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Technical Specification

Smart cards; Remote APDU structure for UICC based applications (Release 6)



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650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Project Smart Card Platform (SCP).

It is based on work originally done in the 3GPP in TSG-terminals WG3 and ETSI SMG.

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within EP SCP and may change following formal EP SCP approval. If EP SCP modifies the contents of the present document, it will then be republished by ETSI with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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1 Scope

The present document defines the remote management of the UICC based on the secured packet structure specified in TS 102 225 [1].

It specifies the APDU format for remote management.

- Furthermore the document specifies: a set of commands coded according to this APDU structure and used in the remote file management on the UICC. This is based on TS 102 221 [2].
- A set of commands coded according to this APDU structure and used in the remote application management on the UICC. This is based on the GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

- [1] ETSI TS 102 225: "Smart cards; Secured packet structure for UICC based applications".
- [2] ETSI TS 102 221: "Smart cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [3] ETSI TS 102 223: "Smart cards; Card Application Toolkit (CAT)".
- [4] GlobalPlatform: "GlobalPlatform Card Specification, Version 2.1.1", March 2003 (see <http://www.globalplatform.org/>).
- [5] ETSI TS 101 220: "Smart cards; ETSI numbering system for telecommunication application providers".
- [6] ETSI TS 143 019: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Subscriber Identity Module Application Programming Interface (SIM API) for Java Card; Stage 2 (3GPP TS 43.019)".
- [7] ETSI TS 102 241: "Smart cards; UICC Application Programming Interface (UICC API) for Java Card (TM)".
- [8] Open Platform Card Specification version 2.0.1 (see <http://www.globalplatform.org/>).
- [9] GlobalPlatform Card Specification 2.1 Compliance Packages Version 1.1.
- [10] ETSI TS 102 222: "Integrated Circuit Cards (ICC); Administrative commands for telecommunications applications".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TS 102 225 [1] and TS 101 220 [5] apply.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TS 102 225 [1] and the following apply:

ADD	Access Domain Data
ADP	Access Domain Parameter
DAP	Data Authentication Pattern
DEK	Data Encryption Key
MSL	Minimum Security Level
MSLD	Minimum Security Level Data
RAM	Remote Application Management
RFM	Remote File Management

4 Overview of remote management

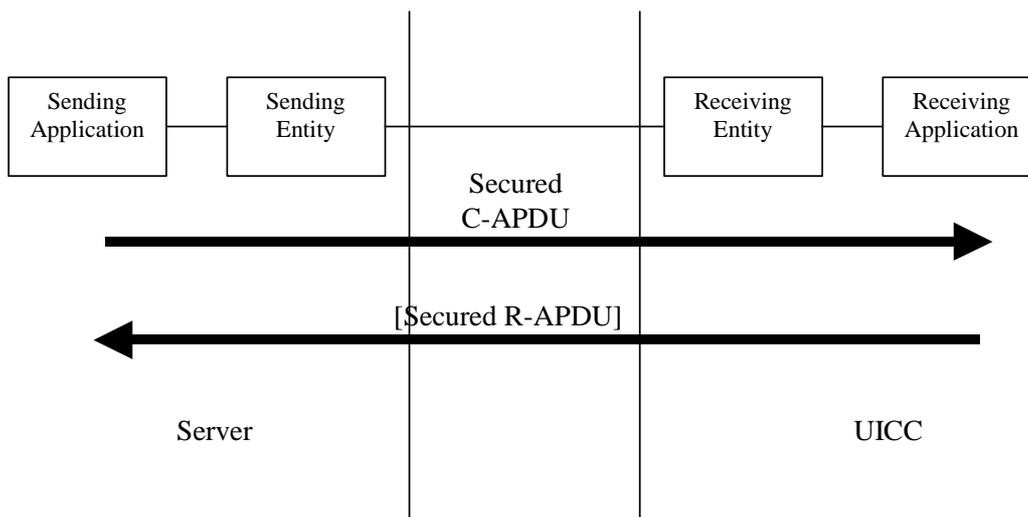


Figure 1: Remote management

All data exchanged between the Sending Entity and Receiving Entity shall be formatted as "Secured data" according to TS 102 225 [1]:

- 1) The parameter(s) in the "Secured data" is either a single command, or a list of commands, which shall be processed sequentially.
- 2) The Remote Management application shall take parameters from the "Secured data" and shall act upon the files or applications according to these parameters. A Remote Management application is the on-card Receiving Application that performs either Remote File Management (RFM) or Remote Application Management (RAM) as defined in the following chapters.
- 3) Remote Management commands shall be executed by the dedicated Remote Management Application. A Command "session" is defined as starting upon receipt of the parameter/command list, and ends when the parameter list in the "Secured data" is completed, or when an error is detected which shall halt further processing of the command list.

- 4) At the beginning and end of a Command "session" the logical state of the UICC as seen from the terminal shall not be changed to an extent sufficient to disrupt the behaviour of the terminal. If changes in the logical state have occurred that the terminal needs to be aware of, the application on the UICC may issue a REFRESH command according to TS 102 223 [3]. However, this is application dependent and therefore out of scope of the present document.

5 Remote APDU format

5.1 Remote command structure

A command string may contain a single command or a sequence of commands. The structure of each command shall be according to the generalized structure defined below; each element other than the Data field is a single octet (see TS 102 221 [2]).

The format of the commands is the same as the one defined in TS 102 221 [2] for T=0 TPDU commands.

Class byte (CLA)	Instruction code (INS)	P1	P2	P3	Data
------------------	------------------------	----	----	----	------

For all case 2 commands and for the GET RESPONSE command, if P3='00', then the UICC shall send back all available response parameters/data e.g. if a read record command has P3='00' the whole record shall be returned. The limitation of 256 bytes does not apply for the length of the response data. In case the data is truncated in the response, the status words shall be set to '63 10'.

5.2 Remote response structure

If a proof of Receipt is required by the sending entity, the Additional Response Data sent by the Remote Management Application shall be formatted according to table 1.

Table 1: Format of additional response data

Length	Name
1	Number of commands executed within the command script (see note)
2	Last executed command status word
X	Last executed command response data if available (i.e. if the last command was an outgoing command)
NOTE:	This field shall be set to '01' if one command was executed within the command script, '02' if two commands were executed, etc.

6 Security parameters assigned to applications

6.1 Minimum Security Level (MSL)

The Minimum Security Level (MSL) is used to specify the minimum level of security to be applied to Secured Packets sent to any Receiving Application. The Receiving Entity shall check the Minimum Security Level before processing the security of the Command Packet. If the check fails, the Receiving Entity shall reject the messages and a Response Packet with the "Insufficient Security Level" Response Status Code (see table 5 of TS 102 225 [1]) shall be sent if required.

A Minimum Security Level as described in clause 8.2.1.3.2.2 shall be assigned to each Remote Management application (RFM/RAM).

6.2 Access domain

The Access Domain is a parameter used to define the access rights granted to an Application allowing it to perform operations on UICC files specified in TS 102 221 [2]. Access Conditions of UICC Files shall be coded as defined in TS 102 221 [2].

The access rights granted to an application by its Access Domain shall be independent from the access rights granted at the UICC/Terminal interface.

NOTE: This implies in particular that the status of a secret code (e.g. disabled PIN1, blocked PIN2, etc.) at the UICC/Terminal interface does not affect the access rights granted to an application.

An Access Domain as described in clause 8.2.1.3.2.3 shall be assigned to each Remote File Management Application.

7 Remote File Management (RFM)

7.1 Commands

The standardized commands are listed in table 2. The commands are as defined in TS 102 221 [2] and TS 102 222 [10].

Table 2: Remote File Management commands

Operational command
SELECT (see below)
UPDATE BINARY
UPDATE RECORD
SEARCH RECORD
INCREASE
VERIFY PIN
CHANGE PIN
DISABLE PIN
ENABLE PIN
UNBLOCK PIN
DEACTIVATE FILE
ACTIVATE FILE
READ BINARY
READ RECORD
CREATE FILE

The SELECT command shall not include the selection by DF name corresponding to P1='04' in the Command Parameters of SELECT (see TS 102 221 [2]).

To retrieve the Response parameters/data of a case 4 command the GET RESPONSE command shall be issued.

The GET RESPONSE and any case 2 command (i.e. READ BINARY, READ RECORD) shall only occur once in a command string and, if present, shall be the last command in the string. The Response Data shall be placed in the Additional Response Data element of the Response Packet.

- If P3='00' in the READ RECORD command, then the UICC shall send back the whole record data.
- If P3='00' in the READ BINARY command, then the UICC shall send back all data until the end of the file.

8 Remote Application Management (RAM)

Remote Application Management on a UICC card includes the ability to load, install, and remove applications. This management is under the control of the Issuer Security Domain or any Security Domain with delegated management privileges as described in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

All GlobalPlatform features and functionality that are described in the present chapter shall comply to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

A RAM Application shall support the features and functionality described as mandatory in Package 0 "Core OP functionality" of GlobalPlatform Card Specification 2.1 Compliance Packages [9] unless they are specifically defined as not applicable or optional in the present clause.

A RAM Application shall support all features and functionality described in the present chapter unless they are specifically described as optional.

The support of the APIs defined in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4] (Package 0.A (Java Card API) or Package 0.B (Windows Powered Smart Cards API) in GlobalPlatform Card Specification 2.1 Compliance Packages [9] is optional.

Remote Application Management commands shall be executed according to table 9-1 of GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

The TAR value allocated for the Issuer Security Domain is defined in TS 101 220 [5].

The concept of embedding APDUs in a command packet shall be as defined in clause 5.

The Minimum Security Level of a RAM Application shall require at least integrity using CC or DS.

A complying card shall support at least the DES CBC algorithm for cryptographic computations.

8.1 Remote application management application behaviour

Remote Load File loading, Application installation, Load File removal, Application removal, Application locking/unlocking, Application information retrieval shall be compliant to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

As a RAM Application is a Receiving Application per clause 4, application selection (SELECT command) and command dispatching as described in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4] do not apply to Remote Application Management.

8.2 Commands coding and description

Commands and responses shall be coded according to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4] unless otherwise specified in the present specification.

Secure messaging shall be based on TS 102 225 [1]. Therefore secure messaging as defined in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4] shall not apply to RAM APDU commands and responses (e.g. MAC shall not be present in the command data field). In addition the class byte shall indicate that an APDU command includes no secure messaging.

The logical channel number indicated in the class byte shall be zero.

Command status words placed in the Additional Response Data element of the Response Packet shall be coded according to the GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

8.2.1 Commands

The standardized commands are listed in table 4.

Table 4: Application management commands

Operational command
DELETE
SET STATUS
INSTALL
LOAD
PUT KEY
GET STATUS
GET DATA as case 2 command
GET DATA as case 4 command (for Menu parameters)

Support of the STORE DATA command described in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4] is optional.

To retrieve the Response parameters/data of a case 4 command the GET RESPONSE command shall be issued.

The GET RESPONSE command and any case 2 command (i.e. GET DATA as case 2 command) shall only occur once in a command string and, if present, shall be the last command in the string. The Response Data shall be placed in the Additional Response Data element of the Response Packet.

8.2.1.1 DELETE

The removal of Applications, of Executable Load Files, and of Executable Load Files and its related Applications shall be supported.

The warning status word '6200' (Application has been logically deleted) as defined in Open Platform Card Specification 2.0.1 [8] may be returned.

8.2.1.2 SET STATUS

The management of Applications, Issuer Security Domain and Security Domains Life Cycle States shall be supported.

8.2.1.3 INSTALL

INSTALL[for load], INSTALL[for install] and INSTALL[for make selectable] commands shall be supported.

In addition the support of the combined [for install and make selectable] within the same INSTALL command is mandatory.

8.2.1.3.1 INSTALL [for load]

A card supporting DAP verification shall support the Load File Data Block Hash according to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

Note: The exact generation of the DAP was not defined in previous releases of the present document. Inter-operability with previous releases should be handled with care.

If present, the Load Parameter Field of the Install [for load] command shall be coded according to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

If the System Specific parameters "Non volatile code space limit" (Tag 'C6'), "Volatile data space limit" (Tag 'C7') and "Non volatile data space limit" (Tag 'C8') are present, the UICC shall be able to handle them.

8.2.1.3.2 INSTALL [for install]

If present, the Install Parameter Field of the INSTALL[for install] command shall be coded according to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

If the System Specific parameters "Volatile data space limit" (Tag 'C7') and "Non volatile data space limit" (Tag 'C8') are present, the UICC shall be able to handle them.

The "Toolkit Application Specific Parameters" TLV object (Tag 'CA', as defined below) is included in the "System Specific Parameters" (Tag 'EF') and is mandatory for Applets implementing the *ToolkitInterface* according to TS 143 019 [6]. It shall be coded as following.

Presence	Length	Name
	1	Tag of toolkit application specific parameters field: 'CA'
	1	Length of toolkit application specific parameters field
	6 to n	Toolkit Application specific Parameters

The application instance shall be registered with the instance AID present in the INSTALL [for install] command.

In case of JavaCard™ applications, the application may invoke the register(bArray, bOffset, bLength) or the register() method:

- If the register (bArray, bOffset, bLength) is invoked, the AID passed in the parameters shall be the instance AID provided in the install method buffer.
- If the register() method is invoked the instance AID present in the INSTALL [for install] command and the AID within the Load File, as specified in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4], should be the same.

The Toolkit Application Specific Parameters field is used to specify the terminal and UICC resources the application instance can use. These resources include the timers, the Bearer Independent protocol channels, menu items for the Set Up Menu, the Minimum Security Level and the TAR Value(s) field. The Network Operator or Service Provider can also define the menu position and the menu identifier of the menus activating the application. The following format is used to code the application parameters.

Length	Name	Value
1	Length of Access Domain field	
1 - p	Access Domain	
1	Priority level of the Toolkit application instance	
1	Maximum number of timers allowed for this application instance	
1	Maximum text length for a menu entry	
1	Maximum number of menu entries allowed for this application instance	= m
1	Position of the first menu entry	\
1	Identifier of the first menu entry ('00' means do not care)	
	= 2 × m bytes
1	Position of the last menu entry	
1	Identifier of the last menu entry ('00' means do not care)	/
1	Maximum number of channels for this application instance	
1	Length of Minimum Security Level field	
0 to q	Minimum Security Level (MSL)	
1	Length of TAR Value(s) field	
3 × y	TAR Value(s) of the Toolkit Application instance	

See the following clauses for the description of the parameters fields.

If the maximum number of timers required is greater than '08' (maximum numbers of timers specified in TS 102 223 [3]), the card shall return the Status Word '6A80', incorrect parameters in data field, to the INSTALL [for install] command.

If the maximum number of channels required is greater than '07' (maximum numbers of channels specified in TS 102 223 [3]), the card shall return the Status Word '6A80', incorrect parameters in data field, to the INSTALL [for install] command.

The mechanism to manage the position of the Menu Entries is defined in TS 102 241 [7].

A part of the item identifier shall be under the control of the card system and the other part under the control of the card issuer. Item identifiers are split in two ranges:

- [1,127] under control of the card issuer;
- [128,255] under the control of the toolkit framework.

If the requested item identifier is already allocated, or in the range [128,255], then the card shall reject the INSTALL command. If the requested item identifier is '00', the card shall take the first free value in the range [128,255].

8.2.1.3.2.1 Coding of the Minimum Security Level (MSL)

If the length of the Minimum Security Level field is zero, no minimum security level check shall be performed by the Receiving Entity.

If the length of the Minimum Security Level field is greater than zero, the Minimum Security Level field shall be coded according to the following table.

Length	Name
1	MSL Parameter
q - 1	MSL Data

The MSL Data coding and length is defined for each MSL Parameter.

8.2.1.3.2.1.1 MSL Parameter

The possible values for the MSL Parameter are:

Value	Name	Support	MSL Data length
'00'	RFU	RFU	N/A
'01'	Minimum SPI1	Optional	1
'02' to '7F'	RFU	RFU	N/A
'80' to 'FE'	Reserved for Proprietary Mechanisms	Optional	N/A
'FF'	RFU	RFU	N/A

8.2.1.3.2.1.2 Minimum SPI1

The Minimum Security Level Data for the Minimum SPI1 MSL parameter shall use the same coding as the first octet of the SPI of a command packet (see clause 5.1.1 of TS 102 225 [1]).

The first octet of the SPI field in the incoming message Command Packet (SPI1) shall be checked against the Minimum Security Level Data (MSLD) byte by the receiving entity according to the following rules:

- if SPI1.b2b1 is equal to or greater than MSLD.b2b1; and
- if SPI1.b3 is equal to or greater than MSLD.b3; and
- if SPI1.b5b4 is equal to or greater than MSLD.b5b4;

then the Message Security Level is sufficient and the check is successful, otherwise the check is failed.

8.2.1.3.2.2 Access domain

The Access Domain field is formatted as follows.

Length	Name
1	Access Domain Parameter (ADP)
p - 1	Access Domain Data (ADD)

The Access Domain Data coding and length is defined for each Access Domain Parameter.

- Access Domain Parameter.

This parameter indicates the mechanism used to control the application instance access to the File System.

Value	Name	Support	ADD length
'00'	Full access to the File System	Mandatory	0
'01'	Reserved (for APDU access mechanism)	-	-
'02'	Reserved (for 3GPP access mechanism)	-	-
'03' to '7F'	RFU	RFU	RFU
'80' to 'FE'	Proprietary mechanism	-	-
'FF'	No access to the File System	Mandatory	0

The access rights granted to an application and defined in the access domain parameter shall be independent from the access rights granted at the UICC/Terminal interface.

NOTE: This implies in particular that the status of a secret code (e.g. disabled PIN1, blocked PIN2, etc.) at the UICC/Terminal interface does not affect the access rights granted to an application.

If an application with Access Domain Parameter 'FF' (i.e. No Access to the File System) tries to access a file the framework shall throw an exception.

If an application has Access Domain Parameter '00' (i.e. Full Access to the File System), all actions can be performed on a file except the ones with NEVER access condition.

If the Access Domain Parameter requested is not supported, the card shall return the Status Word '6A80', incorrect parameters in data field, to the INSTALL [for install] command.

- UICC access mechanism.

8.2.1.3.2.3 Priority level of the toolkit application

The priority specifies the order of activation of an application compared to the other application registered to, the same event. If two or more applications are registered to the same event and have the same priority level, the applications are activated according to their installation date (i.e. the most recent application is activated first). The following values are defined for priority:

- '00': RFU.
- '01': Highest priority level.
- ...
- 'FF': Lowest priority level.

8.2.1.3.2.4 Coding of TAR Value(s) field

The TAR is defined and coded according to TS 101 220 [5].

It is possible to define several TAR Values at the installation of a Toolkit Application.

The TAR Value(s) field shall be coded according to the following table.

Bytes	Description	Length
1-3	TAR Value 1	3
4-6	TAR Value 2	3
...
3*y-2 to 3*y	TAR Value y	3

If the length of TAR Value(s) is zero, the TAR may be taken out of the AID if any.

If the length of the TAR Value(s) is greater than zero then the application instance shall be installed with the TAR Value(s) field defined above and the TAR indicated in the AID if any shall be ignored.

If a TAR Value(s) is already assigned on the card for a Toolkit Application instance or if the length of TAR Value(s) field is incorrect, the card shall return the Status Word '6A80', incorrect parameters in data field, to the INSTALL [for install] command.

8.2.1.4 LOAD

A card supporting DAP verification shall support at least DES scheme for Load File Data Block Signature computation according to GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4].

8.2.1.5 PUT KEY

Key version number and key identifiers of Kic, KID and DEK shall be defined according to TS 102 225 [1].

The key used for ciphering the key values (e.g. Kic, KID or DEK) of the PUT KEY command is the key with identifier 3 (i.e. DEK). It is a static key.

When replacing or adding key(s) within the same key set, or when updating the key version number of a key set, the encrypting key to be used is the DEK of the same key version number as the changed key(s).

When creating key set(s), the encrypting key to be used is the DEK of the same key version number as Kic and KID in the Command Packet containing the PUT KEY command.

The key version number of Kic and KID used to secure the Response Packet shall be the same as the key version number indicated in the Command Packet.

The transport security keys (i.e. Kic/KID) used to secure the Response Packet shall be the same as the ones of the Command Packet containing the PUT KEY command.

8.2.1.6 GET STATUS

In addition to the mandatory values of the P1 parameter defined in GlobalPlatform Card Specification [4], combinations of the P1 parameter, as defined in Open Platform Card Specification 2.0.1 [8] may be supported.

The LOGICALLY_DELETED Life Cycle State may be returned as defined in Open Platform Card Specification 2.0.1 [8].

8.2.1.7 GET DATA

The value '80' for the CLA byte shall be supported. The value '00' for the CLA byte is optional.

The Issuer Security Domain shall support at least the following data object tags:

- Tag '66': Card Data.
- Tag 'E0': Key Information Template.

An Application Provider Security Domain shall support at least the following data object tags:

- Tag 'E0': Key Information Template.

The Tag values '42' and '45' are not applicable to the present document.

The command Get Data is extended to retrieve specific card information with tag values in P1 and P2. The following values have been defined:

- 'FF 1F': Menu Parameters Tag, this retrieves the menu parameters of an application.
- 'FF 20': Card Resources Tag, this retrieves information on the card resources used and available.
- 'FF 21' to 'FF 3F': reserved for allocation in the present document.

8.2.1.7.1 Menu parameters

The following format is used to code the command data.

Bytes	Description	Length
1	Application AID tag = '4F'	1
2	Application AID length	1
3 to (X+2)	Application AID	X = 5 - 16

After the successful execution of the command, the following data are returned using a GET RESPONSE command.

Bytes	Description	Length
1	First item position	1
2	First item identifier	1
...
X - 1	Last item position	1
X	Last item identifier	1

8.2.1.7.2 Card resources information

After the successful execution of the command, the following data is returned:

Bytes	Description	Length
1 to 2	Free E ² PROM	2
3	Number of installed applications	1

9 Additional command for push

The Push command enables an application to open a BIP channel and/or to establish a CAT_TP link upon a remote entity request.

9.1 Push command behaviour

9.1.1 Request for open channel

The request for open channel allows a remote entity to ask an application on the UICC to open a BIP channel.

The PUSH command shall be considered completed once the terminal response to the Open Channel command has been received by the application.

9.1.2 Request for CAT_TP link establishment

The request for link establishment allows a remote entity to ask an application on the UICC to establish a CAT_TP link.

The PUSH command shall be considered completed once the link reaches the OPEN state in CAT_TP or the link establishment is terminated due to an error condition.

9.1.3 Behaviour for responses

It is optional for applications that process PUSH commands to support response packets. If response packets are supported, the data shall be coded as defined below.

When defining how to send the responses, it shall be taken into account that the processing of the Push command will result in proactive commands being issued.

9.2 Commands coding

Each command is coded as an APDU. This table extends the command tables defined in clauses 6 and 7 for applications supporting CAT_TP.

Table 5: Commands

Operational command
PUSH

The PUSH command shall be coded as follows:

Code	Value
CLA	'80'
INS	'EC'
P1	'01'
P2	'01': Request for BIP open '02': Request for CAT_TP link establishment
Lc	Length of subsequent data field
Data	Described below

9.2.1 Data for BIP channel opening

Command data:

Any COMPREHENSION-TLV data objects as defined for Open Channel in TS 102 223 [3] can be present in the data field of the command. In addition, the application may define default values for one or more of these data objects. The application shall use the data objects provided by both means to construct the Open Channel command, whereby the objects provided in the PUSH command take precedence.

Response parameters/data:

If the Open Channel command was successful (general result < '10'), the status word of the PUSH command shall be set to '90 00'.

If the Open Channel command fails (general result ≥ '10'), the status word of the PUSH command shall be set to '6F 00' and the Result TLV of the Terminal Response shall be used as response data in the additional response data.

9.2.2 Data for CAT_TP link establishment

Command data:

Description	Format from TS 102 223 [3]	M/O/C
CAT_TP Destination Port	UICC/terminal interface transport level	M
Max SDU size	Buffer size	O
Identification data	Channel data	O

For CAT_TP Destination Port the transport protocol type is insignificant and shall be set to zero. For the PUSH command, an allocable port number shall be used.

The remote entity may ask for a Max SDU size. If possible, this shall be used by the UICC. Otherwise, or if it is not provided, the UICC shall use a value it is able to support.

NOTE: Max PDU length is already defined in the Open Channel and the Terminal Response to it.

The identification data given shall be used as identification data in the SYN PDU sent from the UICC. If it is of zero length, the length of the identification data in the SYN PDU shall also be zero. If identification data is absent, the ICCID shall be used as identification data in the SYN PDU. The SYN/ACK PDU sent from the remote entity shall have a null identification data field.

Response parameters/data:

If the link reaches the OPEN state in CAT_TP, the status word of the PUSH command shall be set to '90 00'.

If the CAT_TP OPEN state is not reached, the PUSH command shall be considered as failed and the status word of the PUSH command shall be set to '6F 00'. The response data in the additional response data shall be coded as follows:

- '01': SYN sent failed.
- '02': SYN/ACK not received.
- '03': ACK sent failed (first ACK).

9.3 Closing of the BIP channel

The BIP channel shall be closed once the only or last link using the channel has been closed.

Annex A (informative): Change history

This annex lists all changes made to the present document.

Change History								
Date	Meeting	Tdoc	CR	Rv	Cat	Changes	Old	New
2001-07	T3 API -7	T3a010114				Initial version is based on 3GPP TS 23.048 V4.0.0. Submitted to EP SCP#7 for information.	-	0.0.0
2001-10	SCP2-1	SCP2-010004				Alignment with 3GPP TS 23.048 V5.1.0 and editorial enhancements.	0.0.0	0.1.0
2001-10	T3 API -9	T3a010196				Updated to include the results of EP SCP WG2 #1.	0.1.0	0.2.0
2001-11	T3-21/ SCP-8	T3-010670/ SCP-010346				Submitted to 3GPP T3#21 - EP SCP#8. Editorial changes.	0.2.0	0.2.1
2001-11	SCP-8	SCP-010377				Editorial and formatting enhancements. Version number raised to 1.0.0 in line with decision at EP SCP #8.	0.2.1	1.0.0
2002-01	SCP2-2	SCP2-020019				Updated to include the results of TSG-T#14 and editorial changes.	1.0.0	1.1.0
2002-03	SCP-9	SCP-020049				Updated to include the results of TSG-T#15 and editorial changes. Submitted to SCP#9 for approval.	1.1.0	2.0.0
2002-03	SCP-9	SCP-020057				Editorial changes after discussion at SCP#9. This version has been sent to the ETSI secretariat for publication in March 2002 as TS 102 226 V6.0.0. No technical changes compared to V2.0.0.	2.0.0	6.0.0
2002-06	SCP-10	SCP-020169	001	1	B	Definition of the TAR Value(s) parameter in the Application Specific Parameters of the Install(Install) command.	6.0.0	6.1.0
2002-09	SCP-11	SCP-020232	003		A	Toolkit Access with modified secret code status	6.1.0	6.2.0
			004		A	Minimum Security Level for the Remote Management Applications and Access conditions for Remote File Management Application.		
			005		A	Clarification on Put Key command		
			006		A	Maximum number of channels allowed for this applet instance		
			007		A	Clarification on letter 'n' describing the length of parameters of the Install(Install) command		
		SCP-020237						
2003-01	SCP-12	SCP-030022	008		D	Deletion of the load command example.	6.2.0	6.3.0
2003-05	SCP-13	SCP-030173	009	1	A	Clarification of the Install(Install) command in case of installing a non Toolkit Applet	6.3.0	6.4.0
2003-09	SCP-14	SCP-030225	010		B	Modification of commands for remote application management	6.4.0	6.5.0
			011		B	Menu Entries Position		
2003-12	SCP-15	SCP-030464	016	1	F	Clarification on case 4 command handling	6.5.0	6.6.0
		SCP-030465	015	2	C	Remote command coding with P3='00'		
		SCP-030466	017	1	B	Addition of Push for CAT_TP		
		SCP2-030247	013	1	B	Update of TS 102 226 to GlobalPlatform Card Specification version 2.1.1		
		SCP2-030248	014		F	Clarification of the description of Remote Management Applications		
		SCP2-030268	018		B	Addition of the CREATE command for Remote File Management.		

History

Document history		
V6.0.0	April 2002	Publication
V6.1.0	July 2002	Publication
V6.2.0	October 2002	Publication
V6.3.0	February 2003	Publication
V6.4.0	June 2003	Publication
V6.5.0	September 2003	Publication
V6.6.0	January 2004	Publication