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ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

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Foreword

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Introduction

Work on Machine-to-Machine (M2M) applications has given rise to the possibility of having a UICC that is embedded in a communication device in such a way that the UICC is not easily accessible or replaceable. The ability to change network subscriptions on such devices becomes problematic, thus necessitating new methods for securely and remotely provisioning access credentials on these Embedded UICCs (eUICC) and managing subscription changes from one MNO to another.

In its current state, the present document is to be considered as a "work in progress". It contains a restricted set of requirements related to the provisioning of profiles in an eUICC as well as general requirements on the architecture of the eUICC. As a consequence, some of the elements required to specify a complete technical solution are missing, among which are requirements for:

- management of profiles;
- management of credentials;
- the policy control function;

which will be defined in further versions of the present document.

1 Scope

The present document defines the use cases and requirements for an embedded UICC.

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI TS 102 221: "Smart Cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [2] ETSI TS 102 671: "Smart Cards; Machine to Machine UICC; Physical and logical characteristics".

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Recommendation ITU-T E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions".
- [i.2] ETSI TR 102 216: "Smart cards; Vocabulary for Smart Card Platform specifications".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 102 216 [i.2] and the following apply:

Embedded UICC: UICC which is not easily accessible or replaceable, is not intended to be removed or replaced in the terminal, and enables the secure changing of subscriptions

Enabled Profile: profile, the files and/or applications (e.g. NAA) of which are selectable over the UICC-Terminal interface

eUICC Management Credentials: credentials used to verify the authorization for the establishment of Profile Management Credentials and Profile Installer Credentials

eUICC Supplier: supplier of the eUICC modules and resident software (such as firmware and operating system)

Mobile Network Operator (MNO): entity providing communication services to its customers through mobile networks

Network Access Application (NAA): application residing on an eUICC that provides authorization to access a network

EXAMPLE: A USIM application.

NOTE: Copied from TR 102 216 [i.2], to be deleted when the current document is finalised.

Network Access Credentials (NAC): data required to authenticate to an ITU E.212 [i.1] Network

NOTE: Network Access Credentials may include data such as Ki/K, and IMSI stored within a NAA.

Operational Profile: profile containing one or more network access applications and associated network access credentials

Operational Subscription: subscription that enables a device to access an ITU E.212 [i.1] network for the purpose of accessing telecommunication and related services

Policy: principles reflected in a set of rules that govern the behaviour of an eUICC and/or entities involved in the remote management of the eUICC

Policy Control Function: function that defines, updates or removes policy rules to implement a policy

Policy Enforcement Function: function that executes policy rules to implement a policy

Policy Rule: defines the actions required to implement a policy and the conditions under which they are executed

Profile: combination of a file structure, data and applications to be provisioned onto, or present on, an eUICC

Profile Access Credentials: data required to exist within a profile so that secured communication can be set up between an external entity and the eUICC in order to manage that profile's structure and its data (e.g. operator OTA keys)

Profile Container: logical container for a profile on an eUICC providing security services, enabling separation of profiles and providing secure communication

Profile Container Initialisation: process of preparing a Profile Container so that it is ready for Profile Installation

Profile Loading: transfer of a profile into the eUICC

Profile Installation: process of allocating resources and registering parameters for a profile to bring it to a state where it can be enabled

Profile Installer Credentials: data required to exist within an eUICC so that a profile downloaded from an external entity can be decrypted and installed on the eUICC

Profile Management Credentials: data required to exist within an eUICC so that a secured communication can be set up between an external entity and the eUICC in order to manage the profiles on the eUICC

Provisioning: container creation and initialisation, loading, and installation of a profile into an eUICC

Provisioning Profile: profile containing one or more network access applications, and associated network access credentials which, when installed on an eUICC, enables access to communication network(s), to provide transport capability for eUICC management and profile management between the eUICC and an SM-SR

Provisioning Subscription: subscription, with its associated provisioning profile, that enables a device to access a mobile network for the purpose of management of operational profiles on the eUICC

Subscriber: entity that has a subscription with a telecommunications service provider

Subscription: commercial relationship for the supply of services between the Subscriber and Telecommunications Service Provider

Subscription Manager: combination of the functions of the SM-SR and the SM-DP

Subscription Manager - Data Preparation (SM-DP): role that prepares operational and provisioning profiles to be securely provisioned on the eUICC e.g. encryption of profile

NOTE: "securely" is felt to relate to requirements captured in an appropriate section of the present document. The term "securely" may be removed from this definition once those requirements are specified.

Subscription Manager - Secure Routing (SM-SR): role that securely performs functions which directly manage the operational and provisioning profiles on the eUICC

NOTE: "securely" is felt to relate to requirements captured in an appropriate section of the present document. The term "securely" may be removed from this definition once those requirements are specified.

Telecommunications Service Provider: MNO, or party trusted by the MNO acting on behalf of the MNO, which provides services to the subscriber

3.1a Definitions for further study

Definitions are required for the following terms:

• Initialised State:

NOTE: This definition is required. Best proposal so far: "refers to the state the eUICC is in when an operational profile is either not active or not present, and the eUICC is only accessible for the purpose of management of operational profiles".

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ATR Answer To Reset CAT Card Application Toolkit eUICC embedded UICC **FFS** For Further Study International Mobile Subscriber Identity **IMSI** Machine to Machine (communication) M2M Mobile Network Operator MNO NAA **Network Access Application** Network Access Credentials. NAC **OEM** Original Equipment Manufacturer **OTA** Over -The-Air **PCF** Policy Control Function Subscription Manager SM SM-DP Subscription Manager - Data Preparation SM-SR Subscription Manager - Secure Routing SP Service Provider

4 Abstract (informative)

The present document enables remote management of an embedded UICC (eUICC) for purposes of changing an MNO subscription without requiring a physical removal and replacement of the UICC in the end Device.

The present document develops use cases and requirements for the "enhanced, remote management" of a UICC, which is embedded in a communication device, i.e. where the UICC is not intended to be removed. This type of embedded UICC (eUICC) is compatible with Machine-to-Machine (M2M) applications. The eUICC may be embedded at the manufacturing site in advance, depending on the country and network operator, and is compatible for use in a variety of end-user equipment. In these scenarios there may be a requirement to remotely change a subscription easily, similar to what is currently achieved by physically changing the UICC.

The purpose for defining these requirements is to provide ease of use and deployment benefits for end users/consumers and thereby stimulate the M2M sector. A further intent is to enable the creation of common standards and processes for remote management of profiles on an eUICC, such that interoperability is ensured.

It is noted that new business models and usage scenarios, primarily driven by M2M, struggle when supported by the traditional UICC/SIM card. For example:

- By installing a physical UICC, the user is connected to a specific network, as the card only provides access to one network. Should the user wish to (or need to) use another network, then they or the M2M Service Provider has to fit another card in the user's device.
- Changing a UICC maybe problematic since that M2M equipment may be remotely located and/or hermetically sealed. It should be noted that where the UICC is not intended to be sealed and inaccessible, the portability of traditional form factor UICC cards is perceived to be a user benefit.
- Non-standard provisioning and re-provisioning methods are being defined and used. These present security implications and a risk of fragmentation within the industry.

New remote provisioning/re-provisioning mechanisms are required to support the new business models and usage scenarios.

5 Background (informative)

5.1 Overview of the use cases

A range of use cases is identified in this clause to derive requirements for the development of a trusted framework for the management of an embedded UICC (eUICC). This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of use cases and applications, but a set of examples to ensure requirements will be flexible enough to securely support current and future use cases.

Use cases are provided as a means to understand and add context to the overall requirements.

5.2 Use Case: 1 - Provisioning of multiple eUICCs for M2M

A Machine-to-Machine Service Provider (M2M SP) sets-up subscriptions for a number of connected M2M devices to start telecommunication services with a first MNO. While it is expected that there will be a very great range of M2M applications, and many of these will have different parties and business models, it is likely that the key technical requirements will become clear through examining a few examples of this use case; the following examples are considered further in this clause:

- a) Provisioning for a first subscription, and optional later change of subscription, for communication services for automated reading of utility (electricity, water, gas) meters; a M2M Service Provider will contract these subscriptions.
- b) Provisioning for a first subscription and optional later change of subscription for a security camera.
- c) Provisioning for a first subscription, and optional later change of subscription for communication services to vehicles (e.g. telematics); the vehicle vendor will provide the automotive services.

5.2.1 Use case 1 - example a) - Utility Meters

The Meter Reading M2M SP has a commercial contract to both supply meters and - once they have been installed - to provide regular meter readings of these meters to the utility company. The M2M SP selects the preferred MNO to provide a number of subscriptions after completing a tender process for the communication services as part of a defined service level agreement.

Once the MNO is selected, the M2M SP arranges for the utility meters to be installed and as part of the installation process for the communication services to start. While the physical installation is a manual process, the subscription management required for the communication services will be automated.

These contracts for communication services are negotiated to last for a given period of time e.g. several years; if a change of contract is negotiated, the change is likely to apply to multiple subscriptions. The changeover is expected to be managed in an automatic fashion at an agreed date over a relatively short period.

5.2.2 Use case 1 - example b) - Security Camera

A consumer purchases a security camera for monitoring his house. The security camera is supplied with a communication service so that recorded data is uploaded and stored as part of the service from a security (M2M) SP. The consumer (or M2M SP) installs the camera and sets up access to the security services online.

The M2M SP selects the MNO for the video camera service; the subscription management will be automated for the contracted number of subscriptions between the M2M SP and the MNO.

These contracts for communication services are negotiated to last for a given period of time e.g. several years; if a change of contract is negotiated, the change is likely to apply to multiple subscriptions. The changeover is expected to be managed in an automatic fashion at an agreed date over a relatively short period. Noting that the level of MNO coverage within individual properties can be different, an automated check of coverage for the target MNO may form part of any change of an operational profile.

5.2.3 Use case 1 - example c) - Telematics

A consumer purchases a new vehicle and this includes a number of vehicle manufacturer provided services delivered over wide area wireless communications to the vehicle and its occupants. The services will be delivered whether the vehicle is mobile or stationary, and whether or not the vehicle is in the country in which it was purchased. The vehicle manufacturer himself or a subcontractor acts as M2M SP, providing both vehicle related services (such as engine monitoring) and being a broker for services supplied by other SPs (such as infotainment).

The subscription starts at vehicle purchase to be operational as the customer drives the vehicle away; the subscription management will be automated for the contracted number of subscriptions between the M2M SP and the MNO. The M2M SP agrees to the commercial contract with MNO(s) in either the same or different countries for subscriptions for the communication services; the vehicle customer may not know which MNO is providing communication services.

These contracts for communication services are negotiated to last for a given period of time e.g. several years; if a change of contract is negotiated by the M2M SP, the change is likely to apply to multiple subscriptions. The changeover is expected to be managed in an automatic fashion at an agreed date over a relatively short period.

5.3 Use case 2 - Provisioning of an eUICC for a first subscription with a new connected device

An end user purchases a new type of communications or connected device from an OEM together with a subscription to provide first services to this device. While it is expected that there will be a range of consumer purchased devices for communication, media and Internet applications and more, and many of these will have different parties and business models, it is likely that the key technical requirements will become clear through examining a few examples; the following examples are considered further in this clause:

- a) Provisioning an eUICC in a new device; the consumer will select the MNO to provide communication services.
- b) Provisioning an eUICC in multiple connected new device for an enterprise workforce; the enterprise will select the MNO to provide the subscriptions.

5.3.1 Use case 2 - example a) - Provisioning of a new device

A consumer purchases a new device with an eUICC and then selects an MNO for communication services. The MNO might be selected at the same or another retailer, at an MNO shop or online and will be activated within a short period. First use of the new device will be with the first subscription already set-up, or if no subscription is set-up, the customer will select an MNO and, if required, after appropriate authorization a subscription will be set-up. The subscription management will be automated for this single consumer subscription between the consumer and the MNO. The consumer agrees to the contract with the MNO for the subscription for the communication services.

5.3.2 Use case 2 - example b) - Provisioning of multiple new devices for an enterprise

An enterprise (Purchasing Manager) purchases new devices for a set of employees. Contracts for multiple subscriptions will be negotiated for communication services, which enable a range of telecommunication and enterprise applications. The subscriptions will be activated as new employees start, at the latest on their first use of the device. The subscription activation may be followed by device management to configure enterprise specific applications and directories.

The subscription management will be automated for the contracted number of subscriptions between the enterprise and the MNO. The enterprise agrees to the commercial contract with MNO(s) for subscriptions for the communication services; the enterprise employees will be aware of which MNO is providing communication services.

5.4 Use case 3 - Change of subscription for a device

A subscriber changes the contract and thus subscription for the device to stop services with the current MNO and start services with a new MNO.

- a) Change of a subscription for a device by the consumer.
- b) Change of the subscriptions of multiple connected new devices for an enterprise workforce to a new MNO; the enterprise will select the MNO to provide the subscriptions.

5.4.1 Use case 3 - example a) - Change of subscription by consumer

A contract for communication services of a device is expected to last for a period of one or more years; if a change of contract is decided upon by the consumer, the change is likely to apply to a single subscription, or possibly a few subscriptions the consumer has for connected devices. The changeover is expected to be managed seamlessly in an automatic fashion at an agreed date. The changeover will be undertaken in accordance with relevant Policy Control Functions.

5.4.2 Use case 3 - example b) - Change of subscriptions for devices for enterprise workforce

Contracts for communication services for the workforce are expected to be negotiated to last for a period of one or more years. If a change of contract is negotiated by the enterprise, the change is likely to apply to multiple subscriptions, and the changeover is expected to be managed in an automatic fashion at an agreed date over a relatively short period. The changeover will be undertaken in accordance with relevant Policy Control Functions.

5.5 Use Case 4 - Change of SM-SR

The M2M device manufacturer orders eUICCs from an eUICC Manufacturer. The eUICCs contain Profile Management Credentials which are associated with an SM-SR Y.

MNO A has to provide telecommunication services to a M2M service provider that has M2M devices equipped with eUICCs. The SM-SR Z is used by MNO A.

However, as MNO A usually manages their profiles with SM-SR Z, the management of the eUICCs will be handed over from SM-SR Y to SM-SR Z.

SM-SR Z will request the necessary data to manage the eUICCs (e.g. the appropriate access credentials, characteristics of the eUICCs, previous SM-SRs) in the M2M devices from SM-SR Y.

However, SM-SR Z doesn't want the SM-SR Y to have knowledge of the eUICC Profile Management Credentials it will have.

Therefore SM-SR Y and SM-SR Z perform a change of eUICC management responsibilities involving the eUICCs in the process.

As a consequence SM-SR Z becomes the entity managing the eUICCs on behalf of the MNO A.

6 Requirements

6.1 General

Identifier	Requirement			
	The eUICC is a UICC conforming to TS 102 221 [1] and TS 102 671 [2] as well as, in particular, the requirements specified in the present document and the technical realisation based on them.			
REQ-12-EU-01-02	The eUICC shall be identified with a globally unique and non-modifiable identifier.			

6.2 Profile, Application and File Structure

NOTE: Security requirements associated with the following are found in clause 6.4.

Identifier	Requirement			
REQ-12-EU-02-01	Each Profile shall be globally and uniquely identified.			
REQ-12-EU-02-02	It shall be possible for the MNO to manage the contents of its Enabled Profile on the			
	eUICC in the same manner as for a UICC; e.g. Remote File and Application			
	Management.			
REQ-12-EU-02-03	It shall be possible for a Profile to include data, such as identities, keys, PINs, certificates,			
	and algorithm parameters, as well as first and second level applications.			
REQ-12-EU-02-04	The eUICC shall support two types of Profile: Operational Profile and Provisioning Profile			
	(see note).			
REQ-12-EU-02-05	Profiles shall have an indication of the profile type.			
REQ-12-EU-02-06	The eUICC shall be able to read the profile types.			
REQ-12-EU-02-07	An Operational Profile may be used for provisioning.			
REQ-12-EU-02-08	The eUICC may contain one or more Profiles regardless of their type.			
REQ-12-EU-02-09	It shall be possible to securely bind Operational Profiles to specific Terminals.			
NOTE: The technical solution shall not preclude future support for other standardised types of Profiles.				

6.3 Procedural

Identifier	Requirement					
REQ-12-EU-03-01	There shall be a mechanism to support the creation of the container of Profiles.					
REQ-12-EU-03-02	There shall be a mechanism to support the initialisation of the container of Profiles.					
REQ-12-EU-03-03	There shall be a mechanism to support the loading of Profiles.					
REQ-12-EU-03-04	There shall be a mechanism to support the installing of Profiles.					
REQ-12-EU-03-04a	The initial state of an installed Profile shall be the disabled state.					
REQ-12-EU-03-05	There shall be a mechanism to support the deletion of disabled Profiles.					
REQ-12-EU-03-06	There shall be a mechanism to support the enabling of a disabled Profile.					
REQ-12-EU-03-07	There shall be a mechanism to support the disabling of an enabled Profile.					
REQ-12-EU-03-08	It shall be possible to load a Profile in one or multiple sessions.					
REQ-12-EU-03-09	Void					
REQ-12-EU-03-10	There may be a mechanism on the eUICC that identifies a change of device.					
REQ-12-EU-03-11	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide information on its capabilities					
	and status (e.g. hosted algorithms, CAT, runtime environment and OTA capabilities,					
	memory capacity and memory usage).					
REQ-12-EU-03-12	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to acknowledge the result of Profile					
	management operations (e.g. loading, deleting, enabling, disabling) (see note 1).					
REQ-12-EU-03-13	Activities on the eUICC related to any other Profile or the overall management of the					
	eUICC, such as the mechanism defined in REQ-12-EU-03-11, shall not disrupt the					
	services provided by the enabled Profile to the terminal, to the network or to the user.					
REQ-12-EU-03-14	eUICC shall provide isolation of data and applications between Profiles.					
REQ-12-EU-03-15	There shall be a mechanism for the eUICC to recover from interruptions of Profile					
	management operations.					
REQ-12-EU-03-16	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide Profile identifier information.					
REQ-12-EU-03-16a	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide Profile state information					
	(enabled or disabled) to an authorized entity (see note 2).					
REQ-12-EU-03-16b	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide Profile type information					
	(i.e. provisioning or operational) to an authorized entity (see note 2).					
REQ-12-EU-03-16c	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide meta-data information					
	(e.g. Profile MNO name and ICCID) associated with a profile to an authorized entity					
DEO 40 EU 00 47	(see note 2).					
REQ-12-EU-03-17	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide the information mentioned in					
	REQ-12-EU-03-16/16a/16b/16c for all Profiles loaded on the eUICC in an aggregated manner.					
REQ-12-EU-03-18	It shall be possible for an authorized entity to determine that an eUICC contains a specific					
KEQ-12-EU-03-10	Profile (see note 2).					
REQ-12-EU-03-19	It shall be possible to switch between Profiles in a failsafe manner.					
REQ-12-EU-03-20	There shall be a mechanism to allow the eUICC to provide at least the following					
NEQ-12-E0-03-20	information to an authorized entity on demand: eUICC identifier, eUICC manufacturer,					
	date of eUICC manufacture, eUICC operating system, and operating system version (see					
	note 2).					
REQ-12-EU-03-21	There shall be a mechanism for an eUICC to resolve the network address of an					
	associated Profile Management Credentials holder.					
REQ-12-EU-03-22	It shall be possible to define within the Profile which entities are to receive					
	acknowledgement of Profile management operations related to that Profile, as described					
	in REQ-12-EU-03-12 (see note 3).					
NOTE 1: Insert place	ceholder for a definition for "Profile management operations", when this definition is there,					
	move the e.g. part of the requirement.					
	nent to be revised in order to define the authorized entity. Potential authorized entities					
	Profile Installer Credentials holder, Profile Management Credentials holder, eUICC					
	ment Credentials holder.					
	ent to be revised in order to define the entities. Potential entities include: Profile Installer					
	Is holder, Profile Management Credentials holder, eUICC Management Credentials					
nolder, Pr	ofile Access Credentials holder.					

6.4 Security

Identifier	Requirement
REQ-12-EU-04-01	There shall be a secure mechanism providing the capability for authorisation,
	authentication, integrity and confidentiality for the management of Operational or
	Provisioning Profiles, as per REQ-12-EU-03-05, REQ-12-EU-03-06, REQ-12-EU-03-07.
REQ-12-EU-04-02	The mechanism in REQ-12-EU-04-01 shall use Profile Management Credentials.
REQ-12-EU-04-03	There shall be an additional secure mechanism providing the capability for authorisation,
	authentication, integrity and confidentiality for the loading and installation of Operational
REQ-12-EU-04-03a	or Provisioning Profiles, as per REQ-12-EU-03-03 and REQ-12-EU-03-04. All information required for loading and installation of profiles protected by this
REQ-12-EU-04-03a	mechanism as per REQ-12-EU-04-03 shall be transported to the eUICC using the
	mechanism defined in REQ-12-EU-04-01.
REQ-12-EU-04-04	The mechanism in REQ-12-EU-04-03 shall use Profile Installer Credentials.
REQ-12-EU-04-05	There shall be a secure mechanism providing the capability for authorisation and
	authentication for the creation of a container for Operational or Provisioning Profiles, as
	per REQ-12-EU-03-01.
REQ-12-EU-04-06	There shall be a secure mechanism providing the capability for authorisation,
	authentication, integrity and confidentiality for the initialisation of a container for
	Operational or Provisioning Profiles, as per REQ-12-EU-03-02.
REQ-12-EU-04-07	The mechanism in REQ-12-EU-04-05 shall use Profile Management credentials.
REQ-12-EU-04-08	The mechanism in REQ-12-EU-04-06 shall use credentials (see note).
REQ-12-EU-04-09	There shall be a safeguard mechanism against profile installation error that may leave devices unintentionally without connectivity.
REQ-12-EU-04-10	There shall be mechanisms to protect all profiles against unauthorized access,
INLQ-12-L0-04-10	unauthorized deletion or unauthorized modification.
REQ-12-EU-04-11	The eUICC shall support Profile Installer Credentials to be used for decrypting profiles;
12 20 01 11	e.g. Provisioning or Operational Profiles.
REQ-12-EU-04-12	The Profile Installer Credentials used in REQ-12-EU-04-11 shall also be used for integrity
	checking of a Profile.
REQ-12-EU-04-13	The eUICC shall be able to host algorithms for network authentication external to
	Profiles.
REQ-12-EU-04-14	The eUICC shall be able to provide MNO algorithm capabilities to the Network Access
DEO 40 EU 04 45	Applications (NAA) hosted in an enabled Operational or Provisioning Profile.
REQ-12-EU-04-15	There shall be a mechanism on the eUICC whereby algorithm parameters from an NAA
	of a Profile which is enabled are used to customize the corresponding MNO algorithm hosted on the eUICC.
REQ-12-EU-04-16	The eUICC shall ensure the confidentiality and integrity of algorithm parameters.
REQ-12-EU-04-17	There shall be a mechanism that allows mutual authentication between an eUICC and
	the Profile Management Credentials holder.
REQ-12-EU-04-18	The mechanism in REQ-12-EU-04-17 shall use Profile Management Credentials.
REQ-12-EU-04-19	Mutual authentication between the eUICC and the Profile Management Credentials
	holder shall be mandatory.
REQ-12-EU-04-20	There shall be a mechanism that allows mutual authentication between the eUICC and
	the Profile Installer Credentials holder.
REQ-12-EU-04-21	Mutual authentication between the eUICC and the Profile Installer Credentials holder
REQ-12-EU-04-22	shall be mandatory. There shall be a secure mechanism to allow the Profile Installer Credentials to be
11-CV-12-CU-U4-22	installed, replaced or deleted.
REQ-12-EU-04-23	The overall solution shall prevent replay attacks for the management of Operational and
	Provisioning Profiles.
REQ-12-EU-04-24	It shall be possible to establish new Profile Management Credentials and/or Profile
	Installer Credentials on the eUICC.
REQ-12-EU-04-25	It should be possible to revoke Profile Management Credentials and Profile Installer
	Credentials on the eUICC in a secure way.
REQ-12-EU-04-26	It shall be possible for an eUICC to host multiple sets of Profile Installer Credentials at a
DEO 40 EU 04 0E	given time for the installation of multiple Profiles.
REQ-12-EU-04-27	There shall be only one set of Profile Installer Credentials per Profile.
REQ-12-EU-04-28	The Profile Installer Credentials used to provide confidentiality and integrity protection of a profile payload shall be unique to a specific Profile and to a specific eUICC.
REQ-12-EU-04-28a	The Profile Installer Credentials used to provide authentication of the eUICC for Profile
1\L\u2-12-L\U-\U4-2\0a	Installation shall be unique to a specific eUICC
REQ-12-EU-04-29	The eUICC shall use a mechanism ensuring that a Profile prepared for a given eUICC
	can be installed only on that eUICC.
-	•

Identifier	Requirement			
REQ-12-EU-04-30	The eUICC shall use a secure mechanism ensuring that, each time a profile is prepared			
	by a Profile Installer Credential holder for installation on the eUICC, that profile shall be successfully installed only once on the eUICC.			
	successfully installed only once on the eolog.			
REQ-12-EU-04-31	The mutual authentication defined in REQ-12-EU-04-20 and REQ-12-EU-04-21 shall be			
	performed directly between Profile Installer Credential holder and the eUICC.			
	The mechanism for REQ-12-EU-04-24 shall provide confidentiality, integrity and			
	authentication of the new credentials.			
REQ-12-EU-04-33	Authorization for the mechanism for REQ-12-EU-04-24 shall use the eUICC Management			
	Credentials.			
NOTE: The type of credentials used is FFS.				

6.5 Profile Interoperability and Interactions

Identifier	Requirement				
	It shall be possible for an eUICC to support loading and installing of Profiles generated by				
	different SM-DP entities (see note).				
REQ-12-EU-05-02	The interface, in terms of file structure and metadata, for a Profile to be remotely				
	provisioned onto an eUICC shall be common.				
NOTE: The know	ledge of an SM-DP is not applicable to the eUICC, but this requirement serves to indicate				
that a generic mechanism is required.					

6.6 Policy Enforcement

NOTE: The following describes the requirements for Policy Enforcement Functions necessary to be present on the eUICC. This does not exclude or define any PCF capabilities in the external eco-system also associated with eUICC and profile management.

Identifier	Requirement				
REQ-12-EU-06-01	The eUICC shall provide Policy Enforcement Functions.				
REQ-12-EU-06-02	The Policy Rules defined in clause 6.8 shall be enforced by the eUICC.				
REQ-12-EU-06-03	Policy Rules contained in the eUICC inside of Profiles shall be enforced by the eUICC (see note).				
REQ-12-EU-06-04	Policy Rules contained in the eUICC outside of Profiles shall be enforced by the eUICC (see note).				
REQ-12-EU-06-05	It shall be possible for an eUICC to enforce policy rules in a disabled profile.				
NOTE: This requirement might be refined according to the decision about the need to have Policy Rules defined inside and/or outside Profiles.					

6.7 Policy Control

Identifier	Requirement				
REQ-12-EU-07-01	The Profile Access Credentials holder shall be able to update the Policy Rules inside				
	that profile using its secured Over The Air access (see note 1).				
REQ-12-EU-07-02	Updating the Policy Rules inside a given Profile can only be done when this profile is in				
	enabled state (see note 1).				
REQ-12-EU-07-03	There shall be a secure mechanism to establish and change Policy Rules stored on the				
	eUICC outside of profiles (see notes 1 and 2).				
REQ-12-EU-07-04	The Policy Rules contained in a profile shall be able to be updated only by the owner of				
	the profile (see note 1).				
NOTE 1: This requirement might be refined according to the decision about the need to have Policy					
defined inside and/or outside Profiles.					
NOTE 2: The authorized entity for the establishment and the change of Policy Rules needs to be def					

6.8 Policy Rules

NOTE 1: The following describes Policy Rules necessary to be present on the eUICC. This does not exclude or define any PCF capabilities in the external eco-system also associated with eUICC and profile management.

NOTE 2: This clause requires further study in order to specify the type of rules to be enforced.

Identifier	Requirement

Annex A (informative): Void

Annex B (informative): States (see also annex D)

All entities have states, and entities which interact may have combined states.

B.1 States of eUICC

Initialised Contains Profile Management Credentials; it will also contain Profile Installer Credentials or the

capability for their generation

Provisioned Contains an enabled Profile

Terminated End of Life

B.2 States of Profiles

Disabled Installed, but applications within the profile are not selectable

Enabled Installed, and applications within the profile are selectable

B.3 States of Applications in Profiles

Inactive Not selected using 'Select' command

Active Selected using 'Select' command

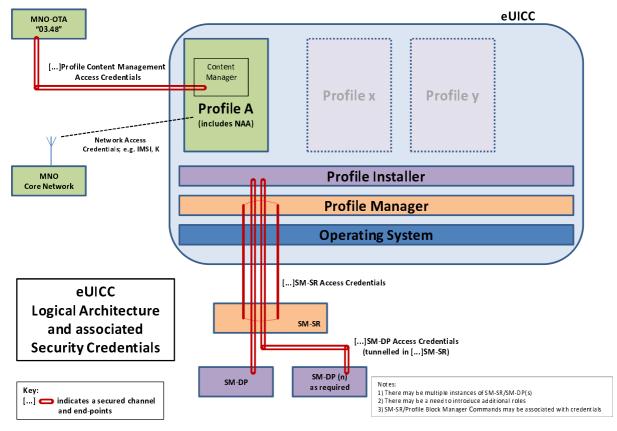
NOTE 1: Existing ETSI Smartcard Platform specifications allow for multiple applications to exist on a UICC. Available applications are indicated when EFDIR is 'Selected' and 'Read' following the ATR as per TS 102 221 [1]. The capability for multiple applications to be 'Selected' and utilised is achieved though the mechanism of Logical Channels, also defined in TS 102 221 [1].

NOTE 2: For the specific case of an Active NAA Application, the state of the subscription associated with the NAA is active if the MNO's Network Access Credentials e.g. IMSI, K are also active in HLR/AuC.

Annex C (informative):

Logical aspects of eUICC Architecture and associated Security Credentials

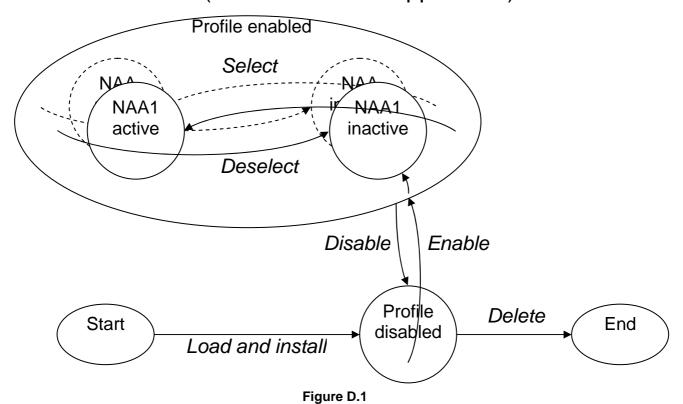
NOTE: Figure C.1 requires updates in order to align with the definitions in the present document.



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Figure C.1

Annex D (informative): Profiles and NAA (Network Access Application) States



Annex E (informative): Change history

The table below indicates changes that have been incorporated into the present document since it was created by TC SCP.

Meeting	Plenary Tdoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject	Old Version	Resulting Version
SCP #58	SCP(13)000049r1	-	-	-	Initial publication	2.0.0	12.0.0
SCP #59	SCP(13)000103	001	-	F	Definition of subscriber	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000104	002	-	F	Management of the content of provisioning profiles	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000105	003	-	F	Clarification of "platform-related commands"	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000106	004	-	F	Clarification of "unexpected interruptions"	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000107r1	005	1	F	Removal of redundant requirements	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000108r1	006	1	F	Definitions of container term and container related activities	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000109r1	007	1	В	Missing requirement on anti-cloning of profiles	12.0.0	12.1.0
	SCP(13)000110r1	800	1	F	Credentials for container creation	12.0.0	12.1.0
SCP #60	SCP(13)000174	009	-	F	Two-layer encryption for profile loading and installation	12.1.0	12.2.0
	SCP(13)000178	013	-	В	Requirement on anti-cloning part 2	12.1.0	12.2.0
	SCP(13)000179	014	-	В	Requirement for direct mutual authentication between eUICC and Profile Installer Credential holder	12.1.0	12.2.0
	SCP(13)000180	015	-	В	eUICC Information Requirements	12.1.0	12.2.0
	SCP(13)000181	016	-	С	Clarification of profile state transitions	12.1.0	12.2.0
	SCP(13)000182r1	017	-	В	Address resolution of profile management credentials holder	12.1.0	12.2.0
SCP #61	SCP(13)000262r1	018	2	D	Potential Authorized Entities	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000257	019		F	Correction of MNO management of profile requirement	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000261	020		В	Requirements for authorization and credentials establishment	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000260r1	021	1	С	Obtain profile information	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000258	022		С	Deletion only of disabled profiles	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000263	023		D	Addition of Profile Container Initialisation definition	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000259	024		С	State of a successfully installed profile	12.2.0	12.3.0
	SCP(13)000256r1	025	1	В	Clarification about the uniqueness of Profile Installer Credentials	12.2.0	12.3.0
SCP #62	SCP(14)000071	029		В	New requirements for Policy Control and Policy Enforcement	12.3.0	12.4.0
	SCP(14)000068	030		В	Enforcement of Policy Rules in disabled Profiles	12.3.0	12.4.0
	SCP(14) <u>000066r1</u>	031	1	В	Procedure to define the entities to receive acknowledgement of management operations.	12.3.0	12.4.0

History

Document history					
V12.0.0	February 2013	Publication			
V12.1.0	June 2013	Publication			
V12.2.0	September 2013	Publication			
V12.3.0	February 2014	Publication			
V12.4.0	April 2014	Publication			