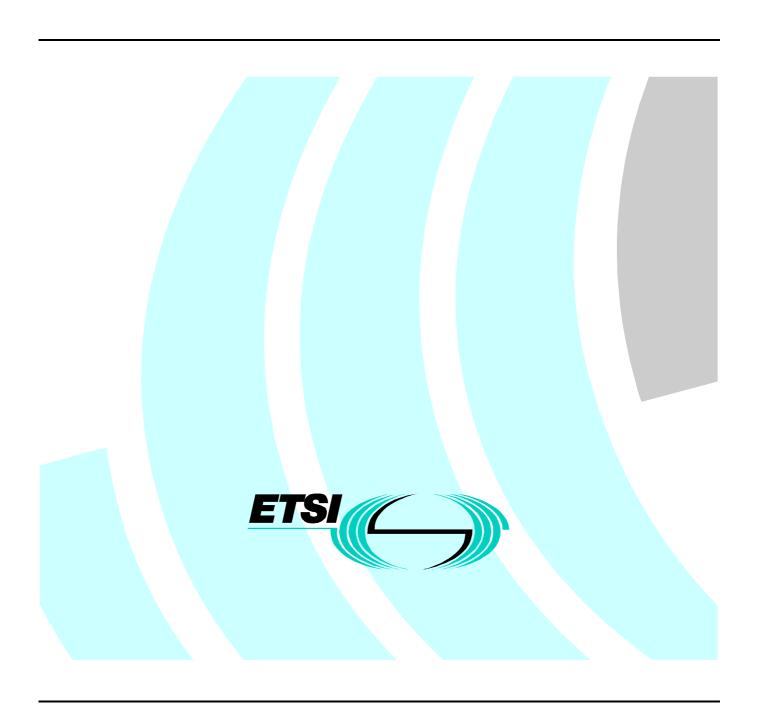
Final draft ETSI EN 301 002-5 V1.1.4 (2000-02)

European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN);
Security tools (SET) procedures;
Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol;
Part 5: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)
specification for the network



Reference

DEN/SPS-05141-5

Keywords

DSS1, ISDN, network, security, supplementary service, TSS&TP

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Contents

Intell	ectual Property Rights	4
Forev	vord	4
1	Scope 5	
2	References	5
3	Definitions and abbreviations	6
3.1	Definitions	6
3.1.1	Definitions related to conformance testing	
3.1.2	Definitions related to EN 301 002-1	
3.2	Abbreviations	
4	Test Suite Structure (TSS)	7
5	Test Purposes (TP)	7
5.1	Introduction	
5.1.1	TP naming convention	7
5.1.2	Source of TP definition	
5.1.3	TP structure	8
5.1.4	Test strategy	
5.2	Network TPs for SET	9
5.2.1	Signalling procedures at the coincident S and T reference point and for interworking with private	
	ISDN	9
5.2.1.	1 Registration - PIN	9
5.2.1.	2 Invocation and Operation	10
5.2.1.	Notification of possible fraudulent use	11
5.2.1.	3.1 PIN	11
5.2.1.	3.2 TAN	11
6	Compliance	12
7	Requirements for a comprehensive testing service	12
Bibli	ography	13
	ry	
\mathbf{r}_{11} \mathbf{s}_{10}	<u>1 y</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · ·

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Services and Protocols for Advanced Networks (SPAN), and is now submitted for the Voting phase of the ETSI standards Two-step Approval Procedure.

The present document is part 5 of a multi-part EN covering the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Security tools (SET) procedures; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol, as identified below:

- Part 1: "Protocol specification";
- Part 2: "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification";
- Part 3: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the user";
- Part 4: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the user";
- Part 5: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network";
- Part 6: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network".

Proposed national transposition dates			
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication		
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa		
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	6 months after doa		

1 Scope

The present document specifies the Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) for the network side of the T reference point or coincident S and T reference point (as defined in ITU-T Recommendation I.411 [6]) of implementations conforming to the stage three standard for the Security tools (SET) procedures for the pan-European Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) by means of the Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol, EN 301 002-1 [1].

A further part of the present document specifies the Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial PIXIT proforma based on the present document. Other parts specify the TSS&TP and the ATS and partial PIXIT proforma for the User side of the T reference point or coincident S and T reference point of implementations conforming to EN 301 002-1 [1].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- [1] ETSI EN 301 002-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Security tools (SET) procedures; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 1: Protocol specification".
- [2] ETSI EN 301 002-2: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Security tools (SET) procedures; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 2: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification".
- [3] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 1: General concepts".
- [4] ISO/IEC 9646-2: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 2: Abstract Test Suite specification".
- [5] ETSI EN 300 196-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 1: Protocol specification".
- [6] ITU-T Recommendation I.411 (1993): "ISDN user-network interfaces Reference configurations".
- [7] ETSI EN 300 403-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Signalling network layer for circuit-mode basic call control; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendation Q.931 (1993), modified]".
- [8] ITU-T Recommendation I.112 (1993): "Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs".
- [9] ITU-T Recommendation E.164 (1997): "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".
- [10] ITU-T Recommendation I.210 (1993): "Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them".
- [11] ETSI ETS 300 406 (1995): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; Standardization methodology".

- 6
- [12] ETSI ETR 232: "Security Techniques Advisory Group (STAG); Glossary of security terminology".
- [13] ETSI EN 301 132: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Security tools (SET) for use within telecommunication services".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1.1 Definitions related to conformance testing

Abstract Test Suite (ATS): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

Implementation Under Test (IUT): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

PICS proforma: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

PIXIT proforma: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

system under test: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

Test Purpose (TP): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3].

3.1.2 Definitions related to EN 301 002-1

component: see EN 300 196-1 [5], subclause 11.2.2.1.

Dummy call reference: see EN 300 403-1 [7], subclause 4.3.

Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN): see ITU-T Recommendation I.112 [8], definition 308.

invoke component: see EN 300 196-1 [5], subclause 11.2.2.1.

ISDN number: number conforming to the numbering and structure specified in ITU-T Recommendation E.164 [9].

Personal Identification Number (PIN): see ETR 232 [12].

return error component: see EN 300 196-1 [5], subclause 11.2.2.1.

return result component: see EN 300 196-1 [5], subclause 11.2.2.1.

S/T: DSS1 protocol entity at the User side of the user-network interface where a coincident S and T reference point applies.

security tool: see EN 301 132 [13], clause 3.

served user: user to whom a security tool is provided in combination with a telecommunication service.

service; telecommunication service: see ITU-T Recommendation I.112 [8], definition 201.

supplementary service: see ITU-T Recommendation I.210 [10], subclause 2.4.

T: DSS1 protocol entity at the User side of the user-network interface where a T reference point applies (User is a Private ISDN).

Transaction Number (TAN): see EN 301 132 [13], clause 3.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ATS Abstract Test Suite **ISDN** Integrated Services Digital Network **IUT** Implementation Under Test **PICS** Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement **PIXIT** Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing SET Security tools TAN Transaction Number TP Test Purpose **TSS** Test Suite Structure

4 Test Suite Structure (TSS)

Signalling procedures at the coincident S and T reference point and for interworking with private ISDN		
Registration - PIN	N01	
Invocation and operation (exceptional procedures)	N02	
Notification of possible fraudulent use		
PIN	N03	
TAN	N04	

Figure 1: Test suite structure

5 Test Purposes (TP)

5.1 Introduction

For each test requirement a TP is defined.

5.1.1 TP naming convention

TPs are numbered, starting at 001, within each group. Groups are organized according to the TSS. Additional references are added to identify the actual test suite and whether it applies to the network or the user (see table 1).

Table 1: TP identifier naming convention scheme

5.1.2 Source of TP definition

The TPs are based on EN 301 002-1 [1].

5.1.3 TP structure

Each TP has been written in a manner which is consistent with all other TPs. The intention of this is to make the TPs more readable and checkable. A particular structure has been used and this is illustrated in table 2. This table should be read in conjunction with any TP, i.e. use a TP as an example to fully understand the table.

Table 2: Structure of a single TP for SET

TP Part	Text	Example		
Header	TP Identifier	see table 1		
	Reference to the subclause of the base specification			
	containing the conformance requirement.	subclause 9.1.1		
	Reference to selection criteria	see note 1		
Stimulus	Ensure that the IUT in the			
	<basic call="" state=""></basic>	U00, U10 etc.		
	and <supplementary service="" state=""></supplementary>	SCNFR Wait Deactivation state		
	<trigger> see below for message structure</trigger>	receiving a XXXX message		
	or <goal></goal>	to request a		
Reaction	<action></action>	sends, saves, does, etc.		
	<conditions></conditions>	using en-bloc sending,		
	if the action is sending			
	see below for message structure			
	<next action="">, etc.</next>			
	and enters <supplementary service="" state=""></supplementary>			
	and/or and remains in the same call state(s)			
	or and enters call state <state></state>			
Message	<message type=""></message>	SETUP, FACILITY, CONNECT,		
structure	message containing a			
	a) <info element=""></info>	Bearer capability, Facility,		
	information element with			
	b) a <field name=""></field>	see note 2		
	encoded as or including			
	<coding field="" of="" the=""> and back to a or b,</coding>			
	on Selection criteria reference Call forwarding supported. PICS			

NOTE 1: In order to use the same structure as for test group selection, the selection criteria is indicated at the bottom of the test purpose.

NOTE 2: Unless specified the messages are valid and contain at least the mandatory information elements and possibly optional information elements, the information elements are valid and contain at least the mandatory parameters and possibly optional parameters.

5.1.4 Test strategy

As the base standard EN 301 002-1 [1] contains no explicit requirements for testing, the TPs were generated as a result of an analysis of the base standard and the PICS specification EN 301 002-2 [2].

The TPs are only based on conformance requirements related to the externally observable behaviour of the IUT, and are limited to conceivable situations to which a real implementation is likely to be faced (ETS 300 406 [11]).

All the test purposes are mandatory unless they have a selection criteria. Optional test purposes (with selection criteria), are applicable according to the configuration options of the IUT. The configuration option shall be covered by a PICS item.

5.2 Network TPs for SET

All PICS items referred to in this subclause are as specified in EN 301 002-2 [2] unless indicated otherwise by another numbered reference.

Unless specified:

- the messages indicated are valid and contain at least the mandatory information elements and possibly optional information elements;
- the information elements indicated are valid and contain at least the mandatory parameters and possibly optional parameters;
- the FACILITY messages are transmitted using the point to point connectionless bearer independent transport mechanism (dummy call reference, DL-DATA-REQUEST) as specified in subclause 8.3.2.2 of EN 300 196-1 [5]. Where the broadcast connectionless bearer independent transport mechanism applies (dummy call reference, DL-UNIT DATA-REQUEST), the indication of the corresponding subclause of EN 300 196-1 [5] is given (i.e. subclause 8.3.2.4).

5.2.1 Signalling procedures at the coincident S and T reference point and for interworking with private ISDN

NOTE: The signalling procedures use mainly the bearer-independent connectionless transport mechanism with the dummy call reference. To augment the readability of the test purposes, basic call states are only mentioned where significant.

5.2.1.1 Registration - PIN

Selection: IUT supports registration of PIN security. PICS: R 4.1.

SET_N01_001 subclause 9.3.1

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component including the oldPin, the newPin and the servedUserNr parameters,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return result component and enters the Idle state.

SET_N01_002 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component including the oldPin, the newPin parameters and the servedUserNr parameter including an invalid number.

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "invalidServedUserNr" and enters the Idle state.

SET N01 003 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component, and no telecommunication service using a PIN is subscribed to,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "pinNotProvided" and enters the Idle state.

SET_N01_004 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component, and the served user has exceeded the number of times (blocking limit N) that an invalid PIN can be used,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "userControlBlocked" and enters the Idle state.

SET_N01_005 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component containing an oldPin parameter that does not match the currently registered PIN,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "invalidPin" and enters the Idle state.

SET_N01_006 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component containing a newPin parameter with a wrong format,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "invalidNewPin" and enters the Idle state.

SET N01 007 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component containing a newPin parameter with a primitive PIN,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "primitivePin" and enters the Idle state.

SET N01 008 subclause 9.3.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, on receipt of a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin invoke component containing a newPin parameter that is identical to the currently registered PIN,

sends a FACILITY message containing a Facility information element with a ModifyPin return error component indicating "newPinIsOldPin" and enters the Idle state.

5.2.1.2 Invocation and Operation

Invocation of the PIN security tool shall consist of using the registered PIN in association with certain telecommunication services, requiring this security tool. The procedures related to the use of a PIN or a TAN in association with telecommunication services are described in the appropriate telecommunication services. Consequently, the test purposes concerning these invocation and operation procedures are included in the TSS&TP documents of the relevant telecommunication services (e.g. Outgoing Call Barring, Remote Control, ...).

The following test purposes check the exceptional procedures in relation with any telecommunication service using PIN or TAN. The signalling procedures are depending on the telecommunication service. Therefore the test purposes are only defined in a generic way.

SET_N02_001 subclause 9.6.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, having used a telecommunication service with a valid PIN that has expired, sends an appropriate message containing the error value "newPinIsOldPin" and enters the Idle state.

SET N02 002 subclause 9.6.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, having used a telecommunication service with a PIN that does not match the currently registered PIN,

sends an appropriate message containing the error value "invalidPin" and enters the Idle state.

SET_N02_003 subclause 9.6.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, having used a telecommunication service, and the served user has exceeded the number of times (blocking limit N) that an invalid PIN can be used,

sends an appropriate message containing the error value "userControlBlocked" and enters the Idle state.

SET N02 004 subclause 9.6.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, having used a telecommunication service with a TAN that does not match the currently registered TAN,

sends an appropriate message containing the error value "invalidTan" and enters the Idle state.

SET_N02_005 subclause 9.6.2

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, having used a telecommunication service, and the served user has exceeded the number of times (blocking limit N) that an invalid TAN can be used,

sends an appropriate message containing the error value "userControlBlocked" and enters the Idle state.

5.2.1.3 Notification of possible fraudulent use

5.2.1.3.1 PIN

SET_N03_001 subclause 9.7

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that one or more attempts (but less than the blocking limit N whereby all procedures using a PIN are blocked) have been made to use an invalid PIN, and MSN is not provided to the served user, sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentPinUse invoke component, and no Called Party Number information element, and remains in the Idle state.

SET N03 002 subclause 9.7

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that the network option applies to automatically reinitialize the blocked PIN security tool after a predefined time period, with the served user having not yet received a notification of possible fraudulent use while use of the PIN was not blocked, and MSN is not provided to the served user,

sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentPinUse invoke component, and no Called Party Number information element, and remains in the Idle state.

SET_N03_003 subclause 9.7

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that one or more attempts (but less than the blocking limit N whereby all procedures using a PIN are blocked) have been made to use an invalid PIN, and MSN is provided to the served user, sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentPinUse invoke component, and a Called Party Number information element including the multiple subscriber number of the served user, and remains in the Idle state.

Selection: S/T reference point (no private ISDN). PICS: R 3.1.

SET_N03_004 subclause 9.7

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that the network option applies to automatically reinitialize the blocked PIN security tool after a predefined time period, with the served user having not yet received a notification of possible fraudulent use while use of the PIN was not blocked, and MSN is provided to the served user,

sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentPinUse invoke component, and no Called Party Number information element, and remains in the Idle state.

5.2.1.3.2 TAN

SET N04 001 subclause 9.8

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that one or more attempts (but less than the blocking limit N whereby all procedures using a TAN are blocked) have been made to use an invalid TAN, and MSN is not provided to the served user.

sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentTanUse invoke component, and no Called Party Number information element, and remains in the Idle state.

SET_N04_002 subclause 9.8

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that the network option applies to automatically reinitialize the blocked TAN security tool after a predefined time period, with the served user having not yet received a notification of possible fraudulent use while use of the TAN was not blocked, and MSN is not provided to the served user,

sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentTanUse invoke component, and no Called Party Number information element, and remains in the Idle state.

SET_N04_003 subclause 9.8

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that one or more attempts (but less than the blocking limit N whereby all procedures using a TAN are blocked) have been made to use an invalid TAN, and MSN is provided to the served user, sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentTanUse invoke component, and a Called Party Number information element including the multiple subscriber number of the served user, and remains in the Idle state.

Selection: S/T reference point (no private ISDN). PICS: R 3.1.

SET_N04_004 subclause 9.8

Ensure that the IUT in the Idle state, to indicate that the network option applies to automatically reinitialize the blocked TAN security tool after a predefined time period, with the served user having not yet received a notification of possible fraudulent use while use of the TAN was not blocked, and MSN is provided to the served user,

sends a FACILITY message (subclause 8.3.2.4 of EN 300 196-1 [5]) containing a Facility information element with a PossibleFraudulentTanUse invoke component, and no Called Party Number information element, and remains in the Idle state.

6 Compliance

An ATS which complies with this TSS&TP specification shall:

- a) consist of a set of test cases corresponding to the set or to a subset of the TPs specified in clause 6;
- b) use a TSS which is an appropriate subset of the whole of the TSS specified in clause 4;
- c) use the same naming conventions for the test groups and test cases;
- d) maintain the relationship specified in clause 5 between the test groups and TPs and the entries in the PICS proforma to be used for test case deselection;
- e) comply with ISO/IEC 9646-2 [4].

In the case of a) or b) above, a subset shall be used only where a particular Abstract Test Method (ATM) makes some TPs untestable. All testable TPs from clause 5 shall be included in a compliant ATS.

7 Requirements for a comprehensive testing service

As a minimum the Remote test method, as specified in ISO/IEC 9646-2 [4], shall be used by any organization claiming to provide a comprehensive testing service for network equipment claiming conformance to EN 301 002-1 [1].

Bibliography

The following material, though not specifically referenced in the body of the present document (or not publicly available), gives supporting information.

- ISO/IEC 9646-3: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 3: The Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN)".
- EN 300 403-3: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Signalling network layer for circuit-mode basic call control; Part 3: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification".

History

Document history							
V1.1.3	July 1999	Public Enquiry	PE 9951: 1999-07-21 to 1999-11-19				
V1.1.4	February 2000	Vote	V 200017: 2000-02-28 to 2000-04-28				