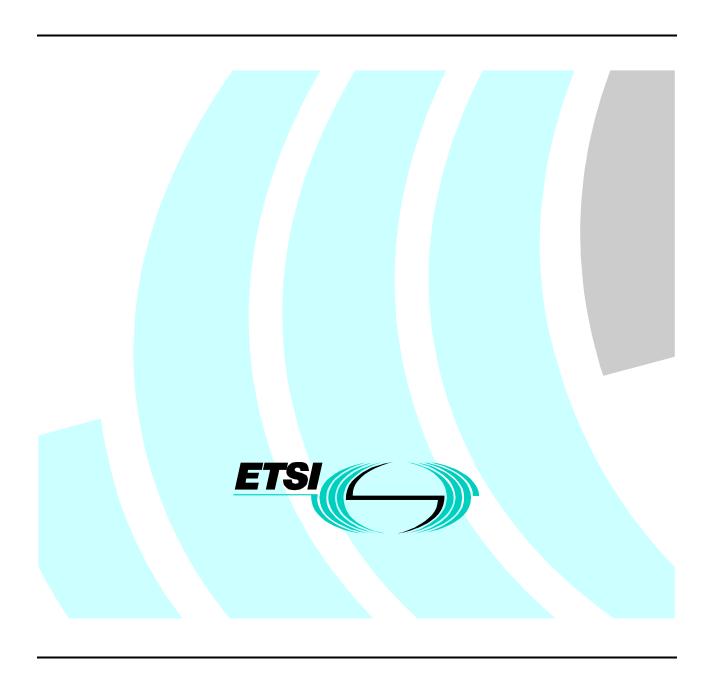
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Candidate Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); Radio telephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF bands used on inland waterways; Part 2: Harmonized EN under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive



Reference REN/ERM-RP01-037-2 Keywords maritime, radio, regulation, VHF

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Foreword

This Candidate Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable covering the Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); Radio telephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF bands used on inland waterways, as identified below:

- Part 1: "Technical characteristics and methods of measurement";
- Part 2: "Harmonized EN under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive";
- Part 3: "Harmonized EN under article 3.3 (e) of the R&TTE Directive".

The present document has been produced by ETSI in response to a mandate from the European Commission issued under Council Directive 98/34/EC [6] laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

The present document is intended to become a Harmonized Standard, the reference of which will be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities referencing the Directive 1999/5/EC [1] of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity ("the R&TTE Directive").

National transposition dates			
Date of adoption of this EN:	21 July 2000		
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 October 2000		
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 April 2001		
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	30 April 2001		

Introduction

The present document is part of a set of standards designed to fit in a modular structure to cover all radio and telecommunications terminal equipment under the R&TTE Directive [1]. Each standard is a module in the structure. The modular structure is shown in figure 1.

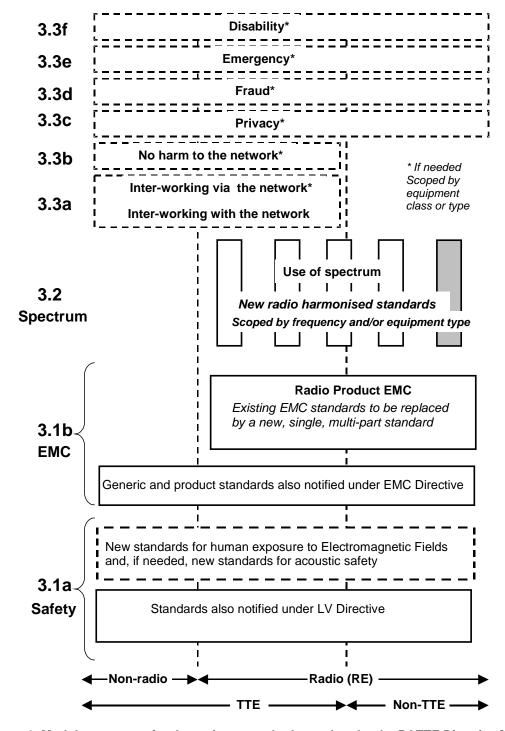


Figure 1: Modular structure for the various standards used under the R&TTE Directive [1]

The left hand edge of the figure 1 shows the different subclauses of Article 3 of the R&TTE Directive [1].

For article 3.3 various horizontal boxes are shown. Dotted lines indicate that at the time of publication of the present document essential requirements in these areas have to be adopted by the Commission. If such essential requirements are adopted, and as far and as long as they are applicable, they will justify individual standards whose scope is likely to be specified by function or interface type.

The vertical boxes show the standards under article 3.2 for the use of the radio spectrum by radio equipment. The scopes of these standards are specified either by frequency (normally in the case where frequency bands are harmonized) or by radio equipment type.

For article 3.1b the diagram shows the new single multi-part product EMC standard for radio, and the existing collection of generic and product standards currently used under the EMC Directive [2]. The parts of this new standard will become available in the second half of 2000, and the existing separate product EMC standards will be used until it is available.

For article 3.1a the diagram shows the existing safety standards currently used under the LV Directive [3] and new standards covering human exposure to electromagnetic fields. New standards covering acoustic safety may also be required.

The bottom of the figure shows the relationship of the standards to radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment. A particular equipment may be radio equipment, telecommunications terminal equipment or both. A radio spectrum standard will apply if it is radio equipment. An article 3.3 standard will apply as well only if the relevant essential requirement under the R&TTE Directive [1] is adopted by the Commission and if the equipment in question is covered by the scope of the corresponding standard. Thus, depending on the nature of the equipment, the essential requirements under the R&TTE Directive [1] may be covered in a set of standards.

The modularity principle has been taken because:

- it minimizes the number of standards needed. Because equipment may, in fact, have multiple interfaces and functions it is not practicable to produce a single standard for each possible combination of functions that may occur in an equipment;
- it provides scope for standards to be added:
 - under article 3.2 when new frequency bands are agreed or
 - under article 3.3 should the Commission take the necessary decisions

without requiring alteration of standards that are already published;

 it clarifies, simplifies and promotes the usage of Harmonized Standards as the relevant means of conformity assessment.

1 Scope

The present document applies to the radio telephone transmit and receive equipment for the maritime mobile service utilizing class of emission G3E, and possibly G2B, used on inland waterways radio equipment, operating in all or any part of the VHF bands between 156 MHz and 174 MHz.

The present document is intended to cover the provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC [1] (R&TTE Directive) Article 3.2, which states that "... radio equipment shall be so constructed that it effectively uses the spectrum allocated to terrestrial/space radio communications and orbital resources so as to avoid harmful interference".

In addition to the present document, other ENs that specify technical requirements in respect of essential requirements under other parts of Article 3 of the R&TTE Directive [1] may apply to equipment within the scope of the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, subsequent revisions do apply.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- [1] Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE Directive).
- [2] Council Directive 89/336/EEC of 3 May 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (EMC Directive).
- [3] Council Directive 73/23/EEC of 19 February 1973 on the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits (LV Directive).
- [4] ETSI EN 300 698-1 (V1.2): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Radio telephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF bands used on inland waterways; Part 1: Technical characteristics and methods of measurement".
- [5] ETSI ETR 028: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics".
- [6] Council Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions in the R&TTE Directive [1], the Radio Regulations [3] and the following apply:

Environmental profile: range of environmental conditions under which equipment within the scope of the present document is required to comply with the provisions of the present document.

Supplier: entity referred to in the R&TTE Directive [1] responsible for the placing on the market of an equipment within the scope of the Directive.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ATIS Automatic Transmitter Identification System

EMC Electro-Magnetic Compatibility

LV Low Voltage

R&TTE Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment

RF Radio Frequency

4 Technical requirements specifications

4.1 Environmental profile

The technical requirements of the present document apply under the environmental profile for operation of the equipment, which shall be determined by the environmental class of the equipment. The equipment shall comply with all the technical requirements of the present document at all times when operating within the boundary limits of the required operational environmental profile.

4.2 Conformance requirements

4.2.1 Transmitter frequency error

4.2.1.1 Definition

The frequency error is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.1.1.

4.2.1.2 Limit

The transmitter frequency error limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.1.3.

4.2.1.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.1 shall be carried out.

4.2.2 Transmitter carrier power

4.2.2.1 Definition

The carrier power is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.2.1.

The rated output power is the carrier power declared by the manufacturer.

4.2.2.2 Limit

The transmitter carrier power limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.2.3.

4.2.2.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.2 shall be carried out.

4.2.3 Transmitter frequency deviation

4.2.3.1 Definition

The frequency deviation is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.3.1.

4.2.3.2 Limit

The transmitter frequency deviation limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.3.3.

4.2.3.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.3 shall be carried out.

4.2.4 Transmitter adjacent channel power

4.2.4.1 Definition

The adjacent channel power is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.8.1.

4.2.4.2 Limit

The transmitter adjacent channel power limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.8.3.

4.2.4.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.4 shall be carried out.

4.2.5 Transmitter conducted spurious emissions conveyed to the antenna

4.2.5.1 Definition

Conducted spurious emissions are defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.9.1.

4.2.5.2 Limit

The transmitter conducted spurius emissions conveyed to the antenna limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.9.3.

4.2.5.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.5 shall be carried out.

4.2.6 Transient frequency behaviour of the transmitter

4.2.6.1 Definition

The transient frequency behaviour of the transmitter shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.11.1.

4.2.6.2 Limit

The transient frequency behaviour of the transmitter limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.11.3.

4.2.6.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.6 shall be carried out.

4.2.7 Transmitter cabinet radiation and conducted spurious emissions other than those conveyed to the antenna

4.2.7.1 Definition

The transmitter cabinet radiation and conducted spurious emissions other than those conveyed to the antenna shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.12.1.

4.2.7.2 Limit

The transmitter cabinet radiation and conducted spurious emissions other than those conveyed to the antenna limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.12.3.

4.2.7.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.7 shall be carried out.

4.2.8 ATIS encoder frequency error (demodulated signal)

4.2.8.1 Definition

The ATIS encoder frequency error (demodulated signal) shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.2.1.

4.2.8.2 Limit

The ATIS encoder frequency error (demodulated signal) shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.2.2.

4.2.8.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.8 shall be carried out.

4.2.9 ATIS encoder modulation index

4.2.9.1 Definition

The ATIS encoder modulation index shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.3.1.

4.2.9.2 Limit

The ATIS encoder modulation index shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.3.3.

4.2.9.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.9 shall be carried out.

4.2.10 ATIS encoder modulation rate

4.2.10.1 Definition

The ATIS encoder modulation rate shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.4.1.

4.2.10.2 Limit

The ATIS encoder modulation rate shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.4.3.

4.2.10.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.3.10 shall be carried out.

4.2.11 Receiver maximum usable sensitivity

4.2.11.1 Definition

The maximum usable sensitivity of the receiver is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.3.1.

4.2.11.2 Limit

The receiver maximum usable sensitivity limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.3.3.

4.2.11.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.2 may be carried out.

4.2.12 Receiver co-channel rejection

4.2.12.1 Definition

The co-channel rejection is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.4.1.

4.2.12.2 Limit

The receiver co-channel rejection limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.4.3.

4.2.12.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.3 may be carried out.

4.2.13 Receiver adjacent channel selectivity

4.2.13.1 Definition

The adjacent channel selectivity is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.5.1.

4.2.13.2 Limit

The receiver adjacent channel selectivity limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.5.3.

4.2.13.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.4 may be carried out.

4.2.14 Receiver spurious response rejection

4.2.14.1 Definition

The spurious response rejection is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.6.1.

4.2.14.2 Limit

The receiver spurious response rejection limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.6.3.

4.2.14.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.5 may be carried out.

4.2.15 Receiver intermodulation response

4.2.15.1 Definition

The intermodulation response is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.7.1.

4.2.15.2 Limit

The receiver intermodulation response limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.7.3.

4.2.15.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.6 may be carried out.

4.2.16 Receiver blocking or desensitization

4.2.16.1 Definition

Blocking is defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.8.1.

4.2.16.2 Limit

The receiver blocking or desensitization limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.8.3.

4.2.16.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.7 may be carried out.

4.2.17 Receiver conducted spurious emissions conveyed to the antenna

4.2.17.1 Definition

Conducted spurious emissions are defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.9.1.

The level of spurious emissions shall be measured by their power level in a transmission line or antenna.

4.2.17.2 Limit

The receiver conducted spurious emissions conveyed to the antenna limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.9.3.

4.2.17.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.8 may be carried out.

4.2.18 Receiver radiated spurious emissions

4.2.18.1 Definition

The receiver radiated spurious emissions shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.14.1.

4.2.18.2 Limit

The receiver radiated spurious emissions limit shall be as stated in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.14.3.

4.2.18.3 Conformance

Conformance tests as defined in subclause 5.4.9 may be carried out.

5 Testing for compliance with technical requirements

5.1 Test conditions, power supply and ambient temperatures

The test conditions and procedures shall be as defined in EN 300 698-1 [4], clauses 5 and 6.

5.2 Interpretation of the measurement results

The interpretation of the results recorded in a test report for the measurements described in the present document shall be as follows:

- the measured value related to the corresponding limit will be used to decide whether an equipment meets the requirements of the present document;
- the value of the measurement uncertainty for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report;
- the recorded value of the measurement uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the figures in table 2.

For the test methods, according to the present document, the measurement uncertainty figures shall be calculated in accordance with ETR 028 [5] and shall correspond to an expansion factor (coverage factor) k = 1,96 or k = 2 (which provide confidence levels of respectively 95% and 95,45% in the case where the distributions characterizing the actual measurement uncertainties are normal (Gaussian)).

Table 1 is based on such expansion factors.

Table 1: Absolute measurement uncertainties: maximum values

Parameter	Maximum uncertainty	
RF frequency	±1 x 10 ⁻⁷	
RF power	±0,75 dB	
Maximum frequency deviation:		
- within 300 Hz to 6 kHz of audio frequency	±5 %	
 within 6 kHz to 25 kHz of audio frequency 	±3 dB	
Deviation limitation	±5 %	
Adjacent channel power	±5 dB	
Conducted spurious emission of transmitter	±4 dB	
Conducted emission of receiver	±3 dB	
Two-signal measurement	±4 dB	
Three-signal measurement	±3 dB	
Radiated emission of transmitter	±6 dB	
Radiated emission of receiver	±6 dB	
Transmitter transient time	±20 %	
Transmitter transient frequency	±250 Hz	
Receiver desensitization (duplex operation)	±0,5 dB	

5.3 Essential radio test suites

5.3.1 Transmitter frequency error

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.1.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.1.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.2 Transmitter carrier power

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.2.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.2.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.3 Transmitter frequency deviation

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.3.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.3.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.4 Transmitter adjacent channel power

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.8.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.4.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.5 Transmitter conducted spurious emissions conveyed to the antenna

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.9.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.5.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.6 Transient frequency behaviour of the transmitter

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.11.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.6.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.7 Transmitter cabinet radiation and conducted spurious emissions other than those conveyed to the antenna

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 8.12.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.7.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.8 ATIS encoder frequency error (demodulated signal)

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.2.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.8.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.9 ATIS encoder modulation index

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.3.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.9.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.3.10 ATIS encoder modulation rate

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause B.2.4.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.10.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4 Other test specifications

5.4.1 General

The requirements in subclauses 4.2.11 to 4.2.18 inclusive have been set on the assumption that the test specifications in subclauses 5.4.2 to 5.4.9 will be used to verify the performance of the equipment.

5.4.2 Receiver maximum usable sensitivity

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.3.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.11.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.3 Receiver co-channel rejection

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.4.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.12.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.4 Receiver adjacent channel selectivity

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.5.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.13.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.5 Receiver spurious response rejection

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.6.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.14.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.6 Receiver intermodulation response

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.7.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.15.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.7 Receiver blocking or desensitization

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.8.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.16.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.8 Receiver conducted spurious emissions conveyed to the antenna

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.9.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.17.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

5.4.9 Receiver radiated spurious emissions

The test specified in EN 300 698-1 [4], subclause 9.14.2 shall be carried out. The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in subclause 4.2.18.2 in order to prove compliance with the requirement.

Annex A (normative): The EN Requirements Table (EN-RT)

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the EN-RT proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed EN-RT.

The EN Requirements Table (EN-RT) serves a number of purposes, as follows:

- it provides a tabular summary of all the requirements;
- it shows the status of each EN-R, whether it is essential to implement in all circumstances (Mandatory), or whether the requirement is dependent on the supplier having chosen to support a particular optional service or functionality (Optional). In particular it enables the EN-Rs associated with a particular optional service or functionality to be grouped and identified;
- when completed in respect of a particular equipment it provides a means to undertake the static assessment of conformity with the EN.

Table A.1: EN Requirements Table (EN-RT)

EN Reference EN 300 698-2 EN-R (note) Status No. Reference 4.2.1 Transmitter frequency error 2 4.2.2 Transmitter carrier power М

Comment 4.2.3 3 Transmitter frequency deviation M 4 4.2.4 Transmitter adjacent channel power М 5 4.2.5 Transmitter conducted spurious М emissions conveyed to the antenna 6 4.2.6 М Transient frequency behaviour of the transmitter 4.2.7 Transmitter cabinet radiation and М 7 conducted spurious emissions other than those conveyed to the antenna 4.2.8 0 8 ATIS encoder frequency error (demodulated signal) 9 4.2.9 ATIS encoder modulation index 0 ATIS encoder modulation rate 10 4.2.10 0 4.2.11 11 Receiver maximum usable sensitivity M 12 4.2.12 М Receiver co-channel rejection 4.2.13 13 Receiver adjacent channel Μ selectivity 14 4.2.14 М Receiver spurious response rejection 15 4.2.15 Receiver intermodulation response Μ 16 4.2.16 Receiver blocking or desensitization Μ 17 4.2.17 Receiver conducted spurious М emissions conveyed to the antenna 18 4.2.18 Μ Receiver radiated spurious emissions These EN-Rs are justified under Article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive.

Key to columns:

No Table entry number;

Reference Subclause reference number of conformance requirement within the present document;

EN-R Title of conformance requirement within the present document;

Status Status of the entry as follows:

M Mandatory, shall be implemented under all circumstances;

O Optional, may be provided, but if provided shall be implemented in accordance with the requirements;

O.n This status is used for mutually exclusive or selectable options among a set. The integer "n" shall refer to a unique group of options within the EN-RT. A footnote to the EN-RT shall explicitly state what the requirement is for each numbered group. For example, "It is mandatory to support at least one of these options", or, "It is mandatory to support exactly one of these options".

Comments To be completed as required.

Bibliography

The following material, though not specifically referenced in the body of the present document (or not publicly available), gives supporting information.

- ITU Radio Regulations (1990 Revised in 1994).

History

Document history						
V1.1.1	March 2000	One-step Approval Procedure	OAP 20000721: 2000-03-22 to 2000-07-21			
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