

Draft **ETSI EN 319 522-2** V1.0.0 (2018-05)



**Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI);
Electronic Registered Delivery Services;
Part 2: Semantic contents**

Reference

DEN/ESI-0019522-2

Keywords

e-delivery services, registered e-delivery services, registered electronic mail

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from:

<http://www.etsi.org/standards-search>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the only prevailing document is the print of the Portable Document Format (PDF) version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

<https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services:

<https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommiteeSupportStaff.aspx>

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2018.

All rights reserved.

DECT™, **PLUGTESTS™**, **UMTS™** and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members.

3GPP™ and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

oneM2M logo is protected for the benefit of its Members.

GSM® and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| Intellectual Property Rights | 5 |
| Foreword | 5 |
| Modal verbs terminology | 5 |
| 1 Scope | 6 |
| 2 References | 6 |
| 2.1 Normative references | 6 |
| 2.2 Informative references | 6 |
| 3 Definitions | 7 |
| 4 Overview | 7 |
| 5 Identification of actors | 10 |
| 5.1 Introduction | 10 |
| 5.2 Identifiers | 10 |
| 5.3 Identity attributes | 10 |
| 5.3.1 Introduction | 10 |
| 5.3.2 Identity attributes of natural persons | 10 |
| 5.3.3 Identity attributes of legal person | 10 |
| 5.3.4 Identity attributes of other entities | 11 |
| 5.4 Identity verification and authentication assurance levels information | 11 |
| 6 ERDS relay metadata | 12 |
| 6.1 Introduction | 12 |
| 6.2 Metadata components | 12 |
| 6.2.1 MD01 - Metadata version | 12 |
| 6.2.2 MD02 - Relay date and time | 12 |
| 6.2.3 MD03 - Expiry date and time | 13 |
| 6.2.4 MD04 - Recipient required level of assurance | 13 |
| 6.2.5 MD05 - Applicable policy | 13 |
| 6.2.6 MD06 - Mode of consignment | 14 |
| 6.2.7 MD07 - Scheduled delivery | 14 |
| 6.2.8 MD08 - Sender's identifier | 14 |
| 6.2.9 MD09 - Reply-to | 14 |
| 6.2.10 MD10 - Recipient's identifier | 15 |
| 6.2.11 MD11 - Message identifier | 15 |
| 6.2.12 MD12 - In reply to | 15 |
| 6.2.13 MD13 - Message type | 15 |
| 6.2.14 MD14 - User content information | 15 |
| 6.2.15 MD15 - Other metadata | 16 |
| 7 Digital signatures in ERDS provisioning | 16 |
| 7.1 Objects and actors for digital signatures | 16 |
| 7.2 Common requirements for digital signatures | 16 |
| 8 ERDS evidence set and components | 17 |
| 8.1 Introduction | 17 |
| 8.2 Evidence components | 17 |
| 8.2.1 G01 - Evidence identifier | 17 |
| 8.2.2 G02 - Evidence version | 18 |
| 8.2.3 G03 - Event identifier | 18 |
| 8.2.4 G04 - Reason identifier | 18 |
| 8.2.5 G05 - Event time | 18 |
| 8.2.6 G06 - Transaction log information | 18 |
| 8.2.7 R01 - Evidence issuer policy identifier | 19 |
| 8.2.8 R02 - Evidence issuer details | 19 |
| 8.2.9 R03 - Signature by issuing ERDS | 19 |
| 8.2.10 I01 - Sender's identity attributes | 19 |

| | | |
|---------|---|----|
| 8.2.11 | I02 - Sender's identifier | 19 |
| 8.2.12 | I03 - Sender's delegate identity attributes | 20 |
| 8.2.13 | I04 - Sender's delegate identifier | 20 |
| 8.2.14 | I05 - Recipient's identity attributes | 20 |
| 8.2.15 | I06 - Recipient's identifier | 20 |
| 8.2.16 | I07 - Recipient's delegate identity attributes | 21 |
| 8.2.17 | I08 - Recipient's delegate identifier | 21 |
| 8.2.18 | I09 - Recipient referred to by the evidence | 21 |
| 8.2.19 | I10 - Sender's identity assurance level details | 21 |
| 8.2.20 | I11 - Sender's delegate identity assurance level details | 22 |
| 8.2.21 | I12 - Recipient's identity assurance level details | 22 |
| 8.2.22 | I13 - Recipient's delegate identity assurance level details | 22 |
| 8.2.23 | M01 - Message identifier | 22 |
| 8.2.24 | M02 - User content information | 22 |
| 8.2.25 | M03 - Submission date and time | 23 |
| 8.2.26 | M04 - External system | 23 |
| 8.2.27 | M05 - External ERDS | 23 |
| 8.2.28 | E01 - Extensions | 23 |
| 8.3 | Evidence components values | 23 |
| 8.3.1 | Free text | 23 |
| 8.3.2 | Events | 23 |
| 8.3.3 | Reasons | 24 |
| 8.3.3.1 | Reasons related to Events A.1, A.2 (Sender's submission) | 24 |
| 8.3.3.2 | Reasons related to the Events B.1, B.2, B.3 (Relay between ERDSs) | 24 |
| 8.3.3.3 | Reasons related to events C.1, C.2, C.3, C.4, C.5 (Acceptance/rejection by the recipient) | 24 |
| 8.3.3.4 | Reasons related to events D.1, D.2, D.3, D.4 (Consignment to the recipient) | 25 |
| 8.3.3.5 | Reasons related to events E.1, E.2 (Handover to the recipient) | 25 |
| 8.3.3.6 | Reasons related to events F1, F2 (Connection to non ERDS) | 25 |
| 8.4 | Additional requirements for components of evidence | 25 |
| 9 | Common Services Interface content | 28 |
| 9.1 | Introduction | 28 |
| 9.2 | ERD message routing | 28 |
| 9.3 | ERDS trust establishment and governance | 28 |
| 9.4 | Capability management | 29 |
| 9.4.1 | Introduction | 29 |
| 9.4.2 | Resolving recipient identification to ERDS identification | 29 |
| 9.4.3 | Recipient metadata | 30 |
| 9.4.4 | ERDS capability metadata | 30 |
| History | | 32 |

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "*Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards*", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (<https://ipr.etsi.org/>).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1].

| Proposed national transposition dates | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa): | 3 months after ETSI publication |
| Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e): | 6 months after doa |
| Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow): | 6 months after doa |

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the semantic content that flows across the interfaces of ERD services which are specified in ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1], clause 5.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI EN 319 522-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 1: Framework and Architecture".
- [2] IETF RFC 3061: "A URN Namespace of Object Identifiers".
- [3] Core Person Vocabulary v2.0.

NOTE: Available at <https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/solution/core-person-vocabulary>.

- [4] Registered Organizations Vocabulary v2.0.

NOTE: Available at <https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/solution/registered-organization-vocabulary>.

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC.
- [i.2] Directive 2012/17/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012 amending Council Directive 89/666/EEC and Directives 2005/56/EC and 2009/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the interconnection of central, commercial and companies registers. Text with EEA relevance.
- [i.3] IETF RFC 4122: "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace".
- [i.4] IETF RFC 5332: "Internet Message Format".
- [i.5] ETSI TS 119 312: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Cryptographic Suites".

- [i.6] ETSI TS 119 612: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Trusted Lists".
- [i.7] ETSI EN 319 522-3: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 3: Formats".
- [i.8] ETSI EN 319 522-4-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 4: Bindings; Sub-part 1: Message delivery bindings".
- [i.9] ETSI EN 319 522-4-2: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 4: Bindings; Sub-part 2: evidence and identification bindings".
- [i.10] CEF eIDAS Technical Sub-group: "eIDAS SAML Attribute profile", Version 1.1.2. October 2016.
- [i.11] ETSI EN 319 122-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); CAAdES digital signatures; Part 1: Building blocks and CAAdES baseline signatures".
- [i.12] ETSI EN 319 132-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); XAdES digital signatures; Part 1: Building blocks and XAdES baseline signatures".
- [i.13] ETSI EN 319 142-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); PAdES digital signatures; Part 1: Building blocks and PAdES baseline signatures".

3 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1] and the following apply:

ERD dispatch: ERD message which contains the user content, some ERDS relay metadata and ERDS evidence

ERD payload: ERD message which contains the user content and some ERDS relay metadata

ERDS receipt: ERD message which contains ERDS evidence and some ERDS relay metadata

ERDS serviceinfo: ERD message which contains some ERDS relay metadata

4 Overview

The present document specifies the semantic content that flows across the interfaces which have been identified in ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1]. No requirements are introduced on the specific formats for the content; formats are specified in ETSI EN 319 522-3 [i.7].

Figure 1 outlines how data flows through the interfaces in the four corner model. User content shall not be changed by ERDSs. Data flowing between systems is always encrypted, as specified by the applicable binding. As detailed below, not all objects are always required.

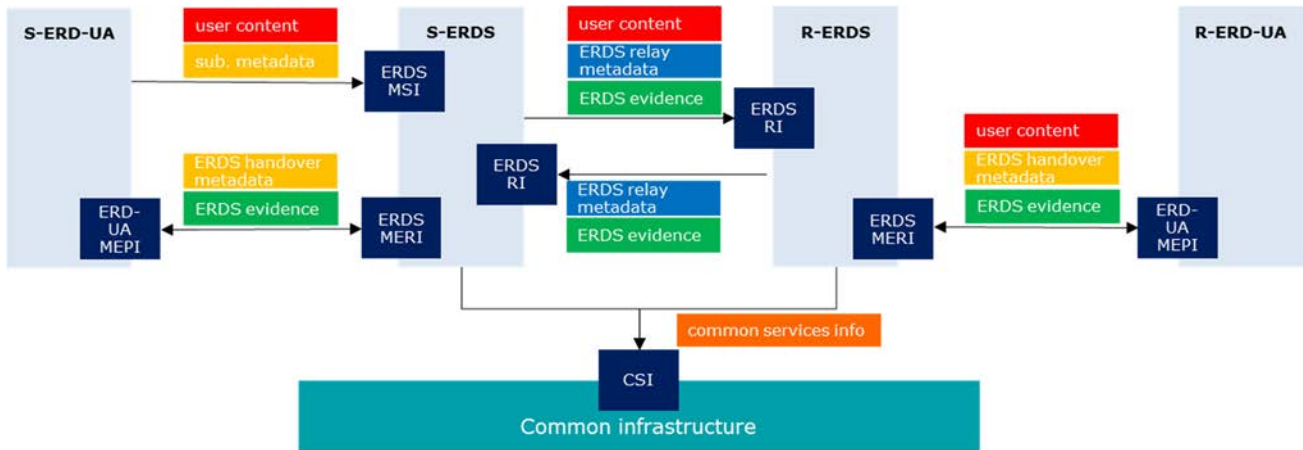


Figure 1: Data flowing through interfaces

For convenience, the present document defines (table 1) some aggregate constructs (ERD dispatch, ERDS receipt, ERDS serviceInfo, ERD payload, original message) which package the basic objects (user content, ERDS relay metadata, ERDS evidence, submission metadata) in different modes. Constructs define the semantic information flowing between parties, so they ease the definition of bindings [3] [4], even if, specific bindings may split the construct in its basic objects for transport.

The naming convention used in the present document is that constructs whose content is completely generated by the ERDS are prefixed with "ERDS", while constructs whose content includes user generated data is prefixed with "ERD". Table 1 specifies the composition of constructs as a collection of basic objects.

Table 1: Composition of constructs

| Construct | | Basic object | user content | ERDS relay metadata | ERDS evidence | submission metadata |
|-------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| ERD message | ERD dispatch | | 1 | 1 | 1..n | 0 |
| | ERDS receipt | | 0 | 1 | 1..n | 0 |
| | ERDS serviceInfo | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | ERD payload | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | original message | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0..1 |

Table 2 provides an abstract specification of the functions provided by the ERDS APIs as defined in ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1].

Table 2: Abstract interfaces

| Interface | Provided function | Description | Arguments and output |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| ERDS MSI | out := SubmitMessage(og) | The method is used for posting an original message to the S-ERDS. In order to use the SubmitMessage API, the UA/Application has to prove that the sender is the owner of the sender's identifier (via an authentication token, a challenge response, etc.). | og: original message, composed of user content and (optional) submission metadata. out: the outcome of the method. There is no specification on the outcome, which may be a simple success/error indication, or may include a message identifier or a larger set of information. |
| ERDS MERI | out :=RetrieveMessage (mi) | The method is used for retrieving a user content from the R-ERDS. Alternatively, a push of the user content to the recipient UA/application can be used through the ERD-UA MEPI interface. In order to use the RetrieveMessageAPI, the UA/Application has to prove that the recipient is the owner of the recipient's identifier (via an authentication token, a challenge response, etc.). | mi: this is a set of parameters which is used for the identification and retrieval of the requested user content. out: this is the outcome of the method, which, in case of success, includes the user content and possibly handover metadata and ERDS evidence. In case of failure the outcome will include error information. |
| | e := GetEvidences(ei) | The method is used for retrieving one or more evidences associated to a user content which has previously been managed by the ERDS. Note that this is not the only way to obtain evidence, since an evidence can be transmitted in different ways (e.g. as an output of the SubmitMessage or the RetrieveMessage). | ei: this is a set of parameters which is used for the identification and retrieval of the requested evidence. e: the requested evidences. |
| ERD-UA MEPI | out := HandoverObjects(o) | The method is used for handing over user content, ERDS evidence, handover metadata to the ERD-UA. | o: a combination of user content [0..1], ERDS evidence [0..n], handover metadata [0..1], excluding void. out: this is the outcome of the method, which is a success/failure indication plus error information in case of failure. |
| ERDS RI | out := Relay(em) | The method is used for relaying an ERD message to a different ERDS. Relaying is used when S-ERDS has not the capability to deliver to the recipient itself. Metadata and evidences may be transmitted with the user content or independently from the user content through this method. | em: ERD message. out: this is the outcome of the method, which is a success/failure indication plus error information in case of failure. It may also include an evidence and ERDS relay metadata. |
| CSI | re:= LookupERDS(ri) | This method is used to identify the ERDS which has the capability to deliver to a defined recipient. The method may return more than one ERDS. | ri: unique identification of the recipient, which may be one identifier or a set of attributes that together provides unique identification (e.g. id, domain, application protocol, etc.). re: one or more endpoints of the ERDS(s) which has(have) the capability to deliver to the recipient identified by ri. |
| | out := ValidateERDS(ei, p) | This method may be used to validate the inclusion of an ERDS into a trust circle. The method may receive some parameters for the validation (e.g. date and time of validity, specific trust circle, etc.). | ei: a unique identifier for the ERDS. p: a set of parameters for the validation out: the outcome of the check, which may include a set of information about the ERDS from a trust perspective. |
| | em := GetERDSMetadata (ei) | This method is used to retrieve operational metadata about a specific ERDS. | ei: a unique identifier for the ERDS. em: a set of information about the ERDS from an operational perspective (capabilities, requirements, endpoints). |

The following clauses specify the semantics of the data which are transported through the interfaces; in particular:

- Clause 5 specifies the semantics of the components required for identifying the sender and the recipient.

- Clause 6 specifies the semantics of ERDS relay metadata.
- Clause 8 specifies the semantics of ERDS Evidence.
- Clause 9 specifies the semantics of information for Common Service Interface.

5 Identification of actors

5.1 Introduction

An ERDS needs to generate, exchange and validate attributes to support the identification and authentication of end entities like sender, recipient or a delegate.

5.2 Identifiers

An identifier shall have two components: an identifying scheme name and the identifier value, which shall be coherent with the identifying scheme name. The identifier shall be unique within the network of interoperating ERDSs.

5.3 Identity attributes

5.3.1 Introduction

All attributes in the present document related to identification and authentication are derived from the EU Vocabulary. For natural persons, the attributes defined by the Core Person Vocabulary [3] shall be used, for legal persons, the attributes defined by the Registered Organization Vocabulary [4] shall be used. The Registered Organization Vocabulary defines the core vocabulary for legal persons registered through a formal process, typically in a national or regional register.

For the sake of simplicity, the present document limits the supported attributes to the ones defined in the eIDAS attribute profile specification [i.10], which are also attributes derived from the ISA vocabulary.

5.3.2 Identity attributes of natural persons

For natural persons, a non empty subset of the following identity attributes shall be used.

Table 3: Natural person identity attributes

| Attribute (Friendly) Name as defined by [i.10] | eIDAS minimum data set attribute | Core Vocabulary Equivalent |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| FamilyName | Current Family Name | cbc:FamilyName |
| FirstName | Current First Names | cvb:GivenName |
| DateOfBirth | Date of Birth | cvb:BirthDate |
| PersonIdentifier | Uniqueness Identifier | cva:Cvidentifier |
| BirthName | First Names at Birth | cvb:BirthName |
| BirthName | Family Name at Birth | cvb:BirthName |
| PlaceOfBirth | Place of Birth | cva:BirthPlaceCvlocation |
| CurrentAddress | Current Address | cva:Cvaddress |
| Gender | Gender | cvb:GenderCode |

5.3.3 Identity attributes of legal person

For legal persons, a non empty subset of the following identity attributes shall be used.

Table 4: Legal person identity attributes

| Attribute (Friendly) Name as defined by [i.10] | eIDAS minimum data set attribute | Core Vocabulary Equivalent |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| LegalName | Current Legal Name | cvb:LegalName |
| LegalPersonIdentifier | Uniquenes Identifier | cva:Cvidentifier |
| LegalAddress | Current Address | cva:Cvaddress |
| VATRegistration | VAT Registration Number | cva:CvbusinessCode |
| TaxReference | Tax Reference Number | cva:CvbusinessCode |
| BusinessCodes | Directive 2012/17/EU [i.2] Identifier | cva:CvbusinessCode |
| LEI | Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) | cva:CvbusinessCode |
| EORI | Economic Operator Registration and Identification (EORI) | cva:CvbusinessCode |
| SEED | System for Exchange of Excise Data (SEED) | cva:CvbusinessCode |
| SIC | Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) | cva:CvbusinessCode |

5.3.4 Identity attributes of other entities

Identity attributes may also be provided for entities which do not correspond to natural or legal persons (e.g. applications, things). They are not specified in the current version of the present document.

5.4 Identity verification and authentication assurance levels information

This clause defines the information which is necessary to establish the level of assurance for the entities which take part in the electronic delivery process. This information shall include:

- 1) An attribute containing details of the registration and identity proofing and verification assurance level. This attribute:
 - a) shall contain one identifier of the assurance level itself. This identifier shall have a URI as value;
 - b) may also contain an identifier of the identification policy. This identifier shall have a URI as value;
 - c) may also contain details on the identification policy;
 - d) may also contain one or more URIs pointing to resources that contain details of the aforementioned policy provided in different languages.
- 2) An attribute containing details of the authentication means and mechanisms assurance level. This attribute:
 - a) shall contain one identifier of the assurance level itself. This identifier shall have a URI as value;
 - b) may also contain an identifier of the authentication policy. This identifier shall have a URI as value;
 - c) may also contain details on the authentication policy;
 - d) may also contain one or more URIs pointing to resources that contain details of the aforementioned policy provided in different languages.

Furthermore, the identity assurance information may include an attribute containing details of the performed authentication, either an assertion generated by an assertion provider or as a sequence of components, consisting of:

- the date and time when the authentication process was conducted;
- the identification of the authentication method used.

6 ERDS relay metadata

6.1 Introduction

ERDS relay metadata is produced by an ERDS and is provided to a peer ERDS. It includes a set of information for the correct processing of the user content between different actors in the delivery process. The ERDS relay metadata may be transmitted together with the user content, with some evidence, or alone as described in ETSI EN 319 522-4-1 [i.8] and ETSI EN 319 522-4-2 [i.9].

Part of ERDS relay metadata may be replicated in evidences. This is allowed, since metadata may be used for the delivery process; it is also relevant when the user content flows detached from the evidence. ERDS relay metadata shall include metadata components as indicated in the Cardinality column of table 5.

Table 5: Relay metadata components

| | Component code | Component name | Cardinality | Ref. |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | MD01 | Metadata version | 1 | 6.2.1 |
| Delivery constraints | MD02 | Relay date and time | 0-1 | 6.2.2 |
| | MD03 | Expiry date and time | 0-1 | 6.2.3 |
| | MD04 | Recipient required level of assurance | 0-1 | 6.2.4 |
| | MD05 | Applicable policy | 0-n | 6.2.5 |
| | MD06 | Mode of consignment | 0-1 | 6.2.6 |
| | MD07 | Scheduled delivery | 0-1 | 6.2.7 |
| | Sender/ Recipient | MD08 | Sender's identifier | 1 |
| MD09 | | Reply-to | 0-1 | 6.2.9 |
| MD10 | | Recipient's identifier | 1 | 6.2.10 |
| ERD Message information | MD11 | Message identifier | 0-1 | 6.2.11 |
| | MD12 | In reply to | 0-1 | 6.2.12 |
| | MD13 | ERD Message type | 1 | 6.2.13 |
| | MD14 | User content information | 1 | 6.2.14 |
| | MD15 | Extensions | 0-1 | 6.2.15 |
| | | Signature | 0-1 | 7 |

6.2 Metadata components

6.2.1 MD01 - Metadata version

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Metadata version |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | The version of the metadata, corresponding to the version of the binding document where it is defined. |
| Requirements | None |

6.2.2 MD02 - Relay date and time

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Relay date and time |
| Format | Date and time in UTC values |
| Meaning | The date and time when an ERDS relays the ERD message to the next ERDS in the delivery chain. |
| Requirements | An ERDS which forwards the ERD message to a different ERDS may use this component to indicate the time when the relay takes place. |

6.2.3 MD03 - Expiry date and time

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Expiry date and time |
| Format | Date and time in UTC values |
| Meaning | The date-time by which the consignment or handover to recipient is required to be completed. |
| Requirements | R-ERDS shall not consign or hand over the user content if the date-time is after the one indicated by this component. The content of this component is provided by the S-ERDS on the base of its policies or of specific requests from the sender. Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain. |

6.2.4 MD04 - Recipient required level of assurance

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Recipient required level of assurance |
| Format | LoA enumeration |
| Meaning | The level of assurance of the identity of the recipient that the sender requires. |
| Requirements | The content of this component is provided by the S-ERDS on the base of its policies or of specific requests from the sender. An ERDS shall not relay the ERD message if R-ERDS capabilities (retrieved through CSI) do not include the capability to identify the recipient at or above the required level R-ERDS shall not deliver the user content if it cannot meet the required identification LoA specified by this component. Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain. |

6.2.5 MD05 - Applicable policy

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Applicable policy |
| Format | This component shall be either an URI or an OID. If the identifier is an OID, it shall be represented as URN built as specified in IETF RFC 3061 [2]. |
| Meaning | The policy that the S-ERDS requires to be applied to the management of the ERD message by the subsequent ERDSs in the delivery chain. As an example, the policy may require the evidence of relay to be returned to the sending ERDS, or that the message is not delivered to a delegate. |
| Requirements | The content of this component is provided by the S-ERDS on the base of its policies or of specific requests from the sender. Any ERDS shall not relay the user content if the next ERDS capabilities (retrieved through CSI) do not include the capability to support the mentioned policy. Any ERDS in the chain shall refuse the ERD message if it cannot support the policy specified by this component. Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain. |

6.2.6 MD06 - Mode of consignment

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Mode of consignment |
| Format | Binding specific, so that to express one of the options below. |
| Meaning | <p>The requested mode of consignment of the user content to the recipient chosen among the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic: the user content has to be made available to the recipient without the possibility for the recipient to accept/deny before delivery. • Consented: a notification shall be sent to the recipient before actual consignment/handover. The recipient shall be required to perform an explicit action to accept or reject the user content; the user content shall only be accessible to the recipient upon acceptance. • Consented signed: as for Consented, with the addition that the recipient shall be required to digitally sign an acknowledgment of receipt. • Other: other modes of consignment can be agreed and specified in specific domains. |
| Requirements | <p>If this component is not present, R-ERDS shall consign the user content according to its policy and to the recipient's setting.</p> <p>Any ERDS shall not relay the ERD message if the R-ERDS capabilities (retrieved through CSI) do not include the capability to support the consignment mode.</p> <p>R- ERDS shall refuse the consignment of the user content if it cannot support the requested consignment mode or if the recipient's settings do not allow that consignment mode.</p> <p>Otherwise, it shall consign the user content according to the requested consignment mode.</p> <p>Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain.</p> |

6.2.7 MD07 - Scheduled delivery

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Scheduled delivery |
| Format | Date and time in UTC values |
| Meaning | The time instant after which the user content can be consigned/handed over. |
| Requirements | <p>The user content shall not be handed over to the recipient before this time.</p> <p>If this component is present, its content shall be provided by the S-ERDS on the base of its policies or of specific requests from the sender.</p> <p>Any ERDS in the chain should refuse the ERD message if it cannot support delaying the delivery of the user content until the time indicated in this component.</p> <p>Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain.</p> |

6.2.8 MD08 - Sender's identifier

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Sender's identifier |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Identifier of the sender of the user content. |
| Requirements | As defined in clause 5.2. |

6.2.9 MD09 - Reply-to

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | A unique reply-to identifier |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | The identifier, as specified in clause 5.2, to which any reply from the recipient or delegate of the recipient should be sent to, as a result of the reception of the sender's user content. |
| Requirements | <p>The content of this component is provided by the S-ERDS on the base of its policies or of specific requests from the sender.</p> <p>Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain.</p> |

6.2.10 MD10 - Recipient's identifier

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Recipient's identifier |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Identifier of the recipient of the user content, as defined in clause 5.2. |
| Requirements | None |

6.2.11 MD11 - Message identifier

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Message identifier |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | Unique identifier of the original message as generated by S-ERDS (e.g. a UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 [i.3], or an UID as defined in IETF RFC 5332 [i.4]). |
| Requirements | The content of this component is provided by the S-ERDS. Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain. |

6.2.12 MD12 - In reply to

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | In reply to |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | Association to a previous original message. I.e. the message identifier of the original message to which the new original message is a reply. |
| Requirements | S-ERDS should produce this component if in-reply-to information is present in submission metadata. Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain. |

6.2.13 MD13 - Message type

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Message type |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | Type of the ERD message |
| Requirements | ERDSs shall use this component to specify the type of the ERD message (ERD payload, ERD dispatch, ERDS notification, ERDS receipt). |

6.2.14 MD14 - User content information

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | User content information |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | Information on the structure of the user content |
| Requirements | ERDSs should use this component to specify relevant information about the user content, in a binding specific way. In case the payload is accompanied with an application layer identifier, this information should be captured in this component. In case the payload is accompanied with an application layer subject, this information should be captured in this component. Information for this component should be provided by S-ERDS. Intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall propagate this component as received from the previous ERDS in the delivery chain. Information may include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application layer protocol identifier • Number of parts composing user content • Identifier for each part • Content type for each part • Digest for each part ERDS may add further information on the internal structure of the user content, including information on attachments and their digest. |

6.2.15 MD15 - Other metadata

Further components may be specified in addition to those mentioned above.

7 Digital signatures in ERDS provisioning

7.1 Objects and actors for digital signatures

User content may consist of one or more digitally signed documents. Such signatures belong to the application protocol and are out of scope of the present document.

NOTE: Signatures on user content will often not be available to the ERDS since the user content can be encrypted end-to-end between sender and receiver.

An ERDS shall digitally sign all ERD messages. Such signatures will usually be internal to the ERDS and shall be verified when the ERD message is conveyed to an ERDS-RI interface. Signature on ERD messages are used for ERDS-to-ERDS non repudiation and integrity and do not need to be validated by end users. The subject generating the digital signature on the ERD message (i.e. the entity named in the corresponding certificate) may be a legal or natural person or some other entity, e.g. a device or logical component.

Each evidence shall be digitally signed as an individual document by the ERDS issuing the evidence, even when the evidence is embedded in a signed ERD message. This ensures that an evidence can be extracted from an ERD message if necessary and delivered to sender, receiver or other parties, or be archived, as an individual, protected document. A digital signature on an evidence shall be verifiable by any party; this means that the entire certificate chain supporting the signature shall be available and that certificate status information for these certificates shall be openly available.

Messages exchanged with the Common Service Interface may be digitally signed; this may apply to both requests and responses. Requirements may exist for digitally signing metadata stored in a CSI metadata repository and for conveying these metadata in their signed form.

7.2 Common requirements for digital signatures

For all digital signatures applied by ERDSs to ERD messages and ERDS evidence:

NOTE 1: Digital signatures exchanged with the Common Services Infrastructure are not affected by these requirements.

- 1) The digital signature should be a CAAdES, XAdES or PAdES baseline signature as specified in ETSI EN 319 122-1 [i.11], ETSI EN 319 132-1 [i.12], ETSI EN 319 142-1 [i.13].

NOTE 2: A XAdES signature can be regarded as the best option for SOAP-based ERD services, while CAAdES signatures can be a better alternative in Registered Electronic Mail environments.

NOTE 3: As no part of this multi-part deliverable specifies use of PDF documents, no further requirements are posed for use of PAdES. An example of use is an ERDS that issues PDF-formatted evidences to its subscribers and signs these evidences using PAdES.

- 2) The digital signature shall use cryptographic algorithms of sufficient strength, e.g. as recommended by ETSI TS 119 312 [i.5].
- 3) The digital signature may include a signed property containing the explicit identifier of the signature policy governing the signing and/or validating processes.
- 4) A signature time-stamp should be added to the digital signature of evidence; when a CAAdES or XAdES signature is used, the B-T signature level should be used.

NOTE 4: When the digital signature individually signs an ERDS evidence, the incorporation of the signature time-stamp is an indirect time-stamp on the ERDS evidence itself. This time-stamp token supports requirements related to the time-stamping of ERDS evidences that can be defined by different regulatory or legal frameworks; in particular, this can support the requirements on time-stamping defined by the Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 [i.1], Article 44.

8 ERDS evidence set and components

8.1 Introduction

This clause specifies evidence content. Evidences are composed by a set of basic components, which are listed in table 6 and semantically specified in clause 8.2. When components take values from predefined lists, these values are provided in clause 8.3. Clause 8.4 eventually specifies which components are used for different evidences.

Table 6: Evidence components

| | Component code | Component name | Clause |
|--------------------------|----------------|--|--------|
| Core components | G01 | Evidence identifier | 8.2.1 |
| | G02 | Evidence version | 8.2.2 |
| | G03 | Event identifier | 8.2.3 |
| | G04 | Reason identifier | 8.2.4 |
| | G05 | Event Time | 8.2.5 |
| | G06 | Transaction log information | 8.2.6 |
| ERDS provider components | R01 | Evidence issuer policy identifier | 8.2.7 |
| | R02 | Evidence issuer details | 8.2.8 |
| | R03 | Signature by issuing ERDS | 8.2.9 |
| Identity components | I01 | Sender' s identity attributes | 8.2.10 |
| | I02 | Sender's identifier | 8.2.11 |
| | I03 | Sender's delegate identity attributes | 8.2.12 |
| | I04 | Sender's delegate identifier | 8.2.13 |
| | I05 | Recipient's identity attributes | 8.2.14 |
| | I06 | Recipient's identifier | 8.2.15 |
| | I07 | Recipient's delegate identity attributes | 8.2.16 |
| | I08 | Recipient's delegate identifier | 8.2.17 |
| | I09 | Recipient referred to by the Evidence | 8.2.18 |
| | I10 | Sender assurance level details | 8.2.19 |
| | I11 | Sender's delegate assurance level details | 8.2.20 |
| | I12 | Recipient assurance level details | 8.2.21 |
| | I13 | Recipient's delegate assurance level details | 8.2.22 |
| Messaging components | M01 | Message identifier | 8.2.23 |
| | M02 | User content information | 8.2.24 |
| | M03 | Submission date and time | 8.2.25 |
| | M04 | External system | 8.2.26 |
| | M05 | External ERDS | 8.2.27 |
| | E01 | Extensions | 8.2.28 |

8.2 Evidence components

8.2.1 G01 - Evidence identifier

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Evidence identifier |
| Format | Text |
| Meaning | Unique identifier for the evidence, used to keep track of issued ERDS Evidence, for possible later retrieval. |
| Requirements | |

8.2.2 G02 - Evidence version

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Evidence version |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | The version of the evidence, corresponding to the version of the document where it is defined. |
| Requirements | |

8.2.3 G03 - Event identifier

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Event identifier |
| Format | URI. A different URI shall be assigned to each event that can trigger the issuance of an evidence. |
| Meaning | Identifier of the event that has triggered the issuance of the evidence. |
| Requirements | Events shall belong to the list of events in ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1], clause 6. |

8.2.4 G04 - Reason identifier

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Reason identifier |
| Format | Enumeration |
| Meaning | One identifier identifying one specific reason for the occurrence of the event that triggered the issuance of the evidence. |
| Requirements | This component shall contain one identifier of reason. This component may also contain additional textual details linked to the reason identifier. Only the identifiers defined in clause 8.3.3 shall be used. This component shall appear within the evidence when this evidence is triggered by a "negative" event (failure to deliver, rejection, etc.). This component may appear within the evidence when this evidence is triggered by a "positive" event. |

8.2.5 G05 - Event time

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Event time |
| Format | date and time in UTC values |
| Meaning | Date and time of the event (or its best possible approximation according to the information available to the ERDS). |
| Requirements | |

8.2.6 G06 - Transaction log information

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Transaction log information |
| Format | Dependent of the underlying transport protocol. |
| Meaning | A log of the transaction, specific to the underlying transport protocol, and related to the event that has triggered the generation of the evidence. |
| Requirements | This element shall contain one log related to the evidence's triggering event. The log record and its contents shall be specified by the applicable policy. The inner structure of this log record shall depend on the specific underlying transport protocol. |

8.2.7 R01 - Evidence issuer policy identifier

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Evidence issuer policy identifier |
| Format | Each identifier included in this component shall be either an URI or an OID. If the identifier is an OID, it shall be represented as URN built as specified in IETF RFC 3061 [2]. |
| Meaning | The identifier of one or more policies under which operates the ERDS provider that has issued the evidence this component is member of. |
| Requirements | This component shall contain one or more identifiers that unambiguously identify the policies under which the ERDS provider that has issued the evidence this component is member of, operates. |

8.2.8 R02 - Evidence issuer details

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Evidence issuer details |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Details of the ERDS provider that has issued the evidence. |
| Requirements | This component shall meet the semantic requirements defined in clause 5.3 with the details of the ERDS provider that has issued the evidence this component is a member of. |

8.2.9 R03 - Signature by issuing ERDS

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Signature by issuing ERDSP |
| Format | |
| Meaning | The signature generated by the ERDS on the evidence. |
| Requirements | This component shall meet the requirements defined in clause 7.2 for digital signatures that individually sign an ERDS evidence. |

8.2.10 I01 - Sender's identity attributes

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Sender's identity attributes. |
| Format | |
| Meaning | This component specifies the sender's identity attributes as defined in the applicable S-ERDS Policy. |
| Requirements | This shall be a set of one or more of the identity attributes defined in clause 5.3. The source of the information for this component is the S-ERDS. R-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use sender's identity attributes as provided in an available ERDS evidence or ERDS relay metadata generated by S-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. If such information is not available to the R-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the evidence they produce. |

8.2.11 I02 - Sender's identifier

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Sender's identifier |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Identifier of the sender of the user content. |
| Requirements | This component shall include an identifier of the sender as defined in clause 5.2. Same as MD08 even if the format may differ due to a different binding. The source of the information for this component is the S-ERDS. R-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use sender's identifier as provided in an available ERDS evidence or ERDS relay metadata generated by S-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.12 I03 - Sender's delegate identity attributes

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | This component specifies the sender's delegate identity attributes. |
| Format | |
| Meaning | In case the S-ERDS provider allows for delegation, this component will be used to provide sender's delegate identity attributes as defined in the applicable S-ERDS Policy. |
| Requirements | This shall be a set of one or more of the identity attributes defined in clause 5.3. The source of the information for this component is the S-ERDS. R-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use sender's delegate identity attributes as provided in an available ERDS evidence generated by S-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. If such information is not available to the R-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.13 I04 - Sender's delegate identifier

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Sender's delegate identifier |
| Format | |
| Meaning | In case the S-ERDS provider allows for delegation, this component will be used to provide an identifier of the sender's delegate. |
| Requirements | As defined in clause 5.2. The source of the information for this component is the S-ERDS. R-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use sender's delegate identifier as provided in an available ERDS evidence generated by S-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. If such information is not available to the R-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.14 I05 - Recipient's identity attributes

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Recipient's identity attributes. |
| Format | |
| Meaning | This component specifies the recipient's identity attributes as defined in the applicable R-ERDS Policy. |
| Requirements | This shall be a set of one or more of the identity attributes defined in clause 5.3. The source of the information for this component is the R-ERDS. S-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use recipient's identity attributes as provided in an available ERDS evidence generated by R-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. If such an evidence is not available to the R-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.15 I06 - Recipient's identifier

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Recipient's identifier. |
| Format | |
| Meaning | This component shall include an identifier of the recipient. |
| Requirements | As defined in clause 5.2. Same as MD10 even if the format may differ due to a different binding. The source of the information for this component is the S-ERDS. R-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use recipient's identifier as provided in an available ERDS evidence or ERDS relay metadata generated by S-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.16 I07 - Recipient's delegate identity attributes

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | This component specifies the Recipient's delegate identity attributes. |
| Format | |
| Meaning | In case the R-ERDS provider allows for delegation, this component will be used to provide identity attributes for the recipient's delegate identified by I08 (in clause 8.2.17). |
| Requirements | This shall be a set of one or more of the identity attributes defined in clause 5.3. The source of the information for this component is the R-ERDS. S-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use recipient's delegate identity attributes as provided in an available ERDS evidence generated by R-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. If such an evidence is not available to the S-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.17 I08 - Recipient's delegate identifier

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Recipient's delegate identifier |
| Format | |
| Meaning | In case the R-ERDS provider allows for delegation, this component will be used to provide an identifier of the recipient's delegate, together with a pointer to the delegating recipients the evidence refers to. |
| Requirements | The identifier shall be as defined in clause 5.2. The source of the information for this component is the R-ERDS. S-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use recipient's delegate identifier as provided in an available ERDS evidence generated by R-ERDS if they want to include this component in the ERDS evidence they produce. If such an evidence is not available to the S-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the ERDS evidence they produce. |

8.2.18 I09 - Recipient referred to by the evidence

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Recipient referred to by the evidence |
| Format | Identifier |
| Meaning | Identifies the recipient of the user content submitted by the sender the evidence refers to in case there are several intended recipients (each indicated via component I04 specified in clause 8.2.13). |
| Requirements | When several recipients are defined in the Evidence (several I04 components will be present), this component is used to indicate which of them is the one the Evidence refers to. |

8.2.19 I10 - Sender's identity assurance level details

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Details of the assurance levels for the sender's identity verification and for the sender's authentication processes |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Details of the processes conducted for verifying the identity of the sender and for authenticating the sender. |
| Requirements | This component shall meet the semantic requirements defined in clause 5.4 with the details of the assurance levels of the processes conducted for identifying and authenticating the sender of the payload whose processing has resulted in the issuance of the evidence this component is a member of. |

8.2.20 I11 - Sender's delegate identity assurance level details

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Details of the assurance levels for the sender's delegate identity verification and for the sender's delegate authentication processes |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Details of the processes conducted for verifying the identity of the sender's delegate and for authenticating the sender's delegate. |
| Requirements | This component shall meet the semantic requirements defined in clause 5.4 with the details of the assurance levels of the processes conducted for identifying and authenticating the delegate of the sender of the payload whose processing has resulted in the issuance of the evidence this component is a member of. |

8.2.21 I12 - Recipient's identity assurance level details

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Details of the assurance levels for the recipient's identity verification and for the recipient's authentication processes |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Details of the processes conducted for verifying the identity of the recipient the evidence refers to, indicated by I09 (clause 8.2.18) and for authenticating the recipient. |
| Requirements | This component shall meet the semantic requirements defined in clause 5.4 with the details of the assurance levels of the processes conducted for identifying and authenticating the recipient of the payload whose processing has resulted in the issuance of the evidence this component is a member of. |

8.2.22 I13 - Recipient's delegate identity assurance level details

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Details of the assurance levels for the recipient's delegate identity verification and for the recipient's delegate authentication processes |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Details of the processes conducted for verifying the identity of the delegate of the recipient referred to by the evidence and for authenticating the recipient's delegate. |
| Requirements | This component shall meet the semantic requirements defined in clause 5.4 with the details of the assurance levels of the processes conducted for identifying and authenticating the delegate of the recipient of the payload whose processing has resulted in the issuance of the evidence this component is a member of. |

8.2.23 M01 - Message identifier

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Message identifier |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | Unique identifier for the ERD message. |
| Requirements | Same as MD11 even if the format may differ due to a different binding. |

8.2.24 M02 - User content information

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | User content information |
| Format | Binding specific |
| Meaning | Information on the structure of the original message. |
| Requirements | Same as MD14 even if the format may differ due to a different binding. |

8.2.25 M03 - Submission date and time

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Submission date and time |
| Format | Date and time in UTC values |
| Meaning | The date and time when the sender initiated the delivery process (i.e. time of invocation of SubmitMessage() by UA/Application). It may differ from the time of acceptance/rejection of the user content by the ERDS. |
| Requirements | The source of the information for this component is the S-ERDS. R-ERDS and intermediate ERDS (in the extended model) shall use submit date and time as provided in an available evidence generated by S-ERDS if they want to include this component in the evidence they produce. If such an evidence is not available to the R-ERDS or intermediate ERDS, this component shall not be present in the evidence they produce. |

8.2.26 M04 - External system

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Identification of an external system |
| Format | Plain text |
| Meaning | This component identifies a non-ERD service when "G03 Event identifier" assumes one of the values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • F.1 RelayToNonERDS • F.2 RelayToNonERDSFailure • F.3 ReceivedFromNonERDS |
| Requirements | This component shall provide a description, in plain text, of the external system (non ERDS) involved in the event. |

8.2.27 M05 - External ERDS

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | External ERDS |
| Format | |
| Meaning | Details of the ERDS provider the evidence refers to. |
| Requirements | When the evidence relates to an event which implies interaction between the ERDS emitting the evidence and another ERDS, this component shall meet the semantic requirements defined in clause 5.3 with the details of the second ERDS. |

8.2.28 E01 - Extensions

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | Extensions |
| Format | |
| Meaning | A placeholder for additional components not specified in the present document. |
| Requirements | This component shall be a placeholder for components that are not specified in the present document, but that may be specified elsewhere, including future versions of the present document or specifications produced at national, sectorial, or private-basis. |

8.3 Evidence components values

8.3.1 Free text

Information in free text **shall** be written in UK English. Text in other languages **may** be added.

8.3.2 Events

The G03 - Event identifier field should contain a code identifying one of the values from ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1], clause 6.1, table 1, column "Event".

8.3.3 Reasons

8.3.3.1 Reasons related to Events A.1, A.2 (Sender's submission)

Table 7: Reasons for events A.1, A.2

| Code | Reason |
|------|--|
| RA01 | Message accepted |
| RA02 | Invalid message format |
| RA03 | Malware found in ERD original message |
| RA04 | Sender's signing certificate expired or revoked |
| RA05 | Sender's ERDS provider's policy violation, e.g.: max message size exceeded, invalid attachment formats, etc. |
| RAXX | Other |

8.3.3.2 Reasons related to the Events B.1, B.2, B.3 (Relay between ERDSs)

Table 8: Reasons for events B.1, B.2, B.3

| Code | Reason |
|------|---|
| RB01 | ERD message successfully relayed to the Recipient's ERDSP |
| RB02 | ERD message successfully relayed to, but rejected by, the Recipient's ERDSP for: Invalid message format |
| RB03 | ERD message successfully relayed to, but rejected by, the Recipient's ERDSP for: Malware found in ERD message |
| RB04 | ERD message successfully relayed to, but rejected by, the Recipient's ERDSP for: Invalid ERDS signature format or signature policy violation |
| RB05 | ERD message successfully relayed to, but rejected by, the Recipient's ERDSP for: ERDS signing certificate in the signature of ERD message or ERD evidence expired or revoked |
| RB06 | ERD message successfully relayed to, but rejected by, the Recipient's ERDSP for: Recipient's ERDSP policy or ERDSP policy violation, e.g.: max message size exceeded, invalid attachment formats, relaying ERDSP not accepted |
| RB07 | ERD message not relayed to the Recipient's ERDSP for: Recipient's ERDSP malfunction |
| RB08 | ERD message not relayed to the Recipient's ERDSP for: Recipient's ERDSP not identified in the Internet |
| RB09 | ERD message not relayed to the Recipient's ERDSP for: Recipient's ERDSP unreachable |
| RB10 | ERD message not relayed to the Recipient's ERDSP for: Unknown Recipient |
| RBXX | Other |

8.3.3.3 Reasons related to events C.1, C.2, C.3, C.4, C.5 (Acceptance/rejection by the recipient)

Table 9: Reasons for events C.1, C.2, C.3, C.4, C.5

| Code | Reason |
|------|--|
| RC01 | Notification for acceptance sent to recipient |
| RC02 | Subsequent notification for acceptance sent to recipient after no response to previous notifications |
| RC03 | Error in delivering notification for acceptance to recipient |
| RC04 | Error in delivering subsequent notification for acceptance to recipient |
| RC05 | Error in delivering notification for acceptance to recipient after multiple attempts |
| RC06 | Error in delivering subsequent notification for acceptance to recipient after multiple attempts |
| RC07 | Message accepted by the recipient |
| RC08 | Message explicitly rejected by the recipient |
| RC09 | Message not accepted by the recipient after a defined time period from first successful notification |
| RCXX | Other |

8.3.3.4 Reasons related to events D.1, D.2, D.3, D.4 (Consignment to the recipient)

Table 10: Reasons for events D.1, D.2, D.3, D.4

| Code | Reason |
|------|--|
| RD01 | Message successfully consigned to the recipient |
| RD02 | Message successfully consigned to a recipient's delegate |
| RD03 | The sender's ERDSP received within a given period no information on consignment from the recipient's ERDSP |
| RD04 | Not consigned for exceeding recipient quota |
| RD05 | Not consigned for technical malfunction |
| RD06 | Not consigned for message type not accepted by recipient |
| RDXX | Other |

8.3.3.5 Reasons related to events E.1, E.2 (Handover to the recipient)

Table 11: Reasons for events E.1, E.2

| Code | Reason |
|------|--|
| RE01 | Message successfully handed over to the recipient |
| RE02 | Message successfully handed over to a recipient's delegate |
| RE03 | Not handed over for message type not accepted by recipient |
| RE04 | Message handover failed after specific time period |
| REXX | Other |

8.3.3.6 Reasons related to events F1, F2 (Connection to non ERDS)

Table 12: Reasons for events F.1, F.2

| Code | Reason |
|------|--|
| RF01 | Successful relay to non ERDS |
| RF02 | External system unreachable |
| RF03 | External system rejected submission (see note) |
| RF04 | Received from non ERDS |
| RFXX | Other |

8.4 Additional requirements for components of evidence

Table 13 within this clause defines cardinality requirements and notes that apply to the different components in all the evidence set specified in ETSI EN 319 522-1 [1], clause 6. Below follows a detailed explanation of the content of the aforementioned table:

- 1) The first row contains the set of events on which an evidence may be issued [1].
- 2) The first column contains the set of evidence components listed in clause 8.2.
- 3) Each cell within the table contains the cardinality requirements that apply to the component identified by the row, for the evidence associated to the event identified by the column.
- 4) The cardinality requirements are expressed in the following form:
 - **0**: The evidence associated to the event identified by the column shall not incorporate any the component identified by the row.
 - **1**: The evidence associated to the event identified by the column shall incorporate exactly one instance of the component identified by the row.
 - **0..1**: The evidence associated to the event identified by the column shall incorporate zero or one instance of the component identified by the row.

- *: The evidence associated to the event identified by the column shall incorporate zero or more instances of the component identified by the row".
 - 1..*: The evidence associated to the event identified by the column shall incorporate one or more instances of the component identified by the row.
- 5) In addition to the cardinality some cells identify an explanatory note on their contents using letters enclosed in round brackets. Notes appear after the table.

Table 13: Requirements on presence and cardinality of components in different evidence

| Component | Event | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------|
| | Submission Acceptance | Submission Rejection | RelayAcceptance | RelayRejection | RelayFailure | NotificationForAcceptance | NotificationForAcceptanceFailure | ConsignmentAcceptance | ConsignmentRejection | AcceptanceRejectionExpiry | ContentConsignment | ContentConsignmentFailure | ConsignmentNotification | ConsignmentNotificationFailure | ContentHandover | ContentHandoverFailure | RelayToNonERDS | RelayToNonERDSFailure | ReceivedFromNonERDS | |
| G01 Evidence identifier | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| G02 Evidence version | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| G03 Event identifier | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| G04 Reason identifiers | 0..1 | * | 0..1 | * | * | 0..1 | * | 0..1 | * | * | 0..1 | * | 0..1 | * | 0..1 | * | 0..1 | * | 0..1 | * |
| G05 Event time | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| G06 Transaction information log | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) | *(a) |
| R01 Evidence issuer policy Identifier | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* |
| R02 Evidence issuer details | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| R03 Signature | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| I01 Sender's identity attributes | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 |
| I02 Sender's identifier | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0..1 |
| I03 Sender's delegate identity attributes | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0 |
| I04 Sender's delegate identifier | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0 |
| I05 Recipient's identity attributes | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* | 0..* |
| I06 Recipient's identifier | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* | 1..* |
| I07 Recipient's del. identity attributes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I08 Recipient's delegate identifier | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I09 Recipient ref. to by the evidence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I10 Sender's identity ass. level details | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0 |
| I11 Sender's del.id. ass. level details | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0..1(b) | 0 |
| I12 Recipient's id. ass. level details | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0..1(c) | 0..1(c) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0..1(c) | 0 | 0..1(c) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I13 Recipient's del. id. ass. lev. details | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0..1(c) | 0..1(c) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0..1(c) | 0 | 0..1(c) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| M01 Message identifier | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| M02 User content information | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| M03 Submission date and time | 1 | 1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 |
| M04 External system | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| M05 External ERDS | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| E01 Extensions | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 | 0..1 |

NOTE: (a) If more Policies are to be complied with, each requiring a specific log content and format, multiple instances of component G06 Transaction log information are possible.
(b) either "I10 Sender's identity assurance level detail" component or I11 "Sender's delegate identity assurance level detail" component shall be present in these evidences.
(c) either "I12 Recipient's identity assurance level detail" component or I13 "Recipient's delegate identity assurance level detail" component shall be present in these evidences.

9 Common Services Interface content

9.1 Introduction

The CSI component is needed when sender and recipient(s) are served by different ERDSs. As identified by part 1 of this multi-part deliverable [1], this component for the 4-corner model and the extended model may have four purposes:

- 1) Message routing.
- 2) Trust establishment.
- 3) Capability management.
- 4) Governance support.

These purposes are described below, with trust establishment and governance in the same clause.

9.2 ERD message routing

By use of the CSI component, an S-ERDS shall be able to identify the R-ERDS of which the recipient is a subscriber, see clause 9.4.2. When the S-ERDS and the R-ERDS are directly connected, e.g. in the 4-corner model, the ERDS relay interfaces (ERDS RI) of the two ERDSs shall be identified, in order for the S-ERDS to route ERD messages to the R-ERDS; correspondingly for evidences between the two ERDSs. The format of the ERDS RI identification depends on technology; as one example, a URI format may be used.

Multi-hop routing of an ERD message or evidence via a path consisting of one or more I-ERDSs is out of scope of the present document.

NOTE 1: One possibility is to configure multi-hop routing locally at the S-ERDS based on knowledge of the topography of the interconnection of ERDSs.

NOTE 2: An example of a topology is the situation where all ERDSs are connected to one I-ERDS that provides an interconnecting infrastructure. The S-ERDS will forward to the ERDS RI interface to the interconnecting I-ERDS, which in turn will forward to the ERDS RI interface to the R-ERDS.

Before forwarding the ERD message, the S-ERDS shall establish trust in the ERDS it is forwarding to (see clause 9.3), should obtain the full path to that ERDS, and shall assess that the ERDS has the capabilities necessary (see clause 9.4) to fulfil the S-ERDS' policy for the ERD message.

9.3 ERDS trust establishment and governance

When an ERD message needs forwarding to another ERDS, trust in the other ERDS shall be evaluated. An ERDS shall not relay an ERD message to another ERDS, unless it can identify and authenticate the other ERDS and can confirm that the identified ERDS is trusted.

Trust is defined as the existence of a trust domain within which co-operation between participating ERDSs is regulated. The specific conditions (policies) for a trust domain may vary; the present document has no requirements on how a trust domain is established or governed. Typically, parameters such as responsibilities, possibilities for claiming recourse in case of breaches, and payment are defined for a trust domain.

A trust domain shall have governance, at least for the policy regarding conditions for an ERDS to join.

A trust domain may be established bilaterally between two or more ERDSs; in this case the governance should be through explicit or implicit agreements.

A trust domain may require specific policy, security, and technical conditions to be met by all participating ERDSs. If this is the case, the capabilities of the participating ERDSs may be implicit from the participation in the trust domain. In other cases, both trust in and capabilities (metadata) of the other ERDS shall be assessed.

Trust may be established unilaterally, meaning an ERDS may trust another ERDS but not the other way around. It may also happen that an ERDS trusts all participants of a trust domain without being itself a member of that trust domain. This implies that ERD dispatches and ERD payload can be sent in one direction (if the ERDS and/or trust domain policy accepts receiving from outside), but not in the opposite direction. If such one-way sending of ERD messages is used, the R-ERDS shall provide evidences to the S-ERDS.

Participation in a trust domain should be assessed by an X.509 certificate representing an ERDS in the trust domain. By use of this certificate, or certificates derived from it, ERDSs can be authenticated towards one another, and ERD messages and evidences can be signed and encrypted between ERDSs.

Information about ERDSs participating in specific trust domains may be found by the following means:

- 1) Locally configured by exchange of information, including certificates, between the involved ERDSs.
- 2) Maintaining a trust domain Trust Status List (TSL), typically a responsibility of an actor co-ordinating the trust domain, termed the "scheme operator" by ETSI TS 119 612 [i.6]. An X.509 certificate represents the "service digital identity" of the ERDS in the TSL.
- 3) As a special case of TSL, the European Trust List system will list ERDSs which are qualified in the sense of eIDAS Regulation [i.1]; and the trust domain may be defined as "all qualified ERDSs".
- 4) The trust domain may be defined by a domain PKI issuing X.509 certificates to all participating ERDSs.
- 5) Metadata on capabilities of an ERDS may be extended to contain trust domain information; this is out of scope of the present document.

9.4 Capability management

9.4.1 Introduction

Capability management shall provide the functionality to resolve the unique identification of a recipient into:

- 1) Identification of the R-ERDS of which the recipient is a subscriber.
- 2) Metadata for the capabilities of this ERDS.
- 3) Metadata for the capabilities of the recipient in this ERDS.

A recipient may be a subscriber of several ERDSs, in which case the unique identification of the recipient shall either include identification of the ERDS (see clause 9.4.2 item 1)) or further information such as application protocol or message type identification that through lookup in recipient metadata will identify the ERDS that serves the recipient for this ERD message.

NOTE: An example is a business actor (typically a legal person) that uses the services of one ERDS for procurement orders and another ERDS for invoices.

9.4.2 Resolving recipient identification to ERDS identification

The R-ERDS may be explicitly identified by the identifier of the recipient, e.g. when this is on an email format receiverID@ERDS.domain. When the identification of the recipient is by other means than an identifier, identification of the ERDS may be explicit by a separate parameter (in submission metadata).

However, a recipient may also be uniquely identified by an identifier (scheme name and value, see clause 5.2) that is not bound to identification of the R-ERDS, or by a set of identity attributes that together provide unique identification, see clause 5.3, and without identification of R-ERDS as separate parameter; e.g. the sender may not know which ERDS that serves the recipient. In this case, either:

- 1) the S-ERDS may be able to locally decide the identity of the R-ERDS, e.g. based on identifier scheme name or specific identity attributes like country; or
- 2) the R-ERDS may be identified through lookup in recipient metadata; as stated above, further parameters in submission metadata may be used in the identification of the R-ERDS.

9.4.3 Recipient metadata

The capabilities of a recipient may be implicit from the ERDS metadata; the conditions for becoming a subscriber of an ERDS may require all subscribers to fulfil certain requirements.

In other cases, recipient metadata shall be available for the S-ERDS to determine if an ERD message can be forwarded to this recipient or not. The present document does not assume that metadata for all recipients is in the same place. When recipient metadata is used, the CSI shall provide functionality to derive a unique address for the recipient's metadata, e.g. a URI, from the recipient identification.

Recipient metadata repositories may be organized in different manners:

- 1) One metadata repository may be provided for an ERDS; when the ERDS is identified, all metadata for its subscribers will be in one place.
- 2) One metadata repository may span several ERDSs.
- 3) Recipients may be allowed to manage their own metadata repositories, mostly relevant for legal persons.

When recipient metadata is used in the ERDS provisioning, an ERDS shall ensure that sufficient metadata about all subscribers is stored, maintained, and made available.

Depending on the identification of the recipient and the technology used for the ERDS, different organizations of metadata repositories can be used, as well as different mechanisms to locate and access the recipient metadata. No requirements are posed here but specifications for specific ERDS technologies may pose requirements.

The content of recipient metadata depends on the specific ERDS technologies used. No requirements are posed here but specifications for specific ERDS technologies may pose requirements.

9.4.4 ERDS capability metadata

An ERDS shall not relay an ERD message to another ERDS unless it can assess that the other ERDS can provide a service respecting the constraints and options defined in the applicable ERD policy.

The assessment may be based on both ERDSs participating in the same trust domain (see clause 9.3) if the trust domain policy ensures that all participating ERDSs have the same capabilities.

In other cases, a decision on forwarding of an ERD message depends on evaluation of capabilities (metadata) about the other ERDS. If ERDS metadata is needed, an ERDSP shall ensure that capability metadata for the ERDS is stored, maintained, and made available. Two alternatives exist:

- 1) the CSI shall provide functionality to derive a unique address for the ERDS metadata repository, e.g. a URI, from the ERDS identification; or
- 2) ERDS metadata shall be stored as part of recipient metadata, meaning a lookup on recipient metadata returns information also on the ERDS.

Metadata on capabilities of an ERDS shall include the attributes listed in table 14.

Table 14: Capability metadata

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| ERDS identification | Scheme and identifier, see clause 5.2. |
| ERDS domain name | Domain name of ERDS for DNS lookup, etc. |
| ERDS governing body | Identification of the ERDSP providing the ERDS. Legal person identity as per clause 5.3.3, alternatively natural person identity as per clause 5.3.2. |
| Protocol/profile/binding | Alternatives as per ETSI EN 319 522-4-1 [i.8] and indication of REM/not REM. List of metadata types supported as per clause 6.2. |
| [optional] Metadata repository | URL of repository for recipient metadata. |
| [optional] Trust domains | Information on the trust domains (see clause 9.4) where the ERDS is a member, which can be specifies as: a) EU Qualified indicator (EU TL system referenced). b) URL for location of domain TSL. c) Root-certificate for domain PKI. |
| ERDS capabilities | Shall include the following: a) Support for the "expiry date and time" feature: Yes/no flag, see clause 6.2.3. b) Authentication and identification level of assurance supported: List of assurance levels with the same semantic of clause 6.2.4. c) Supported mode of consignment: See clause 6.2.6. d) Support of scheduled delivery: Yes/no flag, see clause 6.2.7. May include the following: e) [Optional] ERD policy support: List of identifiers (OID or URI) of supported ERD policies, see clause 6.2.5. |

History

| Document history | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V1.0.0 | May 2018 | EN Approval Procedure | AP 20180823: 2018-05-25 to 2018-08-23 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |