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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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1 Scope

. The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics and minimum performance requirements for E-UTRA User Equipment (UE).

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
 - 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [1] [2] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain" ITU-R Recommendation M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the [3] terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000". [4] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Physical Channels and Modulation". 3GPP TS 36.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding". [5] [6] 3GPP TS 36.213: "Physical layer procedures". 3GPP TS 36.331: "Requirements for support of radio resource management". [7] [8] 3GPP TS 36.307: "Requirements on User Equipments (UEs) supporting a release-independent frequency band". [9] 3GPP TS 36.423: "X2 application protocol (X2AP) ".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply in the case of a single component carrier. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Aggregated Channel Bandwidth: The RF bandwidth in which a UE transmits and receives multiple contiguously aggregated carriers.

Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration: The number of resource block allocated within the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Carrier aggregation: Aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

Carrier aggregation band: A set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

Carrier aggregation bandwidth class: A class defined by the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration and maximum number of component carriers supported by a UE.

Carrier aggregation configuration: A combination of CA operating band(s) and CA bandwidth class(es) supported by a UE.

Channel edge: The lowest and highest frequency of the carrier, separated by the channel bandwidth.

Channel bandwidth: The RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell. The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

Contiguous carriers: A set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

Contiguous resource allocation: A resource allocation of consecutive resource blocks within one carrier or across contiguously aggregated carriers. The gap between contiguously aggregated carriers due to the nominal channel spacing is allowed.

Contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gaps.

Enhanced performance requirements type A: This defines performance requirements assuming as baseline receiver reference symbol based linear minimum mean square error interference rejection combining.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: Carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: Contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: Non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Lower sub-block **edge:** The frequency at the lower edge of one sub-block. It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

Non-contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of two or more sub-blocks separated by sub-block gap(s).

Sub-block: This is one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for transmission and reception by the same UE. There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

Sub-block bandwidth: The bandwidth of one sub-block.

Sub-block gap: A frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

Synchronized operation: Operation of TDD in two different systems, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur.

Unsynchronized operation: Operation of TDD in two different systems, where the conditions for synchronized operation are not met.

Upper sub-block edge: The frequency at the upper edge of one sub-block. It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

BW_{Channel} Channel bandwidth

 $BW_{Channel,block} \qquad Sub\text{-block bandwidth, expressed in MHz. } BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high}\text{-}F_{edge,block,low.}$

BW_{Channel_CA} Aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz.

BW_{GB} Virtual guard band to facilitate transmitter (receiver) filtering above / below edge CCs.

 E_{RS} Transmitted energy per RE for reference symbols during the useful part of the symbol, i.e.

excluding the cyclic prefix, (average power normalized to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

 $\hat{E}_{\rm s}$ The averaged received energy per RE of the wanted signal during the useful part of the symbol,

i.e. excluding the cyclic prefix, at the UE antenna connector; average power is computed within a set of REs used for the transmission of physical channels (including user specific RSs when present), divided by the number of REs within the set, and normalized to the subcarrier spacing

F Frequency

 $\begin{aligned} F_{Interferer}(offset) & Frequency offset of the interferer \\ F_{Interferer} & Frequency of the interferer \end{aligned}$

F_C Frequency of the carrier centre frequency

 $F_{C,block,\;high} \qquad \qquad \text{Center frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.} \\ F_{C,block,\;low} \qquad \qquad \text{Center frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.} \\$

 F_{C_low} The centre frequency of the *lowest carrier*, expressed in MHz. F_{C_high} The centre frequency of the *highest carrier*, expressed in MHz.

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{DL_low} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{DL_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL_high} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{edge,block,low} & The \ lower \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset.} \\ F_{edge,block,high} & The \ upper \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset.} \\ F_{edge_low} & The \ lower \ edge \ of \ aggregated \ channel \ bandwidth, \ expressed \ in \ MHz. \\ F_{edge_high} & F_{cdge_high} & F_{cdg$

Foffset,block,low Separation between lower edge of a sub-block and the center of the lowest component carrier

within the sub-block

F_{offset,block,high} Separation between higher edge of a sub-block and the center of the highest component carrier

within the sub-block

Frequency offset in MHz needed if NS_23 is used

 $F_{\rm OOB}$ The boundary between the E-UTRA out of band emission and spurious emission domains. I_o The power spectral density of the total input signal (power averaged over the useful part of the

symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE antenna connector,

including the own-cell downlink signal

 I_{or} The total transmitted power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over

the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

 \hat{I}_{ar} The total received power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over

the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE

antenna connector

 I_{ot} The received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for a certain RE (average

power obtained within the RE and normalized to the subcarrier spacing) as measured at the UE

antenna connector

 L_{CRB} Transmission bandwidth which represents the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

expressed in units of resources blocks

N_{cp} Cyclic prefix length N_{DL} Downlink EARFCN

 N_{oc} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference from cells that are not defined in a test procedure, as

measured at the UE antenna connector

 N_{ocl} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalized to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in non-CRS symbols in ABS subframe from cells that

are not defined in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 N_{oc2} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalized to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in CRS symbols in ABS subframe from all cells that

are not defined in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 N_{oc3} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in non-ABS subframe from cells that are not defined

in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector

 N_{oc} The power spectral density (average power per RE normalised to the subcarrier spacing) of the

summation of the received power spectral densities of the strongest interfering cells explicitly defined in a test procedure plus $\,N_{oc}$, as measured at the UE antenna connector. The respective

power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to $N_{\it oc}$ is defined by its associated DIP

value

N_{Offs-DL} Offset used for calculating downlink EARFCN N_{Offs-UL} Offset used for calculating uplink EARFCN

 N_{otx} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing) simulating eNode B transmitter impairments as measured at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

N_{RB} Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks

 N_{RB_agg} The number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated Aggregated Channel bandwidth. N_{RB_alloc} Total number of simultaneously transmitted resource blocks in Channel bandwidth or Aggregated

Channel Bandwidth.

 $N_{RB,c}$ The transmission bandwidth configuration of component carrier c, expressed in units of resource

blocks

 $N_{RB,largest\;BW}$ The largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the bandwidth

combination, expressed in units of resource blocks

N_{UL} Uplink EARFCN.

 $\begin{array}{ll} Rav & Minimum \ average \ throughput \ per \ RB. \\ P_{CMAX} & The \ configured \ maximum \ UE \ output \ power. \end{array}$

 $P_{CMAX, c}$ The configured maximum UE output power for serving cell c.

P_{EMAX}, Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers. Same as IE *P-Max*, defined in [7]. P_{EMAX}, c Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers for serving cell *c*. Same as IE

P-Max, defined in [7].

 $P_{Interferer}$ Modulated mean power of the interferer

 $\begin{array}{ll} P_{PowerClass} & P_{PowerClass} \ is \ the \ nominal \ UE \ power \ (i.e., \ no \ tolerance). \\ P_{UMAX} & The \ measured \ configured \ maximum \ UE \ output \ power. \end{array}$

Puw Power of an unwanted DL signal Pw Power of a wanted DL signal

 $\begin{array}{ll} RB_{start} & Indicates \ the \ lowest \ RB \ index \ of \ transmitted \ resource \ blocks. \\ RB_{end} & Indicates \ the \ highest \ RB \ index \ of \ transmitted \ resource \ blocks. \\ \end{array}$

 Δf_{OOB} Δ Frequency of Out Of Band emission.

 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ Allowed reference sensitivity relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation, for serving

cell c.

ΔT_{IB,c} Allowed maximum configured output power relaxation due to support for inter-band CA

operation, for serving cell c.

 ΔT_C Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation.

 $\Delta T_{C,c}$ Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation for serving cell c.

 ho_A According to Clause 5.2 in TS 36.213 [6] ho_B According to Clause 5.2 in TS 36.213 [6]

σ Test specific auxiliary variable used for the purpose of downlink power allocation, defined in

Annex C.3.2.

W_{gap} Sub-block gap size

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ABS Almost Blank Subframe

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

A-MPR Additional Maximum Power Reduction

AWGN Additive White Gaussian Noise

BS Base Station
CA Carrier Aggregation

CA_X CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band

CA_X-X Non-contiguous intra band CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band CA_X-Y CA for band X and Band Y where X and Y are the applicable E-UTRA operating band

CC Component Carriers

CPE Customer Premise Equipment

CPE_X Customer Premise Equipment for E-UTRA operating band X

CW Continuous Wave

DL Downlink

DIP Dominant Interferer Proportion

EARFCN E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

EPRE Energy Per Resource Element

E-UTRA Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

EUTRAN Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

EVM Error Vector Magnitude
FDD Frequency Division Duplex
FRC Fixed Reference Channel
HD EDD Helf Dupley EDD

HD-FDD Half- Duplex FDD

MCS Modulation and Coding Scheme
MOP Maximum Output Power
MPR Maximum Power Reduction
MSD Maximum Sensitivity Degradation
OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator

OFDMA Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access

OOB Out-of-band PA Power Amplifier

PCC Primary Component Carrier

P-MPR Power Management Maximum Power Reduction

PSS Primary Synchronization Signal

PSS RA PSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel PSS

RE Resource Element

REFSENS Reference Sensitivity power level

r.m.s Root Mean Square

SCC Secondary Component Carrier
SINR Signal-to-Interference-and-Noise Ratio

SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SSS Secondary Synchronization Signal SSS_RA SSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel SSS

TDD Time Division Duplex UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

UL-MIMO Up Link Multiple Antenna transmission
UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

UTRAN UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

xCH_RA xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols not containing cell-

specific RS

xCH_RB xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols containing cell-

specific RS

4 General

4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 36.521-1 Annex F defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements.

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ITU-R M.1545 [3].

4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements

- a) In this specification the Minimum Requirements are specified as general requirements and additional requirements. Where the Requirement is specified as a general requirement, the requirement is mandated to be met in all scenarios
- b) For specific scenarios for which an additional requirement is specified, in addition to meeting the general requirement, the UE is mandated to meet the additional requirements.
- c) The reference sensitivity power levels defined in subclause 7.3 are valid for the specified reference measurement channels.
- d) Note: Receiver sensitivity degradation may occur when:
 - 1) The UE simultaneously transmits and receives with bandwidth allocations less than the transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1), and
 - 2) Any part of the downlink transmission bandwidth is within an uplink transmission bandwidth from the downlink center subcarrier.
- e) The spurious emissions power requirements are for the long term average of the power. For the purpose of reducing measurement uncertainty it is acceptable to average the measured power over a period of time sufficient to reduce the uncertainty due to the statistical nature of the signal.

4.3 Void

4.3A Applicability of minimum requirements (CA, UL-MIMO)

The requirements in clauses 5, 6 and 7 which are specific to CA and UL-MIMO are specified as suffix A, B, C, D where;

- a) Suffix A additional requirements need to support CA
- b) Suffix B additional requirements need to support UL-MIMO
- c) Suffix C additional requirements need to support TBD
- d) Suffix D additional requirements need to support TBD

A terminal which supports the above features needs to meet both the general requirements and the additional requirement applicable to the additional subclause (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7. Where there is a

difference in requirement between the general requirements and the additional subclause requirements (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7, the tighter requirements are applicable unless stated otherwise in the additional subclause.

A terminal which supports more than one feature (CA and UL-MIMO) in clauses 5, 6 and 7 shall meet all of the separate corresponding requirements.

For a terminal supporting CA, compliance with minimum requirements for non-contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in any given operating band does not imply compliance with minimum requirements for contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in the same operating band.

For a terminal supporting CA, compliance with minimum requirements for contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in any given operating band does not imply compliance with minimum requirements for non-contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in the same operating band.

A terminal which supports CA, for each supported CA configuration, shall support Pcell transmissions in each of the aggregated Component Carriers unless indicated otherwise in clause 5.6A.1.

4.4 RF requirements in later releases

The standardisation of new frequency bands and carrier aggregation configurations (downlink and uplink aggregation) may be independent of a release. However, in order to implement a UE that conforms to a particular release but supports a band of operation or a carrier aggregation configuration that is specified in a later release, it is necessary to specify some extra requirements. TS 36.307 [8] specifies requirements on UEs supporting a frequency band or a carrier aggregation configuration that is independent of release.

NOTE: For terminals conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document, some RF requirements in later releases may be mandatory independent of whether the UE supports the bands or carrier aggregation configurations specified in later releases or not. The set of requirements from later releases that is also mandatory for UEs conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document is determined by regional regulation.

5 Operating bands and channel arrangement

5.1 General

The channel arrangements presented in this clause are based on the operating bands and channel bandwidths defined in the present release of specifications.

NOTE: Other operating bands and channel bandwidths may be considered in future releases.

- 5.2 Void
- 5.3 Void
- 5.4 Void

5.5 Operating bands

E-UTRA is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5-1 E-UTRA operating bands

E-UTRA Operating Band	Uplink (UL) operating band BS receive UE transmit Fullow - Fulhigh	Downlink (DL) operating band BS transmit UE receive FDL_low - FDL_high	Duplex Mode
1	1920 MHz — 1980 MHz		FDD
2	1850 MHz — 1910 MHz		FDD
3	1710 MHz — 1785 MHz		FDD
4	1710 MHz - 1765 MHz		FDD
5	824 MHz - 849 MHz	869 MHz — 894MHz	FDD
6 ¹	830 MHz - 840 MHz	875 MHz — 885 MHz	FDD
7	2500 MHz — 2570 MHz	0101111	FDD
8	880 MHz - 915 MHz	925 MHz - 960 MHz	FDD
9	1749.9 MHz — 1784.9 MH		FDD
10			FDD
11	1710 MHz — 1770 MHz 1427.9 MHz — 1447.9 MH		FDD
12			FDD
13			FDD
14	777 MHz — 787 MHz 788 MHz — 798 MHz	746 MHz — 756 MHz 758 MHz — 768 MHz	FDD
<u> </u>			FDD
15 16	Reserved Reserved	Reserved Reserved	FDD
17	704 MHz - 716 MHz		FDD
18	815 MHz - 830 MHz	734 MHz - 746 MHz 860 MHz - 875 MHz	FDD
19	830 MHz - 845 MHz	875 MHz — 890 MHz	FDD
20	832 MHz - 862 MHz	791 MHz — 821 MHz	FDD
21	1447.9 MHz - 1462.9 MHz		FDD
22	3410 MHz — 3490 MHz		FDD
23	2000 MHz — 2020 MHz		FDD
24 ¹⁷	1626.5 MHz - 1660.5 MH		FDD
25	1850 MHz — 1915 MHz		FDD
26	814 MHz — 849 MHz	859 MHz — 894 MHz	FDD
27	807 MHz - 824 MHz	852 MHz - 869 MHz	FDD
28	703 MHz - 748 MHz	758 MHz - 803 MHz	FDD
29	N/A	717 MHz - 728 MHz	FDD ²
33	1900 MHz - 1920 MHz	1900 MHz - 1920 MHz	TDD
34	2010 MHz - 2025 MHz	2010 MHz - 2025 MHz	TDD
35	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	TDD
36	1930 MHz - 1990 MHz		TDD
37	1910 MHz - 1930 MHz	1910 MHz - 1930 MHz	TDD
38	2570 MHz - 2620 MHz		TDD
39	1880 MHz - 1920 MHz		TDD
40	2300 MHz - 2400 MHz	2300 MHz - 2400 MHz	TDD
41	2496 MHz 2690 MHz		TDD
42	3400 MHz - 3600 MHz	3400 MHz - 3600 MHz	TDD
43	3600 MHz - 3800 MHz		TDD
44	703 MHz — 803 MHz	703 MHz - 803 MHz	TDD

NOTE 1: Band 6 is not applicable

NOTE 2: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured. The downlink operating band is paired with the uplink operating band (external) of the carrier aggregation configuration that is supporting the configured Pcell.

NOTE 3: Void

NOTE 4: Void

NOTE 5: Void

NOTE 6: Void NOTE 7: Void NOTE 8: Void

NOTE 9: Void

NOTE 10: Void

NOTE 11: Void

NOTE 12: Void NOTE 13: Void

NOTE 14: Void

NOTE 15: Void

NOTE 16: Void

NOTE 17: DL operation in this band is restricted to 1526 – 1536 MHz and UL operation is restricted to 1627.5 – 1637.5 MHz and 1646.5 – 1656.5 MHz.

5.5A Operating bands for CA

E-UTRA carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Tables 5.5A-1 and 5.5A-2.

Table 5.5A-1: Intra-band contiguous CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL)	ope	rating band	Downlink (D	Downlink (DL) operating ba		
CA Band	Band	BS receive	/ U	E transmit	BS transi	UE receive	Mode	
		Ful_low - Ful_high			F _{DL_lo}	FDL_low - FDL_high		
CA_1	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	FDD
CA_7	7	2500 MHz	_	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	-	2690 MHz	FDD
CA_38	38	2570 MHz	_	2620 MHz	2570 MHz	1	2620 MHz	TDD
CA_40	40	2300 MHz	_	2400 MHz	2300 MHz	-	2400 MHz	TDD
CA_41	41	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	TDD

Table 5.5A-2: Inter-band CA operating bands

CA_Band Band Bs receive / UE transmit Ful., low - Ful., l	E-UTRA CA Band	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL) operating band			Downlink (DL) operating band				
CA_1-5 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz - 2170 MHz FDD 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz - 10	CA Band	Band					Mode			
CA_1-5 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_1-18 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz 2170 MHz FDD CA_1-19 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz - 2170 MHz FDD CA_1-21 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz - 2170 MHz FDD CA_1-21 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz - 2170 MHz FDD CA_2-17 21 1447.9 MHz - 1940 MHz 1930 MHz - 1990 MHz FDD CA_2-17 17 704 MHz - 1910 MHz 1930 MHz - 1990 MHz FDD CA_2-29 2 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz 1930 MHz - 1990 MHz FDD CA_3-5 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-7				_						
S	CA 1-5			_			_		FDD	
CA_1-18 18 815 MHz - 830 MHz 860 MHz - 875 MHz FDD CA_1-19 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz - 2170 MHz FDD CA_1-21 1 1920 MHz - 1980 MHz 2110 MHz - 2170 MHz FDD CA_1-21 21 1447.9 MHz - 1462.9 MHz 1495.9 MHz - 1510.9 MHz FDD CA_2-17 2 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz 1930 MHz - 1990 MHz FDD CA_2-29 2 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz 1930 MHz - 1990 MHz FDD CA_3-5 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1894 MHz FDD CA_3-5 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_3-7 7 2500 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>				-			_			
The color of the	CA 1-18			_			_		FDD	
The image				_			_			
CA_1-21	CA 1-19			_			_		FDD	
CA_1-21 21				_			_			
CA_2-17	CA 1-21						_		FDD	
CA_2-17 17 704 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_2-29 2 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz 1930 MHz - 1990 MHz FDD CA_3-5 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1880 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-7 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-7 7 2500 MHz - 2620 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_3-8 8 880 MHz 915 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-80 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-80 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_4-5 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4				-			_			
CA_2-29	CA 2-17			1			_		FDD	
CA_2-29 29 N/A T171 MHz T178 MHz T178 MHz T170 MHz T178 MHz T170 MHz T178 MHz T178 MHz T180 MHz	O, (_2			_			_		. 55	
CA_3-5	CA 2-29		1850 MHz	_			_		FDD	
CA_3-5 5 824 MHz — 849 MHz — 894 MHz — 894 MHz FDD CA_3-7 3 1710 MHz — 1785 MHz 1805 MHz — 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-8 3 1710 MHz — 2570 MHz 2620 MHz — 2690 MHz FDD CA_3-8 8 880 MHz — 1785 MHz 1805 MHz — 960 MHz FDD CA_3-20 3 1710 MHz — 1785 MHz 1805 MHz — 1880 MHz FDD CA_4-5 3 1710 MHz — 1755 MHz 1805 MHz — 1880 MHz FDD CA_4-5 4 1710 MHz — 1755 MHz 2110 MHz — 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-7 7 2500 MHz 1755 MHz 2110 MHz — 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz — 1755 MHz 2110 MHz — 2155 MHz FDD CA	O, (_2 20			N/A			_		. 55	
CA_3-7 7 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz 2620 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_3-8 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_3-8 8 880 MHz 915 MHz 925 MHz 960 MHz FDD CA_3-20 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-5 5 824 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 12 699 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 704 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-18 13 777 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-19 12 699 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 7 170 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-18 13 777 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-19 12 699 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_4-10 13 777 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 17 704 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-18 13 777 MHz - 787 MHz 746 MHz - 756 MHz FDD CA_4-19 29 N/A 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_5-12 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_5-12 70 894 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_5-12 70 894 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_5-17 70 894 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_7-20 832 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_8-20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_8-20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_1118 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz FDD	CA 3-5			_			_		FDD	
CA_3-7 7 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz 2620 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_3-8 3 1710 MHz 1785 MHz 1805 MHz 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-80 8 880 MHz 915 MHz 925 MHz 960 MHz FDD CA_3-20 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_4-5 4 1710 MHz - 17755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-7 4 1710 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_4-7 4 1710 MHz 1755 MHz 2110 MHz 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-13 13 777 MHz - 787 MHz	O/ (_0 0			_			_		100	
CA_3-8	CA 3-7		1710 MHz	_		1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	FDD	
CA_3-8 8 880 MHz 915 MHz 925 MHz 960 MHz FDD CA_3-20 3 1710 MHz - 1785 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz FDD CA_3-20 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 821 MHz FDD CA_4-5 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-7 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-7 7 2500 MHz 2570 MHz 2620 MHz 2690 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-13 12 699 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-13 13 777 MHz - 787 MHz 246 MHz - 756 MHz FDD CA_4-17 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-29 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz -	OA_5-1		2500 MHz	_	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	100	
CA_3-20 CA_4-5 CA_4-5 CA_4-5 CA_4-6 CA_4-7 CA_	CA 3-8		1710 MHz		1785 MHz			1880 MHz	FDD	
CA_3-20 20 832 MHz	OA_5-0		880 MHz			925 MHz		960 MHz	100	
CA_4-5	CA 3-20	3	1710 MHz	_		1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-5 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_4-7 4 1710 MHz 1755 MHz 2110 MHz 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-13 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-13 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-29 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-12 5 824 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-17 5	CA_5-20	20	832 MHz	_	862 MHz	791 MHz	_			
CA_4-7	CA 45		1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_		EDD	
CA_4-7 7 2500 MHz 2570 MHz 2620 MHz 2690 MHz FDD CA_4-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD 12 699 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_4-13 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 17 704 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_4-29 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-29 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-12 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_5-17 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz	CA_4-5	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-12 CA_4-12 A 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-13 CA_4-13 CA_4-14 CA_4-17 CA_4-17 CA_4-17 CA_4-17 CA_4-18 CA_4-18 CA_4-18 CA_4-18 CA_4-19 CA_4-29 CA_5-12 CA_5-17 CA_5-17 CA_7-20 CA_8-20 CA_8-20 CA_8-20 CA_4-18 A 1710 MHz 2570 MHz 2110 MHz 2155 MHz	CA 47		1710 MHz		1755 MHz	2110 MHz		2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-12 12 699 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_4-13 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_4-17 17 704 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_4-29 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-12 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-12 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_5-12 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_5-17 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_7-20	UA_4-7	7	2500 MHz		2570 MHz	2620 MHz		2690 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-13 12 699 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz 13 777 MHz - 787 MHz 746 MHz - 756 MHz 17 704 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz 17 704 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz 17 704 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz 17 704 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz 17 704 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz 18 17 17 17 17 17 17 19 18 19 18 18 10 18 18 18 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz EDD	CA 4 12	4	1710 MHz	-	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-13 13 777 MHz - 787 MHz 746 MHz - 756 MHz FDD CA_4-17 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD TO4 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_4-29 4 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz 2110 MHz - 2155 MHz FDD CA_5-12 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_5-12 12 699 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_5-17 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz FDD CA_7-20 7 2500 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_8-20 7 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz 2620 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD CA_11-18 11 1427.9 M	UA_4-12	12	699 MHz	-	716 MHz	729 MHz	-	746 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-17 13	CA 4 12	4	1710 MHz	-	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-17 17 704 MHz	CA_4-13	13	777 MHz	_	787 MHz	746 MHz	_	756 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-29 CA_4-29	CA 4 17	4	1710 MHz	-	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-29 29 N/A 717 MHz	CA_4-17	17	704 MHz	-	716 MHz	734 MHz	-	746 MHz	FDD	
CA_5-12	CA 4 20	4	1710 MHz	-	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_5-12 12 699 MHz - 716 MHz 729 MHz - 746 MHz CA_5-17 5 824 MHz - 849 MHz 869 MHz - 894 MHz 17 704 MHz - 716 MHz 734 MHz - 746 MHz FDD CA_7-20 7 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz 2620 MHz - 2690 MHz 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 821 MHz CA_8-20 8 880 MHz - 915 MHz 925 MHz - 960 MHz FDD CA_11-18 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz FDD FDD	CA_4-29	29		N/A		717 MHz	_	728 MHz	FDD	
CA_5-17 This is a second color of the col	CA 5 40	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	רטט	
CA_5-17 17 704 MHz	CA_5-12	12	699 MHz	_	716 MHz	729 MHz	_	746 MHz	FUU	
CA_11-18 TO T	CA 5 17	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	EDD	
CA_7-20 7 2500 MHz - 2570 MHz 2620 MHz - 2690 MHz FDD 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 821 MHz CA_8-20 8 880 MHz - 915 MHz 925 MHz - 960 MHz 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 821 MHz CA_11-18 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz	CA_5-17	17	704 MHz	-	716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	רטט	
CA_11-18 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 821 MHz 880 MHz - 915 MHz 925 MHz - 960 MHz PDD 821 MHz 925 MHz - 960 MHz 925 MHz - 821 MHz 926 MHz FDD	CA 7.00	7		-	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	- EDD	
CA_8-20 8 880 MHz - 915 MHz 925 MHz - 960 MHz FDD CA_11-18 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz FDD	CA_7-20	20		_		791 MHz	_		טטו	
CA_8-20 20 832 MHz - 862 MHz 791 MHz - 821 MHz CA_11-18 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz EDD	04 0 00			_			_	960 MHz	רכי	
CA 11-18 11 1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz FDD	CA_8-20	20		_			_		רטט	
(A 11-18 FI)()	04 44 45			-			_		ED.5	
	CA_11-18			-			_		רטט	

Table 5.5A-3: Intra-band non-contiguous CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL)	оре	rating band	Downlink (D	L) c	perating band	Duplex
CA Band	Band	BS receive / UE transmit BS transmit					UE receive	Mode
		F _{UL_low}	_	F _{UL_high}	F _{DL_lo}	w –	F _{DL_high}	
CA_25-25	25	1850 MHz	_	1915 MHz	1930 MHz	_	1995 MHz	FDD
CA_41-41	41	2496 MHz	-	2690 MHz	2496 MHz	_	2690 MHz	TDD

5.5B Operating bands for UL-MIMO

E-UTRA UL-MIMO is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5B-1: Void

5.6 Channel bandwidth

Requirements in present document are specified for the channel bandwidths listed in Table 5.6-1.

Table 5.6-1: Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} in E-UTRA channel bandwidths

Channel bandwidth BW _{Channel} [MHz]	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Transmission bandwidth configuration N _{RB}	6	15	25	50	75	100

Figure 5.6-1 shows the relation between the Channel bandwidth ($BW_{Channel}$) and the Transmission bandwidth configuration (N_{RB}). The channel edges are defined as the lowest and highest frequencies of the carrier separated by the channel bandwidth, i.e. at F_C +/- $BW_{Channel}$ /2.

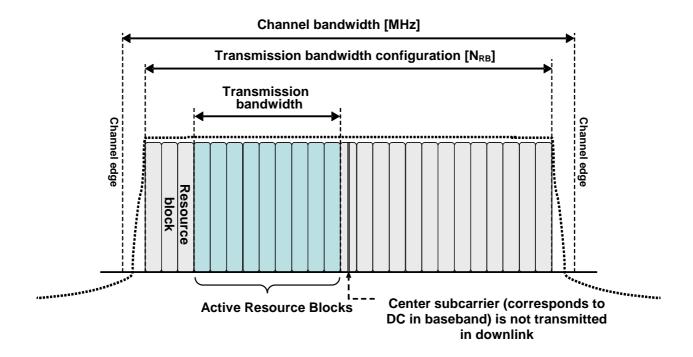


Figure 5.6-1: Definition of channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration for one E-UTRA carrier

5.6.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band

a) The requirements in this specification apply to the combination of channel bandwidths and operating bands shown in Table 5.6.1-1. The transmission bandwidth configuration in Table 5.6.1-1 shall be supported for each of the specified channel bandwidths. The same (symmetrical) channel bandwidth is specified for both the TX and RX path.

Table 5.6.1-1: E-UTRA channel bandwidth

E-UTRA band / Channel bandwidth								
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹				
6			Yes	Yes ¹				
7			Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ^{1, 3}		
8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹				
9			Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
10			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
11			Yes	Yes ¹				
12	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹				
13			Yes ¹	Yes ¹				
14			Yes ¹	Yes ¹				
17			Yes ¹	Yes ¹				
18			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
19			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
20			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
21			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
22			Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
23	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
24			Yes	Yes				
25	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
27	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹				
28		Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ^{1, 2}		
33			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
34			Yes	Yes	Yes			
35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
36	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
37			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
38			Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ³		
39			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
40			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
41			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
42			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
43			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
44		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the bandwidth for which a relaxation of the specified UE receiver sensitivity requirement (subclause 7.3) is allowed.

NOTE 2: ² For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for E-UTRA UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz

NOTE 3: ³ refers to the bandwidth for which the uplink transmission bandwidth can be restricted by the network for some channel assignments in FDD/TDD co-existence scenarios in order to meet unwanted emissions requirements (Clause 6.6.3.2).

b) The use of different (asymmetrical) channel bandwidth for the TX and RX is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

5.6A Channel bandwidth for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation *Aggregated Channel Bandwidth*, *Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration* and *Guard Bands* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.6A-1.

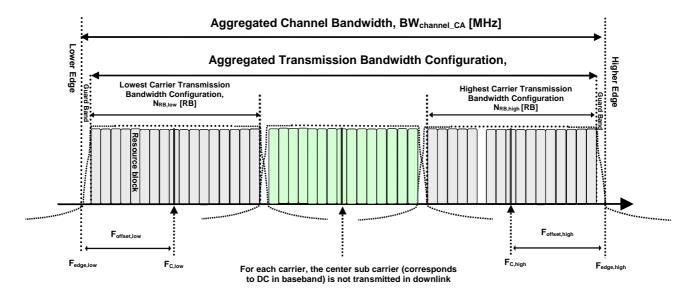


Figure 5.6A-1. Definition of Aggregated channel bandwidth and aggregated channel bandwidth edges

The aggregated channel bandwidth, BW_{Channel CA}, is defined as

$$BW_{Channel_CA} = F_{edge,high} - F_{edge,low}$$
 [MHz].

The lower bandwidth edge $F_{\text{edge,low}}$ and the upper bandwidth edge $F_{\text{edge,high}}$ of the aggregated channel bandwidth are used as frequency reference points for transmitter and receiver requirements and are defined by

$$F_{edge,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset,low}$$

$$F_{edge,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carrier and are defined as

$$F_{\text{offset,low}} = (0.18N_{\text{RB,low}} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{\text{GB}} [\text{MHz}]$$

$$F_{offset,high} = (0.18N_{RB,high} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB} [MHz]$$

where $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing and $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink, while $N_{RB,low}$ and $N_{RB,high}$ are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.6-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier, respectively. BW_{GB} denotes the *Nominal Guard Band* and is defined in Table 5.6A-1, and the factor 0.18 is the PRB bandwidth in MHz.

NOTE: The values of BW_{Channel_CA} for UE and BS are the same if the lowest and the highest component carriers are identical.

Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration is the number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated Aggregated Channel bandwidth and is defined per CA Bandwidth Class (Table 5.6A-1).

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation *Sub-block Bandwidth* and *Sub-block edges* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.6A-2.

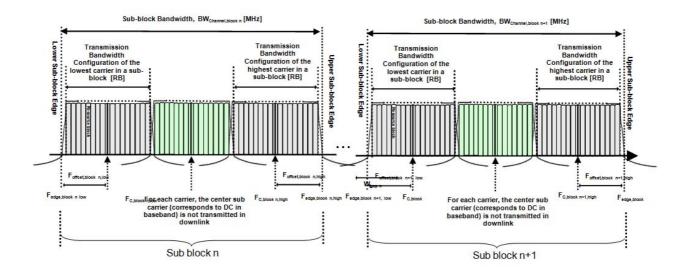


Figure 5.6A-2. Non-contiguous intraband CA terms and definitions

The lower sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth (BW_{Channel,block}) is defined as

$$F_{edge,block, low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset,block, low}$$

The upper sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth is defined as

$$F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset,block,high}$$
.

The Sub-block Bandwidth, BW_{Channel,block}, is defined as follows:

$${\tt BWChannel,block} = F_{\tt edge,block,high-Fedge,block,low~[MHz]}$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets $F_{offset,block,low}$ and $F_{offset,block,high}$ depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carriers within a sub-block and are defined as

$$F_{offset,block,low} = (0.18N_{RB,low} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB} [MHz]$$

$$F_{offset,block,high} = (0.18N_{RB,high} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB} [MHz]$$

where $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing and $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink, while $N_{RB,low}$ and $N_{RB,high}$ are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.6-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively. BW_{GB} denotes the *Nominal Guard Band* and is defined in Table 5.6A-1, and the factor 0.18 is the PRB bandwidth in MHz.

The sub-block gap size between two consecutive sub-blocks W_{gap} is defined as

$$W_{\text{gap}} = F_{\text{edge,block n+1,low -}} \, F_{\text{edge,block n,high [MHz]}} \,$$

Table 5.6A-1: CA bandwidth classes and corresponding nominal guard bands

CA Bandwidth Class	Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	Maximum number of CC	Nominal Guard Band BW _{GB}
Α	N _{RB,agg} ≤ 100	1	a₁BW _{Channel(1)} - 0.5∆f₁ (NOTE 2)
В	N _{RB,agg} ≤ 100	2	NOTE 3
С	100 < N _{RB,agg} ≤ 200	2	$0.05 \text{ max}(BW_{Channel(1)},BW_{Channel(2)}) - 0.5\Delta f_1$
D	$200 < N_{RB,agg} \le 300$	3	NOTE 3
Ē	$300 < N_{RB,agg} \le 400$	4	NOTE 3
F	$400 < N_{RB,agg} \le 500$	5	NOTE 3

NOTE 1: BW_{Channel(1)} and BW_{Channel(2)} are channel bandwidths of two E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 and $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing while $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink.

NOTE 2: $a_1 = 0.16/1.4$ for BW_{Channel(1)} = 1.4 MHz whereas $a_1 = 0.05$ for all other channel bandwidths.

NOTE 3: Applicaple for later releases.

The channel spacing between centre frequencies of contiguously aggregated component carriers is defined in subclause 5.7.1A.

5.6A.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band for CA

The requirements for carrier aggregation in this specification are defined for carrier aggregation configurations with associated bandwidth combination sets. For inter-band carrier aggregation, a *carrier aggregation configuration* is a combination of operating bands, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class. For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

For each carrier aggregation configuration, requirements are specified for all bandwidth combinations contained in a *bandwidth combination set*, which is indicated per supported band combination in the UE radio access capability. A UE can indicate support of several bandwidth combination sets per band combination.

Requirements for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation are defined for the carrier aggregation configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Table 5.6A.1-1. Requirements for inter-band carrier aggregation are defined for the carrier aggregation configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Table 5.6A.1-2.

The DL component carrier combinations for a given CA configuration shall be symmetrical in relation to channel centre unless stated otherwise in Table 5.6A.1-1 or 5.6A.1-2.

Table 5.6A.1-1: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for intra-band contiguous CA

	E	E-UTRA CA configuration / B	andwidth combination set			
	Hadiada OA	Component carriers in c	Maximum	5		
E-UTRA CA configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 3)	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set	
CA_1C	CA_1C	15	15	- 40	0	
CA_IC	CA_IC	20	20	7 40	U	
CA_7C	CA_7C	15 15		40	0	
CA_7C	CA_/C	20	20	7 40		
CA 29C	CA_38C	15	15	40	0	
CA_38C	CA_36C	20	20	40	U	
		10	20			
CA_40C	CA_40C	15	15	40	0	
		20	10, 20			
		10	20			
CA_41C	CA_41C	15	15, 20	40	0	
		20	10, 15, 20			

NOTE 1: The CA configuration refers to an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

NOTE 2: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal.

NOTE 3: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.

Table 5.6A.1-2: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for inter-band CA

		E-UTRA C	A config	uration /	Bandwid	th comb	ination s	set		
E-UTRA CA Configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 4)	E- UTRA Bands	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set
CA_1A-5A	-	1				Yes			20	0
		5			Voc	Yes	Voc	Voc		
CA_1A-18A	-	1 18			Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	35	0
		1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
CA_1A-19A	-	19			Yes	Yes	Yes		35	0
04 44 644		1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
CA_1A-21A	-	21			Yes	Yes	Yes		35	0
04 04 474		2			Yes	Yes			00	
CA_2A-17A	-	17			Yes	Yes			20	0
04 04 004		2			Yes	Yes			00	0
CA_2A-29A	-	29		Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
		3				Yes	Yes	Yes	20	0
CA 2A 5A		5			Yes	Yes			30	0
CA_3A-5A	-	3				Yes			20	4
		5			Yes	Yes			20	1
CA 2A 7A		3			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	40	0
CA_3A-7A	-	7				Yes	Yes	Yes	40	0
CA_3A-8A	-	3				Yes	Yes	Yes	20	0
		8			Yes	Yes			30	0
		3				Yes			00	4
		8			Yes	Yes			20	1
04 04 004		3			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	20	
CA_3A-20A	-	20			Yes	Yes			30	0
00 40 50		4			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_4A-5A	-	5			Yes	Yes			20	0
00 40 70		4			Yes	Yes			00	0
CA_4A-7A	-	7			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	0
CA 4A 40A		4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_4A-12A	-	12 ⁵			Yes	Yes			20	0
		4			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	20	0
00 40 400		13				Yes			30	0
CA_4A-13A	-	4			Yes	Yes			20	
		13				Yes			20	1
CA 4A 47A		4			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_4A-17A		17 ⁵			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA 4A 20A		4			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_4A-29A	<u> </u>	29		Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_5A -12A		5			Yes	Yes			20	0
UA_UA -12A		12			Yes	Yes			20	
CA_5A-17A		5			Yes	Yes			20	0
	-	17			Yes	Yes			20	
CA_7A-20A		7				Yes	Yes	Yes	30	0
UA_1 A-20A		20			Yes	Yes			30	
CA 8A 20A		8			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_8A-20A		20			Yes	Yes			- 20	0
CA 11A 10A		11			Yes	Yes			25	0
CA_11A-18A	-	18			Yes	Yes	Yes		25	0

NOTE 1: The CA Configuration refers to a combination of an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

NOTE 2: For each band combination, all combinations of indicated bandwidths belong to the set

NOTE 3: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal.

NOTE 4: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.

NOTE 5: For the corresponding CA configuration, UE may not support Pcell transmissions in this E-UTRA band.

Table 5.6A.1-3: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for noncontiguous intra-band CA

		•	arriers in order of arrier frequency							
E-UTRA CA configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 1)	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set					
CA_25A-25A - 5, 10 5, 10 20 0										
CA_41A-41A	-	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	40	0					

5.6B Channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO

The requirements specified in subclause 5.6 are applicable to UE supporting UL-MIMO.

5.6B.1 Void

5.7 Channel arrangement

5.7.1 Channel spacing

The spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA carriers is defined as following:

Nominal Channel spacing =
$$(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

5.7.1A Channel spacing for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C, the nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA component carriers is defined as the following:

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 with values in MHz. The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the channel spacing between two E-UTRA component carriers in different sub-blocks shall be larger than the nominal channel spacing defined in this subclause.

5.7.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.2A Channel raster for CA

For carrier aggregation the channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.3 Carrier frequency and EARFCN

The carrier frequency in the uplink and downlink is designated by the E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN) in the range 0 - 65535. The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the downlink is given by the following equation, where F_{DL_low} and $N_{Offs-DL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{DL} is the downlink EARFCN.

$$F_{DL} = F_{DL_low} + 0.1(N_{DL} - N_{Offs\text{-}DL})$$

The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the uplink is given by the following equation where F_{UL_low} and $N_{Offs-UL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{UL} is the uplink EARFCN.

$$F_{UL} = F_{UL_low} + 0.1(N_{UL} - N_{Offs\text{-}UL})$$

Table 5.7.3-1: E-UTRA channel numbers

E-UTRA		Downlink			Uplink	
Operating Band	F _{DL_low} (MHz)	Noffs-DL	Range of N _{DL}	Ful_low (MHz)	Noffs-UL	Range of Nul
1	2110	0	0 - 599	1920	18000	18000 – 18599
2	1930	600	600 – 1199	1850	18600	18600 – 19199
3	1805	1200	1200 – 1949	1710	19200	19200 - 19949
4	2110	1950	1950 – 2399	1710	19950	19950 - 20399
5	869	2400	2400 – 2649	824	20400	20400 - 20649
6	875	2650	2650 - 2749	830	20650	20650 - 20749
7	2620	2750	2750 - 3449	2500	20750	20750 - 21449
8	925	3450	3450 – 3799	880	21450	21450 – 21799
9	1844.9	3800	3800 – 4149	1749.9	21800	21800 – 22149
10	2110	4150	4150 – 4749	1710	22150	22150 - 22749
11	1475.9	4750	4750 – 4949	1427.9	22750	22750 - 22949
12	729	5010	5010 - 5179	699	23010	23010 - 23179
13	746	5180	5180 – 5279	777	23180	23180 - 23279
14	758	5280	5280 - 5379	788	23280	23280 - 23379
17	734	5730	5730 - 5849	704	23730	23730 - 23849
18	860	5850	5850 - 5999	815	23850	23850 - 23999
19	875	6000	6000 - 6149	830	24000	24000 – 24149
20	791	6150	6150 - 6449	832	24150	24150 - 24449
21	1495.9	6450	6450 - 6599	1447.9	24450	24450 - 24599
22	3510	6600	6600 – 7399	3410	24600	24600 - 25399
23	2180	7500	7500 – 7699	2000	25500	25500 - 25699
24	1525	7700	7700 - 8039	1626.5	25700	25700 - 26039
25	1930	8040	8040 - 8689	1850	26040	26040 - 26689
26	859	8690	8690 - 9039	814	26690	26690 - 27039
27	852	9040	9040 – 9209	807	27040	27040 - 27209
28	758	9210	9210 – 9659	703	27210	27210 – 27659
29 ²	717	9660	9660 – 9769		N/A	
33	1900	36000	36000 – 36199	1900	36000	36000 – 36199
34	2010	36200	36200 – 36349	2010	36200	36200 – 36349
35	1850	36350	36350 - 36949	1850	36350	36350 – 36949
36	1930	36950	36950 – 37549	1930	36950	36950 – 37549
37	1910	37550	37550 – 37749	1910	37550	37550 – 37749
38	2570	37750	37750 – 38249	2570	37750	37750 – 38249
39	1880	38250	38250 - 38649	1880	38250	38250 - 38649
40	2300	38650	38650 - 39649	2300	38650	38650 - 39649
41	2496	39650	39650 -41589	2496	39650	39650 -41589
42	3400	41590	41590 – 43589	3400	41590	41590 – 43589
43	3600	43590	43590 - 45589	3600	43590	43590 – 45589
44	703	45590	45590 – 46589	703	45590	45590 – 46589

NOTE 1: The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used. This implies that the first 7, 15, 25, 50, 75 and 100 channel numbers at the lower operating band edge and the last 6, 14, 24, 49, 74 and 99 channel numbers at the upper operating band edge shall not be used for channel bandwidths of 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz respectively.

NOTE 2: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured.

5.7.4 TX-RX frequency separation

a) The default E-UTRA TX channel (carrier centre frequency) to RX channel (carrier centre frequency) separation is specified in Table 5.7.4-1 for the TX and RX channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6.1-1

E-UTRA Operating Band TX - RX carrier centre frequency separation 190 MHz 2 80 MHz. 3 95 MHz. 4 400 MHz 5 45 MHz 45 MHz 6 7 120 MHz 8 45 MHz 9 95 MHz 10 400 MHz 48 MHz 11 12 30 MHz 13 -31 MHz 14 -30 MHz 17 30 MHz 18 45 MHz 19 45 MHz -41 MHz 20 48 MHz 21 22 100 MHz 23 180 MHz 24 -101.5, -120.5 MHz 25 80 MHz 26 45 MHz 27 45 MHz

Table 5.7.4-1: Default UE TX-RX frequency separation

b) The use of other TX channel to RX channel carrier centre frequency separation is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

55 MHz

5.7.4A TX-RX frequency separation for CA

28

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the same TX-RX frequency separation as specified in Table 5.7.4-1 is applied to PCC and SCC, respectively.

6 Transmitter characteristics

6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE with a single or multiple transmit antenna(s). For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

6.2 Transmit power

6.2.1 Void

6.2.2 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth for non CA configuration and UL-MIMO unless otherwise stated. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2-1: UE Power Class

EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
1	` ′	` ′	, ,	, ,	23	±2	, ,	
2					23	±2 ² ±2 ²		
3					23	±2 ²		
4					23	±2		
5					23	±2		
6					23	±2		
7					23	±2 ²		
8					23	±2 ²		
9					23	±2		
10					23	±2		
11					23	±2		
12					23	±2 ²		
13					23	±2		
14	31	+2/-3			23	±2		
17					23	±2		
18					23	±2 ⁵		
19					23	±2		
20					23	±2 ²		
21					23	±2		
22					23	+2/-3.5 ²		
23					23 ⁶	±2 ⁶		
24					23	±2		
25					23	±2 ²		
26					23	±2 ²		
27					23	±2		
28					23	+2/-2.5		
33					23	±2		
34					23	±2		
35					23	±2		
36					23	±2		
37					23	±2		
38					23	±2		
39					23	±2		
40					23	±2		
41					23	±2 ²		
42					23	+2/-3		
43					23	+2/-3		
44					23	+2/[-3]		

NOTE 1: Void

- NOTE 2: ² refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB
- NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.
- NOTE 4: P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance
- NOTE 5: For a UE that supports both Band 18 and Band 26, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB for transmission bandwidths confined within 815 MHz and 818 MHz.
- NOTE 6: When NS_20 is signalled, the total output power within 2000-2005 MHz shall be limited to 7 dBm.

6.2.2A UE maximum output power for CA

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the aggregated channel bandwidth.

The maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2.2A-1.

Table 6.2.2A-1: CA UE Power Class

E-UTRA CA	Class 1	Tolerance	Class 2	Tolerance	Class 3	Tolerance	Class 4	Tolerance
Configuration	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)
CA_1C					23	+2/-2		
CA_7C					23	+2/-2 ²		
CA_38C					23	+2/-2		
CA_40C					23	+2/-2		
CA_41C					23	+2/-22		

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: If all transmitted resource blocks (Figure 5.6A-1) over all component carriers are confined within Ful_low and Ful_low + 4 MHz or/and Ful_high - 4 MHz and Ful_high, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 3: PpowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 4: For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement should apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

6.2.2B UE maximum output power for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth is specified in Table 6.2.2B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2B-1: UE Power Class for UL-MIMO in closed loop spatial multiplexing scheme

EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
1					23	+2/-3		
2					23	+2/-32		
3					23	+2/-32		
4					23	+2/-3		
5					23	+2/-3		
6					23	+2/-3		
7					23	+2/-32		
8					23	+2/-32		
9					23	+2/-3		
10					23	+2/-3		
11					23	+2/-3		
12					23	+2/-32		
13					23	+2/-3		
14					23	+2/-3		
17					23	+2/-3		
18					23	+2/-3		
19					23	+2/-3		
20					23	+2/-32		
21					23	+2/-3		
22					23	+2/-4.5 ²		
						,		
23					23	+2/-3		
24					23	+2/-3		
25					23	+2/-32		
26					23	+2/-32		
27					23	+2/-3		
28					23	+2/[-3]		
						,[0]		
33					23	+2/-3		
34					23	+2/-3		
35					23	+2/-3		
36					23	+2/-3		
37					23	+2/-3		
38				 	23	+2/-3		
39					23	+2/-3		
40					23	+2/-3		
41				1	23	+2/-3 ²		
42				1	23	+2/-3		
43				1	23	+2/-4		
43					23	+2/-4		
NOTE 1:	\/a:d			L	23	+2/[-3]	1	

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: ² refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 6MHz or F_{UL_high} - 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.

NOTE 4: P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

Table 6.2.2B-2: UL-MIMO configuration in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Transmission mode	DCI format	Codebook Index
Mode 2	DCI format 4	Codebook index 0

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

6.2.3 UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (NRB)						
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	

For PRACH, PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For each subframe, the MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the maximum MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For transmissions with non-contiguous resource allocation in single component carrier, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in table 6.2.2-1, is specified as follows

$$MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where M_A is defined as follows

 $M_A = 8.00-10.12A$; $0.00 < A \le 0.33$

5.67 - 3.07A ; $0.33 < A \le 0.77$

3.31 ; $0.77 < A \le 1.0$

Where

 $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB}$.

CEIL{M_A, 0.5} means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. MPR \in [3.0, 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0]

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.3A UE Maximum Output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band (Table 5.6A-1), the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2A-1due to higher order modulation and contiguously aggregated transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3A-1. In case the modulation format is different on different component carriers then the MPR is determined by the rules applied to higher order of those modulations.

MPR Modulation **CA bandwidth Class C** 50 RB + 100 75 RB+100 100 RB + 100 (dB) 75 RB + 75 RB RB **RB** RB**QPSK** > 12 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 18 and ≤ 50 75 75 100 QPSK > 75 ≤ 2 > 50 > 75 > 100 16 QAM ≤ 12 ≤ 16 ≤ 16 ≤ 18 ≤ 1 16 QAM > 12 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 18 and ≤ ≤ 2 50 75 75 100 16 QAM > 75 > 50 > 75 > 100 ≤ 3

Table 6.2.3A-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

For PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C with non-contiguous resource allocation, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2A-1 is specified as follows

$$MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{array}{lll} M_A = & 8.2 & ; 0 \leq A < 0.025 \\ & 9.2 - 40A & ; 0.025 \leq A < 0.05 \\ & 8 - 16A & ; 0.05 \leq A < 0.25 \\ & 4.83 - 3.33A & ; 0.25 \leq A \leq 0.4, \\ & 3.83 - 0.83A & ; 0.4 \leq A \leq 1, \end{array}$$

Where

$$A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$$

CEIL{ M_{A} , 0.5} means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. MPR \in [3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5]

For intra-band carrier aggregation, the MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) on all component carriers within the slot; the maximum MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5A apply.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

6.2.3B UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2B-1 is specified in Table 6.2.3-1. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations defined in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5B apply.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

6.2.4 UE maximum output power with additional requirements

Additional ACLR and spectrum emission requirements can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the output power as specified in Table 6.2.2-1. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤ 1
		2, 4,10, 23, 25,	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
		55, 50	15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤1
113_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NC OO	66224	24	10.15	> 40	≤ 1
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 55	≤2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.13	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table	6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-11	, Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NC 10	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
NS_18	0.0.3.3.11	28	10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.14	23	5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-15
NS_22	6.6.3.3.15	42, 43	5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-16
NS_23	6.6.3.3.16	42, 43	5, 10, 15, 20	N	I/A
		,	•		
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-
NS_52	6.6.3.3.35	24	5, 10	Table 6	5.2.4-34a

Table 6.2.4-2: A-MPR for "NS_07"

Parameters	Re	egion A	Regio	Region C	
RB _{start}	(0 - 12	13 – 18	19 – 42	43 – 49
LCRB [RBs]	6-8	1 to 5 and 9-50	≥8	≥18	≤2
A-MPR [dB]	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 12	≤ 6	≤ 3

NOTE 1; RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2; LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.

NOTE 4; For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

Table 6.2.4-3: A-MPR for "NS_10"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A
	RB _{start}	0 – 10
15	LCRB [RBs]	1 -20
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 2
	RB _{start}	0 – 15
20	LCRB [RBs]	1 -20
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

Table 6.2.4-4: A-MPR requirements for "NS_04" with bandwidth >5MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
10	RB _{start}	0 – 12	13 – 36	37 – 49
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A	>37	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB
15	RB _{start}	0 – 18	19 – 55	56 – 74
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A	>56	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB
20	RB _{start}	0 – 24	25 – 74	75 – 99
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A ³	>75	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: ³ refers to any RB allocation that starts in Region A or C is allowed the specified A-MPR

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 5: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

Table 6.2.4-5: A-MPR for "NS_11"

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters								
	Fc [MHz]	<20	04			≥2004			
3	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-1				>5			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤!	5			≤ 1			
	Fc [MHz]	<20	04		200)4 ≤ Fc <	2007	≥;	2007
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-2	25			6 & -25	8-12		>6
	A-MPR [dB]	≤`	7		≤	4	0		≤ 1
	Fc [MHz]	200	05 ≤	Fc <2	2015	5	<u>'</u>	2015	
	RB _{start}		0	-49				0-49	
10	LCRB [RBs]		1	-50				1-50	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 12				0			
	Fc [MHz]	<2012.5							
	RB _{start}	0-4		:	5-21		22	-56	57-74
	LCRB [RBs]	≥1	7-	7-50 0-6 & ≥5		6 & ≥50	≤25	>25	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤15	≤	7		≤10	0	≤6	≤15
15	Fc [MHz]					2012	.5		
	RB _{start}	0-12			13-	-39	40-6	5	66-74
	LCRB [RBS]	≥1		≥3	0	<30	≥ (69 RB _{star}		≥1
	A-MPR [dB]	≤10		≤6	6	0	≤2		≤6.5
	Fc [MHz]					2010)		
	RB _{start}	0-12		1	3-29	9	30-68		69-99
20	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥1	10	-60		1-9 & >60	1-24	≥25	≥1
	A-MPR [dB]	≤15		≤ 7		≤10	0	≤7	≤15

Table 6.2.4-6: A-MPR for "NS_12"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Regio	Region B		
	RB _{start}	0		1-2	
1.4	LCRB [RBs]	≤3	≥4	≥4	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤6	≤3	
	RB _{start}	0-3	3	4-5	
3	LCRB [RBs]	4-9	1-3 and 10-15	≥9	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤3	≤3	
	RB _{start}	0-6		7-9	
5	LCRB [RBs]	≤8 ≥9		≥15	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤3	≤3	

Table 6.2.4-7: A-MPR for "NS_13"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		
	RB _{start}	0-2		
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤5	≥18	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤2	

Table 6.2.4-8: A-MPR for "NS_14"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		
	RB _{start}	0		
10	LCRB [RBs]	≤5	=50	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤1	
	RB _{start}	≥8	3	
15	LCRB [RBs]	≤16	≥50	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤1	

Table 6.2.4-9: A-MPR for "NS_15" for E-UTRA highest channel edge > 845 MHz and ≤ 849 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
1.4	RB _{end} [RB]			4-5
1.4	A-MPR [dB]			≤3
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-1	8-12	13-14
3	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥8	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤4	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-4	12-19	20-24
5	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥8	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-12	23-36	37-49
10	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥15	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤6	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-20	26-53	54-74
15	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥20	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9

Table 6.2.4-10: A-MPR for "NS_15" for E-UTRA highest channel edge ≤ 845 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
	RB _{end} [RB]			19-24
5	LCRB [RB]			≥18
	A-MPR [dB]			≤2
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-4	29-44	45-49
10	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥24	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤4	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-12	44-61	62-74
15	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥20	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9

Table 6.2.4-11: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥807 MHz and <808.5 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D	Region E
	RB _{start}	0	1-2			
3 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥12	12			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤1			
	RB _{start}	0-1	2	2-9	2-5	
5 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	1 - 25	12	15-18	20	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤1	≤2	≤3	
	RB _{start}	0 - 8	0-14		15-20	15-24
10 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	1 - 12	15-20	≥24	≥30	24-27
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤3	≤7	≤3	≤1

Table 6.2.4-12: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥808.5 MHz and <812 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D	Region E
	RB _{start}	0	0-1	1-5		
5 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	16-20	≥24	16-20		
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤1		
	RB _{start}	0-	-6	0-10	0-14	11-20
10 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	1-12	15-20	24-32	≥36	24-32
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤2	≤4	≤5	≤1

Table 6.2.4-13: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥812 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D
	RB _{start}	0 - 9	0	1-14	0-5
10 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	27-32	36-40	36-40	≥45
	A-MPR [dB]	≤1	≤2	≤1	≤3

Table 6.2.4-14: A-MPR for "NS_19"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		Region B
	RB _{start}			0-6
10	LCRB [RBs]			≥40
	A-MPR [dB]			≤1
	RB _{start}	0-	-6	7-20
15	LCRB [RBs]	≤18	≥36	≥42
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤2
	RB _{start}	0-14		15-30
20	LCRB [RBs]	≤40 ≥45		≥50
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤2

Table 6.2.4-15: A-MPR for "NS_20"

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters										
	Fc [MHz]	< 20	07.5		200	7.5	≤ Fc <	2012	2.5	2012.5 ≤ F	c ≤ 2017.5
5	RB _{start}	≤:	24		C)-3			4-6	≤2	24
5	LCRB [RBs]	>	•0	1	5-19	2	≥20		≥18	1-2	25
	A-MPR [dB]	≤	17		≤1		≤4		≤2	≤	0
	Fc [MHz]						2005				
	RB _{start}		0-25				26-3	4		35-	49
	LCRB [RBs]		>0 8			8-15	>15		15	>	0
10	A-MPR [dB]		≤16			≤2		≤5 ≤ 6			
10	Fc [MHz]						2015				
	RB _{start}		0	-5					6-10		
	LCRB [RBs]		≥;	32				≥40			
	A-MPR [dB]		<u> </u>	4					≤2		
	Fc [MHz]						2012.5	5			
15	RB _{start}		0-14				15	-24		25-39	61-74
15	LCRB [RBs]	1-9 & 4	0-75	10-	39	24	4-29		≥30	≥36	≤6
	A-MPR [dB]	≤11			3		≤1		≤7	≤5	≤6
	Fc [MHz]	2010									
20	RB _{start}	0-21	0-21 22-		1		32-3	38	39-49	50-68	69-99
20	LCRB [RBs]	>0	1-9 & 3	31-75			≥1:	5	≥24	≥25	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤17	≤1:	2	≤6	ć	≤9)	≤7	≤5	≤16

NOTE 1: When NS_20 is signaled the minimum requirements for the 10 MHz bandwidth are specified for E-UTRA UL carrier center frequencies of 2005 MHz or 2015 MHz.

NOTE 2: When NS_20 is signaled the minimum requirements for the 15 MHz channel bandwidth are specified for

E-UTRA UL carrier center frequency of 2012.5 MHz.

Table 6.2.4-16: A-MPR for "NS_22"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D				
5	N	No A-MPR is needed for 5 MHz channel bandwidth							
10	RB _{start}	0-13	0-17	≤ 6	≥12				
	LCRB [RBs]	> 36	33-36	≤ 32	≤ 32				
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥44				
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3	≤ 3				
15	RB _{start}	0-24	0-38	≤ 14	≥ 23				
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 50	37-50	≤ 36	≤ 36				
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥59				
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3				
20	RB _{start}	0-35	0-51	≤ 21	≥ 31				
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 64	49-64	≤ 48	≤ 48				
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥79				
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3				

NOTE 1; RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks
NOTE 2; Lcrb is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation
NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.
NOTE 4; For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

Table 6.2.4-17: Void

Table 6.2.4-18: Void

Table 6.2.4-18E: Void

Table 6.2.4-19: Void

Table 6.2.4-20: Void

Table 6.2.4-21: Void

Table 6.2.4-22: Void

Table 6.2.4-23: Void

Table 6.2.4-24: Void

Table 6.2.4-25: Void

Table 6.2.4-26: Void

Table 6.2.4-27: Void

Table 6.2.4-28: Void

Table 6.2.4-29: Void

Table 6.2.4-30a: Void

Table 6.2.4-30b: Void

Table 6.2.4-31: Void

Table 6.2.4-32: Void

Table 6.2.4-32a: Void

Table 6.2.4-32b: Void

Table 6.2.4-33: Void

Table 6.2.4-34: Void

Table 6.2.4-34a: A-MPR for "NS_52"

	Channel bandwidth confined to 1627.5- 1637.5MHz										
Channel bandwidth	Carrier centre frequency (F _C) (MHz)	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C						
	1000.0	RB _{start}	≤ [8]	≤ [8]	N/A						
	1630.0, 1630.3	LCRB [RBs]	≤ [8]	> [8]	N/A						
5 MHz	1030.3	A-MPR [dB]	A-MPR [dB] [3] [2]								
0 1011 12	1635.0										
	1649.0		No A-MI	PR needed							
	1654.0										
40 MH - 4000 F		RB _{start}	≤ [18]	≤ [18]	≥ TBD						
10 MHz	1632.5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤ [12]	> [12]	TBD						

	A-MPR [dB]	[5]	[7]	TBD
1651.5		No A-MPF	R needed	

NOTE 1: The additional emission requirements in Table 6.6.3.3.35-1 are specified in EIRP. The A-MPR values to meet these additional emission requirements have been estimated using a 0 dBi antenna gain. The A-MPR may have to be adjusted if the supported antenna gain G_{ant} declared by the UE manufacturer is different from 0 dBi.

For PRACH, PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed A-MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For each subframe, the A-MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the maximum A-MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.4A UE maximum output power with additional requirements for CA

Additional ACLR, spectrum emission and spurious emission requirements for carrier aggregation can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the CA Power Class as specified in Table 6.2.2A-1.

If for intra-band carrier aggregation the UE is configured for transmissions on a single serving cell, then subclauses 6.2.3 and 6.2.4 apply with the Network Signaling value indicated by the field *additional Spectrum Emission*.

For intra-band contiguous aggregation with the UE configured for transmissions on two serving cells, the maximum output power reduction specified in Table 6.2.4A-1 is allowed for all serving cells of the applicable uplink CA configurations according to the CA network signalling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmissionSCell-r10*. Then clause 6.2.3A does not apply, i.e. the carrier aggregation MPR = 0 dB, unless the value indicated is CA_NS_31.

Table 6.2.4A-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) for intra-band contiguous CA

CA Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	Uplink CA Configuration	A-MPR [dB] (subclause)
CA_NS_01	6.6.3.3A.1	CA_1C	6.2.4A.1
CA_NS_02	6.6.3.3A.2	CA_1C	6.2.4A.2
CA_NS_03	6.6.3.3A.3	CA_1C	6.2.4A.3
CA_NS_04	6.6.2.2A.1, 6.6.3.3A.8	CA_41C	6.2.4A.4
CA_NS_05	6.6.3.3A.4	CA_38C	6.2.4A.5
CA_NS_06	6.6.3.3A.5	CA_7C	6.2.4A.6
CA_NS_31	NOTE 1	Table 5.6A.1-1 (NOTE 1)	N/A
CA NS 32		Reserved	

NOTE 1: Applicable for uplink CA configurations listed in Table 5.6A.1-1 for which none of the additional requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.2A or 6.6.3.3A apply.

NOTE 2: The index of the sequence CA_NS corresponds to the value of additionalSpectrumEmissionSCell-r10.

For PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed A-MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For intra-band carrier aggregation, the A-MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) on all component carriers within the slot; the maximum A-MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR specified in table 6.2.4A-1, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5A apply.

6.2.4A.1 A-MPR for CA_NS_01 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_01 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in table 6.2.4A.1-1.

Table 6.2.4A.1-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_01

CA_1C: CA_NS_01	RB _{start}	LCRB [RBs]	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16- QAM [dB]
	0 – 23 and 176 – 199	> 0	N/A	≤ 12.0
100 RB / 100 RB	24 – 105	> 64	N/A	≤ 6.0
	106 – 175	N/A	> 175	≤ 5.0
75 RB / 75 RB	0 – 6 and 143	0 < L _{CRB} ≤ 10	N/A	≤ 11.0
	– 149	> 10	N/A	≤ 6.0
	7 – 90	> 44	N/A	≤ 5.0
	91 – 142	N/A	> 142	≤ 2.0

NOTE 1: RB_start indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: L CRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot

basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be

applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_01 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{array}{lll} M_A = & -22.5 \ A + 17 & ; \ 0 \leq A < 0.20 \\ & -11.0 \ A + 14.7 & ; \ 0.20 \leq A < 0.70 \\ & -1.7 \ A + 8.2 & ; \ 0.70 \leq A \leq 1 \end{array}$$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.2 A-MPR for CA_NS_02 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_02 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.2-1.

≤ 5 dB

≤ 6 dB

≤ 2 dB

75 RB / 75 RB

A-MPR for QPSK and CA 1C: CA NS 02 **RB**end LCRB [RBs] 16 -QAM [dB] 0 -20 > 0 ≤ 4 dB 21 - 46> 0 ≤ 3 dB 100 RB / 100 RB 47 - 99 ≤ 3 dB > RB_{end} - 20 100 - 184> 75 ≤ 6 dB 185 - 199> 0 ≤ 10 dB 0 - 48> 0 ≤ 2 dB 49 – 80 > RB_{end} - 20 ≤ 3 dB

Table 6.2.4A.2-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_02

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_02 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

81 - 129

130 - 149

130 - 149

$$A\text{-MPR} = CEIL \{M_{A,} 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{array}{ll} M_A = & -22.5 \ A + 17 & ; \ 0 \leq A < 0.20 \\ \\ -11.0 \ A + 14.7 & ; \ 0.20 \leq A < 0.70 \\ \\ -1.7 \ A + 8.2 & ; \ 0.70 \leq A \leq 1 \end{array}$$

> 60

> 84

1 - 84

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.3 A-MPR for CA_NS_03 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_03 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.3-1.

Table 6.2.4A.3-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_03

CA_1C: CA_NS_03	RB _{end}	LCRB [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 – 26	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	27 – 63	≥ RB _{end} - 27	≤ 6 dB
100 RB / 100 RB	27 – 63	< RB _{end} - 27	≤ 1 dB
100 KB / 100 KB	64 – 100	> RB _{end} - 20 ≤ 4 dB > 68 ≤ 7 dB	
	101 – 171	> 68	≤ 7 dB
	172 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 20	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	21 – 45	> 0	≤ 4 dB
75 DD / 75 DD	46 – 75	> RB _{end} – 13	≤ 2 dB
75 RB / 75 RB	76 – 95	> 45	≤ 5 dB
	96 – 149	> 43	≤ 8 dB
	120 – 149	1 - 43	≤ 6 dB

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_03 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

$$A\text{-MPR} = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where M_A is defined as follows

$$\begin{aligned} M_A = & -23.33A + 17.5 & ; 0 \leq A < 0.15 \\ & -7.65A + 15.15 & ; 0.15 \leq A \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.4 A-MPR for CA_NS_04

If the UE is configured to CA_41C and it receives IE CA_NS_04 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.4-1.

Table 6.2.4A.4-1: Contiguous Allocation A-MPR for CA NS 04

CA Bandwidth Class C	RB _{Start}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK [dB]	A-MPR for 16QAM [dB]
50RB / 100 RB	0 - 44 and 105 - 149	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	45 – 104	N/A	>105	≤3dB	≤4dB
75 RB / 75 RB	0 – 44 and 105 – 149	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	45 – 104	N/A	>105	≤4dB	≤4dB
100 RB / 75 RB	0 – 49 and 125 – 174	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	50 - 124	N/A	>125	≤3dB	≤4dB
100 RB / 100 RB	0 - 59 and 140 - 199	>0	N/A	≤3dB	≤4dB
	60– 139	N/A	>140	≤3dB	≤4dB

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_41C and it receives IE CA_NS_04 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A &= 11.0, &0 \leq A < 0.05 \\ &= -55.0A + 13.75, &0.05 \leq A < 0.15 \\ &= -4.0A + 6.10, &0.15 \leq A < 0.40 \\ &= -0.83A + 4.83, &0.40 \leq A \leq 1 \end{split}$$

Where $A = N_{RB \text{ alloc}} / N_{RB \text{ agg.}}$

6.2.4A.5 A-MPR for CA_NS_05 for CA_38C

If the UE is configured to CA_38C and it receives IE CA_NS_05 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.5-1.

55

CA_38C	RB _{end}	LCRB [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 – 12	>0	≤ 5 dB
100RB/100RB	13 – 79	> RB _{end} - 13	≤ 2 dB
TOURD/TOURD	80 – 180	>60	≤ 6 dB
181 – 19	181 – 199	> 0	≤ 11 dB
	0 – 70	> max (0, RB _{end} -10)	≤ 2 dB
	71- 108	> 60	≤ 5 dB
75RB/75RB	109 – 139	>0	≤ 5 dB
	140 – 149	≤ 70	≤ 2 dB
	140 – 149	>70	≤ 6 dB

NOTE 1: RBend indicates the highest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_38C and it receives IE CA_NS_05 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

 $M_A = \text{-}14.17 \ A + 16.50 \qquad \ \ ; \ 0 \leq A < 0.60$

-2.50 A + 9.50 ; $0.60 \le \text{A} \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg}$.

6.2.4A.6 A-MPR for CA_NS_06

If the UE is configured to CA_7C and it receives IE CA_NS_06 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.6-1.

Table 6.2.4A.6-1: Contiguous Allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_06

CA Bandwidth Class C	RB_end	LCRB [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 –22	>0	≤4 dB
	23 – 99	> max(0, RB _{end} - 25)	≤ 2 dB
100RB/100RB	100 – 142	> 75	≤ 3 dB
	143 – 177	>70	≤ 5 dB
	178 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 7	>0	≤ 5 dB
	8- 74	> max(0, RB _{end} - 10)	≤ 2 dB
75RB/75RB	75 – 109	>64	≤ 2 dB
	110 – 144	>35	≤ 6 dB
	145 – 149	>0	≤ 10 dB

If the UE is configured to CA_7C and it receives IE CA_NS_06 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

 $M_A = -13.33A + 17.5$; $0 \le A < 0.15$

 $-6.47A + 16.47 \hspace{1.5cm} ; \hspace{.05cm} 0.15 \leq A \leq 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4B UE maximum output power with additional requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the A-MPR values specified in subclause 6.2.4 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2.2B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5B apply.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.4 apply.

6.2.5 Configured transmitted power

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ for serving cell c. The configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} \leq P_{CMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX_H,c}$$

with

$$P_{\text{CMAX_L},c} = \text{MIN} \left\{ P_{\text{EMAX},c} - \Delta T_{\text{C},c}, P_{\text{PowerClass}} - \text{MAX}(\text{MPR}_c + \text{A-MPR}_c + \Delta T_{\text{IB},c} + \Delta T_{\text{C},c}, P_{\text{-MPR}_c}) \right\}$$

$$P_{\text{CMAX_H},c} = \text{MIN} \left\{ P_{\text{EMAX},c}, P_{\text{PowerClass}} \right\}$$

where

- $P_{EMAX,c}$ is the value given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c*, defined in [7];
- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2-1;
- MPR $_c$ and A-MPR $_c$ for serving cell c are specified in subclause 6.2.3 and subclause 6.2.4, respectively;
- $\Delta T_{\text{IB,c}}$ is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in Table 6.2.5-2; $\Delta T_{\text{IB,c}} = 0$ dB otherwise;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 applies;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 does not apply.

P-MPR_c is the allowed maximum output power reduction for

- a) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements and addressing unwanted emissions / self desense requirements in case of simultaneous transmissions on multiple RAT(s) for scenarios not in scope of 3GPP RAN specifications;
- b) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements in case of proximity detection is used to address such requirements that require a lower maximum output power.

The UE shall apply P-MPR $_c$ for serving cell c only for the above cases. For UE conducted conformance testing P-MPR shall be 0 dB

NOTE 1: P-MPR $_c$ was introduced in the $P_{CMAX,c}$ equation such that the UE can report to the eNB the available maximum output transmit power. This information can be used by the eNB for scheduling decisions.

NOTE 2: P-MPR_c may impact the maximum uplink performance for the selected UL transmission path.

For each subframe, the $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ for serving cell c is evaluated per slot and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the minimum $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe. $P_{PowerClass}$ shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured configured maximum output power P_{UMAX,c} shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} - MAX\{T_{L,c}, T(P_{CMAX_L,c})\} \leq P_{UMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX_H,c} + T(P_{CMAX_H,c})$$

where the tolerance $T(P_{CMAX,c})$ for applicable values of $P_{CMAX,c}$ is specified in Table 6.2.5-1. The tolerance $T_{L,c}$ is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable operating band as specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.5-1: P_{CMAX,c} tolerance

Р _{смах,с} (dВm)	Tolerance T(P _{CMAX,c}) (dB)
23 < P _{CMAX,c} ≤ 33	2.0
21 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} ≤ 23	2.0
20 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 21	2.5
19 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 20	3.5
18 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 19	4.0
13 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 18	5.0
8 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 13	6.0
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 8	7.0

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation configurations with the uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ is defined for applicable bands in Table 6.2.5-2.

Table 6.2.5-2: **△**T_{IB,c}

Inter-band CA Configuration	E-UTRA Band	ΔT _{IB,c} [dB]
CA_1A-5A	1	0.3
CA_TA-SA	5	0.3
CA_1A-18A	1	0.3
CA_TA-TOA	18	0.3
CA_1A-19A	1	0.3
CA_TA-19A	19	0.3
CA_1A-21A	1	0.3
CA_TA-ZTA	21	0.3
CA 2A 17A	2	0.3
CA_2A-17A	17	0.8
CA_2A-29A	2	0.3
	3	0.3
CA_3A-5A	5	0.3
	3	0.5
CA_3A-7A	7	0.5
	3	0.3
CA_3A-8A	8	0.3
	3	0.3
CA_3A-20A	20	0.3
	4	0.3
CA_4A-5A	5	0.3
	4	0.5
CA_4A-7A	7	0.5
	4	0.3
CA_4A-12A	12	0.8
	4	0.8
CA_4A-13A	13	0.3
	4	0.3
CA_4A-17A	17	0.8
CA_4A-29A	4	0.8
	5	0.8
CA_5A-12A	12	0.8
	5	0.8
CA_5A-17A	17	0.8
	7	0.3
CA_7A-20A	+	0.3
	20 8	0.3
CA_8A-20A	20	0.4
	11	
CA_11A-18A	•	0.3 0.3
1	18	0.3

- NOTE 1: The above additional tolerances are only applicable for the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 2: The above additional tolerances also apply in non-aggregated operation for the supported E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 3: In case the UE supports more than one of the above inter-band carrier aggregation configurations and a E-UTRA operating band belongs to more than one inter-band carrier aggregation configurations then:
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is \leq 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the tolerances above, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported CA configurations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance above that applies for that operating band among the supported CA configurations

NOTE: The above additional tolerances do not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL. Otherwise the above additional tolerances also apply to supported UTRA operating bands that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations.

NOTE: To meet the $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ requirements for CA_3A-7A with state-of-the-art technology, an increase in power consumption of the UE may be required. It is also expected that as the state-of-the-art technology evolves in the future, this possible power consumption increase can be reduced or eliminated.

6.2.5A Configured transmitted power for CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power P_{CMAX} .

The configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ on serving cell c shall be set as specified in subclause 6.2.5.

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, $MPR_c = MPR$ and $A-MPR_c = A-MPR$ with MPR and A-MPR specified in subclause 6.2.3A and subclause 6.2.4A respectively. There is one power management term for the UE, denoted P-MPR, and P-MPR $_c = P-MPR$. $P_{CMAX,c}$ is calculated under the assumption that the transmit power is increased by the same amount in dB on all component carriers.

Table 6.2.5A-1:Void

The total configured maximum output power PCMAX shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L} \le P_{CMAX} \le P_{CMAX_H}$$

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation,

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_C \ , \ P_{PowerClass} - MAX(MPR + A-MPR + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_C \ , P-MPR)\} \\ P_{CMAX_H} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} \ , \ P_{PowerClass}\} \end{split}$$

where

- $p_{EMAX,c}$ is the linear value of $P_{EMAX,c}$ which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell c in [7];
- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2A-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2A-1;
- MPR and A-MPR are specified in subclause 6.2.3A and subclause 6.2.4A respectively;
- $\Delta T_{\rm IB,c}$ is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in Table 6.2.5-2;
- P-MPR is the power management term for the UE;
- ΔT_C is the highest value $\Delta T_{C,c}$ among all serving cells c in the subframe over both timeslots. $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2A-1 applies to the serving cell c, otherwise $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$ dB.

For each subframe, the P_{CMAX_L} is evaluated per slot and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the minimum P_{CMAX_L} over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe. $P_{PowerClass}$ shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

In case PC2 and uplink intra-band contiguous CA capable UE receives $p_{EMAX,c}$ in Scell then that applies both to Scell and Pcell once the Scell is activated.

The measured maximum output power P_{UMAX} over all serving cells shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L} - MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L})\} &\leq P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX_H} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H}) \\ P_{UMAX} &= 10 \ log_{10} \ \sum p_{UMAX,c} \end{split}$$

where $p_{UMAX,c}$ denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$ and $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$ for applicable values of P_{CMAX} are specified in Table 6.2.5A-2 for intra-band carrier aggregation. The tolerance T_L is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable E-UTRA CA configurations as specified in Table 6.2.2A-1 for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation.

Table 6.2.5A-2: P_{CMAX} tolerance for dual uplink intra-band contiguous CA

P _{CMAX} (dBm)	Tolerance T _{LOW} (P _{CMAX}) (dB)	Tolerance Тнідн(Рсмах) (dB)		
21 ≤ P _{CMAX} ≤ 23	2	.0		
20 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 21	2	.5		
19 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 20	3.5			
18 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 19	4.	.0		
13 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 18	5	.0		
8 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 13	6	.0		
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 8	7.	.0		

Table 6.2.5A-3: Void

6.2.5B Configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmitted power is configured per each UE.

The definitions of configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$, the lower bound $P_{CMAX_L,c}$, and the higher bound $P_{CMAX_H,c}$ specified in subclause 6.2.5 shall apply to UE supporting UL-MIMO, where

- $P_{PowerClass}$ and $\Delta T_{C,c}$ are specified in subclause 6.2.2B;
- MPR $_c$ is specified in subclause 6.2.3B;
- A-MPR_c is specified in subclause 6.2.4B.

The measured configured maximum output power $P_{UMAX,c}$ for serving cell c shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} - MAX\{T_L,\,T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})\} \leq P_{UMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX_H,c} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$$

where $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})$ and $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$ are defined as the tolerance and applies to $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ and $P_{CMAX_H,c}$ separately, while T_L is the absolute value of the lower tolerance in Table 6.2.2B-1 for the applicable operating band.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial amultiplexing scheme, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2.5B-1. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

Table 6.2.5B-1: PCMAX.c tolerance in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Р _{СМАХ,с} (dВm)	Tolerance Tolerance TLOW(PCMAX_L,c) (dB) THIGH(PCMAX_H,c) (d				
$P_{CMAX,c} = 23$	3.0	2.0			
22 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 23	5.0	2.0			
21 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 22	5.0	3.0			
20 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 21	6.0	4.0			
16 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 20	5.0				
11 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 16	6.0				
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 11	7.	.0			

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.3 Output power dynamics

6.3.1 (Void)

6.3.2 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2.1 Minimum requirement

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 3.0 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Minimum output -40 dBm power Measurement 9.0 MHz 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 13.5 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.2.1-1: Minimum output power

6.3.2A UE Minimum output power for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the transmit power of the UE per component carrier, i.e., the power in the channel bandwidth of each component carrier for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power on both component carriers are set to a minimum value.

6.3.2A.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one subframe (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2A.1-1.

Table 6.3.2A.1-1: Minimum output power for intra-band contiguous CA UE

	CC Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MH					
Minimum output power	-40 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth				9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.2B UE Minimum output power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the minimum controlled output power is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the sum of the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks) at each transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2B.1 Minimum requirement

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum output power is defined as the sum of the mean power at each transmit connector in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2B.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth 20 1.4 3.0 5 10 15 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Minimum output -40 dBm power Measurement 13.5 MHz 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.2B.1-1: Minimum output power

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.3.2 apply.

6.3.3 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power when the transmitter is OFF. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3.1. Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 3.0 10 15 20 5 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Transmit OFF -50 dBm power Measurement 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 13.5 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.3.1-1: Transmit OFF power

6.3.3A UE Transmit OFF power for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power per component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on both component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3A.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3A.1-1.

Table 6.3.3A.1-1: Transmit OFF power for intra-band contiguous CA UE

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power	-50 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth				9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.3B UE Transmit OFF power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector when the transmitter is OFF at all transmit antenna connectors. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3B.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power at each transmit antenna connector shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3B.1-1.

Table 6.3.3B.1-1: Transmit OFF power per antenna port

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power/ Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power	-50 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.4 ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.1 General ON/OFF time mask

The General ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between Transmit OFF and ON power and between Transmit ON and OFF power. ON/OFF scenarios include; the beginning or end of DTX, measurement gap, contiguous, and non contiguous transmission

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one sub-frame excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over one sub-frame excluding any transient period.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

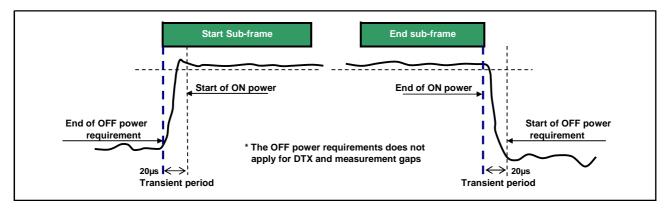


Figure 6.3.4.1-1: General ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2 PRACH and SRS time mask

6.3.4.2.1 PRACH time mask

The PRACH ON power is specified as the mean power over the PRACH measurement period excluding any transient periods as shown in Figure 6.3.4.2-1. The measurement period for different PRACH preamble format is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

Table 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON power measurement period

PRACH preamble format	Measurement period (ms)
0	0.9031
1	1.4844
2	1.8031
3	2.2844
4	0.1479

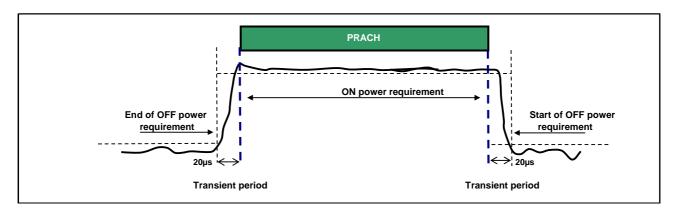


Figure 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2.2 SRS time mask

In the case a single SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power over the symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1

In the case a dual SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power for each symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

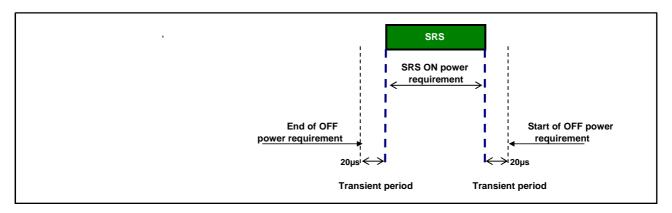


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1: Single SRS time mask

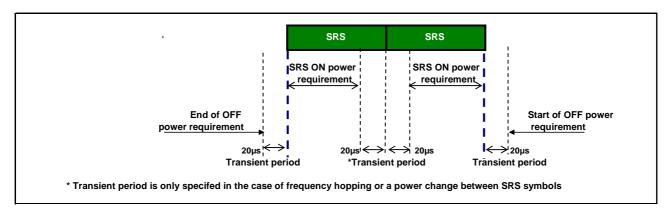


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2: Dual SRS time mask for the case of UpPTS transmissions

6.3.4.3 Slot / Sub frame boundary time mask

The sub frame boundary time mask defines the observation period between the previous/subsequent sub–frame and the (reference) sub-frame. A transient period at a slot boundary within a sub-frame is only allowed in the case of Intra-sub frame frequency hopping. For the cases when the subframe contains SRS the time masks in subclause 6.3.4.4 apply.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

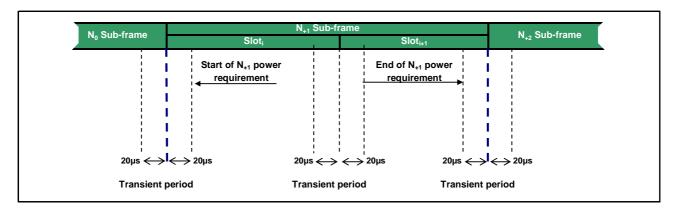


Figure 6.3.4.3-1: Transmission power template

6.3.4.4 PUCCH / PUSCH / SRS time mask

The PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask defines the observation period between sounding reference symbol (SRS) and an adjacent PUSCH/PUCCH symbol and subsequent sub-frame.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

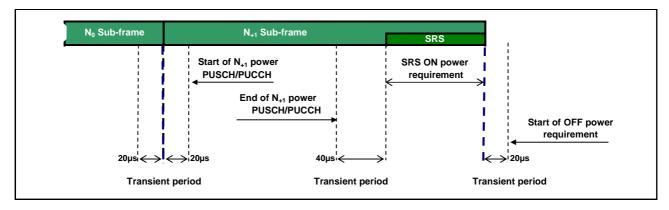


Figure 6.3.4.4-1: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before SRS but not after

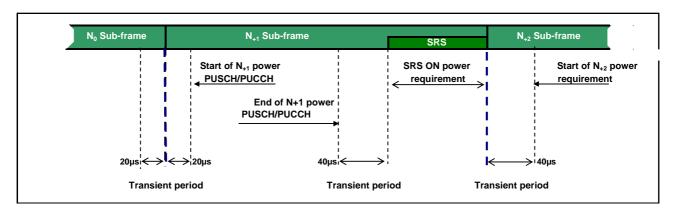


Figure 6.3.4.4-2: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is transmission before and after SRS

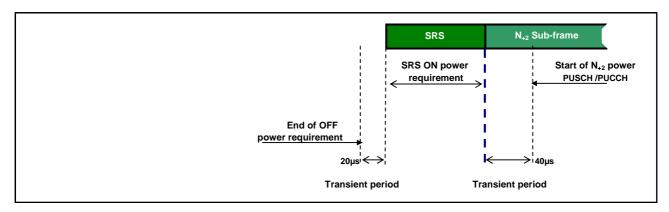


Figure 6.3.4.4-3: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission after SRS but not before

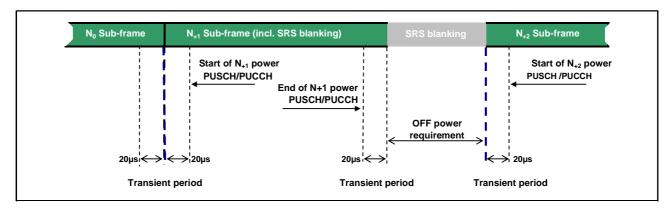


Figure 6.3.4.4-4: SRS time mask when there is FDD SRS blanking

6.3.4A ON/OFF time mask for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

6.3.4B ON/OFF time mask for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the ON/OFF time mask requirements in subclause 6.3.4 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.3.4 apply.

6.3.5 Power Control

6.3.5.1 Absolute power tolerance

Absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 20ms. This tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133)

In the case of a PRACH transmission, the absolute tolerance is specified for the first preamble. The absolute power tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133).

6.3.5.1.1 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirement for absolute power tolerance is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 over the power range bounded by the Maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2 and the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2.

For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the absolute power tolerance as specified in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidth is confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} – 4 MHz and F_{UL_high} .

Table 6.3.5.1.1-1: Absolute power tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance	
Normal	± 9.0 dB	
Extreme	± 12.0 dB	

6.3.5.2 Relative Power tolerance

The relative power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power in a target sub-frame relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted reference sub-frame if the transmission gap between these sub-frames is ≤ 20 ms.

For PRACH transmission, the relative tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted preamble. The measurement period for the PRACH preamble is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

6.3.5.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames are within the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the measured PUMAX as defined in subclause 6.2.5 (i.e, the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be within the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5.

To account for RF Power amplifier mode changes 2 exceptions are allowed for each of two test patterns. The test patterns are a monotonically increasing power sweep and a monotonically decreasing power sweep over a range bounded by the requirements of minimum power and maximum power specified in subclauses 6.3.2 and 6.2.2. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is a maximum of ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 Relative power tolerance for transmission (normal conditions)

Power step ΔP (Up or down) [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions between sub- frames [dB]	PRACH [dB]
ΔP < 2	±2.5 (Note 3)	±3.0	±2.5
2 ≤ ΔP < 3	±3.0	±4.0	±3.0
3 ≤ ΔP < 4	±3.5	±5.0	±3.5
4 ≤ ΔP ≤ 10	±4.0	±6.0	±4.0
10 ≤ ΔP < 15	±5.0	±8.0	±5.0
15 ≤ ΔP	±6.0	±9.0	±6.0

NOTE 1: For extreme conditions an additional ± 2.0 dB relaxation is allowed NOTE 2: For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the relative power tolerance is relaxed by increasing the upper limit by 1.5 dB if the

transmission bandwidth of the reference sub-frames is confined within Fullow and Fullow + 4 MHz or Fullhigh - 4 MHz and Fullhigh and the target sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges; if the transmission bandwidth of the target sub-frame is confined within Fullow and Fullow + 4 MHz or Fullhigh - 4 MHz and Fullhigh and the reference sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges, then the tolerance is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5 dB.

NOTE 3: For PUSCH to PUSCH transitions with the allocated resource blocks fixed in frequency and no transmission gaps other than those generated by downlink subframes, DwPTS fields or Guard Periods for TDD: for a power step $\Delta P \le 1$ dB, the relative power tolerance for transmission is ± 1.0 dB.

The power step (ΔP) is defined as the difference in the calculated setting of the UE Transmit power between the target and reference sub-frames with the power setting according to subclause 5.1 of [TS 36.213]. The error is the difference

between ΔP and the power change measured at the UE antenna port with the power of the cell-specific reference signals kept constant. The error shall be less than the relative power tolerance specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

For sub-frames not containing an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original reference sub-frame and the mean power of the target subframe not including transient durations. The mean power of successive sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figure 6.3.4.3-1 and Figure 6.3.4.1-1 if there is a transmission gap between the reference and target sub-frames.

If at least one of the sub-frames contains an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the last transmission within the reference sub-frame and the mean power of the first transmission within the target sub-frame not including transient durations. A transmission is defined as PUSCH, PUCCH or an SRS symbol. The mean power of the reference and target sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figures 6.3.4.1-1, 6.3.4.2-1, 6.3.4.4-1, 6.3.4.4-2 and 6.3.4.4-3 for these cases.

6.3.5.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in TS 36.213 are constant.

6.3.5.3.1 Minimum requirement

The UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 for aggregate power control over the power range bounded by the minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2.

TPC command		UL channel	Aggregate power tolerance within 21 ms		
0 d	0 dB PUCCH		±2.5 dB		
0 d	0 dB PUSCH		±3.5 dB		
NOTE:	NOTE: The UE transmission gap is 4 ms. TPC command is transmitted via PDCCH 4 subframes preceding each PUCCH/PUSCH transmission.				

Table 6.3.5.3.1-1: Aggregate power control tolerance

6.3.5A Power control for CA

The requirements apply for one single PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS transmission of contiguous PRB allocation per component carrier with power setting in accordance with Clause 5.1 of [6].

6.3.5A.1 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap on each active component carriers larger than 20ms. The requirement can be tested by time aligning any transmission gaps on the component carriers.

6.3.5A.1.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C the absolute power control tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1.

6.3.5A.2 Relative power tolerance

6.3.5A.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames on each component carrier exceed -20 dBm and the total power is limited by P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A. For the purpose of these requirements, the power in each component carrier is specified over only the transmitted resource blocks.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C, the UE shall meet the following requirements for transmission on both assigned component carriers when the average transmit power per PRB is aligned across both assigned carriers in the reference sub-frame:

- a) for all possible combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions per component carrier, the corresponding requirements given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1:
- b) for SRS transitions on each component carrier, the requirements for combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 with simultaneous SRS of constant SRS bandwidth allocated in the target and reference subrames:
- c) for RACH on the primary component carrier, the requirements given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 for PRACH

For a) and b) above, the power step ΔP between the reference and target subframes shall be set by a TPC command and/or an uplink scheduling grant transmitted by means of an appropriate DCI Format.

For a), b) and c) above, two exceptions are allowed for each component carrier for a power per carrier ranging from -20 dBm to $P_{UMAX,c}$ as defined in subclause 6.2.5. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

6.3.5A.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in [6] are constant on all active component carriers.

6.3.5A.3.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C, the aggregate power tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 with either simultaneous PUSCH or simultaneous PUCCH-PUSCH (if supported by the UE) configured. The average power per PRB shall be aligned across both assigned carriers before the start of the test. The requirement can be tested with the transmission gaps time aligned between component carriers.

6.3.5B Power control for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the power control tolerance applies to the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

The power control requirements specified in subclause 6.3.5 apply to UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2, wherein

- The Maximum output power requirements for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.2.2B
- The Minimum output power requirements for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.3.2B
- The requirements for configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.2.5B.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.3.5 apply.

6.4 Void

6.5 Transmit signal quality

6.5.1 Frequency error

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B.

6.5.1A Frequency error for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE modulated carrier frequencies per band shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency of primary component carrier received from the E-UTRA in the corresponding band.

6.5.1B Frequency error for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) supporting UL-MIMO, the UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B.

6.5.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in subclause 6.5.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

6.5.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Before calculating the EVM the measured waveform is corrected by the sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the carrier leakage shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM.

The measured waveform is further modified by selecting the absolute phase and absolute amplitude of the Tx chain. The EVM result is defined after the front-end IDFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The basic EVM measurement interval in the time domain is one preamble sequence for the PRACH and is one slot for the PUCCH and PUSCH in the time domain.. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol, accordingly. The PUSCH or PUCCH EVM measurement interval is also reduced when the mean power, modulation or allocation between slots is expected to change. In the case of PUSCH transmission, the measurement interval is reduced by a time interval equal to the sum of 5 μ s and the applicable exclusion period defined in subclause 6.3.4, adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur. The PUSCH exclusion period is applied to the signal obtained after the front-end IDFT. In the case of PUCCH transmission with power change, the PUCCH EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur.

6.5.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements for 10 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the average EVM case, and 60 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the reference signal EVM case, for the different modulations schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the parameters defined in Table 6.5.2.1.1-2. For EVM evaluation purposes, [all PRACH preamble formats 0-4 and] all PUCCH formats 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 2a and 2b are considered to have the same EVM requirement as QPSK modulated.

Table 6.5.2.1.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

Table 6.5.2.1.1-2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ -40
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

6.5.2.2 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that has the same frequency as a modulated waveform carrier frequency. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for relative carrier leakage power

Parameters	Relative limit (dBc)	Applicable frequencies
Output power >10 dBm	-28	Carrier center frequency < 1 GHz
	-25	Carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz
0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm	-25	
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20	
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10	

6.5.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average across 12 sub-carrier and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non-allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

6.5.2.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative in-band emission shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1.

Parameter description	Unit		Limit (Note 1)		
General	dB	$\max \left\{ -25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(N_{RB} / L_{CRB} \right), \\ 20 \cdot \log_{10} EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot \left(\left \Delta_{RB} \right - 1 \right) / L_{CRB}, \\ -57 \ dBm / 180 \ kHz - P_{RB} \right\}$		Any non-allocated (Note 2)	
		-28	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency < 1 GHz and Output power > 10 dBm	Imaga	
IQ Image dB	dB	-25	Image frequencies (Notes 2, 3)		
	-25		Image frequencies when carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz	(140165 2, 3)	
		-28	Output power > 10 dBm and carrier center frequency < 1 GHz		
Carrier	dBc	-25	Output power > 10 dBm and carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz	Carrier frequency	
leakage	еакаде		0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm -30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	(Notes 4, 5)	
		-20			
		-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm		

Table 6.5.2.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the centre carrier frequency, but excluding any allocated RRs
- NOTE 4: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the RBs containing the DC frequency if N_{RB} is odd, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the DC frequency if N_{RB} is even, but excluding any allocated RB.
- NOTE 6: $L_{\it CRB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 7: $N_{\it RB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9: Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.
 - $\Delta_{\it RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{\it RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10: $P_{\rm RB}$ is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

6.5.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The zero-forcing equalizer correction applied in the EVM measurement process (as described in Annex F) must meet a spectral flatness requirement for the EVM measurement to be valid. The EVM equalizer spectrum flatness is defined in terms of the maximum peak-to-peak ripple of the equalizer coefficients (dB) across the allocated uplink block. The basic measurement interval is the same as for EVM.

6.5.2.4.1 Minimum requirements

The peak-to-peak variation of the EVM equalizer coefficients contained within the frequency range of the uplink allocation shall not exceed the maximum ripple specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 for normal conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 5 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 7 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

The EVM equalizer spectral flatness shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 for extreme conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 6 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 10 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

Table 6.5.2.4.1-1: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (normal conditions)

	Frequency range	Maximum ripple [dB]
F _{UL_Meas}	s – F _{UL_Low} ≥ 3 MHz and F _{UL_High} – F _{UL_Meas} ≥ 3 MHz	4 (p-p)
	(Range 1)	
Ful_Mea	as - Ful_Low < 3 MHz or Ful_High - Ful_Meas < 3 MHz	8 (p-p)
	(Range 2)	
NOTE 1:	$F_{\text{UL_Meas}}$ refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which evaluated	the equalizer coefficient is
NOTE 2:	F_{UL_Low} and F_{UL_High} refer to each E-UTRA frequency 5.5-1	band specified in Table

Table 6.5.2.4.1-2: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (extreme conditions)

	Frequency range	Maximum Ripple [dB]
F _{UL_Meas}	s – Ful_Low≥ 5 MHz and Ful_High – Ful_Meas≥ 5 MHz	4 (p-p)
	(Range 1)	
Ful_Mea	as - Ful_Low < 5 MHz or Ful_High - Ful_Meas < 5 MHz	12 (p-p)
	(Range 2)	
NOTE 1:	Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which	the equalizer coefficient is
	evaluated	
NOTE 2:	Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each E-UTRA frequency	band specified in Table
	5.5-1	

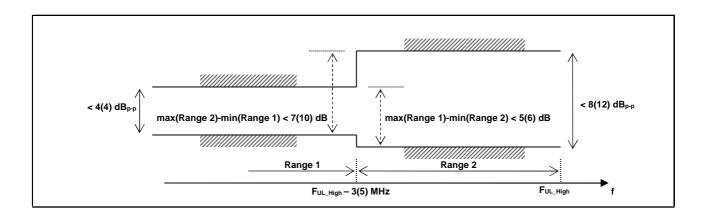


Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation of the coefficients indicated (the ETC minimum requirement within brackets).

6.5.2A Transmit modulation quality for CA

The requirements in this clause apply with PCC and SCC in the UL configured and activated: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

6.5.2A.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the Error Vector Magnitude requirement should be defined for each component carrier. Requirements only apply with PRB allocation in one of the component carriers. Similar transmitter impairment removal procedures are applied for CA waveform before EVM calculation as is specified for non-CA waveform in sub-section 6.5.2.1.

When a single component carrier is configured Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 apply.

The EVM requirements are according to Table 6.5.2A.1-1 if CA is configured in uplink.

Table 6.5.2A.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level per CC	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

6.5.2A.2 Carrier leakage for CA

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that is confined within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration. The carrier leakage requirement is defined for each component carrier and is measured on the component carrier with PRBs allocated. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2A.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2A.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2A.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for Relative Carrier Leakage Power

Parameters	Relative Limit (dBc)
Output power >0 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

6.5.2A.3 In-band emissions

6.5.2A.3.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C, the requirements in Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1 and 6.5.2A.3.1-2 apply within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration with both component carrier (s) active and one single contiguous PRB allocation of bandwidth $L_{\it CRB}$ at the edge of the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration.

The inband emission is defined as the interference falling into the non allocated resource blocks for all component carriers. The measurement method for the inband emissions in the component carrier with PRB allocation is specified in annex F. For a non allocated component carrier a spectral measurement is specified.

Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (allocated component carrier)

Parameter	Unit		Limit	Applicable Frequencies		
		$\max \{ -1 \}$	$25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} (N_{RB} / L_{CRB}),$	Any non-allocated (Note 2)		
General	dB	20 · log 10	$EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left \Delta_{RB}\right - 1) / L_{CRB},$			
		– 57 dBm	$/180 kH_Z - P_{RB} $			
IQ Image	dB		-25	Exception for IQ image (Note 3)		
Carrier		-25	Output power > 0 dBm	Evention for Consider from the successive		
leakage	dRc I		-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	Exception for Carrier frequency (Note 4)		
leakage		-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	(140te 4)		

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 9. The limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB.
- NOTE 2:The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs
- NOTE 3: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to $L_{\it CRBs}$ +1 RBs within a contiguous width of $L_{\it CRBs}$ +1 non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB.
- NOTE 4: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in the non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: $L_{\it CRB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) not exceeding $\lfloor N_{\it RB}/2-1 \rfloor$
- NOTE 6: $N_{\it RB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1) of the component carrier with RBs allocated.
- NOTE 7: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 8: Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth).
- NOTE 9: P_{RR} is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

Table 6.5.2A.3.1-2: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (not allocated component carrier)

Para- meter	Unit	Meas BW Note 1		Limit	remark	Applicable Frequencies
General	dΒ	BW of 1 RB (180KHz rectangular)	$20 \cdot \log_{10}$	$25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10}(N_{RB} / L_{CRB}),$ $EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\Delta_{RB} - 1) / L_{CRB},$ $1 / 180 kHz - P_{RB}$	The reference value is the average power per allocated RB in the allocated component carrier	Any RB in the non allocated component carrier. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this component carrier is allocated with RBs
IQ Image	dB	BW of 1 RB (180KHz rectangular)		-25 Note 2	The reference value is the average power per allocated RB in the allocated component carrier	The frequencies of the $L_{\it CRB}$ contiguous non-allocated RBs are unknown. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this component carrier is allocated with RBs
		BW of 1 RB (180KHz rectangular)		Note 3	The reference value is the	The frequencies of the up to 2
		rectangular)	-25	Output power > 0 dBm	total power	non-allocated RBs are
Carrier leakage	dBc		-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	allocated RBs in the allocated component carrier	unknown. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this
NOTE1: F	Resolutio	n BWs smaller f	-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm asurement BW may be integrated		component carrier is allocated with RBs

NOTE1: Resolution BWs smaller than the measurement BW may be integrated to achieve the measuremen bandwidth.

6.5.2B Transmit modulation quality for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit modulation quality requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.5.2 apply.

The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)

NOTE 2: Exceptions to the general limit is are allowed for up to $L_{\it CRB}$ +1 RBs within a contiguous width of $L_{\it CRB}$ +1 non-allocated RBs.

NOTE 3: Two Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs

NOTE 4: Notes 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 from Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1 apply for Table 6.5.2A.3.1-2 as well.

NOTE 5: Δ_{RB} for measured non-allocated RB in the non allocated component carrier may take non-integer values when the carrier spacing between the CCs is not a multiple of RB.

- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage (caused by IQ offset)
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

6.5.2B.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Error Vector Magnitude requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.2 Carrier leakage

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Relative Carrier Leakage Power requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.2 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.3 In-band emissions

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the In-band Emission requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the uplink MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the EVM Equalizer Spectrum Flatness requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 and Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 which are defined in subclause 6.5.2.4 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.6 Output RF spectrum emissions

The output UE transmitter spectrum consists of the three components; the emission within the occupied bandwidth (channel bandwidth), the Out Of Band (OOB) emissions and the far out spurious emission domain.

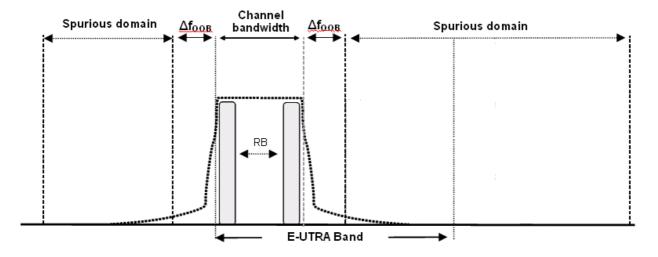


Figure 6.6-1: Transmitter RF spectrum

6.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel. The occupied bandwidth for all transmission bandwidth configurations (Resources Blocks) shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1-1

Table 6.6.1-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied channel bandwidth / Channel bandwidth 1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz					
Channel bandwidth (MHz)	1.4	3	5	10	15	20

6.6.1A Occupied bandwidth for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum. The OBW shall be less than the aggregated channel bandwidth defined in subclause 5.6A.

6.6.1B Occupied bandwidth for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for occupied bandwidth is specified at each transmit antenna connector. The occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the occupied bandwidth at each transmitter antenna shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

Table 6.6.1B-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied channel bandwidth / Channel bandwidth							
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz							
Channel bandwidth	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
(MHz)								

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.6.1 apply.

6.6.2 Out of band emission

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio.

6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth. For frequencies greater than (Δf_{OOB}) as specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 the spurious requirements in subclause 6.6.3 are applicable.

6.6.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth							
Δf _{ООВ} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz
± 1-2.5	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz
± 2.8-5		-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz
± 5-6		-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz
± 6-10			-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz
± 10-15				-25	-13	-13	1 MHz
± 15-20					-25	-13	1 MHz
± 20-25						-25	1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.1.1-1: General E-UTRA spectrum emission mask

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.1A Spectrum emission mask for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth (Table 5.6A-1) For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the bandwidth class C, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1A-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.2.1A-1: General E-UTRA CA spectrum emission mask for Bandwidth Class C

	Spectrum emission limit [dBm]/BWchannel_CA							
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	25RB+100RB (24.95 MHz)	50RB+100RB (29.9 MHz)	75RB+75RB (30 MHz)	75RB+100RB (34.85 MHz)	100RB+100RB (39.8 MHz)	Measurement bandwidth		
± 0-1	-22	-22.5	-22.5	-23.5	-24	30 kHz		
± 1-5	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz		
± 5-24.95	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 24.95-29.9	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 29.9-29.95	-25	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 29.95-30		-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 30-34.85		-25	-25	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 34.85-34.9		-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz		
± 34.9-35			-25	-25	-13	1 MHz		
± 35-39.8				-25	-13	1 MHz		
± 39.8-39.85				-25	-25	1 MHz		
± 39.85-44.8					-25	1 MHz		

6.6.2.2 Additional spectrum emission mask

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 03", "NS 11", and "NS 20")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_03", "NS_11" or "NS_20" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.1-1.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth Measurement Δfоов 1 4 3.0 10 20 15 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth (MHz) -10 -13 -15 -18 -20 -21 30 kHz $\pm 0-1$ -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz ± 1-2.5 -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz -13 ± 2.5-2.8 1 MHz -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 $\pm 2.8-5$ 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 \pm 5-6 -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 6 - 10$ 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 $\pm 10 - 15$ -25 -13 $\pm 15-20$ 1 MHz -25 1 MHz \pm 20-25

Table 6.6.2.2.1-1: Additional requirements

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.2-1.

		Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth						
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz	
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 2.8-5.5		-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 5.5-6		-25	-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz	
± 6-10			-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz	
± 10-15				-25	-25	-25	1 MHz	
± 15-20					-25	-25	1 MHz	
± 20-25						-25	1 MHz	

Table 6.6.2.2.2-1: Additional requirements

Note:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 06" or "NS 07")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_06" or "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.3-1.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth Δfоов 1 4 3.0 10 Measurement 5 MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth (MHz) -13 -13 -18 30 kHz $\pm 0 - 0.1$ -15 -13 -13 -13 -13 100 kHz $\pm 0.1 - 1$ -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 1 - 2.5$ -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 2.5 - 2.8$ -13 -13 1 MHz -13 $\pm 2.8-5$ -13 -25 -13 1 MHz \pm 5-6 -25 -13 1 MHz $\pm 6-10$ -25 ± 10-15 1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.2.3-1: Additional requirements

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2A Additional Spectrum Emission Mask for CA

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2A.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "CA_NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2A.1-1.

	Spectrum emission limit [dBm]/BW _{Channel_CA}							
Δf _{ООВ} (MHz)	50+100RB (29.9 MHz)	75+75RB (30 MHz)	75+100RB (34.85 MHz)	100+100RB (39.8 MHz)	Measurement bandwidth			
± 0-1	-22.5	-23	-23.5	-24	30 kHz			
± 1-5	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz			
± 5-27.9	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 27.9-28.5	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 28.5-32.85	-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 32.85-34.9	-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 34.9-37.8		-25	-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 37.8-39.85			-25	-25	1 MHz			
± 39.85-44.8				-25	1 MHz			

Table 6.6.2.2A.1-1: Additional requirements

Note:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.3 Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency. ACLR requirements for one E-UTRA carrier are specified for two scenarios for an adjacent E-UTRA and /or UTRA channel as shown in Figure 6.6.2.3-1.

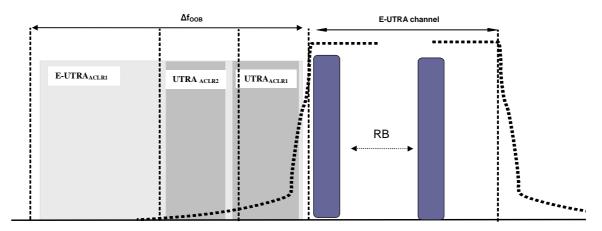


Figure 6.6.2.3-1: Adjacent Channel Leakage requirements for one E-UTRA carrier

6.6.2.3.1 Minimum requirement E-UTRA

E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (E-UTRA_{ACLR}) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. The assigned E-UTRA channel power and adjacent E-UTRA channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.2.3.1-2. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the E-UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-2.

Table 6.6.2.3.1-1: General requirements for E-UTRA_{ACLR}

	Char	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz	
Adjacent channel centre frequency	+1.4	+3.0	+5 /	+10 /	+15 /	+20 /	
offset [MHz]	-1.4	-3.0	-5	-10	-15	-20	

Table 6.6.2.3.1-2: Additional E-UTRA_{ACLR} requirements for Power Class 1

	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth						
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}			37 dB	37 dB	2		
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth			4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz			
Adjacent channel			+5	+10			
centre frequency			/	/			
offset [MHz]	-5 -10						
NOTE 1: E-UTRA _{AC}	NOTE 1: E-UTRA _{ACLR1} shall be applicable for >23dBm						

6.6.2.3.1A Void

6.6.2.3.2 Minimum requirements UTRA

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned E-UTRA channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA $_{ACLR1}$) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA $_{ACLR2}$). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned E-UTRA channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than –50dBm then the UTRA $_{ACLR}$ shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	Channel bandwidth / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / Measurement bandwidth						
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	0.7+BWutra/2 / -0.7- BWutra/2	1.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -1.5- BW _{UTRA} /2	+2.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -2.5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+7.5+BWutra/2 / -7.5-BWutra/2	+10+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -10-BW _{UTRA} /2	
UTRA _{ACLR2}	-	•	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB	
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	-	-	+2.5+3*BWutra/2 / -2.5-3*BWutra/2	+5+3*BWutra/2 / -5-3*BWutra/2	+7.5+3*BWutra/2 / -7.5-3*BWutra/2	+10+3*BWutra/2 / -10-3*BWutra/2	
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz	
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (Note 1)	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth (Note 2)	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz	

NOTE 1: Applicable for E-UTRA FDD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum.

NOTE 2: Applicable for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.

6.6.2.3.2A Minimum requirement UTRA for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

UTRA adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR1}) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR2}). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than –50dBm then the UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	CA bandwidth class / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / measurement bandwidth				
	CA bandwidth class C				
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB				
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} /2 + BW _{UTRA} /2 / - BW _{Channel_CA} / 2 - BW _{UTRA} /2				
UTRA _{ACLR2}	36 dB				
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} /2 + 3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / - BW _{Channel_CA} /2 - 3*BW _{UTRA} /2				
CA E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	BWChannel_CA - 2* BWGB				
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (Note 1)	3.84 MHz				
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth (Note 2)	1.28 MHz				
NOTE 1: Applicable for E-UTRA FDD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum. NOTE 2: Applicable for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.					

6.6.2.3.3A Minimum requirements for CA E-UTRA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the carrier aggregation E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (CA E-UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent aggregated channel bandwidth at nominal channel spacing. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than - 50dBm then the E-UTRA $_{ACLR}$ shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1: General requirements for CA E-UTRA_{ACLR}

	CA bandwidth class / CA E-UTRA _{ACLR} / Measurement bandwidth
	CA bandwidth class C
CA E-UTRA _{ACLR}	30 dB
CA E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	BWChannel_CA - 2* BWGB
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BWchannel_CA / - BWchannel_CA

6.6.2.4 Void

6.6.2.4.1 Void

6.6.2A Void

<reserved for future use>

6.6.2B Out of band emission for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for Out of band emissions resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitters are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.2 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply.

6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions unless otherwise stated. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements inline with SM.329 [2] and E-UTRA operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

Unless otherwise stated, the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. The spurious emission limits in Table 6.6.3.1-2 apply for all transmitter band configurations (NRB) and channel bandwidths.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.1-1: Boundary between E-UTRA out of band and spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
OOB	2.8	6	10	15	20	25
boundary F _{OOB} (MHz)						

Table 6.6.3.1-2: Spurious emissions limits

Frequency Range	Maximum Level	Measurement bandwidth	Note					
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz						
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz						
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz						
1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz						
12.75 GHz ≤ f < 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	1					
NOTE 1: Applies for Bar	nd 22, Band 42 and	NOTE 1: Applies for Band 22, Band 42 and Band 43						

6.6.3.1A Minimum requirements for CA

This clause specifies the spurious emission requirements for carrier aggregation.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth (Table 5.6A-1). For

frequencies $\Delta fOOB$ greater than FOOB as specified in Table 6.6.3.1A-1the spurious emission requirements in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are applicable.

Table 6.6.3.1A-1: Boundary between E-UTRA out of band and spurious emission domain for intraband contiguous carrier aggregation

CA Bandwidth Class	OOB boundary F _{OOB} (MHz)
А	Table 6.6.3.1-1
В	FFS
С	BW _{Channel_CA} + 5

6.6.3.2 Spurious emission band UE co-existence

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified E-UTRA band, for coexistence with protected bands.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2-1: Requirements

		Spurious	em	ission			
E-UTRA Band	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
1	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 34	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	Frequency range	1880		1895	-40	1	15,27
	Frequency range	1895		1915	-15.5	5	15, 26, 27
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	15, 26, 27
2	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	-, -,
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
3	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 41, 43, 44	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	1	1915.7	-41	0.3	
4	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43	F _{DL_low}	1	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 42	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
5	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29,42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 41	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 26	859	-	869	-27	1	
6	E-UTRA Band 1, 9, 11, 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	875	-37	1	
	Frequency range	875	-	895	-50	1	
		1884.5	-	1919.6	-41	0.3	7
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7			8
7	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	$F_{DL_{low}}$	1	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2570	1	2575	+1.6	5	15, 21, 26
	Frequency range	2575	1	2595	-15.5	5	15, 21, 26
	Frequency range	2595	1	2620	-40	1	15, 21
8	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40	F _{DL_low}	1	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA band 3	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA band 7	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 8	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 22, 41, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	23
	Frequency range	860	-	890	-40	1	15, 23
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 23
9	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 11, 18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1	
10	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43	$F_{DL_{low}}$	- 1	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42	F_{DL_low}		F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
11	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50 50	1	
12	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24,	2545	-	2575	-50		
	25, 26, 27, 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	

E-UTRA Band 4, 10	r		ı		ı	П		T
13 25, 27, 29, 41 12, 13, 17, 23 13, 25, 27, 29, 41 14 15 15 15 15 15 15		E-UTRA Band 4, 10		-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
25, 26, 27, 29, 41			F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
Frequency range	13		_		_	-50	1	
Frequency range				-		25	0.00635	15
E-UTRA Band 14		1 7 0		-				
E-UTRA Band 24, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, Follows Fol		_ · · · ·		-				
Selection Sele				-				
23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 41 FDL.com FOL.ham SOURCES	4.4		F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
Frequency range	14		Form	_	Form	-50	1	
Frequency range				_		-35	0.00625	12, 15
17				_				
25, 26, 27, 41	17		755		000			11, 12, 10
E-UTRA Band 12			F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
The content of the		E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F_{DL_low}	ı	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
Figure F		E-UTRA Band 12	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	15
Frequency range	18	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 11, 21, 34, 42		-		-50	1	
Frequency range		Frequency range		-		-40	1	
Frequency range		Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
Frequency range				-		-50	1	
Frequency range				-		-40	1	15
Frequency range		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_		-50	1	
19				_			1	
Frequency range	19			_				
Frequency range				-				8
E-UTRA Band 20		. , ,		-		-50		-
A0, 43			2545	-	2575	-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 20	20		_		_	-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 38, 42		,		-		50	4	15
Frequency range				-				
E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 18, 19, 28, 34, 42 Fol. low - Fol. high -50 1		,		-				
Frequency range	21	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-				
Frequency range Frequency rang	21			-				0
Frequency range 2545 - 2575 - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43 Frequency range 3510 - 3525 - 40 1 15 Frequency range 3510 - 3525 - 40 1 15 Frequency range 3520 - 3590 - 50 1 23 E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 41 E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41 E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41, 42 E-UTRA Band 4 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41, 42 E-UTRA Band 25 FDL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 26 FDL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 15 E-UTRA Band 43 FDL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 2 26 E-UTRA Band 43 FDL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 2 E-UTRA Band 41 FDL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 2 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 - 41 0.3 8 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 - 41 0.3 8 Frequency range 945 - 960 - 50 1 Frequency range 945 - 960 - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 FDL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 Frequency range 945 - 960 - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 28 FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 FOL.low - FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 Frequency range 945 - 960 - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 28 FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 E-UTRA Band 28 FDL.low - FDL.low - 50 1 FOL.low - FDL.low				-				8
22 F-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43 Follow Fol		. , ,		-				
33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43	22	1 7 0	20.0		20.0			
Frequency range Frequency range 3525 - 3590 -50 1 23		33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
23		Frequency range	3510	-	3525	-40	1	15
23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 41 24		Frequency range	3525	-	3590	-50	1	
24 E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41 25 E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10,12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42 E-UTRA Band 2 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 E-UTRA Band 25 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 15 E-UTRA Band 43 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 15 E-UTRA Band 43 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 2 26 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 34, 40, 42, 43 E-UTRA Band 41 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 2 E-UTRA Band 41 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 2 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 -41 0.3 8 Frequency range 945 - 960 -50 1 27 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 15 Frequency range 945 - 960 -50 1 28 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 1	23		_		_			
23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41 25 E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10,12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42 E-UTRA Band 25 E-UTRA Band 25 E-UTRA Band 43 FDL low - FDL high - 50	24	23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10,12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42	24		F _{DL low}	_	FDL bigh	-50	1	
24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42 E-UTRA Band 2 E-UTRA Band 25 E-UTRA Band 43 FDL. jow - FDL. high -50	25	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10,12, 13, 14, 17, 23,	- DL_IOW		· DL_High	50	4	
E-UTRA Band 25 E-UTRA Band 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41 E-UTRA Band 41 FDL low FDL			F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18,19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 34, 40, 42, 43 E-UTRA Band 41 Follow Foll		E-UTRA Band 2	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
E-UTRA Band 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18,19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 34, 40, 42, 43 E-UTRA Band 41 Frequency range Frequency ra		E-UTRA Band 25				-50	1	15
E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18,19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 34, 40, 42, 43 E-UTRA Band 41 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1 2						-50	1	2
34, 40, 42, 43	26				-			
E-UTRA Band 41 FDL low 1884.5 - FDL low 1915.7 -50 1 2 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 -41 0.3 8 Frequency range 703 - 799 -50 1 Frequency range 945 - 960 -50 1 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 FDL low - FDL low - FDL low - 790 -50 1 Frequency range 799 - 805 -35 0.00625 E-UTRA Band 28 FDL low - 790 -50 1 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41 FDL low - F			_		_	-50	1	
Frequency range Freque				-		50	1	2
Frequency range 703 - 799 -50 1				-				
Frequency range 799 - 803 -40 1 15 Frequency range 945 - 960 27		r requeries range					1	
Frequency range E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 Frequency range Frequ		Frequency range		-				15
Frequency range 945 - 960 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 Frequency range 799 - 805 -35 0.00625 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL_low} - 790 -50 1 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41			799	-	003	-40	!	13
27 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1 Frequency range 799 - 805 -35 0.00625 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL_low} - 790 -50 1 28 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41		Frequency report	0.45		060	-50	1	
14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1 Frequency range 799 - 805 -35 0.00625 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL_low} - 790 -50 1 28 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1	27		945	-	900		1	
Frequency range 799 - 805 -35 0.00625 E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL_low} - 790 -50 1 28 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41			F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 28 F _{DL_low} - 790 -50 1 28 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41				-		-35	0.00625	
28 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_				
26, 27, 34, 38, 41	28		_	-				
E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 10, 22, 42, 43 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1 2		26, 27, 34, 38, 41	_		_			
		E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 10, 22, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2

	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	19, 24
	E-UTRA Band 1	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	19, 25
	Frequency range		-	694	-42	8	15, 32
	Frequency range	470 470	-	710	-26.2	6	31
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	15
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	662	-	694	-26.2	6	15
			-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 19
	Frequency range	1884.5					
33	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	5
	E-UTRA Band 3	F_{DL_low}	ı	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
34	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 28, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	5
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
35							
36							
37			-				
38	E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26
	Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	15, 22
39	E-UTRA Band 22, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
41	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44	F_{DL_low}	1	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21	F_{DL_low}	ı	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	30
	Frequency range	1839.9		1879.9	-50	1	30
42	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44	F _{DL_low}	_	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
43	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
44	E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 1, 40, 42	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2

- NOTE 1: FDL_low and FDL_high refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1
- NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x L_{CRB} x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, [5] for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 3: N/A
- NOTE 4: N/A
- NOTE 5: For non synchronised TDD operation to meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 6: N/A.
- NOTE 7: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5-1919.6MHz.
- NOTE 8: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 -1915.7MHz.
- NOTE 9: N/A.
- NOTE 10: N/A.
- NOTE 11: Whether the applicable frequency range should be 793-805MHz instead of 799-805MHz is TBD
- NOTE 12: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB
- NOTE 13: N/A.
- NOTE 14: N/A.
- NOTE 15: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 16: N/A.
- NOTE 17: N/A
- NOTE 18: N/A
- NOTE 19: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.
- NOTE 20: N/A.
- NOTE 21: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2500 2570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 22: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2570 2615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2605.5 2607.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2597 2605 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.

 For carriers with channel bandwidth overlapping the frequency range 2615 2620 MHz the requirement applies with the maximum output power configured to +19 dBm in the IE *P-Max*.
- NOTE 23 This requirement is applicable only for the following cases: for carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is within the range 902.5 MHz $\leq F_c <$ 907.5 MHz with an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 20 RB for carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is within the range 907.5 MHz $\leq F_c \leq$ 912.5 MHz without any restriction on uplink transmission bandwidth. for carriers of 10 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is $F_c =$ 910 MHz with an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 32 RB with RB_{start} > 3.
- NOTE 24: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -38 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 2nd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 25: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -36 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 3rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 3rd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 26: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.
- NOTE 27: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 1920 1980 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1927.5 1929.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1930 1938 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 28: N/A.

NOTE 29: N/A.

- NOTE 30: This requirement applies when the E-UTRA carrier is confined within 2545-2575 MHz and the channel bandwidth is 10 or 20 MHz.
- NOTE 31: This requirement is applicable for 5 and 10 MHz E-UTRA channel bandwidth allocated within 718-728MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz bandwidth, this requirement applies for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 30 RB with RBstart > 1 and RBstart < 48.
- NOTE 32: This requirement is applicable in the case of a 10 MHz E-UTRA carrier confined within 703 MHz and 733 MHz, otherwise the requirement of -25 dBm with a measurement bandwidth of 8 MHz applies.

6.6.3.2A Spurious emission band UE co-existence for CA

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified carrier aggregation configurations for coexistence with protected bands.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2A-1: Requirements for intra-band contiguous CA

E-	Spurious emission							
UTRA CA Config uration	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note	
CA_1C	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL_low}	1	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
	E-UTRA Band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	10	
					-			
CA_7C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
CA_38C	E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
CA_40C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
CA_41C	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44	F _{DL_low}	1	F_{DL_high}	-50	1		

NOTE 1: F_{DL_low} and F_{DL_high} refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1

NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x L_{CRB} x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, [5] for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval. NOTE 3: To meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band

NOTE 4: N/A

NOTE 5: N/A

NOTE 6: N/A

NOTE 7: N/A

NOTE 8: N/A NOTE 9: N/A

NOTE 10: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

NOTE 11: N/A

NOTE 12: N/A

NOTE: The restriction on the maximum uplink transmission to 54 RB in Notes 21, 22, and 27 of Table 6.6.3.2-1 is intended for conformance testing and may be applied to network operation to facilitate coexistence when the aggressor and victim bands are deployed in the same geographical area. The applicable spurious emission requirement of -15.5 dBm/5MHz is a least restrictive technical condition for FDD/TDD coexistence and may have to be revised in the future.

6.6.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

6.6.3.3.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_05")

When "NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)		Measurement bandwidth	Note		
	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
1884.5 ≤ f ≤1915.7	-41	-41	-41	-41	300 KHz	1

NOTE 1: Applicable when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is larger than or equal to the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned, where channel BW is as defined in subclause 5.6. Additional restrictions apply for operations below this point.

The requirements in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 apply with the additional restrictions specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-2 when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is less than the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-2: RB restrictions for additional requirement (PHS).

15 MHz channel bandwidth with f _c = 1932.5 MHz							
RB _{start} 0-7 8-66 67-74							
L _{CRB}	N/A	≤ MIN(30, 67 – RB _{start})	N/A				
	20 MHz channel bandwidth with fc = 1930 MHz						
RB _{start}	0-23	24-75	76-99				
LCRB	N/A	≤ MIN(24, 76 – RB _{start})	N/A				

6.6.3.3.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_07")

When "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth			
	10 MHz				
769 ≤ f ≤ 775	-57	6.25 kHz			
NOTE: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure					
standard standard deviation < 0.5 dB.					

6.6.3.3.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_08")

When "NS 08" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.3-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)			Measurement bandwidth
(MHz)	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	
860 ≤ f ≤ 890	-40	-40	-40	1 MHz

6.6.3.3.4 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_09")

When "NS 09" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.4-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)			Measurement bandwidth	
	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	
1475.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9	-35	-35	-35	1 MHz

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: To improve measurement accuracy, A-MPR values for NS_09 specified in Table 6.2.4-1 in subclause 6.2.4 are derived based on 100 kHz RBW.

6.6.3.3.5 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 12")

When "NS 12" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.5-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz	Measurement bandwidth		
806 ≤ f ≤ 813.5	-42	6.25 kHz		
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at or				

above 814.2 MHz.

NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.

6.6.3.3.6 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_13")

When "NS 13" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.6-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.6-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth		
		5 MHz			
806 ≤ f ≤ 816		-42	6.25 kHz		
NOTE 1:	NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at or above 819 MHz.				
NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.					

6.6.3.3.7 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_14")

When "NS 14" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.7-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.7-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth		
		10 MHz, 15 MHz			
806 ≤ f ≤ 8	316	-42	6.25 kHz		
	NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at or above 824 MHz.				
NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.					

6.6.3.3.8 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_15")

When "NS 15" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.8-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	
851 ≤ f ≤ 859	-53	6.25 kHz	
NOTE 1: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.			

6.6.3.3.9 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_16")

When "NS_16" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.9-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.9-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4, 3, 5, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
790 ≤ f ≤ 803	-32	1 MHz	

6.6.3.3.10 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_17")

When "NS_17" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.10-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.10-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
470 ≤ f ≤ 710	-26.2	6 MHz	1

NOTE 1: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.

6.6.3.3.11 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_18")

When "NS_18" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.11-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.11-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
692-698	-26.2	6 MHz	

6.6.3.3.12 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_19")

When "NS_19" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.12-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.12-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
662 ≤ f ≤ 694	-25	8 MHz	

6.6.3.3.13 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_11")

When "NS_11" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.13-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.13-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
E-UTRA Band 2	-50	1 MHz
1998 ≤ f ≤ 1999	-21	1 MHz
1997 ≤ f < 1998	-27	1 MHz
1996 ≤ f < 1997	-32	1 MHz
1995 ≤ f < 1996	-37	1 MHz
1990 ≤ f < 1995	-40	1 MHz

6.6.3.3.14 Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_20")

When " NS_20" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.14-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.14-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth		
(MHz)	5, 10, 15, 20 MHz			
1990 ≤ f < 1999	-40	1 MHz		
1999 ≤ f ≤ 2000	-40	Note 1		
Note 1: The measurement bandwidth is 1% of the applicable E-UTRA				

6.6.3.3.15 Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_22")

When "NS 22" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.15-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.15-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	MBW
		5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	
3400	≤ f ≤ 3800	-23 (Note 1, Note 3)	5 MHz
		-40 (Note 2)	1 MHz
Note 1:	Note 1: This requirement applies within an offset between 5 MHz and 25 MHz		
	from the lower and from the upper edge of the channel bandwidth, whenever these frequencies overlap with the specified frequency band.		
Note 2:	Note 2: This requirement applies from 3400 MHz to 25 MHz below the lower E-		he lower E-
	UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz above the upper E-UTRA channel edge to 3800 MHz.		
Note 3: This emission limit might imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.			

6.6.3.3.16 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_23")

When "NS 23" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.16-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.16-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz		MBW	
3400 ≤ f ≤ 3800	-23 (Note 1, Note 4)	5 MHz	
0.00 = 1 = 0000	-40 (Note 2)	1 MHz	
NOTE 1: This requiren	nent applies within an offset between 5 MHz +	- F _{offset_NS_23}	
and 25 MHz	+ F _{offset_NS_23} from the lower and from the upper	er edges of	
the channel b	andwidth, whenever these frequencies overlap	with the	
specified freq	uency band.		
NOTE 2: This requiren	nent applies from 3400 MHz to 25 MHz + F _{ofi}	fset_NS_23	
below the lov	ver E-UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz -	+	
F _{offset_NS_23} ab	ove the upper E-UTRA channel edge to 3800	MHz.	
NOTE 3: F _{offset_NS_23} is:			
0 MHz for 5	MHz channel BW,		
5 MHz for 10	5 MHz for 10 MHz channel BW,		
9 MHz for 15 MHz channel BW and			
12 MHz for 2	12 MHz for 20 MHz channel BW.		
	NOTE 4: This emission limit might imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band		

Table 6.6.3.3.19-1: Void

	Void	6.6.3.3.17
Table 6.6.3.3.17-1: Void		
	Void	6.6.3.3.18
Table 6.6.3.3.18-1: Void		
	Void	6.6.3.3.19

6.6.3.3.20	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.20-1: Void
6.6.3.3.21	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.21-1: Void
6.6.3.3.22	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.22-1: Void
6.6.3.3.23	Void	T. I
		Table 6.6.3.3.23-1: Void
6.6.3.3.24	Void	Table C.C. 2. 2. 24. 4. Vaid
0.000.05	Mai d	Table 6.6.3.3.24-1: Void
6.6.3.3.25	Void	Table 6.6.3.3.25-1: Void
6.6.3.3.26	Void	Table 0.0.3.3.23-1. Volu
0.0.3.3.20	VOId	Table 6.6.3.3.26-1: Void
		Table 6.6.3.3.26-2: Void
		Table 6.6.3.3.26-3: Void
6.6.3.3.27	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.27-1: Void
		Table 6.6.3.3.27-2: Void
		Table 6.6.3.3.27-3: Void
		Table 6.6.3.3.27-4: Void
6.6.3.3.28	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.28-1: Void
6.6.3.3.29	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.29-1: Void
6.6.3.3.30	Void	
		Table 6.6.3.3.30-1: Void
6.6.3.3.31	Void	

Table 6.6.3.3.31-1: Void

6.6.3.3.32 Void

Table 6.6.3.3.32-1: Void

6.6.3.3.33 Void

Table 6.6.3.3.33-1: Void

6.6.3.3.34 Void

Table 6.6.3.3.34-1: Void

Table 6.6.3.3.34-2: Void

6.6.3.3.35 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_52")

When "NS_52" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.35-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.35-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit in EIRP¹ (dBm) 10MHz	Measurement bandwidth	NOTE
1541 ≤ f ≤ 1559	-102	2kHz	EIRP of discrete
1559≤ f ≤ 1608	-85	700Hz	emissions of less than
1608≤ f ≤ 1610	-85 +5/2 (f-1608)	700Hz	700 Hz bandwidth,
1610≤ f ≤ 1625	-80+ 66/15 (f-1610)	700Hz	averaged over any 2 millisecond active transmission interval
1541 ≤ f ≤ 1608	-75	1MHz	
1608≤ f ≤ 1610	-75 + 5/2 (f-1608)	1MHz	CIDD and averaged ever
1610≤ f ≤ 1627.5	-70+ 57/17.5 (f-1610)	1MHz	EIRP and averaged over
1627.5	-37	4kHz	any 2 millisecond active transmission interval
1638.5 ≤f ≤ 1645.5	-28	4kHz	transmission miervar
1657.5 ≤f ≤ 1660.5	-28	4kHz	

NOTE 1: The EIRP requirement is converted to conducted requirement depending on the supported antenna gain Gant declared by the UE manufacturer. If not declared by the UE manufacturer, a 0 dBi antenna gain shall be used.

6.6.3.3A Additional spurious emissions for CA

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell reconfiguration message.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

6.6.3.3A.1 Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_01")

When "CA_NS_01" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		inge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note	
E-UTRA band 34	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1		
Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7				-41	0.3	1	
NOTE 1: Applicable when the aggregated channel bandwidth is confined within frequency range 1940 – 1980 MHz							

6.6.3.3A.2 Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_02")

When "CA_NS_02" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.2-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequenc	equency range (MHz)		Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
Frequency range	1900	-	1915	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1, 2

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.14-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2⁻ For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.3 Minimum requirement for CA 1C (network signalled value "CA NS 03")

When "CA_NS_03" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.3-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		nge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	
Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1, 2

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.14-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2[:] For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.4 Minimum requirement for CA_38C (network signalled value "CA_NS_05")

When "CA_NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth. This requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined in 2570 - 2615 MHz.

Table 6.6.3.3A.4-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	1, 2, 3
Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	1, 3
NOTE 1: The requ	NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F _{OOB} (MHz) in					
Table 6.0	Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.					
NOTE 2: For thes	For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to					
UE(s) op	UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.					
NOTE 3: This requ	his requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined					
in 2570-2	2615 MHz.					

6.6.3.3A.5 Minimum requirement for CA_7C (network signalled value "CA_NS_06")

When "CA_NS_06" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.5-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note		
Frequency range	2570	ı	2575	+1.6	5	1, 2		
Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	1,2		
Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1			
NOTE 4. The appringmental and the feather from the feather that are less than E								

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2⁻ For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.6 Void

6.6.3.3A.7 Void

6.6.3.3A.8 Minimum requirement for CA_41C (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")

When "CA_NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.8-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
2490.5 MHz ≤ f < 2495 MHz	-13	1 MHz
9 kHz < f < 2490.5 MHz	-25	1 MHz

6.6.3A Void

<reserved for future use>

6.6.3B Spurious emission for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for Spurious emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-1.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the general requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply.

6.6A Void

6.6B Void

6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

6.7.1 Minimum requirement

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through E-UTRA rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1-1.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation is prescribed in Table 6.7.1-1.

BW Channel (UL) 5MHz 10MHz 15MHz 20MHz Interference Signal 10MHz 5MHz 10MHz 20MHz 15MHz 30MHz 20MHz 40MHz Frequency Offset Interference CW Signal -40dBc Level Intermodulation Product -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc 4.5MHz 9.0MHz 9.0MHz 13.5MHz 13.5MHz Measurement bandwidth 4.5MHz 18MHz 18MHz

Table 6.7.1-1: Transmit Intermodulation

6.7.1A Minimum requirement for CA

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product on both component carriers when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1A-1.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the requirement of transmitting intermodulation is specified in Table 6.7.1A-1.

Table 6.7.1A-1: Transmit Intermodulation

CA bandwidth class(UL)	С		
Interference Signal Frequency Offset	BW _{Channel_CA}	2*BWChannel_CA	
Interference CW Signal Level	-40dBc		
Intermodulation Product	-29dBc	-35dBc	
Measurement bandwidth	BWChannel_CA- 2* BWGB		

6.7.1B Minimum requirement for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit intermodulation requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector and the wanted signal is defined as the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.7.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.7.1 apply.

- 6.8 Void
- 6.8.1 Void
- 6.8A Void

6.8B Time alignment error for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors supporting UL-MIMO, this requirement applies to frame timing differences between transmissions on multiple transmit antenna connectors in the closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme.

The time alignment error (TAE) is defined as the average frame timing difference between any two transmissions on different transmit antenna connectors.

6.8B.1 Minimum Requirements

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors, the Time Alignment Error (TAE) shall not exceed 130 ns.

7 Receiver characteristics

7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector(s) of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna(s) with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed for each antenna port(s). UE with an integral antenna(s) may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector, identical interfering signals shall be applied to each receiver antenna port if more than one of these is used (diversity).

The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

With the exception of subclause 7.3, the requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 configured (Table 6.2.4-1).

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the UL reference measurement channels specified in Annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3, the DL reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.2 and using the set-up specified in Annex C.3.1.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers (one component carrier per sub-block), an in-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signalis located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency and located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers (one component carrier per sub-block), an out-of-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal(s) is (are) located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency, or located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers with channel bandwidth larger than or equal to 5 MHz (one component carrier per sub-block), the existing adjacent channel selectivity requirements, in-band blocking requirements (for each case), and narrow band blocking requirements apply for in-gap tests only if the corresponding interferer frequency offsets with respect to the two measured carriers satisfy the following condition in relation to the sub-block gap size $W_{\rm gap}$ for at least one of these carriers j, j = 1, 2, so that the interferer frequency position does not change the nature of the core requirement tested:

$$W_{gap} \! \geq 2 \! \cdot \! |F_{Interferer \, (offset),j}| - BW_{Channel(j)}$$

where $F_{\text{Interferer (offset)},j}$ is the interferer frequency offset with respect to carrier j as specified in subclause 7.5.1, subclause 7.6.1 and subclause 7.6.3 for the respective requirement and $BW_{Channel(j)}$ the channel bandwidth of carrier j. The interferer frequency offsets for adjacent channel selectivity, each in-band blocking case and narrow-band blocking shall be tested separately with a single in-gap interferer at a time.

7.2 Diversity characteristics

The requirements in Section 7 assume that the receiver is equipped with two Rx port as a baseline. These requirements apply to all UE categories unless stated otherwise. Requirements for 4 ports are FFS. With the exception of subclause 7.9 all requirements shall be verified by using both (all) antenna ports simultaneously.

7.3 Reference sensitivity power level

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.3.1 Minimum requirements (QPSK)

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1-2

Table 7.3.1-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

Channel bandwidth									
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode		
1			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD		
2	-102.7	-99.7	-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD		
3	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD		
4	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD		
5	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD		
6			-100	-97			FDD		
7			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD		
8	-102.2	-99.2	-97	-94			FDD		
9			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	FDD		
10			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD		
11			-100	-97			FDD		
12	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94			FDD		
13			-97	-94			FDD		
14			-97	-94			FDD		
17			-97	-94			FDD		
18			-100 ⁷	-97 ⁷	-95.2 ⁷		FDD		
19			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD		
20			-97	-94	-91.2	-90	FDD		
21			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD		
22			-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD		
23	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD		
24			-100	-97			FDD		
25	-101.2	-98.2	-96.5	-93.5	-91.7	-90.5	FDD		
26	-102.7	-99.7	-97.5 ⁶	-94.5 ⁶	-92.7 ⁶		FDD		
27	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD		
28		-100.2	-98.5	-95.5	-93.7	-91	FDD		
33			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
34			-100	-97	-95.2		TDD		
35	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
36	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
37			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
38			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
39			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
40			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD		
41			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	TDD		
42			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	TDD		
43			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	TDD		
44		[-100.2]	[-98]	[-95]	[-93.2]	[-92]	TDD		
		·					•		

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

NOTE 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

NOTE 5: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

NOTE 6: ⁶ indicates that the requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 865-894 MHz.

NOTE 7: For a UE that support both Band 18 and Band 26, the reference sensitivity level for Band 26 applies for the applicable channel bandwidths.

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

NOTE: Table 7.3.1-2 is intended for conformance tests and does not necessarily reflect the operational conditions of the network, where the number of uplink and downlink allocated resource blocks will be practically constrained by other factors. Typical receiver sensitivity performance with HARQ retransmission enabled and using a residual BLER metric relevant for e.g. Speech Services is given in the Annex G (informative).

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A with uplink in one E-UTRA band, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be increased by the amount given in $\Delta R_{\rm IB,c}$ in Table7.3.1-1A for the applicable E-UTRA bands.

Table 7.3.1-1A: ΔR_{IB,c}

CA_1A-5A 1 0 CA_1A-18A 1 0 CA_1A-19A 18 0 CA_1A-21A 1 0 CA_1A-21A 1 0 CA_1A-21A 21 0 CA_2A-17A 2 0 CA_3A-5A 3 0 CA_3A-5A 5 0 CA_3A-7A 7 0 CA_3A-8A 8 0 CA_3A-8A 8 0 CA_3A-20A 3 0 CA_3A-20A 20 0 CA_4A-5A 5 0 CA_4A-5A 5 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-1A-1A 4 0 CA_4A-1A-1A 12 0.5 CA_4A-1A-1A 13 0 CA_5A-12A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 17 0.5 CA_5A-1A-1A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0	Inter-band CA Configuration	E-UTRA Band	$\Delta R_{IB,c}$ [dB]
CA_1A-18A	CA 1A-5A		
CA_1A-18A 18 0 CA_1A-19A 1 0 19 0 0 CA_1A-21A 21 0 CA_2A-17A 17 0.5 CA_3A-5A 3 0 CA_3A-7A 7 0 CA_3A-8A 3 0 CA_3A-20A 20 0 CA_4A-5A 5 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 7 0 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 12 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8B-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	0A_1A-3A		
CA_1A-19A	CA 1A-18A		
CA_1A-19A 19 0 CA_1A-21A 1 0 CA_2A-17A 21 0 CA_3A-5A 3 0 CA_3A-7A 3 0 CA_3A-8A 3 0 CA_3A-20A 3 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	OA_IA-IOA	18	
CA_1A-21A	CΔ 1Δ-19Δ	·	0
CA_1A-21A 21 0 CA_2A-17A 17 0.5 CA_3A-5A 3 0 CA_3A-7A 7 0 CA_3A-8A 8 0 CA_3A-20A 3 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 17 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	OA_1A-19A	19	0
CA_2A-17A	CΔ 1Δ-21Δ	-	
CA_2A-17A 17 0.5 CA_3A-5A 3 0 CA_3A-7A 3 0 CA_3A-8A 8 0 CA_3A-20A 20 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 4 0.5 CA_4A-12A 12 0.5 CA_4A-13A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 12 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 0 0	0A_1A-21A	21	0
CA_3A-5A	CA 2A-17A		
CA_3A-5A 5 0 CA_3A-7A 7 0 CA_3A-8A 3 0 CA_3A-20A 3 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 12 0.5 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 12 0.3 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	UA_2A-17A		0.5
CA_3A-7A	CA 3A 5A	3	0
CA_3A-7A 7 0 CA_3A-8A 8 0 CA_3A-20A 20 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 5 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 12 0.5 CA_4A-13A 4 0 CA_4A-17A 13 0 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_7A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_SA-SA		0
CA_3A-8A 3 0 CA_3A-20A 3 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 12 0.5 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA 2A 7A	3	0
CA_3A-8A 8 0 CA_3A-20A 20 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 12 0.5 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_3A-7A	7	0
CA_3A-20A	CA 2A 0A	3	0
CA_3A-20A 20 0 CA_4A-5A 4 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 12 0.5 CA_4A-13A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 12 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_3A-8A	8	0
CA_4A-5A CA_4A-7A CA_4A-12A CA_4A-13A CA_4A-17A CA_5A-12A CA_5A-12A CA_5A-17A CA_7A-20A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_4A-18A CA_5A-18A CA_5A-18A CA_5A-18A CA_5A-18A CA_5A-18A CA_5A-20A CA	CA 2A 20A	3	0
CA_4A-5A 5 0 CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 4 0 CA_4A-13A 12 0.5 CA_4A-13A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-12A 12 0.3 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_3A-20A	20	0
CA_4A-7A	CA 4A FA	4	0
CA_4A-7A 7 0.5 CA_4A-12A 12 0.5 CA_4A-13A 4 0 CA_4A-17A 13 0 CA_4A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_4A-5A	5	0
CA_4A-12A	CA 4A 7A	4	0.5
CA_4A-12A 12 0.5 CA_4A-13A 4 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_4A-7A	7	0.5
CA_4A-13A	CA 4A 40A	4	0
CA_4A-13A 4 0 CA_4A-17A 4 0 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 12 0.3 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_4A-12A	12	0.5
CA_4A-17A	00 40 400	4	
CA_4A-17A 17 0.5 CA_5A-12A 5 0.5 CA_5A-17A 12 0.3 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_7A-20A 20 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_4A-13A	13	0
CA_5A-12A	00 40 470	4	0
CA_5A-12A 12 0.3 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_4A-17A	17	0.5
CA_5A-12A 12 0.3 CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	04 54 404	5	0.5
CA_5A-17A 5 0.5 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_5A-12A		
CA_5A-1/A 17 0.3 CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	00.50.470		
CA_7A-20A 7 0 CA_8A-20A 8 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	CA_5A-1/A		
CA_11A-18A	04 74 004		
CA_8A-20A	CA_/A-20A	20	0
CA_8A-20A 20 0 CA_11A-18A 11 0	04 04 004		
CA 11A-18A 11 0	CA_8A-20A		
(Δ 11Δ-18Δ	0.4.4.4.1.5.1		
18 0	CA_11A-18A	18	0

- NOTE 1: The above additional tolerances are only applicable for the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 2: The above additional tolerances also apply in intra-band CA and non-aggregated operation for the supported E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 3: In case the UE supports more than one of the above inter-band carrier aggregation configurations and a E-UTRA operating band belongs to more than one inter-band carrier aggregation configurations then:
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the tolerances in Table 7.3.1-1A, truncated to one decimal place that would apply for that operating band among the supported CA configurations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A that would apply for that operating band among the supported

CA configurations

NOTE: The above additional tolerances do not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL. Otherwise the above additional tolerances also apply to supported UTRA operating bands that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations.

Table 7.3.1-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	E-UTRA E	Band / Ch	annel baı	ndwidth / I	N _{RB} / Duple	ex mode	
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode
1			25	50	75	100	FDD
2	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
3	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
4	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
5	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
6			25	25 ¹			FDD
7			25	50	75	75 ¹	FDD
8	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
9			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
10			25	50	75	100	FDD
11			25	25 ¹			FDD
12	6	15	20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
13			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
14			15 ¹	15 ¹			FDD
17			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
18			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
19			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
20			25	20 ¹	20 ³	20 ³	FDD
21			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
22			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
23	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
24			25	50			FDD
25	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
26	6	15	25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
27	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
28		15	25	25 ¹	25 ¹	25 ¹	FDD
33			25	50	75	100	TDD
34			25	50	75		TDD
35	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
36	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
37			25	50	75	100	TDD
38			25	50	75	100	TDD
39			25	50	75	100	TDD
40			25	50	75	100	TDD
41			25	50	75	100	TDD
42			25	50	75	100	TDD
43			25	50	75	100	TDD
44		15	25	50	75	100	TDD
					·	•	

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).

NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the uplink configuration for reference sensitivity is FFS.

NOTE 3: ³ refers to Band 20; in the case of 15MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 11 and in the case of 20MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 16

Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3.1-1 and 7.3.1-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

E-UTRA Network Signalling Band value 2 NS 03 4 NS_03 10 NS_03 12 NS_06 13 NS 06 14 NS 06 17 NS_06 19 NS_08 21 NS_09 23 NS 03 25 NS_03

Table 7.3.1-3: Network signalling value for reference sensitivity

7.3.1A Minimum requirements (QPSK) for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1-2. The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with both downlink component carriers active and either of the uplink carriers active. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.3.1 with the following exceptions.

For the UE that supports any of the E-UTRA CA configurations given in Table 7.3.1A-0a, exceptions to the aforementioned requirements are allowed when the uplink active in the lower-frequency operating band is within a specified frequency range as noted in Table 7.3.1A-0a. For these exceptions, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.3.1A-0a and Table 7.3.1A-0b.

Table 7.3.1A-0a: Reference sensitivity for carrier aggregation QPSK PREFSENS, CA (exceptions)

	Channel bandwidth												
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode					
CA 2A 9A4	3				N/A	N/A	N/A	FDD					
CA_3A-8A ⁴	8			N/A	N/A			רטט					
CA 4A-12A ^{5,6}	4	-89.2	-89.2	-90	-89.5			FDD					
CA_4A-12A ^{6,6}	12			-96.5	-93.5			FDD					
CA 4A-17A ^{5,6}	4			-90	-89.5			FDD					
CA_4A-17A***	17			-96.5	-93.5			FDD					

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1
- NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port
- NOTE 4: No requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band. The reference sensitivity is only verified when this is not the case (the requirements specified in clause 7.3.1 apply).
- NOTE 5: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 3rd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band.
- NOTE 6: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the low band (superscript LB) such that $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.3 \right \rfloor 0.1 \text{ in MHz and } F_{UL_low}^{LB} + BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \leq f_{UL}^{LB} \leq F_{UL_high}^{LB} BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \text{ with } f_{DL}^{HB}$ the carrier frequency of the high band in MHz and $BW_{Channel}^{LB}$ the channel bandwidth configured in the low band.

Table 7.3.1A-0b: Uplink configuration for the low band (exceptions)

E-	E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band / NRB / Duplex mode											
EUTRA CA Configuration UL band 1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz												
CA_4A-12A	12	2	5	8	16			FDD				
CA_4A-17A	17			8	16			FDD				

NOTE 1: refers to the UL resource blocks, which shall be centred within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: the UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.1-2 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.1-2 applies.

For band combinations including operating bands without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements are specified in Table 7.3.1A-0d and Table 7.3.1A-0e.

Table 7.3.1A-0d: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

	Channel bandwidth												
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode					
CA 2A 20A	2			-98	-95			FDD					
CA_2A-29A	29		-98.7	-97	-94			FUU					
CA 4A 20A	4			-100	-97			EDD.					
CA_4A-29A	29		-98.7	-97	-94			FDD					

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1

FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

Table 7.3.1A-0e: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / NRB / Duplex mode												
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode				
CA 2A 20A	2			25	50			FDD				
CA_2A-29A	29		N/A	N/A	N/A			FDD				
CA 4A 20A	4			25	50			- FDD				
CA_4A-29A	29		N/A	N/A	N/A			FDD				

In all cases for single uplink inter-band CA, unless given by Table 7.3.1-3 for the band with the active uplink carrier, the applicable reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the throughput of each component carrier shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1A-1. Table 7.3.1A-1 specifies the maximum number of allocated uplink resource blocks for which the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation reference sensitivity requirement shall be met. The PCC and SCC allocations as defined in Table 7.3.1A-1 form a contiguous allocation where TX–RX frequency separations of the component carriers are as defined in Table 5.7.4-1. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2 and the downlink PCC carrier center frequency shall be configured closer to uplink operating band than the downlink SCC center frequency. Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table 7.3.1A-1: Intra-band contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	CA co	onfiguration	on / CC c	ombinati	on / N _{RB_a}	gg / Duple	x mode		
Uplink CA	100RB+50RB		75RB+75RB		100RB+75RB		100RB-	+100RB	Duplex
configuration	PCC	SCC	PCC	SCC	PCC	SCC	PCC	SCC	Mode
CA_1C	N/A	N/A	75	54	N/A	N/A	100	30	FDD
CA_7C	N/A	N/A	75	0	N/A	N/A	75	0	FDD
CA_38C	N/A	N/A	75	75	N/A	N/A	100	100	TDD
CA_40C	100	50	75	75	N/A	N/A	100	100	TDD
CA_41C	100	50	75	75	100	75	100	100	TDD

- NOTE 1: The carrier centre frequency of SCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL operating band.
- NOTE 2: The transmitted power over both PCC and SCC shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 3: The UL resource blocks in both PCC and SCC shall be confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).
- NOTE 4: The UL resource blocks in PCC shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band, while the UL resource blocks in SCC shall be located as far as possible from the downlink operating band.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the throughput of each downlink component carrier shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with both downlink carriers active and parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1A-3 with the power level in Table 7.3.1-1 increased by Δ_{IBNC} given in Table 7.3.1A-3 for the SCC. Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table 7.3.1A-3: Intra-band non-contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity with one uplink

CA configuration	Aggregated channel bandwidth (PCC+SCC)	W _{gap} / [MHz]	UL PCC allocation	ΔR _{IBNC} (dB)	Duplex mode
	25RB+25RB	$30.0 < W_{gap} \le 55.0$	10 ¹	5.0	
	23KD+23KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 30.0$	25 ¹	0.0	
	25RB+50RB	$25.0 < W_{gap} \le 50.0$	10 ¹	4.5	
CA 25A-25A	23KD+30KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 25.0$		0.0	FDD
CA_25A-25A	50RB+25RB	$15.0 < W_{gap} \le 50.0$	10 ⁴	5.5	רטט
	30KD+23KB	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 15.0$	32 ¹	0.0	
	50RB+50RB	$10.0 < W_{gap} \le 45.0$	10 ⁴	5.0	
	30KB+30KB	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 10.0$	32 ¹	0.0	
CA_41A-41A	NOTE 6	NOTE 7	NOTE 8	0.0	TDD

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission.

NOTE 2: W_{gap} is the sub-block gap between the two sub-blocks.

NOTE 3: The carrier center frequency of PCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL operating band.

NOTE 4: 4 refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start}=33.

NOTE 5: For the TDD intra-band non-contiguous CA configurations, the minimum requirements apply only in synchronized operation between all component carriers.

NOTE 6: All combinations of channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6A.1-3.

NOTE 7: All applicable sub-block gap sizes.

NOTE 8: The PCC allocation is same as Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} as defined in

Table 5.6-1.

7.3.1B Minimum requirements (QPSK) for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.3.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{UMAX} is the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.3.2 Void

7.4 Maximum input level

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.4.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1-1

Table 7.4.1-1: Maximum input level

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm			-2	25		

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.4.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the maximum input level is defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.4.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation maximum input level is defined as the powers received at the UE antenna port over the Transmission bandwidth configuration of each CC, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel over each component carrier.

The downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.4.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2.

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels over each component carrier as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1A-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with two downlink carriers each carrier shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.4.1-1 while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the specified reference measurement channel as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) over each carrier. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3.

Table 7.4.1A-1: Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class						
		Α	В	С	D	Е	F	
Power in largest Transmission Bandwidth Configuration CC	dBm			-25				
Power in each other CC	dBm			-25 + 10log(N RB,c /N _{RB,larg} est BW)				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below PcMax_L,c or PcMax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.4.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.4.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter PCMAX_L is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.4A Void

7.4A.1 Void

7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

7.5.1 Minimum requirements

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1-1 for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm. However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5.1-2 and Table 7.5.1-3 where the throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.5.1-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

			Channel bandwidth							
Rx Parameter	Units	1.4 3 5 10 15 20								
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
ACS	dB	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	30	27			

Table 7.5.1-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth								
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz				
Power in	dBm										
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration				REFSENS	S + 14 dB						
	dBm	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS				
PInterferer		+45.5dB	+45.5dB	+45.5dB	+45.5dB	+42.5dB	+39.5dB				
BWInterferer	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5				
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	1.4+0.0025 /	3+0.0075 /	5+0.0025 /	7.5+0.0075 /	10+0.0125 /	12.5+0.0025				
		-1.4-0.0025	-3-0.0075	-5-0.0025	-7.5-0.0075	-10-0.0125	-12.5-				
							0.0025				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Units Channel bandwidth Rx Parameter 1.4 MHz 3 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz 5 MHz Power in Transmission dBm -56.5 -56.5 -56.5 -56.5 -53.5-50.5 Bandwidth Configuration PInterferer dBm -25 BWInterferer MHz 3 5 1.4 5 5 5 Finterferer (offset) MHz 1.4+0.0025 3+0.0075 5+0.0025 7.5+0.0075 10+0.0125 12.5+0.0025 -1.4-0.0025 -3-0.0075 -5-0.0025 -7.5-0.0075 -10-0.0125 -12.5-0.0025

Table 7.5.1-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1.

7.5.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band, the adjacent channel requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.5.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the adjacent channel requirements of subclause 7.5.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.5.1A-2 and Table 7.5.1A-3 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1A-1 for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.5.1A-2 and 7.5.1A-3.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the adjacent channel selectivity requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.5.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active. The interferer powerP_{interferer} for Case 1 in Table 7.5.1-2 shall be set to the maximum of the levels given by the two downlink carriers. For both Case 1 and Case 2 (Table 7.5.1-3), the wanted signal power level of each carrier shall be set in accordance with the ACS requirement (Clause 7.5.1) relative to the interferer power P_{interferer}.

Table 7.5.1A-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

		CA Bandwidth Class					
Rx Parameter	Units	В	С	D	E	F	
ACS	dB		24				

Table 7.5.1A-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units		C/	A Bandwidth	Class				
		В	С	D	E	F			
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth			REFSENS +						
Configuration, per CC			14 dB						
-	dBm		Aggregated power + 22.5						
P _{Interferer}			dB						
BWInterferer	MHz		5						
Finterferer (offset)	MHz		2.5 + F _{offset}						
			/						
			-2.5 - Foffset						

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1
- NOTE 3: The F_{interferer} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the adjacent channel interferer and shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{\text{interferer}} / 0.015 + 0.5 \right] 0.015 + 0.0075 \, \text{MHz} \text{ to be offset from the sub-carrier raster}.$

Table 7.5.1A-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class					
		В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		-47.5+10 log ₁₀ (N _{RB,c} / N _{RB agg})				
PInterferer	dBm			-25			
BW _{Interferer}	MHz		5				
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz		2.5+ F _{offset} / -2.5- F _{offset}				

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1
- NOTE 3: The F_{interferer} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the adjacent channel interferer and shall be further adjusted to $\left| F_{\text{interferer}} / 0.015 + 0.5 \right| 0.015 + 0.0075 \, \text{MHz} \text{ to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.}$

7.5.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.5.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 In-band blocking

In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band at which the relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirement for the specified measurement channels..

7.6.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1-1 and 7.6.1.1-2.

Table 7.6.1.1-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
Power in			REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below						
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9		
BWInterferer	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5		
Floffset, case 1	MHz	2.1+0.0125	4.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125	7.5+0.0025	7.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125		
Floffset, case 2	MHz	3.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0075	12.5+0.0075	12.5+0.012	12.5+0.002	12.5+0.007		
					5	5	1 5		

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6.1.1-2: In-band blocking

E-UTRA	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4	Case 5
band	PInterferer	dBm	-56	-44			-38
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - Floffset,case 1 & =+BW/2 + Floffset,case 1	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}			-BW/2 - 11
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	Finterferer	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_high} + 15	Void	Void	
30	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_bigh} + 15			F _{DL_low} – 11

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

- a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 Floffset, case 1 and
- b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + F_{loffset, case 1}

NOTE 3: Finterferer range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies

For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{Interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.6.1.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.6.1.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{Interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.6.1.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating

band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink in the band capable of UL operation.. The requirements for the component carrier configured in the operating band without uplink band are specified in Table 7.6.1.1-1 and Table 7.6.1.1A-0.

Table 7.6.1.1A-0: In-band blocking for additional operating bands for carrier aggregation

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - F _{loffset,case 1} & =+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 1}	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}
29	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_high} + 15

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 - Floffset, case 1 and

b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: F_{Interferer} range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies

For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the in-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.1.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.1.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6.1.1A-1 and Tables 7.6.1.1A-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1A-1 and 7.6.1.1A-2.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.6.1.1A-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	ts CA Bandwidth Class								
		В	С	D	E	F				
Pw in Transmission		REFSENS + CA Bandwidth Class specific value below								
Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		12							
BW _{Interferer}	MHz		5							
Floffset, case 1	MHz		7.5							
Floffset, case 2	MHz		12.5							

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

CA configuration	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	PInterferer	dBm	-56	-44
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-F _{offset} F _{loffset,case 1} & =+F _{offset} + F _{loffset,case 1}	≤-F _{offset} — F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+F _{offset} + F _{loffset,case 2}
CA_1C, CA_7C, CA_38C, CA_40C, CA_41C	F _{Interferer} (Range)	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_bigh} + 15

Table 7.6.1.1A-2: In-band blocking

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

a. the carrier frequency - F_{Offset} - $F_{\text{loffset, case 1}}$ and

b. the carrier frequency +Foffset + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: Foffset is the frequency offset from the center frequency of the CC being tested to the edge of aggregated channel bandwidth.

NOTE 4: The F_{interferer} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interferer tested and shall be further adjusted to $\begin{bmatrix} F_{interferer} / 0.015 + 0.5 \end{bmatrix} 0.015 + 0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

7.6.2 Out-of-band blocking

Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. For the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.

7.6.2.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24, 6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} / 6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1). For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB}+2\cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configurations (see Figure 5.6-1) and L_{CRBs} is the number of resource blocks allocated in the uplink. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in		REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Units		Free	quency	
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Range 4
	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,			F _{DL_low} -15 to F _{DL_low} -60	F _{DL_low} -60 to F _{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz	-
12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 (NOTE 2), 43 (NOTE 2), 44	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz	-
2, 5, 12, 17	Finterferer	MHz	-	-	-	FUL_low - FUL_high

Table 7.6.2.1-2: Out of band blocking

NOTE 1: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the out of blocking is FFS.

NOTE 2: The power level of the interferer (P_{Interferer}) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F_{Interferer} > 2800 MHz and F_{Interferer} < 4400 MHz.

7.6.2.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with the uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The throughput in the downlink measured shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1A-0. The UE shall meet these requirements for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the out-of-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.2.1A do not apply.

Table 7.6.2.1A-0: out-of-band blocking for inter-band carrier aggregation with one active uplink

Parameter	Unit	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
Pw	dBm	Table 7.6.	2.1-1 for both component of	arriers
Pinterferer	dBm	$-44 + \Delta R_{IB,c}$	-30 + ∆R _{IB,c}	-15 + ∆R _{IB,c}
Finterferer	MHz	$-60 < f - F_{DL_Low(1)} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_Low(1)} \le -60$	$1 \le f \le F_{DL_Low(1)} - 85$
(CW)		or	or	or
		$-60 < f - F_{DL_Low(2)} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_Low(2)} \le -60$	$F_{DL_High(1)} + 85 \le f$
		or	or	≤ F _{DL_Low(2)} − 85
		$15 < f - F_{DL_High(1)} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL_High(1)} < 85$	or
		or	or	$F_{DL_High(2)} + 85 \le f$
		$15 < f - F_{DL \ High(2)} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL_High(2)} < 85$	≤ 12750

NOTE 1: F_{DL_Low(1)} and F_{DL_High(1)} denote the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the lower operating band, F_{DL_Low(2)} and F_{DL_High(2)} the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the upper operating band.

NOTE 2: For F_{DL_Low(2)} – F_{DL_High(1)} < 145 MHz and F_{Interferer} in F_{DL_High(1)} < f < F_{DL_Low(2)}, F_{Interferer} can be in both Range 1 and Range 2. Then the lower of the P_{Interferer} applies.

NOTE 3: For $F_{DL_Low(1)} - 15$ MHz $\leq f \leq F_{DL_High(1)} + 15$ MHz and $F_{DL_Low(2)} - 15$ MHz $\leq f \leq F_{DL_High(2)} + 15$ MHz the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking in the respective subclauses 7.5.1A and 7.6.1.1A shall be applied.

NOTE 4: $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ according to Table 7.3.1-1A applies when serving cell c is measured.

For Table 7.6.2.1A-0 in frequency ranges 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions per downlink are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a step size of 1 MHz. For these exceptions the requirements in clause 7.7.1A apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggreagations the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.2.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1

for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2.

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6.2.1A-1 and Tables 7.6.2.1A-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1A-1 and 7.6.2.1A-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1A-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24.6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1A-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	nits CA Bandwidth Class					
		В	С	D	Е	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per	dBm	REFSE	ENS + CA B	andwidth Cl below	ass specifi	c value	
CC			9				
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below	PCMAX_L,c C	or Pcmax_L a	s defined in	subclause	6.2.5A.		
NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is spec	ified in Anr	nex A.3.2 wi	ith one side	d dynamic C	OCNG Patte	ern OP.1	
FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/	A.5.2.						

Table 7.6.2.1A-2: Out of band blocking

CA configuration	Parameter	Units	Frequency		
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
	Pinterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15
	F _{Interferer}		F _{DL_low} -15 to F _{DL_low} -60	F _{DL_low} -60 to F _{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz
CA_1C, <u>CA_3C</u> , CA_7C , CA_38C, CA_40C, CA_41C	(CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.2.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions per assigned E-UTRA channel per sub-block of the E-UTRA CA configuration are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB} + 2 \cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions per assigned E-UTRA channel per sub-block of the E-UTRA CA configuration are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

7.6.3 Narrow band blocking

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band CW interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

7.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1-1

Table 7.6.3.1-1: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	er Unit Channel Bandwidth						
Faranteter	Ollit	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Pw	dDm	P _R	EFSENS + cha	nnel-bandwi	dth specific	value belo	w
Pw	dBm	22	18	16	13	14	16
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz	0.9075	1.7025	2.7075	5.2125	7.7025	10.2075
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz						

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, P_{UW} power defined in Table 7.6.3.1-1 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.6.3.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the narrow-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.3.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the narrow-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.3.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the narrow band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.3.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.6.3.1A-1: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	Unit	CA Bandwidth Class					
Faranietei	Offic	В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REF:	SENS + CA Bandy	width Class s	specific value	e below	
Configuration, per CC	UDIII		16 ⁴				
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm		-55				
F _{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz		- F _{offset} - 0.2 / + F _{offset} + 0.2				
F _{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz						

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The F_{uw} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interfererand shall be further adjusted to $[F_{interferer}/0.015 + 0.5]0.015 + 0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.
- NOTE 4: The requirement is applied for the band combinations whose component carriers' BW≥5 MHz.

7.6A Void

<Reserved for future use>

7.6B Blocking characteristics for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in subclause 7.6 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2 is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2.

Table 7.7.1-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Power in		REF	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
Transmission	dBm							
Bandwidth	иын	6	6	6	6	7	9	
Configuration								

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

N OTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44
F _{Interferer}	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.7.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.7.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The throughput measured in each downlink with $F_{interferer}$ in Table 7.6.2.1A-0 at spurious response frequencies shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2. The UE shall meet these requirements for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the spurious response requirements of subclause 7.7.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.7.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1A-1 and 7.7.1A-2.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.7.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.7.1A-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class				
		В	С	D	Е	F
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSE	ENS + CA Bar	ndwidth Class	specific value	e below
Configuration, per CC	иын		9			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below PcMAX_L,c or PcMAX_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern
OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1A-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

7.7.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.7.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Wide band intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined following the same principles using modulated E-UTRA carrier and CW signal as interferer.

7.8.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1.1 for the specified wanted signal mean power in the presence of two interfering signals

Rx Parameter Units Channel bandwidth 1.4 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below Power in Transmission dBm Bandwidth 12 8 7 9 Configuration dBm PInterferer 1 -46 (CW) dBm PInterferer 2 -46 (Modulated) BW Interferer 2 1.4 MHz -BW/2 -2.1 -BW/2 -4.5 -BW/2 - 7.5Finterferer 1 (Offset) +BW/2+ 2.1 +BW/2 + 4.5+BW/2 + 7.5F_{Interferer 2} MHz 2*FInterferer 1 (Offset)

Table 7.8.1.1-1: Wide band intermodulation

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz

For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{interferer1}$ and $P_{interferer2}$ powers defined in Table 7.8.1.1-1 are increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.8.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.8.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA

CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the wideband intermodulation requirements of subclause 7.8.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggegation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.8.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.8.1A-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1A-1

Table 7.8.1A-1: Wide band intermodulation

Rx parameter	Units	S CA Bandwidth Class						
-		В	С	D	E	F		
Pw in		RI	FSENS + CA B	andwidth Class	specific value be	low		
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		12					
P _{Interferer 1} (CW)	dBm	-46						
P _{Interferer 2} (Modulated)	dBm			-46				
BW _{Interferer 2}	MHz		5					
Finterferer 1 (Offset)	MHz		-F _{offset} -7.5 / + F _{offset} +7.5					
F _{Interferer 2} (Offset)	MHz	2*FInterferer 1						

- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1.
- NOTE 4: The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz.
- NOTE 5: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.8.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. The wide band intermodulation requirements shall be supported for out-of-gap test only.

7.8.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in subclause 7.8.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter PCMAX_L is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.8.2 Void

7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

7.9.1 Minimum requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1-1

Table 7.9.1-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	
12.75 GHz \leq f \leq 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	1

NOTE 1: Applies only for Band 22, Band 42 and Band 43

NOTE 2: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in Annex C.3.1.

7.9.1A Minimum requirements

For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1A-1.

Table 7.9.1A-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

NOTE 1: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in Annex C.3.1.

NOTE 2: The requirements apply when the UE is configured for carrier aggregation but is not

transmitting.

7.10 Receiver image

7.10.1 Void

7.10.1A Minimum requirements for CA

Receiver image rejection is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive the E-UTRA signal on one component carrier while it is also configured to receive an adjacent aggregated carrier. Receiver image rejection ratio is the ratio of the wanted received power on a sub-carrier being measured to the unwanted image power received on the same sub-carrier when both sub-carriers are received with equal power at the UE antenna connector.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.10.1A-1 for all values of aggregated input signal up to -22 dBm.

Table 7.10.1A-1: Receiver image rejection

		CA bandwidth class					
Rx parameter	Units	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
Receiver image rejection	dB			25			

8 Performance requirement

This clause contains performance requirements for the physical channels specified in TS 36.211 [4]. The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A.3, the propagation conditions in Annex B and the downlink channels in Annex C.3.2.

Note: For the requirements in the following sections, similar Release 8 and 9 requirements apply for time domain measurements restriction under colliding CRS.

8.1 General

8.1.1 Dual-antenna receiver capability

The performance requirements are based on UE(s) that utilize a dual-antenna receiver.

For all test cases, the SNR is defined as

$$SNR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{oc}^{(1)} + N_{oc}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SNR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SNR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SNR requirement applies for the UE categories and CA capabilities given for each test.

For enhanced performance requirements type A, the SINR is defined as

$$SINR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{oc}^{(1)} + N_{oc}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SINR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SINR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SINR requirement applies for the UE categories given for each test.

Table 8.1.1-1: Void

8.1.1.1 Simultaneous unicast and MBMS operations

8.1.1.2 Dual-antenna receiver capability in idle mode

8.1.2 Applicability of requirements

8.1.2.1 Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths

In Clause 8 the test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth to verify the same target FRC conditions with the same propagation conditions, correlation matrix and antenna configuration.

8.1.2.2 Definition of CA capability

The definition with respect to CA capabilities for 2CCs is given as in Table 8.1.2.2-1.

Table 8.1.2.2-1: Definition of CA capability with 2DL CCs

CA Capability	CA Capability Description
CA2_C	Intra-band contiguous CA
CA2_A2	Inter-band CA
C2A_N2	Intra-band non-contiguous CA
con CA: con CA:	2_C corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth abination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-1 for 2 DL CCs. 2_A2 corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth abination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-2 for 2 DL CCs. 2_N2 corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth abination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-3 for 2 DL CCs.

The supported testable aggregated CA bandwidth combinations for 2CCs for each CA capability are listed in Table 8.1.2.2-2.

Table 8.1.2.2-2: Supported testable aggregated CA bandwidth combinations for different CA capability with 2DL CCs

CA Capability	Bandwidth combination for FDD CA	Bandwidth combination for TDD CA						
CA2_C	20+20MHz	20+20MHz						
CA2_A2	10+10MHz, 10+15MHz,	NA						
	10+20MHz, 15+20MHz,							
	20+20MHz							
CA2_N2 10+10MHz 20+20Ml								
Note 1: This table is only for information and applicability and test rules								
of C	A performance requirements a	are specified in 8.1.2.3 and						

For test cases with more than one component carrier, "Fraction of Maximum Throughput" in the performance requirement refers to the ratio of the sum of throughput values of all component carriers to the sum of the nominal maximum throughput values of all component carriers, unless otherwise stated.

9.1.1.2.

8.1.2.3 Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets

The performance requirement for CA UE demodulation tests in Clause 8 are defined independent of CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Clause 5.6A.1. For UEs supporting different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets, the applicability and test rules are defined for the tests for 2 DL CCs in Table 8.1.2.3-1. For simplicity, CA configuration below refers to combination of CA configuration and bandwidth combination set.

Table 8.1.2.3-1: Applicability and test rules for CA UE demodulation tests with 2 DL CCs

Tests	CA capability where the tests apply	CA configuration from the selected CA capbility where the tests apply	CA Bandwidth combination to be tested in priority order
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.1.1, 8.2.1.4.3	Any one of the supported CA capabilities	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.3.1	Each supported CA capability	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations in each CA capability	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.3.1A, 8.7.1	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.7.1	CA2_C	Supported FDD intra-band contiguous CA configurations covering the lowest and highest operating bands	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combinations
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.1.1, 8.2.2.4.3	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.3.1	Each supported CA capability	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations in each CA capability with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.3.1A, 8.7.2	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in 8.2.2.7.1	CA2_C	Supported TDD intra-band contiguous CA configurations covering the lowest and highest operating bands	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combinations
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.8.1	CA2_N2	CA_3A-3A defined in Table 5.6A.1-3	10+10 MHz

Note 1: The applicability and test rules are specified in this table, unless otherwise stated.

Note 2: Number of the supported bandwidth combinations to be tested from each selected CA configuration is one.

8.1.2.4 Test coverage for different number of component carriers

For FDD tests specified in 8.2.1.1.1, 8.2.1.3.1, 8.2.1.4.3, and 8.7.1, if corresponding CA tests are tested, the test coverage can be considered fulfilled without executing single carrier tests.

For TDD tests specified in 8.2.2.1.1, 8.2.2.3.1, 8.2.2.4.3, and 8.7.2, if corresponding CA tests are tested, the test coverage can be considered fulfilled without executing single carrier tests.

8.2 Demodulation of PDSCH (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.2.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Cyclic Prefix		Normal
Cell_ID		0
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured

8.2.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.3 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6- 8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18	Test 19
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0
N_{oc} at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)				
Modulation			QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM	QPSK
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

				Drana	Correlation	Reference	value	
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	Propa- gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate gory
1	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.4	≥1
3	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
4	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	1x2	70	-2.4	≥1
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
6	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	≥2
6	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	≥2
'	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	≥2
8	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥1
40	5 MHz	R.6 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.4	≥2
10	5 MHz	R.6-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.5	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
''	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.0	≥2
12	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	18.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	≥2
13	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	17.8	1
4.4	15 MHz	R.8 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
14	15 MHz	R.8-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.8	1
	20 MHz	R.9 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥3
15	20 MHz	R.9-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.3	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
17	10 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
18	20 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
19	10 MHz	R.41 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-5.4	≥1

Note 1: Void. Note 2: Void.

Note 3: Void.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-3: Test Parameters for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
allocation	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at	N_{oc} at antenna port		-98
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)
Modulation			QPSK
PDSCH tra	ansmission mode		1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall

be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 4: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-4: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	ce value	
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory
1	2x10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥3 (Note 2)
2	2x20 MHz	R.42 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.3	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: 30usec timing difference between two CCs is applied in inter-band CA case.

Note 3: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.1.2 Void

8.2.1.1.3 Void

8.2.1.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the

whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are

not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes,

QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput	SNR (dB)	Category
					J	(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.29 FDD	OP.3 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1

8.2.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter	,	Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_R = 1$.			

Table 8.2.1.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	≥2
	5 MHz	R.11-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	5.9	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	2x2	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter	ı	Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Table 8.2.1.2.2-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	UE	
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.6	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.9	≥1

8.2.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Table 8.2.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.2.3-2	6	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	
Subframe Configura	tion		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	nous cells)	
Cell Id			0	1	
ABS pattern (Note	5)		N/A	11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	
RLM/RRM Measurement (Note 6)	Subframe		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	
	Ccsi,0		11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets (Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111011 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	
Number of control OFDM			2	2	
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.2.3-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number			OCNG Propagation Pattern Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)		
1	R.11-4 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA 5	2x2 Medium	70	3.4	≥2	
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.									
Note 2:	SNR corresponds to \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.									
Note 3: Note 4:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.									
Note 5:	The maximum	Through	put is cal	culated f	rom the tota	al Payload in 9 s	ubframes, avera	aged ove	r 40ms.	

8.2.1.2.3A Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.3A-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cells with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table8.2.1.2.3A- 2	12	10	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN		Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A 3		-1	
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0 126		1	
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A	
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		2	Note 9	Note 9	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.

Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.2.3A-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note1)			Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value		UE Category
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.11-4 FDD Note 4	OP.1FDD	OP.1FDD	OP.1FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.4	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.2.4 Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A - 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 3 interference model defined in clause B.5.2. In Table 8.2.1.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-2.23	-8.06
BWChannel		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.2	As specified in clause B.5.2
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Reporting interva	Reporting interval		5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
			PUSCH(Note 5)	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		2	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: Cell 2 transmission is delayed with respect to Cell 1 by 0.33 ms and Cell 3 transmission is delayed with respect to Cell 1 by 0.67 ms.

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5 and #0.

Table 8.2.1.2.4-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Transmit Diversity (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		opagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value		UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.46 FDD	OP. 1 FD D	N/A	N/A	EV A70	EV A70	EV A70	2x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.1.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Devention and a	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$.			_

Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: Void Note 3: Void

Table 8.2.1.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

				Drong	Correlation	Reference	value	
Test num	Bandwidth	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	Propa- gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.0	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA200	2x2 Low	70	20.2	≥2
3	10 MHz	R.35-4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	2x2 Low	70	19.7	≥2

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: Test 1 may not be executed for UE-s for which Test 1 or 2 in Table 8.2.1.3.1-4 is applicable

Table 8.2.1.3.1-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_R = 1$

Note 2: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to

feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each

component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-4: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	e value	
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory

1	2x10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.7	≥3
2	2x20 MHz	R.30 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: Void.

Note 3: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined

in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.3.1A Soft buffer management test

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the UE performance with proper instantaneous buffer implementation. The test points are applied to UE category and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-3.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-1: Test Parameters for soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-7
Develiels never	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: For CA test cases, PUCCH format 1b with channel

selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: For CA test cases, the same PDSCH transmission mode

is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-2: Minimum performance soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

				Propa-		Reference	e value
Test num	Bandwi dth	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	Correlation matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2x20 MHz	R.30 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2
2	15MHz +	R.35-2 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2v2 L ov	70	15.1
2	10MHz	R.35-3 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAS	A5 2x2 Low	70	15.1
3	20MHz +	R.30 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	E\/\\ 70	EVA70 2x2 Low	70	13.5
3	10MHz	R.11 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA/U		70	13.5
4	20MHz +	R.30 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.5
4	15MHz	R.30-1 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA7U	ZXZ LOW	70	13.5
5	2x20 MHz	R.35-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.8
6	20MHz +	R.35-1 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2v2 L ow	70	15.9
0	10MHz	R.35-3 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAS	2x2 Low	70	15.9
7	20MHz +	R.35-1 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	E\/^E	0.01	70	15.9
7	15MHz	R.35-2 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.9

Note 1:

For CA test cases, the OCNG pattern applies for each CC. For Test 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 the Fraction of maximum Throughput applies to each CC. Note 2:

The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined Note 3: in 8.1.2.3.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-3: Test points for soft buffer management tests for CA

IIE ootogony	Bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth (Note 1)								
UE category	2x20MHz	15MHz+10MHz	20MHz+10MHz	20MHz+15MHz					
3	1	2	3	4					
4 5		N/A 6		7					
Note 1: Maximum of	Note 1: Maximum over all supported CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets according to Table 5.6A.1-								
1and Table	5.6A.1-2.	-		-					

8.2.1.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$			

Table 8.2.1.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.3	≥2

8.2.1.3.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The requirements for MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.3-4, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Tables 8.2.1.3.3-1 and 8.2.1.3.3-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configura	ation		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Note	÷ 5)		N/A	11000100, 11000000, 11000000, 11000000, 11000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern(Note 6)			1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note	Ccsi,0		11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A
7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111011 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A
Number of control OFDN			2	2
PDSCH transmission	3	N/A		
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.

Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	/alue	UE Category
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	13.3	≥2
Note 1:	The propagati	on conditi	ons for C	ell 1 and	Cell2 are	statistically indepe	endent.		
Note 2:	SNR correspo	nds to \widehat{E}	$_{s}/N_{oc2}$ c	of cell 1.					

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.3-4	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configur	ation		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Cell Id			0	126
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Note	÷ 5)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern (Note 6			0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note	Ccsi,0		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
7)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 10)			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control OFDN			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbol #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4th, 12th, 19th and 27th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 10: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 11: The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-4: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation litions te 2)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	trix and		UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)		
1	R.11 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	12.0	≥2	
Note 1:			onditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.							
Note 2:	SNR correspo	onds to \widehat{E}	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.							

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 4 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.3.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.4-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cells with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.3.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 ad Cell3.

Table 8.2.1.3.4-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}			Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	
BWChannel		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0	1	126	
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)			00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A	
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
PDSCH transmissio			3	Note 9	Note 9	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.

Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.4-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numb	Refer ence	$\hat{E}_s/$	N_{oc2}	OC	NG Patt	ern		ropagations (N		Correlatio n Matrix	Reference	Reference Value	
er	Chan nel	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximu m Through put (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 FDD Note 4	9	7	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	13.9	≥2
2	R.35 FDD Note 4	9	1	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	22.6	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granul	arity	PRB	6	50
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8	8
Reporting interv	/al	ms	1	1
Reporting mod	le		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetR on bitmap	estricti		001111	001111
PDSCH transmis mode	sion		4	4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
	number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
	1	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-2.5	≥1
Г	2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.1.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granula	rity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8
Reporting interv	al	ms	1
Reporting mode	Э		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe	estricti		0000000000000000
on bitmap			0000000000000000
			0000000000000000
			11111111111111111
PDSCH transmiss	sion		4
mode			

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: If the U

If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.2	≥1

8.2.1.4.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A - Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port with TM4 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding with two transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 4 interference model defined in clause B.5.3. In Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		6	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.3	As specified in clause B.5.3
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Precoding granular	rity	PRB	50	6	6
PMI delay (Note 4	l)	ms	8	N/A	N/A
Reporting interval		ms	5	N/A	N/A
	Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			1111	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI		PUSCH(Note 6)	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		2	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 5: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5 and #0.

Table 8.2.1.4.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		Propagation Conditions		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Reference Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.47 FDD	OP. 1 FD D	N/A	N/A	EV A5	EV A5	EV A5	2x2 Low	70	0.8	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.1.4.1C Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
anocation	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	•		Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between Cells		Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	ABS pattern (Note 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmission mode			6	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity		PRB	50	N/A	N/A
PMI delay (Note 10)		ms	8	N/A	N/A
	Reporting interval		1	N/A	N/A
Peporting mod			PUSCH 3-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			1111	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Reference

Channel

Test

Number

Note 5:

OCNG Pattern

Reference Value

UE

Cate

Note 1:	$P_{\rm B}=1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe
	overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the
	aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9].
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in
	[7]
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI
	measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe
	indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying
	OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	·
	estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at
	the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 12:	
THOLE 12.	

Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2: Minimum Performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)- Non-MBSFN ABS

Propagation

Conditions (Note1)

Correlation

Matrix and

		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory	
1	R.11 FDD	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1	EPA5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 High	70	6.1	≥2	
	Note 4	FDD	FDD	FDD								
Note 1:								ally independen				
Note 2:					iguration	apply for	Cell 1, C	Cell 2 and Cell 3.				
Note 3:	SNR corresp	onds to I	E_s/N_{oc2}	of cell 1.								
Note 4:		n the serv	ing cell s	ubframe	when the	subfram	e is over	lapped with the	ciated PDCCH/F ABS subframe o			

8.2.1.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.2-2,with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance

at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	18.9	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	14.3	≥2

8.2.1.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	ſ	Unit	Test 1
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3

$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granularity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note 2)	ms	8
Reporting interval	ms	1
Reporting mode		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRestrictio		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
n bitmap		000000011111111111111100
		0000000000000
PDSCH transmission mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame

SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink

before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void. Note 5: Void.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference v	SNR (dB)	
Test num.	Band- width	Referencechannel	OCNG gat		Correlation matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	_	UE cate- gory
1	10 MHz	R.36 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	14.7	≥2
Note 1:	Void					•		·

Table 8.2.1.4.3-3: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Danielinkanania	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	6	8
PMI delay (Not	PMI delay (Note 2)		8	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		0000000000000	0000000000000
bitmap			0000000000000	0000000000000
			0000001111111	0000001111111
			1111111110000	1111111110000
			00000000000	000000000000
CSI request field (Note 3)		'1	0'
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4	4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Multiple CC-s under test are configured as the 1st set of serving cells by higher layers.

Note 4: ACK/NACK bits are transmitted using PUSCH with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection configured.

Note 5: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-4: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	e value	
Test num.	Band- width	Referencechannel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory
1	2x10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	10.8	≥3
2	2x20 MHz	R.14-3 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	10.9	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.1.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.1.7 Carrier aggregation with power imbalance

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband adjancent carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell in the presence of a stronger SCell signal on an adjacent frequency. Throughput is measured on the PCell only.

8.2.1.7.1 Minimum Requirement

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.7.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.7.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.7.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1				
Dawelink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
	σ dB		0				
$\hat{E}_{s-PCell}$ at anten PCell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-85				
$\hat{E}_{s-SCell}$ at anten Scell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-79				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	Off (Note 2)				
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 3)				
Modulatio	n		64 QAM				
Maximum number transmission			1				
Redundancy version			{0}				
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		1				
PDSCH tramsmiss of SCell	sion mode		3				
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.							
Note 2: No external noise sources are applied Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE: the data transmitted over							

Table 8.2.1.7.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

pseudo random data.

Void.

Note 4:

the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated.

Test Number	Band- width		Reference Channel		OCNG Pattern		gation itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna		Matrix and Antenna TI		Maximum Throughput (%)		UE Category
		PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell			
1	2x20M Hz	R.49 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	OP.5 FDD	Clause B.1	Clause B.1	1x2	2x2	85%	NA	≥5		
Note 1: Note 2:	the cor	ntrol char	nnel and l	PDSCH.						pattern for		sed to fill s is defined		

8.2.1.8 Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with timing offset

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband non-contiguous carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell and SCell in the presence of timing offset between the cells. Throughput is measured on both cells.

8.2.1.8.1 Minimum Requirement

in 8.1.2.3.

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.8.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.8.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.8.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Modulatio	n		64 QAM
Maximum number transmission			4
Redundancy version sequence	•		{0,0,1,2}
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		3
PDSCH tramsmiss of SCell	sion mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Note 2: The OCNG pattern is used to fill unused control channel and PDSCH.

Table 8.2.1.8.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

Test	Cell	Band-	Referenc	OCNG	Propagati	Correlati	Refence value		Timing	UE
Numbe		width	e	Patter	on	on	Fraction of	SNR	relative	Catego
r			Channel	n	Condition s	Matrix and	Maximum Throughput	(dB)	to PCell (µs)	ry
						Antenna	(%)		(μο)	
1	PCell	10MH z	R.60 FDD	OP.1	EPA200	2x2 Low	70	21.15	N/A	≥3
'	SCell	10MH z	R.35-3 FDD	FDD	EPA200	2x2 Low	60	15.18	-30.26	23

Note 1:

The EPA200 propagation channels applied to PCell and SCell are statistically independent.

The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in Note 2:

8.2.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
	Table 4.2-2 in TS 36. Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.	

8.2.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.4 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.2.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6-8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18	Test 19
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0
power allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)

	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0
N_{oc} at anter	nna	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols fo	r		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
unused PRI			(Note 2)				
Modulation	n		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM	QPSK
ACK/NACI	K		Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing
feedback mo	ode		,	,	,	,	
PDSCH	•		1	1	1	1	1
transmission n	node						

 $P_B = 0$ Note 1:

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. Note 2:

. Void. Note 3: Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.6	≥1
3	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	-0.2	≥1
4	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	1x2	70	-2.6	≥1
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
6	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥1
10	5 MHz	R.6 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥2
	5 MHz	R.6-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	1

14	15 MHz	R.8 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	≥2
	15 MHz	R.8-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	1
15	20 MHz	R.9 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥3
	20 MHz	R.9-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	≥1
17	10 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1
18	20 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	≥1
19	10 MHz	R.41 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-5.3	≥1
Note 1:	Void							

Table 8.2.2.1.1-3: Test Parameters for CA

ı	Parameter		Test 1
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc}	N_{oc} at antenna port		-98
Symbols	s for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)
1	Modulation		QPSK
ACK/NA	CK feedback mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel selection
PDSCH	transmission mode		1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one

PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated

pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-4: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

					Correlation	Reference value			
Test number	Bandwidth	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE Category	
1	2x20MHz	R.42 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	≥5	

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.1.2 Void

8.2.2.1.3 Void

8.2.2.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Unit

Test 1

	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)			
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1			
Note 1: $P_B = 0$. Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the						

first slot.

Parameter

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain

QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are

not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes, QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
					Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
					Configuration	Throughput		
						(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.29 TDD	OP.3 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1

8.2.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$						

Table 8.2.2.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Bandw	Reference	OCNG Propagation Co		Correlation	Reference	value	UE	
number	idth	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
1	10 MHz	R.11 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	≥2	
· ·	5 MHz	R.11-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	1	
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	2x2	70	-2.3	≥1	

8.2.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$						

Table 8.2.2.2.2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.2	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.5	≥1

8.2.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Table 8.2.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink conf	iguration		1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{ac} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.2.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configu	ıration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synchronous cells)	
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremer Pattern (Note			0000000001 0000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000010001 0000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFD	M symbols		2	2
ACK/NACK feedbac			Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission	n mode		2	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1 and Cell2 is the same.

Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.2.3-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference	UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11-4 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.8	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.2.3A Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1	1	
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2	12	10	
BWChannel		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0	126	1	
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A	
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A	
	PDSCH transmission mode		2			
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

- Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and		UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11-4 TDD Note 4	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.5	≥2
	,										

- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are Note 4: transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms. Note 5:

8.2.2.2.4 Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 3 interference model defined in clause B.5.2. In Table 8.2.2.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Parameter	Parameter			Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix	Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission			2	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.2	As specified in clause B.5.2
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Reporting interva	ms	5	N/A	N/A	
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A	
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI		PUSCH(Note 5)	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		4	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.2.2.2.4-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Transmit Diversity (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		opagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value		UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.46 TDD	OP. 1 TD D	N/A	N/A	EV A70	EV A70	EV A70	2x2 Low	70	-1.4	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.2.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas. The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1-2
Daniel a annua	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ack mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		3
NI 4 B 4	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Note 1: $P_B = 1$ Note 2: Void. Note 3: Void.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
num ber		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Cate gory
1	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.1	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA200	2x2 Low	70	20.3	≥2
3	10 MHz	R.35-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	2x2 Low	70	20.3	≥2
Note 1	: Void							

Table 8.2.2.3.1-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Parameter	ı	Unit	Test 1
Daniel la sanca	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel selection
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: P = 1			_

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-4: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

I						Correlation	Referenc	e value	
	Test num ber	Bandwidth	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE Category

1	2x20 MHz	R.30-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.7	≥5	
Note 1	Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.								
Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in									

8.2.2.3.1A Soft buffer management test

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify UE performance with proper instantaneous buffer implementation.

Table 8.2.2.3.1A-1: Test Parameters for soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		- (Note 2)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$

Note 2: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: For CA test cases, the same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.3.1A-2: Minimum performance soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
numb er		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Categ ory
1	2x20 MHz	R.30-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2	3
2	2x20 MHz	R.35-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.7	4

Note 1: For CA test cases, the OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in

8.2.2.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Devention of the second	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Table 8.2.2.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	/alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.14 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.2	≥2

8.2.2.3.3 Minimum Requirement 2Tx antenna port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The requirements for MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.3-4, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Tables 8.2.2.3.3-1 and 8.2.2.3.3-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Uplink downlink config	guration		1	1	
Special subframe conf	iguration		4	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.3-2	6	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	
Subframe Configur	ation		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Cell Id			0	1	
Time Offset between	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synchronous cells)		
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000010001, 0000000001	
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern (Note 6			000000001, 000000001	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000010001, 000000001	N/A	
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A	
Number of control OFDI	/I symbols		2	2	
ACK/NACK feedback			Multiplexing	N/A	
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	/alue	UE Category
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	14.0	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) – MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1
Special subframe conf	iguration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}			Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.3-4	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configu	Subframe Configuration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Cell Id			0	126
Time Offset between	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremen Pattern (Note 6			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		000000001 000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 10)			N/A	000010
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	2
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission	n mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10,#11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbol #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 10: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-4: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	OCNG Pattern		gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5)	Maximum (dB) Throughput (Note	
1	R.11 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	12.2	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel. Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.3.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.4-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.3.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.3.4-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2
BW _{Channel}	BW _{Channel}		10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	Number of control OFDM symbols		2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feedbac	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.3.4-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Num	Refer ence	$\mathbf{L}_{s}/\mathbf{W}_{oc2}$		OCNG Pattern				ropagations (N		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate
ber	Chan nel	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 TDD Note 4	9	7	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	14.2	≥2
2	R.35 TDD Note 4	9	1	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	22.7	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Develiels never	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granular	ity	PRB	6	50
PMI delay (Note 2	2)	ms	10 or 11	10 or 11
Reporting interva	ı	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRest	riction		001111	001111
bitmap				
ACK/NACK feedback	mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	mode		4	4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-3.1	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.8	≥1

8.2.2.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granul	arity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting inter	val	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mod	le		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetR	estricti		00000000000000000
on bitmap			00000000000000000
			00000000000000111
			1111111111111
ACK/NACK feedl	oack		Multiplexing
mode			
PDSCH transmis	sion		4
mode			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			
Note 2: If the UE	reports	in an available un	link reporting instance

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	UE	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.5	≥1

8.2.2.4.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port with TM4 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-

one performance with wideband precoding with two transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 4 interference model defined in clause B.5.3. In Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix	Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		6	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.3	As specified in clause B.5.3
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Precoding granular	rity	PRB	50	6	6
PMI delay (Note 4	1)	ms	10 or 11	N/A	N/A
Reporting interva	ıl	ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode	Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			1111	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI	reporting		PUSCH(Note 6)	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		4	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 5: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.2.2.4.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			pagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.47 TDD	OP. 1 TD D	N/A	N/A	EV A5	EV A5	EV A5	2x2 Low	70	1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.2.4.1C Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	c downlink configuration		1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feeback	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode	PRB	6	Note 9	Note 9
	Precoding granularity		50	N/A	N/A
PMI delay (Note	elay (Note 10)		10 or 11	N/A	N/A
Reporting inter	orting interval		1 or 4 (Note 11)	N/A	N/A
Peporting mod			PUSCH 3-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		1111	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 11: For Uplink downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.
- Note 12: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 13: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2: Minimum Performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)- Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern				opagations (N		Correlation Matrix and	Reference '	UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 TDD Note 4	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 High	70	6.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be

applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval

will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	19.5	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	13.9	≥2

8.2.2.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Paramete	ſ	Unit	Test 1			
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	3			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
Precoding gran	ularity	PRB	6			
PMI delay (No	te 2)	ms	10 or 11			
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)			
Reporting mo	ode		PUSCH 1-2			
ACK/NACK feedba	ick mode		Bundling			
CodeBookSubsetR	estriction		000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
bitmap			0000011111111111111111000000			
			000000000			
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		4			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.						
Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate

between 1ms and 4ms.

Note 4: Void. Note 5: Void. Note 6: Void.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagatio	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	n Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.36 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	15.7	≥2
Note 1:	Void							

Table 8.2.2.4.3-3: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Parameter	Parameter		Test 1
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3

N_{oc} at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granularity	PRB	8
PMI delay (Note 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting interval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mode		PUSCH 1-2
ACK/NACK feedback mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel
		selection
CodeBookSubsetRestriction		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
bitmap		00001111111111111111100000000
		0000000
CSI request field (Note 4)		'10'
PDSCH transmission mode		4

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n

based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Note 4: Multiple CC-s under test are configured as the 1st set of serving cells by high

layers.

Note 5: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-4: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referenc	e value	UE Category
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	2x20 MHz	R.43 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	11.1	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in

8.2.2.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.2.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.2.7 Carrier aggregation with power imbalance

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband adjancent carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell in the presence of a stronger SCell signal on an adjacent frequency. Throughput is measured on the PCell only.

8.2.2.7.1 Minimum Requirement

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.7.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.7.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.2.7.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0		
$\hat{E}_{s-PCell}$ at anten PCell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-85		
$\hat{E}_{s-SCell}$ at anten Scell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-79		
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	Off (Note 2)		
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 3)		
Modulatio	n		64 QAM		
Maximum number transmission			1		
Redundancy version	U		{0}		
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		1		
PDSCH transmiss of SCell	ion mode		3		
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.					
Note 2: No external noise sources are applied. Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to					

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one

pseudo random data.

PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated

Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.2.7.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

Test Number	Band- width		rence nnel	OCNG I	Pattern Propagation Conditions			Correlation Matrix and Antenna		x and Fraction of		UE Category
		PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	
1	2x20M Hz	R.49 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	OP.5 TDD	Clause B.1	Clause B.1	1x2	2x2	85%	NA	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern for PCell is used to fill the control channel. The OCNG pattern for SCell is used to fill the control channel and PDSCH.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.3 Demodulation of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.3.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.1-1 are valid for FDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.1-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRG for Transmission mode 9 and 10 Time domain: 1 ms
Note 1: Void. Note 2: Void.		

8.3.1.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1-1 and 8.3.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, and to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power.

Table 8.3.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2				
Deventink news	Downlink power $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		0	0				
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)				
amouation	σ	dB	-3	-3				
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1	Annex B.4.1				
Cell-specific reference	ence		Antenna	ports 0,1				
CSI reference sig	nals		Antenna ports 15,,18	Antenna ports 15,,18				
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse T _{CSI-RS} / Δ _{CSI-RS}	et	Subframes	5/2	5/2				
CSI reference sig	gnal		0	3				
Zero-power CSI- configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI- bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00010000000000000	3 / 00010000000000000				
N_{oc} at antenna ${ m p}$	oort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98				
Symbols for unus PRBs	sed		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)				
Number of alloca resource blocks (N		PRB	50	50				
Simultaneous transmission			No	Yes (Note 3, 5)				
PDSCH transmission mode			9	9				
Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8. Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna								

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the

OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $\,n_{\rm SCID}\,$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed

DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.1.1-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidt h and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughpu	value SNR (dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.43 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	t (%) 70	-1	≥1

Table 8.3.1.1-3: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	UE			
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category		
2	10 MHz 64QAM 1/2	R.50 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	21.9	≥2		
Note 1:	Note 1: The reference channel applies to both the input signal under test and the interfering signal.									

8.3.1.1A Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify closed loop rank one performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of one dominant interfering cell applying transmission mode 9 interference model defined in clause B.5.4. In 8.3.1.1A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2, respectively.

Table 8.3.1.1A-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with TM9 interference model

parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference s	signals		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A
CSI-RS periodic subframe offset $T_{\rm CSI}$	-RS / \Delta CSI-RS	Subframes	5/2	N/A
CSI reference configuration			0	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	N/A
DIP (Note	2)	dB	N/A	-1.73
BWChanne	I	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	126
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		9	N/A
Beamforming model			As specified in clause B.4.3 (Note 4, 5)	N/A
Interference n	nodel		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.4
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1		N/A	70
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2		N/A	30
Precoder update g	ranularity	PRB	50	6
PMI delay (No	ote 5)	Ms	8	N/A
Reporting inte	erval	Ms	5	N/A
Reporting m	ode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CodeBookSubsetF bitmap	Restriction		0000000000000000 00000000000000000 00000	N/A
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 6)	N/A
Simultaneous transmission			No simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test	N/A
Physical channel reporting			PUSCH(Note 8)	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configura			5	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: The modulation symbols of the signal under test in Cell 1 are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 4:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 5:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based
	on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI
	cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 6:	These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs
	with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs
	shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.
Note 7:	All cells are time-synchronous.
Note 8:	To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report
	both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in
	downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on
	PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.3.1.1A-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, CDM-multiplexed DM RS with TM9 interference model

	Test Number	Referenc e	OCNG Propag Pattern Condit		_	Correlatio n Matrix	Reference Value		UE Categor	
		Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	у
,	1	R.48 FDD	OP.1 FDD	N/A	EVA5	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.3.1.1B Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1B-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.3.1.1B-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.3.1.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.3.1.1B-1: Test parameters of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	-3	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.1B-2	12	10
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
Cell-specific reference	e signals		A	ntenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference sig			Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offso Tcsi-Rs / ∆csi-R	et s	Subframes	5/2	N/A	N/A
CSI reference signation			8	N/A	N/A
Zero-power CSI- configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPow bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00100000000000 00	N/A	N/A
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM			2	Note 8	Note 8
symbols PDSCH transmission mode			TM9-1layer	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity			Frequency domain: 1 PRG Time domain: 1 ms	N/A	N/A
Beamforming mo	odel		Annex B.4.1	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a
	subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the
	definition of the reference channel.
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at
Note 44:	the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Note 12:	
Note 13:	The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Table 8.3.1.1B-2: Minimum Performance of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Number	Channel	00	NG Patt	ern		Conditions (Note1)		Matrix and		Cate		
Number	Chamer	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory	
1	R.51 FDD	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1		EVA5		2x2 Low	70	7.8	≥2	1
		FDD	FDD	FDD								
Note 1:	The propagat	tion cond	itions for	Cell 1, C	ell 2 and	Cell 3 are	e statistic	ally independent	t.			
Note 2:	The correlation	on matrix	n matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.									
Note 3:	SNR correspo	onds to \hat{I}	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	of cell 1.								

8.3.1.2 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.2-1 where Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is set according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation, to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power, and to verify that the UE correctly estimate SNR.

Table 8.3.1.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

nor	parameter		Test 1		
para			Cell 1	Cell 2	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
power allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3	
anocation	PDSCH_RA	dB	4	NA	
	PDSCH_RB	dB	4	NA	

Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0 and 1	Antenna ports 0 and 1
Cell ID		0	126
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	NA
Beamforming model		Annex B.4.2	NA
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5/2	NA
CSI reference signal configuration		8	NA
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00100000000000000	NA
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.2-2	7.25dB
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	NA
Number of allocated resource blocks (Note 2)	PRB	50	NA
Simultaneous transmission		No	NA
PDSCH transmission mode		9	Blanked

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidth and MCS	Reference Channel		NG tern		gation dition	Correlation Matrix and	Reference	value	UE Categ
			Cell1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	ory
1	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.51 FDD	OP.1 FDD	N/A	ETU5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.2	2-8

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1.

8.3.1.3 Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports

8.3.1.3.1 Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.1-1 and Table 8.3.1.3.1-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6], configured according to Table

8.3.1.3.1-2. In Table 8.3.1.3.1-1 and 8.3.1.3.1-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Paramete	Parameter		TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific reference signals			Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI-RS 0 anteni	na ports		NA	Port {15,16}
qcl-CSI-RS-Configli CSI-RS 0 period subframe offset Tcs	icity and -RS / ∆csi-RS	Subframes	NA	5/2
qcl-CSI-RS-Configi CSI-RS 0 config	uration		NA	8
csi-RS-ConfigZPId power CSI-RS 0 co I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-R	nfiguration		NA	2/ 0000010000000000
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3
BW _{Channe}	l	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ïx		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	0
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		Blanked	10
Number of alloca	ted PRB	PRB	NA	50
qcl-Operation, PE Mapping and Qu Location Indic	asi-Co-		Туре	B, '00'
Time offset between	een TPs	μs	NA	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3
Frequency error be	tween TPs	Hz	NA	0
Beamforming I	model		NA	Port 7 as specified in clause B.4.1
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		NA	OCNG (Note 3)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Noet 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.1-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	s in each PQI set	hypothesi	smission s for each Set
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2

I	PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	Blanked	PDSCH

Table 8.3.1.3.1-3: Minimum performance for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Test Number	Reference Channel	OGCN pattern		Time Propagon Condition Co		itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TPs (μs)	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.52 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	2	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.1	≥2
2	R.52 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	-0.5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.6	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.1.3.2 Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.2-1 and 8.3.1.3.2-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.1.3.2-1 and 8.3.1.3.2-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) has same Cell ID as TP 1. Multiple NZP CSI-RS resources and ZP CSI-RS resources are configured. In each sub-frame, DL PDSCH transmission is dynamically switched between 2 TPs with multiple PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator configuration (PQI). Configurations of PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator and downlink transmission hypothesis are defined in Table 8.3.1.3.2-2. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3

Beamforming model		As specified in clause B.4.1	As specified in clause B.4.1
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI reference signals 0		Antenna ports {15,16}	N/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5/2	N/A
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		0	N/A
CSI reference signals 1		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset <i>T</i> _{CSI-RS} / Δ _{CSI-RS}	Subframes	N/A	5/2
CSI reference signal 1 configuration		N/A	8
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	2/ 001000000000000000	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS1 configuration /csi-Rs / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmaps	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	2/ 00000100000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BWchannel	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	0
Number of control OFDM symbols		2	2
Timing offset between TPs		N/A	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	0
Number of allocated resource blocks	PRB	50	50
PDSCH transmission mode		10	10
Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission(Note 3)	%	30	70
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)

Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: PDSCH transmission from TPs shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TPs are specified.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.2-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	Parameters in each PQI set					
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	TP 1	TP 2				
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	PDSCH	Blanked			
PQI set 1	CSI-RS 1	Blanked	PDSCH				

Table 8.3.1.3.2-3 Performance Requirements for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

Test Number	Timing offset(us)	Reference Channel		NG tern		agation ditions	Correlation Matrix and	Reference \	Value	UE Category
			TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2	R.53 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.2	≥2
2	-0.5	R.53 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.5	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of both TP 1 and TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.1.3.3 Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.3-1. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission points have different Cell ID and colliding CRS. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the frequency difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching behaviour according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.1.3.3-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH with different Cell ID. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.3-1 Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and Colliding CRS

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3

Beamforming model		N/A	As specified in clause B.4.2
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference signals 0		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5/2
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		N/A	0
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	2/ 001000000000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2 + 4dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BWchannel	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	126
Number of control OFDM symbols		1	2
Timing offset between TPs	us	N/A	0
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	200
qcl-Operation, 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'		Туре	B, '00'
PDSCH transmission mode		Blank	10
Number of allocated resource block		N/A	50
Symbols for unused PRBs		N/A	OCNG(Note2)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.3-2 Performance Requirements for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and **Colliding CRS**

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Cond	gation itions te1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference	e Value	UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.54 FDD	N/A	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.4	≥2

Note 1:

The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1. Note 3:

8.3.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.2-1 are valid for TDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.2-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1						
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4						
Cyclic prefix		Normal						
Cell ID		0						
Inter-TTI Distance		1						
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	7						
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4						
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM						
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2						
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRB for Transmission mode 8, 1 PRG for Transmission mode 9 and 10Time domain: 1 ms						
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing						
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4] Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]								

8.3.2.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna port 5, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the demodulation performance using user-specific reference signals with full RB or single RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing DRS

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0		
Cell-specific refere	ence			Antenn	a port 0			
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1					
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna p	ort	dB/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused	PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)		
PDSCH transmission mode			7	7	7	7		

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.1-2: Minimum performance DRS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.25 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	-0.8	≥1
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	≥2
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	≥2
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	1
4	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.28 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	30	1.7	≥1

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2B, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-4 and 8.3.2.1-5, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port.

Table 8.3.2.1-3: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3		
Cell-specific reference signals	е		Antenna port 0 and antenna port 1						
Beamforming mode					Annex B.4.1				
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna port	t	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)		
Simultaneous transmission			No	No	No	Yes (Note 3, 5)	Yes (Note 3, 5)		
PDSCH transmission m	ode		8	8	8	8	8		

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: The modulation symbols of the signal under test is mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $n_{\rm SCID}$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1-4: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidt	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	h and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughpu t (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	≥2
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	1

Table 8.3.2.1-5: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
4	10 MHz	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.9	≥2
	16QAM 1/2	(Note 1)						
5	10 MHz	R.34 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.0	≥2
	64QAM 1/2	(Note 1)						
Note 1:	The reference of	channel applie	s to both the	input signal unde	er test and the inte	rfering signal.		

8.3.2.1A Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1A-2 and 8.3.2.1A-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, and to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power.

Table 8.3.2.1A-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with multiple **CSI-RS** configurations

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Danielink names	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific refere	ence		Antenna	ports 0,1
CSI reference sign	nals		Antenna ports 15,,22	Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1	Annex B.4.1
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse Tcsi-Rs / \(\Delta csi-Rs \)	t	Subframes	5 / 4	5 / 4
CSI reference sig configuration	nal		1	3
Zero-power CSI- configuration IcsI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-H bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	4 / 0010000100000000	4 / 00100000000000000
N_{oc} at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Symbols for unus PRBs	sed		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)
Number of alloca resource blocks (No		PRB	50	50
Simultaneous transmission			No	Yes (Note 3, 5)
PDSCH transmission mode			9	9
Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: The mode port 7 or 8		symbols of the	signal under test are m	napped onto antenna

Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna

Note 3: port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the

OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $\,n_{\rm SCID}\,$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed

DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1A-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidt h and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	ndition Matrix and Fraction of Antenna Maximum Configuration Throughpu		value SNR (dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.50 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	t (%) 70	-0.6	≥1

Table 8.3.2.1A-3: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE			
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category			
2	10 MHz 64QAM 1/2	R.44 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.1	≥2			
Note 1:	The reference channel applies to both the input signal under test and the interfering signal.										

8.3.2.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify closed-loop rank one performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of one dominant interfering cell applying transmission mode 9 interference model defined in clause B.5.4. In 8.3.2.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2, respectively.

Table 8.3.2.1B-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with TM9 interference model

paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference s			Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A
CSI-RS periodic subframe offset $T_{\rm CSI}$	-RS / Δ CSI-RS	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A
CSI reference configuration			0	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	N/A
DIP (Note	2)	dB	N/A	-1.73
BWChanne	l	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	126
Number of control symbols	I OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		9	N/A
Beamforming ı	model		As specified in clause B.4.3 (Note 4, 5)	N/A
Interference n	nodel		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.4
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1		N/A	70
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2		N/A	30
Precoder update g	ranularity	PRB	50	6
PMI delay (No	ote 5)	ms	10 or 11	N/A
Reporting into	erval	ms	5	N/A
Reporting m	ode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CodeBookSubsetF bitmap	Restriction		0000000000000000 00000000000000000 00000	N/A
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 6)	N/A
Simultaneous tran	smission		No simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test	N/A
Physical channel reporting			PUSCH(Note 8)	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configura	tionIndex		4	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: The modulation symbols of the signal under test in Cell 1 are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 4:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 5:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based
	on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI
	cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 6:	These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs
	with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs
	shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.
Note 7:	All cells are time-synchronous.
Note 8:	To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report
	both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in
	downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on
	PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.3.2.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, CDM-multiplexed DM RS with TM9 interference model

Test Number	Referenc e		NG tern	Propagation Conditions		Correlatio n Matrix	Reference V	UE Categor		
	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Antenna Configurat ion (Note 3)		Fraction of Maximum (dB) Throughput (%) (Note 2)		у	
1	R.48 TDD	OP.1 TDD	N/A	EVA5	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1	

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.3.2.1C Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.3.2.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.3.2.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.3.2.1C-1: Test parameters of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
Uplink downlink Conf	iguration		1	1	1	
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	-3	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 12 8.3.2.1C-2		10	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0	1	126	
Cell-specific reference	e signals		A	ntenna ports 0,1		
CSI reference sig	ınals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	N/A	
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse Tcsi-Rs / Δcsi-R	et s	Subframes	5/4	N/A	N/A	
CSI reference sign configuration			8	N/A	N/A	
Zero-power CSI-configuration Icsi-Rs / ZeroPower bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	4 / 00100000000000 00	N/A	N/A	
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A	
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		TM9-1layer	Note 9	Note 9	
Precoding granularity			Frequency domain: 1 PRG Time domain: 1 ms	N/A	N/A	
Beamforming mo			Annex B.4.1	N/A	N/A	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.
Note 12: Note 13:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Table 8.3.2.1C-2: Minimum Performance of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Note 14: The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

l est Number	Channel	00	NG Patt	ern	Propagation Conditions (Note1)			Matrix and			Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3		Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory		
1	R.51 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5			2x2 Low	70	8.5	≥2	
Note 1: Note 2:			conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. natrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.									

8.3.2.2 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3:

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2B, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2		
Downlink power $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$		dB	0	0		
		dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3		
Cell-specific reference symbols			Antenna port 0 and antenna po			
Beamforming model			Annex B.4.2			
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)		
Number of allocated resource blocks PDSCH transmission mode		PRB	50	50		
			8	8		

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE	
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	4.5	≥2	
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.7	≥2	

8.3.2.3 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.3-1 where Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is set according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation, to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power, and to verify that the UE correctly estimate SNR.

Table 8.3.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

201	-matar	l lmi4	Test 1			
para	ameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0		
power allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3		
allocation	PDSCH_RA dB		4	NA		
	PDSCH_RB	dB	4	NA		

Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0 and 1	Antenna ports 0 and 1
Cell ID		0	126
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	NA
Beamforming model		Annex B.4.2	NA
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset TCSI-RS / △CSI-RS	Subframes	5/4	NA
CSI reference signal configuration		8	NA
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	4 / 00100000000000000	NA
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.3-2	Test specific, 7.25dB
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	NA
Number of allocated resource blocks (Note 2)	PRB	50	NA
Simultaneous transmission		No	NA
PDSCH transmission mode		9	Blanked

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.3-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidth and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			gation dition	Correlation Matrix and	Reference value		UE Cate
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	gory
1	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.51 TDD	OP.1 TDD	N/A	ETU5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.8	2-8

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1.

8.3.2.4 Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports

8.3.2.4.1 Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.1-1 and Table 8.3.2.4.1-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6], configured according to Table

8.3.2.4.1-2. In Table 8.3.2.4.1-1 and 8.3.2.4.1-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Parameter		Unit	TP 1	TP 2	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	
Cell-specific reference signals			Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)	
CSI-RS 0 antenr	•		NA	Port {15,16}	
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 period subframe offset Tcsi	icity and -RS / \DCSI-RS	Subframes	NA	5/4	
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 config	uration		NA	8	
csi-RS-ConfigZPId- power CSI-RS 0 co I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-R	nfiguration		NA	4/ 0000010000000000	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal	
Cell Id			0	0	
Number of contro symbols	I OFDM		2	2	
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		Blanked	10	
Number of allocate	ted PRB	PRB	NA	50	
qcl-Operation, PD Mapping and Qu Location Indic	asi-Co-		Туре	B, '00'	
Time offset between	een TPs	μs	NA	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3	
Frequency error bet	tween TPs	Hz	NA	0	
Beamforming r	model		NA	Port 7 as specified in clause B.4.1	
Symbols for unuse	ed PRBs		NA	OCNG (Note 3)	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Noet 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.1-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	s in each PQI set	DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI Set	
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	Blanked	PDSCH

Table 8.3.2.4.1-3: Minimum performance for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Test Number	Reference Channel		iCN tern	Time offset between	offset Conditions		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TPs (μs)	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.52 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	2	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12	≥2
2	R.52 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	-0.5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.2.4.2 Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.2-1 and 8.3.2.4.2-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6]. In8.3.2.4.2-1 and 8.3.2.4.2-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) has same Cell ID as TP 1. Multiple NZP CSI-RS resources and ZP CSI-RS resources are configured. In each sub-frame, DL PDSCH transmission is dynamically switched between 2 TPs with multiple PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator configuration (PQI). Configurations of PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator and downlink transmission hypothesis are defined in Table 8.3.2.4.2-2. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

parameter		Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Beamforming mode	I		As specified in clause B.4.1	As specified in clause B.4.1
Cell-specific referer	ice signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI reference signa			Antenna ports {15,16}	N/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicity subframe offset Tcs	i-rs / Δ csi-rs	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A
CSI reference signal configuration	ıl O		0	N/A
CSI reference signa	ıls 1		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 1 periodicity subframe offset Tcs	i-rs / Δ csi-rs	Subframes	N/A	5 / 4
CSI reference signal configuration			N/A	8
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS	bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	4/ 001000000000000000	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS	nfiguration		N/A	4/ 0000010000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna por	t	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BWChannel		MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	0
Number of control C symbols	DFDM		2	2
Timing offset betwe	en TPs		N/A	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3
Frequency offset be		Hz	N/A	0
Number of allocated blocks	Number of allocated resource blocks		50	50
PDSCH transmission			10	10
Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission(Note 3)		%	30	70
Symbols for unused	I PRBs		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: PDSCH transmission from TPs shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TPs are specified. Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.2-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	s in each PQI set	hypoth	smission esis for PQI Set
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	PDSCH	Blanked
PQI set 1	CSI-RS 1	Blanked	PDSCH	

Table 8.3.2.4.2-3 Performance Requirements for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

Test Number	Timing offset(us)	Reference Channel		NG tern	- 1		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and		Value	UE Category
			TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2	R.53 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.3	≥2
2	-0.5	R.53 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.5	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to E_s/N_{oc} of both TP 1 and TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.2.4.3 Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.3-1. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission points have different Cell ID and colliding CRS. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the frequency difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching behaviour according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.2.4.3-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH with different Cell ID. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.3-1 Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and Colliding CRS

parameter		Unit	TP 1	TP 2	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	

Beamforming model		N/A	As specified in clause B.4.2
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference signals 0		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5 / 4
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		N/A	0
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration l _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	4/ 00100000000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2 + 4dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BWchannel	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	126
Number of control OFDM symbols		1	2
Timing offset between TPs	us	N/A	0
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	200
qcl-Operation, 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'		Туре	B, '00'
PDSCH transmission mode		Blank	10
Number of allocated resource block		N/A	50
Symbols for unused PRBs		N/A	OCNG(Note2)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs Note 2: shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.3-2 Performance Requirements for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and **Colliding CRS**

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and Antenna		e Value	UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.54 TDD	N/A	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.7	≥2

Note 1:

The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1. Note 3:

8.4 Demodulation of PDCCH/PCFICH

The receiver characteristics of the PDCCH/PCFICH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). PDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of PDCCH

8.4.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.4.1-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
PHICH Ng (Note 1)		1	1
PHICH du	ration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell II)		0	0
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic pi	efix		Normal	Normal
Note 1: According	ng to Clause 6.9	in TS 36.211 [4].		

8.4.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	-1.7

8.4.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test number	Bandwidth	Aggregation level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Antenna configuration	Reference Pm-dsg (%)	e value SNR (dB)
						and correlation Matrix		
1	10 MHz	4 CCF	R.16 FDD	OP 1 FDD	FVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-0.6

8.4.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	ence OCNG Propagation Antenna		Reference value		
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	6.3

8.4.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.3-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. In Table 8.4.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.3-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-4. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.4.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Paramete		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-	1.5
BWchannel	ı	MHz	10	10
Subframe Confiç	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Measuremo Pattern (Noto			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	N/A
(Note 6)	(Note 6) Ccsi,1		11111011 11111011 11111011 10111011 11111011	N/A
Number of control OF	DM symbols		3	3
PHICH Ng (No			1	N/A
PHICH dura			Extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	İX		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS
- subframe of aggressor cell.

 Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numb er	Aggregati on Level	Referen ce Channel	OCNG Pattern Propagation Correlation Conditions (Note 1) Correlation Antenna		Reference Value				
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-3.9

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

Table 8.4.1.2.3-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Paramet		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-	1.5
BWChannel		MHz	10	10
Subframe Conf	iguration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset betw	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	126
ABS pattern (I	Note 4)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern (No			0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allo	, ,		N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control O			3	3
PHICH Ng (No			1	N/A
PHICH dura			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s ar			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pre	HIX		Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13
	of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4th, 12th, 19th and 27th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 9: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 10: The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.
- Note 11: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.3-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCHICH - MBSFN ABS

Test Numb er	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel		NG tern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configurati on	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-4.2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.4.1.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.4-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-2.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.4-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-4.

In Tables 8.4.1.2.4-1 and 8.4.1.2.4-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell3are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Douglink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-2	5	3
BWch	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A 3		-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,o		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	Ccsl,1		11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011	N/A	N/A
Number of control			2	Note 7	Note 7
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7];
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
Note 7:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 8:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.
1	

Table 8.4.1.2.4-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note 1)			Correlation Matrix and	Reference Valu	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 9:

Table 8.4.1.2.4-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Paran		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-4	5	3
BWch	nannel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset b	etween Cells	μs	μs N/A		-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
ABS patter	ABS pattern (Note 4)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measu Pattern (0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,0		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 7)			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of contro			2	Note 8	Note 8
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH of Unused RE-s			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-S Cyclic			OCNG Normal	OCNG Normal	OCNG Normal
Cyclic	PIGIIX		inoilliai	inoilliai	inoilliai

٨	Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
N	lote 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
N	lote 3:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
١	Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4 th , 12 th , 19 th and 27 th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated
		PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped
		with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
١	Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
١	lote 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
١	Note 7:	MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits are chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
١	Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
١	Note 9:	The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel
	loto 10:	transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.
	Note 10:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
1 1	lote 11:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern Propagation Correlation F Conditions (Note 1) Matrix and				Referer	nce Value			
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
8 CCE	R.15-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.0
	on Level	on Level Channel 8 CCE R.15-2 FDD	On Level Channel Cell 1 8 CCE R.15-2 OP.1 FDD FDD	On Level Channel Cell 1 Cell 2 8 CCE R.15-2 OP.1 OP.1 FDD FDD FDD	On Level Channel Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 8 CCE R.15-2 FDD OP.1 FDD OP.1 FDD OP.1 FDD OP.1 FDD	On Level Channel Cond Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Cell 1 8 CCE R.15-2 FDD OP.1 FDD OP.1 FDD OP.1 FDD EVA5 FDD	On Level Channel Conditions (N Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Cell 1 Cell 2 8 CCE R.15-2 OP.1 OP.1 OP.1 EVA5 FDD FDD FDD FDD EVA5	On Level Channel Conditions (Note 1) Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 8 CCE R.15-2 FDD OP.1 OP.1 OP.1 FDD EVA5 EVA5 EVA5 EVA5	On Level Channel Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Matrix and Antenna Configuration (Note 2) 8 CCE R.15-2 FDD OP.1 OP.1 OP.1 FDD EVA5 EVA5 EVA5 EVA5 EVA5 2x2 Low	On Level Channel Conditions (Note 1) Matrix and Antenna Configuration (Note 2) 8 CCE R.15-2 OP.1 OP.1 OP.1 EVA5 EVA5 EVA5 2x2 Low 1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 12: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

8.4.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.4.2-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink (•		0	0
Special subframe (Note	J		4	4
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
PHICH Ng (Note 3)		1	1
PHICH du	ration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell I	D		0	0
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	
allocation	Downlink power allocation PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB		0	-3
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal
ACK/NACK feed	dback mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing
Note 1: as speci	fied in Table 4.2	2-2 in TS 36.211 [4	l].	

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 3: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.4.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						and correlation Matrix		
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low 1		-1.6

8.4.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	0.1

8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	6.5

8.4.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.3-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.. In Table 8.4.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.3-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.3-4. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.4.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink co	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co			4	4
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μ\$	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern(Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 000000001	N/A
Sets(Note 6)			1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 9)			1	N/A
PHICH dura			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and	d PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numbe r	Aggregatio n Level	Referenc e Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-3.9

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

Table 8.4.2.2.3-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink co	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Develope	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-4	1.5
BW _{Channe}	BW _{Channel}		10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μS	2.5 (synchro	onous cells)
Cell Id			0	126
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	000000001 000000001
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern(Note			0000000001 0000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A
Sets(Note 6)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 9)			N/A	000010
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 10)			1	N/A
PHICH dura	tion		extended	N/A
Unused RE-s an			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	fix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 9: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.3-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Propag Condition	,	Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-4.1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.4.2.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.4-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-2.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.4-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-4.

In Tables 8.4.2.2.4-1 and 8.4.2.2.4-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.4.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink	configuration		1	1	1
Special subframe	configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-2	5	3
BW _{Cha}	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	tween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift I	oetween Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
ABS pattern	(Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,0		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 10)			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH duration			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix	-	Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7];
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
- Note 7: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 8: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.4-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern		ropagations (N		Correlation Matrix and	Referer	nce Value
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.0

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Table 8.4.2.2.4-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink	configuration		1	1	1
Special subframe	e configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-4	5	3
BW _{Ch}	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,0		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 7)			N/A	000010	000010
Number of control	,		2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 11)			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH duration			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 10: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 11: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.4-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern				Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-1.8
Note 1:	The propagation	on conditions f	or Cell 1,	Cell 2 ar	nd Cell 3	are statis	stically in	depender	nt.		

The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. Note 3:

Demodulation of PHICH 8.5

The receiver characteristics of the PHICH are determined by the probability of miss-detecting an ACK for a NACK (Pm-an). It is assumed that there is no bias applied to the detection of ACK and NACK (zero-threshold delection).

8.5.1 **FDD**

The parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.5.1-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramo	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	٠3
PHICH du	ıration		Normal	Normal
PHICH Ng	(Note 1)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1
PDCCH C	Content			be included with the aligned with A.3.6.
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell ID			0	0
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal
Note 1: according	g to Clause 6.9 in	TS 36.211 [4]	_	

8.5.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.5
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	0.6

8.5.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	e value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.4	

8.5.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.1

8.5.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 and Table 8.5.1.2.3-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. In Table 8.5.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.5.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power allocation	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.1.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern (Not			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 6)	Ccsi,0		00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	N/A
	C _{CSI,1}		11111011 11111011 11111011 10111011 11111011	N/A
Number of control OF	DM symbols	_	3	3
PHICH Ng (No			1	N/A
PHICH duration			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in the 26th subframe indicated by the ABS pattern.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation itions te 1)	Antenna Configuration and	Reference Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	R.19	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	0.1	4.6
Note 1:					ell 2 are s	tatistically indepen	dent.	
Note 2:	SNR correspor	SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.						
Note 3:	The correlation	matrix ar	d antenna	a configur	ation appl	y for Cell 1 and Ce	II 2.	

8.5.1.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 and Table 8.5.1.2.4-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.4-2. In Table 8.5.1.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.5.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Douglink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.1.2.4-	5	3
BWch	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
PDCCH (PDCCH Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.	N/A	N/A
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,o		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	Ccsi,1		11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011	N/A	N/A
Number of control			2	Note 7	Note 7
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in the 26 th subframe indicated by the ABS pattern.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
Note 7:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 8:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 9:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Table 8.5.1.2.4-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Reference Value		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.19	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	0.1	5.0
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	e 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. e 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.									

8.5.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.5.2-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity		
Uplink downlink cor 1)	figuration (Note		1	1		
Special subframe (Note	•		4	4		
	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3		
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3		
PHICH du	ıration		Normal	Normal		
PHICH Ng	(Note 3)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1		
PDCCH C	Content			uld be included with the ation aligned with A.3.6.		
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG		
Cell I	D		0	0		
N_{oc} at ante	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98		
Cyclic p			Normal	Normal		
ACK/NACK fee	dback mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing		
	ied in Table 4.2-2					

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 3: according to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.5.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.8	
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	1.3	

8.5.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
					correlation Matrix			
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.2	

8.5.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.2

8.5.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 and Table 8.5.2.2.3-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3, In Table 8.5.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.5.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink cor	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB Reference Value in Table 8.5.2.2.3-2		1.5
BW _{Channel}		MHz 10		10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchron	ous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	ote 4)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measureme Pattern (Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 0000000001	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols ACK/NACK feedback mode			3	3
			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (No	ote 9)		1	N/A
PHICH dura	tion		extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in subframe 5
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	OCNG Pattern Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		itions	Antenna Configuration and	Reference Value		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.19	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	0.1	4.6	
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.								
Note 2:	SNR correspor	SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.							
Note 3:	The correlation	matrix ar	d antenna	a configur	ation appl	y for Cell 1 and Ce	II 2.		

8.5.2.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 and Table 8.5.2.2.4-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.4-2. In Table 8.5.2.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.5.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paran	neter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink configuration			1	1	1
Special subfram	e configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.2.2.4-2	5	3
BWch	nannel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN		Non- MBSFN
Time Offset b	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
PDCCH Content			UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.	N/A	N/A
ABS patter	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Pattern (000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7
ACK/NACK fe	edback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH o			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic		DM as week allo #4	Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in subframe 5
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 8: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in the test.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.2.2.4-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)			Antenna Configuration	Reference Value		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.19	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	0.1	5.7
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of Cell 1.									

8.6 Demodulation of PBCH

The receiver characteristics of the PBCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the PBCH (Pm-bch), which is defined as

$$Pm - bch = 1 - \frac{A}{B}$$

Where A is the number of correctly decoded MIB PDUs and B is the Number of transmitted MIB PDUs (Redundancy versions for the same MIB are not counted separately).

8.6.1 FDD

Table 8.6.1-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity			
Downlink power	Downlink power PBCH_RA		0	-3			
allocation PBCH_RB		dB	0	-3			
$N_{\it oc}$ at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98			
Cyclic pr	efix		Normal	Normal			
Cell II)		0	0			
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4] Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]							

8.6.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.1

8.6.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Te	est	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
nun	nber		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
	1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-3.5

8.6.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1.2.3-1 and Table 8.6.1.2.3-2, the averaged probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.3-2. Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, repectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.6.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PBCH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
N_{oc} at ante	enna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
$\frac{\mathcal{E}_3}{N_{oc}}$		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.6.1.2.3-2	4	2
BWch	BW _{Channel}		1.4	1.4	1.4
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS Pattern (Note 4)			N/A	01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000	01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000
Unused RE-s and PRB-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 2: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 3: The PBCH transmission from Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 overlap. The same PBCH transmission redundancy version is used for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Table 8.6.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Reference	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Refe	rence Value	
Number	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.22	ETU30	ETU30	ETU30	2x2 Low	1	-3.0
Note 1:	The propagation	on conditions fo	or Cell 1, C	Cell 2 and Cell	3 are statistically independent	t.	
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.						
Note 3:	SNR correspon	corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of cell 1.					

8.6.2 TDD

Table 8.6.2-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	Parameter		Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)			1	1
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)			4	4
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB	dB	0	-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic pr	efix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID			0	0
		-2 in TS 36.211 [4 -1 in TS 36.211 [4		

8.6.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Ī	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
Γ	1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.4

8.6.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

ĺ	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
	1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-4.1

8.6.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2.2.3-1 and Table 8.6.2.2.3-2, the averaged probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.3-2. Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.6.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PBCH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
N_{oc} at ante	enna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
$\frac{\widehat{E}_s}{N_{o\sigma}}$		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.6.2.2.3-2	4	2
BW _{Ch}	annel	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift I	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS Patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
Unused RE-s and PRB-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.

Note 2: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 3: The PBCH transmission from Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 overlap. The same PBCH transmission redundancy version is used for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Table 8.6.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Reference	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Reference Value			
Number	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.22	ETU30	ETU30	ETU30	2x2 Low	1	-3.0	
Note 1:	The propagation	on conditions for	or Cell 1, 0	Cell 2 and Cell	3 are statistically independer	ıt.		
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.							
Note 3:	SNR correspo	SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of cell 1.						

8.7 Sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

The purpose of the test is to verify that the Layer 1 and Layer 2 correctly process in a sustained manner the received packets corresponding to the maximum number of DL-SCH transport block bits received within a TTI for the UE category indicated. The sustained downlink data rate shall be verified in terms of the success rate of delivered PDCP SDU(s) by Layer 2. The test case below specifies the RF conditions and the required success rate of delivered TB by Layer 1 to meet the sustained data rate requirement. The size of the TB per TTI corresponds to the largest possible DL-SCH transport block for each UE category using the maximum number of layers for spatial multiplexing. Transmission modes 1 and 3 are used with radio conditions resembling a scenario where sustained maximum data rates are available. Test case is selected according to table 8.7-1 depending on UE capability for CA and EPDCCH.

Table 8.7-1: SDR test applicability

	Single carrier UE not supporting EPDCCH	CA UE not supporting EPDCCH	Single carrier UE supporting EPDCCH	CA UE supporting EPDCCH
FDD	8.7.1	8.7.1	8.7.3	8.7.1, 8.7.3
TDD	8.7.2	8.7.2	8.7.4	8.7.2, 8.7.4

8.7.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.1-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.1-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.1-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.1-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (FDD)

Test	Bandwidth	Transmission	on Antenna Codebo			nlink pocation ($\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at	Symbols for
rest	(MHz)	mode	configuration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	unused PRBs
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 FDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3,4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3A	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3B, 4A	2x10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3C, 4B	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6A	2x20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6B	10+15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6C	10+20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6D	15+20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
Note 1:	For CA test	cases, PUCCH fo	rmat 1b with char	nnel selection	is used	to feedb	ack ACk	/NACK.	

Table 8.7.1-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport	Measurement channel	Reference value
	block received within a TTI		TB success rate [%]
1	10296	R.31-1 FDD	95
2	25456	R.31-2 FDD	95
3	51024	R.31-3 FDD	95
3A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31-3A FDD	85
3B	25456	R.31-2 FDD	95
3C	51024	R.31-3C FDD	85
4	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
4A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31-3A FDD	85
4B	55056 (Note 5)	R.31-4B FDD	85
6	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
6A	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
6B	36696 (Note 2) for 10MHz CC	R.31-3A FDD for 10MHz CC	85
	55056 for 15MHz CC	R.31-5 FDD for 15MHz CC	
6C	36696 (Note 2) for 10MHz CC	R.31-3A FDD for 10MHz CC	85
	75376 (Note 3) for 20MHz CC	R.31-4 FDD for 20MHz CC	
6D	55056 for 15MHz CC	R.31-5 FDD for 15MHz CC	85
	75376 (Note 3) for 20MHz CC	R.31-4 FDD for 20MHz CC	

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 35160 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 4: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Note 5: 52752bits for sub-frame 5.

Table 8.7.1-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Maximum supported Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
Cinala	10	1	2	3A	3A	ı	-
Single	15	-	-	3C	4B	-	-
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
	10+10	-	-	3B	4A	4A	4A
	10+15	-	-	3B	4A	6B	6B
CA	10+20	-	-	3B	4A	6C	6C
with 2CCs	15+20	-	-	3B	4A	6D	6D
2005	20+20	-	-	3B or 3 (Note 4)	4A or 4 (Note 4)	6A	6A

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: For non-CA UE, test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.

Note 3: Void

Note 4: If the intra-band contiguous CA is the only CA configuration supported by category 3 or 4 UE, the single carrier test is selecte, i.e., Test 3 for UE category 3 and Test 4 for UE category 4. Otherwise, Test 3B applies for category 3 UE and Test 4A applies for category 4 UE.

Note 5: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.7.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

	4
	Normal
	0
	1
	4
	{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
OFDM symbols	1
	Not configured
	Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied
	OFDM symbols

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.2-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.2-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.2-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.2-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (TDD)

Test	Bandwidth (MHz)	Transmission mode	Antenna configuration	Codebook subset restriction		ownlii powei locatio (dB)	r	\hat{E}_s at antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	ACK/NACK feedback mode	Symbols for unused PRBs
					\mathcal{O}_A	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	,		
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	-85	Bundling	OP.6 TDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Bundling	OP.1 TDD
3	20	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Bundling	OP.1 TDD
3A	15	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Muliplexing	OP.2 TDD
4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Multiplexing	OP.1 TDD
6A	2x20	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	- (Note 1)	OP.1 TDD
Note 1:	PUCCH for	mat 1b with chan	nel selection is us	sed to feedbac	k A	CK/NA	ιCΚ.	·		

Table 8.7.2-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport block received within a TTI for normal/special sub-frame	Measurement channel	Reference value TB success rate [%]
1	10296/0	R31-1 TDD	95
2	25456/0	R31-2 TDD	95
3	51024/0	R31-3 TDD	95
3A	51024/0	R31-3A TDD	85
4	75376/0 (Note 2)	R31-4 TDD	85
6	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31-4 TDD	85
6A	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31-4 TDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Table 8.7.2-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
	10	1	2	-	-	-	-
Single carrier	15	-	-	3A	3A	-	-
-	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
CA with 2CCs	20+20		-	3 (Note 4)	4 (Note 4)	6A	6A

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: For non-CA UE, test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: If the intra-band contiguous CA is the only CA configuration supported by category 3 or 4 UE, single carrier test is

Note 5: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.7.3 FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.3-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.3-1: Common test parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Cyclic prefix		Normal			
Cell ID		0			
Inter-TTI Distance		1			
Number of HARQ					
processes per	Processes	8			
component carrier					
Maximum number of		4			
HARQ transmission		4			
Redundancy version		(0.0.4.2) for 640AM			
coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM			
Number of OFDM					
symbols for PDCCH per	OFDM symbols	1			
component carrier					
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured			
Number of EPDCCH		1			
sets		l l			
EPDCCH transmission		Localized			
type		Localized			
Number of PRB per		2 PRB pairs			
EPDCCH set and		10MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 48, 49			
EPDCCH PRB pair		15MHz BW: Resource blocks nprb = 70, 71			
allocation		20MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 98, 99			
EPDCCH Starting		Derived from CFI (i.e. default behaviour)			
Symbol		Derived from CF1 (i.e. default behaviour)			
ECCE Aggregation		2 ECCEs			
Level		2 ECCES			
Number of EREGs per		4			
ECCE		·			
EPDCCH scheduling		EPDCCH candidate is randomly assigned			
EFDCCIT scrieduling		in each subframe			
EPDCCH precoder		Fixed PMI 0			
(Note 1)		FIXEG FIVII U			
EPDCCH monitoring SF		1111111111 0000000000			
pattern		1111111111 0000000000			
Timing advance	μs	100			
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition			
Propagation condition		No external noise sources are applied			
Note 1: EPDCCH preco	oder parameters are	defined for tests with 2 x 2 antenna			
configuration					

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.3-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.3-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.3-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.3-2: Test parameters for SDR test for PDSCH scheduled by EPDCCH (FDD)

Test	Bandwidth	Transmission	Antenna Codebook subset			ownlini Ilocatio	•		$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle S}$ at	Symbols for
Test	(MHz)	mode	configuration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	δ	antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	unused PRBs
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 FDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
3,4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
ЗА	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
3C, 4B	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD

Table 8.7.3-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport	Measurement channel	Reference value
	block received within a TTI		TB success rate [%]
1	10296	R.31E-1 FDD	95
2	25456	R.31E-2 FDD	95
3	51024	R.31E-3 FDD	95
3A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31E-3A FDD	85
3C	51024	R.31E-3C FDD	85
4	75376 (Note 3)	R.31E-4 FDD	85
4B	55056 (Note 5)	R.31E-4B FDD	85
6	75376 (Note 3)	R.31E-4 FDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 35160 bits for sub-frame 5. Note 3: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 4: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx/} (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport

blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Note 5: 52752 bits for sub-frame 5.

Table 8.7.3-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
Cinalo	10	1	2	3A	3A	-	-
Single	15	-	-	3C	4B	-	-
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
Note 1:	Note 1: The test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.						

8.7.4 TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.4-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.4-1: Common test parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Special subframe configuration (Note 1)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
Number of EPDCCH sets		1
EPDCCH transmission type		Localized
Number of PRB per EPDCCH set and EPDCCH PRB pair allocation		2 PRB pairs 10MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 48, 49 15MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 70, 71 20MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 98, 99
EPDCCH Starting Symbol		Derived from CFI (i.e. default behaviour)
ECCE Aggregation Level		2 ECCEs
Number of EREGs per ECCE		4 for normal subframe and 8 for special subframe
EPDCCH scheduling		EPDCCH candidate is randomly assigned in each subframe
EPDCCH precoder (Note 2)		Fixed PMI 0
EPDCCH monitoring SF pattern		UL-DL configuration 1: 11011111111 0000000000 UL-DL configuration 5: 1100111001 0000000000
Timing advance	μs	100
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied

Note 1: As specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 2: EPDCCH precoder parameters are defined for tests with 2 x 2 antenna

configuration

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.4-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.4-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.4-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.4-2: Test parameters for SDR test for PDSCH scheduled by EPDCCH (TDD)

Test	Bandwidth			Codebook subset	Downlink power allocation (dB)				$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at antenna port	Symbols for unused	ACK/NACK feedback
	(IVITIZ)	mode	configu ration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	О	δ	(dBm/15kHz)	dBm/15kHz) PRBs	
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 TDD	Bundling
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Bundling
3	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3		0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Bundling
3A	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3		0	3	-85	OP.2 TDD	Multiplexing
4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Multiplexing

Table 8.7.4-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH	Measurement channel	Reference value
	transport block received within a TTI for normal/special sub-		TB success rate [%]
	frame		
1	10296/0	R.31E-1 TDD	95
2	25456/0	R.31E-2 TDD	95
3	51024/0	R.31E-3 TDD	95
3A	51024/0	R.31E-3A TDD	85
4	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31E-4 TDD	85
6	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31E-4 TDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Table 8.7.4-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7		
Cinalo	10	1	2	-	-	-	-		
Single	15	-	-	3A	3A	-	-		
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6		
Note 1:	The test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.								

8.8 Demodulation of EPDCCH

The receiver characteristics of the EPDCCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). For the distributed transmission tests in 8.8.1, EPDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of EPDCCH. For other tests, EPDCCH and PCFICH are not tested jointly.

8.8.1 Distributed Transmission

8.8.1.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.1-1 are valid for all FDD distributed EPDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Distributed EPDCCH

Parame	eter	Unit	Value				
Number of PDCCH syr	mbols	symbols	2 (Note 1)				
PHICH duration			Normal				
Unused RE-s and PRE	3-s		OCNG				
Cell ID	Cell ID						
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
allocation	σ	dB	0				
	δ	dB	3				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15 kHz	-98					
Cyclic prefix			Normal				
	Subframe Configuration						
Precoder Update Gran	PRB	1					
Frecoder Opdate Gran	ulanty	ms	1				
Beamforming Pre-Cod			Annex B. 4.4				
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1				
Number of EPDCCH S	ets Configured		2 (Note 2)				
Number of PRB per Ef	PDCCH Set		4 (1 st Set) 8 (2 nd Set)				
EPDCCH Subframe M	onitoring		NA				
PDSCH TM			TM3				
DCI Format			2A				
	PCFICH. RRC signalling epdcch-StartSymbol-r11 is not						
Note 2: The two set overlapping PRB = {0, 7 EPDCCH is							

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.1.1-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.1.1-2: Minimum performance Distributed EPDCCH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referenc	e value
number		n level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	4 ECCE	R.55 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.60
2	10 MHZ	16 ECCE	R.56 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-3.20

8.8.1.1.1 Void

Table 8.8.1.1.1-1: Void

8.8.1.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.2-1 are valid for all TDD distributed EPDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.1.2-1: Test Parameters for Distributed EPDCCH

	Parame	eter	Unit	Value			
Number	of PDCCH syr	nbols	symbols	2 (Note 1)			
PHICH d	uration			Normal			
Unused F	RE-s and PRB	S-S		OCNG			
Cell ID				0			
		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3			
allocation	1	σ	dB	0			
		δ	dB	3			
N_{oc} at a	ntenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98			
Cyclic pro				Normal			
Subframe	e Configuration	n		Non-MBSFN			
Droodor	· Undata Cran	PRB	1				
Frecoder	Update Gran	ms	1				
Beamfori	ming Pre-Code		Annex B. 4.4				
	cific Reference		Port 0 and 1				
Number	of EPDCCH S		2 (Note 2)				
Number	of PRB per EF	PDCCH Set		4 (1 st Set) 8 (2 nd Set)			
EPDCCH	Subframe Me	onitoring		NA			
PDSCH 7		<u> </u>		TM3			
DCI Forn	nat			2A			
TDD UL/	DL Configurat	ion		0			
TDD Spe	cial Subframe			1 (Note 3)			
Note 1:	The starting	symbol for EPDCC RC signalling <i>epdccl</i>					
Note 2:	te 2: The two sets are distributed EPDCCH sets and non- overlapping with PRB = {3, 17, 31, 45} for the first set and PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49} for the second set. EPDCCH is scheduled in the first set for Test 1 and second set for Test 2, respectively. Both sets are always configured.						
	special subf	rame.	-				

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.1.2-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.1.2-2: Minimum performance Distributed EPDCCH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg	SNR
						and correlation	(%)	(dB)
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	4 ECCE	R.55 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.8
2	10 MHZ	16 ECCE	R.56 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-3.10

8.8.1.2.1 Void

Table 8.8.1.2.1-1: Void

8.8.2 Localized Transmission with TM9

8.8.2.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD TM9 localized ePDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Parame	eter	Unit	Value			
Number of PDCCH syr		symbols	1 (Note 1)			
EPDCCH starting syml	ool	symbols	2 (Note 1)			
PHICH duration			Normal			
Unused RE-s and PRE	nused RE-s and PRB-s		OCNG			
Cell ID			0			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0			
allocation	σ	dB	-3			
	δ	dB	0			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98			
Cyclic prefix	Cyclic prefix		Normal			
Subframe Configuration			Non-MBSFN			
Drooder Undete Cren	ulority	PRB	1			
Precoder Update Gran	ulanty	ms	1			
Beamforming Pre-Cod			Annex B.4.5			
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1			
CSI-RS Reference Sig			Port 15 and 16			
CSI-RS reference sign configuration	al resource		0			
CSI reference signal su configuration I _{CSI-RS}	ubframe		2			
ZP-CSI-RS configuration	on bitmap		000001000000000			
ZP-CSI-RS subframe of csi-Rs			2			
Number of EPDCCH S	ets		2 (Note 2)			
EPDCCH Subframe M			111111110 111111101 1111111011			
subframePatternConfig			1111110111 (Note 3)			
PDSCH TM			TM9			
Note 1: The starting	symbol for EPDC0	CH is signalled	with epdcch-StartSymbol-r11. However, CFI is			

- The first set is distributed transmission with PRB = {0, 49} and the second set is localized Note 2: transmission with PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49}. ePDCCH is scheduled in the second set for all tests.
- EPDCCH is scheduled in every SF. UE is required to monitor ePDCCH for UE-specific search Note 3: space only in SFs configured by subframePatternConfig-r11. Legacy PDCCH is not scheduled.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.2.1-2. EPDCCH subframe monitoring is configured and the subframe monitoring requirement in EPDCCH restricted subframes is statDTX of 99.9%.

The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.2.1-2: Minimum performance Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Test	Bandwidt	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagatio	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	h	n level	Channel	Pattern	n Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	2 ECCE	R.57 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	12.2
2	10 MHZ	8 ECCE	R.58 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.5

Void 8.8.2.1.1

Table 8.8.2.1.1-1: Void

8.8.2.1.2 Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-1: Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-2: Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-3: Void

8.8.2.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD TM9 localized ePDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Parame	eter	Unit	Value
Number of PDCCH syr	mbols	symbols	1 (Note 1)
EPDCCH starting sym	bol	symbols	2 (Note 1)
PHICH duration			Normal
Unused RE-s and PRE	ed RE-s and PRB-s OCNG		OCNG
Cell ID			0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	σ	dB	-3
	δ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal
Subframe Configuratio	n		Non-MBSFN
Precoder Update Gran	ularity	PRB	1
		ms	1
Beamforming Pre-Cod			Annex B.4.5
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1
CSI-RS Reference Sig			Port 15 and 16
CSI-RS reference sign configuration	al resource		0
CSI reference signal si	ubframe		0
ZP-CSI-RS configuration	on bitmap		000001000000000
ZP-CSI-RS subframe o			0
Number of EPDCCH S	Sets		2 (Note 2)
EPDCCH Subframe Monitoring pattern subframePatternConfig-r11			1100011000 1100010000 1100011000 1100001000 1100011000 1000011000 1100011000 (Note 3)
PDSCH TM			TM9
TDD UL/DL Configurat	ion		0
TDD Special Subframe) 	211::	1 (Note 4)

Note 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is signalled with *epdcch-StartSymbol-r11*. However, CFI is set to 1.

Note 2: The first set is distributed transmission with PRB = {0, 49} and the second set is localized transmission with PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49}. ePDCCH is scheduled in the second set for all tests.

Note 3: EPDCCH is scheduled in every SF. UE is required to monitor ePDCCH for UE-specific search space only in SFs configured by *subframePatternConfig-r11*. Legacy PDCCH is not scheduled.

Note 4: Demodulation performance is averaged over normal and special subframe.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.2.2.2-2. EPDCCH subframe monitoring is configured and the subframe monitoring requirement in EPDCCH restricted subframes is statDTX of 99.9%.

The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.2.2-2: Minimum performance Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	2 ECCE	R.57 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	12.8
2	10 MHZ	8 ECCE	R.58 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.0

8.8.2.2.1 Void

Table 8.8.2.2.1-1: Void

8.8.2.2.2 Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-1: Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-2: Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-3: Void

8.8.3 Localized transmission with TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

8.8.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.3.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified values in Table 8.8.3.1-2. In Table 8.8.3.1-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Localized Transmission TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

			Te	est 1	Tes	st 2	
	rameter	Unit	TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	
PHICH durati					ormal		
Downlink	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0		
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0		
allocation	σ	dB			-3		
	δ	dB	OdD power	<u> </u>	0		
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	0dB power imbalance is considered between TP 1 and TP 2,	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-	
$N_{\it oc}$ at anten	na port	dBm/ 15kH z		-	98		
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10	10	
Number of co EPDCCH Set	ts		2 (N	lote 1)	2 (N	ote1)	
(setConfigId)	EPDCCH-PRB-Set ID (setConfigId)		0	1	0	1	
PRB-set	type of EPDCCH-		Localized	Localized	Localized	Localized	
EPDCCH-PR	Number of PRB pair per EPDCCH-PRB-set		8	8	8	8	
	amforming model		Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	
PDSCH trans	smission mode		TM10	TM10	TM10 Probability of	TM10 Probability of	
PDSCH trans	PDSCH transmission scheduling		Blanked in all the subframes	Transmit in all the subframes	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 30% (Note 3)	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 70% (Note 3)	
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	0	N/A	0	
reference signal (NZPId=1)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration IcsI-RS		N/A	2	N/A	2	
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	N/A	10	N/A	
reference signal (NZPId=2)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration Icsi-RS		N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	0000010000000 000	N/A	1000010000000	
signal (ZPId=1)	CSI-RS subframe configuration <i>I</i> csi-RS		N/A	2	N/A	2	
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	N/A	1000010000000	N/A	
signal (ZPId=2)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
PQI set 0 (Note 4)	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1	

	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1
PQI set 1	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Number of P	DCCH symbols	Symb ols		1 (N	ote 2)	
EPDCCH sta	arting position		pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)
Subframe co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time offset b	Time offset between TPs μs		N/A	2	N/A	2
Frequency sl	Frequency shift between TPs		N/A	200	N/A	200
Cell ID			0	126	0	126

- Note 1: Resource blocks n_{PRB} =0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49 are allocated for both the first set and the second set.
- Note 2: The starting OFDM symbol for EPDCCH is determined from the higher layer signalling pdsch-Start-r11.

 And CFI is set to 1.
- Note 3: The TP from which PDSCH is transmitted shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TP 1 and TP 2 are specified.
- Note 4: For PQI set 0, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP 2. For PQI set 1, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP1. EPDCCH and PDSCH are transmitted from same TP.

Table 8.8.3.1-2: Minimum Performance

Test	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2 ECCE	R.59 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.4
2	2 ECCE	R.59 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.4

8.8.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.3.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified values in Table 8.8.3.2-2. In Table 8.8.3.2-1, transmission point 1 (TP1) is the serving cell. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Localized Transmission TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

D-		1111	Te	est 1	Tes	st 2
	rameter	Unit	TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2
PHICH durati					rmal	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	σ	dB			-3	
	δ	dB	0.15		0	Г
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		0dB power imbalance is considered between TP 1 and TP 2,	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-2	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-2
$N_{\it oc}$ at anten	na port	dBm/ 15kH z		-	98	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10	10
Number of El			2 (N	ote 1)	2 (No	ote1)
EPDCCH-PR (setConfigld)			0	1	0	1
PRB-set	type of EPDCCH-		Localized	Localized	Localized	Localized
EPDCCH-PR	Number of PRB pair per EPDCCH-PRB-set		8	8	8	8
	EPDCCH beamforming model		Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5
PDSCH trans	PDSCH transmission mode		TM10	TM10	TM10 Probability of	TM10 Probability of
PDSCH trans	PDSCH transmission scheduling		Blanked in all the subframes	Transmit in all the subframes	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 30% (Note 3)	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 70% (Note 3)
CSI reference configuration	S		Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	0	N/A	0
reference signal (NZPId=1)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	0	N/A	0
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	N/A	10	N/A
reference signal (NZPId=2)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	N/A	0	N/A
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	0000010000000 000	N/A	1000010000000
signal (ZPId=1)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	0	N/A	0
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	N/A	1000010000000	N/A
signal (ZPId=2)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	N/A	0	N/A

Non-Zero power

PQI set 0	CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1		
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1		
PQI set 1	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
Number of F	PDCCH symbols	Symb ols	1 (Note 2)					
EPDCCH sta	arting position		pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)		
Subframe co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN		
Time offset l	petween TPs	μs	N/A	2	N/A	2		
Frequency s	hift between TPs	Hz	N/A	200	N/A	200		
Cell ID			0	126	0	126		
TDD UL/DL	TDD UL/DL configuration 0							
TDD special subframe 1								
	esource blocks n _{PRB}							

- Note 2: The starting OFDM symbol for EPDCCH is determined from the higher layer signalling pdsch-Start-r11.

 And CFI is set to 1.
- Note 3: The TP from which PDSCH is transmitted shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TP 1 and TP 2 are specified.
- Note 4: For PQI set 0, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP 2. For PQI set 1, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP1. EPDCCH and PDSCH are transmitted from same TP.

Table 8.8.3.2-2: Minimum Performance

Test	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value	
number	level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	2 ECCE	R.59 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.6	
2	2 ECCE	R.59 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.6	

9 Reporting of Channel State Information

9.1 General

This section includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI). For all test cases in this section,

the definition of SNR is in accordance with the one given in clause 8.1.1, where $SNR = \frac{\sum \hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}}{\sum N_{oc}^{(j)}}$.

9.1.1 Applicability of requirements

9.1.1.1 Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths

In Clause 9 the test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth to verify the same CSI requirement.

9.1.1.2 Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets

The performance requirement for CA CQI tests in Clause 9 are defined independent of CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Clause 5.6A.1. For UEs supporting different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets, the applicability and test rules are defined for the tests for 2 DL CCs in Table 9.1.1.2-1. For simplicity, CA configuration below refers to combination of CA configuration and bandwidth combination set. The definition of CA capability is specified in 8.1.2.2.

Table 9.1.1.2-1: Applicability and test rules for CA UE CQI tests with 2 DL CCs

Tests	CA capability where the tests apply	CA configuration from the selected CA capbility where the tests apply	CA Bandwidth combination to be tested in priority order						
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 9.6.1.1	Any of one of the supported CA capabilities	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz						
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 9.6.1.2	Any of one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination						
Note 2: Number	Note 1: The applicability and test rules are specified in this table, unless otherwise stated.								

9.2 CQI reporting definition under AWGN conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective conditions is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median. The purpose is to verify that the reported CQI values are in accordance with the CQI definition given in TS 36.213 [6]. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the reporting definition is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.2.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.2.1.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.1 FDD in Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.1-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			10		
PDSCH transmission	n mode				1		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condition and antenna configuration AWGN (1 x 2			N (1 x 2)				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	0	1	6	7	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-97	-92	-91	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-9	98	
Max number of H transmission					1		
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI		PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report	eport Type 4						
Reporting period		ms	ns $N_{pd} = 5$				
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			6		

Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic Note 1: OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1, except for category 1 UE use RC.4 FDD with two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.2.

For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) Note 2:

and the respective wanted signal input level.

9.2.1.2 **TDD**

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥1. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.1 TDD in Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

cgi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex

ACK/NACK feedback mode

Parameter Unit Test 1 Test 2 Bandwidth MHz 10 PDSCH transmission mode 1 Uplink downlink configuration 2 Special subframe 4 configuration dB 0 $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ Downlink power $ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ dΒ 0 allocation dB 0 σ Propagation condition and AWGN (1 x 2) antenna configuration SNR (Note 2) dΒ 0 $\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ dB[mW/15kHz] -97 -91 -98 -92 $N_{oc}^{(j)}$ dB[mW/15kHz] -98 -98 Max number of HARQ 1 transmissions Physical channel for CQI PUSCH (Note 3) reporting **PUCCH Report Type** Reporting periodicity $N_{pd} = 5$ ms

Table 9.2.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1, except for category 1 UE use RC.4 TDD with two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.2.

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Multiplexing

Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.

9.2.1.3 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.3-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C.3.3-1 for Cell 2 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 FDD / RC.6 FDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI - 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The value of the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ shall be larger than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 5 in Test 1 and shall be larger than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.2.1.3-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter		l lmit	Te	st 1	Test 2		
		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Bandwidth		MHz		10		10	
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		2	Note 10	2	Note 10	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3		-3	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3		-3	
	σ	dB		0		0	
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause	B.1 (2x2)	Clause	B.1 (2x2)	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (No	te 1)	dB	4 5 6		4 5	-12	
(;)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 7)	N/A	-98(Note 7)	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 8)	N/A	-98(Note 8)	N/A	
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 9)	N/A	-98(Note 9)	N/A	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94 -93	-92	-94 -93	-110	
Subframe Config	uration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Cell Id			0	1	0	1	
Time Offset betwe	en Cells	μs	2.5 (synch	ronous cells)	2.5 (synchi	onous cells)	
ABS pattern (Note 2)			N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	
(Note 3)	Ccsi,1		10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A	
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3		3	
Max number of transmission				1		1	
Physical channel for reporting			PUCCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2	
Physical channel for reporting			PUSCH	(Note 12)	PUSCH	(Note 12)	
PUCCH Report		-		4		4	
Reporting perio		Ms	N _p	d = 5	Npo	ı = 5	
cqi-pmi-Configurat Ccsi,0 (Note 1	3)		6	N/A	6	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration C _{CSI,1} (Note 1			5	N/A	5	N/A	

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for UE Cateogry 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1, and RC.6 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP. 1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and A.5.1.2.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cgi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for Ccsl.o.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for Ccsi,1.

9.2.1.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.4-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C3.3-1 for Cell 2 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 TDD / RC.6 TDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The value of the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,0}$ minus the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ shall be larger than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 5 in Test 1 and shall be larger than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.2.1.4-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes	st 1	Test 2		
Parameter		Unit	Ce	II 1	Cell 2	Ce	II 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz		1	0		1	0
PDSCH transmission			2	2	Note 10	2	2	Note 10
Uplink downlink con				1	1			1
Special subfra configuration				4	4			4
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-;	3		-	3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			3			3
	σ	dB		()		(0
Propagation condit antenna configur				Clause E	3.1 (2x2)		Clause I	B.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	e 1)	dB	4	5	6	4	5	-12
(1)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-102 (1	Note 7)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	ote 8)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (I	Note 9)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 9)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-92	-94	-93	-110
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			(1)	1
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	2.5	(synchro	onous cells)	2.5	(synchr	onous cells)
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A		0100010001 0100010001	N/A		0100010001 0100010001
RLM/RRM Measu	rement		000000001		N/A	000000001		N/A
Subframe Pattern	(Note 4)		00000		IN/A	00000		IN/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		01000 01000		N/A	01000 01000		N.A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		10001 10001		N/A		01000 01000	N/A
Number of control	OFDM		10001		<u> </u>	10001		2
symbols					3		•	3
Max number of H				1	1			1
transmission				'				
Physical channel for	C _{CSI,0} CQI			PUCCH	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
reporting Physical channel for	Coor COI							
reporting	CCSI,1 CQI		ı	PUSCH ((Note 12)		PUS	SCH
PUCCH Report	Type				4			4
Reporting period		ms			= 5			= 5
cqi-pmi-Configurati			3			,	3	
C _{CSI,0} (Note 1	3))	N/A	,)	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	onIndex2 4)		2	1	N/A	4	1	N/A
ACK/NACK feedba				Multip	lexing		Multip	lexing

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for UE Category ≥2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1, and RC.6 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynami OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and Annex A.5.2.2.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for Ccsi.o.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for C_{CSI,1}.

9.2.1.5 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 2 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.5-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C.3.3-2 for Cell 2 and Cell 3, and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 FDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time.

For test 1 and test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

For test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.5-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

_			Te	st 1	Te	st 2
Parameter	•	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3
Bandwidth		MHz	•	10	1	0
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		2	Note 10	2	Note 10
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	-	3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3		3
	σ	dB	0		(0
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause	B.1 (2x2)	Clause I	B.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (No	te 1)	dB	4 5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	13 14	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10
(i)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 7)	N/A	-98 (Note 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 8)	N/A	-98 (Note 8)	N/A
•	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9)	N/A
Subframe Config	uration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	0	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1
			Cell 2:	3 usec	Cell 2:	3 usec
Time Offset betwe	en Cells	μs	Cell 3:	-1usec	Cell 3:	-1usec
Frequency Shift between Cells		Hz	Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz	
ABS pattern (Note 2)			N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3	;	3
Max number of transmission				1		1
Physical channel for reporting			PUCCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,1} CQI		PUSCH	(Note 12)	PUSCH	(Note 12)
PUCCH Report	Туре			4		4
Reporting perio	dicity	Ms	N _{po}	₁ = 5	N _{pd}	= 5
cqi-pmi-Configurat Ccsi,0 (Note 1			6	N/A	6	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration Ccsi,1 (Note 1	onIndex2		5	N/A	5	N/A

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 are the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for Ccsl,o.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for Ccsi,1.

9.2.1.6 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 2 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.6-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C3.3-2 for Cell 2 and Cell 3, and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 TDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time.

For test 1 and test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,0}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

For test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.6-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Doromotor		l lmit		Tes	st 1	Test 2		
Parameter		Unit	Cell	1	Cell 2 and 3	Ce	ell 1	Cell 2 and 3
Bandwidth		MHz		1	0			0
PDSCH transmission			2		Note 10		2	Note 10
Uplink downlink con								1
Special subfra configuration				4	1		4	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-:	3		-	3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-;	3		-	3
	σ	dB		()		(0
Propagation condit antenna configu			(Clause E	3.1 (2x2)		Clause	B.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	te 1)	dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	13	14	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (No	ote 7)	N/A	-98 (N	Note 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (No	ote 8)	N/A	,	Note 8)	N/A
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (No		N/A	,	Note 9)	N/A
Subframe Configuration			Non-M	BSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-N	/IBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0		Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	Cell 3: 1		Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1
Time Offset between	Time Offset between Cells			Cell 2: Cell 3:	3 usec -1usec			3 usec -1usec
Frequency shift betw	een Cells	Hz		Cell 2: Cell 3:	300Hz -100Hz			300Hz -100Hz
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A	4	0100010001 0100010001	N	I/A	0100010001 0100010001
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			000000		N/A		000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		010001 010001		N/A		010001 010001	N.A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		100010 100010		N/A		101000 101000	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3	3		:	3
Max number of F transmission				,	I			1
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,0} CQI		Р	UCCH	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,1} CQI		Р	USCH ((Note 12)		PUSCH	(Note 12)
PUCCH Report Type			1		1			4
Reporting periodicity		ms		N_{pd}	= 5		Npd	= 5
cqi-pmi-Configurati C _{CSI,0} (Note 1			3		N/A		3	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration C _{CSI,1} (Note 1	onIndex2		4		N/A		4	N/A
ACK/NACK feedba				Multip	lexing		Multip	plexing

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for C_{CSI,0}.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for Ccsi,1.

9.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.2.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.2.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			10		
PDSCH transmission	on mode				4		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			-3		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			-3		
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condit antenna configur	ration		Clause B.1 (2 x 2)				
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		010000				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	10	11	16	17	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-82	-81	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98		
Max number of F transmission					1		
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI			PUCCH	Format 2		
PUCCH Report Ty CQI/PMI	ype for				2		
PUCCH Report Typ	oe for RI				3		
Reporting periodicity ms $N_{pd} = 5$			d = 5				
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex		6				
ri-ConfigInde	ex			1 (N	lote 3)		

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: It is intended to have UL collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK, since the RI reports shall not be used by the eNB in this test.

9.2.2.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1 Test 2		st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode			4				
Uplink downlink configuration			2				
Special subframe configuration				4			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause B.1 (2 x 2)				
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			010000				
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	10	11	16 17		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-82 -81		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8		
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				
Physical channel for reporting	Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)				
PUCCH Report	Туре		2				
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{pd} = 5$				
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			3				
ri-ConfigIndex			805 (Note 4)				
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing				

Table 9.2.2.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.2.3 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbols)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.3.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER

using the transport format indicated by the respective median $CQI_0 + 1$ and median $CQI_1 + 1$ shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.3.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	t 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmissi	PDSCH transmission mode		9				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
allocation	P_c	dB	-3				
	σ	dB	-3				
Cell-specific referen	ce signals		Antenna ports 0, 1				
CSI reference si	gnals		Antenna ports 15,,18				
CSI-RS periodicity an							
offset			5/1				
	Tcsi-rs / Δcsi-rs						
CSI reference signal configuration			0				
Propagation condition and antenna			Clause B.1 (4 x 2)				
configuration			` '				
Beamforming Model			As specified in Section B.4.3				
CodeBookSubsetRestr			0x0000 0000 0100 0000				
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	7	8	13	14	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-91	-90	-85	-84	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8		
Max number of HARQ t	ransmissions		1				
Physical channel for	· CQI/PMI		DUICOU (Natao)				
reporting			PUSCH (Note3)				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2				
Physical channel for F	RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report Ty			3				
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$				
	CQI delay		8				
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			2				
ri-ConfigIndex 1							
Note 1: Reference me	easurement ch	annel RC.7 TDD acc	cording to Ta	ble A.4-1 with	one sided dyn	amic OCNG	

Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.

9.2.3.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.3.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 submode 1 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10			
PDSCH transmission mode			9			
Uplink downlink configuration			2			
Special subframe configuration			4			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0			
	P_c	dB	-6			
	σ	dB	-3			
CRS reference s	ignals		Antenna ports 0, 1			
CSI reference si	ignals		Antenna ports 15,,22			
CSI-RS periodicity an	d subframe		5/ 3			
offset						
$T_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$	-RS					
CSI reference signal configuration			0			
Propagation condition and antenna			Clause B.1 (8 x 2)			
configuration			` ,			
Beamforming Model			As specified in Section B.4.3			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000			
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	4	5	10 11	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-88 -87	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98	
Max number of HARQ t	ransmissions		1			
Physical channel for	CQI/PMI		BUOOLL (N. c. o)			
reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/second			2b			
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH			
PUCCH Report Type for RI/ first PMI			5			
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$			
CQI delay		ms	10 or 11			
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			3			
ri-ConfigIndex			805 (Note 4)			
ACK/NACK feedba		Multiplexing				
T					·	

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.2.4 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (With Single CSI Process)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.4.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.4.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.4-1 and C.3.4-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial

differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.4.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1			Test 2			
			TP1 TP2			TP1 TP2			
Bandwidth		MHz	10						
PDSCH transmiss					0 I -	T			
-	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		0	0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0		0	(
allocation (Note 1)	Pc	dB	-3	-3		-3	Ϋ́		
	σ	dB	-3	N/	A	-3	N/	/A	
Cell ID			C)		C)		
Cell-specific refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note	e 2)	Antenna ports 0, 1	(Not	e 2)	
CSI reference	signals		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/	A	Antenna ports 15,,18	N	/A	
CSI-RS periodi subframe offset Tcs	city and si-Rs / ∆csi-Rs		5/1	N/.	A	5/1	N	/A	
CSI-RS config			0	N/	A	0	N	/A	
Zero-Power C configurati I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower bitmap	ion		1 / 001000000000 0000	1 100000 000	00000	1 / 001000000000 0000	1 / 10000000000 00000		
CSI-IM configuration Icsi-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			1 / 00100000000 0000	N/A (1 / 00100000000 0000	N/A		
CSI process con Signal/Interference mode			CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-1		CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-		1 1-1		
Propagation cond antenna config			Clause B.1 (4 x 2)	Clause (2 x		Clause B.1 (4 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)		
CodeBookSubsetl bitmap			0x0000 0000 0100 0000	1000	•	0x0000 0000 0100 0000		000	
SNR (Note	: 3)	dB	20	6	7	20	14	15	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-78	-92	-91	-78	-84	-83	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	8		-98			
Modulation / Infor payload			(Note4)	QPSK /	4392	(Note4)	QPSK	/ 4392	
Max number of transmission	ons		1	N/A		1	N	/A	
Physical channel for reporting	9		PUSCH (Note5)	N/A		PUSCH (Note5)	N	/A	
PUCCH Report CQI/PM	I		2	N/A		2	N		
PUCCH Report T			3	N/A		3	N/		
	Reporting periodicity		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/.		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/		
CQI Dela		ms	8 N/A			8	N/		
cqi-pmi-Configura			2	N/.		2	N/		
ri-ConfigIn			1	N/.	A	1	N/	'A	
PDSCH scheduled			1,2,3,4,			1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			
Timing offset bety		US	C			0			
Frequency offset between TPs				Pattorn					

Note1: Reference measurement channel RC.10 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 CRS have zero transmission power.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: Void

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.

9.2.4.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.4.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.4-1 and C.3.4-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.4.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes			Tes		
			TP1 TP2 TP1 TP2					2
Bandwidth PDSCH transmission mode		MHz	10 10					
Uplink downlink co			2					
Special subframe c						4		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		0	0		0	()
Downlink power	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0	1	0	()
allocation (Note 1)	P _B	dB	-6	-6		-6		6
	σ	dB	-3	N/		-3		/A
Cell ID			C)		()	
Cell-specific refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note	e 2)	Antenna ports 0, 1	(No	te 2)
CSI reference	signals		Antenna ports 15,,22	N/	A	Antenna ports 15,,22	N.	/A
CSI-RS periodi subframe offset $T_{\rm CS}$	city and sı-ʀs / ∆csı-ʀs		5/3	N/	A	5/3	N	/A
CSI-RS config			0	N/	A	0	N.	/A
Zero-Power C configurati I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPow bitmap	ion <i>erCSI-RS</i>		3 / 001000000000 0000	3 100001 000	00000	3 / 001000000000 0000	10000	/ 100000 000
CSI-IM configuration of the co	uration erCSI-RS		3 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		3 / 001000000000 0000	N/A	
CSI process configuration Signal/Interference/Reporting mode			CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-1		CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-		Ⅎ 1-1	
	Propagation condition and antenna configuration		Clause B.1 (8 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)		Clause B.1 (8 x 2)	(2 x 2)	
CodeBookSubsetl bitmap	CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap		0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000	100000		0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000	100	000
SNR (Note	e 3)	dB	17	6	7	17	14	15
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-81	-92	-91	-81	-84	-83
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	8		-98		
Modulation / Infor	1		(Note4)	QPSK /	4392	(Note4)	QPSK	/ 4392
transmissio	Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/	A	1	N.	/A
Physical channel for reporting	g		PUSCH (Note5)	N/A		PUSCH (Note5)	N.	/A
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/second PMI Physical channel for RI reporting			2b	N/		2b		/A
PUCCH Report Typ			PUSCH N/A 5 N/A			PUSCH 5		/A /A
PMI Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/.	Α	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$		/A
CQI Delay		ms	10 or 11	N/		10 or 11		/A
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			3	N/		3		/A
ri-ConfigIn	dex		805 (Note 6)	N/.		805 (Note 6)		/A
ACK/NACK feedb			Multiplexing	N/	A	Multiplexing		/A
PDSCH scheduled			3,4,			3,4,8,9		
Timing offset bety		us Hz	0			0 0		
Frequency offset between TPs		112	L	,		1	,	

Note1:	Reference measurement channel RC.10 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern
	OP 1 TDD as described in Anney 4.5.2.1

- Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 CRS have zero transmission power.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: Void
- Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 6: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.3 CQI reporting under fading conditions

9.3.1 Frequency-selective scheduling mode

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is determined by a double-sided percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level 0 per sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands can be used for frequently-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the sub-band CQI reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2	
Band	Bandwidth		10 MHz				
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (p	ort 0)		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0		
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0			
allocation	σ	dB			0		
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15	
	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-89 -88		-84	-83	
N	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		-98 -98		98		
_			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu$).45 <i>μ</i> s,	
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$				
Antenna co	onfiguration			1 x 2			
Reportin	Reporting interval			5			
CQI delay		ms		8			
Reporting mode				PUSCH 3-0			
Sub-band size		RB	6 (full size)				
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			t 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz			
Transmiss	sion mode		1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0	
allocation	σ	dB		(0	
	lownlink uration				2	
	subframe uration			,	4	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89 -88 -84		-84	-83
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98			8
Propagation channel			Clause B.2.4 with $ au_d=0.45~\mu\mathrm{s},~a=1,$ $f_D=5~\mathrm{Hz}$			
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2			
Reportin	g interval	ms	5			
CQI	delay	ms		10 c	or 11	
Reportir	ng mode				CH 3-0	
Sub-band size		RB		6 (ful	l size)	
Max number of HARQ transmissions				1		
ACK/NACK fe	edback mode			Multiplexing		
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						

- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.3 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.3-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.3-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band:
- b) the ratio of the throughput in ABS subframes obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set *S* shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER in ABS subframes for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to ε .

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.3-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes		Test 2		
			Се		Cell 2 and 3	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3	
Bandwidth		MHz		10			Note 10	
PDSCH transmission			1			Note 10 1		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0		0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0			0	
	σ	dB		0			0	
Propagation con			with Td us, a =		EVA5 Low antenna correlation	Clause B.2.4 with Td = 0.45 us, a = 1, fd = 5 Hz	EVA5 Low antenna correlation	
Antenna configu	ration			1x			x2	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	te 1)	dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	14 15	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	
- x(i)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	-98 (Note 7)	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	-98 (Note 8)	N/A	
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	,	lote 9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9)	N/A	
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Cell Id)	Cell 2: 6	0	Cell 2: 6	
			Cell 2: 3 usec		Call 2:	Cell 3: 1		
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs		Cell 3:		Cell 3: -1usec		
Frequency Shift betw	een Cells	Hz	Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz			
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N,	/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100	N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0101 0101 0101 0101 0101	0101 0101 0101 0101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		1010 1010 1010 1010	1010 1010 1010 1010 1010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A	
Number of control OFDM symbols				3			3	
Max number of H	-		1				1	
CQI delay		ms			8	3		
Reporting interval (ms				0		
Reporting mo				PUSCH 3-0				
Sub-band size		RB			6 (full	size)		

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 are the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.
- Note 12: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 13: The CSI reporting is such that reference subframes belong to Ccsi.0.

Table 9.3.1.1.3-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
8	0.01	0.01
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.4-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.4-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput in ABS subframes obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER in ABS subframes for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to ε .

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.4-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes		Test 2		
			Се		Cell 2 and 3	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3	
Bandwidth		MHz			0		10	
PDSCH transmission			1		Note 10	1	Note 10	
Uplink downlink conf	iguration				1		1	
Special subframe configuration				4	4		4	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0		0	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0		0	
	σ	dB			0		0	
Propagation conditio	n		Clause with Td us, a = 5 I	= 0.45 1, fd =	EVA5 Low antenna correlation	Clause B.2 with Td = 0. us, a = 1, fd 5 Hz	45 Low antenna	
Antenna configuration	n			1)	x2		1x2	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Note 1)		dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	14 15	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	-98 (Note 7	*	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	-98 (Note 8	*	
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (N	•	N/A	-93 (Note 9	•	
Subframe Configuration			Non-MBSFN		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSF		
Cell Id			(Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	0	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec		Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec			
Frequency shift betw	een Cells	Hz	Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz			
ABS pattern (Note 2))		N/	/A	0100010001 0100010001	N/A	0100010001 0100010001	
RLM/RRM Measurer Subframe Pattern (N			00000		N/A	000000000		
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		01000 01000		N/A	010001000 010001000	Ι ΝΙΔ	
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		10001 10001	01000 01000	N/A	100010100 100010100	I INI/A	
Number of control OFDM symbols				3	3		3	
Max number of HARQ transmissions				,	1		1	
CQI delay		ms			1	0		
Reporting interval (N	ote 13)	ms				0		
Reporting mode					PUSC	H 3-0		
Sub-band size		RB			6 (full	size)		
ACK/NACK feedback	k mode			Multip	lexing	Mı	ultiplexing	

- For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the Note 1: respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7] Note 5:
- Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Note 6: Cell2, and Cell3 is the same.
- This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping Note 7: with the aggressor ABS.
- This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS Note 8:
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.3 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic Note 11: OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a Note 12: downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- The CSI reporting is such that reference subframes belong to Ccsi,0. Note 13:

Test 1 Test 2 α[%] 55 55 β [%] 1.1 1.1 0.01 0.01 3 **UE** Category

≥1

≥1

Table 9.3.1.1.4-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

9.3.1.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

FDD 9.3.1.2.1

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band:
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.1.2.1-1 Sub-band test for FDD

Parameter		Unit	Te	Test 1 Test		
Bandwidth		MHz		10 MHz		
Transmiss	sion mode		9			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	P_c	dB			0	
	σ	dB			0	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	4	5	11	12
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-87	-86
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(-98 -98		
Propagation channel			Clause	Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_{\scriptscriptstyle d}=0.45\mu{\rm s}$,		
Propagatio	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Antenna configuration			2x2			
Beamform	ing Model		As specified in Section B.4.3			B.4.3
CRS refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 0			
	nce signals		Antenna ports 15, 16			16
	and subframe offset $^\prime$ $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			5	/ 1	
	signal configuration				4	
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap				000001		
Reporting interval (Note 4)		ms		5		
CQI delay		ms	8			
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1			
Sub-band size		RB		6 (full size)		
Max number of HARQ transmissions					1	
Note 1: If the UE	Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on					
CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband						

or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.8 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.

Table 9.3.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	40	40
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.2.2 **TDD**

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.1.2.2-1 Sub-band test for TDD

Para	meter	Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10 MHz		
Transmiss	sion mode				9	
Uplink downlin	Uplink downlink configuration				2	
Special subfran	ne configuration			ļ	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	P_{c}	dB		-	0	
	σ	dB			0	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	4	5	11	12
\hat{I}_{ϵ}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-87	-86
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	98
			Clause	B.2.4 wi	th $\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>μ</i> s,
Propagation channel			$a = 1, \ f_D = 5 \text{Hz}$			
Antenna configuration				2x2		
Beamforming Model			As sp	As specified in Section B.4.3		B.4.3
CRS refere	nce signals		Antenna port 0			
CSI refere	nce signals		Antenna port 15,16		6	
	and subframe offset		5/ 3			
	$/\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			J.	3	
	signal configuration				4	
CodeBookSubset	Restriction bitmap			000	0001	
Reporting into	erval (Note 4)	ms	5			
CQI	delay	ms			0	
Reportir	ng mode			PUSC	CH 3-1	
Sub-ba	ınd size	RB	6 (full size)			
Max number of HA	ARQ transmissions				1	
ACK/NACK fe				lexing		
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based of			ed on			
CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband				bband		
or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						
				'two		
sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.						
	Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two			two		
	nd the respective wan					
	OCI format 0 with a trig					
SF#3 and	#8 to allow aperiodic	CQI/PMI/RI to be tran	nsmitted	on uplink	SF#2 an	ıd #7.

Table 9.3.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	40	40
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2 Frequency non-selective scheduling mode

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective fading conditions is determined by the reporting variance, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format transmitted is that indicated by the reported CQI compared to the case for which a fixed transport format configured according to the reported median CQI is transmitted. In addition, the reporting accuracy is determined by a minimum BLER using the transport formats indicated by the reported CQI. The purpose is to verify that the UE is tracking the channel variations and selecting the largest transport format possible according to the prevailing channel state for frequently non-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the CQI reporting under frequency non-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.2.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02

Table 9.3.2.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Tes	Test 1 Test 2		st 2
Band	width	MHz		10 l	ИНz	
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98)8
Propagation	on channel		EPA5			
	tion and			High ((1 x 2)	
	onfiguration					
	ng mode			PUCC	CH 1-0	
Reporting	periodicity	ms		N_{pd}	= 2	
	delay	ms		}	3	
	channel for porting		PUSCH (Note 4)			
PUCCH R	eport Type			4	4	
	cai-pmi-					
Configura	ationIndex		1			
Max number	er of HARQ		1			
transmissions						
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						

- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and RC.4 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.
- For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at Note 3: least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.

Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥1	≥1

TDD 9.3.2.1.2

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	width	MHz		10 MHz		
Transmiss	sion mode				ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB)	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
	lownlink uration			2	2	
Special	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
		-				
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-9	8
	on channel			EP	PA5	
	tion and			High ((1 x 2)	
	onfiguration ng mode			PUCC	CH 1-0	
	periodicity	ms	N _{pd} = 5			
	delay	ms	10 or 11			
Physical c	hannel for			PUSCH	(Note 4)	
	porting		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	eport Type pmi-				4	
	ationIndex			3	3	
	er of HARQ				4	
	issions				1	
	K feedback			Multin	lexing	
	ode		<u> </u>	•	•	
		orts in an available u orts in an available u				-4 -4-"
		, this reported wide				
		before SF#(n+4).	bana oq	i carinot i	be applie	u at tile
		easurement channel	RC.1 TE	DD accord	ding to Ta	able
A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1						
TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and RC.4 TDD according to						
	Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG				ĬĠ	
		2 TDD as described				
		st, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at				
least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input						
	level. Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is				8	
necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH						
		shall be transmitted				
ŗ	eriodic CQI t	o multiplex with the	HARQ-A	CK on P	USCH in	uplink
	subframe SF#					

Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.2.1-1 Fading test for FDD

Parar	meter	Unit	Test 1 Test		st 2	
Band	width	MHz		10 MHz		
Transmission mode				(9	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	P_{c}	dB		-:	3	
	σ	dB		-	3	
SNR (f	Note 3)	dB	2	3	7	8
\hat{I}_{c}^{i}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-96	-95	-91	-90
N	(<i>j</i>) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	8
Propagation	Propagation channel		EPA5			
Correlation and and	Correlation and antenna configuration		ULA High (4 x 2)			
	ning Model		As sp	As specified in Section B.4.3		B.4.3
Cell-specific reference signals				Antenna ports 0,1		
	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,18		18	
	CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			5.	/1	
	signal configuration			2	2	
CodeBookSubset	Restriction bitmap		0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001
Reportir	ng mode			PUCC	CH 1-1	
Reporting	Reporting periodicity			N_{pd}	= 5	
	delay	ms	8			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting				PUSCH	(Note 4)	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI					2	
PUCCH channel for RI reporting				PUCCH	Format 2	
PUCCH report type for RI					3	
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex				2	2	
	igIndex				1	
Max number of HARQ transmissions					1	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.7 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#0 and #5.

Table 9.3.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.3.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.2.2-1 Fading test for TDD

Bandwidth MHz Transmission mode		10 N	41.1	
			/IHZ	
		()	
Uplink downlink configuration		2	2	
Special subframe configuration		4	1	
$ ho_{_{A}}$ dB		()	
Downlink power $ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ dB		()	
allocation P_{c} dB		-(6	
σ dB		-;	3	
SNR (Note 3) dB	1	2	7	8
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ dB[mW/15kHz] -	-97	-96	-91	-90
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98	
Propagation channel	EPA5			
Correlation and antenna configuration	XP High (8 x 2)			
Beamforming Model	As specified in Section B.4.3		B.4.3	
CRS reference signals	Antenna ports 0, 1			
CSI reference signals	Antenna ports 15,,22		,22	
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/	2	
$T_{ m CSI-RS}$ / $\Delta_{ m CSI-RS}$		3/	3	
CSI-RS reference signal configuration		2	2	
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap	0x0000	0 0000 C 0000	000 0020 0001	0000
Reporting mode	PUC	CH 1-1 (Sub-mod	le: 2)
Reporting periodicity ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$			
CQI delay ms	10			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI		PUSCH	(Note 4)	
reporting		РОЗСП	(Note 4)	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/ PMI		2		
Physical channel for RI reporting	F	PUCCH	Format 2	
PUCCH report type for RI		3		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex		3		
ri-ConfigIndex		805 (N	lote 5)	
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1		
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multip	lexing	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#2 and #7.
- Note 5: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.

Table 9.3.2.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
<i>α</i> [%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.3.3 Frequency-selective interference

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective interference conditions is determined by a percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level +2 for a preferred sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands are used for frequently-selective scheduling under frequency-selective interference conditions.

9.3.3.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.3.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least α % for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parai	neter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Band	width	MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmission mode			1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for F	RB 641	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for R	B 4249	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -102	
\hat{I}_{c}^{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94 -94	
	er of HARQ issions			1
			Clause B.2.4 wi	th $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu \text{s}$,
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Reportin	g interval	ms	5	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2	
	delay	ms		8
	ng mode			CH 3-0
Sub-ba	nd size	RB	6 (ful	l size)

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.3.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least $\alpha\%$ for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Band	width	MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmiss	sion mode		1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
	lownlink uration		2	
	subframe uration		4	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for RB 641		dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for R	B 4249	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -102	
\hat{I}_{o}^{i}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-94
Max number transm	er of HARQ issions		1	
Propagatio	on channel		Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d=0.45\mu\text{s}$	
Tropagatio	on charmer		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2	
Reporting	g interval	ms	5	
	delay	ms	10 or 11	
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-0	
Sub-ba	nd size	RB	6 (full	size)
	K feedback ode		Multiplexing	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.3.2 Void

9.3.3.2.1 Void

9.3.3.2.2 Void

9.3.4 UE-selected subband CQI

The accuracy of UE-selected subband channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on the UE-selected subbands with the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any subband in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that correct subbands are accurately reported for frequency-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the subband CQI reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.4.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.4.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband COI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Band	lwidth	MHz		10 N	ИНz	
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	8	-6	98
			Clause	B.2.4 wit	$\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>μ</i> s,
Propagati	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Reportin	g interval	ms	5 8			
	delay	ms	_			
	ng mode		PUSCH 2-0			
	er of HARQ				1	
	nissions		0 ((:)			
Subband size (k) RBs		RBs		3 (full	size)	
	of preferred and s (<i>M</i>)		5			
Note 1:	subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)			CQI		
	Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.5 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.			D as		
	Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input					

Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.1.2 TDD

level.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	dwidth	MHz		10 N	ИНz	
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
	downlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98)8	
Propagati	on channel				th $\tau_d = 0$	0.45μ s,
Topagati	on onamici		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Reportin	g interval	ms	5			
CQI	delay	ms	10 or 11			
	ng mode		PUSCH 2-0			
	er of HARQ				1	
	nissions				-	
	d size (k)	RBs		3 (full	size)	
	of preferred nds (<i>M</i>)			į	5	
	K feedback			Multip	lexing	
mode						
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.5 TDD according to Table			CQI			
	A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.			D as		
1	Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.					

Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.4.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting

from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Par	ameter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bar	ndwidth	MHz		10 N	ИНz	
Transmi	ssion mode		1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
	$\hat{m{I}}_{or}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
Ì	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-6	98	-6	98
_			Clause	B.2.4 wit	$\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>μ</i> s
Propaga	tion channel			a = 1, f	$_D = 5 \mathrm{Hz}$	
Reportin	g periodicity	ms	$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$ $N_P = 2$			
	I delay	ms	8			
Physical	channel for		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	reporting Report Type		` ,			
	eband CQI		4			
	Report Type		1			
for sub	band CQI				I	
Max num	ber of HARQ				1	
	missions				-	
	nd size (<i>k</i>)	RBs		6 (full	size)	
	of bandwidth rts (<i>J</i>)			3	3	
	K				1	
cqi-pmi-ConfigIndex				,	1	
Note 1: Note 2:	If the UE reposubframe SF# not later than cannot be app Reference me	#n based on CQI es SF#(n-4), this repo blied at the eNB dove easurement channe	e uplink reporting instance at estimation at a downlink subframe ported subband or wideband CQI downlink before SF#(n+4) nel RC.3 FDD according to Table mic QCNG Pattern OP 1/2 FDD as			
Note 3:	described in A For each test,	Annex A.5.1.1/2. , the minimum requi	wo sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as nex A.5.1.1/2. The minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input		r at	

- To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.
- CQI reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last Note 5: bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling according to the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth part
- In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be Note 6: scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI report.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
	dwidth	MHz			MHz	~ _
	sion mode			1 (pc		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0		
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
	downlink				2	
	uration					
	subframe Juration			4	4	
	(Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
	f(j)					
-	or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
N	7 (j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-6	98	-9	18
Propagati	on channel		Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$	$.45 \mu s$,
op agaa				a = 1, f		
	periodicity	ms		N _P		
	delay	ms		10 c	or 11	
	channel for eporting			PUSCH	(Note 4)	
	eport Type		4			
	band CQI					
	leport Type band CQI			1	1	
	er of HARQ					
transmissions			1			
	d size (k)	RBs	6 (full size)			
	f bandwidth ts (<i>J</i>)			3	3	
	K		1			
cqi-pmi-C	ConfigIndex			3	3	
	K feedback			Multip	lexing	
	ode If the LIE repo	l erts in an available ι	 Inlink ren			
;	subframe SF# not later than	n based on CQI es SF#(n-4), this repor	timation a rted subb	at a down and or wi	ilink subfr ideband (
		olied at the eNB dov				hlo
		easurement channe				
	A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.					
Note 3:	For each test,	the minimum requi	rements	shall be f	ulfilled for	r at
	east one of the	ne two SNR(s) and t	he respe	ctive war	nted signa	al input
Note 4:	To avoid collis	sions between CQI				
		report both on PUS				
		shall be transmitted o multiplex with the				
	subframe SF#		, ()	.51. 5111		~Piiilik
		reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last				
		rt) are to be disrega				dth
	according to t with j=1.	he most recent subl	band CQ	report to	or dandwi	utn part
		nere wideband CQI	is reporte	ed, data i	s to be	
		cording to the most				I
1	report.					

Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.5 Additional requirements for enhanced receiver Type A

The purpose of the test is to verify that the reporting of the channel quality is based on the receiver of the enhanced Type A. Performance requirements are specified in terms of the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format is that indicated by the reported CQI subject to an interference model compared to the case with a white Gaussian noise model, and a requirement on the minimum BLER of the transmitted transport formats indicated by the reported CQI subject to an interference model.

9.3.5.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.5.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.5.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

•	abic 5.0.0.1.1	-i i duling tost i	or omigio antom	ila (i DD)
	rameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	ındwidth	MHz		MHz
	nission mode			ort 0)
	lic Prefix		Normal	Normal
	Cell ID		0	1
SINI	R (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	N/A
	ation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
	elation and configuration		Low (1 x 2)	(1 x 2)
DIP	(Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
	eference ement channel		Note 2	N/A
Repo	rting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A
	ng periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 2$	N/A
	QI delay	ms	8	N/A
	al channel for reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A
PUCCH	Report Type		4	N/A
	qi-pmi- urationIndex		1	N/A
Max nun	nber of HARQ smissions		1	N/A
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and RC.4 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2. To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.			
Note 4:	The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N ´ is defined by its associated DIP value as			

cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The number of the CRS ports in both cells is the same. Intefering cell is fully loaded.

Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.

Note 7: Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.

Note 8: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 FDD as defined in Annex A.5.1.1.

Table 9.3.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥1

9.3.5.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.3.5.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth	MHz	10 MHz	
Transmission mode		1 (port 0)	
Uplink downlink		,	2
configuration		2	
Special subframe		4	
configuration		•	
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID		0	1
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
Correlation and		Low (1 x 2)	(1 x 2)
antenna configuration		LOW (TXZ)	(1 X Z)
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
Reference		Note 2	N/A
measurement channel			IN//A
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A
CQI delay	ms	10 or 11	N/A
Physical channel for		PUSCH (Note	N/A
CQI reporting		3)	
PUCCH Report Type		4	N/A
cqi-pmi-		3	N/A
ConfigurationIndex		3	IN/A
Max number of HARQ		1	N/A
transmissions		ı	1 4// 1
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	N/A
Mote 1: If the LIE repo			-

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and RC.4 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.
- Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The number of the CRS ports in both cells is the same. Intefering cell is fully loaded.
- Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.
- Note 7: Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
- Note 8: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.3.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

γ	1.8	
UE Category	≥1	

9.3.5.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.5.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.5.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.2.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth	MHz	10	MHz
Transmission mode			9
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID		0	1
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	N/A
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
Correlation and antenna configuration		Low (2 x 2)	(1 x 2)
Beamforming Model		As specified in Section B.4.3 (Note 10, 11)	N/A
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna port 0
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/1	N/A
CSI-RS reference signal configuration		2	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration IcsI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	N/A	1 / 0010000000000 000
CodeBookSubsetRestr iction bitmap		001111	N/A
Reference measurement channel		Note 2	N/A
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A
CQI delay	ms	8	N/A
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI		2	N/A
PUCCH channel for RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for RI		3	N/A
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		2	N/A
ri-ConfigIndex		1	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.11 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#0 and #5.

Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Intefering cell is fully loaded.

Note 6: Note 7:	Both cells are time-synchronous. Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
Note 8:	SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause
	8.1.1.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern
	OP.1 FDD as defined in Annex A.5.1.1.
Note 10:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 11:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at
	subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later
	than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB
	downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.3.5.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥2

9.3.5.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.3.5.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.2.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth	MHz	10 I	MHz
Transmission mode		9	9
Uplink downlink			2
configuration		•	2
Special subframe			4
configuration			-
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID		0	1
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
Correlation and		Low (2 x 2)	(1 x 2)
antenna configuration		` '	(1 X Z)
Beamforming Model		As specified in Section B.4.3 (Note 11, 12)	N/A
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna port 0
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/3	N/A
CSI-RS reference signal configuration		2	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration IcsI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	N/A	3 / 001000000000 0000
CodeBookSubsetRestr iction bitmap		001111	N/A
Reference measurement channel		Note 2	N/A
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A
CQI delay	ms	10	N/A
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI		2	N/A
Physical channel for RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for RI		3	N/A
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		3	N/A
ri-ConfigIndex		805 (Note 9)	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing	N/A
Note 1: If the LIF reno	rte in an available u	inlink reporting inc	tanco at

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.11 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in

Note 4:	uplink subframe SF#2 and #7. The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as
Note 5:	specified in clause B.5.1. Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Intefering cell is fully loaded.
Note 6: Note 7:	Both cells are time-synchronous. Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
Note 8:	SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause
Note 9:	8.1.1. RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.
Note 10:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.1.
Note 11: Note 12:	

Table 9.3.5.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥2

9.3.6 Minimum requirement (With multiple CSI processes)

The purpose of the test is to verify the reporting accuracy of the CQI and the UE processing capability for multiple CSI processes. Each CSI process is associated with a CSI-RS resource and a CSI-IM resource as shown in Table 9.3.6-1. For UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 2 is configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled. For UE supports three CSI processes, CSI processes 0, 1 and 2 are configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled. For UE supports four CSI processes, CSI processes 0, 1, 2 and 3 are configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled.

Table 9.3.6-1 Configuration of CSI processes

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI-RS resource	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1
CSI-IM resource	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 1	CSI-IM resource 2

9.3.6.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.6.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band for CSI process 1, 2, or 3;
- b) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least δ % of the time for CSI process 0;
- c) the difference of the median CQIs of the reported wideband CQI for configurated CSI processes shall be greater or equal to the values as in Table 9.3.6.1-3;

- d) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- e) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.6.1-1 Fading test for FDD

Parameter		l lait	Test 1				Test 2			
1 31 311 311		Unit	TP			2	TP1 TP2		2	
Bandwidth		MHz			MHz		10 MHz			
Transmiss	sion mode		10			0	10 10		0	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0					
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0			(0	
allocation	P_c	dB	-3	3	()	_	3	()
	σ	dB		-	3			_	3	
SNR (Note 7)	dB	10	11	7	8	14	15	9	10
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-91	-90	-84	-85	-89	-88
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]		-6	98			-(98	
Propagatio	on channel		EPA 5	Clause B.2.4.1 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu \text{s},$ $a = 1,$ $f_D = 5 \text{Hz}$		es, EPA 5 Low		$ au_d = 0$	B.2.4.1 ith 0.45 μs, = 1, = 5 Hz	
Antenna co	onfiguration		4x	2	2	(2	4	x2	2:	x2
Beamform	ning Model		As spe		Section	B.4.3	As sp		Section	B.4.3
	between TPs	us			2				0	
Frequency offs Cell-specific re		Hz	ļ ,		0 ports 0,1				0 ports 0,1	
CSI-RS	Ŭ		Antenna 15,	a ports	N	/A	Antenr	na ports ,18		/A
	and subframe offset / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/1		N/A			/1	N.	/A
CSI-RS 0 c			0		N.	/A	0		N.	/A
CSI-RS	J		N/A		Antenna ports 15,16		N	/A		a ports ,16
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A		5/1		N	/A	5.	/1
CSI-RS 1 c	onfiguration		N/A			5	N/A			5
Zero-power CSI-F Icsi-Rs / ZeroPow	RS 0 configuration erCSI-RS bitmap		N/A		1 111000 00			/A	111000	/ 000000 00
	RS 1 configuration erCSI-RS bitmap		1 / 00100110000 00000		00110000 N/A		00100	/ 110000 000	N.	/A
	and subframe offset ∕ ∆csi-RS		5/1		5/1		5	/1	5	/1
CSI-IM 0 co	onfiguration		2		2	2		2	2	2
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/	1	N.	/A	5	/1	N.	/A
CSI-IM 1 co	onfiguration		6		N,	/A	(6	N,	/A
T _{CSI-RS}	and subframe offset ∕ ∆csi-Rs		N/	A	5	/1	N	/A	5	/1
CSI-IM 2 co	onfiguration		N/		,	1	N	/A		1
	CSI-RS				RS 0				RS 0	
	CSI-IM Reporting mode				-IM 0 CH 1-1				-IM 0 CH 1-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR estriction bitmap		0x0		0 0000 0	001	0x0		0 0000 0	001
	Reporting periodicity	ms	N _{pd} = 5		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$ $N_{\rm po}$		N _{pd}	= 5		
CSI process 0 CQI delay		ms		1	1			1	1	
	Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting				(Note 6)				(Note 6)	
	PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2	2			:	2	
	PUCCH channel		F	PUCCH	Format 2			PUCCH	Format 2	

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	for Director					
	for RI reporting					
	PUCCH report		;	3	3	3
	type for RI			-		
	cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		4	4	4	1
	ri-ConfigIndex			2	2)
	CSI-RS		CSI-		CSI-	
	1					
	CSI-IM			-IM 0	CSI-	
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSC	H 3-1
CSI process 1	CodeBookSubsetR estriction bitmap		000	0001	000	001
'	Reporting interval			_	_	
	(Note 10)	ms	;	5	5)
	CQI delay	ms	1	1	1	1
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (ful		6 (full	
	CSI-RS			RS 0	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-	
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSC	
CSI process 2	CodeBookSubsetR					
(For UE configured	estriction bitmap		0x0000 000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 0000	0 0000 0001
single process)	Reporting interval	ms		5		5
	(Note 8)	1110			5	
	CQI delay	ms		8	8	
	Sub-band size	RB		e) (Note 9)	6 (full size) (Note 9)	
	CSI-RS			RS 0	CSI-RS 0	
	CSI-IM		CSI-IM 1		CSI-IM 1	
CSI process 2	Reporting mode		PUSCH 3-1		PUSCH 3-1	
(For UE configured	CodeBookSubsetR		0,0000,000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 0000	0000 0001
multiple	estriction bitmap		0.0000 000	0 0000 0001	0.0000 0000	0000 000 1
processes)	Reporting interval	ms		5	5	
processes	(Note 10)	1113				
	CQI delay	ms		1	11	
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (full size	e) (Note 9)	6 (full size) (Note 9)	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM		CSI-	-IM 2	CSI-	IM 2
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSC	H 3-1
	CodeBookSubsetR		000	1004	000	004
CSI process 3	estriction bitmap		000	1001	000	001
	Reporting interval			-	,	-
	(Note 10	ms	,	5	5)
	CQI delay	ms	1	1	1	1
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (full size)		6 (full	size)
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling			CSI pro	ocess 2	CSI pro	ocess 2
Cell ID			0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-loc	ated CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-located CRS			Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-ic	icaled CRS		as Cell 1	as Cell 2	as Cell 1	as Cell 2
DMI for outling	2 2 4 7 0 and 0		0x0000 00000	100000	0x0000 0000	100000
FIVILIOI SUDITAME	2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9		0000 0001	100000	0000 0001	100000
DMI for subfi	rame 1 and 6		0x0000 00000	100000	0x0000 00000	100000
			0001 0000		0001 0000	
Max number of HA	ARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A
					 	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.12 FDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 from TP1.

Note 4: TM10 OCNG OP.8 FDD as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1 and 6 from TP1.

Note 5: TM10 OCNG OP.8 FDD as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from TP2

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#2 and #7.

Note 7: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.

Note 9: For these sub-bands which are not selected for PDSCH transmission, TM10 OCNG should be transmitted.

Note 10: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#2 and #7 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#1 and #6.

Table 9.3.6.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3	
α[%]	N/A	2	2	2	
β[%]	N/A	40	40	40	
δ [%]	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	
γ	N/A	N/A	1.02	N/A	
UE Category	≥1				

Table 9.3.6.1-3 Minimum median CQI difference between configured CSI processes (FDD)

	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI process 0	N/A	1	3
UE Category			

9.3.6.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.6.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band for CSI process 1, 2, or 3;
- b) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least δ % of the time for CSI process 0;
- c) the difference of the median CQIs of the reported wideband CQI for configurated CSI processes shall be greater or equal to the values as in Table 9.3.6.2-3;
- d) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- e) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.6.2-1 Fading test for TDD

_				Tes	st 1			Tes	st 2		
Parameter		Unit	TF	P 1	TI	2	TP1 TP2				
Bandwidth		MHz			MHz		10 MHz				
Transmission mode Uplink downlink configuration			10		10		10		10		
	nk configuration me configuration		2	<u>2</u> 1		<u>2</u> 4		<u>2</u> 4		<u>2</u> 1	
Special Subital		dB	-))	+	<u> </u>			+	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$)		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0				-		
anocation	P_c	dB	-;)	-	3)	
OND	σ (Ν-1 7)	dB	40		3		4.4		3	40	
	(Note 7)	dB	10	11	7	8	14	15	9	10	
I_{\cdot}	f(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-91	-90	-84	-85	-89	-88	
N	7(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]		-6	98			-6	98		
Propagati	on channel		EPA S	5 Low	$\tau_d = 0$	ith $0.45 \mu \mathrm{s}$,	EPA	5 Low	Clause B.2.4.1 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu \text{s},$ $a = 1,$ $f_D = 5 \text{Hz}$		
Antenna co	onfiguration		4)	(2	2	K2	<u>1</u>	x2		x2	
	ning Model				Section			ecified in			
Timing offset	between TPs	us))	-	
	et between TPs	Hz			0		0				
Cell-specific re	eference signals		Antenna ports 0,1 Antenna ports		Antenna ports 0,1 Antenna ports						
	signal 0			а ропs ., 18	N	/A		, 18	N.	/A	
	/ and subframe offset / $\Delta_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$		5/3		N/A		5/3		N.	/A	
CSI-RS 0 c	configuration		0		N		0			/A	
	signal 1		N/A			Antenna ports 15, 16 N/A		/A		a ports 16	
	/ and subframe offset / $\Delta_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$		N/A		5	5/3 N/A		/A	5	/3	
CSI-RS 1 c	configuration		N/A		5				/A		5
	RS 0 configuration verCSI-RS bitmap		N/A		3 / 11100000000 00000		00000 N/A		111000) 000000 000	
I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPow	RS 1 configuration verCSI-RS bitmap		3 / 00100110000 00000		N/A		00100	3 / 110000 000	N.	/A	
	\prime and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5,	/3	5.	/3	5	/3	5.	/3	
CSI-IM 0 c	onfiguration		2	2	2	2	:	2	2	2	
	and subframe offset $/\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/	/3	N	/A	5	/3	N.	/A	
CSI-IM 1 c	onfiguration		(6	N	/A	(6	N.	/A	
	and subframe offset		N.	/A	5.	/3	N	/A	5,	/3	
	/ Acsi-Rs configuration		N,			1		/A		1	
331 IIVI 2 0	CSI-RS		10/		RS 0	•			RS 0	•	
	CSI-IM			CSI-	-IM 0			CSI-	·IM 0		
	Reporting mode			PUCC	CH 1-1			PUCC	CH 1-1		
	CodeBookSubsetR estriction bitmap		0x0000 000		0 0000 0	001	0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001	
CSI process 0	Reporting periodicity	ms		N _{pd}	= 5			N _{pd}	= 5		
	CQI delay	ms		1	2			1	2		
	Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting			PUSCH	(Note 6)			PUSCH	(Note 6)		
	PUCCH Report			2	2			2	2		

	T 1 001/D141				I	
	Type for CQI/PMI					
	PUCCH channel		PUCCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
	for RI reporting					
	PUCCH report			3		3
	type for RI					
	cqi-pmi-		!	3		3
	ConfigurationIndex					
	ri-ConfigIndex		805 (N	lote 10)	805 (N	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 0	CSI-	
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSC	H 3-1
	CodeBookSubsetR		000	0001	000	001
CSI process 1	estriction bitmap		000	7001	000	001
	Reporting interval (Note 9)	ms		5		5
	CQI delay	ms	1	2	1	2
	Sub-band size	RB		l size)	6 (full	
	CSI-RS	ND		RS 0	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-	
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1		
	CodeBookSubsetR		FU30	л⊓ 3-1	PUSCH 3-1	
CCI process 2	estriction bitmap		0x0000 000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 0000 0000 0001	
CSI process 2					+	
	Reporting interval	ms		5	5	
	(Note 9)		12		12	
	CQI delay	ms			6 (full size) (Note 8)	
	Sub-band size	RB		e) (Note 8)		
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-RS 1	
	CSI-IM			-IM 2	CSI-IM 2	
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSCH 3-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR		000	0001	000001	
CSI process 3	estriction bitmap		-			
	Reporting interval	ms	1	5		5
	(Note 9)					
	CQI delay	ms		2	1	
	Sub-band size	RB		l size)	6 (full	
	PDSCH scheduling			ocess 2	CSI pro	cess 2
	II ID		0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-lo	cated CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-located CRS			Same Cell ID as Cell 1	Same Cell ID as Cell 2	Same Cell ID as Cell 1	Same Cell ID as Cell 2
			0x0000 0000		0x0000 0000	
PMI for sub	frame 4and 9		0000 0000	100000	0000 0001	100000
			0x0000 0000		0x0000 0001	
PMI for subf	rame 3 and 8		0001 0000	100000	0001 0000	100000
Max number of H	ARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A
	eedback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	Multiplexing	N/A
AUN/NAUN I	CCUDACK HIDUE		Iniditiblexilia	IN/A	iviuitipiexirig	IN/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.12 TDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 4 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG OP.8 TDD is transmitted as specified in A.5.2.8 on subframe 3 and 8 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG OP.8 TDD is transmitted as specified in A.5.2.8 on subframe 3, 4, 8 and 9 from TP2.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 7: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 9: For these sub-bands which are not selected for PDSCH transmission, TM10 OCNG should be transmitted.
- Note 10: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.

Table 9.3.6.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3	
α[%]	N/A	2	2	2	
β[%]	N/A	40	40	40	
δ[%]	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	
γ	N/A	N/A	1.02	N/A	
UE Category	≥1				

Table 9.3.6.2-3 Minimum median CQI difference between configured CSI processes (TDD)

	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3	
CSI process 0	N/A	1	3	
UE Category	≥1			

9.4 Reporting of Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI)

The minimum performance requirements of PMI reporting are defined based on the precoding gain, expressed as the relative increase in throughput when the transmitter is configured according to the UE reports compared to the case when the transmitter is using random precoding, respectively. When the transmitter uses random precoding, for each PDSCH allocation a precoder is randomly generated and applied to the PDSCH. A fixed transport format (FRC) is configured for all requirements.

The requirements for transmission mode 6 and transmission mode 9 with 4 TX are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue}}{t_{rnd}} \cdot$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with precoders configured according to the UE reports;

For the PUCCH 2-1 single PMI requirement, t_{md} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{md} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{md} with both the precoder and the preferred full-size subband applied according to the UE reports;

For PUSCH 2-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the subband precoder and a randomly selected full-size subband (within the preferred subbands) applied according to the UE reports.

The requirements for transmission mode 9 with 8 TX are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue, follow1, follow2}}{t_{rnd1, rnd2}}$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, $t_{follow1,follow2}$ is 70% of the maximum throughput obtained at $SNR_{follow1,follow2}$ using the precoders configured according to the UE reports, and $t_{md1,md2}$ is the throughput measured at $SNR_{follow1,follow2}$ with random precoding .

9.4.1 Single PMI

9.4.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1
Band	width	MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
	tion and Infiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1
Reporting	g interval	ms	1
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	8
Measureme	ent channel		R. 10 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
	cy version		{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting

instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.1.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
	lownlink		1
	uration		
	subframe		4
	uration		•
	on channel		EVA5
	granularity	PRB	50
	tion and		Low 2 x 2
antenna co	nfiguration		2011 2 X 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1
Reporting interval		ms	1
	/ (Note 2)	ms	10 or 11
Measureme	ent channel		R.10 TDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 TDD
Max number of HARQ			4
transmissions			-
Redundancy version			{0,1,2,3}
coding sequence			(0,1,2,0)
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder			

shall be updated in each available downlink

transmission instance.

If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting Note 2:

instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Table 9.4.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.1.2.1 **FDD**

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
	on channel		EVA5
	tion and onfiguration		Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
N	oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI	delay	ms	8 or 9
Reporti	ng mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)
	periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 2$
Physical of	channel for eporting		PUSCH (Note 3)
PUCCH R	eport Type nd CQI/PMI		2
	eport Type and CQI		1
Measurem	ent channel		R.14-1 FDD
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD
Precoding	granularity	PRB	6 (full size)
Number of	f bandwidth		3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ts (J)		4
	K Yonfialadov		1 1
	<i>ConfigIndex</i> er of HARQ		I
	nissions		4
	ncy version		(0.4.0.0)
	sequence		{0,1,2,3}
Note 1:	For random p	recoder selection, th	ne precoder shall be updated
Note 2:	every two TTI (2 ms granularity).		
Note 3:	, ,		
Note 4: Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted on the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1.			
1	ransmitted or	n the most recently t	
Note 6: The bit field for PMI confirmation in DCI format 1B shall be mapped to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI report on PLICCH			

Table 9.4.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

report on PUCCH.

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

TDD 9.4.1.2.2

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
Uplink c	lownlink		1
config			"
	subframe		4
configi			•
	on channel		EVA5
Correla			Low 4 x 2
antenna co	nfiguration		-
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI (delay	ms	10
	ng mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)
Reporting periodicity		ms	<i>N</i> _P = 5
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)
PUCCH Report Type for wideband CQI/PMI			2
PUCCH Report Type for subband CQI			1
Measurement channel			R.14-1 TDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 TDD
Precoding granularity		PRB	6 (full size)
Number of bandwidth parts (<i>J</i>)			3
	<u>ς (υ)</u>		1
cgi-pmi-C	onfigIndex		4
Max number	er of HARQ		4
transmissions Redundancy version			(0.1.2.2)
coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK fedback mode			Multiplexing
		recoder soloction +	l ne precoder shall be undated in
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance. Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4) this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB			

- than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI/PMI or Note 3: subband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted on the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1.
- In the case where wideband PMI is reported, data is to be Note 5: transmitted on the most recently used subband.
- Note 6: The bit field for PMI confirmation in DCI format 1B shall be mapped to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI report on PUCCH.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.3 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.4.1.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.3.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.3.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		9
Propagation	n channel		EPA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
Correlat			Low
antenna co	nfiguration		ULA 4 x 2
Cell-specific			Antenna ports
sigr	nals		0,1
CSI referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamform			Annex B.4.3
CSI-RS per subfram T _{CSI-RS} /			5/ 1
CSI-RS reference signal configuration			6
CodeBookS iction b	SubsetRestr		0x0000 0000 0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-3
	σ	dB	-3
N_{c}	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1
Reporting interval		ms	5
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	8
Measurement channel			R.44 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundan coding se			{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: PDSCH_RA= 0 dB, PDSCH_RB= 0 dB in order to have the same PDSCH and OCNG power per subcarrier at the receiver.

Table 9.4.1.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.3.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.3.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parai	meter	Unit	Test 1
		MHz	10
Bandwidth Transmission mode		1411 12	9
Uplink downlink			
config	uration		1
	subframe uration		4
	on channel		EVA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
Antenna co	onfiguration		8 x 2
	n modeling		High, Cross polarized
	c reference		Antenna ports
Ŭ	nals nce signals		0,1 Antenna ports
	ning model		15,,22 Annex B.4.3
	riodicity and		ATTION D. 4.0
subfram	ne offset		5/ 4
COLDO:	$\frac{\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}}{\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}}$		
	reference offiguration		0
			0x0000 0000
	SubsetRestr		001F FFE0
iction I	bitmap		0000 0000
			FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-6
	σ	dB	-3
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1
Reportin	g interval	ms	5
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	10
Measurement channel			R.45-1 TDD for UE Category 1, R.45 TDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG Pattern			OP.7 TDD for UE Category 1, and OP.1 TDD for UE Category ≥2
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version			(0.4.5.5)
coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder			
shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-			
4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 3: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted on uplink SF#3 and #8.			

on uplink SF#3 and #8.

Note 4: Randomization of the principle beam direction shall be used as specified in B.2.3A.4

Table 9.4.1.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	3
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1a Void

9.4.1a.1 Void

9.4.1a.1.1 Void

9.4.1a.1.2 Void

9.4.2 Multiple PMI

9.4.2.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Poro	motor	Unit	Test 1
Parameter Pandwidth		MHz	10
Bandwidth Transmission mode		IVITZ	
			6
	on channel		EPA5
(only for re	granularity porting and ng PMI)	PRB	6
	tion and		
antenna co	onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporti	ng mode		PUSCH 1-2
Reportin	g interval	ms	1
PMI	delay	ms	8
Measurement channel			R.11-3 FDD for UE Category 1, R.11 FDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
Note 1: I	e 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).		

4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 Note 3:

FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2 shall be

used.

Table 9.4.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.1.2 **TDD**

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parai	meter	Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
	downlink		1
	uration		
	subframe uration		4
	on channel		EPA5
	granularity		LITTO
(only for re followir	porting and ng PMI)	PRB	6
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
	ng mode		PUSCH 1-2
	g interval	ms	1
PMI	delay	ms	10 or 11
Measurement channel			R.11-3 TDD for UE Category 1 R.11 TDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1/2 TDD
	er of HARQ		4
	issions		
	icy version equence		{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACI	K feedback ode		Multiplexing
Note 1:	or random p	recoder selection, th	ne precoders
shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance. Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-			
4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 3: One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2 shall be used.			

Table 9.4.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmiss	sion mode		6	
Propagation	on channel		EVA5	
	tion and enfiguration		Low 4 x 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6	
allocation	σ	dB	3	
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
PMI (delay	ms	8	
	ng mode		PUSCH 2-2	
Reporting interval		ms	1	
Measurement channel			R.14-2 FDD	
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD	
Subband	d size (<i>k</i>)	RBs	3 (full size)	
Number of preferred subbands (M)			5	
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4	
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}	

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity)

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Table 9.4.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parai	neter	Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmiss	sion mode		6	
	lownlink		1	
configu			•	
	subframe		4	
	uration		EVA5	
	on channel tion and		EVAS	
	nfiguration		Low 4 x 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6	
allocation	σ	dB	3	
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
PMI (delay	ms	10	
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 2-2	
Reporting	g interval	ms	1	
	ent channel		R.14-2 TDD	
	Pattern		OP.1/2 TDD	
	d size (<i>k</i>)	RBs	3 (full size)	
	f preferred		5	
subbands (M)			•	
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4	
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}	
ACK/NACk	K feedback ode		Multiplexing	

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.2.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.15
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.3 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.4.2.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.3.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.3.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1
Band	width	MHz	10
Transmission mode			9
Propagation			EVA5
	granularity		
(only for rep		PRB	6
followin			1
Correlat			Low ULA 4 x 2
Cell-specifi			Antenna ports
sigr			0,1
			Antenna ports
CSI referer	nce signais		15,,18
Beamform			Annex B.4.3
CSI-RS per			_,,
subfram			5/ 1
CSI-RS /	Δcsi-Rs		
signal cor			8
CodeBookS			0x0000 0000
iction b			0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
power allocation	Pc	dB	-3
	σ	dB	-3
N_{c}	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 1-2
Reporting	g interval	ms	5
PMI o	delay	ms	8
			R.45-1 FDD
			for UE
Measureme	ent channel		Category 1, R.45 FDD for
			UE Category
			or category ≥2
			OP.7 FDD for
			UE Category 1
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD for
			UE Category
Max number	or of HADO		≥2
transm			4
Redundan			(0.4.0.0)
coding s			{0,1,2,3}
I			

For random precoder selection, the precoders Note 1:

shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting Note 2: instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: PDSCH _RA= 0 dB, PDSCH_RB= 0 dB in order to have the same PDSCH and OCNG power per

subcarrier at the receiver.

Table 9.4.2.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.3
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.3.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.3.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parai	neter	Unit	Test 1	
Parameter Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmission mode		IVII IZ	9	
Uplink downlink			3	
	uration		1	
	subframe			
	uration		4	
	on channel		EVA5	
	granularity			
	porting and	PRB	6	
followir	ng PMI)			
	onfiguration		8 x 2	
			High, Cross	
Correlation	n modeling		polarized	
Cell-specifi	c reference		Antenna ports	
sigr	nals		0,1	
CSI refere	nce signals		Antenna ports	
			15,,22	
	ning model		Annex B.4.3	
	iodicity and			
	ne offset		5/ 4	
Tcsi-rs	Δcsi-rs			
	eference		4	
signal cor	nfiguration			
			0x0000 0000	
	SubsetRestr		001F FFE0	
iction	bitmap		0000 0000	
	Т		FFFF	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	
power allocation	Pc	db	-6	
	σ	dB	-3	
N/	(<i>j</i>)	alD[as\A//4.5].L=1	00	
IV	oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
	ng mode		PUSCH 1-2	
	g interval	ms	5 (Note 4)	
PMI	delay	ms	10	
			R.45-1 TDD	
			for UE	
Measureme	ent channel		Category 1,	
Measurerin	ent chamile		R.45 TDD for	
			UE Category	
			≥2	
			OP.7 TDD for	
			UE Category 1	
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1 TDD for	
			UE Category	
			≥2	
	er of HARQ		4	
transmissions			'	
	cy version		{0,1,2,3}	
coding s	equence		(-, -, -, -,	
	K feedback		Multiplexing	
	ode .	1 1 2 2		
		recoder selection, th		
		ted in each TTI (1 m		
		orts in an available u		
instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI				

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic

CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted

on uplink SF#3 and #8.

Note 5: Randomization of the principle beam direction

shall be used as specified in B.2.3A.4.

Table 9.4.2.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	3.5
UE Category	≥1

9.4.3 Void

9.4.3.1 Void

9.4.3.1.1 Void

9.4.3.1.2 Void

9.5 Reporting of Rank Indicator (RI)

The purpose of this test is to verify that the reported rank indicator accurately represents the channel rank. The accuracy of RI (CQI) reporting is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on the reported rank compared to the case for which a fixed rank is used for transmission. Transmission mode 4 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.1, transmission mode 9 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.2 and transmission mode 3 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.3, and transmission mode 10 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.5.

For fixed rank 1 transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2 and 9.5.5, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to two single-layer precoders, For fixed rank 2 transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2 and 9.5.5, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to one two-layer precoder, For follow RI transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to select the union of these precoders. Channels with low and high correlation are used to ensure that RI reporting reflects the channel condition.

For fixed rank 1 transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is restricted to single-layer, for fixed rank 2 transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is restricted to two-layers. For follow RI transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is either one or two layers.

9.5.1 Minimum requirement (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.5.1.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.1-2.

Table 9.5.1.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter Unit		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3			
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode			4				
Deventions	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB		0			
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5			
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		2		
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High		
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI		
SNR		dB	0	20	20		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78		
Maximum number o			1				
Reporting mo	de		PUCCH 1-1 (Note 4)				
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI		PU	JCCH Format 2			
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2				
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)				
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3				
Reporting periodicity		ms	N_{pd} = 5				
PMI and CQI de		ms	8				
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			6				
ri-ConfigurationInd			1 (Note 5)				

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: The bit field for precoding information in DCI format 2 shall be mapped as:
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 1
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 1 >> precoding information bit field index = 2
 - For reported RI = 2 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 0
- Note 5: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.1.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.2-2.

Table 9.5.1.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Bandwidth		MHz		10			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3			
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB		0			
Uplink downlink conf				2			
Special subfra configuration	า			4			
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5			
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		2		
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High		
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI		
SNR		dB	0	20	20		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78		
Maximum number of transmission			1				
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1 (Note 3)				
Reporting inter		ms	5				
PMI and CQI de	elay	ms		10 or 11			
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode			Bundling	-		

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.

Table 9.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.2 Minimum requirement (CSI Reference Symbols)

9.5.2.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.2.1-2 is defined as

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;

b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.2.1-2.

Table 9.5.2.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission	n mode		9				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0			
allocation	Pc	dB	0				
	σ	dB		0			
Propagation condit				2 x 2 EPA5			
antenna configur			Δ.				
Cell-specific reference				ntenna ports 0	1.0		
Beamforming M				fied in Section B.	4.3		
CSI reference signature			Ante	nna ports 15, 16			
CSI-RS periodicit subframe offs $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-I}}$	et			5/1			
CSI reference si configuration				6			
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI				
Antenna correla	ation				High		
RI configuration	on				Fixed RI=1 and follow RI		
SNR		dB	0	20	20		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78		
Maximum number o				1			
Reporting mo	de			PUCCH 1-1			
Physical channel for	CQI/PMI		Pl	JSCH (Note 3)			
reporting							
PUCCH Report Ty CQI/PMI	•		2				
Physical channel reporting	for RI		PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3				
Reporting period	dicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$				
PMI and CQI de	elay	ms	8				
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex			2			
ri-Configuration				1 (Note 4)			
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and							

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.9 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5
- Note 4: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.2.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.2.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.2.2-2.

Table 9.5.2.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2 Test 3				
Bandwidth		MHz		10			
PDSCH transmission	on mode			9			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0			
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0			
allocation	Pc	dB	0				
	σ	dB	0				
Uplink downlink con	figuration			1			
Special subfra configuration				4			
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5			
Cell-specific reference			Ar	ntenna ports 0			
CSI reference si	gnals			nna ports 15, 16			
Beamforming M	lodel		As speci	ified in Section B.	.4.3		
CSI reference s configuration	n			4			
CSI-RS periodicit subframe offs T _{CSI-RS} / Δ _{CSI-I}	set		5/4				
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		2		
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High		
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI		
SNR		dB	0	20	20		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78		
Maximum number of transmission				1			
Reporting mo				PUCCH 1-1			
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/ PMI		PL	JSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH report type PMI	for CQI/		2				
Physical channel reporting	for RI		PUCCH Format 2				
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{pd} = 5$			
PMI and CQI d	elay	ms		10			
ACK/NACK feedback				Bundling			
cqi-pmi-Configurati				4			
ri-Configuration	nInd			1			

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.9 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#3 and #8.

Table 9.5.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.3 Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

9.5.3.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.3.1-2 is defined as

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.3.1-2.

Table 9.5.3.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Downwater		l lmit	Te	est 1	Tes	st 2
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10	1	•
PDSCH transmissio		ID.	3	Note 10	3	Note 10
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	-:	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3	-	
Propagation conditi	σ	dB		0	(
antenna configur				2 EPA5	2 x 2	EPA5
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	N/A	01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	N/A
Antenna correla	tion			ow	Lo	W
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	0	-12	20	6
	$N_{\rm ocl}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 3)	N/A	-102 (Note 3)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBmW/15kH z	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	-98 (Note 4)	N/A
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 5)	N/A	-94.8 (Note 5)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-98	-110	-78	-92
Subframe Configu	ration		Non- MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1	0	1
Time Offset between		μѕ	2.5 (synch	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	2.5 (synchro	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (10000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 8)	Ccsi,0		1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 0111111	N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 0111111	N/A
Number of control Symbols	OFDM		3	3	3	3
Maximum number o	f HARQ			1		
transmission						
Reporting mod			PUC	CH 1-0	PUCC	H 1-0
Physical channel for reporting	UI CQI		PUCCH	l Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
PUCCH Report Type	for CQI			4	4	ļ
	•	*				

Physical	Physical channel for RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
PUCC	CH Report Type for RI		3	3	(3
Re	porting periodicity	ms	N _{pd} =	= 10	N _{pd} =	= 10
cqi-pr	mi-ConfigurationIndex		1	1	1	1
ri-	-ConfigurationInd		5	5	Į.	5
cqi-pm	ni-ConfigurationIndex2		1	0	1	0
ri-	ConfigurationInd2		2	2	2	2
	Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Note 1:	If the UE reports in an av	ailable uplink re	eporting instance	e at subframe	SF#n based on C	QI estimation at
	a downlink subframe not					
	downlink before SF#(n+4	4).				
Note 2:	Reference measurement	t channel in Cell	l 1 RC.2 FDD a	ccording to Tal	ble A.4-1 with one	sided dynamic
	OCNG Pattern OP.1 FD	D as described i	in Annex A.5.1.	1.		
Note 3:	This noise is applied in C	OFDM symbols a	#1, #2, #3, #5, i	#6, #8, #9, #10	,#12, #13 of a sub	oframe
	overlapping with the agg					
Note 4:	This noise is applied in C	OFDM symbols a	#0, #4, #7, #11	of a subframe	overlapping with t	he aggressor
	ABS.					
Note 5:	This noise is applied in a					
Note 6:	ABS pattern as defined i					
	transmitted in the serving					subframe of
	aggressor cell and the su					
Note 7:	Time-domain measurem					
Note 8:	Note 8: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].					
Note 9:						
Note 10:						

Table 9.5.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
21	0.9	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.3.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.3.2-2 is defined as

defined in Annex A.5.1.5.

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.3.2-2.

Table 9.5.3.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter	Dozomotor		Unit	Tes	st1	Tes	st2
PDSCH transmission mode 3							
Liphink downlink configuration Special subframe configuration P _A dB -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -			MHz	-	•		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							Note 11
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				1		1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				4	ļ	4	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			dB	-(3	-3	3
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			dB		3	-3	<u> </u>
Propagation condition and antenna configuration 2 x 2 EPA5 2 x	allocation		_				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Propagation condit		,	2 4 2 1		2 v 2 l	-DAE
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	antenna configur	ation			EPAS	2 X 2 E	PAS
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CodeBookSubsetRestriction			fixed RI =	N/A	= 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE	N/A
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Antenna correla	ition)W	Lo	W
N _{oc} N _o	RI configuration	on		RI=1 and	N/A		N/A
No	\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB		-12	20	6
Noc		$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$,	N/A	-102 (Note 4)	N/A
Noce Post	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{\text{oc}2}^{(j)}$	T	,	N/A	-98 (Note 5)	N/A
Subframe Configuration Hz Symbols		$N_{\text{oc}3}^{(j)}$		``.	N/A	-94.8 (Note 6)	N/A
Subframe Configuration	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-	-98	-110	-78	-92
Time Offset between Cells μs 2.5 (synchronous cells) ABS Pattern (Note 7) N/A 00000000 RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8) 01 00000000 CCSI,0 CCSI,1 00000000 CCSI,1 000000000 CCSI,1 11001110 CCSI,1 000000000 N/A 000000001 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 0000000000001 N/A 000000000000001 N/A 000000000000000000000000000000000000	Subframe Configu	ıration				Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
ABS Pattern (Note 7) RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8) CSI Subframe Sets (Note 9) CCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCSI,1 CCCS	Cell Id					0	1
ABS Pattern (Note 7) N/A 00000000 001 RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8) Cosl,0 Cosl,1 Cosl,1 N/A 000000000 N/A 000000000 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 000000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 000000000001 N/A 000000000000000000000000000000000	Time Offset between	en Cells	μs			2.5 (synchronous cells)	
RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8)	ABS Pattern (No	te 7)			0000000 001 0000000	N/A	
Cost Subframe Sets (Note 9) Cost Cost 11001110 110011100 110011100 110011100 110011100 110011100 1100111000 110011100 1100111000 11001100				01 00000000	N/A		N/A
C _{CSI,1}		Ccsi,0		01 00000000 01	N/A		N/A
Symbols Maximum number of HARQ transmissions Reporting mode Physical channel for Ccsi,0 CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2	(Note 9)			00 11001110			1971
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions 1 1 Reporting mode PUCCH 1-0 PUCCH 1-0 Physical channel for Ccsi,0 CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2		OFDM		3	3	3	3
Reporting mode PUCCH 1-0 PUCCH 1-0 Physical channel for Ccsl,0 CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2		f HARQ		4	<u> </u>	1	
Physical channel for C _{CSI,0} CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2						•	
and RI reporting				PUCC	H 1-0	PUCC	H 1-0
				PUCCH I	Format 2	PUCCH I	Format 2
				4]	4	

Physical channel for C _{CSI,1} CQI and RI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)		PUSCH (Note 3)	
PUCCH Report Type for RI		3 3		3	
Reporting periodicity	ms	<i>N</i> _{pd} = 10		N _{pd} = 10	
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing		Multiplexing	
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex		8		8	
ri-ConfigurationInd			5	5	
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2		9		9	
ri-ConfigurationInd2		0		()
Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI/CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report them on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#9 to allow periodic RI/CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#3.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 5: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 6: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 7: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 8: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 9: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 10: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1 and Cell 2 is the same.
- Note 11: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5.

Table 9.5.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
71	0.9	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.4 Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and CRS assistance information are configured)

9.5.4.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.4.1-1, the minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.4.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_{I:}$
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

In Table 9.5.4.1-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggresso cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 9.5.4.1-1: RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit MHz	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	Bandwidth		10	10	10
PDSCH transmissio	PDSCH transmission mode		3	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
Propagation conditi antenna configura			2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	N_{oc1}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-93 (Note 5)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.1-2 for each test	12	10
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15k Hz]	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.1-2 for each test	-86	-88
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (Not	e 6)		N/A	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I	,		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 8)	Ccsi,0		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
	Ccsi,1		01111111 01111111 01111111 01111111 0111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		3	Note 9	Note 9
Maximum number of			1	N/A	N/A
transmissions Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI			PUCCH format 2	N/A	N/A
reporting PUCCH Report Type for CQI			4	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Typ			3	N/A	N/A
Reporting periodicity		ms	N _{pd} = 10	N/A	N/A

			1		1
cqi-pn	ni-ConfigurationIndex		11	N/A	N/A
	ConfigurationInd		5	N/A	N/A
cqi-pm	i-ConfigurationIndex2		10	N/A	N/A
ri-C	ri-ConfigurationInd2 2 N/A		N/A		
	Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal
Note 1:	e 1: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying				
	OCNG pattern OP.5 FD	D as defined in	Annex A.5.1.5.		
Note 2:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.				
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe				
	overlapping with the aggressor ABS.				
Note 4:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the				
	aggressor ABS.				
Note 5:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS				
Note 6:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated				
	PDCCH/PCFICH are tra				
	overlapped with the ABS		ggressor cell and the	subframe is avail	able in the
	definition of the reference channel.				
Note 7:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in				
	[7]				
Note 8:	5				
	measurements defined in [7].				
Note 9:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 3 for the subframe				
	indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.				
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI				
	estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot				
Nata 44.	be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).				
Note 11:	the state of the s				
Note 40	dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.				
	The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.				
Note 13:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.				

Table 9.5.4.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} for Cell 1 (dB)	4	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ for Cell 1 (dB[mW/15kHz])	-94	-78	-78
Antenna correlation	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3	Low for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3
и	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1.05	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.4.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.4.2-1, the minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.4.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_{1}$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

In Table 9.5.4.2-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggresso cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 9.5.4.2-1: RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
Uplink downlink conf	nuration		1	1	1
Special subframe con			4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
anodaton	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
Propagation conditi antenna configur			2×2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap			01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	N_{oc1}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-93 (Note 5)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.2-2 for each test	12	10
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.2-2 for each test	-86	-88
Subframe Configuration			Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	Time Offset between Cells		N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	te 6)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (l			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note 8)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		3	Note 9	Note 9
Maximum number o transmissions			1	N/A	N/A
Reporting mod	le		PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for 0 and RI reporting			PUCCH format 2	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for C _{CSI,1} CQI and RI reporting			PUSCH (Note 14)	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for CQI			4	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3	N/A	N/A
Reporting periodicity		ms	<i>N_{pd}</i> = 10	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration			8	N/A	N/A
ri-Configuration			5	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuratio			9	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cyclic prefix			INOIIIIAI	inoilliai	inoilliai

- Note 1: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern OP.5 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.5.
- Note 2: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 5: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 6: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 7: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 8: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 9: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 3 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 10: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 12: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 13: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.
- Note 14: To avoid collisions between RI/CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report them on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI/CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 9.5.4.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} for Cell 1 (dB)	4	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ for Cell 1 (dB[mW/15kHz])	-94	-78	-78
Antenna correlation	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3	Low for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1.05	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.5 Minimum requirement (with CSI process)

Each CSI process is associated with a CSI-RS resource and a CSI-IM resource as shown in Table 9.5.5-1.

For UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 0 is configured for Test 1 and Test 2, but CSI process 1 is not configured for Test 2. The corresponding γ requirements for Test 1 and Test 2 shall be fulfilled. The requirement on reported RI for CSI process 1 in Test 2 is not applicable.

For UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured for Test 1 and CSI processes 0 and 1 are configured for Test 2. The corresponding γ requirements for Test 1 and Test 2 shall be fulfilled, and also the requirement on reported RI for CSI process 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.5.5-1 Configuration of CSI processes

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1
CSI-RS resource	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1
CSI-IM resource	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 1

9.5.5.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.5.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;
- c) For Test 2, the RI reported for CSI process 1 shall be the same as the most recent RI reported for CSI process 0 if UE is configured with multiple CSI processes.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.5.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.5.1-2.

Table 9.5.5.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

B		11.24	Tes	st 1	Test 2	
Para	ameter	Unit	TP1	TP2	TP1	TP2
Bandwidth		MHz		MHz		MHz
Transmission mode			10	10	10	10
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	(0)
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	()
allocation	P_c	dB	0	0	0	0
	σ	dB	(0	()
SNR		dB	0	0	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-78	-78
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-(98
Propagation channe	el		EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 High
Antenna configurati			2x2	2x2	2x2	2x2
Beamforming Mode				Section B.4.3	•	Section B.4.3
Timing offset between Frequency offset be		us Hz		<u>0</u> 0		<u>)</u>)
Cell-specific referer		ПД		a ports 0		a ports 0
•	ice signals		Antenna ports		Antenna ports	
CSI-RS signal 0	y and subframe offset		15,16	N/A	15,16	N/A
$T_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			5/1	N/A	5/1	N/A
CSI-RS 0 configura	tion		0	N/A	0	N/A
CSI-RS signal 1	CSI-RS signal 1		N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16
CSI-RS 1 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	y and subframe offset		N/A	5/1	N/A	5/1
CSI-RS 1 configuration			N/A	3	N/A	3
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration Icsi-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			N/A	1 / 10000010000 00000	N/A	1 / 10000010000 00000
	Zero-power CSI-RS 1 configuration Icsi-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap		1 / 00110000000 00000	N/A	1 / 00110000000 00000	N/A
CSI-IM 0 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		5/1	N/A	5/1	N/A
CSI-IM 0 configurat			2	N/A	2	N/A
CSI-IM 1 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		N/A	5/1	N/A	5/1
CSI-IM 1 configurat	ion		N/A	6	N/A	6
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
Physical channel fo	r CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note	N/A	PUSCH (Note	PUSCH (Note
PUCCH Report Typ	e for CQI/PMI		6)	N/A	6) 2	6) 2
Physical channel fo			PUCCH	N/A	PUCCH	PUCCH
PUCCH Report Typ	-		Format 2	N/A	Format 2	Format 2 3
. OCCITIVEPORTY	CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	N/A	CSI-RS 0	N/A
	CSI-IM		CSI-IM 0	N/A	CSI-IM 0	N/A
	Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CSI process 0	Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A
(Note 7)	CQI delay	ms	8	N/A	10	N/A
	cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		6	N/A	6	N/A
	ri-ConfigIndex		1	N/A	1	N/A
	CSI-RS		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-RS 1
CSI process 1	CSI-IM		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-IM 1
(Note 7, Note 9)	Reporting mode		N/A	N/A	N/A	PUCCH 1-1
	Reporting periodicity	ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	$N_{pd} = 5$

CQI delay	ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	10
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		N/A	N/A	N/A	4
ri-ConfigIndex		N/A	N/A	N/A	1
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling		CSI pro	ocess 0	CSI pro	ocess 0
Cell ID		0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-located CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-located CRS		Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-located CN3		as Cell 1	as Cell 2	as Cell 1	as Cell 2
PMI for subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9		010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI	100000	000011 for fixed RI = 1 010011 for UE reported RI	N/A
PMI for subframe 1 and 6		100000	100000	100000	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions	_	1	N/A	1	N/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.13 FDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1 and 6 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from TP2 for Test 1; TP2 is blanked for Test 2.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH.

 PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 7: If UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured as 'RI-reference CSI process' for CSI process 1.
- Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 9: If UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 1 is not configured in Test 2.

Table 9.5.5.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
21	N/A	1.0
72	1.0	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.5.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.5.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;
- c) For Test 2, the RI reported for CSI process 1 shall be the same as the most recent RI reported for CSI process 0 if UE is configured with multiple CSI processes.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.5.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.5.2-2.

Table 9.5.5.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

			Т-	-	Т-	-4.0
Para	ameter	Unit	TP1	st 1 TP2	TP1	st 2 TP2
Bandwidth		MHz		MHz		MHz
Transmission mode	j	IVII IZ	10	10	10	10
Transmission mode		dB		0)
	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$)
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	(0	,	J
allocation	P_c	dB	0	0	0	0
	σ	dB	(0	()
Uplink downlink cor			2	2	2	2
Special subframe c	onfiguration		4	4	4	4
SNR		dB	0	0	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-78	-78
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-6	98	-6	98
Propagation channe	el		EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 High
Antenna configurati			2x2	2x2	2x2	2x2
Beamforming Mode			As specified in	n Section B.4.3	As specified in	Section B.4.3
Timing offset between		us		0)
Frequency offset be		Hz		0)
Cell-specific referen	nce signais			a ports 0		a ports 0
CSI-RS signal 0			Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicit $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	y and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	5/3	N/A
CSI-RS 0 configura	ition		0	N/A	0	N/A
CSI-RS signal 1			N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16
CSI-RS 1 periodicit T _{CSI-RS} / Δ _{CSI-RS}	y and subframe offset		N/A	5/3	N/A	5/3
CSI-RS 1 configura	tion		N/A	3	N/A	3
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration lcsi-Rs / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			N/A	3 / 10000010000 00000	N/A	3 / 10000010000 00000
Zero-power CSI-RS I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower0			3 / 00110000000 00000	N/A	3 / 00110000000 00000	N/A
CSI-IM 0 periodicity Tcsi-Rs / ∆csi-Rs	and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	5/3	N/A
CSI-IM 0 configurat	tion		2	N/A	2	N/A
	/ and subframe offset		N/A	5/3	N/A	5/3
CSI-IM 1 configurat	tion		N/A	6	N/A	6
•			Fixed RI=2		Fixed RI=1	
RI configuration			and follow RI	N/A	and follow RI	N/A
	CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	N/A	CSI-RS 0	N/A
CSI process 0	CSI-IM		CSI-IM 0	N/A	CSI-IM 0	N/A
(Note 6, 7)	Reporting mode		PUSCH 3-1	N/A	PUSCH 3-1	N/A
(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Reporting Interval	ms	5	N/A	5	N/A
	CQI delay	ms	11	N/A	11	N/A
	CSI-RS		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-RS 1
CSI process 1	CSI-IM		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-IM 1
(Note 6, 7, 8)	Reporting mode		N/A	N/A	N/A	PUSCH 3-1
	Reporting Interval	ms ms	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	5 11
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling		ms		ocess 0		ocess 0
Cell ID			0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-located C	SI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
			Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-located C	RS		as Cell 1 010000 for	as Cell 2	as Cell 1 000011 for	as Cell 2
PMI for subframe 4	and 9		fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE	100000	fixed RI = 1 010011 for UE	N/A

	reported RI		reported RI	
PMI for subframe 3 and 8	100000	100000	100000	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions	1	N/A	1	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode	Multiplexing	N/A	Multiplexing	N/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.13 TDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 4 and 9 from TP1
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.2.8 is transmitted on subframe 3 and 8 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.2.8 is transmitted on subframe 3, 4, 8 and 9 from TP2 for Test 1; TP2 is blanked for Test 2.
- Note 6: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.
- Note 7: If UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured as 'RI-reference CSI process' for CSI process 1.
- Note 8: If UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 1 is not configured in Test 2.
- Note 9: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#7 and #2.

Table 9.5.5.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
<i>γ</i> 1	N/A	1.0
72	1.0	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.6 Additional requirements for carrier aggregation

This clause includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI) with the UE configured for carrier aggregation. The purpose is to verify that the channel state for each cell is correctly reported with multiple cells configured for periodic reporting.

9.6.1 Periodic reporting on multiple cells (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.6.1.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥3. For the parameters specified in Table 9.6.1.1-1 and Table 9.6.1.1-2, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2 on each cell, the difference between the wideband CQI indices of Pcell and Scell reported shall be such that

 $wideband \; CQI_{Pcell} - wideband \; CQI_{Scell} \geq 2$

for more than 90% of the time.

Table 9.6.1.1-1: Parameters for PUCCH 1-0 static test on multiple cells (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Pcell	Scell	
PDSCH transmission mode			1		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	
Propagation conditi antenna configur			AWGN (1 x 2)		
SNR		dB	10	4	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88 -94		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	98 -98		
Physical channel for reporting	or CQI		PUCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report	PUCCH Report Type		4		
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{pd} = 10$		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			11	16 [shift of 5 ms relative to Pcell]	

Note 1: 3 symbols are allocated to PDCCH. No PDSCH for user data is scheduled for the UE with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Table 9.6.1.1-2: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Test number		Bandwidth combination	
1		1 10MHz for both cells	
2		20MHz for both cells	
, , , , ,		olicability of requirements for different CA configurations and	

9.6.1.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥3. For the parameters specified in Table 9.6.1.2-1 and Table 9.6.1.2-2, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2 on each cell, the difference between the wideband CQI indices of Pcell and Scell reported shall be such that

 $wideband \ CQI_{Pcell} - wideband \ CQI_{Scell} \geq 2$

for more than 90% of the time.

Table 9.6.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test on multiple cells (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Pcell	Scell	
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1		
Uplink downlink con	figuration			2	
Special subfra configuration			4		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	
	Propagation condition and antenna configuration		AWGN (1 x 2)		
SNR		dB	10	4	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-94	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI		PUCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report	PUCCH Report Type		4		
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 10$		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			8	13 [shift of 5 ms relative to Pcell]	
Note 4. Commission on all and also PROOF No PROOF for your data in the district the U.S. with the					

Note 1: 3 symbols are allocated to PDCCH. No PDSCH for user data is scheduled for the UE with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.6.1.2-2: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Test nu	ımber	Bandwidth combination
1		20MHz for both cells
Note 1:	The app	olicability of requirements for different CA configurations
	and bar	ndwidth combination sets is defined in 9.1.1.2.

10 Performance requirement (MBMS)

10.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None							
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz							
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		6 subframes							
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		2							
Cyclic Prefix		Extended							
	Note1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.								

10.1.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 and Table 10.1.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.1, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.1.1-2.

Parameter Unit Test 1-4 dB 0 $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ Downlink power dB 0 (Note 1) $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ allocation dΒ σ N_{oc} at antenna port dBm/15kHz -98 Note 1: $P_B = 0$.

Table 10.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Table 10.1.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and antenna	BLER (%)	SNR(dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 FDD	OP.4				4.1	≥1
			FDD					
2	10 MHz	R.38 FDD	OP.4	MBSFN			11.0	≥1
			FDD	channel	1x2 low	1		
3	10 MHz	R.39 FDD	OP.4	model (Table	1XZ IOW	ı	20.1	≥2
			FDD	B.2.6-1)				
	5.0MHz	R.39-1 FDD	OP.4	1			20.5	1
			FDD					

10.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value								
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None								
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz								
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		5 subframes								
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		2								
Cyclic Prefix		Extended								

10.2.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 and Table 10.2.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.2, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.2.1-2.

Table 10.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-4		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0		
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc} at antenna port		-98		
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.					

Table 10.2.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	orrelation Referen		MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and antenna	BLER (%)	SNR(dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 TDD	OP.4				3.4	≥1
			TDD					
2	10 MHz	R.38 TDD	OP.4	MBSFN			11.1	≥1
			TDD	channel	1x2 low	4		
3a	10 MHz	R.39 TDD	OP.4	model (Table	1XZ IOW	'	20.1	≥2
			TDD	B.2.6-1)				
3b	5MHz	R.39-1 TDD	OP.4]			20.5	1
			TDD					

Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

A.1 General

The throughput values defined in the measurement channels specified in Annex A, are calculated and are valid per datastream (codeword). For multi-stream (more than one codeword) transmissions, the throughput referenced in the minimum requirements is the sum of throughputs of all datastreams (codewords).

The UE category entry in the definition of the reference measurement channel in Annex A is only informative and reveals the UE categories, which can support the corresponding measurement channel. Whether the measurement channel is used for testing a certain UE category or not is specified in the individual minimum requirements.

A.2 UL reference measurement channels

A.2.1 General

The measurement channels in the following subclauses are defined to derive the requirements in clause 6 (Transmitter Characteristics) and clause 7 (Receiver Characteristics). The measurement channels represent example configurations of physical channels for different data rates.

A.2.1.1 Applicability and common parameters

The UL reference measurement channels comprise transmission of PUSCH and Demodulation Reference signals only. The following conditions apply:

- 1 HARQ transmission
- Cyclic Prefix normal
- PUSCH hopping off
- Link adaptation off
- Demodulation Reference signal as per TS 36.211 [4] subclause 5.5.2.1.2.

Where ACK/NACK is transmitted, it is assumed to be multiplexed on PUSCH as per TS 36.212 [5] subclause 5.2.2.6.

- ACK/NACK 1 bit
- ACK/NACK mapping adjacent to Demodulation Reference symbol
- ACK/NACK resources punctured into data
- Max number of resources for ACK/NACK: 4 SC-FDMA symbols per subframe
- No CQI transmitted, no RI transmitted

A.2.1.2 Determination of payload size

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RR}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits $N_{\rm ch}$ that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given sub-frame.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min |R - (A + 24*(N_{CB} + 1))/N_{ch}|, where N_{CB} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } C = 1 \\ C, & \text{if } C > 1 \end{cases}$$
 subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of N_{RB} resource blocks.
- b) C is the number of Code Blocks calculated according to section 5.1.2 of TS 36.212 [5].
- c) For RMC-s, which at the nominal target coding rate do not cover all the possible UE categories for the given modulation, reduce the target coding rate gradually (within the same modulation), until the maximal possible number of UE categories is covered.
- 3. If there is more than one A that minimises the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default and the chosen code rate should not exceed 0.93.

A.2.1.3 Overview of UL reference measurement channels

In Table A.2.1.3-1 are listed the UL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 as appropriate.

Table A.2.1.3-1: Overview of UL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Ful	I RB allocation, QP	SK							
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100		≥ 1	
	I RB allocation, 16-	QAM							
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
FDD Doo	Table A.2.2.1.2-1	OBCK	20	16QAM	1/3	100		≥ 2	
FDD, Par	Table A.2.2.2.1-1	QF3K	1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	4		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	5		<u>- ·</u> ≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	6		<u> </u>	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	9		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	12		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	16		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	27		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	30		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	32		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	36		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	40		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	45		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	54		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	60		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	64		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	72		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	80		≥ 1	

FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	81		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	90		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	96		≥ 1		
FDD, Pai	rtial RB allocation,	16-QAM								
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	2		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	3		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	4		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	5		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	8		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	9		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	10		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	12		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	15		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	16		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	18		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	20		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	24		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	25		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	27		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	30		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	32		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	36		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	40		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	45		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	48		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	54		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	60		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	64		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	1/2	72		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	80		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	81		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	2/5	90		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	2/5	96		≥ 2		
TDD, Ful	I RB allocation, QP	SK								
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100		≥ 1		
TDD, Ful	TDD, Full RB allocation, 16-QAM									
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25		≥ 1		

TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		20	16QAM	1/3	100	≥ 2	
	tial RB allocation, 0) PSK	20	TOQAW	1/3	100	- 2	
TDD, Fai	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	3	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	4	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK		5	≥ 1	
	Table A.2.3.2.1-1				1/3			
TDD			3 - 20	QPSK QPSK	1/3	6 8	≥1 ≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK		9		
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1			QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
			3 - 20		1/3		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	12	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	16	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	18	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	20	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	24	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	27	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	30	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	32	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	36	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	40	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	45	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	48	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	54	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	60	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	64	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	72	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	75	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	80	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	81	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	90	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	96	≥ 1	
TDD, Pai	tial RB allocation, 1	6-QAM						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	2	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	3	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	4	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	,	1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	5	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	8	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	9	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	10	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	12	≥ 1	

TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	20	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	24	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	27	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	30	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	32	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	40	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	45	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	48	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	54	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	60	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	64	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	1/2	72	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	80	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	81	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	2/5	90	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	2/5	96	≥ 2	

A.2.2 Reference measurement channels for FDD

A.2.2.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.2.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
Note 1: If more than one Code Block is to each Code Block (otherwise	•	n addition	al CRC s	equence	of L = 24	Bits is a	ttached

A.2.2.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20				
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100				
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12				
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM				
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3				
Payload size	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848				
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24				
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	4	4	4				
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600				
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400				
UE Category		≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2				

A.2.2.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.2.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.2.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with partial RB allocation

Paramet er	Ch BW	Allocate d RBs	DFT- OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payload size	Transpo rt block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame	Total symbols per Sub- Frame	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz					Bits	Bits	` ′	Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	12	QPSK	1/3	72	24	1	288	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	12	QPSK	1/3	176	24	1	576	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	12	QPSK	1/3	256	24	1	864	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	12	QPSK	1/3	392	24	1	1152	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	12	QPSK	1/3	424	24	1	1440	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	12	QPSK	1/3	600	24	1	1728	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	12	QPSK	1/3	808	24	1	2304	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	12	QPSK	1/3	776	24	1	2592	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	12	QPSK	1/3	872	24	1	2880	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	12	QPSK	1/3	1224	24	1	3456	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	12	QPSK	1/3	1320	24	1	4320	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	12	QPSK	1/3	1384	24	1	4608	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	12	QPSK	1/3	1864	24	1	5184	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	12	QPSK	1/3	1736	24	1	5760	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	12	QPSK	1/3	2472	24	1	6912	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	12	QPSK	1/3	2216	24	1	7200	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	7776	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	12	QPSK	1/3	2664	24	1	8640	4320	≥ 1
	10-20	32	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	9216	4608	≥ 1
	10-20	36	12	QPSK	1/3	3752	24	1	10368	5184	≥ 1
	10-20	40	12	QPSK	1/3	4136	24	1	11520	5760	≥ 1
	10-20	45	12	QPSK	1/3	4008	24	1	12960	6480	≥ 1
	10-20	48	12	QPSK	1/3	4264	24	1	13824	6912	≥ 1
	15 - 20	50	12	QPSK	1/3	5160	24	1	14400	7200	≥ 1
	15 - 20	54	12	QPSK	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	7776	≥ 1
	15 - 20	60	12	QPSK	1/4	4264	24	1	17280	8640	≥ 1
	15 - 20	64	12	QPSK	1/4	4584	24	1	18432	9216	≥1
	15 - 20	72	12	QPSK	1/4	5160	24	1	20736	10368	≥1
	20	75	12	QPSK	1/5	4392	24	1	21600	10800	≥1
	20	80	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23040	11520	≥1
	20	81	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23328	11664	≥1
	20	90	12	QPSK	1/6	4008	24	1	25920	12960	≥1
	20	96	12	QPSK	1/6	4264	24	1	27648	13824	≥ 1

A.2.2.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Paramet er	Ch BW	Allocate d RBs	DFT- OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payload size	Transpo rt block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame	Total symbols per Sub- Frame	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz					Bits	Bits	,	Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	12	16QAM	3/4	408	24	1	576	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	12	16QAM	3/4	840	24	1	1152	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	12	16QAM	3/4	1288	24	1	1728	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	12	16QAM	3/4	1736	24	1	2304	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	12	16QAM	3/4	2152	24	1	2880	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	12	16QAM	3/4	2600	24	1	3456	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	12	16QAM	3/4	3496	24	1	4608	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	12	16QAM	3/4	3880	24	1	5184	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	12	16QAM	3/4	4264	24	1	5760	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	12	16QAM	3/4	5160	24	1	6912	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	12	16QAM	1/2	4264	24	1	8640	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	12	16QAM	1/2	4584	24	1	9216	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	12	16QAM	1/2	5160	24	1	10368	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	12	16QAM	1/3	4008	24	1	11520	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	13824	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	12	16QAM	1/3	4968	24	1	14400	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	12	16QAM	3/4	12960	24	3	17280	4320	≥ 2
	10-20	32	12	16QAM	3/4	13536	24	3	18432	4608	≥ 2
	10-20	36	12	16QAM	3/4	15264	24	3	20736	5184	≥ 2
	10-20	40	12	16QAM	3/4	16992	24	3	23040	5760	≥ 2
	10-20	45	12	16QAM	3/4	19080	24	4	25920	6480	≥2
	10-20	48	12	16QAM	3/4	20616	24	4	27648	6912	≥2
	15 - 20	50	12	16QAM	3/4	21384	24	4	28800	7200	≥ 2
	15 - 20	54	12	16QAM	3/4	22920	24	4	31104	7776	≥ 2
	15 - 20	60	12	16QAM	2/3	23688	24	4	34560	8640	≥ 2
	15 - 20	64	12	16QAM	2/3	25456	24	4	36864	9216	≥2
	15 - 20	72	12	16QAM	1/2	20616	24	4	41472	10368	≥2
	20	75	12	16QAM	1/2	21384	24	4	43200	10800	≥2
	20	80	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46080	11520	≥2
	20	81	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46656	11664	≥2
	20	90	12	16QAM	2/5	20616	24	4	51840	12960	≥2
	20	96	12	16QAM	2/5	22152	24	4	55296	13824	≥ 2

A.2.2.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.3 Void

Table A.2.2.3-1: Void

A.2.3 Reference measurement channels for TDD

For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL:2UL.

A.2.3.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.3.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter Unit Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	4	4	4
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥1	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥2

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

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A.2.3.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parame ter	Ch BW	Allocat ed RBs	UDL Configu ration (Note 2)	DFT- OFDM Symbol s per Sub- Frame	M od'n	Target Coding rate	Payloa d size for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Transp ort block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame for	Total symbol s per Sub- Frame for Sub-	UE Categor y
										Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	
Unit	MHz						Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	1	12	QPSK	1/3	72	24	1	288	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	1	12	QPSK	1/3	176	24	1	576	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	1	12	QPSK	1/3	256	24	1	864	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	1	12	QPSK	1/3	392	24	1	1152	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	1	12	QPSK	1/3	424	24	1	1440	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	1	12	QPSK	1/3	600	24	1	1728	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	1	12	QPSK	1/3	808	24	1	2304	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	1	12	QPSK	1/3	776	24	1	2592	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	1	12	QPSK	1/3	872	24	1	2880	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1224	24	1	3456	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1320	24	1	4320	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1384	24	1	4608	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1864	24	1	5184	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1736	24	1	5760	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2472	24	1	6912	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2216	24	1	7200	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	7776	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2664	24	1	8640	4320	≥ 1
	10-20	32	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	9216	4608	≥ 1
	10-20	36	1	12	QPSK	1/3	3752	24	1	10368	5184	≥ 1
	10-20	40	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4136	24	1	11520	5760	≥ 1
	10-20	45	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4008	24	1	12960	6480	≥ 1
	10-20	48	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4264	24	1	13824	6912	≥ 1
	15 - 20	50	1	12	QPSK	1/3	5160	24	1	14400	7200	≥ 1
	15 - 20	54	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	7776	≥ 1
	15 - 20	60	1	12	QPSK	1/4	4264	24	1	17280	8640	≥ 1
	15 - 20	64	1	12	QPSK	1/4	4584	24	1	18432	9216	≥ 1
	15 - 20	72	1	12	QPSK	1/4	5160	24	1	20736	10368	≥ 1
	20	75	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4392	24	1	21600	10800	≥ 1
	20	80	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23040	11520	≥ 1
	20	81	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23328	11664	≥ 1
	20	90	1	12	QPSK	1/6	4008	24	1	25920	12960	≥ 1
	20	96	1	12	QPSK	1/6	4264	24	1	27648	13824	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.2.2-1 Reference Channels for 16QAM with partial RB allocation

Parame ter	Ch BW	Allocat ed RBs	UDL Configu ration (Note 2)	DFT- OFDM Symbol s per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payloa d size for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Transp ort block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Total symbol s per Sub- Frame for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz						Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	1	12	16QAM	3/4	408	24	1	576	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	1	12	16QAM	3/4	840	24	1	1152	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	1	12	16QAM	3/4	1288	24	1	1728	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	1	12	16QAM	3/4	1736	24	1	2304	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	1	12	16QAM	3/4	2152	24	1	2880	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	1	12	16QAM	3/4	2600	24	1	3456	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	1	12	16QAM	3/4	3496	24	1	4608	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	1	12	16QAM	3/4	3880	24	1	5184	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	1	12	16QAM	3/4	4264	24	1	5760	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	1	12	16QAM	3/4	5160	24	1	6912	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	1	12	16QAM	1/2	4264	24	1	8640	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	1	12	16QAM	1/2	4584	24	1	9216	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	1	12	16QAM	1/2	5160	24	1	10368	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4008	24	1	11520	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	13824	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4968	24	1	14400	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	1	12	16QAM	3/4	12960	24	3	17280	4320	≥ 2
	10-20	32	1	12	16QAM	3/4	13536	24	3	18432	4608	≥ 2
	10-20	36	1	12	16QAM	3/4	15264	24	3	20736	5184	≥ 2
	10-20	40	1	12	16QAM	3/4	16992	24	3	23040	5760	≥ 2
	10-20	45	1	12	16QAM	3/4	19080	24	4	25920	6480	≥ 2
	10-20	48	1	12	16QAM	3/4	20616	24	4	27648	6912	≥ 2
	15 - 20	50	1	12	16QAM	3/4	21384	24	4	28800	7200	≥ 2
	15 - 20	54	1	12	16QAM	3/4	22920	24	4	31104	7776	≥ 2
	15 - 20	60	1	12	16QAM	2/3	23688	24	4	34560	8640	≥ 2
	15 - 20	64	1	12	16QAM	2/3	25456	24	4	36864	9216	≥ 2
	15 - 20	72	1	12	16QAM	1/2	20616	24	4	41472	10368	≥ 2
	20	75	1	12	16QAM	1/2	21384	24	4	43200	10800	≥ 2
	20	80	1	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46080	11520	≥ 2
	20	81	1	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46656	11664	≥ 2
	20	90	1	12	16QAM	2/5	20616	24	4	51840	12960	≥ 2
	20	96	1 de Block is p	12	16QAM	2/5	22152	24	4	55296	13824	≥ 2

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.3 Void

Table A.2.3.3-1: Void

DL reference measurement channels **A.3**

A.3.1 General

The number of available channel bits varies across the sub-frames due to PBCH and PSS/SSS overhead. The payload size per sub-frame is varied in order to keep the code rate constant throughout a frame.

No user data is scheduled on subframes #5 in order to facilitate the transmission of system information blocks (SIB).

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RB}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits $N_{\rm ch}$ that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given sub-frame.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min |R - (A + 24 * (N_{CB} + 1)) / N_{ch}|, where N_{CB} = \begin{cases} 0, if C = 1 \\ C, if C > 1 \end{cases}$$
 subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of $N_{\rm RB}$ resource blocks.
- b) C is the number of Code Blocks calculated according to section 5.1.2 of TS 36.212 [5].
- 3. If there is more than one A that minimizes the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default and the chosen code rate should not exceed 0.93.
- 4. For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL+DwPTS (12 OFDM symbol): 2UL

A.3.1.1 Overview of DL reference measurement channels

In Table A.3.1.1-1 are listed the DL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.3.2 to A.3.10 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.3.2 to A.3.10 as appropriate.

Table A.3.1.1-1: Overview of DL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Rece	eiver requirements								
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
TDD, Reco	eiver requirements	1			1		ı		
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
•	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp				ı	I		
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		20	64QAM	3/4	100		-	
	eiver requirements	Maximum inp	T			1	T		
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		15	64QAM	3/4	17 17		-	
	Table A.3.2-3a eiver requirements.	Maximum inr	20	64QAM	3/4			-	
FDD, Reco	Table A.3.2-3b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		3	64QAM	3/4	15			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		10	64QAM	3/4	50			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		_	
	eiver requirements	Maximum inr							
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		_	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		20	64QAM	3/4	100		_	
	eiver requirements	Maximum ing							
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
L	I	l		L	1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>

	T	T		T	1	1	1		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		15	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
TDD, Rece	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp	ut level	for UE Ca	tegorie	s 2			
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		ı	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		-	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transmi	ission (CR	(S)				
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.4 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.42 FDD	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.2 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3-1 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.5 FDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.6 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.7 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.8 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.9 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.6-1 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.7-1 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.8-1 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-1 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-2 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-6	R.41 FDD	10	QPSK	1/10	50		≥ 1	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transmi	ission (CR	S), Sin	gle PR	B (Cha	nnel e	edge)
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.0 FDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.1 FDD	10 /	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
FDD PDS	∟ CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	20 transmi		S) Sin	ale PR	R (MR	SEN C	onfiguration)
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-5	R.29 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1	J (111)	≥ 1	omigaration,
	CH Performance: C								
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-7	R.49 FDD	20	64QAM	0.84-	100		≥ 5	
					0.87	100		≥ 5	
	CH Performance: C	1			offset	l			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-3	R.60 FDD	10	64QAM		50		≥ 3	
	CH Performance, N	1			Ī	ı	na port		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.10 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-2 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-4 FDD	10	QPSK	1/2	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30-1 FDD	15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-1 FDD	20	64QAM	0.39	100		4	

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FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-2 FDD	15	64QAM	0.39	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-3 FDD	10	64QAM	0.39	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.35-4 FDD	10	64QAM	0.47	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.46 FDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.47 FDD	10	16QAM		50		≥ 1	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, M	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS), Four	anten	na por	ts	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.12 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.13 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-2 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-3 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.36 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD. PDS	CH Performance (U	JE specific RS) Two ar	ntenna poi	ts (CSI	-RS)	l		
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-1	R.51 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	CH Performance (U		_				on Qua		·located)
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.52 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.53 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.54 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	CH Performance (U							- 2	
FDD, FD3	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.43 FDD	10 a	QPSK	1/3	50		<u> </u>	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.50 FDD	10	64QAM	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD				QPSK					
	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.44 FDD	10		1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.45 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.45-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	39		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.48 FDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1	
	CH Performance, S	1	1	1			ı		
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.4 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.42 TDD	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.2 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.5 TDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.6 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.7 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.8 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.9 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.6-1 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.7-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.8-1 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-1 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-2 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-6	R.41 TDD	10	QPSK	1/10	50		≥ 1	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transm	ission (CR	S), Sin	gle PR	B (Cha	nnel e	edge)
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.0 TDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.1 TDD	10 / 20	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD. PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna		ission (CR	S). Sin	ale PR	B (MB	SFN C	onfiguration)
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-5	R.29 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
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TDD, PDS	CH Performance: C	arrier aggrega	ation wit	h power ii	mbalan	се			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-7	R.49 TDD	20	64QAM	0.81- 087	100		≥ 5	
TDD. PDS	CH Performance, M	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS		antenr	na port	S	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.10 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-2 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-4 TDD	10	QPSK	1/2	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30-1 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30-2 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		3	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35-1 TDD	20	64QAM	0.39	100		4	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.35-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.47	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.46 TDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.47 TDD	10	16QAM		50		≥ 1	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, N	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS), Four	anten	na por	ts	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.12 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.13 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-2 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.43 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.36 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle antenna	port (DI	RS)					
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.25 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.28 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, T	wo antenna po	orts (DR	S)					
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.31 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	[25]		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	[18]		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.34 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Two ar	ntenna por	ts (CSI	-RS)			
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-1	R.51 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Two ar	ntenna por	ts (CSI	-RS, n	on Qua	asi Co-	located)
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.52 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.53 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.54 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Four a	ntenna po	rts (CS	I-RS)			
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.4-1	R.44 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.4-1	R.48 TDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1	

TDD. PDS	CH Performance (U	JE specific RS) Eight a	antenna po	orts (CS	I-RS)			
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-1	R.50 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-2	R.45 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-2	R.45-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	39		≥ 1	
FDD, PDC	CH / PCFICH Perfo	rmance							
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15 FDD	10	PDCCH					
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15-1 FDD	10	PDCCH					
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15-2 FDD	10	PDCCH					
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.16 FDD	10	PDCCH					
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.17 FDD	5	PDCCH					
TDD, PDC	CH / PCFICH Perfo	rmance							
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15 TDD	10	PDCCH					
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15-1 TDD	10	PDCCH					
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15-2 TDD	10	PDCCH					
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.16 TDD	10	PDCCH					
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.17 TDD	5	PDCCH					
), PHICH Performar	nce			ı		1	ı	
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.18	10	PHICH					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.19	10	PHICH					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.20	5	PHICH					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.24	10	PHICH					
), PBCH Performan	ce							
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.21	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920				
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.22	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920				
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.23	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920				
	H Performance				1320		l		
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.40 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.37 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-2	R.38 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39-1 FDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39 FDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2	
TDD, PMC	H Performance								
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.40 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.37 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-2	R.38 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39-1 TDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39 TDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2	
•	tained data rate (CR			ı			ı	T	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-1 FDD	10	64QAM	0.40			≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.64			≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3 FDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.62			≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3A FDD	10	64QAM	0.85- 0.90			≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3C FDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.91			≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90			≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4B FDD	15	64QAM	0.85-			≥ 4	

					0.88			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-5 FDD	15	64QAM	0.85-		≥ 3	
	ained data rate (CR		13	04QAIVI	0.91			
TDD, Susta	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-1 TDD	10	64QAM	0.40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.59-		≥ 2	
					0.64 0.59-			
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-3 TDD	20	64QAM	0.62		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-3A TDD	15	64QAM	0.87-		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-4 TDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90		≥ 3	
FDD, Susta	ained data rate test	with EPDCCH	d sched	uling (CRS				
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-1 FDD	10	64QAM	0.40- 0.41		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.66		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-3 FDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.63		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31E-3C FDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.92		≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-3A FDD	10	64QAM	0.85- 0.92		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-4 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.91		≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31E-4B FDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.90		≥ 4	
TDD, Susta	ained data rate test	with EPDCCH	d sched	uling (CRS	5)	•		
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-1 TDD	10	64QAM	0.40- 0.41		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.65		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-3 TDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.63		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-3A TDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.92		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-4 TDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90		≥ 3	
FDD, ePDC	CCH performance							
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.55 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.56 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.57 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.58 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.59 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD, ePDC	CCH performance							
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.55 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.56 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.57 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.58 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.59 TDD	10	EPDCC H				

A.3.2 Reference measurement channel for receiver characteristics

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 are applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-3, A.3.2-3a, A.3.2-3b, A.3.2-4, A.3.2-4a and A.3.2-4b are applicable for subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 also apply for the modulated interferer used in Clauses 7.5, 7.6 and 7.8 with test specific bandwidths.

Table A.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	9	9	9	
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	872	1800	4392	6712	8760	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 3)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	2940	5460	12960	19860	26760	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	341.6	1143.	1952.	3952.	6040.	7884	
			2	8	8	8		
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK		
Target coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits								
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760		
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	968	1544	3240	4968	6712		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		208	1064	1800	4392	6712	8760		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 4)									
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1	1	1	1	2	2		
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	1	1	1	1	2		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	1	1	2	2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits								
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600		
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	3276	5556	11256	16956	22656		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		672	3084	5604	13104	20004	26904		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	102.4	564	932	1965.	3007.	3970.		
					6	2	4		
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1		

For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz Note 1: channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs. For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with

Note 2: insufficient PDCCH performance

Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories ≥ 3 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	12576	28336	45352	61664		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	16380	38880	59580	80280		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	55498		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-3a: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	8248	10296	10296	10296		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	2	2	2	2		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	2	2	2	2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	11088	14076	14076	14076		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	9079.6	9266.4	9266.4	9266.4		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-3b: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	12576	28336	45352	51024		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	9		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	9		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	16380	38880	59580	66204		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	45922		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-4: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories ≥ 3 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	11448	23688	35160	46888		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	12576	30576	45352	61664		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 4)									
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	2	4	6	8		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	16668	33768	50868	67968		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	16812	39312	60012	80712		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	27877		

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table A.3.2-4a: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	8248	7480	7480	7480		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	8248	10296	10296	10296		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 4)									
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	2	2	2	2		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	2	2	2	2		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	2	2	2	2		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	11880	11628	11628	11628		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	11520	14076	14076	14076		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	4533.6	4584.8	4584.8	4584.8		

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table A.3.2-4b: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	11448	23688	35160	39232
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	12576	30576	45352	51024
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	9
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	3	5	7	7
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	9
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	16668	33768	50868	56340
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	16380	39312	60012	66636
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	23154

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

A.3.3 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (FDD)

A.3.3.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit			Value	
Reference channel		R.4	R.42	R.2	
		FDD	FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	20	10	
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		6	100	50	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)					
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	8760	4392	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	8760	4392	
Number of Code Blocks					
(Notes 3 and 4)					
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	1	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)					
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	27600	13800	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	26760	12960	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.342	7.884	3.953	
(Note 4)					
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit			V	'alue		
Reference channel				R.3-1 FDD	R.3 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				9	9		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frame 5				N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		•
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			10920	25920		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			5.738	12.586		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥2		_

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel			R.5	R.6	R.7	R.8	R.9 FDD
			FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6456	12576	28336	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		8820	16380	38880	59580	80280
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		7.449	12.547	27.294	42.046	55.498
UE Category			≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel		R	.6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2
		F	DD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz		5	10	15	20	20
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)			18	17	17	17	83
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64	QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		;	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10	0296	10296	10296	10296	51024
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	8	248	10296	10296	10296	51024
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	2	2	2	9
For Sub-Frame 5		1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0			2	2	2	2	9
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10	3608	14076	14076	14076	68724
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1.	1088	14076	14076	14076	66204
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	9	.062	9.266	9.266	9.266	45.922
UE Category			≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 2

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (Channel Edge)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel			R.0 FDD		R.1 FDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks			1		1				
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9		9				
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM				
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2				
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		224		256				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256				
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			1		1				
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A		N/A				
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1				
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		504		552				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	•	N/A	•			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504	•	552	•			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.202	·	0.230	•			
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1				

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

Reference channel R.29 FDD (MBSFN) Channel bandwidth MHz 10 Allocated resource blocks 1 MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 1111111 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame 3 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame 1 (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frame 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel bandwidth MHz 10 Allocated resource blocks 1 MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 1111111 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame 3 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 1/2 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frame 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 0 1 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 5 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frame 4,9 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Reference channel		R.29 FDD
Allocated resource blocks 1 MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 1111111 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame 3 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 1/2 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)		ĺ	(MBSFN)
MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 1111111 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame 3 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 1/2 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame 3 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 1/2 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 0 1 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 552 For Sub-Frame 4,9 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Allocated resource blocks		1
Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 5 For Sub-Frames 4,9 8its 256 For Sub-Frame 5 8its N/A For Sub-Frame 0 8its 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 8its 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 0 1 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 5 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frame 4,9 8its 552 For Sub-Frame 5 8its N/A For Sub-Frame 0 8its 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 8its 0 (MBSFN)	MBSFN Configuration (Note 3)		111111
Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 256 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 0 1 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3
Information Bit Payload	Modulation		16QAM
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 0 1 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Target Coding Rate		1/2
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 1 For Sub-Frame 0 1 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)			
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	256
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN) Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	256
(Note 4) For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frame 5 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)			
For Sub-Frame 0 1 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frames 4,9		1
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 0 (MBSFN) Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8		0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552 For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	552
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8 Bits 0 (MBSFN)	For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
	For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	552
NA TI I	For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame kbps 76.8	Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	76.8
UE Category ≥ 1	≥ 1		
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.			
Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH			
allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].			
Note 3: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame			
with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.			

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-6: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/10

Parameter	Unit			V	alue		
Reference channel					R.41 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					9		
Modulation					QPSK		
Target Coding Rate					1/10		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits				1384		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				1384		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9					1		
For Sub-Frame 5					N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0					1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits				13800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A	•	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				12960		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps				1.246		
UE Category					≥ 1	•	

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2:

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to

each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-7: PCell Fixed Reference Channel for CA demodulation with power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.49 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20
Allocated resource blocks		100
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9
Modulation		64QAM
Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.84
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		0.87
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	63776
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Code	11
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	N/A
	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	75600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	73080
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	57.398
UE Category		≥5
N		

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH Note 2:

allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional Note 3: CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code

Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.3.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

A.3.3.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Channel	Parameter	Unit						Val	ue					
Bandwidth A So So So So So So So						2	3 FDD	4		1	1		2	R.35-3 FDD
resource blocks		MHz	10	10	10	5	10	10	20	15	20	10	15	10
subframes per Radio Frame QPSK 16QAM 16QAM 16QA 16QA 16QA QPS 16QA 46QA ACA	resource blocks		50	50	50	25	40	50	100	75	100	50	75	50
Target Coding Rate	Allocated subframes per		9	9	8	9	9	9	9	8	8	9	8	8
Target Coding Rate	Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM							64QAM		64QA M
Payload (Note A)			1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2						1/2	0.39	0.39
Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 Bits N/A	Payload (Note 4)													
Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 1 3 N/A	Frames	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736		6968				19848		15264
Frame 0 Number of Code Blocks (Notes 3 and 4)	For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Code Blocks (Notes 3 and 4) Bits 1 3 3 1 2 2 5 4 5 4 4 3 Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 Bits N/A		Bits	4392	12960	N/A	4968		6968		N/A	N/A	18336	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits	Code Blocks													
For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 1 3 N/A 1 2 2 2 5 N/A N/A N/A 3 N/A	For Sub- Frames	Bits	1	3	3	1	2	2	5	4	5	4	4	3
For Sub-Frame 0 Binary Channel Bits (Note 4) For Sub-Frames 13200 26400 26400 1200 2112 1320 5280 3960 7920 39600 5940 3960 7920 39600 7920 7920 7920 7920 7920 7920 7920 79	For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4) Bits (Note	For Sub-	Bits	1	3	N/A	1	2	2	5	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A
For Sub- Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 Bits 13200 26400 26400 1200 0 2112 0 1320 0 5280 0 3960 0 7920 0 39600 0 5940 0 3960 0 For Sub- Frame 5 Bits N/A	Binary Channel													
For Sub- Frame 5 Bits N/A	For Sub- Frames	Bits	13200	26400	26400							39600		39600
For Sub- Frame 0 Bits 12384 24768 N/A 1036 1948 1238 5116 N/A N/A 37152 N/A N/A Rax. Mbps 3.953 11.664 10.368 5.086 9.266 6.271 22.91 15.26 24.46 17.712 18.33 12.2 Throughput averaged over	For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Throughput 0 4 1 6 averaged over	For Sub-	Bits	12384	24768	N/A					N/A	N/A	37152	N/A	N/A
4)	Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note	Mbps	3.953	11.664	10.368	5.086			22.91		_	17.712		12.211
	UE Category													≥ 2

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Note 5: For R.11-3 resource blocks of RB6-RB45 are allocated.

Table A.3.3.2.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value		
Reference channel		R.46	R.47	R.35-4			
		FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		50	50	50			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9			
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM			
Target Coding Rate				0.47			
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	5160	8760	18336			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	5160	8760	16416			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Notes 3 and 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	2	3			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	2	3			
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13200	26400	39600			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12384	24768	37152			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 4)	Mbps	4.644	7.884	16.310			
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2			

² symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz Note 1: and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2:

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block Note 3: (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.2.1-3: PCell and SCell Fixed Reference Channel for NC CA demodulation with timing offset and power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.60 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Number of CRS ports		2
Allocated resource blocks		50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8
Modulation		64QAM
Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.54
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	21384
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Code	4
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	n/a
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 0	Code	n/a
Discours Observed Dita Day Oak France (Nata	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame (Note		
4) For Sub France 1 2 2 4 6 7 8 0	Bits	20600
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		39600
For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a
	Bits	n/a 17.11
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 4)	Mbps	17.11
UE Category		≥ 3
OL Category	l	- 5

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.3.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.14-3	R.36
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		6	50	50	6	3	100	50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	8	8	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	[25456]	18336
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	3624	11448	N/A	N/A	[22920]	18336
Number of Code Blocks								
(Notes 3 and 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	1	3	1	1	5	3
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	2	N/A	N/A	4	3
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	51200	38400
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	480	12032	24064	N/A	N/A	49664	36096
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 4)	Mbps	0.342	3.876	11.513	1.235	0.595	[22.656]	16.502
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

A.3.3.3 Reference Measurement Channel for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.3.3.1 Two antenna port (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Referenc	e channel		R.51 FDD
Channel	bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated	resource blocks		50 (Note 3)
Allocated	subframes per Radio Frame		9
Modulatio			16QAM
Target Co	oding Rate		1/2
	on Bit Payload		
For Sub	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	11448
For Sub	-Frames 2,3,7,8	Bits	11448
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	9528
Number of	of Code Blocks (Note 4)		
For Sub	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Code	2
		blocks	
For Sub	-Frames 2,3,7,8	Code	2
		blocks	
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	2
Binary Ch	nannel Bits		
For Sub	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	24000
	-Frames 2,7		23600
For Sub	-Frames 3,8		23200
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	19680
Max. Thre	oughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.1112
frame			
UE Categ			≥ 2
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCH		
Note 2:	Reference signal, synchroniza		s and PBCH
	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]		
Note 3:	50 resource blocks are allocate		
	4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource bl		
Note 4:	RB30–RB49) are allocated in s		
Note 4:	If more than one Code Block is CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is		
	Block (otherwise $L = 0$ Bit).	s allacited	i to each Code
	DIOUK (UITHELWISE $L = 0$ DII).		

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.1-2 apply for verifying demudlation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS in same subframe.

Table A.3.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.52 FDD	R.53 FDD	R.54 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Bits	18336	18336	11448
For Sub-Frames 2,7	Bits	16416	16416	11448
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	14688	9528
Number of Code Blocks (Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Code	3	3	2
	blocks			
For Sub-Frames 2, 7	Code	3	3	2
	blocks			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	3	3	2
Binary Channel Bits				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Bits	36000	36000	24000
For Sub-Frames 2,7		34200	33600	22800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	29520	19680
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	15.7536	15.7536	10.1112
frame				
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCC				
Note 2: Reference signal, synchroniza	ation signals	s and PBCH alloca	ted as per TS 36.211	[4].

50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0– Note 3: RB20 and RB30-RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0.

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.3.3.2 Four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UEspecific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.3.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with four CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.43 FDD	R.50 FDD	R.48 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	64QAM	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	3624	18336	6200
For Sub-Frames 2,3,7,8	Bits	3624	16416	6200
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	14688	4968
Number of Code Blocks (Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Code	1	3	2
For Cub Frames 2.2.7.0	blocks Code	1	3	2
For Sub-Frames 2,3,7,8	blocks	Į.	3	2
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	3	1
Binary Channel Bits				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	12000	36000	12000
For Sub-Frames 2,7		11600	34800	11600
For Sub-Frames 3,8		11600	34800	12000
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	29520	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	3.1976	15.3696	5.4568
frame				
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211

Note 3: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and

41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0.

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24

Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.2-2 apply for verifying FDD PMI accuracy measurement with two CRS antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.3.3.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel for four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.44	R.45	R.45-1
		FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ³	50 ³	39
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	3624	11448	8760
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	3624	11448	8760
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	8760
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame				
(Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)		1	2	2
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)		1	2	2
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	12000	24000	18720
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	11600	23200	18096
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	18720
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	3.1976	10.1112	7.884
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1
No. 1 I II II II DDOOLL	00 1411 45 141			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: For R.44 and R.45, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.45-1, 39 resource blocks are allocated in all subframes (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB47).

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.3.4 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)

A.3.4.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.4.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit		Value	9
Reference channel		R.4	R.42	R.2
		TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 6)		6	100	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	3+2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3
Information Bit Payload (Note 6)				
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	8760	4392
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	7736	3240
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	8760	4392
Number of Code Blocks				
(Notes 5 and 6)				
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	1
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1
Binary Channel Bits (Note 6)				
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1368	27600	13800
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	22656	11256
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	672	26904	13104
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.102	4.175	1.966
(Note 6)				
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).
- Note 6: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.4.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel				R.3-1	R.3		
				TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)				1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)				3+2	3+2		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			5160	11448		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frames 1,6				1	2		
For Sub-Frame 5				N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			11112	22512		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			11208	26208		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			2.897	6.408		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.5	R.6 TDD	R.7	R.8	R.9
			TDD		TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate			3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		6968	11448	23688	35160	46888
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6968	12576	30576	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frames 1,6			2	2	4	6	8
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		9828	16668	33768	50868	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		9252	16812	39312	60012	80712
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		3.791	6.370	13.910	20.945	27.877
UE Category			≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2		
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	20		
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		18	17	17	17	83		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	10296	10296	10296	51024		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	8248	7480	7480	7480	39232		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	8248	10296	10296	10296	51024		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 5)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	2	2	2	9		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2	2	2	7		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2	2	2	9		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13608	14076	14076	14076	68724		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11880	11628	11628	11628	56340		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11520	14076	14076	14076	66636		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.534	4.585	4.585	4.585	23.154		
UE Category		≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4].

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel			R.0		R.1 TDD		
			TDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			3+2		3+2		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		208		208		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		456		456		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504		552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.109		0.118		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

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Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.29 TDD
		(MBSFN)
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		1
MBSFN Configuration (Note 3)		010010
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		1+2
Modulation		16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	208
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	256
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	1
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	456
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	552
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	67.2
UE Category		≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.

Note 4: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC

sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise

L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-6: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/10

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel					R.41		
					TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)					1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)					3+2		
Modulation					QPSK		
Target Coding Rate					1/10		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits				1384		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits				1032		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				1384		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9					1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6					1		
For Sub-Frame 5					N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0					1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits				13800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits				11256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				13104		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps				0.622		
UE Category					≥ 1		

- 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated Note 1: to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:
- Note 4:
- As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to Note 5: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-7: PCell Fixed Reference Channel for CA demodulation with power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.49 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20
Allocated resource blocks		100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 1)		1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3+2
(D+S)		
Modulation		64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		
per component carrier		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	OFDM	3
	symbols	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	OFDM	2
	symbols	
Target Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.84
For Sub-Frames 1,6		0.81
For Sub-Frames 5		N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.87
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 0, 4, 9	Bits	63776
For Sub-Frame 1,6	Bits	55056
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 2)		
For Sub-Frames 0, 4, 9	Code	11
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 1,6	Code	9
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	N/A
	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	75600
For Sub-Frame 1,6	Bits	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	73512
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	30.144
UE Category		≥5
Note 1: Deference cianal cynchronization	n cianala an	4 DDC

Note 1:

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBC allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). Note 2:

A.3.4.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Signals)

A.3.4.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit							Va	lue	
Reference channel		R.10 TDD	R.11 TDD	R.11-1 TDD	R.11-2 TDD	R.11-3 TDD Note 6	R.11-4 TDD	R.30 TDD	R.30-1 TDD	R.30-2 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	5	10	10	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks (Note 5)		50	50	50	25	40	50	100	100	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	2+2	3+2	3+2	2	3+2	2+2	2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736	10296	6968	25456	25456	25456
For Sub-Frames 1,6		3240	9528	9528	5160	9144	N/A	22920	21384	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392	12960	N/A	4968	10296	N/A	25456	N/A	N/A
Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	3	1	2	2	5	5	5
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	2	1	2	N/A	4	4	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	3	N/A	1	2	N/A	5	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13200	26400	26400	12000	21120	13200	52800	52800	52800
For Sub-Frames 1,6		10656	21312	21312	10512	16992	10656	42912	42912	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12528	25056	N/A	10656	19776	12528	51456	N/A	N/A
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 5)	Mbps	1.966	5.794	4.498	2.676	4.918	1.39	12.221	9.368	5.091
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (other

Note 5: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Note 6: For R.11-3 resource blocks of RB6-RB45 are allocated.

Table A.3.4.2.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.46 TDD	R.47 TDD	R.35-2			
				TDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource		50	50	50			
blocks (Note 5)							
Uplink-Downlink		1	1	1			
Configuration (Note							
3)							
Allocated subframes		3+2	3+2	2+2			
per Radio Frame							
(D+S)							
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM			
Target Coding Rate				0.47			
Information Bit							
Payload (Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	5160	8760	18336			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		3880	7480	14688			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	5160	8760	N/A			
Number of Code							
Blocks							
(Notes 4 and 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	3			
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	N/A			
Binary Channel Bits							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13200	26400	39600			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		10656	21312	31968			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12528	25056	N/A			
Max. Throughput	Mbps	2.324	4.124	6.604			
averaged over 1							
frame (Note 5)							
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2			

2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated Note 1: to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2:

Note 3:

As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: Given per component carrier per codeword

A.3.4.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.43	R.36
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 6)		6	50	50	6	3	100	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	2+2	2	2	2+2	2+2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	25456	18336
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	3240	9528	N/A	N/A	21384	15840
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	4392	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of Code Blocks (Notes 5 and 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	1	3	1	1	5	3
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	1	2	N/A	N/A	4	3
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	51200	38400
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	10256	20512	N/A	N/A	41312	30768
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	624	12176	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 6)	Mbps	0.102	1.966	4.498	0.309	0.149	9.368	6.835
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 6: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.4.3 Reference Measurement Channels for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.4.3.1 Single antenna port (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with one cell-specific antenna port.

Table A.3.4.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for DRS

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.25 TDD	R.26 TDD	R.26-1 TDD	R.27 TDD	R.27-1 TDD	R.28 TDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10	
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	1	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	16QAM	
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2	
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	5736	28336	10296	224	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	3240	9528	4584	22920	8248	176	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3880	22152	10296	224	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	1	5	2	1	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	4	2	1	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	1	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12600	25200	11400	37800	13608	504	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	10356	20712	10212	31068	11340	420	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10332	20664	7752	30996	13608	504	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.825	5.450	2.452	12.466	4.738	0.102	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4								

- tor 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- For R.25, R.26 and R.27, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 4, 6, 9 and 41 resource blocks Note 4: (RB0-RB20 and RB30-RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.26-1, 25 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 4, 6, 9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0-RB7 and RB16-RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0.
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied. Note 6:

A.3.4.3.2 Two antenna ports (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDMmultiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS

Reference channel		R.31 TDD	R.32 TDD	R.32-1 TDD	R.33 TDD	R.33-1 TDD	R.34 TDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10	
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	50 ⁴	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2	
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	3624	11448	5736	27376	9528	18336	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664	7736	3112	16992	7480	11832	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3496	22152	9528	14688	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	1	5	2	3	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	3	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	3	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12000	24000	10800	36000	12960	36000	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872	15744	6528	23616	10368	23616	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	7344	29520	12960	29520	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.556	4.79	2.119	11.089	4.354	7.502	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 2	
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH. Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].								
Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 4: For R.31, R.32, R.33and R.34, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41								

Note 4: For R.31, R.32, R.33and R.34, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.32-1, 25 resouce blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0–RB7 and RB16–RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1, 6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.4.3.3 Two antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.3-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.3-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Referenc	e channel		R.51 TDD				
	bandwidth	MHz	10				
	resource blocks		50 (Note 5)				
	ownlink Configuration (Note 3)		1				
Allocated	subframes per Radio Frame		3+2				
(D+S)	Submanies per readio i fame		012				
Modulation	on .		16QAM				
	oding Rate		1/2				
	on Bit Payload		1/2				
For Sub	-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	11448				
subframe		Dito	11770				
	-Frame 4,9	Bits	11448				
	-Frames 1,6	Bits	7736				
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A				
	-Frame 0	_	9528				
	of Code Blocks	Bits	9528				
	DI Code Blocks						
(Note 4)	-Frames 4, 9 (non CSI-RS	Code	2				
			2				
subframe	e) -Frames 4,9	blocks Code	2				
FOI Sub	Frames 4,9	blocks	2				
For Cub	-Frames 1,6	Code	2				
FOI Sub	Frames 1,6	blocks	2				
Fan Cul	France F	DIOCKS	NI/A				
	-Frame 5	0-1-	N/A				
For Sub	-Frame 0	Code	2				
Dinom/ Cl	annal Dita	blocks					
For Sub	nannel Bits Frames 4, 9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	24000				
		DIIS	24000				
subframe			22000				
	Frames 4,9		22800				
	-Frames 1,6	D::	15744				
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A				
	-Frame 0	Bits	19680				
	oughput averaged over 1	Mbps	4.7896				
frame							
UE Cate	gory		≥ 2				
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCI		LDDOLL				
Note 2:	Reference signal, synchroniza		s and PBCH				
Note 2:	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.21	. 4 [4]					
Note 3: Note 4:	If more than one Code Block is	[4].	on additional				
Note 4:	CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits	s present,	an auunionai				
	Plack (athornias L. O.B.)	is allached	i to each Code				
Note 5:	Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). 50 resource blocks are allocat	ad in out 4	ramas 10 and				
NOLE 3.	41 resource blocks (RB0–RB2						
	allocated in sub-frame 0 and the						
		IIG DWF IS	portion of				
sub-frames 1,6.							

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.3-2 apply for verifying demudlation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS in same subframe.

Table A.3.4.3.3-2: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.52 TDD	R.53 TDD	R.54 TDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 5)	50 (Note 5)	50 (Note 5)			
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3+2	3+2	3+2			
(D+S)							
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	16QAM			
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2	1/2			
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frame 4,9	Bits	16416	16416	11448			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11832	11832	7736			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	14688	9528			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Code	3	3	2			
	blocks						
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Code	2	2	2			
	blocks						
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Code	3	3	2			
	blocks						
Binary Channel Bits							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		34200	33600	22800			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		23616	23616	15744			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	29520	19680			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	7.1184	7.1184	4.7896			
frame							
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,

A.3.4.3.4 Four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.4-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.4-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with four CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Reference channel		R.44 TDD	R.48		
			TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10		
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 4)	50 (Note		
		,	4)		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1		
(Note 3)					
Allocated subframes per Radio		3+2	3+2		
Frame (D+S)					
Modulation		64QAM	QPSK		
Target Coding Rate		1/2			
Information Bit Payload					
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	18336	N/A		
subframe)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	16416	6200		
subframe)					
For Sub-Frames 1,6		11832	4264		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	4968		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-					
Frame					
(Note 5)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS		3	2		
subframe)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS		3	2		
subframe)					
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	1		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		3	1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-					
Frame					
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	36000	12000		
subframe)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	33600	11600		
subframe)					
For Sub-Frames 1,6		23616	7872		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	9840		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	7.1184	2.5896		
frame					
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 1		
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to DE	CCH	•	•		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block

(otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.4.3.5 Eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.5-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and eight CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.5-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with eight CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.50 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 4)
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note		1
3)		
Allocated subframes per Radio		3+2
Frame (D+S)		
Modulation		QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	3624
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	3624
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-		
Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS		1
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS		1
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	12000
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	10400
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	1.556
frame		
UE Category		≥ 1
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDC	CH.	

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 3:

50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are Note 4: allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-

frames 1,6.

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional Note 5: CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.5-2 apply for verifying TDD PMI accuracy measurement with two CRS antenna ports and eight CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.5-2: Fixed Reference Channel for eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)

Parameter	Unit	Val	ue
Reference channel		R.45	R.45-1
		TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	39
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4+2	4+2
(D+S)			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5	5
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	11448	8760
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	7736	7480
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9528	8760
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame			
(Note 5)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9		N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9		2	2
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	22400	17472
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	15744	14976
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	19680	18720
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.7896	4.1240
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: For R.45, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.45-1, 39 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 0,4,9 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6 (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB47).

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.5 Reference measurement channels for PDCCH/PCFICH performance requirements

A.3.5.1 FDD

Table A.3.5.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.15 FDD	R.15-1 FDD	R.15-2 FDD	R.16 FDD	R.17 FDD			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	2	2	4			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	5			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	3	2	2	2			
Aggregation level	CCE	8	8	8	4	2			
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 1	Format 1	Format 2	Format 2			
Cell ID		0	0	0	0	0			
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	31	31	31	43	42			

A.3.5.2 TDD

Table A.3.5.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Reference channel		R.15 TDD	R.15-1 TDD	R.15-2 TDD	R.16 TDD	R.17 TDD
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	2	2	4
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	5
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	3	2	2	2
Aggregation level	CCE	8	8	8	4	2
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 1	Format 1	Format 2	Format 2
Cell ID		0	0	0	0	0
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	34	34	34	46	45

A.3.6 Reference measurement channels for PHICH performance requirements

Table A.3.6-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.18	R.19	R.20	R.24				
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4	1				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10				
User roles (Note 1)		W I1 I2	W I1 I2	W I1 I2	W I1				
Resource allocation (Note 2)		(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1)				
Power offsets (Note 3)	dB	-4 0 -3	-4 0 -3	-4 0 -3	+3 0				
Payload (Note 4)		ARR	ARR	ARR	AR				

Note 1: W=wanted user, I1=interfering user 1, I2=interfering user 2.

Note 2: The resource allocation per user is given as (N_group_PHICH, N_seq_PHICH).

Note 3: The power offsets (per user) represent the difference of the power of BPSK modulated symbol per PHICH relative to the first interfering user.

Note 4: A=fixed ACK, R=random ACK/NACK.

A.3.7 Reference measurement channels for PBCH performance requirements

Table A.3.7-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value								
Reference channel		R.21	R.22	R.23						
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK						
Target coding rate		40/1920	40/1920	40/1920						
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	24	24	24						

A.3.8 Reference measurement channels for MBMS performance requirements

A.3.8.1 FDD

Table A.3.8.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	PMCH								
	Unit			Val	ue				
Reference channel		R.40 FDD			R.37 FDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6			50				
Allocated subframes per Radio		6			6				
Frame (Note 1)									
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK				
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3				
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	408			3624				
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	N/A			N/A				
Number of Code Blocks per		1			1				
Subframe (Note 3)									
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	1224			10200				
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	N/A			N/A				
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1				

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter		PMCH					
	Unit				Value		
Reference channel					R.38 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)					6		
Modulation					16QAM		
Target Coding Rate					1/2		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				9912		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				N/A		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits		•		20400		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				N/A		
MBMS UE Category			•		≥ 1		

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter	PMCH										
	Unit	Value									
Reference channel				R.39-1 FDD	R.39 FDD						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20				
Allocated resource blocks				25	50						
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame(Note1)				6	6						
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM						
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3						
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							,				
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			9912	19848						
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			N/A	N/A						
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4						
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							•				
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			15300	30600						
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			N/A	N/A						
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2						

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.8.2 TDD

Table A.3.8.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	PMCH								
	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.40 TDD			R.37 TDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6			50				
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)		5			5				
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5			5				
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK				
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3				
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)									
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	408			3624				
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	N/A			N/A				
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe		1			1				
(Note 3)									
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe									
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	1224			10200				
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	N/A			N/A				
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1				

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	PMCH									
	Unit				Value					
Reference channel					R.38 TDD					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20			
Allocated resource blocks					50					
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)					5					
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					5					
Modulation					16QAM					
Target Coding Rate					1/2					
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)										
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				9912					
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				N/A					
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2					
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe										
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				20400					
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				N/A					
MBMS UE Category					≥ 1	·				

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211. Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is

attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter	PMCH												
	Unit			Val	ue								
Reference channel				R.39-1TDD	R.39 TDD								
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20						
Allocated resource blocks				25	50								
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)				5	5								
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				5	5								
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM								
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3								
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)					•								
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			9912	19848								
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			N/A	N/A								
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4								
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe		•											
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			15300	30600								
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			N/A	N/A								
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2								

For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 Note 1: subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.
2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 2:

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.9 Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

A.3.9.1 FDD

Table A.3.9.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value											
Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-3C	R.31-4	R.31-4B	R.31-5				
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	15	20	15	15				
Allocated resource blocks (Note 8)		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 10	Note 7	Note 11	Note 9				
Allocated subframes per Radio		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10				
Frame													
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM				
Coding Rate													
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.85	0.85				
For Sub-Frame 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.91				
For Sub-Frame 0		0.40	0.63	0.61	0.90	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.88				
Information Bit Payload (Note 8)													
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	55056				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	51024	71112	52752	52752				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	55056				
Number of Code Blocks													
(Notes 3 and 8)													
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	9				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	12	9	9				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	9				
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)													
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	43200	58752	86400	64800	64800				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	39744	82080	39744	57888	82080	60480	60480				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	56304	83952	62352	62352				
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	51.024	74.950	54.826	54.826				
frame (Note 8)													
UE Categories		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 3	≥ 3	≥ 4	≥ 3				

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 4: Resource blocks npre = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 5: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Given per component carrier per codeword.
- Note 9: Resource blocks nPRB = 4..74 are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks nPRB = 0..74 in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 10: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9.
- Note 11: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..74$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..74$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.

A.3.9.2 TDD

Table A.3.9.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value								
Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-4				
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20				
Allocated resource blocks		Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8				
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5	1	1				
Number of HARQ Processes per	Proces	15	15	15	7	7				
component carrier	ses									
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8+1	8+1	8+1	4	4				
(D+S)										
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM				
Target Coding Rate										
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.87	0.88				
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.40	0.59	0.59	N/A	N/A				
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
For Sub-Frames 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.88	0.87				
For Sub-Frames 6		0.40	0.60	0.60	N/A	N/A				
For Sub-Frames 0		0.40	0.62	0.61	0.90	0.90				
Information Bit Payload										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376				
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0				
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112				
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376				
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame										
(Note 4)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	5	9	9	13				
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		2	5	9	N/A	N/A				
For Sub-Frame 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
For Sub-Frame 5		2	5	9	9	12				
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	2	5	9	n/a	N/A				
For Sub-Frame 0		2	5	9	9	13				
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400				
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	26100	43200	86400	0	0				
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	40176	82512	58320	82512				
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	26100	42768	85968	N/A	N/A				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	41184	84384	56736	84384				
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2				
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724				
(Note 10)										
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3				

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49$ are allocated for the user data in all subframes.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 9: Resource blocks nprB = 4..71 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames
- Note10: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.9.3 FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

Table A.3.9.3-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test with EPDCCH scheduling (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value										
Reference channel	- Oint	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-4B				
Troforono originalor		1 FDD	2 FDD	3 FDD	3A FDD	3C FDD	4 FDD	FDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	15	20	15				
Allocated resource blocks (Note 8)		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 9	Note 7	Note 10				
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10	10				
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM				
Coding Rate					-			·				
(subframes with PDCCH USS												
monitoring)												
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	0.8533	0.8725	0.8763	0.8533				
For Sub-Frame 5		0.3972	0.6441	0.6246	0.8889	0.8855	0.8702	0.8762				
For Sub-Frame 0		0.3972	0.6282	0.6106	0.9046	0.9105	0.9018	0.8868				
Coding Rate												
(subframes with EPDCCH USS												
monitoring)												
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	0.8707	0.8855	0.8851	0.8649				
For Sub-Frame 5		0.4114	0.6584	0.6312	0.9086	0.8990	0.8794	0.8889				
For Sub-Frame 0		0.4114	0.6418	0.6170	0.9242	0.9246	0.9112	0.8993				
Information Bit Payload (Note 8)												
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	51024	71112	52752				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056				
Number of Code Blocks												
(Notes 3 and 8)												
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	12	9				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9				
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)												
(subframes with PDCCH USS												
monitoring) For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	43200	58752	86400	64800				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	39744	82080	39744	57888	82080	60480				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	56304	83952	62352				
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)	DIIS	20100	40732	03932	40732	30304	03932	02332				
(subframes with EPDCCH USS												
monitoring)												
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	25200	42336	85536	42336	57888	85536	63936				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	25200	38880	81216	38880	57024	81216	59616				
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	25200	39888	83088	39888	55440	83088	61488				
Number of layers	210	1	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	51.024	74.950	54.826				
frame (Note 8)	iviopo	10.200	20.400	01.027	00.072	01.024	7 1.555	01.020				
UE Categories		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥2	≥ 3	≥ 3	≥ 4				
Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCE	for all to	ooto	•									

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211.
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 4: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 5: Resource blocks nprB = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Given per component carrier per codeword.
- Note 9: Resource blocks npre = 4..71 are allocated for the user data in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9.
- Note 10: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 4..74 are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..74 in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.

A.3.9.4 TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

Table A.3.9.4-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate with EPDCCH scheduling (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Reference channel		R.31E-1	R.31E-2	R.31E-3	R.31E-3A	R.31E-4
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes per component carrier	Processes	15	15	15	7	7
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		8+1	8+1	8+1	4	4
Coding Rate (subframes with PDCCH USS monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	0.8725	0.8763
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.3972	0.6372	0.6213	0.8790	0.8656
For Sub-Frames 6		0.3972	0.5986	0.5963	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.3972	0.6216	0.6075	0.9036	0.8972
Coding Rate (subframes with EPDCCH USS monitoring)		0.00.2	3.02.10	3.33.1	3.3333	0.00.2
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	0.8856	0.8851
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.4114	0.6512	0.6279	0.8922	0.8748
For Sub-Frames 6		0.4114	0.6109	0.6024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.4114	0.6349	0.6138	0.9175	0.9065
Information Bit Payload		0.1111	0.0010	0.0100	0.0170	0.0000
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	10296	25456	51024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
Number of Code Blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 4)	Dito	10230	20400	31024	31024	70070
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	5	9	9	13
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		2	5	9	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5		2	5	9	9	12
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	2	5	9	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	2.10	2	5	9	9	13
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame (subframes with PDCCH USS monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	26100	43200	86400	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	40176	82512	58320	82512
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	26100	42768	85968	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	41184	84384	56736	84384
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame (subframes with EPDCCH USS monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	25200	42336	85536	57888	85536
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	25200	42336	85536	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	25200	39312	81648	57456	81648
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	25200	41904	85104	N/A	N/A
					,, .	,, .

For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	25200	40320	83520	55872	83520
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 10)	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.

Note 6: Resource blocks nprb = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all subframes.

Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.

Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.

Note 9: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames

Note10: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.10 Reference Measurement Channels for EPDCCH performance requirements

A.3.10.1 FDD

Table A.3.10.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value										
Reference channel		R.55 FDD	R.56 FDD	R.57 FDD	R.58 FDD	R.59 FDD						
Number of transmitter antennas		2	2	2	2	2						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10						
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	1	1	1						
Aggregation level	ECCE	4	16	2	8	2						
DCI Format		2A	2A	2C	2C	2D						

A.3.10.2 TDD

Table A.3.10.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value											
Reference channel		R.55 TDD	R.56 TDD	R.57 TDD	R.58 TDD	R.59 TDD							
Number of transmitter antennas		2	2	2	2	2							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10							
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	1	1	1							
Aggregation level	CCE	4	16	2	8	2							
DCI Format		2A	2A	2C	2C	2D							

A.4 CSI reference measurement channels

This section defines the DL signal applicable to the reporting of channel status information (Clause 9.2, 9.3 and 9.5).

In Table A.4-1 are specified the reference channels. Table A.4-13 specifies the mapping of CQI index to modulation coding scheme, which complies with the CQI definition specified in Section 7.2.3 of [6].

Table A.4-0: Void

Table A.4-1: CSI reference measurement channels

RMC Name	Duplex	CH-BW	Alloc. RB-s	UL/DL Config	Alloc. SF-s	MCS Scheme	Nr. HARQ Proc.	Max. nr HARQ Trans.	Notes
1 CRS Port								_	
RC.1 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.1	8	1	
RC.1 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.1	10	1	
RC.3 FDD	FDD	10	6	-		MCS.10	8	1	
RC.3 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3		MCS.10	10 or 7 (Note 8)	1	
RC.4 FDD	FDD	10	15	-		MCS.15	8	1	Note 6
RC.4 TDD	TDD	10	15	Note 3		MCS.15	10	1	Note 6
RC.5 FDD	FDD	10	3	-		MCS.17	8	1	
RC.5 TDD	TDD	10	3	Note 3		MCS.17	10	1	
2 CRS Ports									
RC.2 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.2	8	1	
RC.2 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.2	10 or 7 (Note 8)	1	
RC.6 FDD	FDD	10	15	-		MCS.16	8	1	Note 6
RC.6 TDD	TDD	10	15	Note 3		MCS.16	7	1	Note 6
				1 CRS Por	t + CSI-RS				
					Non CSI-RS	MCS.11			
RC.8 FDD	FDD	10	6	-	2 CSI-RS	MCS.12	8	1	
					Non	MCS.11			
RC.8 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3	CSI-RS 2 CSI-RS	MCS.12	10	1	
					Non	MCS.3			
RC.9 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-RS 2 CSI-RS	MCS.4	8	1	
					Non	MCS.3			
RC.9 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	CSI-RS	MCS.4	7	1	
2 CRS Port	. CSLBS				2 CSI-RS	IVICS.4			
2 CR3 FUIT	+ Col-Ro			Ī	Non	M00.5			
RC.7 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-RS	MCS.5	8	1	
					4 CSI-RS Non	MCS.7			
RC.7 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	CSI-RS	MCS.5	10	1	
					8 CSI-RS	MCS.8			
RC.11 FDD	FDD	10	50	_	Non CSI-RS	MCS.5	8	1	
NO.TITIDD	100	10	30		2 CSI-RS	MCS.6	O		
DO 44 TDD	TDD	40	50	N	Non CSI-RS	MCS.5	40	4	
RC.11 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	2 CSI-RS	MCS.6	10	1	
1 CRS Port	+ CSI-RS	+ CSI-IM							
					Non CSI-	MCS.3			
RC.13 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	RS/IM CSI-		8	1	
					RS/IM Non CSI-	N/A			
RC.13 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	RS/IM	MCS.3	10	1	
	.55			1,000	CSI- RS/IM	N/A			
2 CRS Port	+ CSI-RS	+ CSI-IM							
					Non	MCS.5			
RC.10 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-RS 4 CSI-		8	1	
					RS,	MCS.8			

					1 CSI process				
					Non CSI-RS	MCS.5			
RC.10 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	8 CSI- RS, 1 CSI	MCS.9	10	1	
					process				
RC.12 FDD	FDD	10	6		Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.13	0	1	
RC.12 FDD	רטט	10	6	-	CSI- RS/IM	N/A	8	'	
DC 42 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3	Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.13	40	1	
RC.12 TDD	טטו	10	O	NOTE 3	CSI- RS/IM	N/A	10	'	

- Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For FDD only subframes 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 3: TDD UL-DL configuration as specified in the individual tests.
- Note 4: For TDD when UL-DL configuration 1 is used only subframes 4 and 9 are allocated to avoide PBCH and synchronizaiton signal overhead.
- Note 5: For TDD when UL-DL configuration 2 is used only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 6: Centered within the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (Figure 5.6-1).
- Note 7: Only subframes 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 8: The number of HARQ processes is 10 for TDD UL/DL configuration 2 and 7 for TDD UL/DL configuration 1.

Table		1 1	۰.	\ / _	-: -
Table	Α.	4- I	a:	V	JIG

Table A.4-1b: Void

Table A.4-1c: Void

Table A.4-1d: Void

Table A.4-1e: Void

Table A.4-2: Void

Table A.4-2a: Void

Table A.4-2b: Void

Table A.4-2c: Void

Table A.4-2d: Void

Table A.4-2e: Void

Table A.4-3: Void

Table A.4-3a: Void

Table A.4-3b: Void

Table A.4-3c: Void

Table A.4-3d: Void

Table A.4-3e: Void

Table A.4-3f: Void

Table A.4-3g: Void

Table A.4-3h: Void

Table A.4-3i: Void

Table A.4-3j: Void

Table A.4-3k: Void

Table A.4-3I: Void

Table A.4-4: Void

Table A.4-4a: Void

Table A.4-4b: Void

Table A.4-5: Void

Table A.4-5a: Void

Table A.4-5b: Void

Table A.4-6: Void

Table A.4-6a: Void

Table A.4-6b: Void

Table A.4-6c: Void

Table A.4-6d: Void

Table A.4-6e: Void

Table A.4-6f: Void

Table A.4-7: Void

Table A.4-8: Void

Table A.4-9: Void

Table A.4-10: Void

Table A.4-11: Void

Table A.4-12: Void

Table A.4-13: Mapping of CQI Index to Modulation coding scheme (MCS)

	QI Inde	ex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Targe	t Codin	g Rate	OOR	00R 0.0762 0.1885 0.3008 0.3691 0.6016 0.6504 0.6504 0.6504								0.8525	0.9258	Notes					
M	odulati	on	OOR			QP	SK			1	6QAN	Λ		i i	64Q	AM			
MCS Scheme	PRB	Available RE-s								Imo	s								
MCS.1	50	6300	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.2	50	6000	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.3	50	5700	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	13	15	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.4	50	5600	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.5	50	5400	DTX	0	0	2	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	24	25	
MCS.6	50	5300	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	22	24	25	
MCS.7	50	5200	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	18	20	22	24	25	
MCS.8	50	5000	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	13	17	18	20	22	23	24	
MCS.9	50	4800	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	13	17	18	20	22	23	24	
MCS.10	6	756	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	19	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.11	6	684	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	14	17	20	21	23	25	27	
MCS.12	6	672	DTX	0	0	1	4	6	8	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.13	6	648	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.14	25	3150	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.15	15	1890	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.16	15	1800	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.17	3	378	DTX	0	1	2	5	7	9	12	13	16	19	21	23	25	27	27	

Note 1: Mapping between Imcs and TBS according to Tables 7.1.7.1-1 and 7.1.7.2.1-1 in TS 36.213 [6].

Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 3: Sub-frame#0 and #5 are not used for the corresponding requirement. The next subframe (i.e. sub-frame#1 or #6) shall be used for potential retransmissions.

A.5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)

A.5.1 OCNG Patterns for FDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test) and/or allocations used for MBSFN. The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i _RA / OCNG _RA = PDSCH_i _RB / OCNG _RB$$

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a constant transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

For the performance requirements of UE with the CA capability, the OCNG patterns apply for each CC.

A.5.1.1 OCNG FDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.1 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]					
Subframe					
0	0 5 1-4,6-9				
	Allocation		Data		
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB			
– Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB			
Last unanocateu FND	Last unanocated FND	Last unanocateu FRB			
0	0	0	Note 1		

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.2 OCNG FDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm \tiny RR}$ -1.

Table A.5.1.2-1: OP.2 FDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

F			
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
	PDSCH Data		
0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	i booii bata
and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	
$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	
0	0	0	Note 1

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.3 OCNG FDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.1.3-1: OP.3 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern 3

A.U	Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]					
Allocation	Subframe				PDSCH Data	PMCH Data
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Data	Data
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	0	N/A	Note 1	N/A
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	Note 2

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.

Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.4 OCNG FDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.1.4-1: OP.4 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

		Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]				
Alloca			Subframe			
n_{PP}	RB	0, 4, 9	5	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Data	Data
First unallocated PRB - Last unallocated PRB		0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A
First unal PR – Last unal PR	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 2
Note 1:	•	•		ssigned to an arbitrary numb ransmitted over the OCNG F		
	uncorrel	ated pseudo ra	ndom data, wł	nich is QPSK modulated. The	e paramete	er $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ is
Note 2:	Each ph each PR measure	to scale the power of PDSCH. physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any urement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall in cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The				

parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.

Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.5 OCNG FDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in the frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.5-1: OP.5 FDD: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD Pattern

		Relative power level $\gamma_{{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}}$ [dl	3]		
		Subframe			
	0 5 1-4,6-9				
Allocation					
First	First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB				
Last ı	unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB		
	0	0	0	Note 1	
Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random					
	data, which is 16QA	AM modulated. The parameter γ	$_{PRB}$ is used to scale the power of $^{ m I}$	PDSCH.	
Note 2:	Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 3 (Large				
	Delay CDD). The pa	arameter $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ applies to each a	intenna port separately, so the tra	nsmit power is	

A.5.1.6 OCNG FDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission

modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.1.6-1: OP.6 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

	F	Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dE	3]			
	0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9			
		Allocation				
0 – (Firs	t allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	PDSCH Data		
fir	rst block -1)	first block -1)	first block -1)			
	and	and	and			
(Last allo	ocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first			
block +1) – (First allocated	block +1) – (First allocated	block +1) – (First allocated			
PRB of	second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)			
	0	0	0	Note 1		
Note 1:	These physical res	ource blocks are assigned to a	n arbitrary number of virtual UE	s with one PDSCH per virtual		
	UE; the data transi	mitted over the OCNG PDSCH:	s shall be uncorrelated pseudo	random data, which is QPSK		
	modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{_{PRB}}$ is used to scale the power of PDSCH.					
Note 2:	If two or more trans	smit antennas with CRS are us	ed in the test, the OCNG shall b	e transmitted to the virtual		
	users by all the tra	nsmit antennas with CRS acco	rding to transmission mode 2. T	The parameter γ_{ppp} applies		

A.5.1.7 OCNG FDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data, EPDCCH or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in

multiple parts by the M allocated blocks for data transmission). The m-th allocated block starts with RPB $N_{Start,m}$ and ends with PRB $N_{End,m}-1$, where m=1,...,M. The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with $N_{RR}-1$.

Table A.5.1.7-1: OP.7 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

F	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dE	3]	
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
	Allocation		
0 – (PRB N _{Start,1} –1)	0 – (PRB N _{Start,1} –1)	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	
			PDSCH Data
$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	
$N_{Start,m}-1$)	$N_{Start,m}-1)$	$N_{Start,m}-1$)	
$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	
$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	
0	0	0	Note 1

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.8 OCNG FDD pattern 8: Dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for TM10 transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain where there are M unallocated PRB blocks labled from 1-st block to M-th block (M>1) and the m-th block starts with PRB $N_{Start,m}$ and end with PRB $N_{End,m}$, orwhen the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain where M=1 (one sided). The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with N_{RB} -1. $N_{End,M}$ should be equal to or less than N_{RB} -1.

Note 1,2,3

	Relative power level γ_{PRB} [dl Subframe	В]		
0	0 5 1-4,6-9			
	Allocation			
1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,m}$) M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim \text{PRB } N_{Start,M} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,M}$)	1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,m}$) M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,M}$)	1-st unallocated PRB $(PRB N_{Start,1} \sim PRB N_{End,1})$ m -th unallocated PRB $(PRB N_{Start,m} \sim PRB N_{End,m})$ M -th unallocated PRB $(PRB N_{Start,M} \sim PRB N_{End,M})$	PDSCH Data	

Table A.5.1.8-1: OP.8 FDD: Dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: The OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode10. The the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- Note 3: The detailed test set-up for TM10 transmission i.e PMI configuration is specified to each test case.

A.5.2 OCNG Patterns for TDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test). The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i _RA / OCNG _RA = PDSCH_i _RB / OCNG _RB$$

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

A.5.2.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.2.1-1: OP.1 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

	Relative power	level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]			
Subframe (only if available for DL)					
0	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 1 and 6 (as normal and 6 (as special subframe) Note 2 subframe) Note 2				
	Allo	cation			
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB		
Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB		
0	0	0	0	Note 1	

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.2 OCNG TDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm RB}$ –1.

Table A.5.2.2-1: OP.2 TDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]					
	Subframe (only if	available for DL)		Data	
0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	1,6		
(6 as normal subframe) (6 as special subframe) Note 2 Note 2					
	Alloc	ation			
0 –	0 –	0 –	0 –		
(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)		
and	and	and	and		
(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –		
$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$		
0	0	0	0	Note 1	

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.3 OCNG TDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.2.3-1: OP.3 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern 3 for 5ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity

		Relative power				
Allocation	Subframe				PDSCH Data	PMCH Data
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9 ^{Note 2}	1, 6		
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	0	Note 1	N/A
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	Note 3

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 4: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- N/A Not Applicable

A.5.2.4 OCNG TDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.2.4-1: OP.4 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

		Relative power				
Allocation		Subframe (PDSCH Data	PMCH Data		
$n_{\it PRB}$	0 and 6 (as normal subframe)	1 (as special subframe)	5	3, 4, 7 – 9	1 DOON Data	1 WOIT Data

First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s of DwPTS)	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A
First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note2

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- N/A Not Applicable

A.5.2.5 OCNG TDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the sub-frames available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.2.5-1: OP.5 TDD: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]						
Subframe (only if available for DL)						
0	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 1 0 5 and 6 (as normal and 6 (as special subframe) Note 2 subframe) Note 2					
Allocation						
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB					
Last unallocated PRB	– Last unallocated PRB	 Last unallocated PRB 	– Last unallocated PRB			
Last unanocated PRD Last unanocated PRD Last unanocated PRD						
0 0 0						

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 3 (Large Delay CDD). The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.6 OCNG TDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.2.6-1: OP.6 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]					
Subframe (only if available for DL)					
0 5 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 1,6					
(6 as normal subframe) (6 as special subframe) Note 2 Note 2					
	Alloc	ation			
0 - (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB		
of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)		
and	and	and	and		
(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of		
first block +1) - (First	first block +1) - (First	first block +1) - (First	first block +1) - (First		
allocated PRB of second allocated PRB of second allocated PRB of second allocated PRB of second					
block -1) block -1) block -1) block -1)					
0	0	0	0	Note 1	

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.7 OCNG TDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data, EPDCCH or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in multiple parts by the M allocated blocks for data transmission). The m-th allocated block starts with RPB $N_{Start,m}$ and ends with PRB $N_{End,m}-1$, where m=1,...,M. The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.2.7-1: OP.7 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]					
Subframe (only if available for DL)					
0	1,6 (6 as special subframe)				
	Alloc	ation			
$0 - (PRBN_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$		
	•••				
$(PRBN_{End,(m-1)})$ –	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	$(PRBN_{End,(m-1)})$ –		
(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)		
$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$		
$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)		
0	0	0	0	Note 1	

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.8 OCNG TDD pattern 8: Dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for TM10 transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain where there are M unallocated PRB blocks labled from 1-st block to M-th block (M>1) and the m-th block starts with PRB $N_{Start,m}$ and end with PRB $N_{End,m}$, or when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain where M=1 (one sided). The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with N_{RB} -1. $N_{End,M}$ should be equal to or less than N_{RB} -1.

Table A.5.2. 8-1: OP.8 TDD: Dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [di	В]				
Subframe						
0	0 5 1-4,6-9					
	Allocation					
1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,m}$) M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,M}$)	1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,m}$) M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim$ PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,M}$)	1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,m}$) M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,M}$)	PDSCH Data			
0	0	0	Note 1,2,3			

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: The OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode10. The the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- Note 3: The detailed test set-up for TM10 transmission i.e PMI configuration is specified to each test case.

Annex B (normative): Propagation conditions

B.1 Static propagation condition

For 1 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

For 2 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}.$$

For 4 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & j & j \\ 1 & 1 - j & -j \end{bmatrix}$$

For 8 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & j & j & j \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 - j - j - j - j \end{bmatrix}$$

B.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

The multipath propagation conditions consist of several parts:

- A delay profile in the form of a "tapped delay-line", characterized by a number of taps at fixed positions on a sampling grid. The profile can be further characterized by the r.m.s. delay spread and the maximum delay spanned by the taps.
- A combination of channel model parameters that include the Delay profile and the Doppler spectrum, that is characterized by a classical spectrum shape and a maximum Doppler frequency
- A set of correlation matrices defining the correlation between the UE and eNodeB antennas in case of multi-antenna systems.
- Additional multi-path models used for CQI (Channel Quality Indication) tests

B.2.1 Delay profiles

The delay profiles are selected to be representative of low, medium and high delay spread environments. The resulting model parameters are defined in Table B.2.1-1 and the tapped delay line models are defined in Tables B.2.1-2, B.2.1-3 and B.2.1-4.

Table B.2.1-1 Delay profiles for E-UTRA channel models

Model	Number of channel taps	Delay spread (r.m.s.)	Maximum excess tap delay (span)
Extended Pedestrian A (EPA)	7	43 ns	410 ns
Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)	9	357 ns	2510 ns
Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)	9	991 ns	5000 ns

Table B.2.1-2 Extended Pedestrian A model (EPA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.0
70	-2.0
90	-3.0
110	-8.0
190	-17.2
410	-20.8

Table B.2.1-3 Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.5
150	-1.4
310	-3.6
370	-0.6
710	-9.1
1090	-7.0
1730	-12.0
2510	-16.9

Table B.2.1-4 Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	-1.0
50	-1.0
120	-1.0
200	0.0
230	0.0
500	0.0
1600	-3.0
2300	-5.0
5000	-7.0

B.2.2 Combinations of channel model parameters

The propagation conditions used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment are indicated as EVA[number], EPA[number] or ETU[number] where 'number' indicates the maximum Doppler frequency (Hz).

Table B.2.2-1 Void

B.2.3 MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices

The MIMO channel correlation matrices defined in B.2.3 apply for the antenna configuration using uniform linear arrays at both eNodeB and UE.

B.2.3.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices

Table B.2.3.1-1 defines the correlation matrix for the eNodeB

Table B.2.3.1-1 eNodeB correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
eNode B Correlation	$R_{eNB} = 1$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}^*} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} \\ \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}^*} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}^*} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}^*} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}^*} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-2 defines the correlation matrix for the UE:

Table B.2.3.1-2 UE correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
UE Correlation	$R_{UE} = 1$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta \\ \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^* & \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the channel spatial correlation matrix R_{spat} . The parameters, α and β in Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the spatial correlation between the antennas at the eNodeB and UE.

4x4 case

 $R_{spat} = R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 1x2 case $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta & \alpha & \alpha\beta \\ \beta^* & 1 & \alpha\beta^* & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^*\beta & 1 & \beta \\ \alpha^*\beta^* & \alpha^* & \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta \\ \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^* & \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2x2 case 4x2 case

Table B.2.3.1-3: R_{spat} correlation matrices

For cases with more antennas at either eNodeB or UE or both, the channel spatial correlation matrix can still be expressed as the Kronecker product of R_{eNB} and R_{UE} according to $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE}$.

B.2.3.2 MIMO Correlation Matrices at High, Medium and Low Level

The α and β for different correlation types are given in Table B.2.3.2-1.

Table B.2.3.2-1

Low correlation		Medium Correlation		High Correlation	
α	β	α	β	α	β
0	0	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9

The correlation matrices for high, medium and low correlation are defined in Table B.2.3.1-2, B.2.3.2-3 and B.2.3.2-4,as below.

The values in Table B.2.3.2-2 have been adjusted for the 4x2 and 4x4 high correlation cases to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spatial} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 4x2 high correlation case, a=0.00010. For the 4x4 high correlation case, a=0.00012.

The same method is used to adjust the 4x4 medium correlation matrix in Table B.2.3.2-3 to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision with a = 0.00012.

Table B.2.3.2-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high correlation

1x2 case	$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$					
2x2 case	$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 0.81 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.81 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 0.81 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.81 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$					
4x2 case	$R_{high} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0000 & 0.8999 & 0.9883 & 0.8894 & 0.9542 & 0.8587 & 0.8999 & 0.8099 \\ 0.8999 & 1.0000 & 0.8894 & 0.9883 & 0.8587 & 0.9542 & 0.8099 & 0.8999 \\ 0.9883 & 0.8894 & 1.0000 & 0.8999 & 0.9883 & 0.8894 & 0.9542 & 0.8587 \\ 0.8894 & 0.9883 & 0.8999 & 1.0000 & 0.8894 & 0.9883 & 0.8587 & 0.9542 \\ 0.9542 & 0.8587 & 0.9883 & 0.8894 & 1.0000 & 0.8999 & 0.9883 & 0.8894 \\ 0.8587 & 0.9542 & 0.8894 & 0.9883 & 0.8999 & 1.0000 & 0.8894 & 0.9883 \\ 0.8999 & 0.8099 & 0.9542 & 0.8587 & 0.9883 & 0.8894 & 1.0000 & 0.8999 \\ 0.8099 & 0.8999 & 0.8587 & 0.9542 & 0.8894 & 0.9883 & 0.8999 & 1.0000 \end{bmatrix}$					
4x4 case	$R_{high} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.8999 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.8894 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.8587 & 0.8999 & 0.8894 & 0.8587 & 0.8099 \\ 0.9882 & 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.8894 & 0.8999 & 0.8894 & 0.8587 \\ 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9105 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.8099 & 0.8587 & 0.8894 & 0.8999 \\ 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.8894 & 1.0000 & 0.8894 & 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.8099 & 0.8587 & 0.8894 & 0.8999 \\ 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.8894 & 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.8999 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.8587 \\ 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9882 & 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 \\ 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9105 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 \\ 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.8587 & 0.9882 & 0.8999 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 1.0000 & 0.8894 & 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 \\ 0.9105 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9892 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 \\ 0.9105 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 \\ 0.8587 & 0.9105 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.8894 & 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.8999 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9067 & 0.9882 & 0.9067 & 0.9882 \\ 0.8999 & 0.8894 & 0.8587 & 0.8099 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.9430 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.8999 & 0.8894 & 0.8587 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9430 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.8894 & 0.8999 & 0.8894 & 0.8587 & 0.9430 & 0.9541 & 0.9430 & 0.9105 & 0.9767 & 0.9882 & 0.9767 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 1.0000 & 0.9882 & 0.9541 & 0.9882 & 0.9067 & 0.9541$					

Table B.2.3.2-3: MIMO correlation matrices for medium correlation

1x2 case		N/A									
2x2 case		$R_{medium} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.3 & 0.27 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.27 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.27 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.27 & 0.3 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$									
4x2 case		$R_{medium} =$	1.0000 0.9000 0.8748 0.7873 0.5856 0.5271 0.3000 0.2700	1.0000 0.7873 0.8748 0.5271 0.5856 0.2700	0.7873 1.0000 0.9000 0.8748 0.7873 0.5856	0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000 0.7873 0.8748 0.5271 0.5856	3 0.5271 0 0.8748 0 0.7873 3 1.0000 3 0.9000 1 0.8748	0.5271 0.5856 0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000 0.7873 0.8748	0.2700 0.5856 0.5271 0.8748 0.7873 1.0000	0.2700 0.3000 0.5271 0.5856 0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000	
4x4 case	^R medium [∓]	0.9882 0.9882 1.0000 0.9541 0.9882 0.8999 0.9541 0.8747 0.8645 0.8347 0.8645 0.7872 0.8347 0.5787 0.5787 0.5787 0.5588 0.3000 0.2965 0.2965 0.3000 0.2862 0.2965 0.2700 0.2862	0.9882 0.9541 1.0000 0.9882 0.9882 1.0000 0.8347 0.7872 0.8645 0.8347 0.8747 0.8645 0.8645 0.5747 0.5588 0.5270 0.5787 0.5588 0.5855 0.5787 0.5787 0.5855 0.2862 0.2700 0.2965 0.2862	0.8645 0.87 0.8347 0.86 0.7872 0.83 1.0000 0.98 0.9882 1.000 0.9541 0.98 0.8999 0.95 0.8747 0.86 0.8645 0.87 0.8347 0.86 0.7872 0.83 0.5855 0.57 0.5787 0.58	47 0.8645 45 0.8747 47 0.8645 82 0.9541 00 0.9882 82 1.0000 41 0.9882 45 0.8347 47 0.8645 45 0.8747 47 0.8645 87 0.5588 87 0.5588 87 0.5855	0.8347 (0.8645 (0.8747 (0.8999 (0.9541 (0.9882 (0.7872 10.8347 (0.8645 (0.8747 (0.5270 (0.5588 (0.5787	0.5787 0.5855 0.5588 0.5787 0.5270 0.5588 0.8747 0.8645 0.8645 0.8747 0.8347 0.8347 1.0000 0.9882 0.9882 1.0000 0.9541 0.9882 0.8999 0.9541 0.8747 0.8645 0.8645 0.8747	0.5787 (0.5855 (0.5787 (0.8347 (0.8645 (0.8747 (0.8645 (0.9541 (0.9882 (1.0000 (0.9882 (0.8347 (0.8645 (0.8645 (0.8747 (0.8645 (0.8747 (0.5588 0.2965 0.5787 0.2862 0.5855 0.2700 0.7872 0.5855 0.8347 0.5787 0.8645 0.5588 0.8747 0.5270 0.8999 0.8747 0.9541 0.8645 0.9882 0.8347 1.0000 0.7872 0.8347 0.9882 0.8345 0.9541	0.3000 0.2965 0.2965 0.3000 0.2862 0.2965 0.5787 0.5588 0.5855 0.5787 0.5787 0.5855 0.5588 0.5787 0.8645 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.8645 0.8747 0.8347 0.8645 0.9882 0.9541 1.0000 0.9882 0.9882 1.0000	6 0.2862 0 0.2965 6 0.3000 8 0.5270 7 0.5588 6 0.5787 7 0.5855 7 0.7872 6 0.8347 7 0.8645 6 0.8747 0 0.8999 2 0.9541 0 0.9882

Table B.2.3.2-4: MIMO correlation matrices for low correlation

1x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_2$
2x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_4$
4x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_8$
4x4 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_{16}$

In Table B.2.3.2-4, \mathbf{I}_d is the $d \times d$ identity matrix.

B.2.3A MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

The MIMO channel correlation matrices defined in B.2.3A apply for the antenna configuration using cross polarized antennas at both eNodeB and UE. The cross-polarized antenna elements with ± 45 degrees polarization slant angles are deployed at eNB and cross-polarized antenna elements with ± 90 0 degrees polarization slant angles are deployed at UE.

For the cross-polarized antennas, the N antennas are labelled such that antennas for one polarization are listed from 1 to N/2 and antennas for the other polarization are listed from N/2+1 to N, where N is the number of transmit or receive antennas.

B.2.3A.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

For the channel spatial correlation matrix, the following is used:

$$R_{spat} = P(R_{eNB} \otimes \Gamma \otimes R_{UE})P^{T}$$

where

- R_{UE} is the spatial correlation matrix at the UE with same polarization,
- R_{eNB} is the spatial correlation matrix at the eNB with same polarization,
- Γ is a polarization correlation matrix, and
- $(\bullet)^T$ denotes transpose.

The matrix Γ is defined as

$$\Gamma = \begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & -\gamma & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & \gamma \\
-\gamma & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & \gamma & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

A permutation matrix P elements are defined as

$$P(a,b) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } a = (j-1)Nr + i & \text{and } b = 2(j-1)Nr + i, & i = 1, \dots, Nr, j = 1, \dots Nt/2 \\ 1 & \text{for } a = (j-1)Nr + i & \text{and } b = 2(j-Nt/2)Nr - Nr + i, & i = 1, \dots, Nr, j = Nt/2 + 1, \dots, Nt + i, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where N_r and N_r is the number of transmitter and receiver respectively. This is used to map the spatial correlation coefficients in accordance with the antenna element labelling system described in B.2.3A.

B.2.3A.2 Spatial Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas at eNB and UE sides

B.2.3A.2.1 Spatial Correlation Matrices at eNB side

For 2-antenna transmitter using one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{\scriptscriptstyle eNR}=1$.

For 4-antenna transmitter using two pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

For 8-antenna transmitter using four pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{8} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$

B.2.3A.2.2 Spatial Correlation Matrices at UE side

For 2-antenna receiver using one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{UE} = 1$.

For 4-antenna receiver using two pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

B.2.3A.3 MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

The values for parameters α , β and γ for high spatial correlation are given in Table B.2.3A.3-1.

Table B.2.3A.3-1

High spatial correlation				
0.9	0.9	0.3		
Note 1: Value of α applies when more than one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements at eNB side. Note 2: Value of β applies when more than one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements at UE side.				

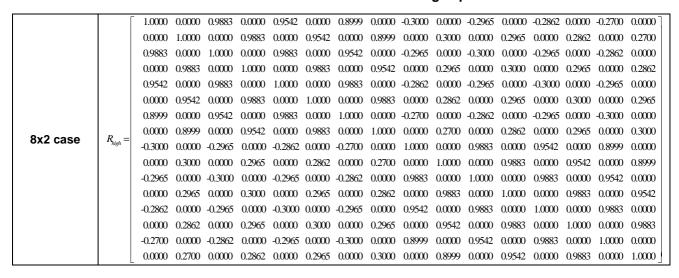
The correlation matrices for high spatial correlation are defined in Table B.2.3A.3-2 as below.

The values in Table B.2.3A.3-2 have been adjusted to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spat} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 8x2 high spatial correlation case, a=0.00010.

Table B.2.3A.3-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high spatial correlation



B.2.3A.4 Beam steering approach

Given the channel spatial correlation matrix in B.2.3A.1, the corresponding random channel matrix \mathbf{H} can be calculated. The signal model for the k-th subframe is denoted as

$$y = HD_{\theta_{L}}Wx + n$$

Where

- H is the Nr xNt channel matrix per subcarrier.

$$\begin{array}{lll} - & D_{\theta_k} \text{ is the steering matrix, which is } D_{\theta_k} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{j\theta_k} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{j2\theta_k} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{j3\theta_k} \end{bmatrix}, \\ \end{array}$$

- θ_k controls the phase variation, and the phase for k-th subframe is denoted by $\theta_k = \theta_0 + \Delta\theta \cdot k$, where θ_0 is the random start value with the uniform distribution, i.e., $\theta_0 \in [0,2\pi]$, $\Delta\theta$ is the step of phase variation, which is defined in Table B.2.3A.4-1, and k is the linear increment of 1 for every subframe throughout the simulation,
- W is the precoding matrix for 8 transmission antennas,
- y is the received signal, x is the transmitted signal, and n is AWGN.

Table B.2.3A.4-1: The step of phase variation

Variation Step	Value (rad/subframe)
$\Delta heta$	1.2566×10 ⁻³

B.2.4 Propagation conditions for CQI tests

For Channel Quality Indication (CQI) tests, the following additional multi-path profile is used:

$$h(t,\tau) = \delta(\tau) + a \exp(-i2\pi f_D t)\delta(\tau - \tau_d),$$

in continuous time (t, τ) representation, with τ_d the delay, a a constant and f_D the Doppler frequency. The same $h(t, \tau)$ is used to describe the fading channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.

B.2.4.1 Propagation conditions for CQI tests with multiple CSI processes

For CQI tests with multiple CSI processes, the following additional multi-path profile is used for 2 port transmission:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{bmatrix} \circ H_{MP}$$

Where \circ represents Hadamard product, H_{MP} indicates the 2x2 propagation channel generated in the manner defined in Clause B.2.4.

B.2.5 Void

B.2.6 MBSFN Propagation Channel Profile

Table B.2.6-1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the MBSFN performance requirements in multi-path fading environment in an extended delay spread environment.

Table B.2.6-1: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBSFN Performance Requirements in an extended delay spread environment

Extended Delay Spread			
Maximum Doppler frequency [5Hz]			
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]		
0	0		
30	-1.5		
150	-1.4		
310	-3.6		
370	-0.6		
1090	-7.0		
12490	-10		
12520	-11.5		
12640	-11.4		
12800	-13.6		
12860	-10.6		
13580	-17.0		
27490	-20		
27520	-21.5		
27640	-21.4		
27800	-23.6		
27860	-20.6		
28580	-27.0		

B.3 High speed train scenario

The high speed train condition for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with one tap. Doppler shift is given by

$$f_s(t) = f_d \cos \theta(t) \tag{B.3.1}$$

where $f_s(t)$ is the Doppler shift and f_d is the maximum Doppler frequency. The cosine of angle $\theta(t)$ is given by

$$\cos\theta(t) = \frac{D_s/2 - vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (D_s/2 - vt)^2}}, \ 0 \le t \le D_s/v$$
(B.3.2)

$$\cos \theta(t) = \frac{-1.5D_s + vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (-1.5D_s + vt)^2}}, \ D_s/v < t \le 2D_s/v$$
(B.3.3)

$$\cos\theta(t) = \cos\theta(t \mod (2D_s/v)), t > 2D_s/v$$
(B.3.4)

where $D_s/2$ is the initial distance of the train from eNodeB, and D_{\min} is eNodeB Railway track distance, both in meters; v is the velocity of the train in m/s, t is time in seconds.

Doppler shift and cosine angle are given by equation B.3.1 and B.3.2-B.3.4 respectively, where the required input parameters listed in table B.3-1 and the resulting Doppler shift shown in Figure B.3-1 are applied for all frequency bands.

Parameter	Value
D_s	300 m
$D_{ m min}$	2 m
ν	300 km/h
f_d	750 Hz

Table B.3-1: High speed train scenario

NOTE 1: Parameters for HST conditions in table B.3-1 including f_d and Doppler shift trajectories presented on figure B.3-1 were derived from Band 7 and are applied for performance verification in all frequency bands.

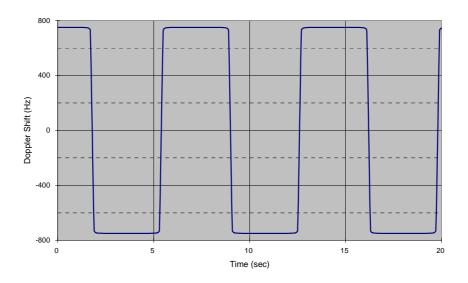


Figure B.3-1: Doppler shift trajectory

For 1x2 antenna configuration, the same $h(t,\tau)$ is used to describe the channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.

For 2x2 antenna configuration, the same $h(t,\tau)$ is used to describe the channel between every pair of Tx and Rx with phase shift according to $\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}$.

B.4 Beamforming Model

B.4.1 Single-layer random beamforming (Antenna port 5, 7, or 8)

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 5 or on antenna port 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{5,7,8\}$, with $M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the

user-specific reference symbols (DRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \tilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i)$$

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 7 or 8 with a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights, and normalizing the transmit power as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \tilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W_1(i)y^{(7)}(i) + W_2(i)y^{(8)}(i))$$

The precoder update granularity is specific to a test case.

The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 1$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $y_{bf}(i)$. The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 0$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $\widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)$.

B.4.2 Dual-layer random beamforming (antenna ports 7 and 8)

Dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size 2×2 randomly selected with the number of layers v=2 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna ports 7 and 8, $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) & y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols, and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix},$$

The precoder update granularity is specific to a test case.

The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 1$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $y_{bf}(i)$. The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 0$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $\widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)$.

B.4.3 Generic beamforming model (antenna ports 7-14)

The transmission on antenna port(s) $p=7,8,...,\upsilon+6$ is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size $N_{CSI}\times\upsilon$, where N_{CSI} is the number of CSI reference signals configured per test and υ is the number of spatial layers. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna port(s) $p=7,8,...,\upsilon+6$, $y^{(p)}(i)=\left[y^{(7)}(i)\quad y^{(8)}(i)\quad \cdots\quad y^{(6+\upsilon)}(i)\right],\ i=0,1,...,M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols (DM-RS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}^{(q)}(i)=\left[y_{bf}^{(0)}(i)\quad y_{bf}^{(1)}(i)\quad \ldots\quad y_{bf}^{(N_{CSI}-1)}(i)\right]^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same time-frequency index pair (k,l) but transmitted on different physical antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}^{(0)}(i) \\ y_{bf}^{(1)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y_{bf}^{(N_{CSI}-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(6+v)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

The precoder matrix W(i) is specific to a test case.

The physical antenna elements are identified by indices $j = 0,1,...,N_{ANT}-1$, where $N_{ANT}=N_{CSI}$ is the number of physical antenna elements configured per test.

Modulation symbols $y_{bf}^{(q)}(i)$ with $q \in \{0,1,...,N_{CSI}-1\}$ (i.e. beamformed PDSCH and DM-RS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=q.

Modulation symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ with $p \in \{0,1,...,P-1\}$ (i.e. PBCH, PDCCH, PHICH, PCFICH) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p, where P is the number of cell-specific reference signals configured per test.

Modulation symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ with $p \in \{0,1,...,P-1\}$ (i.e. CRS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p, where P is the number of cell-specific reference signals configured per test.

Modulation symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ with $p \in \{15,16,...,14+N_{CSI}\}$ (i.e. CSI-RS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p-15, where N_{CSI} is the number of CSI reference signals configured per test.

B.4.4 Random beamforming for EPDCCH distributed transmission (Antenna port 107 and 109)

EPDCCH distributed transmission on antenna port 107 and antenna port 109 is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected per EPDCCH PRB pair with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{107,109\}$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DMRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i)=\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$. When EPDCCH is associated with port 107, the transmitted block of signals is deonted as

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W_1(i) y^{(107)}(i).$$

When EPDCCH is associated with port 109, the transmitted block of signals is denoted as

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W_2(i)y^{(109)}(i).$$

B.4.5 Random beamforming for EPDCCH localized transmission (Antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110)

EPDCCH localized transmission on antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110 is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M^{ap}_{symb}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{107,108,109,110\}$, with

 $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DMRS), and generates a

block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = [y_{bf}(i) \ \tilde{y}_{bf}(i)]^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i).$$

B.5 Interference models for enhanced performance requirements Type-A

This clause provides a description for the modelling of interfering cell transmissions for enhanced performance requirements Type-A including: definition of dominant interferer proportion, transmission mode 3, 4 and 9 type of interference modelling.

B.5.1 Dominant interferer proportion

Each interfering cell involved in enhanced performance requirements Type-A is characterized by its associated dominant interferer proportion (DIP) value:

$$DIP_i = \frac{\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}}{N_{oc}}$$

where is $\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}$ is the average received power spectral density from the i-th strongest interfering cell involved in the requirement scenario ($\hat{I}_{or(1)}$ is assumed to be the power spectral density associated with the serving cell) and

 $N_{oc}' = \sum_{j=2}^{N} \hat{I}_{or(j)} + N_{oc}$ where N_{oc} is the average power spectral density of a white noise source consistent with the

definition provided in subclause 3.2 and N is the total number of cells involved in a given requirement scenario.

B.5.2 Transmission mode 3 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 3 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For rank-1 transmission over a subband, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4].

For rank-2 transmission over a subband, precoding for spatial multiplexing with large delay CDD over two layers for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.2.2 of [4].

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

B.5.3 Transmission mode 4 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 4 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For each subframe and CQI subband, a precoding matrix for the number of layers v associated to the selected rank shall be selected randomly from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [4]. Note that codebook index 0 shall be excluded from random precoder selection when the number of layers is v = 2.

Precoding for spatial multiplexing with cell-specific reference signals for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.2.1 of [4] with the selected precoding matrices for each subframe and each CQI subband.

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

B.5.4 Transmission mode 9 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 9 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For each subframe and each CQI subband, a precoding matrix for the number of layers v associated to the selected rank shall be selected randomly from Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [4].

The generic beamforming model in subclause B.4.3 shall be applied assuming cell-specific reference signals and CSI reference signals as specified in the requirement scenario. Random precoding with selected rank and precoding matrices for each subframe and each CQI subband shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols including the user-specific reference symbols over antenna port 7 when the rank is one and antenna ports 7, 8 when the rank is two.

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

Annex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

C.1 General

This annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection.

C.2 Set-up

Table C.2-1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel
PBCH
SSS
PSS
PCFICH
PDCCH
EPDCCH
PHICH
PDSCH

C.3 Connection

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done.

C.3.1 Measurement of Receiver Characteristics

Table C.3.1-1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7).

Table C.3.1-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = 0 dB
	PBCH_RB = 0 dB
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 dB$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 dB$
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = 0 dB
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = 0 dB
	PDCCH_RB = 0 dB
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = 0 dB
	PDSCH_RB = 0 dB
OCNG	$OCNG_RA = 0 dB$
	OCNG_RB = 0 dB

NOTE 1: No boosting is applied.

Table C.3.1-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Transmitted power spectral density I_{or}	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		0 dB	
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			

C.3.2 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table C.3.2-1 is applicable for measurements in which uniform RS-to-EPRE boosting for all downlink physical channels, unless otherwise stated.

Table C.3.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	PSS_RA = 0 (Note 3)
SSS	SSS_RA = 0 (Note 3)
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
EPDCCH	EPDCCH_RA = $\rho_A + \delta$
	EPDCCH_RB = $ρ_B+δ$
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ _A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ_B
PMCH	$PMCH_RA = \rho_A$
	PMCH_RB = ρ _B
MBSFN RS	MBSFN RS_RA = ρ _A
	MBSFN RS_RB = ρ_B
OCNG	OCNG_RA = ρ_A + σ
	OCNG_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: MBSFN RS and OCNG are not defined downlink physical channels in [4].

NOTE 3: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 4: $\rho_{\text{A}},\,\rho_{\text{B}},\,\sigma$ and δ are test specific.

urpose of the test set up only.

Table C.3.2-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Total transmitted power spectral density $I_{\it or}$	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		Test specific	1. Applies for antenna
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			port p
Energy per resource element EPRE		Test specific	1. The complex-valued symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ and
			$a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ defined in [4] shall
			conform to the given EPRE value. 2. For TM8, TM9, and
			TM10 the reference point for EPRE is before the precoder in Annex B.4.

C.3.3 Aggressor cell power allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when ABS is Configured

For the performance requirements and channel state information reporting when ABS is configured, the power allocation for the physical channels of the aggressor cell in non-ABS and ABS is listed in Table C.3.3-1.

Table C.3.3-1: Downlink physical channels transmitted in aggressor cell when ABS is configured in this cell

Dhysical Channel	Parameters	Unit	EP	RE Ratio		
Physical Channel			Non-ABS	ABS		
PBCH	PBCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
PBCH	PBCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PSS	PSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
SSS	SSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PHICH	PHICH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
PHICH	PHICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
PDCCH	PDCCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA	dB	N/A	Note 1		
PDSCH	PDSCH_RB	dB	N/A	Note 1		
OCNG	OCNG_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
OCNG	OCNG_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
Note 1: -∞ dB is allocated for this channel in this test.						

Table C.3.3-2: Downlink physical channels transmitted in aggressor cell when ABS is configured in this cell when the CRS assistance information is provided

Dhysical Channel	Parameters	Unit	EP	RE Ratio		
Physical Channel		Unit	Non-ABS	ABS		
PBCH	PBCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ		
FBCIT	PBCH_RB	dB	ρв	ρв		
PSS	PSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ		
SSS	SSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ		
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PHICH	PHICH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
PHICH	PHICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
PDCCH	PDCCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA	dB	N/A	Note 1		
FDSCIT	PDSCH_RB	dB	N/A	Note 1		
OCNG	OCNG_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1		
CONG	OCNG_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1		
Note 1: -∞ dB is allocated for this channel in this test.						

C.3.4 Power Allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when Quasi Co-location Type B: same Cell ID

For the performance requirements related to quasi-colocation type B behaviour when transmission points share the same Cell ID, the power allocation for the physical channels of the serving cell is listed in table C.3.4-1 and the power allocation for the physical channels of the cell transmitting PDSCH is listed in table C.3-4-2

Table C.3.4-1: Downlink physical channels transmitted in the serving cell (TP1)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 (Note 2)$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 $ (Note 2)
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ _A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ _B
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 3: ρ_A , ρ_B and σ are test specific.

Table C.3.4-2: Downlink physical channels for the transmission point transmitting PDSCH (TP2)

Physical Channel	Value
PDSCH	Test Specific

Annex D (normative): Characteristics of the interfering signal

D.1 General

When the channel band width is wider or equal to 5MHz, a modulated 5MHz full band width E-UTRA down link signal and CW signal are used as interfering signals when RF performance requirements for E-UTRA UE receiver are defined. For channel band widths below 5MHz, the band width of modulated interferer should be equal to band width of the received signal.

D.2 Interference signals

Table D.2-1 describes the modulated interferer for different channel band width options.

Table D.2-1: Description of modulated E-UTRA interferer

	Channel bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz					
BW _{Interferer}	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz
RB	6	15	25	25	25	25

Annex E (normative): Environmental conditions

E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

E.2 Environmental

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

E.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table E.2.1-1

+15°C to +35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to +55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation.

E.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table E.2.2-1

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries:			
Leclanché	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal
Lithium	0,95 * nominal	1,1 * Nominal	1,1 * Nominal
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal		Nominal

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

E.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

Table E.2.3-1

Frequency ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vil			
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$		
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0,96 m ² /s ³ at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB/Octave		

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 36.101 for extreme operation.

Annex F (normative): Transmit modulation

F.1 Measurement Point

Figure F.1-1 shows the measurement point for the unwanted emission falling into non-allocated RB(s) and the EVM for the allocated RB(s).

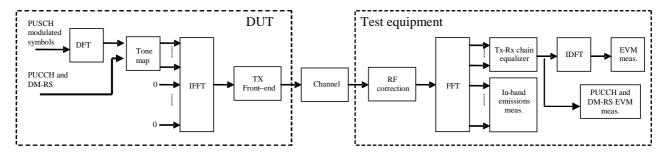


Figure F.1-1: EVM measurement points

F.2 Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement

The EVM is the difference between the ideal waveform and the measured waveform for the allocated RB(s)

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{v \in T_m} |z'(v) - i(v)|^2}{|T_m| \cdot P_0}},$$

where

 T_m is a set of $|T_m|$ modulation symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

z'(v) are the samples of the signal evaluated for the EVM,

i(v) is the ideal signal reconstructed by the measurement equipment, and

 P_0 is the average power of the ideal signal. For normalized modulation symbols P_0 is equal to 1.

The basic EVM measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain for PUCCH and PUSCH and over one preamble sequence for the PRACH.

F.3 Basic in-band emissions measurement

The in-band emissions are a measure of the interference falling into the non-allocated resources blocks. The in-band emission requirement is evaluated for PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. The in-band emission requirement is not evaluated for PRACH transmissions.

The in-band emissions are measured as follows

$$Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{\max(f_{\min}, f_{l} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f) \\ \min(f_{\max}, f_{h} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} < 0 \\ \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f \\ f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where

 T_s is a set of $|T_s|$ SC-FDMA symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

 Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB),

 f_{\min} (resp. f_{\max}) is the lower (resp. upper) edge of the UL system BW,

 f_l and f_h are the lower and upper edge of the allocated BW, and

Y(t, f) is the frequency domain signal evaluated for in-band emissions as defined in the subsection (ii)

The relative in-band emissions are, given by

$$Emissions_{relative}(\Delta_{RB}) = \frac{Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB})}{\frac{1}{|T_s| \cdot N_{RB}} \sum_{t \in T} \sum_{f_t}^{f_t + (12.N_{RB} - 1)\Delta f} |Y(t, f)|^2}$$

where

 N_{RR} is the number of allocated RBs

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

In the evaluation of in-band emissions, the timing is set according to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{c}$, where sample time offsets $\Delta \tilde{t}$ and $\Delta \tilde{c}$ are defined in subclause F.4.

F.4 Modified signal under test

Implicit in the definition of EVM is an assumption that the receiver is able to compensate a number of transmitter impairments.

The PUSCH data or PRACH signal under test is modified and, in the case of PUSCH data signal, decoded according to::

$$Z'(t,f) = IDFT \left\{ \frac{FFT \left\{ z(v - \Delta \widetilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi\Delta \widetilde{f}v} \right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \widetilde{t}}}{\widetilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} \right\}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

The PUCCH or PUSCH demodulation reference signal or PUCCH data signal under test is equalised and, in the case of PUCCH data signal decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = \frac{FFT\left\{z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \tilde{f}v}\right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}{\tilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

To minimize the error, the signal under test should be modified with respect to a set of parameters following the procedure explained below.

Notation:

 $\Delta \tilde{t}$ is the sample timing difference between the FFT processing window in relation to nominal timing of the ideal signal.

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$ is the RF frequency offset.

 $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ is the phase response of the TX chain.

 $\tilde{a}(t, f)$ is the amplitude response of the TX chain.

In the following $\Delta \tilde{c}$ represents the middle sample of the EVM window of length W (defined in the next subsections) or the last sample of the first window half if W is even.

The EVM analyser shall

- ightharpoonup detect the start of each slot and estimate $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ and $\Delta \widetilde{f}$,
- \blacktriangleright determine $\Delta \tilde{c}$ so that the EVM window of length W is centred
 - on the time interval determined by the measured cyclic prefix minus 16 samples of the considered OFDM symbol for symbol 0 for normal CP, i.e. the first 16 samples of the CP should not be taken into account for this step. In the determination of the number of excluded samples, a sampling rate of 30.72MHz was assumed. If a different sampling rate is used, the number of excluded samples is scaled linearly.
 - on the measured cyclic prefix of the considered OFDM symbol symbol for symbol 1 to 6 for normal CP and for symbol 0 to 5 for extended CP.
 - on the measured preamble cyclic prefix for the PRACH

To determine the other parameters a sample timing offset equal to $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ is corrected from the signal under test. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup correct the RF frequency offset $\Delta \widetilde{f}$ for each time slot, and
- > apply an FFT of appropriate size. The chosen FFT size shall ensure that in the case of an ideal signal under test, there is no measured inter-subcarrier interference.

The carrier leakage shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM and the in-band emissions; however, the removed relative carrier leakage power also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

At this stage the allocated RBs shall be separated from the non-allocated RBs. In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH EVM, the signal on the non-allocated RB(s), Y(t, f), is used to evaluate the in-band emissions.

Moreover, the following procedure applies only to the signal on the allocated RB(s).

- In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain equalizer coefficients $\tilde{a}(t,f)$ and $\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ used by the ZF equalizer for all subcarriers by time averaging at each signal subcarrier of the amplitude and phase of the reference and data symbols. The time-averaging length is 1 slot. This process creates an average amplitude and phase for each signal subcarrier used by the ZF equalizer. The knowledge of data modulation symbols may be required in this step because the determination of symbols by demodulation is not reliable before signal equalization.
- In the case of PRACH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain coefficients $\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$ used for phase and amplitude correction and are seleted so as to minimize the resulting EVM. The TX chain coefficients are not dependent on frequency, i.e. $\widetilde{a}(t,f)=\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)=\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$. The TX chain coefficient are chosen independently for each preamble transmission and for each $\Delta \widetilde{t}$.

At this stage estimates of $\Delta \widetilde{f}$, $\widetilde{\alpha}(t,f)$, $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ and $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ are available. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ is one of the extremities of the window W, i.e. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ can be $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \alpha - \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ or $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$, where $\alpha = 0$ if W is odd and $\alpha = 1$ if W is even. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup calculate EVM₁ with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \alpha \left| \frac{W}{2} \right|$,
- ightharpoonup calculate EVM_h with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$.

F.5 Window length

F.5.1 Timing offset

As a result of using a cyclic prefix, there is a range of $\Delta \tilde{t}$, which, at least in the case of perfect Tx signal quality, would give close to minimum error vector magnitude. As a first order approximation, that range should be equal to the length of the cyclic prefix. Any time domain windowing or FIR pulse shaping applied by the transmitter reduces the $\Delta \tilde{t}$ range within which the error vector is close to its minimum.

F.5.2 Window length

The window length W affects the measured EVM, and is expressed as a function of the configured cyclic prefix length. In the case where equalization is present, as with frequency domain EVM computation, the effect of FIR is reduced. This is because the equalization can correct most of the linear distortion introduced by the FIR. However, the time domain windowing effect can't be removed.

F.5.3 Window length for normal CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for normal CP. The nominal window length for 3 MHz is rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.3-1 EVM window length for normal CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	Cyclic prefix length N_{cp} for symbol 0	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Cyclic prefix} \\ \textbf{length}^{\textbf{1}} \\ N_{cp} \textbf{ for} \\ \textbf{symbols 1 to 6} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix for symbols 1 to 6 in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP for symbols 1 to 6 ²
1.4			128	9	5	55.6
3		144	256	18	12	66.7
5	160		512	36	32	88.9
10	160		1024	72	66	91.7
15			1536	108	102	94.4
20			2048	144	136	94.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative and apply to symbols 1 through 6. Symbol 0 has a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

F.5.4 Window length for Extended CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for extended CP. The nominal window lengths for 3 MHz and 15 MHz are rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.4-1 EVM window length for extended CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cyclic} \\ \text{prefix} \\ \text{length}^{\text{1}} N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP ²
1.4		128	32	28	87.5
3		256	64	58	90.6
5	512	512	128	124	96.9
10		1024	256	250	97.4
15		1536	384	374	97.4
20		2048	512	504	98.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative

F.5.5 Window length for PRACH

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats 0-4.

Table F.5.5-1 EVM window length for PRACH

Preamble format	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Cyclic} \\ {\rm prefix} \\ {\rm length^1} \ N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size ²	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of <i>W</i> to CP*
0	3168	24576	3072	96.7%
1	21024	24576	20928	99.5%
2	6240	49152	6144	98.5%
3	21024	49152	20928	99.5%
4	448	4096	432	96.4%

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed

Note 2: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

Note 3: These percentages are informative

F.6 Averaged EVM

The general EVM is averaged over basic EVM measurements for 20 slots in the time domain.

$$\overline{EVM} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_i^2}$$

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_1$ is calculated using $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ in the expressions above and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_h$ is calculated using $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM = \max(\overline{EVM}_1, \overline{EVM}_h)$$

The calculation of the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} , follows the same procedure as calculating the general EVM, with the exception that the modulation symbol set T_m defined in clause F.2 is restricted to symbols containing uplink demodulation reference signals.

The basic EVM_{DMRS} measurements are first averaged over 20 slots in the time domain to obtain an intermediate average EVM_{DMRS} .

$$\overline{EVM}_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_{DMRS,i}^2}$$

In the determination of each $EVM_{DMRS,i}$, the timing is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ if $\overline{EVM}_l > \overline{EVM}_h$, and it is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ otherwise, where \overline{EVM}_l and \overline{EVM}_h are the general average EVM values calculated in the same 20 slots over which the intermediate average \overline{EVM}_{DMRS} is calculated. Note that in some cases, the general average EVM may be calculated only for the purpose of timing selection for the demodulation reference signal EVM.

Then the results are further averaged to get the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} ,

$$EVM_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} \sum_{j=1}^{6} \overline{EVM}_{DMRS,j}^{2}}$$

The PRACH EVM, EVM_{PRACH} , is averaged over two preamble sequence measurements for preamble formats 0, 1, 2, 3, and it is averaged over 10 preamble sequence measurements for preamble format 4.

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window *W* extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,1}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_l$ and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,h}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM_{PRACH} = \max(\overline{EVM}_{PRACH,1}, \overline{EVM}_{PRACH,h})$$

F.7 Spectrum Flatness

The data shall be taken from FFT coded data symbols and the demodulation reference symbols of the allocated resource block.

Annex G (informative): Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR

This annex contains information on typical receiver sensitivity when HARQ transmission is enabled allowing operation in lower SNR regions (HARQ is disabled in conformance testing), thus representing the configuration normally used in live network operation under noise-limited conditions.

G.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level P_{SENS} with HARQ retransmission enabled (operation in lower SNR) is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the residual BLER after HARQ shall meet the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel. The residual BLER after HARQ transmission is defined as follows:

$$BLER_{residual} = 1 - \frac{A}{B}$$

A: Number of correctly decoded MAC PDUs

B: Number of transmitted MAC PDUs (Retransmitted MAC PDUs are not counted)

G.2 Typical receiver sensitivity performance (QPSK)

The residual BLER after HARQ shall be lower than 1% for the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes G.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table G.2-1 and Table G.2-2

Table G.2-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK PSENS

E-UTRA	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex
Band	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Mode
1				[-102]			FDD
2				TBD			FDD
3				TBD			FDD
4				TBD			FDD
5				TBD			FDD
6				TBD			FDD
7				TBD			FDD
8				TBD			FDD
9				TBD			FDD
10				TBD			FDD
11				TBD			FDD
12				TBD			FDD
13				TBD			FDD
14				TBD			FDD
17				TBD			FDD
18				TBD			FDD
19				TBD			FDD
20				TBD			FDD
21				TBD			FDD
22				TBD			FDD
23				TBD			FDD
24				TBD			FDD
26				TBD			FDD
27				TBD			FDD
28				TBD			FDD
33				[-102]			TDD
34				[-102]			TDD
35				[-102]			TDD
36				[-102]			TDD
37				[-102]			TDD
38				[-102]			TDD
39				[-102]			TDD
40				[-102]			TDD
42				[-102]			TDD
43				[-102]			TDD
43				[-102]			TDD
Note 1: T	l he transmitter eference meas P.1 FDD/TDD	surement cl	hannel is (as defined 3.3 with on	e sided dy		
Note 3: To Note 4: Fo	he signal power or the UE which evel is FFS.	er is specifie	ed per por	t		ference ser	nsitivity
Note 5: F	or the UE whice vel is FFS.	h supports	both Band	d 11 and Ba	and 21 the	reference s	sensitivity

 $Table \ G.2-2 \ specifies \ the \ minimum \ number \ of \ allocated \ uplink \ resource \ blocks \ for \ which \ the \ reference \ receive \ sensitivity \ requirement \ in \ lower \ SNR \ must \ be \ met.$

Table G.2-2: Minimum uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / NRB / Duplex mode								
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode	
1				[6] ¹			FDD	
2				[6] ¹			FDD	
3				[6] ¹			FDD	
4				[6] ¹			FDD	
5				[6] ¹			FDD	
6				[6] ¹			FDD	
7				[6] ¹			FDD	
8				[6] ¹			FDD	
9				[6] ¹			FDD	
10				[6] ¹			FDD	
11				[6] ¹			FDD	
12				[6] ¹			FDD	
13				[6] ¹			FDD	
14				[6] ¹			FDD	
17				[6] ¹			FDD	
18				[6] ¹			FDD	
19				[6] ¹			FDD	
20				[6] ¹			FDD	
22				[6] ¹			FDD	
21				[6] ¹			FDD	
23				[6] ¹			FDD	
24				[6] ¹			FDD	
26				[6] ¹			FDD	
27				[6] ¹			FDD	
28				[6] ¹			FDD	
33				50			TDD	
34				50			TDD	
35				50			TDD	
36				50			TDD	
37				50			TDD	
38				50			TDD	
39				50			TDD	
40				50			TDD	
42				50			TDD	
43				50			TDD	
44				50			TDD	
Note 2: Note 3:	The UL reso downlink op configuration For the UE v uplink configuration	erating ban for the control which suppuration for the case of the	and but co channel bat ports both or references ase of 15N	nfined with Indwidth (T I Band 11 a e sensitivit IHz chann	in the trans able 5.6-1 and Band 2 ty is FFS. el bandwid	smission ba). 21 the minin th, the UL r	andwidth num esource	
	blocks shall bandwidth, t							

Unless given by Table G.2-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables G.2-1 and G.2-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table G.2-3: Network Signalling Value for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band	Network Signalling value
2	NS_03
4	NS_03
10	NS_03
12	NS_06
13	NS_06
14	NS_06
17	NS_06
19	NS_08
21	NS_09
23	NS_03
24	NS_52
35	NS_03
36	NS_03

G.3 Reference measurement channel for REFSENSE in lower SNR

Tables G.3-1 and G.3-2 are applicable for Annex G.2 (Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR).

Table G.3-1 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50
Subcarriers per resource block		12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10
Modulation		QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		[4]
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4392
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392
Transport block CRC	Bits	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12960
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	3952.
5 . 5	'	8
UE Category		1-8

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Redundancy version coding sequence is {0, 1, 2, 3} for QPSK.

Table G.3-2 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4+2
(D+S)		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		[4]
Modulation		QPSK
Target coding rate		1/3
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		4392
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		3240
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		4392
Transport block CRC	Bits	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		13800
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		11256
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		13104
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	1965.
-		6
UE Category		1-5

- For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz Note 1: channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with Note 2: insufficient PDCCH performance
- Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:
- If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 5:
- Redundancy version coding sequence is {0, 1, 2, 3} for QPSK. Note 6:

Annex H (normative): Modified MPR behavior

H.1 Indication of modified MPR behavior

This annex contains the definitions of the bits in the field *modifiedMPRbehavior* indicated in the IE UE Radio Access Capability [7] by a UE supporting an MPR or A-MPR modified in a later release of this specification.

Table H.1-1: Definitions of the bits in the field modifiedMPRbehavior

Index of field	Definition	Notes
(bit number)	(description of the supported functionality if indicator	
	set to one)	
0 (leftmost bit)	- The MPR for intra-band contiguous carrier	- This bit can be set to 1 by
	aggregation bandwidth class C with non-contiguous	a UE supporting intra-band
	resource allocation specified in Clause 6.2.3A in	contiguous CA bandwidth
	version 12.5.0 of this specification	class C
1	- The A-MPR associated with NS_05 for Band 1 in	- This bit can be set to 1 by
	Clause 6.2.4 in version 12.10.0 of this specification.	a UE supporting A-MPR
		associated to NS_05 for
		Band 1.
2	The A-MPR associated with NS_04 for Band 41 in	This bit can be set to 1 by a
	Table 6.2.4-4 in version 14.1.0 of this specification.	power class 3 UE
		supporting A-MPR
		associated to NS_04 for
		Band 41.

Annex I (informative): Change history

Table H-1: Change History

Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
11-2007	R4#45	R4-72206				TS36.101V0.1.0 approved by RAN4	
12-2007	RP#38	RP-070979				Approved version at TSG RAN #38	8.0.0
03-2008	RP#39	RP-080123	3			TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.1.0
05-2008	RP#40	RP-080325	4			TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.2.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	5r1			Addition of Ref Sens figures for 1.4MHz and 3MHz Channel bandwiidths	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	7r1			Transmitter intermodulation requirements	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	10			CR for clarification of additional spurious emission requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	15			Correction of In-band Blocking Requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	18r1			TS36.101: CR for section 6: NS_06	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	19r1			TS36.101: CR for section 6: Tx modulation	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	20r1			TS36.101: CR for UE minimum power	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	21r1			TS36.101: CR for UE OFF power	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	24r1			TS36.101: CR for section 7: Band 13 Rx sensitivity	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	26			UE EVM Windowing	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	29			Absolute ACLR limit	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	23r2			TS36.101: CR for section 6: UE to UE co-existence	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	30			Removal of [] for UE Ref Sens figures	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	31			Correction of PA, PB definition to align with RAN1 specification	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	37r2			UE Spurious emission band UE co-existence	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	44			Definition of specified bandwidths	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	48r3			Addition of Band 17	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	50			Alignment of the UE ACS requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	52r1			Frequency range for Band 12	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	54r1			Absolute power tolerance for LTE UE power control	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	55			TS36.101 section 6: Tx modulation	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	6r2			DL FRC definition for UE Receiver tests	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	46			Additional UE demodulation test cases	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	47			Updated descriptions of FRC	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	49			Definition of UE transmission gap	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	51			Clarification on High Speed train model in 36.101	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	53			Update of symbol and definitions	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080743	56			Addition of MIMO (4x2) and (4x4) Correlation Matrices	8.3.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080908	94r2			CR TX RX channel frequency separation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	105r1			UE Maximum output power for Band 13	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	60			UL EVM equalizer definition	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	63			Correction of UE spurious emissions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	66			Clarification for UE additional spurious emissions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	72			Introducing ACLR requirement for coexistance with UTRA 1.6MHZ channel from 36.803	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	75			Removal of [] from Section 6 transmitter characteristcs	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	81			Clarification for PHS band protection	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	101			Alignement for the measurement interval for transmit signal quality	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	98r1			Maximum power	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	57r1	1		CR UE spectrum flatness	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	71r1			UE in-band emission	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	58r1			CR Number of TX exceptions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	99r2			CR UE output power dynamic	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	79r1			LTE UE transmitter intermodulation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080910	91			Update of Clause 8	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080950	106r1			Structure of Clause 9 including CSI requirements for PUCCH mode 1-0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	59	1	Ì	CR UE ACS test frequency offset	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	65	1		Correction of spurious response parameters	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	80		1	Removal of LTE UE narrowband intermodulation	8.4.0

12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	90r1		Introduction of Maximum Sensitivity Degradation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	103		Removal of [] from Section 7 Receiver characteristic	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	62		Alignement of TB size n Ref Meas channel for RX characteristics	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	78		TDD Reference Measurement channel for RX characterisctics	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	73r1		Addition of 64QAM DL referenbce measurement channel	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	74r1		Addition of UL Reference Measurement Channels	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	104		Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080913	68		MIMO Correlation Matrix Corrections	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080915	67		Correction to the figure with the Transmission Bandwidth configuration	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080916	77		Modification to EARFCN	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080917	85r1		New Clause 5 outline	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080919	102		Introduction of Bands 12 and 17 in 36.101	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080927	84r1		Clarification of HST propagation conditions	8.4.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	156r2		A-MPR table for NS_07	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	170		Corrections of references (References to tables and figures)	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	108		Removal of [] from Transmitter Intermodulation	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	155		E-UTRA ACLR for below 5 MHz bandwidths	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	116		Clarification of PHS band including the future plan	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	119		Spectrum emission mask for 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidhts Removal of "Out-of-synchronization handling of output power"	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	120		heading	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	126		UE uplink power control	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	128		Transmission BW Configuration	8.5.0
03-2009 03-2009	RP#43 RP#43	RP-090170 RP-090170	130 132r2		Spectrum flatness PUCCH EVM	8.5.0 8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170 RP-090170	134		UL DM-RS EVM	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	140		Removal of ACLR2bis requirements	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	113		In-band blocking	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	127		In-band blocking and sensitivity requirement for band 17	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	137r1		Wide band intermodulation	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	141		Correction of reference sensitivity power level of Band 9	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	109		AWGN level for UE DL demodulation performance tests	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	124		Update of Clause 8: additional test cases	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	139r1		Performance requirement structure for TDD PDSCH	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	142r1		Performance requirements and reference measurement channels for TDD PDSCH demodulation with UE-specific reference symbols	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	145		Number of information bits in DwPTS	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	160r1		MBSFN-Unicast demodulation test case	8.5.0
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03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	121		Correction of 36.101 DL RMC table notes	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	125		Update of Clause 9	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	138r1		Clarification on OCNG	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	161		CQI reference measurement channels	8.5.0
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03-2009	RP#44				Editorial correction in Table 6.2.4-1	8.5.1
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05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	168		EARFCN correction for TDD DL bands. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091206)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	169		Editorial correction to in-band blocking table. (Technically	8.6.0

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05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	177	CR power control accuracy. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091418)	8.6.0
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05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	187	Removal of [] from band 17 Refsens values and ACS offset frequencies	8.6.0
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05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	223	CR: 64 QAM EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	201	CR In-band emissions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	203	CR EVM exclusion period	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	204	CR In-band emissions timing	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	206	CR Minimum Rx exceptions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	207	CR UL DM-RS EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	218r1	A-MPR table for NS_07	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	205r1	CR In-band emissions in shortened subframes	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	200r1	CR PUCCH EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	178r2	No additional emission mask indication. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091421)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	220r1	Spectrum emission requirements for band 13	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	197r2	CR on aggregate power tolerance	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	196r2	CR: Rx IP2 performance	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090541	198r1	Maximum output power relaxation	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	166	Update of performance requirement for TDD PDSCH with MBSFN configuration. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091180)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	175	Adding AWGN levels for some TDD DL performance requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091406)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	182	OCNG Patterns for Single Resource Block FRC Requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091504)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	170r1	Update of Clause 8: PHICH and PMI delay. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091275)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	183	Requirements for frequency-selective fading test. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091505)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	199	CQI requirements under AWGN conditions	8.6.0
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05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	184r1	Requirements for frequency non-selective fading tests. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506)	8.6.0
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09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	324	Correction of Band 3 spurious emission band UE co-existence	9.1.0
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09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	330	Spectrum flatness clarification	9.1.0
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09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	241R1	UE categories for performance tests and correction to RMC references	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	333	Clarification of Ês definition in the demodulation requirement	9.1.0
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12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	335	Test case numbering in TDD PDSCH performance test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093523)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	337	Adding beamforming model for user-specfic reference signal (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093525)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	339R1	Adding redundancy sequences to PMI test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093581)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	341	Throughput value correction at FRC for Maximum input level (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093660)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	343	Correction to the modulated E-UTRA interferer (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093662)	9.2.0
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RP-48					category TDD CRS single-antenna port tests	
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03-2011RP-51RP-110349739Removal of square brackets for dual-layer beamforming demodulation performance requirements10.2.003-2011RP-51RP-110359751CR: Maximum input level for intra band CA10.2.0						
03-2011 RP-51 RP-110359 751 CR: Maximum input level for intra band CA 10.2.0					Removal of square brackets for dual-layer beamforming	
	03-2011	RP-51	RP-110350	751		10.2.0
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03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	756r1	Further clarifications for the Sustained Downlink Data Rate Test	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	759	Removal of square brackets in sustained data rate tests	10.2.0
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03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	764	Introducing UE-selected subband CQI tests	10.2.0
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06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	782	CR: Band 19 A-MPR refinement	10.3.0
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06-2011	RP-52	RP-110807	835r1	CR for UL MIMO and CA	10.3.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	862r1	Removal of unnecessary channel bandwidths from REFSENS	10.3.0
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09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	869r1	Clarification on BS precoding information field for RI FDD and PUCCH 2-1 PMI tests	10.4.0
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09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	893	CR to TS36.101: Correction on CQI mapping index of TDD RI test	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	904	Correction of code block numbers for some RMCs	10.4.0
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12-2011	RP-54	RP-111691	982r2	Introduction of SDR TDD test scenario for CA UE demodulation This CR is only partially implemented due to confliction with CR 966	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111693	971r1	CR on Colliding CRS for non-MBSFN ABS	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111693	972r1	Introduction of elCIC demodulation performance requirements for FDD and TDD	10.5.0
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12-2011	RP-54	RP-111684	998	Correction and maintenance on CQI and PMI requirements (Rel- 10)	10.5.0
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03-2012	RP-55	RP-111692 RP-120291	1014	RF: Updates and corrections to the RMC-s related annexes (Rel- 10)	10.5.0
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03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1020r1	TS36.101 CR: Correction to MBMS Performance Test Parameters	10.6.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120777	1087r1	Carrier aggregation Relative power tolerance, removal of TBD.	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120783	1089	UE spurious emissions for Band 7 and Band 38 coexistence	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1092	Deleting square brackets in Reference Measurement Channels	11.1.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1098r1	implemented as it is based on a wrong version of the spec	11.1.0

06-2012	RP-56	RP-120774	1107	RMC correction on eDL-MIMO RI test	11.1.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120783	1119r1	Corrections on UE performance requirements	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120773	1120	Introduction of CA band combination Band1 + Band19 to TS 36.101	11.1.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120776	1184	Corrections to 3500 MHz	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120793	1189r2	Introduction of Band 44	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1193r1	Target SNR setting for eICIC demodulation requirement	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1196	Editorial simplification to CA REFSENS UL allocation table	11.1.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120793	1213r1	Introduction of Band 28 into TS36.101	11.1.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121884	1362	Introduction of CA_3_8 RF requirements to TS 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121870	1363	Removal of square brackets for Band 27 in Table 5.6.1-1	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1366	Some changes related to CA tests and overview table of DL measurement channels	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1368	Correction of elCIC CQI tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1370	Correction of elCIC demodulation tests	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121894	1396	Introduction of CA_B5_B12 in 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121850	1401	Introducing the additional frequency bands of 5 MHz x 2 in 1.7 GHz in Japan to Band 3	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121887	1406r1	Reference sensitivity for the small bandwidth of CA_4-12	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1444	Minor correction to ceiling function example - rel11	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1450	Brackets clean up for eICIC CSI/demodulation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1455	CR on elCIC RI testing (Rel-11)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1459	Correction on FRC table CR for LTE B14 HPUE (Power Class 1)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121879	1461r1		11.3.0

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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121898	1465r1	Introduction of CA_8_20 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1472r1	Introduction of advanced receivers demodulation performance (FDD)	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1480r1	Introduction of Advanced Receivers Test Cases for TDD	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121901	1490r1	Introduction of Band 29	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121849	1494	Low-channel Band 1 coexistence with PHS	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1498r1	Completion of the tables of bandwidth combinations specified for CA	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121870	1504	Editorial corrections to Band 27 specifications	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121911	1510	Adding UE-UE Coexistence Requirement for Band 3 and Band 26	11.3.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130279	1519	OCNG patterns for Enhanced Performance Requirements Type A	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1544r1	Correction of some inter-band CA requiements for TS 36.101 (R11)	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130264	1548	CR for CA performance requirements	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1584r1	Cleanup for CA UE RF requirements	11.4.0
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06-2013		DD 420765	1604r1	Complementary description for definition of MIMO Correlation	11.5.0

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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1610	RBs) - Rel 11 Maintenance of Band 23 A-MPR (NS_11) in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130703	1613	CR for 36.101 : Adding the definition of CA_NS_05 and	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1627	Correction of resource allocation for the multiple PMI Cat 1 UE test	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130769	1658r1	Missing symbols in the NS_15 table	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130763	1684	RF: Corrections to RMC-s for sustained data rate test	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130767	1695r1	CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA demodulation	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1697	(R11)	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1698r1	CR for introduction of FeICIC demodulation performance	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1701	Removing bracket from CA_11A-18A requirments	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130767	1703	CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA CQI performance	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130766	1705	Corrections to ACLR for Rel-11 CA	11.5.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131285	1731r1	CR on performance requirements of CA soft buffer managemen (Rel-11)	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1735	CR on applicability of CA sustained data rate tests (Rel-11)	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131293	1738r1	Performance requirement for UE under EVA200	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131290	1742r1	CR for introduction of FeICIC PBCH performance requirement	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131290	1744r1	CR for introduction of FeICIC RI reporting requirements	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131292	1746	Beamforming model for EPDCCH test	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131285	1753r1	Introduction of performance requirements for verifying the	11.6.0
				receiver type for CSI-RS based advanced receivers (FDD/TDD)	
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131285	1754r1	CR for 36.101 : Add the definition of 5+20MHz for spectrum	11.6.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1766	UE REFSENS when supporting intra-band CA and inter-band	11.6.0
09-2013	DD 64	DD 424270	1771	CA Correlation matrix for high speed train demodulation scenarios	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131279	1771	(Rel-11)	0.0.11
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1793	Clarification of multi-cluster transmission	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131293	1799r1	CA UE Coexistence Table update (Release 11)	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131302	1801	Coexistence between Band 27 and Band 38 (Release 11)	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1806	Incorrect REFSENS UL allocation for CA_1C	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1810	Contiguous intraband CA REFSENS with one UL	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131293	1812r1	Remianed Transmitter requirements for intra-band non-	11.6.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1816	Correction to Rel-11 A-MPR for CA_NS_04	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1820	The Pcmax clauses restructured	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131285	1830	MPR for intra-band non-contiguous CA	11.6.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131928	1846r1	Corrections to the notes in the band UE co-existence requirements table (Rel-11)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131924	1851	Clean-up of uplink reference measurement channels (Rel-11)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131924	1853r2	Introduction of test 1-A for CoMP	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	1866	CA_NS_05 Emissions	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1868	NS signaling for CA refsens	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131928	1876r2	Intraband CA channel bandwidth combination table restructuring	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1879	CR Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP	11.7.0

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12-2013 RP-62 RP-131931 1905 CR for receiver type verification test of CSI-RS bas receivers (Rel-11) 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131928 1915r2 Allowed power reductions for multiple transmissions subframe 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131936 1925r2 Introduce high SNR TM3 test for FeICIC PDSCH 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131927 1933r1 CR on correction of FRC of power imbalance test 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131927 1936 UE-UE coexistence for Band 40 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1939r2 CR to Introduce fading CQI test for CoMP (FDD) 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1954r2 CR Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource) 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1960 CA performance requirements for TDD intra-band National Resources 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131936 1961r1 Introduction of reference SNR-s for FeICIC demode performance requirements 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131938 1963 OCNG pattern for EPDCCH test 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131939 1967r1 Introduction of UE T	ed advanced 11.7.0 s in a 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0
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12-2013 RP-62 RP-131936 1925r2 Introduce high SNR TM3 test for FeICIC PDSCH 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131927 1933r1 CR on correction of FRC of power imbalance test 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131927 1936 UE-UE coexistence for Band 40 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1939r2 CR to Introduce fading CQI test for CoMP (FDD) 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131927 1944 CR Removing Addition of ΔTc to P-MPR 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1954r2 CR Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource) 12-2013 RP-62 RP-131931 1960 CA performance requirements for TDD intra-band National Processor of the Pro	11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 1.7.0 1 Colliding 11.7.0
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00 0044	DD 64	RP-140911	2220	blocking requirements	44.0.0
06-2014 06-2014	RP-64 RP-64	RP-140911	2238 2246r1	Correction for CA soft buffer test (Rel-11) Remove [] from eICIC TDD RI requirement	11.9.0 11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2320r1	CR of modification on FelCIC rank testing (Rel-11)	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2334r1	Introduction of Band 28 requirements for flexible operation in	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2336r1	Add missing Uplink downlink configuration to eICIC TDD RI requirement	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2340	Cleanup of terminology for Rx requirements	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2343	CR on separating CA UE demodulation tests from single carrier	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2350	Test configuration for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation	11.9.0
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				aggregation	
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2386r1	CR on PDSCH transmission for elCIC CSI requirements (Rel-11)	11.9.0
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	RP-65		2515r1	CR for CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.10.0
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2446r1	CR of introducing FeICIC TM9 testing (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2453	Maintenance of CoMP demodulation performance requirements	11.10.0
				(Rel-11)	
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2455	Clean-up CR for EPDCCH and FelCIC PBCH (Rel-11)	11.10.0
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				CSI subframe sets with CRS test (Rel-11)	
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2440	CR on correction on RI reporting CSI meas in case two CSI subframe sets with CRS tests (Rel-11)	11.10.0
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2498	RF: Corrections to spurious emission band co-existence requirement for Band 44	11.10.0
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2573	CR for REFSENSE in lower SNR and change history	11.11.0
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				(rel-11)	
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2591	Clean up for FelCIC demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2628	CR to fix error of CA capability for CA performance tests in	11.11.0
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2660	Maintenance of TM10 demodulation test configurations on PQI set and ZP-CSIRS (Rel-11 test 8.3.1.3.2, 8.3.2.4.2)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2608r1	Correction on UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2619r1	CQI reporting in AWGN: CQI indices in set	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2670r1	Correction of CoMP TDD CSI tests (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2640r1	Applicability of in-gap and out-of-gap measurements for intra-	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2699	band NC CA Delete the incorrect notes for FDD DMRS demodulation tests	11.11.0
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2719	Band 22 correction in UE to UE co-existance table.	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142148	2707r1	Introduction of minimum requirements for intra-band NC CA with timing offset	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2726r1	CR for CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.11.0
				CR for CA applicability rule in 30.101 in Rei-11	
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2675r1	CR to remove CA capability column in CA performance test tables (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2677r1	CR to specify applicability of CoMP RI test (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2746r1	TS36.101 removal of brackets (RF)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2754	Correction to Transmit Modulation Quality for CA	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2709r1	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2716r1	Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables.	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2734r1	Band 28 and NS_24	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2757	Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions	11.11.0
10 004 4	DD CC	DD 440444	0750-4		44 44 0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2750r1	Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2687r1	Removal of bracket for UL MIMO	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2696r1	Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2703r2	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.11.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2763	Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2778	Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2782	Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance	11.12.0
	RP-67	RP-150384	2796	requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for	11.12.0
03-2015		DD 450000	0700	eICIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS	44.40.0
		RP-150382	2799	Correction to elCIC aggressor cell configurations	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67				
03-2015 03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2804	Removal of eDL-MIMO term from specification	11.12.0
03-2015 03-2015 03-2015	RP-67 RP-67	RP-150382 RP-150382	2818	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.12.0
03-2015 03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382			

03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2832	Corrections to the CA power imbalance test	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150392	2841	Editorial CR for CA UE performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2846	UE spurious emissions structure correction for CA	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2849	Removal of Pcmax requirements for UL inter-band CA in early release	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2865	Band 28 UE emissions correction	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2866	Implementation of CA configurations specified in later releases	11.12.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2869	Intra-band contiguous CA reference sensitivity definition for Class D	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2900	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2908	Corrections on UL transmit power for CA receiver requirements	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2916	Editorial CR for CA UE performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2930	3.5 GHz out-of-band blocking	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2942	Correction of CA performance tests (Rel-11)	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2946	Updates to the definitions of CA capability (Rel-11)	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2949	Clarification of PDSCH allocation in CSI PUSCH 3-0 felCIC tests (Rel-11)	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2955	NS value for intra-band contiguous CA configurations not allowed A-MPR	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150957	2957r1	Receiver spurious emissions requirements for downlink-only bands	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2970	Corrections to NS_22 and NS_23	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2991	Clarification to spurious emission requirement for the edge of spurious domain	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2995r1	Correction to CA_7C A-MPR in CA-NS_06	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	3001	CR for updating CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	3017	EVM for Intra-band contiguous UL CA for non-equal Channel BWs	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	3013r1	Clarification on uplink configuration for reference sensitivity of inter-band CA. – NOT implemented as it is based on a wrong version of the spec	11.13.0

09-2015	RP-69	RP-151476	3034			Correction to CoMP demodulation requirements	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3038			Correction to RI test parameters in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151483	3048			UE co-existence requirements between Band 42 and Japanese	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151476	3063			bands Correction to RC.2 TDD Nr. HARQ Proc. into TS36.101	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3074			Correction to PDCCH/PCFICH test parameters in TS 36.101	11.14.0
00.0045	DD 00	DD 454.475	0070			(Rel-11)	44.44.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3078 3100			Correction to PMI delay in PMI test for TDD	11.14.0
09-2015		RP-151475				Correction on UE maximum output power class of Band 22 for UL MIMO	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3163			Correction of applicability of CA_NS_31	11.14.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3169a			Corrections to applicability of CSI requirements for low UE categories (Rel-11)	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152130	3200r1			CR: Removal of 1.4MHz MBMS test (Rel-11)	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3203			Correction of the AMPR table for NS_14 in TS 36.101 R11	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152130	3230			Correction to reference channel for CQI requirements	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3244 r1			CR on FRC for CDM-multiplexed DM RS	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3247			Correction to physical channel for CQI reporting in type A test case	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3267 r1			Clarification of Pcell support in 36.101 Rel-11 in CA scenarios	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3271 r1			A-MPR correction for CA_NS_06 CA-7C non-contiguous RB allocation	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152131	3283			Missing RB allocation and OCNG Pattern for Cat 1 UEs in Multiple PMI CSI Reference Symbol tests	11.15.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3379	1	1	Correction to Type A CQI test parameters in TS 36.101	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3393	1	1	Beamforming model correction on TM10 DPS UE tests	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160487	3401	-		[Rel-11] NS_05 modification for PHS protection in Japan	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3403			CQI reports in CoMP fading test	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160489	3434			Correction on UE category in Annex of TS 36.101	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3450			Correction to TDD CQI Reporting for felCIC	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3471			CR of editorial change on PHICH group and Ng in Rel-11	11.16.0
06/2016	RP-72	RP-161140	3536		F	Maintenance CR for demodulation performance requirements	11.17.0
06/2016	RP-72	RP-161140	3612	-	F	(Rel-11) CR: Maintenance CR for demodulation performance	11.17.0
06/2016	RP-72	RP-161141	3621	2	D	requirements (Rel-11) Editorial correction for TM4 MMSE-IRC PDSCH demodulation	11.17.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161632	3653		A	test Improving the single antenna port description in UL-MIMO	11.18.0
						clauses	
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161784	3660		F	Correction of CA REFSENS harmonic formula	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161633	3669		F	CR: Update the power level setting for tests 8.3.1.2 and 8.3.2.3 (Rel-11)	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161633	3762		F	CR for fixing power level for TM9 dual layer test in Rel-11	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161633	3796		F	Correction of OCNG (Rel-11)	11.18.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162411	4019		Α	RMCs and applicabilility of core RF requirements	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162411	4028		Α	Correction of spurious emissions requirements for Band 9 range and intra-band CA	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162413	4062	1	F	Corrections to CA table reference and header	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162406	4099	<u> </u>	A	Versioning indicator bit for NS_04 A-MPR table	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162413	4155	1	F	RF: Beamforming model missing in chapter 9 TM9 receiver Type A tests (Rel-11)	11.19.0
01/2017	RP-74					Page header informatiom update	11.19.1
03/2017	RP-75	RP-170580	4210	1	F	Addition of missing note for bands 7 and 39 UE to UE co-ex	11.20.0
03/2017	RP-75	RP-170580	4214		F	Correction of CA_NS_06 non-contiguous resource allocation MPR formula	11.20.0
09/2017	RP-77	RP-171965	4518	2	Α	Correction of band 43 spurious emissions limit (Rel-11)	11.21.0
09/2017	RP-77	RP-171964	4594	†-	A	Correction for EPA delay profiles of r.m.s delay spread (Rel-11)	11.21.0
09/2017	RP-77	RP-171966	4636		F	Update to CA_NS_04 SEM and additional spurious emissions	11.21.0
12/2017	RP-78	RP-172605	4853	†	F	Update to A-MPR for CA_NS_04	11.22.0
2018-03	RAN#79	RP-180285	4943	1	A	PC2 for CA_41C REL-11	11.23.0
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181105	5017		A	Cat.A CR for UE-to-UE co-existence for Band 3 in Japan (Rel- 11)	11.24.0
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181106	5047	1	Δ	CR: Corrections for CSI tests (Rel-11)	11.24.0
∠U10-Ub	RAN#80 RAN#80	RP-181106 RP-181107	5110	1	A F		
2019 Oc	- FAINTENI	KF-1011U/	0110	1	l L	Update to CA_NS_04 requirements	11.24.0
2018-06 2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181908	5186	1	Α	Correction on Table 7.3.1-3 Network signalling value for reference sensitivity	11.25.0

History

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