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Zero-touch network and Service Management (ZSM); Terminology for concepts in ZSM

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Reference

DGS/ZSM-007ed111_Terminology

Keywords

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Foreword

This Group Specification (GS) has been produced by ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) Zero touch network and Service Management (ZSM).

Modal verbs terminology

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1 Scope

The present document provides a glossary of terms and concepts related to Zero touch network and Service Management (ZSM) with the goal to achieve a common language across all the ETSI ISG ZSM deliverables and to serve as terminology reference for use across the industry. Where necessary, verbose descriptions providing background for formal concise definitions will be documented.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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Not applicable.

2.2 Informative references

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] MEF Reference Wiki.

NOTE: Available at https://wiki.mef.net/display/CESG/MEF+Reference+Wiki.

[i.2] ETSI GS NFV 003: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Terminology for Main Concepts in NFV".

ETSI GS ZSM 002: "Zero-touch network and Service Management (ZSM); Reference Architecture".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and definitions

3.1 Terms

[i.3]

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

artificial intelligence: algorithms that are capable of human-like traits, e.g. knowledge representation, reasoning, planning, learning, and acting, and decides on actions to be taken that maximizes the chances of achieving a target goal

authorized consumer: service consumer, inside or outside a given management domain, that is allowed to use the offered services

cross-domain data services: services that allow to share data with authorized consumers across management domains

data governance: processes to define and enforce access restrictions to data, and to attach related metadata to the data

End-to-End Service (E2ES): CFS composed from RFSs and/or CFSs originating from one or multiple domains

E2E service management domain: management domain specialized to manage E2E services

external visibility: property of a ZSM service that indicates whether the scope of the service consumption spans outside the management domain

NOTE: Conventions for external visibility are defined in clause 3.4 of ETSI GS ZSM 002 [i.3].

federated orchestration: orchestration performed by multiple autonomous management domains

NOTE: Autonomous domains in this context is related to independent (or self-regulating), not to be confused with the degree of automation.

hierarchical orchestration: orchestration decomposed into one or more hierarchical interactions where parts of the service are delegated to a subordinate orchestrator

integration fabric: management function that plays both the roles of service consumer and service producer and which facilitates the interoperation and communication between management functions

intent-based interface: interface to phrase the consumer request(s) of what is required in a declarative form

key performance indicator: measurement of a specific aspect of the performance of a service that can be used in a service level objective

machine intelligence: algorithms that leverage artificial intelligence and machine learning to enable autonomic (zero-touch) network and service management

machine learning: algorithms that can "learn" from data and improve the ability of executing a target goal, mainly based on recognizing patterns in historical and/or operational data and applying the recognized patterns to new input data

machine learning sandbox: synthetic environment that is isolated from production environment where network behaviour is represented, and machine learning algorithms can safely execute and use real and/or synthetic data

managed entity: managed resource or managed service

NOTE: Examples of managed entities are infrastructure resources, such as Virtual Network Functions (VNF), physical network functions (PNF), and services such as cloud services, NFV network services, CFSs, RFSs.

managed resource: resource that is managed by one or more ZSM services

managed service: service that is managed by one or more ZSM services

management domain: scope of management that federates together management services, that enables their exposure towards external service consumers and that is delineated by a business, administrative, technological or other boundary

management function: logical entity playing the roles of service consumer and/or service producer

management service: See "ZSM service".

Network Function (NF): functional block within a network infrastructure that has well-defined external interfaces and well-defined functional behaviour

NOTE: In practical terms, a network function is today often a network node or physical appliance (ETSI GS NFV 003 [i.2]).

Network Service (NS): composition of network function(s) and/or network service(s), defined by its functional and behavioural specification (https://wiki.mef.net/display/CESG/Service)

self-configuration: process by which an entity automatically configures itself, without human direct intervention

self-optimization: process by which an entity autonomously and continuously optimizes itself by adapting to the environment

self-healing: process by which an entity perceives that it is not operating correctly and makes the necessary adjustments to restore itself to normality, without human intervention

self-monitoring: process by which an entity monitors its own behaviour

self-scaling: process by which an entity is able to automatically add and/or remove resources or instances

service capability: specific part of a ZSM service

NOTE: Examples of service capabilities are defined in the sub-clauses "Provided management services" of clauses 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 of ETSI GS ZSM 002 [i.3].

service consumer: role of an entity consuming one or more ZSM services

service end-point: interface through which service capabilities are offered and consumed

service level agreement: part of a business agreement between a service provider and a customer, specifying the committed service quality and quantity in terms of service level specifications, and the associated consequences in case the service level objectives are not met

service level objective: element in a service level specification that is defined in terms of parameters, and related metrics, thresholds and tolerances associated with the parameters

service level specification: specification of the minimum acceptable standard of service

service producer: role of an entity offering one or more ZSM services

ZSM framework: set of services that together provide capabilities for the automatic network and service management

ZSM framework consumer: entity outside the ZSM framework that uses one or several of the management capabilities offered by the ZSM framework

NOTE 1: ZSM framework consumers may be non-human entities (e.g. digital store fronts, web portals, BSS components, other ZSM framework instances) or human users.

NOTE 2: ZSM services offer machine consumable interfaces. They may also allow interfacing with human users using e.g. a GUI, web portal or application.

ZSM framework owner: (business) entity that owns the ZSM framework and the rights to operate it

NOTE: As entity, the ZSM framework owner is non-human, but it "employs" humans for different tasks.

EXAMPLE: An operator company that bought, rents or leases the ZSM framework.

ZSM framework provider: entity that the ZSM framework uses to manage networks and (telecommunication) services

NOTE: These entities are non-human (i.e. SW modules, HW components, systems of SW and HW), but may require human actions for different tasks.

ZSM framework vendor: (business) entity that supplies SW and/or HW components for the ZSM framework and/or one or more ZSM framework provider

NOTE 1: As entity, the ZSM framework vendor is non-human, but it "employs" humans for different tasks.

NOTE 2: ZSM framework vendors may be commercial business entities or non-commercial organizations.

ZSM service: set of offered management capabilities

NOTE: The terms "ZSM service" and "management service" are used interchangeably.

3.2 Symbols

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

3GPP 3rd Generation Partnership Project

5G 5th Generation cellular network technology

5GC 5G Core

AI Artificial Intelligence

AMF Access and Mobility management Function

API Application Programming Interface

AR Augmented Reality BBU BaseBand Unit

BSS Business Support System
CD Continuous Delivery
CDS Cross-domain Data Services
CFS Customer Facing Service
CI Continuous Integration
CPU Central Processing Unit

CSP Communication Service Provider

DCN Data Center Network
DN Data Network
E2E End-to-End

E2ES End-to-End Service

EMS Element Management System

EP End-Point

ETSI European Telecommunications Standards Institute

FCAPS Fault, Configuration, Accounting, Performance and Security

FM Fault Management

GDPR General Data Protection Regulation
GPRS General Packet Radio Service

GR Group Report
GS Group Specification
GUI Graphical User Interface

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

IF Integration Fabric

IFA InterFaces and Architecture IMS IP Multimedia Subsystem

IP Internet Protocol

IPR Intellectual Property Rights
IP-SEC Internet Protocol SECurity
ISG Industry Specification Group
IT Information Technology
KPI Key Performance Indicator
LCM Life Cycle Management
LI Lawful Intercept

LTE Lawrui Intercept
Long Term Evolution

MANO MANagement and Orchestration

MAPE-K Monitor-Analyse -Plan-Execute plus Knowledge

MD Management Domain
MF Management Function
MI Machine Intelligence
ML Machine Learning

MLaaS Machine Learning as a Service

MRACL Model-Reference Adaptive Control Loop

NaaS Network as a Service
NBI NorthBound Interface
NF Network Function

NFV Network Functions Virtualisation

NFVI NFV Infrastructure
NFVIa aSNFVI as a Service
NFVO NFV Orchestrator
NG Next Generation
NG-RAN Next-Generation RAN

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology

NS Network Service

NSSI Network Slice Subnet Instance NSaaS Network Slice as a Service

NW NetWork

OLA Operational Level Agreement
ONAP Open Network Automation Platform
ODDA Observa Orient Decide Act

OODA Observe, Orient, Decide, Act OPEX OPerating EXpenditure OS Operating System

OSS Operations Support System
PAP Policy Administration Point
PDN Packet Data Network
PF Policy Function

PM Performance Management
PNF Physical Network Function
RAN Radio Access Network

REST REpresentational State Transfer RFS Resource Facing Service RL Reinforcement Learning SBI SouthBound Interface SDN Software-Defined Network

SDO Standards Development Organization

SLA Service Level Agreement
SLO Service Level Objective
SLS Service Level Specification

SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol

SW SoftWare

TCO Total Cost of Ownership
TS Technical Specification
TTM Time To Market
UE User Equipment

URLLC Ultra Reliable Low Latency Communication

VIM Virtualised Infrastructure Manager
VLAN Virtualised Local Area Network
VNF Virtualised Network Function

VNFM VNF Manager

VPN Virtual Private Network

VR Virtual Reality
WAN Wide Area Network
WG Working Group
XaaS X-as-a-Service

ZSM Zero-touch network and Service Management

eMBB enhanced Mobile BroadBand gNB next Generation NodeB mIoT massive Internet of Things

vEPG Virtualised Evolved Packet Gateway vMME Virtualised Mobility Management Entity

vPGW Virtualised PDN Gateway

vSGSN Virtualised Serving GPRS Support Node

Annex A (informative): Change History

Date	Version	Information about changes		
3 July 2018	0.0.1	ZSM(18)000245r2_Terminology_WI_document_structure.zip		
18 Sept. 2018	0.1.0	Incorporated contributions: - ZSM(18)000306_ZSM007_Definitions_of_ZSM_framework_and_ZSM_serviceincorpor.docx - ZSM(18)000343r1_Terminology_related_to_ZSM001_Update_section_5_7.doc x		
10 Oct. 2018	0.1.1	Incorporated contributions: - ZSM(18)000378r1_ZSM007_Definition_of_integration_fabric.docx		
6 Nov. 2018	0.2.0	Incorporated contributions: - ZSM(18)000336r2_ZSM007_Definitions_of_Artificial_IntelligenceMachine_L earn.docx - ZSM(18)000409r1_ZSM007_Definition_of_ML_sandbox_and_authorized_cons umers.docx - ZSM(18)000460r2_ZSM007Definition_of_CI_CD.docx - ZSM(18)000472r1_ZSM007_3_Terms_and_definitions.docx - ZSM(18)000503_ZSM007_part_of_ZSM_18_000415r1.docx		
14 Dec. 2018	0.3.0	Incorporated contributions: - ZSM(18)000474r3_ZSM007_Definition_of_Network_Service.docx - ZSM(18)000509r4_Definition_of_terms_used_in_ZSM_18_000195r7.docx - ZSM(18)000565r1_ZSM007_Definition_of_managed_entity.docx		
12 Jan. 2018	Incorporated contributions:			
22 Mar. 2019	0.3.2	Incorporated contribution: - ZSM(19)000151 "ZSM007 Definitions changes from 85"		
23 Apr. 2019	0.3.3	Incorporated contributions: - ZSM(19)000109r1_ZSM007_definitions_from_90 - ZSM(19)000139r2_ZSM007_Definition_of_self-monitoring_and_self-scaling		
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11 Jul 2019	0.5.0	Void		
11 Jul 2019	0.6.0	Made editorial changes based on input from the ZSM002 rapporteur		
13 Jul 2019	0.6.1	Added abbreviations missing from ZSM002 and consequently from ZSM007, as well as abbreviations collected from the body of ZSM001		

History

Document history						
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