

# ETSI EN 301 213-3 V1.1.1 (2000-04)

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*European Standard (Telecommunications series)*

**Fixed Radio Systems;  
Point-to-multipoint equipment;  
Point-to-multipoint digital radio systems in frequency  
bands in the range 24,25 GHz to 29,5 GHz  
using different access methods;  
Part 3: Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) methods**

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**Reference**

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DRRS, multipoint, RLL, TDMA, transmission**ETSI**

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Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

## Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Transmission and Multiplexing (TM).

The present document contains the minimum technical requirements to ensure compatibility of products and conformance with radio regulations across ETSI member states. Radio terminals from different manufacturers are not required to inter work at radio frequency (i.e. no common air interface).

The present document defines the requirements of radio terminal and radio-relay equipment and associated interfaces.

The present document is part 3 of a multi-part EN covering the "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-multipoint equipment; Point-to-multipoint digital radio systems in frequency bands in the range 24,25 GHz to 29,5 GHz using different access methods", as identified below:

Part 1: "Basic parameters";

Part 2: "Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA) methods";

**Part 3: "Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) methods";**

Part 4: "Direct Sequence Code Division Multiple Access (DS-CDMA) methods";

Part 5: "Multi-Carrier Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) methods".

The former title of the present document was: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS); Point-to-multipoint DRRS in frequency bands in the range 24,25 GHz to 29,5 GHz using different access methods; Part 3: Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) methods".

| National transposition dates                                                           |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Date of adoption of this EN:                                                           | 24 March 2000    |
| Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):                                          | 30 June 2000     |
| Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e): | 31 December 2000 |
| Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):                         | 31 December 2000 |

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# 1 Scope

Point-to-Multipoint Radio Relay Systems (P-MP) may use different access methods. As some technical parameters are different for the various access methods, the standard is divided in five parts.

A basic description of the different access methods and a comparison among them is provided in TR 101 274 [3].

The present document (Time Division Multiple Access Methods, TDMA) is to be used in conjunction with Part 1, describing the basic parameters common to all access methods.

The present document specifies the minimum requirements for system parameters of Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) Point-to-Multipoint (P-MP) Radio Systems in the terrestrial fixed services operating in the band 24,5 GHz to 29,5 GHz (see CEPT Recommendation T/R 13-02 [4]). Only sections specific to TDMA are described in respect to the paragraphs stated in EN 301 213-1 [1].

Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) is an alternative to FDMA and CDMA covered in other parts of the present document. In TDMA point to Multipoint (P-MP) systems, a central station broadcasts information to terminal stations in a continuous Time Division Multiplex (TDM) or in a burst TDMA mode. The Terminal stations transmit in TDMA mode. The users may have access to the spectrum by sharing it through time multiplexing.

A dedicated version specific for the combination of multi-carrier based TDMA systems is provided in EN 301 213-5 [5].

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# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

- [1] ETSI EN 301 213-1: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-multipoint equipment; Point-to-multipoint digital radio systems in frequency bands in the range 24,25 GHz to 29,5 GHz using different access methods; Part 1: Basic parameters".
- [2] ETSI EN 301 213-2: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-multipoint equipment; Point-to-multipoint digital radio systems in frequency bands in the range 24,25 GHz to 29,5 GHz using different access methods; Part 2: Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA) methods".
- [3] ETSI TR 101 274: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS); Point-to-multipoint DRRS in the access network: Overview of different access techniques".
- [4] CEPT Recommendation T/R 13-02: "Preferred channel arrangements for the fixed services in the range 22,0 GHz to 29,5 GHz".
- [5] ETSI EN 301 213-5: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-multipoint equipment; Point-to-multipoint digital radio systems in frequency bands in the range 24,25 GHz to 29,5 GHz using different access methods; Part 5: Multi-Carrier Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) methods".

### 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, definitions, symbols and abbreviations given in EN 301 213-1 [1] apply.

## 4 General characteristics

### 4.1 General System Architecture

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.1.

### 4.2 Frequency bands and channel arrangements

#### 4.2.1 Channel plan

Bands allocated to the Fixed Service in the range 24,5 GHz to 29,5 GHz shall be used according to CEPT Recommendation T/R 13-02 [4] annexes B and C.

Regulatory bodies may choose appropriate parts of the above mentioned frequency bands for the application for Point-to-Multipoint systems.

#### 4.2.2 Channel arrangements

The system shall meet at least one or more of the channel arrangements listed in table 1.

**Table 1: Channel arrangement**

| Channel Spacing [MHz]                                        | 3,5 MHz  | 7 MHz     | 14 MHz    | 28 MHz    | 56 MHz     | 112 MHz    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| <b>System Type A</b>                                         |          |           |           |           |            |            |
| Minimum CRS bit rate for transmission and reception (Mbit/s) | 4 Mbit/s | 8 Mbit/s  | 16 Mbit/s | 32 Mbit/s | 64 Mbit/s  | 128 Mbit/s |
| <b>System Type B</b>                                         |          |           |           |           |            |            |
| Minimum CRS bit rate for transmission and reception (Mbit/s) | 8 Mbit/s | 16 Mbit/s | 32 Mbit/s | 64 Mbit/s | 128 Mbit/s | 256 Mbit/s |

NOTE 1: Multi-Carrier-TDMA-Systems may be used provided they do not exceed the appropriate mask and meet all other parameters associated with channel spacing.

NOTE 2: The minimum bit rate for transmission and reception is defined as the gross bit rate. The gross bit rate is defined as the transmission bit rate over the air. In the case of a transmitter working in burst mode, the gross bit rate is the instantaneous maximum bit rate during the burst. The gross bit rate has an unique relation to the symbol rate through the implemented modulation format.

NOTE 3: Systems may offer a combination of Type A and Type B on a per Terminal Station basis, provided that such a system, when operating in mixed mode, complies with the most stringent spectral mask for the types offered.

NOTE 4 System Type A is primarily covering 4 state or equivalent modulation.  
System Type B is primarily covering 16 state or equivalent modulation.

NOTE 5: ETSI is specifically addressing the issue of Multi-Carrier-TDMA-Systems in EN 301 213-5 [5], further clarification is required to resolve this issue. This deliverable will not address the immediate need to allow Type Approval of Multi-Carrier-TDMA-Systems. It is noted that such systems exhibit characteristics of both TDMA and FDMA systems. Thus, as an interim solution, it should be possible, at the discretion of the regulating authorities, to Type Approve Multi-Carrier TDMA Systems against the technical parameters of the present document but with the option of using the spectrum mask from EN 301 213-2 [2].

The CRS transmission, defined as the "downstream" direction, may be continuous, i.e. TDM (Time Division Multiplex). The CRS may transmit in the downstream direction even if there are no active calls, for the purpose of synchronization of the Terminal Stations.

The Terminal Stations (TS) may transmit only in timeslots allocated by control signals from the CS, or on a fixed basis. The TS transmission direction is defined as "upstream". TS may transmit in a TDMA basis. A TS may transmit control, bandwidth requests or signalling information even during the absent of users activities. TS transmissions consist of bursts of fixed or variable duration, usually an integer multiple of a fundamental timeslot duration.

### 4.3 Compatibility requirements

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.3.

### 4.4 Environmental conditions

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.4.

### 4.5 Power supply

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.5.

### 4.6 Electromagnetic compatibility conditions

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.6.

### 4.7 TMN interfaces

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.7.

### 4.8 Synchronization of interface bit rates

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.8.

### 4.9 Branching/feeder/antenna requirements

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 4.9.

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## 5 System parameters for TDMA P-MP systems

NOTE: Where a reference is made to the number of states of a modulation scheme or to the system type class, an equivalent modulation scheme may be applied, provided the system parameters are met.

## 5.1 System capacity

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.1.

## 5.2 Round trip delay

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.2.

## 5.3 Transparency

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.3.

## 5.4 Voice coding methods

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.4.

## 5.5 Transmitter characteristics

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.

### 5.5.1 Transmitter output power

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.1.

### 5.5.2 Transmitter nominal output power

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.2.

The power output of the transmitter at point C and C' (see figure 2 of EN 301 213-1 [1]) shall be appropriate to the mode of use.

- A) CRS, or TS "broadcast mode". The power output shall be in conformance with EN 301 213-1 [1].
- B) CRS, or TS operating in TDMA burst mode. The power output during a burst shall be in conformance with EN 301 213-1 [1]. The power may be controlled by ATPC.
- C) The power setting shall have a maximum tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB for environmentally protected locations,  $\pm 3$  dB for equipment in non protected locations and shall not exceed the maximum allowed transmitter output power.

### 5.5.3 Transmitter power and frequency control

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.3.

### 5.5.4 RF-spectrum mask

The 0 dB level shown on the spectrum masks is the maximum of the modulated spectrum disregarding residual carriers. The masks do not include frequency tolerances.

#### 5.5.4.1 RF-spectrum mask for the central radio station

General test load conditions to measure the spectrum mask for the CRS transceiver:

- the CRS transmitter shall work under full capacity load.



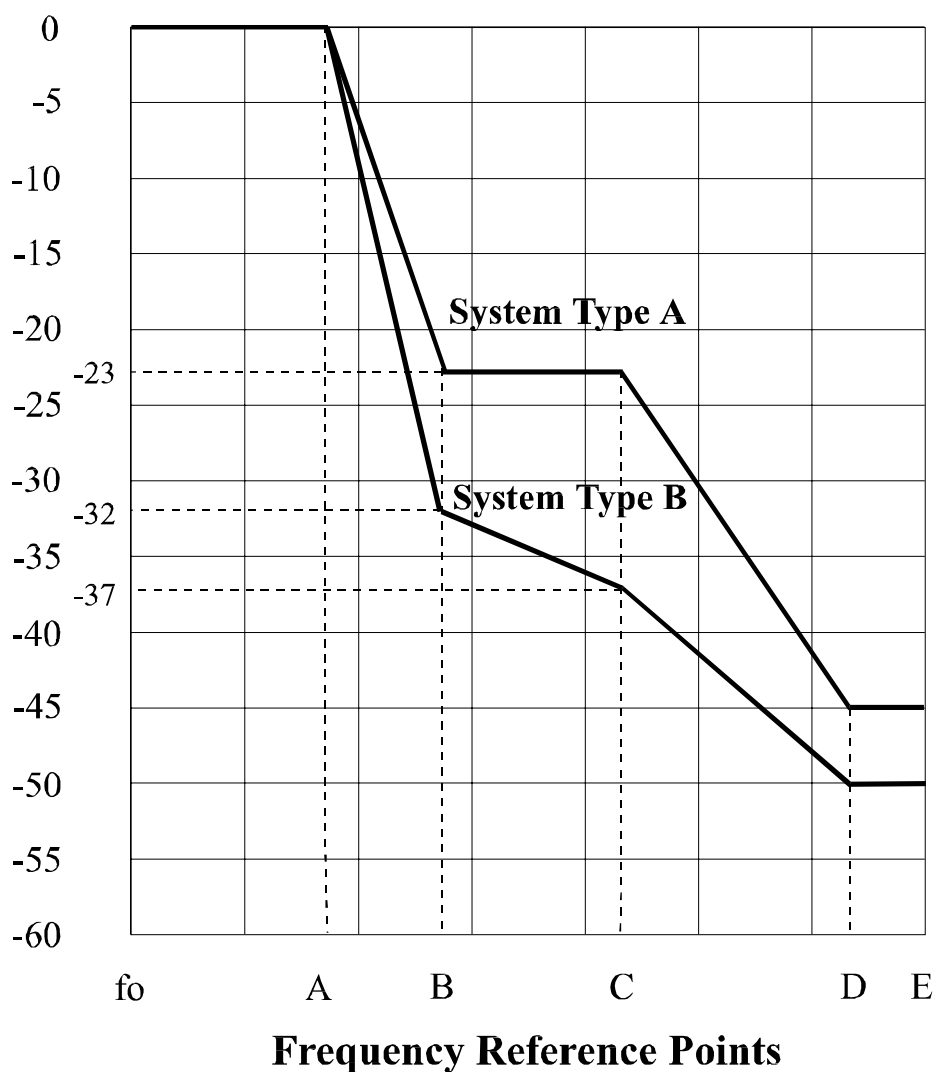
**Spectral Density (dB)**Figure 1: Spectrum masks ( $f_0$  = actual carrier frequency)

Table 2: Spectral masks

| <b>System Type A</b>                           |                 |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Co-polar channel spacing<br>Points in figure 1 | 0 dB<br>Point A | -23 dB<br>Point B | -23 dB<br>Point C | -45 dB<br>Point D | -45 dB<br>Point E |
| 3,5 MHz                                        | 1,5 MHz         | 2,8 MHz           | 3,7 MHz           | 7 MHz             | 8,75 MHz          |
| 7 MHz                                          | 2,8 MHz         | 5,6 MHz           | 7 MHz             | 14 MHz            | 17,5 MHz          |
| 14 MHz                                         | 5,6 MHz         | 11,2 MHz          | 14 MHz            | 28 MHz            | 35 MHz            |
| 28 MHz                                         | 11 MHz          | 19 MHz            | 25 MHz            | 45 MHz            | 70 MHz            |
| 56 MHz                                         | 18 MHz          | 32 MHz            | 40 MHz            | 70 MHz            | 140 MHz           |
| 112 MHz                                        | 36 MHz          | 64 MHz            | 80 MHz            | 140 MHz           | 280 MHz           |
| <b>System Type B</b>                           |                 |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Co-polar channel spacing<br>Points in figure 1 | 0 dB<br>Point A | -32 dB<br>Point B | -37 dB<br>Point C | -50 dB<br>Point D | -50 dB<br>Point E |
| 3,5 MHz                                        | 1,5 MHz         | 2,8 MHz           | 3,7 MHz           | 7 MHz             | 8,75 MHz          |
| 7 MHz                                          | 2,8 MHz         | 5,6 MHz           | 7 MHz             | 14 MHz            | 17,5 MHz          |
| 14 MHz                                         | 5,6 MHz         | 11,2 MHz          | 14 MHz            | 28 MHz            | 35 MHz            |
| 28 MHz                                         | 11,2 MHz        | 22,4 MHz          | 28 MHz            | 56 MHz            | 70 MHz            |
| 56 MHz                                         | 22,5 MHz        | 45 MHz            | 56 MHz            | 112 MHz           | 140 MHz           |
| 112 MHz                                        | 45 MHz          | 90 MHz            | 112 MHz           | 224 MHz           | 280 MHz           |

The spectrum analyzer settings for measuring the RF-spectrum masks are listed in table 3.

**Table 3: Spectrum analyzer settings for RF power spectrum measurement**

| <b>RF channel spacing (MHz)</b> | <b>3,5</b> | <b>7</b> | <b>14</b> | <b>28</b> | <b>56</b> | <b>112</b> |
|---------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| <b>Center frequency</b>         | actual     | actual   | actual    | actual    | actual    | actual     |
| <b>Sweep width (MHz)</b>        | 20         | 40       | 80        | 160       | 320       | 640        |
| <b>Scan time</b>                | auto       | auto     | auto      | auto      | auto      | auto       |
| <b>IF bandwidth (kHz)</b>       | 30         | 30       | 30        | 100       | 100       | 300        |
| <b>Video bandwidth (kHz)</b>    | 0,1        | 0,3      | 0,3       | 0,3       | 0,3       | 1,0        |

#### 5.5.4.2 RF-spectrum mask for the terminal station and the repeater station

The RF-spectrum masks for the TS and RS shall comply with the spectrum mask in figure 1.

The spectrum analyzer settings for RF power Spectrum Measurement for TDMA Terminal Stations (TS) are depending on the burst duration. For a burst duration of  $\approx 50 \mu\text{s}$  the recommended settings are IF bandwidth  $\approx 30 \text{ kHz}$  and video bandwidth  $\approx 10 \text{ kHz}$ .

For other pulse durations, the recommended settings are as following:

- IF bandwidth  $\approx 30 \text{ kHz} \times 50 \mu\text{s}/(\text{pulse duration in } \mu\text{s})$ ;
- video bandwidth  $\approx 10 \text{ kHz} \times 50 \mu\text{s}/(\text{pulse duration in } \mu\text{s})$ ;
- the supplier has to declare the settings.

#### 5.5.5 Tx local oscillator frequency arrangements

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.5.

#### 5.5.6 Spurious emissions (external)

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.6.

#### 5.5.7 Radio frequency tolerance

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.5.7.

### 5.6 Receiver characteristics

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.6.

#### 5.6.1 Rx local oscillator frequency arrangements

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.6.1.

#### 5.6.2 Spurious emissions (external)

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.6.2.

### 5.6.3 Receiver IF

Refer to EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.6.3.

## 5.7 System performance

All parameters are referred to reference points B or C of figure 2 of EN 301 213-1 [1]. All measurements shall be carried out with the test signals defined in subclause 5.5 of EN 301 213-1 [1] and under full load conditions.

### 5.7.1 Dynamic level range

The BER shall be less than  $10^{-3}$  for a dynamic level range which shall exceed 50 dB. The dynamic level range shall be declared by the manufacturer.

### 5.7.2 BER as a function of Receiver input Signal Level (RSL)

The input signal level presented to the receiver under test is adjusted to the levels described in the table 4. The BER shall be less than or equal to the values defined in the table. For the purposes of testing, the transmitter is operated at its maximum rated power level.

**Table 4: BER Performance thresholds**

| <b>System Type A</b>     |          |           |           |           |            |            |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Co-polar channel spacing | 3,5 MHz  | 7 MHz     | 14 MHz    | 28 MHz    | 56 MHz     | 112 MHz    |
| Channel bit rate         | 4 Mbit/s | 8 Mbit/s  | 16 Mbit/s | 32 Mbit/s | 64 Mbit/s  | 128 Mbit/s |
| $1 \times 10^{-3}$       | -83 dBm  | -80 dBm   | -77 dBm   | -74 dBm   | -71 dBm    | -68 dBm    |
| $1 \times 10^{-6}$       | -79 dBm  | -76 dBm   | -73 dBm   | -70 dBm   | -67 dBm    | -64 dBm    |
| <b>System Type B</b>     |          |           |           |           |            |            |
| Co-polar channel spacing | 3,5 MHz  | 7 MHz     | 14 MHz    | 28 MHz    | 56 MHz     | 112 MHz    |
| Channel bit rate         | 8 Mbit/s | 16 Mbit/s | 32 Mbit/s | 64 Mbit/s | 128 Mbit/s | 256 Mbit/s |
| $1 \times 10^{-3}$       | -75 dBm  | -72 dBm   | -69 dBm   | -66 dBm   | -63 dBm    | -60 dBm    |
| $1 \times 10^{-6}$       | -71 dBm  | -68 dBm   | -65 dBm   | -62 dBm   | -59 dBm    | -56 dBm    |

The channel bit rate is the minimum bit rate during a burst.

### 5.7.3 Equipment background BER

See EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.7.3.

### 5.7.4 Interference sensitivity

#### 5.7.4.1 Co-channel interference (external)

The limits of co-channel interference (external) shall be as in table 5, giving maximum S/I values for 1 dB and 3 dB degradation of the  $10^{-6}$  BER limits specified in subclause 5.7.2.

**Table 5: Co-channel interference sensitivity**

| Signal to Interference level | S/I [dB]        | S/I [dB] |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Description                  | BER = $10^{-6}$ |          |
| Threshold degradation        | 1 dB            | 3 dB     |
| System Type A                | 23              | 19       |
| System Type B                | 30              | 26,5     |

### 5.7.4.2 Adjacent channel interference (external)

The limits of adjacent channel interference (external) shall be as given in table 6 for like modulated signals, giving maximum S/I values for 1 dB and 3 dB degradation of the  $10^{-6}$  BER limits specified in subclause 5.7.2.

**Table 6: Adjacent channel interference sensitivity**

| Signal to Interference level | S/I [dB]        | S/I [dB] |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Description                  | BER = $10^{-6}$ |          |
| Threshold degradation        | 1 dB            | 3 dB     |
| System Type A                | 0               | -4       |
| System Type B                | 0               | -4       |

### 5.7.4.3 CW interference

See EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.7.4.3.

### 5.7.5 Distortion sensitivity

See EN 301 213-1 [1] subclause 5.7.5.

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## 6 Types of interfaces at the user equipment and the network node

See EN 301 213-1 [1] clause 6.

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## Bibliography

The following material, though not specifically referenced in the body of the present document (or not publicly available), gives supporting information.

- ETSI EN 301 215: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point to Point Antennas; Antennas for point-to-multipoint fixed radio systems in the 11 GHz to 60 GHz band".
- ETSI ETS 300 019: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment".
- ETSI EN 300 385: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for digital fixed radio links and ancillary equipment with data rates at around 2 Mbit/s and above".
- ETSI EN 300 833: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point to Point Antennas; Antennas for point-to-point fixed radio systems operating in the frequency band 3 GHz to 60 GHz".
- ETSI EN 300 339: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); General ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for radio communications equipment".
- ETSI EN 301 021: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS); Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA); Point-to-multipoint DRRS in Frequency Division Duplex (FDD) bands in the range 3 GHz to 11 GHz".
- ETSI EN 301 132 (V1.1): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Security tools (SET) for use within telecommunication services".
- ETSI EN 301 390: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-point and Point-to-Multipoint Systems; Spurious emissions and receiver immunity at equipment/antenna port of Digital Fixed Radio Systems".
- IEC Publication 154-2: "Flanges for wave guides, rectangular".
- ITU-R Recommendation F.[AD/9D]: "Maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power of transmitting stations in the fixed service operating in the frequency band 25.25-27.5 GHz shared with the inter-satellite service".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.131: "Control of talker echo".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.711: "Pulse code modulation (PCM) of voice frequencies".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.726: "40, 32, 24, 16 kbit/s Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation (ADPCM)".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.728: "Coding of speech at 16 kbit/s using low-delay code excited linear prediction".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.729: "Coding of speech at 8 kbit/s using conjugate-structure algebraic-code-excited linear prediction (CS-ACELP)".
- ITU-T Recommendation G. 773: "Protocol suites for Q-interfaces for management of transmission systems".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.810: "Definitions and terminology for synchronization networks".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.812: "Timing requirements of slave clocks suitable for use as node clocks in synchronization networks".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.813: "Timing characteristics of SDH equipment slave clocks (SEC)".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.823: "The control of jitter and wander within digital networks which are based on the 2 048 kbit/s hierarchy".
- ITU-T Recommendation G.825: "The control of jitter and wander within digital networks which are based on the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH)".

- ITU-T Recommendation O.151: "Error performance measuring equipment operating at the primary rate and above".
- ITU-T Recommendation O.181: "Equipment to assess error performance on STM-N interfaces".

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## History

| Document history |              |                |           |                          |
|------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| V1.1.1           | April 1999   | Public Enquiry | PE 9934:  | 1999-04-23 to 1999-08-20 |
| V1.1.1           | January 2000 | Vote           | V 200012: | 2000-01-24 to 2000-03-24 |
| V1.1.1           | April 2000   | Publication    |           |                          |
|                  |              |                |           |                          |
|                  |              |                |           |                          |