, with:
  - the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;
  - the realm directive, set to the domain name of the home network;
  - the integrity-protected directive, set to "auth-done";
  - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
  - the nonce directive, set to an empty value; and
  - the response directive, set to an empty value;



5) set the Contact header field to include the SIP URI containing the IP address or FQDN of the MSC Server enhanced for ICS in the hostport parameter. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall include a +sip.instance parameter containing the instance ID. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall include a

a) g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] the value for the IMS Multimedia Telephony Communication Service as specified in 3GPP TS 24.173 [9]; and

b) g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to server as specified in subclause annex B.2.

6) set the Via header field to include the IP address or FQDN of the MSC Server enhanced for ICS in the sent-by field;

7) set the Expires header field, or the expires parameter within the Contact header field, to the value of 600 000 seconds for the duration of the registration;

NOTE: The registrar (S-CSCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

8) populate the Supported header field with the option tag "gruu";

9) populate the Require header field with the option tag "path";

10) populate the Path header field with:

- a SIP URI identifying the MSC Server enhanced for ICS;
- an indication that requests routed in this direction of the path (i.e. from the S-CSCF towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS) are expected to be treated as for the terminating case;

11) populate the P-Charging-Vector header field with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [18] and a type 1 orig-ioi parameter. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall set the type 1 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall not include the type 1 term-ioi parameter;

12) populate the P-Visited-Network-ID header field with the value of a pre-provisioned string that identifies the visited network at the home network as specified in subclause 4.3; and

13) forward the request as specified in subclause 6.3.3. If the MSC Server enhanced for ICS fails to forward the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall abort the initial IMS registration attempt.

On receiving a 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall:

1) store the expiration time of the registration for the public user identities found in the To header field value;

2) store the list of Service-Route headers preserving the order, in order to build a proper preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall store this list during the entire registration period of the respective public user identity;

3) associate the Service-Route header list with the registered public user identity;

4) store as the default public user identity the first URI in the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header field;

5) treat the identity under registration as a barred public user identity, if it is not included in the P-Associated-URI header field;

6) find the Contact header field within the response that matches the one included in the REGISTER request. If this contains a "pub-gruu" parameter or a "temp-gruu" parameter or both, then store the value of those parameters as the GRUUs for the UE in association with the public user identity that was registered;

7) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header field; and

8) if a term-IOI parameter is received in the P-Charging-Vector header field, store the value of the received term-IOI parameter.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header field or the expires parameter within the Contact header field with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header field of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response to a REGISTER request, the MSC server enhanced for ICS shall perform the procedures for initial registration as described in this subclause.

On receiving a 3xx response or a 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response or a 503 (Service Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request, the MSC server enhanced for ICS shall:

- 1) select a different exit or entry point as described in subclause 6.3.3; and
- 2) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in this subclause.

When the timer F expires at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall:

- 1) select a different exit or entry point as described in subclause 6.3.3; and
- 2) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in this subclause.

After a maximum of 5 consecutive unsuccessful initial registration attempts, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall not automatically attempt any further initial registration for an implementation dependant time of at least:

- a) the amount of time indicated in the Retry-After header field of the 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response received in response to the most recent registration request, if that header field was present; or
- b) 30 minutes, if the Retry-After header field was not present and the initial registration was automatically performed as a consequence of a failed reregistration; or
- c) 5 minutes, if the header field was not present and the initial registration was not performed as a consequence of a failed reregistration.

### 6.3.3 Sending the REGISTER request

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall send the REGISTER request as follows:

- 1) if the MSC Server enhanced for ICS is located in the visited network, and local policy requires the application of IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall send the REGISTER request to an IBCF in the visited network.

NOTE 1: The list of exit points can be either provisioned in the MSC Server enhanced for ICS or obtained as specified in IETF RFC 3263 [30].

NOTE 2: If the MSC Server enhanced for ICS sends the request to an IBCF in the visited network, the IBCF can determine the entry point of the home network, using the same mechanisms as described in NOTE 1 above. In that case the MSC Server enhanced for ICS does not need to determine the entry point of the home network.

- 2) determine the entry point of the home network and send the request to that entry point.

NOTE 3: The list of entry points can be either provisioned in the MSC Server enhanced for or obtained as specified in IETF RFC 3263 [30].

If the MSC Server enhanced for ICS fails to send the REGISTER request to any exit or entry point, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall abort the registration attempt.

### 6.3.4 Subscription to the registration-state event package

Upon receipt of a 200 (OK) response to the initial registration, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall generate a SUBSCRIBE request in accordance with IETF RFC 3680 [33], with the following elements:

- a Request-URI set to a SIP URI that contains the default public user identity received in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;

- a From header field set to a SIP URI that contains the default public user identity received in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
- a To header field set to a SIP URI that contains the default public user identity received in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
- a Route header field set to values received in the Service-Route header field saved from the 200 (OK) response to the last registration. If the MSC Server enhanced for ICS is located in the visited network, and local policy requires the application of IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, select an IBCF in the visited network and add the URI of the selected IBCF to the topmost Route header field;
- an Event header field set to the "reg" event package;
- an Expires header field set to a value higher than the Expires header field indicated in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
- a Contact header field set to the SIP URI of the MSC Server enhanced for ICS;
- a P-Asserted-Identity header field set a SIP URI that contains the default public user identity received in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
- a P-Charging-Vector header field with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [27]; and
- a P-Access-Network-Info header field set as specified for the access network technology as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall store the information for the established dialog and the expiration time as indicated in the Expires header field of the received response.

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall automatically refresh the subscription for the reg event package for a previously registered public user identity for the period of time in which that registration remains active. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall refresh the subscription either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the initial subscription was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the initial subscription was for 1200 seconds or less. If a SUBSCRIBE request to refresh a subscription fails with a non-481 response, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall still consider the original subscription valid for the duration of the most recently known "Expires" value according to IETF RFC 3265 [32]. Otherwise, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall consider the subscription invalid and start a new initial subscription according to IETF RFC 3265 [32].

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package with a state attribute "active", i.e. registered is received for one or more public user identities, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall

- 1) store the indicated public user identities as registered; and
- 2) for each public user identity indicated in the notification that contains a <pub-gruu> element or a <temp-gruu> element or both (as defined in IETF RFC 5628 [35]) store the value of those elements in association with the public user identity.

### 6.3.5 Reregistration

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS can perform the reregistration of a previously registered public user identity with its contact address at any time after the initial registration has been completed.

Unless the MSC Server enhanced for ICS has determined that a continued registration is not required, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall reregister an already registered public user identity if that subscriber is still registered to that VLR. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall register the already registered public user identity either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the previous registration was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the previous registration was for 1200 seconds or less, or when the MSC Server enhanced for ICS intends to update its capabilities according to IETF RFC 3840 [34].

On sending the REGISTER request for reregistration, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall populate headers as described in subclause 6.3.2.

If the MSC Server enhanced for ICS fails to forward the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall abort the reregistration attempt.

NOTE: This will not affect the UE's CS domain registration status at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS or HSS or HLR.

On receiving a 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall perform the actions defined for 200 (OK) response handling in subclause 6.3.2.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall perform the actions defined for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response handling in subclause 6.3.2.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response for a reregistration, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 6.3.2.

On receiving a 3xx response response or a 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response or a 503 (Service Unavailable) response for a reregistration, the MSC server enhanced for ICS shall:

- 1) select a different exit or entry point as described in subclause 6.3.3; and
- 2) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 6.3.2.

When the timer F expires at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall:

- 1) select a different exit or entry point as described in subclause 6.3.3; and
- 2) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 6.3.2.

## 6.3.6 Deregistration

### 6.3.6.1 S-CSCF initiated deregistration

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package on behalf of the UE, as described in subclause 6.3.4, including a <registration> element which was registered by the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with either:

- the state attribute set to "terminated" and the event attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "rejected" or "deactivated"; or
- the state attribute set to "active" and the state attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "terminated", and the event attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "rejected" or "deactivated";

the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall remove all stored information for these public user identities and remove these public user identities from the list of the public user identities that are registered for this user. In case of a "deactivated" event attribute, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall start the initial registration procedure as described in subclause 6.3.1. In case of a "rejected" event attribute, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall release all IMS dialogs related to those public user identities.

### 6.3.6.2 MSC Server enhanced for ICS initiated deregistration

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS initiated deregistration procedure consists of the MSC Server enhanced for ICS sending a REGISTER request on behalf of the UE upon receipt of any indication that the subscriber is no longer active at this MSC Server enhanced for ICS. On receiving Location Cancellation request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS should delay sending the REGISTER request for deregistration for a specific time in order to ensure that the registration request from the target MSC Server arrives at the S-CSCF prior to the deregistration request from the source MSC Server.

Prior to sending a REGISTER request for deregistration, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall release all IMS dialogs related to the public user identity that is going to be deregistered or to one of the implicitly registered public user identities.

On sending a REGISTER request for deregistration, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network used to address the REGISTER request;
- 2) set the From header field to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- 3) set the To header field to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- 4) set the Contact header field set to include the SIP URI containing the IP address or FQDN of the MSC Server enhanced for ICS in the hostport parameter. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall include a +sip.instance parameter containing the instance ID that was used during registration;
- 5) set the Via header field to include the IP address or FQDN of the MSC Server enhanced for ICS in the sent-by field;
- 5A) populate an Authorization header field, with:
  - the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;
  - the realm directive, set to the domain name of the home network;
  - the integrity-protected directive, set to "auth-done";
  - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
  - the nonce directive, set to an empty value; and
  - the response directive, set to an empty value;
- 6) set the Expires header field, or the expires parameter within the Contact header field, to the value of zero; and
- 7) send the request as specified in subclause 6.3.3.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall remove all registration details relating to this public user identity.

NOTE: Other final responses than 200 (OK) might require the MSC Server enhanced for ICS to perform cleanup such as removing details related to that public user identity. The details of such actions are not specified in this version of the specification.

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall consider any existing subscription to the reg event package cancelled (i.e. as if the MSC Server had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header field containing a value of zero).

## 6.4 SCC AS

The SCC AS can obtain registration state information that it needs to implement ICS specific requirements from:

- a) any received third-party REGISTER request (e.g. including information contained in the body of the third-party REGISTER request) as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11];
- b) any received reg event package as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]; or
- c) the Sh interface as specified in 3GPP TS 29.328 [25] and 3GPP TS 29.329 [26].

NOTE: Obtaining registration state information from HSS using Sh interface does not allow the SCC AS to know the capabilities supported by the user registered UE(s), including the used IP-CAN(s).

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# 7 Roles for call origination

## 7.1 Introduction

This clause specifies the procedures for call origination for when an ICS UE originates a session, establishing the service control signalling path over Gm and when a non-ICS UE originates a session achieving IMS service control via

an MSC server enhanced for ICS. The associated procedures for the SCC AS and MSC server enhanced for ICS are also specified in this clause.

Subclause A.4 provides examples of signalling flows for call origination.

## 7.2 ICS UE

### 7.2.1 General

This clause specifies the procedures for call origination by an ICS UE.

Annex A.4 gives examples of signalling flows for call origination.

### 7.2.2 ICS UE using Gm

There are no ICS specific requirements for the origination of calls that may be subject to ICS.

If ICS is enabled then when the ICS UE originates a CS call using Gm reference point, the ICS UE shall:

- a) send a SIP INVITE request towards the IM CN subsystems as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]. The ICS UE shall populate the SIP INVITE request as follows:
  - i) include in the Contact header field:
    - a public GRUU or temporary GRUU as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] if a GRUU was received at registration;
    - the feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "principal"; and
  - ii) the SDP payload proposing an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer as described by IETF RFC 7195 [36], as follows:
    - a "c=" line with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" and the addrtype portion and connection-address portions both set to "-";
    - a CS media "m=" line with the media portion set to "audio", port portion set to "9", proto portion set to "PSTN" and fmt portion set to "-";
    - an a=setup attribute set to "active"
    - an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid" along with the MSISDN, of the ICS UE in the CS domain, in international E.164 number format;
    - an a=connection attribute set to "new"; and
    - an indication that the related local preconditions for QoS are not met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].
- b) when the ICS UE receives a reliable SIP 1xx provisional response from the network including a PSI DN number, the ICS UE shall setup a CS call by sending a CC SETUP message in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems. The UE shall populate the CC SETUP message for 3GPP systems as follows:
  - i) the called party BCD number information element set to the SCC AS PSI DN received in the SDP body of the SIP 1xx provisional response, in the connection-address portion of the "c=" line, appended to the "PSTN" nettype portion as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36]; and
- c) when the CS resources are available to the UE, the ICS UE shall send an SDP offer including an indication that the related local preconditions for QoS for audio as met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

When the ICS UE originates a non-CS bearer call using Gm reference point, the ICS UE shall act in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

### 7.2.3 ICS UE using CS

The ICS UE shall implement the call origination towards SCC AS suitable for ICS via CS domain as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems.

## 7.3 MSC Server enhanced for ICS

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall implement call origination towards the SCC AS as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] with the following addition:

- the Contact header of the SIP INVITE request shall include the feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "server".

## 7.4 SCC AS

### 7.4.1 General

The following subclauses describe the procedures at the SCC AS for call origination. In such scenarios, the SCC AS serves the originating ICS UE. The SCC AS shall follow procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the additional procedures described in this specification in subclauses 7.4.2 and 7.4.3. These subclauses describe the procedures for the SCC AS when using service control over Gm and CS, respectively.

### 7.4.2 SCC AS for service control over Gm

#### 7.4.2.1 CS bearer is requested by the ICS UE

When the SCC AS receives an initial SIP INVITE request from the ICS UE due to initial filter criteria, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) store the information received in the SIP INVITE request, including the Request-URI, P-Asserted-Identity header field, Accept header field, Call-ID header field, To and From header fields including tags, Contact header field including associated feature tags, Accept-Contact header field and the received non-audio SDP information.

- 2) if the SDP contains:

- i) a "c=" line with nettype portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];
- ii) a CS media "m=" line with media portion set to audio, port portion set to "9" and nettype portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];

NOTE: If both i) and ii) are true, the ICS UE is requesting that the media bearer is to be set up over the CS domain.

- iii) an a=setup attribute set to "active" and an a=connection attribute set to "new"; and
- iv) an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid" along with the MSISDN, of the ICS UE in the CS domain, in international E.164 number format;

then the SCC AS shall send a SIP 183 (Session Progress) response towards the originating ICS UE in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the following additions:

- i) an SDP answer, in accordance with IETF RFC 7195 [36], containing a "c=" line with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" and with the addrtypes portion set to "E164" and the connection-address portion set to a SCC AS PSI DN, in international E.164 number format. The SCC AS PSI DN that identifies the stored information in step 1) and associated with the SCC AS;
- ii) an a=setup attribute set to "passive"
- iii) an a=connection attribute set to "new";
- iv) an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid"; and

- v) indicate local preconditions not met;
- 3) When the SCC AS receives an initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing a valid SCC AS PSI DN as allocated in the above step 2 and with the P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP offer in the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE then the SCC AS shall:
- use the SCC AS PSI DN that was allocated in step 2 and E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP offer from the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE to correlate the previously stored information against this session with the incoming SIP INVITE request;
  - act as a routing B2BUA, and generate an initial SIP INVITE request and include the information received in the SIP INVITE received in step 1 with the following exceptions:
    - if a Privacy type of "id" is received in the SIP INVITE request from the received initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN then the Privacy type shall be set to type of "id"; and
    - an SDP offer with the media that combines the stored SDP offer from the ICS UE received in the SIP INVITE request from the ICS UE and the SDP offer received in SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN in accordance with the rules of IETF RFC 3264 [31].

Upon receiving a SIP 18x response from the remote UE the SCC AS shall:

- send a SIP 18x response on the leg with the ICS UE. If the receiving response includes an SDP answer, the SIP 18x response shall include an SDP answer, and use a different dialog from that of the first SIP 183(Session Progress) response sent by the SCC AS;
- send a SIP 18x response on the leg with the CS domain.

The SDP answers shall be in accordance with rules for SDP answer as specified in IETF RFC 3264 [31].

When the SCC AS is aware of that preconditions are met on all legs the SCC AS shall send a SIP UPDATE request towards the remote UE indicating that local preconditions are met.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from the remote UE, the SCC AS shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response on both the leg with the ICS UE and on the leg with the CS domain. If the response includes an SDP answer, the SCC AS shall send an SDP answer on the leg with the ICS UE and on the leg with the CS domain. The SDP answers shall be in accordance with rules for SDP answer as specified in IETF RFC 3264 [31].

When the SCC AS has received a SIP ACK request on both the leg with the CS domain and on the leg with the ICS UE, the SCC AS shall respond to the initial SIP INVITE request with a final 200 (OK) response. on the same dialog on which the second 18x was sent to the ICS UE.

#### 7.4.2.2 Non CS bearer is requested by the ICS UE

When the SCC AS receives an initial SIP INVITE request due to initial filter criteria, which does not include a request for CS media, the SCC AS shall act as a routing B2BUA as described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

#### 7.4.3 SCC AS for service control over CS

When the SCC AS receives SIP INVITE request due to originating IMRN, the SCC AS shall:

NOTE 1: Allocation of the IMRN is outside the scope of this specification.

- operate as an application server providing 3<sup>rd</sup> party call control, and specifically as an initiating B2BUA, as specified in subclause 5.7.5 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] for this request and all future requests and responses in the same dialog;
- set the Request-URI of the outgoing initial SIP INVITE request to a tel-URI which represents the original called party number of the call as initiated in the CS domain. The tel-URI may be available from information associated with the received IMRN or from the History-Info header field;



- 3) set the To header field of the outgoing initial SIP INVITE request to a tel-URI which represents the original called party number of the call as initiated in the CS domain. The tel-URI may be available from information associated with the received IMRN or from the History-Info header field;
- 4) if the SCC AS has received a History-Info header field indicating only one diversion, not include the History-Info header field;
- 5) append the orig parameter to the S-CSCF URI included in the Route header field of the outgoing initial SIP INVITE request; and
- 6) set the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request and to a tel-URI which represents the calling party number of the call initiated in the CS domain. This is either available from information associated against the received IMRN or is the value as received in P-Asserted-Identity header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request.

NOTE 2: It can happen that the P-Asserted-Identity header field is not included in the incoming SIP INVITE request.

The SCC AS should in the outgoing SIP requests and SIP responses include the same values as received in the incoming SIP requests and SIP responses in all other header fields with the exception given in this subclause and in subclause 5.7.5 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [8].

The SCC AS will handle the Privacy header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request in the following way. The SCC AS shall either:

- if a Privacy header field is received in the incoming INVITE request, include the Privacy header field as received in the incoming INVITE request; or
- if a value is associated to IMRN and indicates that the presentation of the calling party number is restricted in the CS domain, include a Privacy header field with the value set to "id".

On completion of the above procedure, the call is anchored in the SCC AS.

NOTE 3: After completion of anchoring the call in SCC AS, the allocated IMRN is available for reuse.

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## 8 Roles for call modification initiated from the ICS UE

### 8.1 Introduction

This clause specifies call modification procedures initiated by an ICS UE for a call using a service control signalling path over Gm. The associated procedures for the ICS UE and the SCC AS are also specified in this clause; specifically, the procedure when a CS bearer is added or removed is specified.

### 8.2 ICS UE

#### 8.2.1 General

This clause specifies the procedures for a UE when the call modification is initiated by an ICS UE.

#### 8.2.2 ICS UE is using Gm

##### 8.2.2.1 General

This subclause specifies call modification procedure when a session is modified from an ICS UE using a service control signalling path over Gm; specifically, the procedure when a CS bearer is added or removed is specified.

#### 8.2.2.2 ICS UE adds a CS bearer

If the UE decides to add a CS bearer to an existing session, the ICS UE shall act in accordance with subclause 7.2.2, except that a SIP re-INVITE request and its related responses shall be used instead of an initial SIP INVITE request.

#### 8.2.2.3 ICS UE adds voice media in PS domain

If the ICS UE decides to add a voice media using the PS domain, the ICS UE shall apply the procedure in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

#### 8.2.2.4 ICS UE adds a non-voice media in PS domain

If the ICS UE decides to add non-voice media using the PS domain, the ICS UE shall apply the procedure in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

#### 8.2.2.5 ICS UE removes a CS bearer

When an ICS UE wants to remove a CS bearer the ICS UE shall

- a) send a SIP re-INVITE request or SIP UPDATE request towards the IM CN subsystems as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]. The ICS UE shall populate the SIP INVITE request or SIP UPDATE request as follows:
  - i) the request URI set to the contact address earlier received from the SCC AS;
  - ii) include in the Contact header field:
    - a public GRUU or temporary GRUU as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] if a GRUU was received at registration;
    - the feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to principal;
- b) set the CS bearer to not be used any longer by setting the port number to zero for the CS media "m=" line with the proto portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36]; and
- c) when the ICS UE receives a reliable 1xx provisional response from the IM CN subsystem, the ICS UE shall release the resources in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

#### 8.2.2.6 ICS UE removes PS media

If the ICS UE decides to remove any media using the PS domain the ICS UE shall apply the procedure in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

### 8.3 MSC server enhanced for ICS

No special procedure is required for call modification procedure at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

## 8.4 SCC AS

### 8.4.1 General

This subclause specifies call modification procedure when a session is modified from an SCC AS using a service control signalling path over Gm; specifically, the procedure when a CS bearer is added or removed is specified.

### 8.4.2 SCC AS actions when UE adds a CS bearer

When the SCC AS receives a SIP re-INVITE request from the ICS UE indicating the addition of a CS bearer on an existing session, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) if the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request contains:

- i) a "c=" line with nettype portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];
- ii) a CS media "m=" line with media portion set to audio, port portion set to "9" and nettype portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];

NOTE: If both i) and ii) are true, the ICS UE is requesting that the media bearer is to be set up over the CS domain.

- iii) an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid" along with the MSISDN, of the ICS UE in the CS domain, in international E.164 number format; and
- iv) an a=setup attribute set to "active" and an a=connection attribute set to "new";

then the SCC AS shall send a SIP 183 (Session Progress) response towards the ICS UE in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the following additions:

- a) include an SDP answer, in accordance with IETF RFC 7195 [36], containing a "c=" line with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" and with the addrtypes portion set to "E164" and the connection-address portion set to a SCC AS PSI DN, in international E.164 number format. The SCC AS PSI DN is associated with the SCC AS and identifies the existing session;
  - b) an a=setup attribute set to "passive"
  - c) an a=connection attribute set to "new";
  - d) an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid";
  - e) indicate local preconditions not met for the media over CS bearer; and
- 2) When the SCC AS receives an initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing a valid SCC AS PSI DN as allocated in the above step 1 and with the P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP offer in the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE then, the SCC AS shall:
- a) use the SCC AS PSI DN that was allocated to associate SCC-AS-PDN with the existing session and E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP offer from the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE to correlate the SCC AS PSI DN with the existing session with the remote UE and acting as a routing B2BUA generate a SIP INVITE request and include the following information:
    - i) a Request-URI set to the contact address of the remote UE; and
    - ii) in the SDP add the SDP offer received from the received initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN in accordance with the rules of IETF RFC 3264 [31].

Upon receiving a SIP 18x response from the remote UE the SCC AS shall send a SIP 18x response on the leg with the ICS UE and on the leg with the CS domain. If the response from the remote UE includes an SDP answer, the SCC AS shall send an SDP answer on the leg with the ICS UE and on the leg with the CS domain. The SDP answers shall be in accordance with rules for SDP answer as specified in IETF RFC 3264 [31].

When the SCC AS is aware that preconditions are met on all legs, the SCC AS shall send a SIP UPDATE request on the leg with the remote UE indicating that local preconditions are met.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from the remote UE, the SCC AS shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response on both the leg with the ICS UE and on the leg with the CS domain. If the SIP 200 (OK) response includes an SDP answer, the SCC AS shall send an SDP answer on the leg with the ICS UE and on the leg with the CS domain. The SDP answers shall be in accordance with rules for SDP answer as specified in IETF RFC 3264 [31].

When the SCC AS has received a SIP ACK request on both the leg with the CS domain and on the leg with the ICS UE, the SCC AS shall send a SIP ACK request to the remote UE.

### 8.4.3 SCC AS adds media in the PS domain

The SCC AS shall apply the procedure in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

## 9 Roles for call modification initiated towards an ICS UE

### 9.1 Introduction

This clause specifies call modification procedures initiated towards an ICS UE for a call using a service control signalling path over Gm. The associated procedures for the ICS UE and the SCC AS are also specified in this clause; specifically, the procedure when a CS bearer is added or removed is specified.

### 9.2 ICS UE

#### 9.2.1 General

This clause specifies the procedures for a UE when the call modification is initiated towards an ICS UE.

#### 9.2.2 ICS UE using Gm

##### 9.2.2.1 General

This subclause specifies call modification procedure when a session is modified towards an ICS UE using a service control signalling path over Gm; specifically, the procedure when a CS bearer is added or removed is specified.

##### 9.2.2.2 ICS UE is offered a CS bearer

When the ICS UE receives a SIP INVITE request on an existing session containing SDP request for establishment of a CS bearer as described in by IETF RFC 7195 [36], the ICS UE shall:

- a) send a reliable SIP 183 (Session Progress) response towards the IM CN subsystems as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]. The ICS UE shall populate the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response as follows:
  - i) include in the Contact header field:
    - a public GRUU or temporary GRUU as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] if a GRUU was received at registration;
    - the feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "principal"; and
  - ii) the SDP answer accepting an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer as described by IETF RFC 7195 [36], as follows:
    - a "c=" line with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" and the addrtypes portion and connection-address portions both set to "-";
    - a CS media "m=" line with the media portion set to "audio", port portion set to "9", proto portion set to "PSTN" and fmt portion set to "-";
    - an a=setup attribute set to "active";
    - an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid" along with the MSISDN, of the ICS UE in the CS domain, in international E.164 number format;
    - an a=connection attribute set to "new"; and
    - an indication that the related local preconditions for QoS are not met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11];
- b) shall setup a CS call by sending a CC SETUP message in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems. The UE shall populate the CC SETUP message for 3GPP systems as follows:

- i) the called party BCD number information element set to the SCC AS PSI DN received in the SDP body of the SIP INVITE request, in the connection-address portion of the "c=" line, appended to the "PSTN" nettype portion as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36]; and
- c) when the CS resources are available to the UE, the ICS UE shall send an SDP offer including an indication that the related local preconditions for QoS for audio as met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

When the ICS UE originates a non-CS bearer call using Gm reference point, the ICS UE shall act in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

#### 9.2.2.3 ICS UE is offered another media

If the ICS UE is offered a voice media in the PS domain using Gm reference point, the ICS UE shall act as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

#### 9.2.2.4 ICS UE is offered a voice media both in CS and PS domain

If the ICS UE is offered a voice media both in the PS domain using Gm reference point and the CS domain using a service control signalling path over Gm, the ICS UE shall act as specified in subclause 10.2.2.4.

#### 9.2.2.5 SCC AS removes a CS bearer

When the ICS UE receives a SIP INVITE request from the network containing SDP with an indication that the CS bearer will not be used any longer with the port number set to zero for the CS media "m=" line with nettype portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36], the ICS UE shall release the CS bearer resources in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

#### 9.2.2.6 SCC AS removes PS media

If the ICS UE is instructed to remove a media stream in the PS domain using Gm reference point, the ICS UE shall remove the media stream as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

### 9.3 MSC server enhanced for ICS

No special procedure is required for call modification procedure at the MSC server enhanced for ICS.

## 9.4 SCC AS

### 9.4.1 Terminating Access domain selection

When the SCC AS receives on an existing session a SIP re-INVITE request or a SIP UPDATE request to add a voice stream towards the ICS UE the SCC AS shall

- perform Terminating Access Domain Selection (T-ADS) based upon criteria described in 3GPP TS 23.292 [6];
- if T-ADS results in choosing to deliver all media in the PS domain, skip the following steps and continue with call termination in the IM CN subsystem as specified in subclause 9.4.3; and
- if T-ADS results in choosing to deliver media in the CS domain, and using Gm for service control, acting as a B2BUA, the SCC AS shall act in accordance with subclause 9.4.2.

### 9.4.2 SCC AS adds a CS bearer

When the SCC AS receives on an existing session a SIP re-INVITE request to add a voice stream towards the ICS UE the SCC AS shall

- 1) allocate an SCC AS PSI DN associated with the SCC AS and the INVITE request from the originating UE;
- 2) create a SIP INVITE request based upon the request from the originating UE and include the following:

- i) the Request URI set to the earlier received contact address
  - ii) an SDP offer based on the received SDP offer from the originator and including the following:
    - in the SDP offer include an additional CS media "m=" line with media portion set to audio, port portion set to "9", proto portion set to "PSTN" and fmt portion set to "-" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];
    - in the SDP offer include, a "c=" line with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" and with the addrtypes portion set to "E164" and the fmt portion set to the SCC AS PSI DN allocated in step 1), in international E.164 number format, in accordance with IETF RFC 7195 [36];
    - an a=setup attribute set to "passive";
    - an a=connection attribute set to "new";
    - an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid";
    - an indication that preconditions are not met; and
- 3) route the created SIP INVITE request towards the terminating ICS UE.

When the SCC AS has received the 18x response containing the SDP answer accepting an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer from the ICS UE and receives the initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing a valid SCC AS PSI DN as allocated in the above step 1 and with the P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP answer in the response to the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE then the SCC AS shall:

NOTE: The SCC AS could receive the SIP INVITE request before the SIP 18x response. IETF RFC 7195 [36] provides guidance on handling this situation.

- 1) use the SCC AS PSI DN and E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP answer from the response to the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE to correlate the SCC AS PSI DN against the incoming SIP INVITE request from the remote UE.
- 2) send a response to the initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11], indicating local preconditions met.

When the SCC AS has received the 18x response containing the SDP answer accepting an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer from the ICS UE and the SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN number, the SCC AS shall prepare an SDP answer to be sent to the remote UE. The SDP answer shall be based on the SDP answer received from the ICS UE and the SDP offer received from the CS domain. If the SDP offer from the CS domain includes more than one speech codecs the SCC AS shall delete the lowest priority speech codecs. The status line in the response sent to the remote UE shall be the same as received in the 18x response from the ICS UE. The SDP answer sent to the remote UE shall be in accordance with IETF RFC 3264 [31].

When the SCC AS gets aware that the remote precondition is fulfilled on the leg towards the remote UE and on the leg with the CS domain, the SCC AS shall send a SIP UPDATE request to the ICS UE indicating that precondition is met.

When the SCC AS receives precondition is met on the leg with the CS domain the SCC AS shall:

- 1) send a SIP 200 (OK) for the SIP UPDATE request on the leg with the CS domain and
- 2) send a SIP 200 (OK) for the SIP INVITE request on the leg with the CS domain.

### 9.4.3 SCC AS adds PS media

When the SCC AS receives an SDP offer on an existing session a request to add or modify a non-voice stream towards the ICS UE the SCC AS shall act in routing AS in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

### 9.4.4 SCC AS removes a CS bearer

If the SCC-AS receives an SDP offer from the originating UE that indicates that voice stream is removed, the SCC AS shall send a SIP INVITE request towards the IM CN subsystems as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]. The SCC AS shall populate the SIP INVITE request as follows:

- the Request URI set to the contact address of the terminating ICS UE; and
- an indication that the CS bearer will not be used any longer by setting the port number to zero for the CS media "m=" line with nettype portion set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36].

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## 10 Roles for call termination

### 10.1 Introduction

This clause specifies the procedures for call termination to an ICS UE and a non-ICS UE. The following procedures describe Terminating Access Domain Selection at both the SCC AS and terminating ICS UE, to decide the service control type for the terminating side of the session. Service control signalling path over Gm for an ICS UE and IMS service control for a non ICS UE via an MSC server enhanced for ICS are specified. Procedures specific to the SCC AS and MSC server enhanced for ICS are also described.

Subclause A.5 provides examples of signalling flows for call termination.

### 10.2 ICS UE

#### 10.2.1 General

This clause specifies the procedures for call termination by an ICS UE.

Subclause A.5 gives examples of signalling flows for call termination.

#### 10.2.2 ICS UE using Gm

##### 10.2.2.1 General

Subclause 10.2.2 describes the behaviour of the terminating ICS UE.

##### 10.2.2.2 Call control over Gm and voice over IP bearer

When the ICS UE receives a SIP INVITE request containing SDP for establishing a session using just an IP bearer or if the ICS UE decides to use an IP bearer as determined by the procedures in subclause 10.2.2.4, then the ICS UE shall establish this session in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the following clarification:

- if the SIP INVITE request contains a Target-Dialog header field containing dialog parameters that correspond to an existing dialog (or a dialog in the process of being established) between the ICS UE and SCC AS the ICS UE shall treat the SIP INVITE request as another dialog that is part of the same session as the dialog identified by the dialog parameters contained in the Target-Dialog header field;
- if the SIP INVITE request does not contain a Target-Dialog header field but there is an existing dialog (or a dialog in the process of being established) between the ICS UE and SCC AS the SCC AS shall check if the dialog parameters for this request correspond to the dialog parameters received in a Target-Dialog header field received on an existing dialog (or a dialog in the process of being established) between the ICS UE and SCC AS and if so then the ICS UE shall treat the SIP INVITE request as another dialog that is part of the same session as the dialog that the Target-Dialog header field was received on.

NOTE: The second case is to cover the possibility that requests can arrive out of the order that they were sent.

##### 10.2.2.3 Call control over Gm and voice over CS bearer

When:

- 1) the ICS UE receives a SIP INVITE request containing an SDP offer to establish a CS bearer according to IETF RFC 7195 [36] and if the SIP response to the SIP INVITE request is to be sent:

- a) using I-WLAN or UTRAN; or
- b) using GERAN and both UE and network support dual transfer mode; or

NOTE: Indication that network supports dual transfer mode is specified in 3GPP TS 44.018 [44].

- 2) the ICS UE has decided to terminate a CS call using the Gm reference point after execution of the procedures in subclause 10.2.2.4;

then, the ICS UE shall:

- send a reliable SIP 183 (Session Progress) response towards the IM CN subsystems as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]. The UE shall populate the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response as follows:
  - a) the SDP payload proposing an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer as described by IETF RFC 7195 [36], as follows:
    - a "c=" line with the nettype portion to "PSTN" and the addrtype portion and connection-address portions both set to "-";
    - a CS media "m=" line with the media portion set to "audio", port portion set to "9", proto portion to "PSTN" and fmt portion set to "-", as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];
    - an a=setup attribute set to "active";
    - an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid" along with the MSISDN, of ICS UE in the CS domain, in international E.164 number format;
    - an a=connection attribute set to "new"; and;
  - b) an indication that the local preconditions for QoS are not met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11];
- setup a CS call by sending a CC SETUP message in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems. The UE shall populate the CC SETUP message for 3GPP systems as follows:
  - a) the called party BCD number information element set to the E.164 number obtained from the connection-address portion of the "c=" line with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" of the audio media, as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36] received in the SDP body of the SIP INVITE request and the selected codec.
- when the resources are available to the UE, and if the UE has already received an indication from the origination side that related local preconditions for QoS as met on the originating side, shall send a SIP 180 (Ringing) response and continue the call setup as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

#### 10.2.2.4 Call control over Gm and T-ADS executed by the UE

When the ICS UE receives, within an initial SIP INVITE request, an SDP offer which allows the UE to select between using an RTP-based IP bearer or a CS bearer for an audio session, i.e. in which for the audio media descriptions ("m=") the following is set:

- the transport protocol within the "m=" line to RTP-based IP bearer;
- the related connection line to an IP address;
- additional a-lines as defined in IETF RFC 5939 [40], IETF RFC 7006 [39], IETF RFC 7195 [36] and IETF RFC 6871 [41] indicating the following:
  - a) the media capability attribute "omcap" with a "-" for the <encoding-name>;
  - b) the transport protocol capability attribute "tcap" set to "PSTN"; and
  - c) the connection data capability attribute "ccap" with nettype set to "PSTN", indicating "E.164" as address type and the connection-address set to the SCC AS PSI DN, in international E.164 number format;

and the ICS UE supports T-ADS execution:



- 1) if the UE in the response to the INVITE request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header field including an access-type field set to one of "3GPP-E-UTRAN-FDD" or "3GPP-E-UTRAN-TDD", the UE is a CS fallback capable UE, and the UE is not responding with a SIP 3xx response, then the following applies, if the Voice\_Domain\_Preference\_E\_UTRAN leaf of the 3GPP IMS Management Object (see 3GPP TS 24.167 [8A]) is configured and is:
  - a) set to "1" (i.e. "CS Voice only") and the NAS sublayer has indicated a successful NAS combined attach or combined TA update then the UE shall send back a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response without SDP body;
  - b) set to "1" and the UE fails to access the CS domain , the UE shall send back a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response;
  - c) set to "2" (i.e. "CS Voice preferred, IMS PS Voice secondary") and the NAS sublayer has indicated a successful NAS combined attach or combined TA update then the UE shall send back a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response without SDP body;
  - d) set to "2" and the NAS sublayer has not indicated a successful NAS combined attach or combined TA update and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE shall use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream;
  - e) set to "2" and the UE fails to access the CS domain and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported, then the UE shall send back a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response;
  - f) set to "3" (i.e. "IMS PS Voice preferred, CS Voice secondary") and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE shall use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream;
  - g) set to "3" and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported and the NAS sublayer has indicated a successful NAS combined attach or combined TA update, then the UE shall send back a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response without SDP body;
  - h) set to "3" and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported and the UE fails to access the CS domain , then the UE shall send back a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response;
  - i) set to "4" (i.e. "PS Voice only") and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE shall use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream; or
  - j) set to "4" and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported, then the UE shall send back a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response;
- 2) if the UE in the response to the INVITE request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header field including an access-type field set to one of "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD" or "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", and the UE is not responding with a SIP 3xx response, then the following applies, if the Voice\_Domain\_Preference\_UTRAN leaf of the 3GPP IMS Management Object (see 3GPP TS 24.167 [8A]) is configured and is:
  - a) set to "1" (i.e. "CS Voice only"), then the UE shall use the CS bearer for the related audio media stream;
  - b) set to "2" (i.e. "CS Voice preferred, IMS PS Voice secondary") and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported, then the UE shall use the CS bearer for the related audio media stream;
  - c) set to "2" (i.e. "CS Voice preferred, IMS PS Voice secondary") and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE should use the CS bearer for the related audio media stream or may use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream;
  - d) set to "3" (i.e. "IMS PS Voice preferred, CS Voice secondary") and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE should use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream or may use the CS bearer for the related audio media stream; or
  - e) set to "3" and the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported, then the UE shall use CS bearer for the related audio media stream.
- 3) if the UE in the response to the INVITE request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header field including an access-type field set to one of "3GPP-E-UTRAN-FDD" or "3GPP-E-UTRAN-TDD", and the Voice\_Domain\_Preference\_E\_UTRAN leaf of the 3GPP IMS Management Object (see 3GPP TS 24.167 [8A]) is not configured:

- a) if the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE can use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream; and
  - b) if the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported, then the UE shall send back a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response without SDP body;
- 4) if the UE in the response to the INVITE request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header field including an access-type field set to one of "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD" or "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", and the Voice\_Domain\_Preference\_UTRAN leaf of the 3GPP IMS Management Object (see 3GPP TS 24.167 [8A]) is not configured:

NOTE 1: The UE decides based on local configuration and network conditions whether to use for the related audio media stream an IP connection, RTP-based IP bearer or a CS bearer.

- a) if the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is supported, then the UE can use a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream;
  - b) if the IMSVoPS indicator indicates voice is not supported, then the UE shall:
    - I) not use this access technology for a RTP-based PS bearer for the related audio media stream (e.g. using a SIP 3xx response); or
    - II) send back a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response;
- 5) if the UE in the response to the INVITE request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header field including an access-type field set to "3GPP-GERAN":

NOTE 2: The UE decides based on local configuration and network conditions whether to use for the related audio media stream an IP connection, RTP-based IP bearer or a CS bearer.

- a) if both the UE and the network support dual transfer mode, then the UE shall use a CS bearer for the related audio media stream; and

NOTE 3: Indication that network supports dual transfer mode is specified in 3GPP TS 44.018 [44].

- b) if the UE, network or both do not support dual transfer mode, then the UE shall send back a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response without SDP body; and
- 6) if the UE in the response to the INVITE request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header field including an access-type field not set to one of "3GPP-GERAN", "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD", "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", "3GPP-E-UTRAN-FDD", or "3GPP-E-UTRAN-TDD", based on local configuration and network conditions, decide whether to use for the related audio media stream an IP connection RTP-based IP bearer or a CS bearer.

If the ICS UE decides to use a IP connection or RTP-based IP bearer, the ICS UE shall proceed as described in subclause 10.2.2.2 and in addition indicate that the IP connection or RTP-based IP bearer is used within the SDP answer in accordance with RFC 5939 [40].

If the ICS UE decides to use a CS bearer then the ICS UE shall:

- 1) send a reliable SIP 1xx provisional response towards the IM CN subsystems as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]. The UE shall populate the SIP 1xx provisional response as follows:
  - a) the SDP answer proposing an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer as described by IETF RFC 7195 [36], as follows:
    - a "c=" line with the nettype portion to "PSTN" and the addrtype portion and connection-address portions both set to "-";
    - a CS media "m=" line with the media portion set to "audio", port portion set to "9", proto portion to "PSTN" and connection-address portion set to "-" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];
    - an a=setup attribute set to "active";
    - an a=connection attribute set to "new"; and

- an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid" along with the MSISDN, of ICS UE in the CS domain, in international E.164 number format;
  - b) indicate within the SDP answer that the CS bearer is used in accordance with RFC 5939 [40]; and
  - c) indicate that the local preconditions for QoS are not met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11];
- 2) setup a CS call by sending a CC SETUP message in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems. The UE shall populate the CC SETUP message for 3GPP systems as follows:
- a) the called party BCD number information element set to the E.164 number obtained from the connection data capability attribute "ccap" received in the SDP body of the SIP INVITE request;
- 3) when the resources are available to the UE, and if the UE has already received an indication from the origination side that related local preconditions for QoS as met on the originating side, shall send a SIP 180 (Ringing) response and continue the CS call setup as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]; and
- 4) if the UE fails to access the CS domain the UE shall send back a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response.

### 10.2.3 ICS UE using CS

An ICS UE shall implement the call termination suitable for ICS via CS domain as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems.

### 10.2.4 CS fallback

On the reception of an SIP INVITE request:

- if the SDP offer of the SIP INVITE request only includes audio media that cannot be served via the current PS connectivity, the ICS UE shall send back a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response without an SDP body;

NOTE: As an example the UE responds with a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response when the ICS UE is unable to support the full duplex speech component of a session using the attached PS network or the attached PS network does not support or allow the full duplex speech component of a session.

- if the SDP offer of the SIP INVITE request includes audio media that cannot be served via the current PS connectivity but includes other media that can be served by the current PS connectivity, the ICS UE sends back a 18x response including an SDP answer indicating rejection of the audio media and acceptance of the other media.

## 10.3 MSC Server enhanced for ICS

When the MSC Server enhanced for ICS receives an initial SIP INVITE request from the IM CN subsystem, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] if the SIP INVITE request includes an SDP offer which does not contain an acceptable audio codec.

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall implement call termination as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24].

## 10.4 SCC AS

### 10.4.1 General

The following subclauses describe the procedures at the SCC AS for call termination. In such scenarios, the SCC AS serves the terminating UE. The SCC AS shall follow procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the additional procedures described in the subsequent subclauses. These subclauses describe the procedures for the SCC AS when using service control over Gm and CS, respectively.

## 10.4.2 Terminating Access Domain Selection

When the SCC AS serving the terminating UE receives an initial SIP INVITE request due to initial filter criteria, the SCC AS shall perform Terminating Access Domain Selection (T-ADS) functionality based upon criteria described in 3GPP TS 23.292 [6]. Depending on the T-ADS result, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) if T-ADS results in choosing to deliver all media in the PS domain and to one or more registered contact(s) for the URI in the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request:
  - a) and the registered contact(s) contain(s) the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to "principal" then follow the SCC AS procedures as defined in subclause 10.4.3; and
  - b) and the registered contact(s) do not contain the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to "principal" then insert the Reject-Contact header field set to the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag into the SIP INVITE request and forward the SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [2];

NOTE: Where there is a mixture of contacts with or without the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag, the SCC AS can send more than one SIP INVITE request.

- 2) if T-ADS results in choosing to deliver media in the CS domain, and using CS domain service control, the SCC AS:
  - a) if for the related public user identity a registration from an MSC Server enhanced for ICS exists, then follow the SCC AS procedures as defined in subclause 10.4.5; and
  - b) if for the related public user identity no registration from an MSC Server enhanced for ICS exists, then follow the SCC AS procedures as defined in subclause 10.4.7;
- 3) if one or more registered contacts for the URI in the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request contains the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to "principal", and if T-ADS results in choosing to deliver media in the CS domain, and using Gm for service control, then follow the SCC AS procedures defined in subclause 10.4.4; and
- 4) if one or more registered contacts for the URI in the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request contains the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to "principal", and if T-ADS results in preferring the ICS UE to execute T-ADS to select an appropriate domain for the audio media bearer, the SCC AS shall create a SIP INVITE request based upon the incoming request including containing within the SDP offer with an RTP-based IP bearer and an alternative circuit-switched bearer as described in subclause 10.4.6 for the ICS UE to execute T-ADS.

## 10.4.3 SCC AS for call termination in IM CN

When the SCC AS serving the terminating ICS UE receives an initial SIP INVITE request due to initial filter criteria and the T-ADS results in choosing to deliver media in the PS domain, the SCC AS shall act as a B2BUA, and

- if multiple contacts are registered in the PS domain and the T-ADS chooses to establish different media types using different IP-CANs, the SCC AS shall for each selected PS domain IP-CAN create a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS24.229 [2] and shall include, in this request:
  - i) an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag containing the value associated at registration with the selected PS domain IP-CAN and the media feature tag g.3gpp.ics containing the value "principal" along with the parameters "require" and "explicit";

NOTE 1: The SCC AS can determine which g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag values to use by taking into account the access-type and access-class of the P-Access-Network-Info header and the value of the media feature tag g.3gpp.accesstype. The values in the g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag does not necessarily always identify an IP-CAN.

NOTE 2: It is possible that a handover between different IP-CANs can take place without a reregistration of the UE and corresponding update of access-type and access-class (e.g. from "3GPP-UTRAN" to "3GPP-E-UTRAN"). The SCC-AS needs to take this possibility into account when determining the IP-CAN to use.

- ii) if an existing leg for this session already exists or is in the process of being established between the SCC AS and the ICS UE using a different IP-CAN then a Target-Dialog header field containing the dialog parameters for that existing dialog between the SCC AS and the ICS UE; and

NOTE 3: The SCC AS includes a Target-Dialog header field in the SIP INVITE request so that the ICS UE can correlate different requests as part of the same session.

iii) SDP for the media type(s) selected to be established using this IP-CAN.

- if multiple contacts are registered in the PS domain and the T-ADS chooses to establish all the media types over the same IP-CAN, the SCC AS shall create a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS24.229 [2] and shall include, in this request:
  - i) an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag containing the value associated at registration with the selected PS domain IP-CAN and the media feature tag g.3gpp.ics containing the value "principal" along with the parameters "require" and "explicit";

NOTE 4: The SCC AS can determine which g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag values to use by taking into account the access-type and access-class of the P-Access-Network-Info header and the value of the media feature tag g.3gpp.accesstype. The values in the g.3gpp.accesstype media feature tag does not necessarily always identify an IP-CAN.

NOTE 5: It is possible that a handover between different IP-CANs can take place without a reregistration of the UE and corresponding update of access-type and access-class (e.g. from "3GPP-UTRAN" to "3GPP-E-UTRAN"). The SCC-AS needs to take this possibility into account when determining the IP-CAN to use.

- ii) if an existing leg for this session already exists or is in the process of being established between the SCC AS and the ICS UE using a different IP-CAN then a Target-Dialog header field containing the dialog parameters for that existing dialog between the SCC AS and the ICS UE; and

NOTE 6: The SCC AS includes a Target-Dialog header field in the SIP INVITE request so that the ICS UE can correlate different requests as part of the same session.

iii) SDP for all the media types contained in the initial SIP INVITE request.

- if only a single contact is registered in the PS domain the SCC AS shall create a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS24.229 [2] and shall include, in this request:
  - i) an Accept-Contact header field containing the media feature tag g.3gpp.ics containing the value "principal" along with the parameters "require" and "explicit"; and
  - ii) SDP for all the media types contained in the initial SIP INVITE request.

If the SCC AS receives a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, from:

- a UE:
  - i. not including any SDP body; or
  - ii. including an SDP body:
    - a) without a media description ("m=") indicating "audio";
    - b) with a media description ("m=") only indicating "audio" with the <proto> subfield set to "PSTN" and with a connection data line ("c=") with <nettype> set to "PSTN";

then, the SCC-AS may follow the procedures in:

- 1) subclause 10.4.5 if one or more registered contacts for the URI in the Request-URI of the initial SIP INVITE request contains the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to "server"; or
- 2) subclause 10.4.7.

If the SCC AS receives a 18x response including an SDP answer with a media description ("m=") set to "audio" and port portion set to "0", the SCC AS may follow the procedures in subclause 10.4.5 or subclause 10.4.7.

## 10.4.4 SCC AS for call control over Gm and voice over CS

When the SCC AS serving the ICS UE receives an initial SIP INVITE request due to initial filter criteria and the T-ADS results in choosing to deliver media in the CS domain, the SCC AS shall act as a B2BUA, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) allocate an SCC AS PSI DN associated with the SCC AS and the SIP INVITE request from the originating UE;
- 2) create a SIP INVITE request and include:
  - a) a Request-URI set to the value of the Request-URI as received in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
  - b) a dedicated Accept-Contact header field with a media feature tag with the value g.3gpp.ics set to principal and append "require" and "explicit";

NOTE 1: Other feature tags can also be included in the dedicated Accept-Contact header field if the feature tags have the same requirements on the "explicit" and "require" parameter.

- b1) an Accept-Contact header field with the values received in the Accept-Contact header field in the incoming SIP INVITE except for any g.3gpp.ics media feature tags; and

NOTE 2: According to IETF RFC 3841 [35A] when the value of the "explicit" and "require" parameters are different for feature tag values they will be placed in separate Accept-Contact header fields.

- c) an SDP offer based on the received SDP from the originator and including the following:
      - i) in the SDP offer towards the terminating ICS UE, include an additional CS media "m=" line with media portion set to audio, port portion set to "9", proto portion set to "PSTN", and fmt portion set to "-"; as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36];
      - ii) a media level "c=" line, with the nettype portion set to "PSTN" and with the addrtypes portion set to "E164" and the connection-address portion set to the SCC AS PSI DN allocated in step 1), in international E.164 number format. in accordance with IETF RFC 7195 [36];
      - iii) an a=setup attribute set to "passive"
      - iv) an a=connection attribute set to "new";
      - v) an a=cs-correlation attribute set to "callerid";
      - vi) codecs based on local policy and the received SDP offer from the remote UE; and
      - vii) an indication that preconditions are not met; and- 3) route the created SIP INVITE request towards the ICS UE.

When the SCC AS has received the 18x response containing the SDP answer accepting an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer from the ICS UE and receives a SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing a valid SCC AS PSI DN as allocated in the above step 1 and with the P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP answer from the response to the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE then the SCC AS shall:

NOTE 3: The SCC AS could receive the SIP INVITE request before the SIP 18x response. IETF RFC 7195 [36] provides guidance on handling this situation.

- 1) use the SCC AS PSI DN and E.164 number received in the a=cs-correlation attribute contained in the SDP answer from the response to the SIP INVITE request received from the ICS UE to correlate with the incoming SIP INVITE request from the remote UE; and
- 2) send a response to the initial SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11], indicating local preconditions met.

When the SCC AS receives a 18x response containing the SDP answer accepting an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer from the ICS UE and the SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing the SCC AS PSI DN number, the SCC AS shall prepare an SDP answer to be sent to the remote UE. The SDP answer shall be based on the SDP answer received from the ICS UE and the SDP offer received from the CS domain. If the SDP offer from the CS domain includes more than one speech codecs the SCC AS shall delete the lowest priority speech codecs. The status line in the response sent to the remote UE shall be the same as received in the 18x response from the ICS UE. The SDP answer sent to the remote UE shall be in accordance with IETF RFC 3264 [31].

When the SCC AS gets aware that the remote precondition is fulfilled on the leg with the remote UE and on the leg with the CS domain, the SCC AS shall send a SIP UPDATE request to the ICS UE indicating that precondition is met.

When the SCC AS receives preconditions are met on the leg with the CS domain the SCC AS shall:

- 1) send a SIP 200 (OK) for the SIP UPDATE request on the leg with the CS domain; and
- 2) send a SIP 200 (OK) for the SIP INVITE request on the leg with the CS domain.

### 10.4.5 SCC AS for call termination to CS network via MSC Server enhanced for ICS

The SCC AS shall act as a B2BUA, the SCC AS shall create a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the following information;

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the value of the Request-URI as received in the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
- 2) include in Accept-Contact header fields:
  - the values received in the Accept-Contact header field(s) in the incoming SIP INVITE request except for any g.3gpp.ics media feature tags
  - a media feature tag with the value g.3gpp.ics set to server appended with the value "explicit" and "require".

NOTE: According to IETF RFC 3841 [35A] when the value of the "explicit" and "require" parameters are different for feature tag values they will be placed in separate Accept-Contact header fields.

### 10.4.6 SCC AS allowing UE to execute T-ADS

When the SCC AS serving the terminating ICS UE receives an initial SIP INVITE request due to initial filter criteria and the T-ADS results in allowing the ICS UE to execute T-ADS, the SCC AS shall act as a B2BUA, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) allocate an SCC AS PSI DN associated with the SCC AS and the SIP INVITE request from the originating UE;
- 2) create a SIP INVITE request and include the following:
  - a) set the Request-URI to the value as received in the Request-URI in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
  - b) a dedicated Accept-Contact header field a media feature tag with the value g.3gpp.ics set to principal appended with the value "explicit" and "require";

NOTE 1: Other feature tags can also be included in the dedicated Accept-Contact header field if the feature tags have the same requirements on the "explicit" and "require" parameter.

- b1) an Accept-Contact header field with media feature tag values received in the Accept-Contact header field(s) in the incoming SIP INVITE request except for any g.3gpp.ics media feature tags; and

NOTE 2: According to IETF RFC 3841 [35A] when the value of the "explicit" and "require" parameters are different for feature tag values they will be placed in separate Accept-Contact header fields.

- c) within the SDP offer based on the received SDP from the originator, for every media line indicating audio set the following:
  - i) transport protocol within the media line to RTP-based IP bearer;
  - ii) related connection line to the value as received from the originator; and
  - iii) additional a-lines as defined in IETF RFC 5939 [40], IETF RFC 7006 [39], IETF RFC 7195 [36] and IETF RFC 6871 [41] indicating that:
    - the required capability negotiation extensions attribute "creq" set to "med-v0", indicating that the SDP capability negotiation mechanism for negotiating media capabilities must be supported by the terminating UE in order to initiate T-ADS;
    - the media capability attribute "omcap" with a "-" for the <encoding-name>;
    - the transport protocol capability attribute "tcp" set to "PSTN";

- the connection data capability attribute "ccap" with nettype set to "PSTN", indicating "E.164" as address type and the connection-address set to the SCC AS PSI DN allocated in step 1), in international E.164 number format. The SCC AS PSI DN identifies the stored information and is associated with the SCC AS;
- the related preconditions of the originating side are not met as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]; and

NOTE 3: In the case when the UE chooses to use the CS bearer, the resources are not available in the MGCF. Therefore, regardless on the current status of the resource reservation at the originating side, the SCC AS sets the preconditions to not met.

3) route the created SIP INVITE request towards the ICS UE.

Upon receipt of a SIP response to this SIP INVITE request, including an SDP answer indicating that the UE has chosen the RTP-based IP bearer, the SCC AS shall proceed in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

When the SCC AS receives a SIP INVITE request with the Request-URI containing a valid SCC AS PSI DN as allocated in the above step 1 then the SCC AS shall proceed as defined in subclause 10.4.4.

When the SCC AS has received the SIP 18x response containing the SDP answer accepting an audio stream over a circuit-switched bearer from the ICS UE, then the SCC AS shall proceed as defined in subclause 10.4.4.

If the SCC-AS receives a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, from a UE:

- i. not including any SDP body; or
- ii. including an SDP body:
  - a) without a media description ("m=") indicating "audio";
  - b) with a media description ("m=") only indicating "audio" with the <proto> subfield set to "PSTN" and with a connection data line ("c=") with <nettype> set to "PSTN";

then, the SCC-AS may follow the procedures in:

- 1) subclause 10.4.5 if one or more registered contacts for the URI in the Request-URI of the initial SIP INVITE request contains the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag set to "server"; or
- 2) subclause 10.4.7.

If the SCC AS receives a SIP 18x response including an SDP answer with a media description ("m=") set to "audio" and port portion set to "0", the SCC AS may follow the procedures in subclause 10.4.5 or subclause 10.4.7.

## 10.4.7 SCC AS for call termination over CS

If the SCC AS receives:

- an initial SIP INVITE request due to the initial filter criteria;
- a 488 (Not acceptable Here) response from the UE:
  - i. not including any SDP body;
  - ii. including an SDP body:
    - a) without a media description ("m=") indicating "audio";
    - b) with a media description ("m=") only indicating "audio" with the <proto> subfield set to "PSTN" and with a connection data line ("c=") with <nettype> set to "PSTN"; or
- a 18x response from the UE including an SDP answer with a media description ("m=") set to "audio" and port portion set to "0";

then the SCC AS may select to breakout to the CS domain.



If the SCC AS selects to breakout to the CS domain, the SCC AS retrieves via procedures as defined in subclause 6.4 the correlation MSISDN associated with the private user identity associated with the public user identity which is the served party of the session. The SCC AS shall, based on the correlation MSISDN, fetch a CSRN for routing the call to the CS domain. To perform CS breakout, the SCC AS shall act as B2BUA and shall create the SIP INVITE in accordance to the procedures in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the headers as follows;

- 1) set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the CSRN; and
- 2) set the To header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the CSRN;

NOTE: How the CSRN gets selected by the SCC AS is out of the scope of this specification.

---

## 11 Roles for session release

### 11.1 Introduction

This clause specifies session release procedures for when an ICS UE releases a session using a service control signalling path over Gm and when a non-ICS UE has IMS service control via an MSC server enhanced for ICS. The associated procedures for the SCC AS are also specified in this clause; specifically, the CS bearer release procedures when using Gm are described. The clause also specifies the SCC AS procedures when it detects the loss of service control signalling path over Gm. The session release procedures specific to an MSC server enhanced for ICS are also described.

### 11.2 ICS UE

#### 11.2.1 General

This clause specifies the procedures for session release by an ICS UE.

#### 11.2.2 ICS UE using Gm

The ICS UE shall support session release suitable for ICS via Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

If the ICS UE uses a CS bearer, the UE shall release the resources in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems, to release the CS bearer.

NOTE: The order of releasing the CS or PS resources is an implementation issue.

#### 11.2.3 ICS UE using CS

The ICS UE shall implement the bearer release towards SCC AS suitable for ICS via CS domain in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.008 [7] for 3GPP systems.

### 11.3 MSC Server enhanced for ICS

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall implement session release as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24].

### 11.4 SCC AS

#### 11.4.1 General

The following subclauses describe the procedures at the SCC AS for session release. In such scenarios, the SCC AS serves the terminating ICS UE. The SCC AS shall follow procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] with the additional procedures described in this specification in subclauses 11.4.2 and 11.4.3. These subclauses describe the procedures for the SCC AS when using service control over Gm and CS, respectively.

## 11.4.2 SCC AS for service control over Gm

When the SCC AS receives a SIP BYE request the SCC AS shall:

- 1) determine if the SIP BYE request was originated due to release of a service control session or if the SIP BYE requested was originated in the CS domain as a result of ICS UE bearer release procedures; and
- 2) if the SIP BYE request was received from an endpoint involved in the session to be released, this indicates a user's desire to release the service control session forward the SIP BYE request towards the other endpoint involved in the session.

The SCC AS distinguishes the SIP BYE requests generated by the MGCF and the SIP BYE requests from the ICS UE by the associated dialog IDs.

When the SCC AS receives a SIP BYE request from the ICS UE, the SCC AS shall:

- forward the SIP BYE request towards the remote leg in accordance with the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11]; and
- if the CS bearer is not used by any other session, send a SIP BYE request towards the MGCF, in accordance with the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11], to release the CS bearer.

When the SCC AS receives a SIP BYE request from the MGCF, the SCC AS shall do the following for every session associated with the ICS UE which has a CS bearer:

- if the session includes other PS media in addition to the CS media, the SCC AS shall send a SIP re-INVITE or a SIP UPDATE request towards
  - the access leg, removing the CS media by setting the port number to zero for the CS media "m=" line set to "PSTN" as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36]; and
  - the remote leg, removing the corresponding audio media by setting the port number to zero; and
- if the session only contains CS media, the SCC AS shall send a SIP BYE request towards both the access and remote legs in accordance to the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

## 11.4.3 SCC AS procedure upon loss of Gm service control

If the SCC AS detects the ICS UE is not reachable over Gm service control, the SCC AS shall for every held session associated with the ICS UE send a SIP BYE request towards the other UE involved in the session in accordance with the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

NOTE: The exact mechanism for detecting loss of Gm by SCC AS is implementation dependent.

---

# 12 Supplementary service invocation for ICS

## 12.1 Supplementary service invocation for an ICS UE with IMS sessions using CS bearer

### 12.1.1 Overview

When the CS bearer is used for the media of the IMS Multimedia Telephony service, see 3GPP TS 22.173 [2], the procedures specified in this clause apply.

## 12.1.2 Use of Gm reference point

### 12.1.2.1 Line ID Services (OIP, OIR, TIP, TIR)

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.607 [14] and 3GPP TS 24.608 [15] apply with the addition of the SCC AS combining the description of the CS bearer with the service control signalling communicated over the Gm reference point as specified in subclause 7.4.2.

### 12.1.2.2 Communication Diversion Services

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] apply with the addition of the SCC AS combining the description of the CS bearer with the service control signalling communicated over the Gm reference point as specified in subclause 7.4.2.

### 12.1.2.3 Communication Barring

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.611 [17] apply with the addition of the SCC AS combining the description of the CS bearer with the service control signalling communicated over the Gm reference point as specified in subclause 7.4.2.

### 12.1.2.4 Communication Hold/Resume

Invocation of Communication HOLD service for ICS UE using Gm reference point shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.610 [16].

Upon receiving the re-INVITE request describe in subclause 4.5.2.1 of 3GPP TS 24.610 [16], which indicates that media streams shall be held, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) generate a new SDP offer that contains "inactive" attribute for the media streams that shall be put on held;
- 2) send the SDP offer in an UPDATE (or re-INVITE) request towards the MGCF or the MSC server enhanced for ICS in order to inactive RTP media;

Upon receiving the re-INVITE request describe in subclause 4.5.2.1 of 3GPP TS 24.610 [16], which indicates that media streams shall be resumed, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) send a re-INVITE request without SDP towards the MGCF or the MSC server enhanced for ICS.
- 2) after receiving a 200 (OK) response with SDP offer from the MGCF or the MSC server enhanced for ICS, send another re-INVITE request with the SDP offer to the held UE.
- 3) after receiving a 200 (OK) response with SDP answer from the held UE, send an ACK request with the SDP answer to the MGCF or the MSC server enhanced for ICS.

### 12.1.2.5 Explicit Communication Transfer

Invocation of ECT service for ICS UE using Gm reference point shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.629 [19] for a transferor UE, transferee UE, and transfer target UE.

In the case of ICS UE as transferee, upon receiving an INVITE request from the transferee, the SCC AS shall:

- 1) send a re-INVITE request without SDP to MGCF;
- 2) after receiving a 200 (OK) response with SDP offer from the MGCF;
- 3) initiate an INVITE request with the SDP offer to the transfer target;
- 4) if, within a specific time, a response with an SDP answer from the transfer target is not received, send an ACK request to the MGCF with an SDP answer and repeat steps 1) and 2). The SDP answer shall contain the same media types as the SDP offer received from the MGCF;
- 5) after receiving a response with SDP answer from the transfer target, send an ACK request with the SDP answer to the MGCF.

#### 12.1.2.6 Conferencing

Invocation of conferencing service for ICS UE using Gm reference point shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.147 [8].

#### 12.1.2.7 Communication Waiting

The procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.615 [18] apply for invocation of Communication Waiting. The SCC AS shall update the session characteristics upon the existing session being put on hold or released, according to the procedures defined in subclauses 12.1.2.4 or 11.4.2, respectively.

In the case that a CS bearer shall be established for the waiting session, procedures described in subclause 10.4 shall be applied to the session.

### 12.1.4 When use of Gm reference point is not possible due to VPLMN limitations

#### 12.1.4.1 When attached to an MSC Server enhanced for ICS

Procedures specified in subclause 12.2 Supplementary service invocation for an ICS UE with IMS sessions using CS bearer apply.

#### 12.1.4.2 When attached to an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS

Procedures specified in clause 12.3 Supplementary service invocation for non ICS UE when attached to an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS apply.

## 12.2 Supplementary service invocation using the MSC Server enhanced for ICS

### 12.2.1 Line ID Services (OIP, OIR, TIP, TIR)

Invocation of line ID services at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.607 [14] and 3GPP TS 24.608 [15] for an originating UE and a terminating UE with the following exception:

- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall also apply the interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for line ID services.

### 12.2.2 Communication Diversion (CDIV) Services

#### 12.2.2.1 General

The following exception applies to the invocation of all CDIV services at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS acting as a diverting UA on behalf of the UE:

- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall not support the user subscription option of "served user receives indication that a communication has been forwarded (indication of communication diversion to the diverting user)".

#### 12.2.2.2 Communication Forwarding Unconditional (CFU)

Invocation of CFU at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] for an originating UA, diverted to UA and diverting UA.

#### 12.2.2.3 Communication Forwarding Busy (CFB)

Invocation of CFB at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] for an originating UA, diverted to UA and diverting UA with the following exception:

- for user determined user busy, invocation of CFB at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS acting as a diverting UA shall also apply the interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for CFB.

#### 12.2.2.4 Communication Forwarding No Reply (CFNR)

Invocation of CFNR at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] for an originating UA, diverted to UA and diverting UA.

#### 12.2.2.5 Communication Forwarding on Not Logged-in (CFNL)

Invocation of CFNL at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] for an originating UA, diverted to UA and diverting UA.

#### 12.2.2.6 Communication Deflection (CD)

Invocation of CD at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] for an originating UA, diverted to UA and diverting UA with the following exception:

- invocation of CD at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS acting as a diverting UA shall also apply the interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for CD.

#### 12.2.2.7 Communication Forwarding on Subscriber Not Reachable (CFNRc)

Invocation of CFNRc at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] for an originating UA, diverted to UA and diverting UA with the following exception:

- invocation of CFNRc at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS acting as a diverting UA shall also apply the interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for CFNRc.

#### 12.2.2.8 Void

#### 12.2.2.9 Diversion notifications to originating users

Diversion notifications to originating users shall be supported at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS as described in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24].

### 12.2.3 Communication Barring (CB)

Invocation of CB at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.611 [17] for an originating and destination UE with the following exception:

- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall also apply interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for CB.

### 12.2.4 Communication Hold/Resume

Invocation of Hold and Resume at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.610 [16] for an invoking and held UE with the following exception:

- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall also apply interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for Hold and Resume.

### 12.2.5 Explicit Communication Transfer (ECT)

Invocation of ECT at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.629 [19] for a transferor UE, transferee UE and transfer target UE with the following exceptions:

- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall support the transferor role only when the MSC Server enhanced for ICS has a consultation communication with the transfer target (consultative transfer). The MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall not support the transferor role for blind or assured transfer.
- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall also apply interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for ECT.

## 12.2.6 Conferencing

Invocation of Conferencing at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.605 [13] for an originating UE and destination UE with the following exceptions:

- a Conference Factory URI shall be derived as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4];
- conference creation by the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.147 [8] subclause 5.3.1.3.3;
- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall invite other users to the conference using one of the REFER method procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 24.147 [8] subclause 5.3.1.5.2 and subclause 5.3.1.5.3;
- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall not subscribe to the conference event package;
- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall also apply the interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for Conferencing.

## 12.2.7 Communication Waiting (CW)

**Editor's note: the conditions under which to respond with a 415 (Unsupported Media Type) final response for the purposes of indicating that the MSC Server enhanced for ICS does not support network based CW, are FFS.**

Invocation of Communication Waiting at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall be as described in 3GPP TS 24.615 [18] with the following exception:

- the MSC Server enhanced for ICS shall also apply interworking procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] for Communication Waiting.

## 12.3 Supplementary service invocation for non ICS UE when attached to an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS

### 12.3.1 Line ID Services (OIP, OIR, TIP, TIR)

The service control for the Line ID services may be provided by the CS domain if they are provisioned in the CS domain.

### 12.3.2 Communication Diversion services

#### 12.3.2.1 Communication Diversion services; CFU, CFNL

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] apply with the addition of the SCC AS presenting the SIP UA behaviour toward IM CN subsystem on behalf of the non ICS UE.

#### 12.3.2.2 Communication Diversion services; CFNR, CFB

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.604 [12] apply with the addition of the SCC AS presenting the SIP UA behaviour toward IM CN subsystem on behalf of the non ICS UE.

### 12.3.2.3 Communication Diversion services; Communication Deflection

The service control for the Call Deflection service may be provided by the CS domain if it is provisioned in the CS domain.

### 12.3.3 Communication Barring

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.611 [17] apply with the addition of the SCC AS presenting the SIP UA behaviour toward IM CN subsystem on behalf of the non ICS UE.

### 12.3.4 Communication Hold/Resume

The service control for the Call Hold and Retrieve services may be provided by the CS domain if they are provisioned in the CS domain.

### 12.3.5 Explicit Communication Transfer

The service control for the Explicit Call Transfer services may be provided by the CS domain if they are provisioned in the CS domain.

### 12.3.6 Conferencing

The service control for the Call Hold and Retrieve services may be provided by the CS domain if they are provisioned in the CS domain.

### 12.3.7 User configuration of supplementary services

There are no special procedures for user configuration of supplementary services.

---

## 13 Supplementary service configuration for ICS

### 13.1 General

For ICS, the multimedia telephony application server supports the following methods for supplementary service configuration:

- Supplementary service setting requests directly from the ICS UE as described in subclause 13.2; or
- Supplementary service setting requests from the MSC Server enhanced for ICS as described in subclause 13.3.

The multimedia telephony application server shall allow only one method per ICS user. The multimedia telephony application server shall reject supplementary service configuration requests if the ICS user has chosen the not allowed method.

### 13.2 ICS UE

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 24.173 [9] apply for the ICS UE.

### 13.3 MSC server enhanced for ICS

The procedures as defined in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24] apply for the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

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## Annex A (informative): Example signalling flows

### A.1 Scope of signalling flows

This annex includes signalling flows for ICS which provide examples of ICS specific behaviour. Therefore, signalling flows that would otherwise be identical to examples of normal behaviour without ICS are not included in this annex.

In many cases, the signalling flows in this annex expand on the overview information flows provided in 3GPP TS 23.292 [6].

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### A.2 Introduction

#### A.2.1 General

The signalling flows provided in this annex follow the methodology developed in 3GPP TS 24.228 [10]. The following additional considerations apply:

- a) 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] shows separate signalling flows with no configuration hiding between networks, and with configuration hiding between networks. There is no ICS specific functionality associated with hiding, and therefore such separate signalling flows are not shown in the present document;
- b) 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] does not show the functionality between the S-CSCF and the AS. As ICS can depend on the functionality provided by SCC AS, the signalling flows between S-CSCF and SCC AS are shown in the present document;
- c) 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] breaks down the functionality of the various CSCFs. In the present document this is only shown for registration. For all other flows the CSCFs are collapsed into a single entity labelled "Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities";

NOTE: 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] is an informative specification that is no longer maintained and cannot be used for specifying ICS requirements. It is not intended that the reader refer to 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] beyond the subclause on methodology.

- d) where entities are combined as in c) above, and the signalling flow is directed to such a combined entity, the contents of the signalling flow represent the contents of the sending entity; and
- e) where entities are combined as in c) above and the signalling flow originates at such a combined entity, the contents of the signalling flow represent the contents of the receiving entity; and
- f) ordering of headers within a table does not follow the conventions of 3GPP TS 24.228 [10].

#### A.2.2 Key required to interpret signalling flows

The key to interpret signalling flows specified in 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] subclauses 4.1 and 4.2 applies with the additions specified below:

- sip:23415099999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org represents the temporary public user ID used for registration.
- sip:sccas.home1.net represents the address of the SCC AS on the originating side.
- sip:sccas2.home2.net represents the address of the SCC AS on the terminating side.

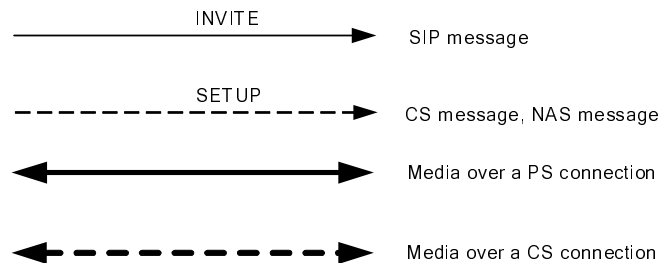
Each signalling flow table contains descriptions for headers where the content of the header is new to that signalling flow, as is already performed in 3GPP TS 24.228 [10].



However, 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] includes extensive descriptions for the contents of various headers following each of the tables representing the contents of the signalling flows. Where the operation of the header is identical to that shown in 3GPP TS 24.228 [10], then such text is not reproduced in the present document.

Additional text can also be found on the contents of headers within 3GPP TS 24.228 [10] in addition to the material shown in the present document.

In order to differentiate between messages for SIP and media, the notation in figure A.2-1 is used.



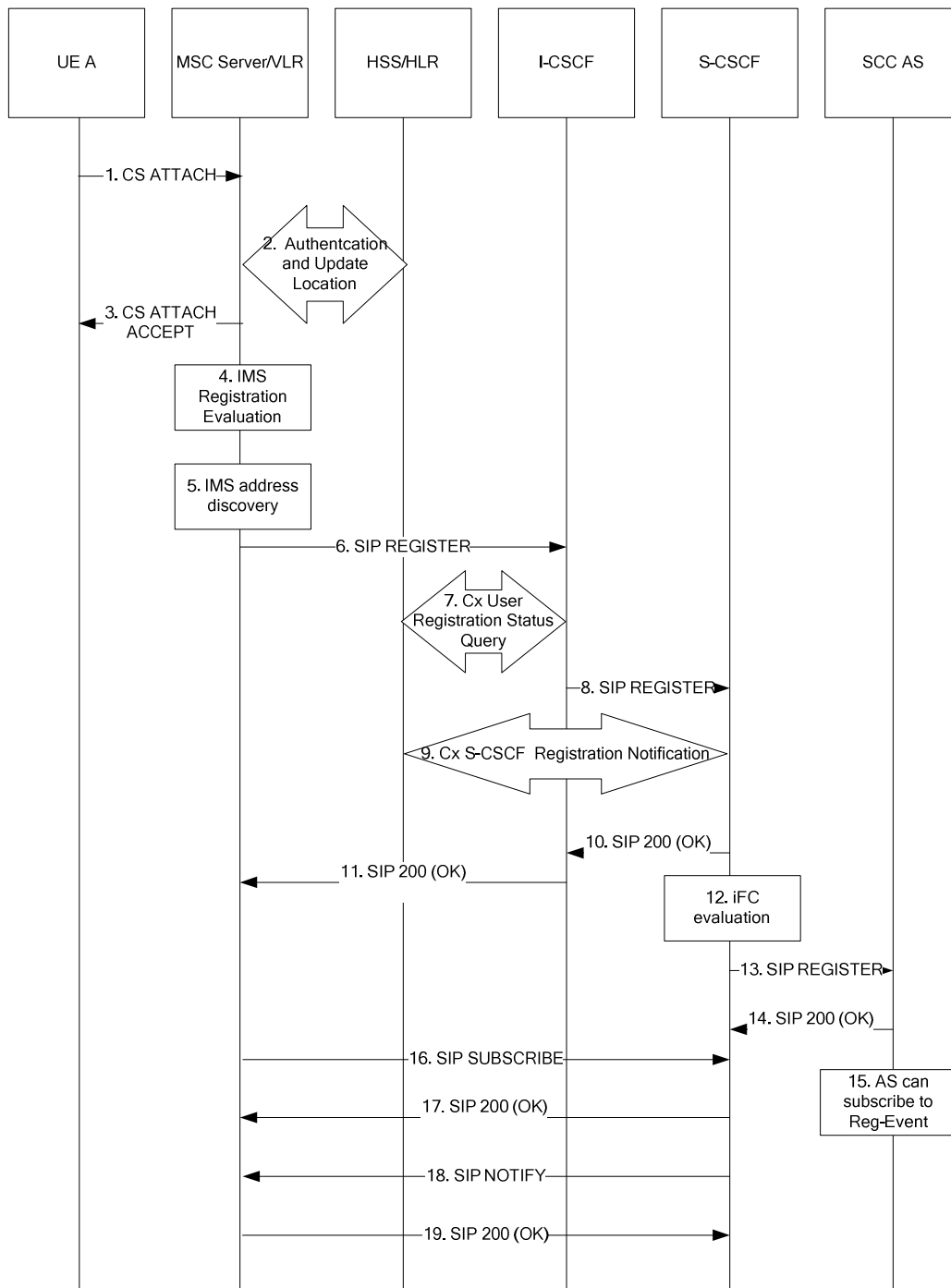
**Figure A.2-1: Signalling flow notation**

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## A.3 Signalling flows for registration

### A.3.1 Signalling flows for CS UE IMS registration when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS

Figure A.3.1-1 shows the registration in the IM CN subsystem performed by the MSC Server enhanced for ICS, on behalf of a UE. The registration is triggered upon a CS attach of the UE. In this example the MSC Server is enhanced for ICS and is capable of translating NAS signalling received from the UE to SIP and vice versa. In this example an IBCF is not used.



**Figure A.3.1-1 MSC Server enhanced for ICS performs registration on behalf of the UE**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

### 1. CS attach (UE A to MSC)

As a result of some stimulus, UE A performs CS attachment procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

### 2. Authentication and Update Location (MSC/VLR to HLR/HSS)

MSC/VLR retrieves authentication vectors for the received IMSI as specified in 3GPP TS 29.002 [20] and challenges UE A as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7]. After successful authentication, the MSC/VLR sends update location to the HSS/HLR as specified in 3GPP TS 29.002 [20]. HSS/HLR returns subscriber data for the IMSI that was sent by the MSC/VLR.

### 3. CS attach accept (MSC to UE A)

The CS attach request is accepted by the network, an accept message is sent to the MS.

#### 4. IMS Registration evaluation

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS evaluates whether it needs to perform registration with the IM CN subsystem. This can be based on subscriber data received from the HSS/HLR.

#### 5. IMS address discovery

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS derives a home network domain name as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4]. The home network domain is used to perform DNS queries to locate the I-CSCF in the home network.

#### 6. REGISTER request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to I-CSCF) – see example in table A.3.1-6

The purpose of this request is to register a private user identity and a temporary public user identity derived from the subscriber's IMSI on behalf of the user with an S-CSCF in the home network. This request is routed to the I-CSCF in the home network. In this example no IBCF is employed.

**Table A.3.1-6: REGISTER request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to I-CSCF)**

```
REGISTER sip: ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd];branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Visited-Network-ID: "Visited Network Number 1 for MSC Server"
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
From: <sip:234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org>;tag=4fa3
To: <sip:234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org>
Contact: <sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]>;expires=600000;+sip.instance="urn:gsma:imei:90420156-025763-0";+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Call-ID: apb03a0s09dkjdfglkj49111
Authorization: Digest username=" 234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org ", realm="ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org ", nonce="", integrity-protected="auth-done", uri="sip:ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org ", response=""
CSeq: 1 REGISTER
Supported: path, gruu
Content-Length: 0
```

**R-URI:** Contains the home network domain name that was derived from the subscribers IMSI as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4]. In the given example, the IMSI of the subscriber is 234150999999999.

**From:** the temporary public user identity that was derived from the subscribers IMSI as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4]. In the given example, the IMSI of the subscriber is 234150999999999.

**To:** the temporary public user identity that was derived from the subscribers IMSI as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4]. In the given example, the IMSI of the subscriber is 234150999999999.

**Contact:** The point-of-presence representing UE A, i.e. an IP address at the MSC Server enhanced for ICS allocated for UE a. The Contact header field contains an instance ID and a feature tag indicating that the MSC Server is acting as an MSC Server enhanced for ICS services.

#### 7. Cx: User registration status query procedure

The I-CSCF employs network domain security mechanisms to ensure that the REGISTER request was received from a trusted node. The I-CSCF makes a request for information related to the Subscriber registration status by sending the private user identity, public user identity and visited domain name to the HSS as specified in see 3GPP TS 29.228 [23]. The HSS returns the S-CSCF required capabilities and the I-CSCF uses this information to select a suitable S-CSCF.

#### 8. REGISTER request (I-CSCF to S-CSCF) – see example in table A.3.1-8

I-CSCF forwards the REGISTER request to the selected S-CSCF.

**Table A.3.1-8: REGISTER request (I-CSCF server to S-CSCF)**

```

REGISTER sip:ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP icscf.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1, SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]
Max-Forwards: 69
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Visited-Network-ID:
P-Charging-Vector:
From:
To:
Contact:
Call-ID:
Authorization:
CSeq:
Supported:
Content-Length:

```

## 9. Cx: S-CSCF Registration Notification

Based on configuration data, the S-CSCF knows that the subscriber has already been authenticated by the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. The S-CSCF informs the HSS that the user has been registered. Upon being requested by the S-CSCF, the HSS will also include the user profile in the response sent to the S-CSCF. For detailed message flows see 3GPP TS 29.228 [23].

## 10. 200 (OK) response (S-CSCF to I-CSCF) - see example in table A.3.1-10

The S-CSCF sends a 200 (OK) response to the I-CSCF indicating that Registration was successful.

**Table A.3.1-10: 200 (OK) response (S-CSCF to I-CSCF)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK351g45.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357; branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Path: <sip:term@msc.visited1.net;lr>
Service-Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Contact: <sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd] >; pub-gruu="sip:
user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6";temp-
gruu="sip:tgruu.7hs==jd7vnzga5w7fajsc7-
ajd6fabz0f8g5@example.com;gr";+sip.instance="urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>";+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:3Aurn-7%3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server; expires=600000
CSeq:
P-Associated-URI: <user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+358504821437>
Content-Length:

```

## 11. 200 (OK) response (I-CSCF to MSC Server enhanced for ICS) - see example in table A.3.1-11

The I-CSCF forwards the 200 (OK) response to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS indicating that Registration was successful.

**Table A.3.1-11: 200 (OK) response (I-CSCF to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357; branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Path:
Service-Route:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Contact:
CSeq:
P-Associated-URI:
Content-Length:

```

## 12. iFC evaluation

Select the filter criteria for originating session case and check the REGISTER request for the temporary public user identity against the initial filter criterion with the highest priority. In this example there is a match for the SCC AS and therefore the S-CSCF will send a third party REGISTER request to the SCC AS. In this example the filter criteria contains an Include Register Request XML element and an Include Register Response XML element.

### 13. REGISTER request (S-CSCF to SCC AS) - see example in table A.3.1-13

The S-CSCF sends a third party REGISTER request containing in the body the incoming REGISTER request from the PN UE and the 200 (OK) response to the incoming REGISTER request to the SCC-AS.

**Table A.3.1-13: REGISTER request (S-CSCF to SCC AS)**

```
REGISTER sip:scc_as.home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1, SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]
Max-Forwards: 70
From: <sip:scscf1.home1.net>;tag=21235
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
Contact: <sip:scscf1.home1.net>
Call-ID:
Expires: 600000
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
P-Charging-Function-Address: ccf=192.1.1.1; ecf=192.1.1.2
CSeq:
Content-Type: multipart/mixed;boundary="boundary1"
Content-Length: (...)

--boundary1
Content-Type: message/sip

REGISTER sip:ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1, SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]
Max-Forwards: 69
P-Visited-Network-ID: "Visited Network Number 1 for MSC Server"
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
From: <sip:234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org>;tag=4fa3
To: <sip:234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org>
Contact: <sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]>;expires=600000;+sip.instance="urn:gsma:imei:90420156-025763-0";+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mm.tel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Call-ID: apb03a0s09dkjdfglkj49111
Authorization: Digest username="234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org ", realm="ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org ", nonce="", integrity-protected="auth-done", uri="sip:ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org ", response=""
CSeq: 1 REGISTER
Supported: path, gruu
Content-Length: 0

--boundary1
Content-Type: message/sip

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK351g45.1, SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357; branch=z9hG4bKdashds7
Path: <sip:term@msc.visited1.net;lr>
Service-Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
From: <sip:234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org>;tag=4fa3
To: <sip:234150999999999@ics.mnc015.mcc234.3gppnetwork.org>
Call-ID: apb03a0s09dkjdfglkj49111
Contact: <sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd] >; pub-gruu="sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6";temp-gruu="sip:tgruu.7hs==jd7vnzga5w7fajsc7-ajd6fabz0f8g5@example.com;gr";+sip.instance="urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6";+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mm.tel";+g.3gpp.ics="server";expires=600000
CSeq: 1 REGISTER
P-Associated-URI: <user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+358504821437>
Content-Length: 0

--boundary1--
```

### 14. 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to S-CSCF)

The SCC-AS sends a 200 (OK) response to the S-CSCF indicating the third party REGISTER was successful.

## 15. SCC AS can subscribe to reg-event

The SCC AS can subscribe to the reg event package for the public user identity registered at the S-CSCF. Contents of the flows for subscription to reg-event from the SCC-AS to the S-CSCF are similar as shown in messages 15) to 20).

## 16. SUBSCRIBE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to S-CSCF) – see example in table A.3.1-16

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS subscribes to the reg-event package.

**Table A.3.1-16: SUBSCRIBE request (MSC Server enhanced to I-CSCF)**

```
SUBSCRIBE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd];branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=31415
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Call-ID: dre36d2v32gnlgiiomm72445
CSeq: 61 SUBSCRIBE
Event: reg
Expires: 600000
Accept: application/reginfo+xml
Contact:
Content-Length: 0
```

## 17. 200 (OK) response (S-CSCF to MSC Server enhanced for ICS) - see example in table A.3.1-17

The S-CSCF sends a 200 (OK) response to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS indicating that the subscription is established.

**Table A.3.1-17: 200 (OK) response (S-CSCF to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd];branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:scscf1.home1.net>
Privacy:
From:
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=151170
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Contact: <sip:scscf1.home1.net>
Expires:
Content-Length:
```

## 18. NOTIFY request (S-CSCF to MSC Server enhanced for ICS) - see example in table A.3.1-18

The S-CSCF sends a first NOTIFY request towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS in order to inform about the registration status of the monitored user.

**Table A.3.1-18: NOTIFY request (S-CSCF to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

```

NOTIFY sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 70
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=31415
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=151170
Call-ID:
CSeq: 42 NOTIFY
Subscription-State: active;expires=600000
Event: reg
Content-Type: application/reginfo+xml
Contact: <sip:scscf1.home1.net>
P-Charging-Info: icid=ee36d84688fe;orig-ioi=home1.net
Content-Length: (...)

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<reginfo xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:reginfo"
          xmlns:gr="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:gruuinfo"
          version="1" state="full">
  <registration aor="sip:user2_public1@home1.net" id="a6" state="active">
    <contact id="75" state="active" event="created">
      <uri>sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]</uri>
    </contact>
  </registration>
  <allOneLine>
    <unknown-param name="+sip.instance">
      "<urn:gsma:imei:90420156-025763-0&gt;"
    </unknown-param>
    <unknown-param name='+g.3gpp.icsi-ref'><urn:urn-7:3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmtel&gt;' </unknown-param>
    <unknown-param name='+g.3gpp.ics'><server&gt;' </unknown-param>
  </allOneLine>
  <allOneLine>
    <gr:pub-gruu uri="sip:user2_public1@home1.net
;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6 gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6"/>
  </allOneLine>
  <allOneLine>
    <gr:temp-gruu uri="sip:tgruu.7hs==jd7vnzga5w7fajsc7-ajd6fabz0f8g5@home1.net
;gr" first-cseq="54301"/>
  </allOneLine>
  </contact>
</registration>
<registration aor="tel:+358504821437" id="a7" state="active">
  <contact id="77" state="active" event="created">
    <uri>sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]</uri>
  </contact>
</registration>
</reginfo>

```

The message body in the NOTIFY request that carries the subscriber's registration state is formed as indicated in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

### 19. 200 (OK) response (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to S-CSCF) - see example in table A.3.1-19

**Table A.3.1-19: 200 (OK) response (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to S-CSCF)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd];branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
From:
To:
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Content-Length: 0

```

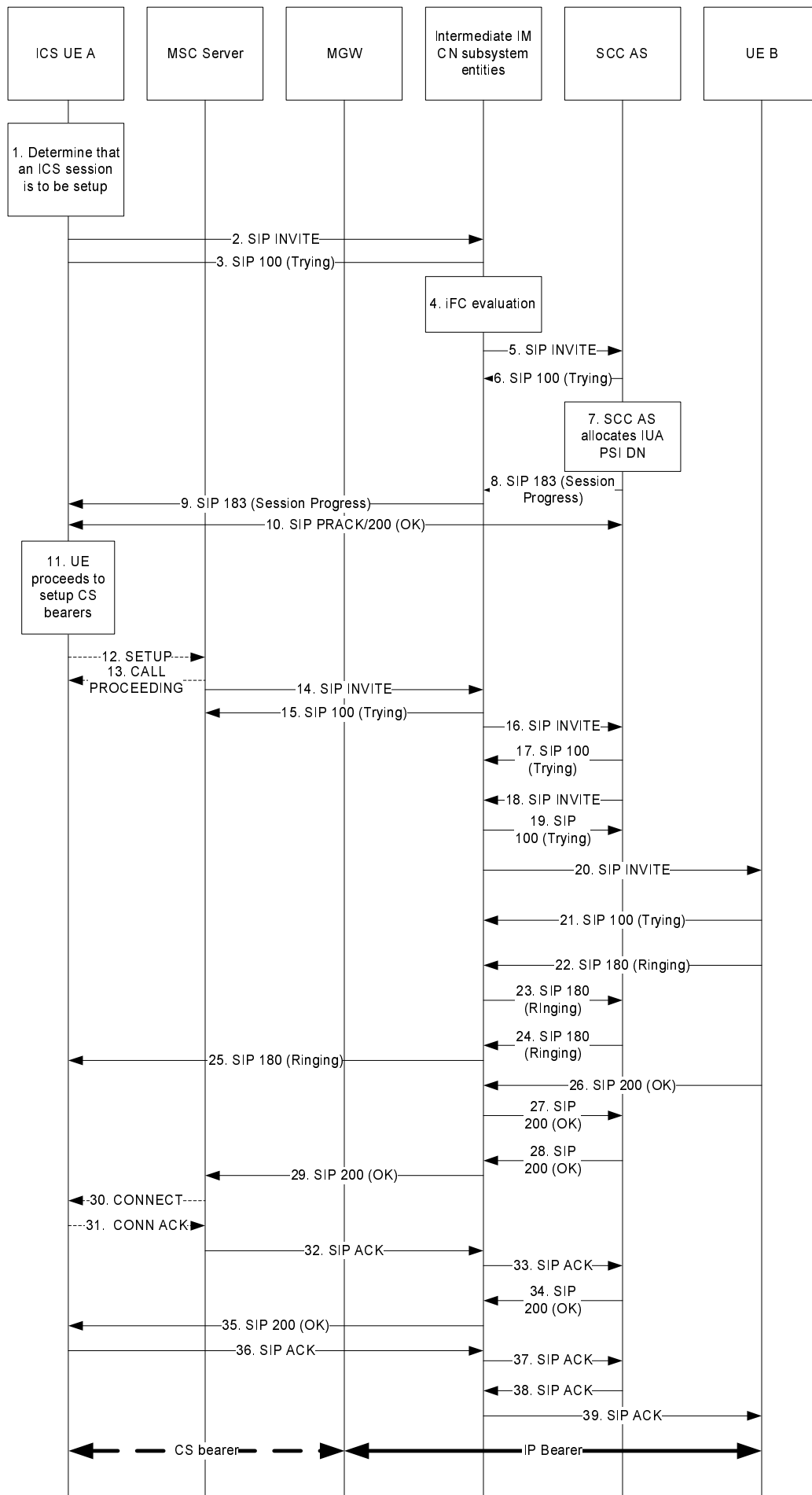
---

## A.4 Signalling flows for call origination

### A.4.1 Signalling flows for ICS UE origination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS

Figure A.4.1-1 shows the origination of a call from an ICS UE using CS bearers controlled through the IM CN subsystem. In this example the MSC Server is enhanced for ICS and is capable of translating NAS signalling received from the ICS UE to SIP and vice versa. If the MSC is not enhanced for ICS, translation of NAS signalling to ISUP is required before routing towards a MGCF for interworking with the IM CN subsystem, as shown in subclause A.4.2.





### Figure A.4.1-1: ICS UE Origination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

#### 1. Determination of call establishment

As a result of some stimulus to establish a session with voice media, the ICS UE based on a combination of user policy, and access technology availability, decides to establish the service control signalling using the IM CN subsystem.

The ICS UE initiates service control signalling in the IM CN subsystem towards the SCC AS by sending a SIP INVITE request to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

#### 2. SIP INVITE request (ICS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.1-2.

**Table A.4.1-2: SIP INVITE request (ICS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net:7531;lr;comp=sigcomp>, <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Preferred-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, 199, gruu
Accept: application/sdp,application/3gpp-ims+xml
Require: sec-agree
Proxy-Require: sec-agree
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Preferred-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Security-Verify: ipsec-3gpp; q=0.1; alg=hmac-sha-1-96; spi=87654321; port=7531
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>
;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="principal"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=
c=PSTN - -
t=0 0
m=audio 9 PSTN -
a=setup:active
a=connection:new
a=cs-correlation:callerid:+358504821437
a=curr: qos local none
a=curr: qos remote none
a=des: qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des: qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=inactive
```

**Request-URI:** the SIP URI or tel URI of the called party. In this example the tel URI of the called party is included in the tel URI.

The SDP included in this SIP INVITE request indicates that the session is to be setup using CS bearers as described in IETF RFC 7195 [36].

#### 3. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to ICS UE)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the ICS UE with a SIP 100 (Trying) response

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 4. Evaluation of initial filter criteria

The S-CSCF evaluates initial filter criteria for the served ICS user and as a result routes the SIP INVITE request towards the SCC AS.

**5. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.4.1-5.**

**Table A.4.1-5: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>, <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-
    dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+358-50-4821437>
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Require:
Proxy-Require:
Accept-Contact:
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Security-Verify:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**6. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**7. SCC AS allocates an SCC AS PSI DN to the ICS UE**

The SCC AS stores the information received in the initial INVITE request and associates an SCC AS PSI DN with this request. The SCC AS PSI DN is returned in a SIP to the ICS UE together with an indication that CS bearer establishment is to be initiated by the ICS UE. For this example the SCC AS PSI DN is chosen as +1212556666.

**8. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.1-8**

**Table A.4.1-8: SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 183 Session Progress
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.visited1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:pcscf1.visited1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>;tag=171828
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact:<sip:sccas.home1.net>
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933622 2987933622 IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=PSTN E164 +12125556666
t=0 0
m=audio - PSTN -
a=setup:passive
a=connection:new
a=cs-correlation:callerid
a=curr: qos local none
a=curr: qos remote none
a=des: qos mandatory sendrcv
a=des: qos mandatory sendrcv
a=inactive

```

The SCC AS PSI DN is returned in the SDP body using the mechanisms described in IETF RFC 7195 [36].

#### 9. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to ICS UE)

The SIP 183 (Session Progress) response is routed towards the ICS UE from the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

#### 10. SIP PRACK request and SIP 200 (OK) response

The ICS UE sends a SIP PRACK request towards the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities as a result of receiving the reliably sent SIP 183 (Session Progress) response containing the SDP answer.

Upon receipt of the SIP PRACK request, the SCC AS responds with a SIP 200 (OK) response towards the ICS UE via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content in these SIP messages.

**NOTE:** In the event that the SCC AS does not receive a PRACK request, the SCC AS is capable of handling a new SIP INVITE request sent from the ICS UE as per normal SIP procedures. In this case a new SCC AS PSI DN would be returned to the ICS UE in the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response.

#### 11. ICS UE proceeds to setup CS bearers

Upon receipt of the SCC AS PSI DN, the ICS UE proceeds with setting up the call using CS bearers.

#### 12. SETUP message (ICS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The ICS UE initiates the call over CS bearers by sending a SETUP message to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the SETUP message includes:

- Called Party Number information element = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits = 12125556666)] . The Called Party Number information element is set to the SCC AS PSI DN.

- Bearer Capability information element = [(information transfer capability = speech), (speech versions = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]
- Supported Codec List information element = {[ (SysID 1 = UMTS), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 1 = UMTS AMR 2)], [(SysID 2 = GSM), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 2 = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]}

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS knows the calling party number corresponding to the UE.

### 13. CALL PROCEEDING message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to ICS UE)

Upon receipt of the SETUP message from the ICS UE, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS responds with a CALL PROCEEDING message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

### 14. SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.1-14

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS maps the received SETUP message to a SIP INVITE request which is addressed to the SCC AS PSI DN.

**Table A.4.1-14: SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP msc1.hom1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:icscf1.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+358-50-4821437>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602Irt5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;
+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS inserts the tel-URI containing the subscriber number, as received from the ICS UE

**Accept-Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmtel feature tag in the INVITE request .

**Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the GRUU received at registration, the feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel" and the feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "server".

**SDP:** The SDP contains preconfigured set of codecs supported by the MGW.

**15. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to enhanced MSC Server)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**16. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.4.1-16**

The SIP INVITE request is routed towards the SCC AS.

**Table A.4.1-16: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
      icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKdwe534, SIP/2.0/UDP msc1.hom1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:sccas1.home1.net:lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net:lr>;orig-dialog-
      id="yuflsaer80r3rb3fh31ondyr829cn932YDwref0w0-wwtg374"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+358-50-4821437>
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
      ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi="type
      3home1.net"; orig-ioi="home1.net"
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept-Contact:
P-Asserted-Service:
Contact: Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length:

v=
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
```

**17. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**18. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.1-18**

The SCC AS acting as a routing B2BUA, generates a SIP INVITE request based upon the received SIP INVITE request and the information previously stored against this session and routes it towards UE B via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**Table A.4.1-18: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Max-Forwards: 67
Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>,<tel:+358-50-4821437>
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
    ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-
    ioi="type3home1.net"
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id=3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=274890
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Require: sec-agree
Proxy-Require: sec-agree
Accept-Contact: *,+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Security-Verify: ipsec-3gpp; q=0.1; alg=hmac-sha-1-96; spi=87654321; port=7531
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>
    ;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**Request-URI:** The SCC AS replaces the SCC AS PSI DN with the tel URI of the called party which was stored from the initial SIP INVITE request sent in step 2.

**Contact:** In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP INVITE request except the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag which is removed by the SCC AS.

#### 19. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 20. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to UE B)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP INVITE request to UE B.

#### 21. SIP 100 (Trying) response (UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

UE B responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 22-23. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (UE B to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

UE B responds to the received SIP INVITE request with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response. The response contains no SDP body and contains no ICS specific content.

**24-25. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (SCC AS to ICS UE A via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

Upon receiving the SIP 180 (Ringing) response from the terminating UE, the SCC AS sends a SIP 180 (Ringing) response to the ICS UE A via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. The response is associated with the SIP INVITE in step 2 and contains no ICS specific content. In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 180 (Ringing) response from the terminating side. Furthermore, the SIP 180 (Ringing) contains no SDP body.

**26. SIP 200 (OK) response (UE B to to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.1-26**

The terminating side sends an SDP answer in a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request.

**Table A.4.1-26: SIP 200 (OK) response (UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf2.visited2.net:5088;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bK361k21.1,
    scscf2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK764z87.1, icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1,
    SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP sccas1.home1.net;branch=
    z9hG4bKnas34r5
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf2.visited2.net:5088;lr;comp=sigcomp>, <sip:scscf2.visited2.net;lr>,
    <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>;tag=274890
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=4fa328
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74>;
    +g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::ggg:fff:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::ggg:fff:aaa:bbb
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=maxptime:20
```

**27. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The SIP 200 (OK) response from UE is routed towards the SCC AS.

**28-29. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to MSC Server enhanced for ICS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SDP answer received in the SIP 200 (OK) response is routed to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 200 (OK) response from the terminating side.

**30. CONNECT message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to ICS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS maps the received SIP 200 (OK) response to a CONNECT message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**31. CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT (ICS UE A to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The ICS UE A sends a CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT message upon receiving the CONNECT message.



**32-33. SIP ACK request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

Upon receiving the CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT from the ICS UE A, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS forwards a SIP ACK request to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN Subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content in this request.

**34-35. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to ICS UE A via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds with a SIP 200 (OK) response to the initial INVITE request sent by the ICS UE A in the step 2. Since the SDP answer was previously sent in the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response, the SIP 200 (OK) response contains no SDP body. In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 200 (OK) response from the terminating side.

**36-37. SIP ACK request (ICS UE A to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

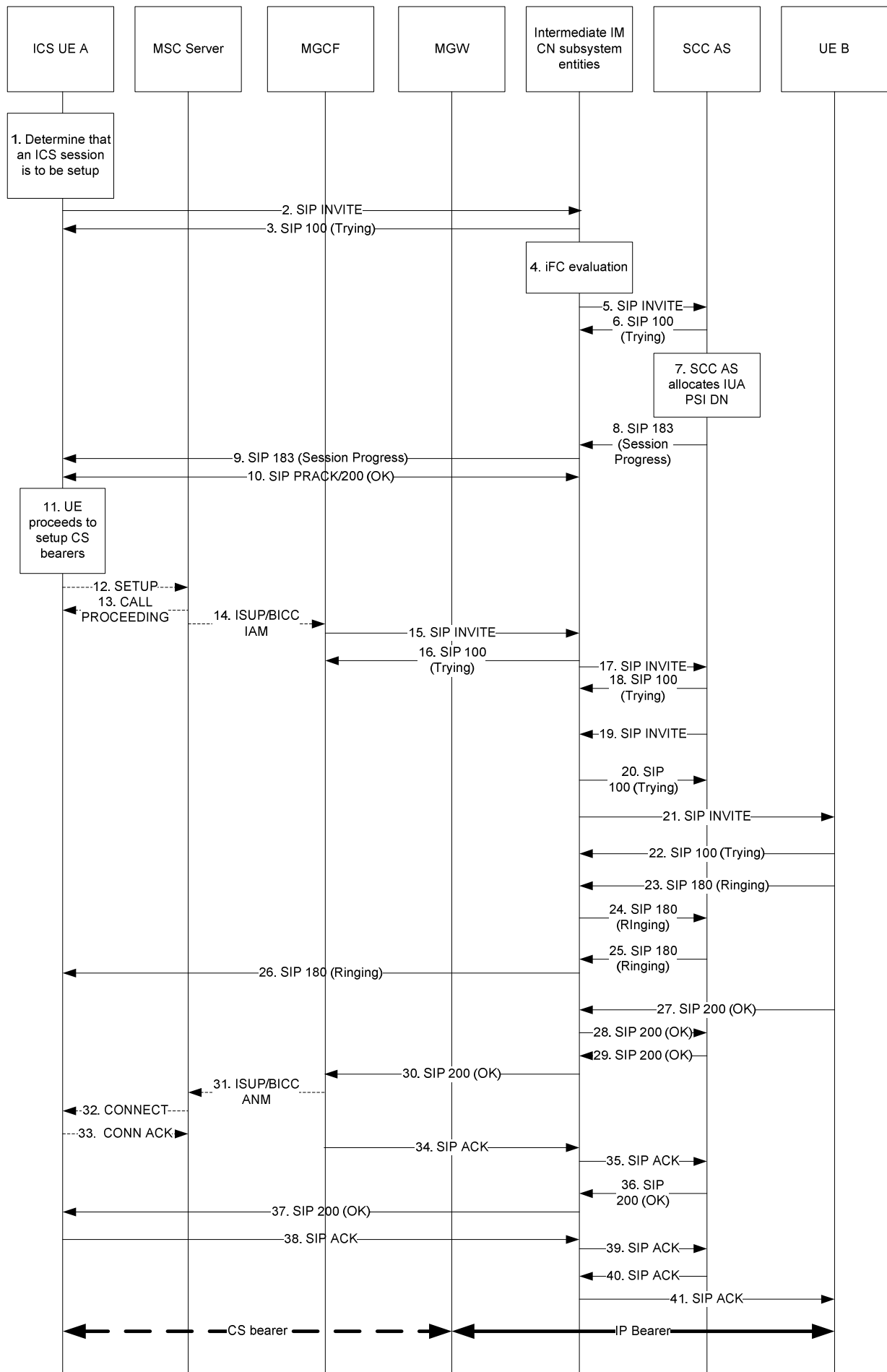
The ICS UE A sends a SIP ACK request to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**38-39. SIP ACK request (SCC AS to UE B via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS sends a SIP ACK request to UE B via the IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

## **A.4.2 Signalling flows for ICS UE origination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS**

Figure A.4.2-1 shows the origination of a call from an ICS UE using CS bearers controlled through the IM CN subsystem. In this example the MSC Server is not enhanced for ICS thus translation at the MGCF of ISUP message to SIP messages is required.



### Figure A.4.2-1: ICS UE Origination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

1-13: These steps are identical to steps 1-13 described in subclause A.4.1.

#### 14. ISUP IAM (MSC Server not enhanced for ICS to MGCF)

The MSC Server not enhanced for ICS maps the received SETUP message to an ISUP IAM message that is routed towards the MGCF.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the IAM includes:

- Called Party Number parameter = [Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan], (type of number = international number), (Number digits = 12125556666)]. The Called Party Number is set to the SCC AS PSI DN, as received in the SETUP message.
- Calling Party Number parameter = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number), (Number digits = 12125551111)]

#### 15. SIP INVITE request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.2-15

The MGCF interworks the received IAM message to a SIP INVITE request which is addressed to the SCC AS PSI DN.

**Table A.4.2-15: SIP INVITE request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:icscf1.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602Irt5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+358-50-4821437>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Contact: <sip:mgcf1.home1.net>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20
```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MGCF inserts the tel-URI containing the subscriber number, as received from the ICS UE

**SDP:** The SDP contains preconfigured set of codecs supported by the MGW.

**16. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**17. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.4.2-17**

The SIP INVITE request is routed towards the SCC AS.

**Table A.4.2-17: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKdwe534, SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf1.hom1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:sccas1.home1.net:lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net:lr>;orig-dialog-
    id="yuflsae80r3rb3fh31ondyr829cnyr381cn932YDWref0w0-wwtg374"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
    ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi="type
    3home1.net"; orig-ioi="home1.net"
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>;tag=171828
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported:
Require:
Proxy-Require:
Accept-Contact:
P-Asserted-Service:
Security-Verify:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length:

v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**18. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

19-28. These steps are identical to steps 18-27 described in subclause A.4.1.

**29-30. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to MGCF via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SDP answer received in the SIP 200 (OK) response is routed to the MGCF via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**31. ISUP ANM message (MGCF to MSC Server not enhanced for ICS)**

On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MGCF generates an ISUP ANM message and sends this to the MSC Server not enhanced for ICS.

There is no ICS specific content in this message.

32-33. These steps are identical to steps 30-31 described in subclause A.4.1.

**34-35. SIP ACK request (MGCF to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

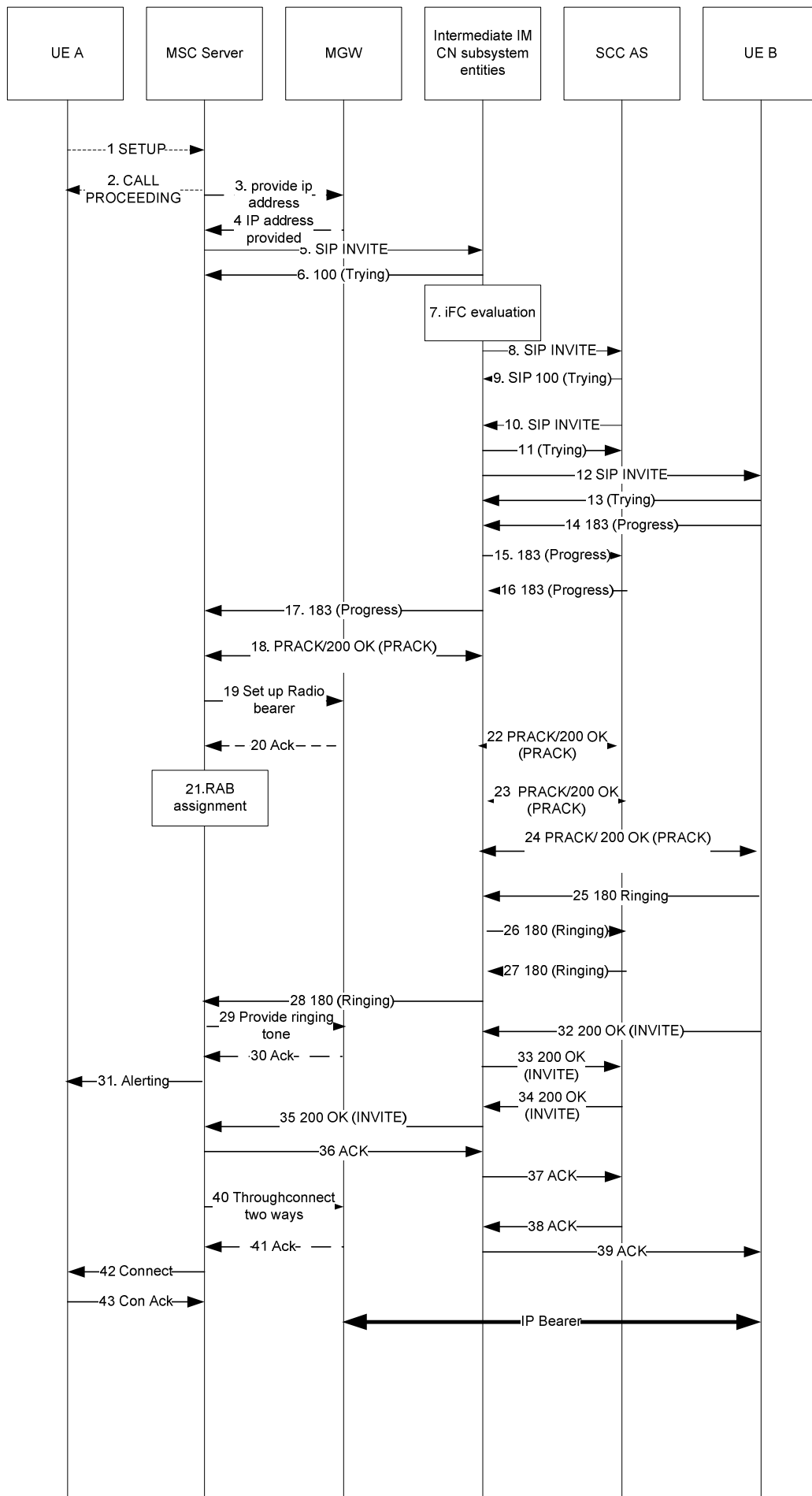
On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MGCF sends a SIP ACK request to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN Subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content in this request.

36-41. These steps are identical to steps 34-39 described in subclause A.4.1.

### A.4.3 Signalling flows for CS UE origination when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS — multiple codecs used

Figure A.4.3-1 shows the origination of a call from a CS UE which uses NAS signalling towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. The CS UE is controlled by an MSC Server enhanced for ICS. In this example the CS UE supports more than one speech codec. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS is supporting codec negotiation. The MSC Server is enhanced for ICS and is capable of translating NAS signalling received from the CS UE to SIP and vice versa.



**Figure A.4.3-1: CS UE Origination with CS media when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS – multiple codecs used**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

**1. SETUP message (CS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

As a result of some stimulus to establish a session with voice media, the CS UE initiates service control signalling towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS by sending a SETUP message.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the SETUP message includes:

- Called Party Number information element = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits =12125552222)]
- Bearer Capability information element = [(information transfer capability = speech), (speech versions = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]
- Supported Codec List information element = {[ (SysID 1 = UMTS), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 1 = UMTS AMR 2)], [(SysID 2 = GSM), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 2 = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]}

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS knows the calling party number corresponding to the CS UE

**2. Call proceeding message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS acknowledges the receipt of the SETUP message by sending a call proceeding message to the CS UE.

**3-4. Provide IP addresses and RTP information**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS provides the media gateway with the possible codecs. The MGW provides the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with media information eg IP information and RTP information.

**5. SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.3-5.**

**Table A.4.3-5: SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to IMS CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+358-50-4821437>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11;np
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Accept-Contact: *,+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 49152 RTP/AVP 97 98 99 100
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR/8000/1
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,4,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:98 GSM-EFR/8000/1
a=rtpmap:99 GSM/8000/1
aptime:20
a=rtpmap:100 telephone-event
a=maxptime:240

```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS enhanced for ICS inserts the tel-URI containing the subscriber number stored in the MSC.

**Accept-Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmtel feature tag in the INVITE request .

**P-Asserted -Service:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmtel ICSI value in the INVITE request.

**Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the GRUU received at registration, the feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel" and the media

**SDP:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the codecs and IP addresses and port address as received from the MGW.

#### 6. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 7. Evaluation of initial filter criteria

The S-CSCF evaluates initial filter criteria for the served CS user and as a result routes the SIP INVITE request towards the SCC AS.

#### 8. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.4.3-8



**Table A.4.3-8: SIP INVITE request (IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 67
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>,<sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-
      dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>,
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Charging-Vector:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m
b
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a

```

**9. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**10 SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.3-10**

**Table A.4.3-10: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to IMS CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP SIP/2.0/UDP sccas1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 66
Route: <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfgklkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Charging-Vector:
Privacy:
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=274890
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:<sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m
b
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
```

## 11. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

## 12. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to IMS UE)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP INVITE request to IMS UE.

### 13. SIP 100 (Trying) response (IMS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

IMS UE responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

14 **SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (IMS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.3-14**

**Table A.4.3-14: SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (IMS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 183 Session Progress
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP SIP/2.0/UDP sccas1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf2.home1.net;lr>,<sip:scscf2.home1.net;lr>,
<sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>,<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602Irt5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
Privacy: none
From: < sip:user2_public1@home1.net >;tag=274890
To: <sip:tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=4fa328
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
ad76cc7fc74>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=
s=-
c=
t=
m=audio 49152 RTP/AVP 97 100
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrecv
a=conf:qos remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR/8000/1
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,4,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:100 telephone-event
a=maxptime:240

```

**15-17. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (From IMS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS via IM-CN subsystem)**

The SIP 183 (Session Progress) response is routed towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**18. SIP PRACK request and SIP 200 (OK) response see example in table A.4.3-18.**

After the speech codec has been determined the MSC Server enhanced for ICS indicates that precondition is met.

**Table A.4.3-18: PRACK request (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN entities)**

```

PRACK <sip: :user2_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74>
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 70
P-Access-Network-Info:
Route: :<sip:scscf1.home1.net>,<sip:sccas1.home1.net>; <sip:scscf2.home1.net;lr>
<sip;pcscf1.home1.net;lr>
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact:<sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 49152 RTP/AVP 97 100
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrecv
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes
a=rtpmap:100 telephone-event
a=maxptime:240

```

**19-20 Setup radio bearer**

At the receipt of the SDP answer with the codec the MSC Server enhanced for ICS indicates the selected codec to the MGW. The MGW releases earlier booked codecs. In this scenario the bearer is set up to the CS UE.

**21 RAB Assignment**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS sets up the radio bearer. It indicates in the NAS synchronisation indicator bit the selected codec to the CS UE.

**22-24. SIP PRACK 200 (OK) (PRACK)**

The PRACK request and its corresponding 200 are sent between MSC Server enhanced for ICS and the IMS UE.

**25-28. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (IMS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

IMS UE responds to the received SIP INVITE request with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response and alert UE 2.

The response contains no SDP body and contains no ICS specific content.

In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 180 (Ringing) response from the terminating side.

**29-30. Send ringing tone.**

At the receipt of the SIP 180 (Ringing) response the MSC Server enhanced for ICS orders the MGW to send a ringing tone towards CS UE.

**31 Alerting (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS sends an alerting message to the CS UE.

**32-35 SIP 200 (OK) (INVITE) from IMS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities**

When IMS UE answers the call the IMS UE sends a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request.

In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 200 (OK) response from the terminating side.

**36-39 SIP ACK request (from IMS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

**40-41. Through connection in both directions**

At the receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) (INVITE) the MSC Server enhanced for ICS through connect in both direction.

**42. CONNECT message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS maps the received SIP 200 (OK) response to a CONNECT message.

There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**43. CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT (ICS UE A to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The ICS UE A sends a CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT message upon receiving the CONNECT message.

There is no ICS specific content in this request.

## **A.4.4 Signalling flows for CS UE origination when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS – one codec used**

Figure A.4.4-1 shows the origination of a call from a CS UE which uses NAS signalling towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. The CS UE is controlled by an MSC Server enhanced for ICS. In this example the CS UE supports one speech codec. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS is not supporting codec negotiation. The MSC Server is enhanced for ICS and is capable of translating NAS signalling received from the CS UE to SIP and vice versa.



3-4. Interaction with the MGW to get media information eg address and port information is performed.

5. **RAB Assignment(From MSC Server enhanced for ICS to the CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS will send the selected codec to the CS UE in NAS synchronisation indicator bit in the RAB assignment message.

6. **SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to IM CN subsystem entities) for detailed description see table A.4.4.6**

**Table A.4.4-6: SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to IMS CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11;np
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-GERAN; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrBHLso=023551024"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 49152 RTP/AVP 97 100
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtptime:97 AMR/8000/1
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,4,7; mode-change-period=2
a=ptime:20
a=rtptime:100 telephone-event
a=maxptime:240
```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message.

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS inserts the tel-URI containing the telephone number stored in the MSC.

**Accept-Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmtel feature tag in the INVITE request.

**P-Asserted-Service:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmtel ICSI value in INVITE request.

**Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the GRUU received at registration, the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel" and the feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "server".

**SDP:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the codec and IP addresses and port address as received from the MGW.

7. **SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

## 8. Evaluation of initial filter criteria

The S-CSCF evaluates initial filter criteria for the served CS user and as a result routes the SIP INVITE request towards the SCC AS.

## 9. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.4.4-9.

**Table A.4.4-9: SIP INVITE request (IMS CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
Max-Forwards: 67
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>, <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-
      dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Charging-Vector:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

## 10. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

## 11. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.4-11.



**Table A.4.4-11: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to IMS CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP SIP/2.0/UDP sccas1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
SIP/2.0/UDP emsc1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1
Max-Forwards: 66
Route: <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfgklj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-
712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
Privacy:
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=274890
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:<sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Asserted- Service:
Accept-contact:
Allow:
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Charging-Vector:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**12. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**13. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to IMS UE)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP INVITE request to IMS UE.

**14. SIP 100 (Trying) response (UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

UE B responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**15-18. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (UE B to MSC Server enhanced for ICS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

UE B responds to the received SIP INVITE request with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response and alerts IMS UE. The response contains no SDP body and contains no ICS specific content.

In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 180 (Ringing) response from the terminating side.

**19-20. Send ringing tone.**

At the receipt of the SIP 180 (Ringing) response the MSC Server enhanced for ICS orders the MGW to send a ringing tone towards CS UE.

**21. Alerting (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS sends an alerting message to the UE.

**22-25 SIP 200 OK (INVITE) from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to IMS UE via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities**

IMS UE sends a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request when IMS UE answers the call. The SIP 200 (OK) also include the SDP answer.

In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 200 (OK) response from the terminating side.

**26-27- Through connection in both directions**

At the receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) (INVITE) the MSC Server enhanced for ICS orders the MGW to through connects in both directions.

**28. CONNECT message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS maps the received SIP 200 (OK) response to a CONNECT message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**29. CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT (CS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The CS UE A sends a CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT message upon receiving the CONNECT message.

**30-33. SIP ACK request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to IMS UE via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

Upon receiving the CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT from the CS UE A, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS forwards a SIP ACK request to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN Subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content in this request.

## **A.4.5 Signalling flows for CS UE origination when using an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS**

Figure A.4.5-1 shows the origination of a call in the CS domain when using an MSC server not enhanced for ICS. The originating UE can be an ICS UE or can be a UE without ICS capabilities.

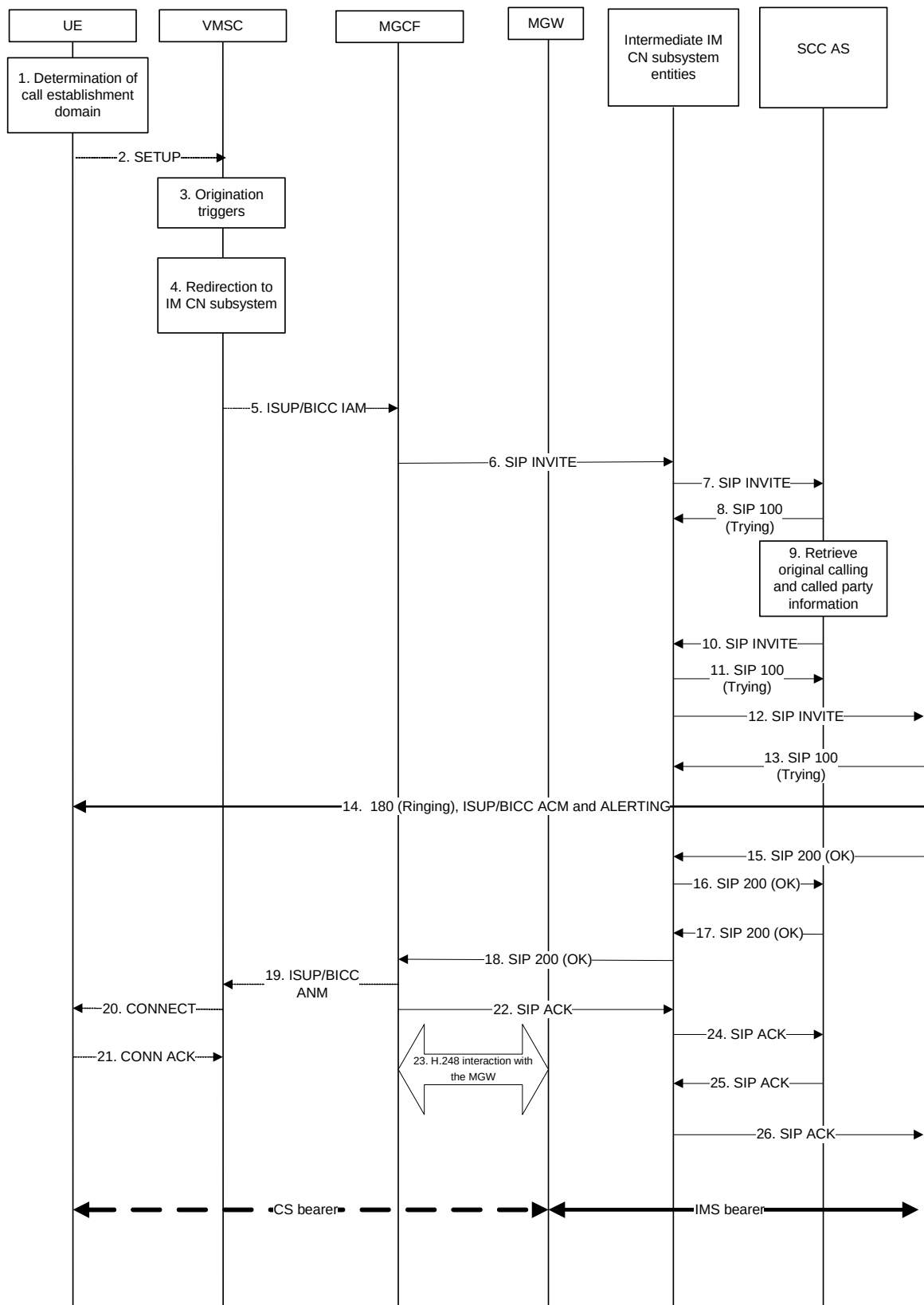


Figure A.4.5-1: CS UE origination when using an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

1 Determination of call establishment domain

As a result of some stimulus to establish a full-duplex, voice-only call, the UE based on a combination of user policy, and access technology availability, decides to establish the call using the CS domain.

## 2. SETUP message (UE to VMSC)

After establishment of the MM connection, the UE initiates the CS call towards the destination UE by sending out the SETUP message.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the SETUP message includes:

- Called Party Number information element = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits = 12125552222)]
- Bearer Capability information element = [(information transfer capability = speech), (speech versions = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]
- Supported Codec List information element = {[SysID 1 = UMTS), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 1 = UMTS AMR 2)], [(SysID 2 = GSM), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 2 = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]}

The VMSC knows the calling party number corresponding to the UE.

## 3. Origination triggers

## 4. Redirection to IM CN subsystem

The call is redirected to the IM CN subsystem. The mechanism for redirection is out of scope of ICS requirements and can be based upon the use of an IP Multimedia Routing Number (IMRN) for redirecting the signalling towards the SCC AS. How an IMRN is retrieved is outside the scope of this specification.

## 5. ISUP IAM (VMSC to MGCF)

The VMSC initiates the CS call towards the MGCF by sending out the IAM message.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the IAM includes:

- Called Party Number parameter = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits = 12415553333)]
- Calling Party Number parameter = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits = 12125551111)]
- USI parameter = 3.1 kHz audio

The Called Party Number parameter represents the IMRN allocated for this call.

## 6. SIP INVITE request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.5-6

The MGCF initiates a SIP INVITE request, containing an initial SDP to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**Table A.4.5-6: SIP INVITE request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-241-555-3333 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK779s24.0
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:icscf1_s.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-3333>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfg1kj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition
Contact: <sip:mgcf1.home1.net>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmrel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
```

v=0

```

o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**Request-URI:** Contains the IMRN, as obtained from CS Networks signalling.

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MGCF inserts the tel URL containing the subscriber number, as received from the CS network.

**SDP:** The SDP contains a preconfigured set of codecs supported by the MGW based on what is received in the ISUP. The codecs selected are speech codecs. See table 10a of 3GPP TS 29.163 [10]

#### 7. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.4.5-7

The IMRN is a PSI. The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities are configured to route this PSI to the SCC AS. In this particular case, the I-CSCF performs the routing over the Ma interface. For this example, there is no IBCF before the I-CSCF and no intermediate entities Record-Route the request.

**Table A.4.5-7: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-241-555-3333 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK779s24.0, SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1_s.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK312a32.1
Max-Forwards: 69
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=type
    3home1.net; orig-ioi=home1.net
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

#### 8. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

#### 9. Retrieve original calling and called party information

The SCC AS acts as a routeing B2BUA. The SCC AS retrieves the original called party number and calling party number associated with the IMRN and places the called party number in the Request-URI and the To header field of the outgoing request.

How to retrieve the original called party and calling party numbers associated with the IMRN are considered to be out of scope of this specification.

#### 10. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.4.5-10

The SCC AS forwards the SIP INVITE request to the S-CSCF serving the originating user within the IM CN subsystem. In this case it is assumed that the user is registered within the IM CN subsystem.

In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP INVITE request

The SCC AS modifies the message in accordance with routeing B2BUA functionality, e.g. mapping of From, To, Cseq and Call-ID header fields from one side of the B2BUA to the other.

**Table A.4.5-10: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP;branch=z9hG4bK312a32.1
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:s-cscf.home1.net;lr;orig>
Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=Type
                 3home1.net
Privacy:
From: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>;tag=274890
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: dc14b1t10b3teghmlk501444
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**Contact:** In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP INVITE request

#### 11. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS content to this response.

#### 12. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to terminating side processing) – see example in table A.4.5-12

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP INVITE request to the terminating side processing. In this example, there is no intermediate IBCF and none of the intermediate entities Record-Route.

**Table A.4.5-12: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to terminating side processing)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP;branch=z9hG4bK312a32.1
Max-Forwards: 68Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

### 13. SIP 100 (Trying) response (terminating side processing to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The terminating side processing responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

### 14. SIP 180 (Ringing) response, ISUP ACM and ALERTING message (terminating side processing to VCC UE)

The call is successfully delivered to the terminating UE, which begins alerting the user. Normal SIP, ISUP and access signalling messages are transferred to indicate this is occurring. At or before this time, completion of negotiation of the bearer (e.g. as indicated by SDP in SIP) occurs. There is no ICS specific actions associated with this step.

The SCC AS modifies the message in accordance with routing B2BUA functionality, e.g. mapping of From, To, Cseq and Call-ID header fields from one side of the B2BUA to the other.

In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 180 (Ringing) response from the terminating side.

### 15. SIP 200 (OK) response (terminating side processing to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

A SIP 200 (OK) response is received from the terminating side processing by the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

### 16. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SCC AS.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**17. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS intermediate to IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS forwards the SIP (200) OK response back to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

The UE modifies the message in accordance with routing B2BUA functionality, e.g. mapping of From, To, Cseq and Call-ID header fields from one side of the B2BUA to the other.

In this example the SCC AS includes in the Contact header field the contents of the Contact header field received in the SIP 200 (OK) response from the terminating side

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**18. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MGCF)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MGCF.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**19. ISUP ANM (MGCF to VMSC)**

On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MGCF generates an ISUP ANM message and sends this to the VMSC.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**20. CONNECT message (VMSC to UE)**

The VMSC sends a CONNECT message to the UE.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**21. CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGE message (UE to VMSC)**

The UE generates the CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGE message on receipt of the CONNECT message.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**22. SIP ACK request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The MGCF generates a SIP ACK request on receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response and sends it back to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**23. H.248 interaction with the MGW**

The MGCF interacts with the MGW for the necessary resource allocation.

**24. SIP ACK request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP ACK request to the SCC AS.

There is no ICS specific content to this response.

**25. SIP ACK request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS forwards the SIP ACK request back to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

The SCC AS modifies the message in accordance with routing B2BUA functionality, e.g. mapping of From, To, Cseq and Call-ID header fields from one side of the B2BUA to the other.

There is no VCC specific content to this response.

**26. SIP ACK request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to terminating side processing)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP ACK request to the terminating side processing.



There is no ICS specific content to this response.

---

## A.5 Signalling flows for call termination

### A.5.1 Signalling flows for termination to a CS UE registered in IMS using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS – multiple codecs used

Figure A.5.1-1 shows the termination of a call to a CS UE via the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. Codec negotiation is performed.

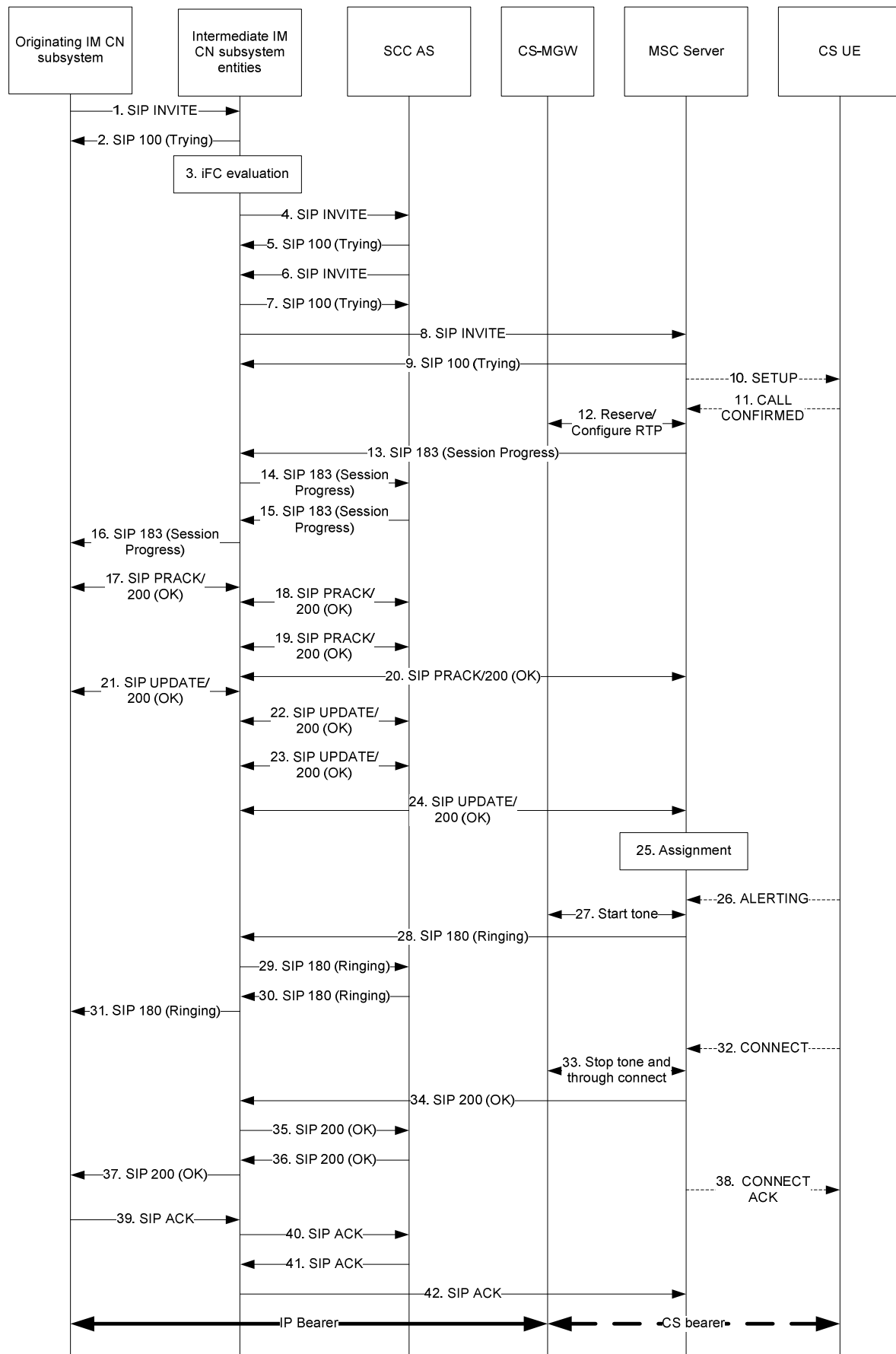


Figure A.5.1-1: CS UE Termination with CS media using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS (with codec negotiation)

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

1. **SIP INVITE request (from the originating IM CN subsystem to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.5.1-1**

The SIP INVITE request is sent by the originating IM CN subsystem to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**Table A.5.1-1: SIP INVITE request (originating IM CN subsystem to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP icscf2_s.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK431h23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 67
Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home2.net;lr>, <sip:pcscf1.home2.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Asserted-Identity: "John Doe" <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+1-212-555-1111>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmmtel
Accept-Contact: *,+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmmtel"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Accept: application/sdp,application/3gpp-ims+xml
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
    00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmmtel">
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=video 3400 RTP/AVP 98 99
b=AS:75
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=inactive
a=rtpmap:98 H263
a=fmtp:98 profile-level-id=0
a=rtpmap:99 MP4V-ES
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 0 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**Request-URI:** the SIP URI or tel URI of the called party. In this example the SIP URI of the called party is included, which might have been translated from a tel URI by the S-CSCF in the originating IM CN subsystem.

**P-Asserted-Service** and **Contact:** the ICSI defined for MMtel is included as this flow assumes a 3GPP R8 IMS UE originator. This for example purposes only, the ICSI might not be included for other originator types.

2. **SIP 100 (Trying) response (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to the originating IM CN subsystem)**



6. **SIP INVITE request (from SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.5.1-6**

The SCC AS acting as a routing B2BUA generates a SIP INVITE request based upon the received SIP INVITE request and sends it to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**Table A.5.1-6: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Max-Forwards: 65
Route: <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
    ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:*;+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Privacy:
From:<sip:user1_public1@home2.net>;tag=274890
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
```

**Via:** the SCC AS, acting as a B2BUA, replaces the Via header field with one containing only its own SIP URI.

**Contact:** In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP INVITE request. No more triggering is required in the initial filter criteria, the IM CN subsystem will route the SIP INVITE request to the terminating user.

## 7. SIP 100 (Trying) response (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

8. SIP INVITE request (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server enhanced for ICS) - see example in table A.5.1-8

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP INVITE request to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

**Table A.5.1-8: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

```

INVITE sip:+358504821437@msc2.home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK433b44.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Max-Forwards: 64
Route: <sip:msc2.home1.net;lr>
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Function-Addresses:
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
P-Called-Party-ID: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
Accept-Contact:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**Request-URI:** the S-CSCF replaces the Request-URI with the registered contact address by the MSC Server enhanced for ICS during registration.

**9. SIP 100 (Trying) response (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**10. SETUP message (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS identifies the subscriber using the Request-URI and initiates the paging procedure towards the terminating CS UE. After the CS UE has successfully accessed the network, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS sends a SETUP message towards the CS UE according to 3GPP TS 24.008 [7], providing the interworking as described in 3GPP TS 29.292 [24].

Specifically for this signalling flow, the SETUP message includes:

- Calling Party BCD Number information element = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Presentation indicator=presentation allowed), (Screening indicator=network provided), (Number digits = 1212551111)]
- Bearer Capability 1 information element = [(information transfer capability = speech)]

#### 11. CALL CONFIRMED message (from CS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The CS UE sends a CALL CONFIRMED message towards the MSC Server enhanced for ICS according to 3GPP TS 24.008 [7]. Specifically for this signalling flow, the CALL CONFIRMED message includes:

- Supported Codec List information element = {[ (SysID 1 = UMTS), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 1 = UMTS AMR2)], [(SysID 2 = GSM), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 2 = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]}

In this example, no Bearer Capability 1 information element is returned.

As the node terminating the out of band transcoder control procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.153 [4A], the MSC Server enhanced for ICS selects a single selected codec.

#### 12. Reserve / Configure RTP (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS-MGW)

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS performs CS-MGW selection and requests the CS-MGW to prepare for network side bearer establishment. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS removes the video media description from the SDP offer and then requests reservation and configuration of a local RTP endpoint. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS also sends the selected speech codec and the remote user plane RTP information received from the SDP offer to the CS-MGW. The MSC Server enhanced for ICS receives the local RTP endpoint information from the CS-MGW.

#### 13. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.5.1-13

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS returns an SDP answer. The video media description has been removed and only the audio media description is included.

**Table A.5.1-13: SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 183 Session Progress
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK433b44.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
From:
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=314159
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Require: 100rel
Contact:<sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
    00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-
    service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Rseq: 9021
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:bbb
t=0 0
m=video 0 RTP/AVP 98 99
m=audio 6544 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrecv
a=conf:qos remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**P-Asserted-Identity:** the value taken from the P-Called-Party-ID header field in the INVITE request.

The SDP answer in the 183 (Session Progress) response contains a single selected codec and a request for confirmation of when remote preconditions are met.

#### 14-16. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The SIP 183 (Session Progress) response is routed to the originating IM CN subsystem via the SCC AS and intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP 183 (Session Progress) response except the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag which is removed by the SCC AS.

#### 17-20. SIP PRACK request and SIP 200 (OK) response

The SIP PRACK request and its SIP 200 (OK) response are routed end-to-end between the originating IM CN subsystem, intermediate IM CN subsystem entities, SCC AS and MSC Server enhanced for ICS. There is no specific ICS content in these messages. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP PRACK request.

#### 21-24. SIP UPDATE request and SIP 200 (OK) response

When the originating endpoint has completed its resource reservation, the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities receive an UPDATE request. The UPDATE request and its SIP 200 (OK) response are routed end-to-end between the originating IM CN subsystem, intermediate IM CN subsystem entities, SCC AS and MSC Server enhanced for ICS. There is no specific ICS content in these messages. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP UPDATE request.

#### 25. Assignment

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS performs access bearer assignment.



For UTRAN access this involves invocation of the Prepare Bearer and Change Through Connection procedures with the CS-MGW, followed by sending a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message to the UTRAN. The NAS Synchronization Indicator information element is included to identify the selected codec and codec configuration.

For GERAN access this involves invocation of the Reserve Circuit and Change Through Connection procedures with the CS-MGW, followed by sending a ASSIGNMENT REQUEST to the GERAN.

## 26. ALERTING message (from CS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The CS UE sends an ALERTING message to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS according to 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

## 27. Start tone (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS-MGW)

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS instructs the CS-MGW to start ringback tone.

## 28. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.5.1-28

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS does not include "100rel" in the Require header field as the 180 (Ringing) response does not contain SDP and therefore need not be sent reliably.

**Table A.5.1-28: SIP 180 (Ringing) response (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 180 Ringing
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK433b44.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    sccas2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
From:
To: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>;tag=314159
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Rseq: 9022
Content-Length: 0
```

## 29-31. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The SIP 180 (Ringing) response is routed to the originating IM CN subsystem via the SCC AS and intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

## 32. CONNECT message (from CS UE to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The CS UE sends a CONNECT message to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS according to 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

## 33. Stop tone and through connect (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS-MGW)

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS instructs the CS-MGW to stop ringback tone and to through connect the bearer.

## 34. SIP 200 (OK) response (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.5.1-34

**Table A.5.1-34: SIP 200 (OK) response (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK433b44.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    sccas2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
From:
To: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>;tag=314159
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact: <
sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-
    ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Content-Length: 0
```

**Contact:** the MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the GRUU received at registration, the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel" and the media feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "server".

#### 35-37. SIP 200 (OK) response

The 200 (OK) response is routed to the originating IM CN subsystem via the SCC AS and intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP 200 (OK) response except the g.3gpp.ics media feature tag which is removed by the SCC AS.

#### 38. CONNECT ACK request (from MSC Server enhanced for ICS to CS UE)

After through-connecting the traffic channel, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS sends a CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT message to the CS UE according to 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

#### 39-42. SIP ACK request

A SIP ACK request is routed end-to-end from the originating IM CN subsystem to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

## A.5.2 Signalling flows for termination to a CS UE not registered in IMS

Figure A.5.2-1 shows the termination of a call to a CS UE not registered in the IM CN subsystem.

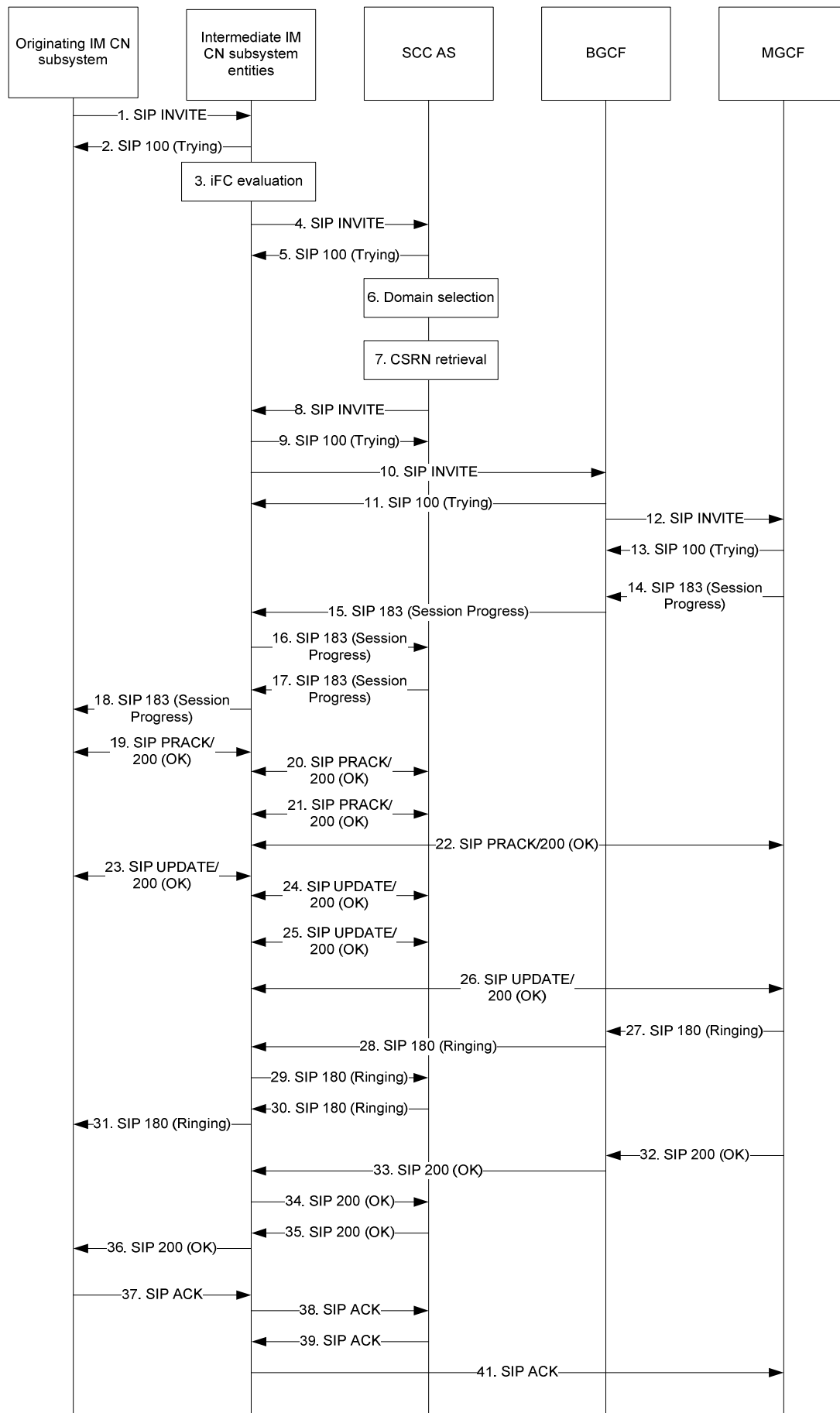


Figure A.5.2-1: CS UE Termination to UE not registered in the IM CN subsystem

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

Steps 1 through 5 are identical to the example in subclause A.5.1.

## 6. Domain selection

The SCC AS acting performs terminating access domain selection based on operator and user preferences, registration and call states; in this example, the user is not registered in the IM CN subsystem and the SCC AS selects breakout to the CS domain to terminate the call.

## 7. CSRN retrieval

The SCC AS determines the CS domain Routing Number (CSRN).

NOTE: CSRN retrieval is implementation specific.

8. **SIP INVITE request (from SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.5.2-8**

The SCC AS acting as a routing B2BUA generates a SIP INVITE request.

**Table A.5.2-8: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-2222 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Max-Forwards: 65
Route: <sip: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-
    id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
    ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:
Privacy:
From: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net>;tag=274890
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

```

v=  
o=  
s=  
c=  
t=  
m=  
b=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
m=  
b=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=  
a=

**Request-URI:** the CSRN.

**Via:** the SCC AS, acting as a B2BUA, replaces the Via header field with one containing only its own SIP URI.

**9. SIP 100 (Trying) response (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**10. SIP INVITE request (from intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to BGCF)**

The S-CSCF determines the destination is in the CS domain (e.g. after ENUM/DNS translation fails to translate the CSRN in tel URI format to a globally routeable SIP URI). The S-CSCF forwards the INVITE request to a BGCF in the local network. There is no ICS specific content in this request.

**11. SIP 100 (Trying) response (from BGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The BGCF responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**12. SIP INVITE request (from BGCF to MGCF)**

The BGCF analyzes the destination address and allocates a MGCF to handle the termination. The BGCF forwards the INVITE request to the MGCF. There is no ICS specific content in this request.

In this example, the BGCF does not add itself to the Record-Route header field and will therefore not be in the session path of subsequent SIP requests.

**13. SIP 100 (Trying) response (from MGCF to BGCF)**

The MGCF responds to the MGCF with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**14-18. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response**

The SIP 183 (Session Progress) response is routed to the originating IM CN subsystem via the SCC AS and intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP 183 (Session Progress) response.

**19-22. SIP PRACK request and SIP 200 (OK) response**

The SIP PRACK request and its SIP 200 (OK) response are routed end-to-end between the originating IM CN subsystem, intermediate IM CN subsystem entities, SCC AS and MGCF. There is no specific ICS content in these messages. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP PRACK request.

**23-26. SIP UPDATE request and SIP 200 (OK) response**

When the originating endpoint has completed its resource reservation, the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities receive an UPDATE request. The UPDATE request and its SIP 200 (OK) response are routed end-to-end between the originating IM CN subsystem, intermediate IM CN subsystem entities, SCC AS and MGCF. There is no specific ICS content in these messages. In this example the SCC AS includes the contents of the Contact header from the received SIP UPDATE request.

**27-31. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (from MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SIP 180 (Ringing) response is routed to the originating IM CN subsystem via the SCC AS and intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. The MGCF does not include "100rel" in the Require header field as the 180 (Ringing) does not contain SDP and therefore need not be sent reliably.

**32-36. SIP 200 (OK) response**

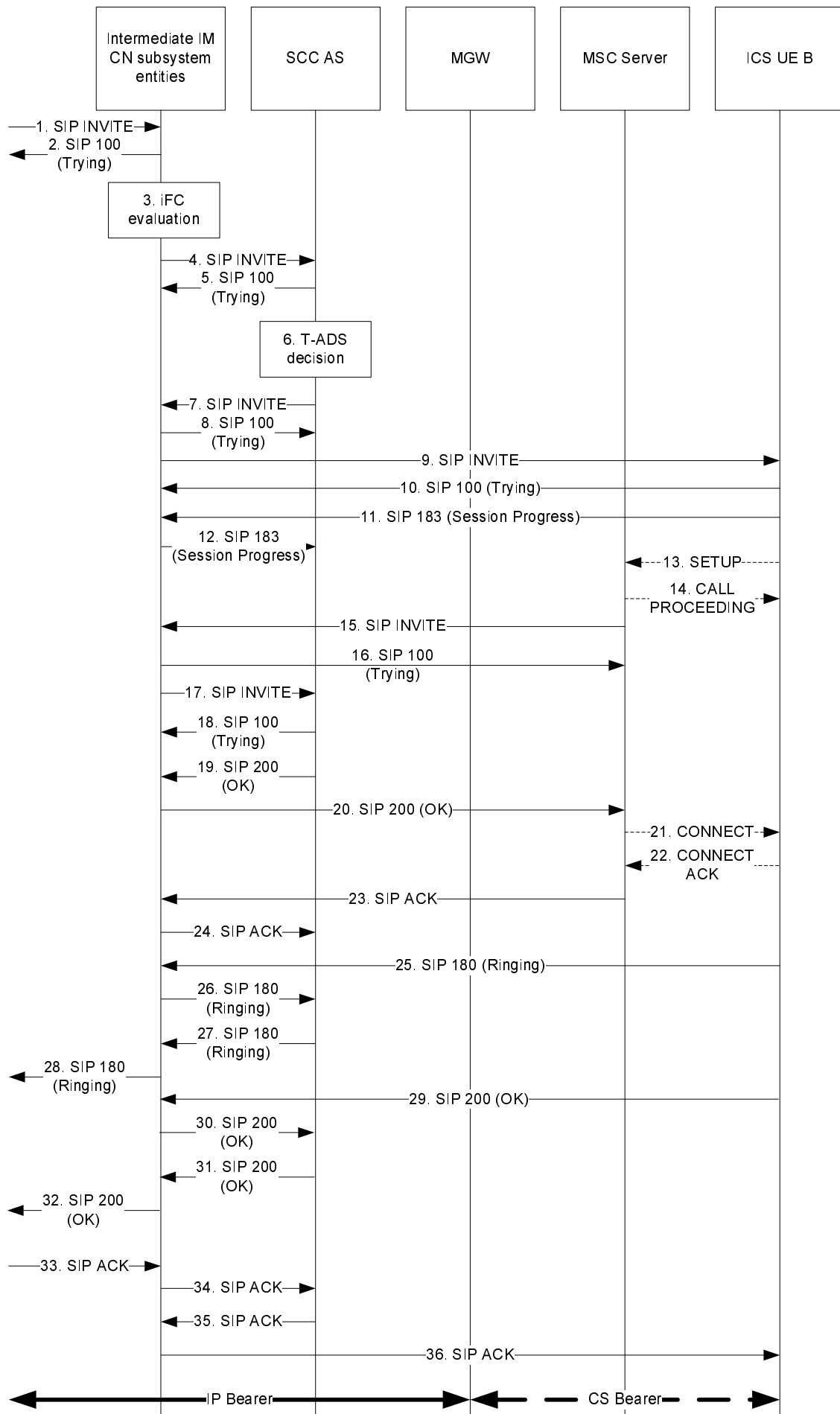
The 200 (OK) response is routed to the originating IM CN subsystem via the SCC AS and intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**37-41. SIP ACK request**

A SIP ACK request is routed end-to-end from the originating IM CN subsystem to the MGCF. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

### A.5.3 Signalling flows for termination to an ICS UE with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC server enhanced for ICS

Figure A.5.3-1 shows the termination of a call to an ICS UE using CS bearers controlled through the IM CN subsystem. In this example the MSC Server is enhanced for ICS and is capable of translating NAS signalling received from the ICS UE to SIP and vice versa.



**Figure A.5.3-1: ICS UE termination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

1. **SIP INVITE request (originating IM CN subsystem to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities in terminating network) – see example in table A.5.3-1** In this example, the originating UE initiates a voice call through its home IM CN subsystem (home2) with a terminating UE which is ICS capable which is in a different network (home1).

**Table A.5.3-1: SIP INVITE request (originating IM CN subsystem to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities in terminating network)**

```
INVITE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.visted2.net;branch=z9hG4bK431h23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 67
Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home2.net;lr>, <sip:pcscf1.visted2.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Asserted-Identity: "John Doe" <sip:user1_public1@home2.net>, <tel:+1-212-555-1111>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Accept-Contact: *,+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net>;tag=171828
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
    00a0c91e6bf7>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel">
Accept: application/sdp,application/3gpp-ims+xml
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 0 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20
```

NOTE 1: This example assumes the session was originated from a 3GPP Release 8 IMS UE and thus includes the ICSI value defined for MMTel in the Contact header field and Accept Contact header field. However, termination procedures for ICS do not rely upon the MMTel ICSI value being present in the incoming request.

2. **SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to originating IM CN subsystem)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the originating IM CN subsystem with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

3. **Evaluation of initial filter criteria**

The S-CSCF evaluates initial filter criteria for the served ICS user and as a result routes the SIP INVITE request towards the SCC AS.

NOTE 2: for terminating scenario, the SCC AS is configured as the last AS in the terminating iFC chain.



#### 4. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.5.3-4

As a result of iFC evaluation, the S-CSCF routes the INVITE request to the SCC AS.

**Table A.5.3-4: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.visited2.net;branch=z9hG4bK431h23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 66
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>, <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfg1kj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-
    dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home2.net;lr>,
    <sip:pcscf1.visited2.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length:

v=0
o=-
s=-
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

#### 5. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 6. Terminating Access Domain Selection

The SCC AS performs Terminating Access Domain Selection and chooses the CS domain for the setup of the media.

#### 7. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.5.3-7.

The SCC AS, acting as a routing B2BUA, generates a SIP INVITE request based upon the received SIP INVITE request and send it to the intermediate subsystem entities. The SDP indicates that the ICS UE B should establish a CS media bearer.

**Table A.5.3-7: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Max-Forwards: 65
Route: <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route:<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
    ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact*;*g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Accept-Contact:*;*g.3gpp.ics="principal";explicit;require
Privacy:
From:<sip:user1_public1@home2.net>;tag=274890
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length:

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=PSTN E164 +12125556666
t=0 0
m=audio 9 PSTN -
a=setup:passive
a=connection:new
a=cs-correlation:callerid
a=curr: qos local none
a=curr: qos remote none
a=des: qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des: qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=inactive

```

**8. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**9. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to ICS UE B)**

The SIP INVITE request is routed towards the called party ICS UE B since further iFC evaluation is not necessary.

**10. SIP 100 (Trying) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The ICS UE B responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**11 SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.5.3-11**

The ICS UE generates a SIP 183 (Session Progress) response based upon the received SIP INVITE request and indicates in the SDP that the CS media bearer is used.

**Table A.5.3-11: SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (ICS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 183 Session Progress
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5,
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr>;<sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>;<sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net>;tag=171828
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=171820
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Require: 100rel
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="principal"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=
t=0 0
m=audio 9 PSTN -
c=PSTN - -
a=setup:active
a=connection:new
a=cs-correlation:callerid:+12125552222
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrecv

```

**12. SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The SIP 183 (Session Progress) response is routed towards the SCC AS.

**13. SETUP message (ICS UE B to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The ICS UE B initiates bearer setup in the CS domain by sending a SETUP message to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the SETUP message includes:

- Called Party Number information element = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits = 1212556666)]. The Called Party Number information element is set to the SCC AS PSI DN.
- Bearer Capability information element = [(information transfer capability = speech), (speech versions = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]
- Supported Codec List information element = {[(SysID 1 = UMTS), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 1 = UMTS AMR 2)], [(SysID 2 = GSM), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 2 = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]}

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS knows the calling party number corresponding to the ICS UE B.

**14. CALL PROCEEDING message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to ICS UE B)**

Upon receipt of the SETUP message from the ICS UE B, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS responds with a CALL PROCEEDING message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**15. SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.5.3-15.**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS maps the received SETUP message to a SIP INVITE request which is routed towards the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. The INVITE request is addressed to the SCC AS PSI DN in the Request-URI.

**Table A.5.3-15: SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP msc2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:icscf1.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home2.net
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;
        +g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message.

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS inserts the tel-URI containing the subscriber number, as received from the ICS UE B.

**Accept-Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmtel media feature tag in the INVITE request.

**Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the GRUU received at registration, the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel" and the media feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "server".

**SDP:** The SDP contains preconfigured set of codecs supported by the MGW.

#### 16. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 17. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in Table A.5.3-17

The SIP INVITE request is sent to the SCC AS.

**Table A.5.3-17: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP msc2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net:lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net:lr>;orig-dialog-
    id="yuflsae80r3rb3fh31ondyr829cnyr381cn932YDWref0w0-wwtg374"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Access-Network-Info:
Accept-Contact:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Require:
Proxy-Require:
Security-Verify:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=-
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**18. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**19. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.5.3-19.**

The SCC AS responds to the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 200 (OK) response that includes an SDP answer.

**Table A.5.3-19: SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP msc2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKKnashds7
Record-Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>,<sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-2222>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>;tag=378959
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
    00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel">
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::ggg:fff:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::ggg:fff:aaa:bbb
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=rtptime:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=maxptime:20

```

**20. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

**21. CONNECT message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to ICS UE B)**

The enhance MSC Server maps the received SIP 200 (OK) response to a CONNECT message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**22. CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT message (ICS UE B to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The ICS UE A sends a CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT message upon receiving the CONNECT message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**23-24. SIP ACK request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS interworks the received CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT message to a SIP ACK request which is routed to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**25-26. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (ICS UE B to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The ICS UE B responds to the received SIP INVITE request with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response. The response contains no SDP body and contains no ICS specific content. The SIP 180 (Ringing) response is routed to the SCC AS.

**27-28. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (SCC AS to originating IM CN subsystem via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS routes the received SIP 180 (Ringing) response towards the originating network and the calling party.

**29. SIP 200 (OK) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.5.3-29**

The ICS UE B responds to the received initial SIP INVITE request with a SIP 200 (OK) response. This SIP 200 (OK) response includes an SDP answer from the ICS UE and indicates resources have been reserved and the dialog can be established.

**Table A.5.3-29: SIP 200 (OK) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKfeh9083, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b44.1, SIP/2.0/UDP sccas2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf2.visited2.net;lr>, <sip:scscf2.home2.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgklkj490333
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact:
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=PSTN - -
t=0 0
m=audio 9 PSTN -
a=setup:active
a=connection:new
a=cs-correlation:callerid:+358504821437
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
```

### 30. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The SIP 200 (OK) response and final SDP answer from the ICS UE is routed towards the SCC AS.

### 31. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in Table A.5.3-31

The SCC AS, acting as a B2BUA, generates a SIP 200 (OK) response based upon the SIP 200 (OK) response received and is routed towards the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. This SIP 200 (OK) response includes an answer SDP in response to the offer SDP that was received by the SCC AS in the original SIP INVITE request. The answer SDP indicates the IP addressed and codecs of the MGW as received by the SCC AS during CS bearer setup.

**Table A.5.3-31: SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKfeh9083, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b44.1, SIP/2.0/UDP sccas2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf2.visited2.net;lr>, <sip:scscf2.home2.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact:
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:eee
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=maxptime:20

```

**32. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to originating IM CN subsystem via)**

The SIP 200 (OK) response is routed towards the originating UE via the originating IM CN subsystem.

**33-34. SIP ACK request (originating IM CN subsystem to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities and SCC AS)**

The originating IM CN subsystem sends a SIP ACK request to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

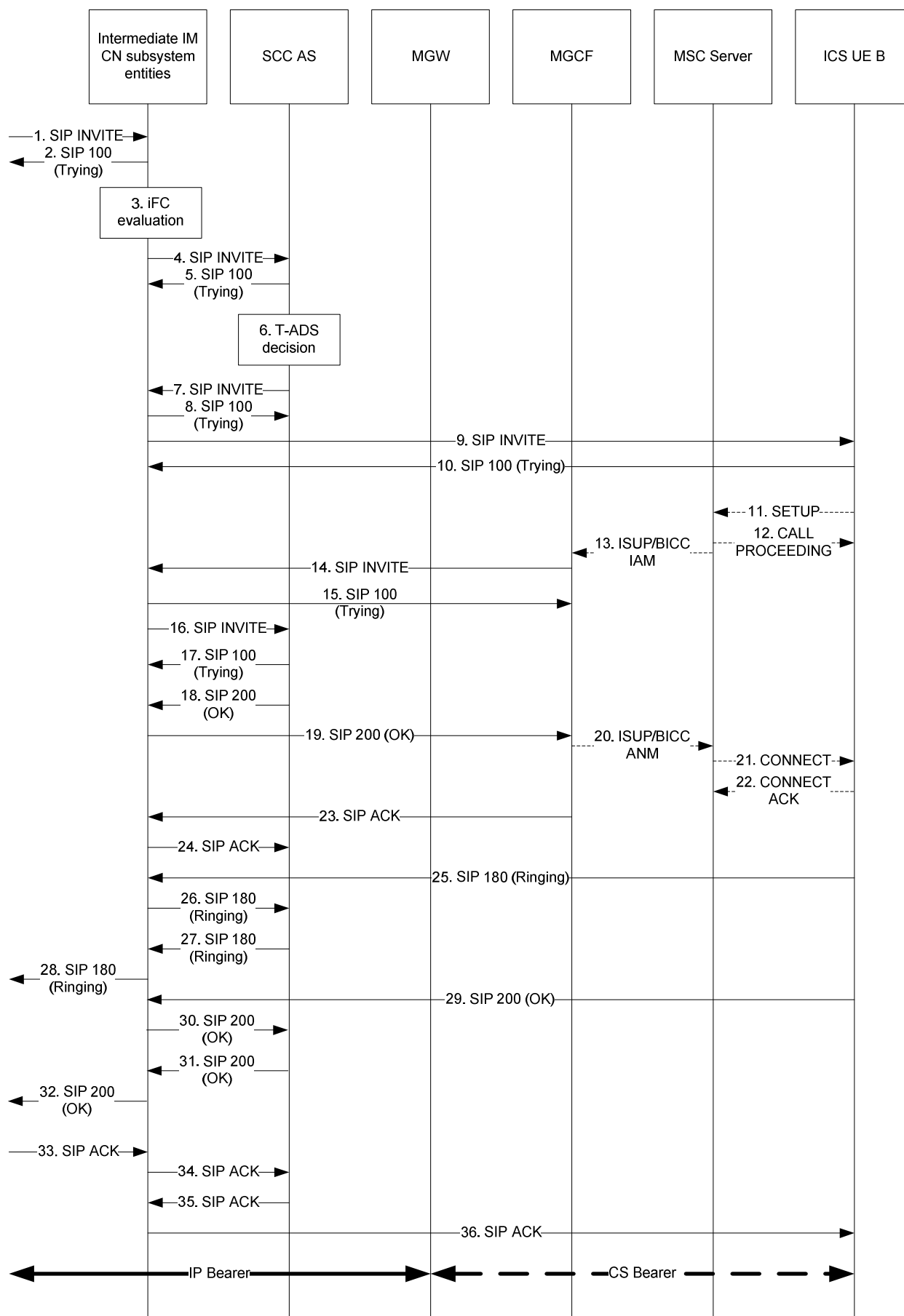
**35-36. SIP ACK request (SCC AS to ICS UE B via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities and SCC AS)**

The SCC AS sends a SIP ACK request to the ICS UE B via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

## A.5.4 Signalling flows for termination to an ICS UE with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS

Figure A.5.4-1 shows the termination of a call to an ICS UE using CS bearers controlled through the IM CN subsystem. In this example the MSC Server is not enhanced for ICS thus translation at the MGCF of ISUP message to SIP messages is required.





**Figure A.5.4-1: ICS UE termination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

1-12. These steps are identical to steps 1-12 described in subclause A.5.3 (Signalling flows for termination to an ICS UE with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

### 13. ISUP IAM message (MSC Server not enhanced for ICS to MGCF)

The MSC Server not enhanced for ICS maps the received SETUP message to an ISUP IAM message that is routed towards the MGCF.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the IAM includes:

- Called Party Number parameter = [Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan], (type of number = international number), (Number digits = 12125556666)]. The Called Party Number is set to the SCC AS PSI DN, as received in the SETUP message.
- Calling Party Number parameter = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number), (Number digits = 12125552222)]

### 14. SIP INVITE request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.5.4-14.

The MGCF maps the received ISUP IAM message to a SIP INVITE request which is routed towards the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. The INVITE request is addressed to the SCC AS PSI DN in the Request-URI.

**Table A.5.4-14: SIP INVITE request (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:icscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel: +1-212-555-2222>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602Irt5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home2.net
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-2222>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition
Contact:<sip:mgcf1.home1.net>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20
```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message.

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MGCF inserts the tel-URI containing the subscriber number, as received from the ICS UE B.

**SDP:** The SDP contains preconfigured set of codecs supported by the MGW.

### 15. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server not enhanced for ICS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the MSC Server not enhanced for ICS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 16. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in Table A.5.4-16

The SIP INVITE request is sent to the SCC AS.

**Table A.5.4-16: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```
INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-
    id="yuflsae80r3rb3fh31ondyr829cnyr381cn932YDWref0w0-wwtg374"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Accept-Contact:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=-
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
```

#### 17. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 18. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.5.4-18

The SCC AS responds to the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 200 (OK) response that includes an SDP answer.

**Table A.5.4-18: SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP mgcf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Record-Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>,<sip:scscf2.home2.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-2222>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>;tag=1667452
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
    00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel">
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::ggg:fff:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::ggg:fff:aaa:bbb
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=maxptime:20

```

**19. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem to MGCF)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MSC Server not enhanced for ICS.

**20. ISUP ANM message (MGCF to MSC Server not enhanced for ICS)**

On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MGCF generates an ISUP ANM message and sends this to the MSC Server not enhanced for ICS.

There is no ICS specific content in this message.

21-22. These steps are identical to steps 19-20 described in subclause A.5.3.

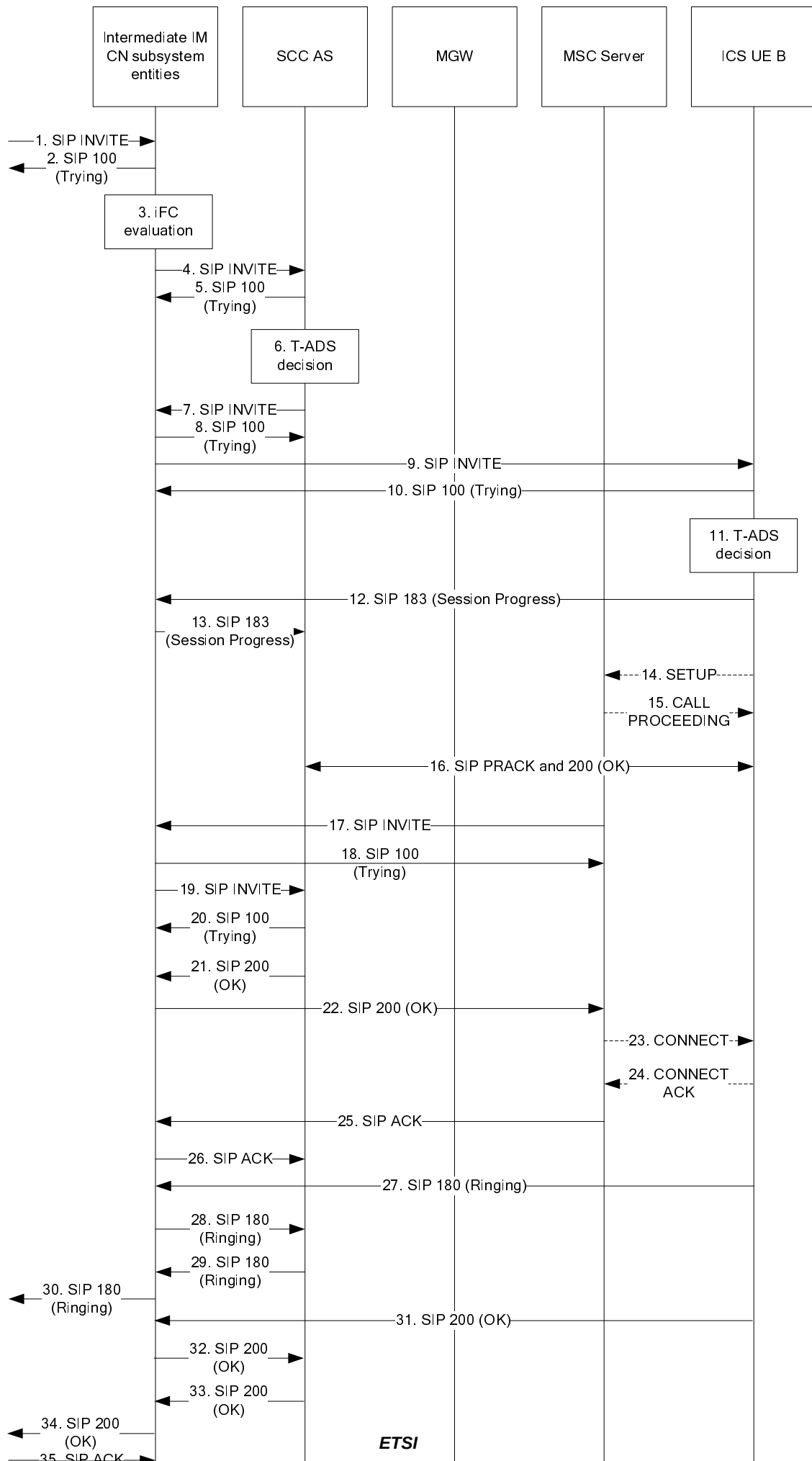
**23-24. SIP ACK request (MGCF to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MGCF sends a SIP ACK request which is routed to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

25-36. These steps are identical to steps 23-34 described in subclause A.5.3.

## A.5.5 Signalling flows for termination to an ICS UE with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS and UE assisted T-ADS

Figure A.5.5-1 shows the termination of a call to an ICS UE using CS bearers controlled through the IM CN subsystem. In this example the MSC Server is enhanced for ICS and is capable of translating NAS signalling received from the ICS UE to SIP and vice versa. In this example, the UE supports UE assisted terminating access domain selection.



### Figure A.5.5-1: ICS UE termination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC Server enhanced for ICS – UE assisted T-ADS

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

**1-5: These steps are identical to steps 1-5 described in subclause A.5.3.**

The SDP shows that local preconditions on the originating side are met.

**6. Terminating Access Domain Selection**

The SCC AS performs initial T-ADS selecting IMS for the service control signalling when UE-B is registered in the IMS.

**7. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.5.5-7.**

The SCC AS, acting as a routing B2BUA, generates a SIP INVITE request based upon the received SIP INVITE request and sends it to the intermediate subsystem entities.

**Table A.5.5-7: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5
Max-Forwards: 65
Route: <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route:<sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Function-Addresses: ccf=[5555::b99:c88:d77:e66]; ccf=[5555::a55:b44:c33:d22];
    ecf=[5555::1ff:2ee:3dd:4ee]; ecf=[5555::6aa:7bb:8cc:9dd]
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact: *,+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Accept-Contact: *,+g.3gpp.ics="principal";explicit;require
Privacy:
From: <sip:user2_public1@home2.net>;tag=171828
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Accept:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length:

v=0
o=2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::eee:ccc:aaa:bbb
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::eee:fff:aaa:bbb
t=0 0
a=creq:med-v0
m=audio 49170 RTP/AVP 97 3 98
a=rtpmap:97 AMR/8000/1
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:98 telephone-event/8000
a=fmtp:98 0-15
a=ccap:2 PSTN E164 +12125556666
a=tcap:2 PSTN
a=omcap:4 -
a=acap:1 setup:actpass
a=acap:2 connection:new
a=pcfg:1
a=pcfg:2 t=2 m=4 c=2 a=1,2
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos optional remote sendrecv

```

**8. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 9. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to ICS UE B)

The SIP INVITE request is routed towards the called party ICS UE B since further iFC evaluation is not necessary.

#### 10. SIP 100 (Trying) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The ICS UE B responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 11. Terminating Access Domain Selection

The ICS UE performs T-ADS. In this example the UE chooses a CS bearer for media

#### 12 SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (ICS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.5.5-12

The ICS UE generates a SIP 183 (Session Progress) response based upon the received SIP INVITE request and indicates in the SDP that the CS media bearer is used.

**Table A.5.5-12: SIP 183 (Session Progress) response (IMS UE to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 183 Session Progress
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK240f34.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP sccas .home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnas34r5,
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr>;<sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>;<sip:sccas .home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home2.net>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=171820
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Require: 100rel
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="principal"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=
t=0 0
m=audio 9 PSTN -
c=PSTN - -
a=acfg:2 t=2 m=4 c=2 a=1,2
a=setup:active
a=connection:new
a=cs-correlation:callerid:+12125552222
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrecv
```

#### 14. SETUP message (ICS UE B to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The ICS UE B initiates bearer setup in the CS domain by sending a SETUP message to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

Specifically for this signalling flow, the SETUP message includes:

- Called Party Number information element = [(Numbering plan identifier = ISDN/telephony numbering plan), (type of number = international number ), (Number digits = 1212556666)]. The Called Party Number information element is set to the SCC AS PSI DN.
- Bearer Capability information element = [(information transfer capability = speech), (speech versions = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]
- Supported Codec List information element = {[ (SysID 1 = UMTS), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 1 = UMTS AMR 2)], [(SysID 2 = GSM), (Codec Bitmap for SysID 2 = FR AMR, GSM EFR, GSM FR)]}

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS knows the calling party number corresponding to the ICS UE B.

#### 15. **CALL PROCEEDING message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to ICS UE B)**

Upon receipt of the SETUP message from the ICS UE B, the MSC Server enhanced for ICS responds with a CALL PROCEEDING message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

#### 16. **SIP PRACK request (SCC AS to IM CN subsystem entities)**

SCC AS acknowledges the receipt of SIP 183 (Session Progress) response.

#### 16. **SIP PRACK request and SIP 200 (OK) response**

The SCC AS sends a SIP PRACK request towards the ICS UE via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities as a result of receiving the reliably sent SIP 183 (Session Progress) response containing the SDP answer.

Upon receipt of the SIP PRACK request, the ICS UE responds with a SIP 200 (OK) response towards the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

There is no ICS specific content in these SIP messages.

#### 17. **SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in A.5.5-17.**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS maps the received SETUP message to a SIP INVITE request which is routed towards the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. The INVITE request is addressed to the SCC AS PSI DN in the Request-URI.



**Table A.5.5-17: SIP INVITE request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP msc2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:icscf2.home1.net:lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel: +1-212-555-2222>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home2.net
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmmtel"
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=276859
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="server"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:fff
s=
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:fff
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrecv
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**Request-URI:** SCC AS PSI DN as received in the SETUP message.

**P-Asserted-Identity:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS inserts the tel-URI containing the subscriber number, as received from the ICS UE B.

**Accept-Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the mmmtel feature tag in the INVITE request .

**Contact:** The MSC Server enhanced for ICS includes the GRUU received at registration, the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmmtel" and the media feature tag g.3gpp.ics set to "server".

**SDP:** The SDP contains preconfigured set of codecs supported by the MGW.

#### 18. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

#### 19. SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in Table A.5.5-19

The SIP INVITE request is sent to the SCC AS.

**Table A.5.5-19: SIP INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```

INVITE tel:+1-212-555-6666 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP msc2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>;orig-dialog-
    id="yuflsae80r3rb3fh31ondyr829cn932YDwref0w0-wwtg374"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy:
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Accept-Contact:
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Content-Type:
Content-Length: (...)

v=
o=-
s=
c=
t=
m=
b=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=
a=

```

**20. SIP 100 (Trying) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS responds to the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities with a SIP 100 (Trying) response. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**21. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.5.5-21.**

The SCC AS responds to the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 200 (OK) response that includes an SDP answer. The SDP shows local preconditions as received in the SIP INVITE request in step 4.

**Table A.5.5-21: SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP msc2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Record-Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>,<sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info:
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-2222>;tag=276859
To: <tel:+1-212-555-6666>;tag=347529
Call-ID: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact:<sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
    ad76cc7fc74>;g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel">
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=maxptime:20

```

**22. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities route the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS.

**23. CONNECT message (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to ICS UE B)**

The enhance MSC Server maps the received SIP 200 (OK) response to a CONNECT message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**24. CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT message (ICS UE B to MSC Server enhanced for ICS)**

The ICS UE A sends a CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGMENT message upon receiving the CONNECT message. There is no ICS specific content in this message.

**25-26. SIP ACK request (MSC Server enhanced for ICS to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The MSC Server enhanced for ICS interworks the received CONNECT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT message to a SIP ACK request which is routed to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**27-28. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (ICS UE B to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The ICS UE B responds to the received SIP INVITE request with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response. The response contains no SDP body and contains no ICS specific content. The SIP 180 (Ringing) response is routed to the SCC AS.

**29-30. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (SCC AS to originating IM CN subsystem via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SCC AS routes the received SIP 180 (Ringing) response towards the originating network and the calling party.

**31. SIP 200 (OK) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.5.5-27**

The ICS UE B responds to the received initial SIP INVITE request with a SIP 200 (OK) response. This SIP 200 (OK) does not include an SDP body.

### 32. SIP 200 (OK) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

The SIP 200 (OK) response from the ICS UE is routed towards the SCC AS.

### 33-34. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to originating IM CN subsystem via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The SIP 200 (OK) response is routed towards the originator of the session in the originating IM CN subsystem. This SIP 200 (OK) response includes an SDP answer the corresponds to the SDP received from the MSC server enhanced for ICS and indicates that local preconditions are met.

**Table A.5.5-33: SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.visited2.net;branch=z9hG4bK431h23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Record-Route: <sip:pcscf1.visited1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sccas.home1net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-FDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
Privacy: none
From: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>;tag=171828
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=684213
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
CSeq:
Require: 100rel, precondition
Contact:<sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
    00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn:3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933623 2987933623 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
a=curr:qos local sendrcv
a=curr:qos remote sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrcv
a=des:qos mandatory remote sendrcv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=maxptime:20
```

### 35-36. SIP ACK request (originating IM CN subsystem to SCC AS via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities and SCC AS)

The originating IM CN subsystem sends a SIP ACK request to the SCC AS via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

### 37-38. SIP ACK request (SCC AS to ICS UE B via intermediate IM CN subsystem entities and SCC AS)

The SCC AS sends a SIP ACK request to the ICS UE B via the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities. There is no ICS specific content in this response.

## A.6 Signalling flows for supplementary service invocation for ICS

### A.6.1 Communication Hold/Resume with Announcement

Figure A.6.1-1 provides the example flow for ICS Communication Hold/Resume with Announcement over Gm reference point for the ICS UE. The SCC AS shown together with MRF is for the purpose of simplifying the signalling flow.

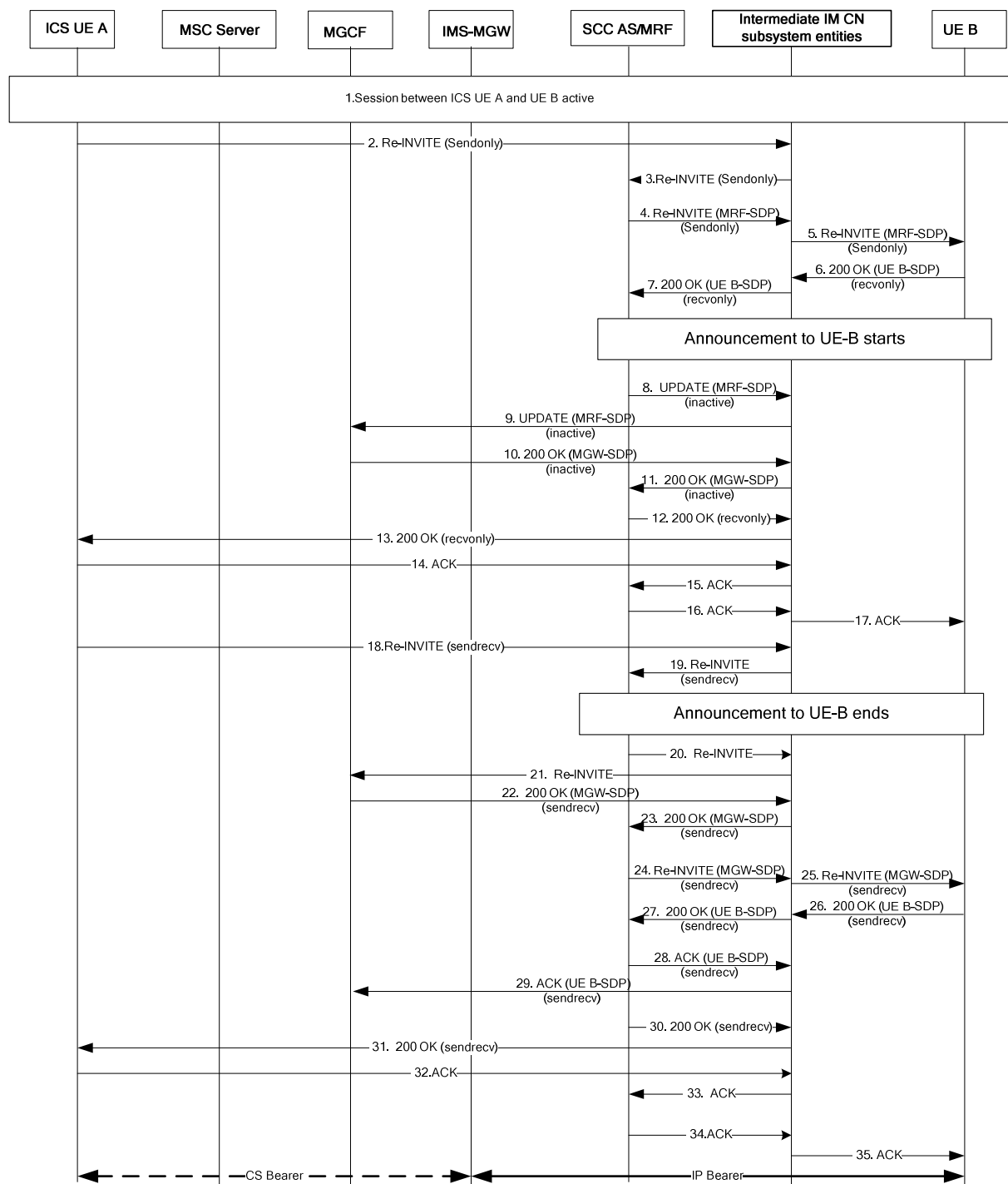


Figure A.6.1-1: ICS Communication Hold/Resume with Announcement over Gm reference point

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

### 1. Session establishment

It is assumed that as a result of ICS UE origination procedure defined in subclause A.4.2 .ICS UE A establish a multimedia session with UE B.

### 2. SIP re-INVITE request (ICS UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.1-2.

UE-A sends a re- INVITE request to UE-B to hold the session. Hold is done by changing the SDP attribute:

"a=sendonly", if the stream was previously a sendrecv media stream;

"a=inactive", if the stream was previously a recvonly media stream.

**Table A.6.1-2: SIP re-INVITE request (ICS UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74> SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [4444::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds8
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr;comp=sigcomp>, <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>,
<scas.home1.net>
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>;tag=171829
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>; tag=184483
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgKlkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="principal">
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
```

**Editor's Note:** The SDP in this SIP INVITE request needs to be specified.

### 3. SIP re-INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS )

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forwards the re-INVITE request to SCC AS/TAS based upon initial filter criterion.

### 4-5. SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)- see example in table A.6.1-4.

SCC AS will generate the re-INVITE request containing IMS media and forward it towards UE B. The MGW-SDP is obtained during ICS UE A originating procedure..

**Table A.6.1-4: SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS/TAS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74> SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z1hG4bKnashds8;SIP/2.0/UDP
[4444::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds8
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=276859
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=347529
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgKlkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555:: adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=sendonly

```

6. The UE B acknowledge the re-INVITE request with 200 (OK) response to S-CSCF with recvonly attribute- see example in table A.6.1-6

**Table A.6.1-6: 200 (OK) response (UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z1hG4bKnashds8;SIP/2.0/UDP
sccas@home1.net;branch=z1hG4bKnashds8;SIP/2.0/UDP
[5555::eee:fff:aaa:bbb]:8805;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bK23dh42.1
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74>
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee
s=-
c=IN IP6 3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=recvonly

```

## 7. SIP 200 (OK) response

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the 200 (OK) response to SCC AS according to standard IMS procedure.

After the SCC AS receive the 200 (OK) response, it will indicate MRF to play Announcement to UE-B in order to indicate Communication HOLD.

## 8. SIP UPDATE request (SCC AS/TAS/MRF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.1-8

The SCC AS generates SIP UPDATE request with SDP offer obtained from MRF in order to negotiate the media with inactive attribute.

**Table A.6.1-8: UPDATE request (SCC AS to IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

UPDATE sip:mgcf@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashdsb
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
From: <tel:+1-212-555-111>;tag=171828
To: <sip:+358-50-4821437@home1.net;user=phone>;tag=314159
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgklkj490333
Cseq: 129 UPDATE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee
s=-
c=IN IP6 3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3466 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=inactive

```

NOTE: Alternatively, unspecified connection address and/or zero bandwidth in SDP in step 4 and step 8 could be used in order to control RTCP and RTP data between the MGCF and UE-B.

### 9. SIP UPDATE request

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the UPDATE request to MGCF according to standard IMS procedure.

#### 10-11. SIP 200 (OK) response (MGCF to SCC AS)

In response to the SIP UPDATE request a SIP 200 (OK) response is sent from MGCF to SCC AS.

#### 12-13. SIP 200 (OK) response

The SCC AS will send a SIP 200 (OK) response to ICS UE A according to normal IMS procedure.

**Editor's Note:** The SDP in this SIP 200 (OK) response needs to be specified.

#### 14-17. ACK request

The SIP ACK request is sent from the ICS UE A to UE B according to standard IMS procedure.

#### 18. SIP re-INVITE request (ICS UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.1-18.

UE A sends a SIP re-INVITE request to UE B to resume the session. Resume is done by changing the SDP attribute:

**Table A.6.1-18: SIP re-INVITE request (ICS UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [4444::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds8
Max-Forwards: 68
Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr;comp=sigcomp>, <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>,
      <sccas.home1.net;lr>
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=171829
To: <sip:+358-50-4821437@home1.net;user=phone>;tag=184483
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgklkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-
00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-
service.ims.icsi.mmtel";+g.3gpp.ics="principal">
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

```



**Editor's Note:** The SDP in this SIP INVITE request needs to be specified.

#### 19. SIP re-INVITE request

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP re-INVITE request to SCC AS according to standard IMS procedure.

As SCC AS receives the SIP re-INVITE request, it will indicate MRF to stop Announcement.

#### 20. SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS to Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.1-20.

In order to re-connect the CS bearer and IMS bearer, SCC AS will generate the SIP re-INVITE request towards MGCF with no SDP according to standard 3PCC procedure.

**Table A.6.1-20: SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE sip:mgcf@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashdsb
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+123456>;tag=171829
To: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net>;tag=184483
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgKlkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
ad76cc7fc74>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Length:0
```

#### 21. SIP re-INVITE request

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP re-INVITE request to MGCF according to standard IMS procedure.

#### 22. The MGCF acknowledge the re-INVITE request with SIP 200 (OK) to ICS UE A with sendrecv attribute- see example in table A.6.1-22

**Table A.6.1-22: SIP 200 (OK) response (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23436s.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23d244.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
Privacy: none
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact: <sip:mgcf@home1.net>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Type:application/SDP
Content-Length:(...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555:: adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=sendrecv
```

**NOTE:** It is assumed that MGCF will respond to the SIP re-INVITE request with the SDP offer containing "sendrecv" attribute.

#### 23. 200 (OK) response

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 200 (OK) response to SCC AS according to standard IMS procedure.

**24. SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS to Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.1-24.**

SCC AS generates a SIP re-INVITE request containing the SDP offer from MGW and forward it to UE B.

**Table A.6.1-24: SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashds3
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+123456>;tag=171829
To: <tel:+1-212-555-2222>;tag=184483
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgKlkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact: <sip:user2_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555:: adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=sendrecv
```

**25. SIP Re-INVITE request**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the Re-INVITE request to UE B according to standard IMS procedure.

**26. The UE B acknowledge the Re-INVITE request with 200 OK to ICS UE A with sendrecv attribute- see example in table A.6.1-26**

**Table A.6.1-26: 200 (OK) response (UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z1hG4bK23436s.1
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23436s.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
sccas.home1.net;branch=z9jG4bK23d244.1,
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602Irt5tAFrbHLso=323551024"
From:
To:
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home2.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-ad76cc7fc74>;g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee
s=-
c=IN IP6 3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=sendrecv
```

**27. 200 (OK) response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the 200 OK response to SCC AS according to standard IMS procedure.

**28-29. The SCC AS acknowledge the 200 OK from MGCF with ACK request**

SCC AS send ACK request with the SDP answer from UE B to MGCF according to standard IMS procedure.

**30-31. 200 OK response**

SCC AS send 200 OK response to UE A according to standard IMS procedure.

**32-33. ACK request**

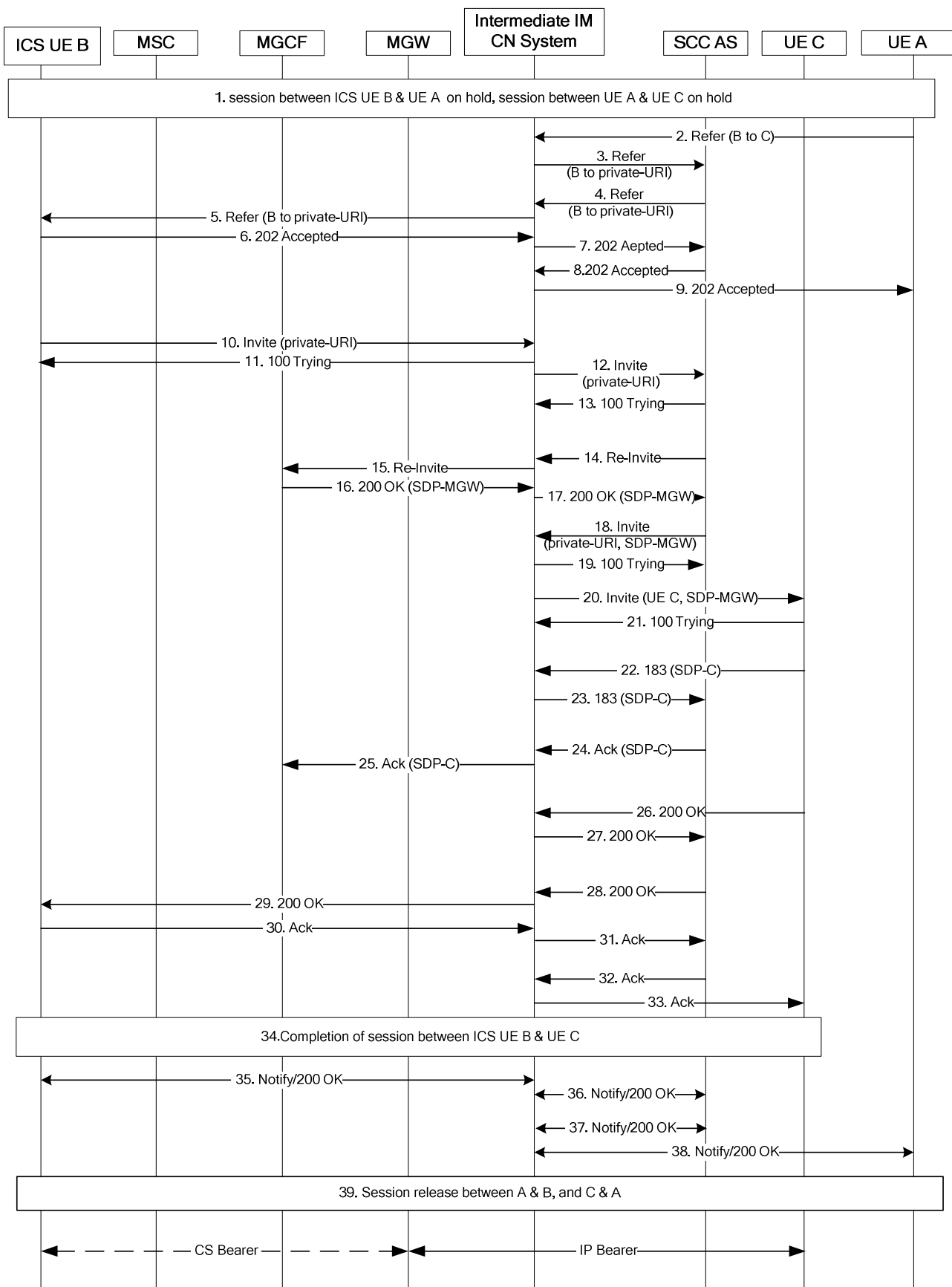
UE A acknowledge the 200 OK response with ACK request according to standard IMS procedure.

**34-35. ACK request**

The SIP ACK request is sent from the SCC AS to UE B according to standard IMS procedure thus completing session RESUME procedure.

## **A.6.2 Explicit Communication Transfer using Gm reference point, ICS UE as transfer recipient**

Figure A.6.2-1 describes how IMS consultative ECT is performed when ICS UE is playing the role of transfer recipient using Gm reference point. The UE A has a held call with UE C and a held call with ICS UE B before transfer.



**Figure A.6.2-1: IMS Consultative ECT via Gm for ICS UE (transfer recipient)**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

### 1. Session establishment and Communication HOLD

It is assumed that as a result of ICS UE origination procedure defined in subclause A.4.2, ICS UE B establish a multimedia session with UE A and session between UE A and UE C on HOLD according to the procedure specified in subclause A.6.1.

### 2. SIP REFER request (UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.2-2.

UE A initiates transfer of ICS UE B to UE C by sending a REFER request to ICS UE B as specified in 3GPP TS 24.173 [9]

It contains following parameters.

**Request-URI:** contains the public user identity of ICS UE B.

**Refer-To:** contains the GRUU of UE C.

**Referred-By:** contains the public user identity of the referring user. As in this example, the referring user UE A has decided to indicate its own identity to the referred user.

**Table A.6.2-2: SIP REFER request (UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
REFER sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:pcscf1.visited1.net:7531;lr;comp=sigcomp>, <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Preferred-Identity: "John Doe" <sip:uea_public1@home1.net>
Privacy: none
From: <sip:uea_public1@home1.net>; tag=171828
To: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 REFER
Refer-To: <sip:uec_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:e763c4acb-8-may-12b1-c678-12b1c88c6fa2;method=INVITE?Replaces=cb03a0s09a2sdfhlj490444;from-tag=165343;to-tag=236717&Require=replaces>
Referred-By: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net >
Contact<sip:uea_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;+g.3gpp.ics="principal";+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Length:0
```

### 3. SIP REFER request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS) – see example in table A.6.2-3

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the REFER request to SCC AS via Transferor AS, the Transferor AS will change the Refer-To header field value to ECT Session Identifier that is shown as private-URI in the flow, according to 3GPP TS 24.629 [19].

**Table A.6.2-3: SIP REFER request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)**

```
REFER sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9pG4bK392b23.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
ectas.home1.net;branch=z9hG3bK382b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9pG4bK392b25.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9aK4bK292b20.3, SIP/2.0/UDP
[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 66
Route: <sip:sccas.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: "John Doe" <sip:uea_public1@home1.net>
Privacy:
From:
To: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net>; tag=26876
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Refer-To: <sip:12345@ectas.home1.net>
Referred-By:
Contact:
Content-Length:
```

### 4-5. SIP REFER request

The SCC AS forwards the REFER request to ICS UE B according to normal IMS procedure.

**6. SIP 202 (Accepted) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.6.2-6**

**Table A.6.2-6: SIP 202 (Accepted) response (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
SIP/2.0 202 Accepted
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf2.home1.net;branch=z9aK4bK292b2x.3,SIP/2.0/UDP
scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9pG4bK392b23.1,SIP/2.0/UDP ectas.home1.net;branch=z9hG3bK382b23.1,
SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9pG4bK392b25.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9aK4bK292b20.3, SIP/2.0/UDP
[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Privacy:
From:
To: To: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net>; tag=26876
Call-ID:
CSeq:
Contact:<sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
ad76cc7fc74>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Length:0
```

**7-9. SIP 202 (Accepted) response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 202 (Accepted) response to UE A according to normal IMS procedure

**10. SIP INVITE request (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.2-10.**

The ICS UE B initiates session establishment towards private-URI set in the Refer-To header field by initiating an INVITE request.

**Table A.6.2-10: SIP INVITE request (ICS UE B to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```
INVITE sip:12345@ectas.home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds8
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:pcscf2.home1.net;lr;comp=sigcomp>, <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Preferred-Identity: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>
Privacy: none
From: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net>;tag=276589
To: <sip:12345@ectas.home1.net>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgKlkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact:<sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
ad76cc7fc74>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
```

**Editor's Note:** The SDP in this SIP INVITE request needs to be specified.

**11. SIP 100 (Trying) response (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to ICS UE B)**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the ICS UE B with a SIP 100 (Trying) response

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**12-13. SIP INVITE request / SIP 100 (Trying) response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP INVITE request to SCC AS and SCC AS respond with SIP 100 (Trying) response according to normal IMS procedure.

**14. SIP re-INVITE (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.6.2-14**

SCC AS initiates SIP re-INVITE request containing no SDP and sends it towards the MGCF according to standard 3PCC procedure.

**Table A.6.2-14: SIP re-INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:mgcf@home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bKnashdsb
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:uea@home1.net>
Privacy: none
From: <tel:+1-212-555-1111>;tag=171838
To: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net>;tag=184483
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfgKlkj490334
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact:<sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
ad76cc7fc74>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"Content-Length:0

```

**15. SIP re-INVITE request (intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to MGCF)**

Intermediate IM CN subsystem entity forwards the SIP re-INVITE request to MGCF according to normal IM CN subsystem procedure.

**16. SIP 200 (OK) response containing SDP-MGW (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.2-16****Table A.6.2-16: SIP 200 (OK) response (MGCF to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23436s.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23d244.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
Privacy: none
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact: <sip:mgcf@home1.net>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Type:application/sdp
Content-Length:(...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 ffff::adf:333:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 ffff::adf:333:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event

```

**17. SIP 200 (OK) response**

Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 200 (OK) response towards SCC AS.

**18. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.6.2-18**

SCC AS sends a SIP INVITE request containing SDP-MGW as a SDP offer towards the private-URI.

**Table A.6.2-18: SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:12345@ectas.home1.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bGnashds6
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:orig@scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Asserted-Identity: <tel: +1-212-555-1111>
Privacy: none
From: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net>;tag=171838
To: <sip:12345@ectas.home1.net>
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Contact: <sip:icsueb_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:2ad8950e-48a5-4a74-8d99-
ad76cc7fc74>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)
v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 ffff::adf:333:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 ffff::adf:333:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event

```

**19. SIP 100 (Trying) response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities respond to the SCC AS with a SIP 100 (Trying) response

There is no ICS specific content in this response.

**20-21. SIP INVITE request / SIP 100 (Trying) response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP INVITE request to private-URI, which will arrived at Transferor AS, and Transferor AS will add Replaces header field in the SIP INVITE request and send to UE C according to 3GPP TS 24.629 [19].

**22. SIP 183 (Session Progress) provisional response (UE C to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) - see example in table A.6.2-22**

UE C sends a SIP 183 (Session Progress) provisional response containing SDP-C as a SDP answer towards SCC AS via Transferor AS, according to normal IM CN subsystem procedure.



**Table A.6.2-22: 183 (Session Progress) (UE C to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 183 Session Progress
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23G36a.0, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23436s.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    ectas.home1.net;branch=z9hG3bK382b2a.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9pG4bK392b2x.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    sccas.home1.net;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bGnashds6
Privacy: none
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact: <sip:uec_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:e763c4acb-8-may-12b1-c678-
    12b1c88c6fa2>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Content-Type:application/sdp
Content-Length:(...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::adf:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 96
b=AS:25.4
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; maxframes=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event

```

**23. SIP 183 (Session Progress) provisional response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 183 (Session Progress) provisional response to SCC AS via Transferor AS, according to normal IMS procedure.

**24-25. SIP ACK request**

The SCC AS acknowledges the SIP 200 (OK) response from MGCF with an ACK request containing SDP-C according to standard 3PCC procedure.

**26-27. SIP 200 (OK) response**

UE C answers the call and sends a SIP 200 (OK) response towards SCC AS according to normal IMS procedure.

**28. SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)- see example in table A.6.2-28**

The SCC AS response to the SIP INVITE request from ICS UE B with a SIP 200 (OK) response according to normal IM CN subsystem procedure.

**Table A.6.2 -28: SIP 200 (OK) response (SCC AS to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

SIP/2.0 200 OK
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP sccas.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bGnashds8,SIP/2.0/UDP
    scscf1.home1.net;branch=z9pG4bK392b3o.1,SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf2.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK23G36b.0,SIP/2.0/UDP
    [3333::ccc:ddd:ccc:eee]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds8
Privacy: none
From:
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Contact: <sip:uec_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:e763c4acb-8-may-12b1-c678-
    12b1c88c6fa2>;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"Content-
    Type:application/sdp
Content-Length:(...)

```

**Editor's Note:** The SDP in this SIP 200 (OK) response needs to be specified.

**29. SIP 200 (OK) response**

The intermediate IM CN subsystem entities forward the SIP 200 (OK) response to ICS UE B according to normal IM CN subsystem procedure.

#### 30-31. SIP ACK request

The ICS UE B acknowledges the SIP 200 (OK) from SCC AS with an ACK request according to normal IM CN subsystem procedure.

#### 32-33. SIP ACK request

The SCC AS acknowledges the SIP 200 (OK) from UE C with an ACK request according to normal IM CN subsystem procedure.

#### 34. Session establishment

A session is established between ICS UE B and UE C.

#### 35-38. SIP NOTIFY request / SIP 200 (OK) response

The ICS UE B provides indication that the communication transfer is completed by sending a SIP NOTIFY request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.173 [9].

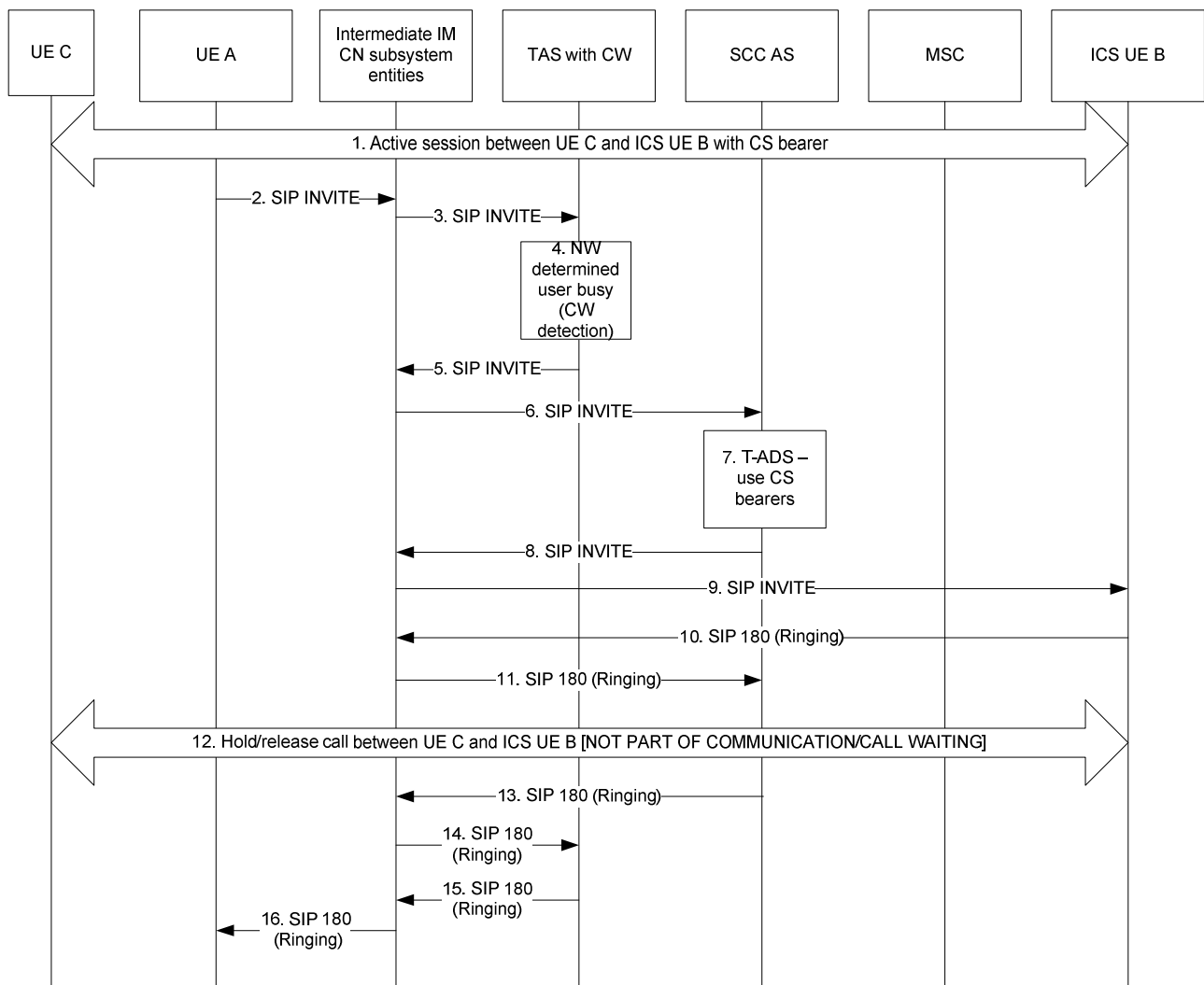
#### 39. Session Release

After communication transfer is completed the UE A releases the session with ICS UE B, and UE C releases the session with UE A according to the Replaces header field value.

## A.6.3 Communication Waiting

### A.6.3.1 Communication Waiting when using Gm

Figure A.6.3.1-1 illustrates the signalling flows for the Communication Waiting service when using Gm service control. This example shows an active session between the UE C and the ICS UE B with CS media bearer. The waiting session between UE A and the ICS UE B reuses CS media bearer. There can be other cases where the active session uses an IP media bearer and the waiting session uses a CS bearer and thus the CS bearer needs to be established. Alternatively the active session can use a CS bearer and T-ADS decision for the waiting call can result in deciding to use an IP media bearer.



**Figure A.6.3.1-1: Signalling flows for Communication Wait using Gm service control**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

**1. Active session between UE C and ICS UE using CS bearers for media**

An active session exists between UE C and ICS UE. The ICS UE uses CS bearers for the audio media.

**2. SIP INVITE request (UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.3.1-2.**

UE A originates a SIP INVITE request in order to establish a session with ICS UE, and thus the SIP INVITE request is forwarded towards the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities in the terminating network.

**Table A.6.3.1-2: SIP INVITE request (UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public2@home2.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Preferred-Identity: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: < sip:user2_public2@home2.net >
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;
    +g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel">
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Accept: application/sdp, application/3gpp-ims+xml
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=video 3400 RTP/AVP 98 99
b=AS:75
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=inactive
a=rtpmap:98 H263
a=fmtp:98 profile-level-id=0
a=rtpmap:99 MP4V-ES
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 0 96
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

**3. SIP INVITE request (Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to TAS with CW)**

As a result of filter criteria evaluation at the terminating S-CSCF, the SIP INVITE request is forwarded to the TAS with CW.

**4. CW detection at the TAS with CW (Network determined user busy)**

The AS detects the CW condition and inserts a CW indication into the SIP INVITE request as described in 3GPP TS 24.615 [18].

**5. SIP INVITE request (TAS with CW to Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in Table A.6.3.1-5**



The SCC AS performs T-ADS and selects Gm service control to be used with CS media bearers.

**8-9. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to ICS UE B via Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SIP INVITE request is routed towards the ICS UE B.

**10-11. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (ICS UE B to Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

ICS UE B responds with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response with an Alert-Info header field set to "urn:alert:service:call-waiting" according to IETF RFC 7462 [38], which is routed towards the SCC AS through the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

**12. Hold/resume call between UE C and ICS UE B**

[out of scope: user B uses the Call Hold service as specified in subclause 12.2.4 or releases a call]

**13-14. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (SCC AS to TAS WITH CW via IM CN subsystem entities)**

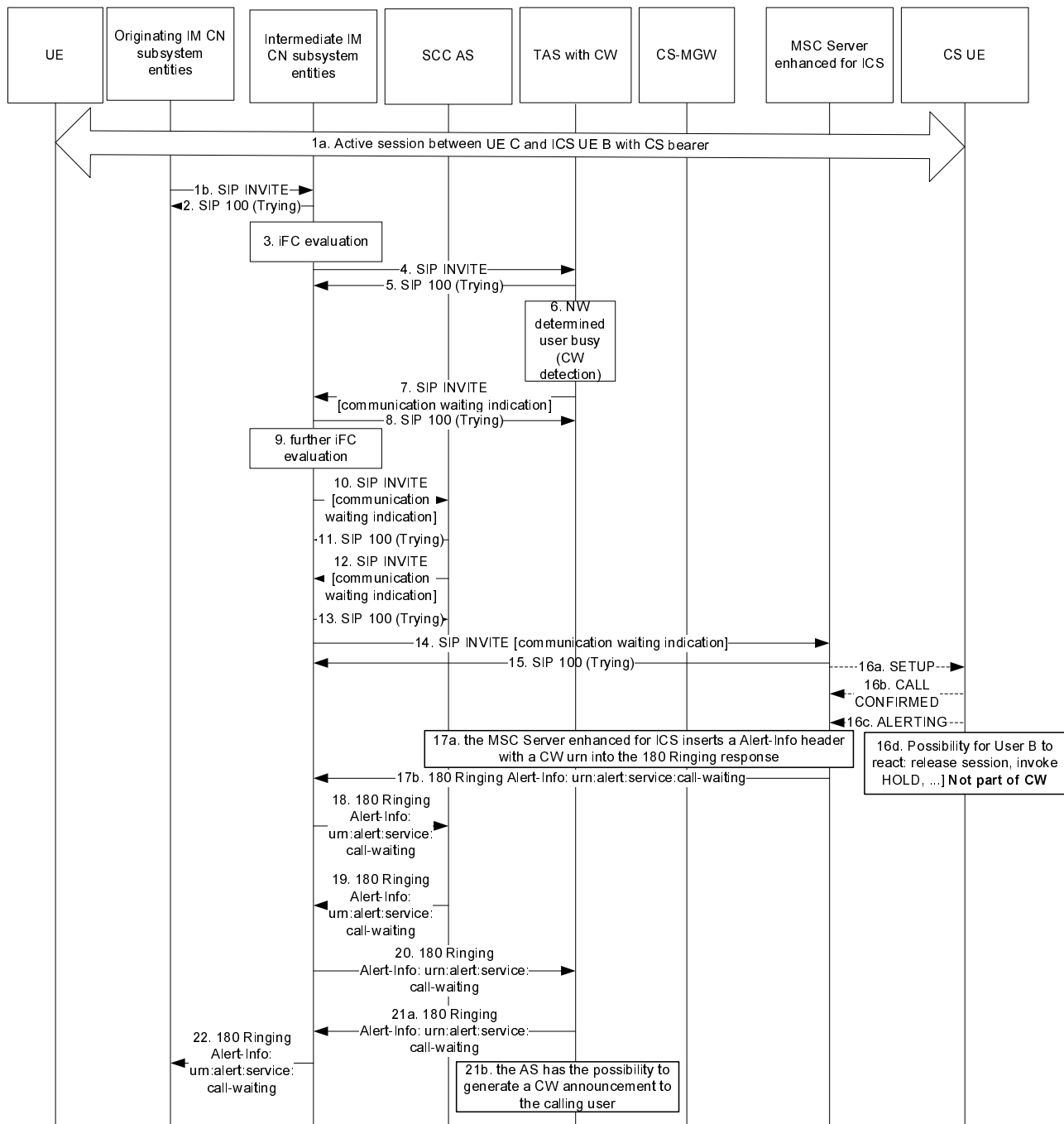
The SCC AS sends the SIP 180 (Ringing) response with an Alert-Info header field set to "urn:alert:service:call-waiting" according to IETF RFC 7462 [38], towards the TAS WITH CW.

**15-16. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (TAS WITH CW to UE A via IM CN subsystem entities)**

The SIP 180 (Ringing) response is forwarded through the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities and the originating IM CN subsystem towards UE A.

### **A.6.3.2 Communication Waiting via the MSC Server enhanced for ICS**

Figure A.6.3.2-1 illustrates the signalling flows for the Communication Waiting service via the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. This example shows an active session between a UE and the CS UE with CS media bearer. The waiting session between a UE C and the ICS UE reuses CS media bearer.



**Figure A.6.3.2-1: Communication Waiting via the MSC Server enhanced for ICS**

The details of the signalling flows are as follows:

**1a. Active session between a UE and CS UE using CS bearers for media**

An active session exists between a UE and CS UE. The CS UE uses CS bearers for the audio media.

**1b. SIP INVITE request (originating IM CN subsystem entities to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.3.2-1b.**

A SIP INVITE request is forwarded towards the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities in the terminating network in order to establish a session with the CS UE.

**Table A.6.3.2-1b: SIP INVITE request (UE A to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public2@home2.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
  
```

```

Max-Forwards: 70
Route: <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>
P-Access-Network-Info: 3GPP-UTRAN-TDD; utran-cell-id-3gpp=234151D0FCE11
P-Asserted-Identity: "John Doe" <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>, <tel:+1-212-555-1111>
P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AyretyU0dm+602IrT5tAFrbHLso=023551024"; orig-ioi=home1.net
P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel
Accept-Contact: *;+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"
Privacy: none
From: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>;tag=171828
To: < sip:user2_public2@home2.net >
Call-ID: cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333
Cseq: 127 INVITE
Supported: 100rel, precondition, gruu, 199
Contact: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net;gr=urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6>;
+g.3gpp.icsi-ref="urn%3Aurn-7%3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel">
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, MESSAGE
Accept: application/sdp, application/3gpp-ims+xml
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: (...)

v=0
o=- 2987933615 2987933615 IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
s=-
c=IN IP6 5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd
t=0 0
m=video 3400 RTP/AVP 98 99
b=AS:75
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=inactive
a=rtpmap:98 H263
a=fmtp:98 profile-level-id=0
a=rtpmap:99 MP4V-ES
m=audio 3456 RTP/AVP 97 0 96
a=tcap:1 RTP/AVPF
a=pcfg:1 t=1
b=AS:25.4
a=curr:qos local none
a=curr:qos remote none
a=des:qos mandatory local sendrecv
a=des:qos none remote sendrecv
a=inactive
a=rtpmap:97 AMR
a=fmtp:97 mode-set=0,2,5,7; mode-change-period=2
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event
a=maxptime:20

```

#### 4. SIP INVITE request (Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to TAS with CW)

As a result of filter criteria evaluation at the terminating S-CSCF, the SIP INVITE request is forwarded to the TAS with CW.

#### 6. CW detection at the TAS with CW (Network determined user busy)

The AS detects the CW condition and inserts a CW indication into the SIP INVITE request as described in 3GPP TS 24.615 [18].

#### 7. SIP INVITE request (TAS with CW to Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities) – see example in table A.6.3.2-7

**Table A.6.3.2-7: SIP INVITE request (TAS with CW to intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)**

```

INVITE sip:user2_public2@home2.net SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP scscf2.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b33.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    icscf2_s.home2.net;branch=z9hG4bK871y12.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK332b23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    pcscf1.home1.net;branch=z9hG4bK431h23.1, SIP/2.0/UDP
    [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]:1357;comp=sigcomp;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7
Max-Forwards:
Route: <sip:cwas2.home2.net;lr>, <sip:cb03a0s09a2sdfglkj490333@scscf2.home2.net;lr>;orig-
dialog-id="0:73935718_92645110-712786jd246395302d-zKE"
Record-Route: <sip:scscf2.home2.net;lr>, <sip:scscf1.home1.net;lr>, <sip:pcscf1.home1.net;lr>

```



```
P-Access-Network-Info:
P-Asserted-Identity:
P-Charging-Vector:
P-Asserted-Service:
Accept-Contact:
Privacy:
From: <sip:user1_public1@home1.net>;tag=687364
To:
Call-ID:
Cseq:
Supported:
Contact:
Allow:
Accept:
Content-Type: multipart/mixed;boundary="boundary1"
Content-Length: (...)
```

```
--boundary1
Content-Type: application/sdp
```

$$v=0$$
$$0 = -$$
$$S = -$$

C=

 $t =$  $m =$ 

b=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

 $m =$ 

a=

a=

b=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

a=

b.

--boundary1  
Content-Type

Content-Type: application/vnd.3gpp.cwt+xml

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
```

```
<ims-cw xmlns="urn:3gpp:ns:cw:1.0">
```

```
</communication-waiting-indication/>
```

</ims-cw>  
 boundar

--boundary1--

## 10. SIP INVITE request (Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities to SCC AS)

As a result of further iFC evaluation, the SIP INVITE request is routed towards the SCC AS.

### 12-13. SIP INVITE request (SCC AS to the MSC Server enhanced for ICS via Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

The SCC AS selects the MSC Server enhanced for ICS. The SIP INVITE request is routed towards the CS UE.

## 16. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (CS UE and MSC Server enhanced for ICS)

MSC Server enhanced for ICS and the CS UE signal according to 3GPP TS 24.083 [26].

## 17-22. SIP 180 (Ringing) response (CS UE to Intermediate IM CN subsystem entities)

ICS UE B responds with a SIP 180 (Ringing) response with an Alert-Info header field set to "urn:alert:service:call-waiting" according to IETF RFC 7462 [38], which is routed towards the SCC AS through the intermediate IM CN subsystem entities.

---

## Annex B (normative): Media feature tags defined within the current document

### B.1 General

This subclause describes the media feature tag definitions that are applicable for the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem for the realisation of ICS.

---

### B.2 Definition of media feature tag g.3gpp.ics

Media feature-tag name: g.3gpp.ics

ASN.1 Identifier: 1.3.6.1.8.2.6

Summary of the media feature indicated by this tag: This feature-tag when used in a SIP REGISTER request indicates that the function is ICS capability and may operate in ICS mode. This feature-tag when used in a none SIP REGISTER method indicates that the function wants to invoke ICS functionality.

Values appropriate for use with this feature-tag: principal; server.

**principal** When used in a SIP REGISTER request indicates that the function that is ICS capable is a mobile phone. When used in another SIP method indicates that the function wants to invoke ICS functionality.

**server** Indicates that the function that is ICS capable is a network node.

The feature-tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation mechanisms: This feature-tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Indicating that a mobile phone (principal) can support or wants to use ICS or that a network node (server) wants to invoke ICS functionality

Related standards or documents: 3GPP TS 24.292 [11]; "3GPP Technical Specification: IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem Centralized Services (ICS); Stage 3"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature-tag are discussed in subclause 12.1 of IETF RFC 3840 [34].

---

### B.3 Definition of media feature tag g.3gpp.accesstype

Media feature-tag name: g.3gpp.accesstype

ASN.1 Identifier: 1.3.6.1.8.2.7

Summary of the media feature indicated by this tag: This feature-tag when used in a SIP REGISTER request indicates access network technology used by the device and the particular registration flow that the device is using to register over.

Values appropriate for use with this feature-tag: string with an equality relationship

Examples

- "wlan1" : the UE is using WLAN access technology.
- "cellular2": the UE is using cellular access technology.
- "docsis4": the UE is using DOCSIS access technology.

- "dsl3": the UE is using DSL access technology.
- "ethernet5": the UE is using Ethernet access technology.

This list is not exhaustive.

The feature-tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation mechanisms: This feature-tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Indicating the access technology that the device is using

Related standards or documents: 3GPP TS 24.292 [11]: "3GPP Technical Specification: IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem Centralized Services (ICS); Stage 3"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature-tag are discussed in subclause 12.1 of IETF RFC 3840 [34].

## Annex C (informative): Change history

| Change history |        |                        |    |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |       |       |
|----------------|--------|------------------------|----|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Date           | TSG #  | TSG Doc.               | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Old   | New   |
| 2008-05        | CT1#53 | C1-081527              |    |     | Initial skeleton from rapporteur                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -     | 0.0.0 |
| 2008-05        | CT1#53 | C1-082003<br>C1-082004 |    |     | Incorporate agreed P-CRs from CT1#53                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.0.0 | 0.1.0 |
| 2008-06        |        |                        |    |     | Update to include specification number                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.1.0 | 0.1.1 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082130              |    |     | Update of skeleton. Additional editorial fixes:<br>Reduced numbering levels by reducing the nested subclauses (and this fixed the numbering issues in the process)                                                                           | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082322              |    |     | Addition of deregistration for MSC Server enhanced for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082756              |    |     | Example signalling flow for CS UE origination via an MSC enhanced for ICS where the origination MSC server enhanced for ICS supports codec negotiation.                                                                                      | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082757              |    |     | Example signalling flow for CS UE origination via an MSC enhanced for ICS where the origination MSC server enhanced for ICS does not supports codec negotiation.                                                                             | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082758              |    |     | Pseudo-CR on Example signalling flow for CS UE termination with codec negotiation via enhanced MSC Server                                                                                                                                    | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082759              |    |     | Pseudo-CR on Example signalling flow for CS UE termination when not registered in IMS                                                                                                                                                        | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082760              |    |     | Flow for ICS Registration                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082761              |    |     | Pseudo-CR on registration procedure for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082598              |    |     | Pseudo-CR MSC as functional entity                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082599              |    |     | Subscription to reg-event for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082600              |    |     | Reregistration for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082762              |    |     | Pseudo-CR on ICS UE termination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an enhanced MSC Server                                                                                                                                     | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082763              |    |     | Pseudo-CR on Signalling flows for ICS UE origination with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC server (not enhanced for ICS)                                                                                                  | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 | C1-082764              |    |     | Pseudo-CR on Signalling flows for termination to an ICS UE with CS media using Gm reference point when using an MSC server (not enhanced for ICS)                                                                                            | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-06        | CT1#54 |                        |    |     | Rapporteur Cleanups<br>MSC server to MSC Server<br>Consistent use of "MSC Server enhanced for ICS"<br>"reponse" should be "response"<br>"ISC" should be "ICS"<br>"a MSC" should be "an MSC"<br>fixed typos<br>fixed table numbering in A.2.1 | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-082898              |    |     | General cleanup                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-082900              |    |     | Add signalling flows scope                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-082901              |    |     | Removal of unnecessary subclauses                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083061              |    |     | Introduction to Flows                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083063              |    |     | Introduction for Registration clause                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083066              |    |     | Network initiated deregistration                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083218              |    |     | ICS UE functional Entity                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083320              |    |     | supplementary service invocation using the MSC Server enhanced for ICS                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083321              |    |     | Supplementary service invocation for an ICS UE with IMS sessions using CS bearer                                                                                                                                                             | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083322              |    |     | When use of Gm or I1 reference point is not possible due to VPLMN limitations                                                                                                                                                                | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083327              |    |     | flow showing termination to an ICS UE with UE assisted T-ADS                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083328              |    |     | Registration procedure for SCC AS                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083330              |    |     | Use of I1 for Supplementary service invocation                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083331              |    |     | Supplementary service invocation for non ICS UE when attached to an MSC Server not enhanced for ICS                                                                                                                                          | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083333              |    |     | ICS using Gm termination procedures for SCC AS                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083334              |    |     | introduction text for origination, termination and session release                                                                                                                                                                           | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083335              |    |     | ICS UE role of registration                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083338              |    |     | ICS UE role of session release                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083339              |    |     | Signalling flow for Consultative ECT using 3PCC                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083340              |    |     | Signalling Flow for Communication HOLD/RESUME                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083341              |    |     | ECT service invocation using Gm interface for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08        | CT1#55 | C1-083342              |    |     | Communication HOLD/RESUME service invocation using Gm interface for ICS                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |

|         |           |           |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |       |       |
|---------|-----------|-----------|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    | C1-083403 |  | ICS UE role of call origination                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    | C1-083404 |  | ICS UE role of call termination                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    | C1-083323 |  | I1 Mobile Originated session using Enhanced MSC for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    | C1-083324 |  | I1 Mobile Terminated session using Enhanced MSC for ICS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    | C1-083325 |  | Signalling flows for termination to an ICS UE with CS media using I1 reference point when using an MSC server enhanced for ICS and UE assisted T-ADS                                                                                                                                                                                  | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    |           |  | Rapporteur cleanup and additions:<br>Fixed A.4.x references in A.4.3<br>Added Editor's note related to dependence on 24.293 for I1 subclauses<br>Several formatting issues<br>Changed "enhanced MSC Server" to "MSC Server enhanced for ICS"<br>Fixed numerous typos                                                                  | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |
| 2008-08 | CT1#55    |           |  | Rapporteur cleanup:<br>Fixed additional typos<br>Fixed formatting of Editor's note<br>Fixed some more "enhanced for MSC Server" than were previously missed                                                                                                                                                                           | 0.3.0 | 0.3.1 |
| 2008-09 |           |           |  | Version 1.0.0 created for presentation to CT-41 for information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.3.1 | 1.0.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-083878 |  | Remove duplicate reference to 24.008<br>Other editorial cleanup                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084017 |  | Removal of I1 interface                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084050 |  | Authorization header in MSC server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084051 |  | Reregistration Cleanup                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084206 |  | indicating CS bearers using SDP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084208 |  | Correction to originating session set up over Gm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084210 |  | Selecting the contact to route to with ICS and multiple registrations                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084211 |  | Session modification initiated from originating ICS UE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084215 |  | Aligning initial INVITE request's Accept header field with TS 24.229                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084217 |  | Text for Overview and Functional entities clauses                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084221 |  | Proposal for Instance ID                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084407 |  | UE Assisted T-ADS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084408 |  | SCC AS session release procedures using Gm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084428 |  | Correction to terminating session set up over Gm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084429 |  | Session modification initiated from originating ICS UE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084431 |  | Correction of ECT procedure                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084443 |  | Signalling flows for CW using Gm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis | C1-084444 |  | Clarification of P-Visited-Network-ID usage for MSC Server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 2008-10 | CT1#55bis |           |  | Rapporteur cleanup and editorials:<br>- Typos<br>- Correct list numbering (letters, then arabic numerals) (see 7.4.2)<br>- Fix headings for tables in A.4.3<br>- Fix headings for tables in A.4.4<br>- TADS --> T-ADS<br>- renumber subclauses<br>- renumber references<br>- media --> voice<br>- Gm interface --> Gm reference point |       |       |
| 2008-10 |           |           |  | Rapporteur: additional editorials based on received comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 1.1.0 | 1.1.1 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56    | C1-084685 |  | Indication of 199 (Early Dialog Terminated) support in ICS call flows                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56    | C1-084698 |  | MSC Server enhanced for ICS procedures during call release                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56    | C1-084738 |  | minor 24.292 cleanup (XML)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |

|         |        |           |      |   |                                                                                                        |       |       |
|---------|--------|-----------|------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-084787 |      |   | ECT Clean Up                                                                                           | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085021 |      |   | Cleanup and fixes for 24.292                                                                           | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085022 |      |   | Cleanup of feature tag name                                                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085107 |      |   | clarification of the use of PSI DN for ICS                                                             | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085108 |      |   | ICS procedures for Communication Waiting when using Gm service control                                 | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085210 |      |   | Restructure of session modification session                                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085211 |      |   | Addition to the procedure due to changes in the IETF drafts                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085212 |      |   | Clarification of the SDP answer for ECT                                                                | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085214 |      |   | Conferencing Procedure                                                                                 | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085215 |      |   | Feature tag clean up                                                                                   | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085217 |      |   | Signalling flow corrections                                                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085222 |      |   | 3GPP2 Alignment                                                                                        | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085225 |      |   | Introducing Communication Waiting via the MSC Server enhanced for ICS                                  | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085227 |      |   | UE executed T-ADS                                                                                      | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085228 |      |   | Service Configuration for ICS                                                                          | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085229 |      |   | Removal of IMS XML body from MSC Server procedures                                                     | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085232 |      |   | Several Minor ICS Corrections                                                                          | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085233 |      |   | using Garcia in modification procedures                                                                | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085234 |      |   | call flow to illustrate the example of CS UE origination when using an MSC server not enhanced for ICS | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085235 |      |   | clarification on the use of 24.228 in ICS                                                              | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085441 |      |   | MSC Server enhanced for ICS procedures during termination                                              | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085444 |      |   | Completion of Instance ID procedures                                                                   | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085447 |      |   | Removing the Inactive Calls                                                                            | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085463 |      |   | SCC AS cleanup                                                                                         | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 | CT1#56 | C1-085479 |      |   | SCC AS behaviour when receiving BYE                                                                    | 1.1.1 | 1.2.0 |
| 2008-11 |        |           |      |   | Rapporteur editorial fixes:<br>- Editorials (typos)<br>- header "field"<br>- Editor's notes cleanup    |       |       |
| 2008-11 |        |           |      |   | Version 2.0.0 created for presentation to CT#42 for approval                                           | 1.2.0 | 2.0.0 |
| 2008-12 | CT#42  |           |      |   | Version 8.0.0 created after approval in CT#42                                                          | 2.0.0 | 8.0.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0002 |   | Deletion of editor's note in subclause 8.4.2                                                           | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0004 | 2 | Treatment of Accept-Contact header                                                                     | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0007 | 2 | C-MSISDN usage for ICS                                                                                 | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0008 | 1 | ICS UE behavior when offered a voice media in both CS and PS domains                                   | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0009 | 2 | Orig anchoring VCC                                                                                     | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0010 | 1 | SDP for UE assisted T-ADS                                                                              | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0013 |   | Update to references in 24.292                                                                         | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0014 | 1 | Corrections to ICS origination call flows                                                              | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0015 | 1 | Definition of term CS media                                                                            | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0016 | 1 | Conveying ICS registration information using 3rd party Registration and GRUU/ICS/IARI corrections      | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0017 | 2 | SCC AS Transparently passing Contact To and From headers                                               | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0018 | 2 | Use of GRUU by ICS UE                                                                                  | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43  | CP-090150 | 0019 | 2 | Using forking method for ICS UE request CS bearer                                                      | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0022 |   | Reference Update draft-ietf-mmusic-sdp-cs                                                              | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0023 | 2 | T-ADS with reroute to CS                                                                               | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0027 | 1 | Clarification of ICS de-registration procedure                                                         | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0032 | 2 | Clarification of PVI when used at registration                                                         | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0033 | 2 | Clarification to CS bearer requested by the ICS UE                                                     | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0034 | 1 | Clarification to URI and address assignments                                                           | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0038 | 1 | Add missing information to termination call flows using Gm                                             | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44  | CP-090419 | 0039 | 2 | Correction of enhanced MSC Server for ICS procedures                                                   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45  | CP-090671 | 0036 | 6 | SCC AS selection of PS Access network - Use of Accept-Contact                                          | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45  | CP-090672 | 0051 | 3 | Correction of UE TADS behavior in presence of Voice_Domain_Preference leaf                             | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45  | CP-090671 | 0053 | 2 | Correction of e164-address portion usage                                                               | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45  | CP-090671 | 0060 |   | Removing editor's note in subclause A.3.1                                                              | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45  | CP-090671 | 0061 |   | Correcting references for ICS                                                                          | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46  | CP-090915 | 0063 | 3 | Correction to take into account voice Domain Selection for lu mode                                     | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46  | CP-090913 | 0070 |   | Updating of GRUU references                                                                            | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46  | CP-090913 | 0075 | 1 | Enabling ICS functionality                                                                             | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46  | CP-090913 | 0081 | 1 | Specification of Circuit Switched SDP contents for ICS                                                 | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47  | CP-100124 | 0095 | 2 | Terminations with acceptance only of non-audio media.                                                  | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47  | CP-100231 | 0093 | 7 | Correcting T-ADS                                                                                       | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48  | CP-100346 | 0101 | 1 | ICS UE handling clarification                                                                          | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48  | CP-100346 | 0104 | 1 | Add cases to definition of "failure to access the CS domain"                                           | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48  | CP-100346 | 0111 |   | Obsolete references                                                                                    | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |

|         |       |           |      |   |                                                                                        |        |        |
|---------|-------|-----------|------|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100346 | 0115 | 1 | IMS Voice over PS session indicators and ISR                                           | 8.5.0  | 8.6.0  |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100346 | 0117 | 1 | Clearly specifying the conditions for ICS UE VoIP terminations                         | 8.5.0  | 8.6.0  |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100494 | 0128 | 5 | Correcting indication that aspects of the session description are not acceptable       | 8.6.0  | 8.7.0  |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100494 | 0134 | 2 | Clarifications of SCC AS termination procedures                                        | 8.6.0  | 8.7.0  |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100738 | 0167 | 2 | Clarification of the Hold/Resume procedure                                             | 8.7.0  | 8.8.0  |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100738 | 0172 |   | Correction for the reregistration procedure                                            | 8.7.0  | 8.8.0  |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110170 | 0180 | 2 | Clarification for the terminating procedure when using MSC server enhanced for ICS     | 8.8.0  | 8.9.0  |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110447 | 0198 | 1 | MSC sends DeREGISTER                                                                   | 8.9.0  | 8.10.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110653 | 0202 | 2 | Correction of ccap SDP attribute                                                       | 8.10.0 | 8.11.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110854 | 0207 |   | Inclusion of media feature tag ASN.1 identifiers for g.3gpp.ics and g.3gpp.accessstype | 8.11.0 | 8.12.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120287 | 0212 | 1 | Reference update: draft-liess-dispatch-alert-info-urns                                 | 8.12.0 | 8.13.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120287 | 0218 | 3 | Updating Internet Draft references used by ICS                                         | 8.12.0 | 8.13.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120568 | 0224 | 1 | Correcting CS SDP usage and updating media capabilities draft reference                | 8.13.0 | 8.14.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120775 | 0233 | 1 | Updating MMUSIC draft references for TADS                                              | 8.14.0 | 8.15.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120775 | 0238 | 1 | Conference support in ICS MSC incomplete                                               | 8.14.0 | 8.15.0 |
| 2013-03 | CT#59 | CP-130092 | 0243 | 1 | Updating MMUSIC draft references for TADS                                              | 8.15.0 | 8.16.0 |
| 2013-06 | CT#60 | CP-130222 | 0256 | 2 | Updating MMUSIC draft references for TADS                                              | 8.16.0 | 8.17.0 |
| 2013-06 | CT#60 | CP-130222 | 0262 | 1 | Correction on MSC unsuccessful registration attempt                                    | 8.16.0 | 8.17.0 |
| 2013-12 | CT#62 | CP-130721 | 0275 | 1 | Reference update: RFC 7006 (draft-ietf-mmusic-sdp-miscellaneous-caps)                  | 8.17.0 | 8.18.0 |
| 2013-12 | CT#62 | CP-130721 | 0281 |   | Reference Update: draft-ietf-salud-alert-info-urns                                     | 8.17.0 | 8.18.0 |
| 2014-06 | CT#64 | CP-140294 | 0301 | 1 | Removal of CDIVN                                                                       | 8.18.0 | 8.19.0 |
| 2014-06 | CT#64 | CP-140294 | 0307 | 2 | Updating CS-SDP draft reference to RFC 7195 and correcting UE-TADS procedures          | 8.18.0 | 8.19.0 |
| 2015-06 | CT#68 | CP-150288 | 0323 | 1 | Reference Update: RFC7462 (alert-info urns)                                            | 8.19.0 | 8.20.0 |



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# History

| Document history |                |             |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| V8.0.0           | January 2009   | Publication |
| V8.1.0           | March 2009     | Publication |
| V8.2.0           | June 2009      | Publication |
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| V8.5.0           | April 2010     | Publication |
| V8.6.0           | June 2010      | Publication |
| V8.7.0           | October 2010   | Publication |
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| V8.9.0           | April 2011     | Publication |
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| V8.13.0          | July 2012      | Publication |
| V8.14.0          | October 2012   | Publication |
| V8.15.0          | January 2013   | Publication |
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