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Foreword

This European Telecommunication Standard (ETS) has been produced by the European Computer Manufacturers Association (ECMA) on behalf of its members and those of the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI).

This ETS is one of a serie of ETSs defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The serie uses the ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and is also within the framework of standards for open systems interconnection as defined by ISO.

This ETS specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Cordless Terminal Mobility Incoming call Additional Network Feature (ANF-CTMI).

The ETS is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

This ETS was produced by ECMA using the ECMA guidelines for the production of standards and using the ECMA stylesheet. In order to avoid undue delays in the approval process for this ETS, it has been agreed that this ETS will not be converted to the ETSI stylesheet.

Transposition dates		
Date of adoption of this ETS:	15 March 1996	
Date of latest announcement of this ETS (doa):	30 June 1996	
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this ETS (dop/e):	31 December 1996	
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	31 December 1996	

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1 Scope

This European Telecommunication Standard (ETS) specifies the signalling protocol for the support of the Cordless Terminal Incoming Call Additional Network Feature (ANF-CTMI) at the Q reference point between Private Integrated Services Network Exchanges (PINXs) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

ANF-CTMI is a feature that directs incoming calls to a CTM user within the PISN regardless of the CTM user's geographical location within the PISN, provided that the CTM user's location is known. Roaming outside the PISN is outside the scope of this edition of this ETS.

The Q reference point is defined in ISO/IEC 11579-1.

Service specifications are produced in three stages and according to the method specified in ETS 300 387. This ETS contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements (concerning ANF-CTMI) identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in ETS 300 694 and ETS 300 695.

The signalling protocol for ANF-CTMI operates on top of the signalling protocol for basic circuit switched call control, as specified in ETS 300 172, and uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ETS 300 239.

This ETS also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at the Q reference point between ANF-CTMI and other supplementary services and ANFs.

NOTE 1

Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q reference point can be found in the relevant stage 1 specifications.

This ETS is applicable to PINXs which can interconnect to form a PISN.

2 Conformance

In order to conform to this ETS, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

Conformance to this ETS includes conforming to those clauses that specify protocol interactions between ANF-CTMI and other supplementary services and ANFs for which signalling protocols at the Q reference point are supported in accordance with the stage 3 standards concerned.

3 References

- [1] ETS 300 171 (1992): Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Specification, functional models and information flows; Control aspects of circuit mode basic services; ECMA-BCSD.
- [2] ETS 300 172 (1995): Private Integrated Services Network (PISN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Circuit-mode basic services.
- [3] ETS 300 238 (1995): Private Integrated Services Network (PISN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Name identification supplementary services.
- [4] ETS 300 239 (1995): Private Integrated Services Network (PISN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services.
- [5] ETS 300 257 (1995): Private Integrated Services Network (PISN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Diversion supplementary services.
- [6] ETS 300 362 (1994): Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Call offer supplementary service.
- [7] ETS 300 364 (1994): Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Do not disturb and do not disturb override supplementary services.
- [8] ETS 300 387 (1994): Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Method for the specification of basic and supplementary services.
- [9] ETS 300 426 (1995): Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Inter-exchange signalling protocol; Call intrusion supplementary service.
- [10] ETS 300 415 (1995): Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Terms and definitions.
- [11] prETS 300 695 (1995): Private Integrated Services Network (PISN); Cordless Terminal Mobility (CTM); Call handling additional network features; Functional capabilities and information flows.
- [12] ISO/IEC 11571 (1994): Information Technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Numbering and Sub-addressing in Private Integrated Services Network.
- [13] ISO/IEC 11579-1 (1994): Information Technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private integrated services network -Part 1: Reference configurations for PISN exchanges (PINX).
- [14] ISO/IEC 11582 (1995): Information Technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol.
- [15] ISO/IEC 13868 (1995): Information Technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Name identification supplementary services.
- [16] CCITT Rec. I.112 (1988): Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs.
- [17] CCITT Rec. I.210 (1988): Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them.
- [18] CCITT Rec. Z.100 (1988): Specification and description language.

[19]	ITU-T Rec. Q.850 (1993): Usage of cause and location in the digital subscriber signalling
	system No. 1 and the signalling system No. 7 ISDN user part.
[20]	ITU-T Rec. Q.950 (1993): Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 1 (DSS1) -
	Supplementary services protocols, structure and general principles.

4 **Definitions**

For the purpose of this ETS, the following definitions apply:

4.1 External definitions

This ETS uses the following terms defined in other documents:

-	Application Protocol Data Unit (APDU)	(ETS 300 239)
_	Basic Service	(CCITT Rec. I.210)
_	Complete Number	(ISO/IEC 11571)
_	Co-ordination Function	(ETS 300 239)
_	CTM user	(ETS 300 695)
-	End PINX	(ETS 300 239)
-	Gateway PINX	(ETS 300 172)
-	Home data base (HDB)	(ETS 300 415)
-	Home PINX	(ETS 300 695)
-	Originating PINX	(ETS 300 239)
-	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN)	(ISO/IEC 11579-1)
-	Private Integrated Services Network Exchange (PINX)	(ISO/IEC 11579-1)
-	PISN Number	(ISO/IEC 11571)
-	Signalling	(CCITT Rec. I.112)
-	Supplementary Service	(CCITT Rec. I.210)
-	Supplementary Services Control Entity	(ETS 300 239)
-	Terminating PINX	(ETS 300 239)
-	Transit PINX	(ETS 300 239)
-	User	(ETS 300 171)
-	Visitor area	(ETS 300 415)
-	Visitor data base (VDB)	(ETS 300 415)
-	Visitor PINX	(ETS 300 695)

4.2 Call, Basic call

An instance of the use of a basic service.

4.3 CTMI-detect PINX

The PINX which detects that an incoming call is to a CTM user.

NOTE 2

The CTMI-detect PINX is either the Home PINX, a Transit PINX, the Incoming Gateway PINX or the Originating PINX.

4.4 Rerouteing PINX

The PINX which executes the rerouteing of the CTMI call to the current Visitor PINX.

NOTE 3

In case of rerouteing, the Rerouteing PINX is either the Originating PINX or the Incoming Gateway PINX. In case of forward switching, the Rerouteing PINX is the CTMI-detect PINX.

5 List of acronyms

Additional Network Feature
Cordless Terminal Incoming Call additional network feature
Application Protocol Data Unit
Abstract Syntax Notation no. 1
Cordless Terminal Mobility
Home Data Base
Integrated Services Digital Network
Network Facility Extension
Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
Private Integrated Services Network
Private Integrated Services Network Exchange
Specification and Description Language
Call Forwarding Unconditional supplementary service
Call Intrusion supplementary service
Call Offer supplementary service
Do Not Disturb Override supplementary service
Visitor Data Base

6 Signalling protocol for the support of ANF-CTMI

6.1 ANF-CTMI description

ANF-CTMI enables calls to be directed to a CTM user within the PISN. As there is no predetermined PINX for the connection of a CTM user to the PISN, the directing of such calls requires that information regarding the location of the user is available.

6.2 ANF-CTMI operational requirements

6.2.1 Requirements on the Rerouteing PINX

ETS 300 172 [2] protocol control procedures for call establishment at the outgoing side of an inter-PINX link shall apply to the establishment of the connection to the Visitor PINX. ETS 300 172 [2] protocol control procedures for call clearing shall apply to the release of the connection to the CTMI-detect PINX.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ETS 300 239 [4] for an End PINX, shall apply.

6.2.2 Requirements on the CTMI-detect PINX

ETS 300 172 [2] protocol control procedures for call establishment at the incoming side of an inter-PINX link shall apply to the establishment of the connection from the Originating or Incoming Gateway PINX. ETS 300 172 [2] protocol control procedures for call clearing shall apply to the release of the connection to the Rerouteing PINX.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ETS 300 239 [3] for an End PINX, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call independent control (connection oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ETS 300 239 [4] for an Originating PINX, shall apply.

6.2.3 Requirements on the Home PINX

Generic procedures for the call independent control (connection oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ETS 300 239 [4] for a Terminating PINX, shall apply.

6.2.4 Requirements on the Visitor PINX

ETS 300 172 [2] protocol control procedures for call establishment at the incoming side of an inter-PINX link shall apply to the establishment of the connection from the Rerouteing PINX.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ETS 300 239 [4] for an End PINX, shall apply.

6.2.5 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Basic call procedures for call establishment and call clearing at a Transit PINX, as specified in ETS 300 172 [2], shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call-related control and call independent control (connection oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ETS 300 239 [4] for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

6.3 ANF-CTMI coding requirements

6.3.1 Operations

The operations defined in Abstract Syntax Notation number 1 (ASN.1) in table 1 shall apply.

Table 1 - Operations in Support of ANF-CTMI

CTM-Incom	ing-call-Operations { ccitt (0) identified-organization (3) etsi (0) qsig-ctm-incoming-call (696) ctmi-operations (0) }
DEFINITION	NS EXPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN	
IMPORTS	OPERATION, ERROR FROM Remote-Operation-Notation { joint-iso-ccitt (2) remote-operations (4) notation (0) }
	Extension FROM Manufacturer-specific-service-extension-definition { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) msi-definition (0) }
	PSS1InformationElement FROM Generic-parameters-definition { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) pss1-generic-parameters (6) }
	Name FROM Name-Operations { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-name (13868) name-operations (0) }
	basicServiceNotProvided, notAvailable FROM General-Error-List { ccitt (0) recommendation (0) q (17) 950 general-error-list (1) }
	Address, PartyNumber, PartySubaddress, PresentedNumberScreened FROM Addressing-Data-Elements { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) addressing-data-elements (9) };
CtmiEnquiry	 / ::= OPERATION Sent from the CTMI-detect PINX to the Home PINX. ARGUMENT EnquiryArg RESULT EnquiryRes ERRORS { invalidServedUserNr, locationNotKnown, notAvailable, basicServiceNotProvided, unspecified }
CtmiDivert	::= OPERATION Sent from the CTMI-detect PINX to the Rerouteing PINX. ARGUMENT DivertArg RESULT DummyRes ERRORS { notAvailable, unspecified }
CtmiInform	::= OPERATION Sent from the Rerouteing PINX to the Visitor PINX. ARGUMENT InformArg
EnquiryArg	::= SEQUENCE { pisnNumber PartyNumber, The PISN number of the CTM user qSIGInfoElement PSS1InformationElement,
	The basic call information elements Bearer capability, High layer compatibility, Low layer compatibility can be embedded in the qSIGInfoElement in accordance with clause 6.5.2.1.
	argExtension CtmiExtension OPTIONAL }

DivertArg	::= SEQUENCE	{ visitPINX		PartyNumber,
		The PISN nu	imber of	the Visitor PINX,
		always a Co	mplete N	lumber.
		callingNumber		PresentedNumberScreened,
		pisninumber	unch or of	PartyNumber,
		The PISN hu	Imper of	the CTM user,
		always a Col	mpiele N	IUMDEL. DSS1InformationElement
	The basic call inform	ation elements F	Bearer ca	anability High layer compatibility
	I ow laver compatibi	lity Progress inc	dicator a	nd Party category
	can be embedded in	the aSIGInfoEle	ement in	accordance with subclause 6.5.2.1.
		callingUserSub)	[1] PartySubaddress OPTIONAL,
		callingUserNar	ne	[2] Name OPTIONAL,
		ctmUserSub		[3] PartySubaddress OPTIONAL,
		argExtension		CtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
InformArg	::= SEQUENCE	{ pisnNumber		PartyNumber,
		The PISN nu	mber of	the CTM user,
		always a Co	mplete N	lumber.
		argExtension		CtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
EnquiryRes	::= CHOICE	{ currLocation		[1] CurrLocation,
		cfuActivated		[2] CfuActivated }
CurrLocatio	n ::= SEQUENCE	{ visitPINX		PartyNumber,
		The PISN nu	imber of	the Visitor PINX,
		always a Co	mplete N	lumber.
		pisnNumber		PartyNumber,
		The PISN nu	imber of	the CTM user,
		always a con	nplete ni	
		argextension		Ctmlextension OP HONAL }
CfuActivate	d ::= SEQUENCE	{ divToAddress	6	Address,
		divOptions		
				[1] Name OPTIONAL, CtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
			(O)	CIMIEXTENSION OF MONAE }
Subscription	nOption ::= ENUMERAT	ED { noNotificat	tion (0),	Divorted TeNr (1)
		notification	WithDiv	$\frac{D}{2}$
Dummer		(and		
DummyRes	::= CHOICE	{ NUII	NULL,	DI ICIT Extension
		extension		PLICIT EXTENSION,
		SequOIEXII		FLICH SEQUENCE OF Extension }
CtmiExtens	ion ::= CHOICE	{ none	NULL,	
		extension		PLICIT EXTENSION,
		зециОГЕХШ		I LIGH SEQUENCE OF EXIMISION }
ctmiEnquiry		CtmiEnquiry	::=	54
ctmiDivert		CtmiDivert	::=	55
ctmiInform		CtmiInform	::=	56
notAuthoriz	ed	ERROR	::=	1007
locationNot	Known	ERROR	::=	1015
unspecified		Unspecified	::=	1008
Unspecified	::=	ERROR	PARAN	METER Extension
END	of CTM-Incoming-cal	II-Operations		
·	,	-		

6.3.2 Information elements

6.3.2.1 Facility information element

The operations defined in subclause 6.3.1 shall be coded in the Facility information element in accordance with ETS 300 239 [4].

When conveying the invoke APDU of operations defined in subclause 6.3.1 the destinationEntity data element of the NFE shall contain value endPINX.

When conveying the invoke APDU of operations defined in subclause 6.3.1, the Interpretation APDU shall either be omitted or be included with value rejectAnyUnrecognisedInvokePdu.

6.3.2.2 Other information elements

Any other information elements (e.g. Calling party number, Called party number) shall be coded in accordance with the rules of ETS 300 172 [2] and ETS 300 239 [4].

6.3.3 Messages

The Facility information element shall be conveyed in the messages as specified in clause 10 of ETS 300 239 [2].

Messages used for call establishment shall be as specified in ETS 300 172 [2].

6.4 ANF-CTMI state definitions

6.4.1 States at the Rerouteing PINX

The procedures for the Rerouteing PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CTMI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

6.4.1.1 State ExecIdle

Ready for receipt of a ctmiDivert APDU.

6.4.2 States at the CTMI-detect PINX

The procedures for the CTMI-detect PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CTMI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

6.4.2.1 State CTMI-Idle

ANF-CTMI is not operating.

6.4.2.2 State CTMI-Detected

A call to a CTM user has been detected and a ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU requesting the current location of the CTM user has been sent to the Home PINX.

6.4.2.3 State CTMI-Divert

The current location of the CTM user is known and a ctmiDivert invoke APDU has been sent to the Rerouteing PINX.

6.4.3 States at the Home PINX

The procedures for the Home PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CTMI Supplementary Service Control entity.

6.4.3.1 State HomeIdle

Ready for receipt of a ctmiEnquiry APDU.

6.4.4 States at the Visitor PINX

The procedures for the Visitor PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CTMI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

6.4.4.1 State VisitIdle

Ready for receipt of a ctmiInform APDU.

6.5 ANF-CTMI signalling procedures for invocation and operation

Examples of message sequences are shown in annex B.

6.5.1 Actions at the Rerouteing PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Rerouteing PINX is shown in clause C.1 of annex C.

6.5.1.1 Normal procedures

On receipt of a ctmiDivert invoke APDU in a FACILITY message during basic call protocol control state Outgoing Call Proceeding, the Rerouteing PINX shall determine whether it can proceed with ANF-CTMI. If so, it shall initiate a new call establishment to the Visitor PINX and release the leg towards the CTMI-detect PINX by sending a DISCONNECT message containing a ctmiDivert return result APDU.

The SETUP message for the new call establishment shall include a ctmiInform invoke APDU. A callingName invoke APDU (see ETS 300 238 [3]) may be included in the SETUP message, if the element callingUserName was received in the ctmiDivert invoke APDU and if the Rerouteing PINX conforms to ETS 300 238 [3].

The following specific basic call information elements shall be included in the SETUP message:

- Called party number, containing the number received in the visitPINX data element within the ctmiDivert invoke APDU;
- Called party subaddress, containing the subaddress received in the ctmUserSub data element within the ctmiDivert invoke APDU (optional);
- Calling party number, containing the number received in the callingNumber data element within the ctmiDivert invoke APDU;
- Calling party subaddress, containing the subaddress received in the callingUserSub data element within the ctmiDivert invoke APDU (optional);
- Bearer capability information element as received in embedded form within the ctmiDivert invoke APDU, and any of the following information elements which were also received in embedded form in this APDU: High layer compatibility, Low layer compatibility, Progress indicator and Party category information elements;
- Transit counter, with value zero (optional).

The ctmiInform invoke APDU shall contain the data element pisnNumber with the same contents as the corresponding data element in the argument of the received ctmiDivert invoke APDU.

6.5.1.2 Exceptional procedures

If the Rerouteing PINX can not proceed with ANF-CTMI, it shall answer the ctmiDivert invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error notAvailable.

6.5.2 Actions at the CTMI-detect PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the CTMI-detect PINX is shown in clause C.2 of annex C.

When a CTMI-detect PINX also provides Rerouteing PINX functionality, in support of ANF-CTMI by forward switching, the joint requirements of subclause 6.5.1 (for a Rerouteing PINX) and subclause 6.5.2 (for a CTMI-detect PINX) shall apply, with the exception that any communication between the CTMI-detect PINX functionality and the Rerouteing PINX functionality will be an intra-PINX matter. The messages specified for sending from the CTMI-detect PINX towards the Rerouteing PINX or vice versa will not appear on any inter-PINX link.

6.5.2.1 Normal procedures

On determining that ANF-CTMI is to be invoked following the arrival of an incoming call, the CTMIdetect PINX shall send a ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU to the Home PINX of the called CTM user, using the call reference of a call independent signalling connection. The call independent signalling connection shall be established (or used, if an appropriate connection is already available) in accordance with the procedures specified in subclause 7.3 of ETS 300 239. The CTMI-detect PINX shall enter state CTMI-Detected and start timer T1.

NOTE 4

The number to be used in the Called party number information element when establishing the call independent signalling connection to the Home PINX is outside the scope of this ETS. It can, for example, be the Called party number information element received in the incoming SETUP message.

The following data elements shall be included in the argument of the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU:

- element pisnNumber as received in the incoming SETUP message in the Called party number information element;
- element qSIGInfoElement containing an embedded Bearer capability information element, as received in the incoming SETUP message, and any of the following information elements which were received in the incoming SETUP message: High layer compatibility and Low layer compatibility.

On receipt of the ctmiEnquiry return result APDU containing choice currLocation, the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, send a ctmiDivert invoke APDU in a FACILITY message to the Rerouteing PINX using the call reference of the incoming call, start timer T2 and enter state CTMI-Divert.

The CTMI-detect PINX is responsible for clearing the call independent signalling connection towards the Home PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return result APDU. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

The following data elements shall be included in the argument of the ctmiDivert invoke APDU:

- element visitPINX as received in the ctmiEnquiry return result APDU;
- element callingNumber as received in the incoming SETUP message in the Calling party number information element;
- element pisnNumber as received in the ctmiEnquiry return result APDU;
- element qSIGInfoElement containing an embedded Bearer capability information element, as received in the incoming SETUP message, and any of the following information elements which were received in the incoming SETUP message: High layer compatibility, Low layer compatibility, Progress indicator and Party category;
- element callingUserSub, if a Calling party subaddress information element was received in the incoming SETUP message;
- element callingUserName, if a callingName invoke APDU was received in the incoming SETUP message as defined in ETS 300 238 [3];
- element ctmUserSub, if a Called party subaddress information element was received in the incoming SETUP message.

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry return result APDU containing choice cfuActivated, if the CTMI-detect PINX does not support the procedures of subclause 6.8.3.1 the actions taken shall be an implementation matter, e.g. route the incoming call onwards to the Home PINX or release the

incoming call.

On receipt of the ctmiDivert return result APDU, the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T2 and enter state CTMI-Idle.

6.5.2.2 Exceptional procedures

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'invalidServedUserNr', the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #1 'Unallocated (unassigned) number' for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'locationNotKnown', the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #3 'No route to destination' for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'notAvailable', the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #20 'Subscriber absent' for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'basicServiceNotProvided', the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #88 'Incompatible destination' for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry reject APDU from the Home PINX, the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #38 'Network out of order' for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle.

If timer T1 expires (i.e. the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU is not answered by the Home PINX), the CTMIdetect PINX shall stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #41 'Temporary failure' for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle.

On call clearing during state CTMI-Detected, the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1 and enter state CTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a ctmiDivert return error or reject APDU from the Rerouteing PINX, the CTMI-detect PINX shall either stop timer T2, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle or provide Rerouteing PINX functionality locally by initiating a new call establishment to the Visitor PINX in accordance with subclause 6.5.1.1.

If timer T2 expires (i.e. the ctmiDivert invoke APDU is not answered by the Rerouteing PINX), the CTMI-detect PINX shall stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message for release of the basic call, and enter state CTMI-Idle or provide Rerouteing PINX functionality locally by initiating a new call establishment to the Visitor PINX in accordance with subclause 6.5.1.1.

On call clearing during state CTMI-Divert, the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T2 and enter state CTMI-Idle.

The CTMI-detect PINX is responsible for clearing the call independent signalling connection towards the Home PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return error or reject APDU, on expiry of timer T1 or on call clearing during state CTMI-Detect. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

6.5.3 Actions at the Home PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Home PINX is shown in clause C.3 of annex C.

When a Home PINX also provides CTMI-detect PINX functionality, in support of ANF-CTMI, the joint requirements of subclause 6.5.2 (for a CTMI-detect PINX) and subclause 6.5.3 (for a Home PINX) shall apply, with the exception that any communication between the Home PINX functionality and the CTMI-detect PINX functionality will be an intra-PINX matter. The messages specified for sending from the Home PINX towards the CTMI-detect PINX or vice versa will not appear on any inter-PINX link.

6.5.3.1 Normal procedures

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU using the call reference of a call independent signalling connection (as specified in subclause 7.3 of ETS 300 239 [4]), the Home PINX shall check that the CTM user, as identified by the PISN number in element pisnNumber, is defined in the HDB and that the basic service indicated by the basic call information elements embedded in element qSIGInfoElement is provided to that user.

If the CTM user is defined in the HDB, and the current location of the CTM user is known for the basic service concerned, then the Home PINX shall answer the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU with a return result APDU containing choice currLocation. Element visitPINX shall contain the PISN number of the Visitor PINX and element pisnNumber shall contain the PISN number of the CTM user. The latter shall be in the form of a complete number even if the PISN number received in the invoke APDU was not a complete number.

6.5.3.2 Exceptional procedures

If the CTM user is not found in the HDB, the Home PINX shall answer the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error invalidServedUserNr.

If the CTM user has deregistered, the Home PINX shall answer the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error notAvailable.

If the current location of the CTM user is unknown, the Home PINX shall answer the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error locationNotKnown.

If the requested basic service is not provided, the Home PINX shall answer the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error basicServiceNotProvided.

6.5.3.3 Additional procedures for Call Forwarding Unconditional

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU, if the CTM user is defined in the HDB and SS-CFU is active, the Home PINX shall answer the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU with a return result APDU containing choice cfuActivated.

6.5.4 Actions at the Visitor PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Visitor PINX is shown in clause C.4 of annex C.

6.5.4.1 Normal procedures

On receipt of a ctmiInform invoke APDU in a SETUP message, the Visitor PINX shall check that there is an entry in the VDB for the CTM user, as indicated by the PISN number in element pisnNumber, and the basic service indicated by basic call information elements, and that the CTM user is accessible. If so, the Visitor PINX shall attempt to establish the call to the PISN access indicated by the VDB entry.

NOTE 5

On receipt of an incoming call authentication of the CTM user can be performed.

6.5.4.2 Exceptional procedures

If the CTM user is not found in the VDB, the Visitor PINX shall initiate call clearing according to the procedures in ETS 300 172 [2] with cause value #41 'Temporary failure'.

If the CTM user is not accessible, the Visitor PINX shall initiate call clearing according to the procedures in ETS 300 172 [2] with cause value #18 'No user responding'.

6.5.5 Actions at a Transit PINX

There are no special actions required in support of ANF-CTMI.

6.5.6 Actions at an Originating PINX

An Originating PINX shall act as the Rerouteing PINX in accordance with subclause 6.5.1, except where Rerouteing PINX functionality is provided at a separate CTMI-detect PINX.

6.6 ANF-CTMI impact of interworking with public ISDNs

When interworking with a public ISDN which does not support an equivalent feature, the Incoming Gateway PINX shall act as the Rerouteing PINX in accordance with subclause 6.5.1 in order to perform ANF-CTMI within the PISN, except where Rerouteing PINX functionality is provided at a separate CTMI-detect PINX.

6.7 ANF-CTMI impact of interworking with non-ISDNs

When interworking with a non-ISDN which does not support an equivalent feature, the Incoming Gateway PINX shall act as the Rerouteing PINX in accordance with subclause 6.5.1 in order to perform ANF-CTMI within the PISN, except where Rerouteing PINX functionality is provided at a separate CTMI-detect PINX.

6.8 Protocol interactions between ANF-CTMI and other supplementary services and ANFs

This clause specifies protocol interactions with other supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards had been published at the time of publication of this ETS. For interactions with supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards are published subsequent to the publication of this ETS, see those other stage 3 standards.

NOTE 6

Simultaneous conveyance of APDUs for ANF-CTMI and other supplementary services or ANFs in the same message, each in accordance with the requirements of its respective stage 3 standard, does not, on its own, constitute a protocol interaction.

6.8.1 Interaction with Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)

No interaction.

6.8.2 Interaction with Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP)

No interaction.

6.8.3 Interaction with Call Forwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CFU is supported in accordance with ETS 300 257 [5].

6.8.3.1 Actions at the CTMI-detect PINX

On receipt of a ctmiEnquiry return result APDU containing choice cfuActivated, the CTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1 and act as the Served User PINX for SS-CFU in accordance with subclause 6.5.3 of ETS 300 257 [5].

The CTMI-detect PINX is responsible for clearing the call independent signalling connection towards the Home PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return result APDU. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

6.8.4 Interaction with Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)

No interaction.

6.8.5 Interaction with Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)

No interaction.

6.8.6 Interaction with Path Replacement (ANF-PR)

No interaction.

6.8.7 Interaction with Call Transfer (SS-CT)

No interaction.

6.8.8 Interaction with Call Completion to Busy Subscriber (SS-CCBS)

No interaction.

6.8.9 Interaction with Call Completion on No Reply (SS-CCNR)

No interaction.

6.8.10 Interaction with Call Offer (SS-CO)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CO is supported in accordance with ETS 300 362 [6].

6.8.10.1 Actions at the Rerouteing PINX

When executing ANF-CTMI, the Rerouteing PINX shall act as follows:

- include a callOfferRequest invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the CTMI-detect PINX;
- include a pathRetain invoke APDU with callOffer bit set to ONE in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the CTMI-detect PINX.

6.8.11 Interaction with Do Not Disturb (SS-DND)

No interaction.

6.8.12 Interaction with Do Not Disturb Override (SS-DNDO)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-DNDO is supported in accordance with ETS 300 364 [7].

6.8.12.1 Actions at the Rerouteing PINX

When executing ANF-CTMI, the Rerouteing PINX shall act as follows:

- include a doNotDisturbOverrideQ invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the CTMI-detect PINX;
- include a pathRetain invoke APDU with bit dndo-low, dndo-medium or dndo-high set to ONE in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the CTMI-detect PINX.

6.8.13 Interaction with Call Intrusion (SS-CI)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CI is supported in accordance with ETS 300 426 [9].

6.8.13.1 Actions at the Rerouteing PINX

When executing ANF-CTMI, the Rerouteing PINX shall act as follows:

 include a callIntrusionRequest invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the CTMI-detect PINX; include a pathRetain invoke APDU with bit ci-low, ci-medium or ci-high set to ONE in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the CTMI-detect PINX.

6.8.14 Interaction with Cordless Terminal Location Registration (SS-CTLR)

No interaction.

6.9 ANF-CTMI parameter values (timers)

6.9.1 Timer T1

Timer T1 operates at the CTMI-detect PINX during state CTMI-Detected. Its purpose is to protect against the absence of a response to the ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU.

Timer T1 shall have a value not less than 15 s.

6.9.2 Timer T2

Timer T2 operates at the CTMI-detect PINX during state CTMI-Divert. Its purpose is to protect against the absence of a response to the ctmiDivert invoke APDU.

Timer T2 shall have a value not less than 15 s.

Annex A (normative): Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma

A.1 Introduction

The supplier of a protocol implementation which is claimed to conform to this ETS shall complete the following Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma.

A completed PICS proforma is the PICS for the implementation in question. The PICS is a statement of which capabilities and options of the protocol have been implemented. The PICS can have a number of uses, including use:

- by the protocol implementor, as a check list to reduce the risk of failure to conform to the ETS through oversight;
- by the supplier and acquirer, or potential acquirer, of the implementation, as a detailed indication of the capabilities of the implementation, stated relative to the common basis for understanding provided by the ETS's PICS proforma;
- by the user or potential user of the implementation, as a basis for initially checking the possibility of interworking with another implementation; while interworking can never be guaranteed, failure to interwork can often be predicted from incompatible PICSs;
- by a protocol tester, as the basis for selecting appropriate tests against which to assess the claim for conformance of the implementation.

A.2 Instructions for completing the PICS proforma

A.2.1 General structure of the PICS proforma

The PICS proforma is a fixed format questionnaire divided into sub-clauses each containing a group of individual items. Each item is identified by an item number, the name of the item (question to be answered), and the reference(s) to the clause(s) that specifies (specify) the item in the main body of this ETS.

The "Status" column indicates whether an item is applicable and if so whether support is mandatory or optional.

The following terms are used:

m	mandatory (the capability is required for conformance to the protocol);
0	optional (the capability is not required for conformance to the protocol, but if the capability is implemented it is required to conform to the protocol specifications);
0. <n></n>	optional, but support of at least one of the group of options labelled by the same numeral $\langle n \rangle$ is required;
х	prohibited;
c. <cond></cond>	conditional requirement, depending on support for the item or items listed in condition <cond>;</cond>
<item>:m</item>	simple conditional requirement, the capability being mandatory if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable;</item>
<item>:o</item>	simple conditional requirement, the capability being optional if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable.</item>

Answers to the questionnaire items are to be provided either in the "Support" column, by simply marking an answer to indicate a restricted choice (Yes or No), or in the "Not Applicable" column (N/A).

A.2.2 Additional information

Items of Additional Information allow a supplier to provide further information intended to assist the interpretation of the PICS. It is not intended or expected that a large quantity will be supplied, and a PICS can be considered complete without any such information. Examples might be an outline of the ways in which a (single) implementation can be set up to operate in a variety of environments and configurations. References to items of Additional Information may be entered next to any answer in the questionnaire, and may be included in items of Exception information.

A.2.3 Exception information

It may occasionally happen that a supplier will wish to answer an item with mandatory or prohibited status (after any conditions have been applied) in a way that conflicts with the indicated requirement. No preprinted answer will be found in the "Support" column for this. Instead, the supplier is required to write into the "Support" column an x.<i> reference to an item of Exception Information, and to provide the appropriate rationale in the Exception item itself.

An implementation for which an Exception item is required in this way does not conform to this ETS. A possible reason for the situation described above is that a defect in the ETS has been reported, a correction for which is expected to change the requirement not met by the implementation.

A.3 PICS proforma for ETS 300 696

A.3.1 Implementation identification

Supplier	
Contact point for queries about the PICS	
Implementation Name(s) and Version(s)	
Other information necessary for full identification, e.g. Name(s) and Version(s) for machines and/or operating systems; system name(s)	

Only the first three items are required for all implementations; other information may be completed as appropriate in meeting the requirement for full identification.

The terms Name and Version should be interpreted appropriately to correspond with a supplier's terminology (e.g. Type, Series, Model).

A.3.2 Protocol summary

Protocol version	1.0
Addenda implemented (if applicable)	
Amendments implemented	
Have any exception items been required (see A.2.3)?	No [] Yes [] (The answer Yes means that the implementation does not conform to this ETS)

Date of Statement	Date of Statement	
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A.3.3 General

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
A1	Behaviour as CTMI-detect PINX for ANF-CTMI		0.1		Yes [] No []
A2	Behaviour as Home PINX for ANF-CTMI		0.1		Yes [] No []
A3	Behaviour as Visitor PINX for ANF-CTMI		0.1		Yes [] No []
A4	Behaviour as Transit PINX for ANF-CTMI		0.1		Yes [] No []
A5	Behaviour as Originating PINX		o.1		Yes [] No []
A6	Behaviour as Incoming Gateway PINX		0.1		Yes [] No []
A7	Behaviour as Rerouteing PINX for ANF-CTMI		c.1		m: Yes [] o: Yes [] No []

c.1: if A5 or A6 then mandatory else if A1 then optional

A.3.4 Procedures

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support	
B1	Support of ETS 300 172 and ETS 300 239 procedures at a Rerouteing PINX	6.2.1	A7:m	[]	m: Yes []	
B2	Support of ETS 300 172 and ETS 300 239 procedures at a CTMI-detect PINX	6.2.2	A1:m	[]	m: Yes []	
B3	Support of ETS 300 239 procedures at a Home PINX	6.2.3	A2:m	[]	m: Yes []	
B4	Support of ETS 300 172 and ETS 300 239 procedures at a Visitor PINX	6.2.4	A3:m	[] m: Yes []		
B5	Support of ETS 300 172 and ETS 300 239 procedures at a Transit PINX	6.2.5	A4:m	[]	m: Yes []	
B6	Signalling procedures at a Rerouteing PINX	6.5.1	A7:m	[]	[] m: Yes []	
B7	Signalling procedures at a CTMI-detect PINX	6.5.2	A1:m	[]	[] m: Yes []	
B8	Signalling procedures at a Home PINX	6.5.3.1 6.5.3.2	A2:m	[]	[] m: Yes []	
B9	39 Signalling procedures at a Visitor PINX 6.5.4 A3:m [] m		m: Yes []			
B10	Additional procedures at a Home PINX for Call Forwarding Unconditional	ional procedures at a Home PINX for Call6.5.3.3A2:0[]arding Unconditional0.3.40.3.41		o: Yes [] No []		

A.3.5 Coding

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
C1	Receipt of ctmiDivert invoke APDU and sending of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	A7:m	[]	m: Yes []
C2	Sending of ctmiInform invoke APDU	6.3	A7:m	[]	m: Yes []
C3	Sending of ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU and receipt of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	A1:m	[]	m: Yes []
C4	Sending of ctmiDivert invoke APDU and receipt of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	A1:m	[]	m: Yes []
C5	Receipt of ctmiEnquiry invoke APDU and sending of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	A2:m	[]	m: Yes []
C6	Receipt of ctmiInform invoke APDU	6.3	A3:m	[]	m: Yes []

A.3.6 Timers

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
D1	Support of Timer T1	6.9.1	A1:m	[]	m: Yes []
					Value []
D2	Support of Timer T2	6.9.2	A1:m	[]	m: Yes []
					Value []

A.3.7 Interactions between ANF-CTMI and SS-CFU

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
E1	Support of SS-CFU		0		Yes [] No []
E2	Interactions at CTMI-detect PINX	6.8.3.1	c.1	[]	m:Yes []

c.1: if E1 and A1 then mandatory, else N/A

A.3.8 Interactions between ANF-CTMI and SS-CO

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
F1	Support of SS-CO		0		Yes [] No []
F2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.10.1	c.1	[]	m:Yes []

c.1: if F1 and A7 then mandatory, else N/A

A.3.9 Interactions between ANF-CTMI and SS-DNDO

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
G1	Support of SS-DNDO		0		Yes [] No []
G2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.12.1	c.1	[]	m:Yes []

c.1: if G1 and A7 then mandatory, else N/A

A.3.10 Interactions between ANF-CTMI and SS-CI

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
H1	Support of SS-CI		0		Yes [] No []
H2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.13.1	c.1	[]	m:Yes []

c.1: if H1 and A7 then mandatory, else N/A

Annex B (informative): Examples of Message Sequences

This annex describes some typical message flows for ANF-CTMI. The following conventions are used in the figures of this annex:

1. The following notation is used:

	Basic call message containing ANF-CTMI information
	Basic call message without ANF-CTMI information
<i>→</i>	Call indepenent signalling connection message containing ANF-CTMI information
	Call indepenent signalling connection message without ANF-CTMI information
•••••	Symbolic primitive without ANF-CTMI information
xxx.inv	Invoke APDU for operation xxx
xxx.res	Return result APDU for operation xxx
xxx.err	Return error APDU for operation xxx

- 2. The figures show messages exchanged via Protocol Control between PINXs involved in ANF-CTMI. Only messages relevant to ANF-CTMI are shown.
- 3. Only the relevant information content (e.g. remote operation APDUs, notifications, information elements) is listed below each message name. The Facility and Notification indicator information elements containing remote operation APDUs and notifications are not explicitly shown. Information with no impact on ANF-CTMI is not shown.

B.1 Example message sequences for normal operation of ANF-CTMI



Figure B.1 shows an example of normal operation of ANF-CTMI.

Figure B.1 - Example of normal operation of ANF-CTMI



Figure B.2 shows an example of ANF-CTMI when the Rerouteing fails and the CTMI-detect PINX performs forward switching to the Visitor PINX.

Figure B.2 - Example of forward switching by the CTMI-detect PINX

B.2 Examples of unsuccessful operation of ANF-CTMI

B.2.1 CTM user unknown in Home PINX



Figure B.3 shows an example of unsuccessful operation of ANF-CTMI due to CTM user unknown.

Figure B.3 - Example of ANF-CTMI failure due to CTM user unknown

B.2.2 CTM user's location not known in Home PINX

Figure B.4 shows an example of unsuccessful operation of ANF-CTMI due to CTM user's location not known.



Figure B.4 - Example of ANF-CTMI failure due to CTM user's location not known



B.2.3 Collision with location update detected by Visitor PINX

Figure B.5 shows an example of unsuccessful operation of ANF-CTMI due to collision with location update.

Figure B.5 - Example of ANF-CTMI failure due to collision with location update

Annex C (informative): Specification and Description Language (SDL) Representation of Procedures

The diagrams in this annex use the Specification and Description Language defined in CCITT Rec. Z.100 [18].

Each diagram represents the behaviour of an ANF-CTMI Supplementary Service Control entity at a particular type of PINX. In accordance with the protocol model described in ETS 300 239 [4], the Supplementary Service Control entity uses, via the Co-ordination Function, the services of Generic Functional Procedures Control and Basic Call Control.

Where an output symbol represents a primitive to the Co-ordination Function, and that primitive results in a message being sent, the output symbol bears the name of the message and any remote operations APDU(s) or notification(s) contained in that message. In the case of a message specified in ETS 300 172 [2], basic call actions associated with the sending of that message are deemed to occur.

Where an input symbol represents a primitive from the Co-ordination Function, and that primitive is the result of a message being received, the input symbol bears the name of the message and any remote operations APDU(s) or notification(s) contained in that message. In the case of a message specified in ETS 300 172 [2], basic call actions associated with the receipt of that message are deemed to have occurred.

The following abbreviations are used:

- inv. invoke APDU
- res. return result APDU
- err. return error APDU
- rej. reject APDU

C.1 SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the Rerouteing PINX

Figure C.1 shows the behaviour of an ANF-CTMI Supplementary Service Control entity within the Rerouteing PINX.

Input signals from the right and output signals to the right represent primitives to and from the Co-ordination Function in respect of messages sent and received.



Figure C.1 - SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the Rerouteing PINX

C.2 SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the CTMI-detect PINX

Figure C.2 shows the behaviour of an ANF-CTMI entity within the CTMI-detect PINX.

Input signals from the right and output signals to the right represent primitives to and from the Co-ordination Function in respect of messages sent and received. Also protocol timer expiry is indicated by an input signal from the right.

Input signals from the left represent internal stimuli.



Figure C.2 - SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the CTMI-detect PINX

C.3 SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the Home PINX

Figure C.3 shows the behaviour of an ANF-CTMI entity within the Home PINX.

Input signals from the right and output signals to the right represent primitives to and from the Co-ordination Function in respect of messages sent and received.



Figure C.3 - SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the Home PINX

C.4 SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the Visitor PINX

Figure C.4 shows the behaviour of an ANF-CTMI entity within the Visitor PINX.

Input signals from the right and output signals to the right represent primitives to and from the Co-ordination Function in respect of messages sent and received.



Figure C.4 - SDL representation of ANF-CTMI at the Visitor PINX

Annex D (informative): Bibliography

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prETS 300 694 (1995): Private Integrated Services Network (PISN); Cordless Terminal Mobility (CTM); Call handling additional network features; Service description.

Annex E (informative): Imported ASN.1 Definitions

Table E.1 is an extract from module General-Error-List in ITU-T recommendation Q.950 [20].

Table E.1 -	Imported AS	SN.1 Definitions	General-Error-List
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notAvailable	is an indication that the service is not available (e.g. operation).	ERROR ::= 3 user has subscribed to this service but the requested combined with the basic service or the other services
invalidServedUserN	Number is an indication that the usage of an invalid serve	ERROR ::= 6 requested service cannot be performed because of the ed user number.
basicServiceNotPro	vided is an indication that the provided (e.g. this return is to be invoked with a S	ERROR ::= 8 service request is directed to a Basic Service which is not a error value is used in cases where a supplementary service SETUP message but indicating the wrong Basic Service).

Table E.2 is an extract from module Addressing-Data-Elements in ISO/IEC 11582.

PresentedNumberScreened ::= CHOICE						
	{ presentationAllowedNumber		[0] IMPLICIT NumberScreened,			
	presentationRestricted		[1] IMPLICIT NULL,			
	numberNotAvailableDueToInterwo	rking	[2] IMPLICIT NULL,			
	presentationRestrictedNumber		[3] IMPLICIT NumberScreened }			
NumberScreened	::= SEQUENCE					
	{ PartyNumber,					
	ScreeningIndicator }					
Address	::= SEQUENCE					
	{ PartyNumber,					
	PartySubaddress OPTIONAL }					
PartyNumber	::= CHOICE					
	{ unknownPartyNumber [0] IMPLICIT NumberDigits,					
	 the numbering plan is the default numbering plan of the network. It is recommended that this value is used. publicPartyNumber [1] IMPLICIT PublicPartyNumber, the numbering plan is according to Recs. E.163 and E.164. dataPartyNumber [3] IMPLICIT NumberDigits, not used, value reserved. telexPartyNumber [4] IMPLICIT NumberDigits, not used, value reserved. 					
	privatePartyNumber	[5] IMI	PLICIT PrivatePartyNumber,			
	nationalStandardPartyNumber	[8] IMPLICIT NumberDigits }				
	not used, value reserved.					
	}					
PublicPartyNumber ::= SEQUENCE						
	{ publicTypeOfNumber	Public	ГуреOfNumber,			
	publicNumberDigits	Numbe	erDigits }			

 Table E.2 - Imported ASN.1 Definitions Addressing-Data-Elements

PrivatePartyNumber ::= SE	QUENCE		
	{ privateTypeOfNumber PrivateTy privateNumberDigits	ypeOfNumber, NumberDigits }	
NumberDigits	::= NumericString (SIZE(120))		
PublicTypeOfNumber	::= ENUMERATED { unknown if used number digits carry prefix according to national recommend internationalNumber nationalNumber	(0), a indicating type of number dations (1), (2)	
	networkSpecificNumber (3), not used, value reserved. subscriberNumber (4), abbreviatedNumber valid only for called party number network substitutes appropriate m	(6) } er at the outgoing access, number	
PrivateTypeOfNumber	::= ENUMERATED { unknown level2RegionalNumber level1RegionalNumber pISNSpecificNumber localNumber abbreviatedNumber	 (0), (1), (2), (3), (4), (6) } 	
PartySubaddress	::= CHOICE { UserSpecifiedSubaddress, not recommended NSAPSubaddress } according to Rec. X.213		
UserSpecifiedSubaddress::	= SEQUENCE { SubaddressInformation, oddCountIndicator used when the coding of subaddr	BOOLEAN OPTIONAL } ess is BCD	
NSAPSubaddress	::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(120)) specified according to Rec. X.213. Some networks may limit the subaddress value to some other length, e.g. 4 octets		
SubaddressInformation	::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(120)) specified according to user requirements. Some networks may limit the subaddress value to some other length, e.g. 4 octets		
ScreeningIndicator ::= EN	IUMERATED		
	{ userProvidedNotScreened number was provided by a remot and has been screened by a network. userProvidedVerifiedAndPassed number was provided by a remot (or by a remote private network), by the local public or local private userProvidedVerifiedAndFailed not used, value reserved. networkProvided number was provided by public of	 (0), e user terminal equipment, ork that is not the local public (1), e user terminal equipment , and has been screened te network. (2), (3) } or local private network 	

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