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Foreword

This draft European Telecommunication Standard (ETS) has been produced by the Special Mobile Group (SMG) Technical Committee of the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), and is now submitted for the Public Enquiry phase of the ETSI standards approval procedure.

This ETS specifies trace facilities for the European digital cellular telecommunications system. This ETS corresponds to GSM technical specification, GSM 12.08, version 4.2.1.

Proposed transposition dates					
Date of adoption of this ETS:	date of ETSI adoption				
Date of latest announcement of this ETS (doa):	3 months after ETSI adoption				
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this ETS (dop/e):	6 months after doa				
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	6 months after doa				

Introduction

The trace facility enables customer administration and network management to trace the activities of various entities when specific events occur within the PLMN. This facility should also enable the tracing of all the information that is available to the PLMN concerning the call path used by the associated entity. Examples of information that could be in a trace record are:

- the identity of the originating and terminating equipment of the mobile or fixed subscriber;
- the identity of the incoming and outgoing circuits of the nodes involved;
- supplementary Services invoked;
- all A-Interface messages.

The trace facility is a useful maintenance aid and development tool which can be used during system testing and proving. In particular it may be used in conjunction with test-MSs to ascertain the digital cell "footprint", the network integrity and also the network QOS as perceived by the PLMN customers.

The facility may be used by subscriber administration and network management for subscriber observation, e.g. following a customer complaint or on suspicion of equipment malfunction by the operator or at the request of the police.

As the amount of information that can be collected for a single call is very large, Network Elements can limit the number of simultaneous traces by either rejecting a trace request or by only producing a sub-set of the information required.

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1 Scope

This draft European Telecommunication Standard (ETS) specifies the Trace facility for GSM where it refers to:

- Subscriber tracing (tracing of International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI));
- Equipment tracing (tracing of International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI)).

It does not cover:

- types of trace which relate more to network elements than to individual subscribers e.g. tracing events within a Base Station System (BSS), and so on;
- Tracing of all possible parties in e.g. a multi-party call. trace facility.

It also refers only to tracing activated from the OSF and not to that activated by means of local Man Machine Interface (MMI).

2 Normative references

This ETS incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this ETS only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

- [1] GSM 01.04 (ETR 100): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Abbreviations and acronyms".
- [2] GSM 04.08 (ETS 300 557): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification".
- [3] GSM 08.06 (ETS 300 589): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Signalling transport mechanism specification for the Base Station System - Mobile-services Switching Centre (BSS - MSC) interface".
- [4] GSM 08.08 (ETS 300 590): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Mobile Switching Centre - Base Station System (MSC - BSS) interface Layer 3 specification".
- [5] GSM 08.58 (ETS 300 596): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Base Station Controller - Base Transceiver Station (BSC - BTS) interface Layer 3 specification".
- [6] GSM 09.02 (ETS 300 599): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".
- [7] GSM 12.00 (ETS 300 612-1): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Objectives and Structure of Network Management (NM)".
- [8] GSM 12.01 (ETS 300 612-2): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Common Aspects of GSM Network Management (NM)".
- [9] GSM 12.02 (ETS 300 613): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Subscriber, Mobile Equipment (ME) and Services Data Administration".
- [10] GSM 12.05 (ETS 300 616): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Subscriber related event and call data".

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- [11] GSM 12.20 (ETS 300 622): "European digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); BSS Management Information".
- [12] CCITT X227 ISO 8650: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection - Connection-oriented protocol for the association control service element: Protocol specification".
- [13] CCITT Rec. X721 ISO DIS 10165-1: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection - Structure of management information: Definition of management information".
- [14] CCITT X734 ISO DIS 10164-5: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection - Systems Management: Event report management function".
- [15] CCITT X735 ISO DIS 10164-6: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection - Systems Management: Log control function".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of this ETS, the following definitions apply:

trace record: In the NEF a trace record is a set of traceable data collected under the trace record criteria specified by the OSF and transferred to the OSF. The traceable data collected is determined by the trace type.

activation of a trace: An action taken at the OSF through MMI commands to allow a trace record to be produced for a particular IMSI or IMEI when an Invocation Event occurs. This equates to "activation of a trace" in GSM 09.02.

invocation of a trace: An event relating to a particular IMSI or IMEI that occurs in the network that causes a trace record to be created in circumstances where trace has been activated for that IMSI or IMEI. This equates to "tracing subscriber activity" in GSM 09.02 and "Trace Invocation" in GSM 08.08.

active pending: The state of an activated trace is called Active Pending in a particular NE when the subscriber or equipment being traced is not registered in that NE.

3.2 Abbreviations

For all abbreviations used in this specification refer to GSM 01.04.

4 Trace overview

Fig. 1 gives an outline of the subscriber and equipment tracing and shows the relationship between the inputs on activation and deactivation and the trace record outputs.

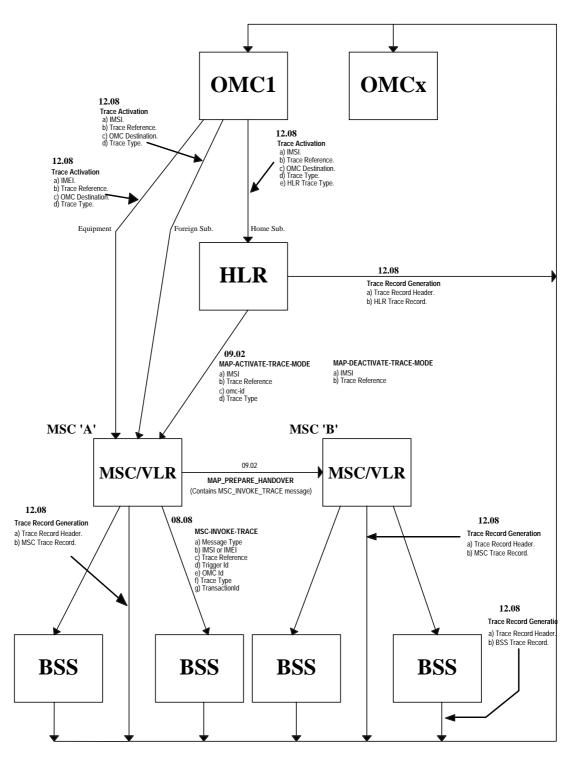


Figure 1: Subscriber and Equipment Trace for 12.08

Trace Activation and Deactivation are described in clause 5.

The Trace Types are defined in clause 6.

The Trace Records are defined in clause 7.

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The following events may invoke a MSC or BSS trace:

- Call set-up within MSC (MOC, MTC) (incl. attempts);
- SS-Action;
- Location Update (Normal and Periodic);
- SMS-MO;
- SMS-MT;
- IMSI attach and detach.

Additionally, the following event may invoke a BSS trace:

- Handover.

An HLR Trace may be invoked by one of the following:

- Location updates/cancellations;
- Insert/delete subscriber data;
- Routing enquiry (speech and SM);
- Provide roaming number;
- SS activity;
- SMS: Alert service centre/Ready for SM;

Trace records are generated within the managed elements by the trace control function according to the trace type. Once a trace has been invoked and a trace record is being compiled, subsequent invoking events relating to that IMSI will not cause new records to be compiled simultaneously.

For operator defined trace types the events on which trace records are generated and their contents are defined within the trace record generation control.

These records are then transferred to the OSF (as defined by OMC-Id of the Destination OMC or forwarded by the EFD) either as notifications (CMISE), or with bulk transfer (FTAM).

5 Trace activation and deactivation

5.1 General

This document is only concerned with the activation of a trace from an OSF (OMC), and the OSF shall keep a log of all trace activations and their deactivations. All entries in the log shall be date and time stamped.

In the case of an OSF (OMC) failure, it may be possible to activate and deactivate the trace at a particular network element by means of local MMI, but the procedures for doing this are not covered by this specification.

Facilities shall exist to allow unsolicited trace data to be received by an OSF. This permits the collection of trace data if the triggering entity (i.e. OSF or network element) is different to the collecting OSF.

5.2 Subscriber Tracing (Tracing of IMSI)

5.2.1 General

The tracing of both home and foreign roaming subscribers can be handled with this function.

If implemented, then the way the trace facility is used and organised, including restrictions due to national laws and regulations, will be a matter for the PLMN Operator.

All trace records created in the HLR, MSC 'A', MSC 'B' and BSS are forwarded to the OSF either as notifications and/or with bulk transfer, as defined in the trace parameters.

The following scenarios are identified from the HPLMN operation viewpoint:

- a) HPLMN Operator traces its own (home) IMSI within the HPLMN;
- b) HPLMN Operator traces the HLR activities of its own (home) IMSI while they are roaming in a VPLMN;
- c) HPLMN Operator wishes to trace foreign roaming subscribers (IMSI) within its own HPLMN.

5.2.2 HPLMN Operator Traces Home Subscriber within the HPLMN

The Operator may activate a trace for a home subscriber (IMSI) from any OSF by invoking the management function **Activate Home Subscriber Trace** in the HLR where the IMSI is contained. This request includes the trace parameters in the following list:

- a) IMSI to be traced;
- b) Trace Reference;
- c) OMC-Id of the destination OMC;
- d) Trace Type;
- e) HLR Trace Type.

For each IMSI, only one HPLMN subscriber trace can be active, subsequent requests being rejected.

If the IMSI is roaming within its HPLMN, then the trace request is forwarded to the VLR where the subscriber is registered via a MAP message (MAP-ACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE).

When the HPLMN subscriber trace is activated, a trace record will be created by MSC 'A', MSC 'B', HLR or BSS when certain invoking events occur i.e. MOC, MTC, SS-Action, SMS-MO, SMS-MT, Location Update, IMSI attach and detach. The trace action and record layout is defined by the trace type parameters.

A trace may be invoked in the BSS when an Invoking Event, specified in the Invoking Event sub-field in the Trace Type, occurs and the BSS Record Type is set to a value other than "No BSS Trace". A Trace is invoked by sending a BSSMAP MSC_INVOKE_TRACE message from the MSC to the BSS. When the

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BSS receives this message it starts tracing the necessary fields as specified in the BSS Record associated with the specified BSS Record Type.

If the subscriber is roaming in a foreign PLMN then the HPLMN subscriber trace request is stored in the HLR, but the trace is not active in the HPLMN VLRs.

The trace is deactivated by using the management function **Deactivate Home Subscriber Trace** in the HLR. This request includes the trace parameters in the following list:

a) IMSI;

b) Trace Reference.

If the IMSI is roaming within its HPLMN then the trace deactivation request is forwarded to the VLR where the subscriber is registered via a MAP message (MAP-DEACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE).

TMN Management Functions required for trace activation (in HLR):

Activate Home Subscriber Trace

Deactivate Home Subscriber Trace

5.2.3 HPLMN Operator traces the HLR activities of own IMSI roaming in a VPLMN.

This scenario is identical to the previous scenario with the exception that the only records generated come from the HLR.

5.2.4 PLMN Operator wishes to trace foreign subscribers (IMSI) in own PLMN

In order to trace the IMSIs of roaming subscribers in own PLMN, a list of those IMSIs plus the associated subscriber trace parameters must be stored in the VLR. No HLR trace records are produced for foreign subscriber traces.

The operator may activate a trace for any foreign roaming IMSI from an OSF by invoking the management function **Activate Foreign Subscriber Trace** in one or more VLRs within their own PLMN. If the location of the subscriber is not known it is necessary to activate the trace in all VLRs where the subscriber may be located.

The following trace parameters are sent with this request:

- a) IMSI to be traced;
- b) Trace Reference;
- c) OMC-Id of the destination OMC;
- d) Trace Type.

The trace request is stored in the VLR. If the subscriber subsequently roams into the VLR area the VPLMN subscriber trace will be activated.

For each IMSI only one foreign subscriber trace can be active in a particular VLR, subsequent requests being rejected.

A trace may be invoked in the BSS when an Invoking Event, specified in the Invoking Event sub-field in the Trace Type, occurs and the BSS Record Type is set to a value other than "No BSS Trace". A Trace is invoked by sending a BSSMAP MSC_INVOKE_TRACE message from the MSC to the BSS. When the BSS receives this message it starts tracing the necessary fields as specified in the BSS Record Type.

The VPLMN subscriber trace is deactivated by invoking **Deactivate Foreign Subscriber Trace** in the VLR. This request includes the trace parameters in the following list:

- a) IMSI;
- b) Trace Reference.

TMN Management Functions required for trace activation (in VLR):

Activate Foreign Subscriber Trace

Deactivate Foreign Subscriber Trace

5.3 Equipment Tracing (Tracing of IMEI)

5.3.1 General

If the tracing of IMEIs is implemented then the way the trace facility is used and organised, including restrictions due to national laws and regulations, will be a matter for the PLMN Operator.

An IMEI may be traced in order to find out the current IMSI, or the location or behaviour of faulty or stolen equipment reported via the EIR.

The specification describes one method of handling IMEI tracing i.e. tracing of IMEI via the VLR.

5.3.2 Tracing of IMEI via VLR

The operator may activate an equipment trace for any subscriber's equipment (IMEI) from an OSF by invoking the management function **Activate Equipment Trace** in one or more VLR in the HPLMN. The trace must be activated in all VLRs controlling areas where it is required to trace the target IMEI. The trace parameters are transmitted with the activation request.

The following trace parameters are sent with this request:

- a) IMEI to be traced
- b) Trace reference
- c) OMC-Id of the destination OMC
- d) Trace Type

For GSM Phase II Mobile Stations the IMEI will be available to the Network as it can be included in the BSS-MAP message CIPHER-MODE-COMPLETE. If IMEI trace is required, it is the responsibility of the network operator to specify that CIPHER-MODE-COMPLETE contains IMEIs, or optionally the IMEI is called for in connection with MOC, location update etc. Alternatively the network can ask the MS for the IMEI by sending a GSM 04.08 IDENTITY REQUEST message to the MS, indicating that the IMEI is required.

When a subscriber arrives at a VLR using an equipment with an IMEI for which trace has been activated (but is in pending state) at that VLR then the IMEI trace will become.

For each IMEI only one equipment trace can be active in a particular VLR at any one time, subsequent requests being rejected, although both the IMSI trace (home subscriber tracing and foreign subscriber tracing) and the IMEI trace can be active at the same time.

This equipment trace is deactivated by invoking the management function **Deactivate Equipment Trace** in the VLR. This request includes the trace parameters in the following list:

- a) IMEI;
- b) Trace Reference.

TMN Management Functions required for trace activation (in VLR):

Activate Equipment Trace

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Deactivate Equipment Trace

5.4 TMN Management Functions for Activation/Deactivation

5.4.1 List of Functions

5.4.1.1 HLR

Activate Home Subscriber Trace

Deactivate Home Subscriber Trace

5.4.1.2 MSC/VLR

Activate Foreign Subscriber Trace

Deactivate Foreign Subscriber Trace

Activate Equipment Trace

Deactivate Equipment Trace

5.4.2 Activate Home Subscriber Trace

This function is equivalent to the OM_Subscriber_Tracing_Activation_req in GSM 09.02.

The subscriber tracing procedures are used for the management of the trace status and the type of trace.

The subscriber tracing activation procedure operates as follows:

- a) The OSF creates a *tracedHomeSubscriberInHlr* object instance in the HLR of the subscriber to be traced.
- b) If the subscriber is roaming outside of the HPLMN or not currently registered, then the trace is in active pending state. The home subscriber trace for the subscriber is activated in the HLR on a subsequent location update. This activation is shown as an attribute value change in the attribute traceActivatedInVIr.
- c) If the subscriber is already registered then the home subscriber trace becomes immediately active in the HLR (after positive confirmation from the VLR).

When the trace is first activated then the status of the trace indicator attribute traceActivatedInVIr in the *tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr* object instance is set to **False**.

If the subscriber is **registered and is roaming in the home PLMN area** then the HLR will initiate the MAP-ACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE request primitive and the trace indicator status will be set to **True** only in the case of a positive confirmation of the MAP-ACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE. In case of an error, the trace indicator status remains **False**.

If the MAP-ACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE confirm primitive is received indicating an error situation then this is recorded in an error attribute in the *tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr* object instance.

If the subscriber roams to an area outside that where tracing is possible then the status in the *tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr* object instance is updated to **False**.

The trace records are sent from the recording NEF to the OSF by the deployed event reporting mechanism (see chapter Trace Record Transfer). The Trace Type attribute indicates the type of trace records to be produced and the way in which they will be reported i.e. each event record being either directly sent to the OSF in real-time, or being collected in a file for later transfer.

All attribute value changes will be reported with a notification to the OSF.

System management functions:

Create tracedHomeSubscriberInHlr Get Attribute

Notifications:

objectCreation attributeValueChange

5.4.3 Deactivate Home Subscriber Trace

This function is equivalent to the OM_Subscriber_Tracing_Deactivation_req in GSM 09.02.

The subscriber trace is deactivated by the OSF deleting the *tracedHomeSubscriberInHlr* object instance in the HLR.

If the trace status is **True** then the HLR will send the MAP-DEACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE message to VLR.

If the MAP-DEACTIVATE-TRACE-MODE confirm primitive is received indicating an error situation then this is indicated to the OSF via an error attribute in the *tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr* object instance and the object is not deleted

The home subscriber trace deactivation can be indicated with a notification to the initiating OSF.

System management functions:

Delete tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr

Get Attribute

Notifications:

objectDeletion

attributeValueChange

5.4.4 Activate Foreign Subscriber Trace

This function is analogous to the OM_Subscriber_Tracing_Activation_req in GSM 09.02, but the trace activation is performed directly in the VLR.

The foreign subscriber trace is activated by the OSF executing the system management function Create *tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr* in the VLR.

THE OSF creates a *tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr* object instance in the VLR(s) in which the network operator wishes to trace the subscriber.

The tracing continues as follows:

- a) If the subscriber is not currently registered, then the foreign subscriber trace for the subscriber is active pending. It is activated (i.e. status attribute value is set to **True**) in the VLR on a subsequent location update. The activation is notified to the OSF as an attribute value change in the attribute foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr.
- b) If the subscriber is already registered then the foreign subscriber trace becomes immediately active in the VLR.

When the trace is first activated then the status of the attribute foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr is set to **False**. When the traced subscriber registers in the VLR the attribute status of foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr is set to **True**.

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All attribute value changes will be reported with a notification to the OSF.

The trace records are sent from the corresponding MSC to the OSF by the deployed event reporting mechanism (see chapter Trace Record Transfer). The Trace Type attribute indicates the type of trace records to be produced and the method by which they will be reported.

System management functions:

Create tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr

Get Attribute

Notifications:

objectCreation

attributeValueChange

5.4.5 Deactivate Foreign Subscriber Trace

This function is analogous to the OM_Subscriber_Tracing_Deactivation_req in GSM 09.02, but the trace deactivation is performed.

The OSF deactivates subscriber trace by deleting the *tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr* object instance in the VLR(s) in which the object instance had previously been created.

The foreign subscriber trace is deactivated by the OSF executing the system management function Delete *tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr* in the VLR.

System management functions required:

Delete tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr

Notifications required:

objectDeletion

attributeValueChange

5.4.6 Activate Equipment Trace

This function is analogous to the OM_Subscriber_Tracing_Activation_req in GSM 09.02, but the trace activation is performed directly in the VLR.

The equipment trace is activated by the OSF executing the system management function Create *tracedEquipmentInVIr*.

The OSF creates a *traceEquipmentInVIr* object instance in the VLR(s) for the areas to be monitored.

The tracing continues as follows:

- a) If the equipment is not currently registered, then the equipment trace for the equipment is active pending. It is activated (i.e. status attribute value is set to **True**) in the VLR on a subsequent location update or IMSI attach. The activation is notified to the OSF as an attribute value change in the attribute equipmentRegisteredInVIr.
- b) If the equipment is already registered then the equipment trace becomes immediately active in the VLR.

When the trace is first activated then the status of the attribute equipmentRegisteredInVIr is set to **False**. When the equipment registers in the VLR the attribute status of equipmentRegisteredInVIr is set to **True**.

All attribute value changes will be reported with a notification to the OSF.

The trace records are sent from the corresponding MSC to the OSF by the deployed event reporting mechanism (see chapter Trace Record Transfer). The Trace Type attribute indicates the type of trace records to be produced and the method by which they will be reported.

System management functions:

Create tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr

Get Attribute

Notifications:

objectCreation

attributeValueChange

5.4.7 Deactivate Equipment Trace

This function is analogous to the OM_Subscriber_Tracing_Deactivation_req in GSM 09.02, but the trace deactivation is performed in the VLR.

The equipment trace is deactivated by the OSF executing the system management function Delete *tracedEquipmentInVIr.*

The OSF deactivates equipment trace by deleting the *tracedEquipmentInVIr* object instance in the VLR(s) in which the object instance had previously been created

System management functions:

Delete tracedEquipmentInVIr

Notifications:

objectDeletion

attributeValueChange

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5.5 HLR Functional Entities

Figure 2 shows that part of the Subscriber Administration Containment Tree for the HLR relevant to Trace activation and deactivation.

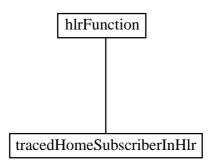


Figure 2: Subscriber Trace Containment Tree for the HLR

5.5.1 Managed Object Classes in HLR

5.5.1.1 tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr

This object class controls the home subscriber trace facility. Each instance of this object represents an IMSI of a home subscriber to be traced i.e. if an instance for an IMSI exists then that means that the trace has been activated for that IMSI.

Name		M/O	Value-Set
IMSI		RDN	Single
traceActivatedInVIr	М	Singl	e
traceReference		Μ	Single
traceType		Μ	Single
hlrTraceType		Μ	Single
operationSystemId		0	Single
mapErrorOnTrace		Μ	Single

5.5.1.2 Attributes

5.5.1.2.1 tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr

IMSI

This attribute is the RDN of the object *tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr* and defines an IMSI to be traced. It will be an IMSI of a home subscriber for whom tracing is required.

The syntax is defined in MAP-CommonDataTypes IMSI.

traceActivatedInVIr

This attribute is single valued and gives an indication of the status of the Trace. Possible values of this attribute are **True** and **False**

On creation this attribute is set to False.

If the subscriber is registered and roaming within the HPLMN (see GSM 09.02) then the attribute is set to **TRUE** (in case of positive confirmation from VLR).

If the subscriber roams to an area which is outside that where tracing is possible the attribute is set to **FALSE**.

Each status change triggers an attributeValueChange notification.

traceReference

This attribute is a unique reference for a particular trace associated with a particular IMSI and is allocated by the OSF.

traceType

This attribute describes the invoking events for which the operator wishes to collect a trace record for a particular IMSI in an MSC or BSS. It also describes the type of record to be collected and indicates whether or not this is a priority trace.

hlrTraceType

This attribute describes the type of trace record (if any) the operator wishes to be collected in the HLR for a particular IMSI. It is assumed for all invoking events.

operationSystemId

This attribute contains the address of the OSF to which the operator wishes the trace records associated with this particular IMSI to be sent.

If EFDs are used then trace records are sent to OSFs defined in EFD.

mapErrorOnTrace

This attribute is single valued and read only. The syntax is defined in GSM-12-02-Syntax MapErrorOnTrace.

It is set by MAP and contains the MAP-Errors that may be returned in the confirm primitives of the ActivateTraceMode and DeactivateTraceMode Operations.

If there are MAP-Errors in case of activation of trace, the traceActivatedInVIr parameter is set to False.

If there are Map-Errors in case of deactivation of trace (deleting tracedHomeSubscriberInHlr), the deleting is not completed successfully.

Possible error values are defined in MAP-OperationAndMaintenance Operations and in MAP-Errors.

5.5.1.3 Notifications

For each object:

objectCreation

objectDeletion

AttributeValueChange

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5.6 VLR Functional Entities

Figure 3 shows that part of the Subscriber Administration Containment Tree for the VLR relevant to Trace.

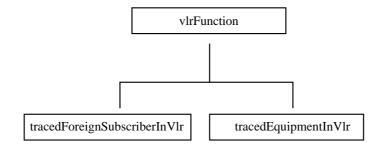


Figure 3: Subscriber Trace Containment Tree for the VLR

5.6.1 Managed Object Classes in VLR

5.6.1.1 tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr

This object class controls the foreign subscriber trace facility. Each instance of this object represents an IMSI of a foreign subscriber to be traced i.e. if an instance for an IMSI exists then that means that the trace has been activated for that IMSI.

Name	M/O	Value-Set
IMSI	RDN	Single
foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr	М	Single
traceReference	М	Single
traceType	М	Single
operationSystemId	0	Single

5.6.1.2 tracedEquipmentInVIr

This object class controls the equipment trace facility. Each instance of this object represents an IMEI to be traced i.e. if an instance for an IMEI exists then that means that the trace has been activated for that IMEI.

Name	M/O	Value-Set
IMEI	RDN	Single
equipmentRegisteredInVIr	М	Single
traceReference	М	Single
traceType	Μ	Single
operationSystemId C	D Single)

5.6.1.3 Attributes

5.6.1.3.1. tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr

IMSI

This attribute is the RDN of the object *tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr* and defines an IMSI to be traced. It will be an IMSI of a foreign subscriber for whom tracing is required.

The syntax is defined in MAP-CommonDataTypes IMSI.

foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr

This attribute is single valued and gives an indication of the status of the Trace. Possible values of this attribute are **True** and **False**

On creation this attribute is set to False.

If the foreign subscriber is currently registered in the VLR then the attribute is set to TRUE.

If the foreign subscriber is not registered in the VLR then the attribute is set to FALSE.

Each status change triggers an attributeValueChange notification.

traceReference

This attribute is a unique reference for a particular trace associated with a particular IMSI and is allocated by the OSF.

traceType

This attribute describes the invoking events that the operator wishes to collect a trace record for a particular IMSI in an MSC or BSS. It also describes the type of record to be collected and indicates whether or not this is a priority trace.

operationSystemId

This attribute contains the address of the OSF to which the operator wishes the trace records associated with this particular IMSI to be sent.

If EFDs are used, then trace records are sent to OSFs defined in EFD.

5.6.1.3.2 tracedEquipmentInVIr

IMEI

This attribute is the RDN of the object *tracedEquipmentInVIr* and defines an IMEI to be traced. It will be an IMEI for the equipment for which tracing is required.

The syntax is defined in MAP-CommonDataTypes IMEI.

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equipmentRegisteredInVIr

This attribute is single valued and gives an indication of the status of the Trace. Possible values of this attribute are **True** and **False**

On creation this attribute is set to **False**.

If the equipment is registered in the VLR then the attribute is set to TRUE.

If the equipment is not registered in the VLR then the attribute is set to FALSE.

Each status change triggers an attributeValueChange notification.

traceReference

This attribute is a unique reference for a particular trace associated with a particular IMSI and is allocated by the OSF.

traceType

This attribute describes the invoking events for which the operator wishes to collect a trace record for a particular IMSI in an MSC or BSS. It also describes the type of record to be collected and indicates whether or not this is a priority trace.

operationSystemId

This attribute contains the address of the OSF to which the operator wishes the trace records associated with this particular IMSI to be sent.

If EFDs are used, then trace records are sent to OSFs defined in EFD.

5.6.1.4 Notifications

objectCreation

objectDeletion

attributeValueChange

6 Trace Types

6.1 MSC/BSS Trace Type

The Trace Type field contains the type of trace activated in the MSC or BSS. The trace type consists of the following components.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Priority	For future expansion	BSS Rec	ord Type	MSC Red	cord Type	Invokin	g Event
Indication	(Set to 0)						

Table 1: Invoking Events

Bits		Invoking Events
2	1	
0	0	MOC, MTC, SMS MO, SMS MT, SS, Location Updates, IMSI attach/detach
0	1	MOC, MTC, SMS_MO, SMS_MT, SS only
1	0	Location updates, IMSI attach/detach only
1	1	Operator definable

If the "operator definable" option is selected, all subsequent Trace Record Types are deemed to be "operator definable". In this case the significance of bits 3-6 are operator defined, however the significance of bit 8 remains "Priority Indication". In all cases, for GSM phase 2 Network Elements the setting of the 7 shall not affect trace record generation.

Table	2:	MSC	Record	Туре
-------	----	-----	--------	------

Bits		Record Type
4	3	
0	0	Basic
0	1	Detailed (Optional)
1	0	Spare
1	1	No MSC Trace

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Bits		Record Type
6	5	
0	0	Basic
0	1	Handover
1	0	Radio
1	1	No BSS Trace

Table 3: BSS Record Type

Table 4: Priority Indication

Bit	Priority
8	
0	No priority
1	Priority

This bitmap of the Trace Type is required to map onto the Trace Type as defined in TS 09.02 as an Integer with 256 possible values. This is achieved by a binary to decimal conversion of the bitmap, where bit 8 has weight 128 and bit 1 has weight 1.

6.2 HLR Trace Type

The HLR Trace Type field contains the type of trace activated in the HLR. The trace type consists of the following components.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Priority	For futur	e expansion (Set to 0)	HLR Record Type		Invoking Event	
Indication							

Table 5: Invoking Events

В	its	Invoking Events		
2	1			
0	0	All HLR Interactions		
0	1	Spare		
1	0	Spare		
1	1	Operator definable		

If the "operator definable" option is selected, all subsequent Trace Record Types are deemed to be "operator definable". In this case the significance of bits 3 and 4 are operator defined, however the

significance of bit 8 remains "Priority Indication". In all cases, for GSM phase 2 Network Elements the setting of bits 5-7 shall not affect trace record generation.

Bi	its	Record Type			
2	1				
0	0	Basic			
0	1	Detailed			
1	0	Spare			
1	1	No HLR Trace			

Table 6: HLR Record Type

Table 7: Priority Indication

Bit	Priority
8	
0	No priority
1	Priority

This bitmap of the Trace Type is only required in the HLR and is not required to be mapped onto any 09.02 or other Trace Types.

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7 Trace record contents

7.1 General

Tables 9, 10 and 11 illustrate the structure of a trace record, and Table 8 illustrates the structure of the Trace Record header. This header is used at the start of all trace records, whether they are complete or partial. The trace reference, trace type and operation system identification are all provided on trace activation. Each record may contain an MSC, BSS or HLR event record. A key is included in the table indicating whether or not the field is mandatory. In this table and throughout this document the key field has the following meaning:

- M This field must appear in at least one trace record associated with the invoking event. Any exceptions to this rule are explicitly described.
- C This field is only available under certain conditions. If available this field must be present in at least one trace record associated with the invoking event. The conditions under which this field is available are individually described.
- O This field is optional and its support is a matter for agreement between equipment manufacturer and network operator. Equipment manufacturers do not have to be capable of providing all these fields to claim conformance with this specification.

X This field is not required in this instance

Table 8: Trace Record Header

Field		Description
IMSI or IMEI	М	IMSI or IMEI of subscriber/equipment being traced. See GSM 12.05 Annex B definitions for Served IMSI and Served IMEI. This must always appear in every trace record.
Trace Reference	Μ	An identifier assigned by the OSF at Trace Activation which may be used by the OSF in conjunction with the IMSI/IMEI and the Transaction ID to uniquely identify a record or collection of partial records for one particular trace. This must always appear in every trace record.
Transaction id	С	An identifier of a particular transaction, described in GSM 08.08. It shall be included if available in the A-Interface message MSC_INVOKE_TRACE .
Omc-Id	0	The address of the OS entity that the OSF activating the trace requires priority trace records to be sent to by the NE performing the trace (see also clause 9 Trace Record Transfer)
MSC/BSS Trace Type	С	This field contains the MSC/BSS trace type as provided in the trace activation message (see clause 6.1 MSC/BSS Trace Type). It must always appear in the first record header.
HLR Trace Type	С	This field contains the HLR trace type as provided in the trace activation message (see clause 6.2 HLR Trace Type). It must always appear in the first record header.
MSC/BSS Trace Type Used	0	This field contains the MCS/BSS trace type which has been applied. This trace type may be different to the one provided in the trace activation message due to manufacturer constraints. It must always appear in the first record header.
HLR Trace Type Used	0	This field contains the HLR trace type which has been applied. This trace type may be different to the one provided in the trace activation message due to manufacturer constraints. It must always appear in the first record header.
Start Time	М	The time the compilation of the Trace Record was started. It must always appear in the first record header. All timestamps used in the TraceEvent Record are relative to this time.
End Time	М	The time the compilation of the Trace Record was completed. It must always appear in the last record header. It may be used by the OSF as an indication that the trace in that particular Network Element is completed.
Recording Entity	М	For MSC/HLR - the E.164 number of the recording entity. For BSS - the BSC_ID as given in GSM TS 12.20. Alternatively the recording entity may be expressed as a graphic string.
Trace Event Record	М	This field contains either an MSC, HLR or BSS trace record as described in clauses 7.2 to 7.4 below. This must always appear in every trace record.
Sequence Number	С	This field is used to identify the sequence of records from a particular recording entity when more than one trace record is produced for the invoking event.
Reason For Record	С	This corresponds to the attribute RecordCriteria of the object traceControl and specifies why the record was generated by the NE (see clause 8.2). In addition to these reasons, other manufacturer specific reasons may be specified (See clause 8.2.3).

7.2 MSC Trace Record Content

The following types of fields are supported in the 2 MSC trace types.

Field	MSC Trace Type		Description
	Basic	Detail ed	
Invoking Event	М	М	Event invoking trace (Not available at the non- anchor MSC on Inter-MSC Handover)
Served IMSI	С	С	IMSI of the calling party in the case of MOC or the called party in the event of MTC. Not available in case of emergency call without SIM. This field is only required for IMEI trace.
Served IMEI	С	С	IMEI of the calling ME in the case of MOC or the called party in the event of MTC. This field is only required for IMSI trace.
Served MSISDN	С	С	Primary MSISDN of the party being traced.
Calling/Called Number	С	С	The MSISDN of the calling party in case of MTC. The MSISDN of the called party in case of MOC
Calling Subaddress	С	С	The subadress of the calling party (for both MOC and MTC).
Called Subaddress	С	С	The subaddress of the called party (for both MOC and MTC).
Translated Number	С	С	The called number of the party not being traced after digit translation within the MSC (if applicable) (i.e. applies to MOC only)
Connected Number	С	С	The number of the party not being traced if different to the Called Number (applies to MOC only).
Forwarded-to Number	С	С	The number to which the call will be forwarded (applies to MTC only)
Forwarded-to Subaddress	С	С	The subaddress to which the call will be forwarded (applies to MTC only)
Redirected Number	С	С	The number from which the call was last redirected (applies to MTC only)
Original Called Number	С	С	The number of the original called party (applies to MTC only).
Roaming Number	С	С	The MSRN of the traced subscriber in the case of MTC, or the MSRN of the called subscriber in case of MOC, if available.
Network Trunk Group Point	С	С	In case of a MOC the outgoing trunk on which the call leaves the MSC. In case of an MTC the incoming trunk on which the call originates as seen from the MSC.
Basic Service	С	С	The bearer- or teleservice employed.
Radio Channel types	0	С	A list of radio channel types used during the compilation of the trace record, each timestamped.

Field	MSC Trace Type		Description
	Basic	Detail ed	
BSS Handover Trunk	0	С	A list of the incoming/outgoing trunk group and member used to connect the MSC to BSS (including the original and each intra-MSC BSS handover) each time-stamped.
MSC Handover Trunk	0	С	A list of the trunk group and member used to connect two MSCs (including the original and each inter-MSC handover) each time-stamped.
Location	М	M	A list of Location Area Codes / Cell lds used during the compilation of the trace record starting with the identity of the cell in which the invoking event originated or terminated, each time stamped
SS Information	С	С	A list of information related to any SS actions carried out during the period of the trace. The SS Information contains the SS Code for each SS Action, the Basic Services for which each SS action was carried out, the type of each SS action carried out, a list of SS parameters associated with each SS action, the result of each SS action and the Invoke Id allocated for each SS Action.
AOC Parameters	0	С	A list of the charge advice parameters sent to the MS (including on call set-up and on changes as a result of a tariff switch over), each timestamped.
MS Classmark 2	С	С	A list of the mobile station classmark 2 information (starting with on call set-up), each timestamped.
Call Termination Diagnostics	С	С	A detailed reason for the release of the connection. See GSM 12.05 Annex B - Diagnostics.
A-Interface Messages	Х	С	A sequential list of all DTAP and BSSMAP messages passed on the A-Interface
C-Interface Messages	X	С	A sequential list of all MAP messages passed between the Tracing MSC and the HLR/AUC.
D-Interface Messages	X	С	A sequential list of all MAP messages passed between the Tracing VLR and the HLR/AUC.
E-Interface Messages	Х	С	A sequential list of all MAP messages passed between the Tracing MSC and the subsequent MSC.
F-Interface Messages	Х	С	A sequential list of all MAP messages passed between the Tracing MSC and the EIR.
G-Interface Messages	Х	С	A sequential list of all MAP messages passed between the Tracing VLR and another VLR
Network Signalling Messages	Х	С	A sequential list of all user part messages e.g. ISUP, TUP messages
Record extensions	0	0	A set of network/ manufacturer specific extensions to the record.

Table 9: MSC Trace Record Content (Concluded)

7.3 BSS Trace Record Content

The following types of fields are supported in the 3 BSS trace record types:

Field	BS	S Trace T	ype	Description
	Basic	Hando ver	Radio	
Invocation Message	М	М	М	08.08 invocation message which started the trace action
BTS ID	М	М	М	The ids of all BTSs accessed by the traced party during the period of the trace invocation (as per 12.20), each timestamped
TRX ID	М	М	М	The ids of all TRXs accessed by the traced party during the period of the trace invocation (as per 12.20), each timestamped.
TRAU ID	0	0	0	The ids of all TRAUs accessed by the traced party during the period of the trace invocation (as per 12.20), each timestamped.
Radio Channel Info.	М	М	М	The radio channel types and descriptions used during the period of the trace invocation, each timestamped.
Request type	С	С	С	The reasons for channel seizure (originating, terminating, re-establishment, handover) (see 04.08), each timestamped.
End Indication	С	С	С	The reasons for channel release (see 04.08), each timestamped.
MS Power	Х	С	С	The last MS power used before a channel is released (see 12.20), each timestamped.
BS Power	Х	С	С	The last BS power used before a channel is released (see 12.20), each timestamped.
Timing advance	Х	С	С	The last timing advance used before a channel is released (see 12.20), each timestamped.
MS Classmark 1	С	С	С	The MS Classmark 1 indicated during the period of the trace invocation, each timestamped.
MS Classmark 2	С	С	С	The MS Classmark 2 indicated during the period of the trace invocation, each timestamped.
MS Classmark 3	С	С	С	The MS Classmark 3 indicated during the period of the trace invocation, each timestamped.
BSIC	М	М	М	This field is the combination of Network Colour Code and Base station Colour Code (See GSM 12.20).
CIC	С	С	С	The terrestrial circuit identification codes used for the call on which the trace is being performed, each timestamped (See GSM 08.08).
Handover result	0	С	С	The results of each handover occurring during the period of the trace invocation each timestamped.
Handover cause	0	С	С	The reasons for starting each handover attempt during the period of the trace invocation (see 08.08), each timestamped.

Table 10 : BSS Trace Record Content

Field	BSS Trace Type		уре	Description
	Basic	Hando ver	Radio	
Handover duration	0	С	С	The times taken between sending the handover command and receiving the handover complete for each successful handover, each timestamped.
Target Cell list	Х	С	С	The target cells at the start of each handover attempt, each timestamped.
Synchronisation information	Х	С	С	The synchronisation values for each handover attempt, each timestamped.
SCCP connection event	Х	0	0	Each SCCP connection event used during the period of the trace invocation (Connection Request, Confirm, Refuse, Released, Released Complete), each timestamped.
BSSMAP message	Х	С	С	L3 Message contents, during the period of the trace invocation, each timestamped, see 08.08
DTAP message	Х	0	0	L3 Message contents, during the period of the trace invocationeach timestamped. (see GSM 04.08)
RR message	Х	C	С	L3 Message contents, during the period of the trace invocation, each timestamped, see 04.08. Only applies to those parts of the message between the BSC and the MS
A-bis Messages	Х	X	С	All Abis messages except measurement reports and power control, each timestamped. (see GSM 08.58)
Timed A-bis Messages	Х	С	Х	All Abis messages (except measurement reports and power control) received in the X seconds before and Y seconds after a handover, each timestamped.
Measurement Reports	Х	Х	С	All uplink and downlink measurement reports, each timestamped. (see GSM 08.58)
Timed Measurement Reports	Х	С	Х	Uplink and downlink measurement reports received in the X seconds before and Y seconds after a handover, each timestamped.
Power Control Messages	Х	Х	С	All power control messages, each timestamped (see GSM 08.58)
Timed Power Control Message	Х	С	Х	All power control messages received in the X seconds before and Y seconds after a handover, each timestamped.
Record extensions	0	0	0	A set of network/ manufacturer specific extensions to the record.

Table 10 : BSS Trace Record Content (Concluded)

7.4 HLR Trace Record Content

The following types of fields are supported in the 2 HLR trace record types:

Field	Field HLR Trace Type		Description	
	Basic	Detail		
		ed		
Invoking Event	М	М	Event invoking trace	
Served MSISDN	С	С	Primary MSISDN of the party being traced.	
MSC Address	С	С	Entity number of the serving MSC (GSM 12.05 Annex B)	
VLR number	С	С	Entity number of the serving VLR (GSM 12.05 Annex B)	
SS Information	С	С	A list of information related to any SS actions carried out during the period of the trace. The SS Information contains the SS Code for each SS Action, the Basic Services for which each SS action was carried out, the type of each SS action carried out, a list of SS parameters associated with each SS action, the result of each SS action and the Invoke Id allocated for each SS Action.	
Subscriber data	0	С	The subscriber data sent to the VLR after a location update	
Roaming number	С	С	The roaming number returned from the serving VLR	
SM Delivery outcome	С	С	The outcome of a MT SM delivery	
Alert reason	С	С	Indicates the reason why the SM service centre was alerted	
Service Centre address	С	С	The address of the SM service centre	
MAP interface messages	X	С	A sequential list of all MAP messages passed to and from the Tracing HLR	
Record extensions	0	0	A set of network/ manufacturer specific extensions to the record.	

Table 11: HLR Trace Record Content

7.5 Trace Record fields

Only those fields which are not defined in GSM 12.05 Annex B or are named differently from an identical field in GSM 12.05 Annex B are included here. Only supplemental information is included in this clause; where a description in tables 9 - 11 is sufficient, no additional information is provided.

7.5.1 Radio channel information

When instructing the mobile to move to a new channel during procedures like Assignment, Immediate Assignment and Handover, the BTS must give the mobile all the necessary information such as frequency (frequencies if hopping), timeslot number, channel type etc. This is done using the Channel Description field defined in GSM 04.08. The structure of the Channel Description depends on whether or not frequency hopping is in use. These two cases are described below:

No Frequency Hopping

Channel Description (GSM 04.08), contains the following:

Channel Type (TCH, SDCCH etc.) Timeslot Number (0 to 7) TDMA Offset (0 to 7, used to identify SDCCH etc. within a timeslot) Training sequence number Absolute Radio Carrier Frequency number.

Frequency Hopping

Channel Description (GSM 04.08), contains the following:

Channel Type (TCH, SDCCH etc.) Timeslot Number (0 to 7) TDMA Offset (0 to 7, used to identify SDCCH etc. within a timeslot) Training sequence number Hopping Sequence Number Mobile Allocation Index Offset.

In this case, the channel description does not contain the list of frequencies to be used for hopping and an additional field indicating the mobile allocation is required. The mobile allocation is the set of frequencies to be used for hopping and is obtained from any of the following:

- a) Cell Channel Description and Mobile Allocation
- b) Frequency Channel sequence
- c) Frequency List
- d) Frequency Short List.

In summary, to identify a GSM channel unambiguously the "Channel Description" field is sufficient on its own when frequency hopping is not used but mobile allocation is also required when hopping is in use.

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8 Creation of Trace Records

8.1 General

As has already been stated, the sequence of events for the creation of a trace record is as follows:

- 1) Trace is activated for a particular IMSI or IMEI.
- 2) The subscriber undertakes such action as to cause an invoking event to start.
- 3) The compilation of a trace record commences in the NEF as described in the Trace Type and under the control of the traceRecord attribute recordCriteria. This allows trace records to be produced at times other than when the invoking event ends, e.g. after a specific time has elapsed or a specific event has occurred.
- 4) The invoking event ends or the recordCriteria attribute is satisfied, (see (3) above).
- 5) The record is forwarded to the OSF or local filestore (depending on priority).

This is true for all invoking events regardless of their duration. If the trace record is being compiled and a new invoking event for this same subscriber occurs (e.g. a supplementary service is used while a call is being made), then the results will be included in the trace record already being compiled.

However, in certain circumstances it may be undesirable for the invoking event to have to end before the record is forwarded to the OSF or local filestore. Examples of these circumstances may be:

- 1) The operator requires to know a subscriber's whereabouts at the moment he starts making a call.
- 2) The operator requires to know when a handover occurs, as soon as it occurs.
- 3) The buffer in the NEF may be too full to contain any more trace record data.

This is resolved through the use of the attribute recordCriteria in the traceControl object. When this attribute is set to anything other than noCriteria, records are forwarded to either the filestore or the OSF as soon as the specified criteria is satisfied.

8.2 Trace Record Control

8.2.1 General

The trace record collection and generation processes are controlled by the **traceControl** managed object class. There shall be one, and only one, instance of this object class for each NEF that supports the trace function. This object carries out the following functions:

- 1) To cause the data to be collected in the NEF as defined by the Trace Type.
- 2) To define the criteria by which records are generated.
- 3) To generate the trace record notifications.

System management functions:

Create traceControl Delete traceControl Get Attribute Set Attribute. Notifications:

stateChange objectCreation objectDeletion attributeValueChange traceReport.

8.2.2 Attributes

There is one instance of this object class in each NEF that supports the trace function. It contains the following attributes:

Name		M/O	Value-Set
traceControlld		RDN	Single
administrativeState	М	Single	е
operationalState		Μ	Single
recordCriteria		Μ	Single
timerValue		0	Single
eventType		0	Single
numberOfEvents		0	Single

traceControlld

This attribute is a unique identifier for the traceControl MOI in the NEF and is used as an RDN.

administrativeState

This attribute defines the administrative state of the traceControl MOI in the NEF (Recommendation X.731).

operationalState

This attribute defines the operational status of the traceControl MOI in the NEF (Recommendation X.731).

recordCriteria

This attribute, if set, defines the criteria by which trace records are generated in the NEF. It may have one or more of the following values:

noCriteria	The NEF will not generate trace records of the timed, numbered nor event types. A trace record will be produced at the end of the invoking event, or if other criteria are set by the manufacturer, when these criteria are met.
timed	The NEF will generate trace records at the point when an interval of time has elapsed, that value defined in the timerValue attribute.
numbered	The NEF will generate a trace record every time a discrete number of recordable events have occurred, that discrete number being defined by the attribute numberOfEvents.
event	The NEF will generate a trace record every time a particular recordable event occurs, the nature of that event being defined in the attribute eventType.

timerValue

This attribute defines the elapsed time interval after which a trace record will be generated, assuming the "timed" value is set in the recordCriteria attribute.

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eventType

This attribute defines a specific recordable event, the appearance of which will cause a trace record to be generated, assuming the "event" value is set in the recordCriteria attribute.

numberOfEvents

This attribute defines the discrete number of recordable events that must occur before a trace record is generated, assuming the "numbered" value is set in the recordCriteria attribute.

8.2.3 Other Trace Record Criteria

Regardless of the trace record criteria set by the operator, there are circumstances under which a trace record may be generated, with the criteria being set by the manufacturer. These will usually be due to a lack of resources such as "Buffer Full" or "Processor Overload".

9 Trace Record Transfer

9.1 General

This clause is concerned solely with the management of the trace record collection process. This service component controls the transfer of the trace records from the NEFs to the OSF. The conceptual model is illustrated in figure 4, which employs both the event report function (CCITT X.734) and the log control function (CCITT X.735).

The trace control function collects traceable events within the NEF and formats them into trace records. These trace records may be stored locally within the NEF filestore or transferred to the OSF in the form of event reports. This is controlled by means of the "priority" indicator, which is a part of the trace type. If the "priority" indicator is not set then the trace records shall stored within the local filestore and subsequently transferred to the OSF in bulk via FTAM.

If a trace is activated with the "priority" indicator set then the trace records shall be sent to the OSF either direct by the trace control function or through Event Forwarding Discriminators (EFDs).

If EFDs are used then all trace records are offered to the EFDs. The EFDs determine which of the records are to be transmitted to the OSF in the form of event reports and the Operation System Id field in the header is ignored. The EDFs have complex filter constructs which allow the operator to define the criteria for destinations and filters.

If EFDs are not used then all priority records are forwarded to the OSF whose address is given in the Operation System Id field. The NEF is required to supply additional information to provide the OS management application entity title.

Finally, the trace records may also be stored in the form of log entries within the log of the NEF. It is up to the operator to decide if the log function is needed in parallel with the event reporting and file store. Once stored, the log records may be individually accessed by the OSF via the appropriate object management functions. Care should be taken of filter criteria for log records to avoid unnecessary overheads.

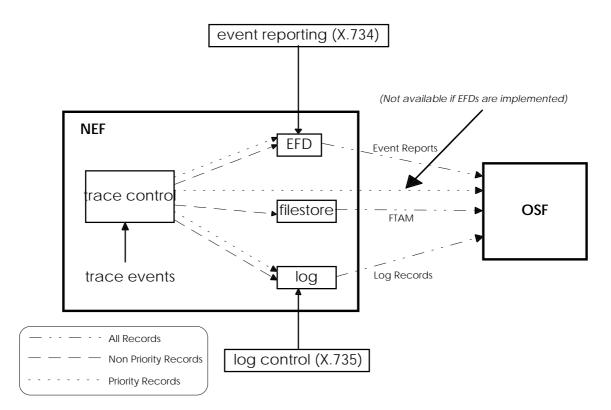


Figure 4 : Data collection model.

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This service component contains the following groups of TMN management functions :

- bulk record transfer
- event reporting
- log control
- log access

9.2 Transfer of Records

9.2.1 Bulk record transfer

This group of TMN functions is concerned with the bulk transfer of trace records from the NEF record filestore to the OSF.

The trace records shall be transferred from the NEF to the OSF by the use of FTAM services. For further details of the use of FTAM see GSM 12.01.

In addition to the simple file transfer services provided by FTAM, peer-to-peer application process communication may also be supported. The use of CMIS services for the uploading of files from the NEF to the OSF is specified in the GSM 12.00.

9.2.2 Log control

This function permits the trace record to be stored and retrieved from logs within the NEF. The logging of these records is performed in accordance with the log control function specified in CCITT X.735 and no additional management functions are required.

9.2.3 Log access

This TMN function controls the access to the log described above. Each log defined may contain one or more log entries. Each log entry contains a single trace record.

NOTE: The term log entry has been used instead of the term log record to avoid confusion between records contained within the local filestore and the records stored within logs.

For further details concerning to use of logs, see CCITT X.735.

The following system management functions are required :

Get/Delete traceLogEntry.

9.2.4 Event Reporting

9.2.4.1 Event Forwarding Discriminators

For short-term recording of tracing events and for more complicated filter conditions the event forwarding discriminator construct defined in CCITT X.734 and CCITT X.721 can be employed. The event forwarding discriminator construct is extremely flexible permitting the combination of a number of fields and logical operations with a wide variety of scheduling options. The EFD also controls the destinations to which the event reports are sent. Several such filters may be defined and scheduled for operation at different times and for different time periods.

The following system management functions are required:

Create/Set/Get/Delete eventForwardingDiscrimator

9.2.4.2 Direct Transfer by Trace Control Function

This function permits the NEF to transmit trace records direct to the OSF. In general the trace record shall be sent on completion of the call or the traceable event. This function is controlled by means of the "priority" indicator, which is contained in the trace type. If the priority indicator is not set, then the trace records shall be stored on file within the NE filestore. These records may be subsequently collected via bulk record transfer as described in clause 9.2.1. If the trace type specified on activation includes the "priority" indicator then all of the records shall be sent via trace reports to the OSF specified by the operation system id.

NOTE: As the operations system id. provided is an AddressString (e.g. CCITT E.164 number) some form of translation or directory service may be required within the NE in order to provide the appropriate OS management application entity title.

The following system management functions are required:

Notification traceReport

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10 Managed Object Model

10.1 Naming Hierarchy

The naming (containment) tree for the objects defined within this clause is illustrated in Figure 5. It should be noted that the GSM 12.08 object classes are shown relative to the "managedElement". The MO traceControl is contained in every NEF (mscFunction, hIrFunction and bssFunction from GSM 12.00) that supports trace functionality. For further details of the upper layers of the containment tree see GSM 12.00. For further details concerning the log class see CCITT X.721.

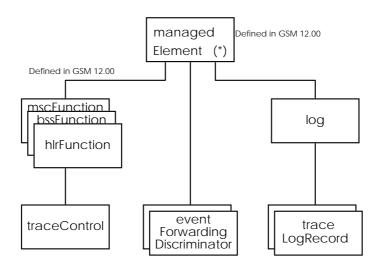


Figure 5: Trace Record Transfer Containment Tree

10.2 Inheritance

The inheritance tree for GSM 12.08 is illustrated in Figure 6 below. The object classes "log", "logRecord", "eventLogRecord" and "eventForwardingDiscriminator" are defined in CCITT X.721.

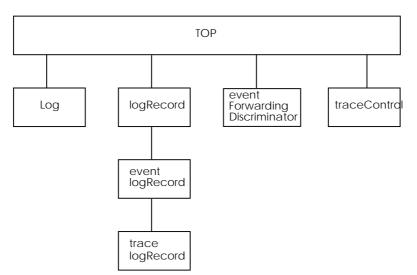


Figure 6: Trace Record Transfer Inheritance Tree

10.3 **Object Classes** 10.3.1 tracedHomeSubscriberInHlr tracedHomeSubscriberInHlr MANAGED OBJECT CLASS DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":top; CHARACTERIZED BY tracedHomeSubscriberInHIrPackage, createDeleteNotificationsPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": attributeValueChangeNotificationPackage; CONDITIONAL PACKAGES operationSystemIdPackage PRESENT IF "an instance supports it"; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-objectClass 100}; tracedHomeSubscriberInHIrPackage PACKAGE BEHAVIOUR tracedHomeSubscriberInHIrBehaviour: **ATTRIBUTES** imsi GET. GET. traceActivatedInVIr traceReference GET, traceType GET, hlrTraceType GET, mapErrorOnTrace GET REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 100}; tracedHomeSubscriberInHIrBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.5.1.1"; operationSystemIdPackage PACKAGE **BEHAVIOUR** operationSystemIdBehaviour; **ATTRIBUTES** operationSystemId GET: REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 200}; operationSystemIdBehaviour BEHAVIOUR **DEFINED AS** "This package provides the attribute to specify destination operation system. The use of this attribute is described in chapter Trace record transfer. The package is conditional to allow the attribute operationSystemId to be optional."; 10.3.2 tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr .\$ tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr MANAGED OBJECT CLASS DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":top; CHARACTERIZED BY tracedForeignSubscriberInVIrPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": createDeleteNotificationsPackage,

"CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": attributeValueChangeNotificationPackage;

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES operationSystemIdPackage

PRESENT IF "an instance supports it";

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-objectClass 200};

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tracedForeignSubscriberInVIrPackage PACKAGE **BEHAVIOUR** tracedForeignSubscriberInVIrBehaviour; **ATTRIBUTES** imsi GET, foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr GET, traceReference GET, traceType GET REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 300}; tracedForeignSubscriberInVIrBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.6.1.1"; .# 10.3.3tracedEquipmentInVIr .\$ tracedEquipmentInVIr MANAGED OBJECT CLASS DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":top; CHARACTERIZED BY tracedEquipmentInVIrPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": createDeleteNotificationsPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": attributeValueChangeNotificationPackage; CONDITIONAL PACKAGES operationSystemIdPackage PRESENT IF "an instance supports it"; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-objectClass 300}; tracedEquipmentInVIrPackage PACKAGE BEHAVIOUR tracedEquipmentInVIrBehaviour; ATTRIBUTES

imei equipmentRegister traceReference	edInVIr	GET, GET, GET.
traceType	GET	011,

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 400};

tracedEquipmentInVIrBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.6.1.2";

10.3.4 Trace control

This managed object class represents the trace collection process and generates the trace report notifications. There shall be one, and only one, instance of this object class for each NEF that supports the trace function.

traceControl MANAGED OBJECT CLASS DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":top; CHARACTERIZED BY traceControlPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": attributeValueChangeNotificationPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": createDeleteNotificationsPackage, "CCITT Rec. M.3100: 1992": stateChangeNotificationPackage;

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES

timerValueCriteriaPackage	PRESENT IF "an instance supports it",
eventTypeCriteriaPackage	PRESENT IF "an instance supports it",
numberOfEventsCriteriaPackage	PRESENT IF "an instance supports it";

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-objectClass 400};

traceControlPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR traceControlBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS

> "This managed object class is employed to generate trace report notifications. There can be only one instance of this object class in each NEF that supports trace functionality. For the administrativeState, the value LOCKED causes all tracing activity in the NEF to cease. The value UNLOCKED allows tracing activity. The value SHUTTING-DOWN prevents any new invocation of a trace. Current invocations will continue until they are finished. When all current invocations finish, the state will automatically transit to LOCKED.";;

ATTRIBUTES

traceControlld GET, "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992": administrativeState GET-REPLACE, "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992": operationalState GET, recordCriteria GET-REPLACE ADD-REMOVE; NOTIFICATIONS traceReport; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 500};

timerValueCriteriaPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR

timerValueCriteriaBehaviour BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"This package provides the attribute to specifiy timerValue record generation criteria. The use of this attribute is described in chapter Trace record transfer. The package is conditional to allow the attribute to be optional.";;

ATTRIBUTES

timerValue

GET-REPLACE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 510};

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eventTypeCriteriaPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR

eventTypeCriteriaBehaviour BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"This package provides the attribute to specify eventType record generation criteria. The use of this attribute is described in chapter Trace record transfer. The package is conditional to allow the attribute to be optional.";;

ATTRIBUTES

eventType

GET-REPLACE ADD-REMOVE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 520};

numberOfEventsCriteriaPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR

numberOfEventsCriteriaBehaviour BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"This package provides the attribute to specify numberOfEvents record generation criteria. The use of this attribute is described in chapter Trace record transfer. The package is conditional to allow the attribute to be optional.";;

ATTRIBUTES numberOfEvents

GET-REPLACE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 530};

10.3.5 Trace log record

This managed object class is a subclass of the "eventLogRecord" class described in CCITT X.735 and defined in CCITT X.721 and therefore inherits all of the properties of both the "logRecord" and "eventLogRecord" classes. This includes the name binding "logRecord-log" defined in CCITT X.721.

.\$

traceLogRecord MANAGED OBJECT CLASS DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":eventLogRecord; CHARACTERIZED BY traceLogRecordPackage; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-objectClass 500};

traceLogRecordPackage PACKAGE BEHAVIOUR traceLogRecordBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "This managed object is used to store a single trace record.";; ATTRIBUTES traceType GET, traceRecordContent GET; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-package 600};

10.3.6 Log

This managed object class is described in CCITT X.735 and defined in CCITT X.721.

10.3.7 Event Forwarding Discriminators

The use of event forwarding discriminators (EFDs) is described in detail in CCITT X.734. The object class itself is a subclass of the 'discriminator' object class. Both discriminator and event forwarding discriminator classes are defined in CCITT X.721.

10.4 Attributes

10.4.1 traceActivatedInVIr

.\$

traceActivatedInVIr ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceStatus; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR traceActivatedInVIrBehaviour; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 10};

traceActivatedInVIrBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.5.1.2.1";

10.4.2 foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr

foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIr ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceStatus; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIrBehaviour; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 20};

foreignSubscriberRegisteredInVIrBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.6.1.3.1";

10.4.3 equipmentRegisteredInVIr

.\$

equipmentRegisteredInVIr ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceStatus; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR equipmentRegisteredInVIrBehaviour; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 30};

equipmentRegisteredInVIrBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.6.1.3.2";

10.4.4 mapErrorOnTrace

mapErrorOnTrace ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.MapErrorOnTrace; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, ORDERING; BEHAVIOUR mapErrorOnTraceBehaviour; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 40};

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mapErrorOnTraceBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.5.1.2.1";

10.4.5 IMEI

.\$

imei ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX MAP-CommonDataTypes.IMEI; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, ORDERING; BEHAVIOUR imeiBehaviour; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 50};

imeiBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.6.1.3.2";

10.4.6 IMSI

.\$

imsi ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX MAP-CommonDataTypes.IMSI; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, ORDERING; BEHAVIOUR imsiBehaviour; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 60};

imsiBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.6.1.3.1";

10.4.7 Trace record content

.\$

 traceRecordContent ATTRIBUTE
 WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceRecord; BEHAVIOUR
 traceRecordContentBehaviour BEHAVIOUR
 DEFINED AS
 "This attribute contains the contents of a trace record.";;
 REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 70};

10.4.8 Trace control id.

.\$

traceControlld ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceControlld; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR traceControlldBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "This attribute uniquely identifies a trace control object.";;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 80};

10.4.9 HLR Trace type

.\$

hlrTraceType ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceType; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 90};

10.4.10 Trace reference

.\$

traceReference ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceReference; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, ORDERING; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 100};

10.4.11 Trace type

.\$

traceType ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceType; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 110};

10.4.12 Record criteria

recordCriteria ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.RecordCriteria; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR recordCriteriaBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS

"This attribute specifies the criteria for the generation of a trace record by the network element.";;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 120};

10.4.13 Timer value

.\$

timerValue ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TimerValue; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR timerValueBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS

"This attribute specifies the time between generation of records by the network element.";; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 130};

10.4.14 Event type

.\$

eventType ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.EventType; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR eventTypeBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "This attribute specifies the type of event triggering the generation of a trace record by the network element.";;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 140};

10.4.15 Number of events

.\$

numberOfEvents ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.NumberOfEvents; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; BEHAVIOUR numberOfEventsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "This attribute specifies the number of occurrences of events during a trace record

compilation required to trigger the generation of a record by the network element.";; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 150};

10.4.16 Operation system ID

.\$

operationSystemId ATTRIBUTE WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.OmcId; MATCHES FOR EQUALITY; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-attribute 160};

10.4.17 Operational State

This attribute is described in Recommendation X.731 and the syntax is defined in X.721.

10.4.18 Administrative State

This attribute is described in Recommendation X.731 and the syntax is defined in X.721.

10.5 Notifications

10.5.1 General

All notifications listed below are defined in CCITT X.721:

attributeValueChange objectCreation objectDeletion stateChange

10.5.2 Trace report

.\$ NOTIFICATION BEHAVIOUR traceReportBehaviour; WITH INFORMATION SYNTAX Trace-DataTypes.TraceRecord AND ATTRIBUTE IDS traceReference traceReference, traceType traceType; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-notification 100};

traceReportBehaviour BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"This notification is issued by the trace control function to transmit a trace report to the OS. The attribute Ids may be used by Event Forwarding Discriminators to specify additional filter conditions.";

10.6 Name Bindings

10.6.1 tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr-hIrFunction Name Binding

.\$

tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr-hIrFunction NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "prETS 300 612-1:1995":hIrFunction; WITH ATTRIBUTE imsi; BEHAVIOUR tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr-hIrFunctionBhv; CREATE; DELETE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 100};

tracedHomeSubscriberInHIr-hIrFunctionBhv BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 12.08 clause 5.5":

10.6.2 tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr-vIrFunction Name Binding

.\$

tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr-vIrFunction NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "prETS 300 612-1:1995":vIrFunction; WITH ATTRIBUTE imsi; BEHAVIOUR tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr-vIrFunctionBhv; CREATE; DELETE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 200};

tracedForeignSubscriberInVIr-vIrFunctionBhv BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 1208 clause 5.6";

10.6.3 tracedEquipmentInVIr-vIrFunction Name Binding

.\$

tracedEquipmentInVIr-vIrFunction NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS tracedEquipmentInVIr; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "prETS 300 612-1:1995":vIrFunction; WITH ATTRIBUTE imei; BEHAVIOUR tracedEquipmentInVIr-vIrFunctionBhv; CREATE; DELETE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 300};

tracedEquipmentInVIr-vIrFunctionBhv BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS "see GSM 1208 clause 5.6";

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10.6.4 traceLogRecord-Log Name Binding

.\$

traceLogRecord-Log NAME BINDING SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS traceLogRecord; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":log; WITH ATTRIBUTE "CCITT Rec. X.721 : 1992":logRecordId; DELETE; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 400};

10.6.5 traceControl-hIrFunction Name Binding

.\$

traceControl-hlrFunction NAME BINDING SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS traceControl; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "prETS 300 612-1:1995":hlrFunction; WITH ATTRIBUTE traceControlld; CREATE: DELETE;

REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 500};

10.6.6 traceControl-mscFunction Name Binding

.\$

traceControl-mscFunction NAME BINDING SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS traceControl; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "prETS 300 612-1:1995":mscFunction; WITH ATTRIBUTE traceControlld; CREATE; DELETE: REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 600};

10.6.7 traceControl-bssFunction Name Binding

.\$

traceControl-bssFunction NAME BINDING SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS traceControl; NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "prETS 300 612-1:1995":bssFunction; WITH ATTRIBUTE traceControlld; CREATE: DELETE; REGISTERED AS {Trace-DataTypes.gsm-1208-nameBinding 700};

11 Syntax

Trace-DataTypes {ccitt (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Operation-Maintenance (3) gsm-12-08 (8) informationModel (0) asn1Module (2)}

DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=

BEGIN

-- EXPORTS everything

IMPORTS

gsm-12-08

FROM GSM-DomainDefinitions {ccitt (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Operation-Maintenance (3) gsm-12-30 (30) informationModel (0) asn1Module (2) gsm-OM-DomainDefinitions (0) version (1)}

SS-Info, InterrogateSS-Res, SS-UserData, Password, RegisterSS-Arg, SS-ForBS-Code, USSD-Arg, USSD-Res, GuidanceInfo FROM MAP-SS-DataTypes {ccitt (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-SS-DataTypes (14) version2 (2)}

AddressString, ISDN-AddressString, ISDN-SubaddressString, BasicServiceCode, IMSI, IMEI FROM MAP-CommonDataTypes { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi(0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-CommonDataTypes (18) version2 (2) }

BearerServiceCode FROM MAP-BS-Code { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi(0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-BS-Code (20) version2 (2) }

TeleserviceCode

FROM MAP-TS-Code { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi(0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-TS-Code (19) version2 (2) }

SS-Code

FROM MAP-SS-Code { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi(0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-SS-Code (15) version2 (2) }

SubscriberData

FROM MAP-MS-DataTypes { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi(0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-MS-DataTypes (11) version2 (2) }

SM-DeliveryOutcome,

AlertReason

FROM MAP-SM-DataTypes { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi(0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-SM-DataTypes (16) version2 (2) }

ERROR EROM TCAPMessages (coitt recommendation g 773 m/

FROM TCAPMessages {ccitt recommendation q 773 modules (2) messages (1) version2 (2)}

ObjectInstance FROM CMIP-1 {joint-iso-ccitt ms(9) cmip(1) modules (0) protocol (3)}

ManagementExtension

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FROM Attribute-ASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt ms(9) smi(3) part2 (2) asn1Module(2) 1}

AOCParameters, Diagnostics, LocationAreaAndCell, IMSIorIMEI, TrunkGroup FROM GSM1205-DataTypes { ccitt (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) gsm-Operation-Maintenance (3) gsm-12-05 (5) informationModel (0) asn1Module (2) 1 };

OBJECT IDENT	IFIERS		
gsm-1208-informationModel	OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {gsm-12-08 informationModel (0)}		
gsm-1208-objectClass	OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {gsm-1208-informationModel managedObjectClass (3)}		
gsm-1208-package	OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {gsm-1208-informationModel package (4)}		
gsm-1208-nameBinding	OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {gsm-1208-informationModel nameBinding (6)}		
gsm-1208-attribute	OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {gsm-1208-informationModel attribute (7)}		
gsm-1208-notification	OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {gsm-1208-informationModel notification (10)}		
these values are based on ETR 128 June 1994 (GSM 12.30, ETSI object identifier tree; Common domain Mobile domain O&M managed object registration definition. Resulting values are e.g. {0 4 0 0 3 8 0 3 zzz} for gsm-1208-objectClass. TRACE ACTIVATION			
TraceStatus ::= BOOLEAN TRUE = active FALSE = active pending			
TraceType ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) see GSM 12.08 clause 6.1 for encoding of mscBssTraceType see GSM 12.08 clause 6.2 for encoding of hlrTraceType			
MapErrorOnTrace ::= { noError (0), systemFailure (^ dataMissing (2), unexpectedData facilityNotSuppo unidentifiedSubs tracingBufferFul }	Value (3), rted (4), scriber (5),		

```
-- TRACE RECORD
```

```
TraceRecord
               ::= SET
{
     tracedParty
                            [0] IMSIorIMEI,
     traceReference
                            [1] TraceReference,
     transactionID
                            [2] TransactionID OPTIONAL,
     omcID
                            [3] Omcld OPTIONAL,
     mscBssTraceType
                            [4] TraceType OPTIONAL,
     hlrTraceType
                            [5] TraceType OPTIONAL,
     mscBsstraceTypeUsed [6] TraceType OPTIONAL,
     hlrTraceTypeUsed
                            [7] TraceType OPTIONAL,
                            [8] StartTime OPTIONAL,
     startTime
     endTime
                            [9] EndTime OPTIONAL,
                           [10] RecordingEntity,
     recordingEntity
     traceEventRecords[11] TraceEventRecord,
     sequenceNumber [12] INTEGER OPTIONAL,
     recordReason
                            [13] RecordCriteria OPTIONAL
}
RecordingEntity ::= CHOICE
{
                            [0] ISDN-AddressString,
     number
     name
                            [1] GraphicString,
     bssldentifier
                            [2] ObjectInstance
}
EndTime
                            ::= GeneralizedTime
StartTime
                      ::= GeneralizedTime
TraceReference
                      ::= OCTET STRING
     -- see GSM 08.08
TransactionID
                            ::= OCTET STRING
     -- see GSM 08.08
Omcld
                            ::= AddressString
     -- see GSM 08.08
TraceEventRecord
                      ::= CHOICE
{
     mscEventRecord [0] MSCEventRecord,
     bssEventRecord [1] BSSEventRecord,
     hlrEventRecord [2] HLREventRecord
}
```

-- BSS TRACE RECORD CONTENTS

BSSEventRecord	::= SET
{	

{ invok	ingEvent	[0] BSCInvokingEvent OPTIONAL,
btsld		[1] SEQUENCE OF Btsld OPTIONAL,
trxld		[2] SEQUENCE OF TRXID OPTIONAL,
traulo	n ChannelInfo	[3] SEQUENCE OF TranscoderID OPTIONAL, [4] SEQUENCE OF RadioChannelInfo OPTIONAL,
	estType	[5] SEQUENCE OF TimedEstablishmentCause OPTIONAL,
	dication	[6] SEQUENCE OF EndIndication OPTIONAL,
msPo		[7] SEQUENCE OF MsTxPower OPTIONAL,
bsPo timin	wer gAdvance	[8] SEQUENCE OF BsTxPower OPTIONAL, [9] SEQUENCE OF TimedTimingAdvance OPTIONAL,
	assmark1	[10] SEQUENCE OF TimedMsClassmark1 OPTIONAL,
	assmark2	[11] SEQUENCE OF TimedMsClassmark2 OPTIONAL,
msCl bsic	assmark3	[12] SEQUENCE OF TimedMsClassmark3 OPTIONAL, [13] SEQUENCE OF BSIdentityCode OPTIONAL,
cic		[14] SEQUENCE OF CIC OPTIONAL,
	overResult	[15] SEQUENCE OF TimedHandoverResult OPTIONAL,
	overCause	[16] SEQUENCE OF Cause OPTIONAL,
	overDuration tCellList	[17] SEQUENCE OF TimedHandoverDuration OPTIONAL, [18] SEQUENCE OF TimedTargetCellList OPTIONAL,
syncl		[19] SEQUENCE OF Synchinfo OPTIONAL,
	ConnectionEvent	[20] SEQUENCE OF TimedTraceSCCPEvent OPTIONAL,
bssm dtapI	apEvent	[21] SEQUENCE OF TimedBSSMAPEvent OPTIONAL, [22] SEQUENCE OF TimedDTAPEvent OPTIONAL,
rrEve		[23] SEQUENCE OF TimedRREvent OPTIONAL,
abisE		[24] SEQUENCE OF TimedABISEvent OPTIONAL,
	IAbisEvent	[25] SEQUENCE OF TimedABISEvent OPTIONAL,
	surementReport IMeasurementReport	[26] SEQUENCE OF TimedMeasurementEvent OPTIONAL, [27] SEQUENCE OF TimedMeasurementEvent OPTIONAL,
		SEQUENCE OF TimedPowerControlEvent OPTIONAL,
	PowerControlEvent	[29] SEQUENCE OF TimedPowerControlEvent OPTIONAL,
addit	onalExtensions	[30] SET OF ManagementExtension OPTIONAL
J		
ABISEvent	::= OCTET	
	 this type contains an A reports and power con 	bis message other than measurement
	see GSM 08.58 for en	
BSIdentityC	ode ::= SEQUE	NCE
{	n an IOI Nisturado Calaur	
	ncc [0] NetworkColour bcc [1] BTSColourCoc	
}		
		OTET OTDINO
BSSMAPE		CTET STRING SSMAP layer 3 message contents,
	see GSM 08.08 for en	
BsTxPower	::= SEQUEI	NCE
{	101 T. Devue	
	txPower [0] TxPowe changeTime[1] TimerDa	
}		
BTSColour	Code ::= INTEGE	R (0, 7)

Btsld ::= SEQUENCE { [0] ObjectInstance, relatedBts changeTime [1] TimerData } BSCInvokingEvent ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 08.08 for encoding ::= SEQUENCE Cause { [0] OCTET STRING, cause changeTime[1] TimerData } -- see GSM 08.08 for encoding ::= OCTET STRING ChannelDescription -- see GSM 04.08 ChannelType ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 08.08 CIC ::= SEQUENCE { [0] CircuitIdentityCode, circuitIdentityCode changeTime [1] TimerData } CircuitIdentityCode ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 08.08 for encoding ::= OCTET STRING DTAPEvent -- This type contains a DTAP layer 3 message contents, -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding EndIndication ::= SEQUENCE { rrCause [0] RRCause, changeTime[1] TimerData } EstablishmentCause ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding HandoverResult ::= ENUMERATED { successful (0), fail (1) } ::= INTEGER HandoverDuration -- in milliseconds MeasurementEvent ::= OCTET STRING -- This type contains uplink and downlink measurement -- reports, -- see GSM 08.58 for encoding MobileStationClassmark1 ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding MobileStationClassmark2 ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding

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MobileStationClassmark3 ::= OCTET STRING -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding

MsTxPower	::= SEQUENCE
txPower changeTime }	[0] TxPower, [1] TimerData
NetworkColourCode	::= INTEGER (07)

PowerControlEvent ::= OCTET STRING

-- This type contains power control messages,

-- see GSM 08.58 for encoding

```
RadioChannelInfo
                      ::= SEQUENCE
{
                            [0] ChannelType,
      channelType
      channelDescription[1] ChannelDescription,
      changeTime
                            [2] TimerData
}
RRCause
                            ::= OCTET STRING
           -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding
                            ::= OCTET STRING
RREvent
           -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding
                      ::= SEQUENCE
SynchInfo
{
      syncChannelInfo [0] SynchronisationChannelInformation,
      changeTime
                      [1] TimerData
}
SynchronisationChannelInformation ::= OCTET STRING
           -- see GSM 04.08 for encoding
                            ::= OCTET STRING
TargetCellList
           -- see GSM 08.08 for encoding
TimedABISEvent
                      ::= SEQUENCE
{
      abisEvent
                      [0] ABISEvent,
      changeTime
                      [1] TimerData
}
TimedBSSMAPEvent
                            ::= SEQUENCE
{
      bssmapEvent
                      [0] BSSMAPEvent,
      changeTime
                      [1] TimerData
}
TimedDTAPEvent
                      ::= SEQUENCE
{
      dtapEvent
                      [0] DTAPEvent,
      changeTime
                      [1] TimerData
}
TimedEstablishmentCause
                            ::= SEQUENCE
{
      establishmentCause
                            [0] EstablishmentCause,
      changeTime
                            [1] TimerData
}
TimedHandoverDuration ::= SEQUENCE
{
      handoverDuration
                            [0] HandoverDuration,
      changeTime
                            [1] TimerData
}
TimedHandoverResult
                      ::= SEQUENCE
{
      handoverResult
                            [0] HandoverResult,
      changeTime
                            [1] TimerData
}
TimedMeasurementEvent
                            ::= SEQUENCE
{
```

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}	measurementEvent changeTime		easurementEvent, merData	
TimedMsClassmark1 ::= SEQUENCE				
{ }	mobileStationClassmark changeTime	1	[0] MobileStationClassmark1, [1] TimerData	
Timeo {	dMsClassmark2	::= SB	EQUENCE	
}	mobileStationClassmark changeTime	2	[0] MobileStationClassmark2, [1] TimerData	
Time {	dMsClassmark3	∷= SE	EQUENCE	
}	mobileStationClassmark changeTime	3	[0] MobileStationClassmark3, [1] TimerData	
	dPowerControlEvent	::= SI	EQUENCE	
{ }	powerControlEvent[0] Po changeTime		ontrolEvent, merData	
Timeo {	dRREvent	::= SB	EQUENCE	
}	rrEvent changeTime		REvent, merData	
	dTargetCellList	::= SI	EQUENCE	
{ }	targetCellList changeTime		argetCellList, merData	
	dTimingAdvance ::= SI	EQUE	NCE	
{	timingAdvance changeTime		mingAdvance, merData	
TimingAdvance ::= OCTET STRING see GSM 04.08 for encoding				
Trace		ns an l	STRING BSSMAP message, coding	
	dTraceSCCPEvent ::= SI	EQUE	NCE	
{ }	traceSCCPEvent changeTime		aceSCCPEvent, merData	
Time	rData ::= SI	EQUE	NCE	
{	timeUnit [0] TimeUnit, timeValue [1] INTEGER			

```
}
TimeUnit
                             ::= ENUMERATED
{
      mSec (0),
      sec (1),
      min (2),
      noOfTDMAFrames(3),
      noOfSlots (4),
     factor (5)
}
TranscoderID
                             ::= SEQUENCE
{
      realtedTranscoderID
                             [0] ObjectInstance,
      changeTime
                             [1] TimerData
}
TRXID
                             ::= SEQUENCE
{
      relatedBasebandTransceiverID [0] ObjectInstance,
                                   [1] ObjectInstance,
      realtedRadioCarrierID
                                  [2] TimerData
      changeTime
}
TxPower
                             ::= INTEGER
```

MSC TRACE RECORD CONTENTS

MSCEventRecord ::= SET { [0] MSCInvokingEvent invokingEvent OPTIONAL, servedIMSI [1] IMSI OPTIONAL, servedIMEI [2] IMEI OPTIONAL, servedMSISDN [3] ISDN-AddressString OPTIONAL, callingcalledNumber [4] ISDN-AddressString OPTIONAL, [5] ISDN-SubaddressString callingSubaddress OPTIONAL, [6] ISDN-SubaddressString calledSubaddress OPTIONAL, [7] AddressString translatedNumber OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, connectedNumber [8] AddressString forwardedToNumber [9] ISDN-AddressString OPTIONAL, forwardedToSubaddress [10] ISDN-SubaddressString OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, redirectingNumber [11] ISDN-AddressString [12] ISDN-AdressString originalCalledNumber OPTIONAL. roamingNumber [13] ISDN-AddressString OPTIONAL, networkTKGP [14] TrunkGroup OPTIONAL, [15] BasicServiceCode OPTIONAL. basicService [16] SEQUENCE OF RadioChanneTypes radioChannelTypes OPTIONAL. [17] SEQUENCE OF BSSTrunkInfo bssHandoverTrunk OPTIONAL. [18] SEQUENCE OF MSCTrunkInfo OPTIONAL. mscHandoverTrunk location [19] SEQUENCE OF LocationAreaAndCell OPTIONAL, ssInformation [20] SEQUENCE OF SSInformation OPTIONAL, aocParameters [21] SEQUENCE OF AOCParameters OPTIONAL. [22] SEQUENCE OF TimedMsClassmark2 OPTIONAL, msClassmark callTermDiagnostics [23] Diagnostics OPTIONAL, aIntMess [24] SEQUENCE OF AINTMess OPTIONAL, cIntMess [25] SEQUENCE OF CINTMess OPTIONAL, dIntMess [26] SEQUENCE OF DINTMess OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, eIntMess [27] SEQUENCE OF EINTMess OPTIONAL, fIntMess [28] SEQUENCE OF FINTMess [29] SEQUENCE OF GINTMess gIntMess OPTIONAL, netSigMess [30] SEQUENCE OF NetSigMess OPTIONAL, recordExtensions [31] SET OF ManagementExtension OPTIONAL } **BSSTrunkInfo** ::= SEQUENCE { changeTime [0] TimerData, bssTrunkInfo [1] TrunkInfo } **MSCInvokingEvent** ::= ENUMERATED { moc (0),mtc (1), ssAction (2), locationUpdate (3), (4), sms-mo sms-mt (5), imsiAttachDetach (6) } NetSigMess ::= SEQUENCE { userPartMess [0] OCTET STRING, changeTime [1] TimerData }

```
MSCTrunkInfo
                              ::= SEQUENCE
{
      changeTime
                        [0] TimerData,
      interMSCTrunkInfo[1] TrunkInfo
}
RadioChannelTypes
                              ::= SEQUENCE
{
      channelType
                        [0] ChannelType,
      channelTime
                        [1] TimerData
}
SSInformation
                              ::= SEQUENCE
{
      supplServicesUsed
                              [1] SS-Code OPTIONAL,
      basicServices
                              [2] BasicServiceCode OPTIONAL,
      ssAction
                              [3] SSActionType OPTIONAL,
      ssParameters
                              [4] SSParameters OPTIONAL,
      ssActionResult
                              [5] SSActionResult OPTIONAL,
                              [6] INTEGER OPTIONAL,
      ssInvokeld
      changeTime
                              [7] TimerData
}
                        ::= SEQUENCE
TrunkInfo
{
      trunkGroup
                        [0] TrunkGroup,
      trunkMember
                        [1] INTEGER OPTIONAL
}
SSActionType
                              ::= ENUMERATED
{
      registration
                                          (0),
      erasure
                                          (1),
      activation
                                          (2),
      deactivation
                                          (3),
      interrogation
                                          (4),
      invocation
                                          (5),
      processUnstructuredSS-Data
                                          (6),
      processUnstructuredSS-Request
                                          (7),
      unstructuredSS-Request
                                          (8),
      unstructuredNotifySS
                                          (9),
      registerPassword
                                          (10),
      getPassword
                                          (11)
}
SSParameters
                              ::= CHOICE
{
      registerSS-Arg
                        [0] RegisterSS-Arg,
      ss-ForBS
                        [1] SS-ForBS-Code,
      ss-UserData
                        [2] SS-UserData,
      ussd-Arg
                        [3] USSD-Arg,
      ss-Code
                        [4] SS-Code,
      guidanceInfo
                        [5] GuidanceInfo
}
SSActionResult
                        ::= CHOICE
{
                        [0] SS-Info,
      ss-Info
      interrogateSS-Res [1] InterrogateSS-Res,
      ss-UserData
                        [2] SS-UserData,
                        [3] USSD-Res,
      ussd-Res
      password
                        [4] Password,
```

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```
error
                     [5] ERROR
}
AINTMess
                     ::= SEQUENCE
{
     aIntEvent
                AINTEvent
}
AINTEvent
                          CHOICE
                     ::=
{
     bssMapEvent
                     [0] BSSMAPEvent,
     dtapEvent
                     [1] DTAPEvent
}
CINTMess
                     ::= SEQUENCE
{
     changeTime
                     TimerData,
     cIntMess
                     OCTET STRING
}
DINTMess
                     ::= SEQUENCE
{
     changeTime
                     TimerData,
     dIntMess
                     OCTET STRING
}
EINTMess
                     ::= SEQUENCE
{
     changeTime
                     TimerData,
                     OCTET STRING
     eIntMess
}
FINTMess
                     ::= SEQUENCE
{
     changeTime
                     TimerData,
     fIntMess
                     OCTET STRING
}
GINTMess
                     ::= SEQUENCE
{
     changeTime
                     TimerData,
     gIntMess
                     OCTET STRING
}
```

_____ HLR TRACE RECORD CONTENTS HLREventRecord ::= SET { [0] HLRInvokingEvent OPTIONAL, invokingEvent servedMSISDN [2] ISDN-AddressString OPTIONAL, mscAddress [3] AddressString OPTIONAL, vlrNumber [4] AddressString OPTIONAL, [5] SEQUENCE OF SSInformation ssInformation OPTIONAL, [7] SEQUENCE OF SubscriberData OPTIONAL, subscriberData OPTIONAL, [8] ISDN-AddressString roamingNumber [9] SEQUENCE OF SM-DeliveryOutcome OPTIONAL, smDeliveryOutcome OPTIONAL, alertReason [10] SEQUENCE OF AlertReason [11] SEQUENCE OF AddressString serviceCentreAddress OPTIONAL, mapInterfaceMessages [12] SEQUENCE OF MAPIntMess OPTIONAL, [13] SET OF ManagementExtension OPTIONAL recordExtensions } HLRInvokingEvent ::= ENUMERATED { locationChange (0),subscriberDataChange (1), routingEnguiry (2), provideRoamingNumber (3), ssActivity (4), password (5), sms (6) } MAPIntMess ::= SEQUENCE { changeTime TimerData, mapIntMess OCTET STRING }

------- TRACE RECORD TRANSFER

TraceControlld	::= INTEGER
RecordCriteria	::= SET OF ENUMERATED
1	noCriteria (0), timed (1), numbered (2), eventType (3), manufSpecificCriteria (4)
}	
TimerValue	::= INTEGER expressed in seconds
EventType {	::= SET OF ENUMERATED
l	handOver (0), ss-action (1), sms (2), setup (3), release (4), values 5-100 are reserved values 101-200 are manufacturer specific values 201 are reserved
}	
NumberOfEvents	::= INTEGER number of recorded events into one trace record after which a record must be generated

END

History

Document history			
January 1996	Public Enquiry	PE 100:	1996-01-22 to 1996-05-17