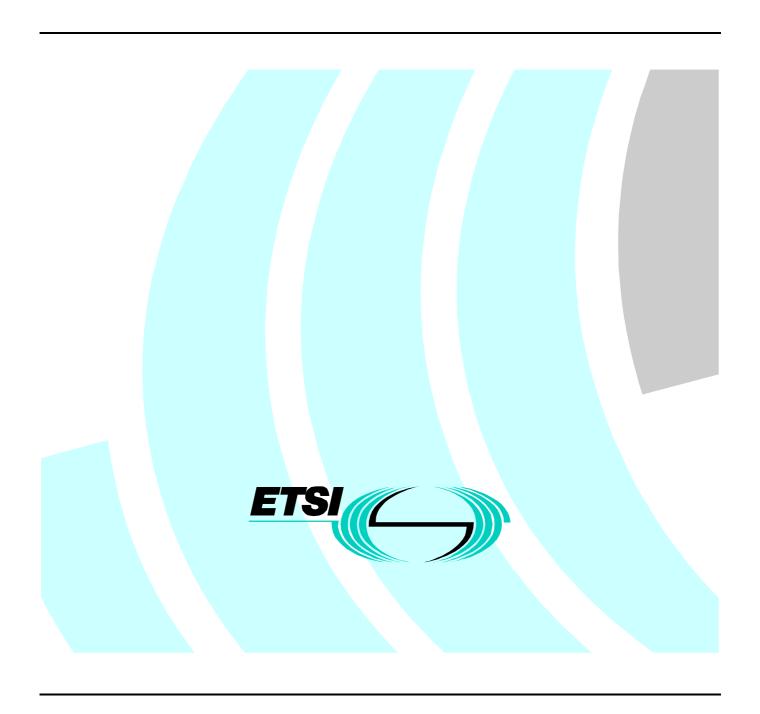
ETSITS 101 377-3-14 V1.1.1 (2001-03)

Technical Specification

GEO-Mobile Radio Interface Specifications; Part 3: Network specifications; Sub-part 14: Call Waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) supplementary services - Stage 2; GMR-2 03.083



Reference

DTS/SES-002-03083

Keywords

CW, GMR, GSM, GSO, hold, interface, MES, mobile, MSS, radio, satellite, S-PCN, stage 2, suppelementary service

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

Individual copies of the present document can be downloaded from: http://www.etsi.org

The present document may be made available in more than one electronic version or in print. In any case of existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions, the reference version is the Portable Document Format (PDF). In case of dispute, the reference shall be the printing on ETSI printers of the PDF version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status. Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at http://www.etsi.org/tb/status/

If you find errors in the present document, send your comment to: editor@etsi.fr

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced except as authorized by written permission. The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© European Telecommunications Standards Institute 2001.
All rights reserved.

Contents

Intel	lectual Property Rights	Δ
	word	
	oduction	
	Scope	
	References	
	Abbreviations	
4 .1	GeneralFunctions and information flows	9
Histo	ory	11

Intellectual Property Rights

The information pertaining to essential IPRs is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (http://www.etsi.org/ipr).

The attention of ETSI has been drawn to the Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs) listed below which are, or may be, or may become, Essential to the present document. The IPR owner has undertaken to grant irrevocable licences, on fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions under these IPRs pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy. Further details pertaining to these IPRs can be obtained directly from the IPR owner.

The present IPR information has been submitted to ETSI and pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

IPRs:

Project	Company	Title	Country of Origin	Patent n°	Countries Applicable
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Digital Voice Systems Inc		US	US 5,715,365	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Digital Voice Systems Inc		US	US 5,754,974	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Digital Voice Systems Inc		US	US 5,226,084	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Digital Voice Systems Inc		US	US 5,701,390	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Digital Voice Systems Inc		US	US 5,826,222	US

IPR Owner: Digital Voice Systems Inc

One Van de Graaff Drive Burlington,

MA 01803 USA

Contact: John C. Hardwick

Tel.: +1 781-270-1030 Fax: +1 781-270-0166

Project	Company	Title	Country of Origin	Patent n°	Countries Applicable
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Ericsson Mobile Communication	Improvements in, or in relation to, equalisers	GB	GB 2 215 567	GB
TS 101 377 V1.1.1		Power Booster	GB	GB 2 251 768	GB
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Ericsson Mobile Communication	Receiver Gain	GB	GB 2 233 846	GB
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Ericsson Mobile Communication	Transmitter Power Control for Radio Telephone System	GB	GB 2 233 517	GB

IPR Owner: Ericsson Mobile Communications (UK) Limited

The Keytech Centre, Ashwood Way

Basingstoke

Hampshire RG23 8BG United Kingdom

Contact: John Watson

Tel.: +44 1256 864821

Project	Company	Title	Country of Origin	Patent n°	Countries Applicable
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Hughes Network Systems		US	Pending	US

IPR Owner: Hughes Network Systems

11717 Exploration Lane Germantown, Maryland 20876

USA

Contact: John T. Whelan

Tel: +1 301-428-7172 Fax: +1 301-428-2802

Project	Company	Title	Country of Origin	Patent n°	Countries Applicable
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Global	2.4-to-3 KBPS Rate Adaptation Apparatus for Use in Narrowband Data and Facsimile Communication Systems	US	US 6,108,348	S
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Global Telecommunic. Inc	Cellular Spacecraft TDMA Communications System with Call Interrupt Coding System for Maximizing Traffic ThroughputCellular Spacecraft TDMA Communications System with Call Interrupt Coding System for Maximizing Traffic Throughput	US	US 5,717,686	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Global	Enhanced Access Burst for Random Access Channels in TDMA Mobile Satellite System	US	US 5,875,182	
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Lockheed Martin Global Telecommunic. Inc	Spacecraft Cellular Communication System	US	US 5,974,314	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Lockheed Martin Global Telecommunic. Inc	Spacecraft Cellular Communication System	US	US 5,974,315	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Global Telecommunic. Inc	Spacecraft Cellular Communication System with Mutual Offset High-argin Forward Control Signals	US	US 6,072,985	US
TS 101 377 V1.1.1	Global	Spacecraft Cellular Communication System with Spot Beam Pairing for Reduced Updates	US	US 6,118,998	US

IPR Owner: Lockheed Martin Global Telecommunications, Inc.

900 Forge Road Norristown, PA. 19403

USA

Contact: R.F. Franciose

Tel.: +1 610.354.2535 Fax: +1 610.354.7244

Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within TC-SES and may change following formal TC-SES approval. Should TC-SES modify the contents of the present document it will then be republished by ETSI with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version 1.m.n

Part 4:

Part 5:

where:

- the third digit (n) is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification;
- the second digit (m) is incremented for all other types of changes, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.

The present document is part 3, sub-part 14 of a multi-part deliverable covering the GEO-Mobile Radio Interface Specifications, as identified below:

```
Part 1:
          "General specifications";
Part 2:
          "Service specifications";
Part 3:
         "Network specifications";
                "Network Functions; GMR-2 03.001";
   Sub-part 1:
   Sub-part 2:
                "Network Architecture; GMR-2 03.002";
   Sub-part 3:
                "Numbering, Addressing and Identification; GMR-2 03.003";
                "Restoration Procedures; GMR-2 03.007";
   Sub-part 4:
   Sub-part 5:
                "Organization of Subscriber Data; GMR-2 03.008";
   Sub-part 6:
                "Handover Procedures; GMR-2 03.009";
                "Technical Realization of Short Message Service (SMES) Point-to-Point; GMR-2 03.040;
   Sub-part 7:
                "Location Registration Procedures; GMR-2 03.012";
   Sub-part 8:
   Sub-part 9:
                "Discontinuous Reception (DRX) in the GMR-2 System; GMR-2 03.013";
   Sub-part 10: "Security Related Network Functions; GMR-2 03.020";
   Sub-part 11: "Functions Related to Mobile Earth Station (MES) in idle Mode; GMR-2 03.022";
   Sub-part 12: "Technical Realization of Facsimile Group 3 Transparent; GMR-2 03.045";
   Sub-part 13: "Transmission Planning Aspects of the Speech Service in the Public Satellite Mobile Network
                (PSMN) system; GMR-2 03.050";
   Sub-part 14: "Call Waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) Supplementary Services - Stage 2;
                GMR-2 03.083";
   Sub-part 15: "Multiparty Supplementary Services; GMR-2 03.084";
   Sub-part 16: "Technical Realization of Operator Determined Barring; GMR-2 03.015";
```

Sub-part 17: "Call Barring (CB) Supplementary Services - Stage 2; GMR-2 03.088";

"Radio interface protocol specifications";

"Radio interface physical layer specifications";

Part 6: "Speech coding specifications";

Part 7: "Terminal adaptor specifications".

Introduction

GMR stands for GEO (Geostationary Earth Orbit) Mobile Radio interface, which is used for mobile satellite services (MSS) utilizing geostationary satellite(s). GMR is derived from the terrestrial digital cellular standard GSM and supports access to GSM core networks.

Due to the differences between terrestrial and satellite channels, some modifications to the GSM standard are necessary. Some GSM specifications are directly applicable, whereas others are applicable with modifications. Similarly, some GSM specifications do not apply, while some GMR specifications have no corresponding GSM specification.

Since GMR is derived from GSM, the organization of the GMR specifications closely follows that of GSM. The GMR numbers have been designed to correspond to the GSM numbering system. All GMR specifications are allocated a unique GMR number as follows:

GMR-n xx.zyy

where:

xx.0yy (z=0) is used for GMR specifications that have a corresponding GSM specification. In this case, the numbers xx and yy correspond to the GSM numbering scheme.

xx.2yy (z=2) is used for GMR specifications that do not correspond to a GSM specification. In this case, only the number xx corresponds to the GSM numbering scheme and the number yy is allocated by GMR.

n denotes the first (n=1) or second (n=2) family of GMR specifications.

A GMR system is defined by the combination of a family of GMR specifications and GSM specifications as follows:

• If a GMR specification exists it takes precedence over the corresponding GSM specification (if any). This precedence rule applies to any references in the corresponding GSM specifications.

NOTE: Any references to GSM specifications within the GMR specifications are not subject to this precedence rule. For example, a GMR specification may contain specific references to the corresponding GSM specification.

• If a GMR specification does not exist the corresponding GSM specification may or may not apply. The applicability of the GSM specifications is defined in GMR-n 01.201.

1 Scope

The present document should be read in conjunction with GSM 03.83 [4], which specifies the stage 2 description of the call completion supplementary services.

The original text in GSM 03.83 [4] is fully applicable to the GMR-2 system except for the modified text shown in clause 4 of the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, subsequent revisions do apply.
- [1] GMR-2 01.004 (ETSI TS 101 377-1-1): "GEO-Mobile Radio Interface Specifications; Part 1: General specifications; Sub-part 1: Abbreviations and Acronyms".
- [2] GSM 02.82 (ETSI ETS 300 515): "Digital cellular telecommunications system; Call Forwarding (CF) Supplementary Services Stage 1" (V4.5.2).
- [3] GSM 03.11 (ETSI ETS 300 529): "Digital cellular telecommunications system; Technical realization of supplementary services" (V 4.10.1).
- [4] GSM 03.83 (ETSI ETS 300 544): "Digital cellular telecommunications system; Call Waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) supplementary services Stage 2" (V4.4.1).
- [5] GMR-2 04.008 (ETSI TS 101 377-4-7): "GEO-Mobile Radio Interface Specifications; Part 4: Radio interface protocol specifications; Sub-part 7: Mobile radio interface Layer 3 Specifications".

3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in GMR-2 01.004 [1] apply.

4 General

The GMR-2 system shall provide limited support of Call waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) supplementary services when more than one MES is involved in this process. When an MES is engaged in a single-hop MES-to-MES connection with another MES, the network will not support CW and HOLD supplementary services to either of these users. Hence, GSM 03.83 [4] is fully applicable with the following modification to GSM 03.83 [4], clause 1.2.

4.1 Functions and information flows

Refer to GSM 03.083 [4], clause 1.2.

GMR-2 04.008 [5] specifies the procedures for call control. These shall also be used for waiting calls when applicable.

The following Mobile Additional Function has been identified for the call waiting service:

MAF013

- Call waiting related authorizations examination.
- The ability of a PLMN component to determine the authorizations relating to call waiting. See GSM 03.83 [4], figure 1.4.
- Location: VLR

Definitions:

Subscriber B:

The subscriber who is provided by the network with the call waiting supplementary service. The subscriber B is always a mobile subscriber.

User B:

The user who reacts to call waiting at subscriber B. The user B is always a mobile user.

User C:

The user who has originated a call to subscriber B which causes the call waiting supplementary service to be invoked. The user C may be a mobile user.

User A:

The user who is engaged in a call with user B. The user A may be a mobile user. However, user A cannot be a GMR-2 user who has engaged in a single-hop call with user B.

Timer T1:

This timer corresponds to T303 + T310 (as defined in GSM 04.08 [5]).

Timer T2:

Call Waiting Timer. This shall limit the duration of the call in the waiting condition.

Timer T3:

No Reply Condition Timer (see GSM 02.82 [2]).

CFNRc:

Call Forwarding on Not Reachable (see GSM 02.82 [2]).

CFNRy:

Call Forwarding on No Reply (see GSM 02.82 [2]).

CW:

Call Waiting.

The overall SDL diagram of call waiting is shown in GSM 03.83 [4], figure 1.5. This represents the network as a whole.

The information flows are shown in GSM 03.83 [4], figure 1.6. In these flows it is assumed that user A and user C are fixed users and that user B is a mobile user. Functions to be performed by the fixed ISDN are not shown in the information flows. Only the functions to be performed by the PLMN are shown.

History

Document history			
V1.1.1	March 2001	Publication	