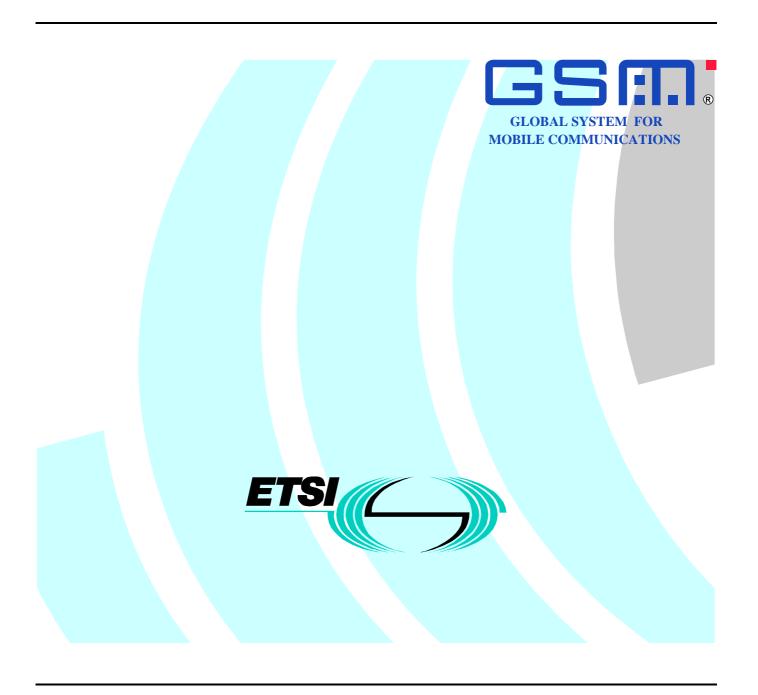
ETSI TS 100 543 V6.1.0 (1999-07)

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the Special Mobile Group (SMG).

The present document defines the stage 2 of the Call Forwarding (CF) supplementary services for the Digital cellular telecommunications system.

The content of the present document is subject to continuing work within SMG and may change following formal SMG approval. Should SMG modify the contents of the present document it will be re-released with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version 6.x.y

where:

- 6 indicates Release 1997 of GSM Phase 2+
- x the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- y the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification.

The specification from which the present document has been derived was originally based on CEPT documentation, hence the presentation of the present document may not be entirely in accordance with the ETSI/PNE rules.

0 Scope

The present document gives the stage 2 description of the call forwarding supplementary services.

The group of supplementary services call offering supplementary services is divided into 4 different supplementary services:

- Call forwarding unconditional	(CFU)	(clause 1);
- Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy	(CFB)	(clause 2);
- Call forwarding on no reply	(CFNRy)	(clause 3);
- Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable	(CFNRc)	(clause 4).

0.1 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- For this Release 1997 document, references to GSM documents are for Release 1997 versions (version 6.x.y).
- GSM 01.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Abbreviations and acronyms".
 GSM 02.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); General on supplementary services".
 GSM 02.78: "Digital cellular telecommunications system; Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic (CAMEL); Service definition Stage 1"
 GSM 02.82: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Forwarding (CF) Supplementary Services Stage 1".
 GSM 03.11: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Technical realization of supplementary services".
- [6] GSM 03.15: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Technical realization of operator determined barring".
- [7] GSM 03.78:"Digital cellular telecommunications system; Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic (CAMEL) Phase 2; Stage 2"

0.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviations used in the present document are listed in GSM 01.04.

0.3 The forwarded-to number

As indicated in GSM 02.82 the forwarded-to numbers are stored in the international format. If according to GSM 02.78 the served subscriber is provided with a Translation Information Flag (TIF-CSI) then the HPLMN shall treat the forwarded-to number transparently at the time of registration, i.e. not perform any checks or translations. In this case the forwarded-to number shall be stored in the format as it was received from the MS.

Therefore, if transferred, the forwarded-to number is transferred from the HLR to other network entities and stored in the VLR always in the format as stored in the HLR.

0.4 Cross phase compatibility

For the following supplementary services, a number of changes exist between the present document and the Phase 1 specification:

- Call forwarding unconditional;
- Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy;
- Call forwarding on no reply;
- Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable.

The main body of the present document assumes that all network entities comply with this version of the service. In each case an additional subclause (subclause x.6) defines the additional requirements for when one or more network entities or the MS complies with the Phase 1 specifications for the supplementary service procedures.

1 Call forwarding unconditional (CFU)

1.1 Handling of call forwarding unconditional

1.1.1 Registration

At the beginning of registration subscription to the basic service, provision of the supplementary service and sufficiency of registration information has to be checked (see figure 1.2).

The following information has to be registered in the network:

- 1) the forwarded-to number (possibly including a sub-address);
- 2) information as to whether all calls or all calls of a specific basic service group should be forwarded.

The basic service group code

If the registration request received by the HLR does not contain any basic service group code, the registration shall be performed for all subscribed basic service groups for which CFU is provided, see figure 1.2.

The forwarded-to number

If the forwarded-to number is a number in the HPLMN country, it may be entered by the served mobile subscriber in three different formats, independent of his actual location, according to the schemes:

- 1) national (significant) number;
- 2) (trunk) prefix plus national (significant) number;
- 3) international prefix, country code, national (significant) number.

The received number may have to be converted to an international number before further processing.

The network may also validate the forwarded-to number before accepting the call forwarding registration request.

If a served mobile subscriber is provided with the Translation Information Flag (TIF-CSI) as part of the CAMEL subscriber data (refer to GSM 03.78), the network shall accept and store the forwarded-to number transparently at the time of registration. In this case the network shall neither convert nor validate the received number. Therefore the forwarded-to number may not comply with the schemes indicated above.

For further details related to the handling of the forwarded-to number refer to figure 1.2.

Supplementary Service interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFU and other call forwarding and barring supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 1.2. Also see technical specifications GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFU and other supplementary services (ie not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

Interaction with CAMEL Phase 2 or higher

Possible interaction between CFU and CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is described in figure 1.2. If CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is not supported in the HLR, processing continues from the "No" exit of the test "Result=Pass".

Notifications to the subscriber

When the mobile subscriber registers CFU, the network shall attempt to register and activate the service. The network will return notification of acceptance of the request. This notification will include the forwarded-to number and possibly the basic service group code to which CFU is registered.

If the system cannot accept a registration request, the network sends a notification that CFU registration was not successful to the served mobile subscriber.

The information flow for registration of CFU is shown in figure 1.1.

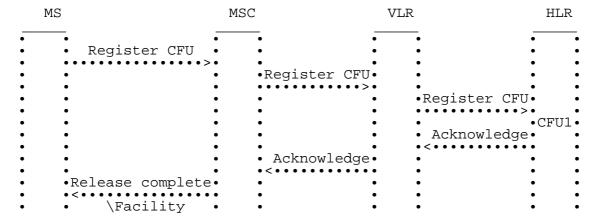


Figure 1.1: Registration of call forwarding unconditional

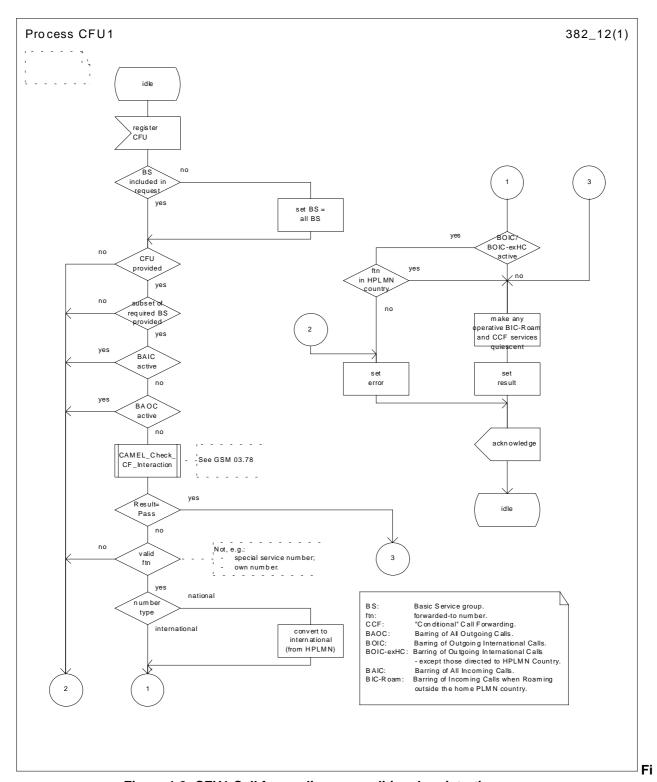


Figure 1.2: CFU1 Call forwarding unconditional registration process

1.1.2 Erasure

A previous registration can be erased in either of the following three ways:

- the subscriber can specifically erase a previous registration (to a basic service group) with an appropriate control procedure;
- the subscriber can register information for CFU (to a basic service group), thus causing previous registrations of CFU to be overridden (in the network this shall be handled as an erasure immediately followed by a registration);
- all information is erased as a result of withdrawal of the supplementary service (administrative handling).

The basic service group code

If the erasure request received by the HLR does not contain any basic service group code, the erasure request applies for all basic service groups for which CFU is registered. See figure 1.4.

Supplementary Service interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFU and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is shown in figure 1.4. Also see technical specifications GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFU and other supplementary services (i.e. not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

Notifications to the subscriber

When the mobile subscriber erases CFU, the network shall attempt to erase (and thus deactivate) the service. The network shall send an indication of acceptance or rejection of the erasure request to the served mobile station.

The information flow for erasure of CFU is shown in figure 1.3.

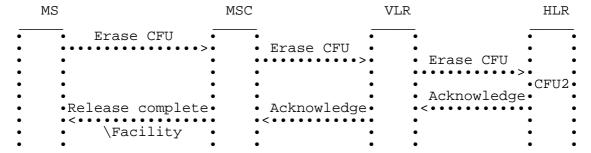


Figure 1.3: Erasure of call forwarding unconditional

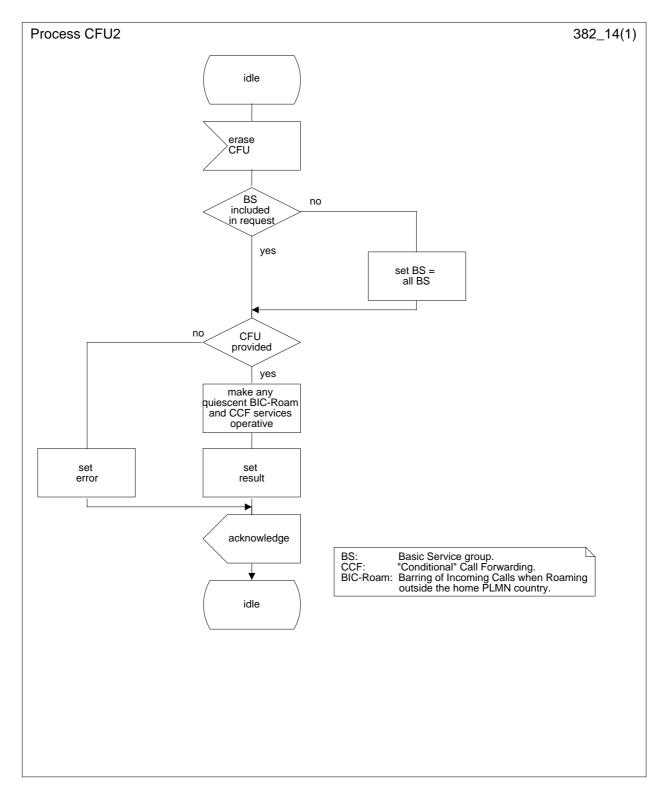


Figure 1.4: CFU2 Call forwarding unconditional erasure process

1.1.3 Activation

The network initially checks subscription to the basic service and registration status of the supplementary service, see figure 1.6.

Possible interaction situations between CFU and other supplementary services must then be checked. The SDL diagrams in figure 1.6 shows the function to be performed in the HLR in order to deal with the interactions between CFU and the call restriction and conditional call forwarding services. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFU and other supplementary services (ie not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

The Basic Service Group Code

If the activation request received by the HLR doesn't contain any basic service group code, the activation request shall apply to all subscribed basic service groups against which a CFU forwarded-to number is registered. If a forwarded-to number is not registered against even a subset of the required basic service group, the request will be rejected.

Note that according to GSM 02.04, a request for activation shall still be accepted although the CFU supplementary service was already active for all basic service groups.

Notification to the subscriber

The network will return notification of acceptance, partial acceptance or rejection of the request to the mobile station.

The information flow for activation of CFU is shown in figure 1.5.

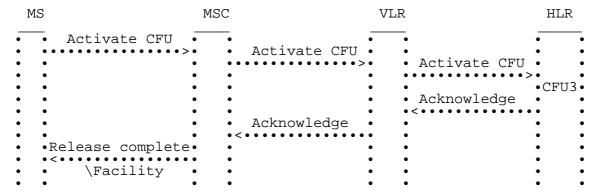


Figure 1.5: Activation of call forwarding unconditional

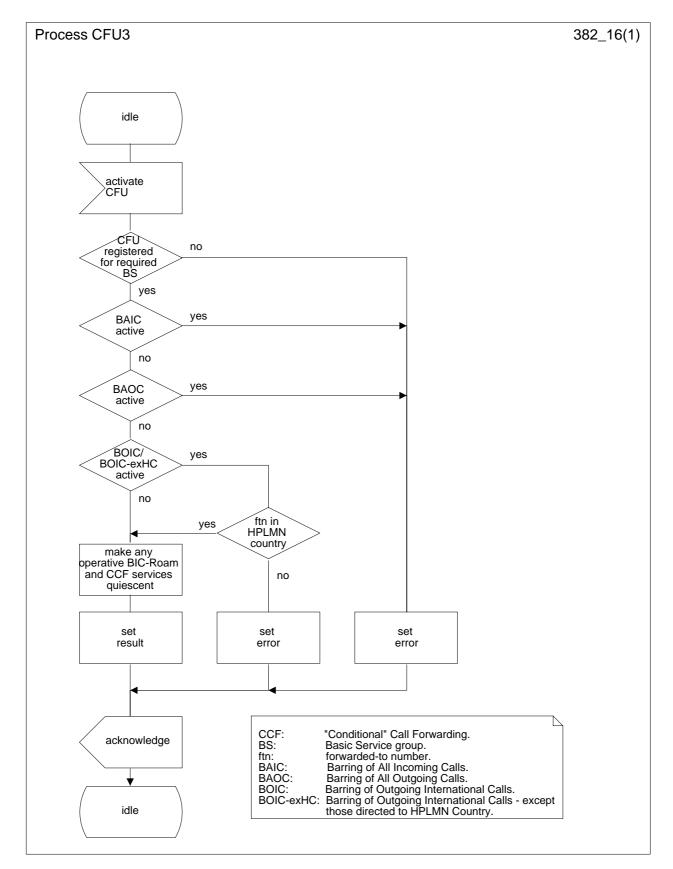


Figure 1.6: CFU3 Call forwarding unconditional activation process

1.1.4 Deactivation

The previous activation can be deactivated in either of the following three ways:

- The subscriber can specifically deactivate a previous activation (to a basic service group) with an appropriate control procedure;
- the subscriber can register information for CFU (to a basic service group), thus causing previous registrations and activations of CFU to be overridden (this shall be handled in the same way as an erasure (implying deactivation) immediately followed by a registration (implying activation));
- the service is deactivated as a result of withdrawal of the supplementary service (administrative handling).

Possible interaction situations between CFU and other supplementary services must be checked. The SDL diagram in figure 1.8 shows the function to be performed in the HLR in order to deal with the possible interactions between CFU and the conditional call forwarding services.

The Basic Service Group Code

The CFU deactivation request may specify a basic service group for which deactivation is required. If the deactivation request received by the HLR doesn't contain any basic service group code, the deactivation request shall apply to all basic services for which CFU is active, see figure 1.8.

If the deactivation request received by the HLR contains a basic service group code, only information related to the specified basic service group(s) is affected. Note that according to GSM 02.04, a request for deactivation shall still be accepted even if the CFU supplementary service was already deactivated for all basic service groups.

The user shall receive a notification of acceptance or rejection of the CFU deactivation request.

The information flow for deactivation of call forwarding unconditional is shown in figure 1.7.

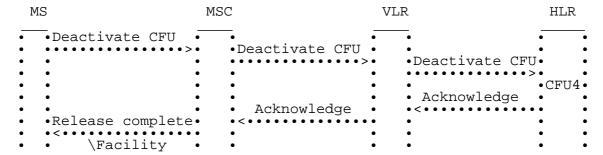


Figure 1.7: Deactivation of call forwarding unconditional

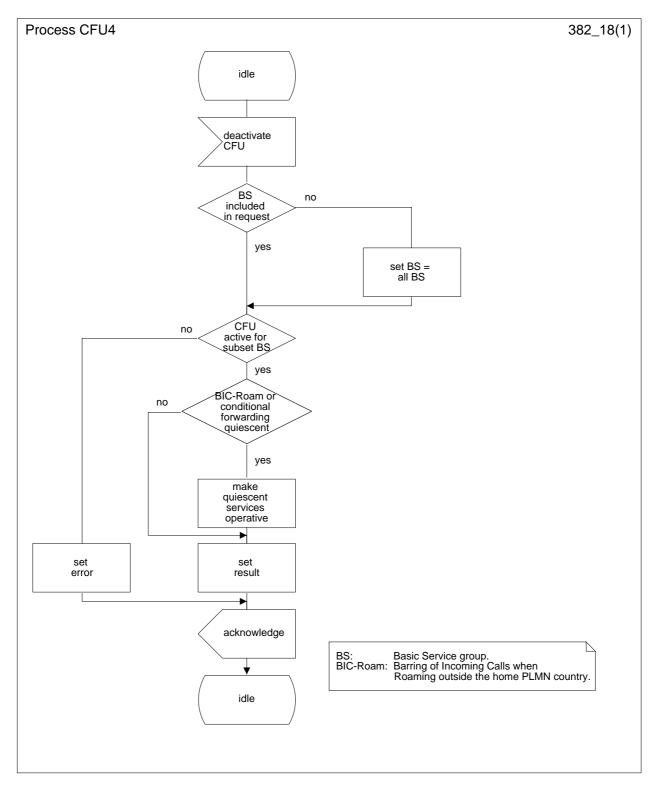


Figure 1.8: CFU4 Call forwarding unconditional deactivation process

1.1.5 Interrogation

Data request

The data request procedure enables the mobile subscriber to obtain information about the data stored in the PLMN. Interrogation of CFU is handled by the HLR which returns the required information or error to the MS, see figure 1.9.

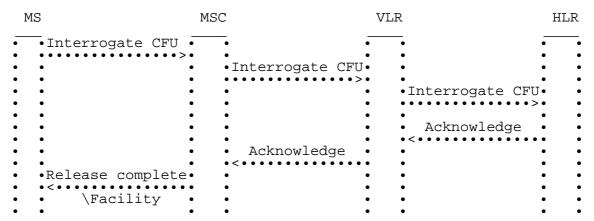


Figure 1.9: Interrogation of call forwarding unconditional

1.2 Functions and information flows

The following Mobile Additional Function has been identified for the PLMN:

MAF007

Call forwarding unconditional authorisations examination

The ability of a PLMN component to determine the authorisations relating to CFU.

See figure 1.10.

Location: HLR.

The information flow for call forwarding unconditional is shown in figure 1.11.

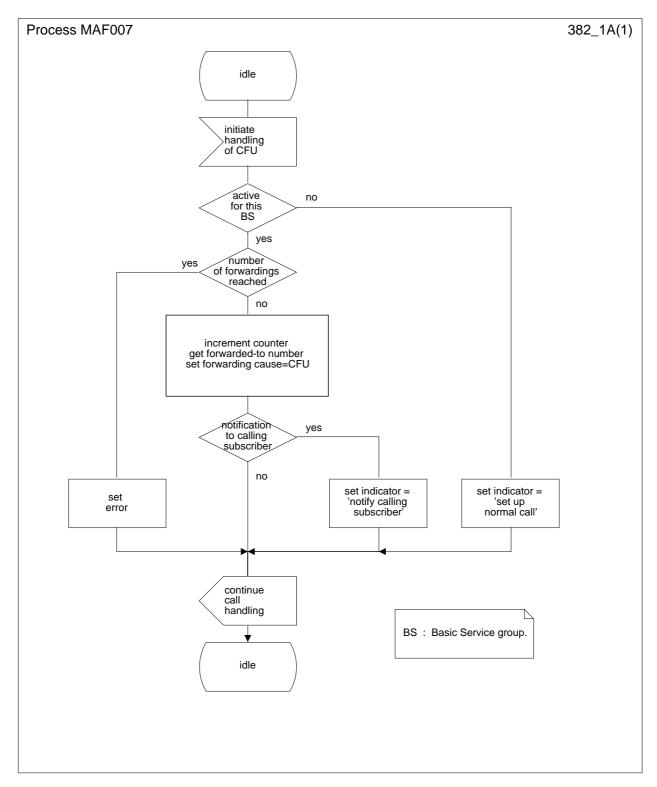


Figure 1.10: MAF007 Call forwarding unconditional authorisations examination (HLR)

MSa/TEa	ı _	GMSC		HLRb	MSCb	_	LEc á
•	- • Set-up	•>•	 • Info reques	t •	•	•	•
•	•	•	• Info ack	•	•		•
•	•	• • •OR1:N	• Set-up		•		•
•	•	• •OR1:Y	• Set-up	•	•	•	•
•	• Notification		:				
MSa/TEa	ı	GMSC		HLRb	MSCb	HLRc	SCcá
· · · ·	Set-up		Info request	•	•		•
• •		·	Info ack	• •	• •	• •	• •
• •		• •	< Set-up	• •	• •	• •	•
•		• •	Information	request	•	• •	•
• •		• •	Information <		ge • •	• •	•
• •		• •	Set-up	•	• •	• •	• •
	Notification			• •	• •	• •	• •
NOTE:	info: information req: request ack: acknowledg OR1: Forwarding OR2: Notification	N: No je requested					

Figure 1.11: Information flow for call forwarding unconditional

1.3 Information stored in the HLR

The following logical states are applicable for CFU (refer to GSM 03.11 for an explanation of the notation):

Provisioning State	Registration State	Activation State	HLR Induction State
(Not Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Quiescent,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The registration and activation state may be different for each applicable elementary basic service group.

The provisioning state shall be on a per subscriber basis, and hence the same for all basic service groups.

The HLR shall store:

- the state of CFU (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) for each applicable elementary basic service group;
- the subscription option "notification to the calling party" on a per subscriber basis;

This subscription option takes one of the following values:

- no notification;
- notification.
- the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" (possibly including a forwarded-to sub-address) for each applicable elementary basic service group.

Note that the value "Active and Quiescent" of the activation state is required in case of interaction with Operator Determined Barring (see GSM 03.15).

1.4 State transition model

The following figure shows the successful cases of transition between the applicable logical states of CFU. The state changes are either caused by actions of the service provider, the mobile user or the network.

Note that error cases are not shown in the diagram as they normally do not cause a state change. Additionally, some successful requests may not cause a state change. Hence, they are not shown in the diagram.

The diagram only shows operations on an elementary basic service group.

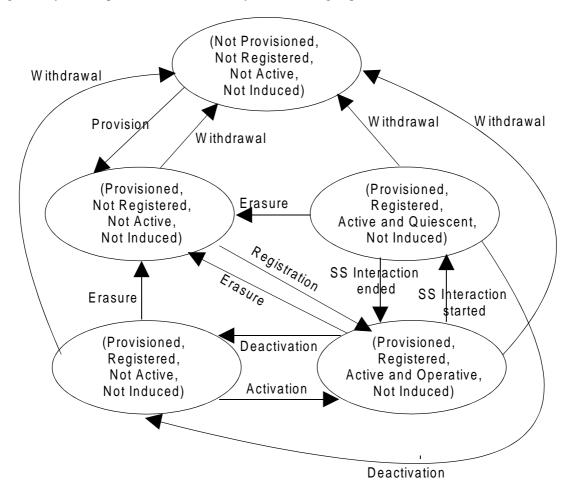


Figure 1.12: State transition model for CFU

1.5 Transfer of information from HLR to VLR

If the provisioning state for CFU is "Provisioned" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR information about the logical state of CFU for all relevant elementary basic service groups.

If the logical state of CFU is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR then for the affected basic service groups, the HLR shall inform the VLR of the new logical state of CFU.

1.6 Information stored in the VLR

For CFU the VLR shall store the service state information received from the HLR for all relevant elementary basic service groups.

1.7 Handover

Handover will have no impact on the control procedure and the operation of the service.

1.8 Cross phase compatibility

1.8.1 MS, MSC, VLR or HLR only support Phase 1 control of SS by the subscriber

In response to a CFU interrogation request, if the MS or any network element involved is of Phase 1, only information concerning basic service groups for which the activation state has the value "Active and Operative" will be returned. This means, for example, that the subscriber will not be aware that the forwarded to number is registered if CFU is deactivated. A sub-address (if registered) will not be included in the response.

Note that if any network element involved is of Phase 1, CFU Registration requests which use a sub-address and all CFU Activation and Deactivation requests will be rejected, as these are not specified in Phase 1.

1.8.2 HLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

The VLR shall ignore the subscription option "notification to the calling party" and the registration parameter "forwarded to number" when received from a Phase 1 HLR.

If the VLR receives the SS-Status parameter from a Phase 1 HLR it shall act if it has received the SS-Status parameter with the values shown in the following:

Activated => A bit = 1, Q bit = 0;
 Deactivated => A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1

1.8.3 VLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

When passing CFU information to a Phase 1 VLR, the HLR shall send the service state information in a form which the VLR can accept, based on the logical state held in the HLR, as follows:

1) (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)

=> Erased, Deactivated;

2) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)

=> Registered, Deactivated;

3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)

=> Registered, Activated;

4) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)

=> Registered, Deactivated.

The HLR shall not pass a sub-address to a Phase 1 VLR.

1.8.4 GMSC only supports Phase 1 call handling

When a call is forwarded unconditionally, the HLR shall not pass the sub-address to a Phase 1 GMSC. Calls shall be forwarded without the sub-address.

1.8.5 GMSC does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only

If the activation state of CFU is "Active and Operative" and if the forwarded-to number is registered in a format other than international and if the GMSC does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only, then when a request for routeing information for a mobile terminated call is received in the HLR, CFU shall not be invoked, i.e. the mobile terminated call establishment will be continued towards the served mobile subscriber.

2 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy

2.1 Handling of call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy

2.1.1 Registration

The same rules apply for the registration of Call Forwarding on Mobile Subscriber Busy as were described for Call Forwarding Unconditional in subclause 1.1.1 above, with the exception of the checking of interaction with other supplementary services. Basic registration of information is illustrated in figure 2.2.

Supplementary Service Interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFB and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 2.2. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFB and other supplementary services (ie not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

Interaction with CAMEL Phase 2 or higher

Possible interaction between CFB and CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is described in figure 2.2. If CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is not supported in the HLR, processing continues from the "No" exit of the test "Result=Pass".

The information flow for registration of CFB is shown in figure 2.1.

MS		MSC		VLR		HLR
	Register CFB	•	- • •	•	- • •	•
• •		•	Register CFB	•	• • •Register CFB	• •
•		•	•		• • • • • • • • • • >	• CFB1•
•	Polongo gompleto	•	• Acknowledge	•	•	•
•	Release complete <	•	•	, , ,	•	

Figure 2.1: Registration of call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy

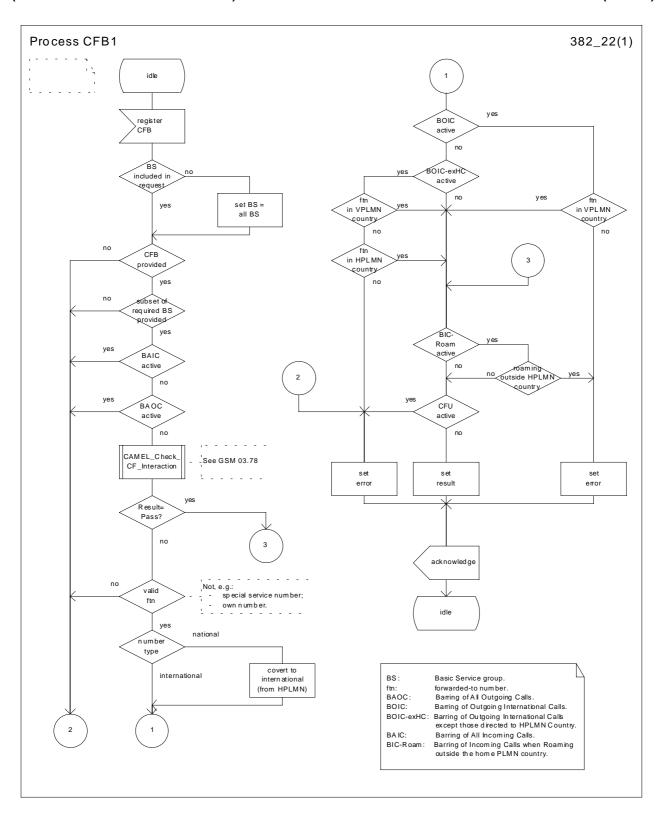


Figure 2.2: CFB1 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy registration process

2.1.2 Erasure

The same rules apply for the erasure of CFB as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.2 above. However, no checks for interaction with other supplementary services are required for erasure of CFB, see figure 2.4.

The information flow for registration of CFB is shown in figure 2.3.

MS		MSC		VLR		HLR
•	Erase CFB		Erase CFB		• • • • • Erase CFB	• •
•			Acknowledge		· Acknowledge	·CFB2
•	•Release complete <		· < • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • •	• •

Figure 2.3: Erasure of call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy

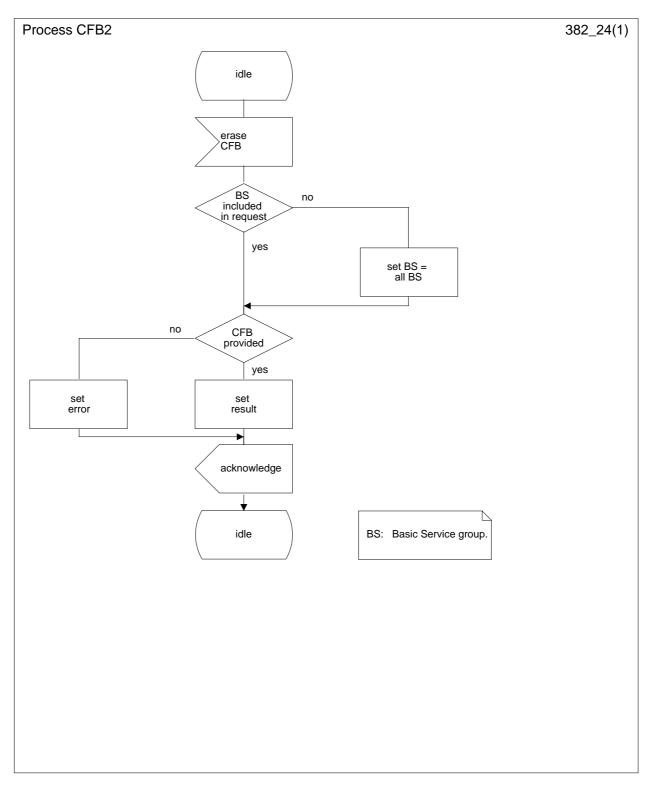


Figure 2.4: CFB2 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy erasure process

2.1.3 Activation

The same rules apply for the activation of CFB as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.3 above, with the exception of the checking of interaction with other supplementary services. Basic activation of CFNRc is illustrated in figure 2.6.

Supplementary Service Interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFB and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 2.6. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFB and other supplementary services (ie not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

The information flow for activation of call forwarding on MS busy is shown in figure 2.5.

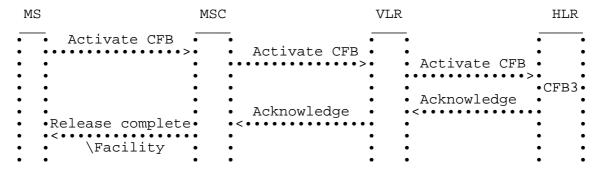


Figure 2.5: Activation of call forwarding on MS busy

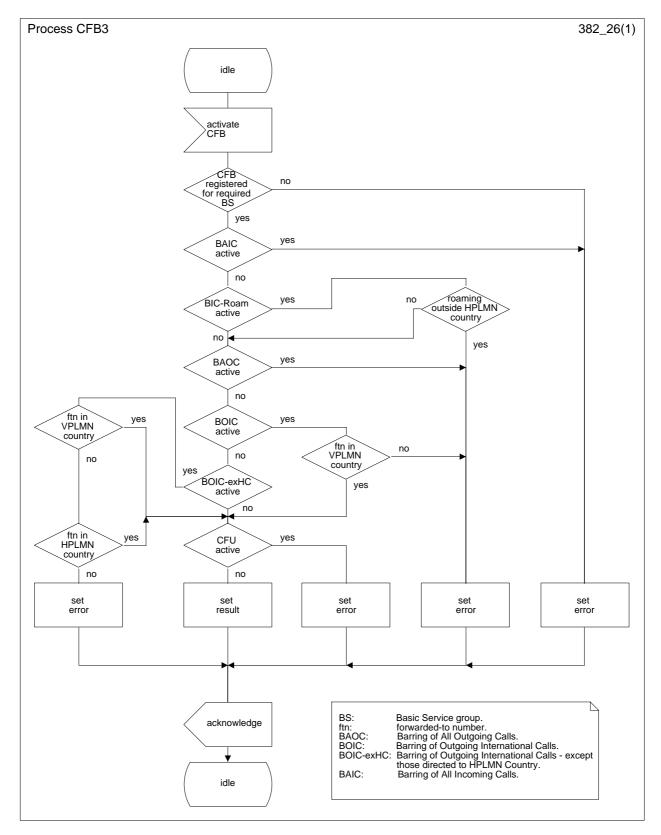


Figure 2.6: CFB3 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy activation process

2.1.4 Deactivation

The same rules apply for the deactivation of CFB as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.4 above, see figure 2.8.

The information flow for deactivation of call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy is shown in figure 2.7.

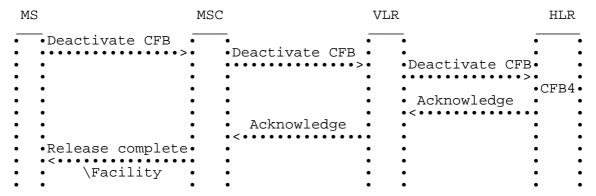


Figure 2.7: Deactivation of call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy

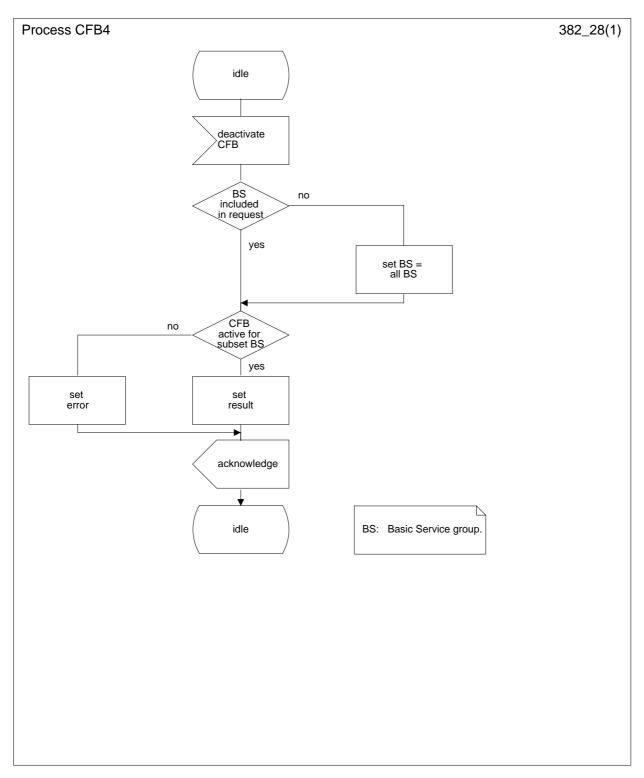


Figure 2.8: CFB4 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy deactivation process

2.1.5 Interrogation

Data request

The data request procedure enables the mobile subscriber to obtain information about the data stored in the PLMN. Interrogation of CFB is handled by the VLR which returns the required information or error to the MS, see figure 2.9.

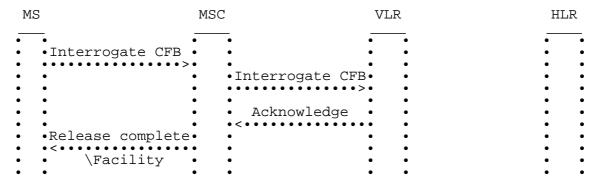


Figure 2.9: Interrogation of call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy

2.2 Functions and information flows

The following Mobile Additional Function has been identified for the PLMN:

MAF008

Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy authorisations examination

The ability of a PLMN component to determine the authorisations relating to call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy. See figure 2.10.

Location: VLR.

The information flows for forwarding to fixed terminal and to mobile station are shown in figures 2.11 & 2.12 and 2.13 & 2.14 respectively.

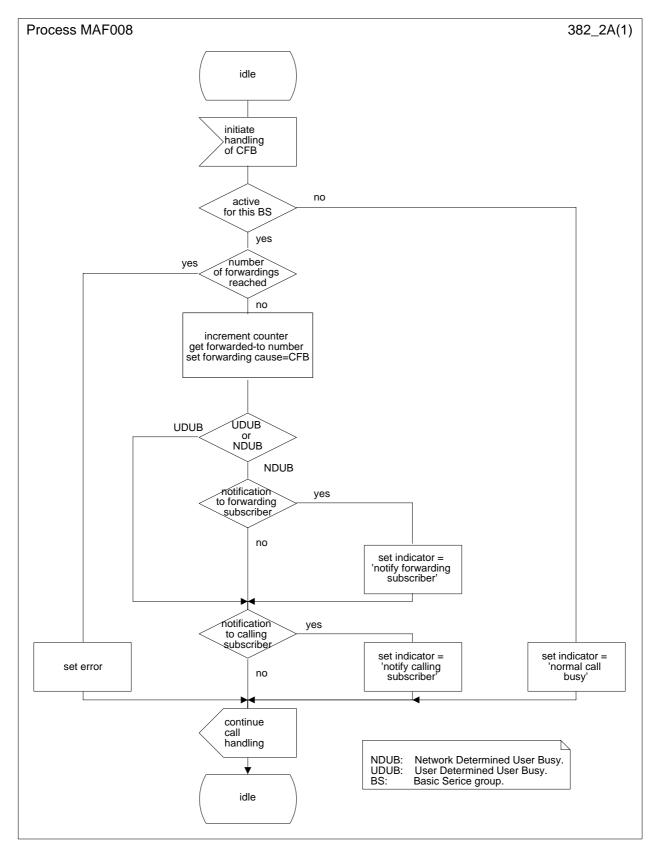
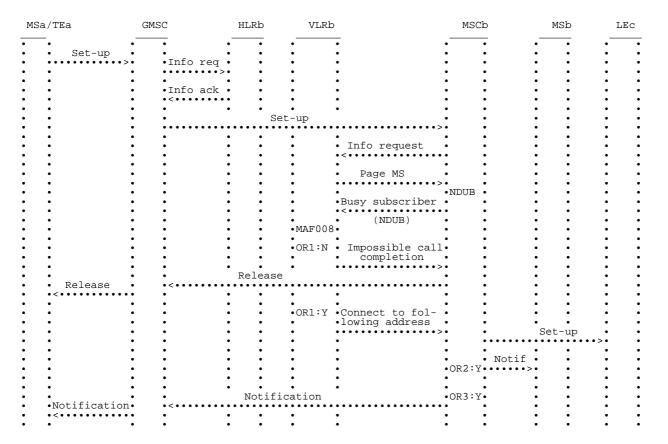


Figure 2.10: MAF008 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy authorisations examination (VLR)



NOTE: NDUB: Network Determined User Busy

info: information Y: Yes req: request N: No

ack: acknowledge notif: notification

OR1: Call to be forwarded

OR2: Notification to forwarding subscriber required OR3: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 2.11: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy (to fixed terminal) (NDUB)

MSa/TEa	GMSC	HLRb	VLRb		MSCb	MSb LEc
Set-up	• Info r	eq • • • • •	•	•		
	• Info a	• • •	-up	•		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	•	• Info request	• •	
			•	Page MS	Set-up	>• • •
• •				Busy subscriber	UDUB	· UDUB · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•MAF008 •OR1:N	• (UDUB) • Impossible call • completion	• •	
Release	• • • • • • • •	Release	•	•		
	• • •	: :	•OR1:Y	• Connect to fol- •lowing address		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Notification	•	Notific	cation	:	•OR2:Y•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
·	•	•	•	•	•	

NOTE: UDUB: User Determined User Busy

info: information Y: Yes req: request N: No

ack: acknowledge notif: notification

OR1: Call to be forwarded

OR2: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 2.12: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy (to fixed terminal) (UDUB)

a/TEa	GMSC	HLRb	VLRb	_	MSCb	MS	b	HLRc	MS
Set-up		4· ·	•	- • •		•	•		
•	•Info acl	>• • • •	•	• • •	• •	•	•	•	
	• < • • • • • • •	Set-	• • -up	•	• •	•	•	•	:
•	•	• • •	•	• Info request	• •	•	•	 	•
:	•		:	Page MS	•	•			:
			• • • •MAF008	Busy subscriber	•NDUB •				•
	•	Releas	•OR1:N	• Impossible call completion					•
•Release		Releas	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•		
	•		• ORI.1	<pre>•Connect to fol- • lowing address •</pre>		Informat	ion req		
•	•	: :	•	• •	· ·	Informat	ion ack	· ·	•
	•	: :	•	• •	• •	•	Set-up	•	•
	•	• •	•	• •	• OR2:Y•	Notif•	•	 	•
· Notif	•	Notifi	cation	•	•OR3:Y•	•	•	 	:
.<	•		•	•		•	•		•

NOTE: NDUB: Network Determined User Busy

info: information Y: Yes req: request N: No

ack: acknowledge notif: notification

OR1: Call to be forwarded

OR2: Notification to forwarding subscriber required OR3: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 2.13: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy (to mobile station) (NDUB)

MSa/TEa	GMSC	HLRb	VLRb		MSCb	MSb HI	LRC MSCc
Set-up	>• Info re	•>•	•	•	•		
	• Info ac		•	•	•		
			up ••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	• •		:	• Info request	•		
• •	• •		:	• Page MS		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			:	•	• •	• UDUB• •	: : :
• •	• •	: :	•	• •Busy subscriber			
	• •		•MAF008	•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •
: :	• •	: :	•OR1:N	• Impossible call completion			
		Release	•				
• Releas	e• •<••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	•			• • •
		•	•OR1:Y	•Connect to fol• •lowing address	• •	Information req	
			:			Information ack	
•	•		•	•		Set-up	
· · Notif	• • •	Notific	ation		OR2:Y		
• • • • • • •	• •	•	•	•			

NOTE: UDUB: User Determined User Busy

info: information Y: Yes req: request N: No

ack: acknowledge notif: notification

OR1: Call to be forwarded

OR2: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 2.14: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy (to mobile station) (UDUB)

2.3 Information stored in the HLR

The following logical states are applicable for CFB (refer to GSM 03.11 for an explanation of the notation):

Provisioning State	Registration State	Activation State	HLR Induction State
(Not Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Quiescent,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The registration and activation state may be different for each applicable elementary basic service group.

The provisioning state shall be on a per subscriber basis, and hence the same for all basic service groups.

The HLR shall store:

- the state of CFB (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) for each applicable elementary basic service group;
- the subscription option "notification to the calling party" on a per subscriber basis;

This subscription option takes one of the following values:

- no notification;
- notification.
- the subscription option "notification to the forwarding party" on a per subscriber basis;

This subscription option takes one of the following values:

- no notification;
- notification.
- the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" (possibly including a forwarded-to sub-address) for each applicable elementary basic service group.

2.4 State transition model

The following figure shows the successful cases of transition between the applicable logical states of CFB. The state changes are either caused by actions of the service provider, the mobile user or the network.

Note that error cases are not shown in the diagram as they normally do not cause a state change. Additionally, some successful requests may not cause a state change. Hence, they are not shown in the diagram. The diagram only shows operations on an elementary basic service group.

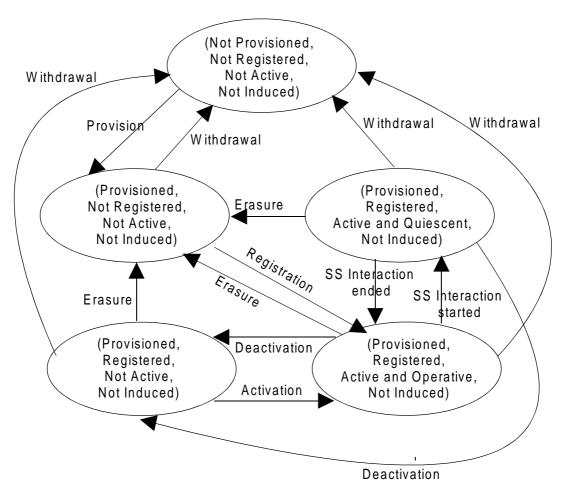


Figure 2.15: State transition model for CFB

2.5 Transfer of information from HLR to VLR

If the provisioning state for CFB is "Provisioned" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR information about the logical state of CFB for all relevant elementary basic service groups.

If the registration state for CFB is "Registered" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" for all relevant elementary basic service groups and information about the subscription options "notification to the calling party" and "notification to the forwarding party".

If the logical state or the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" of CFB is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR then for the affected basic service groups, the HLR shall inform the VLR respectively of the new logical state or the new registration parameter of CFB.

If information about the subscription options "notification to the calling party" and "notification to the forwarding party" of CFB is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR and the registration state of CFB is "Registered" then the HLR shall inform the VLR of the new information about the subscription options of CFB.

2.6 Information stored in the VLR

For CFB the VLR shall store the service state information, the registration parameter "forward-to number" and the subscription options received from the HLR.

2.7 Handover

Handover will have no impact on the control procedure and the operation of the service.

2.8 Cross phase compatibility

2.8.1 MS, MSC, VLR or HLR only support Phase 1 control of SS by the subscriber

In response to a CFB interrogation request, if the MS or any network element involved is of Phase 1, only information concerning basic service groups for which the activation state has the value "Active and Operative" will be returned. This means that the subscriber will not be aware that the forwarded to number is registered if CFB is deactivated or active (quiescent). A sub-address (if registered) will not be included.

Note that if any network element involved is of Phase 1, CFB Registration requests which use a sub-address and all CFB Activation and Deactivation requests will be rejected, as these are not specified in Phase 1.

2.8.2 HLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

If the VLR receives the SS-Status parameter from a Phase 1 HLR it shall act if it has received the SS-Status parameter with the values shown in the following:

Registered, Activated => P bit =1, R bit = 1, A bit = 1, Q bit = 0;
 Registered, Deactivated => P bit =1, R bit = 1, A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1;
 Erased => P bit =1, R bit = 0, A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1.

2.8.3 VLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

When passing CFB information to a Phase 1 VLR, the HLR shall send the service state information in a form which the VLR can accept, based on the logical state held in the HLR, as follows:

- 1) (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => Erased, Deactivated;
- 2) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Deactivated;
- 3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Activated;
- 4) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Deactivated.

The HLR shall not pass a sub-address to a Phase 1 VLR.

2.8.4 VLR only supports Phase 1 call handling

When a call is forwarded on busy, as the HLR does not pass the sub-address to the VLR, calls shall be forwarded without the sub-address.

2.8.5 VLR does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only

When passing CFB information to a VLR not supporting CAMEL or supporting CAMEL Phase 1 only, the HLR shall send the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" only if it is registered in a format which the VLR can accept, i.e. international format.

If the registration state for CFB is "Registered" and the forwarded-to number is registered in a format other than international, then when updating a VLR not supporting CAMEL or supporting CAMEL Phase 1 only the HLR shall modify the service state information of CFB as follows.

- 1) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
- 2) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
- 3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)

According to the definitions in section 2.5 no forwarded-to number will be passed to the VLR in these cases. The modification of the service state information sent to the VLR shall have no impact on the service state information stored in the HLR.

If the VLR supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information only, a further translation of the service state information as defined in section 2.8.3 shall be performed by the HLR.

3 Call forwarding on no reply

3.1 Handling of call forwarding on no reply

3.1.1 Registration

The same rules apply for the registration of Call Forwarding on No Reply as were described for Call Forwarding Unconditional in subclause 1.1.1 above, with the exceptions described below. Basic registration of information is illustrated in figure 3.2.

The No Reply Condition Timer

If a value for the no reply condition timer is not included in the registration request received from the MS, then the previous value set by the mobile user or the network operator applies.

Supplementary Service Interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFNRy and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 3.2. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFNRy and other supplementary services (ie not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

Interaction with CAMEL Phase 2 or higher

Possible interaction between CFNRy and CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is described in figure 3.2. If CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is not supported in the HLR, processing continues from the "No" exit of the test "Result=Pass".

The information flow for registration of call forwarding on no reply is shown in figure 3.1.

MS	MSC	VLR	HLR
• Register CFNRy	•	<u> </u>	
	Register CFNRy	Register CFNRy	
	• Acknowledge	• Acknowledge	•CFNRy1•
• Release complete • \Facility	•	•	

Figure 3.1: Registration of call forwarding on no reply

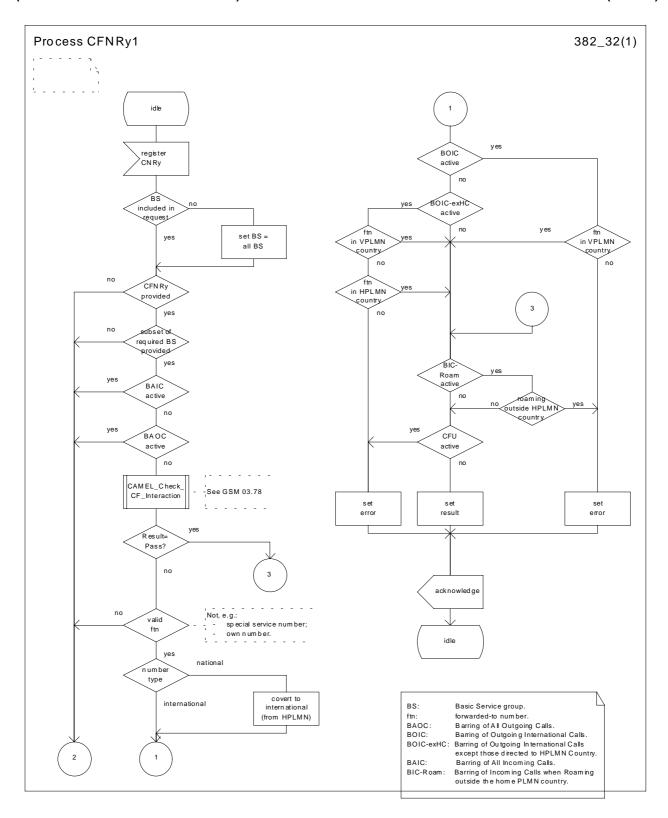


Figure 3.2: CFNRy1 Call forwarding on no reply registration process

3.1.2 Erasure

The same rules apply for the erasure of Call Forwarding on No Reply as were described for Call Forwarding Unconditional in subclause 1.1.2 above. However, no checks for interaction with other supplementary services are required for erasure of CFNRy, see figures 3.3 and 3.4.

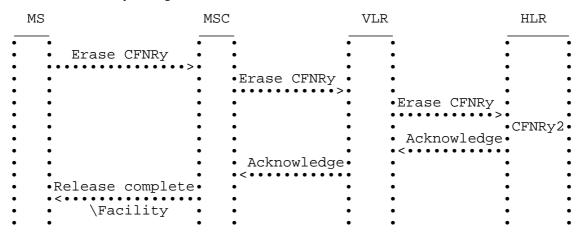


Figure 3.3: Erasure of call forwarding on no reply

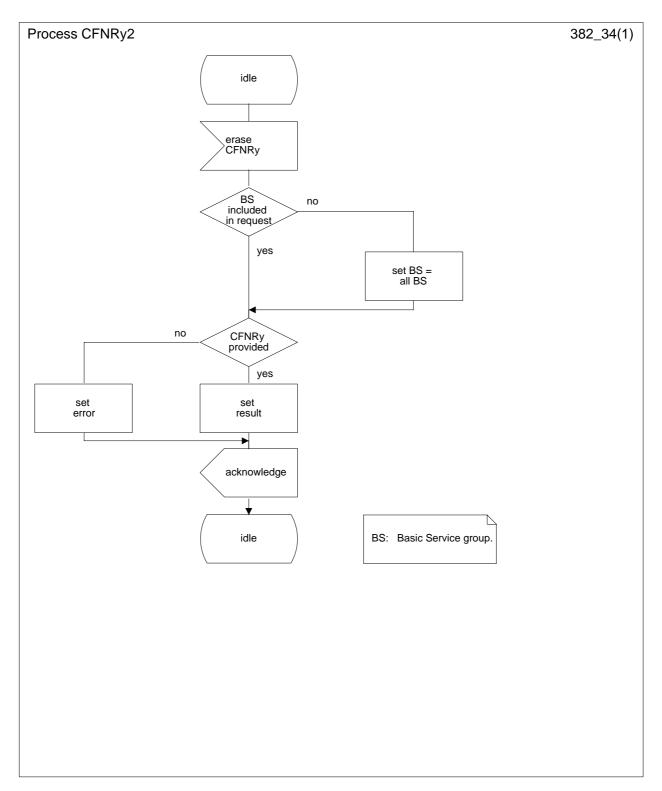


Figure 3.4: CFNRy2 Call forwarding on no reply erasure process

3.1.3 Activation

The same rules apply for the activation of Call Forwarding on No Reply as were described for Call Forwarding Unconditional in subclause 1.1.3 above, with the exception of the checking of interaction with other supplementary services. Basic activation of CFNRy is illustrated in figure 3.6.

Supplementary Service Interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFNRy and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 3.6. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFNRy and other supplementary services (i.e. not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

The information flow for activation of CFNRy is shown in figure 3.5.

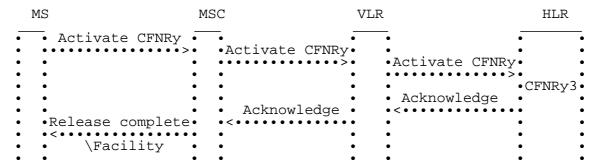


Figure 3.5: Activation of call forwarding on no reply

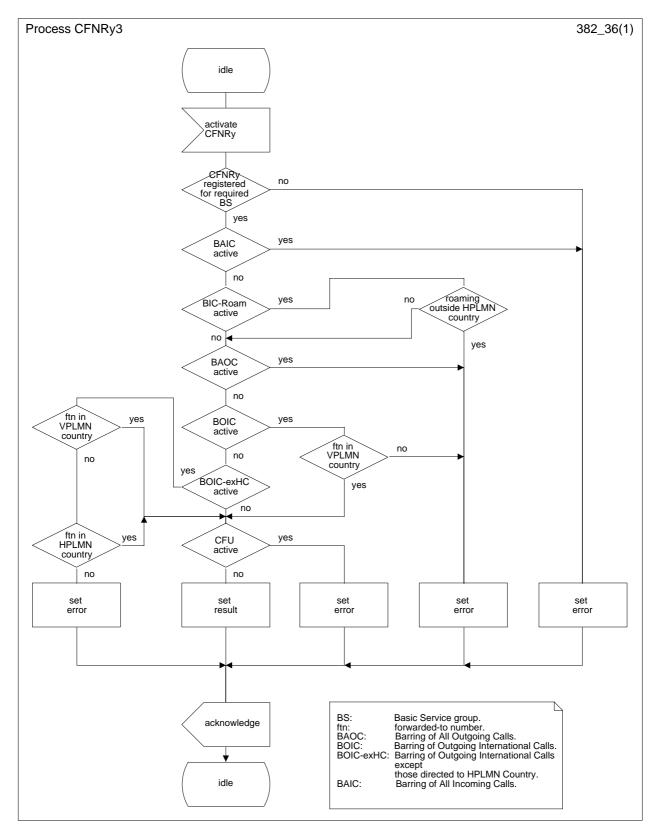


Figure 3.6: CFNRy3 Call forwarding on no reply activation process

3.1.4 Deactivation

The same rules apply for the deactivation of CFNRy as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.4 above, see figure 3.7 and 3.8.

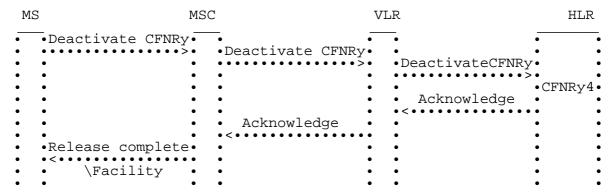


Figure 3.7: Deactivation of call forwarding on no reply

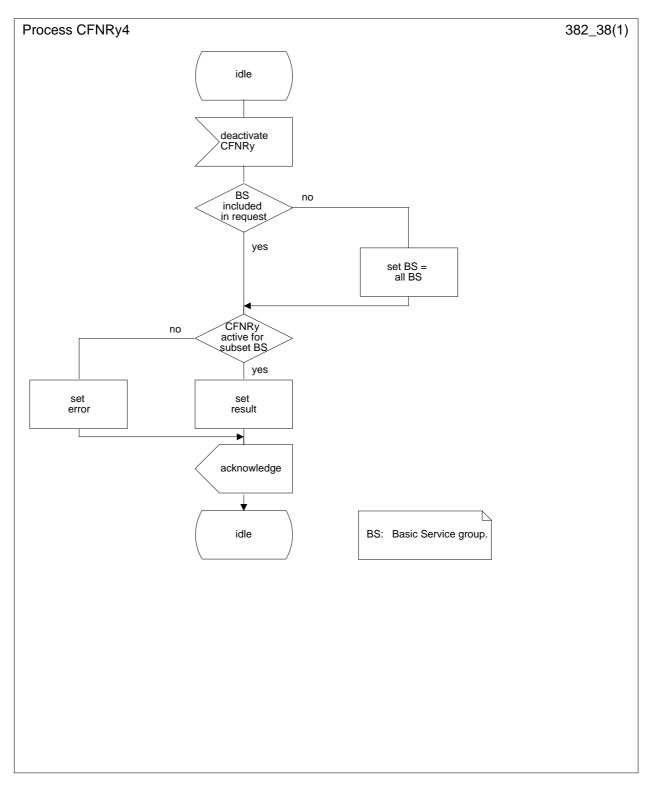


Figure 3.8: CFNRy4 Call forwarding on no reply deactivation process

3.1.5 Interrogation

Data request

The data request procedure enables the mobile subscriber to obtain information about the data stored in the PLMN. Interrogation of CFNRy is handled by the VLR which returns the required information or error to the MS, see figure 3.9.

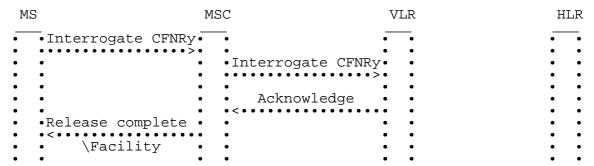


Figure 3.9: Interrogation of call forwarding on no reply

3.2 Functions and information flows

The following Mobile Additional Function has been identified for the PLMN:

MAF009

Call forwarding on no reply authorisations examination

The ability of a PLMN component to determine the authorisations relating to call forwarding on no reply. See figure 3.10.

Location: VLR.

The information flows for forwarding to fixed terminal and to mobile station are shown in figures 3.11 and 3.12 respectively.

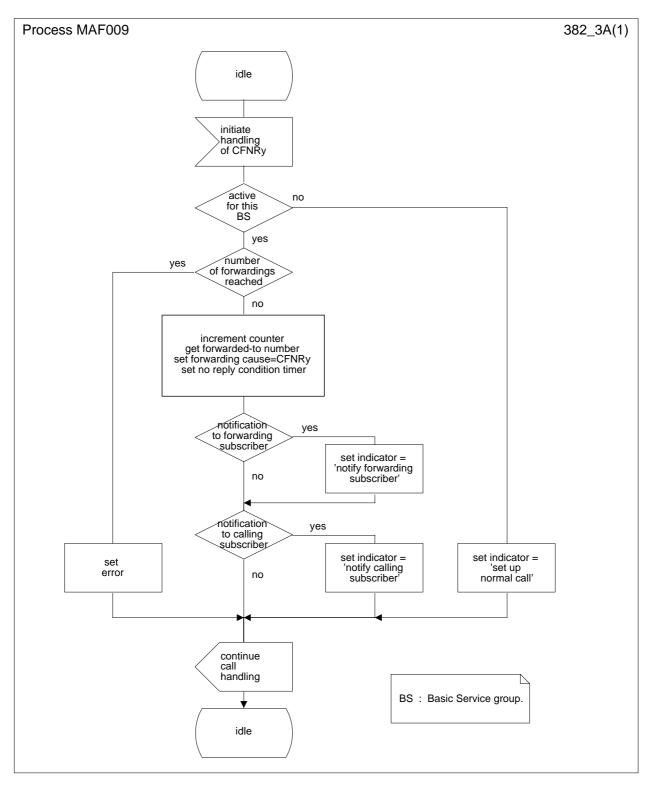


Figure 3.10: MAF008 Call forwarding on no reply authorisations examination (VLR)

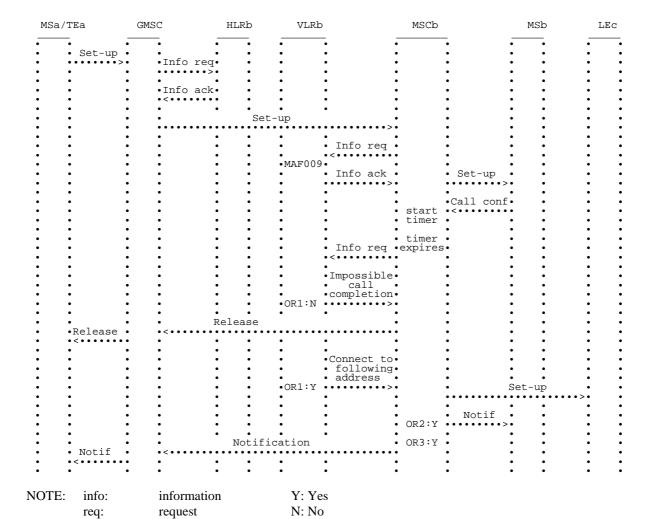


Figure 3.11: Information flow for call forwarding on no reply (to fixed terminal)

Notification to forwarding subscriber required Notification to calling subscriber required

acknowledge

confirmation

Call to be forwarded

notification

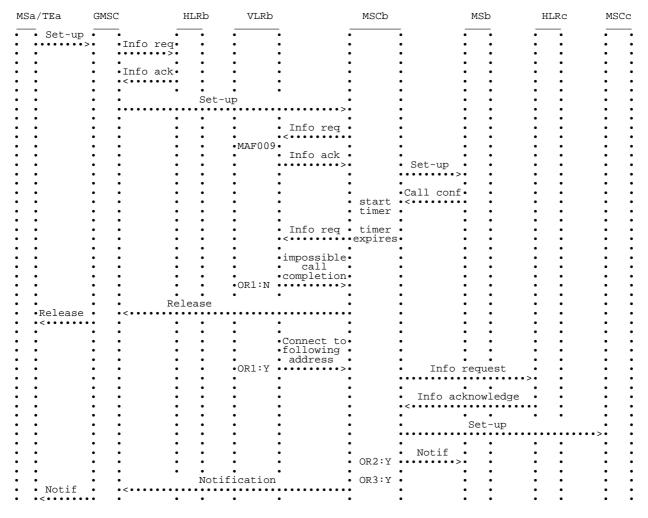
ack:

notif:

conf:

OR1: OR2:

OR3:



NOTE: info: information Y: Yes req: request N: no

ack: acknowledge notif: notification conf: confirmation

OR1: Call to be forwarded

OR2: Notification to forwarding subscriber required OR3: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 3.12: Information flow for call forwarding on no reply (to mobile station)

3.3 Information stored in the HLR

The following logical states are applicable for CFNRy (refer to GSM 03.11 for an explanation of the notation):

Provisioning State	Registration State	Activation State	HLR Induction State
(Not Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Quiescent,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The registration and activation state may be different for each applicable elementary basic service group.

The provisioning state shall be on a per subscriber basis, and hence the same for all basic service groups.

The HLR shall store:

- the state of CFNRy (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) for each applicable elementary basic service group;
- the subscription option "notification to the calling party" on a per subscriber basis;

This subscription option takes one of the following values:

- no notification;
- notification.
- the subscription option "notification to the forwarding party" on a per subscriber basis;

This subscription option takes one of the following values:

- no notification;
- notification.
- the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" (possibly including a forwarded-to sub-address) for each applicable elementary basic service group;
- the registration parameter "no reply condition timer" for each applicable elementary basic service group.

This parameter may take values in the range 5 - 30 seconds in steps of 5 seconds.

3.4 State transition model

The following figure shows the successful cases of transition between the applicable logical states of CFNRy. The state changes are either caused by actions of the service provider, the mobile user or the network.

Note that error cases are not shown in the diagram as they normally do not cause a state change. Additionally, some successful requests may not cause a state change. Hence, they are not shown in the diagram. The diagram only shows operations on an elementary basic service group.

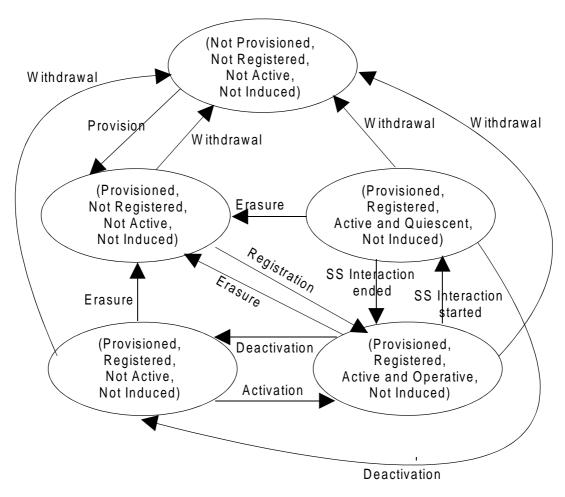


Figure 3.13: State transition model for CFNRy

3.5 Transfer of information from HLR to VLR

If the provisioning state for CFNRy is "Provisioned" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR information about the logical state of CFNRy for all relevant elementary basic service groups.

If the registration state for CFNRy is "Registered" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" and "no reply condition timer" for all relevant elementary basic service groups and information about the subscription options "notification to the calling party" and "notification to the forwarding party".

If the logical state, the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" or the registration parameter "no reply condition timer" of CFNRy is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR then for the affected basic service groups, the HLR shall inform the VLR respectively of the new logical state or the new registration parameter of CFNRy.

If information about the subscription options "notification to the calling party" and "notification to the forwarding party" of CFNRy is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR and the registration state of CFNRy is "Registered" then the HLR shall inform the VLR of the new information about the subscription options of CFNRy.

3.6 Information stored in the VLR

For CFNRy the VLR shall store the service state information, the registration parameter "forward-to number", the registration parameter "no reply condition timer" and the subscription options received from the HLR.

3.7 Handover

Handover will have no impact on the control procedure and the operation of the service.

3.8 Cross phase compatibility

3.8.1 MS, MSC, VLR or HLR only support Phase 1 control of SS by the subscriber

In response to a CFNRy interrogation request, if the MS or any network element involved is of Phase 1, only information concerning basic service groups for which the activation state has the value "Active and Operative" will be returned. This means that the subscriber will not be aware that the forwarded to number is registered if CFNRy is deactivated or active (quiescent). A sub-address (if registered) will not be included.

Note that if any network element involved is of Phase 1, CFNRy Registration requests which use a sub-address and all CFNRy Activation and Deactivation requests will be rejected, as these are not specified in Phase 1.

3.8.2 HLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

If the VLR receives the SS-Status parameter from a Phase 1 HLR it shall act if it has received the SS-Status parameter with the values shown in the following:

Registered, Activated => P bit =1, R bit = 1, A bit = 1, Q bit = 0;
 Registered, Deactivated => P bit =1, R bit = 1, A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1;
 Erased => P bit =1, R bit = 0, A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1.

3.8.3 VLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

When passing CFNRy information to a Phase 1 VLR, the HLR shall send the service state information in a form which the VLR can accept, based on the logical state held in the HLR, as follows:

- 1) (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => Erased, Deactivated;
- 2) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Deactivated;
- 3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Activated;
- 4) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Deactivated.

The HLR shall not pass a subaddress to a Phase 1 VLR.

3.8.4 VLR only supports Phase 1 call handling

When a call is forwarded on no reply, as the HLR does not pass the sub-address to the VLR, calls shall be forwarded without the sub-address.

3.8.5 VLR does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only

When passing CFNRy information to a VLR not supporting CAMEL or supporting CAMEL Phase 1 only, the HLR shall send the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" only if it is registered in a format which the VLR can accept, i.e. international format.

If the registration state for CFNRy is "Registered" and the forwarded-to number is registered in a format other than international, then when updating a VLR not supporting CAMEL or supporting CAMEL Phase 1 only the HLR shall modify the service state information of CFNRy as follows.

- 1) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
- 2) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
- 3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)

According to the definitions in section 3.5 no forwarded-to number will be passed to the VLR in these cases. The modification of the service state information sent to the VLR shall have no impact on the service state information stored in the HLR.

If the VLR supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information only, a further translation of the service state information as defined in section 3.8.3 shall be performed by the HLR.

4 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable

4.1 Handling of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable

4.1.1 Registration

The same rules apply for the registration of Call Forwarding on Mobile Subscriber Not Reachable as were described for Call Forwarding Unconditional in subclause 1.1.1 above, with the exception of the checking of interaction with other supplementary services. Basic registration of information is illustrated in figure 4.2.

Supplementary Service Interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFNRc and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 4.2. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFNRc and other supplementary services (i.e. not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

Interaction with CAMEL Phase 2 or higher

Possible interaction between CFNRc and CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is described in figure 4.2. If CAMEL Phase 2 or higher is not supported in the HLR, processing continues from the "No" exit of the test "Result=Pass".

The information flow for registration of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable is shown in figure 4.1.

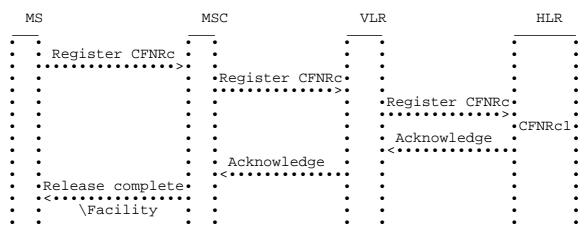


Figure 4.1: Registration of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable

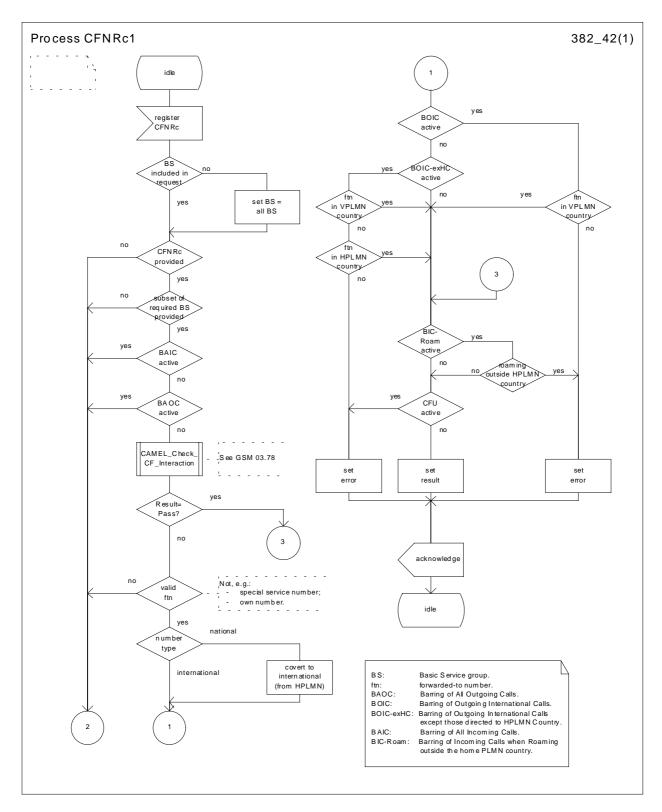


Figure 4.2: CFNRc1 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable registration process

4.1.2 Erasure

The same rules apply for the erasure of CFNRc as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.2 above. However, no checks for interaction with other supplementary services are required for erasure of CFNRc, see figure 4.4.

The information flow for registration of CFNRc is shown in figure 4.3.

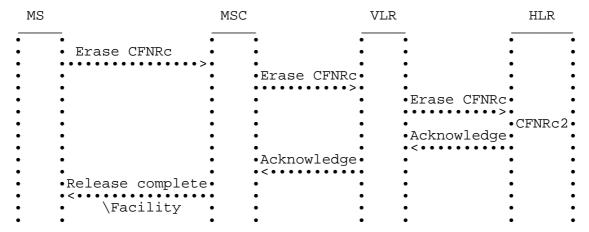


Figure 4.3: Erasure of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable

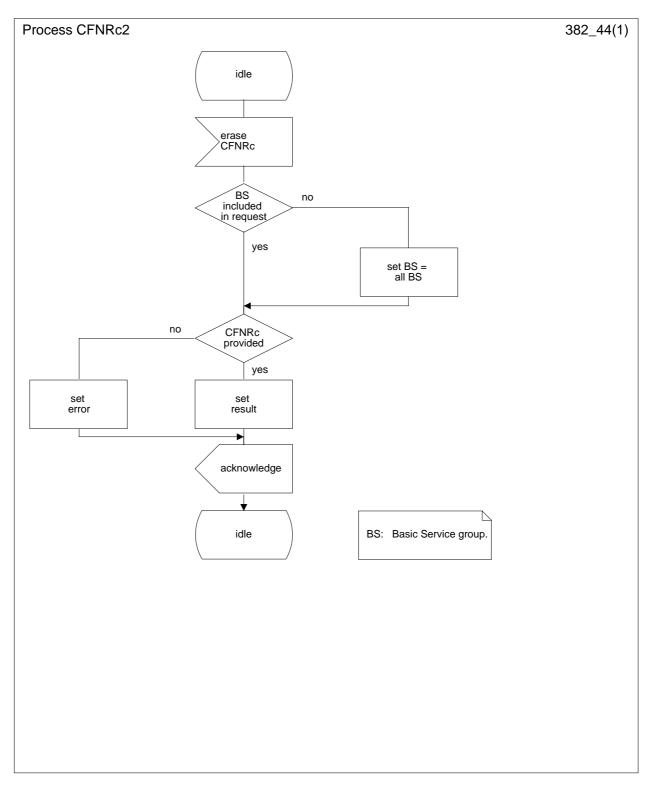


Figure 4.4: CFNRc2 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable erasure process

4.1.3 Activation

The same rules apply for the activation of CFNRc as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.3 above, with the exception of the checking of interaction with other supplementary services. Basic activation of CFNRc is illustrated in figure 4.6.

Supplementary Service Interaction

Possible interaction situations between CFNRc and other supplementary services must then be checked. This is described in figure 4.6. Also see GSM 02.04 and 02.82. For interaction between CFNRc and other supplementary services (i.e. not call barring or call forwarding services), the reader is referred to the respective technical specification for those supplementary services.

The information flow for activation of call forwarding on MS not reachable is shown in figure 4.5.

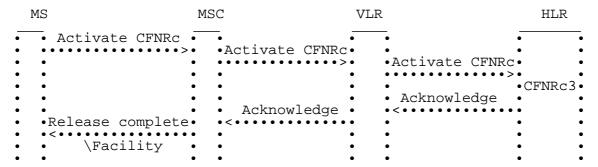


Figure 4.5: Activation of call forwarding on MS not reachable

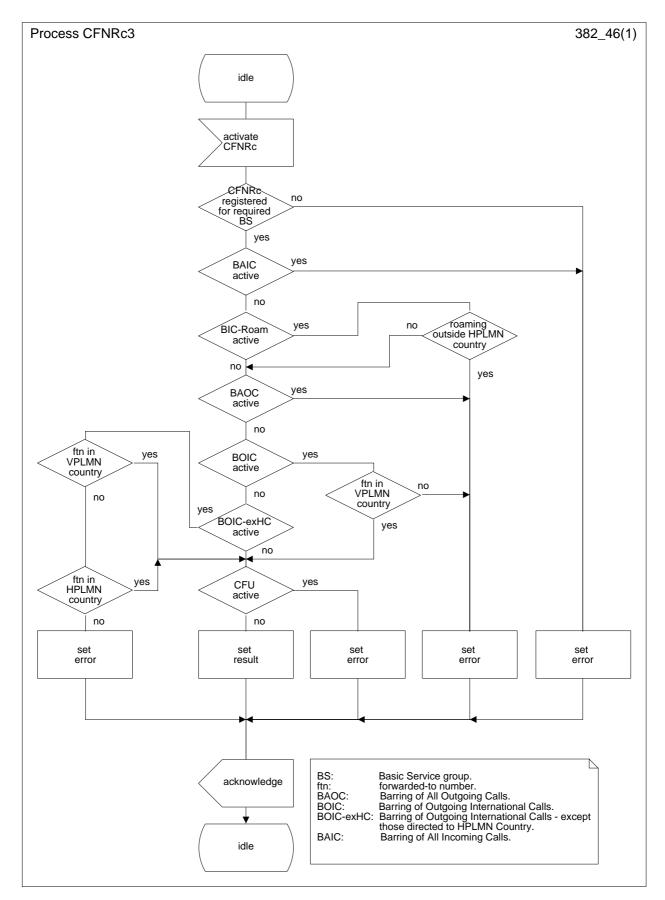


Figure 4.6: CFNRc3 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable activation process

4.1.4 Deactivation

The same rules apply for the deactivation of CFNRc as were described for CFU in subclause 1.1.4 above, see figure 4.8.

The information flow for deactivation of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable is shown in figure 4.7.

	MS	MSC	VLR	HLR
•	•Deactivate CFNRc	• Deactivate CFNRc•	Deactivate CFNRc	
•		• Acknowledge	• Acknowledge	·CFNRc4
:	Release complete		•	• •

Figure 4.7: Deactivation of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable

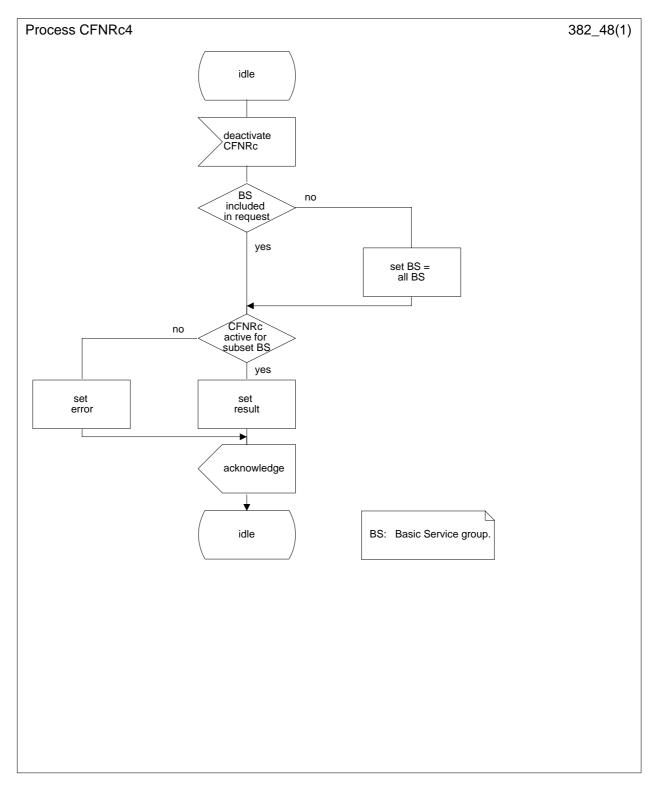


Figure 4.8: CFNRc4 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable deactivation process

4.1.5 Interrogation

Data request

The data request procedure enables the mobile subscriber to obtain information about the data stored in the PLMN. Interrogation of CFNRc is handled by the VLR which returns the required information or error to the MS, see figure 4.9.

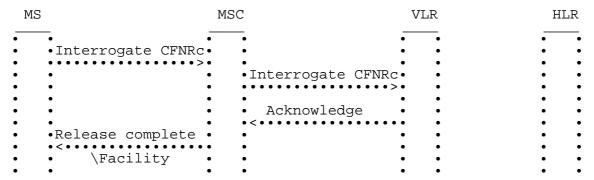


Figure 4.9: Interrogation of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable

4.2 Functions and information flows

4.2.1 Call re-routed from VLR

The following Mobile Additional Function has been identified for the PLMN:

MAF010

Examination of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable authorisations

The ability of a PLMN component to determine the authorisations relating to call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case the mobile subscriber is not reachable in the VLR, in case of no paging response or radio congestion. See figure 4.10.

Location: VLR.

The information flows for forwarding to fixed terminal and to mobile station are shown in figures 4.11 and 4.12 respectively. These flows represent the case where the mobile subscriber is not reachable in the VLR, and that this fact was not detected at interrogation from the HLR. This situation occurs if the MSC requests the VLR to provide information for a mobile terminating call towards a subscriber who is detached in the VLR.

Figures 4.13 and 4.14 show the information flows in case of no paging response.

Figures 4.15 and 4.16 show the information flows in case of radio congestion.

4.2.2 Call re-routed from HLR

The following Mobile Additional Function has been identified for the PLMN:

MAF010

Examination of call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable authorisations

The ability of a PLMN component to determine the authorisations relating to call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case the mobile subscriber is deregistered or purged in the HLR or not reachable in the VLR. See figure 4.10.

Location: HLR.

The information flows for forwarding to fixed terminal and to mobile station are shown in figures 4.17 and 4.18 respectively. These flows represent the case where the call is re-routed from the HLR because information from the VLR indicates that the subscriber cannot be reached in the VLR. This situation occurs if the VLR detects at roaming number request time that the subscriber concerned is detached or that there is no roaming number available.

Figures 4.19 and 4.20 show the information flows for forwarding to fixed terminal and to mobile station respectively in case where the call is re-routed by the HLR because the subscriber is deregistered or purged in the HLR.

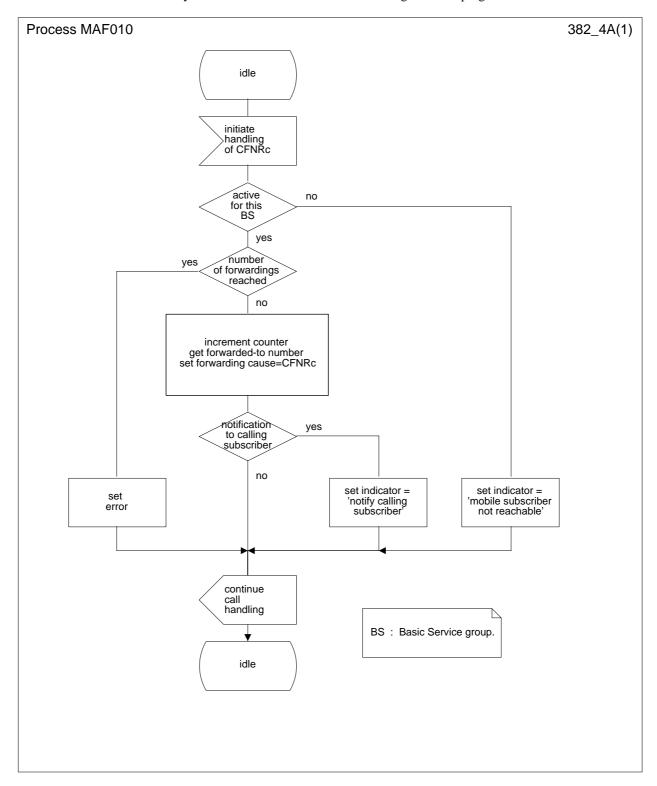


Figure 4.10: MAF010 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable authorisations examination (VLR and HLR)

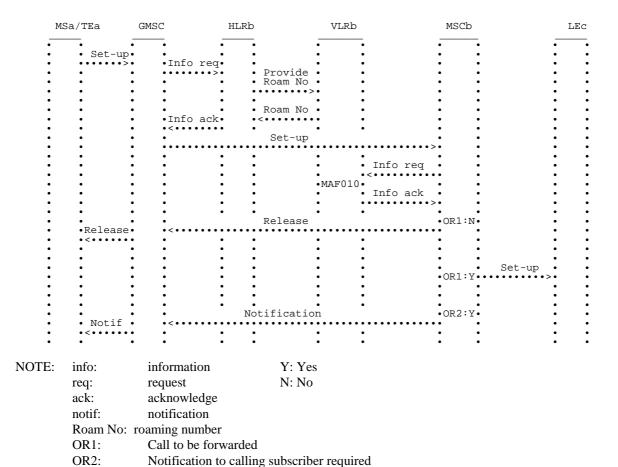


Figure 4.11: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of mobile subscriber not reachable in the VLR (to fixed terminal) (re-routing by VLR)

Roam No:

OR1:

OR2:

roaming number

Call to be forwarded

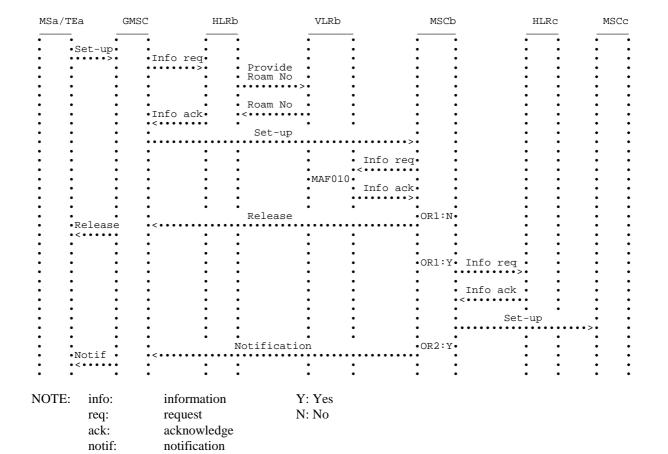


Figure 4.12: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of mobile subscriber not reachable in the VLR (to mobile station) (re-routing by VLR)

MSa/TEa	GMSC	HLRb	VLRb		MSCb	MSb)]	LEc
Set-up			:	- •			- : :	
• • •	•	>• Prov	<i>r</i> ide • n No • ••••>•		•	:		:
• • •	• • • Info ac	k• •<•••	n No			•	•	:
	• < • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		et-up	•		•		:
	•	: :	•	• Info req		•	•	:
			:	• Page MS		Paging •		:
			•	• Absent	no response	•		•
	:		• •MAF010	• subscriber•				
			•MAF010 •OR1:N	• Impossible•				
• Release	•	Relea	•	·····				
• • • • • • • •		: :	•OR1:Y	• Connect to • following •		•	•	•
	•		:	• address		Set-	up ••••>	:
· · ·	•	Notif:	ication		OR2:Y			•
Notif	•	•	:					:
NOTE: info:		nation	Y: Yes					
req: ack:	reque ackno	st owledge	N: No					

Figure 4.13: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of no paging response (to fixed terminal) (re-routing by VLR)

roaming

Call to be forwarded

Notification to calling subscriber required

roam: OR1:

OR2:

/TEa	GM	SC	HLR	S.b	VLRb		MSCb	MSb	HLR	c N
	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
•Set-up	•	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•
•••••	> •	•Info req	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•
•	•	• • • • • • • • >	•	 Provide 	•	•		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	• roam No	•	•		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	• • • • • • • • •	> •	•		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	 Roam No 	•	•		• •	•	•
•	•	Info ack	•	• < • • • • • •	• •	•		• •	•	•
•	•	•<••••	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•		Set-up			•	• •	•	•
•	•	• • • • • • • • •	• • • •	•••••	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • >	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	 Info req 	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	• < • • • • • • • •	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	 Page MS 	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	• • • • • • • • • >	•	Paging• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• • • • • > •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	 no 	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•response•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	 Absent 	•	• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	• subscriber	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•	• < • • • • • • • •	•	• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•MAF010	•	•	• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	• •
•	•	•	•	•	•OR1:N	· Impossible		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	• call		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	· completion		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	• • • • • • • • >	•	• •	•	•
•	•	•		Release				• •	•	•
•Releas	se•	• < • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •		• •	•	•
• < • • • •	• • •	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•OR1:Y	•Connect to		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	 following 		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	 address 		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	• • • • • • • • • >	•	Info req	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• > •	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Info ack	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		< • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Set	-up	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		• • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • >
•	•	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	
•	•	•		Notificat:	ion		• OR2:Y •	• •	•	
• Notif	· •	•<••••			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •		• •	•	•
• < • • • •	• • •	•	•	•	•	•			•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	
	info:	info	rmati.	on	Y: Y	20				
TE: i	mo.	111101	mati	OH	1.1	J3				

N: No

req: request
ack: acknowledge
notif: notification
roam: roaming
OR1: Call to be forw
OR2: Notification to

Call to be forwarded

Figure 4.14: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of no paging response (to mobile station) (re-routing by VLR)

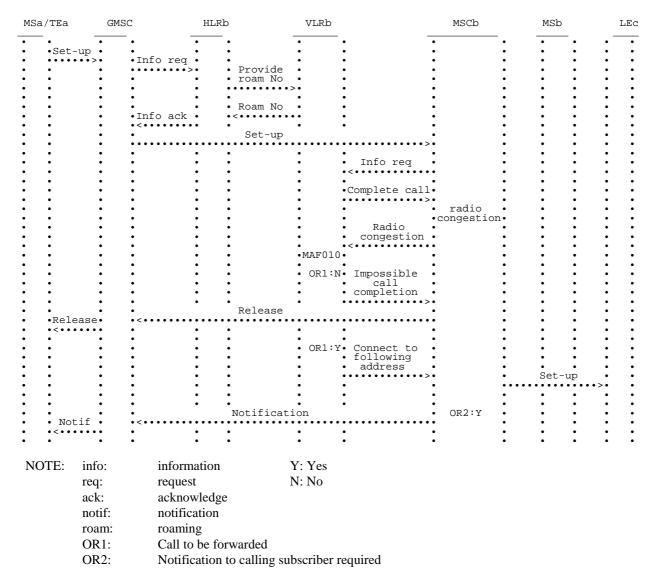
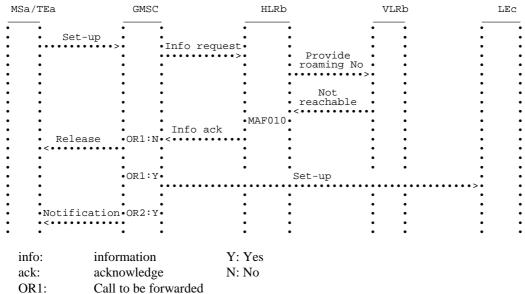


Figure 4.15: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of radio congestion (to fixed terminal) (re-routing by VLR)

/TEa	GMSC	HLR	.D	VLRb		MSCb	IvI	Sb	HLRc]
		•	•				•	-		
Set-up	• • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•	•	,		•	•	• •	
		o req•	• Dwarrida	: :			•	•	•	
		•	Provideroam No	:			•	•	: :	
	: :		• I Oalli NO					•		
			•		,					
		•	• Roam No		,			•		
	 Tnf 	o ack•	•<•••••		,			•		
		•••••	•		,		•	•		
	• •		Set-	·up			•	•	• •	
	• ••••	• • • • • • • •					•	•	• •	
	: :	:	:	:	Info req			:		
		•	•		<			•		
		•	•					•		
		•	•		Complete call		•	•		
		•	•				•	•		
	• •	•	•			radio	•	•	• •	
	• •	•	•			congestion	•	•	• •	
		•	•		Radio	•	•	•	• •	
	• •	•	•		congestion	•	•	•	• •	
	• •	•	•		< • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•	•	• •	
	• •	•	•	•MAF010•	,	•	•	•	• •	
	• •	•	•	• OD1•N	Impossible		•	•	• •	
	: :	•	•	• ORI:N•	call			•	: :	
	: :	:	:		completion			:	: :	
			•	:	COMPTECTON					
		-	Release	-			•	•		
Releas	e• •<••						•	•		
< • • • •		•	•		,		•	•		
		•	•				•	•		
		•	•		,		•	•	• •	
		•	•	 OR1:Y• 	Connect to	•	•	•	• •	
	• •	•	•		following	•	•	•		
		•	•		address	•		•	• •	
		•	•			•	Info	req	• •	
	• •	•	•	•	•	•	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • ;	>• •	
	• •	•	•		•	•	·	1	• •	
	• •	•	•	: :			Info	ack		
	: :	•	•					• • • • • • •	•	
	•	·	•		,		•	Set-u	· •	
		•	•		,				· · · · · · ·	>
								•	• •	
			Notifica	tion		• OR2:Y	•	•		
Notif	• •<••						•	•		
< • • • • •	••	•	•				•	•		
	• •	•	•		•		•	•	• •	
TE:	info:	infor	mation	Y:	Yes					
	req:	reque		N:	No					
	ack:		owledge							
	notif:	notif	ication							
	roam:	roam								
		O 11	. 1 . 1	1 1						
	OR1:	Call	to be forward	lea						

Figure 4.16: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of radio congestion (to mobile station) (re-routing by VLR)



NOTE:

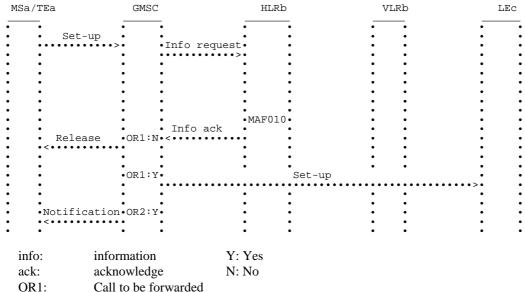
OR2:

OR2: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 4.17: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of mobile subscriber not reachable in the VLR (to fixed terminal) (re-routing by HLR)

MSa	a/TEa	GMSC	HLRb	V	LRb	HLRc	VLRc	MSCc
	Set-up	Info r	•>• F	Provide coming No Not ceachable				
•	•	• OR1:Y•••••	Informati	ion request	•	• • • Provi	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			Informatio	on acknowledg	ge	• roamin	ng No•	
•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•	Set-uj	• • • •	: :	
•	Notif	•OR2:Y•		:	•	•		
NO	OTE: info: req: ack: notif: OR1:	informat request acknowl notificat Call to b	edge	Y: Yes N: No				

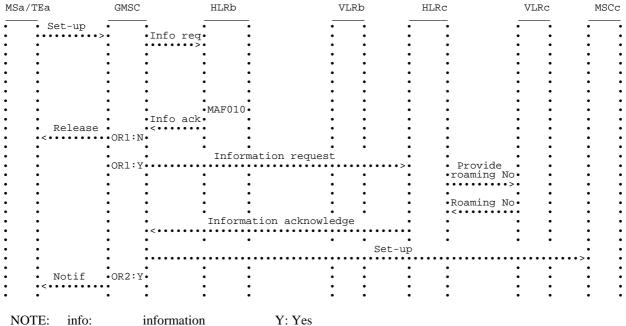
Figure 4.18: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of mobile subscriber not reachable in the VLR (to mobile station) (re-routing by HLR)



NOTE:

OR2: Notification to calling subscriber required

Figure 4.19: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of mobile subscriber deregistered or purged (to fixed terminal) (re-routing by HLR)



request N: No req:

ack: acknowledge notification notif: number No:

Call to be forwarded OR1:

Figure 4.20: Information flow for call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable in case of mobile subscriber deregistered or purged (to mobile station) (re-routing by HLR)

4.3 Information stored in the HLR

The following logical states are applicable for CFNRc (refer to GSM 03.11 for an explanation of the notation):

Provisioning State	Registration State	Activation State	HLR Induction State
(Not Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Quiescent,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Registered,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The registration and activation state may be different for each applicable elementary basic service group.

The provisioning state shall be on a per subscriber basis, and hence the same for all basic service groups.

The HLR shall store:

- the state of CFNRc (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) for each applicable elementary basic service group;
- the subscription option "notification to the calling party" on a per subscriber basis;

This subscription option takes one of the following values:

- no notification;
- notification.
- the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" (possibly including a forwarded-to sub-address) for each applicable elementary basic service group;

4.4 State transition model

The following figure shows the successful cases of transition between the applicable logical states of CFNRc. The state changes are either caused by actions of the service provider, the mobile user or the network.

Note that error cases are not shown in the diagram as they normally do not cause a state change. Additionally, some successful requests may not cause a state change. Hence, they are not shown in the diagram.

The diagram only shows operations on an elementary basic service group.

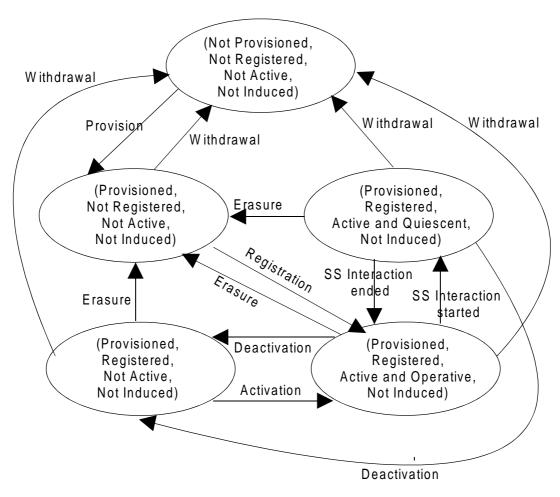


Figure 4.21: State transition model for CFNRc

4.5 Transfer of information from HLR to VLR

If the provisioning state for CFNRc is "Provisioned" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR information about the logical state of CFNRc for all relevant elementary basic service groups.

If the registration state for CFNRc is "Registered" then, when the subscriber registers on a VLR, the HLR shall send that VLR the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" for all relevant elementary basic service groups and information about the subscription option "notification to the calling party".

If the logical state or the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" of CFNRc is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR then for the affected basic service groups, the HLR shall inform the VLR respectively of the new logical state or the new registration parameter of CFNRc.

If information about the subscription option "notification to the calling party" of CFNRc is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR and the registration state of CFNRc is "Registered" then the HLR shall inform the VLR of the new information about the subscription option of CFNRc.

4.6 Information stored in the VLR

For CFNRc the VLR shall store the service state information, the registration parameter "forward-to number" and the subscription options received from the HLR.

4.7 Handover

Handover will have no impact on the control procedure and the operation of the service.

4.8 Cross phase compatibility

4.8.1 MS, MSC, VLR or HLR only support Phase 1 control of SS by the subscriber

In response to a CFNRc interrogation request, if the MS or any network element involved is of Phase 1, only information concerning basic service groups for which the activation state has the value "Active and Operative" will be returned. This means that the subscriber will not be aware that the forwarded to number is registered if CFNRc is deactivated or active (quiescent). A subaddress (if registered) will not be included.

Note that if any network element involved is of Phase 1, CFNRc Registration requests which use a subaddress and all CFNRc Activation and Deactivation requests will be rejected, as these are not specified in Phase 1.

4.8.2 HLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

If the VLR receives the SS-Status parameter from a Phase 1 HLR it shall act if it has received the SS-Status parameter with the values shown in the following:

- 1) Registered, Activated \Rightarrow P bit =1, R bit = 1, A bit = 1, Q bit = 0;
- 2) Registered, Deactivated \Rightarrow P bit =1, R bit = 1, A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1;
- 3) Erased \Rightarrow P bit =1, R bit = 0, A bit = 0, Q bit = 0 or 1.

4.8.3 VLR only supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information

When passing CFNRc information to a Phase 1 VLR, the HLR shall send the service state information in a form which the VLR can accept, based on the logical state held in the HLR, as follows:

- 1) (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => Erased, Deactivated;
- 2) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Deactivated;
- 3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Activated;
- 4) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)
 - => Registered, Deactivated.

The HLR shall not pass a sub-address to a Phase 1 VLR.

4.8.4 GMSC only supports Phase 1 call handling

When a call is forwarded on not reachable at the GMSC, the HLR shall not pass the sub-address to a Phase 1 GMSC. Calls shall be forwarded without the sub-address.

4.8.5 VLR only supports Phase 1 call handling

When a call is forwarded on not reachable at the VMSC, as the HLR does not pass the sub-address to the VLR, calls shall be forwarded without the sub-address.

4.8.6 VLR does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only

When passing CFNRc information to a VLR not supporting CAMEL or supporting CAMEL Phase 1 only, the HLR shall send the registration parameter "forwarded-to number" only if it is registered in a format which the VLR can accept, i.e. international format.

If the registration state for CFNRc is "Registered" and the forwarded-to number is registered in a format other than international, then when updating a VLR not supporting CAMEL or supporting CAMEL Phase 1 only the HLR shall modify the service state information of CFNRc as follows.

- 1) (Provisioned, Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
- 2) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Operative, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)
- 3) (Provisioned, Registered, Active and Quiescent, Not Induced)
 - => (Provisioned, Not Registered, Not Active, Not Induced)

According to the definitions in section 4.5 no forwarded-to number will be passed to the VLR in these cases. The modification of the service state information sent to the VLR shall have no impact on the service state information stored in the HLR.

If the VLR supports Phase 1 updating of subscriber information only, a further translation of the service state information as defined in section 4.8.3 shall be performed by the HLR.

4.8.7 GMSC does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only

If the activation state of CFNRc is "Active and Operative" and if the forwarded-to number is registered in a format other than international and if the GMSC does not support CAMEL or supports CAMEL Phase 1 only, then when a request for routeing information for a mobile terminated call is received in the HLR, CFNRc shall not be invoked in the HLR. The mobile terminated call establishment shall be continued towards the MSCb.

NOTE: CFNRc will be handled in the VLRb according to the service state information for CFNRc stored there.

Annex A (informative): Change Request History

		Status				
of Technical Specification GSM 03.82						
Date	Version	Remarks				
	version 3.2.1	Last common Phase 1/Phase 2 version				
June 91	version 4.0.0	CR 03.82-10 rev 3 (category D) approved by GSM#31 CR 03.82-11 rev 2 (category D) CR 03.82-13 rev 3 (category D) CR 03.82-14 rev 3 (category D) CR 03.82-15 rev 2 (category D) CR 03.82-19 rev 2 (category B) CR 03.82-20 rev 1 (category D)				
January 92	version 4.1.0	CR 03.82-21 rev 3 (category C) approved by SMG#01 CR 03.82-22 rev 1 (category C) CR 03.82-24 rev 2 (category B) Section numbering and fig numbering is modified.				
June 92	version 4.2.0	CR 03.82-25 (category D) approved by SMG#03 CR 03.82-27 (category C) CR 03.82-28 rev 1 (category D) CR 03.82-29 rev 1 (category B)				
September 92	version 4.2.1	CR 03.82-31 (category D) approved by SMG#04				
January 93	version 4.3.0	CR 03.82-33 (category D) approved by SMG#05 CR 03.82-34 rev 1 (category C)				
April 93	version 4.4.0	CR 03.82-32 rev 3 (category C) approved by SMG#06 CR 03.82-35 (category C) CR 03.82-36 (category C) Reference to CT and MAH removed TS frozen for phase 2 by SMG#06				
June 93	version 4.5.0	CR 03.82-37 (category F) approved by SMG#07				
October 93	version 4.5.1	CR 03.82-39 (category D) approved by SMG#08 Changed to draft prETS 300 543				
April 94	version 4.6.0	CR 03.82-41 rev 1 (category F) approved by SMG#09 CR 03.82-43 (category F) CR 03.82-44 (category F)				
October 94	version 4.7.0	CR 03.82-46 rev 1 (category D) approved by SMG#12 CR 03.82-47 rev 1 (category F) CR 03.82-48 (category D) CR 03.82-49 rev 1 (category F) Changed to final draft prETS 300 543				
January 95	version 4.7.1	TS changed to ETS 300 543 First edition				
April 96	version 4.8.0	CR 03.82-A002 (category F) approved by SMG#18				
December 1996	version 5.0.0	ETS changed to GTS for release '96				
January 1999	version 6.0.0	Release 1997 version				
July 1999	version 6.1.0	CR 03.82-A004r7 (category B) approved by SMG#29				
	1	Text and figures: WinWord60 Stylesheet: etsiw_70.dot				

History

	Document history					
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