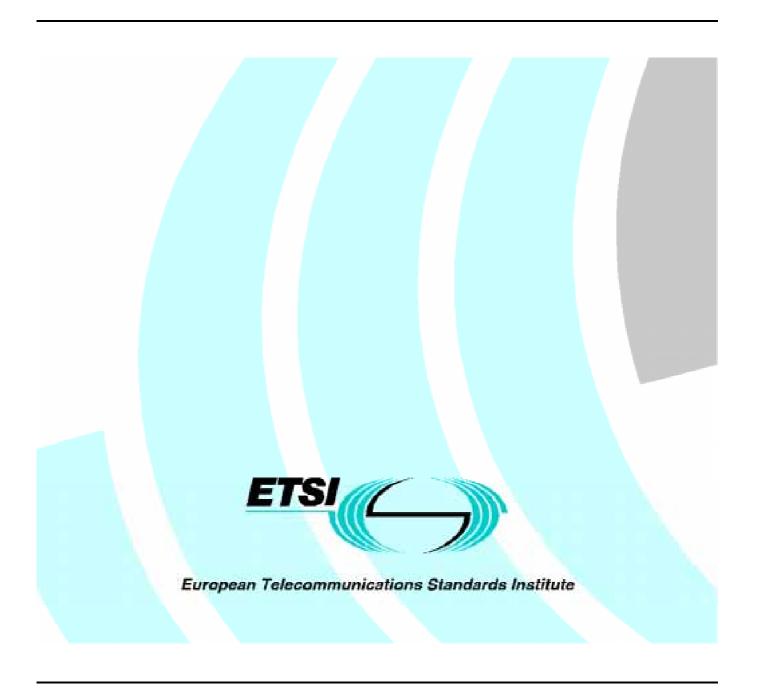
# TS 101 203-2 V1.1.1 (1997-07)

Technical Specification

Identification card systems;
Telecommunications IC cards and terminals;
Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-3;
Part 2: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)



## Reference

DTS/PTS 00203-2 (b50i0icr.PDF)

## Keywords

Card, testing, ATS, TSS&TP

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## **Foreword**

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the ETSI Project Pay Terminal and Systems (PTS). The present document was handed over to the CEN Secretariat in order to become an EN through the CEN approval process. ETSI has produced a set of TSs which are not a copy of any CEN published EN. The TSs are complete and consistent documents with references among themselves. It has been made clear in these TSs that they are contributions to the CEN work for publication as EN (after re-editing the references). Once published by CEN as EN, ETSI will withdraw its TS.

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part document covering Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-3, as identified below:

Part 1: "Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) proforma specification";

Part 2: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)";

Part 3: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (IXIT)".

## Overview of ETSI deliverables on EN 726 family

TS 101 200-1	200-1 "EN 726-1: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 1: System overview".	
TS 101 200-2	"EN 726-2: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 2: Security framework".	
TS 101 200-3	"EN 726-3: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 3: Application independent card requirements".	
TS 101 200-4	"EN 726-4: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 4: Application independent card related terminal requirements".	
TS 101 200-5	"EN 726-5: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 5: Payment methods".	
TS 101 200-6	"EN 726-6: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 6: Telecommunications features".	
TS 101 200-7	"EN 726-7: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 7: Security module".	

## Overview of ETSI deliverables on EN 726 conformance testing family

TS 101 203-1	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-3; Part 1: Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) proforma specification".
TS 101 203-2	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-3, Part 2: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)".
TS 101 203-3	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-3; Part 3: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (IXIT) proform
TS 101 204-1	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-4; Part 1: Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) proforma specification".
TS 101 204-2	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-4, Part 2: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)".
TS 101 204-3	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-4; Part 3: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (IXIT) proform
TS 101 207-1	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-7; Part 1: Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) proforma specification".
TS 101 207-2	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-7, Part 2: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)".
TS 101 207-3	"Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Test methods and conformance testing for EN 726-7; Part 3: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (IXIT) proform

## 1 Scope

The present document provides the Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP). It applies to the User Card (UC) defined in TS 101 200-3 [11] in compliance with the relevant requirements, and according to the relevant guidance given in ISO/IEC 9646-7 [15] and ETS 300 406 [12].

#### **DISCLAIMER:**

[9]

The present document provides conformance tests for the TS 101 200-3 [11]. To guarantee usefulness of an IC card it might be necessary to perform additional implementation dependent tests regarding:

- performance aspects;
- quality of security concepts;
- implementation dependent details not described in base standard.

Tests for behaviour of the IUT in case of memory problems are mandatory but it is out of the scope of this document how to create situations of failing memory.

It might be possible to create a failing memory situation by either stressing memory long enough or by using an emulator.

## 2 Normative references

Additional test methods".

The present document incorporates by dated and undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to the present document only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

Γ.	F	
	[1]	EN 27816-1 (1989): "Identification cards - Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts - Part 1: Physical characteristics(ISO 7816-1; 1987, edition 1)".
	[2]	EN 27816-2 (1989): "Identification cards - Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts - Part 2: Dimensions and locations of the contacts (ISO 7816-2; 1988, edition 1)".
	[3]	EN 27816-3 (1992): "Identification cards - Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts - Part 3: Electronic signals and transmission protocols (ISO/IEC 7816-3; 1989, edition 1)".
	[4]	EN 27816-3 (1992): Amendment 1 (1993): "Identification cards - Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts - Part 3: Electronic signals and transmission protocols. Amendment 1: Protocol type T=1, asynchronous half duplex block transmission protocol (ISO/IEC 7816-3; 1989, Amendment 1, 1992)".
	[5]	EN 27816-3 (1992): Amendment 2 (1995): "Identification cards - Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts - Part 3: Electronic signals and transmission protocols. Amendment 2: Revision of protocol type selection (ISO/IEC 7816-3; 1989, Amendment 2, 1994)".
	[6]	ENV 1375-1 (1994): "Identification card systems - Intersector integrated circuit(s) card additional formats; Part1 ID-000 card size and physical characteristics".
	[7]	ENV 1375-2 (1994): "Identification card systems - Intersector integrated circuit(s) card additional formats; Part1 ID-00 card size and physical characteristics".
	[8]	EN 27811 (1989): "Identification cards - Recording Technique".

[10] GSM 11.10-1 (August 1996): "Digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification; Part1: Conformance Specification".

ENV 1292 (April 1995): "Identification cards - Integrated circuit(s) cards and interface devices -

[11]	TS 101 200-3 version 1.2.1: "EN 726-3: Identification card systems; Telecommunications IC cards and terminals; Part 3: Application independent card requirements".
[12]	ETS 300 406 (April 1995): "Methods for testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; Standardization methodology".
[13]	ETS 300 759-1 (November 1995): "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); DECT Authentication Module (DAM); Part 1: Test Specification for DAM".
[14]	ISO/IEC 9646-1 (1994): "Information technology - Open systems interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 1: General concepts".
[15]	ISO/IEC 9646-7 (1995): "Information technology - Open systems interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 7: Implementation Conformance Statements".

## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply:

- terms defined in ISO/IEC 7816 parts 1 to 3 [1], [2], [3], [4], [5];
- terms defined in TS 101 200-3 [11];
- terms defined in ISO/IEC 9646-1 [14] and in ISO/IEC 9646-7 [15].

In particular, the following terms defined in ISO/IEC 9646-1 [14] apply:

**Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS)**: A statement made by the supplier of an implementation or system claimed to conform to a given specification, stating which capabilities have been implemented. The ICS can take several forms: protocol ICS, profile ICS, profile specific ICS, information object ICS, etc.

**ICS proforma**: A document, in the form of a questionnaire, which when completed for an implementation or system becomes an ICS.

**oldest record:** Record with highest record number. For writing operations it is the next written record (see also TS 101 200-3 [11], subclause 6.2.5).

readable: Any READ command can be performed on that record or file.

writable: Any UPDATE or WRITE command can be performed on that record or file.

## 3.2 Symbol

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbol applies:

{} Optional data, for example "CLA, INS, P1, P2, P3 {, data}" indicates that data may or may not follow the CLA, INS, P1, P2, P3 bytes.

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AC Access Condition(s)
ACK Acknowledge
ATC Abstract Test Case
ATR Answer To Reset
ATS Abstract Test Suites
BCD Binary Code Decimal

CAD Card Accepting Device (this includes only the mechanics)

CHV Card Holder Verification

CLA CLAss
CO Command
CS Cyclic Structure

DAM DECT Authentication Module

DECT Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications

DF Dedicated Files

DP Data structure and pointers

EF Elementary File FU Function

GR GRaphical form (TTCN)

I/O Input/Output IC Integrated Circuit

ICS Implementation Conformance Statement

ID IDentifier

IFD Interface Device, used as short form for a terminal including CAD

INS INStruction

IUT Implementation Under Test
IV Invalid behaviour test

IXIT Implementation eXtra Information for Testing

LFS Linear Fixed Structure LM Logical Model

LVS Linear Variable Structure
MAC Message Authentication Code

MF Master File

MP Machine Processable form (TTCN)

PC Physical Characteristics
PDU Protocol Data Unit
RC Return Code
RC Return Code
RST Reset

SCS System Conformance Statement

SM Security Module

SP electronic Signals and transmission Protocols

SUT System Under Test
SW Status Word
TC Test Case
TP Test Purposes
TR TRansparent
TSS Test Suite Structure

TTCN Tree and Tabular Combined Notation

UC User Card

VA Valid behaviour test VCC supply Voltage VPP programming Voltage

## 4 Test environment

This clause specifies several requirements, which shall be met, and a number of rules, which shall be adhered to before testing can proceed.

ISO 9646-1 [14] describes a number of test methods that can be applied for testing. For the purpose of the present document the so called "remote test method" applies. This test method requires only access to the physical interface (the contacts) of the IC card.

## 4.1 Test equipment

This subclause recommends a minimum specification for each of the items of test equipment referenced in the tests.

## 4.1.1 Card Accepting Device (CAD) simulator

This item of equipment shall allow T = 0 or T = 1 protocol implementations to take place on ID-1 or ID-000 cards. It shall be able to generate and send any command APDU and receive any of the possible responses. These commands will be generated by translation of the ATS in the future EN to be approved within CEN.

The voltage level for VCC (contact C1) of the IC card shall be adjustable between 0 V and 6,0 V to an accuracy of 0,1 V. The voltage level for I/O (contact C7) when sending data to the IC card shall be adjustable between 0 V and 6,0 V to an accuracy of 0,1 V.

The CAD simulator shall be able to accept an external signal to drive RST (contact C3) of the IC card.

It shall be possible to access all the card contacts either directly or through test points.

## 4.2 Default data formatting

All numeric data enclosed in double quotes (") in this document is hexadecimal data.

Where "X" is used in place of a hexadecimal digit, X ranges from "0" to "F". For example, the data "6X" ranges from "60" to "6F" inclusive.

Where data is expressed as a group of bytes, it shall be in the following format: "XX XX XX... XX", indicating first byte, second byte, third byte etc. in that order.

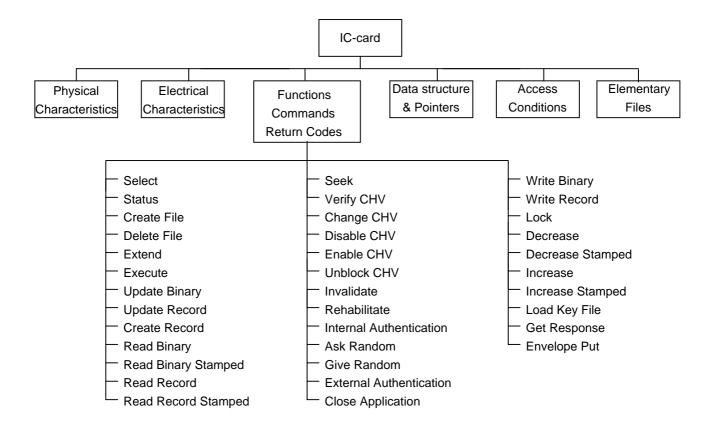
## 4.3 Test Procedure (TP)

The following statements are applicable to the test procedure clause for all Test Purposes (TP) contained within the present document:

- If there is a sequence control implemented, the commands have to be given in an allowed sequence, unless specified otherwise.
- Positive return codes are the SW1, SW2 = "90 00", "9F XX" or "92 0X".
- Negative return codes are all return codes indicating that an error has occurred.

## 5 Test suite structure

The following drawing roughly represents the test suite structure for testing the EN 726-3 [11].



## 6 Test Purposes (TP)

## 6.1 Introduction

For each test requirement at least one Test Purpose (TP) is defined.

## 6.1.1 TP naming convention

TPs are numbered, starting at 01, within each group. Groups are organized according to the TSS. Additional references are added to identify the actual Test Suite (TS). See table 1.

Table 1: TP Identifier naming convention scheme

Identifier:	<group>_<subgroup>_<type></type></subgroup></group>	_ <nn></nn>
<group></group>	= major group	PC: Physical characteristics SP: Electronic signals and transmission protocols FU: Functions CO: Commands RC: Return Codes DP: Data structure and pointers AC: Access Conditions EF: Elementary Files
<subgroup> e.g.</subgroup>	= function, file or state SE for SELECT	two characters to indicate the function,  XX if function independent.
<type></type>	= type	one character field representing the type of test VA: Valid behaviour test IV: Invalid behaviour test
<nn></nn>	= sequential number:	(01-99)

## 6.1.2 Source of TP definition

The TPs were developed based on EN 726-3 [11].

## 6.1.3 TP structure

Each TP has been written in a manner, which is consistent with all other TPs. The intention of this is to make the TPs more readable and checkable. A particular structure has been used and this is illustrated in table 2. This table shall be read in conjunction with any TP. Use a TP as an example to fully understand the table.

Table 2: Structure of a single TP

TP Part	Text	Example
Header	<ld><ldentifier> tab</ldentifier></ld>	see table 1
	<subclause base="" en="" in="" reference=""> tab</subclause>	subclause 6.1.1
	{ICS limitation c_ <line no="">{, }}</line>	c9_3.1, c9_3.2
Purpose	Purpose of what to be tested	Check that the CREATE FILE command
		can be performed successfully to create
		a transparent EF to be filled with an
		arbitrary value.
Preconditions	Preconditions concerning file structure and status of the Current DF allows creation of son files card which have to be fulfilled before test can be performed.	
Test	Test itself	
	<command/>	CREATE FILE command
	<command/>	READ BINARY
Result	Expected behaviour of the Card	All commands shall have a positive return code and

## Applicability of tests

All tests described in this part of the standard are normative. In order to comply with the base standard (EN 726-3 [11]) each test covering a mandatory or supported optional capability shall be executed with a successful result. The test verdict shall be assigned according to the test purpose. The preconditions however do not necessarily express the only scenario in which a test purpose can be verified. Different scenarios leading to an unambiguous verification of the test purpose could be considered to confirm efficient test execution.

## 6.1.4 Test strategy

As the base standard contained no explicit requirements for testing, the TPs were generated as a result of an analysis of the base standard and ICS.

## 6.1.5 Valid behaviour test

This type of test is used whenever it shall be proved, that an implementation complies with the standard. The reaction on invalid stimuli or states is not the objective of this type of test.

## 6.1.6 Invalid behaviour test

Herewith all kind of error conditions are tested. This includes invalid or inopportune or exceptional commands, parameters, states or sequences. The tests verify whether the implementation shows robustness against invalid stimuli and that the returned Status Words (SW) comply with the standard.

## 6.2 IC card

## 6.2.1 Physical characteristics

The EN 726-3 [11] does not focus on physical characteristics. It does, however, point out a number of details that are similar to or slightly different from those defined in referenced standards. As a general precondition it is assumed that adequate tests to verify the physical characteristics of the card have been performed according to requirements of the relevant standards, and that detailed documentation of the results is available.

The following test purposes therefore request examination of this documentation to verify that the card meets the requirements of EN 726-3 [11].

## PC\_XX\_VA\_01 subclause 4 c1\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that the physical characteristics of the ID-1 card are in accordance with EN 27816-1, 2 [1], [2].

## **Preconditions**

- None

#### Test

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.1.1.1, (according to EN 27816-1 [1] and EN 27816-2 [2]).

## Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_02 subclause 4 c1\_2

## **Purpose**

Check that the format of the card is in accordance with ENV 1375-1, 2 [6], [7].

#### **Preconditions**

- None

#### **Test**

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.1.1.2, (according to ENV 1375-1, 2 [6] [7]).

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_03 subclause 4.2c1\_3

## **Purpose**

Check that the card is functional in the temperature range  $-25^{\circ}$ C to  $+65^{\circ}$ C with occasional peaks up to  $+70^{\circ}$ C.

## **Preconditions**

- None

## Test

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.1.2, (making a correction for the different temperature range).

## Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_04 subclause 4.2c1\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that the card is functional in the temperature range -25°C to +70°C with occasional peaks up to +85°C.

## Preconditions

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.1.2

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_05 subclause 4.1c2\_1, c3\_4

#### **Purpose**

Check that the embossing is on the same side as contacts.

## **Preconditions**

None

#### Test

Check according to drawings in ISO 7816-2 [2] annex B.

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_06 subclause 4.1c2\_1, c3\_1, c3\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that the number format and layout of embossed identification number are in accordance with EN 27811 [8].

## **Preconditions**

- None

## **Test**

Check according to drawings in EN 27811 [8].

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_07 subclause 4.1c2\_1, c3\_2, c3\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that the number format and layout of embossed card sequence number are in accordance with EN 27811 [8].

## **Preconditions**

None

## **Test**

Check according to drawings in EN 27811 [8].

## Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## PC\_XX\_VA\_08 subclause 4.1c2\_1, c3\_5

## **Purpose**

Check that the magnetic track is on the opposite side of contacts.

## **Preconditions**

Check according to drawings in EN 27816-2 [2] annex B.

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## 6.2.2 Electronic signals and transmission protocols

The EN 726-3 [11] does not focus on electrical signals and transmission protocols characteristics. It does however point out a number of details that are similar to or slightly different from those defined in referenced standard EN 27816-3 [3]. As a general precondition it is assumed that adequate tests to verify the electronic signals and transmission protocols of the card have been performed, and that detailed documentation of the results is available.

The following test purposes therefore request examination of this documentation to verify that the card meets the requirements of EN 726-3 [11].

## SP\_XX\_VA\_01 subclause 5 c4\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that the electronic signals are in accordance with EN 27816-3 [3] (with exception of requirements verified by other test in this group).

## **Preconditions**

None

#### **Test**

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclauses 6.2.1. to 6.2.4. with the exception of the below mentioned tests using the values of EN 27816-3 [3].

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_02 subclause 5 c4\_1,c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that the transmission protocol is in accordance with EN 27816-3 [3].

#### **Preconditions**

- None

#### **Test**

Apply the scenarios of ENV 1292 [9]

## Result

The scenarios shall operate as shown.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_03 subclause 5 c4\_1,c4\_9

## **Purpose**

Check that the transmission protocol is in accordance with EN 27816-3 [4].

## **Preconditions**

Apply the scenarios of EN 27816-3 [4].

#### Result

The scenarios shall operate as shown.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_04 subclause 5.1c4\_2

## **Purpose**

Check that a supply voltage VCC of 5 V  $\pm$  10 % is accepted.

## **Preconditions**

- None

#### Test

Apply test from test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.2.1.1.

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_05 subclause 5.2 c4\_3

## **Purpose**

Check that the current consumption (excluding spikes) is  $\leq 20$  mA at any frequency accepted by the card.

## **Preconditions**

- None

#### Test

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.2.1.2 (taking alternative limit into account).

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_06 subclause 5.2c4\_4

#### Purpose

Check that the current consumption is  $\leq 10$  mA (excluding spikes).

## **Preconditions**

- None

#### **Test**

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.2.1.2.

## Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_07 subclause 5.2 c4\_5

## Purpose

To check that current spikes are always below 40 nAs, 400 ns and 200 mA.

## **Preconditions**

Apply test from GSM standard 11.10 [10]], subclause 27.17.2.

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_08 subclause 5.3c4\_6

## **Purpose**

To check for internal generation of programming voltage.

## **Preconditions**

- None

#### Test

Check the documentation delivered by the manufacturer that the card either does not use VPP contact or requires the same voltage as for VCC.

#### Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_09 subclause 5.4 c4\_7

#### Purpose

To check that the duty cycle for asynchronous operation is in between 40 % and 60 %.

## **Preconditions**

None

#### Test

Apply test from ETSI test specification for DAM (ETS 300 759-1 [13]), subclause 6.2.3.1.

## Result

Test shall have results as described in the referenced specification.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_10 subclause 5.5c4\_8

#### Purpose

Extra character guard time indication from terminal to card (TC1 parameter N in ATR) equals 0 or 4.

## **Preconditions**

- None

## Test

Read parameter in ATR.

#### Result

The value of TC1 shall be 0 or 4.

## SP\_XX\_VA\_11 subclause 5.5c4\_9

#### Purpose

Extra character guard time indication from terminal to card (TC1 parameter N in ATR) equals 0, 4 or 255.

## **Preconditions**

Read parameter in ATR.

#### Result

The value of TC1 shall be 0, 4 or 255.

## 6.2.3 Functions, commands and return codes

#### **Functions**

Communication between terminals and user cards can be performed via 34 different functions. A function typically involves a signal (command) from the terminal to the IC card and a corresponding signal (response) from the IC card to the terminal. See figure 1. The processing of the function on the IC card can result in a change of data inside the IC card (e.g. a pointer or file contents).

The result (successful or not) of the function is reported in the response that is sent from IC card to terminal and verified by issuing additional commands.

## Scenario:

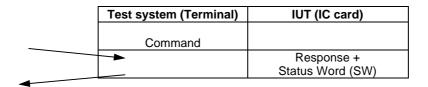


Figure 1: Scenario for testing functions

This subclause focuses on the actions that shall be performed by the function, e.g. does the function actually do what it is intended to do. The next subclauses will focus on the commands and return codes, which is more related to coding variations of the data exchanged between terminal and IC card.

Testing of the functions is performed by the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that pre-conditions are fulfilled. This may be done by preambles that store the required data on the IC card or initialize the required state. A default pre-condition is to make sure that Access Conditions related to the test are fulfilled.
- 2. Issue a command with correct parameters; If no explicit values for the fields are given then an average or logical value is presumed.
- 3. Check for correct response data (if relevant for the function) and a positive return code (status condition returned by the IC card = hex "90 00");
- 4. If data should be changed inside the IC card:
- 5. Issue commands and check response data to verify the result of the original function;
- 6. Perform a postamble to undo the internal IC card data changes caused by the test.

#### **Commands**

Testing the commands is very similar to the testing of functions. For every function a command is available, but there are two more commands used for transparent transport of data.

This subclause merely focuses on valid variations of command fields. The testing scenario is the same as for functional testing. A command is sent and the result is checked to evaluate its success.

Testing of the commands is performed by the following steps:

1. Make sure that pre-conditions are fulfilled. This may be done by preambles that store the required data on the IC card or initialize the required state. A default pre-condition is to make sure that Access Conditions related to the test are fulfilled.

- 2. Issue a command with correct parameters.
- 3. Check for correct response data (if relevant for the function) and a positive return code (status condition returned by the IC card = hex "90 00").

If data should be changed inside the IC card:

- 4. Issue commands and check response data to verify whether the field values were correctly interpreted by the IUT.
- 5. Perform a postamble to undo the internal IC card data changes caused by the test.

## **Return codes**

According to EN 27816-3 [3] two status bytes, SW1 and SW2, are returned after each command, the coding of theses status bytes is given in subclause 9.4 of EN 726-3 [11]. The following tests are to be used to ensure that the UC is able to respond with the specified status words.

## 6.2.3.1 SELECT (SE)

## 6.2.3.1.1 Function

## FU\_SE\_VA\_01 subclause 8.1c19\_1, c23\_1, c24\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a downward selection by file id (according to file qualifier) of a DF.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- DF pointer is in DF above the DF to be selected;

#### Test

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the selected DF.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_02 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c23\_10, c24\_1

## Purpose

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a downward selection by file id (according to file qualifier) of an EF.

## **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent EF exists;
- DF pointer is in DF that contains that EF;

## Test

Select the EF and try to read one bytes from it.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_03 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c23\_10, c24\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a horizontal selection by file id (according to file qualifier) of an EF.

## **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent EF exists;

- EF pointer is on other EF under the same DF;

#### Test

Select the EF and try to read one byte from it.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_04 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c24\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a horizontal selection by file id (according to file qualifier) of a DF

#### **Preconditions**

- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- File pointer is on EF within a DF above DF to select;

## **Test**

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the selected DF.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_05 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c24\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a upward selection by file id (according to file qualifier) of a DF.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- DF pointer is on DF under DF to be selected;

## Test

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the selected DF.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_06 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c23\_10, c24\_6

#### Purpose

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a absolute (from MF) selection by path of an EF.

#### Preconditions

- Readable transparent EF exists in DF other than MF;
- DF pointer is in DF other than MF or DF above EF to be selected;

## Test

Select the EF and try to read one bytes from it.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_07 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c23\_10, c24\_7

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a relative (from current DF) selection by path of an EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent EF exists in a DF at least two levels below MF;

- DF pointer is in DF (other than MF) which is in the path of the EF to be selected;

#### Test

Select the EF and try to read one bytes from it.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_08 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c24\_5

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function can be performed for a selection by application identifier of a DF.

#### Preconditions

- DF to be selected is registered by application id within EFdir;
- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- DF pointer is on DF other than DF to be selected;

#### **Test**

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the selected DF.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_09 subclause 8.1c19\_1, c23\_1, c24\_1, c23\_3, c23\_4

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function returns correctly the number of son DFs.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF selected contains known number of son DFs;

## **Test**

Select the DF to check the number of son DFs. Then create another DF within it and select the DF again to check the number of son DFs. Then delete a son DF and select the DF again to check the number of son DFs.

## Result

All commands shall have a positive return code. And the number of son DFs shall always be in accordance with the actual number of sons.

## FU\_SE\_VA\_10 subclause 8.1 c19\_1, c23\_1, c23\_10, c24\_1, c23\_3, c23\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT function returns correctly the number of son EFs.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF selected contains known number of son EFs;

## **Test**

Select the DF to check the number of son EFs. Then create another EF within it and select the DF again to check the number of son EFs. Then delete a son EF and select the DF again to check the number of son EFs.

#### Result

All commands shall have a positive return code. And the number of son EFs shall always be in accordance with the actual number of sons.

## 6.2.3.1.2 Command

The coding of the SELECT command is the following:

Table 3: Return codes for the SELECT command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"A4"
P1	Selection control
P2	Type of selection
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field	File Id, Path or Application identifier
L <sub>e</sub> field	Maximum length of data expected in response

## CO\_SE\_VA\_01 subclause 9.1c23\_1, c24\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for a downward selection by file id (select son DF) of a DF.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- DF pointer is in DF above the DF to be selected;

#### Test

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the selected DF.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_02 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_3

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for a downward selection by file id (select son EF) of an EF.

## **Preconditions**

- EF exists;
- DF pointer is in DF that contains that EF;

## **Test**

Select the EF.

## Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_03 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_1, c24\_4

#### Purpose

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for an upward selection by file id (select parent DF) of a DF.

- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- No EF is selected;
- DF pointer is on DF under DF to be selected;

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the selected DF.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_04 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_1, c24\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for an upward selection by file id (select parent DF) of a DF, if there is an EF selected in current EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF to be selected contains at least one EF;
- Current DF contains EF which is selected;
- DF pointer is on DF under DF to be selected;

## **Test**

Select the DF and then try to select the EF within the newly selected DF.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_05 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for an EF having a large size path.

## **Preconditions**

- EF exists in maximum DF level supported by ICC;
- DF pointer is in DF other than MF or DF above EF to be selected;

## **Test**

Select the EF using the absolute (from MF) selection by path.

## Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_06 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed to select an EF<sub>CHV1</sub>.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists;
- DF pointer is in DF above EF to be selected;

Select the EF.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_07 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed to select an EF CHV2.

## **Preconditions**

- EF CHV2 exists;
- DF pointer is in DF above EF to be selected;

#### Test

Select the EF.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_08 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed to select an EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

## **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> exists;
- DF pointer is in DF above EF to be selected;

#### **Test**

Select the EF.

## Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_09 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed to select an EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub>.

## **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> exists;
- DF pointer is in DF above EF to be selected;

## **Test**

Select the EF.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_10 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

## Purpose

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for an EF while just 4 bytes response are requested.

- EF exists;
- DF pointer is in DF above EF to be selected;

Select the EF.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be correct.

## CO\_SE\_VA\_11 subclause 9.1 c23\_1, c24\_6

## **Purpose**

Check that the SELECT command can be performed for an EF while  $L_{\rm e}$  is specified with "00".

## **Preconditions**

- EF exists;
- DF pointer is in DF above EF to be selected;

## **Test**

Select the EF.

### Result

Command shall have a positive return code and complete response data shall be received.

## 6.2.3.1.3 Return codes

Table 4: Return codes for the SELECT command

Return Code	Error description
94 04	- File ID not found
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" qualifier
	P1 ≠ "01" son DF
	P1 ≠ "02" son EF
	P1 ≠ "03" parent
	P1 ≠ "04" application identifier
	P1 ≠ "08" path from MF
	P1 ≠ "09" path from current DF
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ empty P1 = "03","08"
	$L_c \neq "01""10"$ P1 = "04"
	$L_c \neq$ "even" P1 = "00","01","02","08","09"
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

## RC\_SE\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_1, c4\_9

#### Purpose

Check that SELECT returns "90 00", if used correctly.

## **Preconditions**

- MF exists.

Reset the UC and present a SELECT command to select the MF by using P1 = 00 and the qualifier being the MF-ID.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_SE\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_1, c4\_8

#### Purpose

Check that SELECT returns "9F XX", if used correctly.

#### **Preconditions**

- MF exists.

## **Test**

Reset the UC and present a SELECT command to select the MF by using P1 = 00 and the qualifier being the MF-ID.

### Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

## RC\_SE\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that SELECT returns "94 04", if the select File-ID does not exist.

## **Preconditions**

- Not existing File-ID known.

## Test

Reset the UC and present a SELECT command to select the File by using P1 = 00 and the qualifier being the File-ID.

## Result

The expected status word is "94 04".

## RC\_SE\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_1

#### Purpose

Check that SELECT returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1  $\neq$  "00", P1  $\neq$  "01", P1  $\neq$  "02", P1  $\neq$  "03", P1  $\neq$  "04", P1  $\neq$  "08" and P1  $\neq$  "09".

## **Preconditions**

MF exists.

## Test

Reset the UC and present a SELECT command to select the MF by using a not allowed parameter P1 and the qualifier being the MF-ID.

## Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## RC\_SE\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_1

#### Purpose

Check that SELECT returns "67 XX", if the L<sub>c</sub> is not allowed.

## Preconditions

- MF exists.

Reset the UC and present a SELECT command to select the MF with P1 = 0 and the qualifier being the MF-ID, plus additional bytes, so that  $L_c$  will not be equal to 2.

## Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

## 6.2.3.2 STATUS (ST)

## 6.2.3.2.1 Function

## FU\_ST\_VA\_01 subclause 8.2 c19\_2, c23\_2

## **Purpose**

Check that the STATUS function can be performed for the MF.

## **Preconditions**

- MF selected; No EF is selected:

#### Test

Perform the STATUS command.

#### Result

The command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be in accordance with the MF characteristics.

## FU\_ST\_VA\_02 subclause 8.2 c19\_2, c23\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the STATUS function can be performed for a DF.

## **Preconditions**

- DF other than MF selected: No EF is selected:

#### Test

Perform the STATUS command.

## Result

The command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be in accordance with the DF characteristics.

## FU\_ST\_VA\_03 subclause 8.3 c19\_2, c23\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the STATUS function can be performed for a DF, while an EF is selected.

## Preconditions

- DF other than MF selected; Any EF selected:

Perform the STATUS command.

#### Result

The command shall have a positive return code and the response data shall be in accordance with the DF characteristics.

## 6.2.3.2.2 Command

The coding of the Status command is the following:

Table 5: Return codes for the STATUS command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"F2"
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Maximum length of data expected in response

## 

## **Purpose**

Check that the STATUS command can be performed while just 10 bytes response are requested.

## **Preconditions**

- DF selected;

## **Test**

Perform the STATUS command with  $L_e="0A"$ .

## Result

STATUS shall return the first 10 bytes of a correct response.

## 6.2.3.2.3 Return codes

Table 6: Return codes for the STATUS command

Return Code	Error description
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" and P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_ST\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_2

#### Purpose

Check that STATUS returns "90 00", if used correctly.

## **Preconditions**

Reset the UC and present a STATUS command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_ST\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_2

#### **Purpose**

Check that STATUS returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

#### **Preconditions**

- MF exists.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a STATUS command with P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## 6.2.3.3 CREATE FILE (CF)

## 6.2.3.3.1 Function

## FU\_CF\_VA\_01 subclause 8.3 c19\_3, c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE FILE function can be performed successfully to create an EF.

#### **Preconditions**

Current DF allows creation of son files;

## **Test**

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create an transparent EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## FU\_CF\_VA\_02 subclause 8.3 c19\_30, c23\_3, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE FILE function can be performed successfully to create a DF.

## **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a DF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the DF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## 6.2.3.3.2 Command

The coding of the CREATE FILE command is the following:

Table 7: Return codes for the CREATE FILE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"E0"
P1	initialization value
P2	Type of creation
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data sent to the card (+cryptogram) Empty

## CO\_CF\_VA\_01 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_2

#### **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a linear fixed structure EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

#### Test

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a linear fixed structure EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_02 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_3

## **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a linear variable structure EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

#### Test

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a linear variable structure EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_03 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_5

#### **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create an EF to contain an ASC.

## Preconditions

Current DF allows creation of son files;

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create an EF to contain an ASC. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO CF VA 04 subclause 9.3 c23 3, c23 1, c6 1 1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a transparent EF to contain a program.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

#### Test

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a transparent EF to contain a program. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_05 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_5

## **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a DF to contain an ASC file.

#### **Preconditions**

Current DF allows creation of son files;

## **Test**

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a DF to contain an ASC file. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_06 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_1, c23\_10

## **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a transparent EF to be filled with an arbitrary value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a transparent EF to fill with an arbitrary value. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created and by means of a READ BINARY whether the contents of the file matches the given value.

#### Result

All commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT and READ BINARY commands are performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_07 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_2, c23\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a linear fixed EF to be filled with records with an arbitrary value.

## **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

#### Test

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a linear fixed EF to fill with an arbitrary value.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created and by means of a READ RECORD command whether the number of records and contents of the file match.

#### Result

All commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT and READ RECORD commands are performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_08 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_4, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a cyclic EF to be filled with records with an arbitrary value.

## **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

#### **Test**

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a cyclic EF to fill with an arbitrary value.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created and by means of a READ RECORD command whether the number of records and contents of the file match.

## Result

All commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT and READ RECORD commands are performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO CF VA 09 subclause 9.3 c23 3, c23 1, c6 1

## **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a large transparent EF.

## Preconditions

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a large transparent EF.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_10 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create an EF with highest possible file ID.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

#### Test

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a transparent EF with highest possible file ID.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO CF VA 11 subclause 9.3 c23 3, c23 1, c6 1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create an EF with lowest possible file ID.

## **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

## **Test**

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a transparent EF with lowest possible file ID.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_12 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_1, c9\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create an invalidated EF.

- Current DF allows creation of son files;
- Invalidation/Rehabilitation is an applicable feature of the Card operating system.

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create an invalidated transparent EF.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_13 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_1, c9\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create an EF that is not readable when invalidated.

## **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

## **Test**

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a transparent EF that is not readable when invalidated.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been created.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## CO\_CF\_VA\_14 subclause 9.3 c23\_3, c23\_1, c6\_1, c24\_5

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE FILE command can be performed successfully to create a DF having an Application Identifier.

## **Preconditions**

- Current DF allows creation of son files;

Perform a CREATE FILE command to create a DF having an Application Identifier.

Check by means of the SELECT (using the Application Id) command whether the DF has been created.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE FILE command.

## 6.2.3.3.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 8: Return codes for the CREATE FILE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 10	- Insufficient memory space available
92 20	- File ID is already available in this parent directory
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	$- L_{c} < "12" + X \text{ or } L_{c} > "21" + X$
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_CF\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

## **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

## Test

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and a valid cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

# **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "98 02" if the key associated with the AC CREATE does not exist.

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- The key associated with the AC CREATE does not exist.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "98 04" if the AC for CREATE is not fulfilled.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

#### Test

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and a wrong cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3, c9\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "98 10" if the DF is invalidated.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- The current DF is invalidated.

## **Test**

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and a valid cryptogram.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC CF IV 04 subclause 9.4.6 c19 3

#### Purpose

Check that CREATE FILE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

#### **Test**

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and a valid cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

#### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "92 10" if the available memory is not sufficient.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- There is not enough memory under the current DF available to create the file.

## **Test**

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and a valid cryptogram.

# Result

The expected status word is "92 10".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

#### Purpose

Check that CREATE FILE returns "92 20" if the given file ID already exists.

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- ID of an existing file is known.

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of an existing file and a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 20".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

#### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- The internal memory can not be written.

#### **Test**

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file and a valid cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

#### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "6B XX" if P2 > 3 or  $P1 \neq "00$  and P2 = "01 or P2 = "03").

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

#### **Test**

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file, a valid cryptogram and  $P1 \neq "00"$  and P2 = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

#### Purpose

Check that CREATE FILE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" and file ID = ."0001" (EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>)

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- $EF_{KEY\ OP}$  does not exist under the current DF.

Present a CREATE FILE command with ID "0001", a valid cryptogram and P1 ≠ "00" and P2 = "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_CF\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

## **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" and file ID = ."0000" (EF<sub>CHV1</sub>)

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- EF<sub>CHV1 OP</sub> does not exist under the current DF.

# Test

Present a CREATE FILE command with ID "0000", a valid cryptogram and P1 ≠ "00" and P2 = "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## RC\_CF\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_3

## **Purpose**

Check that CREATE FILE returns "67 XX" if  $L_{\rm c}$  < "10" or  $L_{\rm c}$  > "21" + X.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for CREATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

# **Test**

Present a CREATE FILE command with an ID of a not existing file, a valid cryptogram and  $L_c <$  "10" + X or  $L_c >$  "21" + X.

# Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.4 Delete File (DF)

## 6.2.3.4.1 Function

# FU\_DF\_VA\_01 subclause 8.4 c19\_4, c23\_4, c23\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that the DELETE FILE function can be performed successfully to delete an EF.

## **Preconditions**

- EF exists within current DF;

Perform a DELETE FILE command to delete the EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been deleted.

#### Result

The DELETE FILE command shall have a positive return code while the SELECT command shall fail.

### FU DF VA 02 subclause 8.4 c19 4, c23 4, c23 1

#### Purpose

Check that the DELETE FILE function can be performed successfully to delete an empty DF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Empty DF exists within current DF;

## Test

Perform a DELETE FILE command to delete the DF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the DF has been deleted.

#### Result

The DELETE FILE command shall have a positive return code while the SELECT command shall fail.

## FU\_DF\_VA\_03 subclause 8.4 c19\_4, c23\_4, c23\_3

#### **Purpose**

Check that the DELETE FILE function can be performed successfully to delete an empty DF and the deleted file can be newly created.

## **Preconditions**

- Empty DF exists within current DF;

## **Test**

Perform a DELETE FILE command to delete the DF.

Check by means of the CREATE FILE command whether the DF has been deleted.

#### Result

The DELETE FILE and the CREATE FILE command shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_DF\_VA\_04 subclause 8.4 c19\_4, c23\_4, c23\_5

#### Purpose

Check that the DELETE FILE function can be performed successfully to delete an empty DF and the

deleted file is not available anymore for the EXTEND command.

#### **Preconditions**

- Empty DF exists within current DF;

#### Test

Perform a DELETE FILE command to delete the DF.

Check by means of the EXTEND command whether the DF has been deleted.

## Result

The DELETE FILE command shall have a positive return code while the EXTENT command shall fail.

## FU\_DF\_VA\_05 subclause 8.4 c19\_30, c23\_3, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that after file deletion and following CREATE FILE command execution data of original file is destroyed.

#### **Preconditions**

- Any transparent EF created

- Data pattern written into that EF

#### Test

Perform DELETE FILE command on EF

Perform CREATE FILE command on the deleted EF

Check that the EF is empty by using READ BINARY command

## Result

All commands shall have a positive return code and data returned by the card shall be an empty string.

# 6.2.3.4.2 Command

The coding of the DELETE FILE command is the following:

Table 9: Return codes for the DELETE FILE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"E4"
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	File ID (+cryptogram) Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the DELETE FILE command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.4.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 10: Return codes for the DELETE FILE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 04	- File ID not found
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "02" + X
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_DF\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

#### Purpose

Check that DELETE FILE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

### **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "98 02" if the key associated with the AC DELETE FILE does not exist.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- The key associated with the AC DELETE FILE does not exist.

### **Test**

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and any cryptogram.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "98 04" if the AC for DELETE FILE is not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

## **Test**

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and a wrong cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "98 10" if the parent DF is invalidated.

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- The parent DF is invalidated.

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

### **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

## **Test**

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

## **Test**

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and a valid cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- The internal memory can not be written.

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF and a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "94 04" if the file ID could not be found.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

## **Test**

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of a not existing EF and a valid cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "94 04".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

## **Purpose**

Check that DELETE FILE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

# **Test**

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF, a valid cryptogram and P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_DF\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_4

# Purpose

Check that DELETE FILE returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq$  "02" + X.

- The AC for DELETE FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

Present a DELETE FILE command with an ID of an existing EF, a valid cryptogram and  $L_c \neq 2 + X$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.5 EXTEND (ET)

# 6.2.3.5.1 Function

## FU ET VA 01 subclause 8.5 c19 5, c23 5, c23 1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EXTEND function can be performed successfully to extend an EF.

# **Preconditions**

- Extendable EF exists in current DF;

#### Test

Perform an EXTEND command to extend the EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the extension was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

# FU\_ET\_VA\_02 subclause 8.5 c19\_5, c23\_5, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the EXTEND function can be performed successfully to extend a DF.

#### **Preconditions**

Extendable DF exists in current DF;

## Test

Perform an EXTEND command to extend the DF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the extension was successful.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

## 6.2.3.5.2 Command

The coding of the EXTEND command is the following:

#### Table 11: Return codes for the EXTEND command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"D4"
P1	Initialization value
P2	Type of extension
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field	File ID and number of bytes to extend (+cryptogram)
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

# CO\_ET\_VA\_01 subclause 9.3 c23\_5, c23\_1, c6\_2

## **Purpose**

Check that the EXTEND command can be performed successfully to extend a linear fixed structure EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current EF has linear fixed structure and can be extended;

#### Test

Perform a EXTEND command to extend a linear fixed structure EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been extended.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

# CO\_ET\_VA\_02 subclause 9.3 c23\_5, c23\_1, c6\_3

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EXTEND command can be performed successfully to extend a linear variable structure EF.

#### **Preconditions**

Current EF has linear variable structure and can be extended;

## **Test**

Perform a EXTEND command to extend a linear variable structure EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been extended.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command was performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

## CO\_ET\_VA\_03 subclause 9.3 c23\_5, c23\_1, c6\_1, c9\_1, c23\_10

## **Purpose**

Check that the EXTEND command can be performed successfully to extend a transparent EF and to fill the extension with an arbitrary value.

## **Preconditions**

Current EF is transparent and can be extended;

#### Test

Perform a EXTEND command to extend a transparent EF and to fill the extension with an arbitrary value. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been extended and by means of a READ BINARY whether the contents of the file matches the given value.

#### Result

All commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT and READ BINARY commands are performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

# CO\_ET\_VA\_04 subclause 9.3 c23\_5, c23\_1, c6\_2, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the EXTEND command can be performed successfully to extend a linear fixed EF to be filled with records with an arbitrary value.

### **Preconditions**

- Current EF has linear fixed structure and can be extended;

Perform a EXTEND command to extend a linear fixed EF and to fill the extension with an arbitrary value. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been extended and by means of a READ RECORD command whether the number of records and contents of the file match.

#### Result

All commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT and READ RECORD commands are performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

# CO\_ET\_VA\_05 subclause 9.3 c23\_5, c23\_1, c6\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the EXTEND command can be performed successfully to largely extend a transparent EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current EF is transparent can be extended;

## **Test**

Perform a EXTEND command to largely extend a transparent EF. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the EF has been extended.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the SELECT command is performed shall be in accordance with the data provided by the EXTEND command.

# 6.2.3.5.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 12: Return codes for the EXTEND command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 10	- Insufficient memory space available
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 08	- Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "03" + X
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_ET\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

## **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "98 02" if the key associated with the AC EXTEND FILE does not exist.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- The key associated with the AC EXTEND FILE does not exist.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

#### **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

#### **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "98 04" if the AC for EXTEND FILE is not fulfilled.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

## Test

Present an EXTEND command with a wrong cryptogram.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC ET IV 03 subclause 9.4.6 c19 5, c9 1

#### Purpose

Check that EXTEND returns "98 10" if the DF is invalidated.

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- The current DF is invalidated.

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

#### **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with any cryptogram.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

## **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

## **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram.

# Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC ET IV 06 subclause 9.4.6 c19 5

#### Purpose

Check that EXTEND returns "92 10" if the available memory is not sufficient.

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- There is not enough memory under the current DF available to create the file.

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 10".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.
- The internal memory can not be written.

#### **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

#### Purpose

Check that EXTEND returns "94 08" if it is performed on a cyclic EF.

## **Preconditions**

- Any cyclic EF within the current DF exists.

## **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with file ID = cyclic EF file ID.

## Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

## **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

# Test

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram and P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

# **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns "67 XX" if  $L_c >$  "03" + X.

## **Preconditions**

- The AC for EXTEND FILE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the file creation is available under the current DF.

## **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with a valid cryptogram and  $L_c \neq "03" + X$ .

## Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# RC\_ET\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_5

## **Purpose**

Check that EXTEND returns an error when it is used for a non existing file

## **Preconditions**

None

# **Test**

Present an EXTEND command with a file ID that does not exist.

#### Result

The expected status word is any negative.

# 6.2.3.6 EXECUTE (EX)

# 6.2.3.6.1 Function

## FU\_EX\_VA\_01 subclause 8.6 c19\_6, c23\_6

#### Purpose

Check that the card is able to perform an EXECUTE function.

## **Preconditions**

- An EF containing a program exists.

# **Test**

Present an EXECUTE command.

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

NOTE: It might be necessary to perform additional implementation specific tests.

Specification for this is under responsibility of the development team.

# 6.2.3.6.2 Command

The coding of the EXECUTE command is the following:

Table 13: Return codes for the EXECUTE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"AE"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00" (other values are RFU)
L <sub>c</sub> field	Number of data bytes (+X)
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data sent to the card (+X) Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the EXECUTE command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.6.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 14: Return codes for the EXECUTE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ 0 or P2 ≠ 0
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

# RC\_EX\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6, c4\_9

# **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- An EF containing a program is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The data format needed is known.

Present a valid EXECUTE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_EX\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6, c4\_8

## **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "9F XX" if used correctly.

## **Preconditions**

- An EF containing a program is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The data format needed is known.

### **Test**

Present a valid EXECUTE command.

## Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

## **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF containing a program with a not existing key associated to EXECUTE is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is PRO.
- The data format needed is known.
- A random has been asked for.

## **Test**

Present a valid EXECUTE command with any cryptogram appended and a matching L<sub>c</sub>.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

#### Purnose

Check that EXECUTE returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on EXECUTE.

- An EF containing a program is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is not fulfilled.
- The data format needed is known.

Present a valid EXECUTE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

#### **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

## **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF containing a program is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The data format needed is known.

#### **Test**

Present a valid EXECUTE command.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

# **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

## **Preconditions**

- An EF containing a program is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is PRO.
- The data format needed is known.
- No random has been asked for.

## **Test**

Present a valid EXECUTE command with any cryptogram appended and a matching  $L_{\rm c}$ .

## Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

#### Purnose

Check that EXECUTE returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

# Preconditions

- A DF or the MF is selected.

Present a valid EXECUTE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

# **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "94 08" if a file, not containing a program is selected.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.

## **Test**

Present a valid EXECUTE command.

## Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_EX\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_6

# **Purpose**

Check that EXECUTE returns "6B XX" if  $P1 \neq$  "00" or  $P2 \neq$  "00".

## **Preconditions**

- An EF containing a program is selected.
- The AC for EXECUTE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The data format needed is known.

# **Test**

Present an EXECUTE command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.7 UPDATE BINARY (UB)

# 6.2.3.7.1 Function

# FU\_UB\_VA\_01 subclause 8.7 c19\_7, c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_10

#### Purpose

Check that the UPDATE BINARY function can be performed.

## **Preconditions**

- Writable transparent EF selected;

Try to write a number of bytes to the EF. Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ BINARY command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE BINARY command.

# FU\_UB\_IV\_01 subclause 8.7 c19\_7, c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_10

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY does not write into the EF if AC is not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF with known contents is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## **Test**

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01$ ".

Check by means of READ BINARY if file contents did not change.

#### Result

The expected status word for UPDATE BINARY is "98 04" while the READ BINARY returns a positive return code and the unchanged file contents.

## 6.2.3.7.2 Command

The coding of the UPDATE BINARY command is the following:

Table 15: Return codes for the UPDATE BINARY command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"D6"
P1	Offset
P2	Offset
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data to be updated (+cryptogram) Empty

# CO\_UB\_VA\_01 subclause 9.7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that the UPDATE BINARY command can be performed using a small offset.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable transparent non-empty (at least 48 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to write a number of bytes to the EF using offset "1A". Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ BINARY command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE BINARY command.

# CO\_UB\_VA\_02 subclause 9.7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_10

## **Purpose**

Check that the UPDATE BINARY command can be performed using a large offset.

#### Preconditions

- Writable transparent non-empty (at least 300 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

# Test

Try to write a number of bytes to the EF using offset "0120". Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ BINARY command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE BINARY command.

# CO\_UB\_VA\_03 subclause 9.7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_10

# **Purpose**

Check that the UPDATE BINARY command can be performed using a large amount of data.

#### Preconditions

- Writable transparent non-empty (at least 256 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to write the maximum number of bytes allowed by the IUT to the EF in one UPDATE BINARY command. Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ BINARY command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE BINARY command.

## 6.2.3.7.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 16: Return codes for the UPDATE BINARY command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range (invalid address)
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- (P1, P2) > file length
67 XX	- (P1, P2) + L <sub>c</sub> > file length
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_UB\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7, c4\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "90 00" if used correctly.

## **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

# Test

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- A transparent EF with a not existing key associated to UPDATE is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

Present a UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00", any cryptogram and  $L_c$  = "01" + X.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on UPDATE.

## **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

# Test

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

## **Preconditions**

- A transparent invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## **Test**

Present a UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

# Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

Present a UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00", any cryptogram and  $L_c$  = "01" + X.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

## **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

## **Test**

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

# **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

## **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

## Test

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "01".

## Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

## **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

## Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for UPDATE BINARY is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- Any linear fixed EF is selected.

## **Test**

Present an UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

## Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "6B XX" or "94 02" if the offset is greater than the file size.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The length of the file is 20 byte.

## Test

Present a UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0014", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "14" and  $L_c =$  "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX" or "94 02".

# RC\_UB\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_7

### **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE BINARY returns "67 XX" or "94 02" if the sum of the offset and the length is larger than the file

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The length of the file is 20 byte.

Present a UPDATE BINARY command with offset "0013", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "13" and  $L_c = "02$ ".

## Result

The expected status word is "67 XX" or "94 02".

# 6.2.3.8 UPDATE RECORD (UR)

## 6.2.3.8.1 Function

## FU\_UR\_VA\_01 subclause 8.8 c19\_8, c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the UPDATE RECORD function can be performed in FIRST mode.

## **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;

#### Test

Try to write a record in FIRST mode. Then try to read them back.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE RECORD command.

## FU\_UR\_VA\_02 subclause 8.8 c19\_8, c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the UPDATE RECORD function can be performed in LAST mode.

## **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;

### Test

Try to write a record in LAST mode. Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE RECORD command.

## FU UR VA 03 subclause 8.8 c19 8, c23 8, c23 1, c23 12

#### Purpose

Check that the UPDATE RECORD function can be performed in NEXT mode.

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;
- Current record is known and not first nor last record;

Try to write a record in NEXT mode. Then try to read it back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE RECORD command.

# FU\_UR\_VA\_04 subclause 8.8 c19\_8, c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the UPDATE RECORD function can be performed in PREVIOUS mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;
- Current record is known and not first nor last record;

#### Test

Try to write a record in PREVIOUS mode. Then try to read it back.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE RECORD command.

# FU\_UR\_VA\_05 subclause 8.8 c19\_8, c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that the UPDATE RECORD function can be performed in ABSOLUTE mode.

### **Preconditions**

Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;

### **Test**

Try to write a record in ABSOLUTE mode. Then try to read them back.

# Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE RECORD command.

# FU\_UR\_VA\_06 subclause 8.8 c19\_8, c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that the UPDATE RECORD function can be performed in CURRENT mode.

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;
- Current record is known and not first nor last record;

Try to write a record in CURRENT mode. Finally try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the UPDATE RECORD command.

# FU\_UR\_IV\_01 subclause 8.8 c19\_8, c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD does not write into the EF if AC is not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fixed EF with known contents is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## **Test**

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

Check by means of READ RECORD if file contents did not change.

#### Result

The expected status word for UPDATE RECORD is "98 04" while the READ RECORD returns a positive return code and the unchanged file contents.

# 6.2.3.8.2 Command

The coding of the UPDATE RECORD command is the following:

Table 17: Return codes for the UPDATE RECORD command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"DC"
P1	Record no.
P2	Mode
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field	Data to be updated (+cryptogram)
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the UPDATE RECORD command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.8.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 18: Return codes for the UPDATE RECORD command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range
94 04	- Record not found
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P2 > "04"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ record length (+X)
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_UR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8, c4\_9

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "90 00" if used correctly.

# **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

# Test

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- An EF with linear fixed structure with a not existing key associated to UPDATE is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length + X.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

#### **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on UPDATE.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8, c9\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

#### Preconditions

- An invalidated EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

## **Test**

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length + X.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_UR\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

#### **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.

- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

## **Test**

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

#### Test

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

# Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

# Purpose

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "94 02" or "94 04" if the addressed record is not found.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The number of records in that EF is known.

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 > number of existing records, P2 = "04" and  $L_c$  = record length.

# Result

The expected status word is "94 02" or "94 04".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

#### Purpose

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for UPDATE RECORD is selected.

## **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY\_MAN</sub> is selected.

#### Test

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

## Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

## **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "6B XX" if P2 > "04".

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 > "04" and  $L_c$  = record length.

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_UR\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_8

# **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "67 XX" if the length of the datafield is not equal to the record length.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for UPDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an UPDATE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = record length.

## Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.9 CREATE RECORD (CR)

#### 6.2.3.9.1 Function

## FU\_CR\_VA\_01 subclause 8.9 c19\_9, c23\_9, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE RECORD function can be successfully performed on a empty linear fixed structure EF.

## **Preconditions**

- Readable empty linear fixed structure EF selected;

### Test

Perform a CREATE RECORD command and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE RECORD command.

# FU\_CR\_VA\_02 subclause 8.9c19\_9, c23\_9, c23\_1, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE RECORD function can be successfully performed on a non-empty linear variable structure EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear variable structure EF (with known contents) selected;
- Last created record is also last written record

## **Test**

Perform a CREATE RECORD command and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE RECORD command.

## FU\_CR\_VA\_03 subclause 8.9 c19\_9, c23\_9, c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the CREATE RECORD function can be successfully performed on a non-empty cyclic EF.

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) cyclic EF (with known contents) selected;
- Last created record is also last written record

Perform a CREATE RECORD command and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with the data provided by the CREATE RECORD command.

# FU\_CR\_IV\_01 subclause 8.9 c19\_9, c23\_9, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CREATE RECORD function cannot be successfully performed on a non-empty cyclic EF when the last created record is not the last written record.

## **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) cyclic EF (with known contents) selected;
- Last created record is not last written record

## **Test**

Perform a CREATE RECORD command.

## Result

The commands shall have a negative return code.

# 6.2.3.9.2 Command

The coding of the CREATE RECORD command is the following:

Table 19: Return codes for the CREATE RECORD command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"E2"
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty or Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data of record to be created (+ cryptogram) Empty

# 6.2.3.9.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 20: Return codes for the CREATE RECORD command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 10	- Insufficient memory space available
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ record length +X
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_CR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

#### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

### **Test**

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "98 02" if the key associated with the AC CREATE RECORD does not exist.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- The key associated with the AC CREATE RECORD does not exist.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

Present a CREATE RECORD command with any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "98 04" if the AC for CREATE RECORD is not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

#### **Test**

Present a CREATE RECORD command with a wrong cryptogram.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

#### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "98 10" if the EF is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.
- The current EF is invalidated.

# Test

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

#### Purpose

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

Present an CREATE RECORD command with any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

### Test

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

#### Purpose

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "92 10" if the available memory is not sufficient.

# **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- There is not enough memory for the record creation available in the current file.

# Test

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 10".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

#### Purpose

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.
- The internal memory can not be written.

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

#### Test

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram for any record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "94 02" if the number of records would exceed 255.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.
- The number of records in that EF is 255.

#### Test

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 02".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for CREATE RECORD is selected.

- EFICC is selected.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

Present an CREATE RECORD command with any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_CR\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

#### **Test**

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram and P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC CR IV 12 subclause 9.4.6 c19 9

#### **Purpose**

Check that CREATE RECORD returns "67 XX" if  $L_c > record length + X$ .

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for CREATE RECORD is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- Enough memory for the record creation is available in the current file.

### **Test**

Present an CREATE RECORD command with a valid cryptogram and  $L_c > record length + X$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.10 READ BINARY (RB)

# 6.2.3.10.1 Function

# FU\_RB\_VA\_01 subclause 8.10 c19\_10, c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ BINARY function can be performed.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent non-empty EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF.

#### Result

The READ BINARY command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### FU\_RB\_VA\_02 subclause 8.10 c19\_10, c23\_10, c23\_1, c9\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ BINARY function can be performed on invalidated and readable when invalidated files.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent non-empty EF (with known contents) selected;
- file is invalidated:
- file is readable when invalidated

#### **Test**

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF.

### Result

The READ BINARY command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### 6.2.3.10.2 Command

The coding of the READ BINARY command is the following:

Table 21: Return codes for the READ BINARY command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"B0"
P1	Offset
P2	Offset
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Number of bytes to be read

# CO\_RB\_VA\_01 subclause 9.10 c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ BINARY command can be performed using a small offset.

## **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent non-empty (at least 48 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

### Test

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF using offset "1A".

#### Result

The READ BINARY command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

# CO\_RB\_VA\_02 subclause 9.10 c23\_10, c23\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the READ BINARY command can be performed using a large offset.

# **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent non-empty (at least 300 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF using offset "0120".

#### Result

The READ BINARY command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### 6.2.3.10.3 Return codes

Table 22: Return codes for the READ BINARY command

Return Code	Error description
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range (invalid address) (ed. 2)
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- (P1, P2) > file length
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_RB\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_10, c4\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY returns "90 00" if used correctly.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.

### **Test**

Present a READ BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "0F".

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_RB\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_10

#### Purpose

Check that READ BINARY returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on read.

# **Preconditions**

- An EF with AC for READ is set to NEV or any other unfulfilled AC is selected, such as EFCHV or EFDIR.

### Test

Present a READ BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "00" and  $L_e = "01"$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_RB\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_10

#### Purpose

Check that READ BINARY returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

Present a READ BINARY command with offset "0000".

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_RB\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_10, c9\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent invalidated EF is selected.
- That EF is not readable when invalidated.

### **Test**

Present a READ BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_RB\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for READ BINARY is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.

### **Test**

Present a READ BINARY command with offset "0000".

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_RB\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY returns "6B XX" or "94 02" if the offset is greater than the file size.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.

## Test

Present a READ BINARY command with offset "0014", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "14" and  $L_e = "01"$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.11 READ BINARY STAMPED (RBS)

# 6.2.3.11.1 Function

# FU\_RBS\_VA\_01 subclause 8.11 c19\_11, c23\_11, c23\_1, c23\_24

### Purpose

Check that the READ BINARY STAMPED function can be performed.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent non-empty EF (with known contents) selected;

- A random has been given.

#### Test

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF.

#### Result

The READ BINARY STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

### 6.2.3.11.2 Command

The coding of the READ BINARY STAMPED command is the following:

Table 23: Return codes for the READ BINARY STAMPED command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"B4"
P1	Offset
P2	Offset
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Number of bytes to be read

# CO\_RBS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.11 c23\_11, c23\_1, c23\_24

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ BINARY STAMPED command can be performed using a small offset.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable transparent non-empty (at least 48 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF using offset "0A".

### Result

The READ BINARY STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the cryptogram shall be correct.

# CO\_RBS\_VA\_02 subclause 9.2.11 c23\_11, c23\_1, c23\_24

#### Purpose

Check that the READ BINARY STAMPED command can be performed using a large offset.

- Readable transparent non-empty (at least 300 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;
- A random has been given.

Try to read a number of bytes from the EF using offset "0120".

#### Result

The READ BINARY STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the cryptogram shall be correct.

### 6.2.3.11.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 24: Return codes for the READ BINARY STAMPED command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	<ul> <li>No key defined</li> </ul>
98 04	<ul> <li>AC not fulfilled</li> </ul>
98 10	In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 40	<ul> <li>no test is foreseen for this status word</li> </ul>
94 00	No EF selected as current
94 02	Out of range (invalid address) (note)
94 08	Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- (P1, P2) > file length
67 XX	no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	Normal ending (ACK) of the command
NOTE: This erro	or code shall not be used, but 6B XX instead. (CR)

### RC\_RBS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11, c4\_9

#### Purpose

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "90 00" if used correctly.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "0F" + X.

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# $RC\_RBS\_IV\_01 subclause~9.4.6~c19\_11$

#### Purpose

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- A transparent EF with a not existing key associated to READ is selected.
- A random has been given.

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_RBS\_IV\_02subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11

# **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on read.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with AC for READ is set to NEV or any other unfulfilled AC is selected, such as EFCHV or EFDIR.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "00" and  $L_e = "01" + X$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_RBS\_IV\_03subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11

### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

# **Preconditions**

- A transparent invalidated EF is selected.
- That EF is not readable when invalidated.
- A random has been given.

## Test

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "00" and  $L_e = "01" + X$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

### RC\_RBS\_IV\_04subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11

# **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "98 35" if no random has been given.

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.
- No random has been given.

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00" and P2 = "00" and

$$L_e = "01" + X.$$

### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_RBS\_IV\_05subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11

### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0000" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_RBS\_IV\_06subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11

### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for READ BINARY STAMPED is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY\_MAN</sub> is selected.
- A random has been given.

# Test

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0000" and  $L_e = "01" + X$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_RBS\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_11

#### Purpose

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "6B XX" or "94 02" if the offset is greater than the file size.

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.
- A random has been given.

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command with offset "0014", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "14" and

$$L_e = "01" + X.$$

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.12 READ RECORD (RR)

# 6.2.3.12.1 Function

# FU\_RR\_VA\_01 subclause 8.12 c19\_12, c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD function can be performed using the FIRST mode.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;

# Test

Try to read the first record from the EF using the FIRST mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### FU RR VA 02 subclause 8.12 c19 12, c23 10, c23 1, c23 1

# **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD function can be performed using the LAST mode.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;

### Test

Try to read the last record from the EF using the LAST mode.

### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

# FU\_RR\_VA\_03 subclause 8.12 c19\_12, c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD function can be performed using the NEXT mode.

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record pointer is defined but not at beginning or end;

Try to read the next record using the NEXT mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

# FU\_RR\_VA\_04 subclause 8.12 c19\_12, c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD function can be performed using the PREVIOUS mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record pointer is defined but not at beginning or end;

#### Test

Try to read the previous record using the PREVIOUS mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

# FU\_RR\_VA\_05 subclause 8.12 c19\_12, c23\_10, c23\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD function can be performed using the ABSOLUTE mode.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;

# **Test**

Try to read a record from it using the ABSOLUTE mode.

### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### FU\_RR\_VA\_06 subclause 8.12 c19\_12, c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD function can be performed using the CURRENT mode.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at beginning or end;

#### **Test**

Try to read the current record using the CURRENT mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### 6.2.3.12.2 Command

The coding of the READ RECORD command is the following:

Table 25: Return codes for the READ RECORD command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"B2"
P1	Record no.
P2	Mode
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Number of bytes to be read

# CO\_RR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.12 c23\_12, c23\_1, c28\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD command can be performed while less bytes are requested then available in the record.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records, size larger than 3 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

#### Test

Try to read 3 bytes of the first record from the EF.

### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### CO RR VA 02 subclause 9.10 c23 10, c23 1, c28 6

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD command can be performed while requesting the complete contents from the current record to the end.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected:
- Current record not at beginning or end;

# Test

Send an READ RECORD command (in CURRENT mode) to the IUT with field  $L_e = 0$ .

#### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

# CO\_RR\_VA\_03 subclause 9.10 c23\_10, c23\_1, c28\_6

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD command can be performed while requesting the complete contents from the current record to the logical end of a cyclic record file, wrapping the physical end of the file.

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 3 non-empty records) linear cyclic structure EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at the physical end and not at the physical beginning of the file;

Send a READ RECORD command (in CURRENT mode) to the IUT with field  $L_{\rm e} = 0. \,$ 

### Result

The READ RECORD command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF.

### 6.2.3.12.3 Return codes

Table 26: Return codes for the READ RECORD command

Return Code	Error description
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- in contradiction with the invalidation status
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range
94 04	- Record not found (ed. 2)
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P2 > "04"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_RR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12, c4\_9

#### Purpose

Check that READ RECORD returns "90 00" if used correctly.

# **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_RR\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12

# **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on read.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is not fulfilled.

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_RR\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12, c9\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

#### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- That EF is not readable when invalidated.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_RR\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_RR\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12

# Purpose

Check that READ RECORD returns "94 02" or "94 04" if the addressed record is not found.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The number of records in that EF is known.

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 greater than the number of existing records, P2 = "04" and  $L_e$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 02" or "94 04".

# RC\_RR\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for READ RECORD is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.

#### Test

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_RR\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD returns "6B XX" if P2 > "04".

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD command with P1 = "00" and P2 > "04" and  $L_e$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.13 READ RECORD STAMPED (RRS)

# 6.2.3.13.1 Function

# FU\_RRS\_VA\_01 subclause 8.13 c19\_13, c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED function can be performed using the FIRST mode.

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- A random has been given.

Try to read the first record from the EF using the FIRST mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# FU\_RRS\_VA\_02 subclause 8.13 c19\_13, c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED function can be performed using the LAST mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Try to read the last record from the EF using the LAST mode.

### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# FU\_RRS\_VA\_03 subclause 8.13 c19\_13, c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_3

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED function can be performed using the NEXT mode.

#### Preconditions

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at the end;
- A random has been given.

### Test

Try to read the next record using the NEXT mode.

#### Docul

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# FU\_RRS\_VA\_04 subclause 8.13 c19\_13, c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_4

#### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED function can be performed using the PREVIOUS mode.

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at the beginning;
- A random has been given.

Try to read the previous record using the PREVIOUS mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# FU\_RRS\_VA\_05 subclause 8.13 c19\_13, c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_5

#### Purpose

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED function can be performed using the ABSOLUTE mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Try to read a record from it using the ABSOLUTE mode.

### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# FU\_RRS\_VA\_06 subclause 8.13 c19\_13, c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_6

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED function can be performed using the CURRENT mode.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records) EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at beginning or end;
- A random has been given.

### Test

Try to read the current record using the CURRENT mode.

#### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# 6.2.3.13.2 Command

The coding of the READ RECORD STAMPED command is the following:

Table 27: Return codes for the READ RECORD STAMPED command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"B6"
P1	Record no.
P2	Mode
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Number of bytes to be read

# CO\_RRS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.13 c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED command can be performed while less bytes are requested then available in the record.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable linear non-empty (containing at least 2 records, size larger than 3 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Try to read 3 bytes of the first record from the EF.

#### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# CO\_RRS\_VA\_02 subclause 9.2.13 c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_6

## **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED command can be performed while requesting the complete contents from the current record to the end.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at the end;
- A random has been given.

# Test

Send a READ RECORD STAMPED command (in CURRENT mode) to the IUT with field  $L_e = 0$ .

### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

# CO\_RRS\_VA\_03 subclause 9.2.13 c23\_13, c23\_1, c23\_24, c29\_6

### **Purpose**

Check that the READ RECORD STAMPED command can be performed while requesting the complete contents from the current record to the logical end of a cyclic record file wrapping the physical end of the file.

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 3 non-empty records) linear cyclic structure EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at the physical end and not at the physical beginning of the file;
- A random has been given.

Send a READ RECORD STAMPED command (in CURRENT mode) to the IUT with field  $L_{\rm e} = 0$ .

### Result

The READ RECORD STAMPED command shall have a positive return code, the data returned by the command shall be in accordance with the actual contents of that EF and the returned cryptogram shall be correct.

### 6.2.3.13.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 28: Return codes for the READ RECORD STAMPED command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range
94 04	- Record not found (note)
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P2 > "04"
67 XX	- L <sub>e</sub> > record length
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
NOTE: This err	or code shall not be used, but 94 02 instead. (CR)

### RC\_RRS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13, c4\_9

# **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- A random has been given.

### Test

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

# **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- An EF with linear fixed structure with a not existing key associated to READ is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- A random has been given.

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on read.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is not fulfilled.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

#### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- That EF is not readable when invalidated.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- A random has been given.

## **Test**

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

### RC\_RRS\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

#### **Purpose**

Check that READ BINARY STAMPED returns "98 35" if no random has been given.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- No random has been given.
- A random has been given.

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

# **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

# **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "94 02" or "94 04" if the addressed record is not found.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The number of records in that EF is known.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 greater than the number of existing records, P2 = "04" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 02" or "94 04".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

#### Purpose

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for READ RECORD is selected.

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.
- A random has been given.

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

### **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "6B XX" if P2 > "04".

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  = "01" + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_RRS\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_13

# **Purpose**

Check that READ RECORD STAMPED returns "67 XX" if L<sub>e</sub> greater than the file size.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The size of a record in that EF is known.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present a READ RECORD STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_e$  is greater than the size of the record + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.14 SEEK (SK)

# 6.2.3.14.1 Function

## FU\_SK\_VA\_01 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

# **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the beginning forward.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# FU\_SK\_VA\_02 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

#### Purposo

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the end backward.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

### **Test**

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the end backward.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

### FU\_SK\_VA\_03 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the next location forward.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at beginning or end;

### **Test**

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the next location forward.

# Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# FU\_SK\_VA\_04 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the previous location backward.

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;
- Current record not at beginning or end;

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the previous location backward.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# FU\_SK\_VA\_05 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a linear variable structure EF using a search from the beginning forward.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear variable structure EF (with known contents) selected;

### **Test**

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the beginning forward.

### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

### FU\_SK\_VA\_06 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a cyclic EF using a search from the beginning forward.

# **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) cyclic EF (with known contents) selected;

### Test

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the beginning forward.

### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# FU\_SK\_VA\_07 subclause 8.14 c19\_14, c23\_14, c23\_1

## Purpose

Check that the SEEK function can be successfully performed on a cyclic EF using a search from the end backward.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) cyclic EF (with known contents) selected;

#### **Test**

Try to seek for a record with a matching search string from the end backward.

# Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# 6.2.3.14.2 Command

The coding of the SEEK command is the following:

Table 29: Return codes for the SEEK command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"A2"
P1	Offset
P2	Type/Mode
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field	Data sent to the card
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty or 1 byte (for type = 2)

# CO\_SK\_VA\_01 subclause 9.14 c23\_14, c23\_1, c30\_7

#### Purpose

Check that the SEEK command can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward with offset 4.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

### **Test**

Try to seek for a record with offset 4 and a matching search string from the beginning forward.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# CO\_SK\_VA\_02 subclause 9.14 c23\_14, c23\_1, c30\_7

#### Purpose

Check that the SEEK command can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward with offset 7.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

### Test

Try to seek for a record with offset 7 and a matching search string from the beginning forward.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

### CO\_SK\_VA\_03 subclause 9.14 c23\_14, c23\_1, c30\_7

#### Purpose

Check that the SEEK command can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward with a short search argument. No Response Data is requested.

#### Preconditions

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to seek for a record with a one character matching search string from the beginning forward.

Set P2 = "00".

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

There is no response data

# CO\_SK\_VA\_04 subclause 9.14 c23\_14, c23\_1, c30\_7

### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK command can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward with a short search argument. No Response Data is requested.

#### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

#### **Test**

Try to seek for a record with a one character matching search string from the beginning forward.

Set P2 = "00".

### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

Record number is returned.

# CO\_SK\_VA\_05 subclause 9.14 c23\_14, c23\_1, c30\_7

### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK command can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward with a long search argument.

## **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records of size larger than 20) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

# Test

Try to seek for a record with a 20 character matching search string from the beginning forward.

# Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

# CO\_SK\_VA\_06 subclause 9.14 c23\_14, c23\_1, c30\_7

#### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK command can be successfully performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the beginning forward with a search argument exactly matching a record.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable non-empty (containing at least 2 non-empty records) linear fixed structure EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to seek for a record with a 20 character matching search string from the beginning forward.

#### Result

Command shall have a positive return code.

### 6.2.3.14.3 Return codes

Table 30: Return codes for the SEEK command

Return Code	Error description
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status (note)
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 04	- Pattern not found
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P2 ≠ 000X00XX
67 XX	- L <sub>e</sub> not empty for type 1
	- L <sub>e</sub> > 1 for type 2
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data
NOTE: This star	tus word is needed as the SEEK command depends on the invalidation status.

# RC\_SK\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14, c4\_9

#### Purpose

Check that SEEK returns "90 00" if used correctly.

# Preconditions

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The contents is known.

### **Test**

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of an existing record (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_SK\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14, c4\_8

# **Purpose**

Check that SEEK returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The contents is known.

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of an existing record (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

#### Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

### RC SK IV 01 subclause 9.4.6 c19 14

#### Purpose

Check that SEEK returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on read.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is not fulfilled.
- The contents is known.

### **Test**

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of an existing record (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_SK\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

#### **Purpose**

Check that SEEK returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

# **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- That EF is not readable when invalidated.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The contents is known.

### Test

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of an existing record (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

# Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_SK\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

#### Purpose

Check that SEEK returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of any record (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

### RC\_SK\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

#### Purpose

Check that SEEK returns "94 04" if the pattern could not be found.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The contents is known.

#### **Test**

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of no existing record (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 04".

# RC\_SK\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

### **Purpose**

Check that the SEEK function returns "94 04" when performed on a linear fixed structure EF using a search from the next record onward while no further record matches the argument.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- A record inside that EF is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The contents is known and contains at least one record different from the one currently selected and no record with the same contents.

### **Test**

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "02",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the contents of the currently selected record (with a matching  $L_e$ ).

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 04".

# RC\_SK\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

### **Purpose**

Check that SEEK returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for SEEK is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_e$  empty and the datafield contains the first part of the contents of the file (with a matching  $L_c$ ).

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_SK\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

#### Purpose

Check that SEEK returns "6B XX" if  $P2 \neq 000X00XX$ .

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The contents is known.

#### Test

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2  $\neq$  000X00XX, L<sub>e</sub> empty and the datafield contains the contents of an existing record (with a matching L<sub>c</sub>).

## Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC\_SK\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_14

### **Purpose**

Check that SEEK returns "67 XX" if  $L_e \neq$  "01" for type 2.

# **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for READ/SEEK is fulfilled.
- The size of a record in that EF is known.

### Test

Present a SEEK command with P1 = "00", P2 = 000100XX,  $L_e \neq$  "01" and the datafield contains the contents of an existing record (with a matching  $L_e$ ).

## Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.15 VERIFY CHV (VC)

# 6.2.3.15.1 Function

# FU\_VC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.15 c19\_15, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the VERIFY CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.

- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.

#### Test

Reset the IUT.

Present a VERIFY CHV command.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_VC\_VA\_02 subclause 8.15 c19\_15, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the VERIFY CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV2.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV2 exists.

### **Test**

Reset the IUT.

Present a VERIFY CHV command.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV2.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_VC\_VA\_03 subclause 8.15 c19\_15, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the VERIFY CHV function can reset the "remaining CHV attempts counter".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the correct CHV.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the wrong CHV.

#### Result

The expected SW for the second VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_VC\_VA\_04 subclause 8.15 c19\_15, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the "remaining CHV attempts counter" remains blocked after N unsuccessful CHV representations.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N times.

#### Test

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the correct CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for the VERIFY CHV is "98 40".

# FU\_VC\_VA\_05 subclause 8.15 c19\_15, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c23\_23, c12\_5\_2

#### **Purpose**

Check that the VERIFY CHV function can be used for an enciphered CHV.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented enciphered.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- A Random has been asked for.
- AC CHV1 is not yet fulfilled.

### **Test**

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the CHV enciphered.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

## Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_VC\_VA\_06 subclause 8.15 c19\_15, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_1\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the VERIFY CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 which stores a path to another CHV file.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists containing path to existing CHV file.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.

Reset the IUT.

Present a VERIFY CHV command.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# 6.2.3.15.2 Command

The coding of the VERIFY CHV command is the following:

Table 31: Return codes for the VERIFY CHV command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"20"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"01" for CHV1
	"02" for CHV2
L <sub>c</sub> field	"08"
Data field	Data sent to the card
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the VERIFY CHV command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.15.3 Return codes

The following return codes are defined for VERIFY CHV:

Table 32: Return codes for the VERIFY CHV command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No CHV defined
98 04	- Unsuccessful CHV verification but VERIFY CHV mechanism still possible (number of false consecutive verification < N)
98 08	- In contradiction with CHV status
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 40	<ul> <li>Unsuccessful CHV verification, VERIFY CHV mechanism no longer possible (number of false consecutive verifications &gt;= N)</li> </ul>
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00", P2 ≠ "01" and P2 ≠ "02"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "08"
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_VC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

#### Purpose

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "90 00", if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.

- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 02", if no CHV is defined.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> does not exist in the path to the current DF.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

# **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 04", if the presented CHV is false.

### **Preconditions**

- $EF_{CHV1}$  exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong CHV.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 04", if the presented CHV is false.

- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "02" and a wrong CHV.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is not activated.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- $EF_{CHV1}$  is not activated (least significant bit in activation byte is set to 0).
- CHV is known.

# **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is present but disabled.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is disabled.
- CHV is known.

# Test

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15, c9\_1

# Purpose

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 10", if the CHV is present but invalidated.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is invalidated.
- CHV is known.

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15, c12\_5\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 35", if for an enciphered CHV no Random has been given.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> requires an enciphered CHV.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01" but present the CHV in clear.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "98 40", after N unsuccessful tries.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- N is known.
- CHV1 has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong CHV.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 40".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

# **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- Less than N false attempts have been made to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- Less than N false attempts have been made to present the CHV.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1 ≠ "00".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with P2 = "01" and  $P1 \neq "00"$ .

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

# **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter  $P2 \neq$  "01" and  $P2 \neq$  "02".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with P2 ≠ "01" and P2 ≠ "02".

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_VC\_IV\_13 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that VERIFY CHV returns "67 XX" if the parameter  $L_c \neq$  "08".

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a VERIFY CHV command with  $L_c \neq$  "08" and a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.16 CHANGE CHV (CC)

# 6.2.3.16.1 Function

# FU\_CC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.16 c19\_16, c23\_16, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CHANGE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.

Reset the IUT.

Present a CHANGE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the new CHV.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_CC\_VA\_02 subclause 8.16 c19\_16, c23\_16, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the CHANGE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV2.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV2 exists.

#### Test

Reset the IUT.

Present a CHANGE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the new CHV.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV2.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_CC\_VA\_03 subclause 8.16 c19\_16, c23\_16, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the CHANGE CHV function can reset the "remaining CHV attempts counter".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.

Present a CHANGE CHV command with the correct CHV.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the wrong CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for the VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_CC\_VA\_04 subclause 8.15 c19\_16, c23\_16, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

# **Purpose**

Check that the "remaining CHV attempts counter" remains blocked after N unsuccessful CHANGE CHV representations.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The CHANGE CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N times.

### Test

Present a CHANGE CHV command with the correct CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for the CHANGE CHV is "98 40".

# FU\_CC\_VA\_05 subclause 8.16 c19\_16, c23\_16, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c23\_23, c12\_5\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the CHANGE CHV function can be used for an enciphered CHV.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented enciphered.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- A Random has been asked for.
- AC CHV1 is not yet fulfilled.

Present a CHANGE CHV command with the old and the new CHV enciphered.

Reset the IUT.

Present an ASK RANDOM command.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the new CHV.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_CC\_VA\_06 subclause 8.16 c19\_16, c23\_16, c23\_15, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_1\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the CHANGE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 which stores a path to another CHV file.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists containing path to existing CHV file.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.

#### **Test**

Reset the IUT.

Present a CHANGE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the new CHV.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# 6.2.3.16.2 Command

The coding of the CHANGE CHV command is the following:

Table 33: Return codes for the CHANGE CHV command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"24"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"01" for CHV1
	"02" for CHV2
L <sub>c</sub> field	"10"
Data field	Data sent to the card
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the CHANGE CHV command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.16.3 Return codes

The following return codes are defined for CHANGE CHV:

Table 34: Return codes for the CHANGE CHV command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No CHV defined
98 04	- Unsuccessful CHV verification but VERIFY CHV mechanism still possible (number of false consecutive verification < N)
98 08	- In contradiction with CHV status
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 40	- Unsuccessful CHV verification, VERIFY CHV mechanism no longer possible (number
	of false consecutive verifications >= N)
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00", P2 ≠ "01" and P2 ≠ "02"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "10"
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_CC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "90 00", if used correctly.

# **Preconditions**

- $EF_{CHV1}$  exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

# **Purpose**

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 02", if no CHV is defined.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> does not exist.

Reset the UC and present a valid CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 04", if the presented CHV1 is false.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01", a wrong CHV to verify and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### **Purpose**

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 04", if the presented CHV2 is false.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the CHV.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "02", a wrong CHV to verify and a new CHV different from the previous one.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is present but disabled.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- $EF_{CHV1}$  is disabled.
- CHV is known.

Reset the UC and present a valid CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is not activated.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is not activated (least significant bit in activation byte is set to 0).
- CHV is known.

#### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16, c9\_1

# **Purpose**

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 10", if the CHV is present but invalidated.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is invalidated.
- CHV is known.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16, c12\_5\_2

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 35", if for an enciphered CHV no Random has been given.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> requires an enciphered CHV.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one but present the CHVs in clear.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "98 40", after N unsuccessful tries.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- N is known.
- CHV1 has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.

#### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01", a wrong CHV to verify and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 40".

### RC CC IV 09 subclause 9.4.6 c19 16

### **Purpose**

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter  $P1 \neq 00$ .

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2 = "01" and  $P1 \neq 00$  and a new CHV different from the previous one.

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

# **Purpose**

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter  $P2 \neq "01"$  and  $P2 \neq "02"$ .

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# **Test**

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with P2  $\neq$  "01" and P2  $\neq$  "02" and a new CHV different from the previous one.

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_CC\_IV\_13 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_16

#### Purpose

Check that CHANGE CHV returns "67 XX" if the parameter  $L_c \neq$  "10".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a CHANGE CHV command with  $L_c \neq$  "10" and a new CHV different from the previous one in a matching datafield.

#### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.17 DISABLE CHV (DC)

# 6.2.3.17.1 Function

# FU\_DC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.17 c19\_17, c23\_17, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the DISABLE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- The CHV is not disabled.

### **Test**

Reset the IUT.

Present a DISABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_DC\_VA\_02 subclause 8.17 c19\_17, c23\_17, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

### Purpose

Check that the DISABLE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV2.

- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV2 exists.
- The CHV is not disabled.

Reset the IUT.

Present a DISABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV2.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_DC\_VA\_03 subclause 8.17 c19\_17, c23\_17, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the DISABLE CHV function can reset the "remaining CHV attempts counter".

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.
- The CHV is not disabled.

#### Test

Present a DISABLE CHV command with the correct CHV.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the wrong CHV.

# Result

The expected SW for the VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_DC\_VA\_04 subclause 8.15 c19\_17, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the "remaining CHV attempts counter" remains blocked after N unsuccessful DISABLE CHV representations.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The DISABLE CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N times.

# **Test**

Present a DISABLE CHV command with the correct CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for the DISABLE CHV is "98 40".

### FU\_DC\_VA\_05 subclause 8.17 c19\_17, c23\_17, c23\_1, c23\_10, c23\_23, c12\_5\_2

# **Purpose**

Check that the DISABLE CHV function can be used for an enciphered CHV.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented enciphered.

- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- A Random has been asked for.
- AC CHV1 is not yet fulfilled.
- The CHV is not disabled.

Present a DISABLE CHV command with the CHV enciphered.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# FU\_DC\_VA\_06 subclause 8.17 c19\_17, c23\_17, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_1\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the DISABLE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 which stores a path to another CHV file.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists containing path to existing CHV file.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- The CHV is not disabled.

### **Test**

Reset the IUT.

Present a DISABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The selected EF shall be readable.

# 6.2.3.17.2 Command

The coding of the DISABLE CHV command is the following:

Table 35: Return codes for the DISABLE CHV command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"26"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"01" for CHV1
	"02" for CHV2
L <sub>c</sub> field	"08"
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data sent to the card Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the DISABLE CHV command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.17.3 Return codes

The following return codes are defined for DISABLE CHV:

Table 36: Return codes for the DISABLE CHV command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No CHV defined
98 04	Unsuccessful CHV verification but VERIFY CHV mechanism still possible (number of false consecutive verification < N)
98 08	- In contradiction with CHV status
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 40	<ul> <li>Unsuccessful CHV verification, VERIFY CHV mechanism no longer possible (number of false consecutive verifications &gt;= N)</li> </ul>
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00", P2 ≠ "01" and P2 ≠ "02"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "08"
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_DC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

#### Purpose

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "90 00", if used correctly.

# **Preconditions**

- $EF_{CHV1}$  exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- CHV status allows DISABLE CHV.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# Test

Reset the UC and present a valid DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

# **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 02", if no CHV is defined.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> does not exist

Reset the UC and present a valid DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 04", if the presented CHV is false.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong CHV.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is present but disabled.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

#### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is not activated.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- $EF_{CHV1}$  is not activated (least significant bit in activation byte is set to 0).
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a valid DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 10", if the CHV is not allowed to be disabled.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is not allowed to be disabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17, c12\_5\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 35", if for an enciphered CHV no Random has been given.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> requires an enciphered CHV.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" but present the CHVs in clear.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "98 40", after N unsuccessful tries.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- N is known.
- CHV1 has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong CHV.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 40".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# **Test**

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

#### Purpose

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1  $\neq$  "00".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" and  $P1 \neq "00"$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter  $P2 \neq$  "01" and  $P2 \neq$  "02".

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with  $P2 \neq "01"$  and  $P2 \neq "02"$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_DC\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_17

### **Purpose**

Check that DISABLE CHV returns "67 XX" if the parameter  $L_c \neq$  "08".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# Test

Reset the UC and present a DISABLE CHV command with  $L_c \neq$  "08" and a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.18 ENABLE CHV (EC)

# 6.2.3.18.1 Function

# FU\_EC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.18 c19\_18, c23\_18, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the ENABLE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- The CHV is disabled.

Reset the IUT.

Present a ENABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The expected SW for READ BINARY is "98 04".

# FU\_EC\_VA\_02 subclause 8.18 c19\_18, c23\_18, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the ENABLE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV2.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV2 exists.
- The CHV is disabled.

#### Test

Reset the IUT.

Present a ENABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV2.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

# Result

The expected SW for READ BINARY is "98 04".

# FU\_EC\_VA\_03 subclause 8.18 c19\_18, c23\_18, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the ENABLE CHV function can reset the "remaining CHV attempts counter".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.
- The CHV is disabled.

Present a ENABLE CHV command with the correct CHV.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with the wrong CHV.

#### Result

The expected SW for the VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_EC\_VA\_04 subclause 8.18 c19\_18, c23\_18, c23\_1, c23\_10, c23\_23, c12\_5\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that the DISABLE CHV function can be used for an enciphered CHV.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented enciphered.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- A Random has been asked for.
- The CHV is not disabled.

#### **Test**

Present an ENABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

### Result

The expected SW for READ BINARY is "98 04".

# FU\_EC\_VA\_05 subclause 8.15 c19\_18, c23\_18, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the "remaining CHV attempts counter" remains blocked after N unsuccessful ENABLE CHV representations.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- The ENABLE CHV has been presented unsuccessfully N times.

# **Test**

Present a ENABLE CHV command with the correct CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for the ENABLE CHV is "98 40".

# FU\_EC\_VA\_06 subclause 8.18 c19\_18, c23\_18, c23\_1, c23\_10, c12\_1\_2

# Purpose

Check that the ENABLE CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 which stores a path to another CHV file.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists containing path to existing CHV file.

- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- A transparent EF with AC READ = CHV1 exists.
- The CHV is disabled.

Reset the IUT.

Present a ENABLE CHV command.

Reset the IUT.

Present a SELECT command on the EF with AC READ = CHV1.

Present a READ BINARY command to read that file.

#### Result

The expected SW for READ BINARY is "98 04".

# 6.2.3.18.2 Command

The coding of the ENABLE CHV command is the following:

Table 37: Return codes for the ENABLE CHV command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"28"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"01" for CHV1 "02" for CHV2
L <sub>c</sub> field	"08"
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data sent to the card Empty

 $No\ tests\ are\ foreseen\ to\ test\ the\ ENABLE\ CHV\ command\ other\ than\ those\ defined\ in\ the\ functions\ subclause.$ 

# 6.2.3.18.3 Return codes

The following return codes are defined for ENABLE CHV:

Table 38: Return codes for the ENABLE CHV command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No CHV defined
98 04	<ul> <li>Unsuccessful CHV verification but VERIFY CHV mechanism still possible (number of false consecutive verification &lt; N)</li> </ul>
98 08	In contradiction with CHV status
98 10	In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 40	<ul> <li>Unsuccessful CHV verification, VERIFY CHV mechanism no longer possible (number of false consecutive verifications &gt;= N)</li> </ul>
92 0X	Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	<ul><li>P1 ≠ "00", P2 ≠ "01" and P2 ≠ "02"</li></ul>
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "08"
90 00	Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_EC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

# **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "90 00", if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- CHV status allows ENABLE CHV.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

#### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# **RC\_EC\_IV\_01** subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

#### Purpose

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 02", if no CHV is defined.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> does not exist

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 04", if the presented CHV is false.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the CHV.

#### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong CHV.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

#### Purpose

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is present and enabled.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is enabled.
- CHV is known.

- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is not activated.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is not activated (least significant bit in activation byte is set to 0).
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 10", if the CHV is not allowed to be enabled.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is not allowed to be enabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# Test

Reset the UC and present a valid ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18, c12\_5\_1

# **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 35", if for an enciphered CHV no Random has been given.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> requires an enciphered CHV.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present a ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" but present the CHVs in clear.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "98 40", after N unsuccessful tries.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- N is known.
- CHV1 has been presented unsuccessfully N-1 times.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong CHV.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 40".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# **Test**

Reset the UC and present an ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

# Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present an ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1  $\neq$  "00".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present an ENABLE CHV command with P2 = "01" and  $P1 \neq "00"$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter  $P2 \neq$  "01" and  $P2 \neq$  "02".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

# **Test**

Reset the UC and present an ENABLE CHV command with P2  $\neq$  "01" and P2  $\neq$  "02".

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_EC\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_18

### **Purpose**

Check that ENABLE CHV returns "67 XX" if the parameter  $L_c \neq$  "08".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists and is disabled.
- CHV is known.
- At least one attempt is allowed to present the CHV.

Reset the UC and present an ENABLE CHV command with  $L_c \neq$  "08" and a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.19 UNBLOCK CHV (UC)

### 6.2.3.19.1 Function

# FU\_UC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 if P2="00".

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.

#### **Test**

Present a UNBLOCK CHV command with P2="00".

Present a VERIFY CHV command with a wrong CHV.

#### Result

The expected SW for VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_02 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 if P2="01".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.

# **Test**

Present a UNBLOCK CHV command with P2="01".

Present a VERIFY CHV command with a wrong CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_03 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c12\_5\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the mechanism usage counter of UNBLOCK CHV is decremented after successful usage if it were not equal to "FF".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.

- Mechanism counter known and not equal to "FF".

#### Test

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command.

Present a SELECT command for EF<sub>CHV1</sub>.

### Result

The UNBLOCK CHV shall have a successful result.

The SELECT RESPONSE shall indicate that the mechanism usage counter is decremented by 1.

# FU\_UC\_VA\_04 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c12\_5\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the mechanism usage counter of UNBLOCK CHV is not decremented after successful usage if it was equal to "FF".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.
- Mechanism counter known and equal to "FF".

### **Test**

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command.

Present a SELECT command for EF<sub>CHV1</sub>.

### Result

The UNBLOCK CHV shall have a successful result.

The SELECT RESPONSE shall indicate that the mechanism usage counter is still "FF".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_05 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### **Purpose**

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 if CHV file is not blocked...

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is not blocked.

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with a wrong CHV.

#### Result

The UNBLOCK CHV shall have a successful result.

The expected SW for VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_06 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 and fulfils AC CHV1.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.
- Any transparent EF with known contents exists with AC CHV1 for read.

### **Test**

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command.

Present a READ BINARY command on EF.

### Result

The UNBLOCK CHV shall have a successful result.

The READ BINARY command should have a successful result and return expected data.

### FU\_UC\_VA\_07 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV2.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV2</sub> is blocked.

#### **Test**

Present a UNBLOCK CHV command.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with a wrong CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_08 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can reset the "remaining UNBLOCK CHV attempts counter".

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.

- The CHV has been presented unsuccessfully 9 times.

#### Test

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command with the correct UNBLOCK CHV.

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command with the wrong UNBLOCK CHV.

#### Result

The expected SW for the second UNBLOCK CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_09 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_5\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be used for an enciphered UNBLOCKCHV.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented enciphered.
- A Random has been asked for.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.

### **Test**

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command.

Present a VERIFY CHV command with a wrong CHV.

#### Result

The expected SW for VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_VA\_10 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c23\_15, c12\_1\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that the UNBLOCK CHV function can be performed successfully with CHV1 which stores a path to another CHV file.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists containing path to existing CHV file.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.
- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.

### Test

Present a UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "00".

Present a VERIFY CHV command with a wrong CHV.

### Result

The expected SW for VERIFY CHV is "98 04".

# FU\_UC\_IV\_01 subclause 8.19 c19\_19, c23\_19, c12\_5\_1

#### Purpose

Check that UNBLOCK CHV does not succeed if the mechanism usage counter of the CHV file is zero.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists.
- CHV is to be presented in clear.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> is blocked.
- Unblock mechanism counter equal to zero.
- Unblock CHV is known.

Present an UNBLOCK CHV command with a correct UNBLOCK CHV.

# Result

The UNBLOCK CHV shall have a negative result "9840".

# 6.2.3.19.2 Command

The coding of the UNBLOCK CHV command is the following:

Table 39: Return codes for the UNBLOCK CHV command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"2C"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00", "01" for CHV1 "02" for CHV2
L <sub>c</sub> field	"10"
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data sent to the card Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the UNBLOCK CHV command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

# 6.2.3.19.3 Return codes

The following return codes are defined for UNBLOCK CHV:

Table 40: Return codes for the UNBLOCK CHV command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No CHV defined
98 04	Unsuccessful UNBLOCK CHV verification but UNBLOCK CHV mechanism still possible (number of false consecutive verification < 10)
98 08	- In contradiction with CHV status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 40	<ul> <li>Unsuccessful UNBLOCK CHV verification, UNBLOCK CHV mechanism no longer possible (number of false consecutive verifications &gt;= 10)</li> </ul>
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00", P2 ≠ "01" and P2 ≠ "02"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "10"
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_UC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

#### Purpose

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "90 00", if used correctly.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.

- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "98 02", if no CHV is defined.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> does not exist

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

### RC\_UC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

#### Purpose

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "98 04", if the presented unblock CHV is false.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- At least two false attempts are allowed to present the unblock CHV.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong unblock CHV.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

# **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is present and disabled.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is disabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a valid UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

### RC\_UC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "98 08", if the CHV is not activated.

### **Preconditions**

-  $EF_{CHV1}$  exists, is not activated (least significant bit in activation byte is set to 0) and blocked.

- Unblock CHV is known.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present a valid UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 08".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19, c12\_5\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "98 35", if for an enciphered CHV no Random has been given.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- $EF_{CHV1}$  requires an enciphered CHV.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present an UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01" but present the unblock CHV and the new CHV in clear.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

### RC\_UC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "98 40", after 10 unsuccessful attempts.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- The unblock CHV has been presented unsuccessfully 9 times.

### **Test**

Reset the UC and present a UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01" and a wrong unblock CHV.

# Result

The expected status word is "98 40".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

#### Purpose

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

Reset the UC and present an UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

#### Test

Reset the UC and present an UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1 ≠ "00".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

### Test

Reset the UC and present an UNBLOCK CHV command with P2 = "01" and P1 ≠ "00".

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_UC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

# **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "6B XX" if the parameter  $P2 \neq "00"$ ,  $P2 \neq "01"$  and  $P2 \neq "02"$ .

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

Reset the UC and present an UNBLOCK CHV command with  $P2 \neq "01"$  and  $P2 \neq "02"$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## RC\_UC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_19

### **Purpose**

Check that UNBLOCK CHV returns "67 XX" if the parameter  $L_c \neq$  "10".

## **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>CHV1</sub> exists, is enabled and blocked.
- Unblock CHV is known.
- UNBLOCK CHV mechanism is still possible.

## Test

Reset the UC and present an UNBLOCK CHV command with  $L_c \neq "10"$  and a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.20 INVALIDATE (IV)

### 6.2.3.20.1 Function

### FU\_IV\_VA\_01 subclause 8.20 c19\_20, c23\_20, c23\_1, c23\_7

#### Purpose

Check that the INVALIDATE function can be applied successfully to an EF.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile) and writable;

### Test

Perform an INVALIDATE command. Check by means of the UPDATE BINARY command whether the invalidation was successful.

#### Result

The INVALIDATE command shall have a positive return code while the UPDATE BINARY command shall fail.

### FU\_IV\_VA\_02 subclause 8.20 c19\_20, c23\_20, c23\_1, c23\_3

#### Purpose

Check that the INVALIDATE function can be applied successfully to a DF.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is DF;

## **Test**

Perform an INVALIDATE command. Check by means of the CREATE FILE command whether the invalidation was successful.

#### Result

The INVALIDATE command shall have a positive return code while the CREATE FILE command shall fail.

## FU\_IV\_VA\_03 subclause 8.20 c19\_20, c23\_20, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_25

## **Purpose**

Check that the INVALIDATE function can be applied successfully to an EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

Current File is an EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>;

#### Test

Perform an INVALIDATE command. Check by means of the ASK RANDOM and EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION commands whether the invalidation was successful.

#### Result

The INVALIDATE command shall have a positive return code while the EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command shall fail.

## 6.2.3.20.2 Command

The coding of the INVALIDATE command is the following:

Table 41: Return codes for the INVALIDATE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"04"
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty or length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty or cryptogram Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the INVALIDATE command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

## 6.2.3.20.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 42: Return codes for the INVALIDATE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	<ul> <li>No key defined</li> </ul>
98 04	<ul> <li>AC not fulfilled</li> </ul>
98 10	In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	<ul> <li>No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before</li> </ul>
92 0X	Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	Update impossible (memory problem)
94 08	Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	$- L_{c} \neq "00" (+ X)$
90 00	Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_IV\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

### **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.

- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

#### Test

Present an INVALIDATE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

## **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "98 02" if the key associated to INVALIDATE does not exist.

#### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The key associated to INVALIDATE is not existing.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

### Test

Present an INVALIDATE command with any cryptogram appended.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

#### **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "98 04" if the AC for INVALIDATE is not fulfilled.

### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an INVALIDATE command.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

#### Purnose

Check that INVALIDATE returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an INVALIDATE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

### **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an INVALIDATE command with any cryptogram appended.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

### **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

#### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

## Test

Present an INVALIDATE command.

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

#### Purpose

Check that INVALIDATE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

Present an INVALIDATE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

### **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "94 08" if file to be invalidated is EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### Test

Present an INVALIDATE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_IV\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

## **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "6B XX" if  $P1 \neq "00"$  or  $P2 \neq "00"$ .

#### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

# Test

Present an INVALIDATE command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

## Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_IV\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_20

## **Purpose**

Check that INVALIDATE returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq$  "00" + X.

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for INVALIDATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an INVALIDATE command with  $L_c \neq$  "00" and any data.

#### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.21 REHABILITATE (RH)

## 6.2.3.21.1 Function

## FU\_RH\_VA\_01 subclause 8.21 c19\_21, c23\_21, c23\_1, c23\_7

#### **Purpose**

Check that the REHABILITATE function can be applied successfully to an EF.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile), normally writable but invalidated;

#### Test

Perform an REHABILITATE command. Check by means of the UPDATE BINARY command whether the rehabilitation was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_RH\_VA\_02 subclause 8.21 c19\_21, c23\_21, c23\_1, c23\_3

#### Purpose

Check that the REHABILITATE function can be applied successfully to a DF.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is DF;

#### Test

Perform an REHABILITATE command. Check by means of the CREATE FILE command whether the rehabilitation was successful.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

## FU\_RH\_VA\_03 subclause 8.21 c19\_21, c23\_21, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_25

#### Purpose

Check that the REHABILITATE function can be applied successfully to an EFKEY OP-

## **Preconditions**

- Current File is an EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>;

## Test

Perform an REHABILITATE command. Check by means of the ASK RANDOM and EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION commands whether the rehabilitation was successful.

#### Result

All three commands shall have a positive return code.

## 6.2.3.21.2 Command

The coding of the Rehabilitate command is the following:

Table 43: Return codes for the REHABILITATE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"44"
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty or length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty or cryptogram Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the REHABILITATE command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

### 6.2.3.21.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 44: Return codes for the REHABILITATE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 08	- Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- $L_c \neq "00" (+ X)$
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_RH\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

### **Purpose**

Check that REHABILITATE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

#### **Test**

Present an REHABILITATE command.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

#### Purpose

Check that REHABILITATE returns "98 02" if the key associated to REHABILITATE does not exist.

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The key associated to REHABILITATE is not existing.

- The AC for REHABILITATE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

Present an REHABILITATE command with any cryptogram appended.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

### **Purpose**

Check that REHABILITATE returns "98 04" if the AC for REHABILITATE is not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

#### **Test**

Present an REHABILITATE command.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

### **Purpose**

Check that REHABILITATE returns "98 10" if the selected file is not invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- A not invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

# Test

Present an REHABILITATE command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

#### Purnose

Check that REHABILITATE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

Present an REHABILITATE command with any cryptogram appended.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

### **Purpose**

Check that REHABILITATE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

#### **Test**

Present an REHABILITATE command.

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

### **Purpose**

Check that REHABILITATE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

#### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

### Test

Present an REHABILITATE command.

### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

#### Purnose

Check that REHABILITATE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an REHABILITATE command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## RC\_RH\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_21

## **Purpose**

Check that REHABILITATE returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq$  "00" + X.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for REHABILITATE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## **Test**

Present an REHABILITATE command with  $L_c \neq "00"$  and any data.

# Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.22 INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION (IA)

### 6.2.3.22.1 Function

# FU\_IA\_VA\_01 subclause 8.22 c19\_22, c23\_22, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function performs correctly on a key from EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

- A key valid for INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- An EF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function.

## Result

The expected status word is "90 00" and the returned cryptogram has to be correct.

## FU\_IA\_VA\_02 subclause 8.22 c19\_22, c23\_22, c23\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function performs correctly on a key from EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub>.

#### Preconditions

- A key valid for INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION exists in EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub>.
- A MF/DF or keyfile is selected.

### **Test**

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function.

## Result

The expected status word is "90 00" and the returned cryptogram has to be correct.

## 6.2.3.22.2 Command

The coding of the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command is the following:

Table 45: Return codes for the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"88" ·
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	Key Number "00" - "0F"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of the challenge
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Challenge Length of the cryptogram

No tests are foreseen to test the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

## 6.2.3.22.3 Return codes

Table 46: Return codes for the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command

Return Co	de Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled (note)
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 > "0F"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data
	s error occurs if VERIFY CHV is required before INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION (byte 8) of DF a ation time (CR).

## RC\_IA\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22, c4\_9

#### Purpose

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- A key valid for internal authentication is available in  $EF_{KEY\_OP}$ .
- A VERIFY CHV has been done if necessary for the selected DF.
- An EF is selected.

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_IA\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "9F XX" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- A key valid for internal authentication is available in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A VERIFY CHV has been done if necessary for the selected DF.
- An EF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

### Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

## RC\_IA\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22

### **Purpose**

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 02" if the indicated key does not exist.

#### **Preconditions**

- A VERIFY CHV has been done if necessary for the selected DF.
- An EF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command indicating in P2 a Nonexisting key in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

## RC\_IA\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22

### **Purpose**

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 04" if a CHV has not been presented and the DF indicates that it is necessary.

- A key valid for internal authentication is available in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A DF requiring a VERIFY CHV before INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION is selected.
- A VERIFY CHV has not been done.
- An EF is selected.

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

## RC\_IA\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22, c9\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 10" if EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- A key valid for internal authentication is available in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is invalidated.
- A VERIFY CHV has been done if necessary for the selected DF.
- An EF is selected.

#### Test

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

## RC\_IA\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22

## **Purpose**

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "94 08" if the selected file is the MF.

#### **Preconditions**

- A key valid for internal authentication is available in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A VERIFY CHV has been done if necessary for the selected DF.
- The MF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

## Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

## RC\_IA\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_22

#### **Purpose**

Check that INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "6B XX" if P1 ≠ "00".

#### **Preconditions**

- A key valid for internal authentication is available in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A VERIFY CHV has been done if necessary for the selected DF.

## Test

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command with P1 ≠ "00".

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.23 ASK RANDOM (AR)

### 6.2.3.23.1 Function

# FU\_AR\_VA\_01 subclause 8.23 c19\_23, c23\_23, c23\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that the ASK RANDOM function response is used in the next function.

## **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Present an ASK RANDOM command.

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command with a cryptogram using the random and a valid key.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for both functions.

## FU\_AR\_VA\_02 subclause 8.23 c19\_23, c23\_23, c23\_25

## **Purpose**

Check that the random of the ASK RANDOM function is valid only once.

### **Preconditions**

- ASK RANDOM has been given.
- EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION has been performed successfully once.

### Test

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command with a cryptogram using the random and a valid key.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

### 6.2.3.23.2 Command

The coding of the ASK RANDOM command is the following:

Table 47: Return codes for the ASK RANDOM command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"84"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00" (other values are RFU)
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Maximum length of data expected in response

# CO\_AR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.23 c19\_23, c23\_23, c23\_25

#### Purpose

Check that the ASK RANDOM returns random values with different length.

## **Preconditions**

- None.

Present an ASK RANDOM command with  $L_e = "08"$ .

Present an ASK RANDOM command with  $L_e = "10"$ .

### Result

The first 8 bytes of both random values shall be different.

The second random shall have a length of 16 byte.

The expected status word for both commands is "90 00".

## 6.2.3.23.3 Return codes

Table 48: Return codes for the ASK RANDOM command

Return Code	Error description
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_AR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_23

## **Purpose**

Check that ASK RANDOM returns "90 00", if used correctly.

## **Preconditions**

- None.

## Test

Present a valid ASK RANDOM command.

# Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_AR\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_23

## **Purpose**

Check that ASK RANDOM returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

## **Preconditions**

- None.

Present a ASK RANDOM command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.24 GIVE RANDOM (GR)

## 6.2.3.24.1 Function

## FU\_GR\_VA\_01 subclause 8.24 c19\_24, c23\_24, c23\_1, c23\_22

#### Purpose

Check that the card uses the random submitted by the GIVE RANDOM function.

### **Preconditions**

- None

### Test

Present a GIVE RANDOM command.

Present an INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word for both commands is "90 00".

The cryptogram returned by INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION shall be correct.

## 6.2.3.24.2 Command

The coding of the GIVE RANDOM command is the following:

Table 49: Return codes for the GIVE RANDOM command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"86"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00" (other values are RFU)
L <sub>c</sub> field	Number of data bytes
Data field	Data sent to the card
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the GIVE RANDOM command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

## CO\_GR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.24 c19\_24, c23\_24

### **Purpose**

Check that the card handles extreme random values correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable EF is present and selected.

Present a GIVE RANDOM command with random value "00 00....00".

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the stamp shall be calculated correctly

## CO\_GR\_VA\_02 subclause 9.2.24 c19\_24, c23\_24

## **Purpose**

Check that the Card handles extreme random values correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- Readable EF is present and selected.

## Test

Present a GIVE RANDOM command with random value "FF FF....FF".

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED command

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the stamp shall be calculated correctly

## 6.2.3.24.3 Return codes

Table 50: Return codes for the GIVE RANDOM command

Return Code	Error description
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_GR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_24

## **Purpose**

Check that GIVE RANDOM returns "90 00", if used correctly.

## **Preconditions**

None.

### **Test**

Present a valid GIVE RANDOM command.

## Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_GR\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_24

### **Purpose**

Check that GIVE RANDOM returns "6B XX" if the parameter P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

## **Preconditions**

- None.

Present a GIVE RANDOM command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# 6.2.3.25 EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION (EA)

## 6.2.3.25.1 Function

## FU\_EA\_VA\_01 subclause 8.25 c19\_25, c23\_25, c23\_1, c23\_10, c23\_23

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function performs correctly on a key from EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

## **Preconditions**

- An EF is selected.
- A transparent EF with AC AUT on READ exists.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function using the key for AC READ.

Present a READ BINARY function on the transparent file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for both functions and the transparent EF has been read successfully.

## FU\_EA\_VA\_02 subclause 8.25 c19\_25, c23\_25, c23\_1, c23\_4, c23\_23

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function performs correctly on a key from EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF is selected.
- The AC for DELETE FILE is AUT.
- A file which can be deleted is available.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function using the key for the AC on DELETE FILE.

Present a DELETE FILE function.

Present a SELECT function on that deleted file.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first two functions and "9404" for the SELECT function.

## 6.2.3.25.2 Command

The coding of the INTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command is the following:

Table 51: Return codes for the EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"82"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00" (other values are RFU)
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of the data
Data field	Data to be sent to the card
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

## 6.2.3.25.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 52: Return codes for the EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined / key not valid for function
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> > "01" + X
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_EA\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25, c4\_9

## **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 02" if the indicated key does not exist.

### **Preconditions**

- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command with a datafield indicating a non existing key.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 04" if the given cryptogram is not correct.

### **Preconditions**

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.

### Test

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command, with a wrong cryptogram.

## Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25, c9\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 10" if  $EF_{KEY\ OP}$  is invalidated.

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.
- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is invalidated.

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

### **Preconditions**

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A random has not been asked for.
- An EF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used to write the fulfilled AC.

### **Preconditions**

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

#### **Test**

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

## Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_EA\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "92 40" if the memory can not be written with the fulfilled AC.

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.
- The internal memory can not be written.

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "6B XX" if P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00".

### **Preconditions**

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command with P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## RC\_EA\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION returns "67 XX" if  $L_c >$  "01" + X.

### **Preconditions**

- The given key exists in EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.
- A random has been asked for.
- An EF is selected.

#### Test

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command with a data field which contain any additional data.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.26 CLOSE APPLICATION (CA)

## 6.2.3.26.1 Function

## FU\_CA\_VA\_01 subclause 8.26 c19\_26, c23\_26, c23\_10, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the card is can perform a CLOSE APPLICATION function and a fulfilled AUT AC is reset.

- The AC AUT has been fulfilled in a DF.
- A transparent file exists, which AC for READ is AUT with the same key as the fulfilled AC.

Present a CLOSE APPLICATION function.

Present a SELECT function on the transparent EF

Present a READ BINARY function.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first 2 commands and "98 04" for the READ command.

## FU\_CA\_VA\_02 subclause 8.26 c19\_26, c23\_26, c23\_10, c23\_1, c10\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that the card is can perform a CLOSE APPLICATION function and a fulfilled CHV AC is reset.

#### **Preconditions**

- The AC CHV1 has been fulfilled in a DF.
- A transparent file exists, which AC for READ is CHV1.

#### Test

Present a CLOSE APPLICATION function.

Present a SELECT function on the transparent EF

Present a READ BINARY function.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first 2 commands and "98 04" for the READ command.

## 6.2.3.26.2 Command

The coding of the CLOSE APPLICATION command is the following:

Table 53: Return codes for the CLOSE APPLICATION command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"AC"
P1	File-ID
P2	File-ID
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the CLOSE APPLICATION command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

## 6.2.3.26.3 Return codes

Table 54: Return codes for the CLOSE APPLICATION command

Return Code	Error description
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
94 04	- File ID not found
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_CA\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_26

## **Purpose**

Check that CLOSE APPLICATION returns "90 00", if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF exists.

#### **Test**

Present a CLOSE APPLICATION command with P1 and P2 giving the DF-ID.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_CA\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_26

### **Purpose**

Check that CLOSE APPLICATION returns "94 04" if the given DF is not existing.

#### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Present a CLOSE APPLICATION command with P1 and P2 giving a DF - ID of a not existing DF.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 04".

## RC\_CA\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_26

#### Purpose

Check that CLOSE APPLICATION returns "94 08" if the given ID is not a DF - ID.

## **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Present a CLOSE APPLICATION command with P1 = "00" and P2 = "02", that is giving the ID of EF<sub>ICC</sub>.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

## 6.2.3.27 WRITE BINARY (WB)

## 6.2.3.27.1 Function

## FU\_WB\_VA\_01 subclause 8.27 c19\_27, c23\_27, c23\_1, c23\_10

#### Purpose

Check that the WRITE BINARY function can be performed.

### **Preconditions**

- Writable transparent EF selected;

Try to write a number of bytes to the EF. Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ BINARY command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE BINARY command and the original data in the EF.

## FU\_WB\_IV\_01 subclause 8.27 c19\_27, c23\_27, c23\_1, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE BINARY does not write into the EF if AC is not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF with known contents is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present a WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

Check by means of READ BINARY if file contents did not change.

#### Result

The expected status word for WRITE BINARY is "98 04" while the READ BINARY returns a positive return code and the unchanged file contents.

## 6.2.3.27.2 Command

The coding of the WRITE BINARY command is the following:

Table 55: Return codes for the WRITE BINARY command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"D0"
P1	Offset
P2	Offset
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data to be updated (+cryptogram) Empty

## CO\_WB\_VA\_01 subclause 9.27 c23\_27, c23\_1, c23\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that the WRITE BINARY command can be performed using a large amount of data.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable transparent non-empty (at least 256 bytes) EF (with known contents) selected;

Try to write the maximum number of bytes allowed by the IUT to the EF in one WRITE BINARY command. Then try to read them back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ BINARY command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE BINARY command and the original data in the EF.

### 6.2.3.27.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 56: Return codes for the WRITE BINARY command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- WRITE successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- WRITE impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range (invalid address)
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- (P1, P2) > file length
67 XX	- (P1, P2) + L <sub>c</sub> > file length
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_WB\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27, c4\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an WRITE BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_WB\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- A transparent EF with a not existing key associated to WRITE is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

Present a WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00", any cryptogram and  $L_c$  = "01" + X.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### Purpose

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on WRITE.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### Purpose

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent invalidated EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present a WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

## Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### Purpose

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

Present a WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00", any cryptogram and  $L_c$  = "01" + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### Purpose

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

### **Test**

Present an WRITE BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### Purpose

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

### Test

Present an WRITE BINARY command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_WB\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### Purpose

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

Present an WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

## **Purpose**

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for WRITE BINARY is selected.

## **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY\_MAN</sub> is selected.

#### **Test**

Present an WRITE BINARY command with offset "0000", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

## RC\_WB\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_27

#### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE BINARY returns "6B XX" or "94 02" if the offset is greater than the file size.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The length of the file is 20 byte.

### **Test**

Present a WRITE BINARY command with offset "0014", that is P1 = "00", P2 = "14" and  $L_c = "01"$ .

# Result

The expected status word is "6B XX" or "94 02".

# 6.2.3.28 WRITE RECORD (WR)

## 6.2.3.28.1 Function

# FU\_WR\_VA\_01subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the WRITE RECORD function can be performed in FIRST mode.

### **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;

Try to write a record in FIRST mode. Then try to read it back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE RECORD command and the original data in the EF.

## FU\_WR\_VA\_02subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the WRITE RECORD function can be performed in LAST mode.

#### Preconditions

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;

#### Test

Try to write a record in LAST mode. Then try to read it back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE RECORD command and the original data in the EF.

## FU\_WR\_VA\_03subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the WRITE RECORD function can be performed in NEXT mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;
- Current record is known and not first nor last record

### **Test**

Try to write a record in NEXT mode. Then try to read it back.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE RECORD command and the original data in the EF.

## FU\_WR\_VA\_04subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that the WRITE RECORD function can be performed in PREVIOUS mode.

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;
- Current record is known and not first nor last record

Try to write a record in PREVIOUS mode. Then try to read it back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE RECORD command and the original data in the EF.

## FU\_WR\_VA\_05subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

## **Purpose**

Check that the WRITE RECORD function can be performed in ABSOLUTE mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;

#### Test

Try to write a record in ABSOLUTE mode. Then try to read it back.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE RECORD command and the original data in the EF.

### FU\_WR\_VA\_06subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the WRITE RECORD function can be performed in CURRENT mode.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable linear fixed structure EF selected;
- Current record is known and not first nor last record

### **Test**

Try to write a record in CURRENT mode. Then try to read it back.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the WRITE RECORD command and the original data in the EF.

# FU\_WR\_IV\_01 subclause 8.28 c19\_28, c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD does not write into the EF if AC is not fulfilled.

### **Preconditions**

- A linear fixed EF with known contents is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

#### Test

Present a WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

Check by means of READ RECORD if file contents did not change.

## Result

The expected status word for WRITE RECORD is "98 04" while the READ RECORD returns a positive return code and the unchanged file contents.

# 6.2.3.28.2 Command

The coding of the WRITE RECORD command is the following:

Table 57: Return codes for the WRITE RECORD command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"D2"
P1	Record no.
P2	Mode
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data to be updated (+cryptogram) Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the WRITE RECORD command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

## 6.2.3.28.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 58: Return codes for the WRITE RECORD command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- WRITE successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- WRITE impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 02	- Out of range
94 04	- Record not found
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P2 > "04"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ record length (+ X)
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

## RC\_WR\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28, c4\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure with a not existing key associated to WRITE is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

#### Test

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

### RC\_WR\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on WRITE.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### Purpose

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

## Test

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

### RC\_WR\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

#### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.

- The AC for WRITE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length + X.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

### **Test**

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

## Test

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "94 02" or "94 04" if the addressed record is not found.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The number of records in that EF is known.

### **Test**

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 > number of existing records, P2 = "04" and  $L_c$  = record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 02" or "94 04".

### RC\_WR\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for WRITE RECORD is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.

#### Test

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

#### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "6B XX" if P2 > "04".

## **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 > "04" and  $L_c$  = record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

## **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "67 XX" if the length of the datafield is greater than the record length.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c >$  record length.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

## RC\_WR\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_28

### **Purpose**

Check that WRITE RECORD returns "67 XX" if the length of the datafield is less than the record length.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for WRITE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### Test

Present an WRITE RECORD command with P1 = "00", P2 = "03" and  $L_c$  < record length.

#### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.29 LOCK (LO)

### 6.2.3.29.1 Function

### FU\_LO\_VA\_01 subclause 8.29 c19\_29, c23\_29, c23\_1, c23\_7

#### Purpose

Check that the LOCK function can be applied successfully to an EF.

## **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile);

### Test

Perform a LOCK command for group 2.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

Perform an UPDATE Command.

## Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups. Update shall fail returning error code "Access Condition not fulfilled".

## FU\_LO\_VA\_02 subclause 8.29 c19\_29, c23\_29, c23\_1

## **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK function can be applied successfully to a DF.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current File is DF;

Perform a LOCK command for group 3.

Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

Perform a DELETE FILE command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups. DELETE FILE shall fail returning error code "Access Condition not fulfilled".

### FU\_LO\_VA\_03 subclause 8.29 c19\_29, c23\_29, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the LOCK function can be applied successfully to an EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

#### **Preconditions**

Current File is an EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>;

#### Test

Perform a LOCK command for group 1. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

# FU\_LO\_VA\_04 subclause 8.29 c19\_29, c23\_29, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check that the LOCK function to a non keyfile is rejected.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is an EF different from an EF\_KEY file;

#### **Test**

Perform a LOCK command for group 1. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking has any effect on AC.

## Result

LOCK shall fail.

SELECT shall return an unchanged AC for group 1.

## 6.2.3.29.2 Command

The coding of the LOCK command is the following:

Table 59: Return codes for the LOCK command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"76"
P1	Group
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field	File ID
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

### CO\_LO\_VA\_01 subclause 9.29 c23\_29, c23\_1, c23\_7

### **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK command can be applied successfully to an EF for locking function group 2.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile);

#### Test

Perform a LOCK command for group 2. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

### CO\_LO\_VA\_02 subclause 9.29 c23\_29, c23\_1, c23\_7

#### **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK command can be applied successfully to an EF for locking function group 3.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile);

#### Test

Perform a LOCK command for group 3. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

# CO\_LO\_VA\_03 subclause 9.29 c23\_29, c23\_1, c23\_7

### **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK command can be applied successfully to an EF for locking function group 4.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile);

# **Test**

Perform a LOCK command for group 4. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

### CO\_LO\_VA\_04 subclause 9.29 c23\_29, c23\_1, c23\_7

## Purpose

Check that the LOCK command can be applied successfully to an EF for locking function group 5.

### **Preconditions**

- Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile);

Perform a LOCK command for group 5. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

### CO LO VA 05 subclause 9.29 c23 29, c23 1, c23 7

#### **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK command can be applied successfully to an EF for locking function group 6.

#### Preconditions

Current File is transparent EF (not a keyfile);

### **Test**

Perform a LOCK command for group 6. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

### CO\_LO\_VA\_06 subclause 9.29 c23\_29, c23\_1, c23\_7

### **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK command can be applied successfully to an EF for locking all function groups.

#### **Preconditions**

- Current File is an EF (not a keyfile);

# **Test**

Perform a LOCK command for all function groups except group 1. Check by means of the SELECT command whether the locking was successful.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code while the SELECT response will show the status of the locked function groups.

### 6.2.3.29.3 Return codes

Table 60: Return codes for the LOCK command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 04	- File ID not found
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 > "3F" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "02"
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

# RC\_LO\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_29

### **Purpose**

Check that LOCK returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Present a LOCK command with an ID of an existing transparent EF and a LOCK request for UPDATE.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_LO\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_29

### **Purpose**

Check that the LOCK command returns "98 04" if AC defined in the parent DF are not fulfilled.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF with at least one EF in it is selected.
- Access Condition defined for LOCK in the current DF is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

#### **Test**

Present a LOCK command with an ID of an existing transparent EF and a LOCK request for UPDATE.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

### RC\_LO\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_29

#### Purpose

Check that LOCK returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

### **Preconditions**

- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

# **Test**

Present a LOCK command with an ID of an existing transparent EF and a LOCK request for UPDATE.

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

### RC LO IV 03 subclause 9.4.6 c19 29

#### Purpose

Check that LOCK returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- The internal memory can not be written.

Present a LOCK command with an ID of an existing transparent EF and a LOCK request for UPDATE.

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_LO\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_29

### **Purpose**

Check that LOCK returns "94 04" if the file ID could not be found.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Present a LOCK command with an ID of a not existing EF and any LOCK request.

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 04".

# RC\_LO\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_29

### **Purpose**

Check that LOCK returns "6B XX" if P1 > "3F" or  $P2 \neq "00$ ".

### **Preconditions**

None.

#### Test

Present a LOCK command with an ID of an existing transparent EF and a LOCK request for UPDATE.

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

# RC\_LO\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_29

# **Purpose**

Check that LOCK returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq$  "02".

#### **Preconditions**

None.

#### Test

Present a LOCK command with an ID of an existing transparent EF and a LOCK request for UPDATE.

# Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.30 DECREASE (DEC)

### 6.2.3.30.1 Function

# FU\_DEC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.30 c19\_30, c23\_30, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE function can be performed successfully.

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;

Perform a DECREASE command with an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### 6.2.3.30.2 Command

The coding of the DECREASE command is the following:

Table 61: Return codes for the DECREASE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"30"
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
	Value to be deducted (+cryptogram) Maximum length of data expected in response

# CO\_DEC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.30 c23\_30, c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE command can be performed successfully with a small one byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "03";

#### Test

Perform a DECREASE command with value "03". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE command and the original data in the EF.

# CO\_DEC\_VA\_02 subclause 9.30 c23\_30, c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE command can be performed successfully with a two byte value.

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "7483";

Perform a DECREASE command with value "7483". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE command and the original data in the EF.

# CO\_DEC\_VA\_03 subclause 9.30 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE command can be performed successfully with a large three byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "E27DA9";

### **Test**

Perform a DECREASE command with value "E27DA9". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_DEC\_VA\_04 subclause 9.30 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE command can be performed successfully when the value of the  $L_e$  field is larger than the maximal response length.

- Writable cyclic EF with 3 byte records rexists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "A3AE";

Perform a DECREASE command with value "A3AE" and request a 4 byte reponse. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### 6.2.3.30.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 62: Return codes for the DECREASE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 50	- DECREASE cannot be performed (Minimum value reached)
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 08	- Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	$- L_{c} \neq 3 (+X)$
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

# RC\_DEC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30, c4\_9

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

# Preconditions

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_DEC\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30, c4\_8

# **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "9F XX" if used correctly.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure with a not existing key associated to DECREASE is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on DECREASE.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### Test

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_DEC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

- An invalidated EF with cyclic is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

# **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "98 50" if the minimum value has been reached.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The minimum value has been reached.

### Test

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 50".

# RC\_DEC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

#### Purpose

Check that DECREASE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and Lc = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_DEC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

#### **Test**

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and Lc = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and Lc = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_DEC\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for DECREASE is selected.

# **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.

#### Test

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and Lc = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an DECREASE command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00" and Lc = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC\_DEC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_30

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE returns "67 XX" if Lc  $\neq$  03 (+X).

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00", Lc ≠ "03" with a matching datafield.

#### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

## 6.2.3.31 DECREASE STAMPED (DS)

#### 6.2.3.31.1 Function

### FU\_DS\_VA\_01 subclause 8.31 c19\_31, c23\_31, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED function can be performed successfully.

# **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### FU\_DS\_VA\_02 subclause 8.31 c19\_31, c23\_31, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED function can be performed successfully on an EF with AC PRO for DECREASE.

- Writable cyclic EF with AC PRO on DECREASE exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;
- A random has been given.
- A random has been asked for.

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with a cryptogram created with the random of ASK RANDOM and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### 6.2.3.31.2 Command

The coding of the DECREASE command is the following:

Table 63: Return codes for the DECREASE STAMPED command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"34"
P1	<ul> <li>"00" No Command header included in the cryptogram.</li> <li>"01" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of DECREASE STAMPED is included in the cryptogram.</li> <li>"02" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of INCREASE STAMPED is included in the cryptogram.</li> <li>"03" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of the DECREASE command is included in the cryptogram.</li> <li>"04" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of the INCREASE command is included in the cryptogram.</li> </ul>
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Value to be deducted (+ cryptogram)  Maximum length of data expected in response

## 

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a small one byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "03";
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with value "03" and P1 = "00". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a two byte value.

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "7483";
- A random has been given.

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with value "7483" and P1 = "00". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

#### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a large three byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "E27DA9";
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with value "E27DA9" and P1 = "00". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully if the value of the  $L_e$  field is larger than the maximal response length.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF with 3 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than "A3AE";
- A random has been given.

### Test

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with value "A3AE", P1 = "00" and request a 4 byte reponse. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

#### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the DECREASE STAMPED command (P1 = "01").

### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;

- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;
- A random has been given.

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "01" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the INCREASE STAMPED command (P1 = "02").

### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "02" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

#### Purpose

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the DECREASE command (P1 = "03").

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;
- A random has been given.

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "03" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

#### 

#### **Purpose**

Check that the DECREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the INCREASE command (P1 = "04").

### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known and larger than the value to deduct;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Perform a DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "04" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the DECREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the DECREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

# 6.2.3.31.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 64: Return codes for the DECREASE STAMPED command

Return code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 50	- DECREASE STAMPED cannot be performed (Minimum value reached)
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 08	- Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 > "04" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	$-$ L <sub>c</sub> $\neq$ 3 (+X)
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

### RC\_DS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31, c4\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

### RC\_DS\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31, c4\_8

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "9F XX" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

## Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

### RC\_DS\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- An EF with cyclic structure with a not existing key associated to DECREASE is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- A random has been given.

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

# RC\_DS\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

#### Purpose

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on DECREASE.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

### RC\_DS\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with cyclic is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_DS\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.
- A random has been given.

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_DS\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

#### Purpose

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "98 35" if no random has been given.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- No random has been given.

#### **Test**

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

### RC\_DS\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "98 50" if the minimum value has been reached.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The minimum value has been reached.
- A random has been given.

### Test

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 50".

### RC\_DS\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

## **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- A random has been given.

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

# RC\_DS\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

### RC\_DS\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

# RC\_DS\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

#### **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for DECREASE is selected.

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.
- A random has been given.

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

# RC\_DS\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

# **Purpose**

Check that DECREASE STAMPED returns "6B XX" if P1 > "04" or P2 ≠ "00".

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 > "04" or P2  $\neq$  "00" and L<sub>c</sub> = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC\_DS\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_31

### **Purpose**

Check that UPDATE RECORD returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq 03$  (+X).

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for DECREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

### Test

Present an DECREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c \neq$  "03" with a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.32 INCREASE (INC)

6.2.3.32.1 Function

### FU\_INC\_VA\_01 subclause 8.32 c19\_32, c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the INCREASE function can be performed successfully on a cyclic file with 3 byte records.

- Writable cyclic EF with 3 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;

Perform a INCREASE command with an arbitrary value and maximal response length. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data expected to have been written in that EF by the INCREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### FU\_INC\_VA\_02 subclause 8.32 c19\_32, c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the INCREASE function can be performed successfully on a cyclic file with 5 byte records.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF with 5 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;

### **Test**

Perform a INCREASE command with an arbitrary value and maximal response length. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### 6.2.3.32.2 Command

The coding of the INCREASE command is the following:

Table 65: Return codes for the INCREASE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"32" ·
P1	"00"
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field	Value to be added (+cryptogram)
L <sub>e</sub> field	Maximum length of data expected in response

# CO\_INC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.32 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the INCREASE command can be performed successfully with a small one byte value.

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;

Perform a INCREASE command with value "03". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE command and the original data in the EF.

# CO\_INC\_VA\_02 subclause 9.32 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the INCREASE command can be performed successfully with a two byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;

#### **Test**

Perform a INCREASE command with value "7483". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_INC\_VA\_03 subclause 9.32 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE command can be performed successfully with a large three byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;

### Test

Perform a INCREASE command with value "E27DA9". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE command and the original data in the EF.

# CO\_INC\_VA\_04 subclause 9.32 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the INCREASE command can be performed successfully when the value of the  $L_{\rm e}$  field is larger than the maximal response length.

- Writable cyclic EF with 3 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;

Perform a INCREASE command with value "A3AE" and request a 4 byte reponse. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE command and the original data in the EF.

### 6.2.3.32.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 66: Return codes for the INCREASE command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 50	- INCREASE cannot be performed (Maximum value reached)
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 08	- Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ 3 (+ X)
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

# RC\_INC\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32, c4\_9

## **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### Test

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

# RC\_INC\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "9F XX" if used correctly.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure with a not existing key associated to INCREASE is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on INCREASE.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is CHV1 and not fulfilled.

### Test

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_INC\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### Purpose

Check that INCREASE returns "98 04" if wrong cryptogram is presented.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is PRO

Present an INCREASE command with wrong cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

# RC\_INC\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with cyclic is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_INC\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### Purpose

Check that INCREASE returns "98 50" if the maximum value has been reached.

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The maximum value has been reached.

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 50".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

# RC\_INC\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

# **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.

### Test

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for INCREASE is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE command with P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00" and L<sub>c</sub> = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC\_INC\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_32

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq 03$  (+X).

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.

#### Test

Present an INCREASE command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c \neq$  "03" with a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

# 6.2.3.33 INCREASE STAMPED (IS)

# 6.2.3.33.1 Function

# FU\_IS\_VA\_01 subclause 8.33 c19\_33, c23\_33, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED function can be performed successfully on a cyclic file with 3 byte records.

- Writable cyclic EF with 3 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

Perform a INCREASE STAMPED command with an arbitrary value and maximal response length. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### FU\_IS\_VA\_02 subclause 8.33 c19\_33, c23\_33, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED function can be performed successfully on a cyclic file with 5 byte records.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF with 5 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Perform a INCREASE STAMPED command with an arbitrary value and maximal response length. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### FU\_IS\_VA\_03 subclause 8.33 c19\_33, c23\_33, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24, c23\_23

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED function can be performed successfully on an EF with AC PRO for INCREASE.

# **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF with AC PRO on INCREASE exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.
- A random has been asked for.

#### Test

Perform a INCREASE STAMPED command with a cryptogram created with the random of ASK RANDOM and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

# 6.2.3.33.2 Command

The coding of the INCREASE STAMPED command is the following:

Table 67: Return codes for the INCREASE STAMPED command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"36"
P1	"00" No Command header included in the cryptogram.  "01" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of DECREASE STAMPED is included in the cryptogram.  "02" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of INCREASE STAMPED is included in the cryptogram.  "03" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of the DECREASE command is included in the cryptogram.  "04" (CLA, INS, P1, P2) of the INCREASE command is included in the cryptogram.
P2	"00"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of data field
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Value to be added (+ cryptogram)  Maximum length of data expected in response

### CO\_IS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.33 c23\_3, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

# **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a small one byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with value "03". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

# CO\_IS\_VA\_02 subclause 9.2.33 c23\_33, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a two byte value.

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with value "7483". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_IS\_VA\_03 subclause 9.2.33 c23\_3, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a large three byte value.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with value "E27DA9". Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_IS\_VA\_04 subclause 9.2.33 c23\_3, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully if the value of the  $L_e$  field is larger than the maximal response length.

#### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF with 3 byte records exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

### Test

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with value "A3AE" and request a 4 byte reponse. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_IS\_VA\_05 subclause 9.2.33 c23\_33, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the DECREASE STAMPED command (P1 = "01").

### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;

- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "01" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

## CO\_IS\_VA\_06 subclause 9.2.33 c23\_3, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the INCREASE STAMPED command (P1 = "02").

### **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "02" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_IS\_VA\_07 subclause 9.2.31 c23\_33, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### Purpose

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the DECREASE command (P1 = "03").

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "03" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

### CO\_IS\_VA\_08 subclause 9.2.31 c23\_31, c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_24

#### **Purpose**

Check that the INCREASE STAMPED command can be performed successfully with a cryptogram calculated using the command header of the INCREASE command (P1 = "04").

# **Preconditions**

- Writable cyclic EF exists;
- EF is selected and value of current record is known;
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Perform an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "04" and an arbitrary value. Double check the returned value by means of a READ RECORD command.

### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code and the cryptogram returned by the INCREASE STAMPED command shall be correct. The data returned by the card after the READ RECORD command was performed shall be in accordance with the data written in that EF by the INCREASE STAMPED command and the original data in the EF.

# 6.2.3.33.3 Return codes

In the following test cases +X refers to the length of the cryptogram, which is algorithm dependent.

Table 68: Return codes for the INCREASE STAMPED command

Return Code	Error description
98 02	- No key defined
98 04	- AC not fulfilled
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before
98 50	- INCREASE STAMPED cannot be performed (Maximum value reached)
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)
94 00	- No EF selected as current
94 08	- Current file is inconsistent with the command
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 > "04" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	$- L_{c} \neq 3 (+X)$
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

### RC\_IS\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33, c4\_9

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "90 00" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

### RC\_IS\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "9F XX" if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

#### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

## Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

# RC\_IS\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "98 02" if the key associated with the file does not exist.

- An EF with cyclic structure with a not existing key associated to INCREASE is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- A random has been given.

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

#### Purpose

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "98 04" if the selected file has an unfulfilled access condition on INCREASE.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is not fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

#### Test

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "98 10" if the selected file is invalidated.

### **Preconditions**

- An invalidated EF with cyclic is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

# RC\_IS\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

#### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is PRO.
- No random has been asked for.
- A random has been given.

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

# RC\_IS\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

#### Purpose

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "98 35" if no random has been given.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is PRO.
- A random has been asked for.
- No random has been given.

#### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c$  = "03" + X and a datafield followed by a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "98 50" if the maximum value has been reached.

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with linear fixed structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The maximum value has been reached.

# Test

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

# Result

The expected status word is "98 50".

# RC\_IS\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.
- A random has been given.

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- The internal memory can not be written.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "94 08" if a file, not valid for INCREASE is selected.

- EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.
- A random has been given.

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00" and  $L_c$  = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "6B XX" if P1 > "04" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

### **Test**

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 > "04" or P2  $\neq$  "00" and L<sub>c</sub> = "03".

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC\_IS\_IV\_12 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_33

### **Purpose**

Check that INCREASE STAMPED returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq 03$  (+X).

#### **Preconditions**

- An EF with cyclic structure is selected.
- The AC for INCREASE is fulfilled, no cryptogram is required.
- A random has been given.

### Test

Present an INCREASE STAMPED command with P1 = "00", P2 = "00",  $L_c \neq$  "03" with a matching datafield.

## Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

## 6.2.3.34 LOAD KEY FILE (LKF)

### 6.2.3.34.1 Function

### FU\_LKF\_VA\_01 subclause 8.34 c19\_34, c23\_34, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_25

#### Purpose

Check that the LOAD KEYFILE function performs correctly on key 0 from EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

- A transparent EF with known contents exists.
- AC for READ is AUT
- The key associated to AC READ is key 0.
- A random has been asked for.
- EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>

Present a LOAD KEYFILE function.

Present an ASK RANDOM command

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION command

Present a READ BINARY function on the transparent file.

#### Result

The expected status word for both functions is "90 00". The cryptogram has to be valid using the newly downloaded key.

### FU\_LKF\_VA\_02 subclause 8.34 c19\_34, c23\_34, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_11

### **Purpose**

Check that the LOAD KEYFILE function performs correctly on key 1 from EF<sub>KEY OP</sub>.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent EF with known contents is selected.
- The key associated to AC READ is key 1.
- A random has been asked for.

#### Test

Present a LOAD KEYFILE function.

Present a READ BINARY STAMPED function on the transparent file.

#### Result

The expected status word for both functions is "90 00". The cryptogram has to be valid using the newly downloaded key.

### FU LKF VA 03 subclause 8.34 c19 34, c23 34, c23 1, c23 23, c23 25, c23 4

#### Purpose

Check that the LOAD KEYFILE function performs correctly on a key from EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

- The AC for DELETE FILE is AUT.
- A file which can be deleted is available.
- A random has been asked for.

### Test

Present a LOAD KEYFILE function.

Present an ASK RANDOM function.

Present an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION function using the newly downloaded key.

Present a DELETE FILE function.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all functions.

## 6.2.3.34.2 Command

The coding of the LOAD KEYFILE command is the following:

Table 69: Return codes for the LOAD KEYFILE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"D8"
P1	"00" Download a key to EF <sub>KEY_MAN</sub>
	"01" Download a key to EF <sub>KEY OP</sub>
P2	Key Number "00" - "0F"
L <sub>c</sub> field	Length of the data
Data field L <sub>e</sub> field	Data to be sent to the card Empty

No tests are foreseen to test the LOAD KEYFILE command other than those defined in the functions subclause.

### 6.2.3.34.3 Return codes

Table 70: Return codes for the LOAD KEYFILE command

Return Code	Error description	
98 02	- No key defined	
98 04	- AC not fulfilled	
98 10	- In contradiction with the invalidation status	
98 35	- No ASK RANDOM / GIVE RANDOM before	
92 0X	- Update successful but after using internal retry routine X times	
92 40	- Update impossible (memory problem)	
94 00	- No EF selected as current	
94 08	- Current file type is inconsistent with the command	
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command	
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command	
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)	
6B XX	- P1 > "01"	
67 XX	- L <sub>c</sub> ≠ "1A" for P2 = "01" "0F"	
	- $L_c \neq$ "1B" for P2 = "00"	
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command	

## RC\_LKF\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "90 00" if used correctly.

- EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "98 02" if the key associated with the AC LOAD KEYFILE does not exist.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.
- The key for LOAD KEYFILE does not exist.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "98 02".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "98 04" if the AC for LOAD KEYFILE is not fulfilled.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01" and a wrong cryptogram.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "98 10" if EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is invalidated.

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.
- $EF_{KEY\_OP}$  is invalidated.

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 10".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_04 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

#### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "98 35" if no random has been asked for.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- No random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01" and any cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 35".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_05 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "92 0X" if the internal retry routine has been used.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.
- The internal memory can only be written after X retries.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "92 0X".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_06 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "92 40" if the internal memory can not be written.

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.
- The internal memory can not be written.

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "92 40".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_07 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "94 00" if no EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF or the MF is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "01".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 00".

## RC\_LKF\_IV\_08 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "94 08" if a file with the wrong file type is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

### Test

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "00".

### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_09 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "94 08" if a file with the wrong file type is selected.

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>ICC</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 = "00".

#### Result

The expected status word is "94 08".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_10 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "6B XX" if P1 > "01".

- EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P1 > "01".

#### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### RC\_LKF\_IV\_11 subclause 9.4.6 c19\_34

### **Purpose**

Check that LOAD KEYFILE returns "67 XX" if  $L_c \neq$  "1B" for P2 = 0 or  $L_c \neq$  "1A" for P2 = "01" .. "0F".

### **Preconditions**

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Present a LOAD KEYFILE command with P2 = "00",  $L_c \neq$  "1B" and a matching datafield.

### Result

The expected status word is "67 XX".

## 6.2.3.35 GET RESPONSE (GR)

### 6.2.3.35.1 Function

As there is no function GET RESPONSE specified in the base standard, there are no tests foreseen for that.

### 6.2.3.35.2 Command

The coding of the GET RESPONSE command is the following:

Table 71: Return codes for the GET RESPONSE command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"CO"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00" (other values are RFU)
L <sub>c</sub> field	Empty
Data field	Empty
L <sub>e</sub> field	Maximum length of data expected in the response

### CO\_GET\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.35 c23\_35, c4\_8

### Purpose

Check that GET RESPONSE is able to return response data.

### **Preconditions**

- A SELECT has been performed on EF<sub>ICC</sub>.

Perform a GET RESPONSE command with  $L_e = SW2$  of previous status word.

### Result

The returned data has to be that of the previous SELECT command.

### 6.2.3.35.3 Return codes

Table 72: Return codes for the GET RESPONSE command

Return Code	Error description
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command
9F XX	- Length "XX" of the response data

### RC\_GET\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c23\_35, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that GET RESPONSE returns "90 00", if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

A SELECT has been performed before on EF<sub>ICC</sub>.

### **Test**

Perform a GET RESPONSE command with  $L_e = SW2$  of previous command.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

### RC\_GET\_VA\_02 subclause 9.4.6 c23\_35, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that GET RESPONSE returns "9F XX", if not all data are read.

### **Preconditions**

- A SELECT has been performed before on  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EF}_{\mathsf{ICC}}}.$ 

### **Test**

Perform a GET RESPONSE command with  $L_e = (SW2 - 1)$ , with SW2 of previous command.

### Result

The expected status word is "9F 01".

## RC\_GET\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c23\_35, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that GET RESPONSE returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

### Preconditions

- A SELECT has been performed before on EF<sub>ICC</sub>.

Perform a GET RESPONSE command with  $L_{\rm e}$  = SW2 of previous command.

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

## 6.2.3.36 ENVELOPE PUT (EP)

### 6.2.3.36.1 Function

As there is no function ENVELOPE PUT specified in the base standard, there are no tests foreseen for that.

### 6.2.3.36.2 Command

The coding of the ENVELOPE PUT command is the following:

Table 73: Return codes for the ENVELOPE PUT command

CLA	Class byte
INS	"C2"
P1	"00" (other values are RFU)
P2	"00" (other values are RFU)
L <sub>c</sub> field	Number of data bytes
Data field	Data sent to the card
L <sub>e</sub> field	Empty

### CO\_EP\_VA\_01 subclause 9.2.36 c23\_36, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that it is possible to send data with ENVELOPE PUT to the chip card.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

### **Test**

Send data with ENVELOPE PUT.

### Result

The expected status word is "9F XX".

NOTE: It might be necessary to perform additional implementation specific tests

Specification for this is under responsibility of the development team.

### 6.2.3.36.3 Return codes

Table 74: Return codes for the ENVELOPE PUT command

Return Code	Error description
6E XX	- Wrong instruction class given in the command
6D XX	- Unknown instruction code given in the command
6F XX	- Technical problem with no diagnostic given (command aborted)
6B XX	- P1 ≠ "00" or P2 ≠ "00"
67 XX	- no test is foreseen for this status word
92 40	- no test is foreseen for this status word
90 00	- Normal ending (ACK) of the command

### RC\_EP\_VA\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c23\_36, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that ENVELOPE PUT returns "90 00", if used correctly.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Send data with ENVELOPE PUT.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00".

### RC\_EP\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.6 c23\_36, c4\_8

### **Purpose**

Check that ENVELOPE PUT returns "6B XX" if P1  $\neq$  "00" or P2  $\neq$  "00".

#### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Send data with ENVELOPE PUT.

### Result

The expected status word is "6B XX".

### 6.2.3.37 General tests on return codes

## RC\_XX\_IV\_01 subclause 9.4.4

### **Purpose**

Check that the UC returns "6E XX" if an unknown class is used.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### **Test**

Reset the UC and present any command with a not supported CLA byte.

#### Result

The expected status word is "6E XX".

### RC\_XX\_IV\_02 subclause 9.4.4

### **Purpose**

Check that the UC returns "6D XX" if an instruction is used, which is unsupported within that context.

### **Preconditions**

None.

### Test

Reset the UC and present a command with at least 4 bytes and unsupported INS byte.

### Result

The expected status word is "6D XX".

### RC\_XX\_IV\_03 subclause 9.4.4

### **Purpose**

Check that the UC returns "6F XX" if technical problem occurs.

### **Preconditions**

None.

#### Test

Unknown.

### Result

The expected status word is "6F XX".

NOTE: Actual tests for this condition are implementation dependent.

## 6.2.4 Data structure and pointers

This subclause focuses on the consistency of the file and record pointers.

IC cards contain a data structure to organize the files (EFs, MF and DFs). Furthermore a number of pointers are maintained to keep the state of records within linear fixed or cyclic files.

#### DISCLAIMER:

The management processes for allocating and free-ing memory space for created and deleted files are not tested within this subclause as they are not part of the base standard.

The following pointers are considered in this subclause:

Context = Session	Context = EF
Current File (last	Current record (for linear
selected DF or EF)	and cyclic EFs only)
Current DF	Oldest record (for cyclic
	EFs only)
Current EF	

Both file and record pointers are tested by the exchange of commands to:

- 1. Try to change data structure or pointers in a correct or incorrect way.
- 2. Verify of the successful or unsuccessful changes.

## 6.2.4.1 File pointers

### 6.2.4.1.1 Current File (CF)

### DP\_CF\_VA\_01 subclause 8.1c23\_10

### Purpose

Check that the EF pointer is undefined after reset.

### **Preconditions**

- At least one EF with known file id within the MF exists

Reset the card

Present an READ BINARY command on a EF within the MF.

#### Result

Status word "94 00" and no response data shall be returned.

### DP\_CF\_VA\_01 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_4, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check that the EF pointer is undefined after deletion of an EF.

#### **Preconditions**

- At least one EF with known file id within the MF exists

### **Test**

Present a SELECT FILE on the known EF.

Present a DELETE FILE with this file id

Present a READ command.

### Result

SELECT and DELETE FILE command shall return status work "90 00".

Status word "94 00" and no response data shall be returned by READ command.

## 6.2.4.1.2 Current DF (CD)

The following tests verify the correct changing of the DF pointer. For this purpose the STATUS command is used. If this command is not supported the tests could alternatively be made by exclusive use of the select command as well.

### DP\_CD\_VA\_01 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that the DF pointer is correctly changed when an EF is selected in another DF by means of a select-by-path.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF exists in DF other than MF;
- DF pointer on DF other than DF above EF to select;

#### Test

Select the EF and then perform the STATUS command.

#### Result

The response to the STATUS command shall reflect the characteristics of the DF above the EF.

### DP\_CD\_VA\_02 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the DF pointer remains unchanged when an EF is selected in the same DF.

- DF pointer on DF other than MF;
- EF exists in current DF;

Select the EF and then perform the STATUS command.

#### Result

The response to the STATUS command shall reflect the characteristics of the DF above the EF.

### DP\_CD\_VA\_03 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_2, c23\_4

### **Purpose**

Check that the DF pointer is set to the MF after reset.

#### **Preconditions**

- At least one EF with known file id within the MF exists

#### Test

Reset the card

Present a SELECT FILE command on a EF within the MF.

### Result

Response Data shall be as expected and status word is "90 00".

### DP CD VA 04 subclause 8.1c23 7, c23 8

#### **Purpose**

Check that the deletion of a DF does not have any effect on the DF pointer.

#### **Preconditions**

- At least one DF with known file id within the MF exists.
- MF is selected.

### Test

Present a DELETE FILE on the known DF.

Present a STATUS command.

### Result

DELETE FILE command shall return status word "90 00".

STATUS command shall return information about MF.

### DP\_CD\_IV\_01 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_2

#### Purpose

Check that the DF pointer is not changed when an non existing EF is selected in another DF by means of a select-by-path.

- EF does not exist in DF other than MF;
- DF pointer on DF other than DF above EF to select;

Select the EF and then perform the STATUS command.

#### Result

The response to the STATUS command shall reflect the characteristics of the original DF.

### DP\_CD\_IV\_02 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_2

### **Purpose**

Check that the DF pointer is not changed when a non existing DF is selected under the current DF.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF pointer on arbitrary DF;
- DF to be selected does not exist;

### **Test**

Try to select the DF and then perform the STATUS command.

#### Result

The response to the STATUS command shall reflect the characteristics of the original DF.

### 6.2.4.1.3 Current EF (CE)

## DP\_CE\_VA\_01 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check that the EF pointer is correctly changed when an EF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- Transparent readable EF with known contents exists;

#### Test

Select the EF and then try to read a few bytes.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a positive return code.

### DP\_CE\_IV\_01 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EF pointer is not assigned just after a reset.

### **Preconditions**

- Transparent readable EF with known contents exists;
- No select command has been performed after reset yet;

#### Test

Try to read a few bytes from the current EF.

### Result

The response to the READ command shall indicate that no EF was selected (code "94 00").

### DP\_CE\_IV\_02 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EF pointer is not changed when a non existing EF is selected.

- EF pointer on transparent readable EF with known contents;
- EF to be selected does not exist;

Try to select the non existing EF and then try to read a few bytes from the current EF.

#### Result

The response to the READ command shall be successful.

### DP\_CE\_IV\_03 subclause 8.1c23\_1, c23\_10

#### **Purpose**

Check that the EF pointer becomes unassigned when a DF is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- EF pointer on transparent readable EF;
- DF exists;

### **Test**

Select the DF and then try to read a few bytes from the current EF.

### Result

The response to the READ command shall indicate that no EF was selected (code "94 00").

### 6.2.4.2 Record pointers

### 6.2.4.2.1 Current Record Pointer (CRP)

### DP\_CRP\_VA\_01 subclause 8.12 c23\_1, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that the Current Record Pointer is unchanged when a READ RECORD in ABSOLUTE mode is performed.

### **Preconditions**

- Linear readable EF with known contents selected;
- Current record assigned at an arbitrary record;

#### **Test**

Perform a READ RECORD in ABSOLUTE mode and then a READ RECORD in NEXT mode.

### Result

Both commands shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for the last command shall be in accordance with the next record of the originally selected record.

### DP\_CRP\_VA\_02 subclause 8.14 c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_14

### **Purpose**

Check that the Current Record pointer is changed when a successful SEEK command is performed.

- Linear readable EF with known contents selected;
- Current record assigned at an arbitrary record;

Perform a SEEK for a matching pattern command and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

#### Result

Both commands shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for the READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with the originally selected record.

## DP CRP\_VA\_03 subclause 8.14 c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_9

#### Purpose

Check that the Current Record pointer is changed when a successful CREATE RECORD command is performed.

#### **Preconditions**

- Linear readable incomplete EF with known contents selected;
- Current record assigned at an arbitrary record not at the end of the file;

#### Test

Perform a CREATE RECORD command and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

### Result

Both commands shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for the READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with the just created record.

### DP\_CRP\_VA\_04 subclause 8.14 c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the Current Record pointer is set to the last written record when a cyclic EF is selected.

#### Preconditions

- Cyclic readable EF incomplete with known contents exists;

### **Test**

Select the EF and then a perform a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

### Result

Both commands shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for the READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with the last written record.

### DP\_CRP\_VA\_05 subclause 8.14 c23\_1, c23\_12, c8\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the Current EF and Current Record Pointer are not changed when another linear file is read via another channel.

- Linear readable EFs with known contents selected;
- Another linear readable EF exists.
- Current record assigned at an arbitrary record not at the beginning of the file;

Perform in another channel a SELECT command and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode. Then perform in the original channel a READ RECORD command in CURRENT mode.

#### Result

All commands shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for the first READ RECORD command shall reflect the first record of that EF, while the last READ RECORD command shall be in accordance with previously selected record of the original EF.

### DP\_CRP\_IV\_01 subclause 8.12 c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_14

#### **Purpose**

Check that the Current Record pointer is unchanged when an unsuccessful SEEK command is performed.

#### **Preconditions**

- Linear readable EF with known contents selected;
- Current record assigned at an arbitrary record;

#### **Test**

Perform a SEEK command for a non-matching pattern and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

#### Result

Only the READ RECORD command shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for that command shall be in accordance with the originally selected record.

### DP\_CRP\_IV\_02 subclause 8.12 c23\_1, c23\_12

### **Purpose**

Check that the Current Record pointer is unchanged when an unsuccessful SELECT command is performed.

#### **Preconditions**

- Linear readable EF with known contents selected;
- Current record assigned at an arbitrary record;

### **Test**

Perform a SELECT command for a non-existing EF and then a READ RECORD in CURRENT mode.

#### Result

Only the READ RECORD command shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for that command shall be in accordance with the originally selected record.

### 6.2.4.2.2 Oldest Record (OR)

### DP\_ORP\_VA\_01 subclause 8.12 c23\_1, c23\_12, c23\_30

#### Purpose

Check that the Oldest Record pointer is changed when a DECREASE command is performed.

### **Preconditions**

- Cyclic EF with known contents selected;

Perform a DECREASE command and then a READ RECORD in ABSOLUTE mode for records no. 2.

### Result

Both commands shall have a **positive return code**. The response data for the last command shall be in accordance with the contents of the last written record before.

## 6.2.5 Access Conditions (AC)

This subclause is dedicated to test the functionality of setting access conditions to group of functions on individual EFs or DFs. In order to test a wide variety of combinations, but not to test all valid combinations, the following selection has been chosen:

Transparent EF:

AC	FUNCTION
ALW	READ
CHV1	READ
CHV2	READ
PRO	UPDATE
AUT	READ
CHV1 / PRO	UPDATE
CHV2 / PRO	UPDATE
CHV1 / AUT	READ
CHV2 / AUT	READ
NEV	READ

Linear fix structured EF:

FUNCTION	AC
READ	CHV1
UPDATE	PRO
WRITE	PRO
INCREASE	AUT
DECREASE	AUT
CREATE RECORD	CHV1
REHABILITATE	PRO
INVALIDATE	PRO

DF:

FUNCTION	AC
DELETE FILE	PRO
CREATE FILE	PRO
REHABILITATE	CHV1
INVALIDATE	CHV1

 $EF_{KEY\_OP}$ :

FUNCTION	AC
LOAD KEYFILE	CHV1 / PRO
UPDATE	CHV1 / PRO
REHABILITATE	CHV1
INVALIDATE	CHV1

The tests always start after a reset, with no access condition fulfilled. The function to be tested is then applied, the expected result normally will be Access Condition (AC) not fulfilled. Then the AC will be fulfilled and the command will be applied again, but this time the command shall succeed.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_01 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1

### **Purpose**

Check that the Access Condition ALW works properly.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC ALW on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00", the file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_02 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the Access Condition CHV1 works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC CHV1 on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2. The file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_03 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1, c23\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that the Access Condition CHV2 works properly.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC CHV2 on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV2.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2. The file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_04 subclause 7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that the Access Condition PRO works properly.

### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC PRO on UPDATE is selected.

- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY with wrong cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY with a valid cryptogram on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_05 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1, c23\_25, c23\_23

### **Purpose**

Check that the Access Condition AUT works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC AUT on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 3. The file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_06 subclause 7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the Access Condition CHV1/PRO works properly.

- A transparent file with AC CHV1/PRO on UPDATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY without cryptogram on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY without cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY with a valid cryptogram on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first two UPDATE BINARY commands and "90 00" for all other commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_07 subclause 7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the Access Condition CHV2/PRO works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC CHV2/PRO on UPDATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

### **Test**

Perform an UPDATE BINARY with a wrong cryptogram on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV2.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY without cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY with a valid cryptogram on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first two UPDATE BINARY commands and "90 00" for all other commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_08 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1, c23\_25, c23\_23, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the Access Condition CHV1/AUT works properly.

- A transparent file with AC CHV1/AUT on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first two READ BINARY commands and "90 00" for all other commands. The file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_09 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1, c23\_25, c23\_23, c23\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that the Access Condition CHV2/AUT works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A transparent file with AC CHV2/AUT on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

### **Test**

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV2.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first two READ BINARY commands and "90 00" for all other commands. The file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_10 subclause 7 c23\_10, c23\_1, c23\_25, c23\_23, c23\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that the Access Condition NEV works properly.

- A transparent file with AC NEV on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV2.

Perform a READ BINARY on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for all READ BINARY commands and "90 00" for all other commands.

## AC\_XX\_VA\_11 subclause 7 c23\_12, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on READ/SEEK works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC CHV1 on READ is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform a READ RECORD on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a READ RECORD on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2. The file contents is read successfully.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_12 subclause 7 c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on UPDATE works properly.

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on UPDATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

Perform an UPDATE RECORD with a wrong cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an UPDATE RECORD with a valid cryptogram on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other.

## AC\_XX\_VA\_13 subclause 7 c23\_30, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### **Purpose**

Check that a DECREASE command is not possible if UPDATE is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on UPDATE (DECREASE) is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform a DECREASE function with a valid cryptogram on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first command and "94 08" for the second command.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_14 subclause 7 c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on WRITE works properly.

### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on WRITE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

#### Test

Perform an WRITE RECORD with a wrong cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an WRITE RECORD with a valid cryptogram on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_15 subclause 7 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_23

### **Purpose**

Check that an INCREASE command is not possible if WRITE is selected.

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on WRITE (INCREASE) is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an INCREASE function with a valid cryptogram on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first command and "94 08" for the second command.

## AC\_XX\_VA\_16 subclause 7 c23\_32, c23\_1, c23\_25, c23\_23

### **Purpose**

Check that an Access Condition on INCREASE works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC AUT on INCREASE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### **Test**

Perform an INCREASE on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform an INCREASE on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 3.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_17 subclause 7 c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_25

#### Purpose

Check that a WRITE command is not possible if INCREASE is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on INCREASE(WRITE) is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform a WRITE function on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first two commands and "94 08" for the third command.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_18 subclause 7 c23\_30, c23\_1, c23\_25, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on DECREASE works properly.

- A linear fix structured file with AC AUT on DECREASE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform a DECREASE on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform a DECREASE on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 3.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_19 subclause 7 c23\_28, c23\_1, c23\_23, c23\_25

### **Purpose**

Check that an UPDATE command is not possible if DECREASE is selected.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC AUT on DECREASE(UPDATE) is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

### Test

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATION with the relevant key.

Perform an UPDATE function on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for the first two commands and "94 08" for the third command.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_20 subclause 7 c23\_9, c23\_1, c23\_15, c23\_12

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on CREATE RECORD works properly.

### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC CHV1 on CREATE RECORD is selected.
- The number of records in that file is known.
- No AC is fulfilled.

### **Test**

Perform a CREATE RECORD on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a CREATE RECORD on that file.

Perform a READ RECORD on the newly created record.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 3. The new record shall be read correctly.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_21 subclause 7 c23\_21, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on REHABILITATE works properly.

### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on REHABILITATE is selected.

- That file is invalidated.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

Perform a REHABILTATE with a wrong cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform a REHABILTATE with a correct cryptogram on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_22 subclause 7 c23\_20, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on INVALIDATE works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on INVALIDATE is selected.
- That file is not invalidated.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

#### Test

Perform a INVALIDATE with a wrong cryptogram on that file.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform a INVALIDATE with a correct cryptogram on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_23 subclause 7 c23\_4, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on DELETE FILE works properly.

- A DF with AC PRO on DELETE FILE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- An EF which can be deleted exists.
- A random has been asked for.

Perform a DELETE FILE command with a wrong cryptogram on that EF.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform a DELETE FILE command with a valid cryptogram on that EF.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_24 subclause 7 c23\_3, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### **Purpose**

Check that an Access Condition on CREATE FILE works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF with AC PRO on CREATE FILE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- Enough room to create a file is available.
- A random has been asked for.

#### Test

Perform a CREATE FILE command with a wrong cryptogram.

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform a CREATE FILE command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_25 subclause 7 c23\_21, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on REHABILITATE works properly.

### Preconditions

- A DF with AC CHV1 on REHABILITATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- The DF is invalidated.

#### **Test**

Perform a REHABILITATE on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a REHABILITATE on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_26 subclause 7 c23\_20, c23\_1, c23\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that an Access Condition on INVALIDATE works properly.

- A DF with AC CHV1 on INVALIDATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

- The DF is not invalidated.

#### Test

Perform a INVALIDATE on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a INVALIDATE on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2.

## AC\_XX\_VA\_27 subclause 7 c23\_34, c23\_1, c23\_15, c23\_23

### **Purpose**

Check that an Access Condition on LOAD KEYFILE works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- $EF_{KEY\ OP}$  with AC CHV1/PRO on LOAD KEYFILE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

#### **Test**

Perform a LOAD KEYFILE command with a wrong cryptogram.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform a LOAD KEYFILE command without cryptogram.

Perform an ASK RANDOM command.

Perform a LOAD KEYFILE command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first two LOAD KEYFILE commands and "90 00" for the other commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_28 subclause 7 c23\_7, c23\_1, c23\_15, c23\_23

### **Purpose**

Check that an Access Condition on UPDATE works properly.

- ${\rm EF_{KEY\_OP}}$  with AC CHV1/PRO on UPDATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.
- A random has been asked for.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY command with a wrong cryptogram.

Perform a VERIFY CHV for CHV1.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY command without cryptogram.

Perform an ASK RANDOM command.

Perform an UPDATE BINARY command with a valid cryptogram.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first two UPDATE BINARY commands and "90 00" for the other commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_29 subclause 7 c23\_21, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that an Access Condition on REHABILITATE works properly.

#### **Preconditions**

- $EF_{KEY\ OP}$  with AC CHV1 on REHABILITATE is selected.
- That file is invalidated.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### **Test**

Perform a REHABILTATE command on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV on CHV1.

Perform a REHABILTATE command on that file.

### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_30 subclause 7 c23\_20, c23\_1, c23\_15

### **Purpose**

Check that an Access Condition on INVALIDATE works properly.

- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> with AC CHV1 on INVALIDATE is selected.
- That file is not invalidated.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform an INVALIDATE command on that file.

Perform a VERIFY CHV on CHV1.

Perform an INVALIDATE command on that file.

#### Result

The expected status word is "98 04" for the first command and "90 00" for the other 2.

## AC\_XX\_VA\_31 subclause 7 c23\_34, c23\_1, c23\_23

#### Purpose

Check that if EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is empty, the relevant keys are found on the next higher level.

#### **Preconditions**

- A DF different from the MF with an empty EF<sub>KEY MAN</sub> is selected.
- EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> with AC PRO on LOAD KEYFILE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

### **Test**

Perform an ASK RANDOM command.

Perform a LOAD KEYFILE command with a valid cryptogram using keys on the next higher level.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_32 subclause 7 c23\_8, c23\_1, c23\_23

### **Purpose**

Check that if EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is missing, the relevant keys are found on the next higher level.

#### Preconditions

- A DF different from the MF without an EF<sub>KEY OP</sub> is selected.
- A linear fix structured file with AC PRO on UPDATE is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### Test

Perform an ASK RANDOM.

Perform an UPDATE RECORD with a valid cryptogram using keys on the next higher level.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_33 subclause 7 c23\_12, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the achieved AC is maintained as long as the selection still refers to the same relevant CHV.

- DF1 contains the relevant EF<sub>CHV1</sub> for DF2.
- EF1 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF2.
- EF2 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF1.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform a SELECT on EF1.

Perform a VERIFY CHV.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

Perform a SELECT on EF2.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_34 subclause 7 c23\_12, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the achieved AC is maintained as long as the selection still refers to the same relevant CHV.

#### **Preconditions**

- DF1 contains the relevant EF<sub>CHV1</sub> for DF2 and DF3.
- EF1 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF2.
- EF2 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF3.
- No AC is fulfilled.

#### **Test**

Perform a SELECT on EF1.

Perform a VERIFY CHV.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

Perform a SELECT on EF2.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all commands.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_35 subclause 7 c23\_12, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the achieved AC is maintained as long as the selection still refers to the same relevant CHV.

- DF1 exists under the MF and contains an EF<sub>CHV1</sub>.
- DF2 exists under the MF.
- EF1 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF1.
- EF2 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF2.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform a SELECT on DF1.

Perform a SELECT on EF1.

Perform a VERIFY CHV.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

Perform a SELECT on the MF.

Perform a SELECT on DF2.

Perform a SELECT on EF2.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

Perform a SELECT on the MF.

Perform a SELECT on DF1.

Perform a SELECT on EF1.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all commands except the READ on EF2, which returns "98 04".

## AC\_XX\_VA\_36 subclause 7 c23\_12, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that the achieved AC is overwritten by a local CHV.

- DF1 contains the relevant  $EF_{CHV1}$  for DF2.
- DF3 contains a local EF<sub>CHV1</sub>, but is son of DF1
- EF1 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF2.
- EF2 has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF3.
- No AC is fulfilled.

Perform a SELECT on EF1.

Perform a VERIFY CHV.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

Perform a SELECT on EF2.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

Perform a VERIFY CHV.

Perform a READ RECORD command.

#### Result

The expected status word is "90 00" for all commands, except the first READ RECORD on EF2.

### AC\_XX\_VA\_37 subclause 7 c23\_12, c23\_1, c23\_15

#### Purpose

Check that if EFCHV is invalidated backtracking mechanism will be used.

### **Preconditions**

- DF1 contains EF<sub>CHV1</sub>.
- DF2 contains a local but invalidated  $EF_{CHV1}$ , and is son of DF1
- CHV1 in DF2 is different from CHV1 in DF1.
- EF1 exists with known contents and has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF1.
- EF2 exists with known contents and has the AC CHV1 on READ and resides in DF2.
- DF2 is selected.
- EF2 is selected.
- No AC is fulfilled.

### Test

Perform a VERIFY CHV1 with CHV1 of DF2.

Perform a VERIFY CHV1 with CHV1 of DF1.

Perform a READ command.

Perform a SELECT on DF1.

Perform a SELECT on EF1.

Perform a READ command.

### Result

The first VERIFY CHV command returns status word "98 04"

All other commands return status word "90 00" and READ commands return the expected data.

## 6.2.6 Elementary Files (EF)

The base standard defines a number of special EFs. This *subclause* intends to test their existence and, depending on their readability, to some extent their contents.

The test method always issueing a SELECT command that may be followed by a READ BINARY. The responses to these commands shall be in accordance with the base standard.

## 6.2.6.1 EF<sub>CHV</sub> (CHV)

File ID: "00	File ID: "0000" or "0100" Optional			
AC: READ	READ NEV			
_	EEXECUTE NEV			
	E Application provider			
	NEV			
	DATE Application provider			
KEHAB	ILITATE Application provider			
Bytes	Description	M / O	Length	
1	EFCHV activation byte	М	1	
2	Way to present the CHV/UNBLOCK CHV	М	1	
3	KEY number in the relevant EF <sub>KEY_OP</sub>	M	1	
4-11	CHV	М	8	
12	CHV attempts Preset value N	M	1	
13	Remaining CHV attempt counter	M	1	
14-21	UNBLOCK CHV	M	8	
22	Remaining UNBLOCK CHV attempt counter	M	1	
23	Number of remaining UNBLOCK mechanisms use	M	1	

### EF\_CHV\_VA\_01 subclause 10.1 c36\_1, c23\_1

#### Purpose

Check for existence and settings of EF<sub>CHV1</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

- None

### **Test**

Select EF<sub>CHV1</sub>

### Result

Select response data shall be as expected with respect to ACs, number of remaining CHV attempts, EFCHV activation byte, Way to present the CHV, key number in the relevant EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>, number of remaining UNBLOCK CHV attempts and number of remaining UNBLOCK CHV mechanisms.

### EF\_CHV\_VA\_02 subclause 10.1 c36\_1, c23\_1

### **Purpose**

Check for existence and settings of EF<sub>CHV2</sub>.

#### **Preconditions**

- None.

Select EF<sub>CHV2</sub>

### Result

Select response data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard.

## 6.2.6.2 EFDIR (DIR)

File ID: "2F	<del>-</del> 00"	Optional	Optional	
UPDAT WRITE INVALII	Issuer/Application provider EEXECUTE NEV EIssuer/Application provider Issuer/Application provider DATE Issuer/Application provider BILITATE Issuer/Application provider			
Bytes	Description	M/O	Length	
1	Application identifier tag "4F"	M	1	
2	Application identifier length	M	1	
3	Application identifier	M	1-16	
	Application label tag "50"	M	1	
	Application label length		1	
	Application label (Verbal description)	M	0-16	
	Path tag "51" M 1		1	
	Path length	M	1	
	Path	M	X	

## EF\_DIR\_VA\_01 subclause 10.2 c36\_2, c23\_1, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check for existence, settings and possibly contents of EFDIR.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

#### Test

Select EFDIR and if possible read the complete contents, and try to select each of the applications defined.

### Result

Select response data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard. If the file was readable then all defined applications shall be selectable.

## 6.2.6.3 EFIC (IC)

File ID: "0005"		Optional		
AC:				
READ	ALW			
CREATE	EEXECUTE NEV			
UPDATE	E NEV			
WRITE	NEV			
INVALID	DATE NEV			
REHABI	REHABILITATE NEV			
Bytes	Bytes Description M / O Length			
1-4	-4 IC serial number M 4		4	
5-8	IC manufacturing references	M	4	

## EF\_IC\_VA\_01 subclause 10.3 c36\_3, c23\_1, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check for existence, settings and contents of EFIC.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

### Test

Select EFIC and read the complete contents.

## Result

Select response and read data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard.

## 6.2.6.4 EF<sub>ICC</sub> (ICC)

File ID: "0002"		Mandatory	
AC:			
REA	D ALW		
CRE	ATEEXECUTE NEV		
UPD	ATE NEV		
WRI	ΓE NEV		
INVA	LIDATE NEV		
REH.	ABILITATE NEV		
Bytes	Description	M/O	Length
1	Clockstop	M	1
2-5	IC card serial number	M	4
6-9	IC card manufacturing references	M	4
10	Card personalizer ID	M	1
11-15	Embedder/IC assembler ID	M	5
16-17	IC identifier	0	2
18	Card profile	0	1
19	Type of selection	0	1

## EF\_ICC\_VA\_01 subclause 10.4 c36\_4, c23\_1, c23\_10

#### Purpose

Check for existence, settings and contents of EF<sub>ICC</sub>.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

Select  $\mathsf{EF}_{\mathsf{ICC}}$  and read the complete contents.

### Result

Select response and read data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard and ICS.

## 6.2.6.5 EFID (ID)

File ID: "0003"		Mandatory	Mandatory	
AC:				
READ	ALW			
CREAT	EEXECUTE NEV			
UPDAT	TE NEV			
WRITE	NEV			
INVALI	DATE Issuer			
REHAE	BILITATE Issuer			
Bytes	Description	M / O	Length	
1-10	Identification number	M	10	
11-13	Date of activation	0	3	
14-16	Card expiry date	0	3	
17	Card sequence number	0	1	
18-19	Country code	0	2	

## EF\_ID\_VA\_01 subclause 10.5 c36\_5, c23\_1, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check for existence, settings and contents of EFID.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

### Test

Select EFID and read the complete contents.

### Result

Select response and read data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard.

## 6.2.6.6 $EF_{KEY\ MAN}$ (MAN)

File ID: "0011"		Mandatory	
LOAD K	AC: UPDATE NEV LOAD KEY FILE Application provider INVALIDATE Application provider REHABILITATE Application provider		
Bytes	Description	Length	
1	Keyfile version	1	
2	Keylength of key 1 (X)	1	
3	Algorithm ID for key 1	1	
4	KEY 1	X	
4+X	Keylength of key 2 (Y)	1	
5+X	Algorithm ID for key 2	1	
6+X	KEY 2	Υ	
6+X+Y	Keylength of key 3 (Z)	1	
7+X+Y	Algorithm ID for key 3	1	

## EF\_MAN\_VA\_01 subclause 10.6 c36\_6, c23\_1

### **Purpose**

Check for existence and settings of EF<sub>KEY\_MAN</sub>.

## **Preconditions**

None.

### Test

 $Select\ EF_{KEY\_MAN}$ 

### Result

Select response data shall be as expected with respect to ACs, key file versions, keylengths, and algorithm IDs.

## 6.2.6.7 $EF_{KEY OP}(OP)$

File ID: "0001"		Optional	
LOAD INVAL	TE NEV KEY FILE Application provider IDATE Application provider BILITATE Application provider		
Bytes	Description		Length
1	Keyfile version		1
2	Keylength of key 1 (X)		1
3	Algorithm ID for key 1		1
4	KEY 1		X
4+X	Keylength of key 2 (Y)		1
5+X	Algorithm ID for key 2		1
6+X	KEY 2		Υ
6+X+Y	Keylength of key 3 (Z)		1
7+X+Y	Algorithm ID for key 3		1

## EF\_OP\_VA\_01 subclause 10.7 c36\_7, c23\_1

## Purpose

Check for existence and settings of EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>.

## Preconditions

- None.

Select EF<sub>KEY\_OP</sub>

### Result

Select response data shall be as expected with respect to ACs, key file versions, keylengths, and algorithm IDs.

## 6.2.6.8 EFLANG (LAN)

File ID:	"2F05"	Optional		
AC:				
REA				
CRE	ATEEXECUTE NEV			
UPD	OATE User			
WRI	TE Issuer			
INV	ALIDATE Issuer			
REH	REHABILITATE Issuer			
	<del>,</del>			
Bytes	Description	M / O	Length	
1-2	-2 First language preference O 2			
3-4	-4 Second language preference O 2			
5-6	5-6 Third language preference O 2		2	
7-8	Fourth language preference	0	2	

### EF\_LAN\_VA\_01 subclause 10.8 c36\_8, c23\_1, c23\_10

### **Purpose**

Check for existence, settings and contents of EFLANG.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

### Test

Select EFLANG and read the complete contents.

### Result

Select response and read data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard.

## 6.2.6.9 EFNAME (NAM)

File ID: "0004"		Optional	
AC: READ	AUT		
CREA	TEEXECUTE NEV		
_	UPDATE Issuer WRITE Issuer		
INVALIDATE Issuer REHABILITATE Issuer			
KEHA	DILITATE ISSUEI		
Bytes	Description	M / O	Length
1-X	Card holder name	0	X

### EF\_NAM\_VA\_01 subclause 10.9 c36\_9, c23\_1, c23\_10, c23\_23, c23\_25, c41\_1

#### Purpose

Check for existence, settings and contents of EFNAM.

### **Preconditions**

- None.

Select EFNAM, perform an external authentication and read the complete contents.

### Result

Select response and read data shall be in accordance with defined values in base standard.

# History

Document history		
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