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**Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS);  
The Test Description Language (TDL);  
Part 4: Structured Test Objective Specification (Extension)**

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**Reference**

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# Foreword

This ETSI Standard (ES) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS).

The present document is part 4 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1].

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# Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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# Introduction

Test purposes play an essential role in test specification processes at ETSI. Currently, TDL treats test purposes and test objectives in general as informal text without any additional structural constraints. This extension package for TDL refines and formalizes test objective specification within TDL by introducing relevant meta-model concepts and a corresponding syntactical notation, both of which are related to TPLan ETSI ES 202 553 [i.1] and TPLan-like notations already established at ETSI. This enables test purpose specification to enter the modelling world and paves the way for improved tool support and better structured test objectives, as well as additional formal verification and validation facilities down the road by integrating and unifying the means for the specification of test purposes and test descriptions, while relying on the same underlying meta-model and benefiting from other related technologies built around this meta-model.

The present document describes the relevant abstract syntax (meta-model) extensions as well as the corresponding concrete syntactical notation.

NOTE: The use of underline (additional text) and strikethrough (deleted text) highlights the differences between base document and extended documents.

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies an extension of the Test Description Language (TDL) enabling the specification of structured test objectives. The extension covers the necessary additional constructs in the abstract syntax, their semantics, as well as the concrete graphical syntactic notation for the added constructs. In addition textual syntax examples of the TDL Structured Test Objectives extensions as well as BNF rules for a textual syntax for TDL with the Structured Test Objectives extensions are provided. The intended use of the present document is to serve both as a foundation for TDL tools implementing support for the specification of structured test objectives, as well as a reference for end users applying the standardized syntax for the specification of structured test objectives with TDL.

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# 2 References

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Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI ES 203 119-1 (V1.6.1): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Test Description Language (TDL); Part 1: Abstract Syntax and Associated Semantics".
- [2] ETSI ES 203 119-2 (V1.5.1): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Test Description Language (TDL); Part 2: Graphical Syntax".
- [3] ETSI ES 203 119-3 (V1.5.1): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Test Description Language (TDL); Part 3: Exchange Format".
- [4] ETSI ES 203 119-8 (V1.1.1): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Test Description Language (TDL); Part 8: Textual Syntax".

## 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI ES 202 553 (V1.2.1): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); TPLan: A notation for expressing Test Purposes".



- [i.2] ETSI TS 136 523-1 (V10.2.0): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Part 1: Protocol conformance specification (3GPP TS 36.523-1 version 10.2.0 Release 10)".
- [i.3] ETSI TS 186 011-2: "Core Network and Interoperability Testing (INT); IMS NNI Interoperability Test Specifications (3GPP Release 10); Part 2: Test descriptions for IMS NNI Interoperability".
- [i.4] ETSI: The TDL Open Source Project Website.

NOTE: Available at <https://tdl.etsi.org/index.php/open-source>.

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## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI ES 203 119-1 [1], ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2], ETSI ES 203 119-3 [3], ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4] and the following apply:

**context:** set of circumstances related to the occurrence of an event

**entity:** object that may be involved in the occurrence of an event as part of a specific context

**entity type:** alias for additional meta-information that may be used to describe one or more entities

**event:** observable phenomenon or state that may occur in a specific context

NOTE: Related to a term of the same name defined in ETSI ES 202 553 [i.1].

**event occurrence:** description of the occurrence of an event in a specific context

**event type:** alias for additional meta-information that may be used to describe one or more events

### 3.2 Symbols

Void.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BNF	Backus-Naur Form
EBNF	Extended Backus-Naur Form
IMS	IP Multimedia Subsystem
IUT	Implementation Under Test
OCL	Object Constraint Language™
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
SUT	System Under Test
TDL	Test Description Language
TPLan	Test Purpose Notation

---

## 4 Basic principles

### 4.1 Structured Test Objective Specification

The present document defines an extension for TDL enabling the specification of structured test objectives. Rather than rely on external documents or informal text provided by the default test objective specification facilities of TDL, this extension enables users to describe test objectives in a more structured and formalized manner which may enable subsequent generation of test description skeletons and consistency checking against test descriptions realizing a given test objective. In addition, the structured approach to test objective specification also enables syntactical and semantical consistency checking of the test objectives themselves.

The abstract concepts and the concrete syntax are based on TPLan ETSI ES 202 553 [i.1] to a large extent, as they also reflect concepts and practices already established at ETSI. The fundamental concept in the specification of a structured test objectives is the event occurrence which describes the occurrence of an abstract event in a specific context, comprising one or more involved entities, an event argument, as well as a time label and/or a time constraint.

Events and entities referenced in an event occurrence shall be defined in advance as part of a domain description which may then be reused across all structured test objective specifications in that domain. An entity is an abstract representation of an object involved in an event occurrence that may be realized as a component instance or a gate instance within a test description realizing the structured test objective.

An event argument may either refer to a data instance for data already defined with the facilities provided by TDL, or, following a more light weight approach, describe data inline without the need to define all data types and instances in advance. Pre-defined data and inline data may be integrated to a certain degree. Inline data may refer to pre-defined data, but pre-defined data shall not refer to inline data.

Event occurrence specifications are organized in the different compartments of a structured test objective, including initial conditions, expected behaviour, and final conditions. Multiple event occurrences are combined by means of an 'and' or 'or' operand indicating how subsequent event occurrences are related to each other (as a sequence or as alternatives, respectively).

Structured test objectives may also include references to PICS which may be used as selection criteria for the concrete realization of the test objectives. The PICS shall be defined in advance as part of the domain description. Multiple PICS references within the same structured test objective are combined by means of an 'and' or 'or' operand indicating how subsequent referenced PICS are related to each other.

Test objective variants may be included in a structured test objective to describe additional test objectives derived from the structured test objective by specialising or overriding data elements and meta information.

### 4.2 Document Structure

The present document defines the structured test objective specification extension for TDL comprising:

- Meta-model extension describing additional concepts required for the specification of structured test objectives (clause 5).
- Graphical concrete syntax extension describing corresponding shapes for the representation of the additional concepts (clause 6).
- Exchange format extension describing corresponding representation of the additional concepts (clause 7).
- Textual concrete syntax extension describing corresponding derivations for the representation of the additional concepts (clause 8).
- An informative annex with examples in a textual concrete syntax (annex A).
- An informative annex with production rules for the example textual syntax (annex B).

## 4.3 Notational Conventions

The present document inherits the notational conventions defined in ETSI ES 203 119-1 [1], ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2], and ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4].

The abstract syntax specification and the classifier descriptions follow the notational conventions defined in clause 4.5 of Abstract Syntax and Associated Semantics [1]. The concrete syntax notation specification for the graphical syntax extensions follows the notational conventions described in clause 4.5 of the Graphical Syntax [2]. The concrete syntax notation specification for the textual syntax extensions follows the basic principles described in clause 4.3 of the Textual Syntax [4] and the general rules described in clause 5 of the Textual Syntax [4].

## 4.4 Element Operations

The following operations shall be provided in an implementation of the TDL-TO extension to the TDL meta-model in order to ensure the semantic integrity of TDL-TO models, in addition to the operations defined for the TDL meta-model in ETSI ES 203 119-1 [1]. The operations are also used as reusable shortcuts for the specification of the formalized constraints and are required for their interpretation, in addition to the operations provided by the standard library of OCL:

- OclAny **getTestObjective** (): StructuredTestObjective - applicable on any TDL 'Element', returns the 'StructuredTestObjective' that contains the construct directly or indirectly.
- OclAny **contains** (object: OclAny): Boolean - applicable on any TDL 'Element', accepts a TDL 'Element' as parameter 'object', returns 'true' if the 'Element' contains the 'object' and 'false' otherwise.
- StructuredTestObjective **indexOf** (object: OclAny): Integer - applicable on a 'StructuredTestObjective', accepts a TDL 'Element' as parameter 'object', returns the position of the 'object' within the flattened list of all 'Element's directly and indirectly contained within the 'StructuredTestObjective'. The list is flattened according to a depth-first approach.
- OclAny **getNotes** (): Set<Comment> - applicable on any TDL 'Element', returns a set of all named 'Comment's that are contained within the 'Element'.

## 4.5 Conformance

For an implementation claiming to conform to this extension of the TDL meta-model, all concepts specified in the present document and in ETSI ES 203 119-1 [1], as well as the concrete syntax representation specified in the present document shall be implemented consistently with the requirements given in the present document and in ETSI ES 203 119-1 [1]. The electronic attachment from annex A in ETSI ES 203 119-1 [1] may serve as a starting point for a TDL meta-model implementation conforming to the present document and the overall abstract syntax of TDL [1].

---

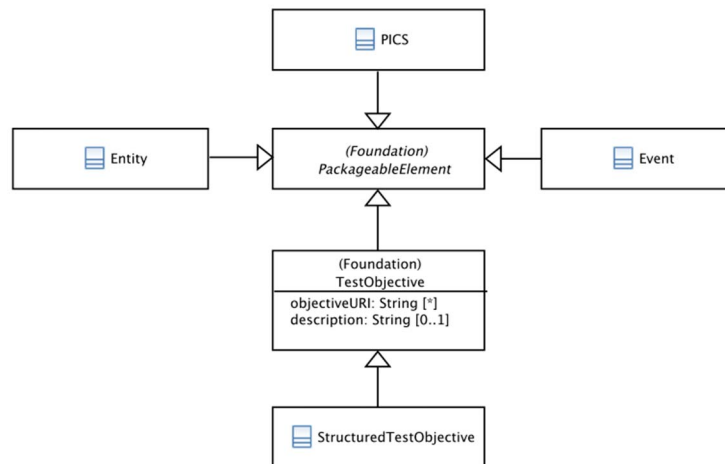
# 5 Meta-Model Extensions

## 5.1 Overview

The structured test objective specification is defined within a single package in the TDL meta-model. It relies on several concepts from the 'Foundation', 'Data' and 'Time' packages of the TDL meta-model.

## 5.2 Foundation Abstract Syntax and Classifier Description

### 5.2.1 Entity



**Figure 5.1: Structured Test Objective Specification Foundation Concepts**

#### Semantics

An 'Entity' is a 'PackageableElement' that describes a participant in an 'EventOccurrence'. User defined entities, such as IUT, SUT, Tester, etc., may be referenced by means of an 'EntityReference' within an 'EventOccurrence' as the source and/or target of an 'Event' referenced in a corresponding 'EventReference'. Whether an 'Entity' corresponds to a 'ComponentInstance' or a 'GateInstance' is not specified in advance. 'Annotation's may be used to provide an indication for the type and role of the 'Entity'.

#### Generalizations

- PackageableElement

#### Properties

There are no properties specified.

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### 5.2.2 Event

#### Semantics

An 'Event' is a 'PackageableElement' that describes a user defined event or activity that may be referenced in an 'EventOccurrence'. The direction of an 'Event' with respect to the 'Entity' or 'Entity's referenced in the 'EventOccurrence' depends on the interpretation of the 'Event', where 'Annotation's may be used to provide additional information as an indication of the intended interpretation.

#### Generalizations

- PackageableElement

### Properties

There are no properties specified.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.2.3 PICS

### Semantics

A 'PICS' is a 'PackageableElement' that may be referenced in 'StructuredTestObjective's to indicate selection criteria for the 'StructuredTestObjective' based on features required for and/or tested with the realization of the 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Generalizations

- PackageableElement

### Properties

There are no properties specified.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.3 Test Objective Abstract Syntax and Classifier Description

### 5.3.1 StructuredTestObjective

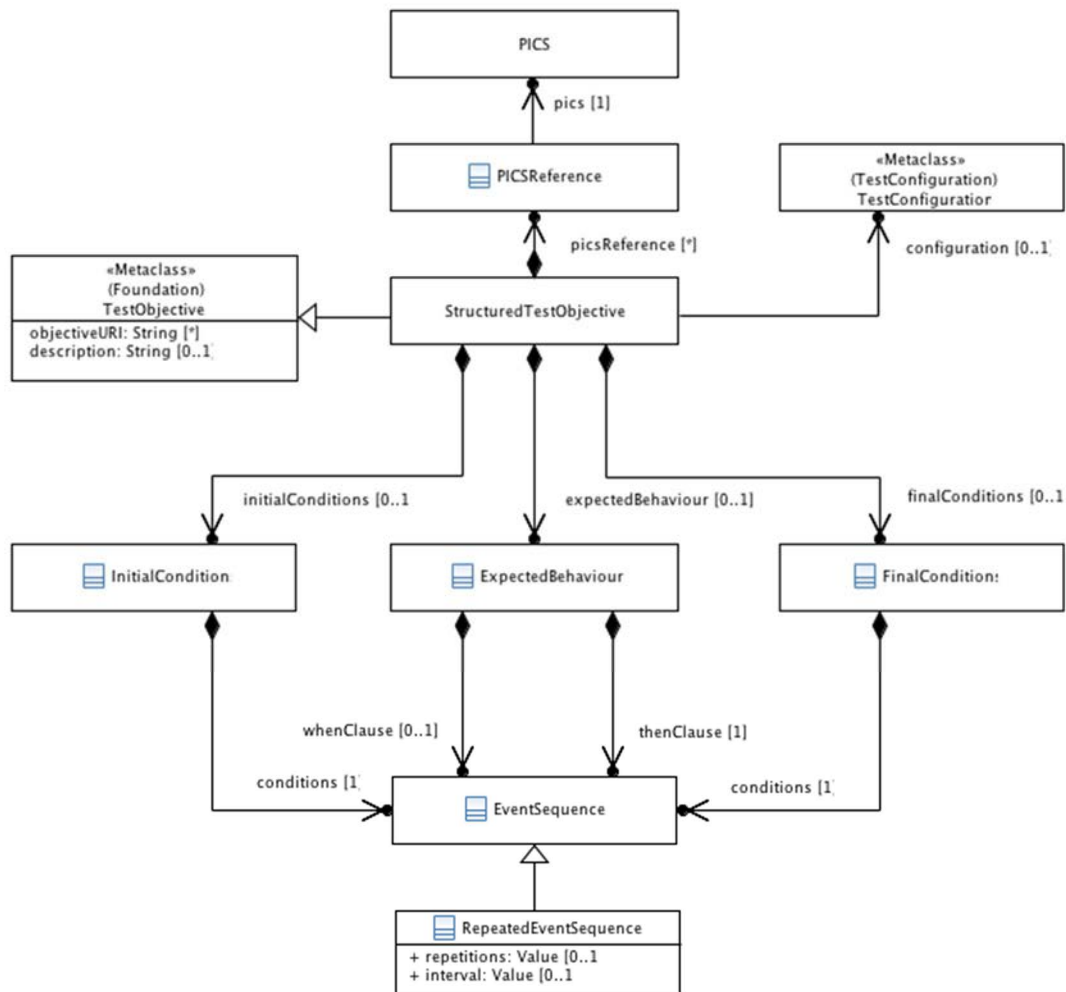


Figure 5.2: Structured Test Objective Concepts

#### Semantics

A 'StructuredTestObjective' is a refinement of 'TestObjective' that enables the use of additional constructs in order to formalize the description of 'TestObjective's. In addition to the 'description' and 'objectiveURI' properties inherited from 'TestObjective', a 'StructuredTestObjective' includes 'PICSReferences', 'InitialConditions', 'ExpectedBehaviour' and 'FinalConditions'. A 'StructuredTestObjective' may optionally reference a 'TestConfiguration' on which the 'StructuredTestObjective' shall be realized. The referenced 'TestConfiguration' provides descriptive information regarding the intended setup for the 'StructuredTestObjective'.

A 'StructuredTestObjective' may include 'Variants' which define new 'StructuredTestObjective's based on this 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Generalizations

- TestObjective

## Properties

- `picsReference` : `PICSReference` [\*] {ordered}  
An ordered set of 'PICSReferences' to 'PICS'.
- `configuration` : `TestConfiguration` [0..1]  
A reference to a 'TestConfiguration'.
- `initialConditions` : `InitialConditions` [0..1]  
Initial conditions description for the 'StructuredTestObjective'.
- `expectedBehaviour` : `ExpectedBehaviour` [0..1]  
Expected behaviour description for the 'StructuredTestObjective'.
- `finalConditions` : `FinalConditions` [0..1]  
Final conditions description for the 'StructuredTestObjective'.
- `variants`: `Variants` [0..1]  
Container for 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant's.

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.3.2 PICSReference

### Semantics

A 'PICSReference' is an 'Element' that enables the referencing of 'PICS' within a 'StructuredTestObjective'.  
A 'Comment' with body containing an 'and' or 'or' shall be used as a Boolean operand if there are two or more 'PICSReference's specified within a 'StructuredTestObjective', starting with the second 'PICSReference' to indicate how the referenced 'PICS' shall be interpreted with regard to the other referenced 'PICS' within the same 'StructuredTestObjective'. A 'Comment' with body containing 'not' may be used to indicate that the referenced 'PICS' is to be negated.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- `pics` : `PICS` [1]  
The referenced 'PICS'.

### Constraints

- **Combining Multiple 'PICSReference's**  
A 'Comment' with body containing an 'and' or 'or' shall be attached to the 'PICSReference' as a Boolean operand if there are two or more 'PICSReference's and it is not the first 'PICSReference'.  
inv: **MultiplePICS**:  
self.container().picsReference->size() < 2  
or self.container().picsReference->forall(p |  
self.container().picsReference->at(0) = p  
or (not p.comment->isEmpty()  
and (p.comment->first().body = 'and'  
or p.comment->first().body = 'or'))

### 5.3.3 InitialConditions

#### Semantics

'InitialConditions' is an 'Element' containing an 'EventSequence' describing the initial conditions of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Generalizations

- Element

#### Properties

- conditions : EventSequence [1]  
An 'EventSequence' containing the 'EventOccurrence's describing the initial conditions for the 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### 5.3.4 ExpectedBehaviour

#### Semantics

'ExpectedBehaviour' is an 'Element' containing an 'EventSequence' describing the expected behaviour specified in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Generalizations

- Element

#### Properties

- whenClause : EventSequence [0..1]  
An 'EventSequence' containing the 'EventOccurrence's describing the stimuli for the 'ExpectedBehaviour' of the 'StructuredTestObjective'.
- thenClause : EventSequence [1]  
An 'EventSequence' containing the 'EventOccurrence's describing the expected reaction for the 'ExpectedBehaviour' of the 'StructuredTestObjective' or the resulting expected state.

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### 5.3.5 FinalConditions

#### Semantics

'FinalConditions' is an 'Element' containing an 'EventSequence' describing the final conditions of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Generalizations

- Element



## Properties

- conditions : EventSequence [1]  
An 'EventSequence' containing the 'EventOccurrence's describing the final conditions for the 'StructuredTestObjective'.

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.4 Events Abstract Syntax and Classifier Description

### 5.4.1 EventSequence

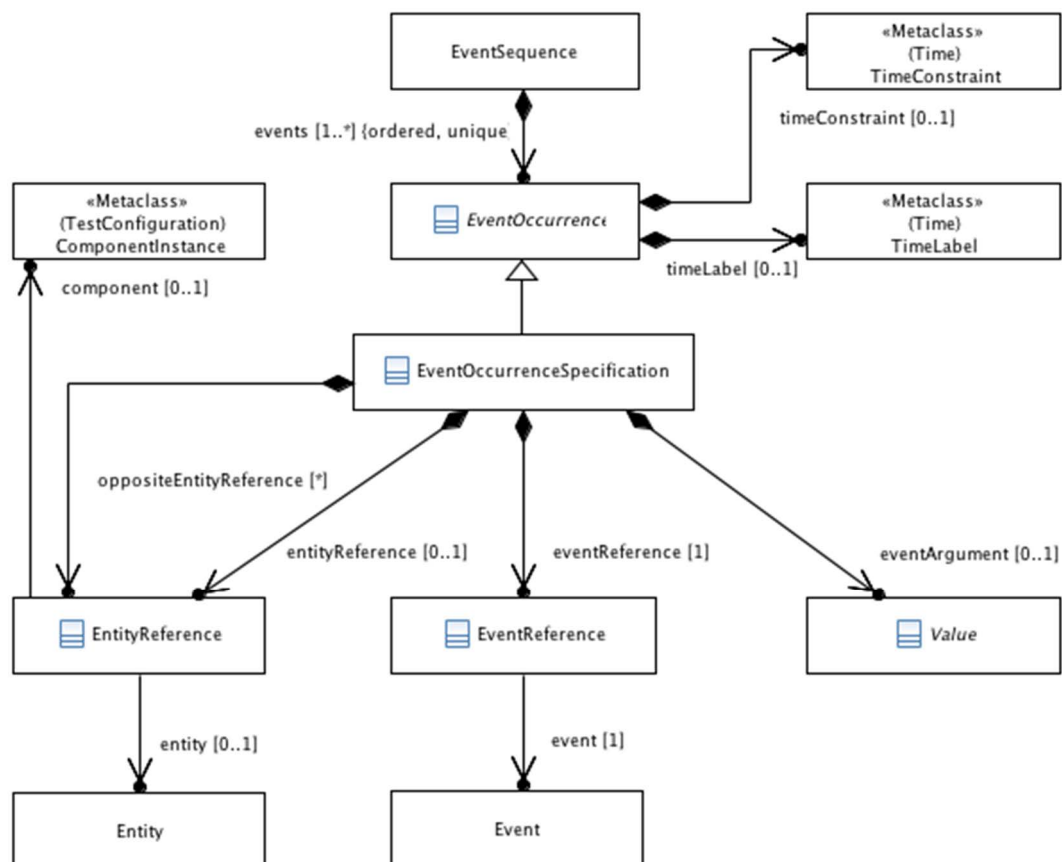


Figure 5.3: Events Concepts

## Semantics

'EventSequence' is an 'Element' containing 'EventOccurrence's.

## Generalizations

- Element

## Properties

- events : EventOccurrence [1..\*] {ordered}  
A sequence of 'EventOccurrence's.

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.4.2 RepeatedEventSequence

### Semantics

'RepeatedEventSequence' is an 'EventSequence' optionally specifying a number of repetitions or a repetition interval. In case neither the number of repetitions nor the repetition interval is specified, the 'EventOccurrences' defined in the 'RepeatedEventSequence' may occur indefinite number of times with arbitrary frequency. If the 'repetitions' property is defined, the associated 'EventOccurrence's are executed the specified number of times. If the 'interval' property is defined, the associated 'EventOccurrence' are executed repeatedly with the specified time interval.

### Generalizations

- EventSequence

### Properties

- repetitions : Value [0..1]  
A 'Value' expression that specifies the number of repetitions the 'EventOccurrence's shall be executed.
- interval: Value [0..1]  
A 'Value' expression that specifies the interval between each repeated execution of the 'EventOccurrence's.

### Constraints

- **Either 'repetitions', or 'interval' or neither shall be specified**  
At most one of the optional properties 'repetitions' or 'interval' shall be defined.  
inv: **RepetitionOrInterval:**  
self.repetitions.oclIsUndefined() or self.interval.oclIsUndefined()
- **The 'repetitions' 'Value' shall be countable and positive**  
The expression assigned to the 'repetitions' property shall evaluate to a positive and countable 'Value'.  
inv: **RepetitionCount:**  
This constraint cannot be expressed in OCL
- **The 'interval' 'Value' shall be countable and positive**  
The expression assigned to the 'repetitions' property shall evaluate to a positive and countable 'Value'.  
inv: **RepetitionInterval:**  
This constraint cannot be expressed in OCL

## 5.4.3 EventOccurrence

### Semantics

An 'EventOccurrence' is an 'Element' describing an occurrence of an 'Event' within an 'EventSequence'. The 'EventOccurrence' also includes an optional 'TimeLabel' and/or a 'TimeConstraint' for the specification of temporal relationships between 'EventOccurrence's. In case there is more than one 'EventOccurrence' within an 'EventSequence', a 'Comment' with body containing an 'and' or 'or' shall be used as an operand, starting with the second 'EventOccurrence' to indicate how the 'EventOccurrence' shall be related to the previous 'EventOccurrence' within the same 'EventSequence', i.e. whether both 'EventOccurrence's are required or whether only one of the 'EventOccurrence's shall take place. The 'or' operand takes precedence, thus given a 'SimpleEventSequence' *EO1* and *EO2* or *EO3*, the intended interpretation is that *EO1* takes place followed by *EO2* or *EO3* taking place. While this is opposite to conventional logical operator precedence (i.e. 'and' takes precedence over 'or'), conventional logical operator precedence is not applicable in the context of 'EventOccurrence's as the intended interpretation shall be implementable by means of an 'AlternativeBehaviour' or a 'ConditionalBehaviour' in TDL.

Additional 'Comment's may be added to describe the 'EventOccurrence'.

## Generalizations

- Element

## Properties

- `timeLabel` : `TimeLabel` [0..1]  
A 'TimeLabel' that may be added to the 'EventOccurrence' in order to be able to specify 'TimeConstraint's for subsequent 'EventOccurrence's with relation to the 'EventOccurrence'.
- `timeConstraint` : `TimeConstraint` [0..1]  
A 'TimeConstraint' that may be added to the 'EventOccurrence' to describe temporal relationships to previous 'EventOccurrence's.

## Constraints

- **Combining Multiple 'EventOccurrence's**  
A 'Comment' with body containing an 'and' or 'or' shall be attached to the 'EventOccurrence' as an operand if there are two or more 'EventOccurrence's and it is not the first 'EventOccurrence'.  
inv: **MultipleEventOccurrences:**  
`self.container().oclIsTypeOf(EventSpecificationTemplate)`  
`or self.container().events->size() < 2`  
`or self.container().events->forAll(o |`  
`self.container().events->at(0) = o`  
`or (not o.comment->isEmpty()`  
`and (o.comment->first().body = 'and'`  
`or o.comment->first().body = 'or'))`

## 5.4.4 EventOccurrenceSpecification

### Semantics

An 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' is an 'Element' describing a concrete occurrence of an 'Event', including qualified references to the 'Event', to the 'Entity' related to the occurrence of the 'Event' and to any other 'Entity's involved in the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification'. It also includes a 'Value' as an argument describing the details of the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' such as the data being sent or received, or a state an involved 'Entity' is in.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- `entityReference` : `EntityReference` [0..1]  
An 'EntityReference' to the 'Entity' related to the occurrence of the 'Event'.
- `oppositeEntityReference` : `EntityReference` [0..\*]  
'EntityReference's to other 'Entity's involved in the 'EventOccurrence'.
- `eventReference` : `EventReference` [1]  
An 'EventReference' to the occurring 'Event'.
- `eventArgument` : `Value` [0..1]  
A 'Value' describing the details of the 'EventOccurrence'.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.4.5 EntityReference

### Semantics

An 'EntityReference' is an 'Element' that enables the referencing of 'Entity's within 'EventOccurrence's. 'Comment's may be used to add qualifiers describing peculiarities of the referenced 'Entity' related to the specific 'EventOccurrence'. Alternatively, an 'EntityReference' may be used to reference a 'ComponentInstance' of a 'TestConfiguration' instead of an 'Entity'.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- entity : Entity [0..1]  
The referenced 'Entity'.
- component : ComponentInstance [0..1]  
The referenced 'ComponentInstance'.

### Constraints

- **An 'Entity' or a 'ComponentInstance' shall be referenced.**  
There shall be a reference to an 'Entity' or a 'ComponentInstance' but not both.  
inv: **EntityOrComponentInstance:**  
(not self.entity.ocIsUndefined() and self.component.ocIsUndefined())  
or (self.entity.ocIsUndefined() and not self.component.ocIsUndefined())

## 5.4.6 EventReference

### Semantics

An 'EventReference' is an 'Element' that enables the referencing of 'Events' within 'EventOccurrence's. 'Comment's may be used to add qualifiers describing peculiarities of the referenced 'Event' related to the specific 'EventOccurrence'.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- event : Event [1]  
The referenced 'Event'.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.5 Data Abstract Syntax and Classifier Description

### 5.5.1 Value

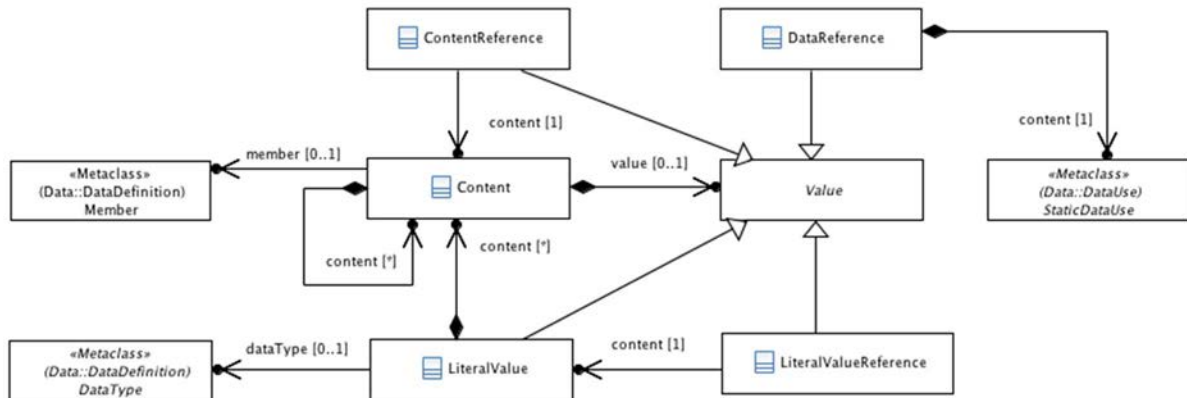


Figure 5.4: Data Concepts

#### Semantics

A 'Value' is an abstract 'Element' that is refined into 'DataReference', 'LiteralValue', 'LiteralValueReference' and 'ContentReference'. A 'DataReference' enables the referencing of 'DataInstance's defined in advance, as well as the corresponding 'AnyValue', 'AnyValueOrOmit', and 'OmitValue' specifications for a predefined 'DataType'. The remaining 'Value' refinements enable the inline description of data content and data structures, without the requirement of defining 'DataType's and 'DataInstance's in advance. 'DataInstance's and inline data descriptions may be combined to the extent that inline data descriptions may contain 'DataReference's to 'DataInstance's, but 'DataInstance's relying on declared 'DataType's may not reference inline data descriptions. 'Comment's may be used to add qualifiers describing further details related to the 'Value' with regard to the specific context of its usage. With the exception of 'DataInstance's, all inline descriptions are only visible within the containing 'StructuredTestObjective' and may only be referenced within the same 'StructuredTestObjective', where only 'LiteralValue's and 'Content' used in previous 'EventOccurrence's may be referenced in subsequent 'EventOccurrence's.

#### Generalizations

- Element

#### Properties

There are no properties specified.

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### 5.5.2 LiteralValue

#### Semantics

A 'LiteralValue' is a 'Value' that represents any literal label used as an argument of an 'EventOccurrence' or as a value of 'Content'. 'Comment's may be used to provide additional information related to the type and semantics of the 'LiteralValue'. A 'LiteralValue' may contain 'Content's enabling the definition of a substructure of the 'LiteralValue' that describes the details of the 'LiteralValue'.

## Generalizations

- Value

## Properties

- content : Content [0..\*] {ordered}  
The 'Content's of the 'LiteralValue'.

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.5.3 Content

### Semantics

A 'Content' is an 'Element' that enables the specification of composite 'LiteralValue's which contain additional 'Value's assigned to the 'Content'. Alternatively, 'Content' may contain nested 'Content' without specifying a 'Value' enabling the specification of relevant sub-structures without full details of the 'Values' assigned to each structural feature.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- content : Content [0..\*] {ordered}  
Nested contents of the 'Content'.
- value : Value [0..1]  
A 'Value' assigned to the 'Content'.

### Constraints

- **No nested 'Content's if 'Value' is provided**  
Either nested 'Content's or 'Value' may be specified within 'Content', but not both.  
inv: **ContentOrValue**:  
self.content->isEmpty() or self.value.oclIsUndefined()

## 5.5.4 LiteralValueReference

### Semantics

A 'LiteralValueReference' is a 'Value' that enables the referencing of 'LiteralValues' from previous 'EventOccurrence's within the containing 'StructuredTestObjective' as an argument of an 'EventOccurrence' or as a value of 'Content'.

### Generalizations

- Value

### Properties

- content : LiteralValue [1]  
The referenced 'LiteralValue'.

## Constraints

- **Referenced 'LiteralValue' visibility**  
Only 'LiteralValue's defined within previous 'EventOccurrence's of the containing 'StructuredTestObjective' may be referenced.  
inv: **VisibleValue:**  
self.getTestObjective().contains(self.content)  
and self.getTestObjective().indexOf(self.content) < self.getTestObjective().indexOf(self)

## 5.5.5 ContentReference

### Semantics

A 'ContentReference' is a 'Value' that enables the referencing of the 'Content' of 'LiteralValues' from previous 'EventOccurrence's within the containing 'StructuredTestObjective' as an argument of an 'EventOccurrence' or as a value of 'Content'.

### Generalizations

- Value

### Properties

- content : Content [1]  
The referenced 'Content'.

### Constraints

- **Referenced 'Content' visibility**  
Only 'Content' defined within previous 'EventOccurrence's of the containing 'StructuredTestObjective' may be referenced.  
inv: **VisibleContent:**  
self.getTestObjective().contains(self.content)  
and self.getTestObjective().indexOf(self.content) < self.getTestObjective().indexOf(self)

## 5.5.6 DataReference

### Semantics

A 'DataReference' is a 'Value' that enables the referencing of 'DataInstance's by means of a 'DataInstanceUse', as well as the use of 'AnyValue', 'AnyValueOrOmit', and 'OmitValue' specifications for a predefined 'DataType' as an argument of 'EventOccurrence's or as a value of 'Content'.

### Generalizations

- Value

### Properties

- content : StaticDataUse [1]  
Specification of the referenced 'DataInstance'.

## Constraints

- 'DataUse' restrictions within 'DataReference'**  
 Only 'StaticDataUse' may be used directly or indirectly in 'ParameterBinding's of the 'StaticDataUse' within a 'DataReference'.  
 inv: **DataReferenceContents**:  
 self.content.oclIsTypeOf(StaticDataUse)  
  
 and self.content.argument->forAll(a | a.dataUse.oclIsKindOf(StaticDataUse))  
  
 and self.content.argument->closure(a |  
  
 a.dataUse.argument)->forAll(a|a.dataUse.oclIsKindOf(StaticDataUse))
- No 'reduction' within 'DataReference'**  
 The 'reduction' property of 'StaticDataUse' inherited from 'DataUse' shall not be used within a 'DataReference'.  
 inv: **DataReferenceReduction**:  
 self.content.reduction->isEmpty()

## 5.6 Event Templates Abstract Syntax and Classifier Description

### 5.6.1 EventSpecificationTemplate

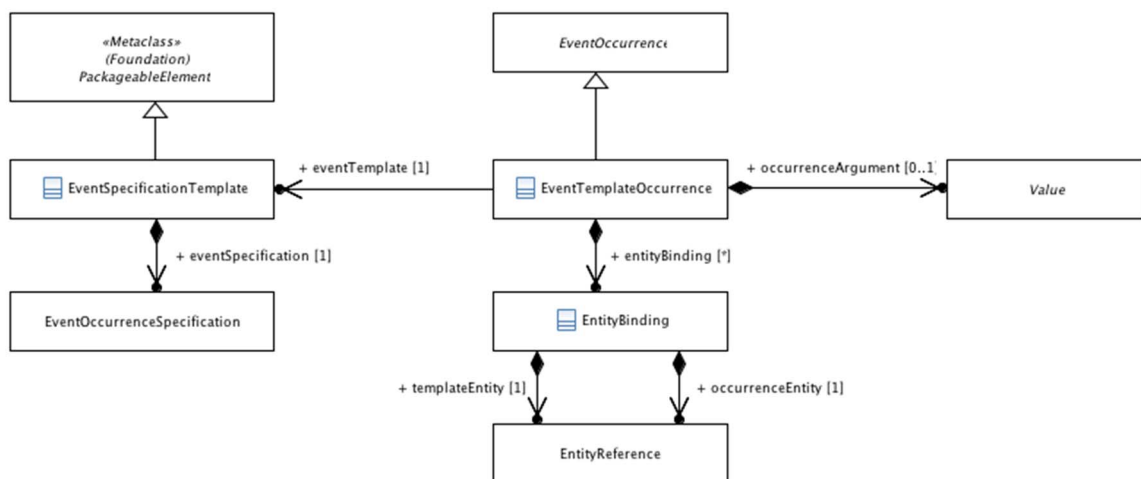


Figure 5.5: Event Templates Concepts

## Semantics

'EventSpecificationTemplate' is a 'PackageableElement' containing a single reusable 'EventOccurrenceSpecification'. An 'EventSpecificationTemplate' may be referenced within an 'EventSequence' by means of an 'EventTemplateOccurrence'.

## Generalizations

- PackageableElement

## Properties

- eventSpecification : EventOccurrenceSpecification [1]  
A reusable 'EventOccurrenceSpecification'.



## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.6.2 EventTemplateOccurrence

### Semantics

An 'EventTemplateOccurrence' is an 'EventOccurrence' referring to a reusable 'EventSpecificationTemplate' that defines a concrete occurrence of the referenced 'EventSpecificationTemplate' within an 'EventSequence'. Optional 'EntityBinding's may be specified to override some or all of the 'EntityReference' specified in 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the referenced 'EventTemplateSpecification' with new 'EntityReference's. Optional 'Value' specification may be specified to overriding the 'Value' specified as argument in 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the referenced 'EventTemplateSpecification' with a new 'Value'.

### Generalizations

- EventOccurrence

### Properties

- eventTemplate : EventSpecificationTemplate [1]  
The referenced 'EventSpecificationTemplate'.
- entityBinding : EntityBinding [0..\*]  
Optional 'EntityBinding's for substituting the 'EntityReference' specified in 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the referenced 'EventTemplateSpecification' with new 'EntityReference's.
- occurrenceArgument : Value [0..1]  
Optional 'Value' specification overriding the 'Value' specified as argument in 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the referenced 'EventTemplateSpecification'.

### Constraints

- **'EntityReference' of referenced 'EventSpecificationTemplate'**  
If 'EntityBinding's are provided, the 'Entity's or 'ComponentInstance's referenced in the 'templateEntity' properties shall also be referenced by one of the 'EntityReferences' in the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the 'EventSpecificationTemplate' referenced in the 'EventTemplateOccurrence'.  
inv: **EntityTemplateOccurrenceConsistency:**  
self.entityBinding->forAll(b |  
  (not b.templateEntity.entity.ocllsUndefined()  
  and (b.templateEntity.entity =  
    self.eventTemplate.eventSpecification.entityReference.entity))  
  or (not b.templateEntity.component.ocllsUndefined()  
  and (b.templateEntity.component =  
    self.eventTemplate.eventSpecification.entityReference.component)  
  or self.eventTemplate.eventSpecification.oppositeEntityReference->exists(e |  
    (not b.templateEntity.entity.ocllsUndefined()  
    and (e.entity = b.templateEntity.entity))  
    or (not b.templateEntity.component.ocllsUndefined()  
    and (e.component = b.templateEntity.component))))))

## 5.6.3 EntityBinding

### Semantics

An 'EntityBinding' is an 'Element' used for substituting the 'EntityReference' specified in 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of a 'EventTemplateSpecification' referenced within an 'EventTemplateOccurrence' with new 'EntityReference's.

## Generalizations

- Element

## Properties

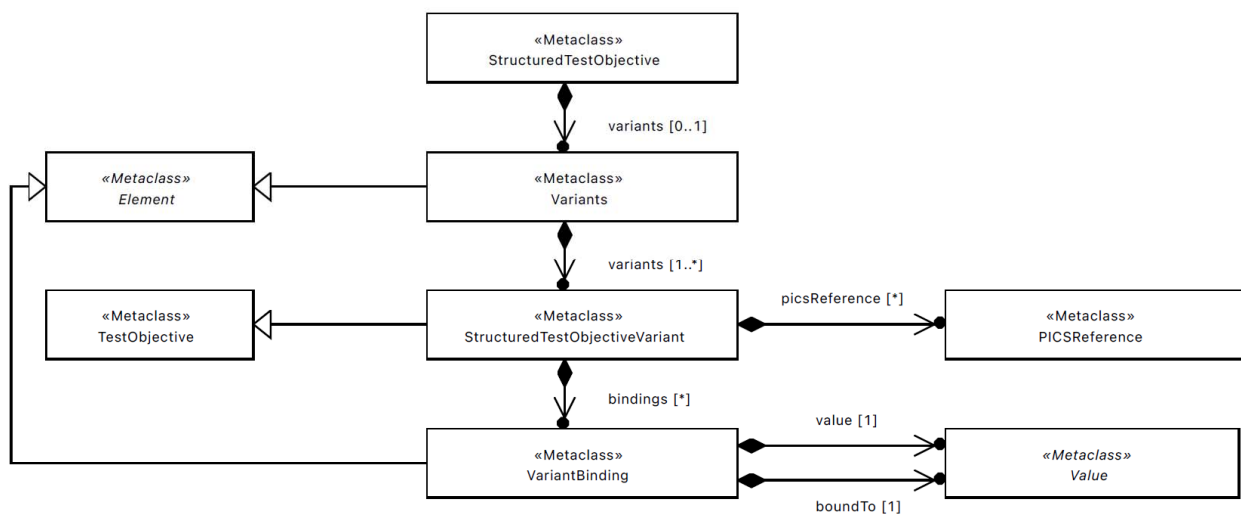
- `templateEntity` : EntityReference [1]  
An 'EntityReference' describing the 'Entity' referenced in the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the 'EventSpecificationTemplate'.
- `occurrenceEntity` : EntityReference [1]  
An 'EntityReference' describing the 'Entity' that shall replace the 'EntityReference' referenced in the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' of the 'EventSpecificationTemplate' in the 'EventTemplateOccurrence'.

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.7 Structured Test Objective Variants Abstract Syntax and Classifier Description

### 5.7.1 StructuredTestObjectiveVariant



**Figure 5.6: Structured Test Objective Variant Concepts**

## Semantics

A 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant' is a refinement of 'TestObjective' defined on the basis of a 'StructuredTestObjective'. In addition to the 'description' and 'objectiveURI' properties inherited from 'TestObjective', a 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant' may include 'PICSReference's and 'VariantBinding's identifying the substitutions to be applied to derive the 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant'.

## Generalizations

- TestObjective

### Properties

- `picsReference` : PICSReference [\*] {ordered}  
An ordered set of 'PICSReferences' to 'PICS'.
- `bindings`: VariantBinding [\*] {ordered}  
A set of 'VariantBinding's specifying 'Value's that override corresponding 'Value's within the 'StructuredTestObjective' from which the 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant' is derived.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.7.2 Variants

### Semantics

'Variants' is an 'Element' contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', serving as a container for a non-empty set of 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant's.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- `variants` : StructuredTestObjectiveVariant' [1..\*] {ordered}  
A non-empty set of 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant's.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## 5.7.3 VariantBinding

### Semantics

'VariantBinding' is an 'Element' used to specify the substitutions in the associated 'StructuredTestObjective' in order to describe a 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant'.

### Generalizations

- Element

### Properties

- `value` : Value [1]  
A value defined in the associated 'StructuredTestObjective' that is to be substituted.
- `boundTo` : Value [1]  
The value to be used in the 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant'.

## Constraints

- Referenced 'Value' of 'VariantBinding'**  
 If the 'value' property references a 'LiteralValue' or 'Content' element, the referenced element shall be contained in the 'StructuredTestObjective' containing the 'VariantBinding'.  
 inv: **VariantBindingValues:**  
 self.value.oclIsTypeOf(LiteralValueReference) implies  
 self.value.oclAsType(LiteralValueReference).content.getTestObjective() = self.getTestObjective()  
 and  
 or self.value.oclIsKindOf(ContentReference) implies  
 self.value.oclAsType(ContentReference).content.getTestObjective() = self.getTestObjective()

## 5.8 Predefined TDL Model Instances

### 5.8.1 Overview

This clause lists the extensions to predefined element instances for various meta-model elements that shall be a part of a standardcompliant TDL implementation.

### 5.8.2 Predefined Instances of the 'AnnotationType' Element

#### 5.8.2.1 Initial conditions

The predefined 'AnnotationType' 'Initial conditions' is the 'key' of an 'Annotation' that may be attached to an 'EventSequence' or a 'CompoundBehaviour' element. The 'value' of the shall be left unspecified.

#### 5.8.2.2 Expected behaviour

The predefined 'AnnotationType' 'Expected behaviour' is the 'key' of an 'Annotation' that may be attached to an 'EventSequence' or a 'CompoundBehaviour' element. The 'value' of the shall be left unspecified.

#### 5.8.2.3 Final conditions

The predefined 'AnnotationType' 'Final conditions' is the 'key' of an 'Annotation' that may be attached to an 'EventSequence' or a 'CompoundBehaviour' element. The 'value' of the shall be left unspecified.

#### 5.8.2.4 when

The predefined 'AnnotationType' 'Final conditions' is the 'key' of an 'Annotation' that may be attached to a 'CompoundBehaviour' element. The 'value' of the shall be left unspecified.

#### 5.8.2.5 then

The predefined 'AnnotationType' 'Final conditions' is the 'key' of an 'Annotation' that may be attached to a 'CompoundBehaviour' element. The 'value' of the shall be left unspecified.

#### 5.8.2.6 Test Purpose Description

The predefined 'AnnotationType' 'Test Purpose Description' is the 'key' of an 'Annotation' that may be attached to a 'TestDescription' element. The 'value' of the shall be left unspecified.

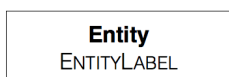
---

## 6 Graphical Syntax Extensions

### 6.1 Foundation

#### 6.1.1 Entity

Concrete Graphical Notation



Formal Description

**context Entity**

ENTITYLABEL ::= self.name

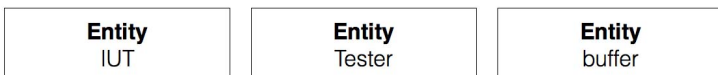
Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

Comments

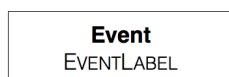
No comments.

Example



#### 6.1.2 Event

Concrete Graphical Notation



Formal Description

**context Event**

EVENTLABEL ::= self.name

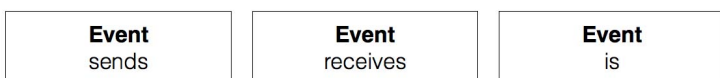
Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

Comments

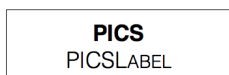
No comments.

## Example



## 6.1.3 PICS

## Concrete Graphical Notation



## Formal Description

**context PICS**

PICSLABEL ::= self.name

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example



## 6.1.4 Comment

## Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'Comment's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'Comment's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

## Formal Description

**context Comment**

QUALIFIER ::= self.body

```
NOTQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'not'
                  then
                    self.body
                  endif
```

```
ANDORQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'and'
                    or self.body = 'or'
                    then
                      self.body
                    endif
```

```
ARTICLEQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'a'
                      or self.body = 'an'
                      or self.body = 'the'
```

```

then
  self.body
endif

```

```

ASSIGNMENTQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'indicating value'
                        or self.body = 'set to'
                        then
                          self.body
                        endif

```

```

COMMONWORDQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'after'
                        or self.body = 'before'
                        or self.body = 'from'
                        or self.body = 'of'
                        or self.body = 'to'
                        then
                          self.body
                        endif

```

```

DIRECTIONQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'by'
                        or self.body = 'for'
                        or self.body = 'from'
                        or self.body = 'in'
                        or self.body = 'into'
                        or self.body = 'to'
                        then
                          self.body
                        endif

```

```

QUANTIFIEDQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'all'
                        or self.body = 'any'
                        or self.body = 'few'
                        or self.body = 'multiple'
                        or self.body = 'no'
                        or self.body = 'only'
                        or self.body = 'several'
                        or self.body = 'some'
                        then
                          self.body
                        endif

```

```

REFERENCEQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'associated with'
                        or self.body = 'carrying'
                        or self.body = 'contained in'
                        or self.body = 'corresponding to'
                        or self.body = 'derived from'
                        then
                          self.body
                        endif

```

```

TIMECONSTRAINTQUALIFIER ::= if self.body = 'after'
                             or self.body = 'before'
                             or self.body = 'during'
                             or self.body = 'within'
                             then
                               self.body
                             endif

```

```

NOTE LABEL ::= if not self.name.oclsUndefined then '(' 'Note' self.name ':' self.body ')' endif

```

## Constraints

- **Default comment label**  
The QUALIFIER label only applies to 'Comment's that do not match the conditions for any of the other qualifier labels.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

Not available.

# 6.2 Test Objective

## 6.2.1 StructuredTestObjective

### Concrete Graphical Notation

<b>TP Id</b>	TESTOBJECTIVENAMELABEL
<b>Test Objective</b>	DESCRIPTIONLABEL
<b>Reference</b>	URIOfOBJECTIVELABEL
<b>Config Id</b>	<CONFIGLABEL>
<b>PICS Selection</b>	<PICSSelectionLABEL>
<b>Initial Conditions</b>	
	INITIALCONDITIONSLABEL
<b>Expected Behaviour</b>	
	EXPECTEDBEHAVIOURLABEL
<b>Final Conditions</b>	
	FINALCONDITIONSLABEL
	NOTESLABEL

<b>Test Purpose</b>	
TESTOBJECTIVENAMELABEL	
<b>Test Objective</b>	DESCRIPTIONLABEL
<b>Reference</b>	URIOfOBJECTIVELABEL
<b>Configuration</b>	<CONFIGLABEL>
<b>PICS Selection</b>	<PICSSelectionLABEL>
<b>Initial Conditions</b>	INITIALCONDITIONSLABEL
<b>Expected Behaviour</b>	EXPECTEDBEHAVIOURLABEL
<b>Final Conditions</b>	FINALCONDITIONSLABEL

## Formal Description

### context StructuredTestObjective

```

TESTOBJECTIVENAMELABEL ::= self.name
DESCRIPTIONLABEL ::= self.description
URIOfOBJECTIVELABEL ::= self.objectiveURI->newline()
CONFIGLABEL ::= self.configuration.name
PICSSelectionLABEL ::= foreach p:PICSReference in self.picsReferences p as context in <PICSRReferenceLABEL> end
PICSRReferenceLABEL ::= [p.comment->first() as context in <ANDORQUALIFIER>] [p.comment->last() as context in <NOTQUALIFIER>] p.pics.name
INITIALCONDITIONSLABEL ::= 'with' '{
    self.initialConditions.conditions as context in <EVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
}'
EXPECTEDBEHAVIOURLABEL ::= 'ensure' 'that' '{
    if self.expectedBehaviour.whenClause.oclIsUndefined() then
        self.expectedBehaviour.thenClause as context in <EVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
    else
        'when' '{
            self.expectedBehaviour.whenClause as context in <EVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
        }'
    'then' '{

```



```

        self.expectedBehaviour.thenClause as context in <EVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
    }
endif
}

```

```

FINALCONDITIONSLABEL ::= 'with' '{
    self.finalConditions.conditions as context in <EVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
}'

```

```

NOTESLABEL ::= foreach p:Comment in self.getNotes() p as context in <NOTELABEL> end

```

## Constraints

- **Spaces in the 'name' of an 'Element' and the 'body' of a 'Comment'**

A 'name' of an 'Element' or a 'body' of a 'Comment' shall be enclosed in single or double quotes when the corresponding 'Element' or 'Comment' is contained within a 'PICSReference' or an 'EventSequence'.

## Comments

The labels for the `DESCRIPTIONLABEL`, `URIOFOBJECTIVELABEL`, and `PICSSELECTIONLABEL` are optional and displayed only if the respective model elements are defined. The corresponding compartments are always displayed.

The compartments containing the `INITIALCONDITIONSLABEL`, the `EXPECTEDBEHAVIOURLABEL`, the `FINALCONDITIONSLABEL`, and the `NOTESLABEL` are optional and displayed only if the respective model elements are defined. The corresponding headings containing the keywords **Initial Conditions**, **Expected Behaviour**, and **Final Conditions** are mandatory only if the related compartments are displayed, otherwise they may be hidden. The compartment with the `NOTESLABEL` shall contain only named 'Comment's.

In the alternate notation shown above, all compartments except the TestObjective compartment are optional and only displayed if the respective model elements are defined. Named 'Comment's are displayed as floating shapes (inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2]).

## Example

<b>TP Id</b>	TP/GEONW/FDV/BAH/BV/01
<b>Test Objective</b>	Check defined values of default Gn parameters in the basic header
<b>Reference</b>	
<b>Config Id</b>	
<b>PICS Selection</b>	
<b>Initial Conditions</b>	
with { the IUT entity being "in" the initial state }	
<b>Expected Behaviour</b>	
ensure that { when { the IUT entity is requested to send a "GUC packet" } then { the IUT entity sends a "GUC packet" containing BasicHeader containing "version field" indicating value "itsGnProtocolVersion MIB parameter" , "RHL field" indicating value "itsGnDefaultHopLimit MIB parameter" ; }; }	

## 6.3 Events

### 6.3.1 EventSequence

#### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Formal Description

##### context EventSequence

```
EVENTSEQUENCELABEL ::= if self.oclsTypeOf(RepeatedEventSequence) then self as context in <REPEATEDEVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
                        else if self.oclsTypeOf(EventSequence) then self as context in <SIMPLEEVENTSEQUENCELABEL>
                        endif
```

```
SIMPLEEVENTSEQUENCELABEL ::= foreach e:EventOccurrence in self.events newline() e as context in <EVENTOCCURRENCELABEL> end
```

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

#### Comments

No comments.

#### Example

```
the IUT entity being in the initial state and
the IUT entity using a "CBF algorithm" and
the IUT entity having received a "Beacon information" from the ItsNodeB or
the IUT entity having received any message from the ItsNodeD
```

```
repeat 2 times { the UE entity sends a "HARQ feedback on the HARQ process" }
```

### 6.3.2 RepeatedEventSequence

#### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Formal Description

##### context RepeatedEventOccurrence

```
REPEATEDEVENTSEQUENCELABEL ::= 'repeat'
                                if self.interval.oclsUndefined() then
                                    self.repetitions as context in <EVENTARGUMENTLABEL> 'times'
                                else
                                    'every' self.interval as context in <EVENTARGUMENTLABEL>
                                endif
                                foreach e:EventOccurrence in self.events newline() e as context in <EVENTOCCURRENCELABEL> end
```

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

#### Comments

No comments.

## Example

```

repeat 2 times {
  the IUT entity having received a "Beacon information" from the ItsNodeB entity and
  the IUT entity having received any message from the ItsNodeD entity
}

repeat every CBF_MAX {
  the IUT entity saves the "GBC packet" into the CBF buffer entity and
  the IUT entity starts a "contention timer" containing
  duration set to CBF_MAX
;
and
the IUT entity broadcasts the received "GBC packet"
}

```

## 6.3.3 EventOccurrence

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element as it is abstract.

### Formal Description

#### context EventOccurrence

```

EVENTOCCURRENCELABEL ::= if self.oclIsTypeOf(EventOccurrenceSpecification) then self as context in <EVENTOCCURRENCE SPECIFICATION LABEL>
                        else if self.oclIsTypeOf(EventTemplateOccurrence) then self as context in <EVENTTEMPLATEOCCURRENCELABEL>
                        endif

```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

Not available.

## 6.3.4 EventOccurrenceSpecification

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context EventOccurrenceSpecification

```

EVENTOCCURRENCE SPECIFICATION LABEL ::= [self.comment->first() as context in <ANDORQUALIFIER>
    if self.timeLabel.oclIsUndefined() then
      if not self.timeConstraint.oclIsUndefined() then
        self.timeConstraint as context in <TIMECONSTRAINT LABEL>
      endif
    else
      self.timeLabel as context in <TIMELABEL LABEL>
      if self.timeConstraint.oclIsUndefined() then
        ':'
      endif
    endif

```

```

else
    ', ' self.timeConstraint as context in <TIMECONSTRAINTLABEL>
endif
endif
[self.entityReference as context in <ENTITYREFERENCELABEL>]
self.eventReference as context in <EVENTREFERENCELABEL>
[self.eventArgument as context in <EVENTARGUMENTLABEL>]
[foreach e:EntityReference in self.oppositeEntityReference separator(',') e as context in <OppositeENTITYLABEL> end]
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment separator(',') e as context in <NOTELABEL> end]

```

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

```

the IUT entity having received a "Beacon information" from the ItsNodeB entity
(Note 1: "Beacon information may be incomplete")
(.) at time point t1 the IUT entity receives a "message"
(.) at time point t2, (!) 3s after t1 : the IUT entity sends an invitation to the ItsNodeD entity
(!) 5s after t1 : the IUT entity receives a confirmation from the ItsNodeD entity

```

## 6.3.5 EntityReference

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context EntityReference

```

ENTITYREFERENCELABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <ARTICLEQUALIFIER>
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    If self.component.oclsUndefined() then
        self.entity.name 'entity'
    else
        self.component.name 'component'
    endif

```

```

OPPOSITEENTITYLABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <DIRECTIONQUALIFIER>
    self.comment->at(1) as context in <ARTICLEQUALIFIER>
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    If self.component.oclsUndefined() then
        self.entity.name 'entity'
    else
        self.component.name 'component'
    endif

```

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

```
the IUT entity
from the ItsNodeB component
in the location service buffer entity, for the ItsNodeB component
```

## 6.3.6 EventReference

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context EventReference

```
EVENTREFERENCELABEL ::= [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
self.event.name
```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

```
being in
having automatically received
sends
```

## 6.4 Data

### 6.4.1 Value

#### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element as it is abstract.

#### Formal Description

##### context Value

```
EVENTARGUMENTLABEL ::= if self.ocllsTypeOf(DataReference) then self as context in <DATAREFERENCEARGUMENTLABEL>
else if self.ocllsTypeOf(LiteralValue) then self as context in <LITERALVALUEARGUMENTLABEL>
else if self.ocllsTypeOf(LiteralValueReference) then self as context in <LITERALVALUEREFERENCEARGUMENTLABEL>
else if self.ocllsTypeOf(ContentReference) then self as context in <CONTENTREFERENCEARGUMENTLABEL>
endif
```

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

#### Comments

No comments.

#### Example

Not available.

## 6.4.2 LiteralValue

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context LiteralValue

```
LITERALVALUEARGUMENTLABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <ARTICLEQUALIFIER>
| self.comment->first() as context in <QUANTIFIEDQUALIFIER>
if not self.dataType.ocIsUndefined() then
    '(typed)'
endif
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
if self.dataType.ocIsUndefined() then
    self.name
    ['containing' foreach c:Content in self.content separator(',') c as context in <CONTENTLABEL> end ';']
else
    self.dataType.name
    ['containing' foreach c:Content in self.content separator(',') c as context in <TYPEDCONTENTLABEL> end ';']
endif
```

```
LITERALVALUELABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <ASSIGNMENTQUALIFIER>
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.name
    ['containing' foreach c:Content in self.content separator(',') c as context in <CONTENTLABEL> end ';']
```

```
LITERALVALUEBINDINGLABEL ::= [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.name
    ['containing' foreach c:Content in self.content separator(',') c as context in <CONTENTLABEL> end ';']
```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

```
the "GUC packet"
the (typed) GUC PACKET
a GUC packet
several GUC packets
indicating value itsGnProtocolVersion "MIB parameter" ,
set to itsGnDefaultHopLimit MIB parameter
```

## 6.4.3 Content

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

## Formal Description

### context Content

```

CONTENTLABEL ::= [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.name
    if self.value.oclIsUndefined() then
        ['containing' foreach c:Content in self.content separator(',') c as context in <CONTENTLABEL> end ';']
    else
        self.value as context in <VALUE>
    endif
TYPEDCONTENTLABEL ::= [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.member.name
    if self.value.oclIsUndefined() then
        ['containing' foreach c:Content in self.content separator(',') c as context in <TYPEDCONTENTLABEL> end ';']
    else
        self.value as context in <VALUE>
    endif

```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

```

a "GUC packet" containing
  BasicHeader containing
    "version field" indicating value "itsGnProtocolVersion MIB parameter" ,
    "RHL field" indicating value "itsGnDefaultHopLimit MIB parameter"
;

```

## 6.4.4 LiteralValueReference

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context LiteralValueReference

```

LITERALVALUEREFERENCEARGUMENTLABEL ::= 'the 'value' of'
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.content.name

LITERALVALUEREFERENCELABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <REFERENCEQUALIFIER>
    'the 'value' of'
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.content.name

```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

## Example

```
the value of itsGnDefaultHopLimit MIB parameter
corresponding to the value of itsGnDefaultHopLimit MIB parameter
derived from the value of itsGnDefaultHopLimit MIB parameter
```

## 6.4.5 ContentReference

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context ContentReference

```
CONTENTREFERENCEARGUMENTLABEL ::= 'the 'value' contained 'in'
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
self.content.name
```

```
CONTENTREFERENCELABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <REFERENCEQUALIFIER>
'the 'value' contained 'in'
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
self.content.name
```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

```
the value contained in "RHL field"
corresponding to the value contained in "version field"
derived from the value contained in "BasicHeader"
```

## 6.4.6 DataReference

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context DataReference

```
DATAREFERENCARGUMENTLABEL ::= self.comment->first() as context in <ARTICLEQUALIFIER>
| self.comment->first() as context in <QUANTIFIEDQUALIFIER>
'(predefined)'
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
self.content as context in <STATICDATAUSELABEL>
```

```
DATAREFERENCELABEL ::= [self.name]
self.comment->first() as context in <REFERENCEQUALIFIER>
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
self.content as context in <STATICDATAUSELABEL>
```

```
DATAREFERENCIBINDINGLABEL ::= '(predefined)'
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
self.content as context in <STATICDATAUSELABEL>
```



## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

```

the (predefined) FullHeader
the (predefined) FullHeader containing
  RHLField indicating value itGnDefaultHopLimit
;

```

## 6.4.7 StaticDataUse

### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'StaticDataUse's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'StaticDataUse's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context StaticDataUse

```

STATICDATAUSELABEL ::=
  if self.ocIsTypeOf(DataInstanceUse) then self as context in <DATAINSTANCEUSELABEL>
  else if self.ocIsTypeOf(AnyValue) then self as context in <ANYVALUELABEL>
  else if self.ocIsTypeOf(AnyValueOrOmitValue) then self as context in <ANYVALUEOROMITLABEL>
  else if self.ocIsTypeOf(OmitValue) then self as context in <OMITVALUELABEL>
  endif

```

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

```

FullHeader
any Header
any or omitted
omitted

```

## 6.4.8 AnyValue

### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'AnyValue's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'AnyValue's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context AnyValue

```

ANYVALUELABEL ::= 'any' self.dataType.name

```

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

*any Header*

## 6.4.9 AnyValueOrOmit

### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'AnyValueOrOmit's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'AnyValueOrOmit's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

**context AnyValueOrOmit**

ANYVALUEOROMITLABEL ::= 'any' 'or' 'omitted'

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

*any or omitted*

## 6.4.10 OmitValue

### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'OmitValue's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'OmitValue's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

**context OmitValue**

OMITVALUELABEL ::= 'omitted'

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

*omitted*

## 6.4.11 DataInstanceUse

### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'DataInstanceUse's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'DataInstanceUse's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context DataInstanceUse

```
DATAINSTANCEUSELABEL ::= self.dataInstance.name
                        ['containing'
                         foreach a:ParameterBinding in self.argument separator(', ') c as context in <PARAMETERBINDINGLABEL> end
                        '];
```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

```
FullHeader
FullHeader containing
  RHLField indicating value itGnDefaultHopLimit
;
```

## 6.4.12 ParameterBinding

### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'ParameterBinding's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'ParameterBinding's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

#### context ArgumentSpecification

```
PARAMETERBINDINGLABEL ::= self.parameter.name
                        self.comment->first() as context in <ASSIGNMENTQUALIFIER>
                        [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
                        self.dataUse as context in <STATICDATAUSELABEL>
```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

```
RHLField indicating value itGnDefaultHopLimit
RHLField indicating value itGnDefaultHopLimit containing
  VersionField indicating value baseVersion
;
```

## 6.5 Time

### 6.5.1 TimeLabel

#### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'TimeLabel's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'TimeLabel's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Formal Description

##### context TimeLabel

```
TIMELABELLABEL ::= '(.)' 'at' 'time' 'point' self.name
```

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

#### Comments

No comments.

#### Example

```
(.) at time point t
```

### 6.5.2 TimeConstraint

#### Concrete Graphical Notation

Inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-2 [2] for 'TimeConstraint's not contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective', overridden for 'TimeConstraint's directly or indirectly contained in a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

#### Formal Description

##### context TimeConstraint

```
TIMECONSTRAINTLABEL ::= '(!)'
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment as context in <QUALIFIER> end]
    self.comment as context in <TIMECONSTRAINTQUALIFIER>
    [foreach c:Comment in self.comment c as context in <QUALIFIER|COMMONWORDQUALIFIER|ARTICLEQUALIFIER> end]
    self.timeConstraintExpression.dataInstance.name
```

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

#### Comments

No comments.

#### Example

```
(!) 30s after t
(!) within 5s of t
(!) during the 5s after t
```

## 6.6 Event Templates

### 6.6.1 EventSpecificationTemplate

Concrete Graphical Notation

<b>Event Occurrence Template</b> EVENTOCCURRENCETEMPLATELABEL
<b>Event</b> EVENTOCCURRENCETEMPLATESPECIFICATIONLABEL

Formal Description

**context EventSpecificationTemplate**

EVENTOCCURRENCETEMPLATELABEL ::= self.name

EVENTOCCURRENCETEMPLATESPECIFICATIONLABEL ::= [self.entityReference **as context in** <ENTITYREFERENCELABEL>]

self.eventReference **as context in** <EVENTREFERENCELABEL>

[self.eventArgument **as context in** <EVENTARGUMENTLABEL>]

[**foreach** e:EntityReference in self.oppositeEntityReference **separator**(',') e **as context in** <OppositeENTITYLABEL> **end**]

[**foreach** c:Comment in self.comment **separator**(',') e **as context in** <NOTELABEL> **end**]

Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

Comments

No comments.

Example

<b>Event Occurrence Template</b> ReceiveBeacon
<b>Event</b> the IUT entity having received a "Beacon information" from the ItsNodeB entity

### 6.6.2 EventTemplateOccurrence

Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

Formal Description

**context EventTemplateOccurrence**

EVENTTEMPLATEOCCURRENCELABEL ::= [self.comment->first() **as context in** <ANDORQUALIFIER>]

**if** self.timeLabel.oclIsUndefined() **then**

**if not** self.timeConstraint.oclIsUndefined() **then**

self.timeConstraint **as context in** <TIMECONSTRAINTLABEL>

**endif**

**else**

self.timeLabel **as context in** <TIMELABELLABEL>

**if** self.timeConstraint.oclIsUndefined() **then**

':'

```

else
    ', self.timeConstraint as context in <TIMECONSTRAINTLABEL>
endif
endif
'event'
self.eventTemplate.name
'occurs'
['with' '{
    [foreach b:EntityBinding in self.entityBinding separator(',') b as context in <ENTITYBINDINGLABEL> end]
    ['argument' 'replaced' 'by' self.occurrenceArgument as context in <EVENTARGUMENTLABEL> end]
}']
[foreach c:Comment in self.comment separator(',') e as context in <NOTELABEL> end]

```

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

Optionally, an 'EventTemplateOccurrence' may be visually represented as the content of the referenced 'EventSpecificationTemplate's 'EventOccurrenceSpecification', where bound 'EntityReference's from the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' in the 'EventSpecificationTemplate' shall be substituted by the 'EntityReference's provided in the 'EventTemplateOccurrence'. Similarly, the argument from the 'EventOccurrenceSpecification' in the 'EventSpecificationTemplate' shall substituted by the argument provided in the 'EventTemplateOccurrence'.

## Example

```

event ReceiveBeacon occurs
(.) at time point t1 : event ReceiveBeacon occurs
(!) 30s after t1 : event ReceiveBeacon occurs
event ReceiveBeacon occurs with {
    the ItsNodeB entity replaced by an ItsNodeC entity
}
event ReceiveBeacon occurs with {
    argument replaced by a "Beacon confirmation"
}
event ReceiveBeacon occurs with {
    the ItsNodeB entity replaced by an ItsNodeC entity
    argument replaced by a "Beacon confirmation"
}

```

## 6.6.3 EntityBinding

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as a label within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjective'.

### Formal Description

```

context EntityBinding
ENTITYBINDINGLABEL ::= self.templateEntity as context in <ENTITYREFERENCELABEL>
    'replaced' 'by'
    self.occurrenceEntity as context in <ENTITYREFERENCELABEL>

```

## Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

## Comments

No comments.

## Example

the ItsNodeB entity replaced by an ItsNodeC entity  
 the ITS\_B component replaced by an ITS\_C component

## 6.7 Variants

### 6.7.1 StructuredTestObjectiveVariant

#### Concrete Graphical Notation

TP Id	Description	Reference	PICS	VARIANTBINDINGLABEL
VARIANTNAMELABEL	DESCRIPTIONLABEL	URIOfOBJECTIVELABEL	<PICSSelectionLABEL>	BINDINGVALUELABEL
VARIANTNOTESLABEL				

#### Formal Description

**context StructuredTestObjectiveVariant**

VARIANTNAMELABEL ::= self.name

VARIANTNOTESLABEL ::= **foreach** p:Comment in self.getNotes() p **as context in** <NOTELABEL> **end**

#### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

#### Comments

The 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant's for a 'StructuredTestObjective' are represented as a table-like shape, where each 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant' is represented as an individual row. Only the first column containing the names of the variants is always present in the shape. All other columns depend on the specification of the variants. If the variants specify the 'description', the 'objectiveURI', or the 'picsReference' properties, the corresponding columns and labels shall be shown. If 'VariantBinding's are specified, corresponding columns shall be added for each value that is bound with the label for the corresponding value as the heading and the label for the value that it is bound to in the corresponding column cell within for row corresponding to the variant. Different variants may specify different properties or values, in which case the corresponding cells for the unspecified properties and values shall be empty. The compartment with the VARIANTNOTESLABEL shall contain only named 'Comment's, aggregated from all 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant's.

#### Example

TP Id	Description	ID	HTTP_STATUS
TP_RESOURCE_GET_200v1	"Read full contents of a resource with a valid ID"	VALID_ID	200 OK
TP_RESOURCE_GET_404v2	"Read contents of a resource with a non-existent ID returns 404"	NONEXISTENT_ID	404 Not found

## 6.7.2 Variants

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. It serves as a container for the the individual 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant's which are represented as rows within the same graphical representation.

### Formal Description

No formal description.

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

No example.

## 6.7.3 VariantBinding

### Concrete Graphical Notation

There is no shape associated with this element. Instead, it is represented as labels within the context of a 'StructuredTestObjectiveVariant'.

### Formal Description

```

context VariantBinding
VARIANTBINDINGLABEL ::= self.content.name
BINDINGVALUELABEL ::= if self.oclIsTypeOf(DataReference) then self as context in <DATAREFERENCEBINDINGLABEL>
else if self.oclIsTypeOf(LiteralValue) then self as context in <LITERALVALUEBINDINGLABEL>
endif

```

### Constraints

There are no constraints specified.

### Comments

No comments.

### Example

No examples.

---

# 7 Exchange Format Extensions

The exchange format for the extension is fully governed by the exchange format for TDL as specified in ETSI ES 203 119-3 [3]. No additional specification is provided.



## 8 Textual Syntax Extensions

### 8.0 Terminals

In addition to the terminals and context-specific 'pseudo-terminal' data rules specified in clause 5.5 of ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4], for the extension to the textual syntax, the following context-specific 'pseudo-terminal' data rules are defined:

Assignments:

```
'indicating' 'value'
| 'set' 'to'
;
```

References:

```
'corresponding' 'to'
| 'derived' 'from'
| 'carrying'
| 'contained' 'in'
| 'associated' 'with'
;
```

InitialBlockName:

```
'Initial' 'conditions'
;
```

ExpectedBlockName:

```
'Expected' 'behaviour'
;
```

FinalBlockName:

```
'Final' 'conditions'
;
```

TestPurposeDescriptionName:

```
'Test' 'Purpose' 'Description'
;
```

When:

```
'when'
;
```

Then:

```
'then'
;
```

KIdentifier:

```
ID | 'sends' | 'receives' | 'triggers' | 'in'
;
```

### 8.1 Foundation

#### 8.1.1 Entity

Concrete Textual Notation

Entity **returns to**::Entity:

```
AnnotationCommentFragment
'Entity' name=Identifier
;
```

Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

```
Entity IUT
Entity UE
Entity SS
```

## 8.1.2 Event

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
Event returns to::Entity:
  AnnotationCommentFragment
  'Event' name=KIdentifier
;
```

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

```
Event sent
Event received
Event started
Event stopped
Event ready
```

## 8.1.3 PICS

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
PICS returns to::PICS:
  AnnotationCommentFragment
  'PICS' name=Identifier
;
```

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

```
PICS R1
PICS Radio
PICS Wifi
```

## 8.1.4 Comment

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
Qualifier returns tdl::Comment:
  body=(Identifier | NIdentifier)
;
```

```
NotQualifier returns tdl::Comment:
  body='not'
;
```

```
AndOrQualifier returns tdl::Comment:
  body='and' | body='or'
;
```

ArticleQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body='a' | body='an' | body='the'

;

AssignmentQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body=Assignments

;

CommonWordQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body='before'

| body='after'

| body='from'

| body='to'

| body='of'

;

DirectionQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body='by'

| body='in'

| body='into'

| body='for'

| body='from'

| body='to'

;

QuantifiedQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body='all'

| body='any'

| body='few'

| body='multiple'

| body='no'

| body='only'

| body='several'

| body='some'

;

ReferenceQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body=References

;

TimeConstraintQualifier **returns** *tdl::Comment*:

body='before'

| body='after'

| body='during'

| body='within'

;

## Comments

The alternative derivations are used in the respective contexts. The derivations represent 'Comment's with pre-defined 'body' contents.

## Examples

Void.

## 8.1.5 AnnotationType

### Concrete Textual Notation

AnnotationType **returns** *tdl::AnnotationType*:

'Annotation' name = {

Identifier

| InitialBlockName

| ExpectedBlockName

| FinalBlockName

| TestPurposeDescriptionName

| When

```

    | Then
  )
;

```

## Comments

In addition to identifiers, dedicated names for the predefined 'AnnotationType's can be specified (even containing spaces). The rules for these dedicated names are externalised for reuse.

The alternative derivations are used in the respective contexts. The derivations represent pre-defined 'AnnotationType's which are used for 'Annotation's in specific contexts, such as specific 'EventSequence's or 'Block's.

## Examples

```

Annotation Initial conditions
Annotation Expected behaviour
Annotation Final conditions
Annotation Test Purpose Description
Annotation when
Annotation then
Annotation communication

```

## 8.1.6 Annotation

### Concrete Textual Notation

```

InitialConditionsAnnotation returns tdl::Annotation:
  key=[tdl::AnnotationType | InitialBlockName]
;

```

```

ExpectedBehaviourAnnotation returns tdl::Annotation:
  key=[tdl::AnnotationType | ExpectedBlockName]
;

```

```

FinalConditionsAnnotation returns tdl::Annotation:
  key=[tdl::AnnotationType | FinalBlockName]
;

```

```

TestPurposeDescriptionAnnotation returns tdl::Annotation:
  key=[tdl::AnnotationType | TestPurposeDescriptionName]
;

```

```

WhenAnnotation returns tdl::Annotation:
  key=[tdl::AnnotationType | When]
;

```

```

ThenAnnotation returns tdl::Annotation:
  key=[tdl::AnnotationType | Then]
;

```

## Comments

The alternative derivations are used in the respective contexts. The derivations represent 'Annotation's using pre-defined 'AnnotationType's in specific contexts, such as specific 'EventSequence's or 'Block's.

## Examples

```

@communication
Event sent
@communication
Event received

```

## 8.1.7 PackageableElement

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
PackageableElement returns tdl::PackageableElement:
  super
  | Entity
  | Event
  | PICS
  | StructuredTestObjective
  | EventSpecificationTemplate
  | TestPurposeDescription
;
```

### Comments

The alternatives for the elements from the extension defined in the present document are in addition to the base specification for the concrete syntax of 'PackageableElement', indicated here by 'super'.

### Examples

Void.

## 8.1.8 Element

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
fragment InitialConditionsFragment returns tdl::Element:
  annotation+=InitialConditionsAnnotation
;

fragment ExpectedBehaviourFragment returns tdl::Element:
  annotation+=ExpectedBehaviourAnnotation
;

fragment FinalConditionsFragment returns tdl::Element:
  annotation+=FinalConditionsAnnotation
;
```

### Comments

The alternative derivations are used in the respective contexts. The derivations represent fragments for 'Annotation's using pre-defined 'AnnotationType's in specific contexts, such as specific 'EventSequence's or 'Block's.

### Examples

Void.

## 8.2 Test Objective

### 8.2.1 StructuredTestObjective

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```
StructuredTestObjective returns to::StructuredTestObjective:
  'Test' 'Purpose' name=Identifier
  BEGIN
  ('Objective:' description=EString)?
  ('Reference:' objectiveURI+=EString ('|' objectiveURI+=EString)*)?
  ('Configuration:' configuration=[tdl::TestConfiguration|Identifier])?
  ('PICS:' picsReference+=FirstPICSReference (picsReference+=PICSReference)*)?
  (initialConditions=InitialConditions)?
```

```

(expectedBehaviour=ExpectedBehaviour)?
(finalConditions=FinalConditions)?
(WithCommentFragment)?
(variants=Variants)?
END
;

```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

**Test Purpose** STO1  
**Objective:** "Illustrate STOs"  
**Reference:** "Part 4"  
**PICS:** Wifi **or** Radio  
**Initial conditions**  
**with**  
 the IUT **entity** having sent **an** empty request  
**Expected behaviour**  
**ensure that**  
**when**  
 the IUT **entity** has received **a** connection closure  
**then**  
 the IUT **entity** closes **the** connection  
**Final conditions**  
**with**  
 the IUT **entity** being stopped

## 8.2.2 PICSReference

### Concrete Textual Notation

```

FirstPICSReference returns to::PICSReference :
(comment+=NotQualifier)?
pics=[to::PICS|Identifier]
;

```

```

PICSReference returns to::PICSReference :
ElementAndOrPrefix
(comment+=NotQualifier)?
pics=[to::PICS|Identifier]
;

```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

**PICS:** Wifi **or** Radio  
**PICS:** Wifi **and** Radio **or** R1  
**PICS:** Radio

## 8.2.3 InitialConditions

### Concrete Textual Notation

```

InitialConditions returns to::InitialConditions:
InitialConditionsFragment
'with' conditions=EventSequence
;

```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

**Initial conditions**  
**with**  
 the IUT entity having sent an empty request

## 8.2.4 ExpectedBehaviour

### Concrete Textual Notation

ExpectedBehaviour **returns to::ExpectedBehaviour:**

```
ExpectedBehaviourFragment
'ensure' 'that'
(
  (BEGIN
    When whenClause=EventSequence
    Then thenClause=EventSequence
  END)
  |
  (thenClause=EventSequence)
)
```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

**Expected behaviour**  
**ensure that**  
**when**  
 the IUT entity has received a connection closure  
**then**  
 the IUT entity closes the connection

**Expected behaviour**  
**ensure that**  
 the IUT entity closes the connection

## 8.2.5 FinalConditions

### Concrete Textual Notation

FinalConditions **returns to::FinalConditions:**

```
FinalConditionsFragment
'with' conditions=EventSequence
;
```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

**Final conditions**  
**with**  
 the IUT entity being stopped

## 8.3 Events

### 8.3.1 EventSequence

#### Concrete Textual Notation

EventSequence **returns to**:*EventSequence*:

```
BEGIN
  (RepeatedEventSequence | SimpleEventSequence)
END
;
```

SimpleEventSequence **returns to**:*EventSequence*:

```
events+=FirstEventOccurrence (events+=EventOccurrence)*
;
```

#### Comments

No Comment.

#### Examples

```
the IUT entity being connected
and
the IUT entity having sent an empty request
and
the IUT entity having received an valid response
```

### 8.3.2 RepeatedEventSequence

#### Concrete Textual Notation

RepeatedEventSequence **returns to**:*RepeatedEventSequence*:

```
'repeat'
('every' interval=LiteralOrDataReferenceAsBinding
 | repetitions=LiteralOrDataReferenceAsBinding 'times'
)?
BEGIN
  events+=FirstEventOccurrence
  events+=EventOccurrence*
END
;
```

#### Comments

No Comment.

#### Examples

```
Expected behaviour
ensure that
  when
    repeat 5 times
      the Client entity has sent an empty request
  then
    the Client entity shall be blocked
```



### 8.3.3 EventOccurrence

#### Concrete Textual Notation

FirstEventOccurrence **returns to::EventOccurrence**:  
 FirstEventOccurrenceSpecification | FirstEventTemplateOccurrence  
 ;

EventOccurrence **returns to::EventOccurrence**:  
 EventOccurrenceSpecification | EventTemplateOccurrence  
 ;

**fragment** EventTimingSuffix **returns to::EventOccurrence**:  
 'with'  
 BEGIN  
 EventTimeLabelFragment?  
 EventTimeConstraintFragment?  
 END  
 ;

**fragment** EventTimeLabelFragment **returns to::EventOccurrence**:  
 timeLabel=TimeLabel  
 ;

**fragment** EventTimeConstraintFragment **returns to::EventOccurrence**:  
 LBrace timeConstraint+=TimeConstraint ( '/' timeConstraint+=TimeConstraint)\* RBrace  
 ;

#### Comments

No Comment.

#### Examples

the IUT **entity** having sent a connection request

the IUT **entity** having sent an empty request **with**  
 ts=now  
 {{@ts <= 2}}

### 8.3.4 EventOccurrenceSpecification

#### Concrete Textual Notation

FirstEventOccurrenceSpecification **returns to::EventOccurrenceSpecification**:  
 EventOccurrenceSpecificationFragment  
 ;

EventOccurrenceSpecification **returns to::EventOccurrenceSpecification**:  
 ElementAndOrPrefix  
 EventOccurrenceSpecificationFragment  
 ;

**fragment** EventOccurrenceSpecificationFragment **returns to::EventOccurrenceSpecification**:  
 entityReference=EntityReference?  
 eventReference=EventReference  
 eventArgument=Argument?  
 (oppositeEntityReference+=OppositeEntityReference  
 ( '/' oppositeEntityReference+=OppositeEntityReference)\*  
 )?  
 EventTimingSuffix?  
 (comment+=Comment)\*  
 ;

#### Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

the IUT entity having sent a booking request

the IUT entity having sent a connection request to the SS entity

## 8.3.5 EntityReference

### Concrete Textual Notation

EntityReference returns to::EntityReference:

EntityReferenceFragment

;

OppositeEntityReference returns to::EntityReference:

comment+=DirectionQualifier

EntityReferenceFragment

;

fragment EntityReferenceFragment returns to::EntityReference:

comment+=ArticleQualifier

comment+=Qualifier\*

{

(entity=[to::Entity|Identifier] 'entity')

| (component=[tdl::ComponentInstance|Identifier] 'component')

}

;

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

the UE entity having sent a registration request

the server component having sent a registration request

the client component having sent a registration request to the server component

the client component having sent a registration request to the IUT entity

## 8.3.6 EventReference

### Concrete Textual Notation

EventReference returns to::EventReference:

(comment+=Qualifier | comment+=CommonWordQualifier | comment+=NotQualifier)\*

event=[to::Event|Identifier]

;

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

having sent  
being connected  
has been stopped  
opening  
closing  
having closed

## 8.4 Data

### 8.4.1 Value

#### Concrete Textual Notation

Value **returns to**: *Value*:

```
LiteralValue
| DataReference
| ContentReference
| LiteralValueReference
```

;

Argument **returns to**: *Value*:

```
LiteralValueAsArgument
| DataReferenceAsArgument
| ContentReferenceAsArgument
| LiteralValueReferenceArgument
```

;

LiteralOrDataReferenceAsBinding **returns to**: *Value*:

```
LiteralValueAsBinding | DataReferenceAsBinding
```

;

**fragment** ValueReferenceFragment **returns to**: *Value*:

```
comment+=NotQualifier?
comment+=ReferenceQualifier
```

;

#### Comments

No Comment.

#### Examples

Void.

### 8.4.2 LiteralValue

#### Concrete Textual Notation

LiteralValue **returns to**: *LiteralValue*:

```
comment+=NotQualifier?
comment+=AssignmentQualifier
LiteralValueFragment
```

;

LiteralValueAsArgument **returns to**: *LiteralValue*:

```
(comment+=ArticleQualifier | comment+=QuantifiedQualifier)
LiteralValueFragment
```

;

LiteralValueAsBinding **returns to**: *LiteralValue*:

```
LiteralValueFragment
```

;

**fragment** LiteralValueFragment **returns to**: *LiteralValue*:

```
comment+=Qualifier*
(name=Identifier | name=NIdentifier | name=EString)
('containing'
  BEGIN
    content+=DataContent (',' content+=DataContent)*
  END
)?
```

;

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

the IUT entity having sent a booking request containing  
 date set to today,  
 days set to 3,  
 preferences containing  
 class set to sedan,  
 transmission set to automatic,  
 extra insurance not set to desired

## 8.4.3 Content

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
DataContent returns to::Content:
comment+=NotQualifier?
comment+=Qualifier*
(name=Identifier | name=NIdentifier)
(
  ('containing'
  BEGIN
    content+=DataContent (';' content+=DataContent)*
  END
  )
  | value=Value
)?
;
```

## Comments

Specification of the optional 'member' property is not supported in the current version of the present document.

## Examples

containing  
 date set to today,  
 days set to 3,  
 preferences containing  
 class set to sedan,  
 transmission set to automatic,  
 extra insurance not set to desired

## 8.4.4 LiteralValueReference

### Concrete Textual Notation

```
LiteralValueReference returns to::LiteralValueReference:
ValueReferenceFragment
LiteralValueReferenceFragment
;
```

```
LiteralValueReferenceArgument returns to::LiteralValueReference:
LiteralValueReferenceFragment
;
```

```
BindingLiteralValueReference returns to::LiteralValueReference:
content=[to::LiteralValue|Identifier] | content=[to::LiteralValue|NIdentifier]
;
```

```
fragment LiteralValueReferenceFragment returns to::LiteralValueReference:
'the' 'value' 'of'
comment+=ArticleQualifier?
comment+=Qualifier*
```

```

content=[to::LiteralValue|Identifier]
;

```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

the IUT entity having received a booking confirmation containing days corresponding to the value of the booking request

## 8.4.5 ContentReference

### Concrete Textual Notation

```

ContentReference returns to::ContentReference:
  ValueReferenceFragment
  ContentReferenceFragment
;

```

```

ContentReferenceAsArgument returns to::ContentReference:
  ContentReferenceFragment
;

```

```

BindingContentReference returns to::ContentReference:
  content=[to::Content|Identifier]
;

```

```

fragment ContentReferenceFragment returns to::ContentReference:
  'the' 'value' 'contained' 'in'
  comment+=ArticleQualifier?
  comment+=Qualifier*
  content=[to::Content|Identifier]
;

```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

the IUT entity having received a booking confirmation containing date corresponding to the value contained in the booking request date

## 8.4.6 DataReference

### Concrete Textual Notation

```

DataReference returns to::DataReference:
  ValueReferenceFragment
  DataReferenceFragment
;

```

```

DataReferenceAsArgument returns to::DataReference:
  (
    comment+=ArticleQualifier
    | comment+=QuantifiedQualifier
  )
  '(predefined)'
  DataReferenceFragment
;

```

```
BindingDataReference returns to::DataReference:
  content=StaticDataUse
;
```

```
DataReferenceAsBinding returns to::DataReference:
  '(predefined)'
  (comment+=Qualifier)*
  content=StaticDataUse
;
```

```
fragment DataReferenceFragment returns to::DataReference:
  comment+=Qualifier*
  content=StaticDataUse
;
```

## Comments

No Comment.

## Examples

```
the IUT entity having sent a (predefined) instance booking_request
(date = "today", days = 3, preferences =
(class = sedan, transmission = automatic, insurance = false))
```

# 8.5 Time

## 8.5.1 TimeLabel

### Concrete Textual Notation

Void.

### Comments

The concrete syntax is inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4].

### Examples

Void.

## 8.5.2 TimeConstraint

### Concrete Textual Notation

Void.

### Comments

The concrete syntax is inherited from ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4].

### Examples

Void.

## 8.6 Event Templates

### 8.6.1 EventSpecificationTemplate

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```
EventSpecificationTemplate returns to::EventSpecificationTemplate:
  AnnotationCommentFragment
  'Template' name=Identifier
  BEGIN
    eventSpecification=FirstEventOccurrenceSpecification
  END
;
```

#### Comments

No Comment.

#### Examples

**Template** cancellation  
 the IUT entity having sent a cancellation request

**Template** any\_job\_request  
 having sent a job request

### 8.6.2 EventTemplateOccurrence

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```
FirstEventTemplateOccurrence returns to::EventTemplateOccurrence:
  EventTemplateOccurrenceFragment
;
```

```
EventTemplateOccurrence returns to::EventTemplateOccurrence:
  ElementAndOrPrefix
  EventTemplateOccurrenceFragment
;
```

```
fragment EventTemplateOccurrenceFragment returns to::EventTemplateOccurrence:
  'event'
  eventTemplate=[to::EventSpecificationTemplate|Identifier]
  'occurs'
  ('with'
  BEGIN
    EventTimeLabelFragment?
    EventTimeConstraintFragment?
    (entityBinding+=EntityBinding (';' entityBinding+=EntityBinding)*)?
    ('argument' 'replaced' 'by' occurrenceArgument=Argument)?
  END
  )?
  (comment+=Comment)*
;
```

#### Comments

No Comment.

#### Examples

**event** cancellation **occurs**

**event** cancellation **occurs with**  
 the IUT entity replaced by the UE entity  
 argument replaced by a cancellation request containing

job id **corresponding to the value of the** running job

## 8.6.3 EntityBinding

### Concrete Textual Notation

EntityBinding **returns to:** *EntityBinding*:  
 templateEntity=EntityReference  
 'replaced' 'by'  
 occurrenceEntity=EntityReference  
 ;

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

**the IUT entity replaced by the UE entity**

## 8.7 Variants

### 8.7.1 StructuredTestObjectiveVariant

#### Concrete Textual Notation

Variant **returns to:** *TestObjectiveVariant*:  
 'Variant' name=Identifier  
 BEGIN  
 ('Objective:' description=EString)?  
 ('Reference:' objectiveURI+=EString ('!' objectiveURI+=EString)\*)?  
 ('PICS:' picsReference+=FirstPICSReference (picsReference+=PICSReference)\*)?  
 ('Bindings'  
 BEGIN  
 bindings+=VariantBinding ('!' bindings+=VariantBinding)\*  
 END  
 )?  
 WithCommentFragment?  
 END  
 ;

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

**Test Purpose** TP\_RESOURCE\_GET  
**Objective:** "Read full contents of a resource with an ID"  
**Reference:** "Clause 4.3.2.4", "Clause 4.3.2.6"  
**Expected behaviour**  
 ensure that  
 when  
 the Server entity receives a vGET request containing  
 uri indicating value "/resource/",  
 id set to ID  
 then  
 the Server entity sends a HTTP response containing  
 status set to HTTP\_STATUS  
**Variant** TP\_RESOURCE\_GET\_200v1  
**Objective:** "Read full contents of a resource with a valid ID"  
**Bindings**  
 value ID set to VALID\_ID,  
 value HTTP\_STATUS set to 200 OK



**Variant** TP\_RESOURCE\_GET\_404v2

**Objective:** "Read contents of a resource with a non-existent ID returns 404"

**Bindings**

**value** ID **set to** NONEXISTENT\_ID,  
**value** HTTP\_STATUS **set to** 404 Not found

## 8.7.2 Variants

### Concrete Textual Notation

Variants **returns to::Variants:**  
 variants+=Variant+  
 WithCommentFragment?  
 ;

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

Void.

## 8.7.3 VariantBinding

### Concrete Textual Notation

VariantBinding **returns to::VariantBinding:**  
 VariantBindingValue  
 | VariantBindingAttribute  
 | VariantBindingPredefined  
 ;

VariantBindingValue **returns to::VariantBinding:**  
 'value' value=BindingLiteralValueReference  
 comment+=AssignmentQualifier  
 boundTo=LiteralOrDataReferenceAsBinding  
 WithCommentFragment?  
 ;

VariantBindingAttribute **returns to::VariantBinding:**  
 'attribute' value=BindingContentReference  
 comment+=AssignmentQualifier  
 boundTo=LiteralOrDataReferenceAsBinding  
 WithCommentFragment?  
 ;

VariantBindingPredefined **returns to::VariantBinding:**  
 'predefined' 'value' value=BindingDataReference  
 comment+=AssignmentQualifier  
 boundTo=DataReferenceAsBinding  
 WithCommentFragment?  
 ;

### Comments

No Comment.

### Examples

Void.

## 8.8 Behaviour

### 8.8.1 TestDescription

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```

TestPurposeDescription returns tdl::TestDescription:
  annotation+=TestPurposeDescriptionAnnotation
  name=Identifier
  (LParen formalParameter+=FormalParameter (',' formalParameter+=FormalParameter)* RParen)?
BEGIN
  TDOjectiveFragment?
  'Configuration:' testConfiguration=[tdl::TestConfiguration|Identifier]
  (behaviourDescription=TPDBehaviourDescription)
END
;

```

#### Comments

The alternative derivation is used to enable 'TestDescription's to be used as containers for the specification of test purposes. The alternative derivation provides a structure comprising a 'CompoundBehaviour' containing the 'Block's and 'Behaviour's annotated with pre-defined 'AnnotationType'. The overall structure resembles a 'StructuredTestObjective' while the actual contents are 'Behaviour's rather than 'EventOccurrence's. The semantics and constraints for 'TestDescription's still apply. The pre-defined 'Annotation's may be used to indicate potential incompleteness in the specification. In contrast to 'StructuredTestObjective's, it is not possible to reference 'PICS' and 'TestObjective's need to defined separately and can be referenced. 'TestDescription's specified with the alternative derivation can be represented by means of the inherited derivation, the opposite is not necessarily true.

#### Examples

```

Test Purpose Description TPD1
Objective: TPD_illustration
Configuration: basic
Initial conditions
with
  client::sg sends "ring, ring" to server::sg
Expected behaviour
ensure that
  when
    client::sg sends "hi" to server::sg
    client::sg sends "how are you?" to server::sg
  then
    server::sg sends "hi back" to client::sg
    server::sg sends "we are fine" to client::sg
Final conditions
with
  client::sg sends "ok, thx, bye" to server::sg

```

### 8.8.2 BehaviourDescription

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```

TPDBehaviourDescription returns tdl::BehaviourDescription:
  behaviour=TPDCompoundBehaviour
;

```

#### Comments

The alternative derivation is used in the context of 'TestDescription's used as containers for the specification of test purposes. Only a 'CompoundBehaviour' containing the 'Block' and 'Behaviour's annotated with pre-defined 'AnnotationType' is allowed in this context.

## Examples

Void.

### 8.8.3 CompoundBehaviour

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```
TPDCompoundBehaviour returns tdl::CompoundBehaviour:
  block=TPDBlock
;
```

```
InitialConditionsBehaviour returns tdl::CompoundBehaviour:
  annotation+=InitialConditionsAnnotation
  'with' block=Block
;
```

```
ExpectedBehaviourBehaviour returns tdl::CompoundBehaviour:
  annotation+=ExpectedBehaviourAnnotation
  'ensure' 'that'
  (
    BEGIN
      block=WhenThenBlock
    END
  )
  | block=Block
;
```

```
FinalConditionsBehaviour returns tdl::CompoundBehaviour:
  annotation+=FinalConditionsAnnotation
  'with' block=Block
;
```

```
WhenBehaviour returns tdl::CompoundBehaviour:
  annotation+=WhenAnnotation
  block=Block
;
```

```
ThenBehaviour returns tdl::CompoundBehaviour:
  annotation+=ThenAnnotation
  block=Block
;
```

#### Comments

The alternative derivations are used in the context of 'TestDescription's used as containers for the specification of test purposes. The 'CompoundBehaviour's annotated with the pre-defined 'AnnotationType's outline the structure of the 'TestDescription'. The inherited derivations for 'CompoundBehaviour' may be used within the 'Block's inside the outlined structure.

## Examples

Void.

### 8.8.4 Block

#### Concrete Textual Notation

```
TPDBlock returns tdl::Block:
  (behaviour+=InitialConditionsBehaviour)?
  (behaviour+=ExpectedBehaviourBehaviour)?
  (behaviour+=FinalConditionsBehaviour)?
;
```

```
WhenThenBlock returns tdl::Block:  
  behaviour+=WhenBehaviour  
  behaviour+=ThenBehaviour  
;
```

### Comments

The alternative derivations are used in the context of 'TestDescription's used as containers for the specification of test purposes. The 'guard' property is syntactically excluded from the alternative derivations.

### Examples

Void.

# Annex A (informative): Examples

## A.0 Overview

This annex provides several examples to illustrate how the different elements of the Textual Syntax for the Structured Test Objective Specification extension of TDL can be used and demonstrates the applicability of the extension in different areas. The examples showcase the indentation-based textual syntax variant.

## A.1 A 3GPP Test Objective in Textual Syntax

This example describes one possible way to translate the test objectives in clause 7.1.3.1 from ETSI TS 136 523-1 [i.2] into the textual syntax for the structured test objective specification with TDL, by mapping the concepts from the representation in the source document to the corresponding concepts for the structured test objective specification with TDL described in the present document. The example has been reformulated and interpolated where applicable to fit into the framework of the present document.

```
Package Example3GPP
  Import all from Standard
  Import all from TO
  //a possible specification of the test objectives from clause 7.1.3.1 in [i.2]
  //some interpolation has been applied to fit into the overall framework and concrete syntax
  //of the present document
```

```
Entity UE
Event in
Event sends
Event receives
Event performs
Event send
```

```
Test Purpose TP_7_1_3_1_1
  Objective: ""
  Reference: "3GPP TS 36.321, clause 5.3.1"
  Initial conditions
  with
    the UE entity in the "E-UTRA RRC_CONNECTED state"
  Expected behaviour
  ensure that
  when
    the UE entity receives a "downlink assignment on the PDCCH for the UE's C-RNTI"
  and
    the UE entity receives a "data in the associated subframe"
  and
    the UE entity performs a HARQ operation
  then
    the UE entity sends a "HARQ feedback on the HARQ process"
```

```
Test Purpose TP_7_1_3_1_2
  Objective: ""
  Reference: "3GPP TS 36.321, clause 5.3.1"
  Initial conditions
  with
    the UE entity in the "E-UTRA RRC_CONNECTED state"
  Expected behaviour
  ensure that
  when
    the UE entity receives a "downlink assignment on the PDCCH unknown by the UE" and
    the UE entity receives a "data in the associated subframe"
  then
    the UE entity does not send any "HARQ feedback on the HARQ process"
```

## A.2 An IMS Test Objective in Textual Syntax

This example describes one possible way to translate the test objective clause 4.5.1 from ETSITS 186 011-2 [i.3] into the textual syntax for the structured test objective specification with TDL, by mapping the concepts from the representation in the source document to the corresponding concepts for the structured test objective specification with TDL described in the present document. The example has been reformulated and interpolated where applicable to fit into the framework of the present document.

**Package** ExampleIMS

**Import all from** Standard

**Import all from** TO

//a possible specification of the test objectives from clause 4.5.1 in [i.3]  
 //some interpolation has been applied to fit into the overall framework and concrete syntax  
 //of the present document

**Entity** UE\_A

**Entity** UE\_B

**Entity** IMS\_B

**Event sends**

**Event receives**

**Test Purpose** TP\_IMS\_4002\_1

**Objective:** ""

**Reference:** "ETSI TS 124 229 [1], clause 4.2A, paragraph 1",  
 "ts\_18601102v030101p.pdf::4.5.1.1 (CC 1)"

**Expected behaviour**

**ensure that**

**when**

**the UE\_A entity sends a MESSAGE containing**  
 Message\_Body\_Size **indicating value** greater than 1 300 bytes  
**to the UE\_B entity**

**then**

**the IMS\_B entity receives the MESSAGE containing**  
 Message\_Body\_Size **indicating value** greater than 1 300 bytes

## Annex B (informative): Examples in Legacy Textual Syntax

### B.0 Overview

This annex provides several examples to illustrate how the different elements of the Structured Test Objective Specification extension of TDL can be used with the legacy informative textual syntax.

The specification of the legacy textual syntax for the additional concepts in the Structured Test Objective extension as well as minimal set of required TDL concepts to facilitate the specification and representation of 'StructuredTestObjective's can be found in the TDL Open Source Project (TOP) [i.4]. The syntax for the constituents of the 'StructuredTestObjective's, such as 'InitialConditions', 'ExpectedBehaviour', and 'FinalConditions' is identical to the corresponding compartment specifications in clause 6.1.

NOTE: This annex is deprecated and will be removed in future editions of the present document in favour of the standardised textual syntax in ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4] and the extensions to it specified in clause 8 of the present document. The latest specification of the legacy textual syntax is available in the TDL Open Source Project (TOP) [i.4].

### B.1 A 3GPP Test Objective in Legacy Textual Syntax

This example describes one possible way to translate the test objectives in clause 7.1.3.1 from ETSI TS 136 523-1 [i.2] into the legacy textual syntax for the structured test objective specification with TDL, by mapping the concepts from the representation in the source document to the corresponding concepts for the structured test objective specification with TDL described in the present document. The example has been reformulated and interpolated where applicable to fit into the framework of the present document.

```
Package "3GPP, clause 7.1.3.1" {
  //a possible specification of the test objectives from clause 7.1.3.1 in [i.2]
  //some interpolation has been applied to fit into the overall framework and concrete syntax
  //of the present document

  Domain{
    entities:
    - UE
    ;
    events :
    - "in"
    - sends
    - receives
    - performs
    - send
    ;
  }

  Test Purpose {
    TP Id TP_7_1_3_1_1
    Test objective ""
    Reference "3GPP TS 36.321 clause 5.3.1"
    Initial conditions
    with {
      the UE entity "in" the "E-UTRA RRC_CONNECTED state"
    }
    Expected behaviour
    ensure that {
      when {
        the UE entity receives a "downlink assignment on the PDCCH for the UE's C-RNTI" and
        the UE entity receives a "data in the associated subframe" and
        the UE entity performs a HARQ operation
      }
      then {
        the UE entity sends a "HARQ feedback on the HARQ process"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

Test Purpose {
  TP Id TP_7_1_3_1_2
  Test objective ""
  Reference "3GPP TS 36.321, clause 5.3.1"
  Initial conditions
  with {
    the UE entity "in" the "E-UTRA RRC_CONNECTED state"
  }
  Expected behaviour
  ensure that {
    when {
      the UE entity receives a "downlink assignment on the PDCCH unknown by the UE" and
      the UE entity receives a "data in the associated subframe"
    }
    then {
      the UE entity does not send any "HARQ feedback on the HARQ process"
    }
  }
}
}
}

```

---

## B.2 An IMS Test Objective in Legacy Textual Syntax

This example describes one possible way to translate the test objective clause 4.5.1 from ETSI TS 186 011-2 [i.3] into the legacy textual syntax for the structured test objective specification with TDL, by mapping the concepts from the representation in the source document to the corresponding concepts for the structured test objective specification with TDL described in the present document. The example has been reformulated and interpolated where applicable to fit into the framework of the present document.

```

Package "IMS, clause 4.5.1" {
  //a possible specification of the test objectives from clause 4.5.1 in [i.3]
  //some interpolation has been applied to fit into the overall framework and concrete syntax
  //of the present document

  Domain{
    entities:
    - UE_A
    - UE_B
    - IMS_B
    ;
    events :
    - sends
    - receives
    ;
  }

  Test Purpose {
    TP Id TP_IMS_4002_1
    Test objective ""
    Reference "ETSI TS 124 229 [1], clause 4.2A, paragraph 1",
              "ts_18601102v030101p.pdf::4.5.1.1 (CC 1)"
    Expected behaviour
    ensure that {
      when {
        the UE_A entity sends a MESSAGE
          containing Message_Body_Size indicating value greater than 1 300 bytes;
        to the UE_B entity
      }
      then {
        the IMS_B entity receives the MESSAGE
          containing Message_Body_Size indicating value greater than 1 300 bytes;
      }
    }
  }
}
}

```



## Annex C (informative): Legacy Textual Syntax BNF Production Rules

### C.0 Overview

This annex describes the grammar for the representation of structured test objectives in pure text. It covers the additional concepts and the minimal set of required TDL concepts to facilitate the specification and representation of 'StructuredTestObjective's.

**NOTE:** This annex is deprecated and will be removed in future editions of the present document in favour of the standardised textual syntax in ETSI ES 203 119-8 [4] and the extensions in clause 8 of the present document. The latest specification of the legacy textual syntax is available in the TDL Open Source Project (TOP) [i.4].

### C.1 Conventions

The notations is based on the Extended Backus-Naur Form (EBNF) notation. The EBNF representation may be used either as a concrete syntax reference for Structured Test Objective Specification with TDL for end users or as input to a parser generator tool. Table C.1 defines the syntactic conventions that are to be applied when reading the EBNF rules.

**Table C.1: Syntax definition conventions used**

::=	is defined to be
abc	the non-terminal symbol abc
abc xyz	abc followed by xyz
abc   xyz	alternative (abc or xyz)
[abc]	0 or 1 instance of abc
{abc}+	1 or more instances of abc
{abc}	0 or more instances of abc
'a'-z'	all characters from a to z
(...)	denotes a textual grouping
'abc'	the terminal symbol abc
;	production terminator
\	the escape character

### C.2 Production Rules

```

Package ::= 'Package' Identifier '{'
          { ElementImport }
          [ 'Domain' '{'
            [ 'pics' ':' { PICS }+ ';' ]
            [ 'entity' 'types' ':' { EntityType }+ ';' ]
            [ 'entities' ':' { Entity }+ ';' ]
            [ 'event' 'types' ':' { EventType }+ ';' ]
            [ 'events' ':' { Event }+ ';' ]
            [ 'event' 'templates' ':'
              { EventOccurrenceTemplate }+ ';' ] '}' ]
          [ 'Data' '{'
            { DataElement }
            '}' ]
          [ 'Configuration' '{'
            { GateType }
            { ComponentType }
            { TestConfiguration } '}' ]
          { StructuredTestObjective }
          { Group } '}' ;

DataElement ::= DataType | DataInstance
DataType ::= SimpleDataType | StructuredDataType
DataInstance ::= SimpleDataInstance | StructuredDataInstance

```

```

ElementImport ::= 'import'
                ( 'all' | ( Identifier | { ',' Identifier } ) )
                'from' Identifier ';' ;

Group ::= 'Group' Identifier '{'
          { ElementImport
            { StructuredTestObjective
              { Group } } } ;

PICS ::= '-' Identifier [ '(' Qualifier ')' ] ;
FirstPICSReference ::= [ NotQualifier ] Identifier ;
PICSReference ::= [ AndOrQualifier ] [ NotQualifier ] Identifier ;
EntityType ::= '-' Identifier ;
Entity ::= '-' Identifier
          [ '(' Annotation { ',' Annotation } ')' ] ;

EventType ::= '-' Identifier ;
Annotation ::= Identifier ;
Event ::= '-' Identifier
         [ '(' Annotation { ',' Annotation } ')' ] ;

EventOccurrenceTemplate ::= '-' Identifier '{' EventSpecification }' ;
EventSpecification ::= EntityReference
                      EventReference
                      Argument
                      [ OppositeEntityReference
                        { ',' OppositeEntityReference } ] ;

StructuredTestObjective ::= 'Test Purpose' '{'
                          'TP Id' Identifier
                          [ 'Test objective' Identifier ]
                          [ 'Reference' Identifier { ',' Identifier } ]
                          [ 'Config Id' Identifier ]
                          [ 'PICS Selection' FirstPICSReference { PICSReference }
                          ]
                          [ InitialConditions
                            [ ExpectedBehaviour
                              [ FinalConditions ] ] ] ;

InitialConditions ::= 'Initial conditions'
                    'with' '{' EventSequence }' ;

ExpectedBehaviour ::= FullExpectedBehaviour | PartialExpectedBehaviour ;
FullExpectedBehaviour ::= 'Expected behaviour'
                       'ensure that' '{'
                         'when' '{' EventSequence }'
                         'then' '{' EventSequence }'
                       '}' ;

PartialExpectedBehaviour ::= 'Expected behaviour'
                          'ensure that' '{' EventSequence }' ;

FinalConditions ::= 'Final conditions'
                  'with' '{' EventSequence }' ;

EventSequence ::= RepeatedEventSequence | SimpleEventSequence ;
SimpleEventSequence ::= FirstEventOccurrence { EventOccurrence } ;
RepeatedEventSequence ::= 'repeat'
                        [ ( 'every' | IterationValue ) | ( IterationValue |
                          'times' ) ]
                        '{' FirstEventOccurrence { EventOccurrence } }' ;

FirstEventOccurrence ::= FirstEventOccurrenceSpecification |
                        FirstEventTemplateOccurrence ;

EventOccurrence ::= EventOccurrenceSpecification | EventTemplateOccurrence ;
FirstEventOccurrenceSpecification ::= [ ( TimeLabel
                                         | ( ( ',' | TimeConstraint ) | ':' ) )
                                         | TimeConstraint ]
                                       EntityReference
                                       EventReference
                                       Argument
                                       [ OppositeEntityReference
                                         { ',' OppositeEntityReference } ]
                                       { Note } ;

FirstEventTemplateOccurrence ::= [ ( TimeLabel
                                     | ( ( ',' | TimeConstraint ) | ':' ) )
                                   | TimeConstraint ]
                                 'event' Identifier 'occurs'
                                 [ 'with' '{'
                                  [ EntityBinding { ',' EntityBinding } ]
                                  [ 'argument' 'replaced' 'by' Argument ] ]
                                 { Note } ;

EntityBinding ::= EntityReference 'replaced' 'by' EntityReference ;
Note ::= ( 'Note' NumberAsIdentifier ':' Identifier ) ;
EventOccurrenceSpecification ::= AndOrQualifier [ ( TimeLabel
                                                    | ( ( ',' | TimeConstraint ) | ':' ) )
                                                    | TimeConstraint ]
                                  EntityReference
                                  EventReference

```

```

Argument
[ OppositeEntityReference
  { ',' OppositeEntityReference } ]
{ Note } ;
EventTemplateOccurrence ::= AndOrQualifier [ ( TimeLabel
| ( ( ',' | TimeConstraint ) | ':' ) )
| TimeConstraint ]
'event' Identifier 'occurs'
[ 'with' '{'
  [ EntityBinding { ',' EntityBinding } ]
  [ 'argument' 'replaced' 'by' Argument ] '}' ]
{ Note } ;
TimeLabel ::= '(.)' 'at' 'time' 'point' Identifier ;
TimeConstraint ::= '(!)' { Qualifier }
TimeConstraintQualifier
{ Qualifier | CommonWordQualifier | ArticleQualifier }
TimeConstraintExpression ':' ;
TimeConstraintExpression ::= ConstraintTimeLabelUse | ConstraintDataInstanceUse ;
ConstraintDataInstanceUse ::= Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier ;
ConstraintTimeLabelUse ::= Identifier ;
TimeConstraintQualifier ::= ( 'before' | 'after' | 'during' | 'within' ) ;
EntityReference ::= ArticleQualifier
{ Qualifier }
( ( Identifier 'entity' )
| ( Identifier 'component' ) ) ;
OppositeEntityReference ::= DirectionQualifier
ArticleQualifier
{ Qualifier }
( ( Identifier 'entity' )
| ( Identifier 'component' ) ) ;
EventReference ::= { Qualifier | CommonWordQualifier | NotQualifier }
Identifier ;
Argument ::= LiteralValueAsArgument
| TypedLiteralValueAsArgument
| DataReferenceAsArgument
| ContentReferenceAsArgument
| LiteralValueReferenceArgument ;
Value ::= LiteralValue
| DataReference
| ContentReference
| LiteralValueReference ;
TypedValue ::= TypedLiteralValue
| DataReference
| ContentReference
| LiteralValueReference ;
IterationValue ::= IterationLiteralValue | IterationDataReference ;
TypedLiteralValueAsArgument ::= ( ArticleQualifier | QuantifiedQualifier )
'(typed)'
{ Qualifier }
( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
Identifier
[ 'containing'
  TypedDataContent { ',' TypedDataContent } ';' ] ;
TypedLiteralValue ::= [ NotQualifier ]
AssignmentQualifier
{ Qualifier }
( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
[ 'containing'
  TypedDataContent { ',' TypedDataContent } ';' ] ;
TypedDataContent ::= [ NotQualifier ]
{ Qualifier }
Identifier
[ ( 'containing'
  TypedDataContent { ',' TypedDataContent } ';' )
| TypedValue ] ;
LiteralValueAsArgument ::= ( ArticleQualifier | QuantifiedQualifier )
{ Qualifier }
( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
[ 'containing' DataContent { ',' DataContent } ';' ] ;
LiteralValue ::= [ NotQualifier ]
AssignmentQualifier
{ Qualifier }
( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
[ 'containing' DataContent { ',' DataContent } ';' ] ;
IterationLiteralValue ::= ( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier ) ;
IterationDataReference ::= RepetitionDataInstanceUse ;
DataContent ::= [ NotQualifier ]
{ Qualifier }

```

```

( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
[ ( 'containing'
  DataContent { ',' DataContent } ';' )
  | Value ] ;
Identifier ::= STRING | ID ;
Qualifier ::= Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier ;
CommonWordQualifier ::= 'before'
                    | 'after'
                    | 'from'
                    | 'to'
                    | 'of' ;
ArticleQualifier ::= 'a'
                    | 'an'
                    | 'the' ;
QuantifiedQualifier ::= 'all'
                       | 'any'
                       | 'few'
                       | 'multiple'
                       | 'no'
                       | 'only'
                       | 'several'
                       | 'some' ;
AssignmentQualifier ::= 'indicating value' | 'set to' ;
NotQualifier ::= 'not' ;
AndOrQualifier ::= 'and' | 'or' ;
DirectionQualifier ::= 'by'
                       | 'in'
                       | 'into'
                       | 'for'
                       | 'from'
                       | 'to' ;
ReferenceQualifier ::= 'corresponding to'
                      | 'derived from'
                      | 'carrying'
                      | 'contained in'
                      | 'associated with' ;
DataInstanceUse ::= ( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
                    [ 'containing'
                      ParameterBinding { ',' ParameterBinding } ';' ] ;
RepetitionDataInstanceUse ::= Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier ;
StaticDataUse ::= DataInstanceUse
                 | AnyValue
                 | AnyValueOrOmit
                 | OmitValue ;
AnyValue ::= 'any' Identifier ;
AnyValueOrOmit ::= 'any' 'or' 'omitted' ;
OmitValue ::= 'omitted' ;
ParameterBinding ::= Identifier
                  [ NotQualifier ]
                  AssignmentQualifier
                  { Qualifier }
                  StaticDataUse ;
ContentReference ::= [ NotQualifier ]
                   ReferenceQualifier
                   'the' 'value' 'contained in'
                   { Qualifier }
                   Identifier ;
LiteralValueReference ::= [ NotQualifier ]
                          ReferenceQualifier
                          'the' 'value' 'of'
                          { Qualifier }
                          Identifier ;
ContentReferenceAsArgument ::= 'the' 'value' 'contained in'
                              { Qualifier }
                              Identifier ;
LiteralValueReferenceArgument ::= 'the' 'value' 'of'
                                  { Qualifier }
                                  Identifier ;
DataReference ::= Identifier
               [ NotQualifier ]
               ReferenceQualifier
               { Qualifier }
               StaticDataUse ;
DataReferenceAsArgument ::= ( ArticleQualifier | QuantifiedQualifier )
                             '(predefined)'
                             { Qualifier }
                             StaticDataUse ;
NumberAsIdentifier ::= [ '-' ] INT [ '.' INT ] ;

```

```

SimpleDataType ::= 'type' Identifier ';' ;
StructuredDataType ::= 'type' Identifier
  'with' Member { ',' Member } ';' ;
Member ::= [ Optional ] Identifier 'of' 'type' Identifier ;
Optional ::= 'optional' ;
SimpleDataInstance ::= Identifier
  ( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier ) ';' ;
StructuredDataInstance ::= Identifier
  ( Identifier | NumberAsIdentifier )
  'containing'
  MemberAssignment { ',' MemberAssignment } ';' ;
MemberAssignment ::= Identifier [ NotQualifier ]
  AssignmentQualifier StaticDataUse ;
TestConfiguration ::= 'Test Configuration'
  Identifier
  'containing'
  ComponentInstance { ComponentInstance }
  Connection { Connection } ';' ;
ComponentInstance ::= ComponentInstanceRole
  'component' Identifier 'of' 'type' Identifier ;
Connection ::= 'connection' 'between'
  GateReference 'and' GateReference ;
GateReference ::= 'Identifier '.' Identifier ;
GateType ::= 'Interface' 'Type' Identifier
  'accepts' Identifier { ',' Identifier } ';' ;
ComponentType ::= 'Component' 'Type' Identifier
  'with' { Timer } { Variable } { GateInstance } ';' ;
Timer ::= 'timer' Identifier ;
Variable ::= 'variable' Identifier 'of' 'type' Identifier ;
GateInstance ::= 'gate' Identifier 'of' 'type' Identifier ;
ComponentInstanceRole ID ::= ( 'SUT' | 'Tester' ) ;
ID ::= ( [ '^' ]
  ( 'a'-'z' | 'A'-'Z' | '_' )
  { 'a'-'z' | 'A'-'Z' | '_' | '0'-'9' | '/' } ) ;
INT ::= { '0'-'9' }+ ;
DQ ::= "" ;
SQ ::= "" ;
STRING ::= ( ( DQ
  | { ( '\\\
  | ( 'b' | 't' | 'n' | 'f' | 'r' | 'u' | '"'
  | "'" | '\\\ ) )
  | ( '\\\ | DQ ) }
  | DQ )
  | ( SQ
  | { ( '\\\ | ( 'b' | 't' | 'n' | 'f' | 'r' | 'u'
  | "'" | '"' | '\\\ ) )
  | ( '\\\ | SQ ) }
  | SQ ) ) ;
ML_COMMENT ::= ( '/' '*' '*' '/' ) ;
SL_COMMENT ::= ( '/' '/' ( '\\n' | '\\r' ) [ [ '\\r' ] '\\n' ] ) ;
WS ::= { ' '
  | '\\t'
  | '\\r'
  | '\\n' }+ ;

```

---

## History

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